Descendants of Alexander

Charles E. G. Pease Pennyghael Isle of Mull

1-Alexander

Alexander married someone. He had two children: (No Given Name) and Mary.

2-Alexander

Alexander married someone. He had three children: Dykes, Samuel, and William.

3-Dykes Alexander, 1,2 son of Alexander, was born in 1724, died on 10 Apr 1786 at age 62, and was buried in FBG Needham Market.

General Notes: The Bank of Alexander & Co. was opened at Needham Market in 1744 as a regular bank. A branch was opened in Ipswich on Market Days and this became a regular bank in 1767 and the Head Office in 1804

In 1809 the firm became known as Alexander Spooner and Alexander and from 1838 to 1845 was called Dykes Alexander & Co.

In 1878 the firm amalgamated with Gurney & Co. of Norwich who had founded a regular Bank about 1770 as the Norwich & Norfolk Bank.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shopkeeper & Mealman of Needham Market.
- · He worked as a Quaker Elder.

Dykes married **Martha Biddle**, ^{1,2} daughter of **John Biddle**² and **Abigail**, on 18 Feb 1747 in FMH Kingston, Surrey. Martha was born on 13 Dec 1726 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey, died on 18 Sep 1775 in Woodbridge, Suffolk. At her daughter's home at age 48, and was buried in FBG Needham Market. They had nine children: **Samuel, Martha, Mary, Sarah, Dykes, William, Abigail, William**, and **Ann**.

Noted events in her life were:

- · She worked as a Quaker minister.
- 4-Samuel Alexander^{1,2,3,4} was born on 7 Oct 1749 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 15 Dec 1824 in Needham Market (12th December also given) at age 75.

General Notes: This marriage provides the initial link between the Girney and the Alexander banking families. In 1878, both family banks amalgamated as the Iswich and Woodbridge Bank.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker of Ipswich.

Samuel married **Elizabeth Gurney**, 1,2,3,5 daughter of **John Gurney**, 3,5,6,7,8 and **Lucy Gurney**, 1,3,5 on 14 Jul 1772. Elizabeth was born on 22 Sep 1747 and died in Jul 1786 at age 38. They had six children: **Samuel, Lucy, Martha, John Gurney**, and **Elizabeth**.

5-Samuel Alexander^{1,9,10,11,12} was born on 16 Jun 1773 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 3 May 1838 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker of Ipswich.

Samuel married **Rebecca Biddle**, ^{1,9,10,12,13} daughter of **John Biddle**⁹ and **Rebecca Waring**, in 1805. Rebecca was born on 5 Feb 1777 in Esher, Surrey and died on 13 Dec 1849 in Goldrood, Ipswich, Suffolk at age 72. They had 12 children: **Sophia, Elizabeth, Ellen Maria, Rachel, Samuel, John Biddle, George, Frederick, Mary Ann, Rebecca, Charlotte, and Gurney**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.
- She worked as a Partner in Alexander's Bank in 1838.

6-Sophia Alexander^{1,14} was born in 1806, died on 25 Nov 1865 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 59, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Sophia married **William Henry Alexander**, 1,14,15 son of **William Alexander**, and **Ann Tuke**, 1,2,16 in 1830. William was born on 4 May 1799 in Needham Market, Suffolk, died on 14 Jan 1864 in Bank House, Ipswich, Suffolk at age 64, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk. They had seven children: **Joseph, Mary, Anne Sophia, William, (No Given Name), Alfred Tuke**, and **Henrietta**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Printer, Stationer, Bookseller & Banker in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

7-Joseph Alexander^{1,17,18,19,20} was born on 19 Dec 1831 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 28 Jan 1912 in 58 Friars Street, Sudbury, Suffolk at age 80.

General Notes: ALEXANDER.-On the 28th January, 1912, at Sudbury, Joseph Alexander (1844-48), aged 80 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later to become Bootham School) in 1844-1848 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Partner in Alexander's Bank at Hadleigh & later, Sudbury.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

Joseph married **Mercy Elizabeth Robson**, 1,17 daughter of **John Stephenson Robson**, 21,22,23,24,25 and **Rachel Green**, 1,21,22,24,25 on 8 Aug 1860. Mercy was born on 3 Apr 1830 and died on 12 Oct 1893 in Sudbury, Suffolk at age 63.

7-Mary Alexander^{1,26} was born on 5 Apr 1833 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 22 Apr 1848 in York, Yorkshire at age 15.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1846-Apr 1848 in York, Yorkshire.

7-Anne Sophia Alexander¹ was born on 4 Nov 1834 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Jan 1849-Jun 1852 in York, Yorkshire.
- 7-William Alexander^{1,27,28} was born on 24 Jan 1836 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 28 Oct 1913 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 77.

General Notes: ALEXANDER.-On the 28th October, 1913, at Ipswich, William Alexander (1848-52), aged 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1848-1852 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker of Ipswich.
- He worked as a Director of the Ipswich Gas Company.
- He worked as a JP and Poor Law Guardian.
- He worked as an Ipswich Borough Treasurer.
- He worked as a Felixstowe District Council Treasurer.

William married **Henrietta Maria Venn**, daughter of **William Webb Venn** and **Jane Wilson**, in 1870. Henrietta was born in 1843 in Canonbury and died in 1903 at age 60. They had six children: **William Henry, Lewin Venn, Charles Leslie, Frederick Hugh, Cyril Wilson**, and **Edith Adela**.

8-William Henry Alexander²⁰ was born in 1871.

8-**Lewin Venn Alexander**²⁰ was born in 1873 and died in 1952 at age 79.

Lewin married Miriam Devereux. They had two children: Gladys Miriam and Arthur Lewin.

9-Gladys Miriam Alexander

9-Arthur Lewin Alexander was born on 6 Mar 1907 and died on 17 Apr 1971 in Reading, Berkshire at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE KPM.
- He worked as an Inspector General of Police in 1958-1959 in Ghana.
- 8-Charles Leslie Alexander²⁰ was born in 1874.
- 8-Frederick Hugh Alexander²⁰ was born on 17 Apr 1876 and died on 29 Oct 1953 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician.
- 8-Cyril Wilson Alexander²⁰ was born in 1879 and died in 1947 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a The Governor of Northern Nigeria in 1930-1932 in Nigeria.
- 8-Edith Adela Alexander^{1,20} was born in 1885 and died in 1979 at age 94.

7-Alexander

7-Alfred Tuke Alexander^{1,29} was born in 1843 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 28 Feb 1920 in Walthamstow, London at age 77.

General Notes: ALEXANDER.-On the 28th February, 1920, at Walthamstow, Alfred Tuke Alexander, of London (1854-9), aged 77 years. ALEXANDER.— On the 28th February, 1920, at Walthamstow, Alfred Tuke Alexander (1854-59), of 70, Gracechurch Street, London, aged 77 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1854-1859 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 70 Gracechurch Street, London.
- He worked as an Insurance Broker and Shipping Agent in Gracechurch Street, London.
- 7-Henrietta Alexander^{1,20,30} was born in 1844 and died in 1923 at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1854-Mar 1858 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

Henrietta married **John Fyfe Stewart**, ^{1,20,31,32} son of **John Stewart**, on 8 Apr 1874 in FMH Ipswich. John was born in 1845 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 15 Nov 1908 in 26 Pembury Road, Clapton, London at age 63. They had six children: **William Cormack, Alfred Alexander, Margaret Sophia, Ronald, Mabel**, and (**No Given Name**).

General Notes: John Fyfe Stewart, 63 15 llmo. 1908 Clapton, N.E. A Minister. Except during the last year or two, regular attenders of London Yearly Meeting could hardly fail to have been well acquainted with the features and voice of John Fyfe Stewart. When he rose to speak, his hearers knew that they would listen to sentences expressed clearly, incisively, and with every mark of strong conviction. The sentiments might not always accord with the hearer's point of view; but Friends could not help recognising the spirit of sincerity, earnestness and high purpose for the extension of the Redeemer's kingdom. The announcement of our friend's decease must have come as a shock to many. But for some eighteen months J. Fyfe Stewart had been out of health, although the exact cause had

not been ascertained. Suddenly, however, there came an acute development, necessitating an immediate operation, and from the effects of this he never rallied. John Fyfe Stewart, born in Edinburgh in 1845, was the son of John Stewart, proprietor of the Edinburgh News. His first schooling was in his native city; and after later school days at Stamford Hill, London, he was trained as an engineer. His training over, he spent eight years as inspector of engineering works, in all parts of the world, for the firm of Charles May, C.E., of Westminster. On the retirement of W. R. Dell, of W. R. Dell & Son, in 1871, he joined that firm, and at the time of his death was sole proprietor of the business. The works were at Croydon, and the office in Mark Lane; and our late friend was long a prominent figure on the Corn Exchange in that quarter of the city. His marked influence on the Society of Friends was, however, due to quite other than commercial causes, although he always brought a business-like aptitude to the consideration of church organisation and service. His work for our Society was specially felt in three directions: - In the initiation and continuance of the Friends' Home Mission Committee; In connection with the Bedford Institute Association; and as a member of the Board of the Friends' Foreign Mission Association. In the autumn of 1881, a Conference on Home Mission work was convened by the Friends' First-day School Association and the Bedford Institute. This conference, of which J. Fyfe Stewart was one of the organisers, decided, after five full sessions, to appoint a Provisional Committee on Home Mission work, and to appeal to the Yearly Meeting of 1882 to itself appoint such a Committee. In the preparation of that appeal our friend gave valuable advice, and the Yearly Meeting adopted the proposal. The subject was, in fact, the great question of the year. In almost every sitting it cropped up in some form or other. His own preference had been for an independent committee, with its greater freedom. But when the Yearly Meeting had appointed the body of forty-four Friends with Jonathan B. Hodgkin as the Clerk, John Fyfe Stewart was chosen as Assistant Clerk; and as he resided in London, much of the practical work devolved upon him. As the work of the new organisation developed, it became necessary to appoint a standing committee, of which J. Fyfe Stewart became the Clerk, or as he was called at a later period, the Secretary; and he held this post until 1894. One who was intimately associated with him in these days writes: "I can hardly speak too strongly of J. Fyfe Stewart's work for the Society during the early years of the Home Mission Committee. Few people knew the amount of time and thought which he gave up to it, even at periods when his own business demanded close and unremitting attention. More than once, so great was the strain which his numerous activities involved, he was on the point of a complete breakdown; but his devotion to the Master whom he loved carried him through every difficulty. Wherever help was wanted, he seemed to know the wisest and the best way to give it, and when opposition had to be faced, he was quick to discern the points on which attention should be focussed. In short, his statesmanship combined with his earnestness and perseverance to make the work of the Committee successful, in spite of many difficulties." His loyalty to the workers was a strong characteristic, and elicited a corresponding loyalty on their part. If ever aspersions were cast upon them by those who dissented from the policy of the Committee, Fyfe Stewart was ever ready to defend those whom he regarded as unjustly blamed; although, at the same time, faithful in dealing privately with the faults or mistakes of workers whom he had defended. "He was a born fighter. He well knew' - the stern joy which warriors feel, In foemen worthy of their steel.' "But his battles were for what he deemed the cause of truth, and there was no rancour even in his sternest speeches. Shortly after J. Fyfe Stewart's death, one who had known him particularly well, thus wrote to the son of his la'e friend: "The quick transition from labour to rest seems to come as a gift and a boon to all labourers to whom the highest meed of the poet applied: 'He worked ere he went his way.' Of few men could this be said so emphatically as of your father. I have often thought that he not only worked, but worked at difficulties. He had a statesman's instinct for the weak places, whether in our national life or in the life of our Society; and be courageously threw himself into the task of mending them with little care as to the cost to himself in doing so. "There are few probably who realise what a debt we owe him. He bore much of the weight of the Home Mission Association for many years after its start, and on its behalf endured much criticism. We have reached no finality yet; but I always feel that his efforts, and the efforts of those who acted with him brought us out of a dangerous impasse, and have made possible a closer and a better union of fellowship in the Society of Friends. This was especially evident at the Manchester Conference. He was the first to propose the Conference, and no one devoted himself more earnestly and unselfishly to the task of carrying it through. It was a task which called for large -he artedness, sound counsel, and strong faith; and these your father unsparingly contributed. Again, at the first Summer School at Scarborough, no one from a distance did more to encourage and hearten those upon the spot. It was his notable gift to blend a zealous personal loyalty to his Lord with far-seeing and wisely extended efforts for the ad-vancement of the kingdom." The ideal of the Quaker Church, which J. Fyfe Stewart ever kept before him, was that of "a Church at work, every member finding that there was something that he could do." He believed in the positive programme of Quakerism, rather than emphasis on negatives. He was fond, too, of emphasising that our meeting- houses should be "spiritual homes." "It is life that attracts people," he said; "it is not calmness of exterior and decorum of demeanour; it is life and activity which proceeds from the real life of God in the human soul." J. Fyfe Stewart became associated with the Bedford Institute over forty years ago, at the time when the late Annie McPherson was holding evening meetings there, for men, before establishing the "Home of Industry." He was a leading promoter of the "Friends' Mission Church "formed in 1872, and he was closely associated with it until the time of his death. For a few years he gave similar help at the Friends' Hall, Bethnal Green. To the congregation at the Bedford Institute he became, especially in later years, a true pastor; not only administering the Word of Life, but entering into the joys and sorrows of its members, seeking to develop their gifts for service, and giving counsel and help to the workers. With his wide reading and clearness of thought, he excelled in the gift of teaching; and many are the men who owe much to membership in the Bible class which he conducted as long as health allowed him. His last address at the Sunday evening meeting at the Institute was on the occasion of the Roman Catholic procession at Westminster, when he spoke on the subject of the Communion. When, after hopes had been entertained that rest might restore him to health and service, the news of his sudden decease was announced, the feeling of the congregation found true expression in the words "We are like sheep who have lost their shepherd." Our late friend was a member of the Friends' Foreign Mission Association Board from 1879 until his decease. For two years he served on the Madagascar Committee, for twenty-four on the China Committee, and for six years on the Committee on Candidates. In connection with the latter, his personal interest in the workers who offered themselves, and his care for them after they had been accepted and had gone out, was a side of his service which showed how warmly he entered into the work. His speech at the Annual Meeting in 1882 was a particularly striking one, and was regarded as perhaps the main reason why the collection on that occasion realised the altogether unusual sum of £700. A few extracts from letters will show how J. F. Stewart was regarded by the workers in our Mission Fields by many of whom his death was felt to be a deep personal loss. One of them writes: - " In various parts of the world there are men and women who owe more than they can tell to the blessing that has attended your husband's teaching ministry. Those of us who are foreign missionaries have every reason to be thankful for his powerful advocacy of Missions, and for his wise direction of the various Missionary Committees on which he served. And many who, like myself, view with deep satisfaction the labours of the Summer School Continuation Committee, and who rejoice in the opportunities now afforded, at Woodbrooke and elsewhere, by which Friends may prepare themselves for effective service for the church, can never forget that your husband, with almost prophetic insight, was one of the first to see how great a blessing would result to the Society of Friends from the attempt to state our faith in the terms of modern life." Another letter says: -- " To those of our family who knew him the name of Fyfe Stewart has been to us as that of father, and while we live his name will be honoured and revered by us. From the time we first knew him until the end he was ever ready to help and counsel us - ever ready to give out of that great, deep, sympathetic and loving nature." Another writes: - - "He was ever an inspiration to me. I could always go to him with my joys and sorrows. He led me to see God as I had never seen Him before, and also to see man as I had never seen him before. There must be many like myself who will never cease to thank God for him." John Fyfe Stewart's ministry was especially valued in his own meeting of Stoke Newington. He took an active part in the service of his Monthly Meeting, as well as in the deliberations of Quarterly and Yearly Meetings. He was one of the Commission sent out by Friends to aid the distressed peasantry in the district devastated by the Franco-German War. He was an active politician; and his oratorical powers

and his convincing, well-reasoned speech often swayed and won an audience. The familiar words, quoted by one of the speakers in the great concourse that gathered at our friend's funeral, were felt by those present fitly to express the feeling of the meeting, both in testimony to Divine grace in a strenuous life devoted to the service of God and man, and in sounding the fresh call to service that was needed after the departure of so brave-hearted a soldier of the Lord '.• - "One who never turned his back, but marched breast forward, Never doubted clouds would break, Never dreamed, though right were worsted, wrong would triumph, Held we fall to rise, are baffled to fight better, Sleep, to wake."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Edinburgh & Stamford Hill.
- He worked as a Civil Engineer, Millwright & Mill Furnisher of London.
- He worked as a Quaker minister.
 - 8-William Cormack Stewart²⁰ was born in 1875 in Clapton, Hackney, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1889-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Finsbury Technical College in 1891-1893 in Finsbury, London.
- He worked as a Junior Teacher, Bootham School in 1893-1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1896-1897 in Hamburg, Germany.
- He worked as a member of May, Roberts & Co. Ltd, Druggists Sundriesmen in 1897 in London.
- He worked as a Director of May, Roberts & Co. Ltd., Druggists Sundriesmen in 47 Stamford Hill, London.

William married Grace Yewdall.

- 8-Alfred Alexander Stewart³¹ was born in 1876 and died on 10 Oct 1877 in Clapton, London at age 1.
- 8-Margaret Sophia Stewart³⁰ was born on 4 Nov 1879 in Clapton, Hackney, London.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.
- 8-Ronald Stewart²⁰ was born in 1881 in Croydon, Surrey and died in 1969 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1897-1898 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex.
- He resided at Littlecroft, Copyhold Lane in 1935 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex.

Ronald married Constance Lydia Duffell in 1915 in Croydon, Surrey. Constance was born in 1880 in Hackney, Dalston, London and died in 1963 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 83. They had two children: Alwynne Fyfe and Ian Duffell.

9-Alwynne Fyfe Stewart²⁰ was born in 1916 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex and died in 1951 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 35.

Alwynne married William N. Keeley. They had one son: William J.

10-William J. Keelev

9-Ian Duffell Stewart was born on 25 May 1918 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex and died in May 1998 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 80.

8-Mabel Stewart was born in 1883 in Clapton, Hackney, London.

8-Stewart

6-Elizabeth Alexander^{1,11} was born in 1807 and died on 16 Jul 1846 in Goldrood, Ipswich at age 39.

6-Ellen Maria Alexander^{1,14} was born on 5 Apr 1808 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 18 Oct 1865 in Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 57, and was buried in FBG Woodbridge.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Elder.

Ellen married **William Norton**, 1,14,33 son of **Thomas Norton** and **Elizabeth Heydon**, in 1850 in FMH Ipswich. William was born on 8 Jul 1799 in Bermondsey, London, died on 3 Feb 1884 in Reigate, Surrey at age 84, and was buried in FBG Reigate.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Spice Dealer in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

6-Rachel Alexander^{1,34} was born on 19 Nov 1809 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died in 1899 at age 90.

Rachel married **Samuel Alexander Maw**, ^{1,34,35} son of **Thomas Maw**^{1,16,35,36} and **Lucy Alexander**, ^{1,35,36} on 8 Jun 1841 in Woodbridge. Samuel was born on 22 Oct 1807 in Creeting St. Mary, Suffolk and died on 4 Jul 1884 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 76. They had five children: **Rachel Louisa, Thomas, Ellen Elizabeth, Samuel Alexander**, and **Lucy Sophia**.

General Notes: Disowned for first-cousin marriage but later re-instated.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker of Needham Market. (Alexander's Bank) in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
- · He was a Quaker.
 - 7-Rachel Louisa Maw was born in 1842 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died in 1865 at age 23.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1858-Dec 1859 in York, Yorkshire.
- 7-**Thomas Maw**^{20,27,37} was born in 1843 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died in Jun 1891 in Bosmere, Suffolk at age 48.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1856-1860 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He resided at Bank House in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He had a residence in 1887 in Felixstowe, Suffolk.

Thomas married **Emily Thorp**, ^{20,27,37} daughter of **John Hall Thorp** ^{1,38} and **Annabella Windsor**, ^{1,38,39} in 1878 in Leeds, Yorkshire. Emily was born in 1853 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 13 Jan 1914 in Chorleywood, Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire at age 61. They had six children: **Rachel Winifred, Samuel Herbert, Thomas Henry, Emily Margaret, Ethel Windsor**, and **Lucy Helen**.

General Notes: Emily T. Maw 60 13 1 1914 Chorley Wood, Rickmansworth, Herts. Widow of Thomas Maw. It is right that we should make some little record of the sweetness and fragrance of the life of one who was enabled to adorn the doctrine of her God and Saviour, and whose memory is fresh in the hearts of miany of us. In the family circle she was called the Mother-sister; and this beautiful gift of motherliness made her a tower of strength in times of joy and sorrow to her brothers and sisters, and to many besides. Emily Maw was the eldest daughter of John Hall and Annabella Thorp, of

Leeds. Born in 1853, she was educated at the Mount School, York. On leaving school she entered heartily into the work carried on by the young Friends in Leeds Meeting, and shared with many of these the revival of spiritual life following a visit by the Rev. W. Hay Aitkin to the city, and a series of Meetings held by Hannah Whitall Smith. She was greatly interested in her Young Men's Bible Class and Band of Hope, and the Saturday evening entertainments were much helped on by her musical gifts. Her happy marriage with Thomas Maw, of Needham Market, gave her a fresh sphere of usefulness. They were blessed with two sons and four daughters. As a wife and mother she was greatly beloved, and her large heart and loving spirit made themselves felt among a wide circle. She upheld her husband's hands in the mission work carried on at the Meeting-house, as well as at the Y.M.C.A., and her classes among women and girls were much blessed. In 1887 the family removed to Felixstowe, where they were a valued addition to the small Meeting. On Sunday afternoons Emily Maw conducted a Bible Class, in her own house, for domestic servants living in the neighbourhood. Thomas and Emily Maw's home life had an attractive power. The helpful gatherings for family worship on Sunday evenings come specially to remembrance, when children, servants, and visitors shared the privilege of united prayer and praise. For several years she filled the office of Clerk to the Women's Quarterly Meeting of Essex and Suffolk. Though always retaining her attachment to Friends, hers was a universal spirit, and she loved to unite in work and worship with other fellow Christians. She loved little children, and had her own beautiful way of caring for them. We read that everything that Midas touched turned to gold, and it seemed that her sweet presence and skilful touches made the simplest surroundings dainty and attractive, while the atmosphere of her happy cheerful spirit was a benediction to all who came within the reach of her encircling love. In 1886 her youngest little girl died; and in June, 1891, she had the sorrow of parting from her husband, whom she had nursed with devoted care during a long illness. In the years that followed, trial of various kinds was her portion. It is said that the beautiful grass-tree in Tasmania flowers only after it has been burnt; and in her case the discipline of life seemed in like manner to bring out more of the rich sweetness and power for helping others. In 1896 she undertook the charge of the home for the children of our missionaries, at Needham Market, a position for which her motherly heart and executive ability rendered her specially suitable. In 1908 she removed to Watford, and here another great trial was permitted in the death of her second son. Shortly after this she went to live at Sudbury. Her little grandchildren were a great joy to her, and many will recall the beautiful needlework done for them by her skilful fingers. Her skill in needlework was used, too, in helping our own and other Foreign Mission Associations, in which she was deeply interested. She loved her garden, and the inside and outside of her home were always bright with flowers. In the last two years of her life her health steadily failed, but though mostly kept to her couch, her love and sympathy travelled far afield, and even those beyond the sea felt the strength and comfort of her constant remembering love.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1867-Dec 1870 in York, Yorkshire.
- She had a residence in 1908 in Watford, Hertfordshire.
- She had a residence about 1909 in Sudbury, Suffolk.
 - 8-Rachel Winifred Maw⁴⁰ was born in 1879 in Needham Market, Suffolk.

Rachel married Charles Herbert Salmon.

- 8-Samuel Herbert Maw was born in 1880 in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- 8-**Thomas Henry Maw**⁴¹ was born in 1882 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 24 May 1910 in Bushey, Hertfordshire²⁷ at age 28.

Thomas married Ollive J. Patterson.

8-Emily Margaret Maw was born in 1884 in Needham Market, Suffolk.

Emily married **Reginald Metford Warner**, son of **Metford Warner** and **Agnes Elizabeth Abbott**, on 19 Jul 1906. Reginald was born on 15 Jun 1880 in London. They had three children: **Joan Rachel**, **Ursula Margaret**, and **Brian Metford**.

- He worked as a Founder of the Gainsborough Silk Weaving Co. Ltd. In 1903 in Sudbury, Suffolk.
 - 9-Joan Rachel Warner was born on 30 Apr 1910 in Sudbury, Suffolk.
 - 9-Ursula Margaret Warner was born on 12 Sep 1913 in Sudbury, Suffolk.
 - 9-Brian Metford Warner was born on 15 Feb 1919.
- 8-Ethel Windsor Maw^{27,37} was born in 1885 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 24 Sep 1886 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 1.
- 8-Lucy Helen Maw was born on 29 Nov 1887 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died in 1975 in Waveney, Wangford, Suffolk at age 88.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1903-1904 in York, Yorkshire.

Lucy married Michael Stileman Dawes, son of Weedon Dawes, in Apr 1918. Michael was born in Sep 1888 in Hampstead, London and died in 1978 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Solicitor in Gresham Street, London.

7-Ellen Elizabeth Maw was born on 3 Nov 1844 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 15 Aug 1869 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 24.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1859-Jun 1862 in York, Yorkshire.

7-Samuel Alexander Maw^{1,20,25,31} was born on 2 Aug 1846 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 3 Sep 1909 in Fillmore, California, USA at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1858-1863 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker for Alexander's Bank in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Clerk to both Suffolk and Essex Quarterly Meetings.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder and Overseer.
- He had a residence in 1905-1909 in Fillmore, California, USA.

Samuel married **Edith Mary Allen**, 1,20,25,31,42 daughter of **Stafford Allen** 1,9,38,42,43,44,45,46,47,48 and **Hannah Hunton Ransome**, 1,9,38,42,43,44,45,46,48 on 25 Sep 1873 in FMH Stoke Newington. Edith was born on 9 Nov 1850 in Church Street, Stoke Newington, London and died on 25 Dec 1894 at age 44. They had seven children: **Wilfred Alexander, Norman Francis, Ernest Archibald, Eric Stafford, Edith Muriel, Mary Violet**, and **Geoffrey Waring**.

8-Wilfred Alexander Maw^{20,49,50,51,52,53} was born on 4 Nov 1874 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 19 Mar 1940 in Winchmore Hill, London at age 65.

General Notes: CHUNGKING, CHINA. WILFRID A. MAW (1888-91), tells us of a tiger that recently made its appearance in his neighbourhood and killed four men and a girl. A curious fact in connection with the incident was that no native would give information to the British Consul as to the whereabouts of the beast as their priests had convinced them that it was a god! Wilfrid Maw goes on to tell us that " there is a local daily paper published by a Jap whose chief object is to set the Chinese against all foreigners (especially English) except Japanese. The latest sensation which set all Chungking and this half of the province in a ferment was the announcement of the English occupation of the Yangtse Valley and that a huge British force was coming up the river from Ichang with no end of warships. We were fortunate to escape a serious riot, as the report had reached us that all the Church members, a few hundreds, would be spared, but the rest of the population, 300,000 or so, wiped out! "Wilfrid Maw is acting as treasurer of the mission, an occupation that, as those who remember him at Bootham will know, must suit his mathematical abilities well, more especially as he has some six or seven different native currencies to take into account! But besides this he has charge of the boys' primary school, takes both English and Latin classes, hunts butterflies, and has studied sufficiently to enable him to pass three half-yearly examinations in the past year! Truly the life of a missionary is none too easy a one, and who shall say that the Alma Mater is not honoured indeed by those of her sons that undertake it?

Bootham October 1905

Maw.-On 19th March, at Winchmore Hill, Wilfred Alexander Maw (1888-91), aged 65 years.

- He was educated at The Friends' School Lexden in 1882-1886 in Lexden, Colchester, Essex.
- He was educated at Paradise House School in 1887-1888 in Stoke Newington, London.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Leighton Park Schhol in 1891-1892 in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Bankers Clerk with Gurney & Barclay's Banks in 1892-1902.

- He worked as a member of the FFMA in 1903.
- He worked as a Quaker Missionary in 1905-1911 in Chungking, Szechuan, China.
- He was a Quaker until resgining membership before 1911.
- He worked as a Draughtsman with the FFMA in 1913 in London.
- Miscellaneous: Was called up in WW1 but rejected for extreme deafness.
- He worked as an Assistant Rates Collector for Finchley Urban District Council in 1914-1918 in Finchley, London.
- He worked as a staff member of Chas. Knight & Co., Printers and Local Government Publishers after 1918 in London.
- He resided at 47 Palmerston Crescent in 1935 in Palmers Green, London.

Wilfred married Edith Benson^{20,49,51} on 27 Oct 1903 in FMH Devonshire House. Edith was born in 1879 in Chelmsford, Essex. They had two children: Margaret and Geoffrey Morrison.

Marriage Notes: MAW-BENSON.-On the 27th October, 1903, at Devonshire House, Wilfred Alexander Maw (1888-91), of Needham Market, to Edith Benson, of Chelmsford.

9-Margaret Maw⁵¹ was born on 19 Nov 1909 in T'ung Ch'wan, Szechwan, China.

General Notes: MAW.-On the 19th November, 1909, at T'ung Ch'wan, West China, Edith, wife of Wilfrid A. Maw (1888-91), a daughter, who was named Margaret.

9-Geoffrey Morrison Maw was born on 19 Nov 1909 in T'ung Ch'wan, Szechwan, China and died in 1983 in Berkshire at age 74.

Geoffrey married Joyce A. Gledhill.

Geoffrey next married Isabella Rackstraw.

8-Norman Francis Maw^{1,20,54,55} was born on 22 Dec 1875 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 6 Mar 1962 in San Diego, California, USA at age 86.

General Notes: MAW.-In 1962, in California, Norman Francis Maw (1888-91), aged 87 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Citrus fruit grower in Fillmore, California, USA.
- He resided at 3235 Freeman Street in 1935 in San Diego, California, USA.

Norman married **Eliza Kennedy Stephens**, ^{20,54} daughter of **John George Stephens** and **Mary Catherine Wilson**, on 17 Apr 1900 in Colegrave, California. Eliza was born on 22 May 1872 in Scotland and died on 8 Jul 1957 in San Diego, California, USA at age 85. They had one son: **Richard Douglas**.

9-Richard Douglas Maw^{20,54,56} was born on 9 Jul 1902 in Ventura, California, USA and died on 28 May 1992 in Howard, Texas, USA at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manager of the Purchasing Dept., Ryan Aircraft in 1940 in San Diego, California, USA.
- 8-Ernest Archibald Maw³¹ was born on 31 Dec 1876 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 8 Feb 1878 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 1.
- 8-Eric Stafford Maw²⁵ was born on 12 Jun 1878 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 10 Jun 1888 in Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 9.
- 8-Edith Muriel Maw⁵⁷ was born in Sep 1880 in Sudbury, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1896-Jul 1898 in York, Yorkshire.

Edith married William Edward Gregory, 57 son of James Gilpin Gregory and Edith Rebecca Wright, on 6 Oct 1905 in Tananarive, Madagascar. William was born on 15 Mar 1878 in Barnsley,

Yorkshire and died on 2 Oct 1930 in Station Road, Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire at age 52. They had two children: **Edith Mary** and **Harold Stafford**.

9-Edith Mary Gregory was born on 17 Jul 1906 in Tananarive, Madagascar and died in 1980 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 74.

Edith married Otto Peetz.

- 9-Harold Stafford Gregory⁵⁷ was born in Aug 1915 in Tananarive, Madagascar and died on 13 Sep 1915 in Tananarive, Madagascar.
- 8-Mary Violet Maw was born on 30 Nov 1882 in Sudbury, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1898-Apr 1899 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married **Benson Tatham Woodhead**, son of **Samuel Benson Woodhead**⁴⁵ and **Susanna Greeves Baker**,. Benson was born on 22 Feb 1874 in Manchester and died about 1944 about age 70. They had one son: **Alexander Benson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Grocer in Manchester.
- 9-Alexander Benson Woodhead was born on 11 Feb 1905 in Chorlton upon Medlock, Manchester and died in 1921 in Manchester at age 16.
- 8-Geoffrey Waring Maw^{19,20,29,58,59,60,61,62,63} was born on 12 Aug 1885 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 11 May 1959 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73.

General Notes: A long and interesting letter from G. W. MAW (1899-1902) from Nagpur must be heavily scissored, in the manner of film production. He writes: "I have been sending home lots of newspaper cuttings giving long descriptions of the M.C.C. tour to my boys. Hugh, the youngest, hoped that I would ask C. K. Naidu to get the autographs of all the M.C.C. players. I am afraid I found the request rather embarrassing. I met C. K. Naidu rather more than a year ago, as he is an old student of Hislop College, and he was the lion of the season just about the time the College held its Annual Social Gathering, soon after Naidu's return from England. . . . " I have now been living for over six months in my third place of residence since returning to Nagpur fourteen months ago. To start of f with I shared a bungalow with one of the Church of Scotland missionaries, and then moved back to the bungalow on the Friends' Hostel compound. . . . The bungalow is an enormous barn of a place, built in the old spacious days when things were cheap and labour cost almost nothing. It is uncomfortably large according to modem missionary ideas, and there are not many missionaries nowadays who would not gladly exchange for something smaller and easier to manage, and not so far away from the people in more senses than one. I lived there through the hot weather, as that was the place provided for me by the Scottish Mission. But during the hot weather, in a very remarkable way, details of which I have no time to tell, I was led to the small house in the city which I now occupy. If you were to see a photograph of the house without any means of judging its scale you might think that I had gone into a still more palatial residence, as the house is a two-storey building, with a space under the roof that can be used as a storage place for lumber. But the rooms are really so low that neither up nor down stairs is there very much clearance for my head. In fact, in my office, which is the only room downstairs (not counting the front veranda), which by means of bamboo curtains I turn into a sitting-room if I have visitors, I can actually touch one of the beams with my head when I am standing under it. I am over 6 ft. when I have shoes on, but my highest door is 5 ft. 6 in., while the lowest is just half an inch less than 4 ft., and that is a door that I go through quite frequently.... The house is situated within twenty yards of a main street, on the other side of which is the big Government Hospital.... My immediate neighbours are blacksmiths, washermen, fishermen, and poUce. . . . " But in spite of it all .. . I have had a very happy six months here. I am on very good terms with all my neighbours. The next-door children, several of whom have not yet reached the stage when clothes are considered necessary for either sex, come wandering freely in and out of my house at almost any time of the day. In fact, almost every day, when I am doing something which I really must concentrate on, I have to put the chain on the courtyard door to keep them out. But they are a jolly, lively little crowd, and I can forgive them a lot, even when they come and pull up some of the most precious things in my garden, which has been a great joy to them." Bootham magazine - April 1934 MAW. '97On 11th May, 1959, at his home in Birmingham, Geoffrey Waring Maw (1899-1902), aged 73 years.

