Descendants of Capper

Charles E. G. Pease Pennyghael Isle of Mull

1-Capper

Capper married someone. He had two children: William and Hugo.

2-William Capper, son of Capper, died on 2 Feb 1590.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Copyholder in Rugeley, Staffordshire.

William married Anna. Anna died on 22 Feb 1608. They had four children: Peter, Thomas, Richard, and Anna.

3-Peter Capper

Peter married **Johanna Haule** on 15 Oct 1593. Johanna died before 1616. They had three children: **William, Elizabeth**, and **Thomas**.

- 4-William Capper was born on 1 May 1600 and died on 2 Sep 1612 at age 12.
- 4-Elizabeth Capper was born on 16 Mar 1611 and died on 28 Nov 1640 at age 29. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 4-**Thomas Capper** was born on 30 Aug 1612 and died on 11 Apr 1677 at age 64.

Thomas married **Ellena**. Ellena died on 4 Mar 1674. They had four children: **William, Elenor, Mary**, and **Peter**.

5-William Capper was born on 7 Mar 1639.

William married Susanna. Susanna died on 8 Oct 1707. They had four children: Mary, William, Anne Elizabeth, and Sarah.

- 6-Mary Capper was born on 29 Apr 1669 and died on 6 Aug 1684 at age 15.
- 6-William Capper was born on 14 Sep 1672 and died on 11 Nov 1683 at age 11.
- 6-Anne Elizabeth Capper was born on 23 Oct 1675 and died on 23 Sep 1687 at age 11.
- 6-Sarah Capper was born on 13 Apr 1678 and died on 28 Sep 1687 at age 9.
- 5-Elenor Capper was born on 9 Jun 1642.
- 5-Mary Capper was born on 9 Mar 1644.
- 5-Peter Capper was born on 25 Feb 1648 and died on 28 Oct 1714 at age 66.

Peter married Mary. Mary died on 14 Mar 1701. They had two children: **Thomas** and **Mary**.

6-**Thomas Capper** was born on 2 Jul 1674 and died on 1 May 1710 at age 35.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Elmhurst, Staffordshire.
- 6-Mary Capper was born on 16 Aug 1677.

Mary married William Whitehurst on 17 Feb 1712. William died on 16 Oct 1738.

Peter next married Elena Sutton.

3-Thomas Capper

Thomas married **Katherina Kenwirke**. They had two children: **Katherina** and **Richard**.

- 4-Katherina Capper was born on 15 Jan 1604.
- 4-**Richard Capper**¹ was born on 22 Jan 1619.

Richard married someone. He had seven children: Ellen, John, Richard, Mary, Thomas, Robert, and Peter.

- 5-Ellen Capper was born in 1659 and was christened on 10 Sep 1659.
- 5-John Capper¹ was born in 1661, was christened on 5 Jan 1661, and was buried on 21 Apr 1725.

General Notes: At his own cost, financed the construction oif a gallery on the north side of Rugeley Parish Church.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Rugeley, Staffordshire.

John married Judith Padmore¹ on 16 Jan 1688. Judith died on 22 Sep 1724. They had six children: Katherina, John, Richard, Mary, Anne, and Thomas.

- 6-Katherina Capper was born on 26 Nov 1688 in Rugeley, Staffordshire.
- 6-**John Capper**^{1,2} was born in 1690 and was christened on 4 Feb 1690 in Rugeley, Staffordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Rugeley, Staffordshire.
- He had a residence in Bunnings Mill, Lichfield, Staffordshire.

John married Sarah Robinson^{1,2} on 7 Feb 1711 in Lichfield, Staffordshire. Sarah died on 4 Oct 1766. They had five children: Thomas, Sarah, Mary, John, and William.

7-Thomas Capper was born on 20 Aug 1712 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died on 8 Nov 1782 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: Thomas Capper of the Mill.

Thomas married **Hannah**. Hannah died in May 1777. They had four children: **William, Thomas, Sarah**, and **Mary**.

8-William Capper died on 13 Jun 1793 in Stow.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: William Capper of the Mill.

William married Hester Montford. They had nine children: Hanna, John, William, Sarah, Mary, Mary, Thomas, Anne, and Jasper.

- 9-Hanna Capper was born on 21 Sep 1782 and died in Greenhill.
- 9-John Capper was born on 18 May 1784 and died in Aug 1817 in Barbados, Caribbean at age 33.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- 9-William Capper was born on 8 May 1785.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Innkeeper in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

William married someone. He had one son: Charles Wedgebury.

10-Charles Wedgebury Capper

9-Sarah Capper was born on 15 Aug 1786.

Sarah married Thomas Wright.

- 9-Mary Capper was born on 25 Jan 1788, died about 1 Feb 1788, and was buried on 4 Feb 1788 in St. Chad's, Lichfield, Staffordshire.
- 9-Mary Capper was born on 11 Jul 1789 and died on 1 Oct 1855 in Greenhill at age 66. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 9-Thomas Capper was born on 9 May 1790, died on 3 Feb 1853 at age 62, and was buried in Whittington, Staffordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: Thomas Capper of the Mill.

Thomas married Eliza Montford. Eliza was born in Walsall, Staffordshire, died in Feb 1862, and was buried on 9 Feb 1862 in Whittington, Staffordshire. They had no children.

9-Anne Capper was born on 25 May 1792 and died in Barton, Staffordshire.

Anne married **John Rowley**.

9-Jasper Capper was born on 27 Oct 1793 and died on 10 Mar 1819 at age 25.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer in Lichfield Market, Staffordshire.

Jasper married Charlotte Fowke. They had six children: Sarah, Susannah, Eliza, William, Marianne, and John.

10-Sarah Capper was born on 13 Jun 1821 and died in 1864 at age 43.

Sarah married **Thomas Grey**.

10-**Susannah Capper** was born on 13 Jun 1821.

Susannah married George Bickley.

- 10-Eliza Capper was born on 13 Apr 1828 and died on 20 Nov 1835 at age 7.
- 10-William Capper was born about 1830 and died on 23 Oct 1830.
- 10-Marianne Capper was born on 12 Aug 1832 and died on 21 May 1833.
- 10-John Capper was born on 31 Jul 1835.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: John Capper of the Mill.

John married Alice Matilda Weldon. They had five children: Thomas John, John William, Eliza Elizabeth, Jasper Joseph, and Charles Thomas.

- 11-**Thomas John Capper** was born on 19 Aug 1853 and died about 1 Sep 1853.
- 11-**John William Capper** was born on 9 Oct 1854.
- 11-Eliza Elizabeth Capper was born on 13 Oct 1856.
- 11-Jasper Joseph Capper was born on 28 Nov 1857.
- 11-Charles Thomas Capper was born on 20 Feb 1866.
- 8-**Thomas Capper** was born in 1753 and died on 19 Sep 1824 in Whittington, Staffordshire at age 71.

Thomas married **Hannah Preston** on 2 Feb 1808. Hannah was born in 1765 and died on 26 Apr 1817 at age 52.

Thomas next married Charlotte.

Thomas next married Susan.

8-Sarah Capper died in 1820.

Sarah married Moseley. Moseley died in 1816 in Streechy?.

8-Mary Capper died on 14 Jun 1782.

Mary married William Pass.

7-Sarah Capper was born on 30 Dec 1714 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died in 1794 at age 80.

Sarah married Rev. Chase. They had one daughter: Susanna.

8-Susanna Chase died in 1794 in London.

7-Mary Capper was born on 27 Dec 1715 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died about 1771 about age 56.

7-John Capper was born on 21 Feb 1717 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, died in Aug 1796 in Berkeley Square, London at age 79, and was buried in Badminton, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous:
- 7-**William Capper**^{1,3,4} was born in Apr 1720 in Rugeley, Staffordshire. (30th is given in Bax), was christened on 10 Apr 1720 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, died on 2 Apr 1785 at age 65, and was buried in St. Mary's Cemetery, Birmingham. Vault No. 26.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Episcopalian.
- He resided at Birmingham.⁵

William married **Rebecca Smallwood**, ^{1,3,5} daughter of **Samuel Smallwood** and **Alice Howley**, on 27 Aug 1746 in Siddington, Cheshire. Rebecca was born in 1724 in Macclesfield, Cheshire, was christened on 24 Jul 1724 in St. Michael's, Macclesfield, Cheshire, died on 6 Dec 1793 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 69, and was buried in St. Mary's Cemetery, Birmingham. Vault No. 26. They had 14 children: **John, Samuel, William, Jasper, Mary, James, Mary, Walter, Rebecca, Charles, Harry, Peter, Sarah**, and **George**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Episcopalian.
 - 8-John Capper^{3,4} was born on 7 May 1747 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 17 May 1747 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died on 26 Apr 1835 in 47 Southampston Row, Russell Square,

London at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Merchant in London.

John married Jane Evans³ in 1770. Jane died on 16 Jan 1803. They had six children: (No Given Name), William, Jasper, Harriot, Edward, and Charles.

- 9-Capper was born in Jun 1771 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died in Jun 1771 in Still born.
- 9-William Capper⁶ was born on 14 Nov 1772 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died on 26 Sep 1813 in Haltiford, Shepperton on Thames, Surrey at age 40.

William married **Jane Lutyens**, daughter of **Nicholas Lutyens** and **Mary "Molly" Mesman**, on 5 Oct 1799 in St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green, London. Jane was born in 1771, was christened on 6 Jun 1771 in St Andrews Undershaft, London, and died in 1835 at age 64. They had two children: **John Lewis** and **Jane**.

10-Rev. John Lewis Capper was born on 30 Jul 1800, was christened on 28 Aug 1800 in St. Martin & St. Clements, Eastcheap, London, and died in 1879 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Curate of Waltham Abbey in Waltham Abbey, Essex.
- He had a residence in Farm Hill, Waltham, Essex.

10-Jane Capper was born in 1801 and was christened on 4 Nov 1801 in St. Andrew Holborn, London.

Jane married **Dr. W. Horley**. They had one son: **William**.

- 11-**William Horley** was born in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire.
- 9-Jasper Capper was born on 26 Jun 1774 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 26 Jun 1774 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died on 10 Dec 1774 in Rugeley, Staffordshire.
- 9-Harriot Capper was born on 22 Aug 1775 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 22 Aug 1775 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died on 12 Dec 1775.
- 9-**Edward Capper**³ was born on 7 Feb 1779 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 3 Mar 1779 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died on 12 Sep 1819 in Ely Place, London at age 40. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Soldier.
- 9-Charles Capper was born on 6 Apr 1787 and died on 23 Mar 1867 at age 79.

Charles married Louisa Wetenhall, daughter of Edward Wetenhall. They had three children: Anne, John Henry, and Louisa.

10-Anne Capper was born on 23 Mar 1813.

Anne married **John Ferris Marshall**, son of **John Marshall**, on 22 Apr 1841. John was born in 1803 in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire and died in 1893 in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire at age 90. They had seven children: **Charlotte Ann, Alice, George Ferris, Fanny, Arthur, Marion**, and **Charles**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist & Druggist in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire.
 - 11-Charlotte Ann Marshall was born on 10 Mar 1842 in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire.
 - 11-Alice Marshall was born on 7 Jun 1843 in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire.

11-George Ferris Marshall was born on 17 Sep 1844 in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire.

George married Isabella Campbell, daughter of Colin Campbell. They had two children: Ann Capper and Colin Campbell.

- 12-Ann Capper Marshall was born on 16 Apr 1869 and died on 23 May 1869.
- 12-Colin Campbell Marshall was born on 13 Jan 1871.
- 11-Fanny Marshall was born on 20 Feb 1846 in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire.
- 11-Arthur Marshall was born on 18 Jul 1847 in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire.
- 11-Marion Marshall was born on 5 Sep 1849 in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire and died on 16 Oct 1866 at age 17.
- 11-Charles Marshall was born on 5 Sep 1851 in Gainsborough, Lincolnshire and died on 21 Mar 1852.
- 10-John Henry Capper was born on 6 May 1816, was christened on 29 Jan 1817 in St. Mary's, Lambeth, London, and died on 1 Dec 1865 in New Zealand at age 49.

John married Mary Anne Wilson, daughter of Effingham William Wilson and Martha Hunt, on 24 Jan 1842 in St. Giles, Camberwell, London. Mary was born on 27 Apr 1812 in London and was christened on 5 Jul 1812. They had seven children: Charles Effingham, Edward Wilson, John Francis, Florence Marian, Alfred, Fanny, and Howard.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They emigrated to New Zealand in 1858.
 - 11-Charles Effingham Capper was born on 23 Oct 1842 in Brixton, London and died in 1898 in Wellington, New Zealand at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Merchant in Wellington, New Zealand.

Charles married Margaret Elizabeth Powley. They had five children: Edward William, Mary Agnes, Walter Effingham, Charles Henry, and Ethel Florence.

- 12-Edward William Capper
- 12-Mary Agnes Capper
- 12-Walter Effingham Capper was born in 1890 and died on 4 Mar 1955 in New Zealand at age 65.

Walter married Margaret.

- 12-Charles Henry Capper
- 12-Ethel Florence Capper
- 11-**Edward Wilson Capper** was born on 11 May 1844 in London, was christened on 5 Jun 1844 in St. Giles, Camberwell, London, and died in 1849 in Lambeth, London at age 5.
- 11-**John Francis Capper** was born on 14 Mar 1846.

John married **Agnes**. They had one son: **Effingham**.

- 12-Effingham Capper
- 11-Florence Marian Capper

Florence married **Samuel Carroll**. They had one daughter: **Ada Florence**.

- 12-Ada Florence Carroll was born on 20 Nov 1869.
- 11-Alfred Capper
- 11-Fanny Capper was born on 13 Jul 1851.
- 11-Howard Capper
- 10-Louisa Capper was born on 20 Nov 1817.

Louisa married **Robert Charles Rising** on 16 Sep 1843. Robert was born in Caister, Norfolk and died on 6 Jun 1847. They had no children.

John next married **Anna Maria Biddulph**, daughter of **Walter Biddulph**, on 3 Jan 1804 in Stanton by Bridge, Derbyshire. Anna was born in 1756 and died in 1841 at age 85.

General Notes: "Anna Maria Biddulph was previously engaged to Lieut. Hergiss, who was 1st Lieutenant to Capt. James Cook's ship, "Discovery". After Cook's death, he commanded a similar expedition and met with a similar fate. He named an island Anna Maria and a promontory, Biddulph Point."

This isn't strictly correct. Firstly, Richard Hergest, (abt 1754-1791) served on Cook's 2nd expedition on *Adventure*, but as an Able-seaman and as a Mid-shipman. He joined Cook's 3rd expedition on the *Resolution* as an Able-seaman and as an Mid-shipman and it wasn't until 14th October 1780, after he had returned home, that he received promotion to Lieutenant. He was given command of the supply ship *Daedalus*, with instructions to re-supply his old friend, George Vancouver's own Pacific expedition. Stopping on Oahu (Hawaii) to pick up water, he was killed by natives, along with the expedition astronomer William Gooch and a Portuguese crew member called Manuel. 11 May 1792.

8-Samuel Capper was born on 19 Nov 1748 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 2 Dec 1748 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, died on 12 Mar 1799 at age 50, and was buried in St. Mary's Cemetery, Birmingham. Vault No. 26.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence about 1846 in Bull Street, Birmingham.

Samuel married **Grace Saxelby**, daughter of **Thomas Saxelby** and **Mary Jones**, on 20 Oct 1787 in St. Philip's, Birmingham. Grace was born in 1748 and died on 9 Dec 1828 at age 80. They had two children: **John** and **Samuel James**.

9-**John Capper**^{2,7} was born on 24 Oct 1788 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 7 Nov 1874 in 3, Manor Villas, Amhurst Road, Hackney at age 86, and was buried on 10 Nov 1874 in Highgate Cemetery.

John married Elizabeth Turnbull, daughter of Thomas Turnbull, on 19 Jan 1822 in St. Helen's, Bishopsgate, London. Elizabeth was born on 16 Feb 1800 in Southwark, London and died on 4 Jan 1870 in Hackney, London at age 69. They had eight children: George Smallwood, John Langford, (No Given Name), Frederick William, Maria Margaret, Sarah Grace, Thomas Henry Oliphant, and Henry Holdsworth.

10-George Smallwood Capper was born on 22 Apr 1824 in Banstead, Surrey and died on 15 Apr 1825.

10-**Rev. John Langford Capper**² was born on 7 Aug 1825 in Banstead, Surrey, was christened on 25 Sep 1825 in Wanstead, Essex, and died on 20 Aug 1867 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 42.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Postmaster of Merton College in Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Schoolmaster. Queen Elizabeth Grammar School in Crediton, Devon.

John married Emma Susannah Hollis, daughter of Thomas Hollis.

10-Capper was born about 1827 and died about 1827 in Died a few days old.

10-Frederick William Capper⁸ was born on 4 Jun 1830 in Leytonstone, London, died on 19 Nov 1909 at age 79, and was buried on 25 Nov 1909 in Highgate Cemetery, London.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Elm House in Lower Clapton, Middlesex.

Frederick married Mary Louisa Grellier,⁸ daughter of Richard Grellier⁸ and Mary Louisa André,⁸ on 26 Apr 1856 in St. John's, Hackney, London. Mary was born on 7 Mar 1835 in Lower Clapton, Middlesex. They had five children: Mary Eleanor, Ada Louisa, Frédéric André, George Herbert, and Margaret Jessie.

- 11-Mary Eleanor Capper^{2,8} was born on 14 Aug 1857.
- 11-Ada Louisa Capper² was born on 29 Dec 1858.
- 11-Frédéric André Capper² was born on 15 May 1860.
- 11-George Herbert Capper² was born on 12 Feb 1862.
- 11-Margaret Jessie Capper was born on 13 Mar 1864 and died on 2 Mar 1866 at age 1.
- 10-Maria Margaret Capper² was born on 25 Oct 1831 in Walthamstow, London.
- 10-Sarah Grace Capper² was born on 29 Mar 1833 in Walthamstow, London.
- 10-**Thomas Henry Oliphant Capper**² was born on 8 Dec 1834 in Walthamstow, London.
- 10-Henry Holdsworth Capper² was born on 13 Jul 1838 in Walthamstow, London.
- 9-Samuel James Capper was born on 2 Feb 1796, died on 12 Oct 1847 at age 51, and was buried in Leyton Parish Churchyard, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Copeland's Corner from 1837 in Lower Leyton, Essex.
- He had a residence in Snaresbrook, Essex.

Samuel married **Emma Copeland**, daughter of **William Copeland**⁹ and **Mary Fowler**, on 1 May 1828 in St. Mary's, Leyton, London. Emma was born about 14 Jul 1808, died in 1890 about age 82, and was buried in Leyton Parish Churchyard, London. They had seven children: **George Copeland**, **Emma Copeland**, **William Copeland**, **Annie Copeland**, **Selina Marianne**, **Loftus Laprimaudaye**, and **Thompson Copeland**.

- 10-George Copeland Capper was born on 22 Jan 1829 in Leyton, London, was christened on 23 Feb 1829 in St. Mary's, Leyton, Essex, died in 1883 at age 54, and was buried in Leyton Parish Churchyard, London.
- 10-Emma Copeland Capper was born on 29 Apr 1830 in Leyton, London.

Emma married Rev. William Spence Hemming, son of Rev. George Hemming. They had four children: Leslie, Frank, Edith, and Katherine Mary.

- 11-**Leslie Hemming** was born on 8 Jul 1856.
- 11-Frank Hemming was born on 17 Nov 1859.
- 11-Edith Hemming was born on 6 Jul 1861.
- 11-Katherine Mary Hemming was born on 1 Nov 1870.
- 10-William Copeland Capper^{9,10,11} was born on 13 Feb 1832 in Leyton, London, died on 8 Jul 1902 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 70, and was buried in Eastbourne, East Sussex.

General Notes: "To the glory of God and in memory of William Copeland Capper, Bengal Civil Service, second son of Samuel James Capper, of Snaresbrook, in the county of Essex. As one of Anderson's Garrison he served through the defence of the Residency, and, after filling

many posts in the Government of this Province, retired therefrom as Judicial Commissioner. Died at Eastbourne, Sussex, July 8th, 1902, aged 70."

[W. C. Capper was educated at Haileytury, and joined the B.C.S., in 1852

and was attached to the Punjab. In 1856 he was transferred to the Oudh Commission and was the first Deputy Commissioner of Mallawan (Hardoi). He was there when the Mutiny broke out and remained there till the 8th June by which time the troops had shown unmistakable signs of mutiny. He rode into Lucknow and served throughout the defence, in which he was wounded. After the relief he was made a Special Commissioner in Farrukhabad and then took leave. On his return in 1859 he served as Deputy Commissioner at Eae Bareli, Dariabad, Lucknow (1861) and with brief periods of officiating as Commissioner and of leave, remained there till 1868. He then became Commissioner of the Eae Bareh Division (1868-1870) and then, after leave, Commissioner of Fyzabad (1873) and Judicial Commissioner from 1877 and retired in 1882.]

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an official of the Bengal Civil Service in Bengal, India.

William married **Sarah Copeland**, 9,12 daughter of **William Taylor Copeland** and **Sarah Yates**, on 13 Jan 1855 in St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, West Bengal, India. Sarah was born on 8 Nov 1834 in Leyton, London and was christened on 15 Dec 1834 in St. Mary's, Leyton, Essex. They had eight children: **William Baume, Amy MacDonell, Jessie, John Edward, Thompson, Percy Yates, Alfred Stewart**, and **Maud Copeland**.

11-**Brig. Gen. William Baume Capper**^{10,11,12} was born on 6 Feb 1856 in Sealkote, Bengal, India, was christened on 5 Mar 1856 in Sealkote, Bengal, India, and died on 15 Jan 1934 in Newbridge Hill, Bath, Somerset at age 77.

General Notes: Capper was born on 6 February 1856, his father William Copeland Capper having been in the Bengal Civil Service. Educated at Haileybury, Capper was commissioned into the 85th Regiment of Foot in 1876 and subsequently played cricket for Shropshire. He became adjutant of the King's Shropshire Light Infantry in 1886. He served in the Second Anglo-Afghan War, in the 1882 Anglo-Egyptian War and in the Mahdist War in Sudan from 1884 to 1885. He was Commandant of the Royal Military College Sandhurst from 1907 to 1911 and then served in World War I.

CAPPER, Col William

CVO 1919

Born 12 Feb. 1856; s of late W. C. Capper, Bengal Civil Service; m Helen Margaret, e d of late C. Parry of Greenhill, Harrow; two d; died 15 Jan. 1934

Education Haileybury

Career Sub-Lieut 85th King's Light Infantry, 1876; Passed Staff College; DAAG, Aldershot; DAAG, Colchester; Lieut-Col 1st Northampton Regiment; AAG, India; Director Military Education, India; Brigadier-General and Chief Staff Officer, Eastern Command, India; Commandant Royal Military Coll., Sandhurst, 1907–11; served Afghan war, 1879–80 (ADC); Boer war, 1881; Egyptian war, 1882; Khartoum Relief Expedition, 1884–85; assault of Zawa, Tel-el-Kebir, Abu Kru, Metameh (Bt Major); called up for service, 1914; employed in Department of the Military Secretary, War Office; commanding 51st Brigade and No. 5 District; FRGS, FZS, FRHS

Clubs United Service, MCC

Address c/o Grindlay & Co., 54 Parliament Street, SW1

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CVO FRGS FZS FRHS in 1919.
- He worked as an Army Officer.
- He worked as a Brigadier-General and Chief Staff Officer, Eastern Command, India.
- He worked as a Commandant of the Royal Military College Sandhurst. 1907 To 1911.

William married Helen Margaret Parry. They had two children: Mabel Copeland and (No Given Name).

12-Mabel Copeland Capper^{11,12} was born in 1889 in Kilkenny, Ireland and died in 1973 in Bramley, Surrey at age 84.

Mabel married **Air Marshal Sir Lawrence Arthur Pattinson**, ¹¹ son of **Hugh Lee Pattinson** and **Mary Constance Adamson**, in 1923. Lawrence was born on 8 Oct 1890 and died on 28 Mar 1955 at age 64. They had two children: **Gillian Veronica** and **John Lawrence**.

General Notes: PATTINSON, Air Marshal Sir Lawrence Arthur

KBE, 1945; CB 1938; DSO 1919; MC; DFC, RAF retd

Born 8 Oct. 1890; *s* of late H. L. Pattinson of Lowlynn, Beal, Northumberland, and late Mrs H. P. R. Coode, Floriston Hall, Wixoe, nr Halstead, Essex; *m* 1923, Mabel Copeland, *e d* of late Col William Capper, CVO; one *s* one *d*; *died* 28 March 1955

Education Rugby; Wesley College, Melbourne, Australia; Jesus College, Cambridge, MA. 2nd Class Honours Historical Tripos, LLB

Career 2nd Lieutenant 5th Durham Light Infantry TF 1914; seconded to RFC 1915; proceeded to France with No. 11 Squadron as Pilot, 25 July 1915; Flight Commander and Temporary Captain, Oct. 1915; MC 1916; Squadron Commander and Temporary Major, 1916; proceeded to France in command of 57 Squadron, Dec. 1916; returned to Home Establishment, Nov. 1917; proceeded to France in command of 99 Squadron (Independent Force RAF), May 1918 (DFC, despatches); assumed command of 41st Wing Independent Force, Oct. 1918, as temporary Lieut-Col (DSO); Squadron Leader RAF, 1919; Wing Commander, 1922; Staff College, Camberley, 1922; Air Staff, HQ Royal Air Force, India, 1926–30; Group Captain, 1930; ADC to the King, 1933–34; Deputy Director of Organisation, Air Ministry, 1930–34; Air Commodore, 1934; Air Officer Commanding Armament Group, Eastchurch, 1934–37; Air Vice-Marshal, 1937; Air Officer Commanding No. 23 (Training) Group, 1937–40; Air Officer Comdg-in-Chief Flying Training Command, 1940–41; retired list, 1941; recalled to Active List, Oct. 1942, as Head of RAF Training Mission to the Chinese Air Force

Publications The History of 99 Squadron, RAF

Recreations Shooting, fishing
Clubs United Service, Fly-fishers'
Address Salkeld Hall, Little Salkeld, Penrith, Cumberland
Langwathby 224

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KBE CB DSO MC DFC.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Air Force.
- He had a residence in Salkeld Hall, Penrith, Cumbria.
 - 13-Gillian Veronica Pattinson
 - 13-John Lawrence Pattinson

John married Katharine Helena Johnston, daughter of Prof. Edward Hamilton Johnston and Iris May.

12-**Capper**. 10

11-Amy MacDonell Capper 11,12 was born on 11 Jul 1857 in Simla, Himachal Pradesh, India and died on 9 Nov 1938 in London at age 81.

Amy married **Maj. Gen. Francis Edward Archibald Chamier**, ^{11,12} son of **Henry Chamier** and **Anne Antoinette Evelina Thursby**, on 11 Jul 1878 in Lucknow, Bengal, India. Francis was born on 13 May 1833, was christened on 1 Aug 1833, and died on 3 May 1923 at age 89. They had nine children: **Jessie Antoinette, Francis Capper, Alfred Edward, John Adrian, Barbara Dorothy, Richard Outram, Anthony, Margaret Constance, and Frederic Thompson.**

General Notes: **CHAMIER, Maj.-Gen. Francis Edward Archibald** CB 1907; CIE 1902

Born 13 May 1833; *s* of late Henry Chamier, Madras Civil Service; *m* 1st, Annie Maria Caroline, *d* of late Dr James Johnstone, IMS; 2nd, Amy Macdonell, *d* of late W. C. Capper, BCS; nine *s* three *d*; *died* 3 May 1923

Supernumerary List, Indian Staff Corps

Education Cheltenham

Career Interpreter 34, BNI; Adjutant Calcutta Volunteers, 1857; ADC and Persian Interpreter to Gen. Sir James Outram, 1st Bt, in first relief, defence, siege, and capture of Lucknow (despatches, medal and two clasps, Brevet majority); in command of HH Raja of Kapurthala's contingent during its service in Oudh, 1858

Address 55 Warwick Road, SW5

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB CIE.
- He resided at 55 Warwick Road in London SW5.
 - 12-Jessie Antoinette Chamier was born on 7 Apr 1879 and died on 5 Nov 1881 at age 2.
 - 12-Francis Capper Chamier was born on 28 Sep 1880 and died on 16 Jul 1916 in Pratapnagar, India at age 35.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a staff of the Indian Civil Service.

12-Alfred Edward Chamier was born on 6 Feb 1882 and died on 14 Mar 1965 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Colonial Service.

12-Air Commodore Sir John Adrian Chamier¹¹ was born on 26 Dec 1883, was christened on 15 Jan 1884, and died on 3 May 1974 at age 90.

General Notes: **CHAMIER, Air Cdre Sir John Adrian** Kt 1944; CB 1925; CMG 1919; DSO 1917; OBE 1918

Born 1883; s of late Maj.-General F. E. A. Chamier; m 1918, Edwina Ratcliff, d of E. Lordly, Chester, Canada; one s (and one s decd); died 3 May 1974

Indian Army, retired; late RAF

Education St. Paul's Sch.; Royal Military Coll., Sandhurst

Career Served Somaliland, 1904; European War, 1914–18 (despatches, DSO); Dir of Technical Development, Air Ministry, 1927–28; Technical Dir Vickers and Supermarine Aviation Companies, 1929–32; recalled to RAF Sept. 1939; Commandant Air Training Corps, 1941

Publications The Birth of the Royal Air Force, 1944

Clubs Special Forces; Royal Thames Yacht

Address Fairwater, Hill Head, Hants

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB CMG DSO OBE.
- Miscellaneous: The "Founding Father of the Air Training Corps".

John married Edwina Ratcliffe Lordly. They had two children: John Edwin Deschamps and Patrick Anthony.

13-John Edwin Deschamps Chamier was born on 9 Jan 1919 in Canada and died on 14 Aug 1997 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Yacht designer & Journalist.

John married **Peticia Ann Alston**. They had two children: (**No Given Name**) and (**No Given Name**).

- 14-Chamier
- 14-Chamier
- 13-Patrick Anthony Chamier was born on 19 Feb 1921 and died on 11 Nov 1940 in Soutern Rhodesia. Killed in flying accident at age 19.
- 12-Barbara Dorothy Chamier was born on 14 Apr 1885 in India and died on 11 Sep 1971 at age 86.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Painter and author.
- 12-Lt. Col. Richard Outram Chamier was born on 24 Aug 1888 and died on 19 Mar 1980 at age 91.
- 12-Capt. Anthony Chamier was born on 20 May 1891 and died on 31 May 1958 at age 67.

Anthony married Sylvia Ada Paula Bratton. They had one son: Richard Stafford Deschamps.

13-Richard Stafford Deschamps Chamier was born on 9 Oct 1927 in Singapore and died on 6 Mar 1987 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 59.

Richard married Margaret Jayne Hannay on 30 Jun 1956. Margaret was born on 22 Feb 1934 and died on 31 Dec 2003 at age 69. They had two children: Lindsey and Wendy.

- 14-Lindsey Chamier
- 14-Wendy Chamier
- 12-Margaret Constance Chamier was born on 23 Apr 1893 and died on 13 Apr 1895 at age 1.
- 12-Maj. Frederic Thompson Chamier was born on 4 Feb 1896 and died on 27 Oct 1962 at age 66.
- 11-Jessie Capper was born on 23 Jul 1859 in Bushey, Hertfordshire and was christened on 7 Aug 1859 in Bushey, Hertfordshire.

Jessie married Christopher James Maltby, son of Francis Newcombe Maltby and Mary Howard Michael, in 1884. Christopher was born in 1853 in India. They had five children: Mary Dorothy, Maud Gladys Michael, Paul Copeland, Audrey Newcombe, and Christopher Michael.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tea planter in Travancore, India.
- He worked as an India civil servant.
 - 12-Mary Dorothy Maltby was born in Jun 1886 in Permude, Madras, India and was christened on 20 Jun 1886 in Permude, Madras, India.

Mary married Sydney R. Wells. They had five children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 13-Wells
- 13-Wells
- 13-Wells
- 13-Wells
- 13-Wells

12-Maud Gladys Michael Maltby was born on 31 Oct 1888 in Trichinopoly, Madras, India and was christened on 28 Nov 1888 in Trichinopoly, Madras, India.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an Actress ?.

Maud married **Alfred Nayler**.

12-Air Vice Marshal Sir Paul Copeland Maltby was born on 5 Aug 1892 in Alleppey, Madras, India, was christened on 28 Aug 1892 in Alleppey, Madras, India, and died on 2 Jul 1971 at age 78.

General Notes: Air Vice-Marshal Sir Paul (Copeland) Maltby (KCVO, KBE, CB, DSO) was a regular British air force officer, born on 5 August 1892, the second son of Christopher James Maltby of Felmersham, Bedfordshire.

Maltby was educated at Bedford School, Royal Military College at Sandhurst and gazetted to the Royal Welsh Fusiliers, serving in India in 1911-1914. He transferred in 1915 to the Royal Flying Corps (RFC), Distinguished Service Order (DSO) awarded in 1917, serving in Western Europe until the end of World War One in 1919.

He married Winfred Russell, daughter of J.H. Patterson residing at 6 Morey Place, Edinburgh, in 1921 and they had two sons, the eldest killed in action in 1945, and one daughter. He was with the RAF in India between 1919-1924, attended the RAF Staff College in 1926, and the Imperial Defence College in 1931.

He was Commandant of Central Flying School in 1932-1934, Air Officer Commanding RAF in the Mediterranean in 1935-1938, ir Officer Commanding 24th Training Group in 1938-1940 and Commander of 71st Army Cooperation Group in 1940-1941. He was for a short period, 11 to 14 February 1942, Air Officer Commanding Far East Air Force after which the command was disbanded

He was created a Companion of the Order of the Bath (CB) in 1941.

Later he was Assistant AOC Far East Command and Air Officer Commanding RAF in Java (1942) then assisted Air Officer Commanding Far East RAF Command. He was awarded the Grand Officer of the Order of Orange Nassau from the Netherlands.

He was a prisoner of war from 1942 to 1945.

He retired from RAF in 1946 and created Knight Commander, Order of the British Empire (KBE). Appointed Sergeant-at-Arms, House of Lords in 1946-1962. He was also Deputy-Lieutenant of Southampton in 1956 and received the title Knight Commander of the Royal Victorian Order (KCVO), created in 1962. He died on 2 July 1971.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO KBE CB AFC DSO DL.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Air Force.

Paul married Winifred Russell Patterson. They had one son: John Newcombe.

13-John Newcombe Maltby died on 13 Sep 1998.

John married Lady Sylvia Veronica Anthea Harris, daughter of William James Harris 6th Earl of Malmesbury and Hon. Diana Claudia Patricia Carleton. They had three children: Caroline Jane, William John, and Sophie Louise.

14-Caroline Jane Maltby

Caroline married Alexander F. J. Roe. They had three children: Charlotte Louise, Edward Frederick John, and James.

- 15-Charlotte Louise Roe
- 15-Edward Frederick John Roe
- 15-James Roe
- 14-William John Maltby

William married Sarah Catherine Ekins, daughter of Cmdr. James Ekins. They had three children: George de Blacquiere, Alice Diana, and Poppy Elizabeth.

- 15-George de Blacquiere Maltby
- 15-Alice Diana Maltby
- 15-Poppy Elizabeth Maltby
- 14-Sophie Louise Maltby

Sophie married Alexander Ross, son of David Ross. They had three children: Jasper David, Natasha Sylvia, and Geordie.

- 15-Jasper David Ross
- 15-Natasha Sylvia Ross
- 15-Geordie Ross

12-Audrey Newcombe Maltby¹³ was born on 4 May 1894 in Travancore, India, was christened on 23 May 1894 in Peermaad, Madras, India, and died on 2 Jul 1951 in Limpsfield, Surrey at age 57.

Audrey married **Bernard Francis Crewdson**,¹³ son of **Francis William Crewdson**^{13,14} and **Annie Whitwell Wilson**,¹³ on 2 Oct 1920 in Vienna, Austria. Bernard was born on 9 Jul 1887 in Kendal, Cumbria. They had one daughter: **April Elizabeth Mary**.

13-April Elizabeth Mary Crewdson

12-Maj. Gen. Christopher Michael Maltby was born in 1891 and died in 1980 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB MC.
- He worked as a Commander of British troops in China in 1941.

11-**Maj. Gen. Sir John Edward Capper**^{9,11,12} was born on 7 Dec 1861 in Lucknow, Bengal, India, was christened on 29 Dec 1861 in Lucknow, Bengal, India, and died on 24 May 1955 in Esperance Nursing Home, Eastbourne at age 93.

General Notes: Capper, Sir John Edward (1861–1955), army officer, was born at Lucknow, India, on 7 December 1861, the second son of William Copeland Capper of the Bengal civil service and his wife, Sarah, the daughter of William Taylor Copeland. His younger brother, Major-General Sir Thompson Capper, was killed at Loos in September 1915. John Capper was educated at Wellington College and commissioned lieutenant in the Royal Engineers on 2 July 1880; he was promoted captain on 1 November 1889 and major on 1 April 1899, after being employed primarily on military and public works in India and Burma. However, he did also see active service in the Tirah campaign on the north-west frontier in 1897. On 10 October 1895 he married Edith Mary (1868/9–1942), the daughter of Joseph Beausire of Noctorum, Birkenhead: they had one son, killed in action in 1916, and one daughter.

From October to December 1899 Capper was deputy assistant director of railways in South Africa, and on 29 November 1900 he received a brevet lieutenant-colonelcy. Capper then remained in South Africa until February 1903, commanding locally raised units before becoming commandant of Johannesburg; he received the CB in 1902. Having received his substantive lieutenant-colonelcy on 7 October 1905 and a brevet colonelcy on 28 January 1906, Capper was posted to command the Balloon School at Aldershot on 27 May 1906; he remained commandant until October 1910. Capper piloted the army's first airship, Nulli Secundus, in a flight over London in 1907. Having been promoted substantive colonel on leaving Aldershot on 7 October 1910, and after a brief period of half pay, Capper became commandant of the School of Military Engineering at Chatham, a position he held from 7 April 1911 to 28 September 1914. He was then posted to France as deputy inspector-general on the lines of communication as a temporary brigadier-general. On 9 May 1915 he became chief engineer of the 3rd corps, and two months later he became chief engineer of the Third Army, having received promotion to major-general on 3 July 1915. However, on 3 October 1915 he received command of the 24th division. In May 1917 he moved to command the machine-gun corps training centre but on 28 July he took up the appointment of director-general of the tank corps and on 1 September director-general of the War Office tank directorate, having also been considered as a possible director-general of military aeronautics.

Capper was both intelligent and technologically aware. Consequently he was readily convinced of the tank's potential for large-scale operations. Indeed he was to present a more practical version of J. F. C. Fuller's 'Plan 1919' to the general staff in July 1918, by which tanks would have played a major role had the war persisted into 1919. Unfortunately, however, Capper's poor communication skills and pomposity gave his subordinates at tank corps headquarters the entirely opposite impression that he was unreceptive to their ideas, to the extent that they nicknamed him the Stone Age. Capper was appointed KCB in 1917; he left the War Office in July 1918, before commanding the 64th division in Britain from November 1918 to April 1919, and number one area in France and Flanders from June to September 1919. He became lieutenant-governor and commander-in-chief on Guernsey on 1 July 1920, and retired on 1 July 1925, having been appointed KCVO in 1921. He was colonel commandant of the Royal Tank Corps from September 1923 and a governor of Wellington College from 1928 until 1946. Capper died on 24 May 1955 at the Esperance Nursing Home, Eastbourne.

Ian F. W. Beckett

Sources J. P. Harris, Men, ideas and tanks: British military thought and amoured forces, 1903–1939 (1995) · B. H. Liddell Hart, The tanks: the history of the royal tank regiment and its predecessors, 2 vols. (1959) · T. Travers, How the war was won: command and technology in the British army on the western front, 1917–1918 (1992) · Army List · WWW · A. D. Harvey, Collision of empires (1992) · Burke, Peerage (1939) · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1955) · BL OIOC, N/1/100, fol. 403 · m. cert.

Archives King's Lond., Liddell Hart C., papers | King's Lond., Liddell Hart C., Fuller MSS · King's Lond., Liddell Hart C., Liddell Hart MSS

Likenesses photographs, IWM · photographs, Tank Museum, Bovington

Wealth at death £13,852 5s. 0d.: probate, 10 Aug 1955, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Ian F. W. Beckett, 'Capper, Sir John Edward (1861–1955)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/41054]

An experienced engineer, Capper was involved in numerous building projects during his years in India and pioneered the development of airships in Britain. He helped establish and command several military training establishments in Britain, was involved in large-scale military planning during 1918 and 1919 and was pivotal in establishing the tank as an important feature of the British Army. Although Capper was sometimes described as pompous and possessing poor communication skills, earning the nickname Stone Age for his attitude towards the ideas of junior officers in the Royal Tank Corps, he nevertheless played a vital role in the development and deployment of armoured vehicles in the British Army

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with KCB in 1917.

- He was awarded with KCVO in 1922.
- He worked as an Army Officer.
- He worked as a Lieutenant Governor of Guernsey 1921 To 1925.
- He resided at Bramdean House in Alresford, Hampshire.

John married **Edith Mary Beausire**, ^{9,12} daughter of **Joseph Beausire**, in 1895. Edith was born in 1869 and died in 1942 in 1953 Also Given. at age 73. They had two children: **John Beausire Copeland** and **Edith Frances**.

12-**John Beausire Copeland Capper**¹⁰ was born on 1 Aug 1886, died on 27 Sep 1916 in Loos, Pas de Calais, France. Killed in action at age 30, and was buried in Flatiron Copse Cemetery, Mametz.

12-**Edith Frances Capper**¹⁰ was born in 1899 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.

11-**Maj. Gen. Sir Thompson Capper**^{9,12} was born on 20 Oct 1863 in Lucknow, Bengal, India, was christened on 11 Nov 1863 in Lucknow, Bengal, India, died on 27 Sep 1915 in Loos-en-Gohelle at age 51, and was buried in Lillers Communal Cemetery, Pas de Calais. Grave 11.A.

General Notes: Capper, Sir Thompson (1863–1915), army officer, was born in Lucknow, India, on 20 October 1863. He was the third son of William Copeland Capper of the Bengal civil service and his wife, Sarah, the daughter of William Taylor Copeland. His older brother was Sir John Capper. Thompson Capper was commissioned lieutenant in the East Lancashire regiment on 9 September 1882, and was promoted captain on 22 April 1891. He served in the Chitral relief expedition in 1895 and attended the Staff College at Camberley in 1896–7, where he was regarded as an original and imaginative student. He then served with the Egyptian army in the Sudan from December 1897 to July 1899, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Omdurman. Capper received a brevet majority on 16 November 1898. After a brief attachment to the War Office as staff captain for intelligence, Capper went to South Africa in November 1899 as deputy assistant adjutant-general on the staff of the Natal army during the operations for the relief of Ladysmith and the subsequent advance into the Transvaal. From June 1901 to May 1902 he commanded a mobile column in Cape Colony. For his services he received the DSO and was promoted brevet lieutenant-colonel on 29 November 1900. Capper's next employment was as professor and then deputy assistant adjutant-general at the Staff College from December 1902 to December 1905, in the course of which he received a brevet colonelcy in December 1904. It would appear that Sir Henry Hughes Wilson feared that Capper rather than himself would succeed to the command at Camberley and, at Wilson's suggestion, Capper was then selected first commandant of the Indian Staff College at Quetta, a position he held from March 1906 with the rank of colonel, and from May 1906 to January 1911 as temporary brigadier-general. In his teaching at Camberley, and especially at Quetta, where he lectured extensively on the Russo-Japanese War, Capper was a powerful exponent of the 'offensive spirit', arguing that 'attacking dash' was the best means of overcoming entrenched positions defended by modern firepower. He thus placed particular emphasis on courage. A fellow instructor at Camberley, Hubert Gough, recalled that Capper 'always inculcated a spirit of self-sacrifice and duty, instead of the idea of playing for safety and seeking only to avoid getting into trouble' (Gough, 93). Similarly John Charteris recorded during the first battle of Ypres that Capper told him, 'No good officer has a right to be alive during a fight like this', and that Capper had also supposedly ordered his staff to the front with the words, 'What! Nobody on the Staff wounded today; that won't do!' (Charteris, 58). It is difficult to assess Capper's precise influence on his audiences, and Douglas Haig, who came into contact with him at Quetta, believed Capper 'too full of nerves and too much of a crank to get the best out of officers' (Haig to Kiggell, Kiggell MSS, 1/27, 22 Oct 1911), while George Barrow also considered that the geniality that had marked Capper's personality at Camberley had given way to a darker intensity of outlook at Quetta. On 15 October 1908 Capper married Winifride Mary, the eldest daughter of the Hon. Robert Joseph Gerard-Dicconson of Wrightington Hall, Wigan; they had one son. Two years later he received the CB, and after a brief period of half pay he was appointed to command the 13th infantry brigade at Dublin on 19 February 1911. Capper's abilities as a trainer of troops were much in evidence, and he was appointed inspector of infantry in February 1914, and promoted major-general on 12 May. He had strongly supported Hubert Gough during the Curragh incident in March. On 27 August 1914 he was appointed to command the 7th division, and he took it to Belgium in October. Capper covered the Belgian retreat to the Yser and then took a leading role in the first battle of Ypres, his division losing over 10,000 of its infantry in just three weeks but holding its ground. One obituarist later commented that 'no one but Capper himself could, night after night, by the sheer force of his personality, have reconstituted from the shattered fragments of battalions a fighting line that could last through tomorrow' (The Times, 1 Oct 1915). Capper was created KCMG for his services at Ypres but was accidentally wounded during experiments with hand grenades in April 1915 and did not return to his division until shortly before the battle of Loos. Indeed Capper had been appointed to a corps but received permission to remain with his division until after the battle. On 25 September 1915 the division took its first objectives but was heavily counter-attacked. Accounts vary as to whether Capper was trying to encourage his men or to urge forward a 'sticky' unit and whether or not he was riding his horse in full view of the enemy. He was hit by a sniper and died on the following day, 26 September 1915. He was buried in Lillers communal cemetery, Pas-de-Calais. Capper had been true to the principles he had set out in one of his lectures in June 1908: that wars could not be won 'unless the individuals composing an army set out to fight with the determined spirit that they will conquer, or they will die in the attempt to do so' (Capper MSS, II/4/16).

Ian F. W. Beckett

Sources K. Simpson, 'Capper and the offensive spirit', Journal of the Royal United Service Institute for Defence Studies, 118/2 (1973), 51–5 · B. Bond, The Victorian army and the Staff College, 1854–1914 (1972) · G. Barrow, Fire of life (1942) · H. Gough, Soldiering on (1954) · J. Charteris, At GHQ (1931) · I. F. W. Beckett, ed., The army and the Curragh incident, 1914 (1986) · T. Travers, The killing ground (1987) · Army List · WWW · Burke, Gen. GB (1914) · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1916) · King's Lond., Capper MSS · King's Lond., Kiggell MSS · DNB · m. cert.

Archives King's Lond., Liddell Hart C., papers, incl. research notes on Russo-Japanese War | King's Lond., Liddell Hart C., Kiggell MSS · NL Scot., Haig MSS

Likenesses photographs, IWM

Wealth at death £1149 10s. 10d.: probate, 4 Jan 1916, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Ian F. W. Beckett, 'Capper, Sir Thompson (1863–1915)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/32285]

Major General Sir Thompson Capper KCMG CB DSO (20 October 1863 - 27 September 1915) was a highly decorated and senior British Army officer who served with distinction in the Second Boer War and was a divisional commander during the First World War. At the battle of Loos in 1915, Capper was shot by a sniper as he reconnoitred the front line during an assault by his division on German positions. He died the next day in a casualty clearing station from wounds to both lungs; his grave is in the nearby Lillers Communal Cemetery.

Capper was an active and vigorous soldier who had been wounded just six months before his death in an accidental grenade detonation. Shortly before this wound he had been knighted by King George V for his service in command of his division during the first battle of Ypres. Field Marshal Sir John French commented upon his death that "he was a most distinguished and capable leader and his death will be severely felt." He was also a keen military historian and his collected papers are currently stored at the Liddell Hart Centre for Military Archives at King's College

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCMG CB DSO.
- He worked as a British Army Officer.

Thompson married Winifride Mary Gerard, daughter of Capt. Hon. Robert Joseph Gerard-Dicconson⁹ and Eleanor Sarah Bankes. They had one son: (No Given Name).

12-Capper

London.

- 11-Percy Yates Capper was born on 29 Oct 1866 in Lucknow, Bengal, India, was christened on 18 Nov 1866 in Lucknow, Bengal, India, and died about 1887 about age 21.
- 11-Lt. Col. Alfred Stewart Capper was born on 2 Mar 1871 in Allahabad, Bengal, India, was christened on 11 Apr 1871 in Allahabad, Bengal, India, and died on 18 Jun 1966 at age 95.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO in 1917.
- He worked as a British Army Officer.
- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He resided at Langley House in Wiveliscombe, Somerset.

Alfred married Nora Jane Beausire, ¹² daughter of Joseph Beausire, in 1909. Nora died on 19 Aug 1971 in Langley House, Wiveliscombe, Somerset. They had one son: William Stewart.

12-Maj. William Stewart Capper¹² was born on 20 Nov 1914 and died on 3 Nov 1943 in Died On Active Service. Buried at Sea. Tobruk. at age 28.

General Notes: PROMOTING EFFICIENCY AND WELFARE OF ALL RANKS SERVING IN THE ROYAL ARTILLERY, INCL TA. RELIEF AND ASSISTANCE TO PAST AND PRESENT MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL ARTILLERY AND THEIR DEPENDANTS WHO ARE IN NEED GRANTS TO SOLDIERS AND OFFICERS, SERVING OR RETIRED WHO ARE IN NEED.

The William Stewart Capper Trust

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a British army officer, Royal Artillery.
- 11-Maud Copeland Capper was born on 16 Aug 1872.
- 10-Annie Copeland Capper was born on 25 Feb 1835 in Leyton, London.

Annie married Rev. Septimus Isaac Crawhall, son of Isaac Crawhall. They had two children: Winifred Anne and Muriel.

11-Winifred Anne Crawhall was born on 26 Jul 1872.

11-Muriel Crawhall

10-Selina Marianne Capper was born on 26 Mar 1837 in Leyton, London, was christened on 7 May 1837 in St. Mary's, Leyton, Essex, and died in Oct 1914 at age 77.

Selina married **Alfred James Copeland**, son of **William Taylor Copeland**⁹ and **Sarah Yates**, on 5 May 1864 in St. Mary's, Leyton, London. Alfred was born in 1837 in Kibblestone Hall, Staffordshire and died on 5 Sep 1921 at age 84.

10-**Loftus Laprimaudaye Capper** was born on 3 Jan 1839 in Leyton, London, was christened on 11 Feb 1839 in St. Mary's, Leyton, Essex, died on 10 Nov 1863 in Shanghai, China at age 24, and was buried in Shanghai, China. He had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Lieut. Thompson Copeland Capper RN was born on 21 Dec 1842 in Leyton, London, died on 14 Jul 1863 in Lucknow, Bengal, India at age 20, and was buried in Lucknow, Bengal, India.

8-William Capper^{3,4} was born on 23 Nov 1749, was christened on 16 Dec 1749 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died in Mar 1819 at age 69.

