Descendants of Robert Chapman

Charles E. G. Pease Pennyghael Isle of Mull

1-Robert Chapman¹ was born in Circa 1530-40 and died on 2 Dec 1607 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: Belonging to an old Whitby family whose names appear in the Abbey Rolls, Whitby, Yorkshire. Robert married someone. He had one son: **John**.

2-John Chapman¹ was born in 1570 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 31 Mar 1614 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 44. John married someone. He had one son: **Robert**.

3-Robert Chapman was born in 1603 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 1 Nov 1685 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 9 Nov 1603.

Robert married Amy (Emma) Acklome in 1616. Amy died on 24 Mar 1687. They had eight children: Robert, Ingram, William, James, John, Jane, Margaret, and Mary.

4-**Robert Chapman**¹ was born in 1638.

Robert married Hannah Hardwicke. They had four children: James, John, Amy, and Mary.

5-James Chapman

5-John Chapman

John married Elizabeth Waynman.

5-Amy Chapman Amy married Giles Parker.

5-Mary Chapman Mary married Francis Gill.

4-Ingram Chapman¹ was born in 1639 and died in 1690 in St Mary's, Whitby at age 51.

Ingram married Jane Hunter.¹ Jane was buried in St Mary's, Whitby. They had five children: Elizabeth, Adam, John, Robert, and Esther.

5-Elizabeth Chapman

Elizabeth married Cornelius Nicholson.

5-Adam Chapman¹ was born in 1664 and was buried on 3 Oct 1708 in St. Mary the Virgin, Whitby, Yorkshire.

5-John Chapman

5-Robert Chapman

5-Esther Chapman

Esther married Robert Boulby. They had three children: Adam, Michael, and Thomas.

6-Adam Boulby

Adam married Margaret Spencer, daughter of William Spencer and Dorothy Ward. They had three children: Dorothy, Esther, and Margaret.

7-Dorothy Boulby was born in 1740 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 18 Mar 1792 at age 52.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was baptized on 23 Jul 1740 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Dorothy married Dr. Henry Askew on 4 Apr 1758. Henry died in 1794.

7-Esther Boulby

7-Margaret Boulby

6-Michael Boulby

Michael married Jane Pearson, daughter of William Pearson. They had three children: Robert, William, and Adam.

7-Robert Boulby

Robert married Martha Holt, daughter of John Holt and Martha Storm, on 22 Dec 1765 in Whitby, Yorkshire. Martha was born in 1745 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1777 at age 32.

7-William Boulby

7-Adam Boulby died in Jul 1740 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 24 Jun 1740 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

6-Thomas Boulby

4-William Chapman¹ was born on 19 Apr 1646 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 12 Feb 1723 at age 76.

William married **Ellinor Smallwood**. Ellinor died in 1679. They had two children: **Amy** and **Robert**.

5-Amy Chapman

5-Robert Chapman¹ died on 3 Dec 1704.

William next married **Mary Temple**,¹ daughter of **William Temple**^{1,2} and **Elizabeth**, in 1675. Mary was born on 3 Nov 1659 in Temple Sowerby, Cumbria, died on 17 May 1739 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 79, and was buried on 19 May 1739 in FBG Whitby. They had eight children: **Ingram, Solomon, Isaiah, Emma, Abel, Aaron, Benjamin**, and **William**.

5-Ingram Chapman was born on 8 Feb 1682 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 1 May 1755 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 73, and was buried on 4 May 1755 in FBG Whitby.

Noted events in his life were:

• He signed a will Proved 22 may 1755 on 15 Oct 1753 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Ingram married Elizabeth Linskill, daughter of William Linskill and Ann Parkinson, on 15 Aug 1703. Elizabeth died on 17 Mar 1743 in Whitby, Yorkshire. They had seven children: Mary, Dorothy, Hannah, Catherine, Elizabeth, Eleanor, and Grace.

6-Mary Chapman¹ was born on 7 Sep 1707 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 6 Aug 1741 at age 33. She had no known marriage and no known children.

6-Dorothy Chapman¹ was born on 25 May 1710 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 11 Jun 1778 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 68.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker, but married-out. She was dis-owned.

Dorothy married William Benson,¹ son of William Benson, on 15 Dec 1736 in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire. William was born on 9 Dec 1708 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 31 May 1747 in Drowned At Sea at age 38, and was buried in Tynemouth, Northumberland. They had three children: Thomas, Grace, and Elizabeth.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Anglican.
- He worked as a Master mariner in Whitby, Yorkshire.

7-Thomas Benson was born on 18 Sep 1738 and died in 1782 at age 44.

Thomas married Ann Robson. They had two children: Thomas and William.

8-Thomas Benson was born on 23 Jan 1779 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1849 at age 70.

Thomas married Sarah Barker, daughter of Joseph Barker. They had four children: Ann Barker, Barker Joseph, Robert Allatson, and Robson.

9-Ann Barker Benson was born in 1813 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Dr. Barker Joseph Benson was born in 1815 and died on 25 Dec 1871 in Glebe, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD FSS.
- He emigrated to New Zealand.
- He had a residence in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
- He worked as a Physician.

Barker married Hannah Emily Vandervord. They had seven children: Thomas Barker Chapman, William Robson, Edward Vandervord, John Havidon, James Joseph, Emily Lancaster, and Willis Allatson.

10-Thomas Barker Chapman Benson was born in 1844 in Carcoar, New South Wales, Australia and died on 2 Jul 1916 at age 72.

10-William Robson Benson was born on 29 Jun 1845 in Gosford, New South Wales, Australia and died on 9 Jun 1926 at age 80. William married Ida Florence Rutter.

10-Edward Vandervord Benson was born on 3 Jun 1847 in Gosford, New South Wales, Australia and died on 20 Mar 1904 at age 56.

10-John Havidon Benson was born in 1849 in Gosford, New South Wales, Australia and died on 19 Apr 1915 at age 66.

10-James Joseph Benson was born in 1852 in Gosford, New South Wales, Australia and died in 1906 at age 54.

10-Emily Lancaster Benson was born on 15 May 1854 in Gosford, New South Wales, Australia.

10-Willis Allatson Benson was born on 23 Jan 1860 in Gosford, New South Wales, Australia and died on 15 Sep 1915 at age 55.

9-Robert Allatson Benson

9-Lieut. Gen. Robson Benson³ was born in 1820 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 22 Oct 1894 in Bath, Somerset at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a General of the Indian Army.

• He worked as a Botanist.

Robson married Maria Margaretta Hohne on 10 Aug 1847. Maria was born in 1827 and died on 6 Jun 1863 in Madras, India at age 36. They had two children: Sarah Maria Balcarres and Percy Hugh.

10-Sarah Maria Balcarres Benson was born on 16 Mar 1850 in South Africa. At sea., was christened on 1 May 1850 in St. Matthew's, Brixton, London, and died on 7 Sep 1926 in Cheddar, Somerset at age 76.

Sarah married John Chapman Walker, son of James Walker^{1,4,5} and Elizabeth Chapman,^{1,5} on 27 Sep 1870 in Whitby, Yorkshire. John was born in 1847 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 16 Jul 1847 in Whitby, Yorkshire. They had one daughter: Sarah Melanie.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Highfield House, Cheddar, Somerset.

11-Sarah Melanie Walker was born in 1888 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Sarah married Maj. Francis Gerald Walker, son of William Eden Walker and Mary Louisa Corbould, on 11 Apr 1912 in St. Gabriel's Church, Warwick Square, London. Francis was born on 29 Nov 1882 in Coatham, Redcar, Yorkshire. They had three children: Marguerite Helen, Harold Francis, and Rupert Laton.

General Notes: MAJOR FRANCIS GERALD WALKER, B.A., of Llanishen, Cardiff, b. at Coatham, Redcar, 29 Nov. 1882, bapt. there, educ. at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge (B.A.), Served in the Great War as a Major in the R.A.S.C. Admitted a Solicitor in Nov. 1929. Partner in the firm of Williams, Glads tone and Gaskell, 100, St. Mary Street, Cardiff. Married at St. Gabriel's Church, Warwick Square, London, S.W.1, I I April 1912, SARAH MELANIE, dau. of John Chapman WALKER, of Whitby, Yorks, and of Highfield House, Cheddar, Somerset, J.P. (N. Riding Yorks), by his wife Maria, eldest dau. of Major-General Benson, Madras Army. They have issue :-

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Solicitor and partner in Williams, Gladstone and Gaskell in 100 St. Mary Street, Cardiff, Glamorgan, Wales.
- He had a residence in Llanishen, Cardiff, Glamorgan, Wales.

12-Marguerite Helen Walker was born on 30 Jun 1914 in Saltburn, Yorkshire and was christened in Saltburn, Yorkshire.

12-Harold Francis Walker was born on 1 Jan 1916 in France Hill Drive, Camberley, Surrey and was christened in St. Michael's, Camberley, Surrey.

General Notes: HAROLD FRANCIS WALKER, b. 1 Jan. 1916 at France Hill Drive, Camberley, Surrey, bapt. at St. Michael's Church, Camberley in I 9 16. Educated at Imperial Service College, Windsor.

12-Rupert Laton Walker was born on 30 Mar 1920 in Saltburn, Yorkshire and was christened in Saltburn, Yorkshire.

Rupert married Marguerite Wight.

10-Surgeon-General Percy Hugh Benson³ was born on 1 Feb 1852 and died on 2 Apr 1933 at age 81.

General Notes: BENSON, Surg.-Gen. Percy Hugh

MRCS, MB, CM, IMS, retired

Born London, 1 Feb. 1852; s of Lt-Gen. R. Benson, FLS, India Staff Corps; m 1st, 1874, Mary Eden Walker; 2nd, 1896, Katharine A. Simpson; two s four d ; died 2 April 1933 EDUCATION Shrewsbury School. St Bartholomew's Hospital

CAREER Treasurer's Prize for Senior Practical Anatomy, 1871; Prosector of Royal College of Surgeons, 1871; MRCS, 1873; graduated with honours in the MB and CM at Aberdeen, 1873; passed 4th into the India Medical Service, 1874; specially mentioned at Army Medical School, Netley, by the Professors on passing out, 1874; arrived in India, 1874; in charge of HRH Prince of Wales' Camp, 1875; received special thanks of Chief Commissioner of Mysore for services rendered in the famine of 1876–77; held several appointments until 1881, when appointed Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of the Jail, Mysore, and Medical Officer to H. H. Maharaja of Mysore; IG of Hospitals, Burma, 1903; PMO, 1904; Surg.-Gen. with Government of Madras, 1908, and Member of the Legislative Council and Hon. Surgeon to the Viceroy of India; awarded a Good Service Pension, 1909; retired, 1911, having completed 37 years' service in India; War Work, 1915–19

(despatches) CLUB Overseas ADDRESS Santosha, St Aubins, Jersey, CI 'BENSON, Surg.-Gen. Percy Hugh', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS MB CM IMS.
- He was educated at Shrewsbury.
- He was educated at St. Bartholomew's Hospital in London.

Percy married Mary Eden Walker,³ daughter of James Walker^{1,4,5} and Elizabeth Chapman,^{1,5} on 19 Aug 1874 in St. Mary's church, Whitby, Yorkshire. Mary was born in 1848 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 24 Nov 1848 in Whitby, Yorkshire. They had two children: Margaretta Elizabeth and James Hugh.

11-Margaretta Elizabeth Benson

11-James Hugh Benson

Percy next married Katharine A. Simpson.

8-William Benson

William married Elizabeth Walker. They had four children: Henry Walker, William, Alfred Robson, and Ann Robson.

9-Henry Walker Benson^{6,7} was born on 4 Aug 1804 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1866 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 62. Henry married Martha Hugo. They had six children: William, Alfred, Henry Walker, Victor Hugo, Mary, and Dorothy.

10-William Benson⁷ was born on 25 Aug 1835 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Alfred Benson

10-Henry Walker Benson⁷ was born in 1849 and died on 3 Sep 1888 in Hayling, Hampshire at age 39.

10-Victor Hugo Benson⁷ was born in 1858 and died on 7 May 1890 at age 32.

10-Mary Benson

10-Dorothy Benson

9-William Benson^{6,7} was born on 21 Jul 1808 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

William married Isabella White. They had one son: William Thomas.

10-William Thomas Benson

William married Rebecca Percy Calvert. They had four children: Rebecca Isabel, Sarah Maria Percy, William John Philip, and Eleanor.

11-Rebecca Isabel Benson

11-Sarah Maria Percy Benson

11-William John Philip Benson

William married Clara Burslem. They had three children: Eleanor, Dorothy, and Benjamin Webster.

12-Eleanor Benson

12-Dorothy Benson

12-Benjamin Webster Benson

William next married **F. Cooper**.

11-Eleanor Benson

Eleanor married Frederick Halliday. They had one son: Norman.

12-Norman Halliday

William next married Annie Coaten.

William next married Annie Coaten.

9-Dr. Alfred Robson Benson was born in 1814 and died in 1899 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician with the Hudson Bay Company in 1848-1862.

Alfred married Ellen Philips on 19 Dec 1860 in Nanaimo, British Columbia, Canada. Ellen died in 1862 in Nanaimo, British Columbia, Canada.

9-Ann Robson Benson was born on 13 Jan 1803 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 29 Jan 1813 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 10.

7-Grace Benson was born about 1744 and died on 29 Apr 1780 about age 36.

Grace married George Wynne. They had one daughter: Dorothy Benson.

8-Dorothy Benson Wynne⁸ was born on 8 Apr 1778, died on 3 Mar 1846 at age 67, and was buried in FBG Quaker House Cemetery, Scarborough.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1788 in York, Yorkshire.

Dorothy married Isaac Stickney,^{8,9} son of Samuel Stickney and Edith Flower. Isaac was born on 5 Jan 1795 in Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire, died on 5 Jan 1847 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 52, and was buried in FBG Quaker House Cemetery, Scarborough.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Quaker Elder.

7-Elizabeth Benson^{10,11} was born in 1747 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1799 at age 52.

Elizabeth married **Samuel Clemesha**^{10,11} in 1767. Samuel was born in 1738 in Scarborough, Yorkshire, died on 13 Jan 1800 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 62, and was buried in FBG Heslington Road, York. They had seven children: **William, Robert, Thomas Benson, Samuel, Dorothy, Ann**, and **Grace**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Woollen draper in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

8-William Clemesha¹¹ was born on 18 Oct 1767 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

8-Robert Clemesha^{10,11} was born on 18 Oct 1767 in Scarborough, Yorkshire and died on 28 Aug 1822 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Woollen draper in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

Robert married Hannah Hipsley,^{10,11,12} daughter of John Hipsley^{10,12} and Elizabeth Selfe,¹² in 1795. Hannah was born in 1766 and died on 14 Feb 1799 at age 33. They had one son: John.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Principal mistress, Ackworth School 1792 To 1795.

9-John Clemesha^{11,13,14} was born on 4 Aug 1796 in Scarborough, Yorkshire and died on 4 Jun 1874 in Hull, Yorkshire at age 77.

General Notes: John Clemesha was brought up by Isaac and Dorothy Stickney of Scarborough, after his mother died in 1799.

John married Mary Barter,^{11,14} daughter of Joseph Barter. Mary was born in 1802 and died on 16 Oct 1861 in Hull, Yorkshire at age 59. They had seven children: Frederick, John Hipsley, Edward, Elizabeth Selfe, William Henry, Hannah Hipsley, and Charles Temple.

10-Frederick Clemesha was born on 21 Jun 1825 in High Ousegate, York, Yorkshire.

10-John Hipsley Clemesha was born on 16 Dec 1826 in High Ousegate, York, Yorkshire.

10-Edward Clemesha was born on 6 Aug 1828 in Spurriergate, York, Yorkshire.

10-Elizabeth Selfe Clemesha was born on 30 Jul 1830 in Spurriergate, York, Yorkshire.

10-William Henry Clemesha was born on 19 Nov 1831 in Spurriergate, York, Yorkshire.

10-Hannah Hipsley Clemesha^{15,16} was born in 1833 in York, Yorkshire and died on 1 Jul 1919 in Hull, Yorkshire at age 86.

Hannah married **Samuel Kitching**,^{15,16,17} son of **Nainby Kitching**^{10,18,19,20} and **Sarah Reckitt**,^{10,18,19} in 1858. Samuel was born on 26 Nov 1814 in Hull, Yorkshire and died on 1 Mar 1894 in Hull, Yorkshire at age 79. They had two children: **Allan Frederick** and **Jesse Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist and Dentist.
- He had a residence in 1861 in Sculcoates, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire.

11-Allan Frederick Kitching¹⁶ was born about 1861 in Hull, Yorkshire, died on 14 Feb 1882 in Hull, Yorkshire about age 21, and was buried in FBG Hull.

11-Jesse Mary Kitching was born in 1866 in Hull, Yorkshire and died in 1958 at age 92.

10-Charles Temple Clemesha was born on 15 Jun 1835 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Thomas Benson Clemesha was born on 15 Jun 1772 in Scarborough, Yorkshire, died about 7 Nov 1772 in Scarborough, Yorkshire, and was buried on 10 Nov 1772 in FBG Scarborough.

8-Samuel Clemesha^{11,21} was born on 20 Oct 1773 in Beverley, Yorkshire and died on 27 May 1844 in York, Yorkshire at age 70.

Samuel married Mary Wordsworth^{11,21} on 18 Dec 1799 in Scarborough. Mary was born in 1778 and died on 5 Jul 1844 in Preston, Lancashire at age 66. They had one son: William.

9-William Clemesha was born in 1810 in Beverley, Yorkshire.

William married Mary Shaw. Mary was born in 1812 in Lancashire. They had three children: Alfred, Barclay, and John Chapman.

10-Alfred Clemesha²² was born in 1845 in Preston, Lancashire.

Alfred married Laura Wesley.²² Laura was born in 1852. They had seven children: William Wesley, Alfred, Margaret E., Frederick Chapman, Theodore F., Archibald Ingram, and Constance.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

11-Dr. William Wesley Clemesha^{22,23,24} was born in 1871 in Preston, Lancashire and died in 1958 in New Zealand at age 87.

General Notes: WILLIAM W. CLEMESHA (1887-89) is Senior Medical Adviser to the Indian Government, now on a special mission to East Africa. Bootham magazine - December 1918

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB MD ChB MRCS LRCP DPH.
- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1887-1889 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Senior Medical Adviser to the Indian Government in 1918.
- He worked as a Lieut. Col. Of the Indian Medical Service.

William married someone in 1896.

11-Alfred Clemesha was born in 1873 in Preston, Lancashire.

11-Margaret E. Clemesha was born in 1874 in Preston, Lancashire.

11-**Frederick Chapman Clemesha**^{22,23,24} was born on 3 Aug 1876 in Preston, Lancashire and died in 1958 in San Diego, California, USA at age 82. General Notes: FREDERICK C CLEMESHA (1891-92), an architect by profession, has charge of the Hydrography Department of his brigade. *Bootham magazine - December 1918*

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tea dealer's assistant.
- He worked as a Tea planter in Ceylon.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1891-1892 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Cattle rancher in 1898-1901 in Argentina.
- He emigrated to Canada in 1901.
- He had a residence in 1903 in Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada.
- He worked as an officer of the 46th Batallion Canadian Infantry.
- He worked as an Architect in Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada.

Frederick married Isabel Bernice Riddell.

11-Theodore F. Clemesha was born in 1878 in Preston, Lancashire.

11-Archibald Ingram Clemesha²² was born in 1882 in Preston, Lancashire and died in 1960 in Blackburn, Lancashire at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1895-1899 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Professional Associate of the Surveyors Institute.

Archibald married Mary Rachel Greenbank²² in 1914 in Blackburn, Lancashire. Mary was born in 1885 and died in 1947 at age 62. They had one son: John Alfred.

12-John Alfred Clemesha was born on 13 Dec 1919 and died on 20 Jan 1985 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 65.

11-Constance Clemesha²⁵ was born on 3 Sep 1884 in Preston, Lancashire.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: She was due to start at The Mount School, Jan 1899, York, Yorkshire.

10-**Barclay Clemesha**^{22,23} was born in 1846 in Preston, Lancashire and died on 10 Jan 1929 in Preston, Lancashire at age 83. General Notes: CLEMESHA. On January 10th, Barclay Clemesha (1859-60), aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1859-1860 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Tea Dealer in Preston, Lancashire.

Barclay married Eliza Rawlinson²² in 1872. Eliza died in 1877. They had two children: Henry Wordsworth and Esther Annie.

11-Henry Wordsworth Clemesha was born in 1873 in Preston, Lancashire and died on 2 Feb 1926 at age 53.

11-Esther Annie Clemesha²² was born in 1875 in Preston, Lancashire.

Esther married John Osborne Morris. They had two children: Barclay Osborne and Audrey Esther.

12-Barclay Osborne Morris²² was born in 1902 in Preston, Lancashire and died in 1958 in Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1917-1920 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Deputy Chief Inspector, Thames Conservancy Rivers Purification Dept. (Western Area).
- Miscellaneous: Member of the Institute of Sewage Purification.
- He resided at 30 Sandfield Road in 1935 in Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire.

Barclay married Florence Maud Turner. They had one son: Trevor Clemesha.

13-Lieut. Col. Trevor Clemesha Morris

12-Audrey Esther Morris was born in 1911 in Canterbury, Kent.

Barclay next married Annie Rawlinson.

10-John Chapman Clemesha was born in 1849.

8-Dorothy Clemesha^{7,10,11,26} was born on 6 Jun 1775 in Beverley, Yorkshire and died on 9 May 1836 in York, Yorkshire at age 60.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1788 in York, Yorkshire.

Dorothy married William Bleckly,^{7,10,11,26} son of William Bleckly^{7,10} and Sarah Springall,^{7,10} on 12 Mar 1800 in FMH Scarborough. William was born on 13 Jun 1768 in Dickleborough, Norfolk and died on 16 Jan 1826 in Liverpool at age 57. They had eight children: Samuel, Elizabeth, Sarah, Maria, Caroline, William, Henry, and Mary Ann.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Linen draper and Tea dealer in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

- He worked as a Linen draper and Tea dealer in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Master of the Worshipful Company of Master Tailors.
- He was awarded with the Freedom of the City of York in 1800.
- He worked as a Chamberlain of York in 1805.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in York MM.
- He worked as a member of the Country Committee of Ackworth School.

9-Samuel Bleckly^{7,12,26,27} was born on 5 May 1801, died on 3 Jun 1867 in Halifax, Yorkshire at age 66, and was buried in FBG Halifax.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grocer in Colchester, Essex.
- He worked as an Of Peckham.
- He resided at Elton Villas in Darlington, County Durham.

Samuel married Mary Thistlethwaite,^{7,26,27} daughter of John Thistlethwaite^{26,28,29} and Eleanor Atkinson,²⁶ on 23 Apr 1835 in FMH Halifax. Mary was born on 4 May 1794 in Aysgarth, Wensleydale, Yorkshire and died on 10 Feb 1868 in Darlington, County Durham at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

- She resided at Elton Villas in Darlington, County Durham.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

9-Elizabeth Bleckly^{7,10,13,30,31,32} was born on 14 Mar 1804 and died on 1 Apr 1876 in Croydon, Surrey at age 72.

Elizabeth married William Rawbonn Dell,^{7,10,13,30,31,32,33} son of Joseph Hagen Dell^{10,32,34} and Martha Smith.^{10,32,34} before 1831. William was born on 2 Nov 1804 in Earls Colne, Essex and died on 10 May 1874 in Crovdon, Surrey at age 69. They had 11 children: Eleanor, William Bleckly, Louisa, Emma, Anna Maria, Elizabeth Ann, Henry, Maria Bleckly, Sophia, Francis, and Augusta.

General Notes: He notes the death of his friend John Gripper 1st July 1826 Visited Friends in many parts of England. Travelled to London with Edward Curtis May and held meetings in theatres there. 1871, travelled in the Ministry to Ireland and then Scotland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mill Machinist. W R Dell & Co. In Croydon, Surrey.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1858.

10-Eleanor Dell^{7,13} was born on 21 Oct 1831 in Colchester, Essex and died on 26 Aug 1874 in Croydon, Surrey at age 42. She had no known marriage and no known children.

10-William Bleckly Dell⁷ was born on 30 Jan 1833 in Colchester, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer, Millwright and Mill furnisher in Reliance Iron Works, Croydon, Surrey.

10-Louisa Dell^{7,10,17,32} was born on 29 May 1834 in Colchester, Essex, died on 18 Jun 1892 in Croham Mount, Croydon, Surrey at age 58, and was buried in FBG Isleworth. The cause of her death was Stroke.

Louisa married Joseph Armfield,^{10,17,32,35} son of George Armfield^{8,17,36} and Ann Hubbert,^{8,17} on 1 Jul 1890. Joseph was born on 3 Jan 1821 in China Walk Lambeth, London, died on 29 May 1894 in Croham Mount, Croydon, Surrey at age 73, and was buried in FBG Isleworth.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Croydon School in 1829-1834.
- He worked as an apprentice Ironmonger and Corn-dealer, to his cousin Jacob Post in 1834-1841 in Islington, London.
- He worked as a Coachbuilder in 1842-1845 in Croydon, Surrey.
- He worked as a Brush and Mop salesman in 1845-1846 in London.
- He worked as a Confidential Clerk to John Warner & Sons, Bellfounders in 1846-1856 in Jewin Street, London.
- He worked as a Hotelier in 1857 in South Place, Finsbury, London.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1881.

10-Emma Dell^{7,31} was born on 29 May 1834 in Colchester, Essex and died on 16 Jul 1879 in Croydon, Surrey at age 45.

10-Anna Maria Dell⁷ was born on 1 Aug 1835 in Colchester, Essex and died on 27 Mar 1837 at age 1.

10-Elizabeth Ann Dell²² was born on 14 Dec 1836 in Colchester, Essex, died on 21 Oct 1926 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 89, and was buried in Lodge Hill Cemetery, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

Elizabeth married John Henry Hipsley,^{10,22} son of Henry Hipsley^{10,21,37,38,39} and Mary Ann Sanderson,^{10,21,38} in 1869 in Croydon, Surrey. John was born in 1843 in Hull, Yorkshire, died on 19 Mar 1911 in Northfield, Birmingham, Worcestershire at age 68, and was buried in Lodge Hill Cemetery, Selly Oak, Birmingham. They had three children: Mabel Elizabeth, Edward Sanderson, and Frederick William.

General Notes: HIPSLEY.-On the 19th March, 1911, at Northfield, near Birmingham, John Henry Hipsley (1853-8), aged 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1853-1858 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Designer and Artist.
- He worked as a Textile and Fabric designer in 1865-1869.
- He worked as a Designer for colour printers, publishers and wood engravers in 1869-1897 in London.

11-Mabel Elizabeth Hipsley²² was born on 5 Jan 1872 in Hornsey, Tottenham, London, died on 12 May 1954 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 82, and was buried in Lodge Hill Cemetery, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

11-Edward Sanderson Hipsley was born in 1873 in Hornsey, Tottenham, London and died in 1957 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 84.

Edward married **Deborah Ellen Lidbetter**,¹⁰ daughter of **Capt. Thomas Lidbetter**^{10,37,40} and **Ellen Louise Staples**,¹⁰ in Mar 1918 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Deborah was born on 25 Oct 1883 in Bombay, India and died in 1966 at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1899-Jul 1902 in York, Yorkshire.

11-Frederick William Hipsley²² was born on 19 Oct 1876 in Hornsey, Tottenham, London, died on 14 May 1959 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 82, and was buried in Lodge Hill Cemetery, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

10-Henry Dell^{7,10,41} was born on 22 Apr 1838 in Colchester, Essex and died on 28 Aug 1924 in "Holmwood", Winchmore Hill, London at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Grocer in Holloway, London.

Henry married Amy Jane Enock,^{10,41} daughter of Robert Enock^{10,12} and Elizabeth Doeg,^{10,12} in 1869 in FMH Birmingham. Amy was born about 1841 in Aston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 8 Mar 1885 in Highgate, London about age 44. They had two children: Amy Elizabeth and Henry Ernest.

11-Amy Elizabeth Dell was born in 1870 in Islington, London and died on 9 Mar 1965 in London at age 95.

Amy married Philip Barton Baker,^{42,43} son of Joseph Baker⁴⁴ and Sarah Ann Brewer,^{39,44} in 1901. Philip was born in 1865 and died on 17 Apr 1916 in Hampstead, London at age 51. They had two children: Olive Elizabeth and Barton Dell.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Quaker Minister.

12-Olive Elizabeth Baker^{2,45} was born on 26 Sep 1902 in Brondersbury, London and died in 1990 at age 88.

Olive married John Wellesley Gaskell² in 1926. John was born in 1901 and died in 1941 at age 40. They had two children: John Philip Wellesley and Patricia Mary Braithwaite.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a director of Baker-Perkins, engineers in Peterborough.

13-Dr. John Philip Wellesley Gaskell² was born on 6 Jan 1926 in 11 Broadlands Road, Highgate, London and died on 31 Jul 2001 in Primrose Cottage, Mawgan, Cornwall at age 75.

General Notes: Gaskell, (John) Philip Wellesley [Pip] (1926–2001), bibliographer and librarian, was born in a nursing home at 11 Broadlands Road, Highgate, London, on 6 January 1926, the only son of John Wellesley Gaskell (1901–1940), a director of Baker-Perkins, engineers in Peterborough, and his wife, Olive Elizabeth, née Baker (1902–1990), a Quaker and a member of the engineering family. He had a younger sister, Patricia. After education at the Dragon School, Oxford, and at Oundle School, he joined the army at the age of seventeen, serving in signals in France and Germany. Subsequently he was posted to Ceylon, where he was involved in army broadcasting with south-east Asia command. In 1947 he entered King's College, Cambridge, to read English under the eye of G. H. W. (Dadie) Rylands. Among the other fellows was A. N. L. (Tim) Munby, recently returned from a prisoner-of-war camp and now the college librarian. Rylands and Munby encouraged Gaskell in his interest in old books. While still a student he married, on 5 October 1948, Margaret Bennett (b. 1924), a teacher, and later librarian of Girton College, Cambridge. She was the daughter of Henry Stanley Bennett, a lecturer in English, and with Gaskell had two sons and a daughter. Gaskell graduated BA in 1949, and PhD in 1956; his research concerned the history of wooden printing presses, of the kind used until the early nineteenth century. From 1953 to 1960 he was a fellow of King's. In the Gibbs building he followed up his research work by founding the Water Lane Press (named after the ancient street on which the building stood), borrowing one of the original iron presses designed by Earl Stanhope and bought by Cambridge University Press early in the nineteenth century. With other equipment begged from local printers, and under the guidance of Leonard Gray of the university press, he and a group of fellow enthusiasts started learning about the processes and organization of early printing offices. The press lasted from 1953 to 1960, and set an example for teaching that was widely followed. Meanwhile his bibliography of the eighteenth-century poet William Mason was published in 1951; he was editor of the Book Collector in 1952–4; and—building on the work of his predecessors Ralph Straus, Robert K. Dent, and others—his bibliography of the printer John Baskerville was published in 1959 (an enlarged edition was published in 1973).

There was some hope that Cambridge's English faculty would create a post suited to Gaskell's talents; but it did not, and from 1960 to 1962 he was head of English at Oundle. Then, after a brief foray to Sydney in quest of a university post that proved to have been mis-described, he took charge in 1962 of the special collections at Glasgow University Library, and there embarked on a bibliography of the Foulis Press, published in 1964 (a revised edition was published in 1986). In Glasgow he also became warden of Wolfson Hall, the first to take both men and women.

In 1967 Gaskell was appointed librarian of Trinity College, Cambridge, where his first years were dominated by the restoration of the Wren Library, a building little touched since the nineteenth century. His much-awaited New Introduction to Bibliography, designed as part supplement and part replacement for R. B. McKerrow's Introduction to Bibliography for Literary Students (1927), appeared in 1972 and instantly became a standard textbook. He applied some of its principles to editorial investigations of selected British authors in From Writer to Reader (1978). For his Sandars lectures at Cambridge (1979) he chose to address the history of Trinity College library during its first 150 years— that is, before the building of the Wren. His hopes of being able to apply what were essentially bibliographical techniques to the study of film, pursued in a series of prolonged visits to the California Institute of Technology in Pasadena (where he was a part-time professor of English literature from 1983 to 1988), were thwarted by the California film industry. He retired as librarian of Trinity College in 1986, but continued his literary research, particularly on the text of Joyce's Ulysses, and embarked on a fresh career teaching adult students attached to the University of Exeter. Throughout his career Gaskell led an active life outside his professional work. As a student he took up jazz, becoming a founder member of Humphrey Lyttelton's band. He also took up gliding, and later flew his own small aircraft. He became a skilled photographer in black and white. On holidays in Scotland he got to know the district round Ardtornish: the result, Morvern Transformed (1968), based partly on local memory and partly on estate records, was a sympathetic and well-informed account of changes in a remote nineteenth-century community. In these activities, as in his bibliographical writing, he worked with energy and enthusiasm, his curiosity fuelling his speed. His practical bent, evident in his war service and reflected in his choice of topic for his PhD thesis, gave him authority where others relied on theory. In later years his early upbringing re-emerged with a strong spiritual life. His slight build, and habitual expression of amicable inquiry mingled with a strong sense of humour, emphasized his characteristics.

His first marriage having ended in divorce in 1983, on 6 December 1984 Gaskell married Annette Ursula (Jem) Beighton (b. 1952), daughter of Lloyd Beighton, a railwayman. They had one daughter. He died of cancer of the colon at his home, Primrose Cottage, Mawgan, Cornwall, on 31 July 2001, and was cremated at Truro. He was survived by his wife, Annette, his

former wife, Margaret, and his four children.

David McKitterick

Sources The Independent (2 Aug 2001) · The Times (13 Aug 2001) · The Guardian (11 Sept 2001); (27 Sept 2001) · Annual Record [Trinity College, Cambridge] (2001) · A. E. Campbell, P. A. Cornthwaite, and H. B. F. Dixon, A register of admissions to King's College, Cambridge, 1919–90 (1998) · WW (2001) · personal knowledge (2005) · private information $(2005) \cdot b. cert. \cdot m. certs. \cdot d. cert.$

Archives Keio University Library, Japan · Trinity Cam.

Likenesses J. P. Gaskell, photographs, Trinity Cam. · photograph, repro. in The Independent · photograph, repro. in The Guardian © Oxford University Press 2004–13

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David McKitterick, 'Gaskell, (John) Philip Wellesley [Pip] (1926–2001)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Jan 2005 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/76118, accessed 28 May 2013] (John) Philip Wellesley Gaskell (1926-2001): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/76118

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Bibliographer and Librarian.

John married Margaret Bennett, daughter of Henry Stanley Bennett. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

14-Gaskell

14-Gaskell

14-Gaskell

John next married Annette Ursula Beighton, daughter of Lloyd Beighton. They had one daughter: (No Given Name).

14-Gaskell

13-Patricia Mary Braithwaite Gaskell

Patricia married Humphrey Richard Adeane Lyttelton, son of Hon. George William Lyttelton and Pamela Maria Adeane, on 19 Aug 1948. Humphrey was born on 23 Apr 1921 in St. Christopher, Eton College, Buckinghamshire and died on 25 Apr 2008 in London at age 87. They had one daughter: Henrietta Marie.

General Notes: Lyttelton, Humphrey Richard Adeane [Humph] (1921-2008), jazz musician and broadcaster, was born on 23 May 1921 at St Christopher, Eton College, Buckinghamshire, the only son of the Hon. George William Lyttelton (1883-1962), schoolmaster, and his wife, Pamela Marie, née Adeane (1889-1975), a keen amateur musician. He had four sisters. One of his distant relatives, Humphrey Littleton, had been hung, drawn, and quartered for his role in the Gunpowder Plot. His maternal grandfather, Charles Adeane, had been lord lieutenant of Cambridgeshire while his paternal grandfather, the eighth Viscount Cobham, according to Lyttelton, 'owned half of Worcestershire'. Among his relatives was the politician Oliver Lyttelton, Lord Chandos.

Lyttelton was educated at Sunningdale preparatory school and Eton College. As a boy, he considered following in the steps of his father, described as 'a great oak tree of a man who had delightfully little in common with most people's idea of a schoolmaster' (The Times, 28 April 2008). A plan for him to work with an uncle in the City came to nothing and he was sent to spend eighteen months at the steel mill in Port Talbot to see if he had the makings of an industrialist. He did not, and the experience turned him into a lifelong left-winger. Then the Second World War came and he joined the Grenadier Guards; he once danced with the thirteen-year-old Princess Margaret at a ball at Windsor Castle. He had already fallen in love with jazz, initially playing the harmonica and then graduating to trumpet in a band at school in which the future writer and broadcaster Ludovic Kennedy played the drums. He acquired his first trumpet in Charing Cross Road when visiting London with his mother to watch the annual Eton-Harrow cricket match. He took the instrument with him during his war service, even at the landing on the beach at Salerno where he went ashore carrying a pistol in one hand and his trumpet in the other. On VE-day he played Roll Out the Barrel standing on the back of a handcart that was pulled to Buckingham Palace. He had also developed a strong interest in art and on demobilization enrolled at Camberwell School of Art and Crafts as well as joining a traditional jazz band, the Dixielanders, a fairly rough and ready aggregation led by the pianist George Webb which played at a pub in Bexley, Kent. At the same time, he drew cartoons for the Daily Mail, and supplied story lines for the popular strip, 'Trog', drawn by his friend and fellow jazz musician, Wally Fawkes. In 1949, Lyttelton, who was also a good clarinet player, formed his own band which earned considerable success playing traditional jazz mainly in the 100 Club in a basement in Oxford Street. At the Nice jazz festival, he was delighted to learn that in referring to him, his hero, Louis Armstrong, had said, 'That boy's comin' on'. The idea of an old Etonian leading a group playing the music of New Orleans was a great novelty and its sessions at the 100 Club attracted a smart audience as well as jazz fans; however, he recalled appearing at debutante dances at which the mothers would ask the musicians to play quietly, so the horn men put in mutes and turned to face the wall. In the following years, he moved into mainstream swing, stopping short of 'bop' modern jazz but dropping the banjo and adding a fine saxophonist, Bruce Turner, to the horror of diehard enthusiasts for his original New Orleans style; when

Turner soloed at one concert in Birmingham traditionalists stood up waving a banner inscribed, 'Go Home Dirty Bopper'. 'People accused us of going commercial when we wore uniforms for the first time rather than moth-eaten turtle-necked sweaters', Lyttelton recalled. Meanwhile, on 19 August 1948, he married Patricia Mary (Pat) Braithwaite (b. 1929), daughter of John Wellesley Gaskell, engineer, and stepdaughter of John W. C. Braithwaite. They had one daughter, Henrietta (b. 1949), but the marriage was dissolved in 1952, and on 1 November the same year he married (Elizabeth) Jill Richardson (1933-2006), daughter of Albert Edward Richardson, civil servant. They had two sons, Stephen (b. 1955) and David (b. 1958), and a daughter, Georgina (b. 1963).

Lyttelton's band's records did well, and in 1956 its version of a simple riff tune, Bad Penny Blues, produced by Joe Meek, became the first jazz record to get into the Top Twenty. The same year Humphrey Lyttelton and his band were chosen to support Louis Armstrong and his All Stars at a series of concerts in London. In the late 1950s the band expanded with the presence of three top-rate saxophonists, Tony Coe, Jimmy Skidmore, and Joe Temperley. It incorporated Caribbean rhythms and was joined by visiting American stars, including the blues singer Jimmy Rushing and the trumpeter Buck Clayton, with whom Lyttelton had a strong friendship and whose style influenced his playing. As well as his trumpet work (always with his eyes closed) and his leadership of a series of top-class bands, Lyttelton was a prolific composer with more than 200 tunes to his credit. As one of Britain's best-known jazz musicians, he performed all over the country and abroad; his Who's Who entry listed jazz festival appearances at 'Nice, Bracknell, Zurich, Camden, Montreux, Newcastle, Warsaw, Edinburgh, and Glasgow'. He also founded his own record label, Calligraph, and his own music publishers, Humph Music.

Lyttelton gained a national audience for his BBC Radio 2 programme, The Best of Jazz, which became a Monday night fixture for forty years from 1967 and on which, as well as playing an eclectic range of music, he honed his skills as a broadcaster, erudite and wryly amusing at the same time, constructing programmes built around often quite arcane themes in which he took a special delight. He had also presented a shorter-lived television series, Jazz 625 (1964-6), which featured the best visiting American musicians. In 1972 his skill as a broadcaster led to his becoming chairman of the long-running radio quiz game, I'm Sorry I Haven't a Clue, in which his deadpan but sharp wit and perfect timing marked him out as a true original presiding over a seemingly anarchic cast of top comedians whom he set 'silly things to do' in what was billed as 'an antidote to panel games'. His own contribution was peerless in the role of a somewhat absent-minded schoolmaster innocently reading out smutty double entendres about the ever-absent, mythical, and beauteous hostess, Samantha, guiding the rest of the cast through an impossibly arcane game dubbed 'Mornington Crescent' whose rules were, he claimed, a secret he kept to himself, and periodically exclaiming 'you couldn't make it up, could you?'

Lyttelton's laconic, urbane style hid great industry. He appeared to be the epitome of the classic upper-class Englishman who moved seamlessly through life never taking anything too seriously and charming all around him, but he was a deeply committed craftsman, always open to new ideas and fired by enthusiasm. As the poet and jazz enthusiast Philip Larkin put it, 'One musn't be misled by the amiable, bumbling persona ... He is a toughly intelligent man moving confidently in any kind of surroundings from Windsor Castle to Birdland [the New York jazz club]'. As he approached his seventy-fifth birthday, a member of his band described him as 'the world's oldest teenager' (The Observer, 19 May 1996). He himself wrote that, when he was shopping in a supermarket at Barnet, he looked as though he was 120, a 'stooping, shuffling human wreck clearly wishing he was dead', but when he was on the bandstand he felt as if he were still forty (Last Chorus, 4).

'Humph', as he was known, was a man of many parts. As well as leading his band for six decades, broadcasting, and cartooning, he was an accomplished calligrapher (presiding over the Society for Italic Handwriting), a restaurant critic for Harper & Queen, an occasional do-it-yourself enthusiast, and an excellent writer as shown in his many newspaper articles, two books on the history of jazz, The Best of Jazz (1978) and The Best of Jazz 2 (1981), and six volumes of memoirs, notably It Just Occurred to Me (2006) and Last Chorus (published posthumously in 2008). Despite his fame, he was an intensely private man. He designed his house in Arkley, Hertfordshire, with blank walls on the outside and the windows opening onto an internal courtyard. He hated using the telephone and kept his number ex-directory, changing it if anybody else discovered it-though he relented in later life after acquiring a mobile handset which he guarded less closely. Given his dislike of the telephone, he communicated by post, including letters to hire and fire members of his band. He also developed a striking ability to read backwards at high speed and delighted in inappropriate juxtapositions of letters read one way and then the other. Lyttelton received honorary degrees from Warwick, Loughborough, Durham, Hertfordshire, and De Montfort universities as well as Keele, where he was an honorary professor of music, and was given the Walpole medal of excellence in 2007. He was honoured with lifetime achievement awards in jazz in 2000 and 2001 and with a Sony gold award in 1993 for his broadcasting. He was reported to have been offered a knighthood twice but to have turned it down on principle. On 21 April 2008 he was operated on at Barnet General Hospital for an acute abdominal aortic aneurysm. Awaiting the operation, he told his son, Stephen: 'This is a win-win situation for me. If the operation goes to plan, then I will wake up with you all around me. If it doesn't then I will know no different but you will all be OK' (Last Chorus, foreword). He died four days later. Announcing his death, his website carried his last thought: 'As we journey through life, discarding baggage along the way, we should keep an iron grip, to the very end, on the capacity for silliness. It preserves the soul from desiccation'.

Jonathan Fenby

Sources

H. Lyttelton, I play as I please (1954) · H. Lyttelton, Second chorus (1958) · H. Lyttelton, Take it from the top (1975) · H. Lyttelton, Why no Beethoven? (1984) · H. Lyttelton, It just occurred to me (2006) · H. Lyttelton, Last chorus: an autobiographical medley (2008) · The Independent (26 April 2008); (28 April 2008) · The Times (28 April 2008) · Daily Telegraph (28 April 2008) · The Guardian (28 April 2008) · www.humphreylyttelton.com, accessed on 11 Aug 2011 · WW (2008) · Burke, Peerage · personal knowledge (2012) · private information $(2012) \cdot b.$ cert. $\cdot m.$ certs. $\cdot d.$ cert.

Archives

FILM

BFINA, current affairs, documentary, and light entertainment footage SOUND

BL NSA, current affairs, documentary, interview, light entertainment, and performance recordings

Likenesses

photographs, 1948-2007, Getty Images, London · photographs, 1949-2007, Rex Features, London · H. Hammond, bromide print, 1954, NPG · W. Hanlon, double portrait, photographs, 1954 (with Jill Lyttelton), NPG · W. Hanlon, photograph, 1954, NPG · Triad Studios, cream-toned vintage press print, 1954, NPG [see illus.] · Triad Studios, cream-toned vintage press prints, 1954, NPG · photographs, 1955-2005, PA Photos, London · J. Hedgecoe, photograph, 1956, repro. in J. Hedgecoe, Portraits (2000) · photographs, 1956-2005, BBC · S. Samuels, bromide print, 1968-70, NPG · J. Kennington, bromide fibre print, 1987, NPG · obituary photographs · photographs, Camera Press, London · photographs, repro. in Independent Magazine (2007) Wealth at death

£1,157,714: probate, 28 April 2009, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Bandmaster, Orchestrator and Musician.

14-Henrietta Marie Lyttelton

Patricia next married Richard Horsfall Muir, son of Thomas Muir and Kathleen May Horsfall. They had two children: Sophie Alexander and D'arcy Jane.

14-Sophie Alexander Muir

14-D'arcy Jane Muir

Olive next married John David Christopher Braithwaite,^{22,44,45,46,47} son of Sir John Bevan Braithwaite^{2,10,44,46} and Martha Janette Baker,^{2,44,46} on 6 Feb 1942 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire. John was born on 23 Jun 1911 in Ferniehurst, Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London and died on 2 Jul 1978 in Colchester, Essex at age 67.

General Notes: BRAITHWAITE.-On 2nd July, 1978, at Colchester, after a short illness, John David Christopher Braithwaite (1926-29), aged 67 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1923-1926 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1929 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in London.

12-Barton Dell Baker was born in 1904 and died in 1956 at age 52.

Barton married Judith E. M. Moore. Judith was born in 1907 and died in 1990 at age 83. They had one daughter: Sara F. E.

13-Sara F. E. Baker

Sara married Roger McCracken.

11-Henry Ernest Dell¹⁰ was born in 1872 in Islington, London and died on 14 Jan 1956 in London at age 84.

Henry married Frances Miriam Southwell in 1915 in Islington, London. Frances was born in 1875 and died in 1954 at age 79.

10-Maria Bleckly Dell^{10,48} was born in 1839 in Colchester, Essex and died in 1934 at age 95.

Maria married Edwin Thorne,^{10,48} son of James Thorne and Mary Ann Kemp, in 1867 in FMH Esher. Edwin was born on 19 Nov 1837 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 2 Feb 1914 in Duffield, Derby at age 76. They had six children: Alfred Bleckly, (No Given Name), (No Given Name), Arthur Edwin, Maud Mary, and Edward.

General Notes: Edwin Thorne 76 2 2 1914 Wickhamford, nr. Evesham. Died at Duffield, Derbyshire. A Minister. We cannot better describe the life and character of Edwin Thorne than by quoting from the Testimony of Badsey Preparative Meeting, of which he was a member at his decease : - " In our relations to you we showed ourselves as gentle as a mother is when she tenderly nurses her own children. Seeing that we were thus drawn affectionately towards you, it would have been a joy to us to have imparted to you not only God's Good News, but to have given our very lives also because you had become very dear unto us." 1 Thess. 2. 7 and 8. These words very fitly express what the relation of our dear Friend Edwin Thorne was to us for nearly six years. Edwin Thorne was born in Leeds in the year 1837. Was educated at Ackworth, which school he entered after the first vacation. Here some friendships were formed which lasted throughout life. On leaving school he entered into the business of cocoa manufacture, at Leeds, carried on by his uncle, and at a very early age had much of the responsibility of the works thrown upon his shoulders. He was actively interested in the work of Friends in Leeds, and was connected with the Friends' First Day Schools from their start. He was married in 1867 to Maria Bleckly Dell, at Esher, and continued to live in Leeds until 1876, when for business reasons he moved to London, living at various times within the compass of Westminster and Longford, Ratcliff and Barking, and Southwark Monthly Meetings, and it was while living in the last that he was recorded as a minister about 1895. Adult School work always appealed to him and he was instru- mental in starting and maintaining schools at Stratford and at Deptford. He came to reside at Wickhamford, near Evesham, in 1908, and though a stranger to most of us, and advanced in years, he very quickly won an

entrance to our hearts and homes. He threw himself with great earnestness into the work of our Meeting. There was no aspect of it that did not have his sympathy, and much of it his practical help. Living about two miles from the Meeting House, this journey was made on foot twice every Sunday in order to be present at the Meeting for Worship in the morning and the Adult School in the afternoon, except during the last twelve months, when owing to failing health he was only able to make the journey once. While his own Meeting had a first claim upon his affection, not infrequently would he visit Evesham and Littleton, spending the whole of his Sunday amongst Friends in these Meetings. He was greatly devoted to the week evening Bible Class, of which he was a constant attender, though many times his attendance must have been under difficult, if not trying circumstances .: dark nights, with defective eyesight, inclement weather, with bad roads. Yet these incidents seemed to have no weight with him whatever; the joy of meeting with Friends in fellowship and Bible study seemed to outweigh any incon-venience or difficulty in getting to the Meeting House. His ministry amongst us was characterised by unswerving loyalty to our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. While he retained an open mind to new truth from any quarter, he shrank with positive pain from any view that even seemed to lessen the position and authority of Jesus Christ. In the year 1910 Badsey was made into a Preparative Meeting, and shortly after, Edwin Thorne accepted the difficult position of Clerk, which meant not only the arranging and carrying through of the business connected with the Meeting, but also the more difficult task of infusing the Friends' spirit and method of conducting their business amongst those to whom these methods were comparatively new. During the later years of his life he suffered much from eye trouble, all very patiently borne. About the time of the Quarterly Meeting held at Evesham last year, his eye being very much worse, he entered the Cottage Hospital at Evesham, and later went into the London Hospital, where it was found necessary to remove the eye. He returned to Wickhamford in November, and seemed to gather strength until Christmas, when a visit was paid to his son at Dufield, and it was while staying here that the end came ; the extremely cold weather in January seemed too much after the strain on the heart by the operation, and he passed away on the 2nd February, 1914.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Cocoa Manufacturer. Thorne & Co.. In Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Ouaker Minister.

11-Alfred Bleckly Thorne was born in 1870 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1922 at age 52.

Alfred married Mary Ellen Doeg,¹⁰ daughter of Thomas Edward Doeg¹⁰ and Elizabeth Gillett,¹⁰ in 1895 in FMH Evesham. Mary was born in 1872 in 10 Bridge Street, Evesham, Worcestershire. They had three children: Cyril Bleckly, Joan Gillett, and Cicely MacDonald.

12-Cyril Bleckly Thorne^{22,24,49,50,51,52} was born in 1896 in Brockley, Kent and died on 26 Nov 1961 in Paris, France. In hospital. at age 65.

General Notes: CYRIL B. THORNE (1911-13) was not included in the War-Time Service lists. He is working out a sentence of 112 days at Wormwood Scrubs. Bootham magazine -December 1918

CYRIL B. THORNE (1911-13) has been released from prison and is now teaching at Stramongate. Bootham magazine - April 1919 THORNE.— On 26th November, 1961, in hospital in Paris after a short illness, Cyril Bleckley Thorne (1911-13), aged 655 years

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1911-1913 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University College, London in 1914-1918.
- Miscellaneous: Imprisoned as a Conscientous Objector, 1918.
- He worked as a Schoolteacher, Friends' School Stramongate in 1919-1922 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Master at Ackworth School in 1922-1928 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Master at Thorne's House School from 1928 in Wakefield, Yorkshire.

Cyril married Hilda Una Mary Harris,^{22,50} daughter of Abner Henry Harris and Adeline, on 4 Sep 1920 in Tottenham, London. Hilda was born in 1894 in Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire and died in 1942 in Hampstead, London at age 48.

Marriage Notes: THORNE-HARRIS.-On the 4th September, 1920, at Tottenham, Cyril Bleckly Thorne (1911-13), to Hilda Una Mary Harris, of Tottenham. Cyril next married Madeline Brosius⁵¹ in 1936. Madeline was born on 27 Feb 1915 and died in Mar 1995 in Rugby, Warwickshire at age 80. They had one son: John Sebastian Macdonald.

13-John Sebastian Macdonald Thorne

12-Joan Gillett Thorne was born on 23 Sep 1901 in Sandbach, Cheshire and died in 1983 at age 82.

Joan married Ernest Thomas Polge, son of Henry Polge and Ella Fenning, in 1923 in FMH Jordans, Buckinghamshire. Ernest was born in 1894 in Croydon, Surrey and died in 1980 at age 86. They had one son: Ernest John Christopher.

13-Dr. Ernest John Christopher Polge^{52,53,54,55,56} was born on 16 Aug 1926 in Jordans, Buckinghamshire and died on 17 Aug 2006 at age 80.

General Notes: Christopher Polge achieved distinction at a remarkably early stage of his career in biological research. He made key discoveries when he was in his twenties, and his work was internationally acclaimed when only just into his thirties. His name will always be associated with the deep-freeze preservation of mammalian spermatozoa and the massive boost that this gave to a fledgling artificial insemination industry, especially for the breeding of dairy cattle. Even so, his research contributions were wide-ranging, and their long-term influence on agriculture, medicine and biotechnology cannot be overestimated. Recognition came from many directions, perhaps most significantly as the recipient of the Japan Prize for Science and Technology for Biological Production in 1992.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS CBE.
- He was educated at Bootham School 1940 To 1944 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Reading Unversity 1944 To 1946.
- He worked as a Biological Research Scientist.

Ernest married Olive Sylvia Kitson, daughter of Robert Kitson. They had four children: Jane Caroline, Christopher Mark, Nicholas David, and Katharine Ann.

14-Jane Caroline Polge

14-Dr. Christopher Mark Polge

14-Dr. Nicholas David Polge

14-Katharine Ann Polge

12-Cicely MacDonald Thorne was born on 16 Jun 1908.

11-Thorne died in Died in Infancy.

11-Thorne

11-Arthur Edwin Thorne¹⁰ was born on 24 Jun 1876 in 17 Richmond Villas, Seven Sisters Rd, London and died on 12 Oct 1950 in 185 Cheltenham Rd, Evesham at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was educated at Ackworth.
- He worked as a Fruit Grower & Merchant of the Vale of Evesham.

Arthur married Edith Annie Perkins, daughter of Frederick C. W. Perkins. They had two children: Harold and (No Given Name).

12-Harold Thorne was born in 1914.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to America.
- He had a residence in Haddon Heights, Camden, New Jersey.

12-Thorne

11-Maud Mary Thorne was born in 1879 in Kingston, Somerset.

11-Edward Thorne was born in 1881 in Taunton St. Andrews, Somerset.

10-Sophia Dell

Sophia married Lewis Appleton.

10-Francis Dell^{10,25,57,58} was born on 4 Aug 1843 in Tottenham, London and died on 26 Mar 1925 in Holloway House, Sibford Gower, Oxfordshire at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Cork, County Cork, Ireland.
- He worked as a Baker in 1873-1885 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- He had a residence in 1885-1909 in Walthamstow, London.
- He was a Quaker.

Francis married Sarah Lamb,^{10,25,57,58} daughter of Richard Holton Lamb^{10,59} and Hannah Harris,^{10,59} on 22 Oct 1873 in FMH Sibford. Sarah was born in 1854 in Sibford, Banbury, Oxfordshire and died in 1941 at age 87. They had 13 children: Eleanor Mary, Sarah E., Francis William, Arthur Joseph, Emmeline, Rupert Lamb, Kathleen, (No Given Name), and Richard V.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

11-Eleanor Mary Dell^{10,25} was born on 14 Aug 1874 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1890-Jun 1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.
- 11-Sarah E. Dell¹⁰ was born in 1876 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- 11-Francis William Dell¹⁰ was born in 1877 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.

11-Arthur Joseph Dell^{10,57} was born in Dec 1878 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire and died on 7 May 1880 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire at age 1.

11-Emmeline Dell^{10,57} was born in Jan 1880 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire and died on 9 May 1880 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.

11-Rupert Lamb Dell¹⁰ was born on 11 Jul 1881 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire and died on 25 Oct 1945 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Film actor.
- Miscellaneous: Naturalised American, 1917.
- 11-Kathleen Dell¹⁰ was born in 1885.

11-**Dell**

11-**Dell**

11-**Dell**

11-**Dell**

11-**Dell**

11-Richard V. Dell^{10,58} was born in 1901 in Walthamstow, London and died on 16 Jul 1902 in Walthamstow, London at age 1.

10-Augusta Dell^{7,16} was born on 5 Apr 1847.

Augusta married Francis Williams,^{7,16} son of John Williams²² and Hannah Cooke,.²² Francis was born in 1840. They had five children: Edith Sophia, Frances Augusta, Rachel Louise, Berwyn Henry, and Dorothy B.

11-Edith Sophia Williams was born on 5 Jun 1879.

11-Frances Augusta Williams¹⁶ was born on 5 Jun 1879 and died on 5 Mar 1881 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 1.

11-Rachel Louise Williams was born on 1 Jan 1883.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Jul 1900 in York, Yorkshire.

11-Berwyn Henry Williams was born on 1 Oct 1886.

11-Dorothy B. Williams was born in 1888.

9-Sarah Bleckly^{7,21} was born on 14 Mar 1804 and died on 7 Jul 1844 in York, Yorkshire at age 40.

9-Maria Bleckly^{7,60} was born on 5 Apr 1806 and died on 5 May 1864 at age 58.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Pupil and Mistress at Ackworth.

Maria married **Edmund Gower**.^{7,60,61} Edmund was born in 1806 and died on 5 Jun 1848 in London at age 42. They had one son: **William Bleckly**.

10-William Bleckly Gower

William married Agnes Innes. They had two children: Edmund Innes and (No Given Name).

11-Edmund Innes Gower^{48,62} was born on 17 Oct 1869 in Bensham Grove, Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1965 at age 96.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Headmaster. Friends School, Hobart in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia.

Edmund married **Ruth Spence Watson**,^{48,62} daughter of **Rt. Hon. Robert Spence Watson**^{15,25,48,63,64,65,66,67,68} and **Elizabeth Richardson**,^{13,15,25,48,63} on 15 Oct 1912 in FMH Colthouse, Hawkshead. Ruth was born on 24 Oct 1866 in Gateshead, County Durham, died on 20 Aug 1914 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 47, and was buried in Cornelian Bay, Tasmania.

11-**Gower**⁷ died in 1871 in Aden.

Maria next married Charles Brown.

9-Caroline Bleckly^{7,69} was born on 21 May 1809 and died on 2 Mar 1843 in Castle Donington, Derbyshire at age 33.

Caroline married **Daniel Farrand**,^{10,69} son of **John Farrand** and **Sarah Savage**, on 9 Mar 1837 in FMH Westminster. Daniel was born about 1793 and died on 23 Jul 1861 in Leicester, Leicestershire about age 68. They had two children: **William Bleckly** and **George**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Hosier and Glover, in partnership with his brother Isaac in Castle Donington, Derbyshire.

10-William Bleckly Farrand^{7,15} was born on 31 Dec 1838 in Castle Donington, Derbyshire, died on 1 Jul 1918 in Auckland, New Zealand at age 79, and was buried in Waikumete Cemetery, New Zealand.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Store-keeper.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

William married Lucy Goldsbury,⁷ daughter of Joseph Goldsbury¹⁰ and Mary Dodd,¹⁰ on 14 Jul 1864. Lucy was born on 8 Aug 1826 in London and died on 19 Oct 1902 in North Albertland, New Zealand at age 76. They had one son: George Edmund.

11-George Edmund Farrand was born in 1867 and died on 13 Dec 1956 at age 89.

William next married Emily Wood.⁷ Emily was born in 1846, died in 1933 in Auckland, New Zealand at age 87, and was buried in Waikumete Cemetery, New Zealand.

10-George Farrand

George married Mary Ann West.

9-William Bleckly⁷ died in 1811.

9-Henry Bleckly^{6,7} was born on 26 Oct 1812 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 24 Jan 1890 in Bellefield, Bowdon, Cheshire at age 77.

General Notes: HENRY BLECKLY, chairman of the Pearson & Knowles Coal and Iron Company, Limited, died at his residence, Bellefield, Bowdon, on Friday, January the 24th, at the age of 78. Mr. Bleckly was born at Ipswich, and in his earlier business career was connected with banking interests at Newcastle-on-Tyne and London. In 1856 he became connected with the Dallam Forge, at Warrington, which had then not long been established by Mr. George Wordsell. The Bewsey Works were at this time owned by Rylands Bros., and after Mr. Bleckly became connected with Dallam, both that works and the Bewsey Forge were largely extended until the two establishments were divided only by a narrow boundary line, when they were amalgamated and carried on as one concern. Later on the extensive collieries of Messrs. Pearson & Knowles were incorporated with the ironworks at Warrington, and the Pearson and Knowles Coal and Iron Company (Limited), became the owners of the whole. When Mr. Bleckly went to Warrington in 1856, the Dallam Forge produced about 50 tons of finished iron weekly. Under his guidance, however, the production of the Dallam and Bewsey Forges was developed until a weekly output of 2000 tons of finished iron was attained, and for years past these extensive works have turned out annually about this quantity of finished material.

The late Mr. Henry Bleckly was a man of great ability, and the great business of the Pearson & Knowles Coal and Iron Company (Limited) remains as a testimony to his remarkable commercial talents. He leaves five sons, all of them engaged in the management of the various departments of the Pearson & Knowles Coal and Iron Company; but, until a few weeks before his death Mr. Bleckly was himself much at the works, generally watching the progress of business rather than actually directing the affairs of the Company. His advice up to the last was as valuable to the Company as it had been in the earliest days of his connection with the iron trade at Warrington. Thirty years ago, Warrington was hardly to be reckoned among the iron manufacturing centres of England, whereas now its position is one of great importance, owing mainly to the large scale on which the Pearson & Knowles Company's Works are carried on.

Away from business, Mr. Henry Bleckly was a very "well read" man; indeed, his acquaintance with modern literature was marvellous, when the great inroads which business matters made upon his time are considered. He was a clear and concise writer, and was the author of a number of pamphlets on commercial, literary, and philosophical subjects that have attracted attention. Mr. Bleckly was Mayor of Warrington a quarter of a century since, and for many years took an active part in the public affairs of the district, discharging the duties of the various offices he filled with conspicuous ability. On the retirement of Lord Derby in 1888, he was elected chairman of the Liverpool County Quarter Sessions, to the duties of which position the last eighteen months of his life were largely devoted. Up to a few weeks before his death, he was much interested in the proceedings of the Commissioners appointed by the Board of Trade to inquire into the new classification and schedules of maximum rates and charges deposited by the principal railway companies, in accordance with the requirements of section 24 of the Railway and Canal Traffic Act of 1888. He wrote voluminously on the subject, and felt strongly that the railway companies had, as he argued, broken faith with the traders by demanding maximum rates in excess of their existing statutory powers. He had prepared a proof with a view to examination before the Commission, as one of the witnesses for the British Iron Trade Association, of the Board of which he was an active member, but his decease deprived the tribunal of the advantage of his valuable testimony.

Mr. Bleckly was one of the original members of the Iron and Steel Institute, but did not take much part in its proceedings, the bent of his mind being commercial rather thus technical.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironmaster in Warrington, Cheshire.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Pearson & Knowles Coal and Iron Company Ltd.

- He worked as a Mayor of Warrington in Warrington, Cheshire.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Liverpool County Quarter Sessions in 1888.

Henry married Anna Sanderson Allis,^{6,7} daughter of John Allis and Sarah Sanderson, on 16 Apr 1835 in FMH York. Anna was born on 20 Dec 1812 in Prichard Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died in May 1902 in Altrincham, Cheshire at age 89, and was buried on 16 May 1902 in Bowdon, Cheshire. They had eight children: Amelia Temple, Emma Deane, William Henry, John James, Sarah Maria "Simmie," Charles Arnold, Herbert Sanderson, and Frederick Allis Gower.

10-Amelia Temple Bleckly⁷ was born on 22 Sep 1836 in Gillingham, Dorset.

Amelia married John Johnson^{6,7} on 10 Sep 1866 in Cheshire. John was born in 1837. They had one daughter: **Beatrice**.

11-Beatrice Johnson

Beatrice married Walker.

10-Emma Deane Bleckly^{6,7} was born in 1838 in Darlington, County Durham.

Emma married Henry Richard Fox Bourne⁷ on 1 May 1862 in Ormskirk, Lancashire. Henry was born in 1837 in Jamaica, West Indies and died in 1909 in Torquay, Devon at age 72. They had three children: Emma T., Henry Bleckley, and Walter Fox.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Writer and journalist.
 - 11-Emma T. Bourne^{6,7} was born in 1864.
 - 11-Henry Bleckley Bourne^{6,7} was born in 1865.
 - 11-Walter Fox Bourne⁷ was born in 1868.

10-William Henry Bleckly⁷ was born in 1840 in Northallerton, Yorkshire, died on 2 Jul 1912 in Pwllycrochan Hotel, Colwyn Bay, Clwyd, Wales at age 72, and was buried on 5 Jul 1912 in Thelwall Church, Altrincham, Cheshire.

General Notes: Mr. WILLIAM HENRY BLECKLY, Honorary Treasurer of the Iron and Steel Institute, and a trustee of the Bessemer Medal Fund, died on the morning of Tuesday, July 2, at the Pwllycrochan Hotel, Colwyn Bay, at the age of seventy-one years. He had been somewhat poorly for some months, and had been staying in North Wales in the hope of regaining his health. By his death the Institute has suffered a severe loss, as throughout his whole connection with it he evinced the greatest interest in its affairs, was assiduous in his attendances both at council meetings and general meetings, and devoted to the promotion of its interests ungrudged time and labour.

He was an original member, having joined the Institute together with his brother, Mr. John James Bleckly, as far back as 1869, the date of its foundation. Mr. Bleckly was born in 1840 at Northallerton, and was the eldest son of the late Mr. Henry Bleckly, the chairman of the Liverpool Quarter Sessions, and for several years chairman of the Warrington Board of Guardians, and Mayor of the town.

He was educated at Queenwood College, Hampshire, an establishment founded originally by Robert Owen, and subsequently converted, in the year 1847, into a school, famous for having numbered amongst its scholars the late Henry Fawcett, Professor Tyndall, and several other men who have achieved note.

Mr. Bleckly left school early, and joined his father at Dallam Forge in 1856. At that time the Lancashire iron trade was comparatively speaking in its infancy, but a period of prosperity was before it, and with that prosperity Mr. Bleckly was, for many years, closely and directly associated.

In addition to Dallam Forge, his father acquired Bewsey Forge, and subsequently the collieries of Messrs. Pearson & Knowles, with which the forges were amalgamated, to become, in the year 1874, the Pearson & Knowles Coal and Iron Company, Limited. The iron and steel departments of these works have an output of 2500 tons finished iron and steel per week, and employ over 2000 hands, apart from those employed in the colliery itself. Mr. Bleckly was for many years managing director of the Company, and was associated, in his direction of its affairs, with his brother, the inventor of the repeating wire rolling-mill, which was installed in the works at Warrington, and has since been largely adopted both at home and abroad. In politics he was a Conservative, and, although he took little active part in public affairs, he was an accomplished and convincing speaker, and was always listened to with interest and respect. He was imbued with literary tastes, which led him to amass a valuable collection of works at his home at Thelwall Lea. He was also an ardent sportsman and an excellent shot. In Warrington he was most highly esteemed, and his philanthropic nature led him to bestow many benefactions upon that city. As a business man he was punctilious in the extreme, but, while assiduous in the discharge of his duties, he imported into their discharge kindness of heart, tact, and discretion. By his colleagues on the Council of the Iron and Steel Institute, to which he was elected in 1881 his opinions were highly valued, and his advice frequently sought. In 1894 he was appointed a vice-president, and in 1900, on the election of the late Mr. William Whitwell to the presidency of the Institute, Mr. Bleckly was unanimously appointed honorary treasurer. In 1905 he succeeded the late Sir Lowthian Bell as co-trustee, with Sir David Dale, of the Bessemer Memorial Fund of the Institute. He also, from time to time, made valuable presentations of books to the library.

He was a director of Messrs. Ryland Brothers, Limited, deputy-chairman of the Pearson & Knowles Coal and Iron Company, Limited, and a director of the Partington Steel and Iron Company, Limited. He also served for many years as a governor on the Court of the University of Liverpool. He married the youngest daughter of Mr. John Johnson, of Easingwold, near York, who survives him, and by whom he had three sons and one daughter. Mr. Bleckly was buried on Friday, July 5,

at Thelwall Church, the funeral being attended by the President of the Institute, Mr. Arthur Cooper, and by several members of the Council.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironmaster.
- He was educated at Queenwood College in East Tytherley, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Director of Ryland Brothers Ltd.
- He worked as a Deputy-Chairman of the Pearson & Knowles Coal and Iron Company Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the Partington Steel and Iron Company Ltd.
- He worked as a Governor on the Court of the University of Liverpool.
- He worked as a Hon. Treasurer of The Iron and Steel Institute.
- He worked as a Trustee of the Bessemer Medal Fund.

William married Elizabeth Johnson,^{6,7} daughter of John Johnson, on 22 Jul 1869 in Easingwold, Yorkshire. Elizabeth was born in 1845 and died on 1 May 1929 in Thelwall Lea, Thelwall, Warrington, Lancashire at age 84. They had five children: Arthur Sanderson, Wilfred Johnson, John Mason, Helen Maud, and Harry Percy.

11-Arthur Sanderson Bleckly was born in 1870 in Ashfield, Latchford, Cheshire and was christened on 11 Aug 1870 in Christ Church, Latchford, Cheshire. Arthur married Elizabeth Litton, daughter of Thomas Litton.

11-Wilfred Johnson Bleckly⁷ was born in 1873 in Warrington, Cheshire and was christened on 3 Dec 1873 in Christ Church, Latchford, Cheshire.

Wilfred married Barbara Constance Helen Whiteley⁷ on 3 Oct 1900 in Ockbrook, Derbyshire. Barbara was born in 1878 and died on 5 Mar 1964 at age 86. They had three children: Thomas Temple, Reginald Sanderson, and Barbara Helen.

12-Thomas Temple Bleckly was born on 7 Oct 1901 in Moore, Cheshire and died on 13 May 1979 in Little Sutton, Cheshire at age 77.

Thomas married Kathleen Maud Robinson. They had one daughter: Diana Jill.

13-Diana Jill Bleckly

12-Reginald Sanderson Bleckly^{70,71} was born on 9 Apr 1905 in Ivy Bank, Moore, Warrington, Cheshire and died on 18 Nov 1994 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Wire Manufacturer in Warrington, Cheshire.
- He worked as a Pilot officer of the Royal Air Force in Runcorn, Cheshire.

Reginald married **Barbara Mountcastle**,^{70,71} daughter of **Percy Frederick Mountcastle**⁷⁰ and **Annie ''Nan'' Louisa Vollmer**,⁷⁰ on 27 Aug 1930 in St. John the Evangelist, Sandway, Cheshire. The marriage ended in divorce before 1948. Barbara was born on 2 Sep 1908 in Green Lane, Burbage, Buxton, Derbyshire and died on 1 Sep 1999 in Shedfield, Hampshire at age 90. They had one daughter: Belinda "Lindy" Elizabeth.

13-Belinda "Lindy" Elizabeth Bleckly

Belinda married John McKinnel^{70,71} on 21 Apr 1956 in Grappenhall, Warrington, Cheshire. John was born on 8 Jul 1921 in Barton upon Irwell, Lancashire, died on 31 Dec 1968 in Kingswood, Cheshire at age 47, and was buried on 6 Jan 1969. They had four children: Stephen John, Christine Anne, Fiona Joy, and Sally Elizabeth.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Cotton spinner in Manchester.

14-Stephen John McKinnel

Stephen married Deborah Ann Cook. They had one son: Harrison John.

15-Harrison John McKinnel

14-Christine Anne McKinnel

14-Fiona Joy McKinnel

Fiona married Philip Henry Wills. They had two children: David John Edward and Benjamin William Henry.

15-David John Edward Wills

15-Benjamin William Henry Wills

14-Sally Elizabeth McKinnel

Sally married John Bagwell-Purefoy, son of John Bagwell-Purefoy and Jill Cushman. They had two children: Eleanor Scarlett and Laura Jane.

15-Eleanor Scarlett Bagwell-Purefoy

15-Laura Jane Bagwell-Purefoy

Reginald next married **Daphne Lorimer Holden**⁷¹ on 14 Feb 1948 in London. Daphne was born on 19 Jun 1920 in India and died in Oct 2013 in Lymm, Cheshire at age 93. They had three children: Audrey Diana, Paul Lorimer Sanderson, and Rosemary Miranda.

13-Audrey Diana Bleckly

13-Paul Lorimer Sanderson Bleckly

13-Rosemary Miranda Bleckly

12-Barbara Helen Bleckly was born in Feb 1911.

Barbara married Peter Rook about 1939. Peter was born on 30 Jun 1916 and died on 12 Feb 1942 in Action against the Japanese at age 25. They had one son: Christopher.

13-Christopher Rook

Barbara next married Stanley Ernest Blackstone. They had two children: Felicity Jane and Elizabeth Clare.

13-Felicity Jane Blackstone

Felicity married Clifford Garrard.

13-Elizabeth Clare Blackstone

11-John Mason Bleckly was born in 1875 and was christened on 23 Sep 1875 in Christ Church, Latchford, Cheshire.

11-Helen Maud Bleckly⁷ was born in 1877 and was christened on 31 Jul 1877 in Christ Church, Latchford, Cheshire. Helen married G. Williamson.

11-Harry Percy Bleckly⁷ was born in 1882 and was christened on 11 Aug 1882 in Christ Church, Latchford, Cheshire.

10-John James Bleckly^{6,7} was born on 7 Aug 1842 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 10 Jan 1930 in Altrincham, Cheshire at age 87.

General Notes: One of the founders of the Pearson Knowles Coal and Iron Co., and of the Partington Steel and Iron Co., original member of Iron and Steel Institute; one of the pioneers of the Lancashire Iron Trade.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Queenwood College in East Tytherley, Hampshire.
- He was educated at Liverpool College.
- He worked as a JP for Lancashire in 1890.
- He worked as a Mechanical and Civil engineer in Daresbury Lodge, Altrincham, Cheshire.
- He worked as an Ironmaster in The Bewsey Ironworks, Warrington, Lancashire.

John married **Emma Rylands**,^{6,7} daughter of **John Rylands** and **Harriet Jackson**, on 12 Oct 1871 in Thelwall Church, Altrincham, Cheshire. Emma was born in 1846 in Thelwall Grange, Warrington, Lancashire and died in St. Asaph, Denbighshire. They had five children: **John, Maimie Emma, Ethel, Editha**, and **Henry**.

11-John Bleckly⁷ was born on 4 Jul 1872 in Daresbury Lodge, Altrincham, Cheshire and died in 1957 in Anglesey, Wales at age 85.

John married Florence Terras, daughter of John Terras and Emily Amelia McAllister, in 1900 in Bucklow, Cheshire. Florence was born on 13 Jun 1874, was christened on 24 Dec 1874 in St. Andrew's Free Church, Manchester, and died in 1931 in Cheshire at age 57.

11-Maimie Emma Bleckly⁷ was born on 19 Dec 1873 in Daresbury Lodge, Altrincham, Cheshire, was christened on 23 Mar 1892 in St. James church, Birkdale, Lancashire (Adult Baptism), and died on 18 Aug 1960 in Cheshire at age 86.

Maimie married **Frederick Terras**,⁷ son of **John Terras** and **Emily Amelia McAllister**, on 4 May 1897 in Rydal, Cumbria. Frederick was born on 19 Jun 1871 and was christened on 29 Jul 1871 in St. Andrew's Free Church, Manchester.

11-Ethel Bleckly⁷ was born on 26 Oct 1875 in Daresbury Lodge, Altrincham, Cheshire and died on 30 Sep 1952 in Anglesey, Wales at age 76.

11-Editha Bleckly⁷ was born on 21 Oct 1884 in Daresbury Lodge, Altrincham, Cheshire and died on 24 Jun 1965 in Bucklow, Cheshire at age 80.

11-Henry Bleckly⁷ was born on 1 Apr 1891 in Daresbury Lodge, Altrincham, Cheshire and died on 25 Apr 1921 at age 30.

10-Sarah Maria "Simmie" Bleckly^{6,7} was born in 1844 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1871 in Church Setton, Shropshire at age 27. Another name for Sarah was Sarah Maria Bleckly. Sarah married **Rev. William Roscoe Burgess**,⁷ son of **Henry Burgess** and **Jane**. William was born on 29 May 1834 in Luton, Bedfordshire and died on 19 Sep 1905 in Northampton,

Sarah married **Rev. William Roscoe Burgess**,⁷ son of **Henry Burgess** and **Jane**. William was born on 29 May 1834 in Luton, Bedfordshire and die Northamptonshire at age 71. They had two children: **Astell Herbert** and **Ethel**.

11-Astell Herbert Burgess⁷ was born in 1871.

Astell married Matilda Payton,⁷ daughter of William Payton, on 15 Sep 1896 in St. Paul's church, Warrington, Cheshire. Matilda was born in 1874. They had one daughter: Ethel Mary.

12-Ethel Mary Burgess was born on 26 Jul 1898 in Warrington, Cheshire and was christened on 21 Aug 1898 in St. Paul's church, Warrington, Cheshire.

11-Ethel Burgess

10-Charles Arnold Bleckly⁷ was born on 1 Oct 1844 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 23 May 1917 in Marylebone, London at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer and Metal broker.

age 87. nd Steel Institute ; one of the

church, Birkdale, Lancashire (Adult Baptism),

1874. They had one daughter: **Ethel Mary**.

Charles married A. Munton.

10-Herbert Sanderson Bleckly^{7,72} was born on 19 May 1848 in Summerhill Terrace, Westgate, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 20 Feb 1925 in Limassol, Hargate Drive, Hale, Cheshire at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer and Ironmaster.

Herbert married Margaret Annie Morgan.^{6,7,72} Margaret was born on 14 Oct 1871 in Dunham Massey, Cheshire and died on 28 Mar 1922 in Cheshire at age 50. They had one son: Herbert Allis.

11-Herbert Allis Bleckly⁷² was born in 1897 in Altrincham, Cheshire and died on 25 Jan 1973 in Sunbury nursing home, Surrey at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Insurance broker, with Eagle Star.

Herbert married Marietta Georgette Paulina Crispiels⁷² before Dec 1921. Marietta was born in 1895 and died in 1975 at age 80. They had one son: Robert.

12-Robert Bleckly

Herbert next married Georgina Annette Rose.⁷² Georgina was born in 1901 in Stoke upon Trent, Staffordshire and died in 1960 in Walton on Thames, Surrey at age 59. They had two children: Barry Colin and Theresa.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Painter at the Stoke Potteries.

12-Barry Colin Bleckly⁷² was born in 1928 in Cheshire and died in Mar 1928 in Bucklow, Cheshire.

12-Theresa Bleckly⁷² was born on 7 Mar 1929 in Altrincham, Cheshire and died on 6 Aug 2012 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 83.

Theresa married George Verdun Sebury.⁷² George was born on 9 Apr 1916 in Merthyr Tydfil, Glamorgan, Wales, died on 28 Dec 1988 in Newport, Monmouthshire, Wales at age 72, and was buried about 2 Jan 1989 in Newport, Monmouthshire, Wales. They had one daughter: **Rita Georgina**.

13-Rita Georgina Sebury

Rita married (Brian) Michael Morris.

10-Frederick Allis Gower Bleckly was born in 1855 in Hampstead, London, died in 1902 at age 47, and was buried in Municipal Cemetery, Hampton, Middlesex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1884 in Birch Stone, Altrincham, Cheshire.

Frederick married Matilda Jane Howell, daughter of George William Howell.

9-Mary Ann Bleckly⁷³ was born on 5 Sep 1816 in York, Yorkshire and died on 14 Nov 1873 in North Witchford, Cambridgeshire at age 57.

Mary married William Clarke,^{73,74,75} son of Robert Clarke and Mary Ross, on 12 May 1841. William was born on 12 Dec 1810 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire at age 84. They had nine children: Emily, Arthur Edward, William Henry, Herbert Edwin, Gertrude, Frank, Clara, Albert, and Helen.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an apprentice to Abraham Scales in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire.

• He worked as a Quaker Elder.

10-Emily Clarke⁷³ was born in 1843 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died on 12 Jun 1852 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire at age 9.

10-Arthur Edward Clarke

Arthur married Rebecca Oldrid. They had four children: L., Arthur Oldrid Temple, Dora, and Harold Leofwin.

11-L. Clarke

11-Capt. Arthur Oldrid Temple Clarke²² was born in 1869 in Stoke Newington, London and died in 1958 in Devon at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1883-1884 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Solicitor.
- He worked as a Freeman of the City of London.

Arthur married Kate Emily Rowe.

11-Dora Clarke²⁵ was born on 26 Dec 1872 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1889 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

11-Harold Leofwin Clarke²² was born in 1874 in Stoke Newington, London and died in 1942 in Warrington, Cheshire at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1889-1890 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Chief Storekeeper for the Lancashire Steel Corporation in Warrington, Cheshire.
- He was a Quaker.

Harold married Elsie Dora Peyton.

10-Sir William Henry Clarke⁷⁴ was born on 27 May 1847 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died on 10 Aug 1930 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker & Land Agent in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire.

William married Helen Florence Smith,⁷⁴ daughter of John Smith, on 14 Sep 1874 in Gosport, Hampshire. Helen was born on 11 Apr 1847 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died on 28 May 1926 in Cambridge at age 79. They had five children: Edith Mary, Geoffrey, Winifred, Clive Carrington, and Kenneth Bleckley.

11-Edith Mary Clarke was born on 23 Jun 1875 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died on 5 Mar 1950 in Blandford, Poole, Dorset at age 74.

11-Dr. Geoffrey Clarke^{22,74} was born on 2 Jul 1876 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died on 19 Dec 1959 in Salisbury, Wiltshire at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB MD.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1892-1894 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Lieut. Col. Serving in the RAMC.
- He worked as a Medical Practitioner.

Geoffrey married Mary Emily Towers. They had two children: Nancy Helen and Gillian Ruth.

12-Nancy Helen Clarke was born on 13 Nov 1923 in Dartford, Kent and died in Oct 1992 in Lambeth, London at age 68.

Nancy married Bruce Anson Lushington.

12-Gillian Ruth Clarke²² was born in 1927.

11-Winifred Clarke⁷⁴ was born on 14 Feb 1878 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died on 4 Jul 1944 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 66.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Sidcot School in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.

11-Clive Carrington Clarke^{56,74} was born on 18 Mar 1882 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died on 13 Feb 1960 in Gosport, Hampshire at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1891-1896 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1896-1899 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Coal Merchant.
- He had a residence in St. Ives, Cambridgeshire.

Clive married Lucy Murch Cooke, daughter of George Cooke and Mary Elizabeth Jane Mumby, on 22 Nov 1907 in Alverstoke, Hampshire. Lucy was born on 16 Jan 1878 in Alverstoke, Hampshire and died on 19 Jul 1949 in Hemington Grey, Hunts. at age 71. They had three children: Clive Stuart, Philip George, and Helen Elisabeth.

12-Clive Stuart Clarke was born on 10 Jul 1910 in St. Ives, Cambridgeshire and died on 16 Aug 2010 in Aldeburgh, Suffolk at age 100.

Clive married Margaret Joy Stebbing on 22 Jun 1937 in Hertford, Hertfordshire. Margaret was born on 4 Jul 1908 in Northampton and died in Apr 1993 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 84. They had three children: Juliet Sandra, Roderick Stuart, and Lalage Mary Elisabeth.

13-Juliet Sandra Clarke

Juliet married Michael Marsh Orr. They had four children: Katherine Frances, David Michael, James Stuart, and Caroline Mary.

14-Katherine Frances Orr

Katherine married **Burgess**.

14-David Michael Orr

14-James Stuart Orr

14-Caroline Mary Orr

13-Roderick Stuart Clarke

Roderick married Constance Mary Davis. They had two children: Benjamin and Lucy Mary.

14-Benjamin Clarke

Benjamin married Seoniad MacLean.

14-Lucy Mary Clarke

Lucy married James Sanderson.

13-Lalage Mary Elisabeth Clarke

Lalage married Simon William Bentall. They had two children: Nicholas Simon and Alexander Gregory.

14-Nicholas Simon Bentall

14-Alexander Gregory Bentall

12-Philip George Clarke was born on 1 Dec 1911 in St. Ives, Cambridgeshire and died on 25 May 1991 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director of Rea Port Services, Liverpool; Treasurer of Liverpool Cathedral.

Philip married Jose Margaret Fletcher, daughter of Henry Bowmer Fletcher and Ivy Norah Reid, on 5 Apr 1941 in Lenton, Notts. Jose was born on 25 Jun 1918 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 13 Sep 1979 in Burton, South Wirral at age 61. They had three children: David Clive, Christopher George, and Georgina Jane.

13-David Clive Clarke

David married Alison Claire Brazier. They had three children: Andrew Philip, Jonathan Clive, and Edward James.

14-Andrew Philip Clarke was born on 23 Jul 1970 in Liverpool and died in 1993 in Camden, London at age 23.

14-Jonathan Clive Clarke

14-Edward James Clarke

Edward married Caroline Skitt. They had two children: Oliver Andrew and Charlie James.

15-Oliver Andrew Clarke

15-Charlie James Clarke

13-Christopher George Clarke

13-Georgina Jane Clarke

Philip next married Margaret Eileen Lowden on 12 Jun 1980 in Liverpool Cathedral. Margaret was born on 12 Nov 1913 in Dundee, Scotland and died in 2004 in St. Andrews at age 91.

12-Helen Elisabeth Clarke

Helen married Richard Sutherland Walker, son of Lt. Col. Herbert Sutherland Walker and Josephine Helen Freeman. Richard was born on 8 Apr 1911 in Powick, Worcestershire and died on 16 Jan 1992 in Oxford at age 80. They had six children: Julian Richard, Gavin Russell, Adrian Mark, Dorian Richard, Julia Josephine, and Lucia Vivien Diana.

13-Julian Richard Walker was born on 13 Dec 1941 in St. Neots, Cambridgeshire and died on 24 Jun 1947 in Cambridge at age 5.

13-Gavin Russell Walker

Gavin married Josephine Betty Reid, daughter of Harry Reid and Madge Ward.

13-Dr. Adrian Mark Walker

Adrian married Diane Falkener, daughter of Frank Falkener and Emmie Edith Ruth Newcombe. They had three children: Rebecca Josephine, William Mark, and Victoria Jane.

14-Rebecca Josephine Walker

Rebecca married David Reid. They had one son: Finn Ifan.

15-Finn Ifan Reid

14-William Mark Walker

14-Victoria Jane Walker

Victoria married Oz Wunsche. They had one daughter: Heidi.

15-Heidi Wunsche

13-Dorian Richard Walker

Dorian married Louise Emma Clare Davies. They had two children: Jessica Joan and Josh Raoul Sutherland.

14-Jessica Joan Walker

14-Josh Raoul Sutherland Walker

13-Julia Josephine Walker

Julia married Christopher Charles Cowper. They had two children: Quinn Conrad and Theo Luke.

14-Quinn Conrad Cowper

14-Theo Luke Cowper

13-Lucia Vivien Diana Walker

11-Dr. Kenneth Bleckley Clarke^{22,74} was born on 13 Feb 1889 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died on 15 Mar 1972 in Poole, Dorset at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS LRCP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1901-1906 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Provincial Grand Master, Dorset Lodge.
- He worked as a Captain with the RAMC.

Kenneth married Dorothy Milborough Hasluck, daughter of Rev. E. Hasluck.

10-Herbert Edwin Clarke⁷ was born in 1853 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died before 1916.

Herbert married Agnes E. Hofland,⁷ daughter of Henry Hofland and Jane. Agnes was born in 1859 in Woolwich, Kent. They had four children: Herbert William, Francis, Cyril, and Sidney.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 10 Fitzwilliam Avenue, Richmond, Surrey.

11-Herbert William Clarke was born in 1885 in Forest Hill, Kent.

11-Francis Clarke was born in 1887 in Forest Hill, Kent.

11-2nd Lieut. Cyril Clarke⁴² was born in 1891 in Beckenham, Kent, died on 16 Jun 1916 in Somme, France. Killed in action at age 25, and was buried in Corbie Communal Cemetery Extension, Somme, France. Grave 1.A.2.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the East Surrey Regiment.
- 11-Sidney Clarke was born in 1892 in Beckenham, Kent.

10-Gertrude Clarke

10-Frank Clarke

Frank married **M. Brooks**.

10-Clara Clarke

Clara married **M. Lichfield**.

10-Albert Clarke

Albert married **M. Litchfield**.

10-Helen Clarke

8-Ann Clemesha was born on 16 Oct 1778 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

8-Grace Clemesha was born on 15 Dec 1780 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

6-Hannah Chapman was born on 21 Jan 1712 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Hannah married Robert Thompson. They had five children: Ingram, Robert, Elizabeth, Hannah, and Henry.

7-Ingram Thompson

7-Robert Thompson

- 7-Elizabeth Thompson
- 7-Hannah Thompson

7-Henry Thompson

6-**Catherine Chapman**¹ was born on 6 Aug 1715 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Catherine married John Humphrey.

6-Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 23 Mar 1718 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in Feb 1755 at age 36.

Noted events in her life were:

• She signed a will Will proved 24 February 1755 on 1 Feb 1755.

Elizabeth married Henry Cockerill,¹ son of Robert Cockerill and Sarah, on 5 Dec 1739 in Staintondale, Whitby, Yorkshire. Henry died before 1 Feb 1755. They had two children: Elizabeth and Mary.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Mariner.

7-Elizabeth Cockerill

7-Mary Cockerill

6-Eleanor Chapman¹ was born on 19 Dec 1720 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died before 1 Feb 1755.

Eleanor married Henry Patterson. They had one son: George.

7-George Patterson

6-Grace Chapman

Grace married G. Winn.

5-Solomon Chapman⁶³ was born on 28 Oct 1684 and died on 11 May 1766 at age 81.

Solomon married Ann Linskill,⁶³ daughter of William Linskill and Ann Parkinson, on 16 May 1712. Ann was born on 29 Mar 1674 and died on 19 Mar 1728 at age 53. They had nine children: William, Solomon, Robert, Isaiah, Benjamin, Ann, Elizabeth, Ingram, and Joseph.

6-Captain William Chapman² was born on 4 Apr 1712 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 16 Oct 1793 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 81.

General Notes: Drawn from family papers including notes made by Wiiliam in 1786 from his own knowledge, his parents and grandparents and historical record.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer & Master Mariner in Whitby, Yorkshire.

William married Mary Gaskin, daughter of Joseph Gaskin and Ann Vaughan, on 5 Mar 1739 in Staintondale, Whitby, Yorkshire. Mary was born in 1716 and died on 16 Jan 1745 at age 29. They had three children: Ann, Sarah, and Mary.

7-Ann Chapman was born in 1741 and died in 1759 at age 18.

7-Sarah Chapman died in 1752 in Died Young.

7-Mary Chapman died in 1747 in Died Young.

William next married Hannah Baynes,² daughter of John Baynes and Margaret Wardell, on 23 Apr 1748. Hannah died in 1786. They had 11 children: William, John, Aaron, Margaret, Solomon, Sarah, Elizabeth, Edward Walton, Robert, Hannah, and Abel.

7-William Chapman² was born on 7 Mar 1749 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 29 May 1832 in Ridley Place, Newcastle-upon-Tyne at age 83, and was buried in St. Andrew's Church, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

General Notes: Chapman, William (1749–1832), civil engineer, was born on 7 March 1749 at Whitby, one of at least three sons of Captain William Chapman (1713–1793) and his wife, Hannah, née Baynes. The Chapman family were Quakers, and well known in the north-east as shipowners and mariners. Chapman at first followed his father's profession and for some three years he commanded a ship trading with western and northern Europe. By 1778 he and his brother John (1750–1814) had leased Wallsend and Byker collieries, and they installed at Byker the first Boulton and Watt steam pumping engine to work on Tyneside. William's interest in the steam engine led him to enter an open competition to improve the pumping engine at Rotterdam, where he won the second prize. The brothers' colliery enterprise was short-lived, however, for sinking the first shaft at Wallsend led to financial difficulties and they were declared bankrupt in 1782. After this set-back, John Chapman set up in business as a coal merchant. William decided to continue as an engineer; he had recently developed an improved method of coal-winding and had been corresponding with Watt on various other aspects of the steam engine. He went to Ireland with Matthew Boulton in the autumn of 1783 and remained there, apart from brief visits home, for the next eleven years. He at first acted as agent for Boulton and Watt, among other activities, but increasingly undertook civil engineering projects, planning and overseeing the construction of canals, bridges, and docks, with the assistance of his brother Edward Walton Chapman (1762–1847). In 1794 he was elected a member of the Royal Irish Academy, but the same year he decided to return home, where he was elected into the Smeatonian Society of Civil Engineers; he attended its meetings for over thirty years. The date of his marriage to Elizabeth, who came from Morton in co. Durham, is unknown; they had one child, Elizabeth Hannah. His first commission, to report on a proposed canal from the Tyne to the Solway, led nowhere, but Chapman then took on a number of major land drainage and flood protection schemes in west Yorkshire, as well as various harbour works. He acted in partnership with John Rennie (1761–1821) on the construction of the Humber Dock at Hull, started in 1803. After the spate of canal building, there were fewer new civil engineering projects available, though Chapman continued with drainage schemes, working as far south as the River Orwell in Suffolk, where he cut several new navigation channels. In 1806, seeking to diversify, Chapman turned again to coalmining, leasing East Kenton and Coxlodge collieries jointly with Robert Knowsley. He laid the associated railway line and devised a 'coal-drop' which lowered the wagons into the ships instead of shooting loose coal into their holds. In 1812 he and Edward patented a chain-haulage steam locomotive, which

proved unsatisfactory, but the same patent included the first description of a pivoted bogie, which turned out to be a useful idea as it enabled heavier locomotives to run on existing track as their weight was spread over six or eight wheels rather than four. He also had an interest in a rope manufactory at Willington, near Newcastle, where Edward was manager, and they filed a number of patents for improvements to rope-making machinery. In the years following the Napoleonic wars Chapman was asked to report on major projects in the midlands, notably the Laneham drainage scheme in Nottinghamshire, and the Sheffield Canal, where construction began in 1816. He was involved with works at Shoreham harbour, Carlisle Canal, Leith harbour, and finally Seaham harbour, which he did not live to see finished.

Known to his professional colleagues as a studious and reserved man, Chapman earned their respect for the quality of his work and for his courteous and friendly bearing. He could sometimes take offence at clients whom he saw as ill-treating his engineers, or disputing his fees, which were never immodest. Besides his many reports, Chapman wrote a book on cordage, published in 1808, which gave a good account of the early development of rope-making machinery; his other books dealt with canals (1797) and preservation of timber (1817), and he wrote numerous technical papers for various professional journals. After his return from Ireland, Chapman resided chiefly at Ridley Place, Newcastle, and he died there on 29 May 1832. His voluminous library of books, maps and plans was sold by auction in April 1833. His printed reports were presented by his widow to the Institution of Civil Engineers (of which Chapman had never been a member) in 1837.

Anita McConnell

Sources S. Smiles, Life of George Stephenson, railway engineer, 3rd edn (1857) \cdot S. Smiles, Lives of the engineers, 3 vols. (1861–2) \cdot private information (1887) \cdot A. W. Skempton, 'William Chapman (1749–1832), civil engineer', Transactions [Newcomen Society], 46 (1973–4), 45–82 \cdot R. Welford, Men of mark 'twixt Tyne and Tweed, 1 (1895) \cdot S. Hughes, 'Memoir of William Chapman', (Weale's) Quarterly Papers on Engineering, 1 (1843) \cdot DNB

Archives E. Sussex RO, report on New Shoreham Harbour | Bodl. Oxf., corresp. with John Dunkin and Ann Dunkin · Inst. CE, letters to Thomas Telford relating to Carlisle– Newcastle canal project Likenesses W. Walker and G. Zobel, group portrait, engraving (Men of science living in 1807– 8; after F. J. Skill, J. Gilbert, and E. Walker), NPG · portrait, repro. in Skempton, 'William Chapman', 46 © Oxford University Press 2004– 14

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Anita McConnell, 'Chapman, William (1749–1832)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Oct 2007 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/5127

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Master mariner and Engineer.
- He worked as a Coal owner with his brother John in 1778-1782.
- He worked as a Civil engineer in 1783-1794 in Ireland.
- He worked as a Civil engineer in England.

William married Martha Rae.

William next married Eliza Knowlsey. They had one daughter: Elizabeth Hannah.

8-Elizabeth Hannah Chapman

Elizabeth married Frederick William Tappenden.

7-John Chapman^{1,2} was born on 17 Oct 1750 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1814 at age 64. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Coal owner then later, a Coal merchant.

7-Aaron Chapman¹ was born on 6 Oct 1752 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 17 Aug 1770 at age 17.

7-Margaret Chapman¹ was born on 4 Oct 1754 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 3 Oct 1757 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 2.

7-Captain Solomon Chapman was born on 15 Sep 1756 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in Jun 1783 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 26.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commander of the "Florida".

7-Sarah Chapman^{1,21} was born on 29 Jul 1758 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 12 Oct 1843 in Bishopwearmouth, County Durham at age 85. She had no known marriage and no known children.

7-Elizabeth Chapman was born on 23 May 1760 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

7-Edward Walton Chapman^{1,2} was born on 29 Apr 1762 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 17 Dec 1847 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 85. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer.

7-Robert Chapman¹ was born on 6 Oct 1764 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 8 Sep 1828 at age 63. He had no known marriage and no known children.

7-Hannah Chapman¹ was born on 30 Jan 1767 and died in 1838 at age 71. She had no known marriage and no known children.

7-Abel Chapman^{1,61,73} was born on 15 Aug 1769 in Low Barnes, Sunderland, County Durham and died on 17 Aug 1848 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 79. Abel married Elizabeth Smales,^{1,63} daughter of Gideon Smales^{1,10,63} and Hannah Chapman,^{1,10,63} on 29 Aug 1816 in FMH Whitby. Elizabeth was born on 2 May 1795 in Whitby, Yorkshire. They had six children: William, Abel, John, Thomas Edward, Elizabeth Hannah, and Robert.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1803 in York, Yorkshire.

8-William Chapman^{1,63} was born on 16 Sep 1817 in Sunderland, County Durham.

William married Harriet Wright. They had eight children: William Abel, Charles Edward, Harriet Elizabeth, Sidney, George Edwin, Evelyn, Gerald Wilfrid, and Oliver Herbert.

9-William Abel Chapman¹ was born on 8 Jul 1848 in York, Yorkshire and was christened on 30 Jul 1848 in Holy Trinity, Micklegate, York.

9-Charles Edward Chapman died on 2 Apr 1861.

9-Harriet Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born in 1852 in York, Yorkshire.

Harriet married Leevis Hakes on 24 Aug 1875 in York, Yorkshire. Leevis was born in 1851.

9-Sidney Chapman¹ was born on 18 Jan 1858 in Heighington, County Durham and died in 1887 in York, Yorkshire at age 29.

9-George Edwin Chapman¹ died on 29 May 1869 in Mauritius. The cause of his death was Drowned at sea, near Mauritius.

9-Evelyn Chapman¹ died on 23 Sep 1868 in York, Yorkshire.

9-Gerald Wilfrid Chapman^{1,76} was born on 26 Jan 1862 in Heighington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Jeweller, Clothier and Pawnbroker in 5 Micklegate, York, Yorkshire.

Gerald married Ada Maria Fletcher. They had two children: Emily and Norah.

10-Emily Chapman

10-Norah Chapman

9-Oliver Herbert Chapman^{1,76} was born on 15 Jan 1864 in York, Yorkshire, was christened on 24 Feb 1864 in St. Maurice's, York, Yorkshire, and died in 1881 in York, Yorkshire at age 17.

8-Abel Chapman⁴ was born on 16 Sep 1817 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1879 at age 62.

Abel married Harriet Wright. They had eight children: William Abel, Charles Edward, Sidney, George Edward, Evelyn, Gerald Wilfrid, Oliver Herbert, and Harriet Elizabeth.

9-William Abel Chapman^{4,63} was born in 1848.

9-Charles Edward Chapman died in 1861.

9-Sidney Chapman^{4,63} was born in 1858.

9-George Edward Chapman died in 1869 in Drowned.

9-Evelyn Chapman died in 1868.

9-Gerald Wilfrid Chapman⁴ was born in 1862.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in York, Yorkshire.

Gerald married **Fletcher**. They had two children: **Emily** and **Norah**.

10-Emily Chapman

10-Norah Chapman

9-Oliver Herbert Chapman⁴ was born in 1864.

9-Harriet Elizabeth Chapman was born in 1851.

8-John Chapman¹ died in Died in Infancy.

8-Thomas Edward Chapman^{1,2,22} was born on 24 Jan 1820 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1875 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Silksworth Hall, Sunderland, County Durham.
- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1833-1835 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Brewer and Wine and Spirit merchant in Sunderland, County Durham.

Thomas married Jane Anne Crawhall,^{1,2,4,22} daughter of Joseph Crawhall and Margaret, on 3 Oct 1848 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Jane was born in 1823 in Stagshawclose House, Hexham, Northumberland, was christened on 30 May 1823 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and died in 1903 at age 80. They had eight children: Abel, Joseph Crawhall, Walter Ingram, Margaret Ethel, Philip Harry, Alfred Crawhall, Louis Gascoigne, and Hilda Maria.

9-Abel Chapman^{1,2,4} was born on 4 Oct 1851 in 212 High Street, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham, died on 23 Jan 1929 in Houxty, Wark-on-Tyne, Northumberland at age 77, and was buried in Wark-on-Tyne, Northumberland. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: He saved the Spanish Ibex from extinction and helped in the establishment of South Africa's first game reserve.

Chapman, Abel (1851–1929), naturalist and hunter, was born at 212 High Street, Bishopwearmouth, co. Durham, on 4 October 1851, the eldest of the six sons and two daughters of Thomas Edward Chapman (1820–1875), wine merchant, and his wife, Jane Ann, née Crawhall (d. 1903). He was educated at Rugby School from 1864 to 1869. From 1875 he was a partner in the family business of T. E. Chapman, brewers and wine-merchants, an enterprise he sold in 1897.

Chapman's maternal grandfather, Joseph Crawhall, was a founder member of the Natural History Society of Northumberland, and his uncles encouraged his early interest in the outdoors. This passion was reinforced at Rugby by a schoolmate, Frederick Courteney Selous, with whom he remained in touch until Selous's death in 1917. Initially combining business with sport, Chapman began to travel after leaving school, his first destinations being Portugal and Spain. Thereafter he made regular visits— twenty-three in all— to the Iberian peninsula. Together with his friend Walter J. Buck, the British vice-consul at Jerez, Chapman wrote Wild Spain (1893) and Unexplored Spain (1910). In 1883 Chapman was the first naturalist to observe the flamingo nesting in Europe and he was proud of having saved the Spanish ibex from extinction. He was responsible for the establishment of the Coto Doñana nature reserve in southern Spain. Because of his expertise on the wildlife of this region, Chapman wrote and illustrated a chapter on the wild animals and hunting culture of Spain for The Big Game of Africa and Europe (1914), volume 3 of The Gun at Home and Abroad, the book's co-

authors being F. C. Selous and J. G. Millais, the latter also a great friend and a fellow member of the Shikar Club, the prestigious British group of sport-hunters. Chapman went to Canada and Scandinavia; in all he was to make forty-six trips to Scandinavia, and he wrote Wild Norway in 1897. He and his brother Alfred Crawhall Chapman identified pelicans for the first time in Jutland in May 1893. In May 1899 he left for Africa on a hunting trip with his brother Walter Ingram Chapman but was disappointed with sport-hunting in South Africa, preferring less developed regions. His African adventures culminated in On Safari (1908) and Savage Sudan (1921)— the first natural history book about this area— which were entertaining and vivid accounts of east Africa and the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, illustrated by the author. While a work of its time in terms of Chapman's Edwardian imperial and patronizing attitudes towards what he referred to as the 'pure-bred savage of the Sudan', and to the Africans of east Africa, this book is intelligent in its handling of the geographical distribution of wildlife and of Darwinian ideas and scientific zoology. In hindsight Chapman considered his major contribution to African wildlife conservation to have been his suggestion in 1900— the first of its kind— that the entire eastern boundary of the Transvaal be declared a national game reserve. As boundaries for this 'ideal reserve for game and wild animals' he recommended what are essentially the present limits of the modern Kruger National Park. In the event this did not materialize for another generation, and Chapman was not personally involved in the foundation of the Kruger National Park in 1926, although he supported its establishment and corresponded with its warden, James Stevenson-Hamilton.

Chapman was enthusiastic about the natural history of Northumberland, and supported initiatives to protect the fauna and flora of the border country. His first book was Bird-Life of the Borders (1889) and he became a very knowledgeable ornithologist, pursuing this interest at home as well as abroad. He was a keen wildfowler, writing First Lessons in the Art of Wildfowling (1896), and was responsible for the establishment of what became the British Association for Conservation and Shooting. In 1898 he purchased the Houxty estate in Northumberland, where he indulged his love of sport-fishing and experimented with improvements to salmon fishing. He encouraged wildlife and birds, creating a nature sanctuary at Houxty, which was visited by the first Boy Scout camp, led by Baden-Powell, in 1908.

Chapman was one of the old-style dilettante landowning sportsmen, artists, and authors. While he was prepared to rough it like a frontiersman, he preferred to travel in luxury, champagne being his favourite drink in the field. His books are fluently written, perhaps too discursive and anecdotal for a modern taste, but they display his wide general knowledge and competence with sketchbook and camera. As well as being a man of action Chapman gave thought to the philosophy of nature study. In his Retrospect (1928) he devoted a chapter to his opinions on the emerging discipline of animal behavioural ecology. His engaging and lively personal observations about nature and its study brought Chapman a wide audience in his time. Unafraid to take issue with specialists, he was a prolific contributor of articles and letters to sporting magazines and the newspapers. He enjoyed controversy, but was generally well liked and respected. He was, in addition, a sympathetic person, and a quiet philanthropist in a number of causes. In 1922 the University of Durham conferred on him the honorary degree of master of arts.

Chapman died, unmarried, on 23 January 1929 at Houxty, near Wark-on-Tyne, Northumberland, and was buried at Wark. He bequeathed his specimens and trophies to the British Museum of Natural History and to Hancock Museum at Newcastle upon Tyne, where his personal notebooks and hunting journals are also deposited.

Jane Carruthers

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Wealth at death £89,369 5s. 5d.: resworn probate, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Jane Carruthers, 'Chapman, Abel (1851–1929)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, May 2006 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/64726]

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rugby in 1864-1869.
- He worked as a Partner in T. E. Chapman, brewers and wine-merchants in 1875-1897.
- He worked as a Naturalist & Author.
- He resided at Houxty in Wark-on-Tyne, Northumberland.

9-Joseph Crawhall Chapman⁴ was born on 11 Mar 1853 in 212 High Street, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died in 1922 at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MInstCE.

• He worked as an Engineer.

• He worked as a High Sheriff of Devon in 1913.

Joseph married Ethel Gray, daughter of Edwin Gray. They had one son: Thomas Musgrave Gray.

10-Thomas Musgrave Gray Chapman⁴ was born in 1891 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Cadewell, Torquay, Devon.

Thomas married Norah Hooper.

Thomas next married Flora Proctor. They had one daughter: Nancy Gertrude.

11-Nancy Gertrude Chapman

9-Walter Ingram Chapman¹ was born on 25 Mar 1855 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham.

General Notes: NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Walter Ingram Chapman, Thomas Goulton Matteson, and Athole Harry Edward Woods, carrying on business as Cement Manufacturers, at Deptford and Wellington Lane both in the borough of Sunderland.in the county of Durham, under the style or firm of Matteson and Chapman, has been dissolved, by mutual consent, as from the 31st day of October, 1893. All debts due and owing to or by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Walter Ingram Chapman and Athole Harry Edward Woods, together with John Cartmel Holme; and that in future such business. will be carried on by the said Walter Ingram Chapman, Athole Harry Edward Woods, and John Cartmel Holme, under the said style or firm of Matteson and Chapman.-Dated this 7th day ,-of February, 1894. WALTER I. CHAPMAN. THOS. G. MATTESON. ATHOLE H. E, WOODS

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Cement manufacturer, trading as Matteson and Chapman in 1894 in Wellington Lane, Deptford, Sunderland, County Durham.

9-Margaret Ethel Chapman¹ was born in 1856 and was christened on 14 Oct 1856 in Southwick, County Durham.

Margaret married Henry Francis Sneyd-Kynnersley, son of Thomas Clement Sneyd-Kynnersley and Elizabeth Rose Sandars, in 1885 in Houghton Le Spring, County Durham. Henry was born on 22 Jun 1851 in Exeter, Devon, died on 15 Oct 1900 in 7 Grosvenor Villas, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 49, and was buried in St. Andrew's Cemetery, Newcastle. They had four children: Katherine Frances, Sylvia Mary, Margaret Ethel, and Rosamund.

General Notes: HENRY FRANCIS SNEYD-KYNNERSLEY died on the 15th October, 1900, at his residence, 7 Grosvenor Villas, Newcastle-on-Tyne. He was the sixth son of the late Mr. Thomas Clement Sneyd-Eynnersley, J.P., Stipendiary Magistrate at Birmingham, was born at Exeter on the 22nd June, 1851, and was educated at Marlborough College. His maternal grandfather, Mr. Joseph Sandars, of Liverpool, was associated with George Stephenson in the construction of the first English railway, and in the year 1871 the grandson's engineering career fitly commenced with a pupilage of twelve months to the well-known firm of Robert Stephenson and Company, of Newcastle-on-Tyne.

He subsequently served a pupilage of four years, from 1872 to 1876, with Mr. Alfred R. C. Harrison, Engineer of the Northern Division of the North Eastern Railway. For the following seven years he held the post of Assistant Engineer over the whole of the Northern Division of that line, and during that time obtained extensive and varied experience in surveying, bridge building, and railway work generally.

In 1883 Mr. Sneyd-Kynnersley was appointed County Surveyor of Northumberland, and when the County Council came into existence in 1889 the appointment was renewed and was held by him until his death.

In 1884 he was also appointed Surveyor to the Tweed Bridges Trust. Mr. Sneyd-Kynnersley was a man of unostentatious habits and demeanour, but of great energy and resource. He carried out the duties of those posts in a thoroughly efficient manner, and was held in high esteem, not only by the members of the Bridges and Roads Committee of the Northumberland County Council, but by a large circle of friends, by whom he will be long and deservedly remembered for never failing geniality and unselfishness of character.

Mr. Sneyd-Kynnersley was elected an Associate on the 4th December, 1877, was subsequently placed in the class of Associate Members, and was transferred to the class of Members on the 22nd December, 1885.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MInstCE.
- He was educated at Marlborough.

- He worked as a Civil engineer.
- He worked as a County Surveyor for Northumberland.
- He worked as a Surveyor to the Tweed Bridges Trust.

10-Katherine Frances Sneyd-Kynnersley was born in 1886 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1964 in Weymouth, Dorset at age 78.

10-Sylvia Mary Snevd-Kynnersley was born on 19 Oct 1888 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1980 in Hampshire at age 92.

Sylvia married Lieut. Col. Edward Warren Caulfeild Sandes, son of Col. Henry Thomas Thompson Sandes and Grace Henrietta Caulfeild, on 3 Aug 1919 in Melcombe Regis, Dorset. Edward was born on 13 Feb 1880, was christened on 6 Apr 1880 in St. Paul's, Manningham, Bradford, Yorkshire, and died on 23 Feb 1973 in Weymouth, Dorset at age 93. They had two children: Adrian Henry Warren and Penelope Rose Mary.

General Notes: SANDES, Lt.-Col. Edward Warren Caulfeild, DSO. 1919. MC. RE. Principal, Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, India. b. 1880. o.s. of late Col. H.T.T. Sandes, RA; m. 1919, Sylvia Mary d. of late Henry Francis Sneyd-Kynnersley of 11 Greenhill Terrace, Weymouth; one s. Served European War (Mesopotamia), 1915-1916 (DSO MC Croix de Guerre); was in the besieged garrison of Kut-el-Amarah (despatches thrice) and a prisoner of war in Turkey for 2¹/₂ years after the surrender of Kut. *Publications:* In Kut and Captivity, 1919; Tales of Turkey, 1924; Address: Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, India. Club: Naval and Military

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MC OBE Croix de Guerre.
- He was educated at Monkton Combe School in Bath, Somerset.
- He was educated at Royal Military Academy, Woolwich.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers.
- He worked as a Principal of the Thomason Civil Engineering College in Roorkee, India.

11-Col. Adrian Henry Warren Sandes

Adrian married Lorna Mary Glynn Begbie, daughter of Maj. Ronald Philipps Glynn Begbie. They had three children: Vivien Lorna Glynn, Adrian Peter Warren, and Alison Catherine Mary.

12-Vivien Lorna Glynn Sandes

Vivien married John Gifford Geils Pender.

12-Adrian Peter Warren Sandes

Adrian married Elizabeth Cook.

12-Alison Catherine Mary Sandes

Alison married Ian FitzGibbon Wright.

11-Penelope Rose Mary Sandes was born on 2 Jan 1931 in Weymouth, Dorset, died on 7 Mar 2013 in Dorset County Hospital, Dorchester, Dorset at age 82, and was buried in Langton Herring, Dorset.

General Notes: Penelope Rose Mary Dunn

Published in the Dorset Echo on 13 March 2013

PENELOPE ROSE MARY DUNN (née SANDES) Died of an illness in Dorset County Hospital, Dorchester on 7th March aged 82. Much loved wife of Lt Cdr Peter Dunn; mother of Archie, Ralph and Richard; grandmother of Kate, Frances, Catherine and Sophie; and Classical Musician. A Requiem Mass will be held at St Joseph's Church, Stavordale Road, on Tuesday 19th March at 10.00 am followed by private burial in Langton Herring. Refreshments afterwards. Flowers welcome, or if desired donations for 'CAFOD' may be sent to Cotton & Son, Milton House, 1 Milton Road, Weymouth DT4 0AZ Enquiries Tel; (01305) 76 76 76

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at St. Brandon's School in Weymouth, Dorset.
- She was educated at Westonbirt School.

Penelope married Lieut. Cmdr. Peter Hugh Dunn RN. They had three children: Archie, Ralph P., and Richard Francis.

12-Archie Dunn

12-Ralph P. Dunn

12-Richard Francis Dunn

10-Margaret Ethel Sneyd-Kynnersley was born in 1891 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Margaret married Lieut. Cmdr. Spencer Francis Russell RN on 30 Jun 1918 in Melcombe Regis, Dorset. Spencer was born on 28 Dec 1884 in Valetta, Malta and died in 1975 in New Forest, Hampshire at age 91.

10-Rosamund Sneyd-Kynnersley was born in 1895 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and was christened on 7 Mar 1895 in St. George's, Newcastle upon Tyne.

9-Philip Harry Chapman¹ was born on 7 Jan 1858 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham and was christened on 28 Mar 1858 in Southwick, County Durham.

9-Alfred Crawhall Chapman¹ was born on 18 Nov 1859 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham and died on 3 Sep 1896 in County Durham at age 36. The cause of his death was Typhoid complicated by Pneumonia.

General Notes: ALFRED CRAWHALL CHAPMAN was born on 18th November 1859, at Hylton Grange, near Sunderland, being the fifth son of the late Mr. Thomas Edward Chapman. After being educated at Rugby School and going through the technical course at the Durham College of Science, Newcastle-on-Tyne, he was articled in 1878 to Mr. John Daglish, Silksworth Colliery, near Sunderland.

In 1883 he became a certificated mining engineer, and held appointments at Kimblesworth near Durham, Houghton Main near Barnsley, Cwmaman near Aberdare, Whitburn near Sunderland, and other collieries.

In 1884 he abandoned colliery work, and became for two years resident engineer to the River Wear Commissioners on the Roker new pier works, Sunderland, under Mr. H. H. Wake. After a short period spent in London with his brother, Mr. J. Crawhall Chapman, he commenced practice on his own account in 1887 as a consulting, mining, and civil engineer and patent agent, at St. Nicholas Buildings, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

He had been considerably out of health for over two years prior to his death, which took place in Durham from pneumonia and typhoid fever, on 3rd September 1896, in his thirty-seventh year. He became a Member of this Institution in 1887, and was also a Member of the North of England Institution of Mining and Mechanical Engineers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MInstME.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at Durham College of Science.
- He worked as an articled Minining Engineer to John Dalglish in 1878-1883 in Silksworth Colliery, Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Resident engineer to the River Wear Commissioners in 1884-1886.
- He worked as a Consulting, mining, and civil engineer and patent agent in 1887-1896 in St. Nicholas Buildings, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as an Ornithologist.

9-Louis Gascoigne Chapman¹ was born on 18 Aug 1861 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham and died in Feb 1862 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham.

9-Hilda Maria Chapman was born on 23 Mar 1866 in Silksworth Hall, Sunderland, County Durham, was christened on 29 May 1866 in Bishopwearmouth Church, County Durham, and died on 12 Jul 1961 in Maidenhead, Berkshire at age 95.

Hilda married Col. Edward Arthur Waldegrave Courtney, son of Maj. Gen. Edward Henry Courtney, on 28 Mar 1894 in West Rainton, County Durham. Edward was born on 10 Oct 1868, died

on 18 Jun 1926 in Camberley, Surrey at age 57, and was buried in Frimley, Camberley, Surrey. They had four children: Edward Derek, Ronald Waldegrave, Patricia, and John.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with CMG Croix de Guerre CBE.

10-Lt. Edward Derek Courtney was born on 1 Aug 1895 in Dover, Kent and died on 9 Aug 1918 in 46th Stationary Hospital, Etaples, France at age 23. The cause of his death was Dysentery.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the Army Service Corps.

10-Ronald Waldegrave Courtney was born on 22 Mar 1898 in Woolwich, Kent and died in 1976 in Poole, Dorset at age 78.

Ronald married Beatrice Harriet Collins. Beatrice was born in 1905 and died in 1970 at age 65. They had one daughter: Susan.

11-Susan Courtney was born in 1941 and died in 1985 at age 44.

10-Patricia Courtney was born on 18 Dec 1902 in Cork, County Cork, Ireland, died on 3 Jan 1995 in Petersfield, Hampshire at age 92, and was buried in Carron Lane Cemetery, Midhurst, West Sussex. Patricia married Gen. Sir Frank Walter Messervy in 1927 in Farnham, Surrey. Frank was born on 9 Dec 1893 in Kingston, Jamaica, died on 2 Feb 1974 in Midhurst, Sussex at age 80, and was

Patricia married **Gen. Sir Frank Walter Messervy** in 1927 in Farnham, Surrey. Frank was born on 9 Dec 1893 in Kingston, Jamaica, died on 2 Fe buried in Carron Lane Cemetery, Midhurst, West Sussex. They had one son: **Nigel John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCSI KBE CB DSO & Bar.
- He worked as a General Officer Commanding-in-Chief Northern Command, India in 1946-1947.
- He worked as a First Commander-in-Chief of the Pakistan Army on 15 Aug 1947-10 Feb 1948.

11-Nigel John Messervy was born on 22 May 1937 in Muree, India, died on 10 Apr 1965 in London at age 27, and was buried in Carron Lane Cemetery, Midhurst, West Sussex.

10-John Courtney was born on 21 Sep 1904 in Weymouth, Dorset and died in 1988 at age 84.

8-Elizabeth Hannah Chapman was born on 10 Feb 1823 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1894 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 71. She had no known marriage and no known children.

8-Robert Chapman

Abel next married Maria Thistlethwaite,^{1,73} daughter of John Thistlethwaite¹⁰ and Juliana Clarkson,¹⁰ on 4 Jun 1828 in FMH Liverpool. Maria was born on 7 Jul 1779 in Pontefract, Yorkshire and died on 25 Dec 1851 at age 72. They had no children.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1791 in York, Yorkshire.

6-Solomon Chapman¹ was born on 1 Feb 1715 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 25 Mar 1771 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Crossgate, Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He signed a will Proved 20 April 1771 on 23 Oct 1770.

6-Robert Chapman¹ was born on 14 Jul 1718 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 12 Apr 1790 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 71.

Robert married **Dorothy Hanway**. They had five children: **William, Solomon, Margaret, Mary**, and **Ann**.

7-William Chapman

William married Hannah Willan,¹ daughter of Dr. Robert Willan and Anne, on 30 Nov 1775 in FMH Brigflatts, Sedbergh. Hannah was born in Sedbergh, Cumbria and died on 30 Jun 1798. They had three children: Dorothy, Robert, and Anne.

8-Dorothy Chapman¹ was born on 1 Jul 1777 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

8-Robert Chapman¹ was born on 1 Sep 1778 in North Shields, Northumberland.

Robert married someone. He had four children: Robert William, Richard, John William, and Ann.

9-Robert William Chapman

Robert married Stephenson.

9-Rev. Richard Chapman

9-John William Chapman

9-Ann Chapman

Ann married Walker.

8-Anne Chapman¹ was born on 7 Jan 1780 in North Shields, Northumberland.

7-Solomon Chapman

Solomon married Jane Blackburn. They had one daughter: Jane.

8-Jane Chapman

Jane married Middleton Hewitson¹ on 8 Jun 1797 in All Saints, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Middleton was born on 29 Jun 1769 in Benfieldside, County Durham. Solomon next married **Deborah Willan**, daughter of **Dr. Robert Willan** and **Anne**.

7-Margaret Chapman

Margaret married Joseph Gray, son of Joseph Gray and Eleanor.

7-Mary Chapman¹ died on 12 Jul 1766 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

7-Ann Chapman

Ann married Charles Charlton.

Robert next married Mary Shaw,¹ daughter of Hugh Shaw and Dorothy, on 14 Apr 1762. Mary was born on 14 Apr 1728 in County Durham and died on 12 Jun 1806 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 78. They had four children: **Robert, Mary, Hugh**, and **Elizabeth**.

7-Robert Chapman¹ was born on 18 Feb 1765 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

7-Mary Chapman was born on 12 Aug 1766 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Mary married Robson.

7-Hugh Chapman was born on 6 May 1768 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 31 Dec 1787 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 19.

7-Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 2 Feb 1770 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 7 Jun 1801 at age 31. She had no known marriage and no known children.

6-Capt. Isaiah Chapman¹ was born on 21 Jan 1720 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 11 May 1771 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

• He signed a will Proved 22 July 1771 on 8 Jan 1770.

• He worked as a Master Mariner in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Isaiah married Jane Hill, daughter of William Hill and Jane. They had five children: Ann, Solomon, William, Jane, and Mary.

7-Ann Chapman was born on 18 Oct 1747 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 30 Jan 1748 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

7-Solomon Chapman¹ was born on 6 Dec 1750 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in Drowned At Sea.

7-William Chapman¹ was born on 20 Aug 1752 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

William married someone. He had two children: Joshua and Hannah.

8-Joshua Chapman¹ was born on 6 Jan 1784 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 9 Jun 1785 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 1.

8-Hannah Chapman was born on 14 Sep 1787 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

7-Jane Chapman¹ was born on 10 Sep 1754 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Jane married Samuel Booth, son of James Booth and Elizabeth.

7-Mary Chapman¹ was born on 2 Nov 1758 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 2 Nov 1759 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 1.

6-Benjamin Chapman^{1,77,78} was born on 5 Oct 1721 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 23 Sep 1774 in Cockfield, Bishop Auckland, County Durham at age 52. Benjamin married Elizabeth Dent,¹ daughter of Gideon Dent and Elizabeth Vaughan, on 2 Dec 1747 in FMH Whitby. Elizabeth was born on 21 Nov 1721 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 4 Jun 1754 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 32, and was buried in FBG Whitby. They had two children: Solomon and Elizabeth.

7-Solomon Chapman^{1,63,79} was born on 19 Nov 1749 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 30 May 1838 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 88.

Solomon married **Jane Ogden**,^{1,63,79} daughter of **John Ogden** and **Jane**,^{10,63} on 9 Nov 1772 in FMH Sunderland. Jane was born in 1745 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 6 Mar 1834 in Bishopwearmouth, County Durham at age 89. They had no children.

7-Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 15 Jan 1752.

Benjamin next married Hannah Dixon,^{1,77,78} daughter of George Dixon^{1,77,78,80} and Mary Hunter,^{1,77,78,80} on 3 Mar 1756 in Staintondale, Whitby, Yorkshire. Hannah was born on 4 Mar 1727 and died on 1 Feb 1799 at age 71. They had seven children: George, Sarah, Benjamin, Mary, Hannah, Anne, and William.

7-George Chapman¹ was born on 6 Dec 1756 in Sunderland, County Durham.

7-Sarah Chapman¹ was born on 27 Aug 1758 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 12 Oct 1843 at age 85.

7-Benjamin Chapman¹ was born on 15 Jul 1760 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 6 Mar 1803 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 42.

7-Mary Chapman was born on 16 Apr 1763 in Sunderland, County Durham.

7-Hannah Chapman¹ was born on 20 Nov 1764 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Hannah married **Cuthbert Gibbons**.

7-Anne Chapman¹ was born on 19 Dec 1766 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Anne married Joseph Morgan.

7-William Chapman¹ was born on 28 Mar 1769 in Sunderland, County Durham.

William married Sarah. They had five children: William, Solomon, Hannah, Fanny, and Jane.

8-William Chapman

8-Solomon Chapman

8-Hannah Chapman

8-Fanny Chapman

8-Jane Chapman

6-Ann Chapman¹ was born on 21 May 1723 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died about 14 May 1787 about age 63, and was buried on 16 May 1787 in FBG Malton.

Ann married **Captain William Gaskin**,¹ son of **Joseph Gaskin** and **Ann Vaughan**, on 28 Oct 1748 in FMH Whitby. William was born on 17 Sep 1722 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 11 Jun 1775 in Pickering, Yorkshire at age 52, and was buried on 13 Jun 1775 in FBG Whitby. They had five children: **Joseph, John, William, Ingram**, and **Ann**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master Mariner and Ship-owner in Whitby, Yorkshire.

• Miscellaneous: Whitby MM (Monthly Meeting).

7-Joseph Gaskin was born on 24 May 1749 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 25 Aug 1762 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 13, and was buried on 27 Aug 1762 in FBG Whitby. Joseph married Elizabeth Walker.

7-John Gaskin was born on 9 Mar 1752 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 29 Oct 1752 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and was buried on 31 Oct 1752 in FBG Whitby.

7-William Gaskin was born on 10 Apr 1755 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 5 Sep 1755 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and was buried on 7 Sep 1755 in FBG Whitby.

7-Ingram Gaskin was born on 28 Apr 1759 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 28 Apr 1759 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and was buried on 1 May 1759 in FBG Whitby.

7-Ann Gaskin was born on 3 Mar 1760 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 4 Jun 1831 in Darlington, County Durham at age 71, and was buried on 10 Jun 1831 in FMH Darlington, County Durham.

Ann married Jacob Brantingham, son of Joseph Brantingham and Sarah Hopper, on 22 Dec 1790 in FMH Balby. Jacob was born on 21 Aug 1765 in County Durham, died on 5 Apr 1837 in Darlington, County Durham at age 71, and was buried on 9 Apr 1837 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. They had three children: William Gaskin, Jacob, and Ann.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tobacconist in Darlington, County Durham.

8-William Gaskin Brantingham⁸¹ was born in 1792 and died on 1 Jul 1845 in Darlington, County Durham at age 53. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Grocer in Darlington, County Durham.

8-Jacob Brantingham

in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Dunty Durham, died on 5 Apr 1837 in Darlington, 8-Ann Brantingham was born on 6 Nov 1797 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 22 May 1867 in Darlington, County Durham at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1809 in York, Yorkshire.

Ann married John Atkinson, son of John Atkinson and Esther, on 28 Jul 1825 in FMH Staindrop, County Durham. John was born on 17 Jul 1789 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1842 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 53. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Ouaker.
- He worked as a Carpet manufacturer, in partnership with his brother Joseph in Stricklandgate, Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Carpet manufacturer, Atkinson and Whitwell in Kendal, Cumbria.

9-Atkinson

9-Atkinson

9-Atkinson

6-Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 19 Mar 1717 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 13 Aug 1719 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 2.

6-Captain Ingram Chapman^{1,63} was born on 18 Apr 1725 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 26 Feb 1792 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 66, and was buried on 29 Feb 1792 in FBG Whitby.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master Mariner in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Ingram married Elizabeth Richardson,^{1,62,63} daughter of Isaac Richardson^{1,62,63,78} and Isabel Vasie,^{1,62,78} on 3 Jan 1760 in FMH Staintondale, Whitby, Yorkshire. Elizabeth was born in 1735 in Bog Hall, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1773 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 38. They had six children: Isabel, Ann, Ingram, Elizabeth, Mary, and Hannah.

7-Isabel Chapman⁶³ was born on 31 Jan 1761 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1788 at age 27.

7-Ann Chapman^{1,63} was born on 19 Feb 1763 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1836 at age 73.

Ann married Michael Watson,^{1,63} son of Hugh Watson and Hannah Coates, on 5 Jun 1782 in Whitby, Yorkshire. Michael was born on 29 Sep 1749 in Staindrop, County Durham. They had seven children: Isabella, Hugh, Elizabeth, Michael, Anne, Ingram Chapman, and Charlotte. General Notes: Of Raby. It is said that he was an always poor man, distinguished by quaint wit and humour but with little practical faculty. He and his wife lived in their old age at the Friends Meeting

House in North Shields.

8-Isabella Watson^{27,63} was born in 1790 and died on 31 Dec 1867 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham at age 77.

Isabella married John Dodds.^{27,63} John died before 1867.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Bishop Auckland, County Durham.

8-Hugh Watson^{21,63} was born on 3 May 1783 in Staindrop, County Durham and died on 22 Nov 1843 in Hereford, Herefordshire at age 60.

Hugh married Martha Evans.

8-Elizabeth Watson⁶³ was born in 1785 and died in 1787 at age 2.

8-Michael Watson^{29,63} was born on 21 May 1788 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 28 Apr 1859 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 70.

Michael married Elizabeth Richardson,⁶³ daughter of William Richardson^{62,63} and Elizabeth Reay, on 10 Sep 1833 in Thirsk, Yorkshire. Elizabeth died on 16 Dec 1872 in North Shields, Northumberland.

General Notes: Died 16 dec 1872 at North Shields aged 76 ???

8-Anne Watson⁶³ was born in 1792.

8-Ingram Chapman Watson⁶³ was born on 19 Sep 1794 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1884 at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Umbrella Maker.

Ingram married Jane Dodds Spence⁶³ on 17 Sep 1842. Jane was born about 1806 and died in 1871 in Tynemouth, Northumberland about age 65. They had three children: Ann Isabel, Michael Hugh, and Jane Elizabeth.

9-Ann Isabel Watson^{13,63} was born in 1844 and died on 1 Dec 1873 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire at age 29.

Ann married **Walter Jenkinson Kaye**¹³ on 27 Jul 1869 in FMH North Shields. Walter was born in 1842, died in 1919 in Harrogate, Yorkshire at age 77, and was buried in Harlow Hill cemetery, Harrogate, Yorkshire. They had two children: **Walter Jenkinson** and **Edith Jane**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School 1859 To 1860.
- He worked as a Principal of Ilkley College in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire.

10-Walter Jenkinson Kaye was born in 1870, was christened on 20 Jul 1895 in Gosberton, Lincolnshire, died in 1935 at age 65, and was buried in Harlow Hill cemetery, Harrogate, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with FSA.

10-Edith Jane Kaye⁶³ was born in 1871 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire.

9-Michael Hugh Watson⁶³ was born in 1845 and died in 1847 at age 2.

9-Jane Elizabeth Watson⁶³ was born in 1847 and died in 1879 at age 32.

Jane married Walter Robson, son of Edward Robson and Mary. They had two children: Annie Mary and Helena Jane.

10-Annie Mary Robson

10-Helena Jane Robson

8-Charlotte Watson

7-Capt. Ingram Chapman^{1,63,82} was born on 5 Oct 1764 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died after 6 Jul 1803 in London.

General Notes: On his marriage with a near relative, he left the Society of Friends. He died in London, where he had gone for medical advice.

Extract from the Registry of the Exchequer Court of a York

I Ingram Chapman of Whitby in the County of York Merchant and Ship Owner make this my last will and Testament in manner following that I to say I give to my dear wife Jane Chapman all my household furniture plate linen china and liquors with the casks and bottles containing the same I appoint my brothers in law William Chapman and Edward Chapman joint executors in trust of this my will in whom I invest most all the residue of my personal estate and effects for the interests and purposes hereinafter expressed I also appoint them Tutors and Guardians together with my wife during her

widowhood for all my now and hereafter to be born children during their respective minorities I give to my wife the sum of five hundred pounds to in her of my and payable as soon as conveniently can be afterwards I give the sum of five hundred pounds unto each of my five children Elizabeth Jane Ingram Isabella and Mary Ann as well as this like sum to each of my hereafter to be born children (in case of same) to be paid to them respectively in manner following that is to say to the Sons when and as they shall severally attain the age of twenty one years or at any sooner or ... period for the purpose of establishing or setting them respectively forward in any trade business or profession at the discretion of my executors and to my daughters when and as they shall severally attain that age or marry with the consent of the executors I give to my wife for the maintenance of herself and the maintenance and education of my children during their several minorities the interest profits and produce respectively of my property in shipping and of all the residue of my personal estate and effects after from time to time of the several before mentioned ... legacies so long as she shall continue my widow and unmarried as well as the interest of such respective legacies until the same shall severally become due and payable she so long continuing my widow but not otherwise Likewise during her widowhood of each and so many of them may not or happen to become payable by reason of the death ... or are unmarried of all or any of my children and after the death or second marriage of her my said wife which shall first happen I give and bequeath all such residue of my personal estate and Effects of what nature or kind soever unto my aforesaid five children and such other child or children as I may hereafter have ... share and share alike and to the survivors or survivor others from time to time of such now and hereafter to be born children in case of death of any one of them under the age of twenty one years without ... from him or her or them respectively surviving unto or amongst which survivors or survivor others or other from time to time I direct also that the aforesaid Legacy or Legacies of five hundred pounds of any one or more of them my same now and hereafter to be born children so dying not having been previously advanced or marrying or being established in business as aforesaid to be in like manner paid and ... although I recommend to my executors for the time being to keep my property in shipping from time to time tolerably insured in the usual manner so as to prevent my estate from being considerably reduced in case of loss or damage happening to such shipping or any part thereof I nevertheless trust and declare it to be my will that they shall not be answerable or accountable for any such loss or damage in consequence of my property in shipping through inadvertency otherwise not having been ... or insured to the full value or extent my intentions being to give them a discretionary power in that respect nor for any other involuntary loss whatsoever neither shall either of my same executors be answerable or accountable for the ... or ... of the other of them nor for any ... or other ... save what they shall or may severally actually .. or that shall or may come to their respective hands or possession and ... I revoke all former wills by me heretofore made in testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand and seal this sixth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and three Ingram Chapman Published and declared by the ... named testator Ingram Chapman as and for his last will and testament in the presence of Transcription, courtesy of Philip G. Nichols, 18th January 2016.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Ship owner in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Ingram married Jane Chapman,^{1,63,82,83} daughter of John Chapman¹⁰ and Jane Mellar,¹⁰ on 16 Apr 1794 in Whitby Church, Whitby, Yorkshire. Jane was born on 28 Oct 1773 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 25 Apr 1819 at age 45, and was buried in Brampton, Huntingdonshire. They had six children: Elizabeth, Ingram, Jane, Isabella, Ann, and Mary Ann.

8-Elizabeth Chapman⁶³ was born on 6 Jan 1796 in Whitby, Yorkshire,

Elizabeth married **David Veasev**⁶³ on 10 Oct 1817 in Whitby, Yorkshire. David was born in 1792 and died on 28 Nov 1871 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire at age 79. They had four children: **Jane** Chapman, Alfred James, Arthur David, and Francis Gerald.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker & Magistrate.
- He had a residence in Castle Hill House, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire.

9-Jane Chapman Veasev⁶³ was born on 13 Sep 1818 in Castle Hill House, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and was christened on 12 Sep 1819 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire.

9-Alfred James Veasev⁶³ was born on 9 Jun 1821 in Castle Hill House, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, was christened on 20 Mar 1822 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, and died in 1838 at age 17.

9-Arthur David Veasey⁶³ was born on 14 Jan 1825 in Castle Hill House, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and died on 21 Feb 1857 at age 32.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Willoughby Hall in Lincolnshire.

Arthur married Emily Persis Allix, daughter of Charles Allix and Mary Elizabeth Hammond, on 11 Sep 1851 in Ancaster, Lincolnshire. Emily was born on 22 Jun 1829 in Willoughby Hall, Lincolnshire and died in 1912 at age 83. They had three children: Florence Emily, Eustace Arthur, and Cuthbert David.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Killoughty Hall.

10-Florence Emily Veasey⁶³ was born in 1852 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and was christened on 7 Aug 1852 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire.

Florence married Rev. Reginald Alfred Gatty, son of Rev. Dr. Alfred Gatty and Margaret Scott, on 11 Sep 1872 in St. James', Paddington, London. Reginald was born on 4 Dec 1844 in Ecclesfield, Yorkshire and died on 9 Mar 1914 in Hooton Roberts, Yorkshire at age 69. They had four children: Reginald Arthur Allix, Nicholas Comyn, David Ivor Vaughan, and Margaret Horatia Persis.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Bradfield Rectory, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Vicar of Ecclesfield.
- He worked as a Rector of Hooton Roberts in Hooton Roberts, Yorkshire.
- Miscellaneous: His brother was Sir Stephen Herbert Gatty.

11-Reginald Arthur Allix Gatty was born in 1873 in Bradfield, Yorkshire and died on 4 Nov 1935 in Selly Oak Hospital, Birmingham at age 62.

11-Nicholas Comyn Gatty was born on 13 Dec 1874 in Bradfield, Yorkshire and died on 10 Nov 1946 in Paddington, London at age 71.

11-David Ivor Vaughan Gatty was born in 1879 in Bradfield, Yorkshire and died on 1 Jan 1947 in Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 68.

11-Margaret Horatia Persis Gatty was born in 1888 in Bradfield, Yorkshire and died on 20 Dec 1961 in Tonbridge, Kent at age 73.

Margaret married Hugh Parrington in 1921. Hugh was born in 1887 and died in 1963 at age 76.

10-Eustace Arthur Veasey⁶³ was born in 1853.

10-Cuthbert David Veasey⁶³ was born in 1855 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and was christened on 18 Jul 1855 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire.

9-Rev. Francis Gerald Veasev⁶³ was born on 15 Jul 1832 in Castle Hill House, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, was christened on 26 Oct 1832 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, and died on 18 Mar 1915 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Archdeacon of Huntingdon & Canon of Ely.

Francis married Annie Palmer. They had two children: Hilda Geraldine and David Arthur Fitzgerald.

10-Hilda Geraldine Vesey⁶³ was born on 1 Oct 1869 in Huntingdon and died on 5 Apr 1874 in Huntingdon at age 4.

10-David Arthur Fitzgerald Vesey⁶³ was born on 9 Feb 1872 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and died on 19 Feb 1951 in Warminster, Wiltshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
- He worked as an Assistant legal advisor to the Board of Education.

David married Caroline Atholl Oakley, daughter of Sir Henry Evelyn Oakley and Caroline Howley Turner Belli, on 10 Aug 1898 in Kensington, London. Caroline was born on 6 Jan 1872 and died on 11 Dec 1928 at age 56.

8-Capt. Ingram Chapman^{63,82} was born on 28 Mar 1798 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 1 Jul 1874 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey at age 76.

General Notes: The Woodford, I am certain was under the command of Alfred Chapman, (1796-1876), who was both a First cousin once removed and second cousin one-removed, to Captain Ingram Chapman (1798-1874). Alfred also lived in London and it is not impossible to suppose that rather than compete with each other, they may have held a mutual interest. 11 January 1819. *Ganges* arriving Liverpool from Bengal.

https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala16unkngoog#page/n331/mode/2up/search/chapman 31 October 1819. Marriage of Jonathan Chapman (1795-1882), to his second-cousin once-removed, Agatha Reynolds (1801-1840). Jonathan was another son of Abel Chapman and Rebecca Bell. 13 July 1820. Death of Edward Chapman 1798-1820, (son of Thomas Chapman (1766-1844) by his wife Ann Cleaver (1770-aft-1846)), at Batavia now called Jakarta. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala34unkngoog#page/n519/mode/2up/search/chapman 31 July 1821. Woodford arriving Bombay from England. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala10unkngoog#page/n193/mode/2up/search/chapman 16 September 1823. Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Bombay from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala11unkngoog#page/n473/mode/2up/search/chapman 11 November 1823. Columbia arriving Bombay from Liverpool. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala11unkngoog#page/n573/mode/2up/search/chapman 15 December 1823. Woodford sailing from Calcutta to London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala11unkngoog#page/n215/mode/2up/search/chapman_ 24th July 1825. Katherine Stewart Forbes, departing Bombay for New South Wales. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala14unkngoog#page/n261/mode/2up 14 September 1825. Woodford arriving Bombay from London and Departing 26th September for Calcutta. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala35unkngoog#page/n393/mode/2up/search/chapman 4th October 1825. Katherine Stewart Forbes, arriving Bombay from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala15unkngoog#page/n477/mode/2up/search/chapman Out of interest, https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala12unkngoog#page/n279/mode/2up/search/chapman gives references to the ship Woodford, which appears to have been under the command of Captain Alfred Chapman, who I assume to be he who was born 28 April 1796 and died 11 September 1876. Son of Abel Chapman and Rebecca Bell. His brother, Dr. Henry Chapman (1797-1854), was a surgeon with the Honourable East India Company. 22 December 1825. Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Sydney, New South Wales with Governor Darling, from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n241/mode/2up/search/chapman 5 April 1826. Woodford from New South Wales to Madras. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n449/mode/2up/search/chapman 8 June 1826. Katherine Stewart Forbes departing Calcutta for London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n721/mode/2up/search/chapman 1826. (Dates leave me confused). *Katherine Stewart Forbes* arriving Deal, Kent from Bengal with troops. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n753/mode/2up/search/chapman 22 July 1826. Woodford for New South Wales from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n249/mode/2up/search/chapman 30 November 1826. Recovery arrived London from Bombay. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala35unkngoog#page/n393/mode/2up/search/chapman 19 September 1828. Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Bombay from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala12unkngoog#page/n399/mode/2up/search/chapman The same volume at https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala12unkngoog#page/n841/mode/2up/search/chapman makes reference to two other ships sailing under the Chapman name, the *Reaper* and the *Recovery*. 9 February 1830. Marguis of Wellington, departing Calcutta for London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala33unkngoog#page/n501/mode/2up/search/chapman 1 February 1835. Brazebornbury arriving London from Bengal. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala18unkngoog#page/n441/mode/2up/search/chapman Noted events in his life were: • He worked as a Midshipman, Mate and Master of ships engaged in the Foreign Trade.

- He worked as a Commander of the ship "Katherine Stewart Forbes".
- He worked as a Ship owner in 1851 in London.
- He had a residence in 1851 in New Bond Street, Hanover Square, London.
- He worked as a Ship owner in 1861 in London.

- He had a residence in 1861 in 20 Union Grove, Clapham, London.
- He had a residence in 1871 in 1 Church Villa, Merton Road, Wimbledon, London.
- Miscellaneous: His second family.
- He worked as a Director of the Alliance Bank of London and Liverpool before 1862.
- He worked as a Director of the London and Colonial Bank Ltd. In 1862.

Ingram married Agnes Stannus Willis, daughter of Maj. Gen. Richard Augustus Willis and Agnes Brown, on 20 Oct 1827 in Bombay, India. Agnes was born on 22 Jan 1810 in Bombay, India, was christened on 10 Oct 1813 in Bombay, India, and died on 3 Feb 1832 at age 22. They had one son: Ingram Francis.

9-Maj. Gen. Ingram Francis Chapman^{4,63} was born on 1 Mar 1831 in Pune, Maharashtra, India and died on 5 Dec 1911 in Melcombe Regis, Dorset at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the Bombay Staff Corps.
- He had a residence in 1891 in 11 St. John's Terrace, Melcombe Regis, Dorset.

Ingram married Louisa Aplin,^{1,63} daughter of Lt. Gen. John Guise Rogers Aplin and Jane S., on 15 Sep 1853 in Pune, Maharashtra, India. Louisa died on 26 Apr 1869 in Exmouth, Devon. They had eight children: Louisa Emma Frances, Francis Robert Henry, Richard Gerald, Alice Lydia, Agnes Emily, Ingram Cecil, Catherine, and Pownal.

10-Louisa Emma Frances Chapman⁶³ was born in 1857.

10-Maj. Francis Robert Henry Chapman^{1,4,63} was born on 22 Oct 1858 in Solapur, Maharashtra, India and was christened on 26 Nov 1858.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Bombay Staff Corps.

Francis married Margaret Hamilton Ritchie, daughter of William Ritchie. They had two children: Sheila Hamilton and Edith Margaret Hamilton.

11-Sheila Hamilton Chapman⁴ was born on 15 Feb 1891 in Pune, Maharashtra, India, died on 28 Jan 1963 in St. Joseph's Hospital, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 71, and was buried in Royal Oak Crematorium, Saanich, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of her death was Bronchio-pneumonia and heart failure.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Freelance journalist and Columnist, Saskatoon Star Phoenix, Winnipeg Free Press.

Sheila married Napoleon William McIvor in 1917. Napoleon was born on 18 Jan 1897 in St. Claude, Manitoba, Canada and died on 28 Dec 1979 in Maple Ridge, British Columbia, Canada at age 82. Another name for Napoleon was Leon William McIvor.⁴

11-Edith Margaret Hamilton Chapman

10-Richard Gerald Chapman¹ was born on 22 Aug 1860 in London and died on 23 Sep 1863 in North Cheam, Surrey at age 3.

10-Alice Lydia Chapman⁶³ was born on 7 Feb 1863 in Mahgaum, Sattara, Bombay, India and was christened on 28 Feb 1863 in Mahgaum, Sattara, Bombay, India. Alice married Charles Raymond Booth Barrett,⁶³ son of Emma M., in 1882 in Weymouth, Dorset. Charles was born in 1851 in Highgate, Middlesex. They had two children: Raymond Alfred and Alice Dorothy.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at MA.
- He worked as an Artist, Sculptor, Writer, Etcher and Antiquary.
- He resided at Carshalton House in Surrey.

11-Raymond Alfred Barrett⁶³ was born in 1883 in Carshalton, Surrey and was christened on 12 Aug 1883 in Carshalton, Surrey.

11-Alice Dorothy Barrett⁶³ was born in 1884.

10-Agnes Emily Chapman⁶³ was born in 1864.

10-Ingram Cecil Chapman¹ was born on 13 May 1865 in Mahgaum, Sattara, Bombay, India and died in 1919 at age 54.

10-Catherine Chapman⁶³ was born in 1866.

10-Pownal Chapman⁶³ was born in 1868 and died in 1868.

Ingram next married Frances Mortimer Scott,^{4,63} daughter of Maj. Gen. John Guillam Scott, on 17 Feb 1874 in Ahmedabad, Bombay, India. Frances was born in 1847 and died after 1891. They had seven children: Florence Clare, Ida Lily, Ronald Scott, Fannie Adena Sola, Ermine Constance Ella, Edmund David Vesey, and Eric Haldane.

10-Florence Clare Chapman⁶³ was born in 1874.

10-Ida Lily Chapman⁶³ was born on 30 Apr 1876 in Indore, Madhya Pradesh, India, was christened on 3 May 1876 in Indore, Madhya Pradesh, India, died on 3 May 1876 in Indore, Madhya Pradesh, India, and was buried on 3 May 1876 in Indore, Madhya Pradesh, India.

10-Ronald Scott Chapman^{4,63} was born on 4 Feb 1878 in Aden, Saudia Arabia.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Assistant Resident Officer in Northern Nigeria.

10-Fannie Adena Sola Chapman⁶³ was born in 1879, died on 7 Jul 1879 in Aden, Saudia Arabia, and was buried on 8 Jul 1879 in Aden, Saudia Arabia.

10-Ermine Constance Ella Chapman⁶³ was born in 1883.

10-Edmund David Vesey Chapman^{4,63} was born on 24 Feb 1884 in Weymouth, Dorset, died on 29 Aug 1951 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 67, and was buried in West Terrace Cemetery, Adelaide, South Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Musical composer in Kooringa, Burra, South Australia.

10-Capt. Eric Haldane Chapman^{4,63} was born on 31 Aug 1887 and died on 30 Sep 1961 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the 127th Pioneers, Indian Army.

Eric married Vera Lyndall Archbold on 9 Oct 1924 in Simla, Himachal Pradesh, India. Vera was born in 1903.

Ingram had a relationship with Harriet Hendry,⁸² daughter of John Hendry and Frances, before 1837. Marriage status: partnership. This couple did not marry. Harriet was born in 1815 in Town Hay, Huntingdonshire, was christened on 28 Dec 1815 in St. Mary and St. Benedict's, Huntingdon, Huntingdonshire, and died on 31 Aug 1880 in Wimbledon, London at age 65. They had five children: Arthur Chapman, Alfred Chapman, Albert Chapman, Lewis Chapman, and Walter Chapman.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence on 1 Jan 1838 in 14 Frederick Street, Marylebone, London.