- He was educated at Theobald's Grammar School in 1896-1899 in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1899-1902 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of Barclays Bank in 1902-1907 in Stowmarket, Suffolk.
- Miscellaneous: Passed the Institute of Bankers Final Examination, 1905.
- He was educated at the Friends Foreign Mission Association for service in India in 1907-1910 in London.

- He emigrated to India in 1910.
- Miscellaneous: Head of list in the Third Hindi Language examination, 1914.
- He worked as an Elder of Mid-India YM.
- He worked as a Manager of Hislop Collegiate High School in 1930 in Nagpur, Maharashtra, India.
- He worked as a Quaker missionary.

Geoffrey married **Mildred Amy Brison**, 19,20,28,29,59,60,61,62,63 daughter of **Alfred Brison** and **Elizabeth Scarnell**, on 9 Dec 1911 in FMH Hoshangabad, Madhya Pradesh, India. Mildred was born on 11 Apr 1885 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1987 at age 102. They had five children: **Allen Scarnell, Noel Ransome, Theodore Stafford, Hugh Waring**, and **Gillian Mary**.

Marriage Notes: MAW-BRISON.-On the 6th December, 1911, at Hoshangabad, C.P., India, Geoffrey Warin g Maw (1899-1902), to Mildred Amy Brison, of Belfast. **SILVER WEDDING.**

MAW-BRISON.— On December 6th, 1911, at the Friends Meeting House, Hoshangabad, C.P., India, Geoffrey Waring Maw (1899-1902), to Mildred Amy Brison.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1901-Jul 1903 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Quaker missionary.
 - 9-Allen Scarnell Maw^{20,59,64,65,66} was born on 30 Apr 1914 in Pachmarhi, Madhya Pradesh, India and died on 8 Jun 2003 in Wandsworth, London at age 89.

General Notes: MAW.-On the 30th April, 1914, at Pachmarhi, C.P., India, Mildred Amy (Brison), wife of Geoffrey Waring Maw (1899-1902), a son, who was named Allen Scarnell.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School before 1928 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1928-1932 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Assistant Manager in a Catering Business in 1935 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He resided at 25c Durdham Park in 1935 in Bristol. Gloucestershire.

Allen married Cicely Evans⁶⁴ on 9 Sep 1939 in St. David's Church, Exeter, Devon. The marriage ended in divorce. Cicely was born on 12 Jun 1914.

Marriage Notes: Maw-Evans.-On 9th September, at St. David's Church, Exeter, Allen S. Maw (1928-32), to Cicely Evans.

Allen next married **Nahia Mitri**^{65,66} on 24 Feb 1945 in Beirut, Lebanon. Nahia was born on 16 Apr 1914 and died in Mar 2006 in Enfield, London at age 91. They had two children: **Gillian Leila** and **Anthony Cedric**.

10-Gillian Leila Maw

10-Anthony Cedric Maw

9-Noel Ransome Maw^{58,60} was born on 23 Nov 1915 in Hoshangabad, Madhya Pradesh, India and died on 4 Jun 1916 in Died on board the SS Scindia on the way home from Bombay.

General Notes: MAW.-On the 23rd November, 1915, at Hoshangabad, C.P., India, Mildred A., wife of Geoffrey Waring Maw (1899-1900), a son, who was named Noel Ransome.

9-Dr. Theodore Stafford Maw⁶¹ was born on 6 Jul 1917 in 5 Kingsmead Close, Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 4 Dec 2011 in Rotherham, Yorkshire at age 94.

General Notes: MAW.-On the 6th July, 1917, at 5 Kingsmead Close, Selly Oak, Birmingham, Mildred A. (Brison), wife of Geoffrey W. Maw (1899-1902), a son, who was named Theodore Stafford.

Dr Theodore Stafford F.R.C.Ophth died quietly 4th December aged 93 years. Much loved husband of Sheila and dear father of the late Diana. Funeral Service at Hutcliffe Wood Crematorium, Sheffield, 12 noon, Thursday 16th December [2011]

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician and Opthalmologist.

Theodore married **Sheila Gilby** on 1 Aug 1942. Sheila died in 2010 in Sunderland, County Durham. They had one daughter: **Diana Stafford Maw**.

10-Diana Stafford Maw Maw was born on 2 Aug 1951 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1991 in Ealing, London at age 40.

9-Hugh Waring Maw²⁹ was born on 2 Jun 1920 in Childers Lodge, Landowr, Mussoorie, Dehradun, Uttarakhand, India.

General Notes: MAW.-On the 2nd June, 1920, at Childers Lodge, Landowr, Mussoorie, India, Mildred Amy (Brison), wife of Geoffrey W. Maw (1899-1902), a son, who was named Hugh Waring.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Headmaster of Sibford School in 1956-1961.

Hugh married **Daphne Phyllis Southall**, daughter of **Dr. Kenneth Henry Southall**^{20,67,68,69,70,71,72,73,74} and **Phyllis Headley Dale**, ^{20,68,69,70,71,72,73,74} They had three children: **David P., Alan R.**, and **Christine Daphne**.

10-David P. Maw

10-Alan R. Maw

10-Christine Daphne Maw

9-Gillian Mary Maw⁶² was born on 22 Jun 1923.

General Notes: MAW.-On June 22nd, Mildred, wife of Geoffrey W. Maw (1899-1902), a daughter, who was named Gillian Mary.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.
- She worked as a Nurse.

Gillian married Dr. Duncan Gordon Conacher.

Samuel next married Jane Waring Baker, 1,20 daughter of Samuel Baker 1,33 and Margaret O'Brien, 1,33 in 1902. Jane was born on 18 Jan 1855 in Clontarf, Dublin and died in 1921 at age 66.

7-Lucy Sophia Maw³⁴ was born in 1851 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 12 Jul 1862 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 11.

6-Samuel Alexander^{1,13} was born in 1810 and died in 1878 at age 68.

General Notes: John Biddle Alexander's elder brother, Samuel Alexander, Junior, did not join the family business. In all likelihood acting on Barton Hack's testimonials transmitted by Bernard, he and his new wife, Rebecca née Upson, (they were married in Ipswich on 17 October 1835) set sail in the *Planter*. After an incredibly protracted voyage they arrived at Port Adelaide on 16 May 1839 and immediately made contact with Barton. They brought a wooden house with them and erected it on half of town acre 705 in Pennington Terrace, paying Barton £200 for the land. Barton also took Samuel up to Mount Barker, trying to interest him in more land on his special survey at Echunga. But 'he was devoid of enterprise' according to Barton's brother-in-law Henry Watson and had 'lamented leaving England every day since he sailed'. He joined another Quaker relative of Barton, George Deane, in speculation in Van Diemen's Land but it was not successful, and the beginning of 1840 saw the Alexanders living in Walkerville with a few cocks and hens. (Chris Durrant)

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated Port Adelaide, Australia in 1839.

Samuel married Rebecca Upson.

6-John Biddle Alexander 1,13,33,34,35,75,76,77 was born on 18 Feb 1812 in Needham Market, Suffolk, died on 29 Jun 1862 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 50, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Quaker Overseer on 1 Mar 1848.
- He worked as a Banker in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Partner in Alexander's Bank, Ipswich.

John married **Anna Sophia Phillips**, ^{1,13,33,34,35,75,76,77} daughter of **John Phillips** ^{1,39,78} and **Ann Hooper**, ^{1,39,78} on 2 Jun 1836 in FMH Southwark. Anna was born on 9 Jan 1810 in Horsleydown, Southwark, London, died on 19 Nov 1883 in Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 73, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk. They had 13 children: **Charlotte, Anna Louisa, Samuel, Albert John, Emily, Agnes Maria, Helen, Edith Elizabeth, Mary, (No Given Name), Bernard Barton, Alice Olivia**, and **Constance**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Partner in Alexander's Bank of Ipswich after husband's death. In 1863.
 - 7-Charlotte Alexander^{1,33} was born on 5 May 1837 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, died on 19 May 1847 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 10, and was buried in FBG Ipswich.
 - 7-Anna Louisa Alexander^{1,34,78} was born in 1838 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
 - 7-Samuel Alexander^{20,27,30,46,59,79} was born in 1839 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 7 Jul 1914 in Felixstowe, Suffolk at age 75.

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ALEXANDER.— On the 7th July, 1914, at Felixstowe, Samuel Alexander (1852-5), aged 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1852-1855 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was a Quaker.

Samuel married **Mary Jane Binyon**, 30,46,79 daughter of **Edward Binyon** and **Jane Brightwen**, in 1866 in FMH Manchester. Mary was born on 17 Apr 1844 in Manchester and died on 12 Jan 1911 in Felixstowe, Suffolk at age 66. They had nine children: **Gertrude, Constance Mary, Florence Binyon, Tryphena, Marion, Hilda Margaret, Samuel, John Brightwen**, and **Hilda Jane**.

General Notes: Mary Jane Alexander, 66 12 Imo. 1911 Felixstowe. Wife of Samuel Alexander. Mary Jane Alexander was the daughter of Edward and Jane Binyon, of Manchester, and she was born in that city on April 17th, 1844. After Edward Binyon's death in 1852, his widow spent two years with her two sons and her little daughter in Italy, Switzerland and Germany, an experience which gave the children ample opportunities, not only of acquiring some of the continental languages, but of learning the better lessons taught by the beauty, art and history of lakes and mountains and mediaeval towns. It is very interesting to trace, in a quaint diary written in a childish hand, the early development of that mental balance which characterised the writer of it until the last; perception of detail on the one hand, and, on the other, keen appreciation of beauty and grandeur. On the return of the family to England, Mary Jane Binyon's education was continued, first under the tuition of a German governess, and then at the Mount School, York. Although she would doubtless have smiled at the idea of being credited with remarkable mental gifts, she certainly possessed a rarely receptive mind, as well as an admirable faculty for giving scrupulous attention to the task in hand, whether congenial to her tastes or not. After her marriage in 1866 to Samuel Alexander, of Ipswich, Mary Jane Alexander resided for many years at Ipswich, except for an interval at Woodbridge, and finally, in late life settled at Felixstowe, in whose small meeting she became a gentle and influential leader, and where she was greatly beloved for her even and cheerful kindliness. At the same time she was known and valued in a wide circle, both socially and in public work of varied character. Those who knew her speak of her having carried into each department the helpful influence of a ripe experience, for she had been a humble learner in the always difficult school of life. Better still, she brought with her the sense of having a hold on spiritual things, the feeling that for her the New Life had already begun, and an in-fluence that rebuked over-anxiety about the things of this world. With a keen insight into character, she combined the habit of laying hold of the virtues of others and of exalting them in contrast to their short-comings. It is a beautiful result of Christ's teaching when a nature so keenly critical as hers was, gradually becomes tempered with gentle tolerance, with broader sympathy and with ability to enjoy the simplest pleasures with the poor of this world. Her loss is much felt in the Walton Women's Adult School, of which she was President, and which, with kind and cheery words for all, she attended, in spite of rapidly increasing weakness, until within a few weeks of her death. She will be much missed by the local branch of the British Women's Temperance Association, of which also she was President, and by her late colleagues on the Committee of the Felixstowe Cottage Hospital. Greater still is the blank which her departure has left in the struggling Meeting of the town of her adoption. She leaves behind her the remembrance of a spirit gentle yet courageous, sensitive to family ties and to the claims of friendship, yet resolved beyond all else to press on to the knowledge of God - that quest in which each soul must realise its own loneJiness. She leaves behind her the example of a life that flowed along in service to others, growing by that same service, clearer, brighter and more and more endowed with the power of the Holy Spirit. She was mercifully spared much pain, and on the morning before she entered into rest, she said to her husband 'I'm so happy, I'm so happy!"

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1860-Dec 1861 in York, Yorkshire.

- She was a Quaker.
 - 8-Gertrude Alexander was born in 1868 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1882-Dec 1882 in York, Yorkshire.

Gertrude married C. W. Mosley.

8-Constance Mary Alexander was born in 1869 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1883-Dec 1886 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-Florence Binyon Alexander was born in 1871 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Apr 1885-Dec 1888 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-**Tryphena Alexander** was born in 1872 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1888-Dec 1889 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-Marion Alexander³⁰ was born on 31 May 1873 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1889-Jun 1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- · She was a Quaker.
- 8-Hilda Margaret Alexander⁴⁶ was born in 1876 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 16 Feb 1880 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 4.
- 8-Samuel Alexander was born in 1879 in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- 8-John Brightwen Alexander was born in 1881 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

General Notes: NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, George Bernard Dawson Weaver and John Brightwen Alexander, carrying on business as Manufacturers of Electrical Insulators, at 127, Pomeroy-street, New Cross, S.E., and elsewhere, under the style or firm of EBONESTOS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the twenty-ninth day of September, 1924. All debts due and owing to or by the said late firm will be received or paid by the said George Bernard Dawson Weaver. - As witness our hands this 19th day of December, 1924.

GEORGE BERNARD DAWSON WEAVER.

JOHN B. ALEXANDER.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Electrical insulator manufacturer. Before 1924.

John married Harriet Helen Lee on 20 Feb 1907 in St. Philips, Clerkenwell. Harriet was born on 2 Oct 1872.

8-Hilda Jane Alexander was born in 1883 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

7-Albert John Alexander^{1,20,78} was born in 1840 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School, York in 1853-1857.
- He resided at Lacey, Washington, USA.
- He worked as a Staff of HH the Maharajah of Vizianigram in 1875-1876 in Benares, Uttar Pradesh, India.

Albert married Myra Elma Keen. They had three children: Albert Frederick, Florence Rosina, and Marjorie Violet.

- 8-Albert Frederick Alexander²⁰ was born in 1882.
- 8-Florence Rosina Alexander²⁰ was born in 1893.
- 8-Marjorie Violet Alexander²⁰ was born in 1898.
- 7-**Emily Alexander**^{1,34,78} was born in 1843 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
- 7-Agnes Maria Alexander^{1,78} was born in 1844 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and was christened on 28 Mar 1900 in St. Andrew's, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 7-Helen Alexander^{20,78,81} was born on 17 Aug 1846 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 15 Jan 1926 at age 79.

Helen married **George Binyon**, ^{20,81,82} son of **Edward Binyon**^{79,80} and **Jane Brightwen**, on 12 Aug 1868 in FMH Woodbridge. George was born on 18 Apr 1842 in Manchester and died on 30 Dec 1922 in London at age 80. They had one daughter: **Edith Maud**.

Marriage Notes: BINYON-ALEXANDER.-On 12th August, 1868, at the Friends' Meeting House, Woodbridge, Suffolk, George Binyon (1855-9) to Helen Alexander.

General Notes: BINYON.-On December 30th, in London, George Binyon (1855-9), aged 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1855-1859 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-Edith Maud Binyon^{20,83,84,85,86} was born on 17 Oct 1869 in Wickham Market, Suffolk and died on 8 Mar 1936 at age 66.

Edith married **Douglas Bevington Smith**, ^{20,83,84,85,86,87,88,89} son of **Joseph Smith** and **Rachel Bevington Hills**, ⁸⁶ on 26 Sep 1899 in FMH Croydon. Douglas was born on 8 Apr 1877 in Stisted, Essex and died on 28 Aug 1977 at age 100. They had four children: **Eirene, Alan, Gwendolen**, and **Maud**.

General Notes: SMITH.-On 28th August, 1977, after a long illness, Douglas Bevington Smith, C.B.E., J.P. (1890-1893), aged 100 years.

- He was awarded with CBE JP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1890-1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Wickham Hall, Witham, Essex.
- He worked as a Farmer in Wickham Hall, Witham, Essex.
- He worked as a Chairman of Maldon Rural District Council from 1923.
- He worked as a Clerk of Essex and Suffolk OM from 1924.
- He worked as a Member of Essex County Council from 1930.
- He worked as a Chairman of Essex Rivers Catchment Boad from 1933.
 - 9-Eirene Bevington-Smith was born in 1900.

9-Alan Bevington-Smith^{20,83,90,91,92,93} was born on 4 Apr 1903 in Witham, Essex and died in Apr 1991 in Colchester, Essex at age 88.

General Notes: SMITH.-On the 4th April, 1903, Edith Maud, wife of Douglas Bevington Smith (1890-3), a son, who was named Alan Bevington.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1915-1918 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Leighton Park School in 1918-1920 in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Clerk to Maldon PM from 1925.
- He worked as a Farmer in 1935 in Harboro Hall, Messing, Kelvedon, Essex.
- He worked as a Parish Councillor.

Alan married Phyllis Helen Clark, 20,90,91,92,93 daughter of George William Clark and Martha Louisa Pratt, on 17 May 1932. Phyllis was born in 1907. They had three children: Douglas, Peter, and Anne.

Marriage Notes: BEVINGTON SMITH-CLARK.-On May 17th, Alan Bevington Smith (1916-18) to Phyllis Helen Clark.

10-Douglas Bevington-Smith

Douglas married Margaret Elizabeth Hassell. They had three children: Martin Anthony, Andrew David, and Patrick Roger.

- 11-Martin Anthony Bevington-Smith
- 11-Andrew David Bevington-Smith
- 11-Patrick Roger Bevington-Smith

10-Peter Bevington-Smith

Peter married Frances Marjory Bull. They had two children: Alison Susan and Ruth Helen.

- 11-Alison Susan Bevington-Smith
- 11-Ruth Helen Bevington-Smith

10-Anne Bevington-Smith

Anne married **Denis Bruce Wilson**. They had two children: **Hamish Bruce** and **Phillippa Bruce**.

- 11-Hamish Bruce Wilson
- 11-Phillippa Bruce Wilson

9-Gwendolen Bevington-Smith^{84,86} was born on 11 Feb 1905 in Wickham Bishops, Maldon, Essex and died in 1967 in Maldon, Essex at age 62.

General Notes: SMITH.-On the 11th February, 1905, at Witham, Edith Maud Binyon, wife of Douglas Bevington Smith (1890-3), a daughter, who was named Gwendoline Bevington.

Gwendolen married **Brian Maurice Hodgkin**, 86,94 son of **Jonathan Edward Hodgkin** 18,20,41,54,59,94,95,96,97,98,99,100,101,102 and **Elspeth Lilian Backhouse**, 18,20,30,41,54,59,94,95,96,97,98,99,100,101 on 18 Sep 1940 in Maldon, Essex. Brian was born on 9 Dec 1910 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died on 18 Jun 1963 at age 52. They had two children: Jonathan George and Marigold Penelope.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 9th December, 1910, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth Lilian, wife of Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named Brian Maurice.

10-Jonathan George Hodgkin

Jonathan married Jennifer Ann Bown, daughter of Ronald Henry Bown⁸⁶ and Iris Irene Mann,.⁸⁶ They had two children: Julian Backhouse and Elspeth Rachel Bevington.

- 11-Julian Backhouse Hodgkin
- 11-Elspeth Rachel Bevington Hodgkin
- 10-Marigold Penelope Hodgkin

Marigold married **Douglas Arthur Mabbott**. They had two children: **Christopher James** and **Stephen John**.

- 11-Christopher James Mabbott
- 11-Stephen John Mabbott
- 9-Maud Bevington-Smith⁸⁵ was born on 19 Apr 1907 in Maldon, Essex and died on 16 Jun 1983 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 76.

General Notes: SMITH.-On the 19th of April, 1907, at Witham, Edith Maud, wife of Douglas Bevington Smith (1890-93), a daughter, who was named Maud Bevington.

Maud married **Francis Howitt Gillett**, ¹⁰³ son of **Charles Edwin Gillett** ^{103,104} and **Maria Caroline Howitt**, ¹⁰³ on 27 Apr 1933 in Chelmsford, Essex. Francis was born on 17 Nov 1902 in Oxford and died on 21 Dec 1992 in Eastbourne at age 90. They had three children: **Dorothy Joy, Francis Michael**, and **Roger Howitt**.

10-Dorothy Joy Gillett

Dorothy married John Seward Coe. They had three children: Jennifer, Robert John, and James William.

11-Jennifer Coe

Jennifer married Frederick P. Smith. They had one son: Daniel James P..

- 12-Daniel James P. Smith
- 11-Robert John Coe
- 11-James William Coe

James married **Unnamed**.

- 10-Francis Michael Gillett
- 10-Roger Howitt Gillett

Roger married Celia Beryl Drewry. They had six children: Alison Clare, Carolyn Mary, Lucy Katharine, Matthew Stephen, Nicola Louise, and Joanna Rachel.

11-Alison Clare Gillett

Alison married **Peter Dominey**. They had two children: **Matthew James** and **Daniel Mark**.

- 12-Matthew James Dominey
- 12-Daniel Mark Dominey
- 11-Carolyn Mary Gillett

Carolyn married Dominic M. Couzens. They had two children: Emily Francesca and Samuel Jonathan.

- 12-Emily Francesca Couzens
- 12-Samuel Jonathan Couzens

11-Lucy Katharine Gillett

Lucy married Rohitkumar P. Khakhria. They had three children: Joshua Daniel, Andrew Nathaniel, and Timothy David.

- 12-Joshua Daniel Khakhria
- 12-Andrew Nathaniel Khakhria
- 12-Timothy David Khakhria

11-Matthew Stephen Gillett

Matthew married Rebecca Louise Dike. They had three children: Megan Sarah, Molly Carys, and Jasper William.

- 12-Megan Sarah Gillett
- 12-Molly Carys Gillett
- 12-Jasper William Gillett

11-Nicola Louise Gillett

Nicola married Benjamin Mark Elms. They had two children: Hannah Yasmin and Aimee Jessica R.

- 12-Hannah Yasmin Elms
- 12-Aimee Jessica R. Elms
- 11-Joanna Rachel Gillett

Joanna married **Dominic Paul Guy**.

- 7-Edith Elizabeth Alexander^{34,78} was born in 1847 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, died on 13 Jun 1862 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 15, and was buried in FBG Ipswich.
- 7-Mary Alexander^{1,78,105} was born in 1848 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 10 Jun 1855 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 7.
- 7-Alexander
- 7-Bernard Barton Alexander^{1,13,77,78} was born on 9 Oct 1849 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, died on 4 Apr 1879 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 29, and was buried in Adelaide, South Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1862-1866 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker in 1866 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
- Miscellaneous: Travelled to Australia for the good of his health, 1876, Adelaide, South Australia.
- 7-Alice Olivia Alexander⁷⁸ was born in 1852 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.

Alice married George Henry Hewetson, son of Henry Hewetson.

- 7-Constance Alexander^{1,76,78} was born in 1851 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 1 Nov 1868 in Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 17.
- 6-George Alexander¹ was born on 19 Apr 1813 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died in Sidmouth?.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Partner in Alexander's Bank of Ipswich.

George married **Anna Olivia Sims**, daughter of **Dr John Sims**^{1,42} and **Lydia Dillwyn**, in 1848. Anna was born on 12 Jan 1827.

6-Frederick Alexander^{6,106} was born on 17 Aug 1814 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 19 Sep 1883 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 69, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Partner in Alexander's Bank in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Frederick married **Lydia Burtt Sims**, ^{1,106} daughter of **Samuel Sims**^{1,42} and **Sarah Burtt**, ^{1,42} on 2 Sep 1847 in FMH Manchester. Lydia was born in 1823, died on 19 Sep 1903 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 80, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Ouaker Elder.

6-Mary Ann Alexander^{1,9,107,108} was born on 20 Nov 1815 in Esher, Surrey, died on 3 May 1913 in Greengates, Chelmsford at age 97, and was buried in FBG Chelmsford.

Mary married **Henry Shewell Corder**, 19,16,107,108,109 son of **Thomas Corder**, 9,107,110,111,112 and **Mary Shewell**, 19,107,110,112 on 27 Dec 1850 in FMH Needham Market. Henry was born on 16 May 1814 in Widford Hall, Chelmsford, Essex, died on 8 Mar 1912 in Garden Cottage, Chelmsford, Essex at age 97, and was buried on 12 Mar 1912 in FBG Chelmsford. They had two children: **Henry** and **Marianne**.

General Notes: Henry Shewell Corder 97 8 3mo. 1912 Chelmsford. Minister. By the death of Henry Shewell Corder, at an age only two years short of the century, Chelmsford Meeting has lost, not only a beloved and honoured member, but a prominent and striking figure, a man remarkable for the clearness of mind and vigour of body which he retained to the close of a long and useful life. The son of Thomas and Mary (Shewell) Corder, born at Widford Hall, near Chelmsford, on a farm which, as he believed, had been under cultivation for more than 1,000 years, he was the eldest but one in a family of twelve, and he lived to be the last but one of his generation. His memory remained unclouded to the very end, and he was fond of talking of things which happened in the far-off days of more than ninety years ago. After six years under a village school-master, a man simple and sincere, who had begun life as a ploughman and had taught himself, even to the extent of Greek, while at work and in his meal -times, he spent some time at Isaac Payne's boarding-school at Epping. His father was a farmer, but he, when his school -days were over, was apprenticed for seven years to his uncle, John Shewell, a draper at Ipswich. Those were strenuous years. Apprenticeship then was a very different affair from the brief and comparatively perfunctory apprenticeship of to-day. The hours were long, the work was hard. He was required to master the details of every department of the business. "I was taught my trade," said Henry Corder many years afterwards. "Young fellows nowadays have to pick up for themselves anything they want to learn. We had no time for cricket or sport, but had to take our recreation, whether in walking or skating, or what not, before six in the morning, or by moonlight after business hours." After some time spent at North Shields, he went into partnership with his uncle at Ipswich. A breakdown in health, however, compelled him, after all, to give up indoor work and go back to the land; and he finally settled at Rollestons Farm, Writtle, where he spent nearly twenty years. Henry Corder was twice married. His first wife was Rachel, daughter of Robert Spence, of North Shields. After a brief union she and her two young children died, within a short time of one another; and in 1850, he married Mary Ann, daughter of Samuel and Rebecca Alexander, of Ipswich. At Christmas, 1910, he and his wife, who, with their son and daughter, survives him, celebrated their Diamond wedding. Retiring from Writtle after some twenty years of farming, he finally removed to Garden Cottage, Chelmsford, a quiet and beautiful retreat, where, among his flowers and fruit-trees, he spent the tranquil evening of his days. Although generally regarded, perhaps by those who did not know him intimately, as a man of particularly good physique, Henry Corder can hardly be said to have enjoyed robust health, and it was thus all the more remarkable that, with advancing years, there seemed to come to him a renewal of physical power, due, so he firmly believed, to a careful and well-ordered life, and especially to that total abstinence which he had practiced for many years. He had not, however, always been an abstainer. In early manhood, he had been in the habit of taking his daily glass like most other people, following in this respect the custom of the time. But when he was about 60, and still farming at Rollestons, having been asked by a number of his workpeople to help in forming a small Temperance Association, he and his brother Edward, who was long the chairman of the Chelmsford Board of Guardians, at once signed the Pledge. Never again did he touch alcohol as a beverage in any form; and he always held the firm belief that this change from very moderate drinking to complete abstinence was the reason why he maintained his health and vigour unimpaired to the very end of his long life. A favourite recreation of his old age was in walking; especially along the riverside from Chelmsford to Maldon, or round by Writtle to revisit the scenes of his farming experiences. But he took an especial interest in his garden, in which grew a profusion of old English perennials and heavily -bearing fruit trees, and in his vinery, whose training and pruning he did with his own hands. It is related that his gardener, having doubted the value of an aloe, "if 'e only blooms one in a 'underd years," Henry Corder retorted: "Oh, but it's a handsome plant, that helps to beautify and ornament the garden." 'Well," said the old man after a pause, "I tell yer this, Mr Corder, that there plant is for the pride of man, and it ain't no use keeping it! "Henry Corder took little part in public affairs, but he was always ready to preside over or to speak at Meetings for philanthropic purposes, and he was for a great many years president of the Chelmsford Temperance Society and Federal Union. For fifteen years he look a leading part in the Bible Class of the Young Men's Christian Association, which he attended with great regularity, and for some years he was president of the Association. He first attended a Meeting of the British and Foreign Bible Society when he was 10; he began to subscribe to its funds when he was 14, and he is believed to have attended Bible Society Meetings for eighty-six years with hardly a break. An able and interesting lecturer, he gave at various times, at Chelmsford and elsewhere, addresses on such subjects as "Poetry," with illustrative extracts, "The Crusades" and "Visits to the British Museum." A series of evenings was devoted to an exposition of the Prophecies of Daniel, whose fulfilment was a favourite theme with him. The wide range of his reading was often well shewn in his addresses, and his excellent memory enabled him to quote with ease and accuracy from poets, philosophers and commentators. He kept up his Latin by reading the Vulgate, and his Greek with the New Testament. By Henry Corder's death, Chelmsford Meeting and Essex and Suffolk Quarterly Meeting have lost a beloved and deeply revered spiritual leader. His was a teaching ministry, on a highly spiritual level, His favourite themes were taken mostly from texts in Isaiah, and from the Gospel and the Epistles of John. His excellent memory enabled him to repeat these perfectly and with telling emphasis; another portion of Scripture being often drawn upon to amplify and enforce the meaning of the original text. His teaching on Friends' principles was direct and frequent respecting the need of the baptism of

the Spirit and of true communion with God; and he often emphasised the fact that spiritual food must be partaken of constantly in order to sustain the spiritual life. "Building up yourselves on our most Holy Faith," "Be ye holy as I the Lord your God am Holy "were themes on which he often spoke. While politics were scrupulously avoided in his sermons, prominent events of the day often had their place. He loved to use the words of the prayer commencing "Cleanse the thoughts of our hearts by the inspiration of Thy Holy Spirit, that we may perfectly love Thee and worthily magnify Thy Holy Name"; and whenever he concluded Meeting with a benediction, it was most impressive and solemn. To those attending mid-week Meetings his eloquence there seemed at its best. "Increasing in the knowledge of God and therefore increasing in His Love" was the subject of his last mid-week sermon. Nor can his ministry be said to have been confined to Meeting alone. On his walks he often called on friends and neighbours. And his kindly gifts of fruit and flowers, and his words of comfort and advice were appreciated by all who knew him, not less than his welcome and regular ministration from the gallery. To those privileged, over a long course of years, to receive his pleasant calls, it was felt to be a privation when excessive deafness, and finally, inability for more than a very short walk, brought these times of pleasant intercourse to an end. His memory remained clear to the last, and it was easy to draw from him many details of private or national events of long ago. He was always anxious to keep abreast of the times. The Coal Strike caused him much concern, as was evident from his reference to it in his very last sermon, preached on the Sunday before his death; and, again, when with indistinct utterance, he tried to discuss almost with his latest breath. This constant freshness, one might almost say youth-fulness of mind, was one of the charms of his character; and his oft-expressed determination never to grow old mentally, was thus

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Isaac Payne's School, Epping.
- He worked as an apprentice Linen draper, to his uncle John Shewell in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Linen Draper in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Farmer in Rollestons Farm, Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
 - 7-Henry Corder^{1,9,20,113,114} was born on 13 May 1853 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 17 Nov 1944 in Bridgwater, Somerset at age 91.

General Notes: Another well-known Old Scholar, who has recently died, Henry Corder, also took a keen interest in the Natural History Society, of which he himself had been an enthusiastic member. While still at school, he had detected the red spot on Jupiter, and his interest in all branches of Natural History and Archaeology lasted throughout his life. *Bootham magazine - January 1945*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1867-1871 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Florist, Seedsman & Nurseryman in Bridgwater, Somerset.
- He worked as a Clerk of Bridgwater PM.

Henry married **Alice Impey**, ^{1,9,20,113} daughter of **William Impey**^{1,9,45,115,116,117,118} and **Mary Dix**, ^{1,9,45} on 13 Jun 1889 in FMH Chelmsford. Alice was born on 2 Nov 1861 in Broomfield Hall, Essex and died in 1942 at age 81. They had two children: **Roland Henry** and **Alwyn St. Dunstan**.

Marriage Notes: GOLDEN WEDDING

Corder-Impey.— On 13th June, 1889, at the Friends' Meeting House, Chelmsford, Henry Corder (1867-71), to Alice Impey.

8-Roland Henry Corder⁹ was born on 7 Dec 1890 in Northfield, Bridgwater, Somerset and died in 1972 in Bridgwater, Somerset at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

· He was educated at Sidcot.

Roland married Margaret E. Brown. They had one daughter: Judith Mary.

- 9-Judith Mary Corder was born on 7 May 1928 in Bridgwater, Somerset and died in Aug 1995 in Sedgemoor, Somerset at age 67.
- 8-Capt. Alwyn St. Dunstan Corder⁹ was born on 27 Mar 1893 in Northfield, Bridgwater, Somerset and died on 13 Sep 1952 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 59.

General Notes: 2nd Lt. Worcester Reg't., Queen's Own Worcestertershire Hussars.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He worked as a Gas engineer.
- He had a residence in 4A, Highfield Road, Moseley, Birmingham.

Alwyn married Bertha Olive Dover in 1917. Bertha was born on 6 Dec 1894 in Godstone, Surrey and died in 1971 in Hereford, Herefordshire at age 77. They had one son: Alwyn St. Michael.

9-Alwyn St. Michael Corder

7-Marianne Corder^{1,9} was born on 23 Feb 1857 in St. Mary Le Tower, Ipswich and died in 1947 at age 90.

Marianne married **Herbert Marriage**, 1,9 son of **John Marriage**, and **Margaret Marriage**, 9,119,120 on 27 Jun 1878 in FMH Chelmsford. Herbert was born on 26 Mar 1846 in Moulsham Lodge, Chelmsford, Essex, died on 12 Sep 1904 in Moulsham Lodge, Chelmsford, Essex at age 58, and was buried on 15 Sep 1904 in FBG Chelmsford. They had ten children: **Herbert John, Bernard, Persis Marian, Gerard Corder, Arthur Noel, Dorothy L., Paul, Marjorie E., Barbara W.,** and **Monica Kathleen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer of Moulsham Lodge, Chelmsford.
 - 8-Herbert John Marriage²⁰ was born in 1879 in Chelmsford, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1895-1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Farmer in Ryley, Alberta, Canada.

Herbert married Florence Elizabeth Rattray. They had two children: Herbert Victor and Marian Ruth.

- 9-Herbert Victor Marriage was born in 1920.
- 9-Marian Ruth Marriage was born in 1923.
- 8-Bernard Marriage was born in 1881 in Chelmsford, Essex.
- 8-Persis Marian Marriage was born in 1883 in Chelmsford, Essex and died in 1979 in California, USA at age 96.

Noted events in her life were:

- · She worked as a Nurse.
- 8-Gerard Corder Marriage was born in 1884 in Chelmsford, Essex, died in 1976 at age 92, and was buried in St. Bridget Churchyard, Brean, Somerset.

