Charles E. G. Pease Pennyghael Isle of Mull

1-William Champion^{1,2} was born in 1595.

William married someone. He had one son: Nehemiah.

2-Nehemiah Champion^{1,2,3} was born in 1614.

Nehemiah married someone. He had one son: Nehemiah.

3-Nehemiah Champion^{1,2,3,4,5,6} was born in 1649 and died on 1 May 1722 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 73.

General Notes: Champion family (per. c.1670–1794), metal manufacturers and merchants, came to prominence with Nehemiah [ii] Champion (1649–1722), son of Nehemiah [ii] Champion (b. 1614). As a merchant dealing countrywide in iron goods, and a Quaker from about 1670, Nehemiah [ii] became Bristol agent and largest customer of Abraham Darby (1678–1717) of Coalbrookdale. He appears also to have represented Bristol interests in Newcomen's new atmospheric pump for mining. His sons included Nehemiah [iii] and Richard (1680–1764). He died on 1 May 1722 at Bristol.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tobacconist in 1666 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in Stapleton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Merchant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Nehemiah married Sarah. They had four children: Anne, Richard, Richard, and Nehemiah.

4-Anne Champion⁴ was born on 20 Aug 1666 in Stapleton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Anne married **Edward Watts**⁴ on 26 Feb 1691 in FMH Frenchay, Bristol. They had two children: **Sarah** and **Sarah**.

- 5-Sarah Watts⁴ was born in 1691 and died in 1693 at age 2.
- 5-Sarah Watts⁴ was born in 1694.
- 4-Richard Champion died in May 1674 and was buried on 18 May 1674 in FBG Frenchay, Bristol.
- 4-Richard Champion^{1,3,4,5,7} was born on 20 May 1675 in Old Market Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 23 Feb 1748 in Old Market Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1696-1705 in Tucker Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Soap maker & Merchant.
- He worked as a Treasurer to the Bristol Infirmary 1739 To 1748.
- Miscellaneous: Provided financial assistance to Abraham Darby.
- He worked as a Partner in the Bristol Brass Co.
- Miscellaneous: Described as Richard Champion of Bisley.

Richard married Sarah Gamage, 1,4,5 daughter of Thomas Gamage⁴ and Mary, on 24 Sep 1702 in FMH Bristol. Sarah died in 1705. They had two children: Nehemiah and Richard.

5-Nehemiah Champion^{4,5} was born in 1703 and died on 12 Dec 1753 in Old Market Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 50.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Treasurer to the Bristol Infirmary 1748 To 1753.

Nehemiah married **Hannah Ball**, daughter of **William Ball** and **Lucy**, on 7 Mar 1732 in FMH Frenchay, Bristol. Hannah was born on 8 Aug 1693 in Downend, Mangotsfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died before 1739.

General Notes: RG6/1366

Nehemiah next married A. Whitehead.

5-Richard Champion^{1,4,5} was born in 1704 in Old Market Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Jan 1766 in Old Market Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a partner in Goldney, Smith & Co.
- He worked as a Treasurer to the Bristol Infirmary 1753 To 1766.

Richard next married **Hester Palmer**, ¹ daughter of **Richard or Joseph Palmer**, on 7 Feb 1712 in FMH Bristol. Hester was born in Flushing, Long Island, New York, USA, died about 1 Nov 1714 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. (Smallpox), and was buried on 3 Nov 1714 in FBG Bristol. Another name for Hester was Esther Palmer. ^{4,5,7} They had two children: **Sarah** and **Joseph**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Minister.
 - 5-Sarah Champion^{1,4} was born on 18 Nov 1712 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Sarah married Samuel Lloyd, 3,8 son of Edward Lloyd 2,3,8,9,10,11 and Elizabeth Andrews. Samuel was born on 14 Jul 1700 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had two children: Elizabeth and Sarah (Sally).

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Banker in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- Miscellaneous: Family puzzles.
 - 6-Elizabeth Lloyd was born on 15 Mar 1731 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
 - 6-Sarah (Sally) Lloyd^{3,8} was born on 18 Jun 1733 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1798 at age 65.

Sarah married **Mark Harford**,^{3,8} son of **Mark Harford**,^{1,3,8,12,13} and **Love Andrews**,^{3,8,12,13} on 26 Nov 1762 in FMH Friars, Bristol. Mark was born in 1738 and died in 1798 at age 60. They had five children: **Susannah, Samuel Lloyd, Mark, Sarah**, and **Edward Lloyd**.

General Notes: Peter Wakelin, 'Harford family (per. c.1700–1866)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2009 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/47495, accessed 1 Oct 2012]

Mark [ii] Harford (1738–1798) of Stoke Bishop, increased the family's stake in the Bristol Brass Company by marrying Sarah (d. 1798), daughter of Samuel Lloyd, in 1762, and became its leader. In the following years it became one of the most important industrial enterprises in the world, owning copper mines, smelters, and brassworks, in Cornwall, Bristol and its environs, Esher in Surrey, Lower Redbrook in the Wye valley, and Swansea. Mark [ii] Harford headed a committee of nine, on which sat five Harfords, including his first cousins Edward [iii] and Joseph, of the Blaise Castle and Stapleton branches. He reorganized the company in 1788 as the Harford and Bristol Brass and Copper Company with additional capital of £100,000 and ten members, of whom six were Harfords.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Stoke Bishop, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as an Ironmaster, South Wales Ironworks.
- He worked as a Senior partner in the Bristol Brass Company To 1796.
 - 7-Susannah Harford⁸ was born in 1765.

Susannah married George Bush.

7-Samuel Lloyd Harford^{8,14} was born on 15 Sep 1766 in Castle Green, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Sion Hill, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Samuel married Elizabeth Sanders, 12,14 daughter of Joseph Sanders and Elizabeth Rogers, on 1 Apr 1789 in FMH Cullompton, Devon. Elizabeth was born on 24 Mar 1765 in Exeter, Devon.

7-Mark Harford^{3,8} was born in 1768 and died after 1797.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Senior partner of the Harford and Bristol Brass and Copper Company in 1802 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 7-Sarah Harford⁸ was born in 1770. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 7-Edward Lloyd Harford⁸ was born on 12 Mar 1775 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, was christened on 28 Mar 1820 in St. James, Bristol, Gloucestershire, and died on 30 Mar 1809 at age 34. Edward married Elizabeth Preedy. They had one son: Samuel.
 - 8-Samuel Harford was born in 1804 and died on 7 Nov 1836 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 32.
- 5-Joseph Champion^{1,2,4,5,15} was born on 8 Apr 1714 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1794 at age 80.

Joseph married Elizabeth Rogers, 1,2,5,15 daughter of Francis Rogers, on 2 Dec 1740. Elizabeth died in 1745. They had three children: Sarah, Richard, and Esther.

6-Sarah Champion^{1,15} was born on 6 Jan 1742 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 11 Nov 1811 in Brunswick Square, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 69.

General Notes: When her father, Joseph, re-married, she went to live with her grandparents... her late mother's parents.

Sarah married **Charles Fox**, ^{1,15} son of **John Fox** ^{15,16} and **Loval Applebee**, ¹⁶ in 1790. Charles was born in 1729 and died in 1801 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Plymouth, Devon.
- He had a residence in St. James Square, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

6-Richard Champion^{1,2,3,5,15,17} was born on 6 Nov 1743 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 7 Oct 1791 in Camden, South Carolina, USA at age 47, and was buried in Camden, South Carolina, USA.

General Notes: Richard's marriage to Judith... whom he always called Julia.... was not approved of by his father. But his father had hardly been the ideal parent, having almost disregarded his first family, once he married for the second time.

In the book "Two Centuries of Ceramic Art in Britol", it is stated that in 1767, George Champion... an uncle of Richard... married into the Dimsdale family of Herefordshire. Where does George fit into the family?

Champion, Richard (1743–1791), merchant and porcelain manufacturer, was born in Bristol on 6 September 1743, the second child and only son of Joseph Champion (1714–1794), merchant, and Elizabeth (d. 1745), daughter of Francis Rogers, merchant of Bristol. Through his great-grandfather Nehemiah Champion (1649–1722) [see under Champion family (per. c.1670–1794)], Richard was related to the elder branch of the Champion family which played a prominent part in the brass industry. Little is known of his early years; in 1751 he was sent to London to live with his father who had remarried, but returned to Bristol in November 1762 and worked for his merchant uncle, Richard 'Gospel' Champion. On 25 March 1764, at St Paul's licensed chapel, Edinburgh, he married Judith (Julia) Lloyd (1741–1790). The couple— who would have nine children— were also married in England on 19 November of that year, at St Mary's Church, Winterbourne, near Bristol. From 1767 Champion was engaged as a merchant. Initially he traded goods with Charles Town, South Carolina, and by 1770 he had become one of Bristol's most prominent merchants with commercial links to Canada, America, the West Indies, and continental Europe.

In 1765 Champion had made the acquaintance of his fellow Quaker William Cookworthy of Plymouth, who had for many years been experimenting with the production of true or hard-paste porcelain. In November 1765 Champion records the existence in Bristol of a short-lived hard-paste porcelain factory which failed, but there is no evidence that Champion himself was involved in the ceramic industry before 1768, the year in which Cookworthy secured his patent for the protection of his discoveries and set up his factory in Plymouth. In the same year Champion entered into a partnership which has led to speculation that a hard-paste porcelain factory existed in Bristol from 1768. However, no other evidence has come to light to support this theory and it seems more likely that Champion was involved in Cookworthy's Plymouth undertaking. In 1770 the Plymouth works closed and by June of that year production had been transferred to Castle Green, Bristol, under Cookworthy's management. The earliest evidence of Champion's involvement in the Bristol works dates from January 1772.

In May 1774 Cookworthy assigned his patent and interest in the factory to Richard Champion personally, while reserving to himself and his heirs a royalty for ninety-nine years. Although Champion had no practical experience of potting, under his management the quality of the ware improved markedly. The Bristol factory produced mainly figures and tea wares; these latter ranged in decoration from simple green husk ornament to lavishly decorated services for individuals, some of whom were trading partners, for example Edward Brice and Joseph Harford. Champion's association with the statesman Edmund Burke, who was briefly MP for Bristol, gave rise to the finest of all Bristol services, the personal gift of Richard and Judith Champion to Mrs Edmund Burke (teapot, milk jug, and sugar bowl in the Royal Scottish Museum, Edinburgh). Major collections of Bristol porcelain can be seen in the Victoria and Albert Museum, London, and the Bristol City Museum and Art Gallery.

In 1775 Champion petitioned parliament for an extension of Cookworthy's patent for a further fourteen years. This petition was strongly opposed by Staffordshire potters, including Josiah Wedgwood. The act was passed, but in a modified form which gained Champion nothing and was ultimately to play a part in his failure.

The high costs of the porcelain venture, together with the decline in trade with America, led Champion into financial difficulties from June 1776. In August 1778 his Bristol factory was placed in administration. This presumably ended his association with porcelain manufacture, and his career as a merchant, although the Bristol works remained in limited production until 1781; the last dated piece is a figure of Grief commemorating Champion's eldest daughter, Eliza, who died on 13 October 1779 (Mint Museum of Art, Charlotte, North Carolina). The administration led to his expulsion from the Society of Friends. Champion was also unable to sell his patent and assisted in the setting up of a new Staffordshire porcelain factory, known as the New Hall China Manufactory. He moved to Newcastle under Lyme but remained there only until April 1782 when, through the influence of Edmund Burke, he was appointed joint-deputy paymaster-general of his majesty's forces.

Champion participated actively in the politics of his city. He was treasurer of the Bristol Infirmary (1768–78), warden of the Society of Merchant Venturers (1772–3), and a founder member of the Bristol Library Society. In 1774 he played a major part in the election of Edmund Burke as MP for Bristol; the two became close friends and Champion, with trading and family connections in South Carolina, was able to keep Burke and other leading whigs informed of American feelings at a critical time. However, his involvement with politics, some of his business dealings, and the arming of his ships for protection, led to conflict with the Quakers before his expulsion.

In January 1784, on the collapse of the coalition government, Champion lost his post as paymaster-general. He had hopes of being appointed consul-general to North America but was to be disappointed. Nevertheless, he and his family emigrated to South Carolina in October 1784 and settled on a plantation near Camden. He took naturalization in 1787 and served briefly in the state assembly. In his latter years he wrote a pamphlet on the subject of free trade with America and a series of letters contrasting his gloomy view of Great Britain's future with his optimistic outlook for America. Richard Champion died on 7 October 1791 and was buried in the Quaker burial-ground at Camden.

Karin M. Walton

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Karin M. Walton, 'Champion, Richard (1743–1791)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Sept 2013 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/5094]

Noted events in his life were:

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- He was educated in London.
- He worked as a Member of the Society of Merchants in Oct 1767 in Merchants' Hall, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Wealth at death almost bankrupt in 1778; made little or no money from porcelain; briefly earned salary as joint-deputy paymaster-general

- He had a residence in 1764 in St. James Square, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- Miscellaneous: Owner of the ship the "Lloyd", 1767.
- Miscellaneous: His first venture into China making, 1768 To 1781, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Potter. Champion & Co. In 1773 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a West Indian and American Merchant.
- He worked as a Treasurer of the Bristol Infirmary.

- He had a residence on 5 Nov 1781 in Staffordshire.
- He worked as a Deputy Paymaster General under Edmund Burke before 6 Jan 1784.
- He emigrated America on 7 Oct 1784.
- He worked as a Master in Equity in Camden, South Carolina, USA.

Richard married **Judith** (**Julia**) **Lloyd**, ^{1,2,3,5} daughter of **Caleb Lloyd** and **Judith**, on 25 Mar 1764 in St. Paul's Chapel, Edinburgh. Second ceremony 19 Nov 1764 at Winterbourne, Bristol. Judith was born on 5 Jul 1741 in Hambrook, Frenchay, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 20 Oct 1790 in Camden, South Carolina, USA at age 49. They had nine children: **Eliza Hester, Richard Lloyd, Elizabeth, Jane, Julia, John Lloyd, Sarah, Joseph, and George**.

General Notes: **Richard Champion** became engaged to **Judith**, sister of **Abraham Lloyd**, of Winterbourne, with whom, apparently on account of some objection on his father's part to the engagement, he eloped, the marriage taking place at St. Paul's licensed Chapel, Edinburgh, on March 25th, 1764, "according to the Laws of Scotland, and conformably to the Rites of the Church of England." To satisfy the prejudices of some of their friends they were re-married in Winterbourne Church on November 10th of that year. **Owen** speaks of the house at *Moorend* which they occupied as being a fine one, but now (viz. in 1873) much dilapidated, and occupied by tenements.

7-Eliza Hester Champion¹ was born in 1771 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1842 at age 71. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She emigrated Camden, South Carolina, USA.
- She worked as a companion to her aunt Sarah Champion, wife/widow of Charles Fox.
- 7-Richard Lloyd Champion¹ was born in 1771 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1813 at age 42.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at under the director of the Duke of Portland, Viceroy of Ireland.
- He emigrated Camden, South Carolina in 1787.

Richard married Mary Louisa DuBose in 1810. Mary was born on 6 May 1782 and died in 1853 at age 71. They had one daughter: Eliza Hester.

8-Eliza Hester Champion was born in 1812 and died on 10 Mar 1864 in Camden, South Carolina, USA at age 52.

Eliza married **Maj. John M. De Saussure**, son of **Henry William De Saussure** and **Elizabeth Ford**, in 1832. John was born in 1807 in Camden, South Carolina, USA and died in 1883 at age 76. They had one son: **Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Camden, South Carolina, USA.
 - 9-Henry De Saussure¹ died in 1863 in Richmond, Virginia. Killed in action.
- 7-Elizabeth Champion was born on 17 Mar 1766 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Oct 1779 in Lawrence Weston, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 13.
- 7-Jane Champion¹⁸ was born in 1778 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1860 at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Named after Jane, the wife of Edmund Burke.
- She emigrated Camden, South Carolina, USA.
- She worked as a Companion to her relative, Jean, Countess of Hyndford before Feb 1807 in Carmichael House, Carmichael, Lanarkshire.

Jane married **Charles Edward Rawlins**¹⁷ on 10 Oct 1809. Charles was born in 1781 and died on 5 Dec 1872 at age 91. They had three children: **Charles Edward, James Hyndford**, and **Richard Champion**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Wholesale shopkeeper in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
 - 8-Charles Edward Rawlins^{1,17} was born on 12 Sep 1811 in Liverpool, died on 19 Jun 1884 in Liverpool at age 72, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Smalt and Ultrmarine manufacturer in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a President of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce 1867 To 1868.

Charles married Olivia Margaret Warwick in 1839 in Altrincham, Cheshire. Olivia was born on 4 Nov 1817, died on 2 Jun 1880 at age 62, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool. They had 11 children: Gertrude Mary, Washington Champion, Gerald Warwick, Henry Charles, Julia Jane, Alfred Aldred, Olivia Margaret, Eva Rebecca, Robert Olivers, Beatrice Josephine, and Herbert Joseph.

- 9-Gertrude Mary Rawlins was born on 18 May 1840 in Liverpool and died on 11 Oct 1921 at age 81.
- 9-Washington Champion Rawlins was born on 8 Aug 1841 in Liverpool and died on 12 Sep 1922 at age 81.

Washington married Hester Emily Hawkes. Hester was born on 28 Nov 1841 and died on 5 Jan 1928 at age 86. They had two children: George Edward Hawkes and Olivia Beatrice Emily.

10-George Edward Hawkes Rawlins was born in 1876 and died in 1962 at age 86.

George married **Magdalen Zöe Hoyer** in 1906. Magdalen was born in 1874 in Liverpool. They had one son: **Darsie**.

11-Darsie Rawlins was born on 27 Mar 1912 in Kentmere, Cumbria and died on 28 Jan 2003 at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with ARCA ARBS.
- He worked as a Sculptor and letter cutter.

Darsie married Hon. Rachel Elizabeth Cecily Irby on 15 Jun 1940. Rachel was born on 30 Aug 1914 and died on 21 Oct 2014 at age 100. They had four children: Adrian Drake, Anthony Irby, Diana Caroline, and Christina Elizabeth.

- 12-Adrian Drake Rawlins
- 12-Anthony Irby Rawlins
- 12-Diana Caroline Rawlins
- 12-Christina Elizabeth Rawlins
- 10-Olivia Beatrice Emily Rawlins was born in 1879.
- 9-Gerald Warwick Rawlins was born on 4 Dec 1843 in Liverpool and died on 25 Jun 1923 at age 79.

Gerald married **Theodosia Ellen**. Theodosia was born on 30 Oct 1843 and died on 15 Jan 1922 at age 78.

9-Henry Charles Rawlins was born on 19 Dec 1844 in Liverpool and died on 21 Jan 1916 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 13 Grove Park, Liverpool.
- He worked as a Merchant in Liverpool.

Henry married Isabella Lloyd, daughter of Richard Lloyd, on 30 Mar 1870 in St Michael in the Hamlet, Aigburth, Liverpool. Isabella was born in 1848. They had one son: Charles Edward.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence before 1870 in Grove Park, Toxteth Park, Liverpool.
 - 10-Charles Edward Rawlins was born in 1880, died on 31 May 1917 in Killed In Action at age 37, and was buried in Faubourg D'amiens, Arras, France.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Private, serving in the 1st West Lancashire Divisional Field Ambulance.
- 9-Julia Jane Rawlins was born on 29 Dec 1846 in Liverpool and died on 22 Jan 1919 at age 72.

Julia married **Hawkes**.

- 9-Alfred Aldred Rawlins was born on 9 Jan 1850 in Liverpool and died on 21 Feb 1873 in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil at age 23.
- 9-Olivia Margaret Rawlins was born on 8 Nov 1851 in Liverpool and died on 7 Dec 1936 at age 85.
- 9-Eva Rebecca Rawlins was born on 20 Jan 1855 in Liverpool and died on 27 Jan 1873 at age 18.
- 9-Robert Olivers Rawlins was born on 7 Apr 1857 in Liverpool and died on 7 Jul 1927 at age 70.
- 9-Beatrice Josephine Rawlins was born on 3 Aug 1858 in Liverpool and died on 2 Oct 1859 in Liverpool at age 1.
- 9-Herbert Joseph Rawlins was born on 25 Nov 1860 in Liverpool and died on 26 Jan 1945 at age 84.

Herbert married Elizabeth MacIntosh. Elizabeth was born on 31 Jan 1862 and died on 2 Jun 1937 at age 75.

8-James Hyndford Rawlins^{1,17} was born in 1817 and died in 1902 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Paper manufacturer in Wrexham, Clwyd, Wales.

James married Harriette Lomax Cox.

8-Richard Champion Rawlins^{1,17} was born in 1819 and died in 1898 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Paper Manufacturer before 1883 in Wrexham, Clwyd, Wales.
- 7-Julia Champion was born in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died in 1803, and was buried in 1803 in Camden, South Carolina, USA.
- 7-John Lloyd Champion was born in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died in Sep 1793, and was buried in Sep 1793 in Camden, South Carolina, USA.
- 7-Sarah Champion¹ was born in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 4 Mar 1850 in Alabama River. Drowned in the wreck of the "Orleans St. John"., and was buried in Camden, South Carolina, USA. Sarah married William Vaughan¹ in 1805. William died on 4 Mar 1850 in Alabama River. Drowned in the wreck of the "Orleans St. John". and was buried in Camden, South Carolina, USA. They had one daughter: Virginia.
 - 8-Virginia Vaughan¹ died on 4 Mar 1850 in Alabama River. Drowned in the wreck of the "Orleans St. John". and was buried in Camden, South Carolina, USA.
- 7-Joseph Champion

7-George Champion

6-Esther Champion^{1,15,19} was born on 6 Jul 1745 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Esther married **Philip Debell Tuckett**, ^{15,19,20} son of **James Tuckett** and **Anna Debell**, on 2 Aug 1774 in FMH Bristol. Philip was born on 7 Jun 1749 and died on 20 Nov 1816 at age 67. Joseph next married **Elizabeth Wright**. They had one son: **Joseph**.

6-Joseph Champion^{1,2} was born in 1753 and died in 1813 at age 60.

General Notes: CHAMPION, JOSEPH, ESQ. (b. London? ca. 1750, d. London? ca. 1813), English poet and translator of selections from the Šah-nama and other Persian poetry. Champion was the son of Joseph Champion, of a Bristol Quaker family, by his second wife (Owen, pp. 38, 40, 41-42); he was thus a younger half-brother of Richard Champion (1743-91), merchant, porcelain manufacturer, and prominent supporter of Edmund Burke. Champion attended Trinity Hall, Cambridge University, for at least a year in 1769-70 and may have remained there until 1773, though there is no record of his having taken a degree (Venn, p. 6; Owen, p. 107); he apparently planned a literary career (letter from R. Champion, Letterbooks, 15 December 1769). In 1773 financial necessity forced him to accept a posting to "the most unwholesome Settlement" of the East India Company, at "Bencoolen" (Bengkulu) on the west coast of Sumatra (letter from J. Champion, Letterbooks, 16 April 1774; cf. letter from R. Champion, Letterbooks, 17 December 1774). His early poetry included The Progress of Freedom and Envy, both published in London in 1776 (Allibone, p. 366; Halkett and Laing, p. 176; cf. New Catalogue, p. 329). In 1778 the Com-pany posted him to Calcutta in a junior capacity (Fort William VIII, pp. 124, 161, 166); he eventually rose to the position of senior merchant (Fort William XI, p. 470). In 1780 he married Anne Forbes, "the handsomest woman that ever left Europe for India" ("Obituary," p. 576) in Calcutta. It is not known when or how he became interested in Persian literature, but it was during these years that he published his most important works in this field (see below). He became a member of the Asiatic Society of Bengal in 1784, the year it was founded by Sir William Jones and several colleagues (See bengal ii. royal asiatic society of bengal), but does not appear to have been active in its affairs. After Champion's wife died, in October 1791 ("Obituary," p. 576) at the age of twenty-eight (De-rozario, p. 46), he apparently suffered some k

Champion's three books devoted to Persian litera-ture, Poems Imitated from the Persian, The Poems of Ferdosi, and Essays Characteristic of Persian Poetry, were all first published in India. The earliest contains a number of English odes in imitation of the poems of ?afe?, mostly on the theme of wine and drinking. The second and most important of the three works is an abridged excerpt of the Šah-nama, apparently the first of a projected series of volumes, in rhymed couplets and iambic pentameter. The third work consists of a series of essays in verse after the manner of Alexander Pope's "Essay on Criticism." It express the author's enthusiasm for Persian poets and the genres of Persian poetry, in contrast to the works of classical Greek and Roman poets and certain English poets of the Renaissance and subsequent generations.

The Poems of Ferdosi attracted considerable attention when it was published and continues to merit discussion. Both in his general view of Persian epic poetry and in his verse translations Champion emulated Pope's translations from Homer. In a dedicatory ode to Jones he expressed the predominant 18th--century view of Ferdowsi's position in oriental litera-ture as comparable to that of Homer in the Western tradition:

For Homer only did the epic muse,

Weave the bright wreath, impearl'd in Orient dews.

For our Ferdosi did the fates design,

The Poet's crown, and fancy's richest mine.

Does Hector or Achilles rage in fight?

A Rustem equals with undaunted might!

Do envious gods the fierce contention raise?

Aherman rises, and the dæmons blaze! Jones, however, never made any reference to Champion's work in his own later discourses on the poetry of Ferdowsi.

All three of Champion's books were reviewed extensively in English journals, though not very enthusiastically. The assessment of The Poems of Ferdosi in The Monthly Review of August 1790 is typical: The anony-mous reviewer hailed the introduction of "the Persian Homer" to English readers as opening "the prospect of a new poetic world" and speculated that, once Eastern literatures were sufficiently known, they might well "diminish our fond admiration of the writings of the ancient Greeks and Romans." About Champion's translation, on the other hand, he warned the reader "against raising his expectations to a

high degree," concluding that "much of the spirit of Ferdosi is probably evaporated" (cf. New Catalogue, pp. 329-31).

Indeed, Champion's verse translations, uneven in quality and laden with cumbersome and repetitive rhymes and numerous lexical archaisms, appear out of step with the changing aesthetics of the late 18th century. Nonetheless, he displayed a keen awareness of the general historical development and characteristic features of classical Persian poetry.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Army officer. East India Company in Bengkulu, Indonesia.
- He worked as an East India Company Paymaster in Bengal, India.
- He worked as a Senior Merchant in 1778 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.
- He worked as a Member of the Asiatic Society of Bengal in 1784.
- He worked as a Translator and Lexicographer.

Joseph married **Ann Forbes**. Ann died in Oct 1791.

Richard next married Mary Hind,⁴ daughter of Samuel Hind and Anne Lane, on 24 Jun 1718 in FMH Devonshire House. Mary died on 26 Oct 1740 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

4-Nehemiah Champion^{1,2,3,4,5,21,22} was born in 1678 and died on 9 Jun 1747 in Philips Parish, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 69.

General Notes: Nehemiah [iii] Champion (1678–1747) is known to have been married three times. His first wife was Susanna, daughter of John Trueman, a Bristol Quaker. Their five children included John [i] (1705–1794) [see below], Nehemiah [iv] (1709–1782), William (1710–1789) [see below], and also Rachel (1712–1766), who, in 1731, married Quaker iron smelter Sampson [ii] Lloyd (1699–1779), it being his second marriage. Nehemiah [iii] made a second marriage, to Hannah Ball, and a third, in 1742, to Martha Vandewall, daughter of Quaker merchant William Goldney. Richard, younger brother of Nehemiah [iii], a merchant of Bisley, Gloucestershire, briefly partnered Abraham Darby in 1711, providing capital for expansion at the Coalbrookdale ironworks, later becoming a leading partner of the Bristol brassworks after the death of Nehemiah [iii].

From 1706 Nehemiah [iii] Champion was purchasing Cornish copper ores on behalf of brassworks established in 1702 by Abraham Darby and his Quaker partners at Bristol. This company was to achieve success in establishing brass production in England as a thriving industry, whereas those before had failed under domination from exports from traditional European centres of manufacture. After Darby left Bristol for Coalbrookdale, some time between 1708 and 1710, Champion replaced him as manager, later becoming a partner, with responsibility for developing new technical expertise, particularly in adopting coal instead of charcoal as the main source of fuel.

Champion's new techniques in brass production and manufacture, patented in 1723 (no. 454), increased the output of alloy from its raw materials, copper and the zinc ore calamine. Included also were new methods of annealing— or heating— brass goods during manufacture to prevent cracking. A further patent, no. 567 in 1739, concerned overshot water-wheels, possibly for use in conjunction with the Newcomen pumping engine. Champion's methods brought the Bristol brass company to predominance throughout Britain and, later in the century, throughout Europe. He died on 9 June 1747.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tobacconist in 1703 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as an a founder of the Bristol Brass & Wire Company in 1702.
- He had a residence in 1705 in Castle Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in 1707-1710 in Queen Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in 1712 in Old Market Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Wine Importer in 1731 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Merchant in 1732-1742 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Brassfounder & Ironfounder.
- He had a residence in 1747 in Philips Parish, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Nehemiah married **Susanna Truman**, ^{3,4,5,6,21} daughter of **John Truman** and **Alice Dyer**, on 3 Aug 1703 in FMH Frenchay, Bristol. Susanna was born in 1675 in Kendleshire, Westerleigh, Gloucestershire and died before Oct 1731. They had five children: **John, Ann, Nehemiah, William**, and **Rachel**.

5-John Champion^{2,3} was born on 22 Jun 1705 and died in 1794 at age 89.

General Notes: John [i] Champion (1705–1794), who was born on 22 June 1705, developed separate interests in metals. His patent (no. 569) of 1739 involved antimony and arsenic to toughen metals; and no. 726, of 1758, registered brass production and the smelting of zinc from its sulphide ore, known as blende, instead of from calamine, the zinc carbonate used previously. Although receiving his father's share in the Bristol brass company and being agent for the Warmley company, he took no major part in either, but established his own brassworks at Holywell, north Wales, near local resources of blende and calamine. His production there appears to have been of a quality more suited to cast products, in contrast to the greater degree of purity required for the rolled-sheet goods, beaten hollowware, and drawn wire typical of the traditional Bristol processes. He relinquished the Holywell works in 1765 when under financial pressure.

His son John [iii] Champion (1754–1779), at the age of sixteen, was responsible for patent no. 950 (1770) for hatching eggs and rearing young domestic birds by artificial heat. He later worked on the extraction of sulphur during the roasting of copper sulphide ores, which his partner, William Roe of Macclesfield, patented in 1779, after John's early death at the age of twenty-five. During that same year his father was patenting another process for brass production in large sealed crucibles. Ten years later, aged eighty-four, John [i] Champion was writing to Matthew Boulton on coal gas, the 'inflammable matter for lighting' (Day, Bristol Brass, 120) he had produced, and which he thought suitable for lighthouse illumination. John [i] Champion died in Warwick Row, Pimlico, on 4 April 1794, aged eighty-eight.

Another member of the family, Richard Champion (1743–1791), grandson of Richard Champion (1680–1764), became noted for collaboration with the Quaker William Cookworthy (1705–1780), pioneer of hard-paste porcelain in England. Richard had shown interest in attempting to make porcelain before meeting Cookworthy in 1764, after Cookworthy's difficulty in establishing works in Cornwall. Successful manufacture was introduced to Bristol by the partners, with sole rights from Cookworthy's patent of 1768 being transferred to Champion by 1774. However, his petition to parliament, challenged by Josiah Wedgwood (1730–1795) and others, failed to obtain an extension of patent rights, and Champion's Bristol works proved unable to withstand the ensuing competition from other manufacturers. The widespread contribution of members of the Society of Friends to eighteenth-century metal industries is well recognized, and the Champions, centred in Bristol, were deeply involved in the Quaker life of the city. Nevertheless, some members of the family were at times disciplined for un-Quakerly activities: their bankruptcies were not approved; Nehemiah [iii] Champion was proscribed for privateering; and Richard Champion (1743–1791) was a

The death of John [i] Champion in 1794 brought an end to the significant contributions of the Champion family to the technology of the eighteenth century. Their interests were widespread and of national significance, ranging from Cornish copper mining to manufacturing in Coalbrookdale, Swansea, Macclesfield, and Liverpool, but mainly concentrated on important developments in non-ferrous metal production.

Joan Day

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Champion family (c.1670– 1794): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/47487 Nehemiah Champion [ii] (1649– 1722): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/57867 Nehemiah Champion [iii] (1678– 1747): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/49063 William Champion (1710– 1789): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/49065 John Champion [i] (1705– 1794): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/49064

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brassfounder of Bristol.
- 5-Ann Champion was born in 1707.

Ann married William Perkins.

5-Nehemiah Champion^{2,3,5,13} was born in 1709 and died in 1782 in 1753 Also Given. at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Merchant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Nehemiah married **Love Ball**, ⁵ daughter of **William Ball** and **Cecilia Love**, ⁴ in 1733. Love died before 1739. They had one daughter: **Marv**.

6-Mary Champion^{23,24} died on 16 Oct 1825 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Mary married **Dr. Joseph Dimsdale**, ^{14,24} son of **Thomas Dimsdale Baron Dimsdale of The Russian Empire**^{3,25} and **Anne Iles**, ³ on 27 Mar 1776 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Joseph was born on 10 Jul 1751, died on 9 Jun 1784 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 32, and was buried on 16 Jun 1784. They had one daughter: **Ann**.

7-Ann Dimsdale died in 1837.

Nehemiah next married Ann Whitehead, daughter of George Whitehead.

5-William Champion^{1,2,3,26} was born on 26 Apr 1710 and died on 22 May 1789 in Somerset Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 79.

General Notes: William Champion (1710–1789), born on 26 April 1710, achieved greatest distinction, although he was often confused with his elder brother John [i]. William married Ann, daughter of George Bridges, on 18 June 1741. Travelling Europe as a young man, he became interested in producing zinc, which was only beginning to be understood and accepted as a metal rather than as a stone or earth which converted copper to brass. At that time its production was not possible on a large industrial scale in Europe. He returned home in 1730 and experimented for eight years until in 1738 he registered his patent (no. 564), which was obscurely worded for secrecy. The sound technical process he developed displayed a true understanding of problems previously encountered by others. To avoid the oxidization of zinc vapour at the high temperatures required for metal production, he built a large-scale distillation furnace, based on the Bristol glass cones and heated by coal. When the city fathers complained of the harmful 'smoke' from his Bristol furnaces, he moved in 1746 to Warmley, 5 miles away. An 80-acre site had been purchased by his father, Nehemiah [iii], who, shortly before he died, joined his son and other Quaker merchants in a new Warmley partnership.

William Champion established a large integrated works at Warmley, where, in addition to exploiting his new zinc smelting process, he incorporated the smelting of copper, together with brass production and manufacture. The output consisted mainly of hollowware—pots, pans, and vats—and wire, similar to the output of the Bristol company. Under such direct competition, antagonism soon developed between the two companies, which increased as the Warmley site was developed to capacity.

The principle of completely integrated production on one site was new to the industry, contrasting strongly with the Bristol company, which operated several separate manufacturing watermills in addition to two copper smelting sites. The water-wheels powering the Warmley hammers, rolling mills, wire mills, and other manufacturing equipment were kept working by recycling water with a large Newcomen pumping engine. This was the first time such an engine had been used in manufacturing processes. Zinc production proved less profitable than had been anticipated, however, especially after the refusal of an extension of patent rights; nevertheless, William Champion continually expanded his premises, plant, and processes, adding brass pin manufacture. By 1765 his business was still expanding, although he was forced to borrow heavily, and personal losses occurred after the failure of his dock improvements in the port of Bristol. He registered patent no. 867 for manufacturing brass and brass wire in 1767, but was bankrupt by 1769, his Warmley company premises eventually being purchased by the Bristol brass company. William Champion died on 22 May 1789 at Somerset Street, Bristol.

William and Ann Champion's five children included John [ii] Champion, born in Bristol in 1746, who was manufacturing metals at Cheese Lane, Bristol, at the end of the century. He corresponded in the 1790s with Matthew Boulton (1728–1809), through his Birmingham cousin Charles Lloyd, on the more efficient use of his rotative steam engine, with which he intended to operate a rolling mill for copper and lead in addition to producing iron and brass wire. He patented new methods of wire manufacture in 1798, but in the following year his premises were advertised for sale. He is known to have approached Lord Ribblesdale in 1806, in connection with purchasing calamine mined at Malham Moor for new zinc production in Yorkshire; but by 1810 at the age of sixty-four John [ii] Champion was declared a bankrupt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Zinc and Copper manufacturer in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence after 1746 in Warmley, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

William married Ann Bridges, daughter of George Bridges. They had five children: Elizabeth, William Bridges, Love, John, and Ann.

- 6-Elizabeth Champion was born on 30 Apr 1742 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 6-William Bridges Champion was born on 19 Oct 1743 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 6-Love Champion was born on 7 Apr 1745 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 6-**John Champion**³ was born on 26 Mar 1746 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: William and Ann Champion's five children included John [ii] Champion, born in Bristol in 1746, who was manufacturing metals at Cheese Lane, Bristol, at the end of the century. He corresponded in the 1790s with Matthew Boulton (1728–1809), through his Birmingham cousin Charles Lloyd, on the more efficient use of his rotative steam engine, with which he intended to operate a rolling mill for copper and lead in addition to producing iron and brass wire. He patented new methods of wire manufacture in 1798, but in the following year his premises were advertised for sale. He is known to have approached Lord Ribblesdale in 1806, in connection with purchasing calamine mined at Malham Moor for new zinc production in Yorkshire; but by 1810 at the age of sixty-four John [ii] Champion was declared a bankrupt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Metals manufacturer in Cheese Lane, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

6-Ann Champion²⁶ was born on 24 Jun 1748 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Ann married Capt. James Willyams²⁶ in 1770. James was born on 30 Sep 1741. They had eight children: James Brydges, Ann, Eliza Bridgeman, Charlotte Champion, John Champion, Jane Louisa, Sarah, and Humphrey.

7-James Brydges Willyams²⁶ was born on 1 Jan 1772, was christened on 4 Jan 1772 in Truro, Cornwall, died about 17 Nov 1820 about age 48, and was buried on 20 Nov 1820 in St. Mary's, Truro, Cornwall.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Commander of the Cornwall Militia before 1816.

James married Sarah da Costa, daughter of Mendez da Costa. They had no children.

7-Ann Willyams

Ann married Capt. Bowen.

7-Eliza Bridgeman Willyams²⁶ was born in Truro, Cornwall and died on 14 Feb 1802 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Eliza married **Admiral James McEdward O'Brien 3rd Marquess of Thomond**, ²⁶ son of **Edward O'Brien** and **Mary Carrick**, on 25 Nov 1800. James was born in 1769 and died on 3 Jul 1855 in Bath, Somerset at age 86. They had no children.

7-Charlotte Champion Willyams²⁶ was born in 1782 in Truro, Cornwall and died in 1875 at age 93.

Charlotte married **Rev. Thomas Pascoe**, ²⁶ son of **James Pascoe** and **Catherine Edwards**. Thomas was born in 1788 and died in 1870 at age 82.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Alceston House, Penzance, Cornwall.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of St. Hilary's, Kew in Kew, London.

7-**John Champion Willyams**²⁶ was born in Jun 1785, was christened on 28 Jul 1785 in Truro, Cornwall, died on 2 Jun 1803 on board the East Indiaman, Marchioness of Exeter at age 18, and was buried in St. Helena.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a member of the East India Company.

7-Jane Louisa Willyams

7-Sarah Willyams

Sarah married **Rev. Thomas Grylls**, son of **Thomas Grylls** and **Mary Millett**, on 4 Jan 1815 in Mawgan, Cornwall. Thomas was born on 19 Nov 1790, was christened on 3 Mar 1791 in Helston, Cornwall, and died in 1845 at age 55. They had nine children: **James Willyams, Louisa Ann, John Gerveys, Humphry Millett, Sarah Ellen, Emily Trevenan, Thomas Glynn, Sarah Ellen Elizabeth, and Charlotte Champion.**

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall.

8-James Willyams Grylls was christened on 12 Dec 1815 in Mawgan, Cornwall and died in 1861 at age 46.

James married Caroline Jane Millett.

- 8-Louisa Ann Grylls was born on 20 Dec 1817 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall and was christened on 18 Jan 1818 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall.
- 8-John Gerveys Grylls was born on 22 Jun 1819 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall and was christened on 12 Aug 1819 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Blundell's School on 17 Aug 1835-29 Jun 1836 in Tiverton, Devon.
- 8-Humphry Millett Grylls was born on 9 Apr 1821 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall, was christened on 30 May 1821 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall, and died in 1876 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Blundell's School on 15 Aug 1831-29 Jun 1837 in Tiverton, Devon.

Humphry married Henrietta Elizabeth Fox. They had three children: Cecile Louise, Humphry John Maxwell, and William Miles.

- 9-Cecile Louise Grylls
- 9-Humphry John Maxwell Grylls was born on 8 Mar 1865 in Truro, Cornwall and died on 21 Jun 1942 in Detroit, Michigan USA at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Crewkerne Grammar School in Crewkerne, Somerset.
- He emigrated to America in 1881.
- He was awarded with FAIA.
- He worked as an Architect.

Humphry married Mary Field, daughter of Moses W. Field and Mary Kercheval, on 4 Oct 1893 in Detroit, Michigan USA. Mary was born in 1866. They had four children: Humphrey Millett Kercheval, Richard Gerveys Field, Maxwell Miles, and John Robert Jefferson.

10-Humphrey Millett Kercheval Grylls was born on 25 Jun 1894 in Detroit, Michigan USA.

Humphrey married Eleanor Poppenhusen. They had one son: Humprey John Maxwell.

11-Humprey John Maxwell Grylls II was born in 1930 and died on 28 Oct 1996 in Tarrant, Texas, USA at age 66.

Humprey married Alison Anne Hood, daughter of Leslie Hood and Hazel Teachout.

- **10-Richard Gerveys Field Grylls**
- 10-Maxwell Miles Grylls was born on 30 Oct 1900 in Detroit, Michigan USA and died on 28 Jul 1941 in Detroit, Michigan USA at age 40.
- 10-John Robert Jefferson Grylls was born in 1904 in Detroit, Michigan USA.

John married **Clara**. They had two children: **Peter** and **Nancy**.

- 11-Peter Grylls
- 11-Nancy Grylls
- 9-William Miles Grylls was born in 1871 and died in 1910 in Morenci, Graham County, Arizona, USA at age 39.
- 8-Sarah Ellen Grylls was born on 11 May 1822 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall and was christened on 18 Jun 1822 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall.
- 8-Emily Trevenan Grylls was born on 17 May 1824 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall, was christened on 23 May 1824 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall, and died in 1902 at age 78.

Emily married William Dawson on 20 Jun 1859 in Plymouth, Devon. William was born on 31 Mar 1831 in Dungannon, County Tyrone, Ireland.

8-**Rev. Thomas Glynn Grylls**²⁷ was born on 22 Feb 1826 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall, was christened on 5 Apr 1826 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall, and died on 12 Jul 1867 in Southport, Lancashire at age 41.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Blundell's School on 15 Aug 1838-16 Jun 1844 in Tiverton, Devon.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Penzance Grammar School in 1850-1859.
- He worked as an Incumbent of Tattenhow in Tattenhow, Buckinghamshire.

Thomas married **Henrietta Campbell**, ²⁷ daughter of **Lt. Col. Charles Campbell** and **Harriet Doxey**, on 20 Jan 1853. Henrietta was born in 1829 and died on 17 Oct 1916 in Worthing, Sussex at age 87. They had nine children: **Thomas Saxton**, **Caroline Elizabeth**, **Hilda Louisa**, **Marian**, **Cordelia Helen**, **Glynn**, **Henrietta Julia**, **Archibald Campbell**, and **Cordelia Addison**.

- 9-**Thomas Saxton Grylls**²⁸ was born in Jul 1855 in Penzance, Cornwall.
- 9-Caroline Elizabeth Grylls was born in Oct 1856 in Penzance, Cornwall.
- 9-Hilda Louisa Grylls was born in Oct 1857 in Penzance, Cornwall.
- 9-Marian Grylls was born in Mar 1859 in Penzance, Cornwall and died in 1860 in Bath, Somerset at age 1.
- 9-Cordelia Helen Grylls was born in 1860 in Bath, Somerset and died in 1862 at age 2.
- 9-Glynn Grylls was born in 1862 in Bath, Somerset and died in 1863 in Bath, Somerset at age 1.
- 9-Henrietta Julia Grylls²⁷ was born on 1 Apr 1864 in Salford Manor, Bedfordshire and died on 11 Feb 1941 in Charlton Kings, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 76.

General Notes: Adopted in 1868 by Joel Cadbury and Maria Hotham. Her father died when she was 3 years old but there is evidence to suggest that her mother, through circumstance unknown, was compelled to place her daughter/children in an orphanage thereafter.

Henrietta married **Rev. John Jowitt Wilson**, ^{27,28} son of **Isaac Whitwell Wilson** and **Anne Bagster**, on 7 Feb 1889 in FMH Birmingham. John was born on 9 Apr 1861 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Feb 1928 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 66. They had four children: **Isaac Gabriel, Stephen Grylls, Eunice Bagster Grylls**, and **Humphrey Whitwell**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a County Councillor for Westmorland 1894 To 1901.
- He was educated at Queen's College, Birmingham.
- Miscellaneous: Ordained, 14 Jun 1908, Manchester.
- He worked as a Curate in Charge, Blackley in Blackley, Manchester.
- He had a residence in Blackley, Manchester.
 - 10-**Isaac Gabriel Wilson**²⁷ was born on 5 Feb 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Mar 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria.
 - 10-Stephen Grylls Wilson²⁷ was born on 24 Feb 1892 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 Oct 1973 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Church of England.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1919.
- He worked as a School teacher.

Stephen married **Amy Dorothea Newlove**, daughter of **William Newlove** and **Amy Willoughby**, on 22 May 1925 in Manchester. Amy was born on 2 May 1888 in Manchester and died on 9 Mar 1938 in Learnington Spa, Warwickshire at age 49. They had one daughter: **Ursula Jean Grylls**.

11-Ursula Jean Grylls Wilson

Ursula married Erwin Paul Engler, son of Emil Ludvig Engler and Berta Katherina Kirtowski. They had three children: Peter Frederick Wilson, Anne Elizabeth, and Pamela Mary.

- 12-Peter Frederick Wilson Engler
- 12-Anne Elizabeth Engler
- 12-Pamela Mary Engler

Stephen next married Marjorie Crouch on 2 Oct 1945 in Oxford. Marjorie was born on 25 Jun 1890 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

10-Eunice Bagster Grylls Wilson²⁷ was born on 27 Feb 1894 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 25 Oct 1976 at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1909-Aug 1911 in York, Yorkshire.
- 10-**Humphrey Whitwell Wilson**²⁷ was born on 27 Feb 1898 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 4 Jul 1899 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 1.
- 9-Archibald Campbell Grylls was born on 1 Apr 1864 in Salford Manor, Bedfordshire.
- 9-Cordelia Addison Grylls was born in 1867 in Lapford, Devon.
- 8-Sarah Ellen Elizabeth Grylls was born on 21 Nov 1827 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall and was christened on 2 Jan 1828 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall.
- 8-Charlotte Champion Grylls was born on 11 Aug 1829 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall and was christened on 15 Sep 1829 in Cardinham, Bodmin, Cornwall.

Charlotte married **Rev. Thomas Cave Childs** in 1851 in Plymouth, Devon. Thomas was born in 1821 in Liskeard, Cornwall and died in 1867 in Hackney, Dalston, London at age 46. They had one daughter: **Charlotte Louisa Marian**.

9-Charlotte Louisa Marian Childs

Charlotte married Charles William Whateley Bowling.

7-Humphrey Willyams²⁶ was born on 20 Apr 1792 in Truro, Cornwall and died in 1822 at age 30.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Truro, Cornwall.
- He worked as a Copper merchant in Truro, Cornwall.

Humphrey married Ellen Frances Neynoe, daughter of Gen. William Brydges Neynoe. They had six children: James Neynoe Vivian, Charlotte Dorothea, Humphrey John, Edward William Brydges, Ellen Anne, and Arthur Champion Phillips.

- 8-James Neynoe Vivian Willyams²⁶ was born on 10 Apr 1823 and died in 1861 at age 38.
- 8-Charlotte Dorothea Willyams²⁶ was born on 24 Jul 1829, died on 4 Sep 1903 in St. Mawgan, Cornwall at age 74, and was buried in St. Mawgan in Pydar, Cornwall.

Charlotte married **Rev. Ferdinand Thomas Stephens**, son of **Samuel Stephens**, on 15 Jul 1859 in St. Mawgan in Pydar, Cornwall. Ferdinand was born on 7 May 1814, died in Mar 1876 in St. Mawgan, Cornwall at age 61, and was buried in St. Mawgan in Pydar, Cornwall.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of St. Mawgan in Pydar, Cornwall.
- 8-Humphrey John Willyams²⁶ was born on 19 Nov 1831 and was christened on 12 Jan 1832 in St. Mawgan in Pydar, Cornwall.
- 8-Col. Edward William Brydges Willyams²⁶ was born on 6 Nov 1834 and died on 10 Oct 1916 in Carnanton, St. Columb Major, Cornwall at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Truro in 1857-1859.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for East Cornwall in 1868-1874.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Truro in 1880-1885.

Edward married **Jane Penelope Wheler**, daughter of **Sir Trevor Wheler 9th Bt.** and **Lucy Dandridge**, on 26 Jun 1856. Jane was born on 25 Sep 1828 and died on 2 Mar 1877 at age 48. Edward next married **Emily Levy** on 5 Jun 1882. Emily died on 5 Feb 1902. They had no children.

- 8-Ellen Anne Willyams
- 8-Capt. Arthur Champion Phillips Willyams was born in 1837, was christened on 11 May 1837 in St. Mawgan in Pydar, Cornwall, and died on 9 Jan 1917 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Truro, Cornwall.
- He worked as a Deputy Warder of the Stannaries.

Arthur married **Charlotte Elizabeth Longueville-Jones**, daughter of **Rev. Harry Longueville-Jones** and **Frances Weston**, on 24 Feb 1861 in St. Mawgan in Pydar, Cornwall. Charlotte was born in 1841 in Wellington, Shropshire. They had three children: **Humphry John, Charlotte Bridgman Longueville**, and **Arthur Hugh Vivian**.

9-Humphry John Willyams^{29,30} was born on 28 Nov 1861 in Truro, Cornwall, was christened on 28 Dec 1861 in Truro, Cornwall, and died on 21 May 1923 in Cornwall at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Nanskeval, St. Mawgan, Cornwall.

Humphry married **Margaret Jowitt**, ^{29,30} daughter of **Joseph Jowitt** ^{23,29,30,31,32,33} and **Hannah Ellis**, ^{29,33} in 1890. Margaret was born in 1860 in Bishop Thornton, Ripon, Yorkshire. They had two children: **Edward Neynoe** and **Joan Bridgeman**.

10-Col. Edward Neynoe Willyams³⁰ was born in 1891 and died on 12 May 1964 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO JP DL.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Cornwall in 1934.

Edward married Beatrice Jean Blewett, daughter of Coleman Blewett and Mary.

10-Joan Bridgeman Willyams was born in 1893.

Joan married Vice-Adm. Douglas Young-Jamieson³⁰ on 2 Aug 1922. Douglas was born on 12 Oct 1893 and died on 28 May 1955 at age 61. They had two children: **James Humphry** and **Simon Douglas**.

11-James Humphry Young-Jamieson RNVR was born on 27 May 1924, died on 3 Jan 1945 in Killed in flying accident, on active service. at age 20, and was buried in Lee on Solent Memorial.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He worked as a Sub-Lieutenant on HMS Jackdaw in Crail, Fife, Scotland.

11-Simon Douglas Young-Jamieson

Simon married **Tess Brace**. They had one son: **Timothy**.

12-Timothy Young-Jamieson

Timothy married Sarah Lywood. They had two children: Tess and Freya Beatrice Willyams.

- 13-Tess Young-Jamieson
- 13-Freya Beatrice Willyams Young-Jamieson
- 9-Charlotte Bridgman Longueville Willyams was born on 8 Jan 1868 in Truro, Cornwall and was christened on 19 Feb 1868 in Truro, Cornwall.
- 9-Capt. Arthur Hugh Vivian Willyams was born in Truro, Cornwall and was christened on 11 Jan 1871 in Truro, Cornwall.

Arthur married Olive Alice Simcoe Marke, daughter of George Badeley Marke and Emily Augusta Archer, on 25 Feb 1895 in Bodmin, Cornwall. Olive was born in 1874.

5-**Rachel Champion**^{1,3,10,21,34} was born on 30 Mar 1712 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 16 Sep 1756 at age 44, and was buried in FBG Bull Lane, Monmouth Street, Birmingham. Body moved to FBG Bull Street in 1851.

Rachel married **Sampson Lloyd**, ^{1,3,10,21,34} son of **Sampson Lloyd** ^{10,21,34,35} and **Mary Crowley**, ^{10,34} on 17 Nov 1731 in FMH Bristol. Sampson was born on 15 Jul 1699 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 30 Nov 1779 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 80, and was buried in FBG Bull Lane, Monmouth Street, Birmingham. Body moved to FBG Bull Street in 1851. They had 11 children: **Nehemiah, Susannah, Mary, Champion, Rachel, Rachel, Nehemiah, Charles, John**, and **Ambrose**.

General Notes: Founding father of Lloyds Bank. In 1742 Sampson bought an estate for himself and his family out in the country - in Sparkbrook. Within ten years he had built a grand Georgian house and called it The Farm.

Lloyd, Sampson (1699–1779), iron manufacturer and banker, was born in Birmingham on 15 July 1699, the second son and second child in the family of two sons and one daughter of Sampson Lloyd (1664–1725), a Quaker ironmonger, and his second wife, Mary, sister of Sir Ambrose Crowley (1658–1713) and daughter of Ambrose Crowley of Stourbridge, another Quaker ironmonger and nailer. There were also four daughters from the first marriage. Sampson Lloyd the father came from a family of rural Welsh minor gentry, and was drawn to the iron trade partly through the example of his father-in-law. In Birmingham he was a wholesale supplier of bar iron, rods, and other metals to nearby manufacturers, particularly nail and hardware makers.

The younger Lloyd was apprenticed in 1717 to Thomas Sharp at a brass-wire firm in Bristol, but ill health led him to go home in 1720. He then began to convert his father's quiet business into something much more ambitious, integrating backwards into slitting mills, forges, and ultimately furnaces. By his first, brief, marriage in 1727 to Sarah Parkes (1699–1729), a local Quaker heiress, Lloyd had one son. By his second marriage, on 17 September 1731, to Rachel (1712–1756), daughter of Nehemiah Champion, a Bristol Quaker merchant with metallurgical interests, he had three more sons and two daughters. In 1757 his daughter Mary married Osgood Hanbury, a great Quaker Chesapeake merchant of London; in 1767 his other daughter, Rachel, married David Barclay, a leading Quaker merchant, banker, and brewer of London.

Lloyd's iron business prospered during the Seven Years' War, but the peace in 1763 posed a challenge, as did the need to provide careers for his four sons. The war had made many businessmen conscious of the need and opportunities for private banks in both London and the provinces. Perceiving this, in 1765 Lloyd joined with a rich Unitarian neighbour, John Taylor (c.1711–1775) to found the first real bank in Birmingham, Taylors and Lloyds; the four (equal) partners were Taylor, Taylor's son John, Sampson Lloyd, and his eldest son, also called Sampson. Shortly afterwards, in 1770, Lloyd's son-in-law Osgood Hanbury founded a bank in London— Hanbury, Taylor, Lloyd, and Bowman— in which both Lloyd's son Sampson and John Taylor junior, of the Birmingham bank were partners. This became the necessary London correspondent and support of the quite prosperous Taylors and Lloyds.

In his lifetime, and by his will, Lloyd provided his three eldest sons with partnerships in both the Lloyd iron firm and the Birmingham bank. His fourth son, John, was placed in London where he became a partner in the Hanbury tobacco concern in 1772 and in the Hanbury bank in 1790. In the next century, Lloyd's descendants abandoned the iron business, but not the bank. After the withdrawal of the Taylors in 1852, the Lloyd family bank was converted into a joint-stock company in 1865. The affiliated Hanbury bank in London merged in 1864 with another London bank of Quaker origins, Barnett, Hoare & Co.; the new Barnetts, Hoares, Hanburys, and Lloyd merged in turn with the main Lloyd bank of Birmingham in 1884, bringing under one corporate roof connections that had their origins in the marriages more than a century before of the children of Sampson Lloyd. He died on 30 November 1779 in Birmingham, and was buried in the Quaker burial-ground, Bull Lane, Birmingham.

Jacob M. Price, rev.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an apprentice to Thomas Sharp, Brass-wire manufacturer 1717 To 1720 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- · He worked as an Ironmaster.
- He worked as a Banker and one of the founders of Lloyds bank in 1765 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
 - 6-Nehemiah Lloyd was born on 7 Aug 1732 and died on 20 Jul 1733.³⁴
 - 6-Susannah Lloyd³⁴ was born on 28 Feb 1734 and died on 25 Dec 1734.
 - 6-Susannah Lloyd³⁴ was born on 25 Jun 1735 and died on 6 Oct 1735.
 - 6-Mary Lloyd^{3,10,23,34} was born on 10 Dec 1736 and died on 18 Nov 1770 at age 33.

Mary married **Osgood Hanbury**, ^{3,10,14,23,25,34,36,37,38} son of **John Hanbury** and **Anna Osgood**, ^{3,39} on 18 Jan 1757. Osgood was born on 15 Dec 1731 in Colchester, Essex and died on 11 Jan 1784 in Holfield Grange, Essex at age 52. They had eight children: **John Osgood**, **Anna**, **Rachel**, **Osgood**, **Charles**, **Richard**, **Sampson**, and **Mary Elizabeth**.

General Notes: inherited Holfield Grange and continued his father's prosperous tobacco business. Like both his parents he was a Quaker. He married Mary (Molly) Lloyd of Birmingham (died 1770) and had five sons:-

John, Osgood (2), Charles Richard and Sampson.

Also daughters:

Rachael, Mary and Anna. John died at 16 making Osgood (2) the heir to Holfield Grange. Charles founded the Hanburys of Halstead.

Sampson (1769-1835) married Agatha, daughter of Richard Gurney of Keswick Hall, Norfolk, and about the year 1800 bought "Poles", a large estate with an imposing mansion and beautiful deer-park near Thundridge, Hertfordshire. From 1799 to 1830 he was Master of the Puckeridge Hounds. Having no children, he left "Poles" to his widow who outlived him 12 years, and thereafter to his nephew Robert Hanbury

Osgood Hanbury at first continued his father's North American firm in partnership with Capel Hanbury. After the latter's death in 1769, Osgood began to disengage from the now politically exposed Chesapeake trade and thus reduced his ultimate losses from the American War of Independence. In 1757 he married Mary, daughter of Sampson Lloyd (1699–1779) of Birmingham, Quaker iron dealer and banker. During the American War of Independence he compensated in part for the loss of his Chesapeake trade by expanding his West Indies business through the firm of Hanbury and Gosling. In 1770 he had also joined in founding the London bank of Hanbury, Taylor, Lloyd, and Bowman in partnership with his father-in-law. This firm, continued by his descendants for four generations, served as the London correspondents of Taylors and Lloyds, the family's bank in Birmingham, until absorbed in 1884 into what ultimately became the modern Lloyds Bank. Through the marriage of his daughter Anna to Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, bt, brewer and anti-slavery activist, Osgood Hanbury was also the progenitor of the numerous Buxtons and Hanburys who over many generations managed the Truman, Hanbury, and Buxton brewery. He died in 1784.

Jacob M. Price ODNB

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tobacco Broker in Great Tower Street, London.
 - 7-John Osgood Hanbury was born on 23 Nov 1757 and died on 23 Jul 1773 at age 15.
 - 7-Anna Hanbury^{38,40} was born in 1762 and died in 1828 at age 66.

Anna married **Thomas Fowell Buxton**, 3,38,41,42 son of **Isaac Buxton** and **Sarah Fowell**, on 12 Feb 1782. Thomas was born on 1 Sep 1756, died on 3 Dec 1793 at age 37, and was buried in FBG Bunhill Fields, London. They had four children: **Anna, Thomas Fowell, Charles**, and **Sarah Maria**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a High Sheriff in Earls Colne, Essex.
 - 8-**Anna Buxton**^{3,38,42,43,44} was born in 1784 and died in 1855 at age 71.

Anna married **William Forster**, 3,38,42,44,45,46,47,48,49 son of **William Forster**, and **Elizabeth Hayward**, 3,42,50 on 3 Oct 1816 in FMH Shaftesbury. William was born on 23 Mar 1784 in Tottenham, London, died on 27 Jan 1854 in Samuel Low's house, Holston River, Tennessee, USA at age 69, and was buried in FBG Friendsville, Tennessee. They had one son: **William Edward**.

General Notes: He died at the house of Samuel Low, near the Holston River, East Tennessee, America and was buried at the Friends Burial ground at Friendsville.

Forster, William (1784-1854), philanthropist and Quaker minister, was born at Tottenham, Middlesex, on 23 March 1784, the second of the ten children of William Forster (1747-1824), schoolmaster and later land surveyor, and Elizabeth (1759-1837), daughter of Robert and Mary Hayward of Kelvedon, Essex. William senior's father, Josiah (1693?-1763), who hailed from co. Durham, settled in 1752 in Tottenham, a village which was to become a Quaker stronghold and, until 1880, the home of members of the family.

After education at the village schools and with private tutors, William junior learned land surveying in Sheffield with his uncle William Fairbank (c.1730-1801) [see under Fairbank family]. On returning to Tottenham he joined his father, but in 1806 he was released from business responsibilities and devoted himself to working for the Society of Friends and his various philanthropic concerns. Before he was twenty he had begun to take a vocal part in Quaker worship, and his gift in the ministry was acknowledged by Tottenham monthly meeting in August 1805. Next month he received the meeting's support for the first of a succession of religious visits in Britain, including (1812) the Hebrides. Like other itinerant ministering Friends his concern was not only domestic and pastoral but also to reach a wide audience through specially appointed meetings, often where there was no Quaker presence. This was particularly true of his extensive visit to Ireland (1813-14).

Forster's head and hands were huge and his frame unwieldy; his whole body would shake with emotion and his voice deepen as he gave expression to his feelings. His ministry was evangelical, but his sense of awe was such that he felt it almost profane to talk of religion, and his humanitarian zeal transcended the doctrinal. His intellectual capacity was considerable, but it was the manner of his ministry that was remembered rather than the content. Forster accompanied the American Quaker Stephen Grellet (1773-1855) in visiting London prisons in January 1813, and went with him to Elizabeth Fry to report the appalling conditions on the women's side of Newgate. Her first visit, next day, with clothing for the children was (as were later visits) with Anna Buxton (1784-1855), whom Forster married on 3 October 1816. She was the daughter of Thomas Fowell and Anna (née Hanbury) Buxton of Earls Colne, Essex, and sister of Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, first baronet, the anti-slavery protagonist. For two decades they lived at Bradpole, Dorset, but in 1837 moved to Norwich, which was their home until his death.

Forster travelled extensively in North America in 1820-25, viewing with increasing misgiving the growth among Friends there of what he considered unitarian views. His and concurrent visits by George Withy (1763-1837) in 1821, Elizabeth Robson and her brother Isaac Stephenson (1765-1830) in 1823, and Anna Braithwaite in 1824 had the cumulative effect of giving the suspect Elias Hicks (1748-1830) and his many adherents the impression that they were being preached at rather than listened to, and may well have hastened the American Quaker separations of 1827-8.

Forster's second visit to America (1845-6) was with his brother Josiah [see below], George Stacey (1786-1857), and John Allen (1790-1859), following a breach in Indiana yearly meeting over the slavery issue: it was perhaps ironic that the anti-slavery militants whom the deputation condemned for separating were, in effect, closer to the views of British Quakers on slavery than the main body, who received the deputation's support.

Irish Quakers, following the 1846 failure of the potato crop, set up on 13 November a central relief committee. Forster spent over four months visiting the worst-stricken districts, especially in Connaught. His knowledge from 1813-14 stood him in good stead, and his reports and contacts, not least with Catholic parish priests, were crucial to the relief committee's work. His son William Edward Forster accompanied him for part of the time, as also did James Hack Tuke. For each it was an introduction to a lifetime's concern. Forster and his brothers Josiah and Robert [see below] also served on a committee of British Friends to arouse awareness of the need and to raise funds.

In 1849 British Quakers drew up a memorial against the continuance of the slave trade: from then until 1852 Forster was on a number of deputations to continental rulers. In 1853, with his brother Josiah, John Candler (1787-1869), and William Holmes (1805-1867), he paid his third American visit. After seeing the president, Franklin Pierce (1804-1869), they travelled through many of the southern and mid-western states, securing interviews with the governors of thirteen of them. Forster died at the home of Samuel Low, near the Holston River, Knox county, East Tennessee, on 27 January 1854, his body being interred in the Friends' burial-ground, Friendsville, Tennessee.

Of William Forster's nine brothers and sisters, one died in childhood. The others remained single except for Josiah Forster (1782-1870), who in 1808 married Rachel Wilson (1783-1873), daughter of John Wilson (1748-1801) and Sarah, née Dillworth (1754-1788) of Kendal: there was one child, who died aged eleven weeks. In 1805 Josiah opened a school at Southgate, which moved to Tottenham in 1820 and closed in 1826. He had a reputation for naïvety-as when, confiscating fireworks as dangerous toys, he threw them on the fire to ensure their destruction. But with his adult fellow Quakers, so far from being naïve, he could be stentorian and unyielding. He was from 1820 to 1831 clerk (presiding officer) of the yearly meeting of British Quakers, a body he consistently attended from the late eighteenth century until his death, and in which he was an ever more frequent speaker. His wife was recorded as a minister in 1810. In 1811 he was appointed to the meeting for sufferings (the representative committee of the yearly meeting) and in 1817 he became an elder: both offices he held until his death. He frequently accompanied ministering Friends visiting the continent and was an indefatigable correspondent. He was for many years on the committees of the British and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society and of the British and Foreign Bible Society.

Another brother, Robert Forster (1791-1873), carried on the family land surveying business. For many years steward to the earl of Darnley, he managed the Kentish estates during the young earl's minority and built a great part of Northfleet, Kent. Perhaps his most notable Quaker service was as a member of deputations to present to European governments 'A plea for liberty of conscience', drawn up by the yearly meeting of 1856: that year he visited Paris, in 1857 the Netherlands and Germany, and in 1858 Russia and northern Europe. He served as an elder and for many years on the meeting for sufferings. He was a member of the committee of the British and Foreign School Society from 1817 until his death. He was also on the committee of the Quaker school at Croydon, and he and Josiah were longtime members of the London committee for Ackworth School. They were lifelong trustees, and active in the management, of Grove House School, Tottenham, established in 1828 and notable for the part that science had in the curriculum.

In his later years Robert, who suffered a decline of mental powers, was tended by his sister Anne Forster (1797-1873), whose philanthropic interests extended to the animal kingdom if the ascription to her of the broadside To Butchers, their Men and Boys (Norwich, n.d.) be correct. Mary Forster (1786-1873) was with relatives in Plymouth from 1810 to 1834; on her return to Tottenham she devoted herself to visiting women prisoners and in 1837 was appointed an elder. Sarah (1799-1880), who was recorded a minister in 1848, was granted minutes for religious service on seventeen occasions. Most of the sisters' activities were local rather than national, and the family home in Philip Lane, Tottenham Green, was noted for its warm hospitality.

Josiah Forster died on 27 June 1870; and the year 1873 saw the deaths of his widow on 5 March, of Mary on 24 February, Robert on 11 October, and Anne on 14 October. Elizabeth died on 29 March 1879 and Sarah on 14 September 1880. The bodies of all were interred in Tottenham Friends' burial-ground.

Edward H. Milligan

Sources B. Seebohm, ed., Memoirs of William Forster, 2 vols. (1865) · Annual Monitor (1871), 191-216 [Josiah] · Annual Monitor (1875), 49-62 [Mary; Robert; Anne] · Annual Monitor (1881), 57-60

[Sarah] · Transactions of the central relief committee of the Society of Friends during the famine in Ireland in 1846 and 1847 (1852); facs. edn with new introduction, and index by R. Goodbody (1996) · J. T. Mills, John Bright and the Quakers, 2 vols. (1935) · T. Compton, Recollections of Tottenham Friends and the Forster family (1893) · M. A. Collie, Quakers of Tottenham, 1775-1825 [typescript dissertation, publ. in abridged form] · Biographical catalogue: being an account of the lives of Friends and others whose portraits are in the London Friends' Institute, Society of Friends (1888), 211-30 [Josiah; Robert; William] · W. Robinson, ed., Friends of a half century (1891), 114-26 [Josiah; William] · London and Middlesex digest of births to 1837, RS Friends, Lond. · digest registers (marriages to 1837), RS Friends, Lond. [Dorset and Hampshire quarterly meeting]

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Likenesses pencil sketch, 1835, repro. in Robinson, ed., Friends · Maull & Polyblank, photograph, c.1860 (Robert Forster), RS Friends, Lond. · Maull & Polyblank, photograph, c.1860 (Josiah Forster), repro. in Robinson, ed., Friends · B. R. Haydon, group portrait, oils (The Anti-Slavery Society convention, 1840), NPG · S. Lucas, group portrait, oils (London yearly meeting about 1840), RS Friends, Lond. · S. Lucas, group portrait, oils (William Forster with Josiah Forster; London yearly meeting about 1840), RS Friends, Lond. · silhouette, RS Friends, Lond.

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Edward H. Milligan, 'Forster, William (1784-1854)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/9925, accessed 28 May 2013]

William Forster (1784-1854): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/9925

Josiah Forster (1782-1870): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/46946

Robert Forster (1791-1873): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/46949

Anne Forster (1797-1873): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/46950

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Philanthropist.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1805.

9-**Rt. Hon. William Edward Forster**^{3,38,42,44,46,49,51,52,53,54} was born on 11 Jul 1818 in Bradpole, Dorset, died on 5 Apr 1886 in Eccleston Square, London at age 67, and was buried in Burley in Wharfedale, Yorkshire.

General Notes: **Sun 28 Feb 1886** - Went to St. Mary Abbot's Church with Nellie - had a violently political sermon - Wm Hny Wakefield called in the afternoon - the conversation got on to W. E. Forster and some characteristic stories were told of him. He was at one time a suitor for Juliet Fox now Mrs Edmund Backhouse's hand but was refused - After he married Mrs Arnold - he wrote to Aunt Charles (Mr B's mother) & say "give my dear love to Juliet & bless her for refusing me!" Her mother, Aunt Charles with her mother had 40 offers! *The Diaries of Sir Alfred E. Pease Bt.*

FORSTER, WILLIAM EDWARD (1818-1886), statesman, born at Bradpole, Dorset, on 11 July 1818, was the only son of William Forster (1784-1854) [q.v.] and of Anna, sister of the first Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton [q. v.] He was thus not a Yorkshire- man by descent, though often taken for a typical Yorkshireman. He was brought up in the discipline of the Quaker body, and being the only child of parents who had passed their first youth, he early showed signs of a serious habit of mind. 'The simplicity of the Quaker style of living,' says his biographer, 'was at all times characteristic of the ways of the little household,' and the boy acquired a 'certain quaint formalism of manner and speech,' and talked politics with his parents before he had learnt to play with children of his own age. His father's long absences on missionary expeditions threw him very much into the society of his mother, whose 'bright and vivacious temperament' acted as some corrective to the severity of a Quaker education. In August 1831 he was sent to school at Fishponds House, Bristol, and after a year to Mr. Binns's school, at Grove House, Tottenham, both kept by Friends. Here he remained until the close of 1835, receiving what must be considered a very fair education, and not only studying English and other history independently, but 'setting himself for his leisure time in the evening, two evenings for themes, two for mathematics, one for Latin verse, and one for Greek Testament and sundries' (letter to his father dated 8th month, 31 day, 1834). Other letters written about the same time show his interest in political movements, especially those with which his uncle Buxton was associated. While capable of quick and firm resolution in matters of religious duty, the elder William Forster was curiously unsettled about his son's career. He was oppressed by 'a leaden-weighted lethargy.' Moreover, when the decision had been given in favour of a business career, as that which would most certainly tend to worldly prosperity, he discouraged by every means in his power his son's attempts to change this for an opening offered into public life. Finally, through his Norfolk connections, a place was found for Forster in the manufactory of Mr. Robberds at Norwich, where handloom carpets were made for export to China. Here he remained for two years, and in July 1838 he left Norwich for Darlington to learn other branches of the wool business with the Peases of that town. He worked for twelve hours a day in the woollen mill, and for several hours in the evening he studied mathematics and politics. At the same time he began to take some part in public life. His uncle offered to take him as private secretary, and after his father had put a veto on this plan, he himself offered to join the Niger expedition. But neither project came to anything, and in 1841 he entered the woollen business at Bradford. In 1842 he became the partner of Mr. William Fison, woollen manufacturer, and this partnership continued to the end of Forster's life. They began on borrowed capital, and had to meet, during many years, innumerable difficulties, but in due time took a place among the most prosperous houses of the district. Forster joined various committees, took a share in the battle of free trade, and formed a number of acquaintances of all sorts, not excluding such extreme men as Robert Owen, the socialist, and Thomas Cooper, the chartist. He also became acquainted with Frederick Denison Maurice, John Sterling, and, above all, with the Carlyles, with whom for several years he kept up an intimate acquaintance. Forster paid two visits to the famine- stricken districts of Connemara in 1846 and 1847. He, with his father, was distributor of the relief fund collected by the Friends, and of the second of these visits he wrote an account, which was printed at the time. His descriptions, besides being vivid and truthful pictures of terrible scenes, show that extraordinary kindliness which in him always underlay the somewhat rough exterior. He was much occupied by the revolutions of 1848, especially that in France, with its echoes among the chartists of this country. A strong liberal, he was for meeting the chartists halfway, and his efforts in Bradford are believed to have had no little effect in preventing the extreme men among the chartists of that town from resorting to violence. He even attended a great meeting of chartists at Bradford, and, in his own words, 'roared from the

top of a wagon to six or eight thousand people for nearly three quarters of an hour, and pushed a strong moral force resolution down their throats, at the cost of much physical force exertion' on his own part. In May 1848 he visited Paris. In the autumn of the same year he made a great impression in Bradford by a course of lectures on 'Pauperism and its proposed Remedies.' Next year his Quakerism was roused by Macaulay's attacks on the character of William Penn, and he published a new edition of Clarkson's 'Life of Penn,' prefacing it by a long and able defence against the historian's charges. In the next year (1850) he left the Society of Friends, on his marriage with Jane Martha, eldest daughter of Dr. Arnold. For eighteen months they lived at Rawdon, and after that time moved to Burley-in-Wharfedale, where he and his partner had bought an old cotton mill, which they intended to convert into a worsted manufactory. Here, I overlooking the beautiful river, he built a house, Wharfeside, which he always regarded as his home till the end of his life. In the ten following years Forster frequently appeared on platforms at Leeds and Bradford, discussing the interests of the working classes, parliamentary reform, or American slavery. After the dissolution in 1859 he was invited by the liberals of Leeds to come forward with Mr. Baines. Forster, though afterwards regarded as par excellence the conservative type of liberal, was chosen as the candidate of the advanced party. The numbers at the poll were: Baines, 2,343; Beecroft (conservative), 2,303; Forster, 2,280. A little later a vacancy occurred in the representation of Bradford, and, in spite of the distrust of moderate liberals and the leading dissenters, he was chosen by a large majority of liberal electors as their candidate, and was returned with- out opposition (Monday, 11 Feb. 1861). He continued to represent Bradford until the end of his life. He was returned without opposition at the general election of 1865. In 1868 he was at the head of the poll, after a contest in which all the three candidates, himself, Mr. Ripley, and Edward Miall, were liberals. In 1874 he was again returned at the head of the poll, although the dissenters, who felt bitterly towards him on account of the Education Act, strongly opposed him. Again in 1880 he was returned, also at the head of the poll, and finally, in the election of November 1885, he was returned for the central division of Bradford by a majority of over fifteen hundred. Forster at once made his mark in the house, and quickly came to be recognised as one of the chief representatives of the advanced liberal party. He took every opportunity of speaking upon reform, which was then ex- citing little interest, and made effective utterances upon the American civil war. During its course he may be said to have been second only to Bright and Cobden in opposing all attempts to recognise the south or to put obstacles in the way of the union. Especially did he in 1863 denounce the imprudence of permitting Alabamas to be built in English dockyards; but at the same time he was ready enough to defend England against such attacks as the celebrated one delivered by Mr. Charles Sumner. When in 1865 Lord Palmerston died, the government was reconstructed under Lord Russell, and Forster was invited to take office as under- secretary for the colonies. He was at the colonial office eight months under Mr. Cardwell, and among the difficult problems in the solution of which he had to take part was the Jamaica question. Two days after his entry into the colonial office (27 Nov.) he noted in his diary, 'Very bad news from Jamaica of slaughter by the troops, and under martial law.' Had he been out of office he would have been one of the most active members of Mr. Mill's and Mr. Charles Buxton's Jamaica committee; but he probably did still more effective work by urging the despatch of a commission of inquiry to the island, and by influencing the action of the government. To the varied experience gained during these eight months Forster used to attribute much of his deep and lifelong interest in all colonial questions. In the session of 1866 he took an effective part in the great debates on reform. He had made it a condition of his entry into the government that the question should be dealt with immediately. His speech in the great eight nights' debate on the second reading of the bill was of great weight, for the house recognised in him a man who had lived in the midst of a great working population, and who was entitled from his own experience to give utterance to the wishes of the north of England. In the session of 1867 he contributed not a little to the liberalising of Mr. Disraeli's Reform Bill, and he rejoiced as much as any one when that measure passed into law as an act for conferring household suffrage in the boroughs. In 1867 he made his first visit to the East; he saw Constantinople, Smyrna, Athens, and Corfu, and formed opinions to which he gave utterance when the Eastern question once more became acute. After the general election of November 1868 Mr. Gladstone became prime minister, and Forster was appointed a privy councillor and vice-president of the council. This imposed upon him the main responsibility for carrying the measure for establishing a national system of education, which formed a principal part of the government programme. Before parliament met he successfully defended his seat against a petition, to the great satisfaction of his constituents. In the session of 1869 he took no great part in the debates on the disestablishment of the Irish church, but he gave much time and attention to the successful conduct of the Endowed Schools Bill through the House of Commons. This was a bill which raised no great parliamentary issues, but its importance may be shown from the fact that it dealt with three thousand schools with a gross income of 592,000/. He had also to conduct the preparation of measures against the cattle plague. He was meanwhile carefully considering the measure for providing a national system of elementary education. Various bodies throughout the country concentrated themselves .into two, the National Education Union and the League, which met at Birmingham. The Union ostensibly advocated the spread of the voluntary school system, and the League the provision of schools at the cost and under the control of the public authorities. In reality, however, the desire of the Union was to guard the interests of certain dominant religious bodies, especially that of the church of England, and the desire of the League was to secure a fair field for the dissenters. Forster endeavoured to steer an even course between these two opposing theories, adopting a plan which he traced originally to Mr. Lowe. Places where additional school accommodation was required were to be discovered and the accommodation supplied through the agency of a newly constituted public authority. In the third week of February 1870 Forster introduced his Elementary Education Bill. His speech, long and full of detail, was at the same time very careful in form, well arranged, abounding in evidence of a thorough study of the question, conciliatory, and warmed by enthusiasm for the cause of education. He pointed out the great deficiencies of the existing schools, and declined to adopt either the continental method of state education or the opposite policy of increasing the bonus upon voluntary schools. He therefore proposed to create an entirely new local authority called the School Board. The board was to have the power of providing necessary school accommodation, and of directing its own schools, subject to the ultimate control of the education department. At first Forster proposed that school boards should be chosen by popular election in London, and elsewhere by town councils and vestries, but he soon adopted direct popular election in all cases. Thus far all parties were ready to accept Forster's proposals; but the jealousy between the church and dissenters soon produced discord. The Birmingham League settled down upon the religious shortcomings of the measure, and around these there speedily arose a controversy which, by the time of the debate on the second reading, 14 March, had assumed the most threatening proportions. An amendment was moved to the second reading by Mr. George Dixon, liberal member for Birmingham and chairman of the Education League, to the effect ' that no measure for the education of the people could afford impermanent satisfactory settlement which left the important question of religious instruction to be determined by the local authorities. In the end the amendment was with drawn, and three months later the government accepted the amendment of Mr. Cowper Temple, the effect of which would be 'to exclude from all rate-aided schools every catechism and formulary distinctive of denominational creed, and to sever altogether the connection between the local school board and the denominational schools, leaving the matter to look wholly to the central grant for help.' As a consequence of this, the share of the total cost of education payable by the central department the grant as distinct from the education rate which had been originally fixed at one third, was raised to one half, and on this basis the question was settled. The bill passed without much further difficulty, although not without having to undergo much invective both from extreme churchmen and from the nonconformists and heir allies. The principle of compulsion was not as yet admitted. Forster struggled hard in 1873 to carry a compulsory act, sufficient school accommodation having in his opinion been provided for an effectual application of the principle; but though he at first won the struggle within the cabinet, the compulsory clauses of the amending bill had afterwards to be withdrawn. For some years after 1870 a fierce controversy raged round the twenty-fifth clause, which enabled the local authorities to pay the fees of needy children at denominational schools. This

clause was thought by the nonconformists to give an unfair advantage to the church schools in places where board schools did not exist, and especially in the rural districts. It was seriously maintained that Forster, instead of founding a national system of education, had really hindered its establishment. Forster, while president of the council, had the conduct of the Ballot Bill, which passed the House of Commons in 1871, was lost in the House of Lords, and finally carried in the session of 1872. In 1872 Forster took the keenest interest in the Geneva arbitration, as tending to remove the estrangement between this country and the United States. After the dissolution of 1874, and the accession of Mr. Disraeli to power, Forster carried out his long-cherished wish of visiting the United States, and immediately on his return he was proposed as the successor to Mr. Gladstone, who had resigned the leadership of the liberal party. The proposal shows how little he had been injured by the denunciation of his educational policy. It is a curious fact that at the preliminary meeting of the prominent liberal members all the aristocratic Whigs present voted for Forster, and all the radical manufacturers and men of business voted for Lord Hartington. Forster, in a letter which was universally thought to have done him great honour, withdrew in Lord Hartington's favour. On 5 Nov. 1875 he delivered an address on 'Our Colonial Empire' at the Philosophical Institution at Edinburgh, which is interesting as containing the views which afterwards took shape in the programme of the Imperial Federation League; and about the same time he was elected lord rector of Aberdeen University. During the bitter party disputes which marked the years 1876-8, between the outbreak of the revolt in Herzegovina and the signature of the Berlin treaty, Forster held a somewhat middle position, and was blamed by both extremes. In the autumn of 1876 he paid a visit to Serbia and Turkey, and on his return he made an important speech to his constituents. While denouncing Turkish maladministration, he insisted upon the objections to English interference. His positive proposal was that the concert of Europe should be used to obtain from the sultan a constitution similar to that of Crete for the Christian provinces of Turkey. Then the Russo-Turkish war broke out, and from that time to the conclusion of the Berlin treaty Forster's unceasing efforts were devoted to keeping England from any part in such a war. At this time the extreme liberals were beginning to organise the so-called Caucus. The old dispute between Forster and Birmingham broke out again. He declined to submit his political destiny to the judgment of a committee of the party in Bradford, and declared that he should offer himself to the constituency at the next election whether the association chose him or not. After some display of feeling the association accepted him. On the formation of Mr. Gladstone's ministry in 1880 he would have preferred to be secretary of state for the colonies, but, in the extremely threatening state of the Irish question, felt bound to consent to the prime minister's request that he should become chief secretary, with Lord Cowper as lord-lieutenant. The winter had been marked by something approaching to a famine in the west of Ireland, and the Land League agitation, headed by Mr. Parnell, had grown to formidable dimensions. The question immediately arose whether the government should attempt to prolong the existing Coercion Act, which was to expire in a very few weeks. The cabinet, however, determined to attempt the government of the country under the ordinary law. In June Forster persuaded Mr. Gladstone to allow the introduction of a temporary bill providing compensation for evicted tenants, and to appoint a strong commission to inquire into the working of the Land Act of 1870. The new bill, known as the Compensation for Disturbance Bill, was carried in the House of Commons in spite of the vigorous opposition of the conservatives, but on 2 Aug. 1880 it was rejected in the House of Lords by an immense majority. Forster was indignant and dismayed by this, as he thought, desperate act of the landlord party, which immensely increased the difficulty of his task in governing Ireland. The Irish party instantly proceeded to identify the lords who had rejected the Compensation for Disturbance Bill with the government which had brought it in, and to stir up popular feeling throughout Ireland against the whole English connection. The autumn and winter were marked by one continuous struggle between Forster and the Land League on the one hand, and Forster and the more 'advanced' section of his colleagues in the government on the other. The machinery of the ordinary law was strained to the uttermost, and to no purpose, as was shown by a number of abortive trials of persons believed to be guilty of outrages, and, above all, by the equally abortive state trial in Dublin, in which fourteen leading members of the league, Mr. Parnell, Mr. Dillon, Mr. P. J. Sheridan, and others, were prosecuted for conspiracy to prevent the payment of rent and other illegal acts. Forster wished to summon parliament in the autumn, but this was refused, and only when it met on 7 Jan. 1881 was it announced that the government had decided to ask for fresh powers. Long and angry debates followed, and, after unprecedented scenes, caused by the obstructive action of the Irish members, the bill was passed. Forster said in introducing it: 'I never expected it, and if I had thought that this duty would have devolved on me, I certainly should not have been Irish secretary. Indeed, I think I may go further, and say that if I had foreseen that this would have been the result of twenty years of parliamentary life, I think I should have left parliamentary life alone. But I never was more clear in my life as to the necessity of a duty.' The essence of the bill was the clause which enabled the Irish government to imprison men without trial 'on reasonable suspicion of crime, outrage, or conspiracy. In consequence of this clause within a short time some nine hundred men were imprisoned, most of them of the class whom Forster had described as 'village ruffians,' who were really well known to be guilty of crime or planning crime, but whom no jury of their neighbours dared to convict. With them were imprisoned a certain number of men of a superior class, who were believed, on evidence sufficient to convince the government, to be guilty of incitement to murder and of organising intimidation. In Ireland Forster had to face the performance of what he believed to be a duty, but of the most distressing kind. He had to hurry backwards and forwards between London and Dublin, and within a few hours of giving his instructions in Dublin Castle to face the fire of hostile 'questions' in the House of Commons. His health suffered under the strain. Moreover he had to follow and take part in the intricate debates on Mr. Gladstone's Land Bill of 1881, and especially to watch the interests of the labourers. When parliament rose there was no rest for him, for the headquarters of the agitation were transferred from Westminster to the rural districts of Ireland, and incendiary speeches followed by outrages came in constant succession. On 13 Oct. 1881, at the Guildhall, Mr. Gladstone announced the arrest of Mr. Parnell, and this was followed by the suppression of the Land League as an illegal and treasonable association. Mean-time plots began to be formed against Forster's life, and during the winter of 1881-2 several attempts were made upon him, his escape under the circumstances, subsequently made public, appearing little less than miraculous. In March 1882 he took the bold step of personally visiting some of the worst districts, and at Tullamore he addressed a crowd from a window of the hotel, impressing even the hostile peasantry who heard him with admiration for his pluck and character. Two months later he and Lord Cowper had resigned, the occasion being his refusal to countenance the celebrated Kilmainham 'treaty' by which Mr. Parnell and his colleagues were to be released from prison after they had privately and, as Forster thought, far too vaguely promised to support the government. On Thursday, 4 May, Forster made a memorable speech in the House of Commons, explaining the reasons of his resignation. Stated shortly they were to the effect that one of the following three conditions was, in his view, indispensable to the release of the prisoners: 'A public promise on their part, Ireland quiet, or the acquisition of fresh powers by the government.' As none of these three conditions was, in his opinion, satisfied, Forster resigned with Lord Cowper, and their places were taken by Lord Spencer as lord-lieutenant, and Lord Frederick Cavendish as chief secretary. On the following Saturday (6 May 1882) Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke were murdered in Phoenix Park. Forster at once offered to take up his old post, and 'temporarily to fill the vacancy which had been caused by the loss of Mr. Burke, the man who, next to himself, was the most intimately acquainted with the existing condition of things in Ireland.' The offer was not accepted, and he did not again return to Ireland. It was not till the following winter, when the informer, James Carey [q.v.] gave evidence at the trial of the Phoenix Park assassins, that the country learned how imminent had been the personal danger to which for many months Forster had been exposed. But he himself knew it well, though he never allowed himself to be influenced by it. Forster took comparatively little part in Irish debates during the remaining years of his life, but one notable exception to this was during the debate on the address at the beginning of 1883, when he charged Mr. Parnell and other members of parliament connected with the league with conniving at crime. Meantime he devoted his public efforts to the furthering of other causes, especially to the interests of the colonies and to the

settlement of Egyptian difficulties. He was the chairman of the newly formed Imperial Federation League, which hoped to carry out his old idea of bringing the colonies into closer and more formal connection with the mother-country. He followed with profound interest the course of events in South Africa, and strongly supported such measures as the appointment of Mr. Mackenzie as resident in Bechuanaland and the despatch of Sir Charles Warren's expedition. He was a severe and unsparing critic of the blunders of the government in relation to Egypt up to the time of the fall of Khartoum, declaring that the battle of Tel-el-Kebir ought not to have been fought unless we were prepared to accept its logical consequences. Only once, however, did he actually vote against the government, on 27 Feb. 1885 in the debate on Sir Stafford Northcote's motion censuring the government for the death of General Gordon, when the ministry was only saved by fourteen votes. He cordially supported the County Franchise Bill, and was present at the great open-air meeting at Leeds on 6 Oct. 1884, called to condemn the action of the House of Lords in rejecting the bill. During the last half of the session of 1885 a very arduous piece of work was imposed upon him when he was asked to be chairman of the small committee that had to decide the fate of the Manchester Ship Canal Bill. This was the determining cause of his last illness. The session over, feeling weary and ill, he went to Baden-Baden, but even there he could not rest, and some imprudent over- exertion brought on the illness from which, on 5 April 1886, at 80 Eccleston Square, London, he died. His death was greatly mourned, and even at a time of bitter political antagonism, when old ties were being broken in all directions, and when many of those who had once worked with him regarded him as their most formidable political opponent, it was admitted on all sides that a man of lofty character had passed away. The funeral service was read over his remains in Westminster Abbey, and the bo

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MP PC FRS JP DL.
- He was educated at Joel Lean's School in Fishponds, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a wool-sorter for Henry Pease & Co. In Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Worsted and Alpaca weaver in Burley Mill, Bardford.
- He was a Quaker in 1818-1850.
- He was Anglican after 1850.
- He had a residence in Fox Ghyll, Ambleside, Cumbria.
- He worked as an Under-secretary for the Colonies.
- He worked as a Chief Secretary for Ireland.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Bradford in 1861-1886.

William married **Jane Martha Arnold**,^{3,52} daughter of **Rev. Dr. Thomas Arnold**,^{3,44,55} and **Mary Penrose**,⁵⁵ on 15 Aug 1850 in Rydal, Cumbria. Jane was born in 1821 in Laleham, Middlesex, died on 21 Oct 1899 in Worcestershire at age 78, and was buried in Burley in Wharfedale, Yorkshire. They had four children: **Edward Penrose**, **Florence Mary**, **Hugh Oakeley**, and **Frances Egerton**.

10-**Rt. Hon. Edward Penrose Arnold-Forster** was born on 29 Aug 1851 in Lahore, Punjab, Pakistan, was christened on 9 Nov 1851 in Agra, Bengal, India, and died on 19 Jan 1927 at age 75. General Notes: Adopted by the Forsters after the death of William and Frances Arnold.

Edward married **Edith Mary Ford**, daughter of **William Ford** and **Catherine Margaret Hodgson**, on 26 Aug 1871 in Cathedin, Brecknockshire, Wales. Edith died on 16 Dec 1942. They had six children: **Forster Delafield, Vernon, Iris Mary, William Howard, Edward Trevenan**, and **Francis Anson**.

- 11-Forster Delafield Arnold-Forster was born on 27 Aug 1876.
- 11-Vernon Arnold-Forster was born about 1878 and died in Died Young.
- 11-**Iris Mary Arnold-Forster** was born on 23 Nov 1879.
- 11-William Howard Arnold-Forster was born on 30 Aug 1881.
- 11-Edward Trevenan Arnold-Forster was born on 16 Sep 1885.
- 11-Francis Anson Arnold-Forster was born on 20 Mar 1890.

10-Florence Mary Arnold-Forster was born in 1853 in Dawlish, Devon and died on 8 Jul 1936 at age 83.

Florence married **Robert Vere O'Brien**, son of **Hon. Robert O'Brien** and **Elinor Jane Alicia Lucy De Vere**, on 10 Jul 1883. Robert was born on 20 Oct 1842 and died on 30 May 1913 at age 70. They had four children: **Aubrey William Vere**, **Hugh Murrough Vere**, **Jane Elinor Vere**, and **Florence Margaret Vere**.

- 11-Aubrey William Vere O'Brien was born on 29 Nov 1885 and died on 7 Oct 1925 at age 39.
- 11-Hugh Murrough Vere O'Brien was born on 15 Jul 1887 and died on 31 May 1955 at age 67.

Hugh married Margaret Ernestine O'Brien.

11-Jane Elinor Vere O'Brien was born on 19 Nov 1889.

Jane married Godfrey V. M. Hardy on 19 Jun 1928. Godfrey died on 21 Oct 1945. They had two children: Veronica Mary Rainault and Frances Pauline Eithne.

- 12-Veronica Mary Rainault Hardy
- 12-Frances Pauline Eithne Hardy
- 11-Florence Margaret Vere O'Brien was born on 19 Sep 1896.

10-**Rt. Hon. Hugh Oakeley Arnold-Forster** was born on 19 Aug 1855 in Dawlish, Devon, died on 12 Mar 1909 in 27 Hereford Square, South Kensington, London at age 53, and was buried in Wroughton, Wiltshire.

General Notes: Forster, Hugh Oakeley Arnold- (1855–1909), politician and author, was born at Dawlish, Devon, on 19 August 1855, second son and third child (a second sister, Frances Egerton Arnold-Forster, was born later) of William Delafield Arnold (1828–1859), director of public instruction in the Punjab province of India, and Frances Anne (d. 1858), daughter of General J. A. Hodgson (who became surveyor-general of India). His father was a younger son of Thomas Arnold, headmaster of Rugby School, and brother of Matthew Arnold, the poet, critic, and inspector of schools. Oakeley (as he was known to family and friends) Arnold was thus born into the academic purple of the 'intellectual aristocracy' of Victorian imperial Britain. Among his widely ramifying cousinhood were Francis Cranmer Penrose, architect and archaeologist, and his daughter Emily Penrose, the principal of Somerville College; and on his mother's side Mary Augusta Ward, known as Mrs Humphry Ward, the novelist and mother-in-law of G. M. Trevelyan, and Julia Frances Huxley, daughter-in-law of T. H. Huxley, and mother of Julian and Aldous Huxley. All his life Arnold bore the stamp of this élite. He had a justifiably high opinion of his intellectual abilities and a corresponding sense of obligation to employ them worthily in social and public service. His high-mindedness was of an uncompromising integrity, redolent somewhat of his famous grandfather's schoolmasterly manner. He worked intensely as a scholar, writer, and controversialist, and then as a politician, to instruct and improve the world about him.

Early life and education

When Arnold was four months old his parents returned with him to India, where his early years passed with the family at Dharmsala and the hill station at Kangra. It was at this latter place that his mother died in 1858. His father decided to send the children back to England, but, while following them, died at Gibraltar on 9 April 1859. The orphaned children were taken in to the home of their aunt Jane Martha, their father's elder sister, who had married in 1850 the Quaker-bred Bradford woollen master and liberal politician William Edward Forster. The Forsters were childless, and the match between them and the Arnold orphans proved to be entirely happy and affectionate.

Arnold's early schooling was in his maternal family country at Exmouth, under John Penrose, a relation of his late mother. In 1869 he entered Rugby School, scene of his grandfather's renown, but was later withdrawn by Forster on the ground that the standard of discipline had declined. After preparation under a private tutor Arnold matriculated at University College, Oxford, on 24 January 1874. At Oxford he proved receptive to the influence of Ruskin's social, national, and imperial ideals, much as was the case with his near contemporary Cecil Rhodes. He graduated in 1877 with a first-class degree in modern history. On leaving Oxford Arnold, along with his siblings, adopted the name of Arnold-Forster.

Early career

On 5 November 1879 Arnold-Forster was called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn, after having read at the chambers of R. A. McCall. 'In all that he did', McCall later recalled, 'he was ever thorough' (Arnold-Forster, 29). A promising career as a barrister seemed in prospect, but Forster's appointment by Gladstone in April 1880 to the chief secretaryship at the Irish Office opened up a much more spacious opportunity. Arnold-Forster took on the position of private secretary to his foster father at one of the most critical times in Britain's relationship with Ireland. As Forster grappled with the Irish revolution inspired by Parnell and the Land League his adopted son was initiated into the great world of high politics. Arnold-Forster commenced his voluminous career as a controversialist with the anonymous publication in 1881 of The Truth about the Land League. Forster's break with Gladstone, and his resignation over the so-called Kilmainham treaty and Parnell's release from prison in May 1882, followed by the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish in Dublin a few days later, left foster father and adopted son united in hostility to Gladstone's Irish policy. Released from official secretarial duties, Arnold-Forster engaged himself assiduously in a variety of public activities. He became involved in social work projects in association with Octavia Hill, Canon Barnett, and other leading philanthropists. He wrote extensively for the reviews, soon establishing himself as an expert in the field of naval, military, and imperial affairs. He joined his foster father among the founders of the Imperial Federation League in 1884, and became its secretary. He became political editor of The Statist, which platform he used in the mid-1880s to criticize Gladstone for the want of a definite and constructive Egyptian policy. He travelled extensively, particularly in eastern Europe and Russia, often in Forster's company. Arnold-Forster had an insatiable love of the sea and seafaring: there was many a cruise in his Thames barge as well as, lat

period was his role in conspiracy with Captain John Arbuthnot Fisher RN, then director of the Portsmouth gunnery school, and the 'sensational' journalist William Thomas Stead to get up very successfully the 'navy scare' of the autumn of 1884. In 'The truth about the navy', published in Stead's Pall Mall Gazette, Arnold-Forster accused Gladstone's government of neglecting Britain's imperative duty to assure command of the seas.

Amid the stir of these activities in 1884 Arnold-Forster married Mary, eldest daughter of Mervyn H. N. Story-Maskelyne, professor of mineralogy at Oxford. In order to put his marriage on a secure financial footing (there were eventually four sons of the union) Arnold-Forster entered the publishing firm of Cassells in 1885, and commenced on an extensive programme of writing books designed to instruct children in (in his foster father's words) 'what ought to be the principles which should actuate them as patriotic citizens' (Arnold-Forster, 62). Of his historical and geographical texts, a piece for Murray's Magazine, 'In a conning tower' (1888), was admired by Rudyard Kipling for the authenticity of its depiction of naval warfare. Arnold-Forster was a critic of Edward Cardwell's army reforms of the 1870s, and in 1892 and 1898 made two books out of his indefatigable letters to The Times on the subject. In all, the list of Arnold-Forster's books and 'principal articles' in reviews extends to forty-four items. Sir Michael Grant-Duff remarked that 'Arnolds seem to write as naturally as they learn to breathe or walk' (ibid., 40).

Like his uncle Matthew, Arnold-Forster found Gladstone's summoning of the 'masses' increasingly indigestible. He disliked also what he saw as the pointless brawling of party politics. At the time of debate about the third Reform Bill in 1884 he collaborated with Sir John Lubbock on Proportional Representation. His reservations about Liberalism led to his declining an offer of nomination to contest Oxford City in the Liberal interest in 1881. In 1883 he was nominated to contest Devonport, but withdrew in 1885, following Forster's repudiation of Gladstone's appeal to the country in the general election of that year. It was after the Liberal split over Irish home rule in 1886 that Arnold-Forster found a more congenial role as a Liberal Unionist. He stood unsuccessfully at Darlington in 1886 and at Dewsbury in 1888. In these years he continued to write copiously on questions of imperial defence

Parliament and the Admiralty

At the general election of 1892 Arnold-Forster was successful as a Liberal Unionist in the West Belfast division, which he continued to represent until 1906. He entered the House of Commons as one of Joseph Chamberlain's followers, though characteristically he was at pains to insist upon his independent standing. One of his first acts as an MP in 1893 was to be instrumental in having the union flag flown over the Palace of Westminster while parliament was in session, when existing protocol dictated that the royal standard alone be raised over a royal palace. Official employment could not be found for Arnold-Forster in the construction of the Conservative and Liberal Unionist coalition government in 1895. He was never a popular House of Commons man, nor was he at ease in the clubs. In his advocacy of Chamberlainite policies such as imperial federation and tariff reform Arnold-Forster was ever the stiff and austere intellectual. Chamberlain, now colonial secretary, asked him in August 1900 to go to South Africa as chairman of a land settlement commission to report on the prospects of settling discharged British soldiers in that country after the South African War. Arnold-Forster fulfilled his task in highly difficult circumstances with characteristic dispatch and efficiency. On his return later in 1900 Lord Salisbury invited him to take on the parliamentary secretaryship of the Admiralty in the reconstructed Unionist government, and to answer for that department (Lord Selborne being the new first lord) in the House of Commons. This was a post well suited to so enthusiastic a navalist as Arnold-Forster. With accustomed energy and single-mindedness he launched himself into a programme of reforms 'modern and scientific'. A characteristic concern was to optimize the efficiencies to be got by standardization of dimensions of equipment and materials. He worked to this end with Sir Joseph Whitworth, having already (in 1899) published The Coming of the Kilogram. He worked also once more with the new second sea lord, Sir

In 1903 A. J. Balfour, who succeeded his uncle Lord Salisbury as prime minister in 1902, was in great difficulties following Chamberlain's resignation of the Colonial Office in order to further his campaign for tariff reform in an imperial Zollverein, and the consequent counter-resignation of the chief of the free traders, the duke of Devonshire. In his reconstruction Balfour moved St John Brodrick from the War Office to the India Office. Brodrick had not been a convincing reformer of the army, which the South African War had exposed as the most imperative requirement among the great institutions of the British state. On paper Arnold-Forster was his obvious replacement at the War Office. Balfour's difficulty was that he knew Arnold-Forster's great weakness: that he was an over-rigid theoretician and an intellectual perfectionist, unwilling to accept that (in Clarke's words) 'curiously ... illogical institutions' could answer for Britain's needs more effectively than ones founded on dialectic impeccability (Tucker, 100). In a subordinate office, as at the Admiralty, these considerations were not disabling for Arnold-Forster. But the War Office notoriously required a tactful handling of personalities and a sureness of parliamentary touch. It was thus that Balfour's offer of the War Office and cabinet rank came to Arnold-Forster only after the refusal of five more favoured candidates (the king first wanted Esher, Balfour first wanted Aretas Akers-Douglas).

The War Office

Hence Arnold-Forster was reluctantly appointed to an office widely regarded as a graveyard of political reputations, at a time when Balfour's ministry was beginning to crumble under the pressures of the division in the Unionist Party over the fiscal question. It was unfortunate also that shortly before taking over at the War Office Arnold-Forster strained his heart severely in a riding accident, from which he never fully recovered. He none the less set about confidently scrapping the Cardwell and Brodrick reforms. Linked battalions and regimental depots were set to be abolished, with 'large depots' established for recruitment and supply. Brodrick's army corps system was abandoned. Arnold-Forster wanted a perfectly logical dual-system army: a short-service (two-year) home army to build up a reserve for expansion in time of war, and a long-service (nine-year) army to garrison the empire. His primary aim was to create a real striking force of all arms able to take the field without cumbersome delays of mobilization. In order to fit into this system the militia would be scrapped and integrated into the short-service home army, liable for foreign service in time of war. The commandership-in-chief was abolished and an army council established on the model of the Board of Admiralty. Arnold-Forster set in train plans for a general staff and an inter-service defence committee composed of the intellectual élite. He 'lectured the generals of the army council as if they were schoolboys and treated the House of Commons with scarcely more respect' (Hamer, 230).

This ruthless frontal assault on well-entrenched professional interests created for Arnold-Forster many enemies. Eminent and influential people with whom he had collaborated when at the Admiralty, and who were initially sympathetic to root and branch military reforms, found his personality and his methods at the War Office counter-productive. The militia colonels in parliament

were especially active in stirring up hostility to his plans. Balfour defended Arnold-Forster to Esher as the 'best of good fellows, [but] he is at once unconsciously inconsiderate of other people's feelings, and unduly sensitive in his own,— a rather unfortunate combination' (Hamer, 231). Esher thought Arnold-Forster 'not quite a gentleman' (Lees-Milne, 147), and likened his policies to his lack of prowess at shooting: 'He knows all about guns, but he can't hit a haystack' (ibid., 231). It was he who played the decisive part in undermining Arnold-Forster's reforming plans at the War Office. Avoiding responsible office, and adept and feline in intrigue, Esher used his connections with the court and his place on the War Office reconstruction committee to work to subordinate the War Office to the policy decisions of the newly formed committee of imperial defence. Esher challenged Arnold-Forster directly on such issues as disposition of militia battalions in what his biographer has described as 'a bold stance for an independent peer to take up against an accredited Secretary of State for War' (Lees-Milne, 152). Arnold-Forster 'never forgave Esher for his interference in military affairs'. He felt he had cause also to condemn Brodrick as a 'false friend' (Hamer, 227). Fisher also in his own way became a 'false friend' by his resistance to Arnold-Forster's plan to make the Admiralty subject to inter-service co-operation. Esher clandestinely arranged for the formation in January 1905 of a secret subcommittee of the committee of imperial defence, chaired by Balfour and backed by Joseph Chamberlain, to settle matters behind Arnold-Forster's back.

The impasse into which Arnold-Forster got himself in any case hardly mattered in the context of the general disintegration of the position of Balfour's government in 1905. Balfour's resignation in December of that year ended any chance of Arnold-Forster's achieving substantial results for his 'dual army' scheme. At the general election called by the new prime minister, Campbell-Bannerman, in January 1906 Arnold-Forster retired from his Belfast constituency and was adopted at more convenient Croydon. This division he successfully held amid the collapse of the unionist parties under the Liberal landslide. In the new parliament he conducted a futile campaign against his successor at the War Office, Richard Burdon Haldane.

Death and reputation

During 1907 Arnold-Forster suffered severely from his heart condition. A visit to Jamaica, accompanied by his wife and a son, on the invitation of Sir Alfred Jones to attend the conference of the Imperial Cotton Growing Association was intended as a relaxing diversion, but unfortunately coincided with a devastating earthquake which wrecked Kingston and destroyed Port Royal. He and his family were lucky to survive. He returned to Britain in shock, his health in unrelieved decline, and died at 27 Hereford Square in South Kensington on 12 March 1909. He was buried at Wroughton, Wiltshire, the parish of his wife's family home.

Arnold-Forster's career illustrated vividly the strengths and limitations of pure intellect as applied to the impure world of parliamentary politics and ministerial intrigue. He was constitutionally inhibited from making concessions or compromises in policy or from cultivating popularity. He was an easy target for enemies such as Campbell-Bannerman, who could take advantage of Arnold-Forster's superb unwillingness to ingratiate himself and mock his allegedly 'metallic voice, sour visage, and dogmatic egotism' (Hamer, 256). 'His patriotism', as J. L. Garvin judged, 'was a religion which possessed him from head to foot. He was a pioneer of all the imperial causes through their darkest days' (Arnold-Forster, vii). Balfour paid accurate tribute to Arnold-Forster: no man was 'more absolutely absorbed in a great and unselfish desire to carry out his own public duty' (DNB).

R. T. Shannon

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Archives BL, papers, incl. diaries, Add. MSS 50275–50357 · TCD, family corresp. · Wilts. & Swindon HC, corresp., political papers | BL, corresp. with Arthur James Balfour, Add. MSS 49722–49723 · BL, corresp. with Sir Charles Dilke, BL MSS 43893, 43916 · BL, corresp. with Herbert Gladstone, Add. MS 46053 · BL, corresp. with E. T. H. Hutton, Add. MS 50085, passim · BL, letters to R. J. Marker, Add. MS 52277 · Bodl. Oxf., corresp. with Lord Selborne · CAC Cam., corresp. with Lord Esher · NA Scot., corresp. with A. J. Balfour · NAM, letters to Earl

Likenesses B. Stone, two photographs, 1899, NPG · Elliott & Fry, photograph, NPG · S. P. Hall, pencil drawing, NPG · R. P. Harris-Brown, oils, Athenaeum, London · Spy [L. Ward], chromolithograph caricature, NPG; repro. in VF (24 Aug 1905)

Wealth at death £13,764 2s. 4d.: probate, 14 April 1909, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Roberts · NRA Scotland, priv. coll., corresp. with Sir John Ewart

R. T. Shannon, 'Forster, Hugh Oakeley Arnold- (1855–1909)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2009 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/30459

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PC MP.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at University College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Lincoln's Inn.

Hugh married Mary Lucy Story-Maskelyne, daughter of Prof. Mervyn Herbert Nevil Story-Maskelyne³ and Thereza Mary Dillwyn-Llewelyn,³ in 1885 in Highworth, Wiltshire. Mary was born on 8 Jun 1861, was christened on 12 Jul 1861 in St. James', Paddington, London, and died on 2 Feb 1951 at age 89. They had four children: William Edward, Mervyn Nevill, John Anthony, and Hugh Christopher.

11-William Edward Arnold-Forster was born on 8 May 1886 and died on 8 Oct 1951 at age 65.

William married **Katherine Laird Cox** in 1918. Katherine was born in 1887 and died in 1938 at age 51. They had one son: **Mark**.

12-Mark Arnold-Forster³ was born on 16 Apr 1920 in Cheriton Nursing Home, Westlecott Road, Swindon and died on 25 Dec 1981 in 50 Clarendon Road, Notting Hill, London at age 61.

General Notes: Forster, Mark Arnold- (1920–1981), journalist and author, was born on 16 April 1920 at Cheriton Nursing Home, Westlecott Road, Swindon, the only son of William Edward Arnold-Forster (1886–1951), painter, publicist, and gardener, and his wife Katharine (Ka) Laird, née Cox (1887–1938). Though nothing in his low-keyed adult manner was to advertise it, his parents' families included leading politicians and writers, among them Matthew Arnold and W. E. Forster; his mother had been close to Rupert Brooke and his group as well as to Virginia Woolf. Shortly after his birth his parents went to live in a picturesque Cornish house, Eagle's Nest, Zennor, Cornwall. Seared by their experiences in the First World War, they saw a paramount need for international understanding; they therefore placed their son, aged seven, in a boarding-school in French Switzerland, and at nine in Kurt Hahn's school at Salem in Germany. When Hitler's coming to power in 1933 drove Hahn into exile, Arnold-Forster was one of two British boys who followed the headmaster to a new school in Scotland at Gordonstoun, Moray, and he stayed on until 1937. This upbringing made him fluent in French and German; Hahn's stress on hard living and ethical aspiration rather than on academic achievement meant that he had to cram at a technical college to win a place in mechanical engineering at Trinity Hall, Cambridge (which he never took up), but it also prepared him for the war just ahead.

After a year's apprenticeship (1938–9) with the Blue Funnel Line, involving a voyage to Manchuria, Arnold-Forster went into the Royal Navy. He served on a destroyer on the Murmansk convoy and then (1942–4) on motor torpedo boats in the channel; ultimately a lieutenant in command of a flotilla, he won the DSO, DSC, and three mentions in dispatches—awards essentially for leadership, earned by a very young man who at the time looked about sixteen. His tasks included engaging the Scharnhorst, Gneisenau, and Prinz Eugen and their enemy boat escort; torpedoing a tanker; limping home from a battle with a broken-down engine and enemy boats for a time (as he radioed) 'still in company'; being nearly rammed by a German destroyer; laying mines under fire off the French coast; and working for naval intelligence. These experiences shaped his personality. The humorously understated wartime manner clung to him; to experience his kindness and sense of responsibility in peacetime—a later colleague wrote—made one 'understand why he was a great commander in war' (The Guardian, 28 Dec 1981). As a reservist (holder of a seagoing mate's ticket and an inland waters captain's ticket) he was, for a few months in the mid-1950s, to undertake 'special duties' in the Mediterranean. Did his wartime experiences somehow burn him out, not then but after a lapse of years? His own view was that he enjoyed the war, especially its absurd side, and learned the need for prudence and self-control.

After an awkward interlude spent lecturing to German prisoners of war, Arnold-Forster in 1946 joined the editorial staff of the Manchester Guardian, then about to add to its international prestige a growing circulation in London and the south such as to make it by the 1960s a national newspaper. He worked first in Manchester and then in Germany, where he wrote sensitively about the miseries of the immediate post-war period and about the Berlin blockade; the well-researched account of the blockade which he wrote much later (The Siege of Berlin, 1979) shows his respect for the Social Democratic and Christian Democratic leaders who did much to uphold morale. In 1949 he became labour correspondent, a key job he did for eight years, at a time when trade unions were an estate of the realm as well as a pillar of the Labour Party; in 1955–7 he doubled this with deputizing for the London editor, in charge of the small office where most of the specialist writers and the few London reporters worked, covering what on other papers required large staffs.

This was Arnold-Forster's finest period as a journalist. His coverage not only of industrial disputes but of the Bevanite split in the Labour Party showed enterprise, knowledge, and insight; his distrust of the Bevanites (anyhow less than that of the editor, A. P. Wadsworth) hardly showed in his sober reports. Colleagues held him in deep respect and affection as a man of utter integrity, personal and professional, considerate, soft-spoken, yet determined to get the best out of himself and others. His personality was bound up with a physique slight but wiry, high forehead, pointed chin and nose, subdued colouring; he looked almost as if he had been pressed between the pages of a book. He dressed anyhow; new clothes looked rumpled as soon as he put them on. On 12 January 1955 he married Valentine Harriet Isabella Digne Mitchison (b. 1930), also a journalist, daughter of the Labour politician G. R. Mitchison and the novelist Naomi Mitchison. Both were descended from the 'intellectual aristocracy' (Annan, 269) and kin to successive secretaries of state for war, H. O. Arnold-Forster and R. B. Haldane. They had five children; their house, large and much lived-in, was a place of hospitality and warmth.

Many colleagues thought Arnold-Forster a potentially ideal editor of the Manchester Guardian, but when the editorship fell vacant in 1956 it went to his exact contemporary Alastair Hetherington. Partly because of this, Arnold-Forster agreed to join the then new Independent Television News as deputy to the editor, Geoffrey Cox; more impelling reasons were his interest in the new medium and, with a growing family, a need for more money. Cox, however, wanted Ian Trethowan (not at once available) and sacked his deputy after a year. Arnold-Forster then worked for The Observer as chief reporter, later as news editor and political correspondent. He won some scoops (one, characteristically, because the Liberal leader Jo Grimond liked him and said more than he had intended) but disliked the weekly rhythm of production; he raged when he correctly forecast Lord Home as the next leader of the Conservative Party and the editor, David Astor, inserted R. A. Butler's name instead. In 1963 he and Astor agreed to part.

After an anxious, uncertain period Hetherington offered Arnold-Forster a way back to the Guardian as chief leader writer, later as diplomatic editor. Here, as on The Observer, Arnold-Forster did serious investigative work, particularly on defence and on the European Economic Community. He was 'a thorn in the flesh of the Foreign Office' (The Times, 28 Dec 1981); though not ultimately opposed to Britain's joining 'Europe', he concentrated, like many others, on the detailed absurdities he uncovered in the common agricultural policy and in Brussels directives, and easily gave the impression of niggling rather than of having made a fundamental choice. He took time off to write The World at War (1973), a lucid account of the Second World War to accompany the award-winning television series; it became a best-seller. When Hetherington retired in 1975, Arnold-Forster, though aware that he might be thought too old for the editorship, was hurt not to be consulted, let alone considered. This sidelining, which grew under the next editor, Peter Preston, probably contributed to the persistent ill health which he suffered in his fifties, a series of minor strokes in particular. In 1979 he developed cancer of the upper colon; he died of it at his home, 50 Clarendon Road, Notting Hill, London, on Christmas day 1981, and was cremated at West London crematorium on 5 January 1982.

John Rosselli

Sources personal knowledge (2004) · private information (2004) · G. Taylor, Changing faces: a history of The Guardian, 1956–1988 (1993) · The Guardian (28 Dec 1981) · D. Ayerst, Guardian: biography of a newspaper (1971) · A. Hetherington, 'Guardian' years (1981) · P. Scott, The battle of the narrow seas, 1939–1945 (1945) · H. L. Brereton, Gordonstoun (1968) · H. Röhrs and H. Tunstall-Behrens, eds., Kurt Hahn (1970) · B. Sendall, Origin and foundation, 1946–62 (1982), vol. 1 of Independent television in Britain (1982–90) · P. Delany, The neo-pagans (1987) · N. G. Annan, 'The intellectual aristocracy', Studies in social history: a tribute to G. M. Trevelyan, ed. J. H. Plumb (1955), 241–87 · b. cert. · d. cert. · Burke, Peerage

Archives JRL, Guardian archives, communications with editor and other members of The Guardian · priv. coll., journalist's notes

Likenesses W. Arnold-Forster, oils, c.1925–1945, priv. coll. · W. Arnold-Forster, pencil sketches, c.1925–1945, priv. coll. · photographs, c.1942, repro. in Scott, Battle of the narrow seas; priv. coll. · J. Bown, photographs, c.1960, priv. coll. · G. Hermes, bronze bust, c.1970, priv. coll. · photograph, c.1975, repro. in The Guardian

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John Rosselli, 'Forster, Mark Arnold- (1920–1981)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/38509]

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO DSC.
- He was educated at Gordonstoun.
- He worked as a Journalist and author.

Mark married Hon. Valentine Harriet Isabella Dione Mitchison, daughter of Maj. Gilbert Richard Mitchison Baron Mitchison³ and Naomi May Margaret Haldane,.³ They had five children: Joshua, Jake, (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 13-Joshua Arnold-Forster
- 13-Jake Arnold-Forster
- 13-Arnold-Forster
- 13-Arnold-Forster
- 13-Arnold-Forster

William next married Christiana Ruth Turner, daughter of Hugh Thackeray Turner. Christiana was born on 6 Oct 1892 and died on 6 Jan 1942 in Northwood, Middlesex at age 49.

- 11-Mervyn Nevill Arnold-Forster was born on 21 Mar 1888 in London and died on 6 May 1927 in Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 39.
- 11-Capt. John Anthony Arnold-Forster was born on 20 Sep 1889 and died on 19 Jun 1958 at age 68.

John married **Daphne Mansel-Pleydell**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Edmund Morton Mansel-Pleydell** and **Emily Kathleen Grove**, on 25 Jun 1919. Daphne was born on 20 Jul 1893. They had two children: **Nigel Morton** and **Vanda**.

12-Nigel Morton Arnold-Forster was born on 4 Aug 1924 and died in 2001 at age 77.

Nigel married Pamela Susan Thomas.

12-Vanda Arnold-Forster

Vanda married Alan M. Morton.

11-**Cmdr. Hugh Christopher Arnold-Forster RN** was born on 9 Dec 1890 in Kensington, London and died on 21 Jul 1965 in Wroughton, Wiltshire at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was awarded with CMG
- He worked as an Assistant director of Naval Intelligence in 1943-1945.

Hugh married **Marcia Sophia Buddicom** on 22 Apr 1923. The marriage ended in divorce. Marcia was born in 1900 and died in 1959 at age 59. They had four children: **Robin Digby, Joris Maskelyne, Diana**, and **Rosamond**.

- 12-Robin Digby Arnold-Forster was born on 1 Nov 1923 and died on 22 Mar 1932 at age 8.
- 12-Joris Maskelyne Arnold-Forster was born on 30 Mar 1928 and died before 1999.

Joris married **Sonja Moylena Katharina Reford**, daughter of **Lewis Eric Reford** and **Katharina Nikolaievna Pletschokoff**, on 31 Jul 1958 in St. Luke's, Magog, Quebec, Canada. Sonja was born in 1931 and died on 13 Jun 1999 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada at age 68. They had two children: **Christopher** and **Katherine**.

- 13-Christopher Arnold-Forster
- 13-Katherine Arnold-Forster

12-Diana Arnold-Forster

Diana married William Michael Francis Rothenstein,³ son of Sir William Rothenstein and Alice Mary Knewstub, in 1958. William was born on 19 Mar 1908 in Hampstead, London and died on 6 Jul 1993 in Stisted, Essex at age 85.

General Notes: Rothenstein, (William) Michael Francis (1908–1993), printmaker, was born in Hampstead, London, on 19 March 1908, the younger son (of four children) of Sir William Rothenstein (1872–1945), painter and principal of the Royal College of Art, and his wife, Alice Mary, née Knewstub (1869–1955), an actress who appeared on the stage under the name Alice Kingsley. His elder brother Sir John Rothenstein (1901–1992) served as director of the Tate Gallery from 1938 to 1964. His father's brothers were Albert Daniel Rutherston (1881–1953), painter, and Charles Lambert Rutherston (1866–1927) [see under Rutherston, Albert Daniel], art collector. Michael Rothenstein was educated privately at his parents' home at Far Oakridge in the Stroud valley, Gloucestershire. It was an idyllic childhood for an artist. Left free to explore the rich wooded Cotswold landscape that surrounded the house, and the fine collection of paintings, drawings, and artefacts that his father had formed, Rothenstein stored up in his imagination intense images that fuelled his work for the next seventy years. From his earliest childhood he had produced hundreds of precocious drawings, all meticulously kept by his father before he was sent at the age of fourteen and a half to the School of Art and Woodcarving in South Kensington in 1922–3. After studying there for a year he went on, first to Chelsea Polytechnic school of art (1923–4), where he met the painter Edward Burra, and then to the Central School of Arts and Crafts (1924–6). There he formed a lasting friendship with the influential painter and teacher Barnett Freedman, who first introduced Rothenstein to the art of Cézanne. Before he could complete his studies there, however, he was struck by a rare glandular illness, myxoedema. Its principal symptoms, profound melancholia and a sometimes acute disturbance of vision, left Rothenstein unable to produce any sustained work until the late 1930s. As many critics have subsequently observed, the consequent damming up of creative energy may be

When Rothenstein did work during the 1930s it was principally as a landscape watercolourist, and this led to a commission in 1940 from the Pilgrim Trust to contribute topographical watercolours of endangered sites to their famous wartime project 'Recording Britain'. As he later admitted, this commission freed him as an artist, and—travelling all over England from the house in Stisted, Essex, where he had settled in 1941—he produced a large number of individual works. They were distinguished by the same surrealist eye for odd visual juxtapositions that later formed such a marked visual aspect of his work as a printmaker. By the early 1950s Rothenstein had also—possibly through the influence of his artistic neighbours in Essex, Edward Bawden, John Nash, and John Aldridge—started to produce a few wood- and linocuts. It was not until a series of short visits to Paris in 1957 to work with S. W. Hayter at his celebrated print studio, Atelier 17, however, that he discovered the real direction of his life's work. In broad terms, Hayter opened Rothenstein's eyes to the huge and liberating effects that a new range of techniques could have on the image-making faculties of an artist. Perhaps the single most significant moment of his stay with Hayter came when Rothenstein was taken to see some newly arrived screenprints by the American pop artist Robert Rauschenberg that incorporated photographic material into the print process. Coincidentally Rothenstein had, from the Second World War onwards, formed a huge collection of documentary photographs. Now, in these American prints, he began to see a way in which this enthusiasm could be channelled into the development of his own to striking visual and emotional effect.

On his return to England Rothenstein soon found himself at the epicentre of a revolution in attitudes to printmaking, both through his proselytizing activities as a teacher and lecturer and through the various books he began to produce, such as Frontiers of Printmaking (1966), which became standard textbooks in British art schools. Unable to find any studios with the facilities to produce the kind of prints he wanted to make, he bought a printing press for £5. Starting from the premise that 'anything you could coat with ink could be used to make a print', he began experimenting with large planks, corroded iron, metal strips, and photographic imagery, as well as tools borrowed from metal-working industries such as tin men's snips, electric jigsaws, and drills with wire brushes. All are now accepted as part of contemporary printmaking, as too are the strength of innovation and ideas about modern European art that he brought to the subject. At the time, however, they presented a vigorous challenge to the prevailing orthodox opinion in Britain that printmaking should concern itself with purity and perfection of technique and the illustration of books. Revolutionary, too, was Rothenstein's understanding of the need to involve studio technicians in order to get the best out of these new techniques, a development that

helped to undermine, once and for all, existing notions about 'non-originality' in the making of prints.

Throughout the 1960s and 1970s Rothenstein pursued these directions with huge energy; his wide-ranging activities as a writer and teacher also continued to impact on contemporary artists. Out of this matrix of activity came a series of one-off constructed reliefs and boxes in which the varied materials he had used to make his prints now found their way inside the frame and became the work itself. By the 1980s, however, his work began to change radically as he abandoned photographic imagery, which he now felt belonged to the world of newspapers and television, and returned to the basic linocut and woodcut techniques with which he had first started out as a printmaker. Bold images of birds and butterflies, children's kites, and railway signals, printed in strong black and white blocks and coloured by hand in brilliant reds, greens, yellows, and blues, harked back to intense childhood memories of Christmas decorations, and revealed a no less distinctive and personal approach to printmaking. At this period, too, came widespread recognition of his artistic achievements with, in the late 1980s, a string of retrospective exhibitions around the country.

Rather than slowing down as he got older, Rothenstein seemed to gather creative energy as he went along. This vitality and enthusiasm were always at odds with his physical appearance, which was that of a shy and serious man. The dynamic personalities of his father and brother John give a more direct idea of the forceful character that underlay Rothenstein's quiet manner. He was elected an associate of the Royal Academy in 1977 and a Royal Academician in 1984. Michael Rothenstein died of a heart attack at Stisted, Essex, on 6 July 1993. His work is in numerous public collections, principally the Tate collection, the Victoria and Albert Museum, and the holdings of the Arts Council.

Nicholas Usherwood

Sources T. Sidey, The prints of Michael Rothenstein (1993) · M. Gooding, Rothenstein's boxes (1992) · M. Gooding and others, Michael Rothenstein: the retrospective (1989) [exhibition catalogue, Stoke-on-Trent City Museum and Art Gallery, 1989] · WWW · The Times (8 July 1993) · The Independent (9 July 1993) · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1994) Archives Tate collection, corresp. and MSS

Likenesses J. Hedgecoe, photograph, repro. in The Independent · G. Ireland, photograph, NPG [see illus.] · photograph, repro. in The Times

Wealth at death £785,188: probate, 21 Feb 1994, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Nicholas Usherwood, 'Rothenstein, (William) Michael Francis (1908–1993)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/53298

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Printmaker.
- He was awarded with RA.

12-Rosamond Arnold-Forster

Hugh next married Frances Ann Brown, daughter of Eng. Vice-Admiral Sir Harold Brown.

10-Frances Egerton Arnold-Forster³ was born on 7 Aug 1857 in Dharmsala, Punjab, India and died on 8 Jul 1921 in Belmont Grove, Leeds, Yorkshire at age 63. She had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: Forster, Frances Egerton Arnold- (1857–1921), ecclesiastical historian, was born on 7 August 1857 at Dharmsala, Punjab, India, the fourth child of William Delafield Arnold (1828–1859), director of public instruction in the Punjab, and his wife, Frances Anne Hodgson (d. 1858). Her grandfather was Thomas Arnold of Rugby. Following the death of their mother in India in 1858, Frances, her sister, Florence Mary, and her brothers, Edward Penrose and Hugh Oakeley Arnold-Forster, were sent to England. Their father died at Gibraltar in 1859 before their arrival. They were adopted and brought up by their maternal aunt, Jane Martha Arnold, daughter of Thomas Arnold, and her husband, W. E. Forster, at their home at Burley in Wharfedale, in the West Riding of Yorkshire. They took the surname Arnold-Forster in adult life. Frances was initially educated at home, then at a private girls' school. As an active member of the Church Missionary Society and the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, she was involved in the work of the school and mission connected with the Anglican church of St James-the-Less, Lillington Street, west London. Most of her published several works, notably Heralds of the Cross (1882), containing stories of missionary work abroad, and The King's Business (1909), also a biographical compilation based on missionary society reports, were intended for young readers. However, her Studies in Church Dedications, or, England's Patron Saints (3 vols., 1899) was the product of independent scholarly research in diocesan and county records. It stemmed from her interest in a topic she pioneered: the significance of church dedications for local history. It was the first systematic study of its subject, on which it long remained the standard authority. The book combines statistical analysis with pious but lively commentaries on the lives of the saints and church fathers. It was written in conditions of considerable domestic difficulty while the author was nurse and companion to her widowed aunt and lo

R. J. Faith

Sources M. Trevor, The Arnolds: Thomas Arnold and his family (1973) · Florence Arnold-Forster's Irish journal, ed. T. W. Moody and others (1988) · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1921) Archives TCD, corresp., MSS 5004–5006

Wealth at death £26,790 13s. 2d.: probate, 4 Oct 1921, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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R. J. Faith, 'Forster, Frances Egerton Arnold- (1857–1921)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/49722

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an Ecclesiastical Historian.

8-**Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton 1st Bt.** 3,38,41,43,49,56,57,58 was born on 1 Apr 1786 in Castle Hedingham, Essex, died on 19 Feb 1845 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk at age 58, and was buried in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk.

General Notes: Features in the painting of The Anti-Slavery Society Convention, 1840, by Benjamin Robert Haydon

Buxton, Sir Thomas Fowell, first baronet (1786-1845), politician and philanthropist, born on 1 April 1786, was the eldest son of Thomas Fowell Buxton, of Earl's Colne, Essex, and his wife, Anna, daughter of Osgood Hanbury, of Holfield Grange, in the same county. His mother, who was a member of the Society of Friends, was a woman of intelligence and energy. His father, an East Anglian squire, died when he was six years old. At an early age Buxton was sent to a school at Kingston upon Thames, where he was ill treated. His health suffered, and he was moved to the school at Greenwich run by Dr Charles Burney. After leaving school at the age of fifteen, he spent considerable time with the Gurneys, an influential Quaker family, at Earlham Hall, Norwich. He was expected to inherit Irish property (which did not materialize) and entered Trinity College, Dublin, in October 1803 after several months of private tuition in Ireland. He was awarded distinctions in all but one of his examinations at Dublin and received the university gold medal.

Before he had turned twenty-one Buxton was invited to stand as a parliamentary candidate for Trinity College, but declined on account of his intention to enter a business career and his impending marriage to Hannah (1783-1872), fifth daughter of John Gurney of Earlham Hall. Their marriage took place on 13 May 1807, after his return to England. Hannah and her Quaker family (to which Buxton was distantly related) had an important influence on his spiritual life and political career. Elizabeth Fry, the prison reformer, was his sister-in-law, and Joseph John Gurney, the anti-slavery advocate, his brother-in-law. Anna Gurney, Hannah's cousin, was later to help Buxton with his researches into slavery.

In 1808 Buxton joined the brewers Truman, Hanbury & Co. of Spitalfields, London, where his maternal uncle was a partner. His mother had stressed the importance of philanthropy and, encouraged by William Allen, he became involved in various charitable activities in Spitalfields, especially those connected with education, the Bible Society, and the relief of distressed weavers. He defended the Bible Society in 1812 against the attacks of Herbert Marsh, bishop of Peterborough. In 1816, when hunger was widespread in Spitalfields, Buxton delivered a forcible speech, based on his own investigations of conditions, at a meeting at the Mansion House which raised £43,369. An extensive and well-organized system of relief was subsequently set up. Influenced by Elizabeth Fry and his brother-in-law Samuel Hoare, he made several visits to Newgate Prison, and published his findings as An inquiry whether crime and misery are produced or prevented by our present system of prison discipline (1818). The book went through five editions in a year, was praised by Sir James Mackintosh in the House of Commons, and was translated into French and widely circulated in Europe. Its reception in India indirectly led to an inquiry into the scandalous management of Madras gaols. In England its publication led to the formation of the Society for the Reformation of Prison Discipline, of which Buxton was a committee member.

At the general election of 1818 Buxton was elected MP for Weymouth, and he subsequently represented the borough until 1837. During his first session in parliament he took a particular interest in the operation of the criminal law, and seconded Sir James Mackintosh's motion (2 March 1819) for a select committee. He was a member both of this committee and of another on prisons that resulted in legislation to amend the prison laws. In 1820 he supported Mackintosh's motion to abolish the death penalty for forgery. In that year, following the deaths of his eldest son and three daughters, he moved with his wife and four remaining children from Hampstead to Cromer Hall, Norfolk.

Buxton continued his interest in legal and prison reform, and added suttee (the Indian practice of burning widows) to his humanitarian concerns. But it was in the campaign against slavery that he contributed most in his political career. He was an active member of the African Institution, founded in 1807. In May 1821 William Wilberforce, who had long led the anti-slavery group in the House of Commons, formally asked Buxton to become his partner, and then successor, in the crusade against slavery. After some thought Buxton agreed. In 1823 the Anti-Slavery Society was established by abolitionists including Wilberforce, Zachary Macaulay, Thomas Clarkson, Stephen Lushington, Buxton, and others. Buxton was appointed a vice-president of the society, whose publication was the Anti-Slavery Reporter. In May 1823 Buxton began the parliamentary campaign against colonial slavery by introducing a motion in the House of Commons for the gradual abolition of slavery. It was carried with the addition of some words proposed by Canning to protect planters' interests. The government issued a circular to colonial authorities, recommending ameliorative reforms, but the proposals needed the support of colonial legislatures, which was not forthcoming. An able researcher, Buxton set about collecting information about slavery and compiling demographic statistics. Public meetings were held throughout the country in denunciation of slavery and petitions were sent to parliament. On 15 April 1831, after the government had declined to take up the issue, Buxton introduced his resolution for the abolition of slavery, fortified with statistics showing a decline in the number of slaves in the West Indies from 800,000 to 700,000 between 1807 and 1830. His initiative was unsuccessful but Buxton continued to push for abolition, especially after the Jamaican slave rebellion of 1831. After the reform of parliament in 1832 the whig government carried a measure to end slavery in the colonies, though it included an apprenticeship period for freed slaves

Buxton subsequently concerned himself with the treatment of the aboriginal peoples in South Africa, the foreign slave trade, and the apprenticeship of ex-slaves in the West Indies under the terms of the 1833 act. On 22 March 1836 he successfully moved for a committee of the House of Commons to inquire into the apprenticeship system; his own investigations, gathering a mass of statistical data, showed that the ex-slaves had behaved well under trying circumstances. Apprenticeship was terminated on 1 August 1838, earlier than originally intended. In 1837 he founded the Aborigines' Protection Society, having chaired a select committee on Aborigines in 1835.

Buxton lost his seat at Weymouth in the general election of 1837, but declined numerous offers to stand for parliament again. He turned his attention to the suppression of the slave trade, a cause in

which his daughter Priscilla Buxton assisted him, and published The African Slave Trade (1839) and The Remedy (1840), later published as one volume. His recommendations included a more efficient naval force off the coast of Africa, treaties with native chiefs, an expedition up the River Niger, and the introduction of commercial agriculture to the Niger region. The idea was to eradicate the African slave trade by substituting Christianity, civilization, and commerce. In 1839 he established the Society for the Extinction of the Slave Trade and the Civilisation of Africa. He persuaded the government to send a costly expedition to explore the Niger and if possible to establish commercial relations with the peoples on its banks.

Later in 1839 Buxton's health gave way and with his wife he toured Italy, where he took time to investigate prison and crime, exposed the deeds of a notorious band headed by Gasparoni, and undertook an investigation of gaols in Rome. On his return to England in 1840, Buxton took part in the planning of the Niger expedition, a venture which had the support of Prince Albert. Three iron steamers, crewmen, scientific specialists, and missionaries of the Church Missionary Society left England in 1841. In Africa the expedition encountered difficulties, and 39 of the 145 Europeans died of fever. Mortified by the failure of his plans, Buxton suffered a relapse of health. In January 1843 the Society for the Extinction of the Slave Trade and the Civilisation of Africa was dissolved, and at its closing meeting Buxton defended himself against charges of imprudence. In the long run the ill-fated Niger expedition might have popularized the idea of substituting legitimate commerce for the slave trade, and opened the way for British commerce in west Africa. But quinine and rapid-fire weapons proved to be more important.

Buxton's evangelical and humanitarian activities in England included his work as treasurer of the London city mission, founded in 1835, and his chairmanship of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, of which he was a benefactor. In his last years Buxton concentrated on the cultivation of his estates, and established model farms at Runton and Trimingham, near Cromer. An essay on his estate management gained the gold medal of the Royal Agricultural Society in 1845. Buxton died at his country seat, Northrepps Hall, Norfolk, on 19 February 1845, and was buried in the ruined chancel of Overstrand church. A deeply religious man, he was a member of the Church of England, though influenced by the Quaker religion of his wife and her family. He was created a baronet on 30 July 1840. Prince Albert headed a movement for a public tribute to his memory, and donations came from the West Indies and from Africa. A statue by Frederick Thrupp was commissioned and placed near the monument to Wilberforce, in the north transept of Westminster Abbey. Buxton's eldest son, Edward North Buxton, succeeded as second baronet. His third son was the politician Charles Buxton (1822-1871).

Olwyn Mary Blouet

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Bodl. RH , MSS Brit. Emp. 5.444 | Bodl. RH , letters from T. Clarkson to T. F. Buxton, 1825-8, MSS Brit. Emp. $5.495 \cdot$ Bodl. RH , Wilberforce MSS \cdot Norfolk RO , copy letters from Colonial Registry Office to Buxton concerning slavery, 1831-46, MS $11358 \cdot$ U. Durham , Grey MSS \cdot UCL , Brougham MSS \cdot W. Sussex RO , Gordon Lennox MSS

Likenesses

J. Thomson, stipple, 1821 (after drawing by A. Wivell), BM, NPG · G. Hayter, group portrait, oils, 1833-43 (*The House of Commons, 1833*), NPG · H. P. Briggs, stipple, pubd 1835 (after W. Holl), BM, NPG · W. Holl, stipple and line print, pubd 1835 (after H. P. Briggs), NPG · B. R. Haydon, pencil study, 1840, NPG [see illus.] · B. R. Haydon, group portrait, oils, 1841 (*The Antislavery Society Convention, 1840*), NPG · F. Thrupp, statue, 1846, Westminster Abbey, London · J. Bell, bust, 1848, Freetown Cathedral, Sierra Leone · H. J. Robinson, stipple, 1848 (after painting by G. Richmond), NPG · J. Brain, line print (after G. Hayter), BM, NPG; repro. in J. Saunders, *Political reformers* (1840)

Wealth at death

under £250,000: GM, 546

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Baronetcy (1840).
- He had a residence in 1808-1815 in London.
- He was Anglican before 1807.
- He was a Quaker in 1807-1817 in Devonshire House MM.
- He worked as a Brewer. Truman, Hanbury, Buxton.
- He had a residence in 1815-1820 in Hampstead, London.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Weymouth and Melcombe 1818 To 1837.
- He worked as a Leading campaigner in the Anti-slavery movement.
- He had a residence in 1820-1828 in Cromer Hall, Norfolk.

• He had a residence in 1828 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk.

Thomas married **Hannah Gurney**, ^{3,38,56,57,59,60,61} daughter of **John Gurney** daughter of **John Gurney** and **Catherine Bell**, ^{3,23,57,62,63,66,67} on 7 May 1807 in FMH Tasburgh. ⁴³ Hannah was born on 15 Oct 1783 in Bramerton, Norfolk, died on 20 Mar 1872 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk at age 88, and was buried in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk. They had 12 children: **Priscilla, Thomas Fowell, Edward North, Rachel Gurney, Thomas Fowell, Charles, Richenda, Harry, John Henry, Susanna, Louisa, and Hannah.**

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Hannah Gurney, 20 Mar 1872.
- She was a Quaker before 1816 in Devonshire House MM.