9-Arthur Chapman Hendry⁸² was born before 1 Jan 1837 in Wimbledon, London, was christened on 1 Jan 1838 in Holy Trinity, Marylebone, London, and died on 9 Nov 1884 in 94 Hartfield Road, South Wimbledon, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal Merchants Clerk in 1861 in London.
- He worked as a Commercial Clerk in 1871.
- He had a residence in 1871 in 1 Church Villa, Merton Road, Wimbledon, London.

Arthur married Elizabeth Anne Rapley,⁸² daughter of John Rapley and Maria Townsend, on 17 Mar 1874 in Wimbledon, London. Elizabeth was born in 1837 in Epsom, Surrey, was christened on 19 Nov 1837 in Epsom, Surrey, and died on 12 Jul 1874 in London at age 37.

9-Alfred Chapman Hendry⁸² was born in Dec 1841 in St. Pancras, London.

9-Albert Chapman Hendry⁸² was born in 1844 in Cirencester Place, Marylebone, London and died in 1911 in London at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clerk to a Marine Insurance company in 1861 in London.

9-Lewis Chapman Hendry⁸² was born on 23 Jun 1845 in Cirencester Place, Marylebone, London and died on 24 Sep 1903 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence on 13 Jul 1885 in 94 Hartfield Road, Wimbledon, London.
- He had a residence in 1887 in 16 Bridge Terrace, Paddington, London.

Lewis married Ellen Martha Rapley,⁸² daughter of John Rapley and Maria Townsend, on 11 Aug 1868 in Wimbledon, London. Ellen was born on 15 Oct 1847 in Clapham, London, was christened on 14 Oct 1874 in Holy Trinity, Clapham, London, and died on 6 Jul 1878 in Epsom, Surrey at age 30. They had three children: Arthur Churchward, Maud Elizabeth, and Ingram Francis.

10-Arthur Churchward Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1869 in Wimbledon, London and died on 26 Feb 1952 in Fremantle, Western Australia at age 82.

Arthur married Tillie Louisa Rossiter⁸² on 18 Sep 1899. Tillie was born on 1 Jan 1880 in Adelaide, South Australia and died in 1969 in Subiaco, Western Australia at age 89. They had three children: Lewis Arthur Churchward, Jack Ingram, and Arthur Churchward.

11-Lewis Arthur Churchward Hendry^{82,84} was born on 25 Jul 1900 in Fremantle, Western Australia and died on 5 Dec 1982 in Nedlands, Western Australia at age 82.

Lewis married Evaline Constance Leslie,^{82,84} daughter of George Thomas Leslie and Evaline Emma Gray, on 10 Dec 1927 in Fremantle, Western Australia. Evaline was born on 14 Oct 1899 in Fremantle, Western Australia and died on 2 Jun 1968 in Subiaco, Western Australia at age 68. They had two children: Leslie Eveline and Arnold Lewis.

12-Leslie Eveline Hendry⁸² was born on 17 Sep 1929 in Nedlands, Western Australia and died on 2 Mar 1978 in Western Australia at age 48.

12-Arnold Lewis Hendry⁸⁵ was born on 9 Oct 1935 in Western Australia.

Arnold married Beryl Enid Nicholls. They had three children: Sharon Beryl, Kevin Arnold, and Donnelle Enid.

13-Sharon Beryl Hendry

13-Kevin Arnold Hendry

Kevin married Janelle Susan Barrett. They had one son: Joshua Cade.

14-Joshua Cade Hendry

13-Donnelle Enid Hendry

11-Jack Ingram Hendry⁸² was born on 24 Jul 1904 in Fremantle, Western Australia and died on 30 Apr 1964 in Applecross, Western Australia at age 59.

11-Arthur Churchward Hendry⁸² was born on 29 Feb 1908 in East Fremantle, Western Australia and died on 29 Feb 1908 in East Fremantle, Western Australia.

10-Maud Elizabeth Hendry⁸² was born in 1875 in Epsom, Surrey, was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London, and died in 1877 in Uckfield, Sussex at age 2.

10-Ingram Francis Hendry⁸² was born in Apr 1878 in Epsom, Surrey, was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London, and died in Sep 1949 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 71.

Ingram married Martha Elizabeth Durden,⁸² daughter of Charles Legg Durden and Martha Moon, in 1909 in Steyning, West Sussex. Martha was born in Jan 1877 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in Dec 1961 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 84. They had two children: Vera Rose and Hilda Ruby.

Noted events in her life were:

Miscellaneous: Her first husband's name was Moore

11-Vera Rose Hendry⁸² was born on 6 Nov 1910 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died on 19 Jun 1998 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 87.

Vera married Edward Fritz Charles Nichols,⁸² son of George Henry Nichols and Elizabeth Charlotte Moore, on 25 Aug 1940 in Staines, Middlesex. Edward was born on 9 Aug 1912 in Westminster, London and died on 5 Feb 2008 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 95. They had one son: **Philip George**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OFSM.
- He worked as a Divisional Fire Officer (Grade 1) in 1971 in Gloucestershire.
 - 12-Philip George Nichols

Philip married Barbara Wanda Sobutka, daughter of Jan Sobutka and Karolyna Szumeliwicz. They had one son: Barnaby George Sobutka.

13-Barnaby George Sobutka Nichols

11-Hilda Ruby Hendry was born on 13 Aug 1912 in Guildford, Surrey and died in Sep 1991 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex at age 79.

Lewis next married Mary Ann Jeffcott,⁸² daughter of Philip Jeffcott and Ann Allen, on 5 Mar 1879 in Atherstone, Warwickshire. Mary was born in Apr 1855 in Hartshill, Warwickshire and died in Jul 1881 in Atherstone, Warwickshire at age 26. They had one son: Louis Philip.

10-Louis Philip Hendry^{82,84} was born on 9 Dec 1879 in Brighton, East Sussex, was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London, and died on 13 Nov 1940 in Perth, Western Australia at age 60.

Louis married Laura Cosens,^{82,84} daughter of Charles Cosens and Laura Lavinia Oram, in 1902 in Brighton, East Sussex. Laura was born in Oct 1878 in Shoreham, West Sussex and died in Mar 1917 in Lewes, East Sussex at age 38. They had two children: Sydney Louis and Philip.

11-Sydney Louis Hendry^{82,84} was born on 27 Jan 1902 in Earlswood, Surrey and died on 27 Jul 1966 in Perth, Western Australia at age 64.

Sydney married Beatrice Alberta Keegan^{82,84} on 17 May 1930. Beatrice was born in 1900 in Perth, Western Australia and died in 1958 in Fremantle, Western Australia at age 58. They had two children: Philip Sydney and Rosalie Margaret.

12-Philip Sydney Hendry

12-Rosalie Margaret Hendry

11-Philip Hendry^{82,84} was born on 21 Jun 1904 in Brighton, East Sussex and died on 20 Oct 1985 at age 81.

Philip married Jessie Marion Brown,⁸⁴ daughter of William Thomas Brown and Marion Doxton, on 11 Sep 1926 in Pinjarra, Western Australia. Jessie was born in 1909 in Waroona, Western Australia and died on 22 Oct 1947 at age 38. They had one son: Lewis Philip.

12-Lewis Philip Hendry⁸⁴ was born on 23 Oct 1934, died on 10 Oct 1980 at age 45, and was buried in Karrakatta Cemetery, Karrakatta, Perth, Western Australia. Lewis next married Annette Agnes Bishop,⁸² daughter of John Henry W. Bishop⁸² and Annette J., on 6 Jun 1883 in Kennington, Lambeth, London. Annette was born in Apr

1862 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died in Jun 1941 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex at age 79. They had 11 children: Edith Grace, Jack, Violet Mary, Marguerite Annette, Ivy Gertrude, Gladys Carter, Charles Walter, Elsie Annie, Hilda Florence Ruby, Marjory Laura Ellen, and Nellie Doris.

10-Edith Grace Hendry⁸² was born in Jun 1884 in Wimbledon, London and was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London.

10-Jack Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1885 in Wimbledon, London and was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London.

10-Violet Mary Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1886 in Paddington, London.

10-Marguerite Annette Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1888 in Brighton, East Sussex.

10-Ivy Gertrude Hendry⁸² was born in Jan 1890 in Brighton, East Sussex.

10-Gladys Carter Hendry⁸² was born on 1 Mar 1890 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in Mar 1972 in Uckfield, Sussex at age 82.

10-Charles Walter Hendry⁸² was born on 3 Mar 1891 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in Dec 1972 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 81.

10-Elsie Annie Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1893 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in 1958 at age 65.

Elsie married Hubert Simmonds.

10-Hilda Florence Ruby Hendry⁸² was born in Jan 1895 in Brighton, East Sussex and was christened on 22 Sep 1912 in Christ Church, Woking, Surrey. Hilda married Olliver. They had one son: George.

11-George Olliver

10-Marjory Laura Ellen Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1896 in Brighton, East Sussex.

10-Nellie Doris Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1898 in Brighton, East Sussex.

Nellie married someone. She had one son: Peter.

11-Peter Hendry⁸² was born on 4 Jul 1922 in Peterborough, Ontario, Canada and died in Jun 1988 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 65.

Peter married **Dorothy Blanche Adcock**⁸² in 1944 in Rother Valley, Yorkshire. Dorothy was born on 6 Jun 1921 in Basford, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 16 Jun 2011 in Poole, Dorset at age 90.

9-Walter Chapman Hendry was born in Mar 1853 in Clapham, London.

8-Jane Chapman⁶³ was born on 11 Jan 1797 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 18 Feb 1840 at age 43.

8-Isabella Chapman⁶³ was born on 5 Jun 1799 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 8 Mar 1838 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire. At David Veasey's house. at age 38.

8-Ann Chapman⁶³ was born on 7 Aug 1800 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in Whitby, Yorkshire. Died in Infancy.

8-Mary Ann Chapman⁶³ was born on 17 Mar 1803 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 28 Aug 1818 in London at age 15.

7-Elizabeth Chapman was born on 30 Jun 1766 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1788 at age 22. She had no known marriage and no known children.

7-Mary Chapman was born on 24 Aug 1768 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1791 at age 23. She had no known marriage and no known children.

7-Hannah Chapman^{1,10,63} was born on 12 Oct 1770 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1803 at age 33.

Hannah married Gideon Smales,^{1,10,63} son of Thomas Smales and Ann Dent, on 19 Dec 1792 in FMH Balby. Gideon was born on 6 Mar 1766 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 11 Apr 1817 in Whitby,

Yorkshire at age 51, and was buried on 15 Apr 1817 in FBG Whitby. They had seven children: Elizabeth, Ann, Gideon, Hannah, Mary, Jane, and Thomas.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipowner in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Whitby, Yorkshire.

8-Elizabeth Smales^{1,63} was born on 2 May 1795 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1803 in York, Yorkshire.

9-William Chapman^{1,63} was born on 16 Sep 1817 in Sunderland, County Durham.

10-William Abel Chapman¹ was born on 8 Jul 1848 in York, Yorkshire and was christened on 30 Jul 1848 in Holy Trinity, Micklegate, York.

10-Charles Edward Chapman died on 2 Apr 1861.

10-Harriet Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born in 1852 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Sidney Chapman¹ was born on 18 Jan 1858 in Heighington, County Durham and died in 1887 in York, Yorkshire at age 29.

10-George Edwin Chapman¹ died on 29 May 1869 in Mauritius. The cause of his death was Drowned at sea, near Mauritius.

10-Evelyn Chapman¹ died on 23 Sep 1868 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Gerald Wilfrid Chapman^{1,76} was born on 26 Jan 1862 in Heighington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Jeweller, Clothier and Pawnbroker in 5 Micklegate, York, Yorkshire.
 - **11-Emily Chapman**
 - 11-Norah Chapman

10-Oliver Herbert Chapman^{1,76} was born on 15 Jan 1864 in York, Yorkshire, was christened on 24 Feb 1864 in St. Maurice's, York, Yorkshire, and died in 1881 in York, Yorkshire at age 17.

9-Abel Chapman⁴ was born on 16 Sep 1817 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1879 at age 62.

10-William Abel Chapman^{4,63} was born in 1848.

10-Charles Edward Chapman died in 1861.

10-Sidney Chapman^{4,63} was born in 1858.

10-George Edward Chapman died in 1869 in Drowned.

10-Evelyn Chapman died in 1868.

10-Gerald Wilfrid Chapman⁴ was born in 1862.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in York, Yorkshire.

11-Emily Chapman

11-Norah Chapman

10-Oliver Herbert Chapman⁴ was born in 1864.

10-Harriet Elizabeth Chapman was born in 1851.

9-John Chapman¹ died in Died in Infancy.

9-Thomas Edward Chapman^{1,2,22} was born on 24 Jan 1820 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1875 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Silksworth Hall, Sunderland, County Durham.

• He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1833-1835 in York, Yorkshire.

• He worked as a Brewer and Wine and Spirit merchant in Sunderland, County Durham.

10-Abel Chapman^{1,2,4} was born on 4 Oct 1851 in 212 High Street, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham, died on 23 Jan 1929 in Houxty, Wark-on-Tyne, Northumberland at age 77, and was buried in Wark-on-Tyne, Northumberland. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: He saved the Spanish Ibex from extinction and helped in the establishment of South Africa's first game reserve.

Chapman, Abel (1851–1929), naturalist and hunter, was born at 212 High Street, Bishopwearmouth, co. Durham, on 4 October 1851, the eldest of the six sons and two daughters of Thomas Edward Chapman (1820–1875), wine merchant, and his wife, Jane Ann, née Crawhall (d. 1903). He was educated at Rugby School from 1864 to 1869. From 1875 he was a partner in the family business of T. E. Chapman, brewers and wine-merchants, an enterprise he sold in 1897.

Chapman's maternal grandfather, Joseph Crawhall, was a founder member of the Natural History Society of Northumberland, and his uncles encouraged his early interest in the outdoors. This passion was reinforced at Rugby by a schoolmate, Frederick Courteney Selous, with whom he remained in touch until Selous's death in 1917. Initially combining business with sport, Chapman began to travel after leaving school, his first destinations being Portugal and Spain. Thereafter he made regular visits— twenty-three in all— to the Iberian peninsula. Together with his friend Walter J. Buck, the British vice-consul at Jerez, Chapman wrote Wild Spain (1893) and Unexplored Spain (1910). In 1883 Chapman was the first naturalist to observe the flamingo nesting in Europe and he was proud of having saved the Spanish ibex from extinction. He was responsible for the establishment of the Coto Doñana nature reserve in southern Spain. Because of his expertise on the wildlife of this region, Chapman wrote and illustrated a chapter on the wild animals and hunting culture of Spain for The Big Game of Africa and Europe (1914), volume 3 of The Gun at Home and Abroad, the book's co-authors being F. C. Selous and J. G. Millais, the latter also a great friend and a fellow member of the Shikar Club, the prestigious British group of sporthunters.

Chapman went to Canada and Scandinavia; in all he was to make forty-six trips to Scandinavia, and he wrote Wild Norway in 1897. He and his brother Alfred Crawhall Chapman identified pelicans for the first time in Jutland in May 1893. In May 1899 he left for Africa on a hunting trip with his brother Walter Ingram Chapman but was disappointed with sport-hunting in South Africa, preferring less developed regions. His African adventures culminated in On Safari (1908) and Savage Sudan (1921)— the first natural history book about this area— which were entertaining and vivid accounts of east Africa and the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, illustrated by the author. While a work of its time in terms of Chapman's Edwardian imperial and patronizing attitudes towards what he referred to as the 'pure-bred savage of the Sudan', and to the Africans of east Africa, this book is intelligent in its handling of the geographical distribution of wildlife and of Darwinian ideas and scientific zoology.

In hindsight Chapman considered his major contribution to African wildlife conservation to have been his suggestion in 1900— the first of its kind— that the entire eastern boundary of the Transvaal be declared a national game reserve. As boundaries for this 'ideal reserve for game and wild animals' he recommended what are essentially the present limits of the modern Kruger National Park. In the event this did not materialize for another generation, and Chapman was not personally involved in the foundation of the Kruger National Park in 1926, although he supported its establishment and corresponded with its warden, James Stevenson-Hamilton.

Chapman was enthusiastic about the natural history of Northumberland, and supported initiatives to protect the fauna and flora of the border country. His first book was Bird-Life of the Borders (1889) and he became a very knowledgeable ornithologist, pursuing this interest at home as well as abroad. He was a keen wildfowler, writing First Lessons in the Art of Wildfowling (1896), and was responsible for the establishment of what became the British Association for Conservation and Shooting. In 1898 he purchased the Houxty estate in Northumberland, where he indulged his love of sport-fishing and experimented with improvements to salmon fishing. He encouraged wildlife and birds, creating a nature sanctuary at Houxty, which was visited by the first Boy Scout camp, led by Baden-Powell, in 1908.

Chapman was one of the old-style dilettante landowning sportsmen, artists, and authors. While he was prepared to rough it like a frontiersman, he preferred to travel in luxury, champagne being his favourite drink in the field. His books are fluently written, perhaps too discursive and anecdotal for a modern taste, but they display his wide general knowledge and competence with sketchbook and camera. As well as being a man of action Chapman gave thought to the philosophy of nature study. In his Retrospect (1928) he devoted a chapter to his opinions on the emerging discipline of animal behavioural ecology. His engaging and lively personal observations about nature and its study brought Chapman a wide audience in his time. Unafraid to take issue with specialists, he was a prolific contributor of articles and letters to sporting magazines and the newspapers. He enjoyed controversy, but was generally well liked and respected. He was, in addition, a sympathetic person, and a quiet philanthropist in a number of causes. In 1922 the University of Durham conferred on him the honorary degree of master of arts. Chapman died, unmarried, on 23 January 1929 at Houxty, near Wark-on-Tyne, Northumberland, and was buried at Wark. He bequeathed his specimens and trophies to the British Museum of Natural History and to Hancock Museum at Newcastle upon Tyne, where his personal notebooks and hunting journals are also deposited.

Jane Carruthers

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Archives Hancock Museum, Newcastle upon Tyne, diaries and notebooks · Northumbd RO, corresp. and receipts relating to Houxty estate Likenesses photographs, Hancock Museum, Newcastle upon Tyne

Wealth at death £89,369 5s. 5d.: resworn probate, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Jane Carruthers, 'Chapman, Abel (1851–1929)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, May 2006 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/64726

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rugby in 1864-1869.
- He worked as a Partner in T. E. Chapman, brewers and wine-merchants in 1875-1897.
- He worked as a Naturalist & Author.
- He resided at Houxty in Wark-on-Tyne, Northumberland.

10-Joseph Crawhall Chapman⁴ was born on 11 Mar 1853 in 212 High Street, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died in 1922 at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MInstCE.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Devon in 1913.

11-Thomas Musgrave Gray Chapman⁴ was born in 1891 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Cadewell, Torquay, Devon.

12-Nancy Gertrude Chapman

10-Walter Ingram Chapman¹ was born on 25 Mar 1855 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham.

General Notes: NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Walter Ingram Chapman, Thomas Goulton Matteson, and Athole Harry Edward Woods, carrying on business as Cement Manufacturers, at Deptford and Wellington Lane both in the borough of Sunderland.in the county of Durham, under the style or firm of Matteson and

Descendants of Robert Chapman

Chapman, has been dissolved, by mutual consent, as from the 31st day of October, 1893. All debts due and owing to or by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Walter Ingram Chapman and Athole Harry Edward Woods, together with John Cartmel Holme; and that in future such business. will be carried on by the said Walter Ingram Chapman, Athole Harry Edward Woods, and John Cartmel Holme, under the said style or firm of Matteson and Chapman.-Dated this 7th day,-of February, 1894. WALTER I. CHAPMAN. THOS. G. MATTESON. ATHOLE H. E. WOODS

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Cement manufacturer, trading as Matteson and Chapman in 1894 in Wellington Lane, Deptford, Sunderland, County Durham.

10-Margaret Ethel Chapman¹ was born in 1856 and was christened on 14 Oct 1856 in Southwick, County Durham.

11-Katherine Frances Sneyd-Kynnersley was born in 1886 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1964 in Weymouth, Dorset at age 78.

11-Sylvia Mary Sneyd-Kynnersley was born on 19 Oct 1888 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1980 in Hampshire at age 92.

12-Col. Adrian Henry Warren Sandes

13-Vivien Lorna Glynn Sandes

13-Adrian Peter Warren Sandes

13-Alison Catherine Mary Sandes

12-Penelope Rose Mary Sandes was born on 2 Jan 1931 in Weymouth, Dorset, died on 7 Mar 2013 in Dorset County Hospital, Dorchester, Dorset at age 82, and was buried in Langton Herring, Dorset.

General Notes: Penelope Rose Mary Dunn

Published in the Dorset Echo on 13 March 2013

PENELOPE ROSE MARY DUNN (née SANDES) Died of an illness in Dorset County Hospital, Dorchester on 7th March aged 82. Much loved wife of Lt Cdr Peter Dunn; mother of Archie, Ralph and Richard; grandmother of Kate, Frances, Catherine and Sophie; and Classical Musician. A Requiem Mass will be held at St Joseph's Church, Stavordale Road, on Tuesday 19th March at 10.00 am followed by private burial in Langton Herring. Refreshments afterwards. Flowers welcome, or if desired donations for 'CAFOD' may be sent to Cotton & Son, Milton House, 1 Milton Road, Weymouth DT4 0AZ Enquiries Tel; (01305) 76 76 76

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at St. Brandon's School in Weymouth, Dorset.
- She was educated at Westonbirt School.

13-Archie Dunn

13-Ralph P. Dunn

13-Richard Francis Dunn

11-Margaret Ethel Sneyd-Kynnersley was born in 1891 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

11-Rosamund Sneyd-Kynnersley was born in 1895 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and was christened on 7 Mar 1895 in St. George's, Newcastle upon Tyne.

10-Philip Harry Chapman¹ was born on 7 Jan 1858 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham and was christened on 28 Mar 1858 in Southwick, County Durham.

10-Alfred Crawhall Chapman¹ was born on 18 Nov 1859 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham and died on 3 Sep 1896 in County Durham at age 36. The cause of his death was Typhoid complicated by Pneumonia.

General Notes: ALFRED CRAWHALL CHAPMAN was born on 18th November 1859, at Hylton Grange, near Sunderland, being the fifth son of the late Mr. Thomas Edward Chapman.

After being educated at Rugby School and going through the technical course at the Durham College of Science, Newcastle-on-Tyne, he was articled in 1878 to Mr. John Daglish, Silksworth Colliery, near Sunderland.

In 1883 he became a certificated mining engineer, and held appointments at Kimblesworth near Durham, Houghton Main near Barnsley, Cwmaman near Aberdare, Whitburn near Sunderland, and other collieries.

In 1884 he abandoned colliery work, and became for two years resident engineer to the River Wear Commissioners on the Roker new pier works, Sunderland, under Mr. H. H. Wake. After a short period spent in London with his brother, Mr. J. Crawhall Chapman, he commenced practice on his own account in 1887 as a consulting, mining, and civil engineer and patent agent, at St. Nicholas Buildings, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

He had been considerably out of health for over two years prior to his death, which took place in Durham from pneumonia and typhoid fever, on 3rd September 1896, in his thirty-seventh year. He became a Member of this Institution in 1887, and was also a Member of the North of England Institution of Mining and Mechanical Engineers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MInstME.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at Durham College of Science.
- He worked as an articled Minining Engineer to John Dalglish in 1878-1883 in Silksworth Colliery, Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Resident engineer to the River Wear Commissioners in 1884-1886.
- He worked as a Consulting, mining, and civil engineer and patent agent in 1887-1896 in St. Nicholas Buildings, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as an Ornithologist.

10-Louis Gascoigne Chapman¹ was born on 18 Aug 1861 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham and died in Feb 1862 in Hylton Grange, Sunderland, County Durham.

10-Hilda Maria Chapman was born on 23 Mar 1866 in Silksworth Hall, Sunderland, County Durham, was christened on 29 May 1866 in Bishopwearmouth Church, County Durham, and died on 12 Jul 1961 in Maidenhead, Berkshire at age 95.

11-Lt. Edward Derek Courtney was born on 1 Aug 1895 in Dover, Kent and died on 9 Aug 1918 in 46th Stationary Hospital, Etaples, France at age 23. The cause of his death was Dysentery.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the Army Service Corps.
- 11-Ronald Waldegrave Courtney was born on 22 Mar 1898 in Woolwich, Kent and died in 1976 in Poole, Dorset at age 78.

12-Susan Courtney was born in 1941 and died in 1985 at age 44.

11-Patricia Courtney was born on 18 Dec 1902 in Cork, County Cork, Ireland, died on 3 Jan 1995 in Petersfield, Hampshire at age 92, and was buried in Carron Lane Cemetery, Midhurst, West Sussex.

12-Nigel John Messervy was born on 22 May 1937 in Muree, India, died on 10 Apr 1965 in London at age 27, and was buried in Carron Lane Cemetery, Midhurst, West Sussex.

11-John Courtney was born on 21 Sep 1904 in Weymouth, Dorset and died in 1988 at age 84.

9-Elizabeth Hannah Chapman was born on 10 Feb 1823 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1894 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 71. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Robert Chapman

8-Ann Smales^{10,63} was born on 8 Apr 1798 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 15 Nov 1831 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 33, and was buried on 23 Nov 1831 in FBG Newcastle.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1808 in York, Yorkshire.

Ann married William Holmes,^{10,63} son of Thomas Holmes¹⁰ and Hannah Grimshaw,¹⁰ on 11 Dec 1822 in FMH Whitby. William was born on 15 Jan 1792 in Sunderland, County Durham and died about 16 Jan 1858 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland about age 66. They had four children: William Henry, Hannah, Thomas, and Alfred.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Grocer before 1820 in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Grocer in 1820 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

9-William Henry Holmes^{10,13,63,86,87} was born on 29 Mar 1824 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 3 Jul 1908 in "Wellburn", Newcastle upon Tyne at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Glass manufacturer and Merchant in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Paint & Colour manufacturer. W. H. Holmes & Sons in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

William married Mary Jane Brockbank,^{13,86,87} daughter of John Beeby Brockbank^{10,87,88} and Elizabeth White,^{10,87,88} on 15 May 1851 in Manchester. Mary was born in 1828 and died on 15 Mar 1905 in Jesmond, Newcastle upon Tyne at age 77. They had eight children: Annie, Alfred, Theodore, John Henry, Leonard William, Percy, Florence, and Ellwood.

General Notes: Of Manchester

10-Annie Holmes^{13,63} was born in 1852 and died on 21 Jan 1874 in Gateshead, County Durham at age 22.

10-Alfred Holmes^{22,63,89} was born on 18 Oct 1853 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 20 Jul 1933 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 79.

General Notes: ALFRED HOLMES (1865-70) died on July 20th, 1933, at the age of 79. On leaving Bootham, he went to Owens College, Manchester, and then into business with his father, in the firm of W. H. Holmes and Sons, paint manufacturers. He and his brother later founded J. H. Holmes and Co., a firm of electrical engineers. He took a keen interest in the affairs of the Society of Friends, and was for several years Clerk of Durham Quarterly Meeting. He also rendered notable service to the Newcastle Literary and Philosophical Society, of which he was honorary secretary for over 40 years, and to the work of University Extension Lectures. In recognition of his services in the latter connection, he received the honorary degree of M.A. from Cambridge University in 1917. He was Chairman of the Friends Provident and Century Insurance Offices for eleven years, and also served as a Representative Governor of Durham University College of Medicine, Newcastle. In 1884 he married Amy Constance Richardson, and their marriage was a very happy one. He leaves his wife, and their eight children. His death puts an end to a long career of public service. Bootham magazine - December 1933

HOLMES.— On July 20th, Alfred Holmes, M.A. (1865-70), aged 79 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1865-1870 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Colour Manufacturer in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Clerk to Durham QM in 1896-1900.
- He worked as a Director of the Friends' Provident Institution.

Alfred married Amelia Constance Richardson,^{22,89} daughter of James Richardson^{22,38,63,77,78,90} and Augusta Ann Dixon,^{22,77,78,90} on 30 Jul 1884. Amelia was born on 1 Jan 1859 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1949 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 90. They had seven children: Stephen, Bertha, Mary, Oliver, Constance, Alison, and William Ingram.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1874-Dec 1875 in York, Yorkshire.

- 11-Stephen Holmes was born on 22 Jul 1886.
- 11-Bertha Holmes was born on 24 Jan 1888.
- 11-Mary Holmes was born on 1 Sep 1889.
- 11-Oliver Holmes was born in 1892.
- 11-Constance Holmes was born in 1894.
- 11-Alison Holmes was born in 1897.
- 11-William Ingram Holmes was born in 1898 and died on 18 Aug 1940 in Denbighshire, Wales at age 42.

10-Theodore Holmes^{17,22,63} was born in 1855 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 5 Apr 1894 in Kobe, Japan at age 39, and was buried in Kobe, Japan.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1866-1871 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Paint and Colour manufacturer in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as an Electrical engineer in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Theodore married Ellen Bowman. They had three children: Theodora, Lilian, and Ernestine.

11-**Theodora Holmes** was born in 1889 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

11-Lilian Holmes was born in 1891 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

11-Ernestine Holmes was born in 1893 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

10-John Henry Holmes^{10,63,91} was born on 6 Jun 1857 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 27 Apr 1935 in "Heatherlee", Rothbury, Northumberland at age 77. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: HOLMES.— On April 27th, John Henry Holmes (1870-3), aged 77 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MInstCE MIMechE.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1870-1873 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Paint & Colour manufacturer of Newcastle. W. H. Holmes & Son.
- He worked as an Electrical engineer of Newcastle. J. H. Holmes & Co.

10-Leonard William Holmes^{22,25,63,92,93,94} was born in 1859 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 21 Nov 1933 in Worthing, Sussex at age 74.

General Notes: LEONARD WILLIAM HOLMES was born at Newcastle-on-Tyne in 1859, and died at Worthing on the 21st November, 1933. Part of his early life was spent in Australia, but a year or two after the founding, in 1883, of the firm of J. H. Holmes and Co. as electrical engineers in Newcastle-on-Tyne, he returned to England and opened their London office, of which he had charge for many years. In those early times, nearly half a century ago, pioneering was the order of the day, and he had his share in many new and interesting developments in electrical engineering. His geniality and bonhomie will be vividly recalled; his were the manner and bearing that make men popular, and his persistence, added to his affability, was a great asset to him in his part in the building-up of his firm's business. One of the important early installations with the furnishing of which he was connected was that of Messrs. Maple and Co., of London. It was carried out in 1888, and was a notable generating equipment in its day, before electric supply had been generally brought to the doors of consumers by public undertakings. In many other directions he helped to spread the use of electricity; in 1897 he negotiated the acquisition by his firm of the patent rights for "Lundell " motors, which had a great vogue in their application to industrial electric drives, particularly in printing-works and newspaper-offices, where the development of the Holmes-Clatworthy duplex-motor principle led to the widespread adoption of the

electric drive both at home and abroad. Mr. Holmes retired from the firm of J. H. Holmes and Co. in 1908, after an illness, and subsequently turned his attention to matters outside the electrical industry. He was elected a Member of the Institution in 1889. T. C. *Journal of the Institution of Electrical Engineers Issue 456, December 1934, page 836.* HOLMES.— On November 21st, 1933, Leonard William Holmes (1871-6), aged 74 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIEE.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1871-1876 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Durham.
- He emigrated to Australia.
- He worked as a Wholesale chemist in 1880-1885 in Australia.
- He immigrated back to England in 1885.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer and Patent Properties negotiator.
- He had a residence in 15 Craven Park, Willesden, London.
- He worked as a Commissioner of Taxes in 1906 in Soho, London.
- Miscellaneous: Retired from J. H. Holmes & Sons, 1908.

Leonard married **Edith Bell Harcus**,^{22,25,92,93} daughter of **William Harcus** and **Eliza**, on 5 Jan 1882 in St. Peter's Collegiate Chapel, Adelaide, South Australia. Edith was born in 1852 in Doncaster, Yorkshire and died in 1935 at age 83. They had five children: **Dorothy Harcus**, **Phyllis Harcus**, **Marjorie**, **Cicely Ermyntrude**, and **Chrystabel**. Marriage Notes: HOLMES-HARCUS.- On the 5th January (1882), at St. Peter's, Adelaide, South Australia, Leonard W. Holmes (1871-76), to Edith Bell Harcus.

Marriage Notes: HOLMES-HARCUS.- On the 5th January (1882), at St. Peter's, Adelaide, South Australia, Leonard W. Holmes (1871-76), to Edith Bell Harcus. GOLDEN WEDDING.

HOLMES-HARCUS.-On 5th January, 1882, in Adelaide, South Australia, Leonard William Holmes (1871-76), to Edith Bell Harcus.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.
 - 11-Dorothy Harcus Holmes^{22,95,96} was born on 17 Apr 1883 in Norwood, Adelaide, South Australia.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1897-1900 in York, Yorkshire.

Dorothy married Alfred Pearman Grimshaw,^{10,22,96} son of Charles Wood Grimshaw^{10,25,97} and Margaret Pearman,^{10,25,97} on 24 Feb 1903 in Westminster, London. Alfred was born in 1875 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 16 Jan 1940 at age 65. They had two children: Leonard Charles and Ronald.

Marriage Notes: GRIMSHAW-HOLMES. On the 24th February, 1903, at Westminster, Alfred Pearman Grimshaw (1889-90), of Hylton, Durham, to Dorothy Holmes, of Kensington.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in California, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1889-1890 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Motor Engineer in Barnard Castle, County Durham.

12-Leonard Charles Grimshaw^{95,96} was born on 12 Feb 1904 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1982 at age 78.

General Notes: GRIMSHAW.-On the 12th February, 1904, at Sunderland, Dorothy Harcus (nee Holmes), the wife of Alfred P. Grimshaw (1889-90) a son, who was named Leonard Charles. Leonard married Irene. They had one daughter: Susan Dorothy.

13-Susan Dorothy Grimshaw

12-Ronald Grimshaw⁹⁵ was born on 27 Jun 1905 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1974 in Claro Registration District, Yorkshire at age 69. Ronald married Kathleen Nelson.

11-Phyllis Harcus Holmes was born in 1884 and died in 1889 at age 5.

11-Marjorie Holmes was born in 1887.

11-Cicely Ermyntrude Holmes was born in 1890.

11-Chrystabel Holmes was born in 1895 and died in 1935 at age 40.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in May 1909-Apr 1910 in York, Yorkshire.

Chrystabel married Charles Montague Discombe Sparrow.

10-Percy Holmes⁶³ was born in 1861 and died in 1862 at age 1.

10-Florence Holmes⁶³ was born in 1863. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1878-Jun 1880 in York, Yorkshire.
- She resided at "Heatherlee", Rothbury, Northumberland.

10-Ellwood Holmes^{22,63,98,99,100,101} was born in 1865 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 22 Jan 1933 at age 68. General Notes: HOLMES.-On January 22nd, 1933, Ellwood Holmes (1877-81), aged 68 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1877-1881 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Owens College, Manchester in 1882-1885.
- He worked as a Paint and Colour manufacturer in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Chemical manufacturer in 1915 in Acklington Park, Northumberland.
- He worked as a President of the National Federation of Associated Paint Colour and Varnish Manufacturers in 1917-1918.
- He had a residence in 1922 in Sutton Scotney, Hampshire.
- He resided at Wyncote in 1933 in Jesmond Park East, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Ellwood married Edith Christina Brockbank,^{22,98,99} daughter of John Thomas Brockbank^{10,87,98,102} and Charlotte Sadler,^{10,87,98,102} in 1896 in Manchester. Edith was born in 1873 in Manchester and died on 16 Aug 1915 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 42. They had two children: Charles Ellwood and Gwendolen Ellwood.

11-Charles Ellwood Holmes²² was born in 1898 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1969 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA AMIEE.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1911-1915 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He was educated at Sidney Sussex College in 1919-1921 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire.
- He had a residence in 1928-1934 in Hong Kong, China.
- He resided at 31 Kenton Road in 1935 in Gosforth, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Charles married Gwendoline Margaret Nicholls²² in 1932. Gwendoline was born on 16 Jan 1907 and died in Nov 2002 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 95.

11-Gwendolen Ellwood Holmes^{22,99} was born on 5 Dec 1904 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1962 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 58. General Notes: HOLMES.-On the 5th December, 1904, at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Edith Christina, wife of Ellwood Holmes (1877), a daughter.

Ellwood next married **Elizabeth Livingstone**. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth Lucille**.

11-Elizabeth Lucille Holmes²² was born in 1926 in Winchester, Hampshire.

9-Hannah Holmes⁶³ was born in 1825.

9-Thomas Holmes^{22,63} was born on 17 Dec 1827 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 8 May 1845 in York, Yorkshire at age 17, and was buried in FBG York.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1841-1842 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an apprentice Grocer to Joseph Rowntree in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Grocer in York, Yorkshire.

9-Alfred Holmes⁶³ was born in 1829 and died in 1830 at age 1.

8-Gideon Smales was born on 22 Aug 1796 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in St. Hilda's Terrace, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Gideon married Maria Robinson Wakefield,⁶³ daughter of George Wakefield and Ann Wright, on 6 Apr 1820 in Christ Church, Tynemouth, Northumberland. Maria was born on 5 Mar 1797 in Tynemouth, Northumberland and was christened on 5 Feb 1806 in Christ Church, Tynemouth, Northumberland. They had 13 children: Gideon, Wakefield Robinson, Thomas Chapman, Ann, Maria Wakefield, Georgiana Duesbury, Elizabeth Dent, Julia, George Wakefield, Rebecca Mary, Charles, Hannah Chapman, and Edward Henry.

General Notes: Of Tynemouth

9-Gideon Smales⁶³ was born on 30 Apr 1821 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died before 1888.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Shipbuilder. Smales Brothers in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Gideon married **Emily Campion**,⁶³ daughter of **John Campion** and **Ann**, on 29 Jun 1854 in Whitby, Yorkshire. Emily was born in 1825 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 26 Sep 1888 in Thornton Heath, Croydon, Surrey at age 63.

9-Wakefield Robinson Smales⁶³ was born on 14 Jul 1822 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

e, Northumberland at age 95. /ne, Northumberland at age 58. Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Ship owner in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Wakefield married Jane Botcherby,⁶³ daughter of Robert Botcherby, on 6 Jan 1858 in Holy Trinity, Hartlepool. Jane was born in 1832 in Hartlepool, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Darlington, County Durham.

9-Thomas Chapman Smales⁶³ was born on 17 Jun 1824 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1889 at age 65.

Thomas married Mary Swanston, daughter of William Swanston. They had four children: Thomas Chapman, Charles Edward, Frederick Swanston, and Gideon.

10-Thomas Chapman Smales⁶³ was born in 1850 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, was christened on 23 Oct 1850 in St. John's, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and died in 1890 at age 40.

10-Charles Edward Smales⁶³ was born in 1852 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and was christened on 12 Feb 1852 in St. John's, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

10-Frederick Swanston Smales⁶³ was born in 1853, was christened on 2 Jan 1854 in St. John's, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and died on 13 Aug 1902 in Odessa, Russia at age 49. Frederick married Louise Coquelin, daughter of A. Theodore Coquelin. They had four children: William Frederick Swanston, Victorine, Mathilde Emily, and Olga.

11-William Frederick Swanston Smales was born on 17 Aug 1880 in Odessa, Russia.

11-Victorine Smales was born on 19 May 1888 in Odessa, Russia.

11-Mathilde Emily Smales was born on 22 Feb 1882 in Odessa, Russia.

11-Olga Smales was born on 4 Jan 1894 in Odessa, Russia.

10-Gideon Smales⁶³ was born in 1855 and was christened on 12 Feb 1855 in St. Nicholas', Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

9-Ann Smales⁶³ was born on 1 May 1825 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Ann married Rev. Henry John Graham,⁶³ son of Hewley Graham and Mary Dyson, on 30 Jun 1845 in St. Mary's, Whitby, Yorkshire. Henry was born on 29 Sep 1819 in York, Yorkshire and died on 23 Aug 1891 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 71. They had nine children: Annie Maria, Mary Dyson, Henry John, Clare Louisa, Julia Margaret, Hewley Smales, Ethel Agnes, Catherine Maud, and Mabel Hilda.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Pudsey in Pudsey, Calverley, Yorkshire.

10-Annie Maria Graham⁶³ was born in 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Mary Dyson Graham⁶³ was born in 1847 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Henry John Graham⁶³ was born in 1848 in Sheffield, Yorkshire.

Henry married Isabella Maude Baker.

10-Clare Louisa Graham⁶³ was born in 1850 in Sheffield, Yorkshire.

10-Julia Margaret Graham⁶³ was born in 1852 in Sheffield, Yorkshire.

10-Hewley Smales Graham⁶³ was born in 1855 in Pudsey, Calverley, Yorkshire.

Hewley married Amelia Cox Johnstone.

10-Ethel Agnes Graham⁶³ was born in 1860 in Pudsey, Calverley, Yorkshire.

Ethel married Rev. William Haig Griffith, son of Rev. James Griffith and Louisa Margaret Allix. William was born in 1856 in Sand Hutton, Yorkshire. They had three children: William Graham Allix, Henry Hammond, and Lionel Ethelbert.

11-Rev. William Graham Allix Griffith was born on 20 Aug 1898 in Treswell, Nottinghamshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of St. Olave's in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Sedbergh in Sedbergh, Cumbria.
- He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge.
- Miscellaneous: Ordained, 1926, York Minster, York, Yorkshire.

William married someone. He had two children: Jane and John.

12-Jane Griffith

12-John Griffith

11-Henry Hammond Griffith was born on 22 May 1900 in Treswell, Nottinghamshire and died in 1974 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 74.

11-Lionel Ethelbert Griffith was born on 22 May 1900 in Treswell, Nottinghamshire and died in 1976 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 76.

10-Catherine Maud Graham⁶³ was born in 1863 in Pudsey, Calverley, Yorkshire.

10-Mabel Hilda Graham⁶³ was born in 1867 in Pudsey, Calverley, Yorkshire.

9-Maria Wakefield Smales⁶³ was born in 1826 and died on 19 Mar 1904 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 78. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 12 Normanby Terrace, Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Georgiana Duesbury Smales⁶³ was born in 1828 and died in 1915 at age 87.

Georgiana married Rev. James Skinner. They had four children: James, William, Maria Elizabeth, and Mary Georgiana.

10-James Skinner

James married Kate Jane Linacre.

10-William Skinner⁶³ was born in 1858.

William married Edith Frances Wilding.

10-Maria Elizabeth Skinner⁶³ was born in 1859.

10-Mary Georgiana Skinner⁶³ was born in 1862 and died on 19 May 1944 in 13 Spring Vale, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 82. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Her solicitors were Barker, Dingle & Nelson of Sunderland.

9-Elizabeth Dent Smales⁶³ was born in 1829.

Elizabeth married Rev. James Dingle. They had four children: Arthur Trehane, Edgar Smales, Charles Vincent, and Elizabeth Hannah Gertrude.

10-Rev. Arthur Trehane Dingle⁶³ was born in 1860 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 28 Jun 1952 in Osmotherley, Yorkshire at age 92, and was buried in St. John the Baptist cemetery, Egglescliffe, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Shrewsbury.
- He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford.
- He was educated at Rector of Hetton le Hole in 1890 in Hetton-le Hole, Sunderland, County Durham.
- He was educated at Rector of Silksworth in 1893 in Silksworth, Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Rector of Egglescliffe in 1903 in Egglescliffe, County Durham.

Arthur married Beatrice Robson, daughter of John Shield Robson and Caroline Iliff, on 5 Aug 1890 in Monkwearmouth, County Durham. Beatrice was born on 8 Jun 1867, died on 30 Jun 1914 in Egglescliffe, County Durham at age 47, and was buried in St. John the Baptist cemetery, Egglescliffe, County Durham. They had four children: Arthur James, Hugh John, Mary Caroline, and **Beatrice Margaret.**

11-Capt. Arthur James Dingle was born on 16 Oct 1891 in Hetton-le Hole, Sunderland, County Durham, died on 22 Aug 1915 in Suvla Bay, Gallipoli, Turkey. Killed in action at age 23, and was buried in Helles Memorial, Turkey.

General Notes: Arthur Dingle was born on 1892, Hutton le Hole, Durham, son of Arthur Trehane Dingle and Beatrice Dingle of Durham. Played as a Centre/wing for: Bow School Durham, Durham School, Oxford University (Blue 1911), Hartlepool Rovers, Richmond, Barbarians, Durham Counties, Surrey Profession: Schoolmaster

Remarks: Keble College Oxford. Returned to Durham School as a Master in 1913. He scored 55 tries in the 1913-1914 season. Played for Barbarians: v Royal Army Medical Corps (10-3) in 1915, scoring a try in that match. As well as a gifted Rugby player, he was a noted oarsman.

War service: Served in the East Yorkshire Regiment from September 1914; Captain, 6th Battalion, East Yorkshire Regiment, 32nd Brigade, 11th Division. On 8 August 1915, during the landing at Suvla Bay, the 32nd Brigade was ordered to deliver an attack on the Turkish position on Scimitar Hill as a preliminary to an advance the next day on the Tekke Tepe ridge. Under Lt Col Henry Moore [killed after capture on 9 August], the 6th East Yorkshires, captured the vital Turkish position on the Hill, but had to relinquish it when Brigade staff ordered all formations to concentrate at the Sulajik wells. Scimitar Hill was attacked again on 21 August.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rugy International for England.
- He worked as an officer of the East Yorkshire Regiment.

11-Dr. Hugh John Dingle was born in 1893 in Hetton-le Hole, Sunderland, County Durham, died on 31 May 1916 in Battle of Jutland. Killed in action at age 23, and was buried in Queensferry Municipal cemetery, Edinburgh, Scotland. Plot 1427.

11-Mary Caroline Dingle was born on 15 Jul 1897 in Hetton-le Hole, Sunderland, County Durham, died on 9 Mar 1977 at age 79, and was buried in St. John the Baptist cemetery, Egglescliffe, County Durham.

11-Beatrice Margaret Dingle was born on 12 Oct 1907, died on 30 Sep 1981 at age 73, and was buried in St. John the Baptist cemetery, Egglescliffe, County Durham.

10-Edgar Smales Dingle⁶³ was born in 1861 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 19 Dec 1861 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 12 Jan 1937 in Darlington, County Durham at age 76, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor in Sunderland, County Durham.

Edgar married Fanny Elizabeth Pearson, daughter of William John Pearson, on 19 Nov 1894 in Monkwearmouth, County Durham. Fanny was born in 1863, died on 25 Nov 1937 in Darlington, County Durham at age 74, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham. They had two children: Rena May and Edgar Reginald.

11-Rena May Dingle was born in 1895 in Monkwearmouth, County Durham and was christened on 28 Nov 1895 in Monkwearmouth, County Durham.

11-Dr. Edgar Reginald Dingle was born in 1898 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 2 Jul 1956 at age 58, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: We regret to record the death of Dr Edgar Reginald Dingle on July 2nd 1956. Dr Dingle qualified at Newcastle-on-Tyne in 1922 and became consultant anaesthetist to the Darlington and South-West Durham Group of hospitals. He was a member of the Association of Anaesthetists.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Garrison Artillery.
- He worked as a Consultant anaesthetist to the Darlington and South-West Durham Group of hospitals in Darlington, County Durham.

Edgar married Constance Elizabeth Douglas, daughter of Edwin Albert Douglas and Edith, in 1927 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham. Constance was born on 8 Apr 1898, was christened on 14 Jun 1898 in Holy Trinity, Darlington, County Durham, died on 31 Mar 1966 in Darlington, County Durham at age 67, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham. They had one daughter: Jean Elizabeth.

12-Jean Elizabeth Dingle was born in 1930, died on 2 Jul 1956 in Darlington, County Durham at age 26, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham.

10-Dr. Charles Vincent Dingle⁶³ was born in 1866 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1945 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BS MD.
- He was educated at Shrewsbury.
- He was educated at University of Newcastle.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He worked as a Medical Officer of Health for Middlesbrough in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

Charles married Gertrude Annie Walker.

10-Elizabeth Hannah Gertrude Dingle

9-Julia Smales^{63,103} was born in 1831.

Julia married John Newmarch,¹⁰³ son of Rev. Henry Newmarch, on 16 Feb 1861 in Whitby, Yorkshire. John was born in 1833 in Lincolnshire and died in 1907 in Portsmouth, Hampshire at age 74. They had six children: John Henry, Julia Mary, Herbert Smales, Leonard John, Henry Bernard, and Ethel Margaret.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.

10-John Henry Newmarch

10-Julia Mary Newmarch⁶³ was born in 1863 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.

10-Herbert Smales Newmarch⁶³ was born in 1865 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.

10-Leonard John Newmarch^{63,103} was born in 1867 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire, died in 1953 in Cradock, Eastern Cape Province, South Africa at age 86, and was buried in Cradock, Eastern Cape Province, South Africa.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Order of the Striped Tiger in 1919 in China.
- He worked as a Railway design and construction engineer in China.

Leonard married Sarah Biddulph¹⁰³ in 1894 in Shanghai, China. Sarah was born in 1874 in Cradock, Eastern Cape Province, South Africa, died on 13 Sep 1953 in Cradock, Eastern Cape Province, South Africa at age 79, and was buried in Cradock, Eastern Cape Province, South Africa. They had two children: Guy Lumley Biddulph and Jack Moorhead.

11-Guy Lumley Biddulph Newmarch¹⁰³ was born in 1896 in Tientsin, China and died in 1964 in Cradock, Eastern Cape Province, South Africa at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as a Railway design engineer in China.

Guy married Catherine Muir,¹⁰³ daughter of Dr. David Dickson Muir and Annie, about 1924 in Tientsin, China. Catherine was born about 1903. They had one daughter: Anne Catherine.

12-Anne Catherine Newmarch¹⁰³ was born in 1927 in China and died in 1990 in London at age 63.

Anne married Peter Gordon Williams. They had two children: Adam and Piers.

13-Adam Williams

Adam married Fumei Wang. They had two children: Clio and Alexander.

14-Clio Williams

14-Alexander Williams

Adam next married Hong Ying.

13-Piers Williams

11-Jack Moorhead Newmarch

10-Henry Bernard Newmarch⁶³ was born in 1868 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer in Greytown, Kwa-Zulu, Natal.

Henry married Gertrude Smales, daughter of Charles Smales^{63,104} and Alice Garbutt.

10-Ethel Margaret Newmarch⁶³ was born in 1869 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.

9-George Wakefield Smales⁶³ was born in 1833 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 10 May 1833 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Timber Merchant and Ship builder in Whitby, Yorkshire.

George married Sarah Margaret McLellan⁶³ in 1861. Sarah was born on 16 Jan 1833 in Richmond, Yorkshire. They had four children: George Mclellan, Gilbert Henry, Dora Maria Spencer, and Kathleen Georgina McLellan.

General Notes: Of Whitby

10-George Mclellan Smales⁶³ was born in 1863 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

George married Alice Lock. Alice was born on 10 Jul 1865, died on 2 Jul 1931 at age 65, and was buried in Lakeview cemetery, Fort Qu'Appelle, Saskatchewan, Canada. They had two children: Dora Margaret and Kenneth George McLellan.

11-Dora Margaret Smales was born on 17 Sep 1893 and died on 18 Jul 1931 at age 37.

Dora married Christopher Pennycuick Bartlett. Christopher was born on 16 Apr 1889 in Bromley, Kent and died on 30 Jan 1957 at age 67. They had two children: Christopher Smales and **Richard Edward**.

Noted events in his life were:

Miscellaneous: His second wife, was Winifred Diana Nepean, 1936.

12-Wing Commander Christopher Smales Bartlett was born on 1 Jan 1917 in Fort Qu'Appelle, Saskatchewan, Canada, died on 13 Jun 1944 in Lille, France at age 27, and was buried in Calais Canadian War cemetery, France. Plot 4.G.9. The cause of his death was killed in action.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DFC and Bar.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Canadian Air Force.

12-Lieut Cmdr. Richard Edward Bartlett was born on 21 Apr 1919 in Fort Qu'Appelle, Saskatchewan, Canada and died on 26 Dec 2010 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Canadian Navy.
- He worked as a Farmer in Saskatchewan, Canada.

Richard married Margaret Hetherington Falconer, daughter of James Kennedy Falconer and Grace Clyde Hancock. They had two children: James Robert and Margaret Anne.

13-James Robert Bartlett

13-Margaret Anne Bartlett

11-Kenneth George McLellan Smales was born on 15 Jun 1903 in Saskatchewan, Canada, died on 13 Feb 1974 in Mission Memorial Hospital, Mission, British Columbia, Canada at age 70, and was buried on 18 Feb 1974 in Hatzic Cemetery, Mission, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of his death was non-Alcoholic Cirrhosis. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Camp site owner.

10-Gilbert Henry Smales⁶³ was born on 26 Jan 1865 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1926 in Williton, Somerset at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea and Coffee merchant, Smales & Phillips. Before 6 Oct 1891 in 65 Great Tower Street, London.

Gilbert married Ada Marion Solomon, daughter of Arthur Solomon, on 15 Feb 1895 in Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire. Ada died in 1905. They had two children: Gilbert Arthur McLellan and **Cuthbert Henry Edgar.**

11-Gilbert Arthur McLellan Smales was born on 21 Mar 1897 in England, died on 16 Mar 1980 in Mission Memorial Hospital, Mission, British Columbia, Canada at age 82, and was buried on 20 Mar 1980 in Hatzic Cemetery, Mission, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of his death was Stomach Cancer.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as a Dairy Farmer in Mission, British Columbia, Canada.

Gilbert married Amy Barbara Wells Johnson.

11-Cuthbert Henry Edgar Smales was born in 1899 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1901 in Quarndon, Derbyshire at age 2.

Gilbert next married Frances Mary Solomon in 1907 in Faversham, Kent. Frances was born in 1873 in Dartford, Kent and died in 1946 in Hastings, Sussex at age 73. They had one daughter: **Dorothy Frances Marsden**.

11-Dorothy Frances Marsden Smales was christened on 16 Aug 1908 in Ospringe, Kent.

10-Dora Maria Spencer Smales⁶³ was born in 1866 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 29 Jan 1933 in Carbis Bay, St. Ives, Cornwall at age 67. She had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Kathleen Georgina McLellan Smales⁶³ was born in 1867 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Rebecca Mary Smales⁶³ was born in 1837 and was christened on 27 Feb 1837 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Rebecca married Joseph Huggins Barker⁶³ on 7 Oct 1863 in Whitby, Yorkshire. Joseph was born in 1837. They had two children: Joseph William and Isabel Mary.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Joseph William Barker

10-Isabel Mary Barker

9-Charles Smales^{63,104} was born in 1838 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 16 Jun 1838 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Charles married Alice Garbutt. They had two children: Charles Bertram and Gertrude.

10-Charles Bertram Smales⁶³ was born in 1870 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Gertrude Smales

9-Hannah Chapman Smales

Hannah married Douglas Newmarch, son of Rev. Henry Newmarch.

9-Edward Henry Smales⁶³ was born in 1842, was christened on 6 Oct 1843 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died in 1911 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire.

• He worked as an Architect in Arundel House, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Edward married Annie Frankland⁶³ on 8 Sep 1869 in Whitby, Yorkshire. Annie was born in 1847 and died in 1935 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 88. They had nine children: Edith Maria, Katharine Annie, Alan Edward, William Ernest, Philip Arundel, Eric Wakefield, Lewis Henry, Reginald, and Gerald Septimus.

General Notes: Of Whitby

10-Edith Maria Smales⁶³ was born in 1871 in Kendal, Cumbria, was christened on 27 Feb 1871 in St. George's, Kendal, Cumbria, died on 15 Apr 1929 at age 58, and was buried in All Saints, Appleton Roebuck, Selby, Yorkshire.

Edith married Edgar Croft Lace in 1902 in Whitby, Yorkshire. Edgar was born in 1865, died on 30 Oct 1961 at age 96, and was buried in All Saints, Appleton Roebuck, Selby, Yorkshire.

10-Katharine Annie Smales was born on 9 Nov 1871 in Kendal, Cumbria, was christened on 7 Jan 1872 in St. George's, Kendal, Cumbria, and died in 1972 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 101.

10-Alan Edward Smales was born in 1874 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada in Apr 1913.

Alan married Annie Elizabeth Muncey, daughter of Thomas Muncey and Louisa.

10-William Ernest Smales was born in 1876 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Philip Arundel Smales was born in 1878 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer.

10-Eric Wakefield Smales was born in 1881 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Architect.

10-Lewis Henry Smales was born in 1883 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Reginald Smales was born in 1886 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Gerald Septimus Smales was born in 1889 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1895 in Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 6.

8-Hannah Smales⁶³ was born in 1799 and died in 1801 at age 2.

8-Mary Smales⁶³ was born in 1800.

Mary married **Rev. William Gill**, son of **John Gill** and **Mary**.

8-Jane Smales⁶³ was born in 1803.

8-**Thomas Smales**⁶³ was born in 1798 and died in 1809 at age 11.

6-Joseph Chapman¹ was born on 5 Oct 1721 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 13 Oct 1722 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 1.

Solomon next married Sarah Merrinian. Sarah was buried in D.S.P..

5-Isaiah Chapman¹ was born on 8 Mar 1686 and died on 7 Dec 1723 at age 37.

5-Emma Chapman was born in 1688 and died in 1725 at age 37.

Emma married Robert Hutchinson. Robert died in 1725.

5-Abel Chapman^{1,7,10,105} was born on 20 Aug 1694 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 13 Oct 1777 at age 83.

General Notes: Note: "Almost all the Friends engaged in shipping at Whitby, were found to be armed and were all disowned. Jane Chapman and her sister among the rest." It was an "..outrage--there were two young women disowned because unhappily, their property was in shipping and armed."

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master Mariner.

Abel married Susannah Lotherington, daughter of John Lotherington and Elizabeth Tiplady, on 25 Jan 1720 in Whitby, Yorkshire. Susannah was born on 2 Jul 1693 in Whitby, Yorkshire. They had two children: Elizabeth and Mary.

6-Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 24 Mar 1723 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died about 12 Apr 1728 in Whitby, Yorkshire about age 5, and was buried on 14 Apr 1728 in FBG Whitby.

6-Mary Chapman¹ was born on 17 Jun 1724 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died about 24 Oct 1725 in Whitby, Yorkshire about age 1, and was buried on 26 Oct 1725 in FBG Whitby.

Abel next married Elizabeth Walker,¹ daughter of John Walker and Esther Stonehouse, on 10 Jan 1727 in FMH Whitby. Elizabeth was born on 22 Sep 1701 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 8 Nov 1735 at age 34. They had four children: Esther, Mary, John, and William.

6-Esther Chapman¹ was born on 8 Nov 1728, died on 2 Jun 1758 at age 29, and was buried in FBG Whitby.

Esther married Isaac Stockton¹ on 2 Apr 1748. Isaac died on 19 Mar 1800 and was buried in FBG Whitby. They had two children: Elizabeth and Esther.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Hawsker Hall, Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Master Mariner.

7-Elizabeth Stockton was born on 16 Jan 1750 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Elizabeth married Joseph Clark. They had one daughter: Elizabeth.

8-Elizabeth Clark

Elizabeth married **Thomas Gallilee**,⁶³ son of **George Gallilee** and **Mary Richardson**,^{62,63} on 27 Sep 1799 in New Malton, Yorkshire. Thomas was born on 3 Nov 1772 in Whitby, Yorkshire. (11 March also given).

7-Esther Stockton¹ was born on 15 Apr 1753, died on 19 Mar 1805 in Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 51, and was buried on 26 Mar 1805 in FBG Whitby.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

Esther married **Thomas Holt**,¹ son of **John Holt** and **Martha Storm**, on 22 Feb 1773. Thomas was born on 11 Jul 1751 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 28 Jul 1751 in Presbyterian Chapel, Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 25 Jan 1810 in Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 58, and was buried on 31 Jan 1810 in Parish Church, Whitby, Yorkshire. They had one daughter: **Martha**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Ship-owner and Master Mariner in Whitby, Yorkshire.

8-Martha Holt^{1,7,11} was born in 1775 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 6 Nov 1861 at age 86, and was buried in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• Death Notice: The Times, 9 Nov 1861.

Martha married **Edward Chapman**,^{1,7,11,106} son of **John Chapman**¹⁰ and **Jane Mellar**,¹⁰ on 21 Apr 1794 in Parish Church, Whitby, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 1 Sep 1769 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 22 Jan 1836 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 66, and was buried in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire. The cause of his death was As a result of an accident on the 20th January 1836. They had nine children: **Jane, Thomas, Esther Elizabeth, Elizabeth, Isabella Margaret, John Mellar, Margaret Chapman, Mary**, and **Edward William**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

· Miscellaneous: Married-out of the Society of Friends.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL (North Riding of Yorkshire).
- He worked as a Sheriff of Newcastle in Oct 1834.
- Death Notice: The Times, 26 Jan 1836.

9-Jane Chapman¹ was born on 18 Dec 1796 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 18 Mar 1826 at age 29.

Jane married William Chapman,¹ son of Abel Chapman^{1,7,105,107} and Rebecca Bell,^{1,7,105,107} on 1 Apr 1816. William was born on 28 Jun 1792 in Woodford, Essex and died in 1878 at age 86. They had five children: Abel, Martha Holt, Edward John, William Daniel, and Margaret Rebecca.

General Notes: Stood for election as MP for ? Shields in 1841 and was beaten by 79 votes

10-Abel Chapman¹ was born on 23 Mar 1817 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1885 at age 68.

Abel married Elizabeth Gurney Fry,¹ daughter of John Gurney Fry^{1,108,109} and Rachel Reynolds,^{108,109} on 10 Jun 1846. Elizabeth was born in 1826 and died on 24 Jan 1854 in Woodford, Essex at age 28. They had four children: Constance Jane, Elizabeth Rachel, Helena Margaret, and Hannah Edith.

11-Constance Jane Chapman¹ was born in 1848.

11-Elizabeth Rachel Chapman¹ was born in 1850.

11-Helena Margaret Chapman¹ was born in 1852.

11-Hannah Edith Chapman^{1,7,11,110} was born in 1854.

Hannah married Henry Ford Barclay, ^{7,11,12,32,97,110,111,112,113} son of Ford Barclay^{10,29,35,97,108,111,113} and Esther Reynolds, ^{10,35,97,108,111,113} on 10 Jun 1890 in St. Peter's, Kensington. Henry was born on 9 Sep 1826 in Tooting, London, died on 12 Nov 1891 in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex at age 65, and was buried in Ilford Cemetery, Ilford, Essex.

10-Martha Holt Chapman¹¹ was born in 1818 in Northumberland, was christened on 20 May 1818 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and died on 22 Jan 1863 in Naples, Italy at age 45.

Martha married Charles Fawcett Neville-Rolfe,¹¹ son of Rev. Strickland Charles Edward Neville-Rolfe, on 18 May 1841 in Christ Church, Tynemouth, Northumberland. Charles was born on 23 Aug 1815 in Portland Place, London and died on 23 Oct 1869 in Heacham Hall, Norfolk at age 54. They had nine children: Dorothy Mary, Eustace, Ernest, Harriet Jane, Charles William, Herbert, Alfred, Arthur, and Margaret.

11-Dorothy Mary Neville-Rolfe was born in 1844 and died in 1931 at age 87.

11-Eustace Neville-Rolfe¹¹ was born on 8 Aug 1845 in Heacham Hall, Norfolk and died on 15 Dec 1908 in Naples, Italy at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a British Consul General in Naples, Italy.

Eustace married Emily Auber Frances Thornhill,¹¹ daughter of Robert Thornhill and Jane Charlotte Eliza Adams, on 2 Oct 1867 in Naples, Italy. Emily was born on 27 Mar 1844 in France and died on 14 Dec 1900 in Naples, Italy at age 56. They had three children: **Amy, Ivy**, and **Dorothy**.

12-Amy Neville-Rolfe¹¹ was born in 1868 and died in 1964 at age 96.

12-Ivy Neville-Rolfe

12-Dorothy Neville-Rolfe^{11,114} was born in 1873.

Dorothy married **Richard Henry Holme**^{114,115} on 9 Dec 1897 in Naples, Italy. Richard was born on 3 Aug 1872 in Naples, Italy and died on 9 Jan 1953 in Kenya at age 80. They had one son: **Richard Valentine**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker. Holme & Co. Of Naples.

13-Richard Valentine Holme^{114,115} was born on 20 Apr 1908 in Malta and died on 16 Jan 1980 in Zimbabwe at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Agricutural Scientist.

Richard married **Marjorie Bingham**.¹¹⁴ Marjorie was born on 29 Nov 1907 in Sale, Cheshire and died on 6 Apr 1981 in Pukeohe, New Zeakand at age 73. They had four children: **Richard Rolfe, Virginia Valentine, Frances Elizabeth**, and **Catherine Roberta**.

14-Richard Rolfe Holme

Richard married Gabrielle Joan Wilson. They had five children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

15-**Holme**

15-Holme

15-Holme

15-Holme

15-Holme

14-Virginia Valentine Holme

14-Frances Elizabeth Holme¹¹⁵ was born on 11 Feb 1942 and died on 5 Jan 2002 at age 59.

Frances married Mark Richard Milbank, son of Maj. Denis William Powlett Milbank and Doreen Frances Butler. They had three children: Robert Frederick, Henry Mark Thomas, and Jack Patrick.

15-Robert Frederick Milbank

15-Henry Mark Thomas Milbank

15-Jack Patrick Milbank

14-Catherine Roberta Holme

11-Ernest Neville-Rolfe was born in 1847 and died in 1909 at age 62.

11-Harriet Jane Neville-Rolfe was born in 1850 and died in 1928 at age 78.

11-Charles William Neville-Rolfe was born in 1851 and died in 1932 at age 81.

Charles married Fanny Kunigunda Clive Keppel on 4 Oct 1882. Fanny died on 17 Jan 1891. They had two children: Randolph and Clive.

12-Randolph Neville-Rolfe was born in 1889 and died on 28 Nov 1964 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea and Rubber palnter in Ceylon.

Randolph married Kathleen Archdale on 3 Jan 1916. Kathleen was born on 5 Dec 1883 and died on 27 Jul 1968 at age 84. They had five children: Charles Babington, Joan, Daphne, Hazel, and Randolph.

13-Maj. Charles Babington Neville-Rolfe was born on 15 Dec 1916 and died on 8 Feb 2009 at age 92.

13-Joan Neville-Rolfe was born in 1919.

13-Daphne Neville-Rolfe

13-Hazel Neville-Rolfe

13-Randolph Neville-Rolfe

12-Clive Neville-Rolfe was born in 1884.

11-Herbert Neville-Rolfe was born in 1854 and died in 1942 at age 88.

11-Alfred Neville-Rolfe was born in 1857 and died in 1896 at age 39.

11-Arthur Neville-Rolfe was born in 1858 and died in 1887 at age 29.

11-Margaret Neville-Rolfe was born in 1863 and died in 1946 at age 83.

10-Rev. Edward John Chapman¹ was born on 22 Apr 1819 and died on 2 Nov 1869 at age 50. He had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Capt. William Daniel Chapman^{1,109} was born on 17 Jan 1826 and died on 10 Nov 1911 at age 85.

William married Janet Hare,¹ daughter of Rev. Humphrey John Hare and Barbara Mayo, on 8 Jul 1847 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk. Janet was born in Docking Hall, Kings Lynn, Norfolk and died on 15 Feb 1863 in Wanstead, Essex. They had four children: Gordon Graham, William, Montague Jasper, and Theodore Charles.

11-Gordon Graham Chapman¹ was born on 5 May 1848, was christened on 9 Jul 1848 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, and died on 15 Feb 1872 in Medway, Kent at age 23.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1871 in Gillingham, Kent.

11-William Chapman¹ was born on 21 Apr 1850 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, was christened on 26 Feb 1855 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, and died on 27 Feb 1855 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk at age 4.

11-Montague Jasper Chapman¹ was born on 16 Sep 1852 in India, was christened on 6 May 1855 in Heigham, Norfolk, died on 24 Dec 1935 in Seattle, King County, Washington, USA at age 83, and was buried in Pullman City Cemetery, Whitman County, Washington, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to America.
- He worked as a Securities and Real Estate agent in Pullman, Whitman County, Washington, USA.

Montague married Aimee Blanche DePledge, daughter of William Jonathan DePledge and Emily Georgina Grey, on 9 Feb 1881 in Le Mars, Iowa, USA. Aimee was born on 7 Jan 1859 in Tynemouth, Northumberland, died on 17 Feb 1933 in Pullman, Whitman County, Washington, USA at age 74, and was buried in Pullman City Cemetery, Whitman County, Washington, USA. They had one son: Montague Reynolds.

12-Montague Reynolds Chapman was born on 20 Oct 1888 in Plymouth County, Iowa, USA, died in 1895 in Pullman, Whitman County, Washington, USA at age 7, and was buried in Pullman City Cemetery, Whitman County, Washington, USA.

11-**Rev. Theodore Charles Chapman**¹ was born on 17 Jan 1856 in Nagpur, Maharashtra, India, died on 11 Dec 1932 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 76, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Christ Church in Laxey, Isle of Man.
- He worked as a Rector of Maidstone in Maidstone, Kent.
- He had a residence in 24 Canynge Square, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Theodore married Eliza Alice Barr Keith, daughter of Patrick Keith, on 3 Aug 1881 in Kensington, London. Eliza was born in 1857 in Scotland, died on 30 Nov 1930 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 73, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne. They had five children: Gordon Humphrey, Perceval Christian, Theodore Victor, Patrick Bertram Keith, and Alex Colin.

12-Capt. Gordon Humphrey Chapman was born on 7 Jun 1882 in The Parsonage, Laxey, Isle of Man, died on 9 Mar 1916 in Iraq. Killed in action at age 33, and was buried in Amara War Cemetery, Iraq. Grave XIX.D.2.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Gordon married Helen Lees Pilkington, daughter of Alfred Pilkington and Charlotte Mary Knowles, in 1911 in Strand, London. Helen was born in 1882 in Salford, Manchester and was christened on 16 Mar 1882 in Eccles, Manchester. They had one daughter: Elizabeth L.

13-Elizabeth L. Chapman was born in 1914 in Conway, Caernavonshire, Wales.

12-Capt. Perceval Christian Chapman was born on 10 Mar 1884 in The Parsonage, Laxey, Isle of Man, was christened on 27 Apr 1884 in Christ Church, Laxey, Isle of Man, died on 1 May 1915 at age 31, and was buried in Alexandria (Chatby) Military Cemetery, Egypt. Grave J.3.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

12-Capt. Theodore Victor Chapman was born in 1897 in Barton Regis, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 12 May 1917 in Arras, France. Killed in action at age 20, and was buried in Arras Memorial, Bay 2.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment).

12-Patrick Bertram Keith Chapman was born on 17 Feb 1889 in Lowestoft, Suffolk, died on 11 Sep 1892 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 3, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

12-Capt. Alex Colin Chapman RN was born on 15 Sep 1897 in Barton Regis, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 Sep 1970 in Ravelston, The Marina, Deal, Kent at age 72.

General Notes: 09.1910entered RN(08.1923)no appointment listed27.09.1923-(01.1925)qualifying for gunnery duties, HMS Excellent (gunnery school, Portsmouth)07.07.1926-(07.1927)Gunnery Officer, HMS Adventure28.06.1929-(08.1929)RN Barracks, Portsmouth [HMS Victory]21.12.1929-(04.1930)HMS Excellent (gunnery school, Portsmouth)

25.10.1930-(02.1931) Gunnery Officer, HMS Revenge (battleship) (Mediterranean) 12.01.1932-(09.1932) staff course, RN Staff College, Greenwich [HMS President] 22.12.1933-(02.1936) Squadron Gunnery Officer, 1st Battle Squadron [HMS Revenge (battleship), later (1936) HMS Valiant (battleship)] (Mediterranean) 17.11.1936-(07.1937) Commanding Officer, HMS Fleetwood (escort vessel) (Home Fleet) 22.02.1938-(04.1940) Executive Officer, HMS Barham (battleship) 24.07.1940-(02.)1941 Staff Officer (Plans) to Commander-in-Chief Home Fleet [HMS Nelson (battleship)] 14.05.1941-(02.1943) Commanding Officer, HMS Arethusa (cruiser) 10.06.1943-(06.)1944 Captain of the Fleet, Home Fleet [HMS Duke of York (battleship)] 27.07.1944-31.07.1946 Director of Gunnery and Anti-Aircraft Warfare Division, Admiralty [HMS President] 12.04.1948-(07.1948) Head of Naval Branch Combined Services Division, Berlin [HMS Royal Albert] 08.01.1949-08.07.1949 Naval ADC to the King

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Osborne.
- He was educated at Dartmouth.
- He worked as a Captain of the Fleet, Home Fleet.
- He worked as a Director of Gunnery and Anti-Aircraft Warfare Division, Admiralty.
- He worked as a Head of Naval Branch Combined Services Division, Berlin.
- He worked as a Naval ADC to the King.

Alex married Janet Marion Chapman, daughter of Rev. Canon Percy Hugh Chapman¹ and Katharine Margaret Knox.

William next married Anna Maria Reynolds,^{1,109} daughter of Robert Foster Reynolds^{108,109} and Emma Eugenia Pelly,¹⁰⁹ on 5 Mar 1865 in Essex. (2 March also given). Anna was born in 1837 in Upton, Essex and died in 1916 at age 79. They had four children: Percy Hugh, Aubrey Bertram, William Daniel, and Hubert.

11-Rev. Canon Percy Hugh Chapman¹ was born on 13 Apr 1866 in Wanstead, Essex and died in 1953 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

He was educated at The Grammar School in Felsted, Essex.

Percy married Katharine Margaret Knox. They had three children: Winifred Margaret, Janet Marion, and Kenneth Hugh.

12-Winifred Margaret Chapman was born on 28 Jan 1900 in Bareilly, Bengal, India and was christened on 14 Feb 1900 in Bareilly, Bengal, India.

12-Janet Marion Chapman

12-Kenneth Hugh Chapman was born on 22 Oct 1909 in Bareilly, Bengal, India and was christened on 20 Nov 1909 in Bareilly, Bengal, India.

11-Aubrey Bertram Chapman¹ was born on 31 Aug 1869 in Wanstead, Essex and died in 1916 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 47.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1911 in Lipwood, Windermere, Cumbria.

11-William Daniel Chapman¹ was born on 27 Mar 1871 and died in 1871 in Kensington, London.

11-Hubert Chapman¹ was born on 28 Jul 1872 and died on 13 Sep 1872.

10-Margaret Rebecca Chapman died on 24 Apr 1851.

Margaret married **Rev. William Chapman Rawlinson**, son of **Abraham Rawlinson**¹ and **Emma Chapman**,¹ on 2 Sep 1847 in St. Andrew's, Newcastle upon Tyne. Rev. was born on 23 Jun 1817 in Fakenham, Norfolk, was christened on 28 Jun 1818, and died on 24 Sep 1864 at age 47. They had two children: Emma Jane and Abraham Edmund Rolfe.

11-Emma Jane Rawlinson was born in 1849 in Burnwell Rectory, Norfolk.

11-Abraham Edmund Rolfe Rawlinson was born in 1851 in Burnwell Rectory, Norfolk and was christened on 31 Aug 1851 in Sedgeford, Norfolk. Abraham married Amelia Benson.

9-Thomas Chapman^{1,106} was born on 21 Jun 1798 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 10 Dec 1885 in 25 Bryanston Square, Westminster, London at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL FRS FSA.
- Miscellaneous: His birth is clearly noted in the registers of the Whitby MM.
- He had a residence in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a partner in John Chapman & Co., merchant shipowners. In Leadenhall Street, London.
- He worked as a Chairman of Lloyds Registry of Shipping in 1835-1881 in London.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution in 1873.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Royal National Institution for the Preservation of Life from Shipwreck.
- He worked as a Vice-President of the Institution of Naval Architects.
- He had a residence in 25 Bryanston Square, Westminster, London.
- Miscellaneous: He bore the same arms as were use by his uncle Aaron Chapman MP.

Thomas married Maria Louisa Hanson,¹ daughter of John Hanson¹⁰⁶ and Mary Isabella Oliver,¹⁰⁶ on 24 Mar 1825 in Woodford, Essex. Maria was born in 1805 in Great Bromley Hall, Essex and was christened on 25 Dec 1805 in Great Bromley, Essex. They had one daughter: Ethel Maria.

10-Ethel Maria Chapman¹ was born on 16 Dec 1846.

Ethel married Eugene Frederick Noel,¹ son of Rev. Hon. Baptist Wriothesley Noel and Jane Baillie, on 1 Aug 1865. Eugene was born on 18 Sep 1839 and died on 12 Apr 1918 at age 78. They had seven children: Gwendolen Ethel, Hilda Mary, Margaret Eugenia, Inula Edith, Baptist Wriothesley Leland, Evan Baillie, and Cicely Jane.

11-Gwendolen Ethel Noel died in 1892.

11-Hilda Mary Noel died on 25 Nov 1919.

11-Margaret Eugenia Noel died on 20 Dec 1963.

Margaret married **Rev. Arthur Hankey**, son of **Herbert Hankey**, on 21 Oct 1911. Arthur died in 1921. They had one son: **Reginald Noel**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of St. Stephens, Brighton in Brighton, East Sussex.

12-Capt. Reginald Noel Hankey RN was born on 12 Jan 1915 in Steyning, West Sussex and died on 26 Jan 1990 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSC.

• He worked as a Royal Naval officer.

Reginald married Pamela M. Beard, daughter of Cmdr. C. T. Beard RCN. They had one son: Charles Peter.

13-Charles Peter Hankey was born on 4 Dec 1941 in Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 23 Sep 2008 in Brussels, Belgium at age 66. Charles married **Dorothy A. Strack**. They had one son: **Brian N.**.

14-Brian N. Hankey

Reginald next married Suzanne E. Goodbody.

11-Inula Edith Noel died on 19 Apr 1916.

11-Baptist Wriothesley Leland Noel was born on 9 Aug 1875 and died on 9 Jun 1891 at age 15.

11-Evan Baillie Noel was born on 23 Jan 1879 and died on 22 Dec 1928 at age 49.

Evan married Marjorie Sweeting, daughter of R. Deane Sweeting, on 6 Jun 1906. Marjorie died on 2 Sep 1955. They had three children: Elizabeth Margaret, Susan Diana Barham, and Gerard Baptist.

12-Elizabeth Margaret Noel was born on 16 Nov 1907 and died on 30 Mar 1923 at age 15.

12-Susan Diana Barham Noel was born on 8 Jun 1912 and died in Oct 1991 at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an International Squash and Tennis Player.

Susan married Squadron Ldr. Geoffrey Frederic Powell, son of George Frederic Charles Powell, on 5 Jul 1940. Geoffrey died in 1982.

12-Capt. Gerard Baptist Noel was born on 27 Nov 1915, died on 30 Mar 1943 in Addington Hospital, Durban, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa at age 27, and was buried in Durban (Stellawood) Cemetery, Kwazulu Natal, South Africa. Grave F.338.

General Notes: 'Nolly' Noel was the only son of Evan Baillie Noel (E1892-1898) and Martha Deane Noel, daughter of R. Deane Sweeting MD, amateur Rackets champion, who was Secretary at Queen's Club; as a result, Gerard and his sister Susan had every opportunity of becoming proficient at ball games. The family home was 17 Solent Road, Hill Head, Fareham, Hampshire.

He was entered at birth for Morshead's and the MCC, and came to Mr. R.L.G. Irving's House in Common Time 1929. He was a valuable member of Commoner VI in 1932 and 1933. In 1934 he was Captain of "Princes" and did much to win Hawkins Cup for his House.

He went up to Magdalene College, Cambridge, in 1934, and took Honours in History in 1937. He played in the winning University Squash Rackets team against Oxford. Although he failed to reach Championship standard for men at Squash, he could always beat his sister, who was at that time in a class by herself amongst ladies, and, until she retired, always won the Ladies Amateur Championship.

On leaving Cambridge he went into the coal firm of Charrington, Lockhart & Gardner.,

On the outbreak of war his Territorial unit, 35 (1st Surrey Rifles), Anti-Aircraft Battalion RE (TA), were mobilized although the following couple of years saw them re-designated several times. In March 1942 the unit re-roled yet again, this time becoming 129 (1st Surrey Rifles) Light Anti-Aircraft Regiment RA.

Noel sailed for South Africa on February 21st 1943 – though the Surrey Rifles appear to have stayed in England – and died in Addington Hospital, Durban, on March 30th. He was twentyseven years of age. He is buried in grave F.338 of the Durban (Stellawood) Cemetery.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.
- He was educated at Winchester.

11-Cicely Jane Noel was born in 1885 and died on 8 Jul 1975 at age 90.

Cicely married Rev. Seymour Godwin Chance, son of Thomas Godwin Chance, on 7 Jul 1925. Seymour died in 1962.

9-Esther Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 8 Sep 1800 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Esther married William Clayton Walters on 6 Nov 1834 in Whitby, Yorkshire. William was born in 1799. Another name for William was William Clayton Clayton.¹ They had three children: Edward Chapman, Louisa, and Emma.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- Miscellaneous: Married by the Rev. J. Andrew.
- They had a residence in Bishopsdown House, Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fellow of Jesus College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
- He had a residence in Stella Hall, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He had a residence in Bishopsdown House, Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

10-Capt. Edward Chapman Clayton was born on 25 Oct 1837 in Benwell Hall, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 22 Dec 1935 in Cottesmore Grange, Oakham, Rutland at age 98.

General Notes: Mr E. C. Clayton, "Uncle" as he was known wherever there was racing or hunting, died on Sunday at Cottesmore Grange, Oakham, Rutland, at the age of 98. He had been a frequent contributor to sporting papers and magazines on current sporting matters. Edward Chapman Clayton was born on October 25, 1837, and was the eldest son of the late Mr Clayton Clayton, D.L., of Bradford Abbas, Dorset. He was educated at Radley and at Harrow (H.B.). From school he went up to University College, Oxford, where he graduated in 1860. He was a typical country gentleman of the old school, and devoted his time to his estates, to hunting, and to other country pursuits, and to racing. He rode to hounds for 80 years. Soon after he came down from Oxford he began racing, and it was as long ago as 1867, the year Hermit won the Derby for Mr Chaplin, that Mr Clayton won his first important race, the Cambridgeshire, with Lozenge. Lozenge ran a dead-heat with Wolsey, and Mr Clayton refused to divide the stakes and insisted that the dead-heat should be run off. Lozenge beat Wolsey in the second race. Clayton was a keen amateur rider and steered many good winners at the old-fashioned Croxton Park meetings. The finest steeplechaser he ever owned was Zoedone, who carried his colours into third place behind Seaman and Cyrus in the Grand National of 1882. It was a stroke of bad luck for him that he sold Zoedone, for ú1,000 to Count Kinsky, for, in the next year, the mare carried her owner to victory in the great Aintree steeplechase. Perhaps Clayton will be best remembered by the older generation of present-day race-goers for his management of the horses of the second Lord Penrhyn when they were trained at Exton Park, Rutland. To the end his heart was always with horses and hunting, and although confined to his room he loved to watch the Cottesmore Hunt pass his window. It became a tradition for the hounds to be taken up the long drive to Cottesmore Grange so that he could see them before the day's sport began. He was a member of the Jockey Club, of which he was a steward, and the club named a race after him at Newmarket. He never missed a meeting at Newmarket from 1862 until the middle of the War years. At the Grange his famous memories were perpetuated in pictures. One of which he was very proud hung in the hall and showed him in King Edward's company at Doncaster. He had, of course, a picture of Lozenge. In addition to his many pictures there were in the house his trophies, which included whips, crops, and old sticks. Mr Clayton married first, in 1860, Charlotte Diana, daughter of the late Mr Thomas Tyrwhitt Drake, of Shardeloes, Amersham. She died in 1916. In 1920 he married, secondly, Rosia, daughter of Colonel Anstruther Thomson, of Charleton, Fife, and widow of Colonel Burn, 18th Hussars. The Times 24 Dec 1935 Death of Mr E. C. Clayton: Hunting and the Turf

Noted events in his life were:

• His obituary was published in The Times on 24 Dec 1935.

Edward married Charlotte Diana Tyrwhitt-Drake, daughter of Rt. Hon. Thomas Tyrwhitt-Drake and Barbara Caroline Annesley. They had one son: Greville William.

11-Lieut. Greville William Clayton was born in 1868 and died between 1914 and 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Bucks Hussars.
- Miscellaneous: He is commemorated in St. Mary's Church, Ashwell, Rutland.

Edward next married Rosia Mary Anstruther-Thomson on 11 May 1920. Rosia died on 13 Feb 1956.

10-Louisa Clayton was born in 1845 in Stella Hall, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 1 Feb 1931 in 3 Somerville Gardens, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 86. She had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Emma Clayton

Emma married Captain Spencer Robert Huntley RN, son of Capt. Sir Henry Vere Huntley RN, in 1865 in Kensington, London. Spencer was born in 1838 in Bray, Berkshire, was christened on 12 Jul 1838 in Bray, Berkshire, and died in 1869 at age 31. They had one daughter: **Eva Emma**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commander of HMS Cherub.

11-Eva Emma Huntley was born in Gatehouse of Fleet and died on 31 Dec 1935.

9-Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 15 Mar 1802 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 20 Mar 1851 at age 49, and was buried in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire. Elizabeth married **Rev. Robert Taylor**,¹ son of **Robert Taylor**, on 17 Oct 1822 in Bishop's Hatfield, Hertfordshire. Robert was born in Tolmers, Hertfordshire, died on 19 May 1850 in Clifton Campville, Staffordshire, and was buried in St. Andrew's Church, Clifton Campville, Staffordshire. They had two children: Margaret Anne and Mary Emily.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Married by the Rev. F. J. Faithfull.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector of Clifton Camville in Clifton Campville, Staffordshire.

10-Margaret Anne Taylor

Margaret married Lieut. Gen. Sir John Gaspard Le Marchant on 28 May 1839 in Clifton Campville, Staffordshire. John was born in 1803 and died on 6 Feb 1874 in London at age 71. They had three children: Emily Idonea Sophia, Blanche Maud Margaret, and Clementina Mary Meysey.

General Notes: LE MARCHANT, Sir JOHN GASPARD, army officer and colonial administrator; b. in England in 1803, third son of John Gaspard Le Marchant and Mary Cary; m. 28 May 1839 to Margaret Anne Taylor by whom he had several children; d. in London, Eng., 6 Feb. 1874.

John Gaspard Le Marchant was a member of a distinguished Guernsey family. He entered the army at the age of 17 as an ensign, and made a series of moves upward, all by purchase. Within a dozen years he was a major serving in Cape Colony. In all he spent £10,000 to purchase commissions and was one of the youngest officers in the British army to command a regiment. In 1846 he was, according to his own account, "unexpectedly" offered the lieutenant governorship of Newfoundland. Perhaps the influence of his brother, Denis Le Marchant, a prominent Whig who was appointed under-secretary of the Board of Trade by Lord John Russell's government in 1847, prompted the offer. John Gaspard Le Marchant had loved soldiering and left it only after positive assurance from the Duke of Wellington that the acceptance of the civil position would promote his prospects in the army. Le Marchant's appointment became official in February 1847 and he arrived in St John's in April succeeding Sir John Harvey* . Unlike Harvey, Le Marchant was devoid of experience in administering a government. He came at a difficult time. St John's had been devastated, on 9 June 1846, by a great fire that rendered 12,000 of its 19,000 people homeless. The potato crops of 1846 and 1847 were badly affected by the same blight that wrought such havoc in Ireland.

After these difficulties, Le Marchant, and Newfoundland, had a short run of good luck. By the end of 1849 he was able to report that political activity, the bane of the colony, as he believed, was at a low ebb. This subsidence did not last long. The Liberals, who were mainly Roman Catholics, produced a rancorous agitation for responsible government, something which the commercial classes of the colony, heavily Protestant, Le Marchant himself, and the colonial secretary in London all opposed.

Le Marchant deplored many local habits: those of the merchant princes wont to retire to England with their profits, those of improvident fishermen. The merchants devised ingenious schemes for dodging taxes, and the fishermen sought whatever forms of relief the government would provide. So great were the prejudices against direct taxation that the legislature was afraid to establish municipal organizations to raise money through rates for local charges.

In the summer of 1852 Le Marchant went to Nova Scotia as lieutenant governor. There, with James Boyle Uniacke*, William Young*, and Joseph Howe leading a responsible ministry, the lieutenant governor's position was different. Le Marchant's governorship was much less controversial than his tenure in Newfoundland; but impartiality, which was now the lieutenant governor's role, did not prevent his being criticized by those who were out of office and wanted to be in. The change of government from Liberal to Tory in 1857 was effected with some party bitterness; but when Le Marchant was finally to leave Nova Scotia, in February 1858, he was praised by Conservative papers for his judiciousness. The Liberals tended to be more critical (they were now out of office), but even they felt compelled to avoid acrimony.

Le Marchant himself believed, or at least on 7 March 1856 he told Henry Labouchere, the secretary of state for the colonies, that in both Newfoundland and Nova Scotia he had lived "in the most perfect harmony, both with my Executive Councillors, as well as the two Houses of the Legislature. ... At the present moment they [Nova Scotian affairs] are in every sense most satisfactory."

Le Marchant was governor of Malta from 1859 to 1864, and was commander-in-chief of Madras, 1865-68, after which he retired to England. He was given a kcb in 1865. He was an enthusiastic horseman and agriculturalist, who sought to encourage good farming practices in both Newfoundland and Nova Scotia. He was never a man to stay put in government house, but sought an overall view of his constituency. Le Marchant also believed that a successful governor in British North America had to entertain frequently and liberally, even lavishly. Over and above his £3,000

income he spent some £4,000 to £5,000 outfitting himself for his North American missions and another £5,000 from his private purse for dinners and parties in the colonies. It is fair to add that the Duke of Wellington's views were not justified in the event. The Crimean War saw Le Marchant left on the shelf in Nova Scotia, while officers who had been his contemporaries in the army went gloriously to war and became major generals, to Le Marchant's almost daily mortification. P. B. Waite

[There are a few interesting private letters from John Gaspard Le Marchant to Henry Labouchere, secretary of state for the colonies, in a small private collection owned by Professor R. L. Raymond of Dalhousie University (Halifax). Especially useful here were letters of 7 March 1856 (private and confidential) and 18 Dec. 1857 (private). I am grateful to Professor Raymond for placing these papers unreservedly at my disposal. p.b.w .]

Le Marchant's dispatches from Newfoundland are in PRO, CO 194/127-194/136; from Nova Scotia, PRO, CO 217/122-217/124. Secondary sources are: Burke's peerage (1967). DNB. Gunn, Political history of Nfld.

General Bibliography

1972-2015 University of Toronto/Université Laval

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCMG KCB.
- He worked as an officer of the 99th Regiment.
- He worked as a Governor of Newfoundland.
- He worked as a Governor of Nova Scotia.

11-Emily Idonea Sophia Le Marchant was born in 1842, was christened on 27 Aug 1842 in St. Margaret's, Rochester, Kent, and died on 17 Mar 1866 at age 24. The cause of her death was Complications following childbirth.

Emily married William Romilly 2nd Baron Romilly, son of Sir John Romilly 1st Baron Romilly and Caroline Charlotte Otter, on 9 Feb 1865 in Holy Trinity, Marylebone, London. William was born on 12 Apr 1835 in Bloomsbury, London and died on 23 May 1891 in 38 Egerton Gradens, London at age 56. They had one son: John Gaspard le Marchant.

12-John Gaspard le Marchant Romilly 3rd Baron Romilly was born on 1 Mar 1866 in Kensington, London and died on 23 Jun 1905 in 77 Harley Street, London at age 39.

John married Violet Edith Grey-Egerton, daughter of Sir Philip le Belward Grey-Egerton 11th Bt. and Hon. Henrietta Elizabeth Sophia Denison, on 3 Aug 1897. Violet was born on 1 Mar 1870 in Northwich, Cheshire and died on 1 Mar 1906 in 77 Harley Street, London at age 36. They had one son: William Gaspard Guy.

13-William Gaspard Guy Romilly 4th Baron Romilly was born on 8 Mar 1899 and died on 29 Jun 1983 at age 84.

William married Hon. Diana Joan Sackville-West, daughter of Maj. Gen. Charles John Sackville-West 4th Baron Sackville and Maude Cecilia Bell, on 3 Dec 1929. The marriage ended in divorce in 1944. Diana was born on 19 Oct 1906 and died on 23 Jun 1975 at age 68.

William next married Dora Sybil Morris, daughter of Reginald Edwin Head Morris and Ethel May Weguelin, on 10 Dec 1944. Dora was born in 1902 and died in 1960 at age 58.

William next married Marion Elizabeth Jessie Clover on 18 Jul 1966. Marion died on 7 Sep 1997.

11-Blanche Maud Margaret Le Marchant was born on 13 Jun 1848 in St. John's, Newfoundland, Canada.

11-Clementina Mary Meysey Le Marchant was born on 29 Sep 1850 in St. John's, Newfoundland, Canada.

Clementina married Mai. Gen. Hon. Edward Archibald Brabazon Acheson, son of Archibald Acheson 3rd Earl of Gosford and Lady Theodosia Brabazon, in 1869. Edward was born on 22 May 1844 and died in 1921 at age 77. They had four children: Theodosia Margaret Hilda, Edith Maude, Norah Sybelle, and Gladys.

12-Theodosia Margaret Hilda Acheson was born on 5 Feb 1870 and died on 14 May 1954 at age 84.

12-Edith Maude Acheson was born on 2 Mar 1871 and died on 1 Oct 1960 at age 89.

12-Norah Sybelle Acheson was born in 1874 and died on 24 Feb 1957 at age 83.

12-Gladys Acheson was born on 5 Dec 1875 and died on 13 Jul 1975 at age 99.

10-Mary Emily Taylor

Mary married Capt. Frederick Coutart Barlow, son of Lieut. Gen. John James Barlow. They had one son: Frederick Watkins.

11-Capt. Frederick Watkins Barlow was christened on 29 Aug 1840 in Neston, Cheshire and died on 8 Jan 1918 at age 77.

General Notes: CAPTAIN F. W. BARLOW. Frederick Watkins Barlow was the son of Captain Barlow who died while serving in the Regiment, and he was the rank of Captain in 1872, and went to Bermuda with the 1st Battalion in 1873. With the 2nd Battalion he served in China, Japan, and South Africa. Captain Barlow loved his Regiment and with him esprit de corps was second nature. This he carried through life. In all that concerned the Regiment, he had the greatest interest. As late as August, I917, he wrote to the Editor :- "I must send you a line of sincere admiration for the ANNUAL, which is most interesting and so well illustrated. I am especially proud to read of the new Battalions' good work, and hope in the future to hear a good deal more when the Censor is no longer wanted. No praise could be too high for the Officers who raised and drilled so many battalions - all made to one perfect model." On behalf of the Regiment his activities were many. With a small handprinting press he printed and put in private circulation a brochure of the history of the Regiment. For many years, with the exception of Cannon's, it was the only printed work on the Regiment. His artistic stamp furniture- at the Military Exhibition of 1890 drew special attention to the Regimental stall. By the Personal Command of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, he made for her a table, the ornamentation design of the top of which took 20,000 stamps. His illness was a short one, and the end was hastened by the death of his daughter, who died of pneumonia on the 27th December, 1917, and her father's following on the 8th January, 1918, in his seventy-seventh year. He was buried at Brooklands. Always generous, throughout his life it gave him pleasure - to help anyone, and unto the last he was bright, cheery, and uncomplaining. _____

Mrs Muriel Macey, Africana Librarian at the Kimberley Public Library, has sent us thus entertaining note on one of the earliest printing enterprises in Natal. "Lt. Frederick Watkins Barlow of the XX Regiment 2nd Battalion, singlehandedly ran the Mmden Press, at Pletermantzburg and the Kimberley Public Library has a copy of one of the products, a curious little book, Orders, memoirs, anecdotes etc. connected with the XX Regiment.

It appeared in 1868 and the proud printer tallied the letters (70 209) and sheets (3 700) used during the 48 days he laboured to print the 100 copies and added these facts by means of a prettily-printed label to the end paper. He showed great inventiveness in the get-up as can be seen from the title page of which the names of battlefields of the Regiment are decoratively arranged. The Battle of Minden was fought and won on 1st August 1759 in Hanover on the River Weser against the French and the name was used for the Press. His printed programmes for the weekly Military Band concerts in Maritzburg caught the eye of the Natal Mercury in May 1869 and they were highly praised for their ingenuity and the skill displayed by the printer. They came out in fancy shapes, squares, hearts, stars or rings with neat borders and, said the Mercury, "they need to be seen ... for the varied results produced by the arrangement of type in almost every possible manner, to be thoroughly appreciated."

Among our collection of Natal pamphlets are three programmes for Amateur theatricals put on by the 2nd Batt XX Regiment in Maritzburg on 8 and 10 April 1869 which could have been printed by Barlow but which have no imprint. They do have a delightful footnote, though: "In case the evening of performances should turn out wet a gun will be fired ... at Fort Napier at 6 on that and every succeeding evening until weather turns favourable."

Miss E. Talbot Rice of the National Army l/luseum thinks it unlikely that the press was more than a hobby as she can find no record of a Regimental press so early and I feel sure she's right. He would have had at least two assistants (vide N. Parkinson) if it had been official'

It was a member of the Regiment. Maj. G.E. Francis, who financed the first Natal party to search for diamonds on the Vaal but he himself was not among them as he had had to sail with the Regiment to Mauritius in June 1870. They returned to the Cape for a while in 1871 and he visited his party on the fields which by then had done very well. They were in fact the first to dig, as opposed to searching the surface for stones.

Apart from Bariow's promotion to Captain in January 1873 and his retirement in March 1874, nothing else on him has been traced by mc."

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 1st and then 2nd Battalions, the Lancashire Fusiliers.
- He worked as an officer of the 20th Regiment of Foot (East Devonshire).
- His obituary was published in The Lancashire Fusiliers Annual in 1917.
- He worked as a Publisher of Military related texts.

Frederick married Eleanor Cheston, daughter of Chester Cheston and Jane Celia Kerridge, in 1875 in Hackney, London. Eleanor was born in 1853 in Hackney, London. They had two children: Lilian E. and Sybil Constance.

12-Lilian E. Barlow was born in 1878 in Marylebone, London.

12-Sybil Constance Barlow was born in Apr 1879 in Marylebone, London, was christened on 29 Jun 1879 in St. Paul's, Hampstead, London, and died on 27 Dec 1917 at age 38. The cause of her death was Pneumonia.

Sybil married Guy Michell in 1902 in Isle of Wight, Hampshire. Guy was born on 27 Jul 1876 and died in 1959 at age 83. They had two children: Violet Elsa and Monica Mary.

13-Violet Elsa Michell was born on 2 Oct 1903 in Worthing, Sussex and died in 1978 in Claro Registration District, Yorkshire at age 75. Violet married Jesse P. Cooper.

13-Monica Mary Michell was born in 1908 in Worthing and died in 1984 at age 76.

9-Isabella Margaret Chapman¹ was born on 23 Mar 1804 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 9 Aug 1804.

9-John Mellar Chapman^{1,4,116} was born on 21 Jun 1805 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1876 at age 71.

General Notes: According to the Newcastle Courant of 20 Jun 1845 (issue 8898) he held a Patent for improvements in the manufacture of rails and other parts of railways.

Addendum and Corrigendum: John Mellar Chapman. From Guy Roberts 4/4/2013

(Notes from A History of Banks, Bankers and Banking in Northumberland, Durham and North Yorkshire, by Maberly Phillips, pub Effingham & Co, 1894) In a previous document it was stated that John Mellar Chapman was a co-partner and manager of the Newcastle Union Joint Stock Bank from 1826 to 1838. This has an element of truth, but is incorrect in some details. John Mellar Chapman began work in about 1826 with the North and South Shields Bank. This bank had been founded in 1818 by John's father, Edward Chapman, together with William Chapman (of Dockwray Square, North Shields...not immediately identifiable among relatives) and Charles Spence. The bank successfully survived a run in 1828, caused by their London agents refusing to pay on drafts. The agreement was re-formed in 1833, at which time John Mellor Chapman was brought in as a co-partner, as was Frederick Chapman, the brother of William. It became known as Chapman & Co. Frederick left the bank in 1835. On 20 January 1836, John's father Edward Chapman had an accident that resulted in his death on 22 January. Maberly Phillips book quotes a York newspaper of the time describing the accident

"The death of this much respected Gentleman was occasioned by his accidentally falling from the deck of the 'Camden', a family ship, the repairs of which he was superintending, into the hold, a depth of 22 feet, and although medical assistance was promptly procured, yet it was found unavailing to repair the injuries he had received, and after lingering in great pain from Wednesday until Friday, his spirit returned to the God who gave it."

This probably was the direct cause of the bank converting to a joint stock bank in June 1836, trading under the name of Newcastle, Shields and Sunderland Union Joint Stock Bank. As well as being a major shareholder, John Mellar Chapman was employed as manager of the Newcastle Branch. Other Chapman shareholders included William Chapman and Abel Chapman of Newcastle, and Edward H, Edward W and Thomas Chapman of London.

In 1838 John Mellar Chapman stepped down as manager of the Newcastle Branch, but stayed on with a reduced salary and made himself available to give personal services. The report of July 1847 still lists John Mellar Chapman as a director of the Newcastle Branch. However, there were general financial problems in the country during that year, with several banks closing. The Union Bank shut its doors in October of that year. A plan to re-open was drawn up and the North and South Shields branches

were re-opened in late 1848, followed by the Newcastle Branch in early 1849. At this time, John Mellar Chapman is no longer listed as a director. The financial problems persisted and the company ceased trading in 1853. After another faltering attempt to restart the bank, it was eventually sold in early 1857 to a private bank called Woods, Parker & Co.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse in 1819-1821.
- He worked as a Manager and co-Partner. Newcastle Union Joint Stock Bank in 1826-1838.
- He worked as a Sheriff of Newcastle on 6 Oct 1834 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He had a residence in Unsworth Place, County Durham.
- He worked as a partner in John Chapman & Co., merchant shipowners. In Leadenhall Street, London.
- He had a residence in Arundel Place, Kemp Town, Brighton, East Sussex.
- He had a residence in 1875 in Kensington, London.

John married Caroline Sarah Parker,^{1,4,116} daughter of Samuel Walker Parker and Catherine Roberts, on 8 May 1832 in St Nicholas' Church, Boldon. Caroline was born on 21 Apr 1810, was christened on 15 Jun 1810 in Hanover Square non-Conformist Chapel, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and died on 20 May 1897 at age 87. They had 11 children: Edward, Catherine, Henry Parker, Herbert, Caroline, Reginald Temple, Arthur Gascovne, Theodosia, Harriett Adeline, John, and Frederick Stovin.

10-Lieut. Edward Chapman^{1,116} was born on 26 Feb 1833 in Usworth, County Durham and died on 24 Apr 1862 at age 29. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 14th Regiment, Bengal Native Infantry in Bengal, India.

10-Catherine Chapman^{1,116} was born on 3 Oct 1834, was christened on 14 Apr 1835 in Gateshead, County Durham, and died about 1919 about age 85.

General Notes: In the 1841 census Catherine is living with her parents at Front Street, Tynemouth, aged 7. In the 1851 census she is aged 16 and living in St Hilda's Terrace, Whitby with her uncle and aunt, John and Mary Chapman. It is believed that this is Mary Chapman, her father's younger sister, who married a distant relative called John Chapman. In the 1861 census she is living with her parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bersted, Bognor, aged 26. In 1871 she is living with her parents at 14 Redcliffe Road, Kensington, aged 34 (sic). In 1881 she is living with her widowed mother at 13 Essex Villas, Kensington, aged 46. In 1891 she is living with her widowed mother at 21 Montague Road, Richmond, Surrey, aged 57. She has not been found in the 1901 census, but in 1911 she is living at 21, Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington, aged 75. She appears to be sharing a house with several spinsters and widows, who are paying her rent. In addition there are two visitors to the household, Kate Marion Bearton and Sophia Mary Cleaver. She is believed to have died aged 85 in 1919.

10-Henry Parker Chapman^{1,116} was born on 4 Mar 1836 in Usworth, County Durham, was christened on 11 Jul 1836 in Gateshead, County Durham, and died on 9 Sep 1881 in Llano, Llano County, Texas, USA at age 45.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ensign of the 38th Foot.
- He emigrated New Zealand in 1864.
- He worked as a member of the Patea Bush Rangers.
- He worked as a member of the 4th Division, Armed Constabulary in New Zealand.
- He worked as a Police officer in 1871 in Queenstown, New Zealand.

Henry married Ellen Jane Fergusson.

10-Herbert Chapman^{1,116} was born on 31 Jul 1837 in Usworth, County Durham.

General Notes: Born 1837 (estimated from census returns). In 1841 he is living with his parents on Front Street, Tynemouth, aged 4. In 1851 he is at school in Lewisham, Kent, along with his brothers Reginald and Arthur. In 1871 he is living with his parents at 14 Redcliffe Road, Kensington, aged 33, unmarried and living off investment income. No records have been found after this date.

10-Caroline Chapman^{1,44,63,116} was born on 15 Dec 1838 in Usworth, County Durham, was christened on 15 Aug 1839 in St. Andrew's Church, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and died on 19 Mar 1924 in Wellington, Somerset at age 85.

General Notes: Born on the 15 Dec 1838 at Usworth, County Durham. Baptised 15 Aug 1839 at St Andrew's Church, Newcastle. In 1841 she is living with her parents on Front Street, Tynemouth, aged 2. In 1851 she is living with her parents at 9 Lansdowne Place, Hove. In 1861 she is living with her parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bersted, Bognor.

Caroline married Charles Henry Fox, 44,63,116,117 son of Charles Fox 44,117,118 and Sarah Crewdson, 44,118 on 21 Oct 1863 in Brighton, East Sussex. Charles was born on 17 Mar 1835 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 31 Jan 1908 in Wellington, Somerset at age 72. They had three children: Charles Leslie, Reginald Wilson, and Caroline Hilda MacNaghton.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Shute Leigh, Wellington, Somerset.

11-Charles Leslie Fox⁴⁴ was born on 24 Jun 1865 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 4 Sep 1933 in Biggar Hospital, Biggar, Lanarkshire at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He had a residence in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset.

Charles married Lilian Pease.^{33,44} daughter of Gurney Pease^{10,33,44,98,119,120} and Katherine Wilson.^{10,33,44,98,119,120} on 12 Oct 1892 in Darlington. County Durham, Lilian was born on 21 Mar 1869 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 5 Jun 1945 in Taunton, Somerset at age 76. They had two children: Beatrice Evelyn Leslie and Hilda Violet Leslie.

12-Beatrice Evelyn Leslie Fox⁴⁴ was born on 8 Mar 1898 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 30 Jan 1959 in Kingston St. Mary, Taunton, Somerset at age 60.

Beatrice married Humphrey Allen Bucknall, son of Edgar Allen Bucknall and Catherine Anna Knapp, on 26 Nov 1924 in London. Humphrey was born on 18 Feb 1898 in London. They had one son: Peter Gurney Allen.

13-Peter Gurney Allen Bucknall was born on 7 Jun 1926 in Henlow and died on 8 Oct 2017 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Film Producer.

Peter married Mary Barbara Adams, daughter of Frederick William Perkins and Winifred Bessie Glvn. They had one daughter: Caroline Gurney,

14-Caroline Gurney Bucknall

Caroline married someone. She had one son: Caspar.

15-Caspar Bucknall

Peter married Diana Bereton Edgelow. They had two children: Julian Gurney and Letitia Gurney.

14-Julian Gurney Bucknall

14-Letitia Gurney Bucknall

Beatrice next married Charles William Chatterton, son of Joseph Chatterton and Margaret Thompson-Anderson, on 13 Feb 1936 in Taunton. Charles was born on 2 Jan 1898 in Blyth.

12-Hilda Violet Leslie Fox⁴⁴ was born on 31 Jul 1902 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 22 Apr 1945 in Bicknoller, Somerset at age 42.

Hilda married Air Vice Marshal John Beresford Cole-Hamilton, son of John Isaac Cole-Hamilton and Elinor Bourne Royds, on 12 Jun 1928 in Bradford On Thone. John was born on 1 Dec 1894 in London and died on 22 Aug 1945 in Bicknoller, Somerset at age 50. They had one daughter: Diana Patricia Selina.

13-Diana Patricia Selina Cole-Hamilton

Diana married Stephen Wilbraham Ford, son of John Meredith Randle Ford. They had two children: Joanna Margaret Randle and Jonathan Hugo.

14-Joanna Margaret Randle Ford

14-Jonathan Hugo Ford

Jonathan married Amanda Jane Stow. They had one son: Toby Jonathan.

15-Toby Jonathan Ford

11-Lt. Col. Reginald Wilson Fox^{44,63} was born on 1 Nov 1866 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 8 Mar 1916 in Dujailah, Nahr, Iraq. Killed In Action. at age 49, and was buried in Basra Memorial, Iraq.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Clare College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a JP for Devon.
- He worked as an officer of the 5th Battalion Devon Regiment.
- He had a residence in Grimstone, Horrabridge, Devon.

Reginald married Sophia Mabel Pease.^{44,63} daughter of John William Pease^{10,12,44,63,109,111,121,122,123,124,125,126} and Helen Maria Fox.^{10,12,44,63,109,111,122,126} on 18 Nov 1891 in The Chapel, Benwell Tower, Newcastle. Sophia was born on 14 Sep 1871 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 22 Jan 1953 in Fownhope, Herefordshire at age 81. They had no children.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: They were married by the Bishop of Durham.

11-Caroline Hilda MacNaghton Fox⁴⁴ was born on 26 Sep 1867 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 13 Dec 1907 at age 40.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at MA LLM.

Caroline married Ernest Legassicke Hancock,⁴⁴ son of William Hancock and Mary Sweet-Escott, on 18 Apr 1894 in Wellington, Somerset. Ernest was born on 7 May 1860 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset and died on 13 Oct 1932 in East Anstey, Devon at age 72. They had three children: Charles Ernest, William Reginald, and Stephen Legassicke.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Rhyll, East Anstey, Devon.

12-Charles Ernest Hancock⁴⁴ was born on 11 Apr 1895 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset.

Charles married Hester Capel, daughter of Arthur Capel and Amy Isabel Norton, on 1 Sep 1926 in Chipstable, Somerset. Hester was born on 28 Jun 1898 in Chipstable. They had three children: John Ernest, Elizabeth Mary, and Richard Froude.

13-John Ernest Hancock

John married Elizabeth Ann Buxton, daughter of T. F. Buxton.

13-Elizabeth Mary Hancock

Elizabeth married Ruthven Ryan.

13-Richard Froude Hancock was born on 1 Mar 1932 in Sparkford and died in 2012 in Austria at age 80.

12-William Reginald Hancock⁴⁴ was born on 5 May 1897 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset and died in Apr 1917 in Salonika, Killed In Action at age 19.

12-Stephen Legassicke Hancock⁴⁴ was born on 21 Oct 1900 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset.

Stephen married Flora Margaret Sturdee, daughter of Henry King Sturdee and Margaret Myers, on 22 Jul 1925 in London. The marriage ended in separation in 1945. Flora was born on 27 Nov 1895 in Albany, New York, USA. They had three children: William Sturdee, Reginald Legassicke, and Hilda Thomasin.

13-William Sturdee Hancock

13-Reginald Legassicke Hancock was born on 9 May 1928 in Morton Fitzwarren and died in Sep 2012 at age 84.

13-Hilda Thomasin Hancock

Stephen had a relationship with Ruth Ellwood. They had one daughter: Sarah.

13-Sarah Hancock

Sarah married Guy John Harrington Roberts, son of Jack Roberts and Cecilia Mary Bayliss. They had two children: Samuel Luke Legassicke and Hannah Ruth Legassicke.

14-Samuel Luke Legassicke Roberts

Samuel married Elizabeth Ann Westwood. They had three children: Tabitha Sarah Sophia, Edward James Westwood, and Arthur John Westwood.

15-Tabitha Sarah Sophia Roberts

15-Edward James Westwood Roberts

15-Arthur John Westwood Roberts

14-Hannah Ruth Legassicke Roberts

10-Lt. Col. Reginald Temple Chapman^{1,116} was born on 8 Feb 1841 in Usworth, County Durham, was christened on 31 May 1841 in Tynemouth, Northumberland, and died on 27 Jun 1895 at age 54.

General Notes: In the 1841 census he is with his parents on Front Street, Tynemouth, aged 4 months. In the 1851 census he is at a school in Lewisham, Kent, along with his brothers Herbert and Arthur.

He had a career in the Indian Army, entering as a young Ensign on 16 Jun 1859, and we can track his progress through notices in the London Gazette, including promotion to Lieutenant in the 15th Native Infantry in 1862 and promotion to Captain in the Madras Infantry in 1871. He ended with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. The Times of 20 June 1888 (issue 32417) carries notice of his retirement.

He married Laura Sophia Parbury in 1882. She and her younger sister, Edith Georgiana Parbury (who married Reginald's younger brother Frederick), were children of Frederick Parbury of Sydney House, Thornton Road, Clapham and of 99 Lancaster Gate, Kensington. Frederick Parbury was a merchant with dealings in Australia. He had been in Sydney since the late 1820s and had built up a shipping company called Parbury, Lamb and Co., operating out of Parbury's Wharf. His first few children (including Laura, born about 1842) were born in Sydney, NSW. He moved back to England in about 1847 in order to set up the British end of a business importing wool and wheat, and sugar from the Colonial Sugar Company, in which he also had an interest. Subsequent children (including Edith) were born in Streatham or Clapham. He died in 1877.

Reginald died on 27 Jun 1895, aged 54. A legal notice in the London Gazette shows that his will was handled by his widow and by his younger brother Frederick. In addition, legal notices relating to his death also appeared in the "Sydney Morning Herald" in New South Wales on 1 Jul 1896 page 4 col 3.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 1st Madras Fusiliers in 1859-1888.
- He had a residence in 48 Lexham Gardens, South Kensington, London.

Reginald married Laura Sophia Parbury,¹¹⁶ daughter of Frederick Parbury, in 1882. Laura was born about 1842 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

10-Arthur Gascoyne Chapman^{1,4,116} was born on 21 Feb 1842 and was christened on 9 May 1842 in Tynemouth, Northumberland.

General Notes: Born 21 Feb 1842 and baptised at Tynemouth 9 May 1842 Tynemouth (IGI). In 1851 he is at school in Lewisham, Kent, with his brothers Herbert and Reginald. In 1861 he is living with his parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bersted, Bognor, aged 18. In 1871 he is living with his parents at 14 Redcliffe Road, Kensington, aged 29, unmarried and living off investment income.

According to some sources, in 1871 he married Minnie Grey, daughter of Ralph Grey of Quebec, and had two sons: Arthur Grey Chapman and John Hamilton Mowbray Chapman. This marriage has not been traced in UK records. He appears to have moved to Auckland, New Zealand. An item appeared in the Auckland Star on 1 May 1906, page 5, worth quoting here in full: An old man named Arthur Gascoyne Chapman, aged 64, a resident of Waitemata Street,

Ponsonby was admitted to hospital today suffering from a dislocated shoulder.

Some sources say the son Arthur Grey Chapman was born in 1872. This birth has not been traced. However, the son John Hamilton Mowbray Chapman was born in Brighton in 1874. According to a notice in the Adelaide Advertiser of 6 July 1934, he died on 29 Jun 1934, aged 60. Other sources seem to indicate he went under the name of Mowbray Chapman and was a horticulturalist, possibly involved in the Australian dried fruit industry.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to Auckland, New Zealand.

Arthur married Minnie Grey, daughter of Ralph Grey. They had two children: Arthur Grey and John Hamilton Mowbray.

11-Arthur Grev Chapman^{1,4,116} was born in 1872.

11-John Hamilton Mowbray Chapman^{4,116} was born on 19 Jan 1874 in Brighton, East Sussex, was christened on 26 Mar 1874 in St. Peter's, Brighton, Sussex, and died on 29 Jun 1934 in

Renmark Hospital, South Australia at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in South Australia.
- He worked as a Horticulturalist.

10-Theodosia Chapman^{1,116} was born in 1843 in Chester-le-Street, County Durham and died on 12 Apr 1880 in Paris, France at age 37.

General Notes: She was born in 1843. In 1851 she is living with her parents at 9 Lansdowne Place, Hove, aged 8. In 1861 she and her sister Harriett are staying with a "cousin" Edward H Chapman, a magistrate aged 58, at Harringay House in Hornsey. She has been misnamed as Theodore and classed as a male aged 18. Edward has a wife Mary E Chapman. It is believed that this couple is John Mellor Chapman's cousin Edward Henry Chapman (son of Aaron Chapman) and Mary Elizabeth (nee Haslop).

On 17 Oct 1866 she married the Rev Cecil Bosanquet at St Mary's Church, Hornsey. This was announced in the Gentleman's Magazine Vol 221, page 824. Several sources state she died on 12 April 1880. This death cannot be traced in England and most probably occurred in Paris. She had five, possibly six, children. Some sources claim a child Madeleine Augusta Cecil Bosanquet born 6 August and died 29 September in 1867, in Norfolk. A daughter Ernestine Theodosia Favell Bosanquet was born on 3 Oct 1870 and in 1871 Cecil and Theodosia are living at Clophill House, Clophill in Bedfordshire with 6 month old Ernestine. A further daughter Aline

Coralie Raimond Bosanquet was born in 1872, but many sources state she died on 30 April 1874. Again, this death cannot be traced and most probably occurred in Paris. The family appears to have moved to Paris in about 1873/4. They cannot be traced in the 1881 census. However, many sources state that three further children were born: Gaston Augustus Ives Bosanquet on 12 July 1874, Irene Theodosia Raimond Bosanquet on 14 Dec 1876 and Ginevra Louisa Hays Bosanquet on 13 May 1878. There is some evidence of financial problems. A legal case exists in 1884 in pursuit of money owed on an 1875 mortgage on property in Banstead, Surrey, and the defendants in the case are

named as Rev Cecil Bosanquet and Theodore Bosanquet. In 1891 Cecil can be found aged 52, a widower, living at 74 Dykes Road, Brighton. With him are his four surviving children Ernestine (20), Gaston (16), Irene (14) and Ginevra (12). It is stated that the three youngest were born in Paris. With them is a visitor Laura M Chapman, a singlewoman aged 57.

In 1901 Cecil is boarding at the Temperance Hotel, Commercial Road, Ledbury. In 1911 he is living in Branksome Park, Bournemouth. With him is his unmarried daughter Irene (34) and her child Priscilla Marion Bosanquet (1). Irene died aged 79 in Bournemouth in 1956. Her daughter Priscilla was born in 1909 and was married in 1937 to Harry C J Klemz. Harry and Priscilla had two children, David (1939; living) and Jane (1944). At some point they divorced, because Priscilla remarried in 1952 to Cvril Barrow.

In 1901 daughter Ginevra is staying with her married sister Ernestine (see below). She remained unmarried and the Times of Friday 2 August 1918 (issue 41858) carries notice of her death in Bournemouth on 31 July 1918.

Daughter Ernestine married William Morier Bevan, a silk broker, in 1898. In 1901 she can be found living at Rose Cottage, Nutfield, Reigate, aged 30. She is with her husband and a child Morier G B Bevan (1). With them is her sister Ginevra (22). In 1911 she is living with her husband at The Cottage, Reigate, With them is a son Frederick Bernard Gaston Bevan, Morier Geoffrey Bosanquet Bevan was born in 1899 and in 1934 he married Adele Locke and had a child Hugo (1936). Frederick Bernard Gaston Bevan was born in 1904. He was known as Bernard Bevan and he became a career diplomat and architectural historian, travelling widely in Mexico.

The son Gaston went to Brighton College and then to King's College, Cambridge (BA 1896). He was married in 1908 to Violet Cecilia Collyer and he died aged 62 in 1936. They had a son David (1914). Gaston has not been traced in any census after 1891, but appears to have worked in Malaya.

Theodosia married Rev. Cecil Bosanquet. They had six children: Madeleine Augusta Cecil, Ernestine Theodosia Favell, Aline Coralie Raimond, Gaston Augustus Ives, Irene Theodosia Raimond, and Ginevra Louisa Hays.

11-Madeleine Augusta Cecil Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 6 Aug 1867 in Norfolk and died on 29 Sep 1867 in Norfolk.

11-Ernestine Theodosia Favell Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 3 Oct 1870 and died on 1 Jun 1951 at age 80.

Ernestine married William Morier Bevan,¹¹⁶ son of Frederick Lincoln Bevan and Augusta Louisa Morier, in 1898 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. William was born on 20 Oct 1870 and died in 1964 at age 94. They had two children: Morier Geoffrey Bosanquet and Frederick Bernard Gaston.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Silk Broker.
- He had a residence in 1901 in Rose Cottage, Nutfield, Reigate, Surrey.

12-Morier Geoffrey Bosanquet Bevan¹¹⁶ was born on 13 Oct 1899 in Reigate, Surrey and died in Jan 1994 in Warmington, Cambridgeshire at age 94. Morier married Adele Locke. They had one son: Hugo Peter Charles.

13-Hugo Peter Charles Bevan

Hugo married Carol Fane, daughter of Capt. Charles Nevile Fane and Gladys Mabel Lowther. They had four children: Georgina Lucy, Rupert Charles Morier, Charlotte Adèle, and Sophie Alexandra Fane.

14-Georgina Lucy Bevan

Georgina married Rupert Patrick Fordham, son of John Rupert Fordham. They had one son: Patrick Hugo John.

15-Patrick Hugo John Fordham

14-Rupert Charles Morier Bevan

Rupert married Sophie Louise Royds, daughter of Clement Michael Charles Royds and Victoria Cooke. They had one son: Orlando.

15-Orlando Bevan

14-Charlotte Adèle Bevan

14-Sophie Alexandra Fane Bevan

12-Frederick Bernard Gaston Bevan¹¹⁶ was born on 11 Dec 1903 in Nutfield, Reigate, Surrey and died on 25 Feb 1995 in Hastings, Sussex at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Diplomat.
- He worked as an Architectural Historian.

Frederick married Esther Amanda Pryor, daughter of Thomas J. Pryor and Esther. Esther was born in 1908 in Illinois, USA and died in 1998 at age 90. They had one daughter: Favel Amanda.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 17 Fair Meadow, Rye Hill, Rye, East Sussex.

13-Favell Amanda Bevan

Favell married Ian O. Keir.

11-Aline Coralie Raimond Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born in 1872 and died on 30 Apr 1974 in Paris, France at age 102.

11-Gaston Augustus Ives Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 12 Jul 1874 in Paris, France and died in 1936 at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.

Gaston married Violet Cecilia Collyer. They had one son: David.

12-David Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born in 1914.

11-Irene Theodosia Raimond Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 14 Dec 1876 in Paris, France and died in 1956 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 80. Irene married someone. She had one daughter: Priscilla Marion.

12-Priscilla Marion Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born in 1909.

Priscilla married Harry C. J. Klemz. They had two children: David and Jane.

13-David Klemz

13-Jane Klemz

Priscilla next married Cyril Barrow.

11-Ginevra Louisa Hays Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 13 May 1878 in Paris, France and died on 31 Jul 1918 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 40. She had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Harriett Adeline Chapman^{1,116} was born in 1845 and died in 1939 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 94.

Harriett married **Capt. Henry Haslope Bagnall**,^{1,116} son of **Thomas Bagnall** and **Caroline Haslope**, on 30 Apr 1873. Henry was born on 30 Mar 1844 in West Bromwich, Staffordshire and was christened on 6 Jun 1844 in West Bromwich, Staffordshire. They had four children: **Lilian Theodosia, Gerald, Audrey Vivian**, and **Adeline Phyllis**.

11-Lilian Theodosia Bagnall^{1,116} was born on 16 Feb 1874 and died on 15 Apr 1946 at age 72.

Lilian married Robert D. G. Hill.

11-Gerald Bagnall¹¹⁶ was born on 15 Mar 1875 and died about 1936 about age 61.

11-Audrey Vivian Bagnall¹¹⁶ was born on 11 Feb 1877 and died in 1902⁷⁶ at age 25.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Following her death, her husband remarried twice more.

Audrey married **Gilbert Launcelot Gladwin-Errington**⁷⁶ in 1899. Gilbert was born in 1876. They had no children.

11-Adeline Phyllis Bagnall¹¹⁶ was born on 19 Feb 1878.

Adeline married Frederick Walter Hall.

10-John Chapman^{1,4} was born on 30 Mar 1847 in Richmond, Surrey.

General Notes: Born in 1847 in Richmond, Surrey (estimated from census returns). In the 1851 census he was living with his parents at 9 Lansdowne Place, Hove, age 3. In the 1861 census he was living with his parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bersted, Bognor, age 14. In the 1871 census he is with his parents at 14 Redcliffe Road, Kensington, London, aged 24, unmarried and apparently unemployed, living off investment income. Not found in 1891 census (out of the country?). However, in 1877 he married Edith Georgiana Parbury, younger sister of the wife of his older brother Reginald (see notes above on Reginald). They had a daughter Edith Madeline Chapman, born in 1878. In 1880 they had another daughter Theodosia Maud Chapman. In the 1881 census John can be found living with his widowed mother-in-law in Kensington. He is aged 34 and is a stockbroker. His wife Edith is 25 and the daughters (listed as E M and Theo M) are 2 and 1 respectively. A further child, Mary Constance

Chapman, was born in 1886. This child was baptised at Ware, in Hertfordshire, on 24 Aug 1886. In the 1901 census, John and his daughter Edith Madeline are visiting John's sister Harriett Bagnall in Chard, Somerset (see above). In the 1911 census John can be found living with his wife and daughter at Ramsdell, just north of Basingstoke, in Hampshire. He is aged 64 and he is a Receiver in the Court of Lunacy. His wife Edith is 55 and his daughter Edith is 32 and unmarried. In this census return he

declares that he has had 5 children but that only 3 of them are still living. As yet, the other 2 children have not been identified.

On 12 Jan 1910 his daughter Theodosia Maud Chapman married Walter Henderson Molesworth (an electrical engineer of some note). She died on 28 Dec 1920. Theodosia and Walter had four children: Ernest Walter (1911-2004), Richard E (1913), Kathleen Janet (1915-1997) and Margery Evelyn (1918).

John died before 1947. His widow Edith died on 19 Feb 1947 and official legal notices

show that the personal representatives dealing with her estate were Frederick Hercy Montagu Chapman (her nephew, son of her brother Frederick), Edith Madeline Chapman (her daughter, still unmarried) and someone called Mary Constance Saleby, who is presumably the married daughter.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker.
- He worked as a Receiver in the Court of Lunacy in 1911.

John married Edith Georgiana Parbury,¹¹⁶ daughter of Frederick Parbury, in 1877. Edith was born in Streatham or Clapham, London and died on 19 Feb 1947. They had three children: Edith Madeline, Theodosia Maud, and Mary Constance.

11-Edith Madeline Chapman¹¹⁶ was born in 1878.

11-Theodosia Maud Chapman¹¹⁶ was born in 1880 and died on 28 Dec 1920 at age 40.

Theodosia married Walter Henderson Molesworth,¹¹⁶ son of Rev. Renell Francis Wynn Molesworth and Frances Elizabeth Henderson, on 12 Jan 1910 in Ramsdale. Walter was born on 3 Aug 1873 in Todmorden, Calderdale, Yorkshire and died on 18 Mar 1952 at age 78. They had four children: Ernest Walter, Richard Nassau, Kathleen Janet, and Margery Evelyn.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIEES MIME MPhS.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.

12-Ernest Walter Molesworth was born on 13 Jan 1911.

12-Richard Nassau Molesworth was born on 9 Nov 1913.

12-Kathleen Janet Molesworth was born in 1915 and died on 6 Sep 1997 at age 82.

12-Margery Evelyn Molesworth was born in 1918.

11-Mary Constance Chapman¹¹⁶ was born in 1886 and was christened on 24 Aug 1886 in Ware, Hertfordshire.

10-Capt. Frederick Stovin Chapman^{116,127} was born on 23 Jul 1849 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died in 1904 at age 55. Another name for Frederick was Frederick Storm Chapman.^{1,4}

General Notes: In the 1851 census, he is living with his parents at 9 Lansdowne Place, Hove age 1. In the 1861 census, he is living with his parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bensted, Bognor, age 11. In 1880 he married Louisa Kate Elliott. In about 1883 they had a son Frederick Hercy Montagu Chapman (date estimated from 1891 census return). In the 1891 census, Frederick can be found living at 14 Upper Phillimore Place, Kensington. He is aged 42, a retired officer. With him is his wife Louisa, aged 30. Their son is not with them (see below). Frederick died aged 54 in 1904.

In some documents the second name of their son is Henry and in some the third name is spelled Montague. However, in issues of London Gazettes and official legal notices, the name is as given above. In the 1891 census, the son Frederick is living with his uncle George Elliott, a retired surgeon, in Croydon.

The British Library lists an acquisition of a collection of photographs of the Middle East, from the possessions of an Army officer, Major Frederick Henry (sic) Montagu Chapman. According to the Library catalogue, Major Chapman served in the Royal Army Medical Corps from 1907. He served in India 1909-1915, Mesopotamia 1915-1917, India 1917-1918 and then Aden 1924-26. Frederick Hercy Montagu Chapman died on 6 June 1975. His will was dealt with by his cousins (once removed) Ernest Walter Molesworth and Margery Evelyn Jackson together with someone called Peter John Robertson Everidge.

CHAPMAN. Frederick Stovin Chapman. Exchanged as captain from the 21st Royal Scots Fusiliers, 29th of October, 1881. Served with the Cameron Highlanders in the Egyptian war of 1882 from the landing at Ismailia, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir. (Medal with clasp and Khedive's star.)

Frederick married Louisa Kate Elliott⁴ in 1880. Louisa died in 1929 in Knaresborough, Yorkshire. They had one son: Frederick Hercy Montagu

11-Maj. Frederick Hercy Montagu Chapman^{4,116} was born in 1891 and died on 6 Jun 1975 at age 84.

9-Margaret Chapman Chapman¹ was born on 20 Sep 1806 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 1 May 1822 at age 15.

9-Mary Chapman¹ was born on 28 Oct 1809 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1881 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 72.

Mary married John Chapman,⁴ son of John Chapman¹ and Sarah Alderson, on 5 Sep 1837. John was born on 17 Feb 1814 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 12 Apr 1858 in Godmanchester, Cambridgeshire at age 44. They had six children: Maria Louisa, Harriet Curtis, Augusta Mary, Adeline Atty, Edith Rolfe, and Edward Theodore.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He resided at St. Hilda's Terrace in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Godmanchester, Cambridgeshire.
- Death Notice: The Times, 15 Apr 1858.

10-Maria Louisa Chapman¹ was born in 1838 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 15 Dec 1838 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Harriet Curtis Chapman was born in 1840 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 16 Jan 1840 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died in 1900 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 60.

Harriet married Charles Bagnall, son of Thomas Bagnall and Mary Keen Nock, on 1 Nov 1860 in Hornsey, Tottenham, London. Charles was born on 11 Jul 1827 in West Bromwich, Staffordshire and died on 25 Feb 1884 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 56. They had eight children: Charles Edward, Arthur Henry, Eustace William, Gordon Ernest, Ralph, Mary Adeline, Mabel Edith, and Evelyn Harriet.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Whitby in 1865-1868.
- He worked as an Ironmaster in Grosmont, Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Lieut. Col. Charles Edward Bagnall was born in 1861 in Staffordshire, was christened on 9 Nov 1861 in Shenstone, Staffordshire, and died on 1 Apr 1923 at age 62.

Charles married Sylvia Joan Robinson, daughter of Sir Frederick Laud Robinson 9th Bt. and Madeleine Caroline Sartoris, on 27 Apr 1903. Sylvia was born on 23 May 1883. They had one son: Charles Frederick Rex.

12-Charles Frederick Rex Bagnall was born on 11 Feb 1904 in Eastbourne, East Sussex and died on 16 Dec 1993 in Durweston, Dorset at age 89. Charles married Clara Ashwin, daughter of James Ashwin and Clara Watson, in 1933 in Evesham, Worcestershire. Clara was born in 1909 and died in 1945 at age 36. Charles next married Pamela M. B. Draughn. They had one son: Richard J..

13-Richard J. Bagnall was born on 1 Jan 1952 and died on 2 Nov 1967 at age 15.

11-Arthur Henry Bagnall was born in 1863 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Eustace William Bagnall was born in 1864 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Eustace married Alice Humphrey, daughter of John Humphrey and Emma Cubitt, on 18 Jun 1892 in St. Peter's, Cranley Gardens, London. Alice was born in 1862 and was christened on 8 Oct 1862 in Holy Trinity Church, Clapham, London. They had one daughter: Elspeth Mary Lenia.

12-Elspeth Mary Lenia Bagnall was born in 1895.

11-Gordon Ernest Bagnall was born on 18 Feb 1866 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1919 in London at age 53. Gordon married Catherine L. Thomas.

11-Capt. Ralph Bagnall was born in 1867 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Ralph married Evelyn Dorothy Robinson, daughter of Sir Frederick Laud Robinson 9th Bt. and Madeleine Caroline Sartoris, on 31 Jan 1900 in Steyning, West Sussex. Evelyn was born on 4 Aug 1875 and died on 20 Dec 1963 at age 88. They had one daughter: Dorothy Jo-An.

12-Dorothy Jo-An Bagnall was born in 1903.

11-Mary Adeline Bagnall was born in 1869 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Mabel Edith Bagnall was born on 30 Jun 1872 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1931 in Sturminster, Dorset at age 59.

11-Evelyn Harriet Bagnall was born in 1873 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1951 in Sturminster, Dorset at age 78.

10-Augusta Mary Chapman¹ was born in 1841 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 31 May 1841 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Augusta married Maj. Gen. William Stirling Oliphant,¹ son of Lieut. Col. James Oliphant, on 31 Jul 1862 in St. Mary's church, Whitby, Yorkshire. William was born in Nov 1828 in Secunderbad, Telangana, India and died in 1898 in Little Shelford, Cambridgeshire at age 70.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Married by the Ven. Archdeacon Boys.

General Notes: William Stirling Oliphant was born at Secunderabad, India in November 1828, the son of a Major in the Madras Engineers. Following attendance at Addiscombe, he was gazetted to the Bengal Engineers as a 2nd Lieutenant in December 1845 and served in the Punjab Campaign with the 3rd Company of Sappers. Present at the first and second sieges of Mooltan, on the former occasion he participated in the capture of the enemy's entrenched position in front of the trenches in September 1848, and on the latter occasion 'commanded the ladder and powder bag party' that broke through the main breach at the Khuni Bhurj and drove the enemy out. Mentioned in despatches by Brigadier-General Stalker for his part in the latter action, he went on to serve at the surrender of the fort and garrison of Cheniote and at the Battle of Goojerat. Oliphant did not see further action in the Indian Mutiny, being 'retained in the Punjab for the purpose of putting the Forts of Phillaur and Govindghur into a thoroughly defensible state', but nonetheless enjoyed steady promotion in the Corps over the next three decades, attaining the rank of Major-General in December 1878, the year of his retirement. There was, however, one blot on his copy book, as evidenced by his official service record, namely the occasion on which one of his dogs mauled and seriously injured a native in Gwalior in 1860, an incident that resulted in him losing executive charge of the Gwalior Division. The General died at Little Shelford, Cambridgeshire in September 1898, aged 69 years.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an officer of the Royal Bengal Engineers.

10-Adeline Atty Chapman¹ was born in 1844 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 3 Jul 1844 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Adeline married Hamer Towgood¹ on 7 May 1872 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Hamer was born in 1843 in Great Paxton, Huntingdonshire and died in 1914 at age 71. They had one son: Reginald Hamer.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Paper manufacturer in Sawston, Cambridgeshire.

11-Reginald Hamer Towgood was born in 1873, was christened on 26 Mar 1873 in Great Shelford, Cambridgeshire, and died in 1892 in Chesterton, Cambridge at age 19.

10-Edith Rolfe Chapman^{1,4} was born in 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 15 Jul 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died in 1925 at age 79. Edith married Edward Henry Chapman,^{1,4} son of Joseph Barker Chapman^{1,4,7} and Louisa Agnes Simpson, in 1889 in Whitby, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 17 Apr 1844 in Highbury, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Cobrey Park in Ross on Wye, Herefordshire.
- He had a residence in 1891 in Carr Hall, Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Edward Theodore Chapman¹ was born on 5 Oct 1847 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 10 Apr 1859 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 11.

9-Edward William Chapman¹ was born on 9 Oct 1815 in Whitby, Yorkshire. He had no known marriage and no known children.

6-Mary Chapman¹ was born on 1 Nov 1730, died in 1737 at age 7, and was buried in Mar 1737.

6-John Chapman¹⁰ was born on 27 May 1732 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 5 Jan 1822 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 89.

General Notes: Oct. 31 was launched at Messrs. Pitcher's yard, Northfleet, a beautiful ship, built for Messrs. Chapman, expressly for the East-India trade. At a quarter before two, the lady of Charles Forbes Esq. M.P. and family went on the platform, and the ship was then christened by the daughter of that gentleman, by the name of the "Katherine Stewart Forbes" and soon after the ship glided off the stocks into her natural element in a very fine style, to the admiration of all the spectators. *The Asiatic Journal Vol 6. p. 661. (1818).*

With grateful thanks to Philip Nichols

Noted events in his life were:

• Death Notice: The Times, 14 Jan 1822.

John married Jane Mellar,¹⁰ daughter of Robert Mellar and Jane Gaskin, on 9 Jan 1755 in FMH Whitby. Jane was born on 4 Nov 1735 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 31 Aug 1801 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 65. They had 12 children: Elizabeth, Abel, John, William, Robert, Henry, Thomas, Jonathan, Edward, Aaron, Jane, and Benjamin.

7-Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 22 Mar 1756 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 15 Dec 1838 at age 82.

Elizabeth married Thomas Hall. They had no children.

7-Abel Chapman¹⁰ was born on 14 Nov 1757 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 14 Apr 1852 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 94.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master Mariner in Whitby, Yorkshire.

• He worked as a Joint founder of the Whitby Old Bank, Simpson, Chapman & Simpson in 1785 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Abel married Elizabeth Wakefield Simpson,¹⁰ daughter of Wakefield Simpson¹⁰ and Dorothy Walker,¹⁰ on 1 Jan 1783 in Staintondale, Whitby, Yorkshire. Elizabeth was born on 13 Oct 1763 in Whitby, Yorkshire. They had three children: Jane, Wakefield Simpson, and John.

8-Jane Chapman¹ was born on 13 Nov 1783 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 26 Apr 1854 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 70.

8-Wakefield Simpson Chapman⁵ was born on 27 May 1790 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 12 Feb 1863 in High Stakesby, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 72, and was buried about 14 Feb 1863.

General Notes: You list the children and grandchildren of Abel Chapman and his wife Elizabeth Wakefield Simpson. You state that they had four children: Jane, Wakefield Simpson, John and Elizabeth.

I have not been able to trace the birth of the fourth child, Elizabeth. She was supposed to have married James Walker of Whitby.

In fact, the death notice in the Durham County Advertiser (5 May 1854) of daughter Jane, who died unmarried on 26 April 1854, states that Jane was Abel's only daughter. I realise that this could mean that Elizabeth had died prior to 1854. However, there is a further issue.

In the notice of the marriage of James Walker in the Newcastle Journal (18 December 1841) it states that he was married on 13 December to Elizabeth daughter of Wakefield Simpson Chapman. He was a widower with a young family. He had previously been married to Ann Fishburn....I have only bothered tracing one member of this previous family, Elinor Fishburn Walker born ca 1830.

James and Elizabeth had six children, of whom you list three. Missing are James 1842, Henry 1843 and Frances Simpson 1846. Elizabeth then died (probably exhausted!!) and was buried in St Mary's Church Whitby on 21 June 1849 (register entry seen). Curiously, the newspaper notice of her death appears a year later and I can only assume that it was an afterthought occasioned by the first anniversary of her death. The Yorkshire Gazette (22 June 1850) states that she died on 14 June and repeats that she was the daughter of W. S. Chapman. James Walker re-married in 1853 to Elizabeth Simpson, presumably someone from within the family circle.

So it would appear that James Walker was actually married to Abel's grand-daughter Elizabeth and not to his daughter Elizabeth. In fact, I am beginning to doubt the existence of the daughter Elizabeth, as without the marriage there is absolutely no trace of her.

I realise that structurally this may mean quite a bit of work for you, but I felt you would rather know than not know. Best wishes

Guy Roberts 13 Jul 2015

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in High Stakesby, Whitby, Yorkshire.
- Death Notice: The Times, 16 Feb 1863.

Wakefield married **Dorothy Simpson**,¹ daughter of **Henry Simpson**¹⁰ and **Susannah Willis**, on 1 Aug 1814. Dorothy was born on 2 Jul 1791 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 25 Jul 1791 in Whitby, Yorkshire. They had eight children: Elizabeth, Henry, Hannah Willis, Jane, Dorothy Simpson, Abel, Jane, and Mary Isabella.

9-Elizabeth Chapman^{1,5} was born in 1815 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 14 Jun 1849 in Airy Hill, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 34, and was buried on 21 Jun 1849 in St. Mary's, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• Death Notice: The Times, 21 Jun 1849.

Elizabeth married James Walker,^{1,4,5} son of James Walker and Hannah Eden, on 13 Dec 1841. James was born in 1798 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham, was christened on 22 Aug 1798 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham, and died on 6 Nov 1861 in Hastings, Sussex at age 63. The cause of his death was a Stroke. They had six children: James, Henry Chapman, Elizabeth Eden, Frances Simpson, John Chapman, and Mary Eden.

Noted events in his life were:

• Death Notice: The Times, 20 Nov 1861.

10-James Walker⁵ was born in 1842 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 22 Nov 1842 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Henry Chapman Walker⁵ was born in 1843 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 3 Nov 1843 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Elizabeth Eden Walker^{1,4} was born in 1845 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 12 Mar 1845 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died on 12 Aug 1888 in Carr Hall, Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 43.

Elizabeth married Edward Henry Chapman,^{1,4} son of Joseph Barker Chapman^{1,4,7} and Louisa Agnes Simpson, on 23 Apr 1873 in St. Mary's, Whitby, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 17 Apr 1844 in Highbury, London. They had eight children: Mary Elizabeth, Edward Henry, Alice Louisa, Hilda Frances, Ethel Margaret, Muriel Dorothy, Arthur Frederick, and Nellie Adeline.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Married by the Rev. A. W. R. Marshall.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Cobrey Park in Ross on Wye, Herefordshire.
- He had a residence in 1891 in Carr Hall, Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Mary Elizabeth Chapman^{1,4} was born on 8 Mar 1874.

Mary married Albert Wilson, son of Edward Wilson.

11-Maj. Edward Henry Chapman⁴ was born in 1875.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the Yorkshire Regiment.

11-Alice Louisa Chapman

11-Hilda Frances Chapman

11-Ethel Margaret Chapman

Ethel married Henry Wilson, son of Edward Wilson.

11-Muriel Dorothy Chapman

11-Arthur Frederick Chapman⁴ was born in 1886.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an official of the Public Works department in India.

11-Nellie Adeline Chapman^{4,128} was born on 6 Aug 1888 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 13 Feb 1980 in Oxted, Surrey at age 91.

Nellie married **Rev. Samuel Henry Hare**,¹²⁹ son of **Charles Edward Hare** and **Agnes Marion Pruen**, on 6 Jan 1914. Samuel was born on 14 Oct 1884 and died in 1931 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 47. They had five children: **Charles Douglas, Elizabeth Vanda, Edward Henry, Melville**, and **Humphrey**.

12-Charles Douglas Hare¹²⁹ was born on 30 Sep 1914, died on 8 Aug 1970 in Newmarket at age 55, and was buried in Oxted Parish Church. Charles married Gertrude Marie (Mary) Kerry. They had two children: Susan and Peter.

13-Susan Hare

Susan married Brown.

13-Peter Hare

12-Elizabeth Vanda Hare¹²⁹ was born on 1 Oct 1915 in Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire and died on 7 Jun 2008 in Holt, Wiltshire at age 92.

Elizabeth married **Sqdn. Ldr. Robert Alfred Edmund Traill**,¹²⁹ son of **Robert William Traill** and **Evelyn Frances**, in 1939 in Louth, Lincolnshire. Robert died on 12 Mar 1941 and was buried in Grave 483, Box General Cemetery, Wiltshire. The cause of his death was an aircraft accident flying from Ireland to England, as a passenger. They had one daughter: **Roberta S**.

13-Roberta S. Traill

Elizabeth next married Alliston Champion Toker in 1946 in Midhurst, Sussex. Alliston was born on 29 Jun 1913 in Belgium and died in 1983 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 70. They had three children: Jill Elizabeth, Stephen, and Sally C.

13-Jill Elizabeth Toker was born in 1946 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire and died in 2012 at age 66.

13-Stephen Toker

13-Sally C. Toker

12-Edward Henry Hare¹²⁹ was born in 1917 and died on 8 Dec 1996 in Dulwich, London at age 79.

Edward married Margaret C. Myddelton.

Edward next married Marjorie Le Vay.

Edward next married Fibey Gabbay.

12-Melville Hare¹²⁹ was born on 28 Apr 1922 in Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire and died in 1922.

12-Humphrey Hare¹²⁹ was born in 1926 and died on 13 Apr 1945 at age 19.

10-Frances Simpson Walker⁵ was born in 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 16 Feb 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1911 in Riftswood, Saltburn, Yorkshire.

Frances married Rev. Richard Walker, son of Richard Walker and Mary Skinner, in 1875 in Whitby, Yorkshire. Richard was born in 1841 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham, was christened on 15 Jul 1841 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham, and died in 1921 at age 80. They had one daughter: Jessie Frances.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Helperthorpe in Helperthorpe, Yorkshire.

11-Jessie Frances Walker was born on 11 Mar 1881, died on 12 May 1974 in Mount Tolmie Rest Home, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 93, and was buried on 15 May 1974 in Royal Oak Crematorium, Saanich, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of her death was Bronchio-pneumonia.

Noted events in her life were:

- She emigrated to Canada.
- Miscellaneous: Her death was notified by her cousin, Bertha Violet Young.

10-John Chapman Walker was born in 1847 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 16 Jul 1847 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Highfield House, Cheddar, Somerset.

11-Sarah Melanie Walker was born in 1888 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

12-Marguerite Helen Walker was born on 30 Jun 1914 in Saltburn, Yorkshire and was christened in Saltburn, Yorkshire.

12-Harold Francis Walker was born on 1 Jan 1916 in France Hill Drive, Camberley, Surrey and was christened in St. Michael's, Camberley, Surrey. General Notes: HAROLD FRANCIS WALKER, b. 1 Jan. 1916 at France Hill Drive, Camberley, Surrey, bapt. at St. Michael's Church, Camberley in I 9 16. Educated at Imperial Service College, Windsor.

12-Rupert Laton Walker was born on 30 Mar 1920 in Saltburn, Yorkshire and was christened in Saltburn, Yorkshire.

10-Mary Eden Walker³ was born in 1848 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 24 Nov 1848 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Margaretta Elizabeth Benson

11-James Hugh Benson

9-Henry Chapman was born in 1816 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 29 Aug 1816 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Hannah Willis Chapman¹ was born in 1818 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 17 Sep 1818 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died on 5 Dec 1887 in Airy Hill, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Hannah Willis Chapman was Charles Saunders' second wife.

Hannah married Charles Saunders¹ on 30 May 1849. Charles died on 12 Nov 1887 in Airy Hill, Whitby, Yorkshire. They had two children: Elizabeth and Harriet.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Carr Hall, Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Elizabeth Saunders was born in 1850 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 6 Apr 1850 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Harriet Saunders was born in 1851 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 16 Feb 1851 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Jane Chapman was born in 1821 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 26 Mar 1821 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Dorothy Simpson Chapman¹ was born in 1823 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 16 Jan 1823 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Dorothy married Henry Simpson. They had six children: Ann, Elizabeth, Henry, Thomas Wakefield, Jane Chapman, and John Chapman.

10-Ann Simpson was born in 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 25 Jul 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Elizabeth Simpson was born in 1847 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 10 Sep 1847, and died in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Henry Simpson was born in 1848 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 15 Dec 1848 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Thomas Wakefield Simpson was born in 1850 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 23 Apr 1850 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Jane Chapman Simpson was born in 1851 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 22 Dec 1851 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died in 1852 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 1.

10-John Chapman Simpson was born in 1852 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 30 Dec 1852, and died in 1894 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 42. John married Sarah Reeve Dunn. They had one son: Arthur Donovan.

11-Arthur Donovan Simpson was born in 1889, was christened on 11 Nov 1889 in Hemel Hempstead, Hertfordshire, and died in 1890 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 1.

9-Abel Chapman was born in 1824 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 14 Aug 1824 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Jane Chapman¹ was born in 1827 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 14 Jun 1827 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died in 1911 in Bromley, Kent at age 84.

Jane married Capt. Charles Alexander Robert Crigan¹ on 9 Apr 1850. Charles was born in 1826 in Marston, Yorkshire and died on 2 Oct 1900 in Bromley, Kent at age 74. They had 12 children: Mary Dora, Elizabeth Frances, Charles Abel, Alexander Chapman, Julia Smelt, Wakefield Duncan, John, Hugh Alexander, Henry Claudius Hamilton, Caroline Anne, Charlotte, and Charles Clandin.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Madras Native Infantry.

10-Mary Dora Crigan was born in 1851.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Elizabeth Frances Crigan was born in 1852 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 4 May 1852 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Elizabeth married John North, son of Alfred North and Jane Lockwood, on 29 May 1887 in St. John's, Notting Hill, London. John was born in 1859 in Sidmouth, Devon.

10-Charles Abel Crigan was christened on 21 Apr 1852 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1863 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 11.