Gerard married Caroline Trayler in 1912. Caroline was born in 1886, died on 22 May 1914 in Haverfordwest Infirmary, Pembrokeshire, Wales at age 28, and was buried in FBG Sutton, Pembrokeshire.

General Notes: Death of Mrs. Marriage.

INTERMENT AT FRIENDS' BURIAL GROUND.

We regret to record the death of Mrs Marriage, wife of Mr Gerald Corder Marriage, 3, Merlin's Hill, Haverfordwest, which took place at the Haverfordwest Infirmary on Friday morning under very distressing circumstances. Mrs Marriage was a daughter of Mr Jonas N. Trayler, J.P., Bridgwater, and formerly of the tannery, Pembroke. A grand-daughter of the late Mr John Green, Haverfordwest, deceased was a native of Pembrokeshire. Mrs Marriage was 28 years of age, and was only married two years ago. She was a faithful member of the Wesleyan Church, and was highly esteemed for her many gracious qualities. The funeral of deceased took place at the Quaker's burial ground, Sutton, yesterday.

Gerard next married **Amelia Skone Wilkins** in 1925 in Haverfordwest, Pembrokeshire, Wales. Amelia was born in 1895 in Haverfordwest, Pembrokeshire, Wales, died on 24 Nov 1964 in The General Hospital, Weston Super Mare, Somerset at age 69, and was buried in St. Bridget Churchyard, Brean, Somerset.

- 8-Arthur Noel Marriage was born in 1886 in Chelmsford, Essex and died in 1959 in Bridgwater, Somerset at age 73.
- 8-Dorothy L. Marriage was born in 1888 in Chelmsford, Essex.
- 8-Paul Marriage was born in 1890 in Chelmsford, Essex.
- 8-Marjorie E. Marriage was born in 1892 in Chelmsford, Essex.
- 8-Barbara W. Marriage was born in 1896 in Chelmsford, Essex.
- 8-Monica Kathleen Marriage^{1,20,23,121,122,123,124} was born on 26 Apr 1899 and died in 1960 in (1995 Also Given) at age 61.

Monica married **Augustine Neave Grace**, 1,18,20,23,121,122,123,124,125,126,127,128 son of **Henry Grace** 1,23,30,125,129,130 and **Hannah Mary Neave**, 1,23,30,130 on 24 Jan 1925

in FMH Bridgwater, Somerset. Augustine was born on 31 Aug 1875 in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 27 Feb 1953 in Lanoy Cottage, Dipper Road, Waddon, Croydon, Surrey at age 77. They had three children: **John Stephenson, Kathleen Mary**, and **Veronica Ann**.

Marriage Notes: GRACE-MARRIAGE.-On January 24th, at Bridgwater, Augustine Neave Grace (1890-1) to Monica Kathleen Marriage.

General Notes: GRACE.-On 27th February, 1953, at his home at Croydon, Augustine Neave Grace (1890-91), aged 77 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1890-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Builder and Contractor, Grace and Marsh (Builders) in 1904 in London.
- He resided at 12 Warrington Road in 1935 in Croydon, Surrey.

9-John Stephenson Grace

John married Stephanie Thora Abrey. They had two children: Jennifer Christine and Michael John.

10-Jennifer Christine Grace

Jennifer married Rodney Stace. They had one daughter: Deborah Josephine.

11-Deborah Josephine Stace

10-Michael John Grace

Michael married Judith Mary Shirley Hart.

9-Kathleen Mary Grace

Kathleen married Rex Cherrett. They had four children: Martin, Adrian, Quentin, and Timothy.

10-Martin Cherrett

10-Adrian Cherrett

Adrian married **Lesley Adams**. They had one son: **Matthew J.**.

11-Matthew J. Cherrett

10-Quentin Cherrett

10-Timothy Cherrett

9-Veronica Ann Grace

Veronica married Norman Robertson. They had three children: Arlene, Marion, and Allison.

10-Arlene Robertson

Arlene married Bernard McNally. They had two children: Stuart Robertson and Kyle Alexander.

- 11-Stuart Robertson McNally
- 11-Kyle Alexander McNally

10-Marion Robertson

Marion married Philip Sharkey.

10-Allison Robertson

Allison married Gordon Geddes. They had two children: Laura Grace and Elenor Alexander.

- 11-Laura Grace Geddes
- 11-Elenor Alexander Geddes

6-Rebecca Alexander^{1,12} was born in 1817 and died on 15 Apr 1887 in Cardiff, Wales at age 70.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Supported of the Band of Hope in Dover, Kent.
- She had a residence in Dover, Kent.
- 6-Charlotte Alexander¹ was born in 1818 and died in 1822 at age 4.
- 6-Gurney Alexander¹ was born in 1819 and died in 1819.
- 5-Lucy Alexander^{1,35,36} was born on 18 May 1774 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 8 Nov 1856 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Lucy married **Thomas Maw**, ^{1,16,35,36} son of **Simon Maw**¹ and **Rose Candler**, ¹ on 5 Apr 1804 in FMH Woodbridge. Thomas was born on 9 Apr 1772 in Kelsale, Sxmundham and died on 7 Jul 1849 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 77. They had two children: **Louisa** and **Samuel Alexander**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Paper maufacturer in Creeting St. Mary, Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- 6-Louisa Maw^{1,35} was born on 1 Oct 1806 in Creeting St. Mary, Suffolk and died on 16 Mar 1828 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 21.
- 6-Samuel Alexander Maw^{1,34,35} was born on 22 Oct 1807 in Creeting St. Mary, Suffolk and died on 4 Jul 1884 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 76.

General Notes: Disowned for first-cousin marriage but later re-instated.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker of Needham Market. (Alexander's Bank) in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
- He was a Quaker.
 - 7-Rachel Louisa Maw was born in 1842 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died in 1865 at age 23.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1858-Dec 1859 in York, Yorkshire.
- 7-**Thomas Maw**^{20,27,37} was born in 1843 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died in Jun 1891 in Bosmere, Suffolk at age 48.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1856-1860 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He resided at Bank House in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He had a residence in 1887 in Felixstowe, Suffolk.
 - 8-Rachel Winifred Maw⁴⁰ was born in 1879 in Needham Market, Suffolk.
 - 8-Samuel Herbert Maw was born in 1880 in Needham Market, Suffolk.
 - 8-**Thomas Henry Maw**⁴¹ was born in 1882 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 24 May 1910 in Bushey, Hertfordshire²⁷ at age 28.
 - 8-Emily Margaret Maw was born in 1884 in Needham Market, Suffolk.
 - 9-**Joan Rachel Warner** was born on 30 Apr 1910 in Sudbury, Suffolk.
 - 9-Ursula Margaret Warner was born on 12 Sep 1913 in Sudbury, Suffolk.
 - 9-Brian Metford Warner was born on 15 Feb 1919.
 - 8-Ethel Windsor Maw^{27,37} was born in 1885 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 24 Sep 1886 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 1.
 - 8-Lucy Helen Maw was born on 29 Nov 1887 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died in 1975 in Waveney, Wangford, Suffolk at age 88.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1903-1904 in York, Yorkshire.
- 7-Ellen Elizabeth Maw was born on 3 Nov 1844 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 15 Aug 1869 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 24.

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1859-Jun 1862 in York, Yorkshire.
- 7-Samuel Alexander Maw^{1,20,25,31} was born on 2 Aug 1846 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 3 Sep 1909 in Fillmore, California, USA at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1858-1863 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker for Alexander's Bank in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Clerk to both Suffolk and Essex Quarterly Meetings.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder and Overseer.
- He had a residence in 1905-1909 in Fillmore, California, USA.
 - 8-Wilfred Alexander Maw^{20,49,50,51,52,53} was born on 4 Nov 1874 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 19 Mar 1940 in Winchmore Hill, London at age 65.

General Notes: CHUNGKING, CHINA. WILFRID A. MAW (1888-91), tells us of a tiger that recently made its appearance in his neighbourhood and killed four men and a girl. A curious fact in connection with the incident was that no native would give information to the British Consul as to the whereabouts of the beast as their priests had convinced them that it was a god! Wilfrid Maw goes on to tell us that "there is a local daily paper published by a Jap whose chief object is to set the Chinese against all foreigners (especially English) except Japanese. The latest sensation which set all Chungking and this half of the province in a ferment was the announcement of the English occupation of the Yangtse Valley and that a huge British force was coming up the river from Ichang with no end of warships. We were fortunate to escape a serious riot, as the report had reached us that all the Church members, a few hundreds, would be spared, but the rest of the population, 300,000 or so, wiped out! "Wilfrid Maw is acting as treasurer of the mission, an occupation that, as those who remember him at Bootham will know, must suit his mathematical abilities well, more especially as he has some six or seven different native currencies to take into account! But besides this he has charge of the boys' primary school, takes both English and Latin classes, hunts butterflies, and has studied sufficiently to enable him to pass three half-yearly examinations in the past year! Truly the life of a missionary is none too easy a one, and who shall say that the Alma Mater is not honoured indeed by those of her sons that undertake it?

Bootham October 1905

Maw.-On 19th March, at Winchmore Hill, Wilfred Alexander Maw (1888-91), aged 65 years.

- He was educated at The Friends' School Lexden in 1882-1886 in Lexden, Colchester, Essex.
- He was educated at Paradise House School in 1887-1888 in Stoke Newington, London.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Leighton Park Schhol in 1891-1892 in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Bankers Clerk with Gurney & Barclay's Banks in 1892-1902.
- He worked as a member of the FFMA in 1903.
- He worked as a Quaker Missionary in 1905-1911 in Chungking, Szechuan, China.
- He was a Quaker until resgining membership before 1911.
- He worked as a Draughtsman with the FFMA in 1913 in London.
- Miscellaneous: Was called up in WW1 but rejected for extreme deafness.
- He worked as an Assistant Rates Collector for Finchley Urban District Council in 1914-1918 in Finchley, London.
- He worked as a staff member of Chas. Knight & Co., Printers and Local Government Publishers after 1918 in London.
- He resided at 47 Palmerston Crescent in 1935 in Palmers Green, London.
 - 9-Margaret Maw⁵¹ was born on 19 Nov 1909 in T'ung Ch'wan, Szechwan, China.
 - General Notes: MAW.-On the 19th November, 1909, at T'ung Ch'wan, West China, Edith, wife of Wilfrid A. Maw (1888-91), a daughter, who was named Margaret.
- 9-Geoffrey Morrison Maw was born on 19 Nov 1909 in T'ung Ch'wan, Szechwan, China and died in 1983 in Berkshire at age 74.
- 8-Norman Francis Maw^{1,20,54,55} was born on 22 Dec 1875 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 6 Mar 1962 in San Diego, California, USA at age 86.

General Notes: MAW.-In 1962, in California, Norman Francis Maw (1888-91), aged 87 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Citrus fruit grower in Fillmore, California, USA.
- He resided at 3235 Freeman Street in 1935 in San Diego, California, USA.
 - 9-**Richard Douglas Maw**^{20,54,56} was born on 9 Jul 1902 in Ventura, California, USA and died on 28 May 1992 in Howard, Texas, USA at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manager of the Purchasing Dept., Ryan Aircraft in 1940 in San Diego, California, USA.
- 8-Ernest Archibald Maw³¹ was born on 31 Dec 1876 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 8 Feb 1878 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 1.
- 8-Eric Stafford Maw²⁵ was born on 12 Jun 1878 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 10 Jun 1888 in Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 9.
- 8-Edith Muriel Maw⁵⁷ was born in Sep 1880 in Sudbury, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1896-Jul 1898 in York, Yorkshire.
- 9-Edith Mary Gregory was born on 17 Jul 1906 in Tananarive, Madagascar and died in 1980 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 74.
- 9-Harold Stafford Gregory⁵⁷ was born in Aug 1915 in Tananarive, Madagascar and died on 13 Sep 1915 in Tananarive, Madagascar.
- 8-Mary Violet Maw was born on 30 Nov 1882 in Sudbury, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1898-Apr 1899 in York, Yorkshire.
 - 9-Alexander Benson Woodhead was born on 11 Feb 1905 in Chorlton upon Medlock, Manchester and died in 1921 in Manchester at age 16.
- 8-Geoffrev Waring Maw^{19,20,29,58,59,60,61,62,63} was born on 12 Aug 1885 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 11 May 1959 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73.

General Notes: A long and interesting letter from G. W. MAW (1899-1902) from Nagpur must be heavily scissored, in the manner of film production. He writes: "I have been sending home lots of newspaper cuttings giving long descriptions of the M.C.C. tour to my boys. Hugh, the youngest, hoped that I would ask C. K. Naidu to get the autographs of all the M.C.C. players. I am afraid I found the request rather embarrassing. I met C. K. Naidu rather more than a year ago, as he is an old student of Hislop College, and he was the lion of the season just about the time the College held its Annual Social Gathering, soon after Naidu's return from England. . . . " I have now been living for over six months in my third place of residence since returning to Nagpur fourteen months ago. To start of f with I shared a bungalow with one of the Church of Scotland missionaries, and then moved back to the bungalow on the Friends' Hostel compound. . . . The bungalow is an enormous barn of a place, built in the old spacious days when things were cheap and labour cost almost nothing. It is uncomfortably large according to modern missionary ideas, and there are not many missionaries nowadays who would not gladly exchange for something smaller and easier to manage, and not so far away from the people in more senses than one. I lived there through the hot weather, as that was the place provided for me by the Scottish Mission. But during the hot weather, in a very remarkable way, details of which I have no time to tell, I was led to the small house in the city which I now occupy. If you were to see a photograph of the house without any means of judging its scale you might think that I had gone into a still more palatial residence, as the house is a two-storey building, with a space under the roof that can be used as a storage place for lumber. But the rooms are really so low that neither up nor down stairs is there very much clearance for my head. In fact, in my office, which is the only room downstairs (not counting the front veranda), which by means of bamboo curtains I turn into a sitting-room if I have visitors, I can actually touch one of the beams with my head when I am standing under it. I am over 6 ft. when I have shoes on, but my highest door is 5 ft. 6 in., while the lowest is just half an inch less than 4 ft., and that is a door that I go through quite frequently.... The house is situated within twenty yards of a main street, on the other side of which is the big Government Hospital.... My immediate neighbours are blacksmiths, washermen, fishermen, and poUce...." But in spite of it all ... I have had a very happy six months here. I am on very good terms with all my neighbours. The next-door children, several of whom have not yet reached the stage when clothes are considered necessary for either sex, come wandering freely in and out of my house at almost any time of the day. In fact, almost every day, when I am doing something which I really must concentrate on, I have to put the chain on the courtyard door to keep them out. But they are a jolly, lively little crowd, and I can forgive them a lot, even when they come

and pull up some of the most precious things in my garden, which has been a great joy to them." *Bootham magazine - April 1934* MAW.'97On 11th May, 1959, at his home in Birmingham, Geoffrey Waring Maw (1899-1902), aged 73 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Theobald's Grammar School in 1896-1899 in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1899-1902 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of Barclays Bank in 1902-1907 in Stowmarket, Suffolk.
- Miscellaneous: Passed the Institute of Bankers Final Examination, 1905.
- He was educated at the Friends Foreign Mission Association for service in India in 1907-1910 in London.
- He emigrated to India in 1910.
- Miscellaneous: Head of list in the Third Hindi Language examination, 1914.
- He worked as an Elder of Mid-India YM.
- He worked as a Manager of Hislop Collegiate High School in 1930 in Nagpur, Maharashtra, India.
- He worked as a Quaker missionary.
 - 9-Allen Scarnell Maw^{20,59,64,65,66} was born on 30 Apr 1914 in Pachmarhi, Madhya Pradesh, India and died on 8 Jun 2003 in Wandsworth, London at age 89.

 General Notes: MAW.-On the 30th April, 1914, at Pachmarhi, C.P., India, Mildred Amy (Brison), wife of Geoffrey Waring Maw (1899-1902), a son, who was named Allen Scarnell.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School before 1928 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1928-1932 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Assistant Manager in a Catering Business in 1935 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He resided at 25c Durdham Park in 1935 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-Gillian Leila Maw

10-Anthony Cedric Maw

- 9-Noel Ransome Maw^{58,60} was born on 23 Nov 1915 in Hoshangabad, Madhya Pradesh, India and died on 4 Jun 1916 in Died on board the SS Scindia on the way home from Bombay. General Notes: MAW.-On the 23rd November, 1915, at Hoshangabad, C.P., India, Mildred A., wife of Geoffrey Waring Maw (1899-1900), a son, who was named Noel Ransome.
- 9-Dr. Theodore Stafford Maw⁶¹ was born on 6 Jul 1917 in 5 Kingsmead Close, Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 4 Dec 2011 in Rotherham, Yorkshire at age 94.

General Notes: MAW.-On the 6th July, 1917, at 5 Kingsmead Close, Selly Oak, Birmingham, Mildred A. (Brison), wife of Geoffrey W. Maw (1899-1902), a son, who was named Theodore Stafford.

Dr Theodore Stafford F.R.C.Ophth died quietly 4th December aged 93 years. Much loved husband of Sheila and dear father of the late Diana. Funeral Service at Hutcliffe Wood Crematorium, Sheffield, 12 noon, Thursday 16th December [2011]

- He worked as a Physician and Opthalmologist.
 - 10-Diana Stafford Maw Maw was born on 2 Aug 1951 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1991 in Ealing, London at age 40.
- 9-Hugh Waring Maw²⁹ was born on 2 Jun 1920 in Childers Lodge, Landowr, Mussoorie, Dehradun, Uttarakhand, India.

General Notes: MAW.-On the 2nd June, 1920, at Childers Lodge, Landowr, Mussoorie, India, Mildred Amy (Brison), wife of Geoffrey W. Maw (1899-1902), a son, who was named Hugh Waring.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Headmaster of Sibford School in 1956-1961.
 - 10-David P. Maw
 - 10-Alan R. Maw
 - 10-Christine Daphne Maw
- 9-Gillian Mary Maw⁶² was born on 22 Jun 1923.

General Notes: MAW.-On June 22nd, Mildred, wife of Geoffrey W. Maw (1899-1902), a daughter, who was named Gillian Mary.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.
- She worked as a Nurse.

7-Lucy Sophia Maw³⁴ was born in 1851 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 12 Jul 1862 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 11.

5-Martha Alexander^{1,2,131} was born in 1775 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 3 Feb 1851 in Melksham, Wiltshire at age 76.

Martha married **Thomas Jefferys**, ^{1,2,131,132} son of **Robert Jefferys** and **Mary**, on 7 Sep 1797 in FMH Needham Market. Thomas was born on 21 Feb 1773 in Melksham, Wiltshire and died on 17 Dec 1830 at age 57. They had ten children: **Alexander**, **Robert**, **Elizabeth**, **Samuel Alexander**, **Thomas**, **Edward**, **Martha**, **Mary Ann**, **Thomas**, and **John Henry Gurney**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- He worked as a Mealman in Melksham, Wiltshire.
 - 6-Alexander Jefferys¹³¹ was born on 3 Feb 1799 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
 - 6-Robert Jefferys¹³¹ was born on 22 Mar 1801 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
 - 6-Elizabeth Jefferys¹³¹ was born on 3 Feb 1803 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
 - 6-Samuel Alexander Jefferys 1,37,110,131,132,133 was born on 17 Aug 1804 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 20 May 1880 in Circncester, Gloucestershire at age 75, and was buried in FBG Circncester.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Coburg Place until 1875 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- He worked as a Mealman in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- He had a residence in 1875 in Circucester, Gloucestershire.

Samuel married **Sarah Thompson**, 1,37,110,132,133 daughter of **John Thompson**, and **Jane Thistlethwaite**, 25,26,110,132 on 24 Oct 1850 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. Sarah was born on 4 May 1819 in Holme, Hawes, Wensleydale, Yorkshire, died on 17 Jun 1871 in Melksham, Wiltshire at age 52, and was buried in FBG Melksham. They had five children: **Samuel Alexander**, **Edward**, **John Henry**, **Jane Mary**, and **Martha Louisa**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker minister.

7-Samuel Alexander Jefferys¹³² was born on 2 Oct 1851 in Melksham, Wiltshire and died in 1922 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 71.

General Notes: Samuel Alexander ("Alex") Jeffreys RET 6/19/1/83 Undated, c.1885-6

These documents are held at York University, Borthwick Institute for Archives

26 Items

Contents:

Letters by him to friends and one to Dr Baker; also a coloured cartoon drawing by him

Patient no. 1444, 1497, in Retreat 1881 - 1882, 1883 (transfer from Cheadle Asylum) - 1922 (died). Age 30 on first admission, Quaker, single, manufacturer, from Singleton Park, Kendal, later from Wellington, Somerset. Mania

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Singleton Park, Kendal, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Wellington, Somerset.
- He had a residence in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York.

7-Edward Jefferys^{37,132} was born on 20 Jul 1853 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 28 Dec 1885 in Davos, Switzerland at age 32, and was buried in Davos Platz Cemetery, Davos, Switzerland.

7-John Henry Jefferys 132,133 was born on 21 Apr 1855 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 31 Jul 1903 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 48, and was buried in FBG Stramongate, Kendal.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Card Manufacturer in Kendal, Cumbria.

John married **Mary Agnes Smithson**, 132,133 daughter of **Thomas Smithson** 1,38,116,132,133 and **Emma Spencer**, 1,38,132,133 on 20 Apr 1887 in FMH Rochdale. Mary was born on 23 Nov 1855 in Facit, Rochdale, Lancashire. They had seven children: **Millicent, Bryan, Edward, Cecily, Barbara, Nancy**, and **Guy**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1909 in Kendal, Cumbria.
 - 8-Millicent Jefferys¹³² was born on 24 Feb 1888 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Polam Hall in Darlington, County Durham.
- She was educated at Somerville College in Oxford.
- 8-Bryan Jefferys¹³² was born on 21 Jul 1889 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park school 1903 To 1908 in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Card manufacturer in 1910 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- 8-Edward Jefferys¹³² was born on 9 Nov 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Leighton Park school 1903 To 1909 in Reading, Berkshire.

8-Cecily Jefferys¹³² was born on 3 Jan 1892 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Polam Hall in Darlington, County Durham.
- 8-Barbara Jefferys¹³² was born on 18 Jul 1893 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Polam Hall in 1910 in Darlington, County Durham.
- 8-Nancy Jefferys¹³² was born on 11 Nov 1894 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Polam Hall in 1910 in Darlington, County Durham.
- 8-**Guy Jefferys**¹³² was born on 11 Jul 1898 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- 7-Jane Mary Jefferys was born on 29 Mar 1857 in Melksham, Wiltshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1910 in Upperthorpe, Darlington, County Durham.
- 7-Martha Louisa Jefferys¹³² was born on 18 May 1859 in Melksham, Wiltshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1910 in Upperthorpe, Darlington, County Durham.
- 6-**Thomas Jefferys**¹³¹ was born on 9 Jan 1806 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- 6-Edward Jefferys¹³¹ was born on 14 Feb 1808 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- 6-Martha Jefferys^{1,131,134} was born on 3 Feb 1809 in Melksham, Wiltshire and died on 5 Dec 1880 in Circncester, Gloucestershire at age 71.

Martha married **Thomas Iliffe Brewin**, 1,134,135 son of **John Brewin** 1,135,136 and **Hester Bowly**, 135,136 in 1852. Thomas was born in 1809 in Circncester, Gloucestershire and died in 1878 at age 69.

- He worked as a Seed Merchant in Cirencester, Gloucestershire.
- 6-Mary Ann Jefferys¹³¹ was born on 14 May 1811 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- 6-**Thomas Jefferys**¹³¹ was born on 6 Oct 1814 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- 6-John Henry Gurney Jefferys¹³¹ was born on 11 Jan 1823 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- 5-John Gurney Alexander was born on 18 Jan 1778 in Needham Market, Suffolk, died on 16 May 1778 in Needham Market, Suffolk, and was buried on 19 May 1778 in FBG Needham Market.
- 5-John Gurney Alexander¹ was born on 14 Jan 1781 in Needham Market, Suffolk, died on 16 Jun 1781 in Needham Market, Suffolk, and was buried on 19 Jun 1781 in FBG Needham Market.
- 5-Elizabeth Alexander¹²⁰ was born on 17 Jul 1782 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 8 Aug 1844 in Worcester, Worcestershire at age 62.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1794 in York, Yorkshire.

Elizabeth married **Thomas Burlingham**, 1,17,120 son of **John Burlingham** and **Hannah Bradley**, on 23 Jul 1807 in Needham Market, Suffolk. Thomas was born on 16 May 1783 in Worcester, Worcestershire and died on 18 Nov 1856 in Needham Market, Suffolk at age 73. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Glover in Worcester, Worcestershire.

6-Elizabeth Burlingham^{1,8,17} was born in 1813, died on 19 Oct 1893 in Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 80, and was buried in FBG Witton, Birmingham.

Elizabeth married **Jonathan Grubb**, ^{1,8,17} son of **John Grubb**^{1,17,137} and **Sarah Lynes**, ^{1,17,137,138} in 1844. Jonathan was born on 12 Jan 1808 in Clonmel, Tipperary, Ireland, died on 17 Jun 1894 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 86, and was buried on 21 Jun 1894 in FBG Witton, Birmingham. They had five children: **Sarah, Thomas Burlingham, John, Edward**, and **Elizabeth Lucy**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Miller in Lexden Mill, Lexden, Colchester, Essex.
- He worked as a Joint manager, Alexander's Bank in Sudbury, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

7-Sarah Grubb^{134,139} was born in 1846 and died on 16 Aug 1932 at age 86.

Sarah married **Stanley Pumphrey**, 1,20,43,134,139,140,141 son of **Stanley Pumphrey**, and **Mary Westcombe**, 1,11 on 17 Jul 1877 in Sudbury, Suffolk. Stanley was born on 15 Jul 1837 in Worcester, Worcestershire and died on 17 Feb 1881 in Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 43. The cause of his death was Typhoid. They had one daughter: **Mary Elizabeth**.

General Notes: Stanley Pumphrey, 43 17 2 mo. 1881 Worcester. A Minister.

Stanley Pumphrey was the son of Stanley and Mary Pumphrey, and was born at Worcester on the 15th of Seventh month, 1837. He early tasted of the love of Jesus. Once, when, a very tiny child, he was looking at pictures on his mothers knee. "What is this picture, mamma?" he said, pointing to one of the Lord Jesus Christ. And as she told him of Christ's love for little children, he looked lovingly at the picture, and whispered, with a reverence one who heard will not forget, "Jesus, my Saviour." Yet his mother often felt needlessly anxious about the future of her high-spirited boy. "Stanley, thou must do what I tell thee," his father said one day, when reproving him for a lack of prompt obedience. <'I won't; I'll kill myself!" answered the passion- ate child. "Thou art to do what I tell thee first; thou canst do as thou likes about the other afterwards," was his father's characteristic reply.

His mother's death, which took place when he was eight years old, made a great impression on him, and from that time he was certainly to be known as a Christian boy. But though taken from him while still so young, his mother left an abiding influence on his character. It was to her he owed that love of the beautiful, which made him in after life the helpful art critic, the passionate lover of good poetry, and the enthusiastic admirer of Nature's beauties; the last leading him to take strange scrambles at unwonted hours to secure some rare flower or longed-for view. "I think," said one, "I see the boy still with his jacket buttoned round the bunch of wild flowers too big for his hands to hold;" while another remembers the reverent delight with which, when grown to manhood, he would kneel beside some rarely beautiful flower, the better to enjoy a loveliness which made it, as he would say, "too beautiful to pick." It was to his mother, too, and to the stories of Moffat and others, told and listened to with such loving eager interest that he owed that love for foreign mission work that afterwards made him the active member of the Friends' Foreign Mission Committee, the zealous advocate of Foreign Missions, and the warm helper of the work of the United Brethren. Whilst he was at school at Charlbury, Ack- worth, and York, his Christian influence made itself felt. At one time he was much troubled that bad language should be used in the school, and with others successfully exerted himself to put a stop to it. The ministry of the late James

Backhouse, of York, had a powerful influence for good over him; there were few whom the lad so reverenced; and when at one time J. B. was laid aside with dangerous illness, he prayed earnestly that a life so useful might be prolonged, and rejoiced that the Lord heard and answered his prayer.

On leaving school S. P. was apprenticed to an ironmonger in Worcester, and won esteem by the Christian thoroughness with which he attended to his work. Much of his leisure was spent in reading. Always fond of books, he gathered round him a choice and well-read selection, both in English and French. He was very careful what he read, and with one book of poetry lie carefully cut out or pasted over objectionable passages, because he wanted his sisters to be able to enjoy it too, with no fear of harm. Sometimes he undertook a special course of reading, to pre- pare lectures (for private audiences) on Dante, Pascal, Chrysostom, and other congenial subjects. Much careful study was also given to the preparation of an Essay on "The Causes of Numerical Decline in the Society of Friends," and it was a disappointment to him that he did not get the prize which had been offered for the best. At this time he would have liked much to devote himself to literature rather than trade, but readily accepted the judicious advice of his father and uncle (Thomas Pumphrey) in the matter, and reaped the benefit of the more practical training. There is no doubt that both as a man and a minister he owed much all his life long to his father's wise training, high-toned example, shrewd counsel, and common-sense.

During his apprenticeship his First-days and often week-day evenings were spent at home, and it was his own impression that during years so important in the development of his character, nothing exercised so good and helpful an influence over him as his sister Helen's "most pure and gentle life." (Helen Clark Eddington died 13th of First month, 1877, while he was in America.) First-day evenings were mostly spent in reading with her; but often the book would be dropped while the two young sisters he so delighted to teach listened with eager interest to his lively narratives of other things which he

had heard or read, or to the earnest thoughts which made them think years before he ever spoke as a minister, "Our boy will certainly become a preacher."

Another who helped him much at this time was a good old Wesleyan minister living in Worcester, who, while not attempting to proselytize, extended to him an amount of much-ap- preciated pastoral care rarely given by any minister to one not belonging to his own donomina- tion. S. P. was then what may be called "a strict Friend," and one day rather astonished the verger of Worcester Cathedral by giving him, in reply to a polite request to take off his hat, a long dissertation on Friends' views with regard to the consecration of churches, &c.

It was in the spring of 1858, while still under twenty-one, that Stanley Pumphrey first spoke as a minister, taking for his text, "The love of Christ constraineth us, because we thus judge, that if one died for all then were all dead; and that He died for all that they which live should not henceforth live unto themselves but unto Him which died for them and rose again." The same year he removed to Dublin, to pursue his business training in the employ of Edmund- son & Co., where he soon became popular by his kind disposition and cheerful temperament, and entered with zest into all the recreations of the young people. His love of fun never left him, and, years after, some humorous remark or ludi- crous incident often acted as a refreshing tonic when mind and body were alike weary under the strain of long-continued work.

He was very regular in the attendance of meetings for worship, both on First-days and those held in the middle of the week, and was warmly interested in matters connected with our religious Society. He was one of the first who assisted in originating the Friends' First-day school in Dublin, and he took a warm interest in his class and in the welfare of his scholars. He took an active interest also in the Literary Institute there, writing several papers for it, and generally join- ing in the discussions on the various subjects introduced.

In 1861, he went into partnership as an iron-monger with William Alexander, of Cirencester, and for the next eleven years was closely occupied with trade. Yet while he regretted that this should be so, and longed for further opportunity for evangelistic work, his influence as a Christian man of business - prompt, punctual, and to be depended on - was making itself felt, and busi-ness itself was training him to make a more diligent and efficient preacher of the Gospel.

In 1863, he married Ellen Horsnaill, of Rochester. The death of his lovely wife after a long illness, in 1868, was a terrible blow to him. "I never saw any man so aged with anything," a neighbour remarked. But all the while his character was deepening; and it was of a time shortly after this that an old servant said, "I shall always thank God that he lived; I well remember the influence that his morning prayers had over me, and how I wished I could lead such a holy and happy life." From the time of his wife's illness, daily prayer in the family was his invariable custom. He had made up his mind, as he said, once for all that it was right, and waited for no further call. "Were I to wait each morning for some remarkably definite special call," he said, "I might wait in vain."

A tour in Switzerland and North Italy in 1869, with his father and brother, H. S. Newman, was a great enjoyment to him. "Truly," he wrote, " we have seen the works of the Creator in all their majesty, and the Psalmist's songs of praise have often been remembered. Which by His strength, setteth fast the mountains, being girded with power,' has a fulness of meaning for me now I never felt before." In 1872, Stanley Pumphrey gave up a lucrative business, to devote himself more exclusively to the work of the Gospel, and removed to Worcester. Here, as at Cirencester, he took active interest in the temperance cause, and other town and philanthropic matters, though his frequent absence from home on Gospel errands prevented his giving the steady attention to school or city mission work which he might otherwise have done. The long and repeated visits which he paid to Ireland and the eastern counties will be remembered by Friends there. He had a great concern for the religious well-being of young men, and had interviews of a very interesting character with those in Dublin. From the time of his residence there he took specially warm interest in everything Irish. "My thoughts are very much in Ireland still," he wrote on his return There is sadness in leaving those amongst whom I have been so long engaged, and who are endeared to me by a thousand kindnesses." In the intervals between his visits, and also while occupied in them, he greatly enjoyed social intercourse with his friends, and it was increasingly his desire to turn this social intercourse to good account. He delighted to show hospitality, and nothing pleased him better than to gather his friends together at his house to listen to Theophilus Waldmeier, or other able advocates of mission work. He had time and sympathy to spare also for political matters, and few would think how deep the interest with which he watched either actual or threatened war, I could have cried over the news yesterday," he wrote during the Franco-German war; " and yet how utterly impossible it

In 1875, in obedience as he believed to the call of God, Stanley Pumphrey sailed for America. "These partings make us sad," he wrote on leaving, "but I accept my mission thankfully, as I doubt not you also can for me. When we really give up anything for the Lord's sake, I believe He always gives^a full return, and I am not afraid of being unhappy or that you will. There will be trials and sorrows no doubt, but the Lord reigns^ and His grace does much more abound. I hope to be of good courage, my heart fixed, trusting in the Lord." Often afterwards he wrote of "the joy of service," and in his first sermon on his return to England, in 1877, from the text, "When I sent you out, lacked ye anything 1" it was with a voice tremulous with emotion that he answered from the depths of his own experience, "Nothing, Lord!" and went on to tell of the Lord's abounding grace.