William married Ranger, daughter of J. Ranger.

8-**Jasper Capper**^{1,4,5,9,15,16,17,18,19,20} was born on 19 May 1751 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 9 Jun 1751 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, died on 24 Dec 1819 in Stoke Newington, London at age 68, and was buried on 31 Dec 1819 in FBG Stoke Newington.

General Notes: Birthplace suggested as Birmingham by Milligan.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper in Whitechapel, London.
- He was Church of England.
- He was a Quaker by Convincement in 1778 in Devonshire House MM.

Jasper married **Anne Fry**, ^{1,5,15,16,17,18,19,20,21} daughter of **John Fry**, ^{1,3,4,5,16,21,22} and **Frances Head**, ^{4,5,16,21} on 21 Apr 1778 in FMH Whitechapel. Anne was born on 14 Aug 1756 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 19 Nov 1821 in Stoke Newington, London at age 65, and was buried in FBG Stoke Newington. They had 13 children: **William Smallwood, Frances, Samuel, Rebecca, Anne, Jasper, Frances, John, George, Katherine, Mary**, and **Sarah**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Ouaker Minister.
- 9-William Smallwood Capper^{4,10} was born on 26 Feb 1779 in Parish of St. Mary, Whitechapel, London and died on 13 Dec 1790 at age 11.
- 9-Frances Capper^{4,5} was born on 3 Nov 1780 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 2 Jul 1781.
- 9-Samuel Capper^{1,5,18,21,23,24,25,26,27,28} was born on 2 Mar 1782 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 29 Aug 1852 in FMH Weston-super-Mare (Collapsed and died at Meeting) at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Apprentice shopkeeper to Joseph Naish 1750-1782 in Congresbury, Somerset.
- He worked as a Linen Draper in Gracechurch Street, London.
- He worked as a Draper in 1810 in Corn Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in Potterne Farm, Devizes, Wiltshire.
- He worked as a Farmer in Potterne Farm, Devizes, Wiltshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1813.
- He had a residence in 1821 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Soapmaker in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Samuel married **Elizabeth Naish**, 1,5,18,21,23,24,26,27,29 daughter of **Joseph Naish**, 1,5,18,26,29,30 and **Betty Wilmott**, 5,29,30 on 2 Feb 1803. Elizabeth was born on 22 Nov 1781 in Congresbury, Somerset and died on 1 Mar 1864 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 82. They had 13 children: **Clement, Catherine, Joseph, Jasper, Ann, Rebecca, Samuel, John, Elizabeth Naish, Martha Gundry, William Smallwood, Sarah, and Thomas Sanders**.

- 10-Clement Capper³¹ was born on 25 Dec 1803 in Corn Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 1 Jan 1804 in Corn Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 10-Catherine Capper^{5,25,32} was born on 25 Jun 1805 in Corn Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 11 May 1878 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 72.

Catherine married **Henry Hunt**, ^{5,25,32} son of **Henry Hunt**, ^{5,25,32} son of **Henry Hunt**, and **Ann Marshall**, ^{5,33,34} on 13 Apr 1830 in FMH Friars, Bristol. Henry was born on 23 May 1806 in Union Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 24 Jul 1881 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 75. They had 13 children: **Henry Jasper, Catherine, Anne Marshall, Henry, Elizabeth, Theodore, Sylvanus, Rebecca, Basil, Nathan, Kenneth, Octavius, and Matilda**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in 1830-1833 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- They had a residence in 1833-1836 in Royal Fort, St. Michael's Hill, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- They had a residence in 1837 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tea Dealer in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
 - 11-Henry Jasper Hunt⁵ was born on 26 Dec 1830 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Jan 1832 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 1.
 - 11-Catherine Hunt⁵ was born on 22 Dec 1831 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Oct 1891 at age 59. The cause of her death was Asthma and Bronchitis. She had no known marriage and no known children.
 - 11-Anne Marshall Hunt⁵ was born on 28 Jan 1833 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Jan 1905 at age 71.
 - 11-**Henry Hunt**⁵ was born on 5 May 1834 in Royal Fort, St. Michael's Hill, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 8 Oct 1883 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 49, and was buried in FBG Friars, Rosemary Street, Bristol.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Poet.
- He was a Quaker until he married-out, when he was presumably dis-owned.

Henry married **Amelia Guiatt**, daughter of **John Guiatt** and **Mary Ann**, on 7 May 1867. Amelia was born on 9 Jun 1850 and was christened on 7 Jul 1850 in St. Philip's & St. Jacob's church, Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had eight children: **Catherine Amelia, Anne Elizabeth, Catherine Amelia, Henry, Jasper Capper, Samuel Capper, Amelia, and Rebecca Mary**.

General Notes: After her husband Henry died, she abandoned her children and went to Australia.

- 12-Catherine Amelia Hunt³¹ was born on 16 Feb 1868 and died on 27 Jun 1869 at age 1.
- 12-Anne Elizabeth Hunt³¹ was born on 18 May 1869, died in 1948 in Berwick, Victoria, Australia at age 79, and was buried in Berwick, Victoria, Australia.

Anne married **Richard Henry Bunt**, ³¹ son of **Richard Bunt**, on 12 May 1896 in FMH Bristol. Richard was born in May 1868, died on 24 Jun 1944 in Berwick, Victoria, Australia at age 76, and was buried in Berwick, Victoria, Australia. They had one daughter: **Catherine Marshall "Kitty"**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They emigrated to Australia, on board the Oroya, bound for Melbourne in 1898.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Newent, Gloucestershire.
- He was a Quaker.
 - 13-Catherine Marshall "Kitty" Bunt was born on 24 Jun 1897 in Newent, Gloucestershire.
- 12-Catherine Amelia Hunt³¹ was born on 8 Aug 1872 and died on 19 Mar 1908 at age 35.
- 12-**Henry Hunt**³¹ was born on 22 Feb 1874.

Henry married Mary Bray on 9 Sep 1897. Mary was born on 8 Apr 1871. They had one daughter: Anne Elizabeth.

- 13-Anne Elizabeth Hunt was born on 7 Dec 1898.
- 12-Jasper Capper Hunt³¹ was born on 22 Jan 1876.
- 12-Samuel Capper Hunt³¹ was born on 26 Mar 1878.
- 12-Amelia Hunt³¹ was born on 23 Nov 1879.
- 12-**Rebecca Mary Hunt**³¹ was born on 24 Aug 1881.
- 11-Elizabeth Hunt⁵ was born on 1 Oct 1835 in Royal Fort, St. Michael's Hill, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1923 at age 88.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Sidcot School.
- 11-**Theodore Hunt**^{5,38,39,40} was born on 3 Oct 1837 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 26 Oct 1926 in 12 Victoria Road, Cotham, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 89, and was buried in FBG Bristol.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He worked as a Leather factor in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He was a Ouaker.

Theodore married **Louisa Bobbett**, ^{5,31,38,39,40} daughter of **John Winter Bobbett** ^{5,20,28,41,42,43} and **Frances Doubting**, ^{5,20,28,41,42,43} on 15 May 1866. Louisa was born on 31 May 1840 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 19 Nov 1883 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 43, and was buried in FBG Bristol. They had seven children: **Theodora Louisa, Mary Ann, Frederick John, Frances Ethel, (No Given Name), Gertrude Emily**, and **Walter Theodore**.

Noted events in her life were:

- · She was a Ouaker.
 - 12-**Theodora Louisa Hunt**⁵ was born on 27 Feb 1867 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
 - 12-Mary Ann Hunt^{5,39} was born on 26 Dec 1868 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 1 Mar 1880 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 11, and was buried in FBG Bristol.

General Notes: Mary Ann Hunt, Bristol, ll¹/₄ 1 3 mo. 1880

Daughter of Theodore and Louisa Hunt.

This dear child was born on the 26th of Twelfth month, 1868. With the exception of childish ailments, her health had been very good up to the time of her last illness, and her life was an unusually bright and happy one. She delighted in open-air amusements; liked working in her little garden, and was always intensely fond of flowers, never coming home from a country

ramble without flowers, ferns, or a few choice ivy-leaves. Her love for dumb animals was frequently noticed, and any cruelty shown to them was a real trouble to her At one time she was not very diligent in her lessons, but latterly she made good progress, taking special interest in history. She early showed a taste for drawing and often said, "I mean to be an artist when I grow lip, and paint beautiful pictures and flowers." An excellent memory was a source of pleasure to her, enabling her to learn readily many passages of Scripture and hymns. During the last summer she greatly enjoyed a visit to Ilfracombe, where she learnt a new hymn from Mr. Spiers, of the "Children's Special Service Mission," who was holding a series of meetings there. It was particularly applicable to her and the surrounding circumstances, commencing, "The world is very beautiful and full of joy to me." Her sweet voice was often heard, trilling out the simple melody, but her friends little realised how soon she was to experience the truth of the concluding lines: -

"Then trials cannot vex me, And pain I need not fear, For when I'm close by Jesus, Grief cannot come too near; Not: even death can harm me, When death I meet one day, For I will follow Jesus All the way," Her happy disposition made her always willing to give way to her companions in their little games, and she was a great favourite with her relations. How far the work of grace had progressed in her soul we cannot say; but we think there is abundant evidence that she had early given her heart to her Saviour, and endeavoured to work for Him, of which the following incidents are illustrations.

When not much more than four years old she spent a few days at the house of an uncle in the country. A member of the household, who was engaged in the distribution of tracts in the neighbourhood, took the child with her when laking a round of visits. Whilst calling on an old woman, the dear child, who fully undertood the object of the visit, put this question to her, "Do you love Jesus?" but did not obtain a satisfactory answer. An impression was howver made, and the little questioner was not forgotten, but eagerly inquired for on subsequent occasions. The old woman, who has now gone to her eternal rest, confessed that this simple question had by the divine blessing, been a means of help to her soul; and her gratitude was evinced by small presents occasionally sent as tokens of remembrance. From the same person we hear that one evening, when putting her to bed, she felt a hot tear fall on her hand, and asked what she was crying for. She replied, "I forgot to ask God to take care of papa and mamma when I knelt down. Will God forgive me?"

When she was about six years old, her parents received a visit of a few days from Robert Douglas, of Indiana, United States. One day he was telling them of his own little girl, who, when eight years old, in one of their meet- ings said, "I love Jesus, and I want you all to love Jesus." This little anecdote made a considerable impression on her, and she said, "That's what I shall do when I am eight years old."

Her devotion to her younger brothers and sisters was very strong. Her parents always felt safe in leaving them in her charge, and she was very patient and laborious in teaching her next brother and sister to learn short texts. With her older sister she spent a good deal of leisure time in printing and colouring appropriate texts on slips of paper. These they would take with them when out for their daily walk, and give them to other j children they met with, or place them about in the hedges, hoping that they might prove a blessing to those who found them. The same was done with small books or tracts, which she was always pleased to purchase with her own pocket-money. A reference will be found further on to this mode of showing love to her Saviour, in the words addressed to her sister, "Don't forget the texts and tracts." It is a source of consolation to remember that her love to Jesus was thus manifested, while at the same time there were failings to be seen. Of these she was also fully conscious, and she thought grace to overcome them. On one occasion not long before her last ilhiess, she exclaimed "Oh, I do try to be good, but it is no use; the more I try the worse I am: sometimes everything seems to go wrong." She was reminded that it was useless to try in her own strength alone; to which she replied, "But indeed I did ask God to help me." She was always very sorry for wrong- doing, and ever ready to ask forgiveness of those around, not being able to sleep until her peace was made.

These evidences of the state of her heart and of her love to Christ, explain the calm beautiful faith wdth which she resigned herself to her Saviour when laid on a bed of suffering. She seemed to have no wish inconsistent with His will; and young as she was, with life opening out before her, she never expressed any desire to recover, unless God had some work for her to do. She had done with earth at once, never doubting that there was a happy home ready for her; but she was evidently anxious that those she loved should follow her there. The dear child attended Bristol Meeting on First day morning, Second month 8th, 1880, apparently in perfect health. In the evening she was engaged, as was so frequently her practice while her parents were away, in showing and explaining picture-books to the little ones, but every now and then spoke to the servant of not feeling well, and went to bed earlier than usual. She continued poorly through the night, and next morning, the pain becoming worse, the medical man who attended the family was sent for, and remedies were applied. As her disease did not yield to the treatment which had been used, a physician was called in on Sixth day, who considered recovery very uncertain, though not absolutely hopeless. This day she seemed to realise how ill she was; but she was perfectly calm, telling her nurse she was "thinking what she had to tell mamma if she should die." The same day she said, "Don't cry, mamma; I'm not afraid to die." After this, she never alluded to death except as "going home," "going there," "being with Jesus," &c. The pain was so continuous and severe that there was little opportunity for conversation or even thinking. One day her father asked if she found comfort in thinking of the Psalms and other passages of Scripture tliat she had committed to memory." No, papa," she replied, "I can't think, for these pains;" but on being asked if Jesus was helping her to bear them, she said, "Oh yes," without any hesitation. Sometimes she would say, "I can't bear it, dear mamma; pray for me." For quite a week she had sleep beyond a few minutes at a time, and the exhaustion was very great, so that only a few words could be spoken at once. In the 17th, the doctor found her in a sinking condition, and prescribed brandy and sal volatile. With great earnestness she exclaimed, "I must not take brandy; you know I'm pledged not." Being assured that it was quite right and necessary, she took it; but seemed uneasy until both her parents had satisfied her that she had not broken her pledge. The physician saw her again that day, after which she asked what the doctors thought of her. Being told that they considered her very ill, she replied, "Yes, but I'm very happy." She was asked if she did not want to Be well, and answered, after a pause, "Yes, if God has any work for me to do for Him." Again, a seeing her mother crying, she said, "Why do you cry Mamma?" The answer was, "Oh, my darling, you have been snch a good little girl, it is hard to give you up; "when she replied solemnly," No, mamma; I'm not good at all." Another day she said, "Mamma, I want to tell you I've been naughty, and done things you never knew." She then mentioned some things, small in themselves, but evidencing a very tender conscience. Being asked if she told Jesus, she said, "Oh, yes, long ago." Once, when in severe pain, she said, "Won't somebody pray for me? I can't; "and at another time, after great suffering_" I hav'n't had my chapter read." She was very solicitous for those around her, saying, "You will get quite worn out," and, "I am sure you must be tired," &c. She bore all with great patience, sometimes saying, "Oh dear, it is hard to bear this pain." When the fever was very high, it greatly soothed her to have her hands and arms well sponged constantly; and one day she said, "Oh, mamma, will there be nice large beautiful baths in heaven? "She was reminded of the "pure river of water of life, clear as crystal, proceeding out of the throne of God and of the Lamb" (Rev. xxii. 1). The last two chapters of Revelation were read very frequently; she evidently loved to think of the "holy city," the "New Jerusalem." At one time, speaking of heaven and the loved ones already there, she said, "I shall know Auntie A., but I can't remember Auntie M. A.; perhaps Jesus will take me to her." So simple, so childlike, so unques-tioning was her trust.

During the last few days reading aloud appeared to soothe her, whilst she lay with closed eyes. Whenever a pause was made, the attendant thinking she was asleep, she would open her eyes and say, "Please go on; " and that she was perfectly conscious of all was evident by her saying to any fresh reader (when such was the case), " That has been read before," and mentioning where the read- ing had been left off. Several of A. L. 0. E.'s books were read through in this way.

On the 24th the terrible pain ceased, and some faint hopes were entertained of her recovery. About this time she said, "I almost think I shall get better." The exhaustion and weakness, however, increased daily, though at times she seemed to rally a little. On the 28th, she took leave of two of her sisters and one brother separately, telling them each to meet her in heaven. To her eldest sister she said on parting, "Don't forget The texts and tracts;" while the last words to her brother were, "Never break your pledge, Freddie." She mentioned some of her little treasures, asking her mother to put clown on paper whom she wished them given to; adding, 'A You must choose something for each of my nurses."

On the morning of First day, the 29th, she was very weak and sinking; but at four o'clock in the afternoon she suddenly exclaimed, "I'm going, mamma; I'm going." "Where, my darling? "To Jesus; Oh! I m so happy, so happy, so happy Being asked why, she replied, "Because I am going to heaven; Jesus has come for me; I'm so happy. The suffering and extreme weakness had previously prevented anything like a smile, but now her face was radiant with joy She went on to say she could hear "the singing;' "We're almost there; "Now we're thereJ Then, shaking her head, she added "No, no quite, but we are very near." Her father return ing from his Bible class soon after the commence ment of this ecstasy, hastened upstairs, as it wa thought she Avould very soon be gone; and on his entering the room she exclaimed, "Come quick papa, I'm going." She held the hand of each of her parents, entreating them, her aunt and the servants, not to go away, or they would not "see her go;" continually breaking into such exclamations as, "Oh, I'm so happy;" "Tell every body to love Jesus;" "Tell the children to love Jesus;" "Oh, I am so happy; we are all going." Her mother, thinking she might be wandering, said "My darling, it is you who are going, not we; "to which she replied, " Yes, we are all going - you in a little while;" in which she meant to include a reference to the two servants, whose Christian character she well knew. Her youngest sister (* Gertrude.) being brought into the room, she said, with a bright sunny smile, "Good-bye, True, sister May is going to Jesus;" and to a baby brother, whom she dearly loved, "Good-bye, Walter, you'll never know sister May." Then with her eyes apparently fixed as on some object far away, she cried, "Oh, I'm so happy; it's lovely." On being asked what she saw, she said "bright," "beautiful," "Jesus," "splendid," drawing her parents close to her, as though anxious that they might see the glory which she was per- mitted to behold. The radiant expression, the clear voice, the beaming yes, all told of perfect happiness. This never-to-be-forgotten time lasted rather more than an hour, and ended by her asking us to sing the hymn, "Safe in the arms of Jesus," in which she joined throughout. She asked for another, when "Rock of Ages" was sung, and she attempted as before to join, but her strength failed long before the conclusion. Her father read, "Yea, though I walk through the valley," &c., and some more texts; then followed "Jesus, lover of my soul," "Around the throne of God in heaven," and "Abide with me," interspersed with several texts. After this the dear child became partly unconscious, but about eight o'clock roused up to say " good-bye " to her doctor, and then gave her mother a last embrace. Entire unconsciousness supervened, until, at a quarter before three on the following morning, her purified spirit was released, to enter into the fulness of that heavenly bliss of which such a glorious foretaste had been permitted her while still with us.

12-Frederick John Hunt^{5,39} was born on 9 Jun 1871 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Frederick married Ada Emily Rust³¹ on 2 Sep 1896. Ada was born on 26 Oct 1866. They had one daughter: Theodora Alice.

- 13-**Theodora Alice Hunt** was born on 4 Jul 1897.
- 12-Frances Ethel Hunt⁵ was born on 4 Jan 1873 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 12-Hunt
- 12-Gertrude Emily Hunt^{5,39,40} was born on 23 Nov 1874 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1893-Jun 1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

Gertrude married **Thomas Petchell Stackhouse**,⁴⁴ son of **Thomas Joseph Foster Petchell Stackhouse**^{44,45} and **Martha Bowden**,^{44,45} on 7 Feb 1911. Thomas was born on 1 Dec 1875 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1957 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He worked as a member of the Friends Ambulance Unit in 1915-1919 in France.
- 12-Walter Theodore Hunt^{5,39} was born on 26 Mar 1878 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Theodore next married Lucy Bessell, daughter of John Bessell and Elizabeth, on 23 Feb 1885. Lucy was born on 22 Mar 1840 and died in 1929 at age 89.

11-**Sylvanus Hunt**⁵ was born on 9 Sep 1839 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 25 Sep 1918 in 45 Filton Avenue, Horfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 79. General Notes: A record has been shown to give his date of death as 1908; this is wrong. He died 25 Sept. 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He worked as a Commercial Traveller, Accountant.
- He worked as a Commission Agent in 1869-1873.
- He worked as a Corn Merchant in 1880-1904.

Sylvanus married **Frances Louise Lockwood**,⁵ daughter of **William Lockwood**⁵ and **Elizabeth Buckmaster**,⁵ on 9 May 1866 in FMH Woodbridge. Frances was born on 9 Jul 1838 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 15 Oct 1924 in 44 Wellington Hill, Horfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 86. They had five children: **Lilian, Ernest Lockwood, Harold Capper, William Cowper**, and **Leonard Philip**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1850-1853.
- She worked as a Teacher. Penketh School in Penketh, Warrington, Cheshire.
- 12-Lilian Hunt⁵ was born on 17 Mar 1867 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1955 at age 88.

Lilian married **Thomas Howard Ferris** on 25 Dec 1898. Thomas was born on 26 Nov 1870 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

12-Ernest Lockwood Hunt⁵ was born on 3 Mar 1869 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 7 Apr 1932 in 5 Eastholme, Letchworth, Hertfordshire at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He worked as a Boot and Shoe dealer in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Ernest married **Alice Eva Morley**, daughter of **Walter Muskett Morley** and **Ellen Mary Lockwood**, in 1904. Alice was born in 1879 in Norwich, Norfolk. They had two children: (**No Given Name**) and (**No Given Name**).

- 13-**Hunt**
- 13-**Hunt**⁵ died in Died in Infancy.
- 12-Harold Capper Hunt⁵ was born on 16 Mar 1871 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Hospital Secretary in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York.

Harold married Jessie Mabel Clements.

- 12-William Cowper Hunt^{5,31} was born on 7 Jul 1873 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 25 Jul 1873.
- 12-Leonard Philip Hunt⁵ was born on 4 Jan 1880 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 11-**Rebecca Hunt**⁵ was born on 16 Apr 1841 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Sep 1902 at age 61.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Sidcot School.
- She worked as a Quaker missionary in Syria.

Rebecca married William Gandoor Zaytoon³⁴ on 16 Jul 1878 in London. (15th Also Given). William was born on 28 Jul 1852. They had three children: Mary Katharine, Henry William, and William Capper.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Beirut, Lebanon.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Missionary.
 - 12-Mary Katharine Zaytoon was born on 27 Apr 1879 and died on 22 Aug 1879.
 - 12-Henry William Zaytoon was born on 9 Jan 1881 and died on 20 Apr 1881.
 - 12-William Capper Zaytoon was born on 2 Dec 1882 and died on 15 Jun 1883.
- 11-Basil Hunt⁵ was born on 20 May 1842 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Aug 1842 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 11-**Nathan Hunt**^{5,31,40} was born on 5 Jun 1843 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 5 Jan 1897 in 329 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, USA at age 53, and was buried on 6 Jan 1897 in Forest Home Cemetery, Chicago, Illinois, USA. The cause of his death was Bright's Disease.

General Notes: Following his wife's death, he entrusted his children to his siblings and went to America

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1852-1857.
- He worked as a Tallow Chandler's Clerk in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Clerk to the Bristol Waterworks in 1865.
- He was a Quaker until he married out, when he was disowned.
- He emigrated to Chicago, Illinois, USA about 1882.

Nathan married **Jane Inch**, ^{5,31,40} daughter of **Thomas Inch** and **Jane**, on 5 Jul 1865 in St. George's, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Jane was born in Bristol, Gloucestershire, was christened on 13 Oct 1839 in St. Augustine's, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 13 May 1880 in Godetia Villa, Gloucester Road, Horfield, Gloucestershire at age 40, and was buried in Horfield Churchyard, Horfield, Gloucestershire. The cause of her death was Pneumonia. They had ten children: **Katharine Janet, Matthew, Mark, Arthur Wallace, Henry Lionel, Elsie Matilda, Frances Beatrice, Sydney Gibbons, William Percival**, and **Margaret Eveline**.

12-Katharine Janet Hunt^{5,31,44} was born on 10 Feb 1866 in 21 Elton Place. Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Jun 1955 at age 89.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Ayton School in 1882-1883.

Katharine married **Samuel Henry Wright**, ^{5,44} son of **Samuel Williams Wright**, and **Alice Eliza(beth) Burtt**, ^{5,31,46,48} on 14 Sep 1892 in FMH Bristol. Samuel was born on 24 Feb 1860 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 20 Mar 1939 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 79. The cause of his death was Parkinson's disease. They had eight children: **Herbert, Winifred Alice, Elsie Louise, Janet Kathleen, Henry Lionel, Lilian, Thomas Burtt**, and **Kenneth Capper**.

General Notes: 1880 - Samuel Henry Wright, apprenticed at Pavement in 1880, aged 19, looks back on his apprenticeship: We considered 28 Pavement to be the finest grocery shop in the city. My bedroom looked across Lady Peckitt's Yard. A big bell hung on the wall outside my room, and it was rung every Saturday morning at fi ve o'clock by old Shean, a veteran warehouseman of seventy years, who had worked for the firm since 'old Mr Joseph's days' i.e. the father of the present head of the Cocoa Works. Shean used to come at that unearthly hour

to light the engine fire and a coke fire for coffee and chicory roasting and I, when youngest apprentice, had to turn out to let him in. Behind the office, which was quite a fair size, was the 'back office' where tea tasting, sugar and fruit sampling and buying was done....On market days Joseph Rowntree used to stand at the Despatch Counter for hours sending porters, errand boys, and van men with parcels and cases to the country carriers' waggons, to the station or to private houses. I can hear him now calling out, 'Two. Bean: to the White Swan by Bean.' Bean was the old carrier, who delivered to some village nearby.'

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He was educated at The Woodlands School in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Seedsman in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire.
- He had a residence in Brighton, East Sussex.
- He worked as an apprentice Grocer to Joseph Rowntree before 1881 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Grocer and seedsman in 1881-1908 in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire.
- He worked as a Grocer in 1908-1931 in 89, Western Road, Brighton, East Sussex.
- · He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- He had a residence in 1931-1938 in Aumitts, Brandsby, Easingwold, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1939 in York, Yorkshire.

13-Herbert Wright³¹ was born on 18 Mar 1894 and died in 1967 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1919.
- He worked as a Grocer.

Herbert married **Evelyn Farrer**,³¹ daughter of **Joseph Farrer**⁴⁹ and **Helen Southall**, in 1923. Evelyn was born in 1894 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1958 at age 64. They had two children: **Margaret Isobel** and **Martin Farrer**.

14-Margaret Isobel Wright

Margaret married **Kenneth C. Morley**³¹ in 1949. Kenneth was born in 1927 and died in 2014 at age 87. They had two children: **Linda Jean** and **Peter Kenneth**.

15-Linda Jean Morley

Linda married Keith Rice.

Linda next married Paul Jauncey. They had two children: Simon Paul and Daniel Nicholas Ryan.

- 16-Simon Paul Jauncey
- 16-Daniel Nicholas Ryan Jauncey

15-Peter Kenneth Morley

Peter married Lani Kahn. They had two children: Michael Stephen and David Kenneth.

- 16-Michael Stephen Morley
- **16-David Kenneth Morley**

14-Martin Farrer Wright³¹ was born on 1 Dec 1930 and died in 1972 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 42.

13-Winifred Alice Wright³¹ was born on 2 Jan 1896 and died on 10 Sep 1983 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an Art teacher.

13-Elsie Louise Wright³¹ was born on 9 Dec 1897 and died on 29 Jun 1970 at age 72.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Domestic Science teacher.

Elsie married Sidney Gibbon. They had two children: Alan Wilfred and Janet Winifred.

14-Alan Wilfred Gibbon

Alan married June Hind. They had three children: Steven, John, and Beryl "Beth".

15-Steven Gibbon

Steven married Juliet Haynes. They had two children: Nicolas James and Jennifer Sarah.

16-Nicolas James Gibbon

16-Jennifer Sarah Gibbon

15-John Gibbon

John married Marjorie. They had three children: Katherine, Sarah, and Rachel.

- 16-Katherine Gibbon
- 16-Sarah Gibbon
- 16-Rachel Gibbon

15-Beryl "Beth" Gibbon

Beryl married Julian Wellbank. They had two children: Anna Claire and Sam.

16-Anna Claire Wellbank

16-Sam Wellbank

14-Janet Winifred Gibbon

Janet married Walter Schönbeck. They had four children: Barbara, Hilary, Andrew, and Martin.

15-Barbara Schönbeck

Barbara married Ross Corder Wallis, son of Edward Oscar Wallis⁵⁰ and Annette Christine Catchpool.

Barbara next married Simon Dicketts.

15-Hilary Schönbeck

15-Andrew Schönbeck

Andrew married **Dawn Smales**. They had one daughter: **Jessica**.

16-Jessica Schönbeck

15-Martin Schönbeck

13-**Janet Kathleen Wright**^{11,31,44,51,52,53,54} was born on 14 Apr 1899 in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire and died on 19 Feb 1963 in York, Yorkshire at age 63. Another name for Janet was J. Kathleen Wright.

General Notes: Only a headmaster's wife is likely to know what it is like to be the wife of a headmaster. Undoubtedly she counts for much more than she knows. Kathleen Gray matched Donald exactly in those qualities of complete genuineness and absence of all pretention or pomposity which were the essence of his leadership. If Kathleen was quiet she was never negative. With her, a family life had to go along with the school life touching it at the fringe and elsewhere-the young hungry family with all the rest of us at breakfast every day, and her own home; one thinks of it rather as quarters; a part of the school; invaded by us all at one time or another. Though as headmaster's wife she was constantly a cement between the domestic side, the parents and the School, yet her family seemed always the real nucleus. She could always fling off gaily any sense of her own importance to the School and would love to think ahead of a long weekend off, setting out on Friday night by car, in Scotland by Saturday morning and heading West. 'Just leave it all' she would say. The cottage at Brandsby must also have been precious to her though the time she spent in it was often so short; but it was a chance to get Donald away from School for a time and have the family together in a proper domestic setting where she could indulge a taste for cottage wallpaper. She loved the country and a bit of gardening, and in her delightful amateurish way she went in for a little livestock now and again. One remembers the bees and how regularly they swarmed on hot Sunday afternoons in the garden of 49-the hats, the veils, the ladders, the stirrup pumps, and how poor Kathleen suffered. Then there was the hen that only laid when the school was bombed and later two vast pet geese keeping the grass down at Clifton. Looking back one sees what momentum her life gathered. Having launched her family she turned her hand to all manner of tasks, not all equally congenial: Committee work stoically born, teaching polio children, teaching at Askham Open Prison and at The Retreat, and what must be numberless acts of rescue unknown to most of us. Despite the acuteness of what she suffered she leaves only the memory of a patient smiling person, purposeful as though in accord with some hidden code which quite naturally ruled her life. Without pretending or forcing she enjoyed a great many things and all along could find things to laugh at, in herself and others. Despite what she must have experienced of sadness and bewilderment and upheaval and illness she remained perfectly in tune. There must be some people who never know a 'good' person. Kathleen was one. It was her natural way of living to put good into the world, to redeem unpromising situations quite modestly and without sentimentality; and those of us who knew her must have felt the warmth and steadiness of this. AUSTIN WRIGHT. GRAY.— On 19th February, 1963, at York, Janet Kathleen Gray, wife of the late Donald Gray, aged 63 years.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Froebel Institute qualified teacher in Polam Hall, Darlington, County Durham.
- She worked as a Teacher. The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Teacher, Sidcot School in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.

Janet married **Donald Gray**, 11,44,51,52,53,55,56,57,58,59 son of **Dr. Albert Alexander Gray**, 11,44,60 and **Mabel Henderson**, in 1927. Donald was born in 1893 in Blackburn, Lancashire and died on 2 Aug 1943 in York, Yorkshire at age 50. They had three children: **John Henderson**, **David Burtt**, and **Roger Woodville**.

General Notes: GRAY, Donald MA. Born 5 May 1893; s of late Albert A. Gray, MD, Glasgow, and Mabel Henderson; m 1st, Esther S. Henderson (d 1922); 2nd, J. Kathleen Wright; three s; died 2 Aug. 1943

Headmaster Bootham School, York, since 1927

EDUCATION Glasgow Academy; Bootham School, York; Glasgow University; Merton College, Oxford

ADDRESS Bootham School, York

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DONALD GRAY (1906-09) is at Malta on the Intelligence Staff of the British Commander-in-Chief in the Mediterranean. "The work is plentiful, or rather was so, and very fascinating, but I am glad to say that I think it is now a thing of the past. It all depends on what Foch says to the plenipots at Guise to-morrow." D. G. has met G. Rowland Dobrashian (1905-07) and Cedric Holmes (1907-08), and has hopes of being back at Bootham for Charades. *Bootham magazine - December 1918*

DONALD GRAY (1906-09) has joined the Bootham staff. He was still at Merton College, Oxford, when the war broke out, whereupon he at once joined the F.A.U., and held important positions under Philip Baker both in France and with the Italian Unit. Finally, he accepted a commission in the Naval Intelligence, and was on the staff of the British Commander-in-Chief in the Mediterranean at Malta. His subjects are History and Modern Languages. Like all the Grays he is a fine football player. *Bootham magazine - April 1919*

All who knew Donald Gray, whether boys, Old Scholars or masters, will always think of him as the friend and companion. So, too, will countless others who came into touch with him.

Surely there never was a more approachable headmaster I No one in perplexity seeking advice, no one in trouble or in sorrow ever found so ready or patient a listener. When you entered his room you were greeted with an instant welcome, as though this was the interview for which he had been longing. Nor was it merely sound advice you would gain, for D. G. was a man whose generous sympathies took shape in action. No one will ever know the number of these kindly, often unobtrusive, acts of one who was quick to discern a need, and instantly alive to meet it. The helping hand obeyed the loving heart at once. His first act in the F.A.U. was to dive into the sea to rescue a man; his last illness overtook him in the midst of organising a lifeboat flag-day. Donald's chief subject was Geography, but here again his outlook was his own, envisaging a world of millions of his fellow-men who, though sundered by barriers of mountain, ocean and desert, by race and class and colour, yet in the all-embracing love of God could be united in brotherhood. In keeping with this was his keenness to learn more and teach more about America and the Americans, his enthusiasm for Lincoln and the great utterance, "It is for us, the living, to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced." In the same spirit he would sometimes repeat at Clifford Street those words spoken by Camilla in Meredith's "Vittoria

" Our life is but a little holding, lent To do a mighty labour: we arc one

With heaven and the stars when it is spent

To serve God's aim: else die we with the sun." B. S.

We remember Donald Gray as our leader and friend, modest, courageous and courteous. He belonged to Bootham, and he embodied all that was best in its tradition. And in loyalty to him, all of us—boys and masters—came to belong to Bootham, and Bootham became a family, a society of friends. His was a vital buoyant personality, fearless in danger, prompt in emergency, happy in action. His friends tell each other stories of his personal bravery, but never a word would be tell himself, and generations of boys know nothing of his record in the Great War. But we can speak of his fearlessness during the blitz, of his care for those at "The Lodge"; he would not take cover. He revelled in emergencies: the sudden and swift removal to Ampleforth was almost a picnic with Donald planning for us and busy with us. Happy in action, himself, he was happier still to see boys showing zest and vigour—in the workshop on a busy winter evening, in csmp with Bootham or York boys, in a hard-fought football match. And with what enthusiasm did he play the game himself, determined that the School should get that winning goal even if he had to come from full-back to get it! For him Geography was the moving colourful pageant of human activity, a rich and diverse pattern of human achievement. His Geography became History, Art and Literature. His spirit especially thrilled to American history, to the story of the evermoving frontier, of the continent of opportunity. There was in him the spirit of Jefferson and of Lincoln, the love of the little man and a passion for right and justice. It was fitting that such a lover of men should possess the gift of friendship; indeed he possessed it in a rare and excellent measure. He was most at home with the Staff in the Common Room: probably no headmaster was so unfeignedly welcome among his colleagues or spent so much time with them, knit with them in a sincere mutual affection. Donald, indeed, solved the problem of combining leadership with liberty. His unfailing courtesy was one secret of this friendliness. His relations with everyone—boys, masters, house-staff—were so sincere and so naturally humble that he evoked from all a response of loyalty and love. Yet his loyalty was ever the stronger, because he was the most unselfish of us all. It was his lot to be Head of Bootham at a time of rapidly changing standards, when the future of the residential Public School was in doubt, when many men thought such schools should have no place in a democratic country. No one hated privilege more than Donald; it was his wish that Bootham should be open to all, regardless of the income of their parents, and he made a notable contribution to that end. He did not care about the future of the Public School, but rather of the boarding school, and of the independent Christian school in particular. He knew that England needed public-spirited Christian citizens, and he longed that Bootham should inspire such citizens. And in these war years he was particularly anxious to set up a Service Unit in which older boys could be thoroughly trained for the work of reconstruction, and that the Unit should be such as could be carried over into peace time as part of a scheme of national service. None of us will forget his ministry at Clifford Street, or in the Library. His words were simple and dignified, his diction was beautiful. Underlying all was his moral sincerity. Yet his life exemplified his speech, and his Christianity was always practical. His unconquerable spirit lives in the lives of those who lived with him; it will endure in the continuing life of the School. And we, his colleagues, are men greatly blessed in that we worked with him and were his friends. L. H. G.

From the Headmaster of Ampleforth College

We will always look back with pleasure to the year when, from September, 1939, to July, 1940, Bootham were at Ampleforth in our Junior House building. During the arrangements for the move, and still more during the School year which followed, we happily saw a great deal of Donald Gray; and the impression which his lovable character made upon us will be remembered for a long time by the Ampleforth community. What 1 came to appreciate most vividly in Donald Gray was his serenity of mind and his continual thoughtfulness for others. In transplanting a school with individual traditions so closely bound up with its own buildings and environment there were inevitably many trials and discomforts to be overcome. But one who saw him daily tells me that he can never remember seeing him ruffled or put out. He always seemed so genuinely grateful for any of the small things we could do to help. In his humility he did not realise what a pleasure it was to help such a man, or how much his own personality contributed to make it a pleasure. Donald Gray was a man who saw good wherever he looked. He had, it seemed to me, a great respect for human personality. Each man was for him an individual; and it never seemed to occur to him to interfere or to try to impose his own views and ideas upon those he met. One got the impression that he respected those he dealt with as individuals. And yet this forbearance did not prevent him from inspiring others. His enthusiasm for the beauties of nature and of art, especially music, and still more, his example of self-effacing thoughtfulness, must have been an inspiration to the generations of boys who came under his guidance. And not only to those, for his good work seemed to extend far beyond his immediate sphere as a school-master, and his interests reached out to many good causes. He will be missed by many, and by none so sincerely as by the many friends he made at Ampleforth, who count it as a privilege to have known him.

From G. M. Trevelvan, O.M., Master of Trinity College, Cambridge

During the last war Donald Gray was the youthful Adjutant of the First British Ambulance Unit for Italy, of which I was Commandant. Efficient, active, cheerful, friendly, impetuous, he had all the best characteristics of youth. And whenever in later years I met the Headmaster at Bootham he seemed still to retain all the delightful qualities of youth, without the deficiencies. And now we must say of him: "He

will not grow old, as we that are left grow old."

Part of an Address given by Roger Clark at the Memorial Meeting at the Friends' House on August 10th, 1943

As a member of the York Schools' Committee at the time of Donald Gray's appointment as Headmaster, as a parent grateful to him for his care of boys whom he taught, as a not infrequent visitor at York during the years since, his life and career have naturally been of the greatest interest to me, and it is difficult to express the shock and grief which, in common with many others, I felt on hearing the news of his death soon after reaching London last Wednesday.

An intimate friend of his said to me, in speaking of the tragedy, "There isn't a single redeeming feature about it"— and, of course, there isn't. But still we are met here to-day to think gratefully of his life— so soon cut short,— of the sweetness of his nature and the integrity of his character, of the quality of his service to Bootham School and to Friends' education generally; and in so meeting we are drawn closely together.

I have one very special picture of him in my memory, of arriving at Ampleforth to a meeting on the Whit-Sunday of the year that Bootham was there; it was the day of the great sweep of hysterical internment of German and Austrian refugees over the age of sixteen, and one promising German boy, who should have gone in for his examination, had just been carried off by the police. We came upon Donald, standing in the drive, so obviously anxious, perturbed, distressed, we could sense his relation to boys in his care; we knew it, indeed, in the case of our own boys.

He has gone from us, at fifty, in the plenitude of his gifts and powers. He will not grow old, as we shall grow old— as we have grown old, but we shall retain for years to come the vision of that slim boyish figure, of that smile of radiant and welcoming friendship: to us he will be of those written of by the poet—

" Who die in their glory

And never grow old."

Gray.— On 2nd August, at York, Donald Gray (1906-09, Master at Bootham 1920-27, and Headmaster since 1927), aged 50 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Glasgow Academy.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1906-1909 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1915 in Flanders, Belgium.
- He worked as a member of the Intelligence Staff the British Commander-in-Chief, Mediterranean in 1916-1918 in Malta.
- He was educated at Merton College, Oxford in 1919-1920.
- He worked as a Teacher, Bootham School in 1920-1927 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Bootham School, York in 1927-1943.

14-John Henderson Gray

John married **Janet Mary Wilson**, 61,62,63,64,65 daughter of **William John Wilson** and **Olive Crawley**, on 7 Aug 1954 in St. Botolph's Church, Aspley Guise, Bedfordshire. Janet was born in 1931 in Woburn Sands, Buckinghamshire and died on 21 May 2013 at age 82. They had three children: **Adrian Christopher**, **Patrick John**, and **Bridget Kathleen**.

15-Adrian Christopher Gray

Adrian married Eileen C. Gale. They had two children: Christopher Michael and Elisabeth Ann.

16-Christopher Michael Gray

16-Elisabeth Ann Gray

15-Dr. Patrick John Gray

Patrick married Catherine Rosemary Green. They had three children: Duncan James, Simon Oliver, and Jack A.

16-**Dr. Duncan James Gray**

16-Simon Oliver Gray

16-Jack A. Gray

15-Bridget Kathleen Gray

Bridget married **Dominic Henry Schneiders**.

14-**David Burtt Gray**^{31,52,61,66,67,68,69,70} was born on 10 Oct 1931 in York, Yorkshire and died on 9 Jan 2015 at age 83.

General Notes: GRAY.-On 10th October, to Kathleen and Donald Gray (1906-09), a son, who was named David Burtt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1944-1950 in York, Yorkshire.

David married Anna Margaret Ward. They had four children: Peter Jeremy, Alison Clare, Katherine Judith, and John David.

15-Peter Jeremy Gray

Peter married **Sue Parkinson**. They had two children: **Benjamin Jacob** and **Emily**.

16-Benjamin Jacob Gray

16-Emily Gray

15-Alison Clare Gray

15-Katherine Judith Gray

15-John David Gray

14-Roger Woodville Gray^{31,53,61,71,72,73} was born on 30 Aug 1934 in York, Yorkshire.

General Notes: GRAY.-On August 30th, to Kathleen and Donald Gray (1906-9), a son, who was named Roger Woodville.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1947-1952 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1964 in P.O. Box 523, Kisii, Kenya.

Roger married Johanna Elizabeth Ursula Margaret Ehrhardt. They had three children: Ruth Esther, Colin Donald, and Duncan Edward.

15-Ruth Esther Gray

15-Maj. Colin Donald Gray

Colin married Gail Jane Monroe. They had three children: Jack Duncan, Oliver James, and Alexander Edward.

16-Jack Duncan Gray

16-Oliver James Gray

16-Alexander Edward Gray

15-**Duncan Edward Gray**^{61,73} was born on 12 Mar 1966 in Nairobi, Kenya and died in 1992 at age 26.

General Notes: GRAY.-On 12th March, 1966, to Margarete (Ehrhardt) and Roger W. Gray (1947-52), a second son, Duncan Edward.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1978-1983 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Nottingham, Loughborough.
- He was educated at Cranfield College.
- He worked as an Assistant Estate Manager.
- He worked as a Manager, General Farming Company in Lilongwe, Malawi.

13-Henry Lionel Wright³¹ was born on 22 Mar 1902 and died on 5 Feb 1984 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Saffron Walden.
- He was educated at Agricultural College.
- He worked as a Farmer.

Henry married **Dorothy Kate Emson**³¹ on 28 Jul 1932. Dorothy was born on 24 Feb 1902 and died on 31 Oct 1994 at age 92. They had two children: **Heather Emson** and **Stephen**.

14-Heather Emson Wright

Heather married Michael John Randall. They had two children: Catherine Judith and Emma Charlotte.

15-Catherine Judith Randall

Catherine married **David Graham**. They had two children: **Dorothy Hannah** and **Mary Jemima**.

16-Dorothy Hannah Graham

16-Mary Jemima Graham

15-Emma Charlotte Randall

Emma married Matthew Richard Anwyl. They had two children: Benjmain Luke and Oliver James.

16-Benjmain Luke Anwyl

16-Oliver James Anwyl

14-Stephen Wright

Stephen married Susan Adsett.

Stephen next married Kathleen Johnson. They had three children: Jason Ewan, Trevor, and Theresa-Marie.

15-Jason Ewan Wright

15-Trevor Wright

15-Theresa-Marie Wright

13-Lilian Wright³¹ was born on 28 Apr 1904 and died on 6 May 1905 at age 1. The cause of her death was Whooping cough & Measles.

13-**Thomas Burtt Wright**^{31,44,61} was born on 5 May 1907 in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire and died in 1993 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1919-1923 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1923-1925 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Brighton Technical College in 1926-1929 in Brighton, East Sussex.
- He worked as an Experimental Chemist with Rowntrees Cocoa Works in York, Yorkshire.
- He resided at 1 Mill Lane in 1935 in York, Yorkshire.

Thomas married Kathleen Arnett. They had one daughter: Jane Louise.

14-Jane Louise Wright

Jane married Richard Kirkham.

Jane next married **Richard Szwejkowski**. They had two children: **David** and **Eoin**.

15-David Szwejkowski

15-Eoin Szwejkowski

13-Kenneth Capper Wright³¹ was born on 23 Aug 1909 in 89, Western Road, Brighton, East Sussex and died on 6 Oct 2006 at age 97.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as an Advertising company director.

Kenneth married Madeline Mary Johnson. They had two children: Anne Janet and Caroline Mary.

14-Anne Janet Wright

Anne married **David Egglestone**. They had two children: **Stephen David** and **Juliet**.

15-Stephen David Egglestone

Stephen married Connie Coechal.

15-Juliet Egglestone

Juliet married Randal May.

14-Caroline Mary Wright

Caroline married Fergus Ramsey.

Caroline next married **David Hunt**. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth**.

15-Elizabeth Hunt

Kenneth next married **Jill Westmoreland**,³¹ daughter of **Joshua "Jock" Westmoreland** and **Florence Marie Sinden**,³¹ on 22 Apr 1952 in Wandsworth, London. Jill was born on 16 Mar 1931 in Rangoon, Burma and died on 11 Jan 2006 at age 74. They had one son: **Paul Vernon**.

14-Paul Vernon Wright

Paul married Janet Myatt. They had two children: James Paul and Edward.

15-James Paul Wright

15-Edward Wright

- 12-Matthew Hunt was born in 1867 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1867 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 12-Mark Hunt was born in 1867 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1867 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 12-Arthur Wallace Hunt was born on 12 Mar 1868 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 30 Mar 1890 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 22. The cause of his death was Tuberculosis.
- 12-**Henry Lionel Hunt** was born on 28 Mar 1870 in 11, Belmont Terrace, Lower Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 May 1940 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Apprentice Homeopathic pharmacist to Edmund Capper in Bath, Somerset.
- He worked as a Homeopathic Pharmacist in 107 London Street, Reading, Berkshire.
- He had a residence in 104 London Street, Reading, Berkshire.
- He had a residence in 1908 in Chiswick, London.
- He worked as a Homeopathic Pharmacist in 1910 in Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada.

Henry married **Clara Andrews** on 15 Apr 1902 in Holy Trinity Church, Coalbrookdale, Shropshire. Clara was born in Coalbrookdale, Shropshire and died in 1971. They had two children: **Eric Capper** and **Lionel "Leo" Andrews**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They emigrated to Alberta, Canada in Oct 1909.
- They had a residence in Nov 1909 in Edmonton, Alberta, Canada.
- They had a residence in 1917 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.
 - 13-Eric Capper Hunt was born in Mar 1903 in 104 London Street, Reading, Berkshire and died in 1961 at age 58.

Eric married Gertrude Emily Norris. They had one daughter: Lorraine.

14-Lorraine Hunt

13-Lionel "Leo" Andrews Hunt³¹ was born in Nov 1904 in 104 London Street, Reading, Berkshire and died in 1966 at age 62.

Lionel married someone. He had two children: Claire and Mary.

14-Claire Hunt

Claire married Alexander. They had one daughter: Sharon.

15-Sharon Alexander

Sharon married Campbell. They had one daughter: Shelby.

16-Shelby Campbell

14-Mary Hunt

Mary married Ross Reid. They had one son: Jeffrey.

15-Jeffrey Reid

12-Elsie Matilda Hunt was born on 13 Nov 1871 in 12 Shadwell Road, Horfield, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Missionary with the FFMA in 1904 in Chunking, China.

Elsie married John Stenhouse. They had four children: John, Helen, Nicol, and Beatrice.

13-John Stenhouse was born on 22 Jan 1909.

John married Louise Chandless.

13-Helen Stenhouse was born on 11 Apr 1909 and died in 1993 at age 84.

Helen married **Rev. Thomas Vernon Garnier**, son of **Rev. Canon Thomas Parry Garnier** and **Hon. Louisa Warren Vernon**, on 30 Aug 1930. Thomas was born on 18 Jul 1875 and died in 1939 at age 64. They had three children: **Anne, Thomas Stenhouse**, and **John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He was educated at Winchester in 1889-1894.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Military Chaplain.
- He worked as a Rector of Colkirk in 1930-1939 in Colkirk, Norfolk.
 - 14-Anne Garnier was born on 13 Jun 1931 and died on 27 Jan 2004 at age 72.

Anne married **Robert Pollak** in 1953. Robert died on 30 Jul 2004 in Bampton, Oxfordshire. They had three children: **Joanna, Emma**, and **Harriet**.

- 15-Joanna Pollak
- 15-Emma Pollak
- 15-Harriet Pollak

Anne next married **Maj. Benjamin Alexander Frederick Hervey-Bathurst** in 1992. Benjamin was born on 27 Mar 1920 and died on 18 Oct 1997 at age 77.

14-Thomas Stenhouse Garnier

Thomas married **Heather Colquhoun Grant**. They had one son: **Edward**.

15-Edward Garnier

14-Rear-Admiral Sir John Garnier

John married Joanna Jane Cadbury, daughter of Alan Cadbury and Janet Mary M. Walker. They had three children: Thomas Julian, (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 15-Thomas Julian Garnier
- 15-Garnier
- 15-Garnier
- 13-Nicol Stenhouse was born on 14 Feb 1911.

Nicol married someone. He had one son: Nicol.

- 14-Nicol Stenhouse
- 13-Beatrice Stenhouse was born on 11 Jan 1913.
- 12-Frances Beatrice Hunt³¹ was born on 2 Sep 1873 in 12 Shadwell Road, Horfield, Gloucestershire and died in 1958 at age 85.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

Frances married Fred Pane.

12-Sydney Gibbons Hunt was born on 11 Dec 1874 in Woodbine Cottage, Ashley Down, Horfield, Gloucestershire and died in 1944 at age 70.

Sydney married Florence Moon. They had three children: Gladstone Eileen, Isambard Capper, and Russell Watson.

- 13-Gladstone Eileen Hunt³¹ was born in 1907 and died in 1983 at age 76.
- 13-Isambard Capper Hunt
- 13-Russell Watson Hunt died in 1980.