10-Alexander Chapman Crigan was born in 1853 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 21 Apr 1853 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Julia Smelt Crigan was born in 1856 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 23 Aug 1856 in Eskdaleside cum Ugglebarnby, Scarborough, Yorkshire, and died in 1936 in Battle, Sussex at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Wakefield Duncan Crigan was born in 1859 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 5 May 1912 in Summerdown Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant.
- He had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Wakefield married Mary Henrietta Gertrude Kell in 1893 in Kensington, London. Mary was born in 1867 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 28 Jan 1942 in Garpole, Leominster, Herefordshire at age 75. They had one daughter: Catherine Elizabeth.

11-Catherine Elizabeth Crigan was born in 1895.

Catherine married Capt. Basil Stuart Hudson in 1926 in Bromley, Kent. Basil was born on 29 Aug 1893 in Sundridge Avenue, Bromley, Kent.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 8 Garden Road, Bromley, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Field Artillery.

10-John Crigan was born in 1861 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Hugh Alexander Crigan was born in 1862 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Henry Claudius Hamilton Crigan was born on 25 Mar 1863 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 15 Jun 1936 at age 73, and was buried in Queenscliff Cemetery, Point Lonsdale, Geelong, Victoria, Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He emigrated to Australia.

Henry married Charlotte Elizabeth Jordan on 6 Jun 1884. Charlotte was born on 28 Feb 1859 in Richmond, Victoria, Australia, died on 2 Aug 1951 at age 92, and was buried in Queenscliff Cemetery, Point Lonsdale, Geelong, Victoria, Australia. They had six children: Elizabeth Frances Jane, Robert Charles Hamilton, Wakefield Clifford, Conway Duncan, Charlotte Florence

May, and Alexander Hamilton.

11-Elizabeth Frances Jane Crigan was born on 7 Feb 1885 and was christened on 20 Mar 1885 in St. George's, Queenscliff, Geelong, Victoria, Australia. Elizabeth married Samuel North.

11-Robert Charles Hamilton Crigan was born on 29 Jan 1887 in Ballarat, Victoria, Australia and died on 3 May 1981 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 94. Robert married Margaret Stewart in 1919. Margaret was born in 1881.

11-Wakefield Clifford Crigan was born on 6 Nov 1888 in Queenscliff, Geelong, Victoria, Australia, was christened on 30 Dec 1888 in Queenscliff, Geelong, Victoria, Australia, and died on 30 Nov 1976 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 88.

Wakefield married **Doris Bryant** in 1918. Doris was born in 1895, died in 1980 at age 85, and was buried in Queenscliff Cemetery, Point Lonsdale, Geelong, Victoria, Australia. They had four children: Clifford, Dora May, Jack, and Robert Claude.

12-Clifford Crigan was born on 27 Oct 1919 in Geelong, Victoria, Australia.

12-Dora May Crigan was born in 1920 in Victoria, Australia, died in 1976 at age 56, and was buried in Queenscliff Cemetery, Point Lonsdale, Geelong, Victoria, Australia.

12-Jack Crigan was born on 8 Jul 1922.

12-Robert Claude Crigan was born on 14 Oct 1923 in Victoria, Australia and died on 27 Nov 2009 in Bendigo, Victoria, Australia at age 86. Robert married Theresa.

11-Rev. Conway Duncan Crigan was born on 30 Jul 1891 in Queenscliff, Geelong, Victoria, Australia, was christened on 11 Oct 1891 in St. George's, Queenscliff, Geelong, Victoria, Australia, died on 13 Sep 1986 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 95, and was buried in Queenscliff Cemetery, Point Lonsdale, Geelong, Victoria, Australia.

Conway married **Ruby May McGeoch** in 1914. Ruby died in 1963. They had five children: Judith Elizabeth, Ellinor May, Joyce, Marjorie Constance, and Lois.

12-Judith Elizabeth Crigan

12-Ellinor May Crigan was born on 9 May 1916, died on 4 Apr 2008 at age 91, and was buried in Buninyong Cemetery, Victoria, Australia. (Memorial). Ellinor married Harold Sydney Usher in 1946. Harold was born on 14 Sep 1915 and died on 24 Feb 1991 at age 75. They had one daughter: Ruth.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: The memorial states that their ashes were scattered in the garden of their home.

13-Ruth Usher

Ruth married **Stephen Rodgers**. They had one son: **Andrew**.

14-Andrew Rodgers

12-Joyce Crigan

12-Marjorie Constance Crigan

12-Lois Crigan

11-Charlotte Florence May Crigan was born on 18 Jan 1895 in Queenscliff, Geelong, Victoria, Australia and was christened on 17 Feb 1895 in Queenscliff, Geelong, Victoria, Australia.

11-Alexander Hamilton Crigan was born in 1897, died on 2 Jan 1923 at age 26, and was buried in Queenscliff Cemetery, Point Lonsdale, Geelong, Victoria, Australia.

10-Caroline Anne Crigan was born in 1866 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Charlotte Crigan was born in 1868 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Charles Clandin Crigan was born in 1869 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1871 in Sleights, Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Mary Isabella Chapman¹ was born in 1832 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Mary married Samuel Macquoid. They had one daughter: Harriet.

10-Harriet Macquoid

8-John Chapman¹ was born on 24 Apr 1793 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 6 Mar 1872 in Lower Stakesby, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 78. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL (North Riding of Yorkshire).
- He worked as a Banker in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- Death Notice: The Times, 8 Mar 1872.

7-John Chapman¹ was born on 4 Jul 1759 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 3 Sep 1784 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 25.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a JP for the North Riding of Yorkshire.

7-William Chapman¹ was born on 6 Sep 1761 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 2 Mar 1840 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 78.

William married Elizabeth Anderson, daughter of Joseph Anderson. They had two children: John and Hannah.

8-John Chapman¹ was born on 9 Jun 1785 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 12 Aug 1838 at age 53.

John married Sarah Alderson. They had six children: John, Thomas Hall, Henry, Mary Anne, Elizabeth, and Hannah.

9-John Chapman⁴ was born on 17 Feb 1814 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 12 Apr 1858 in Godmanchester, Cambridgeshire at age 44.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He resided at St. Hilda's Terrace in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Godmanchester, Cambridgeshire.

• Death Notice: The Times, 15 Apr 1858.

10-Maria Louisa Chapman¹ was born in 1838 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 15 Dec 1838 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

- 10-Harriet Curtis Chapman was born in 1840 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 16 Jan 1840 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died in 1900 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 60.
 - 11-Lieut. Col. Charles Edward Bagnall was born in 1861 in Staffordshire, was christened on 9 Nov 1861 in Shenstone, Staffordshire, and died on 1 Apr 1923 at age 62.
 - 12-Charles Frederick Rex Bagnall was born on 11 Feb 1904 in Eastbourne, East Sussex and died on 16 Dec 1993 in Durweston, Dorset at age 89.

13-Richard J. Bagnall was born on 1 Jan 1952 and died on 2 Nov 1967 at age 15.

11-Arthur Henry Bagnall was born in 1863 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Eustace William Bagnall was born in 1864 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

12-Elspeth Mary Lenia Bagnall was born in 1895.

- 11-Gordon Ernest Bagnall was born on 18 Feb 1866 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1919 in London at age 53.
- 11-Capt. Ralph Bagnall was born in 1867 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

12-Dorothy Jo-An Bagnall was born in 1903.

11-Mary Adeline Bagnall was born in 1869 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Mabel Edith Bagnall was born on 30 Jun 1872 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1931 in Sturminster, Dorset at age 59.

11-Evelyn Harriet Bagnall was born in 1873 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1951 in Sturminster, Dorset at age 78.

10-Augusta Mary Chapman¹ was born in 1841 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 31 May 1841 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Adeline Atty Chapman¹ was born in 1844 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 3 Jul 1844 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Reginald Hamer Towgood was born in 1873, was christened on 26 Mar 1873 in Great Shelford, Cambridgeshire, and died in 1892 in Chesterton, Cambridge at age 19.

10-Edith Rolfe Chapman^{1,4} was born in 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 15 Jul 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died in 1925 at age 79.

10-Edward Theodore Chapman¹ was born on 5 Oct 1847 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 10 Apr 1859 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 11.

9-Thomas Hall Chapman^{1,4} was born on 9 Aug 1816 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 6 Mar 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 29.

Thomas married Ann Campion, daughter of John Campion and Ann. They had two children: Rev. John Henry and Ada Florence.

10-Rev. John Henry Chapman^{1,4} was born on 12 Apr 1841 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 15 Mar 1897 in Jersey, Channel Islands at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Pembroke College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

Rev. married Louisa Meire, daughter of John Meire. They had four children: John Ingram Temple, William Henry, Gwynneth Esther, and Katharine Mary.

11-John Ingram Temple Chapman^{1,4} was born on 12 May 1869.

General Notes: London Gazette. 7th June 1932 Re JOHN HENRY CHAPMAN, Deceased.

PURSUANT to Order, dated 1st August, 1929, of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, England, in R« John Henry Chapman, deceased, the Public Trustee v. William Henry Temple Chapman 1928 C. No. 3967, wherehy the following inquiries were directed, namely :- cf0

(1) An inquiry whether the Testator's son, John Ingram Temple Chapman, is living or dead, and, if dead, when he died and who are his personal representatives. (2) An inquiry whether the said John Ingram Temple Chapman was ever married, and, if so, when and to whom, and whether he has had any, and what child, children or remoter issue, and if so, when the same were respectively born, and whether they are all living, or if any of them are dead, when they respectively died, and who are the respective personal representatives of such of them as are deud, and in the case of each daughter (if any), who is under the age at 21 years or has died under that age, whether she has been married, and, if so. when.

(3) "Whether the said. John Ingram Temple Chapnan has exercised any of the powers of appointment conferred upon him by the Will of tie Testator, and, if bo, when and how and in

(4) If the said John Ingram Temple Chaipman was still living on the IStfli March, 1918, whether any and what event has happened, and. if so, when to forfeit his life interest under the Will of the Testator, and if any such event 'has hap-pened, whether any and what wife of his is still

Notice ia hereby given that all persons claim-ing to be entitled under the said inquiries are, on or before the 1st December, 1932, to send by post prepaid -Eb Laurence Charles Dorman, Esq., a member of the firm of Kdngsford Dorm an & Co., 23, Esses Street, Strand, London, W.C.2, England, Solicitors, their full Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, and full particulars of their claims, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Order unless the Court or Judge otherwise orders. Claimants arc to attend [personally, or -by their Solicitor, before Master Bidsdale at the Chambers of the Judge, Boom No. 231, Royal Courts of Justice, Strand, London, on Thursday, the 16th

December, 1932, at 12 o'clock noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating upon the claims. A claimant not residing in England or Wales most send, with particulars of his claim, the name and address of a person in England or Wales to whom notices to the claimant can be sent. notb.— J. I. T. Chapman was born 12th May, 1869, in England. His fatter was John Henry Chapman, who died 15th March, 1897, in Jersey, Channel Islands. He went to America about 1892, and ias rot been heard of since about 1917 or 1918. He was at San Francisco California, about 1909 or 1910, and is believed to nave been in Oregon about 1917 or 1918. Dated this 31st day of May, 1932.

ARTHUR JF. RIDSDALE, Master. KINGSFOBD DOIIMAN and CO., 23, Essex Street, Strand, London, W.C.2; Agenijs for KINGSFOKD ARROWSMITH and WIGBT-.._. 'WICK, of Canterbury, Solicitors for the (124) Plaintiff.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had an estate probated.
- 11-William Henry Chapman⁴ was born on 15 Jan 1872.

11-Gwynneth Esther Chapman⁴ died on 3 Oct 1936 in Evelyn Mansions, Queens Club Gardens, West Kensington.

11-Katharine Mary Chapman

10-Ada Florence Chapman¹ was born in 1845, was christened on 15 Sep 1845 in Norton on Tees, County Durham, and died on 8 Apr 1922 at age 77.

Ada married Col. Henry Manvers Moorsom,¹ son of Lt. Col. Robert Moorsom¹ and Henrietta Frances Campbell, on 3 Jul 1869 in Great Barnabas, Pimlico, London. Henry was born in 1839, was christened on 26 Oct 1839 in St. Paul's, Knightsbridge, London, and died on 5 May 1915 at age 76. They had two children: Mary Annabel Frances and Muriel Henrietta Campbell.

General Notes: Royal Regiment of Artillery

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

11-Mary Annabel Frances Moorsom was born on 1 Apr 1870 and was christened on 17 Apr 1870 in Buckland, Dover.

11-Muriel Henrietta Campbell Moorsom was born on 4 Apr 1872 and was christened in St. Mary Magdalen.

9-Henry Chapman¹ was born on 1 Sep 1820 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Nice, France.

Henry married Isabella Shaw, daughter of Andrew Shaw. They had one daughter: Isabell Gertrude.

10-Isabell Gertrude Chapman

9-Mary Anne Chapman¹ died on 7 Jun 1860.

Mary married Rev. Robert Gamson¹ on 14 Aug 1841 in Keswick, Cumbria. Robert died in 1899. They had six children: Harriet Anne, Emily Blanche, Arthur Frederick, Charles Robert, **Reginald Harry**, and **Mary Beatrice**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Normanton on Trent in Normanton, Derbyshire.

10-Harriet Anne Gamson was born in 1842 and was christened on 13 May 1842 in Haxey, Lincolnshire.

10-Emily Blanche Gamson was born in 1843, was christened on 29 Nov 1843 in Scotton, Lincolnshire, and died in 1924 at age 81.

Emily married William Lipscomb on 23 Apr 1878 in East Retford, Nottinghamshire. William was born on 9 Aug 1825 in Kensington, London and died on 6 Sep 1901 in Walshaw Moor, Hebden Bridge, Yorkshire at age 76. The cause of his death was Died in his shooting box on Walshaw Moor.

Noted events in his life were:

He was educated at Winchester.

10-Arthur Frederick Gamson was born on 11 Jul 1845 in Scotton, Lincolnshire, was christened on 7 Sep 1845 in Scotton, Lincolnshire, and died in 1855 in East Retford, Nottinghamshire at age 10.

10-Rev. Charles Robert Gamson was born on 15 Jan 1847 in Scotton, Lincolnshire and was christened on 22 Aug 1847 in Scotton, Lincolnshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Navy Chaplain.
- He worked as a Vicar of Normanton on Trent in Normanton, Derbyshire.

Charles married Ellen Emmeline Bennett.

10-Reginald Harry Gamson was born in 1853, was christened on 21 Mar 1853 in Scotton, Lincolnshire, and died in 1933 in Hastings, Sussex at age 80.

10-Mary Beatrice Gamson was born in 1853 in Scotton, Lincolnshire and was christened on 21 Mar 1853 in Scotton, Lincolnshire.

9-Elizabeth Chapman died on 29 Jan 1847. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Hannah Chapman

Hannah married **Edward Thompson**¹ on 15 Feb 1841. Edward died on 29 Sep 1869.

Hannah next married Maj. Oliver Day Stokes¹ on 3 Apr 1872 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Oliver was born in Mar 1811 in County Kerry, Ireland and died on 17 Mar 1897 in Lansdown House, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 86.

8-Hannah Chapman was born in 1787 and died in 1814 at age 27.

Hannah married Benjamin Flounders,¹⁰⁵ son of John Flounders and Mary Bickerdike, in 1812. Benjamin was born on 17 Jun 1768 in Crathorne, Yarm, Yorkshire and died on 19 Apr 1846 in Egglescliffe, County Durham at age 77. They had one son: John.

General Notes: Founded the Flounders Institute at Ackworth.

At the Railway Centenary in 1925 Sarah Smith (née Pickering), received tickets for the Royal enclosure, as the nearest surviving representative of Benjamin Flounders. She and her husband adopted their granddaughter Emily Elizabeth Smith, who later married Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt., as his third wife.

Benjamin had been left a legacy of £40,000 by his uncle, Gideon Bickerdike.

Benjamin Flounders was born on 17 June 1768 to a Quaker family from Yarm in Yorkshire. His father had extensive bleach fields at Crathorne and shops in Darlington. His mother was a Bickerdike of Leyburn and for some reason that has not yet been discovered, he was adopted by two Bickerdike uncles, both Glasgow merchants. In 1800, aged 32, he married Mary, the daughter of John Walker of North Shields, a ship owner and the proprietor of Wallsend Colliery. She was also a Quaker and the marriage took place at the Quaker Meeting House in north Shields. They had a daughter, Mary, born the following year. His first wife died and Benjamin was married again, to Hannah Chapman of Whitby, but she also died in 1814 after giving birth to a child who did not survive. Flounders inherited the Culmington estate from Gideon Bickerdike, who had intended leaving it to endow the Ouaker Ackworth School near Pontefract, but changed his mind and left it to Benjamin Flounders with @200,000 in 1807. Flounders himself was baptised into the Church of England in 1817, his love of field sports and port apparently having upset the Quakers. Flounders was an interesting man. In the early 1800s he was heavily involved in the development of Teeside. He was prominent in championing the scheme for improving the navigable channel of the Tees. He was also involved with the building of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, being a member of the management committee and he is featured, with a photograph of a portrait of him, in a book called The History of the First Railway, written by M. Heavisides in 1912. He is also commemorated on a plaque on Yarm Town Hall .

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Railway Pioneer.

9-John Flounders was born in 1813 and died in 1814 at age 1.

7-Robert Chapman¹ was born on 12 Oct 1762 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 10 Jan 1864 in North Aylsford, Kent at age 101.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Ship Owner.

Robert married Susannah Bovill, daughter of Benjamin Bovill. They had four children: John, Benjamin, Jane Bovill, and Susan.

8-John Chapman¹ was buried in Died Young.

8-**Rev. Benjamin Chapman**^{1,4} was born on 10 Jul 1798 and died on 29 Apr 1871 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Leatherhead in Leatherhead, Surrey.

Benjamin married Laura Maria Wilson,^{1,4} daughter of Jonathan Wilson, on 25 Sep 1832. Laura died on 8 Feb 1870. They had 12 children: Laura Mary Anna, Jane Susan, Agnes Elizabeth, Robert Graham, Arthur Drinkwater Bethune, Eleanor Georgina, Henry Mapleton, Emily Augusta, Edith Jane, Margaret Ann, Constance Idonea, and Adelaide Ellen.

9-Laura Mary Anna Chapman¹ was born in 1834 in Whistley, Cambridgeshire.

9-Jane Susan Chapman¹ was born in 1835 in Whistley, Cambridgeshire.

9-Agnes Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born in 1836 in Whistley, Cambridgeshire.

9-Robert Graham Chapman^{1,4} was born on 31 May 1837 in Leatherhead, Surrey.

9-Arthur Drinkwater Bethune Chapman⁴ was born on 16 Sep 1838 in Leatherhead, Surrey, was christened on 28 Oct 1838 in Leatherhead, Surrey, and died on 22 Aug 1929 in Tooting Common, London at age 90. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in South America.

9-Eleanor Georgina Chapman¹ was born on 28 Mar 1840 in Leatherhead, Surrey and was christened on 3 May 1840 in Leatherhead, Surrey.

Eleanor married **Joseph Roberts**.

9-Henry Mapleton Chapman⁴ was born on 9 Jul 1841 in Leatherhead, Surrey, was christened on 15 May 1842 in Leatherhead, Surrey, and died on 6 Jan 1924 in Canterbury, Kent at age 82. Henry married Anne Elizabeth Hiern.

9-Emily Augusta Chapman¹ was born on 18 Sep 1842 in Leatherhead, Surrey and was christened on 10 Oct 1842 in Leatherhead, Surrey.

9-Edith Jane Chapman¹ was born on 17 Aug 1844 in Leatherhead, Surrey and was christened on 17 Nov 1844 in Leatherhead, Surrey.

9-Margaret Ann Chapman¹ was born on 17 Dec 1845 in Leatherhead, Surrey and was christened on 18 Jan 1846 in Leatherhead, Surrey.

9-Constance Idonea Chapman¹ was born in 1848 in Leatherhead, Surrey and was christened in Leatherhead, Surrey.

9-Adelaide Ellen Chapman was born in 1849 in Leatherhead, Surrey and died on 13 Feb 1871 at age 22. She had no known marriage and no known children.

8-Jane Bovill Chapman

Jane married **Rev. Robert Hopton Smith**¹ on 23 Nov 1824 in St. Andrew Holborn, London. Robert was born in 1799 in Croydon, Surrey, was christened on 6 May 1799 in Croydon, Surrey, and died in 1829 at age 30. They had two children: **Robert Herbert** and **Charles Henry**.

9-Robert Herbert Smith was born in 1825, was christened on 30 Nov 1825 in Little Berkhamsted, Hertfordshire, and died in 1898 at age 73.

Robert married Amelia Jane Le Mesurier.

9-Charles Henry Smith was born in 1827 in Great Berkhamsted, Hertfordshire and died in 1904 at age 77.

Charles married Miriam Dowell.

Jane next married William Brown.

8-Susan Chapman

Susan married **Thomas Pugsley**.

Susan next married **Rev. John Corset**.

7-Henry Chapman¹ was born on 5 Oct 1764 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 23 Oct 1808 in Somerset at age 44, and was buried in Bathford, Bath, Somerset. He had no known marriage and no known children.

7-Thomas Chapman^{1,83} was born on 12 Feb 1766 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 26 Mar 1844 in Blackheath Park, Kent at age 78, and was buried in Norwood Cemetery, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Elsinore, Denmark.
- He had a residence in Blackheath Park, Kent.

Thomas married **Ann Cleaver**,^{1,83} daughter of **Edward Cleaver** and **Ann Banks**, on 4 Mar 1791 in Nunnington, Malton, Yorkshire. Ann was born on 27 Sep 1770 in Nunnington Hall, Malton, Yorkshire and died after 1846. They had ten children: **John, Edward, William, Thomas, Robert Cleaver, Henry Cleaver, Jane, Jane Frances, Arabella**, and **Thomas**.

8-John Chapman¹ was born on 4 Jun 1797 in Elsinore, Denmark.

John married Elizabeth Haddom¹ on 21 Sep 1831. Elizabeth died in Aug 1834. They had one daughter: Elizabeth.

9-Elizabeth Chapman¹ died on 9 Oct 1907.

Elizabeth married Vice-Admiral Sir Charles George Frederick Knowles 4th Bt.,¹ son of Sir Francis Charles Knowles 3rd Bt. and Emma Pocock, on 19 Jul 1861. The marriage ended in

divorce in 1876. Charles was born on 14 Mar 1832 and died on 3 Mar 1918 at age 85. They had five children: John St. John, Mary Boleyn, Charles Alfred Fitzgerald, (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

10-Capt. John St. John Knowles was born on 9 Jun 1862 and died on 9 Feb 1892 at age 29.

John married Edith Alwyn Baynes, daughter of Rev. Robert Hall Baynes. They had no children.

10-Mary Boleyn Knowles died on 9 Jan 1929.

Mary married Bernardino Fernandez de Velasco Duc de Frias on 16 Jul 1862. Bernardino died on 8 Dec 1916. They had one daughter: Maria Victoria.

11-Maria Victoria Fernandez de Velasco Marquesa de Frechilla died on 30 Aug 1947 in Madrid, Spain.

Mary next married Henry Arthur Joseph Tempest, son of Sir Charles Henry Tempest 1st Bt. and Cecilia Elizabeth Tichborne Hibbert, on 16 Nov 1885. Henry was born on 31 Mar 1863 and died on 18 Apr 1891 at age 28. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Broughton Hall, Yorkshire.

10-Charles Alfred Fitzgerald Knowles was born on 5 Feb 1864 and died on 19 Mar 1890 at age 26. He had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Knowles

10-Knowles

8-Edward Chapman¹ was born on 30 Aug 1798 in Elsinore, Denmark and died on 13 Jul 1820 in (Batavia), Jakarta at age 21. He had no known marriage and no known children.

8-William Chapman¹ was born on 29 Oct 1799 in Elsinore, Denmark.

8-Thomas Chapman¹ was born on 30 Jul 1801 in Elsinore, Denmark and died in Died Young.

8-Robert Cleaver Chapman¹ was born on 12 Jan 1803 in Elsinore, Denmark and died in 1901 at age 98.

General Notes: Robert Cleaver Chapman The Rich Poor Man

"Leave Robert Chapman alone; we talk about heavenly places; but he lives in them." These were the words, to a critic, of J. N. Darby, contemporary of George Muller and a leader in the Christian Brethren Movement in England, at a time when the clouds of controversy were very dark indeed.

And true it is that R. C. Chapman shines out above all parties and differences, as a man of God; loving, but uncompromising; gentle, but searching; humble, but one who spoke with authority; gifted, but utterly childlike; self-effacing, but never-to-be-forgotten.

What was his secret? In the few available accounts concerning his early Christian life, apart from his conversion, there is an utter dearth of personal testimony. The purposeful destruction of his papers leave on display the "fruit of the Spirit" dangling before us most appetizingly, but tending to keep the branch out of sight. The key to the secret of his beautiful Christian life is evident, however, for his passion was, whatever the cost, to be a Bible Christian. And that cost was the Cross of Christ.

Robert Cleaver Chapman was the son of Thomas Chapman of Whitby on the Yorkshire coast. The father was a wealthy merchant, whose family boasted an ancient coat of arms. At the time of Robert's birth, in 1803, the family was resident in Elsinore, Denmark. The lad grew up surrounded by luxury, and no one could have imagined that his mature years would be spent in a small house in a poor working-class district; and that he would be utterly dependent upon God for the supply of every temporal need.

Upon the return of the family to England, Robert's education was continued at a respectable boarding school in Yorkshire. At fifteen, he left for London where, as an apprentice clerk, he studied law. The surroundings and the daily tasks were far from congenial to an out-of-doors lad from the north. But young Chapman determined to make a success of the legal profession and, by long hours and diligent application (qualities later applied to his study of God's Word), he became an attorney at the early age of twenty.

Being a Chapman of Whitby, he was admitted into fashionable circles and often invited to select parties. His rapidly developing poise and confidence bid fair to make him a popular and much soughtafter young man in society.

However, he was not immune to thoughts of religion. He had read the Bible carefully and, convinced that it was the Word of God, endeavored to keep the law and to find salvation by good works. In a letter written to Mr. Gladstone when Chapman was ninety-one years of age, he said, "The undersigned, in his youth, sought diligently and with strong purpose, to establish his own righteousness, in hope thereby to obtain eternal life. In the eyes of all who knew him, he had become a blameless young man, and devout."

Gradually he began to see the hopelessness of obtaining God's approval in this way. "I hugged my chains," he said. "I would not - could not - hear the voice of Jesus. My cup was bitter with my guilt and the fruit of my doings. Sick was I of the world, hating it in vexation of spirit, while yet I was unable and unwilling to cast it out."

Churchman though Robert was, he accepted the invitation of a deacon of John Street Chapel to hear the eloquent and godly pastor, James Harrington Evans, a former clergyman of the Church of England. Reluctantly the young man assented, wondering what type of service was conducted by the nonconformists.

"What shall we think of him who is building his hopes of pardon, acceptance and salvation upon his own wretched and miserable doings?" queried Pastor Evans. "What shall we think of him who, instead of building on the safe and sure foundation of a crucified Saviour, is building on tears, on prayers, on almsdeeds, on religious, or rather, irreligious services; who builds his expectations of Heaven upon the ruins of God's holy law, and thinks that in order to save him, God must undeify Himself?"

"All this is sand - treacherous, yielding sand; for it is as possible for God to cease to be, as to cease to be just. 'A just God and a Saviour; there is none beside me.' An unjust God is no God, and he who tramples on His own law is no better."

As he listened to pastor Evans' message, the young lawyer felt his edifice of good works crumbling around him, and he was enabled by divine grace to trust only in the merits of his Saviour. What peace and joy flooded his heart! In his own words, "In the good and set time Thou spakest to me, saying, 'This is the rest wherewith ye may cause the weary to rest; and this is the refreshing.' And how sweet Thy words, 'Son, be of good cheer; thy sins be forgiven thee!' How precious the sight of the Lamb of God, and how glorious the robe of righteousness, hiding from the holy eyes of my Judge all my sin and pollution!"

Few could have imagined the future servant of God in the young man who ascended the pulpit steps one Sunday morning to tell, earnestly and simply, what had taken place in his life. His sky-blue, swallow-tailed coat, with large gilt buttons, marking him as a member of the fashionable set, was startling to the staid congregation. But a solemn hush settled over them, as he told of his newfound peace.

Someone has said that the first twenty-four hours of a convert's history may well determine the future quality of his Christianity. And Chapman gave immediate promise of becoming a wholehearted, other-world follower of the Lord Jesus Christ.

In his "Meditations" we read,

"The offence of the Cross hath not ceased. No sooner did I know Thee and confess Thee, than I became a stranger to the sons of Hagar, who gender only to bondage, whose child I was by nature. Thy love drew me aside from the path of the worldly, whether wicked or devout. I became an offence to those I forsook, even those of my own flesh and blood. And wherefore were they angry? Because, in taking up my Cross, I became a witness against them by me boasting only in Thee, and counting all who are of the works of the law to be under the curse." In all this opposition, Mr. Chapman was helped by the warm, spiritual atmosphere of the Chapel and the keen interest and care of the pastor whom he grew to love and even unconsciously tried to imitate in preaching, but with little success. He especially valued and drew strength from the weekly breaking of bread.

Pastor Evans had early seen the dangers of spiritual pride in his own life and now, through grace, consistently and honestly regarded himself "less than the last of all saints". Through his influence, a deep hunger to be as nothing, that he might "win Christ", took hold of young Chapman. As a result, he soon was following his lowly Master in ministering to the poor and grossly sinful. Instead of attending gay parties as previously, he spent evenings, not devoted to the study of the Bible, in reaching the destitute in the districts around Gray's Inn Lane. This only widened the gulf between him and his former friends, as well as most of his relatives.

For three years, his worldly prospects improved, and he began to practise as a solicitor on his own account. His gracious manner and keen intelligence assured him of much success. However, at twenty-nine years of age, he knew God was calling him to sell all his possessions, give away his private fortune and devote his entire time to His service. He accepted an invitation to become the pastor of a Strict Baptist Chapel in Barnstable, Devon. Upon his arrival, he secured temporary lodging in a humble house on a side street. Later he rented one in New Buildings, not far from the chapel, but just over the wall from a tannery, which emitted the most disagreeable odours.

A relative of Chapman's, in fact, the only one who deigned to visit him in this place, hired a cab to take him there. When dropped off at Number 6, he assured the cabman there must be a mistake, for this could not possibly be the home of Robert Chapman!

But, when converted, Chapman had realized that pride was his besetting sin. So, in his hatred of that evil principle, in the very town where he had once driven with relatives in a carriage with coachmen and footmen, he chose to live in a workingman's cottage on a side street. "My pride never got over it," he once admitted.

He most solemnly remarked at one time that it was a pity there were so few D.D.'s

"Surely not!" returned a somewhat shocked brother.

"Yes," was the reply. "We want more people in Psalm 119:25, 'Down in the dust'. Then we would also have more quickened, 'according to thy word'."

The young bachelor, persuaded that God wanted his small home to be a "guest house" for Christian people, threw the doors wide open to any who came. And when, for a period of time, none appeared, he "prayed" them in. The questions of room never worried him in the least, and his observation was, "The Lord takes care of that." And He surely did, for none ever were turned away. Chapman took upon himself to polish the boots and shoes of his guests. When some protested, he insisted that Jesus taught us to wash the saints' feet; that in modern civilization the nearest approach to obedience to that command was to black their boots.

Such became the reputation of the presence and outflowing of love in his humble cottage that a letter from abroad addressed to R. C. Chapman, University of Love, England, actually was delivered to his door.

An American guest, who took a short "course" at this institution of heavenly learning, wrote of Chapman's rising at three-thirty in the morning, of his spending the entire forenoon in prayer and Bible study, interspersed necessarily with the preparation of breakfast, lighting of fires and other household tasks.

His host's combination of authority and humility was most amazing, and it seemed that Mr. Chapman expounded the Scriptures almost as an oracle. And yet, when he accompanied his guest to the station, he hung on his every word, as though he could not afford to miss anything that would give further spiritual enlightenment.

Chapman's communion and fellowship with God were most intimate. "When I bow to God, God stoops to me," he declared. Again, "As the father and child do all they can to please each other, so I do all I can to please God, and God does all He can to please me."

He was told of a "perfectionist" who said he had reverted to the state of Adam, born without sin and with only the possibility, in an unguarded moment, of wrongdoing. "Adam's state!" he exclaimed with vehemence. "Back to Adam's state! I would not change places with Adam before the Fall for a hundred thousand worlds." Chapman cultivated the grace of brotherly love. His one friendly relative, while visiting him, looked into his larder and asked if he might obtain some groceries for him. Chapman consented on condition

that he purchase them from a certain shopkeeper, whom he named. This merchant, gratified by the largeness of the order, was discomfited and totally incredulous when told it was to be delivered to Chapman, whom he detested. After delivering the groceries, this man, who had formerly made Chapman the target of his abuse, was discovered prostrate on his face before the man of God in tears, begging forgiveness.

When told of the fault of another, Chapman was wont to say, "Let us go to our brother and tell him of this." One day, a member of the Chapel called on him, expressing distress at the conduct of a certain sister. He listened and, as she concluded her grievances, retired from the room for a few minutes. Returning with his overcoat and Bible, he remarked, "I'm going now." "But, Mr. Chapman, I came for your advice."

"I will give it," was his reply, "when you come with me to call on the sister. You see, I never judge by appearance but must always hear both sides." Most reluctantly the visitor accompanied him, but after the three had conversed awhile, in a most humble manner, she confessed her lack of charity.

When anyone in his presence criticized the public address of a speaker, his reaction was, "Let us tell him so"; at the same time rising from his chair. This attitude, in a very effective way, dampened further criticism. Thus did his parishioners understand his hatred of talebearing.

On another occasion, when he was calling from house to house with one of his church members, he met a woman who felt it her duty to give him a most severe tongue-lashing. He listened for a while, with no comment. Then he called to his colleague across the street, "Dear brother, listen to this sister, she is telling me all that is in her heart." Needless to say, the stream of vituperation dried up at once.

God granted a long and useful life to His servant. He preached his last sermon just before his ninety-eighth birthday. At the ripe old age of ninety-nine years, Robert Chapman passed away with the words upon his lips, "The peace of God, which passeth all understanding."

Doubtless the treasury of Christian literature is the poorer because Robert Chapman, in a spirit of self-abnegation, destroyed most of his papers. However, from the limited supply available, the few we do include reveal the character of the man.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Lawyer.

8-Henry Cleaver Chapman^{1,4} was born on 3 Jan 1805 in Elsinore, Denmark and died in 1885 in Oswestry, Shropshire at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Merchant in 1837 in Shaw Street, Everton, Liverpool.

• He had a residence in Tattenhall, Cheshire.

Henry married Sarah Taylor, daughter of James M. Taylor. They had nine children: Thomas Henry, Arthur Edward, Mary Anne, Florence, Henrietta Cleaver, Julia, Jane Gertrude, Edith Cleaver, and Arabella Frances.

9-Thomas Henry Chapman^{1,4} was born on 18 Apr 1837 and was christened on 17 May 1837 in St. Augustine's, Everton, Liverpool.

General Notes: Also given as Timothy

9-Arthur Edward Chapman^{1,4} was born on 2 Oct 1844.

9-Mary Anne Chapman

9-Florence Chapman

Florence married Capt. James Bell Hibbert Tate on 12 Nov 1863. James died on 16 Apr 1866. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an officer of the West Yorkshire Militia.

9-Henrietta Cleaver Chapman¹ was born in 1841 in Liverpool, was christened on 27 Aug 1841 in Oldham, Lancashire, and died on 4 Aug 1928 in Buxton, Derbyshire at age 87. Henrietta married Joseph Corbett Lowe¹ on 3 Aug 1859 in Liverpool. Joseph was born on 2 Feb 1821 in Liverpool and died on 5 May 1873 in Liverpool at age 52. They had no children.

9-Julia Chapman¹ was born on 7 Feb 1843 in Liverpool and was christened on 26 May 1847 in Bowdon Church, Bowdon, Cheshire.

9-Jane Gertrude Chapman¹ was born on 25 Jul 1846 in Liverpool and was christened on 26 May 1847 in Bowdon Church, Bowdon, Cheshire.

9-Edith Cleaver Chapman¹ was born on 1 Sep 1848 in Liverpool, was christened on 23 May 1849 in St. Andrew's, Liverpool, and died on 13 Apr 1894 at age 45. Edith married Davison Brown,¹ son of Stewart Brown, on 17 Feb 1870. Davison was born in 1835 and died on 19 Jan 1917 in New York, New York, USA at age 82. They had five children: Sarah Chapman, Davison, Arthur Chapman, Percival Taylor, and Henry Cleaver.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in New York, New York, USA.

10-Sarah Chapman Brown was born on 25 May 1871 and died on 30 May 1871.

10-Davison Brown was born on 8 Oct 1873 and died in 1937 at age 64.

Davison married Helen Warman.

10-Arthur Chapman Brown was born on 17 Aug 1876 in New York, New York, USA and died on 15 Aug 1877 in New York, New York, USA.

10-Percival Taylor Brown was born on 18 Oct 1877 in New York, New York, USA and died on 13 Jul 1878 in New York, New York, USA.

10-Henry Cleaver Brown was born on 16 Aug 1878 in New York, New York, USA and died on 10 Aug 1958 in Staten Island, New York, N.Y., USA at age 79.

9-Arabella Frances Chapman was born in 1852 and was christened on 22 Jan 1852 in St. Andrew's, Liverpool.

- **8-Jane Chapman**
- **8-Jane Frances Chapman**

8-Arabella Chapman

8-Thomas Chapman¹ was born on 30 Jul 1813 in Elsinore, Denmark and died on 18 Aug 1834 at age 21. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Exeter College, Oxford.

7-Jonathan Chapman¹ was born on 30 Sep 1767 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 14 Nov 1846 in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 79, and was buried in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Tooting Common, London.

Jonathan married Mary Ann Taylor, daughter of Robert Taylor.

7-Edward Chapman^{1,7,11,106} was born on 1 Sep 1769 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 22 Jan 1836 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 66, and was buried in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire. The cause of his death was As a result of an accident on the 20th January 1836.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL (North Riding of Yorkshire).
- He worked as a Sheriff of Newcastle in Oct 1834.
- Death Notice: The Times, 26 Jan 1836.

8-Jane Chapman¹ was born on 18 Dec 1796 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 18 Mar 1826 at age 29.

- 9-Abel Chapman¹ was born on 23 Mar 1817 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1885 at age 68.
 - 10-Constance Jane Chapman¹ was born in 1848.
 - 10-Elizabeth Rachel Chapman¹ was born in 1850.
 - 10-Helena Margaret Chapman¹ was born in 1852.
 - 10-Hannah Edith Chapman^{1,7,11,110} was born in 1854.
- 9-Martha Holt Chapman¹¹ was born in 1818 in Northumberland, was christened on 20 May 1818 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and died on 22 Jan 1863 in Naples, Italy at age 45.
 - 10-Dorothy Mary Neville-Rolfe was born in 1844 and died in 1931 at age 87.
 - 10-Eustace Neville-Rolfe¹¹ was born on 8 Aug 1845 in Heacham Hall, Norfolk and died on 15 Dec 1908 in Naples, Italy at age 63.
 - Noted events in his life were:
 - He worked as a British Consul General in Naples, Italy.
 - 11-Amy Neville-Rolfe¹¹ was born in 1868 and died in 1964 at age 96.
 - 11-Ivy Neville-Rolfe
 - 11-Dorothy Neville-Rolfe^{11,114} was born in 1873.
 - 12-Richard Valentine Holme^{114,115} was born on 20 Apr 1908 in Malta and died on 16 Jan 1980 in Zimbabwe at age 71.
 - Noted events in his life were:
 - He worked as an Agricutural Scientist.
 - 13-Richard Rolfe Holme
 - 14-**Holme**
 - 14-**Holme**
 - 14-**Holme**
 - 14-**Holme**
 - 14-**Holme**
 - 13-Virginia Valentine Holme
 - 13-Frances Elizabeth Holme¹¹⁵ was born on 11 Feb 1942 and died on 5 Jan 2002 at age 59.
 - 14-Robert Frederick Milbank
 - 14-Henry Mark Thomas Milbank
 - **14-Jack Patrick Milbank**

13-Catherine Roberta Holme

10-Ernest Neville-Rolfe was born in 1847 and died in 1909 at age 62.

10-Harriet Jane Neville-Rolfe was born in 1850 and died in 1928 at age 78.

10-Charles William Neville-Rolfe was born in 1851 and died in 1932 at age 81.

11-Randolph Neville-Rolfe was born in 1889 and died on 28 Nov 1964 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea and Rubber palnter in Ceylon.

12-Maj. Charles Babington Neville-Rolfe was born on 15 Dec 1916 and died on 8 Feb 2009 at age 92.

12-Joan Neville-Rolfe was born in 1919.

- 12-Daphne Neville-Rolfe
- 12-Hazel Neville-Rolfe
- 12-Randolph Neville-Rolfe

11-Clive Neville-Rolfe was born in 1884.

10-Herbert Neville-Rolfe was born in 1854 and died in 1942 at age 88.

10-Alfred Neville-Rolfe was born in 1857 and died in 1896 at age 39.

10-Arthur Neville-Rolfe was born in 1858 and died in 1887 at age 29.

10-Margaret Neville-Rolfe was born in 1863 and died in 1946 at age 83.

9-Rev. Edward John Chapman¹ was born on 22 Apr 1819 and died on 2 Nov 1869 at age 50. He had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Capt. William Daniel Chapman^{1,109} was born on 17 Jan 1826 and died on 10 Nov 1911 at age 85.

10-Gordon Graham Chapman¹ was born on 5 May 1848, was christened on 9 Jul 1848 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, and died on 15 Feb 1872 in Medway, Kent at age 23.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1871 in Gillingham, Kent.

10-William Chapman¹ was born on 21 Apr 1850 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, was christened on 26 Feb 1855 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, and died on 27 Feb 1855 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk at age 4. 10-Montague Jasper Chapman¹ was born on 16 Sep 1852 in India, was christened on 6 May 1855 in Heigham, Norfolk, died on 24 Dec 1935 in Seattle, King County, Washington, USA at age

83, and was buried in Pullman City Cemetery, Whitman County, Washington, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to America.

• He worked as a Securities and Real Estate agent in Pullman, Whitman County, Washington, USA.

11-Montague Reynolds Chapman was born on 20 Oct 1888 in Plymouth County, Iowa, USA, died in 1895 in Pullman, Whitman County, Washington, USA at age 7, and was buried in Pullman City Cemetery, Whitman County, Washington, USA.

10-**Rev. Theodore Charles Chapman**¹ was born on 17 Jan 1856 in Nagpur, Maharashtra, India, died on 11 Dec 1932 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 76, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Christ Church in Laxey, Isle of Man.
- He worked as a Rector of Maidstone in Maidstone, Kent.
- He had a residence in 24 Canynge Square, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

11-Capt. Gordon Humphrey Chapman was born on 7 Jun 1882 in The Parsonage, Laxey, Isle of Man, died on 9 Mar 1916 in Iraq. Killed in action at age 33, and was buried in Amara War Cemetery, Iraq. Grave XIX.D.2.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

12-Elizabeth L. Chapman was born in 1914 in Conway, Caernavonshire, Wales.

11-Capt. Perceval Christian Chapman was born on 10 Mar 1884 in The Parsonage, Laxey, Isle of Man, was christened on 27 Apr 1884 in Christ Church, Laxey, Isle of Man, died on 1 May 1915 at age 31, and was buried in Alexandria (Chatby) Military Cemetery, Egypt. Grave J.3.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

11-Capt. Theodore Victor Chapman was born in 1897 in Barton Regis, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 12 May 1917 in Arras, France. Killed in action at age 20, and was buried in Arras Memorial, Bay 2.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment).

11-Patrick Bertram Keith Chapman was born on 17 Feb 1889 in Lowestoft, Suffolk, died on 11 Sep 1892 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 3, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

11-Capt. Alex Colin Chapman RN was born on 15 Sep 1897 in Barton Regis, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 Sep 1970 in Ravelston, The Marina, Deal, Kent at age 72.

General Notes: 09.1910 entered RN (08.1923) no appointment listed 27.09.1923-(01.1925) qualifying for gunnery duties, HMS Excellent (gunnery school, Portsmouth) Gunnery Officer, HMS Adventure 07.07.1926-(07.1927) 28.06.1929-(08.1929) RN Barracks, Portsmouth [HMS Victory] 21.12.1929-(04.1930) HMS Excellent (gunnery school, Portsmouth) Gunnery Officer, HMS Revenge (battleship) (Mediterranean) 25.10.1930-(02.1931) 12.01.1932-(09.1932) staff course, RN Staff College, Greenwich [HMS President] 22.12.1933-(02.1936) Squadron Gunnery Officer, 1st Battle Squadron [HMS Revenge (battleship), later (1936) HMS Valiant (battleship)] (Mediterranean) Commanding Officer, HMS Fleetwood (escort vessel) (Home Fleet) 17.11.1936-(07.1937)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Osborne.
- He was educated at Dartmouth.
- He worked as a Captain of the Fleet, Home Fleet.
- He worked as a Director of Gunnery and Anti-Aircraft Warfare Division, Admiralty.
- He worked as a Head of Naval Branch Combined Services Division, Berlin.
- He worked as a Naval ADC to the King.

10-Rev. Canon Percy Hugh Chapman¹ was born on 13 Apr 1866 in Wanstead, Essex and died in 1953 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at The Grammar School in Felsted, Essex.

11-Winifred Margaret Chapman was born on 28 Jan 1900 in Bareilly, Bengal, India and was christened on 14 Feb 1900 in Bareilly, Bengal, India.

11-Janet Marion Chapman

11-Kenneth Hugh Chapman was born on 22 Oct 1909 in Bareilly, Bengal, India and was christened on 20 Nov 1909 in Bareilly, Bengal, India.

10-Aubrey Bertram Chapman¹ was born on 31 Aug 1869 in Wanstead, Essex and died in 1916 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 47.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1911 in Lipwood, Windermere, Cumbria.

10-William Daniel Chapman¹ was born on 27 Mar 1871 and died in 1871 in Kensington, London.

10-Hubert Chapman¹ was born on 28 Jul 1872 and died on 13 Sep 1872.

9-Margaret Rebecca Chapman died on 24 Apr 1851.

10-Emma Jane Rawlinson was born in 1849 in Burnwell Rectory, Norfolk.

10-Abraham Edmund Rolfe Rawlinson was born in 1851 in Burnwell Rectory, Norfolk and was christened on 31 Aug 1851 in Sedgeford, Norfolk.

8-Thomas Chapman^{1,106} was born on 21 Jun 1798 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 10 Dec 1885 in 25 Bryanston Square, Westminster, London at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL FRS FSA.
- Miscellaneous: His birth is clearly noted in the registers of the Whitby MM.
- He had a residence in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a partner in John Chapman & Co., merchant shipowners. In Leadenhall Street, London.
- He worked as a Chairman of Lloyds Registry of Shipping in 1835-1881 in London.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution in 1873.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Royal National Institution for the Preservation of Life from Shipwreck.
- He worked as a Vice-President of the Institution of Naval Architects.
- He had a residence in 25 Bryanston Square, Westminster, London.
- Miscellaneous: He bore the same arms as were use by his uncle Aaron Chapman MP.

9-Ethel Maria Chapman¹ was born on 16 Dec 1846.

10-Gwendolen Ethel Noel died in 1892.

10-Hilda Mary Noel died on 25 Nov 1919.

10-Margaret Eugenia Noel died on 20 Dec 1963.

11-Capt. Reginald Noel Hankey RN was born on 12 Jan 1915 in Steyning, West Sussex and died on 26 Jan 1990 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSC.
- He worked as a Royal Naval officer.

12-Charles Peter Hankey was born on 4 Dec 1941 in Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 23 Sep 2008 in Brussels, Belgium at age 66.

13-Brian N. Hankey

10-Inula Edith Noel died on 19 Apr 1916.

10-Baptist Wriothesley Leland Noel was born on 9 Aug 1875 and died on 9 Jun 1891 at age 15.

10-Evan Baillie Noel was born on 23 Jan 1879 and died on 22 Dec 1928 at age 49.

11-Elizabeth Margaret Noel was born on 16 Nov 1907 and died on 30 Mar 1923 at age 15.

11-Susan Diana Barham Noel was born on 8 Jun 1912 and died in Oct 1991 at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an International Squash and Tennis Player.

11-Capt. Gerard Baptist Noel was born on 27 Nov 1915, died on 30 Mar 1943 in Addington Hospital, Durban, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa at age 27, and was buried in Durban (Stellawood) Cemetery, Kwazulu Natal, South Africa. Grave F.338.

General Notes: 'Nolly' Noel was the only son of Evan Baillie Noel (E1892-1898) and Martha Deane Noel, daughter of R. Deane Sweeting MD, amateur Rackets champion, who was Secretary at Queen's Club; as a result, Gerard and his sister Susan had every opportunity of becoming proficient at ball games. The family home was 17 Solent Road, Hill Head, Fareham, Hampshire. He was entered at birth for Morshead's and the MCC, and came to Mr. R.L.G. Irving's House in Common Time 1929. He was a valuable member of Commoner VI in 1932 and 1933. In 1934 he was Captain of "Princes" and did much to win Hawkins Cup for his House.

He went up to Magdalene College, Cambridge, in 1934, and took Honours in History in 1937. He played in the winning University Squash Rackets team against Oxford. Although he failed to reach Championship standard for men at Squash, he could always beat his sister, who was at that time in a class by herself amongst ladies, and, until she retired, always won the Ladies Amateur Championship.

On leaving Cambridge he went into the coal firm of Charrington, Lockhart & Gardner.,

On the outbreak of war his Territorial unit, 35 (1st Surrey Rifles), Anti-Aircraft Battalion RE (TA), were mobilized although the following couple of years saw them re-designated several times. In March 1942 the unit re-roled yet again, this time becoming 129 (1st Surrey Rifles) Light Anti-Aircraft Regiment RA.

Noel sailed for South Africa on February 21st 1943 – though the Surrey Rifles appear to have stayed in England – and died in Addington Hospital, Durban, on March 30th. He was twentyseven years of age. He is buried in grave F.338 of the Durban (Stellawood) Cemetery.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.
- He was educated at Winchester.

10-Cicely Jane Noel was born in 1885 and died on 8 Jul 1975 at age 90.

8-Esther Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 8 Sep 1800 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Capt. Edward Chapman Clayton was born on 25 Oct 1837 in Benwell Hall, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 22 Dec 1935 in Cottesmore Grange, Oakham, Rutland at age 98.

General Notes: Mr E. C. Clayton, "Uncle" as he was known wherever there was racing or hunting, died on Sunday at Cottesmore Grange, Oakham, Rutland, at the age of 98. He had been a frequent contributor to sporting papers and magazines on current sporting matters. Edward Chapman Clayton was born on October 25, 1837, and was the eldest son of the late Mr Clayton Clayton, D.L., of Bradford Abbas, Dorset. He was educated at Radley and at Harrow (H.B.). From school he went up to University College, Oxford, where he graduated in 1860. He was a typical country gentleman of the old school, and devoted his time to his estates, to hunting, and to other country pursuits, and to racing. He rode to hounds for 80 years. Soon after he came down from Oxford he began racing, and it was as long ago as 1867, the year Hermit won the Derby for Mr Chaplin, that Mr Clayton won his first important race, the Cambridgeshire, with Lozenge. Lozenge ran a dead-heat with Wolsey, and Mr Clayton refused to divide the stakes and insisted that the dead-heat should be run off. Lozenge beat Wolsey in the second race. Clayton was a keen amateur rider and steered many good winners at the old-fashioned Croxton Park meetings. The finest steeplechaser he ever owned was Zoedone, who carried his colours into third place behind Seaman and Cyrus in the Grand National of 1882. It was a stroke of bad luck for him that he sold Zoedone, for ú1,000 to Count Kinsky, for, in the next year, the mare carried her owner to victory in the great Aintree steeplechase. Perhaps Clayton will be best remembered by the older generation of present-day race-goers for his management of the horses of the second Lord Penrhyn when they were trained at Exton Park, Rutland. To the end his heart was always with horses and hunting, and although confined to his room he loved to watch the Cottesmore Hunt pass his window. It became a tradition for the hounds to be taken up the long drive to Cottesmore Grange so that he could see them before the day's sport began. He was a member of the Jockey Club, of which he was a steward, and the club named a race after him at Newmarket. He never missed a meeting at Newmarket from 1862 until the middle of the War years. At the Grange his famous memories were perpetuated in pictures. One of which he was very proud hung in the hall and showed him in King Edward's company at Doncaster. He had, of course, a picture of Lozenge. In addition to his many pictures there were in the house his trophies, which included whips, crops, and old sticks. Mr Clayton married first, in 1860, Charlotte Diana, daughter of the late Mr Thomas Tyrwhitt Drake, of Shardeloes, Amersham. She died in 1916. In 1920 he married, secondly, Rosia, daughter of Colonel Anstruther Thomson, of Charleton, Fife, and widow of Colonel Burn, 18th Hussars. The Times 24 Dec 1935 Death of Mr E. C. Clayton: Hunting and the Turf

Noted events in his life were:

• His obituary was published in The Times on 24 Dec 1935.

10-Lieut. Greville William Clayton was born in 1868 and died between 1914 and 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Bucks Hussars.
- Miscellaneous: He is commemorated in St. Mary's Church, Ashwell, Rutland.

9-Louisa Clayton was born in 1845 in Stella Hall, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 1 Feb 1931 in 3 Somerville Gardens, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 86. She had no known

marriage and no known children.

9-Emma Clayton

10-Eva Emma Huntley was born in Gatehouse of Fleet and died on 31 Dec 1935.

8-Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born on 15 Mar 1802 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 20 Mar 1851 at age 49, and was buried in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Margaret Anne Taylor

10-Emily Idonea Sophia Le Marchant was born in 1842, was christened on 27 Aug 1842 in St. Margaret's, Rochester, Kent, and died on 17 Mar 1866 at age 24. The cause of her death was Complications following childbirth.

11-John Gaspard le Marchant Romilly 3rd Baron Romilly was born on 1 Mar 1866 in Kensington, London and died on 23 Jun 1905 in 77 Harley Street, London at age 39.

12-William Gaspard Guy Romilly 4th Baron Romilly was born on 8 Mar 1899 and died on 29 Jun 1983 at age 84.

10-Blanche Maud Margaret Le Marchant was born on 13 Jun 1848 in St. John's, Newfoundland, Canada.

10-Clementina Mary Meysey Le Marchant was born on 29 Sep 1850 in St. John's, Newfoundland, Canada.

11-Theodosia Margaret Hilda Acheson was born on 5 Feb 1870 and died on 14 May 1954 at age 84.

11-Edith Maude Acheson was born on 2 Mar 1871 and died on 1 Oct 1960 at age 89.

11-Norah Sybelle Acheson was born in 1874 and died on 24 Feb 1957 at age 83.

11-Gladys Acheson was born on 5 Dec 1875 and died on 13 Jul 1975 at age 99.

9-Mary Emily Taylor

10-Capt. Frederick Watkins Barlow was christened on 29 Aug 1840 in Neston, Cheshire and died on 8 Jan 1918 at age 77.

General Notes: CAPTAIN F. W. BARLOW. Frederick Watkins Barlow was the son of Captain Barlow who died while serving in the Regiment, and he was the rank of Captain in 1872, and went to Bermuda with the 1st Battalion in 1873. With the 2nd Battalion he served in China, Japan, and South Africa. Captain Barlow loved his Regiment and with him esprit de corps was second nature. This he carried through life. In all that concerned the Regiment, he had the greatest interest. As late as August, 1917, he wrote to the Editor :-- "I must send you a line of sincere admiration for the ANNUAL, which is most interesting and so well illustrated. I am especially proud to read of the new Battalions' good work, and hope in the future to hear a good deal more when the Censor is no longer wanted. No praise could be too high for the Officers who raised and drilled so many battalions - all made to one perfect model." On behalf of the Regiment his activities were many. With a small handprinting press he printed and put in private circulation a brochure of the history of the Regiment. For many years, with the exception of Cannon's, it was the only printed work on the Regiment. His artistic stamp furniture- at the Military Exhibition of 1890 drew special attention to the Regimental stall. By the Personal Command of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, he made for her a table, the ornamentation design of the top of which took 20,000 stamps. His illness was a short one, and the end was hastened by the death of his daughter, who died of pneumonia on the 27th December, 1917, and her father's following on the 8th January, 1918, in his seventy-seventh year. He was buried at Brooklands. Always generous, throughout his life it gave him pleasure - to help anyone, and unto the last he was bright, cheery, and uncomplaining.

Mrs Muriel Macey, Africana Librarian at the Kimberley Public Library, has sent us thus entertaining note on one of the earliest printing enterprises in Natal. "Lt. Frederick Watkins Barlow of the XX Regiment 2nd Battalion, singlehandedly ran the Mmden Press, at Pletermantzburg and the Kimberley Public Library has a copy of one of the products, a curious little book, Orders, memoirs, anecdotes etc. connected with the XX Regiment.

It appeared in 1868 and the proud printer tallied the letters (70 209) and sheets (3 700) used during the 48 days he laboured to print the 100 copies and added these facts by means of a prettily-printed label to the end paper. He showed great inventiveness in the get-up as can be seen from the title page of which the names of battlefields of the Regiment are decoratively arranged. The Battle of Minden was fought and won on 1st August 1759 in Hanover on the River Weser against the French and the name was used for the Press. His printed programmes for the weekly Military Band concerts in Maritzburg caught the eye of the Natal Mercury in May 1869 and they were highly praised for their ingenuity and the skill displayed by the printer. They came out in fancy shapes, squares, hearts, stars or rings with neat borders and, said the Mercury, "they need to be seen ... for the varied results produced by the arrangement of type in almost every possible manner, to be thoroughly appreciated."

Among our collection of Natal pamphlets are three programmes for Amateur theatricals put on by the 2nd Batt XX Regiment in Maritzburg on 8 and 10 April 1869 which could have been printed by Barlow but which have no imprint. They do have a delightful footnote, though: "In case the evening of performances should turn out wet a gun will be fired ... at Fort Napier at 6 on that and every succeeding evening until weather turns favourable."

Miss E. Talbot Rice of the National Army l/luseum thinks it unlikely that the press was more than a hobby as she can find no record of a Regimental press so early and I feel sure she's right. He would have had at least two assistants (vide N. Parkinson) if it had been official'

It was a member of the Regiment. Maj. G.E. Francis, who financed the first Natal party to search for diamonds on the Vaal but he himself was not among them as he had had to sail with the Regiment to Mauritius in June 1870. They returned to the Cape for a while in 1871 and he visited his party on the fields which by then had done very well. They were in fact the first to dig, as opposed to searching the surface for stones.

Apart from Bariow's promotion to Captain in January 1873 and his retirement in March 1874, nothing else on him has been traced by mc."

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 1st and then 2nd Battalions, the Lancashire Fusiliers.
- He worked as an officer of the 20th Regiment of Foot (East Devonshire).
- His obituary was published in The Lancashire Fusiliers Annual in 1917.
- He worked as a Publisher of Military related texts.

11-Lilian E. Barlow was born in 1878 in Marylebone, London.

11-Sybil Constance Barlow was born in Apr 1879 in Marylebone, London, was christened on 29 Jun 1879 in St. Paul's, Hampstead, London, and died on 27 Dec 1917 at age 38. The cause of her death was Pneumonia.

12-Violet Elsa Michell was born on 2 Oct 1903 in Worthing, Sussex and died in 1978 in Claro Registration District, Yorkshire at age 75.

12-Monica Mary Michell was born in 1908 in Worthing and died in 1984 at age 76.

8-Isabella Margaret Chapman¹ was born on 23 Mar 1804 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 9 Aug 1804.

8-John Mellar Chapman^{1,4,116} was born on 21 Jun 1805 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1876 at age 71.

General Notes: According to the Newcastle Courant of 20 Jun 1845 (issue 8898) he held a Patent for improvements in the manufacture of rails and other parts of railways.

Addendum and Corrigendum: John Mellar Chapman. From Guy Roberts 4/4/2013

(Notes from A History of Banks, Bankers and Banking in Northumberland, Durham and North Yorkshire, by Maberly Phillips, pub Effingham & Co, 1894) In a previous document it was stated that John Mellar Chapman was a co-partner and manager of the Newcastle Union Joint Stock Bank from 1826 to 1838. This has an element of truth, but is incorrect in some details. John Mellar Chapman began work in about 1826 with the North and South Shields Bank. This bank had been founded in 1818 by John's father, Edward Chapman, together with William Chapman (of Dockwray Square, North Shields...not immediately identifiable among relatives) and Charles Spence. The bank successfully survived a run in 1828, caused by their London agents refusing to pay on drafts. The agreement was re-formed in 1833, at which time John Mellor Chapman was brought in as a co-partner, as was Frederick Chapman, the brother of William. It became known as Chapman & Co. Frederick left the bank in 1835. On 20 January 1836, John's father Edward Chapman had an accident that resulted in his death on 22 January. Maberly Phillips book quotes a York newspaper of the time describing the accident

"The death of this much respected Gentleman was occasioned by his accidentally falling from the deck of the 'Camden', a family ship, the repairs of which he was superintending, into the hold, a depth of 22 feet, and although medical assistance was promptly procured, yet it was found unavailing to repair the injuries he had received, and after lingering in great pain from Wednesday until Friday, his spirit returned to the God who gave it."

This probably was the direct cause of the bank converting to a joint stock bank in June 1836, trading under the name of Newcastle, Shields and Sunderland Union Joint Stock Bank. As well as being a major shareholder, John Mellar Chapman was employed as manager of the Newcastle Branch. Other Chapman shareholders included William Chapman and Abel Chapman of Newcastle, and Edward H, Edward W and Thomas Chapman of London.

In 1838 John Mellar Chapman stepped down as manager of the Newcastle Branch, but stayed on with a reduced salary and made himself available to give personal services. The report of July 1847 still lists John Mellar Chapman as a director of the Newcastle Branch. However, there were general financial problems in the country during that year, with several banks closing. The Union Bank shut its doors in October of that year. A plan to re-open was drawn up and the North and South Shields branches

were re-opened in late 1848, followed by the Newcastle Branch in early 1849. At this time, John Mellar Chapman is no longer listed as a director. The financial problems persisted and the company ceased trading in 1853. After another faltering attempt to restart the bank, it was eventually sold in early 1857 to a private bank called Woods, Parker

& Co.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse in 1819-1821.
- He worked as a Manager and co-Partner. Newcastle Union Joint Stock Bank in 1826-1838.
- He worked as a Sheriff of Newcastle on 6 Oct 1834 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He had a residence in Unsworth Place, County Durham.
- He worked as a partner in John Chapman & Co., merchant shipowners. In Leadenhall Street, London.
- He had a residence in Arundel Place, Kemp Town, Brighton, East Sussex.
- He had a residence in 1875 in Kensington, London.

9-Lieut. Edward Chapman^{1,116} was born on 26 Feb 1833 in Usworth, County Durham and died on 24 Apr 1862 at age 29. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 14th Regiment, Bengal Native Infantry in Bengal, India.

9-Catherine Chapman^{1,116} was born on 3 Oct 1834, was christened on 14 Apr 1835 in Gateshead, County Durham, and died about 1919 about age 85.

General Notes: In the 1841 census Catherine is living with her parents at Front Street, Tynemouth, aged 7. In the 1851 census she is aged 16 and living in St Hilda's Terrace, Whitby with her uncle and aunt, John and Mary Chapman. It is believed that this is Mary Chapman, her father's younger sister, who married a distant relative called John Chapman. In the 1861 census she is living with her parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bersted, Bognor, aged 26. In 1871 she is living with her parents at 14 Redcliffe Road, Kensington, aged 34 (sic). In 1881 she is living with her widowed mother at 13 Essex Villas, Kensington, aged 46. In 1891 she is living with her widowed mother at 21 Montague Road, Richmond, Surrey, aged 57. She has not been found in the 1901 census, but in 1911 she is living at 21, Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington, aged 75. She appears to be sharing a house with several spinsters and widows, who are paying her rent. In addition there are two visitors to the household, Kate Marion Bearton and Sophia Mary Cleaver. She is believed to have died aged 85 in 1919.

9-Henry Parker Chapman^{1,116} was born on 4 Mar 1836 in Usworth, County Durham, was christened on 11 Jul 1836 in Gateshead, County Durham, and died on 9 Sep 1881 in Llano, Llano County, Texas, USA at age 45.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ensign of the 38th Foot.
- He emigrated New Zealand in 1864.
- He worked as a member of the Patea Bush Rangers.
- He worked as a member of the 4th Division, Armed Constabulary in New Zealand.
- He worked as a Police officer in 1871 in Queenstown, New Zealand.

9-Herbert Chapman^{1,116} was born on 31 Jul 1837 in Usworth, County Durham.

General Notes: Born 1837 (estimated from census returns). In 1841 he is living with his parents on Front Street, Tynemouth, aged 4. In 1851 he is at school in Lewisham, Kent, along with his brothers Reginald and Arthur. In 1871 he is living with his parents at 14 Redcliffe Road, Kensington, aged 33, unmarried and living off investment income. No records have been found after this date.

9-Caroline Chapman^{1,44,63,116} was born on 15 Dec 1838 in Usworth, County Durham, was christened on 15 Aug 1839 in St. Andrew's Church, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and died on 19 Mar 1924 in Wellington, Somerset at age 85.

General Notes: Born on the 15 Dec 1838 at Usworth, County Durham. Baptised 15 Aug 1839 at St Andrew's Church, Newcastle. In 1841 she is living with her parents on Front Street, Tynemouth,

aged 2. In 1851 she is living with her parents at 9 Lansdowne Place, Hove. In 1861 she is living with her parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bersted, Bognor.

10-Charles Leslie Fox⁴⁴ was born on 24 Jun 1865 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 4 Sep 1933 in Biggar Hospital, Biggar, Lanarkshire at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He had a residence in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset.

11-Beatrice Evelyn Leslie Fox⁴⁴ was born on 8 Mar 1898 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 30 Jan 1959 in Kingston St. Mary, Taunton, Somerset at age 60.

12-Peter Gurney Allen Bucknall was born on 7 Jun 1926 in Henlow and died on 8 Oct 2017 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Film Producer.

13-Caroline Gurney Bucknall

14-Caspar Bucknall

- **13-Julian Gurney Bucknall**
- 13-Letitia Gurney Bucknall

11-Hilda Violet Leslie Fox⁴⁴ was born on 31 Jul 1902 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 22 Apr 1945 in Bicknoller, Somerset at age 42.

12-Diana Patricia Selina Cole-Hamilton

13-Joanna Margaret Randle Ford

13-Jonathan Hugo Ford

14-Toby Jonathan Ford

10-Lt. Col. Reginald Wilson Fox^{44,63} was born on 1 Nov 1866 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 8 Mar 1916 in Dujailah, Nahr, Iraq. Killed In Action. at age 49, and was buried in Basra Memorial, Iraq.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Clare College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a JP for Devon.
- He worked as an officer of the 5th Battalion Devon Regiment.
- He had a residence in Grimstone, Horrabridge, Devon.

10-Caroline Hilda MacNaghton Fox⁴⁴ was born on 26 Sep 1867 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 13 Dec 1907 at age 40.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at MA LLM.

11-Charles Ernest Hancock⁴⁴ was born on 11 Apr 1895 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset.

12-John Ernest Hancock

12-Elizabeth Mary Hancock

12-Richard Froude Hancock was born on 1 Mar 1932 in Sparkford and died in 2012 in Austria at age 80.

11-William Reginald Hancock⁴⁴ was born on 5 May 1897 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset and died in Apr 1917 in Salonika, Killed In Action at age 19.

11-Stephen Legassicke Hancock⁴⁴ was born on 21 Oct 1900 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset.

12-William Sturdee Hancock

12-Reginald Legassicke Hancock was born on 9 May 1928 in Morton Fitzwarren and died in Sep 2012 at age 84.

12-Hilda Thomasin Hancock

12-Sarah Hancock

13-Samuel Luke Legassicke Roberts

14-Tabitha Sarah Sophia Roberts

14-Edward James Westwood Roberts

14-Arthur John Westwood Roberts

13-Hannah Ruth Legassicke Roberts

9-Lt. Col. Reginald Temple Chapman^{1,116} was born on 8 Feb 1841 in Usworth, County Durham, was christened on 31 May 1841 in Tynemouth, Northumberland, and died on 27 Jun 1895 at age 54.

General Notes: In the 1841 census he is with his parents on Front Street, Tynemouth, aged 4 months. In the 1851 census he is at a school in Lewisham, Kent, along with his brothers Herbert and Arthur.

He had a career in the Indian Army, entering as a young Ensign on 16 Jun 1859, and we can track his progress through notices in the London Gazette, including promotion to Lieutenant in the 15th Native Infantry in 1862 and promotion to Captain in the Madras Infantry in 1871. He ended with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. The Times of 20 June 1888 (issue 32417) carries notice of his retirement.

He married Laura Sophia Parbury in 1882. She and her younger sister, Edith Georgiana Parbury (who married Reginald's younger brother Frederick), were children of Frederick Parbury of Sydney House, Thornton Road, Clapham and of 99 Lancaster Gate, Kensington. Frederick Parbury was a merchant with dealings in Australia. He had been in Sydney since the late 1820s and had built up a shipping company called Parbury, Lamb and Co., operating out of Parbury's Wharf. His first few children (including Laura, born about 1842) were born in Sydney, NSW. He moved back to England in about 1847 in order to set up the British end of a business importing wool and wheat, and sugar from the Colonial Sugar Company, in which he also had an interest. Subsequent children (including Edith) were born in Streatham or Clapham. He died in 1877.

Reginald died on 27 Jun 1895, aged 54. A legal notice in the London Gazette shows that his will was handled by his widow and by his younger brother Frederick. In addition, legal notices relating to his death also appeared in the "Sydney Morning Herald" in New South Wales on 1 Jul 1896 page 4 col 3.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 1st Madras Fusiliers in 1859-1888.
- He had a residence in 48 Lexham Gardens, South Kensington, London.

rthumberland, and died on 27 Jun 1895 at age 54. nam, Kent, along with his brothers Herbert and 9-Arthur Gascoyne Chapman^{1,4,116} was born on 21 Feb 1842 and was christened on 9 May 1842 in Tynemouth, Northumberland.

General Notes: Born 21 Feb 1842 and baptised at Tynemouth 9 May 1842 Tynemouth (IGI). In 1851 he is at school in Lewisham, Kent, with his brothers Herbert and Reginald. In 1861 he is living with his parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bersted, Bognor, aged 18. In 1871 he is living with his parents at 14 Redcliffe Road, Kensington, aged 29, unmarried and living off investment income. According to some sources, in 1871 he married Minnie Grey, daughter of Ralph Grey of Quebec, and had two sons: Arthur Grey Chapman and John Hamilton Mowbray Chapman. This marriage has not been traced in UK records. He appears to have moved to Auckland, New Zealand. An item appeared in the Auckland Star on 1 May 1906, page 5, worth quoting here in full: *An old man named Arthur Gascoyne Chapman, aged 64, a resident of Waitemata Street,*

Ponsonby was admitted to hospital today suffering from a dislocated shoulder.

Some sources say the son Arthur Grey Chapman was born in 1872. This birth has not been traced. However, the son John Hamilton Mowbray Chapman was born in Brighton in 1874. According to a notice in the Adelaide Advertiser of 6 July 1934, he died on 29 Jun 1934, aged 60. Other sources seem to indicate he went under the name of Mowbray Chapman and was a horticulturalist, possibly involved in the Australian dried fruit industry.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to Auckland, New Zealand.

10-Arthur Grey Chapman^{1,4,116} was born in 1872.

10-John Hamilton Mowbray Chapman^{4,116} was born on 19 Jan 1874 in Brighton, East Sussex, was christened on 26 Mar 1874 in St. Peter's, Brighton, Sussex, and died on 29 Jun 1934 in Renmark Hospital, South Australia at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in South Australia.
- He worked as a Horticulturalist.

9-Theodosia Chapman^{1,116} was born in 1843 in Chester-le-Street, County Durham and died on 12 Apr 1880 in Paris, France at age 37.

General Notes: She was born in 1843. In 1851 she is living with her parents at 9 Lansdowne Place, Hove, aged 8. In 1861 she and her sister Harriett are staying with a "cousin" Edward H Chapman, a magistrate aged 58, at Harringay House in Hornsey. She has been misnamed as Theodore and classed as a male aged 18. Edward has a wife Mary E Chapman. It is believed that this couple is John Mellor Chapman's cousin Edward Henry Chapman (son of Aaron Chapman) and Mary Elizabeth (nee Haslop).

On 17 Oct 1866 she married the Rev Cecil Bosanquet at St Mary's Church, Hornsey. This was announced in the Gentleman's Magazine Vol 221, page 824. Several sources state she died on 12 April 1880. This death cannot be traced in England and most probably occurred in Paris. She had five, possibly six, children. Some sources claim a child Madeleine Augusta Cecil Bosanquet born 6 August and died 29 September in 1867, in Norfolk. A daughter Ernestine Theodosia Favell Bosanquet was born on 3 Oct 1870 and in 1871 Cecil and Theodosia are living at Clophill House, Clophill in Bedfordshire with 6 month old Ernestine. A further daughter Aline

Coralie Raimond Bosanquet was born in 1872, but many sources state she died on 30 April 1874. Again, this death cannot be traced and most probably occurred in Paris. The family appears to have moved to Paris in about 1873/4. They cannot be traced in the 1881 census. However, many sources state that three further children were born: Gaston Augustus Ives Bosanquet on 12 July 1874, Irene Theodosia Raimond Bosanquet on 14 Dec 1876 and Ginevra Louisa Hays Bosanquet on 13 May 1878.

There is some evidence of financial problems. A legal case exists in 1884 in pursuit of money owed on an 1875 mortgage on property in Banstead, Surrey, and the defendants in the case are named as Rev Cecil Bosanquet and Theodore Bosanquet.

In 1891 Cecil can be found aged 52, a widower, living at 74 Dykes Road, Brighton. With him are his four surviving children Ernestine (20), Gaston (16), Irene (14) and Ginevra (12). It is stated that the three youngest were born in Paris. With them is a visitor Laura M Chapman, a singlewoman aged 57.

In 1901 Cecil is boarding at the Temperance Hotel, Commercial Road, Ledbury. In 1911 he is living in Branksome Park, Bournemouth. With him is his unmarried daughter Irene (34) and her child Priscilla Marion Bosanquet (1). Irene died aged 79 in Bournemouth in 1956. Her daughter Priscilla was born in 1909 and was married in 1937 to Harry C J Klemz. Harry and Priscilla had two children, David (1939; living) and Jane (1944). At some point they divorced, because Priscilla remarried in 1952 to Cyril Barrow.

In 1901 daughter Ginevra is staying with her married sister Ernestine (see below). She remained unmarried and the Times of Friday 2 August 1918 (issue 41858) carries notice of her death in Bournemouth on 31 July 1918.

Daughter Ernestine married William Morier Bevan, a silk broker, in 1898. In 1901 she can be found living at Rose Cottage, Nutfield, Reigate, aged 30. She is with her husband and a child Morier G B Bevan (1). With them is her sister Ginevra (22). In 1911 she is living with her husband at The Cottage, Reigate. With them is a son Frederick Bernard Gaston Bevan. Morier Geoffrey Bosanquet Bevan was born in 1899 and in 1934 he married Adele Locke and had a child Hugo (1936). Frederick Bernard Gaston Bevan was born in 1904. He was known as Bernard Bevan and he became a career diplomat and architectural historian, travelling widely in Mexico.

The son Gaston went to Brighton College and then to King's College, Cambridge (BA 1896). He was married in 1908 to Violet Cecilia Collyer and he died aged 62 in 1936. They had a son

David (1914). Gaston has not been traced in any census after 1891, but appears to have worked in Malaya.

10-Madeleine Augusta Cecil Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 6 Aug 1867 in Norfolk and died on 29 Sep 1867 in Norfolk.

10-Ernestine Theodosia Favell Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 3 Oct 1870 and died on 1 Jun 1951 at age 80.

11-Morier Geoffrey Bosanquet Bevan¹¹⁶ was born on 13 Oct 1899 in Reigate, Surrey and died in Jan 1994 in Warmington, Cambridgeshire at age 94.

12-Hugo Peter Charles Bevan

13-Georgina Lucy Bevan

14-Patrick Hugo John Fordham

13-Rupert Charles Morier Bevan

14-Orlando Bevan

13-Charlotte Adèle Bevan

13-Sophie Alexandra Fane Bevan

11-Frederick Bernard Gaston Bevan¹¹⁶ was born on 11 Dec 1903 in Nutfield, Reigate, Surrey and died on 25 Feb 1995 in Hastings, Sussex at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Diplomat.
- He worked as an Architectural Historian.

12-Favell Amanda Bevan

10-Aline Coralie Raimond Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born in 1872 and died on 30 Apr 1974 in Paris, France at age 102.

10-Gaston Augustus Ives Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 12 Jul 1874 in Paris, France and died in 1936 at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.

11-David Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born in 1914.

10-Irene Theodosia Raimond Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 14 Dec 1876 in Paris, France and died in 1956 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 80.

11-Priscilla Marion Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born in 1909.

12-David Klemz

12-Jane Klemz

10-Ginevra Louisa Hays Bosanquet¹¹⁶ was born on 13 May 1878 in Paris, France and died on 31 Jul 1918 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 40. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Harriett Adeline Chapman^{1,116} was born in 1845 and died in 1939 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 94.

10-Lilian Theodosia Bagnall^{1,116} was born on 16 Feb 1874 and died on 15 Apr 1946 at age 72.

10-Gerald Bagnall¹¹⁶ was born on 15 Mar 1875 and died about 1936 about age 61.

10-Audrey Vivian Bagnall¹¹⁶ was born on 11 Feb 1877 and died in 1902⁷⁶ at age 25.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Following her death, her husband remarried twice more.

10-Adeline Phyllis Bagnall¹¹⁶ was born on 19 Feb 1878.

9-John Chapman^{1,4} was born on 30 Mar 1847 in Richmond, Surrey.

General Notes: Born in 1847 in Richmond, Surrey (estimated from census returns). In the 1851 census he was living with his parents at 9 Lansdowne Place, Hove, age 3. In the 1861 census he was living with his parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bersted, Bognor, age 14. In the 1871 census he is with his parents at 14 Redcliffe Road, Kensington, London, aged 24, unmarried and apparently unemployed, living off investment income. Not found in 1891 census (out of the country?). However, in 1877 he married Edith Georgiana Parbury, younger sister of the wife of his older brother Reginald (see notes above on Reginald). They had a daughter Edith Madeline Chapman, born in 1878. In 1880 they had another daughter Theodosia Maud Chapman. In the 1881 census John can be found living with his widowed mother-in-law in Kensington. He is aged 34 and is a stockbroker. His wife Edith is 25 and the daughters (listed as E M and Theo M) are 2 and 1 respectively. A further child, Mary Constance

Chapman, was born in 1886. This child was baptised at Ware, in Hertfordshire, on 24 Aug 1886. In the 1901 census, John and his daughter Edith Madeline are visiting John's sister Harriett Bagnall in Chard, Somerset (see above). In the 1911 census John can be found living with his wife and daughter at Ramsdell, just north of Basingstoke, in Hampshire. He is aged 64 and he is a Receiver in the Court of Lunacy. His wife Edith is 55 and his daughter Edith is 32 and unmarried. In this census return he

declares that he has had 5 children but that only 3 of them are still living. As yet, the other 2 children have not been identified.

On 12 Jan 1910 his daughter Theodosia Maud Chapman married Walter Henderson Molesworth (an electrical engineer of some note). She died on 28 Dec 1920. Theodosia and Walter had four children: Ernest Walter (1911-2004), Richard E (1913), Kathleen Janet (1915-1997) and Margery Evelyn (1918).

John died before 1947. His widow Edith died on 19 Feb 1947 and official legal notices

show that the personal representatives dealing with her estate were Frederick Hercy Montagu Chapman (her nephew, son of her brother Frederick), Edith Madeline Chapman (her daughter, still unmarried) and someone called Mary Constance Saleby, who is presumably the married daughter.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker.
- He worked as a Receiver in the Court of Lunacy in 1911.

10-Edith Madeline Chapman¹¹⁶ was born in 1878.

10-**Theodosia Maud Chapman**¹¹⁶ was born in 1880 and died on 28 Dec 1920 at age 40.

11-Ernest Walter Molesworth was born on 13 Jan 1911.

11-Richard Nassau Molesworth was born on 9 Nov 1913.

11-Kathleen Janet Molesworth was born in 1915 and died on 6 Sep 1997 at age 82.

11-Margery Evelyn Molesworth was born in 1918.

10-Mary Constance Chapman¹¹⁶ was born in 1886 and was christened on 24 Aug 1886 in Ware, Hertfordshire.

9-**Capt. Frederick Stovin Chapman**^{116,127} was born on 23 Jul 1849 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died in 1904 at age 55. Another name for Frederick was Frederick Storm Chapman.^{1,4} General Notes: In the 1851 census, he is living with his parents at 9 Lansdowne Place, Hove age 1. In the 1861 census, he is living with his parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bensted, Bognor, age 11. In 1880 he married Louisa Kate Elliott. In about 1883 they had a son Frederick Hercy Montagu Chapman (date estimated from 1891 census return). In the 1891 census, Frederick can be found living at 14 Upper Phillimore Place, Kensington. He is aged 42, a retired officer. With him is his wife Louisa, aged 30. Their son is not with them (see below). Frederick died aged 54 in 1904. In some documents the second name of their son is Henry and in some the third name is spelled Montague. However, in issues of London Gazettes and official legal notices, the name is as given above. In the 1891 census, the son Frederick is living with his uncle George Elliott, a retired surgeon, in Croydon. The British Library lists an acquisition of a collection of photographs of the Middle East, from the possessions of an Army officer, Major Frederick Henry (sic) Montagu Chapman. According to the Library catalogue, Major Chapman served in the Royal Army Medical Corps from 1907. He served in India 1909-1915, Mesopotamia 1915-1917, India 1917-1918 and then Aden 1924-26. Frederick Hercy Montagu Chapman died on 6 June 1975. His will was dealt with by his cousins (once removed) Ernest Walter Molesworth and Margery Evelyn Jackson together with someone called Peter John Robertson Everidge.

CHAPMAN. Frederick Stovin Chapman. Exchanged as captain from the 21st Royal Scots Fusiliers, 29th of October, 1881. Served with the Cameron Highlanders in the Egyptian war of 1882 from the landing at Ismailia, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir. (Medal with clasp and Khedive's star.)

10-Maj. Frederick Hercy Montagu Chapman^{4,116} was born in 1891 and died on 6 Jun 1975 at age 84.

8-Margaret Chapman Chapman¹ was born on 20 Sep 1806 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 1 May 1822 at age 15.

8-Mary Chapman¹ was born on 28 Oct 1809 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1881 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 72.

9-Maria Louisa Chapman¹ was born in 1838 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 15 Dec 1838 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Harriet Curtis Chapman was born in 1840 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 16 Jan 1840 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died in 1900 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 60.

10-Lieut. Col. Charles Edward Bagnall was born in 1861 in Staffordshire, was christened on 9 Nov 1861 in Shenstone, Staffordshire, and died on 1 Apr 1923 at age 62.

11-Charles Frederick Rex Bagnall was born on 11 Feb 1904 in Eastbourne, East Sussex and died on 16 Dec 1993 in Durweston, Dorset at age 89.

12-Richard J. Bagnall was born on 1 Jan 1952 and died on 2 Nov 1967 at age 15.

10-Arthur Henry Bagnall was born in 1863 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Eustace William Bagnall was born in 1864 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Elspeth Mary Lenia Bagnall was born in 1895.

10-Gordon Ernest Bagnall was born on 18 Feb 1866 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1919 in London at age 53.

10-Capt. Ralph Bagnall was born in 1867 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

11-Dorothy Jo-An Bagnall was born in 1903.

10-Mary Adeline Bagnall was born in 1869 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Mabel Edith Bagnall was born on 30 Jun 1872 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1931 in Sturminster, Dorset at age 59.

10-Evelyn Harriet Bagnall was born in 1873 in Sneaton Castle, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1951 in Sturminster, Dorset at age 78.

9-Augusta Mary Chapman¹ was born in 1841 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 31 May 1841 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Adeline Atty Chapman¹ was born in 1844 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 3 Jul 1844 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-Reginald Hamer Towgood was born in 1873, was christened on 26 Mar 1873 in Great Shelford, Cambridgeshire, and died in 1892 in Chesterton, Cambridge at age 19.

9-Edith Rolfe Chapman^{1,4} was born in 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 15 Jul 1846 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died in 1925 at age 79.

9-Edward Theodore Chapman¹ was born on 5 Oct 1847 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 10 Apr 1859 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 11.

8-Edward William Chapman¹ was born on 9 Oct 1815 in Whitby, Yorkshire. He had no known marriage and no known children.

7-Aaron Chapman^{1,7,130} was born on 13 Sep 1771 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 28 Dec 1850 in Highbury Park, Islington, London at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mariner. He commanded one of his father's ships from an early age.
- He worked as a 1st Member of Parliament appointed for Whitby in 1832-1847.
- He worked as an Elder Brother of Trinity House.
- He worked as a Trustee of Ramsgate Harbour.
- He worked as an Owner of the convict ships Waverley and Somersetshire in 1841.
- He worked as a Director of the Hudson's Bay Company.
- He worked as a Director of the London Assurance office.
- He worked as a JP for Middlesex.

Aaron married Elizabeth Barker,¹ daughter of Joseph Barker, on 2 Jun 1796 in London. Elizabeth was born in 1772 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 14 Feb 1855 in Highbury Park, Islington, London at age 83. They had seven children: Joseph Barker, Edward Henry, Ann, William Robert, John, John, and Jane Mellar.

Noted events in her life were:

• Death Notice: The Times, 17 Feb 1855.

8-Joseph Barker Chapman^{1,4,7} was born on 27 Feb 1799, died on 6 Jun 1873 in Airy House, Airy Hill, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 74, and was buried in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mercantile merchant and Shipper of convicts in 1826.
- He had a residence in Airy House, Airy Hill, Whitby, Yorkshire.
- Death Notice: The Times, 10 Jun 1872.

Joseph married Louisa Agnes Simpson, daughter of Thomas Simpson. They had eight children: Joseph John, Elizabeth Anne, Louisa Agnes, Ellen Maria, Edward Henry, Arthur Thomas, Margaret Jane, and John Abel.

9-Joseph John Chapman^{1,4} was born on 5 Jul 1837 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1913 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Middle Temple.
- He had a residence in 17, St. Hilda's Terrace, Whitby, Yorkshire.

Joseph married Fanny Simpson, daughter of Henry Simpson. They had three children: Edward Henry, Harold, and Wilfrid Hubert.

10-His. Hon. Edward Henry Chapman^{1,4} was born on 5 Mar 1874 and died in 1933 at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Judge of the County Courts. 17 Circuit.
- He resided at Lindum House in Lincoln, Lincolnshire.

Edward married Elsie Naomi Roberts, daughter of Frederick George Adair Roberts.

10-Harold Chapman⁴ was born in 1876.

Harold married Irene Lethbridge Money. They had three children: Percy, Rupert Henry, and Wilfrid Hubert.

11-Percy Chapman⁴ was born in 1911.

11-Rupert Henry Chapman⁴ was born in 1913.

11-Capt. Wilfrid Hubert Chapman⁴ was born in 1879 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 7 Aug 1915 in Suvla Bay, Gallipoli, Turkey. Killed in action at age 36, and was buried in Anzac Cemetery, Suvla, Turkey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Officer of the 6th Yorkshire Regiment.
- He had a residence in The Home Farm, Cromer, Norfolk.

Wilfrid married May Campbell Sinclair, daughter of Alexander Sinclair. They had two children: Elizabeth Mary and Ann Wilfrida Sinclair.

12-Elizabeth Mary Chapman was born on 22 Apr 1911 in Karachi and died in 1991 at age 80.

Elizabeth married Thomas Edward Dimsdale Baron Dimsdale of The Russian Empire, son of Edward Charles Dimsdale and Katherine Joan Barclay, on 31 Jul 1937 in Barkway. Thomas was born on 11 Oct 1911 in Blackheath, London and died in 1985 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 74. They had three children: Robert Edward, Wilfred Thomas, and Susan Mary.

13-Robert Edward Dimsdale

13-Wilfred Thomas Dimsdale

13-Susan Mary Dimsdale

12-Ann Wilfrida Sinclair Chapman was born on 31 Dec 1913 in Karachi and died on 3 Jun 1944 in Royston, Barnsley, Yorkshire at age 30.

Ann married John Robert Dimsdale, son of Edward Charles Dimsdale and Katherine Joan Barclay, on 22 Apr 1936 in Barkway. John was born on 16 Oct 1913 in Colchester, Essex and died on 14 May 1951 in A Racing Accident at age 37. They had three children: Cecilia Wilfrida, Charles Wilfrid, and Ann Margaret Joan.

13-Cecilia Wilfrida Dimsdale

Cecilia married Paul Francis Powell Williams, son of Rev. Dr. N. P. Williams.

13-Charles Wilfrid Dimsdale

13-Ann Margaret Joan Dimsdale

10-Capt. Wilfrid Hubert Chapman was born on 13 Dec 1879 in Goudhurst, Kent.

9-Elizabeth Anne Chapman¹ died on 16 Feb 1874.

Elizabeth married Col. Charles Young.

9-Louisa Agnes Chapman

Louisa married Thomas Wolryche Stansfield.

9-Ellen Maria Chapman¹ died in Jun 1842.

9-Edward Henry Chapman^{1,4} was born on 17 Apr 1844 in Highbury, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Cobrey Park in Ross on Wye, Herefordshire.
- He had a residence in 1891 in Carr Hall, Ruswarp, Whitby, Yorkshire.

10-**Mary Elizabeth Chapman**^{1,4} was born on 8 Mar 1874.

10-Maj. Edward Henry Chapman⁴ was born in 1875.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the Yorkshire Regiment.

10-Alice Louisa Chapman

10-Hilda Frances Chapman

10-Ethel Margaret Chapman

10-Muriel Dorothy Chapman

10-Arthur Frederick Chapman⁴ was born in 1886.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an official of the Public Works department in India.

10-Nellie Adeline Chapman^{4,128} was born on 6 Aug 1888 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 13 Feb 1980 in Oxted, Surrey at age 91.

11-Charles Douglas Hare¹²⁹ was born on 30 Sep 1914, died on 8 Aug 1970 in Newmarket at age 55, and was buried in Oxted Parish Church.

12-Susan Hare

12-Peter Hare

11-Elizabeth Vanda Hare¹²⁹ was born on 1 Oct 1915 in Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire and died on 7 Jun 2008 in Holt, Wiltshire at age 92.

12-Roberta S. Traill

12-Jill Elizabeth Toker was born in 1946 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire and died in 2012 at age 66.

12-Stephen Toker

12-Sally C. Toker

11-Edward Henry Hare¹²⁹ was born in 1917 and died on 8 Dec 1996 in Dulwich, London at age 79.

11-Melville Hare¹²⁹ was born on 28 Apr 1922 in Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire and died in 1922.

11-**Humphrey Hare**¹²⁹ was born in 1926 and died on 13 Apr 1945 at age 19.

9-Lieut. Arthur Thomas Chapman¹ was born on 20 Aug 1846.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 35th Royal Sussex Regiment.
- 9-Margaret Jane Chapman died on 23 Jan 1854.

9-John Abel Chapman¹ was born on 26 Nov 1849 and died on 3 Apr 1851 in Died Young at age 1.

8-Edward Henry Chapman¹ was born on 16 Jan 1803 and died on 22 Mar 1869 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Haringay House, Haringay, London.
- He worked as a Director of the Bank of England.
- He worked as a JP for Middlesex.

Edward married Mary Elizabeth Haslope,¹ daughter of Lancelot Haslope, on 28 Apr 1829. Mary was born on 4 Mar 1806 in John Street, Aldgate, London. They had no children.

8-Ann Chapman¹ was born in 1803 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 19 Mar 1883 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 80.

Ann married **Christopher Richardson**¹ on 25 Sep 1855 in Chapel of The British Embassy, Paris, France. Christopher was born in 1807 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 22 Sep 1875 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 68.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Married by the Rev. Dr. Thomas Hale.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He had a residence in St. Hilda's Terrace, Whitby, Yorkshire.

8-William Robert Chapman^{1,4} was born on 21 May 1806 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 19 Mar 1873 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He worked as a Canadian Merchant.
- He resided at Arundel House in Tunbridge Wells, Kent.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Cambridge.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Hampshire.

William married Caroline Sarah Fryer,^{1,4} daughter of John Fryer^{1,4} and Sarah Richardson, on 29 Mar 1842 in Cambridge. Caroline was born on 25 Jan 1821 in Chatteris, Isle of Ely, Cambridgeshire and died on 3 Jan 1875 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 53. They had eight children: William Edward, John Fryer, Hillyar David, Caroline Sarah, Julia Elizabeth, Frederick Robert, Emily Grace, and Arthur Gerald.

9-Maj. William Edward Chapman¹ was born on 9 Sep 1844 in 22 Feb 1843 also given.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 1st Dragoon Guards.

William married Ada Dorcas Blennerhassett,^{1,4} daughter of Rev. John Blennerhassett^{1,4} and Elizabeth Houssemayne Du Boulay, on 10 Feb 1874. Ada was born on 18 Mar 1848 in Dorset.

9-John Fryer Chapman^{1,4} was born on 9 Sep 1844.

9-Maj. Hillyar David Chapman¹ was born on 3 May 1846 in Islington, London and died in 1913 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Worsted Manufacturer in London.
- He had a residence in Kilhendre, Ellesmere, Cheshire.
- He had a residence in Arundel House, Arundel, Sussex

Hillyar married Ethel Georgina Mary Astley,^{1,4} daughter of Sir Francis Dugdale Astley 2nd Bt. and Emma Dorothea Lethbridge, on 11 Aug 1868. Ethel was born in 1847 in London and died on 22 Jul 1871 in Wharfedale, Yorkshire at age 24. They had one daughter: Ethel Georgina Mary.

10-Ethel Georgina Mary Chapman^{1,4} was born on 21 Jul 1871 in Adel, Wharfedale, Yorkshire and died on 16 Oct 1960 in Chelsea, London at age 89.

Ethel married Maj. Hon. George Edwyn Hill-Trevor, son of Arthur Edwin Hill-Trevor 1st Baron Trevor and Hon. Mary Catherine Curzon, on 26 Apr 1893 in Ellesmere, Shropshire. The marriage ended in divorce in 1910. George was born on 15 Nov 1859 and died on 21 Jul 1922 in Chelsea, London at age 62. They had one son: Hillyar George Edwin.

11-Lieutenant Hillyar George Edwin Hill-Trevor was born on 31 Dec 1895 in Hotel Paoli, Florence, Italy and died on 21 Dec 1914 in Givenchy, France. "Friendly Fire Accident" at age 18. General Notes: CLOSE TO THIS SPOT SLEEPS IN ETERNAL PEACE HILLYAR GEORGE EDWIN HILL-TREVOR LT SCOTS GUARDS BELOVED ONLY CHILD OF THE HONBLE GEORGE EDWYN & ETHEL HILL-TREVOR OF BRYNKINALT CHIRK ENGLAND KILLED WHILE GALLANTLY LEADING HIS MEN DEC 21 1914 AGED 18 YEARS'

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 1st Batallion Scots Guards.

Ethel next married Christopher Head, son of Henry Head² and Hester Beck,¹³¹ on 15 Nov 1910. Christopher was born on 25 Dec 1869 in Stoke Newington, London and died on 15 Apr 1912 in Drowned in the sinking of the Titanic at age 42.

General Notes: Name: Mr Christopher Head Born: Saturday 25th December 1869 Age: 42 years **Occupation:** Politician 1st Class passenger Mr Christopher Head was the fifth son of the late Mr Henry Head, a well-known London underwriter. He was in his 43rd year, and was educated at Lancing end at Trinity College Cambridge.

Called to the Bar as the Inner Temple, he practiced for a time in the Admiralty Division and on the North-Eastern Circuit. But he had long been a member of Lloyds and, on the death of a brother in 1905 he entered the firm of Henry Head & Co as a director.

In 1910 he married Mrs Hill Trevor, daughter of Mr H.D Chapman of Kilhendre, Ellesmere. From 1909 until 1911 he was Mayor of Chelsea. During this rime he associated himself closely with the artistic life of the Borough, and took a leading part in discussions at the Mansion House of the King Edward Memorial. He was an ardent collector of prints and drawings, particularly those of modern artists, and was a member of the Burlington Fine Arts Club.

Mr Head had long been interested in all that belongs to shipping and insurance, and he had made many voyages in trading vessels of all kinds. Business took him to America, and he undoubtedly chose the Titanic as a means of gathering further experience. For he spared himself neither time nor trouble in all that he undertook, whether in his public or private capacity. Times 18 April 1912 First Embarked: Southampton on Wednesday 10th April 1912 Ticket No. 113038, œ42 10s Cabin No.: B11 Died in the sinking. Body Not Recovered

Brass memorial to him in St Nicolas Church, Old Shoreham, Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was baptized on 16 Jan 1870 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.
- He was educated at Lancing. Trinity, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple. Mayor of Chelsea.

Ethel next married Gen. Sir John Philip Du Cane, son of Sir Charles Du Cane and Hon. Georgiana Susan Copley, on 20 May 1914 in Chelsea, London. John was born on 5 May 1865 in South Kensington, London and died on 5 Apr 1947 in Westminster, London at age 81.

General Notes: DUCANE, Gen. Sir John (Philip)

GCB 1928; KCB 1916; CB 1910

Born 5 May 1865; 2nd s of Sir Chas Du Cane; KCMG, of Braxted Park, Essex, and Hon. Georgina, d of Baron Lyndhurst; m 1914, Ethel, widow of Christopher Head, d of Hillyar Chapman of Kilhendre, Salop; died 5 April 1947

Deputy Chairman De Beers Consolidated Mines; Director other Diamond Mining Companies and African Explosives and Industries

CAREER Lieut RA 1884; Capt., 1893; Major, 1900; Lt-Col 1902; Col 1908; Maj.-Gen. 1915; Lt-Gen. 1919; General, 1926; DAAG Staff College, 1905–07; General Staff Officer, 1st Grade, Headquarters of Army, 1908–10; CRA 3rd Division, 1911–12; Staff Officer to Inspector-General of the Home Forces, 1913–14; served S Africa, 1899–1902 (despatches, Brevet Lt-Col, Queen's medal 5 clasps, King's medal 2 clasps); European War, Brig.-Gen., General Staff, III Corps, 1914; Maj.-Gen., RA, GHQ, 1915; Special Appointment, Ministry of Munitions, 1916; Commanded XV Corps, 1916–18; British Representative with Marshal Foch, 1918 (despatches 7 times); Master-Gen. of Ordnance, 1920–23; GOC in C, Western Command, 1923–24; General Officer Commanding-in-Chief British Army of the Rhine, 1924–27; ADC General to the King, 1926–30; Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Malta, 1927–31; retired pay, 1931 **CLUB** Turf

ADDRESS 25 Berkeley Square, W1 . Mayfair 4493

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCB
- He worked as a Master-General of the Ordnance.
- He worked as a General Officer Commanding in Chief, Western Command in 1923.
- He worked as a Governor and Commander in Chief in 1927-1931 in Malta.

Hillyar next married Alfreda Lucy Darby, daughter of Alfred Darby⁷³ and Rebecca Miller Christy,¹³² in 1878. Alfreda was born on 24 Nov 1852 in Stanley Hall, Astley Abbots, Shropshire.. They had three children: Alister Hillyar Darby, Lucy Beryl, and Auriol Frances Kyrle.

10-Capt. Alister Hillyar Darby Chapman was born in 1883, died on 27 Sep 1915 in Pas de Calais, France. Killed In Action. at age 32, and was buried in Noeux-les-Mines Communal Cemetery, Grave I.K.11.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 1st Royal Dragoons.

10-Lucy Beryl Chapman was born in 1886 in London.

General Notes: Possibly the same Lucy Beryl Chapman, spinster, who died 18 March 1954 and lived at The caravan, Belgate, Shobdon, Herefordshire.

10-Auriol Frances Kyrle Chapman was born in 1896 in Chelsea.

Auriol married Gerald James Keane.

9-Caroline Sarah Chapman¹ was born in 1847 in Islington, London.

Caroline married Henry W. Street.

9-Julia Elizabeth Chapman¹ was born in 1850 in Islington, London.

Julia married General Sir John Hart Dunne,¹ son of John Dunne and Marianne Hart, on 20 Apr 1870. John was born in Dec 1835 in Cartron, Co. Roscommon, Ireland and died in 1924 in Sidmouth, Devon at age 89. They had one son: John William.

10-John William Dunne was born in 1875 in Curragh Camp, Co. Kildare, Ireland and died on 24 Aug 1949 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRAeS.
- He worked as an Aeronautical engineer.

John married Hon. Cicely Marion Violet Joan Twisleton-Wykeham-Fiennes, daughter of Geoffrey Cecil Twisleton-Wykeham-Fiennes 12th Baron Saye and Sele and Marion Ruperta Murray Lawes, on 3 Jul 1928. Cicely was born on 22 Nov 1900. They had two children: John Geoffrey Christopher and Rosemary Elizabeth Cecily.

- 11-John Geoffrey Christopher Dunne
- 11-Rosemary Elizabeth Cecily Dunne

9-Frederick Robert Chapman^{1,4} was born in 1852 in Islington, London.

9-Emily Grace Chapman¹ was born in 1854 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent and died in 1926 in Hastings at age 72.

Emily married **Rev. Henry Leftwick Freer**. Henry was born in 1835 in Stratford upon Avon, Warwickshire and died in 1898 in Hastings at age 63. They had three children: **Cassandra Maria, Harry Branston**, and **Eva Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Cudham, Orpington, Kent.

10-Cassandra Maria Freer was born in 1875 in Hastings and died in 1950 at age 75.

Cassandra married Richard William Creighton Blair. They had two children: William Montrose Creighton and Reginald Everard.

- 11-William Montrose Creighton Blair was born in 1899.
- 11-Reginald Everard Blair was born in 1903 in Hastings and died on 24 Apr 1948 in Battle, Sussex at age 45.

10-Harry Branston Freer was born in 1876 in Crofton Court, Kent and died on 15 Jul 1947 at age 71.

Harry married Mary Florence Erskine in 1940. Mary was born in 1883 and died on 4 Apr 1970 in Kensington at age 87.

10-Eva Mary Freer was born on 23 Nov 1879 in Cudham, Tonbridge, Kent and died on 1 May 1919 in London at age 39.

Eva married Sir Frank Boyd Merriman 1st Baron Merriman on 11 Sep 1907. Frank was born on 28 Apr 1880 in Knutsford, Cheshire and died on 18 Jan 1962 in London at age 81. They had two children: Rosemary Catherine and Violet Grace.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor General 1932-33.

11-Hon. Rosemary Catherine Merriman was born on 4 Jun 1908 in Knutsford, Cheshire and died on 10 Sep 1990 in Chalvington, Sussex at age 82.

Rosemary married Humphrey Morgan Hughes on 22 Sep 1938 in Marylebone. Humphrey was born on 21 Jan 1899 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 2 Aug 1965 in Micheldever, Hampshire at age 66.

ge 82. ed on 2 Aug 1965 in Micheldever, Hampshire at Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chartered Electrical Engineer.

11-Hon. Violet Grace Merriman

9-Arthur Gerald Chapman^{1,4} was born on 18 Mar 1857 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

8-John Chapman was born in 1816 and died in 1816 in Died in Infancy.

8-John Chapman¹ was born on 5 Jul 1801 and died on 19 Nov 1816 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India at age 15.

8-Jane Mellar Chapman¹ died on 26 Jun 1848.

Jane married John Hubbersty Matthews,¹ son of John Matthews, on 29 Apr 1841. John was born on 11 Nov 1796.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Barrister at Law, Lincoln's Inn.

7-Jane Chapman^{1,63,82,83} was born on 28 Oct 1773 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 25 Apr 1819 at age 45, and was buried in Brampton, Huntingdonshire.

8-Elizabeth Chapman⁶³ was born on 6 Jan 1796 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

9-Jane Chapman Veasey⁶³ was born on 13 Sep 1818 in Castle Hill House, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and was christened on 12 Sep 1819 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire.

9-Alfred James Veasey⁶³ was born on 9 Jun 1821 in Castle Hill House, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, was christened on 20 Mar 1822 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, and died in 1838 at age 17.

9-Arthur David Veasey⁶³ was born on 14 Jan 1825 in Castle Hill House, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and died on 21 Feb 1857 at age 32.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Willoughby Hall in Lincolnshire.

10-Florence Emily Veasey⁶³ was born in 1852 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and was christened on 7 Aug 1852 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire.

11-Reginald Arthur Allix Gatty was born in 1873 in Bradfield, Yorkshire and died on 4 Nov 1935 in Selly Oak Hospital, Birmingham at age 62.

11-Nicholas Comyn Gatty was born on 13 Dec 1874 in Bradfield, Yorkshire and died on 10 Nov 1946 in Paddington, London at age 71.

11-David Ivor Vaughan Gatty was born in 1879 in Bradfield, Yorkshire and died on 1 Jan 1947 in Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 68.

11-Margaret Horatia Persis Gatty was born in 1888 in Bradfield, Yorkshire and died on 20 Dec 1961 in Tonbridge, Kent at age 73.

10-Eustace Arthur Veasey⁶³ was born in 1853.

10-Cuthbert David Veasey⁶³ was born in 1855 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and was christened on 18 Jul 1855 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire.

9-Rev. Francis Gerald Veasey⁶³ was born on 15 Jul 1832 in Castle Hill House, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, was christened on 26 Oct 1832 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, and died on 18 Mar 1915 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Archdeacon of Huntingdon & Canon of Ely.

10-Hilda Geraldine Vesey⁶³ was born on 1 Oct 1869 in Huntingdon and died on 5 Apr 1874 in Huntingdon at age 4.

10-David Arthur Fitzgerald Vesey⁶³ was born on 9 Feb 1872 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire and died on 19 Feb 1951 in Warminster, Wiltshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
- He worked as an Assistant legal advisor to the Board of Education.

8-Capt. Ingram Chapman^{63,82} was born on 28 Mar 1798 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 1 Jul 1874 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey at age 76.

General Notes: The Woodford, I am certain was under the command of Alfred Chapman, (1796-1876), who was both a First cousin once removed and second cousin one-removed, to Captain Ingram Chapman (1798-1874). Alfred also lived in London and it is not impossible to suppose that rather than compete with each other, they may have held a mutual interest. 11 January 1819. Ganges arriving Liverpool from Bengal. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala16unkngoog#page/n331/mode/2up/search/chapman 31 October 1819. Marriage of Jonathan Chapman (1795-1882), to his second-cousin once-removed, Agatha Reynolds (1801-1840). Jonathan was another son of Abel Chapman and Rebecca Bell. 13 July 1820. Death of Edward Chapman 1798-1820, (son of Thomas Chapman (1766-1844) by his wife Ann Cleaver (1770-aft-1846)), at Batavia now called Jakarta. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala34unkngoog#page/n519/mode/2up/search/chapman 31 July 1821. Woodford arriving Bombay from England. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala10unkngoog#page/n193/mode/2up/search/chapman 16 September 1823. Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Bombay from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala11unkngoog#page/n473/mode/2up/search/chapman 11 November 1823. Columbia arriving Bombay from Liverpool. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala11unkngoog#page/n573/mode/2up/search/chapman 15 December 1823. Woodford sailing from Calcutta to London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala11unkngoog#page/n215/mode/2up/search/chapman 24th July 1825. Katherine Stewart Forbes, departing Bombay for New South Wales. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala14unkngoog#page/n261/mode/2up 14 September 1825. Woodford arriving Bombay from London and Departing 26th September for Calcutta. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala35unkngoog#page/n393/mode/2up/search/chapman 4th October 1825. Katherine Stewart Forbes, arriving Bombay from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala15unkngoog#page/n477/mode/2up/search/chapman Out of interest, <u>https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala12unkngoog#page/n279/mode/2up/search/chapman</u> gives references to the ship Woodford, which appears to have been under the command of Captain Alfred Chapman, who I assume to be he who was born 28 April 1796 and died 11 September 1876. Son of Abel Chapman and Rebecca Bell. His brother, Dr. Henry Chapman (1797-1854), was a surgeon with the Honourable East India Company. 22 December 1825. Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Sydney, New South Wales with Governor Darling, from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n241/mode/2up/search/chapman 5 April 1826. Woodford from New South Wales to Madras. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n449/mode/2up/search/chapman 8 June 1826. Katherine Stewart Forbes departing Calcutta for London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n721/mode/2up/search/chapman 1826. (Dates leave me confused). Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Deal, Kent from Bengal with troops. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n753/mode/2up/search/chapman 22 July 1826. Woodford for New South Wales from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n249/mode/2up/search/chapman 30 November 1826. *Recovery* arrived London from Bombay. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala35unkngoog#page/n393/mode/2up/search/chapman 19 September 1828. Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Bombay from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala12unkngoog#page/n399/mode/2up/search/chapman The same volume at https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala12unkngoog#page/n841/mode/2up/search/chapman

makes reference to two other ships sailing under the Chapman name, the *Reaper* and the *Recovery*. 9 February 1830. Marquis of Wellington, departing Calcutta for London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala33unkngoog#page/n501/mode/2up/search/chapman 1 February 1835. Brazebornbury arriving London from Bengal. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala18unkngoog#page/n441/mode/2up/search/chapman

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Midshipman, Mate and Master of ships engaged in the Foreign Trade.
- He worked as a Commander of the ship "Katherine Stewart Forbes".
- He worked as a Ship owner in 1851 in London.
- He had a residence in 1851 in New Bond Street, Hanover Square, London.
- He worked as a Ship owner in 1861 in London.
- He had a residence in 1861 in 20 Union Grove, Clapham, London.
- He had a residence in 1871 in 1 Church Villa, Merton Road, Wimbledon, London.
- Miscellaneous: His second family.
- He worked as a Director of the Alliance Bank of London and Liverpool before 1862.
- He worked as a Director of the London and Colonial Bank Ltd. In 1862.

9-Maj. Gen. Ingram Francis Chapman^{4,63} was born on 1 Mar 1831 in Pune, Maharashtra, India and died on 5 Dec 1911 in Melcombe Regis, Dorset at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the Bombay Staff Corps.
- He had a residence in 1891 in 11 St. John's Terrace, Melcombe Regis, Dorset.

10-Louisa Emma Frances Chapman⁶³ was born in 1857.

10-Maj. Francis Robert Henry Chapman^{1,4,63} was born on 22 Oct 1858 in Solapur, Maharashtra, India and was christened on 26 Nov 1858.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Bombay Staff Corps.

11-Sheila Hamilton Chapman⁴ was born on 15 Feb 1891 in Pune, Maharashtra, India, died on 28 Jan 1963 in St. Joseph's Hospital, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 71, and was buried in Royal Oak Crematorium, Saanich, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of her death was Bronchio-pneumonia and heart failure.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Freelance journalist and Columnist, Saskatoon Star Phoenix, Winnipeg Free Press.

11-Edith Margaret Hamilton Chapman

10-Richard Gerald Chapman¹ was born on 22 Aug 1860 in London and died on 23 Sep 1863 in North Cheam, Surrey at age 3.

10-Alice Lydia Chapman⁶³ was born on 7 Feb 1863 in Mahgaum, Sattara, Bombay, India and was christened on 28 Feb 1863 in Mahgaum, Sattara, Bombay, India.

11-Raymond Alfred Barrett⁶³ was born in 1883 in Carshalton, Surrey and was christened on 12 Aug 1883 in Carshalton, Surrey.

11-Alice Dorothy Barrett⁶³ was born in 1884.

10-Agnes Emily Chapman⁶³ was born in 1864.

10-Ingram Cecil Chapman¹ was born on 13 May 1865 in Mahgaum, Sattara, Bombay, India and died in 1919 at age 54.

10-Catherine Chapman⁶³ was born in 1866.

10-**Pownal Chapman**⁶³ was born in 1868 and died in 1868.

10-Florence Clare Chapman⁶³ was born in 1874.

10-Ida Lily Chapman⁶³ was born on 30 Apr 1876 in Indore, Madhya Pradesh, India, was christened on 3 May 1876 in Indore, Madhya Pradesh, India, died on 3 May 1876 in Indore, Madhya Pradesh, India, and was buried on 3 May 1876 in Indore, Madhya Pradesh, India.

10-**Ronald Scott Chapman**^{4,63} was born on 4 Feb 1878 in Aden, Saudia Arabia.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Assistant Resident Officer in Northern Nigeria.

10-Fannie Adena Sola Chapman⁶³ was born in 1879, died on 7 Jul 1879 in Aden, Saudia Arabia, and was buried on 8 Jul 1879 in Aden, Saudia Arabia.

10-Ermine Constance Ella Chapman⁶³ was born in 1883.

10-Edmund David Vesey Chapman^{4,63} was born on 24 Feb 1884 in Weymouth, Dorset, died on 29 Aug 1951 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 67, and was buried in West Terrace Cemetery, Adelaide, South Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Musical composer in Kooringa, Burra, South Australia.

10-Capt. Eric Haldane Chapman^{4,63} was born on 31 Aug 1887 and died on 30 Sep 1961 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the 127th Pioneers, Indian Army.

9-Arthur Chapman Hendry⁸² was born before 1 Jan 1837 in Wimbledon, London, was christened on 1 Jan 1838 in Holy Trinity, Marylebone, London, and died on 9 Nov 1884 in 94 Hartfield Road, South Wimbledon, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal Merchants Clerk in 1861 in London.
- He worked as a Commercial Clerk in 1871.
- He had a residence in 1871 in 1 Church Villa, Merton Road, Wimbledon, London.

9-Alfred Chapman Hendry⁸² was born in Dec 1841 in St. Pancras, London.

9-Albert Chapman Hendry⁸² was born in 1844 in Cirencester Place, Marylebone, London and died in 1911 in London at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clerk to a Marine Insurance company in 1861 in London.

9-Lewis Chapman Hendry⁸² was born on 23 Jun 1845 in Cirencester Place, Marylebone, London and died on 24 Sep 1903 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 58. Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence on 13 Jul 1885 in 94 Hartfield Road, Wimbledon, London.
- He had a residence in 1887 in 16 Bridge Terrace, Paddington, London.

10-Arthur Churchward Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1869 in Wimbledon, London and died on 26 Feb 1952 in Fremantle, Western Australia at age 82.

11-Lewis Arthur Churchward Hendry^{82,84} was born on 25 Jul 1900 in Fremantle, Western Australia and died on 5 Dec 1982 in Nedlands, Western Australia at age 82.

12-Leslie Eveline Hendry⁸² was born on 17 Sep 1929 in Nedlands, Western Australia and died on 2 Mar 1978 in Western Australia at age 48.

- 12-Arnold Lewis Hendry⁸⁵ was born on 9 Oct 1935 in Western Australia.
 - 13-Sharon Beryl Hendry
 - 13-Kevin Arnold Hendry
 - 14-Joshua Cade Hendry
 - 13-Donnelle Enid Hendry

11-Jack Ingram Hendry⁸² was born on 24 Jul 1904 in Fremantle, Western Australia and died on 30 Apr 1964 in Applecross, Western Australia at age 59.

11-Arthur Churchward Hendry⁸² was born on 29 Feb 1908 in East Fremantle, Western Australia and died on 29 Feb 1908 in East Fremantle, Western Australia.

10-Maud Elizabeth Hendry⁸² was born in 1875 in Epsom, Surrey, was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London, and died in 1877 in Uckfield, Sussex at age 2.

10-Ingram Francis Hendry⁸² was born in Apr 1878 in Epsom, Surrey, was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London, and died in Sep 1949 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 71.

- 11-Vera Rose Hendry⁸² was born on 6 Nov 1910 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died on 19 Jun 1998 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 87.
 - **12-Philip George Nichols**
 - 13-Barnaby George Sobutka Nichols

11-Hilda Ruby Hendry was born on 13 Aug 1912 in Guildford, Surrey and died in Sep 1991 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex at age 79.

10-Louis Philip Hendry^{82,84} was born on 9 Dec 1879 in Brighton, East Sussex, was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London, and died on 13 Nov 1940 in Perth, Western Australia at age 60.

11-Sydney Louis Hendry^{82,84} was born on 27 Jan 1902 in Earlswood, Surrey and died on 27 Jul 1966 in Perth, Western Australia at age 64.

12-Philip Sydney Hendry

12-Rosalie Margaret Hendry

11-Philip Hendry^{82,84} was born on 21 Jun 1904 in Brighton, East Sussex and died on 20 Oct 1985 at age 81.

12-Lewis Philip Hendry⁸⁴ was born on 23 Oct 1934, died on 10 Oct 1980 at age 45, and was buried in Karrakatta Cemetery, Karrakatta, Perth, Western Australia.

10-Edith Grace Hendry⁸² was born in Jun 1884 in Wimbledon, London and was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London.

10-Jack Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1885 in Wimbledon, London and was christened on 13 Jul 1885 in St. Mark's, Kennington, London.

10-Violet Mary Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1886 in Paddington, London.

10-Marguerite Annette Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1888 in Brighton, East Sussex.

10-Ivy Gertrude Hendry⁸² was born in Jan 1890 in Brighton, East Sussex.

10-Gladys Carter Hendry⁸² was born on 1 Mar 1890 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in Mar 1972 in Uckfield, Sussex at age 82.

10-Charles Walter Hendry⁸² was born on 3 Mar 1891 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in Dec 1972 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 81.

10-Elsie Annie Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1893 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in 1958 at age 65.

10-Hilda Florence Ruby Hendry⁸² was born in Jan 1895 in Brighton, East Sussex and was christened on 22 Sep 1912 in Christ Church, Woking, Surrey.

11-George Olliver

10-Marjory Laura Ellen Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1896 in Brighton, East Sussex.

10-Nellie Doris Hendry⁸² was born in Jul 1898 in Brighton, East Sussex.

11-Peter Hendry⁸² was born on 4 Jul 1922 in Peterborough, Ontario, Canada and died in Jun 1988 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 65.

9-Walter Chapman Hendry was born in Mar 1853 in Clapham, London.

8-Jane Chapman⁶³ was born on 11 Jan 1797 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 18 Feb 1840 at age 43.

8-Isabella Chapman⁶³ was born on 5 Jun 1799 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 8 Mar 1838 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire. At David Veasey's house. at age 38.

8-Ann Chapman⁶³ was born on 7 Aug 1800 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died in Whitby, Yorkshire. Died in Infancy.

8-Mary Ann Chapman⁶³ was born on 17 Mar 1803 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 28 Aug 1818 in London at age 15.

Jane next married Euseby Cleaver,^{1,83} son of Edward Cleaver and Ann Banks, on 15 Jan 1810. Euseby was born before 24 Aug 1777 in Nunnington Hall, Malton, Yorkshire, was christened on 24 Aug 1777 in Nunnington, Malton, Yorkshire, and died on 23 Dec 1849 in Whitwell, Derbyshire. They had three children: Anne, Edward, and Caroline.

8-Anne Cleaver⁸³ was born on 18 Apr 1811 and died on 12 Jan 1885 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 73.

Anne married **Rev. John Ralph Dobson**⁸³ on 24 May 1838 in Scarborough, Yorkshire. John was born on 13 Dec 1811 in Jarrow, Northumberland and died on 21 Jun 1874 in Elsworth, Cambridgeshire at age 62. They had four children: William Cleaver, John Ralph, Caroline Isabella, and Harriet Elizabeth.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Walshford, Weatherby, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Vicar of High Cliffe in Christchurch, Hampshire.
- He was educated at Rector of Elsworth in Elsworth, Cambridgeshire.

9-William Cleaver Dobson was born in 1839 in Scalby, Scarborough, Yorkshire, was christened on 7 May 1839 in Scalby, Scarborough, Yorkshire, died on 23 Dec 1899 in Cranleigh, Surrey at age

60, and was buried on 28 Dec 1899 in Cranleigh, Surrey.

William married Charlotte Catty, daughter of Frederick A. Catty and Ann, in 1874 in Camberwell, London. Charlotte was born in 1840 in France and died in 1928 in Cranleigh, Surrey at age 88. They had three children: John Frederic, Wilfred James, and Grace.

10-Prof. John Frederic Dobson² was born in 1875 in East Dulwich, London, was christened on 2 May 1875 in St. John the Evangelist, East Dulwich, London, and died on 31 Aug 1947 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Professor of Greek, University of Bristol in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

John married **Dina Portway**,² daughter of **Harry Harvey Portway**, on 29 Mar 1911 in Halstead, Essex. Dina was born in 1885 in Bois Hall, Halstead, Essex and died on 3 Mar 1968 in Diss, Norfolk at age 83. They had one son: **Richard Portway**.

11-Sir Richard Portway Dobson² was born on 11 Feb 1914 in 64 Coldharbour Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 24 Oct 1993 in 20 Devonshire Place, Westminster, London at age 79.

General Notes: Dobson, Sir Richard Portway (1914-1993), businessman, was born on 11 February 1914, at 64 Coldharbour Road, Bristol, in a family of four sons and one daughter of John Frederic Dobson (1875-1947), professor of Greek at Bristol University, and his wife, Dina, elder daughter of Harry Harvey Portway, gentleman, of Bois Hall, Halstead, Essex. Dobson was educated at Clifton College and at King's College, Cambridge. On graduating he joined the British-American Tobacco Company (BAT), in which he was to spend the greater part of his life as a businessman. He went almost immediately to China, which was at that time the most lucrative market for the company, and he remained there until late 1940.

BAT had been formed in 1902, to achieve a division of world markets between Imperial Tobacco and American Tobacco. The American James Buchanan Duke was chairman of BAT from its formation to 1923, when he was succeeded by Sir Hugo Cunliffe-Owen, who remained in that post until 1945, when he became titular president. A Supreme Court judgment in 1911 had forced American Tobacco to sell its interest in BAT and by 1915 British interests held a majority of BAT shares. Cunliffe-Owen visited China in 1923 and created autonomous regional units of BAT (China) Ltd, designed to isolate the effects of localized difficulties from the business as a whole. He also negotiated at ministerial level on taxation and trading matters. After the communist takeover in 1949 BAT's Chinese interests were nationalized, having incurred strong nationalist criticism.

Dobson gave a breathless and at times rather jejune account of his time in China in China Cycle, published in 1946 by Macmillan in their Centenary Books series and awarded a supplementary prize of £100 in the non-fiction category. The dust-wrapper referred to Dobson's 'robust, cheerful and friendly personality' and these qualities would have been essential to endure the hardships and dangers of 'getting out in the field' in a territory as vast and diverse as China, with an infrastructure at that time so incomplete as to render travel over long distances a dangerous as well as unpredictable activity. To these inherent problems were added those created by the Sino-Japanese War, but even in that context BAT's target was always 'business as usual' (Dobson, 56). Dobson described the cigarette trade in China as very active and complex (ibid., 14), highly competitive, and only marginally profitable for its participants, from the supplying company down to the street-hawker, selling single cigarettes. Something of Dobson's boisterousness, which led to the famous gaffe which marked his later departure from British Leyland, will be found in China Cycle, although it has to be read in the context of its times: 1930s attitudes expressed in the subsequent wartime situation. Strongly critical of what he called the Asiatic 'disease of resignation' (ibid., 50), he advised the foreigner 'never [to] go further [towards the Chinese] than a bow and a smile and a shake of the hand' (ibid., 49), although his own account shows him to have been less remote than his advice suggests. Dobson considered that such Eurasians as those of Portuguese origin 'drift with the stream', although he was sufficiently fair to mention a few exceptions.

At the end of October 1940 Dobson prevailed on BAT to allow him to enlist, and after a voyage of eleven weeks he reached the United Kingdom. The process of acceptance as a trainee pilot in the RAF was lengthy, but in November 1941 Dobson departed for South Africa, for the training overseas for which he had opted. While there, he was critical of the treatment of the African population by the white community, but came to consider that 'the South African native in general cannot be compared, for intelligence, industry and virility, with the Chinese' (Dobson, 214). Active service finally came for Dobson as a Spitfire pilot with the rank of flight lieutenant, in the Italian campaign and then in the Far East. After the war, he rejected the idea of joining the Indian Civil Service and returned to BAT in 1946. On 3 May the same year, at Holy Trinity Church, Kensington, he married Emily Margaret (Betty) Carver, widow, the daughter of James Russell Herridge, chartered accountant; there was one daughter from her previous marriage.

Dobson worked for BAT in China and Rhodesia, and then at its London head office, where he rose to board level in 1955. He became deputy chairman in 1962, vice-chairman in 1968, and chairman in 1970, completing his life's work with BAT as president from 1976 to 1979. During these three decades, as Dobson rose to, and wielded, power, BAT prospered, often in a difficult economic and political climate. Not only was it necessary to adjust to such a major loss as that of the company's China business, but diversification of activity had to be embraced. BAT was over-dependent on a single product, especially as opposition to smoking on health grounds became a force to be reckoned with. Dobson himself made a point of posing for the camera with cigarette or pipe prominently in view and he had little time for medical or other criticism of BAT's activity. His management style as board chairman has been described as 'essentially that of a team leader, practising an "open-door" policy' (The Times, 27 Oct 1993). Criticism of BAT's activity, however, would not be tolerated by Dobson, whose reaction could be 'testy' (ibid.), and he firmly adhered to any course of action he had decided on. As Dobson had risen in the BAT hierarchy, the company took steps to reduce its heavy reliance on tobacco. In the 1960s and 1970s it acquired paper and packaging companies, such as Wiggins Teape, perfume and fragrance houses, such as Lenthéric, and department stores. This diversity of interests led to a change of name to BAT Industries in 1976.

In February 1976, following the death of Sir Ronald Edwards, the non-executive chairman of the ailing vehicle manufacturer British Leyland (BL), Dobson, who had been awarded a

knighthood in the new year's honours, accepted an invitation to take on the post. His eventual successor at BL, Michael Edwardes, chairman of Chloride, warned him at the time that the post as constituted was unlikely to work, and so it proved. Dobson's resignation eighteen months later appeared to be the result of some injudicious remarks of a racist nature made by him, which received unexpected publicity. At a businessmen's supper club at the Dorchester Hotel his speech was secretly recorded, and appeared in the International Marxist Group's Socialist Challenge. The adverse publicity for Dobson was, however, the pretext rather than the cause of his replacement by Michael Edwardes, for Edwardes had already been offered the post of chief executive at BL and had insisted on the combined role of chairman and chief executive. The robustness of character and bluntness of expression, marked already in the China Cycle and necessary for the head of a major international company in an era of change, was a precipitant of this unfortunate episode, which clouded the final stage of Dobson's business life. In the event Dobson resigned on 21 October 1977, the reputation of his long and successful career at BAT tarnished at least for a time by his unwise and unsuccessful venture into a very difficult industry at a time of crisis, and by an indiscretion which did less than justice to an articulate and capable businessman. However, Dobson continued to hold other directorships, including those of the American oil company Exxon and Lloyds Bank International. He also continued his interest in writing; at his memorial service readings were given from his poems. He died of respiratory failure and pneumonia, on 24 October 1993, at 20 Devonshire Place, Westminster. *Richard A. Storey*

Sources

The Times $(27 \text{ Oct } 1993) \cdot \text{R}$. P. Dobson, China cycle $(1946) \cdot \text{M}$. Edwardes, Back from the brink $(1983) \cdot \text{T}$. Derdak, ed., International directory of company histories (1988), vol. $1 \cdot \text{R}$. P. T. Davenport-Hines, 'Cunliffe-Owen, Sir Hugo Reitzenstein', DBB \cdot H. Cox, 'Learning to do business in China: the evolution of B.A.T.'s cigarette distribution network, 1902-41', Business History, 39/3 (1997), 30-64

Likenesses

photograph, 1 April 1976, Hult. Arch. · photograph, News International Syndication, London [see illus.]
Wealth at death
£1,102,325: probate, 16 March 1994, CGPLA Eng. & Wales
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Richard A. Storey, 'Dobson, Sir Richard Portway (1914-1993)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2007

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Deputy-Chairman of British American Tobacco, (BAT). In 1962.
- He worked as a Vice-Chairman of British American Tobacco, (BAT). In 1968.
- He worked as a Chairman of British American Tobacco, (BAT). In 1970.
- He worked as a Chairman, British Leyland in Feb 1976-21 Oct 1977.

Richard married Emily Margaret Herridge, daughter of James Russell Herridge.

10-Capt. Wilfred James Dobson was born on 4 Mar 1878 in East Dulwich, London, was christened on 14 Apr 1878 in St. John the Evangelist, East Dulwich, London, died on 9 Jul 1916 in Flanders, Belgium at age 38, and was buried in Hooge Crater Cemetery, Hooge Belgium. Grave XVI.E.15. The cause of his death was Killed in action.

General Notes: Capt. Wilfred J. Dobson, from 1908-1 910 a Master at Upper Canada College, was killed in action on July 9th, 1916.

Capt. Dobson was a native of England, educated at St. Paul's School, and Exeter College, Oxford. When war broke out he at once enlisted as a private in the Q.O.R., and crossed with the first Canadian Expeditionary Force. Before long he got a commission in the Royal West Surreys, afterwards exchanging back to the C.E.F. 1st Batt. He was appointed Captain at the front, and at the time of his death was Acting Major.

After leaving Upper Canada Capt. Dobson was at Ridley for a year, leaving there to go into business. At the time of his enlistment he was captain of the Toronto Cricket Club, being one of the best batsmen on the team, and one of the most popular members.

Capt. Dobson is deeply regretted by all who knew him, for his quiet humor, unfailing courtesy and thorough sportsmanship. *College Times (Summer 1916) pg. 25*

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Master, Upper Canada College in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.
- He worked as an officer of the Canadian Infantry, (Western Ontario Regiment).

10-Grace Dobson was born in 1880 in Wandsworth, London and died on 11 Aug 1938 in Cranleigh, Surrey at age 58. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-John Ralph Dobson was born in 1841 in Knaresborough, Yorkshire.

John married Matilda Atkinson.

9-Caroline Isabella Dobson was born in 1843 in Knaresborough, Yorkshire and died in 1885 in Saffron Walden, Essex at age 42.

9-Harriet Elizabeth Dobson was born in 1850 in Whitwell, Derbyshire and died in 1887 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 37.

8-Edward Cleaver⁸³ was born on 28 Mar 1812.

8-Caroline Cleaver⁸³ was born on 9 Apr 1813. She had no known marriage and no known children.

7-Benjamin Chapman¹ was born on 21 Aug 1775 in Whitby, Yorkshire. (23rd also given), died in Sep 1779 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 4, and was buried in Sneaton, Whitby, Yorkshire.

6-William Chapman¹³³ was born on 25 Aug 1733 and died on 23 Mar 1775 at age 41. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Abel next married Hannah Gaskin,¹⁰ daughter of William Gaskin and Hannah Scarth, on 3 Apr 1745 in FMH Staintondale, Whitby, Yorkshire. Hannah was born on 27 Jun 1715 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 30 Apr 1795 at age 79. They had four children: Mary, Hannah, Abel, and Jane.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Marriage Certificate: Papers of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt., 3 Apr 1745.

6-Mary Chapman^{1,105,134} was born on 16 Oct 1747 in Whitby, Yorkshire and died on 11 Nov 1790 at age 43.

Mary married John Walker, son of John Walker and Elizabeth Newton. They had four children: John, Elizabeth, Mary, and Hannah.

7-John Walker

7-Elizabeth Walker¹³⁴ was born on 13 Dec 1769 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 19 Nov 1822 in Nantes, France at age 52.

Elizabeth married John Freshfield,¹³⁴ son of John Freshfield^{108,109,135,136} and Elizabeth Pryor, on 17 Jun 1790 in FMH Newcastle. John was born on 9 Dec 1767 in Norwich, Norfolk. They had one daughter: Mary Elizabeth.

8-Mary Elizabeth Freshfield^{105,108,109,137} was born on 23 Apr 1791 in Norwich, Norfolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Tillingbourne Lodge, Dorking, Surrey.

Mary married **Gurney Barclay**, ^{105,108,109,134,137} son of **Robert Barclay of Mathers & Urie**^{10,59,109,137,138} and **Rachel Gurney**, ^{10,59,109} on 31 Mar 1818 in Redenhall, Norwich. Gurney was born on 20 Dec 1786 and died on 10 Sep 1820 in Youghal, County Cork, Ireland at age 33. They had one son: **Robert Gurney**.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: His first proposal of marriage to Mary Freshfield was rejected.
- Death Notice: The Edinburgh Annual Register, 1820.

9-Robert Gurney Barclay¹³⁷ was born on 27 Jan 1819 in London, was christened on 5 May 1820 in Old Church, St. Pancras, London, and died on 9 Aug 1886 in Westminster, London at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Banker in 69 Pall Mall, London.

Robert married Catherine Henrietta Wyville, daughter of Marmaduke Wyvill and Rachael Milnes, on 21 Sep 1840 in Leyburn, Yorkshire. Catherine was born on 12 Feb 1819 in Constable

Burton, Yorkshire and died on 25 Jan 1900 at age 80.

Mary next married **Col. Delancey Barclay**,¹⁰⁸ son of **Col. Thomas Henry Barclay** and **Susannah DeLancey**, on 16 Jun 1825. Delancey was born on 16 Jun 1780 in Hell Gate, Long Island, New York, USA and died on 29 Mar 1826 in Tillingbourne, Dorking, Surrey at age 45. They had one son: (**No Given Name**).

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB.
- Miscellaneous: Death notice from The Gentleman's Magazine, 1826.

9-Barclay died in Died in Infancy.

Elizabeth next married John Kerrich on 21 Feb 1798 in All Saints, Norwich, Norfolk. John was born on 19 Nov 1764 and died on 26 Apr 1812 at age 47.

7-Mary Walker

7-Hannah Walker

Hannah married Henry Hewitson.

6-Hannah Chapman^{10,139,140} was born on 15 Aug 1750 and died on 30 Jun 1798 at age 47.

Hannah married **Bartlett Gurney**,^{10,139,141,142} son of **Henry Gurney**^{2,10,141,142} and **Elizabeth Bartlett**,^{10,142} on 7 Jul 1780. Bartlett was born on 13 Oct 1756 in Norwich, Norfolk, died on 24 Feb 1803 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 46, and was buried in FBG Gildencroft, Norwich.

General Notes: Was the first member of the Gurney family to leave the Society of Friends. He died without issue. He left Northrepps to the Keswick Gurneys and resided at Wroxham and Cottishall. On the death of John Henry Gurney, he took Richard and Joseph Gurney (of the Grove) into the family bank.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Norwich, Norfolk.
- He was a Quaker.

6-Abel Chapman^{1,7,105,107} was born on 2 May 1752 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 30 Dec 1849 in Woodford, Essex at age 97, and was buried in Wanstead Churchyard, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Ship owner in Whitby, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Elder Brother of Trinity House.
- He worked as a Treasurer of St. Thomas' Hospital.

Abel married **Rebecca Bell**,^{1,7,105,107} daughter of **Daniel Bell**^{2,7,10,107,143,144} and **Catherine Barclay**,^{2,7,10,107,143,144} on 13 Jul 1784. Rebecca was born about 1759 and died on 17 May 1828 about age 69. They had 14 children: Hannah Gaskin, Catherine Bell, Emma, Abel, Daniel Bell, William, Mary Walker, Jonathan, Alfred, Henry, David Barclay, Frederick, Ellen, and Edward.

7-Hannah Gaskin Chapman was born on 11 Feb 1786 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 22 Dec 1855 at age 69.

7-Catherine Bell Chapman¹ was born on 26 Dec 1786 in Westminster, London and died on 13 Feb 1868 at age 81.

Catherine married Peter Godfrey^{1,145} on 17 Jun 1805 in Wanstead, Essex. Peter was born in 1769 and died in 1837 in Old Hall, East Bergholt, Suffolk at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Old Hall, East Bergholt, Suffolk.

• Miscellaneous: A pause for explanation.

7-Emma Chapman¹ was born on 5 Feb 1788 in Westminster, London and died on 13 Feb 1855 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 67.

Emma married **Abraham Rawlinson**,¹ son of **Thomas Rawlinson** and **Sarah Cowell**, on 26 Apr 1814. Abraham was born on 11 Feb 1789 in Fakenham, Norfolk, died on 19 Aug 1829 at age 40, and was buried in Lancaster Priory, Lancaster. They had three children: **Thomas Abraham**, **Rev. William Chapman**, and **Sarah Cowell**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Fakenham, Norfolk.

8-Thomas Abraham Rawlinson was born on 10 Apr 1816 in Leyton, London, was christened on 11 Aug 1816 in Leyton, London, died on 11 Jul 1859 at age 43, and was buried on 16 Jul 1859 in Chedburgh, Suffolk.

General Notes: Copy will of a barrister Probate granted Bury St. Edmunds 17 September 1859. Effects sworn under £7000. Testator died on 11 July 1859 His mother Emma Rawlinson, sister Sarah Cowell Bevan, uncle William Rawlinson, cousin Thomas Rawlinson, nephew and godson William Henry Rawlinson Bevan. His friend John Harman. Testator's brother the Reverend William Chapman Rawlinson. His brother-in-law

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Barrister at Law in Lincoln's Inn.

Thomas married someone. He had one daughter: Emma Sarah Louisa.

9-Emma Sarah Louisa Rawlinson

Emma married Rev. Edward Grigson on 16 Jan 1906. Edward was born on 2 Sep 1846.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Northchurch 1897 To 1909.
- He resided at West Lodge in Aylsham, Norfolk.

8-Rev. William Chapman Rawlinson was born on 23 Jun 1817 in Fakenham, Norfolk, was christened on 28 Jun 1818, and died on 24 Sep 1864 at age 47.

9-Emma Jane Rawlinson was born in 1849 in Burnwell Rectory, Norfolk.

9-Abraham Edmund Rolfe Rawlinson was born in 1851 in Burnwell Rectory, Norfolk and was christened on 31 Aug 1851 in Sedgeford, Norfolk.

8-Sarah Cowell Rawlinson was born on 14 Mar 1815 in Fakenham, Norfolk, died in Jun 1891 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 76, and was buried in St. Petronilla Church, Whepstead, Suffolk.

Sarah married William Robert Bevan, son of Robert Bevan and Mary Peele Taylor, on 4 Dec 1839 in Freebridge, Norfolk. William was born on 18 Jan 1812 in Norwich, Norfolk, died on 9 Jun 1890 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 78, and was buried in St. Petronilla Church, Whepstead, Suffolk. They had 11 children: William Henry Rawlinson, Albert John, Edmund Rolfe, Gascoigne, Harriet Gurney, Emmeline Mary, Abraham Rawlinson, Eustace Edmund, Cecilia Adeline, Caroline, and Beatrice Anna Sarah.

General Notes: We regret to announce the death of a well-known representative of an old and much respected county family who has just passed away, in the person of Mr. Wm. Robert Bevan, of plumpton House, Whepstead, who died on Monday morning last about a quarter to two o'clock at the ripe age of 78 years. The Bevans are descended from an old Welsh family, resident for some time at Swansea.

Mr. W. R. Bevan went to Sudbury in 1836, and became associated with the well-known banking firm of Oakes, Bevan and co., succeeding Mr. David Hanbury, who is buried in the chancel of Middleton Church.

He was well known as a magistrate, not only on the Sudbury Bench, but at the Clare, Melford, Thingoe and Thedwestre Petty Sessional Courts. Up to two years ago he generally presided as chairman at the Bury St. Edmund's Thingoe Divisional Bench, and at that time, on the attainment of his 76th birthday, was warmly congratulated by his brother magistrates on his satisfactory state of health, and his abillity to discharge his judicial duties. He was the oldest magistrate in the Western Division of Suffolk, with one exception, Mr. H. S. Waddington, who was appointed about a month before him.

t age 43, and was buried on 16 Jul 1859 in dinson Bevan. His friend John Harman.

Descendants of Robert Chapman

The funeral took place at Plumpton on Thursday morning at 1? 15. The officiating clergy were the Rector (Rev. T J Steele), the Rector of Hardingham (Rev O Sintsville I....ton) and the Vicar of All Saints', Northampton (Osnan Hull). The hymn "Rock of ages" was feelingly sung. Amongst those present were mr and Mrs Gascoyne Bevan, Miss Emmeline Bevan, Miss Beatrice Bevan, Mr and Mrs Frederick Bevan, Mr R Hutton Wilson, Mr Edward Cadge (Loddon), Capt Rawlinson, Madame Orpanowski, Miss Rawlinson, Go.... and Miss Bevan, Rev C Oldfield, Rev C... Turner (Bradfield St. George), Rev B S T Mills (Lawshall), the Mayor of Bury St Edmund's (Mr H Lacy Scott), Mr W Biddell, Lavenham Hall; Mr J H Porteus Oakes, Nowton Court; Rev. J. A. Drake, Brockley; Mr H A Oakes, Stowmarket, Mr Rockford Bevan and Mr Algernon B Bevan, Mr F M Bland; Dr Macnab and Mr D M Cameron, Bury; Mrs White Chevington; Rev E J Tompson, Saxham Magna; Rev H I Kilner, Saxham Parva; Rev L Davidson, Chedburgh; Mr G Lancelot Andrewes, Miss Andrewes, and Mr H Bridgman, Sudbury; Mr H M Dewing, Mr Kersey Dennis, Mr Dennis, jun., Mr J C Turner, Rev E Latham, Mr S Craske Roper, Mr S Clemente, Mr J Digby, Mr Hitchcock, and many others. Beautiful floral wreaths were sent from members of the family, as well from Mr H J Porteus Oakes, the clerk of the Bank, & co. On the brass breastplate of the coffin was the inscription: - William Robert Bevan, Bayo

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Partner in the bank, Oakes, Bevan and Co.

9-William Henry Rawlinson Bevan was born on 6 Oct 1840 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 20 Oct 1919 in London at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Church missionary in Canon of Kimberly, Kuruman and Bloemfontein, South Africa.

9-Albert John Bevan was born in 1842 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died in 1849 in Sudbury, Suffolk at age 7.

9-Edmund Rolfe Bevan was born in 1843 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died in 1849 in Sudbury, Suffolk at age 6.

9-Gascoigne Bevan was born in 1844 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died in 1894 at age 50.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker in Sudbury, Suffolk.

Gascoigne married Emily Lynch.

9-Harriet Gurney Bevan was born in 1848.

Harriet married William Chatterley Bishop in 1894. William was born in 1853 in Douglas, Isle of Man and died in 1922 at age 69.

9-Emmeline Mary Bevan was born in 1850.

9-Abraham Rawlinson Bevan was born in 1850 and died on 14 Apr 1888 in Del Norte, Colorado at age 38.

Abraham married Cecile Agnes Blackmore. They had one daughter: Agnes.

10-Agnes Bevan was born on 6 Feb 1886 in Del Norte, Colorado and died in 1966 at age 80.

Agnes married Dr. Edwards Albert Park. Edwards was born in 1878 and died in 1969 at age 91. They had three children: Sara, Charles, and David.

11-Sara Park

11-Charles Park

11-David Park

9-Eustace Edmund Bevan was born on 10 Nov 1851 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died in 1924 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to Colorado, USA about 1875.

Eustace married Margaret Mottley, daughter of Capt. George Henry Mottley.

Eustace next married Astrid Louise Anderson in 1877. Astrid was born in 1859 and died in 1940 at age 81. They had three children: William Julius, Reginald Bertrand, and Hilda Victoria.

10-William Julius Bevan was born in 1877 and died in 1951 at age 74.

10-Reginald Bertrand Bevan was born in 1877 and died in 1952 at age 75.

10-Hilda Victoria Bevan

9-Cecilia Adeline Bevan was born in 1853.

Cecilia married Robert Hutton Wilson, son of Arthur Henry Hutton Wilson, in 1876. Robert was born in 1842 in County Durham. They had four children: Arthur Henry Hutton, Violet Emily, Margaret, and Cecil Hutton.

10-Arthur Henry Hutton Wilson

10-Violet Emily Wilson

10-Margaret Wilson

10-Cecil Hutton Wilson

Cecil married Madeline Marion Howland Jackson.

9-Caroline Bevan was born in 1855.

9-Beatrice Anna Sarah Bevan was born in 1857 and died in 1943 at age 86.

Beatrice married Rev. Henry Ingate Kilner in 1894. Henry was born in 1850 and died on 13 Sep 1935 at age 85.

7-Rev. Abel Chapman¹ was born on 6 Jun 1789 in Westminster, London and died in 1866 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

Abel married Anne Hubbersty, daughter of J. Hubbersty.

7-Daniel Bell Chapman^{1,105} was born on 20 Aug 1790 in Tottenham, London and died in 1811 at age 21. The cause of his death was Drowned in an accident at sea. He had no known marriage and no known children.

7-William Chapman¹ was born on 28 Jun 1792 in Woodford, Essex and died in 1878 at age 86.

General Notes: Stood for election as MP for ? Shields in 1841 and was beaten by 79 votes

8-Abel Chapman¹ was born on 23 Mar 1817 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1885 at age 68.

9-Constance Jane Chapman¹ was born in 1848.

9-Elizabeth Rachel Chapman¹ was born in 1850.

9-Helena Margaret Chapman¹ was born in 1852.

9-Hannah Edith Chapman^{1,7,11,110} was born in 1854.

8-Martha Holt Chapman¹¹ was born in 1818 in Northumberland, was christened on 20 May 1818 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and died on 22 Jan 1863 in Naples, Italy at age 45.

9-Dorothy Mary Neville-Rolfe was born in 1844 and died in 1931 at age 87.

9-Eustace Neville-Rolfe¹¹ was born on 8 Aug 1845 in Heacham Hall, Norfolk and died on 15 Dec 1908 in Naples, Italy at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a British Consul General in Naples, Italy.

10-Amy Neville-Rolfe¹¹ was born in 1868 and died in 1964 at age 96.

10-Ivy Neville-Rolfe

10-Dorothy Neville-Rolfe^{11,114} was born in 1873.

11-Richard Valentine Holme^{114,115} was born on 20 Apr 1908 in Malta and died on 16 Jan 1980 in Zimbabwe at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Agricutural Scientist.

12-Richard Rolfe Holme

13-**Holme**

13-Holme

- 13-**Holme**
- 13-Holme
- 13-**Holme**
- 12-Virginia Valentine Holme

12-Frances Elizabeth Holme¹¹⁵ was born on 11 Feb 1942 and died on 5 Jan 2002 at age 59.

13-Robert Frederick Milbank

13-Henry Mark Thomas Milbank

13-Jack Patrick Milbank

12-Catherine Roberta Holme

9-Ernest Neville-Rolfe was born in 1847 and died in 1909 at age 62.

9-Harriet Jane Neville-Rolfe was born in 1850 and died in 1928 at age 78.

9-Charles William Neville-Rolfe was born in 1851 and died in 1932 at age 81.

10-Randolph Neville-Rolfe was born in 1889 and died on 28 Nov 1964 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea and Rubber palnter in Ceylon.

11-Maj. Charles Babington Neville-Rolfe was born on 15 Dec 1916 and died on 8 Feb 2009 at age 92.

11-Joan Neville-Rolfe was born in 1919.

11-Daphne Neville-Rolfe

- 11-Hazel Neville-Rolfe
- 11-Randolph Neville-Rolfe

10-Clive Neville-Rolfe was born in 1884.

9-Herbert Neville-Rolfe was born in 1854 and died in 1942 at age 88.

9-Alfred Neville-Rolfe was born in 1857 and died in 1896 at age 39.

9-Arthur Neville-Rolfe was born in 1858 and died in 1887 at age 29.

9-Margaret Neville-Rolfe was born in 1863 and died in 1946 at age 83.

8-**Rev. Edward John Chapman**¹ was born on 22 Apr 1819 and died on 2 Nov 1869 at age 50. He had no known marriage and no known children.

8-Capt. William Daniel Chapman^{1,109} was born on 17 Jan 1826 and died on 10 Nov 1911 at age 85.

9-Gordon Graham Chapman¹ was born on 5 May 1848, was christened on 9 Jul 1848 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, and died on 15 Feb 1872 in Medway, Kent at age 23.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1871 in Gillingham, Kent.

9-William Chapman¹ was born on 21 Apr 1850 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, was christened on 26 Feb 1855 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, and died on 27 Feb 1855 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk at age 4.

9-Montague Jasper Chapman¹ was born on 16 Sep 1852 in India, was christened on 6 May 1855 in Heigham, Norfolk, died on 24 Dec 1935 in Seattle, King County, Washington, USA at age 83, and was buried in Pullman City Cemetery, Whitman County, Washington, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to America.
- He worked as a Securities and Real Estate agent in Pullman, Whitman County, Washington, USA.

10-Montague Reynolds Chapman was born on 20 Oct 1888 in Plymouth County, Iowa, USA, died in 1895 in Pullman, Whitman County, Washington, USA at age 7, and was buried in Pullman City Cemetery, Whitman County, Washington, USA.

9-**Rev. Theodore Charles Chapman**¹ was born on 17 Jan 1856 in Nagpur, Maharashtra, India, died on 11 Dec 1932 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 76, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Christ Church in Laxey, Isle of Man.
- He worked as a Rector of Maidstone in Maidstone, Kent.
- He had a residence in 24 Canynge Square, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-Capt. Gordon Humphrey Chapman was born on 7 Jun 1882 in The Parsonage, Laxey, Isle of Man, died on 9 Mar 1916 in Iraq. Killed in action at age 33, and was buried in Amara War Cemetery, Iraq. Grave XIX.D.2.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

11-Elizabeth L. Chapman was born in 1914 in Conway, Caernavonshire, Wales.

10-Capt. Perceval Christian Chapman was born on 10 Mar 1884 in The Parsonage, Laxey, Isle of Man, was christened on 27 Apr 1884 in Christ Church, Laxey, Isle of Man, died on 1 May 1915 at age 31, and was buried in Alexandria (Chatby) Military Cemetery, Egypt. Grave J.3.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

10-Capt. Theodore Victor Chapman was born in 1897 in Barton Regis, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 12 May 1917 in Arras, France. Killed in action at age 20, and was buried in Arras Memorial, Bay 2.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment).