S. Pumphrey attended Baltimore and North Carolina Yearly Meetings in the autumn of 1875, and spent the next few months in visiting the meetings of Friends in North Carolina. "There is no end of work wants doing here," he wrote, "and the labourers are few." He enjoyed meetings with the coloured people, and liked to watch their delighted faces, and hear them laugh for joy. "We thought," they said, "that may be as he'd come so far, he'd have some new way to tell us; but, bless the Lord, it's just the same old way we've known about so long." In looking back upon his work in North Carolina, he wrote: "I am thankful for the three months I have passed here. They have been attended with un-numbered blessings. I have had strength of body and of voice, of mind and soul, for each day's work as it arose. Certainly strength has been given beyond what I have asked or thought. In eleven days, one of which was occupied with twelve hours' travelling, Allen Jay and I had twenty-nine meetings, and several times I suppose I spoke fully three hours in the day. You may think it too much," [he had had slight haemorrhage from the lungs the previous spring, and doctors had warned him to be careful J " but the people are hungry, and the Lord calls and gives strength for work. I have been received with unvarying kindness, and have added many to my list of friends. The Lord has given me very helpful companions. There has been clear evidence that He has given and blessed the message. I believe, too, that He has forgiven the manifold imperfections and negligences, and has taught me valuable lessons. I would adopt as my own the words, 'What shall I render!' and, setting up another Ebenezer, wish to consecrate myself afresh wholly to the Lord."

In the spring of 1876 S. P. attended Philadelphia Yearly Meeting, and visited many of the meetings which compose it. In the Sixth month he was at the New York and New England Yearly Meetings, and spent the whole of the summer in New England. Among other refreshments of that interesting time were visits to J. G. Whittier and H. W. Longfellow, to which he always recurred with pleasure. Travelling -westward, he attended Western, Indiana, and Kansas Yearly Meetings, and then, in company with Enoch Hoag, spent several weeks in visiting the various Indian settlements in the Indian territory. This visit was of great interest to him. He was everywhere warnily welcomed by the Government agents, and missionaries of various denominations, and met with as cordial a reception from the Indians themselves; the Senate and House of Representatives of the Choctaw nation suspending their meetings to give them a hearing, and showing their appreciation of the Englishman's appropriate address by crowding round him afterwards to shake hands. Interpreters were ready to translate for him into their sign language, till their arms ached with the exertion; while Indian children wanted him to stop with them always, or ran after him to tell him how his words should be remembered for a hundred years to come. He spent Christmas among the Modoc Indians, enjoying such a "tree" as he had never seen before. The information gathered in this tour, and in subsequent visits to Canadian Indians, he afterwards embodied in a pamphlet on "Indian Civilisation;" while it w r as always a pleasure to him to lecture

on the subject, or in any other way to promote an active interest in Indian tribes.

After resting at Cincinnati during the "idlest week" he passed in America, S. P. went on to spend a few weeks in Tennessee. The poverty of the kind people among its mountains called forth his ever warm and ready sympathy. To one of these the gift of his own great-coat was looked upon as providential, and it was an added satisfaction to the giver to see it "a really good fit." The spring found him again at Philadelphia, but his tarriance there was short, as he returned to England in time to attend London Yearly Meeting.

In the summer of 1877 he married Sarah, the daughter of Jonathan Grubb, of Sudbury, and took her back to America with him in time to be present at Iowa Yearly Meeting in the Ninth month. This was followed, in rapid succession, by Western, Indiana, and Kansas Yearly Meetings, and the Biennial First-day School Conference at Indianapolis. The next few months were spent in visiting the meetings which compose Indiana Yearly Meeting. S. P. thus sums up the winter's work: "We have been in all the Indiana Quarterly Meetings, and at a large proportion of their particular meetings, and not unfrequently have been at from two to half a dozen or more meetings in a place. Probably all through the winter I have averaged twelve meetings a week." A visit to Arkansas followed, where he was greatly pleased with the work carried on in connection with the Southland College, and ever after retained a warm and active interest in it. In the Fifth month he revisited Tennessee, and spent two of the summer months in Canada. The autumn of 1878 was spent in visiting the meetings of Iowa Yearly Meeting, in revisiting some of those in Kansas, ia a second visit to the interesting Quapaw and Modoc agency, and by the close of the year S. and S. G. P. were again in Indiana. After spending two or three months there, visiting the meetings composing Western Yearly Meeting, they passed on to New York, and by the time of the Yearly Meeting had attended most of its particular meetings. Then, a few weeks having been spent in various parts of New England, they proceeded to visit Friends in Ohio. In the autumn of 1879, besides attending Ohio, S. P. was again present at Western, Indiana, and North Carolina Yearly Meetings, and spent a few weeks in revisiting some parts of Carolina.

During the last few months of his stay in America he was much occupied in endeavouring to awaken among Friends a deeper and more general interest in foreign mission work, and to bring about more united action in the matter by their different Yearly Meetings. With this object h

"II. To describe briefly the work Friends have done in the Foreign Mission field during the last fifteen years.

should take from the Acts of the Apostles, and the example of the early Church and the early Friends.

" III. To set forth the advantages to be derived from associated action on the part of all Friends in America, and to give practical suggestions as to the working and sustaining of an American Friends' Missionary Board."

The Address, with some alterations, was afterwards published, and makes a useful little book on Friends' Foreign Mission work.

The. time had now come (First month, 1880) when S. P. felt that his work in America was completed. He had travelled, including his journeys across the Atlantic, about 60,000 miles. He had attended, during the four years of his service there, twenty -two Yearly Meetings: - Baltimore, Canada, and Ohio, once; North Carolina, Philadelphia, New York, New England, and Iowa, twice; Indiana, Western, and Kansas, three times. His work had largely lain in the attendance of Quarterly Meetings. In most of the Yearly Meetings these are well arranged for the convenience of travelling preachers, being fixed a week apart, and so as not to involve unnecessary travel. The meetings generally include a First-day, at which time the people from the whole neighborhood crowd in, so that a large concourse come together ; and in no other way can the whole body of the Society be so readily met with. In the intervals between the Quarterly Meetings many particular meetings can be visited. Out of the ninety Quarterly Meetings on the American continent, S. P. attended over seventy- some of them repeatedly - and he worked, more or less, in all of them except Walnut Ridge, in Kansas, which is so difficult to reach that it would have taken him an extra month to visit it, and for that no fit opportunity occurred. Out of the 644 meetings of Friends in America, he visited 440, many of them repeatedly. He also attended a few Wilbur meetings, and a good many with the Hicksites and with Christians of other denominations. Probably ten meetings a week for the whole four years would be a correct estimate of his work. In many places he delivered valuable lectures on the Religious Teaching of the Society of Friends, which he intended on his return to England to revise and print. He did not live to accomplish this. Only one lecture was finished, and that has appeared in the Friends Quarterly Examiner, S. and S. G. Pumphrey returned to England early in 1880. He attended the Yearly Meetings in Dublin and London, and paid short visits at several places, generally combining the attendance of meetings of various sorts with the pleasures of social intercourse. In the autumn his only child was born. He had great love for children, and, in return, was a general favourite, while his remarkably happy way with them made them, as they would say, "never want to be naughty when he was by." Always feeling them a pleasure and refreshment, it is no wonder that he should now speak thankfully of possessing "the added treasure of a dear little daughter." He went just after Christmas to Leominster, to supply the place of his brother, H. S. Newman, then in India. He gave an excellent address at the annual meeting of H. S. N.'s adult class, on Bible Revision, a subject in which he had long taken deep interest; and he was looking forward impatiently for the publication of the Revised New Testament. He delighted the children at the Orphan Homes with his American stories, and entered, with his own hearty interest, into all that was going on. On the 8th of First month, 1881, though even then unwell, he went to Sheffield to lecture there. The same evening he gave an address on America to the First-day school, and the next day was at the usual meetings of Friends, preaching impressively on the fulness of blessing which there is in Christ. On the 10th he was too ill to fulfil his engagement or return home. His illness proved to be typhoid fever, and his wife was telegraphed for. He did not suffer acutely, and, while keeping very quiet, enjoyed much blessed communion with the Lord. The complaint at first progressed favourably; but a relapse came on, and though all was done throughout that medical skill and the most thoughtful kindness could do, it was soon evident that death was near. When told of his danger he said that if called to go he was "quite ready," but still he thought he should recover, and he longed to do so that he might preach Christ better than he had ever done before. In God's unerring wisdom the call came, and on the 17th of the Second month he entered on the "perfect service in our Master's presence" to which he had always looked forward as "one of the brightest joys of heaven."

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1851-1852 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Ironfounder in Worcester, Worcestershire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
- He had a residence in Brittania Square, Worcester, Worcestershire.

- 8-Mary Elizabeth Pumphrey was born on 14 Sep 1880 and died in 1969 in York, Yorkshire at age 89.
- 7-**Thomas Burlingham Grubb**^{30,46,49,104,142,143} was born on 24 Jul 1848 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 16 Feb 1931 at age 82.

General Notes: GRUBB.-On 16th February, Thomas Burlingham Grubb (1862-64), aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1862-1864 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Flax merchant and Miller in Long Melford, Suffolk.
- He had a residence in 1891 in Alvechurch, Worcestershire.
- · He was a Quaker.

Thomas married Sarah Frame. They had nine children: Theodore William, Katherine, Helen, Sarah Elizabeth, Benjamin, John Edward, Hannah, Gertrude Marion, and James Herbert.

8-Theodore William Grubb¹⁴⁴ was born on 12 Mar 1873 in Long Melford, Suffolk and died on 16 Feb 1956 in Bainbridge, Wensleydale, Yorkshire at age 82.

General Notes: GRUBB.-On 16th February, 1956, at his home at Bainbridge, Wensleydale, Theodore William Grubb, aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1887-1889 in York, Yorkshire.

Theodore married **Annie Crosby**.

- 8-Katherine Grubb was born on 5 Feb 1874 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died in 1940 at age 66.
- 8-**Helen Grubb**³⁰ was born on 29 Jan 1875 in Sudbury, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1889-Jun 1892 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

Helen married **John Edward Hall**, son of **John William Hall**^{1,30,145} and **Mary Ann Smith**, ^{1,30,145} on 31 Aug 1904 in Axbridge, Somerset. John was born in 1876 in Thirsk, Yorkshire. They had three children: **John Philipson, Mary L.**, and **Christable**.

9-**John Philipson Hall**²⁰ was born in 1907 in Thirsk, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1920-1924 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1924-1926 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of Harrods in 1926-1927 in Knightsbridge, London.
- He resided at Scott's Garth in 1935 in Sutton, Thirsk, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of Jones Bros. In Holloway, London.
- He worked as a Directors of B. Smiths Ltd., Drapers in Thirsk, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Clerk and Treasurer of Thirsk Preparatory Meeting in Thirsk, Yorkshire.

John married **Joan Wigham Edmundson**, 1,20 daughter of **John Edgar Edmundson** and **Marion Hall**, in 1931 in Hendon, Middlesex. Joan was born in 1907 and died in 1941 at age 34. They had two children: **John Bartholomew** and **Judith Edmundson**.

10-**John Bartholomew Hall**²⁰ was born in 1932 in Thirsk, Yorkshire and died in 1984 at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1948-1950 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Botanist.

10-Judith Edmundson Hall²⁰ was born in 1935 in Thirsk, Yorkshire and died in 1992 at age 57.

Judith married **Prof. Andrew Karpati Kennedy** in 1958. Andrew was born on 9 Jan 1931 in Győr, Hungary and died on 20 Dec 2016 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 85. Another name for Andrew was Kárpáti Andor Ödön. They had two children: **Veronica** and **Nicholas**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Author and Literary critic.
 - 11-Veronica Kennedy
 - 11-Nicholas Kennedy
- 9-Mary L. Hall was born in 1912 in Thirsk, Yorkshire.
- 9-Christable Hall was born in 1914 in Thirsk, Yorkshire.
- 8-Sarah Elizabeth Grubb³⁰ was born on 12 Jan 1876 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died in 1940 at age 64.

Noted events in her life were:

- · She was a Quaker.
- She was educated at The Mount School in 1893 in York, Yorkshire.

Sarah married Albert Favell.

8-Benjamin Grubb was born on 1 Jun 1877 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died in 1968 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to New Zealand.

Benjamin married Ada E. Foster. They had one son: John Benjamin.

9-John Benjamin Grubb was born on 17 Sep 1911.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fruit grower in New Zealand.
- He had a residence in Papatoetoe, Auckland New Zealand.

John married Gwendoline Pickwell, daughter of Charles H. Pickwell. They had three children: Benjamin Charles, Rainsford John, and David James.

10-Benjamin Charles Grubb

Benjamin married Christine Marriner, daughter of Colin Marriner. They had two children: Aaron Michael and Sarah Belinda.

11-Aaron Michael Grubb

11-Sarah Belinda Grubb

10-Rainsford John Grubb

Rainsford married Wendy Jean McKenzie, daughter of John Harvey McKenzie.

10-David James Grubb

- 8-John Edward Grubb⁴⁶ was born on 7 Jul 1878 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 9 Feb 1880 in Sudbury, Suffolk at age 1.
- 8-Hannah Grubb⁴⁶ was born on 15 Oct 1879 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 5 Nov 1879 in Sudbury, Suffolk.
- 8-Gertrude Marion Grubb¹⁰⁴ was born on 11 Dec 1880 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 7 Jun 1919 in Napier, Hawkes Bay, New Zealand at age 38.
- 8-James Herbert Grubb.

James married Emily Augusta Brand. They had one daughter: Louise Catherine.

9-Louise Catherine Grubb

Thomas next married **Caroline Dixon**, 49,142,146 daughter of **John Dixon** 104,108,146 and **Louisa Wilson**, 108,146 on 18 Jul 1899 in FMH Great Ayton. Caroline was born on 28 Oct 1869 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire. They had four children: **Edward Dixon**, **Stanley**, **Eileen Susanna**, and **Gerald Burlingham**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Schoolmistress of Great Ayton.
 - 8-Edward Dixon Grubb was born in 1900 and died in 1972 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer.
- He worked as an Author.
- 8-Stanley Grubb was born in 1902.
- 8-Eileen Susanna Grubb⁴⁹ was born on 8 Dec 1903 in Fingringhoe, Colchester, Essex.

General Notes: GRUBB.-On the 8th December, 1903, Caroline, wife of Thomas Burlingham Grubb (1862-4), a daughter, who was named Eileen Susanna.

8-Gerald Burlingham Grubb¹⁴² was born on 4 Sep 1906 in Fingringhoe, Colchester, Essex.

General Notes: GRUBB.-On the 4th September, 1906, at Fingringhoe, Colchester, Caroline, the wife of Thomas B. Grubb (1862-64), a son, who was named Gerald Burlingham.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as an Architect.

Gerald married Gladys Beatrice Nichol. They had one son: Robert Buchanan.

9-Robert Buchanan Grubb-Nichol

Robert married Anne Bristow.

7-John Grubb¹ was born on 6 Dec 1850 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 14 Mar 1944 in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot.
- He worked as a Gas & Electric Light Fitting Manufacturer of Birmingham.

John married **Madeline Kenway**, daughter of **Gawen Ball Kenway**, and **Hannah Player Heath**, 1,34,41,75,141,147 in 1876. Madeline was born on 11 Feb 1854 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1945 in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset at age 91. They had one son: **David Burlingham**.

8-David Burlingham Grubb^{1,54,99,148,149} was born on 13 Mar 1878 in Claremont Road, Handsworth, Birmingham and died on 31 Jul 1964 in Taunton Hospital, Taunton, Somerset at age 86.

General Notes: GRUBB.-On 31st July, 1964, in hospital at Taunton, David Burlingham Grubb (1893-95), aged 86 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1893-1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Gas & Electric light fittings manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in Winscombe, Somerset.

David married **Marian Poynting**, 1,54,99 daughter of **Prof. John Henry Poynting** and **Maria Adney Cropper**, on 3 Jun 1902. Marian was born in 1882 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1923 at age 41. They had three children: **Elizabeth Adney, John Burlingham**, and **Gawen Kenway**.

9-Elizabeth Adney Grubb was born in 1906 in Alvechurch, Worcestershire.

Elizabeth married John Pulsford.

9-John Burlingham Grubb 150 was born in 1907 in Barnt Green, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 28 Aug 1970 at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1920-1924 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Teacher, Bootham School in 1929-1936.
- He worked as a Teacher at Ross-on-Wye Grammar School.

John married Mollie Coomber. They had one son: Paul.

10-Paul Grubb

Paul married Sylvia Edwards. They had two children: Michael and David.

- 11-Michael Grubb
- 11-David Grubb
- 9-Gawen Kenway Grubb^{99,151,152,153} was born on 4 May 1908 in High Croft, Alvechurch, Worcestershire and died in Feb 1998 in Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 89.

General Notes: GRUBB.-On the 4th May, 1908, at High Croft, Alvechurch, Marian, wife of David B. Grubb (1893-5), a son who was named Gawen Kenway.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1922-1927 in York, Yorkshire.

Gawen married Evelyn Mercier. They had two children: Antony Gawen and Gillian.

10-Antony Gawen Grubb

Antony married Enyl Hughes. They had one daughter: Amanda.

11-Amanda Grubb

10-Gillian Grubb

Gillian married Andrew Evans.

David next married **Erica Spence**, ^{1,20,148,154,155,156} daughter of **Robert Foster Spence** and **Maria Dunning**, ^{1,20,39,157} on 22 May 1928. Erica was born in 1885 and died in 1980 at age 95.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Ackworth School in 1896-1900.

7-**Edward Grubb**^{8,30,67,92,159,160,161,162} was born on 19 Oct 1854 in Sudbury, Suffolk, died on 23 Jan 1939 in 9 Sollershott, Letchworth, Hertfordshire at age 84, and was buried on 26 Jan 1939 in FBG Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

General Notes: Grubb, Edward (1854-1939), pacifist and social reformer, was born on 19 October 1854 at Sudbury, Suffolk, the fourth of five children of Jonathan Grubb (1808-1894), banker and Quaker minister, and his second wife, Elizabeth Burlingham (1813-1893). The father was of Irish descent but lived his adult life in England. Grubb was educated at home until 1865, when he entered Sidcot School in Somerset, the first of three Quaker institutions he attended. After three years at Bootham School in York, he determined to follow a teaching career and enrolled at Flounders Institute, Ackworth, the training ground for Quaker teachers. Grubb's conventional Quaker education gave him sufficient confidence to undertake studies in philosophy and political economy at University College, London, from where he graduated BA in 1876 and MA in 1880, but the biblically based evangelicalism of his parents' generation provided an inadequate shield to protect his faith from the influences of the materialistic philosophers he encountered in his studies. By the time he had completed his formal education Grubb had drifted into a slough of spiritual despond. Unable to find solace within the confines of evangelical Quakerism, he recalled feeling 'utterly alone,' fearing a final slide into 'bleak Agnosticism' (Grubb, 301). During the following decade, however, Grubb drew comfort from his marriage, in 1877, to Emma Maria Horsnaill (1857-1939), joy from their growing family (the first of five surviving children was born in 1878), and stability from secure tenure at Quaker schools in York and Scarborough. Gradually recovering his faith, partly through intensive reading of T. H. Green and other neo-Hegelian philosophers and partly through the inspiration of the American Quaker poet John Greenleaf Whittier, Grubb subsequently joined other liberal Friends in their efforts to make Quakerism a viable, relevant faith. Central to the work of these makers of the 'Quaker renaissance' was restoration of the egalitarian principle of the inner light, abandoned by evangelical Friends, to its central position in Quaker belief and practice. Recorded as a minister by Scarborough meeting in 1894, Grubb spread his vision of Quakerism through both his ministry and his published work. In a series of articles and books, including Social Aspects of the Quaker Faith (1899) and Authority and the Light Within (1908), Grubb sought to make his fellow Quakers aware of modern religious and scientific ideas while pioneering a new social outlook which eschewed traditional philanthropy for a systematic, progressive approach to the ills of industrial society. In 1901 Grubb left teaching and moved to the London area, becoming proprietor-editor of the British Friend, a Quaker monthly which served as a forum for disseminating his progressive views. In that same year Grubb was appointed secretary to the Howard Association for Prison Reform. In this capacity he undertook a three-month fact-finding tour of American prisons, conducting a series of interviews with people who ranged from Theodore Roosevelt in the White House to Jane Addams at Hull House and Booker T. Washington at Tuskegee Institute. Grubb resigned from his position with the Howard Association in 1905 but continued to edit the British Friend until its demise in 1913. Until the outbreak of the South African War, Grubb's acceptance of Friends' traditional peace testimony was pro forma, but when a number of prominent Quakers supported the British cause in South Africa, Grubb concluded: 'If that war could be condoned by so-called pacifists ... any war could be' (Grubb, 307), and he embraced absolute, uncompromising pacifism. He also made the British Friend an implacable foe of the National Service League's efforts to impose compulsory military training on British youth. When, in 1909, J. St Loe Strachey, editor of The Spectator, published A New Way of Life, representing compulsory service as the means for halting creeping moral degeneracy, Grubb responded with The True Way of Life, attacking popular militarism as a throwback to barbarism and gaining considerable attention within the peace movement. Grubb was also instrumental in securing Quaker approval of a definitive declaration of pacifism as 'an organic outgrowth of our Faith' (Minutes and Proceedings of the Yearly Meeting of Friends, 1912, 114). The outbreak of the First World War was a shattering blow to Grubb, but he recovered by throwing himself into the anti-war movement, playing a key role in the formation of the Fellowship of Reconciliation and, from July 1915, acting as treasurer of the No-Conscription Fellowship (NCF), Britain's largest anti-war, anti-conscription organization. Within the NCF, Grubb was chief fund-raiser, drawing upon the resources of wealthy Quakers to support the fellowship's struggle. In May 1916 Grubb was among NCF leaders, mainly socialists and agnostics, prosecuted for publishing an allegedly seditious pamphlet. His demeanour on the witness stand moved a co-defendant, Bertrand Russell, to remember Grubb as someone he admired 'very greatly' (Russell, 39). Grubb was convicted with the others, but allowed his fine to be paid so that he could continue to keep the NCF solvent. After the war ended, Grubb became increasingly absorbed in Quaker religious thought. During the last twenty years of his life he produced a dozen books and numerous articles on Quaker theology and practice, the final legacy to his beloved Religious Society before he died at his home, 9 Sollershott, Letchworth, on 23 January 1939. He was buried on 26 January at the Friends' meeting-house in Hitchin. Thomas C. Kennedy -----

EDWARD GRUBB When I went to Bootham as a small boy Edward Grubb was my first master, and I have had the privilege of his friendship ever since. We have walked and talked and fished together, three links of lasting friendship. He was a boy at Bootham from 1868 to 1871, and Junior Master from 1872 to 1875. At the age of 23 he married Emma M. Horsnaill; his widow and five children survive him. He was private tutor near Bristol and later visiting master in York, Scarborough and Southport, In 1901 he undertook the editorship of The British Friend, and was appointed secretary to the Howard Association. From then on his main work was devoted to the Society of Friends. Last autumn he wrote Some Personal Experiences,' which drew me into correspondence with him, and he sent a proof of an essay he had written on Divine Purpose, which shows sturdy intellectual vigour in his eighty-fifth year. As a young man Grubb studied philosophy, which, he says, "brought with it the entire collapse of the fabric of evangelical belief in which I had so far lived." The philosophy teaching of those days tended to blank materialism. He hungered for truth; after some years he found help in a preacher who could speak to his condition, John Hunter, a remarkable Congregational minister in York; in John Caird's Introduction to the Philosophy oj Religion, and in The Spiritual Order, by Thomas Erskine of Linlathen. He was also much influenced by the poems of Whittier, "the only Friend who had much to say to me at that time." Grubb tells how help came to him in those dark

days through the Adult School at York. "The close association with men who were exposed, in a way that I was not, to the rough-and-tumble of life, and the necessity of finding something that would help them to live well, brought me helpfully down from theories to the facts of life." A few years later he recognised that he had become a finder as well as a seeker; his Christianity changed from a fabric of thought to a developing personal life. He could write that the faith which is essential to Christianity is a much deeper thing than intellectual accept- ance of certain doctrines. " It is not only a belief in truth (cognitive), but a surrender to truth (volitional)." And so, having passed through deep waters, this honest seeker of Truth became one of the leaders of modern Quakerism. Those of us who were young men in the 'eighties were faced with grave intellectual difficulties. We had grown up in the evangelical Quakerism of the nineteenth century. The spirit of inquiry led us to Darwin's work, which made a leading principle visible, the principle that "every organism-and in this broad sense we may treat every human society and mankind at large as an organism-is an historical being, to be explained by its history." Many of us foresaw a rupture in the Society of Friends which would repeat the experience of Friends in the United States. And at this time leading Friends in England wished London Yearly Meeting to adopt the Richmond Declaration of Faith, which had come across the Atlantic. Grubb feared that it would "commit the Society to a narrow evangelical creed, including acceptance of an unintelligent idea of the Bible, belief in Eternal Punishment, and so forth." W. S. Lean led the opposition in the Yearly Meeting of 1888, declaring that "the tap-root of the document was struck deep into the soil of ecclesiasticism." Grubb took part in the discussion; and, to the surprise of many of us, the Yearly Meeting was not prepared to adopt the document. Fresh life was awakened in the Society; the Manchester Conference, and the Scarborough Summer School, marked the beginning of a new epoch. If John Wilhelm Rowntree, another Bootham boy, was the prophet of this Renaissance Quakerism, Edward Grubb was the phil- osopher of the movement. We have looked to him as our leader for some thirty years. He was deeply concerned with social questions and the brotherhood of man as parts of his religious faith; he wrote a number of books on religious subjects, and in one of his poems he suggests a picture of God as a Christlike Being. He is revealed to us not as warrior, not as angel- "But hands that laboured, lips that blessed, Man, complete in Love, expressed That eternal heart of God." Many a Bootham boy who never heard the name of Edward Grubb has imbibed something of his philosophy and religious teaching during the last forty years. A. R. Bootham magazine - April 1939 Grubb.— On 23rd January, at Letchworth, Edward Grubb (1868-71), aged 84 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1868-1871 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Flounders Institute, Ackworth.
- He was educated at University College, London.
- He worked as a Science teacher. Bootham School, York 1872 To 1875.
- He worked as a Schoolteacher in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Editor of the British Friend 1901 To 1913 in London.
- He worked as a Secretary to the Howard Association for Prison Reform 1901 To 1905.
- He was a Quaker.

Edward married **Emma Maria Horsnaill**, 8,30,67,92,159,160,161 daughter of **Henry Horsnaill**, and **Eliza Catchpool**, 1,67,135 on 7 Aug 1877 in Braintree, Essex. Emma was born on 24 May 1857 in Bulford Mill, Braintree, Essex and died in 1939 at age 82. They had six children: **Edith Marian, Anna Margaret, Howard Burlingham, Norman Henry, Margery**, and **Elizabeth**.

Marriage Notes: GOLDEN WEDDING.

GRUBB-HORSNAILL.-On August 7th, 1877, at Braintree, Essex, Edward Grubb (1868-1871), to Emma Maria Horsnaill. **DIAMOND WEDDING.**

Grubb-Horsnaill.— On 7th August, 1877, at Braintree, Essex, Edward Grubb (1868-71), to Emma Maria Horsnaill.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

8-Edith Marian Grubb^{30,67} was born in 1878 in Westbury on Severn, Gloucestershire and died in 1967 at age 89.

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1893-Jul 1897 in York, Yorkshire.
- · She was a Quaker.
- She worked as a Music teacher.
- 8-Anna Margaret Grubb⁶⁷ was born in 1881 in York, Yorkshire and died in 1881 in York, Yorkshire.

8-**Howard Burlingham Dunington-Grubb**²⁰ was born on 30 Apr 1881 in York, Yorkshire and died on 26 Feb 1965 in Oakville, Ontario, Canada at age 83. Another name for Howard was Howard Burlingham Grubb.^{67,91,163,164,165}

General Notes: H. B. DUNINGTON-GRUBB (1895-8) writes from Toronto that "There is no sign of the building and construction industry picking up yet. The last figures I saw, for October 1933, were lower than October 1932—less than 10 per cent, of normal. . . . It seems to me that the Canadians are the most conservative people on the face of the earth. After feeling so sorry and patronising about the poor Old Country with its dole they now suddenly find that they have a much worse dole than anything England ever heard of. Many of the contractors here will only employ men on relief because they can pay a starvation wage even to carpenters, and underbid. It is impossible to finance building here because the Government has been forced to put a moratorium on mortgages in order to prevent half the population from being thrown into the street. Retail business is picking up a little, so we live in hopes." *Bootham magazine - April 1934*H. B. DUNINGTON-GRUBB (1895-8) is at the time of writing in England for a short stay. Referring to the deplorable state of the building industry in Canada he writes: "All the papers in Canada are printing enthusiastic accounts of what the British Government has done to assist the building industry in England and demanding reasons why the Canadian Government takes no similar action. They say that England is building a million houses every three years, while in Canada 90 per cent, of all employees in the building industry and allied trades are out of a job. At last our government has undertaken the construction of a few public buildings, but it's just a drop in the ocean. Re housing, the uplifters and intelligentsia are urging action, but are checkmate at present in the hands of the real estate interests. Our docide proletariat is not yet audible in the most capitalist-ridden country on earth. We have fifty years of hard work in social reform ahead of us before we reach your stage." *Bootham magazine - April 1935*

Cited from Art Drysdale http://www.artdrysdale.com/howardgrubb.html

Howard Burlingham Grubb was born in York, England, April 30, 1881. Said to be restless when he was young, it was decided to send him to the Americas to study in his field of interest--landscape architecture. And so it was that in the early 1900s, Howard Grubb came to Cornell University at Ithaca, New York. Here, the enterprising young Englishman felt there was really more opportunity in his vocation back home, than in the U.S.A. In late 1907, while still at Cornell, he wrote to the late Thomas H. Mawson, one of England's best-known landscape architects. He requested employment in Mr. Mawson's London office, but that eminent authority advised Mr. Grubb to stay in the U.S.A. where advancement seemed more assured. Paying little heed to the advice, just three months later, after Mr. Grubb's graduation from Cornell in 1908, the following exchange took place in Mr. Mawson's private office:

"My name is Grubb."

"Well, what can I do for you?"

"I have come to work for you."

"I am sorry to disappoint you, but it is quite impossible. As you will see for yourself, every seat in the office is occupied."

"Well sir, I have traveled all the way from America for the purpose of working for you; so you must find me a seat somewhere."

"But my dear fellow, I simply cannot do it."

"Listen to me, sir. I worked my way back from America on a cattle boat, so you simply must take me on."

In his autobiography The Life and Work of an English Landscape Architect, Thomas H. Mawson reflected on his initial meeting of Howard Grubb in his private office. To quote Mr. Mawson, "He was an exceptionally tall, upstanding young fellow, and proportionate in build." Suffice it to say that within two years Mr. Grubb was in charge of Mr. Mawson's London office! Late in 1910, Mr. Mawson and Mr. Grubb attended a lecture on Garden Design given by a "rising lady landscape architect." Afterwards Mr. Mawson introduced the lecturer, Miss Alfreda Dunington, to Mr. Grubb, and it was just a short three months later that their engagement was announced.

For some time Howard Grubb was in charge of his employer's work on the Palace of Peace at The Hague--a commission to which Mr. Mawson had been assigned following an international competition. If you visit Holland you shouldn't miss this building, even today.

It was in 1911 that Mr. And Mrs. Dunington-Grubb emigrated to Canada, and in May opened an office in Toronto as Landscape Architects. Soon after the establishment of the office, the almost total lack of supply of ornamental plants became apparent. This led to several attempts at establishing a plant nursery, two of which failed. Then in early 1914 there was a purchase of 42 hectares (100 acres) of land at what was then Sheridan (now part of Oakville), Ontario, and this was the beginning of the successful nursery firm, Sheridan Nurseries Ltd., of which Mr. Grubb was founder, and President until his death on February 26, 1965.

Also soon after their arrival in Canada, they protested the rumoured hiring of a non-resident landscape designer (thought to be Charles W. Leavitt Jr. of New York City) for the landscaping of the new Government House (to be the official residence of the Lieutenant Governor) at Chorley Park in Toronto's Rosedale. The protesting worked--H.B. & L.A. were hired to design the gardens for the new Government House! By 1915, Howard Grubb had hired artists A.S. Carter and W.E. Welch (perhaps through his active membership in Toronto's Arts and Letters Club, where, in the 60s, I joined him frequently) to do at least two presentation watercolours (one of which is shown here) that still today hang in the head office of Sheridan Nurseries, now in Georgetown. Thank you to Sheridan for the photo of the sketch.

At a conference on garden planning about 15 years later, Mr. Grubb was quoted as saying: "I well remember an interview on a very hot August afternoon during progress of the work on gardens for the palatial Government House for the Province of Ontario. The Minister of Public Works had some excuse for being brusque. After inspecting stonemasons setting balustrade, cut-stone fountains, pavements, and steps for the terraces, he controlled himself sufficiently to ask merely if these things were necessary. The only possible answer was to admit quite frankly that they were all wholly unnecessary, that we were dealing unfortunately, not in necessities, but in luxuries, and that the only really necessary work involved was a plank walk to the front door so that people could get in and out of the building without stepping in the mud. Garden design in a country devoid of gardens must necessarily be a gradual evolution." And so it has been.

Prominent among Mr. Grubb's designs were the private gardens of F.F. Dalley, Ancaster; Rupert Bain, Don Mills; and Shirley Cragg, York Mills. Some of his company's most famous endeavours were in the realm of public gardens. He was landscape architect for Gage Park and McMaster University Entrance Park including the sunken garden, all in Hamilton, Ontario. The now world-famous Oakes Garden Theatre and Rainbow Bridge gardens at Niagara are also outstanding examples of his artistry. His final undertaking was the landscaping of the University Avenue central mall in downtown Toronto--a project involving an expenditure of \$500,000, incorporating large and small fountains, an abundance of container plantings, an infinite variety of exposed aggregate stone, and huge specimens of "smaller ornamental trees", including globe elms (Ulmus carpinifolia umbraculifera). Incidentally, some of the latter are still there and thriving.

Howard Dunington-Grubb was an active member of numerous clubs and was well known and welcomed with respect wherever he went. He often enjoyed lunch at Toronto's Arts and Letters Club, and at least once a month would be seen at the Toronto Board of Trade where he was a member of the largest committee--that of Advisory Engineering and Planning. Also a member of the University Club in Toronto, Howard Grubb was an active member of the Toronto Skating Club, now the Toronto Cricket, Skating and Curling Club. Only a few years before he died was he forced to give up this activity. He was also an ardent golfer, and long-time member of the Toronto Golf Club (in Mississauga), one of the oldest and finest clubs in the Toronto area, where he drove a straight ball until 1963!