Russell married Hilda. They had two children: Kenneth and Alan.

- 14-Kenneth Hunt
- 14-Alan Hunt
- 12-William Percival Hunt³¹ was born on 22 Jul 1876 in Woodbine Cottage, Ashley Down, Horfield, Gloucestershire and died in 1958 at age 82.

William married Florence Kate German. They had four children: Kingsley, Barbara Eveline, Percival Kenneth, and Hazel Florence Patricia.

- 13-Kingsley Hunt was born in 1907 and died in 1927 at age 20.
- 13-Barbara Eveline Hunt³¹ was born in 1908.

Barbara married Leonard Mealand. They had one son: David.

14-David Mealand

David married **Prue**. They had two children: **Jane** and **Anne**.

15-Jane Mealand

Jane married **Hale**. They had one daughter: **Ann**.

16-Ann Hale

15-Anne Mealand

Anne married **Palumbo**. They had one son: **Marco**.

16-Marco Palumbo

13-Percival Kenneth Hunt³¹ was born in 1909.

Percival married Margaret Box. They had one son: Peter.

14-Peter Hunt

13-Hazel Florence Patricia Hunt was born in 1911.

Hazel married Leslie Howe. They had one daughter: Mary.

14-Mary Howe

12-Margaret Eveline Hunt⁴⁰ was born on 30 Sep 1878 in Woodbine Cottage, Ashley Down, Horfield, Gloucestershire and died on 20 Jun 1938 at age 59.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1894 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was She was not a Quaker at the time she was admitted to The Mount School.
- 11-**Kenneth Hunt**⁵ was born on 4 Feb 1846 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1918 at age 72.
- 11-Octavius Hunt⁵ was born on 12 Nov 1847 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 4 Aug 1915 in Harrogate, Yorkshire. (4 Aug 1908 also given) at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1859-1864.
- He worked as a Merchant's Clerk in 1877 in 16 St. James Square, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Founder of Octavius Hunt & Co., Match Manufacturers in 1880 in Dove Lane, Redfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Octavius married **Harriet Lydia Lockwood**, daughter of **William Lockwood**⁵ and **Elizabeth Buckmaster**,⁵ on 12 Dec 1877 in FMH Woodbridge. Harriet was born on 12 May 1849 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 8 Feb 1912 in Long Ashton, Somerset at age 62. They had three children: **Agnes Lockwood, Mabel Catherine**, and **Violet**.

12-Agnes Lockwood Hunt was born on 23 Jan 1879 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 24 Apr 1940 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 61.

Agnes married Fergus Ferguson Clarke.

12-Mabel Catherine Hunt was born on 2 May 1882 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She emigrated to New Zealand about 1914.
- She had a residence in Wellington, New Zealand.

Mabel married **John Critchley**. They had two children: **Octavius Hunt** and **Violet Hunt**.

13-Dr. Octavius Hunt Critchley was born on 6 Jun 1914 in New Zealand and died on 27 Feb 1998 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physicist and Engineer.

Octavius married Peggy Hall. They had three children: Julian Arthur John Hall, Hilary O. D., and Lester A. H.

14-Prof. Julian Arthur John Hall Critchley⁷⁴ was born on 4 Aug 1950 in Beckenham, Kent and died on 13 Jul 2001 at age 50.

General Notes: Julian Arthur John Hall Critchley

b.4 Aug 1950 d.13 July 2001

BSc Edin(1971) PhD(1976) MB ChB(1977) MRCP(1979) FRCP Edin (1991) FRCP(1994)

Julian Arthur John Hall Critchley, professor of clinical pharmacology at the Chinese University of Hong Kong, died tragically following a road accident. He was born in Beckenham, Kent. His father, Dr Octavius Hunt Critchley, was a physicist and engineer, and a consultant in nuclear safety. His mother Peggy Critchley was a maths teacher. His sister, Hilary, went on to become a senior lecturer and consultant obstetrician and gynaecologist at Edinburgh University and the Royal Infirmary. His brother, Lester, is an anaesthetist at the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He was educated at Latymer Upper School in Hammersmith, London, and went on to study medicine at Edinburgh

Following house appointments, he was appointed lecturer and honorary registrar at the department of therapeutics and clinical pharmacology at Edinburgh Royal Infirmary in 1979. He became an honorary senior registrar there in 1983.

In 1989 Julian Critchley emigrated to Hong Kong, and took up an appointment as reader and chairman of the clinical pharmacology department at the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He also held the appointment of consultant physician and clinical pharmacologist at the Prince of Wales Hospital in Hong Kong.

He became increasingly aware of the growing epidemic of diabetes, hypertension, and obesity in Hong Kong, and played a key role in the establishment of the Hong Kong Foundation for Research and Development in Diabetes. He established links with many overseas institutions, including mainland China. He was an honorary professor of clinical pharmacology at the Chinese People's Liberation Army General Hospital (301 Hospital).

He married Christine Parry West, a consultant obstetrician and gynaecologist, in 1979. They had two sons and a daughter. The Chinese University of Hong Kong will be establishing an endowment fund for diabetes research in his honour.

Sarah Jane Gillam

[References: *Proc.R. Coll. Physicians. Edinb*, 2001:31:369, *Brit. med. J.*, 2002, 324, 430] (Volume XI, page 132)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BSc PhD MB ChB MRCP FRCP.
- He emigrated to Hong Kong in 1989.
- He worked as a Professor of Clinical Pharmacology at the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Julian married Dr. Christine Parry West. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 15-Critchley
- 15-Critchley
- 15-Critchley
- 14-Prof. Hilary O. D. Critchley
- 14-Prof. Lester A. H. Critchley
- 13-Violet Hunt Critchley
- 12-Violet Hunt was born on 2 Sep 1886 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 11-Matilda Hunt was born on 19 Mar 1849 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 30 Mar 1907 at age 58.

10-Joseph Capper^{23,28,31} was born on 23 Mar 1807 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Dec 1844 in Queen's Square, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 37.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Druggist in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Joseph married **Sarah Anne Dancer Jones**, ^{23,31} daughter of **Isaac Jones** and **Sarah**, on 16 Dec 1833. Sarah was born on 16 Dec 1811 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, was christened on 12 Jan 1812 in St. Paul's, Bristol, Gloucestershire, and died on 9 Aug 1842 at age 30. They had three children: **Mary Eliza, Joseph Bevan**, and **Sarah Elizabeth**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Worcester, Worcestershire.
 - 11-Mary Eliza Capper^{5,23,37,75} was born on 30 Dec 1834 in Stokes Croft, North Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 Aug 1860 in Kingsdown Parade, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 25.

Mary married **James Grace**, 5,23,37,75,76 son of **James Grace** 5,23,77,78,79,80 and **Ellen Thirnbeck**, 5,23,77,78,79 on 30 Aug 1859 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. James was born on 11 Nov 1833 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Oct 1908 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 74. They had no children.

General Notes: Founder of Grace & Co. Accountants

James Grace, 74 9 IOmo. 1908 Weston-super-Mare. An Elder. James Grace late of the firm of James and Henry Grace, Accountants, of Bristol, was one of those quiet, unobtrusive, sterling characters to whom, perhaps quite unconsciously to itself, the Society of Friends owes much. He faithfully filled the office of Elder for many years; and not a few members of Bristol Meeting will remember his tender dealings with them, and his loving counsel and advice. As a regular attender at Monthly and Quarterly Meetings, his ripe experience often brought to bear on business matters, was highly valued; and in various ways, probably to a large extent unnoticed by those among whom he moved, he did much useful work for the Society. In private life his help was frequently sought by those in difficulty, who found in him a kind and sympathetic adviser, always ready to devote time and care and thought to the assistance of others. A most conscientious and thorough man of business himself, his office, where young men were really taught how to work, was an excellent training school; and he was, at the same time, regarded by his subordinates not merely with respect but with affection. After long residence in Bristol, he retired from business in 1901 and settled in Weston- super-Mare, where, soon after returning from the Yearly Meeting in Birmingham, he was taken ill; and where, after much suffering, borne with characteristic fortitude and patience, he passed peacefully away.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant. Grace & Co. In Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Ouaker Elder.
- Miscellaneous: Did James Re-Marry :??????.
- 11-Joseph Bevan Capper³¹ was born on 10 Jun 1836 in Stokes Croft, North Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in Aug 1837 at age 1.
- 11-Sarah Elizabeth Capper^{75,81} was born on 16 Dec 1841 in Stokes Croft, North Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 25 Dec 1891 at age 50.

10-Jasper Capper^{5,12,39,82,83,84,85,86} was born on 1 Mar 1809 in West Town, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Mar 1880 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 71.

- He worked as a Commercial Traveller in 1835 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- He worked as a Metal Refiner in Bootle, Liverpool.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.
- He worked as a Metal refiner in 1846-1850 in Burnley, Lancashire.
- He worked as a Metal refiner in 1850-1853 in Manchester.
- He worked as an Accountant in 1853-1857 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.
- He was a Quaker but disowned in 1866 in Hardshaw West MM.

• He worked as a Blacking manufacturer before 1880 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.

Jasper married **Jane Fryer Gilpin**, 5,12,82,83,84,85,86 daughter of **James Gilpin** 5,33,87,88,89 and **Mary Sturge**, 5,33,89 on 27 Feb 1835. Jane was born on 18 Dec 1811 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Aug 1873 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 61. They had nine children: **James, Jasper, Mary Anne, Samuel James, Matilda Jane, John, Katharine, Thomas**, and **Elizabeth Jane**.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.
 - 11-James Capper³¹ was born on 8 Feb 1836 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Feb 1836 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
 - 11-**Jasper Capper**^{79,86} was born on 13 Feb 1837 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 May 1866 in Hastings, Sussex at age 29.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.

Jasper married **Margaret Waterhouse**, daughter of **Octavius Waterhouse**^{5,90,91} and **Elizabeth Crosfield**,^{5,90} on 23 Aug 1862. Margaret was born on 16 Oct 1839 and died in 1908 at age 69. They had two children: **Elizabeth Ada** and **Edith**.

- 12-Elizabeth Ada Capper was born on 8 Jan 1864 in (7Th Also Given) and died on 20 Apr 1864.
- 12-**Edith Capper**⁷⁹ was born on 3 Oct 1865 in Hastings, Sussex and died on 4 May 1866 in Hastings, Sussex (5th also given).
- 11-Mary Anne Capper^{31,40,86} was born on 16 Apr 1838 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. (16 Nov also given) and died on 1 Apr 1883 at age 44.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.
- She was a Quaker.

Mary married **George William Johnson**^{31,40} on 25 Nov 1868. George was born on 2 Mar 1840 and died on 16 Jan 1880 at age 39. They had four children: **Daisy Elizabeth, Violet Helen Sophia, Lionel**, and **Ethel Sturge**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
 - 12-Daisy Elizabeth Johnson³¹ was born on 3 Nov 1870 in Aughton, Ormskirk, Lancashire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1887-Feb 1888 in York, Yorkshire.

Daisy married **Frederick Bowen Burtt**,³¹ son of **John Bowen Burtt**^{5,92,93} and **Ann Bevington Brown**,^{5,92} on 25 Aug 1898 in North Bierley, Yorkshire. Frederick was born on 2 Mar 1864 in Kettering, Northamptonshire. They had one daughter: **Doris Katharine**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Printer in Hull, Yorkshire.

- 13-**Doris Katharine Burtt** was born on 29 May 1899 in Sculcoates, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire.
- 12-Violet Helen Sophia Johnson was born on 11 May 1872 in Aughton, Ormskirk, Lancashire and died on 8 Jun 1878 at age 6.
- 12-**Dr. Lionel Capper-Johnson**^{31,44,94,95} was born on 10 Aug 1874 in Aughton, Ormskirk, Lancashire, died on 1 Mar 1954 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 79, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire. Another name for Lionel was Lionel Capper-Johnson.

General Notes: CAPPER-JOHNSON.-On 1st March, 1954, at his home at Bournemouth, Lionel Capper-Johnson (1889-91), aged 79 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1889-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician in general practice in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Lionel married **Mary Caroline Menzies**^{94,95} on 27 Jul 1897 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Mary was born on 3 Jul 1874, died on 18 Mar 1939 at age 64, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire. They had three children: **Karlin Menzies, Dorothy Gladys**, and **Olive Mary**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

They were Quakers.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: She was a cousin to Mary Katherine Rowntree (née Harvey).
 - 13-**Prof. Karlin Menzies Capper-Johnson**⁹⁴ was born on 26 Jun 1903 in Kentmere, Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 26 Feb 1988 in Multnomah, Oregon, USA at age 84. General Notes: JOHNSON.-On the 26th June, 1903, at Kentmere, Roundhay, Leeds, Caroline, wife of Lionel Capper Johnson, (1889-91), a son.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Christian pacifist.
- He worked as a Professor of International Affairs, Lewis & Clark College in Portland, Oregon, USA.

Karlin married Sybil Curtis Selby Green in 1928 in St. Pancras, London. Sybil was born in 1901 in Norwich, Norfolk and died in 1961 in Dartford, Kent at age 60.

Karlin next married Maria. Maria was born on 26 Jun 1903 and died on 26 Feb 1908 in Multnomah, Oregon, USA at age 4.

- 13-Dorothy Gladys Capper-Johnson was born on 1 Apr 1904 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died in 1975 in Dorset at age 71, and was buried on 23 Jan 1975 in Haselbury Bryan, Dorset.
- 13-Olive Mary Capper-Johnson⁹⁵ was born on 15 Sep 1905 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died in Jul 1994 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 88, and was buried in FBG Kendal.

General Notes: JOHNSON.-On the 15th September, 1905, at Leeds, Caroline, wife of Lionel Capper Johnson (1889-91), a daughter.

12-**Ethel Sturge Johnson**^{31,40} was born on 26 Dec 1877 in Aughton, Ormskirk, Lancashire.

- She was educated at Ackworth School.
- She was educated at The Mount School in Jul 1895-Jan 1904 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.
- 11-Samuel James Capper^{5,19,86,96,97} was born on 7 Jun 1840 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 8 Apr 1904 in Weimar, Saxony, Germany at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in London.
- He had a residence in 1904 in Villa Concordia, Lilienfeldstrasse, Libau, Kurland, Russia.
- Miscellaneous: Place of death.

Samuel married **Helen Pitt**, 5,19,31,97 daughter of **Isaac Pitt** and **Caroline Long**, 5 on 28 Feb 1866. Helen was born on 8 Oct 1841 and died on 20 May 1870 in New Brighton, Liverpool at age 28. They had three children: **Caroline Jane, Jasper**, and (**No Given Name**).

- 12-Caroline Jane Capper⁹⁷ was born on 16 Dec 1866 and died on 28 Feb 1869 in Claughton, Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 2.
- 12-Jasper Capper³¹ was born on 14 Nov 1868 and died on 30 Jun 1869.
- 12-Capper died in Died in Infancy.

Samuel next married **Elizabeth Hunter Healey**³¹ on 30 Jan 1873. Elizabeth was born on 19 Jan 1842 and died on 17 Nov 1886 at age 44. They had three children: **Helen Mosley, Olive Elizabeth**, and **Jasper Healey Bewiss**.

- 12-**Helen Mosley Capper**³¹ was born on 11 Mar 1874.
- 12-Olive Elizabeth Capper^{11,31} was born on 30 Oct 1876 and died in 1967 at age 91.

Olive married **Sir Edmund Henry Gilpin**, 11,87 son of **Edmund Octavius Gilpin**, and **Margaret Ann Binns**, 5,76,87 in 1901. Edmund was born on 4 Feb 1876 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 24 Jul 1950 in London at age 74. They had two children: (**No Given Name**) and **Anthony Capper**.

General Notes: **GILPIN, Sir Harry** (**Edmund Henry**) Kt 1949

Born 4 Feb. 1876; s of Edmund and Margaret Ann Gilpin; m 1901, Olive Elizabeth Capper; two s; died 24 July 1950

Commander, Order of the Crown of Italy, 1920; Director, Baker Perkins Ltd, since 1912

Education Friends' School, Ackworth

Career Contested Finsbury (L.), 1922; Chairman Liberal Party National Executive, 1943–46. Chairman Industrial Co-partnership Assoc., 1946–; Member Board of Trade Advisory Council on Export Credits, 1931–

Recreations Reading, snooker

Clubs Reform, National Liberal, Omar Khayyam

Address Kentmere House, Castor, Peterborough

Castor 269

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Bakery Machinery Manufacturer. Baker-Perkins in Willesden.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Liberal Party 1943-1946.
 - 13-Gilpin
 - 13-Anthony Capper Gilpin^{98,99,100,101,102} was born on 2 Jan 1913 in Golders Green, London and died on 15 Sep 2006 at age 93.

General Notes: Anthony Capper (Tony) Gilpin 2 i 1913 - 15 ix 2006 Some years before his death, Tony Gilpin wrote a memoir entitled "In pursuit of peace" and there can be no better epitaph to describe his extraordinarily full and adventurous life. Tony Gilpin was born in Golders Green, London, both parents being Quakers. His mother took children's classes at Golders Green Meeting. His father left school at 15 and was determined that both Tony and his brother should have a full and proper education. Tony was sent to Bootham ("rather than the

Quaker Eton, Leighton Park", as he records) and from there went to Cambridge. At Bootham, indicating something of the initiative he was to show in later life, Tony made frequent visits to the out-of-bounds local cinemas, pretending he was taking photographs of steam trains in York Station. Whilst at Bootham he also organised a Quaker sweepstake. The "horses" were regular speakers at meeting and the "course" was the length of time that the Friends spoke. Money would be gathered before Meeting and dispersed to the most accurate forecaster. He attended many meetings for worship but remembers very little of what was said. One exception was from a disturbed Friend from The Retreat, the mental hospital in York, who opened her ministry with "oh for a bubbling up, oh for a bubbling up, oh for a bubbling up (pause) of raspberry jam, jam, jam, jam, jam, jam, jam, jam bubbling up, oh for a bubbling up, oh for a bubbling up (pause) of raspberry jam, jam, jam, jam, jam, jam bubbling up, oh for a bubbling up, o director, Baker Perkins, and perhaps because of this Tony studied economics. He was taught by John Maynard Keynes and learnt an important lesson - that all established wisdom is open to question; he observed eminent, scholarly and well-informed professors in profound disagreement. Attending Quaker meetings whilst at Cambridge confronted him with the need to think deeply about the peace testimony. Thereafter, his commitment to non-violence did not waver, although often challenged, in his later work in Africa with the military. After a year in Germany to increase his knowledge of the language and culture, he joined his father's firm as assistant secretary, but never really took to the work. As the war approached it became increasingly obvious that the firm would be involved in some way with the production of armaments. He became active in the Peace Pledge Union and helping Jewish and political refugees from Germany and Czechoslovakia. His commitment to this work led him to leave Baker Perkins (and a job where he would have been exempt from military service) and work in Paris with Spanish refugees who had gone there during the civil war in Spain. After the Germans seized Paris in 1940 he drove a bus of about 30 Basque children from Paris to Bordeaux as part of the flood of refugees. This was the second time these children's lives had been disrupted, yet despite occasional crying and wailing he felt their acceptance of their fate was truly remarkable and was something he never forgot. It was a factor which impelled him later towards a career with the United Nations, where he felt lay the best chance of avoiding some of the terrible things he had witnessed in Paris. He managed to escape from France and continued working with refugees in London. It was at this time that he met Eirene Douglas who came from an Irish Quaker family, and worked with him at the International Commission for War Refugees. They married in the Small Meeting House at Friends House on 19th April 1941. Two nights before, the building had been damaged by a bomb and he and Eirene learnt that they had been sitting directly under windows that were hanging precariously "by a few threads". He said later in a typically laconic way, "Fortunately the quiet of a Quaker Meeting did not set up physical vibrations sufficient to dislodge them". Meanwhile he had to appear before a tribunal: obtaining unconditional exemption from military service enabled him to work where he wished. He felt led to learn more about post-war reconstruction and joined a research organisation "Political and Economic Planning". This was a gruelling time; academic papers on Britain's post-war trade had to be produced for discussion with senior civil servants, and at the same time his pacifist and humanitarian beliefs led him to be active in the Famine Relief Committee which was attempting to persuade the British Government to lift the blockade on food in Germanoccupied territories. He also was addressing meetings all over the country, attempting to gain support for this cause. When the United Nations (UN) was formed in 1946 he joined it, feeling that his concern for peace would best be forwarded in this way. His experience as a member of the Society's Peace Committee helped to cement his resolve to pursue his concern for peace. Both Eirene and he knew that working for the United Nations would involve considerable sacrifices on both their parts, with periods of separation from each other and their children and frequent moves to different parts of the world. One of the children later said of Eirene, "You enabled him to fulfil his destiny". The memoir referred to at the beginning of the testimony makes many references to Eirene and his four children and his family life - vitally important in sustaining his witness in the world. He relates both amusing and serious incidents: just one is included here. It is a conversation overheard by Eirene and himself between their children. Sylvia: All people are sheep, and the only shepherds are God, Jesus and the Holy Ghost. Jean: Yes, all peoples is sheep - even Americans. Felicity: And are all animals sheeps? Jean: Yes, mouses is sheep and cats and dogs and everything is sheeps. Felicity (closing the subject): And sheeps are sheep. Tony Gilpin spent the rest of his working life in the service of the UN, always retaining Quaker links and attending Quaker meetings in many different parts of the world. He initially was involved in early international trade agreements, firstly in New York, later in Havana, China, Asia and the Far East. When in New York he had contact with Sidney and Brenda Bailey when they were wardens of Quaker House New York. Sometimes critical of the UN, describing their efforts as heavyhanded, he became increasingly respected for his sensitive but firm approach. His main contribution was in Africa, particularly in the Congo where the UN sent a peace-keeping force after the withdrawal of the Belgians, where he undertook three spells of duty in the early 60s, and later for 10 years he was the UN representative for their development programme in Southern Africa, and in the 80s he was also chairperson of the Quaker South Africa Committee and member of Quaker Peace and Service (QP&S) Central Committee. During the course of his service Tony met many interesting people, from prime ministers and presidents to ordinary working people of all kinds. He came across huge variations of views and disparate interests, often finding it extraordinarily complex to achieve any effective agreements. He occasionally would find himself in situations of personal danger with the possibility of being kidnapped or injured. He lived in situations sometimes of extreme hardship, sometimes of untold luxury. At various times in his career, his task was to edit the reports of specialist agencies, another task that required much diplomacy and it was not uncommon for him to have to explain tactfully to the author that what he had written was "totally meaningless". Sometimes this diplomacy was needed when undertaking ecumenical activities, e.g. when at a Baptist service there was a hearty rendering of the hymn "When the Son of God goes forth to war". In the treatment of his colleagues he was not always so tactful. He was made angry by administrative muddle and inequity. One letter was returned to him by a Friend who said, "I do not wish to have such unQuakerly language in my files". At times he felt defeated, reflecting that the vastness of the problems sometimes made them feel unreal. Nevertheless his faith in humanity and belief in the inner light never prevented him from sensing an overflowing store of idealism and goodwill in those striving for a better world. Tony left the employ of the United Nations in 1977. He undertook various assignments for the UN and QP&S including a Peace Mission to Zimbabwe in 1980 with Adam Curle and Walter Martin, as well as being active in the local meeting in Hampstead. His life became constrained after a major stroke and the death of his beloved Eirene in 1985. Nevertheless his benign and loving presence continued to be felt in Hampstead Meeting. Tony Gilpin will be remembered for his imposing presence (he was over 6'4"), his intellectual rigour and his faithful adherence to his Quaker beliefs. A person who could find social conversation difficult, particularly with reserved people, Tony Gilpin exemplified the Society's commitment to that which takes away the occasion for war. Signed in and on behalf of North West London Area Meetingheld at Edgware 14 May 2008Rod Harper, Clerk

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1923-1926 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire,
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1930 in York, Yorkshire.

- He was educated at Tübingen University in 1930-1931 in Würtemberg.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge in 1931-1934.
- He worked as an Assisant Secretary at Baker, Perkins.
- He worked as a member of staff for the United Nations.

Anthony married **Eirene Claire Douglas**, ^{98,99,100,101,102} daughter of **Sinton Douglas** and **Anne Elizabeth Chapman**, on 19 Apr 1941 in FMH Friends' House, London. Eirene died in 1985. They had four children: **Sylvia Margaret**, **Felicity Eve**, **Jean Elizabeth**, and **Mark Edmund Michael**.

Marriage Notes: Gilpin-Douglas.-On 19th April, at Friends House, London, Antony Capper Gilpin (1926-30), to Eirene Claire Douglas.

- 14-Sylvia Margaret Gilpin
- 14-Felicity Eve Gilpin
- 14-Jean Elizabeth Gilpin
- 14-Mark Edmund Michael Gilpin
- 12-Jasper Healey Bewiss Capper was born on 17 Aug 1880 and died on 18 Jun 1882 at age 1.

Samuel next married **Baroness Isabella Henriette Von Behr-Nolde**, daughter of **Baron Ferdinand Von Behr-Nolde**¹⁰³ and **Olga Isabella Horrocks**,. ¹⁰³ Isabella was born on 15 Jan 1881 in Kaleti, (Kalleten), Latvia.

General Notes: The Baroness was a descendant, through her mother (Olga Isabella Horrocks), of the Quaker Horrocks family of Edgworth, Lancashire. When her husband Samuel James Capper died, she became the second wife of Arthur Winsloe (1849-1928), whose family had taken up residence in Germany in the 19th century. Her maternal grandfather, John Horrocks, was born 3rd January 1794 in Preston and died 28th December 1870 in London. His marriage to Mary Scott MacIntosh, (1 October 1813), produced several children, of whom, the eldest son John, (abt 1815-abt 1870), took German residence and by his second marriage (abt 1847), to Isabella Sweirlein, became father to Olga Isabella, who married Der Bar. Frederick von Behr-Nolde. This pedigree is outlined in Sir Bernard Burke's *Genealogical & Heraldic History of the Colonial Gentry* (1895), Volume II, p735.

11-Matilda Jane Capper^{85,86} was born in 1842 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 4 Oct 1913 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 71.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.
- 11-**John Capper**^{31,86} was born on 3 Jul 1845 in Bootle, Liverpool and died on 2 Aug 1890 at age 45.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.

John married **Emma Hand**,³¹ daughter of **Stephen Hand** and **Mary Greaves**, on 8 Jun 1873 in (4th May 1873 also given). Emma was born on 3 Oct 1844, was christened on 24 Oct 1844 in St. Peter's, Liverpool, Lancashire, and died on 31 Dec 1881 at age 37. They had four children: **Emma Constance**, **Jane Hilda**, **Jasper Stephen**, and **Mary Frances**.

12-Emma Constance Capper³¹ was born on 27 Apr 1874 in Litherland, Liverpool.

Emma married William Arthur Marrison³¹ on 30 Apr 1894 in West Derby, Liverpool. William was born on 31 Aug 1866 in Waterloo, Liverpool. They had four children: **Jasper William**, **Charles Capper**, **Eric John**, and **Ruth Frances**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 1911 in Mont le Grand, Heavitree, Exeter, Devon.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fruit merchant and Drysalter, trading as Whiteley Marrison & Co. In 25 Cumberland Street, Liverpool.
 - 13-Jasper William Marrison³¹ was born on 14 May 1896.

Jasper married someone. He had one son: Richard.

- 14-Richard Marrison died on 25 Feb 2005.
- 13-Charles Capper Marrison³¹ was born on 7 Nov 1897 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire and died in Jan 1985 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1911 in Mont le Grand, Heavitree, Exeter, Devon.
- 13-Eric John Marrison was born in 1899 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire.
- 13-Ruth Frances Marrison was born in 1904 in Barton Regis, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Ruth married Frederick John Parkin. They had one son: Hugh Capper.

- 14-**Hugh Capper Parkin**¹⁰⁴ was born in 1935 and died on 21 Jun 2018 at age 83.
- 12-Jane Hilda Capper³¹ was born on 3 Oct 1875 in West Derby, Liverpool.
- 12-Jasper Stephen Capper 12,31 was born on 9 Apr 1877 in West Derby, Liverpool and died in 1945 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Jasper married someone. He had one son: Noel John.

13-Wing Cmdr. Noel John Capper¹² was born on 25 Dec 1907 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1985 at age 78.

General Notes: Wing Commander Noel John Capper had a long career in aviation. He first flew solo in 1929 with the RAF and served until 1934. He flew as an airline pilot with Hillman's Airways and Imperial Airways before joining Scottish Aviation, returning to them after 5 years war service as a Chief Flying Instructor at various European Flight Training schools. He became Flight Manager and Chief Test Pilot of Scottish Aviation and in 1947, he flew the maiden flight of the Scottish Aviation Pioneer Mk1. This was the first wholly designed and built aircraft in Scotland to be accepted into RAF service.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AFC OBE.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Air Force.
- He worked as a Pilot for Hillman's Airways.
- He worked as a Pilot for Imperial Airways.
- He worked as a Chief Flying Instructor at European Flight Training schools.
- He worked as a Flight Manager and Chief Test Pilot for Scottish Aviation.
- He resided at West View in Bardsey, Leeds, Yorkshire.

Noel married Helen Ruth Turner.

12-Mary Frances Capper was born on 16 Apr 1881 in West Derby, Liverpool and died on 26 Apr 1889 at age 8.

11-Katharine Capper⁸⁴ was born in 1849 in Burnley, Lancashire, died on 28 Jan 1889 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 40, and was buried on 31 Jan 1889 in FBG Adel, Leeds.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: She went to live with her uncle and aunt, 1880, Leeds, Yorkshire.
- 11-Hon. Thomas Capper 12,31,105 was born on 15 Oct 1853 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 15 Aug 1917 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Superintendent Inspector of Schools in Jamaica, West Indies.
- He resided at Cassia Grove in Kingston, Jamaica.
- He worked as a Commissioner of Education in Jamaica, West Indies.

Thomas married Alice Jane Whitfield, ^{12,31} daughter of William Whitfield, on 29 Aug 1881. Alice was born on 6 Mar 1855. They had two children: **Dorothy Whitfield** and **Ruth**.

12-Dorothy Whitfield Capper¹² was born on 19 Dec 1882 and died in 1936 at age 54.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Girton College, Cambridge in 1904.

Dorothy married Lieut. Col. Samuel Henry Hingley. They had one son: Anthony Capper Moore.

13-Anthony Capper Moore Hingley was born on 28 Nov 1908 and died in 1983 in Taunton Deane, Somerset at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Assistant Secretary to the Secretariat on 28 Nov 1947 in Kenya.
- He worked as an Establishment Officer to the Secretariat on 1 Jan 1948 in Kenya.
- Miscellaneous: Transferred to Nyasaland, 21 Jan 1949.

Anthony married **Ruth Andrews**, daughter of **Charles Percy Andrews** and **Gladys Augusta Perowne**, on 8 Nov 1947 in Colombo, Sri Lanka. Ruth was born on 2 Nov 1918. They had three children: (**No Given Name**), (**No Given Name**), and (**No Given Name**).

- 14-Hingley
- 14-Hingley
- 14-Hingley
- 12-**Ruth Capper**¹² was born on 13 Oct 1885 in Jamaica, West Indies.
- 11-Elizabeth Jane Capper⁸³ was born in 1858 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 17 Jan 1872 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 14.
- 10-Ann Capper^{5,21,26} was born on 10 Oct 1810 in Nursteed, Bishop's Cannings, Wiltshire and died on 21 Jan 1874 in Clevedon, Somerset at age 63.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Superintendent of Sidcot school 1847 To 1852 in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister in 1847.
- Miscellaneous: 1852.

Ann married **John Frank**, 5,26,106,107,108 son of **Arnee Frank** 5,26,80,106,108,109,110 and **Hannah Benwell**, 5,26,80,106,108,109 on 9 Aug 1838 in FMH Friars, Bristol. John was born on 9 Sep 1809 in

Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 15 Apr 1900 in Clevedon, Somerset at age 90. They had no children.

General Notes: John Frank, 91 15 4mo. 1900 Clevedon. A Minister. John Frank was the son of Arnee and Hannah Frank, both of them ministers in the Society of Friends, and was born at Upper Easton, Bristol. His death removes a Friend who in past years took a considerable part in the affairs of the Society. It was his lot to outlive almost all his contemporaries, so that the active portion of his life belongs to a past generation; but forty years ago or more he was very well known in Bristol and the west of England, while his connection with the various Friends' Schools brought him into contact with a very wide circle. During part of his earlier life he carried on a chemist's business in Bristol, and he always retained a lively interest in natural science; but his studious and scholarly tastes found their most congenial sphere in the teaching profession, in which he was engaged, first at Tottenham, and afterwards as proprietor of a school at Thornbury, near Bristol, where he remained ten years. In 1847 he relinquished this to take the post of Superintendent of Sidcot School. He did not hold this position very long owing to his wife's indisposition, and in 1852 returned to Bristol, where he continued to reside until his removal to Clevedon in 1873. It was during this period that for twelve years he held the editorship of The Friend. The extreme reserve of John Frank's temperament caused his natural abilities to be much less generally known than they might have been; but he was a man of varied powers, and of extensive and accurate knowledge, which it was a delight to him to impart to others who sought his assistance. To the love of natural science he added considerable ability as a linguist, and he was a good classical scholar; but Biblical and Theological subjects were what he most delighted in, and he was a good deal occupied at times with literary work. His mind was characterised by great precision and love of order. Those most acquainted with his daily life knew best how earnest was his desire to do the will of his Heavenly Father. He was a most diligent tract distributor, always carrying a packet in his pocket to hand to those he met in his walks. It was not until somewhat late in life that John Frank felt called to engage much in the public ministry of the Gospel, but he has long been much valued in the meeting at Clevedon. Until within the last few years he frequently attended the small meeting at Portishead, about six miles from his home, walking the whole distance both ways. He had a very humble opinion of his own attainments, both mental and spiritual; but those who knew him best could not but observe his great conscientiousness, and his simple but firm trust in the love and mercy of God through his Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Writing respecting one who was laid on a bed of sickness, he said, "At such a time the feelings and trangressions of a whole life are sure to come vividly before the view of every awakened soul. The feeling of utter unworthiness which is felt in the retrospect is graciously given and permitted, in order that, renouncing all dependence in our own doings, we may put our whole trust for salvation in the loving mercy of God in Jesus Christ, a mercy only bounded by our willingness to accept it. "Him that cometh unto Me I will in no wise cast out," is an assurance or promise of our Lord, which should suffice to prevent despondency in all who are willing to trust His word and throw themselves on His mercy. Hymns were a great pleasure to John Frank with these his mind was richly stored, and he often committed them to memory in advanced life; and he sometimes liked to embody his own ideas of Scripture truth in verse, as in the following: - "This Do in Remembrance of Me."

When we take our meat and drink, Let us of His mercy think, Who, that we lost sheep might live, Did Himself, the Shepherd, give.

Let the guiltless creature slain For our meals, His word proclaim, As your spirit's life and food, Eat My flesh, and drink My blood.

Let the daily broken bread Call to memory how He said, "Bread, the true bread out of Heaven, By my Father here is given."

Let the water that we take Thoughts of His blest word awake, " Of the water I shall pour, He that drinks shall thirst no more."

Saviour, thus would we fulfil, Joyfully, Thy loving will; "Thus, from ritual bondage free, Eat and drink remembering Thee."

John Frank's bodily powers decreased rather rapidly during the last two years of his life, but his mental faculties were clear and bright to the end. He often spoke of death, and thought the call might come to him suddenly, which proved to be the case. He attended the mid-week meeting within ten days of his decease; and although he was unable to express much during his last illness, we can rejoicingly believe that for him, through the saving grace of his Lord and Saviour, an entrance has been granted into that "city that hath no need of the sun to lighten it, for the Lord God and the Lamb are the light thereof."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot school.
- He worked as a Chemist and Druggist in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence about 1839 in Thornbury, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Schoolteacher 1839 To 1847 in Thornbury, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Superintendent of Sidcot school 1847 To 1852 in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.
- He had a residence in 1852 in Gloucester Street, Brunswick Square, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as an Editor of "The Friend" 1859 To 1871.
- He had a residence in 1873 in Clevedon, Somerset.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

10-**Rebecca Capper**^{1,21,26} was born on 16 Jun 1812 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 11 Jul 1837 at age 25.

Rebecca married **Edward Kidd**, son of **Edward Kidd**, and **Mary Briant**, and **Mary Briant**, on 20 Jun 1834. Edward was born on 9 Jan 1808 in Godalming, Surrey, died on 17 Mar 1838 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 30, and was buried on 23 Mar 1838. They had three children: **Mary Elizabeth, Katharine**, and **Rebecca Anne**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant and Shipbuilder in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
 - 11-Mary Elizabeth Kidd¹ was born on 29 Jul 1835 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
 - 11-**Katharine Kidd**¹ was born on 9 Aug 1836 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 26 Mar 1838 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 1, and was buried on 1 Apr 1838.
 - 11-**Rebecca Anne Kidd**¹ was born on 3 Jul 1837 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 29 Mar 1838 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, and was buried on 1 Apr 1838.
- 10-Samuel Capper^{21,29,112} was born on 8 Aug 1814 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 6 Jun 1886 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 71.

Samuel married **Octavia Gundry**, 5,21,29 daughter of **Joseph Fry Gundry** and **Martha Naish**, 5,28,29,113 on 22 Jun 1858. Octavia was born on 13 Feb 1816 in Calne, Wiltshire and died on 6 Nov 1885 at age 69.

10-**John Capper**²¹ was born on 30 Jun 1816 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 6 Mar 1841 at age 24.

10-Elizabeth Naish Capper^{21,31} was born on 24 Apr 1818 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 20 Jan 1907 at age 88.

General Notes: Elizabeth Naish Capper RET 6/19/1/34 1892-1965 These documents are held at York University, Borthwick Institute for Archives 3 Items Contents: Notebook containing a copy, made by her in 1892, of an extensive letter written by her for her friend in 1878, with a critique of the care given to her by Retreat; with a later typescript transcript and bundle of correspondence and notes, 1960s (Notebook was given to The Retreat in 1965 by her descendent) Patient no. 1279, in Retreat 1876 (discharged). Age 59 on admission, Quaker, single, no occupation, from Clifton. Melancholia

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York.
- She had a residence in 13 Cowper Road, Redlands, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- Miscellaneous: Elizabeth Naish Capper's Record Cards, 1899.
- 10-Martha Gundry Capper^{1,21,26,35} was born on 15 Dec 1819 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 27 Jun 1863 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 43.

Martha married **Richard Kidd**, ^{1,26,35} son of **Edward Kidd** ^{1,80,111} and **Mary Briant**, ^{1,111} on 13 Mar 1849. Richard was born on 6 May 1811 in Godalming, Surrey and died on 6 Apr 1897 at age 85. They had five children: **Edward**, **Elizabeth**, **Samuel Capper**, **Martha**, and **Alice Rebecca**.

11-**Edward Kidd**¹ was born on 24 Jan 1850 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 2 Jan 1923 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 72.

Edward married **Jane Filer**¹ on 25 Jan 1881. Jane was born on 6 Sep 1851 and died on 1 Mar 1917 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 65. They had four children: **Charles Edward, Richard Compton, Alice Muriel**, and **May Isabel**.

12-Charles Edward Kidd¹ was born on 23 Nov 1881.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Iron and Steel merchant in 1933 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in 1933 in The Down House, Portishead, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Charles married Mary Sarah Scarlett Stutchbury. They had three children: Anthony Stutchbury, Mary Elizabeth, and Edward Hilary.

- 13-Anthony Stutchbury Kidd¹ was born on 30 Nov 1912.
- 13-Mary Elizabeth Kidd¹ was born on 1 Jan 1917.
- 13-Edward Hilary Kidd¹ was born on 12 Feb 1920.
- 12-Richard Compton Kidd¹ was born on 26 Jun 1885 and died in May 1928 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 42. He had no known marriage and no known children.
- 12-Alice Muriel Kidd¹ was born on 29 Nov 1889 and died in May 1926 at age 36.

Alice married **H. W. C. Culverwell**. They had one daughter: **Margaret Jean**.

- 13-Margaret Jean Culverwell¹ was born on 28 Jul 1916.
- 12-May Isabel Kidd¹ was born on 5 Dec 1891.

May married **Ernest Dennis**. They had no children.

- 11-Elizabeth Kidd¹ was born on 4 Mar 1851 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in Nov 1922 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 71. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 11-Samuel Capper Kidd¹ was born on 30 Mar 1852 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 29 Jan 1866 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 13.
- 11-Martha Kidd¹ was born on 28 Nov 1853 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in Aug 1920 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 66. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 11-Alice Rebecca Kidd¹ was born on 17 May 1858 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 28 Feb 1932 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire at age 73.

Alice married **Charles Ernest Naish**, son of **Arthur John Naish**, and **Margaret Prideaux Paull**, son of 10 Sep 1879. Charles was born on 12 Oct 1853. They had eight children: **Samuel Capper, John Paull, Christofer Garrison, Mary Prideaux, Richard Bryant, Rhoda Elizabeth, Frances Waring**, and **Martha Katherine**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist with Southall Brothers & Barclay in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1933 in Potterne, Wiltshire.
 - 12-Samuel Capper Naish¹ was born on 28 Dec 1881 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

- He worked as a Commercial traveller in 1933.
- He had a residence in 1933 in 3 Constance Road, Birmingham.

Samuel married Ada Hines. They had three children: Esther Elizabeth, Peter Christopher David, and Ruth Mercy.

- 13-Esther Elizabeth Naish¹ was born in 1908 and died in 1913 at age 5.
- 13-Peter Christopher David Naish¹ was born in 1913.
- 13-Ruth Mercy Naish¹ was born in 1920.
- 12-**Dr. John Paull Naish** was born on 24 Feb 1883 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Apr 1964 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at King Edward's High School, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Pemberley, Beech Road, Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Chief Oriental Reader, University Press, Oxford.

John married Jessie Evelyn Hall, daughter of Arthur Hall. They had one son: Theodore.

- 13-Theodore Naish
- 12-Christofer Garrison Naish¹ was born on 6 Apr 1885 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Schoolmaster with the Friends' Serrvice Council in 1933 in Syria.

Christofer married **Edith Amy Aitchison**¹ in 1916. Edith died in 1929. They had three children: **Stephen, Laurence**, and **Geoffrey**.

- 13-Stephen Naish¹ was born in 1917.
- 13-Laurence Naish
- 13-Geoffrey Naish

Christofer next married Gladys Tebbutt.

12-Mary Prideaux Naish^{1,114} was born on 17 Mar 1888 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1933 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 12-**Richard Bryant Naish**¹ was born on 1 Feb 1891 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Civil Servant in 1933 in Columbo, Sri Lanka.

Richard married Jane Ross Murray. They had two children: Audrey Cameron and Hester.

- 13-Audrey Cameron Naish
- 13-Hester Naish
- 12-**Rhoda Elizabeth Naish** was born on 2 Sep 1893 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jan 1895 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 1.

12-Frances Waring Naish¹ was born on 30 Mar 1896 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1912-Jul 1913 in York, Yorkshire.
- She had a residence in 1933 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- 12-Martha Katherine Naish¹ was born in 1900.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1933 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.

10-William Smallwood Capper²³ was born on 8 Mar 1822 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Aug 1915 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 93.

William married **Sarah Mercy Grace**,²³ daughter of **James Grace**^{5,23,77,78,79,80} and **Ellen Thirnbeck**,^{5,23,77,78,79} on 9 Sep 1851 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Sarah was born on 23 Apr 1830 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-Sarah Capper³¹ was born on 15 Apr 1824 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 15 Apr 1824.

10-**Thomas Sanders Capper**^{5,18,24,26} was born on 23 Aug 1825 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 7 Aug 1852 in Cotham, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 26.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commission Agent in Wilson Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Thomas married **Caroline Merryweather**,^{5,18,24} daughter of **John Merryweather**^{5,18,24} and **Mildred King Good**,¹⁸ on 16 Aug 1849 in FMH Calne. Caroline was born on 4 Nov 1820, died on 12 Dec 1851 in Highland Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 31, and was buried on 19 Dec 1851.

9-**Rebecca Capper**^{1,16,17,111} was born on 11 May 1783 in Gracechurch Street, London, died on 9 Nov 1817 in Swansea, Glamorgan, Wales at age 34, and was buried on 13 Nov 1817 in FBG Tottenham.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an A Quaker Minister.

Rebecca married **Paul Bevan**, ^{17,26,111} son of **Silvanus Bevan** and **Mary Fox**, ^{17,111} on 24 Oct 1804. Paul was born on 30 Aug 1783 in Swansea, Glamorgan, Wales, died on 12 Jun 1868 in Tottenham, London at age 84, and was buried in FBG Tottenham. They had six children: **Mary, Joseph, Sylvanus, Edward, William**, and **Samuel**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Coal Trader.

10-Mary Bevan^{1,9,17,26} was born on 25 Oct 1805 in Enfield and died on 7 Nov 1880 at age 75.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1810-1814 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married **Alfred Waterhouse**, 1,9,17,26 son of **Nicholas Waterhouse**, and **Ann Rogers**, 5,26 on 16 Jul 1829 in FMH Tottenham. Alfred was born on 15 Jun 1798 in Liverpool and died on 27 Dec 1873 in White Knight's Park, Reading, Berkshire at age 75. They had eight children: **Alfred, Ellen, Maria, Katherine, Theodore, William, Edwin**, and **Sylvanus Bevan**.

- He worked as a Cotton Broker of Liverpool & then Bristol.
- He had a residence in 1849 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

- He had a residence in London.
- He had a residence in 1858 in White Knight's Park, Reading, Berkshire.

11-**Alfred Waterhouse**^{1,9,115,116,117,118} was born on 19 Jul 1830 in Aigburth, Liverpool, died on 22 Aug 1905 in Yattendon Court, Berkshire at age 75, and was buried in St. Peter & St. Paul, Yattendon, Berkshire.

General Notes: Waterhouse, Alfred (1830–1905), architect, was born on 19 July 1830 in Aigburth, Liverpool, the eldest of seven children of Alfred Waterhouse (1798–1873), cotton broker of Liverpool (later of Whiteknights, Reading), and his wife, Mary Bevan (1805–1880). Early years

Both parents belonged to the Society of Friends and the young Alfred's upbringing was strictly Quaker. He was educated at Grove House School, Tottenham, where he mixed with the sons of influential Quaker families, many of whom were later to become clients. He showed an early aptitude for drawing, which he learned from the books of J. D. Harding and Samuel Prout. In 1848 he was articled to the staunchly Quaker P. B. Alley, then in partnership with Richard Lane, the leading neo-classical architect of Manchester. In 1853 his education was completed with a ten-month tour of France, Italy, and Germany, after which he set up in practice as an architect in Manchester. His first commissions came from relatives, from Quaker connections, and from the local body of nonconformist (mainly Congregationalist) businessmen; but he soon had quite a substantial practice, and was himself training a few pupils, among them G. T. Redmayne (1840–1912), who was later to become his brother-in-law, and Ernest Geldart (1848–1929). National acclaim came with his design for the Manchester assize courts, won in competition in 1859. In 1860 he married Elizabeth (1834–1918), daughter of John Hodgkin of Tottenham, with whom he had three sons and two daughters, the eldest of whom married the poet Robert Bridges.

In 1865 Waterhouse opened a London office on the basis of several promising commissions and secure family connections. His brother Theodore (1838–1891) was already in practice there as a solicitor and developer, while another brother, Edwin Waterhouse (1841–1917), was in practice as an accountant. From his office and home at 8 (later 20) New Cavendish Street he built up a large and highly successful practice that made him the most widely employed British architect in the years from c.1865 to c.1885. On 24 February 1877 he was baptized into the Church of England. In 1878 he purchased the manor of Yattendon in Berkshire, where he lived as the squire in a new house of his own design. He continued to work until 1901, taking his eldest son, Paul Waterhouse (1861–1924), into partnership in 1891, and by the end of his career had been responsible for almost 650 separate works.

Professional practice

Waterhouse's huge success as an architect (probate records reveal that he left a fortune of £215,036) was founded on a thoroughly professional approach rather than on brilliance or innovation as a stylist. His approach is characterized by a great ingenuity in both planning and designing; and he was always ready to offer alternative solutions to his clients' problems. He was meticulous in his attention to detail, and throughout his career did not scorn the smallest commissions, designing such things as prize book-plates for Girton College, Cambridge (while engaged on much larger commissions there), or letter-headings and an inn sign for the marquess of Westminster (for whom he later rebuilt Eaton Hall). However, like most young architects of the mid-century he was greatly influenced by A. W. N. Pugin, and espoused Gothic as the most exciting style for the times. Yet he was always ready to modify the style in order to produce workable buildings, claiming that he had 'not endeavoured slavishly to copy the Gothic of any particular period or country' (Manchester Guardian, 19 April 1859). It was this approach, coupled with his skill as a planner, that won him the competition for the new assize courts for Salford (dem.) with a design that was described as 'one of the remarkable experiences of our time' (The Builder, 30 April 1859) and second only to those for the government offices in Whitehall by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott, which had caused such controversy in the battle of the styles. His efficient planning set the standard for future court buildings, and its Gothic style, with sculpture by the O'Shea brothers, was described by Ruskin as 'much beyond anything yet done in England on [his] principles' ('On traffic', lecture delivered at Bradford, 21 April 1864).

Major works

Once established in this way Waterhouse was able to win major public commissions such as that for Strangeways gaol (1861–9). His Manchester connections were still strong enough in 1868 for him to win the competition to design the new town hall. This, which is probably his masterpiece, displays all his mastery of planning on an awkward triangular site. It is also, with its steep roofs, and three spires at different angles, a demonstration of the potential of picturesque composition in the Gothic style. However, it was also thoroughly modern in the adoption of fireproof construction and the lining of its interior walls with terracotta, the architect's first extensive use of the material. The building was fully fitted with furniture designed by the architect, and he remained engaged with this one structure until 1894. Waterhouse's ability to work amicably with committees and to modify his designs to suit the needs of large groups made him well suited to undertake such commissions, and allowed him to create another classic in the Natural History Museum (1866 and 1870–80). This is chiefly known as the first building completely faced in terracotta, with an array of moulded creatures, all designed by Waterhouse. Yet the building is important in other ways. It has an internal iron frame and the clear planning, the product of close collaboration with Richard Owen, the first director, is striking. That the building was achieved in spite of changes of government and perpetual parsimony is also a considerable tribute to Waterhouse's determination and tact.

The Natural History Museum was Waterhouse's first major work in the capital. He had initially been commissioned in 1866 to carry out the design by Captain Fowke, but had taken the opportunity to redesign that scheme, retaining only the two-light Italianate windows of the South Kensington style in his Romanesque revival design. The achievement of so important a building was some compensation for his failure in the competition for the law courts in 1867, which he had entered hoping his legal connections would give him a good understanding of what was needed. His design was preferred by the users, the bar committee, but rejected in favour of G. E. Street's design by the architects. Such a decision reflected the common view of his work that practicality rather than form was uppermost.

This was in fact precisely what Waterhouse advocated in his presidential address to RIBA students (presidential address, repr. in Building News, 1 Feb 1889), and was probably one of the reasons why he was given his third great commission of the 1870s—the rebuilding of Eaton Hall. This, the most expensive country house of the century, was essentially a flawed masterpiece, in that its design appears to have developed slowly round the client's desire to retain features of the old house, which had already been reworked by W. Porden (c.1803–1812) and by W. Burn (1845–54). As a result the house has been much reviled by later critics who blamed Waterhouse for its incoherence. Changes in taste in the twenty-five years it took to complete, as well as

the death of the client's first wife, and his remarriage, led to considerable adjustments in the course of the work, even to the removal and replacement of substantial elements. The grounds contain one of Waterhouse's few classical designs in the shape of a circular Ionic 'parrot house' in golden terracotta, complete with caryatids.