10-Patrick Bertram Keith Chapman was born on 17 Feb 1889 in Lowestoft, Suffolk, died on 11 Sep 1892 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 3, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

10-Capt. Alex Colin Chapman RN was born on 15 Sep 1897 in Barton Regis, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 Sep 1970 in Ravelston, The Marina, Deal, Kent at age 72.

General Notes: 09.1910	entered RN
(08.1923) no appointment listed	
27.09.1923-(01.1925)	qualifying for gunnery duties, HMS Excellent (gunnery school, Portsmouth)
07.07.1926-(07.1927)	Gunnery Officer, HMS Adventure
28.06.1929-(08.1929)	RN Barracks, Portsmouth [HMS Victory]
21.12.1929-(04.1930)	HMS Excellent (gunnery school, Portsmouth)
25.10.1930-(02.1931)	Gunnery Officer, HMS Revenge (battleship) (Mediterranean)
12.01.1932-(09.1932)	staff course, RN Staff College, Greenwich [HMS President]
22.12.1933-(02.1936)	Squadron Gunnery Officer, 1st Battle Squadron [HMS Revenge (battleship), later (1936) HMS Valiant (battleship)] (Med
17.11.1936-(07.1937)	Commanding Officer, HMS Fleetwood (escort vessel) (Home Fleet)
22.02.1938-(04.1940)	Executive Officer, HMS Barham (battleship)
24.07.1940-(02.)1941	Staff Officer (Plans) to Commander-in-Chief Home Fleet [HMS Nelson (battleship)]
14.05.1941-(02.1943)	Commanding Officer, HMS Arethusa (cruiser)
10.06.1943-(06.)1944	Captain of the Fleet, Home Fleet [HMS Duke of York (battleship)]
27.07.1944-31.07.1946	Director of Gunnery and Anti-Aircraft Warfare Division, Admiralty [HMS President]
12.04.1948-(07.1948)	Head of Naval Branch Combined Services Division, Berlin [HMS Royal Albert]

editerranean)

08.01.1949-08.07.1949 Naval ADC to the King

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Osborne.
- He was educated at Dartmouth.
- He worked as a Captain of the Fleet, Home Fleet.
- He worked as a Director of Gunnery and Anti-Aircraft Warfare Division, Admiralty.
- He worked as a Head of Naval Branch Combined Services Division, Berlin.
- He worked as a Naval ADC to the King.

9-Rev. Canon Percy Hugh Chapman¹ was born on 13 Apr 1866 in Wanstead, Essex and died in 1953 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at The Grammar School in Felsted, Essex.

10-Winifred Margaret Chapman was born on 28 Jan 1900 in Bareilly, Bengal, India and was christened on 14 Feb 1900 in Bareilly, Bengal, India.

10-Janet Marion Chapman

10-Kenneth Hugh Chapman was born on 22 Oct 1909 in Bareilly, Bengal, India and was christened on 20 Nov 1909 in Bareilly, Bengal, India.

9-Aubrey Bertram Chapman¹ was born on 31 Aug 1869 in Wanstead, Essex and died in 1916 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 47.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1911 in Lipwood, Windermere, Cumbria.
- 9-William Daniel Chapman¹ was born on 27 Mar 1871 and died in 1871 in Kensington, London.
- 9-Hubert Chapman¹ was born on 28 Jul 1872 and died on 13 Sep 1872.

8-Margaret Rebecca Chapman died on 24 Apr 1851.

9-Emma Jane Rawlinson was born in 1849 in Burnwell Rectory, Norfolk.

9-Abraham Edmund Rolfe Rawlinson was born in 1851 in Burnwell Rectory, Norfolk and was christened on 31 Aug 1851 in Sedgeford, Norfolk.

7-Mary Walker Chapman was born on 5 Nov 1794 in Tottenham, London and died in 1826 in Combe House, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 32. Mary married George Hillhouse⁷⁶ in 1823. George was born in 1779 and died in Jan 1849 at age 70. They had two children: Mary Rebecca and Anna Chapman.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Combe House, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- Miscellaneous: Some words of explanation.

8-Mary Rebecca Hillhouse was born on 8 Feb 1824 in Combe House, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Mary married George Cappelan Sawyer on 20 Dec 1842 in Westbury on Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire. George was born in 1815. They had seven children: George Westrenen, Herbert Anthony, William Harcourt, Ernest Edward, Claude Gustave, Arthur Robert, and Edmund Stratton.

Noted events in his life were:

He had a residence in Severn House, Gloucestershire.

9-Col. George Westrenen Sawyer was born on 17 Jun 1844 in Henbury Church, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 30 May 1916 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 43rd Monmouthshire Light Infantry
- He worked as an officer of the Bombay Staff Corps.

George married Mary Elizabeth Allen, daughter of George Lascombe Allen and Sarah Parkinson, on 30 Oct 1871. Mary was born on 5 Sep 1846 in Karachi, Pakistan and was christened on 11 Oct 1846 in Karachi, Pakistan. They had three children: George Henry, Grace, and Amy.

10-George Henry Sawyer was born on 6 Jul 1875.

10-Grace Sawyer

10-Amy Sawyer

George next married Jessie Stewart Jackson in Jul 1895 in Bridlington, Yorkshire. Jessie was born in 1856 in Market Weighton, Yorkshire and died in 1904 in Portsmouth, Hampshire at age 48.

9-Herbert Anthony Sawyer

Herbert married Lucy Cavaye Hutchinson, daughter of Charles Waterloo Hutchinson.

9-Col. William Harcourt Sawyer¹⁴⁶ was born on 21 Oct 1848 and died on 13 Dec 1926 in Maidenhead, Berkshire at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 4th King's Own (Royal Lancaster) Regiment.
- He worked as a Military Secretary to the Governor of Cape Province in Cape Province, South Africa.

William married Edith Mary Rachel Hanbury, daughter of George Hanbury¹⁴⁶ and Mary Trotter,¹⁴⁶ on 19 Jul 1882 in Hitcham, Buckinghamshire. Edith was born on 19 Aug 1861 and died in 1953 at age 92. They had six children: Roland Ernest, Marjorie Katherine, Eveline Mysie, Eric G., Muriel Jean, and Violet Marjorie.

Noted events in their marriage were:

Miscellaneous: William and Edith were both descendants of David Barlay and Priscilla Freame.

10-Capt. Roland Ernest Sawyer was born on 3 Jun 1883 and died on 25 Oct 1945 at age 62.

Roland married Mary Thyra Mackenzie, daughter of Osgood Hanbury Mackenzie and Minna Amy Edwards-Moss, on 2 Jul 1935. Mary was born on 1 Mar 1879 and died in Jul 1953 at age 74. They had no children.

General Notes: Mackenzie died on 15 April 1922. On his death, Inverewe was inherited by his daughter. Following the death of her second husband, and being without any children, she began discussions with the National Trust for Scotland about the future ownership of the garden in 1950. She gave the garden to the National Trust for Scotland in 1952, together with an endowment for its future upkeep

10-Marjorie Katherine Sawyer was born in 1884 in London.

Marjorie married Noel Tudor Lloyd,¹⁰⁹ son of Richard Borradaile Lloyd¹⁰⁹ and Mary Jean Campbell Money,¹⁰⁹ on 27 Apr 1909 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Noel was born on 17 Apr 1882 in Reigate, Surrey. They had one daughter: Dinah.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1924 in Box End House, Kempston, Bedfordshire.

11-**Dinah Lloyd** was born in 1910 in Souldrop, Bedfordshire.

10-Eveline Mysie Sawyer was born on 30 Apr 1885 in Hitcham, Buckinghamshire and died on 23 Aug 1978 in Knaresborough Place, London at age 93.

Eveline married **Capt. Eric Charles Palmer**, son of **Claude Bowes Palmer** and **Marion Ramsey**, in 1919. The marriage ended in divorce. Eric was born on 9 Sep 1896 and died on 4 Oct 1961 at age 65. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC Croix de Guerre.
- He worked as an officer of the 1st Durham Light Infantry.

10-Eric G. Sawyer was born on 27 Oct 1886 in Aldershot, Hampshire.

10-Muriel Jean Sawyer was born on 8 Jul 1887.

10-Violet Marjorie Sawyer² was born in 1891 in Maidenhead, Berkshire and died in 1976 at age 85.

Violet married **Prof. Sir Thomas Ralph Merton**,² son of **Emile Ralph Merton**² and **Helen Meates**,² in 1912. Thomas was born on 12 Jan 1888 in Wimbledon, London and died on 10 Oct 1969 in Stubbings House, Maidenhead Thicket, Berkshire at age 81. They had five children: John, Ralph, William Ralph, (No Given Name), and Geoffrey Ralph.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Gilbert Street, London.
- They had a residence in 1923 in Winforton House, Winforton, Herefordshire.
- They had a residence in Stubbings House, Maidenhead Thicket, Berkshire.

General Notes: Merton, Sir Thomas Ralph (1888–1969), physicist, was born in Wimbledon, Surrey, on 12 January 1888, the only son (there were also two daughters) of Emile Ralph Merton (1850–1921) and his wife, Helen (b. 1860, d. after 1930), daughter of Thomas Meates. Emile Merton, of German origin but of British nationality when his children were born, was for a time partner in the family business of Henry R. Merton & Co., metal traders, founded by his elder brother in London in 1860; another brother, William, had founded the Metallgesellschaft in Frankfurt am Main in 1881. Merton was educated at Farnborough School and at Eton College, where Dr T. C. Porter, the physics master, encouraged him to begin research. Between leaving Eton in 1905 and going up to Balliol College, Oxford, in 1906, he worked at King's College, London, where he made a lifelong friend of Herbert Jackson and met J. W. Nicholson. He went to Balliol with distinguished fellow Etonians Julian Grenfell, Ronald Knox, and Julian Huxley.

In view of his delicate health and his promise as a scientist, the university allowed Merton to go straight to a research thesis without taking his final exams, a unique privilege well justified by subsequent events. His investigation of the properties of solutions of caesium nitrate earned him a BSc in 1910. Meanwhile he had been reading widely and conceived many ideas for improving the techniques of spectroscopy. While still a schoolboy he had set up a room in his father's house as a primitive laboratory. After his marriage in 1912 to Violet Marjory (d. 1976), daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel William Harcourt Sawyer, his spectroscopic laboratory was moved to his London house in Gilbert Street.

After 1913 a steady stream of papers came from Merton's private laboratory, in which he assembled the latest spectroscopic equipment. His early work was on the absorbtion spectra of solutions, but he soon changed to the spectra of gases and to astrophysics, which were to be the main fields of his investigations. His early papers were distinguished by the beauty and accuracy of his experimental techniques. In 1916 he obtained his DSc from Oxford and was appointed lecturer in spectroscopy at King's College, London. In the same year his first joint paper with J. W. Nicholson appeared. It was a fortunate chance which brought together Nicholson's brilliant mathematical analysis and Merton's experimental skill. The paper dealt with the broadening of spectral lines in a condensed discharge. By an ingenious technique Merton measured the discontinuities in the lines due to their partial breaking up into components under the influence of the magnetic field between adjacent atoms. The two men applied the same technique to the measurement of the spectra of hydrogen and helium, reproducing the distribution of intensity of some stellar lines in the laboratory for the first time.

The First World War scarcely interrupted these researches. Merton, having been rejected for active service on grounds of health, was commissioned in 1916 as a lieutenant in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve in the secret service, the first scientist to be so appointed. His success in identifying the secret ink carried by German spies in their clothing, and inventing a new means of secret writing, won a mention in dispatches.

In 1919 Balliol elected Merton to a research fellowship and Oxford made him reader (from 1923 professor) in spectroscopy. He worked on a series of problems, usually with a young student as his assistant. He was elected to the Royal Society in 1920 and in 1922, with Sydney Barratt, gave the society's Bakerian lecture, on the spectrum of hydrogen. They cleared up a number of discrepancies in the secondary spectrum of hydrogen which were shown to be due to the hydrogen molecule, and they also showed the profound influence that traces of impurities can exert on gas

ge 93. as born on 9 Sep 1896 and died on 4 Oct 1961 at spectra. In 1923 Merton, who had inherited about £80,000 under his father's will, left Oxford to live at Winforton House in Herefordshire, the estate he had acquired with 3 miles of salmon fishing on the Wye. He was a good shot and a most skilful fisherman. He transferred his laboratory to Winforton, so that he was able to combine a sporting life with his scientific research. There is a gap of nearly twenty years between Merton's scientific papers of 1928 and 1947. In this interval he was busy in the laboratory and was taking out patents for his inventions. Diffraction gratings were one of his lifelong interests and here his inventive genius best showed itself. The rarity and expense of good diffraction gratings led him to devise, in 1935, a method of copying them without loss of optical quality by applying a thin layer of a cellulose ester solution to an original plane grating. When the solvent had evaporated he detached this pellicle and applied its grooved surface to a moist gelatine film on a glass plate. When dry, the gelatine bore a faithful record of the original rulings.

In 1948 Merton made an important basic advance in the art of ruling diffraction gratings. Since 1880 these had been ruled groove by groove by the method used by Rowlands. In place of this, Merton ruled a very fine helix continuously on a steel cylinder which he then opened out upon a plane gelatine-coated surface by his copying method. No lathe could, however, rule a helix free from errors of pitch and these Merton eliminated by an ingenious device. It consisted of a 'chasing lathe' by which he cut a secondary helix on the same cylinder with a tool mounted on a 'nut' lined with strips of cork pressed upon the primary lathe-cut helix. Periodic errors were thus averaged and eliminated by the elasticity of the cork.

Merton handed these processes over to the National Physical Laboratory (NPL) for further development and they formed the basis of a considerable research programme. The 'blazed' gratings made by the Merton– NPL method were of great value in making available cheap infra-red spectrometers of high resolving power for research and industry, while long gratings ruled by this method came into use for engineering measurement and machine tool control.

In the laboratory at his father's house Merton had bombarded various newly discovered phosphorescent powders with cathode rays. He was surprised to find that while all lit brilliantly, the afterglow was brief and feeble. By experiment, he discovered that this was because the excitation and emission lines of the spectra barely overlapped, and that by mixing suitable powders he could increase the afterglow. He realized that persistent afterglow could be got by a double layer of powders, in which the light emitted by the back layer excited the front layer, but as this technique seemed to have no practical use he forgot about it for thirty-three years, until 1938 when Sir Henry Tizard asked if he could achieve such a long afterglow. Merton was able to reply by return of post, and soon after was asked to join the air defence committee where he learned that his discovery had made possible the two-layer long-persistence radar screens which helped to bring victory in the battle of Britain. His other wartime inventions included a black paint which reduced the proportion of light reflected from bombers in a searchlight to less than one per cent; the use of nitrous oxide in the fuel to accelerate fighter aircraft; and a diffraction rangefinder for fighters, which was used against doodlebugs.

From 1939 to 1956 Merton was treasurer of the Royal Society, where his knowledge and experience of business were of considerable benefit. He formed a committee of experts to control its finances, and it was on his initiative that charitable bodies were given power to invest in equities, where they had previously been limited to gilt-edged stock. The income of all the society's funds showed a large increase during his treasurership.

In 1925 John, the eldest of the Mertons' five sons, brought home the drawing prize from Eton and this proved a turning point in both his and his father's lives. It awoke in Merton some latent interest and he spent months in Italy with his son seeing all the great collections of Renaissance paintings. His study of the techniques of the Florentine paintings was reflected in his son's pictures. He began to make a remarkable collection of pictures of the period 1450–1520. From 1944 until his death he was a member of the scientific advisory board of the National Gallery, and its chairman from 1957 to 1965. He was also a trustee of the gallery, and of the National Portrait Gallery from 1955 to 1962. Merton was knighted in 1944 for his services during the war and in 1956 was appointed KBE. He was awarded the Holweck prize in 1951 and the Rumford medal of the Royal Society in 1958.

In 1947 Merton bought Stubbings House, at Maidenhead Thicket, Berkshire. Its spacious rooms made an admirable setting for his collection of pictures. As a man of considerable wealth, he maintained what was probably the last private physics laboratory in Britain. Papers and patents continued to appear, based on his researches there. In 1957 he had several serious operations and thereafter he rarely left his home, where he died on 10 October 1969.

Harold Hartley, rev. Isobel Falconer

Sources H. Hartley and D. Gabor, Memoirs FRS, 16 (1970), 421–40 · The Times (13 Oct 1969) · personal knowledge (1981) · private information (2006) [Colin Merton, son] Archives CAC Cam., corresp. with A. V. Hill · IWM, corresp. with Tizard and others · Nuffield Oxf., corresp. with Lord Cherwell

Likenesses J. Merton, drawing, 1951, priv. coll. [see illus.] · photograph (after drawing by J. Merton), RS; repro. in Hartley and Gabor, Memoirs FRS, facing p. 421 Wealth at death £1,920,337: probate, 2 March 1970, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Harold Hartley, 'Merton, Sir Thomas Ralph (1888–1969)', rev. Isobel Falconer, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2006 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/34998

MERTON, Sir Thomas (Ralph) KBE 1956; Kt 1944; MA, DSc (Oxon); FRS 1920 Born 12 Jan. 1888; m 1912, Marjory, d of Lt-Col W. H. Sawyer; five s ; died 10 Oct. 1969 EDUCATION Eton; Balliol College, Oxford CAREER Formerly Professor of Spectroscopy, Oxford University, and Fellow of Balliol College. Treasurer Royal Society, 1939–56; Fellow of Eton College, 1945–63; Trustee, National Gallery, 1955–62; Trustee, National Portrait Gallery; Member Royal Fine Art Commission. Bakerian Lecturer, Royal Society, 1922. Holweck Prize, 1951; Rumford Medal of Roy. Soc., 1958. Hon. LLD (Aberdeen); Hon. DSc. (London) PUBLICATIONS papers in the Proceedings and Transactions of the Royal Soc. and other scientific journals **RECREATION** Fishing CLUBS Athenæum, Brooks's, Savile

ADDRESS Stubbings House, Maidenhead Thicket, Berks Littlewick Green 2022

'MERTON, Sir Thomas (Ralph)', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U51328

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He was educated at Farnborough School.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Balliol College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Physicist and Spectroscopist.
- He worked as a Lecturer in spectroscopy at King's College, London in 1916.
- He worked as a Research Fellow, Balliol College, Oxford in 1919.
- He worked as a Professor of Spectroscopy, University of Oxford in 1923.
- He worked as a developer of Diffraction gratings.

11-John Merton² was born on 7 May 1913 and died on 16 Feb 2011 at age 97.

General Notes: John Merton

John Merton, who died on February 16 aged 97, was one of the most prolific portrait painters of the last century, and enjoyed a reputation for depicting sitters at their best. As an exhibitor at the Royal Academy Summer Exhibitions, Merton produced three pictures which were the most talked about of their respective years. The first was his triple portrait of Mrs Daphne Wall (1948). The selection committee disliked it, but the RA's president, Sir Alfred Munnings, threatened publicly to resign if it was not hung, and it was shown on a separate easel. It caused a sensation, and drew enormous crowds.

Ten years later Merton's triple portrait of Jane Dalkeith (now the Dowager Duchess of Buccleuch) had the rare distinction of being awarded an immediate "A" (for Accepted) by the committee. Kenneth Clark called the picture "really rather wonderful", and Cecil Beaton hailed it as "the picture of the century".

The third picture, which attracted widespread interest when it was shown in 1987, was a triple portrait of Diana, Princess of Wales. "She is undoubtedly the most beautiful woman I have ever painted," Merton said. The Princess, wearing a tight-fitting yellow dress, gave the artist five sittings, one at Kensington Palace and four more at his studio near Marlborough in Wiltshire. Merton worked on the picture for around 1,000 hours.

The painting was hung in Cardiff City Hall, and in 2005 was temporarily, and controversially, removed from the wall hours before the Prince of Wales arrived on an official visit with the Duchess of Cornwall.

Among his many other works, Merton made a silverpoint drawing of the Queen (1989), which is now in the Royal Collection, and produced triple portraits of Sir David Piper and the Duke of Grafton for the National Portrait Gallery.

Noted for the meticulousness of his work, Merton's inspiration was the art of the Italian Renaissance. In his early years he used egg tempera; later he developed his own formula using gelatin. Typically, in a short sitting he would make hundreds of slides of his subject with a stereo camera, exploring various combinations of lighting, attitude and expression, and he would then work from these using a binocular viewer.

John Ralph Merton was born on May 7 1913, the eldest of five sons of Sir Thomas Merton, the physicist and Professor of Spectroscopy at Oxford University. John's talent as a draughtsman was evident from boyhood, and when he arrived from Eton at Balliol College, Oxford, he was allowed to study at the Ruskin School of Drawing instead of taking a degree. His father took him on a number of visits to Italy to study Renaissance art — Botticelli was to become a significant influence on his work.

Commissioned into the Royal Artillery in 1940, Merton headed the research unit at the Gunnery School, Larkhill, where he developed a system of photographic reconnaissance known as "the Gridded Oblique", which allowed for more accurate identification of targets. The Americans adopted it and took more than a million gridded obliques before crossing the Rhine. In 1942 Merton was appointed MBE (military) and in 1945 he was awarded the American Legion of Merit.

In 1944 Merton was appointed assistant to Lord Mountbatten's scientific adviser at Kandy, in Ceylon. There he invented a method of measuring from high altitude the gradient and depth of water on beaches, helping to assess their suitability for landings by troops. The plan was to make use of this technique before attacking islands held by the Japanese, but the war ended before it could be put into practice.

Merton published a two-volume selection of his paintings and drawings, A Journey Through an Artist's Life (1994 and 2003). In 2003 he had a retrospective at the Fine Art Society in London. He enjoyed coming up with quirky inventions for his children at their home in Wiltshire. Among them was a boat constructed from old aircraft fuel tanks, which they could sail on the river

Avon; and a paddle wheel in the river which generated a current in the family's swimming pool so that the children could swim "against the tide". John Merton married, in 1939, Viola Penelope von Bernd, who died in 2009. He is survived by two daughters; another daughter predeceased him.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MBE (Military). American Legion of Merit.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Balliol College, Oxford.
- He was educated at the Ruskin School of Drawing.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.
- He worked as a Society portrait painter.
- His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 25 Feb 2011.

John married Viola Penelope von Bernd in 1939. Viola died in 2009. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

12-Merton

12-Merton

12-Merton

11-Ralph Merton was born in 1914.

11-William Ralph Merton

William married Anthea Caroline Lascelles, daughter of Henry Francis Lascelles and Rose Caroline Georgiana Aylmer, on 6 Jul 1950. Anthea was born on 28 Feb 1930 and died on 25 Feb 1976 at age 45. They had three children: Michael Ralph, Rupert Ralph, and Jeremy Ralph.

12-Michael Ralph Merton

Michael married Lavinia Helena Hookham, daughter of Felix Edward Fontes Hookham. They had two children: Christopher Ralph and Amy Rose.

13-Christopher Ralph Merton

13-Amy Rose Merton

Michael next married Alison Myhill Short.

Michael next married Sallyann Barbara Ellert.

12-Rupert Ralph Merton

Rupert married Stephanie Sagman, daughter of Abraham Winston Sagman. They had three children: Gemma Jane, Georgia Mathilda, and Poppy Belinda.

13-Gemma Jane Merton

13-Georgia Mathilda Merton

13-Poppy Belinda Merton

12-Jeremy Ralph Merton

Jeremy married Riam Thapnyom, daughter of Yong Thapnyom. They had four children: Mongcut Merlin Ralph, Chada Scheherazade Anthea, Narai Alexander Ralph, and Mengrai

Alfred Ralph.

13-Mongcut Merlin Ralph Merton

13-Chada Scheherazade Anthea Merton

13-Narai Alexander Ralph Merton

13-Mengrai Alfred Ralph Merton

11-Merton

11-Lieut. Geoffrey Ralph Merton was born in 1921, died on 24 Oct 1984 at age 63, and was buried in Mill Hill Cemetery, Mill Hill, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of the Grenadier Guards.

Geoffrey married **Constance Bridget Aylmer**, daughter of **Maj. Henry Gerald Aylmer** and **Nancy Hollick**, on 12 Jan 1951. Constance was born on 17 Apr 1928, died on 24 Oct 1984 at age 56, and was buried in Mill Hill Cemetery, Mill Hill, London. They had three children: **Flavia Jane, Laura Rachel**, and **Claudia Bridget**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They resided at Radlett House, Radlett Place, Avenue Road, London.

12-Flavia Jane Merton was born on 1 Dec 1951 and died on 15 Dec 2006 at age 55.

Flavia married Anthony Michael Guy Watts-Russell, son of Michael Watts-Russell. They had two children: Elizabeth Caroline and Henrietta Rose.

13-Elizabeth Caroline Watts-Russell

13-Henrietta Rose Watts-Russell

Flavia next married Thomas Nicholas Hancock after 1985. Thomas died on 10 May 2002. They had one daughter: Eleanor Jane.

13-Eleanor Jane Hancock

12-Laura Rachel Merton

Laura married Michael O'Shea.

12-Claudia Bridget Merton

Claudia married Kevin Patrick Gallen.

9-Ernest Edward Sawyer was born on 1 Mar 1850 in Livorno, Tuscany, Italy and was christened on 11 Mar 1850 in Livorno, Tuscany, Italy.

9-Claude Gustave Sawyer was born on 14 Nov 1852 and died in 1925 at age 73.

9-Arthur Robert Sawyer was born on 17 Apr 1854.

9-Edmund Stratton Sawyer was born on 1 Feb 1856.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Military sales representative for Thomas Lipton.

• He worked as a Representative of the Canteen Mess Society in 1911.

Edmund married Jean Alexandra McLeod, daughter of Kenneth McLeod. They had three children: Mary Cappelen, Doris Jean, and (No Given Name).

10-Mary Cappelen Sawyer was born in 1890 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and died in 1957 at age 67.

Mary married Gwynne Henry Meredith, son of Henry Frederick Meredith and Lucy Anne Metevard, on 18 Mar 1914 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada. Gwynne was born on 5 Jan 1883 in Kington, Herefordshire and died on 14 May 1972 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 89. They had one son: Richard Charles.

11-Sgt. Richard Charles Meredith was born on 21 Apr 1918 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada, died on 19 Apr 1943 in England. On active service. at age 24, and was buried in Brookwood Military Cemetery, Woking, Surrey. Grave 34.F.10. The cause of his death was from multiple injuries sustained in a tank accident while on duty.

General Notes: Meredith, Richard Charles - Sergeant. Born 21st April, 1918, at Victoria, B.C. Educated at North Shore College, North Vancouver. Entered the service of the Bank 28th October, 1936. Served at Vancouver city branches, and Vernon and Kamloops, B.C. Enlisted 7th September, 1940, from Kamloops in 5th Canadian Motorcycle Regiment. Transferred to 9th Armoured Regiment, Canadian Armoured Corps, in October, 1941. Sergeant 8th February, 1943. Trained at Camp Borden, Ont. Overseas in October, 1942. Died overseas 19th April, 1943, from multiple injuries sustained in a tank accident while on duty during the spring manoeuvres. From a memorial booklet prepared by the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Sergeant of the British Columbia Dragoons R.C.A.C.

Mary next married Donald Byrne Hudson, son of Arthur Byrne Hudson and Rose. Donald was born on 19 Nov 1903 in Cobham, Surrey and died on 14 Jul 1982 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 78.

10-Doris Jean Sawyer² was born on 3 Sep 1892 in Darjeeling, West Bengal, India, was christened on 3 Oct 1892 in Darjeeling, West Bengal, India, died on 14 Nov 1944 in Rivière d'Allemont, France. Air crash at age 52, and was buried in Rivière d'Allemont, France.

Doris married Air Chief Marshal Sir Trafford Leigh-Mallory,² son of Rev. Canon Herbert Leigh-Mallory² and Annie Beridge Jebb,² on 18 Aug 1915 in All Saints, Upper Norwood, London. Trafford was born on 11 Jul 1892 in Mobberley, Knutsford, Cheshire, died on 14 Nov 1944 in Rivière d'Allemont, France. Air crash at age 52, and was buried in Rivière d'Allemont, France. They had three children: Thomas Trafford, Doris Jacqueline, and Kathleen Ruby.

General Notes: Mallory, Sir Trafford Leigh Leigh- (1892–1944), air force officer, was born at Mobberley, near Knutsford, Cheshire, on 11 July 1892, the youngest of the two sons and two daughters of Herbert Leigh Mallory (1856–1943), rector of Mobberley and later a canon of Chester Cathedral, and his wife, Annie Beridge (b. 1862), the daughter of the Revd John Beridge Jebb, rector of Brampton. His father hyphenated his surname in 1914. Trafford followed his example, but his brother, George Herbert Leigh Mallory, who died while attempting to climb Mount Everest in June 1924, did not.

Leigh-Mallory was educated at St Leonards, Sussex (1902–6), Haileybury College (1906–11), and Magdalene College, Cambridge (1911–14), where he took history and law. In August 1914 he was commissioned as a second lieutenant in the 4th battalion of the Lancashire Fusiliers, but he remained in England until April 1915, when he went to France with the 3rd battalion of the South Lancashire regiment. He was wounded in June and returned to England. On 18 August he married Doris Jean, the second of the three daughters of Edmund Stratton Sawyer of Upper Norwood, Middlesex, in All Saints' Church, Upper Norwood, his father officiating. They had one son and one daughter.

In January 1916 Leigh-Mallory transferred to the Royal Flying Corps. He qualified as a pilot in June, was promoted lieutenant, joined 7 squadron on the western front in July, and then transferred to 5 squadron in August. He was promoted captain and appointed a flight commander in November. Both were corps squadrons, equipped with the slow but stable BE 2c two-seat biplane and employed close to trench lines to direct artillery fire, take photographs, and drop bombs. Although valuable and dangerous, the work was unglamorous compared with that of faster, better-armed aeroplanes of army squadrons, which provided escorts, carried out long-distance reconnaissances, and, unlike corps machines, could engage in aerial combat with some hope of success. Leigh-Mallory returned to England in April 1917, was promoted major, and commanded 15 (reserve) squadron until November, when he returned to corps duties on the western front in command of 8 squadron, equipped with a somewhat less vulnerable two-seater, the Armstrong Whitworth FK 8. His squadron was hard worked after March 1918 (when the stalemate of trench war ended) in close support of ground forces until the November armistice. His energy and efficiency earned respect but not admiration: 'a proper little Charlie Chaplin, with turned-out toes and breeches like butterflies' (Dunn, 41) was the verdict of one observer. His brother, George, was little kinder: 'he affects magnificence, rushing about in a splendid Crossley car and giving orders with the curt assurance of an Alexander the Great, or Lord Northcliffe or Rockefeller' (ibid., 45–6). His merits were nevertheless recognized by the award of a DSO on 1 January 1919. Leigh-Mallory was granted a permanent commission as a squadron leader in August 1919. He found his niche in the School of Army Co-operation at Old Sarum, Wiltshire (1921–3), to which he gladly returned as commanding officer (1927–9), followed by equally congenial service as an instructor at the Army Staff College, Camberley (1930–31). Sadly, he had little opportunity in later years to pursue his undoubted talent for such work. Having been promoted wing commander in January 1925, he attended the RAF Staff College, Andover, in 1925– 6. He was promoted group captain in January 1932 and sent to Geneva as air adviser to the disarmament conference in 1932–3. He studied at the Imperial Defence College in 1934 and commanded a flying training school at Digby, Lincolnshire, until December 1935, when he went to Iraq as senior air staff officer at command headquarters; he was promoted air commodore in January 1936. Leigh-Mallory remained in

Iraq until December 1937, when he was appointed to command 12 group (responsible for defending the midlands and East Anglia from a headquarters at Watnall, Nottinghamshire) in Fighter Command, even though he had no experience of fighter operations or the organization of an air defence system. He was promoted air vice-marshal in November 1938. Leigh-Mallory's conduct of pre-war exercises was criticized by Sir Hugh Dowding (head of Fighter Command, at Bentley Priory in Stanmore, Middlesex) and by Keith Park (Dowding's senior air staff officer). In October 1938, for example, Dowding thought he showed 'a misconception of the basic ideas of fighter defence' (Orange, Park, 78), and a year later he asked him 'to remember that Fighter Command has to operate as a whole' (ibid., 80).

During the battle of Britain (July– October 1940) Leigh-Mallory and Park (now head of 11 group, responsible for the defence of London and south-east England, at Hillingdon House in Uxbridge, Middlesex) differed sharply over the conduct of operations. Leigh-Mallory resented his place in the rear, behind the front line, and at the end of August he found in the 'big wing' notions of Douglas Bader, one of his squadron leaders, a means of taking a direct part in the battle. However, Park's airfields were left unguarded and his ground controllers were confused by the wing's unexpected arrival in the battle area. Wings took a long time to assemble, using up fuel that was particularly precious to short-range fighters. Once assembled, it proved difficult in cloudy conditions to keep thirty to fifty fighters together en route for an interception. Nevertheless, the confident assertions of Leigh-Mallory and his allies, together with extravagant victory claims, enabled them to win the ensuing debate, and in December 1940 Leigh-Mallory replaced Park as head of 11 group. The verdict of most post-war historians and pilots who fought in the battle strongly supports the defensive strategy devised by Dowding and implemented by Park.

An alarming instance of Leigh-Mallory's incompetence was seen on 29 January 1941, when he decided to conduct a paper exercise using the circumstances of an actual attack in September 1940. His intention was to prove correct his opinion on the use of large formations. The exercise was carefully set up and Leigh-Mallory totally mismanaged it. When his several mistakes were pointed out to him, he replied that next time he would do better.

During 1941, instead of intensive combat training— which had been necessarily neglected during the crises of 1940— Sholto Douglas (who had replaced Dowding as head of Fighter Command in November 1940) and Leigh-Mallory employed their inexperienced pilots on offensive operations across the channel. More pilots were lost— and lost for no tangible advantage— in that year than in the battle of Britain. Before the German assault on the Soviet Union in June, these operations were actually welcomed by the Luftwaffe because they offered a chance to join battle in favourable conditions. After June not a single German aircraft was diverted from the Russian front to counter Fighter Command's efforts. Worse still, by accepting victory claims even more inflated than in 1940, Douglas and Leigh-Mallory were encouraged to persist in their offensive and to resist the release of squadrons for service overseas. In the second half of 1941, seventy-five day fighter squadrons were held in England while the Middle East and the Far East had to manage with only thirty-four between them, many of which were equipped with obsolete aircraft. Leigh-Mallory became head of Fighter Command in November 1942 and was promoted air marshal in December. In November 1943 he was confirmed by the combined chiefs of staff as commander of the proposed allied expeditionary air force (AEAF) to support operation Overlord, the campaign to liberate occupied Europe. Promotion to air chief marshal followed in January 1944.

To paraphrase what his brother, George, said about Mount Everest, Leigh-Mallory was appointed because he was there. Late in 1943, British and American airmen of greater ability, more varied experience, and hard-won mutual respect were still active in the Mediterranean. In January 1944, however, they returned in triumph to England with Eisenhower, appointed supreme allied commander of Overlord. They were reluctant to accept Leigh-Mallory as one of themselves even before they discovered that he was personally uncongenial and professionally unimpressive. Arthur Tedder, Eisenhower's deputy, was overall air commander; Arthur Coningham and Lewis Brereton (later, Hoyt Vandenberg) commanded the tactical air forces, Arthur Harris (the only 'outsider' they recognized) and Carl Spaatz commanded the strategic air forces, Roderic Hill commanded 'the air defence of Great Britain' (a title briefly inflicted upon Fighter Command), and Hugh Saunders was head of 11 group.

Leigh-Mallory's awkward position, as fifth wheel on the coach, and his unpopularity with influential airmen, British and American, explain his eager acceptance in August 1944 of an offer from Lord Louis Mountbatten, supreme allied commander in south-east Asia, that he go to India as air commander. But American objections to a British airman were not withdrawn until mid-September, and he remained in France until 15 October. After a month's leave he left Northolt for India in an Avro York at about 9 a.m. on 14 November 1944. Shortly after midday it struck a mountain ridge some 15 miles east of Grenoble in south-east France and all ten persons aboard (including his wife) were killed. A court of inquiry found that the weather had been very poor on the day of the accident, but that Leigh-Mallory 'was determined to leave and he is known to be a man of forceful personality.' Sir Charles Portal, chief of the air staff, added that Leigh-Mallory had no need for such haste. Tragically, 'the desire to arrive in India on schedule with his "own" aircraft and crew overrode prudence and resulted in this disaster' (TNA: PRO, AIR 2/10593). Leigh-Mallory was a short, burly man with a full head of neatly disciplined dark-brown hair and a trim moustache. He was appointed CB in July 1940 and knighted (KCB) in January 1943.

Vincent Orange

Sources B. N. Dunn, Big wing: the biography of Air Chief Marshal Sir Trafford Leigh-Mallory $(1992) \cdot V$. Orange, Park $(1984) \cdot V$. Orange, Coningham (1990); American edn (Washington, DC, 1992) $\cdot J$. Terraine, The right of the line: the Royal Air Force in the European war, 1939–1945 (1985) $\cdot R$. G. Davis, Carl A. Spaatz and the air war in Europe $(1993) \cdot P$. Meilinger, Hoyt S. Vandenberg $(1989) \cdot J$. P. Ray, The battle of Britain: new perspectives $(1994) \cdot J$. Foreman, Air war, 1941 $(1994) \cdot C$. D'Este, Decision in Normandy $(1984) \cdot R$. A. Hough and D. Richards, The battle of Britain (1990) \cdot 'The Death of ACM Leigh-Mallory', After the Battle, 39 (1983), 1–25 \cdot After the Battle, 50 (1985), 4 \cdot CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1945) \cdot TNA: PRO, AIR 2/10593 Archives Royal Air Force Museum, Hendon, papers | Christ Church Oxf., Portal MSS $\cdot L$. Cong., Spaatz–Vandenberg MSS

Likenesses E. Kennington, pastel drawing, 1942, IWM · W. Dring, pastel drawing, Fighter Command HQ, Bentley Priory, Stanmore · Y. Jenson, oils, Royal Air Force Museum, Hendon · photograph, Hult. Arch. · photographs, repro. in Dunn, Big wing

Wealth at death £2862 1s. 11d.: administration with will, 4 Oct 1945, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Vincent Orange, 'Mallory, Sir Trafford Leigh Leigh- (1892-1944)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2008

[http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/34483

11-Thomas Trafford Leigh-Mallory was born on 21 Dec 1916 in Croydon, Surrey and died in 1971 at age 55.

Thomas married Jeannette M. Kacirek.

Thomas next married Priscilla E. H. Morgan.

Thomas next married Kathleen R. Long.

11-Capt. Doris Jacqueline Leigh-Mallory was born in 1918 in Croydon, Surrey, died on 15 May 1999 in Hammondsport, Steuben County, New York, USA at age 81, and was buried in Pleasant Valley Cemetery, Hammondsport, Steuben County, New York, USA.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an officer of the Women's Auxiliary Air Force.

Doris married William Ellwood Doherty Jr., son of William Ellwood Doherty and Gladys Helen Champlin, in 1944 in Hendon, Middlesex. William was born on 22 Jan 1917 in Marblehead, Essex County, Massachusetts, USA, died on 8 May 1996 in Hammondsport, Steuben County, New York, USA at age 79, and was buried in Pleasant Valley Cemetery, Hammondsport, Steuben County, New York, USA. They had one daughter: **Trafford Jacqueline Anne**.

12-Trafford Jacqueline Anne Doherty

11-Kathleen Ruby Leigh-Mallory was born on 27 Mar 1920 in Hendon, Middlesex and died in Oct 1997 in Hendon, Middlesex at age 77. She had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Sawyer

8-Anna Chapman Hillhouse⁷⁶ was born on 8 Feb 1826 in Combe House, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 4 May 1905 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 79.

Anna married John de Courcy Hamilton⁷⁶ on 20 Jun 1850 in Budock, Falmouth, Cornwall. John was born on 18 Apr 1823 and died on 7 Sep 1894 at age 71. They had 11 children: Agatha Geraldine, Georgina Mary, Henry de Courcy, Frederick de Courcy, William Gerald, James de Courcy, Fanny Louisa, Arthur Hillhouse, Alice Maud de Courcy, Laura Madeline, and Mabel de Courcy.

9-Agatha Geraldine Hamilton was born on 17 Mar 1851 in Old, Northamptonshire, was christened on 25 May 1851 in Old, Northamptonshire, and died on 10 Oct 1932 at age 81.

Agatha married Henry James Coldham on 10 Aug 1870 in Dorking, Surrey. Henry was born in 1840 and died on 13 Jul 1887 in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk at age 47. They had four children: James N. N., Rhoda Geraldine, Frances Elizabeth, and Agatha Maria.

10-James N. N. Coldham was born in 1874 in Anmer, Norfolk.

10-Rhoda Geraldine Coldham was born in 1876 in Anmer, Norfolk.

10-Frances Elizabeth Coldham was born in 1878 in Anmer, Norfolk.

10-Agatha Maria Coldham was born in 1880 in Anmer, Norfolk.

9-Georgina Mary Hamilton was born on 17 Dec 1852 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 27 Mar 1928 in Maidenhead, Berkshire at age 75. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Henry de Courcy Hamilton was born on 21 Aug 1854 in Sedgeford, Norfolk, was christened on 24 Sep 1854 in Sedgeford, Norfolk, and died on 26 Jan 1940 in Camberley, Surrey at age 85.

Henry married Edith Margaret Gregory on 10 Mar 1887 in Cardiff, Glamorgan, Wales. Edith was born in 1862 in London and died on 6 Oct 1933 at age 71. They had four children: Lorna Margaret, Rosamund Mary, Brenda, and John Almeric de Courcy.

10-Lorna Margaret Hamilton was born on 1 Aug 1889 in Monserrat, West Indies.

10-Rosamund Mary Hamilton was born on 1 May 1891 in Monserrat, West Indies.

Rosamund married Henry Hugh Maclean.

10-Brenda Hamilton was born on 21 Jul 1893 in Monserrat, West Indies.

10-John Almeric de Courcy Hamilton was born on 7 Oct 1896 in Monserrat, West Indies.

9-Frederick de Courcy Hamilton was born in 1856 in Sedgeford, Norfolk and was christened on 24 Aug 1856 in Sedgeford, Norfolk.

Frederick married Geraldine Elizabeth Hodgson in 1886. Geraldine was born in 1865 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in 1928 at age 63.

9-William Gerald Hamilton was born in 1858 in Sedgeford, Norfolk, was christened on 27 Jun 1858 in Sedgeford, Norfolk, and died in 1864 at age 6.

9-Rear-Admiral James de Courcy Hamilton was born on 1 Feb 1860 in Heacham, Norfolk and was christened on 11 Mar 1860 in Heacham, Norfolk. James married Mabel Eveline Sang on 23 Apr 1901 in Kensington, London. Mabel was born in 1872 and died on 9 Jan 1957 at age 85. They had two children: William Evelyn de Courcy and Doreen Wevia de Courcy.

10-William Evelyn de Courcy Hamilton was born on 28 Dec 1902 in Devonport, Devon and died on 10 Feb 1980 in Maidstone, Kent at age 77. William married Ursula Mary Fountain.

10-Doreen Wevia de Courcy Hamilton was born in 1905 in Southwark, London.

9-Fanny Louisa Hamilton was born on 1 Oct 1861 in Heacham, Norfolk and was christened on 17 Nov 1861 in Heacham, Norfolk.

9-Arthur Hillhouse Hamilton was born on 13 Nov 1863 in Heacham, Norfolk and died on 16 Aug 1907 in Hong Kong, China at age 43.

Noted events in his life were:

Miscellaneous: An obscure connection.

Arthur married Harriet Lilian Haslope, daughter of Lancelot Llewhellin Haslope and Emily Melvill, on 12 Apr 1888. Harriet was born in 1862 in Wolstanton, Stafford, Staffordshire. They had two children: Cedric de Courcy and Beryl de Courcy.

10-Maj. Cedric de Courcy Hamilton was born on 23 Jun 1891 and died on 14 Aug 1939 at age 48.

Cedric married Maud Alfred Chester Taylor. They had two children: Mervyn Peter de Courcy and Carol Elizabeth de Courcy.

11-Mervyn Peter de Courcy Hamilton

11-Carol Elizabeth de Courcy Hamilton was born on 12 Oct 1917 in South Africa and died on 27 Jun 2007 in Marlborough, Wiltshire at age 89.

Carol married Lt. Cmdr. Maurice Kingsbury Overend on 7 Jan 1940. Maurice was born on 19 May 1916 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 20 Jan 1945 in Simonstown, South Africa at age 28. They had one son: Sean Kingsbury.

12-Sean Kingsbury Overend

Sean married Miranda Kynoch Clark, daughter of Rudolph Kynoch Clark⁴⁴ and Mary Cecilia Tangye,.⁴⁴ They had three children: Hamish Kingsbury, Gareth Maurice Kingsbury, and Robert Kingsbury.

13-Hamish Kingsbury Overend

13-Gareth Maurice Kingsbury Overend

13-Robert Kingsbury Overend

10-Beryl de Courcy Hamilton was born on 23 Apr 1889.

9-Alice Maud de Courcy Hamilton was born on 26 Dec 1865 in Heacham, Norfolk and died on 11 Nov 1930 at age 64.

Alice married William Schreiber Hume in 1894 in Marylebone, London. William was born in 1855 and died in 1902 at age 47. They had two children: Alexandra Pearl and Julian Gathorne.

10-Alexandra Pearl Hume was born on 14 Mar 1896 and died in 1969 at age 73.

Alexandra married Edward C. Leachman. They had two children: William H. E. and Patricia H. M.

11-William H. E. Leachman was born in 1917.

11-Patricia H. M. Leachman was born in 1922.

10-Julian Gathorne Hume was born on 3 Sep 1900 and died in 1970 at age 70.

9-Laura Madeline Hamilton was christened on 24 Jan 1869 in Norfolk.

9-Mabel de Courcy Hamilton was born on 4 Aug 1872 in Holt, Norfolk and died on 10 Jun 1962 in Bexhill on Sea, Sussex at age 89.

Mabel married David Johnston Eckford Penney.

Mabel next married Thomas Patchitt Godfrey.

7-Rev. Jonathan Chapman^{1,109} was born on 13 Apr 1795 in Tottenham, London and died on 4 Feb 1882 at age 86.

Jonathan married Agatha Reynolds,^{1,108,109} daughter of Jacob Foster Reynolds^{10,108,109} and Anna Barclay,^{10,108,109} on 31 Oct 1819 in Carshalton, Surrey. Agatha was born on 7 Nov 1801 in Carshalton, Surrey and died on 27 Jul 1840 at age 38. They had 12 children: Agatha Elizabeth, Catherine Rachel, Mary, Anna Rebecca, Emma, Robert Barclay, William Henry, Charles Edward, Jane, Abel Henry, Louisa Frances, and Ellen.

8-Agatha Elizabeth Chapman^{1,7,11} was born in 1823.

Agatha married Francis Lawrence Bland,^{7,11} son of Michael Bland^{7,11,142,147} and Sophia Maltby,^{7,147} on 27 Jul 1842 in West Ham, London, Francis was born on 24 May 1814 in London¹ and died on 4 Jan 1869 at age 54. They had two children: Francis Maltby and Edward Michael.

9-Francis Maltby Bland^{110,112} was born in 1845 in Southwark, London and died on 29 Nov 1940 in Inglethorpe Manor, Kings Lynn, Norfolk at age 95.

Francis married Edith Richenda Barclay,^{110,111,112} daughter of Henry Ford Barclay^{7,11,12,32,97,110,111,112,113} and Richenda Louisa Gurney,^{12,97,110,111,113} on 26 Jul 1872 in Walthamstow, London. Edith was born on 24 Apr 1849 in Leytonstone, London and died on 2 Dec 1910 in Inglethorpe Manor, Kings Lynn, Norfolk at age 61. They had five children: Francis Lawrence, Hugh Michael, Esther Rosamund, Edith Richenda, and George Nevile Maltby.

General Notes: Edith Richenda Bland, 61 2 12mo. 1910 Inglethorpe Manor, Norfolk. Wife of Francis M. Bland. Edith Richenda Bland was the eldest daughter of the late Henry Ford Barclay, and a grand-daughter of Samuel Gurney. A Friend by birth, she retained her membership until death in 1869, although she was admitted by baptism into the Church of England. The eldest of eleven brothers and sisters, fond of all intellectual pursuits, and having a great gift for music, her home her was fully- occupied until her marriage in 1872 with Francis Maltby Bland, who is also of Quaker ancestry. After her marriage she resided at Bury St. Edmunds' where her five children were born, and where her slight deafness and many family demands prevented her from taking up any outside interests beyond district visiting and Missionary work. In 1894 the family moved to Inglethorpe Manor, near Wisbech, where she was thrown more closely among Friends. Whenever able she attended the Wednesday Meeting for Worship in the town, and much enjoyed the ministrations of Priscilla Hannah Peckover, whose clear voice and helpful message she could always hear. During the drive home from Meeting she would frequently jot down any special thought that had struck her, to pass on to others as opportunity offered. In Wisbech her name was chiefly connected with the District Nursing Association for which for more than fifteen years she acted as Hon. Secretary, endearing herself to all, nurses and committee alike, by her wide sympathy and her keen interest in their work for the alleviation of suffering in the homes of the poor. It was her great pleasure to open the grounds of Inglethorpe Manor to members of the Railway Mission, the Young Women's Christian Association, the Girl's Friendly Society, the Society in Aid of Friendless Girls and other similar bodies, and many were the drawing-room meetings, entirely organised by herself, at the cost of no little time and strength, which, for various charitable purposes, were held at her house. Missionary work continued to receive her warm support, and the fortnightly working parties that, during the last nine years of her life, were held at Inglethorpe Manor from October till June, and at which she read aloud interesting notes of the progress of the work in Foreign Fields, are remembered with gratitude by many. Her knowledge and love of the Bible were very marked; and her younger brothers and sisters, as well as her children, owe much to her intelligent and regular instruction. For the last eight years she suffered much from neuritis in the side of her face, which at times sadly crippled her speech, any movement of the muscles causing intense pain. Towards the close of her life- the sharp pangs were almost incessant. These she bore with scarcely a murmur and even with cheerfulness, and only those who were with her constantly knew what she was going through. In spite of the limitations caused by this and by her deafness, her sphere of usefulness was in no way diminished until a serious illness in 1909 rendered it necessary for her to lead a very quiet life. For a few weeks in the summer of 1910 the neuritis almost ceased, enabling her to spend a very happy time with all her children and grand-children in the Isle of Wight, where many previous summers of her life had been passed. Two

months before her death the pain returned, but she bore it as bravely as ever, and, until the 28th of November she continued to lead her usual quiet home life. On the afternoon of that day she became unconscious, and she passed peacefully away on Friday, December 2nd. This sudden call found her fully prepared. It was what for some years past she herself had anticipated. For her there was "no sadness of farewell," it was merely "to depart and be with Christ, which is far better."

10-Francis Lawrence Bland was born on 7 Sep 1873 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.

Francis married Mabel Barbara Gooch¹¹⁰ in Mar 1899 in Easthampstead, Berkshire. Mabel was born about 1877 in Richmond, Surrey. They had three children: John Edward M., Evelyn, and Thomas.

11-John Edward M. Bland¹¹⁰ was born on 25 Oct 1899 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire and died about Mar 1976 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 76.

11-Evelyn Bland

11-Thomas Bland

10-Hugh Michael Bland¹¹⁰ was born on 8 Oct 1874 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died about Sep 1956 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 81.

10-Esther Rosamund Bland¹¹⁰ was born in Jun 1876 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died about Jun 1951 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 75.

10-Edith Richenda Bland¹¹⁰ was born on 15 Feb 1878 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died about Dec 1945 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 67.

10-Sir George Nevile Maltby Bland¹¹⁰ was born on 6 Dec 1886 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, died on 19 Aug 1972 at age 85, and was buried in Seaford, East Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

He was awarded with KCMG KCVO.

• He worked as an Ambassador to the Netherlands in 1942-1948.

George married Portia Christabel Irene Ottley. They had three children: David John Nevile, Corrina Catherine Rowena, and Simon Claud Michael.

11-Lt. David John Nevile Bland was born in 1921 and died on 24 Apr 1943 in Tunisia. Killed in action. at age 22.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an officer of the Scots Guards.

11-Corrina Catherine Rowena Bland was born on 26 Apr 1922, died about Jun 1925 about age 3, and was buried in Seaford, East Sussex.

11-Lt. Col. Sir Simon Claud Michael Bland

Simon married Beatrice Olivia Blackett, daughter of Maj. Christopher William Stewart Burdett Blackett and Kathleen Charlotte Williams-Wynn. They had four children: Catherine Mary, Rachel Corinna, David Nevile William, and Henrietta Portia.

12-Catherine Mary Bland

12-Rachel Corinna Bland

12-David Nevile William Bland

12-Henrietta Portia Bland

9-Edward Michael Bland

Edward married someone. He had two children: Marie and (No Given Name).

10-Marie Bland

10-Bland

8-Catherine Rachel Chapman¹ was born in 1824 and died in Sep 1867 at age 43. She had no known marriage and no known children.

8-Mary Chapman¹ was born about 1825.

8-Anna Rebecca Chapman¹ was born about 1826 and died on 25 Dec 1907 about age 81.

Anna married Edmund Pelly,¹ son of Sir John Henry Pelly 1st Bt. and Emma Boulton, on 5 Mar 1846. Edmund was born on 18 Jul 1816 and died on 19 May 1856 at age 39.

8-Emma Chapman¹ was born on 9 Nov 1827 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 6 Oct 1917 in Worthing, Sussex at age 89.

Emma married Col. Alexander Tod¹ in 1862. Alexander was born on 3 Jan 1813 and died on 17 Mar 1866 at age 53. They had two children: Alexander George William and John Kelso.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Madras Army Staff Corps.

9-Maj. Alexander George William Tod was born on 7 Mar 1863 in Akola, (Berar) Maharashtra, India and died in 1920 in Farnham, Surrey at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Argyll & Sutherland Highlanders.

Alexander married **Ethel Anna Chapman**,¹ daughter of **Capt. Abel Henry Chapman**¹ and **Mary Fraser**, in 1894 in Gateshead, County Durham. Ethel was born in 1871 in Canterbury, Kent and died in 1958 in Farnham, Surrey at age 87. They had two children: **Alexander Norman** and **Colin Fraser**.

10-Alexander Norman Tod was born on 8 Mar 1895.

Alexander married Margaret A. Chrystie in 1926 in Farnham, Surrey. Margaret was born in 1898 and died in 1949 in Wokingham, Berkshire at age 51. They had two children: Alexander and Anne R.

11-Alexander Tod

11-Anne R. Tod

10-Colin Fraser Tod was born on 13 Jun 1898 in Mallow, County Cork, Ireland and died in 1973 in Surrey at age 75.

Colin married Elizabeth Dora Carew, daughter of Charles Robert Sydenham Carew and Muriel Mary Heathcoat-Amory, on 16 May 1959 in Tiverton, Devon. Elizabeth was born on 16 Aug 1897 in Tiverton, Devon and died in 1980 in Bullingdon, Oxfordshire at age 83.

9-John Kelso Tod was born on 3 Jul 1864 in Kamptee, Nagpur, India and died on 24 Jul 1864 in Kamptee, Nagpur, India.

8-Robert Barclay Chapman^{1,4} was born on 28 Nov 1829 and died in 1909 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a CSI Financial Secretary to the Government of India in India.

Robert married Louisa Lowis, daughter of John Lowis. They had seven children: Lowis Barclay, Eric, Elliot Ross, Edmund Pelly, Robert Barclay, Agatha Louisa, and Mary.

9-Lowis Barclay Chapman^{1,4} was born on 1 Jan 1856 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and was christened on 22 Jun 1856 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.

9-Eric Chapman^{1,4} was born on 22 Oct 1864 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and was christened on 11 Dec 1864 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.

Eric married Lucy Isabella Davidson, daughter of Col. G. M. Davidson.

9-Elliot Ross Chapman¹ was born on 5 Jul 1857 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, was christened on 2 Aug 1857 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, and died in Mar 1858.

9-Edmund Pelly Chapman^{1,3} was born on 16 Aug 1867 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, was christened on 15 Mar 1868 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, and died on 31 Jan 1923 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
- He worked as a Member of the Indian Civil Service.

Edmund married Mary Tupper Cameron³ on 13 Oct 1903 in St. Jude's Church, South Kensington, London. Mary was born on 1 Mar 1875 in Emmadale, Manitoba, Canada and died on 29 Jan 1957 in Vernon, British Columbia, Canada at age 81. They had one daughter: Agatha Louisa.

10-Agatha Louisa Chapman¹⁴⁸ was born on 6 May 1907 in Bexleyheath, London and died on 17 Oct 1963 in Bishop Street, Montreal, Canada at age 56. The cause of her death was Suicide. Threw herself down a stairwell in her apartment block.

General Notes: Agatha Chapman (1907-1963)

Short Biography by Judith Alexander

Recently, a friend suggested to me that Agatha Chapman is one of the more interesting Canadian economists of the forties. He was right, but unfortunately there is very little work attributed to her. Agatha Chapman was born in 1907 in England to a Canadian mother and a father who spent many years as a Judge of the High Court of India. She came from a patrician background. Her greatgrandfather was Sir Charles Tupper and one of her great-uncles a lieutenant governor of Manitoba. After the death of her father, her family moved to Vernon, B.C. in 1918. She attended Cheltenham Ladies College and the University of Toronto, where she received a masters degree in economics in 1931. She joined the federal government in 1940, first at the Bank of Canada and then at Dominion Bureau of Statistics. A newspaper photograph from that time shows an elegant woman in her thirties, slim and spectacled.

In the early forties Canada was overhauling its national income accounts, following reforms made in Great Britain under Meade and Stone. Agatha Chapman worked on these under the supervision of Claude Isbister. She travelled with Isbister to the League of Nations' Subcommittee on National Income Statistics meeting at Princeton in 1945. There she met Richard Stone who, amongst his other duties, was recruiting for the newly established Department of Applied Economics at Cambridge. She receives an acknowledgement in the publication that came out of that conference. In 1947, on the strength of that encounter with Professor Stone, she moved to Cambridge, England, where she remained until 1949. During her tenure there, she produced a study on national income in Great Britain. This was favourably reviewed in the AER, although it received no mention in the CJE. Professor Stone's widow, in a letter, said that Agatha Chapman had been well thought of at Cambridge and had been one of her husband's most successful choices for the new department.

She returned to Montreal in the early fifties, married a refugee from the McCarthy investigations in the United States, Richard Edsall, and joined a consulting firm specialising in labour economics. She died in the sixties in a fall from her apartment window, an apparent suicide. She was still on the sunny side of sixty.

That brief synopsis omits what was probably the defining event of her life. In 1946 Mackenzie King set up a Royal Commission (the Kellock-Taschereau Commission) to investigate Igor Gouzenko's allegations about widespread spy rings in Canada. She was implicated. As for others, this altered irrevocably the course of her days and arguably contributed to her early death. Many of those named by the Commission suffered untimely deaths, not necessarily suicides, but from causes such as alcoholism and illness.

Miss Chapman had, for many years, belonged to left wing organizations and had held study groups at her home. Professor Rosenbluth wrote that she was "probably a communist sympathiser...a not unreasonable position for a progressive person" at that time. Many of those involved in the affair had, at one time or another, crossed her threshold at 282 Somerset Street, in Ottawa, (the house still stands and is now the Embassy of Madagascar). Agatha Chapman was not named in Gouzenko's documents. The immediate link was made by another woman, ultimately convicted of espionage, who belonged to Miss Chapman's study group and who claimed that she received information about her contacts directly from Miss Chapman.

Miss Chapman was first interviewed by the Commission, then tried for espionage and acquitted. she had been suspended from her job at the Dominion Bureau of Statistics as soon as the affair became public and after the acquittal she announced in a press release that she did not feel comfortable going back to work. She may well have been pressured to resign. Several months later, in April 1947, she left for England.

There are many unanswered questions about her life. There are two compelling reasons for her obscurity. The first is the general lack of information about government employees of that era, much of whose work was not attributed. The second was the disinclination of people to talk about the Gouzenko affair, and also the secrecy surrounding the case. Many of the documents in the case, and the transcript itself, were not made public until the 1980s. This point was made by John Sawatsky who tried to interview the survivors thirty years after the event and found that most were not willing to speak and that those who did were still visibly upset by its memories.

One wonders just how far she might have gone in the civil service if she had not been connected to the Gouzenko case. At no time was she ever accused of spying, it washer association with others involved in spying that was incriminating. If her study groups provided a place where people could meet, then she may have been an unwitting dupe, although that theory is inconsistent with her apparent character and intelligence. Her career seemed to hold so much promise and in her photographs she appears serene and blessed. One cannot escape the feeling that her life was blighted.

Agatha Chapman is still remembered amongst the older economists I know but neither the Bank of Canada nor Statistics Canada retain a corporate memory of her. Soon, all those who knew her will have died and her story will be lost.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Cheltenham Ladies College.
- She was educated at University of Toronto.
- She worked as an Economist with the Bank of Canada.
- She worked as an Economist with the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Agatha married Richard Edsall.

9-**Robert Barclay Chapman**¹ was born on 18 Apr 1872.

9-Agatha Louisa Chapman

9-Mary Chapman

8-William Henry Chapman¹ was born in Sep 1831 and died in Oct 1831.

8-Charles Edward Chapman was born on 5 Dec 1832 in Wanstead, Essex and was christened on 9 Dec 1832 in Wanstead, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Accountant-General, Allahabad in Allahabad, Bengal, India.

Charles married Louisa Boswell,¹ daughter of Rev. Robert Bruce Boswell and Susan Ann, in 1864. Louisa was born on 26 Dec 1839 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and was christened on 2 Feb 1840 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India. They had six children: Robert Alexander Boswell, Cyril Herbert, Philip Francis, John Boswell, Susan Agatha, and Katherine Mary.

9-Robert Alexander Boswell Chapman¹ was born on 28 Mar 1866 and died on 19 Jul 1951 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Kaisar-i-Hind Medal in 1918.
- He worked as a Commissioner on 15 Jul 1910-15 Oct 1910 in Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh, India.
- He worked as a Deputy Commissioner, Indian Civil Service in Yavatmal, Maharashtra, India.

Robert married Constance Ellen Martha Crawford, daughter of Robert D. Crawford and Caroline A., in 1901 in Axbridge, Somerset. Constance was born in 1873 in Stoke Bishop, Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had four children: Violet Marion, Henry Charles Alfred, Maurice Boswell, and Robert Geoffrey.

10-Violet Marion Chapman was born on 22 Nov 1902, was christened on 1 Jan 1903 in Sagar, Madhya Pradesh, India, and died in Mar 1988 in Northampton, Northamptonshire at age 85. She had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Henry Charles Alfred Chapman was born on 22 Apr 1905 in Seoni Chhapara, Madhya Pradesh, India, was christened on 24 Jun 1905, died on 29 Jul 1944 in France. Killed in action at age 39, and was buried in Choloy War Cemetery, Meurthe et Moselle, France. Grave 4. I. 18-20.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Air Force Volunteer Reserve.

Henry married Lily Hislop.

10-Maurice Boswell Chapman was born on 25 May 1907 in Seoni Chhapara, Madhya Pradesh, India, was christened on 27 Jul 1907 in Seoni Chhapara, Madhya Pradesh, India, and died in Oct 1988 in Northampton, Northamptonshire at age 81.

General Notes: **CHAPMAN, Maurice Boswell (1927)** Born 25 May 1907, Seonee, Chappala, Central Provinces, India; son of Robert Alexander Boswell Chapman, Indian Civil Service, and Constance Martha Crawford. *Subject(s):* Mechanical Sciences; BA 1930. *Tutor(s):* J M Wordie. *Johnian Relatives:* brother of Robert Geoffrey Chapman (1927). *Educ:* St Peter's Preparatory School, Weston-Super-Mare; Sherborne School; RMA, Woolwich; SMF, Chatham. *Career:* Second Lieutenant, RE 1927. Died October 1988. *Fiona Colbert. Biographical Librarian. St. John's College, Cambridge.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. Peter's Preparatory School in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was educated at Sherborne School.
- He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge.
- He was educated at Royal Military College in Woolwich, Kent.

10-Robert Geoffrey Chapman was born on 30 Jun 1909 in 9 Pembridge Gardens, Kensington, London and died in Oct 1990 in Northampton, Northamptonshire at age 81.

General Notes: **CHAPMAN, Robert Geoffrey** (**1927**) Born 30 June 1909, 9 Pembridge Gardens, Kensington, London; son of Robert Alexander Boswell Chapman, Indian Civil Service, and Constance Martha Crawford. *Subject*(*s*): Classics/Economics; BA 1930. *Tutor*(*s*): M P Charlesworth. *Johnian Relatives*: brother of Maurice Boswell Chapman (1927). *Educ:* St Peter's School, Weston-Super-Mare; Sherborne School. *Fiona Colbert. Biographical Librarian. St. John's College, Cambridge.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. Peter's Preparatory School in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was educated at Sherborne School.
- He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge.

9-Cyril Herbert Chapman¹ was born on 22 Jul 1867 in Bombay, India and was christened on 28 Aug 1867 in Bombay, India.

9-**Philip Francis Chapman**¹ was born on 11 Feb 1870.

9-John Boswell Chapman was born on 23 Apr 1872 in Speldhurst, Kent, was christened on 6 Jun 1872 in Speldhurst, Kent, and died on 3 Aug 1911 in Hardraw Scar, Hawes, Yorkshire at age 39. The cause of his death was He died falling from the rocks at Hardrow Scaur.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AICE.
- He worked as a Civil Engineer.

John married Marie Anna Isler. They had one daughter: Vera Dorothea Boswell.

10-Vera Dorothea Boswell Chapman was born on 15 Oct 1906 in Kharwar, Bombay, India and was christened on 24 Nov 1906 in Kharwar, Bombay, India.

9-Susan Agatha Chapman

9-Katherine Mary Chapman

8-Jane Chapman¹ was born on 22 Aug 1833.

Jane married Henry Cockburn Richardson¹ on 12 Dec 1855 in Bhagalpur, Bihar, India. Henry was born on 18 Aug 1827 and was christened on 14 Nov 1827 in St. Cuthbert's, Edinburgh. They had ten children: Roland, Agatha, Helen Louisa, George Dundas, Herbert Lance, Cecil, Hope Mary, Kate, Hugh, and Frank Cockburn.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a member of the Bengal Civil Service.

9-Roland Richardson was born on 8 Mar 1857 in Mozufferpore, Bengal, India and was christened on 13 Apr 1857.

9-Agatha Richardson was born on 22 Sep 1858 in Bardhaman, (Burdwan), West Bengal, India and was christened on 5 Dec 1858 in Bardhaman, (Burdwan), West Bengal, India.

9-Helen Louisa Richardson was born on 24 Feb 1859 in Danapur, Patna, Bihar, India and was christened on 1 Apr 1860 in Danapur, Patna, Bihar, India.

9-George Dundas Richardson was born on 11 Nov 1863 in Saint Boswell's, Roxburghshire, Scotland and died on 1 Jun 1868 at age 4.

9-Herbert Lance Richardson was born on 6 Sep 1865 in Jessore, Bangladesh and was christened on 15 Oct 1865 in Jessore, Bangladesh.

9-Cecil Richardson was born on 4 Jan 1867 in Chittagong, Bangladesh and was christened on 22 Jan 1867 in Chittagong, Bangladesh.

9-Hope Mary Richardson was born on 23 Oct 1868 in Comilla, Bangladesh and was christened on 29 Nov 1868 in Comilla, Bangladesh.

9-Kate Richardson was born on 15 Oct 1871 in Jessore, Bangladesh and was christened on 26 Aug 1876 in Jessore, Bangladesh.

9-Hugh Richardson was born on 6 Jul 1873 in Kishnagur, Bengal, India and was christened on 10 Aug 1873 in Kishnagur, Bengal, India.

9-Frank Cockburn Richardson was born on 31 Oct 1874 in Kishnagur, Bengal, India and was christened on 27 Dec 1874 in Kishnagur, Bengal, India.

8-Capt. Abel Henry Chapman¹ was born on 10 May 1836 in Wanstead, Essex and was christened on 7 Jul 1836 in Wanstead, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an officer of the 19th Hussars.

• He worked as a Chairman-director of Messrs Clark Chapman & Co., engineers in Gateshead, County Durham.

Abel married Mary Fraser, daughter of John Fraser. They had six children: Agatha Mary, Harry Reynolds, Francis Abel, Ethel Anna, Hugh Abel, and Helena Catherine.

9-Agatha Mary Chapman¹ was born on 30 Dec 1866 in Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India and was christened on 13 Feb 1867 in Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India.

9-Maj. Harry Reynolds Chapman¹ was born on 27 Apr 1868 in Benares, Uttar Pradesh, India, died on 27 Jun 1915 in France. Killed in action at age 47, and was buried in Ypres Memorial, Belgium. General Notes: Chapman, H.R., Maj., 1915

On the Ypres Menin Gate Memorial is the name of Major Harry Reynolds Chapman, 10th Battalion (Service), Durham Light Infantry who died 27/06/1915. Harry Reynolds Chapman was the eldest son of (the late) Captain Abel Henry Chapman, formerly 19th Hussars, and chairman-director of Messrs Clark Chapman & Co's Works (Gateshead), and his wife Mary (Colinton, Midlothian), daughter of John Fraser, born at Benares, India on the 27th April 1868. He was educated at Uppingham. On leaving school in 1891, he entered his father's works and became a director in 1893. Harry was married to Ellinore Phyllis (daughter of John Larkin), of Wingfield, Eagle Lane, Snaresbrook, Essex. They had three daughters, Ellinore Mary born 15th February 1899, Dorothy Harriet born 5th August 1900 and Phyllis Agatha born 8th May 1904. Harry was keenly interested in a volunteer corps of Royal Engineers raised in the works, of which he became a Major. On the outbreak of war he offered his services and received a commission in the 10th Battal ion (Service) Durham Light Infantry. He was killed in action in France on the 27th June 1915.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Uppingham.

- He worked as an apprentice engineer to the Wallsend Slipway & Engineering Co. Ltd. On 9 Nov 1887.
- He worked as a Director of Messrs Clark Chapman & Co., engineers in 1893 in Gateshead, County Durham.
- He worked as an officer of the 10th Battalion, Durham Light Infantry.
- Harry married Ellinore Phyllis Larkin, daughter of John Larkin. They had three children: Ellinore Mary, Dorothy Harriet, and Phyllis Agatha.

10-Ellinore Mary Chapman was born on 15 Feb 1899 in Gateshead, County Durham.

10-Dorothy Harriet Chapman was born on 5 Aug 1900 in Gateshead, County Durham.

10-Phyllis Agatha Chapman was born on 8 May 1904 in Gateshead, County Durham and was christened on 7 Jun 1904 in Christ Church, Gateshead, County Durham.

9-Francis Abel Chapman¹ was born on 12 Oct 1869 in Benares, Uttar Pradesh, India, was christened on 22 Dec 1869 in Benares, Uttar Pradesh, India, and died in Jul 1870 in Canterbury, Kent.

9-Ethel Anna Chapman¹ was born in 1871 in Canterbury, Kent and died in 1958 in Farnham, Surrey at age 87.

10-Alexander Norman Tod was born on 8 Mar 1895.

11-Alexander Tod

11-Anne R. Tod

10-Colin Fraser Tod was born on 13 Jun 1898 in Mallow, County Cork, Ireland and died in 1973 in Surrey at age 75.

9-Hugh Abel Chapman¹ was born in Aug 1872 and died in 1874 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 2.

9-Helena Catherine Chapman

8-Louisa Frances Chapman¹ was born about 1839.

Louisa married **H. E. Perkins**.

8-Ellen Chapman was born about 1840 and died in 1840.¹

7-Capt. Alfred Chapman was born on 28 Apr 1796 in Eaton Place, London and died on 11 Sep 1876 at age 80.

General Notes: The *Woodford*, I am certain was under the command of Alfred Chapman, (1796-1876), who was both a First cousin once removed and second cousin one-removed, to Captain Ingram Chapman (1798-1874). Alfred also lived in London and it is not impossible to suppose that rather than compete with each other, they may have held a mutual interest. 11 January 1819. *Ganges* arriving Liverpool from Bengal.

https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala16unkngoog#page/n331/mode/2up/search/chapman

31 October 1819. Marriage of Jonathan Chapman (1795-1882), to his second-cousin once-removed, Agatha Reynolds (1801-1840). Jonathan was another son of Abel Chapman and Rebecca Bell. 13 July 1820. Death of Edward Chapman 1798-1820, (son of Thomas Chapman (1766-1844) by his wife Ann Cleaver (1770-aft-1846)), at Batavia now called Jakarta. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala34unkngoog#page/n519/mode/2up/search/chapman

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16 September 1823. Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Bombay from London.

https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala11unkngoog#page/n473/mode/2up/search/chapman

11 November 1823. Columbia arriving Bombay from Liverpool.

https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala11unkngoog#page/n573/mode/2up/search/chapman

15 December 1823. *Woodford* sailing from Calcutta to London.

https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala11unkngoog#page/n215/mode/2up/search/chapman_

24th July 1825. Katherine Stewart Forbes, departing Bombay for New South Wales.

https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala14unkngoog#page/n261/mode/2up

³¹ July 1821. Woodford arriving Bombay from England.

14 September 1825. Woodford arriving Bombay from London and Departing 26th September for Calcutta. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala35unkngoog#page/n393/mode/2up/search/chapman 4th October 1825. Katherine Stewart Forbes, arriving Bombay from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala15unkngoog#page/n477/mode/2up/search/chapman Out of interest, <u>https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala12unkngoog#page/n279/mode/2up/search/chapman</u> gives references to the ship Woodford, which appears to have been under the command of Captain Alfred Chapman, who I assume to be he who was born 28 April 1796 and died 11 September 1876. Son of Abel Chapman and Rebecca Bell. His brother, Dr. Henry Chapman (1797-1854), was a surgeon with the Honourable East India Company. 22 December 1825. Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Sydney, New South Wales with Governor Darling, from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n241/mode/2up/search/chapman 5 April 1826. Woodford from New South Wales to Madras. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n449/mode/2up/search/chapman 8 June 1826. Katherine Stewart Forbes departing Calcutta for London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n721/mode/2up/search/chapman 1826. (Dates leave me confused). Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Deal, Kent from Bengal with troops. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n753/mode/2up/search/chapman 22 July 1826. Woodford for New South Wales from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala36unkngoog#page/n249/mode/2up/search/chapman 30 November 1826. Recovery arrived London from Bombay. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala35unkngoog#page/n393/mode/2up/search/chapman 19 September 1828. Katherine Stewart Forbes arriving Bombay from London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala12unkngoog#page/n399/mode/2up/search/chapman The same volume at https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala12unkngoog#page/n841/mode/2up/search/chapman makes reference to two other ships sailing under the Chapman name, the *Reaper* and the *Recovery*. 9 February 1830. *Marguis of Wellington*, departing Calcutta for London. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala33unkngoog#page/n501/mode/2up/search/chapman 1 February 1835. Brazebornbury arriving London from Bengal. https://archive.org/stream/asiaticjournala18unkngoog#page/n441/mode/2up/search/chapman C.E.G.Pease.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master Mariner and Commander of the Woodford.

Alfred married Caroline MacNaghton, daughter of Sir Francis Workman MacNaghton 1st. Bt. and Letitia Dunkin, on 20 Jul 1824. Caroline was born in 1803 and died on 24 Apr 1875 at age 72. They had eight children: Letitia Maria, Alfred Daniel, Francis Stewart, Edmund Henry, William Hay, Caroline Matilda, Alicia Hannah, and Eliza Ellen.

8-Letitia Maria Chapman¹ was born on 14 Jun 1825 and was christened on 27 Jul 1825 in Marylebone, London.

Letitia married **Frederick Charles Gaussen**,¹ son of **Samuel Robert Gaussen** and **Cecilia Franks**, on 7 Oct 1852 in Kensington, London. Frederick was born in 1816 in North Mimms, Hertfordshire, was christened on 15 Jul 1816 in North Mimms, Hertfordshire, died on 31 May 1867 at age 51, and was buried on 7 Jun 1867 in North Mimms, Hertfordshire. They had one daughter: **Alice Cecila Caroline**.

9-Alice Cecila Caroline Gaussen was born in 1857 and was christened on 26 Sep 1857 in Wormley, Hertfordshire.

8-Alfred Daniel Chapman^{1,109} was born on 22 Feb 1827 and died on 21 Oct 1902 at age 75.

Alfred married Madeline Emily Hanbury,^{1,109} daughter of Robert Hanbury and Emily Willett Hall, on 4 Nov 1852. Madeline was born in 1833 and died on 8 Jun 1900 at age 67. They had no children.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Norfolk Street, Park Lane, London.

8-Francis Stewart Chapman¹ was born on 3 Aug 1829 and died on 5 May 1887 at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Secretary to the Governement of India.

Francis married Mary Charlotte McNaghten, daughter of Elliot McNaghten.

8-Edmund Henry Chapman^{1,4} was born on 14 May 1831 and died on 15 Feb 1874 at age 42.

Edmund married Georgiana Adelaide Elwes,^{1,4} daughter of George Cary Elwes^{1,4} and Arabella Elizabeth Sophia Heneage, on 23 Oct 1862. Georgiana was born in 1840 and died on 6 May 1924 at age 84. They had six children: Evelyn Arabella, Caroline Ada, Beatrice Ellen, Margaret Edith, Ernest George Cary, and Edmund Steuart.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Claremount House, Surrey.

9-Evelyn Arabella Chapman

9-Caroline Ada Chapman

9-Beatrice Ellen Chapman

9-Margaret Edith Chapman

9-Ernest George Cary Chapman^{1,4} was born on 13 Feb 1867.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Nutsford, Dulverton, Somerset.

9-Edmund Steuart Chapman^{1,4} was born on 20 Aug 1870 and died in 1909 at age 39.

Edmund married Muriel Elfrida Nourse. They had two children: Josephine May and Edmund Henry Craycroft.

10-Josephine May Chapman

10-Edmund Henry Craycroft Chapman⁴ was born on 10 Oct 1907.

8-Rev. William Hay Chapman¹ was born on 23 Sep 1832 and died in 1903⁴ at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Southborough.

• He worked as a Rector of Lowestoft in Lowestoft, Suffolk.

William married Amelia Elizabeth Rowley,^{1,4} daughter of Capt. Richard Freeman Rowley RN and Julia Angerstein, on 11 Dec 1860. Amelia was born in 1839 in London and died on 9 Sep 1885 at age 46. They had nine children: Mina Julia Caroline Hay, Alfred Richard Hay, Julia Fredica Hay, Richard Henry, Francis Frederick Angerstein, Rowley William Hay, William Hay, MacNaghten Hay, and Eva Alice Hay.

9-Mina Julia Caroline Hay Chapman¹ was born in 1863 in Kensington, London and died on 20 Sep 1899 in Uckfield, Sussex at age 36.

9-Alfred Richard Hay Chapman¹ was born on 5 Jan 1864 and died on 21 Feb 1870 at age 6. He had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Julia Fredica Hay Chapman¹ was born in 1865 in London, was christened on 7 May 1865 in Southwold, Suffolk, and died on 13 Jul 1908 in Austria at age 43.

9-Richard Henry Hay-Chapman¹ was born on 23 Mar 1866 in London, died on 23 Aug 1929 in Santa Clara, California, USA at age 63, and was buried on 27 Aug 1929.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Editor of the New York Graphic in New York, New York, USA.

• He worked as a Publisher.

Richard married Laura Fanny Lorimer,⁴ daughter of Thomas Hay Webster Lorimer and Elizabeth Palmer, on 30 Apr 1895 in Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana. Laura was born on 23 Oct 1861 in Abordelgie, Perthshire, died on 19 Jun 1941 in Hollywood, California. Knocked down by a car at age 79, and was buried on 21 Jun 1941 in Forest Lawn Cemetery, Los Angeles. They had five children: Victor Rowley, Richard Bruce, Lorimer, Patrick MacNaghten, and Laura Mina.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Concert Pianist.

10-Victor Rowley Hay-Chapman⁴ was born on 23 Jan 1896 in California, USA and died on 2 Jun 1964 in San Diego, California, USA at age 68.

Victor married Clara Catherine Frosio on 20 Apr 1922. Clara was born on 30 Oct 1899 in New Jersey, USA and died on 8 Sep 1998 in San Diego, California, USA at age 98.

10-**Richard Bruce Hav-Chapman**⁴ was born in 1897 in California, USA.

Richard married Daisy Danziger⁴ on 7 Aug 1922 in Los Angeles, California, USA. Daisy was born on 20 Apr 1902 and died on 12 May 1994 at age 92. They had one son: Bruce C.

11-Bruce C. Chapman

10-Lorimer Hay-Chapman⁴ was born in 1898.

Lorimer married Louise Harrison.

10-Patrick MacNaghten Hay-Chapman⁴ was born in 1905.

10-Laura Mina Hay-Chapman

Laura married Jarvis Quail.

9-Francis Frederick Angerstein Chapman¹ was born on 18 Apr 1868 and died in 1917 at age 49.

9-Rowley William Hay Chapman^{1,4} was born on 9 Apr 1869.

Rowley married Mary Anderson. They had one son: Leigh.

10-Leigh Chapman⁴ was born in 1901.

9-William Hay Chapman¹ was born on 10 Feb 1871 and died in 1913 in Australia at age 42.

9-MacNaghten Hay Chapman^{1,4} was born on 5 Jun 1872 and died on 1 Apr 1934 at age 61.

9-Eva Alice Hay Chapman¹ was born on 18 Jul 1880 in East Harling, Norfolk, was christened on 19 Sep 1880 in East Harling, Norfolk, and died in 1922 at age 42.

8-Caroline Matilda Chapman¹ was born on 11 Nov 1839, was christened on 31 Dec 1839 in Marylebone, London, and died on 6 Apr 1882 at age 42.

Caroline married Rt. Rev. Dr. Rowley Hill,¹ son of Sir George Hill 3rd Bt. and Elizabeth Sophia Rea, on 30 Apr 1863. Rowley was born on 22 Feb 1836 and died on 27 May 1887 at age 51. They had six children: Laetitia Caroline Rowley, George Rowley, Marcus Rowley, Alfred Rowley, Edmund Rowley, and Elizabeth Madeline Rowley.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Bishop of Sodor and Man in 1877.

9-Laetitia Caroline Rowley Hill¹⁴⁹ was born in 1876, died on 8 Mar 1957 at age 81, and was buried in St. Martin's Church, Overstrand, Norfolk.

Laetitia married **Canon David Buxton Barclay**, son of **Robert Barclay**^{2,33,150} and **Elizabeth Ellen Buxton**,^{33,150} on 20 Jul 1901. David was born on 25 Dec 1876 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 19 Feb 1877 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, died on 17 Jan 1954 at age 77, and was buried in St. Martin's Church, Overstrand, Norfolk. They had three children: **Theodore David, John Alexander**, and **Patience Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.

10-Theodore David Barclay was born on 6 Sep 1906 and died in 1981 in Higham, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman of Barclays Bank in 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Suffolk in 1959.
- He had a residence in Higham, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.

Theodore married someone. He had three children: David William, James Christopher, and Susanna Elizabeth.

11-David William Barclay

- **11-James Christopher Barclay**
- 11-Susanna Elizabeth Barclay

10-John Alexander Barclay was born on 18 Oct 1908 in Cromer, Norfolk and died on 12 Jul 1980 in Canterbury, Kent at age 71.

John married Janet Evelyn Lucas Man, daughter of Rev. Morrice Lionel Man and Evelyn Dora Lucas, on 30 Mar 1946. Janet was born on 27 Aug 1911 in Salisbury, Wiltshire and died on 22 Jan 1999 in Canterbury, Kent at age 87. They had two children: Caroline Rachel Dorothea and Elizabeth Jane.

11-Caroline Rachel Dorothea Barclay

11-Elizabeth Jane Barclay was born on 26 Feb 1952, died on 29 Oct 2007 at age 55, and was buried on 6 Nov 2007 in Eythorn, Dover, Kent.

10-Dr. Patience Elizabeth Barclay¹⁰² was born on 28 Jul 1911 and died on 28 Mar 1985 at age 73.

General Notes: Patience Elizabeth Davies "b.28 July 1911 d.28 Mar 1985 MB BS Lond(1939) DCH(1943) MRCP(1945) FRCP(1970)"

Patience Davies was born at Chippenham where her father, David Buxton Barclay, was a vicar. Her maternal grandfather was a bishop, and the discipline of service was a prevailing and pervading influence throughout her life. With this background, medicine was one obvious choice of career and, after preparatory school and public school in Essex, she entered the medical school of the Royal Free Hospital, taking her London degree in 1939.

After house appointments at the Three Counties Emergency Hospital at Arlesey, at Addenbrooke's, and at the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, she became RMO and registrar at the National Temperance Hospital in 1942. In 1943 she was appointed medical registrar at Great Ormond Street Hospital where she laid the foundation of her wide knowledge and skills in paediatric medicine. During her two years in this post she obtained her DCH; her chiefs there spoke of her obvious affection for and rapport with children, her capacity for prolonged hard work, her meticulous notekeeping, and her wide reading of both general and paediatric literature, and they predicted a distinguished career for her.

In 1945 she gained her membership of the College and in the same year, on VE-day, was conscripted into the RAMC. She was posted with the rank of captain to India, to Army hospitals at Agra, Jhansi, and finally Darjeeling. In Darjeeling she met Arthur Davies of the Burma Frontier Service, who was then recovering at the Darjeeling (Lebong) Officer Convalescent Depot from his three and a half years as a Japanese prisoner of war. They were married in Darjeeling on her birthday, 28 July 1946, and after a honeymoon in Nepal they returned to England in September of that year. The following year she joined F L King-Lewis, a children's consultant physician, for three years in his general and specialist practice in London. In December 1950, Patience and her husband moved to Kenya where she joined the Nairobi Clinic, a group of consultants, and it was in that country that the definitive part of her professional life was spent. She quickly established herself as the acknowledged consultant in her own field and she retained that position throughout her 26 years in Africa. The centre of her hospital work was

Gertrude's Garden Children's Hospital, but she also held appointments at the Kenyatta Memorial, the Aga Khan, and the Mater Misericordiae Hospitals. She gave regular series of lectures and contributed several articles to the East Africa Medical Journal. She organized and dominated the practice of exchange transfusion for haemolytic disease of the newborn and her skill in intravenous therapy was legendary. She was responsible for founding the East African Paediatric Association and was its president for the first two years. Patience was held in affection and immense respect by every member of the medical and nursing professions in East Africa. Some mothers were said to be in holy fear of her, for there was no sentimentality about her approach to her work or her patients and any criticism she might make of a parent's inadequacies of care was direct, even forceful. But once the air was cleared and the way forward established she enjoyed their full cooperation and admiration. She gave selfless and devoted service to parents and children of all races and her positive manner, together with clear and concise appraisal and instruction, quickly established a feeling of great comfort and confidence that in her hands everything possible would be done. And, of course, it was done. In difficult and critical situations she had the gift of being both incisive and imperturbable.

Apart from her private work and hospital clinics, she had a large practice among the poor and needy whom she treated with equal devotion, in love, and for no reward save their recovery. She and her husband left Kenya in 1976 and returned to England, where they settled in a charming house overlooking Dartmoor. For the next six" (Volume VIII, page 125)

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with MB BS DCH MRCP FRCP.

Patience married Arthur Davies. They had two children: John and Tess.

11-John Davies

11-Tess Davies

9-Sir George Rowley Hill 7th Bt. was born on 28 Apr 1864 and died on 30 Jun 1954 at age 90.

George married Alice Estelle Harley Bacon. They had one son: George Cyril Rowley.

10-Sir George Cyril Rowley Hill 8th Bt. was born on 18 Dec 1890 and died on 6 Jul 1980 at age 89.

George married **Edith Muriel Thomas**. They had no children.

9-Vice-Admiral Marcus Rowley Hill was born on 13 Mar 1867 and died on 8 Feb 1925 at age 57.

Marcus married Ellen Mabel Mellor.

9-Alfred Rowley Hill was born on 24 Dec 1868 and died on 22 Apr 1946 at age 77.

Alfred married Jean Cunninghame. They had two children: Maud Elizabeth Anne and George Alfred Rowley.

10-Maud Elizabeth Anne Hill died on 18 Jun 1941.

Maud married Raymond Arundell Leakey, son of Rev. Arundell Leakey.

10-Sir George Alfred Rowley Hill 9th Bt. was born on 11 Oct 1899 and died on 29 Nov 1985 at age 86.

George married Rose Ethel Kathleen Spratt, daughter of William Richard Spratt. They had one son: Richard George Rowley.

11-Maj. Sir Richard George Rowley Hill 10th Bt. was born on 18 Dec 1925 and died on 9 Mar 1992 at age 66.

Richard married Angela Mary Gallon, daughter of Lt. Col. Stanley Herbert Gallon. They had two children: Charlotte Mary Rowley and Georgina Emma Rowley.

12-Charlotte Mary Rowley Hill

12-Georgina Emma Rowley Hill

George next married Jessie Anne Roberts. They had two children: John Alfred Rowley and Margaret Anne Rowley.

11-Sir John Alfred Rowley Hill 11th Bt.

John married **Diana Walker**.

11-Margaret Anne Rowley Hill

9-Edmund Rowley Hill was born on 19 Feb 1873 and died on 1 Oct 1947 at age 74.

Edmund married Rosamira Murray Austin, daughter of Ven. Francis W. Austin.

9-Elizabeth Madeline Rowley Hill was born on 13 Feb 1882 and died on 31 Mar 1969 at age 87. She had no known marriage and no known children.

8-Alicia Hannah Chapman¹ was born in 1841 in Kensington, London.

Alicia married Hon. Henry Brodrick,¹ son of Rev. William John Brodrick 7th Viscount Midleton and Hon. Harriet Brodrick, on 1 Jun 1869. Henry was born on 11 Feb 1838 and died on 31 Oct 1877 at age 39. They had no children.

8-Eliza Ellen Chapman was born in 1842 and died on 23 Oct 1924 at age 82.

Eliza married Sir John Ralph Blois 8th Bt.,¹ son of Cmdr. John Ralph Blois and Eliza Knox Barrett, on 25 Jan 1865 in St. Michael's, Chester Square, London. John was born on 18 Aug 1830 in Wexford and died on 31 Dec 1888 at age 58. They had 12 children: Alice Clara, Ralph Barrett MacNaghten, Charles Godfrey, Eardley Steuart, Stephen Russell, Maude Beatrice, Adeline Louisa, Dudley George, Constance Violet, Cecily Mabel, Gervase Vanneck, and Hylda Letitia Grace.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Cockfield Hall, Yoxford, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Navy.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Suffolk in 1862.

9-Alice Clara Blois was born in 1865 in Yoxford, Suffolk and died on 8 Nov 1940 in 4 Chesham Place, Westminster, London at age 75. The cause of her death was Killed by a high-explosive bomb.

General Notes: At 8:20pm on 8 November 1940, a high explosive bomb detonated resulting in the complete destruction of 3 and 4 Chesham Place SW1. Additional damage to adjacent buildings included a broken gas main on the rear of number 5.

The Gerald Road Police provided the first response, ascertaining within ten minutes of arrival that at least six people were trapped beneath the rubble. As rescue operations commenced, Chesham Place was closed for approximately one hundred metres, from Pont Street to Belgrave Mews West. Rescuers spent an hour retrieving the six initially known victims from the rubble and sent five for further medical attention. Operations ceased just before midnight to be resumed in the morning despite the reported presence of two additional trapped casualties. However, the following day resulted in no further retrievals.

The incident did not come to a close until 20 November when one final casualty was discovered buried head-down in the rubble by contractors clearing the debris at 4 Chesham Place.

Alice married James Henry Monk, son of Charles James Monk, on 27 Jul 1929. James was born in 1865 and died on 8 Nov 1940 in 4 Chesham Place, Westminster, London at age 75. The cause of his death was Killed by a high-explosive bomb.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple.

9-Sir Ralph Barrett MacNaghten Blois 9th Bt. was born on 21 Nov 1866 in Yoxford, Suffolk and died on 18 Mar 1950 at age 83.

Ralph married Winifred Grace Kennard on 30 Apr 1898 in Mayfair, London. Winifred died on 28 Nov 1963. They had five children: Iris Freda, Gervase Ralph Edmund, Christian Frances, Carol Edward John, and Flavia Ria Joan.

10-Iris Freda Blois was born on 21 Aug 1899 and died on 11 Aug 1962 at age 62. She had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Sir Gervase Ralph Edmund Blois 10th Bt. was born on 6 Jun 1901 and died on 22 May 1968 at age 66.

Gervase married Audrey Winifred Johnson, daughter of Col. Harry Johnson, on 20 Sep 1938. The marriage ended in divorce in 1948. Audrey died on 18 Jul 1997. They had three children:

Charles Nicholas Gervase, Rodney John Derek, and Gillian Frances Audrey.

11-Sir Charles Nicholas Gervase Blois 11th Bt.

Charles married Celia Helen Mary Pritchett, daughter of Cyril George Francis Pritchett. They had two children: Andrew Charles David and Helen Janet.

12-Andrew Charles David Blois

Andrew married Judith Hardy.

12-Helen Janet Blois

Helen married Jnathan Hullock. They had one daughter: Jessica Victoria.

13-Jessica Victoria Hullock

11-Rodney John Derek Blois was born on 12 Nov 1941 and died on 7 Jan 2021 at age 79.

Rodney married Lady Elizabeth Caroline Elinor Evelyn Giffard, daughter of John Anthony Hardinge Giffard 3rd Earl of Halsbury and Elizabeth Adeline Faith Godley. They had two children: Camilla Frances Elizabeth and Susanna Gillian Caroline.

12-Camilla Frances Elizabeth Blois

12-Susanna Gillian Caroline Blois

Susanna married Christopher Lye, son of Raymond Lye. They had two children: Zara and Tessa Antonia Jane.

13-Zara Lye

13-Tessa Antonia Jane Lye

11-Gillian Frances Audrey Blois

Gillian married Hugh Christopher Riddle.

Gillian next married Gilbert John Chalk. They had three children: Alexander John Gervase, Nicola Elizabeth, and Christopher Harry Gilbert.

12-Alexander John Gervase Chalk

12-Nicola Elizabeth Chalk

12-Christopher Harry Gilbert Chalk

10-Christian Frances Blois was born on 21 Oct 1902 and died on 18 Sep 1998 at age 95.

Christian married Edward Archibald Fraser Harding, son of Col. Edward Harding and Nina Maud Ryves, on 18 Jan 1928. The marriage ended in divorce in 1940. Edward died on 25 Jan 1953.

Christian next married Maj. Geoffrey Henry Cecil Bing. They had two children: Inigo Geoffrey and Richard Daniel.

11-His Honour Inigo Geoffrey Bing

Inigo married Shirley-Anne Benka in 1980. Shirley-Anne died on 20 Mar 2003.

Inigo next married Judith Caroline Anne Hughes.

11-Richard Daniel Bing was born on 5 Apr 1946 and died on 4 Feb 2005 at age 58.

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10-Carol Edward John Blois was born on 9 Nov 1906 and died on 9 Sep 1945 at age 38. He had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Flavia Ria Joan Blois was born on 26 Dec 1914 in Yoxford, Suffolk, died on 28 Mar 1980 in Westminster, London at age 65, and was buried in Holy Trinity Churchyard, Blythburgh, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Painter.

Flavia married Capt. Julian Ward Snow Baron Burntwood, son of Henry Martin Snow, on 20 Aug 1948. Julian was born on 24 Feb 1910, died on 24 Jan 1982 at age 71, and was buried in Holy Trinity Churchyard, Blythburgh, Suffolk. They had one daughter: Harriet Louise Julia.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Member of Parliament for Lichfield and Tamworth in 1950-1970.

11-Hon. Harriet Louise Julia Snow

9-Charles Godfrey Blois was born on 27 Dec 1867 in Yoxford, Suffolk, was christened on 26 Jan 1868 in Yoxford, Suffolk, and died on 19 Dec 1900 at age 32.

9-Maj. Eardley Steuart Brooke was born on 3 Jul 1869 in Yoxford, Suffolk, was christened on 2 Aug 1869 in Yoxford, Suffolk, and died on 13 Dec 1955 at age 86. Another name for Eardley was Maj. Eardley Stewart Blois.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 1st Co., London Yeomanry.
- Miscellaneous: Chaged his name by Royal Licence, 23 Feb 1931.

Eardley married Violet Mary Magdalene Sproat on 6 Jul 1916. Violet died on 15 Sep 1945. They had four children: Eileen Mary "Kit," Thomas Eardley, Michael Steuart, and Robert John.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Ufford Place, Woodbridge, Suffolk.

10-Eileen Mary "Kit" Blois-Brooke was born on 1 Jul 1917 and died in 1977 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 60.

Eileen married Lieut. Col. Edward Douglas Garnett, son of Capt. Douglas Gordon Knowles Garnett and Beatrice Rigg, in 1938 in Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India. Edward was born in 1907 in Stockport, Cheshire and died on 21 Apr 1964 at age 57. They had one son: Anthony Eardley Douglas.

General Notes: Steven Russell [East Anglian Daily Times - 24th August 2015], begins with a soldier who managed to escape death in Burma and truly earned his Military Cross for bravery. It's a pretty safe bet that men like Douglas Garnett would despise our celebrity culture and the self-obsessed nature of social media. Men like Douglas Garnett were modest about their bravery during the Second World War. They simply got on with it. Forgot it, if they could.

Which is how Tony Garnett grew up, knowing his professional soldier father was courageous had been awarded the Military Cross, indeed, for "exemplary gallantry" but had to wait decades after Douglas's premature death to learn anything approaching the full story.

In fact, it was only this week when he dug out long-forgotten army information more than 70 years old that Tony put considerable detail to the limited sentences of the MC commendation. The form relates to 1944, as a multi-racial force became embroiled in savage fighting to stop Japanese soldiers taking India, following their conquest of Burma. The document, signed by eight senior officers and recommending an immediate award of the Military Cross, makes it clear how Douglas put his life on the line.

"On 25 May 1944 at Moirang Crossroads Major Garnett's battery was supporting the 2/5 RGR (Royal Gurkha Regiment). As it was getting dark the position was attacked by four enemy tanks advancing from the South which...opened very heavy fire with 47mm shells on our positions, causing serious casualties in the first few minutes. Major Garnett at once brought down accurate fire on the tanks.

"Ignoring the heavy fire of the tanks, he stood upright on the parapet of the trench in order to spot the flashes of the enemy tank guns...Further accurate fire directed by Major Garnett soon drove off two more tanks and the fourth later struck a mine and blew up.

"Meanwhile, casualties had been heavy and all available S.B.s [secondary batteries] and nursing orderlies were fully employed.

"A 3.7 Howitzer of 6 Battery sited in an anti-tank role with the 2/5 Gurkhas had received a direct hit on the Gun Pit, killing the officer and wounding all but the number one. Major Garnett at once went to this gun, organised the dressing and evacuation of the wounded and raised a scratch gun team...At first light this gun was able to bring down effective fire on the enemy. "Throughout the whole night's action Major Garnett's outstanding courage, coolness and complete disregard for his personal safety under murderous short range shell fire was an inspiration. The prompt and accurate manner in which he brought down fire on the tanks was most heartening to the morale and was a primary factor in the breaking up of the enemy attack."

Douglas, of the Royal Artillery, received the Military Cross and a letter from King George VI. He wrote: "I greatly regret that I am unable to give you personally the award which you have so well earned. I now send it to you with my congratulations and my best wishes for your future happiness."

Something to be proud of, then. But not an episode allowed to resonate through Tony's childhood. "I didn't know anything about it, apart from the fact he got an MC, until a long time after he'd died," he admits. "He never talked about it. Never talked much about the war at all, really apart from the fact he never forgave the Japanese."

He certainly didn't blow his own trumpet. His diary of those awful months in 1944 as the British, Indian forces and Gurkhas tried to push back the Japanese gives no clue that he was honoured for his bravery.

May 26 finds Douglas and his men supporting a Gurkha attack on Ngangkhalawai. "There was a tank attack shortly after dark, which knocked out the gun, killing all the detachment... Fighting continued all night in pitch dark among the... pits filled with water. Both sides suffered a fair number of casualties." That, really, is all he says of the incident. "He wasn't particularly communicative anyway," says Tony, who was born about two weeks after the start of the Second World War. "Put it this way: I only really got to know him well when he was very ill. When he retired from the army, he took up an ex-army officer's job as education accounts officer in the army school of education at Beaconsfield. When he was ill, I used to drive him around.

"My mother had all his medals (after he died) and then, after she died (in 1977) they were in a box getting a bit dusty; a few cobwebs here and there and I thought 'I'd better do something about these'."

Tony, a former sports editor of the EADT and Ipswich Star, produced a framed tribute to his father. It includes his medals and the MC citation. There's also a note from a brigadier, sent in 1956. "Dear Garnett, congratulations on your well-deserved mention in dispatches, for your gallant and distinguished service in Burma and on the eastern frontier of India. We are all proud of this recognition, and yet another fine example set by the Gunners."

Edward Douglas Garnett was born in Cheshire in 1907, his family in the Lancashire cotton industry. His father was well down the family pecking order so, in about 1920, he bought a farm in Suffolk: Kelsale Hall, near Saxmundham.

"He was what I'd a call a farmer who farmed for the game-shooting, rather than the farming," says Tony. "It didn't make any money and was a total nightmare. It was, anyway, when my father took it over."

Douglas went to Charterhouse, then graduated from the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich. 39160 Garnett was commissioned as a 2nd lieutenant at 20 and a lieutenant in 1931. From 1933, he served in India and Pakistan, proficient in Urdu. Promotions followed: captain in 1938, major, then lieutenant colonel in 1945.

In 1938 he married Eileen Mary Blois-Brooke, known as Kit, in Meerut, India. Her family owned Ufford Place, near Woodbridge. Her father was the son of Sir Ralph Blois, of Cockfield Hall, Yoxford.

Douglas's first diary entries for 1944 give little hint of what was to come. January 1 sees him arriving in the Indian city of Gaya at 4.30am. "Station waiting room mosquito-infested... Spent all afternoon searching for my luggage...Played bridge in the evening."

Ian Grant's 1993 book Burma: The Turning Point suggests the Imphal/Kohima campaign was when momentum shifted. "It signalled the start of four months of intense and savage fighting, the heaviest along the road from Imphal to Tiddim in Burma. After three weeks the Japanese were not only defeated but virtually annihilated... The door to Burma was now wide open and undefended, and General Slim's Fourteenth Army flooded through it to win the great victories of 1945."

The war in the Far East was finally halted by the dropping of atomic bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Japan surrendered on August 14th, and the following day was declared Victory in Japan Day.

Intriguingly, it appears Douglas was at Judson College in Rangoon, Burma, to witness Japanese general Heitaro Kimura and senior staff officers surrendering their swords to General Sir Montagu Stopford.

Douglas took pictures. They show, says Tony, how members of the guard of honour were all over 6ft 1in. To hammer home the sense of superiority over the defeated forces? "I think the guard of honour was made up from father's regiment."

Douglas served in India and Pakistan until 1948. He was then stationed in Dover, went to Hong Kong, had a spell in Northern Ireland and was commandant on troop ships sailing to Korea. He died in 1964.

Tony is proud of what his father achieved, and his courage. "I understand he was a fairly severe officer. He didn't stand any nonsense. He loved the Gurkhas; had great respect for them." "One thing I do recall was that he told me how there were Japanese snipers in nearby trees. One was accurate but the others were not. Before running from one trench to the other they would put a helmet on top of a pole. If a bullet struck it they would wait until the less talented marksman was on duty..."

Japan attacked the American base at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, on December 7, 1941. The next day, Japanese forces landed in Malaya. Hong Kong fell on December 25, and in mid January Japan invaded Burma.

On the 20th he's posted to 21 Mountain Regiment and is taken to Kennedy Peak, Burma. "Position very high, 8900 ft, and very cold."

January 22: "During the night the Japs ran through OP Wood [OP is observation post] three times..." One man is killed. January 28: Three soldiers killed and three wounded by a Japanese shell. By the middle of March, Japan is bent on seizing the key military centres of Imphal and Kohima in India, about 70 miles from the border with Burma. The allies fight to stop them. The fierce Battle of Imphal will last until July.

On March 25, Douglas Garnett is reporting the death of two men as a command post is hit. Their medical officer is hurt when a bomb lands. "A sticky day." The following day "three bombers and nine fighters came and beat us up on the road with bombs and MG". [Machine-gun fire.]

In April they move on to Imphal Turel, where Douglas collapses with dysentery "and went to bed on arrival in my valise in a ditch, with a ground sheet as a roof". Later, he's targeted by a Japanese 75mm gun as he moves along a crest, "but had plenty of time to duck below as I saw them fire".

Then, late in May, he and his men come to Moirang. Julian Thompson talks about it in his 2002 publication The Imperial War Museum Book of the War in Burma. "On the evening of 26 May, 2nd/5th Royal Gurkhas were attacked by four tanks preceded by artillery fire. One was blown up on a minefield laid by the battalion, one ran into the position, while the

other two sat on a bund and fired down into the position. The battalion took about 50 casualties before the two tanks on the bund were destroyed. "The wounded were lying in waterlogged trenches, while... the MO [medical officer] did his best for them, in the dark, being unable to show any light." Some days later, "we were engaged by a Japanese infantry gun whose first short burst hit the middle of us, leaving me the only one of seven untouched. Outram had both legs blown off". One man was killed, others wounded.

These months are dreadful, but pivotal.

The Colonial Film project, which has catalogued images relating to the British empire, explains: "Hoping to avoid a parallel to the end of the First World War, where the German Army marched home with its arms and plausibly 'undefeated', it was hoped that the formal surrender of swords would make the reality of defeat incontestable."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.
- He had a residence in Kelsale Hall, Saxmundham, Suffolk.

11-Anthony Eardley Douglas Garnett

10-Capt. Thomas Eardley Blois-Brooke was born on 27 Jun 1918 and died in Dec 1986 in Haverfordwest, Pembrokeshire, Wales at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

Thomas married Joy Mary Lewis, daughter of Maj. Gen. Robert Stedman Lewis. They had three children: Jennifer Mary, Thomas Robin Eardley, and Elizabeth Anne.

11-Jennifer Mary Brooke

Jennifer married Guy William Meakin Farmiloe, son of Leslie Farmiloe. They had one son: Toby Nicholas.

12-Toby Nicholas Farmiloe

11-Thomas Robin Eardley Blois-Brooke

Thomas married Philippa de Courcy Fryer, daughter of John Fryer. They had two children: Thomas Eardley and Edward Charles.

12-Thomas Eardley Blois-Brooke

12-Edward Charles Blois-Brooke

11-Elizabeth Anne Blois-Brooke

Elizabeth married Michael John Read, son of T. H. Read. They had two children: Harry Thomas and Alice Louise.

12-Harry Thomas Read

12-Alice Louise Read

10-Lieut. Cmdr. Michael Steuart Blois-Brooke RNVR was born on 13 Aug 1919 and died on 13 Nov 1995 at age 76.

Michael married Mary Mead on 20 Aug 1949. Mary was born in 1926 and died on 5 Jan 2014 at age 88. They had three children: Susan Penelope, Mark Harvey, and Diana Mary.

11-Susan Penelope Blois-Brooke

Susan married Nigel Robert Clifford. They had two children: Joanna Mary and Louise Rosemary.

12-Joanna Mary Clifford

12-Louise Rosemary Clifford

11-Mark Harvey Blois-Brooke

Mark married Amanda Wade.

11-Diana Mary Blois-Brooke

10-Robert John Brooke was born on 20 Oct 1923 and died on 24 Feb 1963 at age 39.

Robert married Ann Hamerton Gordon Troup. They had three children: Alastair John, Ian Steuart, and Katharine Margaret.

11-Alastair John Brooke

Alastair married Julia Burgess. They had two children: Alexander David and Christopher John.

12-Alexander David Brooke

12-Christopher John Brooke

11-Ian Steuart Brooke

Ian married Clare Champkin. They had one daughter: Katharine Ann.

12-Katharine Ann Brooke

11-Katharine Margaret Brooke

Katharine married Ian W. Thomson. They had three children: Amy Blois, Robert Lewis, and Elizabeth Ann.

12-Amy Blois Thomson

12-Robert Lewis Thomson

12-Elizabeth Ann Thomson

9-Stephen Russell Blois was born on 6 Oct 1870 in Yoxford, Suffolk, was christened on 4 Nov 1870 in Yoxford, Suffolk, and died on 13 Feb 1951 at age 80. Stephen married Emilie Freeman Schultz, daughter of Martin Schultz.

Stephen next married Helen Hill-Trevor Irwin.

9-Maude Beatrice Blois was born in 1872 in Kensington, London and died on 26 May 1961 at age 89.

Maude married Rev. Canon John Cossham Vawdrey.

9-Adeline Louisa Blois was born in 1874 in Kensington, London and died on 28 May 1941 in Aldershot, Hampshire at age 67.

Adeline married Charles George Lumley Cator, son of Charles Oliver Frederick Cator and Isabella Maria Baker, on 1 Jun 1905. Charles was born in 1872 in Bromley, Kent and died in 1954 at age 82. They had three children: Marjorie Hylda Adeline, Rosemary Evelyn, and Diana Elizabeth.

10-Marjorie Hylda Adeline Cator was born on 31 Mar 1908 in London and died in Jan 2000 in Petersfield, Hampshire at age 91.

Marjorie married Capt. James Owen Needham, son of Frederick William Needham and Geraldine Paget, on 3 Jun 1929. James was born on 12 Oct 1897 and died on 23 Mar 1975 at age 77. They had three children: Christopher James Blois, David John Manners, and Patricia Deline.

11-Christopher James Blois Needham was born on 22 Oct 1931 and died on 25 Jul 2007 at age 75.

Christopher married Nicola Ann Coles, daughter of Capt. Nicholas Robert Coles. They had three children: Henrietta Aeddan, Alicia Claire, and Camilla Romaine.

12-Henrietta Aeddan Needham

Henrietta married Russell Baylis. They had four children: Camilla Annabelle, Harriet Alicia, Emily Charlotte, and Araminta Rose.

13-Camilla Annabelle Baylis

13-Harriet Alicia Baylis

13-Emily Charlotte Baylis

13-Araminta Rose Baylis

12-Alicia Claire Needham

Alicia married Henry Vane Eden, son of Hon. Ronald John Eden and Rosemary Dorothy Marion Crowder. They had four children: Harry, Oliver, Roseanna, and Annabel.

13-Harry Eden was born in 1989 and died in 1989.

13-Oliver Eden

13-Roseanna Eden

13-Annabel Eden

12-Camilla Romaine Needham

Camilla married Nicholas R. I. Foot, son of Dennis Foot. They had two children: Alexander James Frederick and Tarquin Nicholas Needham.

13-Alexander James Frederick Foot

13-Tarquin Nicholas Needham Foot

11-David John Manners Needham

David married Evelyn Elizabeth Palmers, daughter of Theodore L. Palmers. They had one daughter: Katherine Elizabeth Theodora.

12-Katherine Elizabeth Theodora Palmers-Needham

11-Patricia Deline Needham

Patricia married John Michael Singer, son of Col. Ernest O. A. Singer and Margaret Davis. They had three children: Caroline Emma Louise, Serena Clare, and Jeremy James.

12-Caroline Emma Louise Singer

12-Serena Clare Singer

12-Jeremy James Singer

Patricia next married Lieut. Cmdr. William Jonathan Richard Pennefather.

10-Rosemary Evelyn Cator was born on 8 Oct 1910 in Chelsea, London and died in Jan 1993 in Hampshire at age 82.

Rosemary married Col. Arthur Henry Gurney Napier, son of Lt. Col. Hon. Henry Dundas Napier and Sybil Gurney, on 15 Apr 1937. Arthur was born on 17 May 1900 and died in 1978 at age 78. They had three children: Mary-Rose, Angela Marina, and Belinda Jane.

11-Mary-Rose Napier was born on 3 Feb 1938 and died on 17 Dec 2011 at age 73.

11-Angela Marina Napier

Angela married James Denis Merrick Naper, son of Capt. Nigel William Ivo Naper and Carola Elizabeth Darley. They had three children: Merrik Henry Nigel, Alexander Denis James, and Isabel Carola Rosemary.

12-Merrik Henry Nigel Naper

12-Alexander Denis James Naper

12-Isabel Carola Rosemary Naper

11-Belinda Jane Napier

Belinda married Michael Allen Fishwick Leather, son of Alan Guy Leather. They had two children: James Napier Fishwick and Giles Napier Fishwick.

12-James Napier Fishwick Leather

12-Giles Napier Fishwick Leather

Giles married Melanie Katherine Whitfield, daughter of Michael Whitfield and Hon. Deborah Mary Vaughan-Morgan. They had one son: Henry Michael Napier.

13-Henry Michael Napier Leather

10-Diana Elizabeth Cator was born on 7 Feb 1913 in Hatfield, Hertfordshire and died in 1999 at age 86.

Diana married David Andrew Imrie. David was born on 18 Jun 1892 and died in 1972 at age 80. They had one daughter: Cecilia Diana Savile.

11-Cecilia Diana Savile Imrie

Cecilia married Benjamin Whitrow. Benjamin was born on 17 Feb 1937 in Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 28 Sep 2017 at age 80. They had one son: Angus.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Film and Television actor.

12-Angus Whitrow

9-Lieut. Col. Dudley George Blois was born on 12 Feb 1875 in Kensington, London and died on 14 Jul 1916 in Killed In Action at age 41.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Field Artillery.

Dudley married Georgiana Isabella Frances Domvile, daughter of Admiral Sir Compton Edward Domvile and Isabella Peel, on 28 Jul 1914. Georgiana was born on 25 May 1888 and died on 23 Dec 1967 at age 79. They had two children: John Dudley and Jane Elizabeth Georgiana Joan.

10-Wing/Cdr John Dudley Blois was born on 17 Jun 1915 and died on 19 Jan 1954 at age 38.

John married Elizabeth Catharine Maxwell, daughter of Rear-Admiral Sir Wellwood George Courtenay Maxwell and Elizabeth Compton Cavendish, on 28 Apr 1948. Elizabeth died in 1993. They had two children: Elizabeth Frances Moyra and Sarah Jane.

11-Elizabeth Frances Moyra Blois

11-Sarah Jane Blois

Sarah married Miles Tobias Ward. They had three children: Lomax Blois, Sam Philip, and Thomas Dudley.

12-Lomax Blois Ward

12-Sam Philip Ward

12-Thomas Dudley Ward

10-Jane Elizabeth Georgiana Joan Blois was born on 12 Jul 1916 and died on 12 Mar 2003 at age 86. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an officer of the WRNS.

9-Constance Violet Blois was born in 1876 in Kensington, London and died on 24 Aug 1915 at age 39.

Constance married Patrick Heron-Maxwell on 26 Nov 1898 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Patrick was born on 8 Mar 1866 in Minto, Roxburgh, Scotland and died on 2 Feb 1949 in Windsor, Berkshire at age 82. They had three children: John Edward Blois, Margaret Violet, and Patrick Archibald.

10-John Edward Blois Heron-Maxwell was born on 19 Sep 1899 and died on 20 May 1925 in Kenya at age 25.

10-Margaret Violet Heron-Maxwell was born on 9 Jun 1901 in Ongar, Essex and died on 5 Feb 1962 at age 60.

Margaret married John P. T. Fisher, son of Rt. Rev. George Carnac Fisher and Mary Penelope Gwendoline Thomson.

10-Patrick Archibald Heron-Maxwell was born on 14 Sep 1903 and died on 10 Jan 1935 at age 31.

9-Cecily Mabel Blois was born in 1878 in Kensington, London and died on 1 Oct 1945 in Hampstead, London at age 67. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Rev. Gervase Vanneck Blois was born on 25 Aug 1881 in Kensington, London and died on 22 Dec 1961 at age 80.

Gervase married Hon. Hester Murray Pakington, daughter of Herbert Perrot Murray Pakington 3rd Baron Hampton and Evelyn Nina Frances Baker, on 21 Apr 1914. Hester was born on 17 Mar 1893 and died on 14 Oct 1973 at age 80. They had five children: Evelyn Hester, Margaret Elaine, Anthony Gervase, Elizabeth Mary, and David Pakington.

10-Evelyn Hester Blois Baroness Macleod of Borve was born on 19 Feb 1915 and died on 17 Nov 1999 at age 84.

Evelyn married Mervyn Charles Mason.

Evelyn next married **Rt. Hon. Iain Norman Macleod**, son of **Dr. Norman Macleod** and **Annabella Ross**, on 25 Jan 1941. Iain was born on 11 Nov 1913 in Skipton, Yorkshire and died on 20 Jul 1970 in 11 Downing Street, Whitehall, London at age 56. They had two children: Torquil Anthony Ross and Diana Hester.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PC MP.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Enfield West.
- He worked as a Minister of State for Labour and National Service in 1957-1959.
- He worked as a Secretary of State for the Colonies in 1959-1961.
- He worked as a Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster in 1961.
- He worked as a Chancellor of the Exchequer in 1970.

11-Hon. Torquil Anthony Ross Macleod was born in 1942 and died on 12 Apr 2016 at age 74.

Torquil married Elizabeth Meriol Trevor, daughter of Brig. Arthur Pelham Trevor. They had one son: Ian Ross.

12-Ian Ross Macleod

11-Hon. Diana Hester Macleod

Diana married David Heimann. They had three children: Hugo Iain Philip, James Iain Philip, and Charles Gervase Andrew.

12-Hugo Iain Philip Heimann

Hugo married Sarah Katherine Pace.

12-James Iain Philip Heimann

12-Charles Gervase Andrew Heimann

10-Margaret Elaine Blois was born on 14 Jul 1916.

Margaret married David Ian Wilson, son of David Charles Wilson. They had four children: Fiona Margaret, Sheila Elizabeth, Ann Rosemary, and David Gervase Frederick.

11-Fiona Margaret Wilson

Fiona married Rev. David John Lawrence Agassiz, son of Dr. Cuthbert Agassiz. They had two children: Michael Lewis and Christine Mary.

12-Michael Lewis Agassiz

12-Christine Mary Agassiz

11-Sheila Elizabeth Wilson

Sheila married **David Watkins**.

11-Ann Rosemary Wilson

11-David Gervase Frederick Wilson

10-Anthony Gervase Blois was born on 11 Jul 1918 and died on 13 Feb 2003 at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DFC.

Anthony married Ivy Tucker Bell, daughter of William Charles Bell, on 30 Mar 1957. Ivy died in 1983.

10-Elizabeth Mary Blois

Elizabeth married Francis George Smith, son of Capt. Alexander Smith. They had three children: Fiona Elizabeth, Gillian Hester, and Jennifer Margaret.

11-Fiona Elizabeth Smith

11-Gillian Hester Smith

11-Jennifer Margaret Smith

10-Capt. David Pakington Blois

David married Joan Cecilia Brock, daughter of Capt. Leopold R. Brock. They had two children: Michael David Stuart and Angela Claire.

11-Michael David Stuart Blois

Michael married Heather Davidson, daughter of James W. Davidson. They had two children: Stuart Murray and Fiona Claire.

12-Stuart Murray Blois

12-Fiona Claire Blois

11-Angela Claire Blois

9-Hylda Letitia Grace Blois was born in Kensington, London and died on 17 Apr 1955.

Hylda married Roland Hugh Nelson on 11 Jun 1908 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Roland was born on 7 Feb 1881 and died on 19 Dec 1940 at age 59. They had one son: Eustace John **Blois**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Chilterns End, Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple.
- He worked as a Private Secretary to the First Lord of the Admiralty in 1909-1911.
- He worked as a Private Secretary to the Home Secretary in 1912-1913.
- He worked as a Private Secretary to the First Lord of the Admiralty in 1914-1916.

10-Maj. Gen. Sir Eustace John Blois Nelson³ was born on 15 Jun 1912 and died on 23 Dec 1993 at age 81. Another name for Eustace was John Blois.

General Notes: NELSON, Maj.-Gen. Sir (Eustace) John (Blois)

KCVO 1966 (MVO 1953): CB 1965: DSO 1944: OBE 1948: MC 1943

Born 15 June 1912; s of late Roland Hugh Nelson and Hylda Letitia Blois; m 1936, Lady Jane FitzRoy (granted rank and precedence of d of a duke, 1931), er d of (William Henry Alfred FitzRoy) Viscount Ipswich; two d; died 23 Dec. 1993

Education Eton; Trinity College, Cambridge. BA (Hons) History, MA 1983

Career Commissioned Grenadier Guards, Sept. 1933; served 1939–45 with 3rd and 5th Bns, Belgium, N Africa, Italy (wounded three times, despatches); comd 3rd Bn Grenadier Guards, 1944–45, Italy; comd 1st Guards Parachute Bn, 1946–48, Palestine; comd 1st Bn Gren. Gds, 1950–52, Tripoli, N Africa; Planning Staff Standing Group, Washington, DC, 1954–56; Imperial Defence College, 1958; comd 4th Guards Bde, 1959-61, Germany; GOC London District, and Maj.-Gen. comdg Household Brigade 1962-65; GOC Berlin (British Sector), 1966-68. Chm., Christian Youth Challenge Trust; Vice-Pres., Nat. Playing Fields Assoc. (Gen. Sec. 1969–72); Pres., Trident Trust, 1986–92. Contested (C) Whitechapel, 1945. Silver Star (USA), 1944 **Recreations** The countryside, sailing

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO CB DSO OBE MC.
- He was educated at West Downs.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He worked as a commanding officer of the 3rd Battalion, Grenadier Guards.

Eustace married Lady Margaret Jane FitzRoy, daughter of William Henry Alfred FitzRoy Viscount Ipswich and Auriol Margaretta Brougham, on 10 Oct 1936. Margaret was born on 27 Apr 1916 and died in 1995 at age 79. They had two children: Jennifer Jane and Juliet Auriol Sally.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Granted the rank and style of the daughter of a Duke., 25 Jun 1931.

11-Jennifer Jane Nelson 11th Baroness Arlington

Jennifer married **Capt. Robert Simon Dudley Forwood,** son of **Sir Dudley Richard Forwood 3rd Bt.** and **Mary Gwendoline Foster**, on 8 Dec 1964. Robert was born on 24 Sep 1940 and died on 10 Oct 1999 at age 59. They had two children: **Patrick John Dudley** and **James Roland Nelson**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Irish Guards.

12-Hon. Patrick John Dudley Forwood

Patrick married Victoria Alexandra Psychopulos.

12-Hon. James Roland Nelson Forwood

11-Juliet Auriol Sally Nelson was born on 4 Oct 1940 and died in Nov 1998 at age 58.

Juliet married Capt. Sir Montague John Cholmeley 6th Bt., son of Sir Hugh John Francis Sibthorp Cholmeley 5th Bt. and Cecilia Ellice, on 18 Oct 1960. Montague was born on 27 Mar 1935 and died on 25 Nov 1998 at age 63. They had three children: Camilla, Davina, and Hugh John Frederick Sebastian.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Grenadier Guards.

12-Camilla Cholmeley

Camilla married William Murdoch. They had two children: Andrew William and John Oliver.

13-Andrew William Murdoch

13-John Oliver Murdoch

12-Davina Cholmeley

Davina married Nicholas Morgan. They had two children: Peter and James.

13-Peter Morgan

13-James Morgan

12-Sir Hugh John Frederick Sebastian Cholmeley 7th Bt.

Hugh married Ursula Ann Bennett, daughter of Sir Hugh Peter Derwyn Bennett and Elizabeth Landon. They had two children: Montague Hugh Peter and Isabella Janetta Elizabeth.

13-Montague Hugh Peter Cholmeley

13-Isabella Janetta Elizabeth Cholmeley

7-Dr. Henry Chapman^{4,143} was born on 25 Aug 1797 in Tottenham, London. (15 Oct 1797 also given) and died on 15 Mar 1854 at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Assistant Surgeon to the East India Company. In India.

Henry married Priscilla Susan Wakefield,^{4,143} daughter of Edward Wakefield^{143,151} and Susanna Crash,^{143,151} on 28 Nov 1836 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India. Priscilla was born in 1809 and died in Jan 1887 at age 78. They had 12 children: Henry Howard, Abel Vernon, Edward Francis, Joseph Gurney, Emily Priscilla Rebecca, Alexander, Hannah Gertrude, Arthur Wakefield, Reginald Corrie, Cecil Maurice, Hugh Boswell, and Helen Jessie.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Teacher in India.

8-Lieutenant Henry Howard Chapman was born on 25 Jan 1838 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, was christened on 1 Mar 1838 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, and died on 18 Nov 1863 in Umbeyla Pass, North-West Frontier Province, India at age 25.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 101st Royal Bengal Fusiliers.

8-Abel Vernon Chapman was born on 12 Sep 1839 and died on 11 Aug 1842 in West Ham, London at age 2.

8-General Sir Edward Francis Chapman^{1,2} was born on 14 Nov 1840 and died on 12 May 1926 at age 85.

General Notes: CHAPMAN, Gen. Sir Edward Francis

KCB 1906 (CB 1881); RA

Born 14 Nov. 1840; m 1886, Georgiana, 3rd d of Sir Edward Clive Bayley, KCSI; died 12 May 1926

Colonel Commandant Royal Regiment Artillery; Master Gunner, St James' Park

CAREER Entered army, 1858; General, 1896; served Abyssinia, 1867–68 (despatches, medal); Afghan War, 1878–80 (despatches twice, brevet of Lieut-Col, CB, medal with two clasps, bronze decoration); ADC to the Queen, 1881; brevet of Col 1881; Burmese Expedition, 1885–86 (medal with clasp); Quartermaster-General in India, 1885–89; Director of Military Intelligence, 1891–96; commanded Scottish District 1896–1901. Was Secretary to Sir Douglas Forsyth's Mission to Yarkand, 1874; a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society, and an Esquire of the Order of St John of Jerusalem

ADDRESS Strathmore, Limpsfield, Surrey

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCB FRGS.
- Miscellaneous: Served in Abyssinia, 1867-1868.
- Miscellaneous: Yarkand, China, 1874.
- Miscellaneous: served in the Second Anglo-Afghan War, 1878-1880.
- He worked as a Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief, India in 1881.
- Miscellaneous: Burma Expedition, 1885.
- He worked as a Quartermaster-General for India in 1885.
- He worked as a Director of Military Intelligence in 1891 in London.
- He worked as an ADC to H. M. Queen Victoria in 1881-1889.
- He worked as a Commander Scottish District in 1896.
- He worked as a Colonel Commandant Royal Regiment Artillery.
- Miscellaneous: Master Gunner, St. James's Park, 1919-1926.

Edward married Georgiana Charlotte Clive Bayley,² daughter of Sir Edward Clive Bayley and Emily Anne Theophila Metcalfe,² on 3 Dec 1886. Georgiana was born on 11 May 1855 in 77 Cambridge Terrace, Paddington, London, died on 4 Apr 1941 in 2 Marlborough Mansions, Cannon Hill, Hampstead, London at age 85, and was buried on 8 Apr 1941 in Westfield College chapel. They had no children.

General Notes: Chapman [née Bayley], Georgiana Charlotte Clive, Lady Chapman (1855–1941), college administrator, was born at 77 Cambridge Terrace, Paddington, London, on 11 May 1855, the daughter of Sir Edward Clive Bayley (1821–1884), Bengal civil servant, and his wife, Emily Anne Theophila Bayley (1830–1911) [see under Metcalfe, Sir Thomas Theophilus], a diarist and traveller,

daughter of Sir Thomas Theophilus Metcalfe of Delhi. There were thirteen children in all (several died in infancy and childhood), eight of them daughters, of whom Georgiana was among the eldest. At the time of her birth Edward Bayley was in mid-career; until he retired to England in 1878 the family seems to have made its home in India, and it may have been there that Georgiana and her sisters received their education, possibly from their mother.

Wherever and however she passed her formative years, Georgiana Bayley (or, to use her official style, Miss G. Clive Bayley) was nearly thirty and living with her recently widowed mother in Ascot when she became secretary in 1884 to the council of Westfield College (founded 1882) in Hampstead. As holder of this part-time but responsible post (for which both men and women were eligible), she wrote the minutes of council meetings, dealt with official correspondence, supervised the entrance examinations, and assisted the mistress, Constance Maynard, with the accounts. Her tenure was short, being ended by her marriage on 3 December 1886 to Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Francis Chapman (1840–1926) and her departure with him to India, where, after distinguished service in the Afghan and other wars, he had recently been appointed quartermaster-general.

Although she seems rarely to have spoken of her experiences in India as an army wife, it was presumably at this period that Georgiana Chapman gathered material for her perceptive Sketches of some Distinguished Indian Women (1891); all five subjects were her contemporaries and perhaps known to her personally. In England, to which the couple returned in 1889, there was work for both: for her husband as director of military intelligence (he was created KCB in 1905) and for herself, from 1890 (to the end of her life), as a member of the Westfield College council. Already familiar with its mundane affairs, she was also fully in sympathy with the high aims of the college, namely to prepare women students for London University degrees while also setting before them the ideal of Christian service at home or overseas. As was required of council members, she belonged to the evangelical wing of the Church of England: her strongly held faith and her 'sure sense of what a college based on Christian principles should be' (Westfield College Annual Report, 1940–41, 10) lay at the root of all her endeavours on Westfield's behalf.

In her new capacity, Georgiana Chapman built on her earlier achievements as secretary, when by dint of 'unremitting attentions', as Constance Maynard put it, she had brought the work of the council 'into really good order'. She assumed responsibility for the college's annual report, served on ad hoc and permanent committees, and became generally indispensable. In 1909, when the office of vice-chair was created, Lady Chapman was the obvious choice. During her occupancy of nearly thirty years, she frequently had to deputize for a succession of distinguished men who filled the office of chair, whose public responsibilities prevented their attendance at college meetings and who, when they were present, relied heavily on her local knowledge and judgement: as William Temple, chairman 1916–20, candidly admitted to her, 'You know them so much better than I do' (Temple to Lady Chapman, 18 Aug 1918, Westfield College Archives).

From 1917, when Lady Chapman was made chair of the newly formed finance committee, she devoted much of her energy to the wise deployment and enhancement of the college's always slender material resources. Even if it was true, as she once claimed, that 'balance sheets puzzle me more than most things', her business sense stands revealed in the pertinency of her questions on matters ranging from the reliability of pension funds to the advantageous timing of property purchases. Widely read herself, she took a special interest in the college library, augmenting its holdings through the donation of books from her own and her husband's collection; of the two purpose-built libraries provided at Westfield in her lifetime the second, completed in 1927, was named in her honour. Following her husband's retirement in 1901 the Chapmans lived in Limpsfield, where Lady Chapman helped to found a branch of the Women's Citizens' Association. She served as a co-opted member on the education committee of Surrey council and was struck by 'the muddle and weakness' of the public educational system which was due, she thought, to 'its being so entirely settled by men, with a view primarily to the aims and needs of men' (presidential letter to old students, 1916, Westfield College Archives). On her husband's death in 1926 (there were no children of the marriage) she moved to Hampstead to be in closer touch with Westfield; she relinquished her official positions in 1937 but never resigned from the council. The claim that she knew and befriended each generation of students is not exaggerated: although not one of them, she was the first president of their old students' association, founded 1900, and served in that capacity on several later occasions. Simple in manner and plainly dressed, she gave an impression of 'stillness and severity', qualities which lost nothing from being compressed in a person of diminutive stature. On public occasions she preferred to take a back seat or none at all. In 1934, however, she was the central figure at a

Janet Sondheimer

Sources Queen Mary College, London, Westfield College Archives · G. C. C. Chapman, 'The college: its origins and development', Westfield College, 1882–1932, ed. E. M. Carus-Wilson (1932) · J. Sondheimer, Castle Adamant in Hampstead: a history of Westfield College, 1882–1982 (1983) · b. cert. · m. cert. · The Times (7 April 1941) · The Times (9 April 1941) Likenesses photograph, 1934, Queen Mary College, London, Westfield College Archives

Wealth at death £8015 15s. 11d.: resworn probate, 20 June 1941, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Janet Sondheimer, 'Chapman, Georgiana Charlotte Clive, Lady Chapman (1855–1941)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/52742

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a College administrator, Westfield College.

• She worked as a Writer.

8-Joseph Gurney Chapman¹ was born on 24 May 1842 and died on 22 Jan 1843.

8-Emily Priscilla Rebecca Chapman¹ was born in 1844 and died in 1882 at age 38.

Emily married Capt. Philip Conway Story,¹ son of Edmund Story and Emma, on 3 Aug 1870. Philip was born on 19 Nov 1837 in Srikakulam, Andhra Pradesh, India. (was Chicacole, Madras,

India), was christened on 11 Feb 1838 in Srikakulam, Andhra Pradesh, India. (was Chicacole, Madras, India), and died about 1920 about age 83. They had five children: Edmund Henry, Philip Francis, Helen Gertrude Vera, Harry Wakefield, and Constance Muriel.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of The Cameronians.

9-Edmund Henry Story was born on 13 Apr 1871 in Fyzabad, Bengal, India and was christened on 17 Apr 1871 in Fyzabad, Bengal, India.

9-Lt. Col. Philip Francis Story was born on 6 May 1873 in Bengal, India and was christened on 3 Jun 1873 in Bengal, India.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSO on 1 Jan 1917.

9-Helen Gertrude Vera Story was born on 6 Dec 1874 in Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India and was christened on 9 Jan 1875 in Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India.

9-Harry Wakefield Story was born on 25 Feb 1876 in Agra, Bengal, India, was christened on 3 Apr 1876 in Agra, Bengal, India, and died in Jan 1947 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Oakwood, Burwash Common, Sussex.

Harry married Edith Caroline Preston, daughter of Lt. Col. Henry Edward Preston and Mary Row Mare, on 14 Jan 1925. Edith was born on 6 Mar 1881 and died on 11 Apr 1933 at age 52.

9-Constance Muriel Story was born on 15 Feb 1878 in Sialkot, Bengal, India and was christened on 9 Mar 1878 in Sialkot, Bengal, India.

8-Alexander Chapman¹ was born on 30 Sep 1846 and died on 14 Mar 1848 at age 1.

8-Hannah Gertrude Chapman¹ was born in 1846, died about 3 Jan 1854 about age 8, and was buried on 6 Jan 1854 in Lowestoft, Suffolk.

8-Sir Arthur Wakefield Chapman^{1,4} was born on 8 Aug 1849 and died on 25 Mar 1926 in 3 Palmer Street, St. James Park, London at age 76.

General Notes: CHAPMAN, Sir Arthur Wakefield

Kt 1915 Born 8 Aug. 1849; s of Henry Chapman of Wanstead, Essex; m 1876, Agnes (d 1906), d of late Capt. Mangles, Poyle Park, Tongham, Surrey; two s; died 25 March 1926 JP, DL, Surrey; Chairman Surrey County Council, 1911–17

EDUCATION Tonbridge School; private tutors

CAREER Partner in Pigott, Chapman & Co., Calcutta, 1875–1902; contested (L) Guildford Division, 1900; Alderman of Surrey CC, 1903; Chairman of Surrey Educational Committee, 1904–11; nominated Licensing Commissioner by Liberal Government under Bill of 1908; Chairman County Council Association **RECREATIONS** Golf, hunting CLUB Reform ADDRESS 3 Palmer Street, St James's Park, SW1

Victoria 2500

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an India Merchant. Partner in Pigott, Chapman & Co. In 1875-1902 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.

• He worked as a Chairman of Surrey County Council.

• He had a residence in 3 Palmer Street, St James's Park, London.

Arthur married Agnes Mangles,⁴ daughter of Capt. Charles Mangles, in 1876. Agnes was born in 1850 in Seale, Surrey and died in 1906 at age 56. They had two children: Paul and Michael.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Sometime photographic model to Julia Margaret Cameron.

9-Capt. Paul Chapman was born on 18 Oct 1878 and died in 1968 at age 90.

General Notes: He was born 18 October 1878, son of Sir Arthur Wakefield Chapman, Kt, and J Agnes, daughter of Captain Mangles, of Poyle Park, Tongham, Surrey. He was educated at Eton, and entered the Royal Fusiliers as a Second Lieutenant 4 April 1900, becoming Lieutenant 13 July 1901. He served in South Africa, and was present in operations in the Transvaal, east of Pretoria, August to 29 November 1900; operations in Orange River Colony, May to August 1900; operations in the Transvaal, December 1900 to January 1901; operations in Cape Colony, January 1901 to May 1902 (Queen's Medal with three clasps; King's Medal with two clasps). From 15 October 1904, he was employed with the West African Frontier Force. He again saw active service in 1906-7, in Northern Nigeria; was mentioned in Despatches [London Gazette, 13 March 1908]; received the Medal and clasp, and was created a Companion of the Distinguished Service Order [London Gazette, 13 March 1908]: "Paul Chapman, Lieutenant, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment) (employed with the West African Frontier Force). In recognition of his services with the Coibuk Expedition, Northern Nigeria". He became Captain 17 August 1908, and retired in 1910. Captain Chapman served during the European War in East Africa, 1914-16, and was mentioned in Despatches.

Source: DSO recipients (VC and DSO Book)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO.
- He resided at Mooi Ben in Narin Geshu, Kenya.

9-Lt. Michael Chapman⁴ was born in 1880, died on 12 Apr 1918 in Ypres, Belgium. Killed in action at age 38, and was buried in Ploegstreet Memorial, Belgium.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Crooksbury, Farnham, Surrey.
- He worked as an Officer of the 4th Battalion Grenadier Guards.
- He was awarded with MC.

Michael married Lilian Mackintosh.

8-**Reginald Corrie Chapman**¹ was born on 23 Feb 1851 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an official of the India Office.

Reginald married Charlotte Elizabeth Greg, daughter of Charles Greg. They had two children: Violet Felice and Dora Frances Helen.

9-Violet Felice Chapman⁴ was born on 16 Jan 1890 in Tamil Nadu, Madras, India.

9-Dora Frances Helen Chapman was born on 18 Apr 1882 in Tamil Nadu, Madras, India.

8-Cecil Maurice Chapman^{1,4} was born on 24 Jun 1852 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, was christened on 5 Sep 1852 in Stoke by Nayland, Suffolk, and died on 23 Jun 1938 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Metropolitan Police Magistrate & Barrister at Law.

Cecil married Adeline Mary Chapman,⁴ daughter of David Barclay Chapman^{1,4,6,152} and Maria Chatfield,⁴ on 30 Dec 1899. Adeline was born on 7 Aug 1847 in Roehampton, Surrey and died on 20 Jan 1931 at age 83.

8-**Rev. Hugh Boswell Chapman**^{1,4} was born on 5 Nov 1853 and died on 1 Apr 1933 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Tonbridge School.
- He was educated at Keble College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Curate at St Mary's, Woolwich in Woolwich, Kent.
- He worked as a Curate of St Paul's Newington in Newington, London.
- He worked as an Army Chaplain during the Anglo-Egyptian War in 1882.
- He worked as a Vicar of St Luke's, Camberwell in 1885 in Camberwell, London.
- He worked as a Chaplain to the Chapel Royal in 1909.
- He resided at No. 10 In Lancaster Place, London.

8-Helen Jessie Chapman was born in 1854 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and died on 1 Nov 1941 at age 87.

Helen married Lt. Col. Hugh Leonard Acland-Troyte, son of Charles Arthur William Troyte and Katherine Mary Walrond, on 3 Jun 1899. Hugh was born on 18 Dec 1870, died on 17 Apr 1918 in St. Venant, France. Killed In Action at age 47, and was buried in Berguette Cemetery, France. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He had a residence in Huntsham Court.

7-David Barclay Chapman^{1,4,6,152} was born on 28 Oct 1799 in Tottenham, London and died on 18 Apr 1895 at age 95.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a successor to the running of Overend Gurney & Co., when his uncle Samuel died.

David married Charlotte Anne Dorothea Ward,^{1,4,6} daughter of Rt. Rev. William Perceval Ward^{4,6} and Anne Hammersley,⁶ in 1827. Charlotte died in Aug 1828. They had two children: David Ward and David Barclay.

8-David Ward Chapman^{1,4,6,152} was born on 23 Mar 1828.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Partner in Overend Gurney as his father retired.

David married Caroline Mary Phelips, daughter of Charles Phelips. They had 11 children: Caroline Ella, David Phelips, Perceval Ward, Frederick Temple, Ralph Blackmore, Charlotte Maria Dorothea, Flora, Mabel, Evelyn Pulcherie, Beatrice Mary, and Adela Gabrielle.

9-Caroline Ella Chapman¹ was born in 1855 in Crawley, Sussex.

Caroline married Florance Thomas Stephen Rippingall on 7 Oct 1874. Florance was born on 18 Sep 1849 and died on 3 Sep 1908 at age 58.

9-Col. David Phelips Chapman^{1,4} was born in 1856 in Princes Gate, London and died on 27 Oct 1939 at age 83.

General Notes: Re Colonel DAVID PHELIPS CHAPMAN.

M.V.O., Deceased. Pursuant to tlic Trustee Act, 1925. NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and others having any claims against the estate of Colonel David Phelips Chapman late of The West Gate House, Canterbury, Kent and 53, Sloane Gardens, London S.W.1, who died on the 27th day of October 1939 and whose Will was proved in the Principal Probate Registry on the 18th day of January 1940 by Sir Gilfrid Gordon Craig and Guy Rogers the executors therein named are hereby required to send particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned Solicitors on or before the 10th day of May 1940 after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets of the deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice. Dated this 23rd day of February 1940.

SPEECHLY MUMFORD and CRAIG, 10, New Square, Lincoln's Inn, London, W.C.2, (108) Solicitors for the said Executors.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MVO.
- He worked as a Director of the Accounts Dept., Ministry of the Interior, Egypt in Egypt.
- He resided at Manor House in Ham, Surrey.
- He resided at The West Gate House in Canterbury, Kent.

David married Agnes Laurie, daughter of Col. Robert P. Laurie. They had one son: David Archbald James.

10-Lieut. David Archbald James Chapman died on 15 Sep 1916. The cause of his death was Killed in action.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the Scots Guards.

David married Lilian Georgina Warner.

9-Perceval Ward Chapman¹ was born on 27 Mar 1857 in London and died on 27 Nov 1895 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 38. Perceval married Frances Helena Minhinette.

9-Frederick Temple Chapman¹ was born on 15 May 1859.

Frederick married Jane Andrews.

9-Ralph Blackmore Chapman was born on 29 Apr 1860.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: Could he be the man buried at Mudgee, New South Wales in 1900?.

9-Charlotte Maria Dorothea Chapman

9-Flora Chapman

9-Mabel Chapman

9-Evelyn Pulcherie Chapman^{1,3} was born in 1864 and died on 25 Apr 1933 in 3 Neville Street, Onslow Gardens, London at age 69.

Evelyn married **Brig. Gen. Edward John Granet**³ in 1885 in Wandsworth, London. Edward was born in 1858, died on 22 Oct 1918 in Berne, Switzerland at age 60, and was buried in St. Martin's Cemetery, Vevey, Lake Geneva, Switzerland.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 3 Neville Street, Onslow Gardens, London.

General Notes: GRANET, Col Edward John CB 1911 Born 2 Aug. 1858; m 1885, Evelyn Pulcherie, d of David Ward Chapman; died 22 Oct. 1918 Military Attaché, Rome, since 1911 CAREER Lieut RA 1878; Captain, 1886; Major, 1896; Lieut-Col 1903; Colonel, 1906; Staff Captain NE District, 1892– 95; Brigade Major Southern District, 1896– 99; DAAG S Africa, 1901– 02; Headquarters of Army, 1902– 05; Asst Director Remounts, 1906– 10; served European War, 1914– 15 (wounded) CLUB Naval and Military ADDRESS British Embassy, Rome

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB.
- Miscellaneous: Commonweath War Graves Commission give his rank as Brig. Gen.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.
- He worked as a British Military Attaché, Rome, Stockholm and Rome.

9-Beatrice Mary Chapman

9-Adela Gabrielle Chapman was born in 1858.

Adela married William Thomas Gardner.

8-David Barclay Chapman⁶ was born before 1829.

David next married Maria Chatfield,⁴ daughter of Rev. Dr. Robert Chatfield and Susannah Money, on 17 Nov 1829. Maria was born on 11 May 1810 and died on 7 Feb 1881 at age 70. They had ten children: Arthur George, Peter Godfrey, Kyrle Alfred, Rowland, Frederick Barclay, Horace Edward, Spencer, Eugenia Susannah, Adeline Mary, and Ella Maria.

8-Arthur George Chapman^{6,152} was born on 1 Nov 1834 and died on 27 Nov 1867 at age 33.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Sometime partner in Overend Gurney & Co.

Arthur married Sophia Georgina Davidson, daughter of Capt. John Davidson. They had two children: Arthur John Duncan and Herbert Alexander.

9-Arthur John Duncan Chapman⁶ was born on 1 Oct 1856.

9-Col. Herbert Alexander Chapman⁶ was born on 13 Nov 1858.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Horse Artillery.
- He resided at Tarrant-Keynston House in Blandford, Poole, Dorset.

Herbert married Sybil Janet Marshall, daughter of Reginald Dykes Marshall. They had three children: Kyrle Arthur Stewart, Nigel Keith, and Sybil Joyce.

10-Kyrle Arthur Stewart Chapman⁴ was born in 1895.

10-Nigel Keith Chapman⁴ was born in 1903.

10-Sybil Joyce Chapman

8-Peter Godfrey Chapman^{4,6} was born on 5 Jan 1836.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Congdon Lodge, Norfolk.

Peter married Henrietta Sophia Ravenhill, daughter of Rev. Edward Hamer Ravenhill. They had seven children: Etheldred, Cuthbert Godfrey, Kyrle, Ethel, Millicent Ella Honora, Henry Algernon, and Maude.

9-Etheldred Chapman^{4,6} was born on 13 Aug 1860.

9-Rear Admiral Cuthbert Godfrey Chapman⁶ was born on 29 Aug 1862 and died on 17 Mar 1931 at age 68.

General Notes: CHAPMAN, Rear-Adm. Cuthbert Godfrey MVO 1904; RN, retired Born 1862; s of Peter Godfrey Chapman; m 1905, Hon. Dorothy Beatrix Wynn, sister of 5th Baron Newborough; died 17 March 1931 **CAREER** Entered Navy, 1876; Lieut, 1886; Commander, 1898; Capt., 1904; served Bombardment of Alexandria and Egyptian War, 1882 (medal, Alexandria clasp, bronze star); Captain HMS Venerable, 1911–16 **ADDRESS** Ropley House, Ropley, Hants

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MVO.

• He resided at Ropley House in Ropley, Alresford, Hampshire.

Cuthbert married Hon. Dorothy Beatrix Wynn, daughter of Hon. Thomas John Wynn and Sybil Anna Corbett, on 1 Feb 1905. Dorothy was born on 18 Jul 1877⁴ and died on 5 Mar 1974 at age 96. They had one daughter: Alice Dorothy.

General Notes: Granted the style and precedence of the daughter of a Baron by Royal Warrant 1889

10-Alice Dorothy Chapman died on 22 May 2013.

Alice married Maj. Hon. Frederic Raymond Clegg-Hill, son of Charles Rowland Clegg-Hill 6th Viscount Hill and Mildred Bulteel, on 18 Nov 1938. Frederic was born on 10 Aug 1909 and died on 13 Apr 1945 in Killed In Action at age 35. They had one son: Peter David Raymond Charles.

11-Sir Peter David Raymond Charles Clegg-Hill 9th Viscount Hill of Hawkestone and of Harwicke

Peter married Sharon Ruth Deane. They had seven children: Catherine Anne, Jennifer Louise, Paul Andrew Raymond, Susan Dorothy, Rachel Emma, Melissa Jane, and Michael Charles David.

12-Hon. Catherine Anne Clegg-Hill

12-Hon. Jennifer Louise Clegg-Hill

12-Hon. Paul Andrew Raymond Clegg-Hill

12-Hon. Susan Dorothy Clegg-Hill

12-Hon. Rachel Emma Clegg-Hill

12-Hon. Melissa Jane Clegg-Hill

12-Hon. Michael Charles David Clegg-Hill

9-Kyrle Chapman

9-Ethel Chapman

Ethel married Hon. FitzRoy William Whitbread Stanhope,^{4,6} son of Charles Wyndham Stanhope 7th Earl of Harrington and Elizabeth Still de Pearsall, on 20 Jul 1886. FitzRoy was born on 25 Dec 1845 and died on 9 Dec 1913 at age 67. They had no children.

9-Millicent Ella Honora Chapman^{4,6} died on 20 Jun 1939.

Millicent married Arthur Henry Stuart Elwes,^{4,6} son of Robert Elwes⁷⁶ and Mary Frances Lucas, on 27 Aug 1884. Arthur was born on 3 Apr 1858 and died on 2 Nov 1907 at age 49. They had five children: Robert Hamond Arthur, Honora Susan, Godfrey Gervase, Winifred Millicent, and John Henry.

10-Capt. Robert Hamond Arthur Elwes¹⁵³ was born on 14 Nov 1887 and died on 5 Dec 1955 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Of Congham Hall, King's Lynn.

Robert married Esterel Edith Philippa Louise Tillard, daughter of Admiral Philip Francis Tillard, on 10 Jun 1914. Esterel died on 4 Feb 1925. They had four children: Susan Esterel, Elizabeth Edith Millicent, Robert Philip Henry, and Nancy Cecil.

11-Susan Esterel Elwes

Susan married **Capt. Anthony John Julian Cory-Wright** on 1 Jun 1940. Anthony was born on 29 Aug 1916 and died on 26 Jun 1944 in Killed In Action at age 27. They had three children: **Virginia Caroline, Juliet**, and **Richard Michael**.

12-Virginia Caroline Cory-Wright was born on 8 May 1941 and died on 24 Dec 1966 in Drowned In USA. at age 25.

Virginia married **David De Ferrierre Faurot**, son of **George F. Faurot**.

12-Juliet Cory-Wright

Juliet married John Frederick Webster.

12-Sir Richard Michael Cory-Wright 4th Bt.