With all this activity he found time to lecture on landscape design at the University of Toronto for over a quarter of a century. In the mid 50s he was honored by the Ontario Association of Architects, receiving their Allied Arts Medal. In addition, he was made an honorary member of both the Canadian and Ontario Nursery Trades Associations (the first person to be so named). In August 1963 the International Shade Tree Conference (now the International Society of Arboriculture), while in convention in Toronto, bestowed on him their honorary membership--the first such to a Canadian. The final recognition of a long, dedicated career came just a month before he died in January 1965. Writing about him in the March 1965 issue of Canadian Nurseryman magazine, I said, "Well do I remember the Ontario Landscape Contractors Convention this year at The Inn On The Park. Specifically in mind is the President's reception just prior to the annual banquet. All but lost in a vast sea of humanity, laughing, telling jokes and generally enjoying themselves, sat a happy and modest gentleman, chatting with Mrs. Harry VanDyk, wife of the Association's incoming President. When I touched him on the shoulder and said, "What a crowd, eh?" Howard Dunington-Grubb replied, 'Yes, yes, wonderful Par-r-ty, grand!'

"Mr. Grubb enjoyed such get-togethers--the more people there were, and the livelier things were, the more he enjoyed it all. Even in the months just prior to his passing, Mr. Grubb attended as many as three and four gatherings (or as he used to prefer--'parties') each week. At each he would sit and talk with his many respected friends and watch the activities going on all around. He just liked to be where there was plenty of activity."

I am proud to say that I knew him well--very well. There are few people around now in the 2000s who knew him at all, let alone able to say that they chatted with him, and drank good wine with him on a regular basis. The reason for this is that two years before his death, he had a couple of car accidents in succession and correctly decided he should stop driving, even though he was easily able to pass his annual drivers test. It was agreed he would take taxis to his parties, but he didn't want to do that to get to work each day. (He was frugal too!) He knew that I was the only other person in the Sheridan Nurseries head office who lived in the east end (everybody else lived much closer to the office which was on the border line between Toronto and Mississauga). He asked me if I would consider driving him to the office in the morning, and home at night on days when I had a regular schedule; i.e. no meetings or other events to attend. He said he would not be surprised nor upset if I turned him down, and that if I agreed, he'd be only too pleased to take a taxi any day when my schedule, for whatever reason, prevented me from driving him.

That was the beginning of a nearly two years of close friendship. For example, Friday nights it had been his custom to stop at Toronto's main LCBO (liquor) store to choose some fine wines for the weekend. He asked me if I minded doing this, and I of course, concurred. That lead him, on the second Friday night, to invite me to his home where we sampled the various wines, and enjoyed snacks prepared for each occasion by Beatrice, his housekeeper.

My duties, in addition to listening to the various problems that plagued the Sheridan "family" (about which more in a distant similar article) in those turbulent years even ended up including purchasing a new car for Beatrice so she could do the house shopping.

A few months before his death I decided it was my time to buy the car of my dreams, and went shopping at Mercedes Benz of Canada for a new sports car--a 230SL. I saw what I liked and ordered one, but they offered to loan me their demonstrator for a day. So, the next morning on the way to work Grubby and I (his close friends always called him Grubby, even to his face) dropped in at Mercedes Benz right in the centre of Toronto, near his home. There we switched cars, and I can still hear him saying to me how much he "loved thaaat cah." The reason was that as a two-seater sports car very low to the road, it was much easier for him to get in, and he had much less difficultly lifting his long legs in than he did with traditional sedans, or even coupes. Unfortunately, my new car didn't arrive from Germany until a month after he passed away. I do remember him asking me on more than one occasion when was my new car coming! A friend fondly remembered. Howard Burlingham Dunington Grubb.

http://www.thecanadianencyclopedia.com/articles/howard-burlingham-duningtongrubb

Howard Burlingham Dunington-Grubb, landscape-architect (b Howard Grubb at York, England 30 April 1881; d at Toronto 26 February 1965). Often called the father of landscape architecture in Canada, Grubb earned a Bachelor of Science in Agriculture at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York (1904-08), and returned to England to create a job for himself in the office of landscape architect Thomas Mawson.

In 1911 Howard Grubb married Lorrie Alfreda Dunington (see Lorrie DUNINGTON-GRUBB), an English landscape architect, adopting the surname Dunington-Grubb. They emigrated to Canada and opened an office in Toronto as H.B. & L.A. Dunington-Grubb, Landscape Architects. They advertised as "Consultants on all matters relating to Park and Garden Design, Real Estate and Suburban Development, Civic Art and Town Planning."

Their designs for subdivisions and garden suburbs, and the limitations of local ornamental plant resources, led them to start a plant nursery, which became, in 1914, Sheridan Nurseries. Howard Dunington-Grubb remained president of Sheridan Nurseries until his death in 1965.

The Dunington-Grubb office in Toronto produced hundreds of designs and masterplans over the years. Approximately two-thirds of the work was private residential gardens for wealthy clients. The rest covered an extremely wide range of business and government projects, including town planning and civic beautification. The best known projects were Gage Park in Hamilton, Ontario (1919-27), McMaster University Entrance Park (late 1920s), the Oakes Garden Theatre and Rainbow Bridge gardens at Niagara Falls, Ontario (1935-44), and University Avenue in Toronto, Ontario (1955-57). The Dunington-Grubbs were sociable and very active in Toronto associations and clubs. They collaborated with, and actively promoted, other members of the arts community, such as J.E.H. MACDONALD and Arthur LISMER of The GROUP OF SEVEN, and the sculptors Frances LORING and Florence WYLE.

Howard was described by contemporaries as a "witty Englishman as tall as a Lombardy poplar." He was noted for his love of parties and theatricals, and for his sense of humour. His love of the theatrical was a key to both his character and his sense of design.

Although Dunington-Grubb was contemporary with the Modern movement, he designed in the older Beaux Arts tradition, emphasizing architectural influence on the landscape, to provide a controlled, ornamental backdrop to human use. He described his designs as "a world of fantasy, of make-believe, where decorative nature under the control of art provides both pleasure and rest." As a designer he was neither innovative nor particularly imaginative, but he was very good at tastefully amalgamating eclectic design elements.

Dunington-Grubb's real importance lies in the amount and variety of work that he accomplished and in his enthusiastic participation in, and promotion of, all facets of the profession. He wrote and lectured extensively. He was a special lecturer on landscape design for the architecture faculty at University of Toronto, where he pressed for the expansion of landscape architectural facilities and faculty. In 1934 he was one of the nine founding members of the Canadian Society of Landscape Architects and Town Planners (later becoming the CSLA), serving as president in 1934-35 and 1944-45.

He promoted the public's interest in and knowledge of design and ornamental horticulture through his activities and through the creation of the Dunington-Grubb Foundation. He received numerous awards and honours, including the Ontario Association of Architects (OAA) Allied Arts Medal and the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada (RAIC) Medal in 1954, and was made a Fellow of the CSLA in 1964.

Howard Dunington-Grubb exemplified the trends during this century-the change from private to public design, from design for estate gardens to "City Beautification" and the garden suburb, civic planning and the design of public open spaces. The creation of a nursery with a landscape contracting department heralded the appearance of design/build firms; the founding of the CSLA and his connection with the University of Toronto catalyzed the coming of age of LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE as a profession in Canada.

DUNINGTON-GRUBB.— On 27th February, 1965, in Toronto, Canada, Howard Bur-lingham Dunnington-Grubb (1895-98), aaged 83 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1892-1895 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1895-1898 in York.
- He worked as a Landscape Architect in Canada.
- He worked as a Founder and President Sheridan Nurseries Ltd.
- He was educated at Cornell University in 1907 in Ithaca, New York, USA.

Howard married **Lorrie Alfreda Dunington**^{20,59,67,163} on 22 May 1911 in Brighton, East Sussex. Lorrie was born in 1877 in Wimbledon, London and died on 17 Jan 1945 in Mountain Sanatorium, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada at age 68. They had two children: (**No Given Name**) and (**No Given Name**).

Marriage Notes: GRUBB-DUNINGTON.-On the 22nd May, 1911, at Brighton, Howard Burlingham Grubb (1895-8), of Croydon, to Lorrie Alfreda Dunington, of Brighton.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They emigrated to Canada in 1911.

General Notes: Lorrie Alfreda Dunington-Grubb, née Dunington, landscape architect (b at England 1877; d at the Mountain Sanatorium, Hamilton 17 January 1945). Lorrie Dunington grew up in India, South Africa and Australia. She studied garden design at Swanley Horticultural College in England before opening an office in London and practising "throughout the British Isles."

In 1911 she married Howard Grubb (see Howard DININGTON-GRIBB), adopting the surname Dunington-Grubb, and emigrated to Canada. In Toronto she worked on her own, and in partnership with

In 1911 she married Howard Grubb (see HowardDUNINGTON-GRUBB), adopting the surname Dunington-Grubb, and emigrated to Canada. In Toronto she worked on her own, and in partnership with her husband, on private and public garden designs, town planning projects and design of garden suburbs, and helped to start Sheridan Nurseries.

She lectured at the University of Toronto's Department of Social Service on the subject of housing and town planning and for the Ontario Department of Agriculture on the subject of city beautification. She wrote prolifically on garden design for MAGAZINES such as Canadian Homes and Gardens, Maclean's and Woman's Century, was active in Toronto arts and letters society, and volunteered time and expertise to a number of organizations. Her activities were curtailed after 1928 by tuberculosis, but she was a founding member of the Canadian Society of Landscape Architects in 1934, and president of the Society in 1944.

Lorrie Dunington-Grubb was one of the first women in Canada to practise professionally as a landscape architect. Noted for her contribution to the growth of urban planning, she was instrumental in gaining the collaboration of other artists, particularly sculptors, in the design of public spaces. Her style of design, her use of perennials and rock garden plants, and her emphasis on colour and texture provided a direct link with Gertrude Jekyll for Canadian gardens.

http://www.thecanadianencyclopedia.com/articles/lorrie-alfreda-duningtongrubb

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1911 in Brighton, East Sussex.
- She worked as a Landscape architect.

9-Dunington-Grubb was born on 10 Dec 1912 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada and died on 10 Dec 1912 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

General Notes: DUNINGTON-GRUBB.-On the 20th September, 1914, at Toronto, Canada, Lorrie Alfreda (Dunington), wife of Howard Burlingham Dunington-Grubb (1895-8), a daughter, still-

born.

- 9-Dunington-Grubb⁵⁹ was born on 20 Sep 1914 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada and died on 20 Sep 1914 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada. Still-born.
- 8-Norman Henry Grubb^{67,166} was born in 1883 in York, Yorkshire and died on 5 Sep 1965 in Maidstone, Kent. In hospital. at age 82.

General Notes: GRUBB.-On 5th September, 1965, in hospital at Maidstone, Kent, Norman Henry Grubb (1898-1900), aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1898-1900 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-Margery Grubb⁶⁷ was born on 4 Aug 1892 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.
- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Jul 1910 in York, Yorkshire.

Margery married James Walsh.

- 8-Elizabeth Grubb⁶⁷ was born in 1893 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- 7-Elizabeth Lucy Grubb was born on 13 Sep 1857 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 26 Aug 1930 in Winscombe, Somerset at age 72.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1871-Dec 1872 in York, Yorkshire.

Elizabeth married **Gawen Kenway**, ¹⁰⁶ son of **Gawen Ball Kenway**, ^{1,26,34,35,75,141,147} and **Ann Heath**, ²⁶ on 25 Jun 1885 in Colchester, Essex. Gawen was born on 10 Nov 1842 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 18 Oct 1902 in Winscombe, Somerset at age 59.

4-Martha Alexander^{1,167} was born on 18 Jan 1753 in Needham Market, Suffolk, died in 1839 at age 86, and was buried in FBG Woodbridge.

Martha married **Benjamin Jesup**, 1,167 son of **Jeremiah Jesup** and **Hannah**, 1 on 8 Dec 1774. Benjamin was born on 25 Mar 1750 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, died on 15 Apr 1828 in Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 78, and was buried on 20 Apr 1828 in FBG Woodbridge, Suffolk. They had nine children: **Martha, Alexander, Sarah, Maria, Lucy, Benjamin, Jeremiah, Elizabeth**, and **Abigail**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant of Woodbridge.
 - 5-Martha Jesup was born on 5 Sep 1775 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
 - 5-Alexander Jesup¹⁶⁷ was born on 3 Apr 1777 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
 - 5-Sarah Jesup^{1,16,46,168} was born on 9 Oct 1778 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 2 Jul 1861 in Bawburgh, Norwich, Norfolk at age 82.

Sarah married **Edward Candler**, 1,16,46,168 son of **William Candler**, and **Elizabeth Wagstaffe**, 1,76 in 1811. Edward was born on 27 Nov 1782 in Great Bardfield, Essex and died on 20 Jun 1861 in Bawburgh, Norwich, Norfolk at age 78. They had four children: **John Wagstaffe**, **Sarah Fenn, Benjamin Jesup**, and **Lucy**.

- He worked as a Miller in Bawburgh, Norwich, Norfolk.
 - 6-John Wagstaffe Candler^{1,105,169} was born on 9 Nov 1813 in Bawburgh, Norwich, Norfolk and died on 16 Mar 1860 in Park Road, Stoke Newington, London at age 46.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Flour Factor before 1841 in Wimborne Minster.
- He worked as a Flour Factor from 1841 in London.

John married **Ann Eliza Spence**, ^{1,105} daughter of **John Spence** ^{1,15,130,169,170,171} and **Deborah Smith**, ^{1,130,169,171} in 1854. Ann was born on 25 Feb 1824 in Stanley, Wakefield, Yorkshire and died on 27 Jan 1855 in Stoke Newington, London at age 30.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1835-Dec 1838 in York, Yorkshire.

6-Sarah Fenn Candler^{1,16} was born on 9 Feb 1816 in Bawburgh, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 29 Mar 1849 in York, Yorkshire at age 33, and was buried in FBG York.

General Notes: No children by this marriage.

Sarah married **John Casson**, ^{1,16,20,172} son of **Curtis Casson**, ^{1,170} and **Mary**, ^{1,170} on 21 Jan 1847 in Norwich, Norfolk. John was born on 25 Dec 1818 in Thorne, Yorkshire and died on 29 Mar 1892 in 50 Palace Road, Hornsey, London at age 73. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later to become Bootham School) in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Tea merchant of York and then London.
- He was a Quaker before 1886.

6-Benjamin Jesup Candler 1,44,104,116,168 was born on 6 Feb 1817 in Bawburgh, Norwich, Norfolk and died on 5 Dec 1900 in 104 Upper Grosvenor Road, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Grocer of Wakefield in Wakefield, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Grocer in Croydon, Surrey.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

Benjamin married **Phyllis Marsh**, 1,44,104,116,168 daughter of **George Finch Marsh**, and **Phyllis Lucas**, 1,136 in 1845. Phyllis was born on 13 Sep 1820 and died on 5 Sep 1889 in Littlehampton, Sussex at age 68. They had seven children: **Caroline, Elizabeth, Lucy, Phyllis Mary, Edward, Sarah**, and **Rosamond**.

7-Caroline Candler¹⁷ was born on 19 Jun 1848 and died in 1938 at age 90.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1863-Dec 1864 in York, Yorkshire.

Caroline married **Joseph Armfield**, ^{1,17,44,172} son of **George Armfield** ^{11,17,174} and **Ann Hubbert**, ^{11,17} in 1893. Joseph was born on 3 Jan 1821 in China Walk Lambeth, London, died on 29 May 1894 in Croham Mount, Croydon, Surrey at age 73, and was buried in FBG Isleworth.

- He was educated at Croydon School in 1829-1834.
- He worked as an apprentice Ironmonger and Corn-dealer, to his cousin Jacob Post in 1834-1841 in Islington, London.
- He worked as a Coachbuilder in 1842-1845 in Croydon, Surrey.

- He worked as a Brush and Mop salesman in 1845-1846 in London.
- He worked as a Confidential Clerk to John Warner & Sons, Bellfounders in 1846-1856 in Jewin Street, London.
- He worked as a Hotelier in 1857 in South Place, Finsbury, London.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1881.
- 7-Elizabeth Candler³⁰ was born in 1850 in Wakefield, Yorkshire and died in 1933 at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

· She was a Quaker.

Elizabeth married **Francis Ashby**, 30 son of **John Ashby** 15,135,172,175,176 and **Charlotte Gibbard**, 173,176 in 1871. Francis was born on 9 Oct 1842 in Carshalton, Surrey and died on 25 May 1923 in Llandrindod, Wales at age 80. They had ten children: **Francis Percival, Edith Winifred, Norman Candler, Maurice, Lucy Elizabeth, Eva Caroline, Rosamond Lucas, Ruth Kathleen, Phyllis Constance, and John Eric**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Miller in Croydon, Surrey.
- · He was a Quaker.
 - 8-Francis Percival Ashby was born on 7 Jun 1872 in Croydon, Surrey.
 - 8-Edith Winifred Ashby was born on 2 Jun 1873 in Croydon, Surrey and died about 1960 about age 87.
 - 8-Norman Candler Ashby was born in 1875 in Croydon, Surrey.

Norman married Elizabeth Radford.

- 8-Maurice Ashby was born on 31 Jul 1876 in Mitcham.
- 8-Lucy Elizabeth Ashby³⁰ was born on 13 Jun 1878 in Croydon, Surrey.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.
- 8-Eva Caroline Ashby was born on 24 Dec 1880 in Croydon, Surrey.
- 8-Rosamond Lucas Ashby was born on 15 Jun 1883 in Croydon, Surrey.

Rosamond married **Lionel Dent Priestman**, son of **William Dent Priestman**^{8,20,152} and **Marion Bewley**, in 1913. Lionel was born in 1879. They had three children: **Bewley Dent, Frances Elizabeth**, and **Rachel Lucas**.

9-Bewley Dent Priestman was born on 21 Jan 1915 and died on 4 Nov 1999 in Delaware, Ohio, USA at age 84.

- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- 9-Frances Elizabeth Priestman
- 9-Rachel Lucas Priestman

- 8-Ruth Kathleen Ashby was born on 17 Apr 1885 in Croydon, Surrey.
- 8-Phyllis Constance Ashby was born on 3 Dec 1889 in West Burton, Sussex.

Phyllis married Walter Nicholls.

- 8-**John Eric Ashby** was born on 13 Apr 1893.
- 7-Lucy Candler was born on 18 Jan 1852.
- 7-Phyllis Mary Candler was born on 7 Aug 1854.
- 7-Edward Candler was born on 21 Feb 1856.
- 7-Sarah Candler¹⁰⁴ was born on 22 Jun 1857 and died on 7 Jul 1919 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 62.
- 7-Rosamond Candler¹⁶⁸ was born on 26 Nov 1858 and died on 10 Apr 1861 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 2.

6-Lucy Candler^{1,46} was born in 1819 in Bawburgh, Norwich, Norfolk and died on 20 May 1880 in Bawburgh, Norwich, Norfolk at age 61.

General Notes: Lucy Candler, 61 20 5 mo. 1880

Bawhurgh, near Norwich. An Elder.

Lucy Candler was the youngest daughter of Edward and Sarah Candler, of Bawbnrgh, near Norwich, where she was born in 1819, and where she resided, with but few intervals of absence, during her whole life. She was a loving and happy child at home and at school, and happy also amongst the rural surroundings of her home, in which she ever found great enjoyment.

But this happiness, although interwoven with the whole texture of her tastes and disposition, was, by divine grace, early discovered to her mind as not being of that heaven-born kind which the true believer in Jesus can alone enjoy.

Prior to her seventeenth year she had not experienced any real concern as to her spiritual state. But about this time she was made sensible of gracious visitations of the Holy Spirit, im- pressing upon her heart a gradually increasing consciousness of her need of something more soul-satisfying than she had yet known. She remained in this state of spiritual twilight for about two years, when suddenly the Sun of Righteousness broke in upon her soul, and she saw clearly that her sins were forgiven for Jesus' sake, and that she had become an adopted child of God in Him. From this time, though she had to mourn over shortcomings, she never for one moment doubted that she was an heir of eternal life through the atoning merits of her Lord.

The Christian life yielded Christian fruit, which manifested itself in her willing application to the humble duties of home, and in the loving interest she took in the comfort and welfare of the poor.

Lucy Candler's life was not free from some heavy outward trials, and from severe domestic sorrow in the loss of a beloved sister and brother, and, later in life, in the death of her parents within a fortnight of each other, to whose comfort she had for so many years devoted herself with a tenderness and sympathy which formed a marked feature in her character.

Through these afflictions she was sustained by an unwavering faith in the loving care of her Heavenly Father, so that although possessed of a peculiarly sensitive mind, she never lost the bright and cheery bearing which won for her many friends, and by which the young were especially attracted.

Thus was she able to "adorn "the doctrine of her God and Saviour.

In connection with a constant habit of plain speaking and straightforwardness, Lucy Candler's manner w^as at times somewhat quick and abrupt, but underneath this defect there lay such evident unselfishness and love of truth, that she secured the deference and esteem of her neighbours of every class; and, as has been remarked by one of her dearest friends, this " quick manner was wonderfully softened down by the deepening of her Christian character."

Her untrammeled mind and generous sympathy with every aspect of truth, enabled her to form intimate Christian friendships with persons not of her own religious denomination; she thus acquired a breadth of charity, and a Christian liberty as to non-essential forms, which at times led her, in matters of church discipline, to see things from a rather different point from some of her friends, whose views were bounded by a nearer horizon than her own; yet as an Elder, and as Clerk to her Monthly Meeting, she ever marked her unwavering loyalty to the distinctive principles of Friends.

During the last nine years of her life Lucy Candler resided in a picturesque home of her own from which she writes: - "I want thee very much to come and see where and how I live, for I so much enjoy my sweet home and rural life. I have all that heart can wish, and a great deal more than I deserve; but our ever-loving and merciful Father has, and does, wonderfully care for my temporal wants, and supplies my spiritual need, to my astonishment and great admiration." The simple and hospitable way in which she often welcomed to her cottage-home the young men of Norwich Meeting, in whose truest welfare she felt a deep interest, will be long remembered by some. Towards her servants also she always exercised great care. One of them, writing since her death, says, "She was indeed a great help to me, and often have I felt the power of her prayers; and I feel that she was the means of bringing me close to my dear Saviour."

In the Tenth month, 1879, she was somewhat suddenly withdrawn from her active life by great bodily weakness, and she continued in this state till her death, seven months later.

Throughout this illness she evinced the greatest patience and cheerfulness; trusting solely in Jesus, she seemed "always rejoicing," remarking to her brother on one occasion, "I have every-thing I want; I have nothing to pray for; I can only praise."

To her friends at AYymondham, with whom 1 she had met in public worship for many years,! she sent the message, "Tell them I am resting in my Father's arms."

A few weeks before the final summons came, she spoke of the clear visions that had been granted to her of her Saviour's presence, saying that she had seen Him standing by the bedside, and that she therefore knew that He was watching over her. This was not the effect of disease, nor of an excited imagination; for, although "the outward man was perishing, the inward man was renewed day by day,"

the mental faculties being it this time in no way impaired.

The heavenly visions thus granted to the onging soul were in true unison with the realistic orm of her Christian faith, the faith described by Lesley:-

"Faith lends its realising light, The clouds disperse, the shadows fly; The Invisible appears in sight, And God is seen by mortal eye."

Although speaking at times as to the possibility of partial recovery, the termination of her life upon earth was near. On the afternoon of the 8th of Fifth month she became suddenly unconscious, and continued so until seven o'clock in he evening of the 20th, when "the silver cord was loosed," and her spirit returned "unto God who gave it."

"That solemn Thursday evening can nevei leave my memory," writes a dear friend of hers, clergyman's wife, who was present at the close 'how sweetly your dear aunt slept in Jesus Do we not rejoice for her?"

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Elder.
- 5-Maria Jesup^{1,167} was born on 12 Jun 1780 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died in 1811 at age 31.

Maria married **John Maw**, ^{1,167,177} son of **Simon Maw**¹ and **Rose Candler**, ¹ on 3 May 1804 in FMH Woodbridge. John was born on 2 Oct 1777 in St. Lawrence, Ipswich and died on 6 Dec 1857 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 80. They had five children: **Martha Ann, Catherine, Benjamin Jesup, Alexander**, and **William**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Yarn maker and Tallow chandler of Ipswich.
 - 6-Martha Ann Maw was born on 24 Mar 1805 in Ipswich, Suffolk.
 - 6-Catherine Maw was born on 30 Sep 1806 in Ipswich, Suffolk.
 - 6-Benjamin Jesup Maw¹⁷⁸ was born on 26 Jan 1808 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 5 Jan 1898 in Reading, Berkshire at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Coal merchant and Grocer in Margate, Kent.

Benjamin married Eleanor Williams. They had four children: John, Henry, Lucy, and Lewis Alexander.

7-John Maw^{20,141} was born on 19 Oct 1835 in Margate, Kent and died in 1889 at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1846-1849 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Warehouseman in Manchester.
- Miscellaneous: Soon after leaving school, he went to Australia, Abt 1850.

John married Elizabeth Knight^{20,141} in 1861. Elizabeth was born in 1837. They had three children: Sidney Harrison, Gertrude, and Leonard.

- 8-Sidney Harrison Maw was born in 1862 in Colchester, Essex and died on 29 Nov 1867 in Hulme, Manchester at age 5.
- 8-Gertrude Maw was born in 1864 in Derby, Derbyshire.
- 8-Leonard Maw was born in 1865 in Manchester.

Leonard married Ethel Maud Bastow in 1906. Ethel was born in 1880 and died in 1972 at age 92. They had two children: Muriel Ethel and Francis Harrisson.

- 9-Muriel Ethel Maw
- 9-Francis Harrisson Maw^{179,180,181} was born on 14 Apr 1919 in Huddersfield, Yorkshire and died on 5 Aug 1982 at age 63.

General Notes: MAW.-On 5th August, 1982 Francis Harrison Maw (1935-37) aged 63 years.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1935-1937 in York, Yorkshire.

Francis married Eva Maria Strassmann. They had one son: John Harrisson.

10-John Harrisson Maw

7-Henry Maw was born on 11 Nov 1840 in Margate, Kent.

7-Lucy Maw

7-Lewis Alexander Maw²⁰ was born on 4 Mar 1846 in Margate, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1860-1861 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Frame Maker and Gilder in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He resided at 586 Fishponds Road in Fishponds, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Lewis married Elizabeth Hind Combs Brown. They had five children: Elizabeth Hind Combs, Elizabeth, Mabel, Fanny, and Catherine.

- 8-Elizabeth Hind Combs Maw was born in 1868 in Manchester.
- 8-Elizabeth Maw was born in 1868 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 8-Mabel Maw was born in 1877 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 8-Fanny Maw was born in 1878 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 8-Catherine Maw was born in 1880 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 6-Alexander Maw was born on 26 Feb 1809 in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- 6-William Maw was born on 11 Aug 1810 in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- 5-Lucy Jesup^{8,167} was born on 4 Dec 1781 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, died on 29 Jun 1808 in Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 26, and was buried in FBG Woodbridge.

Lucy married **Bernard Barton**, 8,16,22,182 son of **John Barton** 1,8,22,182,183 and **Maria Done**, on 6 Aug 1807 in FMH Woodbridge. Bernard was born on 30 Jan 1784 in Carlisle, Cumbria, died on 19 Feb 1849 in Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 65, and was buried in FBG Woodbridge, Suffolk. They had one daughter: **Lucy**.

General Notes: Like John Greenleaf Whittier in America, he is known as "The Quaker Poet". He was born in Carlisle, but became apprenticed to a shopkeeper in Suffolk. In 1806, he moved to Woodbridge in the same county, where, with his brother, he founded a coal and corn merchants. At about this time, he married; unfortunately, within the year, his wife died in childbirth. Barton then re-located to Liverpool, but soon returned to Woodbridge to take up a post as clerk in Alexander's Bank. In his free time, he wrote ten books of poetry, many of his works having become hymns. Among his great friends was his fellow poet, Edward FitzGerald (q.v.). In 1856, seven years after Barton's death, FitzGerald married Barton's daughter, Lucy; unfortunately, the marriage was not a success, and the pair soon separated.

Barton, Bernard (1784–1849), poet, was born at Carlisle on 31 January 1784, the son of Quaker parents, John Barton (1755–1789) and his wife, Mary, née Done (1752–1784). His mother died a few days after his birth, and while he was still in his infancy, his father, a manufacturer, married another Quaker woman, Elizabeth Horne (1760–1833), moved to London, and finally engaged in the malting business at Hertford, where he died in the prime of life. To be near her family, his widow and children then made their home at Tottenham. Bernard was the brother of the educational writer Maria Hack (1777–1844) and the half-brother of the economist John Barton (1789–1852). He was sent to a Quaker school at Ipswich, and at the age of fourteen was apprenticed to a shopkeeper, Samuel Jesup, at Halstead in Essex. After eight years' service he moved to Woodbridge, married his employer's daughter, Lucy Jesup (1781–1808) on 6 August 1807, and entered into partnership with her brother Benjamin as coal and corn merchant. In the following year his wife died giving birth to a daughter, Lucy, whereupon Barton abandoned business and became tutor in the family of William Waterhouse, a Liverpool merchant. After staying a year in

Liverpool, where he got to know the Roscoe family, he returned to Woodbridge, became a clerk in Messrs Alexander's Bank, and stayed there for forty years until within two days of his death. Finding the work in the bank tiresome, Barton turned to his pen, eventually producing some eight volumes of verse, and numerous occasional pieces. In 1812 he published his first volume of poetry, Metrical Effusions and began a correspondence with Southey. Although Southey and Barton met only once (at Thomas Clarkson's home in Playford in 1824), Barton eventually felt that he knew Southey well enough to request help with the publication of a manuscript. Barton also hoped that Southey would arrange for favourable reviews in influential periodicals. About this time he addressed a copy of complimentary verses to James Hogg, who hastened to respond in grateful and flattering terms. Hogg had written a tragedy, which he wanted to see presented at a London theatre. Not knowing how to proceed, Hogg solicited Barton's assistance, who in turn sought counsel from Capel Lofft, on whose advice the scheme was dropped. Following The Triumph of the Orwell (1817), in 1818 appeared the Convict's Appeal, a protest in verse against capital punishment. The pamphlet bears no name on the title-page, but the dedication to James Montgomery is signed 'B. B.'. In the same year Barton published by subscription Poems by an Amateur, which received little attention. Two years later, Harvey and Barton published Poems, favourably noticed in the London Magazine, the Monthly Review, and the Edinburgh Review; it reached a fourth edition in 1825. Napoleon and other Poems (dedicated to George IV), and Verses on the Death of P. B. Shelley, appeared in 1822.

It was at this time that Barton first wrote to Charles Lamb. The freedom with which the Quakers had been handled in the Essays of Elia induced Barton to remonstrate gently with the essayist. Charmed with his correspondent's homely earnestness and piety, Lamb carried on an extensive and intimate correspondence with Barton. The two men met first in 1822, perhaps at a contributors' dinner given by the proprietor of the London Magazine. Shortly after getting to know Lamb, Barton contemplated resigning his post at Woodbridge and living by his literary work. Lamb advised him strongly against such a course. 'Keep to your bank', wrote Lamb, 'and the bank will keep you' (Letters of Charles Lamb, 2.363). Southey gave similar advice.

After receiving some public notice and moderate praise, between 1822 and 1828 Barton published five volumes and some minor pieces, including Poetic Vigils (1824), Devotional Verses (1826), A Missionary's Memorial (1826), 'A Widow's Tale', and other Poems (1827), and 'A New Year's Eve', and other Poems (1828). His pursuit of literary fame may have taxed his health, for in his letters to Southey and Lamb he complained that he was suffering from low spirits and headache. Lamb attempted to encourage him with banter, while Southey advised him seriously never to write verses after supper. Clearly Barton wrote too hastily and too easily. 'The preparation of a book' says his biographer, Edward Fitzgerald:

was amusement and excitement to one who had little enough of it in the ordinary course of daily life: treaties with publishers— arrangements of printing— correspondence with friends on the subject— and, when the little volume was at last afloat, watching it for a while somewhat as a boy watches a paper boat committed to the sea. (Poems and Letters, xvi)

In 1824 some Quakers, led by Joseph John Gurney, gave Barton tangible recognition and some financial relief by raising £1200 for his benefit. Barton hesitated to accept the money, but Charles Lamb's advice prevailed: 'Think that you are called to a poetical ministry— nothing worse— the minister is worthy of his hire' (Lucas, 2.421).

After an eight-year hiatus, during which Barton corresponded with numerous literary figures and friends including Robert Southey, William Jerdan, John Linnell, William Fitch, Edward Maxon, and Alan Cunningham, Barton, with his daughter, produced in 1836 The Reliquary ... with a Prefatory Appeal for Poetry and Poets. After another long period of silence, Household Verses, his last volume of poems, appeared in 1845. Dedicated to Queen Victoria, the volume attracted the attention of the prime minister, Robert Peel, who invited Barton to dinner at Whitehall. After Peel left office, he procured Barton a pension of £100 a year.

During the next three years, Barton produced several additional minor works: Sea-Weeds (1844), A Memorial of Joseph John Gurney (1847), Birthday Verses at Sixty-Four (1848), A Brief Memorial of Major Edward Mann (1848), Ichabod (1848), and On the Signs of the Times (1848).

Preferring a sedentary life, Barton seldom left Woodbridge. He occasionally visited Charles Lamb, and once or twice went down into Hampshire to see his brother. Some holidays were spent with his friend W. Bodham Donne at Mattishall, Norfolk. Here he delighted in the conversation of Mrs Bodham, an old lady who in her youth had been the friend of Cowper. In later life Barton took less and less exercise. He liked to sit in his library and enjoy the view through the open window, or, if he started with any friends for a walk, he would soon stretch himself on the grass and wait for his friends' return. In 1846 he made a short visit to Aldborough for the benefit of his health. In later life, he complained of chest pains and shortness of breath, which his physician attributed to angina. Barton died at Thorsfare, Woodbridge, on 19 February 1849, after a short illness. In the same year his daughter, Lucy, published a selection of his letters and poems, to which Edward Fitzgerald contributed a biographical introduction. Concerned about his daughter's welfare, Barton had elicited from Fitzgerald a promise to look after Lucy. Lucy's subsequent marriage to Fitzgerald was not a success.

Bernard Barton is chiefly remembered as the friend of Lamb. His many volumes of verse are seldom read. Even the scanty book of selections published by his daughter contains much that might have been omitted. He never troubled to correct what he had written, but all his work is unaffected. As Fitzgerald recognized, Barton never thought his verse rose to great heights. His desire was 'to be a household poet with a large class of readers' (Poems and Letters, xxxv). Free from all tinge of bigotry, simple and sympathetic, Bernard Barton won the esteem and affection of a large circle of friends, young and old, orthodox and heterodox. His numerous letters are now valued above his poetry. More than 800 Barton letters survive, and include communications with many leading literary figures of his time. However, he treated his letters as he did his poetry, taking little care in producing them, and was unselfconscious about the art of letter-writing. Still, his comments on poets such as Hogg and Wordsworth, and on artists such as Colman and Blake, reveal a mind actively and eagerly engaged with the arts during his time.