Waterhouse's Victorian clients seemed to like what he offered, and Eaton Hall was by no means his only domestic commission, merely the largest. Waterhouse built or substantially altered some ninety houses for clients of varying means. The earliest of these were for relatives, such as his cousin Sebastian Waterhouse in Liverpool; but these were soon followed by a range of mansions for industrialists on the urban fringes and several houses in the Lake District, among which was Fawe Park (1858), for James Bell MP. This last was the subject of the first watercolour Waterhouse exhibited at the Royal Academy. At the peak of his career he also designed a number of substantial country houses. Among these were: Blackmoor House, Hampshire (1865–73), for Roundell Palmer (Lord Selborne); Hutton Hall, Yorkshire (1864–71), for Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease; Town Thorns, near Rugby (1871–6), for the American Washington Jackson; and Iwerne Minster, Dorset (1877–82), for Lord Wolverton.

Waterhouse's domestic work linked him to the successful establishment in a conventional way, as did the design and restoration of churches. However, he did comparatively little in this line, though he did produce convincing Gothic churches at Penmaen-mawr (St Seiriol's, 1865–9), where the Gladstone family were involved, at Blackmoor (St Matthew's, 1866–70), for Lord Selborne, and at Twyford, Hampshire (St Mary's, 1876–8), where Sir Thomas Fairbairn was the principal donor. His most successful church was probably the urban St Elisabeth's, Reddish, Lancashire (1883–5), for the local industrialist William Houldsworth. However, it is not surprising that Waterhouse was also involved in building for the nonconformists, such as the church at Besses o' th' Barn, Manchester (1863), for the Congregationalists, for whom he also enlarged the Lancashire Independent Theological College (1876–80). There was less scope for architectural employment by the Society of Friends, though his early commissions did include designing or enlarging meeting-houses. Among the later chapels the King's Weigh-house Chapel in Mayfair (1889–93) and the Lyndhurst Road Congregational Chapel, London (1883–7), are particularly striking.

Institutional designs

However, Waterhouse is better known as a designer of large institutional buildings. Where some would say Eaton Hall should be classed as such, his skill as a planner was shown in a wide range of town halls, such as those at Darlington (1861–3), Hove (1880–83), and Reading (1871–6), institutions such as the Turner Memorial Home (1882–5) or the Seamen's Orphans' Institution in Liverpool (1870–75), or hospitals such as Liverpool Royal Infirmary (1886–92) or St Mary's Hospital, Manchester (1889–1901). This was a type of designing in which he excelled, from early beginnings with the Bingley Institute (1863) right up to University College Hospital, London (1894–1903), the first vertically planned hospital in Britain. Perhaps his most complex and effective planning exercise was in the National Liberal Club in London (1884–7), where he combined three floors of large public rooms with four of bedrooms and service rooms on an awkward triangular site off Whitehall. Though distinctly conventional in its Italianate classical decoration, this building was extremely up to date in its steel and concrete fireproof structure, and in its servicing and electric lighting. It was one of the two designs (the other being the Natural History Museum) which Waterhouse selected to represent his work at the Chicago World Fair of 1893.

Partly for his fame and his planning skills, but partly also for his reputation as an economical designer, Waterhouse was extensively employed by the two universities of Oxford and Cambridge, having work in one or other city continuously from 1865 until his retirement. He began with the Cambridge Union Society, and continued with extensive work at Balliol College, Oxford (the college that his son Paul attended), but declined an invitation to design a block of rooms to replace William Wilkins's King's College screen in Cambridge. His buildings for Gonville and Caius College still provide a terminal feature for King's Parade; but his wish to provide a complete new set of buildings for Pembroke College was frustrated by an emerging respect for historic structures, and that college actually sacked him as their architect. At Girton, however, he was given the opportunity to design a new college from scratch, introducing the corridor plan instead of the traditional staircase system. He was chosen for Girton by Emily Davies for the beauty of his building, but it is also clear that a number of his friends and clients were involved in the movement for women's education. As an efficient and progressive architect, Waterhouse was also a natural choice as architect for the northern universities. His first work was for Owens College (later Manchester University), where he had a series of commissions from 1860 until his retirement. He also designed the first buildings for the Yorkshire College (later Leeds University) and for Liverpool University, using in the latter the red brick and terracotta for which he was famous, and which gave rise to the term 'red brick' universities. He was further involved in education with Leighton Park School in Reading (1890–95), the Quaker foundation that absorbed the trust of the Grove House School of Tottenham, and, among others, with Reading grammar school (1888–72 and 1873–4), Middlesbrough grammar school (1885–6 and 1888–90), St Paul's School, Hammersmith (1881–7), and the City and Guilds o

Planning skills, practicality, and business efficiency also made Waterhouse an attractive proposition in industry. He designed structures as varied as the Binyon and Fryer warehouse in Manchester and Lime Street Hotel in Liverpool. The National Provincial Bank in Piccadilly and Foster's Bank in Cambridge are only two of several banks he designed, and later in his career he designed the Hotel Metropole in Brighton. However his best-known commercial work was in the form of offices and investment property. One of his first commercial works was the Royal Insurance office in Manchester (1861), in which for a while he had his own office. He and his brother were personally involved in the development of sets of chambers as a commercial venture in Carey Street (1872 and 1879–95). Later he built for the Pearl Insurance Company in Liverpool (1896–8) and the headquarters of the Refuge Insurance Company in Manchester (1891–6). But by far the most extensive set of such commissions came from the Prudential Assurance Company, for whom he designed some twenty-seven buildings in the years between 1877 and 1904, establishing what is probably the first example of an architectural house style.

In all these buildings great attention was paid, in addition to practical and structural matters, to the picturesque massing and the skyline, which were so important in the developing streetscape of late nineteenth-century cities. Waterhouse's eclectic approach to style allowed him to create degrees of richness that could accurately reflect status or meet a variety of cost constraints. His general preference for Gothic forms was combined with a structural logic that matched richly articulated façades with straightforward steel skeletons. Although he used a variety of stones, particularly early in his career, he was concerned at the problems of supplying large quantities of evenly coloured stone, and also at the problems of pollution. He was an early member of the Smoke Abatement Society, and this was a major factor in his adoption of the supposedly self-washing terracotta for which he is so famous. This moulded material also had the advantage of allowing rich ornament at an economical price, but required a good understanding and close co-operation between manufacturer and architect, something on which Waterhouse justifiably prided himself. From the 1880s his terracotta exteriors were matched by similar material inside in the form of moulded and glazed faience, mostly manufactured by the Leeds Fireclay Company. He also regularly designed furniture, including a grand piano for his own use, fittings, and even decorative items such as pen-rests. He produced designs for floor tiles, and evidently had close enough relations with suppliers of such things as door furniture and sanitary ware for the manufacturers to supply items of 'Mr Waterhouse's design'. His work therefore had a

consistency that is thoroughly Victorian in its use of high-quality materials, attention to practical details, and its general solidity. Death and reputation

During his lifetime Waterhouse's work was only ever criticized with respect, and generally highly praised. However, it was seldom bold or formally avant-garde, and his preference for a safe conservative taste meant that by 1900 his work was little valued. In the first half of the twentieth century it was widely reviled; and his fondness for tiled interiors led one critic to rhyme his name with 'municipal slaughterhouse'. However, some historians took him seriously, and Kenneth Clark rated him superior to George Gilbert Scott (K. Clark, The Gothic Revival, 2nd edn, 1950, 262). For all the odium heaped on his designs by a modernist generation, it is significant that his obituary commented 'even those who did not like his architecture liked the man' (Architectural Record, 30 Aug 1905). This characteristic made him an excellent professional colleague. He was involved in adjudications on a number of occasions, but was also very widely in demand as a competition assessor. He assessed no fewer than sixty competitions between 1864 and 1899, and thus had a hand in the selection of the design of many of the major public buildings of the latter half of the nineteenth century. He also acted as a trustee of Sir John Soane's Museum and as treasurer of the Royal Academy and of the Artists' General Benevolent Institution. The respect of his colleagues was shown in his election as president of the RIBA from 1888 to 1891. He had already won a grand prix at the Paris Universal Exhibition in 1867, with a rappel in 1878, and the coveted RIBA gold medal (1878) for his Manchester town hall design. He was awarded diplomas from Vienna (1869), Brussels (1886), Antwerp (1887), Milan (1888), and Berlin (1889), as well as an honorary LLD from Manchester University in 1895, the year it became the Victoria University. To this professional success was added recognition as a watercolourist. He exhibited a total of eighty watercolour at the Royal Academy, exhibiting first in 1857 and regularly from 1868; and was praised in 1884 for produced a s

Waterhouse suffered a major stroke in 1901, and retired from business; but the practice was continued by his son Paul and subsequently by his grandson and great-grandson. He lived in retirement at Yattendon Court, Yattendon, until his death there on 22 August 1905; he was buried at Yattendon six days later, in the parish church of Sts Peter and Paul, which he had restored and improved. His productive capacity was enormous, but he trained few architects of note. However, he had a large artistic and literary circle of friends, which included Frederic Leighton, Frederic Shields, and Frank Dicksee, and the sculptor Hamo Thornycroft was a particular protégé. His portrait by William Quiller Orchardson hangs in the RIBA, while another, by Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema, was until recently retained by the family. Corbels in the shape of portrait busts of himself and his wife, made for his first house at Barcombe Cottage in Manchester, survive in Manchester City Galleries.

Colin Cunningham

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PRIBA RA.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- · He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a President of the Royal Institute of British Architects in 1888-1890.

Alfred married **Elizabeth Hodgkin**, 1,117,118 daughter of **John Hodgkin**, 1,117,118 daughter of **John Hodgkin**, and **Elizabeth Howard**, 9,115,118,119,120,121 on 8 Mar 1860 in FMH Lewes. Elizabeth was born on 16 Jul 1834 in Tottenham, London, died on 2 Apr 1918 in Yattendon Court, Berkshire at age 83, and was buried in St. Peter & St. Paul, Yattendon, Berkshire. They had five children: **Paul, Mary Monica, Florence Eliot, Alfred Maurice**, and **Amyas Theodore**.

12-Paul Waterhouse was born on 29 Oct 1861 in Manchester and died on 19 Dec 1924 in Yattendon Court, Berkshire at age 63.

General Notes: **3 June 1872, Mon**: Sauntered about in the sun chatting to little Paul, then by the 10.10 train from Reading to London; travelled with Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin. Home; *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRIBA.
- · He worked as an Architect.

Paul married Lucy Grace Palgrave, daughter of Sir Reginald Francis Douce Palgrave and Grace Battley, on 16 Jul 1887. Lucy was born on 18 Sep 1861. They had three children: Michael Theodore, Rachel Howard, and Ursula Margaret.

13-Capt. Michael Theodore Waterhouse 122,123,124 was born on 31 Aug 1888 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 24 May 1968 in The Close, Yattendon, Newbury, Berkshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC CBE PRIBA.
- · He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a President of the Royal Institute of British Architects in 1948-1950.

Michael married **Rissa Edith Barclay**, ¹²⁴ daughter of **Lt. Col. Hubert Frederick Barclay** ¹²⁵ and **Edith Noel Daniell**, on 16 Nov 1920 in Norwich, Norfolk. Rissa was born on 23 Mar 1896 in Norwich, Norfolk. They had four children: **David Barclay**, **Elizabeth**, **Prudence**, and **Caroline**.

14-David Barclay Waterhouse¹²⁴ was born on 17 Aug 1921 and died on 22 Feb 1998 in Searles at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an Architect.

David married Diana Gray. They had three children: Davina Margaret, Paul Alexander, and Elizabeth Catherine.

- 15-Davina Margaret Waterhouse
- 15-Paul Alexander Waterhouse¹²⁴ was born in 1952 and died in 1996 at age 44.
- 15-Elizabeth Catherine Waterhouse

David next married Jessie Faber. They had four children: Nicholas, Rupert, Humphrey, and Sarah.

- 15-Nicholas Waterhouse
- 15-Rupert Waterhouse
- 15-Humphrey Waterhouse
- 15-Sarah Waterhouse
- 14-Elizabeth Waterhouse
- 14-Prudence Waterhouse
- 14-Caroline Waterhouse
- 13-Rachel Howard Waterhouse¹⁰ was born on 19 Dec 1895.

Rachel married **Capt. James Paton Younger**, son of **James Younger** and **Annie T. Paton**, on 30 Apr 1921. James was born on 11 Jun 1891 and died on 17 Sep 1974 at age 83. They had four children: **Mary Elizabeth, James Andrew, Robert Paul**, and **Stephen John**.

14-Mary Elizabeth Younger was born on 27 Mar 1922 and died on 18 Dec 2017 at age 95.

Mary married Cmdr. Denis Handcock Mackay. They had three children: Lionel James, Mariel Grace, and Rachel Jane.

- 15-Lionel James Mackay
- 15-Mariel Grace Mackay
- 15-Rachel Jane Mackay
- 14-James Andrew Younger

James married Portia Mary Ottley. They had two children: Elizabeth Rachel and Mary Clare.

- 15-Elizabeth Rachel Younger
- 15-Mary Clare Younger
- 14-Robert Paul Younger was born on 20 Aug 1928.

Robert married Gillian Mary Savory. They had two children: Katherine Mary and Lorna Louise.

- 15-Katherine Mary Younger
- 15-Lorna Louise Younger
- 14-Stephen John Younger

Stephen married Jean Maxwell Brickman, daughter of Brig. Eric Brickman. They had two children: Michael James and Alastair Stephen Eric.

- 15-Michael James Younger
- 15-Alastair Stephen Eric Younger
- 13-Ursula Margaret Waterhouse was born on 19 Oct 1902 and died in Aug 1990 in Dorset at age 87.
- 12-Mary Monica Waterhouse was born on 31 Aug 1863 in Victoria Park, Manchester, died on 9 Nov 1949 in London at age 86, and was buried in St. Peter & St. Paul, Yattendon, Berkshire.

Mary married **Dr. Robert Seymour Bridges**, ¹²⁶ son of **John Thomas Bridges** and **Harriett Elizabeth Affleck**, on 3 Sep 1884. Robert was born on 23 Oct 1844 in Walmer, Kent, died on 21 Apr 1930 in Boar's Hill, Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 85, and was buried in St. Peter & St. Paul, Yattendon, Berkshire. They had three children: **Elizabeth, Margaret**, and **Edward Ettingdeane**.

General Notes: MA. MB. LL.D. FRCP. D.Litt. OM.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton & Corpus Christi College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Poet Laureate 1913-1930.
 - 13-Elizabeth Bridges was born on 5 Dec 1887 and died on 7 Apr 1977 at age 89.

Elizabeth married Ali Alcbar Daryaish.

13-Margaret Bridges was born on 10 Oct 1889 and died on 25 Apr 1926 at age 36.

Margaret married Horace William Brindley Joseph.

13-**Rt. Hon. Sir Edward Ettingdeane Bridges 1st Baron Bridges** 1st Baron bridges 1st

- He was awarded with KG GCB GCVO MC PC FRS.
- He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a Cabinet Secretary in 1938-1946.

Edward married Hon. Katharine Dianthe Farrer, daughter of Thomas Cecil Farrer 2nd Baron Farrer and Evelyn Mary Spring-Rice, on 1 Jun 1922. Katharine was born on 21 Aug 1896 and died in 1986 at age 90. They had four children: Shirley Frances, Thomas Edward, Robert Oliver, and Margaret Evelyn.

14-Hon. Shirley Frances Bridges was born on 23 Oct 1924 and died on 20 Dec 2015 at age 91.

Shirley married **Hilary Topham Corke**, son of **Alfred Topham Corke**, on 15 Jun 1957. Hilary was born on 12 Jul 1921 in Malvern, Worcestershire and died on 3 Sep 2001 in Abinger Hammer, Surrey at age 80. They had four children: **Emma Lucy, Cicely Catharine, William Edward Orlando**, and **Georgina Phoebe**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Writer, composer and poet.
 - 15-Emma Lucy Corke
 - 15-Cicely Catharine Corke
 - 15-William Edward Orlando Corke
 - 15-Georgina Phoebe Corke
- 14-Thomas Edward Bridges 2nd Baron Bridges was born on 27 Nov 1927 and died on 27 May 2017 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Diplomat. Ambassador to Italy 1983-87.

Thomas married **Rachel Mary Bunbury**, daughter of **Sir Henry Noel Bunbury**, on 1 Sep 1953. Rachel was born in 1926 and died in 2005 at age 79. They had three children: **Mark Thomas, Nicholas Edward**, and **Harriet Elizabeth**.

15-Mark Thomas Bridges 3rd Baron Bridges

Mark married Angela Margaret Collinson. They had four children: Venetia Rachel Lucy, Camilla Frances Iona, Drusilla Katharine Anne, and Miles Edmund Farrer.

- 16-Hon. Venetia Rachel Lucy Bridges
- 16-Hon. Camilla Frances Iona Bridges
- 16-Hon. Drusilla Katharine Anne Bridges
- 16-Hon. Miles Edmund Farrer Bridges
- 15-Hon. Nicholas Edward Bridges

Nicholas married Susan Guggenheim, daughter of Peter Guggenheim and Rae Pamela. They had two children: Alice Clementine and Matthew Orlando.

- **16-Alice Clementine Bridges**
- 16-Matthew Orlando Bridges
- 15-Hon. Harriet Elizabeth Bridges

Harriet married John Charles Eells.

Harriet next married William J. Leonard.

14-Hon. Robert Oliver Bridges was born on 18 Aug 1930 and died on 17 Jan 2015 in Royal Marsden Hospital, London at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as an Architect.
- Death Notice: The Daily Telegraph, 21 Jan 2015.

Robert married Rosamund Theresa De Wesselow, daughter of Roger Christopher Vaughan De Wesselow and Rosamund Beatrice Silley. They had two children: John Edward and James George Robert.

- 15-John Edward Bridges
- 15-James George Robert Bridges Baron Bridges of Headley

James married Alice Mary Hickman. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 16-Bridges
- 16-Bridges
- 16-Bridges

14-Hon. Margaret Evelyn Bridges was born on 9 Oct 1932 and died on 22 Nov 2014 at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with DPhil CBE FBA.
- She worked as a Historian.

Margaret married **Paul William Jex Buxton**, son of **Wing Cmdr. Denis Alfred Jex Buxton** and **Emily Mary Hollins**, on 17 Sep 1971. Paul was born on 20 Sep 1925 and died in 2009 at age 84. They had two children: **Sophia Frances** and **Hero Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Under-secretary, Northern Ireland Office.
 - 15-Sophia Frances Buxton
 - 15-Hero Elizabeth Buxton
- 12-Florence Eliot Waterhouse was born on 11 Nov 1866.
- 12-Alfred Maurice Waterhouse¹²⁸ was born on 19 Apr 1868 and died on 24 Dec 1890 in Yattenden, Berkshire at age 22.

General Notes: Known as "Prissie".

12-Amyas Theodore Waterhouse was born on 19 Nov 1872 and died in 1956 at age 84.

Amyas married Florence Ruth Gamlen on 1 Jan 1907. Florence was born in 1882. They had four children: Ann Monica, Celia Mary, Maurice James, and Theodore.

- 13-Ann Monica Waterhouse
- 13-Celia Mary Waterhouse
- 13-Maurice James Waterhouse
- 13-Theodore Waterhouse

11-Ellen Waterhouse^{9,42,85,129,130} was born on 14 Mar 1832 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died on 9 Sep 1876 in Coley Hurst, Reading, Berkshire at age 44.

Ellen married **Wilson Crewdson**, 9,39,42,85,129,130 son of **Wilson Crewdson** 14,45,85,131,132,133 and **Margaret Robson**, 14,45,85,87,133 on 9 May 1855 in FMH Lawrence Weston, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Wilson was born on 9 Dec 1832 in Chorlton upon Medlock, Manchester and died on 18 Jul 1880 in Brighton, East Sussex (AM gives 20 July) at age 47. They had five children: **Wilson, Ethel Mary, Harold Bevan, Herbert Cecil**, and **Gertrude Gwendolen Bevan**.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Cotton Manufacturer.
- He had a residence in Celey Hurst, Reading, Berkshire.

12-Wilson Crewdson¹⁰⁷ was born on 13 Apr 1856 in Manchester and died on 28 May 1918 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 62. The cause of his death was Became ill whilst cycling. Coronary?.

Noted events in his life were:

He was awarded with FSA.

Wilson married Mary Frances Adelaide Bevan, daughter of William Bevan¹⁷ and Marie Sofia Read, on 28 Jun 1883. Mary was born on 4 Dec 1863. They had two children: Wilson Theodore Oliver and Roger Bevan.

13-Brig. Wilson Theodore Oliver Crewdson was born on 8 Nov 1887 and died on 8 Dec 1961 at age 74.

Wilson married **Albinia Joane Bacon**, daughter of **Sir Nicholas Henry Bacon 12th & 13th Bt.** 134 and **Constance Alice Leslie-Melville**, on 9 Jan 1924. Albinia was born on 3 Jan 1897 and died on 5 Jul 1997 at age 100. They had two children: **Wilson Peregrine Nicolas** and **Sarah Albinia**.

14-Wilson Peregrine Nicolas Crewdson was born in 1927 and died on 5 Jan 2014 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• His obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph notices on 8 Jan 2014.

Wilson married Hon. Lucy Clare Beckett, daughter of Ralph William Ernest Beckett 3rd Baron Grimthorpe and Mary Alice Archdale. They had four children: Giles Wilson Mervyn, Diana Constance Mary, Elizabeth Ann Joan, and Virginia Clare.

15-Giles Wilson Mervyn Crewdson

Giles married Hon. Aurelia Margaret Amherst Cecil, daughter of William Hugh Amhurst Cecil 4th Baron Amhurst and Elizabeth Merriman.

Giles next married Frances Mary Nunnely. They had three children: Minna Sophie Clare, Oliver, and Lara Catherine Rose.

- 16-Minna Sophie Clare Crewdson
- 16-Oliver Crewdson
- 16-Lara Catherine Rose Crewdson
- 15-Diana Constance Mary Crewdson

Diana married Christopher J. M. Langley, son of Lt. Col. James Langley. They had three children: Venetia Margaret Clare, Edwina Chantal Elizabeth, and Rose Katharine Lucy.

- 16-Venetia Margaret Clare Langley
- 16-Edwina Chantal Elizabeth Langley
- 16-Rose Katharine Lucy Langley

Rose married James Gordon Robert Dashwood, son of Robert Thomas Dashwood and Georgina M. Harris. They had one son: Peregrine 'Reggie' Christopher Gordon.

17-Peregrine 'Reggie' Christopher Gordon Dashwood

15-Elizabeth Ann Joan Crewdson was born on 20 Apr 1961 and died on 17 Sep 1963 at age 2.

15-Virginia Clare Crewdson

Virginia married Giles J. G. Appleton, son of Group/Capt. James Appleton.

14-Sarah Albinia Crewdson

Sarah married **Sir Philip Henry Manning Dowson** in 1950. Philip was born on 16 Aug 1924 in Johannesburg, South Africa and died on 22 Aug 2014 at age 90. They had three children: **Anna Lucinda, Robert Charles Manning**, and **Aurea Katherine**.

General Notes: Sir Philip Dowson, who has died aged 90, was one of Britain's most prominent post-war architects and, in later life, president of the Royal Academy of Arts (1993-99). A realist as much as a Modernist, he designed buildings with an eye on their proposed function. As a result he was to become the architect to whom Britain's universities, cultural institutions and blue-chip corporations turned when they required a new wing, library or headquarters.

Dowson was one of the driving forces — as chief architect — at Arup Associates, an innovative and collaborative team of influential architects, engineers and quantity surveyors. His aim was to maintain a scientific and rational approach; in addition to the function of a space, construction techniques and the character of materials were the foundation blocks of his designs.

Dowson's projects ranged from the redevelopment of the Old Truman Brewery in Brick Lane, London, to new Oxbridge builds — including student rooms at St John's College, Oxford, and the Forbes Mellon Library at Clare College, his alma mater at Cambridge. In all of his work he followed the maxim of his boss Ove Arup: "signature thinking, not signature style".

Philip Henry Manning Dowson was born on August 16 1924 in Johannesburg, South Africa. Educated at Gresham's School, Norfolk, he spent a year reading Mathematics at University College, Oxford, before joining the Royal Navy in 1943. He served in both the Atlantic and Pacific theatres during the Second World War. In 1947 he left the Navy and returned to his studies, this time reading Art History at Clare College, Cambridge, after which he trained at the Architectural Association.

In 1953 Dowson joined the engineering firm Ove Arup and Partners as an architect and, in 1963, with Sir Ove Arup, Ronald Hobbs and Derek Sugden, became a founding partner and later chief architect of Arup Associates.

Arup Associates was applauded for the "clarity, logic and elegance" with which they approached building design — a combination that proved popular among commissioning institutions such as universities (Dowson brought his practical Modernism to bear on large campus sites in Oxford and Cambridge).

Key to his approach was the "tartan grid" in which "thin bays of the tartan pattern provided a dedicated zone of structure and mechanical servicing, leaving the larger bays clear for functional use". It was the perfect fit for laboratories, offices, halls of residence and libraries.

However, one of his early successes was the conversion of an unusual 19th-century building. On commission from Benjamin Britten in 1965, he transformed a vast malthouse at Snape, Suffolk, into a concert hall — incorporating a foyer, stage and auditorium — for the Aldeburgh Festival. Sensitive to the risk of spoiling the building's character, Dowson succeeded in creating a 134-by-58-by-49ft hall with a new period-looking roof and ash and cane seating. The Maltings Concert Hall was opened by the Queen in 1967.

In 1969 he designed The Modern House for Sir Jack Zunz, the British engineer responsible for the roof of the Sydney Opera House. The four-bedroom house on Drax Avenue in Wimbledon — described by English Heritage as "well-crafted, meticulously planned" — is now Grade II listed.

The following year, building work began on Dowson's design for a block of 156 study-bedrooms within the grounds of St John's College, Oxford. "It was a bold stroke," wrote Vaughan Grylls in Oxford Then and Now. The Thomas White Building took five years to build, with the final dormitory formed in "brutal bush-hammered concrete" with an ancient wall retained in its midst. It was a modern building which aimed to "reflect the mood of Oxford and the character of its surroundings and settle into the silhouette of a medieval city." It won both RIBA and Concrete Society awards.

In the early Seventies Dowson was a mentor to Michael (later Sir Michael) Hopkins, who later recalled: "Working for IBM in Portsmouth on three buildings at the same time, he had one too many. I was working with Norman Foster at the time and Philip suggested that we should take on the design of their temporary offices, 250,000 square feet – a fantastic opportunity. Philip was always very generous with his time and energy in the support of younger architects, taking on the mantle of Hugh Casson, Robert Matthew and Leslie Martin — the architectural knights – as the patron of younger architectural practices."

Dowson's project on Brick Lane in the late Seventies — creating a new headquarters for Truman out of their old brewery and two listed Georgian houses — helped set in motion a wider interest in the reconfiguration of derelict historical buildings at the end of the 20th century.

There were frustrations along the way. In the early Nineties the reclusive Hong Kong developer Victor Hwang hired Dowson to realise his vision for the Battersea Power Station — a project which fell through after more than a decade which saw impenetrable planning problems. "I've seen three Prime Ministers come and go, and not a single brick has been laid on this project," Huang said in 2000.

Dowson was also left aggrieved in the early Nineties when Arup's scheme for the Paternoster Square development next to St Paul's Cathedral was dropped due to pressure from the Prince of Wales. "It is quite extraordinary what is happening at St Paul's," said Dowson.

Dowson retired as a senior partner at Ove Arup in 1990, and three years later was elected president of the Royal Academy of Arts. He had a long association with the Academy,

having been elected to it in 1979. He was awarded its Royal Gold Medal for Architecture in 1981. As president of the RA, Dowson's tenure was notable for his steerage of its acquisition of the Burlington Gardens building behind the Piccadilly galleries (left vacant when the Museum of Mankind moved to Bloomsbury).

He drew up plans for how the two buildings might be joined, thus doubling the Academy's footprint. "Armed with these, using his reputation as an architect and his ability to be taken seriously by government, he prized the freehold out of them for a modest £5 million," noted Sir Michael Hopkins. "A bargain then, and the equivalent price today of a very small shoebox in Mayfair." Construction work to join the two buildings begins in 2015 (using designs by Sir David Chipperfield).

Dowson's personal interests reflected his professional pursuits: he was an honorary fellow of the Royal College of Art; a governor of St Martin's School of Art (1975-82); and a trustee of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, and of the National Portrait Gallery. He was also a keen sailor.

Among numerous awards and honours, Sir Philip Dowson was appointed CBE in 1969, and knighted in 1980.

He married, in 1950, Sarah Crewdson, who survives him with a son and two daughters.

Sir Philip Dowson, born August 16 1924, died August 22 2014

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE PRA RIBA.
- He worked as a Chief Architect, Arup Associates.
- His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 14 Sep 2014.

15-Anna Lucinda Dowson

Anna married **Prof. Kim Ashley Nasmyth**.

15-Robert Charles Manning Dowson

15-Aurea Katherine Dowson

Aurea married Hon. Richmond James Innys Colville, son of John Mark Alexander Colville 4th Viscount Colville of Culross and Mary Elizabeth Webb-Bowen. They had two children: Alexander and Oliver.

16-Alexander Colville

16-Oliver Colville

13-Capt. Roger Bevan Crewdson was born in 1893 in Reigate, Surrey and died on 16 Apr 1941 in Chelsea, London. Killed in enemy action at age 48.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: More than 1000 people lost their lives that night.

Roger married **Gwendolen Georgiana Howard**, daughter of **Hon. Oliver Howard** and **Muriel Mary Temple Stephenson**, on 5 Sep 1923. The marriage ended in divorce. Gwendolen was born on 5 Oct 1902 and died on 30 Mar 1936 at age 33.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1934.
- 12-Ethel Mary Crewdson¹³⁰ was born on 22 Dec 1859 in Manchester and died on 17 Jun 1876 in Manchester at age 16.
- 12-Harold Bevan Crewdson⁷⁹ was born on 28 Apr 1861 in Manchester and died on 7 Nov 1865 in Manchester at age 4.
- 12-**Herbert Cecil Crewdson**¹²⁹ was born on 22 Nov 1865 in Manchester and died on 7 Apr 1883 in Reading, Berkshire at age 17.
- 12-**Gertrude Gwendolen Bevan Crewdson**⁹ was born on 28 Mar 1872 in Manchester and died on 14 Oct 1913 in Homewood, Aspley Heath, Woburn Sands, Bedfordshire at age 41. The cause of her death was Tuberculosis.

General Notes: Gertrude Gwendolen Bevan Crewdson . . 41 14 10 1913 Wohurn Sands. On the 14th of October, 1913, there passed away at the early age of forty -one, at her own

residence, Homewood, Woburn Sands, one whose quiet, unobtrusive nature prevented her from being much known beyond the sphere in which she moved, but whose sweet, unselfish life for others well deserves a record. Gwendolen Crewdson was the second daughter of the late Wilson and Ellen Crewdson, from whom she inherited names well-known in the Society of Friends. Her mother died soon after her birth in 1872, and her early childhood was clouded by the death of her father, to whom she was much attached, and also by the death of one of her brothers. During her earlier years, she and her only surviving brother, Wilson Crewdson, lived together in a house at Reading, the household being under the care of a lady. Miss Loader, who also supervised Gwendolen Crewdson's studies, and herself took a direct part in her education. Under the careful training of this lady her character unfolded in beauty and symmetry, expanding afterwards into wide circles of influence. At this early period of her life there was a freshness and originality in her nature which helped to form that striking personality felt by all who came into contact with her. After a time the home was removed to Bournemouth, the climate of which was thought to be better for her health, which was never robust. It was there, when she was approaching her twenty-first year, that she and her brother began to consider the possibility of her going for a course of study to Girton College, Cambridge. Before doing so, and in order to prepare for the entrance examination of the College, as her education had hitherto been carried out entirely at home, she was advised to go for a time to a good preparatory school. At her age, most ladies' schools would have been to some extent unsuitable, but her friends found for her one which admirably met all her requirements. This was St. Leonards School, St. Andrews, where she took up her residence in a house for mistresses; and it was very striking how soon she adapted herself to her novel surroundings, and made rapid progress in the studies which were essential to her taking the Cambridge course, and of which she had no previous knowledge. She had always had a taste for Natural History, and on entering Girton, in 1894, she took the Natural Science Tripos, her subjects being Chemistry, Physiology, and Botany; and she afterwards spent a fourth year of Post-Graduate study in Geology, for which she had a great liking. She "went down "for two years, after completing her course, and then, in 1900, returned to Girton as Librarian and Registrar, offices which she held till she became Junior Bursar in 1902. Her brother in the meantime had removed to Reigate, and the question arose whether she should continue to make his house her home for the holidays, or make a home of her own. She characteristically decided in favour of the latter, saying: - " I wish to make something of my life." This resolve was most fruitful in its results. While at Girton she had conceived the idea of providing a House of Rest in the holidays for gentlewomen engaged in earning their own living, whose homes did not provide, and whose limited means did not permit of their otherwise obtaining a restful and inexpensive holiday. With this end in view, and being herself possessed of ample means, she purchased "Homewood"- a house with a large garden, situated close to pine woods on a spur of the Chiltern Hills, near Woburn Sands, and at a height of some five hundred feet above the sea-level. After becoming established at Homewood, and finding it increasingly difficult to combine attention to her responsibilities there with her work at Girton, she resigned her post as Bursar in 1905. At Homewood her guests were invited for a few weeks' stay, seven or eight being received into the house at a time, and many were found to benefit by a longer stay. It was of the essence of her scheme that a small charge should be made to those of her guests who could afford to pay it; and after her decease it was found that the money she had left in her will to the "Frances Mary Buss Loan Fund" for students, consisted of the accumulated fees of the inmates who had been received at Homewood, which she had regularly deposited in a bank for the purpose. For many years she had made a hobby of picking up pieces of valuable old furniture, and these, with her numerous Japanese pictures, and curios from many countries, made the interior of the house extremely quaint and interesting; and at the same time nothing demanded by modern ideas of comfort was lacking. She altered and enlarged the house, and added to the garden again and again, till the place became really charming ; and to the tired guests, whose work in most cases lay in cramped and dingy surroundings, it must have appeared a veritable earthly paradise. We can readily believe that it required no small amount of self-denial to sacrifice, thus deliberately, the privacy of her home life, but she had her reward in the marked success of her beneficent undertaking. It is interesting in this connexion to learn that her family have decided to continue "Homewood" as a Rest House for ladies engaged in teaching. This has been done tentatively, but we hear that the results are so far encouraging. Gwendolen Crewdson was fond of travelling, and one of the great interests of her life was a visit to Khartoum, with all the incidents of a Nile expedition. It was undertaken in the true spirit of a student. She visited the most recent excavations in Egypt, and read extensively on Egyptian topics in the best works on the subject, with the same painstaking care that she gave to other branches of study. She also paid similar visits to Crete and Greece, in which her determination to leave no stone unturned and no point of interest unvisited drew forth, not infrequently, despairing protests from her less energetic fellow-travellers. She was all her life a consistent member of the Society of Friends. Although a strict teetotaler she did not exalt total abstinence into a fetish, and she never obtruded her opinions on those about her. She was a strong advocate of women's suffrage, but the methods of "militancy" were abhorrent to her. In matters of education Gwendolen Crewdson took a keen interest, and as a member of the Committee for re-organizing Sibford School she found scope for the exercise of her powers not only in re-arranging the curriculum, but also in all the practical details of the School. She had gathered large experience in matters of sanitation, and when the premises had to be altered and enlarged she went into all the details, and where she saw a weak point would, with quiet, reasoning pertinacity, see that it was put right. Her outlook was broad, but she was insistent upon detail. Her interest in the School continued to the last, as shown by a letter written for her within a week of her death. The sudden close to this beautiful life was unexpected by her doctors and friends. A near relative writes: - "She became rapidly worse as the autumn advanced, but none of us expected that the end was so near. In the memoranda she has left we read how she fully recognised that before long she might be called upon to put aside the life-work in which she had taken such a great interest, and how she calmly faced the future with full confidence. It must have been a great giving up, but there was no word of complaint, nothing but rejoicing. She left the written message to her friends, to be opened after her departure: - ' Rejoice with my spirit when all is over, and do not mourn over my worn-out body.' "This brief record of a true and unselfish life, all too short to fulfil its ideals, may be supplemented by a few extracts from the tributes re- ceived from Gwendolen Crewdson's intimate friends. "It was good to know her, she was so highminded, so absolutely truthful and accurate in all her ways. Her strong scientific mind probably accounted for the thoroughness with which she did every piece of work which she attempted. She had a kindly, sympathetic nature, and with it combined a very wise judgment. I have come across many who, for having known her, have thanked God and taken courage. "Throughout her College life, I think I can truthfully say, she was universally loved and feared: everyone who met her felt the charm and attraction of her nature, and at the same time was conscious of a high standard of conduct up to which she lived, and expected that others should also live." A college tutor sums up tersely some of the sources from which her influence was drawn: "Her charm of manner was a striking note in her character, and this was enhanced by her natural reserve; it was a most attractive blend of humour and modesty. I do not remember hearing her speak of the deeper things of life, yet you could be quite sure they were there; they crystallized into life instead of words. I have no special recollection of what she did, only a vivid remembrance of what she was. The singleness of vision and aim, the strenuousness and persistence of purpose which were characteristic of her, and might have led her to disregard the feelings or opinions of others, were tempered by her kindness of disposition, and a saving sense of humour. She could not have done a mean or petty action to save her Hfe. I have never known anyone to whom the language of the fifteenth Psalm was more applicable. *' She has been cut off in the midst of her days; but that is not the last word. She once wrote, in a letter of sympathy to a friend who was suffering from bereavement: - ' When someone so full of vitality goes, it makes it impossible to believe that their energies have really come to an end. It seems as though they must be needed for other work.' And to some

of us, amongst the 'thoughts that transcend our wonted themes,' there will ever arise a vision, on that farther shore, of the welcoming smile and the helping hand, greeting, as of old, the tired traveller, and succouring the bewildered and distressed."

Crewdson, Gertrude Gwendolen Bevan (1872–1913), college administrator and benefactor, was born on 28 March 1872, in Manchester, the second daughter among the four children of William Crewdson, a manufacturer and a member of the Society of Friends, and his wife, Ellen Waterhouse, sister of Alfred Waterhouse, the architect. She was left an orphan in 1881 and was thereafter brought up by a housekeeper, Miss Loader, who was also a governess with considerable experience of preparing students for Cambridge. At first they lived in Reading, and then at Bournemouth, in the hope of improving Gertrude's health: she had a tendency to consumption all her life. Her formal education began late. Because of its bracing air, and on the advice of Elizabeth Welsh, mistress of Girton College, Cambridge, she chose to go to St Leonard's School, St Andrews, at the age of twenty-one. She went as a by-pupil in a house which then trained teachers, to prepare herself for university entrance. She made rapid progress there and in 1894 entered Girton, whose buildings had been designed by her uncle. Mistrusting woolly abstractions, she had a penchant for expressing ideas in diagrammatic form, and she chose to read for the natural sciences tripos part I. She then took a fourth year at the college to study geology. Her beauty and charming personality, together with great talent as a pianist, ensured the respect and affection of her fellow students, who elected her senior student during her final year (1897–8), to represent them in college affairs.

When she left Cambridge, Gertrude Crewdson was elected by the former students who had received certificates that they had fulfilled the conditions necessary for a Cambridge degree, as their representative on the governing body of Girton College. In 1906 she graduated MA, taking advantage of the offer of Trinity College, Dublin, between 1904 and 1907, to confer degrees on women with appropriate qualifications. She had returned to Girton in 1900 as librarian and registrar, becoming junior bursar in 1902. A woman of means, she was a quiet and generous donor, providing the college with small requisites of plants and books. She resigned in 1905 to live in her own home.

From 1892 to 1899, Miss Crewdson had her permanent home with her older brother, Wilson Crewdson (1856–1918) and his wife, Mary Bevan, in Reigate, Surrey. In 1899, she bought her own house, Homewood, Aspley Heath, near Woburn Sands in Bedfordshire. She furnished it with great taste and care, buying antique furniture, Japanese pictures and ornaments, some of these being curios from her travels abroad. She opened the house and its extensive garden during the summer months as an inexpensive holiday home for professional women, putting aside the small sums raised. On her death these amounted to £250, which she left to Girton College, resulting in the Frances Buss Loan Fund. Among her other benefactions to the college was a large piece of land to the north of the buildings, which she had purchased in 1902 to save it from housing development.

Her Quaker upbringing had instilled in Gertrude Crewdson a high sense of purpose and service. A teetotaller, she had firm principles, but never obtruded them on her associates. She supported the non-militant women's suffrage movement. She took a particular interest in the Quaker School for Artisans at Sibford, near Banbury. She travelled widely in Greece, Crete, Sweden, and Norway, but her first love was for Egypt and its ancient past. Characteristically, she took a course in Egyptology before spending a winter and spring in Khartoum. On her death, Girton was the recipient of her collection of Egyptian antiquities.

Gertrude Crewdson was active, to the point of being restless, all her life, an attribute consonant with her lifelong battle with tuberculosis, of which she died, at home, on 14 October 1913, at the early age of forty-one. A memorial brass was unveiled in her memory in the chapel at Girton College. Her successor as bursar, Eleanor Allen, when she died in 1929, bequeathed money to the college to found the Crewdson memorial prize for natural sciences.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a College administrator and benefactor.
- 11-Maria Waterhouse¹¹⁶ was born on 21 Feb 1834 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died on 11 Aug 1905 in Hastings, Sussex at age 71.
- 11-Katherine Waterhouse was born on 20 Apr 1836 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died in 1898 at age 62.

Katherine married George Tunstal Redmayne on 30 Jun 1870. George was born on 27 Dec 1840. They had two children: Martin and Leonard.

- 12-Martin Redmayne was born on 13 Nov 1871.
- 12-**Leonard Redmayne** was born in 1877.

Leonard married **Mildred Jackson**. Mildred was born in 1877. They had two children: **Dorothy** and **Geoffrey Brian**.

- 13-Dorothy Redmayne was born in 1904.
- 13-Geoffrey Brian Redmayne was born in 1906.
- 11-**Theodore Waterhouse**¹¹⁷ was born on 12 Apr 1838 in Aighurth, Liverpool and died in 1891 at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Solicitor and founder of Waterhouse & Co. In London.

11-William Waterhouse²⁶ was born on 29 Oct 1839 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died on 1 Oct 1869 at age 29.

William married Mary Janet Burges. 26 Mary was born in 1845 and died on 1 Oct 1868 at age 23.

11-**Edwin Waterhouse**^{1,9} was born on 4 Jun 1841 in Oakfield, Aigburth, Liverpool, died on 17 Sep 1917 in Feldemore at age 76, and was buried in Holmbury St Mary.

General Notes: Waterhouse, Edwin (1841'961917), accountant, was born on 4 June 1841 at Oakfield, Aigburth, Liverpool, the seventh and youngest child of Alfred Waterhouse senior (1798'961873), a partner in the firm of Nicholas Waterhouse & Sons, merchants and brokers of Liverpool, and his wife, Mary, née Bevan (1805'961880). He spent most of his childhood in the south of England at several family homes, including Sneyd Park, near Bristol, and various addresses in central London.

Having been taught by private tutors, and because his parents were committed members of the Society of Friends, in September 1855 Waterhouse entered University College School, a leading academy for dissenters. A diligent student, he won prizes in French and geometry, and two years later joined his elder brother Theodore (1838'961891) at University College, London, where he attended classes in mathematics, Greek, Latin, and English. He graduated in 1860 with second-class honours, but had made no decision about a future career. His elder brother Alfred Waterhouse (1830'961905) was already established as an architect, Theodore was to take articles as a solicitor, and Edwin, as he later recalled,

had allowed this important matter to be in abeyance. I knew nothing of business, and felt a dislike of the 'city' and ... the pale and anxious faces which I saw on my infrequent visits there. A doctor's career might have suited me, but I had no special bent in that way, and I feared a failure. (Memoirs, 68)

A chance introduction to William Turquand, a leading accountant, led to Waterhouse being articled to the City firm of Coleman, Turquand, Youngs & Co. in January 1861. There he learned the rudiments of bookkeeping and assisted with insolvencies and audits, but after three years of what he described as an 'apprenticeship' decided to set up on his own account. In February 1864 he took two rooms at 11 Old Jewry Chambers and wrote to business acquaintances of his father in order to seek employment. A major source of income during his first year in practice was the reorganization of the accounts of his brother, then a prominent architect in Manchester. While undertaking a cost-accounting assignment at John Fowler's steam plough works in Leeds, Waterhouse met William Holyland (1807'961882), a principal clerk of Turquand, who informed him that he was about to form a partnership with Samuel Lowell Price (1821'961887). Holyland suggested that he join them and, as Waterhouse wrote,

I had been doing very well for myself during the last few months, but the offer seemed to open out chances of quickly attaining a wider experience, whilst ensuring a more steady practice and affording me the advantages of assistance should I need it. (Memoirs, 81)

Thus, the firm of Price, Holyland, and Waterhouse was formed on 1 May 1865; Edwin, the youngest and least experienced, took a quarter-share in the profits.

Having leased prestigious offices in the Queens Assurance Company building at the corner of Gresham Street (no. 13, later 44) and King Street, the firm flourished from the outset. Unlike the first generation of accountancy firms which prospered as insolvency specialists, Price, Holyland, and Waterhouse gained a reputation as auditors largely as a result of Waterhouse's work for railway companies, banks, and financial institutions. His probity and insistence upon prudent conventions won him important audits, including the London and North Western, South Eastern, Metropolitan, and London, Brighton and South Coast railways. Waterhouse was so busy with these tasks that in 1883 he declined to serve as the auditor of the Midland Railway. In addition, he was appointed joint auditor of the National Provincial Bank of England (from 1880) and of the London and Westminster Bank, while the firm audited Lloyds Bank, the Gresham Life Assurance Society, Atlas Assurance, the Equity and Law Life Assurance Company, and the Foreign and Colonial Government Trust Company from its foundation in 1868. The rising fee income of the partnership was a measure of its commercial success. In the first year of operation it earned £9138, increasing to an average of £14,450 between 1870 and 1885, with peaks in 1870 (£18,070), 1876 (£17,135), and 1877 (£17,749). Fees rose appreciably after 1889 and during the following decade were in excess of £40,000 per annum. In 1887, on the death of Price, Edwin Waterhouse became senior partner (Holyland having retired in 1874) and, as was customary, took a lion's share of the profits. In 1896'967, for example, when £35,897 was available for distribution among the four partners, he received £21,000 (59 per cent). This level of income enabled him to build a substantial home in the country, Feldemore, at Holmbury St Mary, Abinger, near Dorking, Surrey, which was designed by his brother-in-law George Redmayne, the Manchester architect; he occupied the house from 1880 and progressively extended it during the 1890s. At his death he left an estate worth £257,780 gross, and it appeared that the greater part of his fortune had been earned from professional fees rather than share dealing or other forms of financial speculation. Waterhouse was also called upon to undertake a number of investigations by companies, institutions, and government bodies. In 1877 he devised a sliding scale for the Consett Iron Company, by which wages could be related to the sale price of iron; in 1889 he assisted Lancashire county council in allocating receipts and expenditure between boroughs and urban districts under the new Local Government Act; and in 1908 he reorganized the finances of the Underground Electric Railway of London. In 1887'968 Waterhouse, together with Frederick Whinney (1829'961916), produced a report on the accounting organization of the Woolwich arsenal for a parliamentary committee chaired by Lord Randolph Churchill. He was subsequently asked to conduct similar investigations into the Admiralty's dockyards (1888'969) and the Royal Ordnance factories (1901). A member of the 1894'965 Davey departmental committee on joint-stock companies, he was responsible for representing the profession's views, and the report which followed formed the basis for the Companies Act of 1900. When further change was considered, Waterhouse was invited to serve on the 1905'966 (Loreburn) committee, which, in turn, led to the Companies Act of 1907. However, despite these achievements, it would be wrong to view Waterhouse as one of the outstanding original thinkers of the profession. His talents lay not so much with the introduction of radical ideas as in the practical organization and running of a major City partnership. He had the social contacts to attract new clients, the ability to maintain established connections, and the judgement to select staff of youthful promise (he introduced a policy of recruiting prizewinners from the institute examinations).

Having been a founder member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) on its foundation in 1880, Waterhouse became active in its organization. Although he failed at the first attempt to be elected to the council, in 1887 he took the place formerly occupied by Price. In 1892, without having held the customary post of vice-president, he was elected president and served for two years. Not all of his presidential initiatives were successful, and his campaign to establish a professional monopoly, as exercised by legal and medical practitioners, did not meet with government approval. His presidency corresponded with the opening in 1893 of the ICAEW's purpose-built hall in Moorgate. He retired from the council in July 1915 after twenty-eight years' service.

Ernest Cooper (1848'961926), another eminent City accountant, reported that Waterhouse 'always showed me rather more courtesy than I deserved' (Cooper, 49), while Nicholas Waterhouse, Waterhouse's youngest son by his first marriage, observed that 'he never suffered a fool gladly but had a wonderful insight into character, and those who really knew him held him in the highest

respect and affection' (Waterhouse, Reminiscences, 3). An inability to tolerate any behaviour that might pass for slackness and his ingrained Quaker mores led to a prohibition of smoking. If Waterhouse 'found a pipe or pouch lying around in the office or in the audit room of a client, he thought nothing of throwing them on the fire but, then relenting, would compensate the offender with the price of a new outfit' (ibid., 102). He periodically suffered from the depression that had afflicted his mother in her later life, and a devotion to Christianity, together with a thorough commitment to his professional duties, may have served as defence against its onset.

In 1868 Waterhouse married Georgina, née Thöl (1848'961896); they had four daughters and two sons, William and Nicholas. Both boys joined Price Waterhouse as articled clerks, but William died suddenly of pneumonia in 1900 before taking his final examination; Nicholas qualified, was admitted to the partnership in 1906 on his father's retirement, and became the senior partner in 1945. In 1898, two years after the death of his first wife, Waterhouse married Helen Caroline, née Weber (1855'961941); they had one son, Theodore (1907'961976), who also worked for Price Waterhouse. Edwin Waterhouse died, aged seventy-six, at Feldemore, on 17 September 1917 and was buried in the parish churchyard at Holmbury St Mary.

Edgar Jones

Sources The memoirs of Edwin Waterhouse, ed. H. E. Jones (1988) · E. Jones, True and fair: a history of Price Waterhouse (1995) · J. R. Edwards, 'Waterhouse, Edwin', DBB · E. Cooper, 'Fifty-seven years in an accountant's office', Proceedings of the Autumnal Meeting [Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales] (1921), 49 · N. Waterhouse, Reminiscences, 1899'961960 (1961), 3 · d. cert.

Archives Price Waterhouse archives, Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London | Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales archives, London Likenesses J. Kopf, bronze relief, c.1898, PricewaterhouseCoopers, Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London; on loan from Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales · photograph, c.1907, PricewaterhouseCoopers [see illus.]