9-Priscilla Buxton^{3,43} was born on 25 Feb 1808 in Earlham Hall, Earlham, Norfolk, died on 18 Jun 1852 in Holton Hall, Suffolk at age 44, and was buried in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk.

General Notes: Buxton [married name Johnston], Priscilla (1808-1852), slavery abolitionist, was born on 25 February 1808 at Earlham Hall, near Norwich, the eldest of the eight children of Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, first baronet (1786-1845), brewer, MP, and leading anti-slavery campaigner, and Hannah (1783-1872), the daughter of John Gurney of Earlham Hall and his wife, Catherine Bell (d. 1792). She had seven younger siblings-including the politician Charles Buxton (1822-1871) -of whom four died in infancy or childhood. Her father was from an Anglican background, while her mother was from a very prominent Quaker family, whose members included anti-slavery campaigner John Joseph Gurney (1788-1847) and prison reformer Elizabeth Fry (1780-1845). Priscilla Buxton lived with her family at their successive homes in London (1808-15), in Hampstead (1815-20), at Cromer Hall, near Cromer, Norfolk (1820-28), and then at Northrepps Hall, near Cromer (1828-34).

Priscilla Buxton's historical importance lies in her activities as an anti-slavery campaigner. Until her marriage in 1834, she acted as her father's main confidante and assistant during the period when he was leader of the parliamentary campaign for the abolition of British colonial slavery. She recommenced her help soon after her marriage, acting as her father's assistant during his leadership of the African Civilisation Society (1839-43), through which he sought to combat the continuation of the Atlantic slave trade by promoting 'legitimate' commerce with west Africa. She compiled information and helped him draft speeches and pamphlets, persuading him to follow her suggestions for substantial revisions to the draft of The Remedy (1840), his book promoting the activities of the society. She also co-operated with her father in supporting educational work by missionaries in South Africa, the West Indies, and Mauritius. Fellow anti-slavery campaigner Sir George Stephen later recalled that she was:

like a guardian angel to him. She acted as his secretary, his librarian, his comforter, and often as his adviser and guide; of her I witnessed, with surprise and admiration, the promptitude of perception with which she comprehended a perplexity, and suggested a solution. (Stephen, 197)

Priscilla Buxton was also an important activist in her own right, promoting national female anti-slavery initiatives. In 1832 she became co-secretary of the London Female Anti-Slavery Society and in 1833 she was involved in organizing the national ladies' anti-slavery petition to parliament: her name, together with that of Amelia Opie (1769-1853), headed the list of 187,000 signatories. The petition was presented to both houses: she described how it needed two men to carry each of the rolls of signatures, which 'were like two great feather beds' and which were presented 'among loud laughing and cheers' (P. Buxton to S. M. Buxton, 16 May 1833, Oxford, Rhodes House, Buxton MSS). It was the largest anti-slavery petition ever presented to parliament and its presentation was carefully timed to coincide with the debate which was to mark the successful culmination of the parliamentary anti-slavery campaign.

Priscilla Buxton married Andrew Johnston (1798-1862) on 1 August 1834, the date when the act emancipating slaves in the British colonies came into force. Johnston, MP for St Andrews, was a close parliamentary ally of Thomas Fowell Buxton, supporting his anti-slavery campaigns until both were defeated in the 1837 general election. Thereafter the Johnstons spent some time at Renny Hill in Fife, before moving south to Halesworth in Suffolk, when Andrew Johnston became a banker in the Gurney family bank in the county. The couple had at least four children, including Andrew Johnston (1835-1895), Liberal MP for the southern division of Essex from 1868 to 1874. She died on 18 June 1852.

Clare Midgley

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Clare Midgley, 'Buxton', Priscilla (1808-1852)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2010 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/55183]

Priscilla married **Andrew Johnston**^{3,43} on 1 Aug 1834. Andrew was born in 1798 in Kilrenny, Fife, died on 24 Aug 1862 in Holton Hall, Suffolk at age 64, and was buried in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk. They had six children: **Andrew, Fowell Buxton, Euphemia, Sarah Maria, Priscilla Hannah**, and **Catherine Isabel**.

General Notes: See p.341 Joseph John Gurney's Journal

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Fifeshire.
- He worked as a Manager of Gurneys' bank in Halesworth, Suffolk.

10-Andrew Johnston³ was born on 23 May 1835 and died on 28 Feb 1922 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Member of Parliament for South Essex in 1868-1874.
- He had a residence in Forest Lodge, Woodford Green, Essex.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Essex in 1880.

Andrew married **Charlotte Anne Trevelyan**, daughter of **Rev. George Trevelyan** and **Anne Goss**, on 14 Sep 1858 in Epsom, Surrey. Charlotte was born on 1 Aug 1836, was christened on 19 Sep 1836 in Malden, Surrey, and died in 1921 at age 85. They had one daughter: **Beatrice Priscilla**.

11-Beatrice Priscilla Johnston was born on 20 Jan 1860 and died on 17 Apr 1862 at age 2.

10-Capt. Fowell Buxton Johnston³ was born on 5 Jan 1839 and died in 1914 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the 3rd Dragoon Guards.

Fowell married Alice Douglas, daughter of Adam T. Douglas, on 16 Aug 1869 in Buenos Aries, Argentina. Alice died in 1891. They had three children: Miles, Edward, and Ada.

11-Miles Johnston

11-Edward Johnston³ was born on 11 Feb 1872 in San José, Uruguay, died on 26 Nov 1944 in Ditchling, Sussex at age 72, and was buried in Ditchling, Sussex.

General Notes: Johnston, Edward (1872-1944), calligrapher and designer of lettering, was born on 11 February 1872 in San José province, Uruguay, the second of the four children of Fowell Buxton Johnston (*b*. 1839), army officer, and his wife, Alice Douglas (*d*. 1891). His paternal grandfather was Andrew Johnston (1798-1862), MP for St Andrews, and his paternal grandmother was Priscilla Buxton (1808-1852), the slavery abolitionist. There were other Quakers and philanthropists among Fowell Johnston's forebears, but he was something of a ne'erdo-well. Returning to Britain in 1875, the Johnstons moved restlessly from house to house, the father often absent and rarely in work, the mother an invalid. The children were looked after by an aunt with a neurotic fear of draughts, and they grew up in an atmosphere of real and imagined sickness, with no formal education and little contact with the outside world. Edward's greatest pleasures were in gadgets, electricity, and mathematics, and in writing pages of illuminated lettering, which he called 'parchments'.

In 1891 Johnston's mother died. An uncle took charge of the children and Edward, who was still a child at nineteen, worked for him for some years. In 1896 he began to study medicine at Edinburgh University, but his family soon decided that he was not strong enough for such a career.

The direction of Johnston's life and work were settled in the next three years. In September 1897 he saw some illuminated manuscripts by the architect W. H. Cowlishaw in a magazine. In October he bought a copy of Edward F. Strange, Alphabets: a Handbook of Lettering (1895), which included lettering by Walter Crane, Selwyn Image, and C. F. A. Voysey, designers of the Arts and Crafts movement. Johnston worked steadily through it, imitating the alphabets. In April 1898 friends in London introduced him to Cowlishaw who told him about William Morris's illuminated manuscripts of the early 1870s, and introduced him in turn to W. R. Lethaby, principal of the Central School of Arts and Crafts, and a luminary of the Arts and Crafts movement. Lethaby admired Johnston's 'parchments', told him to study manuscripts in the British Museum, and, despite his inexperience, proposed to put him in charge of a new lettering class at the Central School. In the autumn Johnston moved to London and began studying in the British Museum, advised by Sydney Cockerell. He was drawn to late antique and early medieval scripts of the sixth to the tenth centuries, and by this time had perhaps reached the conclusion that the character of these scripts derived from the use of a broad-edged nib. This settled the nature of his work. He was not particularly interested in printing types, display lettering, or ordinary handwriting, though he would have to do with all of these during his career. He was interested in formal writing with a broad-edged nib.

In September 1900 Johnston met a lively, sociable Scottish schoolmistress called Greta Grieg (*d.* 1936). After his loveless childhood, he was ready for the security she offered, though he had perhaps already learned too well to be alone. They were married on 20 August 1903. Priscilla Johnston's moving biography of her father is also a tribute to her parents' love for each other, shyly acknowledged on Johnston's part. They lived at first in a flat in Gray's Inn; from 1905 in Hammersmith Terrace, by the Thames; and from 1912 in Ditchling in Sussex, always surrounded by friends and colleagues of the Arts and Crafts movement, notably Eric Gill, who was for many years Johnston's closest friend. Between 1904 and 1911 they had three daughters.

With marriage Johnston became what he would always be, the man who gets up late, drained of energy, appears downstairs and potters distractedly, putting off some necessary work, and then disappears again to his workroom where he sits at a sloping desk, writing medieval letters in a medieval way, surrounded by clutter, unanswered letters, and cups of cold tea, pondering the movements of his hand and the meaning of the words in a slow, speculative, analytical way that has more to do with the Enlightenment than the middle ages. He wrote out public addresses, rolls of honour, devotional and literary texts as required, working always within a circle of domesticity. This was the centre of his life. It was also, with his teaching and a small private income, how he paid the bills.

Johnston always practised a number of different hands, but in the early years he mainly wrote rounded, upright letters based on half-uncials of the sixth and seventh centuries, believing that they came most naturally to the broad-edged nib. Then, around 1906, his preference shifted to a more flowing, sloped hand based on tenth-century models. He called this the 'foundational hand' and in teaching recommended it as better adapted to modern needs than half-uncials. This is the hand for which he is best-known, both in his own work and in the tradition he created among his pupils. But then, in 1923-4, he introduced another hand, still curved but compressed, with the density of Gothic scripts. The sweep and sharpness of this late, virtuoso hand is dazzling. Johnston did not set it before students as a model because, as he said, it broke the rules.

Johnston's teaching began in September 1899 with a small vocational class in lettering at the Central School of Arts and Crafts, as Lethaby had proposed. Over the next thirteen years Johnston made it a nursery for some of the most distinguished British designers, calligraphers, and letter-cutters of the early twentieth century. From 1901 until the late 1930s he also taught on Monday afternoons at the Royal College of Art, where his classes were larger but less focused, being part of the general curriculum. Standing at the blackboard in a well-cut but increasingly battered tweed suit, forming great sweeping letters with the chalk, he was inspirational. Stooping over a student's shoulder to inspect her work, he was dauntingly objective but still inspirational. His teaching, and the handbook Writing & Illuminating, & Lettering which he wrote with painful deliberation between 1902 and 1906, were grounded, like his calligraphy, on the example of early medieval scripts and the use of a broad-edged nib. And they were enriched by a commentary at once practical and speculative. Students watched the movements of his hand, absorbing perhaps the movements of his mind. In the 1920s he began work on a second book, but the richness of his thought was now too great for the quasi-scientific exactness of his writing to encompass. It remained unfinished at his death.

Johnston stood aloof from the industrial world, distrusting its purposes and holding that nothing could be satisfactorily designed by one man and made by another. But occasionally he made what Priscilla Johnston called 'anxious excursions' into the world of design and mechanical reproduction (P. Johnston, 199). He designed headings and initial letters for T. J. Cobden-Sanderson's Doves Press, and an italic and a Gothic typeface for Count Harry Kessler's Cranach Presse in Germany. These tasks did not take him far from his orthodoxy. In 1913, however, he was asked by Frank Pick, commercial manager of the Underground Electric Railways of London, to design an alphabet for use in the Underground. Pick wanted a block letter of the sort used by humble jobbing printers in the nineteenth century: bold, of uniform thickness, and without serifs. This was a long way from early medieval exemplars and the broad-edged nib. In 1916 Johnston produced a simple, rational design which has become an exemplar for twentieth-century lettering and typography, and is still in use. He continued to work for Pick until the late 1930s, contributing to the visual identity of what became London Transport. The success of this excursion reveals more clearly than his calligraphy the rational quality of Johnston's lettering. Interestingly, the calligrapher Graily Hewitt, the star among his early pupils, thought his work for the Underground a betrayal.

For someone who lived so much in a world of his own, Johnston was remarkably influential. His teaching and example created a whole school of calligraphy in Britain, whose leading lights were Hewitt and Irene Wellington. Beyond calligraphy, his profound investigation of letter forms influenced the work of Harold Curwen and Stanley Morison in printing and typography, Alfred Fairbank in italic handwriting, and Eric Gill in type design, display lettering, and monumental letter-cutting, to mention only the best-known names. Beyond that again, his influence extended to America and parts of Europe. In Germany and Austria, then changing painfully from Gothic to roman letters in their public prints, Johnston's foundational hand was of particular interest. Anna Simons from Düsseldorf trained under Johnston and carried his influence back to Germany; Johnston lectured in Dresden in 1912; and at an international exhibition of book design and graphic arts in Leipzig in 1914, one observer saw his influence 'in every stall and wall' of the German pavilions (P. Johnston, 186).

From the early 1930s Johnston did little formal writing and his Monday afternoons at the Royal College of Art began to be irregular. After Greta Johnston's death in 1936 he became something of an ailing hermit, and when he was made a CBE in 1939, could not attend the investiture. Edward Johnston died at his home, Cleves, Ditchling, on 26 November 1944 and was buried with his wife in Ditchling churchyard. The roman lettering on their headstone, carved by Eric Gill's first apprentice, Joseph Cribb, preserves his memory.

Alan Crawford

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Likenesses

W. Rothenstein, drawing, 1922, priv. coll. · A. H. Knighton-Hammond, oils, exh. Royal Society of Portrait Painters 1937, NPG [see illus.] · E. X. Kapp, pencil drawing, 1940, NPG · photograph, Holburne Museum of Art, Bath, Edward Johnston collection and archive · photograph, repro. in Johnston, Edward Johnston

Wealth at death

£13,255 15s. 10d.: probate, 3 May 1945, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE.
- He worked as a Calligrapher.

Edward married **Greta Kathleen Greig**³ on 20 Aug 1903. Greta died in 1936 in Ditchling, Sussex and was buried in Ditchling, Sussex. They had three children: (**No Given Name**), (**No Given Name**), and (**No Given Name**).

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Schoolmistress.
 - 12-Johnston
 - 12-Johnston
 - 12-Johnston

11-Ada Johnston

Fowell next married **Chalmers**, daughter of **Chalmers**. They had one son: **Andrew**.

11-Lieut. Andrew Johnston RFC was born in 1897, died on 30 Oct 1917 in France. Killed in a flying accident at age 20, and was buried in Dozinghem Military Cemetary, Poperinge, France. Grave XI.A.20.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bedales in Petersfield, Hampshire.
- He was educated at Woolwich Military Academy.
- He worked as an officer of the RFA in Oct 1915.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Flying Corps.

10-Euphemia Johnston

Euphemia married Miles Macinnes.

10-Sarah Maria Johnston

Sarah married Rev. Daniel Frederic Wilson, son of Rev. Daniel Wilson^{24,68} and Lucy Sarah Atkins. They had five children: Cecil, Laurence, Olive, Rachel Helen, and Gladys Isabel.

- 11-Cecil Wilson was born on 30 Oct 1864.
- 11-Laurence Wilson was born on 20 Dec 1865.
- 11-**Olive Wilson** was born on 8 Jun 1867.
- 11-Rachel Helen Wilson was born on 26 Dec 1871.
- 11-Gladys Isabel Wilson was born on 3 Jun 1879 and died on 9 May 1910 in Ootacamund, Tamil Nadu, India at age 30.

Gladys married Capt. Greville Hubert Robins Blount, son of Maj. Charles Hubert Blount and Eleanor Maud Philips. Greville was born in 1883 in Bath, Somerset, died on 23 Sep 1914 at

age 31, and was buried in St. Nazaire, France. They had one son: **Hubert**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Field Artillery.
 - 12-Lieut. Col. Hubert Blount was born on 26 Apr 1910 and died in 1979 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 69.

Hubert married **Marion Emily Helen Barclay**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Francis Hubert Barclay**⁶⁹ and **Hannah Maude Buxton**, ⁶⁹ Marion was born on 18 Oct 1905 in Erpingham, Norfolk and died in 1990 in Chippenham, Wiltshire at age 85. They had one son: **Charles**.

13-Col. Charles Blount

Charles married Jane A. F. Amos, daughter of Joseph W. Amos and Ruth F. Wallace. They had three children: James Hillier, Emily, and Daisy Catherine.

14-Capt. James Hillier Blount

James married Alexandrina Sofia Wellesley, daughter of Lord John Henry Wellesley and Corinne Vaes.

14-Emily Blount

Emily married Guy Harrison.

14-Daisy Catherine Blount

Daisy married James Douglas Hamilton Wills, son of Hon. Robert Ian Hamilton Wills and Elizabeth Jane Downes.

10-Priscilla Hannah Johnston

10-Catherine Isabel Johnston

Catherine married Arthur De Noe Walker. They had four children: Bernard Gino, Paschal De Noe, Clare De Noe, and Hilda De Noe.

- 11-Bernard Gino Walker was born on 18 Apr 1873.
- 11-Paschal De Noe Walker was born on 28 Mar 1880.
- 11-Clare De Noe Walker
- 11-Hilda De Noe Walker
- 9-Thomas Fowell Buxton⁴³ was born in 1810 and died on 28 Mar 1820 at age 10.
- 9-Sir Edward North Buxton 2nd Bt. 56 was born on 16 Sep 1812, died on 11 Jun 1858 in Colne House, Cromer, Norfolk at age 45, and was buried in St Peter and St Paul's Church, Cromer, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Member of Parliament for South Essex 1847 To 1852.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for East Norfolk 1857 To 1858.
- Miscellaneous: Edward North Buxton, 11 Jun 1858, Colne House, Cromer, Norfolk.

Edward married **Catherine Gurney**, daughter of **Samuel Gurney**^{3,23,26,38,42,43,48,49,57,70,71,72,73,74,75} and **Elizabeth Sheppard**, ^{23,42,43,70,71,74,75} on 12 Apr 1836.

Catherine was born in 1814 in Ham House, Upton, West Ham, London, died on 18 Aug 1911 in Erpingham, Norfolk at age 97, and was buried in St Peter and St Paul's Church, Cromer, Norfolk. They had 12 children: Thomas Fowell, Samuel Gurney, Edward North, Henry Edmund, Charles Louis, Francis William, Anna Cecilia, Catherine Elizabeth, Rachel Jane, Sarah Evelyn, Laura Priscilla, and John Henry.

10-Col. Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton 3rd Bt.^{56,76} was born on 26 Jan 1837 and died on 28 Oct 1915 at age 78.

General Notes: He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He succeeded to the title of 3rd Baronet Buxton, of Bellfield and Runton, co. Essex [U.K., 1840] on 11 June 1858. He gained the rank of Colonel in 1864 in the service of the 2nd Tower Hamlets RV. He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) for Lyme Regis between 1865 and 1868. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.) of Essex. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Norfolk. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.) of Norfolk. He held the office of High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1876. He was Honorary Colonel of the 2nd Tower Hamlets RV between 1884 and 1903. He held the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief of South Australia between 1895 and 1898. He was invested as a Knight Grand Cross, Order of St. Michael and St. George (G.C.M.G.). He was decorated with the award of Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve Officers' Decoration (V.D.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCMG.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Lyme Regis in 1865-1868.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1875.
- He worked as a Governor of South Australia in 1895-1899.

Thomas married Lady Victoria Noel, daughter of Charles Noel 1st Earl Of Gainsborough and Lady Frances Jocelyn, on 21 Jun 1862. Victoria was born on 30 Jun 1839 and died on 8 Aug 1916 at age 77. They had ten children: Thomas Fowell Victor, Edith Frances, Noel Edward, Mary Catherine, Constance Victoria, Victoria Alexandrina, Charles Roden, Mabel Frances Evelyn, Harold Jocelyn, and Leland William Wilberforce.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous:
 - 11-Sir Thomas Fowell Victor Buxton 4th Bt. 77,78 was born on 8 Apr 1865 and died on 31 May 1919 at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Warlies, Waltham Abbey, Essex.

Thomas married **Anne Louisa Matilda O'Rorke**, ⁷⁷ daughter of **Rev. Henry O'Rorke**, on 10 Oct 1888. Anne died on 12 Jan 1956. They had seven children: **Thomas Fowell, Roden Henry Victor, Clarence Edward Victor, Lucy Victoria, Jocelyn Murray Victor, Maurice Victor, and Rupert Erroll Victor**.

12-Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton 5th Bt. was born on 8 Nov 1889 and died on 28 Oct 1945 at age 55.

Thomas married **Hon. Dorothy Agnes Cochrane**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Thomas Horatio Arthur Ernest Cochrane 1st Baron Cochrane** and **Lady Gertrude Julia Georgina Boyle**, on 21 Jul 1923. Dorothy died on 17 Sep 1927. They had two children: **Thomas Fowell Victor** and **Montagu Lucy**.

13-Sir Thomas Fowell Victor Buxton 6th Bt. was born on 18 Aug 1925 and died on 14 Nov 1996 at age 71.

Thomas married Doris Mary Johnson, daughter of Peter Randall Johnson and Katherine Hamilton Jell, on 6 Jul 1955. Doris died in 1965.

13-Montagu Lucy Buxton

Montagu married John Harold Rose, son of H. V. Rose, on 29 May 1965. John died on 24 Oct 1996.

Thomas next married Eva Katharine Balfour, daughter of Edward Balfour Of Balbirnie.

12-Capt. Roden Henry Victor Buxton was born on 17 Dec 1890 and died on 10 Nov 1990 at age 99.

Roden married **Dorothy Alina St. John**, daughter of **Col. Charles William Peter St. John**, on 7 Dec 1917. Dorothy died on 11 Dec 1956. They had six children: **Victoria Lilian Roden**, **Anne Frances Roden**, **Elisabeth Lucy Roden**, **Jocelyn Charles Roden**, **Gerard St. John Roden**, and **Phyllida Dorothy Roden**.

13-Victoria Lilian Roden Buxton

Victoria married Cmdr. Arthur Walter Beeton. They had one daughter: Dorothy Anna.

14-Dorothy Anna Beeton

Dorothy married John Saunsbury. They had two children: Mark David and Laura Rebecca.

15-Mark David Saunsbury

15-Laura Rebecca Saunsbury

Victoria next married Aribert H. W. R. A. Von Vollmar Auf Veltheim. They had one son: Rudolf Jocelyn Heinrich William Oscar.

14-Rudolf Jocelyn Heinrich William Oscar Von Vollmar Auf Veltheim

13-Anne Frances Roden Buxton

Anne married Hans Henry Winterstein Gillespie, son of Prof. Hans Winterstein Von Bronneck. They had two children: Nicola Henrietta St. John and Richenda Antoinette De Winterstein.

14-Nicola Henrietta St. John Gillespie

Nicola married Charles Rupert Raw.

Nicola next married John Latimer Smith.

14-Richenda Antoinette De Winterstein Gillespie

Anne next married Maj. Hon. Thomas Heron Hazlerigg, son of Sir Arthur Grey Hazlerigg 1st Baron Hazlerigg and Dorothy Rachel Buxton, in 1979. Thomas was born on 17 Jan 1914 and died on 31 Jul 1998 at age 84.

13-Elisabeth Lucy Roden Buxton

Elisabeth married **Maj. Thomas Arnett Hughes-Ross** on 30 Jul 1951. Thomas died in 1981. They had three children: **Joanna Elisabeth Ross**, **Timothy Arnett Ross**, and **Penelope Jane Ross**.

14-Joanna Elisabeth Ross Hughes-Ross

Joanna married Anver Jamal Rizvi.

14-Timothy Arnett Ross Hughes-Ross

Timothy married Sally Ann Roe.

14-Penelope Jane Ross Hughes-Ross

Penelope married Clive Leslie Syddall.

13-Sir Jocelyn Charles Roden Buxton 7th Bt. 38 was born on 8 Aug 1924 and died on 25 Apr 2014 at age 89.

Jocelyn married Ann Frances Smitherman, daughter of Frank Smitherman. They had three children: Frances Dorothy, Harriet Lucy, and Caroline Sarah.

14-Frances Dorothy Buxton

Frances married Oliver P. St. John, son of Lt. Col. A. R. L. St. John.

Frances next married Henry Ellis Jones-Davies, son of Col. T. E. Jones-Davies.

14-Harriet Lucy Buxton

Harriet married Hon. Michael Colin Dalrymple, son of John Aymer Dalrymple 13th Earl Of Stair³⁸ and Davina Katherine Bowes-Lyon. They had three children: William Hew, Angus, and Peter.

- 15-William Hew Dalrymple
- 15-Angus Dalrymple
- 15-Peter Dalrymple
- 14-Caroline Sarah Buxton

Caroline married Nicholas M. Jarrett, son of Lt. Col. Michael Jarrett.

13-Lt. Cmdr. Gerard St. John Roden Buxton was born on 28 Sep 1927 and died on 25 Feb 2008 at age 80.

Gerard married Judith Averil Campbell, daughter of Hon. Angus Dudley Campbell and Joan Esther Sybilla Pakenham. They had three children: Charlotte Anne Gerard, Crispin Charles Gerard, and Laura Joan Gerard.

14-Charlotte Anne Gerard Buxton

Charlotte married Sardar Mandhir Singh Sethi.

14-Sir Crispin Charles Gerard Buxton 8th Bt.

Crispin married **Diana Nafula**.

- 14-Laura Joan Gerard Buxton
- 13-Phyllida Dorothy Roden Buxton was born on 9 Jul 1932 and died on 11 Apr 2020 at age 87.

Phyllida married **Ronald Carlile Buxton**, son of **Capt. Murray Barclay Buxton** and **Janet Mary Muriel Carlile**, on 20 Jun 1959. Ronald was born on 20 Aug 1923 and died on 10 Jan 2017 at age 93. They had four children: **Peter Hildred, Camilla Jane St. John, Vanessa Ann Carlile**, and **Robert Victor**.

General Notes: Ronald Carlile Buxton was educated at Eton College, Eton, Berkshire, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1943 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He was decorated with the award of Military Cross (M.C.). He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the Royal Electrical Mechanical Engineers. He was chartered structural engineer. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) for Leyton in 1965. He lived in 2003 at Kimberley Hall, Wymondham, Norfolk, England

14-Peter Hildred Buxton

Peter married Eleanor Charlotte Winch, daughter of Richard Anthony Brooke Winch. They had one daughter: Laura Juliet.

- 15-Laura Juliet Buxton
- 14-Camilla Jane St. John Buxton

Camilla married Edward Thomas Baxter, son of Alan George Laurie Baxter and Elizabeth June Troubridge.

- 14-Vanessa Ann Carlile Buxton
- 14-Robert Victor Buxton
- 12-Maj. Clarence Edward Victor Buxton⁷⁸ was born on 14 Jan 1892 and died on 19 Oct 1967 at age 75.

General Notes: He fought in the First World War, where he was mentioned in despatches. He gained the rank of Major in the service of the Royal Field Artillery (SR). He was decorated with the award of Military Cross (M.C.).

Clarence married Mary Aline Bradshaw, daughter of Lt. Col. Frederick Ewart Bradshaw, in 1917. Mary died on 8 Jun 1954. They had four children: Maurice, Gwendolen, Rupert, and Rosemary.

13-Maurice Buxton

Maurice married Mary Alison Lydall Savill, daughter of Laurence Lydall Savill.

Maurice next married Susan Whiteway Alexander.

13-Gwendolen Buxton was born on 28 Mar 1921 and died on 4 Oct 2008 at age 87.

Gwendolen married **Terence Leland Bowles**, son of **Henry Branson Bowles**, on 10 Dec 1960. Terence died in 1968. They had one daughter: **Katherine**.

- 14-Katherine Bowles
- 13-Rupert Buxton was born on 3 Aug 1923 and died in 1994 at age 71.

Rupert married Frances Ann Debenham, daughter of Prof. Frank Debenham³ and Dorothy Lucy Lempriere. They had four children: Jonathan, Terence Rupert, Paul Stephen, and Colin.

- 14-Jonathan Buxton
- **14-Terence Rupert Buxton**
- 14-Paul Stephen Buxton
- 14-Colin Buxton

Rupert next married **Betty Webb**. They had one daughter: **Sarah Jane**.

14-Sarah Jane Buxton

13-Rosemary Buxton

Rosemary married Francis Henry Alastair Julian Lochrane, son of Charles Damien Lochrane.

Clarence next married Mavis Jean Bromhead, daughter of Walter Sydney Bromhead. They had two children: Rowena Clarence and Rosalind Clarence.

13-Rowena Clarence Buxton was born on 25 May 1945 in Kenya, Africa and died on 11 Jun 2012 in Died in a car accident at age 67.

Rowena married Colin Woods.

Rowena next married **Fredrik Louis Tauber** in 1984. Fredrik died on 29 May 2001 in Hendersonville, Tennessee, USA.

13-Rosalind Clarence Buxton

Rosalind married Peter Ray Nightingale, son of Edward Humphrey Nightingale and Evelyn Mary Ray.

12-Lucy Victoria Buxton was born on 20 Apr 1893.

Lucy married Rev. Sir Charles Henry Bentinck, son of Lt. Col. Henry Charles Adolphus Frederick William Bentinck 5th Graf Bentinck and Henrietta Eliza Cathcart McKerrall. Charles was born on 23 Apr 1879 and died on 26 Mar 1955 at age 75.

12-2nd Lt. Jocelyn Murray Victor Buxton was born on 1 Apr 1896 in Waltham Abbey, Essex, died on 1 Jul 1916 in Somme, France. Killed in action at age 20, and was buried in Recorded on the Thiepval Memorial.

General Notes: **Buxton, Jocelyn Murray Victor** Born 1896. Son of Sir T.F. Victor Buxton, 4th Baronet, of 'Warlies', Waltham Abbey, Essex. School, Broadstairs and Marlborough. Admitted as Entrance Exhibitioner (History) at Trinity, Oct. 1, 1915, died 1916. 2nd Lieutenant, Rifle Brigade, 6th Bn, Machine Gun Corps (Infantry), attached 25th Company. Died July 1, 1916. Commemorated on Thiepval Memorial, Somme, France.

College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Broadstairs.
- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1915.
- He had a residence in Warlies, Waltham Abbey, Essex.
- He worked as an Officer of the 6th Rifle Brigade/25th Company, Machine Gun Corps.
- 12-Lt. Maurice Victor Buxton was born on 22 Oct 1898 and died on 8 Aug 1919 at age 20.

General Notes: Lt. MC

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an Officer of the Coldstream Guards.
- 12-Rupert Erroll Victor Buxton was born on 10 May 1900 and died on 19 May 1921 in Sandford Pool, Oxford. Drowned with his friend/lover Michael Llewelyn-Davies. at age 21.
- 11-Edith Frances Buxton was born on 30 Aug 1867 and died on 25 Mar 1930 at age 62.

Edith married Walter George Hepburne-Scott 9th Lord Polwarth, son of Walter Hugh Hepburne-Scott 8th Lord Polwarth and Lady Mary Gordon, on 23 Nov 1888. Walter was born on 7 Feb 1864 and died on 24 Aug 1944 at age 80. They had seven children: Walter Thomas, Helen Victoria, Alexander Noel, Margaret Mary, Patrick John, Edith Christian, and Grizel Frances Catherine.

12-Capt. Hon. Walter Thomas Hepburne-Scott Master Of Polwarth was born on 22 Apr 1890 and died on 7 Sep 1942 at age 52.

Walter married **Elspeth Glencairn Campbell**, daughter of **Rt. Rev. Archibald Euan Campbell** and **Hon. Helen Anne Brodrick**, on 3 Nov 1914. Elspeth died on 5 Aug 1964. They had two children: **Henry Alexander** and **Francis Michael**.

13-Henry Alexander Hepburne-Scott 10th Lord Polwarth was born on 17 Nov 1916 and died on 4 Jan 2005 at age 88.

Henry married Caroline Margaret Hay, daughter of Capt. Robert Athole Hay and Margaret Heywood Heywood-Jones, on 14 Jun 1943. The marriage ended in divorce. Caroline died in 1982. They had four children: Andrew Walter, Sarah Margaret, Diana Mary, and Mary Jane.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1969.

14-Andrew Walter Hepburne-Scott 11th Baron Polwarth

Andrew married Isabel Anna Surtees, daughter of Maj. John Feville Henry Surtees. They had four children: William Henry, Robert Mungo, Georgina May, and Caroline Rose.

- 15-Hon. William Henry Hepburne-Scott Master Of Polwarth
- 15-Hon. Robert Mungo Hepburne-Scott
- 15-Hon. Georgina May Hepburne-Scott
- 15-Hon. Caroline Rose Hepburne-Scott
- 14-Hon. Sarah Margaret Hepburne-Scott

Sarah married Hamish Macnab, son of Brig. J. F. Macnab. They had two children: Lucy Margaret and Clare Sarah.

- 15-Lucy Margaret Macnab
- 15-Clare Sarah Macnab
- 14-Hon. Diana Mary Hepburne-Scott

Diana married Richard James Bradshaw, son of A. J. Bradshaw. They had two children: James Edward Morton and Jenny Alexandra.

- 15-James Edward Morton Bradshaw
- 15-Jenny Alexandra Bradshaw
- 14-Hon. Mary Jane Hepburne-Scott

Mary married James McMoran Wilson 3rd Baron Moran, son of Sir Richard John McMoran Wilson 2nd Baron Moran³⁵ and Shirley Rowntree Harris,. They had two children: David Andrew McMoran and Alister Thomas Hay.

- 15-Hon. David Andrew McMoran Wilson
- 15-Hon. Alister Thomas Hay Wilson

Henry next married Jean Cunninghame-Graham, daughter of Admiral Sir Angus Edward Malise Bontine Cunninghame-Graham and Mary Patricia Hanbury,. 77

13-Maj. Hon. Francis Michael Hepburne-Scott was born on 29 Sep 1920.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC FRICS.
- He had a residence in Melrose.

Francis married Marjorie Hamilton Ross, daughter of Horatio John Ross. They had three children: James Patrick, Michael Francis, and Mary Helen.

14-James Patrick Hepburne-Scott

James married Christian Diana Surtees, daughter of Maj. John Feville Henry Surtees. They had three children: Walter Robert, George James, and Emily May.

- 15-Walter Robert Hepburne-Scott
- 15-George James Hepburne-Scott
- 15-Emily May Hepburne-Scott

14-Michael Francis Hepburne-Scott

Michael married Viola Susan Heywood, daughter of Christopher Heywood. They had two children: Francis Hedley and Malcolm Ross.

- 15-Francis Hedley Hepburne-Scott
- 15-Malcolm Ross Hepburne-Scott
- 14-Mary Helen Hepburne-Scott

Mary married Andrew Godfrey Purvis Sherwood, son of Edward Godfrey Purvis Sherwood and Kathleen Theodosia Onslow. They had four children: Gideon, Samuel, Phoebe, and Lucie.

- 15-Gideon Sherwood
- 15-Samuel Sherwood
- 15-Phoebe Sherwood
- 15-Lucie Sherwood

12-Hon. Helen Victoria Hepburn-Scott was born on 7 May 1891 in Humbie, East Lothian and died in 1982 at age 91.

Helen married **Dr. George Freeland Barbour**, 34,80 son of **Rev. Robert William Barbour** and **Charlotte Rachel Fowler**, 27,34,80 in 1919. George was born on 15 Feb 1882 in Cults, Aberdeen and died on 18 Nov 1946 in Pitlochry, Perth & Kinross, Scotland at age 64. They had five children: **Robert Alexander Stewart, Edith Rachel, Alec Walter, Katherine Margaret**, and **Caroline Victoria**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP Perthshire.

13-Very Rev. Sir Robert Alexander Stewart Barbour was born on 11 May 1921 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

General Notes: Educated. Rugby School: Balliol College, Oxford; St. Mary's College, St. Andrews. Army (Scottish Horse), 1940-45, Territorial Army, 1947-54; Editorial Assistant, Thomas Nelson & Sons, 1948-49: Secretary, Edinburgh Christian Council for Overseas Students, 1953-55; Lecturer and Senior Lecturer in New Testament Language, Literature and Theology, New College, Edinburgh University, 1955-71; Professor of New Testament Exegesis, Aberdeen University, 1971-86; Master, Christ's College, Aberdeen, 1977-82; Prelate, Priory of Scotland, Order of St. John, 1977-93; Moderator, General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, 1979-80; Dean, Chapel Royal in Scotland, 1981-91; Honorary Secretary, Novi Testamenti Societas, 1970-77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO MC MA BD STM DD DipEd.
- He worked as a Moderator of the General Assembly of The Church of Scotland in 1979-1980.

Robert married Margaret Isobel Pigot, daughter of Harold Pigot and Alison Bell. They had four children: George Freeland, David Stewart, Alison Margaret, and Andrew James.

14-George Freeland Barbour

George married Charlotte Mackintosh. They had two children: Janet Marjorie and Caroline Deirdre.

- 15-Janet Marjorie Barbour
- 15-Caroline Deirdre Barbour
- 14-David Stewart Barbour

David married Alexandra Howarth. They had one son: Hugh Alexander Stewart.

15-Hugh Alexander Stewart Barbour

14-Alison Margaret Barbour

Alison married John Henry Hiley. They had two children: Robin Henry and Helen Mairi.

- 15-Robin Henry Hiley
- 15-Helen Mairi Hiley
- 14-Andrew James Barbour

Andrew married Catherine Joan MacDonald. They had three children: Robert William, Patrick Stewart, and Catherine Margaret.

- 15-Robert William Barbour
- 15-Patrick Stewart Barbour
- 15-Catherine Margaret Barbour
- 13-Edith Rachel Barbour
- 13-Alec Walter Barbour

Alec married **Hazel Thompson Brown**, daughter of **William Byers Brown** and **Jean Thompson**. They had five children: **John Alec, Alastair William Stewart, Walter Hugh, Jean Edith**, and **Helen Christine**.

- 14-John Alec Barbour
- 14-Alastair William Stewart Barbour
- 14-Walter Hugh Barbour
- 14-Jean Edith Barbour
- 14-Helen Christine Barbour
- 13-Katherine Margaret Barbour
- 13-Caroline Victoria Barbour

Caroline married Julian Arthur Charles Haviland, son of Maj. Leonard Proby Haviland and Helen Dorothea Fergusson. They had three children: Peter Leonard, Charles Freeland, and Richard Francis.

- 14-Peter Leonard Haviland
- 14-Charles Freeland Haviland
- 14-Richard Francis Haviland
- 12-Alexander Noel Hepburne-Scott was born on 14 Oct 1892 and died on 16 May 1915 in Killed In Action at age 22.
- 12-**Hon. Margaret Mary Hepburne-Scott** was born on 1 Jun 1895.

Margaret married **Hon. Douglas Benzies**, son of **Peter Benzies**, on 7 Jan 1928. Douglas died on 12 Jul 1948.

12-Rev. Hon. Patrick John Hepburne-Scott was born on 25 Apr 1899 and died in 1982 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector of Kirkley.

Patrick married Cona Violet Fielding-Smith, daughter of Cyril Fielding-Smith, on 25 Aug 1925. Cona died on 12 Nov 1961. They had two children: Patricia Mary and Ann Harriet.

13-Patricia Mary Hepburne-Scott was born in 1926 and died in 1995 at age 69.

Patricia married **Peter Rudolph Ramm**.

13-Ann Harriet Hepburne-Scott

Ann married Colin Andrew Baxter, son of Andrew Paterson Baxter. They had one son: Patrick Ian.

14-Patrick Ian Baxter

Patrick next married Margaret Mary Riddle, daughter of Arthur George Riddle, on 17 Apr 1963. Margaret died in 1982.

12-Hon. Edith Christian Hepburne-Scott was born on 20 Aug 1901.

Edith married Lt. Col. George Theodore Herbert Capron, son of George Herbert Capron. They had four children: George Christopher, Rachel Edith, Elizabeth Victoria, and Bridget Katherine.

13-George Christopher Capron

George married Edna Naomi Goldrei, daughter of Chanania Goldrei. They had two children: George David and Naomi Louise.

- 14-George David Capron
- 14-Naomi Louise Capron

13-Rachel Edith Capron

Rachel married **Thomas Randall Cubitt**, son of **Capt. Edward Randall Cubitt** and **Janet Catherine Pelly**. Thomas was born about 1914. They had three children: **Geoffrey Thomas**, **William George**, and **Robin Patrick**.

- **14-Geoffrey Thomas Cubitt**
- 14-William George Cubitt
- 14-Robin Patrick Cubitt

13-Elizabeth Victoria Capron

Elizabeth married David Craven Lunn-Rockliffe, son of Lt. Col. W. E. C Lunn-Rockliffe. They had five children: Caroline Mary, Susan Edith, Claire Elizabeth, Victoria, and Nicola Jane.

- 14-Caroline Mary Lunn-Rockliffe
- 14-Susan Edith Lunn-Rockliffe
- 14-Claire Elizabeth Lunn-Rockliffe
- 14-Victoria Lunn-Rockliffe
- 14-Nicola Jane Lunn-Rockliffe
- 13-Bridget Katherine Capron
- 12-Grizel Frances Catherine Hepburne-Scott was born on 28 Nov 1903 and died on 25 Jan 1955 at age 51.
- 11-Noel Edward Noel-Buxton 1st Baron Noel-Buxton was born on 9 Jan 1869 and died on 12 Sep 1948 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Truman Hanbury & Co., Brewers.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament.
- He worked as a Minister of Agriculture & Fisheries.

Noel married Lucy Edith Pelham Burn in 1914. Lucy died in Dec 1960. They had one son: Rufus Alexander.

General Notes: She succeeded her husband as Member of Parliament for Norfolk North in 1930

12-Rufus Alexander Buxton 2nd Baron Noel-Buxton was born on 13 Jan 1917 and died on 14 Jul 1980 at age 63.

Rufus married **Helen Nancy Connal**, daughter of **Col. Kenneth Hugh Munro Connal**, on 22 Sep 1939. The marriage ended in divorce. Helen died on 16 Jun 1949. They had two children: **Martin Connal** and **Simon Campden**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1947.

13-Martin Connal Noel-Buxton 3rd Baron Noel-Buxton was born on 8 Dec 1940, died on 1 Dec 2013 at age 72, and was buried on 19 Dec 2013 in Upshire, Essex.

General Notes: Death noted in The Daily Telegraph 7 Dec 2013

Martin married **Miranda Mary Chisenhale-Marsh**, daughter of **Maj. Hugo Atherton Chisenhale-Marsh** and **Doris Mary Johnson**, on 21 Jul 1964. The marriage ended in divorce. Miranda died in 1979.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1968.

Martin next married Sarah Margaret Surridge Barrett, daughter of Neil Charles Wolseley Barrett. They had two children: Charles Connal and Lucy Margaret.

- 14-Charles Connal Noel-Buxton 4th Baron Noel-Buxton
- 14-Hon. Lucy Margaret Noel-Buxton

Martin next married Abigail Marie Clent, daughter of Eric Philip Richard Clent. They had one daughter: Antonia Helen.

- 14-Hon. Antonia Helen Noel-Buxton
- 13-Hon. Simon Campden Buxton

Simon married Alison D. Liddle. They had two children: Katherine Helen and Christopher John Noel.

- 14-Katherine Helen Buxton
- 14-Christopher John Noel Buxton

Rufus next married **Margaret Elizabeth Cloete**, daughter of **Stephanus Abraham Cloete**, on 25 Sep 1948. Margaret died in 1978. They had two children: **Richard Christopher** and **Clare Elizabeth Anne**.

13-Hon. Richard Christopher Buxton

Richard married Annabel Hawker in 1988. Annabel was born in 1957 and died on 6 Oct 2018 at age 61. They had two children: Sarah and Rosie.

- 14-Sarah Noel-Buxton
- 14-Rosie Noel-Buxton

13-Hon. Clare Elizabeth Anne Buxton

Clare married Owen Hampden Inskip, son of John Hampden Inskip and Ann Howell Davies. They had two children: Victoria Anne and Thomas Hampden.

14-Victoria Anne Inskip

Victoria married Robert Henry M. Jones-Davies, son of Peter Jones-Davies and Gentian Gubbins-Mounsey-Heysham.

14-Thomas Hampden Inskip

11-Mary Catherine Buxton was born on 29 Jul 1870 and died on 6 Jan 1960 at age 89.

Mary married Rev. Stewart Gordon Ponsonby, son of Capt. Charles Ponsonby and Caroline Theophila Hutchison, on 27 Nov 1889. Stewart was born on 18 Oct 1856 in Bombay, India and died on 11 Jul 1938 at age 81. They had seven children: Noel Edward, Arthur Gordon, Katharine Victoria, Mary Felicity, Winfrid John, Gilbert Jocelyn, and Basil Leofric.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Rector of St. Mary le Bow.

12-Noel Edward Ponsonby^{30,81} was born on 14 Jan 1891 and died on 10 Dec 1928 at age 37.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. George's, Windsor Castle.
- He was educated at Repton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Oxford.
- He worked as an Organist, Royal Naval College Dartmouth in 1912-1914.
- He worked as a Director of Music, Marlborough College in 1914-1918.
- He worked as an Organist and Magister Choristarum of Ely Cathedral in 1919-1926.
- He worked as an Organist of Christ Church Cathedral, Oxford in 1926-1928.

Noel married Mary Adela White-Thomson, daughter of Rt. Rev. Leonard Jauncey White-Thomson and Hon. Margaret Adela Hepburn-Stuart-Forbes-Trefusis. They had one son: Robert.

13-Robert Ponsonby

12-Arthur Gordon Ponsonby^{30,81} was born on 14 Jun 1892 and died on 8 Apr 1978 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- Miscellaneous: Interned at Ruhleben prison camp, 1914-1918, Ruhleben, Spandau, Berlin, Germany.
- He worked as a member of H.M. Consular Service in 1920.
- He worked as a H. M. Chargé d'Affaires in 1938-1940 in Monrovia, Liberia.
- He worked as a Consul-General in 1947-1951 in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

Arthur married Jacqueline Kirdorf, daughter of Karl Kirdorf and Ursule de Puthod. They had one son: John Edward Basil.

13-Dr. John Edward Basil Ponsonby

12-Katharine Victoria Ponsonby was born on 20 Jun 1896.

Katharine married **Prof. Arthur David Ritchie**, ⁸¹ son of **Prof. David George Ritchie** and **Ellen Haycraft**, in 1921. Arthur was born on 22 Jun 1891 in Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 12 Mar 1967 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 75. They had two children: **Justin** and **Clare**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Fettes College.
- He was educated at University of St. Andrews.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Professor of Philosophy and Metaphysics, University of Edinburgh.

13-Justin Ritchie

Justin married **Pamela**. They had one daughter: **Sian**.

14-Dr. Sian Ritchie

13-Clare Ritchie

12-Mary Felicity Ponsonby was born on 11 Sep 1898 and died in 1991 at age 93.

Mary married **Sir John Kennaway 4th Bt.**, son of **Rt. Hon. Sir John Henry Kennaway 3rd Bt.** and **Frances Arbuthnot**, on 6 Oct 1931. John was born on 7 Apr 1879 and died on 3 Aug 1956 at age 77. They had three children: **John Lawrence, Richard Noel**, and **Mary Joyce**.

13-Sir John Lawrence Kennaway 5th Bt.

John married Christina Veronica Urszenyi, daughter of Michael Urszenyi. They had three children: John Michael, Julia Frances, and Irma Annabelle.

14-John Michael Kennaway

John married Lucy Frances Bradshaw-Smith, daughter of Dr. Jeremy Houlton Bradshaw-Smith. They had two children: Olivia Ursula and Jessica Imogen.

- 15-Olivia Ursula Kennaway
- 15-Jessica Imogen Kennaway
- 14-Julia Frances Kennaway
- 14-Irma Annabelle Kennaway
- 13-Richard Noel Kennaway was born on 17 Jun 1935 and died on 16 Aug 2002 at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Senior lecturer in political science.
- 13-Mary Joyce Kennaway
- 12-Winfrid John Ponsonby⁸¹ was born on 20 Feb 1901.
- 12-Gilbert Jocelyn Ponsonby⁸¹ was born on 4 May 1904 in Devonport, Devon and died in 1981 in Merton, Surrey at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He worked as a Reader in Transport at the London School of Economics.

Gilbert married **Sylvia Hollins**. They had one son: **Francis**.

13-Cmdr. Francis Ponsonby was born on 14 Jun 1932 and died on 24 May 2003 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Naval Submariner. Commander HMS Renown.
- He worked as a member of the British Naval Staff, Washington.
- He worked as a Commander of HMS Salisbury in 1973.
- He worked as a Naval Attache to Norway.

Francis married Sally Cocup. They had four children: Simon Mark Noel, (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 14-Simon Mark Noel Ponsonby was born in 1961 and died on 14 Feb 2012 at age 51.
- 14-Ponsonby
- 14-Ponsonby
- 14-Ponsonby
- 12-**Basil Leofric Ponsonby**⁸¹ was born in 1909 in The Rectory, Devonport, Devon, was christened on 10 Aug 1909, and died in 1938 at age 29. The cause of his death was Lost at sea. enroute to the Baltic States.
- 11-Constance Victoria Buxton was born on 5 Jun 1872 and died on 22 Sep 1957 at age 85.

Constance married Rev. Bertram Robert Hawker on 23 Jul 1896. Bertram died in 1952. They had two children: Vaughan Leland and Ronald Derwent.

General Notes: Runton Old Hall, Cromer, Norfolk

12-Vaughan Leland Hawker was born on 15 Jul 1898.

Vaughan married **Pamela Florence**.

12-Ronald Derwent Hawker was born on 29 Jul 1901.

Ronald married Gertrude Mary Bellingham, daughter of Brig. Gen. Sir Edward Henry Charles Patrick Bellingham 5th Bt. and Charlotte Elizabeth Payne. They had one son: Martin.

- 13-Martin Hawker
- 11-Victoria Alexandrina Buxton was born on 5 Jan 1874 and died on 30 May 1953 at age 79.

Victoria married **Lothar Henry George De Bunsen**, son of **Georg Friedrich Von Bunsen**¹² and **Emma Birkbeck**, on 25 Jun 1904. Lothar was born on 31 Oct 1858 and died on 16 Feb 1950 at age 91. They had three children: **Charles, Bernard**, and **Ronald Lothar**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
 - 12-Charles De Bunsen was born on 13 Oct 1905 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 4 Apr 1969 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 63.

General Notes: Carl De Bunsen

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Deputy-governor of Equatoria Province 1951 To 1952 in Sudan, Africa.

Charles married **Margaret Babbington-Smith**, daughter of **Sir Henry Babbington-Smith** and **Lady Elizabeth Mary Bruce**, on 5 Sep 1932 in Fife, Scotland. Margaret was born on 20 Oct 1907 in London and died in Apr 1997 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 89. They had four children: **Peter Noel, Bridget, Michael**, and **Jocelyn Maurice**.

13-Capt. Peter Noel De Bunsen

Peter married Hon. Alexandra Carington, daughter of Rt. Hon. Peter Alexander Rupert Carington 6th Baron Carrington⁸² and Iona Ellen McLean,. They had three children: Victoria, Charles Rupert, and James Peter.

14-Victoria De Bunsen

Victoria married Andrew Falcon, son of Michael Gascoigne Falcon and April Daphne Claire Lambert. They had three children: Ruby, Billy, and Frank.

- 15-Ruby Falcon
- 15-Billy Falcon
- 15-Frank Falcon
- 14-Charles Rupert De Bunsen
- 14-James Peter De Bunsen

James married **Abigail Davies**. They had one daughter: **Violet Iona**.

15-Violet Iona De Bunsen

13-Bridget De Bunsen

Bridget married **John Joseph Buxton**, son of **Maj. Anthony Buxton** and **Mary Philomena Constable-Maxwell**, on 11 Aug 1958. John was born on 9 Dec 1927 and died on 11 Jan 2014 at age 86. They had four children: **Jane Mary, Clare Margaret, Robin Anthony**, and **Caroline Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

He was educated at Ampleforth.

14-Jane Mary Buxton

Jane married Timothy James Sheldon. They had three children: Bridie Clare, Camilla Sarah, and Louisa Margaret.

- 15-Bridie Clare Sheldon
- 15-Camilla Sarah Sheldon
- 15-Louisa Margaret Sheldon

14-Clare Margaret Buxton

Clare married Theodore Thomas More Agnew. They had two children: Madeleine Elizabeth Demetria and Edwin John Botolph.

15-Madeleine Elizabeth Demetria Agnew

- 15-Edwin John Botolph Agnew
- 14-Robin Anthony Buxton

Robin married Suzanna Patricia D'arcy McCarthy. They had two children: Kate Patricia Mary and Emma Margaret D'arcy.

- 15-Kate Patricia Mary Buxton
- 15-Emma Margaret D'arcy Buxton
- 14-Caroline Mary Buxton

Caroline married Matthew Valentine Fleming, son of Valentine Patrick Fleming and Elizabeth Helen Gibbs. They had three children: Hannah Elizabeth, Victoria, and Matilda.

- 15-Hannah Elizabeth Fleming
- 15-Victoria Fleming
- 15-Matilda Fleming
- 13-Michael De Bunsen was born in 1937 and died in 1967 at age 30.
- 13-Jocelyn Maurice De Bunsen

Jocelyn married Josephine Ann Schroder, daughter of Peter William Schroder.

12-**Sir Bernard De Bunsen**³ was born on 24 Jul 1907 in Southacre, Trumpington, Cambridgeshire, died on 4 Jun 1990 in Coppets Wood Hospital, Muswell Hill, London at age 82, and was buried in St Thomas's Church, Upshire, Waltham Abbey, Essex. The cause of his death was Tuberculosis.

General Notes: Bunsen, Sir Bernard de (1907-1990), educationist, was born on 24 July 1907 at Southacre, Trumpington, near Cambridge, the second of the three children of Lothar Henry George de Bunsen (1858-1950) and his second wife, Victoria Alexandrina (1874-1953), daughter of Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, third baronet (1837-1915). Lothar de Bunsen's mother was English: his father, Georg von Bunsen, son of Christian, Baron von Bunsen, liberal Prussian ambassador in London from 1842 to 1854, led the liberals in the Reichstag. Lothar was thoroughly English and a banker with Barclays: his second wife, from a notable Quaker family, was active in political and social causes; despite ill health she co-founded the Save the Children Fund after the First World War and worked for it for most of the remainder of her life.

Between Bunsens and Buxtons-high-minded Lutheran piety mated with missionary and internationalist evangelical politics-Bernard grew up sheltered and guided by his privileged, many-branched, widely influential, and often unconventional family connections. His became a socialist Christianity, a practical concern for others less fortunate. Educated at St George's School, Harpenden, he spent a year in Switzerland, before attending the Quaker Leighton Park school (1921-6). He then went up to Balliol College, Oxford, graduating BA in 1930. After a year's teacher training, he chose to teach for three years in elementary schools in Liverpool during the depression. His subsequent decision to seek a career of wider influence sprang naturally from his upbringing. Four years as assistant education officer in Wiltshire led to an invitation to join the national inspectorate: from 1938 to 1946 he served as an inspector of schools, at his own request back in the north of England. In August 1939 he accompanied his Quaker uncle to Berlin in the unworldly hope of establishing grounds for a peaceful settlement with the Nazis. While Charles Roden Buxton had talks with Rudolf Hess and Heinrich Himmler, Bunsen put up a German aunt's blackout.

After the war, the contradictions in Bunsen's position were evident: pacific but not quite pacifist, he had accepted some shelter from war in his 'reserved occupation'; at ease with Quakers and tempted to join them, he remained in the broad Church of England, a practising believer with doubts and disbeliefs; by his own admission unacademic, he devoted himself to education. Yet his lack of dogmatism was a strength, and Christopher Cox, his perceptive friend who was educational adviser at the Colonial Office, persuaded him in August 1946 to take on the burden of director of education, Palestine. He proved able to deal evenly with Arabs and Jews and remained *en poste* through bombs and sniping, until the British mandate ended in May 1948.

Three weeks later Bunsen arrived at Makerere College, Uganda, flown out by the Colonial Office as reader and head of education. Although he had hoped to escape administrative responsibilities in Africa, the region, tumid with change, called for his capacities and held him, a presiding presence on Makerere Hill, for the next seventeen years. In 1949 he found himself acting principal as Professor Lamont resigned suddenly. The following year saw Bunsen confirmed as principal. Differences had arisen about the impending transformation of Makerere, then a mainly Ugandan training college, into the University College of East Africa, in special relation to the University of London and serving Kenya, Tanganyika, Uganda, and Zanzibar. It fell to the unacademic Bunsen, inexperienced in university affairs, to mediate and to soothe anxieties. He had to carry through the transformation, despite the suspicion of mission teachers, settlers, and many colonial civil servants (especially Edward Twining, governor of Tanganyika), many of whom were fearful of educated Africans. He nevertheless received strong backing from the Colonial Office, who provided financial support, from development and welfare funds, as did increasingly the Carnegie and Ford foundations. Above all, the fast growing, tribally diverse student body was keen to measure up internationally. Bunsen dealt firmly but sympathetically with a student strike in 1952, ostensibly about food. Despite political problems in

Buganda and the Mau Mau uprising in Kenya, his astute leadership enabled the university college to function effectively: students were able to take their London degrees and to begin professional or academic careers.

Yet the great movement of opinion in Britain and beyond that had produced the university college would also destroy it. The 1950s saw separate stirrings towards independence in each of the territories. Indians in Kenya and government in Tanganyika set up their own universities, and Bunsen had to fight for Makerere's newly established identity. Early in the 1960s the rushed imposition of independence for Kenya, Tanganyika, Uganda, and Zanzibar allowed a temporary solution: in that colonial penumbra a University of East Africa, incorporating the new colleges together with Makerere, became politically possible for a time. Bunsen's character and skills came to the fore during this upheaval. Knighted in 1962, for his last two years in Africa (1963-5) he served as vice-chancellor of this independent university, still hoping to hand on the liberal principle of academic freedom and keep open for east African students their desired wider world

Returning to Britain in 1965, Bunsen served for five years as principal of a Church of England training college at Chester. It proved, inevitably, something of an anticlimax. He retired to Hampstead in 1971 but remained president of various pro-African causes. On 25 October 1975 he married Joan Allington Harmston (*b*. 1913), a retired British Council librarian; and it was for her he wrote his autobiography, published as Adventures in Education (1995). He was dismayed by events in Africa and saddened when Africans whom he had respected behaved illiberally or worse; but he accepted that the ethos he had fostered at Makerere was being swept away by the fuller consequences of independence. Of a patient temperament, full of goodwill, he was humorously serious. In his African prime Bunsen was tall, stooped, short-sighted, thin, unathletic, and by turns vague and focused. He was a wise friend, and generous with his time. His characteristic evening walk, more a tentatively companionable shuffle, was stopped every few yards by a thought. Regarded by all as enigmatic, as somehow different from expectation, his behaviour gave rise, hence, to numerous anecdotes. He died of tuberculosis at Coppetts Wood Hospital, Coppetts Road, Muswell Hill, on 4 June 1990, and was cremated five days later. His ashes were buried at St Thomas's Church, Upshire, Waltham Abbey, on 8 September 1990.

S. J. Colman

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Archives

priv. coll., MS Palestine diary | Bodl. RH, corresp. relating to Africa Bureau · Bodl. RH, corresp. with Margery Perham

Likenesses

Elliott & Fry, photograph, 1946, NPG [see illus.] · F. Wilson, photograph, c.1953, repro. in Bunsen, Adventures in education, frontispiece · photograph, priv. coll.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St George's School, Harpenden.
- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at Balliol College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Director of Education in Palestine.

Bernard married **Joan Allington Harmston**³ on 25 Oct 1975. Joan was born in 1913 and died on 24 Nov 2000 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Librarian to the British Council.
- 12-Ronald Lothar De Bunsen was born on 19 Feb 1910 and died on 27 Feb 1992 in Goldsborough Nursing Home, Blackheath, Kent at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Burgess Farm, Upshire, Waltham Abbey, Essex.

Ronald married **Margaret Cochrane**. Margaret was born in 1912 and died in 1989 at age 77. They had one daughter: **Margaret Grenville**.

13-Margaret Grenville De Bunsen

Margaret married **William Wyndham Wilson**, son of **Charles Eric Wilson** and **Sarah Daphne While**, in 1975 in Epping, Essex. William was born on 12 Oct 1946 and died on 31 Mar 2010 at age 63. They had two children: **Susannah Margaret** and **Elizabeth Helen**.

14-Susannah Margaret Wilson

14-Elizabeth Helen Wilson

11-Charles Roden Buxton³ was born on 27 Nov 1875 in 14 Grosvenor Crescent, London, died on 16 Dec 1942 in Whingate, Peaslake, Surrey at age 67, and was buried in Peaslake cemetery, Peaslake, Surrey.

General Notes: Buxton, Charles Roden (1875–1942), politician and philanthropist, was born at 14 Grosvenor Crescent, London, on 27 November 1875, the seventh child in a family of ten and the third son of Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton (1837–1915), third baronet and director of a brewery, and his wife, Lady Victoria Noel (1839–1916) [see Buxton, Lady Victoria]. He grew up on the family estate at Warlies in Essex. He was educated at Harrow School and at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took a first in classics in 1897 and was also president of the Cambridge Union. After taking his degree he went to assist his father, who was then governor of South Australia, and travelled extensively in the Far East and India. His health had been poor since childhood, and he spent further periods abroad on medical advice, on the Riviera, in the Cévennes, and even on a cattle ranch in Texas.

Buxton abandoned hopes of an academic career after failing to gain a fellowship at Trinity— one of the great disappointments of his life. Instead he took up law, and was called to the bar in 1902 from the Inner Temple, practising on the south-eastern circuit. From 1901 he also gave lectures in English literature at Morley College for working men and women in south London; he was principal of the college from 1902 to 1910. He wrote and published on a wide range of subjects, and edited the Albany Review (formerly the Independent Review) from 1906 to 1908. On 11 August 1904 Buxton married Dorothy Frances Jebb (1881–1963) [see Buxton, Dorothy Frances], whom he had met on a Cambridge reading party in the Lake District. The couple adopted a simple, frugal lifestyle. On weekend walking tours in the south of England they were sometimes mistaken for tramps in their old clothes. They had two children, Eglantyne and David. They elected to live in a working-class district of London, at Kennington Terrace, later moving to Golders Green while the children were growing up.

Buxton gave up the law because of ill health, but also in the hope that he might serve the community better as a politician. He stood unsuccessfully as the Liberal candidate in Hertford in 1906, and in Ashburton in Devon in 1908. He was returned to parliament for Ashburton in January 1910, but was voted out again in the second election of that year, and in 1912 was selected as the Liberal candidate for Central Hackney. From 1912 to 1914 he was secretary to the Liberal land inquiry.

Buxton's extensive experience of travelling fostered a strong interest in foreign affairs, particularly in matters concerning the Balkans. In 1914 he went to Bulgaria with his brother Noel [see Buxton, Noel Edward Noel-, first Baron Noel-Buxton], on a mission to persuade the country to support the allies, in the course of which both brothers were wounded in an attack by a Turkish would-be assassin; Charles was shot through the lung. Throughout the First World War he argued the (unpopular) case for a reasonable peace by negotiation, and he was a founder member of the Union of Democratic Control. In 1917 he left the Liberals and joined the Independent Labour Party. He attended the conferences of the Socialist International in 1919 and 1920 as an interpreter for the British delegation, and acted as secretary to the Labour Party's delegation to the Soviet Union in 1920. He published an account of his experiences, In a Russian Village (1922). He was enthusiastic about the initial achievements of the Russian Revolution, which he described as the most significant event in history since the beginning of Christianity. He was a delegate to the League of Nations assembly in 1924 and 1930, and promoted the international language Esperanto, serving as president of the British Esperantists.

Buxton was defeated when he contested Accrington for the Labour Party in 1918, but won the seat in 1922, only to lose it in the following year. He returned to the Commons as the MP for Elland in 1929, but was unsuccessful in the general elections of 1931 and 1935. He was not a natural election campaigner, being described by friends as more likely to hide from his electors in the company of a good book than go out to solicit for their votes. His work for the Labour Party was mainly in policy discussion, on the advisory committees on foreign affairs and imperial questions, which he chaired from 1926 to 1937. He was also treasurer for the Independent Labour Party from 1924 to 1927. Much of his energy focused on colonial policy. He championed the rights of native peoples in Africa, and travelled to various parts of the continent, including Uganda, Kenya, and Liberia.

Buxton and his wife, Dorothy, who had publicized the sufferings of children in central Europe after the First World War, were frequent visitors to Germany and were highly critical of the Versailles settlement. As late as August 1939 Buxton was in Germany, continuing to argue that efforts should be made to answer German grievances, and that colonial opportunities should be opened up for Germany in west central Africa, always ensuring that the rights of native peoples were protected.

Christian principles informed Buxton's politics and all aspects of his life. His faith embraced a strong sense of social mission, and he moved away from the Church of England over what he saw as its identification with the privileged classes and its attitude towards war. He joined the Society of Friends and became a member of the meeting at Golders Green. It was said that because he had spent so much of his life working for peace, the outbreak of the Second World War broke his heart. He retired from political work in 1939 in poor health, and spent the last two years of his life at his daughter's house, Whingate, Peaslake, Surrey, where he died on 16 December 1942. He was buried in Peaslake cemetery. He left most of his estate to charity.

C. V. J. Griffiths

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Likenesses photograph, repro. in De Bunsen, Charles Roden Buxton

Wealth at death £19,601 18s. 0d.: resworn probate, 5 March 1943, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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C. V. J. Griffiths, 'Buxton, Charles Roden (1875–1942)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Oct 2006 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/74568

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple. Philanthropist.
- · He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a MP for Ashburton in 1910.
- He worked as a MP for Accrington 1922 To 1923.
- He worked as a MP for Elland 1929 To 1931.

Charles married **Dorothy Frances Jebb**, daughter of **Arthur Trevor Jebb** and **Eglantyne Louisa Jebb**, on 11 Aug 1904. Dorothy was born on 3 Mar 1881 in The Lyth, Ellesmere, Shropshire and died on 8 Apr 1963 in Whingate, Peaslake, Surrey at age 82. They had two children: **David Roden** and **Eglantyne Roden**.

General Notes: Buxton [née Jebb], Dorothy Frances (1881–1963), humanitarian and social activist, was born on 3 March 1881 at The Lyth, Ellesmere, Shropshire, the youngest daughter of Arthur Trevor Jebb (1839–1894), barrister and philanthropic squire, and his wife, Eglantyne Louisa Jebb (1845–1925), community worker and poet, the sister of Sir Richard Claverhouse Jebb MP, regius professor of Greek at Cambridge. Louisa [see Wilkins, Louisa] and Eglantyne Jebb were her elder sisters. She was educated at Newnham College, Cambridge (1900–04). On 11 August 1904 she married Charles Roden Buxton (1875–1942), the third son of Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, third baronet. The young couple deliberately set up house in the poor London district of Kennington to share those hardships they dedicated themselves as radicals to relieve, if not abolish. Charles Buxton was an educationist with political ambitions to reform the country via parliament; Dorothy was a high-minded social activist, a latter-day Dorothea Brooke, one, in Keats's words: to whom the miseries of the world

Are misery and will not let them rest.

In 1916 she joined both the Independent Labour Party and the Society of Friends.

When the First World War broke out with its concomitant propaganda war Dorothy Buxton could not bear the dehumanization of the German people in the British press which she knew would only worsen and prolong the war and make an eventual genuine peace settlement impossible. She determined to bring before English readers evidence of the fellow humanity of 'the enemy' and, in particular, evidence of the opposition to German chauvinism and militaristic imperialism within Germany. Therefore she set herself to translate and publish in leaflet form extracts from the foreign press, including twenty-five enemy papers which the Board of Trade allowed her to import from Scandinavia— the board was perhaps not unwilling to have such 'intelligence' work done for it voluntarily. She was then invited by C. K. Ogden to publish her unpopular but influential 'Notes from the foreign press' in his weekly Cambridge Magazine, which she did from October 1915 to early 1920. She published the news of German socialist anti-war demonstrations and the evidence that the British hardline position on the destruction of Germany only increased support for that country's intransigent military leadership. To translate from French, German, Italian, Russian, Hungarian, Romanian, and Finnish— 100 newspapers in all—required a team of scores of expert linguists and translators and shorthand typists, not to mention specialists in foreign affairs; all of the work was supervised and edited by Dorothy Buxton in her own home, which was turned into the daily headquarters. Although she then had two young children, her 'austerity impelled her to make a sacrifice of home-life itself' (Bunsen, 49). From 1917 Dorothy Buxton received and disseminated the news of appalling privation in Germany. So intolerable did she consider the starving of Germans and Austrians by the allied blockade, even after they had surrendered, that she and her sister Eglantyne, together with Lord Parmoor, Kate Courtney, and Marian Ellis, co-founded the Fight the Famine Committee in 1919 to

Dorothy Buxton continued to be a humanitarian activist all her life. During the 1930s she collected and circulated reports on Nazi concentration camps that she had received from the refugees she was aiding, only to have them pigeon-holed by the Foreign Office until after the Second World War had broken out and they were inefficacious. Her husband's peace witness made him an appeaser of Germany's claims to right the wrongs of the treaty of Versailles. But Dorothy insisted on publicizing Nazi atrocities; she even made a quixotic attempt to see Goering in 1935 to confront him with the abominations being perpetrated and so shame him out of his Nazism. He of course only started shouting at her in fury. Both before and during the Second World War she made contact with the Bekennende Kirche— the underground protestant anti-Nazi Christians in Germany, including Bonhoeffer— once again publicizing the existence of humane Germans for British readers. She died, twenty years after her husband, at her home, Whingate, Peaslake, near Guildford, Surrey, on 8 April 1963.

Sybil Oldfield

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Likenesses photograph, c.1904, repro. in Wilson, Rebel daughter · photograph, 1922, repro. in general election leaflet [Accrington parliamentary borough]

Wealth at death £44,015 15s. 3d.: probate, 6 Aug 1963, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Sybil Oldfield, 'Buxton', Dorothy Frances (1881–1963)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/56643

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Newnham College, Cambridge.
- She worked as a Co-founder of the Save the Children Fund.

- She was a Quaker.
 - 12-David Roden Buxton was born on 26 Feb 1910 and died on 17 Nov 2003 at age 93.

David married Violet Mary Buxton, daughter of Wing Cmdr. Denis Alfred Jex Buxton and Emily Mary Hollins. They had five children: Elizabeth Eglantyne, Richenda Mary, Francesca, Charles Benedict, and James Andrew Denis.

13-Elizabeth Eglantyne Buxton was born on 13 Sep 1951 and died in 1985 at age 34.

Elizabeth married John Waterfield.

13-Richenda Mary Buxton

Richenda married Michael Desmond Tennyson Barley. They had one son: Joshua Bernard Tennyson.

- 14-Joshua Bernard Tennyson Barley
- 13-Francesca Buxton
- 13-Charles Benedict Buxton

Charles married Caroline Mavis Beadle. They had three children: Toby Finbarr, Richard Ronan, and Martin Patrick Mingulay.

- 14-Toby Finbarr Buxton
- 14-Richard Ronan Buxton
- 14-Martin Patrick Mingulay Buxton
- 13-James Andrew Denis Buxton

David next married Annelore Gerstl, daughter of Arnold Gerstl. They had one son: Roden Arnold.

13-Roden Arnold Buxton

Roden married Linda Jane Miller. They had two children: Samuel Roden and Oliver Silas.

- 14-Samuel Roden Buxton
- 14-Oliver Silas Buxton
- 12-**Eglantyne Roden Buxton** was born on 4 Aug 1906.
- 11-Mabel Frances Evelyn Buxton was born on 29 Jan 1878 and died on 25 Oct 1966 at age 88.

Mabel married **Maj. William Morse Crowdy**, son of **Alfred Southby Crowdy** and **Emma Eliza**, on 21 Dec 1920. William was born in 1867 in Torquay, Devon and died in 1949 at age 82. They had one son: **Frederick Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Devonshire Regiment.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
 - 12-Frederick Henry Crowdy was born on 8 Nov 1918 in Whitstable. Kent and died in May 1997 in Bath, Somerset at age 78.

Frederick married Mary Rosalind Fry, daughter of Dr. Lewis Salisbury Fry and Margaret Mary Mathew. They had three children: Jane, Martin, and Philip.

- 13-Jane Crowdy
- 13-Martin Crowdy
- 13-Philip Crowdy
- 11-Rt. Rev. Harold Jocelyn Buxton^{38,84} was born on 20 Jun 1880 and died on 13 Mar 1976 at age 95.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Archdeacon of Cyprus: Chaplain to the Bishop of Rangoon.
- 11-**Leland William Wilberforce Buxton**³⁸ was born on 3 Jul 1884 and died on 12 Mar 1967 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Harrow. Trinity College.

Leland married **Ada Mary Oakes**, daughter of **Rev. Thomas Henry Royal Oakes**, on 9 Apr 1912. Ada died in 1979. They had four children: **Julian Wilberforce**, **Diana Elizabeth**, **Aubrey Leland Oakes**, and **Mary Judith**.

12-Maj. Julian Wilberforce Buxton

Julian married Maria Iseult Dunsterville, daughter of Walter Frederick Dunsterville.

12-Diana Elizabeth Buxton

Diana married Cmdr. Adrian James Dent, son of Sir Francis Henry Dent. They had four children: Henrietta Gladys, Janet Sylvia, Simon Adrian Noel, and Jeremy Francis.

13-Henrietta Gladys Dent

Henrietta married Simon Aldan Reynolds, son of Lt. Col. Guy Franklin Reynolds.

13-Janet Sylvia Dent

Janet married Michael Robjohn.

13-Simon Adrian Noel Dent

Simon married Brigitte Engelhart.

13-Jeremy Francis Dent

Jeremy married **Penelope Linton**.

12-Rt. Hon. Aubrey Leland Oakes Buxton Lord Buxton was born on 15 Jul 1918 and died on 1 Sep 2009 at age 91.

General Notes: Aubrey Leland Oakes Buxton

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ampleforth and Trinity Cambridge.
- He worked as a Television Executive.

Aubrey married Pamela Mary Birkin, daughter of Sir Henry Ralph Stanley "Tim" Birkin 3rd Bt. and Audrey Clare Lilian Latham, in 1946. Pamela died in 1983. They had six children: Nicola Mary Caroline, Timothy Leland, Lucinda Catherine, Veronica Frances, Aubrey James Francis, and Victoria Jane.

13-Hon. Nicola Mary Caroline Buxton

Nicola married Adrian William Guy Sykes. They had five children: Eleanor Mary Fiona, Samuel Adrian Aubrey, Miranda Pamma Lucinda, Daisy Maria Hester, and Pandora India Nicola.

- 14-Eleanor Mary Fiona Sykes
- 14-Samuel Adrian Aubrey Sykes

Samuel married Anna Lucy Hanbury, daughter of Leslie Francis Hanbury and Daphne G. Briggs. They had two children: Poppy and Matilda.

- 15-Poppy Sykes
- 15-Matilda Sykes
- 14-Miranda Pamma Lucinda Sykes
- 14-Daisy Maria Hester Sykes was born in 1985 and died in 1985.
- 14-Pandora India Nicola Sykes
- 13-Hon. Timothy Leland Buxton

Timothy married Julie Mary Parker, daughter of Lt. Cmdr. John Michael Avison Parker. They had three children: Alexandra Louise, Edward Leland, and Alexander.

- 14-Alexandra Louise Buxton
- 14-Edward Leland Buxton
- 14-Alexander Buxton

Timothy next married Amanada Evelyn Fraser, daughter of Air Cdre. Anthony Walkinshaw Fraser.

- 13-Hon. Lucinda Catherine Buxton
- 13-Hon. Veronica Frances Buxton

Veronica married William Robert Charles Williams-Wynne, son of Col. John Francis Williams-Wynn and Margaret Gwendolen Hayward Roper. They had three children: Chloe Frances, Leonora Mary, and Rose Margaret.

- 14-Chloe Frances Williams-Wynne
- 14-Leonora Mary Williams-Wynne
- 14-Rose Margaret Williams-Wynne
- 13-Hon. Aubrey James Francis Buxton

Aubrey married Melinda Dorothy Marie Samuelson, daughter of Peter Henry Samuelson and Pauline Lucie Mayer. They had three children: Emma Lucie Maria, Olivia Louise, and Henry James Aubrey.

- 14-Emma Lucie Maria Buxton
- 14-Olivia Louise Buxton

Olivia married Rupert Neville Laurence. They had one son: Milo.

15-Milo Laurence

14-Henry James Aubrey Buxton

13-Hon. Victoria Jane Buxton

Aubrey next married Kathleen Peterson.

12-Mary Judith Buxton was born on 29 Apr 1922 and died on 11 Dec 2020 at age 98.

Mary married Philip Arthur Leo Gompertz, son of Lt. Col. A. V. Gompertz, on 6 Jun 1942. Philip died on 19 Aug 1942 in Killed In Action..

Mary next married Maj. Clement Wynter Lister. They had two children: Philippa Judith and Patrick Thomas Buxton.

13-Philippa Judith Lister

Philippa married **David John Lloyd Watkins**.

13-Patrick Thomas Buxton Lister was born on 7 Aug 1948 and died in 1989 at age 41.

10-Samuel Gurney Buxton^{41,85,86} was born on 1 Nov 1838 and died on 12 Feb 1909 in Catton Hall, Norwich, Norfolk at age 70.

General Notes: MR. SAMUEL GURNEY BUXTON, J.P., D.L., of Catton Hall, Norfolk, died on February 16th at the age of 70. He was educated at Harrow and Cambridge, but, although a very useful player, did not obtain a place in either Eleven. For several years, however, he appeared for Norfolk and he was always a most liberal supporter of the game. Scores and Biographies (ix.-171) describes him as An average bat, and a very straight, slow, round-armed bowler with a high delivery and a good break from the leg. *Wisden Almanac*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a Banker.
- He worked as a First Vice-chairman of Barclay & Co. Ltd.
- He had a residence in Catton Hall, Norwich, Norfolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1891.

Samuel married Louisa Caroline Gurney Hoare, 41,86 daughter of John Gurney Hoare Hoare Hoare, and Caroline Barclay, on 3 Sep 1861. Louisa was born on 8 Jul 1840 in Hampstead and died on 1 Mar 1879 in Hereford Gardens, Park Lane, London at age 38. They had ten children: Margaret Caroline, Edward Gurney, Anna Mildred, Isabel Louisa, Henry Gurney, Victoria Caroline Audrey, Carolyn "Cara" Gurney, Lionel Gurney, Bertrand, and Bernard Gurney.

11-Margaret Caroline Buxton was born on 25 Aug 1863 and died on 26 Jul 1943 at age 79.

Margaret married Richard Gurney Hoare, son of Francis Hoare, on 13 Dec 1888. Richard died on 23 Feb 1945.

11-Edward Gurney Buxton^{86,88} was born on 4 Aug 1865 and died on 19 Apr 1929 at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1922.
- He worked as a Partner in Gurneys' Bank in Norwich, Norfolk.

Edward married **Laura Gurney**, ⁸⁶ daughter of **John Gurney**^{30,56,86} and **Isabel Charlotte Blake-Humfrey**, ^{30,56} on 24 Oct 1895. Laura was born about 1876 and died on 15 Dec 1957 about age 81. They had 11 children: **Desmond Gurney, Eric, Hubert Edward, Mervyn, Phyllis, Mark, Enid Laura, Monica, Daphne, Valerie Isabel**, and **Louise Jacinth**.

12-Maj. Desmond Gurney Buxton^{86,89} was born on 4 Jan 1898 and died on 29 Sep 1987 at age 89.

General Notes: Major Desmond Gurney Buxton was educated at Eton College, Eton, Berkshire, England. He was educated at Royal Military College, Sandhurst, Berkshire, England. He fought in the First World War.3 He held the office of Sheriff of Norwich in 1936. He fought in the Second World War.1 He gained the rank of Major in the service of the King's Royal Rifle Corps He held the office of High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1960. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.) of Norfolk in 1961.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1960.

Desmond married Rachel Mary Morse, 89 daughter of Lt. Col. Arthur Francis Morse. Rachel was born in 1906 and died on 11 Mar 1994 at age 88. They had six children: Gillian Mary, Andrew Edward, Annabel Audrey, Rosalinde Rachel, Elizabeth Laura, and James Desmond.

13-Gillian Mary Buxton was born on 19 Sep 1931 and died in Nov 1969 at age 38.

13-Andrew Edward Buxton

Andrew married Barbara Anne Lloyd, daughter of Capt. Cyril Gascoigne Lloyd. They had three children: Laura Catherine, Nicola Rachel Anne, and Harry Desmond Gascoigne.

14-Laura Catherine Buxton

Laura married Charles R. Erith, son of Robert Erith. They had three children: Jemima Barbara, Minna Catherine Kingsford, and George Charles.

- 15-Jemima Barbara Erith
- 15-Minna Catherine Kingsford Erith
- 15-George Charles Erith

14-Nicola Rachel Anne Buxton

Nicola married William Marsden, son of Maj. Norman Marsden. They had two children: Scarlett Rosanna and Benjamin Harry John.

- 15-Scarlett Rosanna Marsden
- 15-Benjamin Harry John Marsden

14-Harry Desmond Gascoigne Buxton

Harry married Rachel Mulholland. They had two children: Samuel Edward Andrew and William Robert Lloyd.

- 15-Samuel Edward Andrew Buxton
- 15-William Robert Lloyd Buxton

13-Annabel Audrey Buxton was born on 19 Jan 1938 and died on 16 Dec 2020 at age 82.

Annabel married **Iain Francis Wauchope Buchan** on 5 Oct 1979. Iain died on 8 Nov 2019.

13-Rosalinde Rachel Buxton

Rosalinde married John Raoul Wilmot Stansfield Of Dunninald, son of John De Bourbel Stansfield Of Dunninald and Mary Marow Eardley-Wilmot. They had three children: Edward John Buxton, Robert George Wilmot, and Nicholas Desmond Morse.

14-Edward John Buxton Stansfield

Edward married Mary Katharine Margaret Brackenbury, daughter of Robert Graham Langton Brackenbury. They had two children: Katharine Elizabeth and Harold John Maryons.

- 15-Katharine Elizabeth Stansfield
- 15-Harold John Maryons Stansfield
- 14-Robert George Wilmot Stansfield

Robert married Maryel Cecilia Napier, daughter of Hon. Charles Malcolm Napier and Lady Mariota Cecilia Murray.

- 14-Nicholas Desmond Morse Stansfield
- 13-Elizabeth Laura Buxton

Elizabeth married William Lister Archibald Pryor, son of Rev. Archibald Selwyn Pryor. They had four children: Thomas William, Victoria Elizabeth, Alexander Timothy William, and Hugh William Archibald.

- 14-Thomas William Pryor was born on 2 Jun 1964 and died on 20 Apr 1967 at age 2.
- 14-Victoria Elizabeth Pryor
- 14-Alexander Timothy William Pryor
- 14-Hugh William Archibald Pryor
- 13-James Desmond Buxton

James married Annabella Collins, daughter of Lt. Cdr. Douglas Raymond Collins and Una Patricia Backhouse. They had two children: Jasper Francis and Oliver Desmond.

- 14-Jasper Francis Buxton
- 14-Oliver Desmond Buxton
- 12-Eric Buxton⁸⁶ was born on 30 Jun 1899 and died on 26 Mar 1979 at age 79.
- 12-Maj. Hubert Edward Buxton^{78,86} was born on 15 Aug 1901 and died in 1973 at age 72.

General Notes: He gained the rank of Major in the service of the East African Pioneer Corps. He was chairman of the Nakuru City Council in 1958

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: He inherited his aunt Cara Buxton's farm.
- He worked as a Chairman of Nakuru City Council in Nakuru, Kenya.

Hubert married **Anne Hawise Colleton Bowring**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Arthur Hautayne Bowring** and **Lorna C. Colleton**. They had two children: **Robert Hugh** and **Sara Carolyn Colleton**.

13-Robert Hugh Buxton

Robert married **Helen Loveday Plesse**, daughter of **D. M. R. Plesse**. They had two children: **David Colleton** and **Henry Gurney**.

- 14-David Colleton Buxton
- 14-Henry Gurney Buxton

Henry married **Julia Jay**. They had one son: **Rafe Ivo Jay**.

15-Rafe Ivo Jay Buxton

Robert next married Judith Serena Rumsey, daughter of John Richard Rumsey. They had one son: Jonathan Hugh.

- 14-Jonathan Hugh Buxton
- 13-Sara Carolyn Colleton Buxton

Sara married Peter James Foot. They had two children: Lorna Alice and Elizabeth Angela.

- 14-Lorna Alice Foot
- 14-Elizabeth Angela Foot
- 12-Lt. Mervyn Buxton⁸⁶ was born on 5 May 1903 and died on 12 May 1944 in Action at age 41.

General Notes: Lieutenant. Born 5.5.1903, 4th son of Edward Gurney Buxton and Laura Buxton n,e Gurney, husband of Carmela Mary Beatrice Buxton n,e Lyon of Earl's Court, London. He was at Charterhouse [B] 1916 - 1921, and worked for Barclays Bank before serving in the Royal Army Pay Corps. He died on active service on 12.5.44, aged 41, in Footscray Military Hospital. He is buried in St Mary Cray Cemetery, Orpington, Kent: plot E, division 3, grave 105.

Mervyn married Carmela Mary Beatrice Lyon, daughter of George Herbert Lyon. They had two children: Simon Lyon and Ian Lyon.

13-Simon Lyon Buxton was born on 14 Nov 1935 and died on 3 Mar 2015 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 79.

Simon married Janet Susan Paine. They had two children: Thomas Lyon and Bennington Haille.

- 14-Thomas Lyon Buxton
- 14-Bennington Haille Buxton
- 13-Dr. Ian Lyon Buxton

Ian married Jean Mary Cochrane, daughter of William Cochrane. They had two children: Fiona Anne and Keith Mervyn Lyon.

- 14-Fiona Anne Buxton
- 14-Keith Mervyn Lyon Buxton
- 12-**Phyllis Buxton**⁸⁶ was born on 12 Feb 1907 and died on 26 Apr 1985 at age 78.

Phyllis married Lt. Col. Cecil Townley Mitford-Slade, son of Col. William Kenyon Mitford and Cicely Maud Slade, on 22 Apr 1931. Cecil died in 1985. They had three children: Anthony Cecil Wyndham, Patrick Buxton, and Carolyn Noel.

13-Maj. Anthony Cecil Wyndham Mitford-Slade

Anthony married Mary Dawn Rogers, daughter of Stanley Clive Rogers. They had four children: Rosemary Anne, Christpher Neave, Richard Cecil, and Timothy Clive.

14-Rosemary Anne Mitford-Slade

Rosemary married Col. Michael John Vacher. They had one son: Thomas Anthony John.

- 15-Thomas Anthony John Vacher
- 14-Christpher Neave Mitford-Slade

Christpher married Lucy Mucklow.

14-Richard Cecil Mitford-Slade

Richard married **Fiona Pearson**.

14-Timothy Clive Mitford-Slade

Timothy married Amy Dunster.

13-Patrick Buxton Mitford-Slade

Patrick married Anne Catharine Stanton, daughter of Arthur Holbrow Stanton. They had three children: Nicola Claire, Fiona Dawn, and James Patrick.

14-Nicola Claire Mitford-Slade

Nicola married Michael Christopher Rollason. They had three children: Isabella, Maximilian Winson Mitford, and Savanna.

- 15-Isabella Rollason
- 15-Maximilian Winson Mitford Rollason
- 15-Savanna Rollason
- 14-Dr. Fiona Dawn Mitford-Slade
- 14-James Patrick Mitford

James married Emma Hoddell.

13-Carolyn Noel Mitford-Slade

Carolyn married **Peter Alec Charles Moore**. They had one daughter: **Alice Hermione**.

- **14-Alice Hermione Moore**
- 12-Mark Buxton⁸⁶ was born on 23 Nov 1909 and died in 1972 at age 63.

Mark married Penelope Ann Cecil Clifton, daughter of Edmund C. Clifton. They had one son: Jeremy Clifton Gurney.

- 13-Jeremy Clifton Gurney Buxton
- 12-Enid Laura Buxton⁸⁶ was born in 1914 and died in 1981 at age 67.

Enid married Laurence Frederick York, son of Col. Edward York. They had three children: Sonia Elisabeth, Bridget Laura, and Katherine Diana.

13-Sonia Elisabeth York

Sonia married John Giles Selby Coode-Adams, son of Geoffrey Coode-Adams and Cynthia Mildred Selby-Bigge. They had two children: Henrietta Mary and Benjamin Richard.

14-Henrietta Mary Coode-Adams

Henrietta married David Christian Guest, son of Patrick Henry Guest.

14-Benjamin Richard Coode-Adams

13-Bridget Laura York

Bridget married (**Arthur**) William Stevenson, son of **Maj. Arthur John Stevenson** and (**Olivia**) **Diana Serocold**, on 31 May 1969 in Stoke by Nayland, Suffolk. (Arthur) was born on 17 Oct 1943 in London, died on 8 Dec 2012 at age 69, and was buried on 18 Dec 2012 in St. Peter's Church, London. (Funeral). They had three children: **Rebecca Clare, Henry Lawrence**, and **Robert Frederick John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD QC.
- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Lincoln's Inn in 1968.
- He worked as a Recorder of the Crown Court in 1992.
 - 14-Rebecca Clare Stevenson
 - 14-Henry Lawrence Stevenson

Henry married Aimee Paterson. They had two children: Huxley Lawrence and Milo George.

- 15-Huxley Lawrence Stevenson
- 15-Milo George Stevenson⁹² was born on 23 Jul 2008 and died on 11 Mar 2010 at age 1.
- 14-Robert Frederick John Stevenson

Robert married Frances Vivienne Price. They had three children: Beatrice Flora, Matilda Vivienne, and Dominic Arthur William.

- 15-Beatrice Flora Stevenson
- 15-Matilda Vivienne Stevenson
- 15-Dominic Arthur William Stevenson
- 13-Katherine Diana York

Katherine married Nicholas John Stafford Penn Fox. They had three children: Harriet Laura Penn, Madeleine Victoria Penn, and Laurence William Penn.

- 14-Harriet Laura Penn Fox
- 14-Madeleine Victoria Penn Fox
- 14-Laurence William Penn Fox

Katherine next married John Harold Vick Sutcliffe.

12-Monica Buxton

Monica married Maj. Robert Henry Calvert, son of Lt. Col. Charles Archibald Calvert and Winifred Susan Cholmeley. They had five children: Monica Julia, Diana, Patricia Rohays, Richenda Henrietta, and Georgina Sophia.

13-Monica Julia Calvert

Monica married John Dominic Morrogh Bernard, son of Lt. Col. Joseph George Morrogh Bernard and Nancy Mary Charlton. They had two children: Katherine Mary and Alexander Dominic Calvert.

- 14-Katherine Mary Morrogh Bernard
- 14-Alexander Dominic Calvert Morrogh Bernard

Monica next married Maj. Sir Shane Gabriel Basil Blewitt, son of Col. Basil Blewitt.

13-Diana Calvert

Diana married Richard Makepeace Martineau, son of Maurice Martineau.

13-Patricia Rohays Calvert

Patricia married Michael Charles Richardson, son of Douglas Courtenay Richardson. They had three children: Mark Jonathan, Lucinda Patricia, and Anne Monica.

14-Mark Jonathan Richardson

Mark married Umaporn Metha-Itti.

- 14-Lucinda Patricia Richardson
- 14-Anne Monica Richardson
- 13-Richenda Henrietta Calvert was born on 5 Aug 1946 and died on 2 Oct 1947 at age 1.

13-Georgina Sophia Calvert

Georgina married John Richard Hull Moore, son of Col. Alec Moore. They had three children: Alec John Calvert, Mariamne Sophia, and Sophie Diana.

- 14-Alec John Calvert Moore
- 14-Mariamne Sophia Moore
- 14-Sophie Diana Moore
- 12-Daphne Buxton⁸⁶ died on 19 Aug 1998.

General Notes: MBE

Daphne married **Capt. Russell Thomas Harmer**, son of **Sir Sidney Harmer** and **Laura Russell Howell**, on 10 Oct 1929. Russell was born on 5 Nov 1896 and died on 31 Oct 1940 at age 43. They had three children: **Jean Laura, Thomas Edward**, and **Daniel Sidney**.

13-Jean Laura Harmer

Jean married David Ian Hird, son of W. F. Hird. They had five children: Alison Daphne, Claire Laura, Isobel Rosalie, Vivien Anne, and Penelope.

14-Alison Daphne Hird

Alison married Edward Evans.

14-Claire Laura Hird

Claire married Peter Pearson.

14-Isobel Rosalie Hird

Isobel married Nigel Cooper.

14-Vivien Anne Hird

Vivien married Ian Plummer.

14-Penelope Hird

Penelope married **John White**.

13-Thomas Edward Harmer

Thomas married Ruth Macmillan Walker, daughter of David L. Walker. They had five children: Charles Russell, Mary Elizabeth, Ann Catherine, Edward David, and Nicholas John.

- 14-Charles Russell Harmer
- 14-Mary Elizabeth Harmer

Mary married Neil Fraser Robertson.

- 14-Ann Catherine Harmer
- 14-Edward David Harmer
- 14-Nicholas John Harmer
- 13-Daniel Sidney Harmer

Daniel married Jacqueline Erwin Moore. They had three children: Stephen Russell, Philip Reginald, and Colin John.

- 14-Stephen Russell Harmer
- 14-**Philip Reginald Harmer** was born on 6 Oct 1965 and died on 15 Feb 1966.
- 14-Colin John Harmer
- 12-Valerie Isabel Buxton⁸⁶ died in May 1934.
- 12-Louise Jacinth Buxton⁸⁶ died in 1991.

Louise married **Benjamin Whittaker**. They had three children: **Edward Benjamin Buxton**, **Nigel Buxton**, and **Clive Buxton**.

- 13-Edward Benjamin Buxton Whittaker
- 13-Nigel Buxton Whittaker
- 13-Clive Buxton Whittaker
- 11-Anna Mildred Buxton was born on 1 Nov 1867 and died on 29 Mar 1934 at age 66.

Anna married Lt. Col. William Douglas Whatman, son of William Godfrey Whatman, on 4 Sep 1889. William died on 28 Jun 1929.

11-Isabel Louisa Buxton was born on 11 Dec 1869 in Old Catton, Norfolk and died on 21 Apr 1962 at age 92.

Isabel married **Edward Hay Gurney**, son of **Lt. Col. Francis Hay Gurney**^{56,93} and **Margaret Charlotte ffolkes**, on 28 Aug 1894. Edward was born on 12 Oct 1866 in Thorpe St Andrew, Norfolk and died on 25 Jul 1935 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 68. They had four children: **Sylvia Margaret Hay, Catherine Isabel, Cecil Hay**, and **Hugo Edward**.

General Notes: Gurney, Edward Hay.

Adm. pens. at TRINITY, May 12, 1885. [6th] s. of Francis Hay (1843), of Keswick Hall, Norwich. B. [Oct. 12], 1866, at Thorpe, near Norwich. School, Harrow. Matric. Michs. 1885. In Gurneys' Bank, Ipswich. Freeman of Norwich, 1887. Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Capt., Suffolk Yeo. (T.F. Res.)). Of Stone Lodge, near Ipswich. Brother of Reginald (1868), Lovel W. (1883) and Hudson (1887). (Harrow Sch. Reg.; Univ. War List.)

12-Sylvia Margaret Hay Gurney was born in Sep 1895 in Henstead, Norfolk and died on 13 Dec 1916 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 21.

12-Catherine Isabel Gurney was born in 1898.

Catherine married Eric Smart Weatherhead.

12-Brig. Cecil Hay Gurney was born on 26 May 1901 in Thorpe St Andrew, Norfolk and died in Nov 1999 in Suffolk at age 98.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with CBE.

Cecil married Elnyth Segar-Owen. They had one son: Carol James Hay.

13-Maj. Carol James Hay Gurney

Carol married Elizabeth Sara Ann Coates, daughter of Sir Frederick Gregory Lindsay Coates 2nd Bt. and Joan Nugent Spinks. They had two children: Sarah Catherine and Christopher Hay.

14-Sarah Catherine Gurney

Sarah married Rupert Lyle Charles Eley, son of Oliver John Maxwell Eley. They had two children: Cuthbert Oliver Edmund and Rosemary Anne.

- 15-Cuthbert Oliver Edmund Eley
- 15-Rosemary Anne Eley
- 14-Christopher Hay Gurney

Christopher married Helena Ruth Mary Maxwell-Lawford, daughter of Nicholas Anthony Maxwell-Lawford. They had one son: Samuel Nicholas Hay.

15-Samuel Nicholas Hay Gurney

12-**Hugo Edward Gurney**⁹⁴ was born on 19 May 1906 in Thorpe St Andrew, Norfolk, died on 27 Dec 1976 in Tarrant Keynston, Dorset at age 70, and was buried on 5 Jan 1977 in Tarrant Keynston, Dorset.

Hugo married Elizabeth Biddlecombe.

11-Henry Gurney Buxton⁸⁶ was born on 23 Jun 1871 in Catton, Norfolk and died on 6 Aug 1936 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 65.

Henry married **Evelyn Musgrave Harvey**, 86 daughter of **Richard Musgrave Harvey** and **Adeline Powell**, on 30 Apr 1910. Evelyn was born on 2 Oct 1879 in Hammersmith, London and died on 24 Dec 1953 in Burnham Market, Norfolk at age 74. They had one daughter: **Grizell Evelyn**.

12-Grizell Evelyn Buxton was born on 18 Jul 1919 and died in 1985 at age 66.

Grizell married **Venerable Edwin James Greenfield Ward**, son of **Rev. Frederick Greenfield Ward**, on 4 Sep 1946. Edwin was born on 26 Oct 1919 and died on 22 Nov 2005 at age 86. They had three children: **Joanna Grizelda, Alison Bridget**, and **Simon Andrew Buxton**.

General Notes: Venerable Edwin James Greenfield Ward was educated at St. John's School, Leatherhead, Surrey, England. He graduated from Christ's College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He fought in the Second World War, in the King's Dragoon Guards. He was invested as a Member, Royal Victorian Order (M.V.O.). He was the Vicar between 1950 and 1955 at North Elmham, Norfolk, England. He held the office of Chaplain to HM Queen Elizabeth II in 1955. He was the Chaplain between 1955 and 1967 at Royal Chapel, Windsor Great Park, Windsor, Berkshire, England. He held the office of Archdeacon of Sherborne. He was invested as a Lieutenant, Royal Victorian Order (L.V.O.) in 1963. He was the Rector between 1967 and 1984 at West Stafford, Dorset

13-Joanna Grizelda Ward

13-Alison Bridget Ward

Alison married John Wakeham 1st Baron Wakeham.

13-Simon Andrew Buxton Ward

- 11-Victoria Caroline Audrey Buxton was born on 24 May 1874 and died on 1 Jan 1952 at age 77.
- 11-Carolyn "Cara" Gurney Buxton⁷⁸ was born on 18 Jun 1875 and died on 30 Jul 1936 at age 61. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 11-Maj. Lionel Gurney Buxton was born on 6 Sep 1876 and died on 25 Apr 1962 at age 85.

General Notes: He fought in the Boer War between 1901 and 1902. He was Member, Royal Victorian Order (M.V.O.) in 1905. He fought in the First World War, where he was mentioned in despatches. He gained the rank of Major in the service of the Royal Artillery. He was decorated with the award of Military Cross (M.C.). He was decorated with the award of Honour

- 11-Bertrand Buxton was born on 6 Sep 1876 and died on 1 Mar 1879 at age 2.
- 11-Bernard Gurney Buxton⁴¹ was born in 1879 and died on 28 Feb 1879.

Samuel next married **Mary Anne Birkbeck**, 85 daughter of **Henry Birkbeck** and **Mary Ann Hamond**, on 7 Jun 1886. Mary was born on 19 Aug 1851 in Stoke Holy Cross, Norfolk and died on 6 Apr 1938 at age 86. They had two children: **Richard Gurney** and **Minna Alice Gurney**.

General Notes: Known as "Minna", to distinguish her from her mother.

11-Capt. Richard Gurney Buxton^{85,86} was born on 6 May 1887 in Catton Hall, Norwich, Norfolk and died on 26 Dec 1972 in Wiverton Hall, Holt, Norfolk at age 85.

Richard married **Mary Primrose Ralli**, ⁸⁶ daughter of **Maj. Antonio Stephen Ralli** ⁸⁶ and **Mina Scaramanga**, on 16 Jul 1914. Mary was born on 9 Apr 1894 and died in 1972 at age 78. They had two children: **Pamela Chloë** and **Marian Camilla**.

12-Pamela Chloë Buxton was born in 1915.

Pamela married Michael Desmond MacCarthy, son of Sir Desmond Maccarthy, on 24 May 1948. Michael died in 1973. They had two children: Mary Lisa and Desmond James.

- 13-Mary Lisa MacCarthy
- 13-Desmond James MacCarthy

Desmond married **Hon. Christina Anne Loder**, daughter of **John Christopher Loder 3rd Baron Wakehurst** and **Ingeborg Krumbholtz-Hess**. They had two children: **Edmund Michael** and **Isabel Inge**.

- 14-Edmund Michael MacCarthy
- 14-Isabel Inge MacCarthy
- 12-Marian Camilla Buxton

Marian married Maj. Richard Peyton. They had two children: Robin Derek and Nigel Richard.

- 13-Robin Derek Peyton
- 13-Nigel Richard Peyton
- 11-**Minna Alice Gurney Buxton**⁸⁵ was born on 22 Mar 1889 in Catton Hall, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 11 Oct 1976 in The Old Rectory, Gowran, Co. Kilkenny at age 87, and was buried in Ballicopagan Cemetery, Co. Carlow.

Ireland again - it must be well over 40 years since I was at Arklow & Wicklow &c (It was 1887 - 45 years earlier) - the country is most wonderfully improved, tidied up, better farmed, better buildings, people better off - But wire has quite spoilt it for hunting - it is dreadful everywhere - There is still the old feeling of insecurity, apprehension & suspicion in the air with de Valera & the murderers now in power - The treachery & cruelty of the bad R. Catholics in the 'bad years' makes decent people trust no R. Catholic servant. The man who is most detested for suppressing Irish news in England and in preventing the murderers and burners fro being prosecuted & punished is Middleton (Broderick) - There really seems to be something incurable in the Irish R.C.'s, they were all taught in the schools to hate England - but since England has been out of it, given everything away & poured money into the country - they still hate & are spoiling for another row - All classes qu^ classes seem from past treacheries and constant dread, to have become cowardly.

We went to see Sir Richard & Lady Butler whose place was burnt down - nice people living in a cottage by the ruins - Col. Kavanagh & Mrs K we met, & we lunched one day at Ballin Temple - Mrs Arthur K is my 3rd cousin & as a little girl stayed with us at P'thorpe when her father Gurney Buxton had the Westerdale shootings - her mother, Alice Birkbeck was my 2nd cousin -"

Note by CEGP. Grandfather mixes the detail. Mrs. Arthur K is Minna Alice (known as Alice), her mother is Mary Anne but known as "Minna". Very confusing.

Minna married Col. Arthur Thomas MacMorrough Kavanagh The MacMorrough, son of Rt. Hon. Walter MacMorrough Kavanagh and Helen Louisa Howard, on 17 Nov 1914. Arthur was born on 12 Jan 1888, died on 9 Dec 1953 at age 65, and was buried in Ballicopagan Cemetery, Co. Carlow. They had three children: Joane, Rolline, and Eva Helen Macmurrough.

12-Joane Kavanagh

Joane married **Gerald Fitzgerald 8th Duke Of Leinster**, son of **Edward Fitzgerald 7th Duke Of Leinster** and **May Etheridge**, on 17 Oct 1936. Gerald was born on 27 May 1914 and died on 3 Dec 2004 at age 90. They had three children: **Pamela Hermione**, **Rosemary Anne**, and **Nesta**.

- 13-Lady Pamela Hermione Fitzgerald was born on 6 Nov 1937 and died on 3 Apr 1938.
- 13-Lady Rosemary Anne Fitzgerald

Rosemary married Mark Killigrew Wait, son of Peter Lothian Killigrew Wait.

13-Lady Nesta Fitzgerald

Nesta married Philip Charles Seppings Tirard. They had two children: Siobhan Eleanor and Eithne.

- 14-Siobhan Eleanor Tirard
- 14-Eithne Tirard

Joane next married Lt. Col. Archibald Macalpine-Downie on 27 Aug 1947. Archibald died on 18 Apr 1958. They had one son: Andrew Mcmorrough.

- 13-Andrew Mcmorrough Kavanagh
- 12-Rolline Kavanagh

Rolline married Col. Philip Pardoe.

12-Eva Helen Macmurrough Kavanagh

Eva married Sir Hugh David Hamilton Wills, son of Frederick Noel Hamilton Wills and Margery Hamilton Fraser. They had two children: Catherine Mary Hamilton and Martin David Hamilton.

- 13-Catherine Mary Hamilton Wills
- 13-Martin David Hamilton Wills was born on 4 Oct 1952 and died in 1992 at age 40.

10-Edward North Buxton^{88,95} was born on 1 Sep 1840, died on 9 Jan 1924 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 83, and was buried in Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

General Notes: Wed 9 Jan 1924 I had a wire to say that Edward N. Buxton had died peacefully at Knighton - & asking me to Birch Hall for the funeral – with my infirmities I dislike leaving

home & my little family alone - but decided to go as he was a dear friend of mine.

Fri 11 Jan 1924 - I got to Birch Hall.

Sat 12 Jan 1924 - The funeral & a nice Service – I met Frank & Maud Barclay, Lothar Bunsen & others I had not seeen for years.

Sun 13 Jan 1924 - Ethel & Gerald took me & others to see Hatfield Forest – it is lovely – this is ENB's parting gift to his country. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He worked as a Conservationist.

Edward married Emily Digby, daughter of Rev. Hon. Kenelm Henry Digby and Caroline Sheppard, on 23 Jan 1862. Emily died on 26 Oct 1929 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and was buried in Buckhurst Hill, Essex. They had eight children: Gerald, Geraldine, Ella, Cyril Digby, Hannah Maude, Claire Emily, Theresa, and Anthony.

General Notes: Sun 27 Oct 1929 – At home with children, it was colder today – but a pretty day.

On Sat 26 Oct Mrs Edward North Buxton died aged 88 she & her husband more especially have been my life long friends up to their deaths - Theresa Buxton telegraphed me asking me to insert an obituary notice in The Times – I did this, it is not easy to do, but she, Clare Tony, Maud Barclay all wrote to me saying they liked it – This will be the end of Knighton – once a charming centre of the society I like best - how many men I have got to know well there who were kindred spirits – as nature lovers, naturalists, travellers, sportsmen, politicians & literary. It is still a lovely garden though London has reached all round what was clean, beautiful country & villages when I was at school - Mrs B was buried at Buckhurst Hill on Tues 29th – The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

11-Gerald Buxton 38,69,76,86,88,95,96 was born on 30 Oct 1862 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex, died on 2 Mar 1928 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 65, and was buried on 6 Mar 1928 in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP. DL.
- He resided at Birch Hall in Theydon Bois, Essex.

Gerald married **Lucy Ethel Pease**, ^{27,38,76,86,88,96} daughter of **Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease 1st Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe** ^{3,23,26,27,30,34,73,86,87,88,96,97,98,99,100,101,102,103,104,105,106,107,108,109} and **Mary Fox**, ^{3,23,27,34,88,96,100,105,109,110} on 3 Dec 1890 in Guisborough,

Yorkshire. Lucy was born on 12 Jul 1867 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 24 Jul 1940 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 73, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex. They had four children: Blanche Emily, Edward North, Rebekah Mary, and Joseph Alfred.

General Notes: Mrs. Gerald Buxton on "Phroso" is another of those who are able to share the pleasures of Fox-hunting with a partner equally fond of it. She has inherited all the love of the sport which runs in the Pease family, and is sister to Mr. A. E. Pease, who wrote the "History of the Cleveland Hounds" and other sporting books, and of Mr. J. A. Pease. Both brothers have won the House of Commons Point-to-Point. "Phroso," the animal upon which she is depicted, is a fair type of the class of horse which, with perfect seat and good hands, she rides with so much judgment and discretion with hounds.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with OBE.
 - 12-Blanche Emily Buxton was born on 15 Nov 1891 in Theydon Bois, Essex, died in 1971 at age 80, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.
 - 12-Lt. Col. Edward North Buxton⁸⁶ was born on 7 Feb 1894 in Theydon Bois, Essex and died on 10 Sep 1957 in London at age 63.

Edward married Sybil O'Neill, 86 daughter of Hon. Arthur Edward Bruce O'Neill and Lady Annabel Hungerford Crewe-Milnes, on 6 Jun 1924 in London. Sybil was born on 15 Dec 1902 and died on 26 Jul 1946 in High Beech, Loughton at age 43. They had two children: Morna Annabel and Mark Gerald Edward North.

13-Morna Annabel Buxton

Morna married Dr. Clive Ernest Arkle, son of Alexander Septimus Arkle and Lilian Octavia Glynn, on 3 Feb 1951 in High Beech, Essex. Clive was born on 11 Jun 1922 in Liverpool

and died in 1991 at age 69. They had four children: Alexander Edward Buxton, Bridget Aycliffe Buxton, Alwyn Gerald Buxton, and Ann Daphne Buxton.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB.
- He worked as a Surgeon.
 - 14-Alexander Edward Buxton Arkle
 - 14-Bridget Aycliffe Buxton Arkle
 - 14-Alwyn Gerald Buxton Arkle
 - 14-Ann Daphne Buxton Arkle

Ann married Stephen Derek Pitts.

13-Mark Gerald Edward North Buxton

Mark married Leucha Daphne Mary Warner, daughter of Col. Sir Edward Courtenay Thomas Warner 2nd Bt. and Hon. Nesta Douglas-Pennant, on 19 Jul 1962. Leucha was born on 24 Jan 1929 and died on 7 Feb 2012 at age 83. They had two children: Edward North and Terence Mark.

14-Edward North Buxton

Edward married Fiona Helen Shaw, daughter of E. Nicholas Shaw, in 1992. Fiona died on 17 Jun 2014. They had one son: Nicholas Edward North.

15-Nicholas Edward North Buxton

14-Terence Mark Buxton

Edward next married **Daphne Rosemary Munro**, daughter of **H. N. Munro**.

12-**Rebekah Mary Buxton**³⁸ was born on 21 Jan 1900 in Theydon Bois, Essex and died on 24 Jul 1985 at age 85.

Rebekah married **Col. Sir Ralph Stephenson Clarke**, ³⁸ son of **Col. Stephenson Robert Clarke** ³⁸ and **Edith Gertrude Godman**, ³⁸ on 15 Dec 1921 in Theydon Bois, Essex. Ralph was born on 17 Aug 1892 in London and died on 19 May 1970 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 77. They had three children: **Anne Stephenson**, **Robert Nunn Stephenson**, and **Simon Edward Stephenson**.

General Notes: Colonel Sir Ralph Stephenson Clarke held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.). He graduated with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was invested as a Knight Commander, Order of the British Empire (K.B.E.). He was decorated with the award of Territorial Decoration (T.D.). He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) (Conservative) for East Grinstead between 1936 and 1955. Will was proved 10th June 1971DL (1932), Lord of the Manor of Briddlesford and Wootton, and Patron of the living of Shanklin, Isle of Wight, memb E Sussex CC from 1934, Alderman 1953, chm 1958-61, MP for East Grinstead div. of E Sussex 1936-55, Col TA, late Lt-Col cmdg 98th (Surrey and Sussex Yeo), Q.MO Field Bde RA, TA, served in WW I 1914-19 (wounded), and in WW II 1939-44 (despatches), Hon Col 344th (Sussex Yeo), L.AA/S.L. Regt, RA, TA 1947-58, Citizen and Clothworker of London (Assistant from 1949, Master 1962-63)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD DL MP.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He resided at Borde Hill in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex.
- He resided at Brook House in Ardingly, Sussex.
- He worked as a MP East Grinstead 1936 To 1955.

13-Anne Stephenson Clarke³⁸ was born on 1 Mar 1923 and died on 13 Oct 1967 at age 44.

13-**Robert Nunn Stephenson Clarke**³⁸ was born on 17 Apr 1925 in London and died in 1987 at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Hoathly Hill in West Hoathly, Crawley, Sussex.

Robert married Juana Nidia Gereth Bickersteth-Wheeler,³⁸ daughter of Lt. Col. John Bickersteth-Wheeler and Bianca Santhez Lozano Hidalgo Vergara, on 23 Apr 1949 in Highbrook, Sussex. The marriage ended in divorce in 1967. Juana was born on 9 Jun 1928 in Santiago, Chile, died on 8 Apr 2013 in Halliwell Care Home, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 84, and was buried on 25 Apr 2013 in All Saints', Highbrook, West Sussex. They had three children: Marylynn Jane Stephenson, Roland Rafael, and Andrewjohn Patrick Stephenson.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with RCM (Hon).
 - 14-Marylynn Jane Stephenson Clarke
 - 14-Roland Rafael Clarke

Roland married **Joanna**.

14-Andrewjohn Patrick Stephenson Clarke

Andrewjohn married Eleni Charalambos. They had one daughter: Jay Robin Stephenson.

15-Jay Robin Stephenson Clarke

13-Capt. Simon Edward Stephenson Clarke³⁸ was born on 5 Sep 1926 in London and died on 12 Nov 2001 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Sandown House in Sandown, Isle of Wight, Hampshire.
- He resided at Manor House in Lindfield, West Sussex.

Simon married **Jill Maureen Voss**, ³⁸ daughter of **Harry Voss** and **Doris Diana Looms**, on 21 Oct 1953 in London. Jill was born on 10 Mar 1927 in London and died in 1996 at age 69. They had four children: **Christopher Stephenson**, **Caroline Stephenson**, **Alison Stephenson**, and **Rupert Stephenson**.

Marriage Notes: 1952 also given

14-Christopher Stephenson Clarke³⁸ was born on 7 Dec 1954 in London and died on 27 Sep 2018 in Isle of Wight, Hampshire at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Cridmore Farm, St Helens, Newport, Isle Of Wight.

Christopher married someone. He had one daughter: **Rebecca**.

15-Rebecca Clarke

Christopher married **Jan**. They had two children: **Edward** and **Alexandra**.

- 15-Edward Clarke
- 15-Alexandra Clarke

14-Caroline Stephenson Clarke

Caroline married Hugo Bertram De Klee, son of Col. Murray Peter De Klee and Angela Moira Jean Stormonth-Darling. They had seven children: Elizabeth Storm, Katherine

Emma, Thomas Bertram, Patrick Edward, George Frederick, Nicholas Alexander, and James Henry.

15-Elizabeth Storm De Klee

Elizabeth married William Oliver Franks, son of Ronald J. Franks and Carol M. Nichols. They had two children: Hugo Stormonth and Rafferty Stormonth.

- 16-Hugo Stormonth Franks
- **16-Rafferty Stormonth Franks**
- 15-Katherine Emma De Klee
- 15-Thomas Bertram De Klee
- 15-Patrick Edward De Klee
- 15-George Frederick De Klee
- 15-Nicholas Alexander De Klee
- 15-James Henry De Klee
- 14-Alison Stephenson Clarke
- 14-Rupert Stephenson Clarke³⁸ was born on 20 Nov 1959 in London and died on 25 Jul 1986 at age 26.

General Notes: Died by suicide

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Cridmore Farm, Chillerton, Newport, Isle of Wight.
- 12-**Joseph Alfred Buxton** was born on 22 Jan 1904 in Theydon Bois, Essex, died on 9 Oct 1913 in Theydon Bois, Essex at age 9, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.
- 11-Geraldine Buxton was born on 30 Oct 1862 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 30 Oct 1938 at age 76.

Geraldine married Francis Dent on 21 Nov 1888. Francis died on 11 Dec 1943.

- 11-Ella Buxton was born on 17 Oct 1863 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 15 Apr 1945 at age 81.
- 11-Cyril Digby Buxton was born on 25 Jun 1865 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 10 May 1892 in Woodford Wells, Essex at age 26.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Partner in Truman, Hanbury & Co., Brewers.
- 11-**Hannah Maude Buxton**⁶⁹ was born on 23 Mar 1872 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 19 Dec 1931 at age 59.

Hannah married **Lt. Col. Francis Hubert Barclay**,⁶⁹ son of **Joseph Gurney Barclay**^{23,41,111,112,113,114,115,116} and **Margaret Exton**,^{112,114} on 25 Jan 1900. Francis was born on 16 Sep 1869 in Leyton, London and died on 28 Jan 1935 in The Warren, Cromer, Norfolk at age 65. They had five children: **Joan Maud, Helen Catherine, Marion Emily Helen, Francis Peter**, and **Thomas Edward**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the Bedfordshire regiment.
- He had a residence in The Warren, Cromer, Norfolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1919-1920.
 - 12-Joan Maud Barclay was born on 23 Jul 1901.

Joan married Gerald Joshua Hadsley Gosselin.

- 12-Helen Catherine Barclay was born on 29 Oct 1904.
- 12-Marion Emily Helen Barclay was born on 18 Oct 1905 in Erpingham, Norfolk and died in 1990 in Chippenham, Wiltshire at age 85.
 - 13-Col. Charles Blount
 - 14-Capt. James Hillier Blount
 - 14-Emily Blount
 - 14-Daisy Catherine Blount
- 12-Brig. Francis Peter Barclay was born on 8 Mar 1909 in Erpingham, Norfolk and died on 13 Oct 1992 in East Dereham, Norfolk at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSO MC.

Francis married **Rosemary Eleanor Jervis**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Edward Mainwaring Jervis** and **Eleanor Dora Lyon**, in 1940. Rosemary was born on 16 Feb 1914 in Farndon, Cheshire and died on 21 Jul 2005 in King's Lynn, Norfolk at age 91. They had two children: **Robin Peter** and **Christopher Thomas**.

13-**Robin Peter Barclay** was born in 1943 in Liverpool and died in 1964 in Aden at age 21. The cause of his death was Climbing accident.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the East Anglian Brigade.
- 13-Christopher Thomas Barclay was born on 1 May 1946 and died on 14 Sep 2011 between Toulouse and Limoges, France. On a train. at age 65.
- 12-**Thomas Edward Barclay** was born on 12 Feb 1911.
- 11-Claire Emily Buxton was born on 28 Mar 1873 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 2 Jul 1959 at age 86.

Claire married **John Richard Gurney Pelly**, ¹¹⁷ son of **Capt. Richard Wilson Pelly** ^{12,38,86} and **Katherine Jane Fry**, on 9 Apr 1918. John was born on 25 Mar 1855 in London and died on 4 Nov 1940 in Epping, Essex at age 85.

- 11-**Theresa Buxton**⁸⁸ was born on 17 May 1874 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 27 Apr 1961 at age 86.
- 11-Maj. Anthony Buxton was born on 2 Sep 1881 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died in 1970 at age 89.

General Notes: Sat 20 June 1936 – The last days & today have been beautiful - This was Anne's Half Term Day & we are allowed to have her out with us from 2 to 6!, We went first in our Austin car to Partridge Hill to lunch & it was really hot - Sandy, Lavender & Helen all well & happy – Helen is a pretty & charming grown up girl now – Diny is coming home for

2 months from Kenya in August – At 2 o'clock we picked up Anne from Sneaton Castle with a little friend of hers, Mary Taylor and motored to Scarboro' where we bought strawberries - Scarboro' is appalling with crowds of trippers - we went on to Filey which was much better or less dreadful – it is less horrible than most seaside places which in my time were charming, simple & peaceful - The modern generation love crowds, disorder and racket – it is strange – but they have been born into it & its nasty naked ways – On the way back, we had tea by the wayside beyond Cloughton - & the little girls enjoyed their strawberries & cream - while there, Tony Buxton passed on his way from a League of Nations Conference at Scarboro' to Partridge Hill – it was pleasant seeing him again – I did not refer to the League which has disgraced itself as much almost as our Government - they are all defeatists & have like cowards truckled to Mussolini and criminals – they have paltered & then condoned crime & I believe them capable of even surrendering the mandated territories to Hitler – It was not so that we maintained our reputation as defenders of justice & of the oppressed nor that the Pax Britannica was established. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt*.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO DL JP.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1945.
- Miscellaneous: Author of "Fisherman Naturalist".

Anthony married Mary Philomena Constable-Maxwell, daughter of Hon. Bernard Constable-Maxwell and Hon. Alice Mary Charlotte Fraser, in 1926. Mary was born on 25 Dec 1893 and died on 16 Mar 1953 at age 59. They had four children: Elizabeth Mary, John Joseph, Jean Mary, and Judith Mary.

12-Elizabeth Mary Buxton

Elizabeth married **Michael Walter Bonn**, son of **Maj. Walter Basil Louis Bonn** and **Leopoldina Theodora Davidson**, on 16 Jun 1951. Michael was born in 1927 and died in 1997 at age 70. They had four children: **Sara Mary Philomena, Simon Michael Joseph, Mary Elizabeth**, and **Theresa Mary**.

13-Sara Mary Philomena Bonn

Sara married Charles George Lacy Hulbert-Powell.

13-Simon Michael Joseph Bonn

Simon married Melissa Ann Cadoux-Hudson, daughter of Lt. Col. Daniel Patrick Cadoux-Hudson.

- 13-Mary Elizabeth Bonn
- 13-Theresa Mary Bonn
- 12-John Joseph Buxton was born on 9 Dec 1927 and died on 11 Jan 2014 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ampleforth.
 - 13-Jane Mary Buxton
 - 14-Bridie Clare Sheldon
 - 14-Camilla Sarah Sheldon
 - 14-Louisa Margaret Sheldon
 - 13-Clare Margaret Buxton
 - 14-Madeleine Elizabeth Demetria Agnew
 - 14-Edwin John Botolph Agnew

- 13-Robin Anthony Buxton
 - 14-Kate Patricia Mary Buxton
 - 14-Emma Margaret D'arcy Buxton
- 13-Caroline Mary Buxton
 - 14-Hannah Elizabeth Fleming
 - 14-Victoria Fleming
 - 14-Matilda Fleming
- 12-Jean Mary Buxton

Jean married Christopher Richard Miles. They had one son: Richard.

- 13-Richard Miles
- 12-Judith Mary Buxton

10-Henry Edmund Buxton was born on 22 Jan 1844 and died on 2 Nov 1905 at age 61.

General Notes: Henry Edmund Buxton graduated from Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Norfolk. He was decorated with the award of Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve Officers' Decoration (V.D.). He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Suffolk. He gained the rank of Honorary Colonel in the service of the 2nd Volunteer Battalion, Norfolk Regiment. He held the office of Mayor of Great Yarmouth in 1896. He held the office of High Sheriff of Suffolk in 1902. He lived at Fritton Hall, Great Yarmouth, Norfolk

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an of Fritton.

Henry married Mary Rosalind Upcher, daughter of Rev. Abbot Upcher and Mary Jones Day. They had seven children: Abbot Redmond, Winifred, Violet, Ronald Henry, Rosalind Upcher, Edward Hugh, and Knyvet Upcher.

11-Maj. Abbot Redmond Buxton was born on 31 Aug 1868 and died on 7 Mar 1944 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Of Fritton Hall, Great Yarmouth.
- 11-Winifred Buxton was born on 4 Sep 1869 and died on 21 Sep 1954 at age 85.

Winifred married Col. Arthur Charles Malleson Waterfield, son of Col. W. G. Waterfield, on 28 Nov 1901. Arthur died on 25 Oct 1943. They had one daughter: Phyllida.

12-Phyllida Waterfield

Phyllida married **Michael Ernest Christopher Pumphrey**,²⁷ son of **Charles Ernest Pumphrey**^{27,38,55} and **Iris Mary Bell**, on 11 Apr 1934 in London. Michael was born on 14 May 1908 in Greenside, Ryton on Tyne, County Durham. They had three children: **Charlotte, Martin**, and **Theresa**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Sudan Civil Service.
 - 13-Charlotte Pumphrey

Charlotte married Adrian Alexander Vivian Bridgewater, son of Maj. Philip Alexander Clement Bridgewater and Hon. Ursula Vanda Maud Vivian. They had three children: Emma, Sophia Charlotte, and Thomas George Michael.

- 14-Emma Bridgewater
- 14-Sophia Charlotte Bridgewater
- 14-Thomas George Michael Bridgewater
- 13-Martin Pumphrey
- 13-Theresa Pumphrey
- 11-Violet Buxton was born on 27 Nov 1871 and died on 3 Feb 1961 at age 89.
- 11-Ronald Henry Buxton was born on 3 Nov 1874 and died on 13 Dec 1901 in Killed In Action Sterkfontein, Transvaal at age 27.
- 11-Rosalind Upcher Buxton was born on 30 Jan 1879 and died on 22 Sep 1968 at age 89.

Rosalind married **Brig. Gen. Philip Howell,** son of **Lt. Col. Horace Howell,** on 13 Sep 1911. Philip died on 7 Oct 1916 in Killed In Action.

- 11-Edward Hugh Buxton was born on 27 Sep 1880.
- 11-Knyvet Upcher Buxton was born on 27 May 1882 in Fritton, Norfolk and died on 14 Dec 1905 in Killed In Action, Polo, Rawalpindi at age 23.
- 10-Charles Louis Buxton⁸⁶ was born on 1 Feb 1846 and died on 23 Apr 1906 at age 60.

Charles married Maria Lee-Warner, 86 daughter of Rev. Henry James Lee-Warner 86 and Anne Astley, on 3 Jul 1873. Maria died on 18 Aug 1930. They had six children: Norah Louis, Walter Louis, Amy Louis, Maurice Louis, William Louis, and Melicent Louis.

11-Norah Louis Buxton¹¹⁸ was born on 14 Apr 1874 and died on 17 Apr 1907 at age 33.

Norah married William Done Bushell, 118 son of Rev. William Done Bushell 118 and Mary Lestourgeon, 118 on 22 Nov 1904. William was born in 1871 and died in 1949 at age 78. They had one son: Maurice Done.

12-Maurice Done Bushell was born on 6 Apr 1907, died in 1955 at age 48, and was buried on 29 Apr 1955.

Maurice married **Eveline Mary Lewis**, daughter of **Hugh Lewis** and **Eveline Griffiths**, on 31 Jul 1936 in Penstrowed Church, Powys, Wales. Eveline was born in 1905, died in 1952 at age 47, and was buried on 25 Mar 1952. They had one son: **Hugh William Done**.

13-**Hugh William Done Bushell** was born in 1939 and died in Aug 2003 at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Jesus College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Founder of the Taunton Sinfonietta.
- He worked as an Orchestral musician. Double Bass.

Hugh married Anna Magdalena Freudenberg.

- 11-Capt. Walter Louis Buxton was born on 6 May 1875 and died on 4 Sep 1960 at age 85.
- 11-Amy Louis Buxton was born on 18 Jan 1877 and died on 14 Oct 1937 at age 60.

- 11-Maurice Louis Buxton was born on 2 Jun 1878 and died on 2 Apr 1882 at age 3.
- 11-William Louis Buxton was born on 16 Jan 1881 and died on 4 Mar 1881.
- 11-Melicent Louis Buxton was born on 19 Mar 1883.

Melicent married **Gerard Anstruther Wathen,** son of **William Hulbert Wathen,** on 16 Nov 1909. Gerard was born in 1878, died on 9 Aug 1958 at age 80, and was buried in All Saints Cemetery, Marsham, Norfolk. They had three children: **Mark William Gerard, Diana Millicent,** and **Julian Philip Gerard**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CIE.
- He worked as a Principal of Khalsa College in 1914-1924 in Amritsar, India.
 - 12-Rev. Mark William Gerard Wathen was born in 1912 and died on 18 Nov 2011 at age 99.

Mark married Rosemary Hartridge. They had four children: Roderick Mark Hubert, Primula Rosemary, Erica Melicent, and Jonathan Mark Gerard.

- 13-Roderick Mark Hubert Wathen
- 13-Primula Rosemary Wathen
- 13-Erica Melicent Wathen
- 13-Jonathan Mark Gerard Wathen
- 12-Diana Millicent Wathen

Diana married Maj. David William Alexander Mure on 26 Feb 1938. David was born on 25 Oct 1912 and died in 1986 at age 74. They had one son: George.

13-George Mure

George married someone. He had two children: William James and Sarah.

- 14-William James Mure
- 14-Sarah Mure
- 12-Julian Philip Gerard Wathen

Julian married **Priscilla Florence Wilson**, daughter of **Maj. Gen. Bevil Thomson Wilson** and **Florence Erica Starkey**, on 3 Jul 1948. Priscilla was born on 2 Oct 1923 and died on 1 Feb 2017 at age 93. They had three children: **Simon Walter Julian**, **Penelope Lucy Priscilla**, and **Henrietta Katharine Priscilla**.

- 13-Simon Walter Julian Wathen
- 13-Penelope Lucy Priscilla Wathen
- 13-Henrietta Katharine Priscilla Wathen

10-Francis William Buxton was born on 5 Aug 1847 and died on 14 Nov 1911 in Marylebone, London at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker and Barrister.
- He worked as a MP for Andover 1880 To 1885.

Francis married Hon. Mary Emma Lawrence, daughter of John Laird Mair Lawrence 1st Lord Lawrence and Hariette Katherine Hamilton, on 27 Feb 1872. Mary died on 21 Feb 1939. They had eight children: Ruth, Madeleine, John Lawrence, Frances Mary, Cecilia, Hugh Forster, Robert Vere, and Hilda.

11-Ruth Buxton was born on 17 May 1874 and died on 8 Feb 1965 at age 90.

Ruth married Jocelyn Brudenell Pelham 6th Earl Of Chichester, son of Rev. Francis Godolphin Pelham 5th Earl Of Chichester and Hon. Alice Glyn, on 17 May 1898. Jocelyn was born on 21 May 1871 and died on 14 Nov 1926 at age 55. They had four children: Elizabeth Jocelyn, Francis Godolphin Henry, Prudence Mary, and John Buxton.

General Notes: Jocelyn Brudenell Pelham, 6th Earl of Chichester graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the 5th Battalion Royal Sussex Regiment. He succeeded to the title of 6th Earl of Chichester [U.K., 1801] on 21 April 1905. He succeeded to the title of 7th Baron Pelham of Stanmer, co. Sussex [G.B., 1762] on 21 April 1905. He succeeded to the title of 11th Baronet Pelham, of Laughton, co. Sussex [E., 1611] on 21 April 1905. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.) of Sussex. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Sussex. He gained the rank of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel in the service of the 5th Battalion Royal Sussex Regiment. He was Officer, Order of the British Empire (O.B.E.) in 1918

12-Lady Elizabeth Jocelyn Pelham was born on 27 Mar 1899 and died in Aug 1975 at age 76.

Elizabeth married Charles Murray Beazley, son of Arthur George Beazley, on 27 Oct 1948. Charles died on 27 Apr 1965.

- 12-Francis Godolphin Henry Pelham 7th Earl Of Chichester was born on 23 Mar 1905 and died on 22 Nov 1926 at age 21.
- 12-Lady Prudence Mary Pelham was born on 6 Apr 1910 and died on 13 Oct 1952 at age 42.

Prudence married **Guy Rawstron Branch**. Guy was born in 1913 and died on 11 Aug 1940 in Killed In Action at age 27.

General Notes: Flying Officer

12-John Buxton Pelham 8th Earl Of Chichester was born on 12 Jun 1912 and died on 21 Feb 1944 in Killed In Road Accident On Service. at age 31.

General Notes: John Buxton Pelham, 8th Earl of Chichester succeeded to the title of 13th Baronet Pelham, of Laughton, co. Sussex [E., 1611] on 22 November 1926. He succeeded to the title of 9th Baron Pelham of Stanmer, co. Sussex [G.B., 1762] on 22 November 1926. He succeeded to the title of 8th Earl of Chichester [U.K., 1801] on 22 November 1926. He was Honorary Attach, to Warsaw in 1931. He was Honorary Attach, to Washington in 1933. He was Honorary Private Secretary to British High Commissioner to Canada in 1934. He fought in the Second World War.2 He was 3rd Secretary and Press Attach, to The Hague in 1939. He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the Scots Guards

John married Ursula Von Pannwitz, daughter of Walter Von Pannwitz, on 27 Mar 1940. Ursula died in 1989. They had two children: Georgiana Jocelyn and John Nicholas.

13-Georgiana Jocelyn Pelham

Georgiana married Helios Alberto Caranci, son of Helios Jorge Caranci. They had three children: Cecilia Catalina, Ursula Claudia, and Helios Nicolas.

- 14-Cecilia Catalina Caranci
- 14-Ursula Claudia Caranci
- 14-Helios Nicolas Caranci

13-John Nicholas Pelham 9th Earl Of Chichester

John married June Marijke Wells, daughter of Group Capt. E. D. Wells. They had one daughter: Eliza Catherine.

- 14-Lady Eliza Catherine Pelham
- 11-Madeleine Buxton was born on 15 Jul 1875 and died on 24 Apr 1957 at age 81.

Madeleine married Lt. Gen. Sir George Sidney Clive, son of Gen. Edward Henry Clive and Isabel Webb, on 26 Mar 1901. George was born on 16 Jul 1874 and died on 7 Oct 1959 at age 85. They had five children: Archer Francis Lawrence, Robert Patrick, Catherine, Edward Buxton, and Mary Sidney.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCVO, KCB, CMG, DSO, JP, DL, Hon FRAM.
 - 12-Brig. Archer Francis Lawrence Clive was born on 24 Jun 1903 and died in Mar 1995 at age 91.

Archer married Hon. Penelope Isobel Portman, daughter of Gerald Berkeley Portman 7th Viscount Portman and Dorothy Marie Isolde Sheffield, on 8 Feb 1934. The marriage ended in divorce. Penelope was born on 21 Jul 1913 and died on 7 Feb 1987 in Grimsby, Lincolnshire at age 73. They had two children: Henry Archer and Annsybella Sarah Penelope.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1949.
 - 13-Henry Archer Clive was born on 8 Dec 1934 and died on 22 Sep 2009 at age 74.

Henry married Sonia Rees, daughter of William Rees. They had three children: Nicholas, Polly, and Nathalia Isabel.

- 14-Nicholas Clive
- 14-Polly Clive
- 14-Nathalia Isabel Clive

13-Annsybella Sarah Penelope Clive

Annsybella married Capt. Euan Norman Jersey McCorquodale, son of Brig. Norman Duncan McCorquodale and Barbara Helen De Knoop, on 7 Dec 1955. Euan was born on 22 Oct 1929 and died on 3 Aug 2010 at age 80. They had two children: Joanna and David Norman Berkeley.

14-Joanna McCorquodale

Joanna married Hew David Blair, son of Maj. David Arthur Blair and Elizabeth Adela Morton. They had one daughter: Louisa Annsybella.

15-Louisa Annsybella Blair

Louisa married Henry Bruce Iain Ismay Cheape, son of Angus Geoffrey Bruce Ismay Cheape and Emma Margaret Tennant. They had three children: Florence, George, and John.

- 16-Florence Cheape
- 16-George Cheape
- 16-John Cheape

14-David Norman Berkeley McCorquodale

David married Elizabeth Ann Gubbins, daughter of John Cecil Rolls Gubbins and Geraldine Elizabeth Wallis. They had two children: Hector and Felix.

- 15-Hector McCorquodale
- 15-Felix McCorquodale
- 12-Robert Patrick Clive was born on 11 Sep 1904 and died in Apr 1908 at age 3.

12-Catherine Clive

Catherine married **Sir Christopher Eden Steel,** son of **Col. Richard Alexander Steel,** on 27 Apr 1932. Christopher was born on 12 Feb 1903 and died in 1973 at age 70. They had two children: **Richard Hugh Jordan** and **Philippa Mary Emma**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCMG MVO.
- He worked as an assistant private secretary to HRH The Prince of Wales [afterwards King Edward VIII and Duke of Windsor].
- He worked as a British permanent representative to NATO.
- He worked as a British Ambassador to est Germany.

13-Richard Hugh Jordan Steel

Richard married Lady Rosemary Verena Edith Villiers, daughter of George Herbert Arthur Edward Hyde Villiers Lord Hyde and Marion Feodorovna Louise Glyn. They had three children: James Thomas Jordan, Oliver George Nigel, and Arabella Rosemary Louise.

14-James Thomas Jordan Steel

James married Lindsay J. Farrell, daughter of Michael Farrell. They had three children: Sophie Mary Verena, Frederick James Edward, and Toby Patrick Richard.

- 15-Sophie Mary Verena Steel
- 15-Frederick James Edward Steel
- 15-Toby Patrick Richard Steel

14-Oliver George Nigel Steel

Oliver married Jacqueline Quaife, daughter of Colin Quaife. They had two children: Isabella Carmen Rosemary and Laura Catherine Elizabeth.

- 15-Isabella Carmen Rosemary Steel
- 15-Laura Catherine Elizabeth Steel

14-Arabella Rosemary Louise Steel

Arabella married Rupert Sawyer. They had two children: Serena Rosemary Alice and Catherine Georgiana Margaret.

- 15-Serena Rosemary Alice Sawyer
- 15-Catherine Georgiana Margaret Sawyer

13-Philippa Mary Emma Steel died on 27 Oct 2020.

Philippa married Sir Julian St. George Loyd on 20 Oct 1960. Julian was born in 1926 and died on 7 Feb 2018 at age 92.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO.
- He worked as a Land Agent to H.M. The Queen in 1964-1991 in Sandringham, Norfolk.

12-**Edward Buxton Clive** was born on 20 Jul 1909.

Edward married Rita Kathleen Robertson, daughter of Norman Conolly Robertson. They had two children: John Edward and Rosamund Louise.

- 13-John Edward Clive
- 13-Rosamund Louise Clive

12-Mary Sidney Clive

Mary married Robert Eustace Abel Smith, son of Eustace Abel Smith and Aileen Geta Katherine Conolly, on 8 Aug 1935. Robert was born on 24 Mar 1909 and died on 21 May 1940 at age 31. They had one son: Robert Samuel Clive Abel.

13-Robert Samuel Clive Abel Smith

Robert married Hon. Elizabeth Sophia Sidney, daughter of William Philip Sidney 1st Viscount De L'Isle and Hon. Jacqueline Corinne Yvonne Vereker, in 1989. Elizabeth was born on 12 Mar 1941 and died on 3 Feb 2016 at age 74.

11-Brig. John Lawrence Buxton was born on 1 Dec 1877 and died on 17 Jan 1951 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Soldier.

John married Evelyne Elsye Rynde.

- 11-Frances Mary Buxton was born on 10 Oct 1879 and died on 13 Jan 1967 at age 87.
- 11-Cecilia Buxton was born on 30 Oct 1880 and died on 13 Feb 1972 at age 91.

Cecilia married Maj. Gen. Guy Payan Dawnay, son of Lt. Col. Hon. Lewis Payan Dawnay and Lady Victoria Alexandina Elizabeth Grey, on 12 Jul 1906. Guy was born on 23 Mar 1878 and died on 19 Jan 1952 at age 73. They had five children: Pamela, Christopher Payan, Frances Priscilla, Elizabeth Lavender, and Oliver Payan.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB, CMG, DSO, MVO.
 - 12-Pamela Dawnay was born on 30 May 1907 and died on 20 Sep 1983 at age 76.
 - 12-Lt. Col. Christopher Payan Dawnay was born on 24 Jul 1909 and died in 1989 at age 80.

Christopher married **Patricia Wake**, daughter of **Maj. Gen. Sir Hereward Wake 13th Bt.** and **Margaret Winifred Benson**, on 6 Sep 1939. Patricia was born on 23 Nov 1919 and died in 1989 at age 70. They had four children: **Rupert Payan**, **Gillian**, **Guy Payan**, and **Sarah**.

13-Rupert Payan Dawnay

Rupert married Carolyn Marshall, daughter of Chapman Marshall. They had three children: Nicholas Marshall, Lewis Payan, and Thomas Payan.

- 14-Nicholas Marshall Dawnay
- 14-Lewis Payan Dawnay
- 14-Thomas Payan Dawnay

13-Gillian Dawnay

Gillian married Ian Christopher Butler. They had two children: Sophie Rosalind and Josephine Laura.