A. H. Bullen, rev. James Edgar Barcus, Jr.

Sources Selections from the poems and letters of Bernard Barton, ed. L. Barton (1849) [with a biographical notice by E. Fitzgerald] · The literary correspondence of Bernard Barton, ed. J. E. Barcus (1966) · E. V. Lucas, Bernard Barton and his friends: a record of quiet lives (1893) · The letters of Charles Lamb: to which are added those of his sister, Mary Lamb, ed. E. V. Lucas, 3 vols. (1935) · Edward Fitzgerald and Bernard Barton, ed. F. R. Barton (1924) · d. cert. · 'Dictionary of Quaker biography', RS Friends, Lond. [card index] · digest registers of births, marriages, and burials, RS Friends, Lond. [quarterly meetings for Cheshire and Staffordshire, London and Middlesex, Bedfordshire; microfilm]

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A. H. Bullen, 'Barton, Bernard (1784–1849)', rev. James Edgar Barcus, Jr., Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/1595]

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tutor to Nicholas Waterhouse in Everton, Liverpool.
- He worked as a Bank Clerk in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Poet. Sometimes called, "The Quaker Poet".

6-Lucy Barton¹⁶⁷ was born on 20 Jun 1808 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.

Lucy married **Edward Fitzgerald** on 4 Nov 1856 in Chichester, West Sussex. Edward was born on 3 Mar 1809 in Bredfield House, Woodbridge, Suffolk, died on 14 Jun 1883 in Old Rectory, Merton, Norfolk at age 74, and was buried in Church of St Michael & All Angels, Boulge, Suffolk.

General Notes: Fitzgerald made translations of other Persian works including: Bird Parliament by Attar and Salaman and Absal by Jami. He also made a selection of the work of fellow Suffolk poet George Crabbe.

He was married to Lucy Barton - the daughter of the Quaker poet Bernard Barton for a brief period, but the couple were unsuited. Lucy was extremely fussy while FitzGerald seldom shaved and was chronically untidy. After the collapse of the marriage he became friendly with a Lowestoft fisherman called Joseph 'Posh' Fletcher. The two men bought a herring lugger named the Meum et Teum but the venture soon collapsed due to Fletcher's alcoholism and FitzGerald's lack of business acumen.

FitzGerald died in his sleep at the Old Rectory at Merton in Norfolk while visiting George Crabbe - the grandson of the poet.

A clipping from a rose tree which grew on the tomb of Omar Khayyam at Nishapur in Iran (previously Persia) was planted at one end of Fitzgerald's grave in 1893. Six more rose trees were planted around the grave in 1972.

The Moving Finger writes; and, having writ,

Moves on: nor all thy Piety nor Wit

Shall lure it back to cancel half a Line,

Nor all thy Tears wash out a Word of it.

From The Rubáiyát of Omar Khayyám

Fitzgerald, Edward.

Adm. pens. (age 17) at TRINITY, Feb. 7, 1826. [3rd] s. of John Purcell.

B. Mar. 31, 1809, at The White House, Bradfield, near Woodbridge, Suffolk.

School, King Edward VI, Bury St Edmunds (Dr Malkin). Matric. Michs. 1826; B.A. 1830.

Lodged at 19, King's Parade, 1826-30 (where there is a memorial plaque). His friends at Cambridge included W. M. Thackeray, John Allen, W. H. Thompson, Frank Edgeworth, Robert Groome, Charles Buller, Frederick Maurice, John M. Kemble, Blakesley, Merivale, Spedding, and Monckton Milnes: though contemporary with the Tennyson brothers, he did not come to know them until 1835. Contributed to The Snob and The Gownsman, 1829-30.

Published translations of Moli're in Paris, 1829.

In his platonic dialogue, Euphranor, described an idyllic excursion on the Cam. Copied into his notebook shortly before his death Roger Ascham's words: 'He that is able to maintain his lyfe and learning at Cambridge knoweth not what a felicitie he hath.

I doe salute you all; I name none, because I would leave out none, and because I love all.' His lyric, The Meadows in Spring, appeared in 1831, and Charles Lamb wrote at the time that 'The Athenaeum has been hoaxed with some exquisite poetry.' In 1842 Thackeray introduced him to Carlyle, who, in search of materials for his Cromwell had visited the battlefield of Naseby in the company of Dr Arnold, and had been misled by an obelisk erected by Fitzgerald's father. 'Gurlyle,' as Fitzgerald called him, exclaimed: 'Why does the obelisk stand there? It might as well stand at Charing Cross; the blockhead that it is.' In 1846 met E. B. Cowell, later Professor of Sanskrit, who introduced him to the writings of Omar Khayyam and other Persian poets.

His letters to Cowell in 1857 record the progress of the Rub iy t translation, which was published in its first version in 1859, but remained unknown for some years.

Rossetti and Swinburne discovered it on a stall in St Martin's Lane, priced at a penny.

It was said to have subsequently fetched £4000.

Tennyson tortuously speaks of the Rubaiyat, 'than which I know no version done in English more divinely well'; and added a 'diffuse and opulent' epilogue after Fitzgerald's death.

Other honours included the Calderon medal for his Spanish translations.

He also translated Agamemnon and compiled a Dictionary of Mme de Sévigné. Married, Nov. 4, 1856, Lucy, dau. of his friend Bernard Barton, a Quaker bank-clerk, of Woodbridge.

Died in the night of June 13/14, 1883, at Merton rectory, Norfolk, during his annual visit to the rector, George Crabbe (. 1819-84). 'He was buried beneath the church tower at Boulge, with the words on his tomb that Cowell had taught him to love:œIt is He that hath made us, and not we ourselves."' Among obituary remarks may be mentioned that of W. H. Thompson, Master of Trinity, who called him 'a prisoner in Doubting Castle,' and that of Carlyle, who saw him as 'a lonely, shy, kind-hearted man, who discharged the sacred rites of hospitality with a kind of zeal or piety.' Entrusted his manuscripts to W. Aldis Wright for posthumous publication; some letters, in the Trinity College Library, are still (1942) unpublished. [His brother John (1820) resembled him closely in character and appearance, and they were compared with Antipholus of Ephesus and Antipholus of Syracuse.

Their father, a descendant of Cromwell, took the name and arms of Fitzgerald in lieu of Purcell, Oct. 3, 1818, while they were living near Paris.

Edward was anxious to distinguish himself from Edward Marlborough (1824), who left in ill odour.] (A. C. Benson, English Men of Letters series; Aldis Wright, in D.N.B.; Ganz, A Fitzgerald Medley; Camb.

Bibliog.

Eng. Lit., . 251-3 and 834; Thomas Wright, Life, which contains the 'Philosopher' and 'Statesman' photographs; R. H. Groome, Two Suffolk Friends; Changes of Name; Lamb, Letters, II. 938-9, 1013.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Poet and Translator.
- 5-Benjamin Jesup was born on 18 Jul 1783 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, died on 22 Jul 1783 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, and was buried on 25 Jul 1783 in FBG Woodbridge, Suffolk.
- 5-**Jeremiah Jesup**¹⁶⁷ was born on 18 Nov 1784 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
- 5-Elizabeth Jesup was born on 9 Nov 1786 in Woodbridge, Suffolk.
- 5-Abigail Jesup was born on 19 Apr 1789 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, died on 8 Jul 1791 in Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 2, and was buried on 12 Jul 1791 in FBG Woodbridge, Suffolk.
- 4-Mary Alexander^{1,2} was born on 7 Feb 1760 in Needham Market, Suffolk, died on 4 Dec 1809 at age 49, and was buried in FBG Worcester.

General Notes: Alexander, Mary (1760–1809), Quaker minister, was born on 7 February 1760 at Needham Market, Suffolk, the third of the eight children of Dykes Alexander (c.1724–1786), shopkeeper, and his wife, Martha Biddle (1727–1775), of whom five survived childhood. Both her parents were established Quakers, her father being an elder and her mother a minister. Mary was conscious when young of the possibility that she too might be called to the ministry and she tried to prepare herself. She began to read the Bible, instead of the plays and romances that she had earlier enjoyed, and learned from several British and American travelling ministers visiting her area. In 1786 Mary's father died and this blow was followed only nine weeks later by the death of Elizabeth, the wife of her eldest brother, Samuel. The family agreed that Mary should continue to live in her father's house with her youngest brother, William, while Samuel and his four children were looked after by his wife's aunt Mary Gurney.

Mary Alexander struggled between her call to the ministry and her family obligations, especially after Mary Gurney's death in 1788. But confirmation of her calling came one night in 1789 when, she says, 'a light shone round my bed and I heard a voice intelligibly say "Thou art appointed to preach the Gospel" (Alexander, 24). She first spoke in meeting in July 1789 and was formally recognized as a Quaker minister in 1791. Her first journeys as a minister were mainly local but in 1794 she ventured further afield, to Lincoln, where she met and travelled with another minister, Ann Tuke (1767–1849) of York, who became a close friend. Their friendship developed further when Ann married Mary's brother William in September 1796. William and Ann asked Mary to live with them in the family home but she decided to find a house nearby instead. A ministerial journey to Wales with Ann and William in 1797 was continually interrupted by Mary's illnesses. She struggled on but at Cirencester she felt close to death; she dreamed that she was dead but was sent back to life as her time had not yet come.

Eventually, at the beginning of 1798, Mary returned to Needham Market and moved into her own 'very peaceful home' (Alexander, 74) but her ministerial obligations gave her little time to enjoy it. She travelled extensively with Elizabeth Coggeshall of Newport, Rhode Island, returning home at the end of 1800. For the next few years most of Mary's travels were in her own area. She also acted as 'an affectionate nurse and attendant' (ibid., 194) to her sister-in-law Hannah, the wife of her younger brother Dykes, at the birth of their daughter but the experience depressed her and she described it as 'a season of peculiar withdrawing of all substantial comfort' (ibid., 116). 1808 brought another change in her life when her brother William and his family moved to York, where he went into business as a bookseller and publisher. For Mary this was 'a closely trying separation' and made 'a chasm' in her domestic circle (ibid., 189–90).

At the end of October 1809 Mary went, with her older sister Martha Jesup, to visit Friends' families in Worcester. There she was joined by another minister, William Forster, with whom she attended two crowded public meetings. She was obviously ill and as soon as she had done her duty she went back to Worcester to the care of her relative Thomas Burlingham. At first her illness was thought to be another attack of the bilious complaint from which she had often suffered before but it soon became obvious that she had smallpox and she gradually grew worse. Her brothers Samuel and Dykes were sent for and she died, in Worcester, surrounded by her family, on 4 December 1809, at the age of forty-nine. She was buried in Worcester. Her brother William could not be with her at her death but he made sure that her account of her spiritual life was published. On hearing of Mary's death Deborah Darby wrote in her journal: thus the Church is stripped of its Pillars, may the great Lord of the Harvest be pleased to raise up and set forth more faithful labourers' (Labouchere, 336).

As the only unmarried woman in her family Mary Alexander might have spent her life seeing to the needs of her brothers' and sister's children, and she did take some share in this. But as a Quaker minister her family and friends accepted that she had a higher call, to which she was faithful in spite of her physical weakness.

Gil Skidmore, 'Alexander, Mary (1760–1809)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/70497, accessed 13 May 2013]

Mary Alexander (1760–1809): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/70497

- She worked as a Quaker Minister.
- She was ill with Died of smallpox.
- 4-Sarah Alexander was born on 28 Nov 1761 in Needham Market, Suffolk.

4-Dykes Alexander^{1,16} was born on 14 Jul 1763 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 27 Feb 1849 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker of Ipswich.
- He resided at Bought the property Goldrood, Parish of St. Mary Stoke, Belstead, Ipswich Suffolk.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

Dykes married **Hannah Brewster**, daughter of **Richard Brewster** and **Catherine Peckover**, on 5 Jul 1786 in Woodbridge, Suffolk. Hannah was born in 1758 and died in 1820 at age 62. They had seven children: **Catherine, Richard Dykes, Henry, Hannah, Priscilla, (No Given Name)**, and **(No Given Name)**.

5-Catherine Alexander^{1,10,48,106} was born in 1787 and died on 6 Oct 1849 in Rushmere, Ipswich, Suffolk at age 62.

Noted events in her life were:

· She worked as a Ouaker Elder.

Catherine married **Thomas Fox**, 1,8,106,184 son of **Thomas Fox** 1,111,147,184,185,186 and **Sarah Smith**, 1,111,147,184,186 in 1819. Thomas was born on 9 Oct 1786 in Wellington, Somerset 10,34,48 and died on 1 May 1862 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 75. They had five children: **Catherine Brewster, Priscilla, Thomas, Dykes Alexander**, and **Anna**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Sergemaker & Banker.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

6-Catherine Brewster Fox^{8,25,106} was born on 7 Jan 1823 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 20 Dec 1902 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Stoke Newington.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

Catherine married **Robert Charleton**, 8,25,43,106,187,188 son of **James Charleton**, 33,147,187 and **Elizabeth Ash**, 1,187 on 13 Dec 1849 in FMH Ipswich. Robert was born on 15 Apr 1809 in Street, Somerset and died on 5 Dec 1872 in Ashley Down, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 63. They had one son: **Robert Ash**.

General Notes: Charleton, Robert (1809–1872), Quaker minister, was born on 15 April 1809 in Bristol, the eldest of the three sons of James (d. 1847) and Elizabeth Charleton (d. 1826), of Ashley Down, near Bristol. James Charleton was subsequently remarried, in 1835; his new wife was Elizabeth Fox; Robert Charleton's relationship with his stepmother was sufficiently harmonious for him to continue under her roof after his father's death until his own marriage, on 13 December 1849, to her niece, Catherine Brewster, eldest daughter of Thomas Fox of Ipswich. He was trained in business by Henry Fowler Cottrell, a Bath land surveyor, and set up on his own account as a pin manufacturer at Kingswood, near Bristol, in 1833, continuing until his retirement in 1852.

Charleton was one of the earliest advocates of total abstinence, and lectured on that subject in England in 1836, and in 1842 with his friend Samuel Capper in Ireland. An evangelical Quaker, he accompanied Capper in his tent-meeting tour in Oxfordshire and the neighbouring counties during 1849. He advocated the formation of the Friends' Foreign Missionary Association. His philanthropic interests were numerous. The schools at Kingswood and Oldland Common were mainly dependent on his support, as was the large British School in Redcross Street, Bristol.

The Peace Society was another institution which engaged Charleton's attention; and in 1854 he was a member of a deputation of three sent from London to present an address to Tsar Nicholas at St Petersburg against the imminent (Crimean) war. The mission was widely criticized in the press, fulfilling the prediction of Richard Cobden that the expedition would 'expose them to a charge of seeking their own glorification' (Mason, 5–6). Again in 1858, in company with Robert Forster, he travelled to Russia and Scandinavia to present the plea for liberty of conscience issued by the Society of Friends. In 1860 he was unanimously recorded by the monthly meeting of Bristol as a minister. In the same year his only child, a son, was born. Henceforth his time was chiefly occupied in lecturing throughout England and Ireland. Some of his lectures and works on religious subjects were published between 1855 and 1869. He was an early and committed opponent of the Contagious Diseases Acts, organizing the movement's first public meeting, and acting as treasurer to the national association for the repeal of the acts, until ill health obliged him to resign. He died from cancer of the face at his residence, Ashley Down, near Bristol, on 5 December 1872 after an illness of eight years' duration.

G. C. Boase, rev. K. D. Reynolds

Sources Biographical catalogue: being an account of the lives of Friends and others whose portraits are in the London Friends' Institute, Society of Friends (1888) · E. Isichei, Victorian Quakers (1970) · A. F. Fox, Memoir of Robert Charleton (1873) · G. F. Mason, Sleigh ride to Russia: an account of the Quaker mission to St Petersburg ... in 1854 (1985) · Annual Monitor (1874), 18 · The Times (7 Dec 1872) Likenesses photograph; in possession of the Friends' Institute, London, 1888 · portrait, repro. in Fox, Memoir of Robert Charleton · portrait, repro. in Mason, Sleigh ride to Russia

Wealth at death under £80,000: probate, 21 Dec 1872, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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G. C. Boase, 'Charleton, Robert (1809–1872)', rev. K. D. Reynolds, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/515]

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an apprentice Land Surveyor to Henry Fowler Cotterell in Bath, Somerset.
- He worked as a Pin manufacturer 1831 To 1852 in Kingswood, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Member of the Peace Society.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1860 in Bristol MM.

7-**Robert Ash Charleton**²⁵ was born on 15 Sep 1860, died on 9 Sep 1888 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 27, and was buried on 14 Sep 1888 in Henbury, Westbury on Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Robert married Charlotte Ransom, daughter of William Ransom^{1,35,57} and Anna Mary Southall, ^{1,35,39} in 1886. Charlotte was born in 1866 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

- 6-Priscilla Fox⁴⁸ was born in 1827 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 2 Feb 1845 in Rushmere, Ipswich, Suffolk at age 18.
- 6-**Thomas Fox**^{96,97,184,189,190} was born on 5 Feb 1828 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 3 Nov 1898 in The Court, Wellington, Somerset at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker & Serge Maker in Wellington, Somerset.
- He had a residence in The Court, Wellington, Somerset.

Thomas married **Sarah Maria Howard**, ^{96,190} daughter of **John Eliot Howard**, ^{8,96,129,190,191} and **Maria Crewdson**, ^{8,96,129,190,191} on 3 Oct 1855 in Tottenham, London. Sarah was born on 6 Feb 1833 in Tottenham, London and died on 3 Nov 1924 in Wellington, Somerset at age 91. They had nine children: **Catherine Maria, Thomas, Maria Howard, Eleanor, Anna Priscilla, John Howard, William Alexander, Robert Algernon**, and **Florence Mary**.

- 7-Catherine Maria Fox⁹⁶ was born on 25 Oct 1856 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 26 Jul 1857 in Wellington, Somerset.
- 7-**Thomas Fox**⁹⁶ was born on 16 Mar 1858 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 26 Sep 1923 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Fox Brothers & Co. In Wellington, Somerset.
- He had a residence in Old Way House, Wellington, Somerset.
- Miscellaneous: A pioneer of ski-ing as a sport in conjunction with his cousin, Gerald Fox.

Thomas married **Mary Agnes Moysey**, ⁹⁶ daughter of **John Moysey** and **Mary Ellen Elliott**, on 27 Apr 1892 in St. Michael's Church, Blackheath, London. Mary was born on 28 Aug 1865 in Leytonstone, London and died on 12 Mar 1950 in Wellington, Somerset at age 84. They had three children: **Mary Priscilla, Thomas**, and **John Eliot Sylvanus**.

8-Mary Priscilla Fox⁹⁶ was born on 9 Mar 1900 in Old Way House, Wellington, Somerset and died on 6 Dec 1959 in Exeter, Devon at age 59.

Mary married **Howard Gerry**, son of **James Gerry** and **Isabella Branfoot**. Howard was born on 21 Jul 1892 in Thurso and died on 18 Mar 1966 at age 73. They had two children: **Philippa Crewdson** and **Andrew Eliot**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea Planter.

9-Philippa Crewdson Gerry

Philippa married William Davidson. They had one daughter: Katherine Elizabeth.

10-Katherine Elizabeth Mark

Katherine married Peter Tufford Kennedy. They had four children: Bridget Alexandra, Samantha Katherine Fox, Oscar Charles William, and Isidor Frederick.

- 11-Bridget Alexandra Kennedy
- 11-Samantha Katherine Fox Kennedy
- 11-Oscar Charles William Kennedy
- 11-Isidor Frederick Kennedy

9-Andrew Eliot Gerry

Andrew married **Hermione Mary Woodward** on 20 Jul 1962. Hermione was born on 6 Feb 1938 and died on 19 Jul 2013 at age 75. They had five children: **Alistair Chad Michael, Susan, Tanya Catherine Mary, Bruce Alexander William**, and **Duncan Andrew Howard**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Headmistress of Prospect House School, London.

10-Alistair Chad Michael Gerry

Alistair married Kathryn Amanada Jackson. They had two children: Archie Alistair Andrew and Rory Dylan Dugal.

- 11-Archie Alistair Andrew Gerry
- 11-Rory Dylan Dugal Gerry
- 10-Susan Gerry was born on 12 Aug 1965 and died on 12 Aug 1965.

10-Tanya Catherine Mary Gerry

Tanya married Peter Michael Watt. They had five children: Abigail Grace Verity, Samuel Charles Eliot, Daniel Christopher Michael, Gabriella Hannah Sophie, and Rebecca Catharine Joy.

- 11-Abigail Grace Verity Watt
- 11-Samuel Charles Eliot Watt
- 11-Daniel Christopher Michael Watt
- 11-Gabriella Hannah Sophie Watt
- 11-Rebecca Catharine Joy Watt

10-Dr. Bruce Alexander William Gerry

Bruce married Cindy Leanne. They had one daughter: Poppy Grace Matilda.

11-Poppy Grace Matilda Gerry

10-Dr. Duncan Andrew Howard Gerry

Duncan married Lisa Samaras.

8-**Thomas Fox**⁹⁶ was born on 23 Sep 1902 in Old Way House, Wellington, Somerset and died on 1 Jun 1988 at age 85.

Thomas married Margeurite Alexandra Holme, daughter of Hugh Basil Holme and Margeurite Blandford Waterlow, on 3 May 1930 in Tylers Green. Margeurite was born on 7 Feb 1909 in Rangoon, Burma and died on 3 Mar 1997 at age 88. They had four children: Thomas, Christopher Martin, Clemency Mary Holme, and Rachel Lynette.

9-Thomas Fox was born on 12 Jun 1931 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 23 Jan 1993 in Grindelwald, Switzerland at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Teacher.

Thomas married Dr. Margaret Rosemary Wheeler. They had four children: Elizabeth Jane, Thomas, Hugh Jonathan, and Nicholas James.

10-Elizabeth Jane Fox

Elizabeth married Rev. Ian Mackenzie Scott-Thompson. They had two children: Jennifer Helen and Rachel Claire.

- 11-Jennifer Helen Scott-Thompson
- 11-Rachel Claire Scott-Thompson

10-Thomas Fox

Thomas married Dr. Emma Jean Karin Freeman. They had three children: Daniel Thomas, Rebecca Hannah, and Elizabeth Anna.

- 11-Daniel Thomas Fox
- 11-Rebecca Hannah Fox
- 11-Elizabeth Anna Fox

10-Dr. Hugh Jonathan Fox

Hugh married Susan Margeurite Wood. They had three children: Samuel Jonathan Ralph, Juliet Rosalind Mary, and Benjamin.

- 11-Samuel Jonathan Ralph Fox
- 11-Juliet Rosalind Mary Fox
- 11-Benjamin Fox
- 10-Nicholas James Fox
- 9-Christopher Martin Fox

9-Clemency Mary Holme Fox

Clemency married Dr. Roger Varley Clements, son of Harold William Clements and Rose Maud Smith.

Clemency next married **Prof. Leslie Fox** on 20 Jul 1973. Leslie was born on 30 Sep 1918 in Dewsbury, Yorkshire and died on 1 Aug 1992 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Professor of Numerical Analysis, Oxford. 1963-83.

9-Rachel Lynette Fox

Rachel married John Edwin Walsh.

8-**John Eliot Sylvanus Fox**⁹⁶ was born on 28 May 1905 in Old Way House, Wellington, Somerset and died on 8 Aug 1975 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Minister of The Gospel.

John married Margaret Ethel Coates on 30 May 1950 in Kirriemuir, Angus, Scotland. Margaret was born on 3 Mar 1898 in Preston, Lancashire and died on 8 Aug 1975 at age 77.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Missionary Nurse.

7-Maria Howard Fox⁹⁶ was born on 21 Feb 1859 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 15 Oct 1912 in Wellington, Somerset at age 53.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: She died following an operation.

7-Eleanor Fox⁹⁶ was born on 5 Nov 1860 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 19 Jul 1863 in Wellington, Somerset at age 2.

7-Anna Priscilla Fox⁹⁶ was born on 30 Jul 1862 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 22 Oct 1948 in Wellington, Somerset at age 86.

Anna married **Alfred Christopher Furze**, son of **Septimus Spooner Furze** and **Emma Pringle**, on 1 May 1926 in Wellington, Somerset. Alfred was born on 12 Aug 1855 in London and died on 31 Oct 1931 in Wellington, Somerset at age 76.

7-John Howard Fox^{96,97} was born on 8 Jun 1864 in Wellington. Somerset and died on 13 Mar 1951 in Wellington. Somerset at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He worked as a Director of Fox Bros. & Co. Ltd., Serge Manufacturers in Wellington, Somerset.
- He worked as a Director of Candy & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Partner in Fox, Fowler & Co., Bankers.
- He worked as a Director of Lloyds Bank in 1921.
- He had a residence in Robin's Close, Wellington, Somerset.
- He worked as an Alderman, Somerset County Council.

John married **Marion Elizabeth Pease**, 97,192 daughter of **Henry Pease** 1,8,32,96,129,130,134,188,192,193,194 and **Mary Lloyd**, 1,8,96,129,130,134,192 on 4 Oct 1892 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Marion was born on 29 Dec 1863 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 14 Sep 1942 in Wellington, Somerset at age 78. They had five children: **Lloyd Howard, Julian Pease, Evangeline Mary, Dorothea**, and **Henry**.

8-Llovd Howard Fox^{96,195} was born on 26 Aug 1893 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 11 Nov 1991 in Wellington, Somerset at age 98.

Lloyd married **Griselda Aggs Bigland**, ¹⁹⁵ daughter of **Percy Bigland**, ^{97,195,196} and **Edith Mary Hanbury Aggs**, ^{97,195} on 4 Sep 1918 in London. Griselda was born on 16 Jun 1895 in London and died on 18 Nov 1987 at age 92. They had four children: **Angela Bigland, David Lloyd, Griselda Mary**, and **Penelope Howard**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1914-Jul 1916 in York, Yorkshire.

9-Angela Bigland Fox was born on 23 Mar 1920 in London and died on 28 Apr 2007 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Probation Officer.

Angela married **Robert Keith Bradford**, son of **Charles Bradford** and **Lily Piper**, on 17 Oct 1942 in Wellington, Somerset. Robert was born on 18 Dec 1920 in London and died in 1966 at age 46. They had four children: **John Robert**, **Carolyn Gay**, **Richard Howard**, and **Daniel Lloyd**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Civil Engineer.

10-John Robert Bradford

John married Cate Serena Pryse Gibberd. They had two children: Donnathea Lindsay and Piers Frederick Lloyd.

11-Donnathea Lindsay Bradford

Donnathea married Patrick Campbell. They had two children: Jago John Lowden and Cate Rhona Sasha.

- 12-Jago John Lowden Campbell
- 12-Cate Rhona Sasha Campbell
- 11-Piers Frederick Lloyd Bradford

Piers married Marie-Katherine. They had two children: Freya Mary Thea and Clementine Angela Mary.

- 12-Freya Mary Thea Bradford
- 12-Clementine Angela Mary Bradford

10-Carolyn Gay Bradford

Carolyn married Robert Blackwell Baggaley. They had three children: Thomas Robert, Sarah Lucy, and Christopher Lloyd.

11-Thomas Robert Baggaley

Thomas married **Rebecca Beer**. They had one son: **Jack Charles**.

- 12-Jack Charles Baggaley
- 11-Sarah Lucy Baggaley

Sarah married Paul Wilson. They had two children: Stanley George and Edward Leo.

- 12-Stanley George Wilson
- 12-Edward Leo Wilson
- 11-Christopher Lloyd Baggaley

Christopher married Maria Criticos.

10-Richard Howard Bradford

Richard married Jane Rosemary Fawcett. They had three children: Helen Rosemary, Robert Michael, and Laura Jane.

11-Helen Rosemary Bradford

Helen married Roberts John Foers.

- 11-Robert Michael Bradford was born on 15 May 1985 and died on 9 Sep 1985.
- 11-Laura Jane Bradford

10-Daniel Lloyd Bradford

Daniel married Saffron Rebecca Fish. They had two children: Jacob Barnaby Lloyd and Barnaby Daniel.

- 11-Jacob Barnaby Lloyd Bradford
- 11-Barnaby Daniel Bradford

Angela next married **Cmdr. Anthony Tosswill Courtney** in 1971. Cmdr. was born on 16 May 1908 and died on 24 Jan 1988 at age 79.

9-David Lloyd Fox was born on 4 Sep 1923 in London and died on 30 Mar 1996 at age 72.

David married Valerie Mary Outhwaite, daughter of Walter Thomas Outhwaite and Marion Ida Maplethorpe, on 28 Aug 1948 in London. Valerie was born on 12 Mar 1925 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 27 Oct 2004 at age 79. They had two children: Rebecca Howard and Gillian Emma.

10-Rebecca Howard Fox

Rebecca married Robert Andree Vander Steen. They had three children: James Howard, Toby Robert, and Benjamin Joseph.

- 11-James Howard Vander Steen
- 11-Toby Robert Vander Steen

Toby married Laura Todd. They had one daughter: Georgie Fox.

- 12-Georgie Fox Vander Steen
- 11-Benjamin Joseph Vander Steen

Benjamin married Stephanie Keroack. They had one son: Oliver Robert.

12-Oliver Robert Vander Steen

10-Gillian Emma Fox

Gillian married Nicholas Stafford.

Gillian next married Peter Vincent.

Gillian next married Ben Scarlett.

David next married Rosalind Dakeney Deacon, daughter of W. J. Deacon. They had six children: Simon David, Laetitia Lloyd, William Seamus, Benjamin John, Ophelia Jane, and Victoria.

10-Simon David Fox

Simon married Julie Ann Darch. They had two children: Robert Simon Lloyd and Tabitha Charlotte.

- 11-Robert Simon Lloyd Fox
- 11-Tabitha Charlotte Fox
- 10-Laetitia Lloyd Fox

Laetitia married David William Grant. They had two children: Harriet Felicity and Jordan Lloyd.

11-Harriet Felicity Grant

Harriet married Nicholas William Sheppard. They had one daughter: Isabella Grace.

- 12-Isabella Grace Sheppard
- 11-Jordan Lloyd Grant
- 10-William Seamus Fox

William married Suzanne Mary Penwarne. They had two children: Dakeney Grace and Lilian.

- 11-Dakeney Grace Fox
- 11-Lilian Fox
- 10-Benjamin John Fox

Benjamin married Victoria Louise Paine. They had two children: Joe Richard and Tom William.

- 11-Joe Richard Fox
- 11-Tom William Fox
- 10-Ophelia Jane Fox

Ophelia married Paul Michael Burnett Hogan. They had two children: Evangelina Rose Chambray and Constance.

- 11-Evangelina Rose Chambray Hogan
- 11-Constance Hogan
- 10-Victoria Fox

David next married **Margaret Kent**. Margaret was born on 6 Aug 1929 and died on 13 May 2006 at age 76.

9-Griselda Mary Fox was born on 5 Aug 1925 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 8 Apr 1989 at age 63.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Historian & Teacher.

Griselda married **Dr. Raymond Keith Mason**, son of **William Edward Mason** and **Mary Lucy**, on 2 Apr 1949 in Wellington, Somerset. Raymond was born on 21 Mar 1924 in Stockton Heath and died on 1 Jan 2002 at age 77. They had two children: **Laurence Edward** and **Deborah Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a GP.

10-Laurence Edward Mason

Laurence married Alison Patricia Kearns. They had two children: Patrick James and Ranulf Alexander Roland.

- 11-Patrick James Mason
- 11-Ranulf Alexander Roland Mason
- 10-Deborah Mary Mason

9-Penelope Howard Fox

Penelope married James Henry Putz, son of John E. D. Putz and Muriel. They had three children: Catherine Sarah, Rachel Ann, and Nicholas Charles.

10-Catherine Sarah Putz

Catherine married Mark Corder Holtom, son of Maj. John Edward Brumwell Holtom and Esther Pleasaunce Catchpool,.⁶⁹ They had two children: Bridget Frances Putz and Ruth Emily Griselda.

- 11-Bridget Frances Putz Holtom
- 11-Ruth Emily Griselda Holtom
- 10-Rachel Ann Putz
- 10-Nicholas Charles Putz

8-Julian Pease Fox⁹⁶ was born on 2 Sep 1894 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 22 May 1979 in Wellington, Somerset at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit.
- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer. Fox Bros. In Wellington, Somerset.

Julian married **Marjorie Ellis Gibbins**, daughter of **Richard Cadbury Gibbins**^{1,96,104} and **Caroline Lloyd**,^{1,96,104} on 17 Jun 1920 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Marjorie was born on 28 Jan 1893 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 27 Mar 1981 at age 88. They had two children: **Michael Pease** and **Ronald Howard**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.
 - 9-Michael Pease Fox was born on 21 Aug 1921 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 10 Feb 2010 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Spiceland.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chairman Fox Brothers & Co. Ltd.