Richard married Veronica Mary Bolton, daughter of James Harold Lucas Bolton. They had three children: Roland Anthony, Jonathan James, and Felix Michael.

13-Roland Anthony Cory-Wright

13-Jonathan James Cory-Wright

13-Felix Michael Cory-Wright

Susan next married Lt. Col. Jocelyn Eustace Gurney,¹⁵³ son of Sir Eustace Gurney³ and Anne Agatha Lee-Warner, on 26 May 1949. Jocelyn was born on 24 Feb 1910, died on 22 May 1973 at age 63, and was buried in Wymondham, Norfolk. They had three children: Tessa Margaret, Angela Mary, and Sarah Rosamund.

General Notes: MC DSO DL

12-Tessa Margaret Gurney

Tessa married William Arthur Andrew Wells. They had three children: William, Frederick, and Augusta.

13-William Wells

13-Frederick Wells

13-Augusta Wells

12-Angela Mary Gurney

12-Sarah Rosamund Gurney

Sarah married Hugh Archibald Douglas-Pennant, son of Rodney Archibald Douglas-Pennant and Agnes Nydia Brailey. They had two children: Ian Christopher and David Arthur.

13-Ian Christopher Douglas-Pennant

13-David Arthur Douglas-Pennant

11-Elizabeth Edith Millicent Elwes¹⁵³ was born on 14 Jun 1916 and died on 30 Dec 2003 at age 87.

Elizabeth married Lt. Cmdr. Michael Auriol Buxton,¹⁵³ son of Capt. Henry Fowell Buxton¹⁵³ and Katharine Tayspel Round,¹⁵³ on 5 Feb 1938. Michael was born on 4 Sep 1914 and died in 1990 at age 76. They had four children: Gervase Michael, Christopher Robert, Jonathon James, and Charles Joseph.

General Notes: High Sheriff of Rutland

12-Gervase Michael Buxton

Gervase married Susan Margaret McKenzie, daughter of Kenneth Malcolm McKenzie. They had four children: Lucy Jane, Matthew Thomas Gervase, Caragh Susan, and Jocelyn David.

13-Lucy Jane Buxton

13-Matthew Thomas Gervase Buxton

13-Caragh Susan Buxton

13-Jocelyn David Buxton

12-Christopher Robert Buxton was born on 1 Oct 1940 and died on 3 Jan 2021 at age 80.

Christopher married Judy Frances Dixon, daughter of Gordon Hollingsworth Dixon. They had two children: Timothy James and Richard Antony.

13-Timothy James Buxton

Timothy married Rachel Jane Haldane, daughter of James Martin Haldane 26th Of Gleneagles and Petronella Victoria Scarlett. They had one daughter: Matilda Scarlett.

14-Matilda Scarlett Buxton

13-Richard Antony Buxton

Richard married Anna-Louise Reilly, daughter of Brian Reilly. They had two children: Dan and Lara Rose.

14-Dan Buxton

14-Lara Rose Buxton

Christopher next married Priscilla Gardner, daughter of Maj. John Gardner. They had three children: Alexandra Mary, Edward Robert, and Thomas Michael.

13-Alexandra Mary Buxton

13-Edward Robert Buxton

13-Thomas Michael Buxton

12-Maj. Jonathon James Buxton

Jonathon married Rosaleen Pleasance Bagge, daughter of Sir John Alfred Picton Bagge 6th Bt. and Elizabeth Helena Davies. They had three children: Georgina Elizabeth, Victoria Rose, and Rosaleen Poppy.

13-Georgina Elizabeth Buxton

13-Victoria Rose Buxton

Victoria married Thomas Paton-Smith, son of Jonathan Paton-Smith. They had three children: Max Jonathan, Guy Oliver, and Emilia Rose.

14-Max Jonathan Paton-Smith

14-Guy Oliver Paton-Smith

14-Emilia Rose Paton-Smith

13-Rosaleen Poppy Buxton

Rosaleen married Patrick A. G. Dent, son of Alan Dent. They had one son: Ethan Jonathan Alan.

14-Ethan Jonathan Alan Dent

12-Lt. Col. Charles Joseph Buxton

Charles married Veronica Juliet Mary Paterson-Morgan, daughter of Francis David Paterson-Morgan. They had three children: Leonie Carinna Rose, Katriona Topaz Mary, and Sophie.

13-Leonie Carinna Rose Buxton

13-Katriona Topaz Mary Buxton

13-Sophie Buxton

11-Capt. Robert Philip Henry Elwes was born on 13 Oct 1917 and died in 1976 in Ireland at age 59.

Robert married Vivien Elizabeth Smith. They had three children: Nigel Robert, Jennifer Esterel, and Christoper Julian.

12-Nigel Robert Elwes

12-Jennifer Esterel Elwes was born on 12 Feb 1943 and died on 23 Jun 1948 at age 5.

12-Christoper Julian Elwes

Christoper married Arabella Mary Seymour, daughter of Maj. William Napier Seymour and Rachel Mary Hambro. They had three children: Rupert William, James Rex, and Charlotte Vanda.

13-Rupert William Elwes

13-James Rex Elwes

13-Charlotte Vanda Elwes

Robert next married Jean Evelyn Hope-Johnstone. They had one daughter: Sarah Jane.

12-Sarah Jane Elwes

Sarah married Arthur Guy Galbraith, son of Lt. Col. John Wilson Seton Galbraith and Dorothy Priscilla Feilden. They had two children: Rowena Mary and Alice Katherine.

13-Rowena Mary Galbraith

13-Alice Katherine Galbraith

11-Nancy Cecil Elwes was born on 23 Nov 1920 and died in 1963 in Died in a car accident at age 43.

Nancy married **Maj. David Auldjo Jamieson**, son of **Sir Archibald Auldjo Jamieson**, on 7 Jun 1948 in Norfolk Island. David was born on 1 Oct 1920 in Westminster, London and died on 5 May 2001 at age 80. They had three children: **Andrew, Susie**, and **Fiona**.

Noted events in his life were:

· He was awarded with Victoria Cross.

12-Andrew Jamieson

12-Susie Jamieson

12-Fiona Jamieson

Robert next married Philippa Gurney, daughter of Walter Somerville Gurney and Violet Elizabeth Emily Troubridge. They had two children: Henry Arthur and Thomas.

11-Henry Arthur Elwes

Henry married June Wainwright. They had one son: Marcus Henry Robert.

12-Marcus Henry Robert Elwes was born on 7 Jul 1959, died on 18 Jul 2007 at age 48, and was buried on 27 Jul 2007 in Egdean, West Sussex.

General Notes: Marcus Elwes died in hospital from an allergic reaction after being stung by a hornet while in the bathroom of the family cottage near Fittleworth.

Marcus married Sya Charlotte Goring. They had three children: Millicent Lettice Suan Mary Primrose, Cosmo Brian Henry, and Harry.

13-Millicent Lettice Suan Mary Primrose Elwes

13-Cosmo Brian Henry Elwes

13-Harry Elwes

11-Thomas Elwes was born on 18 Jun 1933 and died on 13 Jul 2007 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Radley.

Thomas married Susan Patricia Johnson.

10-Honora Susan Elwes was born on 16 Oct 1889 and died in 1959 at age 70.

Noted events in her life were:

• She resided at King's Lynn.

10-Capt. Godfrey Gervase Elwes was born on 4 Feb 1891 and died in 1950 at age 59.

Godfrey married Marion Gladys Louisa Henn-Gennys, daughter of John Croad Henn-Gennys. They had one daughter: Rosemary Honor Croad.

11-Rosemary Honor Croad Elwes

Rosemary married Capt. John Gavin Milne-Home, son of Sir John Hepburne Milne-Home and Mary Adelaide Elliot-Murray-Kynynmound, on 10 Jun 1942. John was born on 20 Oct 1916.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Lord Lt. Dumfries.

10-Winifred Millicent Elwes was born on 21 Oct 1892 and died in 1969 at age 77.

Winifred married Edgard Le Coq. They had one son: James Arthur George.

11-James Arthur George Le Coq

10-Capt. John Henry Elwes was born on 14 Jul 1906 and died on 28 May 1940 in France. Killed in action at age 33.

John married Pamela Cathleen Brinton. They had one daughter: Diana Eve.

11-Diana Eve Elwes

Diana married **Page**.

9-Henry Algernon Chapman⁴ was born on 4 Jun 1871.

9-Maude Chapman

8-Kyrle Alfred Chapman was born on 10 Aug 1838 and died in 1891 at age 53.

Kyrle married Louisa Wilhelmina Stewart,⁶ daughter of Admiral Hon. Keith Stewart and Mary Caroline FitzRoy, on 26 Aug 1869. Louisa was born on 6 Jul 1847 and died on 21 Aug 1938 at age 91.

8-Rowland Chapman

8-Maj. Frederick Barclay Chapman^{4,6} was born on 7 Mar 1840 and died in 1908 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the 14th Hussars.

Frederick married Augusta Marian Miller-Mundy, daughter of Alfred Miller Mundy⁴ and Jane Hindmarsh. They had five children: Claude Francis Guy, Muriel Augusta Gillian, Dorothy Margaret, Wilfrid, and Ernle.

9-Claude Francis Guy Chapman^{4,6} was born on 14 Oct 1868 in Naas, County Kildare, Ireland.

9-Muriel Augusta Gillian Chapman

Muriel married Charles Coltman Rogers.

9-Dorothy Margaret Chapman

9-Wilfrid Chapman⁶ was born on 24 Dec 1874.

Wilfrid married Maery Campbell Sinclair.

9-Ernle Chapman

8-Rev. Horace Edward Chapman^{4,6} was born on 25 Jan 1842.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector of Donhead St. Andrew, Dorset.

• He was Converted to Catholicism in 1897.

Horace married Adelaide Maria Fletcher,^{4,6} daughter of Sir Henry Fletcher 3rd Bt. and Emily Maria Browne, on 30 Jun 1863 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex. Adelaide was born in 1845 in Ashley Park, Walton-on-Thames, Surrey, was christened on 30 Mar 1845 in Walton-on-the-Hill, and died in 1926 at age 81. They had five children: Horace Arthur Bruce, Helen Mary, Florence Maria, Adelaide Mabel, and Mary Edith Faith.

9-Horace Arthur Bruce Chapman⁴ was born on 22 Sep 1866.

Horace married Frances Pinckney,^{4,6} daughter of William Pinckney, in 1891 in Saint Martin's, Salisbury, Wiltshire. Frances was born in 1866. They had two children: Pamela and Beryl.

10-Pamela Chapman

10-Beryl Chapman

9-Helen Mary Chapman⁶ was born in 1864.

Helen married **Rev. Canon Albert Darrell Tupper-Carey**.⁶ Albert was born in 1866 and died in 1943 at age 77. They had five children: Jacqueline Marjorie, Edith, Humphrey Darrell, Rose Marie, and Peter Charles Sandeman.

10-Jacqueline Marjorie Tupper-Carey was born in 1891.

Jacqueline married Rev. James Edgar Mitchell.

10-Edith Tupper-Carey was born in 1892.

Edith married Michael Sadler.

10-Humphrey Darrell Tupper-Carey was born in 1893 in Dickleborough, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with ISO in 1959.

• He worked as a Senior Forest Estate Officer, Northern Region in Nigeria.

10-Rose Marie Tupper-Carey was born in 1897.

Rose married Albert Edward Ingham, son of Albert Edward Ingham and Annie Gertrude, in 1932. Albert was born on 3 Apr 1900 in Northampton, Northamptonshire and died on 6 Sep 1967 in Chamonix, France at age 67.

General Notes: An outstanding undergraduate career saw him awarded distinction in the Mathematical Tripos and win a Smith's prize and the highest honours. In 1922 he was elected to a fellowship at Trinity for a dissertation on the zeta function and his next four years were occupied only with research, a few months of which were spent at Göttingen. During this time Ingham was greatly influenced by Littlewood who gave him the advice to:-

... work at a hard problem: you may not solve it but you'll solve another one.

In 1926 Ingham was appointed a Reader at Leeds University but four years later returned to Cambridge as a university lecturer and a fellow of King's College, on the death of Ramsey, and remained there for the rest of his life. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1945 and became a Reader in Mathematical Analysis in 1953. His book On the distribution of prime numbers published in 1932 was his only book and it is a classic. Many of the ideas here, as in other work of Ingham's, came from the joint work undertaken by Harald Bohr and Littlewood. When his famous text [1]:-

... ran out of print, Ingham could never be persuaded to prepare a second edition. The partial rewriting necessary to bring it up to date would have meant, with his exacting standards, more toil than he could face.

Ingham's work was on the Riemann zeta function, the theory of numbers, the theory of series and Tauberian theorems.

He generalised work on the prime number theorem of Hadamard and Vallée Poussin. The result for which Ingham is best known, however, relates to pn+1 - pn where pndenotes the nth prime. It was proved by Hoheisel in 1930 that there is a constant k such that

pn+1 - pn < pnk

for all sufficiently large n. In On the difference between two consecutive primes (1937) Ingham proved that the result holds for k = 5/8. Pólya, in 1919, made the following conjecture:

Suppose ?(n) = 1 if n has an even number of prime factors, -1 if n has an odd number of prime factors (counting multiplicities) then let L(x) be the sum of ?(n) over all positive integers less than n. The conjecture is that L(x) = 0.

Ingham, in 1942, was able to find an ingenious method to show how a counterexample could be constructed. It still required computing power to find the counterexample and, using Ingham's method, a counterexample was found by R S Lehman in 1960 when he showed that L(906180359) = 1.

Some of Ingham's work on number theory was carried further by Linnik. He also worked on Tauberian theorems. He proved results suggested by Norbert Wiener, and he applied methods which had first been developed by Wiener.

Ingham led a life of great simplicity. Burkill describes it in these terms:-

It did not occur to him to want a car or a radio, let alone a television set. For forty years he used a Sunbeam bicycle that he had won as a school prize. He was an expert photographer: he developed his own colour films and did everything from first principles. He was a good cricketer ... who would have been of minor county class if he had been able to give the time. He died while on a walking holiday in the mountains. He and his wife, Rose Marie Tuper-Carey whom he married in 1932, had taken this type of holiday every summer for many years. In [1] Ingham is described in the following words:-

Ingham was the embodiment of meticulous accuracy. Nothing slipshod came from his hand, his tongue or his pen. He lectured with force and clarity. He would apply the same standards to chores (such as setting examination questions) over which most dons are sparing of time and effort. His friends believed that, if he could have treated trifles more lightly, some of the problems still intact might have been reduced by his magnificent analytic power.

Article by: J J O'Connor and E F Robertson

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He was educated at Stafford Grammar School.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1919.
- He worked as a Mathematician.

10-Cmdr. Peter Charles Sandeman Tupper was born in 1902.

9-Florence Maria Chapman⁶ was born in 1867 and was christened on 10 Oct 1867 in Brighton, East Sussex.

9-Adelaide Mabel Chapman⁶ was born in 1869 in Cambridge and died on 20 Mar 1942 at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with DGSt.J.

Adelaide married Field Marshal Sir Edmund Henry Hynman Allenby 1st Viscount Allenby,⁶ son of Hynman Allenby and Catherine Anne Cane, on 30 Dec 1896 in Donhead St. Andrews, Wiltshire. Edmund was born on 23 Apr 1861 in Brackenhurst, Southwell, Nottinghamshire, died on 14 May 1936 in Wetherby Gardens, Kensington, London at age 75, and was buried in Westminster Abbey. They had one son: Horace Michael Hynman.

General Notes: Allenby, nicknamed the "Bloody Bull", was characterized by Lord Wavell, a British field marshal during the Second World War who had served under Allenby, as an intelligent, caring man and a consummate professional soldier. T. E. Lawrence ("Lawrence of Arabia"), whose efforts with the Arab Revolt were greatly aided by Allenby, thought similarly of him: "(He was) physically large and confident, and morally so great that the comprehension of our littleness came slow to him". Allenby was arguably one of the most successful British commanders of the war, utilising strategies he developed from his experiences in the Boer War and on the Western Front towards his Palestinian Campaigns of 1917-18. His management of the Battle of Megiddo in particular, with its brilliant use of aeroplanes, infantry, and mobile cavalry, is considered by many to be a precursor to the Blitzkrieg tactics so widely employed by Germany during the Second World War.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCB GCMG GCG DSM(US) KJSt.J GCVO.
- He worked as a Soldier.

10-Lt. Horace Michael Hynman Allenby was born on 11 Jan 1898 in Donhead St. Andrews, Wiltshire, died on 29 Jul 1917 in Belgium. Killed In Action. at age 19, and was buried in Coxyde Millitary Cemetery, West Vlaanderan, Belgium. Grave II. D. 1.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MC.

9-Mary Edith Faith Chapman⁶ was born in 1873 and was christened on 6 Oct 1873 in Brighton, East Sussex.

8-Spencer Chapman^{4,6} was born on 31 Mar 1843 in "Aldhurst", Purley, London and died on 21 Mar 1918 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Navy.

Spencer married Ellinor Sydney Stewart,⁴ daughter of Admiral Hon. Keith Stewart and Mary Caroline FitzRoy, on 26 Aug 1869. Ellinor was born in 1849 and died on 15 Dec 1901 at age 52. They had four children: Ellinor Audrey, Fitzroy Keith, Sydney Katherine, and Hélène Adeline Blanche.

9-Ellinor Audrey Chapman

Ellinor married **Beresford V. Melville**.

9-Fitzroy Keith Chapman⁴ was born on 13 May 1871 and died in 1953 at age 82.

Fitzroy married Mary Audley Nina Thursby-Pelham,⁴ daughter of James Augustine Harvey Thursby-Pelham⁴ and Alice Farquahar, on 13 Jul 1911. Mary was born in 1891. They had four children: Ellinor Audley, Nancy Alice, Stewart Pelham, and Patricia Esteril.

10-Ellinor Audley Chapman

Ellinor married Maj. Sotheby Frederic Godfrey Bird, son of Lt. Col. Harold Godfrey Bird. They had two children: Deidre Audley and Andrea Ellinor.

11-Deidre Audley Bird

Deidre married Capt. Digby Noel Thornewill.

11-Andrea Ellinor Bird

10-Nancy Alice Chapman was born on 2 Dec 1914 and died in Mar 1918 at age 3.

10-Stewart Pelham Chapman was born on 27 May 1916 and died in 1936 at age 20.

10-Patricia Esteril Chapman

Patricia married William Edward White. They had two children: Jonathan Fitzroy Patrick and Nicholas Pelham.

11-Jonathan Fitzroy Patrick White

11-Nicholas Pelham White

9-Sydney Katherine Chapman

Sydney married **Daniel Henry Theophilus Peploe**,¹¹¹ son of **Maj. Daniel Peploe Peploe**¹¹¹ and **Eliza Debonnaire Theophila Metcalfe**, on 11 Dec 1890. Daniel was born on 24 Apr 1861 and died in 1937 at age 76. They had three children: **Daniel Spencer, Keith**, and **Gerald Sydney**.

10-Capt. Daniel Spencer Peploe was born on 13 Oct 1891 and died on 15 May 1958 at age 66.

Daniel married Lady Dorothy Violet Bligh, daughter of Ivo Francis Walter Bligh 8th Earl Of Darnley and Florence Rose Morphy, on 26 Feb 1916. Dorothy was born on 8 Feb 1893 and died on 16 Jan 1976 at age 82. They had two children: Jane Diana Felicite and Anthony Daniel Keith.

11-Jane Diana Felicite Peploe

Jane married Jervis.

11-Anthony Daniel Keith Peploe

Anthony married Anne Cecilia Beatrix Compton-Smith, daughter of Maj. Geoffrey Lee Compton-Smith. They had five children: Jennifer Mary Anne, Geoffrey Keith, Anthony Noel, Ivo, and Rupert.

12-Jennifer Mary Anne Peploe

12-Geoffrey Keith Peploe

12-Anthony Noel Peploe

12-Ivo Peploe

12-Rupert Peploe

10-Keith Peploe was born on 26 Jul 1893 and died on 6 Nov 1916 in France. Killed in action at age 23.

10-Gerald Sydney Peploe was born on 2 Sep 1894 and died on 1 May 1904 at age 9.

9-Hélène Adeline Blanche Chapman was born in 1873 and died on 2 Sep 1957 at age 84.

Hélène married **Capt. Archibald Glen Kidston**, son of **George Jardine Kidston** and **Elizabeth Agnes Logan**, on 18 Jun 1898 in St. George's, Hanover Square, Westminster, London. Archibald was born in 1871 and died on 2 Sep 1913 at age 42. They had five children: **George Pearson Glen**, Nancy Ellinor, Hélène Ellinor Clare, Audrey, and Home Ronald Archibald.

10-Lt. Cmdr. George Pearson Glen Kidston was born on 23 Jan 1899 and died on 5 May 1931 in Drakensburg Mountains, South Africa. Flying accident at age 32.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Aviator and Racing Driver.

George married Nancy Miriel Denise Soames, daughter of Edward Roland Soames and Eleanor Corisande Astley, in 1925. Nancy was born in 1907 and died in 1997 at age 90. They had one son: Archibald Martin Glen.

11-Archibald Martin Glen Kidston was born on 6 Apr 1927 and died in 1978 at age 51.

Archibald married Susan Myrtle Pease, daughter of Edward Geoffrey Pease and Isabel Eleanor Eveleyn Atherley, in 1954. Susan was born on 10 Jul 1929 and died in 1991 at age 62. They had four children: Jane Corisande, Catherine Isabel Audrey, George Atherley Glen, and Hugh Archibald.

12-Jane Corisande Kidston

12-Catherine Isabel Audrey Kidston

Catherine married Hugh Padgham.

12-George Atherley Glen Kidston

12-Hugh Archibald Kidston

Hugh married Henriette Mary J. Peace. They had two children: Alfred Hugh Atherley and Violet Myrtle Emma.

13-Alfred Hugh Atherley Kidston

13-Violet Myrtle Emma Kidston

10-Nancy Ellinor Kidston was born in 1901.

Nancy married Maj. Esme Ivo Bligh 9th Earl Of Darnley, son of Ivo Francis Walter Bligh 8th Earl Of Darnley and Florence Rose Morphy, on 11 Oct 1923. The marriage ended in divorce in 1936. Esme was born on 11 Oct 1886 and died on 29 May 1955 at age 68. They had one daughter: Rose Amanda.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1936.

11-Lady Rose Amanda Bligh

Rose married Sir Thomas Hare 5th Bt., son of Sir Ralph Leigh Hare 4th Bt. and Doreen Pleasance Anna Bagge, on 16 Sep 1961. Thomas was born in 1930 and died in 1993 at age 63. They had two children: Lucy Rose and Elizabeth Florence.

12-Lucy Rose Hare

12-Elizabeth Florence Hare

Elizabeth married William Nicholas Esse. They had one son: Barnaby Samuel Hare.

13-Barnaby Samuel Hare Esse

Nancy next married Maj. Leonard Evelyn Cotterell in 1937. Leonard was born in 1893 and died in 1968 at age 75. They had one son: Jonathan Julian.

11-Jonathan Julian Cotterell

Jonathan married Hon. Harriet Pauline Sophia Stonor, daughter of Maj. Ralph Robert Watts Sherman Stonor 6th Lord Camoys and Mary Jeanne Stourton. They had three children: Alice Ellinor Mary, Edmund Julian Francis, and Rupert Sherman John.

12-Alice Ellinor Mary Cotterell

Alice married Thomas Bernard Constable-Maxwell, son of Wing Cmdr Michael Hugh Constable-Maxwell and Susan Joan Davies. They had three children: Helena Mary, Theresa Maria, and Timothy Joseph.

13-Helena Mary Constable-Maxwell

13-Theresa Maria Constable-Maxwell

13-Timothy Joseph Constable-Maxwell

12-Edmund Julian Francis Cotterell

Edmund married Angelica Stone. They had three children: Luke Aubrey, Archie James, and Edward Gervase.

13-Luke Aubrey Cotterell

13-Archie James Cotterell

13-Edward Gervase Cotterell

12-Rupert Sherman John Cotterell

Rupert married Clare Joanna de Poulton Ferguson, daughter of Brig. John Gordon Goddard de Poulton Ferguson and Celia Mary Herdman. They had three children: Rose Harriet Mary, Camilla Nancy Ellinor, and James Alexander Julian.

13-Rose Harriet Mary Cotterell

13-Camilla Nancy Ellinor Cotterell

13-James Alexander Julian Cotterell

10-Hélène Ellinor Clare Kidston was born in 1904 and died on 26 Jun 2005 at age 101.

Hélène married **Maj. Philip Pinkney Curtis,** son of **Col. Charles Herbert Curtis** and **Frances Edith Pinkney**, on 16 Apr 1925. The marriage ended in divorce. Philip was born on 21 Sep 1884 and died on 11 Mar 1974 at age 89. They had three children: **Cherry April Ellinor, Alison Audrey Primrose**, and **Glenda Kidston**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1933.

11-Cherry April Ellinor Curtis

Cherry married **Maj. Terence Leslie Gossage**, son of **Air-Marshal Sir Leslie Gossage**, on 28 Dec 1949. Terence was born on 24 Aug 1918 and died on 18 Jun 1999 at age 80. They had three children: **Philip Leslie**, **Julia April Ellinor**, and **Andrew Alexander**.

12-Philip Leslie Gossage

Philip married Deborah Ann Darrell.

Philip next married Nicola Jane Althaus, daughter of Sir Nigel Frederick Althaus. They had two children: James Peter and Sophie Harriet.

13-James Peter Gossage

13-Sophie Harriet Gossage

12-Julia April Ellinor Gossage

Julia married Christopher Jenkin. They had two children: Annabel Louise and Camilla Rose.

13-Annabel Louise Jenkin

13-Camilla Rose Jenkin

12-Lt. Col. Andrew Alexander Gossage

Andrew married Jessica Lucy Vaughan, daughter of Cmdr. Gresham Vaughan. They had two children: Henrietta Ellinor and Thomas Edmund Gresham.

13-Henrietta Ellinor Gossage

13-Thomas Edmund Gresham Gossage

11-Alison Audrey Primrose Curtis

Alison married William Ashe Dymock Windham, son of Lt. Col. Henry Steuart Windham and Marjorie Russell Dymock, on 9 Jun 1956. William was born on 2 Apr 1926 and died on 5 Jan 2021 at age 94. They had three children: Ashe George Russell, Emma Rose Dymock, and Charles William Fitzroy.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Glasbury, Powys.

12-Capt. Ashe George Russell Windham

Ashe married Arabella Peggy Marian Hoare, daughter of Francis Hoare and Diana Bridget King. They had three children: Jake Patrick Ashe, Max Alexander Finn, and Tamara Honor Bridget.

13-Jake Patrick Ashe Windham

13-Max Alexander Finn Windham

13-Tamara Honor Bridget Windham

12-Emma Rose Dymock Windham

Emma married Simon Vivian Surtees Phillpotts. They had two children: Archie Christopher Louis and Lara Georgina Windham.

13-Archie Christopher Louis Phillpotts

13-Lara Georgina Windham Phillpotts

12-Charles William Fitzroy Windham

11-Glenda Kidston Curtis was born on 1 Mar 1931 and died on 11 Aug 1982 at age 51.

Glenda married Maj. Colin Butchard. They had three children: Victoria Annabelle Elinor, William James Langrishe, and Henrietta Matilda.

12-Victoria Annabelle Elinor Butchard

Victoria married Justin Timothy Spendlove. They had three children: Harry James, Thomas Valentine, and William Leo.

13-Harry James Spendlove

13-Thomas Valentine Spendlove

13-William Leo Spendlove

12-William James Langrishe Butchard

William married Robin Campbell Smith. They had three children: Emma, William, and Eliza.

13-Emma Butchard

13-William Butchard

13-Eliza Butchard

12-Henrietta Matilda Butchard

Henrietta married John Hurst. They had two children: George John Butchard and Hugo Charles Butchard.

13-George John Butchard Hurst

13-Hugo Charles Butchard Hurst

Glenda next married Rodney Frederick Hedderley Ward.

Hélène next married Rear-Admiral Philip Esmonde Phillips.

Hélène next married Maj. Gen. David Charles Bullen-Smith.

10-Audrey Kidston was born in 1907.

Audrey married Anthony Seymour Belville on 9 Apr 1929. The marriage ended in divorce in 1946. Anthony was born in 1902. They had three children: Belinda, Jeremy Francis, and Camilla Audrey.

11-Belinda Belville

Belinda married Thomas David Whateley.

11-Jeremy Francis Belville was born in 1932 and died in 1962 in Drowned in an accident at age 30.

11-Camilla Audrey Belville

Camilla married James William Alston-Roberts-West, son of Maj. William Reginald James Alston-Roberts-West and Constance Isolde Grosvenor. They had two children: Emma Henrietta and George.

12-Emma Henrietta Alston-Roberts-West

Emma married Andrew McArthur Holman-West, son of David McArthur Holman and Valerie Pryor. They had three children: Isabella, James, and Isla.

13-Isabella Holman

13-James Holman

13-Isla Holman

12-George Alston-Roberts-West

George married Hazel Cook.

Audrey next married Hon. Peter Pleydell-Bouverie, son of Jacob Pleydell-Bouverie 6th Earl Of Radnor and Julian Eleanor Balfour. They had two children: James and (No Given Name).

11-James Pleydell-Bouverie

11-Pleydell-Bouverie

10-Lt. Cmdr. Home Ronald Archibald Kidston was born on 11 Mar 1910.

Home married Lady Georgiana Mary Curzon, daughter of Francis Richard Henry Penn Curzon 5th Earl Howe and Mary Curzon, on 27 Nov 1935. The marriage ended in divorce in 1943. Georgiana was born on 7 Jan 1910 and died on 11 Jan 1976 at age 66. They had one son: Glen.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1943.

11-Glen Kidston

Home next married Eleanor Georgiana Keith.

Hélène next married Sir Walter George Windham, son of Maj. George Smith Windham, on 26 Jul 1916. Walter was born in 1868 and died in 1942 at age 74.

8-Eugenia Susannah Chapman was born on 13 Sep 1845 and died on 12 Mar 1886 at age 40.

Eugenia married George Henry FitzRoy, son of Sir Charles Augustus FitzRoy and Lady Mary Lennox, on 20 Apr 1865. George was born on 13 Sep 1826 and died on 8 Jul 1868 at age 41. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

9-FitzRoy

9-FitzRoy

Eugenia next married Col. Edward St. Aubyn, son of Sir Edward St. Aubyn 1st Bt. and Emma Knollys, on 25 Oct 1879. Edward was born on 8 Mar 1837 and died on 11 Jan 1914 at age 76. They had one son: Edward Geoffrey.

9-Brig. Gen. Edward Geoffrey St. Aubyn was born on 10 Aug 1880 and died on 10 Dec 1960 at age 80.

Edward married Beatrice Rosa Andalucia Harvey, daughter of Capt. John Edmund Audley Harvey and Rosa Frances Stewart, on 4 Jul 1905. Beatrice was born in 1874 and died on 16 Apr 1968 at age 94. They had one son: Roger.

10-Dr. Roger St. Aubyn was born on 9 Jun 1906 and died in 1985 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.

Roger married **Baronin Sophie Helene Von Puthon**, daughter of **Baron Heinrich Von Puthon**, on 26 Jun 1939. The marriage ended in divorce. Sophie died on 11 Jan 2000. They had two children: Lamorna Alice and Diana Mary.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1957.

11-Lamorna Alice St. Aubyn

Lamorna married Capt. David Julian Cotton, son of Sir John Richard Cotton. They had one daughter: Caroline Mary Sophie.

12-Caroline Mary Sophie Cotton

Caroline married Julian Chamberlen, son of Nicholas Chamberlen. They had one son: Ralph Hugo.

13-Ralph Hugo Chamberlen

Lamorna next married **Peregrine Edward Grenfell Lort-Phillips**,⁴⁶ son of **Capt. Raymond Lort-Phillips**⁴⁶ and **Violet Susan May St. Aubyn**,⁴⁶ in 1984. Peregrine was born on 12 Mar 1937 in Suffolk and died in 1988 at age 51.

Lamorna next married Michael Frankland Good.

11-Diana Mary St. Aubyn

Diana married Daniel Romer-Lee. They had two children: Christopher Daniel and Serena Isabel Hilaria.

12-Christopher Daniel Romer-Lee

12-Serena Isabel Hilaria Romer-Lee

Roger next married Lorna Mackintosh, daughter of Capt. Alastair Mackintosh. They had two children: Alexandra and Edward.

11-Alexandra St. Aubyn

11-Edward St. Aubyn

Edward married Nicola Shulman.

8-Adeline Mary Chapman⁴ was born on 7 Aug 1847 in Roehampton, Surrey and died on 20 Jan 1931 at age 83.

Adeline married Arthur Edward Guest,⁴ son of Sir Josiah John Guest 1st Bt. and Lady Charlotte Elizabeth Bertie, on 23 Apr 1867. Arthur was born on 7 Nov 1841 and died on 17 Jul 1898 at age 56. They had two children: Mildred Ella and Arthur Rhuven.

9-Mildred Ella Guest died on 11 Mar 1942.

Mildred married Col. John Delalynde Mansel, son of George Pleydell Mansel and Jemima Henrietta Gambier, on 24 Apr 1888. John was born on 3 Oct 1850 and died on 11 Dec 1915 at age 65. They had three children: Marcia Eugenia, Rhys Clavell, and Juliet Ella Meimei.

10-Marcia Eugenia Mansel was born on 12 Mar 1890.

Marcia married Capt. Oswald Bethell Walker on 14 Dec 1910. Oswald died on 28 Sep 1914 in Killed In Action..

Marcia next married Francois De Juge Montespieu.

10-Maj. Rhys Clavell Mansel was born on 3 Feb 1891 and died on 9 Sep 1969 at age 78.

Rhys married Sylvia Nina Campbell, daughter of Lt. Col. Sir Guy Theophilus Campbell 3rd Bt. and Nina Lehmann, on 12 Jan 1916. Sylvia was born on 18 Mar 1888 and died on 11 May 1944 at age 56. They had four children: John Clavell, Elizabeth Madeline Nina, Felicite Mary Adeline, and Pamela Sylvia.

11-Maj. John Clavell Mansel was born on 9 Jan 1917 and died on 13 Sep 2007 at age 90.

John married **Damaris Joan Hyde-Thomson**, daughter of **Robert Hyde Hyde-Thomson**, on 11 Aug 1945. Damaris was born in 1919 and died on 23 May 2015 at age 96. They had three children: **Lavinia Sylvia**, **Richard John Clavell**, and **Philip Robert Rhys**.

12-Lavinia Sylvia Mansel

Lavinia married Alexander Quentin Jones, son of Gwilym I. Jones. They had three children: Alexander Daniel Mansel, Benjamin Robin Clavell, and Owen Toby Rhys.

13-Alexander Daniel Mansel Jones

13-Benjamin Robin Clavell Jones

13-Owen Toby Rhys Jones

12-Richard John Clavell Mansel

12-Dr. Philip Robert Rhys Mansel

11-Elizabeth Madeline Nina Mansel was born on 3 Oct 1919 and died on 8 Aug 2016 at age 96.

Elizabeth married **Capt. Sir Malby Sturges Crofton 5th Bt.,** son of **Sir Malby Richard Henry Crofton 4th Bt.** and **Katharine Beatrix Pollard**, on 14 Jan 1961. The marriage ended in divorce in 1966. Malby was born on 11 Jan 1923 and died on 20 Jan 2002 at age 79.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1966.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Partner in Feen & Crosthwaite. Mayor of Kensington & Chelsea, 1978.

11-Felicite Mary Adeline Mansel

Felicite married **Dr. Peter Thomas John Christopher Plumbly Warner**. They had six children: **Susanna Elizabeth Juliet, Ianthe Sylvia, William Francis, Sarah Adeline, Charlotte Anne**, and **Oenone Jane**.

12-Susanna Elizabeth Juliet Warner

Susanna married Harold Polsky. They had one daughter: Elizabeth.

13-Elizabeth Polsky

12-Ianthe Sylvia Warner

12-William Francis Warner

12-Sarah Adeline Warner

Sarah married Thomas Peter Kobar. They had two children: Kimberley Dana Warner and Samatha Lelsey Warner.

13-Kimberley Dana Warner Kobar

13-Samatha Lelsey Warner Kobar

12-Charlotte Anne Warner

12-Oenone Jane Warner

11-Pamela Sylvia Mansel was born on 22 May 1926 and died on 28 Dec 2014 in Dorset at age 88.

Pamela married Nicholas Cole McClintock on 2 Sep 1953. Nicholas was born in 1916 and died in 2001 at age 85. They had four children: Sylvia Araby Jane, Alexander Edward Franklin, Michael Leopold Elphinstone, and Elizabeth Melesina.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Overseas Civil Service (Nigeria).

12-Sylvia Araby Jane McClintock

Sylvia married Malcolm Wright. They had two children: Pamela Melesina Marion and Katherine Elizabeth Jane.

13-Pamela Melesina Marion Wright

13-Katherine Elizabeth Jane Wright

12-Alexander Edward Franklin McClintock

Alexander married Julia Adeline Luckock, daughter of Thomas Henry Luckock. They had three children: Archie, Araby Tessa, and Alexandra Adeline.

13-Archie McClintock

13-Araby Tessa McClintock

13-Alexandra Adeline McClintock

12-Michael Leopold Elphinstone McClintock

Michael married Anne K. Greenwood. They had one son: Jonathan Michael.

13-Jonathan Michael McClintock

12-Elizabeth Melesina McClintock

Elizabeth married Anthony Francis Loring, son of Brig. Walter Watson Alexander Loring. They had four children: Frances Claudia, Joshua Nigel Mcclintock, Thomas Alexander, and Edward George.

13-Frances Claudia Loring

13-Joshua Nigel Mcclintock Loring

13-Thomas Alexander Loring

13-Edward George Loring

Rhys next married Margaret Georgina Noyes.

Rhys next married Archie Anne Cairnes, daughter of Hugh Montgomery Cairnes and Althea Virginia Josephine Alice Haig, on 8 Oct 1947. Archie was born on 1 Nov 1906 and died in 1986 at age 80. They had one son: Hugh Clavell.

11-Hugh Clavell Mansel was born on 19 Oct 1948 and died on 14 Nov 2015 in Wareham, Dorset at age 67. The cause of his death was Shot himself, in a state of great distress.

General Notes: Hugh, whilst concerned about his impending retirement and the confession to his wife that he had been having an affair and already in a fragile state of mind, took one of his shotguns and drove his Land Rover Discovery to nearby woods, drank a bottle of wine and then shot himself. This was covered in the Daily Telegraph's account of the inquest published on 22nd March 2016.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He worked as an Investment Banker, Smith & Williamson in London.

Hugh married Jennifer Ann Ashford-Russell.

Hugh next married Diana Theresa Violet Scrope, daughter of Lieut. Col. Convers Stephen Scrope and Lady Mary Egerton. They had two children: Isabella Maria and Rhys Clavell.

12-Isabella Maria Mansel

12-Rhys Clavell Mansel

10-Juliet Ella Meimei Mansel was born on 9 Mar 1893 and died on 10 Sep 1982 at age 89.

General Notes: Croix de Guerre.

9-Arthur Rhuven Guest was born on 16 Dec 1869 and died on 24 Feb 1946 at age 76.

Arthur married Hilda Eufunia Stewart, daughter of Admiral Hon. Keith Stewart and Mary Caroline FitzRoy, on 22 Apr 1901. Hilda died on 15 Apr 1959. They had four children: Evan Rhuvon, Mary Adeline, Pamela Margaret, and Alan Keith.

10-Evan Rhuvon Guest was born on 24 Jan 1902.

Evan married Columba O'carroll.

Evan next married Christabel Kelly.

10-Mary Adeline Guest was born on 31 Aug 1904.

Mary married Henry Bousfield.

10-Pamela Margaret Guest was born on 28 Oct 1905.

10-Alan Keith Guest was born on 4 Apr 1908 and died on 12 Oct 1944 at age 36.

8-Ella Maria Chapman⁶ died in 1857.

Ella married George Hector Leith.

7-Frederick Chapman¹ was born on 1 Feb 1801 in Wanstead, Essex.

Frederick married Arabella Maria Godfrey,¹ daughter of Peter Godfrey^{1,145} and Arabella Sarah Rowley, on 20 Sep 1825. Arabella was born in Old Hall, East Bergholt, Suffolk and died in 1838. They had no children.

7-**Ellen Chapman**¹ was born on 21 Jun 1803 in Wanstead, Essex.

7-Edward Chapman^{4,111} was born on 28 Nov 1804 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 24 Jun 1854 at age 49.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Mauritius.

Edward married Mary Jane Burnett, daughter of James Burnett. They had two children: George Henry James Mowbray and Mary Georgiana.

8-Col. George Henry James Mowbray Chapman¹¹¹ was born in Mar 1831.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 5th Foot.
- 8-Mary Georgiana Chapman¹¹¹ died on 9 Sep 1854.

6-Jane Chapman^{10,34,105,107,120,142,154,155} was born on 19 Dec 1757 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 27 Feb 1841 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk at age 83, and was buried on 4 Mar 1841 in FBG Norwich.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was Quaker.

Jane married Joseph Gurney,^{2,9,10,34,105,107,120,121,141,142,144,149,155} son of John Gurney^{10,141,144,156} and Elizabeth Kett,^{10,141,156} on 6 Oct 1784 in FMH Scarborough. Joseph was born on 1 Jun 1757 in Keswick Hall, Keswick, Norfolk, died on 25 Dec 1830 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk at age 73, and was buried in FBG Norwich. They had nine children: Elizabeth, Hannah Chapman, Jane, Elizabeth, Mary, Rachel, Joseph, Henry, and Emma.

General Notes: Birth also given as 1753

Elizabeth Fry (Gurney), wrote on his death, "Last First-day Fortnight, I heard that my dear uncle, Joseph Gurney, had suddenly dropped down dead at his house at The Grove, near Norwich, my aunt only being with him at the time. He was very dear to me and more like a father than anyone living..."

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Norwich, Norfolk.
- He was Quaker.
- He had a residence in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk.
- He had a residence in The Grove, Cromer, Norfolk.

7-Elizabeth Gurney¹⁰⁵ was born on 13 Sep 1785 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 8 May 1786 in Norwich, Norfolk.

7-Hannah Chapman Gurney^{10,34,69,76,88,105,113,121,142,144,154,155,157,158} was born on 9 Feb 1787 in Norwich, Norfolk, died on 6 May 1850 in Polam Hall, Darlington, County Durham at age 63, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Hannah married Jonathan Backhouse,^{2,10,18,34,69,76,105,113,121,130,142,144,157,159} son of Jonathan Backhouse^{9,10,69,78,121,157,159,160} and Ann Pease,^{9,10,69,78,115,121,157,159,160} on 23 Apr 1811 in FMH Norwich. Jonathan was born on 19 Jan 1779 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 7 Oct 1842 in Polam Hall, Darlington, County Durham at age 63, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had six children: Jonathan, Jane Gurney, Anne, Joseph Gurney, Henry Gurney, and Edmund.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They worked as a Travelled in the Ministry in North America in 1830-1835.

General Notes: Of Polam Hill. Darlington Silver Medallist, Society of Arts 1813. Quaker Minister

Backhouse, Jonathan (1779–1842), banker and financier, was born in Darlington, co. Durham, the eldest son of Jonathan Backhouse (1747–1826), banker, and his wife, Ann (d. 1826), the second daughter of Edward Pease of Darlington. Jonathan senior was the eldest of three sons of James Backhouse of Westmorland, a yarn and wool dealer, who had moved to Darlington during the 1750s to establish a flax-dressing and linen-manufacturing business [see Backhouse family (per. c.1770–1945)]. This was the precursor to the foundation, in 1774, of J. and J. Backhouse banking, a partnership shared by James, with his son Jonathan and later also with his nephew James junior. The family had earlier indicated its interest in wider commercial affairs by taking on the local agency of the Royal Exchange Assurance in 1759.

As private bankers, the Backhouses were not untypical of numerous entrepreneurs in the eighteenth-century economy who combined manufacturing ventures with the financing of trade generally. The Quaker Lloyds of Birmingham and the Gibbons family of Wolverhampton provide excellent illustrations in the metallurgical trades, while in mining there are several cases in the north-east of England. In textiles, the best-known example is provided by the Gurneys of Norwich, a Quaker family with a banking tradition going back to the later seventeenth century, but which also developed a thriving trade in woollen yarns in the first half of the eighteenth century. By integrating banking with manufacturing, these family concerns could both advance credit to customers and receive it from suppliers and so more easily sustain the expansion of business. Like the Gurneys, however, the Backhouses were to abandon manufacturing in favour of full banking, a move which had been accomplished by the end of the eighteenth century. At that time J. and J. Backhouse possessed an extensive agency network in co. Durham, underpinned by a considerable note issue payable at sight, and fourteen days after sight, in London.

In 1798, following the death of James senior, the title of the bank was changed to Jonathan Backhouse & Co. It was in this form that it became involved in the financing and projection of the pioneering Stockton and Darlington Railway, the first public railway to be empowered to use steam locomotives. The possibility of improving the transport infrastructure of south Durham and north-east Yorkshire had been discussed intermittently throughout the latter half of the eighteenth century, when attention was invariably focused on the construction of a canal linking the Auckland coalfield to the estuary of the River Tees. The capital cost, however, was viewed as prohibitive, and real progress had to await the development of a capital network spreading beyond the limited confines of co. Durham. In this respect, the Backhouses were well placed. As prosperous Quakers, they proved to be entirely typical of their religious sect in developing marital ties which facilitated substantial financial inflows from other parts of the country.

Of crucial importance was the marriage in 1811 of Jonathan Backhouse junior to Hannah Chapman (d. 1850), the elder daughter and coheir of Joseph Gurney, a private banker of Norwich; the couple had two daughters and a son. This dynastic alliance in itself transformed the prospects for transport improvement, especially when the Backhouses allied themselves with the Quaker Pease family of Darlington in the raising of capital. As woollen manufacturers and private bankers themselves, the Peases were related by marriage to the Backhouses, and developed their own ties with the Gurneys when Joseph Pease married Emma Gurney in 1826. It was thus the Backhouse– Pease alliance which emerged as the principal underwriters of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, authorized by parliament in 1821 and opened formally in September 1825. The early records of the company are illustrative of the strength of Quaker financial networks in mobilizing capital resources. This fact was reflected in Backhouse's appointment as first treasurer to the company, a position which he held until 1833, by which time the railway was well established as a conveyor of coal and other industrial raw materials along the lower Tees valley.

During the first three decades of the nineteenth century Backhouse proved to be the dominant partner in the bank, and he presided over a process of expansion which was to consolidate its position in the commercial infrastructure of co. Durham. In 1805 a branch was opened at Durham and in the following year at Sunderland. In the mid-1820s the network was extended to Newcastle upon Tyne, South Shields, and Stockton-on-Tees. In conformity with the evolution of the banking system in the country as a whole at this time, the north-east of England was afflicted periodically by phases of instability in response to the overextension of credit. Local banking crises occurred in the late 1790s, in 1803, 1815, 1819, 1823, and 1825. Jonathan Backhouse & Co. weathered all of these vicissitudes without difficulty.

The crisis of 1819 was particularly noteworthy insofar as it was the product of a crude attempt by the earl of Darlington to bankrupt the concern. At that time the Backhouses were busily projecting the Stockton and Darlington Railway with a proposed route to the Auckland coalfield through Lord Darlington's Raby estate. Incensed by the potential threat to his fox coverts, the earl attempted to accumulate the bank's paper notes to the point when their value exceeded the gold stock. The apocryphal-sounding but nevertheless true story is told that Backhouse became acquainted with Lord Darlington's plot and frustrated it by posting to London to obtain extra bullion stocks. His coach lost a wheel on the return journey, but the chaise was balanced by his placing the gold at an appropriate point over the rear axle. Backhouse resigned as treasurer to the Stockton and Darlington Railway in 1833 in order to embark upon full-time ministry on behalf of the Society of Friends. He retained his partnership in the family bank, but bequeathed his authority to his son, Edmund (1824–1880). Jonathan Backhouse died at Darlington on 7 October 1842.

The family bank experienced mixed fortunes under later generations. Edmund Backhouse was followed as senior partner by his son, Jonathan Edmund (1849–1903). The latter was rewarded with a baronetcy in 1893 and presided over the merger in 1896 of the bank with Gurneys of Norwich and Barclays of London to form Barclay & Co. of Lombard Street, destined to become one of the 'big five' clearing banks after the First World War. Sir Jonathan was appointed local director of the new company and was to prove instrumental in precipitating the absorption of the Pease family's private bank, J. and J. W. Pease, in 1902, but in circumstances which led to the financial ruin of the senior partner, Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, and his sons Alfred and Joseph.

M. W. Kirby

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker & Railway promoter in Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Polam Hall, Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1823.

8-Jonathan Backhouse¹⁵⁷ was born on 5 Sep 1812 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Sep 1820 in Darlington, County Durham at age 8.

8-Jane Gurney Backhouse^{155,157,161} was born on 21 May 1814 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 10 Apr 1860 in Pau, France at age 45, and was buried on 15 Apr 1860 in Protestant Cemetery,

Pau, France.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Partner in the Neath Abbey Coal Company before 1856 in Neath Abbey, Glamorgan, Wales.

Jane married Robert Barclay Fox, 37,123,138,155,157,161 son of Robert Were Fox 2,31,59,66,88,105,109,123,138,162 and Maria Barclay, 2,59,66,88,105,109,138 on 10 Oct 1844 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Robert was born on 6 Sep 1817 in Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 10 Mar 1855 in Cairo, Egypt at age 37, and was buried in Cairo, Egypt. They had five children: Robert, George Croker, Henry Backhouse, Joseph Gurney, and Jane Hannah Backhouse.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Roscrow, Penryn, Cornwall.
- He worked as a general manager of the Iron Foundry at Perranrworthal on 18 Jul 1842 in Perranarworthal, Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in Perran Cottage, Perranarworthal, Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He worked as a partner in G. C. Fox (Shipping Brokers) in 1843 in Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in Penjerrick, Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in 1849 in Roskrow, Gluvias, Cornwall.

9-Robert Fox^{98,157} was born on 31 Jul 1845 in Perran Cottage, Perranarworthal, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 9 May 1915 in Grove Hill, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Grove Hill, Falmouth, Cornwall,

Robert married Ellen Mary Bassett,¹⁵⁷ daughter of Francis Bassett^{19,157} and Ellen Harris,^{10,19} on 3 Oct 1867 in Luton, Bedfordshire. Ellen was born in 1846 in Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire and died on 1 Aug 1925 at age 79. They had three children: Lilian Isabel, Robert Barclay, and Naomi Bassett.

10-Lilian Isabel Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 20 Nov 1868 in Wood Lane, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 20 Apr 1961 at age 92.

Lilian married Frederic Herbert Trench.¹⁵⁷ son of William Wallace Trench¹⁵⁷ and Elizabeth F. Allin. on 15 Jul 1891. Frederic was born on 12 Nov 1865 and died on 11 Jun 1923 at age 57. They had four children: Waldo Trench, Desmond Patrick, Romola, and Wallace Talbot.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at BA Keeble. MA All Souls.
- He worked as an Examiner Education Dept.

11-Maj. Waldo Trench Fox¹⁶³ was born on 11 May 1892 and died on 11 Mar 1954 at age 61. Another name for Waldo was Wallace Talbot Trench Fox. General Notes: On 19 July 1934 his name was legally changed to Waldo Trench Fox by Deed Poll.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was awarded with MC Croix de Guerre.
- He had a residence in Penjerrick, Falmouth, Cornwall.

Waldo married Janet Mary Kennedy Bassett, daughter of Frederick MacIvor Bassett and Ethel Agnes Kennedy, on 1 Jun 1933. Janet was born in 1907 in Lelant, Cornwall and died in 1987 at age 80. They had three children: **Jill Trench, Robert Trench**, and **Rachel Trench**.

12-Jill Trench Fox

Jill married Rodney Francis Power Carne, son of Capt. William Power Carne and Valentine Grace Naudin Tweedy, on 27 Dec 1955. Rodney was born on 10 Nov 1933 and died on 26 Feb 1959 in Australia. Drowned On Active Service. at age 25. They had two children: Nicola Trench and Rupert Barclay Power.

13-Nicola Trench Carne

Nicola married Eric McLean. They had two children: Kirsten Valentine and Angus Carne.

14-Kirsten Valentine McLean

14-Angus Carne McLean

13-Rupert Barclay Power Carne

Rupert married Julie Evans. They had two children: Jerrick Achilles and Joel Judah.

14-Jerrick Achilles Carne

14-Joel Judah Carne

Jill next married Capt. Donald Barns Morison, son of Rear Admiral Richard Barns Morison. They had two children: Candida Trench and Barnaby Daniel Barns.

13-Candida Trench Morison

Candida married Robin Spencer. They had three children: Samuel Peter Nelson, Freya Jill, and Zanna Elizabeth.

14-Samuel Peter Nelson Spencer

14-Freya Jill Spencer

14-Zanna Elizabeth Spencer

13-Barnaby Daniel Barns Morison

Barnaby married Sarah Louise Pilch, daughter of Hugo Sutherland Pilch. They had one son: Edward Barns.

14-Edward Barns Morison

12-Robert Trench Fox

Robert married Lindsay Garrett Anderson, daughter of Sir Donald Forsyth Anderson and Margaret Elaine Llewellyn. They had four children: Fenella Garett, Tamara Forsyth, Barclay Trench, and Caspar Lloyd.

13-Fenella Garett Fox

Fenella married John Francis Dernie. They had three children: Oliver Garrett, Joshua George, and Alexander Llewellyn.

14-Oliver Garrett Dernie

14-Joshua George Dernie

14-Alexander Llewellyn Dernie

13-Tamara Forsyth Fox

Tamara married Robert Denzil Onslow, son of Cmdr. Richard Edmund Onslow and Mary Jean Garner-Smith. They had two children: Sacha Llewellyn and Georgia Macdonald.

14-Sacha Llewellyn Onslow

14-Georgia Macdonald Onslow

13-Barclay Trench Fox

13-Caspar Lloyd Fox

12-Rachel Trench Fox

Rachel married Raymond Joseph Morin.

11-Desmond Patrick Trench^{76,157} was born on 14 Jul 1893 and died on 5 Dec 1967 at age 74.

Desmond married Elfrida Young, daughter of Rev. Canon D. E. Young. They had three children: John Patrick, Anthony Barclay, and Pamela Joan.

12-John Patrick Trench

12-Anthony Barclay Trench

12-Pamela Joan Trench

11-Romola Trench¹⁵⁷ was born in 1895 and died on 17 Jun 1930 at age 35.

11-Wallace Talbot Trench

10-Robert Barclay Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 24 Jul 1873 in Wood Lane, Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 22 Apr 1934 at age 60, and was buried in FBG Budock, Falmouth.

General Notes: Thurs 26 April 1900 – Mrs Williams (Mopsy) & Miss Johnson came to lunch – Nellie & I spent an hour in Burtons' shop & in the evening we went to a dinner party at Grove Hill (Falmouth) to meet the Bride & Bridegroom Barclay Fox & his wife (Peggy) – a charming couple & a pleasant evening. Sun 22 April 1934 – Barclay Fox died aged 61 at Falmouth, I believe of angina – a good, useful life ended. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt*.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester: Magdalene College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Shipping agent in Falmouth, Cornwall.

Robert married Margaret Elizabeth Phoebe Bassett, daughter of Frederick Bassett and Elizabeth Phoebe Bull, in 1900 in Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire. Margaret was born in 1878 in Heath, Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire and died in 1929 at age 51.

10-Naomi Bassett Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 1 Feb 1886 in Grove Hill, Falmouth, Cornwall.

Naomi married Alfred Drury Trevelyan Channell.

9-George Croker Fox^{33,157,164} was born on 28 Feb 1847 in Polam, Darlington, County Durham and died on 26 Feb 1902 at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP for Cornwall.

George married Ada Mary Wake,^{157,164} daughter of Capt. Baldwin Arden Wake and Adelaide Wake, on 24 Jan 1871. Ada died on 28 Nov 1891. Another name for Ada was "May" Wake. They had five children: George Croker, Myra Caroline Arden, Herewald Evelyn Croker, Cecil Croker, and Evelyn.

10-George Croker Fox^{157,164} was born on 28 Oct 1871 and died in May 1934 in Chelmsford, Essex at age 62. The cause of his death was Suicide by throwing himself onto railings.

General Notes: Tues 20 May 1934 – George Croker Fox died in hospital (at Chelmsford I think) – he had fallen or thrown himself out of a window & got impaled on some spiked railings - He had separated from his wife as his habits had become intolerable to her – it is a sad end. - *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt*.

idock, Falmouth. he evening we went to a dinner party at

by throwing himself onto railings. a window & got impaled on some spiked This entry is surely without prejudice, for George's mother was Ada Mary Wake.. who was elder sister to Alfred's first love, Rosie Wake. See record.

George married Cecilia Hart Rogers,¹⁶⁴ daughter of Reginald Rogers¹⁶⁴ and Mary Frances Nankivell,¹⁶⁴ on 10 Aug 1898 in Mawnan, Cornwall. The marriage ended in separation before 1934. Cecilia was born on 21 Sep 1870 and was christened on 10 Jan 1871 in Mawnan, Cornwall. They had one daughter: Merthys Mary Croker.

11-Merthys Mary Croker Fox

Merthys married Richard Reiss.

10-Myra Caroline Arden Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 11 Mar 1873 and died on 24 Apr 1890 at age 17.

10-Herewald Evelyn Croker Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 29 Jul 1874 and died on 12 Jul 1940 at age 65.

Herewald married Isabelle Anne Stanistreet. They had one daughter: Sylvia Arden Croker.

11-Sylvia Arden Croker Fox was born on 23 Jun 1901.

Sylvia married G. N. Carroll.

Sylvia next married Raymond James Filmer Sullivan.

10-Lieut. Cecil Croker Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 14 Nov 1879 and died on 15 Sep 1916 in Killed In Action 1914-18? at age 36.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Malvern College.
- He worked as a Trainee architect under Alfred Waterhouse.
- He emigrated to Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada in 1898.
- He worked as an Architect, in partnership with Samuel Maclure (1860-1929). In Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.
- He worked as an officer of the East Surrey Regiment.

10-Evelyn Fox

9-Henry Backhouse Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 5 Mar 1849 in Polam, Darlington, County Durham and died on 21 Dec 1936 at age 87.

General Notes: "Kenny'

Henry married Grace Georgina Geraldine Turton.

9-Joseph Gurney Fox^{76,157} was born on 9 Sep 1850 in The Bank House, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 29 Dec 1912 at age 62.

General Notes: **1913** The Deaths the last year which have touched me most nearly were: Owen Pease who died in April. Lady Lockwood died in the summer. Gurney Fox who died in December . With the last, I have many memories - I remember him at Grove Housel School, living at Nunthorpe & Middleton Lodge & the majority of the family party are no more - he was 62 years old - George Croker, Jennie & he have gone, only Robert & Kenny remain. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.

Joseph married Margaret May Just, daughter of William Just. They had three children: Margaret Jane Gurney, Juliet Maud Gurney, and Jean.

10-Margaret Jane Gurney Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 3 Jul 1874.

10-Juliet Maud Gurney Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 3 Jul 1874.

10-Jean Fox died in 1939.

Joseph next married Agnes Dorothea Hubbard. They had one son: Bernard John Gurney.

10-Bernard John Gurney Fox

Bernard married Evelyn Maddison.

9-Jane Hannah Backhouse Fox¹⁵⁷ was born on 5 Nov 1852 in Roskrow, Gluvias, Cornwall.

Jane married Horatio Noble Pym,^{76,157} son of Rev. William Wollaston Pym and Edith Elizabeth Noble, on 5 May 1881 in Falmouth, Cornwall. Horatio was born on 2 Jul 1844 in Willian, Herts., died on 5 May 1896 in Sevenoaks, Kent at age 51, and was buried 8th May 1896 in Landridge Church, Kent. They had two children: Juliet Caroline Fox and Yolande Silvia Nina.

Marriage Notes: Foster gives 2nd

General Notes: Solicitor. Lived "Foxwold" at Brasted near Sevenoaks in Kent. The Times Obituary states that "Himself a man of great cultivation and taste, he held in affection the great masters of English literature, reverencing in particular Charles Dickens and all that pertained to him Mr. Pym's death took place with a painful suddenness owing to an affection of the heart induced by Russian influenza."

8 May 1896, Fri: Worked at my letters, rode with Lottie and Claudia, a fine day but cold wind. Left Charing Cross at 2 15 for Sevenoaks to attend the funeral of poor Horace Pym who died somewhat suddenly on Tuesday night (*5th*); from Sevenoaks we drove about 3 miles to Landridge Church, a pretty place in Kent. The Vicar Mr Parry asked us to come in to tea after the funeral. We waited some time Evelyn Pim, his son Guy Pym his brother Edmund and Ted Backhouse, Gurney & Henry Fox were amongst those I knew. The flowers were beautiful, the service and the occasion are always touching . I came back to Town with Edmund & Ted and H. Pym's half-brother . To the House, I heard that *Joseph* Chamberlain had made a clever speech but did not commit himself to any opinion on Cecil Rhodes position, he stated the history ; when I got there, George Wyndham was speaking justifying the Jameson raid. *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Principal of Tathams & Pym, 3 Fredericks Place, Old Jewry, London.

10-Juliet Caroline Fox Pym¹⁵⁷ was born on 26 Mar 1882 and died on 1 Aug 1905 at age 23.

10-Yolande Silvia Nina Pym¹⁵⁷ was born on 17 May 1883 in London and died in Sep 1928 in Hastings at age 45.

General Notes: Foster gives 20th May

Yolande married Lieut. Arnold Harding Ball on 29 Jun 1909. Arnold was born in 1888 in Greenwich, Kent, died on 9 Apr 1918 in Guinchy, France. Killed in action at age 30, and was buried in Cambrin Military Cemetery, Pas de Calais. They had four children: Yolande Evelyn, Hilary Noble, Sylvia Caroline, and Phyllida De Joncourt.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Houndstall House, Mark Cross, East Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Barrister at Law, Gray's Inn.

11-Yolande Evelyn Ball

11-Hilary Noble Ball

Hilary married Jane Lane.

Hilary next married Winifred Burn.

11-Sylvia Caroline Ball was born in 1914 and died in 1983 at age 69.

11-Phyllida De Joncourt Ball was born on 19 Sep 1916 and died on 3 Apr 2004 in Ticehurst, East Sussex at age 87.

Phyllida married Richard Ottley Warner in 1937. Richard was born on 24 May 1911 in Market Bosworth, Leicestershire and died on 14 Jan 1989 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 77. They had three children: Fern, Roland Martin, and Mark Ashton.

12-Fern Warner

12-Roland Martin Warner

12-Rev. Mark Ashton Warner

Mark married Ruth Patricia Allen, daughter of John Sydney Allen and Maisie Gillham. They had two children: Clare Heather and Jennifer Rachel.

13-Clare Heather Warner

Clare married Benjamin L. Currie. They had two children: Jude and Flora.

14-Jude Currie

14-Flora Currie

13-Jennifer Rachel Warner

8-Anne Backhouse^{2,113,123,157} was born on 31 Dec 1815 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 30 Nov 1845 in Tottenham, London at age 29. The cause of her death was Bright's disease.

Anne married John Hodgkin,^{2,13,86,90,113,123,157,165,166,167} son of John Hodgkin^{2,123,168} and Elizabeth Rickman,^{2,168} on 16 Feb 1843 in Lewes, East Sussex. John was born on 11 Mar 1800 in Penton Street, Pentonville, London, died on 3 Jul 1875 in Durley Dean, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 75, and was buried in FBG Winchmore Hill. They had one son: Jonathan Backhouse.

General Notes: Hodgkin, John (1800–1875), barrister and Ouaker minister, was born on 11 March 1800 in Penton Street, Pentonville, London, and grew up in Pentonville and in Tottenham. He was the youngest child of John Hodgkin (1766–1845), tutor and calligrapher, and Elizabeth Hodgkin, née Rickman (1768–1833). Both parents belonged to long-standing Quaker families. Their only other child to survive infancy was the medical writer Thomas Hodgkin (1798–1866). Both boys (who were close friends all their lives) were educated at home, chiefly by their father. They received a thorough classical training and some knowledge of science. It was a sheltered upbringing, which John Hodgkin felt was responsible for his painful sensitivity as a young man. In his childhood and for the rest of his life periods of intense intellectual work alternated with ill health.

Advised by his family and by Joseph John Gurney (1788–1847), Hodgkin chose to become a barrister rather than follow his father into teaching. In 1819 he was admitted to Lincoln's Inn (where his Quaker principles made it necessary to ensure that his dues would not subsidize the chaplain and thus the established church) and from 1821 to 1824 he trained in the chambers of George Harrison, the first Quaker to be called to the bar. Hodgkin rarely appeared in court but had a large practice and was in considerable demand as a teacher. His specialism was conveyancing, and his chief concerns were clarity and concision: in an 1829 pamphlet he proposed simplifying the conveyancing process by setting up a general register of titles to property. In 1829 Hodgkin married Elizabeth Howard (1803–1836), daughter of Luke Howard (1772–1864), Quaker chemical manufacturer and meteorologist. Hodgkin credited her with vivifying his previously austere life, bringing him a conception of religion based on love rather than law. They lived in Tottenham and had four surviving children, including the historian Thomas Hodgkin (1831– 1913). In 1836 Elizabeth Hodgkin died in childbirth.

The 1830s brought the Beaconite controversy: the Society of Friends divided over the perceived aridity of Quaker orthodoxy. Dissidents called for greater appeal to the emotions and less stress upon law. Hodgkin's marriage had connected him with Friends who left the society, but he remained a member and sought to synthesize the two approaches. Shortly after his first wife's death he urged reconciliation at his local meeting—his first 'offering'— and in 1840 he was officially recorded as a minister.

The 1840s were a pivotal period for Hodgkin. In 1843 he married Anne Backhouse (1815–1845); they had one child before her death of Bright's disease. Also in 1843 he retired from legal practice after a breakdown in his health, although he continued to advise Friends on legal matters and retained an interest in legal reform. Conversely, he poured energy into his activities as a minister, travelling frequently in this capacity. In 1850 and 1851 he was clerk to the yearly meeting in London. By the end of his life he had visited almost all the Friends' meetings of the United Kingdom and many abroad, always preaching strictly extempore and being noted for his empathy with the particular circumstances of his listeners.

In 1847 and 1849 Hodgkin visited the Friends' meetings in Ireland and in 1850 married Elizabeth Haughton (1818–1904), an Irish Quaker. They had six children. Participation in Irish famine relief efforts (he took a particular interest in the fishing settlement of the Claddagh, near Galway) involved him in drafting the Encumbered Estates Act (1849) which aimed to encourage Irish landlords to invest in their properties, but he turned down a position administering the act.

In 1857 Hodgkin left Tottenham for Lewes in Sussex, his mother's home town. He remained energetic in the Friends' cause. A visit to the United States in 1861 coincided with the outbreak of civil war, in which Friends found themselves caught between the conflicting principles of anti-slavery and pacifism. In 1863 he went to Spain as one of a delegation to plead for imprisoned protestants. In November 1874 he suffered a stroke which left him paralysed. He died at Durley Dean in Bournemouth on 3 July 1875 and was buried at Winchmore Hill, Middlesex.

Christopher Hilton

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Wealth at death under £80,000: probate, 29 July 1875, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Christopher Hilton, 'Hodgkin, John (1800–1875)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/13428]

JOHN HODGKIN,

Barrister at Law.

John Hodgkin was born at Pentonville in the year 1800. He and his brother Thomas, afterwards well known as Doctor Hodgkin, were brought up at home. Both were bright intelligent boys, and well repaid the labour bestowed on their education by their father, (himself engaged in private teaching,) and by other in-structors. But though the intellectual result of home education was so satisfactory in their case, John Hodgkin s own judgment in after life was decidedly in favour of at least some years of school training; and he was often heard to say, that he thought it mistaken kindness to send a full-grown man to take his share in the conflict of life, untaught to "endure hardness" in the bracing atmosphere of a school.

He chose the Law for his profession, and studied for some years in the chambers of George Harrison, an eminent conveyancer, himself a member of the Society of Friends. Here the thoroughness of his previous work, joined to his clear and accurate habits of thought, caused him to take a high place ; and he was soon spoken of as "Harrison's most promising pupil." It may be remarked here, that throughout his professional life he was conspicuous for the pains which he took in teaching the Science, as well as practising the Art y of Law. His list of pupils was generally a long one; often he had to turn away applications for admission to which he felt that he could not do justice; and when his own work was pressing most heavily upon him, he generally contrived to spend an hour daily, in reading and discussing some legal text-book with his pupils. He was called to the bar of Lincoln's Inn in the year 1825, and sprang almost at once into a large conveyancing practice. In the 29th year of his age he married Elizabeth Howard (daughter of Luke and Mariabella Howard,) and settled at Bruce Grove, Tottenham, where he lived for the next twenty-eight years, - years of many changes, and of some deep sorrows.

Up to this point we have said nothing as to the development of the Divine Life in his soul. His experience was rather that of " the seed springing and growing up, thou knowest not how," than the instantaneous change we find in the history of Paul or Luther, or Bunyan. He frequently alluded in after life to the proceedings in connection with the appeal of Thomas Foster, (disowned for promulgating Unitarian opinions,) as having exercised an important influence in the formation of his religious belief; though he was only fourteen years old at the time that he listened to them. Later on, we believe that the conversation and writings of Joseph John Gurney, and the clear, powerful ministry of William Forster, were of great use in fixing the religious convictions thus produced. Most of all, probably, the influence of his tenderly loved wife tended to strengthen in him that child-like trust in God, and that willingness to take Him at His word, which were conspicuous features in her own character.

The six years which followed his marriage were years of almost unclouded happiness, and increasing outward prosperity. Probably almost the only trouble of this time came to him from the so-called "Beacon controversy," arising from the publication by Isaac Crewdson of his "Beacon," to warn modern Friends against what he considered the deficiencies on some doctrinal points of the writings of the early Friends. The result of this controversy was to carry off into other religious communities a large number of John Hodgkin's oldest friends and family con- nexions. He did not, we believe, approve of all the measures adopted towards the dissentients, and his affection for those who were his near relatives was never interrupted by their increasing divergence of views : but his own line of duty seemed clearly marked out for him, to remain in the Society in which he had been born, and to serve Christ there.

We believe that it was towards the end of the year] 835, that he first spoke in one of our meetings. He felt at the time that he was making his choice between two modes of life : - M On this side, professional advancement and renown, possibly political distinction ;- on that, the being accounted a fool for Christ's sake." He made the choice of Moses, and those who knew him best never heard a hint, which would lead them to suppose that he regretted his decision.

Only a few months after he had yielded to this conviction of duty, he had to receive a message like that which came to the prophet Ezekiel : - " Son of man, behold I take away from thee the desire of thine eyes with a stroke." His wife, whom he loved with an almost idolizing affection, died after an illness of three days : leaving him with five little motherless children, the youngest of whom was soon laid in its mother's grave. Before her death, beside many other words of sweet leave-taking, she said (on his asking her whether she had any especial message for him) "just this : not to withold anything, either in public or private, which may be required for the good of our poor Society." It may easily be understood how his work for Christ would be endeared to him by such words from those dying lips; and on the other hand how much "less than nothing and vanity "the honours and pleasures of the world now appeared in his view, when, stunned by his great calamity, he went forth again to recommence the dull routine of daily toih

After an interval of about two years, his gift in the ministry was officially recognized by his fellow-members, and he was recorded as a Minister by Tottenham Monthly Meeting. In the thirty- seven years of his ministerial life he travelled much in the exercise of his gift. His first visit was to the Quarterly Meeting of Lincolnshire. Afterwards, the Eastern Counties, Lancashire, Yorkshire, Warwickshire, and many other English Meetings, were visited by him. In 1845 he travelled among the Friends in the South of France, in 1847 he visited Ireland, in 1861 America. His ministry was remarkable for its union of intellectual force and richness, with what we do not shrink from calling a baptizing power. His discourses did not, like some we may have heard at times from good and earnest men, consist of texts slightly connected together, and leaving little for the mind to apprehend or remember. They were each one an organic whole, coherent in all its parts, and capable of being remembered long after by the hearers. But on the other hand, they were very far from being mere appeals to the intellectual faculties. They were by no means previously studied discourses. He sought for the present help and guidance of the Holy Spirit. The whole man in him - body, soul and spirit- seemed to be absorbed in the utterance of the Divine message; and a

wonderful degree of sympathy with the spiritual needs of his audience was often granted to him. A Friend once said to the writer of this memoir, - " I was sitting as a young man in the meeting, at , when John Hodgkin rose up, and preached a sermon in which he seemed to be turning over all the pages of my heart, and reading everything that was written there : " and we believe that many others have, in a greater or less degree, found themselves similarly reached by his ministry.

It may perhaps be mentioned here for the sake of those who never heard him in his vigour, that till the last few years of his life he had a voice of singular strength and clearness; and that under the pressure of religious feeling he generally exerted almost its full power. The result was sometimes an apparent waste of vocal energy ; but on the other hand, deaf persons, (of whom there is often a larger number in the congregation than we are aware of,) not un- frequently said to him, " we thank thee for speaking so loud. Thou art the only Minister in the meeting whom we always hear." The pressure of religious, combined with professional, work was very heavy during the five years which followed his acknowledgment as a Minister ; and his friends watched with anxiety the constant state of tension in which his mind was kept thereby. At length in the summer of 1843 the result followed which justified their fears. He had a severe attack of brain fever, accompanied by other alarming symptoms ; and for several days his life was despaired of by his physicians. He himself had a conviction that he should recover • and closely connected with this conviction was the belief, that the life thus given back to him was to be spent more exclusively in the service of Christ, than had yet been the case. His wife (he had a few months before married Ann Backhouse of Darlington) heartily encouraged him to make the sacrifice which he believed to be called for at his hands ; and thus at the early age of forty-three, and in the full tide of professional success, he retired from practice at the bar, and gave himself up to preaching the gospel.

His time however was not wholly occupied with directly religious work. Much-some of his friends thought too much - of the semi-secular work connected with the Meeting for Sufferings was laid upon his willing shoulders ; and at the time of the great Irish Famine, he engaged with characteristic thoroughness in two projects for the good of Ireland ; the improvement of the Fisheries on the west coast, and the introduction of new forms of process for the sale of heavily encumbered estates. In the first of these enterprises, he and his coadjutors were defeated by the ignorance and obstinacy of those whom they wished to benefit. The second was more successful; he had the satisfaction of seeing the Encumbered Estates Bill, which he had had some share in preparing, and much in advocating, passed by Parliament, and become the means of removing many of the worst features in the economic condition of the sister island. A religious visit which he paid to Friends in Ireland in the year 1847, deepened his interest in the welfare of that country; and was, we believe, made a means of blessing to the hearts of many there, who had not before fully appreciated the freedom and the happiness of the Christian life.

In the London Yearly Meeting he occupied a position, somewhat resembling that of his older and much honoured friend Samuel Tuke. Like him he was, by the natural constitution of his mind, much less of an advocate than a judge. He seldom spoke early in a discussion ; but when a subject had been well debated, and the clerk was beginning to get anxious as to how "the sense of the meeting" would emerge from the apparent chaos of propositions and counter- propositions, he would rise, and by a few weighty and well-considered words, (like the "wherefore my sentence is" of the Apostle James in the Council at Jerusalem) would frequently guide the meeting to the right decision.

In 1845 he was left a second time a widower; and in 1850 he married, a third time, Elizabeth Haughton of Carlo w, who survives him. He removed in 1858 from the neighbourhood of London, and took up his abode at Lewes, his mother's old home ; where many of her relations (his chief companions in early life) still resided,

It was to him almost an awful sacrifice which he had to make, when at the age of sixty-one he believed himself called upon to leave his wife and children and happy home, and preach the gospel in America. Though not a bad sailor, he had a peculiar aversion to travelling by sea; so much so that when he had once crossed the Atlantic, he was often heard to say that nothing but the fact that his wife and children were in England, would ever have induced him to recross it. He was enabled to minister acceptably to the wants of his brethren, then sorely distressed and per- plexed by the outbreak of the great Civil War. His especial gift of sympathy with the young, was we believe much appreciated by his American friends. He was permitted to return to his family in peace, and thirteen years more of quiet happiness were granted to him at home.

At length, to use the touching words of the earliest of biographers, " the time drew nigh that Israel must die." The years after seventy told more upon his strength than those who only knew him socially were aware of. When visiting his friends at a distance, or taking part in the business of the Society, his spirits rose, and his strength seemed as great as in past days ; but the prostration of his physical powers when he returned home, showed that the old vigour was no longer there. In the summer of 1874 he had the inexpressible grief of losing his daughter Ellen, one of his younger children, just as she was entering upon life, and learning in many ways to help and cheer her father. With all the many sorrows which he had known, this was practically the first time that he had been called upon to suffer as a father ; and though he bore the affliction with full submission to his Heavenly Father's will, there can be little doubt that it hastened the stroke which had for some time been impending.

In the Twelfth month of 1874 he went to Bournemouth, where he had fixed to spend the winter for the sake of the health of another of his daughters. He had only been there a week, and on account of the inclemency of the weather had had no opportunity of enjoying the heauty of the place, when in the morning of the 16th of Twelfth month, he was seized with paralysis, which ren- dered the left side of his body almost powerless. He was very silent during the first day after the attack ; and his wife at first doubted whether he was aware of the nature of his malady. On the following day she asked him, if he knew why his dear hand was so powerless ? He answered " Yes, it is some kind of paralysis, I suppose. Most likely it will go on to weaken the brain and the mental powers, until I become quite a log." She expressed her surprise that he could so quietly and calmly bear so heavy a trial ; upon which his eyes filled with tears, and he spoke of God's goodness to him all his life long, and expressed his thankfulness that this attack had not come on before arriving at Bournemouth.

All through his illness, whenever his bodily condition allowed somewhat of the natural brighness of his mind to appear, there was abundant expression of his perfect faith and hope, and entire submission to the will of God. The words " Thy will be done " were many times in the day on his lips. From the first to the last week of his illness, two texts were continually present to his mind, and frequently repeated by him ; - " Father, I will that they also whom Thou hast given me be with me where I am, that they may behold my glory which Thou hast given me," - and " We have not a High Priest who cannot be touched with a feeling of our infirmities."

From an early period of his malady, his speech was a good deal affected by it. Only those who knew him in his vigour, and heard him shaping forth his thoughts in clear, accurate, well-chosen words, (the faculty of speech evidently assisting the development of his ideas,) can under- stand how great an affliction the loss of the power of intelligible utterance must have been to him. By practice those who were constantly attending upon him learned to catch his meaning better, and after some months greater distinctness of articulation returned, yet they were often tantalized by hearing sentence after sentence of bright and interesting thoughts flow past them, from which they were unable to recover more than a few unconnected words.

On the 28th of Twelfth month he said,- "I wish I could show forth more of the substantial peace which I feel; but this confused state of body and mind, not soul, prevents my always being as restful and patient as I desire to be. I have not to say as the Sinless One did, my God, why hast Thou forsaken me ? I feel that my Saviour is with me ; and where He is, there He will permit His

poor servant to be. I know in whom I have believed, and He has not forsaken me now in my extremity. Poor and weak and unworthy as I am, yet can I say - 'See how a Christian can die.' I know that all my sins are forgiven. I know that Jesus loves me. I feel called upon, whilst still able, to bear testimony to the faithfulness and love and good- ness of God to His poor servant. My distress, though partly mental and partly bodily, is not the souVs distress. My soul is at rest- no distress there- all peace, quietness, confidence. I know in whom I have believed, and that He is able to keep that which I have committed unto Him to that day."

Twelfth month, 30th. "Thou, gracious Saviour, knowest my mental and bodily affliction, because Thou tookest our nature upon Thee, and canst understand by Thy marvellous union of Divine and Human all that I endure, as no mere human being can. Thou art touched with a feeling of my infirmity, and art able to succour in every hour and every moment of my life." Some time after this prayer, he again alluded to this wonderful mystery, saying that nothing but the combination of perfect human nature with the Divine nature, could understand our wonderful complex nature : "His perfect human capacity of suffering, combined with perfect Almighty power, can alone meet our need." He further stated, that in the last few months he had had this blessed doctrine made more and more clear to his view. "On this bed of suffering I feel, I know its glorious truth, to my infinite help and comfort. I know it, not theoretically merely, but practically, in this illness ; and for this cause this illness may have been sent."

Shortly after this time one of his younger sons sent him Farrars Life of Christ as a New Year's present. This book was an invaluable resource during many succeeding months. The main facts discussed were of course so well known that the mind recurred to them without effort; while the picturesque descriptions excited his interest, and occasionally some of the views expressed suggested criticisms, which were often very much to the point. Half seriously, and half in play, he proposed that one of his children should commence from his dictation "Notes on Farrar," and he seemed to enjoy collecting materials for what he often spoke of as " our joint work."

Second month, 27th, 1875. He prayed for his children - "Lord, give it to all, especially to the younger ones, to remember that with increased powers will come increased opportunities of inter- course with the worldly minded, and for influencing such for good. Grant that whilst in the world, they may not be of the world, and that their words and actions may show that they belong not to the world, but to Thee." He often spoke of his precious daughter Ellen, who had gone before him ; - expressed his belief that she was now at rest with the Saviour, whom she had at heart loved, though she herself regretted that she had not in her short life worked more for Him, - and that he would shortly join her in His presence. Sending a message to some young relations, he said. " Tell them all fear is taken away. I have joy and hope for the future. May they be established in this joy and hope of the gospel, before they are laid upon a bed of sickness as I am. ** I am truly a happier man than in the days of my greatest prosperity. Peace and hope and joy compensate for all the suffering* The brightest days of reputation are not to be compared with my present peace. ** I wish the young men whom I have watched over in their intellectual career should know, that the peace and joy which I now possess exceeds all : - and I long that they should enjoy this peace before loss of power comes. I wish them to know it is a message from my deathbed, with my dear love."

Third month, 18th. When reading to him - "Oh that I had wings like a dove ! then would I fly away, and be at rest," his wife observed that such was probably often the language of his heart in these weary days. After a pause he replied- "I think not, for my life is complete in Him; and as a part of 'Thy will be done,' it is mine to say, 'my times are in Thy hand." Soon after he added, "Father into Thy hands I commit my spirit."

Sixth month, 6th. Some allusion being made to the , length of his illness, his wife remarked that he had now been nearly six months ill. He seemed surprised, saying " have I indeed ? " and almost immediately gave thanks thus :- " Oh thanks be unto Thee, who hast enabled me to bear it, and who hast loaded me with benefits ; who hast given me my dear wife's care during all that time, and hast kept my mind in rest and peace. I thank Thee for Thy showers of blessings during these six months of trial, and that Thou hast so softened the harshness of the affliction." Sixth month, 17th On this day there was a great change for the worse ; sickness and faintness came on suddenly. He said to his wife, " I believe if we keep close together, and keep looking up, we shall be helped, though we hardly know how." Afterwards he repeated several times, " Lord, I am ready for Thy coming." From this time the bodily strength rapidly gave way, and the periods of imperfect consciousness were much longer. Yet at intervals sweet words of hope and trust came from his lips : - " I am going home, going home. Jesus is with me." * He gave thanks that he " needed not any earthly priest ; he had the Great High Priest near him, and He was all sufficient." * * He recalled the promise, " I go to prepare a place for you, that where I am, there ye may be also." * "I shall soon see Him, and rejoice in His presence." * " Our union shall not end here : we shall meet in Heaven." * " Jesus has been very precious to me." The last two days were passed in entire unconsciousness. At noon on the 3rd of Seventh month, the struggle was ended; and we reverently believe the happy spirit took its flight from the weary body of humiliation, and entered upon the glorious realization of the promise to which he had clung so earnestly, - " Father, I will that they also whom Thou hast given me."

6 July 1875, Tues: Making preparations for leaving Town on Friday; put off going earlier for horses & servants on a/c of John Hodgkin's death & funeral on Thursday. 8 July 1875, Thurs: At letters, packing up &c then off to Winchmore Hill; lunched at Aunt Howard's with the funeral party, and then in a long train of carriages to the burying ground. A large company; too much preaching at meeting. [J.] Bevan Braithwaite long; home, dined and down to the House; paired with Lord Holmsdale and came home; finished packing & to bed. *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Conveyancing Lawyer & Philanthropist in London.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
- He had a residence in Shelley's, Lewes, East Sussex.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister about 1840.

9-Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin^{3,10,44,123,150,157,159,169,170,171,172,173,174,175} was born on 27 Dec 1843 in Tottenham, London, died on 26 Apr 1926 in Darlington, County Durham at age 82, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: 6 Aug 1874, Thurs : At letters &c, then rode down to Middlesbro', rode 'Howard' who carried me well – met David Dale & attended to Estate matters, had a good deal of talk wth David Dale on Ironstone losses &c and on contracts &c; rode back; "Alfred Lloyd" with us, drove him and Minnie over to Pinchinthorpe & left him there. Poor Jonathan B. Hodgkin much stung with wasps & very ill at Rokeby excursion of the *Friends Sunday School* Conference party. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Mon 26 April 1926 -..... Jonathan B. Hodgkin died today - born 1843, he would be 83. His whole life was devoted to "Friends" work, & religious movements - A very unattractive uncouth looking man but courteous, kind & well meaning - obstinate I should think & bound down to the limits of Quakerism. He was not the sort of Christian who would mix with publicans & sinners, but a Godly & conscientious person - when young, he used to rush about with a blue ribbon on - He was always delicate & epileptic. He did himself well when he married my cousin Mary Anna co-heiress of John Pease - she is a nice creature with a happy disposition. I signed the Certificate of their marriage in 1870 - 56 years ago! Thurs 29 April 1926 -.....to Darlington with Betty to Jon. Hodgkin Memorial meeting or 'Service' at the Friends Mg House, Darlington. She had never seen a Friends Meeting before & I am sorry to say I felt it very uninspiring & uncomforting not to say uncomfortable - Everything has deteriorated amongst Friends, they are untidy, undignified & you don't know what is going to happen - All the Ministers in the Gallery when they spoke, you could not call it preaching, pulled out 'revised versions' of the Bible, read from notes, or used typed addresses - it was a full house - & we met a few relations whom it was pleasant to meet - He (JBH) was cremated - I took Betty to my father & mother's grave. It is a dreary graveyard - but has associations for me. She asked me if Friends brought the body into Meeting. My great Grandfather [Edward Pease 1767-1858] directed that his should be brought into Meeting 'after the custom of ancient Friends' but since then I think it has rarely happened. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. (Unpublished)

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Mayor of Darlington 1884 To 1885.
- He had a residence in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Elm Ridge, Darlington, County Durham.

Jonathan married Mary Anna Pease, ^{3,10,44,157,159,169,170,171,173,174} daughter of John Pease^{10,27,31,44,65,159,169,170,171,173,174,176,177,178} and Sophia

Jowitt, ^{10,27,44,159,169,170,171,173,174,177} on 24 Apr 1873 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Mary was born on 17 Dec 1840 in East Mount, Darlington, County Durham, died on 25 Dec 1928 in Darlington, County Durham at age 88, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: Jonathan Edward, Henry Theodore, Harold Olaf, Ronald, and Mary.

General Notes: Fri 28 Dec 1928 -Mary Anna Hodgkin née Pease, the last of Edward Pease's grandchildren aged 88 died on Christmas Eve - they burnt her - & had a Memorial Service today - I could not go The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. (Unpublished)

10-Jonathan Edward Hodgkin^{3,22,44,68,157,179,180,181,182,183,184,185,186,187} was born on 4 Nov 1875 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 19 Dec 1953 in Dryderdale Hall, Hamsterley, Bishop Auckland, County Durham at age 78, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: A large man mentally and physically, with a "dominating personality, impatient of opposition and not always quick to understand any point of view but his own." DQB as cited in British Quakerism, 1860-1920 (Oxford University Press) 2001. Prof. Thomas C. Kennedy

HODGKIN, Jonathan Edward

RBA; FSA; MIEE; MIMinE

Born Darlington, 4 Nov. 1875; e s of late J. Backhouse Hodgkin, Darlington; m 1902, Elspeth Lilian, 3rd d of late James E. Backhouse, Darlington; four s one d; died 19 Dec. 1953 JP for County of Durham

EDUCATION Bootham School, York; Leighton Park School, Reading

CAREER Apprenticeship as electrical engineer with Ernest Scott and Mountain Ltd of Newcastle on Tyne; subsequent business career includes thirty-five years with Motor Union Insurance Co. Ltd; now Chm. Darlington Wire Mills, Ltd, and about twenty other public and private companies; Consulting Electrical Engineer; for twelve years Chairman of Friends Central Education Committee: Member of Flounders Trust (formerly Treasurer); formerly Chairman; Committee of Visiting Magistrates Durham Prison; Wolsingham Petty Sessions; Vice-Chairman, Durham County Bench (Darlington) (now on supplementary list); Mem. County of Durham Standing Jt Cttee; member of governing body of Ayton School and Vice-Chm. of Leighton Park School; as archaeologist formed Piercebridge Excavation Committee and personally excavated British Camp at Hamsterley, Co. Durham; NE District representative of the Society of Antiquaries and of the National Trust; Chairman and Founder of Darlington Society of Arts; has exhibited water colours in Paris Salon and many British galleries. Founder Member Darlington Rotary Club, President, 1935–36, Vice-Chairman No. 3 District, 1937–38

PUBLICATIONS Little Guide to Durham County; The Hodgkin Apocrypha; Occasional Verse

RECREATIONS Travel; artist in water colour and pencil; motoring and shooting

ADDRESS Dryderdale, Hamsterley, Bishop Auckland, Co. Durham

Witton-le-Wear 44

'HODGKIN, Jonathan Edward', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U238660

HODGKIN.— On 19th December, 1953, at Darlington, Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888-89), aged 78 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with RBA FSA MIEE MIMinE JP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888-1889 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Leighton Park in 1890-1893 in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer. Ernest Scott & Mountain Ltd in 1893-1896 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Travelled around the world. In 1896-1897.
- He worked as a Director of Ernest Scott & Mountain Ltd., Electrical engineers in 1897-1911 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Councillor for Darlington and JP for Co. Durham.
- He had a residence in Dryderdale Hall, Hamsterley, Bishop Auckland, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1907.

Jonathan married Elspeth Lilian Backhouse,^{3,22,25,44,68,157,179,180,181,182,183,184,185,186} daughter of James Edward Backhouse^{22,23,25,63,76,157,188,189} and Elizabeth Barclay Fowler, 25,63,76,112,157,188 on 15 Jul 1902 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Elspeth was born on 31 Aug 1880 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 Mar 1969 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had six children: Neville Backhouse, Maurice Edward, Oliver Henry, Brian Maurice, Elizabeth Ann, and David Kenneth Ronald.

Marriage Notes: HODGKIN-BACKHOUSE.-On 15th July, 1902, at the Friends' Meeting House, Darlington, Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888/89), to Elspeth Lilian Backhouse.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895-Dec 1898 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Ouaker.

11-Neville Backhouse Hodgkin¹⁸¹ was born on 30 Apr 1904 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Jan 1999 at age 94.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 30th April, 1904, at Darlington, Elspeth L., wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1880-90), a son who was named Neville Backhouse.

Neville married Evelyn May Hanson, daughter of Ernest Walter Hanson and Mary Ann Phelps, on 27 Dec 1961 in Darlington, County Durham. Evelyn was born on 13 May 1906 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

11-Maurice Edward Hodgkin^{179,182} was born on 17 Feb 1906 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Nov 1909 in Darlington, County Durham at age 3, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 17th February, 1906, at Darlington, Elspeth Lilian, wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son, who was named Maurice Edward.

11-Oliver Henry Hodgkin¹⁸³ was born on 27 Feb 1908 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died in Mar 1983 at age 75.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 27th February, 1908, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth L., wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named Oliver Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

Miscellaneous: connected with Pretoria Metal Industries.

Oliver married Margaret McLellan, daughter of Basil Gordon McLellan and Winifred Appleton. They had one daughter: Janet Margaret.

12-Janet Margaret Hodgkin

11-Brian Maurice Hodgkin^{68,190} was born on 9 Dec 1910 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died on 18 Jun 1963 at age 52.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 9th December, 1910, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth Lilian, wife of Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named Brian Maurice. Brian married Gwendolen Bevington-Smith,^{190,191} daughter of Douglas Bevington Smith^{22,47,52,190,191,192,193,194} and Edith Maud Binyon,^{22,190,191,192,193} on 18 Sep 1940 in Maldon, Essex. Gwendolen was born on 11 Feb 1905 in Wickham Bishops, Maldon, Essex and died in 1967 in Maldon, Essex at age 62. They had two children: Jonathan George and Marigold Penelope. General Notes: SMITH.-On the 11th February, 1905, at Witham, Edith Maud Binyon, wife of Douglas Bevington Smith (1890-3), a daughter, who was named Gwendoline Bevington.

12-Jonathan George Hodgkin

Jonathan married Jennifer Ann Bown, daughter of Ronald Henry Bown¹⁹⁰ and Iris Irene Mann,.¹⁹⁰ They had two children: Julian Backhouse and Elspeth Rachel Bevington.

13-Julian Backhouse Hodgkin

13-Elspeth Rachel Bevington Hodgkin

12-Marigold Penelope Hodgkin

Marigold married **Douglas Arthur Mabbott**. They had two children: **Christopher James** and **Stephen John**.

13-Christopher James Mabbott

13-Stephen John Mabbott

11-Elizabeth Ann Hodgkin¹⁸⁴ was born on 23 Apr 1912 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 23rd April, 1912, at Shelley, Darlington, Elspeth L., the wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1888-89), a daughter, who was named Elizabeth Ann.

11-David Kenneth Ronald Hodgkin¹⁸⁵ was born on 9 Sep 1914 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died on 1 Mar 1977 in Woden, Canberra, Australian Capital Territory, Australia at age 62.

General Notes: HODGKIN.— On the 19th September, 1914, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth Lilian (Backhouse), wife of Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named David Kenneth Ronald.

Hodgkin, David Kenneth (1914–1977)

There was a large gathering in the Coombs Lecture Theatre on 9 March when the Society of Friends and members of the University held a memorial meeting for David Kenneth Ronald Hodgkin, former Registrar of the University, who died on 1 March after a brief illness. He was 62.

David Hodgkin came to Australia with his family in 1953 as Assistant Registrar in the early days of ANU. He became Deputy Registrar in 1957 and from 1961-67 he was Registrar, Institute of Advanced Studies. He was Registrar of the University and Secretary to Council from 1968 until his retirement at the end of 1974.

Born into a Quaker family in Darlington, England, David Hodgkin had wide experience of the Society of Friends in many countries. Before and during the 1939-45 war, he and his wife, Brigit, worked first at the Quaker centre, Vienna, where they helped refugees, and then served as founding wardens of the Friends International Centre in London. Through Ouaker International activities and other community interests, his active involvement in causes related to the search for peace continued throughout his life. He was a former president of the Canberra branch of the Australian Institute of International Affairs and a past-chairman of the Churches Commission on International Affairs of the Australian Council of Churches. His publications included articles on international relations, and *Quakerism: A Mature Religion for Today* (1971),

He returned to full-time Quaker service when he retired from the University and from 1974 until his death he was Secretary of the Australia Yearly Meeting of the Society of Friends. In a tribute to him, the Vice-Chancellor, Professor Anthony Low, said: 'David Hodgkin was not here when the University was founded. But he was here during all its years of major growth. 'His concern was always for people. I can testify that as a young, newly-joined member of the academic staff, 18 years ago, I was soon conscious that in the University administration there was a certain David Hodgkin, who, for no good reason I could think of, was taking an interest in how I and my family were settling into Canberra; who was apparently also interested in what my interests were, and what I was working on. He was always an exemplary listener; and as I was later to know, he was excellent too, with visitors, and with prospective appointees. 'At the same time, he displayed a guite special dedication to the University as an institution. He cared for it; slaved for it; took pride in it. One recalls his physical presence, which was never intimidating; his deep bass voice; his close interest in being told something of which he had not heard before; his characteristically quick, warm chuckle. 'He brought *dignitas* to this place. Not dignity; he was not the man to stand for that. What was orderly, seemly, of good report, and imbued with the milk of human kindness — these were the things he stood for; and for these we remember him.'

'Hodgkin, David Kenneth (1914–1977)', Obituaries Australia, National Centre of Biography, Australian National University, http://oa.anu.edu.au/obituary/hodgkin-david-kenneth-

1378/text1377.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He emigrated to Australia in 1953.
- He worked as a Registrar in Australian National University.
- He worked as a Secretary to Australia Yearly Meeting in 1972-1977.

David married Brigit Louise Kelsey, daughter of Raleigh Napier Kelsey and Grace Kilroy Dickson. They had three children: Stephen Barclay, Andrew Kelsey, and Mark William Backhouse.

12-Stephen Barclay Hodgkin

12-Andrew Kelsey Hodgkin

12-Mark William Backhouse Hodgkin

10-Dr. Henry Theodore Hodgkin^{3,22,44,99,157,195,196,197,198} was born on 21 Apr 1877 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 26 Mar 1933 in Dublin, Ireland at age 55, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Hodgkin, Henry Theodore.

Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 8, 1895. [2nd s. of Jonathan Backhouse, and Mary Anna Pease, of Elm Ridge, Darlington, Durham. B. Apr. 21, 1877. Schools, Bootham, York, and Leighton Park, Reading.] Matric. Michs. 1895; B.A. (Nat. Sci. Trip., Pt I, 1st Class) 1898; M.A., M.B. and B.C. 1902. At St Thomas's Hospital, London. House Surgeon to the Mildmay Mission Hospital, Bethnal Green, N.E. Travelling Secretary of the Student Christian Movement, 1902-5. Went as medical missionary to Chengtu, China, 1905-10. Returned to England, and became Secretary of the Friends' Foreign Missionary Association, 1910-20. Co-secretary of the National Christian Council in China, 1922-9. Helped to found the West China Union University, in which several British, American, and Canadian missionary societies co-operated. Very active as a pacifist during the War of 1914-19. Travelled widely in Asia and America, lecturing on religion and international questions. In 1925, when on furlough in England, responsible for a B.B.C. Studio Service, and was the first Quaker to give a wireless religious service. Assisted in the foundation of a new Ouaker centre at Pendle Hill, Wallingford, Pa., U.S.A. In the United States, 1930-2. Author, Lay Religion; The Christian Revolution; China and the Family of Nations; Living Issues in China. Died Mar. 26, 1933, in Dublin. Brother of Ronald (1899). (King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Medical Directories; Who was Who, 1929-40; The Times, Mar. 27, 1933.)

HODGKIN, Henry Theodore

MA, MB (Cantab.)

Born 21 April 1877; s of late Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin and Mary Anna Pease; nephew of late Dr Thomas Hodgkin, the historian; m 1903, Elizabeth Joy, d of Rev. Henry Montgomery, MA, DD, Belfast; three s ; died 26 March 1933

Director of Study of Pendle Hill, the Quaker Graduate School of Social and Religious Study, Wallingford, Pa, USA, 1930–32

EDUCATION Bootham School, Yorks; Leighton Park School, Reading; King's College, Cambridge; St Thomas' Hospital, London

CAREER Chairman Student Volunteer Missionary Union, 1902–05; went to Chengtu, West China, as a medical missionary, 1905; returned to England and took position as Secretary of Friends' Foreign Mission Association, 1910–20; Chairman of Fellowship of Reconciliation, 1915–20; visited during 1911–16, India, Syria, Madagascar, America, speaking on religious and international questions; Secretary, Board of Governors of West China Union University, 1910–20; toured China lecturing on industrial, international and religious questions; Walker Prize winner (University of St Andrews) for Essay on Social Reconstruction; Secretary, National Christian Council of China, Headquarters, Shanghai, 1922-29

PUBLICATIONS Studies in the Epistle to the Hebrews; Mission and Message of Quakerism (with W. C. Braithwaite); Way of the Good Physician; Friends Beyond Seas; The Missionary Spirit (Swarthmore Lecture); Lay Religion; The Christian Revolution; China in the Family of Nations; The Way of Jesus; Personality and Progress; Jesus among Men; Seeing Ourselves through Russia; Living Issues in China

RECREATIONS Lacrosse, lawn tennis, botany

CLUB Shanghai

'HODGKIN, Henry Theodore', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920-2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U211342

HENRY T. HODGKIN (1890) was only at Bootham for a short time. A man of abounding energy, optimism and courage, he was known, loved and respected by a great company of friends in China, America and England. Bootham magazine - July 1933

HODGKIN.— On March 26th, Henry Theodore Hodgkin (1890), aged 55 years.

Henry Theodore Hodgkin (1876-1933) Born in England in 1876. Quaker. Resident medical officer of Midmay Mission Hospital in London as of 1903. Founded the Fellowship of Reconcilation (FOR) in 1914 in UK and in 1915 in US. (Early FOR leaders included Jane Addams and Scott Nearing.) A medical missionary in China for 20 years, Hodgkin was chosen in July 1928 to help organize and serve as the first director of Pendle Hill, the new Quaker "center for study and contemplation" in Wallingford, Pennsylvania, near Philadelphia and three Quaker universities (Bryn Mawr, Haverford, and Swarthmore) -- and just over one mile from Rose Valley. He helped name Pendle Hill for the "mountain of vision" in Lancashire, England, from which Quaker founder George Fox received enlightenment in 1652. His son John Pease Hodgkin (d.1990) was a charter member in 1940 of Bryn Gweled Homesteads in Southampton, Pennsylvania, and in fact, coined the name "Bryn Gweled" (Welsh for "hill of vision") in imitation of Pendle Hill. Both Pendle Hill and Bryn Gweled Homesteads were members of the Fellowship of Intentional Communities (FIC) at or very soon after its creation in 1948. Hodgkin's health failed, his directorship was curtailed, and he died in 1932.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA MB BC.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1890 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Leighton Park in Reading, Berkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a St. Thomas' Hospital in London.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He worked as a Medical Missionary in 1905-1910 in Chengdu, Sichuan, China.
- He worked as a Secretary of the Friends' Foreign Missionary Association in 1910-1920.
- He worked as a Co-secretary of the National Christian Council in China in 1922-1929.
- He had a residence in 7 Old Park Ridings, Grange Park, Winchmore Hill, London.

Henry married Elizabeth Joy Montgomery,^{3,22,44,99,196,197} daughter of Very Rev. Henry Montgomery and Euphemia Annie Gowdy, on 9 Dec 1903 in Belfast, Ireland. Elizabeth was born on 20 Oct 1870 in Bangor, Co. Down, died on 17 Nov 1962 at age 92, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had three children: Herbert Montgomery, John Pease, and Patrick Henry.

Marriage Notes: HODGKIN-MONTGOMERY.-On the 9th December, 1903, at Belfast, Henry Theodore Hodgkin, M.D. (1889-90), of Darlington, to Elizabeth Joy Montgomery, of Belfast. SILVER WEDDING.

HODGKIN— MONTGOMERY.— On December 9th, 1903, Henry Theodore Hodgkin (1890), to Elizabeth Joy Montgomery.

11-Dr. Herbert Montgomery Hodgkin⁹⁹ was born on 5 Dec 1904 in Hampstead, London and died on 3 Nov 1971 at age 66.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 5th December, 1904, at Hampstead, Elizabeth Joy, wife of Henry T. Hodgkin, M.D. (1889-90), a son.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician.

11-John Pease Hodgkin¹⁹⁶ was born on 12 Jan 1909 in Chengdu, Sichuan, China and died on 2 Aug 1994 in Newtown, Pennsylvania, USA at age 85.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 12th January, 1909, at Chentu, West China, Elizabeth Joy, wife of Dr . Henry T. Hodgkin (1890), a son, who was named John Pease.

John Pease Hodgkin (1928), son of HTH (1895) and brother of HMH (1924), was born into a Quaker family on 12 January 1909 in Chengdu, China, where his father was working as a medical missionary. He was educated at Leighton Park School, Reading before coming up to King's to read Economics. Country dancing was a lifelong interest of John's and whilst at Cambridge he danced with The Round, the University country dance society. After graduation John emigrated to the US with his family and established himself in Pennsylvania. Initially he worked as a teacher but after several years retrained as an accountant; in 1947 he became a Certified Public Accountant. His specialism was taxes. John had married Ruth Walenta in July 1934 and the couple had three children, although sadly one son died in childhood. He was a founding member of the Bryn Gweled Homesteads in Southampton, Pennsylvania, a cooperative community, and is credited with having coined the name 'Bryn Gweled', 'Hill of Vision' in Welsh. He is also remembered as being a talented storyteller. Ruth died in 1961 and around this time John relocated to New York. He remarried in January 1963, to Elizabeth Davis, but she also predeceased him, dying in 1974. John had continued country dancing after his arrival in America and learned to Morris dance as well. A long-time supporter and treasurer for many years of the Country Dance and Song Society, he acted as the hobby horse for several Morris

teams, collecting money and explaining the dance to bystanders. John enjoyed 'working' a crowd, the bigger the better, and was very successful collecting hundreds of dollars over the years. In later years John's health deteriorated and he suffered several strokes. He died on 2 August 1994 in Newtown, Pennsylvania, survived by his children Christopher and Meg.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He emigrated to America.
- He worked as a Schoolmaster.
- He worked as a Certified Public Accountant in Pennsylvania, USA.
- He worked as a founding member of the Bryn Gweled Homesteads in Southampton, Pennsylvania, USA.

John married **Ruth Sherlock Walenta**, daughter of **George John Walenta** and **Madelaine Jones**, on 2 Jul 1934 in Maine, USA. Ruth was born on 1 Aug 1909 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died in Dec 1961 at age 52. They had three children: **David Montgomery, Margaret**, and **Christopher Henry**.

12-David Montgomery Hodgkin was born on 21 Aug 1938 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 4 Dec 1948 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 10.

12-Margaret Hodgkin

12-Christopher Henry Hodgkin

Christopher married Margaret Scott Bryan, daughter of James Bryan and Sally Winton. They had three children: David Winton, Dorothy Scott, and Katharine McCurdy.

13-David Winton Hodgkin

13-Dorothy Scott Hodgkin

13-Katharine McCurdy Hodgkin

John next married Elizabeth Davis in Jan 1963. Elizabeth died in 1974.

11-Patrick Henry Hodgkin¹⁹⁷ was born on 6 Mar 1911 in Winchmore Hall, London and died on 13 Aug 1998 in Rhode Island, USA at age 87.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 6th March, 1911, at Winchmore Hall, London, Elizabeth Joy, wife of Henry T. Hodgkin (1890), a son, who was named Patrick Henry.

Patrick Hodgkin, age 87, a teacher at Culver Military Academy for 38 years, died August 18, 1998. After graduating from Haverford, he earned another degree from Middlebury Graduate School in Vermont, and later studied in England at Oxford. In 1936, he married Ann D. Smith but was widowed when she died two years later. In 1942 he became a U.S. citizen. He was an Army Air Corps veteran, serving in Europe during World War II in a bomber group in the 8th Air Force stationed in England. He was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross. In 1945, he married Margaret Mason Curtis and returned to teaching. While teaching at Culver Military Academy, he headed the English department and the fine arts department, and served as sailing master for the Academy's Summer Naval School, retiring in 1976. In 1984 he and his wife moved to Jamestown, RI. He was a member of the Jamestown Historical Society. An artist and writer, he co-authored a regular column in The Jamestown Press and a book of Jamestown history, Jamestown Affairs. He also wrote a collection of verse based on Old Testament stories. He was a member of the Philadelphia Yearly Meeting of Friends and attended the Conanicut Friends Meeting in Jamestown. Besides his wife, he leaves three sons, Jonathan P. Hodgkin of Colchester, VT, Andrew M. Hodgkin of Barrington, VA, and Thomas C. Hodgkin of Colebook, CT; and four grandchildren.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DFC.
- He was educated at Haverford College.
- He was educated at Middlebury Graduate School in Middlebury, Vermont, USA.
- He was educated at University of Oxford in Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He was naturalized an American citizen in 1942.

- He worked as a Teacher. English Department, Culver Military Academy in Culver, Indiana, USA.
- He worked as an officer of the United States Air Corps.
- He was a Quaker in Jamestown, Rhode Island, USA.

Patrick married Ann Dorothea Smith, daughter of Edward Wharton Smith and Anna Dorothea Atwater, on 25 Aug 1936 in Abingdon, Pennsylvania. Ann was born on 16 Feb 1910 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 18 Jul 1939 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 29.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Mount Holyoke College in South Hadley, Massachusetts, USA.
- She was educated at University of Pennsylvania.

Patrick next married Margaret Mason Curtis, daughter of Claude Clayton Curtis and Ella Claire John, on 18 Jul 1945 in Savannah, Georgia, USA. Margaret was born on 22 Jan 1917 in El Paso, Texas, USA and died on 21 Oct 2001 in St. Clare Home, 309 Spring Street, Newport, Rhode Island, USA at age 84. They had three children: Jonathan Patrick, Andrew Montgomery, and Thomas C.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Mount Holyoke College.
- She was educated at Middlebury Graduate School in Middlebury, Vermont, USA.
- She worked as a Reporter and Editor for the Savannah Morning News in Savannah, Georgia, USA.
- She worked as an Editor of the Culver Military Academy Alumni magazine in Culver, Indiana, USA.
- She had a residence in 24 Standish Road, Jamestown, Rhode Island, USA.

12-Jonathan Patrick Hodgkin

Jonathan married Ann Doris Laberge.

12-Andrew Montgomery Hodgkin

Andrew married Virginia Ann Pace, daughter of Elbert Leander Pace.

12-Prof. Thomas C. Hodgkin

Thomas married **Barbara G. Spiegel**. They had two children: Jaime Spiegel and Alison.

13-Jaime Spiegel Hodgkin

13-Alison Hodgkin

10-Harold Olaf Hodgkin^{42,44,157,179,199} was born on 16 Apr 1879 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 13 Jul 1981 in Perth, Western Australia at age 102.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park in Reading, Berkshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Amboniriana, Madagascar.
- He emigrated to Australia in 1975.

Harold married Lydia Grubb,^{25,42,44,179,199} daughter of Joseph Ernest Grubb²⁵ and Hannah Rebecca Jacob,²⁵ on 10 Aug 1905 in Tananarive, Madagascar. Lydia was born on 22 Mar 1878 in Carrick on Suir, Ireland and died in 1966 at age 88. They had six children: Cecily Rebecca, Ernest Pease, Harold William, Erica Mary, Howard Paul, and Theodora Violet.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Saffron Walden in Saffron Walden, Essex.
- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1894-Jul 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was educated at Westfield College.
- She was a Quaker.

11-Cecily Rebecca Hodgkin^{44,199} was born on 5 Apr 1907 in Tananarive, Madagascar and died on 16 Sep 1908 in Amboniriana, Madagascar at age 1.

11-Ernest Pease Hodgkin^{44,200} was born on 26 Jun 1908 in Amboniriana, Madagascar and died on 23 Sep 1998 in Australia at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Biologist & Entomologist.
- He worked as a Government medical entomologist in 1931 in the Federated States of Malaya.
- He worked as a Prisoner of the Japanese at Changi, Singapore.

Ernest married Mary Constance McKerrow,²⁰⁰ daughter of Arnold McKerrow and Gwendoline Mary Jones, on 13 Feb 1931 in St. Pancras, London, Mary was born on 5 Apr 1909 in Mobberley, Knutsford, Cheshire and died on 1 Mar 1985 in Mosman Park, Perth, Western Australia at age 75. They had four children: Christopher Graham, Patricia Mary, Jonathan Howard, and Michael Arnold.

General Notes: Hodgkin, Mary Constance (1909-1985)

by Dorothy Parker

This article was published in Australian Dictionary of Biography, Volume 17, (MUP), 2007

Mary Constance Hodgkin (1909-1985), anthropologist, lecturer and student adviser, was born on 5 April 1909 at Mobberley, Cheshire, England, daughter of Arnold McKerrow, manager of a lithographics works, and his wife Gwendolen Mary, née Jones. Mary was educated at Altrincham County High School for Girls and Victoria University of Manchester (B.Sc., 1930), where she majored in botany. On 13 February 1931 at the register office, St Pancras, London, she married Ernest Pease Hodgkin, a fellow student, who had been appointed government medical entomologist in the Federated States of Malaya. Four months later, after gaining her teaching diploma, she joined Ernest in Kuala Lumpur. A daughter and three sons were born there. She taught at several schools and was involved in the Girl Guides movement.

Following the Japanese invasion of Malaya Mary Hodgkin and her four children were evacuated in January 1942 to Perth and her husband was interned in Singapore. Helped by local Quakers to find temporary accommodation, she soon bought a house at Cottesloe, using a legacy from an uncle. She taught part time (1942-55) at various schools, including Presbyterian Ladies College (1942-54), and continued her association with the Girl Guides, becoming a district commissioner. In October 1945 Ernest joined his family and next year was appointed a lecturer in biology at the University of Western Australia.

In 1956 Mary Hodgkin returned to study as one of the first students in the new department of anthropology and comparative sociology established by Ronald Berndt at UWA (BA Hons, 1959; MA, 1962). In her honours thesis-published as The Asian Student in the University of Western Australia (1958)-she made useful suggestions (later implemented by the university) for assisting overseas students. Research for her master's thesis covered a wider sample of students including those attending schools and technical colleges. Appointed by the government of Malaya (Malaysia from 1963), Mrs Hodgkin served (1959-72) as a liaison officer for the country's students at UWA, providing generous hospitality, practical help and emotional support to hundreds of them. From 1965 she also cared for students from Singapore. A Freda Bage fellowship of the Australian Federation of University Women enabled her to spend eight months in 1961 in Malaya to gauge the adjustment of returned graduates. Assisted by a grant from the Myer Foundation, she travelled to Britain and the United States of America in 1967 to learn how these countries aided Malaysian students. In 1972-80 she was UWA's honorary adviser to overseas students.

Mary Hodgkin tutored and lectured (1965-77) in the department of anthropology; her students remembered her as a lively, interesting and caring teacher. Her publications included Australian Training and Asian Living (1966) and The Innovators: The Role of Foreign Trained Persons in South-East Asia (1972). Active in the Anthropological Society of Western Australia, she was made an honorary life member in 1982. She served on the council of the Girl Guides Association of Western Australia until 1974. In 1972 she was awarded an honorary Ahli Mangku Negara by the Malaysian government, and in 1976 the British Empire medal. She enjoyed painting in water-colours. Survived by her husband and their four children, she died on 1 March 1985 at her Mosman Park home and was cremated.

Select Bibliography

A. Wood (ed), If This Should Be Farewell (2003) Anthropology News, vol 22, no 3, 1985, p 2 Weekend News (Perth), 12 Jan 1963, p 29 West Australian, 7 Mar 1981, p 45 family information. **Citation details**

Dorothy Parker, 'Hodgkin, Mary Constance (1909-1985)', Australian Dictionary of Biography, National Centre of Biography, Australian National University, http://adb.anu.edu.au/biography/hodgkin-mary-constance-12643/text22781, published in hardcopy 2007, accessed online 6 July 2014. This article was first published in hardcopy in Australian Dictionary of Biography, Volume 17, (MUP), 2007

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Anthropologist.
- She worked as a Girl Guides Leader.
- She worked as a Schoolteacher & Lecturer.

12-Christopher Graham Hodgkin²⁰¹ was born on 9 Feb 1933 in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia and died on 9 Aug 2009 in Perth, Western Australia at age 76. The cause of his death was Acute Myeloid Leukaemia.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: He was generally known as Graham Hodgkin.

Christopher married Margaret Rose Woodward, daughter of Gwynne Edward Harcourt Woodward and Margaret Rose Sneddon. They had six children: Marie Anne, Susan Margaret, Alan Lindsay, Beth Lorraine Harcourt, Jonathan Gillespie, and Judi Patricia.

13-Marie Anne Hodgkin

Marie married Kenneth Gero Martin. They had two children: Jacob Hodgkin and Rebecca Anne.

14-Jacob Hodgkin Martin

Jacob married Emma Blankensop. They had two children: Isabelle and Isaac.

15-Isabelle Martin

15-Isaac Martin

14-Rebecca Anne Martin

Rebecca married Josh Davidson. They had one daughter: Sheolaura.

15-Sheolaura Davidson

Rebecca next married Jacob Helmer.

13-Susan Margaret Hodgkin

Susan married Iain Henderson. They had one daughter: Sarah Margaret.

14-Sarah Margaret Henderson

13-Alan Lindsay Hodgkin

Alan married Meredith Helen Lane. They had two children: Robin William and Timothy Alan.

14-Robin William Hodgkin

Robin married Kerryn.

14-Timothy Alan Hodgkin

Timothy married Carmel Howe. They had one daughter: Amity Audrey.

15-Amity Audrey Hodgkin

Alan next married Deborah Stonehouse. They had two children: Molly Patricia and Joanna Caitlin.

14-Molly Patricia Hodgkin

14-Joanna Caitlin Hodgkin

13-Beth Lorraine Harcourt Hodgkin

Beth married Gavin Chadwick.

Beth next married **Dan Reid**. They had two children: **Tamika Joy** and **Cathryn**.

14-Tamika Joy Reid

14-Cathryn Reid

13-Jonathan Gillespie Hodgkin

13-Judi Patricia Hodgkin²⁰¹ was born on 24 May 1968.

Judi married Alexander John Hemsley, son of John Frederick Hemsley and Julia Maria Frances Konekamp. They had one daughter: Genevieve Elizabeth Selim Hodgkin.

14-Genevieve Elizabeth Selim Hodgkin Hemsley

12-Patricia Mary Hodgkin

Patricia married Graham Edwin Wood.

12-Jonathan Howard Hodgkin

12-Michael Arnold Hodgkin

Michael married Anne.

11-Harold William Hodgkin^{44,179} was born on 6 Oct 1909 in Tananarive, Madagascar and died on 6 May 1910 in Diego Suarez, Madagascar (6 Apr 1910 given in AM).

11-Erica Mary Hodgkin was born on 20 Oct 1911 in Carrick on Suir, Ireland and died on 14 Mar 2004 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 92.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Warden of Friends' House in Friends' House, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

Erica married **Donald George Groom**, son of **Ernest Robert Groom** and **Mildred Rayment**, on 30 Dec 1939 in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire. Donald was born on 23 Feb 1913 in Peterborough, Cambridgeshire, died on 11 Aug 1972 in Palam, New Delhi, India at age 59, and was buried in Narmada River, India. His ashes were scattered on the water. The cause of his death was He died in an aircraft crash, returning home to Australia. They had three children: **Robert Paul, Helen Mary**, and **Brian Henry**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Secretary to Australia's Yearly Meeting in 1970 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
- He had a residence in 1970 in Friends' House, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

12-Robert Paul Groom

12-Helen Mary Groom

12-Brian Henry Groom

11-Howard Paul Hodgkin⁴² was born on 27 Feb 1915 in Tananarive, Madagascar, died on 14 Jun 1916 in Tananarive, Madagascar at age 1, and was buried in Tananarive, Madagascar.

11-Theodora Violet Hodgkin was born on 9 Feb 1922 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Nurse at Addenbrookes.
- She emigrated New South Wales, Australia.

Theodora married Edward Nigel Spencer Trickett. They had two children: Mark Olaf and John Paul.

12-Mark Olaf Trickett

12-John Paul Trickett

10-Ronald Hodgkin^{157,195} was born on 23 Jul 1880 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 21 Jan 1966 at age 85, and was buried in FBG Cotherstone. Ronald married Jennett Rachel Backhouse,¹⁵⁷ daughter of James Edward Backhouse^{22,23,25,63,76,157,188,189} and Elizabeth Barclay Fowler,^{25,63,76,112,157,188} on 23 Feb 1915 in Staindrop, County Durham. Jennett was born on 15 Nov 1883 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Jul 1973 in County Durham at age 89, and was buried in FBG Cotherstone. They had three children: Ruth Jennett, Lois, and Christine.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Dec 1901 in York, Yorkshire.

11-Ruth Jennett Hodgkin

Ruth married Charles Eric Barrington, son of Edward Charles Barrington and Annie Maud Woods. They had two children: Gillian Ruth and Ronald Edward.

12-Gillian Ruth Barrington

Gillian married Oliver H. Smeeth. They had three children: Ann Yvonne, Peter Charles, and David Timothy.

13-Ann Yvonne Smeeth

13-Peter Charles Smeeth

13-David Timothy Smeeth

12-Ronald Edward Barrington

11-Lois Hodgkin was born on 23 May 1919 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 22 Jan 2018 in Camelford, Devon at age 98.

General Notes: HODGKIN Lois (Auntie Lo) Died peacefully at home in Camelford on Monday 22nd January, aged 98 years. Loving Aunt of Gill and the Smeeth family. Private Cremation. A Thanksgiving Service will be held at Camelford Methodist Church on Friday February 9th at 11am. Family flowers only please, donations if desired by her request to The Faith Mission by retiring collection or c/o Stephens & Harris Funeral Directors Trewalder Delabole PL33 9ET Telephone 01840 212340.

11-Christine Hodgkin was born on 1 Mar 1923 in Darlington, County Durham and died in May 1995 in Bodmin, Cornwall at age 72.

10-Mary Hodgkin¹⁵⁷ was born on 20 Jun 1882 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 2 Nov 1956 in Darlington, County Durham at age 74, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Secretary to the Darlington Town Mission.

8-Joseph Gurney Backhouse¹⁵⁷ was born on 15 Sep 1817 in Lakenham, Norfolk and died on 23 Nov 1824 at age 7.

8-Henry Gurney Backhouse¹⁵⁷ was born on 15 Jul 1819 in Lakenham, Norfolk and died on 16 Apr 1836 at age 16.

8-Edmund Backhouse^{3,76,121,202} was born on 28 Nov 1824 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 7 Jun 1906 in Trebah, Constantine, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 81, and was buried on 11 Jun 1906 in FBG Budock, Falmouth. General Notes: He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) for Darlington between 1868 and 1880. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Yorkshire. He held the office of Justice of

the Peace (J.P.) for County Durham. He lived at Trebah, Falmouth, Cornwall, England.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School.
- He had a residence in Polam Hall, Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Banker in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Darlington in 1867-1880.
- He had a residence in 17 Prince's Gardens, London.
- He had a residence in Meudon, Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in Trebah, Constantine, Falmouth, Cornwall.

Edmund married Juliet Mary Fox,^{3,33,76,121} daughter of Charles Fox^{2,16,18,31,76,113,121,161} and Sarah Hustler,^{2,16,18,41,113,161} on 22 Sep 1848 in FMH Falmouth. Juliet was born on 27 Oct 1826 in Perranarworthal, Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 3 Dec 1898 in Trebah, Constantine, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 72, and was buried on 8 Dec 1898 in FBG Budock, Falmouth. They had four children: Jonathan Edmund, Sarah Juliet, Charles Hubert, and Millicent Evelyn.

9-Sir Jonathan Edmund Backhouse 1st Bt.^{76,121} was born on 15 Nov 1849 and died on 27 Jul 1918 at age 68.

General Notes: BACKHOUSE, Sir Jonathan Edmund

1st Bt cr 1901

Born 15 Nov. 1849; e s of late Edmund Backhouse, MP, and Juliet Mary, d of Charles Fox; m 1871, Florence (d 1902), d of Sir John S. Trelawny, 9th Bt; four s (incl. twins) one d (and one s decd); died 27 July 1918

JP, DL; Director of Barclay and Co. Ltd

EDUCATION Rugby School; Trinity Hall, Cambridge

HEIR's Edmund Trelawny Backhouse, b 20 Oct. 1873

ADDRESS The Rookery, Middleton Tyas, Yorks

'BACKHOUSE, Sir Jonathan Edmund', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920-2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U192972

7 April 1866, Sat: A cloudy morning, rode with Sophy and Jennie Fox by no man's land and Penjerrick, after a while on the cricket field went on to Penjerrick where we took shelter from the rain, but as it did not clear, rode home and were about wet through on arriving. Lunch, and after reading Gladstone's Liverpool speech, went down to Grove Hill and played billiards with boys. Home, a short rest, Juliet Backhouse came to dinner; she did not speak brightly of Jed who seems overworked at Rugby. Edmund came in by train, Howard and Blanche at dinner; a heavy storm at night.

21 Oct 1873, Tues: To Darlington, at office; saw J oseph Bevan Braithwaite &c on Richardson Trust meeting. Then met John William Pease and Edwin Lucas Pease, offered them share in Middlesbro' Estate, the Mills, & Collieries at a valuation, explained to them everything we could think of, worked steadily at it until lunch time. Minnie and the girls at lunch. Called at the Bank: Jed told me his wife had a little boy last evening . Home by 3.40 train. Minnie went to call on Mrs Ball, I walked about Middlesbro' with Maud & Blanche.

The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Rugby.

• He worked as a Banker in Darlington, County Durham.

Jonathan married Florence Salusbury-Trelawny,^{3,76} daughter of Sir John Salusbury Salusbury-Trelawny 9th Bt.⁷⁶ and Harriet Jane Tremayne, on 29 Nov 1871. Florence died on 11 Oct 1902. They had six children: Edmund Trelawny, Roland Charles, Oliver, Roger Roland Charles, Miles Roland Charles, and Harriet Jane.

10-Sir Edmund Trelawny Backhouse 2nd Bt.^{2,3,76} was born on 20 Oct 1873 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire, died on 8 Jan 1944 in Hôpital St Michel, Wangfujing, Beijing, China at age 70, and was buried in Chala Catholic cemetery, Pingzemen, China.

General Notes: The Hermit of Peking. See Hugh Trevor Roper's Book.

He was a Professor between 1902 and 1913 at Peking University, Peking, China. He was a member of the National Geographical Society at Washington, D.C., U.S.A.. He was a Professor of Chinese in 1913 at King's College London, London. He was invested as a Fellow, Royal Geographical Society (F.R.G.S.). He was invested as a Fellow, Royal Society of Arts (F.R.S.A.). He has an extensive biographical entry in the Dictionary of National Biography. He was a British oriental scholar and linguist whose work exerted a powerful influence on the Western view of the last decades of the Qing Dynasty. Since his death it has been established that he forged most of his sources.

Backhouse, Sir Edmund Trelawny, second baronet (1873–1944), Sinologist and fraudster, eldest of the four surviving sons of Jonathan Edmund Backhouse, first baronet (1849–1918), a banker, and Florence (1845–1902), youngest daughter of Sir John Salusbury Salusbury-Trelawny, was born on 20 October 1873 at The Rookery, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire. The naval officer Roger Roland Charles Backhouse and the political activist Harriet Jane Findlay were among his siblings. Educated at St George's School, Ascot (1882–6), and then at Winchester College, he entered Merton College, Oxford, as a 'postmaster' (foundation scholar) in 1892. At Oxford, Backhouse rebelled against his provincial, middle-class, Quaker origins, spending some £23,000 in three years on a cult of Ellen Terry, on jewellery, and on buying his way into a set of homosexual aesthetes. His studies—first classics, then English literature—were interrupted by a nervous breakdown in mid-1894. Although he had returned to Merton by the end of the year, he left Oxford in 1895 without taking a degree. His debts caught up with him shortly thereafter, and he seems to have fled abroad at the end of the year, at which point his affairs were wound up and bankruptcy proceedings initiated. Backhouse probably visited Greece, Russia, and the United States in this period, but next surfaced for certain in Cambridge, in July 1898, studying Chinese for three months with H. A. Giles. To China Backhouse went at the end of the same year, probably under family diktat: he was never to live in Britain again, but received an allowance from his father, and then, after the latter's death in 1918, from the estate, until his own death. Failing to find a career in the Chinese customs service Backhouse worked unpaid from 1899 for G. E. Morrison, providing translations of Chinese documents for this influential correspondent of The Times, who acted as his patron and who also attempted, unsuccessfully, to repair Backhouse's relations with his father. Through Morrison he came to know J. O. P. Bland, secretary of the Shanghai municipal council and Shanghai correspondent for the paper. In 1909 Bland and Backhouse began their own collaboration on what was to become the most successful, and most disputed, contribution to modern Chinese history then published in Britain. China under the Empress Dowager (1910) consisted largely of documents translated by Blackhouse, and polished by Bland, who constructed around them a vivid narrative of the latter days of the Qing dynasty and the Boxer uprising of 1900. The centrepiece of the volume was the purported diary of Jingshan, the Manchu official in whose house Backhouse was billeted in the aftermath of the rising. Backhouse claimed to have found the diary on entering the house, but is now known to have been, if not its forger, then certainly a close party to the forgery. He deposited the published sections in the British Museum in 1910, but his ineffective responses to challenges against the authenticity of the diary in the 1930s indicate that he knew full well that it was a fraud. Morrison, who knew Backhouse better than anyone at this point, always believed it to be so. Backhouse's reputation as a Sinologist, however, was cemented by this work, and by a further volume with Bland, Annals and Memoirs of the Court of Peking (1914), and his collaboration with Sir Sydney Barton on a revision of Hillier's Pocket Dictionary of Colloquial Chinese (1918). On this basis he began fishing for an academic position in Britain. He was elected to the chair of Chinese at King's College, London, in December 1913 but never took it up, preferring to wait instead for the Oxford professorship, for which he appeared to be heir apparent. Backhouse had been smoothing his way back into Oxford with substantial donations of valuable Chinese books to the Bodleian Library in 1912 and 1914–15, but was to be disappointed in 1920 when W. E. Soothill was elected to the post. Thereafter his dealings with the Bodleian became more and more puzzling; he was advanced money to purchase books which never arrived in Oxford, or scrolls which turned out to be crude forgeries. The consequently strained relations between the Bodleian and Backhouse terminated in 1924— but not before his name was added to its benefactors' roll of honour, inscribed in stone.

Such strange activities had, in fact, become the singular feature of Backhouse's life. In Peking (Beijing) he had found employment in a variety of fields, using his language skills and contacts. He was a fixer and then an agent (1908–10) for the railway concession hunter Charles, sixth Lord ffrench, and an agent for the sale of battleships (1910–17) and of banknotes (1915–17). He was also trusted by Sir John Jordan at the British legation with a fantastic scheme to buy up surplus rifles in China for the British army in 1915. Backhouse's earliest activities on behalf of ffrench and the American Willard Straight appear to have been legitimate, and successful, but later he began to concoct contracts and contacts. Backhouse 'sold' six phantom battleships in 1916 for John Brown & Co. and 650 million imaginary banknotes that same year for the American Banknote Company of New York. In 1915 he assembled an imaginary flotilla of cargo ships, laden with rifles and machine-guns, whose progress down the Chinese coast from Shanghai to Canton (Guangzhou) is minutely recorded in the Foreign Office archives, but which never in fact existed. The complications created by these various plots, which unravelled at much the same time, caused him to flee China for Vancouver for a year in late 1917. He succeeded his father as baronet in 1918, but inherited nothing in the will, although his family footed much of the bill for his frauds on condition that he did not leave China. In China, Backhouse's affairs became rather less ambitious in the 1920s and 1930s. He retreated further into the eccentric seclusion in Peking for which he was already well known— avoiding even accidental contact with Westerners, and dressing always in Chinese clothes. He seems to have been involved in various schemes, mostly shadowy or speculative, involving Chinese antiques

and other articles, and to have been somewhat in thrall to his Chinese secretary. Backhouse was intermittently consulted as a scholar by the British legation but, while occasionally threatening writs against those who denied the authenticity of the Jingshan diary, he published nothing. His much vaunted projects, notably a new dictionary to trump Giles's standard work, were probably imaginary. His inactivity, and his reclusive behaviour, drew to him an air of scholar-gentlemanliness which impressed the small British colony in the 1930s, notably his first Dictionary of National Biography biographer, the painter Hope Danby

The Sino-Japanese War after 1937 made life somewhat difficult for foreigners in Peking. Backhouse was forced to seek temporary refuge in the British legation in 1937, and in 1938 almost returned to Britain at the expense of his wearily loyal and worried family. He took final refuge in part of the unoccupied former Austrian legation in Peking's legation quarter in 1939, after the destruction of his house. There he drew to himself the admiring attention of the Swiss consul, Dr Richard Hoeppli, whom he regaled with tales of his lifelong, mostly homosexual, sexual adventures. Backhouse's notorious unpublished two volumes of memoirs, minutely detailing his intimacy with, among many others, Lord Rosebery and the Dowager Empress Cixi, were written at Hoeppli's request, and are largely constructed around imaginary interactions between himself and the blue-blooded and infamous. While vivid and pungent, the two books, 'Décadence Mandchoue' and 'The Dead Past', are drearily pornographic, enlivened only by splenetic outbursts against all those who had somehow conspired to suppress their author. These memoirs, fittingly, formed his last and posthumous contribution to the Bodleian.

Refusing (he claimed) repatriation in 1942, the by now sclerotically anti-British baronet stayed on in Japanese-occupied Peking. He converted to Catholicism in 1942, hoping that the church in Peking would provide him with money and shelter, as he was an enemy alien in distressed circumstances. This hope does not appear to have been realized. He died on 8 January 1944 in the Catholic Hôpital St Michel, Wangfujing, Peking, and was buried at the Chala Catholic cemetery at Pingzemen.

Backhouse developed a considerable reputation as a Sinologist, but hardly deserved it. He was certainly linguistically gifted, but his intellectual arrogance was considerable, and unfounded, while even his mastery of Chinese has not stood up to thorough examination. He was throughout his life hermitic, eccentric, evasive, litigious, profligate, and a gross snob; but he was also charmingly gentlemanly and persuasive. His fraudulent successes often owed as much to the ignorance and snobbery of those he duped as they did to his own skills. His Sinological successes owed much to the poor state of Chinese studies in Britain.

Backhouse's entry in the Dictionary of National Biography was the sole biographical note published about him until 1976, and much of the information recounted here was not at all widely known before then. His singular and lasting reputation is not as a Sinologist but as a fraud, fantasist, and forger, and to this fact he is indebted to his elegant biographer, Hugh Trevor-Roper. Backhouse may indeed in his memoirs have been the chronicler of, for example, male brothel life in late-imperial Peking, and there may be many small truths in those manuscripts that fill out the picture of his life, but we know now that not a word he ever said or wrote can be trusted.

Robert Bickers

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Archives Bodl. Oxf., memoirs | Mitchell L., NSW, G. E. Morrison MSS · University of Toronto, Thomas Fisher Rare Book Library, J. O. P. Bland MSS Likenesses photograph, c.1919, repro. in Trevor-Roper, Hermit of Peking · two photographs (one on deathbed, 1944), Bodl. Oxf.; repro. in Backhouse, memoirs © Oxford University Press 2004–14

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Robert Bickers, 'Backhouse, Sir Edmund Trelawny, second baronet (1873–1944)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2008

BACKHOUSE, Sir Edmund Trelawny

2nd Bt cr 1901; FRGS; FRSA

Born 20 Oct. 1873; e s of Sir J. E. Backhouse, 1st Bt, and Florence (d 1902), d of Sir John S. Trelawny, 9th Bt; died 8 Jan. 1944

Member, Standing Council Baronetage; Member Académie Diplomatique Internationale, Paris

SUCCESSION S father, 1918

EDUCATION Winchester (Scholar); Merton College, Oxford (Postmaster)

CAREER Present in siege of Legations at Peking (medal with clasp); Professor at Peking University, 1903; head of school for Chinese Studies at King's College, London, 1913; presented 27,000 Chinese books and MSS to the Bodleian Library; thanked by special decrees of Convocation of Oxford University, 1913 and 1921

PUBLICATIONS (with J. O. Bland) China under the Empress Dowager, 1910; The Court of Peking, 1914; an Anglo-Chinese Dictionary by Hillier, Barton, and Backhouse; translated the secret Russo-Chinese agreement of 1901, Anglo-Tibetan treaty of 1904, and many Chinese state-papers for The Times; translations of agreements, treaties, and state papers for British Govt; A Documentary Course of Chinese for Student Interpreters of the British Legation, compiled by request of the latter in 1922; The Encyclical Letter of the Lambeth Conference translated into Chinese, 1923; honorary translator to HM Embassy, Peiping, in Japanese; honorary adviser to British Municipal Council's schools for Chinese nationals in Tientsin, N China HEIR nephew Maj. John Edmund Backhouse, MC

CLUB Carlton

ADDRESS British Embassy Compound, Peking, China

'BACKHOUSE, Sir Edmund Trelawny', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014

[http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U222101

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRGS FRSA.
- He was educated at Winchester and Merton College.
- He worked as a Sinologist and alleged Forger.

10-Roland Charles Backhouse⁷⁶ was born on 15 Dec 1874 and died on 18 Dec 1877 at age 3.

10-Admiral Oliver Backhouse^{3,76} was born on 4 Jun 1876 and died on 25 Mar 1943 at age 66.

General Notes: Admiral Oliver Backhouse fought in the Somaliland Campaign in 1904, where he was mentioned in despatches. He fought in the First World War. He was Commander of the 2nd Naval Brigade, Antwerp and Dardanelles between 1914 and 1915 when he was mentioned in despatches twice more. He was decorated with the award of Legion of Honour. He was decorated with the award of Croix de Guerre. He was invested as a Companion, Order of the Bath (C.B.) in 1915. He was Commander of the H.M.S. Orion in 1916 during the Battle of Jutland, for which he was again mentioned in despatches. He was decorated with the award of Silver Medal of Italy. He was Commander of the H.M.S. Royal Sovereign in 1920 during the occupation of Constantinople. He was Superintendant of the Sheerness Dockyard between 1923 and 1925. He was Admiral Superintendant of the Devonport Dockyard between 1927 and 1931.

Born 5 June 1876; 2nd s of late Sir J. E. Backhouse, 1st Bt; m 1920, Margaret Susan, er d of Dyson Perrins, Ardross, Rossshire, and Davenham, Malvern; died 25 March 1943 EDUCATION HMS Britannia

CAREER Lieut 1898; served Somaliland Expedition, present at capture of Illig, 1904 (despatches, medal); Com. 1908; Capt., 1914; Rear-Adm., 1925; Vice-Adm., 1929; Commodore in command of 2nd RN Brigade, 1914; served at siege of Antwerp, 1914 (despatches); Dardanelles Expedition, 1915 (despatches twice, CB, Croix d'Officer Legion of Honour and Croix de Guerre); Commanded HMS Orion at Battle of Jutland (despatches, Italian Silver Medal for Valour); Commanded HMS Royal Sovereign at Allied occupation of Constantinople, 1920; Naval Member of Ordnance Committee, 1920–23; Captain Superintendent of Sheerness Dockyard, 1923–25; Admiral Superintendent of Devonport Dockyard, 1927–31; retired list, 1929; Adm., retired, 1934 CLUB United Service

'BACKHOUSE, Adm. Oliver', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U222103

10-Admiral of the Fleet, Sir Roger Roland Charles Backhouse^{2,3,76} was born on 24 Nov 1878 in The Rookery, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire and died on 15 Jul 1939 in London at age 60.

General Notes: A man so obsessively incapable of delegating to his staff, he once caused his chief of staff to resign. (Daily Tel. Obituary 7/9/99)

Admiral Sir Roger Roland Charles Backhouse was invested as a Companion, Order of St. Michael and St. George (C.M.G.) in 1917. He held the office of Third Sea Lord of the Admiralty between 1928 and 1932. He held the office of Controller of the Navy between 1928 and 1932. He was Vice-Admiral of the First Battle Squadron, Mediterranean Fleet between 1932 and 1934. He was invested as a Knight Commander, Order of the Bath (K.C.B.) in 1933. He gained the rank of Admiral of the Fleet in 1934. He was Commander-in-Chief of the Home Fleet between 1935 and 1938. He was invested as a Knight Grand Cross, Royal Victorian Order (G.C.V.O.) in 1937. He was invested as a Knight Grand Cross, Order of the Bath (G.C.B.) in 1938. He held the office of First and Principal Naval Advisor to H.M. King George VI in 1938. He held the office of First Sea Lord of the Admiralty between 1938 and 1939.

Backhouse, Sir Roger Roland Charles (1878–1939), naval officer, was born on 24 November 1878 at The Rookery, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire, the fourth son (a twin with his brother Miles) of Sir Jonathan Edmund Backhouse, first baronet (1849–1918), and member of a well-known Quaker banking family, and his wife, Florence (1845–1902), youngest daughter of Sir John Salusbury Salusbury-Trelawny, ninth baronet, and member of a famous and ancient Cornish family. The sinologist Edmund Trelawny Backhouse and the political activist Harriet Jane Findlay were among his siblings. At fourteen he entered the training ship Britannia at Dartmouth as a naval cadet. After passing out in 1894, he received his commission, and was appointed a midshipman in the battleship Repulse of the channel squadron. In 1895 he was transferred to a small cruiser in the Pacific squadron, HMS Comus. Backhouse remained in the Pacific until returning to Britain in 1898. After being promoted to the rank of sub-lieutenant in March 1898, he gained the maximum five first-class certificates and was promoted lieutenant in March 1899. There followed a year's service in the Mediterranean on board the battleship Revenge, where he began to make his name as a gunnery expert. He confirmed this early promise by winning the Egerton prize in 1902. After this achievement he was shuttled back and forth between serving on the staff of the gunnery school ship Excellent at Portsmouth and as gunnery officer on a number of battleships at sea, including service on board the new Dreadnought.

A man of great personal charm and integrity, Backhouse cut a rather imposing figure. Standing at 6 feet 4 inches tall, fit and lean, he was appreciated within the service for his drive, energy, and tenacity. In 1907, aged twenty-nine, with his career advancing successfully in the Royal Navy, Backhouse, popularly known to all as RB, married Dora Louisa, the sixth daughter of John Ritchie Findlay, of Aberlour, Banffshire. This was in every way a successful marriage. Dora proved to be a very supportive partner and they had four daughters and two sons. Backhouse was promoted commander at the end of 1909, and in March 1911 began a period of nearly three and a half years at sea as flag commander to three successive Home Fleet commanders-in-chief: Sir F. C. B. Bridgeman, Sir G. A. Callaghan, and Sir John Jellicoe, in their flagships Neptune and Iron Duke. Promoted captain at the outbreak of war on 1 September 1914, Backhouse rejoined Admiral Jellicoe's staff and distinguished himself both as the gunnery expert and in compiling battle orders. The future first sea lord recommended that the quality of his work deserved a 'mention in

dispatches'.

In November 1915, at the age of thirty-seven, Backhouse took command of the light cruiser Conquest and was attached to the Harwich force under Commodore Sir Reginald Yorke Tyrwhitt. It was a hectic time, and Backhouse and his ship were in the thick of a number of naval skirmishes. On 25 April 1916 he was caught up in the bombardment of the Suffolk port of Lowestoft by a force of German battle cruisers. Backhouse, supported by two other light cruisers and sixteen destroyers, was commanded by Tyrwhitt to intervene and draw off the enemy's fire. Conquest was hit and set on fire by a number of 12 inch shells, killing twenty-three of the crew and wounding sixteen others. Once the shellfire had ceased, Backhouse left the bridge and instantly took personal charge of the clean-up operation that did much to keep the Conquest afloat and enable it to limp back to port. Afterwards he received a commendation from the Board of Admiralty for the speed and effectiveness of his action, which had saved his ship and its company from foundering.

After Admiral Sir David Beatty assumed command of the Grand Fleet in November 1916, Backhouse joined Admiral Sir W. C. Pakenham, the newly appointed commander of the battle-cruiser squadron, as his flag captain and gunnery expert on board the Lion. A bout of ill health brought him ashore in the summer of 1918, but he had recovered sufficiently to take up a desk job at the Admiralty before the war ended on 11 November 1918. After the armistice he remained in Whitehall for several years, and was appointed director of naval ordnance in September 1920. He was sent to sea again in January 1923 in command of the battleship Malaya. After a twenty-month attachment in the Atlantic Fleet, Backhouse was brought home to attend a series of senior officers' courses at Portsmouth, during which he was promoted rear-admiral at the age of forty-six in April 1925. After achieving flag rank, Backhouse was sent to the Iron Duke in May 1926 to exercise command of the 3rd battle squadron of the Atlantic Fleet. A year later he returned home for a well-earned period of rest and recuperation on half pay. Backhouse was appointed third sea lord and controller of the navy at the Admiralty in November 1928. He remained at his post throughout a crisis-strewn period in which financial and economic problems arose to batter both the Royal Navy and the governments of the day, causing significant 'casualties' on all sides. Promoted vice-admiral in October 1929, Backhouse had fought a long, hard battle with the Treasury mandarins over the Admiralty estimates. It was therefore with a profound sense of relief that he left the tortuous in-fighting of Whitehall to hoist his flag in the Revenge and take command in March 1932 of the 1st battle squadron, and become second in command of the Mediterranean Fleet under Admiral Sir Ernle Chatfield and subsequently Admiral Sir W. W. Fisher. Backhouse, who was knighted in 1933, remained in the Mediterranean until May 1934, and was promoted admiral while on station in February 1934, at the age of fifty-five. By this time he had made a name for himself as something of a tireless workaholic and an officer who pushed himself as hard as he drove his staff. Unwilling to accept sloppiness in either thought or deed, he did not suffer fools gladly, and could be quite withering with those who crossed him. Hardened by experience and confident in his own ability, Backhouse lavished immense care on all matters— great and small— that were passed to him for his scrutiny. Unfortunately, this attitude gained him the reputation of a micro-manager who found it almost pathologically difficult to delegate authority to others around him. Although this unflattering description of his working habits was rather exaggerated, it was not a totally erroneous picture of his performance in command, as his next appointment showed.

In August 1935 Backhouse was made the commander-in-chief, Home Fleet, with his flag in the battleship Nelson. He took as his chief of staff the 52-year-old Bertram Home Ramsay, an old friend from their days on the Dreadnought and a highly opinionated character who had made flag rank earlier in the year. Backhouse and Ramsay both liked their own way, and both relished making decisions and controlling events. They did not work well together. Within two months Backhouse was writing to Chatfield that Ramsay's appointment was not working out in the way that he had hoped, and that unless the younger man was prepared to rein in his own impetuous temperament he would have to go. Unwilling to change and accommodate his chief, Ramsay asked to be relieved of his post in December 1935. Supported by the Admiralty, Backhouse survived the Ramsay episode and prospered. He remained at the helm until April 1938, when it was announced that he would succeed Lord Chatfield as first sea lord and chief of naval staff later in the year. Before he took up his post at Admiralty House in August 1938, he was appointed first and principal aide-camp to George VI.

Backhouse could not have taken over as first sea lord at a more ominous time for the British government. Europe appeared to be on the verge of war over the Sudetendeutsch problem. Backhouse and the two other chiefs of staff— Air Chief Marshal Sir Cyril Newall and Lieutenant-General Viscount Gort— all thought the United Kingdom militarily so vulnerable as to require a political solution to the Czech problem; otherwise, the country might be drawn into a war with Germany, and possibly with the other members of the anti-Comintern pact (Italy and Japan) as well. Although Backhouse supported the Munich agreement on pragmatic grounds, his political chief, the cantankerous first lord— Alfred Duff Cooper— reacted angrily by denouncing appearement and resigning from the government in protest. Duff Cooper's exit in early October allowed Chamberlain to appoint his friend the seventh earl of Stanhope as first lord. A more conciliatory fellow than his predecessor, Stanhope had little real knowledge of naval affairs, and came to rely heavily upon Backhouse's expertise in the few months that they worked together. As first sea lord, Backhouse demonstrated repeatedly that he was not obsessed with detail and bureaucratic minutiae and that he was prepared to overhaul the administrative machinery of the Admiralty and cast aside some of the Royal Navy's inter-war strategic concepts. Overwhelmed by work during the recent Czech crisis, he was convinced that inefficiency prevailed within the Admiralty's administrative structure. By establishing the Binney committee to look into the organization of the naval staff and make recommendations for change, Backhouse was intent on delegating and decentralizing policy making as much as possible. He also sought to reform British strategic doctrine, which he considered had become hazardous because it still required the main fleet to go to Singapore if war broke out with Japan. As news filtering back from central Europe became gloomier, Backhouse became more adamant in his belief that the Mediterranean and the Middle East region were burgeoning theatres of military and economic importance to the United Kingdom, and that they should not be subordinated to the 'Singapore strategy'. Driven by the need to break the mould in strategic thinking, Backhouse brought in the innovative Vice-Admiral Drax, lodging him temporarily in the Admiralty, with instructions to devise a set of war plans that might leave the Royal Navy less exposed against the worldwide menace posed by the German, Italian, and Japanese fleets. What emerged from Drax's voluntary confinement in the Admiralty was a strategic plan that tossed aside the essential element of the Singapore strategy in favour of concentrating British naval and air power in the Mediterranean, north Africa, and Middle East at the outset of a future war. The aim would be to defeat the Italians, seen as the weakest among the United Kingdom's potential enemies. Even so, both Drax and Backhouse still envisaged a scaleddown version of a Far Eastern commitment— a 'flying squadron' of two capital ships, an aircraft-carrier, a cruiser squadron, and a destroyer flotilla— to deter the Japanese from interfering with or overrunning British possessions in the region. Although he did not live long enough to push these strategic concepts in Whitehall, the plans were consistent with Backhouse's view that the capital ship was still the most potent weapon in a fleet's arsenal. Although somewhat myopic about its vulnerability to aerial bombardment on the high seas, Backhouse was alive to the dangers posed by submarines to all naval craft, and urged his technical staff to design a new type of escort vessel with a strong anti-aircraft armament that would make it suitable for anti-submarine warfare as well as escort and patrol duties.

Hitler's seizure of the rump of Czechoslovakia in mid-March 1939 roughly coincided with the onset of Backhouse's fatal illness. What appeared to be a long and persistent bout of influenza was

eventually diagnosed as a brain tumour: a terminal condition which forced him to retire in May and from which he died in London on 15 July 1939, shortly after being promoted admiral of the fleet. His wife survived him.

A man of consummate ability, who was scrupulous and fair and immensely liked by those who knew him well, Backhouse did not remain long enough as first lord to dispel the jaundiced impression— formed by some of his contemporaries at the time and by a host of naval historians subsequently— that he was a weak and indecisive leader who offered his staff little operational guidance. This unflattering assessment of his qualities is both exaggerated and unjust. Backhouse was not half-hearted about anything. An officer who expected no more and no less of his staff than he was prepared to give himself, Backhouse was not given to self-doubt, and was prepared to back his own judgement and not become a mere slave to tradition. Efficiency was his watchword, and this ensured that he could not do everything himself.