- 14-Sophie Rosalind Butler
- 14-Josephine Laura Butler

Josephine married **Nicholas James Johnson**.

13-Guy Payan Dawnay was born on 6 Oct 1944 and died on 10 Sep 2020 at age 75.

Guy married Charmian Rose Neilson, daughter of Lt. Col. Alistair Neilson. They had two children: Christopher Payne and Mark Payne.

- 14-Christopher Payne Dawnay
- 14-Mark Payne Dawnay
- 13-Sarah Dawnay

Sarah married Jolyon Coombs, son of Wing Cmdr. Robin Coombs. They had three children: Arabella Sarah, Victoria Margaret Daisy, and Charles Hardy.

- 14-Arabella Sarah Coombs
- 14-Victoria Margaret Daisy Coombs
- **14-Charles Hardy Coombs**
- 12-Frances Priscilla Dawnay was born on 25 Apr 1912 and died on 28 May 1912.
- 12-Elizabeth Lavender Dawnay was born on 29 Jun 1914 and died in 1996 at age 82.

Elizabeth married **Peter Noel Loxley**, son of **Capt. Arhtur Noel Loxley** and **Gladys Maude Brooke-Hunt**, on 26 Jul 1938. Peter died on 1 Feb 1945. They had two children: **Elizabeth Patricia** and **David Noel**.

General Notes: He died on 1 February 1945, killed in an aircraft accident while on an official mission for H.M. Diplomatic Service

13-Elizabeth Patricia Loxley

Elizabeth married **Thomas Henry Bingham Baron Bingham Of Cornhill,** son of **Thomas Henry Bingham** and **Catherine Watterson,** in 1963. Thomas was born on 13 Oct 1933 and died on 11 Sep 2010 at age 76. They had three children: **Catherine Elizabeth, Thomas Henry**, and **Christopher Toby**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Judge & Master of The Rolls. Lord Chief Justice & Senior Law Lord.
 - 14-Hon. Catherine Elizabeth Bingham
 - 14-Hon. Thomas Henry Bingham
 - 14-Hon. Christopher Toby Bingham
- 13-David Noel Loxley
- 12-Capt. Oliver Payan Dawnay was born on 4 Apr 1920 and died on 18 Mar 1988 at age 67.

Oliver married Lady Margaret Dorothea Boyle, daughter of Capt. Patrick James Boyle 8th Earl Of Glasgow and Hyacinthe Mary Bell. They had three children: Charles James Payan, Caroline Margaret, and Ivo Nicholas Payan.

13-Charles James Payan Dawnay

Charles married Sarah Stogdon, daughter of Edgar David Stogdon. They had four children: Alice Britannia, Olivia Margaret, David Frederick Payan, and Fenella Christian.

- 14-Alice Britannia Dawnay
- 14-Olivia Margaret Dawnay
- 14-David Frederick Payan Dawnay

- 14-Fenella Christian Dawnay
- 13-Caroline Margaret Dawnay

Caroline married Macpherson. They had one son: Hugo Ronald Alexander.

- 14-Hugo Ronald Alexander Macpherson
- 13-Ivo Nicholas Payan Dawnay

Ivo married Rachel S. Johnson, daughter of Stanley Patrick Johnson and Charlotte Fawcett. They had three children: Ludovic James Payan, Charlotte Millicent, and Oliver Payan.

- 14-Ludovic James Payan Dawnay
- 14-Charlotte Millicent Dawnay
- 14-Oliver Payan Dawnay

Oliver next married Hon. Iris Irene Adele Peake, daughter of Osbert Peake 1st Viscount Ingleby and Lady Joan Rachel De Vere Capell. They had one daughter: Emma Jane Clarissa.

- 13-Dr. Emma Jane Clarissa Dawnay
- 11-**Hugh Forster Buxton** was born on 9 Apr 1882 and died on 3 Nov 1916 in Killed In Action at age 34.

Hugh married Blanche Juliana St. Aubyn, daughter of Maj. W. J. St. Aubyn. They had two children: Peggy and Philip Olaf.

- 12-**Peggy Buxton** was born on 17 Jun 1905 and died in Nov 1905.
- 12-Philip Olaf Buxton was born on 22 May 1906 and died in 1978 at age 72.

Philip married Ruth Christian Lawrence, daughter of Aubrey Trevor Lawrence, on 15 Dec 1934. Ruth died in 1976. They had one son: Hugh Lawrence.

13-**Hugh Lawrence Buxton** was born on 18 Jun 1936 and died on 31 Oct 2005 at age 69.

Hugh married Elizabeth Caroline Tilden Whitelocke Abernethy, daughter of Douglas Allan Abernethy. They had three children: Belinda Ruth, Guy Lawrence, and Anne Caroline.

- 14-Belinda Ruth Buxton
- 14-Guy Lawrence Buxton

Guy married Catherine Patricia Costello. They had two children: Mary Grace Costello and John Lawrence.

- 15-Mary Grace Costello Buxton
- 15-John Lawrence Buxton
- **14-Anne Caroline Buxton**
- 11-Robert Vere Buxton was born on 29 Apr 1883 and died on 1 Oct 1953 at age 70.

General Notes: He was in the Sudan Civil Service between 1907 and 1911. He was decorated with the award of Order of the Nile. He fought in the First World War, where he was mentioned in despatches twice. He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the West Kent Yeomanry. He was Temporary Lieutenant-Colonel of the 2nd Battalion, Imperial Camel Corps. He was decorated with the award of Order of the Crown of Italy. He was decorated with the award of Companion, Distinguished Service Order (D.S.O.) in 1919.

Robert married Irene Marguerite Pix.

11-Hilda Buxton died on 28 Nov 1948.

- 10-Anna Cecilia Buxton was born in 1848, died in 1909 at age 61, and was buried in St Peter and St Paul's Church, Cromer, Norfolk.
- 10-Catherine Elizabeth Buxton was born in 1850, died in 1909 at age 59, and was buried in St Peter and St Paul's Church, Cromer, Norfolk.
- 10-Rachel Jane Buxton was born in 1850, died in 1884 at age 34, and was buried in St Peter and St Paul's Church, Cromer, Norfolk.
- 10-Sarah Evelyn Buxton¹¹⁹ was born in 1853 in London and died on 5 Apr 1926 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk at age 73.

Sarah married **Richard Hanbury Joseph Gurney**, ^{56,86,119} son of **John Henry Gurney** and **Mary Jary**, ^{56,93,120} on 25 Aug 1881 in Cromer, Norfolk. Richard was born on 17 Mar 1855 in Catton, Norfolk and died on 6 May 1899 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk at age 44. They had five children: **Quintin Edward, Christopher Richard, Rachel, Richard Evelyn**, and **Gladys Catherine**.

General Notes: Richard and his wife travelled to America after their wedding, where they met Richard's step-grandmother Eliza Paul Kirkbride, who had returned as a widow to live out her days in Atlantic City, New Jersey. Eliza died whilst they were planning a return to England and they were able quite fittingly, to pay their respects at her funeral at the FBG Burlington, and bring closure to another circle of family history.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1896.
- Miscellaneous: Richard Hanbury Gurney, 6 May 1899.
 - 11-Maj. Quintin Edward Gurney⁹³ was born on 20 Feb 1883 in Steyning, West Sussex and died in 1968 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Bawdeswell Hall, Dereham, Norfolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1932.

Quintin married **Emily Ada Pleasance Ruggles-Brise**, daughter of **Archibald Weyland Ruggles-Brise** and **Mabel Coope**. Emily was born on 6 Sep 1880 and died on 22 Oct 1972 at age 92. They had four children: **Eve, Richard Quentin, Ruth Cecilia**, and **Archibald James**.

12-Eve Gurney

12-Maj. Richard Quentin Gurney^{89,93} was born on 4 Sep 1914 and died on 26 Apr 1980 at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1959.
- He had a residence in Bawdeswell Hall, Dereham, Norfolk.

Richard married Elizabeth Margaret Boughey, 93 daughter of Rev. Percy Fletcher Boughey and Elsie L'estrange Herring, on 26 Mar 1940. Elizabeth died in 1985. They had four children: David Quentin, Mary Elisabeth, Sarah Carolyn, and Nicola Ruth.

13-David Quentin Gurney

David married Jacqueline Mcleod Rawle. They had three children: Elisabeth Anne, Robert Edward Quentin, and Juliet Carolyn.

14-Elisabeth Anne Gurney

Elisabeth married Michael Francis Morley-Fletcher. They had three children: Oliver Charles, Joshua George, and Hebe Alice.

15-Oliver Charles Morley-Fletcher

- 15-Joshua George Morley-Fletcher
- 15-Hebe Alice Morley-Fletcher
- 14-Robert Edward Quentin Gurney

Robert married Samantha Alice Mahood, daughter of Antony Mahood. They had four children: Jemima Skye, Amelia Daisy, Tallulah, and Tabith Lily.

- 15-Jemima Skye Gurney
- 15-Amelia Daisy Gurney
- 15-Tallulah Gurney
- 15-Tabith Lily Gurney
- 14-Juliet Carolyn Gurney
- 13-Mary Elisabeth Gurney

Mary married Stephen Dickinson, son of Rev. Arthur Dickinson. They had two children: Michael Edward and James Stephen.

- 14-Michael Edward Dickinson
- 14-James Stephen Dickinson

James married **Kristina Moore**. They had two children: **Edward** and **Gwilym**.

- 15-Edward Dickinson
- 15-Gwilym Dickinson
- 13-Sarah Carolyn Gurney

Sarah married **David Acloque**. They had two children: **Sarah-Jane** and **Peter**.

- 14-Sarah-Jane Acloque
- 14-Peter Acloque
- 13-Nicola Ruth Gurney

Nicola married His Hon. Judge Philip Curl, son of Dr. Oliver Curl and Joan Crooks. They had two children: Olivia Elisabeth and Eleanor Rose.

- 14-Olivia Elisabeth Curl
- 14-Eleanor Rose Curl
- 12-**Ruth Cecilia Gurney** was born on 30 May 1917 in London and died on 18 Nov 2017 at age 100.

Ruth married **Joseph Guy Lubbock**, son of **Brigadier General Guy Lubbock** and **Lettice Isabella Mason**, on 28 Apr 1941 in Bawdeswell Church, Dereham, Norfolk. Joseph was born on 20 May 1915 in Chelsea, London and died on 22 Jan 2019 in Grove Court, Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 103. They had three children: **Jennifer, Catherine**, and **Lucinda**.

General Notes: Joseph Guy Lubbock, was born at Chelsea, London on 20 May 1915, son of Guy Lubbock (9 October 1870-3 March 1956), an army officer, and his wife Lettice Isabells née Mason (21 June 1879-13 April 1980), who married at Swaffham, Norfolk in 1912 and in 1939 were living at Glebe House, Westerham, Sevenoaks, Kent. Joseph read engineering at Cambridge, before working on early examples of computers and during the Second World War, helped assemble the Spitfire and, with Sir Barnes Wallis (1887-1979), the Wellington

bomber. He also served with the Royal Engineers as a bomb disposal expert and also helped develop a range finder that could detect bombers overhead and guide missiles to explode on impact. He married at Bawdeswell Church, Norfolk on 28 April 1941, Ruth Cecilia Gurney (30 May 1917-18 November 2017), who in 1939 was living at 13 Lower Brook Street, Ipswich, shortly after their marriage Joe was posted to the Far East. In the early 1960s he turned his full attention to painting and writing and he and his wife moved to Suffolk in 1963. Joe was also an accomplished sailor, and enjoyed many successes in ocean racing with Uffa Fox (1898-1972) and once pipped the Duke of Edinburgh's yacht to first place in his class at Cowes Week and has travelled widely including Antarctic, China, Chile and right down to the Beagle Channel in South America and to Mexico. His work draws on the beauty of the Suffolk landscape and his travels with his wife Ruth to remoter parts of the world, the Himalayas, Galápagos and Antarctic, have also had a great influence on his work. He and his wife can look back on life as a distinguished artist, writer and innovator and he published his fifteenth book, meticulously composed at home near Woodbridge. His limited edition hand-bound books of writings and original prints of the natural world are kept in the Fitzwilliam Museum at the University of Cambridge, in the Bodleian Library at Oxford and in the British Library and he has had exclusive exhibitions at the Victoria and Albert Museum and University of East Anglia, as well as abroad with The Royal Library at Windsor Castle containing his work. In 2017 he and his wife were living at High Elms, School Road, Waldringfield, Woodbridge, Suffolk. The Woodbridge Deben branch of the National Association of Decorative and Fine Art Societies (NADFAS) hosted a special 100th birthday celebration, with a special lecture by Dr Christopher de Hamel of Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, on illuminated mediaeval manuscripts, which inspired the artist's work.

https://suffolkartists.co.uk/index.cgi?choice=painter&pid=4534

13-Jennifer Lubbock

Jennifer married Marchese Giorgio Ciaralli-Parenzi. They had two children: Elena and Andrew.

14-Elena Ciaralli-Parenzi

Elena married **Giuseppe Pizzini**. They had two children: **Vivien** and **Allesandro**.

- 15-Vivien Pizzini
- 15-Allesandro Pizzini
- 14-Andrew Ciaralli-Parenzi

Jennifer next married Michael Wynne Wynne-Parker. They had two children: Sarah Ruth Isabella and Fiona Alice Elizabeth.

- 14-Sarah Ruth Isabella Wynne-Parker
- 14-Fiona Alice Elizabeth Wynne-Parker

13-Catherine Lubbock

Catherine married **Stuart Jennings**, son of **Oliver Jennings**. They had two children: **Mark** and **Samuel**.

14-Mark Jennings

Mark married **Sarah Louise Hesketh**. They had two children: **Eve** and **Grace**.

- 15-Eve Jennings
- 15-Grace Jennings
- 14-Samuel Jennings

Samuel married Emma Sloggett.

13-Lucinda Lubbock was born on 11 Dec 1948 and died on 15 May 1999 at age 50.

Lucinda married **Thomas Henry Carew**, son of **Lt. Cdr. Hon. Peter Cuthbert Carew** and **Barbara Leigh-Bennett**, in 1974. Thomas was born on 18 May 1947 and died on 17 May 1978 at age 30. They had one daughter: **Rachel Catherine**.

14-Rachel Catherine Carew

Lucinda next married John Martin Harkness. They had two children: Edward John and Alice Elizabeth.

- 14-Edward John Harkness
- 14-Alice Elizabeth Harkness

12-Archibald James Gurney^{89,93} was born on 23 Aug 1923 and died on 17 Feb 2004 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He had a residence 1947 To 1963 in Bawdeswell Hall, Dereham, Norfolk.
- He had a residence 1966 To 2004 in Bracon Lodge, Bracon Ash, Norfolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1990.

Archibald married Patricia Eleanor Margaret Fanshawe, daughter of Capt. Richard Michael Fanshawe. They had four children: Philippa Margaret, Sonia Caroline, Anne Louise, and Belinda Jane.

13-Philippa Margaret Gurney

Philippa married General Sir Francis Richard Dannatt Baron Dannatt. They had four children: Thomas Richard James, Edward Robert Samuel, Oliver William Jack, and Richard Juliet Rose.

- 14-Hon. Thomas Richard James Dannatt
- 14-Capt. Hon. Edward Robert Samuel Dannatt

Edward married **Emma M. Kennan**.

- 14-Hon. Oliver William Jack Dannatt
- 14-Hon. Richenda Juliet Rose Dannatt
- 13-Sonia Caroline Gurney
- 13-Anne Louise Gurney
- 13-Belinda Jane Gurney
- 11-**Christopher Richard Gurney**¹¹⁹ was born on 6 Sep 1884 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk, died on 27 Nov 1969 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 85, and was buried in St. Mary's, Northrepps, Norfolk.

Christopher married **Dorothy Clara Ruggles-Brise**, daughter of **Archibald Weyland Ruggles-Brise** and **Mabel Coope**, on 22 May 1913 in Finchingfield, Essex. Dorothy was born in 1889, died on 6 Oct 1966 at age 77, and was buried in St. Mary's, Northrepps, Norfolk. They had four children: **Joseph John, Hugh Christopher, Pamela Mabel Richenda**, and **Anthony Richard**.

12-Joseph John Gurney was born on 24 May 1914 and died on 23 Dec 2001 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk.

Joseph married someone. He had one son: Simon Charles Peter.

13-Simon Charles Peter Gurney

Simon married **Deborah Gail**.

12-Lieut. Hugh Christopher Gurney was born about 1918, died on 12 Sep 1944 in Velorcey, France. Killed in action about age 26, and was buried in Velorcey Communal Cemetery, France.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer serving with the SAS.

12-Pamela Mabel Richenda Gurney was born in 1920 and died on 16 Jun 2019 at age 99.

12-Maj. Anthony Richard Gurney was born about 1922, died on 3 Feb 2013 about age 91, and was buried on 15 Feb 2013 in St Mary's Church, Northrepps, Norfolk.

General Notes: Manor Farm, Northrepps Death notice Daily Telegraph 8 Feb 2013 Obituary

Eastern Daily Press

Friday, February 8, 2013

'Well done' was the cry of the Norfolk Major who loved the county and young people

One of the larger than life characters in Norfolk, Major Anthony Gurney, who frequently entertained the Queen Mother, has died aged 91.

As a farmer, politician, countryman and sportsman, 'The Major' as he was always known, had a zest for life and was always prepared to help young people, especially the Scouts. Anthony Richard Gurney, who grew up at Northrepps, went to school at Aldeburgh Lodge and Charterhouse. In 1941, he joined the Royal Norfolk Regiment at Britannia Barracks, Norwich, and was sent to India and commissioned the next year into the 9/12 Indian Frontier Force.

In May 1944, he was badly wounded in the battle for Imphal. With three bullets in his lungs, he was not expected to survive. Later, he met the surgeon, who went on to become president of the Royal College of Surgeons.

While on sick leave in the Himalayas, he heard rumours that a large and rare red-coloured bear had been seen. When this 6ft tall bear attacked him, he shot it and then had it sent to his Norfolk home.

Rejoining his battalion in the advance through Burma and into Vietnam, he was at the surrender of the Japanese in Saigon harbour and then served in Japan.

He married Trish Shaw at St Margaret's, Westminster, and having joined Barclays Bank Overseas in 1948 spent two years in east Africa. Returning to Norfolk in 1950, he joined timber merchants AR Taylor, of Wroxham, later becoming chairman. Among his many roles, he was chairman of Sywell aerodrome, Northampton, for many years.

He started farming in 1953 when he moved to Manor Farm, Northrepps, which was his home for the next 60 years. Encouraged at the start by Jim, now Lord Prior, he loved farming with a passion.

He built up a top Friesian dairy herd and was national malting barley champion in 1989 with a sample of Triumph – the first title won by a Norfolk farmer for years. He was a former chairman of Norfolk CLA branch.

Always keen to learn more, he was a regular at the Oxford Farming Conference and joined David Richardson's famous trip behind the iron curtain to Russia.

A former president of the Aylsham Agricultural Show Association, he was a regular finalist in the Norfolk county farms' competition.

A county councillor for the Cromer division, he defeated the Labour candidate in 1955, increasing his majority at each of the next four elections. He was a member of the county planning committee for 15 years when Norwich airport was expanded and Bacton gas site built.

He represented Norfolk at Strasbourg in 1970 at a European conservation conference having been chairman of the first report on Broads development five years earlier. In 1978, he was made vice president of the East Anglian region of the English Speaking Union.

In 1966, he stood for Westminster for the first time in Norwich South seeking to overturn a Labour majority of 611. It was high profile because just months earlier cabinet minister Geoffrey Rippon had lost the seat.

His love of life, which was shared with young people, saw countless students learning to farm at Northrepps.

For years, the North Norfolk Pony Club had its annual camp there. A passionate supporter of the Scouts, he helped establish a permanent home at Roughton for the local group.

He was president of the British Legion branch and as parish council chairman in 2008 welcomed the Duke of Kent, who was visiting Cromer.

His house was always open to visitors. He was proud of his friendship with the Queen Mother, who often lunched at his home.

He hunted, shot and was a great sportsman but above all he loved the countryside, Norfolk and people.

And his cheery cry: "Well done, Well done" in the shooting field, at a hunter trial or at a party will be missed.

He leaves a sister, Pam, two sons and two daughters, seven grandchildren and two great grandchildren.

A funeral service will be held at St Mary's Church, Northrepps, on Friday, February 15 at 2.30pm.

Anthony married **Patricia Mary Katherine Shaw** in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, London. Patricia was born in 1925, died on 12 Sep 2005 at age 80, and was buried on 21 Sep 2005 in Northrepps, Cromer, Norfolk. They had four children: **Christopher Geoffrey Hugh, Michael Anthony James, Xandra**, and **Diana Dorothy Elizabeth**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Manor Farm, Northrepps, Cromer, Norfolk.
 - 13-Christopher Geoffrey Hugh Gurney
 - 13-Michael Anthony James Gurney

Michael married Georgina R. Sheppard. They had three children: Thomas William Anthony, Sophy Philippa Rose, and Katherine Elizabeth.

- 14-Thomas William Anthony Gurney
- 14-Sophy Philippa Rose Gurney
- 14-Katherine Elizabeth Gurney
- 13-Xandra Gurney

Xandra married **Charles Thompson**. They had two children: **Charlotte** and **Sarah**.

14-Charlotte Thompson was born about 1972 and died on 18 Aug 1994 about age 22.

General Notes: Charlotte Thompson, a pupil at Norwich High School for Girls, had set her heart on a career as a physiotherapist and passed all four of her A-level subjects.

However, she was bitterly disappointed by the grades, thought to include a C and a D, and was convinced they were not good enough to get her to university.

After learning her results on Thursday, she met friends at Norwich Cathedral but told them she wanted to be alone and went into the city centre.

Five hours later, she was found hanging from a rafter in a cottage in her home village of Northrepps in north Norfolk. Miss Thompson lived in the village with her parents Charles and Xandra and her younger sister Sarah. Her grandfather is Major Anthony Gurney, a member of the north Norfolk farming family which founded Barclays Bank.

Miss Thompson had taken her A-levels at the age of 20 after her education was interrupted when she broke her back in an accident while showjumping two years ago.

Despite her disappointment at the results, friends and teachers said she may have been wrong to think they were not good enough for a university place.

Ms Valerie Bidwell, head of the 850-pupil independent fee-paying school, said: "She was planning to study physiotherapy and I think the results might well have been good enough to win her a university place.

"Everybody has been stunned by her death. She was a charming, highly thought of girl, who was very popular with everyone.

"I can only say how shocked we are and extend our sympathy and regret to her family and many friends."

Details of the death emerged at an inquest opened by Norwich coroner James Hipwell yesterday.

Miss Thompson's parents did not attend the hearing and refused to comment on their daughter's death at their home yesterday.

Miss Thompson was born in north Norfolk but as a youngster moved to South Africa with her family. Five years ago, the family returned to the village.

Her father is a director of a firm which deals in and maintains forklift trucks.

Neither Major Anthony Gurney nor his wife Patricia wished to comment yesterday.

Miss Thompson's uncle Chris Gurney, the owner of Northrepps Airfield, who is confined to a wheelchair after breaking his back in an air crash, said: "She had her life before her.

"She broke her back two years ago but got over it and was back into competitive riding and doing very well."

Mr Alan Strutt, Miss Thompson's groom, also paid tribute to the courage she showed after the riding accident.

"She was in hospital for about six weeks and I thought she would never recover," he said. "But she was such a brave woman she got herself better and back into the saddle. She was a very determined lady.

"She was doing really well. She was a little bit special, always a fun girl, always very happy and willing to help other people."

The inquest was told that the thatched cottage where Miss Thompson had been found was believed to belong to a member of the family.

The inquest was adjourned until September 1.

The Herald - Scotland, 20 August 1994

14-Sarah Thompson

13-Diana Dorothy Elizabeth Gurney

Diana married Thomas Benjamin Cabbell-Manners. They had three children: Rupert, Jessica, and Hugh.

14-Rupert Cabbell-Manners

14-Jessica Cabbell-Manners

14-Hugh Cabbell-Manners

11-Rachel Gurney¹¹⁹ was born on 1 May 1886 in West Sussex and died in 1971 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 85.

Rachel married **Rev. Dr. Francis Rosslyn Courtenay Bruce**, ¹¹⁹ son of **Canon Lloyd Stewart Bruce**³ and **Jane Skene**, ³ on 20 Oct 1908 in Norfolk. Francis was born on 14 Aug 1871 and died on 19 Jan 1956 at age 84. They had five children: **Merlin, Rhalou, Erroll, Verily**, and **Lorema**.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: His sister was Edith Agnes Kathleen Bruce, Baroness Kennet.
 - 12-Merlin Bruce¹¹⁹ was born on 3 Aug 1909 and died on 27 Feb 1999 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Acting Capt. RN. F/Lt RAF. Bursar of Abbots Hill school.

Merlin married Marjorie Joan Hitchcock, daughter of William Percy Hitchcock. They had three children: Euslin, Doriel, and Rollo.

13-Euslin Bruce was born on 26 Jul 1933 and died on 11 Aug 1997 at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Design artist.

Euslin married Enid Winifred Pedley, daughter of Eric Woodward Pedley. They had six children: Nicola Jane, Quinton Rosslyn, Roderick Hulme, Caroline Fiona, Damian Trispen, and Jeremy Larick.

14-Nicola Jane Bruce

Nicola married **Paul Darby**.

- 14-Quinton Rosslyn Bruce
- 14-Roderick Hulme Bruce

Roderick married **Rebecca Mary Christina Hanlon**.

- 14-Caroline Fiona Bruce
- 14-Damian Trispen Bruce
- 14-Jeremy Larick Bruce
- 13-Doriel Bruce was born on 9 Oct 1937 and died on 11 Oct 1937.
- 13-Rollo Bruce

Rollo married **Kathleen Margaret Hill**, daughter of **Ronald Hill**. They had two children: **Lucy Helen** and **Rory James**.

14-Lucy Helen Bruce

Lucy married Warren Squire. They had one son: Toby Montague.

15-Toby Montague Squire

14-Rory James Bruce

Rory married Louisa Helen O'Shea. They had one son: Jack Merlin.

15-Jack Merlin Bruce

12-**Rhalou Bruce**¹¹⁹ was born on 21 Mar 1911 and died in 1979 at age 68.

Rhalou married George Hugh Kirkby Peace, son of Hubert Kirkby Peace. They had six children: Colin Kirkby, Hubert Kirkby, Peter Kirkby, Thomas Kirkby, Benjamin Kirkby, and James Kirkby.

13-Colin Kirkby Peace

Colin married Stephanie Anne Rawle, daughter of John Rawle. They had one son: Rosslyn Lucas Kirkby.

14-Rosslyn Lucas Kirkby Peace

13-Hubert Kirkby Peace

Hubert married Penelope Claire Brady, daughter of Maj. Patrick Brady. They had two children: Henry Kirkby and Anne Maria Claire.

- 14-Henry Kirkby Peace
- 14-Anne Maria Claire Peace

13-Dr. Peter Kirkby Peace

Peter married Jane Andrea Knight, daughter of Cedric Escort Knight.

13-Thomas Kirkby Peace

Thomas married **Judith Jane Champion**. They had one daughter: **Emily Mary Delia**.

14-Emily Mary Delia Peace

13-Benjamin Kirkby Peace

Benjamin married Kathleen Rosemary Denise Cornagh. They had one son: Simon Kirkby.

- 14-Simon Kirkby Peace
- 13-James Kirkby Peace

12-Cmdr. Erroll Bruce¹¹⁹ was born on 4 Nov 1913 and died on 10 May 2004 at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Dartmouth.
- He worked as a Naval submariner and Yachtsman. Commanding officer, base Christmas Island. 1957-58.

Erroll married Silvia Daphne Bradley, daughter of Charles Reginald Sylvester Bradley. They had five children: Peregrine Erroll, Peter, Rosamund, Errollyn Daphne, and Chloe Siola.

13-Capt. Peregrine Erroll Bruce

Peregrine married Fiona Anne Wardman, daughter of Grp/Capt. Reginald Bryson Wardman. They had two children: Rachael and Anna.

14-Rachael Bruce

- 14-Anna Bruce
- 13-Cmdr. Peter Bruce
- 13-Rosamund Bruce

Rosamund married Terence Patrick Griffin. They had five children: Benedict James, Tabitha Rose, Polly Bridget, Matilda Victoria, and Flora Eleanor Rhalou.

- 14-Benedict James Griffin
- 14-**Tabitha Rose Griffin** was born on 15 Apr 1964 and died in 1980 at age 16.
- 14-Polly Bridget Griffin
- 14-Matilda Victoria Griffin
- 14-Flora Eleanor Rhalou Griffin

Rosamund next married Jeremy Alan Holmes.

13-Errollyn Daphne Bruce

Errollyn married Richard Charles Lindley. They had three children: Samuel James, Emma Rosamund, and Joseph Galen.

- 14-Samuel James Lindley
- 14-Emma Rosamund Lindley
- 14-Joseph Galen Lindley
- 13-Chloe Siola Bruce
- 12-Verily Bruce¹¹⁹ was born on 12 Jan 1915 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Jul 2010 at age 95.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an Author.

Verily married **Capt. Donald Clive Anderson**, son of **Frank Anderson**, on 2 Aug 1940. Donald was born on 18 Apr 1897 in Cookham, Berkshire and died on 2 Jan 1957 at age 59. They had five children: **Marian, Rachel, Edward, Janie**, and **Alexandra**.

13-Marian Anderson

Marian married James Haldane O'Hare, son of James O'Hare. They had three children: Christina, Justin, and Eloise.

14-Christina O'Hare

Christina married Simon Gerredd Evans. They had two children: Botticelli Verily Boadicea and Piranesi Vita Lolita.

- 15-Botticelli Verily Boadicea Evans
- 15-Piranesi Vita Lolita Evans
- 14-Justin O'Hare

Justin married Janet Robb. They had two children: Lillian and Elspeth.

- 15-Lillian O'Hare
- 15-Elspeth O'Hare
- 14-Eloise O'Hare
- 13-Rachel Anderson

Rachel married Dr. David Henry Bradby, son of Edward Bradby. They had four children: Hannah, Lawrence, Donald, and Nguyen Thanh Sang.

14-Hannah Bradby

Hannah married Stuart Storie Robertson. They had two children: Nguyen Edward and Merlin Storie.

- 15-Nguyen Edward Robertson
- 15-Merlin Storie Robertson
- 14-Lawrence Bradby
- 14-Donald Bradby
- 14-Nguyen Thanh Sang Bradby
- 13-Edward Anderson

Edward married Christina Raymond, daughter of F. G. Raymond. They had two children: Evelyn and Beatrice.

- 14-Evelyn Anderson
- **14-Beatrice Anderson**
- 13-Janie Anderson

Janie married Charles Hampton. They had four children: Daisy Maya, Orlando, Pamela, and Joseph.

- 14-Daisy Maya Hampton
- 14-Orlando Hampton
- 14-Pamela Hampton
- 14-Joseph Hampton
- 13-Alexandra Anderson

Alexandra married Michael Holgreaves Allerhand. They had two children: Taffeta Annie and Rhalou Gladys.

- 14-Taffeta Annie Allerhand
- 14-Rhalou Gladys Allerhand

Alexandra next married Gray Innis Walker, son of Colin Walker.

Verily next married **Paul Edward Paget**, son of **Rt. Rev. Henry Luke Paget** and **Elma Katie Gurney Hoare**, on 10 Aug 1971. Paul was born on 24 Jan 1901 and died on 14 Aug 1985 in Norfolk at age 84.

General Notes: FRIBA. FRCA. CVO.

12-Lorema Bruce

Lorema married Alan Wilfrid Gough Goolden, son of Rear Adm. Francis Hugh Walter Goolden. They had two children: Adrian French and Robin Massy.

13-Adrian French Goolden

Adrian married Penelope Goober, daughter of John Goober. They had three children: Javk Malago, Amy Apple Louise, and Rosemary Alice.

- 14-Javk Malago Goolden
- 14-Amy Apple Louise Goolden
- 14-Rosemary Alice Goolden

Adrian next married Sally Lower, daughter of Malcolm Lower. They had one son: Leo Samson.

- 14-Leo Samson Goolden
- 13-Robin Massy Goolden

Robin married Madelaine Nation, daughter of George Nation. They had two children: Oliver Nation and Rachel Bruce.

- 14-Oliver Nation Goolden
- 14-Rachel Bruce Goolden
- 11-**Richenda Evelyn Gurney** was born on 2 Feb 1888 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk, was christened on 28 Jun 1888 in Cromer, Norfolk, and died in 1974 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 86.
- 11-Gladys Catherine Gurney^{86,119} was born on 25 Jan 1892 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk and died in 1988 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 96.

Gladys married **Hon. Arthur Romer Wynn**, ^{86,119} son of **Hon. Charles Henry Wynn** and **Frances Georgiana Romer**, on 4 Sep 1915. Arthur was born on 22 Jun 1885 in Rug, Lladwrog, Merioneth and died on 14 Aug 1964 at age 79. They had three children: **John Christopher Watkin, Rosemary Vera Georgiana**, and **Dennis Gurney**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Granted Royal precedence as being the son of a Baron. In 1850.

12-John Christopher Watkin Wynn

John married Maureen Dodwell. They had three children: Nicholas Romer, Anne Richenda Dodwell, and Gareth Rowland.

- 13-Nicholas Romer Wynn
- 13-Anne Richenda Dodwell Wynn
- 13-Gareth Rowland Wynn
- 12-**Rosemary Vera Georgiana Wynn**^{86,121} was born on 7 Oct 1919, died on 8 May 2015 in Alt-y-Mynydd Care Home, Llanybydder, Carmarthenshire, Wales at age 95, and was buried in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• Death Notice: The Daily Telegraph, 12 May 2015.

Rosemary married **John Richard Boydell** on 11 Jan 1941 in Cannock. The marriage ended in divorce in 1966. John was born on 15 Jul 1913 in Stafford, Staffordshire and died in 1978 in Newport, Staffordshire at age 65. They had three children: **John Richard Wynn, Gerald Romer**, and **Christopher Henry Robert**.

13-John Richard Wynn Boydell

John married Patricia A. Bennet. They had one son: David Robert.

14-David Robert Boydell

13-Gerald Romer Boydell

Gerald married Susan Jane May. They had three children: Gillian Elizabeth, Angela Susan, and Melanie Jane.

14-Gillian Elizabeth Boydell

Gillian married Andrew P. Hall.

14-Angela Susan Boydell

Angela married Mark Henry Loso. They had three children: Charlotte Catherine, Rebecca Anne, and Chelsea May.

- 15-Charlotte Catherine Loso
- 15-Rebecca Anne Loso
- 15-Chelsea May Loso

14-Melanie Jane Boydell

Melanie married Richard C. Child. They had one son: Leigh Usher.

15-Leigh Usher Child

13-Christopher Henry Robert Boydell

Christopher married Maria T. Lusardi.

Christopher next married Marilyn Hurrell. They had three children: Anthony Dominic, Nicola Catherine, and Stuart John.

14-Anthony Dominic Boydell

Anthony married Karen E. Lee Hynes. They had four children: Alice Caterina, Daisy Ellan, Frederico Finn, and Benedict Walter.

- 15-Alice Caterina Boydell
- 15-Daisy Ellan Boydell
- 15-Frederico Finn Boydell
- 15-Benedict Walter Boydell
- 14-Nicola Catherine Boydell
- 14-Stuart John Boydell

Rosemary next married John Leicester Goldsmith.

12-**Dennis Gurney Wynn**⁸⁶ was born on 31 Jul 1922 and died in 1983 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 61.

Dennis married Joan Edith Bentley. They had four children: Simon Charles, Sarah Frances, Mark Gurney, and Rebecca Helen.

13-Simon Charles Wynn

Simon married Alison Rona Cropper. They had two children: Victoria Rona and Fiona Emily.

- 14-Victoria Rona Wynn
- 14-Fiona Emily Wynn
- 13-Sarah Frances Wynn

Sarah married Philip Knight. They had two children: Paul Alastair Wynn and Emma Joanna.

- 14-Paul Alastair Wynn Knight
- 14-Emma Joanna Knight
- 13-Mark Gurney Wynn

Mark married **Donna Lennert**. They had one son: **Alexander Anthony**.

- 14-Alexander Anthony Wynn
- 13-Rebecca Helen Wynn

10-Laura Priscilla Buxton was born in 1852 in London and died on 2 Nov 1918 in Oxford at age 66.

Laura married **Prof. Henry Francis Pelham**, ¹²² son of **Rt. Rev. Hon. John Thomas Pelham** and **Henrietta Tatton**, on 30 Jul 1873. Henry was born on 19 Sep 1846 and died on 12 Feb 1907 at age 60. They had five children: **Edward Henry, Arthur John, Herbert Sidney, Catherine Harriet**, and **Laura Grace**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a President of Trinity College, Oxford.
 - 11-Sir Edward Henry Pelham was born on 20 Dec 1876 and died on 18 Dec 1949 at age 72.

Edward married **Hon. Irene Lubbock**, daughter of **John Lubbock 1st Baron Avebury** and **Alice Augusta Laurentia Lane Fox-Pitt-Rivers**, on 5 Dec 1905 in St. James', Picadilly, London. Irene was born on 30 Mar 1886 and died on 14 Feb 1961 at age 74. They had five children: **Henry John, Alice Catherine, Irene Joan, Eric Thomas**, and **Susan**.

12-Henry John Pelham was born on 28 Jul 1907 and died on 28 May 1939 at age 31.

Henry married Althea Muriel Beavan on 17 Sep 1932. Althea died on 23 Mar 1999.

12-Alice Catherine Pelham was born on 20 May 1911.

Alice married Patrick Robert Sandars on 9 Oct 1933. Patrick died on 3 Jun 1977. They had two children: Patrick George Henry and Anthony Thomas.

13-Patrick George Henry Sandars

Patrick married Patricia Barbara Hall.

13-Anthony Thomas Sandars

Anthony married Beatrice Valerie Kirk.

12-Irene Joan Pelham

Irene married Brig. Maurice Leslie Hayne, son of Frederick Underwood Stokes Hayne.

12-Maj. Eric Thomas Pelham was born on 19 Aug 1915 and died on 8 Jan 1984 at age 68.

Eric married **Barbara Hilda Fordham**, daughter of **Henry John Fordham**, on 27 Jul 1940. Barbara died on 28 May 1969. They had four children: **Henry Thomas**, **Richard John**, **Charles Herbert**, and **William Robert**.

13-Henry Thomas Pelham

Henry married Sarah Charlton. They had three children: Sophie, Clare, and Charles Thomas.

- 14-Sophie Pelham
- 14-Clare Pelham
- 14-Charles Thomas Pelham
- 13-Richard John Pelham
- 13-Charles Herbert Pelham

Charles married Theresa Annabella Harden, daughter of Maj. James Richard Edwards Harden and Ursula Joyce Strutt.

Charles next married **Sarah**. They had two children: **Katharine** and **Henry**.

- 14-Katharine Pelham
- 14-Henry Pelham
- 13-William Robert Pelham

12-Susan Pelham was born on 30 Jul 1918 and died on 8 May 2006 at age 87.

Susan married **Air Vice Marshal Cresswell Montagu Clementi**, son of **Sir Cecil Clementi**¹²³ and **Marie Penelope Rose Eyres**, ¹²³ on 28 Nov 1940. Cresswell was born on 30 Dec 1918 and died on 26 Aug 1981 at age 62. They had three children: **Christopher Pelham, Nancy**, and **David Cecil**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with CB CBE.

13-Christopher Pelham Clementi

Christopher married Pamela Juliette Nollan. They had one son: Richard Adam.

14-Richard Adam Clementi

Christopher next married Frances Kathleen Parr.

13-Nancy Clementi

Nancy married Peter Lambert Tribe. They had three children: Natalie Clare, Mark Lambert, and Howard Clementi.

- 14-Natalie Clare Tribe
- 14-Mark Lambert Tribe

14-Howard Clementi Tribe

13-Sir David Cecil Clementi

David married Sarah Louise Cowley, daughter of Dr. A. B. Cowley. They had two children: Anna Lucy and Thomas Cowley.

- 14-Anna Lucy Clementi
- 14-Thomas Cowley Clementi

Thomas married Alice M. Stein.

- 11-Arthur John Pelham was born on 4 Dec 1878 and died on 11 Aug 1883 at age 4.
- 11-Rt. Rev. Herbert Sidney Pelham was born on 25 Jun 1881 and died on 11 Mar 1944 at age 62.

General Notes: He held the office of Bishop Suffragan of Barrow-in-Furness in 1926.

- 11-Catherine Harriet Pelham was born on 8 Sep 1885 and died on 20 Nov 1894 at age 9.
- 11-Laura Grace Pelham¹²² was born on 20 Sep 1888.

Laura married **Lt. Col. David Francis Bickmore**, ¹²⁴ son of **Rev. Francis Agnew Bickmore** ¹²² and **Lucy Jane Dundas**, ¹²² on 2 Sep 1915. David was born in 1892 and died on 20 Jul 1918 in Killed In Action at age 26. They had one son: **John David Pelham**.

General Notes: LIEUT.-COLONEL D. F. BICKMORE, D.S.O.

Norfolk Regiment

Newlands 05-10 Aged 27 July 20th, 1918

Only child of the Rev. Francis Askew Bickmore, M.A., late Vicar of Roxwell, Chelmsford, and of his wife, Lucy Jane Bickmore, nee Dundas.

New College, Oxford, B.A., 1913.

Married, in 1915, Grace, daughter of Henry Pelham, President of Trinity College, Oxford, and leaves one son.

Lieut.-Colonel Bickmore, who had obtained a University Commission in the Indian Army, went out to India in 1913. On the outbreak of the War he went to France with his Regiment, the 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry, I. A., and was put in charge of a Small Arms Ammunition Column. In 1 915 he was attached to the 1st Cheshire Regiment and then became an Instructor at the 4th Army School in France. At this time he exchanged into the English Army, joining the Norfolk Regiment. In 1917 he was sent to the 51st Division, as Second-in-Command of the 7th Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. After attending the Senior Officers' Course at Aldershot, early in 1918, he returned to France in April of that year and was given command of the 4th Gordon Highlanders, 51st Division. He was reported 'wounded and missing' on July 20th, 1918, while leading some of his men in an attack on an enemy machine gun position, and no further news of him has been obtainable.

He was mentioned in Despatches and awarded the D.S.O.: — "For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in commanding his Battalion during an enemy attack. When portions of the line shewed signs of wavering he rallied the men, and, in spite of an intense fire, restored the situation. Later during a critical period, before his Battalion was required to attack, he went forward and made a reconnaissance, returning, under heavy shell fire, with a valuable report and a clear plan of action. He shewed great courage and leadership throughout the operations."

Brigadier-General K. G. Buchanan wrote to his widow: — "Your husband has done so well since he has had command of the 4th Gordons, and I feel his loss very deeply. His bravery in action was always conspicuous, and he earned a very fine D.S.O. in April. As a Commander he gave all the greatest confidence, and as his Brigade Commander I have always received the most intense loyalty and support from him."

DAVID FRANCIS BICKMORE

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
 - 12-Maj. John David Pelham Bickmore was born on 18 Sep 1917 and died in 1993 at age 76.

John married **Anne Denise Gurney**, ³⁸ daughter of **Sir Eustace Gurney** ³⁰ and **Anne Agatha Lee-Warner**, on 9 Dec 1939. Anne was born on 9 Oct 1916 and died in 2000 at age 84. They had five children: **John Anthony Dundas**, **Peter John, Elizabeth Anne, Catherine Jane**, and **David Anthony**.

- 13-John Anthony Dundas Bickmore was born on 25 Sep 1941 and died on 11 Sep 1942.
- 13-Peter John Bickmore
- 13-Elizabeth Anne Bickmore

Elizabeth married Robin Anthony Guy Henry Courage.

- 13-Catherine Jane Bickmore
- 13-David Anthony Bickmore
- 10-John Henry Buxton died on 25 Nov 1843.
- 9-Rachel Gurney Buxton⁴³ was born in 1815 and died on 27 Apr 1820 at age 5.
- 9-Thomas Fowell Buxton^{38,69} was born on 29 Aug 1821 and died on 27 Jan 1908 at age 86.

General Notes: On Fri 24 May 1907 - (Note by Sir JGP Bt. - I think this date must be wrong and should be a continuing part of the entry for Thurs 23 May because on Fri 24 May, Father records going to a Wilsons Pease Board meeting at Darlington)

Mrs Barclay & Rachel took us over to Easneye & then we spent an hour with old Fowell Buxton (aet 86 or more) he was wonderfully bright & interesting & interested, he has all his faculties & reads always without glasses - he showed me the splendid M.S. book & pictures &c &c written & painted by Katherine Fry (Eliz. Fry's daughter) of the Gurney family - It is wonderful & took 3 years doing -

He has a few old portraits, Samuel Gurney by Briggs, Mrs Fowell Buxton (? by Collier) Fowell Buxton (himself) by Collier.

He remembered many of the people I only have read & heard of - & was very indignant of Augustus Hare for passing so lightly over the 2 most charming of the Earlham girls 'Louisa & Richenda' in The Gurnevs of Earlham.

We left at 1 & King's X at 2.20 & got home at 8.45 to our lilacs, narcissus & purple beeches & found Christopher awaiting us.

Extract from The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Easneye in Ware, Hertfordshire.
- He resided at Upton House in Cromer, Norfolk.
- He worked as a JP & High Sheriff in Hertfordshire.

Thomas married Rachel Jane Gurney,³⁸ daughter of Samuel Gurney^{3,23,26,38,42,43,48,49,57,70,71,72,73,74,75} and Elizabeth Sheppard,^{23,42,43,70,71,74,75} on 4 Feb 1845.
Rachel was born on 21 Oct 1823 and died on 6 Jan 1905 at age 81. They had 11 children: Rachel Louisa, Elizabeth Ellen, John Henry, Fowell Arthur, Geoffrey Fowell, Alfred Fowell, Catherine Emily, Margaret Jane, Barclay Fowell, Effie Priscilla, and Ethel Mary.

- 10-Rachel Louisa Buxton¹²⁵ was born in 1846 in Spitalfields, London and died in 1922 at age 76.
- 10-Elizabeth Ellen Buxton^{69,117} was born on 17 Jan 1848 in West Ham, London, died on 20 Sep 1919 at age 71, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire.

Elizabeth married Robert Barclay, 3,69,117 son of Joseph Gurney Barclay 23,41,111,112,113,114,115,116 and Mary Walker Leatham, 23,115,126 on 12 Feb 1868 in Parish

Church, West Ham, London. Robert was born on 13 Dec 1843 in Walthamstow, London, died on 19 Jul 1921 at age 77, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire. They had eight children: Robert Leatham, Mary Dorothea, Clemence Rachel, David Buxton, Joseph Gurney, Gilbert Arthur, Rachel Elizabeth, and Christiana Octavia.

General Notes: On Thurs 23 May 1907 she took (me) through Saffron Walden & pointed me out the Gibsons houses &c & saw me off to Broxbourne (JGP: abt 7½ m N.E. of Potters Bar) from Audley End – I met Nellie there & we then went to High Lea to spend a night with Robert & Ellen Barclay - Again a very pleasant renewal of old acquaintance - & he showed me his old family things, his pedigree &c.

Among the family portraits are :-

Oil painting by Leslie of Elizabeth Barclay née Gurney (not very pleasing)

Pastel of the same by unknown artist, very charming & nice but devoid of the bright colouring of hair that is shown in Anne F. Fowler's miniature of her.

Pastel companion picture of her husband Robt Barclay, very good.

A Delacour replica of Jane Gurney Snr the same as mine

A pair of very fine miniatures in old shagreen cases of Robert & Ann Barclay (née Ford) – very fashionable young people.

A miniature in red case of David Barclay

Silhouette of Priscilla Gurney died 1821

Silhouette of Gurney Barclay

Water Colour of Joseph Gurney Barclays' 1st wife née Leatham – she is embroidering & it is a very charming portrait.

Another of her with one of the Barclay girls – sewing

Another of Henry Barclay "White haired Harry" my father's friend with a bull finch & his little light haired sister Louisa .

Jane & Elizabeth Barclay as little girls - one with flowers the other with a doll – very quaint

Another water. colour of Emma Lucy Barclay (my grandmother's friend) who m. H. Birkbeck as 2nd wife.

Another of Henry Barclay when older, shortly before his death –

Another very nice one of Jane M Barclay

He has also an oil painting by W. Barrand of his g. father's horses, a black horse he (R.B. Sen^r).rode, a white mare Jane B. rode & a black pony – also a good portrait in oils by Colner of Jos. Gurney Barclay, an oil painting by Pettie of Geo. Fox refusing the oath with Margaret Fell sitting behind him.

A gold headed cane that belonged to David Barclay of Cheapside, old engravings of David Barclay of Cheapside, of Col. D. B. the last laird, like mine of Jos. Gurney the Sincere Quaker - of Wm. Penn signing the Treaty – both the ones of Elizabeth Fry in Newgate.

Some old Grove plate, one a silver salver with the same design on it as my big Grove urn - another old Barclay salver exactly like it, some fine old Barclay China.

Robt. Barclay told me that when he lived for a year or more at Darlington, the people whom he loved best were my father & mother though Charles Pease was the best (i.e. closest) friend he ever had - My mother was most kind to him he said - & he added she was the most beautiful young woman he ever knew.

The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker. Partner in Barclay, Bevan, Tritton & Co. In 1888 in 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He had a residence in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Chairman, Barclays Bank.

11-Maj. Robert Leatham Barclay was born on 30 Mar 1869 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 22 May 1939 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE JP DL.
- He had a residence in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire.
- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of Barclays Bank.
- He had a residence in Gaston House, Bishops Stortford, Hertfordshire.
- He had a residence in Higham, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Suffolk in 1921.

Robert married Alice Eugenia Smith-Bosanquet, daughter of Horace James Smith-Bosanquet and Cecilia Jane Wentworth Bosanquet, on 31 Mar 1898. Alice died on 23 Aug 1918.

Robert next married **Dorothy Rhoda Williams**, daughter of **Sir Robert Williams 1st Bt.** and **Rosa Walker Simes**, on 4 Mar 1924. Dorothy was born on 11 Dec 1881. They had one daughter: (**No Given Name**).

12-Barclay

11-Mary Dorothea Barclay was born about 1871.

Mary married **Rev. Edward Batchelor Russell**, son of **John Russell** and **Harriet Harnett**. Edward was born on 30 Jun 1852. They had two children: **Edward David Batchelor** and **Alexander Barclay**.

- 12-Edward David Batchelor Russell
- 12-Alexander Barclay Russell
- 11-Clemence Rachel Barclay³ was born about 1874 and died on 14 Oct 1952 about age 78.

Clemence married **Rt. Rev. Edward Sydney Woods**, 3,127 son of **Rev. Frank Woods**, and **Alice Octavia Fry**, on 30 Jul 1903 in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire. Edward was born on 1 Nov 1877 in All Saints' vicarge, Hereford, Herefordshire and died on 11 Jan 1953 in The Bishop's Palace, Lichfield, Staffordshire at age 75. They had six children: **Josephine Priscilla, Frank, Samuel Edward, Janet Clemence, Robert "Robin" Wilmer**, and **Mary Gabrielle**.

General Notes: Woods, Edward Sydney (1877-1953), bishop of Lichfield, was born at All Saints' vicarage, Hereford, on 1 November 1877, the third of five children of the Revd Frank Woods (1846-1896), vicar of All Saints', Hereford, and later vicar of St Andrew's, Nottingham, and his wife, Alice Octavia, née Fry (1845-1923), who was of Quaker lineage and granddaughter of Elizabeth Fry. Along with his elder brother, Theodore Woods (later bishop of Peterborough and then Winchester), he was educated at Marlborough College (1890-96), and at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took a second class in the theological tripos in 1899.

After reading for ordination at Ridley Hall, Cambridge, Woods was ordained in 1901 as curate of Holy Trinity, Cambridge, and chaplain of the Cambridge pastorate. He was chaplain and lecturer at Ridley Hall from 1901 to 1903, and vice-principal from 1903 to 1907. On 30 July 1903 he married Clemence Rachel (1874-1952), daughter of Robert Barclay (1837-1921), of High Leigh, Hoddesdon; her father, a member of the banking family, had been brought up a Quaker but joined the Church of England and was treasurer of the British and Foreign Bible Society. They had three sons and three daughters. Illness with tuberculosis required a change of climate for Woods and a move to Switzerland, where he was successively chaplain at Davos Platz (1908-13) and at Lausanne (1913-15). He was examining chaplain to the bishop of Durham (1911-22).

In 1915 Woods became a temporary chaplain to the forces serving at the Royal Military College, Sandhurst. He was a contributor to The Church in the Furnace (1917), a volume of essays by temporary forces chaplains, which sought to inform the church of the pastoral implications of the conflict. In 1918 he visited the western front and early in 1919 he toured the occupation forces in Germany, travelling 2100 miles to interview 280 of the 400 forces candidates for ordination. Demobilized in April 1919, and in restored health, Woods returned to Cambridge to be vicar of his old parish, Holy Trinity. After the war he led the Bristol Crusade, a mission to industrial workers at which Geoffrey Studdert Kennedy was one visiting speaker. He became proctor in convocation for the diocese of Ely (1921-3), and honorary canon of Ely (1923-7).

In 1927 Woods was appointed vicar and rural dean of Croydon, which was to be the base of his ministry for the next ten years. As suffragan bishop of Croydon, to which position he was appointed in 1930, he instigated the 'Croydon experiment'. This was a local response to the Sunday Entertainment Act of 1932 (which permitted the opening of cinemas on Sunday as long as cinema employees were allowed a day of rest and that a proportion of profits from the opening was given to charity). To these provisos, he suggested the addition of a third, that the films shown should be 'wholesome' and suitable for Sunday viewing. At the local referendum on this issue, in November 1932, the scheme was approved by 34,617 votes to 24,386. He went on to chair the committee that vetted the films for the first year of its operation, proudly reporting in a letter to The Times (29 Oct 1934) that the committee had succeeded in eliminating films that 'made a special feature of crime, cruelty, and loose morality' for those of educational merit, clean comedies, and healthy stories.

At Croydon, Woods played an important part in the early years of religious broadcasting at the BBC. The first broadcast Sunday morning service was a harvest thanksgiving from Croydon parish church on 6 October 1935. From then onwards Woods (and Croydon) featured in the regular pattern of Sunday services, noted for the quality of the preaching. These broadcasts produced a flow of fan mail for Woods, who published his radio talks as Love in Action (1939) and A Life Worth Living (1941). An 'ideal broadcaster', Woods was in demand well beyond his time at Croydon. He possessed the 'capacity to make each listener feel that he was being spoken to personally' (Tomkins, 135).

A moderate evangelical (and someone who always kept a spiritual diary), Woods took an increasing interest in church politics and ecumenism as his ministry progressed. He was able to relate well to all wings of the church. A keen supporter of the Life and Liberty Movement, which sought full control for the church of its own affairs, and which led to the Enabling Act of 1919, Woods chaired the movement from 1921, and sought in particular to support church governance practically by educating and supporting the laity in their new-found responsibilities. Woods instigated and then led the Swanwick conferences for parochial church councillors every year (except during wartime) from 1923 until his death. His biographer described him as an 'apostle of unity' (Tomkins, 99), his lifetime spanning the years in which the ecumenical movement grew from strength to strength. He was a speaker at Student Christian Movement conferences, and appointed as one of the Church of England's delegates to the first Faith and Order conference in Lausanne in 1927, and again at the Edinburgh conference in 1937. His publications Modern Discipleship (1911) and Everyday Religion (1922), like his other works, were published by the SCM Press.

Woods became bishop of the vast diocese of Lichfield in 1937. Despite its geographical size, he adopted his brother Theodore's method of making pilgrimages to various parts of his diocese on foot. By the end of his time at Lichfield, he had made twenty-three such diocesan walks and, covering about 900 miles on foot, made 289 visits to parishes. In his wartime visitation charge of 1941 he declared that the war needed to be fought 'on two fronts, to pray and work for a physical victory over the brute forces of Nazism ... but on the other hand ... filled with the spirit of forgiveness and reconciliation ... wage relentless war on the spiritual hosts of darkness' (Tomkins, 125); and that this war was being fought to 'bring the ideal of a Christian England within the realm of possibility' (Wolfe, 177). Although his diocese was little affected by bombing, Woods attended when an explosion at an ammunition dump annihilated two villages, and when one of his churches, All Saints', Darlaston, was destroyed by the enemy. Towards the end of the war Woods was invited by the YMCA to be a missioner, visiting the troops and chaplains, and made an impression as someone of 'power, simplicity and obvious friendliness' (Tomkins, 130). After the war, during October 1946, he visited service personnel in Austria and northern Italy, including a visit to a prisoner-of-war camp, where he gave the blessing in German.

Although Woods was socially and educationally of a conventional background for an Anglican bishop, living in a world in which shooting parties were the norm and shortage of money was not an issue, he wore his upper-class and Anglican clerical background lightly. He loved sport, especially hockey and tennis, and created a tennis court in his garden at Croydon, continuing to play the game throughout his life. He had the common touch in his ability to communicate to a range of audiences, not least to students; he was often described as 'lovable'. Even if no intellectual giant, Woods was 'a priest and a gentleman' (Hastings, 448), whose pastoral gifts were self-evident. His sympathetic 'I know how you feel', to someone whose troubles he had never experienced himself, nevertheless carried conviction (Tomkins, 8).

Woods was left a widower on his wife's death in October 1952. His last sermon was on Christmas day 1952 at Singapore Cathedral, while on a mission to troops in the Far East. Becoming ill on his journey home, he died a fortnight after his return, at the palace, The Close, Lichfield, on 11 January 1953, of myocardial failure and acute bronchitis. His lifelong love of Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress was underlined by his request for this to be read to him during his last few days. His three sons were all clergyman; one of them, Frank Woods (1907-1992), became archbishop of Melbourne and primate of Australia.

Stephen G. Parker

Sources

O. Tomkins, The life of Edward Woods (1957) · The Times (12 Jan 1953); (15 Jan 1953); (21 Jan 1953) · A. Hastings, A history of English Christianity, 1920-1990, 3rd edn (1991) · K. M. Wolfe, The churches and the British Broadcasting Corporation, 1922-1956: the politics of broadcast religion (1984) · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert.

Archives

BL, corresp. with A. Mansbridge and S. Cockerell · King's Lond., corresp. with B. H. Liddell Hart

Likenesses

Bassano, half-plate glass negatives, 1937, NPG, London · Bassano, vintage print, 1937, NPG, London · W. Stoneman, negative, 1939, NPG, London · H. A. Carr, portrait, repro. in The exhibition of the Royal Academy of Arts (1931), 37 · J. Epstein, portrait, bronze, Lichfield Cathedral; repro. in G. T. Noszlopy and F. Waterhouse, Public sculpture of Staffordshire and the Black Country (2005), 223 · F. Higginton, portrait, repro. in The exhibition of the Royal Academy of Arts (1931), 67

Wealth at death

£4725 1s. 1d.: probate, 10 April 1953, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bishop of Lichfield in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire.
 - 12-**Josephine Priscilla Woods** was born on 7 Aug 1905.

Josephine married **Rev. John d'Ewes Evelyn Firth,** son of **John Benjamin Firth** and **Helen Gertrude Lynan,** on 12 Apr 1939 in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire. John died on 21 Sep 1957. They had no children.

12-The Most Rev. Sir Frank Woods was born on 6 Apr 1907 in Davos, Switzerland and died on 29 Nov 1992 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KBE MA DD LLd.
- He worked as an Archbishop of Melbourne and Primate of Australia.

Frank married Jean Margaret Sprules. They had four children: Theodore, (No Given Name), Richenda, and Clemence.

- 13-Rev. Theodore Woods
- 13-Woods
- 13-Richenda Woods
- 13-Rev. Clemence Woods
- 12-Ven. Samuel Edward Woods was born on 13 Jul 1910, died on 2 Oct 2001 in Wellington, New Zealand at age 91, and was buried in Waikanae, Wellington, New Zealand.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Archdeacon of Christchurch, New Zealand.

Samuel married Sybil Mary Williams, daughter of Canon Arthur Frederick Williams, in 1940. Sybil was born on 7 Jul 1914, died on 1 Feb 2001 in Wellington, New Zealand at age 86,

and was buried in Waikanae, Wellington, New Zealand. They had five children: Richard, Christopher Samuel, (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

13-Richard Woods

13-Canon Christopher Samuel Woods was born on 15 Jan 1943 in Napier, Hawkes Bay, New Zealand and died on 10 Dec 2007 in Liverpool at age 64.

General Notes: Canon Christopher ("Kik") Woods, who has died aged 64, was at all periods a man of inexhaustible energy, warm sociability and transparent goodness; his life, however, was sharply divided between a decidedly secular - even a rumbustious - youth, and a maturity of unstinting religious dedication at St Helens, Merseyside. Yet while his conversion to active Christianity was both sudden and unexpected, it could hardly have surprised a geneticist.

Christopher Samuel Woods was born in New Zealand on January 15 1943 at Napier, Hawkes Bay, on the North Island, where his maternal grandfather was in charge of the mission to Maori in the Waiapu diocese.

Christopher - or "Kik" as he immediately became, in imitation of his elder brother Richard's attempts to address the newcomer - was the second child in a family of five; the younger three (one of whom died in infancy) were all girls.

In 1943 Kik's father, Sam Woods, was chaplain to the Royal New Zealand Air Force. His family's religious heritage went back a long way: one of Sam's great-great-grandmothers had been the Quaker prison reformer Elizabeth Fry (1780-1845). The Woods, however, had become pillars of the Established Church.

Kik's grandfather, Edward Woods, ended his days as High Almoner to King George VI and Bishop of Lichfield, while his great-uncle Theodore (whom Kik particularly resembled in appearance) was Bishop of Winchester.

In the next generation Kik's uncle Frank became Archbishop of Melbourne and Primate of Australia, while his uncle Robin was Dean of Windsor and subsequently Bishop of Worcester. His aunt Gabrielle headed the Women's Institute. Sam, his father, a man of great virtue and surpassing humility (he particularly dreaded preaching), would be Archdeacon in the Christchurch diocese, New Zealand, from 1955 to 1977.

In fact Sam's connection with New Zealand dated back to his youth, when he had gone out to visit his godfather, the Bishop of Christchurch. He later returned to Christchurch as university chaplain and met his future wife Sybil Williams, whose great-great grandfather Henry Williams (1782-1867) had been celebrated as one of the first missionaries to the Maori. Succeeding generations of the family had continued this work.

Kik Woods, however, for a long time showed no disposition to follow the godly example of his forebears. From 1946 to 1955 he was in England, where his father was successively vicar of Southport and rector of Hatfield. Back in New Zealand after 1955 he attended Christ's College, Christchurch.

He proved a good all-rounder both in form and on the sports field, while his trumpet playing qualified him as leader of the school band. He would always love music, of every kind. After school Kik went to America, having won a scholarship to Dartmouth College, at Hanover in New Hampshire. At once good-looking and delightful, he applied himself to party-going with such exclusive diligence that after five terms the authorities cancelled his scholarship. Back in New Zealand, at Canterbury University, he was as popular as at Dartmouth, and hardly more industrious.

In 1966 Kik Woods came to London, and found jobs in the marketing side of publishing, first at Collier Macmillan and then with Associated Book Publishers. He travelled widely in Europe, with a spell behind the Iron Curtain. At one period he passed several months with no fixed abode, save for the company Volvo.

Later he joined Reuter's Economic Service in Africa, selling economic bulletins which were sent out by wire. He was still very much of a hedonist, and a fortunate one too: even when he dived into a half-empty swimming pool in Kinshasa he somehow emerged with nothing worse than a sore neck.

In 1973 he returned to New Zealand, grew a beard, and for a time lived hand-to-mouth as a truck driver. When he applied for the post of sales manager for AH and AW Reed, the biggest publishers in New Zealand, he turned up in his overalls, changed into a suit on the premises, took the interview, and donned the overalls again to leave in his truck.

He was given the job, and began to criss-cross New Zealand in a large station wagon. One day in 1974, to his own stupefaction, the interior of the vehicle became for him flooded with light, and he was suddenly visited with the absolute certainty that he had a vocation to be a priest.

"I'm going to be ordained," he told his sister-in-law at the next stop. "Would you like a drink?" she replied. "Yes," he said, "but I am going to be ordained." For 10 years he had hardly been inside a church.

For the rest of his life, Kik Woods remained true to that astonishing moment of illumination.

In the autumn of 1974 he commenced his theological training at Queen's College, Birmingham, where he further demonstrated his new seriousness of purpose by finally acquiring a degree by correspondence from Canterbury University.

The next year, 1975, he was staying with his friend Esmé Howard at Sermoneta, near Rome, when Esmé's sister Kathy walked into the dining hall with a smile on her lips and a plate of spaghetti in her hand. Woods was instantly smitten, and Kathy, who had been exploring the question of her vocation at the convent of the Communità di Ganghereto nearby, soon discovered that she was called to quite another life.

That August, in Dubrovnik, they became secretly engaged. Inevitably the prospect of a union between an Anglican ordinand of Evangelical bent and a devout cradle Catholic presented difficulties; from the beginning, however, Kik and Kathy were completely sure of each other.

They married on Woods's 34th birthday, January 15 1977. The wedding, consisting of a private Mass and an Anglican service taken by Kik's father, set the tone for the enduring harmony of their marriage.

Woods had been ordained just before his wedding. After completing a two-year curacy at All Souls, Childwall, in Liverpool, he was appointed vicar of Holy Trinity, St Helens, in 1979. The parish featured just about every urban problem known to sociology, from drug abuse to family breakdown, from childhood pregnancy to widespread unemployment. It was immediately evident that Woods would have to be a social worker as well as a priest.

The vicarage and church of Holy Trinity lie at the centre of an old industrial area, and the Woods cheerfully christened the house Gasworks View. Years later Kik would complain when

one of the gasometers was removed.

It helped, of course, in that Romish region, that Kathy was a Catholic; and it helped even more that she was in sympathy with Woods's increasingly charismatic devotion.

For a quarter of a century both gave themselves up wholeheartedly to resisting the area's spiritual decay, while doing all that they could to diminish the dire human consequences of its material degradation. It was a labour without rest or surcease, for there was never an hour at which they were unavailable to those who sought their help.

There were dark moments, of course; but Woods's generous and fundamentally optimistic nature, sustained by his deep faith, was immune from despair. Entirely without personal ambition, he never sought preferment or looked for alternative work. Where he had been called, there he would serve.

The successes which he experienced more than offset the disappointments. In any case, Woods could never have been finally disappointed in anyone or anything. His cheering presence always pointed to the possibility of better things.

However bleak the situation, he believed in the restorative power of enjoyment and fun. His energetic performance of The Vicar's Stomp at the piano constituted his message as surely as his sermons from the pulpit.

Aware that poverty was at the root of so many of his parishioners' troubles, on one occasion Woods suggested to his congregation that they should feel as free to remove money from the collection as to put it in.

At home he was a wonderful father to his three daughters and two sons, and also greatly loved by his wider family. Beyond, like so many busy men, he always seemed to have time for multiple enterprises. For many years he taught at Risley prison.

He was also associated with the New Wine network, based at St Andrew's, Chorleywood, in Hertfordshire.

The support of the leadership team at Holy Trinity allowed him to reach out to the wider world, joining missions to Uganda, India, Ukraine and Finland.

From 2000 to 2006 Woods was Area Dean of St Helens, but not until 2005 did he leave Holy Trinity, and then his new parish was but two miles away.

He met the fresh challenge with his usual gusto, setting forth his vision of the church's role within the town, and drawing up plans for improvements to the fabric of the building. He was also appointed a canon of Liverpool Cathedral.

Kik Woods suffered a massive stroke while conducting a service and died on December 10.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon of Liverpool Cathedral.
- His obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph on 16 Jan 2008.

Christopher married Kathy Howard. They had five children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 14-Woods
- 14-Woods
- 14-Woods
- 14-Woods
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- 13-Woods
- 13-Woods
- 13-Woods

12-Janet Clemence Woods was born on 1 Dec 1912 in Cromer, Norfolk and died on 30 Jan 1998 in Salisbury, Wiltshire at age 85.

General Notes: Janet Clemence Woods, photographer: born Cromer, Norfolk 1 December 1912; married 1938 Reynolds Stone (died 1979; two sons, two daughters); died Salisbury, Wiltshire 30 January 1998.

Overlooked by ancient downland, the village of Litton Cheney in the far west of Dorset lies in one of the most magical parts of England. There, for 26 years, Janet Stone lived at the Old Rectory, with her husband Reynolds Stone, the distinguished engraver and typographer.

A descendant of Elizabeth Fry, the prison reformer, Janet Stone came of an ecclesiastical family (her father, Edward Woods, was Bishop of Croydon and then of Lichfield; one of her brothers, Frank, was Archbishop of Melbourne, another, Robin, Bishop of Worcester). She shared the qualities which singled her father out for church leadership - a good- tempered, gregarious nature, personal magnetism, organising powers and a strong, melodious voice.

So fine a soprano was she indeed that for three months, early in her marriage, she trained as an opera singer under the famous Italian teacher Miele, who gave her free lessons because he believed her to be better equipped to sing Verdi than anyone he had ever met. But the training separated her too much from her husband and her household, which had become the centre of her life. Her decision to give up her musical career was a loss to opera but not to British cultural life, for her creative energies went into making a perfect environment where some of the best British artists and writers came to work and to relax.

With her social curiosity and zest for life she had immediately increased their circle after they married, drawing in the many clever and talented people with whom her husband came in contact, but was too shy to entertain. This led to some notable collaborations - such as his illustrations to a selection of Benjamin Britten's songs, his dust-jackets for the books of Iris Murdoch and Cecil Day Lewis and his watercolours and engravings for Another Self and Ancestral Voices by James Lees-Milne. The stream of guests in summer brought Reynolds a large number of close friendships, such as he had never enjoyed before.

Janet Stone was in a long line (now extinct) of Victorian and Edwardian hostesses that included Julia Margaret Cameron, Blanche Warre-Cornish and Mrs Leslie Stephen, whose cultured gatherings represented a higher peak of English civilisation, despite their modesty, than did most of the grand aristocratic establishments of the period. At Litton Cheney with the Stones, it was easy to believe oneself a hundred years back in time: there were fires in every bedroom, readings aloud round the drawing-room hearth in the evenings, lunch in a little arbour of Janet's design, picnics in high summer on the deserted Chesil beach, winding walks through a woodland garden full of rivulets and small bridges, and, amazingly, butter from their cow (and churn). The company, whether it were Sidney Nolan, L.P. Hartley, Henry Moore or Frances Partridge, was always entertaining. One might say that Janet's motto was, "If a thing is worth doing, it is worth doing by hand"; and such perfectionism was pursued on a very modest income and with the assistance of only one devoted helper in the kitchen.

Janet Stone was a romantic with a strong element of fantasy in her make- up, which did not clash with her practical abilities. Her handsome and stylish appearance recalled the Edwardian age. With her wide-brimmed hats and veils to protect her delicate skin, her corn-coloured hair and upright carriage, she made a memorable impression. Her conversation was ardent, emphatic and humorous. For all her enthusiasm for making new and illustrious acquaintances, she was unexclusive and was devoted to the many young people who came to stay and were bewitched by the demi-paradise that she had created.

Surprisingly, despite her galvanising presence, she was not self-confident. She depended absolutely on her husband and after his death, in 1979, she gave up the house and entertaining on the same scale. Without Reynolds, the life in Litton Cheney was unbearably lonely.

Her life and home with him are commemorated in her photographs, some of which have been published in her own work, Thinking Faces (1988), others of which were commissioned for books and magazines; she took the author portrait for Kenneth Clark's 1969 book-of-the-television-series Civilisation. A collection of her prints is now in the National Portrait Gallery archive.

She worked almost entirely in black-and-white. Most of her best portraits were done at Litton Cheney, with one of her three cameras, a Canon, a Yashica and an old Rolleiflex, the product of hours of patient observation. Some have an extraordinary spiritual depth - such as those of Iris Murdoch, David Jones and John Piper - as beautiful in their way as those of the four Stone children taken in childhood and youth; and humour runs through many of her images - of John Bayley, Professor of English Literature, lying happily asleep on a railway line; and of John Sparrow, Warden of All Souls, reading absorbedly, with a teacosy on his head.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Photographer.
- Her obituary was published in The Independent on 2 Feb 1998.

Janet married **Alan Reynolds Stone**,³ son of **Edward Wellington Stone**³ and **Laura Neville**, in 1938. Alan was born on 13 Mar 1909 in Eton College, Windsor, Berkshire and died on 23 Jun 1979 at age 70. Another name for Alan was Reynolds Stone. They had four children: **Edward**, **Humphrey**, **Phillida Bovill**, and **Emma G**.

General Notes: Stone, (Alan) Reynolds (1909-1979), engraver and letter cutter, was born at Eton College, Buckinghamshire, on 13 March 1909, the eldest of the three children and the only son of Edward Wellington Stone (1867-1936), an Eton housemaster, and his wife, Laura Neville (1872-1925), the daughter of J. E. Bovill, a corn merchant of Dorking. His mother had studied drawing under the painter and Slade professor of fine art Henry Tonks. His father's sister married the writer Compton Mackenzie. Stone was educated first at Eton and then at Magdalene College, Cambridge, where he read history, in which he obtained second classes (second division) in both parts of the historical tripos (1929 and 1930).

Stone began work at the Cambridge University Press under a scheme inaugurated by Walter Lewis, the university printer, for the training of graduate apprentices. It was here that he began his first experiments as an engraver, first on pieces of type metal and later on boxwood. Two great influences of this period were F. G. Nobbs, the press overseer, and the work of Stanley Morison, at that time typographical adviser to the Cambridge University Press. Morison was in part responsible for the revival of interest in classical letter forms and had edited three volumes of Fleuron, a typographical periodical, which Stone read at Cambridge. In 1932 he spent a formative fortnight at Pigotts, the home and workplace of the master craftsman and engraver Eric Gill, who had such a profound effect on modern typography and design. Stone found the atmosphere of worship and work at Gill's too powerful; he felt a need to make his own way.

In 1932 Stone moved to Taunton to work for the printers Barnicott and Pearce. It was there that he produced some of his first engraved designs, including his first book-plate for Armide Oppé. Two years later he left to pursue his own career as a freelance engraver and designer, and exhibited book-plates at the Sunday Times book exhibition, where he first attracted critical attention.

Until the Second World War, Stone worked on numerous book-plate designs, armorial devices, and illustrations. Notable books he illustrated include The Shakespeare Anthology (Nonesuch Press, 1935), The Praise and Happinesse of the Countrie Life (Gregynog Press, 1938), and The Confessions of J. J. Rousseau (Nonesuch Press, 1938).

In 1938 Stone married Janet Woods [see below], with whom he had two sons and two daughters. They moved to Bracken Cottage, Bucklebury, Berkshire. In 1939 he taught himself to cut letters in stone, and his mastery of this form led to various important commissions, such as the memorials to Alfred Duff Cooper, Viscount Norwich (1955), Sir Winston Churchill

(Westminster Abbey, 1965), T. S. Eliot (Westminster Abbey, 1966), and Lord Britten (Aldeburgh, 1977).

During the war Stone worked with the RAF in photo interpretation, but still produced engraved designs. The post-war period saw some of his finest work, including illustrations for Adrian Bell's The Open Air (1936 and 1949) and designs for Breviarium Romanum (1946), commissioned by Stanley Morison. He also engraved devices for The Times, notably the masthead, introduced in 1951.

Stone moved with his family to Dorset in 1953 to the Old Rectory, Litton Cheney, Dorchester, where he lived for the rest of his life. In 1955 he designed the coat of arms for Her Majesty's Stationery Office and in 1963-4 the £5 and £10 notes for the Bank of England (using his daughter Phillida as the model for Britannia); she subsequently married the documentary film-maker Jonathan Francesc Gili. Stone contributed the article on Gwendolen Raverat to the Dictionary of National Biography. He always painted, often using his watercolours as starting points for engravings. The wilderness of his large wooded garden with its stream and ponds was a constant source of inspiration. He had one-man exhibitions at the Aldeburgh Festival (1958), the Arts Council (1959), Agnews (1965 and 1969), and the New Grafton Gallery (1972, 1975, and 1978). Stylistically he was a descendant of the engraver Thomas Bewick (1753-1828) and, in lettering, of the Renaissance calligraphic masters. He achieved near perfection with his engraved alphabets and roman capitals on wood and stone. He was appointed CBE in 1953 and a royal designer for industry in 1956, and in 1964 was elected a fellow of the Royal Society of Arts.

Stone was a man of quiet charm and humour whose friendship was greatly valued. He died, following a stroke, on 23 June 1979 in Dorchester, Dorset.

Stone's wife, Janet Clemence Stone [née Woods] (1912-1998), photographer and hostess, was born on 1 December 1912 at Cromer, Norfolk, the fourth of the six children of Edward Sydney Woods (1877-1953), bishop of Lichfield, and his wife, Clemence Rachel, née Barclay (1874-1952). Two of her brothers became bishops. Educated at the Perse School for Girls, Cambridge, a finishing school in Lausanne, and the Royal College of Music, she started a singing career as a soprano but ended it after marriage. She became a notable hostess, entertaining at Litton Cheney leading writers, painters, and intellectuals including John Betjeman, J. B. Priestley, Benjamin Britten, Kenneth Clark, Henry Moore, Iris Murdoch, and John Bayley; she and her husband were particularly close to Murdoch and Bayley. She often photographed her guests (she also undertook commissions for books and magazines), and at Murdoch's suggestion, published some of her portraits in Thinking Faces (1988). After Stone's death she moved to Salisbury, Wiltshire, where she died on 30 January 1998, survived by her four children. Some of her portraits are in the National Portrait Gallery.

David Wolfers Sources

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Archives

Bodl. Oxf., business papers | BL, corresp. with Sir Sydney Cockerell, Add. MS 52754 · NL Scot., corresp. with Ruari Mclean · Tate collection, Tate Gallery archive, corresp. with Lord Clark, incl. letters from his wife, Janet Stone

Wealth at death

£141,794: probate, 12 Feb 1980, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE RDI.
- He worked as an Engraver and Typographer.
- He resided at The Old Rectory in Little Cheney, Dorset.
 - 13-Edward Stone
 - 13-Humphrey Stone

13-Phillida Bovill Stone

Phillida married **Jonathan Francesc Gili**, son of **Juan Gili i Serra** and **Elizabeth McPherson**, on 27 Jul 1968 in Little Cheney, Dorset. Jonathan was born on 19 Apr 1943 in Radcliffe Maternity Home, Oxford, died on 1 Oct 2004 in Hammersmith Hospital, London at age 61, and was buried in Little Cheney, Dorset. They had three children: **Oliver, Daisy**, and **Orlando**.

General Notes: Gili, Jonathan Francesc (1943-2004), documentary film-maker, publisher, and collector, was born on 19 April 1943 at the Radcliffe Maternity Home, Oxford, the eldest of three children of Joan Lluis Gili (1907-1998), bookseller, publisher, and Catalan scholar, and his wife, Elizabeth Helen, née McPherson (1913-2011), who combined philosophy (in which she had a first-class degree) with cookery, on which she wrote two books. Long before their son went to school it was clear that he possessed unusual qualities. He taught himself to read at the age of three; and at four his favourite reading was Scholes's Oxford Companion to Music. He went to the Crescent School, then the Dragon School, in Oxford, and thence with a scholarship to Bryanston School in 1956. In 1961 he won an exhibition to New College, Oxford, to read Greats, but his studies were soon eclipsed by his interest in the cinema. He became Isis magazine's film editor, often watching five or six films a day. He graduated with a third-class degree in 1965. While still at Oxford he met Phillida Bovill Stone, daughter of the engraver (Alan) Reynolds Stone, at one of Lord David Cecil's Sunday morning parties. He was eighteen, she sixteen, and for Gili it was love at first sight. They eventually married on 27 July 1968 and had three children, Oliver, Daisy, and Orlando.

After leaving Oxford Gili worked briefly in his father's bookshop, but was determined to enter film-making. Edward Roberts gave him his first break as his assistant to edit Eddie Mirzoeff's BBC documentary Jerusalem the Golden (1968). His own first film as an editor was Barney Platts Mills's Bronco Bullfrog (1969). Through Mirzoeff, who first realized Gili's promise as a director, he edited other films for the BBC.

Gili's debut as a director came in 1971 with Incident, a short film starring Stephen Frears as a man progressively less concerned by a series of traffic accidents outside his window. But his forte was as a documentary film-maker. In 1978 London Weekend Television asked him to direct two films, Wedding Day, contrasting an Anglican with a Greek Orthodox wedding, and Soldiers, three cameos about the Salvation Army. This was a stroke of luck, for self-promotion was not one of Gili's talents. The following year Mirzoeff asked him to direct Public School, a film about Westminster School, which reached an audience of nearly twelve million. This was the turning point in Gili's career, and was the first of the many films he directed, wrote, and produced for the BBC, right up to his death. They were always films, not programmes (he never owned a television set). They were always about people, their hopes, quirks, interests, and loves, portrayed with a good humour never directed at the subject. This was as marked in To the World's End (1985), an exploration of London's multicultural society through the 31 bus route (with a score by Carl Davis), as in The Other Half (1984), about Angus Wilson and his partner, Tony Garrett.

Between 1985 and 1990 the BBC's 40 Minutes series included several Gili films, among them Mixed Blessings (1988, about two babies accidentally swapped at birth), and three with Lucinda Lambton, Animal Crackers (1985), A Cabinet of Curiosities (1987), and The Great North Road (1988)-a most happy partnership, skipping hilariously through various English eccentrics and eccentricities including those of the presenter herself. Presenters usually got in the way, he felt, unless their characters were part of the film, as in the first episode of Fire in the Blood (1992), in which the writer Ian Gibson explored his relationship with Spain, his adoptive country. Gili's subsequent films for Laurence Rees's Timewatch series included Typhoid Mary (1994), Gold Rush Memories (1996), Tales from the Oklahoma Land Runs and Tales of the Eiffel Tower (both 1999), The Empire State Story and Debutantes (both 2001), and, best of all, The Oklahoma Outlaw (1998).

Gili's films were beautifully shot. An outstanding photographer himself, he used natural light as far as possible, and was prepared to wait days if necessary for the right weather conditions. As well as the lighting, the angles of the shots would convey the emotion behind the story he was filming. He also used archive footage and stills to punctuate his films. Sound was as important. For him the 'voice' in a film gave the overall tone, and could make or ruin it. Actors produced outstanding performances for Gili, and relished working for him. Music mattered too, as in his use of the slow movement of Ravel's piano concerto over lyrical shots of rusting farm machinery abandoned in the meadows in Year of the French (1982). Twice Gili was able to commission music, from Stephen Oliver Cinderella, or, The Vindication of Sloth (his last work) in The Seven Deadly Sins (1993), and from Jonathan Dove the music for Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother (2002).

Gili's interviewing technique was unique. He took great risks, never giving his subjects a script, nor a hint of the questions he was going to ask. During the interview itself he usually kept silent, merely prompting, never interrupting, however long the silences might be. Sometimes they were very long indeed. 'I like to see people thinking', he once said (personal knowledge). Kind and humorous, he avoided filming people he disliked. He needed to feel affection for his subjects, even if he was exacting and ruthless in the interests of the film. Editors, cameramen, sound recordists, assistant producers, researchers, and personal assistants were driven mad by the demands that he made, but beguiled by his acute intelligence and irresistible stories; he charmed them into submission, and always gave proper praise when the work was well done.

Parallel with Gili's career as a film-maker was his career as a publisher. He started Warren Editions with his future wife in 1967. He inherited a passionate interest in book design and typography from his father, as Phillida did from hers. The first Warren Editions book was a collection of his father-in-law's work. Other publications included work by Ian Beck, John Betjeman (the text written for Mirzoeff's Metro-land, with Glynn Boyd Harte's lithographs), Kenneth Clark, Harold Jones, John Nash, and Gwen Raverat. Gili's own photographs won prizes for the calendars he designed for the David Game Group. He also collected books, the poetry, prose and illustrated books of his own and earlier times filling every available surface in his house in Ifield Road, Kensington. Books, however, had to contend with other things. He collected sardine tins, 7 inch singles (11,000 of them, some odd: 'Who could resist records shaped like Elton John's hat or Barry Manilow's nose?', he wrote in Harpers and Queen), printed paper napkins, hotel sewing kits, toy plastic mobile phones, snowstorms, and a hundred other things that touched his aesthetic sense, whether or not they appealed to anyone else. Sometimes they did: his friend Glynn Boyd Harte made a set of lithographs of the sardine tins, the sole text 'Contents: Sardines'.

In 1984 Gili was diagnosed with chronic myeloid leukaemia, and given at most three years to live. In the event he lived for twenty years more, cramming his life with activity between periods of treatment in Hammersmith Hospital, his thick black hair diminishing more with each treatment. He had just finished three of the most difficult films of his career when he was admitted to hospital for the last time. Historians of Genius (2004) had no dialogue other than the original text of three great writers, Carlyle, Gibbon, and Macaulay, with a brief introduction by Simon Schama. Gili had (unexpectedly) been appointed OBE in 2003, and (adding to a raft of honours for particular films) early in 2004 the Grierson documentary awards committee created the trustees' award especially to mark his outstanding contribution to documentary film-making. He died of leukaemia at Hammersmith Hospital on 1 October 2004, and was buried a week later in the churchyard at Litton Cheney, Dorset, where he had been married. He was survived by Phillida and their three children. A memorial meeting was held at the Royal Geographical Society in London on 6 March 2005.

Catrine Clay

Sources

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Likenesses

photograph, c.1963, repro. in J. Stone, Thinking faces: portraits, 1953-1979 (1988) · J. Gili, self-portrait, photograph, repro. in Harpers and Queen (May 1986) · group portrait (with Orlando, Daisy, Oliver, and Phillida Gili), repro. in gili.co.uk · obituary photographs · photograph, repro. in The Listener (Dec 1990)

Wealth at death

Descendants of William Champion £460,457: probate, 21 July 2005, CGPLA Eng. & Wales Noted events in his life were: • He worked as a Film-maker, editor and director. 14-Oliver Gili 14-Daisy Gili 14-Orlando Gili 13-Emma G. Stone Emma married Ian Archibald Beck. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name). 14-Beck 14-Beck 14-Beck 12-Rt. Rev. Sir Robert "Robin" Wilmer Woods was born on 15 Feb 1914 in Lausanne, Switzerland and died on 20 Oct 1997 at age 83. Noted events in his life were: • He was awarded with KCVO KCMG. • He worked as an Archdeacon in Sheffield, Yorkshire. • He worked as a Dean of Windsor & Chaplain to HM The Queen. • He worked as a Bishop of Worcester. Robert married Henrietta Marion Wilson, daughter of Kenneth Henry Wilson^{27,30} and Mary Isabel Cadbury, on 14 Aug 1942 in Churchill, Worcester. Henrietta was born on 9 Sep 1916 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 2005 in Towcester, Northamptonshire at age 88. They had five children: Rachel Candia, Robert Barclay, Edward Wilson, Eleanor Priscilla, and Henrietta Mary. 13-Rachel Candia Woods 13-Robert Barclay Woods 13-Edward Wilson Woods 13-Eleanor Priscilla Woods 13-Henrietta Mary Woods Henrietta married James Michael Burnell-Nugent, son of Anthony Frank Burnell-Nugent and Gian Mary Alexander. They had four children: Henrietta Marie, Anthony James, Rupert Michael, and Thomas Alexander.

- 14-Anthony James Burnell-Nugent
- 14-Rupert Michael Burnell-Nugent

14-Thomas Alexander Burnell-Nugent

12-Mary Gabrielle Woods was born on 29 Jul 1916 and died on 12 Oct 1999 at age 83.

General Notes: She was the first non 'Lady' to be elected National Chairman, and in later years she spoke about this as 'significant'. She was a member of Marcham (at that time in Berkshire) and Dry Sandford WIs and Marcham's first President. She was also VCO and CC rep for Berkshire and served on the NFWI General Education and Organisation sub-committees.

She was a tall elegant woman whose main interests outside the WI were her house and garden, fashion and foreign travel, particularly cycling tours in France.

During her time in office the resolution pledging the WI's support for the Freedom from Hunger Campaign was passed. The other main national events were the County Feasts and Festivals Competition at the Dairy Show in 1961 and the first National Art Exhibition, Painting for Pleasure, at the Galleries of the Federation of British Artists in 1963. During her chairmanship the NFWI celebrated its WI Golden Jubilee Year of 1965 with a WI Golden Market Place at the Ideal Home Exhibition, a Royal garden party and a reception at the Guildhall.

She visited Russia which was unusual in the Cold War period. The invitation came, unprompted and totally unexpected, directly from the Soviet Union in a telegram congratulating the NFWI on its Golden Jubilee. Gabrielle visited Moscow, Leningrad and the Ukraine, managing to break through the bureaucracy to visit women in their homes. "I am interested in the country women" she told them, "not in visiting factories".

She was Chairman of the Women's Forum and was appointed to the Food Standards Committee of the Ministry of Agriculture in 1963. She also served on the committee of the Advertising Standards Authority and the Advertising Advisory committee of the Independent Broadcasting Authority.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with CBE.
- She worked as a Chairman of the National Federation of Women's Institutes 1961 To 1966.

Mary married **Maj. George Livesey Stenhouse Pike** in 1941. George died on 14 Jun 1992. They had no children.

11-Canon David Buxton Barclay was born on 25 Dec 1876 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 19 Feb 1877 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, died on 17 Jan 1954 at age 77, and was buried in St. Martin's Church, Overstrand, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- · He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.

David married Laetitia Caroline Rowley Hill, ¹²⁰ daughter of Rt. Rev. Dr. Rowley Hill ¹²⁸ and Caroline Matilda Chapman, ¹²⁸ on 20 Jul 1901. Laetitia was born in 1876, died on 8 Mar 1957 at age 81, and was buried in St. Martin's Church, Overstrand, Norfolk. They had three children: Theodore David, John Alexander, and Patience Elizabeth.

12-**Theodore David Barclay** was born on 6 Sep 1906 and died in 1981 in Higham, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman of Barclays Bank in 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Suffolk in 1959.
- He had a residence in Higham, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.

Theodore married someone. He had three children: **David William**, **James Christopher**, and **Susanna Elizabeth**.

- 13-David William Barclay
- 13-James Christopher Barclay
- 13-Susanna Elizabeth Barclay
- 12-John Alexander Barclay was born on 18 Oct 1908 in Cromer, Norfolk and died on 12 Jul 1980 in Canterbury, Kent at age 71.

John married **Janet Evelyn Lucas Man**, daughter of **Rev. Morrice Lionel Man** and **Evelyn Dora Lucas**, on 30 Mar 1946. Janet was born on 27 Aug 1911 in Salisbury, Wiltshire and died on 22 Jan 1999 in Canterbury, Kent at age 87. They had two children: **Caroline Rachel Dorothea** and **Elizabeth Jane**.

13-Caroline Rachel Dorothea Barclay

13-Elizabeth Jane Barclay was born on 26 Feb 1952, died on 29 Oct 2007 at age 55, and was buried on 6 Nov 2007 in Eythorn, Dover, Kent.

12-**Dr. Patience Elizabeth Barclay**¹²⁹ was born on 28 Jul 1911 and died on 28 Mar 1985 at age 73.

General Notes: Patience Elizabeth Davies
"b.28 July 1911 d.28 Mar 1985
MB BS Lond(1939) DCH(1943) MRCP(1945) FRCP(1970)"

Patience Davies was born at Chippenham where her father, David Buxton Barclay, was a vicar. Her maternal grandfather was a bishop, and the discipline of service was a prevailing and pervading influence throughout her life. With this background, medicine was one obvious choice of career and, after preparatory school and public school in Essex, she entered the medical school of the Royal Free Hospital, taking her London degree in 1939.

After house appointments at the Three Counties Emergency Hospital at Arlesey, at Addenbrooke's, and at the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, she became RMO and registrar at the National Temperance Hospital in 1942. In 1943 she was appointed medical registrar at Great Ormond Street Hospital where she laid the foundation of her wide knowledge and skills in paediatric medicine. During her two years in this post she obtained her DCH; her chiefs there spoke of her obvious affection for and rapport with children, her capacity for prolonged hard work, her meticulous notekeeping, and her wide reading of both general and paediatric literature, and they predicted a distinguished career for her.

In 1945 she gained her membership of the College and in the same year, on VE-day, was conscripted into the RAMC. She was posted with the rank of captain to India, to Army hospitals at Agra, Jhansi, and finally Darjeeling. In Darjeeling she met Arthur Davies of the Burma Frontier Service, who was then recovering at the Darjeeling (Lebong) Officer Convalescent Depot from his three and a half years as a Japanese prisoner of war. They were married in Darjeeling on her birthday, 28 July 1946, and after a honeymoon in Nepal they returned to England in September of that year. The following year she joined F L King-Lewis, a children's consultant physician, for three years in his general and specialist practice in London.

In December 1950, Patience and her husband moved to Kenya where she joined the Nairobi Clinic, a group of consultants, and it was in that country that the definitive part of her professional life was spent. She quickly established herself as the acknowledged consultant in her own field and she retained that position throughout her 26 years in Africa. The centre of her hospital work was Gertrude's Garden Children's Hospital, but she also held appointments at the Kenyatta Memorial, the Aga Khan, and the Mater Misericordiae Hospitals. She gave regular series of lectures and contributed several articles to the East Africa Medical Journal. She organized and dominated the practice of exchange transfusion for haemolytic disease of the newborn and her skill in intravenous therapy was legendary. She was responsible for founding the East African Paediatric Association and was its president for the first two years.

Patience was held in affection and immense respect by every member of the medical and nursing professions in East Africa. Some mothers were said to be in holy fear of her, for there was no sentimentality about her approach to her work or her patients and any criticism she might make of a parent's inadequacies of care was direct, even forceful. But once the air was cleared and the way forward established she enjoyed their full cooperation and admiration. She gave selfless and devoted service to parents and children of all races and her positive manner, together with clear and concise appraisal and instruction, quickly established a feeling of great comfort and confidence that in her hands everything possible would be done. And, of course, it was done. In difficult and critical situations she had the gift of being both incisive and imperturbable.

Apart from her private work and hospital clinics, she had a large practice among the poor and needy whom she treated with equal devotion, in love, and for no reward save their recovery. She and her husband left Kenya in 1976 and returned to England, where they settled in a charming house overlooking Dartmoor. For the next six"

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Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with MB BS DCH MRCP FRCP.

Patience married Arthur Davies. They had two children: John and Tess.

- 13-John Davies
- 13-Tess Davies

11-**Joseph Gurney Barclay**⁸⁶ was born on 9 Feb 1879 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 24 May 1879 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, died on 15 Apr 1976 in Chorleywood, Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire at age 97, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- · He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Church Missionary in Matsuye, Japan.

- He worked as a staff member of the Church Missionary Society in 1938 in London.
- He had a residence in 1938 in Rose Hill, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire.
- · He worked as a Banker.

Joseph married **Gillian Mary Birkbeck**, 86 daughter of **Henry Birkbeck** and **Ysabel Caroline Elwes**, 85,86 on 25 May 1905 in Westacre, Norfolk. Gillian was born on 25 Oct 1882 in Bixley, Norfolk, died on 15 May 1909 in Kobe, Japan at age 26, and was buried in Kobe, Japan. They had one son: **Roderick**.

12-Sir Roderick Barclay was born on 22 Feb 1909 in Kobe, Japan and died on 24 Oct 1996 at age 87.

General Notes: Most people who knew Roderick Barclay associated him with Ernest Bevin, whose Private Secretary he was at the end of Bevin's time as Foreign Secretary (1949-51) and about whom he wrote a sympathetic memoir.

Within the Foreign Service he was perhaps best known to my generation of post-war entrants as head of the personnel department (1946-49), since he was probably the first member of the Foreign Office that we new entrants called on. In my case, after sending me off for a spell abroad, Barclay brought me back into his own department where he proved to be a most agreeable boss, educating the juniors mainly by example.

Barclay was a surprising choice as Bevin's Private Secretary since, at first sight, he and his intended master had nothing in common. Barclay was the epitome of the pre-war diplomat - Harrow and Cambridge, fairly tall with a convential moustache, speaking with a slight drawl, addicted to shooting and fishing.

He himself was far from confident that he would win Bevin's approval. But in the event he was probably the most successful of the exceptionally able men who served Bevin as Private Secretary. He had the knack of calming his master down as well as the essential gift of interpreting to the rest of the Foreign Office and to Foreign Ministers and Ambassadors what Bevin wanted to say or do. It is to the credit of both men that they achieved such a close and effective relationship.

There was in fact more to Barclay than met the eye. I recalled that he sometimes gave the impression of being vague or even lackadaisical when I used to go and consult him on behalf of Sir William Strang in the early Fifties about some important incoming telegram. But in a very short time a well thought-out draft reply would be produced and I realised that Barclay was a clever man who chose not to seem clever. I believe that his ability as a senior official adviser came out especially in the early Sixties when he was one of Edward Heath's very strong team for the negotiations in Brussels to attempt to join the EEC.

Barclay's career in the service ended with his two embassies, first to Denmark and then to Belgium for five years, where he and his wife occupied the delightful house which was then the embassy, both comfortable to live in and well adapted for diplomatic entertainment. Lady Barclay was an admirable hostess, dignified, considerate and also very competent - even inducing George Brown to behave with reasonable decorum when staying at the embassy.

The Barclays undertook several demanding social entertainments during their time in Brussels, including a State visit by the Queen in 1966 and the ball which formed part of the ceremonies commemorating the 150th Anniversary of the Battle of Waterloo. This took place on the anniversary of the Duchess of Richmond's famous ball on the eve of the Battle of Quatre Bras, and was a very brilliant affair.

Nor did they neglect the export promotion side of the embassy's duties. It was during a "British week" in aid of exports that Lady Barclay demonstrated her equestrian skill by driving a Whitbread's two-horse brewer's dray around the Park Royal - an unusual feat for an ambassadress.

After retirement in 1969 Barclay resumed touch with the family bank for which he had originally been destined and became chairman of Barclays Bank in France as well as taking on various other business commitments. He then had greater leisure to enjoy family life at his home in Buckinghamshire and to shoot and fish there and in various other parts of England and Scotland. He was a fine shot and maintained his skill to a very late age. Indeed he retained all his faculties to a late age and kept up his interest in his old service through one of his daughters, who had married a diplomat.

Roddy Barclay was an exceptionally nice man, engagingly modest but with a certain Harrovian panache which carried him through some awkward situations.

Alan Campbell

Roderick Edward Barclay, diplomat: born 22 February 1909; CMG 1948, KCMG 1955; CVO 1953, KCVO 1957, GCVO 1966; married 1934 Jean Gladstone (died 1996; one son, three daughters); died 24 October 1996.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCVO KCMG.
- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Principal Private Secretary to the Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin in 1949-1951.
- He worked as an Assistant Under-Secretary of State in 1951-1953 in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.
- He worked as a Deputy Under-Secretary of State in 1953-1956 in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.
- He worked as a HM Ambassador to Denmark in 1956-1960.

- He worked as a Deputy Under-Secretary European Free Trade Association in 1960-1963.
- He worked as a HM Ambassador to Belgium in 1963-1969.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 1 Nov 1996.

Roderick married **Jean Cecil Gladstone**, daughter of **Sir Hugh Steuart Gladstone** and **Cecil Emily Chetwynd-Talbot**, on 7 Jun 1934 in London. Jean was born on 12 Mar 1912 in Capenoch, Dumfries and died in 1996 at age 84. They had four children: **Susan Elizabeth, Gillian Jean, Davina Cecil**, and **Joseph Gurney**.

13-Susan Elizabeth Barclay

Susan married Christopher Charles Harley, son of Ralph Harley and ? Gwyer. They had four children: Edward Mortimer, John Ralph, Adrian Robert, and Philip William.

14-Edward Mortimer Harley

Edward married Alice Victoria Mather.

- 14-Dr. John Ralph Harley
- 14-Adrian Robert Harley
- 14-Philip William Harley

13-Gillian Jean Barclay

Gillian married David Keown-Boyd. They had four children: William Alexander, Robert David, Henrietta Gillian, and Victoria Geraldine.

- 14-William Alexander Keown-Boyd
- 14-Robert David Keown-Boyd
- 14-Henrietta Gillian Keown-Boyd
- 14-Victoria Geraldine Keown-Boyd

13-Davina Cecil Barclay

Davina married Andrew Eustace Palmer, son of Lt. Col. Rodney Howell Palmer and Frances Pauline Gordon-Duff. They had three children: Rodney James Andrew, Juliet Frances Jean, and Michael George Joseph.

- 14-Rodney James Andrew Palmer
- 14-Juliet Frances Jean Palmer
- 14-Michael George Joseph Palmer

13-Joseph Gurney Barclay

Joseph married Joanna Mary Brindley. They had three children: Harriet Gillian, Rosanna Ellen, and Roderick Anthony.

14-Harriet Gillian Barclay

Harriet married William Lexington Manners Sutton, son of Richard Manners Sutton and Penelope Jane Quinlan.

- 14-Rosanna Ellen Barclay
- 14-Roderick Anthony Barclay

Joseph next married **Gwendoline Rose Watney** in 1915. Gwendoline was born on 25 Sep 1885, died on 26 Apr 1976 at age 90, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire. They had four children: **Alexander Patrick, Gordon Andrew, Oliver Rainsford**, and **Ruth Gwendoline**.

- 12-Alexander Patrick Barclay
- 12-Gordon Andrew Barclay
- 12-**Dr. Oliver Rainsford Barclay**⁸⁹ was born on 22 Feb 1919 in Kobe, Japan and died on 12 Sep 2013 at age 94.

Oliver married **Dorothy Knott**, ⁸⁹ daughter of **J. Somerville Knott**, in 1949. Dorothy died on 19 May 1964. They had four children: **Andrew, Stephen, John Martyn Gurney**, and **Janet**.

- 13-Andrew Barclay
- 13-Stephen Barclay
- 13-Prof. John Martyn Gurney Barclay

John married Diana Jane Knox, daughter of Sir John Knox. They had three children: Robert James, David Timothy, and Frances Elizabeth.

- 14-Robert James Barclay
- 14-David Timothy Barclay
- 14-Frances Elizabeth Barclay
- 13-Janet Barclay

Oliver next married **Daisy Hickey**.

- 12-Ruth Gwendoline Barclay
- 11-Rev. Gilbert Arthur Barclay was born on 21 Feb 1882 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 10 Apr 1882 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, and died in 1970 at age 88

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. John's in 1912-1915 in Carlisle, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Military Chaplain with the London Regiment in 1915-1916 in Flanders, Belgium.
- He worked as a Hospital chaplain in London and Leicester in 1916-1919.
- He worked as a Chaplain to the Forces, Territorial Army in 1924-1936.
- He worked as a Vicar of Glen Magna with Stretton Magna in 1927-1932 in Leicestershire.
- He worked as a Rector of Gt. Holland in 1932 in Essex.
- He had a residence in Wheathampstead, Hertfordshire.

Gilbert married **Dorothy Catherine Topsy Studd**, daughter of **Charles Thomas Studd**³ and **Priscilla Livingstone Stewart**,. Dorothy was born on 9 Jul 1891 in Chin Shih Fang, Luanfu, Shanxi, China. They had three children: **Gilbert Charles, Richard George Arthur**, and **Mary Catherine**.

12-**Lt. Gilbert Charles Barclay** was born on 11 Jun 1916, died on 5 May 1944 in Norfolk Ridge, Kohima, India. Killed in action at age 27, and was buried in Kohima War Cemetery, India. Grave 11.B.9.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the Royal Norfolk Regiment.

Gilbert married **Rome Flora**. Rome died on 20 Dec 2010 in Aboyne, Aberdeenshire and was buried on 7 Jan 2011 in Aboyne Churchyard, Aboyne, Aberdeenshire. They had two children: **Leo** and **David**.

Noted events in her life were:

• Her obituary was published in the Death notice in the Press & Journal on 24 Dec 2010.

13-Leo Barclay

13-David Barclay

12-**Sq/Ldr Richard George Arthur Barclay** was born on 7 Dec 1919 in Upper Norwood, London, died on 17 Jul 1942 in El Alamein, Egypt. Killed In Action at age 22, and was buried in El Alamein War Cemetery XI H 7.

General Notes: Born at Upper Norwood, Surrey on December 7th 1919, Richard George Arthur Barclay was educated at Stowe School and then went to Trinity College, Cambridge to read Economics and Law. In 1938 he joined the University Air Squadron and was commissioned in the RAFVR in June 1939. Called up in October, Barclay went to 3 ITW, Hastings on November 8th 1939. He began his RAF flying training at Cranwell on January 1st 1940 and with this completed he was then posted to No. 1 School of Army Co-operation on June 2nd. Eight days later he moved to 5 OTU, Aston Down to convert to Hurricanes and on June 23rd he joined 249 Squadron at Leconfield. On September 2nd 1940 Barclay damaged a Me110, on the 7th he shot down a Me109 and damaged a Do17 and a He111, on the 15th he shot down a Do17, probably destroyed two others and damaged a fourth, on the 18th probably destroyed a He111, on the 19th shared a Ju88 and on the 27th claimed a Me109 and a Ju88 destroyed.

During the attack on Ju88's on that day, Barclay, in Hurricane V6622, was shot down south of London and made a forced-landing at West Malling. He got a probable Me109 on October 15th, two probable Me109's on November 7th and shared another on the 14th. He was awarded the DFC (gazetted 26th November 1940). On November 29th 1940 Barclay was shot down by a Me109 and wounded in the ankle, legs and elbow. He spent two months in hospital and did not return to 249 until March 1941.

He was posted to 52 OTU, Debden as an instructor on May 7th. Three months later he joined 611 Squadron at Hornchurch as a Flight Commander. During a sweep over St Omer on September 20th 1941, Barclay was attacked by Me109's and his engine damaged. He forced-landed at Buyschoeure after breaking high tension cables. With the help of the French Resistance he crossed the Spanish Frontier, arriving in Barcelona on November 7th. He reached the British Embassy, left for Gibraltar on December 7th and arrived back in the UK two days later.

After a short attachment to HQ Fighter Command, Barclay was posted to HQ 9 Group as Tactics Officer. On April 4th 1942 he was given command of 601 Squadron, then about to go to the Middle East. The squadron embarked at Liverpool on April 10th in HMT K6 (SS Rangitata) and reached Port Tewfik on June 4th, having gone via South Africa and Aden. Barclay did not get a chance to lead 601. He went to command 238 Squadron at Amriya from July 2nd 1942.

On the 16th he shot down a Me109. In the afternoon of July 17th he destroyed a Ju87. In the early evening he led 238 on a patrol of the Alamein area acting as top cover for 274 Squadron. As 238 moved to attack some Ju87's it was jumped by Me109's and Barclay was shot down and killed, possibly by Leutnant Werner Schroer of III/JG27.

Barclay is buried in the El Alamein Cemetery and he is commemorated on a plaque in Cromer Parish Church, where his father was vicar from 1939 to 1946. His portrait was made by Eric Kennington.

http://www.bbm.org.uk/Barclay.htm

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DFC.
- He was educated at Stowe.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Pilot of the Royal Air Force.

12-Mary Catherine Barclay

Mary married **Peter Henry Bosanquet**, son of **Vivian Henry Courthorpe Bosanquet** and **Dorothy Mary Cautley Moule**, on 17 Mar 1951. Peter was born on 28 Nov 1919 and died on 24 Dec 2005 in Holt, Trowbridge, Wiltshire at age 86. They had one son: **Andrew George**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with ARIBA.

13-Dr. Andrew George Bosanquet

11-Rachel Elizabeth Barclay was born on 11 Jul 1885 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 13 Sep 1885 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Church Missionary in Ceylon.
- 11-Christiana Octavia Barclay was born on 23 May 1887 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire and was christened on 7 Aug 1887 in Cromer, Norfolk.

10-**John Henry Buxton**^{38,122} was born on 15 Aug 1849 and died on 21 Mar 1934 in Easneye, Ware, Hertfordshire at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Easneye, Ware, Hertfordshire.

John married **Emma Marion (Maria) Pelly**, ³⁸ daughter of **Capt. Richard Wilson Pelly** ^{12,38,86} and **Katherine Jane Fry**, on 19 Nov 1874. Emma was born in 1852 and died on 22 Oct 1924 in Cromer, Norfolk at age 72. They had seven children: **Henry Fowell, Leonard, Andrew Richard, Dorothy Rachel, Arthur, Margaret Katharine**, and **Lilian Rosamond**.

Marriage Notes: Are they buried at St. James's, Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire?

General Notes: In accordance with a wish expressed by Mrs Buxton, the service was made as bright as possible. There was no tolling of the church bell, and no intoning by the clergy, whilst instead of the "Dead March" the organist played by special request of the family the "Hallelujah Chorus" from Handel's "Messiah". There was no choir, and it was the wish of Mrs Buxton that the hymns chosen for the service should be heartily sung by the congregation... The clergy taking part were the Revs. Leonard and Arthur Buxton (sons), the Rev. E. L. McClintock (son-in-law), the Rev. Barclay F. Buxton (brother-in-law), the Rev. Canon R. A. Pelly (brother), Canon E. S. Woods [husband of her niece], Canon Harford [brother-in-law], the Revs. D. B. Barclay and G. A. Barclay [nephews], and the Rev. G. F. Grace (vicar of Stanstead Abbots.)

11-Capt. Henry Fowell Buxton³⁸ was born on 23 Jan 1876 and died on 16 Jan 1949 at age 72.

General Notes: He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the 4th Battalion, Suffolk Regiment. He fought in the First World War. He was a director of Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Company. He held the office of High Sheriff of Hertfordshire in 1938

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Truman Hanbury Buxton, Brewers.
- He resided at Smoo Lodge in Durness, Sutherland.
- He resided at Easeneye in Ware, Hertfordshire.

Henry married **Katharine Tayspel Round**, ³⁸ daughter of **Rt. Hon. James Round** and **Sybilla Joanna Freeland**, on 24 Jul 1900. Katharine was born in 1881 and died on 4 Jul 1945 at age 64. They had five children: **John Fowell, Robert James, Joseph Gurney Fowell, Michael Auriol**, and **Henry Adrian**.

12-Maj. John Fowell Buxton³⁸ was born on 21 Jun 1902 and died on 27 Mar 1970 at age 67.

General Notes: John Fowell Buxton was educated at Harrow School, Harrow on the Hill, London, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1924 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)). He lived at Sawbridge, Hertfordshire, England. He was decorated with the award of Territorial Decoration (T.D.). He gained the rank of Major in the service of the 86th (Hertfordshire Yeomanry) Field Regiment, Royal Artillery (Territorial Army). He became a Master in 1946, Brewers' Company. He was a

director of Truman's Brewery. He held the office of High Sheriff of Hertfordshire in 1958

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a Director of Truman's Brewery.

John married **Katherine Mary Bacon**, ³⁸ daughter of **Sir Nicholas Henry Bacon 12th & 13th Bt.** ³⁸ and **Constance Alice Leslie-Melville**, on 22 Jul 1930. Katherine was born on 15 Jul 1906 and died on 17 Aug 2000 at age 94. They had six children: **Bridget Jane, Anna Katharine, Henry Alexander Fowell, Penelope Mary Albinia, Elizabeth Priscilla**, and **Teresa Constance**.

13-Bridget Jane Buxton³⁸ was born on 13 Aug 1931 and died on 17 Oct 2018 at age 87.

Bridget married **Hon. Reuben Pleydell-Bouverie**,³⁸ son of **William Pleydell-Bouverie 7th Earl Of Radnor**³⁸ and **Helena Olivia Adeane**, on 28 Jan 1956. Reuben was born on 30 Dec 1930 and died on 19 Aug 2020 at age 89. They had three children: **Edward, Rosalind Mary**, and **Jasper**.

- 14-Edward Pleydell-Bouverie
- 14-Rosalind Mary Pleydell-Bouverie
- 14-Jasper Pleydell-Bouverie

Jasper married Katherine Jane Pelly, daughter of Richard Christopher Wordsworth Pelly and Ruth Elinor Askey. They had three children: Josiah, Rufus, and Honor Phoebe C.

- 15-Josiah Pleydell-Bouverie
- 15-Rufus Pleydell-Bouverie
- 15-Honor Phoebe C. Pleydell-Bouverie
- 13-Anna Katharine Buxton

Anna married George Watkin Myrddin-Evans, son of Sir Guildhaume Myrddin-Evans. They had one son: David Guildhaume.

- 14-David Guildhaume Myrddin-Evans
- 13-Henry Alexander Fowell Buxton

Henry married Victoria Bennett, daughter of Edward John Ronald Bennett and Rachel Constance Bazley. They had three children: Nicholas Fowell, Anthony John, and Katharine Louise.

14-Nicholas Fowell Buxton

Nicholas married Henrietta Louise Jewson, daughter of Richard Wilson Jewson. They had four children: Edward Arthur Fowell, Thomas Archie, Hugh Henry, and George William.

- 15-Edward Arthur Fowell Buxton
- 15-Thomas Archie Buxton
- 15-Hugh Henry Buxton
- 15-George William Buxton
- 14-Anthony John Buxton

Anthony married Lara Fleming. They had three children: Archie David, Oscar Henry, and Minda Rachel.

- 15-Archie David Buxton
- 15-Oscar Henry Buxton
- 15-Minda Rachel Buxton
- 14-Katharine Louise Buxton

Katharine married Edward Beckwith. They had two children: Emily Charlotte and Henry William M.

- 15-Emily Charlotte Beckwith
- 15-Henry William M. Beckwith
- 13-Penelope Mary Albinia Buxton

Penelope married Richard Christopher Naylor, son of Thomas Humphrey Naylor and Dorothy Isabel Durning. They had two children: Thomas Murray and Harriet Albinia.

- 14-Thomas Murray Naylor
- 14-Harriet Albinia Naylor
- 13-Elizabeth Priscilla Buxton

Elizabeth married Maj. Thomas Tudor Riversdale Lort-Phillips. They had three children: Frances Katherine, Anna Elizabeth, and Hugh Thomas.

14-Frances Katherine Lort-Phillips

Frances married Stephen Dawson. They had three children: Erin Katherine, Beth Annie, and Thomas Samuel.

- 15-Erin Katherine Dawson
- 15-Beth Annie Dawson
- 15-Thomas Samuel Dawson
- 14-Anna Elizabeth Lort-Phillips

Anna married Giles Morland Adams. They had two children: Xanthe Teresa and Thalia Katharine.

- 15-Xanthe Teresa Adams
- 15-Thalia Katharine Adams
- 14-Hugh Thomas Lort-Phillips
- 13-Teresa Constance Buxton
- 12-**Dr. Robert James Buxton**³⁸ was born on 29 Apr 1908 and died on 5 Jun 1968 at age 60.

General Notes: Major Robert James Buxton was educated at Harrow School, Harrow on the Hill, London, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1929 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Bachelor of Medicine (M.B.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Bachelor of Medicine (M.B.). He graduated from Trinity College,

Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1937 with a Bachelor of Surgery (B.Ch.). He graduated with a Diploma in Opthalmic Medicine and Surgery (D.O.M.S.). He gained the rank of Major in 1942 in the service of the Royal Army Medical Corps. He was registered as a Member, Royal College of Surgeons (M.R.C.S.). He was registered as a Licentiate, Royal College of Physicians, London (L.R.C.P.). He lived at Gallhampton Manor, North Cadbury, Yeovil, Somerset, England.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Opthalmic Surgeon.

Robert married **Lilla Mary Alyson Pumphrey**, ^{27,38} daughter of **Charles Ernest Pumphrey** and **Iris Mary Bell**, on 12 Jun 1935 in Bywell, St Peters, Northumberland. Lilla was born on 8 Apr 1914 in Greenside, Ryton on Tyne, County Durham and died in 1979 at age 65. They had six children: **Victoria Mary Rose, Lavinia Hermione, Lettice Katharine, James Anthony Fowell, Rosamond Mary Alyson**, and **Richard Moberly**.

13-Victoria Mary Rose Buxton

Victoria married **Maj. David James Faulkner**, ³⁸ son of **Lt. Col. Walter Douglas Faulkner** and **Patricia Katharine Montagu-Douglas-Scott**, on 26 Apr 1958 in Cadbury, Tiverton, Devon. David was born on 8 Nov 1932 and died in 1993 at age 61. They had five children: **John Douglas, Katharine Rose, Thomas Patrick, Matthew James**, and **Robert David**.

- 14-John Douglas Faulkner
- 14-Katharine Rose Faulkner
- 14-Thomas Patrick Faulkner
- 14-Matthew James Faulkner
- 14-Robert David Faulkner

Victoria next married Maj. Gen. Reginald Henry Whitworth, son of Aylmer William Whitworth and Alice Lucy Patience Hervey.

13-Lavinia Hermione Buxton

Lavinia married Rt. Hon. (Mr Justice) Sir Mathew Alexander Thorpe, son of Michael Alexander Thorpe and Dorothea Margaret Lambert. They had three children: Gervase James Doncaster, Alexander Lambert, and Marcus Somerled.

- 14-Gervase James Doncaster Thorpe was born on 12 Oct 1967 and died in Apr 2008 at age 40.
- 14-Alexander Lambert Thorpe
- 14-Marcus Somerled Thorpe
- 13-Lettice Katharine Buxton
- 13-James Anthony Fowell Buxton

James married Margaret Elizabeth Russell, daughter of Admiral Hon. Sir Guy Herbrand Edward Russell³⁸ and Hon. Helen Elizabeth Blades. They had four children: Harriet Faith Alyson, Edward Guy Fowell, Meriel Lavinia Margaret, and Charles Robert James.

- 14-Harriet Faith Alyson Buxton
- 14-Edward Guy Fowell Buxton
- 14-Meriel Lavinia Margaret Buxton
- **14-Charles Robert James Buxton**

13-Rosamond Mary Alyson Buxton

Rosamond married Ven. Anthony C. Foottit. They had three children: James Hugh Percival, Caroline Mary Alyson, and Georgina Rose.

- 14-James Hugh Percival Foottit
- 14-Caroline Mary Alyson Foottit
- 14-Georgina Rose Foottit

13-Richard Moberly Buxton

Richard married Julia Grace Elcock, daughter of Commodore Frank Dudley Elcock and Mary Grace Pitfield. They had three children: David Mark Reford, Simon Cosmo Robert, and Elinor Grace Alyson.

- 14-David Mark Reford Buxton
- 14-Simon Cosmo Robert Buxton
- 14-Elinor Grace Alyson Buxton
- 12-Capt. Joseph Gurney Fowell Buxton^{38,89} was born on 5 Jul 1913 and died in May 1943 in Killed In Action Tunisia at age 29.

Joseph married Elizabeth Langley Barbour, daughter of Maj. Robert Barbour. They had three children: Andrew Robert Fowell, Meriel Rose, and Joseph William Henry.

13-Andrew Robert Fowell Buxton

Andrew married **Jane Margery Grant**, ³⁸ daughter of **Lt. Col. John Peter Grant 15th Of Rothiemurchus** and **Lady Katherine Greaves Countess of Dysart**, on 1 May 1965. Jane was born on 2 Feb 1943 and died on 13 Jun 2015 at age 72. They had two children: **Tessa Rose** and **Veronica Mary**.

14-Tessa Rose Buxton

Tessa married Athanassios Deriziotis, son of Eustache Deriziotis.

14-Veronica Mary Buxton

Veronica married Andrew Michael Kemp Barlow, son of Sir John Kemp Barlow 3rd Bt. and Susan Horsbrugh-Porter. They had three children: Cordelia, Lucia, and Edward.

- 15-Cordelia Barlow
- 15-Lucia Barlow
- 15-Edward Barlow

13-Meriel Rose Buxton

Meriel married **Robert Ivan Kenyon-Slaney**, ³⁸ son of **Maj. Robert Orlando Rodolph Kenyon-Slaney** and **Lady Mary Cecilia Rhodesia Hamilton**, on 7 Jan 1964. Robert was born in 1926 and died on 31 Jan 1984 at age 58. They had three children: **Rupert David, Thomas Alexander**, and **Natasha Vivien**.

14-Rupert David Kenyon-Slaney

Rupert married Christina Macmillan. They had three children: Robert Duncan Thomas, Orlando William Percy, and Caspian John Aglionby.

- 15-Robert Duncan Thomas Kenyon-Slaney
- 15-Orlando William Percy Kenyon-Slaney

- 15-Caspian John Aglionby Kenyon-Slaney
- 14-Thomas Alexander Kenyon-Slaney
- 14-Natasha Vivien Kenyon-Slaney

Natasha married Barnabas Martin Henry Branston. They had one son: Oliver Robin Kenyon.

15-Oliver Robin Kenyon Branston

Meriel next married Peter Maurice Afia.

13-Capt. Joseph William Henry Buxton

Joseph married Sarah Louise Smyly, ³⁸ daughter of Lt. Col. Richard Patrick Pilkington Smyly, in 1972. Sarah died in 1974.

Joseph next married Ann Boggis-Rolfe, daughter of Paul Boggis-Rolfe. They had three children: William Paul, Robert, and Laura Elizabeth Verena.

- 14-William Paul Buxton
- 14-Robert Buxton
- 14-Laura Elizabeth Verena Buxton
- 12-Lt. Cmdr. Michael Auriol Buxton³⁸ was born on 4 Sep 1914 and died in 1990 at age 76.

General Notes: High Sheriff of Rutland

Michael married Elizabeth Edith Millicent Elwes,³⁸ daughter of Capt. Robert Hamond Arthur Elwes³⁸ and Esterel Edith Philippa Louise Tillard, on 5 Feb 1938. Elizabeth was born on 14 Jun 1916 and died on 30 Dec 2003 at age 87. They had four children: Gervase Michael, Christopher Robert, Jonathon James, and Charles Joseph.

13-Gervase Michael Buxton

Gervase married Susan Margaret McKenzie, daughter of Kenneth Malcolm McKenzie. They had four children: Lucy Jane, Matthew Thomas Gervase, Caragh Susan, and Jocelyn David

- 14-Lucy Jane Buxton
- 14-Matthew Thomas Gervase Buxton
- 14-Caragh Susan Buxton
- 14-Jocelyn David Buxton
- 13-Christopher Robert Buxton was born on 1 Oct 1940 and died on 3 Jan 2021 at age 80.

Christopher married Judy Frances Dixon, daughter of Gordon Hollingsworth Dixon. They had two children: Timothy James and Richard Antony.

14-Timothy James Buxton

Timothy married Rachel Jane Haldane, daughter of James Martin Haldane 26th Of Gleneagles and Petronella Victoria Scarlett. They had one daughter: Matilda Scarlett.

- 15-Matilda Scarlett Buxton
- 14-Richard Antony Buxton

Richard married **Anna-Louise Reilly**, daughter of **Brian Reilly**. They had two children: **Dan** and **Lara Rose**.

- 15-Dan Buxton
- 15-Lara Rose Buxton

Christopher next married Priscilla Gardner, daughter of Maj. John Gardner. They had three children: Alexandra Mary, Edward Robert, and Thomas Michael.

- 14-Alexandra Mary Buxton
- 14-Edward Robert Buxton
- 14-Thomas Michael Buxton
- 13-Maj. Jonathon James Buxton

Jonathon married Rosaleen Pleasance Bagge, daughter of Sir John Alfred Picton Bagge 6th Bt. and Elizabeth Helena Davies. They had three children: Georgina Elizabeth, Victoria Rose, and Rosaleen Poppy.

- 14-Georgina Elizabeth Buxton
- 14-Victoria Rose Buxton

Victoria married Thomas Paton-Smith, son of Jonathan Paton-Smith. They had three children: Max Jonathan, Guy Oliver, and Emilia Rose.

- 15-Max Jonathan Paton-Smith
- 15-Guy Oliver Paton-Smith
- 15-Emilia Rose Paton-Smith
- 14-Rosaleen Poppy Buxton

Rosaleen married Patrick A. G. Dent, son of Alan Dent. They had one son: Ethan Jonathan Alan.

- 15-Ethan Jonathan Alan Dent
- 13-Lt. Col. Charles Joseph Buxton

Charles married Veronica Juliet Mary Paterson-Morgan, daughter of Francis David Paterson-Morgan. They had three children: Leonie Carinna Rose, Katriona Topaz Mary, and Sophie.

- 14-Leonie Carinna Rose Buxton
- 14-Katriona Topaz Mary Buxton
- 14-Sophie Buxton
- 12-Henry Adrian Buxton was born on 27 Apr 1916 in Bishop's Stortford, Hertfordshire and died in 1970 in Colchester, Essex at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Chillon College, Switzerland.

Henry next married **Mairi Milne**, ³⁸ daughter of **James Milne**, on 25 Aug 1945. Mairi died on 29 Jul 1962.

11-Rev. Leonard Buxton³⁸ was born on 10 Oct 1877 in Southampton, Hampshire and died on 7 Jan 1946 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse & Cambridge. BA. MA.
- He worked as a Vicar of North Mymms.

Leonard married **Kathleen Wingfield-Digby**, daughter of **Capt. John Digby Wingfield-Digby** and **Maria Madan**, on 27 Jul 1903. Kathleen was born in 1870 and died on 24 Mar 1958 at age 88. They had six children: **Kathleen Hannah**, **Ruth Lydia**, **Edmund Digby**, **Kenneth Leonard**, **Daniel Richard**, and **Digby Hugh**.

- 12-Kathleen Hannah Buxton was born on 6 Nov 1905 and died on 14 Aug 1999 at age 93.
- 12-Ruth Lydia Buxton was born on 2 Oct 1906.

Ruth married John Willoughby Harris. They had two children: Elizabeth Hannah and Patrick John.

13-Elizabeth Hannah Harris

Elizabeth married Alfred Rudolph Berd Ehrhardt.

Elizabeth next married Frank Marlow.

13-Patrick John Harris

Patrick married Diana Harkness.

12-Rev. Edmund Digby Buxton was born on 1 Mar 1908 and died on 23 Nov 2001 at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of St Mary's Peckham 1939 To 1944.

Edmund married Katharine Monsarrat Hargreaves, daughter of John Arthur Hargreaves. They had four children: Edmund Francis, Mary Ethel, Lucy Jane, and Antony Leonard.

13-Rev. Edmund Francis Buxton

Edmund married Jane Mary Jones, daughter of Rev. Leslie Arthur Jones. They had three children: Nicholas Andrew, Thomas Mark, and Asha Theresa.

- 14-Nicholas Andrew Buxton
- 14-Thomas Mark Buxton
- 14-Asha Theresa Buxton
- 13-Mary Ethel Buxton

Mary married David James Grundy. They had two children: Katharine Mary and Joanna Lucy.

- 14-Katharine Mary Grundy
- 14-Joanna Lucy Grundy
- 13-Lucy Jane Buxton
- 13-Antony Leonard Buxton

Antony married **Heather Morwenna Marie Osborne**, daughter of **Surgeon Rear Admiral Leslie B. Osborne**. They had one daughter: **Laura Rose**.

14-Laura Rose Buxton

12-Dr. Kenneth Leonard Buxton was born on 19 Jul 1909 and died in Nov 2001 at age 92.

General Notes: Kenneth Leonard Buxton was educated at Charterhouse School, Godalming, Surrey, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1930 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated with a Bachelor of Surgery (B.Ch.). He graduated with a Bachelor of Medicine (M.B.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1935 with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was the Medical Superintendent and Consultant at Mildmay Mission Hospital, London, England. He was registered as a Licentiate, Royal College of Physicians, London (L.R.C.P.). He was invested as a Fellow, Royal College of Surgeons (F.R.C.S.).

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCS LRCP DTM & H MB BCh.
- He worked as a Medical Superintendent and Consultant in Mildmay Mission Hospital, London.

Kenneth married **Agnes Josephine Bragg**, daughter of **Rev. Dr. Tom Bragg** and **Grace Josephine Wakefield**, in 1935 in Marylebone. Agnes was born on 18 Dec 1907 and died in Jan 1999 in Berkshire at age 91. They had four children: **Paul Kenneth, Andrew Wakefield, Angela Josephine**, and **Susanna Rachel**.

13-Dr. Paul Kenneth Buxton

Paul married Heather Clive Edlmann, daughter of Lt. Col. Joseph Campbell Edlmann. They had two children: Jonathan Charles Fowell and Joanna Rachel.

14-Jonathan Charles Fowell Buxton

Jonathan married Victoria Bottom, daughter of Seth Bottom. They had two children: Thaddeus Alexander Wolf and Ottillie Ines Rose.

- 15-Thaddeus Alexander Wolf Buxton
- 15-Ottillie Ines Rose Buxton
- 14-Joanna Rachel Buxton

Joanna married Lt. Col. Francis Hobbs.

13-Andrew Wakefield Buxton was born on 31 Jan 1939, died on 14 Jan 2006 at age 66, and was buried on 28 Jan 2006.

13-Angela Josephine Buxton

Angela married Simon Christopher Edward Kendall. They had three children: Benjamin Edward Buxton, Matthew Simon Digby, and Andrew Christopher Barclay.

- 14-Benjamin Edward Buxton Kendall
- 14-Matthew Simon Digby Kendall
- 14-Andrew Christopher Barclay Kendall
- 13-Susanna Rachel Buxton

Susanna married **Terry Hookway**.

12-Daniel Richard Buxton was born on 4 Mar 1913 and died in 2003 at age 90.

Daniel married Josephine Blake Burdekin, daughter of Hugh Burdekin. They had two children: Timothy Richard Blake and David Adrian Leonard.

13-Timothy Richard Blake Buxton

Timothy married Juliet Gaye Jex-Blake, daughter of Charles William Laurence Jex-Blake. They had two children: Darren Richard Blake and Shane Laurence Blake.

14-Darren Richard Blake Buxton

14-Shane Laurence Blake Buxton

Shane married Regina Yuet Mei, daughter of Yuen Song Wong. They had three children: Blake Mark Chee Meng, Jaeden Laurence Chee Kan, and Melissa Lae Wai Yee.

- 15-Blake Mark Chee Meng Buxton
- 15-Jaeden Laurence Chee Kan Buxton
- 15-Melissa Lae Wai Yee Buxton

13-David Adrian Leonard Buxton

David married Lynley Anne O'connor, daughter of John O'connor and Gladys Helen Lister. They had three children: Adrian David, Bruce John, and Greig Daniel.

- 14-Adrian David Buxton
- 14-Bruce John Buxton
- 14-Greig Daniel Buxton

12-Rev. Digby Hugh Buxton was born on 27 Jan 1916 and died on 9 Nov 1997 at age 81. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: Reverend Digby Hugh Buxton was educated at Stowe School, Buckingham, Buckingham, Buckinghamshire, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1938 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1941 with a Master of Arts (M.A.). Between 1946 and 1950 at All Saints', Queensbury, Edgware, Middlesex, England, the Curate. He was the Curate in 1950 at St. Mary's Church, St. Johns, New Brunswick, Canada. He was the Rector between 1954 and 1964 at Hantsport, Nova Scotia, Canada. He was the Priest-in-charge between 1954 and 1964 at Saguenay Mission, Quebec, Canada. He was the Rector in 1964 at St. Barnabas Church, North hatley, Quebec, Canada.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Curate All Saints', Queensbury 1946 To 1950 in Edgware, London.

11-Capt. Andrew Richard Buxton¹²² was born on 19 Aug 1879, died on 7 Jun 1917 in Battle of Messines. Belgium. In Action. at age 37, and was buried in Oosttaverne Wood Cemetery, Heuvelland, West-Vlaanderen, Belgium.

General Notes: CAPTAIN A. R. BUXTON

Rifle Brigade

Elmfield 93-97 Aged 37 June 7th, 1917

Third son of John Henry Buxton, of Easneye, Herts, and of Mrs. Buxton.

Trinity College, Cambridge. Local Director of Messrs. Barclays Bank,

Victoria Street, S.W. Was a successful trainer of Labrador Retrievers, winning, with Hunsdon Zulu, in 1910, the Championship in the International Gun-dog League Retriever Trials. When the War broke out Captain Buxton enlisted in the Public Schools Battalion, and in January, 1915, he was given a Commission in the Rifle Brigade and went out to France in the following July. His Battalion was in the salient of Ypres, and all through the winter he had many narrow escapes. In August, 1916, he led his Company into action at Guillemont. His health then broke down, and after a spell in a rest camp he was attached as a 'staff learner' to a Brigade Headquarters. He was, however, always anxious to return to his Battalion, and this he succeeded in doing, but only a few days before his death. He was killed in action during the first day of the Battle of Messines on June 7th, 1917. Lieut.-Colonel Pigot, D.S.O., M.C., commanding his Battalion, wrote: "He was just coming back from the front line after an attack yesterday when he was hit by a bullet and died almost at once. I can't tell you how much I deplore his loss. He had been with us a long time and on ever so many occasions had shown himself a very brave man. Everyone loved him, and all the men of his Company will, I know, regret his loss. He was always doing his best to make his men comfortable, and I can assure you he will be a very great loss to us all."

Buxton, Andrew Richard Born Aug. 19, 1879, in London. 3rd son of John Henry Buxton (1866), of Easneye, Hunsdon Bury, Ware, Herts. Brother of Henry F. (1894). Harrow School. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 25, 1898. Matric. Michs. 1898; BA 1901. Local Director of Barclay and Co., bankers, Westminster Branch, 1909-14. Enlisted as a private in the Public Schools and University Battalion, Royal Fusiliers, 1914; Captain, 6th Battalion (attached 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade). Killed in action, June 7, 1917, near Oosttaverne, at the battle of Messines. (Memoir by Edward S. Woods, MA, CF

College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1898-1901.
- He worked as a Local Director, Barclays Bank in Victoria Street, London.
- He worked as an Officer of the 3rd Rifle Brigade.
- 11-Dorothy Rachel Buxton was born in 1880 and died in 1972 at age 92.

Dorothy married **Sir Arthur Grey Hazlerigg 1st Baron Hazlerigg**, son of **Lt. Col. Arthur Grey Hazlerigg** and **Janet Edith Orr-Ewing**, on 14 Jul 1903. Arthur was born on 17 Nov 1878 and died on 25 May 1949 at age 70. They had six children: **Rachel Elizabeth, Dorothy Joan, Edith Bridget, Arthur Grey, Thomas Heron**, and **Robert Maynard**.

General Notes: 13th Bt.

12-Hon. Rachel Elizabeth Hazlerigg was born on 22 Jul 1904 and died in 1989 at age 85.

Rachel married Lt. Col. Anthony Charles Ward Kimpton. They had four children: Rosamond Mary, Anthony Andrew Ward, Diana Rachel, and Patricia Hazel.

13-Rosamond Mary Kimpton

Rosamond married Neil McLay Mills. They had four children: Jemima Rachel McLay, Mark Oliver McLay, Rosamond Cornelia McLay, and Titus Neil Archibald McLay.

14-Jemima Rachel McLay Mills

Jemima married Edward George Trotter, son of Lt. Col. George Richard Trotter and Lady Marioth Christina Hay.

14-Rev. Mark Oliver McLay Mills

Mark married **Dana Powell**. They had three children: **Bridget**, **Phoebe**, and **Rachel**.

- 15-Bridget Mills-Powell
- 15-Phoebe Mills-Powell
- 15-Rachel Mills-Powell

14-Rosamond Cornelia McLay Mills

Rosamond married Peveril John Bruce, son of Lt. Cmdr. Henry Victor Bruce and Helen Vernon Wallop William-Powlett. They had three children: Otto Feilden, Finn Cardigan, and Todd Heron.

- 15-Otto Feilden Bruce
- 15-Finn Cardigan Bruce
- 15-Todd Heron Bruce

14-Titus Neil Archibald McLay Mills

Titus married **Jemima Dyson**. They had one son: **Malachi Dyson Buxton**.

15-Malachi Dyson Buxton Mills

13-Anthony Andrew Ward Kimpton was born on 15 Jul 1931 and died in 1989 at age 58.

Anthony married Kathleen Margaret Sinnott. They had two children: Emily Melissa and Archibald James Sinnott.

14-Emily Melissa Kimpton

Emily married Thomas David Bradwall Barlow, son of Sir John Kemp Barlow 3rd Bt. and Susan Horsbrugh-Porter.

14-Archibald James Sinnott Kimpton

13-Diana Rachel Kimpton

Diana married Rev. John Theodore Cameron Bucke Collins. They had two children: Andrew Dominic John Bucke Collins and Richenda Rachel.

- 14-Andrew Dominic John Bucke Collins Collins
- 14-Richenda Rachel Collins

Richenda married Sir Richard Herbert Paget 4th Bt., son of Sir John Starr Paget 3rd Bt. and Nancy Mary Parish. They had three children: Emma Rachel, Richenda Elizabeth, and Camilla Mary.

- 15-Emma Rachel Paget
- 15-Richenda Elizabeth Paget
- 15-Camilla Mary Paget
- 13-Patricia Hazel Kimpton was born on 9 Jan 1940 and died on 5 May 1965 at age 25. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 12-Hon. Dorothy Joan Hazlerigg was born on 29 Aug 1905 and died on 10 Nov 1962 at age 57.

Dorothy married **James Nathaniel Bosanquet Alexander**, son of **Maj. Edward Bruce Alexander** and **Mabel Eleanor Bosanquet**, on 25 Oct 1930. James was born on 3 Aug 1902 and died on 21 Mar 1955 at age 52. They had three children: **Carolyn Bridget, Joanna Mary**, and **James Arthur Francis**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Stewarts and Lloyds Ltd.
 - 13-Carolyn Bridget Alexander

Carolyn married Richard John Cheney, son of Brig. John Norman Cheney. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 14-Cheney
- 14-Cheney
- 14-Cheney
- 13-Joanna Mary Alexander

Joanna married John Collingwood-Anstey. They had two children: Harold and Alexander.

- 14-Harold Collingwood-Anstey
- 14-Alexander Collingwood-Anstey

13-James Arthur Francis Alexander

James married Marguerite Mary Holland. They had two children: Rachel Martha and Chloe Beatrice.

- 14-Rachel Martha Alexander
- 14-Chloe Beatrice Alexander
- 12-**Hon. Edith Bridget Hazlerigg** was born on 30 Mar 1908.
- 12-Sir Arthur Grey Hazlerigg 2nd Baron Hazlerigg was born on 24 Feb 1910 and died on 30 Sep 2002 at age 92.

General Notes: 14th Bt.

Arthur married Patricia Pullar, daughter of John Pullar, on 19 Sep 1945. Patricia died on 29 Apr 1972. They had three children: Angela Christine, Arthur Grey, and Priscilla Frances.

13-Hon. Angela Christine Hazlerigg

Angela married **Capt. Timothy Effingham MacDowel**, son of **Horace St. George Stopford MacDowel** and **Josephine Laurence Garton**, on 31 May 1969. Timothy was born on 16 Feb 1945 and died in 1978 at age 33. They had two children: **Benjamin St. George** and **Richard Arthur**.

14-Benjamin St. George MacDowel

Benjamin married **Fiona Jane Forbes**. They had one son: **Robert Thomas**.

15-Robert Thomas MacDowel

14-Richard Arthur MacDowel

Richard married Tara Lloyd Jones. They had one daughter: Isabella Poppy.

15-Isabella Poppy MacDowel

13-Sir Arthur Grey Hazlerigg 3rd Baron Hazlerigg

Arthur married Laura Dugdale, daughter of Sir William Stratford Dugdale 2nd Bt. and Lady Belinda Pleydell-Bouverie. They had six children: Arthur William Grey, Eliza Patricia, Amelia Frances, Viola Camilla, (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 14-Hon. Arthur William Grey Hazlerigg
- 14-Hon. Eliza Patricia Hazlerigg
- 14-Hon. Amelia Frances Hazlerigg
- 14-Hon. Viola Camilla Hazlerigg
- 14-Hon. Hazlerigg
- 14-Hon. Hazlerigg

Arthur next married Shan McIndoe, daughter of Alastair Ross McIndoe.