Wealth at death £257,780 3s. 6d.: probate, 23 Jan 1918, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Edgar Jones, 'Waterhouse, Edwin (1841'961917)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/47873

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant and Partner in Price Waterhouse & Co. In London.
- He worked as a President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants.

Edwin married **Georgine Emma Catharine Thöl**, ^{1,9} daughter of **Johann Philip Thöl** and **Agnes Augusta Popert**, on 3 Apr 1869. Georgine was born on 30 Oct 1848 and died in 1896 at age 48. They had six children: **Agnes Mary**, **Theresa**, **William**, **Nicholas Edwin**, **Ellen Penelope**, and **Gertrude Valentine**.

- 12-Agnes Mary Waterhouse was born on 14 Jun 1870 and died in 1883 at age 13.
- 12-Theresa Waterhouse was born on 15 Oct 1872.

Theresa married **Rev Jacob A. Forrest**. Rev was born in 1861. They had four children: **James, Andrew Bernard, John**, and **Jessie**.

- 13-James Forrest was born in 1900.
- 13-Andrew Bernard Forrest was born in 1901.
- 13-John Forrest was born in 1903.
- 13-Jessie Forrest was born in 1905.
- 12-William Waterhouse⁹ was born on 6 Dec 1874 and died in 1900 at age 26.
- 12-Sir Nicholas Edwin Waterhouse⁹ was born on 24 Aug 1877 and died on 28 Dec 1964 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant. Price Waterhouse & Co. In London.
- He worked as a President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants.

Nicholas married **Audrey Hale Lewin**. Audrey was born in 1883 and died in 1945 at age 62.

Nicholas next married Louise How.

- 12-Ellen Penelope Waterhouse was born in 1880.
- 12-Gertrude Valentine Waterhouse was born in 1884.

Edwin next married **Helen Caroline Weber**. Helen was born in 1855 and died in 1941 at age 86. They had one son: **Theodore**.

- 12-**Theodore Waterhouse**⁹ was born in 1907 and died in 1976 at age 69.
- 11-Sylvanus Bevan Waterhouse was born on 11 Apr 1844 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died on 14 Apr 1844.
- 10-Joseph Bevan was born on 10 Jan 1807 and died on 17 Aug 1833 at age 26.
- 10-Sylvanus Bevan was born on 8 May 1808 and died on 12 Feb 1826 at age 17.
- 10-Edward Bevan was born on 1 Nov 1809 and died on 12 Apr 1864 at age 54.

Edward married Maria Goodwin. Maria was born on 14 Dec 1818 and died on 21 May 1854 at age 35.

10-William Bevan¹⁷ was born on 4 Oct 1812 and died on 11 Oct 1876 at age 64.

General Notes: Features in the painting of The Anti-Slavery Society Convention, 1840, by Benjamin Robert Haydon

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Old Jewry, London.
- He had a residence in St. Stephen's Square, Bayswater.

William married Marie Sofia Read. Marie was born on 25 Jan 1835. They had five children: John Henry Paul, Antonia Rebecca, Mary Frances Adelaide, Constance Sofia, and Christine Elsie.

- 11-John Henry Paul Bevan was born on 29 Aug 1860.
- 11-Antonia Rebecca Bevan was born on 5 Aug 1862.
- 11-Mary Frances Adelaide Bevan was born on 4 Dec 1863.
 - 12-Brig. Wilson Theodore Oliver Crewdson was born on 8 Nov 1887 and died on 8 Dec 1961 at age 74.
 - 13-Wilson Peregrine Nicolas Crewdson was born in 1927 and died on 5 Jan 2014 at age 87.

- His obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph notices on 8 Jan 2014.
 - 14-Giles Wilson Mervyn Crewdson
 - 15-Minna Sophie Clare Crewdson
 - 15-Oliver Crewdson
 - 15-Lara Catherine Rose Crewdson

- 14-Diana Constance Mary Crewdson
 - 15-Venetia Margaret Clare Langley
 - 15-Edwina Chantal Elizabeth Langley
 - 15-Rose Katharine Lucy Langley
 - 16-Peregrine 'Reggie' Christopher Gordon Dashwood
- 14-Elizabeth Ann Joan Crewdson was born on 20 Apr 1961 and died on 17 Sep 1963 at age 2.
- 14-Virginia Clare Crewdson
- 13-Sarah Albinia Crewdson
 - 14-Anna Lucinda Dowson
 - 14-Robert Charles Manning Dowson
 - 14-Aurea Katherine Dowson
 - 15-Alexander Colville
 - 15-Oliver Colville
- 12-Capt. Roger Bevan Crewdson was born in 1893 in Reigate, Surrey and died on 16 Apr 1941 in Chelsea, London. Killed in enemy action at age 48.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: More than 1000 people lost their lives that night.
- 11-Constance Sofia Bevan was born on 25 Apr 1865.
- 11-Christine Elsie Bevan was born on 20 Apr 1867.
- 10-Samuel Bevan¹⁷ was born on 12 May 1816 and died on 22 Oct 1868 at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Rosewood in Pangbourne, Berkshire.

Samuel married Caroline Brooks. Caroline was born on 28 Sep 1819.

9-Anne Capper^{1,5,8,135,136,137,138} was born on 20 Sep 1784 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 20 Mar 1850 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 65.

Anne married **Thomas Robson**, 1.5,8,135,137,138 son of **Stephen Robson** and **Ann Awmack**, on 12 Oct 1803. Thomas was born on 20 Jan 1779 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 14 Apr 1853 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 74. They had nine children: **Rebecca, Hannah, Anne, Edward Capper, Mary, Sarah, Katharine, Frances**, and **Octavia**.

- He worked as a Draper in Sunderland, County Durham.
 - 10-**Rebecca Robson**¹³⁵ was born on 31 Jul 1805 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 25 Apr 1868 at age 62.

Rebecca married **Dearman Robson**, ^{88,135} son of **Edward Robson**^{5,9,15,139} and **Elizabeth Dearman**, ^{5,15} on 10 Aug 1826. Dearman was born on 13 May 1794 and died on 15 Dec 1854 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 60. They had three children: **Elizabeth Anne, Edward**, and **Katharine**.

- 11-Elizabeth Anne Robson⁴⁹ was born on 27 Jan 1829 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 14 Nov 1905 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria at age 76.
- 11-Edward Robson was born on 17 Aug 1830 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 19 Mar 1832 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 1.
- 11-Katharine Robson^{5,107} was born on 30 Jan 1832 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 16 May 1919 in Easdale House, Grasmere, Cumbria at age 87.

Katharine married **William Henry Hills**, 5,107 son of **John Hills** 3,38 and **Isabella Davy**, 38 on 16 Aug 1860. William was born on 16 May 1831 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 29 Dec 1918 in Easdale House, Grasmere, Cumbria at age 87. They had two children: **Christina Dearman** and **Mildred**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bookseller in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Easdale House, Grasmere, Cumbria.
 - 12-Christina Dearman Hills was born on 28 Mar 1863 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Ambleside, Cumbria.
- 12-Mildred Hills was born on 1 Feb 1866 and died on 2 Feb 1866.
- 10-Hannah Robson⁴² was born on 2 Feb 1807 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 25 Feb 1877 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 70.

Hannah married **Edward Dodshon**, ^{42,43} son of **John Dodshon**, and **Mary**, on 27 Dec 1838. Edward was born on 16 Apr 1806 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 10 Apr 1869 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 62. They had two children: **Frances** and **Edward**.

11-Frances Dodshon⁴⁴ was born on 20 Feb 1841.

Frances married **Frederick Williams**, 44 son of **John Williams** and **Hannah Cooke**, 44 on 21 May 1863. Frederick was born on 6 Jul 1835 in Dudley, Staffordshire and died in 1903 at age 68. They had four children: **Constance**, **Reginald**, **Ada Mary**, and **Mabel**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1848-1850 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Metal Broker in Darlington, County Durham.
 - 12-Constance Williams was born on 23 Mar 1864.
 - 12-**Reginald Williams** was born on 25 May 1865.
 - 12-Ada Mary Williams was born on 21 Jun 1867.
 - 12-Mabel Williams was born on 27 Jan 1870.
- 11-Edward Dodshon was born on 20 Feb 1841.

Edward married Clara Cecilia Nicholson on 6 Dec 1874 in Galatz. Clara died on 15 Apr 1883 in Rouen, France.

10-Anne Robson^{15,97} was born on 5 Oct 1810 and died on 16 Mar 1869 in West Hendon House, Sunderland at age 58.

Anne married **Thomas James Backhouse**, 15,18,35,78,80,97,140,141 son of **Edward Backhouse** 15,37,120,142,143 and **Mary Robson**, 15,37,143 on 22 Nov 1855 in Sunderland, County Durham. Thomas

was born on 24 Apr 1810 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 29 Jul 1857 in Seaton Carew, County Durham at age 47.

General Notes: **29 July 1857, Wed:**heard that Thomas James Backhouse had died suddenly at Seaton this morning.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Coal Owner.

10-**Edward Capper Robson**^{1,5,8,137,144} was born on 12 Sep 1812 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 10 May 1893 in 2 The Esplanade, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham at age 80, and was buried on 13 May 1893 in FBG Sunderland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Founder of E. C. Robson, Millers in 1844 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Edward married **Hannah Garbutt Mennell**,^{5,144} daughter of **Isaac Mennell**,^{5,8,37,78,83,137,145} and **Martha Dearman**,^{5,8,37,78,83,137,145} on 23 Mar 1842. Hannah was born on 27 Feb 1817 in Scarborough, Yorkshire, died on 7 Dec 1846 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 29, and was buried in FBG Sunderland. They had two children: **Thomas** and **Emma Dorothea**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1831-Jun 1832 in York, Yorkshire.
 - 11-**Thomas Robson** was born on 28 Jan 1843 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 30 Jul 1868 at age 25.
 - 11-Emma Dorothea Robson was born on 7 Jul 1844 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Apr 1854-Dec 1859 in York, Yorkshire.

Edward next married **Priscilla Tuke**, 1,5,8,137,146 daughter of **Samuel Tuke** 1,5,8,9,15,47,80,88,129,135,137,141,146,147,148,149 and **Priscilla Hack**, 5,8,9,15,135,137,141,146,149 on 15 Apr 1852 in FMH York. Priscilla was born on 31 Jan 1817 in York, Yorkshire, died on 23 Oct 1879 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 62, and was buried on 27 Oct 1879 in Sunderland, County Durham. They had five children: **Stephen Edward, Priscilla Maria, Florence, Frank**, and **Arnold Henry**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Mar 1831-Dec 1833 in York, Yorkshire.
- 11-Stephen Edward Robson was born on 11 May 1853 in 14 John Street, Sunderland, County Durham.

Stephen married Mary Louisa Trewhitt, daughter of John Trewhitt. They had one daughter: Mabel Awmack.

- 12-Mabel Awmack Robson was born on 16 Apr 1884.
- 11-Priscilla Maria Robson was born on 29 Jul 1854 in 14 John Street, Sunderland, County Durham and died after 1911 in Tormoham, Torquay, Devon.
- 11-**Florence Robson** was born on 15 Apr 1856 in 2 The Esplanade, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died on 14 Jan 1863 at age 6.
- 11-**Frank Robson** was born on 30 May 1857 in 2 The Esplanade, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham, died on 30 Mar 1908 in Faverdale Hall, Darlington, County Durham at age 50, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Flour Miller and Manager of E. C. Robson in Darlington, County Durham.

Frank married **Hannah Isabella Watson**. Hannah was born in 1864, died on 26 May 1936 at age 72, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: **William, Dulcibel, Edward Capper, Francis Favell**, and **Roland Reginald**.

- 12-William Robson was born in 1885.
- 12-**Dulcibel Robson** was born in 1886.
- 12-Edward Capper Robson was born in 1887.
- 12-Francis Favell Robson was born in 1889.
- 12-Roland Reginald Robson was born in 1890 and died after 1952.

General Notes: In the Sunderland County Court.No. 1 of 1952.In the Matter of BANQUET CATERING COMPANY Limited and in the Matter of the CompaniesAct, 1948.NOTICE is hereby given that a Petition for thewinding up of the above-named Company by theCounty Court of Sunderland was, on the 17th dayof January, 1952, presented to the said Court byE. C. Robson & Sons Limited whose registered officeis situate at 40, St. Mary Axe, London, E.C.2, byRoland Reginald Robson of 19, Thornhill ParkSunderland in the County of Durham a Directorin the said Company. And that the said Petitionis directed to be heard before the Court sitting atthe Court House, John Street, Sunderland on theSixth day of February, 1952, and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to supporter oppose the making of an order on the said Peti-tion may appear at the time of hearing in personor by his Solicitor or Counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the Petition will be furnished by theundersigned to any creditor or contributory of thesaid Company requiring such copy on payment of the regulated charge for the same.— Dated this 18th day of January, 1952.McKENZIE BELL & SONS, 66, John Street, Sunderland, Solicitors.NOTE.— Any person who intends to appear on thehearing of the said Petition must serve on or sendby post to the above-named, notice in writing of hisintention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person, or, if a firm, the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by theperson or firm, or his or their solicitor (if any), andmust be served, or if posted, must be sent by post insufficient time to reach the above-named not laterthan six o'clock in the afternoon of the Fifth dayof February, 1952

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1952 in 19, Thornhill Park, Sunderland.
- 11-Arnold Henry Robson was born on 31 Mar 1859 in 2 The Esplanade, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died in 1892 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 33.

General Notes: Was visiting GeorgeStacye Gibson & his wife Elizabeth in Saffron Walden at the time of the 1881 Census RG11/1818

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Law student in 1881.

10-Mary Robson was born on 4 Jul 1814.

Mary married **William Harle Hargrave**, son of **Joseph Hargrave** and **Phoebe**, on 13 Apr 1843. William was born on 11 Aug 1820 and died on 30 Nov 1888 in Maidstone, Kent at age 68. They had three children: **Emily Swaine**, **Ellen**, and **Walter Harle**.

- He worked as a Paper manufacturer in Tovil Upper Mills, Maidstone, Kent.
 - 11-**Emily Swaine Hargrave** was born on 29 Jan 1844.
 - 11-Ellen Hargrave was born in Sep 1845 and died on 9 Jan 1889 at age 43.
 - 11-Walter Harle Hargrave was born on 30 Dec 1846.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Beer Retailer in 5 Montpelier Street, Walworth, London.
- 10-Sarah Robson was born on 19 Oct 1816 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 24 Apr 1883 in Charlottesville, Virginia, USA at age 66.

Sarah married **William Thompson,** son of **Thomas Thompson**⁵ and **Frances Phillips**, on 9 Feb 1843. William was born on 31 Jul 1813 in Liverpool and died on 23 Apr 1883 in Charlottesville, Virginia, USA at age 69. They had two children: **Thomas Phillips** and **Theodore**.

11-**Thomas Phillips Thompson** was born on 25 Nov 1843.

Thomas married Delia Florence Fisher. They had four children: Clara Florence, William Phillips, Laura Beatrice, and Edith Maud.

- 12-Clara Florence Thompson was born on 2 Feb 1873.
- 12-William Phillips Thompson was born on 4 Jan 1876 and died on 25 Feb 1880 at age 4.
- 12-Laura Beatrice Thompson was born on 13 Mar 1878.
- 12-**Edith Maud Thompson** was born on 31 Jan 1881.
- 11-**Theodore Thompson** was born on 2 Sep 1846 and died on 17 Jun 1874 at age 27.

Theodore married **Harriet Groves**. They had two children: **William Theodore** and **Hatty Sarah**.

- 12-William Theodore Thompson was born on 4 Jan 1873.
- 12-Hatty Sarah Thompson was born on 24 Jan 1875.
- 10-**Katharine Robson** was born on 15 Oct 1817 and died in Nov 1817.
- 10-Frances Robson was born on 15 Oct 1817 and died in Nov 1817.
- 10-Octavia Robson was born in 1828 and died in 1829 at age 1.
- 9-Jasper Capper⁴ was born on 8 Jan 1786 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 29 May 1786 in Gracechurch Street, London.
- 9-Jasper Capper 4,5,19,88,150 was born on 21 Apr 1787 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 4 Feb 1855 in Newington Common (Given as 1st February in the Annual Monitor) at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper & Warehouseman in Gracechurch Street, London.
- He had a residence in 1844 in Watling Street, All Hallows, London.

Jasper married Mary Cawthorne, ^{4,5,19,150} daughter of William Cawthorne and Elizabeth, on 20 Jul 1809 in FMH Westminster. Mary was born on 14 Mar 1785 in (1789 Also Given) and died on 17 Aug 1870 in Shirley, Southampton, Hampshire at age 85. They had 12 children: William Jasper, Mark, Cawthorne, Alfred, Henry, George, Caroline, Elizabeth Anne, Emily, Samuel James, Octavius, and Edmund.

10-William Jasper Capper⁴ was born on 11 May 1810 in York Place, Islington or Lombard St., London and died in 1891 in Hexham, Northumberland at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.

- He worked as a Linen & Canvas agent in 1871.
- He resided at 9 St Thomas Street in 1871 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

William married **Jane Hall**⁴ on 3 Mar 1834. Jane was born about 1819 in South Shields, County Durham and died on 15 Jan 1858 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland about age 39. They had five children: **Edward Hall, Jessie, Mary Elizabeth, Cawthorne Jasper**, and **Frank**.

11-Edward Hall Capper was born on 5 Jun 1839 in Clerkenwell, London, died on 8 Apr 1883 in Rohallion, Newcastle, New South Wales, Australia at age 43, and was buried on 10 Apr 1883 in Sandgate Cemetery, Newcastle, New South Wales, Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Cardiff, Glamorgan, Wales.
- He worked as a Shipowner. E. H. Capper & Co. In 5 Mount Stuart Square, Cardiff, Glamorgan, Wales.
- He had a residence in 14 Buckland Crescent, Belsize Park, London.
- He worked as a Ship and Insurance broker in London.
- He emigrated to Sydney, New South Wales, Australia before 1867.
- He worked as a Ship broker and Commission agent, in partnership with Robert Barclay Wallace in 1867.
- Death Notice: Sydney Morning Herald, 16 Apr 1883, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

Edward married Emma Brooks.

- 11-Jessie Capper was born on 9 Jan 1841 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 26 Nov 1856 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 15.
- 11-Mary Elizabeth Capper was born on 18 May 1842 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Mary married William Jeffrey Elliott on 13 Aug 1872. William was born on 5 Jun 1842 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire. They had two children: Jessie Mary and Thomas Frank Capper.

- 12-Jessie Mary Elliott was born on 5 Jun 1873.
- 12-**Thomas Frank Capper Elliott**¹⁵¹ was born on 26 May 1880 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 25 Jun 1963 in Pahiatua, New Zealand at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

He emigrated to New Zealand.

Thomas married **Ethel Marie Knyvett** in 1903. Ethel was born in 1885 and died on 27 Jan 1960 in Pahiatua, New Zealand at age 75. They had six children: **Nancibell Mary Ida, Jessie Lorna Winifred, Frank Edward, Charles Cawthorne, Mildred**, and **Keith**.

- 13-Nancibell Mary Ida Elliott was born on 16 Jun 1904 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand and died in 1939 in London at age 35.
- 13-Jessie Lorna Winifred Elliott was born on 8 Feb 1906 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand.
- 13-Frank Edward Elliott was born on 18 Dec 1907 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand.
- 13-Charles Cawthorne Elliott was born on 2 Jun 1909 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand and died on 22 Feb 1964 in Pahiatua, New Zealand at age 54.
- 13-Mildred Elliott was born on 13 Feb 1913 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand.
- 13-Rev. Keith Elliott VC¹⁵¹ was born on 25 Apr 1916 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand and died on 7 Oct 1989 in Te Omanga Hospice, Lower Hutt, New Zealand at age 73.

General Notes: Keith Elliott was born (auspiciously) on 25 April 1916 in the backblocks settlement of Apiti, north-east of Feilding, the eighth of nine children of Thomas Frank Capper Elliott, a farmer, and his wife, Ethel Marie Knyvett. His first years were spent in Apiti; then the family lived in Feilding and on a succession of poor farms in the vicinity. Practical, keen

on sport, but not academic, Keith was sent to Feilding Agricultural High School, where the headmaster, L. J. Wild, made a deep impression on him. Commencing farm work in 1933, in 1935 he became manager of a 96-acre family farm at Marima, near Pahiatua.

Four rough years, scraping out a living on the farm, were brought to an abrupt end with the outbreak of the Second World War. Elliott immediately enlisted in the Second New Zealand Expeditionary Force. He left New Zealand on 1 May 1940 with the 2nd Echelon as a private in the 22nd Battalion. After serving in England, he went with the battalion to the Middle East and took part in the fighting in Greece and Crete. Zest for life and a certain reckless jollity helped Elliott and his mates to survive in difficult conditions. Following the evacuation from Crete, he fought in the North African campaign. Now a sergeant, he was part of a group captured at Bardia (Al Bardi) on 27 November 1941, but was liberated early in January 1942. He then went with the division to Syria, where he was hospitalised with malaria.

On 15 July 1942, back in North Africa, his battalion was attacked by German tanks at Ruweisat. Elliott led his platoon to the cover of a ridge, where it re-formed. Under heavy fire, he then led seven men in a bayonet charge across open ground, seizing four machine-gun posts and an anti-tank gun. Coming under fire from another gun post, he charged and captured it on his own. Although badly wounded, he led his men to friendly lines and handed over 130 prisoners. For displaying 'great personal courage and leadership' during the action he was awarded the Victoria Cross.

Elliott was commissioned second lieutenant in May 1943. He was sent home in July that year and was discharged in December. Welcomed with great acclaim in the Pahiatua district, he remained modest and unassuming – a good Kiwi bloke. He resumed farming and on 2 February 1944, in Hastings, married Margaret Rachel Markham, whom he had met before the war. The couple began married life on a rehabilitation farm; they would have five children.

Elliott was an honest mix of toughness, hard drinking and earnest praying, but he now made a remarkable transition, becoming an Anglican clergyman. He was encouraged to enter the ministry by Michael Underhill, a former army chaplain, who assured him it was the best way to help his community. Elliott commenced training at College House, Christchurch, in February 1946; he was ordained deacon in 1947 and priest in 1948. His first curacy was at All Saints', Palmerston North, where he once stunned the congregation during a sermon by wheeling his bicycle into the church to illustrate his need for a car.

After serving as the first chaplain of the military training conscripts, he was sent in 1950 to assist Harry Squires at the Wellington City Mission. In 1952 he was appointed vicar of the isolated parochial district of Pongaroa, south-east of Pahiatua, where he was responsible for the building of a new church at Makuri. He became vicar of Pohangina (including Ashhurst and Bunnythorpe) in 1956. His idiosyncratic style of ministry included blunt remarks, preemptory decisions, and very practical aid – such as milking the cows of sick parishioners. His approach to fund-raising was also practical: using a trailer, he collected rags, dags and beer bottles from around the parish.

Elliott never grew accustomed to consultative decision-making and on the spur of the moment during one synod volunteered to join the Maori mission. In 1959 he was placed in the Wainui-a-rua pastorate, based at Raetihi, and in 1963 he was sent to the sprawling pastorate of Aotea—Kurahaupo, based in Putiki, Wanganui. Good nature and bluntness won him Maori friends despite his ignorance of the language.

In May 1966 Elliott returned to Wellington as assistant city missioner under Walter Arnold, a well-known pacifist. Although he made a significant contribution, he was eventually transferred out of the mission because of differences with the authorities over administering benefits. In 1973 he was appointed vicar of Makara and Karori West, and in 1977 he walked the length of New Zealand to raise money for a new church at Karori. He and his wife retired to Raumati in April 1981.

In 1967 Elliott wrote his autobiography, *From cowshed to dogcollar*, with the help of Rona Adshead. For some 40 years after the war he spent most of his birthdays away from home, speaking at Anzac Day services. He died of cancer on 7 October 1989 at the Te Omanga Hospice, Lower Hutt, survived by his wife and children. His down-to-earth honesty, modesty and no-nonsense faith impressed all who knew him.

Keith married Margaret Rachel Markham.

11-Cawthorne Jasper Capper⁴ was born in 1844 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and was christened on 31 Jul 1844 in St. Andrew's, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ayton School 1856 To 1858 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.
- 11-Frank Capper⁴ was born on 7 Aug 1847 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, was christened on 6 Sep 1847 in St. Andrew's, Newcastle upon Tyne, and died in Mar 1872 in Drowned At Sea at age 24.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ayton School 1857 To 1859 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a 1st Mate, Merchant Seaman in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

William next married **Jane Couper**⁴ on 17 Oct 1866. Jane was born on 24 Apr 1819 in South Shields, County Durham, was christened on 20 May 1819, and died in 1890 at age 71. They had no children.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Her first husband was named James Ritchie.

10-Mark Capper^{4,26,42,105} was born on 4 Nov 1811 in York Place, Islington and died on 28 Jul 1874 in Millbrook, Southampton, Hampshire at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.

Mark married **Ellen Compton**, 4.26 daughter of **Samuel Compton**, and **Elizabeth Metford**, on 14 Feb 1838. Ellen was born on 14 May 1819 and died on 23 Dec 1873 in Millbrook, Southampton, Hampshire (22nd also given) at age 54. They had 15 children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), (No Given Name), Ellen, Edith, Kate, Mark, Mary, Hugh, Ethel, Jasper, (No Given Name), Bertha, Mabel, and Paul.

- 11-Capper was born in 1838 and died in Still born.
- 11-Capper was born in 1839 and died in Still born.
- 11-Capper was born in 1840 and died in Still born.
- 11-Ellen Capper was born on 4 Sep 1841.

Ellen married William Wilks Waddington, son of John Waddington and Mary Abbott, on 20 Oct 1863. William was born on 27 Mar 1835. They had nine children: Ellen, Pomfrett, Hilda, Quintin, Hal, Jessie, John Jarl, Margaret, and Abbott Ralph.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Brasenose College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Schoolmaster.
 - 12-Ellen Waddington was born on 20 Jun 1864.
 - 12-**Rev. Pomfrett Waddington** was born on 14 May 1865 and was christened on 9 Apr 1871 in Eling, Hampshire.
 - 12-**Hilda Waddington** was born on 27 Jun 1866 and was christened on 9 Apr 1871 in Eling, Hampshire.
 - 12-Quintin Waddington was born on 2 Nov 1867 and was christened on 9 Apr 1871 in Eling, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FSA.
- He worked as a Curator of the Guildhall Museum in London.

Quintin married **Maud Mary Hewitt**, daughter of **William Henry Hewitt** and **Mary**, in 1902 in Samford, Suffolk. Maud was born in Copdock, Suffolk and was christened on 22 Jun 1870 in Holy Trinity, Paddington, London. They had one son: **James Hilary Sheffield**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Ditchling, Sussex.

General Notes: Was she a sister to William Henry Hewitt (1884-1966) VC?

13-James Hilary Sheffield Waddington was born on 21 Sep 1903 and died on 25 Jul 1989 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MBE FSA.
- He worked as an Archaeologist with the Department of Antiquities in 1932-1935 in Palestine.
- He worked as a Superintendent, Department of Archaeology North Western Circle in New Delhi, India.

James married **Ruth Elizabeth Florence Pollard**, daughter of **Evelyn Richard Hugh Pollard** and **Mary Emma Johnson**, on 30 Jul 1932. Ruth was born on 4 Aug 1905 and died on 10 Mar 1978 at age 72. They had three children: **Richard Hewitt Northcote**, **Martin Roger Capper**, and **Georgina Mary Fulton**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Viners Wood House, Painswick, Gloucestershire.

14-Richard Hewitt Northcote Waddington

Richard married Clare Leslie Stanhope Lovell. They had two children: Edward Martin Bain and Samantha Jaqueline Helen.

- 15-Edward Martin Bain Waddington
- 15-Samantha Jaqueline Helen Waddington

Richard next married Theresa Lord.

14-Martin Roger Capper Waddington was born on 5 Feb 1941 and died on 27 Jul 1949 at age 8.

14-Georgina Mary Fulton Waddington

Georgina married Göran Gabriel Malmström on 27 Sep 1963. Göran was born on 27 Jun 1936 and died on 17 Apr 2006 at age 69. They had four children: Bridget Kjerstin Mary, Ann Louise Fulton, Magnus Martin Gabriel Fulton, and Karl William Brooke.

15-Bridget Kjerstin Mary Malmström

Bridget married Jeffrey David Bickford. They had three children: William Jeffrey, Alexander Karl, and Elisabeth Mary Agneta.

- 16-William Jeffrey Bickford
- 16-Alexander Karl Bickford
- 16-Elisabeth Mary Agneta Bickford

15-Ann Louise Fulton Malmström

Ann married **Philippe Fanac**. They had two children: **Tiffany** and **Charles Emile**.

- 16-Tiffany Fanac
- **16-Charles Emile Fanac**

15-Magnus Martin Gabriel Fulton Malmström

Magnus married Asa Margareta Lidman. They had two children: Mathilda Mary Louise and Viktoria Emma Georgina.

- 16-Mathilda Mary Louise Malmström
- 16-Viktoria Emma Georgina Malmström

15-Karl William Brooke Malmström

12-Hal Waddington was born on 25 Mar 1869 in Southampton, Hampshire, was christened on 9 Apr 1871 in Eling, Hampshire, and died in 1933 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea Planter in Wayanad, Kerala, India.

Hal married **Mary Ellen Warner**,⁴⁰ daughter of **Conrad Warner**^{40,153} and **Mary Capper**,^{40,153} on 13 Sep 1901 in Bombay, India. Mary was born on 16 Jul 1879 in Winchmore Hill, London. They had two children: **Conrad Hal** and (**No Given Name**).

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895-Dec 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

13-**Prof. Conrad Hal Waddington**⁹ was born on 8 Nov 1905 in Evesham, Worcestershire and died on 26 Sep 1975 in Newington Cottage, 15 Blacket Place, Edinburgh, Scotland at age 69

General Notes: Waddington, Conrad Hal (1905-1975), geneticist and embryologist, was born in Evesham on 8 November 1905, the only son and elder child of Hal Waddington, a tea planter, and his wife, Mary Ellen Warner, who both came from long established Quaker families. Not only were they first cousins but so also were Mary Ellen's parents. Waddington spent his early years in India where his father was a tea planter in Madras. He returned to England at the age of four to live first with an aunt and uncle in the shadow of Bredon Hill, and then with his grandmother in Evesham. She and an elderly member of the Quaker meeting in Evesham, a Dr [Thomas] Doeg, were the main influences on him as a child. He describes the latter as 'almost the last surviving real ... scientist. By that I mean that he reckoned to deal with the whole of science' (cited in Robertson, 576).

From his preparatory school, Aymestrey House, Malvern Link, Waddington won a scholarship to Clifton College, followed by another to Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge, where he took a first class in part two of the natural sciences tripos in geology (1926). He chose geology 'because it seemed that becoming an oil geologist would be a good way of earning a living' (cited in Robertson, 578). However, his interests were many sided and he held at the same time an 1851 studentship in palaeontology and an Arnold Gerstenberg studentship in philosophy (1927). Gradually his interests moved towards evolutionary biology and genetics, partly due to the influence of his friend Gregory Bateson, son of William Bateson, who introduced genetics into Britain. Waddington worked for two years on the systematics of fossil ammonites but preferred to study living organisms and he published on the genetics of

Cambridge Morris Men. He led the group on several tours and is said to have collected several morris dances which would otherwise have disappeared.

By 1930 Waddington had become interested in the work of Hans Spemann who had demonstrated induction in amphibia, that is, the ability of one group of cells in the embryo to influence the development of adjacent cells. Experimental grafts could lead to the development of a whole new nervous system. In 1930 Waddington approached Honor B. Fell, the director of the Strangeways Research Laboratory, Cambridge, with the aim of using chick embryos to study induction. His skills in operating on embryos were immediately evident and he soon demonstrated induction in the chick. He was a fellow of Christ's College, Cambridge, from 1934 to 1945.

sixth son of the fourth earl of Harewood. The couple had one son, Jake. In these early graduate years, Waddington, who was heavily built but light on his feet, was squire of the

germination in stocks (1929) and a mathematical paper on genetics with J. B. S. Haldane (1931). In 1926 Waddington married Cecil Elizabeth (Lass), daughter of Cecil Henry Lascelles,

Waddington's first marriage was dissolved in 1936. In the same year, on 8 August, he married (Margaret) Justin Blanco White (b. 1911/12), daughter of George Rivers Blanco White, recorder of Croydon. She was an architect, and through her Waddington's social circle grew to include figures from the contemporary arts, including Henry Moore, Ben Nicolson, Walter Gropius, and Laszlo Moholy-Nagy. Two daughters were born: Caroline became a social anthropologist, Dusa a mathematician.

In the mid-1930s Waddington, in collaboration with Joseph Needham, tried to identify the chemical nature of the inducing signal (work for which he was awarded the first Albert Brachet prize in 1936). He developed a number of concepts in relation to induction, the most significant being that of competence, which refers to the period during which cells can respond to an inducing signal. This interest eventually petered out, partly due to the coming of the Second World War and partly because it was discovered that many substances could mimic some of the properties of inducers.

Waddington was among the first in Britain to try to bring together embryology and genetics. He strongly supported the views of the American geneticist T. H. Morgan and stated that the fundamental agents that brought about embryonic development were the genes, and that the only satisfactory theory of embryology must be a theory of how the activities of genes were controlled. He summarized his views in his book Organisers and Genes (1940). He here defined epigenetics as the causal analysis of development and introduced a visual analogy of developmental pathways-the epigenetic landscape down which a developmental ball could run, being guided by the hills and valleys.

Waddington joined the operational research section at RAF Coastal Command during the war. In 1947 he was appointed to the chair of animal genetics at Edinburgh, which he combined with a post of geneticist for the Agricultural Research Council. He found there in 1947 an almost empty laboratory in which he created one of the largest genetics departments in the world. In addition to the animal breeding group, there were units with diverse financial support devoted to mutagenesis, protozoan genetics, and radiation mutagenesis in small animals. Waddington himself returned to his main interest in evolution and development. His book The Principles of Embryology (1956) was an essential text for a whole generation of young developmental biologists.

Waddington was convinced that the evolution of organisms must be regarded as the evolution of developmental systems. In this area he is particularly well known for his ideas on genetic assimilation and canalization which are summarized in The Strategy of the Genes (1957). Canalization is the buffering of developmental pathways, so that if development is

perturbed slightly it will nevertheless regulate back to normality. Genetic assimilation refers to the situation in which an organism has a genetically determined adaptive response to an external stimulus, the response then becoming established in the population in the absence of the external stimulus. He reported some remarkable experiments on the fruit fly *Drosophila* that supported these ideas.

Waddington played a major role in the organization of the International Biological Programme and it supported his four influential meetings on theoretical biology held in Bellagio, Italy. These brought together for the first time a diverse group of theoreticians and opened up new ways of thinking about development. The French mathematician René Thom tried, for example, to apply the mathematical concepts of catastrophe theory to developmental processes. Waddington was influenced by the philosopher Whitehead and was not persuaded that attempts to reduce biology to precise statements about molecules were the only true path to understanding. He remained interested in the arts and in philosophy and among his publications in 1969 was Behind Appearance, a study of modern art, in which he drew parallels between art and science. In 1972 he contributed to the Gifford lectures 'The nature of mind'. He tried to apply ideas about evolution to ethical issues. The fact that we are animals capable of thinking about ethics was for him itself a product of evolution. He argued that an examination of the direction of evolution could provide us with the criteria from which we could judge whether any ethical system was fulfilling its function. In his last years he was much interested in the future of human society and was a founder member of the Club of Rome.

Waddington became bald at the age of twenty-one and this, coupled with his erudition, caused many people to think that he was much older than he actually was. His interests remained wide-ranging and he loved both the visual arts and jazz. He was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1947 and of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, in 1948. He was appointed CBE in 1958. He held honorary degrees from Montreal (1958), Trinity College, Dublin (1965), Prague (1966), Aberdeen (1966), Geneva (1968), and Cincinnati (1971). Waddington died on 26 September 1975 outside his Edinburgh home, Newington Cottage, 15 Blacket Place. He was survived by his wife.

Alan Robertson, rev. L. Wolpert

Sources

A. Robertson, Memoirs FRS, 23 (1977), 575-622 · WWW · CCI (1976) · m. cert. (1936)

Archives

Bodl. Oxf., corresp. with C. D. Darlington · Rice University, Houston, Texas, Woodson Research Center, corresp. with Sir Julian Huxley · RS, corresp. with Sir F. C. Bawden Likenesses

photograph, repro. in Robertson, Memoirs FRS

Wealth at death

£31,419.60: confirmation, 12 Jan 1976, CCI

© Oxford University Press 2004-14 All rights reserved: see legal notice Alan Robertson, 'Waddington, Conrad Hal (1905-1975)', rev. L. Wolpert, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/31790

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE FRS FRSE.
- He worked as a Biologist, Paleontologist, Geneticist and Embryologist.
- He worked as a Professor of animal genetics at Edinburgh.

Conrad married Cecil Elizabeth Lascelles, daughter of Cecil Henry Lascelles and Euphemia Carr Robinson, on 11 Jul 1927. The marriage ended in divorce in 1936. Cecil was born on 29 May 1894 and died on 6 Mar 1977 at age 82. They had one son: C. Jake.

14-Prof. C. Jake Waddington

Conrad next married **Margaret Justin Blanco White**, daughter of **George Rivers Blanco White** and **Amber Pember Reeves**, on 8 Aug 1936. Margaret was born on 11 Dec 1911 and died on 1 Nov 2001 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 89. They had two children: **Caroline** and **Margaret Dusa**.

General Notes: Miss) Margaret Justin Blanco White was born on 11 December 1911. She came from an intellectually distinguished family. Her father, George Rivers Blanco White, was a lawyer who defended suffragettes and 'Irish conspirators'. He was called to the Bar in 1936. Her mother was the writer Amber Pember Reeves who had connections with New Zealand. From September 1929 she studied at the Architectural Association in London. In 1931 she was awarded a travelling scholarship by the AA with which she visited Austria. In 1932 she travelled in Russia and Germany and the following year, 1933, she was Henry Jarvis Student and she made a study tour of France. She sat the RIBA final examination in July 1934. It is not yet clear where she worked from 1934-38 but in 1936 she married Conrad Hal Waddington. He was a lecturer in Genetics and Fellow at Christs College Cambridge. The couple had two daughters. In the period 1938-39 she worked in an office in the United States. She was elected ARIBA in 1939, her proposers being Howard Robertson, E Maxwell Fry and C Dudley Harbron. At the time of her application she was working in an office in Hull. Her home address (perhaps she worked from there as well?) was Morton Hall, near Liberton. In the late 1940s (?) Margaret took post with the Civil Service post in Edinburgh.

In the Queen's Birthday Honours in June 1973 she was awarded the OBE for her work as superintending architect of the Scottish Office. She pioneered development work in standards for low-cost housing and contributed to the design of houses for old people. She wrote what was to become a definitive work on the design of hospital casualty and out-patient departments, a book later used all over the United Kingdom.

By 1987 she had retired and moved to Italy. She died on 1 November 2001 in Cambridge. Her husband had died in 1975. She was survived by her daughters, Dame Caroline Humphrey, an anthropologist and Professor Margaret Dusa Waddington McDuff, a mathematician, both of whom are highly distinguished in their fields.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Architect.
- She was awarded with ARIBA OBE.

14-Dame Caroline Waddington

Caroline married **Nicholas Humphrey**. They had no children.

Caroline next married Prof. Martin Rees Baron Rees of Ludlow.

14-Prof. Margaret Dusa Waddington

Margaret married David W. McDuff. They had one daughter: (No Given Name).

15-McDuff

Margaret next married **John Willard Milnor**. They had one son: (**No Given Name**).

15-Milnor

- 13-Waddington
- 12-**Jessie Waddington** was born on 31 Mar 1870.
- 12-John Jarl Waddington was born on 20 Nov 1871 and died in 1909 at age 38.

John married Margaret Muriel Stewart Helder.

- 12-Margaret Waddington was born on 22 Apr 1873.
- 12-**Abbott Ralph Waddington** was born on 19 May 1875.
- 11-Edith Capper¹⁰⁵ was born on 18 Jul 1844 and died on 25 May 1917 in Chiswick, London at age 72.
- 11-Kate Capper was born on 20 Mar 1846.
- 11-Mark Capper was born on 6 Nov 1847.
- 11-**Mary Capper**^{40,153} was born on 1 Aug 1849.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

Mary married **Conrad Warner**, ^{40,153} son of **Charles Borham Warner**⁵ and **Elizabeth Metford Compton**, ⁵ on 15 Oct 1873. Conrad was born on 14 Apr 1850 in Cripplegate, London and died on 10 Apr 1890 in Manhattan, New York, NY, USA at age 39. The cause of his death was Pneumonia. They had four children: **Conrad, Mark, Donald**, and **Mary Ellen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Footballer, playing for Upton Park.

- He worked as an English International football goal-keeper on 2 Mar 1878 in Hampden Park, Glasgow.
- He worked as a Stationer, with Partridge & Cooper in 191-192 Fleet Street, London.
- He had a residence in 1881 in Pritchard Villa, Manns Lane, Edmonton, London.
- · He was a Quaker.
 - 12-Conrad Warner¹⁵³ was born on 13 Oct 1874 in Pritchard Villa, Manns Lane, Edmonton, London and died on 30 Sep 1893 in Winchmore Hill, London at age 18.
 - 12-Mark Warner was born in 1876 in Pritchard Villa, Manns Lane, Edmonton, London.
 - 12-Donald Warner
 - 12-Mary Ellen Warner⁴⁰ was born on 16 Jul 1879 in Winchmore Hill, London.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895-Dec 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

13-**Prof. Conrad Hal Waddington**⁹ was born on 8 Nov 1905 in Evesham, Worcestershire and died on 26 Sep 1975 in Newington Cottage, 15 Blacket Place, Edinburgh, Scotland at age 69.

General Notes: Waddington, Conrad Hal (1905-1975), geneticist and embryologist, was born in Evesham on 8 November 1905, the only son and elder child of Hal Waddington, a tea planter, and his wife, Mary Ellen Warner, who both came from long established Quaker families. Not only were they first cousins but so also were Mary Ellen's parents. Waddington spent his early years in India where his father was a tea planter in Madras. He returned to England at the age of four to live first with an aunt and uncle in the shadow of Bredon Hill, and then with his grandmother in Evesham. She and an elderly member of the Quaker meeting in Evesham, a Dr [Thomas] Doeg, were the main influences on him as a child. He describes the latter as 'almost the last surviving real ... scientist. By that I mean that he reckoned to deal with the whole of science' (cited in Robertson, 576).

From his preparatory school, Aymestrey House, Malvern Link, Waddington won a scholarship to Clifton College, followed by another to Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge, where he took a first class in part two of the natural sciences tripos in geology (1926). He chose geology 'because it seemed that becoming an oil geologist would be a good way of earning a living' (cited in Robertson, 578). However, his interests were many sided and he held at the same time an 1851 studentship in palaeontology and an Arnold Gerstenberg studentship in philosophy (1927). Gradually his interests moved towards evolutionary biology and genetics, partly due to the influence of his friend Gregory Bateson, son of William Bateson, who introduced genetics into Britain. Waddington worked for two years on the systematics of fossil ammonites but preferred to study living organisms and he published on the genetics of germination in stocks (1929) and a mathematical paper on genetics with J. B. S. Haldane (1931). In 1926 Waddington, who was heavily built but light on his feet, was squire of the

By 1930 Waddington had become interested in the work of Hans Spemann who had demonstrated induction in amphibia, that is, the ability of one group of cells in the embryo to influence the development of adjacent cells. Experimental grafts could lead to the development of a whole new nervous system. In 1930 Waddington approached Honor B. Fell, the director of the Strangeways Research Laboratory, Cambridge, with the aim of using chick embryos to study induction. His skills in operating on embryos were immediately evident and he soon demonstrated induction in the chick. He was a fellow of Christ's College, Cambridge, from 1934 to 1945.

Waddington's first marriage was dissolved in 1936. In the same year, on 8 August, he married (Margaret) Justin Blanco White (b. 1911/12), daughter of George Rivers Blanco White, recorder of Croydon. She was an architect, and through her Waddington's social circle grew to include figures from the contemporary arts, including Henry Moore, Ben Nicolson, Walter Gropius, and Laszlo Moholy-Nagy. Two daughters were born: Caroline became a social anthropologist, Dusa a mathematician.

In the mid-1930s Waddington, in collaboration with Joseph Needham, tried to identify the chemical nature of the inducing signal (work for which he was awarded the first Albert Brachet prize in 1936). He developed a number of concepts in relation to induction, the most significant being that of competence, which refers to the period during which cells can respond to an inducing signal. This interest eventually petered out, partly due to the coming of the Second World War and partly because it was discovered that many substances could mimic some of the properties of inducers.

Waddington was among the first in Britain to try to bring together embryology and genetics. He strongly supported the views of the American geneticist T. H. Morgan and stated that the fundamental agents that brought about embryonic development were the genes, and that the only satisfactory theory of embryology must be a theory of how the activities of genes were controlled. He summarized his views in his book Organisers and Genes (1940). He here defined epigenetics as the causal analysis of development and introduced a visual analogy of developmental pathways-the epigenetic landscape down which a developmental ball could run, being guided by the hills and valleys.

Waddington joined the operational research section at RAF Coastal Command during the war. In 1947 he was appointed to the chair of animal genetics at Edinburgh, which he combined with a post of geneticist for the Agricultural Research Council. He found there in 1947 an almost empty laboratory in which he created one of the largest genetics departments in the

Cambridge Morris Men. He led the group on several tours and is said to have collected several morris dances which would otherwise have disappeared.

world. In addition to the animal breeding group, there were units with diverse financial support devoted to mutagenesis, protozoan genetics, and radiation mutagenesis in small animals. Waddington himself returned to his main interest in evolution and development. His book The Principles of Embryology (1956) was an essential text for a whole generation of young developmental biologists.

Waddington was convinced that the evolution of organisms must be regarded as the evolution of developmental systems. In this area he is particularly well known for his ideas on genetic assimilation and canalization which are summarized in The Strategy of the Genes (1957). Canalization is the buffering of developmental pathways, so that if development is perturbed slightly it will nevertheless regulate back to normality. Genetic assimilation refers to the situation in which an organism has a genetically determined adaptive response to an external stimulus, the response then becoming established in the population in the absence of the external stimulus. He reported some remarkable experiments on the fruit fly *Drosophila* that supported these ideas.

Waddington played a major role in the organization of the International Biological Programme and it supported his four influential meetings on theoretical biology held in Bellagio, Italy. These brought together for the first time a diverse group of theoreticians and opened up new ways of thinking about development. The French mathematician René Thom tried, for example, to apply the mathematical concepts of catastrophe theory to developmental processes. Waddington was influenced by the philosopher Whitehead and was not persuaded that attempts to reduce biology to precise statements about molecules were the only true path to understanding. He remained interested in the arts and in philosophy and among his publications in 1969 was Behind Appearance, a study of modern art, in which he drew parallels between art and science. In 1972 he contributed to the Gifford lectures 'The nature of mind'. He tried to apply ideas about evolution to ethical issues. The fact that we are animals capable of thinking about ethics was for him itself a product of evolution. He argued that an examination of the direction of evolution could provide us with the criteria from which we could judge whether any ethical system was fulfilling its function. In his last years he was much interested in the future of human society and was a founder member of the Club of Rome.

Waddington became bald at the age of twenty-one and this, coupled with his erudition, caused many people to think that he was much older than he actually was. His interests remained wide-ranging and he loved both the visual arts and jazz. He was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1947 and of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, in 1948. He was appointed CBE in 1958. He held honorary degrees from Montreal (1958), Trinity College, Dublin (1965), Prague (1966), Aberdeen (1966), Geneva (1968), and Cincinnati (1971). Waddington died on 26 September 1975 outside his Edinburgh home, Newington Cottage, 15 Blacket Place. He was survived by his wife.

Alan Robertson, rev. L. Wolpert

Sources

A. Robertson, Memoirs FRS , 23 (1977), 575-622 · WWW · CCI (1976) · m. cert. (1936)

Archives

Bodl. Oxf. , corresp. with C. D. Darlington · Rice University, Houston, Texas, Woodson Research Center, corresp. with Sir Julian Huxley · RS , corresp. with Sir F. C. Bawden Likenesses

photograph, repro. in Robertson, Memoirs FRS

Wealth at death

£31,419.60: confirmation, 12 Jan 1976, CCI

© Oxford University Press 2004-14 All rights reserved: see legal notice Alan Robertson, 'Waddington, Conrad Hal (1905-1975)', rev. L. Wolpert, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/31790

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was awarded with CBE FRS FRSE.
- He worked as a Biologist, Paleontologist, Geneticist and Embryologist.
- He worked as a Professor of animal genetics at Edinburgh.
 - 14-Prof. C. Jake Waddington
 - 14-Dame Caroline Waddington
 - 14-Prof. Margaret Dusa Waddington
 - 15-McDuff
 - 15-Milnor
- 13-Waddington
- 11-**Hugh Capper** was born on 10 May 1851.

- 11-Ethel Capper was born on 2 May 1853.
- 11-Jasper Capper was born on 23 May 1855.
- 11-Capper was born on 23 May 1855 and died on 23 May 1855.
- 11-Bertha Capper was born on 28 Feb 1857.
- 11-Mabel Capper⁴² was born on 15 Jan 1859 and died on 18 Oct 1876 in Southampton, Hampshire at age 17.
- 11-Paul Capper was born on 3 Mar 1861.
- 10-Capt. Cawthorne Capper¹⁵⁰ was born on 16 May 1813 in York Place, Islington, died on 14 Jan 1844 in Macao, China at age 30, and was buried in Gwulo-Macao Protestant Cemetery, Macao, China.

General Notes: Power of attorney of Jasper Capper. A power of attorney (with a certificate of the Mayor of London) granted by Jasper Capper, Watling St, London, to Jardine, Matheson & Co., 23 December 1844, to pursue his claims on the estate of his son, Captain Cawthorne Capper, formerly of the schooner 'Pearl', who died at Macao. There are also four letters of January-September 1844 and an undated note.

6 items.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Captain of the schooner ship "Pearl".
- 10-Alfred Capper^{2,4} was born on 5 Jan 1815 in York Place, Islington and died on 22 Jun 1861 in Unley, South Australia at age 46.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.

Alfred married Lucy Kekwick,^{2,4} daughter of Daniel Kekwick⁴ and Mary Ann Darton,⁴ on 17 Jan 1844 in St. John's Church, Adelaide, Australia. Lucy was born on 27 Oct 1816 in London, died on 17 Jul 1908 in Unley, South Australia at age 91, and was buried on 18 Jul 1908 in Adelaide, South Australia. They had six children: Lucy Cawthorne, Henry Edmund, Ellen Mary, Alice, Alfred, and Grace Emily.