Malcolm H. Murfett

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Archives CAC Cam., John H. Godfrey MSS · NMM, Chatfield MSS FILM BFINA, news footage

Likenesses W. Stoneman, photograph, 1932, NPG [see illus.] · Bassano, photograph, 1938, NPG

Wealth at death £8266 17s. 5d.: probate, 25 Oct 1939, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Malcolm H. Murfett, 'Backhouse, Sir Roger Roland Charles (1878–1939)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2012 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/30514

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BACKHOUSE, Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Roland Charles

GCB 1938; GCVO 1937; KCB 1933; CB (Civil), 1914; CB (Mil.), 1928; CMG 1917

Born 24 Nov. 1878; 4th s (twin) of late Sir Jonathan E. Backhouse, 1st Bt; m 1907, Dora Louisa, d of the late J. R. Findlay of Aberlour, Banffshire; two s four d ; died 15 July 1939 CAREER Rear-Adm., 1925; Vice-Adm., 1929; Adm. 1934; Adm. of the Fleet, 1939; served European War, 1914– 19 (CB, CMG); Director of Naval Ordnance, 1920– 22; Rear-Admiral commanding 3rd Battle Squadron, Atlantic Fleet, 1926– 27; Third Sea Lord and Controller of the Navy, 1928– 32; Vice-Admiral commanding First Battle Squadron, Mediterranean Fleet, 1932– 34; Commander-in-Chief Home Fleet 1935– 38; First and Principal Naval ADC to the King, 1938– 39; First Sea Lord and Chief of Naval Staff, 1938– 39; retired list, 1939 CLUB United Service

ADDRESS 32 Sloane Gardens, SW1

'BACKHOUSE, Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Roland Charles', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U205503

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCB GCVO CMG.
- He worked as a First Sea Lord.
- He worked as an Admiral of the Fleet.

Roger married **Dora Louise Findlay**, daughter of **John Ritchie Findlay** and **Susan Leslie**. They had six children: **John Edmund**, **Ruth Dora**, **Barbara Constance**, **Joan Margaret**, **Florence**, and **Richard Miles**.

11-Maj. Sir John Edmund Backhouse 3rd Bt.³ was born on 30 Apr 1909 and died on 29 Aug 1944 in Action, Normandy at age 35.

General Notes: BACKHOUSE, Major Sir John Edmund 3rd Bt cr 1901; MC 1944; RA Born 30 April 1909; s of Adm. of the Fleet Sir Roger Roland Charles Backhouse, GCB, GCVO, CMG (4th s of 1st Bt), and Dora Louisa, d of John Ritchie Findlay, Aberlour, Banffshire; m 1937, Jean Marie Frances, d of Lt-Col G. R. V. Hume Gore, MC, The Gordon Highlanders; two s three d ; died 29 Aug. 1944 SUCCESSION S uncle, 1944 EDUCATION Harrow; RMA, Woolwich CAREER 2nd Lt RA, 1929, Lt, 1932, Capt., 1938, Temp. Major, 1939 HEIR s Jonathan Roger, b 1939 CLUB United Service

'BACKHOUSE, Major Sir John Edmund', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U222102

John married Jean Marie Frances Hume-Gore, daughter of Lt. Col. Gavin Robert Vernon Hume-Gore. They had five children: Jenifer Ann, Jonathan Roger, Oliver Richard, Jane Elizabeth, and Judith Mary.

12-Jenifer Ann Backhouse

Jenifer married Arthur Wreford Reed. They had four children: Catherine Anna, Suzanne Belinda, Dominic Wreford, and Rupert Wreford.

13-Catherine Anna Reed

13-Suzanne Belinda Reed

Suzanne married Guido Lombardo, son of Remo Lombardo. They had two children: Giacomo Willoughby and Isabella Mariantonietta.

14-Giacomo Willoughby Lombardo

14-Isabella Mariantonietta Lombardo

13-Dominic Wreford Reed

Dominic married Yulya Ponomarenko.

13-Rupert Wreford Reed

Rupert married Katerina Mutic, daughter of Rodoljub Mutic. They had one daughter: Natalia Jenifer Wreford.

14-Natalia Jenifer Wreford Reed

12-Sir Jonathan Roger Backhouse 4th Bt.³ was born on 30 Dec 1939 and died on 15 Nov 2007 at age 67.

General Notes: BACKHOUSE, Sir Jonathan Roger 4th Bt cr 1901 Born 30 Dec. 1939; s of Major Sir John Edmund Backhouse, 3rd Bt, MC, and Jean Marie Frances, d of Lieut-Col G. R. V. Hume-Gore, MC, The Gordon Highlanders; m 1997, Sarah Ann, o d of James Stott, Cromer, Norfolk; one s one d ; died 15 Nov. 2007 formerly Managing Director, W. H. Freeman & Co. Ltd, Publishers SUCCESSION S father, 1944 **EDUCATION** Oxford HEIR s Alfred James Stott Backhouse, b 7 April 2002 'BACKHOUSE, Sir Jonathan Roger', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920-2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U6093

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ampleforth. Brasenose College.
- He worked as a Managing director of W. H. Freeman & Company.

Jonathan married Sarah Ann Stott, daughter of James Stott. They had two children: Eleanor Jane Stott and Alfred James Stott.

13-Eleanor Jane Stott Backhouse

13-Sir Alfred James Stott Backhouse 5th Bt.

12-Oliver Richard Backhouse was born on 18 Jul 1941 and died on 10 Dec 2004 at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Ampleforth.

Oliver married Gillian Irene Lincoln. They had two children: William and Emma.

13-William Backhouse

13-Emma Backhouse

12-Jane Elizabeth Backhouse was born on 13 May 1943 and died on 17 Mar 1946 at age 2.

12-Judith Mary Backhouse

Judith married Garth Bently Gibson, son of Burchell Gibson.

Judith next married Filippo Lo Giudice. They had three children: Barbara, Barbaro, and Francesca.

13-Barbara Lo Giudice

13-Barbaro Lo Giudice

13-Francesca Lo Giudice

11-Ruth Dora Backhouse

11-Barbara Constance Backhouse died on 1 Oct 1968.

Barbara married Cmdr. David Charles Kinloch, son of Rev. Canon. Michael Ward Kinloch. They had one son: Colin William.

12-Colin William Kinloch

Colin married Valerie Honor Claire Burrowes, daughter of Col. Terence Burrowes and Denice Ellen Leslie Friend. They had three children: Harriet Leslie, Rachel Frances, and Alastair Terence.

13-Harriet Leslie Kinloch

13-Rachel Frances Kinloch

13-Alastair Terence Kinloch

11-Joan Margaret Backhouse

Joan married Archibald Norman Macpherson, son of Lt. Col. Archibald Duncan Macpherson. They had three children: Susan Margaret, Allan Alastair, and Angus John.

12-Susan Margaret Macpherson

12-Allan Alastair Macpherson

12-Angus John Macpherson

11-Florence Backhouse

Florence married Vice Admiral Sir Hilary Worthington Biggs, son of Lt. Col. Charles William Biggs, on 22 Dec 1934. Hilary was born on 15 Jan 1905 and died on 2 Jan 1976 at age 70. They had four children: Elizabeth, Geoffrey William Roger, Michael Richard, and Rachel Mary.

12-Elizabeth Biggs

Elizabeth married Capt. James Walmsley, son of Col. Arthur Wyndham Walmsley. They had two children: James Patrick and David Christopher.

13-James Patrick Walmsley

13-David Christopher Walmsley

12-Vice Admiral Sir Geoffrey William Roger Biggs was born on 23 Nov 1938 and died on 29 Jun 2002 at age 63.

General Notes: He gained the rank of Lieutenant-Commander in the service of the Royal Navy. He gained the rank of Commander in 1975. He gained the rank of Captain in 1980. He gained the rank of Rear-Admiral in 1990. He gained the rank of Vice-Admiral in 1992. He was invested as a Knight Commander, Order of the Bath (K.C.B.) in 1993. He was military advisor to ICL and DESC between 1995 and 2002

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Charterhouse.

Geoffrey married Marcia Zoe De Cambourne Leask, daughter of Maj. Gen. Henry Lowther Ewart Leask. They had two children: William and Anthony.

13-William Biggs

13-Anthony Biggs

Geoffrey next married Caroline Ann Daly.

12-Michael Richard Biggs

12-Rachel Mary Biggs

Rachel married Captain John Michael Curtis. They had one daughter: (No Given Name).

13-Curtis

11-Richard Miles Backhouse was born on 9 Apr 1911 and died on 23 Sep 1969 at age 58.

Richard married Angela Mary Haig-Thomas, daughter of Peter Haig-Thomas and Lady Alexandra Henrietta Alice Agar.

Richard next married Edeltraud Margaretha Perz, daughter of Dr. Hans Perz. They had two children: Louise Maria Theodora and Julia Maria Florence.

12-Louise Maria Theodora Backhouse

Louise married Lt. Col. Jonathan Arthur Francis Howard, son of John William Howard and Elizabeth Bligh Veasey. They had three children: William Richard Michael, George Jonathan Henry, and Henry John Arthur.

13-William Richard Michael Howard

13-George Jonathan Henry Howard

13-Henry John Arthur Howard

12-Julia Maria Florence Backhouse

Julia married Paul Cameron Taylor. They had two children: Marie-Louise Florence and John Maximillian.

13-Marie-Louise Florence Taylor

13-John Maximillian Taylor

10-Lt. Col. Miles Roland Charles Backhouse^{3,76} was born on 24 Nov 1878 and died on 15 May 1962 at age 83.

General Notes: BACKHOUSE, Lt-Col Miles Roland Charles

DSO 1902 and bar, 1917; TD

Born 24 Nov. 1878; 4th s of late Sir Jonathan Edmund Backhouse, 1st Bt and Florence, d of Sir W. Salusbury-Trelawny, 9th Bt of Trelawne, Cornwall; m 1904, Olive (d 1954), 2nd d of late Geoffrey F. Buxton, CB; three s one d; died 15 May 1962

Lt-Col TA (retd); formerly Vice-President International Sleeping Car Co.; Director: Brixton Estate Ltd; La Protectrice Insurance Co., Paris EDUCATION Eton; Trinity Hall, Cambridge

CAREER Served in the 14th Squadron Imperial Yeomanry in South Africa, 1900–02 (wounded, despatches, DSO, Queen's medal three clasps, King's medal two clasps); Hon. Capt. in Army, 1902; European War, 1914–18, Northumberland Hussars, North Somerset Yeomanry, and 8th Battn. Yorkshire Regt (despatches four times, bar to DSO) CLUBS Travellers'; Travellers' (Paris)

ADDRESS 12 Cheyne Court, Flood Street, SW3

Flaxman 8778

'BACKHOUSE, Lt-Col Miles Roland Charles', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U50430

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO and Bar TD.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He resided at St. Trinian's, Richmond, Yorkshire.

Miles married Olive Elizabeth Emily Buxton,^{3,76} daughter of Lt. Col. Geoffrey Fowell Buxton and Mary Harbord, on 14 Sep 1904. Olive was born on 3 May 1886 and died on 16 Sep 1954 at age 68. They had four children: Roger Trelawny, Jonathan, Una Patricia, and Wilfrid Jaspar.

11-Maj. Roger Trelawny Backhouse was born on 5 Sep 1905 and died on 6 Nov 1977 at age 72.

General Notes: He gained the rank of Major in the service of the Royal Rifles of Canada. He was director of Darlington Building Society. He was director of Barclays Bank Darlington. He held the office of High Sheriff of County Durham in 1962

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1962.

Roger married Beatrice Ada Janet Bond, daughter of Capt. Hedleigh St George Bond, on 22 Apr 1938. Beatrice died on 1 May 2008. They had three children: Jane Trelawny, Avery St George, and Elizabeth Este.

12-Jane Trelawny Backhouse

Jane married Michael Lake Coghlan, son of Kenneth Lake Coghlan. They had four children: Jane Louise Lake, Henry Trelawny Lake, Serena Mary Lake, and Benjamin Patrick Lake.

13-Jane Louise Lake Coghlan

Jane married Stevan Coldwell. They had two children: Amy Elizabeth and Mary Beatrice.

14-Amy Elizabeth Coldwell

14-Mary Beatrice Coldwell

13-Henry Trelawny Lake Coghlan

Henry married Samantha Jane Gibbs.

13-Serena Mary Lake Coghlan

Serena married Thomas Montgomery. They had three children: Jack Thomas, Phoebe Jane, and Alexander Lake.

14-Jack Thomas Montgomery

14-Phoebe Jane Montgomery

14-Alexander Lake Montgomery

13-Benjamin Patrick Lake Coghlan

12-Avery St George Backhouse

Avery married Colin Frohawk Burrell, son of Roy Herbert Adams Burrell and Jaqueline Doreen Noel Sidebottom. They had two children: Katharine Victoria and Oliver Roy St. George.

13-Katharine Victoria Burrell

Katharine married Peter John Bowring. They had one son: Oscar Peter James.

14-Oscar Peter James Bowring

Katharine next married Roderic Mark Robert Lloyd. They had two children: Rufus St. George Robert and India Avery Clementina.

14-Rufus St. George Robert Lloyd

14-India Avery Clementina Lloyd

13-Oliver Roy St. George Backhouse

12-Elizabeth Este Backhouse

Elizabeth married Angus Hugh Fraser, son of Maj. Hugh Munro Fraser. They had three children: Sophie Lavinia, Camilla Elizabeth, and Emma Caroline.

13-Sophie Lavinia Fraser

Sophie married Simon Barber.

13-Camilla Elizabeth Fraser

13-Emma Caroline Fraser

Elizabeth next married John Benedict Leigh Hoskyns-Abrahall, son of Rt. Rev. Anthony Leigh Egerton Hoskyns-Abrahall and Margaret Ada Storey.

11-Maj. Jonathan Backhouse³ was born on 16 Mar 1907 and died on 7 Dec 1993 at age 86.

General Notes: BACKHOUSE, Jonathan Born 16 March 1907; 2nd s of late Lt-Col Miles Roland Charles Backhouse, DSO, TD, and Olive Backhouse; m 1934, Alice Joan Woodroffe (d 1984); two s one d ; died 7 Dec. 1993 retired EDUCATION RNC Dartmouth CAREER Served War of 1939–45, Royal Artillery. Merchant Bank, 1924–28; Stock Exchange, 1928–50; Merchant Bank, 1950–70 RECREATIONS Shooting, etc CLUB Royal Thames Yacht ADDRESS Breewood Hall, Great Horkesley, Colchester, Essex CO6 4BW Colchester (0206) 271260 'BACKHOUSE, Jonathan', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U170935

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at RNC Dartmouth.
- He worked as a Director of J. Henry Schroder and Company.

Jonathan married Alice Joan Woodroffe,³ daughter of Brig. Gen. Charles Richard Woodroffe and Eleanor Mary Webb, on 23 Mar 1934. Alice was born on 27 Feb 1910 and died on 16 Jun 1984 at age 74. They had three children: Joanna, David Miles, and William.

12-Joanna Backhouse

Joanna married Jeremy James Norris Wyatt, son of Sir Myles Dermod Norris Wyatt. They had four children: Sarah, Nell Victoria, Carina May, and Thomas.

13-Sarah Wyatt

13-Nell Victoria Wyatt

13-Carina May Wyatt

13-Thomas Wyatt

12-David Miles Backhouse

David married Sophia Ann Townsend, daughter of Col. Clarence Henry Southgate Townsend. They had two children: Cilla Gael and Benjamin Johnathan.

13-Cilla Gael Backhouse

Cilla married Dickon Wood.

13-Benjamin Johnathan Backhouse

12-William Backhouse

William married Deborah Jane Hely-Hutchinson, daughter of Lt. Col. Hon. David Edward Hely-Hutchinson and Barbara Mary Wyld. They had three children: Harriet Diana, Tessa Louise, and Timothy James.

13-Harriet Diana Backhouse

13-Tessa Louise Backhouse

13-Timothy James Backhouse

11-Una Patricia Backhouse

Una married Lt. Cdr. Douglas Raymond Collins, son of Richard Johnson Douglas Collins. They had five children: Annabella, Christopher Douglas, Susanna Mary, Belinda Patricia, and Benjamin Jasper.

12-Annabella Collins

Annabella married James Desmond Buxton, son of Maj. Desmond Gurney Buxton^{76,163} and Rachel Mary Morse,.¹⁶³ They had two children: Jasper Francis and Oliver Desmond.

13-Jasper Francis Buxton

13-Oliver Desmond Buxton

12-Christopher Douglas Collins

Christopher married Susan Anne Lumb. They had two children: Edward Douglas and Lorna Patricia.

13-Edward Douglas Collins

13-Lorna Patricia Collins

12-Susanna Mary Collins

Susanna married Timothy Bertram Abel-Smith, son of Col. Anthony Abel-Smith and Olwyn Heywood-Jones. They had two children: Lucy and Julia.

13-Lucy Abel-Smith

13-Julia Abel-Smith

12-Belinda Patricia Collins

12-Benjamin Jasper Collins

11-Maj. Wilfrid Jaspar Backhouse was born on 28 Jul 1913 and died in 1980 at age 67.

General Notes: Royal Signals

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Rugby.

Wilfrid married Nancy Catherine Bury, daughter of Maj. Lindsay Edward Bury. They had three children: Mary, Hannah Margaret, and Joseph Lindsay.

12-Mary Backhouse

Mary married Angus Bancroft. They had two children: Anna Charlotte and William Harry.

13-Anna Charlotte Bancroft

13-William Harry Bancroft

12-Hannah Margaret Backhouse

Hannah married Robert Braeme Skepper. They had four children: Jane Rachel Nancy, Jonathan Henry Alexander, Georgina Alexandra, and Poppy Joanna Alice.

13-Jane Rachel Nancy Skepper

13-Jonathan Henry Alexander Skepper

13-Georgina Alexandra Skepper was born in 1976 and died in 1996 at age 20.

13-Poppy Joanna Alice Skepper

12-Joseph Lindsay Backhouse

10-Dame Harriet Jane Backhouse⁷⁶ was born on 12 Mar 1880 and died on 24 Jul 1954 at age 74.

General Notes: DBE 1929

Harriet married Sir John Ritchie Findlay 1st Bt. Of Aberlour,⁷⁶ son of John Ritchie Findlay and Susan Leslie, on 9 Jul 1901. John was born on 13 Jan 1866 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 13 Apr 1930 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 64. They had four children: Elizabeth, Laetitia Florence, John Edmund Ritchie, and Roland Lewis.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Proprietore of The Scotsman newspaper.

11-Elizabeth Findlay died in 1958.

Elizabeth married W/Cmdr. Robert Cecil Talbot Speir, son of Guy Thomas Speir and Lucy Mary Fletcher, on 26 Apr 1932. Robert was born on 8 Oct 1904 and died on 2 Jan 1980 at age 75. They had four children: Susan Mary Matilda, Sarah Elizabeth, Robert Jonathan Michael, and Richard Peter Guy.

12-Susan Mary Matilda Speir was born on 2 Apr 1933 and died in 1996 at age 63.

12-Sarah Elizabeth Speir

Sarah married Robin David Taunton Raikes, son of Col. David Taunton Raikes⁷⁶ and Cynthia Birkett Stewart-Brown. They had three children: Emma Jane, Victoria Caroline, and Joanna Elisabeth.

13-Emma Jane Raikes

13-Victoria Caroline Raikes

13-Joanna Elisabeth Raikes

12-Robert Jonathan Michael Speir

12-Richard Peter Guy Speir

11-Laetitia Florence Findlay died on 5 Jul 1978.

General Notes: Laetitia Florence Findlay held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Hampshire in 1951. She was invested as a Officer, Order of the British Empire (O.B.E.) in 1958.

Laetitia married Lt. Col. Sir Hugh Vere Huntly Duff Munro-Lucas-Tooth 1st Bt., son of Maj. Hugh Munro Warrand and Beatrice Maud Lucas Lucas-Tooth, on 10 Sep 1925. Hugh was born on 13 Jan 1903 and died on 18 Nov 1985 at age 82. They had three children: Laetitia Helen, Jennifer Mary, and Hugh John.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a MP.

12-Dr. Laetitia Helen Lucas-Tooth

Laetitia married Sir Michael Bernard Grenville Oppenheimer 3rd Bt. They had three children: Henrietta Laetitia Grenville, Matilda Magdalen Grenville, and Xanthe Jennifer Grenville.

13-Henrietta Laetitia Grenville Oppenheimer

13-Matilda Magdalen Grenville Oppenheimer

13-Xanthe Jennifer Grenville Oppenheimer

Xanthe married Hon. Ivo Adam Rex Mosley, son of Nicholas Mosley 3rd Baron Ravensdale and Rosemary Laura Salmond. They had four children: Nathaniel Inigo, Felix Harry, Scipio Louis, and Noah Billy.

er of the British Empire (O.B.E.) in 1958. Lucas Lucas-Tooth, on 10 Sep 1925. Hugh was 14-Nathaniel Inigo Mosley

14-Felix Harry Mosley

14-Scipio Louis Mosley

14-Noah Billy Mosley

12-Jennifer Mary Lucas-Tooth

Jennifer married Maj. John Desmond Henderson, son of John Kenneth Henderson. They had three children: Patricia Catherine, John Richard, and Alexander.

13-Patricia Catherine Henderson

13-John Richard Henderson

13-Alexander Henderson

12-Sir Hugh John Lucas-Tooth 2nd Bt.

Hugh married Hon. Caroline Poole, daughter of Oliver Brian Sanderson Poole 1st Baron Poole and Betty Margaret Gilkison. They had three children: Caroline Maria, Lucinda Kate, and Belinda Alice.

13-Caroline Maria Lucas-Tooth

Caroline married William John Hibbert, son of Sir Reginald Alfred Hibbert and Ann Pugh. They had two children: Cosima Mary and Clover Frances.

14-Cosima Mary Hibbert

14-Clover Frances Hibbert

13-Lucinda Kate Lucas-Tooth

Lucinda married David Mark Ackroyd. They had three children: Frederick William, Nancy Caroline, and Beatrice Alice Violet.

14-Frederick William Ackroyd

14-Nancy Caroline Ackroyd

14-Beatrice Alice Violet Ackroyd

13-Belinda Alice Lucas-Tooth

Belinda married Aubrey Duarte Simpson-Orlebar, son of Sir Michael Keith Orlebar Simpson-Orlebar.

Belinda next married Anthony Ross Dworkin, son of Prof. Ronald Dworkin. They had one son: Raphael Alexander.

14-Raphael Alexander Dworkin

11-Sir John Edmund Ritchie Findlay 2nd Bt Of Aberlour was born on 14 Jun 1902 and died on 6 Sep 1962 in Bermuda, West Indies at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRSE.
- He worked as a Proprietor of The Scotsman newspaper.

• He worked as a Member of Parliament for Banffshire in 1935-1945.

John married Margaret Jean Graham. They had two children: Moira Juliet and Gillian.

12-Moira Juliet Findlay

Moira married Ovens.

12-Gillian Findlay was born in 1930 and died on 26 Jun 2020 at age 90.

Gillian married Maj. Gen. John Myles (Robin) Brockbank, son of Col. John Graham Brockbank and Eirene Marguerite Robinson. They had four children: Henry John Findlay, Harriet Jane, Myles Robin, and Anthony Lionel.

13-Henry John Findlay Brockbank

Henry married Serena Macdonald-Buchanan, daughter of Capt. John Macdonald-Buchanan and Lady Rose Fane.

13-Harriet Jane Brockbank

Harriet married Michael Robert McCalmont. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

14-McCalmont

14-McCalmont

13-Myles Robin Brockbank

13-Anthony Lionel Brockbank

Anthony married Caroline Sarah Walford, daughter of Capt. Simon Hugh Walford and Hon. Angela Mary Bellew. They had two children: Eleanor Harriet and Rosanna Lucy.

14-Eleanor Harriet Brockbank

14-Rosanna Lucy Brockbank

11-Lt. Col. Sir Roland Lewis Findlay 3rd Bt. Of Aberlour was born on 14 Jul 1903 and died on 28 Jul 1979 at age 76.

Roland married Barbara Joan Garrard, daughter of Maj. Harry Sebastian Garrard and May Cazenove. They had one daughter: Jane Barbara.

12-Jane Barbara Findlay was born on 25 Sep 1928 and died on 1 Sep 2009 at age 80.

Jane married David Anthony Thomas Fane 15th Earl of Westmorland, son of Vere Anthony Francis St. Clair Fane 14th Earl of Westmorland and Hon. Diana Lister, on 20 Jun 1950. David was born on 31 Mar 1924 and died on 8 Sep 1993 at age 69. They had three children: Anthony David Francis Henry, Harry St. Clair, and Camilla Diana.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chairman of Sothebys.

13-Anthony David Francis Henry Fane 16th Earl of Westmorland

Anthony married Caroline Eldred Hughes, daughter of Keon Eldred Hughes and Harriet Sidney Fuller. They had one daughter: Daisy Caroline.

14-Lady Daisy Caroline Fane

13-Hon. Harry St. Clair Fane

Harry married Tessa Forsyth-Forrest, daughter of Capt. Michael Philip Forsyth-Forrest and Robina Jill Grosvenor. They had two children: Sophie Jane and Sam Michael David.

14-Sophie Jane Fane

14-Sam Michael David Fane

13-Lady Camilla Diana Fane

Camilla married Howard J. Hipwood. They had two children: Roasanna Charlotte and Sebastian John.

14-Roasanna Charlotte Hipwood

14-Sebastian John Hipwood

Roland next married Marjory Mary Biddulph, daughter of Hon. Claud William Biddulph and Margaret Howard, on 28 Oct 1964. Marjory was born on 8 Jan 1915 and died on 8 Jun 1995 at age 80.

9-Sarah Juliet Backhouse⁷⁶ was born on 6 Dec 1852 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire, died on 15 Jan 1880 at age 27, and was buried on 23 Jan 1880 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire.

General Notes: **12 Sept 1876, Tues:** Julie Backhouse wedding day. To Darlington 7.45 train, a beautiful morning. Drove my team to Middleton Church - all were assembled - Mr Motram, Pim's friend married them, Evans & two others aiding. The day went off well. The Pims *[Pyms]* seem a ----- lot[sic], a large tent held the breakfast about 190 - large glass house the dinner party of about 55 in the evening - Bridesmaids were Jennie Fox & Millie Backhouse, Miss Paulet, Miss Gilpin Brown, Miss Ellian, Miss Rogers of Penrose, Effie, Miss Ross. A little Miss Pym, a plain lot, their big hats not helping matters; left Middleton about 11.40, had some difficulty in getting along, one of my horses going stupid, arrived at Southend 12.40. **19 Jan 1880, Mon:** At home, Alfred off to Gainford to see a horse for his pony chaise & wife. He telegraphed me of the death of Julie Pym (Backhouse), this will be a terrible blow to Edmund & Juliet and her poor husband.

23 Jan 1880, Fri: To Darlington, and after a little time in the office, on to Middleton Tyas Church to bury poor Julie, the arrangements were nicely made, a very neat vaulted grave, the coffin covered over with flowers, wreaths &c; poor Pym wonderfully quiet, Edmund & he were pictures of quiet grief, there was much sympathy felt for them all. We lunched at Middleton Lodge and then returned to Hutton, Gurney Fox & George Croker returned with Albert & myself – a quiet evvening. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Sarah married Horatio Noble Pym,^{76,157} son of Rev. William Wollaston Pym and Edith Elizabeth Noble, on 12 Sep 1876 in St. George's Church, Middleton St. George, County Durham. Horatio was born on 2 Jul 1844 in Willian, Herts., died on 5 May 1896 in Sevenoaks, Kent at age 51, and was buried 8th May 1896 in Landridge Church, Kent. They had three children: Julian Tindale, Charles Evelyn, and Juliet Sylvia.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 100 Harley Street, London.

General Notes: Solicitor. Lived "Foxwold" at Brasted near Sevenoaks in Kent. The Times Obituary states that "Himself a man of great cultivation and taste, he held in affection the great masters of English literature, reverencing in particular Charles Dickens and all that pertained to him Mr. Pym's death took place with a painful suddenness owing to an affection of the heart induced by Russian influenza."

8 May 1896, Fri: Worked at my letters, rode with Lottie and Claudia, a fine day but cold wind. Left Charing Cross at 2 15 for Sevenoaks to attend the funeral of poor Horace Pym who died somewhat suddenly on Tuesday night (*5th*); from Sevenoaks we drove about 3 miles to Landridge Church , a pretty place in Kent. The Vicar Mr Parry asked us to come in to tea after the funeral. We waited some time Evelyn Pim, his son Guy Pym his brother Edmund and Ted Backhouse, Gurney & Henry Fox were amongst those I knew. The flowers were beautiful, the service and the occasion are always touching . I came back to Town with Edmund & Ted and H. Pym's half-brother . To the House, I heard that *Joseph* Chamberlain had made a clever speech but did not commit himself to any opinion on Cecil Rhodes position, he stated the history ; when I got there, George Wyndham was speaking justifying the Jameson raid. *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Principal of Tathams & Pym, 3 Fredericks Place, Old Jewry, London.

10-Julian Tindale Pym was born in 1877 in Harley Street, London and died in 1898 in Sevenoaks, Kent at age 21.

10-Maj. Sir Charles Evelyn Pym was born on 11 Jan 1879 in Harley St. London, died in 1971 at age 92, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Sundridge, Kent.

General Notes: He fought in the Boer War between 1901 and 1902. He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the 5th Lancers. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Kent in

Sundridge, Kent. ce of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Kent in 1913. He fought in the First World War, where he was mentioned in despatches twice. He gained the rank of Major in the service of the Suffolk Yeomanry. He was invested as a Officer, Order of the British Empire (O.B.E.) in 1919. He held the office of Vice-Chairman of the Kent Council between 1936 and 1949. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.) of Kent in 1938. He was invested as a Commander, Order of the British Empire (C.B.E.) in 1939. He held the office of Chairman of the Kent County Council between 1949 and 1952. He was invested as a Companion, Most Venerable Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem (C.St.J.). He was invested as a Knight in 1959.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Eton. Magdalen College.

Charles married Violet Catherine Lubbock, daughter of Frederic Lubbock and Catherine Gurney, on 7 Jun 1905 in Chelsea, London. Violet was born in 1881 in London, died on 21 Jan 1927 at age 46, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Sundridge, Kent. They had four children: John, Roland, Mary Elizabeth, and Martin Jeremy.

11-Lt. Col. John Pym was born on 12 May 1908 and died on 22 Nov 1993 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at FRIBA.
- He worked as an Eton. Trinity College.

John married Diana Gough, daughter of Brig. Gen. Sir John Edmund Gough VC, on 17 Dec 1930. They had three children: Jill, Carol, and John Nicholas.

12-Jill Pym

Jill married Prof. Sir Charles Antony Richard Hoare, son of Henry Samuel Malortie Hoare and Marjorie Francis Villiers. They had three children: Thomas, Matthew, and Joanna.

13-Thomas Hoare

13-Matthew Hoare was born in 1967 and died in 1981 at age 14.

13-Joanna Hoare

12-Carol Pym

Carol married Edwin St. Clair Taylor, son of Frederick John Taylor. They had two children: Alexis Paul and Chloe Emma.

13-Alexis Paul Taylor

Alexis married Andrea Bottomley. They had two children: Innes Primrose and Freya May.

14-Innes Primrose Taylor

14-Freya May Taylor

13-Chloe Emma Taylor

Chloe married someone. She had two children: Lily Grace and Fern Maude.

14-Lily Grace Taylor

14-Fern Maude Taylor

12-John Nicholas Pym

John married Hope Brook Auerbach, daughter of Prof. John Joseph Auerbach. They had three children: Celia Evans, William, and Martha Elizabeth.

13-Celia Evans Pym

13-William Pym

13-Martha Elizabeth Pym

11-Roland Pym

11-Mary Elizabeth Pym was born on 8 Oct 1914 and died on 17 May 2002 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Downe House School.

Mary married Henry Patrick Cobb.

11-Martin Jeremy Pym was born on 23 May 1919 and died on 14 Nov 1981 at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Eton. Trinity College.

• He worked as a Managing Director of Hambros Bank.

Martin married Jean Maxwell, daughter of Maj. Douglas Duff Maxwell. They had three children: Simon Charles, Richard Anthony, and Daphne Lucinda.

12-Simon Charles Pym

Simon married Deborah Lake.

12-Richard Anthony Pym Richard married Lindsay Hancock.

12-**Daphne Lucinda Pym** Daphne married **Robert Trinder**.

10-Juliet Sylvia Pym was born in 1880 and died in 1880.

9-Charles Hubert Backhouse⁷⁶ was born on 22 Sep 1856 and died on 11 Nov 1924 in Trevone, Wood Lane, Falmouth at age 68.

General Notes: Sun 29 Aug 1880 – Lizzie Leatham engaged to one Leonard Pelly – Charlie Backhouse to his governess at Middleton Lodge, Miss Ritchie. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bank Director in Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Trevone, Wood Lane, Falmouth.

Charles married Maude Constance Ritchie,⁷⁶ daughter of Henry Ritchie and Indiana Frances, on 25 Nov 1880 in Mawnan, Cornwall. Maude was born on 4 Feb 1855 in Kensington and died on 5 Apr 1931 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 76. They had four children: Juliet Maude, Hubert Edmund ''Tommie,'' Charles Llewellyn, and Indiana Richenda.

10-Juliet Maude Backhouse¹⁵⁰ was born on 18 Oct 1881 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1911 in Lanlivery, Cornwall.

10-Capt. Hubert Edmund "Tommie" Backhouse was born on 4 Jan 1883 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire, died on 15 Oct 1916 in The Somme. Killed in action at age 33, and was buried in Named

on the Thiepval Memorial.

General Notes: **Backhouse, Hubert Edmund** Born Jan. 4, 1883, at Norton, Co. Durham. Son of Charles Hubert Backhouse. School, Wellington College. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 25, 1901. BA 1904. Captain, Sherwood Foresters (Notts. and Derby Regiment), attached to 2nd Bn. Killed in action Oct. 15, 1916. Commemorated at Thiepval Memorial, Somme, France. *Trinity College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI*.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wellington College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1901-1904.
- He worked as an Officer of the Sherwood Foresters (Notts and Derby Regiment).

10-Capt. Charles Llewellyn Backhouse RN was born on 2 Apr 1884 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire and died on 25 May 1953 in London at age 69.

General Notes: 15.01.1899 commissioned 03.05.1918

(01.1919) HMS Attentive 2 (for duty at Dunkirk as Gunnery Officer) 04.11.1939

(08.1943) HMS Afrikander (RN base, Simonstown, South Africa) (08.1942)

(08.1943) F.O.G.O., South Africa (10.1943) -(12.1943) no appointment listed 23.03.1944

(07.1945) HMS Calliope (RN base, Tyne)

10-Indiana Richenda Backhouse was born on 10 Jul 1886 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire and died in 1980 in Wantage, Oxfordshire at age 94.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with MBE.
- She worked as a Commandant, Lydney Auixiliary Hospital in 1919 in Lydney, Gloucestershire.

Indiana married **Hubert Walter H. Ainsworth** in 1927 in Falmouth, Cornwall. Hubert was born in 1885 in Lincoln, Lincolnshire and died in 1958 at age 73. Marriage Notes: 3rd Quarter

9-Millicent Evelyn Backhouse^{33,76,164} was born on 22 Oct 1862.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Trebah, Falmouth, Cornwall.

Millicent married William Frederick Charles Rogers,¹⁶⁴ son of Reginald Rogers¹⁶⁴ and Mary Frances Nankivell,¹⁶⁴ on 19 Nov 1896 in Mawnan, Cornwall. William was born on 30 Apr 1861 in

Mawnan, Cornwall and was christened on 9 Jun 1861 in Mawnan, Cornwall. They had two children: Juliet Evelyn Mary and Wilfred Edmund.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Carwinion, Mawnan, Cornwall.

10-Juliet Evelyn Mary Rogers¹⁶⁴ was born on 6 Jun 1898 in Constantine, Falmouth, Cornwall.

Juliet married Leonard Charles Lewis.

10-Lt. Col. Wilfred Edmund Rogers was born in 1900 in Constantine, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 8 Jul 1970 in Cornwall at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Barnes Cottage, Mawnan Smith, Falmouth, Cornwall.

Wilfred married Elizabeth Susan Kidd, daughter of Capt. Henry Kidd and Lady Mary Kerr. Elizabeth was born in 1907 in London.

7-Jane Gurney^{10,105,142,150} was born on 23 Mar 1789 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 21 Feb 1821 at age 31.

General Notes: Jane Gurney Jr of the Grove had a lover who was a soldier & I always understood she was in love with him, but that eventually as her family was against it, she married Henry Birkbeck, only to die within a year in childbirth – I imagined this lover to be General (then Col.) Sir Rich^d Church, the liberator of Greece - Henry Birkbeck used to denounce the brutality of the proceeding and Harry said he always said (I doubt this) the Quakers only cared to make money matches – My Aunt Rachel told me it was not Church – but Col. David Barclay & that it was not so much his being a soldier as a first cousin, indeed she was not sure he was a soldier, but declared Jane's father was against first cousin marriages - This last is not correct as I have his own views on the question stated pretty strongly

From the Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. (un-published but in family possession)

Whatever the truth, Richard Church's sister Elizabeth, married John Backhouse and their son, John Church Backhouse married Anna Gurney. So the family connection stands. Richard features in the database, since he was a descendant of the Dearman and Broadhead families. I assume that the David Barclay was he who was born in 1784 and married Maria Hedworth Williamson. He was MP for Sunderland. Note by Charles E. G. Pease

Jane married Henry Birkbeck,^{10,81,105,111,142,150,166,203} son of John Birkbeck^{10,142} and Martha Gurney,^{10,142,144} on 10 Mar 1820 in FMH Norwich. Henry was born on 2 Aug 1787 in King's Lynn, Norfolk and died on 25 Dec 1848 in Keswick Hall, Keswick, Norfolk at age 61. They had one son: Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker.
- He had a residence before 1830 in Mangreen Hall, Norfolk.
- He had a residence after 1830 in Keswick Old Hall, Keswick, Norfolk.
- He had a residence in The Grove, Cromer, Norfolk.

8-Henry Birkbeck^{76,105,142,204} was born on 10 Feb 1821 in Fakenham, Norfolk, died on 1 Feb 1895 in Stoke Holy Cross, Norfolk at age 73, and was buried on 5 Feb 1895 in Stoke Holy Cross, Norfolk.

General Notes: Henry's mother died shortly after his birth and for the first three years of his life, he was raised at The Grove with the family of his maternal grandparents. He left there, when his father re-married to Elizabeth Lucy Barclay.

9 Feb 1866, Fri: Woke fresh and up to breakfast then with Gurney Barclay and Henry Birkbeck to Town, Simpson driving us in JGB's brougham, set them down in Cornhill, went to Smees to see after Simpson's things -then called for Birkbeck and with him to Aldeberts the coachmakers; then he went to Bevan Braithwaites about a new deed of partnership for the Norwich Bank, occasioned by the state of things at Overends; told Henry Birkbeck that I had no doubt my father and I could arrange to let him have £25,000 securities to held *[sic help?]* him in the matter. Then to Thompson the tailors; haircut &c; back to city, lunched at Overends and then train to Snaresbrook and so to Leyton; a touch of shivering came on and I went to bed. _____

13 Mar 1866, Tues: Not a first rate night owing in part to my ride and partly to Minnie's cough. Rode with Effie up the London road and at ?Withedean? crossed over to the Ditchlingly road, and so home. Afternoon, drove the children and called on Fenwick who seems much better. Henry Birkbeck came in the evening and wants us to lend him about £30,000 securities, to pay him off £6,800 soon, this will help him to carry out his arrangements at Norwich, he and William Birkbeck give up all to the bad securities a/c at Overends! Hay and Charlie Gurney get new capital from the Peckovers!

[This represents about £2,500,000 at 2014 values.... Shame they never knew how to repay the kindness in 1903].

15 Mar 1872, Fri: At my letters - en rode ; Henry & Ethel Birkbeck came to lunch - I had a good chat with Henry about our loan to them at Norwich [AEP says elsewhere £40,000 to re-establish themselves after the Overend Gurney crash.... which would equate to £4,253,000 in 2014. So what happened to honour?] The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL.
- He worked as a Banker.
- He was a Quaker but was compelled to leave, for marrying-out.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1860.
- He had a residence in 1897 in West Acre High House, Norfolk.
- Miscellaneous: Henry Birkbeck, 1 Feb 1895.

Henry married Mary Ann Hamond,²⁰⁴ daughter of Anthony Hamond²⁰⁵ and Mary Anne Chaworth, on 25 Oct 1849. Mary was born in 1828, was christened on 14 Nov 1828 in Westacre, Norfolk, and died on 1 May 1862 at age 34. They had six children: Mary Anne, Henry, Alice Jane, William Edmund, Katharine Emily, and Edward Lewis.

General Notes: 30 April 1862. Wed: A fine morning; after breakfast, went into the City, called at Overend Gurney & Co's., H.G.G. [sic -who was HGG?] told me Henry Birkbeck's wife was very ill in Town, some operation rendered desirable to remove the effects of her 1st [shorthand for last surely? They had 6 children] confinement had been performed about 14 days ago; up- to Saturday she had gone on well but on Saturday she had been seized with faintings from which stimulants had failed to rouse her; the a/c this morning rather better; The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease. Bt.

9-Mary Anne Birkbeck²⁰⁶ was born on 19 Aug 1851 in Stoke Holy Cross, Norfolk and died on 6 Apr 1938 at age 86.

General Notes: Known as "Minna", to distinguish her from her mother.

Mary married Samuel Gurney Buxton, 76,206,207 son of Sir Edward North Buxton 2nd Bt. 204 and Catherine Gurney, on 7 Jun 1886. Samuel was born on 1 Nov 1838 and died on 12 Feb 1909 in Catton Hall, Norwich, Norfolk at age 70. They had two children: Richard Gurney and Minna Alice Gurney.

General Notes: MR. SAMUEL GURNEY BUXTON, J.P., D.L., of Catton Hall, Norfolk, died on February 16th at the age of 70. He was educated at Harrow and Cambridge, but, although a very useful player, did not obtain a place in either Eleven. For several years, however, he appeared for Norfolk and he was always a most liberal supporter of the game. Scores and Biographies (ix.-171) describes him as An average bat, and a very straight, slow, round-armed bowler with a high delivery and a good break from the leg. Wisden Almanac _____

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a Banker.
- He worked as a First Vice-chairman of Barclay & Co. Ltd.
- He had a residence in Catton Hall, Norwich, Norfolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1891.

10-Capt. Richard Gurney Buxton^{76,206} was born on 6 May 1887 in Catton Hall, Norwich, Norfolk and died on 26 Dec 1972 in Wiverton Hall, Holt, Norfolk at age 85.

Richard married Mary Primrose Ralli,⁷⁶ daughter of Maj. Antonio Stephen Ralli⁷⁶ and Mina Scaramanga, on 16 Jul 1914. Mary was born on 9 Apr 1894 and died in 1972 at age 78. They had two children: Pamela Chloë and Marian Camilla.

11-Pamela Chloë Buxton was born in 1915.

Pamela married Michael Desmond MacCarthy, son of Sir Desmond Maccarthy, on 24 May 1948. Michael died in 1973. They had two children: Mary Lisa and Desmond James.

12-Mary Lisa MacCarthy

12-Desmond James MacCarthy

Desmond married Hon. Christina Anne Loder, daughter of John Christopher Loder 3rd Baron Wakehurst and Ingeborg Krumbholtz-Hess. They had two children: Edmund Michael and **Isabel Inge**.

13-Edmund Michael MacCarthy

13-Isabel Inge MacCarthy

11-Marian Camilla Buxton

Marian married Maj. Richard Peyton. They had two children: Robin Derek and Nigel Richard.

12-Robin Derek Peyton

12-Nigel Richard Peyton

10-Minna Alice Gurney Buxton²⁰⁶ was born on 22 Mar 1889 in Catton Hall, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 11 Oct 1976 in The Old Rectory, Gowran, Co. Kilkenny at age 87, and was buried in Ballicopagan Cemetery, Co. Carlow.

General Notes: Note from the diary of Sir Alfred Edward Pease, Thursday 7th April 1932. "Thurs 7 April 1932 - We travelled to Ferns & reached Ravenswood (Newtownbarry) for lunch were warmly welcomed by Piko who has been counting on our coming - We stayed with him from 7th to 18th April - the fishing was exceptionally bad this season & the weather unfavourable & the water too cold, but Betty fished hard & enjoyed it in spite of every discouragement & did better than neighbouring expert rods some of which did nothing - she landed 2 19lb salmon & some old kelts - I fished very little, partly because I wished to be with Piko & to cheer him up and also because I was so breathless - this breathlessness is alarming & distressing to me & attacks me about 2.30 - 6 a.m. at night and with walking - not in fishing - I only fished about 3 times & landed one nice 10<lb fish & a big fish 20 to 30 lb broke me - I was interested in seeing Ireland again it must be well over 40 years since I was at Arklow & Wicklow &c (It was 1887 - 45 years earlier) - the country is most wonderfully improved, tidied up, better farmed, better buildings, people better off - But wire has quite spoilt it for hunting - it is dreadful everywhere - There is still the old feeling of insecurity, apprehension & suspicion in the air with de Valera & the murderers now in power - The treachery & cruelty of the bad R. Catholics in the 'bad years' makes decent people trust no R. Catholic servant. The man who is most detested for suppressing Irish news in England and in preventing the murderers and burners fro being prosecuted & punished is Middleton (Broderick) - There really seems to be something incurable in the Irish R.C.'s, they were all taught in the schools to hate England - but since England has been out of it, given everything away & poured money into the country - they still hate & are spoiling for another row - All classes qu[^] classes seem from past treacheries and constant dread, to have become cowardly.

We went to see Sir Richard & Lady Butler whose place was burnt down - nice people living in a cottage by the ruins - Col. Kavanagh & Mrs K we met, & we lunched one day at Ballin Temple - Mrs Arthur K is my 3rd cousin & as a little girl stayed with us at P'thorpe when her father Gurney Buxton had the Westerdale shootings - her mother, Alice Birkbeck was my 2nd cousin -

Note by CEGP. Grandfather mixes the detail. Mrs. Arthur K is Minna Alice (known as Alice), her mother is Mary Anne but known as "Minna". Very confusing.

Minna married Col. Arthur Thomas MacMorrough Kavanagh The MacMorrough, son of Rt. Hon. Walter MacMorrough Kavanagh and Helen Louisa Howard, on 17 Nov 1914. Arthur was born on 12 Jan 1888, died on 9 Dec 1953 at age 65, and was buried in Ballicopagan Cemetery, Co. Carlow. They had three children: Joane, Rolline, and Eva Helen Macmurrough.

11-Joane Kavanagh

Joane married Gerald Fitzgerald 8th Duke Of Leinster, son of Edward Fitzgerald 7th Duke Of Leinster and May Etheridge, on 17 Oct 1936. Gerald was born on 27 May 1914 and died on 3 Dec 2004 at age 90. They had three children: **Pamela Hermione, Rosemary Anne**, and **Nesta**.

12-Lady Pamela Hermione Fitzgerald was born on 6 Nov 1937 and died on 3 Apr 1938.

12-Lady Rosemary Anne Fitzgerald

Rosemary married Mark Killigrew Wait, son of Peter Lothian Killigrew Wait.

12-Lady Nesta Fitzgerald

Nesta married **Philip Charles Seppings Tirard**. They had two children: **Siobhan Eleanor** and **Eithne**.

13-Siobhan Eleanor Tirard

13-Eithne Tirard

Joane next married Lt. Col. Archibald Macalpine-Downie on 27 Aug 1947. Archibald died on 18 Apr 1958. They had one son: Andrew Mcmorrough.

12-Andrew Mcmorrough Kavanagh

11-Rolline Kavanagh

Rolline married Col. Philip Pardoe.

11-Eva Helen Macmurrough Kavanagh

Eva married Sir Hugh David Hamilton Wills, son of Frederick Noel Hamilton Wills and Margery Hamilton Fraser. They had two children: Catherine Mary Hamilton and Martin David Hamilton.

12-Catherine Mary Hamilton Wills

12-Martin David Hamilton Wills was born on 4 Oct 1952 and died in 1992 at age 40.

9-Henry Birkbeck^{76,150,206} was born on 12 May 1853 in Stoke Holy Cross, died on 11 Feb 1930 in Westacre High House, Castle Acre, King's Lynn, Norfolk at age 76, and was buried in All Saints, Westacre, Norfolk.

General Notes: On the Wed 15 May 1907 I walked by the river up to Eaton (?) where some of the Hay Gurneys live & had a nice chat with Helen Gurney – In the afternoon we bid adieu to Keswick, took a last look at the Grove & its purple beeches & lilacs & went by train and motor to the Henry Birkbecks at Westacre, High House – rather a gloomy old house where Henry now does the Country Squire after the fashion of his Hamond ancestors, keeps a great many greyhounds & nearly won the Waterloo Cup this year – it is a fine property & swarms with hares & partridges - I met 'Nick' Hammond whom my father got to take John Ernest Fowler abroad the year before he died - I had not seen him since he was at Hutton previous to that (abroad 1882?) – he is apparently Agent here. The evening was spent entirely in talking over ancestors & looking at the book of drawings done by Jane Gurney (m. H. G. Birkbeck) I have photos of most of these drawings – The best picture they have of my Gurney relations is one of Jane by Linnel (it is the original of the one I have) it is truly lovely. They have a funny old one Henry Gurney (St. Augustine). I got from Henry the information I wanted out of Bob Birkbeck's book – about the Birkbecks of Headlam Hall (Jack's House). The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Norwich, Norfolk.
- He had a residence in Westacre High House, Castle Acre, King's Lynn, Norfolk.
- He had a residence in Keswick Old Hall, Keswick, Norfolk.

Henry married Ysabel Caroline Elwes,^{76,206} daughter of Robert Elwes⁷⁶ and Mary Frances Lucas, on 24 Feb 1881 in Congham. Ysabel was born on 7 Aug 1859 in Congham and died on 6 Feb 1934 in Westacre Abbey House at age 74. They had six children: Gillian Mary, Henry Anthony, Gervase William, Judith, Christopher Robert, and Ysabel.

10-Gillian Mary Birkbeck⁷⁶ was born on 25 Oct 1882 in Bixley, Norfolk, died on 15 May 1909 in Kobe, Japan at age 26, and was buried in Kobe, Japan.

Gillian married Joseph Gurney Barclay,⁷⁶ son of Robert Barclay^{2,33,150} and Elizabeth Ellen Buxton,^{33,150} on 25 May 1905 in Westacre, Norfolk. Joseph was born on 9 Feb 1879 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 24 May 1879 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, died on 15 Apr 1976 in Chorleywood, Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire at age 97, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire. They had one son: Roderick.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Church Missionary in Matsuye, Japan.
- He worked as a staff member of the Church Missionary Society in 1938 in London.
- He had a residence in 1938 in Rose Hill, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire.

• He worked as a Banker.

11-Sir Roderick Barclay was born on 22 Feb 1909 in Kobe, Japan and died on 24 Oct 1996 at age 87.

General Notes: Most people who knew Roderick Barclay associated him with Ernest Bevin, whose Private Secretary he was at the end of Bevin's time as Foreign Secretary (1949-51) and about whom he wrote a sympathetic memoir.

Within the Foreign Service he was perhaps best known to my generation of post-war entrants as head of the personnel department (1946-49), since he was probably the first member of the Foreign Office that we new entrants called on. In my case, after sending me off for a spell abroad, Barclay brought me back into his own department where he proved to be a most agreeable boss, educating the juniors mainly by example.

Barclay was a surprising choice as Bevin's Private Secretary since, at first sight, he and his intended master had nothing in common. Barclay was the epitome of the pre-war diplomat - Harrow and Cambridge, fairly tall with a convential moustache, speaking with a slight drawl, addicted to shooting and fishing.

He himself was far from confident that he would win Bevin's approval. But in the event he was probably the most successful of the exceptionally able men who served Bevin as Private Secretary. He had the knack of calming his master down as well as the essential gift of interpreting to the rest of the Foreign Office and to Foreign Ministers and Ambassadors what Bevin wanted to say or do. It is to the credit of both men that they achieved such a close and effective relationship.

There was in fact more to Barclay than met the eye. I recalled that he sometimes gave the impression of being vague or even lackadaisical when I used to go and consult him on behalf of Sir William Strang in the early Fifties about some important incoming telegram. But in a very short time a well thought-out draft reply would be produced and I realised that Barclay was a clever man who chose not to seem clever. I believe that his ability as a senior official adviser came out especially in the early Sixties when he was one of Edward Heath's very strong team for the negotiations in Brussels to attempt to join the EEC.

Barclay's career in the service ended with his two embassies, first to Denmark and then to Belgium for five years, where he and his wife occupied the delightful house which was then the embassy, both comfortable to live in and well adapted for diplomatic entertainment. Lady Barclay was an admirable hostess, dignified, considerate and also very competent - even inducing George Brown to behave with reasonable decorum when staying at the embassy.

The Barclays undertook several demanding social entertainments during their time in Brussels, including a State visit by the Queen in 1966 and the ball which formed part of the ceremonies commemorating the 150th Anniversary of the Battle of Waterloo. This took place on the anniversary of the Duchess of Richmond's famous ball on the eve of the Batle of Quatre Bras, and was a very brilliant affair.

Nor did they neglect the export promotion side of the embassy's duties. It was during a "British week" in aid of exports that Lady Barclay demonstrated her equestrian skill by driving a Whitbread's two-horse brewer's dray around the Park Royal - an unusual feat for an ambassadress.

After retirement in 1969 Barclay resumed touch with the family bank for which he had originally been destined and became chairman of Barclays Bank in France as well as taking on various other business commitments. He then had greater leisure to enjoy family life at his home in Buckinghamshire and to shoot and fish there and in various other parts of England and Scotland. He was a fine shot and maintained his skill to a very late age. Indeed he retained all his faculties to a late age and kept up his interest in his old service through one of his daughters, who had married a diplomat.

Roddy Barclay was an exceptionally nice man, engagingly modest but with a certain Harrovian panache which carried him through some awkward situations.

Alan Campbell

Roderick Edward Barclay, diplomat: born 22 February 1909; CMG 1948, KCMG 1955; CVO 1953, KCVO 1957, GCVO 1966; married 1934 Jean Gladstone (died 1996; one son, three daughters); died 24 October 1996.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCVO KCMG.
- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Principal Private Secretary to the Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin in 1949-1951.
- He worked as an Assistant Under-Secretary of State in 1951-1953 in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.
- He worked as a Deputy Under-Secretary of State in 1953-1956 in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.
- He worked as a HM Ambassador to Denmark in 1956-1960.
- He worked as a Deputy Under-Secretary European Free Trade Association in 1960-1963.
- He worked as a HM Ambassador to Belgium in 1963-1969.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 1 Nov 1996.

Roderick married Jean Cecil Gladstone, daughter of Sir Hugh Steuart Gladstone and Cecil Emily Chetwynd-Talbot, on 7 Jun 1934 in London. Jean was born on 12 Mar 1912 in Capenoch, Dumfries and died in 1996 at age 84. They had four children: Susan Elizabeth, Gillian Jean, Davina Cecil, and Joseph Gurney.

12-Susan Elizabeth Barclay

Susan married Christopher Charles Harley, son of Ralph Harley and ? Gwyer. They had four children: Edward Mortimer, John Ralph, Adrian Robert, and Philip William.

13-Edward Mortimer Harley

Edward married Alice Victoria Mather.

13-Dr. John Ralph Harley

13-Adrian Robert Harley

13-Philip William Harley

12-Gillian Jean Barclay

Gillian married David Keown-Boyd. They had four children: William Alexander, Robert David, Henrietta Gillian, and Victoria Geraldine.

13-William Alexander Keown-Boyd

13-Robert David Keown-Boyd

13-Henrietta Gillian Keown-Boyd

13-Victoria Geraldine Keown-Boyd

12-Davina Cecil Barclay

Davina married Andrew Eustace Palmer, son of Lt. Col. Rodney Howell Palmer and Frances Pauline Gordon-Duff. They had three children: Rodney James Andrew, Juliet Frances Jean, and Michael George Joseph.

13-Rodney James Andrew Palmer

13-Juliet Frances Jean Palmer

13-Michael George Joseph Palmer

12-Joseph Gurney Barclay

Joseph married Joanna Mary Brindley. They had three children: Harriet Gillian, Rosanna Ellen, and Roderick Anthony.

13-Harriet Gillian Barclay

Harriet married William Lexington Manners Sutton, son of Richard Manners Sutton and Penelope Jane Quinlan.

13-Rosanna Ellen Barclay

13-Roderick Anthony Barclay

10-Maj. Henry Anthony Birkbeck^{76,206} was born on 29 Jan 1885 in Bixley, Norfolk and died on 16 Aug 1956 in London at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 15 Mar 1885 in Stoke Holy Cross.

Henry married Sybil Harley,⁷⁶ daughter of Robert William Harley⁷⁶ and Patience Anne Rodney, on 17 Feb 1912 in St James', Sussex Gardens, London. Sybil was born on 5 Oct 1883 in Brampton Bryan, Hereford, died on 2 Apr 1948 in Nakuru, Kenya at age 64, and was buried in Nakuru, Kenya. They had six children: Patience, Jane, Henry, Deborah, John, and William.

11-Patience Birkbeck⁷⁶ was born on 29 Jan 1913 in London and died on 6 Jul 1984 in Bishop's Stortford, Hertfordshire at age 71.

Patience married William Wilson Mackinlay, son of J. T. C. Mackinlay, on 5 Jul 1937 in Westacre. William was born on 20 Jan 1898 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 28 Aug 1983 in Campbeltown at age 85. They had three children: Bridget Anne, Robert Wallace, and Patience Elizabeth.

12-Bridget Anne Mackinlay

Bridget married Christopher J. W. Brooks. They had two children: Emma Louise and Andrew William Wykeham.

13-Emma Louise Brooks

13-Andrew William Wykeham Brooks

12-Robert Wallace Mackinlay

Robert married Elizabeth Hodges. They had two children: Katriona Annabel and James Robert William.

13-Katriona Annabel Mackinlay

13-James Robert William Mackinlay

12-Patience Elizabeth Mackinlay

Patience married Richard A. Waller. They had three children: Edward Anthony William, Fiona Mary Kathryn, and Richard James Naunton.

13-Edward Anthony William Waller

13-Fiona Mary Kathryn Waller

13-Richard James Naunton Waller

11-Jane Birkbeck⁷⁶ was born on 23 Jul 1914 in South Wootton and died on 9 Feb 1989 in Brampton, Cumbria at age 74.

Jane married Maj. John Curtis Barnett on 3 Aug 1940 in Molo, Kenya. John was born on 18 Aug 1904 in Halton, Northumberland and died on 26 Dec 1972 in Threepwood, Ayrshire at age 68. They had four children: Sarah Jane, Ruth Anne, Caroline, and Gillian.

12-Sarah Jane Barnett

Sarah married Charles Mitchell. They had two children: Paul Andrew and Ruth Gillian Janecaroline Sarah.

13-Paul Andrew Mitchell

13-Ruth Gillian Janecaroline Sarah Mitchell

12-Ruth Anne Barnett

Ruth married Timothy Wilfred Fison. They had one son: Damien.

13-Damien Fison

12-Caroline Barnett

Caroline married John Aidan Frank Warlow. They had two children: Christopher Mark and Rebecca Claire.

13-Christopher Mark Warlow

13-Rebecca Claire Warlow

12-Gillian Barnett

Gillian married James Henry Denison-Pender, son of Hon. Richard Ernest Denison-Pender and Louise Riviere. They had two children: Jamie Alexander and Nicholas John.

13-Jamie Alexander Denison-Pender

13-Nicholas John Denison-Pender

11-Capt. Henry Birkbeck⁷⁶ was born on 15 Nov 1915 in Westacre and died on 21 Feb 2003 in Westacre, Norfolk at age 87.

Henry married Nadine Mary Gore-Langton, daughter of Maj. Francis Wilfred Gore-Langton, on 9 Dec 1939 in St Marks, N. Audley St. London. Nadine was born on 9 Mar 1917 in London and died on 31 Jan 2010 in High House, Westacre, Norfolk at age 92. They had five children: Fiona Mary, Jean Audrey, Diana Vivienne, Catharine Susan, and Henry Charles.

General Notes: Daily Telegraph 3 Feb 2010 from JGP

12-Fiona Mary Birkbeck

Fiona married John Patrick Latta, son of James Douglas Latta. They had three children: Helen Rosemary, William Patrick, and Alexander Edward.

13-Helen Rosemary Latta

13-William Patrick Latta

13-Alexander Edward Latta

12-Jean Audrey Birkbeck

12-Diana Vivienne Birkbeck

Diana married Gregor Stratton Dunwoodie, son of J. S. Dunwoodie.

12-Catharine Susan Birkbeck

Catharine married Peter Fitsimmons.

12-Henry Charles Birkbeck

Henry married Garlinda Jane Llewellyn, daughter of Maj. Arthur David George Llewellyn and Loveday Roselle Clementine Bolitho. They had three children: Alexander Henry, Ross John, and Roselle Nadine.

13-Alexander Henry Birkbeck

13-Ross John Birkbeck

13-Roselle Nadine Birkbeck

11-Deborah Birkbeck

Deborah married Maj. Bruce Bingham Kennedy, son of Col. Sir Norman Kennedy, on 3 Jan 1942 in Westacre. Bruce was born on 10 Jul 1920 in Monkwood, Ayr and died on 10 Jan 1981

in Doonholme, Ayr at age 60. They had four children: Peter Norman Bingham, Marion Bingham, James Stephen Bingham, and John Anthony Bingham.

12-Peter Norman Bingham Kennedy

Peter married Priscilla Ann Graham, daughter of Maj. Bruce Bingham Graham and Gundreda Margaret Graham-Jones. They had four children: Sarah Margaret, Annabel Deborah, Caroline Anne, and Rosanna Jane.

13-Sarah Margaret Kennedy

13-Annabel Deborah Kennedy

13-Caroline Anne Kennedy

13-Rosanna Jane Kennedy

12-Marion Bingham Kennedy

Marion married David Muir Galloway Galbraith. They had four children: Fiona Jane Kennedy, William James Kennedy, Mary Ida Galloway, and Alice Sylvia Kennedy.

13-Fiona Jane Kennedy Galbraith

13-William James Kennedy Galbraith

13-Mary Ida Galloway Galbraith

13-Alice Sylvia Kennedy Galbraith

12-James Stephen Bingham Kennedy

James married Judith Anne Vivien Beresford Peirce. They had two children: Claire Louise and Thomas James Peirce.

13-Claire Louise Kennedy

13-Thomas James Peirce Kennedy

12-John Anthony Bingham Kennedy

John married Patricia Alice Cowan. They had two children: Andrew Bruce and James Alexander.

13-Andrew Bruce Kennedy

13-James Alexander Kennedy

11-John Birkbeck⁷⁶ was born on 23 Sep 1919 in Westacre Abbey and died on 6 Sep 1942 in Wrexham, Clwyd, Wales. Died on active service at age 22.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker.
- He worked as a Flying Officer. Royal Air Force.

11-Maj. William Birkbeck

William married Hon. Mary Crossley, daughter of Francis Savile Crossley 2nd Baron Somerleyton and Bridget Margaret Hoare, on 7 Jul 1950 in St. Margarets, Westminster. Mary was born on 3 Feb 1926 in Chester St. London and died on 24 Apr 2014 in Stamford, Lincolnshire at age 88. They had four children: Anthony William Saville, Victoria Mary, Priscilla Bridget, and Rosetta Sybil.

12-Anthony William Saville Birkbeck

Anthony married Hon. Davina Mary Bewicke-Copley, daughter of David Godfrey Bewicke-Copley 6th Baron Cromwell and Doris Vivian Penfold. They had two children: Elizabeth and **Katherine**.

13-Elizabeth Birkbeck

13-Katherine Birkbeck

12-Victoria Mary Birkbeck

Victoria married Adauto De Souza Sandos.

12-Priscilla Bridget Birkbeck

Priscilla married John Kenneth Scott-Moncrieff, son of David Charles Scott-Moncrieff. They had three children: Iona Mary, Isabel Ann, and Robert David.

13-Iona Mary Scott-Moncrieff

13-Isabel Ann Scott-Moncrieff

13-Robert David Scott-Moncrieff

12-Rosetta Sybil Birkbeck

Rosetta married Iain Russell.

10-Capt. Gervase William Birkbeck^{76,206} was born on 20 Apr 1886 in Bixley, Norfolk, died on 20 Apr 1917 in Gaza, Palestine. As a prisoner of war at age 31, and was buried in Commemorated on the Jerusalem Memorial Israel.

General Notes: Birkbeck, Gervase William Born April 20, 1886, at Bixley, Norwich. Son of Henry and Ysabel Birkbeck, of Westacre High House, Castle Avre, King's Lynn; brother of Henry Anthony. School, Eton. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 26, 1905. Captain, 5th Norfolk Regiment. Mentioned in despatches. Served in Egypt, Gallipoli, Israel and Palestine (including Gaza). Killed in action April 19/20, 1917. Commemorated on Jerusalem Memorial, Israel/Palestine. College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Officer of the 5th Norfolk Regiment.

10-Judith Birkbeck^{76,206} was born on 12 Jul 1887 in Bixley, Norfolk and died on 3 Jan 1966 in Guildford, Surrey at age 78.

Judith married Rev. John Gordon Thornton⁷⁶ on 17 Apr 1917 in Sloane Street. Rev. was born on 23 Dec 1884 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 3 Feb 1969 in Heacham, Norfolk at age 84. They had two children: John and Godfrey Gervase.

11-John Thornton

John married Jennifer Barbara Stevenson. They had three children: Katherine Louise, Edward John, and Robert Walter.

12-Katherine Louise Thorton

Katherine married Timothy James Stapleton Harris.

12-Edward John Thornton

12-Robert Walter Thornton

11-Godfrey Gervase Thornton was born on 19 Jun 1925 in Woolaton Rectory, Notts. and died on 18 Jul 1980 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 55. Godfrey married Barbara Elizabeth Saxon. They had four children: Charlotte Elizabeth, Anita Clare, Valerie Jane, and Christopher Gervase.

12-Charlotte Elizabeth Thornton

Charlotte married Ernest John Wootten. They had one son: William John.

13-William John Wootten

12-Anita Clare Thornton

Anita married Michael Finbar O'Callaghan. They had two children: Joseph Michael and Jennifer Elizabeth.

13-Joseph Michael O'Callaghan

13-Jennifer Elizabeth O'Callaghan

12-Valerie Jane Thornton

12-Christopher Gervase Thornton

10-Christopher Robert Birkbeck^{76,110,206} was born on 26 Jan 1889 in Keswick Old Hall, Keswick, Norfolk and died on 23 Jan 1973 in Cromer, Norfolk at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an OBE JP Banker/Land Agent.

Christopher married Rosamund Alice Barclay,^{76,110} daughter of Col. Hugh Gurney Barclay^{76,110,111} and Evelyn Louisa Hogg,¹¹⁰ on 1 Jul 1927 in Colney. Rosamund was born on 22 Jun 1899 in Colney Hall, Henstead, Norfolk and died on 19 Sep 1982 in Rippon, Norwich, Norfolk at age 83. They had three children: Jennifer June, Caroline Claire, and Diana Dawn.

11-Jennifer June Birkbeck

Jennifer married James Thomas Durrant Shaw. They had two children: Amanda Anne and Simon Durrant.

12-Amanda Anne Shaw

12-Simon Durrant Shaw

11-Caroline Claire Birkbeck

Caroline married Peter Geoffrey Holmes.

11-Diana Dawn Birkbeck was born on 19 Apr 1933 in Buxton, Norfolk and died on 8 Feb 2012 at age 78.

10-Ysabel Birkbeck^{76,206} was born on 16 Jun 1890 in Keswick Old Hall, Keswick, Norfolk and died on 22 Mar 1973 in Mortonhall House, Edinburgh at age 82.

Ysabel married Neil Barclay Hunter,⁷⁶ son of Hugh Barclay Hunter and Barbara Gilzean, on 26 Nov 1923 in Khartoum, Sudan. Neil was born on 30 Sep 1891 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 13 Jan 1957 in Wimbledon, London at age 65. They had one son: Neil Christopher.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Sudan Political Service in 1919 in Sudan, Africa.

11-Neil Christopher Hunter

9-Alice Jane Birkbeck was born on 4 Sep 1854 in Stoke Holy Cross and died in 1924 at age 70.

9-William Edmund Birkbeck was born on 27 Oct 1856 in Stoke Holy Cross and died on 31 Jan 1870 at age 13.

9-Katharine Emily Birkbeck was born on 18 Dec 1857 in Stoke Holy Cross and died in 1910 at age 53.

9-Edward Lewis Birkbeck⁷⁶ was born on 16 Jun 1860 and died on 12 Oct 1901 at age 41.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker.

Edward married Emily Augusta Seymour,⁷⁶ daughter of Admiral Henry George Seymour⁷⁶ and Sophia Margaret Hoste, on 21 Apr 1891. Emily was born on 23 Oct 1866 and died on 14 Jun 1960 at age 93. They had three children: Oliver, George, and Angela Jane.

10-Col. Oliver Birkbeck⁷⁶ was born on 6 May 1893 and died on 13 May 1952 at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Little Massingham House, Kings Lynn, Norfolk.

Oliver married Lady Wilhelmina Joan Mary FitzClarence on 21 Apr 1928. Wilhelmina was born on 17 Nov 1904 and died in 1992 at age 88. They had three children: Edward Harold, John Oliver Charles, and Mary Joan.

11-Edward Harold Birkbeck was born on 2 May 1929 and died on 9 Feb 2005 in Dumfries, Dumfriesshire, Scotland at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton & Sandhurst.
- He had a residence in Skeffington Hall, Leicestershire.

Edward married Sarah Ann Brook, daughter of Capt. Edward William Brook. They had three children: Nicola Susan, Elizabeth Mary, and George Charles Edward.

12-Nicola Susan Birkbeck

12-Elizabeth Mary Birkbeck

12-George Charles Edward Birkbeck

11-John Oliver Charles Birkbeck

John married Hermione Anne Dawes, daughter of Maj. D'arcy Armytage Dawes. They had three children: Lucy Claire, Oliver Benjamin, and Rosanna Mary.

12-Lucy Claire Birkbeck

12-Oliver Benjamin Birkbeck

Oliver married Hon. Laura Mary Trenchard, daughter of Hugh Trenchard 3rd Viscount Trenchard and Hon. Fiona Elizabeth Morrison.

12-Rosanna Mary Birkbeck

Rosanna married Michael W. Tremayne, son of John Tremayne. They had two children: Emily Rose and Benjamin William.

13-Emily Rose Tremayne

13-Benjamin William Tremayne

11-Mary Joan Birkbeck was born in 1931 in Massingham, Norfolk, died on 8 Jan 2016 at age 85, and was buried on 28 Jan 2016 in Little Massingham, Norfolk.

10-Lieut. George Birkbeck was born on 4 Apr 1894 in Caistor Old Hall, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 19 Feb 1916 in Died On Active Service. at age 21, and was buried in St. Andrew's Churchyard, Little Massingham, Norfolk.

General Notes: Birkbeck, George Born April 4, 1894, at Caistor Old Hall, Norwich. Son of Edward Lewis and Emily Birkbeck, of Little Massingham, Norfolk. School, Eton. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 25, 1913. Lieutenant, Norfolk Yeomanry. Died Feb. 19, 1916. Buried in St Andrew's Churchyard, Little Massingham. College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1913.
- He worked as an officer of the Norfolk Yeomanry.

10-Angela Jane Birkbeck was born in 1898, was christened on 20 Nov 1898 in East Lexham, Norfolk, died in 1995 at age 97, and was buried in North Elmham, Norfolk.

Angela married Air Vice Marshal Francis Percival Don, son of Robert Bogle Don and Lucy Flora Campbell, on 11 Mar 1930 in Elmham, Norfolk. Francis was born on 27 Feb 1886 in Broughty Ferry, Dundee, Scotland, died on 18 Sep 1964 at age 78, and was buried in North Elmham, Norfolk. They had two children: Robin (Robert) Seymour and Andrew George.

11-Robin (Robert) Seymour Don was born on 5 Apr 1932 and died on 15 Feb 2018 in Elmham, Norfolk at age 85.

General Notes: Nat Serv 1 The Royal Dragoons 1950-52, TA Fife and Forfar Yeomanry 1953-54; John Harvey & Sons Ltd 1957-65, dir Hicks & Don Ltd Wine Merchants (formerly RS Don Ltd) 1965-2002, dir Elmham Wines Ltd 1967-; former chm: E Counties Wine and Spirit Assoc, English Vineyards Assoc, Norfolk Fruit Growers Assoc; gen cmmr of Income Tax 1975-2007; MW 1965; memb Inst of Masters of Wine

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master of Wine and Director of Hicks & Don - Wine Merchants in Norwich, Norfolk.

Robin married Judith Henrietta Holmes, daughter of Geoffrey Nicholas Holmes and Kathleen Noel Ash. They had four children: Charlotte Jane, Joanna Mary, Fiona Lucy, and Henrietta Frances.

12-Charlotte Jane Don

Charlotte married Timothy James Arthur Laing, son of Robert Douglas Grant (Robin) Laing and Patricia C. Thomas. They had four children: Rose Emma, David Robert, Louisa, and Geordie.

13-Rose Emma Laing

Rose married Jacob M. D. French, son of Mark Robert French. They had one child: (No Given Name).

14-French

13-David Robert Laing

13-Louisa Laing

Louisa married James A. R. Freeman, son of Dr. Hugh Freeman. They had one daughter: Iona.

14-Iona Freeman

13-Geordie Laing

12-Joanna Mary Don

Joanna married Col. Thomas Michael Fitzalan-Howard, son of Maj. Gen. Lord Michael Fitzalan-Howard and Jane Margaret Newman. They had one son: Francis Samir.

13-Francis Samir Fitzalan-Howard

12-Fiona Lucy Don

Fiona married James Randolf Gibson-Fleming, son of William Harry Gibson-Fleming and Selina Littlehales Baker. They had three children: Hector, William Robert, and Olivia Rose.

13-Hector Gibson-Fleming

13-William Robert Gibson-Fleming

13-Olivia Rose Gibson-Fleming

12-Henrietta Frances Don

Henrietta married Mark Peter Burdon, son of Burdon and Maitland.

11-Andrew George Don

Andrew married **Diana Susan Dykes**.

Henry next married Etheldreda Isabella Browne-ffolkes,^{76,204} daughter of Martin William Browne Ffolkes and Henrietta Bridget Wale, on 26 Sep 1871. Etheldreda died on 16 Nov 1939. They had three children: Martin, Geoffrey, and Margaret.

9-Martin Birkbeck was born on 10 Nov 1873 in Stoke Holy Cross and died in 1939 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Of Poringland, Norwich.

9-Geoffrey Birkbeck⁷⁶ was born on 12 Oct 1875 in Stoke Holy Cross and died on 25 Apr 1954 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Artist of Stoke Holy Cross, Norwich.

Geoffrey married **Dora Ethel Wilson**,⁷⁶ daughter of **James Christopher Wilson**⁷⁶ and **Mary Harriet Hill**, in 1904. Dora was born in 1873 and died in 1925 at age 52. They had two children: **William Geoffrey P.** and **Edmund John**.

10-William Geoffrey P. Birkbeck⁷⁶ was born in 1907 in London and died in 1930 in Henstead, Norfolk at age 23.

10-Edmund John Birkbeck

Geoffrey next married Lady Maud Edith Gundreda Lambart, daughter of Frederick Edward Gould Lambart 9th Earl Of Cavan and Mary Sneade Olive, on 15 Oct 1930. Maud was born on 17 Apr 1869 and died on 2 Nov 1940 at age 71.

Geoffrey next married Daisy Muriel Hoare in 1943. Daisy was born in 1885.

9-Margaret Birkbeck was born on 29 May 1877 in Stoke Holy Cross and died in 1954 in Or 1909 at age 77.

7-Elizabeth Gurney^{10,105,142,155,208} was born on 10 Jul 1790 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk and died on 28 Aug 1835 at age 45.

Elizabeth married **Robert Barclay**,^{8,9,10,73,105,142,157,208,209} son of **Robert Barclay**¹¹¹ and **Anne Ford**,¹¹¹ on 29 Jun 1814 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk. Robert was born on 14 Feb 1787 in London and died on 28 Oct 1853 in Knotts Green, Leyton, Essex at age 66. They had nine children: **Robert, Joseph Gurney, Jane Mary, Ann Ford, Emma Lucy, Henry, Elizabeth Gurney, Louisa**, and **Rachel**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in London.
- He had a residence in Knotts Green, Leyton, Essex.

8-Robert Barclay^{90,105,157,208} was born on 20 Apr 1815 in Leyton, London and died on 5 Mar 1842 in Learnington Spa, Warwickshire at age 26.

General Notes: Death also given as 4 May 1842

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker.

Robert married **Eliza Backhouse**,^{105,157,208} daughter of **John Backhouse**,^{9,10,16,105,121,157,208} and **Elizabeth Church**,^{9,10,105,157,208} on 9 Sep 1841. Eliza was born on 2 Sep 1812 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 5 Mar 1884 in Blackwell, Darlington, County Durham at age 71, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Eliza Barclay, 71 5 3 mo. 1884

Blackwell, Darlington. A Minister. Widow of Bobert Barclay.

Eliza Barclay was the youngest of the three children of John and Eliza Backhouse, of Darlington. Her mother died on the day of her birth ; her father subsequently married again, when she came under the excellent influence and example of her step-mother Katherine Backhouse.

But the earlier years of her childhood were passed, as those of motherless children often are, under circumstances that suppress natural merriment and light-heartedness. Her own impression of her childhood was, that she was self-willed and difficult to manage, partly because no one under- stood her. She was a thoughtful child, gifted with a vigorous understanding and good abilities; there was also a strong poetic vein of sentiment in her nature, which, with ardent affections, prepared her to take all the events of life with enthusiasm, and to tremble, as it were, under emotions, to which a less sensitive nature might have been a stranger. But, as one often sees in the ingredients that go to make up character, some, that seem to be in strongest contrast in youth, are blended under the discipline of Providence and the influence of Divine grace, until they become the branches upon which there is more abundant fruit. Thus in Eliza Barclay's life, that which became conspicuous in her, was the union of a powerful judgment with a sympathy so minute in its comprehension of the surroundings of others, that she could meet and help by her counsel persons of very varied temperament and experience, and could encourage each to bring his or her gifts first in consecration to the Giver, and then under a cultivation that should make them yet more available for the welfare of men and the glory of God.

She was for some years a pupil of Susannah Corder in her school at Stoke Newington, and retained through life a grateful remembrance of the wisdom and patience, as well as the loving religious influence exercised over her by S. C. during those years, so important in the formation of her principles and character. Not long after she left school she had to suffer the first of those remarkable bereavements which were so often repeated, until she remained the only living representative of her father's family. She lost her only sister by rapid consumption after an attack of fever, which had also carried off a young friend to whom both the sisters were much attached.

Eliza Barclay married, in 1841, Robert, the eldest son of Robert and Elizabeth Barclay, of Ley ton. Few will remember her as a wife. Only for six months did this happy union continue, and the experience of its deep joys was mingled from the first with grave anxieties regarding the health of her husband, who rapidly declined, until he also was taken from her in the 27th year of his age. It would seem as though he had some presentiment of the lot that would be apportioned to her, when he wrote on the opening page of her notebook, under date Sixth month 2nd, 1841 : - " Andthe very God of peace sanctify you wholly, and I pray God your whole spirit and soul and body be preserved blameless unto the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ. Faithful is He that calleth you, who also will do it. He will not suffer thy foot to be moved ; He that keepeth thee will not slumber," &c. (to the end of the Psalm). " May this, my precious one, be thy experience, and may est thou be blessed in all thy work and in all thy path, - the love of thy Lord be peculiarly with thee in tender gentle care for thee, to shelter thee, and to smooth thy path for thee, and to help thee in all its trials, and yet give thee to perfect it before Him. And that I may be thy companion in this path, ' as heirs together of the grace of life,' is the earnest desire of thy tenderly attached. - K. B." Only four days after they had entered their new home her husband's health obliged them to leave it for Learnington, in Warwickshire, that he might place himself under the advice of an eminent physician, who resided there ; and here they remained until his death in Third month, 1842. Her father had had an attack of paralysis on their wedding-day, " which," as she wrote at the time, " added much to the trial of leaving my home ; but as thy day, so shall thy strength be,'

I felt to be wonderfully fulfilled in the events of that day." She continues, " After our wedding we had a delightful journey in Wales, and though its brightness was in some degree shaded by my beloved father's state, yet I think clouds only served to bring forth more fully the sweetness, and comfort, and support of such a bond at such a time. I felt if that precious one " (alluding to her husband) "were near to share in them, trials would lose more than half their weight. Every day made me more and more sensible of the treasure bestowed upon me in such a husband, and I think our hearts were at times softened under the feeling of the richness of the blessings the Lord was granting to us." She only left him once during these months of undisturbed enjoyment of each other's society, that she might spend a few days with her parents. She wrote on returning from this visit : - " To-morrow I am to return to Leamington. My heart is often far too insensible to the many blessings bestowed upon me, but in the prospect of returning to my precious husband I do feel something of a fresh sense of the inestimable blessing bestowed on me in this clearest earthly treasure. Oh, that I may never rest in the enjoyment and solace of such a comfort, and give to him the love that ought to be bestowed on a far Higher Object, forgetting what in days past was clearly shown to me- that this precious gift was designed to be a means of helping me on my way heavenward, and of bringing me into far greater dedication and unreserved surrender of the whole heart. Poor, weak, helpless, do I feel myself to be, and Thou alone, oh, Holy Father, canst renew a right spirit within me; but I beseech Thee to work in me to will and to do of Thy good pleasure, that I may in nothing prove a hindrance, or hurt the exercise of spirit of my beloved R.; but that I may be able to strengthen him in all that Thou art calling for at his hands."

Again she writes, as the illness deepened "When my heart is overwhelmed within me, lead me to the Rock that is higher than I. Were it not for something of the feeling of this Rock, my poor heart would indeed have been almost overwhelmed. Many and deep have of late been my anxieties on account of my most precious husband, who I cannot but fear is becoming more and more ill. Oh,

gracious Father, if consistent with Thy holy will, restore I beseech Thee my precious husband ! Raise him up again to become still more conspicuously Thy devoted servant, and enable us to give our first affections unto Thee, who alone hast a right to them; and if Thou still seest meet yet more deeply to afflict, oh, be very near to me, enabling me to bow in submission." She alludes at a subsequent period to this : - " Deep indeed were the rendings of bitter grief which filled my heart at this time in the fearful foreboding that my inexpressibly precious husband would be taken from me ; and when obliged to go out for exercise, I sought lonely places where I might weep unseen. The sweetness and tenderness of his love, which nothing could exceed, so completely overcame me, that I scarcely knew how to account to him for what seemed like a weakness ; but surely these feelings must have been in degree intended as a preparation for the awful stroke which was coming upon me." Her husband's strength rapidly declined for the last few weeks of his illness, during which she was his almost constant attendant. She writes of the last day of his life : - " Pressing my hand very earnestly and drawing me close towards him, he said, in a clear voice, ' I want thee, my love, not to allow thyself to be made weak, by not saying or doing what thou seest is best.' Consciousness continued almost to the last ; nearly his last words were, - ' 1 want to walk with my mother, - there with my mother and thee.'

His eyes were often fixed upwards, and once I was struck by observing him, as though viewing some object before him, bow his head three times with great reverence. About twenty minutes before the close, a smile of inexpressible sweetness and brightness came over his countenance, and turning to me he exclaimed 'Oh ! how very meet ! dying ! a warm embrace, but I can't finish ! ' and his purified spirit was released from its earthly tabernacle to join that company, whose robes washed and made white in the blood of their Redeemer are by Him for ever led unto Fountains of living Waters."

These extracts may appear somewhat out of date at the present time ; but as this solemn event gave the key-note to all her future, and the peaceful death of every Christian adds its own testimony to the triumphs won by Christ over death hell and the grave, we trust that the recital may fitly introduce our beloved friend to our readers, as one deeply instructed in the school of affliction. Eliza Barclay returned to her father's house, and might truly be described as " a widow and desolate," submissive in will, but crushed in spirit, yet, as the following memoranda show, not uncomforted. " In the midst of very great distress this morning my mind has been a little comforted and strengthened by reading some of my most precious husband's journal, wherein his faith and trust in his Saviour are so sweetly set forth that it has given me a little renewed confidence in that power which can work all things for us as we cleave closely and faithfully to Him. And oh, what abundant reason have I to trust, to serve, to love Him all my life long, who has in so signal a manner been near to help me in the hour of indescribable distress ! What can be too great a sacrifice, that I should not freely offer it unto the Lord ?

She naturally became closely united to her husband's family, which, while it served to solace her sorrows, plunged her sympathising heart again and again into bereavement. Three of his sisters and two beloved sisters-in-law were removed between the years 1844 and 1848, four of them in one year ; and in 1847 her own father died. About six months later her only brother was left a widower with one little boy of five years old. She then felt that her place was with him, and she removed to Blackwell, near Darlington, and devoted herself to their comfort until her brother's death in 1858, when the sole charge of his son devolved upon her. It was her earnest aim in the education of her nephew to prepare him for a life of usefulness, by the cultivation of every talent on the groundwork of Christian principle ; and with this object, after some years of private tuition, she removed with him to London, where he matriculated with honours at the London University. But his life also was of short duration. Full of promise he was cut off in the twenty- fourth year of his age, in the summer of 1869, and she was left to dwell alone, amidst the memories of past delights and ties almost the stronger for having been so few and so shortlived. This severe affliction was in degree aggravated by her having been in the Shetland Islands - acting as companion to S. F. Smiley, during a religious engagement - when the illness began. She hastened home to find her precious son-like nephew already almost beyond hope, in fever that quickly became typhus. But a triumphant end was granted him and she bowed her will to that of her Heavenly Father.

The following extracts from letters and memoranda belong to this period. Under date Seventh month 25th, 1869, she writes to one of her sisters-in-law, "Oh, darling, my heart seems impelled to use the language, I have seen of the travail of my soul and am satisfied. 'His mercy is on them that fear Him from generation.' Wonderfully has this been displayed, beyond what we could have asked or thought ; and now his precious voice still speaks to me, helping to sustain my sometimes sinking faith. 'He is the true God ; we know it, we have felt it. He died that we might rest in Him. Yes, dying for our sins - Him alone ! 'And almost the last words were, 'Thanks be unto God who has given me the victory, and is giving me an entrance into His kingdom through Jesus Christ ! " *My suffering, my comforting*,

Alternate at Thy will,

I will trust Thee, my Father,

I trust Thee and am still ! "

"Sometimes the life seems almost crushed from body and soul ; but I cling to the words, and do know it, 'In that He Himself hath suffered being tempted, He is able also to succour them that are tempted.'I am helped on from day to day, and shall be, 1 fully believe ; but oh, how all the brightness of life is gone in a moment ! His rich mind and affection, which were such jewels to me, and which I fondly counted my own for years to come. Truly the wrestlings of my soul for this precious one have been great indeed, and who shall say they are not answered; though as by another storm, which heas again laid my all in ruins. May they do their appointed work ! . . . The external beauty which all comes out in this exquisite weather, with its rich glow over the harvest fields, points to the higher beauty of which he now partakes, his young soul ripened for its fulness. And what will all these sorrows be when our time comes ? Surely but as a drop of bitter in the ocean of love. I often dare not trust myself to dwell upon all he was to me. No one knew fully, for my love to him was too deep ever to speak much of it. As he grew to manhood, I saw what the besetments of the world in various ways were to many, and felt what they might be to him. . . . I have thought I held him so loosely, and that I craved nothing for him, and for myself in him, but his highest good ; and now there is something even of awfulness in the thought that I have been too impatient fruit, and that God has taken me at my word, answered my rayers, and given him in all their fulness the choicest blessings, not of the earth beneath, but of the Heaven above. But when I look at the richness of the mercy, the unspeakably tender love, that has so crowed his end, my soul is more than satisfied, and every doubting, troubled thought is hushed into rest and peace. ... I seek to anchor my stricken heart on all this mercy, and the Hand that does most realisingly sustain. I dare not look at my blank future - the web of life so utteryl cut off, I know not how it is to

"In 1848, when Eliza Barclay became a member of the Ackworth Committee, I well remember her coming amongst us in the West Wing, and bringing with her an inspiriting influence. Her love of

poetry and nature, the culture gained by reading and travelling, and the generous wish to share these intellectual advantages with others less favourably circumstanced, made intercourse with her a privilege. Very rarely, if ever, have I met with any non-professional who could enter so minutely and feelingly into the duties and aims, the hopes and disappointments of the teacher ; her quick perception and ready sympathy enabling her to look at these things from the standpoint of others, whose surroundings differed from any she had known in her own personal experience. Thus in even the earlier days of her connection with the school some of us learnt to prize her clear judgment and the frankness and kindliness with which she would discuss educational questions with us, and what we then learnt to prize became, as years passed on, increasingly valuable, stimulating and helpful.

"A striking feature in Eliza Barclay's character was her love of children and young people. She attracted them to herself, and had the faculty of drawing them out to express freely their thoughts and feelings. Combined with this love for them, was the desire that they should be well taught, and so trained physically, morally, and intellectually, that their natural faculties, guided by religious principle, and developed " by reason of use," might be fitted to make the divine gift of life a blessed thing for themselves and others. This desire naturally led her to consider how she herself could assist in the work of education. Her ideal of a wise educator was comprehensive, and she rejoiced when she could assist the young teacher to aim at a high standard. She early recognised the fact that young women in our Society were not favourably circumstanced for qualifying themselves to become teachers; the conviction grew upon her that they required a longer course of training as pupil teachers, and that they ought to pass a series of examinations testing the education they had received before they began the work themselves. A definite provision was needful to enable them to have this professional training, and the York Mount School Training Department is mainly indebted to her exertions and liberality on their behalf for its present efficiency. She watched over its growth, collected funds for it, gave largely herself to its maintenance, and promoted its welfare by all means in her power. Her visits to the Mount were refreshing and helpful both to the teachers and pupils, for she made their interests her own. She encouraged the games, attended the classes, and liked to be present at the lessons given by the pupils in the Training Department, often by an apt quotation or inquiry giving collateral information or eliciting it from others. She earnestly desired that the sense of responsibility might be cultivated in those who intended to become teachers, so that without magnifying their office they should recognise that it is an honourable one, and one in which they might do service for their Lord by calling out the powers of their future pupils, and guiding them by their example in the right direction. She reminded them that each talent should be con-secrated to the service of Christ, and then, though the path they had to tread might be a narrow one, if they trusted in Him, they would find it full of joy, and His blessing would rest upon them. But whilst the Training Department was an object of special regard to E. B., the whole school shared in her kindly ministrations. Many will remember the earnest prayers offered up at the morning and evening readings on behalf of the assembled . household. 'I am glad Mrs. Barclay is coming, for she always remembers the servants in her prayers/ was the remark of one of the domestics, when she heard we were expecting a visit from our valued friend. Few persons have been more richly gifted with true Christian sympathy, and loving insight how best to strengthen the hands of those on whom the care and oversight of the school chiefly rested. She helped to bear the heavier burdens herself, whilst the lighter ones she often removed by her cheerful views and wise advice."

As regards Eliza Barclay's gifts as a minister, they were such as appealed more to the heart than the head. Her own large experience of suffering and of the strong consolations provided through Christ for suffering of every kind, led her to dwell much upon the heart utterances of the Psalms, blending these with tender invitations to accept the sustaining sympathy of Christ, who was touched with the feeling of our infirmities, and in all points tempted like as we are, yet without sin. The importance of early heart surrender to Him, - the peace of obedience, - the repose of unmixed reliance on Him, which excludes self-righteousness, were often enlarged upon, and one of her favourite texts, and one which she alluded to shortly before her death, with emphasis as regarded herself, was, " Not by works of righteousness that we have done, but according to His mercy He saved us by the washing of regeneration and the renewing of the Holy Ghost which He shed on us abundantly through Jesus Christ our Saviour." Such was the message of glad tidings committed to her and delivered with great humility in few words, and perhaps with almost too pressing a sense of her unfitness for such a service, as the following extract will show : -

"Twelfth month 15th, 1844. - I intend going to spend a few days at Ayton School. I feel peculiarly my inability to be of much use, but as this little visit has rather pressed upon my mind for some months, I think I must go in faith, earnestly desiring that the wisdom which is from above may be with me, enabling me, not only by word but by influence, to be of some little service among the girls. I sometimes long to see a little more clearly than I do my way as regards active benevolent occupations : I desire not to wrap my talent in a napkin, or to live to myself; on the other hand I have never felt it my place during the last three years to enter in the same active way as I once did into philanthropic objects My visit to Ayton was a very satisfactory one; - another proof to me that it is well to wait for and take little openings for doing good which do not exactly come in the line of accustomed duty. It was in some degree marred from want of more faithfulness, but I think I was helped a little to relieve my mind to the dear children. How exceedingly compassionate is our Heavenly Shepherd to the weakness of His flock ! The misery I have known from unfaithfulness sometimes makes me feel as though I should be willing to purchase peace at any price, though I think nothing can be more repugnant to my nature than having to expose myself as a public spectacle. It is truly becoming a fool before men; but then how awfully do the words come before me, 'He that denieth Me before men, &c, till I am brought to bow under the power, and feel that all earthly things are light in comparison with losing an interest in Him whose right it is to use His children as it pleaseth Him, and who can give power even to the feeblest of His little ones, to put on strength in His name, and to feel that at His presence even the mountains can flow down and be cast into the midst of the sea. But the withering effects of unfaithfulness ! I shudder at the thought of the blast from the wilderness which seems to dry up every green thing within the soul, when not given up to manifested duty. It seems to distance me from the warmth of His love, who calls for a willing sacrifice." She was not often away from home on ministerial engagements, but within her own meeting the gift of faithful eldership was remarkably combined with that of ministry in private and public. In the year 1874 she had a serious illness, with symptoms affecting the heart and bringing before her the probability that her life might terminate suddenly. Of these she writes : - " So these are warnings to which I hope I shall give heed, and, as long as life is allotted me, be able still to make use of it for others, without unduly wasting my powers. It certainly brings the uncertainty of life very closely before me; and while I desire thoroughly to sift my foundations, and not in any way to deceive myself, the power of trusting myself wholly, whether for life or death, to my all-sufficient Eedeemer is mercifully given, and the unspeakable blessedness of a union for ever with Him, is often prominently before me."

" Sixth month 5th, 1874. Tunbridge Wells. - Should I be taken away before my return .home, I want to leave the tenderest farewell of love to my precious mother, who has been to me not only an excellent mother, but sister and friend. My brothers and sisters,** *Her husband's family*. tenderly beloved, will miss me, and life has many precious ties ; but these must be severed one after another, and for them, and for all whom I love, my most earnest desire is that Jesus may be their first and last, that they may realise to the very full the unspeakable blessedness of trusting wholly to Him. Oh, without a shred of my own to trust to, I feel that, whether for life or death, in His arms I am safe, utterly unworthy as I am. Tenderly have I been cherished by you all, my beloved brothers and sisters. Dear Friends of my own meeting, farewell in the Lord. May grace and power more and more abound among you, quickening you with the life hid with Christ in God." Although she recovered a considerable amount of health, she had for the remainder of her life to limit her active duties to her lessened bodily powers, and these were still further curtailed by an affection of her eyes, which for a time, it was feared, would end in total blindness. From this she was, however, spared, and after a year or two of dependence and increasing darkness, which she bore

with wonderful equanimity, one eye recovered considerable power, and the blessing of sight was welcomed back with great thankfulness. Indeed the last four or five years of her life were a time of fulness of peace and disengagement of heart from anxiety or care, during which it might truly be said " that her peace flowed as a river, and her righteousness was as the waves of the sea." The following extracts show how, as the outward day darkened upon her, the path shone brighter and brighter onwards to the perfect day :-

"Third month 28th, 1875. Bournemouth. - Nearly a year come round since I was first taken ill, and now I can emphatically say, 4 Lord, what shall I render for all Thy benefits towards me? 'May the Lord show me what I can do for Him here. It seems so little ; my powers in many ways so circumscribed by inability to read, from inflamed eyes, or to write, that I sometimes feel shut up, as it were, into a corner ; but it is the Lord's will, and therefore must be best. Oh, it is wonderful how He sweetens even His crosses by His love. My trials ! how small and light, compared with some around me ! I am surrounded by luxuries and choice blessings. That from my quiet corner I may be enabled to give a drop of comfort to any sorrowful one is my longing desire."
"Eleventh month 11th, 1878. Blachwell. - It is not often that I feel inclined to write in this book, now that life is advanced with me, and none to come after me who might learn some lessons from my experience ; yet I do like sometimes to record my many mercies, and the tender loving-kindness which seems over, around, and about me. . . . Home mercies abound, but in the world at large things are dark and gloomy. The untold miseries of war abroad, and great poverty and suffering among the unemployed workmen, especially in the North and Wales, also in America, and various parts of the Continent. What will be the end of it all only One knows ! But God rules in the kingdom of men,' is always the comfort to fall back upon. For some great ends the present conflicts may be permitted, ultimately for the establishment of Christ's kingdom upon the earth, and letting in the light of the Gospel on countries now benighted."

Under date 4th of Fourth month, 1880, are some straggling lines, almost illegible, which affectingly tell of vanishing sight. "How very very long it is since I have written anything in this book, and it seems of little use now that I cannot read what I write ; and yet I must record my thankfulness for the many, many mercies left me, now that the power of sight is almost gone. To be so dependent as I am is a trial, a deep trial, yet how wonderfully does my dear Lord take away the sting of it, and make me under what seemed so very sad to rejoice more and more in His loving-kindness, His tender mercies, that He is all-sufficient for all things. And can I not trust that, if I become quite blind, still I may be able to rejoice in the brightness of Him, who came to be a light to the world? It alters my life a good deal, so many things that I cannot do ; but in my quiet seclusion I lead a very happy life, and hope I am not quite cut off from being of some little use in the world. Life to me seems so uncertain, that the end may come any day, that I do feel it such a blessing to take and enjoy each day as it comes, only just resting all upon Him for time and eternity."
Two years and a half later she takes up the book of remembrances again, and with a firmer .hand, adds, "I have found this book. Its strange blurred pages are records of indistinct sight, but they show how merciful God I^as been to me in giving me the power of again seeing so much better than was the case for a year or two. It is an unspeakable blessing when at one time I saw nothing before me but total darkness ; yet it is one of the marvels of God's grace and power how He eases to the mind trials, though they would be unspeakable, and enables us to say, "Not my will but Thine be done.' "
The following, copied from a letter written about a year and a half before her death, describes one of those happy social evenings frequently spent at Blackwell by various classes of persons, which partook more or less of a religious tone, blended with the pleasures of c

Eighth month 19th, 1882. - " I am enjoying my time here with dear E without distraction, and enjoying to see her enjoyment of everybody and everything around her. She had a most successful Biblewoman's treat yesterday. The cloudy sky of the morning broke into an exquisite sunset as we sat in the tent which she had had placed so as to face the west, concluding the treat with what she called ' an informal meeting.' J. B. H read Ps. 92, and she spoke so nicely to them. There were about thirty to thirty-five Christian workers, a good strong body for so comparatively small a district, and she had a dozen or more visitors, chosen for their interest in Christian objects, which included some of the ministers of different congregations. These seemed delighted with the ease of the occasion, and I tred mentally to photograph the scene on my memory. Dear E looked so benevolent and happy. A large plant of red begonia on a table behind her, which caught the rays of the declining sun and gleamed out in a sort of glorified sheen around her in contrast with the shade of the rest of the tent, and in front of us the fir trees stood out in sharp, dark outline against what Jean Ingelow calls ' day's golden death;' and there stood dear E , among her happy guests and helpers, loving and beloved, herself like a sunset, bright at eventide after a somewhat stormy day. I find her particularly at rest, with no one to be anxious about, all strain removed, only afraid ' she lives in too much luxury,' when I say how much I enjoy this sitting-room which she has appropriated to my use. You know how fond she is of hymns, so when the women gathered in the tent for tea she said, 'Wouldn't they like to sing a little before they begin ? ' The after-meeting too, ended with a hymn, which she said somebody suggested, for they could not do without a hymn; and then she asked me, of all people, to sing at supper-time ; so you see her heart was full of song, and I wished I had the gift." This love of psalms and hymns and spiritual songs was very marked;

I hear the music ringing,

It finds an echo in my soul,

How can I keep from singing?"

This hymn and another - "We speak of the realms of the blest" - were read to her a short time before her death by her faithful friend and companion Phyllis Lowe. The end came with little warning, though a tendency to faintness had alarmed her attendants the day before, when she remarked to her maid, who was likely to leave her service in a few weeks, I think thou wilt very likely be with me at the end." And so it proved ; the faintness returned on the morning of the 5th of Third month, after a night of reposeful sleep, and in a few minutes she was gently released to her blessed rest in the Lord.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a member of the Ackworth School Committee in 1848.

• She worked as a Quaker Minister in 1852.

8-Joseph Gurney Barclay^{10,27,34,61,66,86,188,207} was born on 24 Oct 1816 in Leyton, London and died on 26 Apr 1898 in Exton House, Brighton (25th given in AM) at age 81.

General Notes: Joseph Pease (1799-1872), when staying at at Leyton, wrote

7th December, 1845 (Sunday): Dressing, breakfast, hymns - walked in garden and then to family reading in the dining room - accompanied Joseph Gurney Barclay, Mary Barclay and dearest to Plaistow meeting held in silence throughout - a very stripped meeting and many have cast off the appearance of friends - In the loss of Betsy Fry, many here have lost their Crown - others have gone clean away into the world as regards any assimilation to the views and practices of the Society of Friends -how much shared riches have had in these results - I cannot say - but some of my musings were instructive, believing herein has been a great snare - at the same time, here as elsewhere, the world has promised what it has utterly failed in performing -which, it appeared to me, many living as well as dead could they be brought to honest confession, would be ready at once to admit..."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRAS.
- He worked as a Senior Partner, Barclay, Bevan, Tritton & Co. In 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as an Astronomer.
- He had a residence in Knotts Green, Leyton, Essex.
- He was a Quaker.

Joseph married Mary Walker Leatham,^{10,61,90} daughter of William Leatham^{10,20,69,88,210} and Margaret Walker,^{10,20,88,210} in 1842 in FMH Huddersfield. Mary was born in 1821 and died on 10 Feb 1848 in Walthamstow, London at age 27. They had three children: **Robert, William Leatham**, and **Elizabeth Gurney**.

9-Robert Barclav^{2,33,150} was born on 13 Dec 1843 in Walthamstow, London, died on 19 Jul 1921 at age 77, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire.

General Notes: On Thurs 23 May 1907 she took (me) through Saffron Walden & pointed me out the Gibsons houses &c & saw me off to Broxbourne (JGP: abt 7¹/₂ m N.E. of Potters Bar) from Audley End – I met Nellie there & we then went to High Lea to spend a night with Robert & Ellen Barclay - Again a very pleasant renewal of old acquaintance - & he showed me his old family things, his pedigree &c.

Among the family portraits are :-

Oil painting by Leslie of Elizabeth Barclay née Gurney (not very pleasing)

Pastel of the same by unknown artist, very charming & nice but devoid of the bright colouring of hair that is shown in Anne F. Fowler's miniature of her. Pastel companion picture of her husband Robt Barclay, very good.

A Delacour replica of Jane Gurney Snr the same as mine

A pair of very fine miniatures in old shagreen cases of Robert & Ann Barclay (née Ford) – very fashionable young people.

A miniature in red case of David Barclay

Silhouette of Priscilla Gurney died 1821

Silhouette of Gurney Barclay

Water Colour of Joseph Gurney Barclays' 1st wife née Leatham – she is embroidering & it is a very charming portrait.

Another of her with one of the Barclay girls – sewing

Another of Henry Barclay "White haired Harry" my father's friend with a bull finch & his little light haired sister Louisa .

Jane & Elizabeth Barclay as little girls - one with flowers the other with a doll – very quaint

Another water. colour of Emma Lucy Barclay (my grandmother's friend) who m. H. Birkbeck as 2^{nd} wife.

Another of Henry Barclay when older, shortly before his death –

Another very nice one of Jane M Barclay

He has also an oil painting by W. Barrand of his g. father's horses, a black horse he (R.B. Sen^r).rode, a white mare Jane B. rode & a black pony – also a good portrait in oils by Colner of Jos. Gurney Barclay, an oil painting by Pettie of Geo. Fox refusing the oath with Margaret Fell sitting behind him.

A gold headed cane that belonged to David Barclay of Cheapside, old engravings of David Barclay of Cheapside, of Col. D. B. the last laird, like mine of Jos. Gurney the Sincere Quaker - of Wm. Penn signing the Treaty – both the ones of Elizabeth Fry in Newgate.

Some old Grove plate, one a silver salver with the same design on it as my big Grove urn - another old Barclay salver exactly like it, some fine old Barclay China. Robt. Barclay told me that when he lived for a year or more at Darlington, the people whom he loved best were my father & mother though Charles Pease was the best (i.e. closest) friend he ever had - My mother was most kind to him he said - & he added she was the most beautiful young woman he ever knew. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker. Partner in Barclay, Bevan, Tritton & Co. In 1888 in 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He had a residence in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire.

• He worked as a Chairman, Barclays Bank.

Robert married Elizabeth Ellen Buxton,^{33,150} daughter of Thomas Fowell Buxton^{150,153} and Rachel Jane Gurney,¹⁵³ on 12 Feb 1868 in Parish Church, West Ham, London. Elizabeth was born on 17 Jan 1848 in West Ham, London, died on 20 Sep 1919 at age 71, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchvard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire. They had eight children: Robert Leatham, Mary Dorothea, Clemence Rachel, David Buxton, Joseph Gurney, Gilbert Arthur, Rachel Elizabeth, and Christiana Octavia.

10-Maj. Robert Leatham Barclay was born on 30 Mar 1869 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 22 May 1939 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE JP DL.
- He had a residence in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire.
- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of Barclays Bank.
- He had a residence in Gaston House, Bishops Stortford, Hertfordshire.
- He had a residence in Higham, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Suffolk in 1921.

Robert married Alice Eugenia Smith-Bosanquet, daughter of Horace James Smith-Bosanquet and Cecilia Jane Wentworth Bosanquet, on 31 Mar 1898. Alice died on 23 Aug 1918.

Robert next married Dorothy Rhoda Williams, daughter of Sir Robert Williams 1st Bt. and Rosa Walker Simes, on 4 Mar 1924. Dorothy was born on 11 Dec 1881. They had one daughter: (No Given Name).

11-Barclay

10-Mary Dorothea Barclay was born about 1871.

Mary married Rev. Edward Batchelor Russell, son of John Russell and Harriet Harnett. Edward was born on 30 Jun 1852. They had two children: Edward David Batchelor and Alexander Barclay.

11-Edward David Batchelor Russell

11-Alexander Barclay Russell

10-Clemence Rachel Barclay² was born about 1874 and died on 14 Oct 1952 about age 78.

Clemence married **Rt. Rev. Edward Sydney Woods**,^{2,211} son of **Rev. Frank Woods**^{2,211} and **Alice Octavia Fry**,^{2,211} on 30 Jul 1903 in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire. Edward was born on 1 Nov 1877 in All Saints' vicarge, Hereford, Herefordshire and died on 11 Jan 1953 in The Bishop's Palace, Lichfield, Staffordshire at age 75. They had six children: Josephine Priscilla, Frank, Samuel Edward, Janet Clemence, Robert "Robin" Wilmer, and Mary Gabrielle.

General Notes: Woods, Edward Sydney (1877-1953), bishop of Lichfield, was born at All Saints' vicarage, Hereford, on 1 November 1877, the third of five children of the Revd Frank Woods (1846-1896), vicar of All Saints', Hereford, and later vicar of St Andrew's, Nottingham, and his wife, Alice Octavia, née Fry (1845-1923), who was of Quaker lineage and granddaughter of Elizabeth Fry. Along with his elder brother, Theodore Woods (later bishop of Peterborough and then Winchester), he was educated at Marlborough College (1890-96), and at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took a second class in the theological tripos in 1899.

After reading for ordination at Ridley Hall, Cambridge, Woods was ordained in 1901 as curate of Holy Trinity, Cambridge, and chaplain of the Cambridge pastorate. He was chaplain and lecturer at Ridley Hall from 1901 to 1903, and vice-principal from 1903 to 1907. On 30 July 1903 he married Clemence Rachel (1874-1952), daughter of Robert Barclay (1837-1921), of High Leigh, Hoddesdon; her father, a member of the banking family, had been brought up a Quaker but joined the Church of England and was treasurer of the British and Foreign Bible Society. They had three sons and three daughters. Illness with tuberculosis required a change of climate for Woods and a move to Switzerland, where he was successively chaplain at Davos Platz (1908-13) and at Lausanne (1913-15). He was examining chaplain to the bishop of Durham (1911-22).

In 1915 Woods became a temporary chaplain to the forces serving at the Royal Military College, Sandhurst. He was a contributor to The Church in the Furnace (1917), a volume of essays by temporary forces chaplains, which sought to inform the church of the pastoral implications of the conflict. In 1918 he visited the western front and early in 1919 he toured the occupation forces

in Germany, travelling 2100 miles to interview 280 of the 400 forces candidates for ordination. Demobilized in April 1919, and in restored health, Woods returned to Cambridge to be vicar of his old parish, Holy Trinity. After the war he led the Bristol Crusade, a mission to industrial workers at which Geoffrey Studdert Kennedy was one visiting speaker. He became proctor in convocation for the diocese of Ely (1921-3), and honorary canon of Ely (1923-7).

In 1927 Woods was appointed vicar and rural dean of Croydon, which was to be the base of his ministry for the next ten years. As suffragan bishop of Croydon, to which position he was appointed in 1930, he instigated the 'Croydon experiment'. This was a local response to the Sunday Entertainment Act of 1932 (which permitted the opening of cinemas on Sunday as long as cinema employees were allowed a day of rest and that a proportion of profits from the opening was given to charity). To these provisos, he suggested the addition of a third, that the films shown should be 'wholesome' and suitable for Sunday viewing. At the local referendum on this issue, in November 1932, the scheme was approved by 34,617 votes to 24,386. He went on to chair the committee that vetted the films for the first year of its operation, proudly reporting in a letter to The Times (29 Oct 1934) that the committee had succeeded in eliminating films that 'made a special feature of crime, cruelty, and loose morality' for those of educational merit, clean comedies, and healthy stories.

At Croydon, Woods played an important part in the early years of religious broadcasting at the BBC. The first broadcast Sunday morning service was a harvest thanksgiving from Croydon parish church on 6 October 1935. From then onwards Woods (and Croydon) featured in the regular pattern of Sunday services, noted for the quality of the preaching. These broadcasts produced a flow of fan mail for Woods, who published his radio talks as Love in Action (1939) and A Life Worth Living (1941). An 'ideal broadcaster', Woods was in demand well beyond his time at Croydon. He possessed the 'capacity to make each listener feel that he was being spoken to personally' (Tomkins, 135).

A moderate evangelical (and someone who always kept a spiritual diary), Woods took an increasing interest in church politics and ecumenism as his ministry progressed. He was able to relate well to all wings of the church. A keen supporter of the Life and Liberty Movement, which sought full control for the church of its own affairs, and which led to the Enabling Act of 1919, Woods chaired the movement from 1921, and sought in particular to support church governance practically by educating and supporting the laity in their new-found responsibilities. Woods instigated and then led the Swanwick conferences for parochial church councillors every year (except during wartime) from 1923 until his death. His biographer described him as an 'apostle of unity' (Tomkins, 99), his lifetime spanning the years in which the ecumenical movement grew from strength to strength. He was a speaker at Student Christian Movement conferences, and appointed as one of the Church of England's delegates to the first Faith and Order conference in Lausanne in 1927, and again at the Edinburgh conference in 1937. His publications Modern Discipleship (1911) and Everyday Religion (1922), like his other works, were published by the SCM Press.

Woods became bishop of the vast diocese of Lichfield in 1937. Despite its geographical size, he adopted his brother Theodore's method of making pilgrimages to various parts of his diocese on foot. By the end of his time at Lichfield, he had made twenty-three such diocesan walks and, covering about 900 miles on foot, made 289 visits to parishes. In his wartime visitation charge of 1941 he declared that the war needed to be fought 'on two fronts, to pray and work for a physical victory over the brute forces of Nazism ... but on the other hand ... filled with the spirit of forgiveness and reconciliation ... wage relentless war on the spiritual hosts of darkness' (Tomkins, 125); and that this war was being fought to 'bring the ideal of a Christian England within the realm of possibility' (Wolfe, 177). Although his diocese was little affected by bombing, Woods attended when an explosion at an ammunition dump annihilated two villages, and when one of his churches, All Saints', Darlaston, was destroyed by the enemy. Towards the end of the war Woods was invited by the YMCA to be a missioner, visiting the troops and chaplains, and made an impression as someone of 'power, simplicity and obvious friendliness' (Tomkins, 130). After the war, during October 1946, he visited service personnel in Austria and northern Italy, including a visit to a prisoner-of-war camp, where he gave the blessing in German.

Although Woods was socially and educationally of a conventional background for an Anglican bishop, living in a world in which shooting parties were the norm and shortage of money was not an issue, he wore his upper-class and Anglican clerical background lightly. He loved sport, especially hockey and tennis, and created a tennis court in his garden at Croydon, continuing to play the game throughout his life. He had the common touch in his ability to communicate to a range of audiences, not least to students; he was often described as 'lovable'. Even if no intellectual giant, Woods was 'a priest and a gentleman' (Hastings, 448), whose pastoral gifts were self-evident. His sympathetic 'I know how you feel', to someone whose troubles he had never experienced himself, nevertheless carried conviction (Tomkins, 8).

Woods was left a widower on his wife's death in October 1952. His last sermon was on Christmas day 1952 at Singapore Cathedral, while on a mission to troops in the Far East. Becoming ill on his journey home, he died a fortnight after his return, at the palace, The Close, Lichfield, on 11 January 1953, of myocardial failure and acute bronchitis. His lifelong love of Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress was underlined by his request for this to be read to him during his last few days. His three sons were all clergyman; one of them, Frank Woods (1907-1992), became archbishop of Melbourne and primate of Australia.

Stephen G. Parker

Sources

O. Tomkins, The life of Edward Woods (1957) \cdot The Times (12 Jan 1953); (15 Jan 1953); (21 Jan 1953) \cdot A. Hastings, A history of English Christianity, 1920-1990, 3rd edn (1991) \cdot K. M. Wolfe, The churches and the British Broadcasting Corporation, 1922-1956: the politics of broadcast religion (1984) \cdot b. cert. \cdot m. cert. \cdot d. cert. **Archives**

BL, corresp. with A. Mansbridge and S. Cockerell · King's Lond., corresp. with B. H. Liddell Hart

Likenesses

Bassano, half-plate glass negatives, 1937, NPG, London \cdot Bassano, vintage print, 1937, NPG, London \cdot W. Stoneman, negative, 1939, NPG, London \cdot H. A. Carr, portrait, repro. in The exhibition of the Royal Academy of Arts (1931), 37 \cdot J. Epstein, portrait, bronze, Lichfield Cathedral; repro. in G. T. Noszlopy and F. Waterhouse, Public sculpture of Staffordshire and the Black Country (2005), 223 \cdot F. Higginton, portrait, repro. in The exhibition of the Royal Academy of Arts (1931), 67

Wealth at death

£4725 1s. 1d.: probate, 10 April 1953, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Bishop of Lichfield in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire.

11-Josephine Priscilla Woods was born on 7 Aug 1905.

Josephine married **Rev. John d'Ewes Evelyn Firth**, son of John Benjamin Firth and Helen Gertrude Lynan, on 12 Apr 1939 in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire. John died on 21 Sep 1957. They had no children.

11-The Most Rev. Sir Frank Woods was born on 6 Apr 1907 in Davos, Switzerland and died on 29 Nov 1992 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KBE MA DD LLd.
- He worked as an Archbishop of Melbourne and Primate of Australia.

Frank married Jean Margaret Sprules. They had four children: Theodore, (No Given Name), Richenda, and Clemence.

12-Rev. Theodore Woods

12-Woods

12-Richenda Woods

12-Rev. Clemence Woods

11-Ven. Samuel Edward Woods was born on 13 Jul 1910, died on 2 Oct 2001 in Wellington, New Zealand at age 91, and was buried in Waikanae, Wellington, New Zealand.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an Archdeacon of Christchurch, New Zealand.

Samuel married Sybil Mary Williams, daughter of Canon Arthur Frederick Williams, in 1940. Sybil was born on 7 Jul 1914, died on 1 Feb 2001 in Wellington, New Zealand at age 86, and was buried in Waikanae, Wellington, New Zealand. They had five children: Richard, Christopher Samuel, (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

12-Richard Woods

12-Canon Christopher Samuel Woods was born on 15 Jan 1943 in Napier, Hawkes Bay, New Zealand and died on 10 Dec 2007 in Liverpool at age 64.

General Notes: Canon Christopher ("Kik") Woods, who has died aged 64, was at all periods a man of inexhaustible energy, warm sociability and transparent goodness; his life, however, was sharply divided between a decidedly secular - even a rumbustious - youth, and a maturity of unstinting religious dedication at St Helens, Merseyside. Yet while his conversion to active Christianity was both sudden and unexpected, it could hardly have surprised a geneticist.

Christopher Samuel Woods was born in New Zealand on January 15 1943 at Napier, Hawkes Bay, on the North Island, where his maternal grandfather was in charge of the mission to Maori in the Waiapu diocese.

Christopher - or "Kik" as he immediately became, in imitation of his elder brother Richard's attempts to address the newcomer - was the second child in a family of five; the younger three (one of whom died in infancy) were all girls.

In 1943 Kik's father, Sam Woods, was chaplain to the Royal New Zealand Air Force. His family's religious heritage went back a long way: one of Sam's great-great-great-dimensional been the Quaker prison reformer Elizabeth Fry (1780-1845). The Woods, however, had become pillars of the Established Church.

Kik's grandfather, Edward Woods, ended his days as High Almoner to King George VI and Bishop of Lichfield, while his great-uncle Theodore (whom Kik particularly resembled in appearance) was Bishop of Winchester.

In the next generation Kik's uncle Frank became Archbishop of Melbourne and Primate of Australia, while his uncle Robin was Dean of Windsor and subsequently Bishop of Worcester. His aunt Gabrielle headed the Women's Institute. Sam, his father, a man of great virtue and surpassing humility (he particularly dreaded preaching), would be Archdeacon in the Christchurch diocese, New Zealand, from 1955 to 1977.

In fact Sam's connection with New Zealand dated back to his youth, when he had gone out to visit his godfather, the Bishop of Christchurch. He later returned to Christchurch as university chaplain and met his future wife Sybil Williams, whose great-great grandfather Henry Williams (1782-1867) had been celebrated as one of the first missionaries to the Maori. Succeeding

generations of the family had continued this work.

Kik Woods, however, for a long time showed no disposition to follow the godly example of his forebears. From 1946 to 1955 he was in England, where his father was successively vicar of Southport and rector of Hatfield. Back in New Zealand after 1955 he attended Christ's College, Christchurch.

He proved a good all-rounder both in form and on the sports field, while his trumpet playing qualified him as leader of the school band. He would always love music, of every kind. After school Kik went to America, having won a scholarship to Dartmouth College, at Hanover in New Hampshire. At once good-looking and delightful, he applied himself to party-going with such exclusive diligence that after five terms the authorities cancelled his scholarship. Back in New Zealand, at Canterbury University, he was as popular as at Dartmouth, and hardly more industrious.

In 1966 Kik Woods came to London, and found jobs in the marketing side of publishing, first at Collier Macmillan and then with Associated Book Publishers. He travelled widely in Europe, with a spell behind the Iron Curtain. At one period he passed several months with no fixed abode, save for the company Volvo.

Later he joined Reuter's Economic Service in Africa, selling economic bulletins which were sent out by wire. He was still very much of a hedonist, and a fortunate one too: even when he dived into a half-empty swimming pool in Kinshasa he somehow emerged with nothing worse than a sore neck.

In 1973 he returned to New Zealand, grew a beard, and for a time lived hand-to-mouth as a truck driver. When he applied for the post of sales manager for AH and AW Reed, the biggest publishers in New Zealand, he turned up in his overalls, changed into a suit on the premises, took the interview, and donned the overalls again to leave in his truck. He was given the job, and began to criss-cross New Zealand in a large station wagon. One day in 1974, to his own stupefaction, the interior of the vehicle became for him flooded with light, and he was suddenly visited with the absolute certainty that he had a vocation to be a priest.

"I'm going to be ordained," he told his sister-in-law at the next stop. "Would you like a drink?" she replied. "Yes," he said, "but I am going to be ordained." For 10 years he had hardly been inside a church.

For the rest of his life, Kik Woods remained true to that astonishing moment of illumination.

In the autumn of 1974 he commenced his theological training at Queen's College, Birmingham, where he further demonstrated his new seriousness of purpose by finally acquiring a degree by correspondence from Canterbury University.

The next year, 1975, he was staying with his friend Esmé Howard at Sermoneta, near Rome, when Esmé's sister Kathy walked into the dining hall with a smile on her lips and a plate of spaghetti in her hand. Woods was instantly smitten, and Kathy, who had been exploring the question of her vocation at the convent of the Communità di Ganghereto nearby, soon discovered that she was called to quite another life.

That August, in Dubrovnik, they became secretly engaged. Inevitably the prospect of a union between an Anglican ordinand of Evangelical bent and a devout cradle Catholic presented difficulties; from the beginning, however, Kik and Kathy were completely sure of each other.

They married on Woods's 34th birthday, January 15 1977. The wedding, consisting of a private Mass and an Anglican service taken by Kik's father, set the tone for the enduring harmony of their marriage.

Woods had been ordained just before his wedding. After completing a two-year curacy at All Souls, Childwall, in Liverpool, he was appointed vicar of Holy Trinity, St Helens, in 1979. The parish featured just about every urban problem known to sociology, from drug abuse to family breakdown, from childhood pregnancy to widespread unemployment. It was immediately evident that Woods would have to be a social worker as well as a priest.

The vicarage and church of Holy Trinity lie at the centre of an old industrial area, and the Woods cheerfully christened the house Gasworks View. Years later Kik would complain when one of the gasometers was removed.

It helped, of course, in that Romish region, that Kathy was a Catholic; and it helped even more that she was in sympathy with Woods's increasingly charismatic devotion. For a quarter of a century both gave themselves up wholeheartedly to resisting the area's spiritual decay, while doing all that they could to diminish the dire human consequences of its material degradation. It was a labour without rest or surcease, for there was never an hour at which they were unavailable to those who sought their help. There were dark moments, of course; but Woods's generous and fundamentally optimistic nature, sustained by his deep faith, was immune from despair. Entirely without personal ambition, he never sought preferment or looked for alternative work. Where he had been called, there he would serve.

The successes which he experienced more than offset the disappointments. In any case, Woods could never have been finally disappointed in anyone or anything. His cheering presence always pointed to the possibility of better things.

However bleak the situation, he believed in the restorative power of enjoyment and fun. His energetic performance of The Vicar's Stomp at the piano constituted his message as surely as his sermons from the pulpit.

Aware that poverty was at the root of so many of his parishioners' troubles, on one occasion Woods suggested to his congregation that they should feel as free to remove money from the collection as to put it in.

At home he was a wonderful father to his three daughters and two sons, and also greatly loved by his wider family. Beyond, like so many busy men, he always seemed to have time for multiple enterprises. For many years he taught at Risley prison.

He was also associated with the New Wine network, based at St Andrew's, Chorleywood, in Hertfordshire.

The support of the leadership team at Holy Trinity allowed him to reach out to the wider world, joining missions to Uganda, India, Ukraine and Finland. From 2000 to 2006 Woods was Area Dean of St Helens, but not until 2005 did he leave Holy Trinity, and then his new parish was but two miles away. He met the fresh challenge with his usual gusto, setting forth his vision of the church's role within the town, and drawing up plans for improvements to the fabric of the building. He was also appointed a canon of Liverpool Cathedral.

Kik Woods suffered a massive stroke while conducting a service and died on December 10.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon of Liverpool Cathedral.
- His obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph on 16 Jan 2008.

Christopher married Kathy Howard. They had five children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

13-Woods

13-Woods

13-Woods

13-Woods

13-Woods

12-Woods

12-Woods

12-Woods

11-Janet Clemence Woods was born on 1 Dec 1912 in Cromer, Norfolk and died on 30 Jan 1998 in Salisbury, Wiltshire at age 85.

General Notes: Janet Clemence Woods, photographer: born Cromer, Norfolk 1 December 1912; married 1938 Reynolds Stone (died 1979; two sons, two daughters); died Salisbury, Wiltshire 30 January 1998.

Overlooked by ancient downland, the village of Litton Cheney in the far west of Dorset lies in one of the most magical parts of England. There, for 26 years, Janet Stone lived at the Old Rectory, with her husband Reynolds Stone, the distinguished engraver and typographer.

A descendant of Elizabeth Fry, the prison reformer, Janet Stone came of an ecclesiastical family (her father, Edward Woods, was Bishop of Croydon and then of Lichfield; one of her brothers, Frank, was Archbishop of Melbourne, another, Robin, Bishop of Worcester). She shared the qualities which singled her father out for church leadership - a good- tempered, gregarious nature, personal magnetism, organising powers and a strong, melodious voice.

So fine a soprano was she indeed that for three months, early in her marriage, she trained as an opera singer under the famous Italian teacher Miele, who gave her free lessons because he believed her to be better equipped to sing Verdi than anyone he had ever met. But the training separated her too much from her husband and her household, which had become the centre of her life. Her decision to give up her musical career was a loss to opera but not to British cultural life, for her creative energies went into making a perfect environment where some of the best British artists and writers came to work and to relax.

With her social curiosity and zest for life she had immediately increased their circle after they married, drawing in the many clever and talented people with whom her husband came in contact, but was too shy to entertain. This led to some notable collaborations - such as his illustrations to a selection of Benjamin Britten's songs, his dust-jackets for the books of Iris Murdoch and Cecil Day Lewis and his watercolours and engravings for Another Self and Ancestral Voices by James Lees-Milne. The stream of guests in summer brought Reynolds a large number of close friendships, such as he had never enjoyed before.

Janet Stone was in a long line (now extinct) of Victorian and Edwardian hostesses that included Julia Margaret Cameron, Blanche Warre-Cornish and Mrs Leslie Stephen, whose cultured gatherings represented a higher peak of English civilisation, despite their modesty, than did most of the grand aristocratic establishments of the period. At Litton Cheney with the Stones, it was easy to believe oneself a hundred years back in time: there were fires in every bedroom, readings aloud round the drawing-room hearth in the evenings, lunch in a little arbour of Janet's design, picnics in high summer on the deserted Chesil beach, winding walks through a woodland garden full of rivulets and small bridges, and, amazingly, butter from their cow (and churn). The company, whether it were Sidney Nolan, L.P. Hartley, Henry Moore or Frances Partridge, was always entertaining. One might say that Janet's motto was, "If a thing is worth doing, it is worth doing by hand"; and such perfectionism was pursued on a very modest income and with the assistance of only one devoted helper in the kitchen. Janet Stone was a romantic with a strong element of fantasy in her make- up, which did not clash with her practical abilities. Her handsome and stylish appearance recalled the Edwardian age. With her wide-brimmed hats and veils to protect her delicate skin, her corn-coloured hair and upright carriage, she made a memorable impression. Her conversation was ardent, emphatic and humorous. For all her enthusiasm for making new and illustrious acquaintances, she was unexclusive and was devoted to the many young people who came to stay and were bewitched by the demi-paradise that she had created.

Surprisingly, despite her galvanising presence, she was not self-confident. She depended absolutely on her husband and after his death, in 1979, she gave up the house and entertaining on the

same scale. Without Reynolds, the life in Litton Cheney was unbearably lonely.

Her life and home with him are commemorated in her photographs, some of which have been published in her own work, Thinking Faces (1988), others of which were commissioned for books and magazines; she took the author portrait for Kenneth Clark's 1969 book-of-the-television-series Civilisation. A collection of her prints is now in the National Portrait Gallery archive. She worked almost entirely in black-and-white. Most of her best portraits were done at Litton Cheney, with one of her three cameras, a Canon, a Yashica and an old Rolleiflex, the product of hours of patient observation. Some have an extraordinary spiritual depth - such as those of Iris Murdoch, David Jones and John Piper - as beautiful in their way as those of the four Stone children taken in childhood and youth; and humour runs through many of her images - of John Bayley, Professor of English Literature, lying happily asleep on a railway line; and of John Sparrow, Warden of All Souls, reading absorbedly, with a teacosy on his head.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Photographer.
- Her obituary was published in The Independent on 2 Feb 1998.

Janet married Alan Reynolds Stone,² son of Edward Wellington Stone² and Laura Neville, in 1938. Alan was born on 13 Mar 1909 in Eton College, Windsor, Berkshire and died on 23 Jun 1979 at age 70. Another name for Alan was Reynolds Stone. They had four children: Edward, Humphrey, Phillida Bovill, and Emma G.

General Notes: Stone, (Alan) Reynolds (1909-1979), engraver and letter cutter, was born at Eton College, Buckinghamshire, on 13 March 1909, the eldest of the three children and the only son of Edward Wellington Stone (1867-1936), an Eton housemaster, and his wife, Laura Neville (1872-1925), the daughter of J. E. Bovill, a corn merchant of Dorking. His mother had studied drawing under the painter and Slade professor of fine art Henry Tonks. His father's sister married the writer Compton Mackenzie. Stone was educated first at Eton and then at Magdalene College, Cambridge, where he read history, in which he obtained second classes (second division) in both parts of the historical tripos (1929 and 1930). Stone began work at the Cambridge University Press under a scheme inaugurated by Walter Lewis, the university printer, for the training of graduate apprentices. It was here that he began his first experiments as an engraver, first on pieces of type metal and later on boxwood. Two great influences of this period were F. G. Nobbs, the press overseer, and the work of Stanley Morison, at that time typographical adviser to the Cambridge University Press. Morison was in part responsible for the revival of interest in classical letter forms and had edited three volumes of Fleuron, a typographical periodical, which Stone read at Cambridge. In 1932 he spent a formative fortnight at Pigotts, the home and workplace of the master craftsman and engraver Eric Gill, who had such a profound effect on modern typography and design. Stone found the atmosphere of worship and work at Gill's too powerful; he felt a need to make his own way. In 1932 Stone moved to Taunton to work for the printers Barnicott and Pearce. It was there that he produced some of his first engraved designs, including his first book-plate for Armide Oppé. Two years later he left to pursue his own career as a freelance engraver and designer, and exhibited book-plates at the Sunday Times book exhibition, where he first attracted critical attention.

Until the Second World War, Stone worked on numerous book-plate designs, armorial devices, and illustrations. Notable books he illustrated include The Shakespeare Anthology (Nonesuch Press, 1935), The Praise and Happinesse of the Countrie Life (Gregynog Press, 1938), and The Confessions of J. J. Rousseau (Nonesuch Press, 1938). In 1938 Stone married Janet Woods [see below], with whom he had two sons and two daughters. They moved to Bracken Cottage, Bucklebury, Berkshire. In 1939 he taught himself to cut letters in stone, and his mastery of this form led to various important commissions, such as the memorials to Alfred Duff Cooper, Viscount Norwich (1955), Sir Winston Churchill (Westminster Abbey, 1965), T. S. Eliot (Westminster Abbey, 1966), and Lord Britten (Aldeburgh, 1977).

During the war Stone worked with the RAF in photo interpretation, but still produced engraved designs. The post-war period saw some of his finest work, including illustrations for Adrian Bell's The Open Air (1936 and 1949) and designs for Breviarium Romanum (1946), commissioned by Stanley Morison. He also engraved devices for The Times, notably the masthead, introduced in 1951.

Stone moved with his family to Dorset in 1953 to the Old Rectory, Litton Cheney, Dorchester, where he lived for the rest of his life. In 1955 he designed the coat of arms for Her Majesty's Stationery Office and in 1963-4 the £5 and £10 notes for the Bank of England (using his daughter Phillida as the model for Britannia); she subsequently married the documentary film-maker Jonathan Francesc Gili. Stone contributed the article on Gwendolen Raverat to the Dictionary of National Biography. He always painted, often using his watercolours as starting points for engravings. The wilderness of his large wooded garden with its stream and ponds was a constant source of inspiration. He had one-man exhibitions at the Aldeburgh Festival (1958), the Arts Council (1959), Agnews (1965 and 1969), and the New Grafton Gallery (1972, 1975, and 1978). Stylistically he was a descendant of the engraver Thomas Bewick (1753-1828) and, in lettering, of the Renaissance calligraphic masters. He achieved near perfection with his engraved alphabets and roman capitals on wood and stone. He was appointed CBE in 1953 and a royal designer for industry in 1956, and in 1964 was elected a fellow of the Royal Society of Arts.

Stone was a man of quiet charm and humour whose friendship was greatly valued. He died, following a stroke, on 23 June 1979 in Dorchester, Dorset. Stone's wife, Janet Clemence Stone [née Woods] (1912-1998), photographer and hostess, was born on 1 December 1912 at Cromer, Norfolk, the fourth of the six children of Edward Sydney Woods (1877-1953), bishop of Lichfield, and his wife, Clemence Rachel, née Barclay (1874-1952). Two of her brothers became bishops. Educated at the Perse School for Girls, Cambridge, a finishing school in Lausanne, and the Royal College of Music, she started a singing career as a soprano but ended it after marriage. She became a notable hostess, entertaining at Litton Cheney leading writers, painters, and intellectuals including John Betjeman, J. B. Priestley, Benjamin Britten, Kenneth Clark, Henry Moore, Iris Murdoch, and John Bayley; she and her husband were particularly close to Murdoch and Bayley. She often photographed her guests (she also undertook commissions for books and magazines), and at Murdoch's suggestion, published some of her portraits in Thinking Faces (1988). After Stone's death she moved to Salisbury, Wiltshire, where she died on 30 January 1998, survived by her four children. Some of her portraits are in the National Portrait Gallery.

David Wolfers

Sources

Reynolds Stone: early development as an engraver $(1947) \cdot M$. Piper, The wood engraving of Reynolds Stone $(1951) \cdot R$. Stone, Reynolds Stone: engravings $(1977) \cdot personal knowledge (2004) \cdot M$. Harvey, Reynolds Stone's engraved lettering $(1992) \cdot J$. Hamilton, Wood engraving and the woodcut in Britain, c.1890-1990 $(1994) \cdot CGPLA$ Eng. & Wales $(1980) \cdot The$ Independent (2 Feb 1998) \cdot Daily Telegraph (24 Feb 1998) $\cdot P$. J. Conradi, Iris Murdoch: a life $(2001) \cdot private information (2004)$ [archivist, Perse School for Girls, Cambridge] **Archives**

Bodl. Oxf., business papers | BL, corresp. with Sir Sydney Cockerell, Add. MS 52754 · NL Scot., corresp. with Ruari Mclean · Tate collection, Tate Gallery archive, corresp. with Lord Clark, incl. letters from his wife, Janet Stone

Wealth at death

£141,794: probate, 12 Feb 1980, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE RDI.
- He worked as an Engraver and Typographer.
- He resided at The Old Rectory in Little Cheney, Dorset.

12-Edward Stone

12-Humphrey Stone

12-Phillida Bovill Stone

Phillida married Jonathan Francesc Gili,² son of Juan Gili i Serra and Elizabeth McPherson, on 27 Jul 1968 in Little Cheney, Dorset. Jonathan was born on 19 Apr 1943 in Radcliffe Maternity Home, Oxford, died on 1 Oct 2004 in Hammersmith Hospital, London at age 61, and was buried in Little Cheney, Dorset. They had three children: Oliver, Daisy, and Orlando.

General Notes: Gili, Jonathan Francesc (1943-2004), documentary film-maker, publisher, and collector, was born on 19 April 1943 at the Radcliffe Maternity Home, Oxford, the eldest of three children of Joan Lluis Gili (1907-1998), bookseller, publisher, and Catalan scholar, and his wife, Elizabeth Helen, née McPherson (1913-2011), who combined philosophy (in which she had a first-class degree) with cookery, on which she wrote two books. Long before their son went to school it was clear that he possessed unusual qualities. He taught himself to read at the age of three; and at four his favourite reading was Scholes's Oxford Companion to Music. He went to the Crescent School, then the Dragon School, in Oxford, and thence with a scholarship to Bryanston School in 1956. In 1961 he won an exhibition to New College, Oxford, to read Greats, but his studies were soon eclipsed by his interest in the cinema. He became Isis magazine's film editor, often watching five or six films a day. He graduated with a third-class degree in 1965. While still at Oxford he met Phillida Bovill Stone, daughter of the engraver (Alan) Reynolds Stone, at one of Lord David Cecil's Sunday morning parties. He was eighteen, she sixteen, and for Gili it was love at first sight. They eventually married on 27 July 1968 and had three children, Oliver, Daisy, and Orlando.

After leaving Oxford Gili worked briefly in his father's bookshop, but was determined to enter film-making. Edward Roberts gave him his first break as his assistant to edit Eddie Mirzoeff's BBC documentary Jerusalem the Golden (1968). His own first film as an editor was Barney Platts Mills's Bronco Bullfrog (1969). Through Mirzoeff, who first realized Gili's promise as a director, he edited other films for the BBC.

Gili's debut as a director came in 1971 with Incident, a short film starring Stephen Frears as a man progressively less concerned by a series of traffic accidents outside his window. But his forte was as a documentary film-maker. In 1978 London Weekend Television asked him to direct two films, Wedding Day, contrasting an Anglican with a Greek Orthodox wedding, and Soldiers, three cameos about the Salvation Army. This was a stroke of luck, for self-promotion was not one of Gili's talents. The following year Mirzoeff asked him to direct Public School, a film about Westminster School, which reached an audience of nearly twelve million. This was the turning point in Gili's career, and was the first of the many films he directed, wrote, and produced for the BBC, right up to his death. They were always films, not programmes (he never owned a television set). They were always about people, their hopes, quirks, interests, and loves, portrayed with a good humour never directed at the subject. This was as marked in To the World's End (1985), an exploration of London's multicultural society through the 31 bus route (with a score by Carl Davis), as in The Other Half (1984), about Angus Wilson and his partner, Tony Garrett.

Between 1985 and 1990 the BBC's 40 Minutes series included several Gili films, among them Mixed Blessings (1988, about two babies accidentally swapped at birth), and three with Lucinda Lambton, Animal Crackers (1985), A Cabinet of Curiosities (1987), and The Great North Road (1988)-a most happy partnership, skipping hilariously through various English eccentrics and eccentricities including those of the presenter herself. Presenters usually got in the way, he felt, unless their characters were part of the film, as in the first episode of Fire in the Blood (1992), in which the writer Ian Gibson explored his relationship with Spain, his adoptive country. Gili's subsequent films for Laurence Rees's Timewatch series included Typhoid Mary (1994), Gold Rush Memories (1996), Tales from the Oklahoma Land Runs and Tales of the Eiffel Tower (both 1999), The Empire State Story and Debutantes (both 2001), and, best of all, The Oklahoma Outlaw (1998).

Gili's films were beautifully shot. An outstanding photographer himself, he used natural light as far as possible, and was prepared to wait days if necessary for the right weather conditions. As well as the lighting, the angles of the shots would convey the emotion behind the story he was filming. He also used archive footage and stills to punctuate his films. Sound was as important. For him the 'voice' in a film gave the overall tone, and could make or ruin it. Actors produced outstanding performances for Gili, and relished working for him. Music mattered too, as in his use of the slow movement of Ravel's piano concerto over lyrical shots of rusting farm machinery abandoned in the meadows in Year of the French (1982). Twice Gili was able to commission music, from Stephen Oliver Cinderella, or, The Vindication of Sloth (his last work) in The Seven Deadly Sins (1993), and from Jonathan Dove the music for Queen

Elizabeth the Queen Mother (2002).

Gili's interviewing technique was unique. He took great risks, never giving his subjects a script, nor a hint of the questions he was going to ask. During the interview itself he usually kept silent, merely prompting, never interrupting, however long the silences might be. Sometimes they were very long indeed. 'I like to see people thinking', he once said (personal knowledge). Kind and humorous, he avoided filming people he disliked. He needed to feel affection for his subjects, even if he was exacting and ruthless in the interests of the film. Editors, cameramen, sound recordists, assistant producers, researchers, and personal assistants were driven mad by the demands that he made, but beguiled by his acute intelligence and irresistible stories; he charmed them into submission, and always gave proper praise when the work was well done.

Parallel with Gili's career as a film-maker was his career as a publisher. He started Warren Editions with his future wife in 1967. He inherited a passionate interest in book design and typography from his father, as Phillida did from hers. The first Warren Editions book was a collection of his father-in-law's work. Other publications included work by Ian Beck, John Betjeman (the text written for Mirzoeff's Metro-land, with Glynn Boyd Harte's lithographs), Kenneth Clark, Harold Jones, John Nash, and Gwen Raverat. Gili's own photographs won prizes for the calendars he designed for the David Game Group. He also collected books, the poetry, prose and illustrated books of his own and earlier times filling every available surface in his house in Ifield Road, Kensington. Books, however, had to contend with other things. He collected sardine tins, 7 inch singles (11,000 of them, some odd: 'Who could resist records shaped like Elton John's hat or Barry Manilow's nose?', he wrote in Harpers and Queen), printed paper napkins, hotel sewing kits, toy plastic mobile phones, snowstorms, and a hundred other things that touched his aesthetic sense, whether or not they appealed to anyone else. Sometimes they did: his friend Glynn Boyd Harte made a set of lithographs of the sardine tins, the sole text 'Contents: Sardines'.

In 1984 Gili was diagnosed with chronic myeloid leukaemia, and given at most three years to live. In the event he lived for twenty years more, cramming his life with activity between periods of treatment in Hammersmith Hospital, his thick black hair diminishing more with each treatment. He had just finished three of the most difficult films of his career when he was admitted to hospital for the last time. Historians of Genius (2004) had no dialogue other than the original text of three great writers, Carlyle, Gibbon, and Macaulay, with a brief introduction by Simon Schama. Gili had (unexpectedly) been appointed OBE in 2003, and (adding to a raft of honours for particular films) early in 2004 the Grierson documentary awards committee created the trustees' award especially to mark his outstanding contribution to documentary film-making. He died of leukaemia at Hammersmith Hospital on 1 October 2004, and was buried a week later in the churchyard at Litton Cheney, Dorset, where he had been married. He was survived by Phillida and their three children. A memorial meeting was held at the Royal Geographical Society in London on 6 March 2005.

Catrine Clay

Sources

The Times (5 Oct 2004); (7 Oct 2004) \cdot The Guardian (6 Oct 2004) \cdot The Independent (6 Oct 2004) \cdot Ariel (10 Oct 2004) \cdot Sunday Times (21 May 2006) \cdot Daily Mail (22 June 2006) \cdot gili.co.uk, accessed on 20 Jan 2011 \cdot ftvdb.bfi.org.uk/sift, accessed on 20 Jan 2011 \cdot www.imdb.com, accessed on 20 Jan 2011 \cdot personal knowledge (2011) \cdot private information (2011) [Phillida Gili, widow; N. Barker; I. Beck; D. Game; E. Mirzoeff; C. Rees; H. Spurling; W. Wyatt] \cdot b. cert. \cdot m. cert. \cdot d. cert. Likenesses

photograph, c.1963, repro. in J. Stone, Thinking faces: portraits, 1953-1979 (1988) \cdot J. Gili, self-portrait, photograph, repro. in Harpers and Queen (May 1986) \cdot group portrait (with Orlando, Daisy, Oliver, and Phillida Gili), repro. in gili.co.uk \cdot obituary photographs \cdot photograph, repro. in The Listener (Dec 1990) Wealth at death

£460,457: probate, 21 July 2005, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Film-maker, editor and director.

13-Oliver Gili

13-Daisy Gili

13-Orlando Gili

12-Emma G. Stone

Emma married Ian Archibald Beck. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

13-**Beck**

13-Beck

13-**Beck**

11-Rt. Rev. Sir Robert "Robin" Wilmer Woods was born on 15 Feb 1914 in Lausanne, Switzerland and died on 20 Oct 1997 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO KCMG.
- He worked as an Archdeacon in Sheffield, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Dean of Windsor & Chaplain to HM The Queen.
- He worked as a Bishop of Worcester.

Robert married Henrietta Marion Wilson, daughter of Kenneth Henry Wilson^{3,44} and Mary Isabel Cadbury,^{3,44} on 14 Aug 1942 in Churchill, Worcester. Henrietta was born on 9 Sep 1916 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 2005 in Towcester, Northamptonshire at age 88. They had five children: Rachel Candia, Robert Barclay, Edward Wilson, Eleanor Priscilla, and Henrietta Mary.

12-Rachel Candia Woods

12-Robert Barclay Woods

12-Edward Wilson Woods

12-Eleanor Priscilla Woods

12-Henrietta Mary Woods

Henrietta married James Michael Burnell-Nugent, son of Anthony Frank Burnell-Nugent and Gian Mary Alexander. They had four children: Henrietta Marie, Anthony James, Rupert Michael, and Thomas Alexander.

13-Henrietta Marie Burnell-Nugent

13-Anthony James Burnell-Nugent

13-Rupert Michael Burnell-Nugent

13-Thomas Alexander Burnell-Nugent

11-Mary Gabrielle Woods was born on 29 Jul 1916 and died on 12 Oct 1999 at age 83.

General Notes: She was the first non 'Lady' to be elected National Chairman, and in later years she spoke about this as 'significant'. She was a member of Marcham (at that time in Berkshire) and Dry Sandford WIs and Marcham's first President. She was also VCO and CC rep for Berkshire and served on the NFWI General Education and Organisation sub-committees. She was a tall elegant woman whose main interests outside the WI were her house and garden, fashion and foreign travel, particularly cycling tours in France. During her time in office the resolution pledging the WI's support for the Freedom from Hunger Campaign was passed. The other main national events were the County Feasts and Festivals Competition at the Dairy Show in 1961 and the first National Art Exhibition, Painting for Pleasure, at the Galleries of the Federation of British Artists in 1963. During her chairmanship the NFWI celebrated its WI Golden Jubilee Year of 1965 with a WI Golden Market Place at the Ideal Home Exhibition, a Royal garden party and a reception at the Guildhall. She visited Russia which was unusual in the Cold War period. The invitation came, unprompted and totally unexpected, directly from the Soviet Union in a telegram congratulating the NFWI on its Golden Jubilee. Gabrielle visited Moscow, Leningrad and the Ukraine, managing to break through the bureaucracy to visit women in their homes. "I am interested in the country women" she told them, "not in visiting factories".

She was Chairman of the Women's Forum and was appointed to the Food Standards Committee of the Ministry of Agriculture in 1963. She also served on the committee of the Advertising Standards Authority and the Advertising Advisory committee of the Independent Broadcasting Authority.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with CBE.
- She worked as a Chairman of the National Federation of Women's Institutes 1961 To 1966.

Mary married Maj. George Livesev Stenhouse Pike in 1941. George died on 14 Jun 1992. They had no children.

10-Canon David Buxton Barclay was born on 25 Dec 1876 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 19 Feb 1877 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, died on 17 Jan 1954 at age 77, and was buried in St. Martin's Church, Overstrand, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.

11-Theodore David Barclay was born on 6 Sep 1906 and died in 1981 in Higham, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman of Barclays Bank in 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Suffolk in 1959.
- He had a residence in Higham, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.

12-David William Barclay

12-James Christopher Barclay

12-Susanna Elizabeth Barclay

11-John Alexander Barclay was born on 18 Oct 1908 in Cromer, Norfolk and died on 12 Jul 1980 in Canterbury, Kent at age 71.

12-Caroline Rachel Dorothea Barclay

12-Elizabeth Jane Barclay was born on 26 Feb 1952, died on 29 Oct 2007 at age 55, and was buried on 6 Nov 2007 in Eythorn, Dover, Kent.

11-Dr. Patience Elizabeth Barclay¹⁰² was born on 28 Jul 1911 and died on 28 Mar 1985 at age 73.

General Notes: Patience Elizabeth Davies "b.28 July 1911 d.28 Mar 1985 MB BS Lond(1939) DCH(1943) MRCP(1945) FRCP(1970)"

Patience Davies was born at Chippenham where her father, David Buxton Barclay, was a vicar. Her maternal grandfather was a bishop, and the discipline of service was a prevailing and pervading influence throughout her life. With this background, medicine was one obvious choice of career and, after preparatory school and public school in Essex, she entered the medical school of the Royal Free Hospital, taking her London degree in 1939.

After house appointments at the Three Counties Emergency Hospital at Arlesey, at Addenbrooke's, and at the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, she became RMO and registrar at the National Temperance Hospital in 1942. In 1943 she was appointed medical registrar at Great Ormond Street Hospital where she laid the foundation of her wide knowledge and skills in paediatric medicine. During her two years in this post she obtained her DCH; her chiefs there spoke of her obvious affection for and rapport with children, her capacity for prolonged hard work, her meticulous notekeeping, and her wide reading of both general and paediatric literature, and they predicted a distinguished career for her.