13-Hon. Priscilla Frances Hazlerigg

Priscilla married Hon. Richard Arthur Louis Dillon, son of Lt. Col. Michael Eric Dillon 20th Viscount Dillon and Irène Marie France Merandon Du Plessis, on 24 May 1975. Richard was born on 23 Oct 1948 and died on 9 Oct 2014 at age 65. They had two children: Charlotte Frances and Thomas Arthur Lee.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fellow, Incorporated Society of Valuers and Auctioneers.
 - **14-Charlotte Frances Dillon**
 - 14-Thomas Arthur Lee Dillon
- 12-Maj. Hon. Thomas Heron Hazlerigg was born on 17 Jan 1914 and died on 31 Jul 1998 at age 84.

Thomas married Audrey Cecil Bates. They had two children: Rupert Heron and Simon Martival.

13-Rupert Heron Hazlerigg

Rupert married **Caroline Lavinia Fitzwilliams**, daughter of **John Burkinshaw Lloyd Fitzwilliams** and **Pamela Mia Beatrice Baldwin**, in 1979. Caroline was born in 1944 and died on 5 Dec 2014 at age 70. They had two children: **Cecilia** and **Alexandra Frances**.

- 14-Cecilia Hazlerigg
- 14-Alexandra Frances Hazlerigg
- 13-Maj. Simon Martival Hazlerigg

Simon married Caroline Margaret Mary Ahlberg. They had two children: Antonia Margot and Alice Olivia.

- 14-Antonia Margot Hazlerigg
- 14-Alice Olivia Hazlerigg

Alice married Paul Michael Beale. They had one daughter: Grace Cara Jane.

- 15-Grace Cara Jane Beale
- 12-Maj. Hon. Robert Maynard Hazlerigg was born on 21 Jul 1916 and died on 12 Sep 1997 at age 81.

Robert married Rose Cox. They had two children: Rosemary Maynard and Gillian Henrietta Jean.

13-Rosemary Maynard Hazlerigg

Rosemary married Malcolm John George Connell, son of Frank James Connell. They had one daughter: Emma Aridue Henrietta.

- 14-Emma Aridue Henrietta Connell
- 13-Gillian Henrietta Jean Hazlerigg

Gillian married Maurice Bradley. They had two children: Robert William and Jessica Mary.

- 14-Robert William Bradley
- 14-Jessica Mary Bradley
- 11-Rev. Arthur Buxton was born on 7 Aug 1882 and died on 6 Jan 1958 at age 75.

General Notes: Reverend Arthur Buxton was born on 7 August 1882.1 He was the son of John Henry Buxton and Emma Maria Pelly. He married Esme Caroline Pixley, daughter of Colonel Francis William Pixley, on 14 January 1908. He died on 6 January 1958 at age 75.

Reverend Arthur Buxton was educated at Harrow School, Harrow on the Hill, London, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1904 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1908 with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He

fought in the First World War.1 He was the Rector between 1920 and 1936 at All Souls, Langham Place, Marylebone, London, England. He was the Rector at All Saints, Southport, Lancashire, England.

Arthur married **Esme Caroline Pixley**, daughter of **Col. Francis William Pixley**³⁰ and **Elizabeth Mary Simpson**, on 14 Jan 1908 in Kensington, London. Esme was born in 1883 in Kensington, London. They had four children: **Nigel Arthur, Richenda Dorothy, Mary**, and **Priscilla Peronne**.

12-Dr. Nigel Arthur Buxton¹³⁰ was born on 28 Jan 1909 and died on 15 Jun 1995 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to Canada.

Nigel married **Dr. Elmira Mary Richli**, ¹³⁰ daughter of **Dr. William Richli** and **Christine**, on 23 Mar 1948. Elmira was born on 13 Dec 1915 and died on 6 Mar 2001 at age 85. They had three children: **David Edson, John Arthur**, and **Louise Elizabeth**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Seventh Day Adventists.

13-David Edson Buxton

David married Terri Snyder, daughter of Gerald Snyder. They had two children: Daniel Elliott and Douglas Edward.

- 14-Daniel Elliott Buxton
- 14-Douglas Edward Buxton

13-Dr. John Arthur Buxton

John married Susan Smith, daughter of Paul Smith. They had two children: Sara Ann and Ashley Elizabeth.

14-Sara Ann Buxton

Sara married Michael Joseph Matus.

14-Ashley Elizabeth Buxton

Ashley married **Matthew Lyle Henderson**.

13-Dr. Louise Elizabeth Buxton

Louise married Dr. Kimber Schneider. They had two children: Jonathan Karl and Richard Andrew.

- 14-Jonathan Karl Schneider
- 14-Richard Andrew Schneider
- 12-Richenda Dorothy Buxton^{30,130} was born on 30 Nov 1911, died on 24 Apr 1987 at age 75, and was buried in Pyecombe Churchyard, Pyecombe, West Sussex.

Richenda married **George Blaker Blaker**,^{30,130} son of **Col. William Frederick Blaker**¹³⁰ and **Helen Elizabeth Blaker**,¹³⁰ on 1 Jun 1938. George was born on 30 Sep 1912 in Simla, Himachal Pradesh, India, died on 28 Nov 2001 at age 89, and was buried in Pyecombe Churchyard, Pyecombe, West Sussex. They had one daughter: **Richenda Jennifer**.

General Notes: BLAKER, George Blaker

CMG 1963

Born Simla, India, 30 Sept. 1912; m 1938, Richenda Dorothy Buxton (d 1987); one d; died 28 Nov. 2001

Under-Secretary, HM Treasury, 1955–63, and Department of Education and Science, 1963–71 retired

EDUCATION Eton; Trinity Coll., Cambridge

CAREER Private Sec. to Ministers of State in the Middle East, 1941–43; Cabinet Office, 1943; Private Sec. to Sec. of War Cabinet, 1944; Principal Private Sec. to Minister of

Production and Presidents of the Board of Trade, 1945–47; accompanied Cabinet Mission to India, 1946; Sec. of UK Trade Mission to China, 1946; HM Treasury, 1947; UK Treasury Representative in India, Ceylon and Burma, 1957–63. President: Surrey Trust for Nature Conservation, 1969–80; Scientific and Medical Network, 1986– (Hon. Sec., 1973–86). Gold Medal, Royal Soc. for the Protection of Birds, 1934

ADDRESS Lake House, Vann Lake Road, Ockley, Surrey, RH5 5NS

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Under-Secretary, HM Treasury in 1955-1963.
- He worked as an Under-Secretary, Department of Education and Science in 1963-1971.

13-Richenda Jennifer Blaker

Richenda married Neil John Hancock.

12-Mary Buxton

12-Priscilla Peronne Buxton was born on 9 Sep 1916 and died in 1979 in Worthing, Sussex at age 63.

General Notes: Priscilla Peronne Buxton was Detachment Officer BRCS. She was Licentiate, Royal Academy of Music.

11-Margaret Katharine Buxton was born on 10 Sep 1885.

Margaret married Rev. Edward Louis Longfield McClintock, son of Lt. Col. Charles Edward McClintock.

11-Lilian Rosamond Buxton died on 19 Feb 1969.

10-Rev. Fowell Arthur Buxton was born on 21 Feb 1851 and died on 31 Jul 1881 at age 30.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Curate, All Saint's, Knightsbridge.

10-Lt. Col. Geoffrey Fowell Buxton was born on 21 Jun 1852 and died on 11 Apr 1929 at age 76.

General Notes: He held the office of Sheriff of Norfolk in 1890. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.) of Norfolk. He gained the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the service of the 1st Volunteer Battalion, Norfolk Regiment. He gained the rank of Major and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel in the service of the Norfolk Yeomanry. He was decorated with the award of Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve Officers' Decoration (V.D.). He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Norfolk. He held the office of Mayor of Norwich in 1903. He was invested as a Companion, Order of the Bath (C.B.) in 1919.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB VD JP DL.
- He worked as a Partner in Gurneys' Bank in 1887 in Norwich, Norfolk.
- He worked as a Mayor of Norwich in 1903.
- He resided at Dunston Hall, Norwich.
- He resided at Hoveton Hall, Norfolk.

Geoffrey married **Mary Harbord**, daughter of **Rev. Hon. John Harbord** and **Caroline Penelope Hamond**, on 3 Sep 1878. Mary was born on 28 Jan 1858 in Gayton, Norfolk and died on 18 Nov 1940 at age 82. They had nine children: **Geoffrey Charles, Joan, Bernard, Ivor, Olive Elizabeth Emily, Guy, Avery, Hazel Mary**, and **Rose**.

11-Maj. Geoffrey Charles Buxton was born on 4 Jun 1879 and died on 8 Mar 1958 at age 78.

General Notes: TD

Geoffrey married Clare Florence Mary Stapleton, daughter of Sir Francis George Stapleton 8th Bt. and Mary Catherine Gladstone, on 9 Apr 1902. The marriage ended in divorce. Clare died on 8 May 1949. They had one son: Peter Stapleton.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1913.
 - 12-Maj. Peter Stapleton Buxton was born on 14 Oct 1904 in Beverley, Yorkshire and died on 18 Jul 1944 in Caen, Normandy, France. Killed in action at age 39.

Peter married **Julia Victoria Pease**, daughter of **Claud Edward Pease** and **Lucy Victoria Browne-Clayton**, on 15 Sep 1934 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham. Julia was born on 22 Jan 1910 in Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire and died on 23 Jul 2007 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham at age 97. They had two children: **Anne Victoria** and **James Geoffrey Pease**.

13-Anne Victoria Buxton

Anne married Robin Slingsby Pease, son of Maurice Watson Ridley Pease¹³¹ and Kathleen Ida Primrose Gordon Davies,. They had three children: Victoria Julia Diana, Peter Gordon Charles, and Annabel Primrose Robin.

- 14-Victoria Julia Diana Pease
- **14-Peter Gordon Charles Pease**
- 14-Annabel Primrose Robin Pease
- 13-James Geoffrey Pease Buxton

James married Meriel Jessica Cowan, daughter of Maj. Denis Joseph Cowan and Hilda Yvette Cowan. They had two children: Rose Emma and Hugh David.

- 14-Rose Emma Buxton
- 14-Hugh David Buxton

Hugh married Stacey Louise Smith. They had two children: Eliza Georgina and Hector Peter.

- 15-Eliza Georgina Buxton
- 15-Hector Peter Buxton
- 11-Joan Buxton⁸⁶ was born on 8 Apr 1881, died on 10 Aug 1974 at age 93, and was buried in St. Michael and All Angels, Muncaster, Ravenglass, Cumbria.

Joan married Sir John Frecheville Ramsden 6th Bt., 86 son of Sir John William Ramsden 5th Bt. and Lady Helen Guendolen Seymour, on 15 May 1901. John was born on 7 Jan 1877, died on 6 Oct 1958 at age 81, and was buried in St. Michael and All Angels, Muncaster, Ravenglass, Cumbria. They had three children: John St. Maur, Geoffrey William, and Mary Joyce.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Turweston Manor, Brackley, Northants.
 - 12-**John St. Maur Ramsden** was born on 26 Apr 1902 and died on 7 Jun 1948 in Malaysia. Died on active service at age 46.

John married Lady Catherine Heathcote-Drummond-Willoughby. They had one daughter: Carola Eloise.

- 13-Carola Eloise Ramsden
- 12-Sir Geoffrey William Pennington-Ramsden 7th Bt. was born on 28 Apr 1904 and died on 13 Jan 1986 at age 81.

General Notes: Assumed the name Pennington by Deed Poll in 1925 Assumed the name Pennington-Ramsden by Deed Poll 1958

Geoffrey married **Veronica Prudence Betty Morley**, daughter of **Frederick William Morley** and **Mary Constance Sandeman**, in 1927. Veronica died in 1987. They had four children: **Phyllida Rosemary**, **Penelope Lucinda**, **Annabel**, and **Rachel Melissa Marie Gabrielle**.

13-Phyllida Rosemary Pennington-Ramsden was born on 11 Feb 1929 in London and died on 10 May 2011 in Muncaster Castle, Cumbria at age 82.

Phyllida married **Patrick Thomas Gordon-Duff-Pennington**, son of **Grp./Capt. George Edward Gordon-Duff** and **Rosemary Estelle Craven**, in 1955. Patrick was born on 12 Jan 1930 and died on 9 Jan 2021 in Nairn, Scotland at age 90. They had four children: **Prunella Melissa Phyllida**, **Anthea, Iona Arabel**, and **Rowena**.

General Notes: Patrick Thomas Gordon-Duff-Pennington, OBE, of Muncaster Castle, Cumbria died at Nairn, Scotland 9 January, 2021, aged 90.

Mr Gordon-Duff-Pennington was a landowner and renowned hill farmer in Cumbria and in Scotland.

He was born 12 January, 1930, scion of the Duff-Gordon landed family, son of Group Capt George Edward Duff-Gordon [1895-1966], and his 1st wife the former Rosemary Estelle Craven [1906-96], and was educated at Eton.

He married 21 June, 1955, Phyllida Rosemary Pennington-Ramsden [1929-2011], scion of the Ramsden baronets, and the addition surname of Pennington was added to the family surname.

Phyllida was a daughter of Sir Geoffrey Pennington-Ramsden, 7th Baronet [1904-86], and Muncaster Castle came to her via the Ramsden family. The 5th and last Lord Muncaster, died in 1917 and the Muncaster estate passed to his mother's family, the Ramsdens, who carried out extensive works in the gardens and brought many of their possessions, including the Ramsden family portraits, to Muncaster. In those days the estate still extended to 23,000 acres.

He leaves four daughters, Prunella [born 1956], who married a Gordon; Anthea [born 1958], later Mrs Osborn-Jones; Iona [born 1961], who married Peter Frost, who assumed by deed poll the surname Frost-Pennington; and Rowena [born 1963], who married into the Morris-Eyton landed gentry family.

14-Prunella Melissa Phyllida Gordon-Duff-Pennington

Prunella married **Donald Gordon**.

14-Anthea Gordon-Duff-Pennington

Anthea married Timothy Charles Osborn-Jones. They had two children: Katharine Louisa and Rupert Alexander.

- 15-Katharine Louisa Osborn-Jones
- 15-Rupert Alexander Osborn-Jones
- 14-Iona Arabel Gordon-Duff-Pennington

Iona married Peter Edward Frost-Pennington. They had three children: Ewen Patrick, Fraser Robert, and Isla Rose.

- 15-Ewen Patrick Frost-Pennington
- 15-Fraser Robert Frost-Pennington
- 15-Isla Rose Frost-Pennington

14-Rowena Gordon-Duff-Pennington

Rowena married Martin Robert Morris-Eyton. They had three children: Isobel Rosemary, Rebecca Melissa, and Patrick Geordie.

- 15-Isobel Rosemary Morris-Eyton
- 15-Rebecca Melissa Morris-Eyton
- 15-Patrick Geordie Morris-Eyton
- 13-Penelope Lucinda Pennington

Penelope married **Peter Anthony Neville Pennethorne Laing**, son of **Lt. Col. Neville Ogilvie Laing**. They had two children: **Arabella Charlotte Lucinda** and **Venetia Alexandra Veronica Cavetance**.

14-Arabella Charlotte Lucinda Laing

Arabella married Toby James Foster. They had two children: Alexandra Constance Harriet and Prudence Charlotte Victoria.

- 15-Alexandra Constance Harriet Foster
- 15-Prudence Charlotte Victoria Foster

14-Venetia Alexandra Veronica Cavetance Laing

Venetia married James Anthony Findlay. They had two children: Christopher Anthony Genghus and Oliver Angus Rhuraidh.

- 15-Christopher Anthony Genghus Findlay
- 15-Oliver Angus Rhuraidh Findlay

13-Annabel Pennington

Annabel married Col. Edward Timothy Smyth-Osbourne. They had four children: Charles William, Rachel Rosa, Julian George, and Michael Alexander.

14-Charles William Smyth-Osbourne

Charles married Joanna Mary Cubitt, daughter of Sir Hugh Guy Cubitt. They had three children: Edward John, William Hugh, and Archie Alexander.

- 15-Edward John Smyth-Osbourne
- 15-William Hugh Smyth-Osbourne
- 15-Archie Alexander Smyth-Osbourne

14-Rachel Rosa Smyth-Osbourne

Rachel married **Robert Drysdale**. They had two children: **Veronica Mary** and **Francis William**.

- 15-Veronica Mary Drysdale
- 15-Francis William Drysdale

14-Julian George Smyth-Osbourne

Julian married Claudia Proctor. They had two children: Luke John and Sophie Charlotte.

- 15-Luke John Smyth-Osbourne
- 15-Sophie Charlotte Smyth-Osbourne

14-Michael Alexander Smyth-Osbourne

Michael married Annabel Claire Bond. They had four children: Flora Ella, Lara, Toby, and Emily.

- 15-Flora Ella Smyth-Osbourne
- 15-Lara Smyth-Osbourne

- 15-Toby Smyth-Osbourne
- 15-Emily Smyth-Osbourne
- 13-Rachel Melissa Marie Gabrielle Pennington was born in 1940 and died in 1946 at age 6.
- 12-Mary Joyce Ramsden was born on 12 Nov 1907 and died on 25 Jan 2000 at age 92.

Mary married Maj. Gen. Sir Randle Guy Feilden, son of Maj. Percy Henry Guy Feilden and Hon. Dorothy Louisa Brand, on 22 Oct 1929. Randle was born on 14 Jun 1904 and died in 1981 at age 77. They had three children: Randle Joseph, Cecil Roderick, and Andrew James.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO CB CBE DL.
 - 13-Randle Joseph Feilden was born on 2 Jan 1931 in London and died on 17 Jun 2004 at age 73.

Randle married Lady Caroline Victoria Wood, daughter of Charles Ingram Courtenay Wood 2nd Earl Of Halifax and Ruth Alice Hannah Mary Primrose, on 29 Apr 1958. The marriage ended in divorce in 1970. Caroline was born on 10 Sep 1937 and died on 15 Nov 2014 at age 77. They had three children: Virginia Mary, Randle Charles Roderick, and Fiona Caroline.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1970.
 - 14-Virginia Mary Feilden was born on 6 Jun 1959 and died on 24 Mar 1994 in France. Skiing Accident at age 34.
 - 14-Randle Charles Roderick Feilden
 - 14-Fiona Caroline Feilden

Fiona married James D. E. Bryant. They had three children: Sarah Elizabeth, Rebecca Katherine, and Thomas James.

- 15-Sarah Elizabeth Bryant
- 15-Rebecca Katherine Bryant
- 15-Thomas James Bryant

Randle next married Mary Francesca Pearson-Rogers, daughter of G/Capt. Henry Pearson-Rogers.

13-Cecil Roderick Feilden

Cecil married Rowena Jane Brassey, daughter of Maj. Hon. Peter Esme Brassey and Lady Romayne Elizabeth Algitha Cecil.

13-Andrew James Feilden

Andrew married **Rowena Jane Brassey**. They had two children: **Emma Jane** and **James William Guy**.

- 14-Emma Jane Feilden
- 14-James William Guy Feilden

James married Emily Henrietta Barneby, daughter of John Henry Barneby and Alison S. Douger. They had three children: Jonathan Andrew Guy, William Joseph Randle, and Rory John Henry.

15-Jonathan Andrew Guy Feilden

15-William Joseph Randle Feilden

15-Rory John Henry Feilden

11-Cmdr. Bernard Buxton was born on 21 Oct 1882 and died on 29 Dec 1923 at age 41.

General Notes: Commander Bernard Buxton fought in the First World War, where he was mentioned in despatches. He gained the rank of Commander in the service of the Royal Navy. He was decorated with the award of Companion, Distinguished Service Order (D.S.O.) in 1917. He was decorated with the award of Order of the Sacred Treasure of Japan.

Bernard married Lady Hermione Grimston, daughter of James Walter Grimston 3rd Earl of Verulam and Margaret Frances Graham, on 28 Sep 1904. Hermione was born in 1881 and died on 3 Apr 1924 at age 43. They had four children: Geoffrey Mungo, Simon Fowell, Jane Hermione, and Samuel Luckyn.

12-Grp/Capt. Geoffrey Mungo Buxton was born on 26 May 1906 and died on 19 Nov 1979 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with OBE FRAeS.

Geoffrey married Horatia Mary Fisher, daughter of Admiral Sir William Wordsworth Fisher and Cecila Warre-Cornish. They had four children: Gabriel Hermione, Carolyn Viola, Juliet Horatia, and Rose Vivian.

- 13-Gabriel Hermione Buxton was born on 27 May 1931 and died on 21 Feb 1944 at age 12.
- 13-Carolyn Viola Buxton
- 13-Juliet Horatia Buxton was born on 16 Apr 1937 and died on 16 Nov 2011 at age 74.

General Notes: From the Times of 16 November 2011:

BROWNE Juliet Horatia (nee Buxton), suddenly on 10th November 2011.

Funeral at St Mary's, Wiveton, Norfolk on Monday 21st November at

2.30pm. Donations to Anti-Slavery International.

Juliet married Nicholas Derwent Foster Browne, son of Dr. Leonard Foster Browne⁵⁵ and Violet Bott, in 1967. Nicholas was born in 1925, died on 27 Jul 2012 at age 87, and was buried in St. Mary's Church, Wiveton, Norfolk. They had three children: (No Given Name), Thomas Alexander, and Luke Francis.

- 14-Browne
- 14-Thomas Alexander Browne
- 14-Luke Francis Browne
- 13-Rose Vivian Buxton
- 12-Maj. Simon Fowell Buxton was born on 22 Nov 1908 and died in 1974 at age 66.

Simon married Belinda Margaret Graeme Boyle, daughter of Capt. Hon. James Boyle and Katherine Isabel Salvin Bowlby. Belinda was born on 4 Dec 1913 and died in 1996 at age 83.

12-Jane Hermione Buxton was born on 6 Jan 1913 and died on 13 Dec 1967 at age 54.

Jane married Col. Hon. William Sigismund Patrick Alexander, son of Maj. James Alexander 4th Earl Of Caledon and Lady Elizabeth Graham-Toler. William was born on 16 Nov 1895 and died on 24 Dec 1972 at age 77. They had three children: Alastair Patrick Lindsay, Desmond Charles Bernard, and Annabella Elizabeth Hero.

13-Alastair Patrick Lindsay Alexander

Alastair married **Evelyn Forte**, daughter of **Massimo Forte**. They had one daughter: **Simone Eugenia**.

14-Simone Eugenia Alexander

13-Desmond Charles Bernard Alexander

13-Annabella Elizabeth Hero Alexander

12-Maj. Samuel Luckyn Buxton was born on 10 Mar 1914 and died in May 1944 in Killed In Action. Italy at age 30.

General Notes: Military Cross

Samuel married **Pamela Mary Birkin**, daughter of **Sir Henry Ralph Stanley "Tim" Birkin 3rd Bt.** and **Audrey Clare Lilian Latham**, on 6 Aug 1941. Pamela died in 1983. They had one daughter: **Christina Hermione**.

13-Christina Hermione Buxton

Christina married John David Millard Barnes. They had one daughter: Sarah Hermione Millard.

14-Sarah Hermione Millard Barnes

Sarah married James Palmer-Tomkinson, son of Charles Anthony Palmer-Tomkinson and Patricia Dawson.

11-Maj. Ivor Buxton^{86,133} was born on 10 Aug 1884 in Thorpe St. Andrews, Blofield, Norfolk and died on 23 Apr 1969 in Samford, Suffolk at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 28 Aug 1884.

Ivor married **Phyllis Dorothy Barclay**, 86,133 daughter of **Col. Hugh Gurney Barclay**^{26,86,133} and **Evelyn Louisa Hogg**, on 10 Jul 1918. Phyllis was born on 28 Sep 1887 in Colney, Henstead, Norfolk and died in Dec 1976 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 89. They had two children: **Nancy** and **Felicity Mary**.

12-Nancy Buxton¹³³ was born on 3 Apr 1919 in Kensington and died about Dec 2005 in Sudbury, Suffolk about age 86.

Nancy married **Lt. Col. John Noel Ronald Loveday** on 1 Jun 1940 in Sevenoaks, Kent. John was born about 1911 and died on 15 May 1944 in Monte Casssino, Italy. Killed in action about age 33. They had one daughter: **Tessa**.

13-Tessa Loveday

Tessa married Andrew Henry Scott.

Nancy next married **John Hallifax Weller-Poley** on 3 Feb 1947 in Samford, Suffolk. John was born on 22 Apr 1919 in Petworth, Sussex and died about Dec 1976 in Pancras, London about age 57. They had two children: **Richard Hallifax** and **Nicholas Toby**.

General Notes: MC JP

13-Richard Hallifax Weller-Poley

Richard married Sarah Francesca Gosling, daughter of John Valentine Gosling and Mary Francesca Pearson-Rogers.

Richard next married Isobel Muriel Reader, daughter of Maj. Douglas Wade Reader.

13-Nicholas Toby Weller-Poley

Nicholas married **P. Sue Bond**.

12-Felicity Mary Buxton¹³³ was born on 22 Aug 1921 in Paddington, London and died in Jul 2005 at age 83.

Felicity married Maj. John Rew, ¹³³ son of John Rew, in Aug 1942. John was born about 1914 in London and died on 4 Mar 1943 in Medjez-El-Bab, Tunisia about age 29.

Felicity next married **Gen. Sir Cecil Hugh Blacker**, ¹³³ son of **Col. Norman Valentine Blacker** and **Olive Georgiana Hope**, on 26 Feb 1947 in Westminster, London. Cecil was born on 14 Jun 1916 in York, Yorkshire and died on 18 Oct 2002 in Oxford at age 86. They had two children: **Terence** and **Philip**.

General Notes: MC GCB OBE

13-Terence Blacker

Terence married Caroline Susan Dean Soper, daughter of Rev. Donald Oliver Soper Lord Soper and Marie Getrude Dean. They had two children: Alexander Ross Soper and Alice May Soper.

- 14-Alexander Ross Soper Blacker
- 14-Alice May Soper Blacker

13-Philip Blacker

Philip married Susan Davies, daughter of Colin Davies.

11-Olive Elizabeth Emily Buxton^{30,86} was born on 3 May 1886 and died on 16 Sep 1954 at age 68.

Olive married Lt. Col. Miles Roland Charles Backhouse, 30,86 son of Sir Jonathan Edmund Backhouse 1st Bt. 86,87 and Florence Salusbury-Trelawny, 30,86 on 14 Sep 1904. Miles was born on 24 Nov 1878 and died on 15 May 1962 at age 83. They had four children: Roger Trelawny, Jonathan, Una Patricia, and Wilfrid Jaspar.

General Notes: BACKHOUSE, Lt-Col Miles Roland Charles

DSO 1902 and bar, 1917; TD

Born 24 Nov. 1878; 4th s of late Sir Jonathan Edmund Backhouse, 1st Bt and Florence, d of Sir W. Salusbury-Trelawny, 9th Bt of Trelawne, Cornwall; m 1904, Olive (d 1954), 2nd d of late Geoffrey F. Buxton, CB; three s one d; died 15 May 1962

Lt-Col TA (retd); formerly Vice-President International Sleeping Car Co.; Director: Brixton Estate Ltd; La Protectrice Insurance Co., Paris

EDUCATION Eton; Trinity Hall, Cambridge

CAREER Served in the 14th Squadron Imperial Yeomanry in South Africa, 1900–02 (wounded, despatches, DSO, Queen's medal three clasps, King's medal two clasps); Hon. Capt. in Army, 1902; European War, 1914–18, Northumberland Hussars, North Somerset Yeomanry, and 8th Battn. Yorkshire Regt (despatches four times, bar to DSO)

CLUBS Travellers'; Travellers' (Paris)

ADDRESS 12 Cheyne Court, Flood Street, SW3

Flaxman 8778

'BACKHOUSE, Lt-Col Miles Roland Charles', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U50430

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO and Bar TD.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He resided at St. Trinian's, Richmond, Yorkshire.

12-Maj. Roger Trelawny Backhouse was born on 5 Sep 1905 and died on 6 Nov 1977 at age 72.

General Notes: He gained the rank of Major in the service of the Royal Rifles of Canada. He was director of Darlington Building Society. He was director of Barclays Bank Darlington. He held the office of High Sheriff of County Durham in 1962

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1962.

Roger married **Beatrice Ada Janet Bond**, daughter of **Capt. Hedleigh St George Bond**, on 22 Apr 1938. Beatrice died on 1 May 2008. They had three children: **Jane Trelawny, Avery St George**, and **Elizabeth Este**.

13-Jane Trelawny Backhouse

Jane married Michael Lake Coghlan, son of Kenneth Lake Coghlan. They had four children: Jane Louise Lake, Henry Trelawny Lake, Serena Mary Lake, and Benjamin Patrick Lake

14-Jane Louise Lake Coghlan

Jane married Stevan Coldwell. They had two children: Amy Elizabeth and Mary Beatrice.

- 15-Amy Elizabeth Coldwell
- 15-Mary Beatrice Coldwell

14-Henry Trelawny Lake Coghlan

Henry married Samantha Jane Gibbs.

14-Serena Mary Lake Coghlan

Serena married Thomas Montgomery. They had three children: Jack Thomas, Phoebe Jane, and Alexander Lake.

- 15-Jack Thomas Montgomery
- 15-Phoebe Jane Montgomery
- 15-Alexander Lake Montgomery
- 14-Benjamin Patrick Lake Coghlan

13-Avery St George Backhouse

Avery married Colin Frohawk Burrell, son of Roy Herbert Adams Burrell and Jaqueline Doreen Noel Sidebottom. They had two children: Katharine Victoria and Oliver Roy St. George.

14-Katharine Victoria Burrell

Katharine married **Peter John Bowring**. They had one son: **Oscar Peter James**.

15-Oscar Peter James Bowring

Katharine next married Roderic Mark Robert Lloyd. They had two children: Rufus St. George Robert and India Avery Clementina.

- 15-Rufus St. George Robert Lloyd
- 15-India Avery Clementina Lloyd
- 14-Oliver Roy St. George Backhouse

13-Elizabeth Este Backhouse

Elizabeth married Angus Hugh Fraser, son of Maj. Hugh Munro Fraser. They had three children: Sophie Lavinia, Camilla Elizabeth, and Emma Caroline.

14-Sophie Lavinia Fraser

Sophie married Simon Barber.

14-Camilla Elizabeth Fraser

14-Emma Caroline Fraser

Elizabeth next married John Benedict Leigh Hoskyns-Abrahall, son of Rt. Rev. Anthony Leigh Egerton Hoskyns-Abrahall and Margaret Ada Storey.

12-Maj. Jonathan Backhouse³⁰ was born on 16 Mar 1907 and died on 7 Dec 1993 at age 86.

General Notes: BACKHOUSE, Jonathan

Born 16 March 1907; 2nd s of late Lt-Col Miles Roland Charles Backhouse, DSO, TD, and Olive Backhouse; m 1934, Alice Joan Woodroffe (d 1984); two s one d; died 7 Dec. 1993

EDUCATION RNC Dartmouth

CAREER Served War of 1939–45, Royal Artillery. Merchant Bank, 1924–28; Stock Exchange, 1928–50; Merchant Bank, 1950–70

RECREATIONS Shooting, etc

CLUB Royal Thames Yacht

ADDRESS Breewood Hall, Great Horkesley, Colchester, Essex CO6 4BW

Colchester (0206) 271260

'BACKHOUSE, Jonathan', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U170935

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at RNC Dartmouth.
- He worked as a Director of J. Henry Schroder and Company.

Jonathan married **Alice Joan Woodroffe**,³⁰ daughter of **Brig. Gen. Charles Richard Woodroffe** and **Eleanor Mary Webb**, on 23 Mar 1934. Alice was born on 27 Feb 1910 and died on 16 Jun 1984 at age 74. They had three children: **Joanna, David Miles**, and **William**.

13-Joanna Backhouse

Joanna married Jeremy James Norris Wyatt, son of Sir Myles Dermod Norris Wyatt. They had four children: Sarah, Nell Victoria, Carina May, and Thomas.

- 14-Sarah Wyatt
- 14-Nell Victoria Wyatt
- 14-Carina May Wyatt
- 14-Thomas Wyatt

13-David Miles Backhouse

David married Sophia Ann Townsend, daughter of Col. Clarence Henry Southgate Townsend. They had two children: Cilla Gael and Benjamin Johnathan.

14-Cilla Gael Backhouse

Cilla married **Dickon Wood**.

14-Benjamin Johnathan Backhouse

13-William Backhouse

William married **Deborah Jane Hely-Hutchinson**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Hon. David Edward Hely-Hutchinson** and **Barbara Mary Wyld**. They had three children: **Harriet Diana**, **Tessa Louise**, and **Timothy James**.

- 14-Harriet Diana Backhouse
- 14-Tessa Louise Backhouse

14-Timothy James Backhouse

12-Una Patricia Backhouse

Una married Lt. Cdr. Douglas Raymond Collins, son of Richard Johnson Douglas Collins. They had five children: Annabella, Christopher Douglas, Susanna Mary, Belinda Patricia, and Benjamin Jasper.

- 13-Annabella Collins
 - 14-Jasper Francis Buxton
 - **14-Oliver Desmond Buxton**
- 13-Christopher Douglas Collins

Christopher married Susan Anne Lumb. They had two children: Edward Douglas and Lorna Patricia.

- 14-Edward Douglas Collins
- 14-Lorna Patricia Collins
- 13-Susanna Mary Collins

Susanna married Timothy Bertram Abel-Smith, son of Col. Anthony Abel-Smith and Olwyn Heywood-Jones. They had two children: Lucy and Julia.

- 14-Lucy Abel-Smith
- 14-Julia Abel-Smith
- 13-Belinda Patricia Collins
- 13-Benjamin Jasper Collins
- 12-Maj. Wilfrid Jaspar Backhouse was born on 28 Jul 1913 and died in 1980 at age 67.

General Notes: Royal Signals

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Rugby.

Wilfrid married Nancy Catherine Bury, daughter of Maj. Lindsay Edward Bury. They had three children: Mary, Hannah Margaret, and Joseph Lindsay.

13-Mary Backhouse

Mary married Angus Bancroft. They had two children: Anna Charlotte and William Harry.

- 14-Anna Charlotte Bancroft
- 14-William Harry Bancroft
- 13-Hannah Margaret Backhouse

Hannah married Robert Braeme Skepper. They had four children: Jane Rachel Nancy, Jonathan Henry Alexander, Georgina Alexandra, and Poppy Joanna Alice.

14-Jane Rachel Nancy Skepper

- 14-Jonathan Henry Alexander Skepper
- 14-Georgina Alexandra Skepper was born in 1976 and died in 1996 at age 20.
- 14-Poppy Joanna Alice Skepper
- 13-Joseph Lindsay Backhouse
- 11-Guy Buxton was born on 19 Jan 1888 and died on 1 Jul 1907 at age 19.
- 11-Avery Buxton was born on 3 Jul 1889.

Avery married **Col. Hon. Guy Greville Wilson**, son of **Charles Henry Wilson 1st Baron Nunburnholme** and **Florence Jane Helen Wellesley**, on 22 May 1911. Guy was born on 19 May 1877 and died on 1 Feb 1943 at age 65. They had one son: **Jeremy Charles**.

General Notes: DSO CMG

12-Jeremy Charles Wilson

Jeremy married **Unnamed**. They had one son: **Peter Richard**.

13-Peter Richard Wilson

Peter married Penelope Ann Verney Gabbett, daughter of Lt. Col. Robert Edward Gabbett and Ann Henrietta Westwood Asser. They had two children: Suzanna and Philippa.

- 14-Suzanna Wilson
- 14-Philippa Wilson
- 11-Hazel Mary Buxton was born on 19 Jan 1893 and died on 3 Mar 1967 at age 74.

Hazel married Capt. Winchester St. George Clowes on 10 Aug 1914. Winchester died on 25 Feb 1940.

11-Rose Buxton was born on 25 Feb 1898.

Rose married Algernon Richard Aubrey Cartwright, son of Aubrey Thomas Carter Cartwright. They had two children: Giles Aubrey and Prudence Tobina.

12-Giles Aubrey Cartwright

Giles married Helen Celia Pryor, daughter of John Arthur Pryor.

Giles next married Sheila Mary Ponsonby, daughter of Victor Coope Ponsonby and Gladys Edith Walter.

12-Prudence Tobina Cartwright

Prudence married Capt. Arthur Gerald Cole, son of Hon. Galbraith Lowry Egerton Cole and Lady Eleanor Balfour, on 5 Feb 1949. Arthur was born on 15 Nov 1920 and died in 2005 at age 85. They had four children: Berkeley Arthur, Marian Rose, Hugh Galbraith, and Richard Lowry.

13-Berkeley Arthur Cole

Berkeley married Hon. Cecilia Anne Ridley, daughter of Matthew White Ridley 4th Viscount Ridley and Lady Anne Katharine Gabrielle Lumley. They had two children: Joshua Berkeley and Richard David.

- 14-Joshua Berkeley Cole
- 14-Richard David Cole

13-Marian Rose Cole

Marian married Bruce Hobson. They had one daughter: Amelia Rose.

- 14-Amelia Rose Hobson
- 13-Hugh Galbraith Cole
- 13-Richard Lowry Cole

Richard married Susan Elizabeth Allen, daughter of David Allen. They had one son: Arthur Berkeley David.

14-Arthur Berkeley David Cole

Richard next married Karen Ingram, daughter of Ernest Robert Victor Ingram.

10-Alfred Fowell Buxton was born on 28 Mar 1854 and died on 5 May 1952 at age 98.

General Notes: Alfred Fowell Buxton graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He held the office of Alderman of London between 1892 and 1895. He held the office of Alderman of London between 1904 and 1922. He was chairman of National Provident Bank and Alliance Assurance between 1916 and 1917. He was Governor of Rugby School. He lived at Fairhill, Tonbridge, Kent, England.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Banker.
- He worked as a Chairman, London County Council.

Alfred married Violet Jex-Blake, daughter of Very Rev. Dr. Thomas William Jex-Blake¹¹⁰ and Henrietta Cordery, on 6 Jan 1885. Violet died on 6 Jun 1936. They had three children: Denis Alfred Jex, Patrick Alfred, and Violet Elizabeth.

11-Wing Cmdr. Denis Alfred Jex Buxton was born on 26 Mar 1895 and died on 2 Sep 1964 at age 69.

General Notes: He gained the rank of Lieutenant in the service of the West Riding Regiment. He graduated from Balliol College, Oxford University, Oxford, Oxfordshire, England, in 1924 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated from Balliol College, Oxford University, Oxford, Oxfordshire, England, in 1926 with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He gained the rank of Wing Commander in the service of the Royal Air Force. He was He raised and commanded No 909 (Balloon) Squadron, Auxiliary Air Force. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.) of Essex. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Essex. He was invested as a Fellow, Society of Antiquaries (F.S.A.). He held the office of High Sheriff of Essex.

Denis married Emily Mary Hollins, daughter of William Hollins. They had four children: Violet Mary, Paul William Jex, Cecilia Rachel, and Elizabeth Rosalind.

- 12-Violet Mary Buxton
 - 13-Elizabeth Eglantyne Buxton was born on 13 Sep 1951 and died in 1985 at age 34.
 - 13-Richenda Mary Buxton
 - 14-Joshua Bernard Tennyson Barley
 - 13-Francesca Buxton
 - 13-Charles Benedict Buxton
 - 14-Toby Finbarr Buxton
 - 14-Richard Ronan Buxton
 - 14-Martin Patrick Mingulay Buxton

13-James Andrew Denis Buxton

12-Paul William Jex Buxton was born on 20 Sep 1925 and died in 2009 at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Under-secretary, Northern Ireland Office.

Paul married **Katharine Hull**, daughter of **Sir Hubert Hull**, on 29 Apr 1950. The marriage ended in divorce. Katharine died in 1977. They had three children: **Charles Hubert Jex, Tobias Richard Valentine**, and **Mary Katharine**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1971.

13-Charles Hubert Jex Buxton

Charles married Cecile Moss. They had two children: Sam and Amy.

- 14-Sam Buxton
- 14-Amy Buxton

13-Tobias Richard Valentine Buxton

Tobias married someone. He had three children: Oliver, Xavier, and Yvo.

- 14-Oliver Buxton
- 14-Xavier Buxton
- 14-Yvo Buxton

13-Mary Katharine Buxton

Mary married someone. She had one son: **Joe Grace**.

14-Joe Grace Buxton

Paul married Hon. Margaret Evelyn Bridges, daughter of Rt. Hon. Sir Edward Ettingdeane Bridges 1st Baron Bridges 1st Bar

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with DPhil CBE FBA.
- She worked as a Historian.
 - 13-Sophia Frances Buxton
 - 13-Hero Elizabeth Buxton
- 12-Cecilia Rachel Buxton was born on 26 Jul 1927 and died in 1995 at age 68.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Fellow at Wolfson College.

Cecilia married Prof. Marcus William Dick. They had three children: Catherine Sophia, Jasper Henry, and Cressida Rose.

- 13-Catherine Sophia Dick
- 13-Jasper Henry Dick

Jasper married Louise Blum.

- 13-Dame Cressida Rose Dick
- 12-Elizabeth Rosalind Buxton

Elizabeth married Tristram Yelin, son of Walter Yelin, on 8 Apr 1953. Tristram died in 1982. They had three children: Cecilia Mary, Francis North Hunter Buxton, and Natasha Vera.

- 13-Cecilia Mary Yelin
- 13-Francis North Hunter Buxton Yelin

Francis married Claudia Nve.

- 13-Natasha Vera Yelin
- 11-Prof. Patrick Alfred Buxton was born on 24 Mar 1892 in Hyde Park Street, Paddington, London and died on 13 Dec 1955 in Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire at age 63.

General Notes: Patrick Alfred Buxton graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was registered as a Licentiate, Royal College of Physicians, London (L.R.C.P.). He was registered as a Member, Royal College of Surgeons (M.R.C.S.). He was Professor of Entomology at London University, London, England. He was Director of the Department of Entomology at London School of Hygiene and Tropical Med, London, England. He was invested as a Fellow, Royal Society (F.R.S.). He was invested as a Companion, Order of St. Michael and St. George (C.M.G.) in 1947.

Patrick Alfred Buxton, born London, 1892, educated at home until the age of ten and was influenced by his father's family tradition (an old Quaker custom) of spare time nature study, less so by his mother's family's insistence on classical languages - she was a Jex-Blake, sister of the Mistress of Girton College, Cambridge, and of the Principal of Lady Margaret Hall, Oxford. At Trinity College, Cambridge, Walter Fletcher encouraged Buxton's studies in the Natural Sciences Tripos. During the Great War he qualified in medicine at St George's, and then spent his time in the Royal Army Medical Corps collecting insects in Mesopotamia and Persia. During the 1920s he gradually equipped himself for his future role as an eminent medical entomologist, working in Cambridge, London and abroad. From 1923-1925 he led an expedition to Samoa, New Hebrides and the Western Pacific Islands.

In 1925 Buxton succeeded Col A Alcock as Director of the Department of Entomology in the new London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine and became the Professor of Entomology in London University in 1933. With V B Wigglesworth he built up the study and teaching of insect physiology and medical entomology in the School. His studies of lice (*The louse*, 1939,1947) involved students, friends and family members as incubators and have become legendary. According to Wigglesworth his crowning achievement was *The natural history of tsetse-flies*, 1954.

Buxton did invaluable work on insecticides leading to the control of typhus in the war in Italy and elsewhere. Buxton wrote papers on many other zoological subjects and has several species of birds to his credit. He was elected a member of the Medical Research Council, President of the Royal Entomological Society and of the Linnean Society. In addition, he was a member of many other learned bodies. At the time of his death in 1955, he had had the longest service of any member of the active staff of the School.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG FRS FLS PRES.
- · He worked as a Medical Entomologist.
- He worked as a Director of the Department of Entomology in 1925-1955 in London School of Hygeine and Tropical Medicine.
- He worked as a Professor of Entomology, London University in 1933.

Patrick married **Muryell Gladys Rice**,⁷⁷ daughter of **Rev. Hon. William Talbot Rice**⁷⁷ and **Marian Gurney**,.⁷⁷ Muryell was born on 26 Mar 1895 and died in 1989 at age 94. They had six children: **Martin Patrick, Andrew Patrick, Helen Muryell, Marian Elizabeth, Rachel Katharine**, and **Lucy Bertha**.

12-Martin Patrick Buxton was born on 22 Sep 1920 and died on 16 Oct 1966 at age 46.

Martin married Jacqueline Marcell Stokes, daughter of Percival James Stokes, on 16 May 1949. Jacqueline died on 17 Feb 1968. They had four children: Eleanor Ruth, Rachel Phyllida,

Alice Richenda, and James Patrick.

13-Eleanor Ruth Buxton

Eleanor married **Paul Hudson Standford**. They had one son: **Richard**.

14-Richard Standford

13-Rachel Phyllida Buxton

Rachel married **Leslie William Huson**. They had two children: **Tom** and **Ruth**.

- 14-Tom Huson
- 14-Ruth Huson

Rachel next married John Pether.

13-Alice Richenda Buxton

Alice married Charles Walsh. They had three children: Patrick, Kitty, and Brendan.

- 14-Patrick Walsh
- 14-Kitty Walsh
- 14-Brendan Walsh

13-James Patrick Buxton

James married Liane Frances Jones. They had one daughter: Angharad Grace Jones.

14-Angharad Grace Jones Buxton

12-Andrew Patrick Buxton was born on 6 Jul 1923 and died on 7 Jan 1952 at age 28.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DFC.

Andrew married Kathleen Audrey Stanfield. They had two children: Robin David and Sarah Margaret.

13-Robin David Buxton

Robin married Elizabeth Holmes. They had two children: Andrew and Christopher.

- 14-Andrew Buxton
- 14-Christopher Buxton
- 13-Sarah Margaret Buxton
- 12-**Helen Muryell Buxton** was born on 27 Feb 1925 and died on 22 Sep 2014 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 89.

Helen married **Arthur Robert Donald Wright**, son of **Charles North Wright**, on 26 Jun 1948. Arthur died in 2012. They had five children: **Simon Nicholas, Patrick Stephen, Hannah Elizabeth, Charlotte Helen**, and **Lesley Rachel**.

13-Simon Nicholas Wright

Simon married Margaret Woodliff. They had one son: Ruari.

14-Ruari Wright

13-Patrick Stephen Wright

Patrick married Claire Lawton. They had three children: Edward Fenton, Nicholas Patrick, and Richard.

- 14-Edward Fenton Wright
- 14-Nicholas Patrick Wright
- 14-Richard Wright

13-Hannah Elizabeth Wright

Hannah married Ian Patrick Downie.

13-Charlotte Helen Wright

Charlotte married **George Reynolds Cannon**. They had two children: **Patrick George** and **Samual Claude**.

- 14-Patrick George Cannon
- 14-Samual Claude Cannon

13-Lesley Rachel Wright

Lesley married Nicholas Knight.

12-Marian Elizabeth Buxton was born on 26 Dec 1927 and died in 1984 at age 57.

Marian married Michael Nicholson, son of Archibald Frederick Nicholson. They had four children: Catherine Muryell, Elizabeth Frances, Rosamond Lillian, and Teresa Marian.

13-Catherine Muryell Nicholson

Catherine married **Derek Hedges**.

13-Elizabeth Frances Nicholson

Elizabeth married James Milligan.

13-Rosamond Lillian Nicholson

Rosamond married **Mark Savege**.

13-Teresa Marian Nicholson

Teresa married Gavin Milligan.

12-Rachel Katharine Buxton

Rachel married Christopher Herzig, son of Leopold Adolph Herzig. They had five children: Stephen Christopher, Francis Patrick, Edmund Martin, Hugh John, and Harriet Elizabeth.

13-Stephen Christopher Herzig

Stephen married **Anita Mostert**.

13-Francis Patrick Herzig

Francis married Petra Rogers, daughter of Prof. Ambrose Rogers.

13-Edmund Martin Herzig

Edmund married Ana Novakovic.

13-**Hugh John Herzig**

Hugh married Isobel Oriane Clare De Salis, daughter of Maj. Charles John De Salis.

13-Harriet Elizabeth Herzig

Harriet married Peter Carty.

12-Lucy Bertha Buxton

Lucy married **Sir Geoffrey Chandler**, son of **Dr. Frederick George Chandler**, on 12 Aug 1955. Geoffrey was born on 15 Nov 1922 and died on 7 Apr 2011 at age 88. They had four children: **Hilary, Sarah, Clare**, and **Susan**.

General Notes: Sir Geoffrey Chandler, who has died aged 88, was one of the earliest mainstream business figures to champion the lately fashionable idea of corporate social responsibility. As a senior Shell executive in 1976, he swam against the corporate tide to instigate and introduce the company's first Statement of General Business Principles. This was well ahead of anything other multinationals were even contemplating at the time and - despite Shell's misdemeanours since then - represented a cutting-edge acknowledgement that companies have a moral duty to behave responsibly on social and environmental matters.

From the creation of the principles onwards, Chandler became an eloquent proponent of the idea that there is more to business than just making a profit. After leaving Shell, he became, in 1991, the founder chair of Amnesty International's UK Business Group, which began attempts to work in tandem with companies to improve their performance in areas such as supply-chain ethics and human rights. He held that post until 2001, when he stepped back to become its chair emeritus, but continued to talk about, write on, and agitate in favour of, responsible business practices until his death.

His influence was particularly important because he came from firmly within the establishment. His achievements at Shell and elsewhere gave him the licence and the credibility to talk to high-powered business audiences on topics they might otherwise have preferred to close their ears to, including the stricter regulation he championed.

He was always keen to emphasise the many business benefits that can flow from behaving responsibly - and was careful to frame his arguments in the context of a belief in the capitalist system. But he was also adamant that in the final analysis, businesses have a responsibility to do the right thing, regardless of whether that is beneficial to the bottom line. "I don't believe ethical behaviour should depend on its paying," he said. "To suggest that doing right needs to be justified by its economic reward is amoral, a self-inflicted wound hugely damaging to corporate reputation. Doing right because it is right needs to be the foundation of business."

He was helped towards this position by his wife Lucy's Quaker upbringing and by the "do no harm" principles of the Hippocratic oath adopted by his father, Frederick, a prominent medical man who rose to be physician to St Bartholomew's hospital in London. But he may also have come to hold such views because, unusually, his working life ranged widely across the private, public and voluntary sectors, allowing him to see the world through lenses that were not solely focused on the profit motive.

Born in London, Chandler went to Sherborne school, Dorset. On graduating from Trinity College, Cambridge, with a history degree, he began his working life as a journalist at the BBC foreign news service (1949-51) and the Financial Times (1951-56), before embarking on a 22-year career with Shell Petroleum, where he became a director and worked, among other places, in west Africa and the Caribbean.

In 1978, the prime minister James Callaghan plucked him from the private sector, appointing him as director general of the National Economic Development Office (known as "Neddy"), a body charged with bringing together management, trade unions and government to agree some form of economic planning. Although the arrival of Margaret Thatcher dampened Neddy's influence, Chandler held that position for five years, later becoming the director of Industry Year 1986, an initiative by the RSA that sought to highlight the decline in UK manufacturing. Subsequently, he became chair of the National Council of Voluntary Organisations, from 1989 until 1996. He was knighted in 1983.

In semi-retirement, Chandler devoted much of his time to promoting the concept of corporate social responsibility, writing numerous articles and book chapters, speaking with humour, passion and a certain spikiness on the subject. A robust thinker who was persistent and outspoken, he was nonetheless fun to work with, and became a great influence on some of the leading lights in the business ethics sphere - including John Elkington, who coined the triple bottom line concept of companies working for "people, planet and profit", and John Ruggie, the Harvard professor charged with delivering a UN framework on business and human rights. Ruggie credited Chandler "more than any other single individual " with bringing that task to the UN's attention.

Away from the fray, he was a keen amateur naturalist and a careful nurturer of a rambling, natural English garden at his longtime home in Newdigate, Surrey. There was, however, a steelier, adventuresome side to the man, allied to a strong physique and inner determination. During the second world war he had been in the Special Operations Executive, parachuted into the mountains of Western Macedonia in Greece to work largely on his own with the local resistance against German occupiers. There he experienced and survived the horrors of the

developing guerilla warfare between local factions of the extreme left and right. In 1959 he wrote a book about his experiences in Greece, The Divided Land (reprinted in 1994), in which he criticised British forces for later failing to support the Greek moderates whose majority voices were drowned out in the ensuing civil war.

He was the author of a number of other books, including The Next Energy Crisis (1977), The Reindustrialisation of Britain (1982) and, reflecting his interest in nature, a guide to the butterflies of Trinidad, written while he was stationed in the country with Shell.

He is survived by his wife Lucy, whom he married in 1955, and four daughters, Hilary, Sarah, Clare and Susan.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sherborne and Trinity, Cambridge.
 - 13-Hilary Chandler
 - 13-Sarah Chandler
 - 13-Clare Chandler
 - 13-Susan Chandler
- 11-Violet Elizabeth Buxton was born on 13 Feb 1900 and died on 16 Mar 1950 at age 50.
- 10-Catherine Emily Buxton was born in 1856 and died on 9 Jan 1925 at age 69.

Catherine married **Thomas Morris Macknight**, son of **Dr. Thomas Morris Macknight**, on 9 Sep 1891 in Parish Church, Stanstead, Abbotts, Hertfordshire. Thomas was born on 18 Oct 1852 and died in Apr 1906 at age 53.

Marriage Notes: MacKNIGHT—BUXTON.—On the 9th September, at the Parish Church, Stanstead, Abbotts, Herts, by the Rev. R. A. Pelly, Vicar of West Ham, Essex, assisted by the Rev. J. W. Lewis, Vicar of Stanstead, Abbotts, Thomas Morris MacKnight, of Bankend, Ayrshire, and Woorun, Ensay, Victoria, only son of the late Thomas MagKnight, M.D., of Ayr, to Catherine Emily, third daughter of T. Fowell Baxton, Esq., of Easneye, Hunts.

10-Margaret Jane Buxton was born in 1859 in Leytonstone, London and died on 23 Nov 1903 in West Ham, London at age 44.

Margaret married **Rev. Canon. Richard Arnold Pelly**, son of **Capt. Richard Wilson Pelly**, and **Katherine Jane Fry,** on 26 Apr 1882. Richard was born on 25 Dec 1856 in Plaistow, Essex and died on 2 Dec 1949 in Hatfield Peverell, Essex at age 92. They had seven children: **Arnold Claude, Donald Geoffrey, Richard Lawrence, Francis Brian, Janet Catherine, Margaret Richenda**, and **Arthur Roland**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Felstead.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Canon of St. Albans in St. Albans, Hertfordshire.
 - 11-Rev. Arnold Claude Pelly was born on 21 Feb 1883 and died in 1972 at age 89.

General Notes: He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1904 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1910 with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was decorated with the award of Kaisar-i-Hind Gold Medal. He was the Principal at St. Andrew's College, Gorakpur, India. He was the Vicar between 1935 and 1960 at St. Mary's, Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk, England. He held the office of Canon of St. Edmundsbury. He held the office of Canon of Ipswich in 1950.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He worked as a Canon of Ipswich.

Arnold married Constance Emily Stern, daughter of Rev. Henry Stern, on 25 Mar 1920. Constance died on 22 Mar 1976.

11-**Donald Geoffrey Pelly**¹³³ was born on 3 Aug 1884 in Ware, Hertfordshire and died on 7 Dec 1961 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Marlborough.

Donald married **Joan King Uhthoff**, daughter of **John Caldwell Uhthoff**, on 30 Jul 1913 in Steyning, West Sussex. Joan was born on 7 Apr 1885 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died on 19 Jun 1964 in New Forest, Hampshire at age 79.

11-Rev. Richard Lawrence Pelly was born on 18 Jul 1886 in Dorking, Surrey and died on 7 Apr 1976 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Canon of Salisbury 1952 to 1976.

Richard married Rosa Salome Wordsworth, daughter of Rt. Rev. John Wordsworth and Mary Ann Frances Williams, in 1927. Rosa was born in Jul 1900 in Bishop's Cottage, West Lulworth, Dorset and died in Apr 1995 in Harnham, Wiltshire at age 94. They had six children: Elizabeth Mary, Rosa Jane, Juliet Rachel, Robina Catherine, Richard Christopher Wordsworth, and Hugh John Wordsworth.

12-Elizabeth Mary Pelly

Elizabeth married Capt. Wyndham Mackay Jordan on 28 Jun 1952. Wyndham died on 27 Mar 1996. They had three children: Christopher Wyndham, Diana Salome, and Alison Faith.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Obstretician and Gynaecologist.

13-Christopher Wyndham Jordan

Christopher married Gillian Smith. They had two children: Zhala Anne and Anthony Christopher.

- 14-Zhala Anne Jordan
- 14-Anthony Christopher Jordan
- 13-Diana Salome Jordan

Diana married **Timothy Benge-Abbott**. They had two children: **Daniel** and **Joel Matthew**.

- 14-Daniel Benge-Abbott
- 14-Joel Matthew Benge-Abbott
- 13-Dr. Alison Faith Jordan

Alison married **Dr. Timothy Clarke**. They had two children: **Fiona** and **Alexander**.

- 14-Fiona Clarke
- 14-Alexander Clarke
- 12-Rosa Jane Pelly
- 12-Juliet Rachel Pelly

Juliet married William Gibbins Webb, son of Thomas Gibbins Webb. They had two children: Rachel Sally and Rhoda Jane.

13-Rachel Sally Webb

Rachel married **Matthew Bowns**. They had one daughter: **Unity**.

- 14-Unity Bowns
- 13-Rhoda Jane Webb

Rhoda married Andrew Thomas Agerbak. They had three children: Elinor, Isabelle, and Alice.

- 14-Elinor Agerbak
- 14-Isabelle Agerbak
- 14-Alice Agerbak

12-Robina Catherine Pelly

Robina married Tymothy Sherwood Hattersley, son of Col. S. M. Hattersley. They had three children: Andrew Tym, William John, and Richard Wordsworth.

13-Dr. Andrew Tym Hattersley

Andrew married Catherine Laura Dick, daughter of Dr. Donald Hugh Dick. They had three children: Ruth Salome, Rosie Jane, and Mark Andrew.

- 14-Ruth Salome Hattersley
- 14-Rosie Jane Hattersley
- 14-Mark Andrew Hattersley
- 13-William John Hattersley
- 13-Dr. Richard Wordsworth Hattersley

Richard married Susan Herbert. They had two children: Emma and Katie.

- 14-Emma Hattersley
- 14-Katie Hattersley

12-Richard Christopher Wordsworth Pelly

Richard married Ruth Elinor Askey, daughter of Philip J. Askey. They had three children: Katherine Jane, Richard Hugh, and David John.

- 13-Katherine Jane Pelly
 - 14-Josiah Pleydell-Bouverie
 - 14-Rufus Pleydell-Bouverie
 - 14-Honor Phoebe C. Pleydell-Bouverie
- 13-Richard Hugh Pelly
- 13-David John Pelly

12-Dr. Hugh John Wordsworth Pelly

Hugh married Jane Mary Fergusson. They had five children: Tom Fergus, Matthew David, Adam, Christopher Hugh, and Claire Alexandra.

- 13-Tom Fergus Pelly
- 13-Matthew David Pelly
- 13-Adam Pelly
- 13-Christopher Hugh Pelly
- 13-Claire Alexandra Pelly
- 11-Francis Brian Pelly was born on 21 Apr 1889 and died in 1984 at age 95.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a General Secretary of the charity, Shaftesbury Homes and Arethusa.

Francis married **Edith Beatrice Packe**, daughter of **Rev. William James Packe** and **Margaret Lucy Pym**, on 3 Jun 1913. Edith was born on 16 Apr 1888 in Feering, Kelvedon, Essex and died in 1984 at age 96. They had three children: **Michael Brian, Peter Richard**, and **Margaret Beatrice**.

12-Michael Brian Pelly was born on 18 Jun 1915 and died in 1994 at age 79.

Michael married Mary Margaret Burn, daughter of Herbert Southerndern Burn. They had three children: Nicola Susan, Roger Brian, and David Arnold.

13-Nicola Susan Pelly

Nicola married Peter Charles Jeffery.

13-Roger Brian Pelly

Roger married Monica Giovanna Deorsola.

Roger next married Kiki Joyce McFarlane.

13-David Arnold Pelly

David married **Deborah Susan Mattison**. They had three children: **Clara May, Henry Theodore**, and **Francis Michael**.

- 14-Clara May Pelly
- 14-Henry Theodore Pelly
- 14-Francis Michael Pelly
- 12-Peter Richard Pelly

Peter married Kathleen Irene Moorhouse. They had two children: Lynda Ann and Kathleen Georgina.

13-Lynda Ann Pelly

Lynda married **Edward Macalister-Smith**. They had two children: **Sam Henry** and **Mathilda Rose**.

14-Sam Henry Macalister-Smith

- 14-Mathilda Rose Macalister-Smith
- 13-Kathleen Georgina Pelly

Kathleen married E. V. Caldwell.

12-Margaret Beatrice Pelly was born on 25 Jan 1921 in Northwood, Middlesex and died in Jan 2001 at age 80.

Margaret married **Theodore Sanger**, son of **Dr. Frederick Sanger** and **Cicely Crewdson**,²⁷ on 2 Oct 1943 in Jordans. Theodore was born on 28 Aug 1917 in Rendcomb, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. They had two children: **Melody** and **Katrina Scarlett**.

13-Melody Sanger

Melody married Peter Wright. They had three children: Megan Jenett, Alice Rosamund, and Madelene Rose.

- 14-Megan Jenett Wright
- 14-Alice Rosamund Wright
- 14-Madelene Rose Wright
- 13-Katrina Scarlett Sanger

Katrina married Michael Power. They had three children: Katherine, Molly, and Ellen.

- 14-Katherine Power
- 14-Molly Power
- 14-Ellen Power

Margaret next married Jovan Ulic.

11-Janet Catherine Pelly was born on 16 Aug 1890 and died on 2 Jan 1970 at age 79.

Janet married Capt. Edward Randall Cubitt, son of Edward George Cubitt and Christabel mary Burroughes, on 14 Oct 1913. Edward was born on 11 Oct 1884 in Norfolk Crescent, Hyde Park, London and died on 12 Aug 1915 in Suvla Bay, Gallipoli, Turkey. Killed in action at age 30. They had three children: Thomas Randall, (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Honing, Norfolk.
 - 12-Thomas Randall Cubitt was born about 1914.
 - 13-Geoffrey Thomas Cubitt
 - 13-William George Cubitt
 - 13-Robin Patrick Cubitt
 - 12-Cubitt
 - 12-Cubitt
- 11-Margaret Richenda Pelly was born on 9 Dec 1892 and died on 16 Jan 1894 at age 1.

11-Capt. Arthur Roland Pelly was born on 14 Nov 1895 and died on 2 Jun 1966 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was educated at Marlborough.
- He worked as a Bursar, Cheltenham College. 1938-61.

Arthur married **Phyllis Elsie Henderson**, daughter of **Alexander Duff Henderson**, on 21 Apr 1920. Phyllis died in 1974. They had four children: **Mary Duff, John Gordon, Janet Elizabeth**, and **Derek Roland**.

12-Mary Duff Pelly was born on 25 Mar 1921 and died on 28 Jan 2015 at age 93.

Noted events in her life were:

• Death Notice: The Daily Telegraph, 31 Jan 2015.

Mary married **George Thomas Bridges Stevens**, son of **Col. George Bridges Stevens**, in 1945. George was born in 1922 and died in 2001 at age 79. They had three children: **Charles Bridges, David George**, and **Lucia Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor.

13-Charles Bridges Stevens

Charles married Jeanette Macdonald Moore, daughter of Walter Moore. They had one son: Edward George Bridges.

14-Edward George Bridges Stevens

13-David George Stevens

David married Philippa May Steer, daughter of Charles Richard Pemberton Steer. They had two children: Hugh Richard and Alec Charles.

- 14-Hugh Richard Stevens
- 14-Alec Charles Stevens

13-Lucia Mary Stevens

Lucia married Philip Charles Dinkel, son of Prof. Michael Dinkel. They had three children: Charlotte Mary, Henry Michael George, and William Theodore John.

- 14-Charlotte Mary Dinkel
- 14-Henry Michael George Dinkel
- 14-William Theodore John Dinkel
- 12-**John Gordon Pelly** was born on 27 Nov 1923 and died in 2004 at age 81.

John married **Patricia Fuller**, daughter of **Maj. Hugh Clarence Fuller**, on 18 Jan 1947. Patricia was born in 1924 and died on 5 Sep 2020 at age 96. They had three children: **Priscilla Jane**, **Caroline Anne**, and **John Henry Patrick Fuller**.

13-Priscilla Jane Pelly

Priscilla married David Dalziel Mundell. They had four children: Sarah Richenda, Lucinda Clare, John Dalziel, and Andrew Hugh Dalziel.

14-Sarah Richenda Mundell

- 14-Lucinda Clare Mundell
- 14-John Dalziel Mundell
- 14-Andrew Hugh Dalziel Mundell
- 13-Caroline Anne Pelly

Caroline married Michael Eliot Howard, son of Eliot Charles Stewart Howard²⁷ and Daphne Gladys Colville. They had three children: Joanna Clare, Nicholas Henry, and Harry Eliot

14-Joanna Clare Howard

Joanna married Thomas Cross.

- 14-Nicholas Henry Howard
- 14-Lt. Harry Eliot Howard
- 13-John Henry Patrick Fuller Pelly

John married Susan Elizabeth Briggs. They had three children: Clare Elizabeth, Freddie John Fuller, and Serena Rose.

- 14-Clare Elizabeth Pelly
- 14-Freddie John Fuller Pelly
- 14-Serena Rose Pelly
- 12-Janet Elizabeth Pelly

Janet married Dr. Michael Lindsay Fenwick. They had three children: Alison Jane, Anne Richenda, and Juliet Nicola.

- 13-Alison Jane Fenwick
- 13-Anne Richenda Fenwick
- 13-Juliet Nicola Fenwick

Juliet married Derwin Nazarino. They had two children: Joel Fenwick and Sarah Nicola.

- 14-Joel Fenwick Nazarino
- 14-Sarah Nicola Nazarino
- 12-Derek Roland Pelly was born on 12 Jun 1929 and died on 14 Feb 2015 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Deputy Chairman, Barclays Bank.
- He worked as a Chairman Barclays International.

Derek married Susan Roberts, daughter of John Malcolm Roberts. They had three children: Rosemary Jane, Catherine Susan, and Samuel Roland.

13-Rosemary Jane Pelly

Rosemary married Mark C. Campbell. They had two children: Alexander Leo and Euan Henderson.

- 14-Alexander Leo Campbell
- 14-Euan Henderson Campbell
- 13-Catherine Susan Pelly

Catherine married Simon A W Osborn. They had three children: Cicley Mai Elsie, Anna Catherine Pelly, and George Ashby Arthur.

- 14-Cicley Mai Elsie Osborn
- 14-Anna Catherine Pelly Osborn
- 14-George Ashby Arthur Osborn
- 13-Samuel Roland Pelly
- 10-Rev. Barclay Fowell Buxton was born on 16 Aug 1860 and died on 5 Feb 1946 at age 85.

General Notes: Reverend Barclay Fowell Buxton graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was Honorary Missionary between 1890 and 1917 in Japan. He was the Vicar between 1921 and 1935 at Holy Trinity Church, Tunbridge Wells, Kent

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Missionary in 1890-1917 in Japan.

Barclay married Margaret Maria Amelia Railton, daughter of William Railton, on 22 Jul 1886. Margaret died on 21 Apr 1947. They had five children: Murray Barclay, Alfred Barclay, George Barclay, Barclay Godfrey, and Rachel Jane.

11-Capt. Murray Barclay Buxton was born on 30 Jul 1889 and died on 14 Oct 1940 in Enemy Action at age 51.

General Notes: Captain Murray Barclay Buxton graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He fought in the First World War, where he was severely wounded. He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the Norfolk Regiment He was decorated with the award of Military Cross (M.C.).

Murray married **Janet Mary Muriel Carlile**,⁷⁹ daughter of **Col. Sir Edward Hildred Carlile 1st Bt.**^{79,122} and **Isabella Hanbury**,⁷⁹ on 30 Jun 1920. Janet was born in 1884 and died on 21 Nov 1942 at age 58. They had two children: **Jean Carlile** and **Ronald Carlile**.

12-Jean Carlile Buxton was born on 10 Jun 1921 and died in 1971 at age 50.

General Notes: Jean Carlile Buxton gained the rank of Junior Commander in the service of the Auxiliary Territorial Service. She graduated from Oxford University, Oxford, Oxfordshire, England, in 1954 with a Bachelor of Literature (B.Litt.). She graduated from Oxford University, Oxford, Oxfordshire, England, in 1958 with a Doctor of Philosophy (D.Phil.). She was a social anthropologist and writer.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Social anthropologist and Writer.
- 12-**Ronald Carlile Buxton** was born on 20 Aug 1923 and died on 10 Jan 2017 at age 93.

General Notes: Ronald Carlile Buxton was educated at Eton College, Eton, Berkshire, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1943 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He was decorated with the award of Military Cross (M.C.). He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the Royal Electrical Mechanical Engineers. He was chartered structural engineer. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) for Leyton in 1965. He lived in 2003 at Kimberley Hall, Wymondham, Norfolk, England

13-Peter Hildred Buxton

- 14-Laura Juliet Buxton
- 13-Camilla Jane St. John Buxton
- 13-Vanessa Ann Carlile Buxton
- 13-Robert Victor Buxton
- 11-Alfred Barclay Buxton was born on 3 Nov 1891 in China and died on 14 Oct 1940 in Killed in enemy action at age 48.

General Notes: Alfred Barclay Buxton graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was a missionary to Africa.

Alfred married **Edith Mary Crossley Studd**, daughter of **Charles Thomas Studd**³ and **Priscilla Livingstone Stewart**,.³ Edith was born on 23 Sep 1892 in Chin Shih Fang, Luanfu, Shanxi, China and died in 1977 at age 85. They had two children: **Susan Studd** and **Lionel Studd**.

12-Susan Studd Buxton

Susan married Sir Arthur Michael Wood, son of Arthur Henry Wood. They had four children: Mark Lionel, Janet Mary, Hugo Charles, and Katrina Susan.

- 13-Mark Lionel Wood
- 13-Janet Mary Wood

Janet married Robin Ulyate.

- 13-Hugo Charles Wood
- 13-Katrina Susan Wood
- 12-Lionel Studd Buxton was born on 4 May 1920 and died on 30 Sep 1943 in Killed In Action at age 23.
- 11-George Barclay Buxton was born on 16 Oct 1892 and died on 28 Jul 1917 at age 24.

General Notes: He died on 28 July 1917 at age 24, killed while flying.

2nd Lt. George Barclay Buxton fought in the First World War, in British East Africa, Egypt and France.1 He gained the rank of 2nd Lieutenant in the service of the 5th Battalion, Norfolk Regiment. He gained the rank of 2nd Lieutenant in the service of the Royal Flying Corps.

11-Capt. Barclay Godfrey Buxton was born on 7 Jan 1895 and died in 1986 at age 91.

General Notes: Barclay Godfrey Buxton was educated at Repton School, Repton, Derbyshire, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He fought in the First World War, iwhere he was severely wounded. He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the Duke of Wellington's Regiment. He was decorated with the award of Military Cross (M.C.) (and bar) in 1917.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MBE MC and Bar.

Barclay married **Dorothea Reader Harris**, daughter of **Richard Reader Harris** and **Mary Griffin Bristow**, on 24 Oct 1922. Dorothea was born in 1888 and died on 26 Apr 1967 at age 79. They had two children: **Joanna Margaret Reader** and **Christopher Godfrey Reader**.

12-Joanna Margaret Reader Buxton was born on 17 Jul 1927, died on 13 Aug 2016 at age 89, and was buried on 6 Sep 2016.

General Notes: She was a market research consultant She was invested as a Member, Order of the British Empire (M.B.E.) in 1993.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with MBE.

12-Christopher Godfrey Reader Buxton

Christopher married Margaret Isabel Watkins, daughter of Col. Hubert Bromley Watkins.

11-Rachel Jane Buxton was born on 11 Jun 1905 and died in 1998 in Stanway, Colchester, Essex at age 93.

General Notes: Rachel Jane was sixteen in 1921 when her parents moved to Tunbridge Wells. At some point in the 1940s (she was still living at home in Wimbledon in November 1940), although she was unmarried she fell pregnant and had a son, David. She left home and moved into a large house at Stanway, near Colchester, which the family bought for her, where she lived for the rest of her life. For decades she was ostracised by her family, although in later years they relented and re-established contact with her. She took in boarders and bred kittens; she died in 1998. For the whole of her life she refused to name the father of her child. The reaction of the Buxtons, especially the family of Barclay Buxton, to her pregnancy, and their subsequent shunning of her and her illegitimate son for many years, do them no credit whatsoever. To preach the Gospel of God's forgiveness to the greatest of sinners and then to refuse it to their own flesh and blood could be seen as pure hypocrisy, itself unforgivable. From what Rachel Jane confided to David Morris and his wife Trenna in later years after Godfrey's rapprochement with her, the only contacts she had for many years were with friends of the family who sought to aggressively evangelise her, scaring her rather than befriending her.

Noted events in her life were:

She had a residence in Stanway, Colchester, Essex.

10-Effie Priscilla Buxton was born in 1861 and died in Dec 1940 at age 79.

Effie married Rev. Thomas Lancaster. They had two children: Stephen and Oliver Fowell.

11-Stephen Lancaster¹³⁵ was born on 1 Jun 1894.

Stephen married **Nora Beatrice Stileman**,¹³⁵ daughter of **Fleetwood Stileman** and **Gertrude Alice Long Fox**,.^{135,136} Nora was born on 21 Jan 1891 and died on 29 Jun 1967 at age 76. They had one daughter: **Stella**.

12-Stella Lancaster

Stella married William Massey. They had one daughter: Sarah.

- 13-Sarah Massey
- 11-Oliver Fowell Lancaster was born in 1904, died on 23 Jul 1974 in Montevideo, Uruguay at age 70, and was buried in British Cemetery, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Oliver married Marjorie Vivienne Bailey, daughter of Capt. John Lancelot Bailey and Vivien Dora Carey, on 23 Oct 1930. Marjorie was born on 16 May 1910.

- 10-**Ethel Mary Buxton** was born on 24 May 1864, died on 6 Jul 1931 in London at age 67, and was buried in St. James's, Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 9-Charles Buxton^{3,59} was born on 18 Nov 1822 in Cobham, Surrey and died on 10 Aug 1871 in The Lochearnhead Hotel, Lochearnhead, Perthshire at age 48. The cause of his death was Atrophy of the heart.

General Notes: Buxton, Charles (1822-1871), politician, was the third son of Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, first baronet (1786-1845), politician and philanthropist, and his wife, Hannah (1783-1872), fifth daughter of John Gurney of Earlham Hall. His sister was Priscilla Buxton. Born at Cromer on 18 November 1822, he was educated at home until the age of seventeen, and then placed under the charge, successively, of the Revd T. Fisher at Luccombe and the Revd H. Alford (afterwards dean of Canterbury) at Wymeswold. In 1841 he went to Trinity College, Cambridge, where he graduated BA in 1845 and MA in 1850. On leaving the university he became a partner in the well-known brewery of Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co. On his father's death in 1845, Buxton wrote his biography (1848), which swiftly passed through thirteen editions, and was translated into French and German. In 1850 he married Emily Mary (*d.* 1871), the eldest daughter of Sir Henry Holland (1788-1873), of Holland House. They had two sons and four daughters, including Sydney Charles Buxton.

In 1852 Buxton visited Ireland. He purchased an estate in co. Kerry, and made it a model of cultivation in the course of a few years. In 1853 he published a pamphlet on national education in Ireland, in which he recommended for Ireland 'the system which had answered so admirably in England-that of encouraging each denomination to educate its own children in the best way possible'. In 1854 Buxton delivered a series of lectures on the theory of the construction of birds. In 1855 he published in the North British Review an article on the sale and use of strong drink, which attracted much attention as coming from a partner of a great brewing house.

Buxton was elected as Liberal MP for Newport in 1857, for Maidstone in 1859, and for East Surrey in 1865, for which constituency he sat until his death. He made an eloquent appeal in favour of referring the *Trent* question to arbitration; he frequently advocated the principle of the protection of private property during war, and the general amendment of international law in the interests of peace. In 1860 he published a work entitled Slavery and Freedom in the British West Indies, in which he endeavoured to prove that England had secured the spread of civilization in west Africa, as well as the permanent prosperity of the West Indies.

Buxton advocated the unpopular policy of clemency after the suppression of the Indian mutiny, and in the case of Governor Eyre and the Jamaica massacres. He opposed the Jamaica committee's resolution to prosecute Governor Eyre on a charge of murder, and on 31 July 1866 brought forward in the Commons four resolutions, the first of which declared that the punishments inflicted had been excessive. The government accepted the first resolution, and the others were withdrawn on the understanding that enquiries should be made with the object, if possible, of carrying out the resolutions. Buxton, however, felt it incumbent upon him subsequently to call for an effectual censure and repudiation of the conduct of Eyre and his subordinates.

Buxton was an advocate of church reform, of disestablishment, and of security of tenure in Ireland. In general politics an independent Liberal, he strongly advocated the system of cumulative voting; he took a deep interest in the volunteer movement, but condemned all wars except those of defence.

Buxton inherited his father's intense affection for animals and also his passion for hunting. To these he added a love for architecture; he designed his own seat of Fox Warren, in Surrey, and gained a prize of £100 in the competitive designs for the government offices in 1856. An admirer of the Gothic style of architecture, he also designed the fountain near Westminster Abbey, built by him in 1863, as a memorial of his father's anti-slavery labours. In 1866 Buxton published The Ideas of the Day on Policy, and a pamphlet in 1869 on self-government for London.

On 9 April 1867 Buxton was thrown from his horse while hunting, and suffered concussion. During his illness he studied the subject of anaesthetics, and offered a prize of £2000 for the discovery of an anaesthetic agent which would satisfy certain conditions. Early in 1870 Buxton's secretary, Arthur White, attempted to shoot him, and later that year his health suffered a rapid decline. He died away from home, at a hotel in Lochearnhead, Perthshire, on 10 August 1871. His wife died on the same day.

G. B. Smith, rev. H. C. G. Matthew

Sources

Boase, Mod. Eng. biog. · Notes of thought by C. Buxton [with] ... biographical sketch by J. L. Davies (1883) · Venn, Alum. Cant.

Archives

Bodl. RH, family corresp.

Likenesses

London Stereoscopic Co., photograph, 1860-69, NPG [see illus.] · engraving (after photograph by Elliott & Fry), repro. in The Graphic, 4 (2 Sept 1871), 237

Wealth at death

under £250,000: probate, 18 Dec 1871, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer, Truman, Hanbury, Buxton in London.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Newport, Isle of Wight in 1857-1859.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Maidstone in 1859-1865.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for East Surrey in 1865-1871.

Charles married **Emily Mary Holland**,³ daughter of **Dr. Sir Henry Holland 1st Bt.** and **Margaret Emma Caldwell**, on 7 Feb 1850. Emily was born in 1824 and died on 19 Jun 1908 at age 84. They had six children: **Bertram Henry, Sydney Charles, Eleanor Margaret, Mary Emma, Sybil De Gournay**, and **Richenda**.

10-Bertram Henry Buxton was born on 31 Jul 1852 and died on 5 Dec 1934 at age 82.

10-Rt. Hon. Sir Sydney Charles Buxton Earl of Buxton was born on 25 Oct 1853 in London, died on 15 Oct 1934 in Newtimber, West Sussex at age 80, and was buried in Newtimber, West Sussex.

General Notes: Buxton, Sydney Charles, Earl Buxton (1853-1934), politician, was born in London on 25 October 1853, the younger son (the three subsequent children of the marriage were daughters) of the liberal politician Charles Buxton (1822-1871) and his wife, Emily Mary (d. 1871), eldest daughter of the physician Sir Henry Holland. He was grandson of Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, 'liberator of the slaves'. The family background was one of well-to-do Quaker stock in East Anglia, brewers and bankers. Buxton attended Clifton College (1868-70) and went on to Trinity College, Cambridge (1872), but very soon had to abandon his studies there on account of osteomyelitis of a leg. He then travelled for his health in South America (1873) and Egypt (1875). By 1876 he was strong enough to seek and secure election to the London school board, on which he served until 1882. He also worked from 1882 to 1884 very energetically as an honorary secretary to the fund set up by J. H. Tuke to assist emigration from western Ireland. He was already a fluent writer and publicist, mainly on political and fiscal matters, publishing in 1880 a Handbook to Political Questions of the Day. Written as an exercise in self-education, this influential manual eventually passed through eleven editions. In 1888 it was followed by Finance and Politics: an Historical Study, 1783-1885 (2 vols.), still a work of great value.

Buxton stood unsuccessfully for parliament as a Liberal at Boston (1880), but was elected for Peterborough in 1883. Losing that seat in 1885, he was eventually elected in 1886 for Poplar, which remained his constituency until 1914. Poplar brought him successful involvement in the great dockers' strike of 1889 as an arbitrator sympathetic to the dockers' case, and he won lasting popularity with his (mainly working-class) constituents in the Isle of Dogs. He maintained a very strong interest in industrial conditions, arising from his involvement in east London, and the question of London's government remained another major preoccupation, together with education. He was a very active member of the royal commission on elementary education, 1886-8. In the Commons he was a member of an informal group of progressive radicals which included Asquith, Grey, and Haldane. When the Liberals came to power in 1892 he was appointed undersecretary at the Colonial Office, a post he held until 1895. The secretary of state, Lord Ripon, being in the Lords, Buxton had to answer on colonial matters in the Commons, besides holding special responsibility for southern Africa, a crucial area in view of the situation in the Transvaal and the problems of relations with Rhodes's British South Africa Company. In 1894 he played a role as adviser to Sir William Harcourt in the framing of the innovative Death Duties Bill. Out of office from 1895 to 1905, he remained a frequent speaker in the Commons, was a member of the commission of inquiry into the Jameson raid, followed a moderately 'imperialist' line concerning the South African War, and took account of East End opinion in defying Liberal orthodoxy by supporting-contrary to most of his party-the anti-immigration Aliens Bill of 1905.

In December 1905 Buxton became postmaster-general, with a seat in the cabinet. His principal achievements in this office included the purchase for £15,000 of coastal wireless stations from Lloyd's and the Marconi Company (1909), penny postage to the USA, and reduced charges for the postage of literature for blind people. He also won notable success in securing better terms of employment in the Post Office and better relations with the staff (he was responsible for official recognition of the Postal Servants' Union). In February 1910 he was appointed to succeed Winston Churchill as president of the Board of Trade. Here he was responsible for much legislation, notably the important unemployment section (introducing compulsory contributory insurance against unemployment in certain trades) of the National Insurance Act 1911, the Copyright Act (1911), the Miners' Minimum Wage Act (1911-12), the Act Extending Trades Boards to Additional Trades (1913) and the Bankruptcy Act (1913). After the loss of the *Titanic* in 1912 he became much involved in regulations concerned with safety at sea.

Early in 1914 he was named governor-general of the Union of South Africa; he resigned his office and left the cabinet and the Commons. He was appointed GCMG and in May raised to the peerage as Viscount Buxton of Newtimber, in Sussex. He reached South Africa on 8 September and opened parliament the next day. The country was deeply divided, the wounds of the South African War of 1899-1902 being by no means healed, and for the first three months of his governor-generalship a party of Boers was in revolt against the government which had declared war on Germany. Buxton's responsibilities were wide, since he was also high commissioner over the protectorates of Basutoland, Bechuanaland, and Swaziland and had a certain (if not clearly delineated) authority in Rhodesia. The South African prime minister was Louis Botha whom he had met in England (1907 and 1911) and the two men greatly liked and esteemed each other. This close friendship was an important factor in the success of Buxton's governor-generalship. He spent much time on the move (frequently by train), getting to know the country and its peoples, making a point of visiting the 'nationalist' Boer strongholds, and winning general popularity, as did Lady Buxton. In 1919 he toured Basutoland and Bechuanaland. His sensitivity to African aspirations made him doubtful about South African plans to have Swaziland transferred to the Union, and Smuts's Native Affairs Bill (1920) tried to meet these doubts by providing for a native affairs commission. Botha died in office in 1919. Buxton's period of office was then prolonged; he finally laid it down in September 1920. On his return to England he was raised to an earldom and he became chancellor of the Order of St Michael and St George. Thereafter he did not play a very prominent role in politics, but in 1923-4 he was an active supporter of Lord Grey of Fallodon's leadership of the Liberals in the House of Lords.

Buxton was twice married: first, in 1882 to Constance Mary (d. 1892), the second daughter of John Lubbock, first Lord Avebury, with whom he had two sons and one daughter; both boys predeceased their father, the younger in childhood. In 1896 he married Mildred Anne (d. 1955), elder daughter of Hugh Colin Smith, governor of the Bank of England, with whom he had one son, who was killed in action in 1917, and two daughters, the elder of whom predeceased her father. The osteomyelitis from which Buxton had suffered since his schooldays gave him trouble throughout his life and in 1930 he had to suffer the amputation of a leg. He died at his home, Newtimber Place, near Hassocks, Sussex, on 15 October 1934, and was buried at Newtimber. Buxton was an energetic humanitarian whose temperament accorded well with his family's motto 'Do it with thy might.' His voluminous writings also testify to his industriousness. He did not excel as a public speaker, but people were won over by his modesty and charm. Smuts wrote of his 'simplicity of character and approachableness'. Fishing and shooting were his favoured recreations and he wrote on them also (notably Fishing and Shooting, 1902). He shared with his close friend Grey a taste for observing birds. These open-air pursuits gave him refreshment and solace amid the tragedies of his family life.

Daniel Waley

Sources

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Archives

BL

Likenesses

W. Strang, etching, 1914, NPG [see illus.] · F. H. S., portrait, board of trade office, Newtimber, South Africa · E. Roworth, portrait, House of Assembly, Cape Town, South Africa · Spy [L. Ward], cartoon, repro. in VF (2 Jan 1907) · A. Van Wouw, statuette, Newtimber, South Africa

Wealth at death

£158,893 10s. 3d.: resworn probate, 17 Jan 1935, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Peterborough in 1883-1885.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Poplar in 1886-1914.
- He worked as an under-secretary at the Colonial Office in 1892-1895.
- He worked as a Postmaster-general in 1905.
- He worked as a President of the Board of Trade in 1910-1914.
- He worked as a Governor General of South Africa in 1914-1920.

Sydney married Constance Mary Lubbock, daughter of John Lubbock 1st Baron Avebury and Ellen Frances Hordern, on 5 Feb 1882 in Orpington. Constance died on 3 Nov 1892. They had three children: Charles Sydney, Kenneth Sydney, and Phyllis Sydney.

- 11-Charles Sydney Buxton was born on 26 May 1884 in 15 Eaton Place, died on 31 Aug 1911 in Hassocks at age 27, and was buried on 3 Sep 1911.
- 11-Kenneth Sydney Buxton was born on 4 Sep 1886 and died on 27 Aug 1894 at age 7.
- 11-Lady Phyllis Sydney Buxton was born on 17 Apr 1888 and died on 27 Jan 1942 at age 53.

General Notes: OBE.

Phyllis married Rev. Canon Maurice George Jesser Ponsonby, son of Hon. Edwin Charles William Ponsonby and Emily Dora Coope, on 23 Sep 1918. Maurice was born on 10 Sep 1880 and died on 27 Feb 1943 at age 62. They had five children: Elizabeth, Constance Mary Louis, John Ashley, Barbara Doreen, and Mary Veronica.

General Notes: MC. DL. JP.

12-Elizabeth Ponsonby

Elizabeth married **John Lionel Clay**, son of **Capt. Lionel Pilleau Clay**^{27,122} and **Mary Winifred Muriel Walker**, on 30 Aug 1952 in Newtimber, West Sussex. John was born on 31 Jan 1918 in Tayvallich, Argyll, died in 2008 at age 90, and was buried in Newtimber, West Sussex. They had four children: **Fiona Elizabeth, Catriona Mary, Joanna Penelope**, and **Andrew John Buxton**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister.
- He worked as a Circuit Judge.
 - 13-Fiona Elizabeth Clay

Fiona married Rev. John Alexander Taylor.

13-Catriona Mary Clay

Catriona married John Kendall Bush.

- 13-Joanna Penelope Clay
- 13-Andrew John Buxton Clay
- 12-Constance Mary Louis Ponsonby was born on 6 Jul 1919 and died on 7 Jun 1932 at age 12.
- 12-John Ashley Ponsonby was born on 21 Aug 1920 and died in Dec 1942 in Killed In Action at age 22.

General Notes: Lt. Coldstream Guards

12-Barbara Doreen Ponsonby was born on 4 Nov 1924 and died on 16 Dec 1959 at age 35.

12-Mary Veronica Ponsonby

Mary married William Peter Ward Barnes, son of Rt. Rev. Ernest William Barnes. They had three children: Peter Denis Ponsonby, Susanna Barbara, and Thomas William Ponsonby.

- 13-Peter Denis Ponsonby Barnes
- 13-Susanna Barbara Barnes

Susanna married Ian Hardy. They had two children: Christina Louise and James William Barnes.

- 14-Christina Louise Hardy
- 14-James William Barnes Hardy
- 13-Thomas William Ponsonby Barnes

Sydney next married **Mildred Anne Smith**, daughter of **Hugh Colin Smith** and **Constance Maria Josepha Adeane**, on 7 Jul 1896 in Roehampton. Mildred died on 7 Dec 1955. They had three children: **Doreen Maria Josepha Sydney**, **Denis Bertram Sydney**, and **Althea Constance Dorothy Sydney**.

11-Lady Doreen Maria Josepha Sydney Buxton was born on 29 Nov 1897 and died on 28 Jul 1923 at age 25.

Doreen married Charles Alfred Euston FitzRoy 10th Duke Of Grafton, son of Reverend Lord Charles Edward FitzRoy and Ismay Mary Helen Augusta FitzRoy, on 24 Jan 1918. Charles was born on 4 Jun 1892 and died on 11 Nov 1970 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 78. They had three children: Hugh Denis Charles, Anne Mildred Ismay, and Charles Oliver Edward.

12-Capt. Sir Hugh Denis Charles FitzRoy 11th Duke Of Grafton was born on 3 Apr 1919 and died on 7 Apr 2011 at age 92.

Hugh married Ann Fortune Smith, daughter of Capt. Evan Cadogan Eric Smith and Helen Williams. They had five children: James Oliver Charles, Henrietta Fortune Doreen, Virginia Mary Elizabeth, Charles Patrick Hugh, and Olivia Rose Mildred.

13-James Oliver Charles FitzRoy Earl of Euston was born on 13 Dec 1947 and died on 1 Oct 2009 at age 61.

James married Lady Claire Amabel Margaret Kerr, daughter of Peter Francis Walter Kerr 12th Marquess Of Lothian and Loris Antonella Thomasa Newland. They had five children: Louise Helen Mary, Emily Clare, Henry Oliver Charles, Charlotte Rose, and Isobel Anne.

14-Lady Louise Helen Mary FitzRoy

Louise married Charles Jerome Vaughan, son of Patrick Vaughan and Lorna Findlay. They had one daughter: Christabel Mary.

- 15-Christabel Mary Vaughan
- 14-Lady Emily Clare FitzRoy

Emily married **Conor Mullan**. They had one daughter: **Constance**.

- 15-Constance Mullan
- 14-Henry Oliver Charles FitzRoy 12th Duke Of Grafton

Henry married Olivia M. Sladen, daughter of Simon Hogarth Sladen and Jill Christina Delaney. They had one son: Alfred James Charles.

15-Alfred James Charles FitzRoy Earl of Euston

14-Lady Charlotte Rose FitzRoy

Charlotte married Ruaridh Christian M. Hook.

14-Lady Isobel Anne FitzRoy

13-Lady Henrietta Fortune Doreen FitzRoy

Henrietta married **Edward Gerald Patrick St. George** on 1 Dec 1979. Edward was born in 1928 and died in 2004 at age 76. They had two children: **Henry Edward Hugh** and **Katherine Helen Cecilia**.

14-Henry Edward Hugh St. George

Henry married Florence Anne-Marie Brudenell-Bruce, daughter of Andrew Robert Joel Brudenell-Bruce and Sophie Inch. They had one daughter: Iris.

15-Iris St. George

14-Katherine Helen Cecilia St. George

13-Lady Virginia Mary Elizabeth FitzRoy

Virginia married Lord Ralph William Frances Joseph Kerr, son of Peter Francis Walter Kerr 12th Marquess Of Lothian and Loris Antonella Thomasa Newland.

Virginia next married Roger Babington Hill, son of Cmdr. Harold Babington Hill.

13-Lord Charles Patrick Hugh FitzRoy

Charles married Diana Miller-Stirling, daughter of Hubert Miller-Stirling. They had two children: Nicholas Augustus Charles and George.

14-Nicholas Augustus Charles FitzRoy

14-George FitzRoy

13-Lady Olivia Rose Mildred FitzRoy

Olivia married John Guy Elmhirst Monson. They had two children: Olivia Effie Fortune and Leonora Grace.

14-Olivia Effie Fortune Monson

14-Leonora Grace Monson

12-Lady Anne Mildred Ismay FitzRoy was born on 7 Aug 1920 and died on 4 Nov 2019 at age 99.

Anne married Major Colin Dalzell Mackenzie, son of Maj. Douglas William Alexander Dalziel Mackenzie and Patience Elizabeth Hoare, on 19 Apr 1947. Colin was born on 23 Mar 1919 and died on 1 Oct 1999 at age 80. They had four children: Philip Austin George, Caroline Doreen, Laura Patience Kathleen, and Harriet Anne.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Farr, Inverness.

13-Philip Austin George Mackenzie

Philip married Katherine Emma Binney, daughter of Anthony Binney. They had five children: Lucy, Sabrina, Doune, Isla, and Bettine.

14-Lucy Mackenzie

14-Sabrina Mackenzie

- 14-Doune Mackenzie
- 14-Isla Mackenzie
- 14-Bettine Mackenzie
- 13-Caroline Doreen Mackenzie
- 13-Laura Patience Kathleen Mackenzie

Laura married Ian Michael Osbourne, son of Gerald Michael Osbourne. They had two children: Julian Osbourne and Oliver.

- 14-Julian Osbourne Osbourne
- 14-Oliver Osbourne
- 13-Harriet Anne Mackenzie

Harriet married Thomas St. Andrew Warde-Aldam, son of Maj. David Julian Warde-Aldam and Elizabeth Virginia Sutcliffe. They had three children: Zoe, Zephirine, and Zinnia.

- 14-Zoe Warde-Aldam
- 14-Zephirine Warde-Aldam
- 14-Zinnia Warde-Aldam
- 12-Lord Charles Oliver Edward FitzRoy was born on 13 Jul 1923 and died in Aug 1944 in Normandy at age 21.

General Notes: Lt. Grenadier Guards

11-Hon. Denis Bertram Sydney Buxton was born on 29 Nov 1897 and died on 9 Oct 1917 in Killed N Action Passchendale at age 19.

General Notes: 2nd Lt.

11-Lady Althea Constance Dorothy Sydney Buxton was born on 2 Aug 1910 and died on 25 Jul 2004 at age 93.

Althea married Venerable Peter Charles Eliot, son of Hon. Edward Granville Eliot and Clare Louise Phelips, on 12 Jul 1934. Peter was born on 30 Oct 1910 and died in 1995 at age 85.

10-Eleanor Margaret Buxton died on 28 May 1922.

Eleanor married Cecil William Boyle, son of Charles John Boyle and Zacyntha Moore, on 7 Feb 1877. Cecil was born on 16 Mar 1853 and died on 5 Apr 1900 in Killed In South Africa at age 47. They had four children: Hugo Lionel Charles, Dorothea Cecil, Elizabeth Adeline Cecil, and Gurney.

- 11-Hugo Lionel Charles Boyle was born on 23 Nov 1881.
- 11-Dorothea Cecil Boyle was born on 8 Dec 1879 and died on 23 Apr 1965 at age 85.

Dorothea married Rupert Bersford Butler, son of Dr. Alfred James Butler. They had two children: Dorothea Constance Cecil and Cecil Eleanor Mary.

12-Dorothea Constance Cecil Butler

Dorothea married **John Francis Eastwood** in 1934. John was born in 1887 and died in 1952 at age 65. They had one son: **John Hugo**.

13-John Hugo Eastwood

John married Susan Elizabeth Cator.

12-Cecil Eleanor Mary Butler

Cecil married Eustace Charles Ashton.

11-Elizabeth Adeline Cecil Boyle died on 3 Sep 1969.

Elizabeth married Col. Geoffrey Ernald William Lane. They had three children: Priscilla Mary, Rosemary Eleanor Jane, and Audrey Elizabeth.

- 12-Priscilla Mary Lane
- 12-Rosemary Eleanor Jane Lane
- 12-Audrey Elizabeth Lane
- 11-Gurney Boyle

10-Mary Emma Buxton died on 16 Dec 1942.

Mary married **Albert Osliff Rutson** on 27 Oct 1887. Albert died in 1890.

10-Sybil De Gournay Buxton was born in 1863 and died on 19 Jun 1955 at age 92.

Sybil married **Sir George Stapylton Barnes**, son of **George Carnac Barnes**, on 16 Aug 1887. George was born on 8 Feb 1858 and died on 9 Dec 1946 at age 88. They had one daughter: **Lucy Eleanor**.

11-Lucy Eleanor Barnes was born on 25 Dec 1897 and died on 11 Sep 1943 at age 45.

Lucy married Charles Alfred Euston FitzRoy 10th Duke Of Grafton, son of Reverend Lord Charles Edward FitzRoy and Ismay Mary Helen Augusta FitzRoy, on 6 Oct 1924. Charles was born on 4 Jun 1892 and died on 11 Nov 1970 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 78. They had two children: Edward Anthony Charles and Michael Charles.

12-Lord Edward Anthony Charles FitzRoy was born on 26 Aug 1928 and died on 25 Nov 2007 at age 79.

Edward married Veronica Mary Ruttledge, daughter of Maj. Robert Francis Ruttledge. They had three children: Joanna Lucy, Michael Robert Charles, and Shauna Anne.

13-Joanna Lucy FitzRoy

Joanna married Martin John Kershaw, son of Capt. Ronald Frank Kershaw and Mary Lucette Bertie. They had four children: Simon Edward, William Ronald, David Robert Coloughe, and Louisa Mary.

14-Capt. Simon Edward Kershaw

Simon married Rebecca Watkins, daughter of David Watkins and Nicky Scudamore. They had three children: Olivia, Philippa, and Zara.

- 15-Olivia Kershaw
- 15-Philippa Kershaw
- 15-Zara Kershaw
- 14-William Ronald Kershaw
- 14-David Robert Coloughe Kershaw
- 14-Louisa Mary Kershaw

Louisa married Edward Mulraney. They had one daughter: Ottilie.

15-Ottilie Mulraney

13-Michael Robert Charles FitzRoy

Michael married Cornelia A. Garnett, daughter of Peter Garnett. They had two children: Olivia Lucy and Edwin.

- 14-Olivia Lucy FitzRoy
- 14-Edwin FitzRoy
- 13-Shauna Anne FitzRoy

Shauna married Adam L. J. Seccombe, son of J. Alec Seccombe. They had three children: Freddie, Dominick Jasper, and Sam.

- 14-Freddie Seccombe
- 14-Dominick Jasper Seccombe
- 14-Sam Seccombe
- 12-Lord Michael Charles FitzRoy was born on 18 Mar 1932 and died on 15 Jul 1954 in Solomon Islands. Missing Presumed Drowned at age 22.
- 10-Richenda Buxton was born in 1859 and died on 29 Oct 1952 at age 93.

Richenda married Hon. Reginald Gilbert Murray Talbot, son of James Talbot 4th Lord Talbot Malahide and Maria Margaretta Murray, on 3 Jan 1907. Reginald was born in 1849 and died in 1930 at age 81.

9-Richenda Buxton died on 15 Jun 1858.

Richenda married **Capt. Philip Hamond**, ⁴¹ son of **Philip Hamond** and **Anne Packe**, on 7 Feb 1856 in Northrepps Church, Cromer, Norfolk. Philip was born on 4 May 1805 and died on 13 Dec 1869 at age 64. They had one son: **Charles Annesley**.

General Notes: Sold Westacre Farm of 10,000 acres

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a 34th Regiment of Foot. Of Westacre Park & later Ashurst, Lowestoft, Suffolk.

10-Charles Annesley Hamond⁴¹ was born on 8 Nov 1856 and died in 1914 at age 58.

General Notes: Of Twyford, Norfolk

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Twyford Hall, East Dereham, Norfolk.

Charles married **Mary Augusta Hardcastle**, 41 daughter of **Edward Hardcastle** 41 and **Priscilla Buxton Hoare**, 41,59 on 20 Apr 1882 in Hawkhurst Church, Kent. Mary was born in 1860 and died on 19 Sep 1947 at age 87. They had four children: **Philip, Charles Edward, Anthony Robert**, and **Richenda Mary**.

11-Maj. Philip Hamond was born on 1 May 1883 and died on 29 Jul 1953 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MC.
- He had a residence in 1914 in Morston Hall, Norfolk.

Philip married **Rita Gladys Ethel Hammond**. Rita was born in 1884 and died on 11 Jul 1926 at age 42. They had four children: **Anthony, Anne, Robert**, and **Sarah**.

•	T . 1		•	1	1	
r	Joted.	events	1n	her	lite	Were.

- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon in Newmarket.
 - 12-Anthony Hamond
 - 12-Anne Hamond died in Died in Infancy.
 - 12-Robert Hamond was born in 1917.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a dsp.
- 12-Sarah Hamond was born in 1919.

Sarah married Col. Peter Halliday. They had two children: Charlotte and Stratford.

13-Charlotte Halliday

Charlotte married someone. She had one daughter: Clara.

14-**Clara?**

13-Stratford Halliday

Stratford married Maria?.

Philip next married **Emily Diana Walton**. Emily was born in 1899. They had three children: **Mary, Richard**, and **Edmund**.

12-Mary Hamond

Mary married **Andrew Herbert Athill** in 1954. Andrew was born on 21 May 1920 in London and died in 2005 in Norfolk at age 85. They had four children: **Philip Lawrence, James Andrew, William Robert Charles**, and **Charles Nicholas**.

13-Philip Lawrence Athill

Philip married Annabel Engel. They had three children: Orlando, Frederick, and Francis.

- 14-Orlando Athill
- 14-Frederick Athill
- 14-Francis Athill
- 13-James Andrew Athill

James married Mojgan Amuzegar. They had three children: Darius, Roya, and Cyrus.

- 14-Darius Athill
- 14-Roya Athill
- 14-Cyrus Athill
- 13-William Robert Charles Athill

William married Lady Elizabeth Campbell, daughter of Hugh John Vaughan Campbell 6th Earl Cawdor and Cathryn Hinde. They had two children: Atticus Ocean and Storm Imogen.

- 14-Atticus Ocean Athill
- 14-Storm Imogen Athill
- 13-Charles Nicholas Athill
- 12-Richard Hamond
- 12-Edmund Hamond

Edmund married Roberta Peterson. They had two children: Nicholas and Richenda.

- 13-Nicholas Hamond
- 13-Richenda Hamond
- 11-Lt. Cmdr. Charles Edward Hamond was born in 1884.

Charles married **Hester Philips** in Jun 1919. Hester died in 1929.

- 11-Anthony Robert Hamond was born in 1888 and died on 24 Oct 1906 in Killed By A Train at age 18.
- 11-Richenda Mary Hamond was born in 1895.

Richenda married **Henry Martin**. They had one daughter: **Katharine**.

- 12-Katharine Martin was born in 1919.
- 9-Harry Buxton died on 18 Nov 1880 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk.

General Notes: See Joseph John Gurney's Journal 9th is also given

- 9-John Henry Buxton died in 1830.
- 9-Susanna Buxton died in 1811.
- 9-Louisa Buxton⁴³ died on 1 May 1820.
- 9-**Hannah Buxton**⁴³ died on 17 Apr 1820.
- 8-Charles Buxton^{38,41,43,57} was born on 16 Dec 1787 and died on 4 Jul 1817 at age 29.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Of Weymouth.

Charles married Martha Henning, daughter of Edmund Henning. They had two children: Anne Amelia and Edmund Charles.

9-Anne Amelia Buxton^{38,41} died on 19 Jul 1843.

Anne married **Joseph Hoare**, ^{38,41,56} son of **Samuel Hoare** ^{23,41,43,56,127,137} and **Louisa Gurney**, ^{23,41,57,65,67,137} on 15 Jul 1836. Joseph was born on 21 Mar 1814 and died on 21 Jan 1886 in Child's Hill House, Hampstead, London at age 71. They had no children.

Marriage Notes: 13th also given

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Hoare's Bank in Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a MP for Hull.
- He had a residence in Child's Hill House, Hampstead, London.
- Miscellaneous: Joseph Hoare, 21 Jan 1886.
- 9-Edmund Charles Buxton³⁸ was born on 2 Sep 1813 and died in 1878 at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Daresbury Hall in Warrington, Cheshire.
- He resided at Buxton House in Essex.

Edmund married **Charlotte Mary Upcher**,³⁸ daughter of **Rev. Abbot Upcher**^{38,119} and **Hon. Charlotte Wilson**, on 3 Sep 1834. Charlotte was born on 28 Apr 1811 in Sherringham Hall, Norfolk and died on 16 Nov 1892 at age 81. They had one son: **Edmund Charles**.

10-Edmund Charles Buxton³⁸ was born on 24 Jan 1839 and died on 11 Jul 1925 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Coed Derw in Bettws-y-Coed, Caernarvonshire.

Edmund married Gertrude Sykes, ³⁸ daughter of Richard Sykes, on 18 Jun 1873. Gertrude died on 2 Sep 1932.

8-Sarah Maria Buxton was born in 1789, died on 18 Aug 1839 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 50, and was buried in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk.

General Notes: Partner to Anna Gurney. Companions? Yes. Lesbians? Perhaps.

Anna next married Edward Henning.

7-Rachel Hanbury^{3,23,36,43,65,120} was born in 1763, died on 1 Jun 1825 at age 62, and was buried on 12 Jun 1825.

Rachel married **Richard Gurney**,^{3,23,25,36,43,57,65,119,120} son of **John Gurney**^{23,36,57,138} and **Elizabeth Kett**,^{23,36,138} on 16 Sep 1779. Richard was born on 20 Nov 1742 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 26 May 1811 in Keswick Hall, Keswick, Norfolk at age 68. They had four children: **Richard Hanbury**, **Elizabeth, David**, and **Anna**.

General Notes: Joined the bank in 1779. Of Keswick, Norfolk.

Richard and his second wife Rachel, moved to Northrepps Hall in 1795. The Butler and Nurse there at that time, were the Quaker (from 1796), John Scarnell, (1762-1823) and his wife Hannah Judd 1761-1842. I mention this because Hannah lived her entire life as part of the Gurney family. John and Hannah didn't marry until 1798, when they did so at the FMH Norwich. See their entry in the database. (Charles E G Pease)

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker. He took over the family bank from Bartlett Gurney. In Norwich, Norfolk.
- He had a residence in Keswick, Norfolk.

8-**Richard Hanbury Gurney**^{23,36,43,93,120} was born on 8 Feb 1783 in Norfolk, died on 1 Jan 1854 in Thickthorne, Norfolk at age 70, and was buried on 9 Jan 1854 in Rosary Burial-ground, Norwich, Norfolk.

General Notes: Of Sporting notoriety and for his extra-marital escapades, which were the cause of much shame in the family. He eloped with Mary Muskett, wife of John Muskett of Newton, Norfolk, then afterwards, married her, though he had four children by Susan Wainford. And two further children by Ann Cannell.

His home at Thickthorne became the home of the Hay Gurneys in the 1880's

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Banker of Norwich.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Norwich 1818 To 1832.
- He resided at Thickthorne, Norfolk.
- Miscellaneous: Richard Hanbury Gurney, 1 Jan 1854, Thickthorne, Norfolk.

Richard had a relationship with **Susan Wainford**, daughter of **James Wainford** and **Mary Lindoe**. Marriage status: mistress. This couple did not marry. Susan was born in 1802 in Saxlingham, Norfolk and was christened on 20 Apr 1802 in Saxlingham-Nethergate, Norfolk. They had four children: **Henry Richard Hanbury Gurney, Emma Elizabeth, Eleanor**, and **William**.

General Notes: This was not a marriage, but an affair with Richard Hanbury Gurney

9-**Henry Richard Hanbury Gurney Wainford** was born on 22 Sep 1827 in Norwich, Norfolk, was christened on 28 Oct 1827 in Heigham, Norfolk, died on 4 Feb 1901 at age 73, and was buried on 8 Feb 1901 in Tudhoe, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Earby Hall School in Newsham, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an apprentice to the Shildon iron works.
- He worked as an Engineer.

Henry married **Elizabeth A. Hope**, daughter of **David Hope**, on 20 Jan 1852 in Parish Church, St Andrews Auckland, Durham. Elizabeth was born in 1832 in Bedburn, County Durham. They had eight children: **Emma Elizabeth, Charles Hanbury, Kate Annie, Mary Ada, Edgar Hanbury, Richard Hanbury, Jennie**, and **William Hope**.

10-Emma Elizabeth Wainford was born in 1853 in Shildon, County Durham.

Emma married Skipsey. They had two children: Frances E. and Thomas W.

- 11-Frances E. Skipsey
- 11-Thomas W. Skipsey
- 10-Charles Hanbury Wainford was born in 1856 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Iron moulder.
- 10-Kate Annie Wainford was born in 1857 in Ashford, Kent.
- 10-Mary Ada Wainford was born in 1859 in Spennymoor, County Durham.
- 10-**Edgar Hanbury Wainford**¹³⁹ was born in 1862 in Spennymoor, County Durham, died on 12 Nov 1933 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 71, and was buried in Ashburton Roman Catholic Cemetery.

Edgar married **Maud Mary Thorman**, ¹³⁹ daughter of _____ **Thorman**, in 1901. Maud was born in 1874, died on 20 Sep 1956 at age 82, and was buried in Ashburton Roman Catholic Cemetery. They had one son: **Anton Joseph**.

11-Anton Joseph Wainford 139 was born in 1902 in Spennymoor, County Durham and died in 1965 at age 63.

Anton married Margaret Berry. They had two children: Michael Joseph and Nicholas Peter.

12-Michael Joseph Wainford

Michael married Frances Elizabeth Harvey. They had three children: Claire, Tiffany, and Dominic.

13-Claire Wainford

Claire married Charles Fairhurst. They had two children: Emma and Jack.

- 14-Emma Fairhurst
- 14-Jack Fairhurst
- 13-Tiffany Wainford
- 13-Dominic Wainford

12-Nicholas Peter Wainford

10-**Richard Hanbury Wainford** was born on 3 Mar 1865 in Spennymoor, County Durham, died on 27 Feb 1946 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 80, and was buried in Holy Sepulchre Cemetery, Germantown, Pennsylvania.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer, Thecla engineering in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as an Engineer and Inventor.

Richard married **Adela Raynes**¹³⁹ on 5 May 1898. Adela was born on 1 Aug 1870 in County Durham and died in 1940 in County Durham at age 70. They had six children: **Richard Henry, Kathleen, Elizabeth Marie (Betsy), Charles Frederick, Norah**, and **Philip Joseph**.

11-Richard Henry Wainford¹³⁹ was born on 23 May 1899 in County Durham and died in Mar 1982 in New Jersey, USA at age 82.

Richard married Winifred Gertrude Jackson, daughter of John Henry Jackson. They had one daughter: Elsie Kathleen.

12-Elsie Kathleen Wainford¹³⁹ was born on 19 Feb 1921 in Hounslow.

Elsie married **Emerson**. They had two children: **Michael John** and **Ann Susan**.

- 13-Michael John Emerson
- 13-Ann Susan Emerson

Ann married Cook.

Richard next married Nellie. 139 Nellie was born on 13 May 1894 and died in Jan 1977 in New Jersey, USA at age 82.

Richard next married Cora Toadvine. 139 Cora was born in 1915. They had three children: Betsy, Corinne, and Richard.

12-Betsy Wainford

Betsy married **Leon Barkdoll** on 22 Apr 1961 in Pennsylvania, USA. Leon was born on 22 Dec 1938 and died on 11 Nov 1996 in Nebraska, USA at age 57. They had three children: **Leon, Larry**, and **Lisa**.

13-Leon Barkdoll

Leon married **Dawn Curtiss**. They had two children: **Daniel Robert** and **Jessica Lynn**.

14-Daniel Robert Barkdoll

- 14-Jessica Lynn Barkdoll
- 13-Larry Barkdoll
- 13-Lisa Barkdoll
- 12-Corinne Wainford

Corinne married **Robert Cloud**. They had two children: **Robert** and **Kimberley**.

- 13-Robert Cloud
- 13-Kimberley Cloud
- 12-Richard Wainford
- 11-Kathleen Wainford¹³⁹ was born on 12 Mar 1900 in County Durham and died on 24 Dec 1995 in Yardley, Pennsylvania, USA at age 95.

Kathleen married **Richard Thropp**. They had one daughter: **Raynes**.

12-Raynes Thropp

Raynes married Lou Botteri. They had four children: Richard, Sharon, Louisa, and John.

- 13-Richard Botteri
- 13-Sharon Botteri
- 13-Louisa Botteri
- 13-John Botteri
- 11-Elizabeth Marie (Betsy) Wainford¹³⁹ was born in 1901 in County Durham, died on 22 Nov 1943 in County Durham at age 42, and was buried in Darlington, County Durham.
- 11-Charles Frederick Wainford¹³⁹ was born on 9 Mar 1902 in Newcastle under Lyme, Staffordshire and died in Jan 1977 in Huntingdon, West Virginia, USA at age 74.

Charles married **Marian Gants**¹³⁹ on 24 May 1927. The marriage ended in divorce about 1942. Marian was born on 17 Aug 1905 in Morrisville, Bucks County, Pennsylvania and died on 2 Nov 1988 in Apple Valley, Califonia at age 83. They had three children: **Charles Frederick, Marian Adela**, and **Richard Henry**.

12-Charles Frederick Wainford¹³⁹ was born on 30 Jan 1929 in Brunswick, Maine, USA and died in Feb 1989 in USA at age 60.

Charles married Joyce Crotzer. They had six children: Marian Elizabeth, Marlene, Jacqueline, Charles Frederick, William, and Jon.

13-Marian Elizabeth Wainford

Marian married Tom Martin Degel, son of Nick Degel and Marilyn. They had one son: Rick Martin.

14-Rick Martin Degel

Rick married Kristen Nicole Lindley.

Marian next married Jeff Orlando Arellano, son of Orlando Arellano. They had one son: Jeffrey Scott.

14-Jeffrey Scott Arellano

Jeffrey married **Tara Arellano**. They had one daughter: **Erin Diana**.

15-Erin Diana Arellano

Marian next married John Ray Lindley, son of Fred Lindley and Lillian. They had two children: Kimberly Lynn and Loriann Elizabeth.

14-Kimberly Lynn Lindley

14-Loriann Elizabeth Lindley

Loriann married someone. She had one daughter: McKenzie Faith.

15-McKenzie Faith Lindley

Marian married Michael Douglas Reed.

13-Marlene Wainford

Marlene married **Ripple**. They had one daughter: **Tara**.

14-Tara Ripple

Tara married **Nadreace**. They had one daughter: **Justeen**.

15-Justeen Ripple

13-Jacqueline Wainford

Jacqueline married Jim King. They had four children: Jim, Jason, Jeremy, and Randy.

- 14-Jim King
- 14-Jason King
- 14-Jeremy King
- 14-Randy King

Jacqueline next married Bear Ortiz.

13-Charles Frederick Wainford

Charles married Natalie Lewis. They had one daughter: Brandi.

14-Brandi Wainford

Charles next married Pamela Ellicott. They had two children: Krysti and Charles.

14-Krysti Wainford

14-Charles Wainford

Charles next married Michelle Mascia.

Charles next married Suzy Roberts.

13-William Wainford

William married someone. He had one son: William Henry.

14-William Henry Wainford

William married Paula. They had one son: Jeffrey Alen.

14-Jeffrey Alen Wainford

William next married Carolyn. They had one daughter: Shelby Marie.

- 14-Shelby Marie Wainford
- 13-Jon Wainford
- 12-Marian Adela Wainford
- 12-Richard Henry Wainford

Charles next married **Janet Ann Bernier-Bollier**¹³⁹ about 1948. Janet was born on 17 Jun 1917 and died on 5 Mar 1960 at age 42. They had four children: **Ann Elizabeth, Raynes Joan, Charlene Fredericka**, and **Lionel Hanbury**.

- 12-Ann Elizabeth Wainford
- 12-Raynes Joan Wainford
- 12-Charlene Fredericka Wainford
- 12-Lionel Hanbury Wainford
- 11-Norah Wainford 139 was born in 1906 and died in 1980 at age 74.
- 11-Philip Joseph Wainford¹³⁹ was born in 1908 in Newcastle under Lyme, Staffordshire and died on 27 Sep 1992 in Portal, Georgia, USA at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Mechanical engineer.

Philip married **Mary Helen Aster**, daughter of **Joseph Aster**¹³⁹ and **Pauline** (**Andresek**) **Andrews**, on 1 May 1935 in New York, New York, USA. Mary was born on 15 Jan 1910 in Jersey City, New Jersey and died on 1 Aug 1980 in Southern Pines, North Carolina at age 70. They had one daughter: **Philis Aster**.

12-Philis Aster Wainford

Philis married Jeff Schlesinger, son of B. Frank Schlesinger and Jeanne Cramer.

Philis next married **Johnny Paul Lucas**, ¹³⁹ son of **Theodore Estle Lucas** and **Corine Hendrix**, on 30 Nov 1990 in Statesboro, Georgia. Johnny was born on 16 Jun 1941 in Bulloch County, Georgia, USA, died on 12 Apr 2002 in Statesboro, Georgia at age 60, and was buried on 15 Apr 2002 in Upper Mill Creek Cemetery, Bulloch County, Georgia.

Philis next married **Thomas Conrad Pumroy**.

- 10-**Jennie Wainford**¹³⁹ was born in 1868 in Ebbw-vale, Monmouth.
- 10-William Hope Wainford 139 was born in 1870 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham.

William married Thomasina Isabella Henderson. They had one son: Frank Hanbury.

- 11-Frank Hanbury Wainford¹³⁹ was born on 18 Nov 1899 in 103 Weardale Street, Mount Pleasant, Tudhoe, Spennymoor.
- 9-Emma Elizabeth Wainford was born in 1828, was christened on 1 Nov 1829 in Heigham, Norfolk, and died in 1853 in Henstead, Norfolk at age 25.

Emma married George Mutimer.

9-Eleanor Wainford

9-William Wainford ¹³⁹ was born in 1831 in St. Stephen's Parish, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 5 Aug 1857 in Bembridge, Isle of Wight, Hampshire at age 26, and was buried on 13 Aug 1857 in Portsea, Hampshire. The cause of his death was drowned in a boating accident.

General Notes: From Bell's Life In London and Sporting Chronicle, August 9, 1857

THREE SERGEANTS DROWNED AT PORTSMOUTH.- A melancholy accident, and in its results unusually disastrous, having deprived the army of three gallant non-commissioned officers of the Royal Artillery, and imperiled the lives of several others, occurred at Portsmouth on Wednesday, which is best described in the following letter, written by one of the survivors:-" Wednesday, Aug 5. Sir: On the above afternoon I and six others went to Spithead for a sail. Light winds drove us up between Bembridge and the fleet, one of the party ascended the mast and capsised the boat; this was about a quarter to six p.m. Poor Sergeant Pearson almost immediately sank, and Sergeant Edey about half an hour afterwards. I swam round the boat, and detached the sail, which immediately raised her, I then exclaimed, 'You that cannot swim stick to the boat,' and I immediately began to divest myself of clothing, and, taking an oar with me under my arm, struck out for the shore, accompanied by poor Sergeant Wainford, who also had an oar with him, but, swimming faster than he, I left him behind. After half an hour had elapsed, it seemed the distance between me and the shore did not decrease. I then struck out to sea, in hopes of seeing something to pick me up, but not a vessel, boat, or anything was in sight. I had a handkerchief round my waist, which I tied round the oar, and bestrode it, the sea washing over me at the same time. I imbibed a great deal of salt water, and began to feel excessively tired and faint, and looking towards the, boat, could only see three persons on her, I saw poor Wainford struggling about one-third of a mile away from me, and then I began to strike out, first for one object and then for another; the more I tried, however, the further they seemed to be away. I halloed with all my might, but no response was given, and I became quite wearied out. With a last convulsive effort I shouted again, when, to my inexpressible joy, I heard a voice - the first I had heard since I left the boat. In a little time I observed something approaching me, and at the same moment the oar sank from under me and I went deep under water; it was then twelve, midnight. The boat belonged to the coal brig Marys, of Portsmouth. Captain Albert Winter, to whose kindness and humanity, in conjunction with Divine Providence, I owe my existence, most generously provided me with clothing and the necessary restoratives, and gave up his own bed." The three men who clung to the boat were picked up about half- past eleven. They were taken insensible to the ferry house at Langston Harbour, but there they were refused admission or assistance, or restoratives of any kind, and but for the kindness of some men of the Coastguard on duty at that station, all of them would undoubtedly have perished; as it was, and with all the kindness shown them by the seamen, it was many hours before they were sufficiently recovered to be removed. The body of Sergeant Pearson was picked up on Thursday morning at Spithead. The two others (Sergeants Wainford and Edey) have not yet been recovered

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Earby Hall in Newsham, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Blacksmith in Norwich, Norfolk,
- He worked as a Sergeant of the Royal Marine Artillery.

Richard next married Mary Jary, 8,93,120 daughter of William Jary and Mary Heath, on 17 May 1830. Mary died on 2 Dec 1857. They had one daughter: Mary.

General Notes: She abandoned her husband, Joseph Salisbury Muskett and took up with Richard Hanbury Gurney.... by whom she had a daughter, Mary Jary in 1829, before marrying RHG in 1830. Thus, Mary Jary used her mothers maiden name and not the surname Gurney.

9-Mary Jary^{56,93,120} was born in Dec 1829 in London and died on 19 Oct 1872 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 42.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Mary Jary's disgrace.

Mary married **John Henry Gurney**, 43,56,59,93,119,120 son of **Joseph John Gurney** 3,23,42,47,48,49,55,57,59,63,65,66,67,74,75,93,119,140,141,142,143,144,145,146,147 and **Jane Birkbeck**. 23,57,59,67 on 15 Jun 1846 in London. John was born on 4 Jul 1819 in Earlham Hall, Earlham, Norfolk, died on 20 Apr 1890 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk at age 70, and was buried in

Northrepps, Cromer, Norfolk. They had two children: **John Henry** and **Richard Hanbury Joseph**.

General Notes: MP for Kings Lynn 1854-65. Entered the bank in 1836. Divorced Mary Jary

Gurney after she eloped with his groom. See Northrepps Grandchildren by

Verily Anderson, notes and e-mail by JGP and Sir AEP. "Jacky" Gurney.

As an antiquary also he was possessed of no inconsiderable knowledge. But more than this: it would be wrong to omit reference to his bountiful generosity, which not only shewed an extraordinary kindness of heart, but was bestowed with a degree of discretion and retiring modesty that doubled its utility to the recipients. The loss, through the failure of the mercantile house in which he was concerned, of the vast income that he once enjoyed certainly made no difference in the liberality of his disposition, though it lessened the amount he had for distribution, and caused it to be administered with even less ostentation. But among all qualities that he possessed, perhaps a placid temper was the most characteristic. To it may possibly

have been due some of his misfortunes, but it certainly enabled him to preserve the mens aequa in adversis.-

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leytonstone.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Kings Lynn 1854 To 1865.
- He had a residence in 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, London.
- He worked as a Banker in Norwich, Norfolk.
- He worked as a Founder member of the British Ornithologists' Union in 1858.
- He had a residence in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk.
- Miscellaneous: John Henry Gurney, 30 Nov 1861.
- Miscellaneous: John Henry Gurney, 20 Apr 1890.

10-**John Henry Gurney**^{30,69,93,119} was born on 31 Jul 1848 in Easton, Norfolk and died on 9 Nov 1922 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 74.

General Notes: **25 Oct 1876, Wed:** At letters &c; Carrington about this house & his own position; then David Dale, then with Effie & Nellie Fowler & Alfred to Maggie Gurney's wedding to John Henry Gurney at Marylebone Church, it went off well; a nice family party a breakfast, took Anna Buxton in, home to get ready to go to Norfolk with Henry Birkbeck – started for Norfolk from St. Pancras Station, went down with Henry & Ethel Birkbeck, driving from Gunton Station – a cool night, got a warm welcome as usual; from Gurney Barclay & Margaret. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

GURNEY, John Henry

Born 31 July 1848; m Margaret Jane, d of Henry Edmund Gurney; one s three d; died 8 Nov. 1922

JP, DL

EDUCATION Harrow

CAREER Elected member of the Zoological Society, 1868, of the British Ornithologists Union, 1870, and of the Linnæan Society, 1885

PUBLICATIONS works on ornithology

CLUB Athenæum

ADDRESS Keswick Hall, Norfolk

'GURNEY, John Henry', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920-2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U197338

Monday (13 May 1907) after visiting the Cathedral, Museum &c &c (the last wonderful with the fine collections of birds given by J. Hy. Gurney & his father Jno. Hy. G (Raptores) a splendid "Ducking Stool" in the keep &c we were taken by the Keswick carriage to Keswick - It was very lovely there & very pleasant to renew old acquaintance with John Henry & Margaret - They were both most kind - Margaret is deaf but not so deaf as her sisters Juliet & Emma - Their 3 daughters (Agatha Ruggles Brise about to be confined & Gerard at home) - After a stroll with Jno Hy among his birds & wild fowl (including gannets) he got out some of his family relics &c – Hudson Gurney's Journals – Letters – A similar Book to my large one of Jos. Jno. Gurney's journals & letters - also some old books such as :-

Gurney Redivus or an appendix into the Homily against Images in Churches by Edmund Gurney 1660. Also an old Bible which contains a Gurney family register which I cannot yet make out - It was bought by "Samuel Gurney of Richard Mear a Taylor of Long Streatton, Norfolk July 8 1836". The Register is opposite the Apocrypha & is as follows:

Richard Gurney was born the 26 of January in the (yeare) 1678

Samuel Gurney was born the 15 of September in y^e yeare 1679

Mary Gurney was born the 12 of October in the yeare 1681

Ann Gurney was born the 6 of October in the year (sic) 1683

John Gurney was born the 4 of November in the yeare 1685

William Gurney was born ye 1 of March in the yeare 1687/8

Joseph Gurney was born the 18 of Apreal (sic) in the year 1694

George Gurney was born y^e 15 of Juley (sic) 1691

John Gurney was born the forth (sic) day November in the yeare 1685

William Gurney was born y^e 1 day March in y^e yeare 87/8

Aprill ye 18 1694 Joseph Gurney was borne the eighteen day of Aprill

Jno Shadly 1751 born In the year 1720 Sept? the 23 In the sixth year of the Reign of King George the first.

Among the portraits at Keswick are, Oil Paintings

John Henry Gurney Snr by Carter

Hudson Gurney

Mrs Hudson Gurney

Amelia Opie (in Quaker dress)

Hudson Gurney by Opie in Dining Room

Agatha Gurney by Opie in Dining Room

He has also some silhouettes including David Barclay 1790

And all the engravings I know of, of Joseph & Hannah Gurney

John Gurney (the first one)

Also 2 busts of Clarkson & John Hy. G Senr.

During the 2 days at Keswick, we did a great deal of talking & I picked up a lot of fresh information - we visited the Knights at the Old Hall where Hudson & the Sporting Dick (R^{d.} H. G) lived. Jno Hy Gurney our host was about a year in the Bank at Darlington, he remembered all the old Peases & my Gt. G^d. father Ed. Pease – his greatest friend at this time he said was Charles Pease –

The original painting of Elizabeth Fry in Newgate came to Keswick from Nutwood, Reigate when H. Edmund Gurney died – I had not seen it since my young days when I used to go to Nutwood. Margaret told me that some years ago there still lived an old man who when a boy, used to clean up after the cockfights and pointed out the place where he gathered up one day, many dozens of dead cocks slain in a great battle. On the Tuesday 14th May 1907 we visited the Gurney Buxtons at Calton & lunched with the Eustace Gurneys at Sprowston – they are just finishing alterations there – he is now the head of the Gurney family – he had some relics too and showed me such family portraits as he has - engravings - also a curious letter of Hudson Gurney's protesting against Dan's book (Daniel Gurney, author of Records of the House of Gournay) as an exhibition of "cocktail presumption" saying that the family (not his words which are [next word not clear - looks like 'neat'] but to the effect) were country gents, then in penury, then beggary, then trade, then wealthy, then comes "cocktail presumption" &c &c - The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FLS FZS JP DL.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1894.
- He had a residence in Keswick Hall, Keswick, Norfolk.

John married **Margaret Jane Gurney**, ^{30,69,93,119} daughter of **Henry Edmund Gurney** ^{23,30,70,93,148,149} and **Jane Birkbeck**, ^{23,148} on 25 Oct 1876 in St. Marylebone, London. Margaret was born on 22 Mar 1852 in Upton, Norfolk and died on 17 Feb 1940 at age 87. They had four children: **Gerard Hudson, Agatha, Cecily Jane**, and **Margaret Editha**.

- 11-**Gerard Hudson Gurney**^{93,119} was born on 29 Apr 1880 in Hill House, Northrepps, Norfolk, died in 1934 in Keswick Hall, Keswick, Norfolk at age 54, and was buried in Keswick, Norfolk. He had no known marriage and no known children.
- 11-Agatha Gurney was born on 9 Sep 1881 and died on 2 Apr 1937 at age 55.

Agatha married Col. Sir Edward Archibald Ruggles-Brise 1st Bt., son of Archibald Weyland Ruggles-Brise and Mabel Coope, on 28 Jun 1906. Edward was born on 9 Sep 1882 and died on 12 May 1942 at age 59. They had four children: Violet Agatha, John Archibald, Guy Edward, and Cecilia Margaret.

12-Violet Agatha Ruggles-Brise was born on 24 May 1907, died on 27 May 1994 at age 87, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Broughton, Test Valley, Hampshire.

Violet married **Cmdr. Hubert Wyndham Barry**, son of **William James Barry** and **Lady Grace Murray**, on 19 Aug 1936. Hubert was born on 6 Oct 1898 in London, died in Feb 1992 in Winchester, Hampshire at age 93, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Broughton, Test Valley, Hampshire. They had four children: **William Edward, Rosemary, Susan**, and **James Hubert**.

13-William Edward Barry

William married **Juliet Alexandra Sarah Musker**, daughter of **James Herbert Lonsdale Musker** and **Rosemary Julian Maitland-Makgill-Crichton**, on 21 May 1965. Juliet was born on 22 Aug 1941, died on 27 Jan 2014 at age 72, and was buried on 13 Feb 2014 in Cremated at Salisbury Crematorium. They had one daughter: **Catherine Jane**.

14-Catherine Jane Barry

13-Rosemary Barry was born on 17 Feb 1939 and died on 2 Jul 2015 in Ninewells Hospital, Dundee at age 76.

Rosemary married Capt. Alastair Pinckard Leslie, son of Hon. John Wayland Leslie and Carol Angela Pinckard. They had three children: Fiona Jane, David John, and Ann Mary.

14-Fiona Jane Leslie

Fiona married Richard Alan Patrick De Klee, son of Col. Murray Peter De Klee and Angela Moira Jean Stormonth-Darling. They had three children: Frederick Leslie Blair, Lachlan Richard John, and Murray David Robin.

- 15-Frederick Leslie Blair De Klee
- 15-Lachlan Richard John De Klee
- 15-Murray David Robin De Klee
- 14-David John Leslie was born on 27 Apr 1967 and died in 1989 at age 22.
- 14-Ann Mary Leslie

Ann married **Kelvin Mullins**.

13-Susan Barry

Susan married Simon Mark Arthur 4th Baron Glenarthur, son of Matthew Arthur 3rd Baron Glenarthur and Margaret Risk Howie. They had two children: Edward Alexander and Emily Victoria.

- 14-Hon. Edward Alexander Arthur
- 14-Hon. Emily Victoria Arthur
- 13-James Hubert Barry
- 12-Sir John Archibald Ruggles-Brise 2nd Bt. was born on 13 Jun 1908 and died on 20 Sep 2007 at age 99. He had no known marriage and no known children.
- 12-Guy Edward Ruggles-Brise was born on 15 Jun 1914 and died on 14 Nov 2000 at age 86.

Guy married Elizabeth Knox, daughter of James Knox, on 7 Dec 1940. Elizabeth died in 1988. They had two children: Timothy Edward and Samuel Guy.

13-Sir Timothy Edward Ruggles-Brise 3rd Bt.

Timothy married Rosemary Elizabeth Craig, daughter of J. S. Craig. They had five children: Olivia Agnes, Archibald Edward, Charles Evelyn, Felicity Rose, and Iain John.

14-Olivia Agnes Ruggles-Brise

Olivia married Jeremy Shapiro, son of Winston Shapiro. They had two children: Isabella Marilyn and Leo Arthur Ruggles.

- 15-Isabella Marilyn Shapiro
- 15-Leo Arthur Ruggles Shapiro
- 14-Archibald Edward Ruggles-Brise

Archibald married **Anna French**.

14-Charles Evelyn Ruggles-Brise

Charles married **Rachel Mary Edmonds**, daughter of **John R. Edmonds** and **Sarah J. Cooper**. They had one son: **Benjamin Guy**.

- 15-Benjamin Guy Ruggles-Brise
- 14-Felicity Rose Ruggles-Brise
- 14-Iain John Ruggles-Brise
- 13-Samuel Guy Ruggles-Brise

Samuel married Katherine Margaret Bishop, daughter of Brig. Richard John Bishop and Jane Margaret Chilton. They had two children: Camilla Jane and Edward James.

14-Camilla Jane Ruggles-Brise

Camilla married Nicholas Charles Edwards Heath. They had one son: Orlando Henry.

- 15-Orlando Henry Heath
- 14-Edward James Ruggles-Brise

Guy next married Christine Margaret Fothergill-Spencer, daughter of John A. Fothergill.

12-Cecilia Margaret Ruggles-Brise was born on 21 Oct 1919 and died in 1991 at age 72.

Cecilia married John Julian Riddick. They had three children: Robert John Gurney, Elspeth Marjorie, and Graham Edward Galloway.

- 13-Robert John Gurney Riddick
- 13-Elspeth Marjorie Riddick
- 13-Graham Edward Galloway Riddick
- 11-Cecily Jane Gurney was born on 5 Mar 1884 in Brighton, East Sussex and died on 6 Jan 1958 at age 73.

Cecily married **Harold Ralph Ruggles-Brise**, son of **Archibald Weyland Ruggles-Brise** and **Mabel Coope**, on 25 Jun 1925. Harold was born on 18 Feb 1891 and died on 23 Apr 1951 at age 60. They had one daughter: **Alethea Mabel**.

12-Alethea Mabel Ruggles-Brise

Alethea married **Ernest Mackenzie Waller** on 8 May 1948. Ernest was born on 27 Dec 1926 and died in Feb 2001 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 74. They had two children: **Jeremy Mark Ralph** and **Martin Christopher**.

13-Jeremy Mark Ralph Waller

Jeremy married Sheila Margaret Small.

13-Martin Christopher Waller

Martin married someone. He had two children: **Dominique** and **Mackenzie**.

- 14-Dominique Waller
- 14-Mackenzie Waller
- 11-Margaret Editha Gurney was born on 23 Apr 1885 and died on 23 Dec 1981 at age 96.

Margaret married Lt. Col Edmund Richard Meade-Waldo, son of Edmund Gustavus Bloomfield Meade-Waldo and Ada Coralie Baggallay, on 27 Aug 1914. Edmund was born on 17 Feb 1881 and died in 1964 at age 83. They had one son: Edmund Timothy Gurney.

12-Capt. Edmund Timothy Gurney Meade-Waldo was born on 22 May 1921, died on 30 May 1946 in Palestine. Killed in action at age 25, and was buried in Ramleh War cemetery, Hamerkaz, Israel. Grave 7.G.18.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MB BCH MRCS LRCP.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Army Medical Corps.

10-Richard Hanbury Joseph Gurney^{56,86,119} was born on 17 Mar 1855 in Catton, Norfolk and died on 6 May 1899 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk at age 44.

General Notes: Richard and his wife travelled to America after their wedding, where they met Richard's step-grandmother Eliza Paul Kirkbride, who had returned as a widow to live out her days in Atlantic City, New Jersey. Eliza died whilst they were planning a return to England and they were able quite fittingly, to pay their respects at her funeral at the FBG Burlington, and bring closure to another circle of family history.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1896.
- Miscellaneous: Richard Hanbury Gurney, 6 May 1899.
 - 11-Maj. Quintin Edward Gurney⁹³ was born on 20 Feb 1883 in Steyning, West Sussex and died in 1968 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Bawdeswell Hall, Dereham, Norfolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1932.
 - 12-Eve Gurney
 - 12-Maj. Richard Quentin Gurney^{89,93} was born on 4 Sep 1914 and died on 26 Apr 1980 at age 65.

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1959.
- He had a residence in Bawdeswell Hall, Dereham, Norfolk.
 - 13-David Quentin Gurney
 - 14-Elisabeth Anne Gurney
 - 15-Oliver Charles Morley-Fletcher
 - 15-Joshua George Morley-Fletcher
 - 15-Hebe Alice Morley-Fletcher
 - 14-Robert Edward Quentin Gurney
 - 15-Jemima Skye Gurney

15-Amelia Daisy Gurney 15-Tallulah Gurney 15-Tabith Lily Gurney 14-Juliet Carolyn Gurney 13-Mary Elisabeth Gurney 14-Michael Edward Dickinson 14-James Stephen Dickinson 15-Edward Dickinson 15-Gwilym Dickinson 13-Sarah Carolyn Gurney 14-Sarah-Jane Acloque 14-Peter Acloque 13-Nicola Ruth Gurney 14-Olivia Elisabeth Curl 14-Eleanor Rose Curl 12-**Ruth Cecilia Gurney** was born on 30 May 1917 in London and died on 18 Nov 2017 at age 100. 13-Jennifer Lubbock 14-Elena Ciaralli-Parenzi 15-Vivien Pizzini 15-Allesandro Pizzini 14-Andrew Ciaralli-Parenzi 14-Sarah Ruth Isabella Wynne-Parker 14-Fiona Alice Elizabeth Wynne-Parker 13-Catherine Lubbock 14-Mark Jennings 15-Eve Jennings

- 15-Grace Jennings
- 14-Samuel Jennings
- 13-Lucinda Lubbock was born on 11 Dec 1948 and died on 15 May 1999 at age 50.
 - **14-Rachel Catherine Carew**
 - 14-Edward John Harkness
 - 14-Alice Elizabeth Harkness
- 12-Archibald James Gurney^{89,93} was born on 23 Aug 1923 and died on 17 Feb 2004 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He had a residence 1947 To 1963 in Bawdeswell Hall, Dereham, Norfolk.
- He had a residence 1966 To 2004 in Bracon Lodge, Bracon Ash, Norfolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1990.
 - 13-Philippa Margaret Gurney
 - 14-Hon. Thomas Richard James Dannatt
 - 14-Capt. Hon. Edward Robert Samuel Dannatt
 - 14-Hon. Oliver William Jack Dannatt
 - 14-Hon. Richenda Juliet Rose Dannatt
 - 13-Sonia Caroline Gurney
 - 13-Anne Louise Gurney
 - 13-Belinda Jane Gurney
- 11-Christopher Richard Gurney¹¹⁹ was born on 6 Sep 1884 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk, died on 27 Nov 1969 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 85, and was buried in St. Mary's, Northrepps, Norfolk.
 - 12-Joseph John Gurney was born on 24 May 1914 and died on 23 Dec 2001 at age 87.

- He had a residence in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk.
 - 13-Simon Charles Peter Gurney
- 12-**Lieut. Hugh Christopher Gurney** was born about 1918, died on 12 Sep 1944 in Velorcey, France. Killed in action about age 26, and was buried in Velorcey Communal Cemetery, France.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer serving with the SAS.

12-Pamela Mabel Richenda Gurney was born in 1920 and died on 16 Jun 2019 at age 99.