- 11-Lucy Cawthorne Capper was born on 5 Nov 1844 in Adelaide, South Australia, died on 7 Nov 1931 in Unley, South Australia at age 87, and was buried in Adelaide, South Australia.
- 11-Henry Edmund Capper⁴ was born on 27 Jul 1846 in Adelaide, South Australia, died on 16 Jun 1922 in Malvern, Victoria, Australia at age 75, and was buried in Mitchem, South Australia. Henry married Emma Florence Townley⁴ on 27 Jun 1880 in Adelaide, South Australia. Emma was born in 1857 and died on 2 Jul 1919 in Malvern, Victoria, Australia at age 62. They had five children: Ida Muriel, Theodora Beatrice, Florence Marjorie, Gertrude Evelyn, and Doris Elfreda.
 - 12-Ida Muriel Capper⁴ was born on 26 Mar 1881.
 - 12-**Theodora Beatrice Capper**⁴ was born on 29 Oct 1882 in Harrowville, South Australia.
 - 12-Florence Marjorie Capper⁴ was born on 15 Mar 1884 in East Adelaide, South Australia.
 - 12-Gertrude Evelyn Capper⁴ was born on 28 Jul 1886.
 - 12-**Doris Elfreda Capper**⁴ was born on 18 Aug 1890.
- 11-**Ellen Mary Capper**^{4,154} was born on 25 May 1848 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 19 Nov 1917 in Lyndoch Valley, Adelaide, South Australia at age 69. Ellen married **Walter Barritt**,^{4,154} son of **Joseph Barritt**, and **Hannah Sophia May**, 5,154,155 on 28 Jan 1880 in Adelaide, South Australia. Walter was born on

23 Aug 1856 in Lyndoch Valley, Adelaide, South Australia and died on 3 Aug 1927 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia at age 70. They had six children: Natalie "Nancy" Lucy, Walter Reginald, Leighton Howard, Francis Cawthorne, Jasper Kenneth, and Clive Athelstan.

General Notes: BARRITT— CAPPER.— On the 28th January, at Unley, by the Rev. F. W. Cox, Walter, son of Joseph Barritt, Riverside, Lyndoch, to Ellen Mary, second daughter of the late Alfred Capper, Unley.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Riverside in Lyndoch Valley, Adelaide, South Australia.
 - 12-Natalie "Nancy" Lucy Barritt¹⁵⁴ was born on 23 Mar 1881 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died in 1951 at age 70.
 - 12-Walter Reginald Barritt^{4,154} was born on 10 Nov 1882 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia, died on 10 Mar 1968 in 105 Maitland Road, Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia at age 85, and was buried on 12 Mar 1968 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia.

Walter married Lucie Gabrielle Tardent,⁴ daughter of Henri Alexis Tardent⁴ and Hortense Tardent,⁴ on 28 Oct 1915 in Wynnum, Queensland, Australia. Lucie was born on 13 Aug 1895 in Bungeworgorai, Queensland, Australia, died on 28 Dec 1991 in Ipswich, Queensland, Australia at age 96, and was buried on 3 Jan 1992 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia. They had five children: Walter Jules, Joy Ethelwyn, Henry Clive, Letty Elaine, and Marjorie Ruth.

- 13-Walter Jules Barritt⁴ was born about Jan 1917 in Tawah, Queensland, Australia, died on 18 Feb 1932 in Bundaberg, Queensland, Australia about age 15, and was buried in Booyal, Queensland, Australia.
- 13-**Joy Ethelwyn Barritt**⁴ was born on 19 Sep 1919 between Cordalba and Childers, Queensland, Australia, died on 4 Dec 1997 near Booral, New South Wales, Australia at age 78, and was buried on 9 Dec 1997 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia.

Joy married Mervyn Stas Paxinos, son of Stas Paxinos and Grey. They had four children: Rhonda, Brenda, Kenneth Mervyn, and Leanda.

14-Rhonda Paxinos

Rhonda married **Stephen Gilbert**. They had two children: **Jodie Elise** and **Katrina Stacey**.

- 15-Jodie Elise Gilbert
- 15-Katrina Stacey Gilbert

14-Brenda Paxinos

Brenda married **Peter Alan Wynstra** in 1971. Peter was born in 1952 and died on 2 Oct 1984 in Mudgee, New South Wales, Australia at age 32. They had three children: **Jason, Heidi**, and **Toni Anne**.

15-Jason Wynstra

Jason married Annie.

15-Heidi Wynstra

Heidi married **Rodney Gillett**. They had three children: **Darcy, Lydia**, and **Roy**.

16-Darcy Gillett

16-Lydia Gillett

16-Roy Gillett

15-Toni Anne Wynstra

Toni married **Warwick Behrens**. They had one son: **Ashen Jude**.

16-Ashen Jude Behrens

Brenda next married David Levett.

14-Kenneth Mervyn Paxinos

Kenneth married Keryl Woollett. They had four children: Laura Jane, Andrew Kenneth, Timothy Allan, and Harriet Grace.

- 15-Laura Jane Paxinos
- 15-Andrew Kenneth Paxinos
- 15-Timothy Allan Paxinos
- 15-Harriet Grace Paxinos

14-Leanda Paxinos

Leanda married Rodney Walter Lane. They had three children: Jessica Leigh Morgan, Meredith, and Benjamin.

- 15-Jessica Leigh Morgan Lane
- 15-Meredith Lane
- 15-Benjamin Lane

13-Henry Clive Barritt

Henry married **Lorna Annette Schumann**, daughter of **Fredrick Wilhelm Schumann** and **Ivy Amelia Coates**, on 3 Mar 1948 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia. Lorna was born on 30 Nov 1925 in Dulwich Hill, New South Wales, Australia, died on 5 Feb 2011 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia at age 85, and was buried on 11 Feb 2011 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia. They had three children: **Wendy Joy, Ruth Annette**, and **Beverly June**.

14-Wendy Joy Barritt

Wendy married Allan Gilbert Charles Morris, son of Rex Morris and Joyce Edna May Shugg. They had five children: Stephen Daniel James, Deborah Ruth, Peter John, Anna Jayne, and Kathryn Joy.

15-Stephen Daniel James Morris

Stephen married Jacqueline Taylor.

15-Deborah Ruth Morris

Deborah married **David Morrison**, son of **James Morrison** and **Debbie**. They had two children: **Joshua James** and **Lilli Grace**.

- 16-Joshua James Morrison
- 16-Lilli Grace Morrison
- 15-**Peter John Morris** was born on 12 Apr 1981 in Dunedin, Otago, New Zealand, died on 20 Aug 1982 in Mount Druitt, New South Wales, Australia at age 1, and was buried in 1982 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia.

15-Anna Jayne Morris

Anna married Matthew Paramor.

15-Kathryn Joy Morris

14-Ruth Annette Barritt

Ruth married David John Webster, son of Leslie Allan James Webster⁴ and Enid Margaret McLeod. They had three children: Mark Antony, Sharlene Gaye, and Luke Andre.

15-Mark Antony Webster

Mark married Chrysalma Macoto Albaciete, daughter of Romulo Bensorio Albaciete and Consorcian Suan Macoto. They had two children: Willem Henry and Lucas Alexei.

16-Willem Henry Webster

16-Lucas Alexei Webster

15-Sharlene Gaye Webster

Sharlene married Trevor Keith Mawer, son of Keith Mawer and Carol Irene Harvey.

15-Luke Andre Webster

14-Beverly June Barritt

Beverly married Alvin Frederick Christian, son of Harold Richard Christian and Carma Bernice Sudholz. They had two children: Jonathan Luke and Tiani Ruth.

15-Jonathan Luke Christian

15-Tiani Ruth Christian

Tiani married David Anthony Page, son of David Page and Irene Nubrich. They had one daughter: Kyrah Christiana.

16-Kyrah Christiana Page

13-Letty Elaine Barritt

Letty married **Raymond Walsh**. Raymond died on 29 Sep 2001 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and was buried in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia. They had four children: **Stanley, Rex, Lyndon Jay**, and **Colleen May**.

14-Stanley Walsh

Stanley married Linda Mercer.

Stanley next married Glynis Elizabeth Rowland. They had two children: Sarah Elizabeth and Gareth Lindsay.

15-Sarah Elizabeth Rowland

15-Gareth Lindsay Rowland

14-Rex Walsh

Rex married Marion Liggett. They had two children: Lisette Anne and Andrew Karl.

15-Lisette Anne Walsh

15-Andrew Karl Walsh

14-Lyndon Jay Walsh

Lyndon married Glenda Cowley. They had one daughter: Brittany Victoria.

15-Brittany Victoria Walsh

Lyndon next married Marshall Suzanne.

14-Colleen May Walsh

Colleen married Sandy Ting Ann Chang. They had two children: Jared Wei Yian and Jessica Seik Choo.

15-Jared Wei Yian Chang

15-Jessica Seik Choo Chang

13-Marjorie Ruth Barritt

Marjorie married Roy Entermann, son of Frederick James Christian Entermann and Isabella Farquhar Thomson. They had six children: David Roy, Calvin John, Gary Neil, Linda Jane, Alan Clive, and Sandra Joy.

14-David Roy Entermann

David married Lisa-Maree Landall. They had two children: Erin Lucie and Michaela Alice.

- 15-Erin Lucie Entermann
- 15-Michaela Alice Entermann

14-Calvin John Entermann

Calvin married Patricia (Partner) Anderson. They had three children: Ryan, Robert Wayne, and Andrew James.

15-Ryan Entermann

Ryan married Candina Wyles. They had two children: Zakiah Lily-Mae Gnutu and Jannali.

16-Zakiah Lily-Mae Gnutu Entermann

- 16-Jannali Entermann
- 15-Robert Wayne Entermann
- 15-Andrew James Entermann

Calvin next married **Robyn-Maree Summergreene**. They had one son: **Bradley John**.

15-Bradley John Entermann

14-Gary Neil Entermann

Gary married Leanne Gaye Wardrop. They had three children: Braedan Roy, Calum James, and Phoebe-Ann.

- 15-Braedan Roy Entermann
- 15-Calum James Entermann
- 15-Phoebe-Ann Entermann

14-Linda Jane Entermann

Linda married Patrick Reinhardt Shaw. They had two children: Talitha Amy and Anikah Bly.

- 15-Talitha Amy Shaw
- 15-Anikah Bly Shaw
- 14-Alan Clive Entermann

Alan married Kylie Jane Wardrop. They had two children: Jacob Levi and Bailey Samuel.

- 15-Jacob Levi Entermann
- 15-Bailey Samuel Entermann

Alan next married Elizabeth. They had one daughter: Isabella Ebee.

- 15-Isabella Ebee Entermann
- 14-Sandra Joy Entermann
- 12-Leighton Howard Barritt¹⁵⁴ was born on 12 Oct 1884 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died on 8 Feb 1902 in Mount Crawford, South Australia at age 17.
- 12-Francis Cawthorne Barritt¹⁵⁴ was born on 11 Feb 1886 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died in 1985 at age 99.
- 12-Jasper Kenneth Barritt¹⁵⁴ was born on 17 Aug 1888 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died in 1959 at age 71.

Jasper married someone. He had one daughter: Lola.

- 13-Lola Barritt
- 12-Clive Athelstan Barritt¹⁵⁴ was born on 14 May 1890 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died on 18 Mar 1896 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia at age 5.
- 11-Alice Capper⁴ was born on 27 May 1850 in Unley, South Australia, died on 8 Jul 1887 in Unley, South Australia at age 37, and was buried in Jul 1887 in Walkerville, South Australia. Alice married Howard Gore,⁴ son of Alfred Gore⁴ and Mary Sophia,⁴ on 19 Jan 1877 in Adelaide, South Australia. Howard was born on 9 Jan 1851 in Devon, died on 16 Nov 1903 at age 52, and was buried in Nov 1903 in Walkerville, South Australia. They had five children: Arnold, Roger, Dorothy Alice, Kathleen Marguerite, and Howard Palmerston.
 - 12-**Arnold Gore**⁴ was born on 17 Mar 1878 in North Adelaide, South Australia, died on 9 Aug 1884 in Unley, South Australia at age 6, and was buried in Aug 1884 in Walkerville, South Australia.
 - 12-**Roger Gore**⁴ was born on 20 Jan 1880 in North Adelaide, South Australia, died on 8 Feb 1884 in North Adelaide, South Australia at age 4, and was buried in Feb 1884 in Walkerville, South Australia.
 - 12-**Dorothy Alice Gore**⁴ was born on 2 Jun 1882 in North Unley, South Australia, died on 4 Feb 1885 in Unley, South Australia at age 2, and was buried in Feb 1885 in Walkerville, South Australia.
 - 12-Kathleen Marguerite Gore⁴ was born on 25 Feb 1885 in Unley, South Australia.

Kathleen married Matthew Henry Johnson.

12-**Howard Palmerston Gore**⁴ was born on 26 Jun 1887 in Unley, South Australia, died on 10 Dec 1887 in Alberton, South Australia, and was buried in Dec 1887 in Walkerville, South Australia.

- 11-Alfred Capper was born on 10 Dec 1852 in Unley, South Australia and died on 20 Apr 1853 in Unley, South Australia.
- 11-Grace Emily Capper was born on 20 Apr 1854 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 8 Nov 1865 in Unley, South Australia at age 11.
- 10-Henry Capper was born on 6 Sep 1816 in York Place, Islington and died on 9 Feb 1875 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.

Henry married Louise Dubé. They had two children: Louise Caroline Lillie and Edith.

- 11-Louise Caroline Lillie Capper was born in 1855.
- 11-Edith Capper

10-George Capper⁴ was born on 20 Jan 1818 in York Place, Islington.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.
- 10-Caroline Capper^{5,24} was born on 17 Jan 1820.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker until she resigned in 1877.

Caroline married **Edward Westlake**, 5,24 son of **William Colson Westlake** and **Mary Thompson**, 5,120,157 on 12 Sep 1839. Edward was born on 22 Jun 1818 in Southampton, Hampshire. They had 13 children: **Emily Mary, Ada Caroline, Ellen, Clara, Caroline, Marion, Florence, Edward, Herbert, Dora, Juliet, Algernon**, and **Evelyn**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Corn merchant in Southampton, Hampshire.
- He was a Quaker until he resigned in 1877.
 - 11-Emily Mary Westlake^{5,24} was born on 24 Jun 1840 in Southampton, Hampshire.

Emily married **Henry Thompson**, 5,24 son of **Samuel Thompson**, and **Letitia Neave**, 5,24,158 on 10 Sep 1863. Henry was born on 9 Jul 1840 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1932 at age 92. They had 16 children: **Walter Henry, Charles Edward, Edith Mary, Samuel, Emily Florence, John Bernard, Henry, Herbert Westlake, Ada Margaret, George William, Albert Philip, Thomas Christopher, Stephen Godfrey, (No Given Name), Michael H., and Ellen Maria.**

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canvas manufacturer.
- He resided at Riverside House in 1881 in Avondale, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He resided at Bridge House in 1901 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
 - 12-Walter Henry Thompson was born on 27 Jul 1864 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
 - 12-Charles Edward Thompson was born on 15 Aug 1865 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
 - 12-Edith Mary Thompson²⁴ was born on 12 Nov 1866 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
 - 12-Samuel Thompson²⁴ was born on 23 Apr 1868 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

12-Emily Florence Thompson was born on 5 Jun 1869 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire. Another name for Emily was Emily Hanna Thompson.²⁴

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1881 in Bournemouth, Dorset.
- 12-**John Bernard Thompson**²⁴ was born on 31 Dec 1870 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 12-**Henry Thompson**²⁴ was born on 26 Jan 1872 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 12-Herbert Westlake Thompson²⁴ was born on 20 May 1873 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant's Clerk.
- 12-Ada Margaret Thompson²⁴ was born on 2 Sep 1874 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 12-George William Thompson²⁴ was born on 10 Sep 1875 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant's Clerk.
- 12-Albert Philip Thompson
- 12-Thomas Christopher Thompson
- 12-Stephen Godfrey Thompson
- 12-**Thompson**
- 12-Michael H. Thompson
- 12-Ellen Maria Thompson
- 11-Ada Caroline Westlake⁵ was born on 30 Oct 1841 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-Ellen Westlake⁵ was born on 29 Mar 1843 in Southampton, Hampshire.

Ellen married **Rev. Albert Hudson,** son of **Robert Hudson,** on 10 Feb 1870. Albert was born on 4 Jan 1841 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire (July also given) and died on 11 Apr 1877 at age 36. They had five children: **Robert Sidney, Norman Westlake, Hilda Marion, Albert Wilfrid,** and **Arthur Cyril**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Bingley in Bingley, Yorkshire.
- 12-Robert Sidney Hudson was born on 18 Nov 1870.

Robert married Maude Murray Vesey, daughter of Rev. Thomas Agmondisham Vesey and Kathleen Hannah Murray Alexander.

- 12-Norman Westlake Hudson was born on 6 Feb 1872 and died in 1940 at age 68.
- 12-Hilda Marion Hudson was born on 4 Jul 1873.

12-**Albert Wilfrid Hudson** was born on 23 Aug 1874 in Bingley, Yorkshire and died on 25 Sep 1940 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Landscape painter.
- 12-Dr. Arthur Cyril Hudson was born on 30 Nov 1875 and died on 13 May 1962 at age 86.

General Notes: A. C. HUDSON, M.D., F.R.C.S. St. Thomas's Hospital has lost another senior member of its consultant staff with the death on May 13 of Mr. A. C. Hudson, who had been senior ophthalmic surgeon at St. Thomas's and also consulting surgeon to the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital (Moorfields). He was 86 years of age. Arthur Cyril Hudson, who was born on November 30, 1875, was the son of the Rev. Albert Hudson, of Bingley, Yorks. He was educated at Rugby and Trinity College, Cambridge, where besides distinguishing himself academically he gained his half-blue for lawn tennis and his place in the college rugby football team, a famous Trinity XV which was long remembered. He then came to St. Thomas's Hospital as university scholar. His distinguished sports career was continued at his hospital, whose lawn-tennis VI he captained and led to victory in the inter-hospitals cup. He was also captain of the hospital rugby XV in 1901-2, being one of the finest forwards of his day for his weight. After graduating M.B., B.Ch. in 1902 he was successively house-surgeon, junior and senior ophthalmic house - surgeon, and ophthalmic registrar before being appointed ophthalmic surgeon to the out-patient department in 1915. Some years before this he had been housesurgeon for three years and later curator of the museum at the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, joining the consultant staff there in 1913 as assistant surgeon. He remained on the Moorfields staff for fifteen years. He took the F.R.C.S. in 1905 and proceeded M.D. at Cambridge in the next year. At St. Thomas's Hudson moved up from ophthalmic surgeon to outpatients to ophthalmic surgeon in 1924, and he retired from the active staff on reaching the age of 60 in 1935. But during the second world war he returned to give active help, and up to 1945 he was still making the journey to the branch of St. Thomas's Hospital at Hydestile, near Godalming, to lecture to students evacuated from the parent hospital. Hudson was a past-president of the Ophthalmological Section of the Royal Society of, Medicine, and past vice-president of the Ophthalmological Society of the United Kingdom and of the Council of British Ophthalmologists. G. G. P. writes: Hudson's professional work was of the highest order and his powers of observation quite uncanny -the despair of the house-surgeon or registrar who thought that he had observed every point. He was a most skilled and painstaking operator and an acute diagnostician. Unfortunately he did not commit many of his very wise sayings on ophthalmology to publication. Because of his pronounced lack of the sense of time and the gentle melancholy with which he approached his patients (though nothing could have been kinder than his treatment of them), he figured frequently in the St. Thomas's Christmas shows of the post-1918 period, and "Huddy" stories are legion. He continued to take great interest in sport, being for many years president of the St. Thomas's Hospital lawn tennis club: and through his generosity the medical school obtained a hard tennis court and squash courts. His association with the rugby football club also lasted for a long time. A very skilful fisherman, he spent most of his holidays pursuing the salmon on the Oykel and Brora; and he was a very knowledgeable naturalist. He was a lover of antique furniture, carpets, and china, and his house in Queen Anne Street (where he entertained his friends and assistants so lavishly) was a museum of beautiful pieces. He was the most lovable character, so that even after a somewhat frustrating session, finishing with the extrication of patients lost or mislaid in the darkroom, his helpers would only smile and say, "Just like Huddy, as usual." Yet nothing could have been more methodical than his examination of a case. He retired from Moorfields in 1928 and from St. Thomas's in 1935, and shortly after this the illness that clouded his later years began to affect him. Through this he was really never able in his retirement to enjoy the many interests for which he would then have had more time. He was unmarried.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD FRCS.
- He worked as an Opthalmic Surgeon.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 26 May 1962.
- 11-Clara Westlake⁵ was born on 29 May 1845 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-Caroline Westlake⁵ was born on 8 Mar 1847 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-Marion Westlake⁵ was born on 13 Nov 1848 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-Florence Westlake⁵ was born on 11 Sep 1851 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-**Edward Westlake**⁵ was born on 3 Aug 1853 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-**Herbert Westlake**⁵ was born on 30 Dec 1854 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-**Dora Westlake**⁵ was born on 29 Feb 1856 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-Juliet Westlake⁵ was born on 17 Oct 1857 in Southampton, Hampshire.

- 11-Algernon Westlake⁵ was born on 5 May 1859 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-Evelyn Westlake⁵ was born on 20 Jan 1861 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 10-Elizabeth Anne Capper²⁴ was born on 3 Apr 1822 in City Road, London (4 March also given) and died on 12 Apr 1892 at age 70.

Elizabeth married **William Reynolds Neave**, 24 son of **Josiah Neave** and **Mary Ann Reynolds**, 24,49,87,91,159 on 8 May 1856 in FMH Fordingbridge. William was born on 7 Jan 1830 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 2 Nov 1903 in Bickton, Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Miller & farmer in Bickton Mills, Hampshire.
- 10-Emily Capper was born on 30 Nov 1823 in London and died on 27 Mar 1838 at age 14.
- 10-**Dr. Samuel James Capper**^{86,160} was born on 28 Apr 1825 in Southampton, Hampshire and died in 1912 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Gracechurch Street MM, 25 Jun 1846, Hardshaw West MM.
- He worked as a Druggists assistant in 1846 in Liverpool.
- He worked as a Physician of Liverpool.
- He was A Quaker until his resignation on 29 Apr 1858 in Hardshaw West MM.
- He worked as a President of the Lancashire and Cheshire Entomological Society.

Samuel married Harriet Anna Turner¹⁶¹ on 25 May 1858. Harriet was born on 23 Jun 1837. They had nine children: Emily, Henry, Edmund, Percy, Annie, Jessie, Ada, Lucy, and Arthur.

- 11-**Emily Capper** was born on 6 Mar 1859 in Liverpool.
- 11-**Henry Capper** was born on 1 Nov 1860 in Liverpool and died on 24 Feb 1940 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Homeopathic Chemist.

Henry married **Amy Elizabeth Jaques**. They had three children: **Cawthorne**, **Joyce**, and **Jean**.

- 12-Cawthorne Capper was born on 23 Jun 1892 in Liverpool and died on 11 Sep 1968 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada at age 76.
- 12-Joyce Capper was born on 11 Nov 1893 in Liverpool and died on 9 Mar 1984 in Lincolnshire at age 90.

Joyce married **Frederick Bullen**.

12-**Jean Capper** was born on 9 May 1895 in Liverpool and died on 13 Sep 1970 at age 75.

Jean married Robert Hugh Snape. Robert was born in 1886. They had one son: Martin Guy.

13-Dr. Martin Guy Snape was born on 6 Mar 1929 and died on 28 Mar 2010 at age 81.

General Notes: My colleague Martin Snape, who has died aged 81, arrived at Durham University in 1952 to study for a PhD, and lived in the city for the rest of his life, becoming an expert on the archives of Durham's medieval cathedral.

He was enormously generous in using his knowledge to help those who came to work on the archive, and was a careful and gentle trainer and mentor of younger colleagues. Although he was never given very much time for research, he wrote several articles and in 2002 published two volumes of Durham Episcopal Acta, the official documents issued by the bishops from 1153 to 1237. He sometimes gave talks to local organisations and was, just once, sufficiently irritated by a man who found it difficult to believe that Martin, an expert on English church history, was not an Anglican but an agnostic, to ask the man whether he would expect someone who lectured on zoology to be a gorilla.

He was the son of RH Snape, a schoolmaster and wartime civil servant who wrote the standard book on the finances of monasteries. Martin was educated at the Friends' school in Saffron Walden, Essex, then in Canada during the second world war, and later by his father for a short time, before reading history at Emmanuel College, Cambridge, where he rowed in one of the college eights. From Cambridge he went to Durham to work on his PhD thesis, on Bishop Walter Skirlaw.

The following year, he became the first assistant keeper in palaeography and diplomatic; that is, he became an archivist in the record office that the university ran, before the northern county councils had their own offices. So he became involved in the acquisition and care of, literally, tonnes of documents from not only County Durham but also Northumberland and Cumbria.

He became a member of St Cuthbert's society, one of the university's colleges, was for many years a tutor and for a smaller number of years coached some of its oarsmen; he was offered the post of senior tutor of St Cuthbert's in the 1960s, but in 1956 he had married Marjorie Graham, and their growing family and the archives he cared for might have suffered if he had accepted the job.

Among Martin's interests were church buildings and gardening. He knew a lot about both, and was a member of Durham Cathedral's fabric committee, advising the consultant architect about the maintenance of the building and its precious contents.

In recent years Martin had worked hard caring for Marjorie, who died in 2008. He is survived by their children Harriet, Alison, Guy and Kit.

Patrick Mussett

The Guardian, Tuesday 18 May 2010

Noted events in his life were:

- His obituary was published in The Guardian on 18 May 2010.
- He was educated at Friends' School, Saffron Walden.
- He was educated at Emmanuel College, Cambridge.
- He was educated at University of Durham.
- He worked as an Archivist in Durham, County Durham.

Martin married Marjorie Graham in 1956. Marjorie died in 2008. They had four children: Harriet, Alison, Guy, and Kit.

- 14-Harriet Snape
- 14-Alison Snape
- 14-Guy Snape
- 14-Kit Snape

11-**Edmund Capper** was born on 28 Feb 1862 in Liverpool.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Medical student.
- 11-**Percy Capper**¹⁶¹ was born on 7 Feb 1864 in Liverpool and died in 1944 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Honorary Surgeon in Homeopathic Hospital, Tunbridge Wells, Kent.
- He worked as a Physician of St. Leonard's on Sea & Bexhill on Sea.

Percy married Margaret Sangster¹⁶¹ in 1894. Margaret was born about 1863 and died in 1945 about age 82. They had one son: **Percival Leonard**.

12-**Percival Leonard Capper**¹⁶¹ was born in 1895 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil Engineerand specialist in Soil mechanics.
- He worked as a Reader in Civil Engineering, University College, London.

Percival married Adria Kathleen Halford, ¹⁶¹ daughter of Robert Alexander Halford and Fanny Emma Dun, in 1927. Adria was born in 1897. They had two children: John and Brian.

- 13-Dr. John Capper
- 13-Brian Capper

Brian married Joscelyne Amy Stewart Monteith in 1958. Joscelyne died in Jul 2009.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence.
- 11-Annie Capper was born on 11 Jul 1865 in Liverpool.
- 11-Jessie Capper was born on 21 Oct 1866 in Liverpool.

Jessie married **Herbert Henry Corbett**, son of **Edward Corbett** and **Margaret Bentham**, in 1892 in Prescot, Lancashire. Herbert was born in 1856 and died on 5 Jan 1921 in Doncaster, Yorkshire at age 65. They had three children: **Jessie Capper, Emily Margaret**, and **Mary Bentham**.

- 12-**Jessie Capper Corbett** was born in 1894 in Doncaster, Yorkshire, died in 1982 in Birdham, Chichester, West Sussex at age 88, and was buried in St. James' Cemetery, Birdham, Chichester, West Sussex. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 12-Emily Margaret Corbett was born in 1895 in Doncaster, Yorkshire.
- 12-Mary Bentham Corbett was born in 1897 in Doncaster, Yorkshire, died in 1982 in Birdham, Chichester, West Sussex at age 85, and was buried in St. James' Cemetery, Birdham, Chichester, West Sussex. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 11-Ada Capper was born on 2 Aug 1868 in Liverpool.
- 11-Lucy Capper was born on 4 Nov 1869 in Liverpool and died on 17 Mar 1871 in Liverpool at age 1.
- 11-**Arthur Capper** was born on 23 Nov 1870 in Liverpool.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Denstist in New Brighton, Liverpool.

Arthur married **Nora Beatrice Kitchen** on 4 Sep 1901 in St Mary the Virgin, West Derby, Liverpool. Nora was born in 1877.

10-Octavius Capper was born on 8 Jul 1827 in Southampton, Hampshire and died on 3 Jun 1885 at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Timber merchant in Southampton, Hampshire.

Octavius married **Ellen Loader Fry**, daughter of **Capt. John Fry RN** and **Elizabeth Donnet**, on 29 Oct 1857. Ellen was born on 7 Apr 1827 in Weymouth, Dorset, was christened on 2 May 1827 in St. Mary's, Melcombe Regis, Dorset, and died in 1900 in Windsor, Berkshire at age 73. They had five children: **Alfred Octavius, George William, Henry Cawthorne, Margaret Eliza**, and **Charles Arthur**.

11-Alfred Octavius Capper¹¹ was born on 8 Sep 1858 in Southampton, Hampshire and died in 1921 in Travelling from France back to England at age 63.

General Notes: Alfred Octavius Capper, writing of Rev. Dr. Samuel Rolles Driver, said. "My father had a partner - a Mr. Driver. It is a rather interesting and remarkable fact that the sons of

the partners in this timber business, who were each intended to follow in their fathers' footsteps, should have adopted such very different professions. I became a thought-reader and Mr. Driver's son became the Rev. S. R. Driver, D.D., Canon of Christ Church, Oxford, and Regius Professor of Hebrew at the University, and one of the most famous Biblical critics of all time. He was also of Quaker descent."

CAPPER, Alfred Octavius *s* of late Octavius Capper of Southampton; *m* 1913, Bettina Maud, *d* of late W. B. Partridge, JP, and *widow* of late H. R. Trafford, JP, of Michaelchurch Court, Herefordshire; *died* 11 March 1921

demonstrator of thought transmission and other mysterious phenomena

Education Springhill School, Southampton

Career For 30 years presented his drawing-room entertainment and thought-reading-séance in most towns of the United Kingdom, also in France, Switzerland, and Italy; appeared by royal command at Windsor Castle and Marlborough House, and personally 'experimented' in thought-reading with King George V and Duke of Connaught, also with Madame Sarah Bernhardt at her residence in Paris; also appeared at 500 public and preparatory schools; his various performances yielded over £60,000 to charitable institutions. During 1912 travelled 50,000 miles and gave 200 séances throughout India, Burma, Malaya, and Ceylon; his entertainment realised £5000 for War Charities and was witnessed by 600,000 soldiers in England, France, and Germany

Publications A Rambler's Recollections and Reflections

Recreation Sport generally

Address 15 Egerton Gardens, SW. Michaelchurch Court, Hereford

'CAPPER, Alfred Octavius', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Entertainer and "Thought reader".

Alfred married **Bettina Maud Partridge**¹¹ in 1913. Bettina was born in 1874 in Abergavenny, Monmouth.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Michaelchurch Court, Eywas Lacy, Herefordshire.
- 11-Maj. George William Capper was born on 29 May 1860 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-Henry Cawthorne Capper was born on 29 May 1860 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 11-Margaret Eliza Capper¹⁶² was born on 13 Oct 1861 in Southampton, Hampshire.

Margaret married **Theodore Francis Gibson**, ¹⁶² son of **Edmund Birch Gibson**, ^{8,107,163} and **Mary Marriage**, ¹⁰⁷ on 9 May 1889 in Bassett, Southampton, Hampshire. Theodore was born on 3 Feb 1864 in Saffron Walden, Essex and died on 8 May 1900 in Clacton on Sea, Essex at age 36. They had three children: **Margaret Dora, Mary**, and **Phyllis Frances**.

- 12-Margaret Dora Gibson¹⁶² was born on 14 Mar 1890 in Slough, Berkshire.
- 12-Mary Gibson¹⁶² was born on 28 May 1891 in Slough, Berkshire.
- 12-**Phyllis Frances Gibson**¹⁶² was born on 1 Mar 1895 in Slough, Berkshire.
- 11-Charles Arthur Capper was born on 18 Oct 1866.
- 10-**Dr. Edmund Capper**^{4,96,153,164} was born on 12 Jul 1830 in London and died on 18 Oct 1903 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician & Homeopathic Chemist in 33 Gay Street, Walcot, Bath, Somerset.

Edmund married **Hannah Naish**, 4,153,164 daughter of **William Naish**, 5,9,18,37,84,165 and **Frances Capper**, 5,9,18,84,165 on 20 Aug 1857 in FMH Bath. Hannah was born on 7 Jul 1820 in London and died on 13 Jul 1901 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 81. They had three children: **Edmund, Jessie**, and **William**.

11-**Edmund Capper** was born on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

- 11-**Jessie Capper** was born on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 11-William Capper¹⁵³ was born on 25 Nov 1860 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Mar 1893 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 32.
- 9-Frances Capper^{5,9,18,84,165} was born on 4 Aug 1788 in Gracechurch Street, London¹ and died on 20 Jun 1862 at age 73.

Frances married **William Naish**, ^{1,5,9,18,37,84,165} son of **Francis Naish** ^{5,9,29} and **Susannah Evill**, ^{5,9,29} on 15 Dec 1813 in FMH Gracechurch Street, London. William was born on 9 Mar 1785 in High Street, Bath, Somerset, died on 3 Mar 1860 in 6 Great Widcombe Street, Walcot, Bath, Somerset. at age 74, and was buried in FBG Widcombe Hill, Bath. They had eight children: **Clement, Arthur John, Katherine, Lucy, Hannah, Catherine, William Capper**, and **Ann Capper**.

General Notes: NAISH, WILLIAM (1785-1860), Quaker writer, son of Francis Naish, silversmith, by Susanna, his wife, was born in High Street, Bath, on 9 March 1785. Coming to London, he opened a haberdasher's shop in Gracechurch Street. He interested himself in the anti-slavery movement, and published a large number of tracts and pamphlets in favour of that cause. During 1829 and 1830 he opened a depository at his shop in Gracechurch Street for the sale of these and other publications. He afterwards lived at Maidstone and) at Bath, where he died on 4 March 1860 aged 75. lie was buried in the Friends' burial-ground at Widcombe Hill, near Bath. He married Frances, daughter of Jasper Capper, and sister of Samuel Capper, author of 'The Acknowledged Doctrines of the Church of Rome,' London, 1849. His son, Arthur John Naish (181(3-1889), was co- founder with Paul Bevan[see under BEVAN, JOSEPH GURNEY] of the valuable 'Bevan-Naish Library' of Friends' books, now deposited in the library, Dr. Johnson Passage, Birmingham. Naish's chief publications, nearly all undated, are: 1. 'The Negro's Remembrancer,' in thirteen numbers; many of the later numbers ran to second and third editions. 2. 'The Negro's Friend,' in twenty-six numbers. 3. 'A Short History of the Poor Black Slaves who are employed in cultivating Sugar, Cotton, Coffee, &c. Intended to make little Children in England pity them, and use their Endeavours to relieve them from Bondage.' 4. 'Reasons for using East Indian Sugar,' 1828: this proceeded to a fifth edition. 5. 'A Brief Description of the Toil and Sufferings of Slaves in the British Sugar Colonies . . . by several Eye-witnesses.' 6. 'The Negro Mother's Appeal' (in verse). 7. 1 A Comparison between Distressed English Labourers and the Coloured People and Slaves of the West Indies, from a Jamaica Paper.' 8. 'Plead the Cause of the Poor and Needy.' 9. 'The Advantages of Free Labour over the Labour of Slaves. Elucidated in the Cultivation of Pimento, Ginger, and Sugar.' 10. 'Biographical Anecdotes: Persons of Co

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth.
- He worked as a Haberdasher. Writer. Publisher in London.
- He worked as a Grocer, Wine and Porter merchant in Bath, Somerset.
- He had a residence in 1847 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- Miscellaneous: Annual Monitor gives his death as, 4 Mar 1860.
 - 10-Clement Naish was born on 12 Oct 1814 in Bath, Somerset.
 - 10-Arthur John Naish^{1,5,9,39,84} was born on 21 Jan 1816 in Bath, Somerset and died on 21 Mar 1889 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironfounder and Engineer in 1847 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

Arthur married **Margaret Prideaux Paull**, ^{1,5,39,84} daughter of **John Paull** ^{5,38,84,166} and **Maria Prideaux**, ³⁸ on 7 Oct 1847 in FMH Tavistock, Devon. Margaret was born on 11 Jan 1825 in Tavistock, Devon and died on 25 Feb 1880 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 55. They had four children: **William Prideaux**, **Charles Ernest**, **Theodore**, and **Margaret Prideaux**.

11-William Prideaux Naish⁸⁵ was born on 28 Apr 1850 and died on 28 Oct 1913 in Glen Elmo, Manitoba, Canada at age 63.

William married someone. He had one son: Ralph Prideaux.

- 12-Ralph Prideaux Naish
- 11-Charles Ernest Naish¹ was born on 12 Oct 1853.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist with Southall Brothers & Barclay in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1933 in Potterne, Wiltshire.
 - 12-Samuel Capper Naish¹ was born on 28 Dec 1881 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Commercial traveller in 1933.
- He had a residence in 1933 in 3 Constance Road, Birmingham.
 - 13-Esther Elizabeth Naish¹ was born in 1908 and died in 1913 at age 5.
 - 13-Peter Christopher David Naish¹ was born in 1913.
 - 13-**Ruth Mercy Naish**¹ was born in 1920.
- 12-Dr. John Paull Naish¹ was born on 24 Feb 1883 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Apr 1964 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at King Edward's High School, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Pemberley, Beech Road, Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Chief Oriental Reader, University Press, Oxford.
 - 13-Theodore Naish
- 12-Christofer Garrison Naish¹ was born on 6 Apr 1885 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Schoolmaster with the Friends' Serrvice Council in 1933 in Syria.
 - 13-Stephen Naish¹ was born in 1917.
 - 13-Laurence Naish
 - 13-Geoffrey Naish
- 12-Mary Prideaux Naish^{1,114} was born on 17 Mar 1888 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1933 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 12-**Richard Bryant Naish**¹ was born on 1 Feb 1891 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil Servant in 1933 in Columbo, Sri Lanka.
 - 13-Audrey Cameron Naish

13-Hester Naish

- 12-Rhoda Elizabeth Naish¹ was born on 2 Sep 1893 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jan 1895 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 1.
- 12-Frances Waring Naish¹ was born on 30 Mar 1896 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1912-Jul 1913 in York, Yorkshire.
- She had a residence in 1933 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- 12-Martha Katherine Naish¹ was born in 1900.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1933 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- 11-Theodore Naish was born on 21 Jan 1856 in 2 Avon Place, Sparkbrook, Birmingham and died on 7 May 1915 in Drowned on RMS Lusitania at age 59.

General Notes: They were on a belated honeymoon, when the Lusitania was sunk by a German torpedo. Theodore's body was never found or identified. Belle donated their land in Edwardsville to the Boy Scouts and established Camp Theodore Naish as a memorial to him.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Kansas Ciry, Missouri, USA.
- He worked as an Engineer and Draughtsman for D. O. Flaherty in Kansas City, Missouri, USA.

Theodore married **Belle Saunders** on 19 Jun 1911. Belle was born on 22 Oct 1865 in Charlotte, Michigan, died on 25 Aug 1950 in Kansas City, Missouri at age 84, and was buried in Edwardsville Cemetery, Kansas.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Schoolteacher from Detroit, Michigan.
- 11-Margaret Prideaux Naish⁴⁴ was born in 1858 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Margaret married **Henry Harris**, 44,78,167 son of **Henry Harris**^{5,78,111,168} and **Elizabeth Sewell**, 78,111,168 on 17 May 1899 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Henry was born in 1866 in Tottenham, London and died on 1 Jul 1946 in Letchworth, Hertfordshire at age 80. They had two children: **Henry Lyn** and **Edward Sewell**.

General Notes: Harris.-On 1st July, 1946, at Letchworth, Henry Harris (1881-83), aged 79 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1881-1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Junior Clerk in the Friends' Provident Institution in 1883.
- He worked as a member of the council of the Bradford Technical College in 1895-1900.
- He worked as a Clerk of Brighouse MM in 1897-1899.
- He worked as a Clerk to Rawdon School Committee in 1899-1902.
- He worked as a Chairman of Esholt Parish Council in 1902-1904.
- He worked as a London Manager for the Friends' Provident Institution in 1904.
- He worked as a Hon. Secretary for the Friends' Foreign Mission Association in 1911.
- He worked as a Chairman of the executive Committee of the Peace Society in 1916-1923.

- He worked as a Clerk of Large Committee (Yearly Meeting epistle) in 1917-1920.
- He worked as a Quaker Chaplain, mainly at Wormwood Scrubs prison in 1917-1919 in London.
- He worked as a Clerk of Westminster and Longford Monthly Meeting in 1919-1923.
- He worked as a Represented the Friends' Service Council in Berlin and Warsaw in 1923-1928.
- He worked as a Clerk of Witney MM after 1931.
- He resided at Newton Cottage in 1935 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- Miscellaneous: Co-operated with Fred Rowntree in founding Jordans Village.
 - 12-**Henry Lyn Harris**⁴⁴ was born in 1892 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died in 1964 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Principal of St Christopher School in Letchworth, Hertfordshire.

Henry married **Eleanor Anne Baker**, daughter of **William King Baker** and **Carrie Leonora Hinman**, in 1916 in FMH Acton. Eleanor was born on 11 Mar 1891 in Highbury, Islington, London.

Marriage Notes: At the Friends' Meeting House, Acton, Henry Lynn Harris, elder son of Henry and Margaret Prideaux Harris, to Eleanor Anne, third daughter of William King and Carrie Leonard Baker.

12-Edward Sewell Harris⁴⁴ was born on 29 Dec 1896 and died in 1983 in Tower Hamlets, London at age 87.

General Notes: Edward Sewell Harris (b. 1895) attended St John's College, Cambridge. A conscientious objector, he was initially exempt from war service because of heart trouble, but eventually court-martialled in Dec. 1916 and imprisoned at Wormwood Scrubs. He was court-martialled again in Apr. 1917 and imprisoned at Canterbury. He was court-martialled a third time and eventually released from Canterbury Prison circa June 1919.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St John's College, Cambridge.
- 10-Katherine Naish⁵ was born on 15 Apr 1817 in London and died in Died Aged 18.
- 10-**Lucy Naish**⁵ was born on 24 Sep 1818 in London.
- 10-Hannah Naish^{4,153,164} was born on 7 Jul 1820 in London and died on 13 Jul 1901 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 81.
 - 11-**Edmund Capper** was born on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
 - 11-Jessie Capper was born on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
 - 11-William Capper¹⁵³ was born on 25 Nov 1860 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Mar 1893 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 32.
- 10-Catherine Naish⁵ was born on 23 Jan 1822 in London and died in Died Aged 32.
- 10-William Capper Naish^{5,18} was born on 8 Dec 1823 in London and died on 10 Nov 1851 in Bath, Somerset at age 27.
- 10-Ann Capper Naish¹⁶⁵ was born on 13 Jul 1830 in London and died on 3 Oct 1848 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 18.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Jan 1845-Jun 1846 in York, Yorkshire.

9-**John Capper**⁴ was born on 2 Feb 1790 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 8 May 1860 at age 70.

John married Mary Henbest, daughter of George Henbest and Mary, on 3 Mar 1814 in FMH Tottenham. Mary was born on 18 Jan 1793 and died on 18 Feb 1859 at age 66. They had six children: Walter, Anne, Rebecca, Jasper John, Clara, and Mary Allen.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1806 in York, Yorkshire.
 - 10-Walter Capper¹² was born on 20 Jan 1815 in Gracechurch Street, London and died in 1890 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Blackheath, London.
- He worked as a Draper in London.

Walter married Eliza Kent. They had four children: Eliza Theodora, Walter Kent, Harold Henbest, and Mary Ella.

11-Eliza Theodora Capper was born in 1841 and died in 1869 at age 28.

Eliza married **Marmaduke Matthews**.

11-Walter Kent Capper was born in 1842 and died before 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at The Priory in Shanklin, Isle of Wight.
- · He worked as a Solicitor.

Walter married Caroline Adelaide Garrod. They had two children: Harry Kent and Rita Kent.

12-Lt. Harry Kent Capper¹² was born in 1898 in Warton, Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 4 Jun 1918 in Stamford, Lincolnshire at age 20. The cause of his death was Flying accident.

General Notes: Lieut. Harry Kent Capper, R.A.F. and London who was killed on June 4th 1918, as the result of an accident while flying, was the eldest son of the late W. Kent Capper, of Putney, and of Mrs. Capper, 1. Emperor's Gate. SW7

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Blundell's School 1911 To 1915.
- He worked as a Royal Air Force officer.
- 12-Rita Kent Capper¹² was born on 13 Mar 1900 in Warton, Lancaster, Lancashire and died in 1970 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 70.
- 11-Harold Henbest Capper¹² was born in 1848.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Blackheath, London.

Harold married Emily Sophia Spalding. Emily was born in 1852. They had three children: Ella Dorothy, Edith Marjory Kent, and Gladys Minola.

12-Ella Dorothy Capper¹² was born in 1875 in Woolwich, Kent.

Ella married Francis Henry Chambers.

12-Edith Marjory Kent Capper¹² was born in 1877 in Woolwich, Kent.

12-Gladys Minola Capper¹² was born in 1880 in Hastings, Sussex and died in 1946 in Wokingham, Berkshire at age 66.

Gladys married **Francis Arthur Brodribb**, son of **Arthur Aiken Brodribb** and **Alice Crook**, in 1908 in Paddington, London. Francis was born in 1880 in Kensington, London and died in 1962 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Artist and Painter.

11-Mary Ella Capper was born about 1851.

Mary married **Daniel Birt**. Daniel was born about 1841 and died on 9 Jan 1930 in Shooter's Hill Road, Blackheath, London about age 89. They had four children: **Ethelwyn Ella, Daniel Kenneth Capper, Roderick Harold Capper**, and **Guy Capper**.

12-Ethelwyn Ella Birt was born in 1875.

12-Daniel Kenneth Capper Birt

Daniel married Annie Violet Chadwick, daughter of Alfred Chadwick, on 6 Oct 1906 in Ore, Sussex. Annie was born on 25 Dec 1877 in London.

12-Rev. Canon Roderick Harold Capper Birt was born in 1882 in Caterham, Surrey.

General Notes: Roderick Harold Capper Birt was born at Caterham in 1882 the third son of Daniel Birt and Mary Ella (nee Capper) Birt of 54 Shooter's Hill, Blackheath.

He left Hazelwood School, where he was Head of School, in the summer of 1896 for Wellington College where he was in Brougham's House until 1901. He was a school prefect and was Head of House. In the summer of 1901 he went on to New College Oxford where he won a cross country "blue" in 1902 and later obtained an MA.

He was ordained in 1907, becoming a priest in 1908 and from 1914 to 1918 he was an assistant master, teaching science at Radley College as well as being Social Tutor. He served as a Captain in the Officer Training Corps but resigned his commission on the 30th of June 1918 when he left the school for South Africa. On leaving he founded the Birt Speech Prize, for the best speech in a set subject.

In 1919 he became Headmaster of the Diocesan College, Rondebosch in Cape Town where he served until 1943. A house at the college is named in his memory.

He became Canon Emeritus of St George's Cathedral Cape Town in 1940 and Assistant Priest of St Saviour's, Claremont, Cape Town from 1944 to 1960.

He was married on the 17th of April 1909 to Alice Sophie (nee Kidd) at All Saints Church in Blackheath; they lived at Radley College and from 1919 lived at 4 Glebe Road, Rondebosch, South Africa; they had no children. When Alice died in May 1942, he married again in 1944 to Mary (nee Le Mesurier), the widow of Frank Goch of the South African Air Force.

He was a member of the Chemical Society, listed gardening as his main interest and gave his club as Leander. He lived at 14 Penrith Road, Wynberg, Cape Town. http://www.hambo.org/hazelwood/view_man.php?id=40

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Hazelwood School in Limpsfield, Surrey.
- He was educated at Wellington College.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as an assistant master, Radley Collge.
- He was educated at Headmaster, Rondebosch Diocesan College in Cape Town, South Africa.
- He worked as a Canon Emeritus of St. George's Cathedral in Cape Town, South Africa.

Roderick married **Alice Sophie Kidd** on 17 Apr 1909 in All Saints church, Blackheath, London. Alice died in 1942. They had no children.

Roderick next married Mary Le Mesurier.

12-Guy Capper Birt was born on 6 Aug 1884 in Caterham, Surrey and died on 11 Jun 1972 at age 87.

General Notes: Guy Capper Birt was born at Caterham on the 6th of August 1884 the son of Daniel Birt, a solicitor, and Mary Ella (nee Capper) Birt of 54 Shooter's Hill, Blackheath. He left Hazelwood School in the summer of 1898 for Wellington College where he was in Brougham House, leaving in 1902. He trained at the medical school at St Thomas' in London and at the Royal Dental Hospital obtaining MRCS, LRCP and LDS in 1910 and was registered as a doctor in the Medical Register on the 11th of November that year.

From 1910 to 1914 he was Assistant in the Dental Department at St Thomas' Hospital in London. In 1911 he became Dental Surgeon to the Metropolitan Police, a position he held until

1934.

He was married to Roberta (nee Ross) on the 11th of October 1913 at St Stephen's Church, Comely Bank, Edinburgh and they bought "Loxwood", Rockwood Road, Merstham in Surrey for £1,850 in the same year. They also had two sons, Alan Beckett born on the 24th of June 1915 and a second son born on the 20th of July 1917.

During the Great War he served as a plastic surgeon with the Royal Army Medical Corps and was promoted to Temporary Captain on the 25th of May 1918. He resigned his commission in 1919 and returned to practice at 37 Cavendish Square London.

In 1925 he was appointed as Surgeon Dentist to His Majesty a position he held until the King's death in 1936. He was also Surgeon Dentist to Queen Mary from 1925 to 1949. He ultimately joined the Board of Governors of St Thomas' and was appointed as Honourable Consulting Dental Surgeon to the hospital. He was appointed as a Commander of the Victorian Order in the New Year's Honours List of the 1st of January 1935.

During the Second World War he returned to the Royal Army Medical Corps with the rank of Captain and carried out work as a plastic surgeon connected with facial and jaw injuries. He listed caravanning and yachting amongst his interests and was a member of the Cavendish Club and Lansdowne House. He lived latterly at Merlebank, Moulsford, Wallingford in Berkshire.

http://www.hambo.org/hazelwood/view_man.php?id=41

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS LRCP LDS CVO.
- He was educated at Hazelwood School in Limpsfield, Surrey.
- He was educated at Wellington College.
- He worked as a Surgeon Dentist to King George V and Queen Mary.
- He worked as an officer surgeon of the RAMC.
- He had a residence in Merlebank, Moulsford, Wallingford, Berkshire.

Guy married Roberta Ross. They had two children: Alan Beckett and Geoffrey Guy.

13-Dr. Alan Beckett Birt was born on 24 Jun 1915 and died on 12 Aug 1993 at age 78.