In 1945 she gained her membership of the College and in the same year, on VE-day, was conscripted into the RAMC. She was posted with the rank of captain to India, to Army hospitals at Agra, Jhansi, and finally Darjeeling. In Darjeeling she met Arthur Davies of the Burma Frontier Service, who was then recovering at the Darjeeling (Lebong) Officer Convalescent Depot from his three and a half years as a Japanese prisoner of war. They were married in Darjeeling on her birthday, 28 July 1946, and after a honeymoon in Nepal they returned to England in September of that year. The following year she joined F L King-Lewis, a children's consultant physician, for three years in his general and specialist practice in London. In December 1950, Patience and her husband moved to Kenya where she joined the Nairobi Clinic, a group of consultants, and it was in that country that the definitive part of her professional life was spent. She quickly established herself as the acknowledged consultant in her own field and she retained that position throughout her 26 years in Africa. The centre of her hospital work was Gertrude's Garden Children's Hospital, but she also held appointments at the Kenyatta Memorial, the Aga Khan, and the Mater Misericordiae Hospitals. She gave regular series of lectures and contributed several articles to the East Africa Medical Journal. She organized and dominated the practice of exchange transfusion for haemolytic disease of the newborn and her skill in intravenous therapy was legendary. She was responsible for founding the East African Paediatric Association and was its president for the first two years. Patience was held in affection and immense respect by every member of the medical and nursing professions in East Africa. Some mothers were said to be in holy fear of her, for there was no sentimentality about her approach to her work or her patients and any criticism she might make of a parent's inadequacies of care was direct, even forceful. But once the air was cleared and the

way forward established she enjoyed their full cooperation and admiration. She gave selfless and devoted service to parents and children of all races and her positive manner, together with clear and concise appraisal and instruction, quickly established a feeling of great comfort and confidence that in her hands everything possible would be done. And, of course, it was done. In difficult and critical situations she had the gift of being both incisive and imperturbable.

Apart from her private work and hospital clinics, she had a large practice among the poor and needy whom she treated with equal devotion, in love, and for no reward save their recovery. She and her husband left Kenya in 1976 and returned to England, where they settled in a charming house overlooking Dartmoor. For the next six" (Volume VIII, page 125)

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with MB BS DCH MRCP FRCP.

12-John Davies

12-Tess Davies

10-Joseph Gurney Barclay⁷⁶ was born on 9 Feb 1879 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 24 May 1879 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, died on 15 Apr 1976 in Chorleywood, Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire at age 97, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Church Missionary in Matsuye, Japan.
- He worked as a staff member of the Church Missionary Society in 1938 in London.
- He had a residence in 1938 in Rose Hill, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Banker.

11-Sir Roderick Barclay was born on 22 Feb 1909 in Kobe, Japan and died on 24 Oct 1996 at age 87.

General Notes: Most people who knew Roderick Barclay associated him with Ernest Bevin, whose Private Secretary he was at the end of Bevin's time as Foreign Secretary (1949-51) and about whom he wrote a sympathetic memoir.

Within the Foreign Service he was perhaps best known to my generation of post-war entrants as head of the personnel department (1946-49), since he was probably the first member of the Foreign Office that we new entrants called on. In my case, after sending me off for a spell abroad, Barclay brought me back into his own department where he proved to be a most agreeable boss, educating the juniors mainly by example.

Barclay was a surprising choice as Bevin's Private Secretary since, at first sight, he and his intended master had nothing in common. Barclay was the epitome of the pre-war diplomat - Harrow and Cambridge, fairly tall with a convential moustache, speaking with a slight drawl, addicted to shooting and fishing.

He himself was far from confident that he would win Bevin's approval. But in the event he was probably the most successful of the exceptionally able men who served Bevin as Private Secretary. He had the knack of calming his master down as well as the essential gift of interpreting to the rest of the Foreign Office and to Foreign Ministers and Ambassadors what Bevin wanted to say or do. It is to the credit of both men that they achieved such a close and effective relationship.

There was in fact more to Barclay than met the eye. I recalled that he sometimes gave the impression of being vague or even lackadaisical when I used to go and consult him on behalf of Sir William Strang in the early Fifties about some important incoming telegram. But in a very short time a well thought-out draft reply would be produced and I realised that Barclay was a clever man who chose not to seem clever. I believe that his ability as a senior official adviser came out especially in the early Sixties when he was one of Edward Heath's very strong team for the negotiations in Brussels to attempt to join the EEC.

Barclay's career in the service ended with his two embassies, first to Denmark and then to Belgium for five years, where he and his wife occupied the delightful house which was then the embassy, both comfortable to live in and well adapted for diplomatic entertainment. Lady Barclay was an admirable hostess, dignified, considerate and also very competent - even inducing George Brown to behave with reasonable decorum when staying at the embassy.

The Barclays undertook several demanding social entertainments during their time in Brussels, including a State visit by the Queen in 1966 and the ball which formed part of the ceremonies commemorating the 150th Anniversary of the Battle of Waterloo. This took place on the anniversary of the Duchess of Richmond's famous ball on the eve of the Battle of Quatre Bras, and was a very brilliant affair.

Nor did they neglect the export promotion side of the embassy's duties. It was during a "British week" in aid of exports that Lady Barclay demonstrated her equestrian skill by driving a Whitbread's two-horse brewer's dray around the Park Royal - an unusual feat for an ambassadress.

After retirement in 1969 Barclay resumed touch with the family bank for which he had originally been destined and became chairman of Barclays Bank in France as well as taking on various other business commitments. He then had greater leisure to enjoy family life at his home in Buckinghamshire and to shoot and fish there and in various other parts of England and Scotland. He was a fine shot and maintained his skill to a very late age. Indeed he retained all his faculties to a late age and kept up his interest in his old service through one of his daughters, who had married a diplomat.

Roddy Barclay was an exceptionally nice man, engagingly modest but with a certain Harrovian panache which carried him through some awkward situations.

Alan Campbell

Roderick Edward Barclay, diplomat: born 22 February 1909; CMG 1948, KCMG 1955; CVO 1953, KCVO 1957, GCVO 1966; married 1934 Jean Gladstone (died 1996; one son, three daughters); died 24 October 1996.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCVO KCMG.
- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Principal Private Secretary to the Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin in 1949-1951.
- He worked as an Assistant Under-Secretary of State in 1951-1953 in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.
- He worked as a Deputy Under-Secretary of State in 1953-1956 in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.
- He worked as a HM Ambassador to Denmark in 1956-1960.
- He worked as a Deputy Under-Secretary European Free Trade Association in 1960-1963.
- He worked as a HM Ambassador to Belgium in 1963-1969.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 1 Nov 1996.

12-Susan Elizabeth Barclay

13-Edward Mortimer Harley

- 13-Dr. John Ralph Harley
- 13-Adrian Robert Harley
- 13-Philip William Harley

12-Gillian Jean Barclay

- 13-William Alexander Keown-Boyd
- 13-Robert David Keown-Boyd
- 13-Henrietta Gillian Keown-Boyd

13-Victoria Geraldine Keown-Boyd

- 12-Davina Cecil Barclay
 - **13-Rodney James Andrew Palmer**
 - **13-Juliet Frances Jean Palmer**

13-Michael George Joseph Palmer

12-Joseph Gurney Barclay

13-Harriet Gillian Barclay

13-Rosanna Ellen Barclay

13-Roderick Anthony Barclay

Joseph next married **Gwendoline Rose Watney** in 1915. Gwendoline was born on 25 Sep 1885, died on 26 Apr 1976 at age 90, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire. They had four children: Alexander Patrick, Gordon Andrew, Oliver Rainsford, and Ruth Gwendoline.

11-Alexander Patrick Barclay

11-Gordon Andrew Barclay

11-Dr. Oliver Rainsford Barclay¹⁶³ was born on 22 Feb 1919 in Kobe, Japan and died on 12 Sep 2013 at age 94.

Oliver married Dorothy Knott,¹⁶³ daughter of J. Somerville Knott, in 1949. Dorothy died on 19 May 1964. They had four children: Andrew, Stephen, John Martyn Gurney, and Janet.

12-Andrew Barclay

12-Stephen Barclay

12-Prof. John Martyn Gurney Barclay

John married Diana Jane Knox, daughter of Sir John Knox. They had three children: Robert James, David Timothy, and Frances Elizabeth.

13-Robert James Barclay

13-David Timothy Barclay

13-Frances Elizabeth Barclay

12-Janet Barclay

Oliver next married **Daisy Hickey**.

11-Ruth Gwendoline Barclay

10-Rev. Gilbert Arthur Barclay was born on 21 Feb 1882 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 10 Apr 1882 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, and died in 1970 at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. John's in 1912-1915 in Carlisle, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Military Chaplain with the London Regiment in 1915-1916 in Flanders, Belgium.
- He worked as a Hospital chaplain in London and Leicester in 1916-1919.
- He worked as a Chaplain to the Forces, Territorial Army in 1924-1936.

- He worked as a Vicar of Glen Magna with Stretton Magna in 1927-1932 in Leicestershire.
- He worked as a Rector of Gt. Holland in 1932 in Essex.
- He had a residence in Wheathampstead, Hertfordshire.

Gilbert married **Dorothy Catherine Topsy Studd**, daughter of **Charles Thomas Studd**² and **Priscilla Livingstone Stewart**,.² Dorothy was born on 9 Jul 1891 in Chin Shih Fang, Luanfu, Shanxi, China. They had three children: **Gilbert Charles, Richard George Arthur**, and **Mary Catherine**.

11-Lt. Gilbert Charles Barclay was born on 11 Jun 1916, died on 5 May 1944 in Norfolk Ridge, Kohima, India. Killed in action at age 27, and was buried in Kohima War Cemetery, India. Grave 11.B.9.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the Royal Norfolk Regiment.

Gilbert married **Rome Flora**. Rome died on 20 Dec 2010 in Aboyne, Aberdeenshire and was buried on 7 Jan 2011 in Aboyne Churchyard, Aboyne, Aberdeenshire. They had two children: Leo and David.

Noted events in her life were:

• Her obituary was published in the Death notice in the Press & Journal on 24 Dec 2010.

12-Leo Barclay

12-David Barclay

11-Sq/Ldr Richard George Arthur Barclay was born on 7 Dec 1919 in Upper Norwood, London, died on 17 Jul 1942 in El Alamein, Egypt. Killed In Action at age 22, and was buried in El Alamein War Cemetery XI H 7.

General Notes: Born at Upper Norwood, Surrey on December 7th 1919, Richard George Arthur Barclay was educated at Stowe School and then went to Trinity College, Cambridge to read Economics and Law. In 1938 he joined the University Air Squadron and was commissioned in the RAFVR in June 1939. Called up in October, Barclay went to 3 ITW, Hastings on November 8th 1939. He began his RAF flying training at Cranwell on January 1st 1940 and with this completed he was then posted to No. 1 School of Army Co-operation on June 2nd. Eight days later he moved to 5 OTU, Aston Down to convert to Hurricanes and on June 23rd he joined 249 Squadron at Leconfield. On September 2nd 1940 Barclay damaged a Me110, on the 7th he shot down a Me109 and damaged a Do17 and a He111, on the 15th he shot down a Do17, probably destroyed two others and damaged a fourth, on the 18th probably destroyed a He111, on the 19th shared a Ju88 and on the 27th claimed a Me109 and a Ju88 destroyed.

During the attack on Ju88's on that day, Barclay, in Hurricane V6622, was shot down south of London and made a forced-landing at West Malling. He got a probable Me109 on October 15th, two probable Me109's on November 7th and shared another on the 14th. He was awarded the DFC (gazetted 26th November 1940). On November 29th 1940 Barclay was shot down by a Me109 and wounded in the ankle, legs and elbow. He spent two months in hospital and did not return to 249 until March 1941.

He was posted to 52 OTU, Debden as an instructor on May 7th. Three months later he joined 611 Squadron at Hornchurch as a Flight Commander. During a sweep over St Omer on September 20th 1941, Barclay was attacked by Me109's and his engine damaged. He forced-landed at Buyschoeure after breaking high tension cables. With the help of the French Resistance he crossed the Spanish Frontier, arriving in Barcelona on November 7th. He reached the British Embassy, left for Gibraltar on December 7th and arrived back in the UK two days later. After a short attachment to HQ Fighter Command, Barclay was posted to HQ 9 Group as Tactics Officer. On April 4th 1942 he was given command of 601 Squadron, then about to go to the Middle East. The squadron embarked at Liverpool on April 10th in HMT K6 (SS Rangitata) and reached Port Tewfik on June 4th, having gone via South Africa and Aden. Barclay did not get a chance to lead 601. He went to command 238 Squadron at Amriya from July 2nd 1942.

On the 16th he shot down a Me109. In the afternoon of July 17th he destroyed a Ju87. In the early evening he led 238 on a patrol of the Alamein area acting as top cover for 274 Squadron. As 238 moved to attack some Ju87's it was jumped by Me109's and Barclay was shot down and killed, possibly by Leutnant Werner Schroer of III/JG27. Barclay is buried in the El Alamein Cemetery and he is commemorated on a plaque in Cromer Parish Church, where his father was vicar from 1939 to 1946. His portrait was made by Eric Kennington.

http://www.bbm.org.uk/Barclay.htm

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DFC.
- He was educated at Stowe.

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Pilot of the Royal Air Force.

11-Mary Catherine Barclay

Mary married Peter Henry Bosanquet, son of Vivian Henry Courthorpe Bosanquet and Dorothy Mary Cautley Moule, on 17 Mar 1951. Peter was born on 28 Nov 1919 and died on 24 Dec 2005 in Holt, Trowbridge, Wiltshire at age 86. They had one son: Andrew George.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with ARIBA.

12-Dr. Andrew George Bosanquet

10-Rachel Elizabeth Barclay was born on 11 Jul 1885 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, was christened on 13 Sep 1885 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, and was buried in St Augustine's Churchyard, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Church Missionary in Ceylon.

10-Christiana Octavia Barclay was born on 23 May 1887 in High Leigh, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire and was christened on 7 Aug 1887 in Cromer, Norfolk.

9-William Leatham Barclay^{10,212} was born on 26 Jun 1845 in Walthamstow, London and died on 6 Jan 1893 in The Briars, Reigate, Surrey at age 47.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Lincoln's Inn.
- He worked as a Banker. Partner in Barclay, Bevan, Tritton & Co. Before 1888 in 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as an active member (Treasurer), of the Home Mission Committee.

William married Annette Amelia Tritton,¹⁰ daughter of Joseph Tritton² and Amelia Hanson,² on 20 Jun 1872. Annette was born on 16 Jan 1848 in Upper Norwood, London and died on 6 Apr 1873 at age 25. The cause of her death was Scarlet Fever. They had one daughter: Josephine Annette Jane.

10-Josephine Annette Jane Barclay¹⁰ was born on 30 Mar 1873 in Leyton, London, was christened on 17 May 1900, and died on 15 Jun 1961 in Little Firle, Avenue Road, Bishops Stortford, Hertfordshire at age 88. She had no known marriage and no known children.

William next married **Ellen Mounsey**,¹⁰ daughter of **Jasper Capper Mounsey**^{10,14,80} and **Elizabeth Waite**,^{10,14,80} on 19 Jul 1877 in FMH, Westminster. Ellen was born on 2 Aug 1852 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1899 in Reigate, Surrey at age 47.

Marriage Notes: **19 July 1877, Thurs**: Letters and then off to William L. Barclay's wedding to Miss Mounsey at Westminster meeting, Margaret & Gurney, Alfred & Rachel Backhouse, Edward L & Katherine Backhouse, Jasper Mounsey & & c - all went off pretty well. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Founder of the Missionary Helpers Union.
- 9-Elizabeth Gurney Barclay³⁴ was born in 1847 and died on 31 Aug 1849 in Walthamstow, London at age 2.

Joseph next married **Margaret Exton**,^{27,86} daughter of **William Exton**^{10,36,86,155} and **Mary Ransom**,^{10,86,155} on 7 May 1857 in FMH Norwich. Margaret was born on 4 Jul 1830 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire, died on 25 Jun 1905 in Cromer, Norfolk at age 74, and was buried in Overstrand Churchyard, Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk. They had six children: **Henry Albert, Edward Exton**, **Margaret Jane, Mary Elizabeth Gurney, Alfred Gordon**, and **Francis Hubert**.

Upper Norwood, London and died on 6 Apr Little Firle, Avenue Road, Bishops Stortford, er. Ellen was born on 2 Aug 1852 in Sunderland urney, Alfred & Rachel Backhouse, Edward L &

General Notes: Margaret Barclay, 75 25 6mo. 1905 Cromer. Widow of Joseph Gurney Barclay. Margaret Barclay was known and loved by a large circle, and it has been suggested that a short account of her life, so largely devoted to the service of others, would interest many. She was the daughter of William and Mary Exton, of Hitchin, where she was born in 1830. Her parents were members of the Society of Friends and by their marriage united two of the oldest of the Friend families of Hertfordshire, viz., Exton and Ransom, both of which appear in the early history of the Society in the county. Tlie first Ransom to settle in Hitchin was Joseph, son of Richard Ransom, of North Walsham, Norfolk, who, becoming a Friend, spent fifteen years in prison for his faith, and died in 1706. The connection of Extons with Hertfordshire is probably of older date. A sister of Mary Exton married Joseph Sharples, and the brothers-in-law foimded the Hitchin bank long known as Sharples & Co., latterly Sharples, Tuke, Lucas, and Seebohm, and now merged into Barclay & Co., Limited. William and Mary Exton had four children, two of whiom died in infancy. Margaret Barclay was the elder of the two who grew up. Her younger sister Mary Ann, married Frederick Seebohm in 1857, and died a little more than a year ago. After her marriage with Joseph Gurney Barclay she lived at Knotts Green, Leyton, which was her home during forty years. In later times portions of each year were spent at Cromer and Brighton, but as long as her husband lived, Leyton was their chief place of residence, and was the centre of many of their joint and unceasing efforts for the good of their fellow-creatures, especially for the amelioration of lives on which the sun seemed to shine less brightly than on their own. With difference of temperament, they both entered generously into cases of trouble and difficulty brought before them. Though the natural impulse of Margaret Barclay was to give when appealed to, it must not be supposed that help was always given without investigation as to the suitability of the case. It is easier sometimes to give at once than to investigate. Early and late M. Barclay was engaged with her secretary in correspondence and inquiry before replying to the many calls upon her that each day brought with it. Response to individual appeals to her sympathy formed only a small portion of her philanthropic activities. All through the months from May to August the lawn and grounds of Knotts Green were often filled with happy guests enjoying the beauties of fields and garden which, though so close to a teeming population were nevertheless shut off from city life and turmoil. Meetings in the interest of the Bible Society, of which J. Gurney Barclay was treasurer, and of other well-known organisations in which he and his wife took an interest, were of frequent occurence. Bible women, City missionaries, members of Young Women's Christian Associations, City nurses, and many others were in turn entertained in large numbers, fetched from the station in brakes, regaled with ample refreshinent on the lawn, and allowed to wander at will tlirough conservatories and grounds. In the evening they were reconvened to the station, generally taking with them some reminiscence of the day. Many Friends will remember, too, the gathering in the middle of Yearly Meeting that took place for several consecutive years. On such occasions, both host and hostess were seen to great advantage, making their way aiTiongst guests known and unknown with cheery presence and kind words. Margaret Barclay busied herself with seeing that wants were supplied, and that no guests were neglected in the crowd. It was remarkable too how sometimes a pale or anxious face caught her eye, and her kindly sympathy drew out a tale of distress to which she ministered in a very practical way. Many a trip to the seaside, many aids given in a variety of ways were the result, not of direct appeals to her generosity. but of her intuitive perception that something was wanted to make the current of life flow more smoothly, or to ease the pressure of circumstances. The last seven years of her life were spent chiefly at Cromer where she continued to exercise a bountiful hospitality. Although she remained a Friend to the end of her life, she was in thorough sympathy with all denominations and gave largely to them. There was something unique and gracious in her way of giving. Her thoughts were constantly occupied with the needs of others and it seemed the joy of her life to forestall and minister to those needs in all manner of ways. This thoughtfulness for others is well described by a correspondent in the Hertfordshire Express. "She had the gracious art of putting everyone at ease. In her presence no one was ever allowed to feel neglected, no matter how full the room, or how important the company." In a little book called "The Gentle Art of Making Happy," there is a chapter on the words "Whosoever would compel thee to go a mile go with him twain." It says, "Our text is like a parable of the mysterious change of duty into love. The first mile, that is the call of duty - the second mile, that is love's overplus. For love in action is duty glorified." M. Barclay was a good example of "going the second mile." She never did things according to rule, but gave "good measure pressed down and running over." And with it came the joy described later in the chapter, "Is it not always in the overplus, in the little more than is absolutely necessary, that the joy of service begins ? "This joy in service was seen in perfection when she was surrounded with children giving them just the things that children love. It would be an incomplete sketch of her character which did not touch on her love of children and thorough sympathy with them. She became more and more like a milversal grandmother, and no sorrow for her is more genuine than that of the little children who miss her. She always liked to share her pleasures, and in her daily drive she was generally accompanied by some one to whom a drive was a benefit, and she never omitted to take baskets of good things for various sick or aged people whose houses she would pass. She often stopped to inquire about someone in trouble, and after listening sympathetically to the story, would speak the kind words which flowed so readily from her lips, and did as much to soothe the sore heart as the coin which was slipped into the hand at parting. She had great faith in the power for good of tracts, and continued through many years to order them by the thousand, and spread them broadcast. If she found one she thought specially useful she enclosed it in her letters, and of late years, hardly a letter left the house which did not contain two or three. In one case at least, one of these enclosures had definite results. She sent Sir A. Blackwood's "Look out for the safest path" to a friend of hers, who was so impressed by its arguments, that he became a total abstainer, and has since done a great work for Temperance. This encouraged her to persevere, in spite of the gentle ridicule these humble messages sometimes excite. Such continual interest in and service for others was not performed without effort on her part, and as years went on it began to tell on her. It seemed as if she could not take rest while she knew of suffering which she could alleviate, and night after night she went to bed quite tired out. About two years ago her health showed signs of failing, and though there seemed nothing definitely wrong, she decided last winter to part with her Brighton house, as she felt she would never leave Cromer again. All through the spring her family were more and more concerned at her state of health, but it was not until three weeks before the end that she was advised to stay in bed for a week, in order to rest her heart. She did not, however, improve, and there followed a weary time of sleepless nights and restless days. All through the increasing illness her patience and courage were wonderful; she kept up her interests in all around and sent presents and messages of comfort to the many sick poor she was helping. On Sunday, June 25th, she was a little easier, and during the morning seemed to dwell with great peace on the text, " My grace is sufficient for thee." But in the afternoon, symptoms arose which showed the doctors that she had not many hours to live. She received the news very quietly and talked calmly with her children of the coming parting. After a time, she asked to see the older servants and said good-bye to them, thanking them for their faithful service. Soon after this, she sank into unconsciousness, and quietly breathed her last. One of her doctors remarked afterwards that such a deathbed in its calm and peaceful trust "was better than a sermon" and he felt it a privilege to be present. She was laid to rest by her own desire, in Overstrand churchyard, in which parish she had for many years taken a special interest, and the village school children gathered round her grave and sang "Peace, perfect peace." In this little outline of her life we have recalled only her strong points. She herself would have reminded us of her failings, if we had attempted to praise her. She felt very conscious of shortcomings, and near the end, when one tried to comfort her by saying how much she had done, she replied, "But I might have done much more." She held the truth of St. Paul's words "Not by works of righteousness which we did ourselves, but according to his mercy he saved us." (Titus iii. 5, R.V.) We may indeed be thankful for her life, and her example will continue to be a stimulus to those who knew and loved her. For to know her was to love her, and perhaps the greatest service she rendered was this - that by the warmth and wealth of her own love, she evoked love

in the hearts of those around her.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

9-Col. Henry Albert Barclay²⁰⁷ was born on 19 Apr 1858 in Leyton, London and died on 19 Aug 1947 at age 89.

General Notes: Colonel Henry Albert Barclay (1877), CVO, 1906; TD, and ADC to the King since 1906; MVO., 1901; late Commanding King's Own Royal Regt., Norfolk Yeomanry; JP; DL, Norfolk and Surrey; ADC to King Edward VII, 1906-00; holds Royal Order of Commander of St Olaf of Norway. Address: Hanworth Hall Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CVO TD DL JP.
- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the King's Own Royal Regiment.
- He worked as an ADC to King Edward VII in 1906-1910.
- He worked as an ADC to King George V in 1910.

Henry married Marion Louisa Hoare,²⁰⁷ daughter of Francis Hoare^{147,207} and Eugenia Hankinson, on 21 Apr 1881 in Christ's Church, Hampstead. Marion was born on 6 Mar 1858 in Hampstead. They had four children: Humphrey Gordon, Joseph Francis, Eugenia, and Margaret.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Underhills, Bletchingley, Surrey.
- They had a residence in Hanworth Hall, Norfolk.

10-Rev. Humphrey Gordon Barclay was born on 23 May 1882 in Underhills, Bletchingley, Surrey, died on 2 Oct 1955 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 73, and was buried in Hanworth, Middlesex.

General Notes: Humphrey Gordon Barclay was born at Bletchingley in Surrey on the 23rd of May 1882 the eldest son of Colonel Henry Albert Barclay CVO JP DL, King's Own Norfolk Imperial Yeomanry, a gentleman, and Marion Louisa (nee Hoare) Barclay of "Underhills", Bletchingley, Surrey and of Hanworth Hall in Norfolk. He was christened at Christ Church Hampstead on the 9th of July 1882.

He left Hazelwood School at Christmas 1895 for Eton College where he was in H. Boadbent's house leaving in the summer of 1900. He went on to Trinity Hall Cambridge in October the same year. After further study at Litchfield Theological College he was ordained as a Deacon in 1905 and became a Priest in 1906. He was appointed as Chaplain of the Mission to Seamen in London from 1905 to 1909.

He was married to Beatrice Evermar (nee Bond-Cabbell) on the 18th of October 1906 at Cromer Parish Church with his brother John Francis Barclay acting as best man, following which the couple did work for a short period at the Mission to Seamen in Calcutta. They had two sons one of which was Michael, born on June the 18th 1923, and three daughters, Marion Hope, born at Calcutta on the 15th of July 1909 Ruth Evelyn, born on the 8th of May 1911, and Margaret Elizabeth.

In early 1910 he was appointed Chaplain of the Missions for Seamen for Tees, a position he held until 1914.

On the outbreak of war he applied for a commission as a Chaplain for a twelve month period on the 30th of November 1914 and was appointed as a Chaplain 4th Class in the Army Chaplains Department on the 1st of December 1914, which was the same day as he landed in France. He renewed his term of engagement for a further twelve months on the 23rd of October 1915 and on the 16th of November 1916. He was attached to the 1st Cavalry Division in 1916, was promoted to Chaplain 3rd Class and was mentioned in despatches (London Gazette 4th of January 1917). He was attached to the 9th Lancers and was awarded the Military Cross which was announced in the London Gazette of the 18th of January 1918 and was mentioned in despatches three times altogether.

The recommendation for his award, which was made on the 4th of December 1917, read as follows: -

"His work since the beginning of the present operations on the 20th of November 1917 has been brought to notice on several occasions and from different quarters. In the mounted actions about Noyelles Sur L'Escaut on the 20th and 21st and with the dismounted Bns S.W. of Bourlon Wood on subsequent days, his care and solicitude for the troops in the most advanced portion of our battle front was most praiseworthy. His complete disregard for his own safety, his indomitable spirit, and his unflagging energy were an example and inspiration to all ranks and the greatest help to the wounded and dying."

The citation for his Military Cross appeared in the London Gazette of the 25th of April 1918 and read:-

Descendants of Robert Chapman

"For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in action. He assisted the wounded and ministered to the dying with utter disregard of danger. He set a splendid example to all ranks." He was serving as Chaplain to Brighton Grove Military Hospital at Newcastle-on-Tyne when he was demobilised on the 27th of February 1919. In 1919 he was appointed to the Rectories of Carleton Forehoe and Crownthorpe in Norfolk and was also Honorary Chaplain to the Bishop of Norfolk. In 1921 he took the post of Rector of Southrepps and lived at Southrepps Rectory, Norwich in Norfolk until 1926. In recognition of his services during the war he was appointed as a Honorary Chaplain 4th Class with the rank of Captain on the 1st of September 1921. From 1926 to 1940 he was Rector of Tittleshall with Godwick and Wellington and was living at Tittleshall Rectory, King's Lynn. In 1940 he was appointed as domestic chaplain to His Majesty King George VI at the Royal Chapel Windsor and in August 1952, following the death of the king he was retained as Chaplain to the Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II. He was appointed Commander of the Royal Victorian Order on the 20th of May 1946 and he returned to Southrepps, remaining as the Royal Chaplain. He was appointed to the College of Chaplains in the Oueen's Ecclesiastical Household on the 5th of August 1952. His funeral was held at Hanworth Parish Church.

http://www.hambo.org/hazelwood/view_man.php?id=126

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CVO MC.
- He was educated at Hazelwood School in Limpsfield, Surrey.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Chaplain to the Mission to Seamen in 1905-1914.
- He worked as a Chaplain to the Forces in 1914-1919.
- He worked as a Rector of Carleton Forehoe with Crownthorpe in 1919-1921 in Norfolk.
- He worked as a Rector of Southrepps in 1921-1926 in Southrepps, Norfolk.
- He worked as a Rector of Tittleshall with Godwick and Wellingham in 1926-1939.
- He worked as a Domestic Chaplain at the St George's Chapel, Windsor Castle in 1940 in Windsor, Berkshire.

Humphrey married Beatrice Evermar Bond-Cabbell, daughter of Benjamin Bond-Cabbell. They had three children: Henry Michael, Marion Hope, and Elizabeth Margaret.

11-Henry Michael Barclay was born on 29 Nov 1913 and died on 8 Nov 2002 at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Hanworth Hall, Norfolk.

Henry married Pamela Catherine Mabell Kay-Shuttleworth, daughter of Capt. Hon. Edward James Kay-Shuttleworth and Sibell Eleanor Maud Adeane, on 29 Jun 1946. The marriage ended in divorce in 1968. Pamela was born on 17 Sep 1915 and died on 15 Sep 1972 at age 56.

11-Marion Hope Barclay was born in 1909 and was christened on 7 Sep 1909 in Fort William, Calcutta, India.

11-Elizabeth Margaret Barclay was born on 11 Apr 1916.

Elizabeth married Lieut. Norman Lewis Philips, son of Brig. Gen. Lewis Francis Philips and Margaret Aline Moreton-MacDonald, on 15 Sep 1939. Norman was born on 24 Mar 1916 and died on 18 May 1940 in Killed In Action at age 24. Elizabeth next married Maj. Hon. Brian Gordon Rootes, son of Sir William Edward Rootes 1st Baron Rootes and Nora Press, on 5 Feb 1944. Brian was born on 1 Oct 1919 and died on 1

Jan 1971 at age 51. They had one son: William Brian.

12-William Brian Rootes

William married Alicia Roberts, daughter of Frederick Graham Roberts. They had two children: Talitha Alice Louise and Annabell Catherine Natasha.

13-Talitha Alice Louise Rootes

13-Annabell Catherine Natasha Rootes

10-Lt. Col. Joseph Francis Barclay was born on 6 Nov 1883 in Bletchingley, Surrey and died in 1968 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 85.

General Notes: Joseph Francis Barclay was born at Bletchingley in Surrey on the 6th of November 1883 the second son of Henry Albert Barclay MVO JP DL, a gentleman, and Marion Louisa (nee Hoare) Barclay of "Underhills", Bletchingley, Surrey and of Hanworth Hall in Norfolk. He was christened at St Mary's Church, Bletchingley on the 23rd of December 1883. He left Hazelwood School in December 1896 for Eton College where he was in H. Broadbent's house from January 1897 to December 1901.

He became a Freemason on the 22nd of March 1909 and was a member of the Unanimity Lodge, No. 102. In 1911 and 1912 he was joint master of the North Norfolk Harriers. He was married to Constance (nee Flower) at Holy Trinity Church, Sloane Street on the 15th of February 1912; they had two sons, John Joseph born on the 7th of January 1922 and James Arthur, born in 1923. They lived at "The Old House", Aylsham in Norfolk.

He was commissioned as a 2nd Lieutenant in the Norfolk Yeomanry on the 19th of August 1901 and was promoted to Lieutenant on the 22nd of March 1906. He was promoted to Captain on the 14th of September 1909 and to temporary Major on the 21st of October 1914.

On the 25th of September 1915 he sailed with his regiment aboard the SS "Olympic" bound for Lemnos and then Gallipoli. They landed on the 10th of October and served as dismounted troops on the peninsular until the 14th of December during which time they had suffered 315 casualties, mainly due to sickness. Joseph Barclay was taken ill with pneumonia on the 17th of October 1915 and was evacuated to Malta. He embarked for England at Malta on the 13th of November on board the Hospital Ship "Morca" and landed at Southampton on the 20th of November 1915. He was promoted to Major on the 5th of April 1916. Following the evacuation of Gallipoli the regiment served in Egypt defending the Suez Canal. In 1917 they were re-designated as infantry, becoming the 12th Battalion Norfolk Regiment, and saw action in Palestine. He took command of the battalion on the 15th of September 1917 while in command of his battalion, a rank he relinquished on the 17th of May 1918, having ceased to command the battalion on the 9th of May 1918. From May 1918 the battalion served in France with 31st Division. He was reappointed to Acting Lieutenant Colonel again on the 18th of August 1918. He relinquished that rank on the 29th of August 1918. He was demobilised on the 27th of May 1919. He was awarded the Territorial Decoration on the 13th of October 1920 and relinquished his commission on the 30th of September 1921. He later became a Justice of the Peace and a Deputy Lieutenant.

During World War Two he commanded the 1st Battalion Norfolk Home Guard with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel and was awarded the Order of the British Empire (Military Division) on the 15th of December 1944 for his work.

His son, Pilot Officer James Arthur Barclay 18 Squadron Royal Air Force, was killed in action on the 8th of December 1941. http://www.hambo.org/hazelwood/view_man.php?id=127

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD DL JP.
- He was educated at Hazelwood School in Limpsfield, Surrey.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He worked as an officer of the Norfolk Yeomanry.
- He worked as an officer of the 12th Battalion Norfolk Regiment.
- He worked as a Commanding officer of the 1st Battalion Norfolk Home Guard.

Joseph married **Constance Flower**, daughter of **Arthur Flower**¹⁴⁶ and **Isabel Margaretta Cockayne Pauncefort-Duncombe**,¹⁴⁶ on 15 Feb 1912 in Holy Trinity, Sloane Street, London. Constance was born on 18 Apr 1886 and died on 19 Feb 1970 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 83. They had four children: **John Joseph, Richard Neville, Samuel**, and **James Arthur**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Home Farm House, Alby, Norwich, Norfolk.

11-Maj. John Joseph Barclay was born on 1 Sep 1914 in London, died on 18 Mar 2006 in Aldborough, Norfolk at age 91, and was buried on 3 Apr 2006 in Hanworth Church, Cromer, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MBE MC.
- He worked as an officer of the Norfolk Yeomanry.

John married Joan Needham. They had one son: Peter John.

12-Peter John Barclay

11-Richard Neville Barclay was born on 3 Jun 1919 in Chelsea, London.

Richard married Georgina Blewitt, daughter of Lieut. Col. Guy Blewitt and Audrey Ethel Fenwick, in 1947 in Colchester, Essex. Georgina was born on 16 Nov 1916 in Camberley, Surrey and died in 2013 at age 97. They had three children: William, Judith M., and Harriet.

12-William Barclay

12-Judith M. Barclay

Judith married Hugh Stephen Aldis Large.

12-Harriet Barclay

Harriet married James William Servaes, son of William Reginald Servaes and Patricia Vestey.

11-Samuel Barclay was born in 1920 in Aylsham, Norfolk.

11-Pilot Officer James Arthur Barclay was born in 1922 in Aylsham, Norfolk, died on 8 Dec 1941 in Sicily, Italy. Killed in action in an air collision, at age 19, and was buried in Runnymede Memorial. Panel 31. The cause of his death was Killed in action.

General Notes: Two young airmen were lost last night over Sicily when their aircraft were seen to collide in mid-air during a raid. The pilots were among a flight of four Blenheims of 18 Squadron based at Luqa, sent last night to attack the heavily-defended Catania aerodrome. A build-up of Axis forces on the airfield has been observed by recent reconnaissance flights from Malta.

The pilots have been named as Pilot Officer James Arthur Barclay, Royal Air Force Volunteer Reserve, and Sergeant William John Cuming, Royal Air Force Volunteer Reserve, age 20, of Southampton. They were based at Luqa aerodrome.

P/O Barclay was on only his second attacking mission in Malta since being appointed Pilot Officer on 12 November 1941. The two pilots were part of a raid two days ago by six Blenheims on enemy barracks at Homs, inland from Tripoli. Sgt Cuming took part in six other successful air attacks on enemy targets in the past three weeks.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Air Force Volunteer Reserve.

10-Eugenia Barclay was born on 28 Feb 1885 in Bletchingley, Surrey and died in 1972 in East Dereham, Norfolk at age 87.

Eugenia married **Col. Gerald Thomas Bullard**, son of **Harry Bullard** and **Sarah Jane**, in 1915 in Erpingham, Norfolk. Gerald was born in 1876, was christened on 6 Feb 1876 in Hellesdon, Norfolk, and died in 1930 at age 54. They had one son: **Gerald Humphrey**.

11-Gerald Humphrey Bullard was born on 20 Nov 1916 in Erpingham, Norfolk and died in Jan 1989 in East Dereham, Norfolk at age 72.

Gerald married Patricia Frances Marigold Read. They had one son: John Gerald.

12-John Gerald Bullard

John married Tania Jane Fenwick, daughter of Anthony Walter Fenwick and Caroline Susan Kimball. They had three children: Harry John, Caroline Jane, and George Edward.

13-Harry John Bullard

13-Caroline Jane Bullard

13-George Edward Bullard

10-Margaret Barclay

9-Edward Exton Barclay^{44,213} was born on 16 Feb 1860 in Leyton, London and died on 4 Mar 1948 in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire at age 88. Another name for Edward was Ted

Barclay.

General Notes: Godfather to Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.. Always referred to as "Ted Barclay".

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP MFH.
- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate in 1877.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He resided at Cedar Lawn in 1888 in Levton, London.
- He worked as a Banker and partner in Barclay, Bevan, Tritton & Co. In 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He resided at Brent Pelham Hall in 1896 in Brent Pelham, Buntingford, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Master of the Puckeridge Foxhounds.
- He was a Ouaker.

Edward married Elizabeth Mary Fowler,⁴⁴ daughter of William Fowler^{2,10,27,44,86,90,120,165,214,215,216,217} and Rachel Maria Howard,^{2,27,44,165,216,217} on 31 Jul 1883 in FMH Wanstead. Elizabeth was born on 3 Mar 1859 in Tottenham, London and died on 5 Jun 1927 in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire at age 68. They had three children: Katherine Joan, Maurice Edward, and Geoffrey William.

Marriage Notes: 31 July 1883, Tues: Capital division last night, 99 for the Government, shows how silly Sir Stafford Northcote's resolution was. At my letters - then to Arthur's and with him & Mary to Wanstead meeting house to attend the wedding of Edward Barclay to Bessie Fowler - Lottie a bridesmaid, Albert (Joseph Albert Pease), best man, sermons from Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin & Ann Fowler, prayer from Ann - walked back to Forest House where we had a sumptuous dejeuner; a great number of relatives & friends there, Barclays, Fowlers, Buxtons, Hoares; returned to Town with W.H. Leatham and John Bright - House - & attended steadily until the Agricultural Holdings Bill passed through Report. Then home and to bed well tired; Bernhard Samuelson at Gladstome's appeal will not go on with his motion tomorrow. News about Carey is confirmed, he was shot by a man of the name of O'Donell. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

10-Katherine Joan Barclay was born on 12 Aug 1884 in Leyton, London. Another name for Katherine was Kitty Barclay.

Katherine married Edward Charles Dimsdale, son of Charles Robert Southwell Dimsdale Baron Dimsdale of The Russian Empire and Alice Monk, on 12 Oct 1910 in Brent Pelham, Buntingford, Hertfordshire. Edward was born on 20 Dec 1883 in London and died on 18 May 1915 in Killed In Action at age 31. They had two children: Thomas Edward and John Robert.

11-Thomas Edward Dimsdale Baron Dimsdale of The Russian Empire was born on 11 Oct 1911 in Blackheath, London and died in 1985 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 74.

12-Robert Edward Dimsdale

12-Wilfred Thomas Dimsdale

12-Susan Mary Dimsdale

11-John Robert Dimsdale was born on 16 Oct 1913 in Colchester, Essex and died on 14 May 1951 in A Racing Accident at age 37.

12-Cecilia Wilfrida Dimsdale

12-Charles Wilfrid Dimsdale

12-Ann Margaret Joan Dimsdale

John next married Patricia Rosemary Graves, daughter of Walter Randolph Bernard and Millicent Olive Graves. They had one son: Jonathan Campion.

12-Jonathan Campion Dimsdale

10-Maj. Maurice Edward Barclay was born on 10 Sep 1886 in Leyton, London and died on 9 Nov 1962 in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE TD DL JP.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the Norfolk Yeomanry.
- He worked as a Joint Master of the Puckeridge Hunt, initially with his father in 1910-1962.
- He had a residence in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire.

Maurice married Margaret Eleanor Pryor, daughter of Marlborough Robert Pryor²¹¹ and Catherine Alice Hammond Solly,²¹¹ on 30 Aug 1916 in Weston, Hertfordshire. Margaret was born on 27 Sep 1887 in Weston, Hertfordshire and died after 1925. They had three children: Charles Geoffrey Edward, Pamela Mary, and William Maurice.

11-Charles Geoffrey Edward Barclay was born on 13 Aug 1919 in London and died on 5 Jul 2002 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Of Brent Pelham Hall.

Charles married Laura Mary Slingsby, daughter of Thomas Slingsby and Dorothy Everard Turle, on 14 Jun 1947 in Clavering. Laura was born on 30 Dec 1920 in Sandgate, Kent. They had four children: Diana Margaret, Thomas, Robert, and Maurice.

12-Diana Margaret Barclay

Diana married Pyper.

- 12-Thomas Barclay
- 12-Robert Barclay
- 12-Maurice Barclay
- 11-Pamela Mary Barclay

Pamela married **Rev. Laurence Alexander Robertson**, son of **Mannering Robertson** and **Nora Kathleen Parsons**. They had three children: **Mary Melian, David Maurice Durdin**, and **Anna Margaret**.

12-Mary Melian Robertson

12-David Maurice Durdin Robertson was born on 1 Mar 1952 and died on 15 Apr 2009 at age 57.

12-Anna Margaret Robertson

11-William Maurice Barclay was born on 5 Nov 1924 in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire and died on 25 Feb 1944 in Killed At Sea. Sinking of HMS Mahratta at age 19.

10-Maj. Geoffrey William Barclay was born on 4 Dec 1891 in Roydon Lodge, Essex, died on 29 Jul 1916 in Killed In Action Ypres at age 24, and was buried in Essex Farm Cemetery, West-Vlaanderen, Belgium. Grave III. A. 5.

Sea. Sinking of HMS Mahratta at age 19. d was buried in Essex Farm Cemetery. West Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He was educated at Eton College in Windsor, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Master of the Eton College Hunt.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Master of the Trinity Foot Beagles.
- He worked as an officer of the 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade.

Edward next married Elizabeth Mary Pryor, daughter of Marlborough Robert Pryor²¹¹ and Catherine Alice Hammond Solly,²¹¹ in 1927. Elizabeth was born in 1884 in Weston, Hertfordshire and died in 1929 at age 45.

9-Margaret Jane Barclay was born on 18 Oct 1861 in Leyton, London and died in 1958 at age 97.

9-Mary Elizabeth Gurney Barclay was born on 11 Aug 1863 in Leyton, London and was christened on 19 Sep 1885 in Thorpe, Norfolk.

Mary married Claude Leatham, son of William Henry Leatham^{2,10,73,154} and Priscilla Gurney,^{2,10,73,154} in 1886. Claude was born on 18 Apr 1856 in Hemsworth Hall, Pontefract, Yorkshire, was christened on 22 May 1856 in Hemsworth, Yorkshire, and died on 25 Apr 1913 in York, Yorkshire at age 57. They had four children: Claude Guy, Hugh William, Ruth Mary, and Charles Barclay.

Marriage Notes: 4th Jun 1885 - May (Mary) Barclay (dau of (Joseph) Gurney Barclay) engaged to Claude Leatham. Tues 14 Aug 1906 - Long day on the Bench- Lavender came back from Wentbridge after a visit to the Claude Leathams. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor.

10-Capt. Claude Guy Leatham was born on 4 Nov 1886 in Hemsworth Hall, Pontefract, Yorkshire, died on 1 Jan 1936 in London at age 49, and was buried in Wentbridge, Pontefract, Yorkshire. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: Claude Guy Leatham was born at Pontefract on the 4th of November 1886 the eldest son of Claude Leatham, Deputy Lieutenant for the West Riding of Yorkshire, and Mary Elizabeth (nee Gurney) Leatham of Wentbridge near Pontefract.

He left Hazelwood School in the spring of 1898 due to illness and following an operation was sent to a school near the sea side for his health. In the summer of 1900 he went on to Charterhouse School leaving in the summer of 1905 for Trinity Hall Cambridge where he studied mathematics.

On leaving university he was articled in London before being admitted as a solicitor in November 1911 and moved north to work for his father's firm, Claude Latham and Co of West Riding Court House, Pontefract with offices at 2 Chancery Lane, Wakefield and at Castleford.

In 1907 he was commissioned as a 2nd Lieutenant, in the Yorkshire Dragoon Guards (Queen's Own) Imperial Yeomanry and served with them until he resigned his commission on the 8th of April 1914 due to the commitments of running the family business following the death of his father.

Following the outbreak of war he applied for a commission with a Territorial Army Battalion of the West Yorkshire Regiment in order to serve at a prisoner of war camp at Lofthouse Park, Wakefield but he withdrew this and instead applied for a commission in the 21st Battalion King's Royal Rifle Corps on the 30th of September 1915. He underwent a medical examination at Pontefract on the 21st of October 1915 where it was recorded that he was five feet eleven inches tall and that he weighed 154lbs. He was commissioned as a 2nd Lieutenant in the battalion on the 25th of October 1915 and reported to the School of Instruction at Imperial Hydro House, York on the same day. He embarked for France with his battalion from Southampton on board the SS "Marguerite" at 7pm on the 5th of May 1916 and disembarked at Le Havre at 8.30am the following morning.

He was awarded the Military Cross in the King's Birthday Honours List of the 4th of June 1917. In March 1918 his battalion was disbanded as part of the reorganisation of the army and, on the 16th of March 1918, he was transferred to the 10th Battalion Oueen's (Royal West Surrey) Regiment with the rank of Lieutenant with seniority from the 24th of November 1915 and joined the staff of 124th Infantry Brigade the same day. He was promoted to temporary Captain on the 9th of July 1918.

He was wounded in the leg by a gunshot on the 3rd of August 1918 and was evacuated firstly to 140 Field Ambulance and then to 138 Field Ambulance before being admitted to hospital on the 6th of August. He was appointed as Intelligence Officer to 124th Infantry Brigade on the 28th of August 1918 and, on the same day, went on special leave to England until the 24th of September 1918. A Bar to his MC was announced in the London Gazette of the 16th of September 1918. His leave was extended when he was admitted to hospital from the 25th of September to the 12th of October 1918.

A Medical Board was convened at the Norfolk War Hospital. Norwich on the 14th of October 1918 to report on his condition: -

"This officer was on short leave from France and was admitted here on 24.9.18 owing to inflammation of connective tissue in groin and legs possibly originating from incompletely healed wound. he is recommended for 3 weeks leave and is ordered to join 3rd RW Surreys at Sittingbourne on 4/11/18. Rail Warrant issued."

He embarked for France for service as an Aide de Camp to the staff of Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Morland KCB KCMG, Commanding Officer of XIII Corps on the 19th of October 1918 and took up his new post on the 21st of October 1918.

He was demobilised at Folkestone on the 1st of March 1919 and resigned his commission on the 3rd of March 1919, retaining the rank of Captain. He was wounded twice and was mentioned in despatches during the war, serving in both France and Italy.

After the war he returned to practice as a solicitor at his old firm and lived at "The Red House", Wentbridge near Pontefract. He also later served as Clerk to the Pontefract West Riding Magistrates. He was a member of the Badsworth Hunt and served on their committee. He also won their point to point meeting on seven or eight occasions. In 1933 he was thrown from his horse while exercising it and lay unconscious for hours on frozen ground. He was seriously ill for many months and never completely recovered. He never married. He died in a London nursing home and his funeral took place in Wentbridge on the 4th of April 1936. *http://www.hambo.org/hazelwood/view_man.php?id=135*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He was educated at Hazelwood School in Limpsfield, Surrey.
- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire.
- He worked as a Solicitor in 1911.
- He worked as an officer of the Yorkshire Dragoon Guards (Queen's Own) Imperial Yeomanry.
- He worked as an officer of the 21st Battalion King's Royal Rifle Corps in 1915.
- He worked as an ADC to Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Morland.
- He had a residence in The Red House, Wentbridge, Pontefract, Yorkshire.

10-Dr. Hugh William Leatham²¹⁸ was born on 14 Jun 1891 in Wentbridge, Pontefract, Yorkshire and died on 22 Dec 1973 in Hurtmore, Godalming, Surrey at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician.
- He resided at Greenlanes House in Hurtmore, Godalming, Surrey.

Hugh married Kathleen Ella Pelham-Burn,²¹⁸ daughter of Maj. Henry Pelham-Burn and Janet Edith Orr-Ewing, on 18 Apr 1917. Kathleen was born on 26 Feb 1892 and died in 1971 at age 79. They had two children: Aubrey Gerald and Rupert Lindsay.

11-Dr. Aubrey Gerald Leatham^{102,218} was born on 23 Aug 1920 and died on 7 Aug 2012 at age 91.

General Notes: Aubrey Gerald Leatham

b.23 August 1920 d.7 July 2012

BA Cantab(1942) MRCS LRCP(1944) MB BChir(1945) MRCP(1945) FRCP(1957)

Aubrey Gerald Leatham was one of the leading British cardiologists of his time, earning his reputation through three key areas of heart medicine: auscultation, pacemaking and angiography. At St George's Hospital in London, he headed the team who engineered and fitted the first artificial pacemaker in 1955.

Born in London, he was the son of a medical practitioner, Hugh William Leatham, and his wife Kathleen Ella Pelham née Burn who was the daughter of Henry Pelham Burn, a major in the Rifle Brigade. His father was medical officer at Charterhouse School and, in those pre-NHS days, he treated local people without charge after school. One of his son's early memories was of listening to the heart sounds of a women with mitral stenosis through his father's stethoscope which sparked his interest in cardiology.

Educated at Sandroyd Preparatory School and Charterhouse, he studied medicine at Trinity Hall, Cambridge where, since it was during the Second World War, he did an abbreviated two year degree. Continuing his training at St Thomas' Hospital, he qualified in 1944 and did house jobs there before moving to the National Hospital, Queen's Square as he briefly considered specialising in neurology. In 1945 he became a junior registrar at the National Heart Hospital on the invitation of Sir John Parkinson [Munk's Roll, Vol.VII, p.443], the eminent cardiologist. While he was there he developed his interest in auscultation and devised a recording device by connecting a telephone earpiece to a string galvanometer. He gave a Goulstonian lecture to the RCP based on this research and wrote it up afterwards as 'Auscultation of the heart' (Lancet, 1958, 2, 703-8). This paper plus his subsequent book (see below) provided, according to one of his colleagues, 'the final word on the topic'.

In 1946 he enlisted with the RAMC to do his National Service. Demobilised two years later, due to Parkinson's influence, he was offered a Sherbrook research fellowship at the London Hospital and was then appointed, in 1951, assistant director of the Institute of Cardiology at the National Heart Hospital. There he became assistant to Paul Wood [Munk's Roll, Vol.V, p.

456], the dynamic Australian cardiologist often credited with making London the world centre for the management of heart disease. Three years later, in 1954, he was appointed a consultant physician at St George's Hospital and he remained there for over 30 years. During this time he was also dean of the Institute of Cardiology from 1962 to 1969, following Wood's premature death.

He had not expected to get the consultant post at St George's because, in the early 1950s, physicians were against the idea of cardiology specialists since they regarded heart disease as part of their general practice. When he arrived he found that his department consisted of himself, one technician and one ECG machine. The new department he assembled consisted of a highly talented multidisciplinary team and the building was constructed by extending underground beneath Knightsbridge. Having seen, in the late 1940s and early 1950s, many cases of atrio-ventricular (AV) block - a normally fatal condition which effected the electric conduction of the heart - he was convinced that it should be possible to use an electrical pulse to stimulate the ventricles and asked his new technician, the bioengineer, Geoffrey Davies, to build a 'stimulator'. The first equipment they tried in 1955, on a 55 year old woman who suffered frequent heart attacks, used a very high voltage and stimulated the heart through electrodes attached to the chest wall. Although the device worked it caused the patient such pain that it was eventually disconnected and she died. A subsequent device, miniaturised so that it could be implanted in the heart itself, was successfully implanted in a 65 year old man in 1961 and, in four years, they had treated some 1000 patients, all of whom were given a normal life expectancy.

Throughout his career he was fascinated by listening to heart sounds and in 1958 he developed an innovatory stethoscope - the Leatham stethoscope - which became immensely popular among his peers and is still being manufactured. He described it in a paper in the Lancet 'An improved stethoscope' (Lancet, 1958, 1, 463). Another investigative procedure, coronary arteriography, was pioneered by him after a visit to Cleveland, USA to meet its inventor, Mason Sones, and he was the first physician in Europe to carry it out in 1963. By then he was developing an international reputation and he was sent for by the third King of Bhutan whose doctors had confined him to bed for several months with an undefined heart problem. The journey to Bhutan, a closed country at the time, was hazardous and involved five flights. On arrival he found nothing wrong with the King and suggested he left his bed. The following night he awakened as the King was in pain, a correct diagnosis of indigestion due to the consumption of fried scorpion's eggs led to the award of the Order of Bhutan. The King survived for another nine years and Leatham and his family were invited to visit the country which they subsequently did, and went trekking in the Himalayas. The author of numerous scientific papers in his field, he also published three important textbooks Auscultation of the heart and phonocardiography (London, Churchill, 1970), An introduction to the examination of the cardiovascular system (Oxford, University Press, 1979), both of which ran to two editions, and Lecture notes on cardiology (Oxford, Blackwell, 1991). He retired from St George's in 1985 and was amused that three new cardiologists were hired to replace him. It was said of him that he 'favoured braces, bow ties and blunt talk' and a fellow cardiologist recalled that he was given to slight eccentricities such as carrying out a ward round at Christmas dressed as Father Christmas and wearing roller skates - the patients were 'bemused'.

In 2009 he benefited from his own work, as he was fitted with a pacemaker and was thus able to continue his more energetic pursuits of playing tennis, sailing, cross-country skiing and mountaineering. Apparently he once caught a burglar in his London house and chased him down the road with a tennis racket - the man would only come out from his refuge under a car when the police arrived and he emerged with criss-cross marks on his forehead. A less strenuous enthusiasm was photography, a pastime he shared with his wife. In 1954 he married Judith Savile née Freer whose father, Charles Edward Jesse Freer was a solicitor. Judith was a tennis coach and bilingual guide - all their children were excellent tennis players - and Charlotte was one of the winners of the junior doubles at Wimbledon. When he died, Judith survived him together with their son, Edward, also a cardiologist, and daughters, Julia, a GP, and Charlotte and Louise who are teachers.

RCP editor -----

[Lancet www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736(12)61748-6/fulltext?rss=yes; The Telegraph www.telegraph.co.uk/news/obituaries/medicine-obituaries/9471113/Aubrey-Leatham.html; The Independent www.independent.co.uk/news/obituaries/aubrey-leatham-physician-behind-the-first-pacemaker-8217252.html; Europace 2010 12 1356-9 http://europace.oxfordjournals.org/content/12/10/1356; Clin Card 1999 22 155-7 http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/clc.4960220223/pdf - all accessed 18 November 2015]

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS FRCP MB BChir FACC The Royal Order of Bhutan.
- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Physician, Surgeon and Cardiologist.
- He resided at Rookwood Farmhouse in West Wittering, Sussex.
- His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph 13th August 2012.

Aubrey married Judith Augustine Savile Freer, daughter of Charles Edward Jesse Freer. They had four children: Louise S., Charlotte A., Edward, and Julia.

12-Louise S. Leatham

12-Charlotte A. Leatham

12-Dr. Edward Leatham

12-Dr. Julia Leatham

11-Rupert Lindsay Leatham

10-Ruth Mary Leatham died on 20 May 1950.

Ruth married Rev. Walter Henry Pelham, son of Hon. Thomas Henry William Pelham and Louisa Keith Bruce, on 26 Aug 1914. Walter was born on 22 Jul 1886 and died on 3 Oct 1949 at age 63. They had three children: Thomas Bertram, Patricia Mary, and Robert Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector of Chilton Foliet, Berks.

11-Rev. Thomas Bertram Pelham was born on 28 Sep 1925 and died in 1984 at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Rector of Great & Little Somerford.

Thomas married Gudrun Elisabeth Almgren, daughter of Rev. Uno Axel Valdemar Almgren. They had seven children: Philip Henry, David Almgren, Peter Thomas, Erik John, James Richard, Astrid Louise, and Susan Margaret.

12-Philip Henry Pelham

Philip married Jennider B. Power, daughter of Col. J. D. Power. They had three children: Andrew Timothy, Annabel Claire, and Elizabeth Rose.

13-Andrew Timothy Pelham

13-Annabel Claire Pelham

13-Elizabeth Rose Pelham

12-David Almgren Pelham

David married Julie Ann Killingley, daughter of D. G. Killingley. They had two children: Thomas James and Lucy Jane.

13-Thomas James Pelham

13-Lucy Jane Pelham

12-Peter Thomas Pelham

Peter married Linda Margaret Phillips, daughter of Capt. P. H. Phillips. They had two children: Henry William and Suyin.

13-Henry William Pelham

13-Suyin Pelham

12-Erik John Pelham

Erik married Jane Henley, daughter of John Souter Henley. They had three children: Laura, Alexander, and Joseph.

13-Laura Pelham

13-Alexander Pelham

13-Joseph Pelham

12-James Richard Pelham

James married Mary Chipper. They had one son: Isaac Roy.

13-Isaac Roy Pelham

12-Astrid Louise Pelham

Astrid married Richard Michael Flaye, son of Martin Flaye. They had three children: Thomas Charles, Tobias Pelham, and Ella.

13-Thomas Charles Flaye

13-Tobias Pelham Flaye

13-Ella Flaye

12-Susan Margaret Pelham

Susan married Jonny Green. They had two children: Maia and Freya.

13-Maia Green

13-Freya Green

Susan next married Unnamed. They had one son: Robin David.

13- Robin David

11-Patricia Mary Pelham

Patricia married Lt. Col. Charles Reginald Clayton Albrecht, son of Frank Albrecht.

Patricia next married Harold Holtby, son of Rev. Tom Rookledge Holtby.

11-Capt. Robert Henry Pelham was born on 28 Feb 1919 and died in 1980 at age 61.

Robert married Anne Farebrother Dalziel Mayer, daughter of Capt. Geoffrey Dalziel Mayer. They had two children: Michael Henry and Sarah Mary.

12-Michael Henry Pelham

12-Sarah Mary Pelham

10-Maj. Charles Barclay Leatham was born in 1893 and died in 1962 in Surrey at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MC and Bar.

• He worked as an Officer of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry reserve.

Charles married **Gilberte Rogez** in 1931 in Pontefract, Yorkshire. Gilberte was born on 23 Mar 1909 and died in 2001 in Ross on Wye, Herefordshire at age 92. They had two children: **Avril A.** and **Bernard B.**

11-Avril A. Leatham

Avril married Robert Moreland, son of Henry Moreland and Margaret J. P. Pittaway, in 1958 in Westminster, London. Robert was born on 11 Sep 1924 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire and

died in Feb 2015 in General Hospital, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 90. They had four children: Jennifer J., Angela A., Philip Charles H., and Benjamin Thomas.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Managing Director of S. J. Moreland & Sons, Match manufacturers in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

12-Jennifer J. Moreland

Jennifer married Lester D. Langford. They had one daughter: Emily.

13-Emily Langford

12-Angela A. Moreland

12-Philip Charles H. Moreland was born in 1966 in Stroud, Gloucestershire and died in 1966 in Stroud, Gloucestershire.

12-Benjamin Thomas Moreland

11-Bernard B. Leatham

9-Alfred Gordon Barclay²⁷ was born in Jan 1867 in Leyton, London and died on 2 Jun 1868 in Leyton, London at age 1.

9-Lt. Col. Francis Hubert Barclay¹⁵⁰ was born on 16 Sep 1869 in Leyton, London and died on 28 Jan 1935 in The Warren, Cromer, Norfolk at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the Bedfordshire regiment.
- He had a residence in The Warren, Cromer, Norfolk.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1919-1920.

Francis married Hannah Maude Buxton,¹⁵⁰ daughter of Edward North Buxton^{214,219} and Emily Digby, on 25 Jan 1900. Hannah was born on 23 Mar 1872 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 19 Dec 1931 at age 59. They had five children: Joan Maud, Helen Catherine, Marion Emily Helen, Francis Peter, and Thomas Edward.

10-Joan Maud Barclay was born on 23 Jul 1901.

Joan married Gerald Joshua Hadsley Gosselin.

10-Helen Catherine Barclay was born on 29 Oct 1904.

10-Marion Emily Helen Barclay was born on 18 Oct 1905 in Erpingham, Norfolk and died in 1990 in Chippenham, Wiltshire at age 85.

Marion married Lieut. Col. Hubert Blount, son of Capt. Greville Hubert Robins Blount and Gladys Isabel Wilson. Hubert was born on 26 Apr 1910 and died in 1979 in North Walsham, Norfolk at age 69. They had one son: Charles.

11-Col. Charles Blount

Charles married Jane A. F. Amos, daughter of Joseph W. Amos and Ruth F. Wallace. They had three children: James Hillier, Emily, and Daisy Catherine.

12-Capt. James Hillier Blount

James married Alexandrina Sofia Wellesley, daughter of Lord John Henry Wellesley and Corinne Vaes.

12-Emily Blount

Emily married Guy Harrison.

12-Daisy Catherine Blount

Daisy married James Douglas Hamilton Wills, son of Hon. Robert Ian Hamilton Wills and Elizabeth Jane Downes.

10-Brig. Francis Peter Barclay was born on 8 Mar 1909 in Erpingham, Norfolk and died on 13 Oct 1992 in East Dereham, Norfolk at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSO MC.

Francis married Rosemary Eleanor Jervis, daughter of Lt. Col. Edward Mainwaring Jervis and Eleanor Dora Lyon, in 1940. Rosemary was born on 16 Feb 1914 in Farndon, Cheshire and died on 21 Jul 2005 in King's Lynn, Norfolk at age 91. They had two children: Robin Peter and Christopher Thomas.

11-Robin Peter Barclay was born in 1943 in Liverpool and died in 1964 in Aden at age 21. The cause of his death was Climbing accident.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the East Anglian Brigade.

11-Christopher Thomas Barclay was born on 1 May 1946 and died on 14 Sep 2011 between Toulouse and Limoges, France. On a train. at age 65.

10-Thomas Edward Barclay was born on 12 Feb 1911.

8-Jane Mary Barclay was born on 1 Jul 1818 in Leyton, London and died on 29 Jan 1899 at age 80.

8-Ann Ford Barclav^{15,63,90,112} was born on 18 Feb 1822 in Leyton, London and died on 18 Mar 1913 in South Woodford, Essex at age 91.

General Notes: Ann Ford Fowler ...91 18 3 1913 South Woodford. A Minister. Widow of Hy. Fowler. Ann Ford Fowler was the daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (nee Gurney) Barclay, and a direct descendant of Robert Barclay, the Apologist. She was born at Leyton on the 18 th of February, 1822, and was the fifth in a family of nine. It says much for the others that she had the character of being the " naughty one " of her family, though it does not appear that the naughtiness ever consisted in anything worse than the tricks of a lively girl, devised and executed in the purest fun, though occasionally followed by punishment. But there was a more serious side, thus described in her journal in 1866 :- " I can now look back upon nearly forty-five years spent on this earth, the first ten of which were as graceless as well could be under outward circumstances and habits most favourable for all that was right ... Love to my dear mother is the only favourable feature that I can discover there, a natural instinct, in which the first germs of a desire for reformation struck root. A few words of hers spoken with a seriousness that touched my usually hard nature made a lasting impression, though she little knew it. I had been reading aloud to her of a mother who shed tears at the waywardness of her child, and I ridiculed the idea of a woman crying, when my dear mother said with feeling, 'And I, too, have often anxious thoughts about thee, dear Ann.' "When about eleven, extreme anxiety lest I should be deprived of the pleasure of a visit to Norwich, drove me to prayer, and a sort of bargain that if allowed to go I would turn over a new leaf. I went, and this resolution was strengthened by the good advice of our honoured and beloved cousin, J. J. Gurney. And now followed a phase of self-righteousness and scrupulosity that produced an outward improvement, but brought no peace of mind; and how- ever strict I was with myself I was always dreading that some duty would be required of me which I could not have the moral courage to perform. In this state of mind, the reading of some Friends' books descriptive of religious conflicts and experiences made me perfectly miserable, and when about fifteen or sixteen I was often a prey to deep depression, amounting to agony of mind, under the hopeless sense of the demands of God's holy law. But there was no one I dared speak to. My dear mother had died when I was thirteen, and natural or educational reserve would have made it impossible to speak of any thing but outward matters to our kind and indulgent father. Possibly the wisest of counsellors could not have lifted me out of this slough of despond, in which I was learning the need of a Saviour, whom as yet I knew not. I incline to think that to appreciate the fulness of the blessing of the Gospel one must first pass under the Law. I used to wonder if it were possible I should ever be happy. "With more or less sensitiveness of conscience and suffering of mind I reached my nineteenth year, when we entered on our second great sorrow in the loss of our faithful grandmother, who had been like a second mother to us. It touched my heart very closely, and brought me also to realize the sweetness and consolations of a Christian's death. About five months after that event, the marvellous and beautiful truth of salvation being the gift of God through Christ stole over my soul like heavenly sunshine, during the silence of a Meeting for Worship, while contemplating the blessedness of those who were in heaven; thoughts arising out of our recent loss, but accompanied, I cannot doubt, by the secret teaching of the Holy Spirit, who, as it were, withdrew the veil that had so long clouded my spiritual understanding, and revealed to me for the first time ' the glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ.' " It was the plan of the time to keep a journal for self-examination, and in a series of thirteen volumes, commenced about this period, we can trace what might be called the life history of her soul, beginning with a scrupulous and painful recording of faults with the mind centred on self, and rising steadily until her whole object was God's Kingdom and will. She records how gradually she " sobered down," and in 1842 has begun to appreciate the " shelter " of belonging to the Society of Friends. She also wonders whether she ought to make a more open profession and adopt the Friends' dress. At last she told her eldest sister Jane, and was greatly relieved to find that she felt it would be her duty also. Then she told her Father, to whom they knew it would be a trial, and she says : - " To my great relief he spoke very kindly to me, and gave his full consent to my proceeding as I thought right. I wish that this step, which is but a

small one, may not take up too much place in my thoughts, but rather that, leaving the things that are behind, I may press forward, seeking to perfect holiness in the fear of the Lord." Then followed four years of many sorrows. Her brother Robert died in 1842, six months after his marriage; her sister Elizabeth in 1845; her youngest sister, Louisa, in July; and her sister Emma in September, 1847, and her sister-in-law in 1848. Her marriage with Henry Fowler, of Melksham, in 1848, was entered into in a very serious spirit. The uncertainty of life had been so impressed on her that for long, as she often said, she scarcely felt any hold on life or its affections. However, the course of life was to teach her differently; there was no break in her large family of ten children, and her first great loss after thirty -two years of married life was in the removal of him who had been her central joy and support. Family claims did not deter her from giving whole-hearted service to the Society of Friends. With the exception of a few years spent at Melksham after her marriage, she was throughout her life a member of Ratcliff and Barking Monthly Meeting, though her sympathy and influence extended far beyond. Children and young people specially appealed to her. In 1864 she held Meetings with the girls at Ackworth and Polam Schools, and the next year was put on the Committee of Croydon School. She was a frequent attender of Yearly Meeting, and in 1862 she wrote of it :- "In one or two quarters notes of mourning were sounded on account of what those who uttered them spoke of as ' departures from the ancient testimonies of our forefathers.' This does not seem to me to be properly the standard of attainment or the test of delinquency. Gaiety of dress, and lightness of manner or speech, arise in many instances from circumstances. Education and training cast each of us in a certain mould, and it is grievous to think that some warm hearts, touched by their Saviour's love, attracted by the beauty of holiness, and beating with trembling hope for themselves of a life of increasing dedication to their Lord - though their feelings might be concealed under what might strike some as a worldly exterior - should thus be disheartened at the very threshold. I think that we who hold so much of outward profession to what is, I trust, through mercy an inward possession, should mark well that the tone of rebuke throughout the Gospels is directed with by far the most awful condemnation against those who made a great religious profession unsupported by faith, humility and charity in life and conversation; while to the publican and sinner and those who were bound by Satan whether mentally or bodily, how unfathomable the depth of the Saviour's love and pity; how He attracted them to Himself; how scarcely He touched upon their delinquencies; how ready He showed Himself to cover all their frailties with the robe of His righteousness. Oh ! for more of His Spirit to be breathed out upon us by the Lord Himself ! If He abstained from judgment and condemnation, what are we that we should judge or set at nought our fellow-sinners or our brethren and sisters ? " But if she felt that in some directions there was room for her quiet criticism, it was not her predominant feeling with regard to that Yearly Meeting, for she writes of it elsewhere : - " I never attend the Meetings without the feeling of thankfulness being excited that Christainity in its purity, unfettered by system and the accretions of time, is embodied in our principles, and may thus be held by the pure in heart; not that the profession of the principles and practices will secure it. On the contrary, mere external, educational Quakerism will be but a bondage to the soul incarcerated in it; but let the Spirit of God work and have free course in the hearts of individuals; and where in any other Christian communion can so much liberty be found for the development of His operations?" Ann Ford Fowler was recorded a minister in 1863. It was not what she would have chosen, and she wrote to her sister : - " This last week has been one of a good deal of thoughtfulness to me and of careful research into my experience during the last few years that I may really know I have been right in the part that I have taken in our Meetings; for First Day week R. Giles told Henry that the Quarterly Meeting of Ministers and Elders wished our Monthly Meeting to consider the propriety of adding my name to their number. Although it does not come before me as anything new, yet to be brought to this point gives rise to very serious thought, and it has been almost painful to me to think that motives of friendship, or a biassed judgment, might lead to an appointment that might damage the good cause in the eyes of many, for I feel that I really am not fit to bear the name that they would put upon me. I thought it was time to speak my mind on this subject to I. Lister, so I stated my well-founded objections in a way that I thought rather staggered her; and then in my wisdom I thought I would leave the subject. But since then, with a heart I trust earnestly desiring that no will of mine on the one side, or that of others on the other, might decide the question, the persuasion has settled down upon me that I must withdraw my opposition, and in continuance of the faith in which I have ever desired to enter on these engagements, I must acquiesce in any decision that may be come to, knowing that the work is the Lord's and no human arrangements will be allowed to interfere with it, and that it may be over-ruled for my good. This is after all humbling to me, but I cannot doubt that this is my only safe conclusion, and that, if it does take place, I shall be screened from harm and permitted to rest, as I now do, in the soul-satisfying belief that my way will be ordered of the Lord and that I need have no anxiety about it." A later letter says : - " I must be the one to tell thee that the Monthly Meeting laid its hand on me, which to me is almost incredible. The responsibility, however, rests with them. To me it is serious, but the root of that seriousness lies far deeper than this appointment. Oh ! for a single eye, and a wise judgment, and a faithful, loving heart, through which hard things may be made easy ! I felt very little or not at all disturbed by it in going to Meeting yesterday, and though they hinted to me about changing my place, I said decidedly that while I had young children my place was at their side." For many years the congregation at Wanstead enjoyed the privilege and inspiration of her presence, and none who have known her there can ever forget the effect of her ministry. Such was its power that frequently those who casually dropped into Meeting felt drawn to come again. One of these who had given up attendance of all places of worship for eleven years turned in one morning, he scarcely knew why. He was in deep sorrow at the time, and A. F. Fowler's words so touched his heart that for the remaining nine years of his life he did not miss a Meeting if health permitted him to attend. Her knowledge of Scripture was remarkable, and her language was the clear expression of well-arranged thoughts. Her gracious presence, and her sweet and clear voice gave a peculiar charm to her words, whether of exhortation or prayer. One of her first concerns was to visit Women Friends in her own Monthly Meeting, particularly the poor and afflicted. And all the while she was being led on to fuller life and service. In 1864 she wrote : - " The thing which is most impressing me and one most difficult of attainment to my natural temperament is to cultivate the expansive charity and sociality of the Spirit of the Gospel. I believe that the earlier stages of religious life often require to be passed through in the deeper recesses of one's existence, and that God works in and for us in secret. It is like the ' taking deep root downward.' Were this process disturbed by exposure to the human eye it would be injured; but there comes a time when maturity must be attained in branch and blossom and fruit, when the wind and sun must act upon it, when it must be fully exposed and tested by outward circumstances and in order that the properties and uses of the plant may be developed. So this latter experience is as essential as the first. I believe that I have known much of the first and feel myself now too much inclined to rest in it : but I do nevertheless long to be aroused to diligence, to bend my attention and powers to the work of the day, that the need of others and not of myself may have stronger hold on me, that I may even, as it were, regard God from the heart of others, not always from my own." And so we find her writing early in 1866, in another of those letters to her sister which form such an unconscious and delightful biography : - " Since the closing week of last year, I have been in secret closely revolving and testing a matter which, while it has brought me face to face with my own inability, has rested on my mind so much as a service of love to be rendered to Him Whose I am and Whom I profess to serve, that, unless some change takes place in my present feelings, I think I shall have to go forward in it, and to ask leave to have some Meetings with those filling the station of women servants. I have often had my sympathies and interest much turned to them, too often living, as they do, under anything but a Christian influence, exposed to peculiar temptations, subject to the example of those to whom they are trained to look as their superiors, but who often do little besides initiating them with a worldly spirit; and yet what a sphere of influence for good is open to them, if as servants to God they faithfully fill their appointed places, doing what they do heartily as to the Lord and not to men. When I was at Whitley in the summer the opportunity occurred for me to conduct the evening reading there, in Edward's absence, more than once, and I felt it a comfort to be able to speak to the servants of the love of their Saviour, but I had not previously felt any general responsibility with respect to the class. Now, since it is otherwise, more particularly as regards those about here - Plaistow, Stratford, etc., and possibly London - shall I look with alarm on any felt incapacity, inexperience, and want of furnishing, or, with as much faith as may be granted me, on

Him who can make His strength perfect in weakness, and Who invites us implicitly to trust Him as the condition of fruitfulness? I have been able cheerfully to leave the subject in a quietness and peace that sets me at liberty for all ordinary and present duties, and though writing to thee does again stir up my consciousness of the seriousness, and at the same time the unlikelihood of such a duty being suited to one so inexperienced, and unused to speak so publicly of matters which in the magnitude of their importance require an angel's ability to set them fittingly forth, I am still able to trust that as my day so my strength shall be. . . And oh, may I be kept near in living faith to Him, Who having bestowed so much upon us has the right to require the more ; and Who, in doing so, does but add further blessings in the power afforded to do His will." These Meetings were held, and the following year she brought out a little book, Morning Portions for Servants. Further Meetings for servants were held in connection with a Minute which she had in 1868 to visit her old Quarterly Meeting of Gloucester and Wilts just before it was divided. She stayed at Frenchay, Bristol, Cirencester, Melksham and Devizes within a fortnight, and found it an arduous service. In 1870 she had a Minute to hold Meetings for girls in boarding-schools at Brighton. It was an unusual concern, but few of the Headmistresses refused ; some of the Meetings were favoured times, and she felt grateful to the Brighton Friends for their support. After a Quarterly Meeting about this time Ann F. Fowler wrote : - " The Meeting of Ministers and Elders was chiefly interesting from the unusual evidence of the existence of two distinct classes of feeling among Friends, brought out by the answering of the Oueries. Perhaps they may be charac- terized by terms borrowed from the natural divisions of trees, into Endogenous or Exogenous, or in politics by the distinction of Conservative and Liberal, or again in the Church of England of High Church and Low Church. The fact being that very much according to temperament, education or habit, men tend to strong convictions on one side or the other. It is clear to me that at either extreme there is a danger of holding distorted views of truth; and perhaps nothing is more difficult to our infirm and easily prejudiced nature than steadily, and in the spirit of evenhanded charity, to maintain the equipoise of truth." In 1871, at a time when Ann F. Fowler was almost the only minister in Wanstead Meeting, she wrote : - " I have lately been beset by the fear that the depth of religious life, the personal experience of it, the realizing faith and genuine love which are of its essence, may be becoming weakened by the too habitual practice of speaking in our Meetings. Were the work more shared by others, it would greatly relieve me from the temptation, and I should then be more at liberty for work in my own vineyard during our Meetings for Worship; and truly there is much there that needs to be rectified. It is so possible for neglect of this sort to dry the openings of spiritual life and yet for the channel to catch every rain-drop that falls, and through habit to carry it forward when little more than stagnant water, from its own puddles. How great the mischief then to all parties ! That which might have been intended for self-absorption passed over to others, and yet being passed over thus may be but unwholesome to them; and, even worse than this, the honour of the Great Master compromised, and that presented as His gift for them which is not so, while His immediate work by His Holy Spirit during a time that would have been otherwise silent, interfered with. These are very solemn responsibilities, and I have no counsellor in them but God, none to discern such dangers with or for me, or to give me wise caution." In 1875, Ann F. Fowler inaugurated a small Temperance Band for Boys - "the Hand in Hand "- of which she wrote in 1878 : - " By means of occasional meetings and encouragement from the Congregational Minister it has flourished beyond my expectation, for we now number more than one hundred. It has been carried on with little labour and much simplicity, and though I know it might have been more effective if better handled, yet it seems that even small efforts receive blessings from God." In 1877 she had a Minute to visit each of the Monthly Meetings in London and Middlesex Quarterly Meeting, and wrote : - " Whatever may have resulted from these visits in other ways, I have felt they have been decidedly profitable to myself. They have drawn out my sympathies for others, and these have met a kind response." But much though her work outside was appreciated and blessed, it was in her happy and well-ordered home at Glebelands, South Woodford, that Ann F. Fowler was seen at her best. It was always a centre of hospitality and kindness, both for her own large family circle and for her friends rich and poor. Hers was a rich personality, in which natural gifts, well-developed by training, were enriched by Christian grace and long years of deepening experience; and it was always in her own home that she found the most congenial scope for all her varied powers. While alert to see all that was going on, her ready sympathy drew out the gifts of others. Her love of fun had learnt to run in happy and refreshing channels. From childhood to old age the study of natural history was her great refreshment; she usually looked up any unusual object under a microscope, or in books, and the knowledge thus gained provided her with an inexhaustible supply of illustrations for her own feelings or in her sermons. This love of nature was imparted to her family as regards both plants and animals. Jackdaw and raven, slow- worm, and sucking-pigs were to be found at times amongst the household pets, as well as the more familiar dogs and cats, pigeons and poultry. She once wrote : - " Some people seem almost as though they were uneasy in the reception of the lower sources of enjoyment, as if God grudged these, and as if they ought to apologize for their enjoyment; whereas our apology ought to be that receiving so much we do not more uncarefully enjoy." And again : - " I have felt grieved at feeling so dull . . . as to depress thankfulness, for which there is always so much cause. I more and more see that when thankfulness flags there is something wrong with the soul. It is a sign of mistrust, which is really unbelief, the arch-enemy's strongest weapon, the sin, par excellence, by which he separates man from God." Yet she was quite able to appreciate the physical causes which operate when "You have not the spirits to be thankful in feeling, while you are so in judgment." Her husband's death in 1880 was followed by a long break-down in her health. She was so far recovered by the time of the Women's Yearly Meeting in 1884 as to ask leave to hold a Meeting for widows, where her strong sympathy was much appreciated. In recording her thankfulness she says : - " I need never question why I have had thus to suffer if this power to sympathise helpfully has thus been accorded to me. May I hold it as a sacred trust until that day when I am again permitted to look upon the face of my beloved husband. The thought has been present often with me that for the time my affection towards him must, as it were, be in degree hibernated, that it may leave me at liberty from too prevailing sorrow for whatever has yet to be done for a Higher Love still. But spring time will come and it is daily drawing on, when all that I have ever known of earthly love shall be again set free from its winter sleep to expand anew and in more vigorous existence in the Paradise of God, in the presence of Him whose voice we shall hear, as in the cool of the day walking amidst the trees of the garden, conversing with us without a film of sin or sorrow between us and our Father." In 1886 Ann F. Fowler had a Minute to visit Friends in Suffolk, and in the course of a fortnight visited Diss, Tivetshall, Needham Market, Ipswich, Woodbridge, Leiston, Sudbury and Bury. Her sympathies were much drawn out to the Home Mission and Adult School workers there. She was impressed by their earnest work, and "learned the lesson," she remarked, "never again to be narrowed up to contemplate too much one's own poor things, but to look as from Christ's present point of view and with His eye upon the things of others." While in Suffolk she wrote : - " I have had a week with such power to bear exertion without fatigue as has been a gift in itself. I have also been kept from nervousness or doubt, and so there has been little to wear me beside the natural physical exertion of a good deal of social talk, besides standing and speaking. One does not half know beforehand how nicely God adjusts the power He gives to the calls for its use. The experience of this is a confirmation of and delight to faith, and impresses with fresh encouragement the fact that one ought to believe in anticipation ' that when He putteth forth His sheep He goeth before them,' and the sheep will have no difficulty in following for ' they know His voice.' But one is too often like the man who has learnt all the necessary action for swimming without going into the water, so cannot come up to the act and fact that the water has not drowned but supported him." While we have thus referred to her journeys, it must always be remembered that "her service to others was rendered not so much by travelling about in the ministry as by the faithful and continual giving of her best in her own home and at her own Meeting; by her extraordinary power of helping individuals by word or letter; and by her large-hearted and understanding sympathy with men and women of all classes and of varying ways of thought; " and all this because her own life was spent in the constant quiet " practice of the presence of God." " Worldly " is not a term that she could herself have used, but it would be hard to say what her life meant to that larger world of men and women whose chief interests were mainly so different from her own, and to whom she stood as an embodiment of God. It is still more impossible to show what a wonderful mother she was; but surely it was some such home and some such type of perfect womanhood that Spenser

had in mind when he wrote : - " There was an ancient house not far away, Renowned throughout the world for sacred love And pure unspotted life ; so well, they say, It governed was, and guided evermore, Through wisdom of a matron grave and hoar, Whose chiefest joy was to relieve the needs Of wretched souls, and help the helpless poor; All night she spent in bidding of her beads And all the day in doing good and godly deeds." In 1899, when 77 years of age, she had a severe attack of shingles in the head, which destroyed the sight of one eye, and left her a constant sufferer, but the pain .was so patiently and cheerfully borne that visitors had great difficulty in believing that she was in suffering. She would say playfully, "I should be quite well if you would cut off my head !" The deaths of her two daughters, Emma L. Fowler and Elizabeth B. Backhouse, in the closing years of her life she felt deeply, but she was able to rejoice that they had " finished their course," even though they preceded her. Forty years before she had written : - "It is worth remembering that we are all in succession being put through the discipline of life. We are apt sometimes to forget when under trial and temptation that we are not residents in a fixed position, but travellers going through everything - blessings, trials, experiences, years, powers, capacities, possessions - and that there can be no stay in anything until we reach a better and enduring substance, and until we are given a place in the Lord's house, eternal in the heavens, to go no more out. Then there shall be no more going through, but unchanging possession of everything worthy to be possessed, when God shall be all in all."

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister in 1863 in Ratcliff and Barking MM.

Ann married Henry Fowler,^{15,57,63,76,90,112,157,215} son of John Fowler^{2,10,14,33,215} and Rebecca Hull,^{2,10,215} on 19 Oct 1848 in FMH Plaistow. Henry was born on 27 Jun 1823 in Melksham, Wiltshire and died on 24 Jan 1880 in Woodford, Essex at age 56. They had ten children: Elizabeth Barclay, Robert Henry, Jane, Emma Lucy, John Wilfred, Joseph Gurney, Rachel Juliet, Louisa Mary, Alfred, and Anna Priscilla.

General Notes: 24 Jan 1880, Sat: ... Robert Fox came at 5.10, he brought the news of Henry Fowler's sudden death this morning about 3 o'clock, very awful. Also of Annie Dale's being decidedly worse!

26 Jan 1880, Mon: – it seems that Henry Fowler only had 20 minutes difficulty of breathing and then died. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea Dealer.

9-Elizabeth Barclay Fowler^{25,63,76,112,157,188} was born on 1 Aug 1849 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 25 May 1911 in Darlington, County Durham at age 61, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Elizabeth Barclay Backhouse, Darlington. 61 25 5mo. 1911 Widow of James E. Backhouse. A Minister and Elder. "Long ago when I was a girl," wrote Elizabeth Barclay Backhouse towards the close of her life, "I absorbed from that old book 'Stepping Heavenward,' a quotation from Thomas a Kempis which has stood me often in good stead. It is one of his 'Four Steps to Peace.' It runs : Choose to have less rather than more. It is only one side of a truth, and on the face of it seems to check all ambition, but the way to be kept in true peace is to remember that not what we receive but what we give is the first thing to be thought of, and the chief ingredient in happiness. Of late years I have come to see that this is not only a help to peace but an inspiration to progress ! It is only as we seek ourselves less, that we can receive the fulness that God is wanting to give us." Round this paradox, of which nearly every Christian life can give us some example, we can build up much of the history of E. B. Backhouse's life. She did not hold out her hands for the good things which life had to offer her, though they fell to her in no small share. She was sometimes a little oppressed by the responsibility they represented, and the relief from this came in the sharing them with others. Good things not only of this world, but of the spiritual kingdom were her heritage, by birth and circumstance. Born at Melksham in 1849, she was the eldest of the ten children of Henry and Ann Ford Fowler. Childhood and girlhood were passed in the home at Woodford, typical of much of the best of English Quakerism, where the old house with its large garden and its fine cedar formed one of a group of homes in a circle leisured, thoughtful, and within its own range endowed with the charm of a cultured simple living. As the eldest daughter in the family, responsibility came early upon her. There exists a rather sententious but excellent little homily addressed to her small twin brothers on their fifth birthday. One of her sisters writes: "When I recall my childhood, she stands to the fore in all our home life. Whatever wanted doing or whenever a 'girl to help 'was wanted by uncles, aunts or cousins, whether it was to read at a mothers' meeting or to help a busy young mother in holiday-time, or to arrange for a large tea party, she was sent for." Above all in her own family it was she who played with the little ones and threw herself into the varied interests and needs of the older boys and girls. The aim of life to give rather than to take was thus early grasped, and opportunity and habit and influence all tended to develop and round off this sacred faculty for service. Another, strong factor was the beautiful influence of her mother's unmarried sister, " Aunt Jane " (Barclay), *' the em- bodiment," writes one of her nieces, " of all that was loving, good, kind and sympathetic." " Little Mittie " was always the specially be- loved child, whom by advice she helped to bring up, following with tender interest each step of her way, sharing in the joy of her married life and in the next generation of children. To "Aunt Jane," as well as to her own parents, we can trace some of the strong tendencies of E. B. Backhouse's later years, the inteUigent loyalty to the Society of Friends and the desire to give of her best to its service, as to the service of Christ and His truth. This happy home life was interrupted by two years spent at a school at Brighton, which, with all its limitations, appears to have done a good deal toward the development of character, as there was contact with girls from other families with different outlook and other ideals. From here she writes, " although of course my education will not be ended when I leave school (indeed it will be but begun), yet my school life will be finished, and I shall begin home life, as it were, afresh and, I hope, with renewed energy and purpose... How completely our whole life at each stage is a preparation for the stage beyond it." The " stage " we touch on next after a few full years at home, was when she passed to a home of her own and became the wife of James Edward Backhouse. And now the stores of her helpfulness and love found their beautiful outlet among her own sons and daughters till a family of ten filled her nurseries and absorbed her life. Thus when they had reached the age of beginning lessons with her she writes : " Do you know I am afraid I am getting into a sort of essence of ' Mother'; I don't mean motherliness, but I feel as if the children took up all my thoughts and I had none to spare for things beyond them. I don't think it is quite good for them or me to have such a limited horizon." The same letter, however, gives a long list of interests in which she and her husband took their part; and placed as she was in the midst of a large circle with a wide range of claims in England and abroad, it would have been diffi- cult to bind her energies

within the walls of her home. Glimpses are given us in the frequent letters to her old home, of the delightful family life. The children troop to their parents' door at Christmas, and " sing the Christmas hymn,' she writes, " in all kinds of varying keys. Then in they came, eight of them, to see us examine the stockings which had been put up by request. There we found all their nice little loving gifts; even little N- had worked me a bookmark." The beloved home and the beautiful garden with its arches covered with brilliant rambler roses, and with its rock garden, all come into the letters before us, and the delightful comradeship of husband and children in the various interests which filled their lives. This bright life was interrupted in a way unforeseen and grievous. James E. Backhouse's health had for years caused anxiety, and long absences abroad broke the family circle, except for the gatherings under southern skies in a foreign hotel or villa, at Christmas time. Years of this disjointed life, with its complex cares, its denials to both parents and children, must ever leave its impress upon them. And now begins a chapter of shadow deepening as the years revealed that the separation, so long dreaded, was inevitably before them. There were short summers spent in the beloved English home, and then suddenly the hour of desolation and the lonely taking up of the burden of life again. But the soul that has found its sources of joy in living for others has reserves of power to draw on in times like these. E. B. Backhouse does not bury her grief under a load of busy activities. She faces it and finding, as it were, a garden of sweet memory, she sits down in its sacred silence and with chastened heart garners the treasures of the beautiful past. So after reading some of her old letters she writes : 'I don't think it makes me sad to read of the happy days gone by, but I like to be reminded of little things that one forgets, and to picture the past happiness ; for it is still mine in a way, and I feel that the fruits of it are developing and perhaps ripening. I think I look forward more than back, which is very wonderful to me; I should not have thought it would be so, and I am thankful for it.' Eight years later there is another lifting of the veil in regard to a plan for taking a party of friends to Wales to see and to gain something of the spirit of the Revival, and then she makes a discovery. *' I feel sure the Lord is leading me," she writes, " and one personal effect of this has surprised me. As I was thinking over it all last night I found I was looking at life quite differently, and instead of being really glad at the signs of the passing of time and feeling rather pleased that I did not mind grow- ing old, I found myself wishing I were younger, that I might have more time to work and to tell of God's grace and Christ's love. I do not think that I have ever been more than content to live since 1897, and this change of outlook has struck me as a sign of new life." These sad years, however, were very busy ones. As wealth came and added to the difficulties of stewardship, as the cares of her large family grew in interest and importance with the developing years, fresh service in her monthly meeting opened before her, in Temper- ance work, and emphatically in the Friends' Foreign Mission Association. In all these and many other avenues of service she carried a calm steadfast purpose and a sense that she was giving to others of her best, and from her heart. We think of the words : "Not what we give but what we share, For the gift without the giver is bare." And through all, the inner life, as with most who place themselves at the service of others, was often aloof and little understood. One who knew her very closely says : " I believe people think her Christian life went on very evenly and steadily. And so it did to all appearances, but there was much deep conflict below out of which she repeatedly emerged triumphant, though she herself would not have used that word." Herself a tower of strength to others it was perhaps little realised that there were times when she yearned for a word of uplift and cheer. Nay, there was something in the very outward semblance of strength, in the dignified form and strong calm face that might and did predispose some to think her a little distant and not easy of approach - a source of sorrow and regret to her, for, as often proves, reserve and shyness- at times barred the way to easy intercourse. She recognised this and fought against it, and it did not indeed prevent her rich gift of sympathy from finding its place in many a forlorn heart. Letters from distant lands, from isolated and lonely missionaries, from members of her own Mothers' Meeting, and from many in her own circle of friends speak with touching em- phasis of the understanding word arriving just at the right time, and giving exactly the help- that was needed; In the Yearly Meeting, where she acted for some years as clerk to the Women's Yearly Meeting, this same sympathy, this sensitiveness to the call of the moment and ability to meet it, made her service trusted and acceptable. There are doubtless many landmarks in her soul's history that we should like to follow for guidance and example. She attended from time to time the Keswick Convention, sometimes taking with her parties of missionaries home on furlough that they might have the teaching and inspiration of such a time. There is mention too of the smaller and more private gatherings, which she valued much, held on the same lines at Sunderland. We choose for quotation one entry of solemn import concerning a time at Keswick, in 1895. '* I cannot doubt," she writes, " that that day I received the baptism of the Holy Spirit. Though the intense emotion passed, the assurance of possessing all the peace I need does not pass, and I have often wondered as I have realised how His power has been with and in me." Again we note a passage from her diary of the following year, on being acknowledged a minister : *' I did very earnestly pray that it might make no difference except in making me feel more separated by God to the service and more desirous that my whole life should be consistent with my high calling. . . I do pray to be kept from saying a word in my own strength. Indeed, what is it ? How could I think of being able to say anything that would help or teach others? " Characterised as it thus was with humility and dedication, the service she had to give was teaching and convincing and inspired with the reality that experience alone can give. Insight into the needs of her hearers, the appositeness and freshness with which those needs were met, the love behind all and the power behind all, - these are points attested very clearly by those who heard her. Perhaps these words apply even more emphatic- ally to her ministry in prayer. All these spiritual gifts made her a valued and useful member of the Ministry Committee, on which she served for some months. But of all the needs that claimed her none was more absorbing than that of the Friends' Foreign Mission Association, which may truly be described as the chief interest of her later years. Members of her own family were on the Field, but the work appealed to her on grounds even more intimate and personal. The ruling passion of her life was the yearning that men and women all over the world should know and love her Lord. Strength, time and money, in unstinted measure, she poured out with this high end. She gave of her best for the highest that she knew. Space does not allow us to dwell as we might on all these points. We must be content to mark the upward stages as shown by the "closer walk with God, the calmer heavenlier frame" as life wore on. No surer test could be given than the last one. When weakness and illness assailed her and brought to the active mind and eager spirit dependence and helplessness, there was no trace of anything but gentle acquiescence in the blessed will she had so long and gladly- followed. And in that calm which awaits the moment of highest fruition, that moment of re-union and joy came to her. In her own, home after some weeks of patient waiting, she quietly entered the larger life.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

Elizabeth married James Edward Backhouse,^{22,23,25,63,76,157,188,189} son of Thomas James Backhouse^{20,29,59,63,73,157,216,220} and Margaret Richardson,^{59,62,63,157,216} on 2 Oct 1873 in Wanstead, Essex. James was born on 18 May 1845 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 29 Oct 1897 in Darlington, County Durham at age 52, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had ten children: Edith Mary, Edward, Mabel, Alfred Ernest, Elspeth Lilian, Basil Henry, Jennett Rachel, Kenneth James, Margaret Anne, and Rhoda Jane. Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1857-1861 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker in Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham.
- He was a Quaker.

10-Edith Mary Backhouse^{25,63,157} was born on 31 Jul 1874 in Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1891-Jun 1892 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

10-Edward Backhouse^{44,76,157,214} was born on 26 Oct 1876 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 26 Aug 1922 in Switzerland at age 45.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bank Manager, Barclay's Bank in County Durham.
- He had a residence in White House, Stockton on Tees, County Durham.

Edward married Lucy Backhouse Mounsey,^{44,157} daughter of Edward Backhouse Mounsey^{33,44,112,121,157} and Rachel Ann Fryer,^{33,44,112,157} on 8 Apr 1902 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Lucy was born on 10 Mar 1882 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1968 at age 86.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Apr 1899 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Mabel Backhouse^{25,157} was born on 11 Feb 1878 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1962 at age 84.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1893-Jul 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

Mabel married **Wilfred Arthur Mounsey**,^{157,211} son of **John Wilfred Mounsey**^{22,23,42,48,157,164,185,211,221} and **Mary Charlotte Green**,^{22,42,48,157,164,211} on 26 Feb 1903. Wilfred was born on 13 Aug 1871 in Sunderland, County Durham. They had four children: **Michael James, Eleanor Catherine, John Backhouse**, and **Barbara Ann**.

11-Michael James Mounsey¹⁸⁸ was born on 28 May 1905 and died in 1984 in Appleby, Cumbria at age 79.

Michael married Jane Leveson.

11-Eleanor Catherine Mounsey was born on 9 Jul 1907 and died on 18 Jan 1992 at age 84.

11-John Backhouse Mounsey was born on 22 Jul 1912 and died in 1966 at age 54.

11-Barbara Ann Mounsey was born on 22 Jul 1912 and died in 1979 at age 67.

10-Alfred Ernest Backhouse^{157,195} was born on 12 Jun 1879 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 26 Nov 1955 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to America in 1947.

10-Elspeth Lilian Backhouse^{3,22,25,44,68,157,179,180,181,182,183,184,185,186} was born on 31 Aug 1880 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 Mar 1969 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895-Dec 1898 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

11-Neville Backhouse Hodgkin¹⁸¹ was born on 30 Apr 1904 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Jan 1999 at age 94.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 30th April, 1904, at Darlington, Elspeth L.,. wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1880-90), a son who was named Neville Backhouse.

11-Maurice Edward Hodgkin^{179,182} was born on 17 Feb 1906 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Nov 1909 in Darlington, County Durham at age 3, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 17th February, 1906, at Darlington, Elspeth Lilian, wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son, who was named Maurice Edward.

11-Oliver Henry Hodgkin¹⁸³ was born on 27 Feb 1908 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died in Mar 1983 at age 75.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 27th February, 1908, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth L., wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named Oliver Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: connected with Pretoria Metal Industries.

12-Janet Margaret Hodgkin

11-Brian Maurice Hodgkin^{68,190} was born on 9 Dec 1910 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died on 18 Jun 1963 at age 52.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 9th December, 1910, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth Lilian, wife of Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named Brian Maurice.

12-Jonathan George Hodgkin

13-Julian Backhouse Hodgkin

- 13-Elspeth Rachel Bevington Hodgkin
- 12-Marigold Penelope Hodgkin

13-Christopher James Mabbott

13-Stephen John Mabbott

11-Elizabeth Ann Hodgkin¹⁸⁴ was born on 23 Apr 1912 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 23rd April, 1912, at Shelley, Darlington, Elspeth L., the wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1888-89), a daughter, who was named Elizabeth Ann.

11-David Kenneth Ronald Hodgkin¹⁸⁵ was born on 9 Sep 1914 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died on 1 Mar 1977 in Woden, Canberra, Australian Capital Territory, Australia at age 62.

General Notes: HODGKIN.— On the 19th September, 1914, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth Lilian (Backhouse), wife of Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named David Kenneth Ronald.

Hodgkin, David Kenneth (1914–1977)

There was a large gathering in the Coombs Lecture Theatre on 9 March when the Society of Friends and members of the University held a memorial meeting for David Kenneth Ronald Hodgkin, former Registrar of the University, who died on 1 March after a brief illness. He was 62. David Hodgkin came to Australia with his family in 1953 as Assistant Registrar in the early days of ANU. He became Deputy Registrar in 1957 and from 1961-67 he was Registrar, Institute

of Advanced Studies. He was Registrar of the University and Secretary to Council from 1968 until his retirement at the end of 1974. Born into a Quaker family in Darlington, England, David Hodgkin had wide experience of the Society of Friends in many countries. Before and during the 1939-45 war, he and his wife, Brigit, worked first at the Quaker centre, Vienna, where they helped refugees, and then served as founding wardens of the Friends International Centre in London. Through Quaker International activities and other community interests, his active involvement in causes related to the search for peace continued throughout his life. He was a former president of the Canberra branch of the Australian Institute of International Affairs and a past-chairman of the Churches Commission on International Affairs of the Australian Council of Churches. His publications included articles on international relations, and *Quakerism: A Mature Religion for Today* (1971),

He returned to full-time Quaker service when he retired from the University and from 1974 until his death he was Secretary of the Australia Yearly Meeting of the Society of Friends. In a tribute to him, the Vice-Chancellor, Professor Anthony Low, said: 'David Hodgkin was not here when the University was founded. But he was here during all its years of major growth. 'His concern was always for people. I can testify that as a young, newly-joined member of the academic staff, 18 years ago, I was soon conscious that in the University administration there was a certain David Hodgkin, who, for no good reason I could think of, was taking an interest in how I and my family were settling into Canberra; who was apparently also interested in what my interests were, and what I was working on. He was always an exemplary listener; and as I was later to know, he was excellent too, with visitors, and with prospective appointees.' 'At the same time, he displayed a quite special dedication to the University as an institution. He cared for it; slaved for it; took pride in it. One recalls his physical presence, which was never intimidating; his deep bass voice; his close interest in being told something of which he had not heard before; his characteristically quick, warm chuckle. 'He brought *dignitas* to this place. Not dignity; he was not the man to stand for that. What was orderly, seemly, of good report, and imbued with the milk of human kindness — these were the things he stood for; and for these we remember him.'

'Hodgkin, David Kenneth (1914–1977)', Obituaries Australia, National Centre of Biography, Australian National University, http://oa.anu.edu.au/obituary/hodgkin-david-kenneth-1378/text1377.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He emigrated to Australia in 1953.
- He worked as a Registrar in Australian National University.
- He worked as a Secretary to Australia Yearly Meeting in 1972-1977.

12-Stephen Barclay Hodgkin

12-Andrew Kelsey Hodgkin

12-Mark William Backhouse Hodgkin

10-**Basil Henry Backhouse**¹⁵⁷ was born on 9 Sep 1882 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1953 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 71. Basil married **Dorothy E. Webb**. They had one daughter: **Emilie Margaret**.

11-Emilie Margaret Backhouse

10-Jennett Rachel Backhouse¹⁵⁷ was born on 15 Nov 1883 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Jul 1973 in County Durham at age 89, and was buried in FBG Cotherstone.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Dec 1901 in York, Yorkshire.

11-Ruth Jennett Hodgkin

12-Gillian Ruth Barrington

13-Ann Yvonne Smeeth

13-Peter Charles Smeeth

13-David Timothy Smeeth

12-Ronald Edward Barrington

11-Lois Hodgkin was born on 23 May 1919 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 22 Jan 2018 in Camelford, Devon at age 98.

General Notes: HODGKIN Lois (Auntie Lo) Died peacefully at home in Camelford on Monday 22nd January, aged 98 years. Loving Aunt of Gill and the Smeeth family. Private Cremation. A Thanksgiving Service will be held at Camelford Methodist Church on Friday February 9th at 11am. Family flowers only please, donations if desired by her request to The Faith Mission by retiring collection or c/o Stephens & Harris Funeral Directors Trewalder Delabole PL33 9ET Telephone 01840 212340.

11-Christine Hodgkin was born on 1 Mar 1923 in Darlington, County Durham and died in May 1995 in Bodmin, Cornwall at age 72.

10-Kenneth James Backhouse^{90,157} was born on 26 Apr 1885 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 8 Jan 1912 in Crooksbury Sanatorium, Surrey at age 26.

Kenneth married Irene Agnes Ball.

10-Margaret Anne Backhouse^{2,157} was born on 4 May 1887 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 23 Mar 1977 in 12 Dartford Road, Sevenoaks, Kent at age 89, and was buried on 30 Mar 1977 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent. Cremated.

General Notes: Backhouse, Margaret Ann (1887–1977), educationist and humanitarian activist, was born at The Grange, Hurworth, near Darlington, co. Durham, on 4 May 1887, the youngest but one of ten children of James Edward Backhouse (1845–1897) and his wife, Elizabeth Barclay Fowler (1849–1911). Her father was a partner in Backhouse Bank, one of the three constituent elements that later merged to become Barclays, and on his death in October 1897 he left a fortune of £312,422. Her parents' families had been members of the Society of Friends for generations. She was educated at the Quaker Mount School in York.

In September 1907 Backhouse arrived in Birmingham as one of thirteen inaugural students at Westhill Training College, founded by Barrow and Geraldine Cadbury to train Sunday school leaders. Although Quaker led, it was non-denominational. Its aims were 'to train Sunday School workers by a systematic study of the needs of children, and the best methods of organisation and teaching' (U. Birm., Cadbury Research Library, Westhill Archives Box 61A, minute book, Jan 1907). Among the founding group were Westhill's charismatic first principal and leading advocate of the graded Sunday school movement, the Canadian George Hamilton Archibald, and his daughter Ethel J. Archibald (later Johnston).

In common with most of the students, who were predominantly female in this period, Backhouse spent two terms at the college in 1907– 8 and later recalled that 'the horizons of our lives were changed by those few weeks at Westhill' (Parker, 5). The curriculum included child psychology and the psychology of adolescence, religious pedagogy, the history and principles of education, and practical work with children and youth groups. At the end of her period of study she returned home to Hurworth but maintained a close connection with Westhill, returning to participate in discussions on the college's future in 1911–12. In April 1912 she accompanied Archibald, his wife, Clara, and their daughter, Ethel, on a six-month tour of Australia, New Zealand, and Canada, spreading the Westhill ethos and giving practical demonstrations of graded Sunday school teaching methods.

During the return trip by train across Canada, Backhouse and Ethel Johnston read an article in the Ladies' Home Journal on the Camp Fire Girls (CFG). Founded in America in 1910 by progressive educators and youth workers, the CFG was a highly ritualistic organization with activities and ceremonial dress based upon a perceived concept of Native American culture. It promoted a model of citizenship for girls based on maternalism and domesticity, supplemented by outdoor camping activities and civic engagement in the wider community. Attracted by ideals of character building and service for others, combined with the romance of 'primitive' cultures and ritualized ceremony, Backhouse and Ethel Johnston agreed that the Camp Fire 'would be ideal for Bournville girls' (Johnston, 134), an attraction that reflected the enthusiastic participation in this period by Quakers in idealistic and utopian youth movements, such as the order of Woodcraft Chivalry.

By February 1914 there were two Camp Fires at Bournville, arguably the earliest in England, organized under the auspices of Bournville Sunday school. Established by Hamilton Archibald in 1905 in response to a challenge from George Cadbury to put his theories into practice, the Sunday school came under the supervision of Bournville Quaker meeting and functioned as a demonstration and training school for Westhill. On Backhouse's formal return to Westhill as lecturer and warden in 1915, she taught in the Sunday school's intermediate department and served on its management committee. She also became the national figurehead of the British CFG as 'chief guardian of the fire'. Westhill became the movement's headquarters until an office was founded in London. She worked closely with another former Westhill student and secretary of the British CFG, Norah Ackerley (1896–1974), with whom Backhouse shared her home from 1934. In addition to collaborating in the CFG they also worked on behalf of the Society of Friends nationally and in their local meeting in Bournville where Backhouse became an elder in 1923. Although the Camp Fire did extend to other parts of Britain, it never seriously challenged the established girls' organizations, and by 1934 when Backhouse relinquished her leadership its membership was approximately 2500 girls organized in 157 Camp Fires.

Backhouse had inherited an artistic talent from her father and spent her leisure hours sketching and drawing or engaging in other forms of handcraft. In 1914 she provided the line drawings to illustrate a volume entitled Nature Talks written by Ethel Archibald. Published by the Pilgrim Press, the book was aimed at primary department leaders in Sunday schools, and provided a year's lessons through nature. In March 1925 she was elected as the first female president of Birmingham Sunday School Union and used her presidency to promote issues facing adolescents, stressing the need for progressive youth work by religious organizations.

Backhouse remained on the staff at Westhill until 1935 when she retired, partly on grounds of ill health, but also as a result of internal institutional politics. From this point on she devoted her energies to Quaker concerns. She was a member of the Friends' Education Council (1937–42), an elder of the Warwickshire monthly meeting (from 1938), and its clerk (1941–2). She and Norah Ackerley travelled widely, visiting Friends' Service Council (FSC) centres in China and India in 1936, and in 1939 they visited the yearly meetings in Denmark and Sweden. In 1938 she was co-opted as a member of the FSC and from 1942, when she and Ackerley moved to London, she worked in the FSC offices. From 1943 to 1950 she was the council's chairman and vice-chairman of

the Friends' Relief Service, and participated in the organization of Quaker relief in Europe at the end of the Second World War. In December 1947 Backhouse travelled to Oslo to accept the Nobel peace prize on behalf of the British and American Friends alongside her American colleague Henry J. Cadbury. Whereas Cadbury was able to borrow formal dress for the official functions, Backhouse had to spend valuable clothing coupons on a new evening dress. In her public Nobel lecture she set out the history and basic principles that underpinned Quaker service, emphasizing the need for a personal relationship with those in need of relief (M. A. Backhouse, 'The international service of the Society of

Friends', Les Prix Nobel en 1947, 1949). From the late 1940s to 1960s she continued to work and travel on behalf of the Friends, visiting Madagascar with Christopher B. Taylor in 1948, and in July 1951 she was one of a seven-member Quaker peace and goodwill delegation to the Soviet Union. She died of heart failure at her home, 12 Dartford Road, Sevenoaks, Kent, on 23 March 1977 and was cremated at Tunbridge Wells on the 30th.

Siân Roberts

Sources The Friend (15 April 1977) · Dictionary of Quaker biography · E. A. Johnston, George Hamilton Archibald: crusader for youth (1945) · C. M. Parker, Westhill: an informal history of seventy-five years (1982) · K. Lonsdale, ed., Quakers visit Russia (1952) · P. S. Cadbury, A personal diary of the Quaker mission to Russia (1951) · British Camp Fire Girls (1933) · J. Helgren, "Homemaker can include the world": female citizenship and internationalism in the postwar Camp Fire Girls', Girlhood: a global history, ed. J. Helgren and C. A. Vasconcellos (2010), 304–22 · P. Wilkinson, 'English youth movements, 1908–30', Journal of Contemporary History, 4/2 (1969), 3–23 · M. Freeman, 'Muscular Quakerism? The Society of Friends and youth organisations in Britain, c.1900–1950', EngHR, 125/514 (2010), 642–69 · M. Rooff, Youth and leisure: a survey of girls' organisations in England and Wales (1935) · J. O. Greenwood, Quaker encounters, 3: Whispers of truth (1978)

Archives Religious Society of Friends, London, papers of Margaret Backhouse and Norah Ackerley | Library of Birmingham, Central England Quakers' Archives, Bournville PM minute book · Birmingham Council of Christian Education [formerly Birmingham Sunday School Union] · U. Birm., Cadbury Research Library, Westhill College Archives Likenesses photograph, c.1918, U. Birm., Cadbury Research Library, USS 55 · photographs, U. Birm., Cadbury Research Library, Westhill College Archives · photographs, RS Friends, Lond. Wealth at death £116,024: probate, 10 May 1977, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Siân Roberts, 'Backhouse, Margaret Ann (1887–1977)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Sept 2013 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/103381]

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1902-1905 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Warden of Westhill Training College.
- Miscellaneous: Accepted Nobel Prize with Henry J. Cadbury, 1947, Oslo, Norway.

10-Rhoda Jane Backhouse¹⁵⁷ was born on 17 Jun 1889 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1980 at age 91.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1903-1906 in York, Yorkshire.

9-Robert Henry Fowler¹⁵ was born on 6 Feb 1851 in Melksham, Wiltshire and died on 4 May 1919 in 5 Park Square, London at age 68.

General Notes: ROBERT HENRY FOWLER was born at Melksham, in February 1851, and was the nephew of Mr. John Fowler who was the inventor of the steam plough and the founder of the Steam Plough Works, at Leeds.

He entered the Steam Plough Works in 1874, and made many journeys for the Firm, mainly in tropical countries, between 1880 and 1910.

From 1888 he was the controlling and organizing head of Messrs. John Fowler and Co. (Leeds), Ltd., and under his administration the works have been completely modernized and brought up to date. His acquaintance with the application of mechanical power to the cultivation of land was extensive and thorough, and his agricultural experience covered a wide range of climates. In 1903 he read a Paper before this Institution on "Roofing existing Shops while Work is proceeding."

His death took place in London on 4th May 1919, at the age of sixty-eight.

He became a Member of this Institution in 1894.

Title: CERTIFIED EXTRACT Reference: TR FOW/CO1/52/1 Description:

[Copy] from the Principal Registry of the Probate Divorce and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice, 1919(29 Oct), that the will of Robert Henry Fowler of the Steam Plough Works, Leeds, Yorkshire and of 113 Cannon Street, London, and of 5 Park Square, West Regents Park, Surrey, who died at 5 Park Square 1919(4 May), was duly proved and that administration was granted to Amy Isabel Fowler of 5 Park Square, widow of the deceased and to Alfred Fowler of 113 Cannon Street, engineer and brother of the deceased, the executors named in his will. Estate gross £202,107-16-

10d., net £201, 441-6-3d. Certified by John A. Donnison of London, public notary.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MIME.

• He worked as a Managing Director of Messrs. John Fowler and Co. (Leeds), Ltd. In Steam Plough Works, Leeds, Yorkshire.

Robert married Amy Isabel Ayres. Amy was born in 1864 in London. They had one daughter: Isabel Amy.

10-Isabel Amy Fowler was born on 17 Oct 1893 in London and died in 1988 at age 95.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Aug 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

Isabel married Lt. Col. Edmund Godfrey Pelly,⁴⁴ son of Edmund Neville Richard Pelly⁴⁴ and Emma Mary Fowler,^{33,44} on 24 May 1919 in London. Edmund was born on 10 Oct 1889 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, died on 28 Oct 1939 in London at age 50, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex. They had two children: Antoinette Joan and Robert Hubert.

General Notes: 2nd Lieutenant, DSO, MC. Born 19.10.1889, 2nd son of Edmund Neville Richard Pelly and Emma Mary Pelly, husband of Isabel Amy Pelly née Fowler. He was at Charterhouse [W] 1903 - 1907. In the Great War he served in the RASC, being mentioned in despatches four times, earning the DSO and the MC, and attaining the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. He rejoined the RASC in 1939 but died in London on 28.10.39, aged 50, of illness contracted while serving with the BEF. His younger brother (q.v.) was killed in the Dardanelles in 1915, and his elder brother Captain John Noel Pelly, CBE, RN, commanding officer of the training establishment HMS King Alfred, died suddenly in June 1945. The two older brothers lie buried in a joint grave in the north-western corner of All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MC.
- Miscellaneous: He died of illness contracted whilst serving with the BEF.

11-Antoinette Joan Pelly was born on 21 Apr 1920 in London and died in 1997 at age 77.

Antoinette married Kenneth William MacLeod, son of Ebenezer Duncan MacLeod and Alice Dalrymple Cooper, on 22 Jul 1942 in London. Kenneth was born on 6 Oct 1907 in London and died in 1983 at age 76. They had three children: Alison Ann, Neil Godfrey, and Flora Margaret.

12-Alison Ann MacLeod

Alison married Robert Hellett, son of Henry Hellett. They had one son: Robert Henry.

13-Robert Henry Hellett

Alison next married Geoffrey Hugh Fellows.

12-Neil Godfrey MacLeod

Neil married Sheila Anne Tyler. They had four children: Steven Kenneth, Amy, Diana, and Jeffrey.

13-Steven Kenneth MacLeod

13-Amy MacLeod

13-Diana MacLeod

13-Jeffrey MacLeod

12-Flora Margaret MacLeod

Flora married Graham Gilbert. They had two children: Kris Graham and Rory Neil.

13-Kris Graham Gilbert

13-Rory Neil Gilbert

11-Robert Hubert Pelly was born on 17 Aug 1923 in London, died on 24 Jan 2016 at age 92, and was buried in Apr 2016 in Leathley, Yorkshire.

Robert married Eirolys Elizabeth Horton-Fawkes, daughter of Maj. Le Gendre George William Horton-Fawkes and Sylvia Louise Mabel Edina Duckworth, on 17 Feb 1951 in Otley, Yorkshire. Eirolys was born on 13 Mar 1928 in Orchardleigh Park, Frome and died on 22 Aug 2009 at age 81. They had three children: Serena Louise, Richard Fowler, and Robert Simon Horton.

12-Serena Louise Pelly

Serena married Stephen John Richards. They had two children: Clare Lucy and Thomas Linton.

13-Clare Lucy Richards

13-Thomas Linton Richards

Serena next married Michael Stevenson.

12-Richard Fowler Pelly

Richard married Michelle Colette Bouteille, daughter of Dr. Henri Bouteille. They had three children: Isabelle, Victoria Sarah, and Mathilde.

13-Isabelle Pelly

13-Victoria Sarah Pelly

13-Mathilde Pelly

12-Robert Simon Horton Pelly

Robert married Rachel M. Hamilton-Ely, daughter of Peter Hamilton-Ely. They had three children: Camilla, Hugh, and Rupert.

13-Camilla Pelly

13-Hugh Pelly

13-Rupert Pelly

9-Jane Fowler was born on 29 Aug 1852 in Leyton, London.

9-Emma Lucy Fowler⁸⁶ was born on 9 Jun 1854 in Woodford, Essex and died on 24 Sep 1905 in South Woodford, Essex at age 51.

9-John Wilfred Fowler was born on 15 Dec 1855 in Woodford.

9-Joseph Gurney Fowler⁴² was born on 15 Dec 1855 in Woodford, Essex and died on 24 Apr 1916 in Pembury, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 60.

General Notes: Joseph Gurney Fowler, of Pembury, near Tunbridge Wells, Kent, was senior partner in the firm of Price, Waterhouse & Co., Chartered Accountants, of which he had been a member since 1887. At the time of his death he was acting as advisory accountant to the Government in relation to the settlement of the compensation payable to railways under State control. He was also a member of the Board of Referees appointed in connexion with the assessment of excess profits duty. J. G. Fowler was treasurer of the Royal Horticultural Society and Chairman of its Orchid Committee, and he possessed one of the most notable orchid collections in the country. From The Friend

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Senior partner. Price, Waterhouse & Co., Chartered Accountants, in London.
- He worked as a Treasurer of the Royal Horticultural Society and Chairman of its Orchid Committee.

9-Rachel Juliet Fowler^{17,44,109} was born on 11 Jan 1858 in Woodford, Essex and died on 13 Aug 1939 in 8 Rothesay Gardens, Bedford, Bedfordshire at age 81.

General Notes: The first president of the Panacea Society, Rachel Juliet Fox (1858–1939), was born at Woodford, Essex, on 11 January 1858, the third daughter of Henry Fowler, timber merchant, and his wife, Ann Ford. Her family were Quakers, and in 1882 she married another Quaker, George Henry Fox (1845/6–1931), a ship agent and timber merchant in Falmouth. She became a spiritualist after the death of her son Barnard (1884–1894) at his prep school, and wrote a number of theological books, some by the process of automatic writing. She became a Southcottian and engaged in an extensive correspondence with bishops about the box, especially Boyd Carpenter, and with her cousin Beatrice Pease, met the archbishop of Canterbury, Randall Davidson, about the subject. She lived in Falmouth until 1936. She wrote and published six volumes, documenting the history of the Panacea Society. She died at 8 Rothsay Gardens, Bedford, on 13 August 1939.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a first president of the Panacea Society.

Rachel married George Henry Fox,^{17,44,109} son of Alfred Fox^{2,10,13,41,44,88,109,111,113,161,164,211,222,223,224} and Sarah Lloyd,^{2,10,41,44,88,109,113,164,211,222,223,224} on 22 Mar 1882 in FMH Wanstead. George was born on 27 Sep 1845 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 13 Jan 1931 in Glendurgan, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 85. They had seven children: Barnard, Cuthbert Lloyd, Dorothy Juliet, Annette Sarah, Erica Mary, Margaret Veronica, and George Romney.

General Notes: He courted Dorothy Albright, until they had a dispute!

23 Feb 1879, Sun: A wild snowy morning - to church at the chapel. Mr Hays officiated. Minnie (Mary) hears her brother George is engaged to Dora Albright, a sincere cause for congratulations - a good walk with the girls and George Albright in the snow which was so heavy on Codhill that we made a retreat. A good attendance at chapel.

14 June 1879, Sat: In to my mother-in-law's; some mysterious telegrams from George Henry to Tom Hodgkin, George is with the Albrights, courting Dora. Tom goes to George on Monday, we can't think what is up.

16 June 1879. Mon: Some unhappiness about ---- love affair which seems in danger of a smash.

17 June 1879, Tues: Better news about ----- by telegraph but we none of us know what is up.

3 Dec 1881, Sat: Left Folkestone, Minnie, Lottie, Maud & I at 8.45, Amato Courier for Paris, we had a brisk breeze and a lopping sea but no waves, so had a good passage to Boulogne and ³/₄ hour for lunch; it was cold as we neared Paris which we reached about 4 o'clock, the 2 girls and I had a stroll out as far as the Palais Royal, Table d'hote at 6 o'clock, a long evening; a letter came in from George Henry Fox and Rachel Fowler (Henry & Anne's daughter) announcing their engagement. I hope all will go well with them, Anne seems highly pleased. 6 Mar 1882, Mon: A long call from Snowdon about his affairs; rode, then with Minnie to Mortlocks to get a wedding gift for George Henry Fox 21 Mar 1882, (Tues): ... With Minnie to Glebelands to be ready for George Henry Fox and Rachel Juliet Fowler's wedding, a pleasant family party assembled but the weather turned in very cold and squally with sleet & snow.

22 Mar 1882 (Wed): A wild rough morning, snow on the trees & lawn, breakfast in the tent in greatcoats and shawls. To meeting, J. Bevan Braithwaites sermon long, Arthur prayed beautifully for them, Tom Hodgkin excellent in winding up, they both spoke very well, then back to Glebelands. I called on Ellen Chapman, a wonderful old lady at 80. Wedding breakfast;' Gurney Barclay a few words, George Henry responded well - happy pair off midst rice and shoes. I went to see Belmont for the John Fowlers with Lizzie Pelly; back to Glebelands, dinner & to Monkhams where they entertained the wedding party sumptuously, and had the performing Weblings - back about 11 o'clock quite ready for bed. Minnie & I had a nice chat with Ann (? Fowler?) during thee afternoon.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipping Agent in Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in Glendurgan, Falmouth, Cornwall.

10-Barnard Fox^{17,44} was born on 12 Oct 1883 in Dolvean, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 4 Jul 1894 in Alton School, Plymouth, Devon at age 10.

10-Maj. Cuthbert Llovd Fox⁴⁴ was born on 22 Jul 1885 in Dolvean, Falmouth, Cornwall and died in 1972 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC and Bar.
- He was awarded with High Sheriff of Cornwall 1946 To 1947.
- He worked as a Shipping Agent in Falmouth, Cornwall.

Cuthbert married Moyra Florence Sulivan, daughter of Ernest Frederic Sulivan and Florence Mary Houldsworth, on 29 Apr 1920 in London. Moyra was born on 27 Aug 1894 in Ashbourne. They had two children: Philip Hamilton and George Desmond.

11-Philip Hamilton Fox was born on 11 Mar 1922 in Wilmington, Sussex and died on 25 Oct 2005 at age 83.

General Notes: FOX Philip Hamilton Father of Robert, Charles and William, much loved by all his family, peacefully in his sleep Tuesday October 25th. Funeral service at Mawnan Parish Church on Friday November 4th at 2:00pm followed by private committal at Penmount Crematorium. Donations to the R.N.L.I. Falmouth Branch c/o Keith Penrose, Funeral Director, Appleshaw, Mawnan Smith, Falmouth, TR11 5EG, would be preferred to flowers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipping Agent.
- He worked as a Hight Sheriff of Cornwall.

Philip married Rona Briggs, daughter of Kenneth Douglas Briggs and Constance Gordon Russell, on 17 Apr 1948 in Eastham, Tenbury, Wells. Rona was born on 26 Jul 1925 in Eastham and died on 4 Mar 1999 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 73. They had three children: Robert Hamilton, Charles Lloyd, and William Barclay.

12-Robert Hamilton Fox

Robert married Lisa Kathleen Payne. They had two children: George Henry Hamilton and Sophia Isabella.

13-George Henry Hamilton Fox

13-Sophia Isabella Fox

12-Charles Lloyd Fox

Charles married Caroline Aileen Methuen-Campbell, daughter of Hon. Laurence Paul Methuen and Lady Maureen Margaret Brabazon. They had three children: Meriel Sophia, Stella Caroline, and Roselle Viola.

13-Meriel Sophia Fox

13-Stella Caroline Fox

13-Roselle Viola Fox

12-William Barclay Fox

11-George Desmond Fox was born on 25 Aug 1925 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 24 Mar 1926 in Glendurgan, Falmouth.

10-Dorothy Juliet Fox⁴⁴ was born on 25 May 1887 in Kerris Vean, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 16 Jul 1937 in Lelant Downs, Cornwall at age 50.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1902-1905 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Annette Sarah Fox⁴⁴ was born on 6 Jun 1889 in Kerris Vean, Falmouth, Cornwall and died in 1981 at age 92.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1904-1908 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Erica Mary Fox⁴⁴ was born on 7 Jan 1893 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 18 Sep 1934 in Glendurgan, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 41.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1908-Jul 1909 in York, Yorkshire.

Erica married Humphrey Bennet Laity, son of William Laity and Harriet Jane Harvey, on 30 Sep 1920 in Falmouth, Cornwall. Humphrey was born on 18 Sep 1892 in Trerose Manor, Mawnan, Cornwall. They had two children: David Harvey and Anthony Fox.

11-David Harvey Laity

David married Eileen Davey, daughter of Frederick Davey and Florence Ellen Bailey. They had two children: Sheridan Erica and Philip Harvey.

12-Sheridan Erica Laity

12-Philip Harvey Laity

11-Anthony Fox Laity was born on 2 Nov 1924 in Tregays, Lostwithiel, Cornwall and was buried in Aukland University, New Zealand.

Anthony married Auriol Mary Joan Tuker, daughter of Lt. Gen. Sir Francis Ivan Simms Tuker and Catherine Isabella Bucknall, on 15 Sep 1951 in Mawnan, Cornwall. Auriol was born on 3 Dec 1927 and died on 20 Mar 1957 in Harrow at age 29. They had one son: Hugh Granville.

12-Hugh Granville Laity

Anthony next married Judith Catherine Wells, daughter of Athol Umfrey Wells and Gladys Colebrook Stewart. They had one daughter: Veryan Faye.

12-Veryan Faye Laity

10-Margaret Veronica Fox⁴⁴ was born on 16 Oct 1895 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died in 1976 at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1909-Jul 1914 in York, Yorkshire.

10-George Romney Fox^{22,44,163,225,226,227} was born on 5 May 1898 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died in 1968 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1910-1913 in York, Yorkshire.

George married **Barbara Muriel Twite**,^{22,163,225,226,227} daughter of **Harold Llewellyn Twite** and **Lucy Muriel Carne**, on 27 Apr 1929 in Falmouth, Cornwall. Barbara was born on 30 Nov 1909 in London and died in 1994 at age 85. They had four children: **Susan, Elizabeth Juliet, Sarah Naylor**, and **James George**.

Marriage Notes: Fox-TWITE.-On April 27th, at Falmouth, George Romney Fox (1910-13), to Barbara Muriel Twite.

11-Susan Fox²²⁶ was born on 15 Apr 1931 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 19 Nov 1957 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 26.

General Notes: Fox.- On 15th April, to Barbara and G. Romney Fox (1910-13), a daughter, who was named Susan.

11-Elizabeth Juliet Fox

Elizabeth married **Sir John Wilfrid Bourne**, son of **Rt. Hon. Robert Croft Bourne** and **Lady Hester Margaret Cairns**, on 2 Aug 1958 in Constantine, Falmouth, Cornwall. John was born on 27 Jan 1922 in Farleigh, Hungerford, Berkshire and died on 19 Oct 1999 at age 77. They had two children: **Robert William** and **Antony John**.

General Notes: FROM HIS childhood, it was clear that Wilfrid Bourne had a remarkably powerful intellect. While only 10 or 11, he would exchange Greek iambics with his elder brother during

their pillow fights, and he never lost his gift for pointed quotation from the Classics. But it is as a pillar of the Lord Chancellor's Department from 1956 to 1982 that he will be remembered. The second son of Robert Bourne, MP for Oxford City, and Lady Hester Bourne, eldest daughter of the fourth Earl Cairns and granddaughter of Lord Chancellor Cairns, he went, like his father and grandfather before him, to Eton, entering as a King's Scholar and becoming Newcastle Scholar and, in 1940, Captain of the School. He obtained the Ella Stephens Greek Scholarship to New College, Oxford, and took a First in Mods in 1941 before joining up.

Commissioned in the Rifle Brigade, he served as signal officer with the 1st Battalion from November 1942 to May 1945, in North Africa, Italy, Normandy and north-west Europe. He never spoke of his wartime experiences; but he was one of those who saw with his own eyes the full horror of Belsen.

Demobilised in December 1945, he returned to Oxford to read Jurisprudence, in which he obtained another First. Having joined the Middle Temple, he became in 1947 a pupil of J.F. Morran in the top flight common-law chambers of Melford Stevenson KC (later a well-known High Court Judge). He was called to the Bar in 1948, obtaining the Harmsworth and Eldon scholarships; was offered a seat in Stevenson's chambers, and joined the Oxford circuit.

But his choice of common-law chambers did not work out as well as might have been expected; and Melford Stevenson later remarked that sending Wilfrid Bourne to do a case in the county court was like using a razor to cut linoleum. With his gifts, Bourne might have succeeded brilliantly at the Chancery Bar; but he lacked enthusiasm for the rough-and-tumble of the lower reaches of common-law practice, and failed to attract work from solicitors who, in that milieu, were probably looking for other qualities. So in 1956, after eight years in chambers (and at a time when the Bar as a whole was in a somewhat depressed state), he entered the Lord Chancellor's Office at the age of 34 as one of the small group of lawyers working close to the Lord Chancellor in the House of Lords, where he soon became Private Secretary to the Earl of Kilmuir.

Bourne took like a duck to water to advising on the often complex and difficult legal, constitutional and parliamentary matters with which he had to deal; and his advice was much in demand at all levels. He served for many years as secretary to the Law Reform Committee, where his speed and clarity of thought, deep knowledge of the law, and sound grasp of practicalities contributed much to reports such as the review of the law of evidence in civil cases, on which the Civil Evidence Act 1968 was based.

It was characteristic of him that, not long after the establishment of the Law Commission in 1965, he took it upon himself to write for the lawyers there, whose duties included providing their attached Parliamentary Counsel with drafting instructions, a guide to how this should be done - he himself having had to learn it the hard way.

Bourne's minutes and letters were clear, crisp and entwined with classical and modern literary allusions. It was a disappointment to him to find that almost nobody in the Lord Chancellor's Office was able to swap Greek quotations with him until the arrival of Lord Hailsham of St Marylebone - when the ability of the Lord Chancellor and his Permanent Secretary to exchange minutes in Greek was not always appreciated by their juniors. Sherlock Holmes, too, was a great source of Wilfridisms.

In 1977 he was appointed to the paired offices of Clerk of the Crown in Chancery and Permanent Secretary to the Lord Chancellor. This involved him in a good deal of administration, and brought him into contact with the Bar and the judiciary in his capacity as adviser on judicial and other appointments. He took a lot of trouble over this, but was never a popular figure with that constituency, perhaps because he was a shy man and no extrovert. Yet beneath his shyness Wilfrid Bourne was a very kind and generous person, taking great pleasure in his family and in teaching his grandchildren Pelmanism and racing demon.

John Wilfrid Bourne, barrister: born 27 January 1922; called to the Bar, Middle Temple 1948; staff, Lord Chancellor's Office 1956-82, Principal Assistant Solicitor 1970-72, Deputy Secretary 1972-77, Clerk of the Crown in Chancery and Permanent Secretary 1977-82; CB 1975, KCB 1979; QC 1981; married 1958 Elizabeth Fox (two sons); died 19 October 1999.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB KCB QC.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Middle Temple.
- He worked as a member of the Lord Chancellor's Office in 1956-1982.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 15 Nov 1999.

12-Robert William Bourne

12-Antony John Bourne

11-Sarah Naylor Fox

Sarah married Charles Henry Arden Bott, son of Richard Harry Bott and Esme Blanche Brierley. They had one daughter: Susan Marjorie.

12-Susan Marjorie Bott

11-James George Fox

James married Rebecca Jane Wright, daughter of Charles Wright. They had four children: Rachel, Francis, Sarah, and Romney.

12-Rachel Fox

12-Francis Fox

12-Sarah Fox

12-Romney Fox

9-Louisa Mary Fowler was born on 8 Mar 1859 in Woodford.

9-Alfred Fowler was born on 14 Sep 1860 in Woodford.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer.

9-Anna Priscilla Fowler was born on 26 Jan 1862.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1877-Jun 1879 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Emma Lucy Barclay^{9,90} was born on 4 Nov 1824 and died on 21 Sep 1847 in Leyton, London at age 22.

8-Henry Barclay⁷³ was born on 25 Oct 1828 and died on 13 Oct 1851 in Leyton, London at age 22.

8-Elizabeth Gurney Barclay^{8,90} was born on 8 May 1829, died on 21 Nov 1845 in Tor, Devon. (20th given in AM) at age 16, and was buried in Plaistow Or Winchmore Hill FBG.

8-Louisa Barclay^{9,90} was born on 22 Feb 1834 in Leyton, London and died on 4 Jul 1847 at age 13.

8-**Rachel Barclay**¹⁵⁷ was born on 3 Jan 1826 in Leyton, London, died on 15 Nov 1898 in Darlington, County Durham at age 72, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. Rachel married **Alfred Backhouse**,^{35,157} son of **Edward Backhouse**^{31,113,121,155,157} and **Mary Robson**,^{31,155,157} on 8 May 1851 in FMH Plaistow. Alfred was born on 28 Sep 1822 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 2 Sep 1888 in Pilmore Hall, Hurworth, Darlington, County Durham at age 65, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. General Notes: Of Pilmore Hall and Dryerdale, Co. Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1883.
- He resided at Greenbank in Darlington, County Durham.
- He resided at Pilmore Hall in Hurworth on Tees, County Durham.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

7-Mary Gurney¹⁰⁵ was born on 16 May 1792 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk and died on 14 Dec 1803 at age 11.

7-Rachel Gurney¹⁰⁵ was born on 24 Jul 1794 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 1 Jun 1817 in Nice, France at age 22, and was buried on 3 Jun 1817 in British Cemetery, Cancada, Nice, France.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: She was originally interred in the British Cemetery on the Avenue Gambetta, 1893, Nice, France.

7-Joseph Gurnev¹⁰⁵ was born on 27 Apr 1796 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 29 Nov 1816 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk at age 20, and was buried on 6 Dec 1816 in FBG Gildencroft, Norwich.

7-Henry Gurney¹⁰⁵ was born on 21 Nov 1797 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 10 Feb 1815 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk at age 17, and was buried on 17 Feb 1815 in FBG Gildencroft, Norwich.

7-Emma Gurney^{2,3,10,17,44,105,111,120,142,152,155,159,160,169,170,209} was born on 27 Sep 1800 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 11 Apr 1860 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham at age 59, and was buried on 17 Apr 1860 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: 11 April 1860, Wed: Received a note early this morning from my father saying Jane Gurney Fox (née Backhouse) had died at Pau. Rode into Darlington and met Edmund Backhouse at Southend; He poor fellow seemed to feel Jane's (his sister's) death deeply. He starts for London by express to go abroad if needful. To the Stockton & Darlington Railway office; long chat with Ralph Ward Jackson, Henry King Spark and Isaac Wilson; On reaching our office I found Minnie who said my mother had had another attack upon her breathing. I went up home with her at once. On entering her room I felt sure hope was at a very low ebb. It seemed that about 2 o'clock a.m. an attack came on which gave way to stimulants and about 3 o'clock, my father had laid down. At 10 o'clock sshe was nicely again and continued so until about 1.30 p.m. when a very strong spasm came on, had Jane not poured ether into her mouth there is little doubt she would have passed away before medical aid arrived. My father and Dr. Piper were sent for; most anxiously we watched the result of continued doses of ether, brandy, champagne and most hopelessly we saw no revival of pulsation took place. For awhile she breathed laboriously but to my father's question she had no pain, but so faint amidst this she she ejaculated 'My God!, my God! help! help!' 'take me' her breathing became quieter and gradually she sunk away till at last her spirit freed from its tenement of clay returned to Him who gave it - gone to join the just of all generations washed with the blood of Christ from all stain of sin - this was at about 5.30; words can never describe our feelings turned from the sad, sad present to the memories of the past rejoicing in the thought of her love and all that it has been to us, then to our loss, and most of all to our Dear Father whose lone state touches us most of all.

12 April 1860, Thurs: After breakfast, sat awhile with my father, his tender sorrowing resigned state is very touching - walked with him in the garden - he telling me many of the pleasant thoughts about my dear mother, how happy they have been in their lives, especially lately. Edward and Rachel Leatham returned from Ben Rhydding and Wakefield at 2, Elizabeth Lucy Fowler at 6. o'clock, letters and messages come in fast.

13 April 1860, Fri: Busy with arrangements all day; Elizabeth walked out with my father, Minnie to Neasham to bring in the children; a busy day with letters - up to Green Park to see them and the little Leathams; evening wrote Bessie Gibson Fry, Uncle and Aunt Pease here; a little uneasy about the remains but all seems right and comfortable, so I leave it. 14 April 1860, Sat: A fine bright day, morning at arrangements and walking in the grounds. At 3.20 Aunt Gibson and Frank and Henry & Ann Fowler came, dinner soon after four o'clock, letters keep pouring in showing great sympathy and much affection. I thought it better that my beloved mother's remains should be closed this evening. H. & A. Fowler saw them, it was my last look. 17 April 1860, Tues: Some minutes conversation with my father on arrangements which he approved as made (Staindrop monthly meeting this morning) dinner (lunch) about 1.30 after which we kept in the quiet until about 3.30 when we assembled in the library and drawing room round the remains of Her so justly and inestimably dear to us. At four we left the house, the family servants acting as bearers the crowd all the way to the meeting house was very great, the shops were all closed many of those remaining closed all the day. There were more people, it is said, went away from meeting than got in. After a long solemn pause Cousin Katherine Backhouse made a few remarks, then a few works from J. B. Braithwaite and then into meeting. A prayer from John Ford, then a sermon from Edwin Octavius Tregelles and a sermon and prayer from J. B. Braithwaite. Then home round the garden with Henry Birkbeck - about 95 people to tea in the evening, then a sitting, read the VIII Chapter Romans, a payer from Isaac Sharp, then a most beautiful address from Uncle John, a few flat words from E. O. Tregelles. Soon after, we broke up. This morning at reading an exquisitely beautiful prayer from Ann Fowler . A day ever to be remembered , very full of feeling as to the great loss but full of comfort in Her infinite happiness. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

Emma married **Joseph Pease**, ^{2,3,10,17,44,113,120,121,130,142,149,152,155,159,170,174,176,178,206,209,214,228,229,230,231,232} son of **Edward Pease**^{2,10,31,44,59,65,105,120,130,144,152,158,159,168,169,170,174,176,177,229,231,233,234} and **Rachel Whitwell**, ^{2,10,44,59,105,120,159,168,169,170,234} on 20 Mar 1826 in FMH Norwich. Joseph was born on 22 Jun 1799 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 8 Feb 1872 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham at age 72, and was buried on 13 Feb 1872 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had 12 children: Jane Gurney, Joseph Whitwell, Emma Gurney, Rachel, Elizabeth Lucy, Edward, John Henry, Arthur, Gurney, Alfred, Charles, and Francis "Frank" Richard.

General Notes: First Quaker to be sent to The House of Commons.

At the end of his life, he was invited to accept from the King of Spain, the award of Knight of the Grand Cross of Charles III, for the Bible translations he made available to the people there. _____

JOSEPH PEASE (1799-1872), aided his father in carrying out the project for the railway from Stockton to Darlington in 1819 and 1820. The draft advertisement of the opening of the line, dated 14 Sept. 1825, in his autograph, is preserved by the company. Upon the extension of the railway to Middlesbrough in 1828, the mineral owners offered powerful opposition. Pease consequently purchased a coalmine in the neighbourhood in order to prove the value of the new mode of conveyance. Four years later the colliery owners were convinced, and admitted their obligations to Pease for conquering their prejudices. After the passing of the Reform Bill in 1832, Pease was returned for South Durham, and retained the seat till his retirement in 1841. He was the first Quaker member who sat in parliament, and on presenting himself on 8 Feb. 1833 he objected to take the usual oath. A select committee was appointed to inquire into precedents, and on 14 Feb. he was allowed to affirm (HANSARD, Pr/. Dcb.xv.

387, 639). He was a frequent speaker on matters of social and political reform, always avoiding the use of titles when addressing the house, and retaining his quaker dress (cf. Notes and Queries, 3rd ser. ix. 153). In addition to business of various kinds and politics, he devoted himself to philanthropic or educational work, aiding Joseph Lancaster and acting as president of the Peace Society from 1860. Before 1865 he became totally blind, but, with the aid of his secretary, republished and distributed many Friends' books ; and he had the 'Essays, Moral and Religious,' of Jonathan Dymond translated into Spanish, for which service the government of Spain conferred on him (2 Jan. 1872) the grand cross of Charles III. He died on 8 Feb. 1872. At the time of his death there were nearly ten thousand men employed in the collieries, quarries, and ironstone mines owned by him and his family, who also directed the older woollen and cotton manufactories. Pease married, on 20 March 1826, Emma (d. 1860), daughter of Joseph Gurney of Norwich, leaving five sons and four daughters.

The second son of Edward and Rachel Pease, Joseph Pease (1799'961872), Quaker railway company promoter and industrialist, was born at Darlington on 22 June 1799. Educated at Tatham's academy, Leeds, and Josiah Forster's academy, London, he subsequently aided his father in the projection of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, in 1819 and 1820 by preparing the company's first prospectus. He emerged as an influential voice in the management of the railway in 1828, when he took the lead in projecting an extension of the line from Stockton to the hamlet of Middlesbrough further down the Tees estuary. The effect of this development was twofold: first, to undermine the dominance of Tyne and Wear exporters in the London coastal market for coal; and, second, to lay the foundations for the emergence of Teesside as an outstanding centre for the production of iron. The latter was facilitated by Pease's in numerous railway projections in the north-east of England, all of them designed to open up the heavy mineral wealth of the region.

After the passing of the Reform Bill in 1832, Joseph Pease was elected MP for South Durham, and retained the seat until his retirement in 1841. He was the first Quaker member to sit in the House of Commons, and on presenting himself on 8 February 1833 he refused to take the usual oath. A select committee was appointed to inquire into precedents, and on 14 February he was allowed to affirm (Hansard 3, 15, 1833, 387, 639). As a 'worldly' Quaker, Joseph Pease was a frequent speaker on matters of social and political reform, always avoiding the use of titles when addressing the house, and retaining his Quaker dress.

Joseph Pease married, on 20 March 1826, Emma (d. 1860), daughter of Joseph Gurney of Norwich, and their surviving children comprised five sons and four daughters. Joseph Whitwell Pease (1828'961903), the eldest son, who was created a baronet on 18 May 1882, was MP for South Durham from 1865 to 1885, and subsequently for Barnard Castle. Arthur Pease (d. 1898), the third son, was MP for Whitby from 1880 to 1885, and for Darlington from 1895.

In addition to commercial and industrial issues, Joseph Pease devoted himself to philanthropic and educational work, aiding Joseph Lancaster, and acting as president of the Peace Society from 1860. Before 1865 he became totally blind, but, with the aid of his secretary, republished and distributed many Friends' books; and in 1870 he had the Essays on the Principles of Morality of Jonathan Dymond translated into Spanish, for which service the government of Spain conferred on him (2 January 1872) the grand cross of Charles III.

Joseph Pease died on 8 February 1872 at his Darlington home, Southend, from heart disease. He was buried in the Quaker burial-ground in Darlington on 10 February. At the time of his death Pease's industrial concerns employed nearly ten thousand men in collieries, quarries, and ironstone mines. In addition he owned and directed woollen manufactories and was a leading shareholder in Robert Stephenson & Co., of Newcastle upon Tyne, numerous Teesside ironmaking concerns, and in the Middlesbrough estate.

Mary (Botham) Howitt, writing to her sister Anna (Botham) Harrison 23 Jul 1843, about her son Claude, "William thought then of taking him to Sir Benjamin Brodie; but that kind, excellent man, Joseph Pease, of Darlington, a very particular friend of William's, begged him first to ask the advice of Dr. Bevan, a Friend, a very clever and conscientious man, whom, supposing Claude were his child, he should employ."

My dear Cousin Joseph Pease,

Though sorry to part with an instrument which has been useful to us beyond all anticipation, we shall nevertheless under a grateful sense of thy kindness in allowing us the use of it so long, be ready to transfer it to the Flounders Institute, upon receiving instructions for its transmission. It is due to thee and to the other gentlemen to whom we are indebted for the loan briefly to mention some of its benefits which we have derived from it. Amongst the chief of these we enumerate the impulse which it has given to the pursuit of astronomical Science in the School, and the consequent taste for such pursuits with which many of our scholars have been imbued, so as to find in Astronomy an instructive and interesting occupation for leisure after they have left school. We have been able to make observations with sufficient frequency to keep true time for ourselves, and we have for some months been the authority for the regulation of the Minster clock, thereby conferring important benefits upon many thousands of persons and giving to the instrument a very extensive sphere of usefulness. We had hoped that the Flounders Institute would be provided with more complete provision for Astronomical observation than that of which a moveable or portable transit instrument would form a part, and we trust such provision will in time be made. Meanwhile in the possession of our old friend (if we really must part with him) the Institute will have an excellent and valuable instrument though we may reasonably question whether its benefits will be some satisfaction to those to whom we are indebted for the loan. Awaiting the use of the loan, it was as in allowing use the use of the loan briefly to mention some of its benefits. We have been able to make observations with sufficient frequency to keep true time for ourselves, and we have for some months been the authority for the regulation of the Minster clock, thereby conferring important benefits upon many thousands of persons and giving to the instrument a very extensive sphere of use

(signed) JOHN FORD 20 Bootham. 11 mo. 7 1849

Noted events in his life were:

• He was a Quaker.

- He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1810-1813 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Josiah Forster's school, Tottenham.
- He worked as a Woollen Manufacturer in Darlington, County Durham.
- He resided at Southend in Darlington, County Durham.

- He worked as a Railway promoter. Treasurer of the Stockton & Darlington Railway in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Tees Conservancy Commissioner 1852 to 21 Jun 1862.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder in 1855 in Darlington MM.
- He worked as a President of the Peace Society in 1860-1872.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1864 in Darlington MM.
- He worked as a Partner in J & JW Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a founder of Middlesbrough.
- He worked as a Treasurer to the Consett Iron Company after 1847.
- He worked as a Treasurer to the GNER Railway.
- He worked as a Secretary of the Board of Trustees, the Flounders Institute.
- He was awarded with Knight of the Grand Cross of Charles III of Spain in 1871.
- He worked as a supporter of the British and Foreign Bible Society.
- He worked as a supporter of the Foreign School Society.
- He worked as a the First Quaker MP elected to Parliament. MP for Durham 1832 To 1841.

8-Jane Gurney Pease¹⁷ was born on 10 Jan 1827 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 5 Apr 1894 in Wroxhall, Torquay, Devon at age 67, and was buried on 10 Apr 1894 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Jane Gurney and Emma Gurney, two maiden aunts aged 36 & 33 respectively in 1863. My father called them 'the girls' till death separated them in 1894 when Aunt Jane died. Aunt Emma died the following year at Southend, These two aunts 'ran' Southend for my grandfather, cared for him and provided for the large house's hospitality. Aunt Jane was large and handsome and given to poetry and serious pursuits and became a Minister in the Society of Friends. She was clever and had a natural gift of voice and language - dignified - very Protestant - read and believed 'The Times' daily, kept up a nice discipline and with Aunt Emma kept the house in perfect order and cleanliness and everything of the best. Aunt Emma was less austere and a jolly, stout, kind practical soul. Aunt Jane's laugh consisted mostly of a pretty smile and a long hiss - Aunt Emma's was almost a real one. but restrained to the extent that it made her eyes roll in her head with pleasure. They had good appetites, took chiefly carriage exercise, drank coffee and tea and kept up family 'Reading' in the evening with the servants after my grandfather's death. When these dear ladies died it was the end of Southend, and I am sure they have turned in their graves if they have heard that Southend is now a Popish Convent (Note JGP. and now, 2008, a hotel with 60 bedrooms viz:) Aunt Jane preached, and Aunt Emma practised charity - Aunt Jane was a little masculine sometimes in her dignity and would sit with legs crossed and show her white stockings! Uncle John Pease himself the most elegant in language and the most eloquent in preaching used to say "for elegance and purity of diction, my niece Jane surpasses all" or words to this effect. (Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. - notes)

5 April 1894, Thurs: Packing up and to Darlington at 8.40. To frame Ridley's picture. To Harrisons and to Coachbuilders about wagonette and dog cart . Finance, no Consett and very little N.E.R. monies. Colliery meeting, better sold than last week but at low figures 7/3, 7/6, f.o.b.in the Tyne 10/4, 10/4 at ovens for coke. Mill meeting, nothing very fresh. Then lunch and to York, Albert to meet the Duke of York, at Newcastle. To York, N.E.R. Traffic Committee, sat late ! On going to the Hotel there came a telegram from my brother Arthur that my sister Jane died at Wroxhall, Torquay about 6 o'clock. So ends a life very close to my own, with much talent and sense & sympathy and power of expression lost for want of a good husband. But we shall miss her very much. Telegraphed to put off my appointment at Sheffield with Wilson M.P., and Ellis, M.P. on Opium.

9 April 1894, Mon: At my letters, and then to Darlington, met Arthur at Middlesbro', very glad to have him back again, he says he has been very well and lost a stone with the heat. It seems they have reported against Opium in Burma and against smoking very [sic *every*) where - if this is put in strongly enough it will answer our purpose as where is the China trade then. With Samuel Hare on funeral arrangements, and then with Arthur going through my analysis of all our accounts. We do want 2 years of good times or a good sale of our effects ! To the Burial ground; Jane's grave leaves one space between it and my Darling wife's - Albert desired it to be reserved. Then to Southend, saw the very neat and handsome coffin - 66 years nearly we have known each other and now one in heaven and one on earth who tries to look up. Saw Black about decorating the grave and then to Woodside. They all seem cheerful - but the a/cs of Harold are, I fear, very unsatisfactory. Home walk with the girls to Keepers, kennels &c.