12-Maj. Anthony Richard Gurney was born about 1922, died on 3 Feb 2013 about age 91, and was buried on 15 Feb 2013 in St Mary's Church, Northrepps, Norfolk.

General Notes: Manor Farm, Northrepps Death notice Daily Telegraph 8 Feb 2013 Obituary

Eastern Daily Press

Friday, February 8, 2013

'Well done' was the cry of the Norfolk Major who loved the county and young people

One of the larger than life characters in Norfolk, Major Anthony Gurney, who frequently entertained the Queen Mother, has died aged 91.

As a farmer, politician, countryman and sportsman, 'The Major' as he was always known, had a zest for life and was always prepared to help young people, especially the Scouts.

Anthony Richard Gurney, who grew up at Northrepps, went to school at Aldeburgh Lodge and Charterhouse. In 1941, he joined the Royal Norfolk Regiment at Britannia Barracks, Norwich, and was sent to India and commissioned the next year into the 9/12 Indian Frontier Force.

In May 1944, he was badly wounded in the battle for Imphal. With three bullets in his lungs, he was not expected to survive. Later, he met the surgeon, who went on to become president of the Royal College of Surgeons.

While on sick leave in the Himalayas, he heard rumours that a large and rare red-coloured bear had been seen. When this 6ft tall bear attacked him, he shot it and then had it sent to his Norfolk home.

Rejoining his battalion in the advance through Burma and into Vietnam, he was at the surrender of the Japanese in Saigon harbour and then served in Japan.

He married Trish Shaw at St Margaret's, Westminster, and having joined Barclays Bank Overseas in 1948 spent two years in east Africa. Returning to Norfolk in 1950, he joined timber merchants AR Taylor, of Wroxham, later becoming chairman. Among his many roles, he was chairman of Sywell aerodrome, Northampton, for many years.

He started farming in 1953 when he moved to Manor Farm, Northrepps, which was his home for the next 60 years. Encouraged at the start by Jim, now Lord Prior, he loved farming with a passion.

He built up a top Friesian dairy herd and was national malting barley champion in 1989 with a sample of Triumph – the first title won by a Norfolk farmer for years. He was a former chairman of Norfolk CLA branch.

Always keen to learn more, he was a regular at the Oxford Farming Conference and joined David Richardson's famous trip behind the iron curtain to Russia.

A former president of the Aylsham Agricultural Show Association, he was a regular finalist in the Norfolk county farms' competition.

A county councillor for the Cromer division, he defeated the Labour candidate in 1955, increasing his majority at each of the next four elections. He was a member of the county planning committee for 15 years when Norwich airport was expanded and Bacton gas site built.

He represented Norfolk at Strasbourg in 1970 at a European conservation conference having been chairman of the first report on Broads development five years earlier. In 1978, he was made vice president of the East Anglian region of the English Speaking Union.

In 1966, he stood for Westminster for the first time in Norwich South seeking to overturn a Labour majority of 611. It was high profile because just months earlier cabinet minister Geoffrey Rippon had lost the seat.

His love of life, which was shared with young people, saw countless students learning to farm at Northrepps.

For years, the North Norfolk Pony Club had its annual camp there. A passionate supporter of the Scouts, he helped establish a permanent home at Roughton for the local group.

He was president of the British Legion branch and as parish council chairman in 2008 welcomed the Duke of Kent, who was visiting Cromer.

His house was always open to visitors. He was proud of his friendship with the Queen Mother, who often lunched at his home.

He hunted, shot and was a great sportsman but above all he loved the countryside, Norfolk and people.

And his cheery cry: "Well done, Well done" in the shooting field, at a hunter trial or at a party will be missed.

He leaves a sister, Pam, two sons and two daughters, seven grandchildren and two great grandchildren.

A funeral service will be held at St Mary's Church, Northrepps, on Friday, February 15 at 2.30pm.

- 13-Christopher Geoffrey Hugh Gurney
- 13-Michael Anthony James Gurney
 - 14-Thomas William Anthony Gurney
 - 14-Sophy Philippa Rose Gurney

14-Katherine Elizabeth Gurney

13-Xandra Gurney

14-Charlotte Thompson was born about 1972 and died on 18 Aug 1994 about age 22.

General Notes: Charlotte Thompson, a pupil at Norwich High School for Girls, had set her heart on a career as a physiotherapist and passed all four of her A-level subjects.

However, she was bitterly disappointed by the grades, thought to include a C and a D, and was convinced they were not good enough to get her to university.

After learning her results on Thursday, she met friends at Norwich Cathedral but told them she wanted to be alone and went into the city centre.

Five hours later, she was found hanging from a rafter in a cottage in her home village of Northrepps in north Norfolk. Miss Thompson lived in the village with her parents Charles and Xandra and her younger sister Sarah. Her grandfather is Major Anthony Gurney, a member of the north Norfolk farming family which founded Barclays Bank.

Miss Thompson had taken her A-levels at the age of 20 after her education was interrupted when she broke her back in an accident while showjumping two years ago.

Despite her disappointment at the results, friends and teachers said she may have been wrong to think they were not good enough for a university place.

Ms Valerie Bidwell, head of the 850-pupil independent fee-paying school, said: "She was planning to study physiotherapy and I think the results might well have been good enough to win her a university place.

"Everybody has been stunned by her death. She was a charming, highly thought of girl, who was very popular with everyone.

"I can only say how shocked we are and extend our sympathy and regret to her family and many friends."

Details of the death emerged at an inquest opened by Norwich coroner James Hipwell yesterday.

Miss Thompson's parents did not attend the hearing and refused to comment on their daughter's death at their home yesterday.

Miss Thompson was born in north Norfolk but as a youngster moved to South Africa with her family. Five years ago, the family returned to the village.

Her father is a director of a firm which deals in and maintains forklift trucks.

Neither Major Anthony Gurney nor his wife Patricia wished to comment yesterday.

Miss Thompson's uncle Chris Gurney, the owner of Northrepps Airfield, who is confined to a wheelchair after breaking his back in an air crash, said: "She had her life before her.

"She broke her back two years ago but got over it and was back into competitive riding and doing very well."

Mr Alan Strutt, Miss Thompson's groom, also paid tribute to the courage she showed after the riding accident.

"She was in hospital for about six weeks and I thought she would never recover," he said. "But she was such a brave woman she got herself better and back into the saddle. She was a very determined lady.

"She was doing really well. She was a little bit special, always a fun girl, always very happy and willing to help other people."

The inquest was told that the thatched cottage where Miss Thompson had been found was believed to belong to a member of the family.

The inquest was adjourned until September 1.

The Herald - Scotland, 20 August 1994

- 14-Sarah Thompson
- 13-Diana Dorothy Elizabeth Gurney
 - 14-Rupert Cabbell-Manners
 - 14-Jessica Cabbell-Manners
 - 14-Hugh Cabbell-Manners
- 11-Rachel Gurney¹¹⁹ was born on 1 May 1886 in West Sussex and died in 1971 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 85.
 - 12-Merlin Bruce¹¹⁹ was born on 3 Aug 1909 and died on 27 Feb 1999 at age 89.

- He worked as an Acting Capt. RN. F/Lt RAF. Bursar of Abbots Hill school.
 - 13-Euslin Bruce was born on 26 Jul 1933 and died on 11 Aug 1997 at age 64.

- He worked as a Design artist.
 - 14-Nicola Jane Bruce
 - 14-Quinton Rosslyn Bruce
 - 14-Roderick Hulme Bruce
 - 14-Caroline Fiona Bruce
 - 14-Damian Trispen Bruce
 - 14-Jeremy Larick Bruce
- 13-Doriel Bruce was born on 9 Oct 1937 and died on 11 Oct 1937.
- 13-Rollo Bruce
 - 14-Lucy Helen Bruce
 - 15-Toby Montague Squire
 - **14-Rory James Bruce**
 - 15-Jack Merlin Bruce
- 12-**Rhalou Bruce**¹¹⁹ was born on 21 Mar 1911 and died in 1979 at age 68.
 - 13-Colin Kirkby Peace
 - 14-Rosslyn Lucas Kirkby Peace
 - 13-Hubert Kirkby Peace
 - 14-Henry Kirkby Peace
 - **14-Anne Maria Claire Peace**
 - 13-Dr. Peter Kirkby Peace
 - 13-Thomas Kirkby Peace
 - 14-Emily Mary Delia Peace
 - 13-Benjamin Kirkby Peace
 - 14-Simon Kirkby Peace
 - 13-James Kirkby Peace
- 12-Cmdr. Erroll Bruce¹¹⁹ was born on 4 Nov 1913 and died on 10 May 2004 at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Dartmouth.
- He worked as a Naval submariner and Yachtsman. Commanding officer, base Christmas Island. 1957-58.
 - 13-Capt. Peregrine Erroll Bruce
 - 14-Rachael Bruce
 - 14-Anna Bruce
 - 13-Cmdr. Peter Bruce
 - 13-Rosamund Bruce
 - 14-Benedict James Griffin
 - 14-**Tabitha Rose Griffin** was born on 15 Apr 1964 and died in 1980 at age 16.
 - 14-Polly Bridget Griffin
 - 14-Matilda Victoria Griffin
 - 14-Flora Eleanor Rhalou Griffin
 - 13-Errollyn Daphne Bruce
 - 14-Samuel James Lindley
 - 14-Emma Rosamund Lindley
 - 14-Joseph Galen Lindley
 - 13-Chloe Siola Bruce
- 12-Verily Bruce¹¹⁹ was born on 12 Jan 1915 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Jul 2010 at age 95.

- She worked as an Author.
 - 13-Marian Anderson
 - 14-Christina O'Hare
 - 15-Botticelli Verily Boadicea Evans
 - 15-Piranesi Vita Lolita Evans
 - 14-Justin O'Hare
 - 15-Lillian O'Hare

- 15-Elspeth O'Hare
- 14-Eloise O'Hare
- 13-Rachel Anderson
 - 14-Hannah Bradby
 - 15-Nguyen Edward Robertson
 - 15-Merlin Storie Robertson
 - 14-Lawrence Bradby
 - 14-Donald Bradby
 - 14-Nguyen Thanh Sang Bradby
- 13-Edward Anderson
 - 14-Evelyn Anderson
 - 14-Beatrice Anderson
- 13-Janie Anderson
 - 14-Daisy Maya Hampton
 - 14-Orlando Hampton
 - 14-Pamela Hampton
 - 14-Joseph Hampton
- 13-Alexandra Anderson
 - 14-Taffeta Annie Allerhand
 - 14-Rhalou Gladys Allerhand
- 12-Lorema Bruce
 - 13-Adrian French Goolden
 - 14-Javk Malago Goolden
 - 14-Amy Apple Louise Goolden
 - 14-Rosemary Alice Goolden
 - 14-Leo Samson Goolden

- 13-Robin Massy Goolden
 - 14-Oliver Nation Goolden
 - 14-Rachel Bruce Goolden
- 11-Richenda Evelyn Gurney was born on 2 Feb 1888 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk, was christened on 28 Jun 1888 in Cromer, Norfolk, and died in 1974 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 86.
- 11-Gladys Catherine Gurney^{86,119} was born on 25 Jan 1892 in Northrepps Hall, Cromer, Norfolk and died in 1988 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 96.
 - 12-John Christopher Watkin Wynn
 - 13-Nicholas Romer Wynn
 - 13-Anne Richenda Dodwell Wynn
 - 13-Gareth Rowland Wynn
 - 12-**Rosemary Vera Georgiana Wynn**^{86,121} was born on 7 Oct 1919, died on 8 May 2015 in Alt-y-Mynydd Care Home, Llanybydder, Carmarthenshire, Wales at age 95, and was buried in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk.

- Death Notice: The Daily Telegraph, 12 May 2015.
 - 13-John Richard Wynn Boydell
 - 14-David Robert Boydell
 - 13-Gerald Romer Boydell
 - 14-Gillian Elizabeth Boydell
 - 14-Angela Susan Boydell
 - 15-Charlotte Catherine Loso
 - 15-Rebecca Anne Loso
 - 15-Chelsea May Loso
 - 14-Melanie Jane Boydell
 - 15-Leigh Usher Child
 - 13-Christopher Henry Robert Boydell
 - 14-Anthony Dominic Boydell
 - 15-Alice Caterina Boydell
 - 15-Daisy Ellan Boydell

- 15-Frederico Finn Boydell
- 15-Benedict Walter Boydell
- 14-Nicola Catherine Boydell
- 14-Stuart John Boydell
- 12-**Dennis Gurney Wynn**⁸⁶ was born on 31 Jul 1922 and died in 1983 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 61.
 - 13-Simon Charles Wynn
 - 14-Victoria Rona Wynn
 - 14-Fiona Emily Wynn
 - 13-Sarah Frances Wynn
 - 14-Paul Alastair Wynn Knight
 - 14-Emma Joanna Knight
 - 13-Mark Gurney Wynn
 - 14-Alexander Anthony Wynn
 - 13-Rebecca Helen Wynn

Mary next married William Taylor⁹³ on 11 Mar 1862 in Perivale Church, Middlesex. William was born about 1838. They had three children: **Anselm, Alice Maude**, and **Ben**.

General Notes: He was groom to John Henry Gurney and whose wife he eloped with.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Groom.
 - 10-**Anselm Taylor** was born in 1861.
 - 10-Alice Maude Taylor was born in 1862.
 - 10-Ben Taylor

Richard had a relationship with **Ann Cannell**, daughter of ? ?. They had two children: **Eleanor** and **Elizabeth**.

- 9-Eleanor Cannell
- 9-Elizabeth Cannell
- 8-Elizabeth Gurney^{36,43,65,120} was born on 24 Oct 1784 and died on 13 May 1808 at age 23.

Elizabeth married **John Gurney**, ^{23,36,57,65,67,120} son of **John Gurney** son of **John Gurney**, ^{23,38,41,42,56,57,62,63,64,65,66} and **Catherine Bell**, ^{3,23,57,62,63,66,67} on 6 Jan 1807 in Northrepps Church, Cromer, Norfolk. John was born on 17 Jun 1781 in Magdalen Street, Norwich, died on 8 Sep 1814 in Earlham Hall, Earlham, Norfolk at age 33, and was buried in FBG Gildencroft, Norwich. They had no children.

General Notes: Banker at Lynn and partner in Richardson Overend & Co. with his bro. Samuel.

Death also given as 1840

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Banker of Norwich.
- He resided at King's Lynn, Norfolk.
- He was educated at Wandsworth.
- 8-David Gurney was born on 9 Sep 1787 and died on 28 Feb 1788.
- 8-Anna Gurney^{3,36,43,65,120} was born on 31 Dec 1795 in Keswick Hall, Keswick, Norfolk, died on 6 Jun 1857 in Keswick Hall, Keswick, Norfolk at age 61, and was buried in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk.

General Notes: The translator of the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle etc. Vide. Dictionary of National Biography.

Gurney, Anna (1795–1857), Old English scholar, was born on 31 December 1795, the youngest child of Richard Gurney (1742–1811), partner in Gurney's Bank, of Keswick, near Norwich, Norfolk, and his second wife, Rachel (d. 1825), second daughter of Osgood Hanbury of Holfield Grange, Essex, and half-sister of Hudson Gurney. Her parents and most of her relatives were Quakers. When Gurney was only ten months old she was paralysed and lost the use of her legs. She passed through her busy, active, and happy life without ever being able to stand or move without mechanical aid. She was educated mainly by an elder sister, and then by a tutor, and at an early age she learnt Latin, Greek, Hebrew, and Old English. In 1819 she brought out anonymously, in a limited impression for private circulation, A Literal Translation of the Saxon Chronicle: by a Lady in the Country. The work went to a second edition, and was commended by James Ingram (Saxon Chronicle with Translations, 1823, 'Preface', 12).

In 1825, after the death of her mother, Gurney went to live at Northrepps Cottage, near Cromer, with her first cousin, Sarah Buxton, sister of Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, and, when that lady died in 1839, continued to live there for the remainder of her life. There she bought at her own expense one of George William Manby's apparatuses for saving the lives of seamen wrecked on dangerous coasts, which fired a lifeline from a mortar to the shipwreck. In emergencies she had herself carried down to the beach, and directed the operations from her chair. She took a great interest in the emancipation of slaves, and closer to home she cared for the education and material welfare of poor children. She made a journey to Rome, and then visited Athens and Argos, and contemplated a voyage to the Baltic. In 1845 she became an associate of the British Archaeological Association; she was its first woman member and published two papers in the Archaeologia. In her later life Gurney studied Danish, Swedish, and Russian literature, and was an important translator of the works of Daniel Solander, botanist. After a short illness she died at Keswick Hall, near Norwich, the residence of her brother, Hudson Gurney (1775– 1864), on 6 June 1857, and was buried in Overstrand church, near Cromer, on 11 June. 2000 people attended her funeral, and her coffin was borne by local fishermen.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Author.
- She worked as a The translator of the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle.
- She had a residence in 1825 in Northrepps Cottage, Cromer, Norfolk.
- She was awarded with ABAA.
- 7-Osgood Hanbury¹⁴ was born on 15 Jun 1765 in London and died on 11 Feb 1852 in Witham, Essex at age 86.

General Notes: Osgood was himself a London banker, a partner in Barnett, Hoare, Hanbury & Lloyd. He and Susannah had six sons, Osgood (3) 1794-1873, Robert 1798-1884, Henry, Sampson, Philip and Arthur. Also 4 daughters: Mary, Rachael, Anna and Susan. Of Holfield Grange, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker in London.

Osgood married **Susannah Willett Barclay**, ¹⁴ daughter of **John Barclay** ^{14,62} and **Susannah Willett**, ⁶² on 19 Aug 1789 in FMH White Hart Court. Susannah was born on 5 Feb 1769 in Hackney, London and died on 26 Aug 1818 at age 49. They had ten children: **Osgood, Robert, Henry, Sampson, Arthur, Philip, Susan, Anna, Rachel**, and **Mary**.

8-Osgood Hanbury was born on 4 Jul 1794 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died in Nov 1873 at age 79.

Osgood married Eleanor Willett on 21 Jul 1818. Eleanor died in Mar 1870. They had eight children: Osgood, Sampson, William Dodsworth, John Osgood, Eleanor Willett, Susanna, Anna Emily, and Priscilla Rachel.

9-Osgood Hanbury was born on 30 May 1826 and died on 3 May 1882 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Holfield Grange, Coggeshall, Essex.

Osgood married **Helen Caroline Newton**, daughter of **William H. Newton**, on 6 Apr 1854. Helen died on 5 Apr 1865. They had five children: **John Osgood, Osgood, Adeline Helen, Constance**, and **Marion Edith**.

- 10-John Osgood Hanbury died on 23 Sep 1855.
- 10-Osgood Hanbury was born on 5 Apr 1865 and died in May 1865.
- 10-Adeline Helen Hanbury died on 11 May 1941.

Adeline married Lt. Col. William Henry Stopford Heron-Maxwell on 26 Feb 1884. William was born on 1 Jul 1852 and died on 23 May 1927 at age 74. They had four children: Elizabeth Marion, Helen Alice, Nora, and Mary Adeline.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Fusiliers.
 - 11-Elizabeth Marion Heron-Maxwell
 - 11-Helen Alice Heron-Maxwell
 - 11-Nora Heron-Maxwell
 - 11-Mary Adeline Heron-Maxwell
- 10-Constance Hanbury
- 10-Marion Edith Hanbury

Osgood next married Cecilia Tower, daughter of Rev. Robert Beauchamp Tower. They had one son: Osgood Beauchamp.

- 10-Osgood Beauchamp Hanbury
- 9-Capt. Sampson Hanbury was born on 27 Dec 1827.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP.

Sampson married **Anna Maria Barclay**, daughter of **Robert Barclay**¹²² and **Rachel Hanbury**, on 10 Aug 1852. Anna died on 29 Dec 1877. They had five children: **Gerald, Henry, Lilian Emily, Helen Marguerite**, and **Ada Beatrice**.

- 10-Gerald Hanbury was born on 10 Nov 1858.
- 10-**Henry Hanbury** was born on 8 Nov 1862.
- 10-Lilian Emily Hanbury was born in 1860 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Lilian married **Lewis Pendarves Kekewich**, son of **Trehawke Kekewich** and **Charlotte Peard**, on 2 Oct 1884. Lewis was born on 21 Feb 1859. They had eight children: **Hanbury Lewis, Robert, George, John, Sidney, Evelyn Lilian, (No Given Name)**, and (**No Given Name**).

- 11-Maj. Hanbury Lewis Kekewich was born on 30 Jul 1885 in 82 Ebury Street, London, died on 6 Nov 1917 at age 32, and was buried in Beersheba War Cemetery, Palestine.
- Hanbury married **Dorothy Lane**. They had one daughter: **Sylvia Lane**.
 - 12-Sylvia Lane Kekewich was born in 1916.
- 11-Robert Kekewich was born in 1886 and died in 1887 at age 1.
- 11-Capt. George Kekewich was born in 1889, died on 28 Oct 1917 at age 28, and was buried in Beersheba War Cemetery, Palestine.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- 11-Capt. John Kekewich was born in 1891, died on 25 Sep 1915 in Battle of Loos. Killed In Action at age 24, and was buried in Loos Memorial.
- 11-Capt. Sidney Kekewich was born in 1893.

Noted events in his life were:

He was awarded with MBE.

Sidney married Madeleine Goodridge, daughter of Rear Admiral Walter Goodridge.

11-Evelyn Lilian Kekewich

Evelyn married Col. Charles Ashton James. They had two children: Peter Charles and Rosemary.

12-Maj. Peter Charles James was born in 1917 and died on 12 Aug 1944 at age 27.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- 12-Rosemary James
- 11-Kekewich
- 11-Kekewich
- 10-Helen Marguerite Hanbury was born in 1865 in West Bromwich, Staffordshire and died in 1890 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 25.
- 10-Ada Beatrice Hanbury was born in 1868 in West Bromwich, Staffordshire.

Ada married Charles Chantry Julian Hodges.

Sampson next married Margaret Isabel Mansfield, daughter of Rev. Edward Mansfield. They had two children: Edward Mansfield and Noel.

- 10-**Edward Mansfield Hanbury** was born on 14 Aug 1880.
- 10-Noel Hanbury was born on 24 Dec 1881 in Babbacombe, Devon and died on 24 Mar 1935 at age 53.

Noel married **Emily Mary Ferrand Busfield**, daughter of **William Ferrand Busfeild** and **Emily Priscilla Harris**, on 10 Jul 1907. Emily was born on 24 Sep 1866 and died on 21 Aug 1938 at age 71.

9-William Dodsworth Hanbury was born on 7 Jul 1829 and died on 11 Jun 1855 at age 25.

General Notes: William Dodsworth Hanbury, Lieutenant Royal Navy, HMS Nerbudda, who died: 1855. Notes on executor's application for money owed by the Royal Navy. Ship list 1855. Commanded by Commander Henry Ashburton Kerr, Cape of Good Hope (until the ship was lost with all hands)

- 9-John Osgood Hanbury was born on 31 Jan 1832 and died on 26 Jul 1843 at age 11.
- 9-Eleanor Willett Hanbury died on 16 Apr 1876.

Eleanor married Rev. William Ayling.

Eleanor next married **Rev. William Biscoe Tritton**, son of **Rev. Robert Tritton** and **Mary Biscoe**, on 21 Jul 1859. William was born on 26 Sep 1820 and died on 24 Nov 1894 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex at age 74.

- 9-Susanna Hanbury
- 9-Anna Emily Hanbury
- 9-Priscilla Rachel Hanbury
- 8-Robert Hanbury was born on 2 Jul 1797 and died on 20 Jan 1884 at age 86.

General Notes: Married his cousin Emily Hall. Robert Hanbury was senior partner in Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co. He inherited Poles on the death of his Aunt Agatha in 1847. He was a JP, a Deputy Lieutenant, and in 1854 High Sheriff of Hertfordshire.[1]

His son, also Robert Hanbury (1823-1867) (also Robert Culling Hanbury after his second marriage) died before inheriting. He too was a partner in Truman, Hanbury, Burton & Co. and from 1857 to 1867 was Member of Parliament for Middlesex. He was a J.P. of Hertfordshire and a Deputy Lieutenant; also High Sheriff of the County. Together with Anthony Ashley Cooper, 7th Earl of Shaftsbury, Lord Ebury and others, Robert assisted in founding the Church of England Scripture Reading Association. He also built and endowed two churches. From all of which it seems that Robert had abandoned the Quaker beliefs of his forbears.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He worked as a Brewer and senior partner in Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co.
- He had a residence in Poles, Cambridge Road, Ware, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Hertfordshire in 1854.

Robert married **Emily Willett Hall**, daughter of **William Hall**, on 14 Aug 1819. Emily died on 25 Dec 1847. They had six children: **Robert, Charles Addington, George, Madeline Emily, Edgar**, and **Gurney**.

9-Robert Culling-Hanbury³⁴ was born on 19 Mar 1823, was christened on 7 May 1823, and died on 29 Mar 1867 at age 44.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He worked as a Brewer and partner in Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Middlesex.

Robert married Caroline Abel Smith, daughter of Abel Smith and Lady Marianne Melville, on 19 Jul 1849. Caroline died on 4 Oct 1863. They had seven children: Edmund Smith, Francis W., Emily, Herbert, Anthony Ashley, Mabel, and Caroline Rachel.

10-**Edmund Smith Hanbury** was born on 31 Oct 1850 and died on 19 Feb 1913 in Poles, Cambridge Road, Ware, Hertfordshire at age 62.

General Notes: Edmund Hanbury too was a partner in the brewing company Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co from 1873, from which he retired in 1886. On his grandfather's death he brought his

family to live at Poles, a property which, at that time, was in excess of 2,000 acres (8.1 km2). His wife, Amy, found the house to be a rambling, uninhabitable monstrosity and refused to live in it.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He had a residence in Poles, Cambridge Road, Ware, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Brewer and partner in Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Hertfordshire in 1891.

Edmund married Jane Amy Matilda Leslie, daughter of William Leslie and Matilda Rose Robinson, on 12 Dec 1876. Jane died in 1925. They had four children: Muriel Leslie, Robert Francis, Amy Rhona, and Caroline Agatha.

11-Muriel Leslie Hanbury was born on 31 Jan 1878.

Muriel married **Hubert Saumarez Smith,** son of **Rt. Rev. William Saumarez Smith,** on 11 Apr 1907. Hubert was born on 1 Nov 1874 and died on 21 Jan 1950 at age 75. They had two children: **Margaret** and **William Saumarez**.

12-Margaret Smith

Margaret married Ronald Bottrall.

12-William Saumarez Smith

William married Alice Elizabeth Harens Raven. They had four children: John Hugh, Richard William, Helen Margaret, and Charles Robert Saumarez.

- 13-John Hugh Smith
- 13-Richard William Smith
- 13-Helen Margaret Smith
- 13-Charles Robert Saumarez Smith

11-Capt. Robert Francis Hanbury was born on 3 Dec 1883 in Bedwell Park and died in 1960 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Christchurch, Oxford.
- He worked as an officer of the 4th Battalion Bedfordshire Regimnet.
- He worked as a Barrister. Inner Temple.

Robert married Margaret Lucy Scott. They had two children: Robert Edmund Scott and Leslie Francis.

12-Robert Edmund Scott Hanbury

Robert married Celia Maitland-Heriot, daughter of Lt. Col. Gerald Ian Maitland-Heriot and Paula Elsie Barbara Gordon. They had two children: Roland William Edmund and Melanie Rhona.

13-Roland William Edmund Hanbury

Roland married Heather Gail Adams.

13-Melanie Rhona Hanbury

12-Leslie Francis Hanbury was born in 1926 and died on 4 Jul 2020 at age 94.

Leslie married **Daphne G. Briggs**. They had two children: **Anna Lucy** and **Lucy Emily**.

- 13-Anna Lucy Hanbury
 - 14-Poppy Sykes
 - 14-Matilda Sykes
- 13-Lucy Emily Hanbury

Lucy married Timothy J. Porritt.

11-Amy Rhona Hanbury was born on 16 Mar 1890 in London and died in 1947 at age 57.

Amy married **Brig. Gen. Vigant William De Falbe**. Vigant was born in 1867 in Cannes, France and died in 1940 at age 73. They had three children: **Emmeline Amy, Christian Vigant William**, and **Alma Mary Agatha**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG DSO JP DL.
- He had a residence in Whittington House, Lichfield, Staffordshire.
 - 12-Emmeline Amy De Falbe was born about 1915, died on 29 Nov 2010 about age 95, and was buried in Essendon, Hertfordshire.

Emmeline married Lt. Col. Francis David Eardley Fremantle, son of Sir Francis Edward Fremantle and Dorothy Marion Travers Chinnery, on 21 Apr 1936. Francis was born on 27 May 1906 and died on 1 Jul 1968 at age 62. They had four children: Marion Jane, Edward Vigant Eardley, Thomas David, and Richard Francis.

13-Marion Jane Fremantle

Marion married David Christopher Hanbury, son of Lt. Col. Christopher Lionel Hanbury and Lettice Mary Charrington. They had three children: Jonathan Christopher, Susannah Mary, and Caroline Jane.

- 14-Jonathan Christopher Hanbury
- 14-Susannah Mary Hanbury
- 14-Caroline Jane Hanbury
- 13-Edward Vigant Eardley Fremantle

Edward married Sarah Maud Whitbread, daughter of Col. William Henry Whitbread and Betty Parr Russell. They had two children: Anna Elizabeth and Kathleen Fiona.

- 14-Anna Elizabeth Fremantle
- 14-Kathleen Fiona Fremantle
- 13-Thomas David Fremantle

Thomas married Alice Marian Egerton, daughter of Cyril Reginald Egerton and Mary Campbell. They had three children: Mark Thomas, Christopher Richard, and Emily Teresa Alice

- 14-Mark Thomas Fremantle
- 14-Christopher Richard Fremantle was born on 7 Mar 1878.

14-Emily Teresa Alice Fremantle

13-Richard Francis Fremantle was born on 15 Jul 1946 and died on 9 Aug 1976 at age 30.

Emmeline next married Lt. Col. Edward Peter Fletcher Boughey, son of Cmdr. Edward Harry Fletcher Boughey and Ethel Georgina Emily Harrison, on 7 Sep 1973. Edward was born on 27 Nov 1911, died on 20 Jun 1986 at age 74, and was buried in St. Nicholas Churchyard, Great Hormead, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He worked as a Trained as a member of the SOE. (Special Operations Executive).
- 12-Christian Vigant William De Falbe was born on 1 Jan 1923 in Whittington, Staffordshire and died on 6 Jun 2002 in Taunton, Somerset at age 79.
- 12-Alma Mary Agatha De Falbe died on 21 Apr 2002.

Alma married **Thomas Abel Smith**, son of **Maj. Edward Pelham Smith** and **Dorothy Isabel Morton Mansel-Pleydell**, on 11 Jul 1940. Thomas died on 2 Jan 1983. They had three children: **Ralph Mansel Abel, Dorothy**, and **Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman of Herfordshire Rural District Council.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Hertfordshire in 1953.
 - 13-Ralph Mansel Abel Smith
 - 13-Dorothy Smith

Dorothy married Richard Morton Stanley, son of Stanley.

- 13-Elizabeth Smith
- 11-Caroline Agatha Hanbury
- 10-Francis W. Hanbury died on 24 Sep 1863.
- 10-Emily Hanbury was born in 1855.

Emily married Rev. W. Hay Chapman.

10-Herbert Hanbury was born in 1857.

10-Anthony Ashley Hanbury was born on 4 Jan 1861 in Poles, Cambridge Road, Ware, Hertfordshire and died on 3 Jan 1914 in Stoke Green, Buckinghamshire at age 52.

General Notes: Anthony Ashley, as a young man, was given the choice of going into the family brewery business, - Truman, Hanbury & Buxton, or starting on his own. Unfortunately he chose the latter, going into partnership with Vesey Strong and putting up the capital for a Company, Strong & Hanbury, Paper merchants, of Upper Thames Street, London. After a bit, Strong began to play the stock market, with such success that he became Sir Vesey Strong, Lord Mayor of London, in 1910.

After that, however, he lost all his money and Anthony Ashley's as well, with the result that when Ashley died in 1914 there was little left, "White House" had to be sold and Amy, who lived on till 1920, pulled things together by starting an antique business in Chelsea.

Anthony married **Amy Georgina Handcock**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Hon. Robert French Handcock** and **Isabella Louisa Gordon**, on 11 Apr 1889. Amy was born in Ireland and died in 1920 in London. They had six children: **Vera, Claude Everard Robert, Elsie Madeleine Amy, Joan Agatha Mary Gordon, Anthony Henry Robert Culling**, and **Michael**.

11-Vera Hanbury was born in 1890 in Sunnyside, Farnham Common, Buckinghamshire and died in 1950 at age 60.

Vera married Brian Henry Stock. They had four children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

12-Stock
12-Stock

12-Stock

12-Stock

11-Claude Everard Robert Hanbury was born in 1893 in Sunnyside, Farnham Common, Buckinghamshire and died on 18 Oct 1917 in Ypres, Belgium. Killed in action at age 24.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer, Irish Guards.
- 11-Elsie Madeleine Amy Hanbury was born in 1896 in Sunnyside, Farnham Common, Buckinghamshire and died in 1957 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 61. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 11-Joan Agatha Mary Gordon Hanbury was born in 1899 in Sunnyside, Farnham Common, Buckinghamshire.

Joan married Nicholas Kemmie. They had two children: Sheila and Penny.

- 12-Sheila Kemmie
- 12-Penny Kemmie
- 11-Capt. Anthony Henry Robert Culling Hanbury was born on 23 Jul 1902 in Sunnyside, Farnham Common, Buckinghamshire.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as a Stockbroker.

Anthony married **Una Rawnsley**, daughter of **Noel Hardwicke Rawnsley** and **Violet Hilton Cutbill**, in Jan 1926 in St. Ethelburga's, London. The marriage ended in divorce. Una was born in 1904 in Staines, Middlesex and died in 1990 at age 86. They had two children: **Diana** and **Jillian**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1945.

General Notes: Una Hanbury was born in Middlesex, England, in 1904; the incorrect birth date of 1909 than she submitted to Who's Who and other biographical reference sources is cited in numerous published articles. Hanbury [nee Rawnsley] exhibited artistic talent as a young child and received instruction from animal artist Frank Calderon. After graduation from London's Polytechnic School of Art, she studied for three years at the Royal Academy. Jacob Epstein was her most influential teacher. READ MORE

Soon after completing her formal education, Una Rawnsley became Una Hanbury and devoted herself full-time to being a wife and mother. During World War II she left England for Bermuda, and brought her family to the United States once the war was over. Hanbury settled in Washington, D.C., where she resumed her sculpting career, completing many large scale commissions for public buildings such as the Medical Examiners Building, Baltimore, and St. mark's Lutheran Church, Springfield, Virginia, among others. She developed a fine reputation as a portrait sculptor and commissions included busts of Rachel Carson, Enrico Fermi, Buckminster Fuller, Laura Gilpin, Richard Neutra, Georgia O'Keeffe, Robert Oppenheimer, S. Dillon Ripley, and Andr,s Segovia. In addition, animals-particularly horses-were a favorite subject since childhood; sculptures were commissioned by several zoos, and horse portraits often were commissioned by owners.

In 1970, Una Hanbury relocated to Santa Fe, New Mexico, where she continued working well into old age and became a significant force in the art life of that region.

12-Diana Hanbury

Diana married James Cecil King. They had two children: Christopher Hanbury and Sheila Ann.

13-Christopher Hanbury King

13-Sheila Ann King

12-Jillian Hanbury

Jillian married **Richard Armstrong Poole**, son of **Otis Manchester Poole** and **Dorothy May Campbell**, on 2 Nov 1957 in Ivy, Virginia. Richard was born on 29 Apr 1919 in Yokohama, Japan and died on 26 Feb 2006 in McClean, Virginia, USA at age 86. They had two children: **Anthony Hanbury** and **Colin Rawnsley**.

13-Anthony Hanbury Poole

Anthony married Elizabeth Schweitzer. They had two children: Natalie Quinn and Alison Campbell.

- 14-Natalie Quinn Poole
- 14-Alison Campbell Poole
- 13-Colin Rawnsley Poole

Anthony next married Claire Tunnell.

11-Michael Hanbury was born on 30 Sep 1906 in Sunnyside, Farnham Common, Buckinghamshire.

General Notes: In 1935, Michael bought "Kildonan", a 7000 acre estate 25 miles North of Salisbury, Southern Rhodesia, where he successfully grew tobacco and raised cattle. As time passed however the 5000 ft. altitude did not suit Elaine, and in 1950 the sold "Kildonan" and bought a smaller estate of 1400 acres, "Ashley Grange", 25 miles from Pietermaritzburg, the capital of Natal

Michael married Elaine Knill on 1 Sep 1934. Elaine was born on 17 Jun 1905 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex. They had two children: Yvonne Elaine and Ashley Michael.

- 12-Yvonne Elaine Hanbury
- 12-Ashley Michael Hanbury

Ashley married **Alexis McKechnie**. They had one son: **David Ashley Alexander**.

13-David Ashley Alexander Hanbury

10-Mabel Hanbury was born in 1862.

Mabel married **Hon. Hamilton James Tollemache**, son of **John Tollemache 1st Baron Tollemache** and **Eliza Georgiana Duff**, on 21 Oct 1879. Hamilton was born on 22 Jan 1852 and died on 16 Jun 1893 at age 41. They had two children: **Winifred Gertrude** and **Edward Devereux Hamilton**.

11-Winifred Gertrude Tollemache was born in 1882 and died on 28 May 1954 at age 72.

Winifred married **Detmar Jellings Blow** on 5 Nov 1910. Detmar died on 7 Feb 1939. They had one daughter: **Clare Desiree**.

12-Clare Desiree Blow was born in 1914 and died on 3 Mar 1956 at age 42.

Clare married Lieut. Col. Lewis Stanton Starkey on 14 Jun 1944. Lewis was born on 22 Jul 1906 and died on 5 Sep 1975 at age 69. They had one daughter: Kathleen Mary.

13-Kathleen Mary Starkey was born on 13 Mar 1946 and died in 1994 at age 48.

Kathleen married John Fitzgerald Willcox Jenyns, son of Roger Soame Jenyns and Anne Thomson Berridge. They had one daughter: Clare Eulalia Starkey.

- 14-Clare Eulalia Starkey Jenyns
- 11-Maj. Gen. Edward Devereux Hamilton Tollemache was born on 1 Jun 1885 and died on 27 Aug 1947 at age 62.

General Notes: DSO. MC.

Edward married Violet Aline Ridegeway, daughter of Rt. Hon. Sir Joseph West Ridegeway. They had one son: John Edward Hamilton.

12-Maj. John Edward Hamilton Tollemache 4th Baron Tollemache was born on 24 Apr 1910 and died in 1975 at age 65.

John married **Dinah Susan Jamieson**, daughter of **Sir Archibald Auldjo Jamieson**, on 16 Feb 1939. Dinah was born on 22 May 1918 and died on 14 Jan 1998 at age 79. They had four children: **Timothy John Edward, John Nicholas Lionel, Michael David Douglas**, and **Hugh John Hamilton**.

13-Timothy John Edward Tollemache 5th Baron Tollemache

Timothy married Alexandra Dorothy Jean Meynell, daughter of Col. Hugo Meynell and Dorothy Jean Hosta Henrietta Goschen. They had three children: James Henry Timothy, Selina, and Edward John Hugh.

14-Hon. James Henry Timothy Tollemache

James married Princess Florence Jessica von Preussen, daughter of Prince Frederick Nicholas von Preussen and Hon. Victoria Mancroft.

- 14-Hon. Selina Tollemache
- 14-Hon. Edward John Hugh Tollemache
- 13-Hon. John Nicholas Lionel Tollemache

John married **Heide Eva Wiedeck**.

13-Hon. Michael David Douglas Tollemache

Michael married Theresa Bowring. They had three children: Melissa Natasha, Lyonel John Peter, and Archibald Robert Bowring.

- 14-Melissa Natasha Tollemache
- 14-Lyonel John Peter Tollemache
- 14-Archibald Robert Bowring Tollemache

13-Hon. Hugh John Hamilton Tollemache

Hugh married Roseanne Cayzer, daughter of Hon. Michael Anthony Rathborne Cayzer and Hon. Patricia Helen Browne. They had three children: Thomas Anthony Hamilton, David Charles John, and John Edward Hugh.

- 14-Thomas Anthony Hamilton Tollemache
- 14-David Charles John Tollemache
- 14-John Edward Hugh Tollemache

10-Caroline Rachel Hanbury³⁴ was born in 1862 and died in 1949 in Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 87.

Caroline married **Matthew George Farrer**, ³⁴ son of **Rev. Matthew Thomas Farrer** and **Mary Louisa Anson**, on 26 Jan 1884. Matthew was born on 14 Feb 1852 and died on 22 Jan 1928 at age 75. They had four children: **Oliver Robert, Matthew Ronald, John Hanbury**, and **Mary Anson**.

- He worked as a Barrister.
- He had a residence in The Elms, Mortimer, Berkshire.

- 11-Oliver Robert Farrer was born in 1885 in Hanley Castle, Worcestershire.
- 11-Matthew Ronald Farrer was born in 1886 in Hanley Castle, Worcestershire and died in Dec 1952 at age 66.
- 11-John Hanbury Farrer was born in 1888 and died about 1950 in Australia about age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 20 Waldemar Road, Heidelberg, Victoria, Australia.

John married Gertrude Frances Powell, daughter of William Eyre Powell. They had three children: Ruth, Rachel, and John Anson.

12-Ruth Farrer

Ruth married **Chenoweth**.

12-**Dr. Rachel Farrer** was born on 21 May 1915 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia, died on 21 Jul 2008 in WFU Baptist Medical Center, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, USA at age 93, and was buried in Forsyth Memorial Park Cemetery.

Rachel married Isadore Meschan. They had four children: David Farrer, Jane, Rosalind, and Joyce.

13-David Farrer Meschan

David married someone. He had three children: Deborah Knox, Lisa Farrer, and Julia Coe.

- 14-Deborah Knox Meschan
- 14-Lisa Farrer Meschan
- 14-Julia Coe Meschan
- 13-Jane Meschan

Jane married Foy. They had two children: Anna Meschan and Sarah Aileen.

- 14-Anna Meschan Foy
- 14-Sarah Aileen Foy
- 13-Rosalind Meschan

Rosalind married Weir. They had four children: Oliver Meschan, Cara Elmslie, Chester Farrer, and Elizabeth Hanbury.

- 14-Oliver Meschan Weir
- 14-Cara Elmslie Weir
- 14-Chester Farrer Weir
- 14-Elizabeth Hanbury Weir
- 13-Joyce Meschan

Joyce married **Lawrence**.

12-Dr. John Anson Farrer was born on 14 Jul 1921 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 1 Jan 2014 in Hall Garth, Clapham, Yorkshire at age 92.

General Notes: Australian-born Joan Farrer, who has died aged 86, was the wife of Dr John Anson Farrer, of Hall Garth, Clapham, North Yorkshire, owner of the 10,000 acre Ingleborough estate. Her husband is head of the landed family of that name (of which the Barons Farrer or 1893; now ext, descended). Her husband, a doctor from Melbourne, Australia, succeeded as Lord of the Manor of Clapham, and inherited the estate, on the demise of his uncle, Matthew Ronald Farrer, in Dec 1952. Her husband was a son of John Hanbury Farrer, who predeceased his elder brother. She is survived by her husband, and by a son, John (b c 1948), a GP in Canada, and daughter, Annie (b c 1950), a botanical artist. Yorkshire Post 18 Oct 2008

MELBOURNE doctor, John Anson Farrer, has not yet made up his mind whether to return to Australia and continue his practice or stay in England and become Lord of the Manor of Clapham, Fix this text Yorkshire. Dr. Farrer is on a month's holiday inspecting the estate which he recently inherited.— (AAP) 29 apr 1953, Courier-mail, Brisbane

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Hall Garth, Clapham, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Ingleborough Hall.

John married Joan Agnes Brown on 14 May 1947. Joan was born in 1922 in Australia and died in 2008 at age 86. They had two children: John and Annie.

13-Dr. John Farrer

John married Jane McQuat.

13-Annie Farrer

11-Mary Anson Farrer was born in 1890.

Robert next married **Frances Selina Eardley-Eardley**, daughter of **Sir Culling Eardley-Eardley Bt.** Frances was born in 1833. They had five children: **Evan, Emily, Mabel, Caroline R.**, and **Anthony**.

10-Evan Hanbury was born on 10 Jan 1854 in Poles, Cambridge Road, Ware, Hertfordshire and died on 8 Oct 1918 at age 64.

General Notes: RG 10 1374 From 1871 Census

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Braunston Manor, Oakham, Rutland.
- He was awarded with JP FMH.
- He worked as a Master of the Cottesmore Foxhounds.

Evan married Gwendoline Harriet Finch. They had two children: Evan Robert and Nesta.

11-Maj. Evan Robert Hanbury was born on 7 May 1887 in Kensington, London and died on 23 Mar 1918 in Killed In Action at age 30.

Evan married **Sophia Olave Jacobson** in 1913. Sophia was born in 1891. They had one son: **James Robert**.

12-Col. James Robert Hanbury was born in 1914 and died on 4 Mar 1971 at age 57.

James married Sarah Margaret Birkin, daughter of Sir Henry Ralph Stanley "Tim" Birkin 3rd Bt. and Audrey Clare Lilian Latham, on 1 Jun 1950. Sarah died in 1976. They had two children: Evan Robert and Timothy James.

13-Evan Robert Hanbury

Evan married Rosalind Jeanette Pease, daughter of Derrick Allix Pease and Hon. Rosemary Portman. They had three children: Susanna Rosemary, James Robert, and William Edward.

14-Susanna Rosemary Hanbury

Susanna married Thomas Michael John Stourton. They had three children: Flora, Marina Polly, and Mary Joanna Rosalind.

- 15-Flora Stourton
- 15-Marina Polly Stourton
- 15-Mary Joanna Rosalind Stourton
- 14-James Robert Hanbury
- 14-William Edward Hanbury

Evan next married Nicola Rawlinson. They had one daughter: Sophie Rose.

- 14-Sophie Rose Hanbury
- 13-Timothy James Hanbury

Timothy married Emma Longman, daughter of Mark Frederic Kerr Longman and Lady Elizabeth Mary Lambart. They had three children: Marina Jane, Sarah Rose, and David Mark James.

14-Marina Jane Hanbury

Marina married Edward Richard Lambton 7th Earl Of Durham, son of Anthony Claude Frederick Lambton 6th Earl Of Durham and Belinda Bridget Blew-Jones. They had two children: Stella and Claud Timothy.

- 15-Lady Stella Lambton
- 15-Hon. Claud Timothy Lambton
- 14-Sarah Rose Hanbury

Sarah married David George Philip Cholmondeley 7th Marquess Cholmondeley. They had three children: Alexander Hugh George, Oliver Timothy George, and Iris Marina Aline.

- 15-Alexander Hugh George Cholmondeley Earl of Rocksavage
- 15-Lord Oliver Timothy George Cholmondeley
- 15-Lady Iris Marina Aline Cholmondeley
- 14-David Mark James Hanbury

James next married Marieluz Dennistoun-Webster.

11-Nesta Hanbury

Nesta married Robert Evelyn Manners Heathcote on 7 Jul 1922. Robert was born on 4 Sep 1884 and died on 17 Jul 1970 at age 85. They had two children: Diana Nesta and Doris Patricia.

12-Diana Nesta Heathcote

Diana married Michael James Mellows, son of Col Arthur Holdich Mellows.

12-**Doris Patricia Heathcote** was born on 26 Apr 1926 and died on 22 Sep 1948 at age 22.

10-**Emily Hanbury** was born in 1856.

10-Mabel Hanbury was born in 1860.

10-Caroline R. Hanbury was born in 1863.

10-Anthony Hanbury

9-Charles Addington Hanbury was born on 24 Jun 1828 and died on 13 Dec 1900 at age 72.

General Notes: Of Belmont, Herts.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He worked as a Brewer. Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co.

Charles married **Christina Isabella Mackenzie**, daughter of **Dr. John Mackenzie**, on 23 Nov 1853. Christina was born on 31 Mar 1831 and died on 8 Mar 1909 at age 77. They had eight children: **Harold Charles, Florence Mary, Kythe Agatha, Isabel, John Mackenzie, Basil, David Theophilus**, and **Mary Frances Lisette**.

10-Harold Charles Hanbury was born on 26 Oct 1854 in Kensington, London and died on 10 Nov 1883 at age 29.

10-Florence Mary Hanbury was born about 1856 in Hertfordshire.

10-**Kythe Agatha Hanbury** was born about 1857 in Hertfordshire and died in 1947 in Knock Farm, Isle of Skye about age 90.

Kythe married Col. Horace William Kemble, son of Horatio Kemble, on 10 Apr 1877. Horace was born in 1855 and died in 1935 in Knock Farm, Isle of Skye at age 80. They had four children: Lucinda Dorothea, Hilary Olive, Horace Leonard, and Kythe Louisa.

General Notes: Divorce Court File: 9839. Appellant: Horace Willi Kemble. Respondent: Kythe Agatha Kemble. Co-respondent: C A Murray, Earl of Dunmore. Type: Husband's petition for divorce [hd].http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/catalogue/displaycataloguedetails.asp?CATLN=7&CATID=-3069013&j=1

Below is a quote from http://direcleit.wordpress.com/2010/12/15/a-somewhat-strange-affair/

I was conducting a search of The National Archives when I happened upon Item reference J 77/327/9839:

1884

Divorce Court File: 9839

Appellant: Horace Willi Kemble Respondent: Kythe Agatha Kemble

Co-respondent: C A Murray, Earl of Dunmore

Type: Husband's petition for divorce

I think it is clear that Horace William Kemble, a Captain in the 2nd Battalion of the 79th Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, was wanting to divorce his wife for allegedly having committed adultery with Charles Adolphus Murray, the 7th Earl of Dunmore, who was a Colonel in the 1st Volunteer Battalion of the same regiment. It appears that Horace was appealing against a judgement made by a lower court, presumably having failed to secure his divorce?

As I was unable to access the record I decided to see what evidence the censuses might provide regarding the outcome of this case:

In 1881 Mr and Mrs Kemble were living in Heathbourne, Bushey, Hertfordshire with their 3 year-old daughter Lucinda Dorothea and her baby sister Hilary Olive (The same Bushey that would become home to the Tapestry Weavers in 1901).

A decade later, and some seven years after the divorce petition, Horace, still soldiering, had moved to Knock Farm on the Isle of Skye and taken-up farming. He was alone there apart from his five female servants and a young male farm servant and remained there until his death at the age of 80 in 1935.

Mrs Kemble, meanwhile, was living with her widowed Mother-in-Law (Horace's mother) in Kensington, London in 1891 together with her four children, the youngest two of which were born a year either side of the 1884 court record. She had moved to her own widowed mother's house in Enfield by 1901. In both records she is shown as remaining married.

Kythe Agatha Hanbury Kemble died in 1947 at the age of 94 and, having been the main beneficiary of Horace's Will twelve years earlier, it is perhaps not too surprising to learn that she, too, ended her days at the family farm on Skye.

A newspaper notice described her as the widow of the late Lieutenant-Colonel H W Kemble.

The thing that makes this story slightly more intriguing is that in 1904 little Lucinda Dorothy Kemble (now aged 26) was married in London. Her husband was one Alexander Edward Murray, the

son of the very same man that her father, twenty years earlier, had accused of having had an affair with her mother...

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1881 in Heathbourne, Bushey, Hertfordshire.
- He had a residence in 1891 in Knock, Isle of Skye.
 - 11-Lucinda Dorothea Kemble was born on 21 Jan 1878 and died on 9 Feb 1966 at age 88.

General Notes: Her mother had an affair with her future father in law, which resulted, shortly after her birth, of a court case.

Lucinda married **Edward Alexander Murray 8th Earl of Dunmore**, son of **Charles Adolphus Murray 7th Earl Of Dunmore** and **Lady Gertrude Coke**, on 5 Jan 1904. Edward was born on 22 Apr 1871 and died on 29 Jan 1962 at age 90. They had three children: **Marjorie Hilda, Edward David**, and **Mary Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with VC DSO MVO.
 - 12-Lady Marjorie Hilda Murray was born on 1 Nov 1904 and died on 25 Jan 2000 at age 95.

Marjorie married Capt. Duncan Alexander Stirling on 27 Jan 1926. Duncan died on 15 Apr 1990. They had two children: Alexander Murray and Angus Duncan Æneas.

13-Alexander Murray Stirling

Alexander married Mary Wakefield, daughter of Neville Wakefield. They had three children: Robert Alexander, Oliver John, and Annabel Mary Charlotte.

14-Robert Alexander Stirling

Robert married Susan Mary Walwyn, daughter of Rear Adm. James Humphrey Walwyn. They had two children: Alexander Humphrey and Rory James.

- 15-Alexander Humphrey Stirling
- 15-Rory James Stirling

14-Oliver John Stirling

Oliver married Susan Caroline Foster, daughter of Henry Keith Foster. They had three children: Rufus Alexander Algernon, Iona Grace Jean, and Flora India Oriana.

- 15-Rufus Alexander Algernon Stirling
- 15-Iona Grace Jean Stirling
- 15-Flora India Oriana Stirling

14-Annabel Mary Charlotte Stirling

Annabel married **Richard Hugh Jolly**, son of **Alec Jolly**. They had two children: **Crispin Valentine** and **Venetia Charlotte**.

- 15-Crispin Valentine Jolly
- 15-Venetia Charlotte Jolly

13-Sir Angus Duncan Æneas Stirling

Angus married Armyne Morar Helen Schofield. They had three children: Emma Elisabeth, Duncan William Angus, and Candida.

14-Emma Elisabeth Stirling

Emma married Andrew Harold Wentworth Sutcliffe, son of John Harold Vick Sutcliffe and Cecilia Mary Turton. They had four children: Rose Cecilia, Ralph Andrew Æneas, Helena Tertia Astley, and Laura Mary.

- 15-Rose Cecilia Sutcliffe
- 15-Ralph Andrew Æneas Sutcliffe was born on 26 Jun 1991 and died in 1992 at age 1.
- 15-Helena Tertia Astley Sutcliffe
- 15-Laura Mary Sutcliffe
- 14-Duncan William Angus Stirling

Duncan married Zöe Heptonstall. They had four children: Angus, Orlando, Cosmo, and Luke Christopher Æneas.

- 15-Angus Stirling
- 15-Orlando Stirling
- 15-Cosmo Stirling
- 15-Luke Christopher Æneas Stirling
- 14-Candida Stirling
- 12-Capt. Edward David Murray Viscount Fincastle was born on 3 Apr 1908 and died in Jun 1940 in France. Killed in action at age 32.

Edward married **Hon. Pamela Kate Hermon-Hodge**, daughter of **Ronald Herman Hermon-Hodge 2nd BaronWyfold** and **Dorothy Fleming**, on 26 Apr 1938. Pamela was born on 27 Nov 1908 and died in 1978 at age 70. They had one son: **John Alexander**.

13-John Alexander Murray 9th Earl of Dunmore was born on 3 Apr 1939 and died on 12 Aug 1980 at age 41.

John married Anne Wallace, daughter of Thomas Clouston Wallace. They had two children: Kate Rodel and Rebecca Moulin.

- 14-Lady Kate Rodel Murray
- 14-Lady Rebecca Moulin Murray

Rebecca married Ben Wightman.

12-Lady Mary Elizabeth Murray was born on 28 Nov 1913.

Mary married Maj. Peter Carlton Oldfield. They had one daughter: Sara Elisabeth.

13-Sara Elisabeth Oldfield

Sara married William Bennet Thompson. They had one daughter: Lucinda Elisabeth.

- 14-Lucinda Elisabeth Thompson
- 11-Hilary Olive Kemble
- 11-Capt. Horace Leonard Kemble was born on 22 Apr 1882 and died on 27 Dec 1966 at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Laggan, Scaniport, Inverness.

Horace married **Nina Abercromby**, daughter of **Sir Robert John Abercromby 7th Bt.** and **Florence Anita Eyre Coote**, on 22 Feb 1910. Nina was born on 28 Feb 1885 and died on 30 Oct 1933 at age 48. They had one daughter: **Jean Nina**.

12-Jean Nina Kemble

Jean married **Maj. Christopher Andrew Fletcher** in 1933. Christopher was born in 1909 and died on 27 Jan 1944 in Anzio, Italy. Killed in action at age 35. They had two children: **Margaret Nina** and **Andrew David Talbot**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the Scots Guards.
 - 13-Margaret Nina Fletcher
 - 13-Andrew David Talbot Fletcher

Andrew married Angela Mary Rankin Gray, daughter of Robert Cyril Gray.

11-Kythe Louisa Kemble died on 24 Jan 1957.

10-Isabel Hanbury was born in 1859 and died on 9 Aug 1935 at age 76.

Isabel married **Maj. Oliver Francis Theodore Annesley** on 18 Aug 1885. Oliver was born on 2 Jan 1842 and died on 17 Sep 1905 at age 63. They had two children: **Laura Daphne Theodora** and **Isabel Myrtle**.

11-Laura Daphne Theodora Annesley died on 31 Jan 1974.

Laura married Lt. Col. Lenox Arthur Dutton Naper, son of William Dutton Naper. Lenox was born on 19 Dec 1877 and died on 8 Oct 1965 at age 87. They had three children: Merrik Oliver Lenox, Meriel Daphne Selina, and Nigel William Ivo.

- 12-Merrik Oliver Lenox Naper was born on 13 Feb 1913 and died on 2 Apr 1943 in North Africa. In Action. at age 30.
- 12-Meriel Daphne Selina Naper

Meriel married Lt. Cmdr. Peter Minet Staveley. They had three children: Anthony Arthur Merrik, Clive Lenox, and Claire Susan Meriel.

- 13-Anthony Arthur Merrik Staveley
- 13-Clive Lenox Staveley
- 13-Claire Susan Meriel Staveley
- 12-Capt. Nigel William Ivo Naper was born on 12 Aug 1922 and died on 28 Apr 1978 at age 55.

Nigel married Carola Elizabeth Darley. They had four children: Audrey Carola, James Denis Merrick, Charles William Lenox, and Francis Graham Dutton.

- 13-Audrey Carola Naper
- 13-James Denis Merrick Naper

James married Angela Marina Napier, daughter of Col. Arthur Henry Gurney Napier and Rosemary Evelyn Cator. They had three children: Merrik Henry Nigel, Alexander Denis James, and Isabel Carola Rosemary.

- 14-Merrik Henry Nigel Naper
- 14-Alexander Denis James Naper
- 14-Isabel Carola Rosemary Naper
- 13-Charles William Lenox Naper

Charles married Emily Jane Dashwood, daughter of Francis John Vernon Hereward Dashwood 11th Bt. and Victoria Ann Elizabeth Gwynne Foley. They had three children: Nicholas, Edward, and John.

- 14-Nicholas Naper
- 14-Edward Naper
- 14-John Naper
- 13-Francis Graham Dutton Naper
- 11-Isabel Myrtle Annesley died on 25 Feb 1978.

Isabel married Lt. Col. Edward Shirley Godman.

10-John Mackenzie Hanbury was born on 16 Mar 1861 and died in 1922 at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Hylands, Chelmsford, Essex.

John married Christine Gibson Colston in 1907. Christine was born in 1873 and died in 1962 at age 89. They had one son: John Charles Mackenzie.

11-P/O John Charles Mackenzie Hanbury was born in 1900 and died on 1 Oct 1939 in Flying accident. at age 39.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Pilot Officer in the Royal Air Force.

John married **Dame Felicity Hyde Watts** in 1935 in Westminster, London. Felicity was born on 1 May 1913 and died on 2 Nov 2002 at age 89.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Flight Officer WAAF.

10-Lt. Col. Basil Hanbury was born on 7 Oct 1862 and died on 20 Dec 1933 at age 71.

Basil married **Patience Verney**, daughter of **Col. Henry Verney 18th Baron Willoughby de Broke** and **Geraldine Smith-Barry**, on 4 Jun 1896. Patience was born in 1875 and died on 27 Apr 1965 at age 90. They had one son: **Harold Greville**.

11-**Prof. Harold Greville Hanbury** was born on 19 Jun 1898 in Compton Verney House, Warwickshire and died on 12 Mar 1993 in Pinetown, Natal, South Africa at age 94.

- · He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Brasenose College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Vinerian Professor of English Law in 1949-1964 in Oxford University.

• He worked as a Dean of the Law Faculty of the University of Nigeria in 1964-1966.

Harold married Margaret Dreyer in 1927. Margaret died in 1980.

10-David Theophilus Hanbury was born on 8 Mar 1864 and died on 26 Oct 1910 in San Francisco, California, USA at age 46.

General Notes: 1901-1910 (Volume XIII)

HANBURY, DAVID THEOPHILUS, traveller, geographer, and author; b. 8 March 1864 in England, fourth of the four sons of Charles Addington Hanbury and Christina Isabella Mackenzie; m. 23 May 1906 Marie Eleanor Mansfield in Castro Valley, Calif., and they had one son; d. 26 Oct. 1910 in San Francisco.

Born into the landed gentry, David Theophilus Hanbury was educated in Elstree and at Clifton College in Bristol, England. He began to travel at an early age, and visited the Rocky Mountains, Chinese Turkistan, Siberia, and other places. An obituary noted that it was "with a view to making his journeys more valuable to geographers" that he studied surveying and geology under the auspices of the Royal Geographical Society, of which he became a member in 1894. Between 1898 and 1902 he travelled extensively in the Canadian north. During the South African War Hanbury joined Roberts' Light Horse, and he took part with it in the capture of Pretoria. He spent his last years as a farmer on an island in San Francisco Bay.

Hanbury's most important journeys were made in northern Canada, where he described and mapped little-known sections of the Keewatin district of the North-West Territories. In 1899, with two companions and an Inuit guide, Milook, Hanbury travelled by dog-team from Churchill (Man.) to Marble Island and through Chesterfield Inlet to Baker Lake, where the party changed to canoe and kayaks. He mapped and described the Arkeleenik (Thelon) River for 182 miles and ascended its western branch for 117 miles; most of this area is now the Thelon Game Sanctuary. From Clinton-Colden Lake the party went into Great Slave Lake and on to Fort McMurray (Alta) and Edmonton.

A second journey was begun in July 1901. Hanbury backtracked his route from Great Slave Lake to Baker Lake, and then to Chesterfield Inlet and Depot Island, where he collected supplies from the whaling ship Francis Allyn. With two companions, one of whom was Hubert Darrell, and the Inuit guides Uttungerlah and Ameroryuak, he mapped a course from Chesterfield Inlet to the mouth of the Coppermine River on the Arctic coast and returned by way of Great Slave Lake. Hanbury's Sport and travel in the northland of Canada (London, 1904) concentrates on his second and more successful trip. The work included descriptions of musk-ox hunting, fishing, and dog-sled travel, and observations of Indian and Inuit life. The appendices include Aivilik Inuit word lists, notes on rock, plant, and butterfly collections, meteorological observations, and maps of the area.

The most outstanding feature of Hanbury's accounts of his travels is his careful and consistent use of aboriginal names for the places he visited and the people he encountered. It was his belief that the use of descriptive rather than honorific nomenclature would lead to increased knowledge of the country, and he always ascertained and adhered to local and native names when travelling in undocumented regions. Despite his objections, however, the western branch of the Thelon River was named in his honour by Joseph Burr Tyrrell* for the Canadian Board on Geographical Names.

Robin McGrath

In addition to his book, David Theophilus Hanbury published two accounts of his northern explorations in the Geographical Journal (London): "A journey from Chesterfield Inlet to Great Slave Lake, 1898–9," 16 (July–December 1900): 63–77, and "Through the barren ground of north-eastern Canada to the Arctic coast," 22 (July–December 1903): 178–91.

Hanbury's journals are preserved in the Scott Polar Research Institute, Cambridge, England.

Alan Cooke and Clive Holland, The exploration of northern Canada, 500 to 1920: a chronology (Toronto, 1978). Geographical Journal, 36 (July–December 1910): 738. Wallace, Macmillan dict.

Dictionary of Canadian Biography

David married Marie Eleanor Mansfield. They had one son: David H.

11-David H. Hanbury

10-Mary Frances Lisette Hanbury was born about 1869 and died on 14 Oct 1941 about age 72.

Mary married Richard Greville Verney 19th Baron Willoughby de Broke, son of Col. Henry Verney 18th Baron Willoughby de Broke and Geraldine Smith-Barry, on 2 Jul 1895. Richard was born on 29 Mar 1869 and died on 16 Dec 1923 at age 54. They had one son: John Henry Peyto.

11-John Henry Peyto Verney 20th Baron Willoughby de Broke was born on 21 May 1896 and died on 25 May 1986 at age 90.

John married Rachel Wrey, daughter of Sir Robert Bourchier Sherard Wrey 11th Bt. and Jessie Maud Fraser, on 4 Oct 1933. Rachel died in 1991. They had two children: Leopold David and Susan Geraldine.

12-Leopold David Verney 21st Baron Willoughby de Broke

Leopold married Petra Daphne Aird, daughter of Col Sir. John Renton Aird 3rd Bt. and Lady Priscilla Heathcote-Drummond-Willoughby. They had two children: Rupert Greville and John Mark.

13-Hon. Rupert Greville Verney

13-Hon. John Mark Verney

12-Hon. Susan Geraldine Verney was born on 2 Dec 1942 and died in 2009 at age 67.

Susan married Jeremy James Wagg.

Susan next married Rupert John Orlando Lascelles, son of Lt. Col. John Norman Pulteney Lascelles and Elizabeth Katherine Joan Manners, in 1990. Rupert died on 5 Apr 2016.

9-George Hanbury⁷⁷ was born on 2 Oct 1829.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP.
- He resided at Blythewood in Maidenhead, Berkshire.

George married Mary Trotter, daughter of Capt. John Trotter and Hon. Charlotte Amelia Liddell, on 17 Jun 1857. Mary was born on 2 Jan 1837 and died in 1906 at age 69. They had nine children: Reginald George, Lionel Henry, Robert John, Gertrude Cecilia, Edith Mary Rachel, Mildred, Dora Winifred, Nigel, and Elsie Rhona.

10-Reginald George Hanbury was born on 14 May 1858 and died on 7 Apr 1881 at age 22.

10-Col. Lionel Henry Hanbury⁷⁷ was born on 24 Dec 1864, died on 8 Feb 1954 at age 89, and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, Hitcham, Buckinghamshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG VD.
- He had a residence in Hitcham House, Burnham, Buckinghamshire.

Lionel married Margaret Colmore Allhusen, daughter of Lt. Col. Henry Christian Allhusen and Elizabeth Alice Eden, on 20 Aug 1891. Margaret was born in 1868, died on 3 Mar 1949 at age 81, and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, Hitcham, Buckinghamshire. They had five children: Reginald Henry Osgood, Christopher Lionel, Bridget Maisie, Rachel, and Mary Patricia.

11-Lt. Col. Reginald Henry Osgood Hanbury 77 was born on 12 Jun 1892, died on 9 Jan 1973 at age 80, and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, Hitcham, Buckinghamshire.

General Notes: MC. Of Melgate, Slingsby, Yorks.

Reginald married **Esme Leila Gertrude FitzRoy**, daughter of **Cyril Duncombe FitzRoy** and **Leila Margaret Smith**, on 19 Oct 1936. Esme was born on 3 Oct 1904, died on 13 Mar 1993 at age 88, and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, Hitcham, Buckinghamshire. They had two children: **Reginald Fitzroy** and **Robert John**.

12-Reginald Fitzroy Hanbury

Reginald married **Philippa Rosemary Lowes**. They had one son: **Richard Timothy**.

13-Richard Timothy Hanbury

Richard married Estelle Harris. They had one son: Leopold Alexander.

14-Leopold Alexander Hanbury

12-Robert John Hanbury

Robert married Gillian.

11-Lt. Col. Christopher Lionel Hanbury was born in 1905, died in 1997 at age 92, and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, Hitcham, Buckinghamshire.

Christopher married Lettice Mary Charrington, daughter of Arthur Finch Charrington and Dorothea Lethbridge, in 1932. Lettice was born on 28 Jun 1906 in East Hill, Oxted, Surrey, died in 1980 at age 74, and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, Hitcham, Buckinghamshire. They had three children: Benjamin John, David Christopher, and Juliet.

12-Benjamin John Hanbury was born on 19 Jan 1934 and died on 27 Sep 2012 at age 78.

General Notes: Of Piltdown, Sussex 11 grandchildren

Noted events in his life were:

• He died on 27 Sep 2012.

Benjamin married Verena Elizabeth Anne Kimmins, daughter of Capt. Anthony Martin Kimmins. They had five children: Lucinda K. A., James Anthony Christopher, Timothy, Simon, and Marcus.

13-Lucinda K. A. Hanbury

Lucinda married Maj. Grant V. A. Baker.

- 13-James Anthony Christopher Hanbury
- 13-Timothy Hanbury
- 13-Simon Hanbury
- 13-Marcus Hanbury
- 12-David Christopher Hanbury
 - 13-Jonathan Christopher Hanbury
 - 13-Susannah Mary Hanbury
 - 13-Caroline Jane Hanbury
- 12-Juliet Hanbury

Juliet married Ralph John Assheton 2nd Baron Clitheroe, son of Ralph Assheton 1st Baron Clitheroe and Hon. Sylvia Benita Frances Hotham. They had three children: Ralph Christopher, John Hotham, and Elizabeth Jane.

13-Hon. Ralph Christopher Assheton

Ralph married Olivia Sarah Warrington, daughter of Capt. John Anthony Cromek Warrington and Marigold Elizabeth Schofield. They had two children: Ralph Anthony and Helen Benedicta Ann.

- 14-Ralph Anthony Assheton
- 14-Helen Benedicta Ann Assheton
- 13-Hon. John Hotham Assheton

John married Amanda Freeman, daughter of Geoffrey Freeman. They had three children: William Hotham, Charlotte Emma, and James Charles.

- 14-William Hotham Assheton
- 14-Charlotte Emma Assheton
- 14-James Charles Assheton
- 13-Hon. Elizabeth Jane Assheton

Elizabeth married Capt. Robin A. E. Tarling, son of Timothy Tarling. They had two children: Eleanor Katherine and Georgina Sophie.

- 14-Eleanor Katherine Tarling
- 14-Georgina Sophie Tarling
- 11-Bridget Maisie Hanbury⁷⁷ was born in 1894 and died on 8 Nov 1928 in Trinity Manor, Trinity, Jersey, Channel Islands at age 34.

Bridget married Lt. Col. Christopher John Molesworth Riley, son of John Athelstan Laurie Riley, on 2 Feb 1922. Christopher was born on 20 Feb 1894 in Kensington, London and died on 15 Oct 1958 in Trinity Manor, Trinity, Jersey, Channel Islands at age 64. They had two children: Andalusia Margaret and John Roland Christopher.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was awarded with MC.
- He was educated at Lancing College.
- He was educated at Pembroke College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the Coldstream Guards.
 - 12-Andalusia Margaret Riley
 - 12-Maj. John Roland Christopher Riley

John married Penelope Anne Harrison, daughter of Lt. Col. John Fenwick Harrison and Hon. Margaret Olive Edith Levy-Lawson. They had two children: Bridget Mary and Anna Louise.

13-Bridget Mary Riley

Bridget married Guy Anthony Wainwaring-Burton, son of Maj. Anthony Benjamin Wainwaring-Burton and Edwina Bridgit Crabbe.

13-Anna Louise Riley

Anna married Rupert John Bradstock, son of Michael Hilary George Bradstock and Anne Murray Maude. They had two children: James Rupert and Camilla Rose.

- 14-James Rupert Bradstock
- 14-Camilla Rose Bradstock
- 11-Rachel Hanbury⁷⁷ was born on 9 Jan 1898 and died in 1964 at age 66.

Rachel married **Admiral Sir Herbert Fitzherbert**, son of **Samuel Wyndham Fitzherbert**. Herbert was born on 10 Aug 1885 in Kingswear, Totnes, Devon and died on 30 Oct 1958 at age 73. They had two children: **Nicholas** and **William**.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was awarded with KCIE CB CMG.
- He worked as a Third Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Navy in 1937-1943.
 - 12-Lieut. Nicholas Fitzherbert RN was born in 1921, died on 29 Mar 1946 at age 25, and was buried in Portsmouth Naval Memorial, Hampshire. Panel 90. Column 2.
 - 12-Cmdr. William Fitzherbert RN was born on 3 Sep 1925 and died on 20 Aug 2002 at age 76.

General Notes: Commander William [Bill] Fitzherbert, Flag Lieutenant to Admiral Earl Mountbatten of Burma, 1952-54, died 20 August, 2002, aged 76. When Earl Mountbatten finished his term of duty as Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterrannean, he wrote in February, 1955 to Bill Fitzherbert, who had been his flag lieutenant throughout the previous two-and-a-half years, to tell him: "I have had a great many Flag Lieutenants and ADCs in my time, but none of them have been better than you. The Mountbatten family are notoriously difficult to cope with, and you

certainly coped with us all extremely successfully." It was a fitting tribute to the performance of the never-easy job of being an admiral's ADC, a task which Fitzherbert had discharged with extreme efficiency and tact during Mountbatten's challenging time, first as C-in-C Mediteranean, and then as the Supreme Allied C-in-C in that theatre, charged with the task of establishing a Nato HQ in Malta. In the process fitzherbert became extremely attached to the Mountbatten family - and he belatedly discovered a talent for playing polo, almost a sine qua non of the Malta posting. He always regarded this as one the highlights of a naval career, in which he served during the Second World War in the cruiser Sheffield and the destroyer Termagant. Among his postwar postings were the battleship Howe and the aircraft carrier Triumph, followed by the shore time at HMS Mercury, the signals school at Portsmouth. Among Fitzherbert's later appointments was command of the frigate Salisbury, one of small class of diesel-powered aircraft direction frigates, and the first prefabricated all-welded ship to be built for the Royal Navy. In June, 1964, while manoeuvring with the 23rd Escort Squadron in the shallow inshore waters of the Channel, Salisbury was in collision with the much larger destroyer Diamond and was very severely damaged. At his court martial on 18 August that year Fitzherbert testified that Diamond had approached his frigate "closer than in my experience was a seamanlike manoeuvre," making an impact impossible to avoid. He was found not guilty of negligently hazarding his ship. However, he did not get his hoped for promotion to captain and retired from the Navy in 1968. He went to live in the Surrey countryside near Guildford, where he became an active regional adviser for the Save the Children Fund.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Flag Lieutenant, (ADC), to Earl Mountbatten in 1952-1954.

William married Belinda Batt, daughter of Robert Wyndham Batt and Felicity Mary Cobbold. They had four children: Nicholas, Ivan, Mark, and Rachel.

13-Nicholas Fitzherbert

Nicholas married Paula Chesterman.

13-Ivan Fitzherbert

Ivan married Juliet Slayter.

- 13-Mark Fitzherbert
- 13-Rachel Fitzherbert

Rachel married James Paterson.

11-Mary Patricia Hanbury⁷⁷ was born on 9 Jul 1901 and died in 1998 at age 97.

Mary married **Admiral Sir Angus Edward Malise Bontine Cunninghame-Graham**, son of **Cmdr. Charles Elphinstone Fleeming Cunninghame-Graham** and **Mildred Emily Barbara Bagot**, in 1924. Angus was born on 16 Feb 1893 in Chelsea, London and died on 14 Feb 1981 in Alexandria, Dumbartonshire, Scotland at age 87. They had two children: **Robert Elphinstone** and **Jean**.

General Notes: KBE. CBE.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Flag Officer, Scotland.
- He worked as a Lord Lieutenant of Dunbartonshire in 1955-1968.
- He worked as a Keeper of Dunbarton Castle in 1955-1981.
- He worked as a Captain, Royal Company of Archers.

12-Robert Elphinstone Graham

Robert married Sheila Gilbert. They had three children: William Robert, Colin Geoffrey, and Christina Holmes.

- 13-William Robert Graham
- 13-Colin Geoffrey Graham
- 13-Christina Holmes Graham

12-Jean Cunninghame-Graham

Jean married Charles Eliot Jauncey Baron Jauncey, son of Capt. John Jauncey. They had three children: James Malise Dundas, Simon Helias, and (No Given Name).

- 13-Hon. James Malise Dundas Jauncey
- 13-Hon. Simon Helias Jauncey
- 13-Hon. Jauncey
- 10-Robert John Hanbury⁷⁷ was born on 31 Dec 1867 and died on 5 Apr 1933 at age 65.

Robert married **Mary Thyra Mackenzie**, daughter of **Osgood Hanbury Mackenzie** and **Minna Amy Edwards-Moss**, on 18 Apr 1907. Mary was born on 1 Mar 1879 and died in Jul 1953 at age 74. They had no children.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Inverewe, Poolewe, Ross-shire, Scotland.

General Notes: Mackenzie died on 15 April 1922. On his death, Inverewe was inherited by his daughter. Following the death of her second husband, and being without any children, she began discussions with the National Trust for Scotland about the future ownership of the garden in 1950. She gave the garden to the National Trust for Scotland in 1952, together with an endowment for its future upkeep

10-Gertrude Cecilia Hanbury⁷⁷ was born on 7 Dec 1859 and died on 11 Mar 1911 at age 51.

Gertrude married **Brig. Gen. Hon. Francis Charles Bridgeman**, on 26 Jul 1883. Francis was born on 4 Jul 1846 and died on 14 Sep 1917 at age 71. They had five children: **Reginald Francis Orlando, Selina Adine, Francis Paul Orlando, Humphrey Herbert Orlando,** and **Orlando Clive**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a MP.
 - 11-Reginald Francis Orlando Bridgeman was born on 14 Oct 1884 and died on 11 Dec 1968 at age 84.

General Notes: MVO. CMG.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Diplomat.

Reginald married **Olwen Elizabeth Jones**, daughter of **Maurice Jones**, on 4 Jun 1923. Olwen died in 1985. They had four children: **Humphrey Reginald**, **Victoria Mary**, **Olwen Valerie**, and **Henry Clive Orlando**.

- 12-**Humphrey Reginald Bridgeman** was born on 15 Aug 1924 and died on 28 May 1944 in Italy. In Action at age 19.
- 12-Victoria Mary Bridgeman
- 12-Olwen Valerie Bridgeman

Olwen married **Dr. Anthony Mark Barrington Golding**. They had four children: **Rosemary Victoria Anne, Richard Mark Orlando, Catherine Elizabeth Marian**, and **Charlotte Valery Patricia**.

13-Rosemary Victoria Anne Golding

Rosemary married Christopher Chilton. They had three children: Jasmine Rebecca, Imogen Sarah Jane, and Madeleine Charlotte Alexandra.

14-Jasmine Rebecca Chilton

- 14-Imogen Sarah Jane Chilton
- 14-Madeleine Charlotte Alexandra Chilton
- 13-Richard Mark Orlando Golding

Richard married Sarah Dolman. They had one son: Leo Dolman.

14-Leo Dolman Golding

Richard next married Anne Marie Beckwith.

13-Catherine Elizabeth Marian Golding

Catherine married Sean James Connell, son of Sir Michael Connell. They had two children: Benjamin Nicholas and Jack Anthony.

- 14-Benjamin Nicholas Connell
- 14-Jack Anthony Connell
- 13-Charlotte Valery Patricia Golding
- 12-Henry Clive Orlando Bridgeman
- 11-Selina Adine Bridgeman was born on 24 Jun 1886.

Selina married Capt. Hon. Lawrence Ughtred Kay-Shuttleworth, son of Ughtred James Kay-Shuttleworth 1st Baron Shuttleworth¹¹⁷ and Blanche Marion Parish, on 1 Feb 1913. Lawrence was born on 21 Sep 1887 and died on 30 Mar 1917 in Vimy Ridge, France at age 29. They had three children: Richard Ughtred Paul, Ronald Orlando Lawrence, and Rosemary Florence Angela.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister.
 - 12-Richard Ughtred Paul Kay-Shuttleworth 2nd Baron Shuttleworth was born on 30 Oct 1913 and died on 8 Aug 1940 at age 26.

General Notes: Killed in action. Battle of Britain

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Flying Officer.
- 12-Ronald Orlando Lawrence Kay-Shuttleworth 3rd Baron Shuttleworth was born on 7 Oct 1917 and died on 17 Nov 1942 in Africa. Killed In Action. at age 25.
- 12-Rosemary Florence Angela Kay-Shuttleworth
- 11-Cmdr. Francis Paul Orlando Bridgeman was born on 25 Jul 1888 and died on 30 Oct 1930 at age 42.

Francis married **Alice Dorothy Kleinwort**, daughter of **Herman Greverus Kleinwort**, on 11 May 1922. Alice died on 22 Jan 1979. They had three children: **Jeannine Patricia**, **Marigold Helen**, and **Gerald William Paul Orlando**.

12-Jeannine Patricia Bridgeman¹⁵⁰ was born on 5 Jun 1923 and died in 2006 at age 83.

General Notes: Bridesmaid at the wedding of Denys Rhodes to Margaret Elphinstone, 31 July 1950

Jeannine married Alan Forde-Scott.

Jeannine next married Rear-Admiral Josef Czeslaw Bartosik on 18 Oct 1969. Josef was born in 1918 and died on 14 Jan 2008 at age 90.

12-Marigold Helen Bridgeman

12-Gerald William Paul Orlando Bridgeman

Gerald married Rosemarie Tomlinson, daughter of Sqrn. Ldr. Willis Tomlinson.

- 11-Lt. Humphrey Herbert Orlando Bridgeman was born on 22 Jul 1891 and died on 11 May 1917 in Killed In Action at age 25.
- 11-Capt. Orlando Clive Bridgeman was born on 29 Nov 1898 and died on 21 Dec 1931 at age 33.

Orlando married Nancye Newzam Nicholson, daughter of Arthur Beresford Nicholson.

10-Edith Mary Rachel Hanbury was born on 19 Aug 1861 and died in 1953 at age 92.

Edith married Col. William Harcourt Sawyer, 77 son of George Cappelan Sawyer and Mary Rebecca Hillhouse, on 19 Jul 1882 in Hitcham, Buckinghamshire. William was born on 21 Oct 1848 and died on 13 Dec 1926 in Maidenhead, Berkshire at age 78. They had six children: Roland Ernest, Marjorie Katherine, Eveline Mysie, Eric G., Muriel Jean, and Violet Marjorie.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: William and Edith were both descendants of David Barlay and Priscilla Freame.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 4th King's Own (Royal Lancaster) Regiment.
- He worked as a Military Secretary to the Governor of Cape Province in Cape Province, South Africa.
 - 11-Capt. Roland Ernest Sawyer was born on 3 Jun 1883 and died on 25 Oct 1945 at age 62.

Roland married **Mary Thyra Mackenzie**, daughter of **Osgood Hanbury Mackenzie** and **Minna Amy Edwards-Moss**, on 2 Jul 1935. Mary was born on 1 Mar 1879 and died in Jul 1953 at age 74. They had no children.

General Notes: Mackenzie died on 15 April 1922. On his death, Inverewe was inherited by his daughter. Following the death of her second husband, and being without any children, she began discussions with the National Trust for Scotland about the future ownership of the garden in 1950. She gave the garden to the National Trust for Scotland in 1952, together with an endowment for its future upkeep

11-Marjorie Katherine Sawyer was born in 1884 in London.

Marjorie married **Noel Tudor Lloyd**,³⁴ son of **Richard Borradaile Lloyd**³⁴ and **Mary Jean Campbell Money**,³⁴ on 27 Apr 1909 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Noel was born on 17 Apr 1882 in Reigate, Surrey. They had one daughter: **Dinah**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1924 in Box End House, Kempston, Bedfordshire.
 - 12-**Dinah Lloyd** was born in 1910 in Souldrop, Bedfordshire.
- 11-Eveline Mysie Sawyer was born on 30 Apr 1885 in Hitcham, Buckinghamshire and died on 23 Aug 1978 in Knaresborough Place, London at age 93.

Eveline married **Capt. Eric Charles Palmer**, son of **Claude Bowes Palmer** and **Marion Ramsey**, in 1919. The marriage ended in divorce. Eric was born on 9 Sep 1896 and died on 4 Oct 1961 at age 65. They had no children.

- He was awarded with MC Croix de Guerre.
- He worked as an officer of the 1st Durham Light Infantry.
- 11-Eric G. Sawyer was born on 27 Oct 1886 in Aldershot, Hampshire.

- 11-Muriel Jean Sawyer was born on 8 Jul 1887.
- 11-Violet Marjorie Sawver³ was born in 1891 in Maidenhead, Berkshire and died in 1976 at age 85.

Violet married **Prof. Sir Thomas Ralph Merton**,³ son of **Emile Ralph Merton**³ and **Helen Meates**,³ in 1912. Thomas was born on 12 Jan 1888 in Wimbledon, London and died on 10 Oct 1969 in Stubbings House, Maidenhead Thicket, Berkshire at age 81. They had five children: **John, Ralph, William Ralph, (No Given Name)**, and **Geoffrey Ralph**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Gilbert Street, London.
- They had a residence in 1923 in Winforton House, Winforton, Herefordshire.
- They had a residence in Stubbings House, Maidenhead Thicket, Berkshire.

General Notes: Merton, Sir Thomas Ralph (1888–1969), physicist, was born in Wimbledon, Surrey, on 12 January 1888, the only son (there were also two daughters) of Emile Ralph Merton (1850–1921) and his wife, Helen (b. 1860, d. after 1930), daughter of Thomas Meates. Emile Merton, of German origin but of British nationality when his children were born, was for a time partner in the family business of Henry R. Merton & Co., metal traders, founded by his elder brother in London in 1860; another brother, William, had founded the Metallgesellschaft in Frankfurt am Main in 1881. Merton was educated at Farnborough School and at Eton College, where Dr T. C. Porter, the physics master, encouraged him to begin research. Between leaving Eton in 1905 and going up to Balliol College, Oxford, in 1906, he worked at King's College, London, where he made a lifelong friend of Herbert Jackson and met J. W. Nicholson. He went to Balliol with distinguished fellow Etonians Julian Grenfell, Ronald Knox, and Julian Huxley.

In view of his delicate health and his promise as a scientist, the university allowed Merton to go straight to a research thesis without taking his final exams, a unique privilege well justified by subsequent events. His investigation of the properties of solutions of caesium nitrate earned him a BSc in 1910. Meanwhile he had been reading widely and conceived many ideas for improving the techniques of spectroscopy. While still a schoolboy he had set up a room in his father's house as a primitive laboratory. After his marriage in 1912 to Violet Marjory (d. 1976), daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel William Harcourt Sawyer, his spectroscopic laboratory was moved to his London house in Gilbert Street.

After 1913 a steady stream of papers came from Merton's private laboratory, in which he assembled the latest spectroscopic equipment. His early work was on the absorbtion spectra of solutions, but he soon changed to the spectra of gases and to astrophysics, which were to be the main fields of his investigations. His early papers were distinguished by the beauty and accuracy of his experimental techniques. In 1916 he obtained his DSc from Oxford and was appointed lecturer in spectroscopy at King's College, London. In the same year his first joint paper with J. W. Nicholson appeared. It was a fortunate chance which brought together Nicholson's brilliant mathematical analysis and Merton's experimental skill. The paper dealt with the broadening of spectral lines in a condensed discharge. By an ingenious technique Merton measured the discontinuities in the lines due to their partial breaking up into components under the influence of the magnetic field between adjacent atoms. The two men applied the same technique to the measurement of the spectra of hydrogen and helium, reproducing the distribution of intensity of some stellar lines in the laboratory for the first time.

The First World War scarcely interrupted these researches. Merton, having been rejected for active service on grounds of health, was commissioned in 1916 as a lieutenant in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve in the secret service, the first scientist to be so appointed. His success in identifying the secret ink carried by German spies in their clothing, and inventing a new means of secret writing, won a mention in dispatches.

In 1919 Balliol elected Merton to a research fellowship and Oxford made him reader (from 1923 professor) in spectroscopy. He worked on a series of problems, usually with a young student as his assistant. He was elected to the Royal Society in 1920 and in 1922, with Sydney Barratt, gave the society's Bakerian lecture, on the spectrum of hydrogen. They cleared up a number of discrepancies in the secondary spectrum of hydrogen which were shown to be due to the hydrogen molecule, and they also showed the profound influence that traces of impurities can exert on gas spectra. In 1923 Merton, who had inherited about £80,000 under his father's will, left Oxford to live at Winforton House in Herefordshire, the estate he had acquired with 3 miles of salmon fishing on the Wye. He was a good shot and a most skilful fisherman. He transferred his laboratory to Winforton, so that he was able to combine a sporting life with his scientific research. There is a gap of nearly twenty years between Merton's scientific papers of 1928 and 1947. In this interval he was busy in the laboratory and was taking out patents for his inventions. Diffraction gratings were one of his lifelong interests and here his inventive genius best showed itself. The rarity and expense of good diffraction gratings led him to devise, in 1935, a method of copying them without loss of optical quality by applying a thin layer of a cellulose ester solution to an original plane grating. When the solvent had evaporated he detached this pellicle and applied its grooved surface to a moist gelatine film on a glass plate. When dry, the gelatine bore a faithful record of the original rulings.

In 1948 Merton made an important basic advance in the art of ruling diffraction gratings. Since 1880 these had been ruled groove by groove by the method used by Rowlands. In place of this, Merton ruled a very fine helix continuously on a steel cylinder which he then opened out upon a plane gelatine-coated surface by his copying method. No lathe could, however, rule a helix free from errors of pitch and these Merton eliminated by an ingenious device. It consisted of a 'chasing lathe' by which he cut a secondary helix on the same cylinder with a tool mounted on a 'nut' lined with strips of cork pressed upon the primary lathe-cut helix. Periodic errors were thus averaged and eliminated by the elasticity of the cork.

Merton handed these processes over to the National Physical Laboratory (NPL) for further development and they formed the basis of a considerable research programme. The 'blazed' gratings made by the Merton– NPL method were of great value in making available cheap infra-red spectrometers of high resolving power for research and industry, while long gratings ruled by this method came into use for engineering measurement and machine tool control.

In the laboratory at his father's house Merton had bombarded various newly discovered phosphorescent powders with cathode rays. He was surprised to find that while all lit brilliantly, the afterglow was brief and feeble. By experiment, he discovered that this was because the excitation and emission lines of the spectra barely overlapped, and that by mixing suitable powders he could increase the afterglow. He realized that persistent afterglow could be got by a double layer of powders, in which the light emitted by the back layer excited the front layer, but as this technique seemed to have no practical use he forgot about it for thirty-three years, until 1938 when Sir Henry Tizard asked if he could achieve such a long afterglow. Merton was able to reply

by return of post, and soon after was asked to join the air defence committee where he learned that his discovery had made possible the two-layer long-persistence radar screens which helped to bring victory in the battle of Britain. His other wartime inventions included a black paint which reduced the proportion of light reflected from bombers in a searchlight to less than one per cent; the use of nitrous oxide in the fuel to accelerate fighter aircraft; and a diffraction rangefinder for fighters, which was used against doodlebugs.

From 1939 to 1956 Merton was treasurer of the Royal Society, where his knowledge and experience of business were of considerable benefit. He formed a committee of experts to control its finances, and it was on his initiative that charitable bodies were given power to invest in equities, where they had previously been limited to gilt-edged stock. The income of all the society's funds showed a large increase during his treasurership.

In 1925 John, the eldest of the Mertons' five sons, brought home the drawing prize from Eton and this proved a turning point in both his and his father's lives. It awoke in Merton some latent interest and he spent months in Italy with his son seeing all the great collections of Renaissance paintings. His study of the techniques of the Florentine paintings was reflected in his son's pictures. He began to make a remarkable collection of pictures of the period 1450–1520. From 1944 until his death he was a member of the scientific advisory board of the National Gallery, and its chairman from 1957 to 1965. He was also a trustee of the gallery, and of the National Portrait Gallery from 1955 to 1962. Merton was knighted in 1944 for his services during the war and in 1956 was appointed KBE. He was awarded the Holweck prize in 1951 and the Rumford medal of the Royal Society in 1958.

In 1947 Merton bought Stubbings House, at Maidenhead Thicket, Berkshire. Its spacious rooms made an admirable setting for his collection of pictures. As a man of considerable wealth, he maintained what was probably the last private physics laboratory in Britain. Papers and patents continued to appear, based on his researches there. In 1957 he had several serious operations and thereafter he rarely left his home, where he died on 10 October 1969.

Harold Hartley, rev. Isobel Falconer

Sources H. Hartley and D. Gabor, Memoirs FRS, 16 (1970), 421–40 · The Times (13 Oct 1969) · personal knowledge (1981) · private information (2006) [Colin Merton, son] Archives CAC Cam., corresp. with A. V. Hill · IWM, corresp. with Tizard and others · Nuffield Oxf., corresp. with Lord Cherwell

Likenesses J. Merton, drawing, 1951, priv. coll. [see illus.] · photograph (after drawing by J. Merton), RS; repro. in Hartley and Gabor, Memoirs FRS, facing p. 421

Wealth at death £1,920,337: probate, 2 March 1970, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Harold Hartley, 'Merton, Sir Thomas Ralph (1888–1969)', rev. Isobel Falconer, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2006 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/34998

MERTON, Sir Thomas (Ralph)

KBE 1956; Kt 1944; MA, DSc (Oxon); FRS 1920

Born 12 Jan. 1888; m 1912, Marjory, d of Lt-Col W. H. Sawyer; five s; died 10 Oct. 1969

EDUCATION Eton; Balliol College, Oxford

CAREER Formerly Professor of Spectroscopy, Oxford University, and Fellow of Balliol College. Treasurer Royal Society, 1939–56; Fellow of Eton College, 1945–63; Trustee, National Gallery, 1955–62; Trustee, National Portrait Gallery; Member Royal Fine Art Commission. Bakerian Lecturer, Royal Society, 1922. Holweck Prize, 1951; Rumford Medal of Roy. Soc., 1958. Hon. LLD (Aberdeen): Hon. DSc. (London)

PUBLICATIONS papers in the Proceedings and Transactions of the Royal Soc. and other scientific journals

RECREATION Fishing

CLUBS Athenæum, Brooks's, Savile

ADDRESS Stubbings House, Maidenhead Thicket, Berks

Littlewick Green 2022

'MERTON, Sir Thomas (Ralph)', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U51328

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He was educated at Farnborough School.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Balliol College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Physicist and Spectroscopist.
- He worked as a Lecturer in spectroscopy at King's College, London in 1916.

- He worked as a Research Fellow, Balliol College, Oxford in 1919.
- He worked as a Professor of Spectroscopy, University of Oxford in 1923.
- He worked as a developer of Diffraction gratings.

12-**John Merton**³ was born on 7 May 1913 and died on 16 Feb 2011 at age 97.

General Notes: John Merton

John Merton, who died on February 16 aged 97, was one of the most prolific portrait painters of the last century, and enjoyed a reputation for depicting sitters at their best. As an exhibitor at the Royal Academy Summer Exhibitions, Merton produced three pictures which were the most talked about of their respective years. The first was his triple portrait of Mrs Daphne Wall (1948). The selection committee disliked it, but the RA's president, Sir Alfred Munnings, threatened publicly to resign if it was not hung, and it was shown on a separate easel. It caused a sensation, and drew enormous crowds.

Ten years later Merton's triple portrait of Jane Dalkeith (now the Dowager Duchess of Buccleuch) had the rare distinction of being awarded an immediate "A" (for Accepted) by the committee. Kenneth Clark called the picture "really rather wonderful", and Cecil Beaton hailed it as "the picture of the century".

The third picture, which attracted widespread interest when it was shown in 1987, was a triple portrait of Diana, Princess of Wales. "She is undoubtedly the most beautiful woman I have ever painted," Merton said. The Princess, wearing a tight-fitting yellow dress, gave the artist five sittings, one at Kensington Palace and four more at his studio near Marlborough in Wiltshire. Merton worked on the picture for around 1,000 hours.

The painting was hung in Cardiff City Hall, and in 2005 was temporarily, and controversially, removed from the wall hours before the Prince of Wales arrived on an official visit with the Duchess of Cornwall.

Among his many other works, Merton made a silverpoint drawing of the Queen (1989), which is now in the Royal Collection, and produced triple portraits of Sir David Piper and the Duke of Grafton for the National Portrait Gallery.

Noted for the meticulousness of his work, Merton's inspiration was the art of the Italian Renaissance. In his early years he used egg tempera; later he developed his own formula using gelatin. Typically, in a short sitting he would make hundreds of slides of his subject with a stereo camera, exploring various combinations of lighting, attitude and expression, and he would then work from these using a binocular viewer.

John Ralph Merton was born on May 7 1913, the eldest of five sons of Sir Thomas Merton, the physicist and Professor of Spectroscopy at Oxford University. John's talent as a draughtsman was evident from boyhood, and when he arrived from Eton at Balliol College, Oxford, he was allowed to study at the Ruskin School of Drawing instead of taking a degree. His father took him on a number of visits to Italy to study Renaissance art — Botticelli was to become a significant influence on his work.

Commissioned into the Royal Artillery in 1940, Merton headed the research unit at the Gunnery School, Larkhill, where he developed a system of photographic reconnaissance known as "the Gridded Oblique", which allowed for more accurate identification of targets. The Americans adopted it and took more than a million gridded obliques before crossing the Rhine. In 1942 Merton was appointed MBE (military) and in 1945 he was awarded the American Legion of Merit.

In 1944 Merton was appointed assistant to Lord Mountbatten's scientific adviser at Kandy, in Ceylon. There he invented a method of measuring from high altitude the gradient and depth of water on beaches, helping to assess their suitability for landings by troops. The plan was to make use of this technique before attacking islands held by the Japanese, but the war ended before it could be put into practice.

Merton published a two-volume selection of his paintings and drawings, A Journey Through an Artist's Life (1994 and 2003). In 2003 he had a retrospective at the Fine Art Society in London.

He enjoyed coming up with quirky inventions for his children at their home in Wiltshire. Among them was a boat constructed from old aircraft fuel tanks, which they could sail on the river Avon; and a paddle wheel in the river which generated a current in the family's swimming pool so that the children could swim "against the tide".

John Merton married, in 1939, Viola Penelope von Bernd, who died in 2009. He is survived by two daughters; another daughter predeceased him.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MBE (Military). American Legion of Merit.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Balliol College, Oxford.
- He was educated at the Ruskin School of Drawing.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.
- He worked as a Society portrait painter.
- His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 25 Feb 2011.

John married Viola Penelope von Bernd in 1939. Viola died in 2009. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

Descendants of W	illiam Cham	pion
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- 13-Merton
- 13-Merton
- 13-Merton
- 12-Ralph Merton was born in 1914.

12-William Ralph Merton

William married **Anthea Caroline Lascelles**, daughter of **Henry Francis Lascelles** and **Rose Caroline Georgiana Aylmer**, on 6 Jul 1950. Anthea was born on 28 Feb 1930 and died on 25 Feb 1976 at age 45. They had three children: **Michael Ralph, Rupert Ralph**, and **Jeremy Ralph**.

13-Michael Ralph Merton

Michael married Lavinia Helena Hookham, daughter of Felix Edward Fontes Hookham. They had two children: Christopher Ralph and Amy Rose.

- 14-Christopher Ralph Merton
- 14-Amy Rose Merton

Michael next married Alison Myhill Short.

Michael next married Sallyann Barbara Ellert.

13-Rupert Ralph Merton

Rupert married Stephanie Sagman, daughter of Abraham Winston Sagman. They had three children: Gemma Jane, Georgia Mathilda, and Poppy Belinda.

- 14-Gemma Jane Merton
- 14-Georgia Mathilda Merton
- 14-Poppy Belinda Merton

13-Jeremy Ralph Merton

Jeremy married Riam Thapnyom, daughter of Yong Thapnyom. They had four children: Mongcut Merlin Ralph, Chada Scheherazade Anthea, Narai Alexander Ralph, and Mengrai Alfred Ralph.

- **14-Mongcut Merlin Ralph Merton**
- 14-Chada Scheherazade Anthea Merton
- 14-Narai Alexander Ralph Merton
- 14-Mengrai Alfred Ralph Merton
- 12-Merton
- 12-Lieut. Geoffrey Ralph Merton was born in 1921, died on 24 Oct 1984 at age 63, and was buried in Mill Hill Cemetery, Mill Hill, London.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MC.

• He worked as an officer of the Grenadier Guards.

Geoffrey married Constance Bridget Aylmer, daughter of Maj. Henry Gerald Aylmer and Nancy Hollick, on 12 Jan 1951. Constance was born on 17 Apr 1928, died on 24 Oct 1984 at age 56, and was buried in Mill Hill Cemetery, Mill Hill, London. They had three children: Flavia Jane, Laura Rachel, and Claudia Bridget.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They resided at Radlett House, Radlett Place, Avenue Road, London.
 - 13-Flavia Jane Merton was born on 1 Dec 1951 and died on 15 Dec 2006 at age 55.

Flavia married Anthony Michael Guy Watts-Russell, son of Michael Watts-Russell. They had two children: Elizabeth Caroline and Henrietta Rose.

- 14-Elizabeth Caroline Watts-Russell
- 14-Henrietta Rose Watts-Russell

Flavia next married **Thomas Nicholas Hancock** after 1985. Thomas died on 10 May 2002. They had one daughter: **Eleanor Jane**.

- 14-Eleanor Jane Hancock
- 13-Laura Rachel Merton

Laura married Michael O'Shea

13-Claudia Bridget Merton

Claudia married Kevin Patrick Gallen.

10-Mildred Hanbury died in 1931.

Mildred married **James Charles Wardrop**, son of **James Maitland Wardrop**, on 7 Jun 1893. James was born in 1855 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 1931 in Langley, Buckinghamshire at age 76. They had five children: **Vera Dalrymple**, **Hew Maitland**, **North Dundas**, **Christina**, and **Douglas Napier**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Lovehill, Langley, Buckinghamshire.
- They had a residence in 30 Queen's Gate Gardens, London.
 - 11-**Vera Dalrymple Wardrop** was born on 17 Jun 1894.
 - 11-Hew Maitland Wardrop was born on 29 Oct 1895 and died on 3 Aug 1954 at age 58.

Hew married **Edith Vera Marrow**, daughter of **Edward Armfield Marrow** and **Amy Theresa Edith Cheese**, on 17 Jul 1929 in Holy Trinity, Brompton, London. Edith was born on 4 Jun 1900. They had no children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Edgington House, Chittlehamholt, Devon.
- 11-North Dundas Wardrop was born on 30 Aug 1897 and died in 1958 at age 61.
- 11-Christina Wardrop was born on 25 Feb 1899.
- 11-2nd Lieut. Douglas Napier Wardrop was born on 21 Nov 1901, died on 5 Dec 1941 in Nigeria at age 40, and was buried in Enugu Township Cemetery, Nigeria. Grave 25.
- 10-**Dora Winifred Hanbury**⁷⁷ was born in 1875 and died on 21 Jul 1962 at age 87.

Dora married **Edward Clifton Brown**⁷⁷ on 21 Jul 1897. Edward was born on 10 Feb 1870 and died on 1 Nov 1944 at age 74. Another name for Edward was Edward Clifton-Brown. They had three children: **Geoffrey Benedict, Anthony George**, and **Rhona**.

General Notes: Of Burnham, Bucks.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at 21 Rutland Gate in London.
 - 11-Lt. Col. Geoffrey Benedict Brown was born on 25 Jul 1899⁷⁷ and died in 1983 at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a MP.

Geoffrey married Robina Margaret Hill Sutton, daughter of Rowland Sutton, in 1927. Robina died in 1978. They had three children: Edward Geoffrey, Robert Lawrence, and Margaret Winifred.

12-Edward Geoffrey Clifton-Brown

Edward married Jillian Mary Walkinshaw, daughter of David Walkinshaw. They had two children: James Benedict and Margaret Joanna.

13-James Benedict Clifton-Brown

James married Priscilla Sarah Paterson, daughter of Sir John Valentine Jardine Paterson. They had three children: Emma Victoria, Holly Rebecca, and Laura Serena.

- 14-Emma Victoria Clifton-Brown
- 14-Holly Rebecca Clifton-Brown
- 14-Laura Serena Clifton-Brown
- 13-Margaret Joanna Clifton-Brown

Edward next married Sarah Simonetta Francis, daughter of Roger Herbert Francis. They had two children: Louisa and Sarah.

13-Louisa Clifton-Brown

Louisa married Sir Alexander Penrose Gordon-Cumming 7th Bt., son of Sir William Gordon Gordon-Cumming 6th Bt. and Elisabeth Hinde. They had one son: William.

- 14-William Gordon-Cumming
- 13-Sarah Clifton-Brown
- 12-Robert Lawrence Clifton-Brown was born on 25 Sep 1929 and died on 8 Oct 2016 in Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Haverhill, Suffolk.

Robert married Florence Elizabeth Lindsay Vestey, daughter of Ronald Arthur Vestey and Florence Ellen McLean Luis, on 26 Apr 1952. Florence was born on 10 Sep 1926 and died on 15 Dec 2006 at age 80. They had four children: Geoffrey Robert, Jane Elizabeth, Angela Florence, and Ronald Colin.

13-Geoffrey Robert Clifton-Brown

Geoffrey married Alexandra Mary Peto-Shepherd, daughter of W.Cmdr. Denis Peto-Shepherd. They had one daughter: Jaqueline Florence.

14-Jaqueline Florence Clifton-Brown

13-Jane Elizabeth Clifton-Brown

Jane married Mark Corner Bailey. They had four children: Peter Robert Corner, (No Given Name), Rosemary Catherine, and Florence.

- 14-Peter Robert Corner Bailey
- 14-Bailey
- 14-Rosemary Catherine Bailey
- 14-Florence Bailey

13-Angela Florence Clifton-Brown

Angela married Timothy Sills. They had three children: James, Robert Marett, and Michael.

- 14-James Sills
- **14-Robert Marett Sills**
- 14-Michael Sills

13-Ronald Colin Clifton-Brown

Ronald married Emily Joan Oliver, daughter of Laver John Morgan Oliver. They had two children: George and (No Given Name).

- 14-George Clifton-Brown
- 14-Clifton-Brown
- 12-Margaret Winifred Clifton-Brown was born in 1932 and died in 1955 at age 23.

Margaret married Patrick Bury Buchanan, son of Col. Edmund Pullar Buchanan.

11-Anthony George Brown⁷⁷ was born on 11 Feb 1903 and died in 1984 at age 81.

Anthony married Delia Charlotte Gordon Wade, daughter of George Edward Wade, in 1930. Delia died in 1947. They had three children: Georgiana Elmira, Mora Delia, and Julia Mary.

12-Georgiana Elmira Clifton-Brown

Georgiana married Prof. Anthony Charles Bailey, son of Hugh Somerville Bailey. They had three children: Edward Hugh, Jane Delia, and Felicity.

13-Edward Hugh Bailey

Edward married Yasuko Kawahara, daughter of Dr. Mazaki Kawahara.

13-Jane Delia Bailey

Jane married Robin Arthur Wellesley Redgrave, son of Maj. Gen Sir Roy Redgrave. They had two children: Thomas Roy Philip and Catherine Georgiana Wellesley.

- 14-Thomas Roy Philip Redgrave
- 14-Catherine Georgiana Wellesley Redgrave
- 13-Felicity Bailey

Felicity married Mark Julia Lewis, son of Hywel Lewis. They had one daughter: Julia Elizabeth.

14-Julia Elizabeth Lewis

12-Mora Delia Clifton-Brown

Mora married John Norman Abell, son of Sir George Edmond Brackenbury Abell. They had three children: Martin George, Anthony Philip Norman, and Sarah Elizabeth.

13-Martin George Abell

Martin married Nazare Albuquerque.

13-Anthony Philip Norman Abell

Anthony married Alexandra Burbidge.

13-Sarah Elizabeth Abell

Sarah married William Mark Evans. They had four children: Matthew George, Michael Timothy, Jonathan, and Stephanie Susan.

- 14-Matthew George Evans
- 14-Michael Timothy Evans
- 14-Jonathan Evans
- 14-Stephanie Susan Evans

12-Julia Mary Clifton-Brown

Julia married Brian Edward Leaver.

Anthony next married **Phyllis Adrienne Harvey**, daughter of **Francis Harvey**. Phyllis died in 1977.

11-**Rhona Brown**⁷⁷ was born on 14 Jul 1901 and died in 1997 at age 96.

Rhona married Lt. Col. Sir Weston Cracroft-Amcotts in 1927. Weston died in 1975. They had four children: Rosemary Grace, Marian Cicely, Bridget Katherine, and Penelope Sylvia.

General Notes: MC

12-Rosemary Grace Cracroft-Amcotts

Rosemary married Lt. Cmdr. Gervis Hugh Frere Frere-Cook in 1952. Gervis died in 1974. They had three children: Simon Aubrey Cracroft, David Bartle Cracroft, and Jane Elizabeth Cracroft.

13-Simon Aubrey Cracroft Frere-Cook

Simon married Jennifer Jane Greenwood. They had two children: Joanna Christine and Sarah Jane.

- 14-Joanna Christine Frere-Cook
- 14-Sarah Jane Frere-Cook

13-David Bartle Cracroft Frere-Cook

David married Christine Margaret Strong. They had three children: Hugh Leonard, Guy Weston, and Piers Gervis.

- 14-Hugh Leonard Frere-Cook
- 14-Guy Weston Frere-Cook

- 14-Piers Gervis Frere-Cook
- 13-Jane Elizabeth Cracroft Frere-Cook

Jane married Charles Richard Ekin Pepys. They had three children: George Oliver Frere, Susannah Mary Elizabeth, and Clemency Rosemary Eleanor.

- 14-George Oliver Frere Pepys
- 14-Susannah Mary Elizabeth Pepys
- 14-Clemency Rosemary Eleanor Pepys
- 12-Marian Cicely Cracroft-Amcotts was born on 13 Sep 1931 and died on 30 Oct 2020 at age 89.

Marian married **Thomas Charles Weguelin Micklem**, son of **Maj. Charles Micklem** and **Diana Gertrude May Loyd**, on 15 Jun 1957. Thomas was born in 1926 and died in 2018 at age 92. They had three children: **Philippa Rhona**, **Jeremy Charles Cracroft**, and **Sylvia Diana**.

13-Philippa Rhona Micklem

Philippa married Gary Maxwell Weiley.

- 13-Jeremy Charles Cracroft Micklem
- 13-Sylvia Diana Micklem

Sylvia married Andrew Alastair Gavin Gow. They had two children: Simeon Nathaniel Benjamin and Christopher Gavin Thomas.

- 14-Simeon Nathaniel Benjamin Gow
- 14-Christopher Gavin Thomas Gow
- 12-Bridget Katherine Cracroft-Amcotts

Bridget married Robert Peel Charles Cracroft-Eley, son of Charles Ryves Maxwell Eley, in 1959. Robert died in 1996. They had two children: Charles William Amcotts and Annabel Louise Cracroft.

13-Charles William Amcotts Cracroft-Eley

Charles married Margaret E. Lole, daughter of Roger Lole.

13-Annabel Louise Cracroft Cracroft-Eley

Annabel married Andrew Stewart Ross Jones. They had two children: Felix Maxwell and Imogen Margaux.

- 14-Felix Maxwell Jones
- 14-Imogen Margaux Jones
- 12-Penelope Sylvia Clifton-Brown

10-Nigel Hanbury⁷⁷ was born on 5 Aug 1879 and died in 1952 at age 73.

Nigel married **Evelyn Marion Arbuthnot**, daughter of **Herbert Robinson Arbuthnot** and **Evelyn Mary Noel**, in 1905. Evelyn was born on 26 Aug 1881 and died on 4 Feb 1952 at age 70. They had four children: **George Ronald, Richard Nigel, Peter Francis**, and **Margaret Evelyn**.

11-George Ronald Hanbury was born on 12 Feb 1906 and died on 3 Mar 1917 at age 11.

11-Brig. Richard Nigel Hanbury was born on 7 Oct 1911 and died on 22 Mar 1971 at age 59.

General Notes: CBE. TD. Of Ware, Herts.

Richard married Anne Mildred Hankey, daughter of Ernest Percival Alers Hankey and Mildred Earle A. Johnston. They had two children: Penelope Anne and Lucinda Jane.

12-Penelope Anne Hanbury

Penelope married **Sir John Edwin Lavallin Nugent 7th Bt.** on 2 Apr 1959. John was born on 16 Mar 1933 and died on 9 Oct 2009 at age 76. They had two children: **Nicholas Myles John** and **Grania Clare**.

General Notes: Of Lambourn, Newbury

- 13-Sir Nicholas Myles John Nugent 8th Bt.
- 13-Grania Clare Nugent

12-Lucinda Jane Hanbury

Lucinda married Christopher Henry Sporborg, son of Henry Nathan Sporborg. They had four children: Sarah, William, Eliza, and Simon.

- 13-Sarah Sporborg
- 13-William Sporborg
- 13-Eliza Sporborg
- 13-Simon Sporborg

11-Peter Francis Hanbury

Peter married Margaret Smalley, daughter of Reginald Smalley.

Peter next married Mary Burnaby-Atkins, daughter of John Burnaby-Atkins. They had two children: Nigel John and Rhona Mairi.

12-Nigel John Hanbury

Nigel married Daphne Evelyn Boyle. They had three children: George Snowden, Elizabeth Harriet Huger, and Clementine Isabella Buchanan.

- 13-George Snowden Hanbury
- 13-Elizabeth Harriet Huger Hanbury
- 13-Clementine Isabella Buchanan Hanbury
- 12-Rhona Mairi Hanbury
- 11-Margaret Evelyn Hanbury was born on 15 Sep 1907.

Margaret married Lt. Col. Gerald Hugh Nicholson, son of Maj. Reginald Nicholson. They had two children: Mary and Fiona.

- 12-Mary Nicholson
- 12-Fiona Nicholson

10-Elsie Rhona Hanbury

9-Madeline Emily Hanbury^{34,128} was born in 1833 and died on 8 Jun 1900 at age 67.

Madeline married **Alfred Daniel Chapman**,^{34,128} son of **Capt. Alfred Chapman** and **Caroline MacNaghton**, on 4 Nov 1852. Alfred was born on 22 Feb 1827 and died on 21 Oct 1902 at age 75. They had no children.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Norfolk Street, Park Lane, London.
- 9-Edgar Hanbury was born on 5 Feb 1834 and died on 12 Oct 1917 in Paxton Hill House, St. Neots, Cambridgeshire at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP.
- He had a residence in Eastrop Grange, Wiltshire.

Edgar married Caroline Frances Kingscote, daughter of Col. Kingscote, on 12 Mar 1863. Caroline died on 11 Jan 1874. They had eight children: Ethel Caroline, Bernard Kingscote, Maud Louisa, Cecil Georgiana, Sybil Frances, Beatrice Sophia, Evelyn, and Caryl Edgar.

- 10-Ethel Caroline Hanbury was born in 1864 in Eastrop Grange, Highwith, Wiltshire.
- 10-Bernard Kingscote Hanbury was born on 28 Jan 1865 in Eastrop Grange, Highwith, Wiltshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Poultry farmer in La Salle, Weld, Colorado.

Bernard married Gail. They had one daughter: Mariel A..

11-Mariel A. Johnson

10-Maud Louisa Hanbury was born in 1866 in Eastrop Grange, Highwith, Wiltshire and died on 11 Nov 1948 in Fairford House, Fairford, Gloucestershire at age 82.

Maud married Col. David Archer in 1899. David died in 1914.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Castle Eaton, Wiltshire.
- 10-Cecil Georgiana Hanbury was born in 1867 in Eastrop Grange, Highwith, Wiltshire.
- 10-Sybil Frances Hanbury was born in 1869 in Eastrop Grange, Highwith, Wiltshire and died after 1948.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Fairford House, Fairford, Gloucestershire.

Sybil married Harold Littledale. They had three children: Charles, Caroline, and William.

- 11-Charles Littledale
- 11-Caroline Littledale
- 11-William Littledale
- 10-Beatrice Sophia Hanbury was born in 1871 in Eastrop Grange, Highwith, Wiltshire.

Beatrice married **Rev. Herbert Edward Gaussen** in 1891 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Herbert was born in 1866.

- 10-Evelyn Hanbury was born on 16 Aug 1872 in Eastrop Grange, Highwith, Wiltshire.
- 10-Caryl Edgar Hanbury was born on 30 Dec 1873 in Eastrop Grange, Highwith, Wiltshire.

Edgar next married Rose Octavia Somerset, daughter of Rev. George Henry Somerset and Philida Elizabeth Callaghan, on 28 Jan 1886. Rose died on 26 Feb 1887.

9-Capt. Gurney Hanbury³⁴ was born on 13 Mar 1835 in Clapton, London and died in 1922 in Windsor, Berkshire at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 8th Hussars.

Gurney married **Emma Rosa Johnstone**, ³⁴ daughter of **James Johnstone**, on 10 Aug 1859 in Bycullah, Bombay, India. Emma died on 24 Jun 1865. They had three children: **Everard Ernest, Ellinor Sophia**, and **Violet**.

10-Maj. Everard Ernest Hanbury died on 20 Sep 1923 in Watership House, Newbury, Berkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He worked as an Officer of the Scots Guards.
- He had a residence in Watership House, Newbury, Berkshire.

Everard married someone. He had one daughter: Kathleen Gladys.

11-Kathleen Gladys Hanbury

Kathleen married Maj. Gen. Robert Harry Bertram Arkwright, son of Bertram Harry Godfrey Arkwright and Grace Emma Julia Hurt, in 1927. Robert was born in 1903 and died in 1971 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

· He was awarded with CB DSO.

10-Ellinor Sophia Hanbury was born in 1862.

Ellinor married Grenville Grenville-Gray. They had two children: Grenville and Cecil Everard Montague.

- 11-Grenville Grenville-Gray was born in 1897.
- 11-Col. Cecil Everard Montague Grenville-Grey was born on 27 Jul 1899 and died on 5 Jun 1973 at age 73.

Cecil married Louisa Monica Morrison-Bell on 24 Sep 1929. Louisa was born in 1903 and died in 2003 at age 100. They had two children: Wilfred Ernest and Susan Monica.

- 12-Wilfred Ernest Grenville-Gray
- 12-Susan Monica Grenville-Grey

Susan married Charles Henry Gordon-Lennox 10th Duke of Richmond, son of Frederick Charles Gordon-Lennox 9th Duke of Richmond and Elizabeth Grace Hudson, on 26 May 1951. Charles was born on 19 Sep 1929 and died on 1 Sep 2017 at age 87. They had five children: Ellinor Caroline, Charles Henry, Maria, Naomi, and Louisa.

- 13-Lady Ellinor Caroline Gordon-Lennox
- 13-Charles Henry Gordon-Lennox 11th Duke of Richmond

Charles married **Sally Clayton**. They had one daughter: **Alexandra**.

14-Lady Alexandra Gordon-Lennox

Alexandra married Sean Thomas Brennan.

Charles next married Hon. Janet Elizabeth Astor, daughter of William Waldorf Astor 3rd Viscount Astor and Janet Bronwen Alun Pugh. They had four children: Charles Henry, William Rupert Charles, Eloise Cordelia Sky, and Frederick Lysander Charles.

- 14-Charles Henry Gordon-Lennox Earl of March and Kinrara
- 14-Lord William Rupert Charles Gordon-Lennox
- 14-Lady Eloise Cordelia Sky Gordon-Lennox
- 14-Lord Frederick Lysander Charles Gordon-Lennox
- 13-Maria March

Maria married **Handy**. They had one daughter: **Michaela**.

- 14-Michaela Handy
- 13-Naomi March

Naomi married **Gavin Burke**. They had two children: **Khaya** and **Malachy**.

- 14-Khaya Burke
- 14-Malachy Burke
- 13-Lady Louisa Gordon-Lennox

Louisa married Ben Collings. They had two children: Felicity Grace and George Cecil.

- **14-Felicity Grace Collings**
- 14-George Cecil Collings
- 10-Violet Hanbury was born in 1864.
- 8-Henry Hanbury was born on 30 Jun 1798 and died on 20 Dec 1859 at age 61.
- 8-Sampson Hanbury died on 7 Nov 1826.
- 8-Rev. Arthur Hanbury was born on 18 May 1801 and died on 2 Mar 1888 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Bures St Mary, Suffolk.

Arthur married Jessie Scott, daughter of Archibald Scott, on 13 Aug 1829. Jessie was born in 1801 and died on 14 Jul 1864 at age 63. They had six children: Arthur, Archibald, Walter George, Hubert Henry, Jessie, and Mary.

9-Rev. Arthur Hanbury was born on 20 Dec 1830.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Curate of Bures St Mary, Suffolk.
- 9-Archibald Hanbury was born on 27 Dec 1832.
- 9-Walter George Hanbury was born on 23 Aug 1835.

Walter married Isabella Lempriere, daughter of Capt. William Charles Lempriere and Helen Reid. They had one son: Arthur Walter Lempriere.

10-Arthur Walter Lempriere Hanbury died on 30 Apr 1908.

Arthur married Mary Florinda Burgh, daughter of Ven. Maurice Thomas Burgh and Henrietta Beauman.

9-**Rev. Hubert Henry Hanbury** was born on 28 Aug 1839.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Curate of St. Paul, Brighton.
- 9-Jessie Hanbury
- 9-Mary Hanbury was born on 18 Jun 1837 and died on 30 Jul 1869 in Warwickshire at age 32.

Mary married Rev. Philip Gurdon, son of John Gurdon.

8-**Philip Hanbury**¹¹¹ was born on 30 Jun 1802 in Coggeshall, Essex and died on 4 Jul 1878 at age 76.

General Notes: Of Redhill, Woodlands and London

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker and JP in Atkins Road, Clapham.

Philip married Elizabeth Christina Collot D'escury, daughter of Baron Charles Collot D'escury, on 15 Jul 1845. Elizabeth died on 21 Sep 1877. They had eight children: Philip Capel, Frederick Barclay, Edwin Charles, Theodore D'escury, Ernest Osgood, Albert George, Alfred Warren, and Clotilda Agatha.

9-Philip Capel Hanbury was born on 7 May 1846.

Philip married Isabel De Ste. Croix, daughter of Gautier De Ste. Croix.

9-Frederick Barclay Hanbury was born on 19 May 1847.

Frederick married Edgiva Harcourt Hyde Clarke, daughter of Hyde Clarke. They had five children: Alfred Collot Barclay, Geoffrey Hyde Barclay, Cuthbert Hereward Barclay, Philippa Agatha Ursula, and Elfrida Mildred Victoria.

- 10-Alfred Collot Barclay Hanbury was born on 20 Sep 1877.
- 10-**Geoffrey Hyde Barclay Hanbury** was born on 5 Mar 1879.
- 10-Cuthbert Hereward Barclay Hanbury was born on 7 Oct 1880.
- 10-Philippa Agatha Ursula Hanbury
- 10-Elfrida Mildred Victoria Hanbury
- 9-Edwin Charles Hanbury was born on 21 Jun 1848.

Edwin married Fanny Martha Whitehead, daughter of T. Miller Whitehead. They had one daughter: Joan.

- 10-Joan Hanbury
- 9-Theodore D'escury Hanbury was born on 1 Apr 1850.
- 9-Ernest Osgood Hanbury was born on 28 Mar 1852.

Ernest married Clara Martha Whitehead, daughter of John Dunstan Whitehead. They had five children: Philip, Muriel, Cecile, Gladys, and Dorothy.

10-Philip Hanbury was born on 5 Jun 1879 in Maidstone, Kent.

Philip married **Dorothy Maud Margary**. Dorothy was born in 1886. They had one son: **Osgood Philip Villiers**.

11-Sqdn. Ldr. Osgood Philip Villiers Hanbury was born on 13 Sep 1917 and died on 3 Jun 1943 in North Africa. Killed in Action at age 25.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSO DFC & Bar.

Osgood married Patricia Cecil Harman on 22 May 1943. Patricia was born on 7 Nov 1915 and died in 2004 at age 89. They had one son: Christopher Osgood Philip.

12-Maj. Christopher Osgood Philip Hanbury

Christopher married Bridget Anne Birch, daughter of Charles Francis Birch and Catherine Alice Anne John. They had six children: Zahra Patricia Anne, Emma Priscilla, Arabella Phillipa, Jessica Rose, Charles Osgood Philip, and George Christopher Osgood.

13-Zahra Patricia Anne Hanbury

Zahra married Ross J. Severn. They had four children: Jack Joseph Hanbury, Oliver Osgood, Thomas Chrsitopher Arthur, and Kiki Jill Patricia Anne.

- 14-Jack Joseph Hanbury Severn
- 14-Oliver Osgood Severn
- 14-Thomas Chrsitopher Arthur Severn
- 14-Kiki Jill Patricia Anne Severn

Zahra next married William Lucas. They had one daughter: Lola Philippa Anne.

- 14-Lola Philippa Anne Lucas
- 13-Emma Priscilla Hanbury
- 13-Arabella Phillipa Hanbury
- 13-Jessica Rose Hanbury
- 13-Charles Osgood Philip Hanbury

Charles married Yoanna Thiela Otto. They had three children: Cara Bridget Anna, Cressida Thiela Patricia, and Catinka Eugenie Mia.

- 14-Cara Bridget Anna Hanbury
- 14-Cressida Thiela Patricia Hanbury

- 14-Catinka Eugenie Mia Hanbury
- 13-George Christopher Osgood Hanbury

George married Victoria Bigge, daughter of Peter Bigge. They had two children: Ned William Hunter and Rhoda Willow.

- 14-Ned William Hunter Hanbury
- 14-Rhoda Willow Hanbury
- 10-Muriel Hanbury was born on 25 Jan 1876 and died on 8 Mar 1883 at age 7.
- 10-Cecile Hanbury
- 10-Gladys Hanbury
- 10-Dorothy Hanbury
- 9-Albert George Hanbury was born on 23 Aug 1853.
- 9-Alfred Warren Hanbury was born on 3 May 1855 and died on 28 Apr 1874 at age 18.
- 9-Clotilda Agatha Hanbury was born on 17 Aug 1858.

Clotilda married George Strachan Pawle, son of F. C. Pawle. They had two children: Francis and Hanbury.

- 10-Francis Pawle was born on 20 Nov 1882.
- 10-Brig. Hanbury Pawle was born on 7 Jun 1886 in Ware, Hertfordshire, was christened on 1 Aug 1886 in Widford, Hertfordshire, and died in 1972 in Ware, Hertfordshire at age 86.

Hanbury married Mary Cecil Hughes-Hallett, daughter of Norton Joseph Hughes-Hallett and Alice Louisa Denton, in 1915 in St. Martin's, London. Mary was born on 16 Sep 1890 in Derbyshire and died in 1971 in Northampton, Northamptonshire at age 81. They had one daughter: Cecil Rosemary.

11-Cecil Rosemary Pawle was born on 9 May 1921 and died on 27 Feb 2004 at age 82.

Cecil married **Grp. Capt. Peter Woolridge Townsend** on 17 Jul 1941. The marriage ended in divorce in 1952. Peter was born on 22 Nov 1914 and died on 19 Jun 1995 at age 80. They had two children: **Giles Peter** and **Hugo**.

- 12-Giles Peter Townsend
- 12-Hugo Townsend

Hugo married H. H. Princess Yolande De Ligne.

Cecil next married John Adolphus de Laszlo in 1953. John died in 1990. They had two children: Charlotte and Piers.

- 12-Charlotte de Laszlo
- 12-Piers de Laszlo

Cecil next married **John Charles Henry Pratt 5th Marquess Camden**, son of **Sir John Charles Pratt 4th Marquess Camden** and **Lady Joan Marion Nevill**, on 12 Jan 1978. John was born on 12 Apr 1899 and died on 22 Mar 1983 at age 83.

8-Susan Hanbury was born in 1804 and died on 1 Dec 1869 at age 65.

Susan married George Field on 12 Jun 1833. George died in 1875. They had four children: George Hanbury, Barclay, Herbert Bolland, and Laura.

General Notes: Of Ashurst Park, Kent

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP.

9-George Hanbury Field was born on 1 Mar 1834.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP.

George married Lady Georgiana Turnour, daughter of Edward Turnour 4th Earl Of Winterton and Maria Pole. They had five children: George Edward, Cuthbert Arthur, Mildred Georgiana, Isabel Susan Emily, and (No Given Name).

- 10-George Edward Field was born on 4 Jul 1864 and died on 26 Sep 1870 at age 6.
- 10-Cuthbert Arthur Field was born on 1 May 1868.
- 10-Mildred Georgiana Field
- 10-Isabel Susan Emily Field
- 10-**Field** was born on 16 Apr 1879.
- 9-Barclay Field was born on 1 Apr 1835.
- 9-Herbert Bolland Field was born on 14 Oct 1842 and died on 23 Jan 1859 at age 16.
- 9-Laura Field died on 25 Jul 1926.

Laura married **Robert Henry Bullock Marsham** on 26 Jan 1871. Robert was born on 3 Sep 1833 and died on 5 Apr 1913 at age 79. They had six children: **Charles George, Mary Evelyn Bullock, Robert Anstruther, Leila Janet Bullock, Herbert**, and **Ethel Amelia**.

10-Maj. Charles George Marsham was born on 3 Dec 1872 and died on 7 Oct 1956 at age 83.

Charles married Mary Dorothea Knight, daughter of Edward Knight, on 25 Oct 1904. Mary died on 26 Jan 1970. They had three children: Robert Edward, Mary Elizabeth, and Charles Austin.

11-Maj. Robert Edward Field-Marsham was born on 3 Aug 1905 and died on 23 Nov 1996 at age 91.

Robert married Joan Helen Nevill, daughter of Percy Llewellyn Nevill and Marjorie Nevill, on 2 Oct 1950. Joan was born on 26 Apr 1906 and died on 18 Mar 1998 at age 91.

- 11-Mary Elizabeth Field-Marsham
- 11-Charles Austin Field-Marsham was born on 3 Nov 1910 and died in Jan 1941 in Killed In Action at age 30.

Charles married **Joan Helen Nevill**, daughter of **Percy Llewellyn Nevill** and **Marjorie Nevill**, on 14 Feb 1935. Joan was born on 26 Apr 1906 and died on 18 Mar 1998 at age 91. They had one son: **Rupert Charles Edward**.

12-Rupert Charles Edward Field-Marsham

Rupert married Marilyn Muriel Maughan, daughter of Dr. George B. Maughan. They had two children: Robert Scott and Rupert Charles.

13-Robert Scott Field-Marsham

13-Rupert Charles Field-Marsham

- 10-Mary Evelyn Bullock Marsham was born on 14 Jan 1874 and died on 19 Jul 1962 at age 88.
- 10-Robert Anstruther Marsham was born on 1 Jan 1875 and died on 25 Nov 1946 at age 71.
- 10-Leila Janet Bullock Marsham was born on 14 Apr 1879 and died on 8 Oct 1962 at age 83.
- 10-Herbert Marsham was born on 16 Nov 1876 and died on 18 Feb 1878 at age 1.
- 10-Ethel Amelia Marsham was born on 15 May 1880 and died on 25 Jul 1880.
- 8-Anna Hanbury was born on 24 Oct 1806.

Anna married Very Rev. John Bramston. They had one daughter: Anna Rachel.

- 9-Anna Rachel Bramston
- 8-**Rachel Hanbury** was born on 2 Feb 1810.

Rachel married **Robert Barclay**, ¹²² son of **Charles Barclay of Mathers & Urie**^{34,36,41,62,65,138} and **Anna Maria Kett**, ^{36,62,65,138} on 16 Feb 1830. Robert was born on 10 Aug 1808 and died on 6 Apr 1843 at age 34. They had four children: **Hanbury**, **Charles**, **Anna Maria**, and **Emily**.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was educated at Harrow.
 - 9-Col. Hanbury Barclay¹²² was born on 1 Jun 1836 in Clapham, London and died on 4 Mar 1908 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Harrow.

Hanbury married **Adeline Henrietta Barclay**, daughter of **Arthur Kett Barclay of Mathers & Urie**^{3,86,138} and **Maria Octavia Wright**, on 20 Jul 1864. Adeline was born in 1846 in Croydon, Surrey. They had five children: **Hubert Frederick**, **George Nevil**, **Arthur Hayward**, **Mabel Emily**, and **Adeline Rachel**.

10-Lt. Col. Hubert Frederick Barclay¹²² was born on 30 Jun 1865 and died on 7 Feb 1948 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a Commanding officer, 6th Bedfordshire Regiment.

Hubert married **Edith Noel Daniell**, daughter of **Henry Smith Daniell** and **Mary Edith Barrow**, on 11 Sep 1890 in Hatfield, Hertfordshire. Edith was born about 1867 in Hertfordshire and died in 1952 about age 85. They had four children: **John Arthur, David Frederick, Rissa Edith**, and **Alexander Hubert**.

11-John Arthur Barclay was born on 12 May 1892 in Norwich, Norfolk.

John married Louisa Catherine Etheldreda Daniell, daughter of Walter le Geyt Daniell, on 8 Aug 1914. Louisa was born about 1895.

11-Lieut. David Frederick Barclay¹²² was born on 11 Sep 1894 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 2 Apr 1918 in Hamel, Amiens, France. Shot by sniper at age 23.

General Notes: LIEUTENANT D. F. BARCLAY

2nd Dragoon Guards Church Hill 07'- 10 Aged 23 April 2nd, 1918

Second son of Lieut.-Colonel Hubert Frederick Barclay (O.H.), late Commanding 6th Bedfordshire Regiment, and grandson of Lieut.-Colonel Arthur Kett Barclay (O.H.), and James Frederick Nugent Daniell (O.H.).

Lieutenant Barclay, who was in British Columbia when the War broke out, came to England with Strathcona's Horse and was given a Commission in the 4th Bedfordshire Regiment. He served through the Cameroon Campaign in West Africa, and was then given a regular Commission in the Queen's Bays, with eighteen months' seniority. He went to France in March, 19 17, and fought at Cambrai and during the retreat

towards Amiens. He was killed by a sniper in front of Hamel on April 2nd, 1918.

Colonel Lawson, Commanding 2nd Dragoon Guards, wrote to his father: —

"The loss of your son is a great sorrow to us — a magnificent fighter and a loyal gentleman.,... You have lost a son you can be proud of; we are the poorer for a companion and a trustworthy leader, whose personality was marked. Such an Officer, combining so many valuable qualities, was marked out for great things. The fine example he has left behind will not be forgotten."

A Sergeant in his Troop wrote: — "Death was absolutely instantaneous, and he met it in his dear old, happy-go-lucky way, his hands in his trouser pockets, and whistling one of his many songs.... He died a soldier's death, loved and liked by all who knew him: his loss is much mourned by 'A' Squadron."

DAVID FREDERICK BARCLAY

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as an officer of the 2nd Dragoon Guards.
- 11-Rissa Edith Barclay¹⁵¹ was born on 23 Mar 1896 in Norwich, Norfolk.

Rissa married **Capt. Michael Theodore Waterhouse**, ^{131,151,152} son of **Paul Waterhouse** and **Lucy Grace Palgrave**, on 16 Nov 1920 in Norwich, Norfolk. Michael was born on 31 Aug 1888 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 24 May 1968 in The Close, Yattendon, Newbury, Berkshire at age 79. They had four children: **David Barclay, Elizabeth, Prudence**, and **Caroline**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC CBE PRIBA.
- · He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a President of the Royal Institute of British Architects in 1948-1950.
 - 12-**David Barclay Waterhouse**¹⁵¹ was born on 17 Aug 1921 and died on 22 Feb 1998 in Searles at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as an Architect.

David married Diana Gray. They had three children: Davina Margaret, Paul Alexander, and Elizabeth Catherine.

- 13-Davina Margaret Waterhouse
- 13-Paul Alexander Waterhouse¹⁵¹ was born in 1952 and died in 1996 at age 44.
- 13-Elizabeth Catherine Waterhouse

David next married Jessie Faber. They had four children: Nicholas, Rupert, Humphrey, and Sarah.

- 13-Nicholas Waterhouse
- 13-Rupert Waterhouse
- 13-Humphrey Waterhouse
- 13-Sarah Waterhouse

- 12-Elizabeth Waterhouse
- 12-Prudence Waterhouse
- 12-Caroline Waterhouse
- 11-Lt. Col. Alexander Hubert Barclay was born on 30 Apr 1900 in Norwich, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSO MC.

Alexander married Muriel Rose Mitchelson, daughter of Sir Archibald Mitchelson 1st Bt. They had one daughter: Jonet Nöel.

12-Jonet Nöel Barclay

Jonet married Maj. Sir John Stanley Vyvyan 12th Bt., son of Maj. Gen. Ralph Ernest Vyvyan and Vera Grace Alexander, in 1958. John was born on 20 Jan 1916 and died on 6 Oct 1995 at age 79. They had two children: Ralph Ferrers Alexander and Amanda Clare.

13-Sir Ralph Ferrers Alexander Vyvyan 13th Bt.

Ralph married Victoria Arabella Ogle. They had five children: Joshua Drummond, Frederick George, Rowan Arthur, Inigo Valentine, and Gabriel Francis.

- 14-Joshua Drummond Vyvyan
- 14-Frederick George Vyvyan
- 14-Rowan Arthur Vyvyan
- 14-Inigo Valentine Vyvyan
- 14-Gabriel Francis Vyvyan

13-Amanda Clare Vyvyan

Amanda married Mark Ian Richard von Brockdorff. They had one son: Alexander Mark Edward John Vyvyan.

14-Alexander Mark Edward John Vyvyan von Brockdorff

Amanda next married David John Judson. They had two children: Josiah Barclay and Mariana Grace.

- 14-Josiah Barclay Judson
- 14-Mariana Grace Judson

10-George Nevil Barclay was born on 2 Jan 1867.

George married Caroline Cornwall. They had two children: Richard Neville and Hugh Allen.

- 11-Richard Neville Barclay
- 11-Hugh Allen Barclay

10-Arthur Hayward Barclay was born on 13 Dec 1869 in Dorking, Surrey and died in 1898 at age 29.

Arthur married **Gertrude Sybil Gray**. Gertrude was born in 1870 in Norwich, Norfolk. They had one daughter: **Nina Mabel**.

11-Nina Mabel Barclay

Nina married Wing Cmdr. Robert John Orton Compston in 1919 in Chelsea, London. Robert was born on 9 Jan 1898 in Farnham, Surrey and died on 28 Jan 1962 at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSC & 2 Bars. DFC.
- He worked as an Officer of the RAF.
- 10-Mabel Emily Barclay died on 20 Nov 1878.
- 10-Adeline Rachel Barclay was born on 14 May 1872 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Adeline married **Hubert Cherry-Downes**. Hubert was born in 1877 and died in 1964 at age 87. They had three children: **Hubert Arthur Downes**, **Eleanor Rachel**, and **Geoffrey**.

- 11-Hubert Arthur Downes Cherry-Downes was born on 14 Jul 1902 in Norwich, Norfolk and died in 1977 in Lincoln, Lincolnshire at age 75.
- 11-Eleanor Rachel Cherry-Downes was born in 1904 in Norwich, Norfolk.

Eleanor married Capt. Frank Gerald Craven Weare on 30 Apr 1924. Frank was born on 15 Jun 1896 in Southborough, Kent and died on 6 Jul 1971 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Flying Corps.
- 11-Geoffrey Cherry-Downes was born in 1909 in Newark, Nottinghamshire.
- 9-Charles Barclay³ was born on 2 Oct 1837 in Clapham, London, died on 2 Jan 1910 in The Manor House, Bayford, Hertfordshire at age 72, and was buried in Bayford Churchyard, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of The National Provincial Bank.

Charles married Charlotte Cassandra Cherry, daughter of Benjamin Cherry, in 1875. Charlotte was born on 10 Aug 1843, died on 4 Jan 1917 in The Manor House, Bayford, Hertfordshire at age 73, and was buried in Bayford Churchyard, Hertfordshire. They had four children: Cicely Rachel Emily, Charles Roger, Madeleine Anna, and Charlotte Cassandra.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in The Manor House, Bayford, Hertfordshire.
 - 10-Cicely Rachel Emily Barclay³ was born on 2 Sep 1876 in The Manor House, Bayford, Hertfordshire.