General Notes: A B BIRT

CBE, FRCS

Alan Beckett Birt was a man of immense energy and great enthusiasm; at the Norfolk and Norwich Hospital he was known for his dedicated hard work and innovative approach. He was a true general surgeon with an extensive repertoire, including paediatric procedures, although his specialty interest remained vascular surgery. This encompassed cardiac surgery, and Norwich became the first provincial centre to do

such surgery; Alan continued this until the regional unit at Papworth Hospital was established. His interest in surgical training led to strong links with the Association of Surgeons of Great Britain and Ireland, of which he became president in 1979-the

first surgeon from a non-teaching provincial hospital to do so. Throughout the many reorganisations of the NHS he played an important part on committees of all levels, charing many of them. He enlivened the Norwich division of the BMA, and the Norwich Medico-Chirurgical Society as its president. In leisure moments Alan enjoyed Scottish country dancing as well as travelling abroad with his family for caravan or skiing holidays. Visiting medical centres overseas with the First Army Travelling Surgical Club furthered his international outlook. He gained great pleasure from his holiday house in Strathclyde. Alan retired early to Scotland to devote more time to his first wife, Joyce, caring for her during a distressing illness. After she died he married Peggy and returned to Norwich. He died of leukaemia and is survived by Peggy and his children, Christopher (also a doctor, who entered public health medicine), Rosemary, Alix, and Jenny.-N ALAN GREEN

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Surgeon.
- He worked as a President of the Association of Surgeons of Great Britain and Ireland in 1979.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 11 Dec 1993.

Alan married Joyce. They had four children: Christopher, Alix, Rosemary, and Jenny.

14-Dr Christopher Birt

14-Alix Birt

14-Rosemary Birt

14-Jenny Birt

Alan next married **Peggy**.

13-Geoffrey Guy Birt was born on 20 Jul 1917.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at 5 Kentish Mansions in 1975 in London Road, Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

10-Anne Capper⁴ was born on 16 Jan 1817 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 29 Sep 1882 in Hampstead, London at age 65.

Anne married **John Hardcastle**. John was born on 15 Jul 1821 in Abingdon, Oxfordshire and died on 8 Mar 1913 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire at age 91. They had five children: **Bertha Maria, Wilfred John, Rosa Ann, Basil William**, and **Norman Capper**.

- 11-Bertha Maria Hardcastle was born in 1852 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died in 1928 in Windsor, Berkshire at age 76.
- 11-Wilfred John Hardcastle was born in 1854 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died on 30 Aug 1930 in Woking, Surrey at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Architect.

Wilfred married Mary Theodora Matthews in 1895 in Lewisham, Kent. Mary was born in 1867 in Epsom, Surrey. They had two children: Elise Theodora Anne and Mary Gwynedd.

12-Elise Theodora Anne Hardcastle was born in 1896 in London.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1912-Jul 1914 in York, Yorkshire.
- 12-Mary Gwynedd Hardcastle was born in 1899 in London.
- 11-**Rosa Ann Hardcastle** was born on 26 Sep 1855 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died on 8 Jan 1946 at age 90.
- 11-Basil William Hardcastle was born in 1857 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died on 6 Jan 1915 in Sidmouth, Devon at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as an Accountant.

Basil married Emily Lee on 5 Sep 1894 in Hampstead, London. Emily was born in 1862 in Rock Ferry, Birkenhead, Cheshire. They had one daughter: Phoebe Mabel.

- 12-Phoebe Mabel Hardcastle was born on 8 Jan 1900 in Hampstead, London and died in 1976 in Chichester, West Sussex at age 76.
- 11-Norman Capper Hardcastle was born in 1859 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died on 14 Apr 1893 at age 34.

10-**Rebecca Capper**^{29,169} was born on 27 Jul 1818 in Paradise Row, Stoke Newington, London, was christened on 28 Oct 1836 in The Old Gravel Pit Independent Church, Hackney, London, and died on 12 Oct 1892 at age 74.

General Notes: At the age of 18 she was christened, thus breaking with her Quaker upbringing.

Rebecca married **Frederick Alexander**, ^{5,29,169} son of **William Alexander**, ^{5,29,113,169,170} and **Ann Barber**, ^{5,9,29,113,169,170} in 1839 in Hackney, London. Frederick was born on 13 Apr 1810 in (13 Apr 1811 Also Given) and died on 12 Jul 1893 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 83. They had nine children: **Thomas Henbest, Frederick Harrison, John William, Mary Anne Helen, Clara Ruth, Isabelle Frances, Edward Percy, Emily Maud, and Catherine Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant in 1853 in Holloway, London.
 - 11-**Thomas Henbest Alexander**^{29,169} was born on 1 Feb 1842.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 105 Hopton Road, Streatham, London.
- He worked as a Shipowner, Merchant and Commission agent. Before 31 Mar 1876 in 5 Mount Stuart Square, Cardiff, Glamorgan, Wales.
- 11-Frederick Harrison Alexander²⁹ was born on 21 Jun 1844 and died on 29 Oct 1886 in Drowned at age 42.
- 11-**John William Alexander**^{29,169} was born on 2 Mar 1846 in 11 Carlton Villas, Holloway, London and died in 1897 in New Brighton, Port Elizabeth, South Africa at age 51. The cause of his death was Drowned.

General Notes: Worked in Johannesburg, Durban and Cape Town between about 1884 and 1897, Alexander was articled to Thomas Goodchild, FRIBA, in London and was afterwards in the offices of Fred Preedy and of Mr Drew, both in London. In 1871 he set up independent practice on his own account in Stockton-on-Tees, Yorkshire where he practised until 1881. It was about this time that he left for South Africa where, by 1884, he had become a foundation member of the Engineering and Architectural Association of South Africa (Johnson 1987:360). The RIBA Kalendar (1887) listed his address as 'c/o The Standard Bank of SA, Jhb via Natal'. He was listed at the same address as Henry Thomas GRADON in Johannesburg from 1889 until around 1890 (cf ALEXANDER & GRADON). His address in 1890 was c/o the Colonial Institute, Northumberland Avenue, London. He returned to South Africa however, the following year where in 1891/1892 he was working for the East African Exploration Syndicate in Durban c/o Messrs Arbuckle. About 1893 he appears to have moved to Cape Town. One John William Alexander drowned at New Brighton, Port Elizabeth in 1897; it is not yet certain that he was the architect as his profession was not given; he was a widower with five children and was born in London.

ARIBA 1882; Founder mem EAASA 1884; SASA 1902. (Afr Archt Jul 1911:33; ARIBA nom paper (1882); Brown 1969; Edward's General Dir Jhb 1889, 1890; Johnson 1979; CAD MOOC 6/9/365 no 1497; RIBA Kal 1890.

This entry has elicited the following response from Graham Potts. If you can help clarify the information we would be grateful.

He was born in Great Yarmouth which casts doubt on the death date that you have for JW Alexander who was born in London. This may be because several thousand miles away the distinction did not seem significant, especially as Alexander trained in London.

(Upon what authority was he born in Great Yarmouth? Mr. Potts is confusing two people of the same name, born in the same year. The John William Alexander born in Great Yarmouth that year, had a mother named Elizabeth. This John William Alexander's mother was named Rebecca and furthermore, on census returns, declares himself London born. CEGP)

His practice in Stockton was in partnership with William Henman, FRIBA (1846-1917). They were busy designing schools and other public buildings when they won the competition for Handsworth Council Offices in Birmingham in 1878. Two further competitions were won in the West Midlands area - Aston Public Offices and Wednesbury Board School - both in 1879. Henman went to Birmingham to supervise the construction of these commissions and terminated the partnership to stay there. He became an authority on the design and ventilation of hospitals. His best known building is the Royal Victoria Hospital, Belfast.

Alexander continued in Stockton though he also had an office in London and served as Diocesan Surveyor for the Archdeaconry of Cleveland. In 1881 he was in partnership with Moses who later worked with Henry Weatherill in Stockton.

I had always assumed that his partnership with Gradon was in England as they were placed first in the competion for St Hilda, Bishopwearmouth, Sunderland in 1888. In the event the church was not built until 1890-94 when the architects were Hicks & Charlewood of Newcastle with a different design.

In 1889 he wrote to the Building News complaining about the restoration of St Alban's Cathedral by Lord Grimethorpe. This must have been when he was back in London. It is hard to know how much of the practice in Stockton was down to Alexander as Henman had better credentials as he had won the Pugin Scholarship in 1871 and seems to have been the more dynamic partner with an enthusiasm for competitions. It does seem odd that you can find no information about designs in South Africa when he was quite busy in Stockton. I do have one building from his time in South Africa:-

1888 Tilbury Dock, Doctor's House. [Building News, 54, 2 March 1888, p.321 + plate] Again this could have been when he returned to London, or it may have been designed for a family member.

Contact Artefacts (contact@artefacts.co.za) please if you have any comments or more information regarding this record.

http://www.artefacts.co.za/main/Buildings/archframes.php?archid=16

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Architect of Stockton on Tees.
- He worked as an Architect situated at the Post Office Chambers, Middlesbrough.

- He worked as an Architect in practice with William Henman 1871 To 1879.
- He resided at Lidwells, Goudhurst, Kent.

John married Florence Templer, ^{29,169} daughter of Rev. William Christopher Templer¹⁶⁹ and Jane Warr-Pope, on 5 May 1874 in Burton Bradstock, Dorset. Florence was born on 7 Dec 1853 in Florence, Italy and died on 25 Oct 1925 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 71. They had six children: Elizabeth Florence, Frederick William Templer, Hebe Emily, Henry Lethbridge, John, and Guy Bevan.

- 12-Elizabeth Florence Alexander was born in 1874 in Camberwell, London and died in 1902 at age 28.
- 12-Frederick William Templer Alexander^{29,169} was born on 14 Apr 1875 and died on 13 Jul 1946 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Served with Merchant Navy.
- He resided at Lived in Bruges, Belgium and then South America from 1908.
- He resided at 72 Harwood Road, Fulham.

Frederick married Kathleen.

12-**Hebe Emily Alexander**^{29,169} was born on 1 May 1876 in Langbaurgh Hall, Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 9 Jan 1903 in Goudhurst, Kent at age 26.

Hebe married **Rev. Richard Ellis Marchant**, ¹⁶⁹ son of **Stephen Walter Marchant** and **Elizabeth Lambe**, on 30 Apr 1901. Richard was born in 1865 in Matfield, Brenchley, Kent and was christened on 27 Oct 1865 in Brenchley, Kent. They had one daughter: **Hebe Elizabeth Florence**.

13-**Hebe Elizabeth Florence Marchant** was born on 6 Dec 1902.

12-Maj. Gen. Henry Lethbridge Alexander^{29,169} was born on 9 Mar 1878 in Langbaurgh, Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 20 Jun 1944 in Old Hunstanton, Norfolk at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB CMG DSO Croix de Guerre.
- He worked as a Soldier. South African War: First World War. Lt. Col. Dorset Regt.
- He worked as a Temp. Maj. Gen. Deputy Adjutant and Quartermaster General British Forces Italy. In 1918.
- He worked as a Col. Director of Quartering, War Office in 1919.
- He worked as a Brig. Gen. Administration in 1920.
- He worked as a Temp. Col. Staff in 1921.
- He worked as a Col. QMG York & Durham Inf. Brigade in 1924.
- He resided at Carreg Felon. Portmadoc, North Wales.
- He resided at Mill House, Dersingham, Norfolk.

Henry married Annabel Angus, daughter of William Angus.

Henry next married **Dorothy Mary Blanche Long** on 17 Apr 1909 in Farnham, Surrey. Dorothy was born in 1884 in Dorking, Surrey. They had five children: **Sylvia Blanche, Henry Templer, John Lionel, Joan Gertrude**, and **Carola Lethbridge**.

13-Sylvia Blanche Alexander¹⁷¹ was born in Feb 1910 in Farnham, Surrey and died on 10 Aug 1972 in West Compton, Bridport, Dorset at age 62.

Sylvia married **Francis Ian Walter Stewart**¹⁷¹ in 1933. Francis was born on 25 Feb 1909 in Kensington, London and died in 1949 in Hailsham, Sussex at age 40. They had three children: **Ian Malcolm Alexander, Angus**, and **Duncan**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury.
 - 14-Ian Malcolm Alexander Stewart
 - 14-Angus Stewart
 - 14-Duncan Stewart was born on 24 Aug 1942 in Buckinghamshire and died on 19 Aug 2007 at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer in West Compton Manor, West Compton, Bridport, Dorset.

Duncan married **Sarah A. Nalder**. They had one son: **Ashley James Alexander**.

15-Ashley James Alexander Stewart

Ashley married Oonagh Richarda du Plessis Langrishe, daughter of Nicholas du Plessis Langrishe and Anna Victoria Airy Townsend.

13-Maj. Gen. Henry Templer Alexander¹¹ was born on 17 May 1911 in Farnham, Surrey and died on 16 Mar 1977 at age 65.

General Notes: Commissioned into Cameronians (Scottish Rifles) 1931; Instructor, Royal Military College Sandhurst 1938; World War II in North West Europe, North Africa, Italy, India and Burma 1939-1945; Commander, 2 Cameronians, Italy 1943; operations Staff, Second Chindit expedition, Burma 1944; Chief Instructor, School of Combined Operations 1946-1948; Officer Commanding 1 Cameronians (Scottish Rifles) 1954-1955; General Officer Commanding 26 Gurkha Bde 1955-1957; Senior Instructor, Staff College, Camberley 1958; Imperial Defence College 1959; Chief of Defence Staff Ghana 1960-1961; Commander, Ghana Contingent UN Forces, Belgian Congo 1960-1961; Chief of Staff Northern Command, Headquarters York 1962-1965; retired 1965; British Observer, International Observer Team on genocide, Nigeria 1968

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB CBE DSO.
- He was educated at Sedbergh.
- He was educated at RMC Sandhurst.

Henry married Maribel Joan Sedgwick Rough. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 14-Alexander
- 14-Alexander
- 14-Alexander
- 13-John Lionel Alexander was born on 17 Nov 1913 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire and died in Feb 1996 in Yeovil, Somerset at age 82.
- 13-Joan Gertrude Alexander¹⁷¹ was born on 21 Jul 1915 in Southborough, Kent and died on 23 Sep 2014 in Fulham, London at age 99.
- 13-Carola Lethbridge Alexander¹⁷² was born in Mar 1918 in Sherborne, Dorset and died in 2010 in Beaminster, Dorset at age 92.

Carola married **Peter Durand Rawlins** in 1940 in Yeovil, Somerset. Peter was born on 30 Apr 1917 and died on 16 Sep 2001 in Devon at age 84.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Silverleigh, Silver Street, Axminster, Devon. EX13 5AF.

Henry next married **Emmeline Styleman Le Strange**, ¹⁶⁹ daughter of **Hamon Le Strange** and **Emmeline Austin**, on 23 Jan 1933. Emmeline was born in 1872 in Mayfair, London and died on 26 Jul 1948 at age 76.

General Notes: Known as Lina

- 12-**John Alexander**^{29,169} was born on 22 May 1880 and died on 15 May 1901 in Killed in action. Boer War at age 20.
- 12-Cmdr. Guy Bevan Alexander^{29,169} was born on 22 Feb 1882 in Langbaurgh, Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 23 Sep 1948 in Worthing Hospital at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Naval Officer.
- He resided at 16 Wordsworth Road, Worthing.

Guy married Edith Symes.

Guy next married Olive.

11-Mary Anne Helen Alexander²⁹ was born on 27 Sep 1847.

Mary married William Pearce. They had four children: William Sydney, Mary Helen, David J., and Agnes Mabel.

- 12-William Sydney Pearce
- 12-Mary Helen Pearce
- 12-David J. Pearce
- 12-Agnes Mabel Pearce
- 11-Clara Ruth Alexander²⁹ was born on 24 Nov 1849.
- 11-**Isabelle Frances Alexander**¹⁶⁹ was born on 20 Sep 1852.
- 11-Edward Percy Alexander^{29,169} was born on 1 Apr 1855 and was christened on 5 Sep 1873 in All Saints, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: Was he a clergyman and Vicar of All Saints, Wigan?

Edward married Annie Louisa Attree²⁹ on 30 Jul 1879 in Kent. Annie was born in 1859 in Erith, Kent and was christened on 24 Jul 1859. They had eight children: Mary Maude, Annie Ruth, Cyril Percy, Frederick Wilfrid, Stephen Arden, Basil Gregory, Phyllis Maude, and Ethel May Dorothy.

- 12-Mary Maude Alexander²⁹ was born on 20 May 1880, was christened on 13 Jun 1880 in Ashdon, Essex, and died in 1887 in Cheshire at age 7.
- 12-Annie Ruth Alexander²⁹ was born on 29 Apr 1882 in Wigan, Lancashire and was christened on 20 May 1882 in Wigan, Lancashire.
- 12-Cyril Percy Alexander²⁹ was christened on 24 Feb 1884 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.

Cyril married **Gertrude Mary Torkington**, daughter of **Thomas Torkington** and **Hannah**, on 20 Dec 1908 in St. George's, Stockport, Cheshire. Gertrude was christened on 4 Feb 1886 in Stockport, Cheshire.

- 12-Frederick Wilfrid Alexander²⁹ was christened on 10 Nov 1885 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.
- 12-Stephen Arden Alexander²⁹ was born in 1891, was christened on 26 Mar 1891 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire, and died in 1976 in Bolton, Lancashire at age 85.
- 12-Basil Gregory Alexander²⁹ was christened on 12 Jan 1890 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.
- 12-**Phyllis Maude Alexander**²⁹ was christened on 20 Sep 1892 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.

- 12-Ethel May Dorothy Alexander was christened on 15 Jan 1888 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.
- 11-Emily Maud Alexander²⁹ was born on 13 Jun 1858, was christened on 16 Jan 1870 in All Saints, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, and died on 25 Jul 1870 in Drowned at age 12.
- 11-Catherine Mary Alexander was born on 28 Jan 1861 and was christened on 16 Jan 1870 in All Saints, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 10-Jasper John Capper 11,12 was born on 6 Jan 1820 in Paradise Row, Stoke Newington, London and died in 1895 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at 1 Beaufort Road in 1881 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.
- He worked as an Engineer, Falcon Engineering in Loughborough, Leicestershire.

Jasper married Harriet Millington Jackson, 11,12 daughter of John Stanway Jackson, in 1854. Harriet died in 1871. They had three children: John Brainerd, Stewart Henbest, and David Sing.

11-John Brainerd Capper^{11,12} was born on 4 Nov 1855 and died on 16 Jan 1936 at age 80.

General Notes: **CAPPER, John Brainerd** MA (Edin.), journalist and man of letters

Born Loughborough, 4 Nov. 1855; e s of late Jasper John Capper, of Upper Clapton and (later) of Edinburgh, and first wife, Harriet Millington Jackson, of Douglas, Isle of Man; m 1884, Emily Sophia, widow of his cousin, Harold Henbest Capper, and 4th d of late Henry Benjamin Spalding; died 16 Jan. 1936

Education Royal High School, Edinburgh (High School Club Prizeman); Edinburgh University (MA with first class honours in classics, 1877); Heidelberg University

Career Entered the service of The Times as member of the Reporters' Gallery staff, 1878; transferred to the Editorial Department, 1880; Principal Assistant-Editor, 1884–1913; on the Board of Directors, 1912–13; in 1913 travelled round the world *via* Moscow, Trans-Siberian Railway, China and Japan, contributing letters to The Times

Publications Edited, with introductory memoir of the author, Stories of Naples and the Camorra, by the late Charles Grant, 1896; Twenty-Five Trifles in Verse, 1918; Andrew Seth Pringle-Pattison (personal memoir), for Proceedings of the British Academy, Vol. xvii, 1932

Recreations Yachting, motoring, travel

Address Monks Court, Reigate, Surrey

Reigate 1383

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at 51 Victoria Street in Westminster, London.
- He resided at St. Michael's in Reigate, Surrey.

John married **Emily Sophia Spalding**¹² in 1884. Emily was born in 1852.

11-Prof. Stewart Henbest Capper 11,12 was born in 1860 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 8 Jan 1925 in Anglo-American Hospital, Cairo, Egypt at age 65.

General Notes: Stewart Henbest Capper was born in 1860 at Upper Clapton in Greater London. His parents moved to Edinburgh when he was nine and from then he and his two brothers were educated at the Royal High School where he was dux in 1875. He then matriculated at Edinburgh University at the age of sixteen where he gained a First Class Honours in Classics in 1880 after studying for a session at the University of Heidelberg. Having chosen architecture as his profession he joined the office of J Burnet & Son, Glasgow in 1884, but a serious health condition forced him to accept later that same year a position as tutor to the only son of Sir Robert Morier, then British minister to Portugal and subsequently in Madrid, a post which was soon combined with that of private secretary. There he learned Portuguese and Spanish, studied Spanish architecture and made many lasting friendships. Still in that same year, 1884, he resumed the study of architecture by attending the Ecole des Beaux-Arts, where he was a pupil of Jean-Louis Pascal for four years. There he became a lifelong friend of Alexander Nisbet Paterson. Together with Frank Worthington Simon and John Keppie, whose stays were more brief, they shared rooms and made 'jaunts together en province' for sketching or refreshment with the other students after 'strenuous days and nights at the atelier and en loge'. After further travelling in Europe, Capper returned to Edinburgh in 1887, working as assistant to Sir George Washington Browne

He continued to assist Washington Brown until 1891, but from 1888 he was also practising on his own account in partnership with his former fellow pupil at Pascal's, Frank Worthington Simon. The newly formed partnership of Simon & Capper won the competition for Hope Chapel, Wigan, in 1888. In 1890 Simon came into prominence as the architect of the Edinburgh International Exhibition of that year, working in collaboration with the artist-architect William Allan Carter who also had his own studio at 5 St Andrew Square; Capper does not seem to have had any involvement in this project. In that same year Rowand Anderson and David MacGibbon persuaded thirty well-off individuals to subscribe £1,200 for the formation of the Edinburgh School of Applied Art at the Royal Institution. When classes commenced on 17 October 1892 Simon was its first professor with George Mackie Watson as first assistant, quickly joined by his brother John who had run the Edinburgh Architectural Association classes and by Capper, the last giving the School as a whole a marked Ecole des Beaux-Arts bias in its teaching. All owed their appointments to Anderson's patronage, the Watson brothers also being ex-assistants of Anderson's while Capper was an ex-assistant of his former partner George Washington Browne.

Prior to that, on 8 June 1891, Capper had been admitted ARIBA, his proposers being John James Burnet, William Leiper and Richard Phené Spiers.

By 1892 the Simon & Capper partnership had been dissolved and Capper was in independent practice. Sometime late in 1891 he had become associated with Professor Patrick Geddes - a biologist - who had founded the Town & Gown University Settlement with the object of creating staff and student residences within the Old Town of Edinburgh. This resulted in the Ramsay Garden, Riddles Court, James Court and Blackie House development. Geddes hoped to extend the concept to Glasgow and, probably at Capper's suggestion, wrote to John James Burnet who asked to see the Settlement's accounts before taking the matter further. Whilst involved in this work, Capper also took part in the work of the university, acting as examiner in the History and Theory of the Arts.

The association between Geddes and Capper ended in 1896 when a temporary breakdown in health induced Capper to accept the position of first professor of architecture at McGill University in Montreal for which he had been nominated by Professor G Baldwin Brown. It was believed his health could improve with the drier climate. A condition of his tenure was that he could not practise at the same time, as the university was opposed to their professors operating in absentia. As professor he became a Royal Canadian Academician and urged university education for architects at a time when there were only three chairs in England and none in Europe. He returned to England in 1903 to take up the chair of architecture at Victoria University, Manchester; while his time there was academically successful the climate was not good for him. After Percy Erskine Nobbs withdrew from the Montreal chair in 1909, Capper expressed an interest in returning but on Baldwin Brown's recommendation the vacancy was eventually filled by Ramsay Traquair in 1913. Capper left Manchester in 1912, when another breakdown in his health obliged him to retire early and go abroad to recover his health.

When in Canada Capper had joined the Canadian Field Artillery reaching the rank of captain. When he moved to Manchester he secured a transfer of his commission to the volunteers there and organised the Officer Training Corps of the University with promotion to the rank of brevet major. When war came he joined his battalion and went to Egypt. Found unfit for the Gallipoli campaign, he was appointed military censor in Cairo for which purpose he learned Arabic. At the end of the war he was given a similar position in the European department of the Ministry of the Interior in Cairo, a post which he retained until his death from a heart attack in the Anglo-American Hospital in Cairo on 8 January 1925. His funeral was attended by Lord Allenby and representatives of the Egyptian Government.

CAPPER, Stewart Henbest MA (Edin. and Manc.); ARIBA 1891; RCA 1899 (ARCA 1897); FSA

Born 15 Dec. 1859; 3rd s of late Jasper John Capper, Upper Clapton, and Harriet Millington Jackson, Douglas, Isle of Man; unmarried; died 8 Jan. 1925 Temporary Egyptian Government Official

Education Royal High School; Edinburgh University; Heidelberg University; Ecole des Beaux Arts, Paris. Medallist and 'Dux', Royal High School, 1875; MA with first class honours (classics), 1880

Career Private tutor and (for part of the time) acting private secretary in household of the late Sir R. B. D. Morier, Lisbon and Madrid, 1879–83; examiner in Art History and Archæology, Edinburgh University, 1895 and 1904; Macdonald Professor of Architecture, McGill University, Montreal, 1896–1903; Professor of Architecture, Victoria University, Manchester, 1903–12; late Capt. and Bt Major, 1/6th Batt. Manchester Regt, which he accompanied to Egypt on active service; Military Censor, Port Said, 1914–16, Alexandria, 1916–17, Cairo, 1917–18; Intelligence Corps, EEF, 1918; GSO, EEF, 1919 (despatches twice, TD); Chief Press Censor, Ministry of the Interior, Cairo, 1920–21; Major (local), commanding Manchester University Contingent Officers' Training Corps, 1908–12; formerly Captain Canadian Field Artillery (3rd Field Battery, Montreal)

Publications occasional papers

Recreations Member Royal St Lawrence Yacht Club; RNSYC

Club Athenæum

Address European Dept, Ministry of the Interior, Cairo

St Michael's, Reigate, Surrey

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with ARIBA RCA FSA.
- He worked as a Professor of Architecture in University of Manchester.
- He worked as a Professor of Architecture in McGill University, Montreal, Canada.
- He resided at 337 Moss Lane East in Manchester.

11-**Prof. David Sing Capper**^{11,12} was born in 1864 and died on 12 Feb 1926 in London at age 62.

General Notes: Capper, David Sing

MA, MInstCE, MIMechE

y s of late Jasper John Capper (d 1895); m 1893, Lillian Grace, y d of late Dr A. R. Shaw, St Leonards-on-Sea (d 1899); one s; died 12 Feb. 1926 Professor of Engineering, University of London, King's College, 1902–21; and Member of Senate, 1905–07; Fellow, King's College, London, 1907

Education Royal High School, Edinburgh; Edinburgh University; University College, London

Career Messrs R. & W. Hawthorns; Messrs Humphrys, Tennant and Co., Deptford. Asst to Mr R. Humphrys, 1888–90. One of the Governors of Sir Roger Cholmeley's School, Highgate, 1905–20; member of governing body of Imperial College of Science and Technology, South Kensington, 1908–09; Member of Delegacy of University of London, King's College, 1910–14; Lt-Col Commanding University of London Contingent of Officers' Training Corps to 1915; Major, 2/5 Royal Warwicks, BEF

Publications various professional papers in Proceedings of Engineering Institutions, Royal Agricultural Society, etc.

Recreations Gardening, philately **Clubs** Athenæum; St Stephen's

Address 38 West Heath Drive, Hampstead, NW8

Hampstead 2350

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA MInstCE MIMechE.
- He worked as a Professor of Engineering in King's College, London.
- He worked as a Member of the Senate in the University of London.
- He resided at Plas Gwyn, in Frognal, Hampstead, London.

David married Lilian Grace Shaw, ¹² daughter of Dr. Archibald R. Shaw, in 1893. Lilian was born in 1865 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex. They had one son: Derick Jasper.

12-Lieut. Derick Jasper Capper was born on 20 May 1895 in Chiswick, London and died in 1979 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at 38 West Heath Drive in London NW11.

Jasper next married Anna Coventry Blyth.

- 10-Clara Capper⁴ was born on 24 Dec 1821 in Paradise Row, Stoke Newington, London, was christened on 28 Oct 1836 in Old Gravel Pit Independent, Hackney, London, and died on 23 Aug 1863 in Hackney, Dalston, London at age 41.
- 10-Mary Allen Capper⁴ was born on 14 Jul 1823 in Paradise Row, Stoke Newington, London and was christened on 28 Oct 1836 in Old Gravel Pit Independent, Hackney, London.

Mary married Dr. Charles Joseph Tomkins. They had six children: Alfred John, Alice Mary, Gertrude Emily, Charles Capper, Herbert William, and Harding Henbest.

- 11-**Alfred John Tomkins** was born in 1847 in London and died in 1922 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 75.
- 11-Alice Mary Tomkins was born in 1848 in London and was christened on 4 May 1868 in St. John's, Battersea, London.
- 11-Gertrude Emily Tomkins was born in 1850 and was christened on 22 Dec 1869 in St. John's, Battersea, London.
- 11-Charles Capper Tomkins was born in 1850 in London, was christened on 31 Mar 1877 in Odiham, Southampton, Hampshire, and died in 1922 in Petersfield, Hampshire at age 72.
- 11-**Herbert William Tomkins** was born in 1854 in London and died in 1926 in Edmonton, London at age 72.

Herbert married **Alicia Bradshaw**, daughter of **Rev. Dr. George Bradshaw**, in 1878 in Aston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Alicia was born in 1854 in Southampton, Hampshire and died in 1930 in Totnes, Devon at age 76.

- 11-**Dr. Harding Henbest Tomkins** was born in 1860, was christened on 15 Sep 1875 in Odiham, Southampton, Hampshire, and died in 1929 in Brentford, Middlesex at age 69.
- Harding married Annie Amelia. They had two children: Margery Allen and Eleanor H.
 - 12-Margery Allen Tomkins was born in 1899, was christened on 12 Jul 1899 in St. Andrew's, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, and died in 1926 at age 27.
 - 12-Eleanor H. Tomkins
- 9-George Capper was born on 20 Sep 1791 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 5 Apr 1794 in Gracechurch Street, London at age 2.
- 9-Katherine Capper 15,20,38,144 was born on 16 Oct 1792 in Gracechurch Street, London, died on 16 Mar 1882 in Stoke Newington, London at age 89, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington,

County Durham.

General Notes: Katharine Backhouse, 89 16 3 mo. 1882 Darlington. A Minister. Widow of John Backhouse.

The readers of the Annual Monitor will be compartively few who remember the subject of the following memorial in the vigour of her days. Yet there is a value peculiar to itself, in the testimony of a long life, from early childhood to extreme old age, to the faithfulness of our God and Saviour.

K. Backhouse was the fourth daughter of Jasper and Ann Capper, of Stoke Newington, and was born in the year 1792.

Being one of a large family of children, nine of whom lived to grow up, her education was a very practical one, and her active powers were early called into requisition in the home circle. As she grew older, visiting and nursing the sick poor was one of her special duties. This being at the period when vaccination for the small-pox had been recently introduced, she entered into it with so much interest that she undertook it on a large scale for the poor children of Stoke Newington, and received a medical diploma for vaccinating upwards of a thousand children.

The energy of K. Capper was great, and her lively, active mind delighted in opportunities of helping or doing kindnesses to others. In Joseph Gurney Bevan, the family of young people had a most kind and improving friend, and at the age of seventeen, K. C. studied Greek that she might be able to read to him in the Greek Testament, he having become blind in his declining years; and in afterlife she frequently referred to the benefit she had derived from his company and conversation. By their parents they were carefully watched over, and instructed in religious truth, and at the age of nineteen, K. C. first spoke in the ministry in Gracechurch Street Meeting, of which she was then a member, and by which she was afterwards acknowledged as a minister.

In 1823 she was married to John Backhouse, of Darlington. In reference to this event she writes in her journal: - "J. B. left me last evening, after being in town about ten days. During his visit my heart has been turned to the Lord for direction in this most important matter. Sometimes I have asked that if this is indeed the husband designed for me, I might feel him to be standing on Christ the immovable Bock; and I may, with humble gratitude record, that we have been mercifully condescended unto by being permitted unitedly to feel the presence of the Most High to be with us as we have waited upon Him together. He knows the integrity of our hearts in this business, and how earnestly we both desire not to take one step in it without His holy sanction. To Him do I commit myself and my cause, in a lowly confidence that He will preserve me from error. This evening, while retired in my room, with a sincere desire to see the Divine will in this concern, I was unexpectedly impressed with the belief that we should he given to each other as the Lord's precious gifts, and that He would bless us together; also that He would give me wisdom to go in and out before the dear children as I look to Him for it; and under the humbling prevalence of this feeling I have at this time desired afresh to dedicate my whole heart to Him who so graciously condescends to my unworthy soul. May I ever serve, honour, and obey Him."

Beautifully did she fill the place of step- mother to J. B.'s motherless children, whose warm affection she gained by her loving and judicious care. In the circle to which she belonged she was greatly valued; her clear and sound judgment often decided a point which might otherwise have been perplexing. Her ready sympathy and wise counsel were frequently sought by her friends. Especially in seasons of sickness and affliction were her visits most cordially welcomed, and will long be remembered by those iwho had the privilege of her acquaintance. Watchful- ness over herself and desire to be found doing her Master's work, were conspicuous in her cha- racter, and to her, in no common degree, might be applied the words, - she "visited the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and kept herself unspotted from the world."

During the years 1831 to 1840 K. B. travelled much as a minister of the Gospel, and, accompanied by her husband or some other congenial companion, she visited the meetings in Scotland, and those in many parts of England. Service in her own Quarterly Meeting was not unfrequently called for, and her humility and devotedness of spirit and power of sympathy gained her ready access to those to whom her mind was drawn. Her ministry was concise and clear, and was much valued by her friends; yet we find in her journal the following entry, which may serve for the encouragement of those who, feeling that it is laid upon them to speak for their Master, may be discouraged by a sense of their inability to express what is in their hearts: - "When I compare the services of some of my beloved friends with my own poor performances, dry and barren as they sometimes appear to me, I am almost ready to be overwhelmed with discouragement, and to think I had better never again attempt to speak in the name of the Lord; and yet when the command seems to be given, how can I refrain? It may be that it is for my own humiliation, and from this 1 do not desire to shrink; but if it is because of anything wrong in me that so little life and power attend my speaking, oh be pleased gracious Lord to do it away for Thy name's sake and Thy honour's sake." Again: "I have been much humbled of late, or at least I trust so, under the sense of my great unprofitableness, now nearly entering my sixtieth year. I can look back and deeply deplore my profitless life, the little I have done or said for my good Master; for Him who has done, and is doing, all for me. I long to live to His praise, and, if I might be so permitted, to win souls to Him; yet I feel laid down, laid aside as it were, and dare not set myself to work in any way of my own desiring. I fear I am sometimes criminally backward in promoting His cause, and yet I do desire not to be so. Surely I do love my Saviour; at least I earnestly wish to do so, and even this wish cannot originate in me. L

In 1847 K. B. was deprived of her beloved husband, who died at Shull, a favourite moorland retreat of his. For six years previously he had been much of an invalid from an attack of partial paralysis, which came on suddenly, and was at first attended with severe suffering. This was greatly soothed by the unwearied attentions of his devoted wife; and in this deep trial they knew what it was to partake largely of the con-solations of Christ, as shown by the following extracts from memoranda made at this time:

"He (J. B.) expressed his thankfulness that he had never had even one regret at the sudden loss of his powers, but that he had been enabled to say, 6 Thy will be done; 'that he believed we had both been enabled to take refuge under the shadow of the Almighty in this hour of great calamity. He was sweetly affectionate, and said if I was spared to him he should want for nothing as to nursing, and remarked that our love was founded on that which was not shaken by these storms - even on Christ." Again: "We had a sweet morning together, pouring out our souls in prayer that He who knows our need will be pleased to enable us so to sustain the in-firmities of flesh and spirit as to promote His glory, and that for His dear Son's sake He will, in the end, grant us an inheritance among the blessed."

After so many years of the endearing de- pendence of suffering, K. B. most keenly felt the separation. She writes: - " How shall I recount my feelings on re-entering this clear abode (Beechwood), doubly dear to me as the spot he so much liked, and where we have passed so many hours together? No language could set forth all that my heart has endured, yet I am bound to add that mercy and love have upheld my drooping spirit, and that my solitary hours have been sweetened by a sense of heavenly goodness, and of the perfect happiness of my most precious one; indeed, his purified spirit seems to be about me. And now may the God of my life, who attracted my childish heart to Himself, and who accepted graciously the mid-day surrender, seeing He gave me a precious husband who was like a part of my own soul, and has been pleased to redeem and sanctify him and take him from all his earthly shackles- may He, my Lord and my God, also mercifully accept the sacrifice of my widowed heart, and make it His dwelling-place."

The death of her husband was followed after no long interval by another bereavement, which she keenly felt, in the death of her daughter-in- law, Anna Backhouse. She writes, Second month 2nd,

1848: "To-day came the following deeply affecting letter from my precious son, which has plunged us into sorrow indeed:

On board the Bulldog War Steamer, off Palermo, First month 1st, 1848. "'My dearest Mother and Eliza. - I scarcely know how to find words to convey to you the dispensation with which it has pleased our Heavenly Father to visit me. My precious Anna is no more! On account of the state of things here (an insurrection) we have never been able to inform you of our arrival here on the 12th ult., immediately after which disturbances commenced, and on Seventh-clay evening we were obliged to come on board this ship. . . . We were, in fact, driven to come here, as she was evidently losing ground at Naples. . . . She found the air of this place suit her, and said she felt much more com-fortable. Yesterday she was quite nicely, and was on deck, which she much enjoyed; and this morning, after a good night, she again came on about eleven o'clock. Soon after this the courier, who with Mary Ann (her maid) was in another ship, came on board, and told us M. A. was not comfortable there. I went to the captain, and got leave for her to come on board; and my dearest followed me, unknown to me, to speak to him also. On going back to her chair she com-plained

of shortness of breath. . . . She soon became alarmingly ill. We laid her down on deck, and two medical men on board gave her every attention. She at once became aware of her situation, and said she was "going to Jesus, and to her dearest papa,* and that she felt very comfortable." Kemedies revived her for a time. She begged to see J ohnny, kissed him, and told Sarah to take good care of him; and frequently said how very comfortable she felt, but that it was a strange place to die in, surrounded as she was by the strangers on board, who were very feeling and kind. At last she gradually became quiet, and sank most easily away. It was an awful time, and I can yet scarcely believe it is not a dream. ... I feel there is only one source to which I can look for comfort, and may I obtain it in my deep affliction.

" Your most affectionate,

" John C. Backhouse.

"P.S. - I was unable to send this yesterday, so add that I have this morning followed her precious remains to the cemetery. . . . The captain and some of his officers accompanied me, and as we stood round the grave in our own simple manner, I could not but long that the feeling of her inexpressible happiness might enable me to bear with resignation this agonising stroke.' "Humility and submission to the will of God were conspicuous features of Katharine Back- house's character; bereavement therefore did not induce her to yield herself to any weak indul- gence in grief, but rather to inquire what was the work left for her to do. Her executive activity enabled her in days of vigour, whilst acting upon her favourite motto, always to do the must-be's before the may-he's, to get through an amount of work, which to one of slower habits would seem impossible.

Surrounded by a large circle of relations, who looked up to her with loving affection, and often sought advice, her correspondence was necessarily extensive; and even to those with whom she was but little acquainted, if she felt she could give a warning word she did it, often at much cost to herself; and her faithfulness was at times re- warded by very sincere thanks. She loved to open her house to the messengers of the Lord, who found in her a true and sympathizing friend. Her bright and cheerful spirit always made her home especially attractive to the young. For several years K. B. acted as Clerk to the Women's Yearly Meeting, a position from which she exceedingly shrank, but in which her char- acter shone never more brightly, when her deep spiritual experience, her good judgment, and calm dignity, had a marked influence upon the meeting, and often gave a wise direction to the various deliberations that occupied it. She writes (*Fourth month 6th, 1850*):- "I do intensely feel having to open the Yearly Meeting, with all which it involves this year; and, oh! how earnestly do I ask for wisdom and discretion according to my need. My soul would sink within me were it not for the promises from Him who has all power unto those who have none, which I truly feel to be my case." And again (*Fifth month 12th, 1851*): "I have had such a baptism as regards the approaching Yearly Meeting as I have seldom known. My soul has indeed been cast down within me, but I have remembered Him in whom alone is my trust, and have desired to commit all to Him. Lord! do Thou keep me, not only from wilful disobedience, but from any mistakes whereby dishonour might be I brought upon Thy precious truth. Oh, may this be exalted over all, and Thy great name glorified through Jesus Christ. I want, Thou knowest, to have no will but Thine, and that the little remainder of my day may be devoted unto Thee alone, who hast the right to rule and reign within and over me."

Entire loneliness, as to outward companionship, was often her position; but, as we see by her memoranda, it was indeed cheered by the love of her Saviour, and almost to the last days of her life to be left alone with Him, to commune with Him, was her delight.

She writes (*Eleventh month 6th, 1850*): - "Much have I dwelt on the sweet memory of my precious husband, and have been afresh comforted in the belief that he would not have been dear to me but for his love to Christ; for the more I saw His image reflected in him, the more tenderly I loved him. Oh, then, do I not love my blessed Saviour, and, unworthy as I am, may I not believe that it is because He first loved me, and gave Himself for me; and now I am cast upon Him, have no one to lean on but Him. "Well, then, to Him I will joyfully go, for He will never turn me away. The poor lone widow He will shelter and befriend. Oh, how does this sweet confidence support me

"Many religious persons appear perplexed about the nature of the joys of eternity; and at times distressed because they do not feel that assurance of partaking in them which would be fully satisfactory. It seerus to me that we have little to do with either. TVe ought to have no desire so earnest, no joy so great, as the accom- plishment of our Heavenly Fathers will, and if as we journey on through time this is our true experience, we may safely commit ourselves to Him both for time and for eternity. Possibly the joy of the latter may consist in the unobstructed fulfilment of the Lord's will, and in His holy presence. Is it not a state attainable even here, wherein this is so continually aspired after that it becomes the atmosphere in which the soul delights to live, patiently enduring suffering for the sake of that gracious Redeemer who gave Himself for us] Secure in the wisdom and mercy of His appointments, and willing to rest therein with loving confidence, this is all the assurance which I dare ask, all that is needful for a Christian." "Twelfth month 20th, 1855.- My friends have been very kind in visiting me, and I am grateful to them; but, unavoidably, much solitude is my lot, and I do not wish it otherwise. When shut- in alone with Jesus I sometimes feel a nearness to Him and dependence on Him that is more to me than the dearest, closest earthly tie."

Second month 21st, 1856.- It was said by an aged saint in New York, 1 I have been forty years living on the will of the Lord, and I find it love; 'and similar may be my testimonj' to His mercy and His love. ! it is good to live upon His will, and I desire to have no life in anything contrary to it."

After a time of much conflict of spirit, she writes: - " I have mourned in secret while passing through this ordeal; but! the loving-kindness of my God to me this morning is not to be described, for I cannot fully set it forth. He has sweetly convinced me that I may leave the things that are behind, believe that all is washed away in the blood of Christ, and hide myself in Him.
! mercy infinite, indescribable! Now I have only to lay aside every weight, and the sin which doth so easily beset me, and run with patience the race which is set before me, looking unto Jesus the Author and Finisher of my faith.! blessed assurance, blessed Saviour! To Thee may I henceforth look without perplexing myself about the past; daily applying to the blood of sprinkling, patiently

endeavouring each day to do Thy will - willing to be nothing, to appear so in the sight of others; even to be despised, so that Thou art exalted, and Thy name glorified."

"Third month 22nd, 1859. - How sweet is it, and how wholly undeserved, to be permitted to

refer my every need, temporal and spiritual, to my Heavenly Father, through Jesus, my adorable Kedeemer; I cannot fully describe the rest, the joy, which I have lately experienced in thus continually committing myself and my all to Him, and it is wonderful to discover His tender mind-fulness of even my outward necessities and com-forts, so that external affairs and many minor things have been ordered marvellously for me.

! it is sweet to trust Him."

"Fifth month 8th, 1864.- I do long that Christ may so draw me to Himself, and keep me so near, that I may perfectly reflect His image, that all may see and know that I have been with Him, and learnt of Him, that He may be glorified by my being filled with love, gentleness, meekness, humility, and every Christian grace. To Jesus do I desire to consecrate body, soul, and spirit."

"Eleventh month 14th, 1870. - Relieved in spirit by being, enabled, before the Scripture reading this morning, to express my desire for us all, that this might never sink into a mere form, but that our hearts might be lifted up in prayer for a blessing on the reading, that we might know the entrance of the words of Jesus to give life to our souls; and that such times might prove times of refreshing from Him."

"Fourth month 10th, 1871. - I wish here to remark as regards myself, that in looking back upon my long life, I see that whenever I have trusted in myself, my good resolutions, my natural powers, &c, I have signally failed; hut when my trust has been only in Jesus, even respecting small outward concerns, all has pros-pered; if not in the expected way, still in the best possible way."

"Ninth month 26th, 1871. - In my nature I believe there is much of what the French term empressemenl seems best to describe; an earnestness in the pursuit of what it appears right should be accomplished, which, I believe, may have had its use in youth and middle age, when I had often much to engage my attention; but it does not seem to comport with old age, and I very much desire to know deliverance from all that intercepts my dwelling in c the quiet habitation,' waiting to be taught my daily lessons in the Saviour's school. Especially it is my prayer that things may have their proper places, and that none of the daily affairs of life may be pursued too earnestly, but that all may be attended to in quietness and meekness, the heart being continually lifted up in perfect confidence to Him who does mercifully undertake for us even in secular things so as to bring about His own designs."

Toward the end of 1876 K. B.'s health re- ceived a severe shake from a sudden but short attack of loss of consciousness. From this she never fully recovered, and only twice during the five remaining years of her life was she able to unite with her friends in public worship. She much enjoyed her garden, and with cheerful sub- mission she reconciled herself to limited powers, always feeling that whatever was permitted by her Heavenly Father was sure to be the right discipline for her. Thankfulness for all His gifts was the clothing of her spirit, and words of praise from the psalms or hymns were often on her lips. *Under date 20th Sixth month*, 1877, K. B. says: " Now after about eight months upstairs, much of the time in bed, I may write that I fell down insensible at my bedroom door on the 22nd of Tenth month, 1876, and have since experienced much of the goodness of my gracious God and Saviour. He has repeatedly laid me low, and again given me evidence of His loving-kindness. This day is the third on which I have come down to dinner, and I have been once at a week-day meeting." First-day. - " A one, and thankful to be so; although from some unknown cause there is little ability to cry availingly for help from Him who only knows the depth of my unworthiness, and the feebleness of my powers, both of body and of mind. But oh, how thankfully I remember that He graciously compassionates those who desire, however faintly, to love Him above all. Lord! do with me as Thou wilt!"

1878. - "And now what can I write but the praises of my gracious Heavenly Father, Jesus my Redeemer, and the Holy Spirit my Sanctifier!

! may the work be completed, and my unworthy soul prepared, ivhenever the summons may be sent, to enter His courts with joy and thanksgiving!"

"Eleventh month 8th, 1880. - A truly touching letter from dear Edwin Waterhouse tells me of the death, yesterday, of his precious mother, my darling niece, Mary Waterhouse. She was like my own child from her very early years. She passed sweetly away to the Heavenly Kingdom. ! may I also, through infinite mercy, follow her there, when the call is sent."

Prostration of mind and body gradually increased as age advanced. But her faith never failed- thankfulness for all her mercies washer constant theme. One especial mercy, to which she often referred, was the blessing of having such a faithful attendant as her maid, Mary, who, in the 56th year of her service, ably cared to the last for her beloved mistress with devoted and unwearied tenderness.

In the Second month of 1882, K. B. took a slight cold, which yet did not prevent her coming down stairs even on the last day of her life. Soon after retiring to rest on the evening of the 16th the call she had so longed for came. Her prayer the night before had been that, "with the morning rays she might wake in Heaven." And so, in her 90th year, this loved and honoured one most gently passed away to be "for ever with the Lord."

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker minister.

Katherine married **John Backhouse**, 5,15,20,38,139,142,144 son of **Jonathan Backhouse** 5,15,89,142,144,173,174,175 and **Ann Pease**, 5,15,89,142,144,173,174,175,176 on 13 Aug 1823 in FMH Gracechurch Street, London. John was born on 20 Mar 1784 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 17 Aug 1847 in Shull, County Durham at age 63, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker.
- 9-Mary Capper^{19,135,143} was born on 19 Jan 1795 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 9 Sep 1870 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 75.

Mary married **Thomas Mounsey**, 15,135,143 son of **John Mounsey** and **Ann Robson**, on 17 Sep 1817 in FMH White Hart Court. Thomas was born on 19 Jan 1793 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 7 Dec 1850 in Hendon Hill, Sunderland at age 57. They had seven children: **Edward, Jasper Capper, Ann, John, Thomas, Octavia**, and **Katharine**.

General Notes: Of Sunderland

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer & Coal Owner.

10-Edward Mounsey 15,19,135 was born on 26 Sep 1818 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 27 Dec 1904 in Villa Mounsey, Montreux, Switzerland at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Penge, Surrey.
- He had a residence in Denham, Uxbridge, Middlesex.
- He had a residence in Villa Mounsey, Montreux, Switzerland.

Edward married **Emily Backhouse**, 15,19,135 daughter of **Edward Backhouse** 15,37,120,142,143 and **Mary Robson**, 15,37,143 on 29 Apr 1847 in Sunderland, County Durham. Emily was born on 29 Jul 1824 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 19 Mar 1869 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 44. They had four children: **Thomas Edward, Ada Mary, Elizabeth Laura**, and (**No Given Name**).

11-**Thomas Edward Mounsey**^{15,44,61,135} was born on 26 Jun 1848 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1933 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1860-1861 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Weston super Mare Agricultural College in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was a Quaker until he resigned his membership in 1868.
- He worked as a Bank Clerk before 1908 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- 11-Ada Mary Mounsey^{15,135} was born on 24 Oct 1849 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 11 Mar 1903 in Villa Mounsey, Montreux, Switzerland at age 53.
- 11-Elizabeth Laura Mounsey^{15,135} was born on 20 Sep 1852 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 19 Nov 1905 in Gravesend, Kent at age 53.
- 11-Mounsey¹⁵ was born in 1851 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1851 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Edward next married **Emilie Hoffherr**, ^{15,135} daughter of **Jean Hoffherr** and **Louise**, on 20 Nov 1873 in Scarborough, Yorkshire. Emilie was born on 12 Aug 1842 in Shiltigheim, Germany and died on 3 Sep 1908 in Villa Mounsey, Montreux, Switzerland at age 66. They had one daughter: **Aimee Louise**.

11-Aimee Louise Mounsey¹³⁵ was born on 27 Aug 1875 in Penge, Surrey and died in 1939 at age 64.

10-Jasper Capper Mounsey^{5,133,135} was born on 25 Feb 1820 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 20 Feb 1895 in London at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Iron merchant.
- He worked as a Co-partner in the Bedlington Iron works with John Dixon, trading as Mounsey & Dixon. In 1861.