Michael married **Yvonne Hotham Cadbury**, daughter of **Joel Hotham Cadbury**^{1,97,104} and **Margery Patching**, on 24 Jul 1948 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Yvonne was born on 27 Jul 1921 in Northfield, Birmingham, Worcestershire, died on 21 Sep 2016 at age 95, and was buried in FBG Spiceland. They had four children: **Julian Hotham, Patricia Jean, Roger Cadbury**, and **Diana Frances**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

General Notes: **Yvonne Hotham Fox obituary** Yvonne Fox, who has died aged 95, had a remarkable positive energy and optimism and spent her life joyfully serving others. She had a wonderful zest for life that she shared with others through her work as a physiotherapist and through her dedication to many community causes. Having trained and worked as a physiotherapist she

went on to volunteer with St John Ambulance, Meals on Wheels, and Inner Wheel Club (part of Rotary International). She also served on the management committee at Tone Vale Psychiatric Hospital at Cotford St Luke, and she was a Governor at both Sidcot School and Wellington School. Yvonne was an early advocate of the natural childbirth movement, which went against the norm of the time. Instead of being made to lie flat on their backs with their feet in stirrups, as was the standard practice of the time, she believed that women deserved to have a more active role in giving birth to their children. She was able to combine her healthcare training with her ability to build confidence in others to empower more women to do this. She was greatly valued for her work with the Natural Childbirth Trust. As an enthusiastic member of St John Ambulance Brigade Yvonne regularly ran first aid courses, helped with home nursing and did lots of fundraising. Her concern for others led her to set up St John Car Outings, organising drivers to pick up lonely older people and take them to country houses for tea. Her open welcoming nature put others at ease and made these outings fun. The generosity of local people in opening their homes was rewarded by the heartfelt appreciation of people who were becoming side-lined by society. Yvonne was a committed member of Wellington Society of Friends (Quakers), playing an active role inspiring newer members. Her Christian faith was expressed practically in her love and care, and in seeing the best in everyone. It was not only what she did, it was how she did it that inspired those around her. Everything she undertook from the biggest endeavour to the smallest chore was carried out with joy, fun and a profound sense of gratitude. She was a source of wisdom and eternal optimism for her many friends and family. Yvonne was born at Selly Oak, Birmingham on 27th July 1921 into the Cadbury family of chocolate-making fame. Her own parents Margery and Joel Cadbury owned a button manufacturing company. Together with her three elder brothers she was brought up in a Quaker (Society of Friends) family. She attended the Friends schools at Sidcot near Bristol and the Mount School, York. When the second world war broke out she was studying English at Leeds University, but her contribution to the war effort was to train as a Physiotherapist at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Birmingham in order to be of practical assistance to those in need. She was happily married to Michael Pease Fox, director of Fox Brothers of Wellington, who she met through her school friend Angela Fox of Gerbestone Manor. Michael spent the war with the Friends Ambulance Unit in China before studying Engineering at Cambridge University, and then joining the family textile business. They married in 1948 and moved into Legglands on Wellington Hill, where they spent their whole married life together. They went on to have four children, seven grandchildren and ten great grandchildren to whom Yvonne was a source of love, inspiration and fun. Yvonne loved being outdoors, regularly at her breakfast in the fresh air, and welcomed friends and family to share the fruit and veg from her garden. She and Michael enjoyed going on picnics, walks and mountaineering together until well into their 80s. Yvonne had an amazing ability to make everyone feel welcome and special. She was always really pleased to see you and shared her time and energy generously. She will be remembered by her family as someone who was perennially optimistic and whose presence could transform the most mundane occasion into something special. Her family are grateful for the loving care she received these last few months as a resident of Popham Court and for the friends and family who brightened her days with chats, visits and outings. A service in celebration of Yvonne's life will be held at 11am on Friday 7th October at Taunton Deane Crematorium. A reception will follow at Langford Budville Village Hall. All are warmly welcome to attend both parts of the day. Memorial gifts may be made in Yvonne Fox's name to St John Ambulance (give address and link to Granny's online donation site for St John Ambulance). Emily Samways and Bryony Fox.

10-Julian Hotham Fox

Julian married Susan Lamb. They had three children: Jethron Pease, Emily Jane Tamarin, and Bryony Claire.

- 11-Jethron Pease Fox
- 11-Emily Jane Tamarin Fox

Emily married Jeremy Malcolm Samways. They had one son: George Louis Fox.

- 12-George Louis Fox Samways
- 11-Bryony Claire Fox

Julian next married Louise Perrin.

10-Patricia Jean Fox

Patricia married Prof. Christopher Frank Dowrick, son of Prof. Frank Dowrick and (Mabel) Cherry (Barbara) Burberry. They had two children: Elizabeth Rachel and Clare Christine.

11-Elizabeth Rachel Dowrick

Elizabeth married Dr. Malcolm Philip Savage. They had one daughter: Hannah Joy.

- 12-Hannah Joy Savage
- 11-Clare Christine Dowrick
- 10-Roger Cadbury Fox

Roger married Gordana Milijasevic. They had two children: Alexandra Yvonne and Victor James.

11-Alexandra Yvonne Fox

11-Victor James Fox was born on 3 Mar 1994, died on 12 May 2016 in Dharasu, Nalupani, Uttarakashi, India at age 22, and was buried on 23 May 2016 in Marylebone Crematorium, London. The cause of his death was in a tragic motorcycle accident.

General Notes: DEHRADUN: A 22-year-old British biker, who was with a four-member expedition team riding from Rishikesh to Gangotri, lost balance and fell into a deep gorge along with his bike in Nalupani area of Uttarakashi district. After a three-hour operation by the State Disaster Response Force (SDRF) and the local police, he was rescued but died on the way to hospital.

Ravindra Yadav, station officer, Dharasu, told TOI, "The four were on different motor-cycles. They had started the expedition from Rishikesh and were on their way to Gangotri Dham." Around 7.30pm on Thursday, Victor James Fox lost control of his two-wheeler and fell into a 200-metre-deep gorge near Dharasu bend in Nalupani, about 30km from Uttarakashi. With no help in sight at the spot, his three friends went ahead and informed policemen at Chinayalisaund about the accident and sought their assistance. On receiving the information, a team from Dharasu police station and personnel of SDRF along with rescue equipment rushed to the spot.

"We heard his cries for help and despite the cover of darkness, a sincere effort was made to rescue the British national. We could not even see Fox and our team worked hard to find him in the deep gorge," Yadav said. After the rescue operation that lasted nearly three hours, the police personnel were successful in bringing him out of the gorge at about 10.30pm. "Fox was rushed to the district hospital at Uttarakashi, where doctors declared him dead," Yadav added.

A post-mortem was conducted on Friday, after which the victim's body was brought to Himalayan Hospital at Jolly Grant, Dehradun. "On Saturday, Fox's family members are expected to arrive in the state capital. They will take a call on the location where his last rites will be performed," the police officer said.

The Times of India. 13 May 2016

I am sorry that my first post here for a long time has to be a sad one. I am writing to let the wider family know of the loss of Victor J Fox, son of Roger and Goga Fox and sister to Sasha, who live in North London. Roger is my first cousin and from the Wellington Foxes i.e. the third child of Michael (last Chairman of the family owned Fox Brothers; d.2010) and Yvonne Fox of Legglands.

Victor was 22 years old and "in the starting blocks" of a full and successful life when last Thursday, he suffered a dreadful and fatal accident as his motorbike plunged down a 200' ravine in Northern India.

He had gained a first class honours degree in Philosophy and then spent five months travelling and working on his own in Colombia. An experience which led some family to notice on his recent brief return to England, an increasing maturity in this already very likeable, able and serious young man. He then flew out to India to meet other friends who had been trekking further east and they explored Southern India before heading North. Here they hired motorbikes in order to visit the temple at the source of the Ganges.

Somehow he became separated from his friends and when they caught up with him, he was being tended by paramedics having fallen down the ravine.

It is unclear why this tragedy occurred but that it is a tragedy is in no doubt.

There will be a cremation at Marylebone Crematorium (small venue) on Monday 23rd May at 11.00 a.m. followed by a humanist service in the dining room at Highgate Junior School (Bishopswood Rd N6 4PP - entrance opposite Mallinsons sports centre) at 4.30 p.m. and then a wake at 6.30p.m. in The Wrestler Pub nearby.

Judy Fox (JudyFox@lds.co.uk) via Lordsmeade group. 20 May 2016

10-Diana Frances Fox

9-Dr. Ronald Howard Fox was born on 12 Feb 1923 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 9 Jul 2009 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 86.

General Notes: Ph.D. MB. BS. MRCS. LRCP.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSC MRCS LRCP.
- He worked as a Physician.

Ronald married Agatha Ann Pocock. They had four children: Marion Judith, Christine Joanna, Susan Rachel, and Jonathan Howard.

10-Marion Judith Fox

Marion married Nicholas Jefferson Charles. They had three children: Alyssa Mary Fox, Gemma Ann Fox, and Josie Jane.

- 11-Alyssa Mary Fox Charles
- 11-Gemma Ann Fox Charles

1-JUSIC Jane Charles	1	-Josie	Jane	Charles
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10-Christine Joanna Fox

Christine married Richard James William Hewlett. They had two children: James Anthony and Martin Jonathan.

- 11-James Anthony Hewlett
- 11-Martin Jonathan Hewlett

10-Dr. Susan Rachel Fox

Susan married Dr. Martin Joseph John Beckers, son of Huub Beckers and Truus Vanderpi. They had four children: Matthew Lloyd, Joshua Howard, Kristian Eliot Maurice, and Daniel George.

- 11-Matthew Lloyd Beckers
- 11-Joshua Howard Beckers
- 11-Kristian Eliot Maurice Beckers
- 11-Daniel George Beckers

10-Jonathan Howard Fox

Jonathan married Ruth Ann Blake. They had three children: Anna May, Thomas Howard, and Maisie Joanna.

- 11-Anna May Fox
- 11-Thomas Howard Fox
- 11-Maisie Joanna Fox
- 8-Evangeline Mary Fox⁹⁶ was born on 7 May 1896 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 17 May 1896.
- 8-Dorothea Fox⁹⁶ was born on 19 Oct 1900 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 30 Oct 1947 at age 47.
- 8-**Henry Fox**⁹⁶ was born on 28 May 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 May 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 7-William Alexander Fox⁹⁶ was born on 28 Dec 1865 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 18 Dec 1952 in Storrington, West Sussex at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Lincoln College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Journalist.
- He had a residence in Eliots, Widmore, Bromley, Kent.

William married **Gertrude Elizabeth Howard**, ⁹⁶ daughter of **Theodore Howard** ^{96,129,190} and **Susan Maria Jowitt**, ^{1,96,129,190} on 28 Sep 1899 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. Gertrude was born on 4 Jul 1875 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent and died on 27 Jul 1954 in Storrington, West Sussex at age 79. They had three children: **John Mortimer Charleton, Dilworth Quentin**, and **Philip Eliot**.

8-John Mortimer Charleton Fox⁹⁶ was born on 21 Mar 1903 in Bromley, Kent and died on 15 Oct 1977 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

John married **Ilma May Page**, daughter of **Arthur William Page** and **Eva Emily Jackson**, on 25 Aug 1928 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. Ilma was born on 20 May 1896 in Kingsland, Auckland, Nz and died on 2 Mar 1973 at age 76. They had five children: **Philip, Michael John Howard, Philippa Janet, Anne Page Howard**, and **Martin Eliot**.

9-Philip Fox was born on 1 Oct 1930 in Gidea Park, London and died on 2 Oct 1930 in London.

9-Michael John Howard Fox

Michael married Dianne Lesley Smith, daughter of Leslie Smith and Ethel Innes. They had three children: Steven, Elaine, and Janet.

10-Steven Fox

Steven married Susan Fifield. They had two children: Chandra and Kieran.

- 11-Chandra Fox
- 11-Kieran Fox

Steven next married Sibylla. They had two children: Sita Seren and Tara Yasmin.

- 11-Sita Seren Fox
- 11-Tara Yasmin Fox

10-Elaine Fox

Elaine married Chad Kraft. They had one daughter: Nevada.

11-Nevada Fox

10-Janet Fox

Janet married Sigismund Schnare. They had one daughter: Layla.

11-Layla Fox

Layla married Andy Luz. They had four children: Nadia Nicole, Aidan Andreas, Felix, and Freddie.

- 12-Nadia Nicole Luz
- 12-Aidan Andreas Luz
- 12-Felix Luz
- 12-Freddie Luz

Janet next married David Holl.

Janet next married Peter Sundt.

Michael next married Randa Ohan. They had one son: Mark Ohan.

10-Mark Ohan Fox

Michael next married Eleanor Paterson.

9-Philippa Janet Fox

Philippa married Iain Urquhart Fraser, son of John Fraser and Winifred Northam. They had two children: Karen Fiona and Kier John.

10-Karen Fiona Fraser

Karen married Roy Smith.

10-Kier John Fraser

Kier married Rosalia De Souza. They had one son: Sean Caetano De Souza.

11-Sean Caetano De Souza Fraser

9-Anne Page Howard Fox was born on 19 Apr 1937 in Hornchurch and died on 20 Apr 1937 in Hornchurch.

9-Martin Eliot Fox

Martin married Pauline Bower.

8-Dilworth Quentin Fox⁹⁶ was born on 30 Jul 1905 in Bromley, Kent and died in Jan 1993 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Ceramics Manufacturer.

Dilworth married **Beryl Emily Dunstan**, daughter of **Walter Robert Dunstan** and **Ethel Kate Phillips**, on 18 Jun 1938 in Lewes, East Sussex. Beryl was born on 23 Dec 1909 in London and died on 6 Jan 1984 at age 74. They had two children: **Anna Rosalind** and **Anthony Dunstan**.

9-Anna Rosalind Fox

Anna married Dr. Donald Charles Blagden, son of Charles William Blagden and Doris Alexander. They had two children: Jonathan Alexander and Giles Mark Rupert.

10-Jonathan Alexander Blagden

10-Giles Mark Rupert Blagden

Giles married Jacqueline Rhodes. They had two children: Charlotte Emily and Joshua James Edward.

11-Charlotte Emily Blagden

11-Joshua James Edward Blagden

9-Anthony Dunstan Fox

Anthony married Jennifer Ann Kilford. They had three children: Annabel Constance Mary, Olivia Jenefer, and George Theodore Dunstan.

10-Annabel Constance Mary Fox

Annabel married **John Bird**.

10-Olivia Jenefer Fox

Olivia married Lt. Donald Doull. They had one daughter: Imogen Barbara.

11-Imogen Barbara Doull

10-George Theodore Dunstan Fox

8-**Philip Eliot Fox**⁹⁶ was born on 21 Sep 1908 in Bromley, Kent and died on 24 Mar 1930 in Pontefract, Yorkshire. In a car accident at age 21.

7-Dr. Robert Algernon Fox^{96,189} was born on 13 Apr 1868 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 8 Aug 1945 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChM.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He worked as a Superintendent. Rockwood Asylum in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
- He worked as a Superintendent. Lidcombe Hospital.

Robert married **Dr. Julia Carlile Thomas**, ^{96,189} daughter of **Sydney Stamper Thomas** and **Margaret Carlile**, ¹⁸⁹ on 17 Jun 1903 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. Julia was born on 5 Apr 1873 in England and died on 28 Dec 1916 in Lidcombe, New South Wales, Australia at age 43. They had two children: **Maldred Carlile** and **Eudo Carlile**.

General Notes: Julia Carlile Thomas was in the second group of women graduates from the Faculty of Medicine, graduating Bachelor of Medicine and Master of Surgery in 1898.

Julia Carlile Thomas was born in London, England on 5 April 1873 and arrived in Sydney with her parents when she was 8 years old. She passed the matriculation exams at Sydney Girls High School in December 1890. Julia Carlile Thomas was in the second group of women graduates from the Faculty of Medicine, graduating Bachelor of Medicine and Master of Surgery in 1898.

On 17 June 1903 Julia married Dr Robert Algernon Fox and they had two children, Maldred Carlile and Eudo Carlile. He became Medical Superintendent of the State Hospital, Lidcombe.

After experiencing medical work in Sydney and elsewhere, she founded the Sydney Medical Mission in 1900 to assist both the poor and the profession. Its aim was to provide medical attendance and medicine, in their own homes, for those sufferers who were unable to benefit by the outpatients' departments at hospitals, such as chronic invalids, women who were unable to leave their homes, and children whose mothers were anxious to attend to them themselves in conjunction with a doctor. No fees were charged for medical attendance, and only the very poor came under the scope of the work. The visits were made to the slum parts of Glebe, Pyrmont, Woolloomooloo, Waterloo, Alexandria, parts of the city, Paddington, Darlinghurst and Surry Hills. Then outpatients were seen at the mission twice a week, as well as each Thursday evening. The great aim was to help those who could not help themselves. Besides this work, the mission made itself felt in many other ways, and the mission hall was the gathering place of women seeking advice and children asking for comfort.

Julia devoted the whole of her time to the mission. Her health gave way under her self-imposed strain, and in 1903 she was compelled to relinquish the post of honorary superintendent of the mission. The Mission was forced to close in 1917 as the war made it impossible to secure the services of a doctor, and was followed by the Rachel Forster Hospital in 1922.

Julia died on 28 December 1916 after a long and lingering illness in Lidcombe, Sydney, aged 43.

Dr Robert Fox later remarried, and died on 8 August 1945 in Sydney aged 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with MB ChM.
- She emigrated to Australia with her Parents in 1881.
- She was educated at University of Sydney in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
- She worked as a Physician with the London Medical Mission in 1899-1900.
- She worked as a Founded the Sydney Medical Mission in 1900.
 - 8-Maldred Carlile Fox⁹⁶ was born on 4 Feb 1910 in Lidcombe, New South Wales, Australia and died on 13 Apr 1932 in London at age 22.
 - 8-Eudo Carlile Fox was born on 19 Apr 1914 in Lidcombe, New South Wales, Australia and died on 7 Jun 2012 at age 98.

General Notes: Standards Association of Australia. MICE.

Standards Award 1994. Standards Australia.

Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors

"James N. Kirby Award" 1997. British Institute of Electrical Engineers.

Order of Australia. Eudo Carlile FOX, Pymble NSW, for service to engineering, particularly in the electrical and mechanical fields as a manufacturer and administrator.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with Order of Australia (AM).

- He was educated at Downs Schhol, Hereford. King's School, Paramatta. University of Sydney.
- He worked as a Business Manager, English Electric Co.

Eudo married Joan Affleck Menzies, daughter of Robert Duncan Menzies and Lorraine Hope Gartrell. They had three children: Sally Carlile, Robert Carlile, and Deborah Lorraine.

9-Sally Carlile Fox

Sally married Michael De Havilland. They had three children: Sabrina Carlile, Piers Carlile, and Jules Carlile.

- 10-Sabrina Carlile Fox-Havilland
- 10-Piers Carlile Fox-Havilland
- 10-Jules Carlile Fox-Havilland

9-Robert Carlile Fox

Robert married Irene Low. They had two children: Douglas Carlile and Hayley Lorraine.

- 10-Douglas Carlile Fox
- 10-Hayley Lorraine Fox
- 9-Deborah Lorraine Fox

Deborah married Harald Jahrling.

Robert next married Mary Isabelle Taylor on 28 Feb 1922. Mary was born on 8 Apr 1880 in New Zealand and died on 19 May 1962 at age 82.

7-Florence Mary Fox⁹⁶ was born on 23 May 1870 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 2 Nov 1895 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 25.

Florence married **Gerald Fox**, ⁹⁶ son of **Joseph Hoyland Fox** ^{57,184,197} and **Mariana Fox Tuckett**, ^{57,197} on 30 Jul 1895 in Wellington, Somerset. Gerald was born on 2 Sep 1865 in Woolcombe, Wellington, Somerset at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Managing Director of The Candy Clayworks in Newton Abbot, Devon.
- He had a residence in The Croft, Newton Abbot, Devon.
- Miscellaneous: He introduced ski-ing to Switzerland, 1891, Grindelwald, Switzerland.

6-Dvkes Alexander Fox³⁸ was born on 29 Apr 1829 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 9 Sep 1905 in Bristol, Gloucestershire (At the home of his sister Anna) at age 76.

General Notes: Dykes A. Fox. 76 9 9mo. 1905 Birkenhead. A Minister. Dykes Alexander Fox was born at Wellington, Somersetshire, in 1829. He appears early in life to have been drawn to choose the Lord for his portion, and his piety at school is remembered by one who knew him well and was his companion at Grove House. In early letters to an older brother, he evinced an earnest concern that spiritual things should have the first place in their hearts and lives. This was fulfilled largely in the case of both brothers, and they doubtless helped each other in pursuit of the highest aims. He first spoke as a minister in Birkenhead meeting more than forty-five years ago, under the disadvantage of an impediment in his speech, in which, however, he was graciously helped, as he sought faithfully to obey what he believed to be his Lord's requiring, and increasingly so as he grew in grace. Latterly he to a considerable extent overcame this hindrance. He devoted no little time and energy to the relief of suffering, and especially to visiting the sick and afflicted. One of his earliest interests was the welfare of the Birkenhead cabmen, whom he supplied with reading of a useful character, and for many years did not neglect their temporal as well as spiritual welfare. There is mention in a letter from a lady, who recently called at his late home, that the cabman who drove her thither was weeping as he did so. He was one of the many whom D. A. Fox had befriended, in getting shelters put up on the "rank" at one of the stations, and in various other ways. Similar feeling prevails at a Workmen's Club and Mission in which he had assisted. "One thought," says a letter, "of the game he had played with Mr. Fox, and of a topic which had been discussed with him, and of a visit received when he was sick." One, quite broken down, said, " to think of the many times Mr. Fox came to see me when I have been ill, and yet he has gone first." Another said, "his face was always like sunshine, and we will miss him more than any one who ever came to

enabled steadfastly for many years to share in the vocal service of his own meeting, and in the meetings of his Quarterly Meeting, and latterly, with minutes from his Monthly and Quarterly Meetings, he visited Friends in Ireland, Scotland, and the Eastern Covmties of England. In all his gospel service, he faithfully adhered to evangelical truth as he found it in the holy Scriptures, which he loved and reverently studied in the early morning hours for many years. Extracts from his letters at the time furnish some little account of the nature of his service: - " At Chvirchtown, a drawing-room meeting was arranged at the house of a widow Friend last Sixth day, and without much information of what was intended, I found myself in the presence of about thirty friends, most of them young people, to whom I gave a Bible reading; and afterwards hynuis were sung. I hope it may not have been altogether without profit." There is also reference to the Mission Meetings in the North of Ireland in which he took deep interest as well as in those in England. He writes also: - "Lurgan, 22nd 9th mo., 1902. - The service has been harmonious, with very little exception, and I have felt it good and helpful to come into closer contact with many of the Irish Friends, who value an evangelical message. "At Dublin F. T. spoke excellently in the meeting for woi-ship this morning. I followed and then a very earnest exhortation to all evangelists and workers from J. R. to keep 'Christ crucified in the forefront.' "There is also a full narration of his visits to Limerick, Cork, etc., with allusions to the help given and the cordiality and kindness of Irish Friends. He accomplished also the visit to Scotland in 1905, with comfort; and a tribute was very warmly paid from Edinburgh to the value of his visit amongst Friends. But the service proved too much for his strength, and he was prevented from attending the Yearly Meeting at Leeds. By his doctor's advice he rested from usual efforts, and he was soon after recommended to meet his relatives at the seaside, but the illness of his sister prevented this, and he kindly came instead to visit her. For two or three weeks, when he was on a visit to this sister at Bristol, although serious heart complaint was discovered, he enjoyed short walks, and some calls on his Friends, and it was noticed that his ministry in meeting was with increasing "depth and power." A journey to Birkenhead and a short visit to Wellington, were however, too nauch for his feeble state, and shortly afterwards he became confined to bed, with what proved to be his last illness. This was of so trying a nature from frequent delirium, etc., that there was little opportunity for expression on subjects nearest to his heart. He made short allusions however, to his entire and sole trust in his Saviour's redeeming grace, and on one occasion, though very weak, he wished to read aloud the first chapter of the fii'st epistle of John, and gave a clear address or exposition upon it. During the last week of his life, a serious stroke prevented utterance, and he became unconscious until he peacefully and almost imperceptibly breathed his last, and entered we reverently believe into the "joy of his Lord." A venerated Friend writes, - "I loved him much; I have known him for upwards of fifty years, I well remember his early exercises as a minister; and the fact of his physical infirmity, from which impediment I myself also suffered, especially in my earlier years, caused nae to feel much sympathy with him. Though his services were not very extensive yet the faithfulness and simplicity with which he exercised his gift added greatly to the impression produced. "How full and consoling is the precious promise, full of 'life and immortality,' in which we may realise the blessed fact that the solemn change which we call death, involves no real separation to them who are united in the fellowship of the redeemed through Him who is the 'resurrection and the life.' "A Friend of Birkenhead writes: - "His kindly sympathy, his words of consolation, or encouragement or hope in time of sorrow, or trouble or depression, his fervour and earnestness in the Master's cause, and his clear and unflinching proclamation of the great truth of the Gospel of his Lord, cannot be forgotten. The loss to us in Birkenhead by his removal is indeed great, and not only to our little gathering as Friends, but to the Church at large, and to the very many amongst the poor in this place, more than we can tell . . To his devoted labours and luiswerving faith the gracious response has now been accorded, 'Well done good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of thy Lord.'

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Drysalter & Shipbroker in Birkenhead, Cheshire.

6-Anna Fox⁴¹ was born in 1830 and died in 1907 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 77.

Anna married **Frederick Hingston Fox**, 41 son of **George Fox**^{1,57,135,198} and **Rachel Collier Hingston**, 1,57,198 in 1866. Frederick was born on 27 Jan 1825 in Gonvena, Wadebridge, Cornwall, died on 21 Mar 1910 in The Knowle, Seymour Park, Plymouth at age 85, and was buried on 24 Mar 1910 in FBG Treville Street, Plymouth.

General Notes: Frederic H. Fox, 85 21 3mo. 1910 Plymouth. On the 21st March, Frederick Kingston Fox passed away at his residence. The Knowle, Seymour Park, Plymouth, at the age of eighty-five. He had survived his wife between two and three years. Both within the Society of Friends and outside it, Frederick and Anna Fox were well known and esteemed. After a few years spent at Kingsbridge, South Devon, they removed to Torquay, where, at their lovely homes of Oakhill and Gonvena, they dispensed wide hospitality, and frequently lent their drawing-room for gatherings connected with the interests of religious and philanthropic causes. General Booth generally stayed with them when at Torquay, and on one occasion when some of his officers were committed to prison by an unfriendly bench of magistrates for a technical violation of the law, Anna Fox, when sentence was pronounced, arose in court, and in a clear and emphatic voice uttered the words, "Blessed are they who are persecuted for righteousness sake." After some years' residence at Torquay, they removed to Edgbaston, Birmingham, where at Grasmere, Bristol Road, they again opened their house to the very numerous calls which a large meeting and a wide community entailed. When circumstances again led them to remove, this time to Severn Lodge, Sneyd Park, in the neighbourhood of Bristol, they were the same hospitable hosts and earnest promoters of every good cause as they ever had been. Notwithstanding a naturally very diffident disposition and manner. Frederick H. Fox was a man of clear and decided views on many matters. which he considered inseparably connected with Christian truth. He had a retentive memory and a well-stored mind. He was a lowly and faithful follower of that Saviour whose atoning and sacrificial work his wife loved to set forth in her ministry. When she died in 1907, Frederick Fox came to Plymouth to spend the remainder of his days in the midst of an attached family circle, and in a Meeting where his gentle and Christ-like spirit was much appreciate

- He worked as a Timber Merchant in Kingsbridge, Devon.
- He resided at Oakhill in Torquay, Devon.

- He resided at Govena in Torquay, Devon.
- He resided at Grasmere in Bristol Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He resided at Severn Lodge in Sneyd Park, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He resided at The Knowle from 1907 in Seymour Park, Plymouth.
- 5-Richard Dykes Alexander^{1,14,42,141,194} was born on 15 Aug 1788 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 24 Feb 1866 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 77, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk.

General Notes: i.) Letter on mourning paper in mourning envelope sealed with black wax from Edward Johnson at Stanstead Bury House, 11 Jan[uar]y 1846 to RDAlexander Esq / Lowestoft / Suffolk thrice franked: ?FU/21 ??I/1846; illegible;OFF[?Lowestoff] MR 22/1846

The six-page letter consists entirely of medical advice, beginning: "Dear Sir / The pain in your arm is not rheumatic. It is neuralgic - and depends upon the condition of your brain and spinal cord." The letter ends, "Give my kindest regards to Mrs Alexander and Miss Ann Stephenson and believe me / Dear Sir / Very truly yours / Edw Johnson

ii) Letter from Edward Johnson at Umberslade Park, Hockley, Warwickshire, 17 July 1846

to RDAlexander Esquire / Walton / near Ipswichfranked on front: Hockley/ Penny Post; and (in black) twice on back: BIRMINGHAM, once encircling JY 17/1846, and once JY 18/1846; and in red 18JY IP / 1846 The letter offers excuses for not writing an essay for the "Committee of the World's Convention" and blames it on his worries at having over-extended himself by taking Umberslade Park. (For Pevsner in dyspeptic mood on the Park, see The Buildings of England Warwickshire (1966) p.437.)

Courtesy of Prof. David Ransome

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- Miscellaneous: Published "Observations on the subject of War", 1817.
- Miscellaneous: Published "War, Inconsistent with Christianity".
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

Richard married **Ann Dillwyn**, ^{1,42,141} daughter of **William Dillwyn** ^{1,8,42,141,199,200,201} and **Sarah Weston**, ^{1,8,42,141,199,200} on 27 Sep 1810 in FMH Tottenham. Ann was born on 11 Sep 1783, died on 3 Apr 1868 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 84, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk.

Marriage Notes: Marriage certificate, printed on parchment, of Richard Dykes ALEXANDER of Ipswich banker

son of Dykes Alexander of Ipswich banker and of Hannah his Wife and Ann Dillwyn daughter of William Dillwyn of Walthamstow Essex yeoman and Sarah his wife on 27th 9 mo 1810 at the Meeting House in Tottenham

Both sign.

In column 2, 9th place, Eliz[abe]th FRY signs [no doubt you would recognise the names of other Friends that I didn't] At the head of column 3 sign Sarah M Dillwyn, and Hannah Alexander jun; in column 4 sign Dykes Alexander. Hannah Alexander, Wm Dillwyn, Sarah Dillwyn, H[enr]y Alexander, Judith N. Dillwyn, George Dillwyn Jun[io]r, Lydia Dillwyn, Catherine Alexander Sam[ue]l Alexander Courtesy of Prof. David Ransome

General Notes: Envelope to 'Ann Alexander Ipswich' franked LONDON, N.E. circling G/AU 10/63 and A/IPSWICH/AU 11/63 annotated in pencil 'George Offer' [q.v., ODNB, 1787-1864], & in ink 'editor of Bunyans works' containing two letters both from G.O. from Grove Street, Hackney

a) dated 30 May 1863, expressing "his great pleasure to patronize the little work which Ann Alexander proposes to publish ... at present he is "so seriously ill as to be satisfied with the Proverb, 'What your hands find to do, do it with all your might' ."

b) dated 10 August 1863, "....from all that can guide his judgment setting aside the Paralectic stroke which has so seriously affected his right hand side he feels much the same for the last eighteen months..." *Courtesy of Prof. David Ransome.*

Two reprints of "Incidents of the American War"

i) Scenes after Battle from the pen of a Confederate officer refers to the battles before Richmond;

ii) A Hospital Scene in Nashville taken from one of the American papers.

Courtesy of Prof. David Ransome.

Letter on blue official writing paper from John Davis, Gaol of Newgate, 2 March 1862

to Mrs Alexander:

My dear Madam,

I was so short of time that I could not write when I sent the Tracts which I am glad to find that you have received. I am happy to tell you that the number of Post Office cases has considerably diminished & the character of them a good deal altered.

The Post Office authorities now if any letter is put into the office containing money, order it to be registered which costs eight pence. That is double registration. The result is that the letters are not stolen. We have a sad case of Murder to be tried this Session charged against two brothers for shooting at a Police & killing him at Acton. If he is convicted or either of them, there must be an execution. These are sad trials and deeply engage our feelings.

Mrs Davis often speaks of your kindness to he when she called upon you.

Believe me / My dear Madam / Your faithful servant

Courtesy of Prof. David Ransome.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Minister.
- 5-Henry Alexander¹ was born on 24 Aug 1789 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 14 Dec 1838 in Hadleigh, Suffolk at age 49.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Alexander's bank of Ipswich.
- He resided at The Bank House, Ipswich, Suffolk.

Henry married **Emma Howard**, ^{202,203} daughter of **Thomas Howard** ^{202,203} and **Elizabeth Phillips**, ^{202,203} on 10 Dec 1823 in FMH Woodbridge. Emma was born on 24 Jun 1802 in St. Paul's Churchyard, London and died on 20 Jun 1882 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 79. They had two children: **Emmaretta Hannah** and **Dykes Henry**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She emigrated to Australia after 1838.
 - 6-Emmaretta Hannah Alexander²⁰³ was born on 3 Mar 1825 in Mary Key, Ipswich, Suffolk and was christened on 31 Dec 1843 in St. Stephen's, Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She emigrated to Australia after 1838.

Emmaretta married Thomas Richard Neville.

Emmaretta next married Alfred William Keeson on 13 Oct 1887 in Adelaide, South Australia.

6-**Dykes Henry Alexander**²⁰³ was born on 26 Oct 1826 in Mary Key, Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 7 Nov 1855 in The Parsonage, Echunga, South Australia at age 29, and was buried in St. Mary's Angican Cemetery, Echunga, South Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Australia after 1838.
- 5-Hannah Alexander¹ was born in 1793.

Hannah married **Edward Fox**, 1,48,184 son of **Thomas Fox** 1,111,147,184,185,186 and **Sarah Smith**, 1,111,147,184,186 in 1816 in Ipswich, Suffolk. Edward was born on 1 Jan 1789 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 5 Aug 1845 in Wellington, Somerset at age 56. They had three children: **Edward, George Smith**, and **Hannah Alexander**.

- He worked as a Serge Maker.
 - 6-Edward Fox died in 1862.
 - **6-George Smith Fox**

George married Jane Dobree. They had four children: Edward Cateret Dobree, Samuel George Dobree, Helen Emily Hankey, and Jane Hannah Mary.

- 7-Edward Cateret Dobree Fox
- 7-Samuel George Dobree Fox
- 7-Helen Emily Hankey Fox
- 7-Jane Hannah Mary Fox
- 6-Hannah Alexander Fox was born in 1819 and died in 1839 at age 20.
- 5-Priscilla Alexander^{1,8,135} was born on 5 Jan 1805 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 1 Jul 1883 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 78.

Priscilla married **Algernon Peckover**, ^{1,8,17,135,204} son of **Jonathan Peckover**, ^{1,22,111} and **Susannah Payne**, ^{1,22} on 26 Mar 1828 in Suffolk. Algernon was born on 25 Nov 1803 in St. Peter's, Wisbech, Cambridgeshire and died on 10 Nov 1893 in Sibalds Holme, Wisbech, Cambridgeshire (AM gives 10th December) at age 89. They had eight children: **Alexander, Susannah, Priscilla Hannah, Jonathan, Jane, Katharine Elizabeth, Algerina**, and **Wilhelmina**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
 - 6-Alexander Peckover 1st Baron Peckover^{1,8,41} was born on 16 Aug 1830 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire and died on 21 Oct 1919 in Bank House, Wisbech, Cambridgeshire at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker of Wisbech.

Alexander married **Eliza Sharples**, daughter of **Joseph Sharples**^{1,38,48} and **Elizabeth Ransom**, and **Elizabeth Ransom**, Hertfordshire. Eliza was born on 5 Mar 1831 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire and died on 7 Aug 1862 in Harecroft House, Wisbech, Cambridgeshire at age 31. They had three children: **Elizabeth Josephine**, **Alexandrina**, and **Anna Jane**.

7-**Hon. Elizabeth Josephine Peckover**^{1,8} was born on 27 Apr 1859 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, died in 1930 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 71, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire.