Cicely married **Charles Harold St. John Hornby**,³ son of **Rev. Charles Edward Hornby** and **Harriet Catherine Turton**, on 19 Jan 1898. Charles was born on 25 Jun 1867 in Much Dewchurch, Herefordshire, was christened on 1 Sep 1867 in Much Dewchurch, Herefordshire, and died on 26 Apr 1946 in Chantmarle, Cattistock, Dorchester, Dorset at age 78. They had five children: **Michael Charles St. John, Diana Cicely Beatrice, Roger Antony, Edward Meysey**, and **Rosamund Mary**.

General Notes: Hornby, (Charles Harold) St John (1867–1946), businessman and private printer, was born on 25 June 1867 at Much Dewchurch, Herefordshire, the eldest son of the Revd Charles Edward Hornby, then a curate, and his wife, Harriet, daughter of the Revd Henry Turton, vicar of Betley, Staffordshire. He was educated at Harrow School and, from 1887, at New College, Oxford, where he read classics, taking a first class in moderations in 1888 and a third class in finals in 1890. He rowed for New College, and in 1890 was stroke in the university boat. In 1890–91 he travelled round the world with a friend, another former member of the New College rowing eight, W. F. D. (Freddy) Smith (later Viscount Hambleden). He married Cicely Rachel Emily, daughter of Charles Barclay, a director of the National Provincial Bank, on 19 January 1898. They had three sons and two daughters.

Hornby was called to the bar in 1892, but soon afterwards was invited by Freddy Smith to become a partner in his family firm, W. H. Smith & Son, wholesalers and retailers of newspapers and books. In recruiting his college rowing friend into the family firm Smith, as a fourth-generation heir to the business, exemplified the arbitrary approach to the selection of top management which has often been cited as a reason for Britain's relative economic decline during the twentieth century; but he had chosen wisely, and Hornby ascended rapidly to a dominant position in the firm. After

starting training in January 1893, Hornby rose to become a salaried partner in 1894 and a profit-sharing partner in 1896. He was quickly given increasing responsibility for handling the firm's external relations. This included dealing with the new breed of newspaper and magazine proprietors, such as Alfred Harmsworth, whose brashness was antipathetic to the older partners; Hornby succeeded in establishing friendly relations with them. It also included negotiating the renewal of contracts with the railway companies for the operation of bookstalls and the sale of advertising spaces which at that time constituted the bulk of the firm's business.

The railway companies, finding profits hard to earn at the turn of the century, wanted ever higher rents from W. H. Smith. Hornby had the task of trying to keep their demands within bounds that would allow W. H. Smith a reasonable return. When the managers of the Great Western Railway and the London and North Western Railway, representing between them about one-third of W. H. Smith's railway business, insisted on what he considered to be uneconomic levels of rent, Hornby was unable to conclude acceptable new contracts with them in 1905. The other partners backed his judgement and prepared to switch their business in those areas from bookstalls to bookshops off railway property. The firm already operated a few shops, and Hornby, anticipating the possible loss of the contracts, had set men scouting for possible shop sites, but it was still a considerable challenge to transfer so many of the firm's outlets while keeping the daily business of newspaper distribution running smoothly. Hornby relished a challenge: in ten weeks, 144 new shops were opened on the territory of the two railway companies.

This most dramatic episode in the firm's history pointed the way to the future structure of its business, centred on shops rather than stalls, and established Hornby's position as the strategist of the firm. During the First World War he bore even more responsibility, as four of the six partners left on military service. He continued to be the dominant figure in W. H. Smith, which became a private company in 1929 following the death of Freddy Smith, Viscount Hambleden. Freddy's heir, William (Billy) Hambleden, though no mere figurehead, felt no need to challenge Hornby's position. Forceful as he was, Hornby considered himself to be part of a team, and he took an interest in bringing on talented managers.

For many years Hornby's major relaxation outside business was his private press, the Ashendene Press. He first set up a hand press at his father's house in Ashendene, Hertfordshire, in 1895. In 1899, the year after his marriage, he moved his press to his new home, Shelley House on Chelsea Embankment, and continued to produce highly regarded limited editions from there until 1935. He had two typefaces specially designed for his press, Subiaco and Ptolemy. His passion for fine printing and bookbinding was reflected in his attitude to the printing department of W. H. Smith—where concern for high standards of design and workmanship was allowed for some time to prevail over profitability.

Hornby died at his home, Chantmarle, Cattistock, Dorchester, on 26 April 1946. His clear and perceptive mind, his energetic, decisive, and determined character, and shrewd business sense, made him the most influential figure in W. H. Smith in the twentieth century. After his death, the directors formally recorded in their minutes: 'To him more than anyone else is due the expansion of the Firm of W. H. Smith & Son since he first entered it fifty-three years ago' (W. H. Smith archives, Y. 123, fol. 285). One of his sons, Michael, became a director of W. H. Smith; Michael's son Simon also later joined the firm, becoming chief executive and then chairman.

Christine Shaw

Sources C. Wilson, First with the news: the history of W. H. Smith, 1792–1972 (1985) · C. H. St J. Hornby: an anthology of appreciation (privately printed, London, 1946) · C. H. St J. Hornby: jubilee celebrations, 1 January 1943 (privately printed, London, 1943) · DNB · d. cert.

Archives W. H. Smith Group plc, Milton Hill House, Abingdon, Oxfordshire, letter-books | BL, corresp. with Sir Sidney Cockerell, Add. MSS 52724–52725 · BL, corresp. with Lord Northcliffe, Add. MS 67172

Likenesses W. Rothenstein, chalk drawing, 1923, NPG · W. Coldstream, portrait, W. H. Smith plc · photograph, NPG

Wealth at death £1,005,724 11s. 3d.: probate, 21 Aug 1946, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Christine Shaw, 'Hornby, (Charles Harold) St John (1867–1946)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2005 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/33988,

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Founding partner of W. H. Smith.
 - 11-Michael Charles St. John Hornby³ was born on 2 Jan 1899, was christened on 11 Feb 1899 in Bayford, Hertfordshire, and died in 1987 at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chairman of W. H. Smith, Newsagents.

Michael married Nicolette Joan Ward, daughter of Capt. Hon. Cyril Augustus Ward RN and Baroness Irene Blanche Nicolette van Brienen, on 15 Nov 1928. Nicolette was born on 28 Dec 1907 and died in 1988 at age 81. They had three children: Susan Mary, Simon Michael, and Charles Nicholas.

12-Susan Mary Hornby was born on 19 Oct 1929 and died on 27 Jan 2005 at age 75.

Susan married John George Vanderbilt Henry Spencer-Churchill 11th Duke of Marlborough, son of John Albert Edward William Spencer-Churchill 10th Duke of Marlborough and Hon. Alexandra Mary Hilda Cadogan, on 19 Oct 1951. The marriage ended in divorce in 1961. John was born on 13 Apr 1926 and died on 16 Oct 2014 in Blenheim Palace, Woodstock, Oxfordshire at age 88. They had three children: John David Ivor, Charles James, and Henrietta Mary.

- 13-John David Ivor Spencer-Churchill Earl of Sunderland was born on 17 Nov 1952 and died on 14 May 1955 at age 2.
- 13-Charles James Spencer-Churchill 12th Duke of Marlborough

Charles married Rebecca Mary Few-Brown, daughter of Peter Few-Brown and Elizabeth Linda Milling. They had one son: George John Godolphin.

14-George John Godolphin Spencer-Churchill Marquess of Blandford

George married Camilla Elizabeth Antonia Thorp, daughter of James Nicholas Thorp and Philippa Clare Thomas. They had one daughter: Olympia Arabella Kitty.

15-Lady Olympia Arabella Kitty Spencer-Churchill

Charles next married Edla Griffiths, daughter of Alun Griffiths and Pauline E. Jones. They had two children: Araminta Clementine Megan and Caspar Sasha Ivor.

- 14-Lady Araminta Clementine Megan Spencer-Churchill
- 14-Lord Caspar Sasha Ivor Spencer-Churchill
- 13-Lady Henrietta Mary Spencer-Churchill

Susan next married Alan Cyril Heber-Percy on 26 Jan 1962. Alan was born on 3 Dec 1935 and died on 9 Jan 1998 at age 62. They had one daughter: Larissa Anne.

13-Larissa Anne Heber-Percy

Larissa married Justin St. Clair Hardy. They had four children: Sam, Ludovic Albert Stanley, Nicolai William Justin, and Summer Skye Carly.

- 14-Sam Hardy
- 14-Ludovic Albert Stanley Hardy
- 14-Nicolai William Justin Hardy
- 14-Summer Skye Carly Hardy

12-Sir Simon Michael Hornby³ was born on 29 Dec 1934 in 20 Devonshire Place, Marylebone, London and died on 17 Jul 2010 in The Ham, Wantage, Oxfordshire at age 75. The cause of his death was Drowned in an accident at home.

General Notes: Hornby, Sir Simon Michael (1934–2010), businessman and gardener, was born at 20 Devonshire Place, London, on 29 December 1934, the elder son and second of three children of Michael Charles St John Hornby (1899–1987), businessman, and his wife, Nicolette Joan, née Ward (1907–1988). His childhood was spent at Pusey House, his parents' eighteenth-century home near Faringdon, Oxfordshire. He was educated first at Eton College and then, after completing his national service with the Grenadier Guards, at New College, Oxford, where he read jurisprudence. Much of his time at Oxford was spent riding to hounds with his friend Edward Cazalet (later a High Court judge), who was then master of the university drag hounds.

It was a privileged upbringing, as Hornby himself recognized; his family was well connected not only through his uncle, Antony Hornby, senior partner of Cazenoves, the most prestigious stockbroking firm in the City, but also through the marriage in 1951 of Simon's elder sister, Susan, to the marquess of Blandford. Simon Hornby's father was, from 1945 to 1965, vice-chairman of W. H. Smith, the company with which the name of Hornby had become synonymous in the early twentieth century. The connection had been forged in the 1890s when (Charles Harold) St John Hornby, Simon Hornby's grandfather, joined the business as a partner.

In 1958 Simon Hornby graduated with a third-class degree and joined W. H. Smith as a management trainee, starting as a stationery buyer in the Sheffield warehouse. He moved onwards and upwards in the company and, after completing a course at Harvard Business School in 1967, he was appointed retail director in 1974, the year in which he also joined the group's main board of directors. He became chief executive in 1978 and chairman in 1982, holding that post until he retired from Smith's in 1994. While nepotism, as he was the first to admit, had played a part in his entry into the company and progress in the early years, his appointments to the senior positions were won on ability. In the 1980s, under his leadership, which was regarded as both innovative and entrepreneurial, Smith's made a number of acquisitions to strengthen and diversify the business. These included the record business of Our Price, a half-share in Virgin Megastores, a number of book retailers, including Waterstones, and the stationers Paperchase, as well as a joint venture with Boots into the DIY sector with the Do It All stores. At the time—one very favourable to consolidation and growth by merger and acquisition—these contributed to the success of W. H. Smith and the growth of its profits and reputation. After he had retired, and in a very different economic and social context, some of the acquisitions were sold off. Hornby's belief that good design brought a real commercial advantage played into the development of the business; as chief executive he undertook a redesign of the shops to attract more customers and enhance Smith's image. His interest in industrial design led to the

chairmanship of the Design Council from 1986 until 1992.

Hornby took on a number of other outside appointments which reflected his wide-ranging interests. He held non-executive directorships at a number of companies including Pearsons (1978–97), Lloyds TSB (1988–99), and Lloyd Abbey Life (1991–7). He was a council member of the Victoria and Albert Museum (1971–5), the National Trust (1976–2001), and the Royal Society of Arts (1985–90), as well as a trustee of the British Museum (1975–85). His varied experience, unusual among British industrialists, shaped his evidence to the influential committee on the financial aspects of corporate governance (the Cadbury committee) in 1991. A book-lover himself—he admitted he wished he had read English literature rather than law at Oxford—he supported the Book Trust (of which he was chairman in 1978–80 and president from 1990 to 1996) and the National Literacy Trust (of which he was chairman from 1993 to 2001 and president thereafter). He was knighted in 1988.

On 15 June 1968 Hornby had married (Ann) Sheran Cazalet (b. 1934), sister of his friend Edward Cazalet and daughter of Peter Victor Ferdinand Cazalet, racehorse trainer. They entertained enthusiastically and Hornby himself was an accomplished chef. Among his many passions, which included the collection of modern art and fine porcelain, the closest to his heart was gardening, inherited from his mother, who was a noted plantswoman. Hornby and his wife lived in an old rectory near Pusey House where he created the garden, and then in 1992 they moved to The Ham at Wantage where he again created a garden in its fifty acres. In the 1980s he wrote the gardening column in The Tatler. These credentials brought him the chairmanship of the Royal Horticultural Society in 1994, a position he held until 2001. His proposal to move the Society's Lindley Library from London to Wisley was controversial and such was the opposition to it that he had to reach a compromise, which included a redesign of the premises at 80 Vincent Square to provide more space, and the opening of reading rooms at Wisley, Harlow Carr, Hyde Hall, and Rosemoor. He went on, however, to support the merger of the Royal Horticultural Society with the Northern Horticultural Society and to make changes at Wisley and Chelsea. In his retirement he suffered from Parkinson's disease and failing eyesight but continued to enjoy his garden. He died by drowning in the grounds of The Ham on 17 July 2010; an inquest found that his death was the result of an accident. He was survived by his wife, Sheran.

Judy Slinn

Sources The Times (20 July 2010); (3 Aug 2010) · The Independent (23 July 2010) · Retail Week (23 July 2010) · The Guardian (27 July 2010) · Daily Telegraph (29 July 2010) · U. Cam., Judge Business School, Cadbury Archive, CAD 01039, CAD 01053, CAD 01171 · Burke, Peerage · WW (2010) · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert.

Archives SOUND BL NSA, performance recordings

Likenesses photographs, 1996, Photoshot, London · photographs, 1997, Photoshot, London · double portrait, photograph, 2001 (with Princess Anne), Camera Press, London · double portraits, photographs, 2001 (with HM the Queen), Camera Press, London · obituary photographs

Wealth at death £8,132,696: probate, 6 Dec 2010, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Judy Slinn, 'Hornby, Sir Simon Michael (1934–2010)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Jan 2014 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/102855]

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director of W. H. Smith, Newsagents.

Simon married Ann Sheran Cazalet, daughter of Peter Victor Ferdinand Cazalet and Leonora Wodehouse.

12-Charles Nicholas Hornby was born on 17 May 1939 and died in Apr 1996 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire at age 56.

General Notes: http://news.google.com/newspapers?id...g=4638,2085303

The Montreal Gazette - Sep 23, 1975

Wealthy Briton gets prison term over vice racket

LONDON (CP) - The odd man out in a Piccadilly prostitution ring operating from Piccadilly Circus's Playland amusement arcade was Charles Hornby, 36, a man who "had everything" but was sentenced yesterday to 2½ years in prison.

The other four in the vice racket to lure young runaway boys into prostitution - for wealthy customers such as Hornby - were listed on Old Bailey records as having "no occupation." Their sentences ranged from 2½ years to 6½ years on charges of indecent assault, importuning and living off the earnings of prostitution.

But Hornby, Eton-educated, married to a former debutante, owner of a vast Gloucestershire estate where the family sometimes entertained Prince Charles, seemed to be a pillar of British society.

The only thing Hornby and others in the dock had in common, as the judge noted, was that "all of you are completely obsessed with boys."

The suggestion that accused were trying to help the boys was "the most nauseating part" of the nine-week rent-a-boy trial: said Judge Alan King-Hamilton. Hornby sat with his head bowed as his lawyer spoke of his "secret shame" - the attraction to young men he had felt all through his army days and as a racehorse trainer, but never confessed to his wife of friends.

A former lancer and superior amateur jockey - because of his six-foot-four height bookies referred to him as The Lanky Lancer, Hornby later became a Lloyd's under-writer. His father was chairman of the giant publishing and book store company of H. W. Smith and his sister once was married to the Marquis of Blandford, later the 11th Duke of Marlborough.

Charles married Amanda FitzWilliams-Hyde, daughter of Maj. Anthony John FitzWilliams-Hyde and Joanna Margaret Hunter. They had three children: Nicholas Michael, Jonathan Charles, and Camilla Rose.

- 13-Nicholas Michael Hornby
- 13-Jonathan Charles Hornby
- 13-Camilla Rose Hornby
- 11-Diana Cicely Beatrice Hornby was born on 15 May 1900 in Chelsea, London and died in 1980 in Chelsea, London at age 80. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 11-Sir Roger Antony Hornby was born on 5 Feb 1904 and died in 1987 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Stockbroker, Cazenoves in London.

Roger married Lady Veronica Brenda Hamilton-Temple-Blackwood, daughter of Rt. Hon. Frederick Temple Hamilton-Temple-Blackwood 3rd Marquess of Dufferin and Ava and Brenda Woodhouse, on 17 Dec 1931. The marriage ended in divorce in 1940. Veronica was born on 13 Dec 1910 and died on 30 Jul 1971 at age 60. They had two children: Marie Antoinette and Anne Veronica.

12-Marie Antoinette Hornby was born on 9 Nov 1932 and died on 30 Aug 2020 at age 87.

Marie married Lieut. Col. Thomas Armitage Hall, son of Athelstan Argyle Hall and Nancy Armitage Dyson. They had six children: Jane, Annabel, Edward St. John, Lucy, John Anthony, and Catherine.

13-Jane Hall

Jane married David Michael Wentworth-Stanley, son of Geoffrey David Wentworth-Stanley and Bridget Pease. They had three children: Laura Clare, Emma Jane, and Harriet Sarah.

14-Laura Clare Wentworth-Stanley

Laura married Robert Nelson. They had three children: Rory David, William Edward, and Margot Elspeth Jane.

- 15-Rory David Nelson
- 15-William Edward Nelson
- 15-Margot Elspeth Jane Nelson
- 14-Emma Jane Wentworth-Stanley

Emma married Rory Andrew Renshaw. They had two children: George Andrew and Nicholas Michael.

- 15-George Andrew Renshaw
- 15-Nicholas Michael Renshaw
- 14-Harriet Sarah Wentworth-Stanley

Harriet married Matthew Smith, son of Gen. Sir Rupert Smith. They had two children: Sebastian Luke and Cosima Jane.

- 15-Sebastian Luke Smith
- 15-Cosima Jane Smith
- 13-Annabel Hall

Annabel married Hon. David Sharples.

Annabel next married Nicholas Barley. They had one daughter: Matilda Meysey.

- 14-Matilda Meysey Barley
- 13-Edward St. John Hall

Edward married Lucinda Thring. They had three children: Rupert Dyson, Phoebe Emma, and Eliza Charlotte.

- 14-Rupert Dyson Hall
- 14-Phoebe Emma Hall
- 14-Eliza Charlotte Hall
- 13-Lucy Hall

Lucy married Simon Peter Taylor. They had two children: Anthony James and Sophie Catherine.

- 14-Anthony James Taylor
- 14-Sophie Catherine Taylor
- 13-John Anthony Hall

John married Anne Tytherleigh. They had two children: Amelia Rose and Theodore Thomas.

- 14-Amelia Rose Hall
- 14-Theodore Thomas Hall
- 13-Catherine Hall

Catherine married **Jean-Pierre Dutheil**. They had one daughter: **Alice**.

- 14-Alice Dutheil
- 12-Anne Veronica Hornby
- 11-Edward Meysey Hornby was born on 5 Feb 1908 and died on 28 Mar 1998 in London at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Interior designer.
- He had a residence in 14 Burton Court, Franklins Row, London.
- 11-Dame Rosamund Mary Hornby³ was born on 26 Jun 1914 and died on 18 Jun 2001 in Enbridge House Nursing Home, Church Road, Woolton Hill, Newbury, Berkshire at age 86.

General Notes: Martin, Dame Rosamund Mary Holland- [née Rosamund Mary Hornby], Lady Holland-Martin (1914–2001), voluntary worker, was born on 26 June 1914 at Shelley House, Chelsea Embankment, London, the younger daughter and youngest of five children of (Charles Harold) St John Hornby (1867–1946), a founding partner of W. H. Smith, and his wife, Cicely Rachel Emily Barclay, eldest daughter of Charles Barclay, of Bayford, Hertfordshire, a director of the National Provincial Bank. Both her parents had had a long connection with the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children (NSPCC), her father being a member of its central executive committee and her mother an active fund-raiser for the charity. Brought up in comfortable circumstances, in a family both intellectually distinguished and with a strong sense of public duty, Rosamund Hornby was educated privately, and completed her education at a finishing school in Florence, which left her with a lasting love of the arts. Her first job was as assistant matron of a girls' school which had been evacuated to the family home,

Chantmarle, in Dorset, during the Second World War. She found her true vocation when she joined the Women's Voluntary Society (WVS) in 1942. The WVS was then led by a dynamic personality, the dowager marchioness of Reading, who became something of a role model, teaching Hornby many of the skills and ideas she later displayed. Hornby worked all hours, chain smoking and spreading fun all round, finally becoming a regional organizer for the south east, from 1946 to 1951. She was appointed OBE for her work with the WVS in 1947. She remained active in the organization, subsequently re-named the Women's Royal Voluntary Service (WRVS), and was vice-chairman from 1978 to 1981. Meanwhile, following family tradition, she was elected to the central executive committee of the NSPCC the year after the death of her father, in 1947. This was at a time when children's charities were forced to re-think their role in relation to the new welfare state, though the NSPCC, the only children's charity to have been set up by act of parliament, may not have been under the same pressure to change its working practices. The NSPCC gave scope to her compassionate nature, and her administrative and fund-raising abilities.

On 9 September 1951 Rosamund Hornby married Captain Douglas Eric (Deric) Holland-Martin (1906–1977), naval officer, and the fourth of the six sons of Robert Holland-Martin, banker. Promoted rear-admiral in 1955 and knighted in 1960, he had a distinguished naval career, becoming commandant of the Imperial Defence College in 1964. The marriage was happy, and as a navy wife Rosamund followed her husband with their two children, Emma (b. 1953) and Ben (b. 1955), overseas, twice to Malta. A born hostess, she entertained visitors and sailors of all ranks with charm and infectious good spirits. After her husband's retirement in 1966 they lived at Bell's Castle, Kemerton, Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire, where she continued to entertain friends and family. She loved cooking and collecting, Battersea boxes being her speciality. She was also a keen photographer. Her husband died in 1977, and she succeeded him as a member of council of Malvern College (1979–90), and became a deputy lieutenant of Hereford and Worcester (of which he had been lord lieutenant) in 1983.

When Lady Holland-Martin became its chairman in 1969, the NSPCC was still a very traditional charity. She encouraged front-line workers on her visits to branches, listening with understanding and sympathy to accounts of the stresses of their work, as well as chairing the organization with charm, firmness, and skill. A natural speaker, she had the ability to make people feel valued and motivated. However, between 1974 and 1984 there were twenty-seven inquiries into child deaths, and as a result social-work practices came under renewed scrutiny. Changes were needed. Dr Alan Gilmour, the director of the charity, worked closely with Holland-Martin to draw up what came to be known as the centenary charter of 1984, which helped engineer the society's development into a modern professional body. The first priority was to establish sixty child-protection teams across the country, a costly undertaking for a society with falling revenues. Holland-Martin energetically set about raising the necessary finance. It was one of the most successful charity appeals of its time, raising more than £14 million. She was promoted DBE in 1983, but continued to style herself Lady Holland-Martin, rather than Dame Rosamund. She retired as chairman of the society in 1987, but remained very active locally and continued to keep in touch with the society, speaking at branch meetings and remaining a member of the central executive committee. She died of heart disease at Enbridge House Nursing Home, Church Road, Woolton Hill, Newbury, on 18 June 2001, and was survived by her daughter and son.

Gillian Wagner

Sources The Times (27 June 2001) · The Guardian (4 July 2001) · The Independent (9 July 2001) · Daily Telegraph (17 July 2001) · Debrett's People of today (1999) · WW (2001) · Burke, Peerage · private information (2005) · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert.

Likenesses photograph, 1983, repro. in The Guardian · photograph, repro. in The Times

Wealth at death £1,264,462: probate, 23 Oct 2001, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Gillian Wagner, 'Martin, Dame Rosamund Mary Holland-, Lady Holland-Martin (1914–2001)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Jan 2005; online edn, May 2008 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/75968

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Chairman of the Central executive committee of the NSPCC.

Rosamund married **Admiral Sir Douglas Eric Holland-Martin**, son of **Robert Martin Holland-Martin** and **Eleanor Mary Bromley-Martin**, in 1951. Douglas was born on 10 Apr 1906 in Kensington, London and died on 6 Jan 1977 in Kemerton, Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire at age 70. They had two children: **Emma Rose** and **Benjamin Guy**.

12-Emma Rose Holland-Martin

12-Benjamin Guy Holland-Martin

10-2nd Lieutenant Charles Roger Barclay was born on 9 Jan 1878 in The Manor House, Bayford, Hertfordshire and died on 3 Apr 1900 in Redersburg, South Africa. Killed in action at age 22.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- Miscellaneous: He is commemorated on a memorial tablet in St. Mary's church., Bayford, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as an officer of the Northumberland Fusiliers.

10-Madeleine Anna Barclay was born on 18 Jun 1879 in The Manor House, Bayford, Hertfordshire, died on 19 Mar 1965 at age 85, and was buried in St. Bartholomew's Churchyard, Oakridge, Gloucestershire.

Madeleine married William Meysey Hornby, son of Rev. Charles Edward Hornby and Harriet Catherine Turton, in 1911. William was born on 18 Jan 1870, died on 7 Jul 1955 at age 85, and was buried in St. Bartholomew's Churchyard, Oakridge, Gloucestershire. They had two children: Miles Roger and Rosamund M.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Headmaster of Sandroyd School.
 - 11-Miles Roger Hornby was born on 3 Feb 1912 in Cobham, Surrey and died in 1979 at age 67.
 - 11-Rosamund M. Hornby was born in 1914.
- 10-Charlotte Cassandra Barclay was born on 3 Oct 1882 in The Manor House, Bayford, Hertfordshire and died on 24 Dec 1924 at age 42.

Charlotte married Francis Cotton Annesley, son of Rev. Francis Hanbury Annesley and Maria Charlotte Annesley, on 15 Jan 1914. Francis was born on 12 Apr 1871 and died on 11 Jul 1951 at age 80. They had one daughter: Mary Cassandra.

- 11-Mary Cassandra Annesley was born on 5 Feb 1916 and died on 11 Jan 1964 at age 47.
- 9-Anna Maria Barclay died on 29 Dec 1877.
 - 10-**Gerald Hanbury** was born on 10 Nov 1858.
 - 10-Henry Hanbury was born on 8 Nov 1862.
 - 10-Lilian Emily Hanbury was born in 1860 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
 - 11-Maj. Hanbury Lewis Kekewich was born on 30 Jul 1885 in 82 Ebury Street, London, died on 6 Nov 1917 at age 32, and was buried in Beersheba War Cemetery, Palestine.
 - 12-Sylvia Lane Kekewich was born in 1916.
 - 11-**Robert Kekewich** was born in 1886 and died in 1887 at age 1.
 - 11-Capt. George Kekewich was born in 1889, died on 28 Oct 1917 at age 28, and was buried in Beersheba War Cemetery, Palestine.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- 11-Capt. John Kekewich was born in 1891, died on 25 Sep 1915 in Battle of Loos. Killed In Action at age 24, and was buried in Loos Memorial.
- 11-Capt. Sidney Kekewich was born in 1893.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MBE.
- 11-Evelyn Lilian Kekewich
 - 12-Maj. Peter Charles James was born in 1917 and died on 12 Aug 1944 at age 27.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- 12-Rosemary James
- 11-Kekewich
- 11-Kekewich
- 10-Helen Marguerite Hanbury was born in 1865 in West Bromwich, Staffordshire and died in 1890 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 25.
- 10-Ada Beatrice Hanbury was born in 1868 in West Bromwich, Staffordshire.

9-Emily Barclay

Emily married Rev. Hayward Joyce. They had seven children: Robert Barclay, George Hayward, Gilbert Cunningham, Laura, Rachel Elinor, Adela Emily, and Amy Mary.

- 10-Robert Barclay Joyce was born on 25 Sep 1863.
- 10-Prof. George Hayward Joyce was born on 13 Nov 1864 and died on 15 Nov 1943 in Heythrop College, London at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Professor of Logic and Epistemology, St. Mary's Hall in Stonyhurst.
- Miscellaneous: Author of The Principles of Logic, 1908.
- He worked as a Dean of the Faculty of Theology, Heythrop College.
- He was Roman Catholic.
- 10-Rt. Rev. Dr. Gilbert Cunningham Joyce was born on 7 Apr 1866 and died on 22 Jul 1942 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MA BD DD.
- He worked as a Bishop of Monmouth.
- 10-Laura Joyce was born on 1 Dec 1867.
- 10-Rachel Elinor Joyce was born on 21 Jun 1869.
- 10-Adela Emily Joyce was born on 13 Feb 1871.
- 10-Amy Mary Joyce was born on 12 May 1872.
- 8-Mary Hanbury was born on 30 Nov 1812 and died on 8 Mar 1901 at age 88.

Mary married Sir Francis Alexander Mackenzie 5th Bt. of Gairloch, son of Sir Hector Mackenzie 4th Bt. of Gairloch and Christian Henderson, on 25 Oct 1836. Francis was born on 3 Jul 1798 and died on 2 Jun 1843 at age 44. They had one son: Osgood Hanbury.

9-Osgood Hanbury Mackenzie was born on 13 May 1842 in Chateau de Talhouet, Brittany and died on 15 Apr 1922 at age 79.

General Notes: Mackenzie's father died a year or so after he was born. He was educated at home, in the tradition of his family, and brought up to speak both English and Gaelic.[1] In 1862, with the help of his mother he purchased the 12,000 acre estate of Inverewe and Kernsary.[2] There he built a Scottish Baronial style mansion and set about creating a garden.

Mackenzie concentrated first on establishing shelter belts of Native and Scandanavian pines and built a walled garden. He also created woodland walks. Within 40 years, he had established one of the finest collections in Scotland of temperate plants from both Northern and Southern hemispheres.[3]

Mackenzie wrote a volume of memoirs (published by Edwin Arnold in London in 1921), entitled A Hundred Years in the Highlands. A second edition of these (Geoffrey Bles, London, 1949) contained an additional chapter by his daughter. Little space in the memoirs is devoted to Mackenzie's gardening activities; they instead provide a charming account of Highland country life and society, both in Mackenzie's own time and in his grandfather's.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP. DL.

Osgood married **Minna Amy Edwards-Moss**, daughter of **Sir Thomas Edwards-Moss Bt.** and **Amy Charlotte Edwards**, on 26 Jun 1877. Minna died on 19 Aug 1909. They had one daughter: **Mary Thyra**.

10-Mary Thyra Mackenzie was born on 1 Mar 1879 and died in Jul 1953 at age 74.

General Notes: Mackenzie died on 15 April 1922. On his death, Inverewe was inherited by his daughter. Following the death of her second husband, and being without any children, she began discussions with the National Trust for Scotland about the future ownership of the garden in 1950. She gave the garden to the National Trust for Scotland in 1952, together with an endowment for its future upkeep

7-Charles Hanbury was born on 26 Sep 1766 and died on 4 Jan 1825 at age 58.

General Notes: Of the Old Well House, Cheltenham and of Halstead, Essex

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker.

Charles married **Priscilla Bland**, ¹⁴ daughter of **John Bland**, on 17 Mar 1790. Priscilla died on 22 Dec 1830. They had 12 children: **John Bland**, **Charles**, **Barnard**, **Richard**, **David**, **Octavius**, **Alfred**, **Edward**, **Mary**, **Priscilla**, **Elizabeth**, and **Agatha**.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: "Heiress to an ample fortune".
 - 8-John Bland Hanbury was born in 1794 and died on 28 Jun 1841 at age 47.
 - 8-Charles Hanbury died on 15 Nov 1829.
 - 8-**Rev. Barnard Hanbury** died on 26 Jan 1833.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chaplain to The Duke of Sussex.
- 8-Richard Hanbury died on 14 Jan 1850.

Richard married Olympia Wright, daughter of Peter Wright, in 1827. Olympia died on 5 Feb 1859. They had five children: Richard, Charles, Olympia, Mary Anne, and Margaret.

- 9-Richard Hanbury died in 1840.
- 9-Capt. Charles Hanbury was born on 29 Sep 1842.

Charles married Ada Constance Pauline Creighton, daughter of Loftus Abraham Creighton. They had three children: Cyril Coventry Loftus, Muriel Guendolen, and Dorothy Constance.

- 10-Cyril Coventry Loftus Hanbury was born on 29 Mar 1874.
- 10-Muriel Guendolen Hanbury

10-Dorothy Constance Hanbury

9-Olympia Hanbury

Olympia married Rev. Charles Brian Leigh. They had six children: Charles Edward, Francis Beilby, Stratford Stradsett, Mary, Emily, and Olympia Maria.

10-Rev. Charles Edward Leigh was born on 13 Jul 1856.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector of Langford.

Charles married Constance Mary Lord, daughter of J. P. Lord.

- 10-**Francis Beilby Leigh** was born on 4 Dec 1860.
- 10-Stratford Stradsett Leigh was born on 14 Aug 1866.
- 10-Mary Leigh

Mary married Percy Edward Lawrence.

- 10-Emily Leigh
- 10-Olympia Maria Leigh
- 9-Mary Anne Hanbury died in 1853.
- 9-Margaret Hanbury
- 8-David Hanbury was born on 20 Aug 1802 and died on 12 Aug 1836 at age 33.

David married Louisa Emily Cobbold, daughter of John Cobbold. They had five children: David, David, Charles, Louisa, and Eleanor.

- 9-David Hanbury was born on 20 Aug 1833 and died on 20 Aug 1833.
- 9-David Hanbury was born on 15 Mar 1834.

David married Mary Ewbank, daughter of Henry Ewbank.

- 9-Charles Hanbury was born on 9 Jun 1836 and died on 11 Jun 1836.
- 9-Louisa Hanbury
- 9-Eleanor Hanbury was born on 26 Oct 1835 and died on 26 Oct 1835.
- 8-Octavius Hanbury died on 14 Aug 1875.

General Notes: Of London

Octavius married Mary Armstrong Strettell, daughter of Edward Strettell, on 3 May 1829. Mary was born in 1807 and died on 18 Aug 1835 at age 28. They had one son: Octavius.

9-Octavius Hanbury

Octavius married Elizabeth Adams. They had one daughter: Mary.

10-Mary Hanbury

8-Rev. Alfred Hanbury died on 18 Mar 1859.

Alfred married Roe. They had six children: Francis Alfred, Charles Edward, Philip Osgood, Barnard Bland, George Herbert Ffoliott, and Ffoliott.

9-Francis Alfred Hanbury was born on 18 Jul 1839 and died on 12 Aug 1878 at age 39.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Botanist.

Francis married Blanche Townley, daughter of William Townley. They had two children: Francis Arthur Townley and Zoe Blanche Townley.

- 10-Francis Arthur Townley Hanbury was born on 7 Oct 1870 and died on 14 Feb 1872 at age 1.
- 10-**Zoe Blanche Townley Hanbury** was born on 28 Oct 1872.
- 9-Charles Edward Hanbury
- 9-Philip Osgood Hanbury
- 9-Barnard Bland Hanbury
- 9-George Herbert Ffoliott Hanbury died in Nov 1883.

George married Mary Elizabeth Townley, daughter of William Townley. They had one son: (No Given Name).

- 10-Hanbury
- 9-Ffoliott Hanbury
- 8-Edward Hanbury was born in 1809 and died on 8 Feb 1850 at age 41.

Edward married Harriet Anne Cobbold, daughter of John Cobbold, on 20 Jan 1835. Harriet died on 20 Nov 1864.

- 8-Mary Hanbury died on 29 May 1812.
- 8-Priscilla Hanbury died on 9 Feb 1855.

Priscilla married William Philip Honywood on 11 Sep 1820. William died on 22 Apr 1831. They had four children: William Philip, Robert, Walter, and Priscilla.

General Notes: Of Marks Hall, Essex

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a MP. DL.
- 9-William Philip Honywood was born on 15 Oct 1823 and died on 21 Feb 1859 at age 35.

William married Frances Emma Phelips, daughter of Charles Phelips.

- 9-**Robert Honywood** was born on 6 Apr 1825.
- 9-Walter Honywood was born on 20 Jul 1830.
- 9-Priscilla Honywood was born on 3 Mar 1829 and died on 30 Jan 1858 at age 28.

Priscilla married **Rev. Stratford Leigh**. Stratford died on 26 Aug 1866.

8-Elizabeth Hanbury died on 12 Nov 1866.

Elizabeth married Christopher Hewetson Barnes on 31 Mar 1832. Christopher died on 25 Feb 1875. They had ten children: Christopher Hewetson, Philip Edward, Charles Gabriel Alfred, Frederick, Hanbury, William Osgood, Barnard Quarrington, Octavius Robert Barclay, Elizabeth Agatha Marianne, and Jessie Georgina Priscilla.

9-Lt. Col. Christopher Hewetson Barnes was born on 7 Feb 1833.

Christopher married Lucy Caroline Bartlet, daughter of Alexander Henry Bartlet and Mary Elizabeth Cobbold. They had two children: Henry Marshal and Christopher Chevallier.

- 10-Henry Marshal Barnes
- 10-Christopher Chevallier Barnes
- 9-Philip Edward Barnes was born on 31 May 1834 and died in 1869 in Drowned At Sea at age 35.
- 9-Charles Gabriel Alfred Barnes was born on 29 May 1835 and died on 5 May 1868 at age 32.
- 9-Frederick Barnes was born on 29 Aug 1836 and died on 17 Jul 1871 at age 34.
- 9-Rev. Hanbury Barnes

Hanbury married Alice Marion Drane, daughter of Thomas Drane.

- 9-William Osgood Barnes
- 9-Barnard Quarrington Barnes
- 9-Octavius Robert Barclay Barnes was born on 9 Jul 1848.
- 9-Elizabeth Agatha Marianne Barnes
- 9-Jessie Georgina Priscilla Barnes died on 19 Sep 1873.
- 8-Agatha Hanbury died on 18 Nov 1867.

Agatha married **Rev. Charles John Gooch**, son of **Sir Thomas Sherlock Gooch Bt.**, on 17 Jul 1832. Charles was born on 17 Jul 1803 and died on 25 Jun 1876 at age 72. They had three children: **Philip Sherlock, Agatha**, and **Emily**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of South Cove, Suffolk.
- 9-**Rev. Philip Sherlock Gooch** was born on 14 Mar 1839.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector of Benacre with North Hales, Suffolk.

Philip married Mary Campbell Jodrell, daughter of Rev. Henry Jodrell and Heloise Frances Harriet Napier Countess of St. Vincent.

9-Agatha Gooch

Agatha married Capt. William Henry Lawrence in Apr 1863. William died in May 1864. They had one daughter: Williamina Florence Emily.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a 9th Lancers.

10-Williamina Florence Emily Lawrence

Agatha next married Capt. Robert Lawrence.

9-Emily Gooch died on 15 May 1855.

7-Richard Hanbury was born on 23 Nov 1767 and died on 23 May 1768.

7-**Sampson Hanbury**^{3,25,36,120} was born on 12 Mar 1769 and died on 2 Aug 1835 at age 66.

General Notes: Of Poles Hall, Herts. Sampson Hanbury bought Poles about the year 1800. From 1799 to 1830 he was Master of the Puckeridge Hounds. Childless, he left Poles to his widow, Agatha

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer. Truman Hanbury, Buxton.
- He had a residence in Poles, Cambridge Road, Ware, Hertfordshire.

Sampson married **Agatha Gurney**, ^{25,36,65,93,120} daughter of **Richard Gurney** ^{3,23,25,36,43,57,65,119,120} and **Agatha Barclay**, ^{3,23,25,36,120} on 17 Nov 1795. Agatha was born on 23 Mar 1776 and died on 25 Mar 1847 at age 71.

General Notes: Known as "Gatty"

7-Mary Elizabeth Hanbury³⁴ died in 1829.

Mary married **David Lloyd**, ³⁴ son of **Sampson Lloyd** ^{10,34} and **Rachel Barnes**, ^{10,21,34,100,153} on 25 Sep 1797. David was born on 12 Sep 1769 and died on 31 Jan 1839 at age 69.

General Notes: Of Kenilworth, Warwicks. and of Halesworth, Suffolk

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Banker.
- He worked as a Brewer, in partnership with William Payton Summerfield in 1802 in Coventry, Warwickshire.
- 6-Champion Llovd³⁴ was born on 5 Jan 1739 and died on 20 Nov 1739.
- 6-Rachel Lloyd³⁴ was born on 9 Jan 1741 and died on 17 Jan 1742 at age 1.
- 6-Rachel Llovd^{10,21,25,34,62} was born on 2 Jun 1743, died on 2 Jun 1789 in Youngsbury at age 46, and was buried in FBG Winchmore Hill.

Rachel married **David Barclay**, 3,10,21,23,25,34,36,62,154 son of **David Barclay of Mathers & Urie** 2,3,25,34,62,155 and **Priscilla Freame**, 25,34 in Oct 1767 in FMH Bull Street, Birmingham. David was born in 1728 and died on 30 May 1809 in Walthamstow, London at age 81.

General Notes: Of Youngsbury. This is the controlling line of the Barclays Bank of Lombard Street. In conjunction with his brother John, from they took up banking with enthusiasm. Not only were the the inheritors of John Freame's enterprise but the Barclays shared the greater part of the Freame inheritances, plus bequests from John Freame the younger.

Before John's death in 1787, they had inherited a slave owing estate in Unity Valley, Jamaica and which devolved exclusively upon David, who then undertook the free the slaves. The estate falling to their hands, came as a consequence of a, "debt due to them from a correspondent in Jamaica". An acknowledgement that they acted in business with those engaged in slavery. It was a further **eight** years, (January 1795) before David Barclay felt able to send William Holden to Jamaica to seek to emancipate his slaves. Holden arrived back in Portsmouth the 26th October of that same year. It was a further **six** years before the text of "An Account of the Emancipation of the Slaves of Unity Valley Pen, in Jamaica", was published by David Barclay in London and the first instance

wherein William Holden had seen fit to record an account of his task, for the purposes of the text.

In the same book, an Alexander Barclay writes from New York 14 Nov 1796 "Having been obliged to Jamaica on account of my health..... &c" On 16th Feb 1797, three months later, he is back in Jamaica.

once more writing to David Barclay. Is he connected to the Barking Lodge, Jamaica plantation?

David Barclay the second succeeded his father in the family house in Cheapside. He also was a merchant and chiefly engaged in the American trade, but he relinquished business when the war began; he was, however, a partner in the banking-house, afterwards so closely connected with his family, and part owner of Barclay and Perkins Brewery, from which he derived a large income. A man of integrity and of a singularly clear and even mind, he early won the esteem both of his own people and of the public. With his elder friend Fothergill he worked side by side in many good causes and in much mutual confidence. Their temperaments were complementary: whilst Fothergill was quick and sensitive, Barclay was deliberate, a man of common-sense, and if he had not the far vision of his friend, he was not less loyal to the call of conscience.

He married in 1749 Martha Hudson, the daughter of John Hudson of London and Bush Hill, of a propertied Quaker family. She was of delicate health, and a patient of Fothergill's, who is said himself to have felt an early special regard for her; he wrote her before her marriage an interesting letter of advice, which will be found in an appendix (B) to this volume. She bore two daughters to David Barclay, but died while they were still children. As these girls grew up, they engaged the tender care of a father who had not only large means but liberal and just ideas. He drew up in 1763, the year of his wife's death, a memorandum for the use of their governess Bridget Seymour, who was a member of the national church; it is worthy of notice, as a specimen of the thought which underlay what may be termed the best aristocratic Quaker life of the middle of the eighteenth century. He begins upon religion, and it is interesting to see what the grandson of the Apologist regarded as the essence of Quakerism. *Dr. John Fothergill and his friends*

Barclay, David (1729–1809), banker and brewer, was the younger son of David Barclay (1682–1769), Quaker merchant, and his second wife, Priscilla, daughter of John Freame, banker, of Lombard Street. David and his brother John became partners in their father's linen and merchant house in Cheapside.

Even before the death of his father in 1769, David Barclay had begun a strategic redirection of the family's efforts and resources. Perceiving more clearly than most the dangers inherent in the darkening American situation, the Barclay brothers first gave up their commission merchant business, and then gradually reduced their export trade to North America. By 1783 they had decided to wind up their old linen business. Through his mother, Barclay was to inherit a share in the Freame bank, the oldest surviving Quaker bank in London. In 1776 he became an active partner in this firm, now styled Barclay, Bevan, and Bening, which developed as the Lombard Street node of a network of Quaker country bankers, financing bridges and canals as well as trading enterprises. (After many changes of partners, with the Barclays, Bevans, and Trittons predominating, this firm became the nucleus of the corporate merger of 1896 which became Barclays Bank.) In 1781 Barclay and his nephews, Robert Barclay and Silvanus Bevan, bought the Anchor Brewery in Southwark from Mrs Hester Thrale. This became Barclay, Perkins & Co., one of the three great London breweries of the nineteenth century. The later partnership records of the bank suggest that he became a sleeping partner at some time in the 1780s.

Like his father, David Barclay was a conscientious and active Quaker, and a pacifist. He was a good friend of Benjamin Franklin and tried unsuccessfully in 1774–5 to mediate between Franklin and the government of Lord North to avoid the impending break with the American colonies. His philanthropies were many, and he used his influence to move English Quakers into a stronger stand against slavery—a difficult position for a retired West India merchant, whose bank financed slavers and slave owners, and had the non-Quaker Bevans, with less severe views on such matters, as partners. On a Jamaican cattle ranch acquired in settlement of some debts, he freed the slaves and transported them at his own expense to Philadelphia for resettlement, incurring a £3000 loss.

On 6 May 1749 Barclay married his first wife, Martha, daughter of John Hudson, of Thames Street, London, hop merchant. They had an only child, Agatha, who married (3 August 1773) Richard Gurney, a Quaker banker of Norwich. She was the mother of Hudson Gurney, David Barclay's principal heir. In 1767 Barclay married his second wife, Rachel, daughter of Sampson Lloyd (1699–1779), banker. In his will Barclay remembered numerous nephews and cousins, some of whose descendants were active in his bank and brewery until well into the twentieth century. He died at Walthamstow, Essex, on 30 May 1809.

Jacob M. Price, rev. Leslie Hannah

Sources M. Ackrill and L. Hannah, Barclays: the business of banking, 1690–1996 (2001) · C. W. Barclay and others, eds., A history of the Barclay family, 3 vols. (1924–34) · P. Mathias, The brewing industry in England, 1700–1830 (1959) · P. W. Matthews, History of Barclays Bank Limited, ed. A. W. Tuke (1926) · R. S. Dunn and M. M. Dunn, eds., The world of William Penn (1986) Archives Barclays Bank archives, London · Norfolk RO, personal and commercial corresp. and papers | Barclays Bank archives, London Likenesses Houghton, portrait, NPG [see illus.]

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Jacob M. Price, 'Barclay, David (1729–1809)', rev. Leslie Hannah, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/37150]

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Walthamstow, London.
- He worked as an American merchant in London.
- He worked as a Banker in Cheapside, London.
- He worked as a Partner in Barclay, Perkins Brewery.
- He worked as a Founding father of Ackworth School.

6-Nehemiah Lloyd¹⁰ was born in 1746, died on 22 Feb 1801 at age 55, and was buried in FBG Bull Lane, Monmouth Street, Birmingham. Body moved to FBG Bull Street in 1851.

6-Charles Lloyd^{3,10,23,34,85,100} was born on 22 Aug 1748 in Edgbaston Street, Birmingham, died on 16 Jan 1828 in Bingley House, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 79, and was buried in FBG Bull Lane, Monmouth Street, Birmingham. Body moved to FBG Bull Street in 1851.

General Notes: Banker (partner in Taylors and Lloyds Bank), philanthropist. Member of the city's board of commissioners, responsible for local government, and one of the founders of the Birmingham General Hospital where he served for 50 years as treasurer

.....

Lloyd, Charles (1748–1828), banker and philanthropist, was born in Edgbaston Street, Birmingham, on 22 August 1748, the second son of Sampson Lloyd (1727–1807) of Birmingham, iron manufacturer and banker and a member of the Society of Friends, and his second wife, Rachel (1712–1756), daughter of Nehemiah Champion of Bristol. He was at a school in Worcester run by a member of the society, Ephraim Goodere, and then entered the family manufacturing and banking business. His chief, and eventually only, concern was banking, as a partner in Taylors and Lloyds Bank (a forerunner of Lloyds Bank). On 13 May 1774 he married Mary (d. 1821), daughter of James Farmer of Birmingham, with whom he had fifteen children. His eldest son, Charles Lloyd (1775–1839), was a poet associated with Samuel Taylor Coleridge and with Charles Lamb.

Though his principles as a member of the Society of Friends debarred him from holding public office Lloyd was active in public activities in Birmingham, was a member of the board of commissioners, then responsible for local government, and helped to found the Birmingham General Hospital, where he served as treasurer for fifty years. In a wider field he went to London in 1775 to meet Benjamin Franklin, in the vain hope of persuading him to avoid war, and was actively concerned with the campaign to abolish the slave trade, his brother John Lloyd being a founder member of the Abolition Committee. Having studied the classics, in his spare time Lloyd composed verse translations of Homer and Horace, some of which were published. Inspired by Virgil's Georgics he bought a farm at Olton, just outside Birmingham, and for thirty years he devoted one day a week to farming, which 'contributed, in conjunction with temperance and cheerfulness, to keep a naturally delicate constitution in health and vigour to a late period of his life' (GM). He died on 16 January 1828 at his residence, Bingley House, Birmingham, and was buried at the Quaker burial-ground at Bull Lane in the city.

Christopher Fyfe

Sources H. Lloyd, The Quaker Lloyds in the industrial revolution (1975) · GM, 1st ser., 98/1 (1828), 281 · J. A. Langford, ed., A century of Birmingham life ... 1741–1841 (1868)

Archives Friends' House Library, Lloyd MSS

Likenesses P. Hollins, bust, c.1831, Birmingham General Hospital · stipple, NPG

Wealth at death see Lloyd, The Quaker Lloyds, 249

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Christopher Fyfe, 'Lloyd, Charles (1748–1828)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/16820]

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ephraim Goodere's school, Worcester.
- He worked as a Banker and Partner in Taylpr's and Lloyd Bank in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Member of the Board of Commissioners in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a founding member of the Birmingham General Hospital.
- He worked as a Treasurer of the Birmingham General Hospital 1778 To 1828.
- He had a residence in Bingley House, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Charles married **Mary Farmer**, 3,23,34,85,100 daughter of **James Farmer** and **Priscilla Plumstead**, on 13 May 1774 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Mary was born on 23 Dec 1750 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 9 Dec 1821 at age 70. They had 15 children: **Charles, James, Priscilla, Robert, Thomas, Plumstead, Priscilla, Olivia, Mary, Joseph, Anna, Agatha, Caroline, Agatha, and Edwin.**

7-Charles Llovd^{3,10,21,34,156} was born on 12 Feb 1775 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Jan 1839 in Chaillot, Versailles, France at age 63.

General Notes: Lived at Old Brathay near Ambleside and befriended the likes of de Quincey. "Lloyd," says De Quincey, "could not in candour be considered a common man. Common [he was a man never to be forgotten. He had in conversation the most extra- ordinary powers for analysis of a certain kind applied to the philosophy of manners, and the most delicate nuances of social life, and his translation of Alfieri, together with his own poems, show him to have been an accomplished scholar."

Lloyd, Charles (1775–1839), poet, was born in Birmingham, on 12 February 1775, the eldest son of Charles Lloyd (1748–1828), the Quaker banker and philanthropist, and his wife, Mary Farmer (1751?–1821). He was educated privately, and was intended to have entered his father's bank, but he found this unpalatable, as he did the medical studies he briefly attempted at Edinburgh. His first published volume of poems appeared in Carlisle in 1795, and in the following year he met Coleridge when the latter visited Birmingham to enlist subscribers to his newspaper, The Watchman. He was so attracted by Coleridge's conversation that he offered to pay him £80 a year, in return for staying with him and having the benefit of his conversation. They lived together in Kingsdown, Bristol, and Lloyd came to know others in radical and literary circles in that city, including Robert Southey and Joseph Cottle. At the close of 1796 Lloyd accompanied Coleridge and his wife to Nether Stowey. Coleridge's sonnet 'To a Friend', on the birth of his son Hartley, and his lines 'To a Young Man of Fortune', are probably addressed to Lloyd. The latter had already printed at Bristol, for publication in London, a volume of elegiac verse to the memory of his grandmother Priscilla Farmer, with an introductory sonnet by Coleridge, and concluded by 'The Grandam' of Charles Lamb, to whom Lloyd had been introduced by Coleridge. Almost immediately after his arrival at Nether Stowey, Lloyd was attacked by fits, the precursors of his subsequent depressive illness. He remained with the Coleridges until the summer of 1797, and in the autumn of that year all the poems which he wanted to preserve were added by Cottle, along with poems by Charles Lamb, to a second edition of Coleridge's poems. But Coleridge did not think well of this

publication, and ridiculed its contents in sonnets signed Nehemiah Higginbottom in the Monthly Magazine (November 1797).

In the turbulent political climate prevailing in the aftermath of the French Revolution, Lloyd's association with a notable radical like Coleridge made him the object of attacks by conservative publicists—understandably, when one of the blank-verse poems that he published with Lamb in 1798 celebrated the promis'd time ... when equal man

Shall deem the world his temple

(Blank Verse, 1798, 12–13)

He and Lamb figure in Gillray's famous cartoon illustrating Canning's satire on revolutionary sympathizers, The New Morality, appearing there as a toad and a frog. Lloyd was anxious to rid himself of this reputation, and defended his respectability in a Letter to the Anti-Jacobin Reviewers. He reinforced this, in 1799, with some Lines Suggested by the Fast ... February 27th 1799, where he censured the modern 'spirit of insubordination', and helpfully included in a footnote a quotation from a similar satire by Lamb. Partly with the same purpose, and with Southey's encouragement, he had published in the previous year an epistolary novel, Edmund Oliver, a polemic against William Godwin's radical views on marriage, and on the rule of reason over the passions. Although poor as a novel, it gives some insight into contemporary moral and political controversies. It also draws on Coleridge's experiences as a private soldier in a way that Coleridge felt was a betrayal of confidence. This, and Lloyd's resentment at the Higginbottom sonnets, led to an estrangement.

In 1798 Lloyd was admitted to Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge, and made the acquaintance of Thomas Manning, who was giving private tuition in mathematics. On 24 April 1799 he married Sophia Pemberton. They lived for a time at Barnwell, near Cambridge, but in late November 1800 moved into Old Brathay, a house near Ambleside, where they saw much of the Wordsworths, Southey, and (later) Thomas De Quincey. At first he appeared enviably happy, with no financial anxieties thanks to his wealthy father, and a growing number of children (eventually five sons and four daughters). Sophia herself, De Quincey maintained, was 'as a wife and mother unsurpassed by anybody I have known in either of those characters' (De Quincey, 259). But from 1811 Lloyd began to suffer from distressing auditory illusions, and a serious illness occurred in July 1813.

For some years Lloyd was engaged in translating Ovid's Metamorphoses, and in 1815 published a translation of Alfieri's plays, a project which De Quincey suggests he undertook to divert his mind from the threat of the onset of insanity. He also wrote, and printed privately at Ulverston, a novel, entitled Isabel, which was published in 1820; it has remained almost unknown. Meanwhile he was removed to the Quaker psychiatric hospital in York. If De Quincey is to be believed, he was not well treated there, and he escaped some time in 1818, and found his way back to De Quincey's cottage in Grasmere. Lloyd now entered on a period of relative health. He himself attributed this to the healing effect of a performance by W. C. Macready in a stage adaptation of Scott's Rob Roy, which moved him in a way that recalls the emotional release described by John Stuart Mill in his account of recovery from depression. He became quite productive, publishing a collection of his poems under the title of Nugae canorae (1819); Desultory Thoughts in London (1821); Poetical Essays on the Character of Pope (1821); The Duke d'Ormond (1822), a tragedy published with Beritola, a metrical tale; and a small volume of poems (1823). But from this time he was silent, and evidently his disabling depression returned. He eventually went to France, and died in a maison de santé at Chaillot, near Versailles, on 16 January 1839. His wife had predeceased him on 7 August 1830.

Although Lloyd's life touched several of the older generation of English Romantic writers, his own work is mainly of historical interest. Lamb thought his poetry obscure ('not to be understood reading on one leg') but 'sinuous, and to be won with wrestling' (Letters of Charles Lamb, 2.402, autumn 1823). As for De Quincey, whose account of Lloyd in Recollections of the Lake Poets is the fullest contemporary assessment that we have, he declared that Lloyd was 'amongst the most interesting men I have known' (p. 258). But this is hardly apparent from Lloyd's published writings. Richard Garnett, rev. Geoffrey Carnall

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker before 1794 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1795 in Yanwath, Penrith, Cumbria.
- He worked as a pupil of Samuel Taylor Coleridge in 1796 in Bristol and also Nether Stowey.
- He had a residence in 1799 in Cambridge.
- He worked as a Poet in Brathay Lodge, Ambleside, Cumbria.
- Miscellaneous: 1816, The Retreat, Heslington Road, York.

Charles married **Sophia Pemberton**, 3,10,21,34,156 daughter of **Samuel Pemberton**, on 24 Apr 1799 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Sophia was born on 30 Nov 1776 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 7 Aug 1830 in Chaillot, Versailles, France at age 53. They had nine children: **Charles Grosvenor**, **James Farmer**, **Owen**, **Edward**, **Arthur**, **Louisa**, **Mary Sophia**, **Priscilla**, and **Agatha**.

8-Charles Grosvenor Lloyd was born on 31 Jul 1800 and died on 25 Jan 1850 in London at age 49.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 8-James Farmer Lloyd³⁴ was born on 11 Oct 1801 and died in Oct 1881 at age 80.

James married Juliana Ormsby. They had five children: Charles Arthur, James Herbert, Georgina Maria, Julia Sophia, and Henrietta Theresa.

9-Charles Arthur Lloyd

9-James Herbert Lloyd

James married someone. He had three children: Charles Llewellyn, Maud, and Edith.

- 10-Charles Llewellyn Lloyd
- 10-Maud Lloyd
- 10-Edith Lloyd
- 9-Georgina Maria Lloyd
- 9-Julia Sophia Lloyd
- 9-Henrietta Theresa Lloyd

Henrietta married J. K. Soames.

8-**Rev. Owen Lloyd**^{21,34,157} was born on 31 Mar 1803 in Brathay, Ambleside, Cumbria, died on 18 Apr 1841 in Manchester at age 38, and was buried in Holy Trinity Church, Chapel Stile, Great Langdale, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Perpetual Curate of Langdale.
- 8-Edward Lloyd³⁴ was born on 9 Jul 1804 and died in 1865 at age 61.

Edward married Mary Elizabeth Lloyd, daughter of Plumstead Lloyd³⁴ and Frances Isabella Bettenson,.³⁴ They had four children: Louisa, Mary Sophia, Mary Elizabeth, and Caroline.

9-Louisa Lloyd died on 13 Feb 1915.

Louisa married **Rev. Osbert Fynes-Clinton**, son of **Charles John Fynes-Clinton** and **Rosabella Matthews**, on 24 Jan 1867. Osbert was born on 18 Jul 1839 and died on 7 Nov 1900 at age 61. They had nine children: **Charles Edward, Osbert Henry, Mabel, Edith, Ethel Rosa, Hilda Mary, Muriel Agnes, Arthur**, and **Robert**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Barlow Moor, Didsbury.
 - 10-Rev. Charles Edward Fynes-Clinton was born on 14 Aug 1868 and died on 1 Oct 1955 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector of Lawford, Essex.

Charles married Quenilda Mary Shaw, daughter of James Begg Shaw, on 9 Sep 1902. Quenilda died on 5 Aug 1917. They had five children: Mary, Quenilda Margaret, Eleanor Lloyd, Charles John, and Hugh Arthur.

11-Mary Fynes-Clinton was born on 3 Sep 1903 and died on 19 Aug 1952 at age 48.

Mary married **Alfred Denis Jenkins**.

11-Quenilda Margaret Fynes-Clinton was born on 12 Oct 1905.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Matron of the Evelyn Nursing Home, Cambridge.

11-Eleanor Lloyd Fynes-Clinton

11-Charles John Fynes-Clinton

Charles married Martha Mannes, daughter of Samuel Mannes.

11-**Hugh Arthur Fynes-Clinton** was born on 8 Jan 1913 and died in 1991 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Inspector of Schools, Dept. Of African Education.

Hugh married Pauline Ruth Ashton Dold. They had two children: Rozanne Jean and Oliver John.

12-Rozanne Jean Fynes-Clinton

12-Oliver John Fynes-Clinton

Oliver married Christine Elisabeth Brittaine. They had two children: Francis Bernard Peter and Laura Emily.

13-Francis Bernard Peter Fynes-Clinton

13-Laura Emily Fynes-Clinton

10-**Prof. Osbert Henry Fynes-Clinton** was born on 9 Nov 1869 and died on 9 Aug 1941 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Professor of French and Romance Philology in University College of North Wales, Bangor.
- He worked as a Linguist.

10-Mabel Fynes-Clinton died on 22 Jun 1918.

Mabel married **John Frederick Binyon**, son of **Rev. Frederick Binyon**³⁴ and **Mary Dockray**, on 3 Jun 1897. John was born on 10 Jun 1868 and died on 4 Feb 1936 at age 67. They had three children: **Olwen Ruth, Dennis**, and **Phyllis Mabel**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Of Grange over Sands.
 - 11-Olwen Ruth Binyon died on 28 Jun 1976.

Olwen married Eric Major.

11-Dennis Binyon

Dennis married Nancy Emmerson. They had three children: Timothy John, Mary, and Jane.

12-**Timothy John Binyon** was born on 18 Feb 1936 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 7 Oct 2004 in Witney, Oxfordshire at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Crime writer.

Timothy married **Felicity Butterwick**. The marriage ended in divorce. Felicity was born in 1974 and died in 1992 at age 18.

Timothy next married Helen Ellis.

- 12-Mary Binyon
- 12-Jane Binyon

Jane married Jonathan Higgins, son of Humphrey Higgins and Agatha Margaret Binyon. They had two children: Sarah and Zoe.

- 13-Sarah Higgins
- 13-Zoe Higgins
- 11-Phyllis Mabel Binyon was born on 4 Apr 1901 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria.

Phyllis married **Sydney Brown**. They had two children: **Anthony Martin** and **Philip**.

- 12-Anthony Martin Brown
- 12-Philip Brown

10-Edith Fynes-Clinton was born in 1872, was christened on 19 May 1872 in St. James, Leyland, Lancashire, and died about 1940 about age 68.

Edith married **Charles Frederick Brenan** on 7 Nov 1899. Charles died on 8 Mar 1927.

10-Ethel Rosa Fynes-Clinton was born in 1874, was christened on 1 Feb 1874 in St. James, Leyland, Lancashire, and died on 29 Jan 1951 at age 77.

Ethel married Frederick Alsop Eyre on 14 Sep 1899. Frederick died on 30 Jan 1939.

10-Hilda Mary Fynes-Clinton died on 1 Sep 1932.

Hilda married Rev. Arthur David Phillips, son of Rev. Stephen Phillips and Agatha Sophia Dockray, 3,34 on 23 Sep 1908. Arthur was born on 28 Feb 1882 and died on 18 Aug 1932 at age 50.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Hambleton, Rutland.

10-Muriel Agnes Fynes-Clinton

Muriel married **Rev. Dr. Herbert Septimus Phillips**, son of **Rev. Stephen Phillips** and **Agatha Sophia Dockray**,^{3,34} on 26 Jul 1938. Herbert was born on 19 Dec 1874 and died on 23 Mar 1961 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon of Peterborough.
- 10-Rev. Arthur Fynes-Clinton was born on 25 Feb 1878 in Nottinghamshire and died on 21 May 1961 at age 83.
- 10-Robert Fynes-Clinton was born on 7 Oct 1879 and died on 28 Mar 1962 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineering company manager in Liverpool.

Robert married **Margaret Emma Phillips**, daughter of **Rev. Stephen Phillips** and **Agatha Sophia Dockray**,^{3,34} on 27 Jun 1907. Margaret was born on 18 Apr 1879 and died in 1949 at age 70. They had one son: **Pelham**.

11-**Pelham Fynes-Clinton** was born on 10 Jul 1910 in 48 Poplar Road, Oxton, Birkenhead, Cheshire and died in 2007 at age 97.

General Notes: Pelham Fynes-Clinton was born in Oxton, on July 10th, 1910 – the year of Halley's comet, as he always liked to say. His father was the Managing Director of an engineering firm in Liverpool: Robert Fynes-Clinton was a practical man, though highly thoughtful and with a love of travel and the great outdoors; whilst his mother, Margaret, known as Daisy, was highly-strung, artistic and deeply musical, qualities passed on to her small son who showed unusual musical aptitude at a young age. At the age of 5 he was sent to school in Beresford Road, some two miles away. There were no school buses in those traffic-free days hence the 5-year-old walked to and fro to school each and every day, sometimes alone, such was life back in 1915. Pelham began formal piano lessons at age 8, the piano soon becoming the most important part of his life. He also enjoyed hours of fun playing with the wooden trains constructed for him by his father, complete with wooden rails, which stretched to the bottom of the long back garden at 48 Poplar Road.

Pelham's idyllic early life was shattered at the age of 9 when he was sent away to boarding school in Heswall: here the ultra-sensitive small boy suffered years of bullying. He was deeply unhappy and would still recount these memories with a shudder many decades later. Experience had caused him to become a nervy, introverted, solitary child, his main refuge in life being his beloved piano. At the age of 14 he was sent to Radley College in Oxfordshire: years remembered with pleasure, Radley doing much to encourage his obvious musical ability. Pelham longed to travel and see the world, so after many begging letters home, his parents allowed their son to leave school

a term early – he then spent 3 wonderful months in Paris to learn French, returning home to the news that university and his ambition of becoming an architect were now out of the question – the Depression was beginning to hit and his father's income was heavily reduced so that Pelham was forced to enter his father's engineering firm, a square peg in a round hole if ever there was one, and a very bitter blow to a young man of Pelham's gifts and sensibilities.

During the 1930s, Pelham, now in his twenties, loathed his daily grind in his father's office. He later recalled how the regular sight of children, desperately poor and barefoot on the streets of Liverpool in those bleak days profoundly shocked him. He was also aware that the world was gradually drifting towards World War II, and wanted to do something about it – however small. So he joined the League of

Nations Union, where he met his wife-to-be, Joan Elizabeth Chaplin, a History graduate, lively, intellectual, a lover of music, literature and the countryside, and keen worker for world peace. Joan brought real joy and high-spirited enthusiasm into his life, wonderful times followed and they married in June 1937, living initially in a flat at 3 Hydro Avenue, West Kirby, later moving to 1 Gerard Road.

Pelham spent the war years working for the Forestry Commission in Oswestry, and later at Llangollen, close to Joan's parents then living in Wales. Pelham got on with his in-laws as well, if not better, than his own parents, and despite the war, this was a happy period, open-air life in the countryside suiting Pelham down to the ground. After 5 years it was back to the office, but now, soothed by his respite, he felt better able to cope with his lot. In 1949 the couple's only child, Julia, was born. Throughout life from childhood to old age, Pelham's twin passions of music and the countryside completely dominated his life. His love of wild places meant that upon every holiday from the office he would head for Wales, Scotland or the Lake District and was never happier than when walking alone on the hills and mountains of the British Isles – the wilder and more remote the better.

Later he would travel to Italy, Switzerland, Norway, Iceland and Greenland, thrilling to the Alps, glaciers, geysers and volcanoes, as well as to art and architecture. On the Alps he would live on the mountainside for days at a time, roped securely to a guide, ice pick in hand! Although much affected by the vastness and awe of nature in the raw, and with a keen interest in astronomy, Pelham also derived huge pleasure from the tiniest of natural wonders: wild flowers in particular delighted to him. A walk in the company of so appreciative a soul was always a joy. Pelham was by nature an intellectual, deeply cultured and widely read. The joy he experienced in Florence and Vienna and in churches and cathedrals at home and abroad lasted a lifetime. (It was a family joke that if ever Pelham couldn't be found to always try the nearest cathedral!) His intense appreciation of beauty in all its forms meant that photography inevitably became a great hobby, his wonderful collections of slides taken on his travels being shown to many local societies. He was President of the Hoylake Photographic Society for some years, his black and white studies of mountain landscapes frequently winning awards. His love of the countryside led to his joining the National Trust, serving on the committee of the Liverpool branch until comparatively recently. He was also Secretary of the Hoylake Civic Society for many years – here again was his obvious desire to help preserve the assets of his local neighbourhood. Pelham's other passion – music – was laced into every day of his life in one form or another. He was an exceptionally gifted musician, so gifted and so exceptional that he could easily have become a professional concert pianist, but he readily acknowledged that his nervous system would never have survived the stress entailed. Nevertheless he delighted many local audiences over the years, sometimes performing in aid of Oxfam etc. He always amazed people that he could go straight to the piano and play anything at all, no music required

When not playing himself he was frequently listening to the Third Programme, or Radio 3 as it became. His knowledge of music was vast and in it his joy knew no bounds. He was a long-term member of the Hoylake Chamber Concert Society, serving on the committee, and latterly was President of the Hoylake Choral Society, both societies bringing him much pleasure. Pelham's wife, Joan, appreciated music and shared his love of nature and the countryside, but more especially her talent and passion for literature added a further element to Pelham's life. Jointly they gave what were called Apollo Evenings during the 'fifties and 'sixties; at these Joan and other members of the Hoylake Literary Society which Joan had founded would read poetry interspersed by appropriate piano music performed by Pelham. These evenings were so popular that usually it was standing room only! Pelham took over the chairmanship of the Hoylake Literary Society after his wife's death in 1984. Thus music, great art, architecture, literature and poetry, nature and the countryside were the combined central force throughout Pelham's immensely long life.

Following Joan's death, Pelham became seriously ill, Addison's Disease eventually being diagnosed, but not before his weight had dropped to 7 stone and at one point he seemed unlikely to survive. During this period a neighbour and recently acquired friend of the couple, Mrs Margaret Waterhouse, was invaluable in caring for Pelham, cooking him special recipes and generally doing all she could for his welfare. To cut a very long story short, in 1990 Pelham moved in with Mrs Waterhouse in the spirit of friendship and as a paying guest – initially for a period of 3 weeks, but ended up spending the last 17 years of his life with Margaret. It is largely to Margaret that he owed his extra-long life, thanks to her lively companionship and devoted care. With Margaret he truly entered a new lease of life, travelling abroad with her to Italy, France, Norway, Switzerland, Austria and Germany, as well as all over the British Isles, including Skye, the Orkneys and the Hebrides. All these journeys were undertaken by a man of over 90!

This very last week Margaret discovered that Pelham had pencilled in his diary projected trips to both Scotland and Canterbury Cathedral – despite his medical problems such was the

unflagging and endlessly optimistic spirit of this amazing 96- year-old.

It is hard to describe Pelham's character to those who never met him. The word 'unique' is often indiscriminately applied, but in Pelham's case – even quite apart from his artistic gifts – the word 'unique' truly summed him up. He somehow had an extraordinary 'innocence' about him, an ingenuousness which was quite special. He showed care and respect to all, be it to an animal in distress, a shop assistant or an office cleaner. He had a natural goodness and honesty and was incapable of anything other than kindness and decency towards all those he encountered. He always saw the best in people. It was as if a whole raft of negativity had simply been left out of his genes. This 'innocence' and unworldliness at times could be exasperating, yet equally these qualities were a blessing which made him view life with a purity of approach, a fact which surely enhanced the beauties of music and nature he gathered around him. Pelham Fynes-Clinton leaves his daughter, Julia, and grandson Adrian. As more than one friend has said this week: "Pelham was unique. We shall not see his like again".

May his sweet soul rest in peace.

The Old Radleian 2007

Obituaries

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Beresford Road School in 1915-1919 in Liverpool.
- He was educated at Haswell School in 1919-1924.
- He was educated at Radley in 1924.
- He worked as an Engineering office employee at his father's company in Liverpool.
- He worked as an employee of the Forestry Commission.
- He worked as an Engineering office employee at his father's company in Liverpool.
- Miscellaneous: President of the Hoylake Photographic Society.

Pelham married Joan Elizabeth Chaplin, daughter of Alfred Chaplin, on 16 Jun 1937. Joan was born on 25 Aug 1907 and died in 1984 at age 77. They had one daughter: Margaret Julia.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 3 Hydro Avenue, West Kirby, Liverpool.

12-Margaret Julia Fynes-Clinton

Margaret married Michael Howell Evans.

Margaret next married James Robert Catto.

9-Mary Sophia Lloyd

Mary married Frederick Steeds.

- 9-Mary Elizabeth Lloyd
- 9-Caroline Lloyd
- 8-Arthur Lloyd³⁴ was born on 17 Jul 1807 and died on 18 May 1810 at age 2.
- 8-Louisa Lloyd³⁴ was born about 1814 in Brathay, Cumbria, died on 12 Jul 1869 about age 55, and was buried on 16 Jul 1869 in Hackney, London.

Louisa married **Rev. James Cotton Powell**,³⁴ son of **James Powell** and **Catharine Cotton**, on 3 Mar 1840 in Hampstead. James was born on 24 Feb 1809 in Middlesex and died on 29 Mar 1851 in Hackney, London at age 42.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Curate of St James Parish Church, Clapton.
- 8-Mary Sophia Lloyd³⁴ died in Aug 1853.

Mary married William Thompson. They had one daughter: (No Given Name).

9-Thompson

8-**Priscilla Lloyd**³⁴ died in Jan 1867.

Priscilla married Charles Romain Millett.³⁴ Charles died in 1831. They had three children: Farncis, (No Given Name), and Sophia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Versailles, France.
 - 9-Capitaine Farncis Millett
 - 9-Millett
 - 9-Sophia Millett
- 8-Agatha Lloyd³⁴ was born in 1812 in Hawkshead, Cumbria.

Agatha married Capitaine Joseph Caliste Theodore Timoleon du Vallon. They had five children: Caliste Camille, Caliste Henri, Sophie Caroline, Grosvenor Caliste de Jacobi, and Louise Gabrielle.

9-Capitaine Caliste Camille du Vallon³⁴ was born on 19 Sep 1835 and died on 21 Jul 1864 on passge home. From wounds received in fighting in Mexico at age 28.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Soldier. 3Rd Regt. Chasseurs d'Afrique.
- 9-Lt. Caliste Henri du Vallon³⁴ was born on 3 May 1837 and died on 1 Apr 1867 at age 29.
- 9-Sophie Caroline du Vallon³⁴ was born on 26 Nov 1844 and died on 14 Apr 1879 at age 34.

Sophie married **Gen. Ernest Alfred Bérenger**³⁴ on 20 Jul 1875 in Versailles, France. Ernest was born on 24 Oct 1834 and died on 6 Mar 1909 at age 74. They had two children: (**No Given Name**) and (**No Given Name**).

- 10-Bérenger
- 10-Bérenger
- 9-**Grosvenor Caliste de Jacobi du Vallon**³⁴ was born on 21 Apr 1851.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a HM Vice-Consul in 1905 in Beirut, Lebanon.

Grosvenor married **Edith Dixon**,³⁴ daughter of **Abraham Dixon**^{34,157,158} and **Margaret Rathbone**,¹⁵⁷ on 29 Oct 1873 in Leatherhead, Surrey. Edith was born in 1853. They had four children: **Grosvenor Camille Henry de Jacobi**, **Adrian Caliste de Jacobi**, **Hubert Caliste de Jacobi**, and **Gerald Caliste Dixon de Jacobi**.

10-Grosvenor Camille Henry de Jacobi du Vallon³⁴ was born on 27 Oct 1874, was christened on 5 Nov 1874 in Croydon, Surrey, and died in 1906 at age 32.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vice-Consul in Dardanelles, Turkey.
- 10-Adrian Caliste de Jacobi du Vallon³⁴ was born on 1 Jan 1876.

10-Capt. Hubert Caliste de Jacobi du Vallon³⁴ was born on 19 Feb 1877 and died in 1951 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 11th Battalion West Yorkshire Regiment before 1919.
- He worked as a Vice-Consul at Salonika in 1905-1906 in Salonika, Greece.
- He had a residence in South Buckhurst Lodge, Wadhurst, East Sussex.

Hubert married **Kate Ethel Heard**, daughter of **Samuel Thomas Heard**, on 1 Jun 1907 in Frimley, Camberley, Surrey. Kate was born in 1872 in County Kerry, Ireland and died in 1926 in Ticehurst, East Sussex at age 54. They had three children: **Katharine Edith de Jacobi**, **Margaret Antoinette de Jacobi**, and **Henry Grosvenor**.

- 11-Katharine Edith de Jacobi du Vallon was born in 1908 in Epsom, Surrey and died in 1965 in Midhurst, Surrey at age 57.
- 11-Margaret Antoinette de Jacobi du Vallon was born on 23 Nov 1909 in Epsom, Surrey and died in Sep 1998 in Uckfield, Sussex at age 88.

Margaret married Arthur W. B. Jackson in 1937 in Battle, Sussex. Arthur was born in 1906 and died in 1964 in Uckfield, Sussex at age 58.

11-Lieut. Col. Henry Grosvenor de Jacobi du Vallon was born on 8 Jul 1910 and died on 23 Jun 1986 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC DSO.
- He worked as an officer of the 60th Regiment, The Royal Artillery.

Henry married Rosemary Plummer in 1935. Rosemary was born on 16 Jul 1911 and died in 1982 in Surrey at age 71. They had four children: Jill, John Grosvenor, Anne, and Adrian L.

12-Jill de Jacobi du Vallon

Jill married Christopher John Ragg on 24 Apr 1965. Christopher was born on 26 Dec 1937 and died on 12 Jan 2015 in Chobham, Surrey at age 77. They had one daughter: Jessica.

13-Jessica Ragg

Jessica married Neil Heather.

- 12-John Grosvenor de Jacobi du Vallon
- 12-Anne de Jacobi du Vallon
- 12-Adrian L. de Jacobi du Vallon

10-Gerald Caliste Dixon de Jacobi du Vallon³⁴ was born on 31 Mar 1878 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1939 at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an officer of the Royal Field Artillery.

Gerald married **Katharine**. Katharine was born in 1881.

9-Louise Gabrielle du Vallon³⁴ was born on 23 Feb 1854.

Louise married William Alexander Brunton,³⁴ son of John Brunton and Margaret Duncan. William was born on 28 Jan 1839 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 19 Jan 1881 in Exmouth, Devon at age 41. They had seven children: John du Vallon, Margaret A., Louise, Helen Edith, Mary G., Herbert C., and Madaliene.

General Notes: Mr. WILLIAM ALEXANDER BRUNTON was born in Glasgow on the 26th of January, 1839. He was the only child of John Brunton, M. Inst. C.E., and grandson of William Brunton, and nephew of Robert Brunton, both Members of the Institution in their day. His education was commenced at Ivy Bridge, Devonshire; thence he entered the High School of Glasgow, where he displayed considerable talent in mathematics and in the acquirement of modern languages. In the year 1855 he became pupil and assistant to his father, who was engaged under Her

Majesty's Government in the erection of the Renkioi hospital in Turkey for three thousand beds for the accommodation of the sick and wounded during the Crimean War. In this capacity he showed much facility of resource and great aptitude in setting out work and organising the labour of the native workmen, whose language, colloquially, he soon acquired. After peace was concluded he returned to England, and in 1857 obtained an appointment as an assistant engineer on the Scinde Railway, of which his father was the chief engineer in India, and distinguished himself for the accuracy and rapidity of his surveying operations. The failure of the contractor for the works threw their departmental construction upon the engineering staff. Accordingly, Mr. W. A. Brunton had, amongst other matters, special charge of the erection of the viaduct across the Bahrun river, a stone structure, having thirty-two arches each of 45-feet span. Here the tact he had acquired in Turkey of organising labour, and the readiness with which he learned the native language, proved of great value in pushing forward this piece of work - the key to the opening of the line for traffic. The kindness, yet strict justice, with which he treated the workmen endeared him to them in a marked manner. In 1863 he had charge of the survey of a long district of the Indus Valley railway, still under his father as chief. In 1865 he returned to England on furlough. Upon the decision of the Secretary of State for India that the Indus Valley railway should be constructed under the Department of Public Works, he, as well as the rest of the Scinde and Indus Valley staff, received notice that their services would no longer be required. In 1868 he was appointed district engineer on the Oudh and Rohilkhund railway on the staff of Mr. Hederstedt, M. Inst. C.E., in which employment he remained until a sharp attack of fever compelled his return to England in 1870. It was not considered prudent that he should go back again, and he was reluctantly compelled to resign his position, receiving high testimonials from his employers. In 1871 he joined his father in general professional business in England and on the continent. After a short illness he died at Exmouth, on the 19th of January, 1881, from disease of the heart. He had married, in 1866, Mademoiselle Louise Gabrielle du Vallon, who with his father and seven children survive to lament the loss of one in all the relations of life exemplary and much beloved. Punctual and methodical, he invariably threw himself with singular zeal and conscientiousness into all the duties he had to discharge. He was never happier than in the bosom of his family, and always kept in view the promotion of the true well-being of his children. One who has had large experience of men, testifies that it has rarely been his lot to come across any one who gained more fully the confidence and affection of others, or inspired a deeper conviction of his sincerity and uprightness of purpose. Mr. Brunton was elected an Associate of the Institution on the 23rd of May, 1865, and was transferred to the class of Members on the 5th of Apriil, 1870.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MInstCE.
- He worked as a Civil Engineer.

10-Rev. John du Vallon Brunton was born on 23 Jul 1869 in Benares, Uttar Pradesh, India and died on 12 Nov 1962 in Knutsford, Cheshire at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Curate of Byfleet in Byfleet, Surrey.

John married Ethel Mary Stevens, daughter of Joseph Stevens, on 2 May 1899 in St. Mary's, Byfleet, Surrey. Ethel was born in 1872 in Byfleet, Surrey.

10-Margaret A. Brunton

10-Louise Brunton

10-**Helen Edith Brunton** was born in 1874 in Brentford, Middlesex, died in 1949 at age 75, and was buried in Port Elizabeth, South Africa.

Helen married **Capt. Edward Thornton Fox**, son of **Robert Edward Fox** and **Emily Warren**, on 11 Sep 1909 in Salisbury, Rhodesia. Edward was born in 1881 in Leicester, Leicestershire and was buried in Port Elizabeth, South Africa.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He worked as a Secretary to the Treasury, Southern Rhodesia.

10-Mary G. Brunton was born in 1876 in Brentford, Middlesex.

10-**Herbert C. Brunton** was born in 1879 in Sutton, Surrey.

10-Madaliene Brunton was born in 1881 in Sutton, Surrey.

7-James Llovd^{10,23,159} was born on 16 Mar 1776 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 27 Nov 1853 in Bingley Hall, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 77.

General Notes: At one time he was engaged to Elizabeth Gurney (Elizabeth Fry).

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker, Taylor and Lloyds in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

James married **Sarah Hart**, ^{10,159} daughter of **Francis Hart**^{23,157} and **Sarah Gulson**, ²³ on 14 Jul 1802 in FMH Nottingham. Sarah was born in 1774 in Nottingham, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 3 Nov 1863 at age 89. They had seven children: **Francis, Priscilla, James, Charles, William Reynolds, Nehemiah**, and **Thomas**.

8-Francis Lloyd¹⁰ was born on 25 Jun 1803. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: "Francis Lloyd had been admitted on Charles Lloyd's death in 1828. Popular and able, a bachelor all his life, he served in 1833, under Birmingham's system of town government, in the office of High Bailiff, which may be likened in some ways to that of a mayor without a corporation. But when still in his thirties his services to Taylor & Lloyds were cut short through one of those episodes which lead Ministers of the Crown to resign and will not do in banks. In 1839, to the dismay of his partners, the Bank was sued

Quoted from: The Quaker Lloyds in the Industrial Revolution. Humphrey Lloyd. Hutchinson (1975). p268.

16. Statement of facts and exposure of the perjuries of the witnesses which, uncontradicted at the trial, obtained a verdict at the late Summer Assizes at Liverpool against the bank of Taylor and Lloyds. 15 December 1839. Birmingham Reference Library, 68505.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP.
- He worked as a High Bailiff of Birmingham.
- He worked as a Banker and partner in Taylor & Lloyds in 1828-1839.
- He worked as an officer of the Warwickshire Yeomanry.
- 8-Priscilla Lloyd³⁴ was born on 7 Mar 1805 and died on 19 Oct 1839 at age 34.
- 8-**James Lloyd**^{10,23} was born on 15 Mar 1806 and died in 1865 at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant in Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Banker in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

James married Elmira Page, daughter of J. Page.

- 8-Charles Lloyd was born on 9 Mar 1807. He had no known marriage and no known children.
- 8-William Reynolds Lloyd was born on 30 Mar 1808. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant in Gloucester.
- 8-Nehemiah Lloyd³⁴ was born on 9 Aug 1810. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

8-**Thomas Lloyd**^{10,34} was born on 16 Sep 1814 and died on 23 Dec 1890 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Barnstaple 1863 To 1864.
- He had a residence in The Priory, Warwick, Warwickshire.

Thomas married **Emilia Travers**,³⁴ daughter of **John Travers** and **Maria Lindsay**, on 1 Oct 1845. Emilia was born on 18 Jan 1825 and died in 1891 at age 66. They had two children: **James Edward** and **Jane Emilia**.

9-James Edward Lloyd³⁴ was born on 12 Jul 1846 and died on 23 Jul 1883 at age 37.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Barrister at Law in Lincoln's Inn.

James married Harriet Johnstone, daughter of Dr. James Johnstone

9-Jane Emilia Lloyd³⁴ was born on 29 Mar 1848 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 18 Mar 1899 in Warwick, Warwickshire at age 50.

Jane married **Sampson Samuel Lloyd**,^{34,100} son of **Sampson Samuel Lloyd**^{10,100,160} and **Emma Reeve**,¹⁰⁰ on 4 Aug 1868 in Warwick, Warwickshire. Sampson was born on 25 Feb 1846 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 15 Apr 1899 in Warwick, Warwickshire at age 53. They had six children: **Charles Sampson Llewellyn, Thomas Owen, Emma Gwendolen Priscilla, Eva Janet Emilia, Emilia, and George Ambrose**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director Lloyds Bank.
 - 10-Charles Sampson Llewellyn Lloyd was born on 2 Jun 1869 in Warwick and died on 15 Nov 1887 in Eton College at age 18.
 - 10-**Thomas Owen Lloyd** was born on 16 Jun 1873 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire and died on 4 Jun 1960 in London at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Warwickshire in 1915.
- He had a residence in The Priory, Warwick, Warwickshire.

Thomas married Elsie Emma Mary Adams, daughter of John Adams and Elizabeth Mary Percy, on 19 Oct 1898 in Offchurch. Elsie was born on 14 Oct 1876 in West Hallam, Derby and died on 26 Nov 1949 in Reading, Berkshire at age 73. They had one son: Sampson Llewellyn.

11-Lt. Col. Sampson Llewellyn Lloyd was born on 21 May 1907 in London and died in 1984 at age 77.

Sampson married **Margaret Lettice Parker**, daughter of **Charles Sandbach Parker** and **Hariette Dorothy Meade-Waldo**, on 6 Feb 1930 in London. Margaret was born on 22 Jul 1910 in Fairlie House, Ayrshire and died in 2002 in Tetbury at age 92. They had two children: **Charles David Sampson** and **John Rupert**.

- 12-Rev. Charles David Sampson Lloyd
- 12-John Rupert Lloyd

Thomas next married **Helen Mary Noel-Morgan** in 1954 in London. Helen was born in 1901 and died on 18 Mar 2001 in Cambridge at age 100.

10-Emma Gwendolen Priscilla Lloyd was born on 9 Aug 1874 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire and died on 22 Aug 1942 in London at age 68.

Emma married **Brig. Gen. Frederick Montgomerie Carleton**, son of **General Henry Alexander Carleton** and **Elizabeth Boyle**, on 20 Nov 1899 in London. Frederick was born on 21 Jul 1867 in Bath, Somerset and died on 15 May 1922 in London at age 54. They had three children: **Claire Emilia**, **Guy**, and **John Dudley**.

11-Claire Emilia Carleton was born on 5 Dec 1901 in Cape Town, South Africa and died on 21 Mar 1934 in Rome, Italy at age 32.

Claire married **Guiseppe Roberto Mainella**, son of **Raffaele Mainella** and **Fanny Carlini**, on 13 May 1933 in Venice. Guiseppe was born on 29 Oct 1899 in Venice. They had one son: **Bernardo Benjamino Antonio**.

12-Bernardo Benjamino Antonio Mainella

11-Guy Carleton was born on 18 Apr 1903 in Camberley.

Guy married Maria Gloriana Rossi, daughter of Col. Roberto Rossi and Elizabeth Stirling.

11-John Dudley Carleton was born on 29 Aug 1908 in London, died on 6 Nov 1974 at age 66, and was buried in Westminster Abbey.

General Notes: The ashes of John Dudley Carleton, Head Master of Westminster School, are buried in the vault of the Islip chapel in Westminster Abbey. His stone was inscribed in 1982 and reads:

"John Dudley Carleton 1908-1974 Head Master of Westminster School 1957-1970"

He was born on 29 August 1908, a son of Brigadier General Frederick Carleton and his wife Emma (Lloyd). He was associated with Westminster School for many years being educated there, an assistant master, Master of the Queen's Scholars 1949-57 and then Head Master. During the war he was attached to Special Forces and afterwards helped get the School back to normal after war damage to some of its buildings and acquired gifts and donations, including the Purcell organ. In 1965 he married Janet Smith. He published two books about the School and was a great friend of Old Westminster and Abbey archivist Lawrence Tanner. A fountain in Little Dean's Yard was given by the Westminster School Society to commemorate his headmastership in 1971. He died on 6 November 1974 and had a memorial service in the Abbey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Steward, Westminster Abbey.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Westminster School in 1957-1970 in London.

10-Eva Janet Emilia Lloyd was born on 24 May 1876 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire and died on 15 Aug 1951 in Newbury at age 75.

Eva married **Malcolm Carlisle Pilkington**, son of **George Pilkington** and **Frances Elizabeth Carlisle**, on 18 Dec 1901 in Warwick. Malcolm was born on 20 Sep 1873 in Merlewood, Grange over Sands, Cumbria and died on 26 Jun 1926 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex at age 52. They had four children: **Stephen Malcolm, James Hugh, Denys Llewellyn**, and **Anne Emelia**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker in London.
 - 11-Stephen Malcolm Pilkington was born on 19 Sep 1908 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex.

Stephen married Catherine Mary Sherer Burns, daughter of John William Burns and Annie Douglas Pilkington. They had one daughter: Gillian.

- 12-Gillian Pilkington
- 11-James Hugh Pilkington was born on 12 Nov 1909 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex.
- 11-Denys Llewellyn Pilkington was born on 4 Jan 1913 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex and died on 5 Jun 1923 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex at age 10.
- 11-Anne Emelia Pilkington was born on 27 Sep 1915 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex.

Anne married **Peter Horace Gordon Clark**, son of **Lt. Col. Crauford Alexander Gordon Clark** and **Horatia Lilias Anne Cockerell**, on 23 Aug 1940 in London. Peter was born on 9 Sep 1908 in Cobham, Surrey. They had one daughter: **Jane Anne**.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Chairman of Matthew Clark & Sons, Wine & Spirits importers in 1964-1972.

12-Jane Anne Clark

10-**Emilia Lloyd** was born on 12 Mar 1878 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire, died on 14 May 1967 in South Warnborough Manor, South Warnborough, Hampshire at age 89, and was buried in St. Andrew's, South Warnborough, Hampshire.

Emilia married **Charles Carlisle Pilkington**, son of **George Pilkington** and **Frances Elizabeth Carlisle**, on 21 Apr 1904 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex. Charles was born on 13 Dec 1876 in Stoneleigh, Woolton, Lancashire, died on 8 Jan 1950 in South Warnborough Manor, South Warnborough, Hampshire at age 73, and was buried in St. Andrew's, South Warnborough, Hampshire. They had seven children: **Charles Vere, Thomas Alexander, George John, Joyce Emilia, Rachel Gwendoline, Elizabeth Eirene**, and **Charles Alec**.

11-Charles Vere Pilkington was born on 11 Jan 1905 in London and died in 1984 at age 79.

Charles married **Hon. Honor Chadworth Philipps**, daughter of **Owen Cosby Philipps Viscount Kylsant** and **May Alice Magdalene Morris**, on 5 Feb 1936 in London. Honor was born on 8 Mar 1908 in London and died on 18 Jul 1961 in Madrid, Spain at age 53. They had one son: **Hector Vere**.

12-Hector Vere Pilkington

Hector married Caroline Westmacott.

11-**Thomas Alexander Pilkington** was born on 30 Nov 1906 in London.

Thomas married Susan Hollebone, daughter of Noel Gordon Hollebone and Katherine Barrett. They had four children: Sarah Susan, Timothy Charles, Robert Alec, and George William.

- 12-Sarah Susan Pilkington was born on 9 May 1938 in London and died on 2 Aug 1944 in Newbury at age 6.
- 12-Timothy Charles Pilkington
- 12-Robert Alec Pilkington
- 12-George William Pilkington
- 11-George John Pilkington
- 11-Joyce Emilia Pilkington was born on 9 Nov 1912 in London, died on 15 Sep 1986 at age 73, and was buried in St. Andrew's, South Warnborough, Hampshire.

Joyce married **Guy Auldjo Jamieson**, son of **Harry Auldjo Jamieson** and **Elizabeth Mylne**, on 29 Nov 1937 in London. Guy was born on 5 Nov 1912 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland, died on 15 Jun 1993 at age 80, and was buried in St. Andrew's, South Warnborough, Hampshire. They had five children: **Gemma Joyce A., Charles James G. Auldjo, Elizabeth A. A., Lavinia A. A.,** and **Andrew Michael Auldjo**.

- 12-Gemma Joyce A. Jamieson
- 12-Charles James G. Auldjo Jamieson
- 12-Elizabeth A. A. Jamieson
- 12-Lavinia A. A. Jamieson
- 12-Andrew Michael Auldjo Jamieson
- 11-Rachel Gwendoline Pilkington

Rachel married Christopher Scott, son of Arthur Elliot Somerville Scott. They had one daughter: Janet.

- 12-Janet Scott
- 11-Elizabeth Eirene Pilkington was born on 19 Jan 1919 in Folkestone, Kent, died on 8 Apr 2010 at age 91, and was buried on 23 Apr 2010 in St. Andrew's, South Wanborough, Hampshire.

General Notes: PILKINGTON Elizabeth (Eliza) M.B.E. J.P. Retired. Beloved aunt, great-aunt and great-great-aunt, very much missed. Private family funeral at St Andrew's Church, South Warnborough on Friday 23rd April at 3 p.m. Family flowers only, donations to benefit "St Andrew's P.C.C." c/o Richard Steel & Partners, 12-14 City Road, Winchester SO23 8SG

Daily Telegraph

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with MBE JP.

11-Charles Alec Pilkington

10-**Rt. Hon. George Ambrose Lloyd 1st Baron Lloyd**^{3,134} was born on 19 Sep 1879 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire, died on 4 Feb 1941 in Marylebone, London at age 61, and was buried in St. Ippollitt's, Hertfordshire.

General Notes: Lloyd, George Ambrose, first Baron Lloyd (1879–1941), politician and colonial administrator, was born on 19 September 1879 at Olton Hall, near Solihull, Warwickshire, the third son and youngest of the six children of Sampson Samuel Lloyd (1846–1899), a Birmingham industrialist, and his wife, Jane Emelia Lloyd (d. 1899). The family was of Welsh descent, and his grandfathers were directors of Lloyds Bank.

Early life

Educated at home until 1891, Lloyd enjoyed seven years at Eton College and from 1898 read history at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he coxed the crew which won the university boat race in 1899 and 1900. Unsettled by his parents' deaths, he left Cambridge in 1900 without taking a degree to tour India. He sought big game but found much more: a fascination with the East, a love of the wilderness, and a strong sense of purpose. Amid the ruins of the Lucknow residency, the heroic ideal of British imperialism fired his imagination. Curzon, the viceroy, became a role model, as did Joseph Chamberlain.

Lloyd worked for the family firm of steel-tube makers, Lloyd and Lloyd (later Stewart and Lloyd), but he had a private income of £2000 per year and a keen desire to gain expert knowledge of some aspect of imperial or foreign affairs. Consequently in 1905 he became an honorary attaché at the British embassy in Constantinople, alongside Aubrey Herbert (a friend) and Mark Sykes (a rival). Although prone to stomach upsets, he traversed the Ottoman empire comprehensively and wrote a 249-page report on trade in the Persian Gulf, which was well received in 1908. He contributed articles to The Times during the Young Turk revolution and frequently revisited the region.

In January 1910 Lloyd entered the House of Commons as Liberal Unionist (later Conservative) member for West Staffordshire. He spoke regularly on imperial issues, but the petty politicking of Westminster disgusted him and he contemplated emigrating to east Africa. Friends were surprised when, on 13 November 1911, he married Blanche Isabella Lascelles (1880–1969), maid of honour to Queen Alexandra and daughter of Frederick Canning Lascelles, for his attitude to women was generally disparaging. Blanche proved a faithful helpmeet, and their only child, David, arrived in September 1912. Lloyd's obvious preference for male companionship still gave rise to whispered speculation of a flimsy sort.

First World War

On 1 August 1914 Lloyd joined Leo Amery in lobbying Conservative leaders to press for an immediate declaration of war. Already an officer in the Warwickshire yeomanry, he yearned to go to France; but his grasp of Turkish meant that he was seconded in November 1914 to the intelligence department of the general staff in Egypt. Often frustrated, he relished facing fire at Gallipoli in 1915. Special missions took him to Petrograd to improve Anglo-Russian liaison, to Basrah to update his study of gulf commerce, and to Mecca to help plan the Arab revolt. Back in Cairo with the Arab bureau in 1917, he supported Arab aspirations.

Captain Lloyd returned to London in January 1918 and served as secretary to the British delegation to the financial committee of the inter-allied war council. Though unhappy that the war had offered him few opportunities for bravery, he welcomed the chance to renew political contacts, especially with Austen Chamberlain, and he collaborated with Edward Wood (Lord Halifax) on The Great Opportunity, a small book whose earnest platitudes went down well in November 1918. Lloyd did not seek re-election himself, having secured a colonial governorship, accompanied by a knighthood (GCIE).

Bombay

Sir George Lloyd took up his duties in December 1918 as governor of the Bombay presidency, a province which comprised the western coast of India between Karachi and Goa. He at once made his mark by dealing with a rash of strikes and then turned his mind to the Montagu—Chelmsford reforms, intended to permit a limited measure of self-government. At the time he considered these concessions expedient, but he soon concluded that Indians would be unfit for more self-government until equal to white men in character, education, and standard of life. Because Bombay was a stronghold of Indian nationalism, Lloyd faced serious public order problems, which he handled with a blend of strictness and discretion. In 1921 he finally insisted on the arrest of Gandhi (who received a six-year prison sentence for sedition).

Horrified by overcrowded slums, Lloyd instigated the Back Bay land reclamation scheme to make room in Bombay for a further quarter of a million citizens. A dam on the Indus to irrigate 6 million acres of Sind had been discussed for sixty years: it took the energy of Sir George to raise finance for the Sukkur barrage (constructed between 1923 and 1935). He excelled at practical management of this kind, preferring to deal directly with the man at the top and the man on the spot. When responsibility for relations with the princely states was transferred from Bombay to Delhi in 1923, he took it as a personal affront.

Late to bed and early to rise, Lloyd was ever a compulsive overworker, who would not suffer fools, slackness, or contradiction. That said, subordinates who passed the test found him loyal and generous. His excellency held rigid views on the deference due to the king's representative, and he always cut a figure—with his clipped moustache, brilliantined black hair, and faultless attire. His manner was so masterful as to seem artificial, yet he could charm as well as bully. Few were allowed to see his sensitive side. At the close of the day, with his aides-de-camp, he would sip a whisky and soda, play popular songs on the piano, and give way to boyish good humour—or sometimes to anguished soul-searching. This devout Anglo-Catholic felt an onerous obligation to fight for the right on every occasion.

Lloyd left India in 1924, at the end of his five-year term, with a reputation for brusque efficiency. Honoured with a privy councillorship and made GCSI, he could not however expect a fresh appointment from the new Labour government, so he accepted working directorships at Lloyds Bank and Shell. His tendency to spend to the limit of his income rendered him liable to money

worries.

Cairo

Lloyd returned to the House of Commons in October 1924, having agreed to fill a late vacancy at Eastbourne on the understanding that a Conservative government would send him abroad again soon. The offer of Kenya offended him. Egypt was acceptable. He arrived in Cairo in October 1925 as first Baron Lloyd of Dolobran (the ancestral home at Meifod, Montgomeryshire) after insisting on a peerage to impress the Egyptians.

The high commissioner for Egypt and the Sudan was technically a diplomat rather than an imperial administrator, for the British had granted Egypt nominal independence in 1922 while preserving (by unilateral declaration backed by a military presence) their supremacy in relation to four 'reserved points': the Suez Canal, defence, foreign interests, and the Sudan. The British Foreign Office hoped to keep its intervention in domestic politics to a minimum and to negotiate a treaty with the Egyptian government, enshrining these special rights in international law.

It gradually became apparent that Lloyd diverged from the Foreign Office in his estimate of the level of political intervention needed to guard British interests. He repeatedly advocated taking a firmer line with Egyptian ministers and he often won his point—by mobilizing robust imperialists in the British cabinet, like Amery and Churchill, to overcome the caution of the foreign secretary, Austen Chamberlain. Every summer he wanted to summon a gunboat to Alexandria to help him prevail in the latest Anglo-Egyptian dispute. In 1926 he needed to dissuade the nationalist Sa'd Zaghlul from assuming the premiership; in 1927 control of the Egyptian army was at stake; in 1928 a damaging assemblies bill had to be stopped.

As many observers rightly inferred, Lloyd thought that conceding independence had been a bad mistake. His clear-cut mind disapproved of an arrangement which left Britain power without authority and responsibility without control. It was wrong to let Egyptians be misgoverned by a crafty king and a handful of semi-westernized lawyers and journalists. If the British desired the strategic benefits of ultimate hegemony over Egypt, they had a duty and a need to provide it with good administration.

In 1927 Chamberlain began negotiating with the Egyptian premier about a treaty— without informing Lloyd, who had warned that it would be pointless to seek recognition of Britain's rights while nationalists in the Egyptian parliament remained obdurate. Eight months later Egypt rejected the treaty, exactly as he had predicted. Senior advisers in the Foreign Office, Sir William Tyrrell among them, suspected Lloyd of undermining the project and endeavoured to turn Chamberlain against his former protégé. Some individuals at the Cairo residency were happy to tell tales of his viceregal airs, propensity to dramatize, and occasional tactless remarks, but he survived so long as he retained support in cabinet. Then Labour won the 1929 election. Arthur Henderson, the new foreign secretary, intended another attempt at an Anglo-Egyptian treaty. He recalled the high commissioner to London and compelled him to resign on 24 July 1929. That Lord Lloyd had been fundamentally out of sympathy with Foreign Office thinking is undeniable. That he had wilfully misinterpreted and misapplied government policy— as Henderson publicly alleged— is more debatable. Lloyd, jealous of his honour, felt betrayed when Baldwin and Chamberlain did not defend him, and a supportive speech from Churchill merely exposed the extent of tory disarray. Lloyd later published his two-volume justification, Egypt since Cromer (1933–4).

Tory rebel

Viewed as a maverick, Lloyd plunged into pressure-group politics. As president of the Navy League from 1930, he called strenuously for rearmament, and his debunking of collective security turned him into the bugbear of idealistic internationalists. As chairman of the Empire Economic Union, meanwhile, he campaigned for imperial preference (though unwilling to ally himself with Beaverbrook). He was best known, however, for opposing greater self-government for India. The inapplicability of western-style institutions to oriental peoples appeared to him so obvious that he doubted the sincerity of British politicians who suggested otherwise: these cynics were using liberal cant to cloak a craven policy of 'cut and run'. He formed the India Defence League in 1933. Lloyd's concerns amounted to a sweeping critique of the National Government. His mission was to reinvigorate a nation perilously demoralized by Baldwinism and female suffrage. Relishing combat, he delivered thirty or forty speeches per year, often recalling how ancient Rome had lost faith in itself once it began to call home the legions. Was the present generation going to dissipate the British imperial legacy, perhaps with like consequences for human progress? His earnestness could impress, despite his harsh voice and too rapid delivery, yet his appeal never stretched far beyond his natural constituency of die-hard Morning Post readers. Perhaps he had been overseas so long that he did not realize how Britain had changed since 1914. The left painted him as a would-be dictator, what with his hard and fast views on everything and his sympathy for Mussolini and Franco (though never for Hitler, whose paganism repelled him). In truth, he remained committed to British democracy and could not bring himself to break with the Conservative Party, whose drift to the left he aspired to reverse.

Directorships of International Wagon Lits and the British South Africa Company helped Lloyd to support a grand home in Portman Square, a sports car, a yacht, and a busy social life. Friends included Noël Coward and T. E. Lawrence. His restlessness was proverbial. He would shift in his chair, fiddle with his monocle, and race from one topic of conversation to the next. A confessed travel addict who loved hot climates, he went abroad every couple of months. His wife desired a quieter existence, and in 1935 he bought the old vicarage (renamed Clouds Hill) at Offley, near Hitchin, Hertfordshire. With Blanche usually resident there, Lloyd grew closer to his son. He learnt to fly at fifty-four, and, when made an honorary air-commodore, insisted on truly qualifying as a military pilot.

Lloyd initially welcomed the premiership of Neville Chamberlain and endorsed appeasement of Italy. This facilitated his return to official circles as chairman of the British Council in July 1937. In three years he expanded its network of lecturers, widened its range of activities, doubled and redoubled its funding, safeguarded its independence, and won permanent recognition for the role of cultural propaganda.

Second World War

Since 1936, Lloyd had been wholly convinced that Nazi Germany was a menace to European peace which had to be countered by an Anglo-French alliance. He would have preferred war to the dismemberment of Czechoslovakia in October 1938, when he denounced the Munich agreement as a shameful surrender.

The defence of Christian civilization against atheistic totalitarianism was how Lloyd characterized the Second World War to neutrals, as he journeyed around Europe as a kind of roving ambassador on the pretext of British Council business. He was overjoyed when Churchill appointed him secretary of state for the colonies on 11 May 1940. At last he knew that the British were realizing the greatness of their destiny. He would not hear of an early peace, and the cabinet sent him to Bordeaux in June to make the final appeal to the French to fight on. The fate of the French colonies and the Italian threat in Africa demanded Lloyd's attention. There was no real opportunity for him to pursue his long-cherished schemes for imperial union, though he still jibbed at Zionism and Indian constitutional reform. The destroyers-for-bases deal with the USA also perturbed him.

On 7 January 1941, at his own prompting, Lloyd assumed additional duties as leader of the House of Lords. Soon afterwards he asked for a few days' rest. What was first diagnosed as German measles turned out to be myeloma, an uncommon form of leukaemia. He died at a clinic in Marylebone on 4 February 1941 and was buried in the village graveyard at St Ippollitts, Hertfordshire.

Some people said that George Lloyd seemed un-English—in looks and in mentality—to which he would lightly reply that he was wholly Welsh. A driven man, highly self-conscious, he combined exceptional ambition with a horror of careerism. He needed to convince himself that he sought preferment solely to advance a transcendent cause: namely, British imperialism as God's chosen instrument. This made him sound arrogant to those not privy to his moods of doubt and self-reproach. So intense a personality beneath a dapper exterior variously inspired and disconcerted. A romantic, who idealized the Elizabethan spirit, he embodied a Kiplingesque brand of patriotism no longer universally admired. Perhaps the timing of his death was fitting, for he abhorred the USSR and despised the USA, both shortly to enter the war. He had once told his wife that if the British empire suffered eclipse his heart would find solace only in the next world.

A well-known figure in the 1930s, Lloyd faded rapidly from popular recollection, inevitably overshadowed by Churchill in histories of the decade. His achievement at the British Council commanded great respect within that institution, but post-war Britain had generally no wish to remember him while transforming its empire into a Commonwealth. Fifty years on, however, Lloyd may appear to have been more prescient (or more honest) than many of his contemporaries— in his Cassandra-like prognoses for British global power, if not in his prescriptions.

Jason Tomes

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCSI GCIE PC DSO FRGS.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for West Staffordshire in 1910.
- He worked as a Governor of Bombay 1918 To 1923.
- He worked as a High Commissioner to Egypt 1925 To 1929.
- He worked as a Chairman of the British Council.
- He worked as a President of the Navy League.
- He worked as a Secretary of State for the Colonies in 1940.
- He worked as a Leader of the House of Lords Jan 1941 to 4 Feb 1941.

George married **Blanche Isabella Lascelles**, ¹³⁴ daughter of **Commander Hon. Frederick Canning Lascelles** and **Frederica Maria Liddell**, on 13 Nov 1911 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Blanche was born on 8 Oct 1880 in London and died on 30 Dec 1969 at age 89. They had one son: **Alexander Frederick David**.

11-Alexander Frederick David Lloyd 2nd Baron Lloyd 134 was born on 30 Sep 1912 in London and died on 5 Nov 1985 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 73.

Alexander married Lady Victoria Jean Marjorie Mabell Ogilvy, ¹⁶¹ daughter of Sir David Lyulph Gore Wolesley Ogilvy 7th Earl Of Airlie and Alexandra Marie Bridget Coke, ¹⁶¹ on 24 Jan 1942 in London. Victoria was born on 21 Sep 1918 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 2004 at age 86. They had three children: Davinia Margaret, Charles George David, and Laura Blanche.

- 12-Hon. Davinia Margaret Lloyd
- 12-Hon. Charles George David Lloyd was born on 4 Apr 1949 in London and died on 12 Mar 1974 at age 24.

General Notes: Reported missing from home, Tuesday 12 Mar 1974, and he was found dead two days later in a spinney near his home near Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

- 12-Hon. Laura Blanche Llovd
- 7-Priscilla Lloyd³⁴ was born on 7 May 1777 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 5 Jun 1777.
- 7-**Robert Lloyd**^{10,21,23,157} was born on 10 Dec 1778 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 26 Oct 1811 at age 32. The cause of his death was Typhus.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper's apprentice to Thomas Day (1737-1802) in 1794 in Saffron Walden, Essex.
- He worked as a Bookseller. Knott & Lloyd in London.

Robert married **Hannah Hart**,^{23,157} daughter of **Francis Hart**^{23,157} and **Sarah Gulson**,²³ on 2 Aug 1804 in FMH Castle Donnington. Hannah was born on 12 Jan 1779 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 2 Nov 1842 at age 63. They had four children: **Mary, Hannah, Robert**, and **Sarah**.

8-Mary Lloyd died on 25 Dec 1876.

Mary married Rev. John Geddes Crosbie on 30 Mar 1831. John died on 16 Jun 1838. They had three children: Robert Lloyd, John, and Andrew.

Noted events in his life were:

He resided at Fenwick Manse in Ayrshire.

9-**Robert Lloyd Crosbie**³⁴ was born on 25 Aug 1832, was christened on 30 Sep 1832 in Fenwick, Ayrshire, died in Nov 1894 at age 62, and was buried on 17 Nov 1894 in Harborne, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Brass and Iron Bedstead Manufacturer in The Globe Foundry, Birmingham.

Robert married **Jane Howell Lloyd**,³⁴ daughter of **Plumstead Lloyd**³⁴ and **Jane Howell**,³⁴ on 12 Oct 1858 in Ramsgate, Kent. Jane was born on 10 Nov 1822 and was christened on 4 Dec 1822 in St. Mary Newington, Surrey.

9-John Crosbie was born on 3 Jul 1834 and died on 24 Apr 1881 at age 46. He had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Andrew Crosbie was born on 2 Mar 1836.

Andrew married Hannah Riley, daughter of Benjamin Riley. They had nine children: Hannah Mary, Grace, John Andrew, Eliza Maude, Sarah Jane, Robert Lloyd, Ruth, Louisa, and Alice.

- 10-Hannah Mary Crosbie³⁴ was born on 18 Jul 1870.
- 10-Grace Crosbie³⁴ was born on 7 Aug 1871.
- 10-John Andrew Crosbie³⁴ was born on 7 Sep 1873 and died on 3 Jan 1874.
- 10-**Eliza Maude Crosbie**³⁴ was born on 15 May 1875.
- 10-Sarah Jane Crosbie³⁴ was born on 29 Apr 1876.
- 10-**Robert Lloyd Crosbie**³⁴ was born on 17 Mar 1878 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 10-**Ruth Crosbie**³⁴ was born on 11 Jul 1879.
- 10-Louisa Crosbie³⁴ was born on 5 Aug 1880 and died on 8 Aug 1880.
- 10-Alice Crosbie³⁴ was born on 8 Sep 1882 and died on 7 Feb 1883.
- 8-Hannah Lloyd³⁴ was born on 11 Mar 1805.
- 8-Robert Lloyd was born on 2 Mar 1811 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: This is all a bit of a mish-mash of company changes but Lloyd & Co. became Hopkins, Lloyd

Hopkins & Co., Teeside Ironworks.. which became in 1865 Hopkins, Gilkes & Co., Tees-side Engine & Ironworks.. which collapsed after the Tay Bridge disaster, and bankrupted partner William Randolph Innes Hopkins. The company was reconstituted as

Hopkins, Pease, Gilkes & Co., Tees-side Ironworks, which became

Wilson, Pease & Co. Ltd... which became after 1902

Pease & Partners, Tees Foundries Ltd. and by the late 1920's was subsumed into Pease & Partners Ltd.

Over the duration, all but one of the associated partners were related, with the exception of one Snowden

8-Sarah Lloyd

7-**Thomas Lloyd**^{21,34} was born on 5 Nov 1779 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 12 Sep 1811 in Birmingham. (28th also given) at age 31.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an apprentice Merchant in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Merchant and Partner in Wallis & Lloyd & Co. In Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Thomas married Susannah Whitehead,³⁴ daughter of John Whitehead, on 18 Sep 1805. Susannah died on 26 Jul 1840. They had four children: Ann, Susanna, Agatha, and Thomas.

- 8-**Ann Lloyd**³⁴ was born on 2 Jul 1806.
- 8-Susanna Lloyd³⁴ was born on 9 Mar 1808 and died on 10 Jan 1871 at age 62.
- 8-**Agatha Lloyd**³⁴ was born on 12 Jan 1810.

Agatha married George Engström, son of Hans Peter Engström. They had three children: George Lloyd, Arthur Lloyd, and Charles Robert Lloyd.

9-Capt. George Lloyd Engström³⁴ was born on 7 Jul 1837.

George married Louisa Maria Revell, daughter of Col. Reade Revell. They had six children: George Henry Adye Lloyd, Arthur George Henry Lloyd, Charles Walter Leverton, Arthur Lloyd Hamilton, Louisa Violet, and Albert George Goldsworthy.

- 10-George Henry Adye Lloyd Engström³⁴ was born on 21 Jul 1861 and died on 20 Apr 1862.
- 10-Arthur George Henry Lloyd Engström³⁴ was born on 9 Oct 1862 and died on 19 Mar 1864 at age 1.
- 10-Charles Walter Leverton Engström³⁴ was born on 11 Dec 1864.
- 10-Arthur Lloyd Hamilton Engström³⁴ was born on 31 May 1867.
- 10-Louisa Violet Engström³⁴ was born on 14 Mar 1872.
- 10-Albert George Goldsworthy Engström³⁴ was born on 5 Apr 1876.
- 9-Arthur Lloyd Engström³⁴ was born on 23 Jan 1840 and died on 12 Oct 1864 at age 24. He had no known marriage and no known children.
- 9-**Prof. Charles Robert Lloyd Engström**³⁴ was born on 17 Mar 1842.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.
- He worked as a Secretary, Christian Evidence Society.
- He worked as a Professor, City of London College.

Charles married Charlotte Lindsay May, daughter of George May. They had five children: May, Charles Lloyd, Charlotte Lindsay, Annie Gordon, and Edith Dorothy.

- 10-May Engström³⁴ was born on 15 Sep 1870.
- 10-Charles Lloyd Engström³⁴ was born on 25 Aug 1871.

- 10-Charlotte Lindsay Engström³⁴ was born on 19 Jan 1873.
- 10-Annie Gordon Engström³⁴ was born on 19 Jun 1876 and died on 9 Aug 1876.
- 10-**Edith Dorothy Engström**³⁴ was born on 23 Jun 1880.
- 8-**Thomas Lloyd**³⁴ was born on 25 Dec 1811 in Born posthumously to his father and died on 28 Dec 1811.
- 7-Plumstead Lloyd³⁴ was born on 7 Oct 1780 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Feb 1836 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an apprentice Brewer in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Brewer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Plumstead married Frances Isabella Bettenson, ³⁴ daughter of J. Bettenson, in 1804. Frances died on 18 Sep 1816. They had five children: Mary Elizabeth, Thomas Morton, Frances Bettenson, Emma, and Isabella.

8-Mary Elizabeth Lloyd

- 9-Louisa Lloyd died on 13 Feb 1915.
 - 10-Rev. Charles Edward Fynes-Clinton was born on 14 Aug 1868 and died on 1 Oct 1955 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Lawford, Essex.
 - 11-Mary Fynes-Clinton was born on 3 Sep 1903 and died on 19 Aug 1952 at age 48.
 - 11-Quenilda Margaret Fynes-Clinton was born on 12 Oct 1905.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Matron of the Evelyn Nursing Home, Cambridge.
- 11-Eleanor Lloyd Fynes-Clinton
- 11-Charles John Fynes-Clinton
- 11-**Hugh Arthur Fynes-Clinton** was born on 8 Jan 1913 and died in 1991 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Inspector of Schools, Dept. Of African Education.
 - 12-Rozanne Jean Fynes-Clinton
 - 12-Oliver John Fynes-Clinton
 - 13-Francis Bernard Peter Fynes-Clinton
 - 13-Laura Emily Fynes-Clinton

10-**Prof. Osbert Henry Fynes-Clinton** was born on 9 Nov 1869 and died on 9 Aug 1941 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Professor of French and Romance Philology in University College of North Wales, Bangor.
- He worked as a Linguist.
- 10-Mabel Fynes-Clinton died on 22 Jun 1918.
 - 11-Olwen Ruth Binyon died on 28 Jun 1976.
 - 11-Dennis Binyon
 - 12-**Timothy John Binyon** was born on 18 Feb 1936 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 7 Oct 2004 in Witney, Oxfordshire at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Crime writer.
- 12-Mary Binyon
- 12-Jane Binyon
 - 13-Sarah Higgins
 - 13-Zoe Higgins
- 11-Phyllis Mabel Binyon was born on 4 Apr 1901 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria.
 - 12-Anthony Martin Brown
 - 12-Philip Brown
- 10-Edith Fynes-Clinton was born in 1872, was christened on 19 May 1872 in St. James, Leyland, Lancashire, and died about 1940 about age 68.
- 10-Ethel Rosa Fynes-Clinton was born in 1874, was christened on 1 Feb 1874 in St. James, Leyland, Lancashire, and died on 29 Jan 1951 at age 77.
- 10-**Hilda Mary Fynes-Clinton** died on 1 Sep 1932.
- 10-Muriel Agnes Fynes-Clinton
- 10-**Rev. Arthur Fynes-Clinton** was born on 25 Feb 1878 in Nottinghamshire and died on 21 May 1961 at age 83.
- 10-Robert Fynes-Clinton was born on 7 Oct 1879 and died on 28 Mar 1962 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineering company manager in Liverpool.
 - 11-**Pelham Fynes-Clinton** was born on 10 Jul 1910 in 48 Poplar Road, Oxton, Birkenhead, Cheshire and died in 2007 at age 97.

General Notes: Pelham Fynes-Clinton was born in Oxton, on July 10th, 1910 – the year of Halley's comet, as he always liked to say. His father was the Managing Director of an engineering firm in Liverpool: Robert Fynes-Clinton was a practical man, though highly thoughtful and with a love of travel and the great outdoors; whilst his mother, Margaret, known as Daisy, was highly-strung, artistic and deeply musical, qualities passed on to her small son who showed unusual musical aptitude at a young age. At the age of 5 he was sent to school in Beresford Road, some

two miles away. There were no school buses in those traffic-free days hence the 5-year-old walked to and fro to school each and every day, sometimes alone, such was life back in 1915. Pelham began formal piano lessons at age 8, the piano soon becoming the most important part of his life. He also enjoyed hours of fun playing with the wooden trains constructed for him by his father, complete with wooden rails, which stretched to the bottom of the long back garden at 48 Poplar Road.

Pelham's idyllic early life was shattered at the age of 9 when he was sent away to boarding school in Heswall: here the ultra-sensitive small boy suffered years of bullying. He was deeply unhappy and would still recount these memories with a shudder many decades later. Experience had caused him to become a nervy, introverted, solitary child, his main refuge in life being his beloved piano. At the age of 14 he was sent to Radley College in Oxfordshire: years remembered with pleasure, Radley doing much to encourage his obvious musical ability. Pelham longed to travel and see the world, so after many begging letters home, his parents allowed their son to leave school

a term early – he then spent 3 wonderful months in Paris to learn French, returning home to the news that university and his ambition of becoming an architect were now out of the question – the Depression was beginning to hit and his father's income was heavily reduced so that Pelham was forced to enter his father's engineering firm, a square peg in a round hole if ever there was one, and a very bitter blow to a young man of Pelham's gifts and sensibilities.

During the 1930s, Pelham, now in his twenties, loathed his daily grind in his father's office. He later recalled how the regular sight of children, desperately poor and barefoot on the streets of Liverpool in those bleak days profoundly shocked him. He was also aware that the world was gradually drifting towards World War II, and wanted to do something about it – however small. So he joined the League of

Nations Union, where he met his wife-to-be, Joan Elizabeth Chaplin, a History graduate, lively, intellectual, a lover of music, literature and the countryside, and keen worker for world peace. Joan brought real joy and high-spirited enthusiasm into his life, wonderful times followed and they married in June 1937, living initially in a flat at 3 Hydro Avenue, West Kirby, later moving to 1 Gerard Road.

Pelham spent the war years working for the Forestry Commission in Oswestry, and later at Llangollen, close to Joan's parents then living in Wales. Pelham got on with his in-laws as well, if not better, than his own parents, and despite the war, this was a happy period, open-air life in the countryside suiting Pelham down to the ground. After 5 years it was back to the office, but now, soothed by his respite, he felt better able to cope with his lot. In 1949 the couple's only child, Julia, was born. Throughout life from childhood to old age, Pelham's twin passions of music and the countryside completely dominated his life. His love of wild places meant that upon every holiday from the office he would head for Wales, Scotland or the Lake District and was never happier than when walking alone on the hills and mountains of the British Isles – the wilder and more remote the better.

Later he would travel to Italy, Switzerland, Norway, Iceland and Greenland, thrilling to the Alps, glaciers, geysers and volcanoes, as well as to art and architecture. On the Alps he would live on the mountainside for days at a time, roped securely to a guide, ice pick in hand! Although much affected by the vastness and awe of nature in the raw, and with a keen interest in astronomy, Pelham also derived huge pleasure from the tiniest of natural wonders: wild flowers in particular delighted to him. A walk in the company of so appreciative a soul was always a joy. Pelham was by nature an intellectual, deeply cultured and widely read. The joy he experienced in Florence and Vienna and in churches and cathedrals at home and abroad lasted a lifetime. (It was a family joke that if ever Pelham couldn't be found to always try the nearest cathedral!) His intense appreciation of beauty in all its forms meant that photography inevitably became a great hobby, his wonderful collections of slides taken on his travels being shown to many local societies. He was President of the Hoylake Photographic Society for some years, his black and white studies of mountain landscapes frequently winning awards. His love of the countryside led to his joining the National Trust, serving on the committee of the Liverpool branch until comparatively recently. He was also Secretary of the Hoylake Civic Society for many years – here again was his obvious desire to help preserve the assets of his local neighbourhood. Pelham's other passion – music – was laced into every day of his life in one form or another. He was an exceptionally gifted musician, so gifted and so exceptional that he could easily have become a professional concert pianist, but he readily acknowledged that his nervous system would never have survived the stress entailed. Nevertheless he delighted many local audiences over the years, sometimes performing in aid of Oxfam etc. He always amazed people that he could go straight to the piano and play anything at all, no music required

When not playing himself he was frequently listening to the Third Programme, or Radio 3 as it became. His knowledge of music was vast and in it his joy knew no bounds. He was a long-term member of the Hoylake Chamber Concert Society, serving on the committee, and latterly was President of the Hoylake Choral Society, both societies bringing him much pleasure. Pelham's wife, Joan, appreciated music and shared his love of nature and the countryside, but more especially her talent and passion for literature added a further element to Pelham's life. Jointly they gave what were called Apollo Evenings during the 'fifties and 'sixties; at these Joan and other members of the Hoylake Literary Society which Joan had founded would read poetry interspersed by appropriate piano music performed by Pelham. These evenings were so popular that usually it was standing room only! Pelham took over the chairmanship of the Hoylake Literary Society after his wife's death in 1984. Thus music, great art, architecture, literature and poetry, nature and the countryside were the combined central force throughout Pelham's immensely long life.

Following Joan's death, Pelham became seriously ill, Addison's Disease eventually being diagnosed, but not before his weight had dropped to 7 stone and at one point he seemed unlikely to survive. During this period a neighbour and recently acquired friend of the couple, Mrs Margaret Waterhouse, was invaluable in caring for Pelham, cooking him special recipes and generally doing all she could for his welfare. To cut a very long story short, in 1990 Pelham moved in with Mrs Waterhouse in the spirit of friendship and as a paying guest — initially for a period of 3 weeks, but ended up spending the last 17 years of his life with Margaret. It is largely to Margaret that he owed his extra-long life, thanks to her lively companionship and devoted care. With Margaret he truly entered a new lease of life, travelling abroad with her to Italy, France, Norway, Switzerland, Austria and Germany, as well as all over the British Isles, including Skye, the Orkneys and the Hebrides. All these journeys were undertaken by a man of over 90!

This very last week Margaret discovered that Pelham had pencilled in his diary projected trips to both Scotland and Canterbury Cathedral – despite his medical problems such was the unflagging and endlessly optimistic spirit of this amazing 96- year-old.

It is hard to describe Pelham's character to those who never met him. The word 'unique' is often indiscriminately applied, but in Pelham's case – even quite apart from his artistic gifts – the word 'unique' truly summed him up. He somehow had an extraordinary 'innocence' about him, an ingenuousness which was quite special. He showed care and respect to all, be it to an animal in distress, a shop assistant or an office cleaner. He had a natural goodness and honesty and was incapable of anything other than kindness and decency towards all those he encountered. He

always saw the best in people. It was as if a whole raft of negativity had simply been left out of his genes. This 'innocence' and unworldliness at times could be exasperating, yet equally these qualities were a blessing which made him view life with a purity of approach, a fact which surely enhanced the beauties of music and nature he gathered around him. Pelham Fynes-Clinton leaves his daughter, Julia, and grandson Adrian. As more than one friend has said this week: "Pelham was unique. We shall not see his like again". May his sweet soul rest in peace.

The Old Radleian 2007

Obituaries

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Beresford Road School in 1915-1919 in Liverpool.
- He was educated at Haswell School in 1919-1924.
- He was educated at Radley in 1924.
- He worked as an Engineering office employee at his father's company in Liverpool.
- He worked as an employee of the Forestry Commission.
- He worked as an Engineering office employee at his father's company in Liverpool.
- Miscellaneous: President of the Hoylake Photographic Society.

12-Margaret Julia Fynes-Clinton

- 9-Mary Sophia Lloyd
- 9-Mary Elizabeth Lloyd
- 9-Caroline Lloyd
- 8-**Thomas Morton Lloyd**³⁴ died on 16 Aug 1839.
- 8-Frances Bettenson Lloyd³⁴ died on 16 Aug 1839.
- 8-Emma Lloyd

Emma married **Thomas Holmes Forrest**,³⁴ son of **Thomas Forrest** and **Sarah**, on 23 Nov 1837 in St. Andrew by the Wardrobe, London. Thomas was born on 19 Oct 1803 in Greenhithe, Kent and died in 1875 in Thanet, Kent at age 72. They had one daughter: **Emma**.

9-Emma Forrest died on 30 May 1882 in 14 Regent Square, Grays Inn Road, London.

Emma married **George Fitz-George**, son of **Ann Edwards**, on 13 Jan 1859 in St. Anne's, Limehouse, London. George was born on 13 May 1839, died on 28 Mar 1870 in 144 Stanhope Street, Regents Park, London at age 30, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London. They had two children: **Sydney Ann** and **Florence Isabel**.

10-Sydney Ann Fitz-George was born on 22 May 1861 in Hesse Homburg, Germany and died on 24 Dec 1953 in Redhill, Reigate, Surrey at age 92.

Sydney married **Robert Charles Snell**, son of **George Blagrave Saxon Snell** and **Emily**, on 25 Mar 1881 in Ramsgate, Kent. Robert was born on 7 Feb 1862 in Clerkenwell, London and died on 18 Sep 1906 in Penzance, Cornwall at age 44. The cause of his death was Committed suicide. They had two children: **Forrest Saxon Lloyd** and **Charles Darner**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker's clerk.
 - 11-**Rev. Canon Forrest Saxon Lloyd Fitz-George** was born on 21 May 1882 in 4 Wellington Crescent, Ramsgate, Kent and died on 8 May 1958 at age 75. Another name for Forrest was Forrest Saxon Lloyd Snell.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of the South African Engineers.
- He worked as a Clerk in Holy orders in 1923 in Southwark, London.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. Laurence in 1927-1939 in Catford, Middlesex.
- He worked as a Rector of Newington in 1939-1945 in Newington, London.
- He worked as a Vicar of Redhill in 1945-1951 in Redhill, Reigate, Surrey.

Forrest married **Aye-Aye Cottrell Walker**, daughter of **Rev. Frederick William Walker** and **May D. Cotterell**, on 7 Jun 1919 in St. Peters, Stoke Goldrington, Buckinghamshire. Aye-Aye was born in 1884 in Christchurch, New Zealand.

11-Charles Darner Snell was born in 1884 and died on 9 Nov 1936 at age 52.

Sydney had a relationship with Ernest B. Tidey. Marriage status: unmarried. This couple did not marry. Ernest was born in 1862 and died on 24 Jan 1914 at age 52.

10-Florence Isabel Fitz-George was born on 28 Jan 1864 in 10 Berners Street, Marylebone, London and died in 1864 in Marylebone, London.

8-Isabella Lloyd

Isabella married Henry Russell.

Plumstead next married **Jane Howell**, ³⁴ daughter of **John Howell**. Jane died on 10 Oct 1843. They had one daughter: **Jane Howell**.

8-Jane Howell Lloyd³⁴ was born on 10 Nov 1822 and was christened on 4 Dec 1822 in St. Mary Newington, Surrey.

7-Priscilla Lloyd^{10,34,43,156} was born on 6 Oct 1781 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 7 Oct 1815 at age 34.

Priscilla married **Dr. Christopher Wordsworth**, ^{10,34,43} son of **John Wordsworth** and **Anne Cookson**, in 1804 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Christopher was born on 4 Jun 1774 in Cockermouth, Cumbria and died on 2 Feb 1846 in Uckworth, Sussex at age 71. They had three children: **John, Charles**, and **Christopher**.

General Notes: Sometime Chaplain to the Archbishop of Canterbury. Brother of William Wordsworth the poet. From Dr. Wordsworth.

- " Bocking,
- " October 7th, 1815.
- " I write to apprise you of a most afflicting event. My dearest Priscilla is dead. Two days ago all seemed doing well. Acute flying spasmodic pains then came on, but we had no apprehension of danger six hours ago. Will you communicate the tidings to our Kendal friends and my brother. I am here all alone, and no words can describe what I have lost.
- " Yours ever affectionately,
- " Chris: Wordsworth.
- " Saturday morning." Letter to Anna Braithwaite

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Master of Trinity College in Cambridge.
 - 8-Rev. John Wordsworth was born on 1 Jul 1805 in Lambeth, London and died on 31 Dec 1839 in Cambridge at age 34.
 - 8-Rt. Rev. Charles Wordsworth was born on 22 Aug 1806 in Lambeth, London and died on 5 Dec 1892 in St. Andrews, Fife at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Bishop of St. Andrews.

Charles married Charlotte Day, daughter of Rev. George Day, on 29 Dec 1835 in Norwich Cathedral, Norfolk. Charlotte died on 10 May 1839. They had one daughter: Charlotte Emmeline.

9-Charlotte Emmeline Wordsworth was born on 9 May 1839 in Winchester and died on 29 Jul 1922 in Seaton, Devon at age 83.

Charles next married Katharine Mary Barter, daughter of Rev. William Brudenell Barter and Sarah Sweet-Escott, on 28 Oct 1846. Katharine died on 23 Apr 1897. They had 12 children: Charles Samuel, Robert Walker, William Barter, Katharine Mary, Kenneth Andrew, Margaret Walker, Emily Sarah, Edith Louisa, Mary Barbara, Louisa Caroline, John Roundell, and Harriet Susan.

9-Rev. Charles Samuel Wordsworth was born on 30 Mar 1848.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector of Old Swinford in Worcestershire.

Charles married Emily Craufurd, daughter of Rev. Charles Henry Cregan Craufurd. They had three children: Charles William, Christopher Robert, and Emily Constance.

- 10-Charles William Wordsworth was born on 19 Feb 1880.
- 10-Christopher Robert Wordsworth was born on 18 Oct 1881.
- 10-Emily Constance Wordsworth was born on 28 Jan 1883.
- 9-Robert Walker Wordsworth was born on 30 Jul 1849.
- 9-William Barter Wordsworth was born on 4 Aug 1850.
- 9-Katharine Mary Wordsworth was born on 19 Mar 1852.
- 9-Kenneth Andrew Wordsworth was born on 14 May 1853 and died on 16 May 1862 at age 9.
- 9-Margaret Walker Wordsworth was born on 16 Apr 1854.
- 9-Emily Sarah Wordsworth was born on 24 Jul 1856.
- 9-Edith Louisa Wordsworth was born on 17 Sep 1857.
- 9-Mary Barbara Wordsworth was born on 24 Apr 1859.
- 9-Louisa Caroline Wordsworth was born on 19 Apr 1861.
- 9-John Roundell Wordsworth was born on 14 Feb 1866.
- 9-Harriet Susan Wordsworth was born on 26 Sep 1868.
- 8-Rt. Rev. Christopher Wordsworth¹⁶² was born on 30 Oct 1807 in Lambeth, Surrey and died on 21 Mar 1885 in Harewood, Yorkshire at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Headmaster of Harrow 1836 To 1844.
- He worked as a Bishop of Lincoln 1869 To 1885.

Christopher married **Susanna Hartley Frere** in Oct 1838 in Bishop's Stortford, Hertfordshire. Susanna was born in 1811 in London and died in Dec 1884 in Yorkshire at age 73. They had six children: **Elizabeth, John, Mary, Susanna, Christopher**, and **Dora**.

9-Dame Elizabeth Wordsworth³ was born on 22 Jun 1840 in Harrow, Middlesex and died on 30 Nov 1932 in 12, Rawlinson Road, Oxford at age 92.

General Notes: Wordsworth, Dame Elizabeth [pseud. Grant Lloyd] (1840–1932), college head, was born on 22 June 1840 at Harrow on the Hill, Middlesex, the eldest of the seven children of Christopher Wordsworth (1807–1885), headmaster of Harrow School, from 1844 canon of Westminster, and from 1868 bishop of Lincoln, and his wife, Susanna Hatley Frere (1811–1884). In 1844 the family moved to 4 Little Cloister, in the precincts of Westminster Abbey, and from 1851 until Elizabeth was twenty-eight they usually spent four months of each year in Westminster and eight in Stanford in the Vale, in Berkshire, where her father held a living. She was educated at home, apart from one rather fruitless year at a boarding-school in Brighton when she was seventeen. Her father, intelligent governesses, and her own wide reading provided a substantial but uneven academic education. She learned almost no mathematics or science, but studied Latin, history, modern languages, English literature, drawing, and singing, and taught herself Greek from her younger brother John Wordsworth's school books in order to read the New Testament and Homer. Christian faith shaped her upbringing profoundly, and throughout her life she treasured the liturgy, devotion, and traditions of high-church Anglicanism. Her piety was straightforward, scholarly, and practical, rooted in detailed study of the Bible and theology, but also in humdrum parish work in rural Stanford. Westminster, meanwhile, gave access to clerical and academic society in London, to galleries, and the theatre. From the age of thirteen she also travelled extensively in Europe with her family, and continued to do so with relatives and friends all her life.

Elizabeth was intelligent, witty, and unusually well read in several languages. Her father relied on her as a research assistant for an ambitious Bible commentary, and then as his secretary when he was appointed bishop and the family moved to Riseholme Palace near Lincoln. She never queried the convention by which her brothers John and Christopher were sent to Winchester College and then Oxford and Cambridge respectively, while she, as a girl, was educated informally at home. But when the headship of an Oxford hall of residence for women students was proposed to her in 1878 she accepted, and her father approved, although her brother John, then a fellow of Brasenose College, Oxford, saw no need for such an initiative.

During the ten years between the move to Riseholme and Elizabeth Wordsworth's appointment as founding principal of Lady Margaret Hall, her range of friendships and academic interests widened, and she became a writer. From 1868 she experienced a particularly close relationship with Edward White Benson, headmaster at Wellington College and examining chaplain to her father at Lincoln, and his wife, Minnie. The Wordsworth and Benson families saw a good deal of one another, but Edward Benson and Elizabeth became especially intimate friends, passionately sharing intellectual and ecclesiastical interests in long conversations and letters. Her friendship with Edward Benson was expansive and personally engaging in a way that was not repeated with any other man. By the mid-1870s the intensity of communication had abated, while her friendship with the Benson family as a whole continued.

In 1870 Elizabeth met the novelist Charlotte Mary Yonge in Oxford and they became lifelong friends. Elizabeth herself published a first novel, Thornwell Abbas, in 1876 under the pseudonym Grant Lloyd, followed by a second, Ebb and Flow, in 1883. From the early 1870s she also wrote poems, plays, stories, essays, and devotional pieces, as well as co-authoring a biography of her father in 1888. She acquired the reputation of a minor poet. She often stayed with her brother John and his wife in Oxford, and became a regular and popular participant in Oxford dinner parties. She attended lecture courses by the historian Robert Laing in the series given from 1873 onwards by Oxford dons for women, and wrote essays for Laing which he thought outstanding. Whether socially or through these lectures, she met many of the men and women who were determined to provide a university education for women in Oxford, including Edward Talbot, founding warden of Keble College, and his wife, Lavinia. She was not herself part of this pioneering group; her own energies were concentrated on her family, her writing, and her father's work in Lincoln.

In November 1878 Elizabeth Wordsworth accepted Edward Talbot's invitation to become principal of a residential hall for women that a committee of high-church Anglicans was establishing in Oxford. Her interest in higher education for women owed nothing to feminist principle, and everything to her conviction that well-educated women would be better wives and mothers and more useful members of the Church of England and of English society. She proposed that the new hall be named after Lady Margaret Beaufort, mother of Henry VII and a patron of the arts and learning, whom she described as a gentlewoman, a scholar, and a saint. She wanted her students to be all three.