Jasper married **Elizabeth Waite**, 5,133,135 daughter of **John Robinson Waite** 15,135,140 and **Sarah Pryor**, 15,135,140,177 on 16 Oct 1851. Elizabeth was born on 3 Nov 1823 in London and died on 31 Jan 1862 in Bedlington Ironworks, Blyth Dene, Northumberland at age 38. The cause of her death was Killed by machinery whilst visiting the ironworks. They had seven children: **Ellen, Henry, Gulielma, Charles Herbert, Alfred, Frederick**, and **William Pryor**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Hollymount, Bedlington, . Newcastle upon Tyne.

11-Ellen Mounsey⁵ was born on 2 Aug 1852 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1899 in Reigate, Surrey at age 47.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Founder of the Missionary Helpers Union.

Ellen married **William Leatham Barclay**,^{5,153} son of **Joseph Gurney Barclay**^{5,91,111,116,138,178,179,180} and **Mary Walker Leatham**,^{5,91,119} on 19 Jul 1877 in FMH, Westminster. William was born on 26 Jun 1845 in Walthamstow, London and died on 6 Jan 1893 in The Briars, Reigate, Surrey at age 47.

Marriage Notes: **19 July 1877, Thurs**: Letters and then off to William L. Barclay's wedding to Miss Mounsey at Westminster meeting, Margaret & Gurney, Alfred & Rachel Backhouse, Edward L & Katherine Backhouse, Jasper Mounsey &c &c - all went off pretty well. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Lincoln's Inn.
- He worked as a Banker. Partner in Barclay, Bevan, Tritton & Co. Before 1888 in 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as an active member (Treasurer), of the Home Mission Committee.
- 11-**Henry Mounsey** was born on 7 Nov 1853 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1932 at age 79.

Henry married **Katherine O'Neill**.

11-Gulielma Mounsey was born on 2 Dec 1854 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1944 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 90.

Gulielma married **Thomas Wickham-Jones**, son of **Rev. Charles Powell Jones** and **Sophia Davies**, on 3 Nov 1880 in Croydon, Surrey. Thomas was born in 1847 and died in 1929 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey at age 82. Another name for Thomas was Thomas Wickham Jones. They had five children: **Lilian Mary, Ellen, Katharine, Charles Alfred**, and **Edward**.

General Notes: THOMAS WICKHAM JONES . I am in the service of Robert Warner, the proprietor of Brooks' Wharf-we have sixty or seventy thousand boxes of tea there-on the arrival of a ship the consignment gets a rotation number, and then the consecutive number of packages - that is sent to the broker, who puts it into the merchants' hands-the showroom is used for public sales and first merchants' samples-We have a couple of advance boxes up from every ship, and they are put in the tearoom

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Wharfinger and Warehouseman.

12-Lilian Mary Wickham-Jones was born on 30 Mar 1882 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey and was christened on 1 May 1882 in Croydon, Surrey.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Founder of the TWJ Foundation.

Lilian married William Newman Higgs. William was born in 1870 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

12-Ellen Wickham-Jones was born on 25 Mar 1883 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey and was christened on 25 Apr 1883 in Holy Trinity, Croydon, Surrey.

Ellen married **Edward Sidney George Malins**. Edward was born in 1865. They had one son: **Charles Wickham**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Compton, Berkshire.

13-Capt. Charles Wickham Malins RN was born on 15 May 1913 and died on 28 Jun 1998 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSO DSC and Bar.

Charles married Gillian Stockley, daughter of R. M. Stockley. They had one daughter: Penelope.

14-Penelope Malins

Penelope married Ian David Kinloch Wanklyn, son of Lt. Cmdr. Malcolm David Wanklyn VC and Elspeth Kinloch, in 1971. Ian was born on 31 Aug 1939. They had three children: Alastair David, Oliver Charles, and Catriona Louise.

- 15-Alastair David Wanklyn
- 15-Oliver Charles Wanklyn
- 15-Catriona Louise Wanklyn
- 12-Katharine Wickham-Jones was born in 1884 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey and was christened on 1 Nov 1884 in Holy Trinity, Croydon, Surrey.
- 12-Charles Alfred Wickham-Jones was born on 15 Jun 1886 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey, was christened on 20 Jul 1886 in Holy Trinity, Croydon, Surrey, and died in 1977 in Pulborough, Sussex at age 91.

General Notes: The Great War campaign group of four awarded to 2nd Lieutenant C. A. Wickham-Jones, Royal Army Service Corps, late Surrey Yeomanry British War and Victory Medals (2 Lieut. C. A. Wickham-Jones); Defence Medal 1939-45; Territorial Force Efficiency Medal, G.V.R. (703 L. Cpl. C. A. Wickham-Jones, Surrey Yeo.), together with a National Territorial Championship prize medal, 1911, silver-gilt, the reverse inscribed 'Tpr. C. A. Wickham Jones', and 'Blackheath Terriers' prize medals (3), silver, all named to the recipient and dated 1912-13, and a set of related miniature dress medals, good very fine and better (25) £1600-1800

12-Capt. Edward Wickham-Jones was born in 1888 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey, was christened on 12 Jun 1888 in Holy Trinity, Croydon, Surrey, and died in 1973 in Hammersmith, London at age 85.

General Notes: T./Lt. Edward Wickham-Jones, R.F.A. For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When ammunition was required on one occasion at the battery position he went himself to ascertain the best way to bring it, knowing the enemy were on both flanks. He returned through a heavy artillery and machine-gun barrage with the limbers, and withdrew the six guns in spite of the heavy shelling. His energy and coolness alone enabled this to be done. He eventually took the guns to another position and brought up six wagon-loads of ammunition.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MC.

Edward married Agnes Rosa Dill on 22 Feb 1922. Agnes was born on 4 Jan 1887 and died on 4 Dec 1927 at age 40. They had one son: Charles.

13-Dr. Charles Wickham-Jones

Charles married **Dorothea Primrose Mary Baylis**, daughter of **Roderick Llewellyn Baylis** and **Dorothy Phyllis Baylis**, in 1954 in Lambeth, London. Dorothea was born on 21 Mar 1933 in Romford, Essex and died in Nov 2006 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham at age 73. They had three children: **Caroline Rosa, Charles Thomas**, and **Mark Edward**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with FSA.
 - 14-Caroline Rosa Wickham-Jones
 - 14-Dr. Charles Thomas Wickham-Jones

Charles married Clare Elizabeth S. Casey.

14-Prof. Mark Edward Wickham-Jones

11-Charles Herbert Mounsey was born on 18 Dec 1855 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Charles married Elizabeth Caroline Hutchinson, daughter of C. W. Hutchinson, on 27 Apr 1885 in Madras, India. Elizabeth was born in 1859 after 1859. They had one son: Jasper Percy.

- 12-Jasper Percy Mounsey was born on 22 Nov 1887 in Madras, India.
- 11-Alfred Mounsey was born on 26 Aug 1857 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1938 in Worthing, Sussex at age 81.

Alfred married Charlotte Ferrier, daughter of George Ferrier. They had three children: Kenneth, Vipont, and William.

- 12-Kenneth Mounsey
- 12-Vipont Mounsey
- 12-William Mounsey
- 11-Frederick Mounsey was born on 17 May 1859 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in Jun 1877 in New Zealand at age 18.
- 11-William Pryor Mounsey¹³³ was born on 20 Jul 1860 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 25 Dec 1861 in Hollymount, Bedlington, . Newcastle upon Tyne at age 1.

Jasper next married **Elizabeth Stanton**, daughter of **Philip Holmes Stanton** and **Eliza Bolton**, on 29 Apr 1869. Elizabeth was born on 24 Jun 1827 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1900 in Croydon, Surrey at age 73. They had one daughter: **Beatrice Emily**.

11-**Beatrice Emily Mounsey** was born on 30 Sep 1871 in South Norwood, Surrey and died in 1950 in Croydon, Surrey at age 79.

Beatrice married Joseph Grant Priestley in 1904 in Croydon, Surrey. Joseph was born in 1853.

10-Ann Mounsey was born on 22 Jul 1821 and died on 10 Aug 1822 at age 1.

10-**John Mounsey**^{47,155} was born on 7 Jul 1823 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 16 Jan 1896 in "Roborough", Bournemouth, Dorset at age 72, and was buried in Bournemouth Cemetery.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Bishopwearmouth.
- He had a residence in "Roborough", Bournemouth, Dorset.

John married **Caroline May**, 155 daughter of **Dr. Edward Curtis May** 33,42,85,112,120,155,181 and **Caroline Hooper**, 33,42,112,155,181 on 26 Mar 1857 in FMH Tottenham. Caroline was born on 18 Sep 1828 in Tottenham, London, died on 30 Jan 1899 at age 70, and was buried in Bournemouth Cemetery. They had two children: **Gertrude Sophia** and **Rosamunde**.

- 11-Gertrude Sophia Mounsey was born on 4 Jul 1858 in Sunderland, County Durham.
- 11-Rosamunde Mounsey was born on 27 Dec 1859 in Sunderland, County Durham.
- 10-**Thomas Mounsey** was born on 24 Aug 1824 and died on 25 Aug 1824.
- 10-Octavia Mounsey was born in 1828 and died in 1829 at age 1.
- 10-Katharine Mounsey^{9,15,49,120,143} was born on 5 Oct 1831 and died on 5 Jun 1906 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 74.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Katharine married **Edward Backhouse**, 9,15,49,78,120,143 son of **Edward Backhouse** 15,37,120,142,143 and **Mary Robson**, 15,37,143 on 26 Mar 1856. Edward was born on 8 May 1808 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 22 May 1879 in Hastings, Sussex at age 71. They had no children.

General Notes: Of Ashburne, Sunderland. Author of 'Early Church History'. Minister in the Society of Friends.

BACKHOUSE, EDWARD (1808-1879), author of 'Early Church History,' was born at Darlington on 8 May 1808. He lived from early boyhood at Sunderland, where he was a partner in collieries and in the bank which his family had been connected many years. He took no active part in business, and was a man of cultivated taste fond of travel, a good amateur painter, as a student of natural history. He devoted himself chiefly to the promotion of philanthropic and religious purposes. He was most generous and judicious supporter of various institutions in Sunderland, and said to have spent over 10,000/. a year charities. In politics he was an energetic liberal, and especially interested in questions bearing directly upon morality. In later life he was a prominent opponent of the Contagious Diseases Acts. He was a devoted member of the Society of Friends, to which his family belonged. He began to preach 1852, and two years later was 'recognised as a minister. He married Katharine Mounsey in 1856. He had no family, but he always delighted in the society of children and the promotion of their happiness. In 1874 he was impressed by the belief that he ought devote himself to writing upon church history He laboured at this task till his death 22 May 1879. His manuscripts were entrusted to Mr. Charles Tylor, who published in 1884 'Early Church History to the Dee of Constantine; compiled by the late Edward Backhouse; edited and enlarged by Charles Tylor, 'The book, which makes no pretext to profound research, is interesting as an account of the early church by an intelligent writer from the Quaker point of view. [Preface to Early Church History by Charles Tylor; Northern Echo, 24 May 1879; Sunderland Daily Echo, 23 and 28 May 1879; information from the family.]

Backhouse, Edward (1808–1879), Quaker minister and historical writer, was born at Darlington on 8 May 1808, the son of Edward and Mary Backhouse. He lived from his youth at Sunderland, where he was partner in the collieries and the bank with which his family had been connected for many years, although he took no active part in the business. He was fond of travel, a good amateur painter, and a student of natural history. He devoted himself chiefly to the promotion of philanthropic and religious causes. He was a generous supporter of various institutions in Sunderland, including a mission hall which he founded in one of the poorer districts, and is said to have spent over £10,000 a year on charities. In politics he was an energetic Liberal, and especially interested in questions bearing directly upon morality. In later life he was a prominent opponent of the Contagious Diseases Acts, providing significant financial support to the Ladies' National Association for their repeal. He was a devoted member of the Society of Friends, to which his family belonged. He began to preach in 1852, and two years later was recognized as a minister. In 1862 and 1863 he served as clerk to the yearly meeting of Friends in London. He married Katharine, daughter of Thomas and Mary Mounsey of Sunderland, in 1856. They had no children, but he always enjoyed the company of the young and the promotion of their happiness. From 1874 until his death he devoted himself to church history; his manuscript, edited by Charles Tylor, was published in 1884 as Early Church History to the Death of Constantine. The book, which makes no pretence to profound research, is interesting as an account of the early church from the Quaker point of view. Backhouse's health deteriorated in 1878; the following year he went to Hastings for a change of climate, and died there on 22 May 1879.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker and Philanthropist in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Quaker minister in 1854 in Newcastle MM.

9-Sarah Capper^{4,111} was born on 31 Jan 1797 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 10 Jan 1868 in Tottenham, London at age 70.

Sarah married **Anthony Harris**, ¹¹¹ son of **Anthony Harris**, ^{9,36,182} and **Isabella Bull**, ¹⁸² on 17 Mar 1824 in FMH Gracechurch Street, London. Anthony was born on 24 Nov 1793 in Maryport, Cumbria and died on 3 Mar 1867 at age 73. They had five children: **George, William, Sylvanus, Anthony Jasper**, and **Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Insurance Broker.

10-George Harris⁴⁴ was born on 4 Dec 1825 in Tottenham, London and died in 1841 at age 16.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1835-1841 in York, Yorkshire.

10-William Harris⁴⁴ was born in 1827 in Tottenham, London and died in 1841 at age 14.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1837-1841 in York, Yorkshire.

10-**Dr. Sylvanus Harris**⁴⁴ was born on 1 May 1829 in Highbury, Islington, London and died in 1907 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MD (Philadelphia).

- He worked as a Physician.
- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1839-1841 in York, Yorkshire.

Sylvanus married Marian Campbell. They had nine children: Julia Birkett, Anthony Capper, Isabella, Harry Campbell, William Guernsey, George, Mary Bertha, Philip, and Annie Maude.

- 11-Julia Birkett Harris was born in 1854.
- 11-Anthony Capper Harris⁴⁴ was born in 1855 and died in 1909 at age 54.
- 11-**Isabella Harris**⁴⁴ was born in 1857.
- 11-Harry Campbell Harris⁴⁴ was born in 1859.
- 11-William Guernsey Harris⁴⁴ was born in 1861 and died in 1876 at age 15.
- 11-George Harris⁴⁴ was born in 1863.
- 11-Mary Bertha Harris⁴⁴ was born in 1864 and died in 1875 at age 11.
- 11-**Philip Harris**⁴⁴ was born in 1866.
- 11-Annie Maude Harris⁴⁴ was born in 1869.

10-Anthony Jasper Harris was born on 24 Apr 1831 in White Hart Lane, Tottenham, London and died in 1900 in Hackney, London at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Insurance Broker in 4 George Yard, Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as an Insurance broker in 3 Sun Court, Cornhill, London.

Anthony married Annie Stuart Kelly in 1865 in Islington, London. Annie was born in 1836 in Ireland. They had five children: Stuart Henry, Margaret, Charles, Arthur Frederick, and Alice Mary.

- 11-Stuart Henry Harris was born in 1865 in Southwark, London.
- 11-Margaret Harris was born in 1867 in Islington, London.
- 11-Charles Harris was born in 1868 in Islington, London.
- 11-Arthur Frederick Harris was born in 1869 in Islington, London.
- 11-Alice Mary Harris was born in 1871 in Islington, London.
- 10-Henry Harris^{5,78,111,168} was born on 28 Feb 1833 in White Hart Lane, Tottenham, London and died on 23 Apr 1873 in The Green, Tottenham, London at age 40.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Insurance Broker in 3 Sun Court, Cornhill, London.

Henry married **Elizabeth Sewell**,^{78,111,168} daughter of **Abraham Sewell**^{5,78,158,164} and **Dorothy Stickney**,^{5,78,164} in 1859 in FMH Malton. Elizabeth was born on 28 Aug 1835 in Great Yarmouth, Norfolk and died on 17 Aug 1895 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 59. They had six children: **William Sewell, Mary Dorothy, Helen Maria, Henry, (No Given Name)**, and **Joseph Theodore**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1849-Jun 1851 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder.
 - 11-William Sewell Harris⁷⁸ was born in 1861 in Edmonton, London and died in 1861 in Edmonton, London.
 - 11-Mary Dorothy Harris⁷⁸ was born in 1861 and died on 11 Apr 1868 in Tottenham, London at age 7.
 - 11-**Helen Maria Harris**⁷⁸ was born in 1865.
 - 11-Henry Harris^{44,78,167} was born in 1866 in Tottenham, London and died on 1 Jul 1946 in Letchworth, Hertfordshire at age 80.

General Notes: Harris.-On 1st July, 1946, at Letchworth, Henry Harris (1881-83), aged 79 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1881-1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Junior Clerk in the Friends' Provident Institution in 1883.
- He worked as a member of the council of the Bradford Technical College in 1895-1900.
- He worked as a Clerk of Brighouse MM in 1897-1899.
- He worked as a Clerk to Rawdon School Committee in 1899-1902.
- He worked as a Chairman of Esholt Parish Council in 1902-1904.
- He worked as a London Manager for the Friends' Provident Institution in 1904.
- He worked as a Hon. Secretary for the Friends' Foreign Mission Association in 1911.
- He worked as a Chairman of the executive Committee of the Peace Society in 1916-1923.
- He worked as a Clerk of Large Committee (Yearly Meeting epistle) in 1917-1920.
- He worked as a Quaker Chaplain, mainly at Wormwood Scrubs prison in 1917-1919 in London.
- He worked as a Clerk of Westminster and Longford Monthly Meeting in 1919-1923.
- He worked as a Represented the Friends' Service Council in Berlin and Warsaw in 1923-1928.
- He worked as a Clerk of Witney MM after 1931.
- He resided at Newton Cottage in 1935 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- Miscellaneous: Co-operated with Fred Rowntree in founding Jordans Village.
 - 12-**Henry Lyn Harris**⁴⁴ was born in 1892 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died in 1964 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Principal of St Christopher School in Letchworth, Hertfordshire.
- 12-Edward Sewell Harris⁴⁴ was born on 29 Dec 1896 and died in 1983 in Tower Hamlets, London at age 87.

General Notes: Edward Sewell Harris (b. 1895) attended St John's College, Cambridge. A conscientious objector, he was initially exempt from war service because of heart trouble, but eventually court-martialled in Dec. 1916 and imprisoned at Wormwood Scrubs. He was court-martialled again in Apr. 1917 and imprisoned at Canterbury. He was court-martialled a third time and eventually released from Canterbury Prison circa June 1919.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at St John's College, Cambridge.

11-Harris

11-Joseph Theodore Harris^{44,78,183,184} was born in 1870 and died on 19 Aug 1958 in Epping, Essex at age 88.

General Notes: HARRIS.-On 19th August, 1958, at Epping, Essex, Joseph Theodore Harris (1884-87), aged 88 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA (Lond).
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1884-1887 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Flounders Institute in 1887 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Junior teacher at Sidcot School in 1888-1890 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Owen's College, Manchester in 1890-1892.
- He worked as a Master at Lexden School in 1893-1896 in Lexden, Essex.
- He worked as a member of the Peace Committe after 1931.
- He worked as a Founder and Secretary of the Socialist Quaker Society. (SQS).
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Clerk of Peel PM.

Joseph married Mary O'Brien¹⁸³ in 1901 in Liverpool. Mary was born in 1865 and died on 19 Apr 1938 at age 73. They had one daughter: Elsie Eileen.

General Notes: Mary O'Brien Harris (née O'Brien) (1865-19 April 1938) was a school teacher and local politician.

A member of the Society of Friends or "Quakers", she was one of the founders of the Socialist Quaker Society in 1898 along with Joseph Theodore Harris (1870-1958). The two married in 1901 and she adopted the surname "O'Brien Harris".

She joined the Labour Party, she stood unsuccessfully for election to the London County Council in 1931 at Hackney Central. At the 1934 council election she was elected and was re-elected in 1937, dying in the following year aged 72.

Principal of Clapton Girls' Grammar School.

One of the founder members of the National Association of Labour Teachers (NALT). (Politics & People of London: London County Council, 1889-1965 edited by Andrew Saint)

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.
- She worked as a founder of the Socialist Quaker Society in 1898.
- She worked as a Principal of Clapton Girls' Grammar School.
- She worked as a member of London County Council in 1934-1938.
- She worked as a founder member of the National Association of Labour Teachers (NALT).
 - 12-Elsie Eileen Harris was born in 1913.

8-Mary Capper was born on 8 Sep 1752 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died on 21 Oct 1754 at age 2.

8-**Rev. James Capper**^{2,3} was born on 23 Jan 1754 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 13 Feb 1754 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, died on 15 Apr 1835 in Southampton Row, Bloomsbury, London at age 81, and was buried in Wilmington, Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector in Wilmington, Sussex.

James married **Katherina Jane Biddulph**, daughter of **Walter Biddulph**, on 18 Jan 1781 in Stanton, Derbyshire. Katherina was born in 1751 in Armitage, Staffordshire and died on 2 Jan 1787 in Wilmington, Sussex at age 36. They had three children: **Selina Sarah**, **Anna Jane**, and **James Henry**.

- 9-Selina Sarah Capper was born on 31 Dec 1781 in Wilmington, Sussex and died on 1 Dec 1860 at age 78. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 9-Anna Jane Capper² was born on 16 Nov 1783 in Wilmington, Sussex and died in 1846 in Beechen Cliff Cottage, Bath, Somerset at age 63.

Anna married **Emeric Essex Vidal**² on 27 Jan 1814 in St. Bride's, Fleet Street, London. Emeric was born on 29 Mar 1791 in Brentford, Middlesex and died on 7 May 1861 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 70. They had six children: **Anna Jane, Selina Maria, James Henry, Owen Emeric, Emma A.**, and **Margaret Anne Essex**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Naval officer.
- He worked as a Painter and Engraver.

10-Anna Jane Vidal was born on 2 Apr 1815 and died in 1902 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 87.

Anna married Edward Strickland. They had one daughter: Anna Jane.

11-Anna Jane Strickland was born in 1859 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1928 at age 69.

10-Selina Maria Vidal was born on 7 Jan 1817 and died in 1884 at age 67.

Selina married John Appleby Pritchard. They had nine children: Anna Maria, Selina Jane Ellen, Frances Appleby Capper, Emeric John Vidal, Anne Elizabeth, Sarah Ruth Essex, Jane Emma Bethell, Mary Cecilia Josephine, and Henrietta Charlotte.

11-Anna Maria Pritchard was born on 25 Mar 1841 in Portsmouth, Hampshire.

Anna married **Col. John James Cahill Miller**, son of **Thomas Miller** and **Margaret**, on 6 Sep 1869 in Colombo, Sri Lanka. John was born in 1838 and was christened on 8 Jul 1838 in St. Philip's, Salford, Manchester. They had four children: **John Emeric Vidal, Charles Thomas Narramore, Lionel Alexander Carew**, and **Margaret Selina**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 70th Regiment.
 - 12-John Emeric Vidal Miller was born on 1 Nov 1861 in Colombo, Sri Lanka and died in 1935 in Rockhampton, Queensland, Australia at age 74.

General Notes: The death in Rockhampton recently of Mr John Emeric Vidal Miller brought to a close a career which had embraced a number of years of Imperial military service and 31 years in the Queensland police force.

The eldest son of Colonel J. J. C. Miller, of His Majesty's 70th Regiment, the late Mr Miller was born in Colombo, Ceylon, and was educated at the Royal Naval School, Kent, England. He then joined the militia and held a commission as lieutenant of the Lancashire Division of the Royal Artillery.

Enlisting with the Scots Guards, Edinburgh, he went with the 2nd Battalion to the Sudan campaign, and for the part he played there he was awarded the Queen's Medal and clasp and the Khedive Star. Later he was transferred to the 4th Hussars. He served seven years with the colours before coming to Australia.

Arriving in Queensland, he was first employed with Mr W. H. Flowers, Medway, Bogantungan, but in January, 1892. he made his final vocational choice by joining the Queensland police. He was successively stationed at the Brisbane C.I.B. office, at Roma, Longreach, Rockhampton, Townsville, Seymour River, Ayr, Mt Morgan, and then again in Rockhampton.

It was here, in February, 1923, and having risen to the rank of acting sergeant, that he was retired, and was presented with the Imperial Service Medal

He is remembered in Rockhampton in yet another sphere, for he was a keen photographer and was a consistent prizewinner at the Rockhampton Show.

Mr Miller is survived by his widow, three sons, Messrs Harold, Miller (Clermont) and Victor and Vivian Miller (Rockhampton), one daughter, Mrs Dallas Dobbs (Clermont), and one grand-daughter. A younger daughter, Daisy, predeceased him.

The Morning Bulletin - Rockhampton 27th June 1935

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 4th Hussars.
- He emigrated to Australia about 1890.
- He worked as a Police officer in Queensland, Australia.

John married someone. He had five children: Harold, Victor, Vivian, Dallas, and Daisy.

- 13-Harold Miller
- 13-Victor Miller
- 13-Vivian Miller
- 13-Dallas Miller

Dallas married **Dobbs**.

- 13-Daisy Miller
- 12-Charles Thomas Narramore Miller was born on 3 Sep 1866 in Trincomalee, Ceylon.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk in the War Offfice in Whitehall, London.
- 12-Lionel Alexander Carew Miller was born on 21 Apr 1869 in Kandy, Ceylon.
- 12-Margaret Selina Miller was born on 30 Jan 1871 in Colombo, Sri Lanka.
- 11-**Selina Jane Ellen Pritchard** was born on 6 Aug 1842 in Gosport, Hampshire.

Selina married **William Wilson Poingdestre** on 6 Aug 1859 in Galle, Ceylon. William was born on 29 Sep 1830 in St. Helier, Jersey, Channel Islands and died on 25 Jul 1876 in St. Helier, Jersey, Channel Islands at age 45. The cause of his death was Ulcerated intestines. They had three children: **Mary Vidal, John Henry**, and **Edith Frances**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Timaru, Canterbury, New Zealand.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil Engineer in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.
- 12-Mary Vidal Poingdestre was born on 20 Sep 1862 in Timaru, Canterbury, New Zealand.

Mary married Arthur Marshall Watts, son of Charles Watts and Martha Maria. They had four children: Frances Mabel, Helen Muriel, Ruth Aunesby, and Charles Arthur Lyndon.

- 13-Frances Mabel Watts was born on 28 Sep 1889 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.
- 13-Helen Muriel Watts was born on 11 Oct 1891 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.
- 13-Ruth Aunesby Watts was born on 4 Feb 1902 in St. Catherines, Ontario, Canada.
- 13-Charles Arthur Lyndon Watts was born on 12 Oct 1895 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

- 12-John Henry Poingdestre was born on 28 Apr 1864 in Timaru, Canterbury, New Zealand and died on 18 Jun 1941 in New Westminster, British Columbia, Canada at age 77.
- John married Emily Wagner, daughter of John Wagner and Rebecca.
- 12-Edith Frances Poingdestre was born on 24 Nov 1866 in Fareham, Hampshire.
- Edith married Adam Frederick Rolph. They had one son: Lyndon Augustus.
 - 13-Lyndon Augustus Rolph was born on 5 Nov 1892 in British Columbia, Canada and died on 25 Aug 1912 in British Columbia, Canada at age 19.
- 11-Frances Appleby Capper Pritchard was born on 23 Feb 1845 in Lymington, Hampshire and died in 1871 at age 26.

Frances married **Maj. Gen. Emeric Streatfeild Berkeley** on 13 May 1862 in Colombo, Sri Lanka. Emeric was born in 1834 in Kings Cliffe, Northamptonshire, was christened on 17 Apr 1834, and died on 2 Dec 1898 in The Cottage, Stoneham Park, Hampshire at age 64. They had two children: **Mary Selena Frances** and **Frances Amabel**.

- 12-Mary Selena Frances Berkeley was born in 1863, died on 23 May 1864 in Coonoor, Madras, India at age 1, and was buried on 24 May 1864 in Coonoor, Madras, India.
- 12-Frances Amabel Berkeley was born in 1868 in Kings Cliffe, Northamptonshire and was christened on 1 Jul 1868 in Kings Cliffe, Northamptonshire.
- 11-Cmdr. Emeric John Vidal Pritchard RN was born on 5 Nov 1846 in Bembridge, Isle of Wight, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Vale Lodge, Jersey, Channel Islands.

Emeric married Matilda Loft. Matilda was born in 1847. They had one daughter: Eliza Frances Loft.

12-Eliza Frances Loft Pritchard died on 27 Jan 1971.

Eliza married Dr. Burke Cuppage on 27 Oct 1925. Burke was born on 30 Dec 1866 and died on 24 May 1971 at age 104. They had one daughter: Molly Kenah Loft.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB BAO.
- He worked as a Physician.
 - 13-Molly Kenah Loft Cuppage

Molly married Cmdr. Brian Patrick McConnell RN. They had three children: Claudia Ruth, Matthew Burke, and Frances Helen.

- 14-Claudia Ruth McConnell
- 14-Matthew Burke McConnell
- 14-Frances Helen McConnell
- 11-Anne Elizabeth Pritchard was born on 30 Aug 1848 in Bembridge, Isle of Wight, Hampshire.
- 11-Sarah Ruth Essex Pritchard was born on 5 Oct 1850 in Bantry, Cork, Ireland.
- 11-Jane Emma Bethell Pritchard was born on 6 Nov 1853 in County Sligo, Ireland.
- 11-Mary Cecilia Josephine Pritchard was born on 11 Oct 1855 in Portsmouth, Hampshire and died on 13 Oct 1939 at age 84.
- 11-Henrietta Charlotte Pritchard was born on 3 May 1857 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-Rev. James Henry Vidal was born in 1819, died on 15 Mar 1875 in Jerusalem, Palestine at age 56, and was buried on 15 Mar 1875 in English Cemetery, Lion Gate, Jerusalem, Palestine.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Chiddingley in Chiddingley, Sussex.

James married **Emma Strickland** on 6 Apr 1853. Emma was born on 14 May 1820 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 23 Oct 1869 in Chiddingley, Sussex at age 49. They had two children: **Emeric George** and **Mary Ann Jane**.

- 11-Emeric George Vidal was born on 1 Dec 1854 in Chiddingley, Sussex and died in 1858 in Chiddingley, Sussex at age 4.
- 11-Mary Ann Jane Vidal was born on 25 Jul 1857 in Chiddingley, Sussex.

Mary married Rev. Arthur Lewis. Arthur was born in 1855 and died in 1948 at age 93. They had one daughter: Miriam Vidal.

12-Miriam Vidal Lewis was born in 1886 and died in 1969 at age 83.

Miriam married Vice-Admiral Sir Arthur Francis Pridham, son of Edward Prideaux Brune Pridham, on 15 Sep 1911 in Chardstock, Devon. Arthur was born on 3 Jun 1886 and died on 27 Jan 1975 at age 88. They had three children: Anne Barbara Vidal, Elizabeth Mary, and Joan Marie.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB KBE Legion of Merit (USA).
 - 13-Anne Barbara Vidal Pridham was born in 1914.

Anne married Lt. Cmdr. James Graham Gould, son of Lionel Francis Gould, on 27 Jul 1937 in HMS Hood, Malta. James was born in 1903.

13-Elizabeth Mary Pridham was born in 1917 and died in 1983 at age 66.

Elizabeth married Capt. Compton Patrick Norman RN. Compton was born on 30 Apr 1914 and died on 25 Apr 1999 at age 84. They had one daughter: (No Given Name).

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO DSC CBE.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 5 Jun 1999.
 - 14-Norman
- 13-Joan Marie Pridham was born on 7 Nov 1919 and died on 20 Nov 1992 at age 73.

10-Rt. Rev. Owen Emeric Vidal was born on 7 Aug 1819 in Bracknell, Berkshire, died on 11 Sep 1858 at Sea at age 39, and was buried in Freetown, Sierra Leone.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a First Bishop of Sierra Leone.

Owen married **Annie Adelaide Hoare**, daughter of **Henry Hoare** and **Margaret Bainbridge**, on 28 Oct 1852. Annie died on 22 Jul 1882 in Brighton, East Sussex. They had one daughter: **Annie Selina Hoare**.

11-Annie Selina Hoare Vidal was born in 1854.

10-**Emma A. Vidal**² was born on 9 Nov 1822 in Easthampstead, Berkshire, was christened on 24 Nov 1822 in Easthampstead, Berkshire, died on 6 Oct 1898 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 75, and was buried on 10 Oct 1898 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Emma married **Rev. John Strickland**² on 16 Sep 1841 in St. James' Church, Bath, Somerset. John was born on 12 Sep 1809 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 Feb 1855 at age 45. They had six children: **Mary Jane, Emma Vidal, Owen, James Henry, Hugh John**, and **Katherine Jane**.

11-Mary Jane Strickland was born on 7 Apr 1843 in Redwick, Gloucestershire and died on 22 Dec 1925 in Long Ashton, Somerset at age 82.

Mary married Hartland Stuart Wright, son of John Wright² and Elizabeth Allis,² on 3 Jul 1872. Hartland was born on 21 Dec 1848 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Feb 1938 in Long Ashton, Somerset at age 89. They had nine children: Winifred Mary, Elizabeth Emma, John Strickland, Katharine Emily, James Hartland, Gertrude Emma, Conrad Vidal, Margaret Anna, and Beatrice Sarah.

- 12-Winifred Mary Wright² was born on 31 Mar 1873 in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1962 in Clevedon, Somerset at age 89.
- 12-Elizabeth Emma Wright² was born on 13 Mar 1874 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 12 May 1877 at age 3, and was buried in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 12-John Strickland Wright² was born on 3 Jun 1875 in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1961 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 86.

John married **Philippa Mary Thatcher**² on 6 Jul 1911. Philippa was born on 25 Jun 1882 in Addlestone, Surrey and died in Jun 1953 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 71. They had three children: **Philip John, Arthur Hartland**, and **Ethel Mary**.

13-Philip John Wright² was born on 15 Jul 1913 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 23 Jan 1987 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 73.

Philip married **Brenda Mary Roseveare**, daughter of **William Leonard Roseveare** and **Marjory Constance Webb**, so 14 Jul 1945 in St. Nicholas', Sevenoaks, Kent. Brenda was born on 12 Nov 1921 in Mandalay, Burma and died in May 2004 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 82. They had three children: **Sally Christine Lestourgeon, Juliet Ann Strickland**, and **Nicholas John Roseveare**.

14-Sally Christine Lestourgeon Wright

Sally married Francis John William Morris.

- 14-Juliet Ann Strickland Wright
- 14-Nicholas John Roseveare Wright

Nicholas married Stephanie Amanda Lee. They had three children: Matthew Jonathan, Emily Philippa, and Amanda Rosemary.

- 15-Matthew Jonathan Wright
- 15-Emily Philippa Wright
- 15-Amanda Rosemary Wright
- 13-Arthur Hartland Wright² was born on 16 Nov 1915 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1987 in Exeter, Devon at age 72.

Arthur married **Elizabeth Tilsley**² in 1939. Elizabeth was born on 31 Jul 1911 and died in May 2002 in South Molton, Devon at age 90. They had two children: **Josephine** and **Ruth Marv**.

14-Josephine Wright

Josephine married Frederick D. Higgs. They had four children: Sarah Vinson, Deacon James Griffith, John Strickland, and Mary Vidal.

15-Sarah Vinson Higgs

Sarah married **Samuel David Connor**.

15-Deacon James Griffith Higgs

Deacon married **Rebecca Aldridge**.

- 15-John Strickland Higgs
- 15-Mary Vidal Higgs

14-Ruth Mary Wright

Ruth married Stephen George Thomas. They had three children: Peter Hartland, Hannah Elizabeth, and Michael Edward.

- 15-Dr. Peter Hartland Thomas
- 15-Hannah Elizabeth Thomas

Hannah married Andrew John Hamilton.

- 15-Michael Edward Thomas² was born on 18 May 1983 in Barnstaple, Devon, died on 19 May 1983 in Barnstaple, Devon, and was buried in Chittlehampton, Devon.
- 13-Ethel Mary Wright
- 12-Katharine Emily Wright² was born on 28 Jan 1877, died on 1 Jun 1895 at age 18, and was buried in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 12-James Hartland Wright² was born on 10 Feb 1878 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 Dec 1955 in 1 Downfield Road, Clifton, Bristol at age 77.
- James married **Hannah Maria Hammon**.
- 12-Gertrude Emma Wright² was born on 15 Feb 1879 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 4 Nov 1882 at age 3.
- 12-Conrad Vidal Wright² was born on 10 Feb 1880 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 30 Oct 1882 at age 2.
- 12-Margaret Anna Wright² was born on 20 May 1881 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 14 Oct 1882 at age 1, and was buried in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 12-Beatrice Sarah Wright² was born on 3 Aug 1882 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1966 in Bath, Somerset at age 84.
- 11-Emma Vidal Strickland² was born on 19 Dec 1844 in Redland, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1932 in Wimbourne, Dorset at age 88.

Emma married **Jacques Samuel Fear** on 16 May 1871 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. The marriage ended in divorce in 1879. Jacques was born in 1844 and died in 1906 at age 62. Other names for Jacques were Langton Martin and Martin. They had two children: **Edith Emma Vidal** and **Percy John Jacques**.

Marriage Notes: She divorced her husband after he had an affair with her sister, Katherine Jane Strickland.

- 12-Edith Emma Vidal Fear was born in 1876 and died in 1955 at age 79.
- 12-Percy John Jacques Fear was born on 17 Aug 1877 in Plymouth, Devon and died in 1947 at age 70.

Percy married **Millicent Mary Currie** in 1906. Millicent was born on 19 Nov 1878 in Esher, Surrey and died on 13 Nov 1936 at age 57. They had two children: **Dorothea Lilian** and **Percy Reginald Currie**.

- 13-Dorothea Lilian Fear was born in 1909.
- 13-Percy Reginald Currie Fear was born in 1912.
- 11-**Owen Strickland** was born on 4 Sep 1846 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Jun 1924 in York, Ontario, Canada at age 77.

Owen married Nina Smith. They had one daughter: Ethel Vidal.

12-Ethel Vidal Strickland was born on 22 Aug 1872 in Grafton, New South Wales, Australia.

Owen next married **Ann Elizabeth Pritchard** on 8 Apr 1883 in Manitoba, Canada. Ann was born on 3 Aug 1848 and died on 14 Jan 1934 in York, Ontario, Canada at age 85. They had four children: **Frances Henrietta, Hugh, Gertrude Eleanor**, and **Cedric John**.

12-Frances Henrietta Strickland was born on 9 Oct 1886 in Canada.

- 12-**Hugh Strickland** was born on 9 Oct 1886 in Canada.
- 12-Gertrude Eleanor Strickland was born on 26 Oct 1887 in Canada.
- 12-Cedric John Strickland was born on 30 Sep 1888 and died on 16 Oct 1912 in York, Ontario, Canada at age 24.
- 11-James Henry Strickland was born in Feb 1848 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1854 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 6.
- 11-**Hugh John Strickland** was born in 1850 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1870 at age 20.
- 11-Katherine Jane Strickland was born on 19 Jan 1854 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Jul 1932 at age 78.

Katherine had a relationship with **Jacques Samuel Fear**. Marriage status: mistress. This couple did not marry. Jacques was born in 1844 and died in 1906 at age 62. Other names for Jacques were Langton Martin and Martin. They had three children: **Dorothy Mary, Margaret Katherine**, and **Hugh Samuel**.

- 12-Dorothy Mary Fear
- 12-Margaret Katherine Fear
- 12-**Hugh Samuel Martin** was born on 16 Mar 1881 in Bognor Regis, Sussex and died in 1948 in Sevenoaks, Kent at age 67. Another name for Hugh was Hugh Samuel Fear.

Emma married Samuel Hall.

- 10-Margaret Anne Essex Vidal was born in Mar 1825 in Queensboro', Isle Of Sheppey, Kent and died in Died in Infancy.
- 9-James Henry Capper died on 8 Dec 1835.

James married Jane Gent. They had no children.

James next married Ann Nicklin.

8-Mary Capper^{3,4,28} was born on 11 Apr 1755 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 11 May 1755 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, died on 23 May 1845 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 90, and was buried on 1 Jun 1845 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker in 1785.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister.
- 8-Walter Capper was born on 8 Sep 1756 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died on 9 Sep 1756.
- 8-Rebecca Capper³ was born on 30 Aug 1758 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 24 Sep 1758 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died on 5 Jul 1828 in London at age 69.

Rebecca married John Tibbatts³ on 5 Nov 1787. John was born on 17 Mar 1763, died on 16 Mar 1804 at age 40, and was buried on 21 Mar 1804. They had three children: Mary, William, and John.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Atherstone, Warwickshire.
 - 9-Mary Tibbatts was born on 26 May 1790 and died on 9 Feb 1871 at age 80.

Mary married Edward Simons on 20 Dec 1819. Edward was born on 20 Mar 1796 and died on 1 Mar 1873 at age 76. They had three children: Mary Judith, Louisa Rebecca, and William John.

- 10-Mary Judith Simons was born on 6 Jan 1822.
- 10-Louisa Rebecca Simons was born on 6 Dec 1822.

Louisa married John Carey. They had four children: John Nicholas, Louisa Mary, Edward Ambrose, and Bertram.

11-John Nicholas Carey was born on 27 Oct 1847.

John married Blanche Potts.

11-Louisa Mary Carey was born on 23 Sep 1849.

Louisa married Edwin Potter.

- 11-Edward Ambrose Carey was born on 4 Jun 1852 and died in 1930 at age 78.
- 11-Bertram Carey was born on 16 Sep 1856.
- 10-William John Simons was born on 8 Jun 1830.

William married Henrietta Belmont on 10 Oct 1855. Henrietta died on 3 Jan 1857.

William next married Martha Dearlove. They had five children: William Edward, William Edward, Charles Albert, Arthur Leopold, and Kate Dearlove.

- 11-William Edward Simons was born on 28 Aug 1859 and died on 5 Apr 1860.
- 11-William Edward Simons was born on 8 Nov 1861.
- 11-Charles Albert Simons was born on 12 Jan 1864.
- 11-Arthur Leopold Simons was born on 13 Sep 1867.
- 11-Kate Dearlove Simons was born on 1 Mar 1870.

9-William Tibbatts was born on 27 Aug 1791 and died on 15 May 1866 at age 74.

William married Mary Anne Widowson on 23 Mar 1817. Mary was born on 10 Nov 1797 and died on 23 Aug 1837 at age 39. They had four children: John Weetman, William Alfred, Henry James, and Rebecca Mary.

10-John Weetman Tibbatts was born on 11 Feb 1819.

John married Frances Lewis on 20 Oct 1839. Frances died about 1871. They had ten children: Isabella Frances, Rebecca Mary, John Weetman, Mary Ann Eliza, Selina Maria, Sarah Ann, Walter William, Edward Henry, Alfred Charles, and Frederick.

- 11-Isabella Frances Tibbatts was born on 13 Nov 1840.
- 11-Rebecca Mary Tibbatts was born on 7 Mar 1843.
- 11-John Weetman Tibbatts was born in Nov 1845.

John married Margaret Clara Lewis on 25 Dec 1868. Margaret died in Apr 1874. They had two children: Annie Jane and Weetman Edward.

- 12-Annie Jane Tibbatts was born on 13 Nov 1869.
- 12-Weetman Edward Tibbatts was born on 18 Apr 1871.
- 11-Mary Ann Eliza Tibbatts was born on 14 Oct 1847.
- 11-Selina Maria Tibbatts was born on 31 May 1850 and died in 1862 at age 12.

- 11-Sarah Ann Tibbatts was born on 5 Nov 1852.
- 11-Walter William Tibbatts was born on 16 Jan 1856.
- 11-Edward Henry Tibbatts was born on 7 Mar 1858.
- 11-Alfred Charles Tibbatts was born on 11 Jul 1860.
- 11-Frederick Tibbatts
- 10-William Alfred Tibbatts was born on 3 Apr 1821 and died in Dec 1867 at age 46.

William married **Harriet Beard**. They had one son: (**No Given Name**).

11-Tibbatts

William next married Katherine Ohlsted. They had three children: William, Harriet, and Edwin Thomas.

- 11-William Tibbatts was born in 1847 in New York, New York, USA.
- 11-Harriet Tibbatts was born in 1852 in New York, New York, USA.
- 11-Edwin Thomas Tibbatts was born in 1853 in New York, New York, USA and died on 23 Dec 1916 in Chicago, Illinois, USA at age 63.

Edwin married **Alice Adelina Brown**. Alice was born on 14 Jul 1867 in New York, New York, USA and died in 1942 in Chicago, Illinois, USA at age 75. They had three children: **Sarah May, William Thomas**, and **Roseamond**.

- 12-Sarah May Tibbatts was born in 1885.
- 12-William Thomas Tibbatts was born in 1887 and died on 23 Feb 1956 in Kansas City, Clay County, Missouri, USA at age 69.

William married Margaret. They had two children: Alice Edwina and Marvin William.

- 13-Alice Edwina Tibbatts was born in 1911 in Chicago, Illinois, USA.
- 13-Marvin William Tibbatts was born in 1913 in Chicago, Illinois, USA.
- 12-Roseamond Tibbatts was born in 1897.
- 10-Henry James Tibbatts was born on 12 Nov 1822 and died on 3 Jun 1865 at age 42.

Henry married Mary Anne Brown on 5 Jul 1846. Mary was born on 22 Aug 1822. They had five children: Henry James, Emily Lucy, Phillis Sophia, Rebecca Emma, and William Edward.

11-Henry James Tibbatts was born on 11 Nov 1848.

Henry married Ann Charlotte Long. They had two children: Annie Phillis and Henry John.

- 12-Annie Phillis Tibbatts was born on 1 Dec 1872.
- 12-**Henry John Tibbatts** was born on 13 Jul 1874.
- 11-Emily Lucy Tibbatts was born on 21 Dec 1850.
- 11-Phillis Sophia Tibbatts was born on 22 Jun 1853 and died on 21 Jan 1871 at age 17.

- 11-**Rebecca Emma Tibbatts** was born on 23 Nov 1855.
- 11-William Edward Tibbatts was born on 25 Jul 1858 and died on 22 Dec 1858.
- 10-Rebecca Mary Tibbatts was born on 9 Jul 1831 and died on 13 Jun 1873 at age 41.

William next married Isabella Hall.

9-John Tibbatts was born on 5 Feb 1796 in Westminster, London and died on 31 Oct 1869 in London at age 73.

John married Emma Matilda Atkinson on 20 Mar 1827. Emma was born on 1 Feb 1800. They had three children: John Capper, Edward Atkinson, and Emma Mary.

- 10-John Capper Tibbatts was born on 21 May 1830 in Stepney, London and died on 4 Jul 1893 in Hackney, London at age 63.
- 10-Edward Atkinson Tibbatts was born on 11 Jan 1833 in Stepney, London and died on 22 May 1894 in Hackney, London at age 61.
- 10-Emma Mary Tibbatts was born on 15 Oct 1836.

8-**Lieut. Charles Capper**³ was born on 5 Apr 1760 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 27 Apr 1760 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died in Feb 1784 in Seringapatam, Karnataka, India. Killed in action at age 23.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. Omer.
- 8-Harry Capper⁴ was born on 27 Jun 1763 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 24 Jul 1763 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died in 1794 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. Suicide with a pistol. at age 31. The cause of his death was Suicide with a pistol.

General Notes: The Historical Society of Pennsylvania. The papers of Ann Head Warder

http://hsp.org/sites/default/files/legacy_files/migrated/findingaid2175annwarder.pdf

Not all of Ann's news was so joyful. In her July 3, 1794, letter Ann provided a lengthy description of the events leading to the suicide of Harry Capper, a longtime friend and companion, who "horridly tore his head to pieces with a Pistol" as a result of considerable financial difficulties. "How unmanly not to be able to bear a misfortune, which thousands through similar imprudences have involved themselves into, but through a simple kind of cowardice, instead of relying upon the Almighty for support, have wantonly sought his own everlasting distruction, to the Misery & Disgrace of his Connections." She then elaborated on her belief that suicide was immoral.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

Harry married Eleanor Franklin.

- 8-**Peter Capper**⁴ was born on 11 Dec 1764 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 11 Jan 1765 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died in Feb 1789 at age 24. He had no known marriage and no known children
- 8-Sarah Capper⁴ was born on 20 Jun 1766 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 22 Jun 1766 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died in 1771 at age 5.
- 8-George Capper⁴ was born on 27 Aug 1768 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 9 Oct 1768 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, and died in 1846 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Royal Navy.
- He had a residence in Snaresbrook, Essex.
- 6-Richard Capper was born on 12 Mar 1693 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died on 22 Jan 1695 at age 1.

- 6-Mary Capper was born on 10 Oct 1695 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died on 13 Sep 1728 at age 32. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 6-Anne Capper was born on 16 Jun 1696 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died on 16 Feb 1720 at age 23.
- 6-**Thomas Capper** was born on 5 Oct 1701 in Rugeley, Staffordshire and died on 17 Nov 1703 at age 2.
- 5-Richard Capper was born in 1664, was christened on 9 Oct 1664, died in Oct 1721 at age 57, and was buried on 1 Nov 1721.
- 5-Mary Capper was born in 1667 and was christened on 30 Apr 1667.
- 5-Thomas Capper was born in 1669 and was christened on 9 Sep 1669.
- 5-Robert Capper was born in 1669 and was christened on 9 Sep 1669.

Robert married Joyce Collett.

5-Peter Capper was born in 1672 and was christened on 14 May 1672.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Peter married Jane. Jane died on 9 Feb 1747. They had two children: Jane and Peter.

- 6-Jane Capper was born in 1712 and was christened on 31 Jul 1712.
- 6-**Peter Capper** was born in 1714 and was christened on 3 Jun 1714.

Peter married someone. He had two children: Walter Hall and Charles.

7-Walter Hall Capper was born on 29 Jul 1796 in Great Charles Street, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 9 Jan 1848 at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Attorney in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Walter married Tyon.

- 7-Charles Capper
- 3-Richard Capper died on 21 Jan 1668.

Richard married Maria Litton. They had five children: Elena, Maria, Margarita, Katherina, and Sarah.

- 4-**Elena Capper** was born on 13 Apr 1610.
- 4-Maria Capper was born on 7 Apr 1614.
- 4-Margarita Capper was born on 14 Sep 1619.
- 4-Katherina Capper was born on 31 Mar 1623.
- 4-Sarah Capper died on 27 Nov 1657.
- 3-Anna Capper

Anna married Hugo Kelsall.

2-Hugo Capper

Hugo married Mary Leycester, daughter of Richard Leycester. Mary was born in Poole, Cheshire and died in 1658.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Her father was Mayor of Chester in 1650.

- 1. Bernard Thistlethwaite FRHistS, *The Bax Family* (London: Headley Brothers, 1936).
- 2. Sally Morris, "The Wright, Capper and Hagen Families"; report to Charles E. G. Pease, 9th April 2012.
- 3. Katharine Backhouse, A Memoir of Mary Capper, Abridged version of the 1847 text. (Bishopsgate, London: A. W. Bennett, 1860).
- 4. Ruth {Barritt) Webster, Australia to Charles E. G. Pease, e-mail; privately held by Pease.
- 5. "Edward H. Milligan, British Quakers in Commerce & Industry 1775-1920, 2007 (Sessions of York)."
- 6. Paul Marshall Tucker, "The Barton Pedigree Record," supplied 2015 by Paul Marshall Tucker, United Kingdom.
- 7. John S. Bumpus, The Organists & Composers of St. Paul's Cathedral (23 Red Lion Street, Holborn, London: Bowden, Hudson & Co., 1891).
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