Elizabeth married **James Doyle Penrose**, 1,8 son of **James Doyle Penrose** and **Anne Bowles**, 197 on 19 Apr 1893 in FMH Wisbech, Cambridge. James was born on 9 May 1862 in Michelstown, Dublin, died on 2 Jan 1932 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 69, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire. They had four children: **Alexander Peckover Doyle, Lionel Sharples, Roland Algernon**, and **Bernard Edmund**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Portrait Painter. RHA.
 - 8-Alexander Peckover Doyle Penrose was born on 12 Aug 1896 in Oval Rd., London and died on 22 Aug 1950 in Bradenham Hall, Thetford, Norfolk at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in West Bradenham Hall, Thetford, Norfolk.

Alexander married **Bertha Gwendoline Baker**, daughter of **Philip Barton Baker**^{58,205} and **Mabel Main**,²⁰⁵ on 28 Apr 1919. Bertha was born on 16 Jun 1897 and died in 1985 at age 88. They had one daughter: **Sheila Margaret**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1912-Jul 1914 in York, Yorkshire.

9-Sheila Margaret Penrose was born on 30 Oct 1920 in London and died in Dec 2006 in Gloucestershire at age 86.

Sheila married **Dr. Geoffrey Hugo Daw** on 7 Jan 1949. Geoffrey was born in 1917 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 15 Mar 2010 at age 93. They had one son: **Peter S.**

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with LRCP. MRCS. DPM. MRCPsych.

10-Peter S. Daw

8-Dr. Lionel Sharples Penrose^{1,8} was born on 11 Jun 1898 in 44 Finchley Road, London and died on 12 May 1972 in General Hospital, Harlesdon Road, Willesden, London at age 73.

General Notes: Penrose, Lionel Sharples (1898-1972), physician, was born at 44 Finchley Road, London, on 11 June 1898 of Quaker stock, the second of the four sons (there were no daughters) of (James) Doyle Penrose (1862-1932), portrait painter, and his wife, Elizabeth Josephine (d. 1930), daughter of Alexander (later Baron) Peckover FSA, banker and collector. Sir Roland Algernon Penrose (1900-1984) was his brother. Penrose was educated at the Downs School, Colwall, and Leighton Park School, Reading. On leaving school in 1916 he served in the Friends' ambulance train of the British Red Cross in France until the end of the First World War, when he went up to St John's College, Cambridge. His main interests were in mathematics and psychology. He eventually chose the moral sciences tripos, in which he gained a first in part two in 1921; he was also awarded the Newcombe prize. After a year's postgraduate work in psychology at Cambridge he repaired to Vienna, then a centre of psychiatric research, where he stayed for two years and became deeply interested in mental illness. He decided that for this work a medical qualification was desirable. He did his clinical work at St Thomas's Hospital, London, where he qualified MRCS LRCP in 1928 and gained the Bristowe medal (1929). On 17 October 1928 he married Margaret, daughter of John Beresford Leathes FRS, professor of physiology at Leeds; she was herself a physician. They had three sons and one daughter.

Penrose's first post was at the City Mental Hospital, Cardiff, where his study of schizophrenia formed the basis of a successful MD thesis (1930). In 1931 he moved to the Royal Eastern Counties Institution at Colchester, a mental hospital with a large number of mentally defective patients. He at once became interested in this hitherto neglected branch of medicine, not only because of the human aspects, but also because the 300,000 patients in the general population posed a serious social problem, and little thought had been given to the possibilities of the prevention of mental illness. Over seven years he made a detailed study of 1280 mentally defective patients and their 6629 siblings, plus their parents and other relatives. This was published in a Medical Research Council Special Report and later expanded in two books, Mental Defect (1933) and The Biology of Mental Defect (1949, 4th edn revised by J. M. Berg and H. Lang-Brown, 1972). This work not only shaped Penrose's own research career in mental defect and human genetics, but had a profound effect on the whole future of these subjects.

From 1939 to 1945 Penrose was director of psychiatric research in Ontario, Canada, where he made an important study on the efficacy of shock therapy. He was then appointed to the Galton chair of eugenics at University College, London. He reorganized the department and in 1963 had the name of the chair changed to the Galton chair of human genetics. He continued his work on mental defect, in particular on mongolism, which he renamed Down's anomaly (later Down's syndrome), and he wrote a notable monograph on the subject in 1966, the centenary of J. Langdon Down's first description of the condition.

In the 1950s methods were developed for isolating, counting, classifying, and examining chromosomes. Penrose's use of these methods made striking advances in the knowledge of human genetics. His Outline of Human Genetics (1960) had a third edition in 1973. He was apt at suggesting new and original lines of research. He was an authority on dermatoglyphs-the finger, palm, and sole prints which are of diagnostic value in mental disease. He made contributions to the diagnosis and treatment of phenylketonuria, an inherited metabolic anomaly, which, if not diagnosed and treated early in life, causes mental defect. He was one of the first to determine the mutation rate of harmful genes in man. He followed clues with unusual tenacity. One example was his reconstruction of the Lambert pedigree, dating from 1732. This family suffered from a peculiar skin disease, with an even more peculiar mode of inheritance, and was cited in most books on human genetics. With the aid of his wife, Penrose examined diocesan and parish records in Suffolk and showed that the pedigree abounded in errors and that the mode of inheritance was quite different from what had been claimed. When he retired from the Galton chair in 1965 he continued his work at the Kennedy-Galton Centre at Harperbury Hospital, near St Albans.

Penrose's work gained international recognition. He was awarded honorary degrees by McGill (1958), Edinburgh (1970), Newcastle (1968), and Göteborg (1966), the Weldon medal from Oxford (1950), the Albert Lasker award (1960), the international award of the Joseph P. Kennedy Foundation (1964), and the James Calvert Spence medal in paediatrics (1964). He was president of the Genetical Society of Great Britain (1955-8) and of the Third International Congress of Human Genetics in Chicago in 1966. He was elected to fellowship of the Royal Society in 1953, of the Royal College of Physicians of London in 1962, and of the Royal College of Psychiatrists in 1971.

Apart from Penrose's scientific work an enduring interest was his opposition to war, both on moral and practical grounds. He was one of the founders and for over ten years president of the Medical Association for the Prevention of War. He had many other interests, including music, painting, chess, and making ingenious puzzles both for children and adults, some of which were of scientific value in illustrating the biological principle of replication, as seen in the copying of genetic material. The combination of high intelligence, modesty, and a sense of humour made him an agreeable companion. He died at the General Hospital, Harlesdon Road, Willesden, London, on 12 May 1972. He was survived by his wife and their four children-Oliver became professor of mathematics at the Open University and at Heriot-Watt University, and was elected FRS, Roger became Rouse Ball professor of mathematics at Oxford and FRS, received a knighthood and was appointed OM, Jonathan was British chess champion on ten occasions, and Shirley became a consultant paediatrician.

A. M. Cooke, rev.

Sources

H. Harris, Memoirs FRS, 19 (1973), 521-61 · Munk, Roll, vol. 6 · The Times (15 May 1972), 16g · The Times (22 May 1972), 16g · The Times (25 May 1972), 21g · The Times (29 May 1972), 10h · The Times (6 June 1972), 16g · WWW · D. C. Watt, 'Lionel Penrose, FRS (1898-1972), and eugenics', Notes and Records of the Royal Society, 52 (1998), 137-52, 339-54 · M. Smith, Lionel Sharples Penrose: a biography (1999) · private information (1986) · personal knowledge (1986) · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert.

Archives

UCL, corresp. and papers

Likenesses

photograph, repro. in Harris, Memoirs FRS

Wealth at death

£85,794: probate, 10 July 1972, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCP FRCPsych FRS.
- He worked as a Psychiatrist, Mathematician, Geneticist & Chess Theorist.

Lionel married **Dr. Margaret Leathes**, daughter of **Prof. John Beresford Leathes** and **Sonia Marie Natanson**, on 17 Oct 1928. Margaret died in 1989. They had four children: **Oliver, Roger, Jonathan**, and **Shirley Victoria**.

9-Prof. Oliver Penrose

Oliver married Joan Lomas Dilley.

9-Prof. Sir Roger Penrose

Roger married Joan Isabel Wedge.

Roger next married Vanessa Thomas.

9-Jonathan Penrose

Jonathan married Margaret Wood. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

10-Penrose

10-Penrose

9-Prof. Shirley Victoria Penrose

Shirley married **Prof. Humphrey Julian Francis Hodgson**. They had two children: (**No Given Name**) and (**No Given Name**).

10-Hodgson

10-Hodgson

8-Sir Roland Algernon Penrose¹ was born on 14 Oct 1900 in Watford, Hertfordshire and died on 23 Apr 1984 in Farley Farm, Chiddingly, Sussex at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE.
- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1918.
- He worked as an Artist and Historian.

Roland married Valentine Andree Boue in Oct 1925 in France. The marriage ended in divorce. Valentine died in 1978.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1937.

Roland next married Lee Miller on 3 May 1947. Lee was born on 23 Apr 1907 in Poughkeepsie, New York. and died on 21 Jul 1977 in Farley Farm, Chiddingly, Sussex at age 70.

8-Bernard Edmund Penrose was born on 20 Nov 1903 in St. John's Wood, London and died in 1988 in Cornwall at age 85.

Bernard married Joy Newton, daughter of Newton.

Bernard next married Ann Isobel Noel McLean, daughter of Sir Robert McLean. Ann was born on 3 Jul 1911 in Knutsford, Cheshire and died on 2 Oct 2011 at age 100.

General Notes: Known as a child, by her father as "Spitfire". Later, he proposed that the name Spitfire ought be accorded the WWII aircraft and was thus adopted.

Bernard had a relationship with **Dora de Houghton Carrington**²⁰⁶ in Affair. This couple did not marry. Dora was born on 29 Mar 1893 in Hereford, Herefordshire, died on 11 Mar 1932 in Suicide. She shot herself, two months after Lytton Strachey's death. at age 38, and was buried in Ham Spray House, Ham, Wiltshire. They had no children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Painter and Decorative artist.
- 7-Hon. Alexandrina Peckover⁴¹ was born on 10 Jul 1860 and died in 1948 at age 88.
- 7-Hon. Anna Jane Peckover was born on 15 Sep 1861 and died on 26 Jul 1928 at age 66.
- 6-Susannah Peckover⁴¹ was born in 1832 and died on 18 Oct 1903 at age 71.
- 6-**Priscilla Hannah Peckover**^{1,8,41} was born on 27 Oct 1833 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire and died on 8 Sep 1931 in Wistaria House, Wisbech, Cambridge at age 97. She had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: Peckover, Priscilla Hannah (1833–1931), peace campaigner, was born on 27 October 1833 in Wisbech, Cambridgeshire, third of the eight children of Algernon Peckover (1803–1893) and his wife, Priscilla (1803–1883). The Peckovers were a wealthy banking family, well established in the region; Priscilla's brother Alexander Peckover, first baronet (1830–1910), of Wisbech, was the first Quaker peer. Priscilla Peckover's education was predominantly private and included the mastering of several European languages. She devoted her youth and early middle age to raising the three daughters of the widowed Alexander, though she also worked among the poor, organized a Bible class for girls, and was active in the cause of temperance.

From a family who were long-time supporters of the Peace Society, Peckover began her own peace activities following the yearly meeting of the Society of Friends in 1875 when she discovered that the Quaker testimony against all war was to be addressed to women as well as men. She was put in touch with the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Peace Society and, finding that it had only two hundred members, went from door to door in her Bible district, adapting the technique developed from her temperance work to secure peace pledges from women. Her activism seems also to have been provoked by the Anglo-Afghan and Anglo-Zulu wars in which Britain was engaged in the late 1870s. The result was the founding by Peckover in 1879 of the Women's Local Peace Association (later renamed the Peace Union), which became the central association of a network of more than thirty local groups run mostly by Quaker women and which had affiliated groups in thirty-one foreign countries. In 1881 Peckover also founded the Wisbech Local Peace Association, the annual subscription of which was a penny so as to attract the widest possible membership. It has been cited as having 8000 members by 1914, though a large majority of these were associate members comprising all those involved in affiliated bodies such as chapels, Sunday schools, Primitive Methodist colleges, and railway missions. (The number of full members according to the 1900 report was 942, when the total membership was given as 6429.) As a means of communicating between branches of the Women's Local Peace Association, Peckover began in 1882 to edit and publish a quarterly journal, Peace and Goodwill, which combined her own Christian peace message with relevant excerpts from other publications.

Both the Peace Union and the Wisbech Local Peace Association were opposed to 'all war', as being 'contrary to the mind of Christ'. This stance was more explicit in its absolute pacifism than that of the Peace Society which, while reserving membership of its executive committee for absolute pacifists, asked its ordinary members simply to declare Christian opposition to war. Links between Peckover's organizations and the Peace Society—to which she was a generous contributor—were nevertheless strong.

Like other female Quaker peace activists of the period, including Ellen Robinson (1840–1912) and Mary Lamley Cooke (1841–1916), Peckover emphasized the importance of women to the peace cause, in particular their influence on children (for example, in her pamphlet An Earnest Appeal to All Women, Everywhere). The internationalism of the peace movement was also central to Peckover's activity: she financed continental peace groups, translated European peace literature into English (she learnt Danish for the specific purpose of translating peace pamphlets), and conducted correspondence with European peace activists. Peckover was also a regular attender at gatherings of the Universal Peace Congress, which took place most of the years between 1889 and 1913 having first been held in the mid-nineteenth century. She tended to view the familiar privileged social circle which met at these congresses as a microcosm of a wider internationalism, and was consequently convinced of the growing influence of the peace cause. Although she argued for international arbitration and disarmament, Peckover embodied an evangelical and educational rather than a political or pressure-group form of activism. Her greatest influence in the peace movement, alongside her financial input, was to represent Christian absolute pacifism at the Universal Peace Congress, which was often dominated by continental, secular, and non-absolutist peace views. The First World War did nothing to shake Peckover's pacifism, though it reduced the membership of the Wisbech Local Peace Association by a half, and adherents continued to fall away during the 1920s.

Peckover was a minister and elder of her local Quaker meeting, known for her tolerance and her quiet sense of humour as well as for her thorough knowledge of the Bible. As president of the local Esperanto Society she was instrumental in having the Bible translated into Esperanto. She died a spinster at her home, Wistaria House, Wisbech, on 8 September 1931, while putting together what was to be the last edition of Peace and Goodwill.

Paul Laity

Sources Swarthmore College Peace Collection, Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, USA, Peckover MSS · 'Dictionary of Quaker biography', RS Friends, Lond. [card index] · P. H. Peckover, Incidents in the rise and

progress of the Wisbech Local Peace Association, 2nd edn, 1925 (1906) · Peace and Goodwill (1882–1931) · The Friend, new ser., 71 (1931), 851–3 · War Against War (3 March 1899), 117 · P. H. Peckover, An earnest appeal to all women, everywhere [n.d.] · H. Josephson, ed., Biographical dictionary of modern peace leaders (1985), 736–8 · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1931) Archives Kongelige Bibliotek, Copenhagen, Bajer, Fredrik MSS · Swarthmore College Peace collection, Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, Peckover and Wisbech Local Peace Association MSS Likenesses photograph, Friends House, London; repro. in The Friend, 851 · photograph, priv. coll.

Wealth at death £88,112 15s. 6d.: probate, 16 Oct 1931, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Paul Laity, 'Peckover, Priscilla Hannah (1833–1931)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/50758]

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Peace Campaigner.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister.
- She had a residence in Wistaria House, Wisbech, Cambridge.

6-Jonathan Peckover^{1,41,135} was born on 16 Jun 1835 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire and died on 8 Feb 1882 in Wisbech, Cambridgeshire at age 46.

General Notes: Jonathan Peckover, 46 8 2 mo. 1882

Wisbech. Son of Algernon and Priscilla Peck- over.

Jonathan Peckover was the younger son of Algernon and Priscilla Peckover, of Wisbech. Possessed naturally of a somewhat warm temperament and strong will, he was an instance of how such may be modified by the earnestly sought for grace of God, so that he early became remarkable for the gentleness of his disposition; while his perseverance in the course he believed to be right was indomitable. He was educated at Grove House School, where his firm and conscientious conduct gained the respect of his companions, so that his influence for good was felt and acknowledged, lasting even to the present day.

On leaving school he entered the bank at Wisbech, in which he continued till his decease, taking an active part in the management. But although he never neglected secular duties, his aim was elsewhere, and while taking a deep interest in the affairs of the Society of Friends, to the principles of which he was throughout life most firmly attached, he felt the especial need for work in his own neighbourhood. He set himself earnestly to forward every 1 philanthropic object that came in his way; but during the last twenty years of his life his energies were largely devoted to two interests, - his First-day Bibleclass, and the Wisbech Working Men's Club and Institute.

In this latter project, which eventually became an extensive concern, he earnestly set himself to assist the working men of the town to provide themselves with suitable accommodation for rational amusements, social meetings, and elevating studies, without being exposed to the baneful temptations of drink.

At first continual difficulties seemed to stand in the way; those whom he desired to benefit looked suspiciously on him; the upper classes feared that he was going to lift the working men out of their sphere. Politicians predicted socialism, and religious people rationalism. But his strong, prayerful belief that the object at which he aimed was right and needed, never wavered; and, as year after year passed on, the working man came to look upon him as his best friend; the educated joined him in the work; high dignitaries of the English Church and Non conformist ministers alike would assist at the meetings, urging the working classes to utilise the opportunities held out to them. Members of Parliament from both sides of the House supported the Institute, and he lived to see it so well established that, deep as was the distress at his loss among those he had so striven to aid, the work is now steadily and successfully going on, under the guidance of the men he had so carefully trained.

Doubtless, one secret of his success was his extreme modesty and unostentation, mingled with never - failing thoughtfulness for others, and a most happy amount of tact. His desire was ever to keep in the

background, preferring that others should fill the post of honour before the public; so that only those most intimate with him were at all aware how he was the real mover in many successful enterprises. But his large Bible-class had his closest affection. He was never happier than when instructing the lads in the knowledge and doctrines of the Holy Scriptures; and after his decease many testimonies were borne to the effects of his faithful teaching. For more than twenty years did he mainly conduct this class, only once, when at home, surrendering it, through indisposition; and on the First-day before his death he was there as usual. That evening he complained of a sore throat, and the next morning, feeling unwell, sent for the doctor. On Third- day he seemed rather better, and was no worse on Fourth- day morning. Late in the day, however, very unfavourable symptoms suddenly set in, congestion of the lungs supervened, and, not- withstanding all that medical skill could effect, before midnight he quietly sank away.

Seldom was the necessity to a Watch and be ready "more strikingly set forth, and his un-looked-for death taught this solemn lesson in a way that was felt throughout the town and district, where it seemed so heavy a calamity that at first the sad news could scarcely be credited.

Let it be remembered that whatever good this humble-minded servant of God might be helped to effect, it was as he sought to follow the guidance of the Holy Spirit, and as his faith was firmly fixed on the Redemption purchased for all who believe in the saving blood of the Lord Jesus.

The following touches of life and character are interesting and instructive: -

"Our dear brother had delicate health as a child, and his good natural abilities developed slowly. Not being quick at his lessons, or skilful in games, he was liable to be somewhat looked down upon among us; which made it all the more remarkable when his strong conscientiousness and moral courage led him on various occasions to put a veto upon questionable proceedings in playtime with a clearly expressed 'I don't believe it is right.' His quiet firmness of will and uprightness of purpose carrying instant conviction to the minds of his playmates, unaccustomed usually to look up to him.

"This endeavour, as a child, to walk by the law and the commandment is strikingly shown in the following incident, which is vividly impressed on my memory. We were sitting together on our high stools at the round school-room table, conning our lessons, when some disagreement arose between us, and I gave vent to my annoyance by a slap on the cheek. To my intense amazement, instead of returning it, he quietly turned the other to me also. I shall never forget the power accompanying this simple literal obedience to the divine command. I felt utterty abashed and condemned. 'He is right, and thou art wrong,'

cried my conscience, calling forth a profound respect for my little brother's faithful obedience."

As a young man he delighted in home life, participating in the family interests, and pursuing various occupations with one and another. Pleasant hours indeed were passed in the social circle, often in the study of languages, especially of the treasures of German literature, for which his habit of early rising gave excellent opportunity. But as his interests deepened, particularly through the Bible-class and Working Mens Institute, these gave way before the claims of philanthropy.

Ripening years developed his strong taste for the cultivated and refined, with a keen appreciation of beauty both in nature and art, and a special love for whatever threw light on the study of men and manners. The choice manuscripts, early printed books, and other objects of interest which he gradually collected, were largely selected with a view to using them for the culture and elevation of those in whom he was so deeply interested.

The characteristics of his later life are well described in the following lines, written by himself, as the motto of an epic penned in earlier days:

"Bold unwavering steps in the difficult pathway of duty,

Trod by a sentinel mind that is ever prepared for the struggle :

Glances of faith, that follow the polestar of heaven's high calling,

Lead on the militant soul to the gates of the temple of triumph."

Hence when once convinced that his Divine Master pointed out any path of usefulness, no discouragements or difficulties could daunt him. He could patiently wait through them, caring nothing for personal considerations, and would go on through evil report and good report, taking prayerfully step by step the appointed way.

"Content to fill a little space If Thou be glorified."

His singleness of purpose gained the confidence and love of those amongst whom he laboured, and whom he longed to bring into the service which he himself found so full of blessing, while his strong and tender sympathy won their hearts and affections. Not a few exclaimed in the first pain of his sudden removal, "I have lost my best friend."

Bearing in mind the uncertainty of life, he was constantly thoughtful not for the present only, but also for the future of the philanthropic works to which he devoted himself, and thus was preparing a way by which, when he was so suddenly called from life to immortality, others were able to step in, and were found ready to bear the burden which had so long rested on him.

Amongst the many lessons which, in the Divine loving-kindness tended as line upon line to mould his Christian life, the following may he mentioned, being one which he himself referred to in after years: - "A few days previous to the commencement of the Bible-clas?, hut when it was already in contemplation, the late Joseph Thorp paid us a religious visit, and at a family sitting addressed Jonathan forcibly from the words - 'Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee a crown of Life.'"

The following lines, written by a resident in Wisbech, indicate something of the influence which he exercised and of the prevailing feeling towards him amongst his fellow-townsmen:

JONATHAN PECKOVER, President of the Wisbech Working Men's Institute,

Fell asleep in Jesus, Feb. 8th, 1882.

He talked among us as a law,

A law of Peace, of Heaven-born Peace;

His influence a force, a gentle force,

That made confusion's rancour cease

His words were kind, he did not preach at us;

His sermon was His life, his guide to borne;

Unspoken prayers were in his intercourse,

His smile an antidote to idle moan:

We loved him well, how could we help but love.

So long we rested in his pleasant smile,

We never thought of saying "Fare thee well."

Tears would not melt our sighs when we were told

That rumour was reality's dread knell.

He sent us no last word, he slipped away;

He never stayed to say "Good-bye: "

We cannot tell him now how much we cared,

Until we meet him vonder, bye and bye.

We might have thanked him for the good he did.

He turned his face, and then he passed away;

To-day he was, to-morrow was not, yet he is;

He is for ever in eternal day.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Banker in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire.

6-Jane Peckover^{32,41} was born in 1837 and died on 15 Apr 1909 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 72.

6-Katharine Elizabeth Peckover^{1,41,204,207} was born in 1839 and died on 14 Jun 1870 in Circncester, Gloucestershire at age 31.

Katharine married **Christopher Bowly**, ^{1,41,95,204,207,208} son of **William Crotch Bowly** ^{1,147,168,204} and **Caroline Swaine**, ^{1,147,204} in 1867. Christopher was born on 3 Feb 1837 in Nailsworth, Gloucestershire, died on 23 May 1922 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire at age 85, and was buried in FBG Cirencester.

General Notes: Of Siddington House, Cirencester

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant in Siddington, Cirencester, Gloucestershire.
- 6-Algerina Peckover⁴¹ was born in 1842 and died in 1927 at age 85.
- 6-Wilhelmina Peckover⁴¹ was born in 1844 and died on 20 Feb 1910 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 66.

General Notes: WILHELMINA PECKOVER. 65 20 2nio. 1910 Wisbech. Wilhelmina Peckover was the youngest of the six daughters of the late Algernon Peckover, of Sibald's Holme, Wisbech, three of whom predeceased her, namely, Susannah Peckover, the eldest of the daughters; Jane Peckover, who passed away last year; and Katharine E. (Peckover), wife of Christopher Bowley, of Cirencester, who died in 1 870. The two surviving sisters are Priscilla Hannah Peckover, of Wistaria House, Wisbech, and Algerina Peckover, of the family home, with whom our late friend had resided since her father's decease. A brother, Jonathan Peckover, died in 1882, and the surviving brother is Lord Peckover, of Wisbech. Wilhelmina Peckover was a generous helper of religious and philanthropic efforts. Since the death of her sister Susanna she had been President of the local branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society, of which she was a liberal supporter. Only the day before her death she had got everything in readiness in connection with her position as President of the Ladies' Branch, leaving everything in perfect order. She had just received an acknowledgment from London of a sum which the authorities had realised by the sale of some jewellery which had been bequeathed to her, and wnich she had sent to the Parent Society with the request that it might be used to purchase Bibles for the prisoners in Chinese and other gaols. The local Working Men's Institute, founded by her brother, also had in her a friend ever ready to help in time of need, and who anticipated its wants in a way that showed her deep interest in its welfare. Sibald's Holme has, indeed, long been the centre for many pleasant social gatherings of various classes of workers and others. During the last twelve years of her life, although suffering much, she took a deep interest in the "Question Corner" of the Railway Signal, a monthly journal of Evangelistic Temperance work on all railways, and her band of Bible Searchers (whose answers to the questions were regularly sent to her, and by her copied out and sent up to the Editor) in connection with it numbered between ninety and one hundred members. Again and again have letters and messages come from Searchers, acknowledging the blessing and help that this study had been to them. "How Miss Peckover, in conjunction with her niece. Miss Alexandrina Peckover, gathered together a group now numbering over ninety members" - to quote from the "Question Corner" for last April - "How assiduously she laboured in the interests of all, how happy were the yearly gatherings for prize giving, all this is a blessed monument to the memory of the departed. We hope most sincerely that the work she has dropped will be taken up by a liand and a heart prepared by the Master to carry it forward." One of Wilhelmina Peckover's last thoughts, on the night she passed away, was what would become of her Bible Searching Band. After a illness extending over a month, she died as she had lived, trusting in the finished work of her Lord. When she learned that all hope was abandoned by her doctor she said, "It will be a glorious change for me!" Shortly afterwards, on the last day of her life, she said to her sister, who sat by her bedside, "I can now speak to the truth of the twenty-third Psalm, for I am walking now through the Valley of the Shadow of Death, and I fear no evil for He is with me.' Conscious to the last, she passed away in perfect peace. The following "Tribute" appeared in the Friend a fortnight after her death: - "To most of us in different ways the moan-ing of Bunyan's time-honoured parable, in all its varied and wonderful application to our Christian life, has often been made plain. To some it has been given to know the gladness that the pilgrims felt, when - 'leaning on their staves, as is common to weary travellers,' they talked with the Shepherds stationed by 'the Lord of the Hill 'to encourage wayfarers as they passed. And while we rested, the words of gracious, uplifting cheer were spoken to iis by the lips and through the lives of His servants. 'These mountains are within sight of the city; the sheep are His and He laid down His life for them.' Afterwards, as we went on our way, the light of Heaven shone upon the ' mountains,' and our hearts were filled with hope, because we know that our journey was not in vain. "Among those who have thus spoken to us through their quiet, beautiful lives, was our dear friend, Wilhelmina Peckover, who on Sunday, the 20th of last February, was called into the presence of the master. Words full of Christ-like love and tender sympathy have been sent to us through her, and her hand has been laid upon our lives with the touch of the Master whom she loved. When the call came, it found her ready, for the comfort of the Shepherd Psalm was hers, and 'in the valley of the shadow of death ' there was no room for fear. Now, 'the still waters' of earth are not needed, and our thoughts pass with her passing, to the time beyond, when - 'the Lamb which is in the midst of the throne shall lead them unto living fountains of waters, and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes.' "The sacrifice of Christ as a satisfying remedy for sin was the foundation of her faith, and an unwavering trust in the Love of Him 'Who laid down His life for the sheep.' It was this, we believe, which made her life fruitful and strong in its quiet power upon those who were privileged to know her. The words of the well-known hymn might have been hers - ' ' I stand upon His merits, I know no other stand, Not e'en where glory dwelleth In Immanuel's Land. 'But those of us who are still left for a time, as witnesses to the same blessed Truth, can, even under the shadow of a great loss, rejoice for her in a race well run; can follow her with love and thanksgiving, while we almost hear 'the bells of the city ring with joy,' and say with Bunyan: ' Now, just as the gates were opened, I looked, and behold the city shone as the sun: and after that they shut up the gates, which, - when I had seen, I wished myself among them.'

- 5-Alexander
- 5-Alexander
- 4-William Alexander was born on 8 Apr 1765 in Needham Market, Suffolk.

- 4-Abigail Alexander was born on 19 Jun 1766 in Needham Market, Suffolk.
- 4-William Alexander^{1,2,16} was born on 3 Jan 1768 in Needham Market, Suffolk and died on 2 Apr 1841 in Castlegate, York at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wandsworth.
- He worked as an Apprenticed to Joseph Brown (1746-1808) Miller of Luton in 1782.
- He worked as a Mealman of Needham Market in 1786.
- He resided at York in 1808.
- He worked as an In charge of the girls school, Castlegate, York 1808 To 1810.
- He worked as a Printer, Stationer & Bookseller of York. Instituted The Annual Monitor in 1811.
- He worked as a Director of The Friends Provident Institution.
- He worked as a Freeman of the City of York in 1813.
- He worked as a Chamberlain of York in 1818.

William married **Ann Tuke**, 1,2,16 daughter of **William Tuke** 1,8,15,16,24,147,167,209 and **Esther Maud**, 1,8,9,15,16,147,167 in Sep 1796. Ann was born on 16 May 1767 in York, Yorkshire and died on 19 Sep 1849 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 82. They had two children: **William Henry** and **Joseph**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister.
- She worked as a Published The Annual Monitor in 1813.
 - 5-William Henry Alexander^{1,14,15} was born on 4 May 1799 in Needham Market, Suffolk, died on 14 Jan 1864 in Bank House, Ipswich, Suffolk at age 64, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Printer, Stationer, Bookseller & Banker in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
 - 6-Joseph Alexander^{1,17,18,19,20} was born on 19 Dec 1831 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 28 Jan 1912 in 58 Friars Street, Sudbury, Suffolk at age 80.

General Notes: ALEXANDER.-On the 28th January, 1912, at Sudbury, Joseph Alexander (1844-48), aged 80 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later to become Bootham School) in 1844-1848 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Partner in Alexander's Bank at Hadleigh & later, Sudbury.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
- 6-Mary Alexander^{1,26} was born on 5 Apr 1833 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 22 Apr 1848 in York, Yorkshire at age 15.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1846-Apr 1848 in York, Yorkshire.
- 6-Anne Sophia Alexander¹ was born on 4 Nov 1834 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Jan 1849-Jun 1852 in York, Yorkshire.

6-William Alexander^{1,27,28} was born on 24 Jan 1836 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 28 Oct 1913 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 77.

General Notes: ALEXANDER.-On the 28th October, 1913, at Ipswich, William Alexander (1848-52), aged 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1848-1852 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker of Ipswich.
- He worked as a Director of the Ipswich Gas Company.
- He worked as a JP and Poor Law Guardian.
- He worked as an Ipswich Borough Treasurer.
- He worked as a Felixstowe District Council Treasurer.
 - 7-William Henry Alexander²⁰ was born in 1871.
 - 7-Lewin Venn Alexander²⁰ was born in 1873 and died in 1952 at age 79.
 - 8-Gladys Miriam Alexander
 - 8-Arthur Lewin Alexander was born on 6 Mar 1907 and died on 17 Apr 1971 in Reading, Berkshire at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE KPM.
- He worked as an Inspector General of Police in 1958-1959 in Ghana.
- 7-Charles Leslie Alexander²⁰ was born in 1874.
- 7-Frederick Hugh Alexander²⁰ was born on 17 Apr 1876 and died on 29 Oct 1953 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician.
- 7-Cyril Wilson Alexander²⁰ was born in 1879 and died in 1947 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a The Governor of Northern Nigeria in 1930-1932 in Nigeria.
- 7-Edith Adela Alexander^{1,20} was born in 1885 and died in 1979 at age 94.

6-Alexander

6-Alfred Tuke Alexander^{1,29} was born in 1843 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 28 Feb 1920 in Walthamstow, London at age 77.

General Notes: ALEXANDER.-On the 28th February, 1920, at Walthamstow, Alfred Tuke Alexander, of London (1854-9), aged 77 years.

ALEXANDER.— On the 28th February, 1920, at Walthamstow, Alfred Tuke Alexander (1854-59), of 70, Gracechurch Street, London, aged 77 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1854-1859 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 70 Gracechurch Street, London.
- He worked as an Insurance Broker and Shipping Agent in Gracechurch Street, London.
- 6-Henrietta Alexander^{1,20,30} was born in 1844 and died in 1923 at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1854-Mar 1858 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.
 - 7-William Cormack Stewart²⁰ was born in 1875 in Clapton, Hackney, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1889-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Finsbury Technical College in 1891-1893 in Finsbury, London.
- He worked as a Junior Teacher, Bootham School in 1893-1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1896-1897 in Hamburg, Germany.
- He worked as a member of May, Roberts & Co. Ltd, Druggists Sundriesmen in 1897 in London.
- He worked as a Director of May, Roberts & Co. Ltd., Druggists Sundriesmen in 47 Stamford Hill, London.
- 7-Alfred Alexander Stewart³¹ was born in 1876 and died on 10 Oct 1877 in Clapton, London at age 1.
- 7-Margaret Sophia Stewart³⁰ was born on 4 Nov 1879 in Clapton, Hackney, London.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.
- 7-Ronald Stewart²⁰ was born in 1881 in Croydon, Surrey and died in 1969 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1897-1898 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex.
- He resided at Littlecroft, Copyhold Lane in 1935 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex.
 - 8-Alwynne Fyfe Stewart²⁰ was born in 1916 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex and died in 1951 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 35.
 - 9-William J. Keeley
 - 8-Ian Duffell Stewart was born on 25 May 1918 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex and died in May 1998 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 80.

- 7-Mabel Stewart was born in 1883 in Clapton, Hackney, London.
- 7-Stewart
- 5-**Joseph Alexander**^{1,16} died in 1810 at school in Lincolnshire. Typhus.
- 4-Ann Alexander

Ann married **Jesup**.

- 3-Samuel Alexander
- 3-William Alexander
- 2-Mary Alexander

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