Lady Margaret Hall (LMH) accepted its first students in 1879, and Elizabeth remained its principal until her retirement in 1909. She was small, brisk, confident, and outspoken, and she brought to the new venture her characteristic generosity of mind and informality. Although her ideal was a family-sized community, plans for expansion were drawn up almost immediately, and she was impatient to see them implemented. The first new building to be added to the original Victorian villa was designed by Basil Champneys and completed in 1884. One of the four buildings by Reginald Blomfield that established the central form and classical style of the college was opened in 1896 and, at the insistence of the LMH council, bore her name, with the second following in 1910, the year after her retirement. Student numbers rose from nine in 1879 to fifty-nine in 1909. The individual students rather than the institution were always her main interest. She enjoyed their company, and encouraged them to walk, row, play tennis and hockey, and to ride bicycles when these appeared, seeing no need to impose further restrictions beyond the already strict conventions of the period. She expected them to be lively as well as hard-working. The students in turn found her inspiring, entertaining, and idiosyncratic. They listened to her Bible studies on Sunday evenings, acted in her annual plays, met the many visitors who called to see her, monitored her odd taste in headwear, and enjoyed having such a learned and notable, if sometimes disconcerting, character as their principal. Some of them were also deeply disappointed by her lack of interest in feminist causes, including the suffrage, and irritated by her conventional views on a woman's main role as wife and mother. She was none the less clear-sighted about the need of many women to be financially and emotionally self-reliant, and was determined to equip them to make their way independently.

In 1886, a year after Bishop Wordsworth died, Elizabeth unexpectedly inherited £600 from his estate, and decided to found St Hugh's Hall in his memory, for women students who could not afford the fees at LMH. This personal initiative was a great success; the hall later became St Hugh's College, Oxford. Meanwhile she continued to be a generous benefactor of LMH, giving or loaning money on several occasions for its development. Elizabeth Wordsworth, founder of one hall for women and founding principal of another, none the less managed to keep a low profile in the controversy in the 1890s over whether to admit women to the BA degree. She eventually argued for it, even though the LMH council opposed it, but she did not have very strong views on the matter. She was adamant, however, that a proposal being discussed at the same time, to introduce a non-resident diploma for women, would undermine the existing halls, and she opposed her council's support for it. An initiative that gained her full approval and active commitment was the opening of the Lady Margaret Hall Settlement in Lambeth in 1897, with its obvious practical commitment to those in need.

In 1900 Elizabeth Wordsworth gave up her house in Lincoln to live all year round in Oxford, first at Gunfield House, next door to LMH, and then, after retirement, at 12 Rawlinson Road. She received an honorary MA from Oxford University in 1921, one year after degrees were opened to women. She was elected an honorary fellow of Lady Margaret Hall and of St Hugh's in 1926. In the jubilee year of LMH, 1928, she received the honorary degree of DCL from Oxford University and was made a DBE. She died at her home in Rawlinson Road on 30 November 1932, and was buried on 5 December in Wolvercote cemetery, the most unselfconscious yet the most influential pioneer of women's university education that Oxford had known.

Frances Lannon

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Principal of Lady Margaret Hall, Oxford.

Elizabeth married Percy Andrew Steedman. They had two children: Susannah Margaret and Dorothy Wordsworth.

- 10-Susannah Margaret Steedman was born on 12 Nov 1879.
- 10-Dorothy Wordsworth Steedman was born on 19 Mar 1882.
- 9-Rt. Rev. John Wordsworth was born on 21 Sep 1843 in Harrow, Middlesex and died on 16 Aug 1911 in Bishop's Palace, Salisbury, Wiltshire at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Bishop of Salisbury.

John married Susan Esther Coxe, daughter of Henry Octavius Coxe and Charlotte Esther Turner, in 1870. Susan was born in 1842 and died in 1894 at age 52.

John next married Mary Ann Frances Williams, daughter of Sir Robert Williams 1st Bt. and Rosa Walker Simes, in 1896. Mary was born in 1870 in Slinfold, Sussex and died in 1938 at age 68. They had one daughter: Rosa Salome.

- 10-Rosa Salome Wordsworth was born in Jul 1900 in Bishop's Cottage, West Lulworth, Dorset and died in Apr 1995 in Harnham, Wiltshire at age 94.
 - 11-Elizabeth Mary Pelly
 - 12-Christopher Wyndham Jordan
 - 13-Zhala Anne Jordan
 - 13-Anthony Christopher Jordan
 - 12-Diana Salome Jordan
 - 13-Daniel Benge-Abbott
 - 13-Joel Matthew Benge-Abbott
 - 12-Dr. Alison Faith Jordan
 - 13-Fiona Clarke
 - 13-Alexander Clarke
 - 11-Rosa Jane Pelly
 - 11-Juliet Rachel Pelly
 - 12-Rachel Sally Webb

13-Unity Bowns 12-Rhoda Jane Webb 13-Elinor Agerbak 13-Isabelle Agerbak 13-Alice Agerbak 11-Robina Catherine Pelly 12-Dr. Andrew Tym Hattersley 13-Ruth Salome Hattersley 13-Rosie Jane Hattersley 13-Mark Andrew Hattersley 12-William John Hattersley 12-Dr. Richard Wordsworth Hattersley 13-Emma Hattersley 13-Katie Hattersley 11-Richard Christopher Wordsworth Pelly 12-Katherine Jane Pelly 13-Josiah Pleydell-Bouverie 13-Rufus Pleydell-Bouverie 13-Honor Phoebe C. Pleydell-Bouverie 12-Richard Hugh Pelly 12-David John Pelly 11-Dr. Hugh John Wordsworth Pelly 12-Tom Fergus Pelly 12-Matthew David Pelly

12-Adam Pelly

12-Christopher Hugh Pelly

12-Claire Alexandra Pelly

9-Mary Wordsworth was born in 1845, died in 1926 at age 81, and was buried in St Mary and St Nicholas' Curchyard, Leatherhead, Surrey.

Mary married Rev. James John Trebeck on 28 Oct 1874. James was born in 1838, died in 1904 at age 66, and was buried in St Mary and St Nicholas' Curchyard, Leatherhead, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of St. Mary's Minster in Southwell, Nottinghamshire.
- 9-Susanna Wordsworth was born in 1847 and died in 1911 at age 64.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Head of the College of Women Workers, Lewisham.
- 9-Rev. Christopher Wordsworth was born in 1848 in St. Peter's Washington, Middlesex and died in 1935 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of St. Peter & St. Paul, Marlborough.

Christopher married Mary Reeve in 1874. Mary was born in 1849 in Kingswear, Devon and died in 1921 at age 72. They had six children: Dorothy May, Christopher Andrewes, Ruth Mary, John Vincent, William Arthur, and Susannah Mary.

- 10-**Dorothy May Wordsworth** was born in 1876.
- 10-Christopher Andrewes Wordsworth was born on 21 Sep 1876.
- 10-Ruth Mary Wordsworth was born in 1878.
- 10-**John Vincent Wordsworth** was born on 26 Sep 1879.
- 10-William Arthur Wordsworth was born on 24 May 1881.
- 10-Susannah Mary Wordsworth
- 9-Dora Wordsworth was born in 1852 and died in 1946 at age 94.

Dora married **Rev. Edward Tucker Leeke**, son of **Rev. William Leeke** and **Mary Ann Cox**, in 1880. Edward was born in 1842 and died in 1925 at age 83. They had two children: **William Wordsworth** and **Christopher**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon and Sub-Dean of Lincoln.
 - 10-William Wordsworth Leeke was born on 23 Jan 1882.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon of Lincoln Cathedral.
- 10-Christopher Leeke was born on 26 Jan 1883.

7-Olivia Lloyd^{10,21,23,34,156} was born on 7 Mar 1783 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Dec 1854 at age 71.

Olivia married Paul Moon James, 10,21,23 son of William James 3,23 and Priscilla Moon, 13,23 on 3 Aug 1808 in FMH Birmingham. Paul was born on 16 Jan 1780 in Castle Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire,

was christened on 2 Feb 1834 in St. Mary's church, Moseley, Birmingham, and died on 13 Jul 1854 in Pendleton, Manchester at age 74. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member and later Partner in Galton's Bank... Later Galton, Galton & James after 1808-1829 in Steelhouse Lane, Birmingham.
- He worked as a Manager of the Birmingham Banking Co. 1829 To 1836 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in Wake Green, Worcestershire.
- He worked as a Managing director of the Manchester & Salford Joint Stock Bank 1836 To 1854 in Manchester.
- He worked as a Poet.
- 7-Mary Lloyd^{23,34,85,163} was born on 1 Jun 1784 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 22 Nov 1822 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 38.

Mary married **George Braithwaite**, ^{23,34,85,163} son of **George Braithwaite** ^{23,27,85,100,164} and **Deborah Wilson**, ^{23,27,100,164} on 19 Mar 1806 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. George was born on 1 Dec 1777 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 23 Nov 1853 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 75. They had nine children: **Mary, George, Deborah, Alice, Thomas, Gurney, Samuel**, and **James**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Drysalter of Kendal, Cumbria.
 - 8-Mary Braithwaite^{34,163} was born on 28 Feb 1807 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 Apr 1833 in Plymouth, Devon at age 26.

Mary married **Dr. Charles Hingston**, ^{27,34,163} son of **Joseph Hingston**, and **Catherine Phillips Tregelles**, on 8 Mar 1830 in Kendal, Cumbria. Charles was born on 27 Apr 1805 in Dodbrooke, Kingsbridge, Devon and died on 5 Sep 1872 in Ford Park Cemetery, Plymouth, Devon at age 67. They had two children: **Mary Anna** and **Georgina Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Doctor.
 - 9-Mary Anna Hingston³⁴ was born on 31 Dec 1830 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 26 Feb 1870 in Stafford, Staffordshire at age 39. She had no known marriage and no known children.
 - 9-Georgina Braithwaite Hingston³⁴ was born on 21 Jan 1833 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 12 Oct 1854 at age 21. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 8-George Braithwaite³⁴ was born on 27 Aug 1808 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 27 Feb 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 1.
- 8-George Braithwaite³⁴ was born on 21 Jul 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 22 May 1865 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at probably Joseph Tatham's Academy, Leeds.
- 8-**Deborah Braithwaite**³⁴ was born on 14 Aug 1812 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 17 Apr 1833 in Kendal, Cumbria (17 April 1835 also given in Benson) at age 20.
- 8-Alice Braithwaite^{27,34} was born on 18 Jul 1814 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 18 Jan 1892 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 77, and was buried in Barnstaple, Devon.

Alice married **Mark Batt**,^{27,34} son of **William Batt**¹⁴⁷ and **Mary Lamley**, on 28 Jun 1855 in Kendal, Cumbria. Mark was born on 5 Mar 1813 in Maidenhead, Berkshire, died on 12 Apr 1907 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 94, and was buried in Barnstaple, Devon.

- 8-Thomas Braithwaite^{34,166} was born on 1 May 1816 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 17 May 1896 in Airton, Skipton, Yorkshire at age 80, and was buried in FBG Airton, Kirkby Malham.
- 8-Gurney Braithwaite³⁴ was born on 25 Jun 1818 in Parkside, Kendal and died on 27 Apr 1819 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- 8-Samuel Braithwaite^{27,34} was born on 25 Apr 1820 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 Mar 1870 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 49.
- Samuel married Elizabeth Hattersley, 27,34 daughter of Robert Hattersley and Elizabeth Beverley, on 3 Mar 1858 in Leeds, Yorkshire. Elizabeth was born on 9 Apr 1826 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died

- on 3 Aug 1894 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 68. They had three children: **George Henry, Robert William**, and **Alfred Lloyd**.
 - 9-George Henry Braithwaite^{27,34} was born on 9 Apr 1859 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 17 Feb 1885 in Lost At Sea. at age 25.
 - 9-Robert William Braithwaite^{27,34} was born on 7 May 1863 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 18 Jan 1882 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 18.
 - 9-Alfred Lloyd Braithwaite^{27,34} was born on 8 Nov 1864 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 17 Sep 1922 in Pool in Wharfedale, Yorkshire at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1915 in 19 Norman Terrace, Eccleshill, Bradford, Yorkshire.

Alfred married **Ellen Pool**, ²⁷ daughter of **William Pool** and **Eleanor Bate**, on 6 Jun 1895 in Heath Town, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. Ellen was born on 10 Jan 1863 in Heath Town, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 25 Apr 1902 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire at age 39. They had four children: **Eleanor Elizabeth, Lorna Mary, Kathleen Lloyd**, and **Georgina Helen**.

- 10-Eleanor Elizabeth Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 18 Apr 1896 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 18 Jan 1897 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- 10-**Lorna Mary Braithwaite**²⁷ was born on 27 Apr 1897 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- 10-Kathleen Lloyd Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 3 Aug 1898 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Kathleen married **John Reginald Williams**, son of **Lovell Edward Williams** and **Emily France**, on 5 Apr 1920 in Kirby On The Hill, Boroughbridge. John was born on 4 Jun 1887 in Ben Rhydding, Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire. They had eight children: **Frank Alfred, Mary Ellen, Barbara Edith, Lloyd Braithwaite, Kathleen Isabel, Joyce Margaret, Marjorie Mae**, and **Elizabeth Ruth**.

- 11-Frank Alfred Williams
- 11-Mary Ellen Williams

Mary married William Grayden Laing, son of William Laing and Ethel Hutton. They had three children: Dorothy Ellen, Kathleen Joyce, and Kenneth William Grayden.

- 12-Dorothy Ellen Laing
- 12-Kathleen Joyce Laing
- 12-Kenneth William Grayden Laing
- 11-Barbara Edith Williams

Barbara married Hugh Alfred McKay, son of Burns McKay and Eva McOutcheon. They had five children: Alan Hugh, Edith Dianne, Doris Marie, Eva Jean, and Margaret Laurel.

- 12-Alan Hugh McKay was born on 31 Jan 1947 in London, Ontario, Canada and died on 3 Feb 1947 in London, Ontario, Canada.
- 12-Edith Dianne McKay
- 12-Doris Marie McKay
- 12-Eva Jean McKay
- 12-Margaret Laurel McKay
- 11-Lloyd Braithwaite Williams was born on 28 Jun 1926 in Lakeside, Ontario, Canada and died on 12 Feb 1933 in Lakeside, Ontario, Canada at age 6.
- 11-Kathleen Isabel Williams

Kathleen married **Roy Maxwell Quinton**, son of **Charles Philip Quinton** and **Annie May Fair**, on 13 Apr 1949 in Lakeside, Ontario, Canada. Roy was born on 14 Jul 1923 in Bent River, Ontario, Canada, died on 20 Aug 2014 in South Muskoka Memorial Hospital, Bracebridge, Ontario, Canada at age 91, and was buried on 22 Aug 2014 in Ullswater Township Cemetery, Ontario, Canada. They had four children: **Robert John, David Roy, Brian**, and **Jim**.

- 12-Robert John Quinton
- 12-David Roy Quinton
- 12-Brian Quinton
- 12-Jim Quinton
- 11-Joyce Margaret Williams

Joyce married William Thomas Langdon, son of Charles Wilfred Langdon and Margaret May Green. They had two children: Barbara Jean and Betty Anne.

- 12-Barbara Jean Langdon
- 12-Betty Anne Langdon
- 11-Marjorie Mae Williams

Marjorie married Donald James Vanstone, son of James Nelson Vanstone and Mary Jane Dunseith. They had one daughter: Deborah Louise.

- 12-Deborah Louise Vanstone
- 11-Elizabeth Ruth Williams
- 10-Georgina Helen Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 3 Nov 1901 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Georgina married **James Garfield Baker**, son of **Philip Ackland Baker** and **Ida May Pelton**, on 14 Sep 1929 in Thamesford, Ontario, Canada. James was born on 25 Jun 1893 in Lakeside, Ontario, Canada. They had two children: **Robert Ackland** and **Georgina Helen**.

- 11-Robert Ackland Baker
- 11-Georgina Helen Baker

Alfred next married **Edith Emily Williams**, daughter of **Lovell Edward Williams** and **Emily France**, on 15 Jun 1910 in Eccleshill, Bradford. Edith was born on 2 Aug 1871 in Undercliffe, Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 13 May 1953 in Pool in Wharfedale, Yorkshire at age 81. They had two children: **Robert Alfred** and **George Lovell**.

10-Robert Alfred Braithwaite

Robert married Bessie Vivan Cockcroft, daughter of James Newell Cockcroft and Florence Barraclough. They had three children: Robert David, Stephen James, and Andrew Charles Lloyd.

- 11-Robert David Braithwaite
- 11-Stephen James Braithwaite
- 11-Andrew Charles Lloyd Braithwaite
- 10-George Lovell Braithwaite

8-James Braithwaite³⁴ was born on 25 Apr 1820 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 29 Jan 1894 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 73.

James married Ann McLandsborough, ³⁴ daughter of Andrew McLandsborough and Alice Hustwaite, on 25 Jul 1860 in Otley, Yorkshire. Ann was born on 27 Nov 1824 in Otley, Yorkshire and died

on 14 Feb 1895 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 70. They had three children: Mary, Alice, and Rachel Lloyd.

9-Mary Braithwaite³⁴ was born on 15 Jul 1861 in Shipley, Yorkshire and died on 3 Sep 1937 in Harrogate at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1912 in 45 West End Avenue, Harrogate, Yorkshire.
- 9-Alice Braithwaite³⁴ was born on 28 Mar 1864 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 5 Mar 1942 in Masham, Yorkshire at age 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1912 in 45 West End Avenue, Harrogate, Yorkshire.
- She worked as an Author.
- 9-Rachel Lloyd Braithwaite³⁴ was born on 5 Mar 1866 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 15 Jul 1896 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 30.
- 7-Joseph Lloyd³⁴ was born on 8 Nov 1785 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 18 Dec 1785.

7-Anna Lloyd^{3,21,23,27,33,34,48,100,149,164,167,168} was born on 27 Dec 1788 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 18 Dec 1859 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 70, and was buried in FBG Stramongate, Kendal.

General Notes: On her mother's side, the ancestors of Anna Braithwaite, like those of her father, had very early become members of the Society of Friends. Her great-grandfather, Clement Plumsted, was associated with William Penn and eleven others, most, if not all of them, "Friends," in the purchase in 1681-82, of East Jersey, in America, from the executors of Lord Carteret (subsequently confirmed by a grant from the Duke of York, afterwards James II.), of v/hich Robert Barclay, the author of the Apology, was in 1683 appointed Governor during his life.

Anna Braithwaite (1788–1859), Quaker minister, was born on 27 December 1788 at Birmingham, eleventh of the fourteen children of Charles Lloyd (1748–1828), banker, and Mary Lloyd, née Farmer (1751?–1821). It was a cultivated family circle. Anna married Isaac Braithwaite of Kendal in 1808, her sister Mary (1784–1822) having married his brother George (1777–1853) in 1806. Her brother Charles Lloyd (1775–1839) and his wife settled at Brathay Lodge, near Ambleside in Westmorland, and her sister Priscilla married Christopher Wordsworth, master of Trinity College, Cambridge. In 1815 her meeting recorded its unity with her vocal ministry and, besides many journeys in Britain and Ireland throughout her life, she thrice visited America (1823–4, 1825, 1827–9), on the latter two occasions with her husband. Her theology was uncompromisingly evangelical and, like other English ministering Friends then visiting America, she vigorously opposed the 'unsound' part-mystical, part-rationalist teaching of Elias Hicks and his anti-authoritarian followers, who considered the visitors a major cause of the separations of 1827–8 which rent American Quakerism for over a century. In 1835 Isaac Crewdson, a near connection of her husband, published A Beacon to the Society of Friends, provoking widespread controversy and resulting, particularly in Manchester and Kendal meetings, in substantial secession from the society, including five of her seven surviving children. For some years Anna Braithwaite suffered from a spinal affliction and after 1851 she ventured little from home or the family's summer residence at Scotby, near Carlisle. She died at Kendal on 18 December 1859, and her body was interred in the Quaker burial-ground there.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Anna married Isaac Braithwaite, 3,21,23,27,33,34,100,117,149,164,167,168 son of George Braithwaite 23,27,85,100,164 and Deborah Wilson, 23,27,100,164 on 16 Mar 1808 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Isaac was born on 3 Jan 1781 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 27 Dec 1861 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80, and was buried on 2 Jan 1862 in FBG Stramongate, Kendal. They had nine children: Anna, Isaac, Charles Lloyd, Charles Lloyd, George Foster, Thomas, Robert, Joseph Bevan, and Mary Caroline.

General Notes: **29 Dec 1861, Sun:** To meeting, sermon from Uncle John and Isaac Sharp; then to Southend. Uncle John read us a nice letter from Joseph Bevan Braithwaite announcing is father's death, the entrance into life;

2 Jan 1862, Thurs: Up early and with Helen Pease and Minnie for Kendal, William Henry Wakefield (1828-1889) with us; Kendal & Stainmore top were thick in mist; to John Jowitt Wilson's (1809-1875) where we got a second breakfast, then to Aunt Whitwell's. She seemed very nicely and was most kind and bright, then to Helm Lodge where there was a large party, Crewdsons, Lloyds &c; thence to Kent Terrace again to the late Isaac Braithwaite's to his funeral. A large number of relations, it was cold, damp and foggy; a few words from Joseph Bevan Braithwaite then into meeting where we heard Uncle Pease, William Bell, Ann Mary Nicolson - home to dinner, then to Isaac Braithwaite's again where there was a great crowd. We heard a short Memoir written by Bevan read by Isaac Braithwaite (1810-1890), then Josiah Forster (1782-1870) and Rachel Forster (1783-1873), then W illiam Dillworth Crewdson (1799-1878), Robert Howard (1801-1871), William Ball (1801-1878), Mary Nicholson all spoke. Samuel Gurney (1816-1882), all the sons of the deceased, some grandchildren and the Kendal circle generally there.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Bracketed dates have been added for guidance.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was Quaker.
- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Merchant and Drysalter in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
 - 8-Anna Braithwaite^{100,149,164} was born on 30 Mar 1809 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Jan 1860 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 50.
 - 8-Isaac Braithwaite^{23,27,100,149} was born on 6 Jul 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 26 Jan 1890 in Hastings, Sussex at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Stockbrokers, Foster and Braithwaite.
- He had a residence in Hookfield Grove, Epsom, Surrey.

Isaac married **Louisa Masterman**, ^{23,100} daughter of **John Masterman** and **Eliza Harris**, ^{23,27,100} on 10 Mar 1840 in Leyton, London. Louisa was born on 30 Jan 1816 in Marsh Street, Walthamstow, London (31st also given) and died on 22 Dec 1866 in Gloucester Square, London at age 50. They had nine children: **Louisa, Alfred, Basil, John Masterman, Reginald, Walter, Eliza, Florence**, and **Adeline**.

9-Louisa Braithwaite^{27,100} was born on 16 Sep 1842 in Mecklenberg Square, London and died on 19 Aug 1911 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex at age 68.

Louisa married **Thomas Barkworth**,²⁷ son of **John Barkworth**¹⁶⁹ and **Emma Boulderson**,¹⁶⁹ on 27 Jun 1868 in Trinity Church, Paddington. Thomas was born on 22 Jun 1842 in Tranby House, Hull, Yorkshire, was christened on 26 Jul 1842 in Kirkella, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire, and died on 31 Oct 1915 in Weyworth at age 73. They had five children: **John Raymond, Louisa Maud, Alfred Montgomery, Gwendoline Edith Georgiana**, and **Harold Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 10 Eaton Gardens, Hove, Brighton, East Sussex.
 - 10-Capt. John Raymond Barkworth was born on 17 Jun 1869 in Sevenoaks, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers.

John married Minnie Mabel McNeile, daughter of Malcolm McNeile and Christiana Mary Sloggett, in 1895. Minnie was born in 1871. They had one daughter: Evelyn Hilda.

11-Evelyn Hilda Barkworth was born on 14 Oct 1897 and died on 8 Apr 1991 at age 93.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Attica, Thornley Drive, Teignmouth, Devon.
- 10-Louisa Maud Barkworth was born on 13 Apr 1871 in Sevenoaks, Kent and died on 13 May 1906 at age 35.
- 10-Alfred Montgomery Barkworth was born on 16 Jul 1873 in Sevenoaks, Kent and died on 28 Nov 1943 in Cobham, Surrey at age 70.

Alfred married Florence Emily St. John Maule, daughter of George Edwin Maule and Emily Louise Cankrien, on 15 May 1912 in London. Florence was born on 15 Dec 1879 in Mahabaleshwar, India.

10-Gwendoline Edith Georgiana Barkworth was born on 26 Oct 1876 in Caervarvon, Wales and died in 1914 at age 38.

10-Harold Braithwaite Barkworth was born on 7 Nov 1878 in Chigwell, Essex and died on 10 May 1955 in Felixstowe, Suffolk at age 76.

Harold married **Amy Frances Cheere Stileman**, daughter of **Arthur William Stileman** and **Edith Cheere**, on 6 Oct 1914 in Wimbledon. Amy was born on 17 Mar 1885 in Merton and died on 20 Dec 1947 in Felixstowe, Suffolk at age 62. They had three children: **Rachel Gwendolen**, **Ethel Louise**, and **Frederic Basil Stileman**.

11-Rachel Gwendolen Barkworth

Rachel married James Dodworth Hannington, son of Robert George Hannington and Ithiel Le Feuvre. They had four children: Robert Harold, David Le Feuvre, Arthur Cheere, and (No Given Name).

- 12-Robert Harold Hannington
- 12-David Le Feuvre Hannington
- 12-Arthur Cheere Hannington
- 12-Hannington
- 11-Ethel Louise Barkworth
- 11-Frederic Basil Stileman Barkworth

Frederic married Beryl Nellie Wright, daughter of Percival Reginald Wright and May John. They had three children: Paul Raymond Braithwaite, John Basil, and Peter Mark Reginald.

- 12-Paul Raymond Braithwaite Barkworth
- 12-John Basil Barkworth
- 12-Peter Mark Reginald Barkworth
- 9-Alfred Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 21 Nov 1843 in London and died on 18 Jun 1880 in London at age 36.
- 9-Basil Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 11 Feb 1845 in London and died on 26 Sep 1918 in Epsom, Surrey at age 73.

General Notes: Son of Isaac Braithwaite, of Hookfield, Epsom; born in London, February 11th, 1845; educated at Rugby. Justice of the Peace for Surrey; Guardian of the Poor for Epsom Union; School Manager, etc.; formerly a partner in the firm of Brown, Janson and Company, bankers, London (now merged into Lloyds' Bank). Married, in 1872, Rosamond Augusta, daughter of the late A.W. Gadesden, of Ewell Castle, Surrey. Clubs: Conservative, and National.

A considerable landowner in Westmorland, and the head of one of that County's old families, Basil Braithwaite, Esq., D.L., J.P., is the only surviving some of the late Isaac Braithwaite, Esq., of Hookfield, Epsom, who died in 1890, and his wife Louisa, daughter of the late John Masterman, Esq., M.P. for the City of London.

Born in London on February 11th, 1845, Mr. Braithwaite was educated at Rugby, and entered on a financial career, being admitted subsequently to partnership in the private banking firm of Brown, Janson & Co., since merged into Lloyd's Banking Company, and in 1872 married Rosamond Augusta, daughter of the late Augustus William Gaddesden, Esq., D.L., J.P., of Ewell Castle, Surrey. Mr. Braithwaite resides at Hookfield, Epsom, and takes his full share of the public work in the neighbourhood. Since 1896, he has served Surrey as a Justice of the Peace, in which capacity he is in constant attendance at the Epsom Petty Sessions, and is responsible for the greater part of the occasional work as well. The site now occupied by the Epsom Technical Institute was presented to the District by him as one of the original founders, and he is among the first to provide allotment gardens for Epsom. He was a member of the Epsom Board of Guardians for fifteen years, and has filled the office of Chairman since 1907.

Mr. Braithwaite also holds a similar position in regard to the Surrey Council Schools in that town, and was 'pricked' for the Shrievalty of the County for the year 1908-9.

Keenly interested in political matters, he has rendered service to the Conservative Cause in the Epsom and Ewell districts by lucid exposition of the aims of Tariff Reform, Imperialism and other subjects of national importance.

Mr. Braithwaite is an active supporter of the Territorial Movement, a member of the Surrey Territorial Association and Chairman of the Local Recruiting Committee. He is also a member of the 'Veterans', or National Reserve Committee at Epsom, and Chairman of the Scouts' Association.

Much interested in literature, he is author of Essays on a wide range of subjects, among them being papers on Banking, Architecture and Shakespeare; and the fact that he has been elected twice as President of the Surrey Agricultural Association, speaks for itself.

Mr. Braithwaite finds his chief recreations in riding, walking and sailing, and he is a member of the Conservative, National and City Clubs.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rugby.
- He worked as a Partner of Brown Janson & Co. Bankers.
- He had a residence in Hookfield Grove, Epsom, Surrey.
- He worked as a JP for Surrey.

Basil married **Rosamond Augusta Gadesden**, daughter of **Augustus William Gadesden** and **Emma Barkworth**, on 17 Jul 1872 in Ewell, Surrey. Rosamond was born on 11 May 1848 in Tooting, London and died in Jan 1951 in Wimbledon at age 102. They had no children.

9-Rev. John Masterman Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 27 Mar 1846 in Mecklenberg Square, London and died on 28 Jun 1889 in Croydon, Surrey at age 43.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Croydon in Croydon, Surrey.
- He worked as a Vicar of St Michael's All Angels, Maidstone in Maidstone, Kent.

John married **Elizabeth Jane Powell**, daughter of **Col. Sidney Thomas Powell**, on 11 Oct 1871 in Charlton, Kent. Elizabeth was born on 31 Jan 1852 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 7 Aug 1932 in London at age 80. They had seven children: **Florence Lilian, John Sidney, Francis Powell, Richard Wilfred, Lawrence Walter, Michael Lloyd**, and **Dorothy Louisa**.

10-Dame Florence Lilian Braithwaite³ was born on 9 Mar 1873 in Ramsgate, Kent and died on 17 Sep 1948 in London at age 75.

General Notes: Braithwaite [married name Lawrence], Dame (Florence) Lilian (1873–1948), actress, was born in Ramsgate on 9 March 1873, the daughter of the Revd John Masterman Braithwaite (1846–1889), then a curate and later vicar of Croydon, and his wife, Elizabeth Jane, daughter of Colonel Thomas Sidney Powell CB of the 53rd regiment. She was the eldest of seven children, five of them boys, of whom two achieved distinction in the services (Colonel Francis Powell Braithwaite and Vice-Admiral Lawrence Walter Braithwaite). A third became European manager of the Christian Science Monitor. Lilian was educated at Croydon and Hampstead high schools and in Dresden, Germany. Starting as an amateur actress, her ambition to become a professional aroused a storm of family protest which, however, she managed to overcome and, joining the Shakespearian company of William Haviland and Gerald Leslie Lawrence (1873–1957), she sailed for South Africa and made her first professional appearance at Durban in 1897. She married Lawrence in the same year, and their daughter, Joyce Carey (1898–1993), was born after their return to London. The marriage ended in divorce. Her first appearance in London was in 1900 with Julia Neilson in As You Like It at the Opera House, Crouch End; she then played in Paul Kester's Sweet Nell of Old Drury at the Haymarket Theatre. In 1901 she joined Frank Benson and appeared in a Shakespeare season at the Comedy Theatre. A tour with George Alexander then followed and she appeared under his management at the St James's Theatre, 1901–4.

Braithwaite's ethereal beauty and undoubted talent brought many offers of engagements, and she now embarked upon a West End career that was to end only with her death. Among her early parts were Lady Hermione Wynne in The Flag Lieutenant by W. P. Drury and Leo Trevor, and Mrs Panmure in A. W. Pinero's Preserving Mr Panmure; in 1912 she appeared as the Madonna in C. B. Cochran's production of the mystery spectacle The Miracle at Olympia; in 1913 she was Mrs Gregory in Mr Wu, by Harry Vernon and Harold Owen, with Matheson Lang, and in 1921 she was Margaret Fairfield in A Bill of Divorcement by Clemence Dane. Tall, dark, serene, and lovely, she appeared regularly and successfully in play after play, becoming identified in the minds of theatregoers with beautiful suffering heroines and drawing-room dramas at the Haymarket Theatre. In 1924, however, there came a great change in her career when she accepted at short notice the part of Florence Lancaster in Noël Coward's The Vortex at the Everyman Theatre, later transferring to the West End and then appearing in the same part in New York. With the shingled, promiscuous Florence, Lilian Braithwaite gained recognition as a dramatic actress and said goodbye for ever to suffering heroines. Her parts at this time included the possessive matriarch of Sidney Howard's The Silver Cord and other dramatic roles.

In 1928 Braithwaite's métier changed again. She appeared as a 'ten per cent lady' in Ivor Novello's The Truth Game at the Globe Theatre and made an enormous success as a light comedienne. The public now could not have enough of this actress who made such malicious remarks in such honeyed accents, and a succession of successful comedies followed one another, among them Flat to Let, Fresh Fields, Family Affairs, Full House, The Lady of La Paz, Bats in the Belfry, Comedienne, and Tony Draws a Horse. Nevertheless, she twice reverted to more dramatic roles with Elizabeth in Elizabeth, la femme sans homme at the Haymarket Theatre (1938) and Lady Mountstephan in A House in the Square (1940) at the St Martin's Theatre.

In 1940 Braithwaite went to the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane, to work for the Entertainments National Service Association and in 1943 she was appointed DBE. In December 1942, in her seventieth year, she entered upon her greatest success of all with the part of Abby Brewster in Joseph Kesselring's Arsenic and Old Lace at the Strand Theatre, which ran until the beginning of March 1946. She died in London on 17 September 1948, confident that her illness was but a passing thing and that soon she would be rehearsing a new play. She rehearsed, said Noël Coward, 'with a dry, down to earth efficiency which was fascinating to watch'. Her popularity as an actress was inclined to make serious students of the drama underrate her great ability—her grace, her perfect technique, her exquisite timing. She was a wise and witty woman whose bons mots have passed into theatrical history, and her work for theatrical charities was never ending. She also acted for the cinema and appeared in many British productions. Her last and most noteworthy appearance was in A Man about the House (1947).

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an Actress.

Florence married **Gerald Leslie Lawrence**, son of **J.M. Lawrence**, on 2 Jun 1897 in South Kensington, London. Gerald was born on 23 Mar 1873 in London and died on 9 May 1957 in London at age 84. They had one daughter: **Joyce Lilian**.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an Actor.

11-Joyce Lilian Lawrence was born on 30 Mar 1898 in London and died on 28 Feb 1993 in London at age 94. Another name for Joyce was Joyce Carey.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with OBE.
- She worked as an Actress.

10-John Sidney Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 17 Sep 1874 in Ramsgate, Kent and died on 26 Aug 1948 in London at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Guessens, Welwyn, Hertfordshire.

John married **Jessie Maud Fairbairn**, ²⁷ daughter of **George Fairbairn**, on 14 Nov 1908 in St. James', Paddington, London. Jessie was born on 22 Feb 1864 and died on 10 Jul 1943 in London at age 79.

10-Col. Francis Powell Braithwaite was born on 2 Nov 1875 in Ramsgate, Kent and died on 23 Dec 1952 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MC CBE Croix de Guerre.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers.

Francis married Lady Victoria Alexandrina Hamilton-Temple-Blackwood, daughter of Frederick Temple Hamilton-Temple-Blackwood 1st Marquess Dufferin & Ava and Hariot Georgina Rowan-Hamilton, on 1 Oct 1920 in London. Victoria was born on 17 May 1873 in Ottawa, Canada and died on 11 Feb 1968 at age 94.

10-Capt. Richard Wilfred Braithwaite was born on 6 Feb 1877 in Ramsgate, Kent, died on 31 Jul 1915 in Flanders, Belgium. Killed in action at age 38, and was buried in Ypres Memorial, Belgium.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Sussex Mansions, Kensington, London.
- He worked as an officer of The Durham Light Infantry.

Richard married **Sybil Brodhurst Hill**, daughter of **Alfred Brodhurst Hill** and **Kate Susan Boulderson**, on 17 Dec 1907 in Wargrave, Berkshire. Sybil was born on 8 May 1876 in Surbiton, Surrey and died on 18 Sep 1936 at age 60.

10-Vice Admiral Lawrence Walter Braithwaite was born on 18 Jul 1878 in Ramsgate, Kent and died on 18 Jan 1961 in Plymouth, Devon at age 82.

General Notes: A Great War C.M.G. group of five awarded to Captain L. W. Braithwaite, Royal Navy, who was severely wounded during the Boxer rebellion in 1900 and specially promoted for his services in China

The Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, C.M.G., Companion's neck badge, silver-gilt and enamels; China 1900, 1 clasp, Relief of Pekin (Sub. Lt. L. W. Braithwaite, R.N. H.M.S. Endymion) official correction to rank; 1914-15 Star (Commr., R.N.); British War and Victory Medals, with small M.I.D. oak leaf (Commr., R.N.) the last four mounted as worn, together with companion mounted set of five miniature medals, good very fine (10) £600-700 Footnote

Lawrence Walter Braithwaite was born at Ramsgate on 18 July 1878, and entered the Royal Navy as a Cadet in July 1892, aboard the training ship Britannia. As Sub-Lieutenant in Endymion he served in China during the Boxer Rebellion. He landed with the Naval Brigade under sir E. H. Seymour, for the relief of Pekin, and was severely wounded at Hsiku on 22 June 1900. He was specially promoted Lieutenant on 9 November 1900, for services in China. Braithwaite was promoted Commander in June 1913, and to Captain in December 1917.

Braithwaite saw service in the Cameroons campaign of 1914-15, and was mentioned in the despatch of Major-General Sir Charles Dobell, K.C.B. for services in October 1914: 'My next objective was Edea, on which place I determined an advance should be made from three directions, two by land and one by river. Strong forces were moved from Japoma and by the Njong River to Dehane, thence by a track towards Edea. The third force proceeded by the Sanaga River; the navigation of this river is most difficult, dangerous bars hinder entrance into its mouth and sandbanks obstruct the passage up to Edea. The feat performed by Commander L. W. Braithwaite, R.N., in navigating an armed flotilla on the Sanaga was a remarkable one. Thus the combined movement, outlined above, was entirely successful and Edea was occupied on the morning of 26th October.' (London Gazette 31 May 1916)

He served subsequently as Commander of H.M.A.S. Sydney from Christmas Day 1916 until the end of the following March, and then at the Admiralty. He was awarded the C.M.G. in May 1919, 'for valuable services as head of the Auxiliary Patrol Organisation since the 31st May 1917.' He served as Flag Captain and Chief of Staff to C-in-C, East Indies, 1919-21; Chief of Staff to C-in-C, Plymouth Station, 1921-25; Senior Officer of the Reserve Fleet at the Nore, 1925-26; Commodore and Chief of Staff to C-in-C, China Station, 1927-29. Placed on the retired list in 1929, he was promoted to Vice-Admiral in 1934, and was appointed J.P. for Plymouth in 1938. Admiral Braithwaite died at Plymouth on 18 January 1961.
http://www.dnw.co.uk/auction-archive/catalogue-archive/lot.php?auction_id=73&lot_id=49560

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG JP.
- He worked as a Flag Captain and Chief of Staff to C-in-C, East Indies in 1919-1921.
- He worked as a Chief of Staff to C-in-C, Plymouth Station in 1921-1925.
- He worked as a Senior Officer of the Reserve Fleet at the Nore in 1925-1926.
- He worked as a Commodore and Chief of Staff to C-in-C, China Station in 1927-1929.

Lawrence married **Elfrida Helen Cooper**, daughter of **John Whitaker Cooper** and **Elfreda Helen**, on 15 Sep 1903 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. Elfrida was born on 1 Oct 1880 in Blackheath, London. They had two children: **Joan Elfrida** and **Rosamond Sylvia**.

11-**Joan Elfrida Braithwaite** was born on 10 Apr 1905 in Sheerness, Kent, died on 3 Feb 1947 in Trinidad, West Indies at age 41, and was buried in Lapeyrouse Cemetery, St Clair, St George, Trinidad, West Indies.

Joan married **John Spencer Kerbey**, son of **Ernest Spencer Kerbey** and **Mary Clara Philippa Thomas**, on 11 Jan 1929 in London. John was born on 13 Jan 1903 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent. They had two children: "**Toby**" **Trevor John Baskerville** and **Elfrida Jane**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manager for Shell Leaseholds and Shell Petroleum in Trinidad, West Indies.
- He worked as a Manager of British West Indies Airways in 1956 in Jamaica, West Indies.

12-"Toby" Trevor John Baskerville Kerbey was born on 7 Oct 1929 in Japan, died on 30 May 2006 in Cornwall at age 76, and was buried in Withiel, Cornwall. Another name for "Toby" was Toby Kerbey.

"Toby" married **Alison Taylor**.

12-Elfrida Jane Kerbey

Elfrida married **Nicola Simbari** on 1 Oct 1957 in Kensington Registry Office, London. Nicola was born on 13 Jul 1927 in St. Lucido, Calabria, Italy and died on 11 Dec 2012 in Frascati, Lazio, Italy at age 85. They had one daughter: **Jenny**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Painter, Artist.

13-Jenny Simbari

11-Rosamond Sylvia Braithwaite

Rosamond married **Rear-Admiral Norman Vincent Dickinson**, son of **Thomas Vincent Dickinson** and **Beatrice Evens**, on 19 Dec 1930 in London. Norman was born on 29 May 1901 in London. They had two children: **Simon Braithwaite Vincent** and **Paul Vincent**.

General Notes: DICKINSON, Norman Vincent (1901-1981), Rear Admiral

Service biography

Midshipman, HMS ROYAL SOVEREIGN, Grand Fleet 1917-1920; World War I 1917-1918; operations against Turks, Mudanya 1920; South Africa Station 1923-1925; training Special Entry Cadets, HMS EREBUS 1927; RN College Dartmouth 1931; Assistant Director, Physical Training, Admiralty 1937; Commanding Officer, HMS SCARBOROUGH and HMS VANQUISHER, World War II 1939-1945; Atlantic Convoys 1940; North Africa landing 1942; Sicily and Salerno landings 1943; Senior Officer, Inshore Sqn, Corsica 1943; Senior Naval Officer, North Adriatic 1944; Staff Officer to Flag Officer, Taranto and Adriatic 1945; Senior Officer, 18 Minesweeping Flotilla operating from Cobh, Ireland 1945-1946; Head of Naval Branch, Combined Services Div, Control Commission, Berlin, Germany 1947-1948; HMS VICTORIOUS (Aircraft Carrier Training Sqn) 1948; Capt of RN College Dartmouth 1949-1951; Flag Officer (Flotillas), Indian Fleet 1951-1953; retired 1953

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO DSC.
 - 12-Simon Braithwaite Vincent Dickinson
 - 12-Paul Vincent Dickinson

10-**Lieutenant Michael Lloyd Braithwaite** was born on 27 Apr 1881 in Maidstone, Kent, died on 17 May 1915 in France. Killed in action at age 34, and was buried in Les Gonards Cemetery, Versailles, France. Grave 2.38.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a pilot of the Royal Flying Corps.

Michael married **Bertha Callaghan**, daughter of **Sherwood Callaghan** and **Bertha Washington**, on 23 May 1906 in London. Bertha was born on 26 Dec 1885 in Los Angeles, California, USA and died on 18 Oct 1956 in Richmond, Surrey at age 70. They had three children: **Heather, Phyllis**, and **Michael Wilfred**.

11-Heather Braithwaite

Heather married **Peter Lyne**, son of **William Owen Lyne** and **Annie Jean Cartwright**, on 26 Sep 1929 in London. Peter was born on 19 Sep 1905 in Faversham, Kent. They had four children: **Barry Michael**, **Anne Felicity**, **Elizabeth Mary**, and **Peter Anthony**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Parliamentary Correspondent for The Times.
 - 12-Barry Michael Lyne
 - 12-Anne Felicity Lyne
 - 12-Elizabeth Mary Lyne
 - 12-Peter Anthony Lyne

11-Phyllis Braithwaite

Phyllis married **Job Rouma**, son of **Albert Rouma** and **Dora Schippcrupr**, on 11 Sep 1931 in Cannes, France. Job was born on 28 Jun 1902 in Amsterdam, Netherlands. They had one son: **Richard**.

- 12-Richard Rouma
- 11-Michael Wilfred Braithwaite was born on 18 Oct 1915 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Stockbroker, Foster & Braithwaite in 1Throgmorton Avenue, London.

Michael married **Daphne Margery Christine Morse**. They had two children: **Neil David** and **Hugh Michael**.

- 12-Neil David Braithwaite
- 12-Hugh Michael Braithwaite

10-Dorothy Louisa Braithwaite was born on 24 Jan 1884 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 12 Jun 1920 in 24 Egerton Terrace, South Kensington, London at age 36.

General Notes: Re DOROTHY LOUISA MAUD, Deceased.

Pursuant to the- Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap: 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to-relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Dorothy Louisa Maud, late of 24, Egerton-terrace, South Kensington, S.W.. Wife of Brigadier-General Philip Maud, C.M.G.. C.B.E. (who died on the 12th day of June, 1920. at 24, Egerton-terrace aforesaid, and -whose will was proved in the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice at the Principal Registry, on the 10th day of August, 1920, by the Public Trustee, the executor named in the said will), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their claims and demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors for the. said executor, on or before, the 25th day of September, 1920, after which date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets' of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.— Dated this 13th day of August, 1920.

MASTERMAN and EVERINGTON, of 11, Pancras-lane. in the city of London, Solicitors to the said Executor.

Dorothy married **Brig. Gen. Philip Maud**, ¹²⁹ son of **Henry Landon Maud** and **Minnie Powell**, on 14 Jan 1907 in Brompton, London. Philip was born on 8 Aug 1870 in Ashington, Suffolk and died on 28 Feb 1947 in London at age 76. They had three children: **Diana, David**, and **Jennifer Eve**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG CBE.
- He worked as a Military surveyor.
- He had a residence in 10 Pelham Street, London.
 - 11-**Diana Maud**¹²⁹ was born on 7 Nov 1908 in London and died on 1 Oct 1959 at age 50.

Diana married **Dr. Courtenay Nisbet Courtenay-Evans**, ¹²⁹ son of **James Lachlan Evans** and **Alice Maud Nisbet**, on 18 Dec 1934 in London. Courtenay was born on 22 Sep 1904 in London and died on 29 Jan 1972 at age 67. They had two children: **Rupert James** and **Giles Philip**.

General Notes: Courtenay Nisbet Courtenay-Evans

b.22 Sep 1904 d.29 Jan 1972

MRCS LRCP (1928) MB BS Lond (1929) MD (1932) MRCP (1931) FRCP (196)

Courtenay Evans was born in London, where his father was Rector of St. Dunstan's in the West, Fleet Street.

He had the orthodox education of the professional class of the time, going from Egerton's to Westminster School. He proceeded to St Bartholomew's Hospital, winning the Harvey Prize in Physiology and, after qualifying, became house physician to Lord Horder, a much sought after appointment. He continued his training in general medicine at the Hospital, developing an interest in cardiology with the encouragement of Geoffrey Bourne. He was appointed to the Consultant Staff of the Royal Chest Hospital, City Road, which he served from 1936 — 1952. He was also Consultant Physician at the Princess Beatrice (1953) and Saint Mark's (1954) Hospitals. During the War he joined the Emergency Medical Service, working in Hertfordsire as a general physician.

In 1934 he married Diana, daughter of Brig.-Gen. Philip Maud, CMG, by whom he had two sons, the older, Rupert, following his father's profession. His first wife died in 1959, and in 1962 he married Kathryn Jesse Eckford, a state registered nurse.

Courtenay had a great presence, a big man who combined hard work with a zest for life. A son of the manse, other folk's business was of deep concern to him and like all gossips, he was always good company. He practised in Wimpole Street and wrote a number of articles in medical journals on clinical aspects of cardiology, for he was essentially a practitioner. In his youth he played tennis with more than average skill.

AWF

[Brit.med.J., 1972, 1, 754;]

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Noted events in his life were:

- · He was awarded with MB BS MD MRCS FRCP.
- He worked as a Consulting physician.
 - 12-Dr. Rupert James Courtenay-Evans
 - 12-Giles Philip Courtenay-Evans
- 11-David Maud
- 11-Jennifer Eve Maud was born on 18 Apr 1912 in London, died in 1981 at age 69, and was buried in Montreux, Switzerland.

Jennifer married **Maj. George Ernest Gooch**, son of **George Daniel Gooch** and **Rose Ellen Apperly**, on 26 Apr 1933 in London. George was born on 29 Jan 1905 in Woodchester, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Feb 1958 in Bridge of Weir, Renfrewshire at age 53. They had three children: **John Daniel, Peter David**, and **Belinda**.

12-John Daniel Gooch

John married Ann Patricia Lubbock, daughter of David Miles Lubbock and Hon. Helen Anne Boyd-Orr. They had two children: Katherine Janita and Diana Veronica.

- 13-Katherine Janita Gooch
- 13-Diana Veronica Gooch
- 12-Peter David Gooch

Peter married Pamela Sarah Hartley. They had three children: Adam Daniel, Thomas Daniel, and Fiona Louise.

13-Adam Daniel Gooch

Adam married someone. He had one daughter: Sierra Grace.

- 14-Sierra Grace Gooch
- 13-Thomas Daniel Gooch

Thomas married someone. He had one son: Cody Daniel.

- 14-Cody Daniel Gooch
- 13-Fiona Louise Gooch was born in 1972 and died in 1991 at age 19.
- 12-Belinda Gooch

Belinda married Harry Merriman Ash. They had one son: George Gooch.

- 13-George Gooch Ash
- 9-Reginald Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 18 Jul 1847 in London and died on 20 Apr 1885 in London at age 37.

Reginald married **Adelaide Catherine Ann Chichester**, daughter of **Rev. George Vaughan Chichester** and **Harriet Eleanor Lyle**, on 22 Jun 1876 in Wotton. Adelaide was born on 16 Jan 1852 in Bushmills, Co. Antrim and died on 22 May 1919 in London at age 67.

9-Walter Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 23 Sep 1848 in London and died on 8 Feb 1872 at age 23.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple.

Walter married Elizabeth Emily Birch, daughter of William Singleton Birch.

- 9-Eliza Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 20 Jun 1850 in London and died on 31 Aug 1884 at age 34.
- 9-Florence Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 12 Feb 1852 in London and died on 20 Apr 1898 at age 46.
- 9-Adeline Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 9 Sep 1853 in London and died on 1 Jan 1916 in Wimbledon at age 62.

Adeline married Walter Kier Campbell, son of Alexander Campbell 1st Of Auchendarroch and Harriet Agnes Marian Keir, on 28 Oct 1891 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. Walter was born on 2 Apr 1854 in Jersey and died in May 1933 in Parkstone, Dorset at age 79.

- 8-Charles Lloyd Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 6 Jul 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Died in Infancy.
- 8-Charles Lloyd Braithwaite^{23,27,100,168,170,171} was born on 10 Dec 1811 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 Jan 1893 in Ghyll Close, Kendal, Cumbria at age 81.

General Notes: Charles and Susanna provided a home for Mary Livingtone and her children, when Dr. David Livingstone was in Africa and she was in a state of financial despair. It was from here, that some of the children attended Stramongate School.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as an apprentice Grocer to George Crosfield & Co. Before 1833 in Liverpool.
- He worked as a Drysalter & Woollen manufacturer in 1833 in Ghyll Close, Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
- He had a residence in Ghyll Close, Kendal, Cumbria.

Charles married **Susanna Wilson**, ^{23,27,100,168,170,171} daughter of **Isaac Wilson** daughter of **Isaac Wilson** and **Mary Jowitt**, ^{23,27,29,168,172,173} on 3 Jul 1838 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. Susanna was born on 3 Nov 1815 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 12 Mar 1894 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 78. They had three children: **Charles Lloyd, Isaac**, and **Anna Mary**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Elder.
 - 9-Charles Lloyd Braithwaite^{100,174} was born on 24 Mar 1840 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 30 Jan 1910 in Southport, Lancashire at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Airethwaite, Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

Charles married **Eleanor Hannah Davis**, daughter of **Samuel Davis** and **Rebecca Wallace**, on 8 Jul 1875 in Kendal, Cumbria. Eleanor was born on 29 Mar 1844 in Rushville, Indiana, U.S.A. and died on 4 Apr 1922 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 78.

9-Isaac Braithwaite^{100,170} was born on 9 Aug 1844 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Feb 1929 in Ghyll Close, Kendal, Cumbria at age 84.

Isaac married **Mary Snowden Thomas**, ¹⁷⁰ daughter of **Prof. Richard Henry Thomas**²⁷ and **Phoebe Clapp**, on 14 Oct 1890 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA. Mary was born on 29 May 1850 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA and died on 11 Jan 1931 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80.

9-Anna Mary Braithwaite^{27,100} was born on 25 Jan 1850 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 Sep 1896 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 46.

Anna married **Thomas Crewdson Wilson**, 27 son of **William Wilson** and **Hannah Crewdson**, 27 on 2 May 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria. Thomas was born on 27 Feb 1849 in Highfield, Kendal,

Cumbria and died on 16 May 1910 in Penzance, Cornwall at age 61. They had four children: Charles Braithwaite, William Ernest, Kathleen Mary, and Harold Crewdson.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

10-Charles Braithwaite Wilson²⁷ was born on 20 Mar 1878 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

General Notes: NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, Mary Snowden Braithwaite. acting by Charles Braithwaite Wilson (Receiver), and Harold Crewdson Wilson, carrying on business as Drysalters, at Kendal, in the county of Westmorland, under the style or firm of ISAAC BRAITHWAITE & SON, was dissolved as and from the eighth day of July, 1929, by mutual consent.— Dated the seventh day of January, 1930. MARY SNOWDEN BRAITHWAITE, acting by Charles Braithwaite Wilson (Receiver). HAROLD C. WILSON.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1910-1920 in New York, New York, USA.
- He worked as a Drysalter in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1916-1918.

Charles married **Ellen Blanche Hargrove**,²⁷ daughter of **William Henry Hargrove** and **Mary Ellen Van Dusen**, on 15 Oct 1910 in New York, New York, USA. Ellen was born on 18 Jun 1882 in Greenbush, Ontario, Canada and died on 11 Apr 1914 in Brooklyn, New York, USA at age 31. They had one son: **Henry Braithwaite**.

11-Henry Braithwaite Wilson²⁷ was born on 6 Aug 1911 in New York, New York, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Civil Servant (Home Office).

Henry married Margarete Bodden, daughter of Max Bodden and Annie Giesler. They had four children: Margaret Hilda, David Mallen, Robert Charles, and Anne Elizabeth.

12-Margaret Hilda Wilson

Margaret married John David Nightingale, son of Gordon Wallace Nightingale and Freida Geipel.

12-David Mallen Wilson

David married Jean Elisabeth Ann Probert, daughter of Richard David Reginald Probert and Kathleen Dixon Taylor. They had one daughter: Alice Margaret Elaine.

- 13-Alice Margaret Elaine Wilson
- 12-Robert Charles Wilson
- 12-Anne Elizabeth Wilson

Anne married Prof. David Richmond Gergen, son of Prof. John Jay Gergen and Aubigne Munger Lermond. They had two children: Christopher and Katherine Anne.

- 13-Christopher Gergen
- 13-Dr. Katherine Anne Gergen

Katherine married Mark Adam Barnett, son of Steve Barnett and Teri.

Charles next married **Edith Emily Martin**, daughter of **William Thomas Martin** and **Emily Sarah Carter**, on 2 Jun 1919 in Evesham, Worcestershire. Edith was born on 8 Jan 1896 in Evesham, Worcestershire and died on 1 Jun 1920 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 24. They had one son: **Charles Martin**.

11-Charles Martin Wilson

Charles married Mary Elleray Storey, daughter of Richard Storey and Mary Anne Elleray.

Charles next married **Hilda Nicholson**, daughter of **William Nicholson** and **Eleanor Gibson**, on 28 Feb 1922 in Levens, Kendal. Hilda was born on 31 Oct 1892 in Levens, Kendal. They had two children: **Kathleen Eleanor** and **William Alan**.

- 11-Kathleen Eleanor Wilson
- 11-William Alan Wilson

William married Joyce Slinger, daughter of William Slinger and Eliza Ann Taylor. They had three children: Christine, Hilary, and Charles William.

- 12-Christine Wilson
- 12-Hilary Wilson
- 12-Charles William Wilson

10-**Prof. William Ernest Wilson**²⁷ was born on 25 Jun 1880 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 5 Mar 1955 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Professor at Selly Oak College.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Kingsmead Hostel, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

William married **Ethel Caroline Bentley**, ²⁷ daughter of **Thomas Bentley** and **Mary Ann Atkinson**, on 7 Sep 1911 in Llandrindod Wells, Powys. Ethel was born on 6 Aug 1874 in Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 27 Mar 1954 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 79. They had one son: **John Theodore**.

- 11-John Theodore Wilson¹⁷⁵ was born on 10 Oct 1914 in Kingsmead Hostel, Selly Oak, Birmingham and died on 27 Apr 1915 in Kingsmead Hostel, Selly Oak, Birmingham.
- 10-Kathleen Mary Wilson²⁷ was born on 5 Dec 1882 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

10-Harold Crewdson Wilson²⁷ was born on 26 Jan 1885 in Elmhurst, Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1976 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Drysalter in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a JP for Westmorland.

Harold married **Dorothea Fry**, daughter of **Edward Fry**^{23,24,72,75,109,176,177} and **Annette Ransome**, ^{23,24,72,75,176,177} on 8 Jan 1920 in Ipswich, Suffolk. Dorothea was born on 21 Jul 1886 in Ipswich, Suffolk. They had four children: **Richard Braithwaite**, "Tessa" **Elizabeth Ransome**, **Brian Harold**, and **Annette Dorothea**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1901-1904 in York, Yorkshire.
 - 11-Richard Braithwaite Wilson was born on 20 Apr 1921 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1991 in County Durham at age 70.
 - 11-"Tessa" Elizabeth Ransome Wilson was born on 9 Jul 1923 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 20 Feb 2014 in Heron Hill Care Home, Kendal, Cumbria at age 90, and was buried in Parkside Cemetery, Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.
- She had a residence in Beastbanks, Kendal, Cumbria.

11-Brian Harold Wilson

Brian married Jane Packard, daughter of Eric William Sydney Packard and Katharine Johnston.

11-Annette Dorothea Wilson

Annette married **John Walbridge Sumsion**, son of **Herbert Witton Sumsion** and **Alice Hartley Garlichs**, on 19 Aug 1961 in Kendal, Cumbria. John was born on 16 Aug 1928 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Feb 2003 in Rotherby, Leicestershire at age 74. They had four children: **Bridget**, **Chris**, **Mike**, and **Kate**.

General Notes: John Sumsion - First Registrar of Public Lending Right 12 March 2003

John Walbridge Sumsion, statistician: born Gloucester 16 August 1928; Registrar, Public Lending Right 1981-91; OBE 1991; Director, Library and Information Statistics Unit, Loughborough University 1991-96, Senior Fellow, Department of Information Science 1996-2003; Chairman, Statistics Section, International Federation of Library Associations 1995-99; Editor, Library &Information Research News 1997-2001; married 1961 Annette Wilson (two sons, two daughters; marriage dissolved 1979), 1979 Hazel Jones (née English; two stepdaughters); died Rotherby, Leicestershire 21 February 2003. In July 1981 the Government announced the appointment of John Sumsion, lately a manager with K Shoes, to the newly created post of Registrar of Public Lending Right. It had taken authors 30 long years of campaigning before Parliament had finally passed the PLR Act in 1979. This gave them alegal right to payment when their books were lent out by public libraries. What was the Government thinking of now? How could someone from the shoetrade understand authors' rights and successfully set up and run the new PLR system? Any doubts about John Sumsion's suitability for the job were soon sweptaside as he applied his formidable intellect and extensive management experience to the myriad problems associated with turning the PLRlegislation into a workable scheme. When he retired as Registrar 10 yearslater he left a smoothly successful operation, widely respected for itsefficiency and cost-effectiveness, and highly regarded by authors for the clarity of its procedures and the helpfulness of its staff. John Walbridge Sumsion was born in 1928, one of three sons of HerbertSumsion, the composer and, for over 50 years, organist at GloucesterCathedral. John attended St George's Choir School, Windsor Castle, and, whenwar broke out, went with his American mother to New York, where he spent twoyears at St Thomas's Choir School. Music was to be an abiding pleasure forhim, and he was a talented singer and flautist. He won a scholarship to Clare College, Cambridge, where he graduated with a First in History in 1952, followed by graduate school in America. He joined K Shoes as a graduate trainee in 1954. Thus began a 27-year association with the firm during which he gained experience in all aspectsof business management, including (and probably most crucial from a futurePLR point of view) responsibility for the introduction of computer systems. But a reorganisation following a merger with Clarks in 1981 led to hisdeparture from the firm. As he considered his future, the Government was struggling to implement the PLR legislation. Advertisements for the new post of PLR Registrar had been placed in the press. A colleague suggested to Sumsion that this might be a "fun" job. He applied, was interviewed and, to his surprise, was dulyoffered it. His academic credentials were indisputable, but he felt hisbusiness background might place him at a disadvantage. In fact hismanagement experience was exactly what the civil servants were looking for. He began work in September 1981. He set about familiarising himself withthis strange new world of books and authors: he visited libraries, lunchedwith publishers, sounded out authors' organisations, picked the brains of computer consultants he had used at K Shoes, and (to the amazement of the civil servants) dared consult the redoubtable PLR campaigners Maureen Duffyand Brigid Brophy (Daniel entering the lion's den, as one official saw it). After two months he was ready to head north to Stockton-on-Tees, where thenew PLR office was to be based. He was given a target date of February 1984 for the first PLR payments to authors. Much remained to be done, but he sawthat the key to the success of the future PLR operation lay in establishing a workable system of loans data collection in libraries, and in rebuilding bridges with those in the library community who retained doubts about thescheme's validity. Impervious to official grumblings, he also insisted on revisiting parts of the scheme that he felt (rightly) would prove unworkable. At the same timehe was conducting staff interviews by the light of calor-gas lamps as hewaited for the installation of electricity at Bayheath House, PLR's new homein Stockton. But good progress was being made with the design and installation of the new PLR computer system. By September 1982 all was ready for the first author registrations, and loans data began flowing in from the 16 libraries in PLR's nation wide sample in early 1983. And so, in February 1984, the first PLR payments were made, with £1.5m distributed to just over 6,000 authors. In the coming years Sumsion continued to review and refine the scheme. Hewas encouraged in his endeavours by the PLR Advisory Committee. It was chaired by David Whitaker, with whom he established a lasting rapport builton a conviction that the scheme should be run in the interests of authorsand with the minimum of red tape. Sumsion gathered around him at the PLRoffice a young team who imbibed his approach and established over the yearsa reputation with authors for cheerful helpfulness and reliability. Authorscame to look forward to their annual PLR payments, a welcome antidote to the gloomy February weather. For many in receipt of small payments, the bookloans details they received from PLR were more important than the money. They came as a morale booster, feedback from readers hitherto unknown tothem. Sumsion undertook extensive research into the loans data generated by the PLR operation to monitor the accuracy of the sampling procedures. This showed the need for a larger sample and by 1991 he had increased the number of participating library authorities from 16 to 30. The statistics also hadpotential for publicising the Scheme, and PLR's annual lists of MostBorrowed Authors became regular features in the media. What television quizshow has not featured the question: "According to PLR, who is the mostborrowed author in public libraries?" (Catherine Cookson.) He completed his second five-year appointment as Registrar in 1991. Thescheme was running smoothly, its annual payment cycle now well established. It was time to move on, but not before his PLR achievements were recognised by his appointment as OBE. His work at PLR had whetted his appetite for library statistics. So it was no surprise when he accepted appointment as Director of the Library and Information Statistics Unit (LISU) at Loughborough University. He approached his new responsibilities with his familiar mix of energy, enthusiasm and intolerance of official dom (in this case university red tape). He set about providing the library world with a new and much-expanded corpus of data on which to base its research and planning, and did all he could to encourageits use. After five years as Director of LISU he became a Senior Fellow in theuniversity's Department of Information Science. Here he was able to take onconsultancy work, teach and promote the importance of statistics for the library sector. In recent years growing ill-health had threatened to restrict his work but he battled on indomitably. He died peacefully at home, appropriately enough listening to music. Jim Parker

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He was educated at Clare College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a manager at K Shoes in 1954-1981 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Registrar of Pulic Lending in 1981.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 12 Mar 2003.
- He worked as a Director, Library and Information Statistics Unit in Loughborough University.
 - 12-Bridget Sumsion
 - 12-Chris Sumsion
 - 12-Mike Sumsion
 - 12-Kate Sumsion

8-George Foster Braithwaite^{23,100,149} was born on 16 Aug 1813 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 20 Feb 1888 in London at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Kendal & Westmorland.
- He worked as a Six times Mayor of Kendal.

George married Mary Savory, 100 daughter of Adey Bellamy Savory^{27,100,178} and Mary Cox, 27,100,178 on 23 Jun 1846 in Upper Clapton, London. Mary was born on 3 Sep 1823 in Tottenham, London and died on 28 Aug 1909 in Hawesmead, Kendal, Cumbria at age 85. They had 14 children: George Foster, Arthur Lloyd, Mary Savory, Albert, Olivia, Paul James, Caroline, Emma, Edward Martin, Priscilla Anna, Ernest, Cecil, Herbert Morris, and Harold Bellamy.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Hawesmead, Kendal, Cumbria.
- 9-George Foster Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 5 Oct 1847 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 4 Jan 1931 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 83.

George married **Mary Agnes Moser**, daughter of **Roger Moser**¹⁷⁹ and **Jane Branthwaite**, on 5 Aug 1875 in Kendal, Cumbria. Mary was born on 16 Apr 1849 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Dec 1876 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 27. They had one daughter: **Agnes**.

10-Agnes Braithwaite was born on 21 Dec 1876 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 16 Feb 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria.

George next married **Emma Juliana Phoebe Hollins**, daughter of **James Hollins** and **Ellen Elizabeth Bayly**, on 15 May 1896 in London. Emma was born on 22 Sep 1861 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 1 Jan 1958 in Hampsfell, Arnside, Cumbria at age 96. They had five children: **Ellen Winifred, Basil Foster, George James Hollins, John Wykeham**, and **Robert Cecil**.

10-Ellen Winifred Braithwaite was born on 13 May 1897 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Ellen married **John William Cornish Barnett**, son of **William Barnett** and **Ellen Gane**, on 27 Jun 1931 in Kendal, Cumbria. John was born on 6 Oct 1875 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset and died on 29 Aug 1958 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 82.

10-Basil Foster Braithwaite was born on 14 Oct 1898 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Basil married **Ruth Whish**, daughter of **John Frederic Martin Whish** and **Ellen Clementina Louise Hollins**, on 22 Apr 1930 in Lympsham, Somerset. Ruth was born on 22 Apr 1892 in Blackford, Somerset. They had two children: **Anne Rosemary** and **John Foster**.

11-Anne Rosemary Braithwaite

11-John Foster Braithwaite

John married Irene Margeretta Milne, daughter of William Alexander Milne.

10-George James Hollins Braithwaite was born on 26 Jun 1900 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 29 Jun 1958 in Arnside, Cumbria at age 58, and was buried in Stock Jobber. London Stock Exchange.

George married Pauline Alice Wentworth Somerville, daughter of Daniel Gerald Somerville and Dora Wentworth Ekin. They had one daughter: Geraldine Wentworth.

11-Geraldine Wentworth Braithwaite

10-John Wykeham Braithwaite was born on 12 Jan 1903 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Jun 1957 in Johannesburg, Transvaal, South Africa at age 54.

10-Robert Cecil Braithwaite was born on 22 Feb 1906 in Kendal, Cumbria and was buried in Electrical Engineer.

Robert married Alison Snowdrop Thomas, daughter of Frederick Richard Thomas and Lilian Edwards. They had two children: Alison Mary and Diana Rachel Wordsworth.

- 11-Alison Mary Braithwaite
- 11-Diana Rachel Wordsworth Braithwaite
- 9-Arthur Lloyd Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 22 Dec 1848 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 24 Apr 1868 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 19.
- 9-Mary Savory Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 24 Feb 1850 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 Apr 1930 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 80.

Mary married **Rev. Charles Boutflower**, son of **Ven. Samuel Peach Boutflower** and **Elizabeth Rawson**, on 7 Nov 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria. Charles was born on 3 Sep 1846 in Seaforth and died on 7 Mar 1936 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 89. They had three children: **Charles, Margaret Braithwaite**, and **Herbert Campbell**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Terling, Essex.

10-Charles Boutflower²⁷ was born on 3 Nov 1878 in Terling, Witham, Essex and died on 8 Nov 1951 in Combe Down, Bath, Somerset at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a H.M. Inspector Of Schools.
- He had a residence in Rosslyn, Heathfield, Sussex.

Charles married **Dora Charlotte French**,²⁷ daughter of **John French** and **Charlotte Lintott**, on 26 Jul 1905 in St. Michael's, Cambridge. Dora was born on 28 Feb 1883 in Cambridge. They had four children: **Charles Henry, Herbert Leopold, Dora Mary**, and **Margaret Rosina Charlotte**.

11-Charles Henry Boutflower²⁷ was born on 21 May 1906 in West Hampstead, London.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master at Cheltenham College.

Charles married Jacqueline Marie Culverwell, daughter of Frederick Augustus Culverwell and Adah Marion Huxtable. They had two children: John Charles and Peter.

- 12-John Charles Boutflower
- 12-Peter Boutflower was born on 13 Sep 1936 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 20 Sep 1939 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 3.
- 11-Herbert Leopold Boutflower²⁷ was born on 1 Jul 1908 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Herbert married Winifred Curtis, daughter of George William Curtis and Harriet Bardell. They had two children: Susan Elizabeth and David Curtis.

- 12-Susan Elizabeth Boutflower
- 12-David Curtis Boutflower
- 11-**Dora Mary Boutflower**²⁷ was born on 6 Nov 1911 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Dora married Upendra Nath Sur, son of Priya Nath Sur and Abala Ghose. They had one daughter: Leela Mary.

- 12-Leela Mary Sur
- 11-Margaret Rosina Charlotte Boutflower²⁷ was born on 12 Dec 1914 in Heathfield, Sussex.

Margaret married Raymond Bryan Draper, son of Bertram Ernest Draper and Mary Elizabeth Lever. They had two children: Christopher Ian and Anthony Keith.

- 12-Christopher Ian Draper
- 12-Anthony Keith Draper
- 10-Margaret Braithwaite Boutflower was born on 8 Dec 1879 in Terling, Essex.
- 10-Herbert Campbell Boutflower was born on 29 Oct 1884 in Terling, Essex and died on 31 Mar 1946 in Evesham, Worcestershire at age 61.
- 9-Albert Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 10 May 1851 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 Nov 1866 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 15.
- 9-**Olivia Braithwaite**¹⁰⁰ was born on 22 Dec 1852 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 26 Apr 1862 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 9.
- 9-Paul James Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 13 May 1854 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 Nov 1866 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 12.
- 9-Caroline Braithwaite^{27,100} was born on 14 Aug 1855 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Jul 1945 in Shipton Gorge, Dorset at age 89.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1915 in Brough Fold, Natland, Kendal, Cumbria.

Caroline married **Dr. David Page**, ²⁷ son of **David Page** and **Anzella Henrietta Maria Whittier Snooke**, on 9 Sep 1879 in Kendal, Cumbria. David was born on 11 Jul 1845 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 20 Feb 1890 in Dublin, Ireland at age 44. They had four children: **Mary Caroline Angella, Sybil Dorothea, Olivia Braithwaite Grizel**, and **George Foster Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD MRCP FCS.
- He worked as a Physician.
 - 10-Mary Caroline Angella Page was born on 20 Jun 1881 in Kendal, Cumbria.
 - 10-**Sybil Dorothea Page**²⁷ was born on 31 Jan 1883 in Kendal, Cumbria.
 - 10-Olivia Braithwaite Grizel Page²⁷ was born on 27 May 1884 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died about 1965 about age 81.

Olivia married **Frank Basil Bellamy Braithwaite**, son of **Rev. Herbert Morris Braithwaite**²⁷ and **Julia Mary Young**,²⁷ on 15 Jan 1938 in Broome, Stourbridge. Frank was born on 16 Feb 1902 in Liverpool and died on 17 Sep 2000 in New Zealand at age 98.

10-George Foster Braithwaite Page²⁷ was born on 1 Dec 1889 in Lunecliffe, Lancaster, Lancashire.

9-Emma Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 15 Jan 1857 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Dec 1903 in Kew, London at age 46.

Emma married **Alfred Bickersteth Cook**,²⁷ son of **Dr. William Henry (Howard) Cook**²⁷ and **Harriet Bickersteth**, on 16 Sep 1886 in Rosario, Argentina. Alfred was born on 8 Oct 1861 in Abbey Road, St. John's Wood, London and died on 13 Jan 1929 in London at age 67. They had four children: **Arthur Bickersteth, John Braithwaite, Dorothy Wordsworth**, and **Elsie Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Church Missionary in Rosario, Argentina.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 40 Priory Road, Kew, London.
 - 10-Arthur Bickersteth Cook²⁷ was born on 30 Jun 1887 in Rosario, Argentina and died on 27 Oct 1888 in Rosario, Argentina at age 1.
 - 10-**John Braithwaite Cook**²⁷ was born on 28 Mar 1890 in Rosario, Argentina and died on 14 Nov 1890 in Rosario, Argentina.
 - 10-**Dorothy Wordsworth Cook**²⁷ was born on 26 Aug 1891 in Fisherton, Rosario, Argentina.

Dorothy married **Robert Henry Tully**, son of **John Robert Tully** and **Martha Caroline Medhurst**, on 7 Nov 1916 in London. Robert was born on 27 Sep 1891 in Chichester, West Sussex. They had four children: **Leslie Robert, Gordon Eric, Joy Elsie**, and **Kathleen Mary**.

11-Leslie Robert Tully

Leslie married Nita Emily May Gleadhill, daughter of Frederick Gleadhill and Esther Ward. They had one son: Lindsay Robert.

- 12-Lindsay Robert Tully
- 11-Gordon Eric Tully was born on 10 May 1920 in Welling, Kent and died on 29 May 1939 in Coraki, Australia at age 19.
- 11-Jov Elsie Tully

Joy married William Stanley Robinson, son of Albert James Robinson and Zillah Knight. They had two children: Mary Elizabeth and Gordon James.

- 12-Mary Elizabeth Robinson
- 12-Gordon James Robinson
- 11-Kathleen Mary Tully

Kathleen married John Joseph Schiebel, son of Alfred Schiebel and Kathleen Mary Moriarty.

10-Elsie Mary Cook²⁷ was born on 21 Jul 1893 in Fisherton, Rosario, Argentina.

Elsie married **Joseph Frederick Robinson**, son of **Robert Robinson** and **Grace Boyd**, on 28 Jan 1925 in Namirembe, Kampala, Uganda. Joseph was born on 17 Nov 1896 in Manchester. They had one daughter: **Mary Grace**.

- 11-Mary Grace Robinson
- 9-Edward Martin Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 17 Aug 1858 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 29 Nov 1897 in Barberton, Transvaal, South Africa at age 39.
- 9-Priscilla Anna Braithwaite^{27,100} was born on 17 Dec 1859 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 16 Nov 1939 in Sutton, Surrey at age 79.

Priscilla married **Rev. William Tyndale Hollins**,²⁷ son of **James Hollins** and **Ellen Elizabeth Bayly**, on 29 Aug 1883 in Kendal, Cumbria. William was born on 22 May 1853 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Jan 1933 in Sutton, Surrey at age 79. They had eight children: **Tyndale Braithwaite**, **Claude James**, **Douglas Foster**, **Andrew Duncan**, **Christopher Wordsworth**, **Stephen Goodenough**, **Cecil Braithwaite**, and **Mary Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of St. Peter, Bristol in 1882 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. George's, Tufell Park in 1892 in Tufnell Park, London.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. James', Clapham Park in 1900 in Clapham Park, London.
- He had a residence in St. James Vicarage, Clapham Park, London.
 - 10-**Tyndale Braithwaite Hollins**²⁷ was born on 15 Aug 1884 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 22 Jan 1897 in London at age 12.
 - 10-Claude James Hollins²⁷ was born on 3 Aug 1885 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 22 Nov 1899 in Marlborough College at age 14.
 - 10-**Douglas Foster Hollins**²⁷ was born on 31 Jul 1887 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Douglas married **Stella Maude Banks**, daughter of **Robert Fergusson Banks** and **Emily Pettengill**, on 19 Jun 1913 in London. Stella was born on 17 Oct 1889 in Nunhead. They had four children: **Robert Braithwaite**, **Peter Roland Claude**, **Beryl Joyce**, and **Raymond Tyndale**.

- 11-Robert Braithwaite Hollins was born on 21 May 1915 in Thames Ditton and died on 30 Jun 1921 in Thames Ditton at age 6.
- 11-Peter Roland Claude Hollins

Peter married Christine Sybil Wetenhall, daughter of James Percy Wetenhall and Sybil Frances Gardiner. They had one son: (No Given Name).

- 12-Hollins
- 11-**Beryl Joyce Hollins** was born on 5 Mar 1921 in Thames Ditton and was buried in A.M.I.A.

Beryl married Brian James Robb, son of John Arundal Robb and Gwendoline Kemsley. They had three children: Rodney Ferguson, Deirdre Beryl, and Stuart Adrian.

- 12-Rodney Ferguson Robb
- 12-Deirdre Beryl Robb
- 12-Stuart Adrian Robb
- 11-Raymond Tyndale Hollins

Raymond married Hazel Macdermot Martin, daughter of James Rowden Martin and Martha Brook. They had two children: Jeremy Fermain and Nicholas Anthony.

- 12-Jeremy Fermain Hollins was born on 15 May 1951 in London and died on 18 Mar 1953 in Guildford, Surrey at age 1.
- 12-Nicholas Anthony Hollins
- 10-Andrew Duncan Hollins²⁷ was born on 26 Nov 1889 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Jun 1894 in London at age 4.
- 10-Christopher Wordsworth Hollins²⁷ was born on 28 May 1893 in Tufnell Park, London and died on 6 Apr 1945 in Parkesville, Vancouver Island, British Columbia at age 51.

Christopher married **Elfrieda Marie Sermuks**, daughter of **Peter Sermuks** and **Emma Ballod**, on 11 Nov 1919 in Lloydminster, Saskatchewan, Canada. Elfrieda was born on 29 Mar 1900 in Riga, Latvia. They had five children: **Elfrieda Mary, Joan Rosamond, Sylvia May, Stella Christine**, and **Hugh Peter Tyndale**.

- 11-Elfrieda Mary Hollins
- 11-Joan Rosamond Hollins
- 11-Sylvia May Hollins

- 11-Stella Christine Hollins
- 11-Hugh Peter Tyndale Hollins
- 10-Stephen Goodenough Hollins²⁷ was born on 1 Sep 1895 in Tufnell Park, London.
- 10-Cecil Braithwaite Hollins²⁷ was born on 16 May 1898 in Tufnell Park, London.

Cecil married Grace Jeanette Stacey, daughter of Edward Stacey and Jane Wilson, on 1 Jun 1937 in London. Grace was born on 6 Mar 1898 in New Barnet, Hertfordshire.

10-Mary Braithwaite Hollins²⁷ was born on 20 Dec 1903 in Clapham Park, London.

Mary married **Reginald Moore**, son of **William James Moore** and **Annie Wood**, on 6 Sep 1928 in Esher, Surrey. Reginald was born on 11 Jun 1899 in London. They had three children: **Anna Mary Braithwaite**, **Mary Elizabeth Braithwaite**, and **Angela Clementina**.

- 11-Anna Mary Braithwaite Moore
- 11-Mary Elizabeth Braithwaite Moore
- 11-Angela Clementina Moore
- 9-Ernest Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 2 May 1861 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 9 Sep 1861 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- 9-Cecil Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 11 Sep 1862 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 May 1948 in Boscombe, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Foster and Braithwaite, Stockbrokers in London.
- He was awarded with DL in City of London.
- He had a residence in Bridley Manor, Worplesdon, London.

Cecil married **Annette Frances Mills Evershed**,²⁷ daughter of **Dr. Arthur Evershed** and **Mary Hester Field**, on 6 Oct 1886 in St. Stephen's, Hampstead, London. Annette was born on 28 Jun 1866 in Ampthill, Bedfordshire and died on 17 Sep 1959 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 93. They had four children: **Arthur Cecil, Geoffrey Gawen, Joyce Annette Theodora**, and **Annette Sylvia Mary**.

- 10-**Arthur Cecil Braithwaite**²⁷ was born on 8 Aug 1887 in Hampstead, London and died on 27 Sep 1909 in Cairo, Egypt at age 22.
- 10-Geoffrey Gawen Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 24 Aug 1890 in Hampstead, London.

Geoffrey married **Madeleine Edith Aylwin-Foster**, daughter of **Edward Charles Aylwin-Foster** and **Ada Louisa Peacey**, on 8 Feb 1921 in London. Madeleine was born on 4 Nov 1895 in Clifton Rectory, Bedfordshire. They had four children: **Rosamond Madeleine, Cecil Geoffrey, Annette Marion**, and **Hugh Richard**.

11-Rosamond Madeleine Braithwaite

Rosamond married Ronald Edward John Hepburn, son of David Hunt Hepburn and Amy Maud Kitching,. 55 They had three children: Derryn Madeleine, Nolan Margaret, and Marion Jean.

- 12-Derryn Madeleine Hepburn
- 12-Nolan Margaret Hepburn
- 12-Marion Jean Hepburn
- 11-Maj. Cecil Geoffrey Braithwaite was born on 12 Apr 1923 in Reigate, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD.
- He worked as an officer of the Seaforth Highlanders.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in 27 Austin Friars, London.

Cecil married Ann Marsden Clifford, daughter of Thomas Keith Clifford and Kathleen Frieda Marsden. They had three children: Rowan Richard, James Roderick, and Quona Rose.

- 12-Rowan Richard Braithwaite
- 12-James Roderick Braithwaite
- 12-Quona Rose Braithwaite

Quona married Norman Thomas Galloway Galbraith, son of Hon. Norman Dunlop Galloway Galbraith and Susan Patricia Kent. They had four children: Jake Geoffrey Kent, Ann Rose Braithwaite, James Jan Kent, and Thomas Norman Kent.

- 13-Jake Geoffrey Kent Galbraith
- 13-Ann Rose Braithwaite Galbraith
- 13-James Jan Kent Galbraith
- 13-Thomas Norman Kent Galbraith
- 11-Annette Marion Braithwaite
- 11-Hugh Richard Braithwaite

10-Joyce Annette Theodora Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 3 Jul 1896 in Watford, Hertfordshire.

Joyce married Charles Deakin, son of Stephen Henry Deakin and Mary Francis, on 23 Jan 1918 in London. Charles was born on 28 Jan 1888 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 Mar 1944 in Died On Active Service at age 56. They had two children: John Charles and Geoffrey Francis.

11-John Charles Deakin

John married Katherine Richardson, daughter of James Arthur Richardson and Katherine Ethel Munroe. They had four children: Geoffrey Charles, David James, Master, and (No Given Name).

- 12-Geoffrey Charles Deakin
- 12-David James Deakin
- 12-Master Deakin
- 12-Deakin
- 11-Geoffrey Francis Deakin was born on 12 Dec 1921 in Worplesdon, Surrey and died on 20 Jan 1944 in Killed In Action, Flying. at age 22.

Joyce next married **Edward Montague Dodd**, son of **Arthur Percy Dodd** and **Frances Sophia Wall**, on 27 Nov 1944 in Bramley, Surrey. Edward was born on 18 Jun 1897 in Leamington and died on 5 Aug 1953 in Eastbourne at age 56.

10-Annette Sylvia Mary Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 15 Sep 1899 in Watford, Hertfordshire.

Annette married John Hamilton Knox, son of John Knox and Ethel Smith, on 20 Sep 1919 in London. John was born on 11 Jul 1886 in London and died on 22 Sep 1939 in London at age 53.

They had two children: **Diana Mary** and **Jean Elizabeth**.

- 11-Diana Mary Knox
- 11-Jean Elizabeth Knox

Jean married Raymond Alcon Campbell. They had two children: Susan Jane and Christopher John George.

- 12-Susan Jane Campbell
- 12-Christopher John George Campbell

Annette next married **Jean Georges Gayral**, son of **Gaston Gayral** and **Jeanne Lapeyre**, on 1 May 1941 in London. Jean was born on 29 Nov 1898 in Mont DE Marsan, Landes, France and was buried in Commandeur de la Legion D'honneur.

9-Rev. Herbert Morris Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 15 Apr 1864 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 8 May 1946 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of St. Benedicts's, Liverpool in Liverpool.
- He worked as a Rector of St. Michael's, Gloucester in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

Herbert married **Julia Mary Young**,²⁷ daughter of **Rt. Rev. Richard Young** and **Julia Heurtley Harrison**, on 7 Nov 1899 in St. George's, Tufnell Park, London. Julia was born on 21 Nov 1875 in St Andrews, Manitoba, Canada and died on 10 Sep 1955 in Tredington, Shipston on Stour, Worcestershire at age 79. They had five children: **Richard Herbert Bevan**, **Frank Basil Bellamy**, **Priscilla Wordsworth**, **Walter Heurtley**, and **Deborah Mary**.

- 10-Rev. Richard Herbert Bevan Braithwaite was born on 27 Sep 1900 in Liverpool.
- 10-Frank Basil Bellamy Braithwaite was born on 16 Feb 1902 in Liverpool and died on 17 Sep 2000 in New Zealand at age 98.
- 10-Priscilla Wordsworth Braithwaite was born on 8 Jan 1905 in Liverpool.

Priscilla married **Rev. Thomas Rushton Colman**, son of **Dr. Walter Stacy Colman** and **Dorothea Cane**, on 16 Aug 1938 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Thomas was born on 1 Mar 1905 in London and died in 1984 at age 79. They had four children: **Priscilla Juliet Braithwaite**, **Jeremy Crackanthorp**, **Andrew Walter Thomas**, and **Timothy Braithwaite**.

- 11-Priscilla Juliet Braithwaite Colman
- 11-Jeremy Crackanthorp Colman
- 11-Andrew Walter Thomas Colman
- 11-Timothy Braithwaite Colman
- 10-Walter Heurtley Braithwaite was born on 24 Aug 1906 in St. Michael's Rectory, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 18 Aug 1991 in Clent, Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCO.
- He worked as a Composer, Pianist & Teacher in Stourbridge, Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in 51 Corser Street, Stourbridge, Worcestershire.

Walter married **Sophy Kathleen Cottrell**, daughter of **Henry Cottrell** and **Mary Blackburn**, on 24 Oct 1942 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire. Sophy was born on 5 Aug 1907 in Liverpool and died in 1994 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 87. They had two children: **Veronica Jane** and **Peter**.

11-Veronica Jane Braithwaite was born on 20 Aug 1943 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire and died on 31 Jan 1996 in Trimpley, Worcestershire at age 52.

Veronica married Basil Titford, son of Charles William Titford and Joyce Bubb. They had four children: Tamzin Helen Jane, Johanna Georgina Meg, Aidan Reuben Cedd, and Benjamin Ossian Chad.

12-Tamzin Helen Jane Titford

Tamzin married Henry Edison Diogenes Mock. They had two children: Fynnian Alyosha Tal and Leander Cariad Ruan.

- 13-Fynnian Alyosha Tal Titford-Mock
- 13-Leander Cariad Ruan Titford-Mock
- 12-Johanna Georgina Meg Titford was born on 5 May 1965 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire and died in 1983 at age 18.
- 12-Aidan Reuben Cedd Titford
- 12-Benjamin Ossian Chad Titford
- 11-Peter Braithwaite

Peter married Veronika Nater. They had three children: Thomas Nicholas, Benjamin Raphael, and Johanna.

- 12-Thomas Nicholas Braithwaite
- 12-Benjamin Raphael Braithwaite
- 12-Johanna Braithwaite
- 10-Deborah Mary Braithwaite was born on 1 May 1910 in St. Michael's Rectory, Gloucester, Gloucestershire.
- 9-Harold Bellamy Braithwaite was born on 20 Nov 1867 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 May 1917 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 49.
- 8-Thomas Braithwaite was born in Feb 1815 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Kendal, Cumbria.
- 8-Rev. Robert Braithwaite^{27,100} was born on 24 Jul 1816 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Jan 1882 in Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Chipping Campden in Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire.

Robert married **Charlotte Masterman**,^{27,100} daughter of **John Masterman**^{23,27,100} and **Eliza Harris**,^{23,27,100} on 9 Apr 1844 in Leyton, London. Charlotte was born on 31 Jan 1820 in Marsh Street, Walthamstow, London and died on 16 Oct 1889 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 69. They had three children: **Robert, Charlotte**, and **Anna**.

General Notes: Leyton House, Leyton, London is also given as her place of birth.

9-Robert Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 23 Dec 1845 in London and died in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Lincoln Inn.
- 9-Charlotte Braithwaite¹⁰⁰ was born on 6 Jun 1847 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Died in Infancy.
- 9-Anna Braithwaite^{27,100} was born on 11 Mar 1851 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 Oct 1931 in Freshford, Somerset at age 80.

Anna married **Robert Ley Wood**,²⁷ son of **James Wood** and **Elizabeth Ley**, on 21 Sep 1880. Robert was born on 28 Apr 1853 in Ratcliffe Culey, Leicestershire and died on 25 Aug 1917 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 64. They had seven children: **Charlotte Anna Braithwaite**, **Robert Braithwaite**, **James Ley Masterman**, **Elizabeth Margaret**, **Sarella Mary Mackenzie**, **John Percival**, and **Eliza Theodora Octavia**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in 1 Lansdown Terrace, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.
 - 10-Charlotte Anna Braithwaite Wood²⁷ was born on 29 Oct 1881 in Llanelly, Monmouthshire, Wales.

Charlotte married **Rev. Robert Wakefield Benson,** son of **George Henry Benson**²⁷ and **Sarah Orton Wood**, on 22 Sep 1925 in Bath, Somerset. Robert was born on 8 Apr 1891 in High Barnet, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oxford. M.A.
- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

10-Robert Braithwaite Wood²⁷ was born on 9 Dec 1882 in Llanelly, Monmouthshire, Wales and died on 30 Dec 1954 in Zeal, Wiltshire at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor in Okehampton, Devon.

Robert married **Margareta Elisabeth af Ekenstam**, daughter of **Hon. Carl Theodor af Ekenstam** and **Selma Elisabeth Hanngren**, on 1 Jul 1914 in Hosterum, Ostergothland, Sweden. Margareta was born on 14 May 1892 in Smedjebacken, Dalecarlia, Sweden.

10-James Ley Masterman Wood²⁷ was born on 26 Jan 1884 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 28 Dec 1933 in Oroyde Hoe, Meadfoot Road, Torquay, Devon at age 49.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB LM.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Northgate Cottage, Barnstaple, Devon.
- He worked as a Physician.

James married **Joan Leask**, daughter of **Magnus Leask** and **Margaret Williamson**, on 18 May 1906 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Joan was born on 29 Jan 1888 in Shetland. They had three children: **Robert Braithwaite Masterman**, **Margaret Constance J. Masterman**, and **Eleanore Mavis Masterman**.

- 11-Robert Braithwaite Masterman Wood²⁷ was born on 23 Jul 1907 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.
- 11-Margaret Constance J. Masterman Wood²⁷ was born on 20 Mar 1911 in Northgate Cottage, Barnstaple, Devon.

Margaret married John Austen Pimlott, son of William Pimlott and Hilda Eugenie Rose Leighton-Bailey. They had two children: Jennifer June and Peter Warwick.

- 12-Jennifer June Pimlott
- 12-Peter Warwick Pimlott
- 11-Eleanore Mavis Masterman Wood

Eleanore married John L. Boldero, son of Lawrence J. G. Boldero. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

12-Boldero

12-Boldero

10-Elizabeth Margaret Wood²⁷ was born on 20 Apr 1886 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

10-Sarella Mary Mackenzie Wood²⁷ was born on 5 Jul 1887 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Jul 1957 in Winchester, Hampshire at age 70.

Sarella married **Dr. Gerald Arthur Smythe**, son of **Alfred William Smythe** and **Alice Clara Fisher**, on 16 Jan 1917. Gerald was born on 2 Apr 1888 in Forest Hill, Kent. They had three children: **Diana Mary Braithwaite**, **Daphne Margaret**, and **Anne Barbara**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician in Winchester, Hampshire.
 - 11-Diana Mary Braithwaite Smythe

Diana married **Gerald Edward Hancock**, son of **Richard Hancock**, on 20 Jan 1945 in Winchester. Gerald was born on 16 Apr 1902 in Patras, Greece. They had two children: **John Richard Smythe** and **Susan Daphne**.

- 12-John Richard Smythe Hancock
- 12-Susan Daphne Hancock
- 11-Daphne Margaret Smythe
- 11-Anne Barbara Smythe

Anne married Christopher Dudley Johnson, son of C. J. D. Johnson.

- 10-John Percival Wood²⁷ was born on 12 Mar 1889 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 12 Mar 1889 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.
- 10-Eliza Theodora Octavia Wood²⁷ was born on 7 Nov 1892 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

8-**Joseph Bevan Braithwaite**^{3,21,23,27,48,51,69,100,117,149,167,180,181,182,183,184,185,186} was born on 21 Jun 1818 in Highgate, Kendal, Cumbria, died on 15 Nov 1905 in 312 Camden Road, Islington, London at age 87, and was buried in FBG Winchmore Hill.

General Notes: Sun 17 June 1883 - Went to the new meeting house at Westminster. -had a sort of dedication service & a good sermon from Bevan (Braithwaite) - called on the Croppers in the afternoon & on my Father-in-laws with Nellie at Queen's Gate in the evening - went to Church at St. M Abbot The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Joseph B. Braithwatte, 87 15 Ilmo. 1905 312, Camden Road, London. A Minister. Joseph Bevan Braithwaite was the youngest son of Isaac and Anna Braithwaite, of Kendal, Westmorland. He and his twin sister Caroline (afterwards Caroline Savory), are spoken of as lovely children. They continued through life devotedly attached to one another, and even when both surrounded by large families, would always, if possible, spend their birthday together. During their mother's long absences on her religious visits to America, her seven children were left under the care of a faithful friend of the family, who though thoroughly kind, was obliged to exercise strict economy, and they were allowed few pleasures or treats of any kind. J. B. Braithwaite often referred to his childhood as a "dreary period,' and but for his "charming little sister Cary," who waited upon him and his brother Robert most lovingly, and carried sunshine wherever she went, his childhood must have lacked the tender influences that often make it so full of happy memories; one almost wonders, indeed, that after the experiences of those years he retained such a keen sense of humour, and such a bright cheerful nature as his characteristics throughout life. In writing of his childhood he says, "I did not enjoy vigorous health, the want of which was manifested in a tendency to stammer, and in several other ways, to my own great mortification. But through all I cannot remember a time when I was not sensible of the gracious visitations of the Holy Spirit of God, inclining my heart to His love and producing tenderness and contrition for disobedience or unfaithfulness. I remember learning many of Watts's hymns when I was very young; the simple presentation of christian truth contained in these made a sweet impression upon my mind, and was, I doubt not, a means of great blessing. I was about" eight years old when I first went, as a day scholar, to Samuel Marshall's school in Stramongate, Kendal, where I received a sound English education, with rudimentary instruction in French, Latin and Greek. ... I never went to any other school or college, and though often keenly sensible how much I might have gained by the advantages now open to Non-conformists, I shall always look back to S. Marshall's instruction, and especially to the lectures which he used to give in several departments of science and literature, with grateful appreciation. . . . Even as a boy I had a great thirst for learning, and rejoiced in every opportunity for self-improvement. I remember learning the rudiments of Hebrew very early, and used to enjoy going out on the Scaurs round Kendal in order to shout the strange-sounding words at the top of my voice, to get accustomed to the pronunciation. "I well remember the visits of various ministering Friends to Kendal as well as the ministry with which we were often favoured in that large meeting. This ministry often made a deep impression upon me. I especially recall the visit of Joseph John Gurney to the families of Friends in Kendal in 1830, when both the large meeting houses, thrown together, were so crowded that I was obliged to sit at his feet

on a hassock. His text was 'As in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive.' He was enabled to set forth the fulness and blessed-ness of redeeming love through Him who is the resurrection and the Life, with great clearness and power. I have a vivid recollection of his whispering to me after the meeting, 'Dost thou think that thou wilt ever have to speak for thy Lord and Saviour?' - and on my mentioning it to my dear mother, she told me that she believed I should, if I was only faithful to my Lord. "I continued at S. Marshall's school until I was nearly sixteen years of age, the routine of life at Kendal being but little interrupted, except by visits from our large circle of relatives and friends. In the year 1834, on my leaving school, my dear parents kindly arranged for me to go to London to attend the Yearly Meeting. Up to that time I had never been further than Lancaster. The Yearly Meeting was one of deep interest. Samuel Tuke was the able Clerk; it proved a time of blessing to my susceptible mind. I went twice to dine at J. J. Gurney's lodgings. It was on one of these occasions that he said to me, with that delightful suavity of manner which so distinguished him, 'Canst thou execute a little commission for me at Arch's (his bookseller's)? 'He gave me a little note, of the contents of which I was ignorant, and I left it without the least suspicion of what would follow. About six or eight weeks afterwards, towards the close of my visit to London, I was astonished to receive a very large parcel of books, containing the whole of the "Scholia" of Rosenmiller, with the lexicons of Schleusner for the Greek Testament, and Simonis for the Hebrew. These were all for me, and formed the nucleus of what has since become a pretty extensive library." On his return to Kendal J. B. Braithwaite was articled to a solicitor of that town to study law, and remained with him for seven or eight years. These were years of much religious unsettlement amongst Friends, owing to what was called the Beacon controversy,*' and very many of the young people, amongst them three of J. B. B.'s own brothers and his two sisters, and many of his first cousins and personal friends, left the Society. He was brought strongly under the same influence, and it was to him a time of deep proving; he thus speaks of it in his journal: - " During the years 1835 and 1836 I was closely involved in the controversy, writing one- or two letters which were published in The Patriot, then a leading Nonconformist paper; also a series of papers on the early literature of our Society, in a highly controversial spirit. The perusal of writings which this involved, issued under exceptional circumstances and in the heat of controversy, was not a very profitable occupation for a young man of eighteen, but it served to give me a very extended acquaintance with the literature of Friends, and even then I well remember being struck with the quiet dignity and excellent spirit of much that passed: under my review. . . . The Yearly Meeting * This controversy is fully explained in the Memoir of J. J. Gurney, 1st edition. -of 1836, at which I was present, was a time of great excitement, and it is marvellous to me, in looking back, that my little barque was not altogether cast adrift from the Society. "In 1840 I went to London to complete my legal education, in the chambers of our beloved friend John Hodgkin. My eldest brother Isaac, and sister Anna were then settled in London, and were very anxious that I should take the 'decisive step of resigning my membership in the Society of Friends. They had both been baptised with water, my brother Forster and 'sister Caroline had also undergone the same 'Ceremony. I even went so far as to allow an interview to be arranged for me with Baptist Noel * for the same purpose; but, I thought it 'Only right (in fact there was the guiding hand of a loving Father gently to restrain), I thought it only right, to first attend the Yearly Meeting throughout, and form my own independent judgment. I remember sitting on the further upper forms to the left of the Clerk's table. . . . I listened with an open mind to what passed, -although I was, at the time, writing a pamphlet explaining my views in opposition to Friends. *A minister of the Church of England of a beautiful evangelical spirit. The attendance of the Yearly Meeting deeply impressed me; and I was gradually brought to the conclusion that I must cast in my lot amongst Friends. I had been afraid that the Scriptural doctrine of justification by faith in the blood of Jesus, was not, in deed and in truth, recognised by the body of Friends; but I heard the testimonies concerning deceased ministers, and was ashamed and self-condemned for my harsh judgment; I felt constrained at the last sitting, just before the Clerk read the concluding minute, to say a few words to the effect that, having been involved in several publications during the late controversy, I wished thus publicly to testify, that, during the course of the Yearly Meeting I had had reason to see that I had been greatly mistaken in the conception which I had been led to form of the views of Friends, and that I wished to express my deep regret at having taken part in such publications, and my trust that I might be graciously guided for the time to come. Sweet was the peace that flowed into my soul." From this time, to the end of his long life, J. B. Braithwaite was a loyal and active member of the Society of Friends; he threw all the energies of his cultivated mind and whole-hearted devotedness to Christ into the work of the Society. With deep humility, yet with a steadfast purpose for what he believed to be his duty, he was ever ready to take a share in the affairs of the Church, and was active on Committees and in visiting as a delegate from the Yearly Meeting with other Friends on important occasions: besides being always diligent in the attendance of Meetings for Worship and a faithful minister of the Word of Life. The few memoranda we find during the years of his early manhood and ministry show how earnest were his desires to be found faithful to the path of duty, and to cultivate and improve his mind so that he might be more fitted for his Master's use. 2 xi. 1840. "I am under no small sense of discouragement. My habits 'are not regular, my mind is not exertive, my studies are ill-conducted, and my time is consequently often wasted or mis-employed As to growth in grace, I am sometimes fearful, lest, after all my profession and experience of mercy, I am deceived; my heart is a faithless monitor, variable as the waves of the ocean. In the quiet retirement of my chamber I flatter myself that I enjoy communion with my Heavenly Father; but alas! how soon is Heaven forgotten and the love of God in Christ Jesus dissipated among my books and companions. I need a constant stimulus; my duties are forgotten or only half performed, and the remembrance of continued failures weakens my resolution for the future. Let me consider what I am by nature and by actual transgression. How much I have been forgiven. How many undeserved mercies I daily receive, and what a glorious hope is laid up for the believer in the Gospel of Christ. This will lead me to a strict watch over myself that I offend not in thought, or word or action or appearance. This will apply both ways; let me fear doing too little as well as too much: and oh! let me consider the duties of a Christian, as set forth in Romans xii. and in various other places of Scripture. Blessed and most merciful Saviour, do Thou visit me in Thy mercy and abundantly replenish me with Thy love and strengthen me with Thy Holy Spirit, that I may be a burning and a shining light to Thy glory, and honour Thee in all my ways." Again he writes: "How can I teach others when I am myself so slow to learn? What shall I speak on behalf of my Saviour who have been so often ashamed of Him? How can I testify against sin who have been so great a sinner, or recommend hohness who practise it so Httle? Lord do Thou make me what Thou wouldst have me to be; yea, if it be Thy will make me a faithful and an able minister of the New Coven- ant, not of the letter but of the spirit, a servant of Thee and of the Lord Jesus Christ, according to the spirit of holiness. Amen! "And again; "Oh! to realise that we are not our own! that neither our bodies nor our minds are in our own power; that He who created them, created them for His glory and can take them away at His pleasure. Let me live presently for the future, not of time, but eternity. May I more and more believe in and utilise the influences of the Holy Spirit, seek for them, cherish them, and live according to them." "Beware lest any man spoil your Christianity; it should be a practical system of social order. We all find it difficult to bear up against the world, to stem the torrent of vice,, immorality or earthly -mindedness; not a day passes but I have to mourn over my unfaithfulness. But that does not prove that we are to go out of the world. We are to be the salt of the earth, the lights of the world, the witnesses of Christ! As the inanimate creation proves the existence of a God, so the new creation in Jesus Christ evidences His love! And what a charge is this ! what manner of persons ought we to be in all holy conversation and godliness! Called upon to prove to a world, with all its present intellectual pretensions, as yet unbelieving, that divine influences are not cunningly devised fables, that the work of the Spirit is an un-doubted reality, and that God is yet able and willing to make the weak and despised of the world to confound the wisdom of the wise, and to bring to nought the understanding of the prudent." He planned out for himself a scheme of study, with a list of books on Church history and Biblical criticism for his reading. He was at times so deeply engrossed in these that he avoided his friends, and often ran back to his lodgings after meeting on First-day, and locked himself in so that he might escape being asked out to dinner. In the summer of 1851, J. B. Braithwaite -married Martha, eldest daughter of Joseph Ashby and Martha Gillett, of Banbury. Though of very different temperaments, their union was a very harmonious

and happy one, Martha Braithwaite's quiet peaceful spirit adding strength to the character of her husband; so much was this apparent that the one life seemed incomplete without the other. The long separations involved in his extensive religious engagements were a great trial to them both, but they were one in faith and purpose, and gladly gave up all for the Master's service. After his wife's decease, in 1895, J. B. Braithwaite thus writes in his journal, - " This . morning my precious wife peacefully fell asleep in Jesus. To me it is an inexpressible loss. Ours has been indeed a union of everdeepening joy, hallowed by the presence and blessing of our faithful and covenant-keeping Lord. Our union of nearly forty-four years has been crowned with loving- kindness and tender mercies. It is a delight to trace her course of simple steadfast faithfulness and unwavering trust, and the many precious evidences of her tender love, the depth of which none can ever know. And, blessed be the Lord! ours was a union which is undissolved by death. We are still one in Him who is the Resurrection and the Life. May I abide in Him, still resting in His love, rejoicing in His presence and salvation ; for we know (and she has now entered into the glorious- reality) we know that if the earthly house of this tabernacle be dissolved, we have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens." J. B. Braithwaite was recorded a minister by Westminster Monthly Meeting in 1844, and almost from that time to within a few years of his death we find frequent mention on the books of the Monthly Meeting of his being liberated for religious service, in the British Isles, in America, or on the Continent of Europe. It is wonderful to notice how, with the heavy claims of business, and a large family and all his other interests, he found time to undertake so many religious engagements. The entries in his diary show how it was ever his earnest desire to give his Master's work the foremost place in his life; and often amidst much discouragement and felt weakness, and sometimes under the burden of heavy bereavement, he was enabled to perform these services to the help and blessing of his friends and his own peace and comfort; the refrain of his life of earnest and strenuous effort for the good of others seemed ever to be "I delight to do Thy will, oh my God!" .Under date 11th of Seventh Month, 1858, -he writes: "I am often much discouraged under a sense of my unprofitableness. ... I long- to be more devoted to the Lord's service. . . . May I ever be found undertaking nothing- without His prompting and direction, and flinching from nothing into which He calls me. In the meantime let me remember that He is glorified in a course of patient continuance in well doing in the ordinary duties of life, no less, than in more public services, if the disciple is. only preserved in simple unreserved faithfulness. . . . My mind has been much occu- pied lately with the subject of pastoral care, the right, vigilant oversight of our members, the cherishing of the work of religion amongst them. Is there anything called for at my hands in this direction, and if so what is it? It may not be permitted to me to have any part in the building of the House of the Lord; but I may earnestly desire it, and pray for the peace of Jerusalem. I desire also to keep in view in my reading some really profitable object or permanent benefit to the church of God; Oh! if this might be the case, how I should rejoice and be prepared to lay down my head in peace, in the humble trust that through great mercy I had not lived in vain.... Oh! that no carelessness or indolence of mine, no unwatchfulness or wandering may ever turn me aside from the path in which He would have me to walk." On his removal to his new home, 312, -Camden Road, where he continued to reside to the end of his life, the entry in his diary is very characteristic. 12th of Fifth Month, 1861. "I desire to Tecord my humble thankfulness for our peaceable removal to and settlement in our new habitation, feeling it no more than the house of our pilgrimage, another pitching of the tent. The removal has been accomplished in great quietness and almost with ease. My great desire is that it will please the Lord to dwell with us; that here we may take no rest upon earth, but still lean on Him and rejoice only in His blessed service." Those who only saw J. B. Braithwaite at Meeting or in public did not really know him. He shone in his home or in the social circle, where his fine conversational powers could have full play, and his bright intellectual attainments rshowed to their best advantage. In his library or drawing-room with his friends around him, he could hold their interest for a whole evening, treating them to choice extracts from his beloved Cicero, or Clemens Alexandrinns; or from some old Friend worthy, John Woolman, or Robert Barclay; or again, giving a critical exposition of some passage from one of Paul's epistles, or the book of Isaiah, or the Psalms, often bringing out ancient books to illustrate his subject. Among his children too, in their young days, he relaxed and thoroughly enjoyed a romp, often going into the nursery just before bedtime, crawling on all fours ready to ride the little ones on his back, with his pockets full of good things to be despoiled amidst much shouting and fun. Later on, when his boys were cider, he would help them build and sail their toy boats, or give them delightful demonstrations with the electrical machine. At his evening meal his children gathered round him with their various employments, and one would read from "the Contributions of Q.Q.," or "Tales of a Grandfather," "Pilgrim's Progress," or Addison's "Spectator," which was made delightful by his racy comments and explanations; and when they grew older he introduced them to the beauties of Milton, Wordsworth, Longfellow, or his favourite Cowper. The daily reading of the Scriptures in his family morning and evening was a marked feature of his life, and was almost always accompanied by fervent prayer, in which his deep concern for the spiritual welfare of all his family and household, as well as for his many interests and large circle of friends, was ever manifested, and will long be remembered by those who were present. When one and another of his sons and daughters married and had families of their own, he took a loving interest in all that concerned them, and always delighted to have his grand-children around him, and was deeply loved by them all. His large and interesting library had been gathered together little by little from the time of his first coming to London, and it is wonderful to notice what a wide range of thought and information the books cover. The section on Church History, for instance, comprises books upon all the various periods, from the first century to the twentieth, and covers all the varied sects and denominations; and that on Biblical criticism and exposition embraces authors of all creeds and phases of thought. His large hearted, liberal views of Christian truth, and his charitable consideration for those who differed from him may be largely attributed to this fact of his wide range of reading. He was never satisfied to look at a truth only from the Quaker standpoint; his convictions were the result of careful study and investigation. Another marked feature of his library is the ancient manuscripts or facsimiles of them which he had collected in connection with his Biblical study, and the Greek and Latin classical authors which he so delighted in. His books were like old friends to him, and up to the very last he knew just where each was placed, and could direct his daughters where to find it on the shelves, and then would turn at once to the passage he required. During his middle life J. B. Braithwaite's unwearying energy and strenuous, active work, were such that those who were only acquainted with him in later years can have little idea of it. As a rule he would rise at four or five o'clock, so as to ensure the quiet of the early morning for reading and prayer, and he would often speak of these times as " very precious." He worked like a man who knew no fatigue, and was the marvel of his friends. Wherever he went he carried about with him a bag full of carefully chosen books, which he diligently read at every available moment, utilising thus his omnibus or train journeys; he used often to remark that he could not understand intelligent people being satisfied to spend so much of their valuable time reading newspapers or magazines. When engaged in religious service he planned out so much to be done in a short time that he usually tired out his companions. Just as an example we may refer to the occasion when he and his wife were visiting the Meetings of Friends in Ireland in 1869; they were absent there about six weeks. He records in his journal, "In the course of our visit we held twenty-one public meetings and attended about fifty other meetings, besides the visits to young men in Belfast and Dublin and the social meetings at Belfast Bessbrook, Cork and Dublin." He rarely had a day's illness, yet his sympathies were wonderfully drawn out to those who were suffering and distressed, and many times he was engaged with his wife in visiting the invalids of his own Monthly Meeting. This power of sympathy also specially qualified him for paying family visits, and often during his religious engagements he entered upon this work. He fre- quently addressed individuals visited in such close terms that they were ready to think some one 'must have revealed to him their circumstances or the state of their minds. Sometimes he felt called to administer rebuke or warning; but he always did it in such a loving manner that the individual could not fail to recognise that it was no judging spirit that prompted him, but the love of Christ constraining. Whilst highly valuing the experience of the past, J. B. Braithwaite was always ready to consider progressive developments in connection with the Society. The following extract from his journal is expressive of his feelings in regard to the forward movement amongst Friends: - " I desire that we may more and more feel that our growth as a body depends upon our growth as individuals, and that our growth as individuals

depends upon each being rooted in Christ, I fear that the tendency of the habit of looking so much to changes in external organisation is to produce a superficial state of things; in looking so much to social gatherings, the individual work is apt to be overlooked. Oh that I may be preserved in deep abiding watchfulness and humility, stayed and resting upon Christ my Saviour. I feel more than a usual weight in the prospect of the Yearly Meeting, yet it is not the weight of alarm or anxious foreboding, but an earnest concern that all the religious interest and inquiry that is awakened amongst us may be rightly directed and turned to the best account." The interests of the Society of Friends ever claimed his most serious and prayerful attention. On at least two occasions he helped in the revision of the Book of Discipline, and was a member of several important deputations of the Yearly Meeting, besides serving as Clerk to the Morning Meeting and his own Monthly Meeting on Ministry and Oversight during a long course of years, and regularly attending the Meeting for Sufferings and taking active part in its business. He was a Trustee of the Flounders Institute for many years, and the Public Schools and other educational interests of the Society had his hearty sympathy and help. But although he was essentially a Friend, he was more essentially a minister of the Gospel, and his deep concern was that all might be brought to a knowledge of salvation, and by experimental acceptance of Christ's atoning sacrifice become living members of His body, taking each his share of the work and burden of the church. He was extremely careful of the reputation of others, and allowed nothing unkind or detrimental to another to be said in his hearing. Mere gossip he always discouraged and resented; he consequently became the trusted and confidential friend of all. His regular attendance of Meetings. for Worship was a very marked feature of his life; he allowed nothing to interfere with this, though it was sometimes at much inconvenience or sacrifice. He did his utmost to further the social interests of the Meeting; taking much pleasure in making the acquaintance of the many young men Friends who came up to London for study or business. He would hurry down from his seat after meeting to shake hands with any whom he saw were strangers, and nearly always took home two or three to dinner on First-days. He delighted to open to them the treasures of his library, and to advise them as to their reading and study, and sometimes . would almost frighten them by the large armfuls of books he would bring for their perusal. For many years he held a Bible Class for young men at Devonshire House, and another at his . own house, open to all. Throughout his life J. B. Braithwaite's sympathies were strong towards mission work and evangelical effort of all sorts. Before he left Kendal, when still a very young man, he held cottage meetings, and a night school for the lads in his father's mill. When Moody was in London the first time, he took part in the house to house visitation, and helped in the inquiry room at the Agricultural Hall. In the earlier days of organised mission work amongst Friends in London he often visited the various meetings connected with the Bedford Institute and its branches, and did what he could to encourage and cheer the workers. He and his wife did much to help in the establishment of the, mission work at Bunhill Fields; they were constantly at the meetings first held there in the Tent and the Iron room, and he rejoiced that members of his own family were led to take part in it, always encouraging them in every possible way. The Adult School movement had his hearty sympathy, and from the time it was first commenced in London to the time of his death it was a great pleasure to him to watch its development in and around the metropolis. When travelling about the country on his religious journeys., he took delight in encouraging the mission work and workers in the various places he visited; for many years he was a member of the Friends' Home Mission Committee. Foreign Missionary work also shared his warm interest, and he rejoiced when Friends took it up as a Society. Many of our earlier missionaries were lovingly welcomed to his home, when they passed through London on their way to and from their fields of labour. He delighted to arrange farewell meetings for them and to cheer them on by prayer and sympathy. He was a member of the Friends' Foreign Mission Association Board for over thirty years. It is noticeable that most of J. B. Braithwaite's religious journeys were taken after he was fifty years of age. Up to that time although he was constantly engaged in ministerial work at home, he had been an active professional man; having been called to the bar as a member of the Middle Temple when twenty-five years of age, he had acquired a large practice as a barrister, and was looked upon as one of the leading conveyancers of his day. But it is very evident that he felt it his duty more and more to engage in the religious work to which he was, called by his Divine Master; he frequently alludes to this in his journal. "31st of Twelfth Month, 1869. . . . And now what do I need and what do I at times earnestly pray for, but renewed consecration. Guide me, O Lord, in my studies, in my pursuits, in the employment of my time, in my spiritual duties, in my business, in all my ways. Oh that my life may be to Thy honour and to the winning of many precious souls to Christ! " 21st of Sixth Month, 1874, he writes: 'Fifty-six years of my life have now passed away and I am still mourning my unprofitableness; little indeed is accomplished. O Lord, I desire in a renewed act of consecration to dedicate myself wholly to Thee. I am Thine, both by creation and redemption, purchased unto Thyself by the precious blood of Christ. Take Thyself the direction of my thoughts, words and actions; possess me fully, and grant that I may fulfill all the purposes of Thy goodness, and finish my course according to Thy will." Four of his American journeys, his Continental journeys and his work in connection with the British and Foreign Bible Society, all took place during the last thirty-five years of his life. He visited the Yearly Meetings of Friends on the American Continent three times with Certificate, and on two occasions as a member of a deputation from London Yearly Meeting; the last time in company with his brother Geo; Gillett-, and others, he attended the Conference at Richmond, Indiana, and helped in the preparation of "the Declaration of Faith" then issued. These visits enabled him to become well acquainted with American Friends, and he entered into deep sympathy with them in their many interests and varied circumstances, and the complex difficulties they had to face in the rapid growth of their Society in the Western States. He never went amongst them in a judging spirit, but with true brotherly and Christian consideration that made him at once their confidential and trusted friend and helper. He was universally beloved and respected by those Friends with whom he came into contact in America, and delighted to welcome thom to his home, and to do all that lay in his power to help them when any of them came to England on religious service. He was deeply concerned that a loving and brotherly relationship should be maintained between Friends in England and America. Whilst he ever felt it of vital importance for our Society to uphold the truths of the Gospel, his loving spirit dreaded all schisms and divisions, and he strove to encourage mutual forbearance and love. To some who only came into contact with the outside circle of his life it might have seemed that he was free from business anxieties, and the various difficulties and perplexities that usually attend a man with a large family; but it was not so; the frequent absences from home that his religious work entailed called for much exercise of faith which he alludes to in his journal on many occasions. ** 2 mo. 15, 1863. I have much outward discouragement about business, and faith at times is brought to a very low ebb; indeed, I hardly know what to think of it, and were it not that / am sure I am in the hands of a most merciful and bountiful Father in Heaven, I should be quite discouraged. But I desire humbly to thank Him for this also, and earnestly pray for the continuance and an increase of faith and patience. Tried as my faith has been, I have been sweetly supported in the trust that He knows all our needs and that He hath said 'I will never leave thee nor forsake thee.' "It is only possible in the limits of this notice to refer in passing to the many friends and acquaintances J. B. Braithwaite had amongst the men of note belonging both to the Church and the State, his large-hearted Christian charity enabling him to recognise in all the true servants the image of the Master; in conversation with them he always avoided religious argument and controversy, but delighted to talk upon subjects in which they could agree. His zeal for the spread of Christ's kingdom kept him from being cynical or narrow-minded, and he was ever ready to give the right hand of fellowship to all who loved the Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity. His learning and breadth of thought, and his wonderful power of adaptability made him equally at home with the high dignitary of the Church, the Nonconformist minister, the statesman, the scholar, the judge, or the philanthropist, whilst his truly loving, sympathetic nature appealed to all and made him beloved by all. His connection with the British and Foreign Bible Society, which commenced in 1875 and continued uninterrupted to the end of his life, was a source of much real enjoyment to him. Although it entailed attendance at long committees and other fatiguing engagements, the work was most congenial to him, and he would often speak of it as among the greatest privileges of his life, bringing him as it did into close touch with so many highly-gifted large-hearted Christian men of all denominations. In a Minute issued by the Society after his decease the following tribute is borne to his memory. "Mr. Braithwaite's intimate knowledge of the Scriptures in Hebrew and Greek and

Latin, and in the commentaries of the Early Christian Fathers, fitted him to give specially valuable help in connection with the Society's versions. From 1885 to the spring of 1905 he was Chairman of the Editorial Committee, an office which he very highly prized. Venerable in presence, gentle and benevolent in manner, devout in spirit, fervent in prayer, mighty in the Scriptures, his influence was great in the committee room, and his memory will be dear to all who worked by his side." J. B. Braithwaite twice accompanied the Society's Secretary in extensive journeys on the continent of Europe, on one of these occasions including Syria and Palestine, holding meetings with the colporteurs, and entering with Christian sympathy into all the details of the work in the various places. During one of these journeys he had a serious illness, which almost proved fatal, and laid him aside from active work for many months. On the subsequent occasion he visited the Friends' mission station at Brumana, and met with the little company at Constantinople, where afterwards, with his brother, Charles Gillett, he helped to establish the Friends' Meeting. On two occasions he paid religious visits to the Friends in the South of France, and in many places had public meetings in the Protestant temples (kindly lent for the purpose): and ho and his wife in company with Robert and Christine Alsop paid a visit to the Pastors in the Vaudois valleys, whose simple life and self-denying efforts, often in lonely, isolated places, appealed strongly to his sympathy. It will be easily understood that in these varied journeyings he made numerous friends and acquaintances. With many of these he kept up correspondence to the end of his life. The testimonies received after his death show how his letters were valued by them. These journeys, especially that in Syria and Palestine, were a great enjoyment to him, independently of the work undertaken; his well-stored mind was ever ready to grasp the historical interests and associations of the places he visited; yet it was very noticeable how he would never take time that was needed for the fulfilment of his religious work merely to go sight-seeing, and often would have to pass over places of deep interest, simply remarking in his bright way, "Thou shalt see greater things than these," If he knew of any Friends or Christian workers, he would often go out of his way to look them up, and was able thus to cheer and help some of the Lord's lonely and discouraged servants. His visit to Syria and Palestine in 1883 stirred his heart to its depths, as he trod the paths and looked upon scenes so familiar to him from his knowledge of Scripture. Whilst on this journey he wrote a long poem entitled "The Apostle Paul," which, whilst describing the journeyings and work of the great Apostle, also opens up to us many of the inmost feelings and yearnings of the writer himself. During his long life, as was only natural, J. B. Braithwaite was often called to pass through times of bereavement, which were keenly felt by his sensitive and affectionate nature; but he knew well the source of help and comfort, and was enabled to rise above his own sorrows and throw his sympathies out to others in a wonderful manner. He always endeavoured to attend the funeral of any Friend who had been personally known to him, often travelling through the night in order to do so; many have been the testimonies given to the help and comfort he brought to the mourners at such times; his faith and hope in Christ's redeeming love was so bright and strong that he was ever able to speak the word in season. As life passed on and he was himself nearing the end of the journey, he loved to dwell on the blessedness of the eternal "Home," where the ' redeemed would gather around the throne of God to go no more out for ever; where sin, sorrow, disappointment and all earthly weakness and suffering would be no more; and he would often say that it was the same family in earth and heaven, all washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb. Amongst his favourite hymns was "The Last Words of Samuel Rutherford," and another beginning " A pilgrim and a stranger I journey here below," as well as the old favourites "Jesus, lover of my soul" and "Rock of Ages"; he much enjoyed having them sung or repeated. It was only very gradually that he gave up, one by one, his many duties and engagements, so that age seemed to creep almost imperceptibly upon him; but he was never the same active, robust man after a serious carriage accident in Canada in 1884, as a result of which he lost the use of his right hand for nearly a year, and never altogether regained it. But though his bodily powers failed, his mind was bright and active and full of power to the last. He was always busy about something. During the last few years of his life he revised and abridged the Memoir of Joseph John Gurney, which he had written when a young man, and also prepared a memoir of his own mother, besides writing many short papers for the Friend and Quarterly Examiner. His correspondence, too, occupied a large share of his time. He was most earnest to be found faithful to the end, and would often quote the words of the apostle,' "That I may finish my course and the ministry that I have received of the Lord Jesus to testify the Gospel of the grace of God," always explaining that the word "finish" means in the original "to bring to its appointed and perfected end." Under date, 6 mo. 30, 1895, he writes, ** Grant me, O Lord, an increase of faith and true fervency of spirit. Life is passing on very swiftly, and my strength is becoming enfeebled. Lord, I am weak, undertake for me! "Fourth Month, 12, 1896." This evening has been spent in reading Dr. Edersheim's * Life of Christ,' a really valuable book, and his very interesting article on 'Josephus' in Dr. Smith's 'Christian Biography," with some reference to Mill's excellent book on Strauss's theories, etc.; all tend to a deeper realisation of 'the unspeakable riches of His grace'; may I become more and more taught of the Lord and prepared for an entrance into His rest." Twelfth Month, 31, 1902. "In approaching the end of another year, it is the prayer of my heart that all the good pleasure of Thy goodness, O Lord, and the work of faith with power may, in Thy great mercy in Jesus Christ, be fully accomplished; that so, in the winding up of my earthly service, I may stand perfect and complete in all the will of God, accepted in the Beloved! Amen! and Amen! "He had been in the habit of attending the whole of the Yearly Meeting, but he felt the strain every year increasingly, and, little by little, he gave up part of the meetings, only attending some of the more important; but his earnest concern for the spiritual growth and welfare of the Society was constant and ever increasing, and was evidenced to the last by his frequent, fervent prayers on behalf of his friends at his family worship. When he found that it would be impossible for him to attend the Yearly Meeting at Leeds, he sent an affectionate letter to his "dear Friends gathered there," expressing his desires for their welfare and blessing. During the last months of his life, when almost too feeble to hold a pen, he prepared a letter to the members of his own Monthly Meeting, full of loving solicitude on their behalf. He took an active interest in all that was passing in the world around him, up to the last, as well as in all that concerned his large family circle of children and grandchildren. The return to England for long visits of some of these from their distant fields of service, was a great enjoyment to him; and though he was often debarred from attending meeting for months together during the latter years of his life, he frequently enjoyed gathering his family and friends around him for prayer and communion; his constant concern was for the spiritual welfare and growth in grace of all connected with him. After the death of his dearly loved son-in-law. Dr. R. H. Thomas, when his daughter Anna, and granddaughter Henrietta Thomas had come over on a visit to him, he thus writes referring to it: 12 mo. 31, 1904: "It is my prayer that their visit may be to our mutual help and growth in heavenly life and fruitfulness. May we be enabled, through the abiding presence of the Holy Spirit, to bring forth much fruit - precious fruit, unto holiness, to the glory and praise of God. There are times when my heart is filled with intense longing to depart and be with Christ, knowing that it is far better; and yet it is my earnest prayer to be kept by the power of God, waiting in holy patience all the Lord's appointed time; that I may be found in Him in peace: that my latest breath upon earth may be the first transport of perfected and never-ceasing praise in the never-to-be-interrupted communion with the spirits of the just made perfect." The testimony issued by his Monthly Meeting expresses the feeling of his friends respecting him: - " Advancing years brought with them inward growth to which his ministry and conversation bore witness. To some of those who knew him in later life only, it seemed as though the fervent faith of Paul had passed insensibly in him into the still higher experience which we think of as that of the old age of the 'beloved disciple.' As one listened to his words, or came under the influence of the un-Spoken ministry of his personality, it seemed as though one were in the presence of a hving commentary upon the epistle of the Elder of Ephesus, whose love and thought went out alike to old and young. Filled as he thus was with loving thought and sympathy for others, his presence with us seemed to bring a benediction, and his whole life to show forth the meaning of the words, 'The path of the just is as a shining light, that shineth more and more unto the perfect day.' "His fervent love and loyalty to his Lord and Saviour made his life bright and joyous to the last; even when very weak and suffering he was full of thankfulness and praise and so thoughtful for the comfort of others. During his last illness, he would frequently say, "Christ, none but Christ; Him first. Him last. Him midst, and without end"; and the prayer was often on his lips "Keep me and hold me fast in the embrace of Thy love." He seemed to live in an

atmosphere of prayer; those who visited him felt the holy calm of his spirit, and the joyful radiance of his happy confidence and faith in his Saviour's love. For the last week or two he seemed to have done with earth, and to be as he himself remarked, "Quietly waiting for the summons of the King." He passed peacefully away at his residence, 312, Camden Road, London, on the 15th of 11th mo., 1905, in the eighty-eighth year of his age. The unusually beautiful sunset on the afternoon of his funeral at Winchmore Hill, was remarked upon by many as very suggestive of the close of such a life: "An immortal man built up in righteousness, in whom the oracles of truth are deeply engraved; he is a beauteous hymn of praise to God."*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as an Articled to a firm of Solicitors 1834 To 1840 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a pupil to John Hodgkin (1800-1875). Conveyancing Barrister 1840 To 1843 in London.
- He worked as a Conveyancing Barrister, Middle Temple in 1843 in London.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1844 in Westminster MM.
- He worked as a President of the Bible Society.

Joseph married Martha Gillett, 3,23,27,100,149,167,180,181,182,185,186 daughter of Joseph Ashby Gillett 3,23,35,74,100,116,149,164,166,167,171,180,181,186 and Martha Gibbins, 3,23,35,74,100,116,149,164,166,167,171,180,181,186 on 27 Aug 1851 in FMH Banbury, Oxfordshire. Martha was born on 15 Mar 1823 in Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 27 Mar 1895 in 312 Camden Road, Islington, London at age 72, and was buried in FBG Winchmore Hill. They had nine children: Martha, Anna Lloyd, Joseph Bevan, Mary Caroline, Elizabeth, Rachel Barclay, George, William Charles, and Catherine Lydia.

General Notes: On the 29th of 8th month, 1821, the much-beloved daughter, Martha, married Joseph Ashby Gillett. This seems a suitable place to give some details of her early life. When quite young she went to several day-schools in Birmingham, but at ten years of age was sent to a boarding school at Leicester, kept by Elizabeth Herrick. Here she remained about five years. Amongst her schoolfellows may be mentioned Rebecca, Hannah, Mary, and Jane Reynolds, Eliza Waterhouse, and some of the Gulsons. After Martha Gibbins left school, she devoted herself until her marriage to her widowed mother, tenderly sharing with her in many anxieties caused by the illness and death of several of her children. After her marriage she resided for about fifteen months at Shipston, where J. A. Gillett acted as agent for Cobb's Bank at Banbury. He was also partner with his father in the plush manufactory. On removing to Banbury he became partner with Joseph Gibbins and Henry Tawney in the Banbury Bank. The following extracts from a journal give evidence of the earnest, loving spirit which pervaded her life from youth to age.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ann and Eliza Rickman's School in Rochester, Kent.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister.
 - 9-Martha Braithwaite^{27,100,181,187} was born on 26 Mar 1853 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 30 Mar 1932 in London at age 79.

Martha married **George Samuel Baker**,^{27,30,181,187} son of **Joseph Baker**²⁷ and **Sarah Ann Brewer**,^{27,188} on 14 Apr 1886 in FMH Holloway, London. George was born on 6 Jul 1860 in Murray, Ontario, Canada and died on 27 Jul 1935 in Mersea Island, Essex at age 75. They had three children: **Sarah Martha, George Ralph**, and **Bevan Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME.
- He worked as a Mechanical Engineer.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Frontenac, Donnington Road, Willesden, London.
 - 10-Dr. Sarah Martha Baker^{27,181,187} was born on 14 Jun 1887 in 7 Alwyne Square, Canonbury, London and died on 29 May 1917 in Willesden, London at age 29.

General Notes: Sarah Martha Baker, D.Sc., F.L.S 29 30 5 1917 Harlesden, London. Daughter of George Samuel and Martha Braithwaite Baker. Botanists especially learned with deep regret of the death of Dr. Sarah M. Baker at the early age of twenty-nine. As a child she had an intense love for flowers and other works of nature, a sentiment which always remained with her and coloured her whole life. Energetic, imaginative and thoughtful, her early ideals prompted the study of medicine, with a view to becoming a missionary in the South Sea Islands. Deferring to her parents' judgment, that particular scheme was abandoned, and instead she followed a course of study at University College, London, and in 1909 look an honours degree in chemistry. Until her matriculation her studies were chiefly at home, for a part of the time in close association with her two brothers, who were engaged on similar courses. After graduating, her attention was increasingly turned to problems of plant life, and in 1914 she was awarded the degree of D.Sc. for her original work in Botany, being elected a Fellow of the Linnsean Society the same year. For several years, and up to the time of her death, she was Quain Student and Lecturer in Botany at University College, and was shortly to have been appointed to a new lectureship specially created for her. The investigations which she completed in a relatively short period of activity tend to emphasise the loss which science has sustained. Her paper entitled "Quantitative Experiments on the

Effect of Formaldehyde on Living Plants " (1913) shows her mastery of biochemical technique, and may serve as a model of what such an investigation should be. It was in connexion with this work that Dr. Baker devised the very ingenious automatic waterer, whereby the culture-plants could be raised from seed and grown on for long periods without interference of any kind with the progress of the experiment. This contribution was followed by researches on osmotic phenomena, with especial reference to the mechanism of entry and transport of water in plants, opening up the question along new lines which may possibly lead to a complete solution of the problem of the rise of sap in trees. In addition to these, there was a series of four papers on the ecology and biology of brown seaweeds, based on field investigations carried out at her father's country cottage at Mersea Island, and elsewhere. The drawings which illustrate some of these are fine examples of line work, deserving of the highest praise. It was characteristic of Dr. Baker to throw herself ardently into whatsoever she undertook. Thus for the purpose of a public lecture which she delivered on Vegetable Dyes, she worked through the whole chemical basis of the subject, and was not content until she had discovered a number of new dyes, by the employment of mordants not previously used. At the time of her death she was investigating critically the bread-making value of a number of substitutes for whe aten flour. Her scientific work was marked by variety of subject and method, persistence in thought and endeavour, and care in experimental detail, characteristics which won for her the respect and admiration of all her colleagues; and many were the students whom she inspired along her own paths. Apart from her University life, she rendered good service in lecturing to Adult Schools, study circles, &c, her lectures being always marked by clarity and simplicity. The children of her Sunday School recall her teaching that the universe is always singing, while only mais

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with FLS.
- She was educated at London University.
- She worked as a Botanist.
- She worked as a Lecturer in Botany in University College, London.

10-George Ralph Baker^{27,181} was born on 9 Aug 1888 in 7 Alwyne Square, Canonbury, London and died in 1963 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manufacturing & Designing Engineer.
- He was educated at London University.

George married **Isabelle Smith**, ¹⁸¹ daughter of **Thomas Smith** and **Jane Whitehead**, on 16 Oct 1915 in London. Isabelle was born in 1876 and died on 15 Nov 1955 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 79. They had two children: **Rosalie** and **George**.

11-Rosalie Baker

11-George Baker

10-**Prof. Bevan Braithwaite Bevan-Baker**^{27,30,181} was born on 10 May 1890 in 7 Alwyne Square, Canonbury, London and died on 1 Jul 1963 at age 73.

General Notes: BEVAN-BAKER, Bevan Braithwaite

MA, BSc (Lond.), DSc (Edin.); FRSE

Born 1890; s of George Samuel Baker, Willesden; m 1918, Margaret Stewart (d 1961), e d of Dr A. H. Freeland Barbour, Edinburgh; one s three d; died 1 July 1963

Professor of Mathematics in the University of London, and Head of the Department of Mathematics, Royal Holloway College (University of London), 1924–44

EDUCATION Sidcot School, Somerset; University College, London; University of Münich

CAREER Assistant in Mathematics, University College, London, 1918–20; Lecturer in Mathematics, University of Edinburgh, 1920–24. Secretary of the Edinburgh Mathematical Society, 1921–24

PUBLICATIONS (with E. T. Copson) The Mathematical Theory of Huygens' Principle, 1939; various memoirs in the Philosophical Magazine and the publications of the Edinburgh Mathematical Society, etc

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'BEVAN-BAKER, Bevan Braithwaite', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014

[http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U47824

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA BSc DSc FRSE.
- He was educated at Sidcot.
- He was educated at London University.
- He was educated at University of Munich in Munich, Germany.
- He worked as a Professor of Mathematics, Royal Holloway, University of London.

Bevan married **Margaret Stewart Barbour**, 30,181 daughter of **Dr. Alexander Hugh Freeland Barbour** and **Margaret Nelson Brown**, on 6 Sep 1918 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Margaret was born on 16 Jan 1893 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 13 Jul 1961 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 68. They had five children: **Sarah Margaret**, **Alexander Hugh, Davida Martha, Helena Nelson**, and **John Stewart**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1907-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.
 - 11-Sarah Margaret Bevan-Baker was born on 12 Aug 1919 in London and died on 31 Dec 1999 at age 80.
 - 11-Alexander Hugh Bevan-Baker was born on 3 Jan 1921 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 11 Aug 1934 in Windsor at age 13.
 - 11-Davida Martha Bevan-Baker
 - 11-**Helena Nelson Bevan-Baker** was born on 7 Mar 1925 in Staines, Middlesex and died on 14 Oct 2000 at age 75.

Helena married Kenneth John Hill, son of John Hill and Olive Mutters. They had two children: David John and Judith Margaret.

12-David John Hill

David married Susan Jane Rogers. They had three children: Nicholas John Edward, Kirsty Jane, and Daniel James.

- 13-Nicholas John Edward Hill
- 13-Kirsty Jane Hill
- 13-Daniel James Hill
- 12-Judith Margaret Hill

Judith married Malcolm Paul Lake. They had two children: Joanna Alexandra and Jamie Paul.

- 13-Joanna Alexandra Lake
- 13-Jamie Paul Lake
- 11-John Stewart Bevan-Baker was born on 3 May 1926 in Staines, Middlesex and died on 24 Jun 1994 in Inverness, Scotland at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School.
- He was educated at Blundells.
- He was educated at The Royal College of Music in 1946.

- He worked as an Assistant to the Organist of Westminster Abbey in 1949-1951.
- He worked as a freelance Organist and Composer in 1951-1958.
- He worked as a City Carillonneur, Aberdeen in 1958-1960.
- He worked as a Teacher at Roberts Gordon's College.
- He worked as a Teacher, Fortrose Academy.

John married Alice Erica Lillie Houen, daughter of Eric Houen and Anne Tennant Robertson.

John next married June Mary Findlay. They had five children: Sarah Margaret, Peter Stewart, Katherine Miriam, Janet Mary, and Rachel Anne.

12-Sarah Margaret Bevan-Baker

Sarah married William Conway. They had two children: Jessica Margaret and Alexander William.

- 13-Jessica Margaret Conway
- 13-Alexander William Conway
- 12-Peter Stewart Bevan-Baker

Peter married Ann Elizabeth Walters. They had four children: Kate Elizabeth, Alexander John, Samuel Joseph, and Daniel Richard.

- 13-Kate Elizabeth Bevan-Baker
- 13-Alexander John Bevan-Baker
- 13-Samuel Joseph Bevan-Baker
- 13-Daniel Richard Bevan-Baker
- 12-Katherine Miriam Bevan-Baker
- 12-Janet Mary Bevan-Baker

Janet married James Simon Spence. They had two children: James Findlay and Rachel Mary.

- 13-James Findlay Spence
- 13-Rachel Mary Spence
- 12-Rachel Anne Bevan-Baker

Rachel married James Daniel McBride.

9-Anna Lloyd Braithwaite^{27,100,181,189} was born on 6 Aug 1854 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 10 Feb 1947 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA at age 92.

Anna married **Dr. Richard Henry Thomas**, ^{27,181,182,189} son of **Prof. Richard Henry Thomas**²⁷ and **Phoebe Clapp**, on 28 Mar 1878 in FMH Westminster, London. Richard was born on 26 Jan 1854 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA and died on 4 Oct 1904 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA at age 50. They had one daughter: **Henrietta Martha**.

Marriage Notes: They travelled with Isaac Sharp in 1894, on his eighth and final visit to Norway.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician.

- He had a residence in 1718 North John Street, Baltimore, Maryland, USA.
- He worked as a Quaker minister.

10-**Dr. Henrietta Martha Thomas**^{27,181,189} was born on 24 May 1879 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA, died on 4 Aug 1919 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 40, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire.

General Notes: Henrietta Martha Thomas, MD (1879–1919), was a graduate of the Woman's Medical College of Baltimore (1904), where she served as corresponding secretary of the Medical Society of the Woman's Medical College and as a staff member of the Thomas Wilson Sanatorium for Children (Mount Wilson, Baltimore County). Thomas went to England in 1914 and associated herself with the Society for the Relief of Destitute Aliens and gave pacifist service in Austria and Germany during the Great War.

9-**Joseph Bevan Braithwaite**^{3,13,23,27,100,181,190} was born on 5 Oct 1855 in 65 Mornington Road, London, died on 30 Nov 1934 in Blencathara, Sea View Road, Burnham on Sea, Somerset at age 79, and was buried on 4 Dec 1934 in FBG Winchmore Hill.

General Notes: Braithwaite, Joseph Bevan (1855-1934), stockbroker, was born on 5 October 1855 at 65 Mornington Road, Regent's Park, London, one of the three sons and six daughters of Joseph Bevan Braithwaite (1818-1905), barrister, and his wife, Martha Gillett (1823-1895), daughter of a Banbury banker. Both the Braithwaite and the Gillett families belonged to the Society of Friends which, over the century or so before Joseph's birth, had many members whose dedication to business enterprise, combined with marriages made almost exclusively within the group, gave them an influence far outweighing their numerical strength. Quaker families, to many of whom young Joseph was related, held dominant positions in financial institutions in the City of London, as well as in the banking, brewing, railway, iron and steel, and confectionery industries. Joseph Braithwaite was educated at Quaker schools in Kendal (the Braithwaites had long been established there) and at Grove House, Tottenham, in north London, and he then began to read for the bar. However, in 1876 he changed direction and joined the City stockbroking firm of Foster and Braithwaite. Founded by Quakers in 1825, it was by the 1870s largely owned by its senior partner, Joseph's uncle, Isaac Braithwaite (1810-1890). Isaac had provided for his succession within the firm, with the introduction of two of his sons, so that Joseph cannot have had great hopes of advancement when he joined; but the death of Alfred Braithwaite, one of Isaac's sons, created an opening in 1880 and Joseph became a partner at the age of twenty-five. In 1881 he married Anna Sophia Gillett, daughter of the banker Jonathon Gillett, a connection through his mother's family; they had two sons, Jonathon Frederick (1883-1962) and John Bevan Braithwaite (1884-1973). In the 1880s Isaac Braithwaite's plans for the future direction of Foster and Braithwaite were blighted by what the firm's historian has described as a 'concatenation of death and dereliction of duty' (Reader, A House in the City, 92)-that is, the premature death of Isaac's second son in the business in 1885 and the sudden departure of another partner, apparently guilty of embezzlement. As a result, when Isaac Braithwaite retired in 1888, Joseph Braithwaite succeeded him as senior partner. Braithwaite's principal interests did not lie in stockbroking; indeed his obituarist in the Financial Times noted that he 'seldom entered the Stock Exchange' (1 Dec 1934). His skills lay rather with finance and its provision, and these were applied particularly in the last two decades of the nineteenth century, to the advantage of the new and rapidly developing electricity industry. Braithwaite's interest in electricity reflected a strong technical bent and an enthusiasm for engineering and scientific matters which lasted all his life; he had an astronomical observatory built on his house at Muswell Hill in north London. It was on Braithwaite's recommendation that Foster and Braithwaite played a major part in the launch on the stock exchange in the early 1880s of the first electric-lighting companies, in the shape of the Anglo-American Brush Electric Light Corporation and its various satellite companies. Investing in electricity was at that time highly speculative, as the collapse after the stock market boom of 1882-and the drop in Foster and Braithwaite's profits-clearly evidenced. Joseph Braithwaite himself became chairman in 1882 of the Great Western Electric Power and Light Company, and he devoted considerable time to the development of generating stations at Bristol and Cardiff. In the 1890s as head of the firm Braithwaite, assisted by his two partner cousins, Cecil Braithwaite and Ronald Savory, led the firm into company promotion on a much larger scale than ever before. Prominent among the companies that the firm promoted on the stock exchange, either by placing their shares or by underwriting them, were electrical undertakings. Braithwaite became a director of several companies which were financially and contractually linked, and he formed a connection which lasted for the rest of his life with the Electric and General Investment Corporation (established in 1890) and the City of London Electric Lighting Company (established in 1891); he became chairman of both of these in 1906 and remained so until 1934. Braithwaite was elected a member of the Institution of Electrical Engineers in 1893 and he became a close associate of Emile Garcke (1856-1930), an electrical engineer who played a significant part in the creation of the electricity supply industry. Equally significant was the role played by Braithwaite in providing finance for the new industry, and his ability to do so was underpinned by his position in Foster and Braithwaite. The firm's activities in company promotion in other areas were less successful, and in the years leading up to 1914 unwise investments in such doubtful enterprises as the Piccadilly Hotel and the Kansas City, Mexico, and Orient Railway Company took Foster and Braithwaite close to disaster. Its survival was due to changes introduced by Braithwaite's younger son, John, who had become a partner in 1908, rather than to any initiative taken by the senior partner himself. Joseph Braithwaite remained the titular head of Foster and Braithwaite until he retired in 1922. He died on 30 November 1934 at his Somerset home. Burnham-on-Sea.

Judy Slinn

Sources

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Archives

GL

Likenesses

photographs, repro. in Reader, 'Braithwaite, Joseph Bevan'

Wealth at death

£35,469: Reader, 'Braithwaite, Joseph Bevan' £30,875 18s. 6d.: probate, 1835

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Partner in Foster and Braithwaite, stockbrokers, London.
- He had a residence in 1915 in The Highlands, New Barnet, Hertfordshire.

Joseph married **Anna Sophia Gillett**, 3,23,27,181,190 daughter of **Jonathan Gillett** and **Ann Rutter Padbury**, 23,166,181 on 27 Jul 1881 in FMH Banbury, Oxfordshire. Anna was born on 21 Aug 1855 in Neithrop, Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 10 Oct 1899 in New Barnet, Hertfordshire at age 44, and was buried in FBG Winchmore Hill. They had six children: **Jonathan Frederick, John Bevan, Alfred Lloyd, Dorothy Anna, Harold Wilson**, and **Joseph Gurney**.

10-Jonathan Frederick Braithwaite^{23,181} was born on 9 Aug 1883 in Camden Road, Islington, London and died on 29 Dec 1962 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at Dalton Hall, Manchester.
- He worked as a Stockbroker. Partner in Foster & Braithwaite. In London.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Caerleon, Willenhall Park, New Barnet, Hertfordshire.

Jonathan married **Marjorie Susanna Midgley**, ^{23,27,181} daughter of **Arthur Midgley** and **Mary Doncaster Cox**, ^{23,27,191} on 22 Jul 1909 in FMH Saffron Walden. Marjorie was born on 3 Dec 1884 in Larchmount, Saffron Walden, Essex and died in 1974 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 90. They had four children: **Frederick Arthur Bevan, Marjorie Joan Midgley**, **Francis Lloyd Gibson**, and **Mary Haworth**.

11-**Frederick Arthur Bevan Braithwaite**^{23,27} was born on 16 Jan 1911 in Caerleon, Willenhall Park, New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 25 May 1977 in Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Stockbroker. Partner in Foster & Braithwaite.

Frederick married **Magnhild Kathrine Dahl**, daughter of **Capt. Nils Dahl** and **Gunda Lyngass**, on 16 Jul 1938 in Horten, Norway. Magnhild was born on 30 Sep 1905 in Horten, Norway and died on 26 Apr 1946 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 40. They had three children: **Arthur Bevan Midgley**, **Jeremy Nils**, and **Magnhild Susan Elizabeth**.

12-Arthur Bevan Midgley Braithwaite¹⁹² was born on 27 Jul 1939 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire and died on 25 Apr 2008 at age 68.

General Notes: As chief executive of a thriving engineering institute and founding director of a science park in Cambridge, Bevan Braithwaite was an international figure in the field of metal-joining technology. But no achievement of his working life was more spectacular than the task he set himself in retirement, to be fully realised four months after his death at the age of 68, after a long illness.

In 2004 Braithwaite became chairman of the Bressingham Steam Preservation Trust, at Bressingham, near Diss, Norfolk, and his enthusiasm and energy inspired many innovations at its steam museum. The greatest was the restoration of the locomotive Royal Scot, which had originally run on the west coast main line from London to Glasgow from 1927 to 1962. The locomotive was moved to Bressingham in 1969, having spent six years as an exhibit with Butlins holiday camp at Skegness. It ran regularly at Bressingham until 1992, when its boiler certificate expired.

It took 12 years to raise the £1m needed for restoration: the project was still in its early stages when Bevan joined the trust in 2004, after which he was constantly addressing the many problems of updating a piece of railway heritage to meet modern standards. The Royal Scot will be in steam again at Bressingham in August.

Bevan was born in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, into a renowned Quaker family. His father was a partner in the prominent stockbroking firm of Foster and Braithwaite, and his grandfather had led the development of the railway at Saffron Walden. His Norwegian mother died after the birth of Bevan's younger sister, Magnhild, in 1946, and Bevan was brought up by his stepmother Nora (nee Ford-Smith). Bevan got his passion for railways from the headmaster of the Downs school, Colwall, in Worcestershire, which has had its own light railway since the 1920s. He went from the Downs to Leighton Park school, a Quaker establishment near Reading. At Jesus College, Cambridge, he gained both an MA in engineering and a lifelong love of jazz - Bevan played the banjo, and his jazz band activities often took precedence over his studies. He had also qualified as a Class 1 welder, and his ability to put his knowledge into practice was the constant hallmark of his career.

In 1961 he joined the British Welding Research Association, subsequently The Welding Institute and then TWI, and made his mark three years later with papers on the fatigue strength of structural steel and on friction welding. By the time he became the organisation's chief executive in 1988, he was a world authority on structural fatigue. He was appointed OBE in 1991, and eight years later made both president of the International Institute of Welding and fellow of the Royal Academy of Engineering.

In the 16 years that he led TWI, it grew to 3,500 members from more than 60 countries, fulfilling his vision of creating a global network in the vital area of joining materials. In 1997 he formed the idea of building Granta Park, Cambridge, where a number of leading British hi-tech companies could come together to enjoy access to the university's academic research. The main TWI building within the park bears his name and its 40-acre site is served by the narrow-gauge railway he built to carry staff to the restaurant, laying much of the track himself and building a locomotive and carriages. The railway also provided a test bed for the development of long-range ultrasonic testing.

Bevan was in demand as a speaker at conferences around the world. His other commitments included membership of the Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council and being vice-president of the Transport Trust.

He loved to restore old houses, and the dust he inhaled over many years probably caused the lung cancer that killed him. He also loved to build steam engines, and working models adorned his house and office, with larger projects kept in the garage.

Not only was Bevan pragmatic, good-humoured and practical, but he always respected and showed his appreciation of other people's efforts. He is survived by his wife, Vanda, and a son and two daughters from his previous marriage.

Arthur Bevan Midgley Braithwaite, welding engineer, born July 27 1939; died April 25 2008

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE FREng FWeldI.
- He was educated at The Downs School.
- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at Jesus College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Welding Engineer.
- He worked as a Chief Executive of The Welding Institute in 1988.
- He worked as a President of the International Institute of Welding in 1999.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Bressingham Steam Preservation Trust in 2004 in Bressingham, Diss, Norfolk.
- His obituary was published in The Guardian. By Howard Stephens on 27 May 2008.

Arthur married Rosemary K. C. Cooke. They had three children: Belinda Caroline, Benedict Conrad Bevan, and Celesta Alice Katrine.

13-Belinda Caroline Braithwaite

Belinda married Athelstan Michael Whaley. They had four children: Thomas Arthur W., Sophie Louise, George Frederick, and Alice Elizabeth.

- 14-Thomas Arthur W. Whaley
- 14-Sophie Louise Whaley
- 14-George Frederick Whaley
- 14-Alice Elizabeth Whaley
- 13-Benedict Conrad Bevan Braithwaite

13-Celesta Alice Katrine Braithwaite

Celesta married James E. F. Trainor. They had two children: Oliver James B. and Maximilian Conrad A.

- 14-Oliver James B. Trainor
- 14-Maximilian Conrad A. Trainor

Arthur next married Vanda Jane Galer.

12-Jeremy Nils Braithwaite

Jeremy married Wendy E. Marsh. They had two children: Melissa Jane E. and Benjamin Luke.

- 13-Melissa Jane E. Braithwaite
- 13-Benjamin Luke Braithwaite

12-Magnhild Susan Elizabeth Braithwaite

Magnhild married William R. A. Osborne.

Frederick next married Norah Jennetta Ford Smith on 11 Jul 1947 in Lyme Regis, Dorset. Norah was born on 28 Dec 1909 in Luton, Bedfordshire and died on 27 Dec 2004 at age 94.

11-Marjorie Joan Midgley Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 18 Mar 1913 in Caerleon, Willenhall Park, New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 20 Jun 2004 in Gordon, New South Wales, Australia at age 91.

Marjorie married **Charles Arthur Palmer**, son of **Hubert Stanley Palmer** and **Lucy Elizabeth Poole**, on 22 Jun 1944 in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire. Charles was born on 3 Jul 1915 in Lewisham, New South Wales, Australia. They had two children: **James Arthur Frederick** and **Mark Jonathan**.

12-James Arthur Frederick Palmer

James married Angela Veronika Valentin.

12-Mark Jonathan Palmer

Mark married Pamela Fay Kohler. They had two children: John Henry Charles and Dylan James.

- 13-John Henry Charles Palmer
- 13-**Dylan James Palmer**
- 11-Francis Lloyd Gibson Braithwaite²⁷ was born on 17 Dec 1915 in Caerleon, Willenhall Park, New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 27 Apr 1997 at age 81.

Francis married Elsie Kathleen Snelling, daughter of Albert James Snelling and Alice Ann Spiro. They had two children: Nigel Francis Jonathan Lloyd and Robin James Midgley.

12-Nigel Francis Jonathan Lloyd Braithwaite

Nigel married **Diane Seager**. They had two children: **Rowan** and **Gurney**.

- 13-Rowan Braithwaite
- 13-Gurney Braithwaite

Nigel next married **Anne Randall**. They had two children: **Shona** and **Leisha**.

- 13-Shona Braithwaite
- 13-Leisha Braithwaite

12-Robin James Midgley Braithwaite

Robin married Anne E. Dewar. They had four children: Amanda Jane, Ophelia Marianne K., Sue Henrietta M., and Oliver Robin J. D.

13-Amanda Jane Braithwaite

- 13-Ophelia Marianne K. Braithwaite
- 13-Sue Henrietta M. Braithwaite
- 13-Oliver Robin J. D. Braithwaite
- 11-Mary Haworth Braithwaite was born on 21 Jan 1921 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire, died on 22 Jul 2005 in Burford, Oxfordshire at age 84, and was buried on 4 Aug 2005 in FBG Hoddesdon.

10-Sir John Bevan Braithwaite^{3,23,27,181} was born on 22 Nov 1884 in Camden Road, Islington, London and died on 5 Apr 1973 in 85 Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London at age 88.

General Notes: Braithwaite, Sir John Bevan (1884–1973), stockbroker, was born on 22 November 1884 at Islington, London, the younger son of Joseph Bevan Braithwaite (1855–1934), a stockbroker, and his wife, Anna Sophia Gillett. Both parents belonged to long-established and well-connected Quaker families. John was educated at Leighton Park School, Reading, and at Owens College, Manchester (later Manchester University). He then followed his elder brother into the stockbroking firm of Foster and Braithwaite, of which their father was, from 1888 until 1922, the senior partner. He became a member of the stock exchange in 1907, and in the following year he was made a partner in the firm.

Braithwaite married in 1908 Martha Janette Baker (d. 1972), the daughter of Joseph Allen Baker (1852–1918), an engineer, a member of the London county council from 1895 to 1906, and Liberal MP for Eastern Finsbury from 1905 until his death. The couple had two sons and a daughter, and lived for most of their married life in Hampstead Garden Suburb. Soon after Braithwaite became a partner in Foster and Braithwaite, it became apparent that the firm was facing severe financial problems. Losses had been made as a result of the firm's activities

in company promotion and in trading on the stock exchange on its own account. Deeply shocked by these discoveries, Braithwaite told his father that he considered such activities to be 'nothing less than dangerous gambling' and inappropriate for a 'strong ancient & honoured & impregnable City House' (Reader, A House in the City, 126–7). They had brought the firm, he said, close to 'the possibility of failure. ... it has been before my mind like a nightmare day & night more or less continually' (ibid., 127). The remedy he advocated was 'hard work & self-denial' (ibid., 131), which in the event contributed to the salvation of Foster and Braithwaite and provided Braithwaite with his own guideline through life.

During the First World War, Braithwaite served with the Friends' Ambulance Unit. Afterwards he returned to the firm, where, in the 1920s, the new direction in which its policy took it, eschewing speculation, met with the approval of his 'somewhat austere cast of mind' (Reader, A House in the City, 133). In the inter-war years he began to take a greater interest and participate in the affairs of the stock exchange. In 1937 he was elected to its governing body, the committee for general purposes.

Braithwaite's view of the role and function of the stock exchange, shaped by his formative experiences with Foster and Braithwaite, gained wider support, particularly after the Second World War. He considered that the stock exchange could not continue to act as a private club but that it had a public duty, and therefore should be publicly accountable. When the new council of the stock exchange was formed in 1949, Braithwaite was elected as its chairman, a post he held for ten years. During that time it was largely due to him that the visitors' gallery was opened, that the stock exchange employed an advertising agency, and that, in 1950, a compensation fund for members' clients was established. In all of these he faced considerable opposition, but his powerful personality won the day. He was knighted in 1953.

Sir John continued to press for wider shareholding among the public. Not untypical of his views was a speech he made in 1956: 'If only some of the hundreds of millions that are poured down the drain each year on betting on horses, dogs and football could be attracted into investment in British industry, what a fine start could be made' (Reader, A House in the City, 173). Braithwaite was a director of the London Electric Lighting Company (the firm with which his father had had a long connection) from 1934 to 1948, and its chairman from 1943 to 1948. He was a governor of the London School of Economics from 1953 to 1964. Although his influence had long been paramount at Foster and Braithwaite, he did not become its senior partner in name until 1963. He held the office until he retired in 1971. Braithwaite's retirement, and the time to indulge more fully his lifetime interests in literature, music, and photography, was short. He died at his home, 85 Hampstead Way, Hampstead Garden Suburb, London, on 5 April 1973.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park School.
- He was educated at Owens College, Manchester University.
- He worked as a Stockbroker. Partner in Foster & Braithwaite.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Stock Exchange 1949 To 1959 in London.
- He had a residence in Ferniehurst, Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London.

John married **Martha Janette Baker**, ^{3,27,181} daughter of **Joseph Allen Baker**, ^{3,27,182,189,193} and **Elizabeth Balmer Moscrip**, ²⁷ on 30 Jul 1908 in Willesden, London. Martha was born on 22 Apr 1884 in Highbury, London and died in 1972 at age 88. They had three children: **Margaret Nora**, **John David Christopher**, and **Joseph Franklin Madders**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1899-Jul 1902 in York, Yorkshire.

- 11-Margaret Nora Braithwaite^{27,181} was born on 20 Nov 1909 in Ferniehurst, Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London.
- 11-**John David Christopher Braithwaite**^{27,132,181,194,195} was born on 23 Jun 1911 in Ferniehurst, Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London and died on 2 Jul 1978 in Colchester, Essex at age 67. General Notes: BRAITHWAITE.-On 2nd July, 1978, at Colchester, after a short illness, John David Christopher Braithwaite (1926-29), aged 67 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1923-1926 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1929 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in London.

John married **Olive Elizabeth Baker**,^{3,194} daughter of **Philip Barton Baker**^{185,196} and **Amy Elizabeth Dell**, on 6 Feb 1942 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire. Olive was born on 26 Sep 1902 in Brondersbury, London and died in 1990 at age 88.

Marriage Notes: Braithwaite-Gaskell.-On 6th February, 1942, at Amersham, John David Christopher Braithwaite (1926-29), to Olive Elizabeth Gaskell (nee Baker).

11-**Sir Joseph Franklin Madders Braithwaite**^{27,132,181,197,198,199} was born on 6 Apr 1917 in Ferniehurst, Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London and died on 12 Jun 2005 in 7 Rutland Terrace, Stamford, Lincolnshire at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1929-1932 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1932-1935 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He worked as a Chairman, Baker Perkins Holdings plc.
- He worked as a Chairman, Peterborough Independent Hospital plc.

Joseph married **Charlotte Isabel Baker**, ^{197,198,199} daughter of **Robert Elma Baker** and **Selina Maud Odell**, on 5 Sep 1939 in Registry office, Burnt Oak. (18th September 1939 given in Bootham). Charlotte was born on 5 Jan 1917 in Bronxville, New York, USA and died on 24 Feb 2007 in Braceborough Hall Retirement Home at age 90. They had two children: **Virginia Louise** and **Peter Franklin**.

Marriage Notes: Braithwaite-Baker.-On 18th September, 1939, at the Register Office, Burnt Oak, J. Franklin M. Braithwaite (1932-35), to Charlotte Isabel Baker.

12-Virginia Louise Braithwaite

Virginia married Comte Geoffroy Marie François Gilles D'Avaucourt. They had two children: Chantal Marie C. De Vitry and Sophie Marie C. De Vitry.

- 13-Chantal Marie C. De Vitry D'avaucourt
- 13-Sophie Marie C. De Vitry D'avaucourt

12-Peter Franklin Braithwaite

Peter married Patricia Neville O'Brien. They had three children: Joanna Mary, John Matthew, and Mark Franklin.

13-Joanna Mary Braithwaite

Joanna married George Anthony David Whittaker. They had three children: Benjamin Anthony, Matthew Peter, and Alice Anne Patricia.

- 14-Benjamin Anthony Whittaker
- 14-Matthew Peter Whittaker

14-Alice Anne Patricia Whittaker

13-John Matthew Braithwaite

John married Ellen Joy Neale. They had two children: Samuel James and Joshua Simon.

- 14-Samuel James Braithwaite
- 14-Joshua Simon Braithwaite
- 13-Mark Franklin Braithwaite

Mark married Anna Lucy Hutchinson. They had two children: Isabel Katherine and Lucy May.

- 14-Isabel Katherine Braithwaite
- 14-Lucy May Braithwaite

10-Alfred Lloyd Braithwaite^{27,181} was born on 5 Oct 1886 in 18 Highbury Park, Islington, London and died in 1967 in New Forest, Hampshire at age 81.

General Notes: **Gladys Joyce**, married "Taff" Braithwaite. He was a "Cape Horner" as a crewmember of a fully rigged sailing ship "Macquarie" and was in the Navy for both world wars. He trained on the HMS Worcester, the Thames Merchant Navy Training ship. They lived between the wars at Horning in Norfolk where Taff was a partner in a yacht-building firm. He left his wife for a younger woman because Joyce became religiously inclined and was constantly moralizing about the evils of the modern world. www.shlhs.com/thefamilyofdrgeorgewelford.pdf

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Yacht Owner and Builder.

Alfred married **Gladys Joyce Welford**, ¹⁸¹ daughter of **Robert Welford** and **Mary Susannah Lacey**, on 6 May 1915 in Castletown, Sunderland. Gladys was born on 29 Aug 1891 in Garrigill, Cumbria.

10-**Dorothy Anna Braithwaite**^{27,181} was born on 17 Apr 1889 in 18 Highbury Park, Islington, London.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1904-1907 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Harold Wilson Braithwaite^{27,132,181,200} was born on 11 Aug 1890 in 18 Highbury Park, Islington, London and died in 1990 in Hendon, Middlesex at age 100.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1907-1909 in York, Yorkshire.

Harold married **Katherine Braithwaite**,²⁰⁰ daughter of **Thomas Braithwaite** and **Margaret Storey**, on 21 Apr 1917 in Aynhoe, Northamptonshire. Katherine was born on 26 Nov 1894 in King's Sutton. They had one daughter: **Kathleen Barbara**.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-BRAITHWAITE.-On the 21st April, 1917, at Aynho Parish Church, Harold Wilson Braithwaite (1907-9), of New Barnet, to Katherine Braithwaite, of Nell Bridge, Aynho.

11-Kathleen Barbara Braithwaite

Kathleen married John De Fraine Enderby, son of Herbert Millson Enderby and Grace De Fraine Fox. They had one daughter: Susan Braithwaite.

12-Susan Braithwaite Enderby

Susan married Leslie J. Mercer. They had one daughter: Pamela Amanda.

13-Pamela Amanda Mercer

10-Lt. Cmdr. Sir Joseph Gurney Braithwaite 1st Bt.^{27,132,181,201,202,203} was born on 24 May 1895 in Blencathra, Burnham, Somerset and died on 25 Jun 1958 in Hampstead, London at age 63.

General Notes: SIR GURNEY BRAITHWAITE Sir Gurney Braithwaite died suddenly at his Hampstead home on 25th June, 1958. He was 63. The son of the late Joseph Bevan Braithwaite, he was at Bootham from 1907 to 1914. He was Head Reeve and was about to go up to Cambridge when World War I broke out. He made, for one whose family had quite deep Quaker roots, the difficult decision to join the navy. He served in the Gallipoli Campaign and later took part in the advance from Gaza to Jerusalem. At the end of the war he was Resident Naval Officer at Port Said. After the war he entered the City and, like his brother Sir John, became a Stockbroker. Entering politics as a vigorous Con- servative, he was successively, Member for Sheffield (Hillsborough), Holderness and finally, N.W. Bristol. He was appointed Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Transport in 1951, having special responsibility for Road Safety. He resigned through ill health in 1953 and was made a Baronet in In his later years he infused his forthright personality into broadcasting where he quickly acquired a wider audience with his outspoken contributions in programmes such as 'Any Questions.' But throughout his characteristically forceful political career he never faltered in his devoted loyalty to Bootham. A faithful attender of Whitsuntide Gatherings, he became over the years one of that small company of Whitsuntide 'characters.' His deep interest in the life of the school was reflected in many acts of kindness: long after the tradition of every boy having a 'host' for supper on Whit Monday evening had lapsed, Gurney could be seen entertaining boys to breakfast or lunch at the Station Hotel, boys who otherwise would have been on their own during the weekend. He became O.Y.S.A. President in 1954; his obvious enjoyment of the experience infected the whole gathering making it for all a particularly happy occasion. His Presidential Address powerfully reflected his political testimony as well as his deep affection for the York Schools. Through the years he h

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1907-1914 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Naval Officer in 1914-1918.
- He worked as a Stockbroker. Partner in Foster & Braithwaite in London.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Sheffield Hillsborough 1931 To 1935.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Holderness 1939 To 1950.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Bristol North West 1950 To 1955.

Joseph married **Emma Jeanne Louise Teissère**, ^{181,201} daughter of **Frederic Teissère** and **Victoria Grima**, on 29 Sep 1919 in British Consulate, Port Tewfik, Egypt. Emma was born on 28 Aug 1898 in Ismailia, Egypt.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-TEISSERE.-On the 29th September, 1919, at the British Consulate, Port Tewfik, Egypt, Joseph Gurney Braithwaite (1907-13) to Emma Teissere.

Joseph next married **Emily Victoria Lomax**, ^{181,202} daughter of **Arthur Moreton Lomax** and **Agnes Mason**, on 31 Dec 1932 in London. Emily was born on 13 Jul 1897 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-LOMAX.-On December 31st, 1932, John Gurney Braithwaite (1907-14), to Emily V. Lomax.

Joseph next married **Margaret Grace Moscrip**, ^{23,27,181} daughter of **Richard Moscrip** and **Mary Bulmer**, on 15 Jun 1901 in FMH Willesden, London. Margaret was born on 17 May 1866 in Morebattle, Kelso, Berwickshire and died on 29 Jul 1947 in Hendon, Middlesex at age 81.

9-Mary Caroline Braithwaite^{27,100,180,181,182} was born on 4 Apr 1857 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 4 Jul 1935 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 78.

Mary married **Dr. Willis Norton Whitney**, ^{27,180,181,182,204} son of **William Cogswell Whitney** and **Anna Lavinia Mockridge**, on 29 Dec 1885 in FMH Holloway, London. Willis was born on 18 Oct 1855 in Newark, New Jersey, USA and died on 26 Oct 1918 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 63. They had seven children: **Willis Bevan, John Norton, Isaac Braithwaite, George Gillett, Joseph Rankin, Anna Braithwaite**, and **Charles Lloyd**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Medical Officer, Akasaka Hospital, Tokyo in Tokyo, Japan.
- He worked as a Member of the US Legation to Japan in Tokyo, Japan.
- He had a residence in 17 Hikawa Cho, Akasaka, Tokyo, Japan.

10-Dr. Willis Bevan Whitney^{181,182} was born on 21 Mar 1888 in Tokyo, Japan and died in 1971 in England at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with B.SC., Ph.D., M.I.E.E., M.I.C.E.

Willis married **Edith Mina Williams**, daughter of **Alfred Kemp Brown**^{30,132,149,205} and **Emma Barratt**, on 12 Feb 1913 in Jordans. Edith was born on 22 Feb 1884 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 18 Jun 1926 in Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire at age 42. They had one daughter: **Joyce Mary**.

11-Joyce Mary Whitney¹⁸¹ was born on 30 Jan 1915 in Pune, Maharashtra, India and died on 23 Jul 2002 in Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire at age 87.

Joyce married Thomas Kennedy Butcher, son of Percy Austen Butcher and Winifred Elizabeth Kennedy. They had one son: Andrew Donald Whitney.

12-Andrew Donald Whitney Butcher

Andrew married Carolyn Susan Humphreys. They had two children: Peter Andrew and Susanna Carolyn.

- 13-Peter Andrew Butcher
- 13-Susanna Carolyn Butcher

Willis next married **Dorothy Anne Robertson**, daughter of **Alexander Webster Robertson** and **Elsa Wood**, on 31 Aug 1927 in London. Dorothy was born on 10 Sep 1897 in Aberdeen, Scotland. They had two children: **Joseph Bevan Robertson** and **John Norton Braithwaite**.

11-Joseph Bevan Robertson Whitney was born on 8 Oct 1928 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Schoolmaster.

Joseph married Erica Erichsen. They had one son: Michael Alexander Erichsen.

- 12-Michael Alexander Erichsen Whitney
- 11-John Norton Braithwaite Whitney

John married Roma Elizabeth Cribbes Hodgson, daughter of Issac George Hodgson and Nancy Grierson Cribbes. They had two children: Fiona Elizabeth Caroline and Alexander John Braithwaite.

- 12-Fiona Elizabeth Caroline Whitney
- 12-Alexander John Braithwaite Whitney

10-**John Norton Whitney**¹⁸¹ was born on 19 Mar 1889 in Tokyo, Japan and died on 26 Nov 1889 in Tokyo, Japan.

10-Isaac Braithwaite Whitney¹⁸¹ was born on 19 Mar 1889 in Tokyo, Japan and died on 21 Feb 1890 in Died At Sea.

10-George Gillett Whitney^{180,181} was born on 27 Dec 1890 in Tokyo, Japan.

General Notes: Data taken from hand written additions to Records of the Gibbins Family.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Teacher of Art.

George married **Janet Eleanor Lily Payne**, ¹⁸⁰ daughter of **William Payne** and **Alice Elizabeth Amery Turner**, on 25 Jul 1917 in Jordans. Janet was born on 6 Sep 1894 in Chesham, Buckinghamshire. They had one son: **William Gillett**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1906-Jul 1907 in York, Yorkshire.
 - 11-William Gillett Whitney

10-**Joseph Rankin Whitney**¹⁸¹ was born on 15 Jul 1893 in Tokyo, Japan and died on 29 Jul 1960 in Collingwood, New Jersey, U.S.A. at age 67.

Joseph married **Dorothy Catherine Wallace Laing**, daughter of **George Black Laing** and **Catherine Wallace Govan**, on 25 Apr 1925 in Landsdown, Pennsylvania, U.S.A. Dorothy was born on 10 Jun 1899 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. They had two children: **Mary Ann Laing** and **Barbara**.

- 11-Mary Ann Laing Whitney
- 11-Barbara Whitney

10-Anna Braithwaite Whitney¹⁸¹ was born on 30 Nov 1894 in Tokyo, Japan and died in Dublin, Ireland.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1911-Jul 1913 in York, Yorkshire.

Anna married **Wilfred Harris Lamb**, son of **Charles Benjamin Lamb** and **Charlotte Gray**, on 16 May 1917 in FMH Jordans, Buckinghamshire. Wilfred was born on 21 Jan 1891 in Fruitfield, Richhill, County Armagh, Ireland. They had three children: **Joseph Bevan Braithwaite**, **Margaret Whitney**, and **Edith Mary**.

11-**Joseph Bevan Braithwaite Lamb**^{132,206,207,208,209,210} was born on 9 Jun 1918 in Inchicore, Dublin, Ireland and died on 20 Mar 2010 in Dublin, Ireland at age 91. Another name for Joseph was Bevan Lamb.

General Notes: Bevan Lamb, was born in 1918 in Dublin the only son of Wilfred and Anna (Whitney) Lamb. His father's family, originally from Oxfordshire, had been Quaker since the mid-17th century; his mother's parents had been medical-missionaries in Japan. His education at Rathgar Junior School, Newtown and Bootham School, York, left him with a lifelong interest in science and a love of Quakerism and walking in the hills. As a young man he played hockey and cricket, and sang in the Culwick Choir After studying food-chemistry in Manchester, he entered the family business of fruit-growing and jam-manufacturing and settled in Rathfarnham with his wife, Marjorie Bottomley, whom he had met at university. They had four children Cathy, Peter, Jenny and Rachel. Bevan was an active Quaker who served on the committees of Rathgar and Newtown schools, but his longest service (over 40 years) was to Drogheda Grammar School which, with a small Quaker committee, he helped to save from extinction in the 1960s. This service was recognised by the school when the new sports building in 2005 was named the 'Bevan Lamb Hall'. Bevan's love of mountains and hills had been stimulated at Newtown by Wilson Strangman, who took him tramping in the Kerry mountains, and by Leslie Gilbert at Bootham who took him to the Alps. He became very good at painting and photographing the scenery. Family holidays for Bevan's children usually included ascents to the tops mountains from Kerry to Connemara. In middlelife, Bevan and Marjorie acquired a house in Co Wicklow, where they explored the local hills and valleys on foot, tended their garden and Bevan became a bee-keeper.

They spent their later holidays in Slovenia amid the flowering meadows of the Alps which they loved. All his life Bevan followed a spiritual path, with regular practice of quiet retirement and study. He was a deep thinker and regularly ministered in Rathfarnham Meeting, which he had helped to establish in the 1950s. In his later life he provided a valuable service at Ireland Yearly Meeting with his Quaker bookstall, making available a supply of Quaker literature most of which he had already read and was happy to discuss. This was an aspect of his personal out-reach in particular to new Friends. Bevan died peacefully in Dublin on 20th March 2010 Newtown School Magazine

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rathgar Junior School in 1922-1928 in Rathgar, Dublin, Ireland.
- He was educated at Newtown School in 1928-1932 in Waterford, Ireland.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1932-1936 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Director Lamb Bros. (Dublin) Ltd.
- He was educated at University of Manchester.

Joseph married Marjorie Bottomley, daughter of Cyril Bottomley and Ella Yarker. They had four children: Catherine Marjorie, Peter Wilfred, Jennifer Margaret, and Rachel Elizabeth.

12-Catherine Marjorie Lamb

Descendants of V	// William	Champion	
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- 12-Peter Wilfred Lamb
- 12-Jennifer Margaret Lamb
- 12-Rachel Elizabeth Lamb
- 11-Margaret Whitney Lamb

Margaret married Robert Desmond Magill, son of Walter Ephriam Magill and Anna Kathleen Simpson. They had three children: Rosemary Kathleen, Barbara Lesley, and Sylvia Heather.

- 12-Rosemary Kathleen Magill
- 12-Barbara Lesley Magill
- 12-Sylvia Heather Magill
- 11-Edith Mary Lamb

Edith married Rev. Herbert Macy Whitehead, son of Robert Charles Whitehead and Miriam Brayton Macy. They had four children: Deidre, Robert Harris, Heather Anna, and Thomas Macy.

- 12-Deidre Whitehead
- 12-Robert Harris Whitehead
- 12-Heather Anna Whithead
- 12-Thomas Macy Whithead

10-Charles Lloyd Whitney¹⁸¹ was born on 23 Feb 1898 in Tokyo, Japan and died on 3 Jun 1993 in Sun City, Arizona at age 95.

Charles married **Nora Matthews**, daughter of **John Ernest Matthews** and **Marian Walpole**, on 28 Oct 1920 in Jordans. Nora was born on 19 May 1901 in London. They had four children: **Winifred Matthews**, **Thelma Lloyd**, **Sylvia Walpole**, and **Cosmo Braithwaite**.

11-Winifred Matthews Whitney

Winifred married Harry Hamilton Rupp, son of Donald Z. Rupp and Ruby Redinger. They had three children: Joyce Anne, Wendy Sue, and Duglas Whitney.

- 12-Joyce Anne Rupp
- 12-Wendy Sue Rupp
- 12-Duglas Whitney Rupp
- 11-Thelma Lloyd Whitney

Thelma married Albert Deitz Rittmann, son of Albert Rittmann and Anita Stilwell. They had four children: Jean Victoria, Nancy Carol, Kenneth Whitney, and David Eliot.

- 12-Jean Victoria Rittmann
- 12-Nancy Carol Rittmann
- 12-Kenneth Whitney Rittmann

12-David Eliot Rittmann

11-Sylvia Walpole Whitney

Sylvia married Glenn Stuart, son of George Roy Stuart and Hazel J. Kennedy.

11-Cosmo Braithwaite Whitney

Cosmo married Barbara Jane Knapp, daughter of James C. Knapp and Kathren Daw.

9-Elizabeth Braithwaite^{27,100,149,181,185} was born on 24 Jul 1858 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 11 Jan 1946 in Reigate, Surrey at age 87.

Elizabeth married **Prof. George Henry Emmott**, 27,149,181,185 son of **Thomas Emmott** and **Hannah Barlow**, 23,185 on 24 Aug 1881 in London. George was born on 28 Sep 1855 in Oldham, Lancashire and died on 8 Mar 1916 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 60. They had five children: **Mary King, Hannah Elizabeth, George Bevan, John Barlow**, and **Margaret**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

General Notes: George Henry Emmott 60 8 3 1916 Claughton, Birkenhead.

Professor Emmott was of Quaker parentage, and all his life intimately associated with the Society of Friends, and although his failing health in later years prevented him from attending many Meetings, he took a great interest in all matters affecting the Society, and always remained a true Friend. Born in 1855, he was the eldest son of the late Thomas and Hannah Emmott, of Brookfield, Oldham. He was educated at the Friends' School, Stramongate, Kendal, and afterwards at Owen's College, Manchester, and Trinity Hall, Cambridge, where he took a First-class in the Law Tripos in 1878. On completing his University course he read law in the chambers of the late Joseph Bevan Braithwaite, and was called to the Bar in 1879. Shortly afterwards he took chambers in Manchester, and was appointed Lecturer in English Law at Owen's College. In 1881 he married Elizabeth, daughter of the late Joseph Bevan and Martha Braithwaite, and for the next five years they made their home at Wilmslow. Then came a call to a professorship in the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, U.S.A., and for ten years he held the chair there, entering with zest into all the activities of University life, his work being largely with post-graduate students in Roman Law and Comparative Jurisprudence. For five years also he was Lecturer on Civil Law in the Columbian University, Washington, D.C. The friendships formed during this time were a constant source of pleasure to him after his return to England, and he greatly enjoyed the letters which he received from his old colleague, as well as from his students, many of whom are now holding professorships or other important positions all over the world. During the whole of his residence in America he made annual visits to England to see his parents, and in 1896, on being offered the Queen Victoria Chair of Law in University College, Liverpool (now the University of Liverpool) he decided to remain permanently. For the past twenty years he has held this professorship, and continued his work at the Law School up to the very end, delivering his last lecture the day before he died. Speaking of him at the University Senate, the Vice-Chancellor, Sir Alfred Dale, said: "Since our last meeting we have lost our colleague and friend, Professor Emmott. He has held the Chair of Law for nearly twenty years; he has been Dean of his Faculty for nearly thirteen. And from first to last he has served College and University with a full and faithful devotion. Speaking of him to-day, I look back to what he was when we first met, now only a little less than forty years ago. He had the frankness, the simplicity, the dignity, that we knew so well; and even then he had the gravity that raised the prosaic minutes of the Law Faculty to the dignity of a solemn service. How Emmott served us here we all know'; the endless pains he took over his work; the quiet ardour with which he spent himself in helping others; how much more ready as a teacher he w'as to give than most pupils are to receive . . . We valued his opinion, trusted his judgment, and could always be sure of this, that the last thing he thought of was his own interest and himself. Vanity, display, self-seeking, he not only avoided but abhorred ... We shall always remember him as one who obeyed an inner law and followed an inner light. He knew the respect in which we held him; I wish I could feel that he fully understood what affection he had won as well." During the last ten years he passed through deep sorrow in the loss of his two sons, the elder in 1906, whilst the younger, Sec.-Lieut. John B. Emmott, was killed in action in Gallipoli in June 1915. These troubles made him increasingly sympathetic and tender of the feelings of others, so that his "wonderful gentleness" is one of the qualities that seems most to have impressed those who knew him in his later years. He was a great lover of books and had a large and well-chosen library, delighting to spend his leisure hours among these never-failing te friends." Another characteristic was his love of hymns, which he liked to hear sung or recited. He was never a theologian, and disputes on abstract questions of doctrine or creed had no interest for him. His faith was that of a little child, and we may believe that he has passed into the life beyond in that simple trust in the divine love and forgiveness which was his comfort here. -From The Friend.

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Owens College, Manchester.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple.
- He worked as a Professor of Logic & Jurisprudence. Johns Hopkins University 1885 To 1896 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA.
- He worked as a Lecturer. Columbia University 1892 To 1896 in Washington, USA...

- He worked as a Queen Victoria Professor of Law. Liverpool University in 1896 in Liverpool.
- He worked as a Dean of the Faculty of Law in 1903 in University of Liverpool.
- He had a residence in Oakdene, Park Road West, Birkenhead, Cheshire.
 - 10-Mary King Emmott^{27,181} was born on 22 Oct 1882 in Holly Bank, Wilmslow, Cheshire and died on 7 Feb 1951 in Reigate, Surrey at age 68.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Apr 1899 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married **Herbert Crosfield**, ^{132,187,211,212,213} son of **Joseph Crosfield** ^{3,23,31,54,55,117,127,214,215,216,217,218,219} and **Sarah Swatridge Lowe**, ^{3,23,218} on 17 Sep 1921 in Reigate, Surrey. Herbert was born on 26 Sep 1856 in Wray Park, Reigate, Surrey and died on 12 Jul 1938 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 81.

General Notes: Crosfield.-On 12th July, at Falmouth, Herbert Crosfield (1869-73), aged 81 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1869-1873 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Underwriter.
- He worked as a Mayor of Reigate in 1919-1920 in Reigate, Surrey.
- He was awarded with Freeman of the Borough of Reigate.
- 10-Hannah Elizabeth Emmott^{27,181} was born on 30 Dec 1883 in Holly Bank, Wilmslow, Cheshire and died on 2 Sep 1962 at age 78.
- 10-George Bevan Emmott^{27,132,149,181,185,220} was born on 1 Jan 1885 in Holly Bank, Wilmslow, Cheshire and died on 22 Feb 1906 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 21.

General Notes: EMMOTT.-On the 22nd February, 1906, at Birkenhead, George Bevan Emmott (1896-1900), aged 21 years.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1896-1900 in York, Yorkshire.

10-2nd Lieut. John Barlow Emmott^{27,175,181,185} was born on 9 Aug 1888 in Nantucket, Massachusetts, USA and died on 4 Jun 1915 in The Dardanelles, Killed In Action. at age 26.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 1/10 Battalion, The Manchester Regiment.
- He worked as a member of Emmott & Wallshaw Ltd.

John married **Doris Lees Ascroft**, ¹⁸¹ daughter of **James Henry Ascroft** and **Mabel Gertrude Lees**, on 27 Aug 1913 in Oldham, Lancashire. Doris was born on 28 Feb 1891 in Oldham, Lancashire.

- 10-Margaret Emmott^{27,181} was born on 20 Mar 1892 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA.
- 9-Rachel Barclay Braithwaite^{27,100,181} was born on 20 Nov 1859 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 27 Jul 1946 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 86.
- 9-George Braithwaite^{27,100,181,182,204} was born on 5 Mar 1861 in 65 Mornington Road, London, died on 18 Jun 1931 in Tokyo, Japan at age 70, and was buried in Ayoyama Cemetery, Tokyo, Japan.

- He worked as a Quaker missionary.
- He worked as an Agent of the British and Foreign Bible Society, Tokyo.
- He had a residence in 5 Hikawa Cho, Akasaka, Tokyo, Japan.

George married **Letitia Elizabeth Lesh**,^{27,181} daughter of **James Lesh** and **Agnes McBride**, on 14 Feb 1901 in Tokyo, Japan. Letitia was born on 17 Jan 1876 in Hollowmire, Ulverston, Cumbria, died on 21 Sep 1932 in Tokyo, Japan at age 56, and was buried in Ayoyama Cemetery, Tokyo, Japan. They had one son: **George Burnham**.

10-George Burnham Braithwaite¹⁸¹ was born on 5 Aug 1902 in Burnham, Somerset.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grade B II GCHQ.
- He was awarded with OBE.

George married **Edith Lamb**, daughter of **Charles Benjamin Lamb** and **Charlotte Gray**, on 3 Jun 1924 in Tokyo, Japan. Edith was born on 12 Apr 1895 in Fruitfield, Richhill, County Armagh, Ireland. They had one daughter: **Edith Elizabeth**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1910-Jul 1913 in York, Yorkshire.

11-Edith Elizabeth Braithwaite

Edith married Geoffrey Arthur Peters, son of Henry Robert Peters. They had two children: Timothy Bevan and Michael Jeremy.

- 12-Timothy Bevan Peters
- 12-Michael Jeremy Peters
- 9-William Charles Braithwaite^{3,23,27,30,84,181,184,221} was born on 23 Dec 1862 in 312, Camden Road, London and died on 28 Jan 1922 in Castle House, Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of London.
- He worked as a Conveyancing Barrister, Lincolns Inn.
- He worked as a President of Woodbrooke College in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a JP for the Borough of Banbury in Banbury, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Historian.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Trafford, West Bar, Banbury, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Served on the committee of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1919.

William married **Janet Morland**, 3,23,27,181 daughter of **Charles Coleby Morland** and **Jane Fryer**, 3,23,24,27,132,172,177,223 on 16 Oct 1896 in FMH Croydon. Janet was born on 24 May 1867 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 10 Oct 1936 in Croydon, Surrey at age 69. They had four children: **Richard Bevan, Alfred William, Constance**, and **Charles Morland**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1883-Jun 1885 in York, Yorkshire.

10-**Prof. Richard Bevan Braithwaite**^{3,27,132,181,202,224,225,226,227,228,229} was born on 15 Jan 1900 in 2 Dashwood Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 21 Apr 1990 in Bottisham, Cambridge at age 90, and was buried in King's College Chapel, Cambridge.

General Notes: Braithwaite, Richard Bevan (1900–1990), philosopher, was born on 15 January 1900 in Banbury, Oxfordshire, the eldest in the family of three sons and one daughter of William Charles Braithwaite, of Banbury, barrister, banker, and historian of Quakerism, and his wife, Janet, daughter of Charles C. Morland, of Croydon. He was educated at Sidcot School, Somerset (1911–14), Bootham School, York (1914–18), and as a scholar at King's College, Cambridge (1919–23), where he became a wrangler in part two of the mathematical tripos (1922), and gained a first class in part two of the moral sciences tripos (1923).

In 1924 Braithwaite was elected to a fellowship at King's College, which he retained until his death. He was successively a university lecturer in moral sciences (1928–34), Sidgwick lecturer (1934–53), and Knightbridge professor of moral philosophy (1953–67). He did much to foster the philosophy of science in Cambridge, lecturing on it regularly for the philosophy tripos (his lectures on probability being particularly memorable). He also brought it into the natural sciences tripos, working with the historian Herbert Butterfield to found the department of history and philosophy of science.

Braithwaite's own work was in the Cambridge tradition of scientifically informed philosophy exemplified by Bertrand Russell, J. M. Keynes, Frank Ramsey, and C. D. Broad. His mathematical training showed most clearly in his philosophy of science, notably in his explication of the concept of probability invoked in modern science. This culminated in Scientific Explanation (1953), the published version of his Trinity College Tarner lectures of 1945– 6, a classic work whose influence ranks him as a methodologist of science with Sir Karl Popper and Carl Hempel Braithwaite's philosophy ranged far wider than the philosophy of science. His 1955 inaugural lecture, Theory of Games as a Tool for the Moral Philosopher, showed the significance for moral and political philosophy of modern theories of games and decisions. His 1955 Eddington lecture, An Empiricist's View of the Nature of Religious Belief, showed his long-standing concern with religion. In this he was greatly influenced by his Quaker upbringing, as in the pacifism, later rejected, that made him serve in the Friends' Ambulance Unit in the First World War. He eventually joined the Church of England, being baptized and confirmed in King's College chapel in 1948.

Braithwaite took a keen interest in public affairs, and was active in college and university politics. He took especial satisfaction in helping to promote the grace admitting women to membership of Cambridge University, and thus to its degrees. His principal recreation was reading novels.

It was the way Braithwaite philosophized that most inspired his students, colleagues, and friends. In height and weight he may have resembled the average Englishman, but not in his intellectual exuberance. In discussion, even in old age, deaf, with spectacles and thinning hair, sometimes apparently asleep, his attention rarely flagged; and the intensity of his contributions— often prefaced with roars of 'Now look here, I'm sorry ...'— was a continual refutation of the popular dichotomy of reason and passion. His curiosity was boundless, his grasp of issues quick and complete, his comments clear, forceful, and original. No one could be more passionate in the rational pursuit of truth, nor less concerned to impress, dominate, preach, or be taken for a guru. He was a great scourge of the obscure, the portentous, the complacent, and the slapdash— diseases to which philosophy is always prone and to which his incisive irreverence was the perfect antidote.

Braithwaite received an honorary DLitt from Bristol University in 1963, and was visiting professor of philosophy at Johns Hopkins University in 1968, the University of Western Ontario in 1969, and the City University of New York in 1970. He was president of the Mind Association in 1946, and of the Aristotelian Society in 1946–7. In 1957 he became a fellow of the British Academy and in 1986 a foreign honorary member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences. In 1948 he helped to found what later became the British Society for the Philosophy of Science, of which he was president from 1961 to 1963.

In 1925 Braithwaite married Dorothea Cotter, daughter of Sir Theodore Morison, principal of Armstrong College, Newcastle upon Tyne, which later became Newcastle University. She died in 1928, and in 1932 he married Margaret Mary (d. 1986), daughter of Charles Frederick Gurney Masterman, a noted Liberal MP and member of the 1914 cabinet. They had a son and a daughter. Braithwaite died of pneumonia on 21 April 1990 at The Grange, a nursing home in Bottisham, near Cambridge. His ashes were interred in King's College chapel, Cambridge. D. H. Mellor, rev.

RICHARD B. BRAITHWAITE (1914-18) is making windows for huts at a delightful town in a small rocky valley in the Juras with the F.W.V.R.C. *Bootham magazine - December 1918* RICHARD BEVAN BRAITHWAITE Richard Bevan Braithwaite was Professor of Moral Philosophy at Cambridge from 1953 to 1967 and Fellow of King's College from 1924. He was born in January 1900 and died aged 90 on 21 st April 1990. He was a mathematician both by training and by temperament, and he made important contributions to the understanding of the concept of probability that occurs in the statistical laws of modern physical and biological science. He had an abiding interest in religious belief, and although he grew up as a Member of the Society of Friends, he later joined the Church of England.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1911-1914 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1914-1918 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Science master, Leighton Park School in 1918.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Professor of Moral Philosophy, Cambridge.

Richard married **Dorothea Cotter Morison**,^{3,225} daughter of **Sir Theodore Morison** and **Margaret Cohen**, on 6 Oct 1925 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Dorothea was born on 14 Mar 1898 in India and died on 12 Aug 1928 in London at age 30.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-MORISON.-On October 6th, at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Richard Bevan Braithwaite (1914-18), to Dorothea Cotter Morison, of Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Richard next married **Margaret Mary Masterman**, 3,202,226,227 daughter of **Rt. Hon. Charles Frederick Gurney Masterman** and **Lucy Blanche Lyttelton**, on 13 Dec 1932 in Cambridge. Margaret was born on 4 May 1910 in London and died on 1 Apr 1986 at age 75. They had two children: **Lewis Charles** and **Catherine Lucy**.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-MASTERMAN.— On December 13th, 1932, Richard Bevan Braithwaite (1914-18), to Margaret Mary Masterman.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Founder of the Cambridge Language Research Unit.
- She worked as an authority on Computational Linguistics.
- She worked as a Philosopher in Cambridge.
- She worked as a Co-founder and Vice President of the Lucy Cavendish College in 1965-1975.
 - 11-Lewis Charles Braithwaite

Lewis married Louisette Jane Barron. They had four children: Lucy Anne, Paul Richard, Nicholas Russell, and Alice Mary.

- 12-Lucy Anne Braithwaite
- 12-Paul Richard Braithwaite
- 12-Nicholas Russell Braithwaite
- 12-Alice Mary Braithwaite
- 11-Catherine Lucy Braithwaite

Catherine married Raymond Charles Inchley on 29 Aug 1976. Raymond was born on 29 Jun 1931 and died in Mar 1999 in Somerset at age 67.

10-**Alfred William Braithwaite**^{27,181} was born on 9 Sep 1901 in 2 Dashwood Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 19 Mar 1975 in Westminster, London at age 73, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Accountant and Partner in Waterhouse & Co.

Alfred married **Mary Millior Barlow**, ²³⁰ daughter of **John Henry Barlow** and **Mabel Cash**, ^{23,230} on 25 Mar 1939 in Malvern, Worcestershire. Mary was born on 13 Jul 1904 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 12 Jan 1993 in Hendon, Middlesex at age 88, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire. They had two children: **Anna Millior** and **Caroline May**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Edgbaston High School.
 - 11-**Anna Millior Braithwaite** ^{181,230} was born on 18 Oct 1942 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 2011 at age 68.

General Notes: My cousin Anna OHerlihy, who has died from cancer aged 68, was an outstanding social worker who had a talent for listening to people's problems, and later became a psychotherapist. Her two publications on the role of the guardian ad litem, published by Venture Press in the 1990s, have become standard practitioners' guides.

Anna was raised in Golders Green, north London, the older daughter of two distinguished Quakers, Alfred and Millior Braithwaite. There was a rebellious streak in her from earliest childhood. I remember her retorting to our grandmother on being told off yet again: "If you say that again, Granny, I'll kick you up the burn." Having been very happy at a local day school in London, Anna did not take kindly to being dispatched to the Mount school in York.

Undaunted, she went on to study at the London School of Economics and the Sorbonne in Paris. She completed her postgraduate studies in forensic social work at the Tavistock Clinic in Hampstead. Many lifelong friendships were forged at this time.

Anna attended the Quaker summer school in Geneva, which gave students an introduction to the working of the United Nations and the World Health Organisation, whose dedicated work deeply impressed her. Although she ultimately lost her faith, Quaker beliefs remained a strong strand in her life.

She married a social worker, Jimmy Kerr, and they had two children, Abby and Jane. After the break-up of their marriage, Anna found great happiness with Callaghan OHerlihy, whom she wed in 1992. He brought not only calm wisdom and understanding to their union but also five stepchildren.

Anna managed to devote time to her clients right up until the day before she died. Abby died in 2008. Anna is survived by Callaghan, Jane, two grandchildren, Scarlet and Rosalie, her stepchildren and her sister, Carol

Antony Barlow

Noted events in her life were:

- Her obituary was published in The Guardian on 24 Feb 2011.
- She was educated at The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.
- · She was educated at London School of Economics.
- She was educated at The Sorbonne.
- She worked as a Social worker and psychotherapist.

Anna married James Gilmour Bair Kerr. They had two children: Abigail Mary M. and Jane Anna B.

12-**Abigail Mary M. Kerr**^{181,230} was born in 1972 in Epping, Essex and died in 2008 at age 36.

Abigail married Chris Rowell. They had one daughter: Rosalie Anna.

13-Rosalie Anna Rowell

12-Jane Anna B. Kerr

Jane married **Duncan Bewley**. They had one daughter: **Scarlett Abigail**.

13-Scarlett Abigail Bewley

Anna next married Callaghan OHerlihy.

11-Caroline May Braithwaite

Caroline married **David Terry**.

Caroline next married **Moussa Saker**. They had two children: **Adam** and **Sami**.

- 12-Adam Saker
- 12-Sami Saker

10-Constance Braithwaite^{27,181} was born on 30 Jul 1904 in 2 Dashwood Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire and died in 1985 at age 81.

General Notes: She stayed at some time with Francesca Wilson as a lodger in Edgbaston.

Nikolaus Pevsner, brutally called her, "A rather peculiar person, a masculine woman." as per Nikolaus Pevsner - The Life (2012 Ransom House) Susie Harries.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Assistant lecturer in Social economics, Department of Commerce in University of Birmingham.
- Miscellaneous: Author of "The Voluntary Citizen An enquiry into the place of philanthropy in the community".
- She was a Quaker.

10-Charles Morland Braithwaite^{27,181} was born on 4 Jan 1907 in 2 Dashwood Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire and died in 1982 at age 75.

- He was educated at Sibford School.
- He worked as a Photographer and Cinematographer. Morland Braithwaite Ltd. In Birmingham, Warwickshire.

• He had a residence in 35 Middleton Hall Road, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Charles married Margaret Hope Doncaster, daughter of Charles Mallinson Doncaster²³ and Hilda Priestman,.²³ They had three children: Geoffrey Doncaster, Janet Margaret, and Susan Rachel.

11-Geoffrey Doncaster Braithwaite

Geoffrey married Judith Campbell, daughter of Robert Stewart Campbell and Isabella Frances Nettleton. They had two children: Nigel and Colin.

- 12-Nigel Braithwaite
- 12-Colin Braithwaite
- 11-Janet Margaret Braithwaite
- 11-Susan Rachel Braithwaite

Susan married **Peter Dunn**.

- 9-Catherine Lydia Braithwaite^{27,181} was born on 30 Aug 1864 in 312 Camden Road, Islington, London and died on 25 Dec 1957 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 93.
- 8-Mary Caroline Braithwaite^{27,100,149} was born on 21 Jun 1818 in Highgate, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 Jan 1887 in Buckhurst Park, Ascot, Berkshire at age 68.

Mary married **Joseph Savory**, ^{27,100} son of **Adey Bellamy Savory**^{27,100,178} and **Mary Cox**, ^{27,100,178} on 26 Oct 1841 in Kendal, Cumbria. Joseph was born on 24 Jul 1808 in Westminster, London and died on 16 Dec 1879 in Buckhurst Park, Ascot, Berkshire at age 71. They had eight children: **Mary Caroline, Joseph, Ernest Lloyd, Anna Braithwaite, Mary, Arnold Wordsworth, Ethelbert Keston**, and **Ronald Herbert**.

9-Mary Caroline Savory^{27,100} was born on 22 Aug 1842 in London and died on 9 Sep 1923 in Buxton at age 81.

Mary married **John Loudon Strain**, ²⁷ son of **John Strain** and **Agnes Loudon**, on 12 Jul 1883 in Sunninghill, Ascot, Berkshire. John was born on 16 Mar 1857 in Hamilton, North Berwick and died on 27 Oct 1938 in Buxton, Derbyshire at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRGS AMInstCE.
- He was educated at Taunton College.
- He was educated at University of Glasgow.
- He had a residence in Braeside, Buxton, Derbyshire.
- 9-Sir Joseph Savory 1st Bt.^{27,100} was born on 23 Jul 1843 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 1 Oct 1921 in Buckhurst Park, Ascot at age 78.

General Notes: J.P., Alderman of the City of London, 1883, Sheriff of London and Middlesex, 1882-3, Lord Mayor 1890-1

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lord Mayor of London 1890 To 1891.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Westmorland 1892 To 1900.
- He worked as a DL & JP for London.
- He worked as an Alderman of London.
- He had a residence in Buckhurst Park, Ascot, Berkshire.
- He had a residence in Wyndham House, Sloane Gardens, London.

Joseph married Helen Pemberton Leach,²⁷ daughter of Lt. Col. Sir George Archibald Leach and Emily Leigh Pemberton,²⁷ on 26 Jul 1888 in St. Jude's Church, South Kensington, London.

Helen was born on 5 Aug 1863 in Highgate, London and died on 4 Nov 1939 in Parkstone, Dorset at age 76.

9-Rev. Ernest Lloyd Savory^{27,100} was born on 18 Mar 1845 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 1 Sep 1924 in Stowmarket, Suffolk at age 79.

General Notes: Rector of Palgrave, Suffolk, from 1879 and chaplain to his brother, the Lord Mayor of London, 1890-91

Is this Norfolk or Suffolk?

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at St. Mary Hall, Oxford.
- He worked as a Chaplain to the Lord Mayor of London (his brother) 1890 To 1891.
- He worked as a Rector of Palgrave, Suffolk in Palgrave, Diss, Suffolk.

Ernest married **Eliza Ann Johnson**,²⁷ daughter of **Rev. Paul Johnson** and **Eliza Bolingbroke**, on 28 Jun 1871 in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk. Eliza was born on 19 Aug 1845 in Sidestrand, Norfolk and died on 23 Oct 1874 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 29. They had three children: **Evelyn Mary, Dorothy Maud**, and **Alice Braithwaite**.

10-Evelyn Mary Savory²⁷ was born on 14 Apr 1872 in Eastbourne, East Sussex.

Evelyn married **Ebenezer John MacDonald**,²⁷ son of **Charles MacDonald** and **Jane Campbell Thomson**, on 1 Jan 1903 in Sao Paulo, Brazil. Ebenezer was born on 3 Feb 1870 in Salto, Argentina and died on 6 May 1926 in Sao Paulo, Brazil at age 56. They had six children: **Ernest Charles Ian, Robert Angus, Evelyn Mary, Ronald Campbell, Norman Pemberton**, and **Roderick Houston**.

11-Ernest Charles Ian MacDonald was born on 12 Jan 1904 in Sao Paulo.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Consulting & Electrical Engineer.

Ernest married **Margaret Agnes McKay**, daughter of **John McKay** and **Sarah Caroline Groves**, on 20 May 1931 in Eastbourne. Margaret was born on 29 Aug 1906 in London. They had three children: **Alastair John, Graham Houston**, and **Andrew Charles**.

- 12-Alastair John MacDonald
- 12-Graham Houston MacDonald
- 12-Andrew Charles MacDonald
- 11-Robert Angus MacDonald was born on 1 Jun 1905 in Sao Paulo.

Robert married Joan Godfrey Andrews, daughter of Henry Godfrey Andrews and Dorothy Lacey. They had three children: Robert Donald Geoffrey, Stuart Timothy, and Virginia Ailsa.

- 12-Robert Donald Geoffrey MacDonald
- 12-Stuart Timothy MacDonald was born on 18 Feb 1937 in Esher, Surrey and died on 5 Sep 1958 in London. Killed In A Motor Accident. at age 21.
- 12-Virginia Ailsa MacDonald
- 11-Evelyn Mary MacDonald was born on 1 Jun 1905 in Sao Paulo, Brazil.
- 11-Ronald Campbell MacDonald

Ronald married Jean Mary Phillips, daughter of Henry Lawrence Phillips and Jeannie Emma Johnson. They had three children: Ronald Douglas Somerled, Stewart Hamish, and Fiona

Mary.

- 12-Ronald Douglas Somerled MacDonald
- 12-Stewart Hamish MacDonald
- 12-Fiona Mary MacDonald
- 11-Norman Pemberton MacDonald

Norman married Kathleen May Braithwaite, daughter of Thomas Henry Braithwaite and May Elizabeth Brewster. They had three children: Henry Norman, Bruce, and Christopher.

- 12-Henry Norman MacDonald
- 12-Bruce MacDonald
- 12-Christopher MacDonald
- 11-Roderick Houston MacDonald was born on 12 Jul 1918 in Sao Paulo, Brazil and died on 29 Jun 1942 in Mersa Matruh, N. Africa. Killed In Actio at age 23.
- 10-**Dorothy Maud Savory**²⁷ was born on 1 Aug 1873 in Oxford, Oxfordshire.

Dorothy married **Dr. William Loudon Strain**,²⁷ son of **John Strain** and **Agnes Loudon**, on 18 Jul 1895 in Palgrave, Diss. William was born on 29 Dec 1861 in Waterloo, Lanarkshire and died on 10 Sep 1949 in London at age 87. They had ten children: **John Loudon, Dorothy Evelyn, Agnes Winifred, Alice Irene, William Stewart, Ernest Douglas, Jean Braithwaite, Ronald Loudon, Malcolm Kenneth, and Alan Gordon.**

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician.
- He had a residence in 145 Harley Street, London.
 - 11-John Loudon Strain was born on 20 Aug 1896 in Sao Paulo, Brazil and died on 1 Aug 1917 in Ypres, Belgium. Killed in action at age 20.
 - 11-Dorothy Evelyn Strain was born on 6 Jan 1898.
 - 11-Agnes Winifred Strain was born on 12 Dec 1899.
 - 11-Alice Irene Strain was born on 8 Oct 1901 in Sao Paulo.

Alice married **James Millner Vellacott**, son of **James Spear Vellacott** and **Elizabeth Morris**, on 15 Jun 1926 in Wimbledon. James was born on 11 May 1900 in Raynham, Kent. They had four children: **Elisabeth Dorothy, John Patrick Millner, David Norman Strain**, and **Esther Caroline**.

12-Elisabeth Dorothy Vellacott

Elisabeth married Geoffrey Vaughan Argyle, son of F. W. Argyle and Margaret Sayer Causer. They had four children: Alastair Vaughan, Duncan Murray, Patrick Graham, and Rachel Alice.

- 13-Alastair Vaughan Argyle
- 13-Duncan Murray Argyle
- 13-Patrick Graham Argyle
- 13-Rachel Alice Argyle

12-John Patrick Millner Vellacott

John married Gwendolin Joan Batstone, daughter of John Barstone and Gwendolin Lilian Hurst. They had two children: Jennifer Ann and Jonathan James.

- 13-Jennifer Ann Vellacott
- 13-Jonathan James Vellacott
- 12-David Norman Strain Vellacott

David married Patricia Le Soeuf Coleman, daughter of Robert Baxendel Coleman and Enid Louisa Evans. They had two children: Jacqueline Patricia and Ian David Millner.

- 13-Jacqueline Patricia Vellacott
- 13-Ian David Millner Vellacott
- 12-Esther Caroline Vellacott
- 11-William Stewart Strain was born on 15 Aug 1904.
- 11-Ernest Douglas Strain was born on 20 Aug 1906 in Wimbledon.

Ernest married Marjorie Arrowsmith, daughter of Edwin Arrowsmith and Kathleen Eggleston Porter. They had one daughter: Jane Elizabeth.

- 12-Jane Elizabeth Strain
- 11-**Jean Braithwaite Strain** was born on 9 May 1908 in Wimbledon and died on 24 Jan 2005 at age 96.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated.

Jean married Most Rev. & Rt. Hon. Dr. Frederick Donald Coggan Baron Coggan, son of Cornish Arthur Coggan and Fannie Sarah Chubb, on 17 Oct 1935 in Wimbledon. Frederick was born on 8 Oct 1909 in London and died on 17 May 2000 at age 90. They had two children: Dorothy Ann and Ruth Evelyn.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Archbishop of Canterbury.
 - 12-Hon. Dorothy Ann Coggan
 - 12-Hon. Dr. Ruth Evelyn Coggan
- 11-Ronald Loudon Strain was born on 30 Aug 1909 in Bognor Regis, Sussex and died on 4 Aug 1927 in Bude, Cornwall at age 17.
- 11-Malcolm Kenneth Strain

Malcolm married Pamela Jane Steel, daughter of Francis George Steel and Norah Violet Hyland. They had three children: Christopher Malcolm, Judith Sarah, and Adrian Scott.

- 12-Christopher Malcolm Strain
- 12-Judith Sarah Strain
- 12-Adrian Scott Strain
- 11-Alan Gordon Strain was born on 30 Dec 1912 in Wimbledon and died on 10 Aug 1943 in Sutton Military Hospital. Died on active service at age 30.

10-Alice Braithwaite Savory²⁷ was born on 2 Oct 1874 in Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 5 Dec 1940 in Stowmarket, Suffolk at age 66.

Ernest next married **Gertrude Arrowsmith**,²⁷ daughter of **Arthur John Arrowsmith** and **Emma Alderman**, on 2 Nov 1876 in London. Gertrude was born on 13 Aug 1851 in Notting Hill, London and died on 31 Jan 1931 in Stowmarket, Suffolk at age 79. They had eight children: **Ernest Braithwaite**, **Douglas Lloyd**, **Gertrude Winifred**, **Mary Caroline**, **Evangeline Bolingbroke**, **Hubert Dolobran**, **Donald Stuart**, and **Edith Margaret Hester**.

10-Ernest Braithwaite Savory²⁷ was born on 5 Sep 1877 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 4 Sep 1958 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Norwich.
- He had a residence in Tyndale Lodge, Bromley, Kent.

Ernest married **Oenone Margaret Lanchester**,²⁷ daughter of **Rev. Charles Preston Lanchester** and **Ida Compton Lundie**, on 26 Aug 1902 in Norwich, Norfolk. Oenone was born on 23 Mar 1881 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 23 Aug 1960 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 79. They had two children: **Oenone Margaret Winifred** and **Joyce Braithwaite**.

- 11-Oenone Margaret Winifred Savory²⁷ was born on 4 Jul 1903 in Bromley, Kent and died on 23 Oct 1929 in Eastbourne at age 26.
- 11-**Joyce Braithwaite Savory**²⁷ was born on 29 Mar 1908 in Bromley, Kent.

Joyce married **Robert Packenham-Walsh**, son of **Alfred Ridley Packemham-Walsh** and **Hilda Catherine Dear**, on 1 Sep 1934 in London. Robert was born on 19 Aug 1906 in Quetta, India. They had four children: **Mabel, Patrick Robert, Thomas**, and **Andrew**.

- 12-Mabel Packenham-Walsh
- 12-Patrick Robert Packenham-Walsh
- 12-Thomas Packenham-Walsh
- 12-Andrew Packenham-Walsh

10-**Prof. Sir Douglas Lloyd Savory**²⁷ was born on 17 Aug 1878 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 5 Oct 1969 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Chevalier de la Legion D'honneur.
- He was educated at Marlborough College.
- He was educated at St John's College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Professor of French Language and Romance Philology in 1909 in Queen's University, Belfast.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Queen's University, Belfast 1940 To 1950.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for South Antrim 1950 To 1955.
- He worked as a President of the Huguenot Society of London.

Douglas married **Madeline Clendinning**, daughter of **James Herman Clendinning** and **Nannie Margaret Hamilton-Burgoyne-Baird**, on 3 Jul 1918 in Lurgan, Northern Ireland. Madeline was born on 7 Mar 1890 in Lurgan, Northern Ireland.

10-Gertrude Winifred Savory²⁷ was born on 16 Sep 1879 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 27 Dec 1950 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 71.

10-Mary Caroline Savory²⁷ was born on 16 Apr 1881 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk.

Mary married **Rev. Robert Cuthbert Steele Bailey**,²⁷ son of **John Cuthbert Bailey** and **Sidney Marie Josephine Alcock**, on 4 Jun 1908 in St. Peter's Church, Palgrave, Diss, Suffolk. Robert was born on 9 Nov 1880 in Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire. They had two children: **Robin Humfrey** and **Hubert Michael Antony John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as a Curate of Burford in Burford, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Hon. Chaplain To The Forces.
- He worked as a Rector of Hanborough in Hanborough, Oxfordshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Hanborough Rectory, Hanborough, Oxfordshire.
 - 11-**Robin Humfrey Bailey**²⁷ was born on 5 Dec 1911 in Hanborough Rectory, Hanborough, Oxfordshire.

Robin married Joan Mary Janes, daughter of William Hinton Janes and Bessie McLaren. They had two children: Susan Jennifer and Josephine Daphne.

12-Susan Jennifer Bailey

Susan married Harvey James Davis, son of James William Davis. They had one son: Steven Wayne.

- 13-Steven Wayne Davis
- 12-Josephine Daphne Bailey

Robin next married Margaret Greenwood Barlow, daughter of William George Barlow and Margaret Isabella Prichett. They had two children: Richard Charles Adrian and Sarah Caroline.

- 12-Richard Charles Adrian Bailey
- 12-Sarah Caroline Bailey
- 11-Hubert Michael Antony John Bailey²⁷ was born on 11 Oct 1915 in Hanborough Rectory, Hanborough, Oxfordshire.

Hubert married Doreen Rosalie Boyd, daughter of Arthur William Boyd and Rose Alma Purkess. They had two children: Robert Michael Humfrey and John Richard Hubert.

- 12-Robert Michael Humfrey Bailey
- 12-John Richard Hubert Bailey
- 10-Evangeline Bolingbroke Savory²⁷ was born on 17 Jun 1882 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 26 Jan 1944 in Galleywood, Chelmsford, Essex at age 61.

Evangeline married **Francis Arthur Roughton**,²⁷ son of **Frances Henry Roughton** and **Harriett Smith**, on 3 Jun 1915 in Palgrave, Diss, Suffolk. Francis was born on 10 Jun 1881 in Bramcote, Nottingham and died on 12 Apr 1959 in Galleywood, Chelmsford at age 77.

10-**Hubert Dolobran Savory**²⁷ was born on 25 Sep 1883 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk.

Hubert married **Gwendolen Evans**, daughter of **Frederick Charles Evans** and **Emily Bennett**, on 3 Nov 1938 in London. Gwendolen was born on 7 Aug 1900 in Trowbridge and died on 30 Dec 1949 in London at age 49.

10-**Donald Stuart Savory**²⁷ was born on 23 Jan 1885 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Corpus Christi College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Senior Partner E.B.Savory & Co.
- He had a residence in Mon Repos, Churchill Road, Boscombe, Hampshire.

Donald married Muriel Florence Horder,²⁷ daughter of Mark Garett Horder²⁷ and Janet Alma Main, on 26 Jul 1910 in Kingston. Muriel was born on 9 Jan 1880 in Salisbury, Wiltshire. They

had one son: Christopher Ernest Lloyd.

11-Christopher Ernest Lloyd Savory was born on 27 Jun 1917 in London and died on 7 Jan 1929 in London at age 11.

Donald next married Rose Marguerite Robinson, daughter of Walter Ward Robinson and Helen Knott, on 23 Dec 1936 in London. Rose was born on 19 Nov 1892 in Barry.

10-Edith Margaret Hester Savory²⁷ was born on 2 Jul 1887 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 19 Sep 1943 in West Bromwich, Staffordshire at age 56.

9-Anna Braithwaite Savory^{27,100} was born on 29 Oct 1846 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 30 Apr 1928 in Partridge Green, Sussex at age 81.

Anna married **Rev. John Henry Johnson**, ²⁷ son of **Rev. Paul Johnson** and **Eliza Bolingbroke**, on 20 Jun 1876 in Sunningdale, Berkshire. John was born on 2 Feb 1841 in Bunwell, Norfolk and died on 14 Nov 1938 in Partridge Green, Sussex at age 97. They had three children: **Herbert Braithwaite**, **Anna Maude**, and **John De Monins**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Caius College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Rector of Brocklesby in Brocklesby, Lincolnshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Brocklesby Rectory, Brocklesby, Lincolnshire.

10-Herbert Braithwaite Johnson³ was born on 16 Aug 1877 in Brocklesby Rectory, Brocklesby, Lincolnshire and died on 6 Sep 1960 in Jalisco, Mexico at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a keeper of the Sub Tropical Gardens at Ajijic, Mexico.

Herbert married Georgette Martin Wilkie, daughter of George Wilkie and Hettie Martin, on 2 Jan 1930 in London. Georgette was born on 16 Oct 1893 in Gillingham.

10-Anna Maude Johnson²⁷ was born on 29 Oct 1879 in Brocklesby Rectory, Brocklesby, Lincolnshire and died on 30 Dec 1956 in Louth, Lincolnshire at age 77.

Anna married **John Bygott Riggall**,³ son of **Frank Riggall** and **Mary Alice Bygott**, on 3 Jun 1909 in Kirmington, Lincolnshire. John was born on 4 Feb 1884 in Hackthorne, Lincoln. They had two children: **Prudence Jan Mary** and **Helen Eunice**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Langton Grange, Spilsby, Lincolnshire.
 - 11-Prudence Jan Mary Riggall
 - 11-Helen Eunice Riggall

Helen married Harold Walter Masson, son of Walter Masson and Ethel Bilmer. They had one daughter: (No Given Name).

12-Masson

10-Dr. John De Monins Johnson^{3,27} was born on 17 May 1882 in Kirmington, Lincolnshire, died on 15 Sep 1956 in Oxford at age 74, and was buried in Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire.

General Notes: Johnson, John de Monins (1882–1956), printer, ephemerist, and classical scholar, was born on 17 May 1882 at Kirmington, Lincolnshire, the second son and third child of the vicar, the Revd John Henry Johnson (1841–1938), and his wife, Anna Braithwaite, née Savory (1846–1928). He was educated at Magdalen College School, Oxford, and in 1900 won an open scholarship at Exeter College. He obtained a first class in classical moderations (1902) and a second class in literae humaniores (1904), remaining in residence for an extra year reading Arabic in preparation for the Egyptian civil service, which he entered in 1905 and left in 1907.

From 1909 to 1912 Johnson was a senior demy of Magdalen College and during this period and later, while a pupil of A. S. Hunt, he edited papyri: Johnson was chiefly responsible for volume 2 of the Catalogue of the Greek Papyri in the John Rylands Library, which was published in 1915. In 1911, and again in 1913–14, he was in Egypt conducting explorations on behalf of the Graeco-Roman branch of the Egypt Exploration Society. During his second expedition he found at Antinoë the earliest known manuscript of Theocritus. It was edited by Hunt and Johnson together, but publication (Two Theocritus papyri) was delayed until 1930 when Johnson's name, unusually duplicated, appeared both on the title-page and in the printer's colophon at the end.

In 1915 (unfit for active service) Johnson was appointed acting assistant secretary to the delegates of Oxford University Press, and later assistant secretary. He was discerning in choosing manuscripts, enterprising and persuasive in seeking authors, and, when there was opportunity, a brilliant innovator in illustration. Inspired by his work as a papyrologist, Johnson was the originator of the use of contemporary documentation in the illustration of school history books.

On 31 July 1918 Johnson married (Margaret) Dorothea (1892–1981), daughter of Charles Cannan, secretary to the delegates. They had one son, Charles Cannan Johnson (who became manager of the Canadian branch of the press but who died in 1963), and one daughter, Paulla Bolingbroke.

In 1925 the delegates appointed Johnson printer to the university— a daring choice, for he had no practical knowledge of either printing or factory management. Nevertheless he possessed other significant qualifications: he was in his prime, his capacity proved; he was on terms with the delegates and apprised of policy; and he was known to the university and familiar with its governmental machinery. He was immediately plunged into the less agreeable excitement of industrial management, for within a year he experienced, successively, a sectional strike, and the general strike of 1926, events which made a deep impression on him. He then faced the necessary unpleasantness of disturbing some members of his well-entrenched staff, and the introduction of replacements. In the factory he found on the one hand a modern bindery and on the other a department in which 100 compositors still worked by candlelight. As he moved among other publishers and printers, he learned that the reputation of Oxford printing had fallen very low. The urgent need for planned re-equipment and development was recognized and the delegates gave Johnson a free hand in his spending.

For the next few years Johnson devoted those resources, and all his time, to the restoration of Oxford printing; but the slump of the early thirties arrested expansion, and the outbreak of war in 1939 ended it. Eventually 90 per cent of the press's output was employed by the government in the war effort. Johnson was appointed CBE in 1945 in recognition of his special services during the war, and retired in the following year. He had been elected an honorary fellow of Exeter College in 1936.

Many great and beautiful books were produced under the direction of Johnson, who was in the vanguard of those responsible for the renaissance of book printing in the twenties. In 1928 he completed the printing of the Oxford English Dictionary and received from the university the honorary degree of DLitt. Other works were the lectern Bible designed by Bruce Rogers and completed in 1935; the handsome Survey of Persian Art (1938–9) in six folio volumes; and the two-volume Old Spain (1936), printed for Macmillan with illustrations by Muirhead Bone in colour collotype.

Johnson was quick to appreciate the importance of, and assiduous in adding to, the unique collection of printing material preserved at the press where the typographical museum illustrates the history of Oxford printing. With his friend Strickland Gibson, Johnson edited The First Minute Book of the Delegates of the Oxford University Press (1943) and together they wrote Print and Privilege at Oxford to the Year 1700 (1946). Other works by John Johnson include: The Oxford University Press, 1468–1926 (1926), The printer: his customers and his men (1933), and Oxford and industrial education considered as a foundation of the Beveridge plan (1943).

Johnson's most notable monument, however, may prove to be his vast collection of ephemeral printing. In this collection Johnson broke new ground. Previous collectors of what is now termed 'printed ephemera' had generally confined themselves to one area of collecting. Johnson's collection encompassed them all, embracing both printing and social history. It was to be [he wrote] the museum of what is commonly thrown away ... all the ordinary printed paraphernalia of our day-to-day lives in size from the large broadside to the humble calling card, and varying in splendour from the magnificent invitations to coronations of Kings to the humblest piece of street literature sold for a penny or less. (Bodl. Oxf., MS Johnson c.18, fol. 53) A discriminating collector, Johnson amassed over a million items which he grouped under about 700 headings. With a few exceptions, Johnson chose to collect retrospectively, his collection mainly spanning the years 1508 to 1939. The collection, often referred to as the Sanctuary of Printing, was formed for the University of Oxford and housed at Oxford University Press in rooms informally termed 'the cabin'. During Johnson's lifetime the collection was called the Constance Meade memorial collection of ephemeral printing, after one of its principal benefactors. In 1968 it was transferred to the Bodleian Library and renamed the John Johnson collection of printed ephemera. It is considered to be the most important single collection of printed ephemera in Britain, and possibly in the world.

Johnson was a tall man and well proportioned, slow and deliberate in his movements. His nose, large and well-chiselled, was his most striking feature: his hair, fine and combed over his brow, completed an arresting head. He turned a stern countenance to the world, and showed an explosive temper to those who displeased him; but he was a delightful conversationalist and a brilliant and voluminous correspondent. He was a busy controversialist, but was always ready to champion the weak and many were warmed by his kindness or helped by his charity. He devoted much time, energy, and enthusiasm to committees and public work. In his later years he withdrew from all these activities save the Oxford Preservation Trust, spending most of his time in his collection at the press.

Johnson died at the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, on 15 September 1956, and was buried at Headington cemetery, Oxford.

Charles Batey, rev. Julie Anne Lambert

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with Hon D.Litt in 1928.

- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He was educated at Exeter College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Papyrologist.
- He worked as a member of the Egyptian Civil Service.
- He worked as an Assistant Secretary to the Delegates of Oxford University Press.
- He worked as a Printer to the University at Oxford in 1925.

John married **Margaret Dorothea Cannan**,²⁷ daughter of **Charles Cannan** and **Mary Wedderburn**, on 31 Jul 1918 in Oxford. Margaret was born on 21 Nov 1892 in Oxford. They had two children: **Charles Cannan** and **Paulla Bolingbroke**.

11-Charles Cannan Johnson

11-Paulla Bolingbroke Johnson

9-Mary Savory^{3,27,100} was born on 11 Sep 1848 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 23 Sep 1923 in Sutton, Surrey at age 75.

Mary married **Sir George Job Elvey**, ^{3,27} son of **John Elvey** and **Abigail Hardiman**, on 20 Jun 1882 in Sunninghill, Ascot, Berkshire. George was born on 27 Mar 1816 in Union Street, Canterbury, Kent, died on 9 Dec 1893 in Windlesham, Surrey at age 77, and was buried in St. George's Chapel, Windsor. They had one son: **George Frederick Handel**.

General Notes: Organist, Chapel Royal, Windsor, 1835-82, and to the Queen, 1837-82., Mus. Bac, New Coll., Oxon., 1838, Mus. Doc, 1840

Elvey, Sir George Job (1816–1893), organist and composer, born in Union Street, Canterbury, on 27 March 1816, was the younger son of John Elvey and Abigail Hardiman. For several generations his family had been connected with the musical life of the city. At an early age he was admitted as a chorister of Canterbury Cathedral, under the organist Highmore Skeats, where his brother, Stephen Elvey, was master of the boys. In 1830 Stephen Elvey was appointed organist of New College, Oxford, and George went to live with him. He completed his musical education under his brother's guidance. Before he was seventeen he had become a very expert organist, and took temporary duty at Christ Church, Magdalen, and New College. In 1834 he gained the Gresham gold medal for his anthem 'Bow down thine ear, O Lord'. In 1835 he succeeded Skeats as organist of St George's Chapel, Windsor. Among his earliest pupils were Prince George (duke of Cambridge) and Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar, for whose confirmation he composed his well-known anthem 'Wherewithal shall a young man cleanse his way?' He matriculated from New College in May 1838, and graduated BMus in June 1838, his exercise being an oratorio, The Resurrection and Ascension, which was performed by the Sacred Harmonic Society at Exeter Hall later that year, and subsequently in the USA at Boston, and also at Glasgow. On 19 June 1838, he married Harriette Skeats, the daughter of Highmore Skeats. They had one son, George Highmore Elvey, born in 1851. Meanwhile in July 1840, by a special dispensation of the chancellor of the university, Elvey graduated DMus two years earlier than was allowed by the statutes. His exercise on this occasion was the anthem 'The ways of Zion do mourn'. He wrote two anthems with orchestral accompaniments, 'The Lord is king' and 'Sing, o heavens', respectively for the Gloucester festival of 1853 and the Worcester festival of 1857.

On 22 August 1854 Elvey married Georgiana Nichols, the daughter of John Bowyer Nichols (1779–1863) [see under Nichols family (per. c.1760–1939)], a printer and antiquary, and the granddaughter of John Nichols (1745–1826), also a printer and antiquary. They had three sons and a daughter. Following her death on 22 December 1863, Elvey married, on 20 April 1865, Eleanora Grace Jarvis, the daughter of Richard Jarvis.

Of Elvey's best-known works—produced chiefly between 1856 and 1860—many were composed for special services at St George's Chapel. With the death of the prince consort in 1861 Elvey lost one of his most sympathetic patrons. The funeral anthems 'The souls of the righteous' and 'Blessed are the dead' were both written for anniversary services in memory of the prince. For the marriage of Edward VII, when prince of Wales (1863), Elvey composed a special anthem with organ and orchestral accompaniment, 'Sing unto God', and for the marriage of Princess Louise (duchess of Argyll) in 1871 a festal march. He was knighted on 24 March 1871. The last important public event in which he took part was the marriage of the duke of Albany at St George's Chapel on 6 May 1882. In June of that year he resigned his post as organist. On 20 June, his third wife having died on 23 January 1879, he married, for the fourth and last time; his new wife was Mary Savory, the daughter of Sir Joseph Savory of Buckhurst Park, lord mayor of London in 1890–91. After some years spent in retirement Elvey died, at The Towers, Windlesham, Surrey, on 9 December 1893, and was buried in the catacombs of St George's Chapel on 14 December. He was survived by his wife.

Elvey was a prolific writer of church music. Besides the anthems already mentioned, his chants, his Cantate domino, a Deus misereatur in D, and the tune to the harvest hymn 'Come, ye thankful people, come' were among his most popular compositions. He also wrote fifteen part songs, an introduction and gavotte for piano and violin, and four piano pieces.

Elvey was a staunch admirer of old English church music, and the school of the restoration was fully represented in his services at St George's Chapel. He was also famous for his rendering of Handel's music. In the words of E. H. Thorne, a former pupil: 'Elvey's style of organ playing was pre-eminently a grand church style. He was particularly fine in the anthems of Purcell, Greene, Croft,

and Boyce, and knew how to bring out all the devotional and dramatic qualities of these composers'.

R. H. Newmarch, rev. Nilanjana Banerji

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Organist, Chapel Royal, Windsor.
- He had a residence in The Towers, Windlesham, Bagshot, Surrey.

10-Rev. George Frederick Handel Elvey was born on 29 Jun 1883 in Ascot, Berkshire and died on 20 Mar 1967 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clergyman.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Croquet Association in 1939-1948.

George married **Nora Christine Gethin**, daughter of **Daniel Roland Gethin** and **Sophia Andrews**, on 29 Jun 1927 in Broadstairs, Kent. Nora was born on 28 Feb 1900 in Berriew, Powys, Wales and died about 1996 about age 96.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a championship croquet player.
- 9-Rev. Arnold Wordsworth Savory^{27,100} was born on 26 May 1850 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 29 May 1930 in Broadstairs, Kent at age 80.

General Notes: Vicar of Worlaby, Lincs, 1883, County Councillor Lindsey Division of Lincolnshire

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He was educated at Wadham College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Vicar of Hessle 1894 To 1905 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Vicar of Worlaby after 1905 in Worlaby, Lincolnshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 185 Castellain Road, Elgin Avenue, London.

Arnold married Eliza Robertson Lawson,²⁷ daughter of Alexander Lawson and Margaret Beverley, on 5 Jan 1875 in St. Paul's, Knightsbridge, London. Eliza was born on 28 Dec 1847 in Poole, Dorset and died on 19 Mar 1924 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 76. They had three children: Islay Mabel Laura Wordsworth, Evelyn Violet Wordsworth, and Arnold Kenneth Malcolm Cecil Wordsworth.

- 10-Islay Mabel Laura Wordsworth Savory²⁷ was born on 6 Nov 1875 in Torquay, Devon and died on 9 Nov 1937 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 62.
- 10-Evelyn Violet Wordsworth Savory²⁷ was born on 26 Jul 1878 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 25 Jun 1961 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 82.
- 10-Arnold Kenneth Malcolm Cecil Wordsworth Savory²⁷ was born on 24 Jun 1882 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 9 Feb 1959 in West Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada at age 76.

Arnold married **Bridget Kathleen Newmarch Molineux**,²⁷ daughter of **J. Molineux** and **Mary Newmarch**, on 7 Apr 1912 in Colombo, Sri Lanka. Bridget was born on 16 Jul 1880 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire. They had four children: **Elizabeth Mary Wordsworth, Kenneth Michael Wordsworth, James Molineux Wordsworth**, and **Bevan Wordsworth**.

11-Elizabeth Mary Wordsworth Savory

Elizabeth married William Isador Byman.

11-**Kenneth Michael Wordsworth Savory** was born on 1 Mar 1915 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire and died on 26 Feb 1965 in California, USA at age 49.

Kenneth married Gloria Doye, daughter of Theodore Doye and Queenie Gertrude Tyler. They had three children: Elizabeth Christine Wordsworth, Helen Wordsworth, and Angela Wordsworth.

- 12-Elizabeth Christine Wordsworth Savory
- 12-Helen Wordsworth Savory
- 12-Angela Wordsworth Savory
- 11-James Molineux Wordsworth Savory was born on 1 Mar 1915 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.

James married Bridget Josephine Teresa Kearney, daughter of Peter Kearney and Bridget Mary Dockery. They had one daughter: Kathleen Bridget.

- 12-Kathleen Bridget Savory
- 11-Bevan Wordsworth Savory was born on 20 Jul 1918 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.

Bevan married Helena Mary Leach Clegg, daughter of Warren Leach Clegg and Margaret Mitchell. They had three children: John Andrew Wordsworth, Kathleen Margaret, and Richard Douglas.

- 12-John Andrew Wordsworth Savory
- 12-Kathleen Margaret Savory
- 12-Richard Douglas Savory
- 9-Ethelbert Keston Savory^{27,100} was born on 5 Mar 1852 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 26 Sep 1917 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1915 in Fortescue Road, Barnstaple, Devon.

Ethelbert married Eliza Lisney, daughter of Edward Lisney.

Ethelbert next married **Harriett Downe**. Harriett was born in 1860 and died on 22 Feb 1954 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 94. They had six children: **Ethelbert Keston Cecil Lloyd, Ethelwyn Griselda M. M. Lloyd, Joseph Braithwaite, Alan Ballantyne, Iris Cecilia Lloyd,** and **Gilbert**.

10-Ethelbert Keston Cecil Lloyd Savory died in 1960 in Pretoria, Transvaal, South Africa.

Ethelbert married **Dorothy**.

10-Ethelwyn Griselda M. M. Lloyd Savory

Ethelwyn married Jewell. They had three children: Frank, Elizabeth, and Diana.

- 11-Frank Jewell
- 11-Elizabeth Jewell
- 11-Diana Jewell
- 10-Joseph Braithwaite Savory
- 10-Alan Ballantyne Savory

Alan married Paddy.

10-Iris Cecilia Lloyd Savory

10-Gilbert Savory died on 11 Oct 1923.

9-Ronald Herbert Savory^{27,100,231} was born on 28 Jun 1856 in London and died on 6 Nov 1931 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a DL for London.
- He worked as a Partner in Foster and Braithwaite, Stockbrokers in London.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Sandgates, Chertsey, Surrey.

Ronald married **John Alicia Maria Torry**, ²⁷ daughter of **John Berry Torry** and **Maria Theresa Stalman**, on 2 Dec 1879 in Sunningdale, Berkshire. John was born on 3 Dec 1859 in Shrubs Hill, Sunningdale, Berkshire and died on 7 Feb 1951 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 91. They had three children: **Ronald Herbert, Alicia Eva Theresa**, and **Rudolph Claude**.

10-Ronald Herbert Savory²⁷ was born on 8 Oct 1880 in Weybridge, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Cooper's Hill.
- He worked as an Adjutant of the Sussex Territorials in 1902.

Ronald married **Sophia Elizabeth Jolly**, daughter of **Robert William Jolly** and **Eliza Daintree**, on 3 Feb 1912 in Hastings. Sophia was born on 1 Mar 1874 in London. They had one son: **Ronald George Herbert**.

11-Ronald George Herbert Savory was born on 4 Jul 1914 in Londonderry and was buried in Major R.A.S.C.

Ronald married Georgina Evelyn Davis, daughter of William Davis and Edith Groser. They had two children: Richard George Howard and John Robin Boulnois.

- 12-Richard George Howard Savory
- 12-John Robin Boulnois Savory

Ronald next married Pamela Craine Sutton, daughter of John Sutton and Fanny Rainford. They had two children: Peter John Stewart and Wendy Judith Crane.

- 12-Peter John Stewart Savory
- 12-Wendy Judith Crane Savory

10-Alicia Eva Theresa Savory was born on 4 Mar 1882 in Weybridge, Surrey and died on 4 Oct 1938 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 56.

10-**Maj. Rudolph Claude Savory**^{27,231} was born on 1 Nov 1884 in Weybridge, Surrey, died on 13 Oct 1952 in North Creake, Norfolk at age 67, and was buried in St. Mary the Virgin, Great Snoring, Norfolk.

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford in 1904-1907.

- He worked as an officer of the Army Remount Service.
- He worked as a Partner in Foster & Braithwaite in 27 Austin Friars, London.
- He worked as a Member of the Stock Exchange.
- He had a residence in Nunsbury, Wormley, Hertfordshire.

Rudolph married **Ilse Lydia Bertha Von Heimendahl**,^{27,231} daughter of **Alexander Von Heimendahl** and **Berta Niedieck**, on 21 Jun 1913 in Kempen-Rhein, Germany. Ilse was born on 8 Jan 1893 in Wilhelmshohe, Germany, died in 1972 in North Creake, Norfolk at age 79, and was buried in St. Mary the Virgin, Great Snoring, Norfolk. They had two children: **John Niedieck** and **Claude Berry**.

11-John Niedieck Savory was born on 10 Jul 1914 in Chertsey, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor and Partner In Foster & Braithwaite.

John married Elizabeth Mary Hudson, daughter of William Hudson and Annie Frances Perowne. They had three children: Ilse Gillian, Veronica Mary Alicia, and Nigel Rudolph.

- 12-Ilse Gillian Savory
- 12-Veronica Mary Alicia Savory
- 12-Nigel Rudolph Savory
- 11-Claude Berry Savory

Claude married Irene Anne Parker, daughter of Luther Parker and Agnes Dunachie Murdoch. They had two children: Michael Berry and Ian Ronald.

- 12-Michael Berry Savory
- 12-Ian Ronald Savory was born on 20 Oct 1946 in Cambridge and died on 13 Jul 1951 in Salisbury, Rhodesia. In an accident, at age 4.
- 7-Agatha Lloyd was born in 1790 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1841 at age 51.
- 7-Caroline Lloyd²¹ was born in 1790 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 15 Oct 1811 in (13Th Also Given) at age 21.
- 7-Agatha Lloyd³⁴ was born on 11 Aug 1791 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1838 at age 47.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

Agatha married **James Pearson**, ^{34,232} son of **Richard Pearson** and **Margaret Kitchen**, on 19 Jul 1815 in FMH Birmingham. James was born on 22 Oct 1779 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 2 Mar 1853 at age 73. They had six children: **Mary Caroline**, **James**, **Charles Richard**, **Agatha**, **Charles Lloyd**, and **Richard**.

- He worked as a Promoter and Manager of the Bank of Birmingham in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Partner in the bank of Moilliet, Smith & Pearson.
- He worked as a first Chairman of the Birmingham Stock Exchange in 1845-1852.
- · He was a Quaker.
 - 8-Mary Caroline Pearson³⁴ was born on 11 Nov 1816 and died on 5 Feb 1883 at age 66.

Mary married **Robert Benson Dockray**,³⁴ son of **David Dockray**^{23,85,233,234} and **Abigail Benson**,^{23,85,233,234} on 15 Aug 1838 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Robert was born on 13 Nov 1813 in Liverpool and died on 8 Sep 1871 at age 57. They had five children: **Robert Henry, Mary, Agatha Sophia, Katharine**, and **Caroline Margaret Josephine**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Highgate Aston.
 - 9-**Robert Henry Dockray**³⁴ was born on 15 May 1843.

General Notes: Of Stoke, Headington, Oxfordshire

Robert married Sarah Mary Louisa Taylor.

9-Mary Dockray³⁴ was born on 4 Sep 1839 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died in 1920 at age 81.

Mary married **Rev. Frederick Binyon**,³⁴ son of **Alfred Binyon**¹⁷⁶ and **Lucy Hoyle**,¹⁷⁶ on 21 Jun 1866 in St. Mary, Lancaster. Frederick was born on 11 May 1838 in Manchester and died on 27 Aug 1900 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria at age 62. They had nine children: **John Frederick, Robert Laurence, Alfred George, Frances Dockray, Lucy Caroline, Charles Arthur, Edward Reginald, Herbert**, and **Gilbert Clive**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Burton in Lonsdale in Burton in Lonsale.
- He worked as a Curate of Hammersmith in 1866 in London.
 - 10-John Frederick Binyon was born on 10 Jun 1868 and died on 4 Feb 1936 at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Of Grange over Sands.
 - 11-Olwen Ruth Binyon died on 28 Jun 1976.
 - 11-Dennis Binyon
 - 12-**Timothy John Binyon** was born on 18 Feb 1936 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 7 Oct 2004 in Witney, Oxfordshire at age 68.

- He worked as a Crime writer.
- 12-Mary Binyon
- 12-Jane Binyon
 - 13-Sarah Higgins
 - 13-Zoe Higgins
- 11-Phyllis Mabel Binyon was born on 4 Apr 1901 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria.
 - 12-Anthony Martin Brown
 - 12-Philip Brown
- 10-Robert Laurence Binyon was born on 10 Aug 1869 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 10 Mar 1943 in Reading, Berkshire at age 73.

General Notes: Poem by Robert Laurence Binyon (1869-1943), published in The Times newspaper on 21st September 1914. and whose words (in part), are repeated at the Remembrance Day services.

For The Fallen

With proud thanksgiving, a mother for her children, England mourns for her dead across the sea. Flesh of her flesh they were, spirit of her spirit, Fallen in the cause of the free.

Solemn the drums thrill: Death august and royal Sings sorrow up into immortal spheres. There is music in the midst of desolation And a glory that shines upon our tears.

They went with songs to the battle, they were young, Straight of limb, true of eye, steady and aglow. They were staunch to the end against odds uncounted, They fell with their faces to the foe.

They shall grow not old, as we that are left grow old: Age shall not weary them, nor the years condemn. At the going down of the sun and in the morning We will remember them.

They mingle not with their laughing comrades again; They sit no more at familiar tables of home; They have no lot in our labour of the day-time; They sleep beyond England's foam.

But where our desires are and our hopes profound, Felt as a well-spring that is hidden from sight, To the innermost heart of their own land they are known As the stars are known to the Night;

As the stars that shall be bright when we are dust, Moving in marches upon the heavenly plain, As the stars that are starry in the time of our darkness, To the end, to the end, they remain.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CH.
- He worked as a Keeper of Oriental prints and Drawings, at the British Museum.
- He worked as a Poet and Dramatist.

Robert married Cecily Margaret Powell, daughter of Henry Pryor Powell and Helena (Margaret) Eddis, on 12 Apr 1904 in St. Andrews, Well Street. Cecily was born on 16 Aug 1876. They had three children: Helen Francesca Mary, Agatha Margaret, and Nicolette Mary.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an Officer in charge of Oriental Prints & Paintings. British Museum.

- 11-**Helen Francesca Mary Binyon** was born on 9 Dec 1904 and died in 1979 at age 75.
- 11-Agatha Margaret Binyon was born on 9 Dec 1904.

Agatha married **Humphrey Higgins**. They had three children: **Andrew, Harriet**, and **Jonathan**.

- 12-Andrew Higgins
- 12-Harriet Higgins
- 12-Jonathan Higgins
 - 13-Sarah Higgins
 - 13-Zoe Higgins
- 11-Nicolette Mary Binyon was born on 21 Jul 1911 in Chelsea, London and died on 8 Jun 1997 in Cadogan Street, Chelsea, London at age 85.

Noted events in her life were:

· She worked as a Medievalist.

Nicolette married **Basil Gray**, son of **Dr. Charles Gray** and **Florence Elworthy Cowell**, in 1933. Basil was born in 1904 in London and died on 6 Oct 1989 in Oxford at age 85. They had five children: **Marius, Camilla, Edmund, Cecilia**, and **Sophia Frances**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Islamicist and head of the Oriental department, British Museum, 1945-1969.
 - 12-Marius Gray

Marius married Clare Milward. They had four children: Emma Catherine, Theodore Clement, Bridget Lucy Scholastica, and Jacquetta Clemency Mary.

13-Emma Catherine Gray

Emma married **Graham Phillips**. They had three children: **Matthew, Thomas**, and **Frances**.

- 14-Matthew Phillips
- 14-Thomas Phillips
- 14-Frances Phillips
- 13-Theodore Clement Gray
- 13-Bridget Lucy Scholastica Gray

Bridget married Anthony Salter.

13-Jacquetta Clemency Mary Gray

Jacquetta married **Jason Goy**.

12-Camilla Gray died in 1971.

Camilla married Oleg Prokoviev. They had one daughter: Anastasia.

- 13-Anastasia Prokoviev
- 12-Edmund Gray
- 12-Cecilia Gray

Cecilia married **Graf Tassilo Wolff-Metternich Zur Gracht** on 14 Sep 1968. Tassilo was born on 29 Aug 1940 and died on 24 Jul 2002 at age 61. They had four children: **Josephine, Eliza Lucy, Boris Peter Basil**, and **Edwin Sebastian Gleb**.

13-Grafin Josephine Wolff-Metternich Zur Gracht

Josephine married Markus Distelhoff. They had two children: Anna and Isabella.

- 14-Anna Distelhoff
- 14-Isabella Distelhoff
- 13-Grafin Eliza Lucy Wolff-Metternich Zur Gracht

Eliza married Jasper Joseph-Lester. They had two children: Joe and Ned.

- 14-Joe Joseph-Lester
- 14-Ned Joseph-Lester
- 13-Graf Boris Peter Basil Wolff-Metternich Zur Gracht

Boris married Teena Marie Manaluz.

- 13-Graf Edwin Sebastian Gleb Wolff-Metternich Zur Gracht
- 12-Sophia Frances Gray
- 10-Alfred George Binyon was born on 14 Nov 1870 and died on 15 Jan 1871.
- 10-Frances Dockray Binyon was born on 4 Dec 1871 and died on 23 Feb 1936 at age 64.
- 10-Lucy Caroline Binyon was born on 10 Mar 1873 and died on 18 Feb 1879 at age 5.
- 10-Charles Arthur Binyon was born on 9 Mar 1874 and died in 1963 at age 89.
- 10-Edward Reginald Binyon was born on 13 Oct 1875 and died on 31 Aug 1876.
- 10-**Herbert Binyon** was born on 24 Feb 1877 and died on 23 Mar 1877.
- 10-Gilbert Clive Binyon was born on 12 Jul 1880 and died in 1952 at age 72.
- 9-**Agatha Sophia Dockray**^{3,34} was born on 11 Sep 1840.

Agatha married Rev. Stephen Phillips. They had 13 children: Stephen, Robert Francis, Harold Dockray, Mary Agatha, Alban Lloyd, Maurice Frederick, Frances Lucy Caroline, James Christopher, Herbert Septimus, Edith Juliet, Austin Henry, Margaret Emma, and Arthur David.

10-**Stephen Phillips**³ was born on 28 Jul 1864 in Albert Villa, George Street, Summertown, Oxford, Oxfordshire, died on 9 Dec 1915 in Goodwin Cottage, Griffin Street, Deal, Kent at age 51, and was buried on 13 Dec 1915 in Hastings, Sussex. The cause of his death was Cirrhosis of the liver and Exhaustion.

General Notes: Phillips, Stephen (1864–1915), poet and playwright, was born on 28 July 1864 at Albert Villa, George Street, Summertown, Oxford, the eldest of the thirteen children of Stephen Phillips (b. 1837), precentor of Peterborough Cathedral, and his wife, Agatha Sophia (née Dockray), a relative of the Wordsworths. Phillips's relationship with his father was strained; from his mother he inherited a feeling for poetry and the contemplative melancholy that was the keynote of his life and poems. He attended Trinity College School, Stratford upon Avon; then, for six months, King's School, Peterborough; and finally Oundle School (1878–83). A morose boy, Phillips was unpopular at school and despised his teachers. He had no capacity for mathematics or science, but delighted in the Greek and Latin classics. Although he was recommended for a minor scholarship in classics at Queens' College, Cambridge, he prepared instead for the civil service at a crammer run by W. B. Scoones in London. One of the staff, John Churton Collins, encouraged Phillips's interest in poetry, which resulted in the privately printed Orestes and Other Poems (1884).

In the spring of 1885 Phillips travelled to Wolverhampton to join the theatrical company managed by his cousin F. R. Benson. His histrionic assets were mostly physical, although he possessed a beautiful voice and elocution. He stood an imposing 6 feet 4 inches and had auburn hair and large, intense blue eyes. He resembled Benson, and could double for him. Phillips's strong sense of humour, love of practical jokes, and gift for mimicry meant that this resemblance was exploited in off-stage imitation. Like Benson, he was a keen cricketer. The constant repetition involved in acting bored him, especially in such small roles as Hastings in Richard III, Gremio in The Taming of the Shrew, or Snake in The School for Scandal. However, he was a notable Ghost in Hamlet, attempted an unusual Iago, and played Prospero in The Tempest (when he amused himself by using his wand as a fishing rod over the orchestra pit). In the same production he fell in love with one of the ballet dancers, May Lidyard (1874/5–1948), daughter of Henry Lidyard, a builder. He married her on 28 March 1892 and she was a devoted wife, even though Phillips's drinking excesses and philandering finally forced a separation. They had two children, Persephone (b. 1897), who died in infancy, and Stephen (b. 1899). Phillips commemorated both children in the poem 'A Gleam'.

While acting Phillips began writing plays with the notion of restoring poetic drama to the stage, but the play he offered for Benson's consideration met with a silent rebuff. More profitable was his friendship with his cousin Laurence Binyon, who discerned Phillips's poetic talent and devised a scheme whereby they would each write a poem a week and then compare notes. They published Primavera: Poems by Four Authors in 1890, with Manmohan Ghose and A. S. Cripps as their collaborators. Phillips's contributions, 'To a Lost Love' and 'A Dream', exhibit a lyrical mood rather than any dramatic impulse.

Phillips left Benson in 1892 and for a time earned a living as a history lecturer at an army tutorial school near London run by Messrs Wolffram and Needham. His heart was in his poetry, however. In 1894 he published Eremus, whose theme and texture anticipated Christ in Hades, published in 1897 as part of a series edited by Laurence Binyon. However, it was the success of Poems in 1897 which persuaded Phillips to become a full-time writer, a decision rendered easier by the 100-guinea prize with which The Academy, in 1898, crowned the volume for its outstanding merit. Poems includes 'The Apparition', 'Christ in Hades', 'Marpessa', and 'The Wife', four distinctive non-dramatic poems which illustrate Phillips's gift for charging lyric or narrative matter with dramatic sense.

The success of Poems led also to a commission from George Alexander for a poetic play for the St James's Theatre. However, unavoidable delays in casting Paolo and Francesca, the play Phillips wrote, meant that it appeared first in book form. It was greeted with almost unanimous praise, although Max Beerbohm sniffed, 'It seemed to me very delicate, very smooth, wholly derivative. It might have been the work of a beautiful, etherialised sixth-form boy with an instinct for the stage' (Beerbohm, 316). Eagerness to see it played was increased by the success both in the theatre (1900) and in print (1901) of Herod, which H. B. Tree staged with his usual pictorial sumptuousness at Her Majesty's. When Paolo and Francesca, which boasted seven Bensonians in its cast, was eventually performed in 1902, Phillips was hailed as the successor of Sophocles and Shakespeare, and his royalties amounted to £150 per week. The play contains some effectively poetic lines, but characterization and motivation are thin, while hyperbole and bombast abound. Nevertheless, it ran for 134 performances, two more than Phillips's next piece, Ulysses, an even more pictorial work than Herod, on which Tree lavished his attention in 1902.

Phillips was still at his apogee when Tree staged the loosely constructed, rhetoric-charged Nero in 1906. Tellingly, Phillips told Hesketh Pearson, 'I wrote Paolo and Francesca for love, Herod for popularity, Ulysses for money, and Nero for all three' (Pearson, 142). From then on he was driven by the need for money, which slipped through his fingers as a result of his generosity and dissipation. He preferred 'the company of rougher and ruder individualities' (H. D. Phillips, 215), and revelled in slumming in London's East End. Profit was the motive for his collaboration with J. Comyns Carr on Faust in 1908, and in the same year he dramatized Scott's novel The Bride of Lammermoor (also known as The Last Heir). By 1909 he was already separated from his long-suffering wife, whom he had deserted for his mistress and secretary, variously known as Greta Hyam and Margaret H. Jerome, under which name she wrote about him; she was probably the journalist Margaret Heimann (1887/8–1940), of Swiss origin, recorded in the census of 1911. In that year Phillips was forced into bankruptcy with liabilities of £710. In the previous year he had squandered over £1100. Pietro of Siena, a pale imitation of his first (and best) play, did nothing to revive his fortunes in 1910: it received just one performance. Iole in 1913 managed only two performances. The following year Phillips dusted off an earlier work, The Sin of David, which had been first performed in Germany in 1905. Because of the censor's ban on biblical subjects, Phillips transposed this story of David, Bathsheba, and Uriah to Cromwellian England, but with little success. His last staged work was Armageddon (1915), a series of revue sketches notable only for their patriotism.

While enjoying success in the theatre Phillips had not abandoned poetry entirely. In 1908 he brought out New Poems, which confirmed suspicions that his reputation was overblown. His longest poem, The New Inferno (1911), is a clumsily constructed series of overdrawn pictures illustrating trite moral texts. Better, with its flashes of Phillips's old spontaneity, was Lyrics and Dramas (1913), but his themes remained commonplace. His last volume, Panama and other Poems (1915), is better forgotten. A brighter facet of Phillips's later career was his editorship of the Poetry Review from January 1913 until his death.

Shortly before his death Phillips completed Harold, a verse play about the Norman conquest, having completed a scenario for one on John the Baptist. In mid-October 1915 he fell seriously ill after suffering a severe chill. He died at Goodwin Cottage, Griffin Street, Deal, Kent, where he was living, on 9 December 1915, of cirrhosis of the liver and exhaustion. His funeral service at St Clement's Church, Hastings, was conducted by his brother the Revd David Phillips, and attended by his wife and son, and his friend the actor Martin Harvey. Phillips was buried in the cemetery at Hastings on 13 December. He died intestate and worth a nominal £5.

For ten years Phillips was accorded film-star status, which disappeared as quickly as it came. It is difficult now to see much intrinsic merit in his work, and easier to perceive how derivative his poetry was (as several contemporaries also indicated). Nevertheless, the response to his plays reveals that Phillips was alive to that theatrical taste which embraced the spectacular, the romantic, and the melodramatic, cloaked in easy-going pseudo-Elizabethan verse. That Phillips failed to capitalize on his successes is indicative of his indolent nature, his lack of true talent, and

his predilection for strong drink.

J. P. WEARING

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Likenesses

W. Rothenstein, lithograph, 1898, NPG < javascript:; > · P. Anderson, watercolour drawing, 1902, NPG < javascript:; > · Elliott & Fry, photograph, NPG < javascript:; > · J. Russell, photograph, repro. in Bax, Some I knew well · photograph, repro. in Grushow, 'Stephen Phillips'

Wealth at death

£5: administration, 12 May 1916, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

ntbl© Oxford University Press 2004–14 All rights reservedntblntbl J. P. Wearing, 'Phillips, Stephen (1864–1915)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2011 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/35514

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College School, Stratford upon Avon in Stratford upon Avon, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at King's School, Peterborough in Peterborough, Cambridgeshire.
- He was educated at Oundle in 1878-1883.
- He worked as an Actor in 1885-1892.
- He worked as a Poet and Playwright.
- Miscellaneous: Bankrupt, 1911.
- He worked as an Editor of Poetry Review in 1913-1915.
- Miscellaneous: Buried by his brother, Rev. Arthur David Phillips, St Clement's Church, Hastings, Sussex.

Stephen married Mary Lidyard, daughter of Henry Lidyard, on 28 Mar 1892. Mary was born in 1874 and died in 1948 at age 74. They had two children: May Persephone and Stephen.

- 11-May Persephone Phillips³ was born in 1897 in Fulham, London and died in Died in Infancy.
- 11-Stephen Phillips³ was born on 4 Sep 1899 in St. Ives, Cornwall, died on 23 Aug 1960 in St. Ives, Cornwall at age 60, and was buried in Barnoon Cemetery, St. Ives, Cornwall.

Stephen married Janie. Janie was born in 1899, died on 13 Aug 1991 in St. Ives, Cornwall at age 92, and was buried in Barnoon Cemetery, St. Ives, Cornwall.

Stephen had a relationship with **Greta Hyam**. Marriage status: mistress. This couple did not marry. Greta was born in 1887 and died in 1940 at age 53. Other names for Greta were Margaret Heimann and Margaret H. Jerome. They had no children.

10-**Robert Francis Phillips** was born on 11 Nov 1865.

10-Harold Dockray Phillips was born on 13 Apr 1867 in Oxfordshire, died on 6 Jul 1944 in Manatee County, Florida, USA at age 77, and was buried in Chestnut Hill Cemetery, Salisbury, Rowan County, North Carolina, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Organist and Music scholar.

• He worked as an Organist and Choirmaster, Old Trinity Church in Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Pennsylvania, USA.

Harold married **Amy Georgina Bentley**, ²³⁵ daughter of **Rev. Horatio Bentley**²³⁵ and **Clara Goddard**, on 26 Aug 1902 in St. Mary's , Homsey, Middlesex. Amy was born on 31 Jul 1874 in Shepherds Bush, London, died on 13 Nov 1928 in Salisbury, Rowan County, North Carolina, USA at age 54, and was buried in Chestnut Hill Cemetery, Salisbury, Rowan County, North Carolina, USA. They had one daughter: **Amy Yildiz**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They emigrated to Pennsylvania, USA.
 - 11-Dr. Amy Yildiz Phillips was born on 2 Sep 1906 and died on 1 Jan 1989 in Florida, USA at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Thurston Preparatory school.
- She was educated at Bryn Mawr in Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania, USA.
- She worked as an Assistant curator, Metropolitan Museum of Art in 1929 in Kew Gardens, Long Island, New York, N.Y., USA.

Amy married Commander John Maximilian van Hulsteyn USN, son of John Maximilian van Hulsteyn, on 9 Jun 1928 in Radnor, Pennsylvania, USA. John was born on 24 Mar 1896 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA, died on 5 Feb 1954 in Winter Haven, Florida, USA at age 57, and was buried in Baltimore, Maryland, USA. They had two children: Grace and David Bentley.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: The Index, 16 Jun 1928.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineering officer of the United States Navy.
 - 12-Grace van Hulsteyn
 - 12-Prof. David Bentley van Hulsteyn

David married someone. He had two children: Lisa and David.

13-Lisa van Hulsteyn

Lisa married O'Donnell.

13-David van Hulsteyn

David next married Peggy Guttmann, daughter of Gene Joseph Guttmann and Jane Weil.

- 10-Mary Agatha Phillips was born on 30 May 1868.
- 10-Alban Lloyd Phillips was born on 6 Jul 1869.
- 10-Maurice Frederick Phillips was born on 29 Nov 1870.
- 10-Frances Lucy Caroline Phillips was born on 7 Aug 1872 and died on 29 Aug 1875 at age 3.
- 10-James Christopher Phillips was born on 13 Sep 1873.
- 10-Rev. Dr. Herbert Septimus Phillips was born on 19 Dec 1874 and died on 23 Mar 1961 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon of Peterborough.
- 10-**Edith Juliet Phillips**³⁴ was born on 29 Jun 1876.
- 10-Austin Henry Phillips was born on 14 Aug 1877.
- 10-Margaret Emma Phillips was born on 18 Apr 1879 and died in 1949 at age 70.
 - 11-**Pelham Fynes-Clinton** was born on 10 Jul 1910 in 48 Poplar Road, Oxton, Birkenhead, Cheshire and died in 2007 at age 97.

General Notes: Pelham Fynes-Clinton was born in Oxton, on July 10th, 1910 – the year of Halley's comet, as he always liked to say. His father was the Managing Director of an engineering firm in Liverpool: Robert Fynes-Clinton was a practical man, though highly thoughtful and with a love of travel and the great outdoors; whilst his mother, Margaret, known as Daisy, was highly-strung, artistic and deeply musical, qualities passed on to her small son who showed unusual musical aptitude at a young age. At the age of 5 he was sent to school in Beresford Road, some two miles away. There were no school buses in those traffic-free days hence the 5-year-old walked to and fro to school each and every day, sometimes alone, such was life back in 1915. Pelham began formal piano lessons at age 8, the piano soon becoming the most important part of his life. He also enjoyed hours of fun playing with the wooden trains constructed for him by his father, complete with wooden rails, which stretched to the bottom of the long back garden at 48 Poplar Road.

Pelham's idyllic early life was shattered at the age of 9 when he was sent away to boarding school in Heswall: here the ultra-sensitive small boy suffered years of bullying. He was deeply unhappy and would still recount these memories with a shudder many decades later. Experience had caused him to become a nervy, introverted, solitary child, his main refuge in life being his beloved piano. At the age of 14 he was sent to Radley College in Oxfordshire: years remembered with pleasure, Radley doing much to encourage his obvious musical ability. Pelham longed to travel and see the world, so after many begging letters home, his parents allowed their son to leave school

a term early – he then spent 3 wonderful months in Paris to learn French, returning home to the news that university and his ambition of becoming an architect were now out of the question – the Depression was beginning to hit and his father's income was heavily reduced so that Pelham was forced to enter his father's engineering firm, a square peg in a round hole if ever there was one, and a very bitter blow to a young man of Pelham's gifts and sensibilities.

During the 1930s, Pelham, now in his twenties, loathed his daily grind in his father's office. He later recalled how the regular sight of children, desperately poor and barefoot on the streets of Liverpool in those bleak days profoundly shocked him. He was also aware that the world was gradually drifting towards World War II, and wanted to do something about it – however small. So he joined the League of

Nations Union, where he met his wife-to-be, Joan Elizabeth Chaplin, a History graduate, lively, intellectual, a lover of music, literature and the countryside, and keen worker for world peace. Joan brought real joy and high- spirited enthusiasm into his life, wonderful times followed and they married in June 1937, living initially in a flat at 3 Hydro Avenue, West Kirby, later moving to 1 Gerard Road.

Pelham spent the war years working for the Forestry Commission in Oswestry, and later at Llangollen, close to Joan's parents then living in Wales. Pelham got on with his in-laws as well, if not better, than his own parents, and despite the war, this was a happy period, open-air life in the countryside suiting Pelham down to the ground. After 5 years it was back to the office, but now, soothed by his respite, he felt better able to cope with his lot. In 1949 the couple's only child, Julia, was born. Throughout life from childhood to old age, Pelham's twin passions of music and the countryside completely dominated his life. His love of wild places meant that upon every holiday from the office he would head for Wales, Scotland or the Lake District and was never happier than when walking alone on the hills and mountains of the British Isles – the wilder and more remote the better.

Later he would travel to Italy, Switzerland, Norway, Iceland and Greenland, thrilling to the Alps, glaciers, geysers and volcanoes, as well as to art and architecture. On the Alps he would live on the mountainside for days at a time, roped securely to a guide, ice pick in hand! Although much affected by the vastness and awe of nature in the raw, and with a keen interest in astronomy, Pelham also derived huge pleasure from the tiniest of natural wonders: wild flowers in particular delighted to him. A walk in the company of so appreciative a soul was always a joy. Pelham was by nature an intellectual, deeply cultured and widely read. The joy he experienced in Florence and Vienna and in churches and cathedrals at home and abroad lasted a lifetime. (It was a family joke that if ever Pelham couldn't be found to always try the nearest cathedral!) His intense appreciation of beauty in all its forms meant that photography inevitably became a great hobby, his wonderful collections of slides taken on his travels being shown to many local societies. He was President of the Hoylake Photographic Society for some years, his black and white studies of mountain landscapes frequently winning awards. His love of the countryside led to his joining the National Trust, serving on the committee of the Liverpool branch until comparatively recently. He was also Secretary of the Hoylake Civic Society for many years – here again was his obvious desire to help preserve the assets of his local neighbourhood. Pelham's other passion – music – was laced into every day of his life in one form or another. He was an exceptionally gifted musician, so gifted and so exceptional that he could easily have become a professional concert pianist, but he readily acknowledged that his nervous system would never have survived the stress entailed. Nevertheless he delighted many local audiences over the years, sometimes performing in aid of Oxfam etc. He always amazed people that he could go straight to the piano and play anything at all, no music required

When not playing himself he was frequently listening to the Third Programme, or Radio 3 as it became. His knowledge of music was vast and in it his joy knew no bounds. He was a long-term member of the Hoylake Chamber Concert Society, serving on the committee, and latterly was President of the Hoylake Choral Society, both societies bringing him much pleasure. Pelham's wife, Joan, appreciated music and shared his love of nature and the countryside, but more especially her talent and passion for literature added a further element to Pelham's life. Jointly they gave what were called Apollo Evenings during the 'fifties and 'sixties; at these Joan and other members of the Hoylake Literary Society which Joan had founded would read poetry

interspersed by appropriate piano music performed by Pelham. These evenings were so popular that usually it was standing room only! Pelham took over the chairmanship of the Hoylake Literary Society after his wife's death in 1984. Thus music, great art, architecture, literature and poetry, nature and the countryside were the combined central force throughout Pelham's immensely long life.

Following Joan's death, Pelham became seriously ill, Addison's Disease eventually being diagnosed, but not before his weight had dropped to 7 stone and at one point he seemed unlikely to survive. During this period a neighbour and recently acquired friend of the couple, Mrs Margaret Waterhouse, was invaluable in caring for Pelham, cooking him special recipes and generally doing all she could for his welfare. To cut a very long story short, in 1990 Pelham moved in with Mrs Waterhouse in the spirit of friendship and as a paying guest — initially for a period of 3 weeks, but ended up spending the last 17 years of his life with Margaret. It is largely to Margaret that he owed his extra-long life, thanks to her lively companionship and devoted care. With Margaret he truly entered a new lease of life, travelling abroad with her to Italy, France, Norway, Switzerland, Austria and Germany, as well as all over the British Isles, including Skye, the Orkneys and the Hebrides. All these journeys were undertaken by a man of over 90!

This very last week Margaret discovered that Pelham had pencilled in his diary projected trips to both Scotland and Canterbury Cathedral – despite his medical problems such was the unflagging and endlessly optimistic spirit of this amazing 96- year-old.

It is hard to describe Pelham's character to those who never met him. The word 'unique' is often indiscriminately applied, but in Pelham's case – even quite apart from his artistic gifts – the word 'unique' truly summed him up. He somehow had an extraordinary 'innocence' about him, an ingenuousness which was quite special. He showed care and respect to all, be it to an animal in distress, a shop assistant or an office cleaner. He had a natural goodness and honesty and was incapable of anything other than kindness and decency towards all those he encountered. He always saw the best in people. It was as if a whole raft of negativity had simply been left out of his genes. This 'innocence' and unworldliness at times could be exasperating, yet equally these qualities were a blessing which made him view life with a purity of approach, a fact which surely enhanced the beauties of music and nature he gathered around him. Pelham Fynes-Clinton leaves his daughter, Julia, and grandson Adrian. As more than one friend has said this week: "Pelham was unique. We shall not see his like again". May his sweet soul rest in peace.

The Old Radleian 2007

Obituaries

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Beresford Road School in 1915-1919 in Liverpool.
- He was educated at Haswell School in 1919-1924.
- He was educated at Radley in 1924.
- He worked as an Engineering office employee at his father's company in Liverpool.
- He worked as an employee of the Forestry Commission.
- He worked as an Engineering office employee at his father's company in Liverpool.
- Miscellaneous: President of the Hoylake Photographic Society.

12-Margaret Julia Fynes-Clinton

10-Rev. Arthur David Phillips was born on 28 Feb 1882 and died on 18 Aug 1932 at age 50.

- He worked as a Vicar of Hambleton, Rutland.
- 9-Katharine Dockray was born on 2 Jan 1842 and died on 18 Jun 1857 at age 15.
- 9-Caroline Margaret Josephine Dockray was born on 14 Mar 1856.
- 8-James Pearson³⁴ was born on 15 Aug 1818 and died in Oct 1877 at age 59. He had no known marriage and no known children.
- 8-Charles Richard Pearson³⁴ was born in May 1820 and died on 17 Feb 1821.
- 8-**Agatha Pearson** was born on 8 Oct 1821.³⁴
- 8-Charles Llovd Pearson³⁴ was born on 15 Apr 1824 and died on 8 Jul 1857 at age 33.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in the trading house of James Pearson & Sons. In Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 8-Richard Pearson³⁴ was born on 29 Aug 1825 and died in Oct 1876 at age 51. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in the trading house of James Pearson & Sons. In Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 7-Edwin Lloyd³⁴ was born on 21 Mar 1794 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 9 Jan 1795 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

6-**John Lloyd**^{10,23,34} was born on 6 Mar 1751 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 22 Jan 1811 in London at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tobacco Merchant in London.
- He worked as a Banker in London.
- He worked as an One of the 12 principals in the early anti-slavery campaign on 22 May 1787 in 2 George Street, London.

John married **Elizabeth Corbyn**, ^{23,34} daughter of **Thomas Corbyn**^{3,23} and **Sarah Garrett**, on 20 Apr 1779. Elizabeth was born on 4 Dec 1752 and died in Jan 1839 at age 86. They had ten children: **Corbyn, Rachel, Lucy, Corbyn, Edmund, Ambrose, Mark, Llewellyn, Elizabeth**, and **Joseph**.

- 7-Corbyn Lloyd³⁴ was born on 24 Apr 1780 and died in Died Young.
- 7-Rachel Lloyd³⁴ was born on 21 Jul 1781 and died in Feb 1838 at age 56.
- 7-Lucy Lloyd³⁴ was born on 28 Jan 1783 and died on 1 Jun 1857 at age 74.

Lucy married **Halsey Janson**,²⁴ son of **Edward Janson**^{23,24,236,237,238} and **Mary Horne**,^{23,24,236,238} on 30 Apr 1805. Halsey was born on 16 Jun 1779 and died on 5 Jan 1847 at age 67. They had ten children: **Louisa, Edward, Henry, Mary Elizabeth, Emma, Clara, Matilda, Edmund Lloyd, Lucy Matilda**, and **Edmund Lloyd**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Warwick Road, Upper Clapton.
 - 8-**Louisa Janson**^{24,34} was born on 31 Aug 1807 and died on 23 May 1876 at age 68.

Louisa married **Thomas Corbyn Janson**, ^{24,34} son of **Thomas Horne Janson** and **Sarah Corbyn**, on 13 Aug 1834 in The Parish Church, Tottenham, London. Thomas was born on 1 Jul 1809 and died on 23 Jun 1863 in Stamford Hill, London at age 53. They had one son: **Anthony**.

- 9-Anthony Janson²⁴ died in Died in Infancy.
- 8-Edward Janson³⁴ was born on 19 Nov 1808 and died on 2 Jun 1870 at age 61.
- 8-Henry Janson³⁴ was born on 15 Oct 1812 and died on 27 Dec 1899 at age 87.

Henry married Caroline Janson,³⁴ daughter of Thomas Horne Janson^{24,34} and Sarah Corbyn, on 23 Jun 1847. Caroline was born on 7 Nov 1814 and died on 24 Oct 1857 at age 42.

Henry next married Rebecca Maria Tozer, daughter of Abram Tozer. They had four children: Isabel, Halsey, Flora, and Lionel Edward.

9-**Isabel Janson**³⁴ was born on 19 Aug 1869.

Isabel married **Oliver George Ready**,³⁴ son of **Rev. Henry Ready** and **Emily Lloyd**, on 17 Sep 1896. Oliver was born on 16 Dec 1864. They had five children: **Rosaline Lloyd**, **Mary Elizabeth**, **Isabel Olivia, Henry**, and **Edith Dayshire**.

- 10-Rosaline Lloyd Ready was born on 29 Aug 1897.
- 10-Mary Elizabeth Ready was born on 5 Aug 1898.
- 10-**Isabel Olivia Ready** was born on 10 Oct 1900.
- 10-Henry Ready was born on 7 Nov 1902.
- 10-Edith Dayshire Ready
- 9-Halsey Janson³⁴ was born on 18 Jun 1871.

Halsey married Mary Caroline Prevost, daughter of Sir Augustus Prevost Bt.

- 9-Flora Janson³⁴ was born on 25 Jun 1872.
- 9-**Lionel Edward Janson**³⁴ was born on 20 May 1878.

Lionel married Margaret Caroline Nichol, daughter of Iltid Nichol.

- 8-Mary Elizabeth Janson³⁴ was born on 17 Apr 1814.
- 8-**Emma Janson**³⁴ was born on 13 Feb 1816 and died on 21 May 1890 at age 74.
- 8-Clara Janson³⁴ was born on 2 Jul 1817.

Clara married **Sir John Smale**³⁴ on 31 May 1873. John was born in 1805 and died on 13 Aug 1882 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chief Justice 1866 To 1881 in Hong Kong, China.
- 8-Matilda Janson³⁴ was born on 6 Oct 1818 and died on 6 Mar 1819.
- 8-Edmund Lloyd Janson³⁴ was born on 29 Oct 1820 and died on 11 Mar 1822 at age 1.
- 8-Lucy Matilda Janson³⁴ was born on 25 Sep 1822.

Lucy married Dr. John Birkett. They had nine children: Reginald Halsey, Francis John, Mary Frances, Percival, Louis, Herbert, Adela, Arthur, and Evelyn Clara.

9-Reginald Halsey Birkett was born on 28 Mar 1842.

Reginald married Lisette Crunden, daughter of Thomas Crunden. They had one son: Gerald Halsey.

- 10-Gerald Halsey Birkett was born on 17 Jan 1883.
- 9-Francis John Birkett³⁴ was born on 31 May 1846.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Estcourt, Natal.

Francis married Sarah Anne Whipp, daughter of John Whipp. They had two children: John Louis and Eleanor Lucy.

10-John Louis Birkett was born on 24 Mar 1880.

- 10-Eleanor Lucy Birkett was born on 22 Jan 1883.
- 9-Mary Frances Birkett was born on 15 Sep 1847 and died on 6 Jan 1856 at age 8.
- 9-Percival Birkett was born on 23 Dec 1850.

Percival married Violet Pemberton, daughter of Thomas Pemberton.

9-Louis Birkett was born on 1 Jan 1853.

Louis married **Agnes Wreford**, daughter of **Samuel Wreford**. They had two children: **Mary Frances** and **Elsie Winifred Agnes**.

- 10-Mary Frances Birkett was born on 3 Apr 1882.
- 10-Elsie Winifred Agnes Birkett was born on 11 Jun 1883.
- 9-Herbert Birkett was born on 30 Aug 1855.
- 9-Adela Birkett was born on 27 Sep 1857 and died on 30 Oct 1857.
- 9-Arthur Birkett
- 9-Evelyn Clara Birkett was born on 12 May 1863.
- 8-Edmund Lloyd Janson³⁴ was born on 27 Mar 1824 and died on 25 Jan 1832 at age 7.
- 7-Corbyn Lloyd³⁴ was born on 26 Jan 1785 and died on 5 Nov 1828 at age 43.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker in London.

Corbyn married Emily Atlee, ³⁴ daughter of John Atlee, on 17 Nov 1825. Emily died in Nov 1789. They had three children: Emily, Rosaline, and Bertha.

8-Emily Lloyd

Emily married Rev. Henry Ready. They had 11 children: Storer Martin, Edith, Emily, Harry, Hurdis Malcolm, Nathaniel, Llewellyn, Richard, Sybil, Oliver George, and Marianne Josephine.

- 9-Storer Martin Ready³⁴ was born on 10 Nov 1846.
- 9-**Edith Ready**³⁴ was born on 15 Aug 1848.

Edith married Rev. William Aston Blake.

- 9-Emily Ready³⁴ was born on 25 Apr 1850.
- 9-Harry Ready³⁴ was born on 8 Mar 1853 and died on 29 Sep 1869 at age 16.
- 9-**Hurdis Malcolm Ready**³⁴ was born on 29 Oct 1854.

- He had a residence in Michigan, USA.
- 9-Nathaniel Ready³⁴ was born on 5 May 1856.

- 9-Llewellyn Ready³⁴ was born on 3 Mar 1858.
- 9-Richard Ready³⁴ was born on 16 Sep 1859.
- 9-**Sybil Ready**³⁴ was born on 15 Mar 1862.
- 9-Oliver George Ready³⁴ was born on 16 Dec 1864.
 - 10-Rosaline Lloyd Ready was born on 29 Aug 1897.
 - 10-Mary Elizabeth Ready was born on 5 Aug 1898.
 - 10-Isabel Olivia Ready was born on 10 Oct 1900.
 - 10-**Henry Ready** was born on 7 Nov 1902.
 - 10-Edith Dayshire Ready
- 9-Marianne Josephine Ready³⁴ was born on 20 Jul 1868.
- 8-Rosaline Lloyd
- 8-Bertha Lloyd

Bertha married John Perreure. They had nine children: Jules, Raymond Llewellyn, Marcel, Marcel, Valentine, Mary, Edith, Mary, and Edward.

- 9-**Fr. Jules Perreure**³⁴ was born on 31 Mar 1857.
- 9-**Raymond Llewellyn Perreure**³⁴ was born on 26 Aug 1859.
- 9-Marcel Perreure³⁴ was born on 16 Aug 1861 and died on 21 Jan 1862.
- 9-Marcel Perreure³⁴ was born on 27 Jan 1863.
- 9-Valentine Perreure was born 8aug 1865.
- 9-Mary Perreure³⁴ was born on 8 Aug 1865 and died on 8 Aug 1865.
- 9-**Edith Perreure**³⁴ was born on 8 Aug 1868.
- 9-Mary Perreure³⁴ was born on 1 Dec 1870 and died on 2 Feb 1871.
- 9-**Edward Perreure**³⁴ was born on 9 Jan 1872.
- 7-**Edmund Lloyd**³⁴ was born on 25 Jan 1787.
- 7-Ambrose Lloyd³⁴ was born on 22 Mar 1789 and died on 11 Jan 1822 at age 32. He had no known marriage and no known children.
- 7-Capt. Mark Lloyd³⁴ was born on 17 Dec 1790 and died on 18 Apr 1842 at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Soldier. Scots Greys.

- 7-Llewellyn Lloyd³⁴ was born on 27 Jul 1792 and died on 17 Feb 1876 at age 83.
- 7-Elizabeth Lloyd³⁴ was born on 25 Jul 1794 and died on 10 Feb 1881 at age 86.
- 7-**Joseph Lloyd**³⁴ was born on 11 Aug 1796. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Lambeth, London.
- 6-Ambrose Lloyd³⁴ was born on 24 Feb 1754 and died on 16 Jul 1787 at age 33.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Calico Printer of Bromley, Kent.

Ambrose married **Elizabeth Talwin**,³⁴ daughter of **John Talwin** and **Elizabeth Phillips**, on 26 Aug 1777 in FMH Royston. Elizabeth was born on 23 Oct 1756 in Royston, Hertfordshire and died on 27 Dec 1784 at age 28. They had two children: **Elizabeth** and **Anna**.

- 7-Elizabeth Lloyd³⁴ was born on 29 Dec 1780 and died on 9 Dec 1787 at age 6.
- 7-Anna Lloyd³⁴ was born on 12 Nov 1784 in Bromley, Kent and died on 26 Dec 1858 at age 74.

Anna married **Alfred Lloyd**,³⁴ son of **Sampson Lloyd**^{10,34} and **Rachel Barnes**,^{10,21,34,100,153} on 14 Jul 1807. Alfred was born on 9 Nov 1780 and died on 25 Feb 1833 at age 52. They had six children: **Alfred, Edgar, Ellen, Hubert, Ambrose**, and **George Alfred**.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Banker.
- He resided at Goldicote House in Warwickshire.
 - 8-Alfred Lloyd³⁴ was born on 26 Dec 1811 and died on 27 Dec 1837 at age 26. He had no known marriage and no known children.
 - 8-**Rev. Edgar Lloyd**³⁴ was born on 30 Sep 1815.

Edgar married Lavinia Louisa Stuart.

- 8-Ellen Lloyd³⁴ was born in 1819 and died on 3 Jan 1863 at age 44. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 8-Hubert Lloyd³⁴ was born on 25 Oct 1820 and died on 16 May 1881 at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Leamington, Warwickshire.

Hubert married **Jane Brander Potts**, ³⁴ daughter of **Thomas Potts**, on 26 Feb 1848 in London. Jane was born on 13 Oct 1826 in Norfolk and died on 6 Sep 1860 in Leamington, Warwickshire at age 33. They had eight children: **Jane Anna, Amy, Mary Anne, Ambrose, Ellen, Alice, Lucy**, and **Hubert**.

- 9-Jane Anna Lloyd³⁴ was born on 22 Jul 1849 and died on 2 Aug 1849.
- 9-Amy Lloyd³⁴ was born on 19 Sep 1850 and died on 2 Jan 1864 at age 13.
- 9-Mary Anne Lloyd³⁴ was born on 27 Jan 1852 and died on 29 Jan 1852.
- 9-Ambrose Lloyd³⁴ was born on 28 Sep 1853.

- 9-Ellen Lloyd³⁴ was born on 5 Apr 1855.
- 9-Alice Lloyd³⁴ was born on 3 Nov 1856.
- 9-Lucy Lloyd³⁴ was born on 13 Jan 1859.
- 9-**Hubert Lloyd**³⁴ was born on 18 Apr 1860 and died on 30 Apr 1860.
- 8-Lt. Ambrose Lloyd³⁴ was born on 10 Jul 1823 and died on 21 Feb 1849 in Goojerat, India. Killed in action. at age 25.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 14th Hussars.
- 8-George Alfred Lloyd³⁴ was born on 1 Apr 1825.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor in Leamington Spa, Warwickshire.

George married Hannah Leila Kensit Crosswell, daughter of Stephen Hawes Crosswell. They had three children: Alfred Manby, Leila Louise, and Georgina.

9-Rev. Alfred Manby Lloyd³⁴ was born on 2 Oct 1868 in Kensington, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Rock Creek in Rock Creek, British Columbia, Canada.
- He worked as a Vicar of Phoenix, British Columbia in 1915 in Phoenix, British Columbia, Canada.

Alfred married Jennie Morgan Jones.

- 9-**Leila Louise Lloyd**³⁴ was born on 7 Apr 1870.
- 9-**Georgina Lloyd**³⁴ was born on 5 Apr 1871.

Nehemiah next married **Hannah Ball**.

Nehemiah next married **Martha Goldney**, 3,5,6,22 daughter of **Thomas Goldney** and **Martha Speed**, 6,22,239 on 16 Sep 1742. Martha was born in 1692 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 3 Sep 1762 at age 70.

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