10 April 1894, Tues: Another most lovely morning; at my letters; looked at the 8 hours miners question. Then a walk towards the village with Lottie and Claudia, then up the Middle Gill, looked at the wood thinnings and chatted with the men; with Lottie to Woodside, lunch, W*illiam* Fowler there and then to Southend. My dear sister Jane's funeral, a very nice gathering of relations – but my generation begins to be sadly lacking Arthur & I, Emma & Rachel, all of 12 children and 2 parents once at Southend; we left the house on foot at 3.15 and after some nice words from Stansfield Wilson, Samuel Hare and especially from Arthur on Jane's saying when very ill that her Trust was in the Resurction &c. Back to Southend, tea, a very nice gathering and home by the 5.08 train.Self, Lottie, Maud, Albert, Arthur, Mary, 3 sons, 4 daughters, William Fowler, Katherine, Wilson, Harold, Katie. Arthur Francis's wife, J.A.P's wife, Lloyd, Aunt Henry, Reg and Frank, Elizabeth Fell and Walter, Edmund & Charles Backhouse, and SirTheo and Lady Fry, Miss Lury, Jane and Emma's companion Joseph Fryer and the Edward Mounseys.

(The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.- unpublished)

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

8-Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease 1st Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{2,3,10,19,23,32,44,63,76,109,111,121,122,126,159,169,170,174,180,214,229,235,236,237} was born on 23 Jun 1828 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 23 Jun 1903 in Kerris Vean, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 75, and was buried in 1903 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Created 1st Baronet of Hutton Lowcross and Pinchinthorpe in the County of York. 1882

Pease, Sir Joseph Whitwell, first baronet (1828–1903), industrialist and banker, born at Darlington on 23 June 1828, was the elder son of Joseph Pease (1799–1872), railway company promoter and industrialist [see under Pease, Edward], and his wife, Emma (d. 1860), daughter of Joseph Gurney of Norwich. Edward Pease was his grandfather. In January 1839 he went to the Friends' school, York, under John Ford. Entering the Pease banking partnership at Darlington in 1845, he became largely engaged in the projection of railway enterprise and in the management of the woollen mills, collieries, and iron trade with which the firm was associated. He was soon either director or chairman of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate Ltd, Robert Stephenson & Co. Ltd, Pease & Partners Ltd, and J. and J. W. Pease, bankers. In 1894 he was elected chairman of the North Eastern Railway, after serving as deputy chairman for many years. He also farmed extensively, having purchased a 3000 acre estate at Hutton Lowcross in the North Riding of Yorkshire in 1867. He read a paper, entitled 'The meat supply of Great Britain', at the South Durham and North Yorkshire chamber of agriculture, on 26 January 1878.

He married in 1854 Mary, daughter of Alfred Fox of Falmouth. She died on 3 August 1892. They had two sons and six daughters. The elder son, Sir Alfred Edward Pease, second baronet, MP for York (1885–92), and for the Cleveland division of Yorkshire (1897–1902), was resident magistrate in the Transvaal in 1903. The second son was Joseph Albert Pease, Lord Gainford, the Liberal cabinet minister.

In 1865 Pease was returned as Liberal MP for South Durham, which he represented for twenty years. After the Redistribution Act of 1885 he sat for the Barnard Castle division of Durham county, until his death. He strongly supported Gladstone on all questions, including Irish home rule, and rendered useful service to the House of Commons in matters of trade, particularly in regard to the coal and iron industries of the north of England. He was president of the Peace Society and of the Society for the Suppression of the Opium Traffic, and a champion of both interests in parliament. On 22 June 1881 he moved the second reading of a bill to abolish capital punishment, and his speech was separately printed. In 1882 Gladstone created him a baronet (18 May). No Quaker had previously accepted such a distinction, although Sir John Rodes (1693–1743) inherited one. In 1886 Pease unsuccessfully attempted to persuade Gladstone to defer his first government of Ireland act. During the course of 1902 the family banking partnership, J. and J. W. Pease, became insolvent, the product in large measure of a court settlement against Pease in the matter of the administration of the estate of his niece (the countess of Portsmouth), for which he had acted as trustee for many years. Drained of capital, and dependent on secured and unsecured loans to meet the dividend payments of leading industrial concerns, including the Consett Iron Company, Pease & Partners Ltd, and the North Eastern Railway, the bank was absorbed by Barclay & Co. on disadvantageous terms. Although Pease and his sons were saved from bankruptcy proceedings by the receipt of generous financial support from business associates both in London and in the north-east of England, the settlement with Barclay & Co. entailed the forfeiture of the bulk of their estates. Pease died at Kerris Vean, his Falmouth home, of heart failure, on 23 June 1903, his seventy-fifth birthday, and was buried at Darlington.

Charlotte Fell-Smith, rev. M. W. Kirby

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL Bt. (1882).
- He was a Quaker.
- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later to become Bootham School) in Jan 1839-Dec 1840 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Ironmaster & Industrialist.
- He worked as a Partner in J. & J.W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Chairman. Stockton & Darlington Railway.
- He worked as a Chairman. The North Eastern Railway.
- He worked as a Director of Robert Stephenson & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate Ltd.
- He worked as an Executive committee member of The Mining Association of Great Britain.
- He worked as a President of The Peace Society.
- He worked as a Tees Conservancy Commissioner 21 Jun 1862 to 1 Feb 1903.
- He worked as a MP for South Durham 1865 To 1885.

- He worked as a MP for Barnard Castle 1885 To 1903.
- He had a residence 1866 To 1868 in 33 Prince's Gardens, London.
- He had a residence 1868 To 1870 in 18 Prince's Gardens, London.
- He had a residence from 1870 in 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, London.
- He worked as a President of The British & Foreign School Society 1877 To 1883.
- He worked as a President of The Foxes football club in 1881.
- He worked as a President of the Society for the Suppression of the Opium Trade.
- He resided at Hutton Hall in Guisborough, Yorkshire.

Joseph married Mary Fox,^{2,10,32,44,63,109,122,123,126,214} daughter of Alfred Fox^{2,10,13,41,44,88,109,111,113,161,164,211,222,223,224} and Sarah

Lloyd,^{2,10,41,44,88,109,113,164,211,222,223,224} on 23 Aug 1854 in FMH Falmouth. Mary was born on 11 Aug 1835 in Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 3 Aug 1892 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 56, and was buried on 6 Aug 1892 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had eight children: Emma Josephine "Effie," Alfred Edward, Sarah Charlotte, Joseph Albert, Maud Mary, Helen Blanche, Lucy Ethel, and Agnes Claudia Fox.

General Notes: Known as Minnie Fox

Noted events in her life were:

• She was Quaker.

9-Emma Josephine "Effie" Pease^{33,126,214,238} was born on 25 May 1855 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 23 Jun 1888 in Folkestone, Kent at age 33, and was buried on 27 Jun 1888 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: **7 Feb 1880, Tues:** Letters, riding &c - had a long interview with Mr Hamlyn who asks for Effie, he seems to have an allowance of £300 a year, expectancy of £4,000 under his grandmother's will, and £3,000 from his father's Estates strictly entailed. I hear his 2 brothers are *mauvais* subjects. Saw Sir Stafford Northcote who tells me that his father, Mr Hamlyn is a highly respected Devonshire Squire taking a leading part in Devonshire matters; the man you like to have near you at Quarter Sessions and at elections, was Whig is Tory. *The (unpublihed) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Emma married Vincent Waldo Calmady-Hamlyn,^{122,126,214,238} son of Shilston Calmady-Hamlyn and Sarah Carter, on 17 Nov 1880 in St. Nicholas Church, Guisborough, Yorkshire. Vincent was born on 6 Aug 1854 and died on 2 Sep 1897 in Bridestowe, Devon at age 43. They had one daughter: Mary Sylvia.

Marriage Notes: **17 Nov 1880, Wed:** A much finer morning but the day was dull and cold. Our Darlington visitors came down by special train to Guisboro' Church, their carriages by the train before them. All arrangements seemed to work out well, the Church was crowded, the Bridesmaids the Bride's 5 sisters, Lucy Marwood, Minnie Fowler, 2 Miss Hamlyns and Ella Pease. We sat down 68 to the breakast, Robert N. Fowler proposing the happy pair, they left at 3.20 for Pinchinthorpe & York amidst old shoes & rice; we had a lot of people at the At Home, Minnie upstairs!, and sat down to dinner, 34 - we broke up about 11, a long interesting day 34-40 at the At Home. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt*.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Married by the Rev. Dr. Mandell Creighton, 17 Nov 1880.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Barrister, Lincolns Inn.

10-Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn^{214,238} was born on 9 Aug 1881 in Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 10 Jun 1962 in Pearoc Vean, Buckfast, Devon at age 80, and was buried in Buckfast Abbey, Devon.

General Notes: "I'm sure I mentioned before, that for 5 or 6 years before her death in 1962, I had a racing correspondence with Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn -I have all her letters. She told me much about the Hutton and London homes she remembered from her childhood, - and I kept asking for more and more anecdotes - and from her account, the style of living reads as somewhat extravagant - especially when viewed from today's standpoint of simple meals - poached eggs, shepherds pie or sausage and mash. Nevertheless, I had also to allow that her judgement was tinted by the fact that she had no great love for her grandfather - a jaundiced view (explained to me by Lavender Medlicott) because Joseph Whitwell Pease never took any notice of her - she loved Hutton, Pinchinthorpe and all Cleveland but disliked the regime - a born rebel. In one letter she said:

"There are few however who had the freedom of the world's champion fruit in endless - and free to us - variety, and I shall never forget it - MacIndoe was a great man -recognised as such & himself took the great collection of fruit to Chicago to win the World Championship Medal. How he did it by rail & sea leaves one wondering - but he did. " In another excerpt writing of Hutton she said:

"The waste of money that there must have been in the running of that kind of establishment - hardly bears thinking about. MacIndoe was the one really efficient person on the estate - & he had world wide appreciation & was held one of the six best gardeners in Britain. Harry Veitch of Exeter told me that after I returned to Devon, himself one of the six - himself for shrubs & plants - MacIndoe of course supreme in fruit of all kinds but grapes, specialist. His only daughter ran away with the foreman gardener & wrecked MacIndoe 's happiness. His wife was blind. " In yet another letter:

"The last few years I often ordered the meals" (at Hutton) "they had to be exactly to pattern - e.g. nothing on the table that our grandfather didn"t like even if he never ate it & other people would have! Very typical - Sunday evenings - <u>always</u> the same - dinner with waiting - Clear Soup (must on no account be anything floating in it such as shredded carrot or pasta shapes &c) Shoulder of Mutton 'Rice pudding & Apple Tart (Summer) or Mince Pies (Winter) & glorious desert - Figs - Melons - Apricots -Peaches ~ Nectarines - Pluns - Peaers - Apples - Pineapples & the world famous Grapes (I have never met their equal) in probably 4 varieties - only water ever or Barley Water - Lunch - whether for 3 or 30 the same idea - Roast - 3 vegs - made up dish - Pudding - Stewed Fruit and some sweet - Sideboard <u>cold</u> Pheasant, Game Pie -Tongue or Brawn & a vast York Ham - never to be touched by anyone except Buller and Grandpapa - Except for shooting parties, I don'/ think anything on the sideboard was ever touched so the Room and the Servant's Hall must have done well. It was equally there at breakfast, & sometimes Ham was eaten ~ other hot dishes - Porridge always - Bacon & Eggs - Fish in some form - Kidneys - Mushrooms - Scrambled Eggs & other forms of egg - Sausages (imported from Cornwall) - probably two dishes if we were alone - parties, half-a-dozen hot, and boiled eggs - often -wanted - was my job to boil in an egg boiler on another sideboard': Tea - plain lea cakes - bread & butter - lain cakes - simal cakes - small cakes - vero distince and very, good & milk, a tin of biscuits & a' veilleuse' containing Soup added if considered necessary, so there was little risk of starvation before more buns - bread & butter & tea when called in the morning - I wonder what amount the staff got through too? Oh! More buns & milk at 12 o 'clock after a huge breakfast and an ample lunch at 1 to come. I often smile over it as I sit at my kitchen table for a cup of tea & 3 wheatmeal biscuits so save time and trouble ... and I do miss

Because her home at Bridestowe was destroyed by fire in the late 40's I think, all her personal records were destroyed by fire. She had then to rely entirely on memory in regurgitating her early history which, at odd times, she did get things a bit muddled, but don't we all when relying entirely on memory. At the time of her death, she was about half way through writing her autobiography which had been urged upon her by some publisher she knew. What became of her part finished M/S is something of which I have no knowledge. Her Calmady-Hamlyn relations seemed not disposed to entering into correspondence on any matters after her death - she had little time (so she told me) for her Calmady-Hamlyn relations anyway." *Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.*

The elusive letters trascribed Yahoo/Archive

J PEASE <gurneypease@btinternet.com> To:CHARLES E. G. PEASE Thu 7 May at 10:35

LETTERS FROM SYLVIA

Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn, MBE, JP.

Born 9th August, 1891at Hutton Hall, Guisborough, NR of Yorkshire

Died 10th June, 1962 at Pearoc Vean, Buckfast, Devon

Sylvia was one of my first cousins, a relation with whom I had a rather special relationship - gained almost entirely through our common love of letter writing.

For about six years between 1956-62, we fell into a compulsive racing correspondence, at times exchanging letters at the pace of two per week. She gave me some delightfully descriptive, often inaccurate and often most cynical accounts of life at Hutton, 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, 44 Grosvenor Gardens and the houses of the London rich and famous in the days of her minority. Through our correspondence, I afforded her the opportunity to trawl and dredge through her memories of the past, in which she revelled, and it seemed, there was none other than me as the most willing recipient of her regurgitated past, and she could never satisfy my craving for more - and more. Her letters, written in an upright stylish and flamboyant hand,

An illustration of one of Sylvia's letters

the size of her capitals exaggerated, and of the small letters, the upper part of the horizontal stroke of her r's was carried with a flourish across the top of the word she was writing which gave an addional pleasing quality to the appearance and substance of her letters.

For me, her letters had a drug-like quality for their humour, cynicism and turn of phrase, all of which conveyed great depth of colour to what she was writing, and with the only photograph of her I had ever seen (p. 123 the Wilson Pedigree book), that of her as a child with her mother (my Aunt Effie), I could vividly imagine this young girl scampering about in and about the homes and countryside so familiar to me, during the time (but much later) of my own childhood upbringing.

Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn with her mother

Sylvia, with a straight shortish thatch of hair, and a rather nice well proportioned boyish face, conjured up in my mind a picture of someone who, if the excellence of her letters was anything to go by, might possibly have carried her pleasing looks through to old age. But that was not really so.

On the one occasion I met her, I found her to be short, rotund, a rather battered fiercesome creature, so that I had to revise somewhat the image of the Sylvia I had carried in my mind. She was though, a superb combination, like the very best of matured wine laid down years before, poured out from an old musty rot-labelled bottle.

The story that lay between the most pleasing looking girl of the photograph and the woman of old age who wrote with style and flourish was one of fascinating revelation to me. So I have kept all her letters, extracts from which are to be found in the following pages.

The Sylvia I eventually met but knew well through correspondence, was a very formidable no-nonsense woman. She invited me to call (for an afternoon) at Buckfast in the autumn of (I think) 1958 when I was at Torquay at the Liberal Party Conference. Buckfast people were terrified of her I was later told by one who lived there, but the Buckfast Abbey Monks loved her.

Travelling by bus via Newton Abbot I called. She was quite eccentric. The approach to her tiny half timbered bungalow, lead from the road by a very narrow weedy track bordered by long grass, which stood tall at about eighteen inches high on either side of the pathway. Greeting me at the door, she announced that she had ordered me a taxi for a set time, to take me back to Newton Abbot at the conclusion of our meeting.

Her sitting room I found to be carpetless, just rough bare boards with a black stained edging to a depth of perhaps a foot or so from the walls all around the perimeter of the room. The old worn and torn chintz covers on the furniture were all sprinkled white with dog hairs - which I didn't mind a bit - from her three or four all-jumping-about Maltese terriers with brown watery eyes and the smell of dogs everywhere. To stifle the smell of kennels I asked at once "Please might I smoke?" "Yes - do - I love it," but so far as I know she didn't herself smoke.

The sitting room walls from end to end, top to bottom, sprouted winning Dartmoor pony rosettes - prizes in different colours - reds, yellows and blues. I spent two hours with her under crossexamination - much as had I gone for a job interview, with "Are you more like your father or your mother?" kind of calibre of questioning. She was kindly, most interested in everything ("How fares the name of Pease in the north?") but brusque in manner with one question following immediately upon the heels of the last without pause, and almost before I'd got my answers out.

The complete absence of even simple comfort in her surroundings was unmistakable. She had no need to live as she did, she simply chose to.

The allotted span for my two hour 'interview' over, she let me out via her kitchen with its single small window which threw scant light upon the dim surroundings, and where the shelves (like old mother Hubbard's I noticed), were bare except for a single tin of sardines, pilchards or some such.

From this I judged, her cooking was limited. She appeared to have only an old black kerosene cooking stove of ancient vintage set upon a box which, having two funnels behind smoke-darkened perspex through which to view the flame, and judge the temperature for a pan above.

Though financially secure, in the 1940's or 50's she had been left a fortune of £90,000 by a friend with whom she had lived - and spent the lot building a chapel tacked on to Buckfast Abbey. She lies there now in the Abbey grounds - I think the only woman buried with the monks.

Her entire life as I judged it, was some kind of reaction, an expression of revolt against the extravagant display of her Hutton and London childhood days, where books on shelves were seen in countless rows, but in exaggeration she said, went unread, and mealtimes marked by menu choice in French which no one understood, and sideboards groaning with alternative fare for those with faddy taste impossible to satisfy.

So strange. More strange still that what she hated she also loved with equal passion. She really loved Hutton and Cleveland with a great intensity expressed to me so many times. But I think she had, in many ways, been a sad and most unhappy child. She told me her mother didn't like children, and in any case would rather have had a son than a daughter which seemed a rather bad beginning. Her father always called her 'Jimmy' when she was a child - perhaps that's why with her hair kept fairly short, it fits with the rather boyish look of the Sylvia of the photograph. But whatever, living at Hutton after losing both her parents young, her chief childhood companion appears to have been Christopher (my half-brother), at any rate where riding was concerned.

In her final years, she said she wanted to come north once more to recapture something from a distant past but which I knew had long since disappeared. I told her that to come north again would serve her no real purpose and would contaminate her memory, the clarity of which was untarnished by all the real changes that had taken place at, and all around Hutton - so I persuaded her against that. Maybe I was wrong - but she was not a person of weak will, and would have come if she hadn't really thought the same.

At some time in the late 1940's, Sylvia (with her yearning for Cleveland), proposed a scheme to my mother whereby my mother would look for a farm in Cleveland, and she and Sylvia would run it jointly; Sylvia breeding Dartmoor and Exmoor ponies while my mother bred Cleveland Bays. The scheme came to nothing and almost certainly would never have worked. They were both too much people of strong minds and the result would have been a disastrous clash of wills.

I remember with absolute clarity my writing to Sylvia in 1960, saying 'Do you realise, it is now 21 years since Father died?' - and now, as I cross the boundary into year 2000, it is almost 38 years since Sylvia died. The passage of time is relentless and gathers speed with age. I am already one year older than was Sylvia when she died.

As will be apparent from the extracts, Sylvia never liked her grandfather JWP. As to why, had always puzzled me. Though I could have, I never asked directly though I read between the lines, and she never volunteered any particular reason - except that after her grannie (JWP's wife, Minnie) died, a great light went out of her life and all Hutton conversation became dull, grandfather's friends were ditto e.g. Sir David Dale whom she disliked intensely, as did my father. She had no interest in business affairs and lived for her ponies and followed rural interests. She had for a long time been a governor of the Seale Hayne Agricultural College in Devon.

When in 1988 I saw my half-sister, Lavender Medlicott for the last time (then aged 99), I asked what was the real reason for Sylvia's dislike of our grandfather. Quick as a flash she replied "Well - because he never took any notice of her!!". As to why this was so, was another puzzle. Was it, I asked myself, because her father wanted her to be brought up not as a Quaker in a Quaker household, but as a church-goer in the established church? Whether in this there might have been cause and effect, I do not know. It might be that the young, boyish looking Sylvia was a mostly silent rebel, and that is why no notice was taken, or it might have been the other way round i.e. that because no notice was taken she became a quietly rebellious and cynical child. Another factor in this conundrum, was that she harboured a deep-seated resentment, claiming (to me) that her mother's death was in no mean measure attributable to the fact that her grandfather, with his wealth, had kept his eldest daughter (Effie) 'short' with a settlement income of £400 per year. I have no means of telling if this was so. To translate such a figure into today's (year 2000) terms, it should be multiplied by a factor of about 60 at very least. Thus £400 in the 1880's might equate with £24,000 equivalent today but possibly more.

Sylvia's attitude, whether justified or not, her developing jaundiced view of her grandfather and some of her aunts was greatly softened by her intense love for her surroundings, resulting in a forceful conflict and clash in her mind.

Sylvia's father (Vincent Waldo Calmady-Hamlyn) at the time her mother died, was a young London barrister trying to establish himself. His elder brother who had inherited the Calmady-Hamlyn estate in Devon, died young from drink, and Vincent Hamlyn inherited the estate but only after he became a widower.

Before her mother's death, Sylvia's London and Devonshire home upbringing was very frugal - so she said. Not for a moment do I believe that my grandfather (a dominating but still compassionate man), had he thought his eldest daughter was living in straitened circumstances, would have neglected to do anything about it. If Sylvia's mother Effie, had found it difficult or was too proud to speak to her father about such matters, she would have found it less difficult to have spoken to her mother who would have made matters right. But this further contrast in Sylvia's eyes, the wealth of the one and the (relative) penury of the other, added more colour to her young impressionable mind.

Edward (my half-brother) despite the consequences of revolt, and except for the usual 'other times, other manners' separating the generations, was very fond of his grandfather. My half-sister, Lavender thrived and flourished at Hutton when there, while Sylvia developed a love-hate relationship. Losing both parents while still a child, and knowing her mother didn't like children, but having one, would rather the child had been a boy, when Sylvia came to know of it must also have tainted her outlook.

With few exceptions Sylvia despised her Pease relations though kept up with my father and mother, and our cousin Joe - but I don't know about her aunts and Uncle Jack; she additionally had little time for the Calmady-Hamlyn line. She heaped scorn on the Quakers, chucked the C of E of her upbringing and became a Roman Catholic; conversion at Assisi she said, about which she would one day tell me, but with so much else to tell never quite got round to it before she died.

With a passionate hatred of wealth she became an active socialist for a time. Nevertheless, she moved in Devonshire county circles counting many aristocrats among her friends. Between the wars she was invited to stand as Labour Candidate for Tavistock, but didn't, though only because her Dr had said her heart could never stand more than six months in a House of Commons atmosphere. The following extracts I leave to speak for themselves, but in some passages, I have felt it necessary to insert my own comments which I print in italics.

Extracts from Sylvia's letters

29th Jan. 1957. ... There is much to be said for the large happy families of long ago, & nothing for being an only as was my fate ... I have been re-reading - with some care - Uncle Alfred's copy of 'Edward Pease's Diary' - which is in parts extremely interesting - & his struggle to balance the acquisition of wealth with the old spiritual values of the Friends creed - of plainness and unworldiness - he found it very bothering - & was very apprehensive of the future of the Society, if & when it became too immersed in worldliness as he saw it . And a great deal of what he foresaw has happened. The old Friends did manage to keep the balance of their decidedly difficult creed - if to be lived in ordinary worldly conditions - but thereafter, very many lost it.

The Plymouth Brethren are not an attractive body - very narrow and Calvinistic & now very scarce - In the First World War I was the appointed woman - for the section of Devon County Tribunal for military appeals that sat at Plymouth, & I made a special study of many of these odd creeds - claiming conscientious objections - chiefly to be able to protect genuine Friendss, since my eleven men conferring, took les than no interest in CO's & the Chairman - a very good old man by whom I sat, mostly left it to me as to whether a CO was genuine or not.

Qua creed, I decided, only Friends & Christadelphians were really ready to defend their anti-war beliefs at any cost, but there were some poor Friends also from time-to-time.

The Xtadelphians were few in number & complete cranks, but genuine. We sat 3 days a week from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. in the Guildhall - a case about every 20 minutes for about 2 years - & I learnt a great deal - about human reactions to fear & the starin & stress of married men - with comfortable salaries but no capital - who had to leave wives & families - towards the end.

I was offered every sort of bribe on Sundays at home - to try to get off some "indispensable" son or other such as a pair of cart horses - a blank cheque - a brace of pheasants weekly (in season presumably) for life!! And sometimes threats instead - That was the time of belief in "War to End War" ...

Undated: ... I expect you know the story Augustus Hare told, of our grandmother being asked to stay at Raby (Castle) in early days, so that "poor Mrs Pease might have a few days at a pretty place away from awful surroundings" - not in the least realising that Hutton was far more beautiful than Raby. Which, Augustus Hare realised very well. Incidentally, he wanted to marry my mother. I saw him in London when I was a girl - supposed to be a noted bore, so she was lucky ...

me at the time

When Father & I were staying at the Fortescues in North Devon (I aged 12 & very shy) & I said "Daddy please do go first down the staircase to dinner" - & he said "No my child, women go in first in front of men, not behind them." Old Lord Fortescue of that time - 1893 was a typical rather alarming cultured nobleman of the old school - now non existent & I realised that the rest of the company were old & highly critical! But they were all very nice to me - & my alarm went.

3rd Oct. 1957 I am sure Dorothy Ward is older than I am - I am 76 - Janet was

I think my age - & married George Trevelyan about the same age.

(This was an aside comment made by Sylvia after I mentioned that Dorothy Ward who was G M Trevelyan's sister-in-law, had called on us at Dungeon Ghyll, Great Langdale. She (Dorothy Ward) remembered Hutton and JWP from her early days and staying at the Hall).

21,1,58. Thank you for an ever welcome letter - I think I got all I wanted out of the notes - & much remains a mystery, the cause of which is I think largely due to J.W.P.'s aloofness & concentration of everything in his own hands - more particularly at an age quiet unsuitable for such a strain - He was always having what were called "glimmers" & then entirely out of action. I imagine now it was what is called "blood pressure" today. (No, more in the nature of a sick headache from which JWP's father also suffered & who also used the term 'glimmer' to describe it).

And the kind of sanctity - he & his doings & his possessions - were wrapped in - all added to it, I suddenly remembered a. typical example - When I was 16 - mad keen on hunting & devoted to Willie Wharton - I was literally astounded when he said to me out of the blue "You are a good child - & have never got in my way - but have opened gates for me (he never jumped if he could help it!) or ridden over corn or done any of those things, & I am going to give you my Hunt Collar & buttons to come to my opening meet at Skelton in, but you must put up your hair & wear a topper!!" I was so excited -- that I very foolishly & ought to have known better - from bitter experience - told Aunt Maud when I got home - & she promptly shutted me flat as was her wont - & said -- "Oh! that's only because your grandfather has the biggest coverts - you didn't think it is any merit of yours but only to honour him."

Actually, the Hutton coverts were very popular. They were so vast - & full af foxes that rarely went away - I see there is a meet at Hutton this week - & feel very sentimental. It boiled down to the fact - that he never could do wrong - or make mistakes - until it was too late to remedy the many terrible mistakes in a position unknown to anyone but himself. I haven't the least idea why he wasn't made bankrupt - perhaps not worthwhile?

I was most interested in the facts about the purchase of Pinchinthorpe - I always loved the place dearly - and how often I saw those yearlings opposite the house when riding by - in winter generally in a bog of mud - galloping down to the gate - At one time I used to go over to Pinchinthorpe by train for lessons - & back by the 4 train. I can hardly imagine that line without trains.

I thought of another curious trait of J.W.P.'s. He rode every day he was at home. Generally at 12-1.00 for one hour & had to be accompanied. He was terribly nervous - &

our horses were so stuffed full of corn & under exercised that it was a nerve racking job to try to keep them quiet. - & not give him blue fits - He had two entirely reliable old cobs - until about 1896 - one was ridden by the groom against orders in London &

fell & broke his knees & was discarded - & the other was left out at grass in the South Park with horned cattle & gored to death, Both perfectly unnecessary & just careless. After that he never got anything quiet - nor did we - for with only me to ride them (Aunt Maud detested riding & was also highly nervous) there were about six riding horses all short of exercise except 'Cynthus' given me by Uncle Alfred which I always rode for choice. Very expensive horses were supplied by Ward & whatever they might be J.W.P. always said "Will it carry me? I can't buy it otherwise" - knowing full well that nothing would have made him try. Quite rightly. I vividly remember the last couple - bought about 1899 - @ £250 apiece, I was told to come out into the cricket field & ride them - both were about 16 hands - one was spared from racing & had no mouth - at all - & as it was bought, it was the only one of two horses that nearly ended over the "Khyber Pass" & once in the Row near the Cavalry Barracks (On the once rough but passable road from Hutton to Kildale, there is a particular short, 'narrow' stretch on Kildale Moor, which we always referred to as the 'Khyber Pass'). It (the horse) was a beast. The grooms I think, always led it - they certininly couldn't have ridden it. The other was a lovely ride - but I knew something was wrong - (It was probably doped for the occasion) it too was bought, but Uncle Alfred hearing of it - came over furious & said no-one must ride it - it was an incurable rearer & he had seen it with Ward rearing for a mile, at a time on the Pinchinthorpe road - of course he wasn't listened to, but when it threw itself over backwards if asked to go anyway it didn't like, was eventually returned to Ward & became a show jumper ! Both bought under the label of suitability for J.W.P. The next effort of Harry Long - Coachman & a great friend of mine, but entirely incompetent as a buyer of horses - & just a pawn for dealers - was a green roan cob from Walton - (a) dealer (from) Guisborough that distinguished it

knowledge & never consulted in any way - & just the same we may conclude in matters of finance - or indeed in any of his projects all kept rigorously to himself. The waste of money that there must have been in the running of that kind of establishment - hardly bears thinking about. MacIndoe was the one really efficient person on the Estate - he had world wide appreciation & was held one of the six best gardeners in Britain. Harry Veitch of Exeter told me that, after I returned to Devon, himself one of the six, - himself for shrubs & plants - MacIndoe of course supreme in fruit of all kinds but grapes, specialist. His only daughter ran away with the foreman gardener & wrecked Macindoe's happiness. His wife was blind.

lst Jan. 1956 ... & Petch the M.F.H. who said to our grandfather when he put up Uncle Alfred (as candidate) for Cleveland unknown to him (AEP was away in Somaliland and knew nothing of his selection for Cleveland) "Me not vote for Alfred? Whatever sort of fool do you think I am? - coolers isn't in it - 'tis the finest horseman I'Cleveland" - and well I remember the declaration of the poll - at over 5,000. I don't think it is possible

for you to realise the immense, comfortable & well organised luxury we lived in - very

conventionally & stodgily - but very fine in its way. Christopher & I who were rebels used to escape & "chuck this beastly being rich" & travel 3rd (class) (Anathema) to explore Whitby & Middlesbrough (which appalled us), or go miles on bicycles to remote places and try & puzzle out the perplexities of life - there are few however who had the freedom of the world's champion fruit in endless - and free to us - variety and I shall never forget it - MacIndoe was a great man - recognised as such & himself took the great collection of fruit to Chicago to win the World Championship Gold Medal. How he did it by rail & sea leaves one wondering - but he did. I shall never forget the look of Middlesbrough platform as we ran through in a "Special" (train) - late of night - every day during the Barnard Castle elections - it haunted me. The last time Christopher & I came down from Barnard Castle in the tail Observation car, with us was our Grandfather's Agent, Arthur Henderson, professed Liberal - and we both mistrusted him - directly our grandfather died, he went in for Labour & hak kept the seat warm for that. In London my pals were all young Liberals & we thought we were going to reform the world & make a great thing of it - Charles & George Trevelyan for instance & the Hugh Bells & many others. After the first World War I was asked to stand for Tavistock for Labour - the very Liberal west having collapsed entirely - & I would have - only I had smashed up after 5 years super strenuous War jobs - the Doctor gave me six months to live as the maximum in the H of C atmosphere, Then I spoke & worked for Labour & didn't like their outlook. Tried to like voting Tory & hated it & myself, & won't again ... Pinchinthorpe always had a wonderful atmosphere - totally different from that of conventional self satisfied Hutton - & it was always an ideal to me - & to very many others. Really interesting people stayed there - & Hutton in my day was stagnant as to pople. When the smash came - straight out of the blue - & I had no home just

old days the place itself & the woods & moors were quite lovely & entirely remote from the glare of Middlesbrough which showed beyond Eston at night, It was the quickest transformation possible from the squalor of Middlesbrough to the quiet peace of Hutton Gate - if rather haunting.

21st Feb. 1957 ... I used to ride in the Row with Derick Amory and went to dancing classes at their huge house in Belgrave Square ... I so well remember the day when I met Uncle Alfred looking very worried saying he had just been offered the dream of his life by Lord Roseberry - The Ministry of Agriculture (No, Sylvia's mistaken. The offer was as Roseberry's Private Secretary) & he could only refuse as he had to take Aunt Nellie to a dry climate. I long wished he hadn't had to refuse it for he would have been

excellent. Then I suddenly became a top class Civil Servant in the first World War with the terrible title of "Travelling Inspector of the B of A Food ProductionDept"! Chiefly to organise a then non existent department. I worked under 3 different Presidents - Lord Olivier, Lord Selbourne & far the best Lord Ernle(?) writer of fascinating books on agriculture. I was offered the Directorship - to work in London but I felt it wasn't my line & that I should be more useful out about in the country - I had every official privilege - including bundles of official telegraph forms - & told not to tire myself writing letters except through my secretaries in each County - do everything by telegram. Rather comic & very bad for anyone who took, himself seriously - I didn't ! Now if it would be any interest to you, I shall be delighted - if you will ask me any & every question you like - about the Hutton smash - and previously to that the Portsmouth case - so far as I know it, because I was at Hutton all through it - and heard all sorts of points of view - The whole thing was very extraordinary and briefly my opinion is that our grandfather was a very misguided - ill old man - & not the villain some thought.

The quite unpardonable things he did - were - I think mistakes of stupidity & super- belief in himself & the rectitude of his judgement, I knew him very well - & frankly never liked him although we got on all right. He had an odd craze. That someone must always travel with him - and for the last three years when Aunt Maud & I were the only two left, one had always to be in attendance - And no notice was given - just told at breakfast that one had to accompany to - for instance - London, Glasgow or Timbuctoo. He once congratulated me on a journey to Glasgow - & I had no idea what about - On not speaking once 'En route' - which was what he liked. He had a valet, & I found we were in a suite of rooms in the Station Hotel - apart from all - & he was going to a two day "Peace at any price" Meeting - & I had to amuse myself as best I could - that was typical.

If he said at breakfast he wished to ride for an hour - I couldn't hunt - whether I had intended to or not! I don't think it ever occurred to him that he could do or be wrong - Years before, when his wife was alive - and fascinating she was - I think she could keep him in order & was the leader - I knew the Portsmouth's point of view well - also because my people (Effie & Vincent C-H) had always been friends, and Father asked me never to desert Beatrice in her unhappy marriage. Portsmouth was an absolutely odious character - eaten up with conceit & horribly spoilt as a boy - in spite of having 11 brothers & sisters. The next brother, Jock Wallop was a perfect dear - & we were firm friends.

Portsmouth & Beatrice swam in money - & the only gifts I got were a pocket knife regularly each Xmas!! The fact they had no children was a great tragedy for her, & made her life nearly unbearable with him. They brought the present Portsmouth (Gerard, 9th Earl, b. 16 May, 1898, d. September, 1984) over to lunch with me - as a very small boy - the week he had arrived in England (from the USA.) to be brought up as the heir. A terribly shy & unhappy small boy in painfully new - English clothes. I have never seen him since - but I believe he is quite nice (yes - very). I do not think he has the slightest right in equity - apart from the findings of the law - to the Pease money. So when you have time & care to ask questions categorically - I will answer them as accurately as I can, & my memory is still very fresh of those far off days.

3rd Mar. 1957. I have made the best job I can of my memory of those unhappy far away days when everything crashed in a moment - but I may not be accurate in my dates about the case - only about the crash date because Aug 9th, 1902 was my 21st birthday, and it was then - You know, no doubt about all that happened thereafter to Uncle Alfred & family so I have left that out - How Uncle Jack remained a rich man (but he did) is unfathomable - The crazy expenditure on Nunthorpe Hall was going on right up to the crash - & I rode there one day with Grandpapa & he was visibly overwhelmed & horrified at the cost, but seemed powerless - in Aunt Elsie's hands but it was always like that. They paid her bills - & paid them.

SYLVIA'S ACCOUNT OF THE SMASH.

(Though very imaginative and entertaining, the following account so far as the way in which the smash came about is concerned, it is wholly and wildly inaccurate).

This what I know of it or could deduce from various sources, I was never told anything at Hutton.

Beatrice Pease was an only child & as an orphan at 16 & was taken to live et Hutton. She was not happy there & took the first chance to get away - also of course flattered by Lymington wanting to marry her & quite unaware of his search for an heiress. She was always stupid but very nice with a pleasant voice & adapted herself to her different life very well indeed. Lymington was at Balliol with my Father - & I think at the Creightons for reading - where he met your father & Uncle Jack & so got to Hutton. He first of all made love to Aunt Blanche, & Uncle Jack - always the cynic - told him "You're onto the wrong one, that isn't the heiress" & he switched over at once & eventually they were married with great ecl«t & entire approbation of Lord & Lady

Portsmouth. His Mother always viewed him as the comming Prime Minister. Others didn't! He had brains - but conceit beyond description. They had no children, & that made him increasingly impossible & latterly I knew Beatrice had a bad tinme & was terrified of him - In about 1899 things were reputedly rocky in the North - actually Beatrices father had left his affairs in an awful muddle and our grandfather straightened them out, & caused Beatrice to be made an heiress (his own daughters had meagre marriage portions) - my mother £200 a year - your father £10,000 (this is wildly inaccurate), & Portsmouth (as he had become) got wind of this & insisted that Beatrices share should be allocated & taken out. (No. This is nonsense. Portsmouth wanted Beatrice's fortune out of the collieries especially because he didn't like the nature of such a fluctuating investment - which in itself was a perfectly reasonable point of view to take - but it couldn't be done) - I was told that was about ¹/₄ million & no trouble was made over that (but there was!). The shares were so valued & I believe, the sum about to be paid over (was paid over) - then our Grandfather without consulting his sons in any way (wrong) - went to London & launched a prospective company with his shares. (In point of fact, it was my father who urged his father to work at a scheme to buy out Beatrice) leaving out Beatrice's share as then valued to be paid over. It was an unexpected success & the share value proved far higher than the value of Beatrice - that had been offered & agreed. Portsmouth, and a great many other people I am sorry to say, found this sharp practise & started a case for more money for Beatrice's share. Had our Grandfather had the sense to wait until the Settlement had been completed - nothing could have been done, but in his invincible belief in himself (& he was an old tired man) he committed this act of supreme stupidity - or as most of the world viewed it, crooked cunning. I had heard from Aunt Claudia about two years before that things were very rocky - a revelation to me - aged 19 - We were riding past Wards (High Farm) Pinchinthorpe at the time - Dates are difficult to remember - but then came the "Portsmouth Case" & Grandpapa proved a shocking bad client in the case & refused to defend himself on the grounds that he wouldn't speak against his brother's child. I can only suppose the verdict came later because in 1902 he & Aunt Maud went to shoot in Scotland as usual, leaving me at Hutton knowing absolutely nothing of what was likely to happen. They had hardly got there (Scotland) when I got a telegram "Coming home meet us at the station - do not speak" I met the train - plus gamekeepers dogs etc all returned & we walked in silence to the house - not in itself unusual but I realised something was up - my grandfather disappeared to his study - & Aunt Maud said "We are ruined - everything gone." I gasped & said "What do you mean?" "You'll find out quick enough - We have no money & no cheques on the Bank are valid & nothing here is ours." Apparently, when the added amount ordered to be paid over to Beatrice after the case, it couldn't be realised. (No. This is fiction). nor of course could the new proposed Company be floated (It had already been floated in 1898 i.e. 4 years earlier). But so far as I could understand, a big Bank in Londonhad promised backing - I can't remember which (Barclays) - & they went to Scotland quite happy and confident - then almost immediately they refused to carry out the backing - and the complete crash had come & all assets were taken over Barclays. The evening they came back, I telephoned Christopher to come and have a ride. We rode saying nothing until we got to the low hung gate on the road to the moor - always bad to open (I think this would be the iron gate near the village reservoir) & Kit said "What damned bad gates Barclays keep" - a very unusual explosion for him, & then we talked, & he told me "Father says it means just everything." Uncle Alfred took it very hard, & they had to live on bread & b utter & no cake & the horses were immediately entered for York & every possible discomfort was the order of the day there - At Hutton I was told "credit had to be kept up for a time" & we lived 6 miserable weeks minus any cash -- and pretended all was well. Of course all the staff knew what was up & Oliver, the really ideal butler told me he could no longer bicycle into Gisbro' for his daily glass of beer - his one relaxation - because of all they were saying against his master. Not even a glass of beer was allowed at Hutton! He was the soul of devoted loyalty & went to Falmouth with them as boot-boy so to speak. The Arthur Pease's (Herbert Pike P., Arthur Francis Claud & Co.) told me I ought to leave in protest & I snubbed them & said I didn't leave a sinking ship so long as I was useful. What was I going to do I hadn't the slightest idea & the position was horrible &, incidentally, I loved Hutton with all my heart - My 21st birthday was on the 9th August & I was asked to sign a paper foregoing my Mother's money of (the) Darlington Bank

Scanned copy of entry in list of credit balances at J & J W Pease & Co Bank as at 22nd August, 1902

(Exors Vincent Waldo C-Hamlyn £316. 0s. 2d and [with a 'X' placed against it, signifying 'postponed'] Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn £1,152.10. 6d)

This of course I did to the subsequent fury of my remaining Trustee in Devon who found it illegal as it was in Trust until I was 25, & wished to prosecute. This, thank goodness I stopped him doing. Our grandfather had to go to London for some legal business & we just managed to collect £5 & after that borrowed from Oliver - still living this to me horrible & idiotic pretence of business as usual, & it must have wasted a lot of money - The Arthur Pease's were ghastly bitter, but poor Aunt Arthur made it her business to pay off all small amounts at the Bank she could, & I eventually, 2 years later was sent £30 - with which I bought my first ponies - all I had to spend. Several years ago (but recently), I met man who was on the N.E.R. Board at that time & said they had been very lenient to Grandpapa & had let him off a debt of £10,000 due to the Board - partly out of pity - & partly for services rendered - but not impressed. I was very surprised to learn from my Devon Trustee in that stormy interview that £900 a year had been paid by him for my keep at Hutton - a largish sum for a girl in those days since my father's death (in his Will) & it was generally held I was there in kindness - or as the servants said, I heard later "on charity" because they worked you so hard - they did - but I liked & always like work - but I should have liked to have known the position those six years - But altogether it is strange story, Long before this, my father made me promise always to keep up with Beatrice because she had a rotten life with Portsmouth & he had befriended her. So I stayed with them now & then - and realised what she had to get on with - I tackled her about the smash - and blamed her - & she said "Portsmouth made me," & I knew then she hadn't the character to stand against him. He liked me - we got on well but I did not like him & spoke quite plainly, which he didn't mind. Whatever she did wrong, Beatrice paid a terrible price & had no compensation - of course the world thought Portsmouth was perfectly right to expose the attempt to defraud his wife as they viewed it. As you will have gathered I did not like our grandfather but I have always believed it was an old man's conceited stupidity that carried him away and not fraudulent intention. Uncle Jack went abroad - to Brazil (No. Mexico) & returned a very rich man - of that I can give you no explanation - just fact. Presumably he lost everything as Uncle Alfred did - so how explain? (Mexico had nothing to do with Uncle Jack's financial subsequent standing. He, just the same as my father, had lost all his directorships, and went to Mexico to investigate mineral workings at the invitation of Pease & Partners. Uncle Jack's financial recovery came through Aunt Elsie's [Havelock-Allan] fortune and nothing else - there was no mystery about that).

Grandpapa & Aunt Maud went to live at Falmouth in a charming little house that belonged to my grandmother, left to Aunt Maud with some money on which they lived until he died. (Not strictly true, though possibly it did once. It had been given to Aunt Maud at a time after Minnie's death in 1892). They had a rough trip there - as the Fox relations who never got on with them were very aloof & disapproving (that I think is nonsense. JWP, even after Minnie's death visited and was visited by her Fox relations). Aunt Ethel very monied through the Brewery (Truman, Hanbury,

Buxton & Co.) thought to make it pleasant for him by buying or leasing - I don't know which - the Steam Yacht 'Roseberry' - on which he had spent so many happy days. But public feeling was outraged - while so many were ruined by the Bank smash - and it had to be quickly given up, & he then lived on quietly - for a short while - & died - mostly I think of a broken heart completely baffled. (JWP's diaries reveal nothing about this supposed yacht drama. JWP had been living mostly at Gerald and Ethel Buxton's at Birch Hall, Theydon Bois until going to Falmouth on 8th April, 1903, where he found Kerris Vean "as sweet as ever". Sylvia C-H, who had been on holiday in Normandy, went to Kerris Vean briefly on 28th April. A month later [22nd May] JWP went back to Birch Hall and returned to Falmouth on 30th May and died there three weeks later.

You must understand he had always been taken as a Prophet in Israel & it was all beyond him - I was living in Devon then - but went up to his funeral at Darlington & was lodged out in some dreary house & it was most melancholy-except actually at the funeral. 'Eton Joe' (Joseph Pease, later 2nd Baron Gainford) was my companion & was at his naughtiest & got convulsions of suppressed giggles quite understandably - An old Mrs Mounsey preached for ages - & it was too much for both of us - I don't remember anything else about it except its extreme dreariness - and the joy of getting back to my tiny bit of remote Devon with grass & flowers & simplicity - certainly devoid of every particle of Hutton luxury.

When I was taken by our Grandmother to live there (24, Kensington Palace Gardens) & at Hutton at the age of six at my Mother's death, it was all most magnificent & a place that has always stood in London for, so to speak a Jews Riches - and here I will interlude something personal, My mother elected to marry a moneyless man - third son of a country squire - & refused some Peer or other - who they wanted her to marry & several other "eligible" men - Hence the miserable £200 a year for a woman who had lived in extreme luxury & affluence, & when she discovered what poverty meant she was too proud to take anything from them - still less ask for it. Father was starting at the Bar, & successfully, but there was little money to be earned at the start - & he worked seven days a week to keep their tiny house on Camden Hill going - & I found a pathetic letter from my mother saying "We find it difficult to get enough milk for Sylvia". She became very ill & died & too late called in every specialist & was told "Your daughter has died of neglect & you could have saved her ". Father didn't know what to do with me & our grandmother asked him to let her have me for her own until I was old enough to be of use to him. She then told our grandfather that she was to have whatever she wanted for me - and proceeded to lavish everything imaginable on me "Grannies most precious treasure" & "Joseph, remember thy promise" if he demurred at all about anything! And thus it went - until she died when I was 11 - My father went abroad - unexpectedly inherited his father's places & when in London shared charming rooms with Lord Milner - & I very rarely saw him. I remember being told that things weren't quite so rosy - & there were then 3 footmen instead of 4. But nothing else seemed indicated. Palace Gardens house was sold as too far from the House & a probably more expensive & an extremely inconvenient house rented in Grosvenor Gardens entered on. Why it amused him to make Beatrice an heiress I don't know - but he professed great affection for her father. (There was nothing amusing about it. JWP was only carrying out to the very best of his ability, the conditions of his brother Edward's Will, and to bring Edward's affairs round from a probable state of insolvency into one of order and value). The £10,000 was a yearly allowance to your father (It was £1,000 p.a. not £10,000) - not a capital sum - Indeed he could never have done all he did on any less sum, & I think Pinchinthorpe was Aunt Nellies and more money also (No - this is nonsense - Had Pinchinthorpe been Nellie's it could not have been touched in the crash - and when that came, Nellie had near nothing except £200 to throw in with other borrowings from Elfreda Fowler & Aunt Maud) I should imagine that when the Portsmouth case came on there might have been 1/2 million - 1/4 million allocated to Beatrice before the case & the bulk of the balance ¹/₄ million allocated in the case judgement (It isn't clear from this passage, to what Sylvia was referring). But when Portsmouth heard of this company flotation in London, he saw as red as his own red hair - (which he wore long) & took instant action probably with universal approval & won the case hands down. Why Uncle Jack went to Brazil (Mexico) specifically, I don't know, or what money he took to invest, as I always understood his wife had none (see above: Jack didn't take money to invest - he hadn't any - except what Aunt Elsie had. Sylvia is just building suspicion upon suspicion. The London house in Mansfield Street was in Aunt Elsie's name. Headlam Hall Gainford [bought c. 1904/5] might or might not have been in Uncle Jack's name, I don't know about that). But whatever he did, he brought it off as all other things in his life - But unfortunately I do know that when he continued in the H of C rose to speak on finance "We don't want to hear from you - sit down" met him - & his answer "But you will someday soon" & sat down - after which he was Minister of Education, P.M. General, Chairman of the Federation of British Industries & the BBC (before it received its Charter, and Vice-Chairman under Lord Reith) & other trifles of that nature - and a peerage! There never were two more diverse brothers than Uncles Alfred & Jack - in every possible way. (I would agree with that statement, but Jack was a good and kind uncle to me).

I think I said before, that the expenditure on that would-be Palace at Nunthorpe went into an enormous figure - Just before the smash & I should be sorry to hazard what Aunt Elsie cost JWP altogether. Once we had to have them living with us at Gros. Gardens for 2 or 3 years - She had so outrun the constable in their own house & a ghastly time it was as JWP couldn't stand up to her for a moment & was like wax - impressed with "the smart & delightful Mrs Jack Pease" in all the Court Circulars & such like daily - Christopher & I used to play a spotting game of how many references we could find! It would be impossible for you today to realise what a startling - I might say preposterous person she was, to be introduced into our very conventional circle. obviously only cultivated for the £.s.d, of her "bourgois relations"! Her father had a distinct streak of insanity latterly & both her brothers drank but spent money like water & always expected more - and got it. Sir Henry Havelock-Allan used to walk in the middle of the Row in the days I rode there - leading his horse & reading his Bible - a most tiresome obstacle to other riders - At that period he refused to see "the grocer's children" & on their rare visits Joe & Miriam had to be hidden. Why Grocers? ('grocer's children' was meant to be a disparaging term accorded by Sir Henry Havelock-Allan to Jack and Elsie's three children Joe, Miriam and Faith Pease - but it just as probably applied more generally, to embrace all members of the Pease family). What a strange thing you should have been sent near Hurstbourne Park. (I wasn't sent near Hurstbourne Park, I was sent to it! - But strange, yes).

I stayed there several times & remember awful explosions of Portsmouth's temper over such incidents as "pepper in my soup" should at Beatrice despite strange guests at dinner. But more often I went to Eggesford in N Devon - the old Portsmouth place - now a ruin - It was within driving with a pony distance. There I met quite interesting literary people & was kept in my 22 year old place by Portsmouth. To my amazement, the breeched & long haired flunkey - always in waiting - and later in the day powdered - announced one for breakfast - Portsmouth looked at me coldly & said "Sylvia - You are late - and kindly remember you are the commoner amongst us & be punctual" I might have retorted, but didn't, that Beatrice & I were both "grocer's children"! And what a life she must have had & with no strong character at all to stand up to it & no imagination. If she had had the latter - she couldn't - shortly after the smash - have bought George Stephenson's watch and sent it to Uncle Alfred for Christopher ! He promptly returned it - being sore beyond description at their loss of home & standing & all else.

He (Alfred) went to Barberton & made a very good job of being R.M. there until his heart & the altitude knocked him about - and Christopher went miserably into lodgings in Darlington - got some sort of job (at Pease & Partners) & the Johnson's were very good to him - hence I suppose his very understandable marriage.

Christopher came to see me at Bridestowe just before the war - the last time I saw him - and between the wars your father & mother came here & were quite delightful & obviously very happy & I was so grateful to her for I loved Uncle Alfred very much - and chased the tail of his horse across Cleveland

for many years. I wish you could have seen him popping over fence after fence as if they didn't exist. He was a thousand times the most popular man in Cleveland & indeed everywhere & had the most charming of friends always at Pinchinthorpe - He rarely came to Hutton - & he hated it - & there at long last discovered the reason from the diaries Joe sent

me to read about 2 years ago. (A reference probably to Father's discovery that JWP had expressed his intention of making Jack, and not he, an eldest son - thereby fulfilling an undertaking given to Alice, Lady Havelock-Allan when Jack and Elsie married, reinforced by Edward [1880-1963] enlisting for the Boer War - But JWP in fact made no changes, and after the crash, the whole thing became a matter of complete indifference to my father).

I went over to Pinchinthorpe by road or rail, often the latter as there were trains every few hours on the doorstep. And how I think you will agree heartily with me, how much happier we are - who live simply, devoid of all the multiplicity & trappings great riches & possessions bring instinctively in their train.

17th Mar. 1957. ... (referring to Middlesbrough) it's an unpleasant place created by our ancestors! I refer to think of the quiet cell at the mouth of the Tees - belonging to Whitby Abbey - & the well farmed land of Tom Parrington - bought by Gt, Grandfather accompanied by Grandpapa for a port for Middlesbrough. In your father's accouve of the happening he quotes a wonderful view from the farm all over the Cleveland hills - and the sea full of shipping the other side.

You certainly chose a cold spot in Captain Cook's Monument (we had taken a walk there) - I have often shivered there out hunting in winter, but have never been on foot. I still imagine I could find my way blindfold all over that country, but I probably couldn't & ICI would obviously defeat me outside Hutton Gate.

Aunt Blanche's husband, Lloyd Pease, had two brothers, Reg & Frank - Reg I knew - had a rich wife & lived in Durham & (I)sent a show pony once to them for their boy Philip to ride - & eventually had it back again about 1913 - he is now on the Royal Ag. Society's Council & quite a nut in the horse world. Frank I just knew by sight & presumably this is his son, but I know nothing about them. They lived at Pierremont, Darlington.

I was very devoted to Uncle Lloyd, a very quiet reserved man - always trying some invention or other & suggested the use of slag for basic & nearly but not quite invented asbestos sheeting for building. He came regularly to London in the season on business - & took me out to dinner & a play always - only the very best of plays & actors - such ass Sarah Bernhardt, Ellen Terry, Irving etc etc. Once we did a whole week of Irving plays, very unusual for a Friend - which he was.

He made & built 'Hurworth Moot' a somewhat dreary spot with a 3 mile long drive so the wretched children saw nobody when out walking & were very shy - but it was a comfortable house - & Aunt Blanche was the best of good sorts & a splendid mother. If you ever got to the end of the drive you could watch the Scotch Express going into Darlington Station which it did then ...

20th Mar. 1957. Please don't thank me for writing & telling you what I can? - it is a very great pleasure to me to find that you care to hear what those old days were like & possibly what they connoted - & your letters are a true joy to me in what is necessarily a lonely old age - I have no relations I care for down here - only 3 of alien blood & not very satisfactory & you are the first of my real cousins to tell me about the north & to write quite delightful letters to which I look forward quite immensely. I have met Miriam (Uncle Jack's day,) once, & she was friendly & promised me papers about Uncle Jack - never sent anything - and there it ended. Ditto Mary Mounsey who came here & promised much & disappeared! Then Joe has had spasms of really affectionate letters, then vanished - but your mother has always been most kind teling me things about you all & Cleveland - And now there is the totally unexpected & new found joy of correspondence with you ... I never forget a certain lovely sunny afternoon in the midst of the trouble - when we were having tea in the Hall -Aunt Ethel being there, & JWP coming in late from the train - looking grey & wretched & burstirig out that "they say I may be in gaol" & Aunt Ethel saw a footman was there and saying "Be quiet Father - for heaven's sake" and from what I heard outside, then & later, I imagine, he was very lucky to escape. But with the universal conspiracy of silence kept up - I was never told anything beyond the stark feeling that it was complete ruin & in those remaining weeks I stayed there with them, I didn't go beyond Pinchinthorpe or talk to anybody except Oliver - I suppose the Judge let him off on his life's record & old age. I am thankful he did. Yes Aunt Elsie was certainly violent & had an awful temper & used plenty of language unknown otherwise at Hutton! In London when they shared 44 Grosvenor Gardens with us for two seasons she was quite awful - took all the best rooms - lived on our grandfather - & didn't know any of us in public. if met her riding in the Row for instance, we were all cut. She had very smart & none too reputable Society friends who came there - but didn't acknowledge us ! Oliver wouldn't wait on her & she had their own man always on tap & standing behind her chair at meals, who got sworn at freely, as did Uncle Jack - I also remember vividly a Xmas Eve - when we were as usual a huge party - about 40 or 50 in the house, and again we were having tea in the Hall above which, was the best spare room which she & Uncle Jack had, when there was an awful crash - & a flood of water came steadily through the ceiling onto us! A terrified Aunt Maud went up to see what had happened - & she (Elsie) had hurled the Water Jug at Uncle Jack & missed! & it smashed ! Why did they stand all that kind of thing? I think I know the answer ... (As mentioned above, Sylvia made an oblique reference [to JWP not fulfilling the 'honourable undertaking given to Alice, Lady Have; ock-Allan to make Jack his father's heir in place of Alfred.')

it's all past & done with and you have your happy home without the tie of great possessions, & now have your own ideal of life's true values. Yes I expect there are embassies now at Palace, Gardens - the houses are too huge for anything else - or millionaires these days - just like big country houses with gardens, tennis courts & stables in JWP's day - It took him 1 hour in a hansom from the House which is why we moved to the noisy 44 Gros. Gdns. in the middle of the Victoria Station traffic & with embassies & Peers of the Realm on both sides of us! Yes, I think 'grocer's children' covered us all; What the Communists today call the "Boorzhwahzee" in their handbook about hatred of them. Anyway, she made full use (Elsie that is) of the Grocery Stores! I remember JWP's fury when towards the end - he told me she had put down a new saddle for

Miriam to his a/c in London - without asking him. He didn't often let fly to me - but he did that time - on the same ride to Nunthorpe - to view the vast Palace a'building - & he exlploded again there . I expect he didn't know where the money was coming from to pay for it all.

Mother & c I used to walk on Sundays (I aged about 5) to lunch at Palace Gardens when they were in London, &I simply loved it. Sat by Grannie & saw life & eat nice things - & was deeply offended when in I suppose a moment of bitterness my mother said to me walking home afterwards, that I was "a beastly little snob for liking luxury so much." She was ill - & had wanted a boy but didn't like children - or, I should surmise, our living conditions. My father worked all day at Lincoln's Inn - on Sundays too - & I only remember seeing him twice as I had gone to bed before his return, I was a very unhappy child then & mostly ill - & then was swept into the sunshine of our grandmothers - I can only say - adoration & gradually found life very pleasant & loved

living in the country.

29th Mar. 1957. You cannot tell your children too much of Uncle Alfred's unique character & abilities & charm - very few men of his calibre have lived & I only wish I could paint him for you in all the early days - someday I will try for you & yours, Now I must go back some way - for

background - for the to me inexplicable action of JWP. First you must realise that he had a perfect mono-mania against soldiers "hired assassins" & sailors - an atmosphere I had to endure after my return to Hutton as "an orphan & a ward" which was how he always introduced me - even a week after my Father's tragically sudden death - I had better give you an example - Aunt Lottie was in command - until her late

marriage -- she was a very kind, good, loving woman - but fanatically a "plain friend." My father shared rooms with Alfred Milner & I used to go to pour out tea for him there when he had friends - & when I was about 14, - Aunt Lottie was driving me there & going up Pall Mall - said "Darling - I have something very terrible to tell you about your poor father - but you must learn never to judge." I gasped - & she continued - "He has joined the North Devon Yeomanry ...". He had, & loved it & was attached to the Scots Greys for training - one of the few happy times in his very lonely life. He said to me "Jimmy," (his pet name for Sylvia) "I do hope they haven't been filling you up with rot about the army have they? Well it seems best for you to live at Hutton until you are old enough to cone to me but for Heaven's sake don't learn to be a prig - promise me." Then when Christopher & I used to go with JWP for election meetings at Barnard Castle where he was worshiped by the constituents - we used to sit and listen to the most astounding statements about the wicked expenditure on the Navy which oughtn't to exist & we used to bet on what figures he'd give next & have them swallowed whole. I remember our saying "Why not cut the cost of every ship in the Navy at a cost of a billion pounds at least!"

(There is a strange incompatibility about what Sylvia says and the real facts. JWP was an out and out pacifist. He nevertheless would have hated it, as my father said, had Britain not had a strong Navy. He invariably went each year to witness the Naval Review),

Incidentally, we left Hutton each day at 12, arrived Barnard Castle about 4 - Had at least 3 Ham & Egg Teas & triumphal entries with Silver Bands - & meetings - Left Barnard castle by the last train for Darlington & from there ran straight through to Hutton by "Special", & the faces on Middlesbrough platform late at night used to haunt me & incredible - only 10 miles & the still beauties of a Hutton night - smell of pines - peace & the wine like quality of North Country air - Well, that is the background - which is the only help I can give. About the middle of that period - was the S. African war & "our brother the Boer" was always prayed for at family prayers taken by JWP at length. One day Edward was missing - (It must have been holiday time from Winchester) & there was a terrible hue & cry - I suppose it was several days but I cannot be accurate - as usual deadly silence & I could ask nothing - then - he was found - a private in H.M.'s Army at York having given a wrong age - Yorks. Reg't. I think - He was removed under the blackest of clouds - & had he murdered everyone possible it could not have been more terrible & mustn't be mentioned in any way - and in the Diary I found that a will was made disinheriting Uncle Alfred, making Uncle Jack the heir - so far as I could gather on the grounds of Edward's disgrace, If it weren't so tragic it would be funny - But a nemesis that Joe should have been a Lovat Scout at Gallipoli with SUCCESS. (The change of his will by JWP, was an expressed intention, never carried out)

When I read it first I couldn't believe it - & the I recalled all that crazy fanatical background & tried to make some sort of picture of it - an absolutely inexcusable action on any grounds whatever - & there were no grounds - I wrote to your mother about my discovery - & she was aware of it & told me it had preyed very much on Alfred's mind & made him very bitter - but she had been able to get him to try to forget it all, and put it out of his mind - But I now know his extreme bitterness at the time of the smash, I haven't, the slightest idea whether Edward knew anything about it before he read the Diaries, which I presume he did (Yes, he did. Edward wanted to go down in family history as a 'rebel', but not a 'feeble rebel') - ... I haven't any idea either whether JWP told your father what he had done - I can hardly hardly believe he had the courage. (JWP did tell Father before he went off to Abyssinia - Sylvia must have read that and forgotten). That I do know is that if our grandmother had lived - it could not possibly have happened. Uncle Alfred was her Darling & she alone could manage JWP - & did. I was at school for the relief of Mafeking -

& suppose the Will was somewhere about 4 or 5 years before the smash (The incident was in 1900) ... Another light for you - maybe in the very abnormal atmosphere that had grown up at Hutton - that after I was living at Bridestowe - Aunt Lottie's son John rowed for Cambridge - in the Boat Race & very well - She wrote to me to ask John to come & see me - because she & John's father (Howard Hodgkin) could give him no sympathy or approval in striving for a crumptitle crown - but they realised that it was hard on him & would be grateful if I would give him sympathy! John was a fine chap - rather surprisingly, & went out to New Zealand - married, did very well I believe. Do please realise what an extraordinary hotch-potch all this was - all wrapped up in almost indescribable comfort & luxury - super food - super horses (far too many as only I rode them) the best of ugly clothes - & a completely self centred establishment - for the whim's of one man.

6th April, 1957. (In answer to one of my queries) I find it very charming of you to find time to write me such splendid letters with so much really important work that has to be done on hand, & I appreciate it quite immensely - And now that I cannot do the active work here I have been so used to, letters are of great value, particularly when of the quality of yours. To answer several points in a former letter of yours. The gate on the Kildale road is not yet settled - there always was a wooden field gate - on the road going to Hutton Village left, & Kildale right - the high road in fact & think it was green but am not sure. Then the road went up the hill - right - to Kildale etc, & quite shortly there was an iron gate - low hung connecting on the left with a fence going down the hill to the Hutton village road & fencing off where in those days a plantation began. Perhaps none of that now exists.

There was another of those nasty to open gates, where the small drive road from Hutton opened onto the farm field, (West Park - that would be what was called the 'milk walk gate' to the Home Farm) and small one by the terrace opening into the South Park in front of the house. My special m³/₄tier was 'gate opener' so I have got them well painted on my mind!

(The first gate [wooden] just before the divide between Hutton Village & Kildale Roads, has now gone, but when I don't know - it was there certainly about the time I was married in 1953 just as Sylvia described it, except I think by then over-painted white - The iron gate on the Kildale road in a decaying state when last seen by me, has probably now gone, but I remember it, and the fence which fell away to the left and came down to George Gull's house, opposite which was Miss Booth's house (both OME tenants), and only a few feet immediately beyond which, in the direction of the village, there was another iron gate which hung [like the one up the Kildale Road] from narrow fluted metal stoops with rounded heads - I think that gate too has long since gone). There was once yet another gate at one time before the South Park was all fenced off from the road. This was a wooden gate and stood about 200 yards beyond where the Hutton Hall front drive commences, at the point where there is still a small clump of trees on the rhs of the road going in the direction of the village. Village children (and tramps) used to stand at this last mentioned gate and collect coppers from motorists as reward for opening the gate - though there must have been some very long waiting periods between vehicles in those pre-war days.

(In my letter to Sylvia, for which this was her reply, I had made reference to some red velvet curtains with brass stars - now (1999) very faded by the sun to a ruddy-brown colour, and worn out, but which I refuse to throw away). Those red (velvet) curtains with the metal star spangles were in the Hall & are a strong association with many incidents - Footmen drawing them at dusk children getting scratched on them and yelling - & a distinct background for that awful tea - when JWP talked about prison - & a footman was between him and those curtains. In summer, the tea table was in that bay - quite close to the curtains & the windows. In winter (tea was served) opposite the great stone fireplace carved with local ferns. If you ask me my opinion, I don't think Uncle Jack had much conscience - harried by his wife's perpetual debts - & their combined social ambitions - climbing & political & I feel pretty sure Brazil (Mexico) stood for something very odd (It didn't at all) - but as I said to you before, he lived it (the crash) down & got to the top of his success. I remember JWP saying to him when they were living at 44 Gros. Gdns. with us - & Uncle Jack announced he was in "Who's Who" "Albert, I don't know why you got everything I wanted" & Uncle Jack said "I know Father, & I always told you when you refused a peerage you were finished - You must never refuse anything if you wish to rise - & you refused a peerage twice, so what can you expect?" JWP said "But I didn't want a peerage, but I did want to be a P.C. more than anything else & you - not I - have got it." (In point of fact this last statement attributed to JWP has to be wrong because Uncle Jack didn't become a Privy Counsellor until 1908 - i.e. 5 years after JWP's death - Uncle Jack had asked Asquith to make him a P.C. - see Volume I, p.21 'A Liberal Chronicle, Journals and Papers of J A Pease 1908-1910' Edited by Cameron Hazelhurst and Christine Woodland, published 1994 by The Historians' Press ISBN 1 872273 00 9). I also remember Aunt Elsie at Hutton saying when he was contesting Rotherham (Sylvia possibly meant Saffron Walden - he [Jack] didn't become MP for Rotherham until 1910) which he lost (Jack lost Tyneside and Saffron Walden but not Rotherham) & said he would lose because he wouldn't give them certain promises. "You fool Jack - promise everything & afterwards you can break it all when you are in." (This is obviously a statement which Sylvia attributed to Aunt Elsie - well, possible, but questionable). Well he didn't promise & he was defeated & had to go carpet bagging to Safron Walden (Rotherham) & she screeched & screamed at him all the more than ever! The way in which he kept his temper with her was a thing to be marvelled at. They dined out practically every night - and she was always late - & the beginning of our dinner was garnished with a tornado on the stairs outside, of abuse of her luckless French maid - their butler, & chief of all, of "Jack you fool" - He merrely smiled and waited. On paper, she wanted a beating but I suppose Havelock-Allan madness would have made that useless. Alan Havelock-Allan I found living in a cottage on Dartmoor with a pathetic little wife - poverty & drink responsible. Aunt Elsie definitely didn't drink - but I suppose temper & swearing were instead.

Yes, I think you are right, that after his wife's death, JWP was only interested in himself & was encouraged by sycophants to regard himself as a great Prophet in Israel, and lived in a peculiar blind world of adulation - and after Aunt Maud became vicereine, he was made a positive idol -

28th April, 1957. Two delightful letters from you to thank for with true thanks & the Hutton postcards which recall so many old days & frequent visits to the village with soup in pots in little baskets - various messages & sales of work in the Mission House, & Xmas teas at old Nanny's house (Sarah Wilson) - a very spoilt & distinctly cross old person with a devoted & kind relative living with her. She adored your father, & the rest in varying degrees. And chiefly Christmas mornings when from 10 a.m. until 12.30, Christopher & I delivered parcels from my little pony & cart as hard as we could, starting with the Railway Cottages & working back to the village - struggling to get done in time to array ourselves in Sunday best for the terrific family luncheon at 1 o'clock.

We were for ever changing our clothes in those days, as we had to appear in clean conventional attire for the public occasions - Such a dinner every day - even if no-one there "If you can't dress properly for dinner you had better go to bed" was the latter day regime!

A gift parcel for every household on the Estate which was one of my jobs to tie up - at least a weeks' work - had to be delivered by us. I was once grudgingly told that if I had to earn my living, I could do it by making parcels top grade! Some of my minor jobs were - doing al the flowers - took about 2 hours 3 times a week - putting out & replenishing all the stationery in all the rooms - Maybe 20 bedrooms at Christmas & such - Printing Menu's - 1 to each 2 people every day & always. Kit & I had fun over this since we knew their French was very non-existent, & we invented wonderful dishes to see if they were spotted - they were not!

(Sylvia continues with recalling her other domestic tasks). Feeding the chickens in all weathers before breakfast & then change into tidy breakfast clothes (9 a.m.). Write all the stable orders on a white slate for Long without asking any questions (Long was JWP's groom) - largely an effort of the imagination as Grandpapa might or might not decide to ride, and till he had, no-one else might! Feed the peacocks with maize out of a purple lustre jug, see the dogs had their meals, and finally take charge of all the middle sized cousins who came in bulk for Xmas & summer visits. From early dawn till dusk, invent occupations - take them out riding & possibly hunting, tobogganing, skating when on, & stop all the quarrels & fightings of small boys! Joe (later 2nd Baron Gainford) got very fierce indeed when the others called him the "little gentleman" because of his very posh school (Eton), commonly known as the Dukeries (the Edens were there with him) & his super tidy clothes - insisted on by his Mamma (Elsie)!

I wasn't allowed to get out of bed until my maid had put out all the clothes I had to wear - no choice - and I was timed to only 20 minutes to dress for dinner - hair being done included - and ditto for riding. A curious regimented form of ultra conventional life, almost incredible to look back on. Yes, I was devoted to the 'Pond' in summer & winter - the ice was excellent some winters and we played much violent hockey - the deep end was genrally dangerous by the Boat House &, I imagine, the stream flowed in under that end coming from the moor. In more solitary summer days, I used to read in the boat & taught myself a certain amount of Spanish from Hugo - enough to read it more or less. If discovered, which it wasn't if I could help it - it was called "affected" and "pity you can't do something useful" - so there is another facet for you arising from Post Cards of Hutton Village ... Time does indeed fly & I hadn't realised that it is 18 years since Uncle Alfred died - & the world has been so very much poorer for his absence, & I so often wish I could still know his views on this extraordinary world of ours - He was never without strong ideas & convictions & never afraid to state them.

12th May, 1957. Thank you for the photographs & for your as ever interesting letter & how greatly I prefer your present home (Carlton Garth, Aldborough St John, Richmond, Yorks) to the pretentious ugliness of modern Hutton. From the air it only suggests an institution & an ugly one at that, but I look at the nursery window which was once mine when Granny took me there aged 7 after my mother died, & at the bedroom window above it which was also my view point for many years, & conjure up pleasant days in the past - and ignore its present fate & the hideous flagging, and why was all the glass taken out of the conservatory (it wasn't taken out - it dropped out after years of neglect) where lovely camellias & (next word I cannot recognise - might be Palmaes or Paliavanas or something else) & such like grew happily.

In the billiard room we acted l; ittle French plays, Kit, Lavender & I written by Mademoiselle Koene, & Kit & I surreptitiously played played Fives on the billirad table where we were not allowed to play billiards - very naughty of us - and we were always terrified of cutting the cloth - My mother was good at billiards & her cue was preserved - but we were not allowed to learn! She seems to have been good at most things & went to Queen's College in London - very advanced in those days & had once a Report of hers on which the markings were astonishingly high (likely all those kind of records consumed in the fire c. 1946/7 when Sylvia lived at Bridestowe) - She joined the C of E - a great family tragedy & Uncle Alfred wrote sadly of the first betrayal of the family tradition, but very much later followed suit to my very great astonishment - Whether she (Sylvia's mother, 'Effie') was happy there or not, I have no means of knowing.

Yes there were immense cellars at Hutton but I didn't know there was a Wine Cellar and the purpose thereof I can't fathom - There was a Turkish Bath all right & a cooling & weighing room in which latter we held our great Christmas Ceremony at 6 p.m. of all presents in a Bran Tub - then dinner - & then the Servants Bran Tub at 9 p.m.(I think). Always the same ritual very carefully observed - The Turkish Bath wasn't often used in my day - only by Uncle Jack or some such - about Xmas time after hunting. Habits etc were washed & boots cleaned in a large cellar room & many were full of luggage.

JWP. which once entered on NER precincts of York arrived anywhere to which directed without any further trouble - it was etiquette to leave all to the NER and it certainly never failed.

We were once asked if we would mind being on Hutton Station when the trains came in - as some passengers disliked being kept waiting!!! They generally whistled for us at Guisborough junction & Pinchinthorpe Bank - to avoid our having to start too early for the station - such were the times - We always walked too from the station except when nurses & babies arrived when the carriage with a pair met them & they drove by the long drive back ...

Aunt Claudia used to give me & Kit (when he was at Hutton) - Bible lessons & readings from "Why we children are Friends" at 9.30, & at 10 a.m. my governess had to give me a C of E lesson at my father's wish, & one of the Fry's taught me in the Meeting House in London & read a book called "Agathos", what about I haven't the faintest recollection -

By (age) 21 (in 1902), when I had to go out into the world, I had few illusions left about anything - & found that nothing that helped me to my belief in my plunge into Whitechapel & Bethnal Green completely ignorant of life. Ultimately - I found what I had been searching for - in an empty Church in Assisi - How, I'11 tell you

someday. (Sylvia joined the Roman Catholic Church but never got round to telling me how her conversion came about) - I had been brought up in rampant prejudice against the Scarlet Woman & the whole subject was taboo both at Hutton & in Devon - I knew no Catholics nor if there were any (Catholic) churches in England - other than that, Kit & I had watched Westminster Cathedral a'building from Gros. Gardens & dismissed it as "beastly cheek." However 51 Years ago I made up my mind as to what I had to do - a happy decision for me - It's rather strange that Aunt Claudia who was very prejudiced & tried hard to instruct Kit & me in the terrors of Rome, should have had children going the way they have (open revolt) - As you probably know, her best beloved youngest son is now a fully fledged Jesuit; Deborah, husband & children are all Catholics, & the son Christopher is a Benedictine Novice at Downside - Peter married a Catholic but isn't one, nor are Marjory or Violet - & Joy went off on some 'Free Love' ramp I believe. It's very strange how lives work out.

June, 1957. (I cannot remember to what this next opening passage referred). What the men said to you reminded me of one day at Darlington Station travelling with Grandpapa. The Wheel greaser (Scotch Express which then stopped in the Station) came to the carriage windows & said "Sir Joseph - will you come & let me explain to you what is wrong in our system of greasing - I have tried & tried to get our officials to take action - quite useless & I know you will." Grandpapa got out had a good look at the grease box & listened most carefully & said it should be remedied - the greaser one wreath of smiles "I knowed it would be all right with you Sir Joseph." Whatever Grandpapa did or did not like - he adored quite literally the N.E.R. & it was a very fine Railway indeed. He allowed that the G.W.R. was almost as good, the M.R just below, & the rest, also rans. From the moment any one of us reached York from the south it was tradition to say "Pease - Hutton" about luggage & not bother any more and it always appeared at Hutton Station. Small wonder that we grew up thinking travelling by N.E.R. cost nothing & was perfect!

22nd June, 1957. ... I was once very fond of the Marske Peases (JWP's brother's family, the Arthur Peases) but not after the Hutton smash - when they took such a pharisaical line Winnie (Winifred Pike Pease who was mother to George Jenyns of The Timber House, Hutton - I liked her) then was a dear - but they didn't ever like Hutton. Not at all surprising - for like your father they were very popular & lively vital & the Hutton outlook was the reverse, self centred, stupid., stodgy, intensely conventional & very narrow. Something happened there when I was about 17 - about 2 years after my father's sudden death which I have always found it hard to forgive - and your mother is the only person I have ever told it to. My father's trustees, your father & the old Exeter

lawyer firm with whom my Hamlyn side had dealt for centuries, put all Father's papers - letters - photographs etc. etc chiefly from his rooms in Duke Street London into a box, had it corded & sealed & instructions made it was to be handed to me at 21. I was told it was stowed in the box room near my bedroom (next the cistern room). One day, obviously without telling your father, Aunt(s) Maud, Ethel & Miss Bassett (who was she, the latter?) raided it - read his diaries - didn't like what they read there & had the whole thing burned including 2/3rds of the MSS of the 'History of the Ottoman Turks' which he was writing for the "Story of the Nations' series. They hen told me they had done this (with what explanation?) - & I was far too afraid of them to dare say anything or tell anyone - just an addition to my burden of misery. I had lost the father I adored - & nothing mattered - indeed, who could I tell? Your father was mostly abroad (Had he known about any of this, I feel absolutely certain he would have been -outraged in every particular - as I would too! That the question about the box and contents wasn't raised at the precise time that Sylvia reached 21 years - i.e. 9th August, 1902 - would have been - I can only suppose - because of the frenetic activity concerning the merger with Barclays Bank and making figures fit - a week (9th-16th August) of which my father wrote "Near the end of this awful week of worry & anxiety ... I have nothing to remember but masses of figures & puzzles and the reams of paper consumed in working out financial problems at Darlington & Hutton" and was wholly unable to focus on anything else. In the aftermath of the crash, the question of the whereabouts of Sylvia's father's papers must have been overlooked - what other explanation is possible? These were far from normal times - and within days of the crash, Sylvia had left Hutton for ever and never once returned. By the end of May, 1903 Sylvia was between Whitechapel and Devon while Father was on his way to South Africa and a new start as a Resident Magistrate - and since nothing had been said by Sylvia to my father as one of her two trustees, he must have 'assumed' she had all her father's stuff down at Bridestowe. A perfectly monstrous and unforgivable episode - And yet we three of Father's second family, were all very fond of Aunt Maud, always the favourite loving aunt with us - who died at Pinchinthorpe in that awful winter of 1947. Aunt Claudia I hardly knew) After the smash, the Exeter trustee lawyer sent for me absolutely furious at my having been asked to sign away my mother's money in my current a/c on my 21st birthday with no reference to him from my "Guardians"!! He wanted to go for your father & we had an awful row - & I won - I told him the box & all papers had been destroyed by fire by my aunts several years before but that I insisted that everything should be washed out - as I absolutely refused to be a Beatrice Portsmouth on a miniature scale, I still remember coming out into the lovely sunshine in the Cathedral Close - with the rooks cawing in the then very peaceful Exeter, & thinking what a baffling thing life was. Your mother & you alone now know of that surely very remarkable action by my aunts.

Undated, most probably 1957. ... and thank you for the two postcards - the somewhat dreary "Bible woman's House" as I knew it (The Mission house at the high end of Hutton Village) & what I imagine is the top of Hanging Stone - it seems to be the feint view of Hutton down below.

To continue the Hutton Saga first - the last few years I often ordered the meals & they had to be exactly to pattern - e.g. nothing on the tablethat our Grandfather didn't like - even if he never ate it & other people would have! Very typical - Sunday evenings - always the same - dinner with waiting - clear soup (must on no account be anything floating in it such as shredded carrot or pasta shapes &c) shoulder of mutton - rice pudding & apple tart (summer) or mince pies (winter) & glorious dessert - figs - melons - apricots - peaches nectarines - plums - pears - apples - pineapples & the world famous grapes (I have never met their equal) in probably 4 varieties - only water ever, or barley water - Lunch - whether for 3 or 30 the same in idea - roast - 3 vegs - made up dish - pudding - stewed fruit & some sweet - sideboard cold pheasant, game pie - tongue or brawn & a vast York ham - never to be touched by anyone except butler & Grandpapa so as not to scoop it out at all (this last mentioned Sylvia must have been thinking about Stilton cheese). Except for shooting parties I don't think anything on the sideboard was ever touched, so the room and the servants hall must have done well. It was equally there at breakfast & sometimes some ham was eaten - other hot dishes - porridge always - bacon & eggs - fish in some form - kidneys -

mushrooms - scrambled eggs & other forms of egg - sausages - probably two dishes if we were alone - parties, half-a-dozen hot & boiled eggs - often wanted - was my job to boil in an egg boiler on another sideboard!

Tea - plain teacakes - bread & butter - plain cakes - rich cakes - smal1 cakes - very often mostly uneaten when we were alone latterly -3 of us & vast increases for parties, Xmas - summer & c - practically incredible in these days. Add by each bedside at night - "Hutton buns" famous & very good & milk, a tin of biscuits & a "veilleuse" containing soup added if considered necessary - so there was little risk of starvation before more buns - bread & butter & tea when called in the morning - I wonder what amount the staff got through too? Oh! more buns & milk at 12 o'clock after a huge breakfast & an ample lunch at 1 to come. I often smile over it as I sit at my kitchen table for a cup of tea & 3 wheatmeal biscuits so save time & trouble ... & I do miss good spring or well water. Some of the best ever came from that spout direct from Highcliffe - outside the back yard which we drank upside down as it were - heads under the spout. I don't think any words of mine can really describe the amplitude of super fruit - always to hand & without limit - always in the dining room, & that we often ate about 11 o'clock! Strawberries at Xmas worth 2/6 apiece & not worth eating - forced - another item. Xmas middle day dinner - Uncle Gerald's (Gerald Buxton) brewery turkey 40 lbs & over & roast beef & of course the cold sideboard! 'The nursery when visited had excellent separate meals & likewise the Schoolroom party - the middle sized cousins waited on by one footman - pheasant - chicken - mince pie etc & sweet & fruit. Mid-day lunch with the grown ups - some of the children well behaved - others shouting all the time what they did & didn't like & not smacked! Sausages were imported from Cornwall so as to insure the best - Fish came by train from York - why, I don't know - There's an exhaustive description of food for you - never I hope to be experienced again in its appalling waste & cost.

(I mentioned the names of Joseph (Joss) Howard of 13 Hutton Village, and Charlie Howard who lived at 21 Hutton Village in case Sylvia had a memory of that family). Howard suggests a man (possibly Joss's father) I knew, but not clearly. I think he was in the Carpenters Shop & lived in the less good row of cottages on the left side of the village going up to it. I probably taught his children in the Sunday School where Aunt Claudia & I I functioned somewhat unwillingly - directly after a huge Sunday lunch &

meeing t Guisborough before that - we sang revivalist Moody & Sankey hymns & I taught nothing in particular but the children were friendly & nice & it probably helped their mothers to have them out of the way in the afternoon. One hymn was "Cast away the gin pot, cast away the beer, water is the drink for me -e-e-e" & to a dragging tune, & there was clearly no risk of either in Hutton Village or environs. Directly after Sunday School we had to take off Sunday clothes - put on tweeds & go for a lengthy family walk - led by Grandpapa - first of all sweets had to be eaten in the hall - my job to keep the silver box full of those approved - to the farm & elsewhere - until tea at 5, before which we had to change back in Sunday's & go later to the evening service in the schoolroom - then change for dinner - Family prayers about 10 p.m. & eventually - joyfully to bed.

21st July, 1957. ... I don't know Goathland - only our Hutton & Gisbro' moors & Dales below Westerdale - Baysdale - Danby etc & our moors here are rather different with range after range of Tors with granite tops & clutters of granite on many & deep valleys between, down to the various rivers ...

My father had a large bit of the most beautiful & remote moor - compulsorily acquired by the War Office for ranges (shells & bullets), & Norah's father a large bit on this southern side of the valley of the Dart, now the hunting ground of trippers not bullets ... Yes I agree - the smash would make good if tragic copy - No, I didn't want my dream of Hutton smashed - for I loved the place, I bought 2 or 3 stoneware jugs in the Auction for sentimental reasons - which were in the Hall - where also hung very many stags heads from Corndavon & books as well - never read - In a book case (JWP frequently refers to books he was reading). I think that (Corndavon) was only rented - & it was given up when I was about 12, I think, & I never went there - it was only a tradition of how they sat just behind the Royalty in the Kirk on Sunday's - all in kilts! There was a "Pease tartan" so described - a dull affair chiefly green & obviously an effort of the imagination (Yes I agree - it was a super dull small green check). What happened to the Hutton & London things at the Auctions I have no idea, or who bought them - There was a stained glass window in the back Drawing Room at 44 Grosvenor Gardens put up by Grannie (dedicated) to her Mother, G(t), Grandmother Fox - a strange thing to do & I imagine it is still there - unless destroyed. (No. It was removed to Pinchinthorpe from where I collected it in 1979). Behind it was the dreary well of white brick which gave some light & air to the back rooms of that inordinately high house - it took me about 10 minutes to climb the stairs to my bedroom in the servants quarters at the very top - when Uncle Jack & Co. occupied the better part of the house. The luckless servants went down at 5- a.m. and never could return until after dinrer, say 10.30 pm. because "the quality" might be using the one and only staircase - no back stairs after the first drawing room floor, incidentally furnished by our grandmother - shortly before she died - ours was said to be prettiest drawing room in London - just beautifully clean - chintzes & masses of flowers - always my job to do them after I left school & was there - took me two hours twice a week after the G,N.R. bus had arrived off the night train to Kings X - done in the subterranean Servant's Hall where also the footmen slept in box-in-the-wall beds - where they washed I can't conceive - and from which quarters were carried for dinner parties for say 24, everything up narrow (about 4ft wide) stone stairs in the dark into the back hall - again how, I can't imagine & everything was perfect. The kitchen was more impossible still & the greatly (next word indecipherable) cook got £100 p.a. even in those days. As I told you the head kitchen maid, Alice, who did the bulk of the cooking & all the baking when at Hutton, asked to come to me in Devon for nothing "If you can't afford to pay me," & had a shock when I offered her f30 to do everything which she did including dogs & milking goats! I begged her to take a good cook's job but she wouldn't.

No. 44 Grosvenor Gardens, in the middle slightly larger - No. 46 (towards Victoria) Lord & Lady Herschell. He was then Lord Chancellor - friends of Father's - but not of 44's. While he was alive I went to his friends. The girls, Mag(? Or Meg) & Freda & I were great friends and went to the park every day hand in hand accompanied by our Govies. No. 48 (Grosvenor Gardens) Lord & Lady Susan Fortescue & Sir Michael & Lady Hicks-Beach & Sir M then Chancellor of the Exchequer (son-in-law). Lady Susan was Father's greatest friend & used to take me out a lot to see pictures & Churches etc etc. Not known by No. 44, I rode with the Hicks-Beach girls. No 42 (towards Gros. Place) the Francis Buxtons - known to No 44 but not friendly- I went out with the 4 girls & the boys when there. No 40, the Netherlands Embassy, and those were the surroundings.

After my father died, they didn't attempt to stop my going to the Herschell's & Fortesques but in Yorkshire I wasn't allowed to go to Father's friends, notably the Pennyman's because they didn't,

& were I suppose, ignored (That really isn't so!) That was generally the trouble & the same at Falmouth where Christopher & I were popular - & they most definitely were not, & we were stopped going even to relations unless they were asked too. I can see Christopher's face now - for he was only accustomed to great popularity with your father. I suppose it was (a) that they had an air of rich importance which the Fox's ridiculed - (b) that they were very dull & the Fox's had plenty of brains & interests - but not in £.s.d. or politics.

28th July 1957. I am glad the Pease tartan amused you - but I never saw it in action as a kilt - these were reserved I expect for Corndavon. We had it in the form of skirts & capes & such like -& very ugly it was (Yes it was) - Did you ever see a photograph of Alfred & Jack as kilted boys - languishing on a rustic bridge in Perthshire I presume? (Yes, somewhere & another one taken in a studio). I can well imagine that after a very luxurious & spoilt early youth they found the then aridities of their Quaker school intolerable & bolted never to return - Yes I think we all had confused religious early years. Things didn't seem to fit at all - and actually they didn't fit.

I don't suppose you ever went to the large Friends Meeting at Westminster where the competition to speak & "testify" was so heated as to make it very difficult to get any meaning? And young & earnest Friends nearly died of shyness & self consciousness in their efforts. At the time I was about 11, the great contralto of that day "Madame Antoinette Sterling" whose fee was £100, had a passion (no less) for our Grannie & electrified things by coming to Westminster Meeting & suddenly bursting into "Abide with me" in suitable volume for the Albert Hall &, I believe, a hymn had never been sung in a meeting before so what action met the position?! I don't think she ever came again but she came to lunch at 44 G.G.d.ns & suddenly sang a ballad in the middle of lunch, & Grandpapa & the footmen were struck dumb with astonished disapproval of such heresy to convention. She was also a Christian Scientist & temporarily swayed Grannie & her daughters, but not permanently. I was sent to play with her boy & girl in a bare ugly house & found my job was to pull them about in an orange box on wheels, The boy became a singer and the girl a very attractive 'diseuse'- I used to read about them but never saw them afterwards.

I think Guisbro' Parish Church was as dreary as Guisborough Meeting in my day, and dreariest of all, the services in Hutton schoolroom rattled through by a curate from Guisborough (Morgan?). & one of the three was compulsory, plus Sunday School & Grandpapa's evening service also in the schoolroom which he conducted & expounded the Scriptures according to his lights, and last of all, rows of tired servants sitting on hard benches trooping into the hall for prayers at 10 p.m. - and of course at 9 a,m..

I was forbidden to look at the 'Northern Echo' which Christopher & I always wanted to, before Grandpapa had read it & finished with it - but with our faces buried in the sofa, we could always gather what "Our brother the Boer" in the South African War had been up to in the last 24 hours, from the extempore prayers Grandpapa affected - & indeed about other matters at times. We also had to sing a hymn in the disused drawing room where the grand piano was & lots of gimcrack pseudo French gilt furniture - between prayers & breakfast on Sundays - possibly because there was no Northern Echo that day - a thought that has only just struck me. It was indeed an odd mixture and difficult for the young mind to sort out ...

When they first came back from their long sojourn abroad, Christopher & Lavender could only talk French fluently & a little English, & this irritated Grandpapa beyond endurance. Christopher used to blush miserably when found fault with & beg me in whispers to tell him the words in English. Lavender - always "apiece" chatted defiantly to her French governess - "What is it - what is the child saying?" stormed Grandpapa. What the child was saying in French was "Pay no attention to my Grandfather he is just a droll" - not easy to translate to him! I met, them at Victoria Station & took them to 44 G.Gdns - Lavender asked in French "Is it permitted to play with the toys of this hotel of my grandfather's?" And when poor Kit went to his prep school, he was laughed at for his good French, and his Report commented on his affected French accent!!

6th Aug. 1957. ... The hand pumping (of water at Hutton Hall) of my childhood was a weary job - and each bath brought added work - We had gas at Hutton very early on brought by Uncle Jack who ran (or owned?) the Guisborough Gas Works & the flare of light as one entered the would-be Gothic Hall is a very pleasant memory at the end of a long long journey from my father's Devon home where we spent 3 summer months - an old damp lightless house. Much later it was changed for electricity - much pleasanter - for the amount of gas used was very smelly & used up the air. Yes, Newton is a lovely little church, and I used to drive my pony over there on Sundays - when allowed - and no one was going to Guisborough, but it was violently High Church and not at all approved. Actually, the then parson there was a fanatic & nearly over the mental border. As you probably know, my mother is buried there in an ideal spot looking towards Roseberry. I always thought I should like to live in Newton Village!

I am very surprised that Beatrice left any money to her relations (Beatrice Portsmouth left Aunt Blanche a legacy - no one else - of £10,000). I don't think Portsmouth would have allowed it, but I suppose she had a free hand after he died. Her great interest was the YWCA of which she was president.

14th July, 1957. ... I have not been to Yorkshire since I left Hutton in 1902 - in the autumn, & curiously enough I haven't the faintest memory of that last journey to King's X.

As I told you, I went to Darlington for Grandpapa's funeral & straight back to Devon. After I started on my own with a very slender income, I had to decide if I wanted a small home, that I could not travel or go abroad any more - & then I decided on a job of work with ponies - doing the work myself - which is the only interesting or constructive way - which I'm still doing until I can't any longer.

I travelled ceaselessly in the First War at the expense of the Min. of Ag. - but didn't go north at all on the job. For 22 years I had a perfect life of friendship with Norah Dawson, & we motored a great deal as she loved it and had big cars, but again we didn't go north or very far from home. She had travelled a great deal - all round the world - & had loved fishing in the New Zealand lakes, & was very keen of salmon fishing - they owned the best on the Dart.

She wasn't at all strong - & loved an outdoor life & ponies & books - in fact all good things. In 1945 she died of cancer - after 6 terrible months of nursing as best I could - for nurses were unobtainable then, or any sort of service. She was heroic to an incredible degree - & insisted on helping to work until she literally couldn't.

Life has been very solitary since - & in 1946 I lost everything I possessed, & all the things she had left me, by fire which mattered little except for letters, photographs & little personal things, none of which remained. But her last wish was that I should keep on the ponies - & I have, although it was very bitter at first. No I am almost always at home.

25thAug. 1957. ... Yes I have a copy of the Christopher book - I love it & read & re-read it - you see I loved Christopher very dearly & we understood each other - & looked quizically at the strange Hutton conventional life ... Yes, undoubtedly church going of any sort was frowned upon by JWP. My father wished me to go to church and I mostly went drearily to Guisboro', & when I could, to Newton (where my mother is buried) - but always under ridicule & I hated the position & it added greatly to my unhappiness & loneliness.

(JWP at times - especially when in London - did attend church services, but there were obvious limits to this e.g. I have found instances in his diaries (as when attending weddings), he would clear off out when a certain point in the ceremony was reached)

22nd Sept. 1957 I knew Winnie Jenyns very well & was very fond of her (Winifred Pike Jenyns lived at Bottisham Hall, Cambridge which we visited in 1939 when we - Vincent, Mother & I - had a holiday in London, and while there, stayed one or two nights in Cyril Pease's flat [wherever it was], then at the Cumberland Hotel, Marble Arch. Anne at that time, was with her school visiting La Rochelle). & used to go over to Marske fairly often - They were always friendly & human and not tied up in a narrow circle of interests. So was my father, & they used to ride together in the Row - she used to come to see me here a few years when she was down for a Mother's Union Congress at Exeter, & she came to my WI ditto at Exeter in about 1923.

They had a terribly trying time with their mother (Arthur Pease's widow) who had acute religious mania & nerves of all sorts - quite impossible to live with. She used to shut herself upstairs if they had a party & systematically starved herself & regarded us all as hopelessly plunged in worldliness!! Her husband was saint-like to her & would have had better results with a stick before the condition became chronic. She used to steal about & come in on us & say we were discussing her behind her back - whereas we were trying only to forget her - poor demented soul. But she behaved nobly in paying all she could of J & JWP's Bank debts to small people, & gave me the £30 my share with which I bought my first ponies, & owe her great gratitude. It was Winnie, when she was last here told me that JWP. is supposed to haunt Hutton. I hope such a fate is not true (JWP haunt Hutton? Not in the least likely - in any case, JWP died at Kerris Vean, Falmouth).

I knew Dorothy Ward well - but she is older than you think & must have stayed at Hutton in our grannie's life - never when I was at Hutton - but in London we constantly met, & Mrs Humphrey Ward took me to my first dance (after dinner at their house) at the Hugh Bells in Sloane Street. At tha time, she was writing about a novel a year (mostly 3 vols) & sensationalised London

with Robert Elsemere & its attack on Christianity. My Father had a pleasant story of dining there, and someone asking Humphrey Ward if the book had had an effect on Christianity, & the reply "Effect? - It has destroyed it!" Exactly typical of the seriousness with which they took themselves - devoid of all humour - She used to receive guests in Royal manner with Dorothy as Maid in Waiting, always devoted attendant on her mother - immersed in all her plans & projects in "slum" London, & very good they were - She was very nice & friendly but heavy - the younger one 'Janet' was the reverse - good company & a fine mimic - She electrified us by marrying George Trevelyan who was heaviness itself & a great bore (G M Trevelyan stayed on a great many occasions at Dungeon Ghyll & would speak with no one except my mother-in-law. On one occasion GMT & Robert Spence (an RA and highbrow, but human) were the only two staying at the New Dungeon Ghyll. Robert S tried to strike up a conversation with GMT & was rebuffed. At the time that I met Dorothy Ward, she had become terribly waffly. She owned 'Robin Ghyll' at Harry Place, Great Langdale).

But I believe they got on well. He often fell to my lot in our heyday parties - very fast & advanced in 1901 in which we indulged. Once after bicycling in great gloom he said "Do you read the Westminster?" "Yes" "Then thank God we have something in common!" I liked his brother Charlie who married my particular pal Molly Hugh Bell - they live in Northumberland and as you probably know, he splashed about in politics & ended up nominally Labour - & gave the place to the nation & lives in it - I can imagine you wouldn't like Lord Simon. (Ld Simon of Wythenshawe - No I didn't - a Socialist snob). I have never seen him. (His son Prof. Brian Simon who was on the executive of the Communist Party, was a pleasant enough fellow, chatty & friendly enough as was his wife, Joan Simon - and as were all their pals like Howard Hill [Yorkshire Area Organising Secy. for the Communist Party, John Tarver P.P.COM.C. for Oxford at one time et.al.]. Brian Simon once told me a story that gave him some amusement. After the war, Stalin in his generosity to the people of Poland, built for them a massive Palace of Culture in Warsaw - Russian architecture - the top often obscured by clouds. Cocking a snook at the Russians, the Poles ensconced a Catholic priest at the top of this building. It was always said that Warsaw was best viewed from this building, because it was the one place from which you couldn't see the Palace of Culture). I

17th Nov. 1957. ... It always amused me that Jack & Portsmouth landed up next to each other in Mansfield Street (off Park Lane). I lunched there several years afterwards with Beatrice, & Portsmouth appeared as Henry VIII for some pageant or other - Certainly it wasn't a cheap neighbourhood for the bankrupt & how Uncle Jack pulled it off I do not know, & I doubt if Joe knows anything either. (There really is no puzzle about this).

6th Jan. 1958. ... I don't agree with Joe that Uncle Alfrerd was ever jealous of Jack - disgusted he may have been & had every right to be but jealous - never - He was the most popular & widely befriended person I ever knew everywhere, from Lord Rosebery & such down to every man-jack in Cleveland. Such a statement is absurd but it is no possible use to argue the point with Joe! Uncle Jack was very definitely not popular. (Most certainly my father was without a grain of jealousy in his being, but to say that Jack was 'very definitely not popular' is very much overstating things. Alfred & Jack were different in so many ways, but they had many political friends in common. They also had very diverse interests. Jack a keen cricketer and golfer, neither of which were of the slightest interest with my father, who much more a horseman and hunter of everything, including big game. Sylvia then continues by producing some evidence that Jack did have popularity) although the late Lady Fortesque - a very great friend to me - shortly before they both (she & Jack presumably) died, that he was the most charming man she had met. So I suppose his society manners were very different from his family manners! (Lady Vioilet Bonham-Carter said something very similar about Uncle Jack). He (Jack) was a sort of impenetrable character & few would have stood Aunt Elsie's ways & conduct. She was once described as "the galloping snob of modern civilisation" in about 1896, but the press gave the "well known, beautifully dressed Mrs Jack Pease" every possible adulation. I can't imagine that Joe had anything to learn about her ghastly tempers & shoutings - definitely mad on those lines like her father. He (Joe) suffered enough from them as did anyone near her & she turned Miriam as a child into a hysterical bag of nerves - her shrieks also used to resound through Hutton when they were staying there. (All this may be so, but my mother would never hear a bad word said against Elsie who had never shown her anything but friendship and kindness. When I told this to Veronica [Joe's widow], she [Veronica] said that her mother-in-law could be very charming to people even if she considered them non-U - but my mother was no fool and was an excellent judge of character). ... For JWP to tell your father his wasn't a good life! & his proved to be a very good one - I was so often puzzled by his (Father's) hatred & scorn of Hutton - its stuffiness & expenditure - At last I have the solution of the puzzle & I find it the most extraordinary thing that such a posdition could possibly have been made by the father of such an outstanding son, about whom there could be no illusions as to his popularity, & various abilities & worth. There have been few such men in the world, & everyone else knew it & appreciated it. But after all, JWP let my mother practically die of lack of care due to their poverty - merely because he didn't like her marrying a poor 3rd son to him unknown - I told you he gave her £400 a year (No - in an earlier letter it was £200) & at that time he was a millionaire and the smash removed that.

Undated: Probably Jan. 1958. ... My great recollection of Uncle Alfred's bitterness at being ruined - without having been consulted in any way - or being aware of the desperate conditions. The notes suggest he did know & I feel cvonvinced he didn't & both sons were kept outside and not allowed to interfere until too late. I should say JWP was always secretive & intensely obstinate. Also I always understood that the National Provincial made an offer of support which came too late, it was certainly told me at the time, but I suppose the position was all too hopeless by then for any offer to help. Probably Barclays preferred to have the Bank than let the NP have it?

(i. The National provincial Bank said, but only after the crash, "Why didn't you come to us; we would have helped you?" ii. Barclays were interested in winning one or two large bank accounts [esp. the NER account] held with J & J W Pease).

I find the list of guarantors an extremely generous one - & great credit to past credit, don't you? ... (The Guarantor subscribers offered funds subject to Pease creditors abandoning bankruptcy proceedings, and to so ensure that at least a proportion of the Bank and other debts were settled. The subscribers to the Guarantee Fund did indeed show extreme generosity). ... Of course I knew Beatrice couldn't stand against Portsmouthwho was a horrible character - & she was terrified of him - He only married her for her money - later was furious when they had no children and bullied her outrageously & before people. It is strange we should only know these things so very long after - & I am very glad to have this knowledge - such as it is - & then it had best go into oblivion, and those who have risen above it, & carried on the good name of Pease be remembered - chief among them your father who paid most dearly for it all, and remained always his respected self whether rich or living on dry bread as they did for a while - literally & symbolically at Pinchinthorpe directly after the smash, when we at Hutton were outwardly going On as usual for a good many weeks "to keep up credit" I was told - a bit late in the day. But we had no cash at all since we had no bank, & I have often wondered what paid for things in those weeks? Oliver (JWP's butler) lent JWP cash for he was absolutely devoted to him, touchingly devoted & so remained until JWP died -& what became of Oliver I never heard. The perfect example of faithful servant ... (Oliver died Feb. 1925)

My own summing up, not necessarily right, is that JWP started with a sort of patriarchal idea of of family money, & felt he had a sort of divine right to keep it in his own hands, particularly when it was a large amount, & he had built up Beatrice's fortune to that, & really resented anyone else handling it. Anyone would have told him what Portsmouth was - & everyone knew he had married her for her money - & if JWP had been able to overcome his desire to handle it - any wise man would have resigned the trusteeship years before the trouble began. He had not got that passionate devotion to look after the very small portions doled out to his daughters, but very definitely had to Beatrice's fortune. (It might be true to say, that so long as JWP held the reins of power, he was much sought after, and able to bask in the status and adulation that goes with such power - of family and political and business friends alike. Hand over that power to his sons and his own status would have been diminished. Having held the reins of power almost exclusively since a young man, and having been courageous with it, [it must be said], facing great financial and business difficulties at many times, and encouraged by others, he became convinced of his own supreme invincibility. He was not the first man and will not be the last, to fall victim to excessive belief in his own invincibility).

... Beatrice, a good but very stupid woman, was flattered (by P), & our grandmother was always ambitious. I had - before my fire - a letter from the old (5th) Lord Portsmouth to my

grandmother after the engagement which made odd reading - in view of later events ... I remember well on mu luckless 21st birthday, a public discussion before me - not particularly tactful - whether I could be given a small pendant they had al subscribed to give me (my mother had practically nothing), or whether it belonged to the creditors. Finally it was decided to give it to me - as only the married & Aunt Maud had contributed!!

30th Jan. 1958. ... You have given me much to reflect on, for the people you quote were well known to me & I can't see why any of them had any claim to be desirable - in a financial capacity - & am very surprised at one or two & will take them separately.

Wilsons - in my day living in the old Nunthorpe Hall - quite a small house by the roadside - I always understood in impoverished circumstances - their niece was May Beaumont Pease - relatively an heiress - married for her money quite young, Cyril Butler, uncle of R A Butler of today. Her governess (a heavenly woman to whom I owe an immense debt - she is now dead), came to me as governess when May married - & she & I very often drove over to see the Wilsons - and the married son - Theodore - living in a small villa at Marton - I always understood their finances had gone smash, & they were simple unassuming folk - very nice - but why Theodore should have been "Managing" is beyond me (Managing what? Wilson Pease & Co?). As to the Butlers, their father and mother were at Trinity, Cambridge - Dr Butler - wife Agneta Ramsay - first woman urangler - & again very nice quiet people who I used to see at Cyril & May's house in London - they had 3 brilliant sons - Sir Harcourt Butler, Governor of the Central Provinces India, Sir Montague Butler, Gov. Burma both until given up - & Sir Cyril Butler who devoted himself to money making - with May's fortune & had (a) high civilian position in the First War, & he and May had a vast estate near Swindon & went in for pictures, objects of art & prize cattle.

Edwin Fox was a loud voiced swaggering ostentatious man - I always detested - living at Pinchinthorpe Hall - & I should imagine, a highly dubious character financially. What was he doing in the pie?

When I was first taken to Hutton to live after my mother's early death - aged 7 - the dales were very much to the fore - what Sir David's job was I don't know, because after some years they disappeared from our lives - I think they must both have died (Sir David Dale died 1906) ... Sir David was an ugly dull little man - might easily have been a Jew but was probably an industrial magnate of sorts. Anyway they disappeared completely, as I am bound to say, did most of Grannie's friends (Grannie & Lady Dale [Annie, the first wife] were great friends) for she (Grannie) was the attraction of life at Hutton. After her death - it became super dull & heavy & very few people came - & none of any interest - the latter went to Pinchinthorpe in numbers.

Uncle Lloyd (Pease) to whom I was devoted, steadily lost money - he was always inventing things which just didn't come off - I remember my father who knew nothing of business, being induced by him to invest in some sort of what today would be called prefabricated building, of material that proved not to be watertight - or practical. He did however, I believe, go far towards 'basic slag' production, from the slag tips but I don't know whether he made money ...

No I don't think Aunt Elsie ever intended to keep Hutton, for she loathed the place & didn't hesitate to say so. I remember that very distinctly, while Nunthorpe was in the early stages of being built to rival Blenheim! I think I told you I rode over to Nunthorpe alone with Grandpapa one summer day very near the end - & he let fly about it all as I had never heard him before, quite without restraint. If only the restraint had been forthcoming - very much earlier - long before such a horrible enterprise to satisfy the inordinate ambitions & absurdities of a quite uncontrolled woman.

10th Feb. 1958. ... Lady Alice (Havelock-Allan) was a ghastly old snob & did much I think to stir up trouble always - I only remember her once staying at Hutton - However, she was fond of Miriam & Joe & smuggled them into their house when (their) Grandpapa (Sir Henry Havelock-Allan) wouldn't have the "grocer's children" in the pace, & they weren't allowed to show lights at night in case he might discover their presence.

15th April, 1958. I have had a long & interesting letter from Fairfax-Blakeborough, & he has exactly caught the spirit of the Hutton days I knew & lived in, when he says "in the days when the Peases were looked upon almost as deities - in many respects they justified the regard in which they were held, & the pedestal on which they were placed - their name still lives in a sweet savour." That is pleasant reading - He writes a paregynic of your father who, as you know, he rightly worshipped as his beau ideal of a gentleman, sportsman, scholar, politician & judge - a very good summing up of a very unique man - I have never met his like.

25th Feb. 1959. I always found a certain thrill in the glare of the furnaces over Middlesbrough at night & still see pictures of a little man looking down on white hot streams of molten metal as the train ran through that arid area between Darlington & Middlesbrough ...

24th May, 1959. He (Alfred) & Lord Rosebery both suffered from thin skins & a hatred of criticism & the rough of politics - so different from Uncle Jack's exceptional tough hide - & complete

indifference to anything in order to get what he wanted. I suppose I must admit - his unscrupulousness - to be honest - the correct make up for the ambitions in the political world & elsewhere, as evident in the financial affairs of today ... I remember vividly Aunt Elsie coming into the drawing room at 44 Gro. Gdns. Full of that dreadful Margot's engagement to Herbert Asquith - it would have taken a lot to down Aunt Elsie, but I think Margot could outfight her anywhere, & was equally without scruple, & clever, which "the charming & well dressed Mrs Jack Pease" was not - adroit perhaps in her climbing powers, but definitely not clever in the Asquithian sense.

19th Nov. 1960. Referring to Liberal Radicals: ... I remember one agitator who came to Bridestowe to urge the 'people' to claim their rights to the village playing fied - being annexed by the Tory vicar - I was forbidden to speak to such a wicked & subversive man which puzzled my child's mind considerably - as my life when not there - was at Hutton, strictly & comfortably Liberal. But there there was no Tory vicars or squires & a general well-being amomong the estate folk. I well remember the first three socialist (Labour) MP's coming to stay for the week-end - quiet pleasant men - far from agitators - one an ex-mason from Norfolk, another a Newcastle Railway employee & the third I forget - Christopher & I expected them to be rugged & exciting. They were well fed - quiet & pleasant - travelled first (class)! ...

28th Nov. 1960. We used to call - what you call Bousdale Cottages - the Railway Cottages - & they were always the last call for Christopher and me to make on our whole Christmas Day occupation of leaving a parcel on everybody on the estate. We started at 10 A.M. - with my pony 'Icilcle' in the queer little cart - made at the farm workshop, & did the village & outliers - leaving a parcel in turn - then dressed up for a sumptuous lunch from 1 - 2, probably about 20 people (family) - then took off glad rags & started the other way - ending at the Railway Cottages about 4 - then glad rags for tea in the hall & copious children crawling & rambling everywhere after their nursery tea & at 5 P.M. our Bran Tub in the cooling room in the cellars, followed later by the staff's ditto - after we had had had a quick dinner & the children had gone to bed - It was my job to do all the parcels up which took about a week & I didn't choose - what objects were to be - sometimes almost impossible parcel however lavish with paper & string.

Bouquets seldom came my way at Hutton in Aunt Maud's days, but she gave me one - "At least if you can't do anything else you'll be able to earn your living doing up parcels!!" Once or twice we press ganged Lavender to come & help us but she wouldn't pull at all - You have made no reply as to that very astonishing Cousin Timothy Beaumont - Did you see the Guardian article on him? Joe wrote me that now I should see for myself why he (Tim Beaumont) left Eton for Gordonstown. He is certainly making 'Time & Tide) a very remarkable publication - like himself ...

29th Nov. 1960. Your second most interesting letter has come & I will continue your most interesting subjects. Your description of the London Streets & what that means has come in the same week with a letters from a young friend in Sussex - mother of 4 children under 12 - she says she has just been talking to her cousin - Lady Rachel Davidson (the Duke of Norfolk's sister) who has been launching her one daughter (17) in London Society - & has found the moral conditions there amongst the young - quite horrible & is aghast. She gave details which, however, Miranda Emmet (another sister of the Duke of Norfolk & friend of Elizabeth Adams sometime chief chemist at Horlicks) said she couldn't write on paper to me. So if this goes through everywhere, what is to be the future? I was startled when I heard that statement in the radio play - & was amazed that they had passed it (I don't know to what this referred). Recently I have often thought the BBC to be sailing far too near to the disgusting & coarse - Probably few of your "married couples" are married - at least from my experience of the Show World & others I have met in the last twenty years.

Marriage has largely become a farce - divorce after divorce sometimes just to keep in with the law. Apparently - if from the moment you leave school, unless you fall to these ways & object to promiscuity, you are written off as odd & more or less ostracised, particularly in Chelsea Art student circles & many of the would-be-intellectuals.

My only cousin on my father's side got bored with having no heir & carried on with his girl groom until his wife divorced him, & he married the girl - & had a daughter!

I confess I cannot see how Timothy Beaumont's (Now Lord Beaumont, a Clerk in Holy Orders, owner of 'Time & Tide' magazine, Sylvia's & my 2nd cousin) exhibitionist dress, & great riches fit in with any real Christian ideals - or in fact typify a very worth while Liberal! Time & Tide is clearly in transition & time alone can show the nature of its evolution. (It ceased publication as best I remember)

I only once in my life went down to Wards (from Bousdale Farm) by the old cow path you say is now bulldozed into a road.

The day after I got back from Devon (always a summer exile for me) in October (hence the reason Sylvia was never at Corndavon), probably about 12 y.o., we went, why I have no idea, blackberrying & mushrooming - over Bousdale & down that way to Pinchinthorpe - probably for tea, & I was enjoying life vastly & rejoicing in the north - although the blackberries were poor & hard compared to Devon! There were always good mushrooms in those fields round Pinchinthorpe (I can confirm that) but again, not so prolific as Devon. The last time I was in my pet mushroom field of my father's - was - it being large - taken over quickly for Labour Corps soldiers rescued from Dunkirk - & I was called on to go help entertain them all Sunday, provide sweets & cigarettes and religious services - as they were angry men - and talk to them - they were very RED indeed - but melted by ciargettes & friendly talk & didn't attend the RS's! It was a curious scene in that remote country with the long line of the northern Tors above us & the main line trains between. I often wonder what became of them all - they were a very rough lot & had had an awful time. In those days I saw Indians detrain their mules at Bridestowe & let them graze & drink on the moor - before "proceeding".

28th Mar. 1961. ... In my young days, Great Aunt Gurney Pease lived at, I think, Woodside, Darlington & had 3 children (No, 5). Her husband (Gurney Pease, JWP's brother) was dead. The

eldest son was Wilson (No) who did nothing in particular (He was a barrister) - the second (Harold) was mad & married a girl (Gwen Butler, whose parents lived at Ayton Hall) he certainly shouldn't have (I was a bridesmaid) & subsequently tried to kill her in the Grosvenor Hotel & he was shut up again, & she came down west to live. Her brother & sister were also mad & were shut up. Their mother was a Leatham - was very masculine & wore a billycock & smoked - I always remember when she did this horrible deed in the hall at Hutton where nop smoking was, except "for gentlemen" in the billiard room, & that under protest & disapproval - & our grandfather came in unexpectedly ... (JWP was President of the Anti-Tobacco League - while my father smoked 1,000 Egyptian cigarettes per month)

The children of Gurney & Katherine Pease in correct order of birth was:

1. Harold Gurney Pease 1864-1928 who married Gwen Butler 1876-1957

2. Katherine (Katie) M Pease 1866-1935 who married William S Routledge 1859-1939

3. Wilson Pease 1867-1923 who married Caroline Joanna Fowler 1864-1922

4. Lilian Pease 1869-1949 who married Charles Leslie Fox 1865-1933

5. John Henry Pease 1871-1939 who married Louise Lambert 1871-1959.

22nd Nov. 1961. I do appreciate your offer to type (the first part of Sylvia's autobiography unfinished before she died within 6 months of this date) - but the enthusiast who came down to see me said I needn't bother to have it typed as he could read my writing quite easily. I have got all the information I want in my head, such as it is - & I am doing it as advised - ib sections - it falls easily into 7 year period(s) & they are keen on the early periods as that apparently is fashionable today in memoir books!

So far I have tried to be 1-7 years old & 7 - 14, not quite finished & 14 - 21 brought the greatest changes. If it ever eventuates its name will be Zig-Zag, but it is a moot point whether I shall live long enough to complete, but I can but try. I find it very nostalgic trying to re-live the early happy Hutton days - when such a downfall as that of 1902 would have seemed entirely beyond belief. As Christopher & I often said, even in the last years 'anyway there is always Hutton' - and with no warning whatever to us it crashed in one day of our lives. Business was never talked about & we literally knew nothing of impending possibilities - & then everything crashed about our heads, bang - I don't think even Uncle Alfred had any real idea of what was coming.

I preume Uncle Jack had, as he managed to have funds outside England & quickly became rich again, always a very mysterious happening (This is just a further development in Sylvia's conspiracy theory which has no basis in fact)...

I have been reading a remarkable article by Timothy (Beaumont) in the 'Bristol Weekly' - a paper new to me but published for seventy years - He is certainly prolific in putting forward his ideas - strange & otherwise - but I wish he didn't add a Rolls-Royce & a perpetual carnation button hole to his version of Christianity -

I often wonder what his wife is like - & if she approves it all.

Joe has relapsed into one of his silent zones -

Further Notes by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Secretary, Dartmoor Pony Society.
- She was awarded with MBE. JP.
- She worked as a Governor of Seale Hayne Agricultural College, Devon.
- She was Church of England then Roman Catholic.

9-Sir Alfred Edward Pease 2nd Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{2,15,109,112,121,122,126,145,213,214,239,240,241,242} was born on 29 Jun 1857 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 27 Apr 1939 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 81, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Sir Alfred Edward Pease, FRGS, FZS, 2nd Bt. was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge. He held the office of Member of Parliament for York between

1885 and 1892. Lieutenant of the City of London. He held the office of Member of Parliament for Cleveland between 1897 and 1902. He held the office of Lieutenant of City of London. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant of the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of Resident Magistrate [Transvaal] between 1903 and 1905. He succeeded to the title of 2nd Baronet Pease, of Hutton Lowcross and Pinchinthorpe, co. York [U.K., 1882] on 23 June 1903. He gained the rank of officer in 1914 in the service of the Army Remount Service.. Publications: Cleveland Hounds, 1887. Biskra and Oases of the Zibans, 1893. Hunting Reminiscences, 1898. The Badger, 1898. Ex Umbris, 1900. Horse Breeding for Farmers, 1902. Travels and Sport in Africa, 1902. A Private Memoir of Sir Thomas Fowler Bart., 1905. Rachel Gurney of the Grove, 1907. The Diaries of Edward Pease, 1907. 15 Books of Old Recipes as used in the Pease and Gurney Households in the XVIIIth Century, 1912. The Book of the Lion, 1914. My Son Christopher, 1919. Memoir of Edmund Loder, 1922. Travelled Asia Minor 1891. Algenia, Tunisis and Sahara, 1892-1893-1894-1898. Somaliland, 1895-1896-1897. Abyssinia, 1900-1901. Sudan, 1906. BEA and Uganda, 1907-1908-1909-1911.

Pease, Sir Alfred Edward, second baronet (1857–1939), politician and sportsman, was born at Woodlands, Darlington, on 29 June 1857, the second of the eight children, and the eldest son, of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, first baronet (1828–1903), businessman and Liberal MP for Barnard Castle, co. Durham (1885–1903), and his wife, Mary Fox (d. 1892). He was born into an established Darlington Quaker family which figured prominently in the politics and economy of the region. His father, uncle, and grandfather were all Liberal members of parliament, and both he and his younger brother Joseph Albert (Jack) Pease, who became Baron Gainford (1917), followed in this tradition. Pease was educated at Grove House, Tottenham, and entered Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1876, graduating BA in 1880 (MA, 1883). On 10 February 1880 he married Helen Ann (Nellie) Fowler (1858–1910), third daughter of Sir Robert Nicholas Fowler, first baronet, banker, and Conservative politician; they had two sons and a daughter. Pease entered business and became a director of the family firm, Pease & Partners Ltd, and of the National Provident Institution. He was an alderman of the North Riding from 1889 to 1937, and a deputy lieutenant for both the North Riding and London.

In 1885 Pease was elected Liberal MP for York, which he represented until his defeat at the 1892 general election; he was defeated there again in 1895. In January 1897, while travelling in Somaliland, he was elected for the Cleveland division of the North Riding and sat until 1902, when he accepted the Chiltern Hundreds. Though designated a Liberal, Pease preferred the appellation 'whig', and defended with gusto the principle of a ruling class whose members were born and bred in the traditions of government. At the same time he admired Gladstone and steadfastly supported Irish home rule, free trade, and temperance. Much happier in the Victorian political world than in the Edwardian, Pease opposed the 'people's budget' of 1909 as a 'socialist' measure. Believing that Asquith was 'out for the "Labour" vote' and had taken 'Lloyd George and Limehouse to his bosom', he severed links with the party of 'neo-Liberalism' (Pease, Elections, 301). By this date, however, Pease's political career was over. During the 1890s the family textile business had gone into decline; when its failure became public in 1902 Pease resigned his seat. It was a humbling turn of fortune for one whose coming of age in 1878 had been celebrated with a party for 800 at his father's mansion, Hutton Hall, in Yorkshire. Although Pease avoided bankruptcy, only desperate measures enabled him to save Pinchinthorpe House, his Yorkshire home, from the creditors. In straitened circumstances he sought employment abroad and he was wryly amused when help eventually came from a political opponent and not from a political friend.

In 1903, the year that Pease succeeded to his father's baronetcy, Lord Milner, of whom he had been highly critical during the South African War, appointed him resident magistrate in the Barberton district of the Transvaal. After a period of service there in 1903–5, he pursued several speculative business ventures, including an ostrich farm in Africa, before settling again in England. Although none of his money-making schemes took off, Pease was able to live the remainder of his life as a gentleman of means. After the death of his first wife he married on 28 September 1912 Laure Marianne (1868–1922), daughter of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny. There were no children. During the 1914–18 war he served with the remount service and in September 1918, after his younger son had been killed in action, he joined the Church of England. His second wife died in January 1922 and on 1 August of that year, to the mild scandal of his friends and family, he married his nurse, Emily Elizabeth Smith (1897–1979), forty years his junior; they had three surviving children, two sons and a daughter.

In his memoir Elections and Recollections (1932) Pease has left a candid record of political life at the end of the nineteenth century. He had scant regard for the reputations of some famous contemporaries and wrote of John Morley: 'With all his historical and literary attainments, I never knew a distinguished man so destitute of any understanding of our race, or indeed any other' (Pease, Elections, 97). The book reveals Pease as an unflinching advocate of condign punishment: he was convinced of the deterrent value of heavy sentences— what he termed 'the mercy of severity'— and supported flogging.

A fine horseman and an ardent fox-hunter Pease wrote an entertaining history of the hunt to which he most commonly rode: The Cleveland Hounds as a Trencher-Fed Pack (1887). Hunting inspired some of his best writing, and his Half a Century of Sport (1932) recounts diverse exploits abroad, including the pursuit of lion in Africa, ibex in the Pyrenees, and Barbary sheep in Algeria— Pease rated the latter as one of the most difficult game to hunt. In England he found time to shoot, stalk, and follow otterhounds, and his Hunting Reminiscences (1898) has detailed chapters on hare, fox, cub, and badger hunting. Although Pease had no qualms about digging for badger, he denounced badger-baiting as 'a cruel and brutalizing sport'. He believed that 'all genuine sportsmen have something of the naturalist in their composition', and in parliament advocated an extension of the legislation to protect wild birds (Pease, Hunting Reminiscences, 236). Pease's attachment to the countryside of the North Riding is conveyed strongly in his Dictionary of the Dialect of the North Riding of Yorkshire (1928), an authoritative account on the subject. Pease died at his home at Pinchinthorpe in Guisborough, Yorkshire, on 27 April 1939.

Mon 10 April 1882 - (EASTER) Hounds finished the season as usual on this day, but I had to go to Darlington with Father; We went to West Lodge, and there we found Henry Fell, Dale & Fletcher seated round the dining room table, there we agreed to turn the Collieries and Ironstone departments into a Limited Company to be called Pease & Partners, to consist of as original partners Joseph Whitwell Pease, Arthur Pease, Henry Fell Pease, David Dale, E.H. Pease, Alfred Edward Pease & Joseph Albert Pease Capital £2.250m & so forth in detail. I only hope- they will turn it into a public company and father will get rid of some of his shares. He has been looking about & pulling up his expenditure the last day or two as we have shown him that his financial condition is not very satisfactory. Got £10 from Lord Queensberry as the balance of the price I asked (£150) for 'Jerry-go-Nimble' more than a year ago, This was to be paid on condition he won a race value £50 - & he won the Melton Town Purse on 31st March carrying Lord Q. 13 stone.

Tues 22 Dec 1891 - To the Canon Street Hotel where I lunched with the N.P.I. Board after my election by the Policy Holders & a speech in wh. I referred to the Instn. being originally founded by Quakers, my being the youngest member of the Board.

It is not always easy, I have been told, work harmoniously with a colleague of the same

way of thinking in the Joint representation of a single constituency. Pease and Lockwood never found any difficulty, and were as devoted to one another as brothers ought to be. Sir Frank Lockwood-A biographical sketch. Augustine Birrell.

Pease, Alfred Edward.

Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 7, 1876. [Eldest] s. of Joseph Whitwell [M.P.], later [1st] Bart. [of Pinchinthorpe] and of Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorks. (and Mary, dau. of Alfred Fox, of Falmouth).

B. [June 29], 1857, at Darlington.

School, Grove House, Tottenham, London (private). Matric. Michs. 1876; B.A. 1880; M.A. 1883.

M.P. for York, 1885-92; for the Cleveland Div. of Yorks., 1897-1902.

Succeeded as 2nd Bart., 1903.

Resident Magistrate in the Transvaal, 1903-5. An early settler in Kenya; Head of Native Affairs.

Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Remount Service). Of Hutton Hall and Pinchinthorpe, Yorks.

Married (1) Feb. 10, 1880, Helen Anne, dau. of Sir Robert N. Fowler, 1st Bart. (and sister and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Fowler, 2nd and last Bart.), and had issue; (2) Sept. 28, 1912, Laure Marianne, yst. dau. of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny; (3) 1922, Emily Elizabeth Smith, adopted dau. of James Smith, of Thornaby-in-Cleveland. A Quaker.

Lieut. for the City and D.L., London.

J.P. and D.L. for the N. Riding of Yorks.

F.R.G.S.; F.Z.S. Breeder, big game hunter, and all-round sportsman.

In his youth rode in point-to-point races, and won steeple and hurdle races in S. Africa.

Author, The Book of the Lion; The Badger; Horse-breeding for Farmers; A Dictionary of the Dialect of the N. Riding of Yorkshire; Half a Century of Sport; etc. Died Apr. 27, 1939, at Pinchinthorpe House.

Brother of Joseph A. (1878); father of Edward (1900). (Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Who's Who in Local Government; Who's Who; The Turf's Who's Who; The Times, Apr. 28, 1939.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL JP FRGS FZS.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Trinity College in Cambridge.
- He worked as a Sportsman, Politician, Author & Diarist.
- He worked as a Partner in J. & J.W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Member of the Guisborough Board of Guardians before 1881.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for York in 1885-1892.
- He worked as a Director of the National Provident Institution on 22 Dec 1891.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cleveland in 1897-1902.

- He was Quaker then Anglican on 3 Jul 1916.
- He worked as a JP for the North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Lieutenant for the City of London.
- He worked as a Deputy Lieutenant (DL) London.
- He worked as a Deputy Lieutenant (DL) North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Alderman for the North Riding of Yorkshire in 1889-1937.
- He worked as a Resident Magistrate 1903 To 1905 in Barberton, Transvaal, South Africa.
- He resided at Villa Mercedes 3 Nov 1905 to 29 Apr 1906 in Capri, Italy.
- He resided at Kitanga 1908 To 1912 in Machakos, Kenya.
- He had a residence in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire.

Alfred married **Helen Ann Fowler**,^{2,109,112,214,242} daughter of **Sir Robert Nicholas Fowler 1st Bt**^{2,44,109,123,214,242} and **Sarah Charlotte Fox**,^{44,109,123,214,242} on 10 Feb 1880 in Corsham, Wiltshire. Helen was born on 4 Dec 1858 in Tottenham, London, died on 4 Nov 1910 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 51, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire. They had three children: **Edward, Christopher York**, and **Lavender Mary**.

Marriage Notes: **10 Feb 1880 Tues:** Alfred's wedding day; (word unclear) morning - but it came out a beautiful day. He & Albert & Creighton were at Corsham, all went off as well as could be. Nellie made a sweet Bride she had 6 sisters in blue velvet, six of our own girls in red velvet. Albert was solitary best man, Creighton who married them gave them, a beautiful exhortation instead of that out of the Prayer Book, from Church we all went to Elm Grove and were soon at Dejeuner; of my own people in addition to Bridegroom, Albert & 6 girls & wife, Jane & Emma Pease, Arthur & Mary, John, Helen & Ella, Joseph & Marianna Fox, Howard & Blanche Fox, Mr & Mrs J.C. Dimsdale, Linton, the Vicar, Creighton, Philip D. Tuckett, John E. Fowler & Emma Mary, Robert Fowler, Alfred & Bessie Waterhouse; John William, proposed their health, Alfred responded quietly, "Jack" did his best, Robert, Philip, Creighton, Linton & I were also up. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Married by Rev. Dr. Mandell Creighton, 10 Feb 1880, Corsham, Wiltshire.

10-Sir Edward Pease 3rd Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{109,214,239,243} was born on 15 Dec 1880 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 14 Jan 1963 in Hutton Lowcross, Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Sudan Civil Service 1903-1911. Resigned in 1911 and the 2nd KEH. Wounded in Flanders 1915. 2nd Lt. Staff Mesopotamia 1917. 1st Lt. 6th E. Lancs. Regt. Salonika, 1918-1919. Club-Brooks.

Pease, Edward.

Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 25, 1900. [Eldest] s. of Alfred Edward (1876), later 2nd Bart., of Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorks. (by his 1st wife, Helen Anne, dau. of Sir Robert N. Fowler, 1st Bart.).

B. there [Dec. 15], 1880.

School, Winchester (scholar). Matric. Michs. 1901; Scholar, 1902.

In the Sudan Civil Service (Nile and Red Sea), 1903-11.

Farming in East Africa, 1911-14.

Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Trooper, King Edward's Horse, 1915; wounded; Second Lieut., 1917; Lieut., 1918; Assistant Police Officer, 1917-19). Succeeded his father as 3rd Bart., Apr. 27, 1939.

Married, Nov. 20, 1919, Ida Mary, dau. of J. Lawrance, of Cambridge.

Of Lowcross Gate, Hutton, Guisborough, Yorks., in 1952.

(Winchester Coll. Reg.; Burke, P. and B.; Walford, County Families; Who's Who; Kelly, Handbook.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester. Trinity, Cambridge.
- He was a Quaker.

- He worked as a member of the Sudan Service in 1903-1911.
- He worked as a Farmer in 1911-1914 in Kitanga, Machakos, Kenya.
- He worked as a Trooper in the King Edward's Horse in 1914-1917.
- He worked as an officer of the King Edward's Horse in 1917-1919.

Edward married Ida Mary Lawrence,²¹⁴ daughter of James Lawrence and Emma Elizabeth Clark, on 20 Nov 1919. Ida was born on 21 Apr 1887, died on 27 Jan 1980 in Lowcross Gate, Hutton Lowcross, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 92, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

10-Christopher York Pease^{15,214,239} was born on 24 Jun 1886 in 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, London, died on 9 May 1918 in Givenchy, France. Killed in action. at age 31, and was buried in Mazingarbe Cemetery, Pas de Calais, France. Grave III.C.8.

General Notes: Educated at Horris Hill and Winchester. Director of Pease and Partners Ltd. Gazetted 2nd Lt. 1st Yorkshire Hussars 23 Sept 1914. Promoted Lt. 1 jun 1916. Attached to the West Yorkshire Regiment in August 1917 and killed in action near Givenchy, 9 May 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He was educated at Horris Hill School in Newbury, Berkshire.
- He was educated at Winchester.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners.
- He worked as an Officer of the Yorkshire Hussars Yeomanry.
- He had a residence in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham.

Christopher married Margaret Phillipa Johnson,²¹⁴ daughter of Walter Johnson⁷⁶ and Margaret Florence Bell, on 20 Dec 1910 in Arncliffe Church, Northallerton, Yorkshire. Margaret was born on 6 Apr 1887 in Rounton Grange, Northallerton, Yorkshire and died on 10 Jun 1959 in Northallerton, Yorkshire at age 72. They had two children: Rachel Hebe Phillipa and Ingram Edward.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in The Hollins, Rounton, Northallerton, Yorkshire.

11-Rachel Hebe Phillipa Pease²¹⁴ was born on 19 Dec 1911 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire and died on 6 Sep 1999 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 87.

General Notes: "I heard yesterday of the death on 6th Sept. in Hobart, Tasmania of my half-niece Rachel Smith aged 87. She was the daughter of Christopher York Pease (k. 1918), Father's second son by his first marriage. We had corresponded over many years, and most recently over the Alfred Waterhouse table mystery. Over the last two or three years, she had suffered a couple of what she called mini strokes, which appeared (from her writing) not to have seriously incapacitated her, and which she dismissed in much the same light vein as though she had had a cough. What she didn't tell me, was that she had been operated on for cancer and had more recently developed secondary cancer which was inoperable. She died though within two or three hours of suffering a massive stroke without regaining consciousness, which mercifully, spared her from a slow death from cancer. Her husband who is three years younger, will be bereft and summoning the courage to carry on in a void, most difficult." Note, Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Rachel married Prof. Richard Selby-Smith, son of Selby Smith and Anne Rachel Rawlins, on 3 Aug 1940 in Northallerton, Yorkshire. Richard was born on 13 Jun 1914 in Barming, Kent and died on 22 Oct 2005 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 91. They had two children: Christopher and Peter.

General Notes: Professor Selby Smith was a Classics Master at Milton Academy, Massachusetts, USA, 1938-39; Classics Master at Sedbergh School, Yorkshire, 1939-40; worked with Kent Education Committee, 1946-50; Deputy Chief Education Officer, Warwickshire Education Committee, 1950-53; Principal of Scotch College, 1953-1964.

During World War II, Professor Selby Smith served in the Royal Navy from 1940-1946. Having enlisted as an Ordinary Seaman, he was commissioned as a Lieutenant Commander in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve in 1944.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Deputy Chief Education Officer, Warwickshire Education Committee 1950 To 1953.

- He emigrated to Australia in 1953.
- He worked as a Principal of Scotch College 1953 To 1964 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.
- He worked as a Professor of Education & Founding Dean of the Faculty of Education, Monash University 1964 To 1971 in Victoria.
- He worked as a Principal of the Tasmanian College of Advanced Education 1971 To 1973.
- He worked as a Professor of Education and Dean of Faculty, University of Tasmania 1974 To 1978.

12-Professor Christopher Selby-Smith was born on 29 Jul 1942 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent and died on 15 Sep 2007 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Scotch College, Melbourne 1953 To 1960.
- He worked as a Director Australian Council for Education.

Christopher married Joy Miriam McGeehan. They had two children: David Richard and Hugh Thomas.

13-David Richard Selby-Smith

13-Hugh Thomas Selby-Smith

12-Peter Selby-Smith

Peter married Joan Holroyd, daughter of John Holroyd. They had three children: Anne Jane, Andrew, and Robyn Clare.

13-Anne Jane Selby-Smith

13-Andrew Selby-Smith

13-Robyn Clare Selby-Smith

11-Pilot Officer Ingram Edward Pease²¹⁴ was born on 28 Feb 1914 in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Feb 1939 in Bishop Hill, Kinross, Scotland (Flying Accident) at age 24, and was buried on 22 Feb 1939 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: City of Edinburgh Fighter squadron He was killed whilst flying Hawker Hind, K6819 of No 603 Sqn AuxAF when he flew into Bishop Hill near Kinross in bad visibility.

No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron. Ingram Edward PEASE is granted a commission as Pilot Officer, -11th Jan. 1939.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sandroyd School in Cobham, Surrey.
- He was educated at Winchester.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford University.
- He was educated at Studying Veterinary medicine in Edinburgh University.
- He worked as a Pilot Officer with No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

10-Lavender Mary Pease^{214,244} was born on 24 Jun 1889 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 25 Apr 1989 at age 99, and was buried in Cremated. Edinburgh Crematorium.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Northlands, Egham, Staines, Middlesex.

Lavender married Capt. Walter Sandfield Medlicott, ^{214,239,241,244} son of Henry Edmondstone Medlicott and Kate D'Oyley Gale, on 5 Oct 1910 in Guisborough, Yorkshire. Walter was born on 28 Aug 1879 in Sandfield, Potterne, Wiltshire, died on 24 Jun 1970 in Old Fodderlie, Hawick, Roxburghshire at age 90, and was buried in Edinburgh Crematorium. They had four children: Dionysia, Helen Victoria, Rosemary, and Stephen.

General Notes: MCC. Estate Agent. Was with his future father in law, Sir A E Pease in 1909 in BEA and with ex-President Theordore Roosevelt. He was in the Harrow XI in 1897 and 1898. He hit 87 in the first innings at Lord's, where Eton, having followed on 163 behind, were beaten by nine wickets. He gained his Blue at Oxford in 1902 and for a number of years assisted Wiltshire.

"To reach the Partridge Hill house, you had to leave the car about two fields away and reach the house on foot - there was no road, and there was no electricity. Old Fodderlie too was a very basic home, but did have the advantage of access via a terrible very deep rutted farm road to creep along at 5 mph taking care not to scrape the exhaust pipe off ones vehicle - no home refinements like central heating, and I think like Partridge Hill the only lighting was from paraffin lamps. In my childhood memory, my half-sister appeared to be a perpetual invalid - like her mother, she had TB in her younger years - but was cured after a spell at Leysin in Switzerland, and lived to within two months of her 100th birthday. Her husband, Sandy M, lived to almost 91 y.o. - and he smoked Woodbine cigarettes!"

Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He worked as an officer of the Northumberland Hussars.
- He worked as a Land agent.
- He had a residence in The Farm House, Normanby, Scunthorpe, Lincolnshire.
- He had a residence in Partridge Hill, Goathland, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Old Fodderlie, Hawick, Roxburghshire.

11-Dionysia Medlicott^{214,244} was born on 30 Aug 1914 in Normanby, Doncaster and died in 1998 in Jedburgh at age 84.

General Notes: "Until arthritis took a great hold, Diny used to come down each spring and do a round of calls on relatives. She was always chatty, loved her horses, and cared nothing in the slightest for the fancy things in life. She lived frugally, and didn't feed herself properly, 'a boiled egg will do' attitude, and had her meals (such as they were) always outdoors if fine, and in her little greenhouse if wet - For her 80th birthday, her niece (Rosemary's daughter) gave her two bean bags for each of her two dogs, and when she called to see Diny she found two dogs on one bean bag and Diny on the other. When her aunt Molly died (1980) and she was a beneficiary of half Molly's estate, she went over to Hutton and was asked by Molly's executor if she would like to take anything she particularly wanted. Yes, but there were only two things she said she would like. One was Molly's old bath sponge, the other her dressing gown! Not a book, not a bit of silver or even a chair. That was typical of Diny, a really splendid sort." Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Sparrow Hall, Rutherford, Kelso, Roxburghshire.

11-Helen Victoria Medlicott^{214,244} was born on 4 Jun 1916 in Devizes, Wiltshire and died on 4 Mar 2010 at age 93.

Helen married Walter Mark Johnson,²⁴⁴ son of Lt. Col. Walter Lyulph Johnson^{76,150} and Alice Hilda Lupton,⁷⁶ on 6 Sep 1939 in Goathland, Yorkshire. Walter was born on 24 Aug 1915 in Hutton Rudby and died on 3 Sep 2003 at age 88. They had four children: David Mark, Martin Stephen, Walter Sandy, and Alan Philip.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Rutherford Farm, Kelso, Roxburghshire. TD5 8NP.

12-David Mark Johnson

David married someone. He had three children: Nicola, Sarah, and James.

13-Nicola Johnson

13-Sarah Johnson

13-James Johnson

12-Martin Stephen Johnson

Martin married **Ruth**. They had two children: **Harriet** and **Olivia**.

13-Harriet Johnson

Harriet married Al Busby. They had three children: Nell, Iris, and Arthur.

14-Nell Busby

14-Iris Busby

14-Arthur Busby

13-Olivia Johnson

12-Walter Sandy Johnson was born on 5 Nov 1947 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 1967 in Australia. In a riding accident at age 20.

12-Dr. Alan Philip Johnson

Alan married Louise. They had three children: Emily, Camilla, and Settno.

13-Emily Johnson

13-Camilla Johnson

13-Settno Johnson

11-Rosemary Medlicott²⁴⁴ was born on 10 Nov 1922 in Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire and died in May 1990 in Isle of Ske. Drowned in the sea having fallen from rocks. at age 67.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Motorcycle ambulance outrider in 1940 in France.

Rosemary married **Maj. Edward Godfrey Bird**,²⁴⁴ son of **Capt. Frederick Godfrey Bird RN** and **Elizabeth Whitlock**, on 6 Apr 1946 in Goathland, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 4 Feb 1915 in London and died on 22 Jun 1959 at age 44. They had three children: **Charles Godfrey, Harmony**, and **George Godfrey**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They worked as a Farmers in West Fodderlie, Bonchester Bridge, Hawick, Roxburghshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

12-Charles Godfrey Bird

Charles married Patricia Goodsir. They had four children: Jennifer, Julie, Rona, and Hayley.

13-Jennifer Bird

13-Julie Bird

Julie married Patterson. They had three children: Skye, Corrie, and Hector.

14-Skye Patterson

14-Corrie Patterson

14-Hector Patterson

13-Rona Bird

13-Hayley Bird

Hayley married someone. She had two children: Rosie and Kaya.

14- **Rosie**

14- Kava

Charles married **Dawn**.

12-Harmony Bird

Harmony married William Henry Richardson. They had two children: Kiri Anne and Edward Robert.

13-Kiri Anne Richardson

13-Edward Robert Richardson

12-George Godfrey Bird

Rosemary next married Charles Douglas Scott on 17 Feb 1961 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Charles died in 1989. They had two children: Alexander William Douglas and Walter Stephen Douglas.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer in Falla, Jedburgh.

12-Alexander William Douglas Scott

Alexander married Wendy Wilson. They had two children: Finlay and Millie.

13-Finlay Scott

13-Millie Scott

12-Walter Stephen Douglas Scott

11-Stephen Medlicott²¹⁴ was born on 23 Apr 1925 in Goathland, Yorkshire, died on 7 Dec 1926 in Goathland, Yorkshire at age 1, and was buried on 9 Dec 1926 in Goathland, Yorkshire.

Alfred next married Laure Marianne Sugnet de Montmagny, daughter of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny and Henriette Lina Jomini, on 25 Sep 1912 in Hotel de Ville, Lausanne, Switzerland. Laure was born on 10 Nov 1868 in Yverdon, Switzerland, died on 25 Jan 1922 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 53, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

Alfred next married Emily Elizabeth Smith,²¹⁴ daughter of Unnamed and Rosetta Smith, on 1 Aug 1922 in Darlington, County Durham. Emily was born on 26 Feb 1897 in Thornaby on Tees, County Durham, died on 26 Mar 1979 in Guisborough Hospital, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried on 28 Mar 1979 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire. They had four

children: Anne Phillida, Judith, Alfred Vincent, and Joseph Gurney.

General Notes: Daughter of Rosetta Smith and father unknown. Adopted by her maternal grandparents aand raised as one of their own. She trained as a nurse and in 1922, when she was nursing both Alfred and Laure Pease through pneumonia, Laure died. Alfred recovered sufficiently well, that he married Emily Elizabeth, (who was always known as Betty), on the 1st August that same year.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a JP.
- She was nominally Church of England.

10-Anne Phillida Pease

Anne married **Major Edward Mark Chetwynd-Stapylton**, son of **Richard Chetwynd-Stapylton** and **Vera Helen Maitland-Makgill-Crichton**, on 20 Feb 1946 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 23 Nov 1919 in Red Lodge, Berkhamstead, Hertfordshire and died on 1 Jul 1995 in Lewes, East Sussex at age 75. They had three children: **Judy Anne, Phillida Helen**, and **Joanna Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester.
- He was educated at Magdalene College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the King's Royal Rifle Corps on 1 Oct 1939.

11-Judy Anne Chetwynd-Stapylton

Judy married John Trevor Lambert. They had two children: Sophie Alice Doanda and Hannah Madelaine Harriet.

12-Sophie Alice Doanda Lambert

Sophie married Leo Mowat Chesterton, son of Andrew Venn Mowat and Joanna Mary Warcup. They had two children: Matilda Daisy and Rafferty Lambert.

13-Matilda Daisy Chesterton

13-Rafferty Lambert Chesterton

12-Hannah Madelaine Harriet Lambert

Hannah married Thomas Michael Leybourne Parker, son of Evan Parker and Elaine. They had one son: Freddie Zebedee Lambert.

13-Freddie Zebedee Lambert Parker

11-Phillida Helen Chetwynd-Stapylton

11-Joanna Elizabeth Chetwynd-Stapylton

Joanna married Kim Stephen Fuller. They had one daughter: Jessie Alison.

12-Jessie Alison Fuller

Joanna next married Nigel John Boyce Armstrong.

10-Judith Pease²¹⁴ was born on 16 Jan 1925 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 11 Apr 1925 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

10-Sir Alfred Vincent Pease 4th Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{23,44,115,149,163,210,214,218,245} was born on 2 Apr 1926 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 23 Sep 2008 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried in Ashes scattered at Roseberry Topping & Newton under Roseberry. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School.

10-Sir Joseph Gurney Pease 5th Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe

Joseph married Shelagh Munro Bulman, daughter of Cyril Gounod Bulman^{246,247} and Sarah Jane Armstrong,.²⁴⁷ They had two children: Charles Edward Gurney and Jane Elizabeth Gurney.

11-Charles Edward Gurney Pease

Charles was the partner of Dr. Theresa Wade, daughter of Trevor James Wade and Mary Hasney, in 2004-2015. Theresa was born on 26 Apr 1986 in Southern General Hospital, Glasgow, Renfrewshire, Scotland, died on 28 Oct 2015 in Craignure, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland at age 29, and was buried on 12 Nov 2015 in Suidhe Cemetery, Bunessan, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland. The cause of her death was tragically, in a road traffic accident.

General Notes: Tragic loss of Mull's only Vet

The reason why Oban Lifeboat was tasked by Stornoway Coastguard to transport Police Scotland officers to the Isle of Mull in the small hours of Thursday morning was the saddest possible. The evening before, Wednesday 28th October, shortly after 8pm, 29 year old Vet, Theresa Wade, was on her way home from work when her van was involved in a fatal collision on the road between Craignure and Fishnish with a Maserati.

Ms Wade died.

The Maserati was driven by a man who, uninjured, refused at the scene to provide a breath test and refused again at a police station later.

The driver, named as Thomas Wainwright, has been charged with dangerous driving and with the two offences of refusing to provide a breath test. This is very much an island tragedy, with Theresa Wade an island girl who lived on the island with her partner and whose family had previously run a shop in the township of Bunessan on the Ross of Mull.

Update note: We had been informed by an island source that Ms Wade's parent 'run' a shop in Bunessan. What we were told, but misheard, was that they 'ran' a shop there - in the past but no longer. We apologise for this error.

Theresa Wade, BVMS(Hons)MRCVS, was a young lady who hailed from the village of Bunessan on the Isle of Mull. She came from a loving family, within a community, that accorded her every encouragement to pursue her childhood ambition to be the vet upon the Isle of Mull, her home. She worked her way through Bunessan primary school and later, moved to the High school in Oban, where once again she dedicated herself to her academic studies.

By hard won effort, she was awarded the Dux prize in her final year at High School, for academic achievement.

In consequence of her attainments, she was admitted to the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine at the University of Glasgow, where once again by hard won effort, she earned her degree, with Honours, as a Bachelor of Veterinary Medicine. She almost immediately, was invited to join the practice of the late Mr. Chris Evans, as a Veterinary Surgeon in Fort William. Three years later, she was invited by Mr. James Wilson on Mull, to take over his practice, that encompassed the entirety of the Isles of Mull, Iona and aspects of the mainland too. Shall we diminish a single aspect of her accomplishments?

She brought both credit and honour to her home, her community, her island, to Argyll and indeed to Scotland, by her hard won effort. Here, the community lies stunned and shattered by her loss.

Show me but one who may say otherwise, and we will show the hundreds, upon hundreds who will stand to her defence, that now she cannot tell. If this be Scotland, hold her remembrance in your arms and learn to cherish that which was something quite extraordinary. A girl who fought her way from a small community, to a position of huge responsibility before the age of 30.

The circumstances of her loss are a tragedy beyond measure.

I, as many more besides her family.... and more, now mourn this awful loss.

She was an exemplar of that which makes this nation hold its pride in all that might be good. Offer her a gentle prayer good friends. She was my partner.

Hot debate. What do you think? Thumb up 31 Thumb down 0

Charles E. G. Pease November 2, 2015 12:07 am Reply

I am so sorry for your loss. I only met Theresa once, when my sister and I were seeking help re her (my sister's) adopted cat. She (Theresa) was enchanting- her engagement with all animals was so obvious- she traced Gypsy's history and what we needed to do for him. Now I can see her face and remember her voice- what a lovely girl she was and I am so sorry for you and for her family xxxxxx

Like or Dislike: Thumb up 3 Thumb down 0

Catherine Coussens November 17, 2015 6:56 pm Reply

Having explored all of the British mainland, and Ireland too, I came to the Isle of Mull with my partner, Janet, over 20 years ago. We loved the island for its sense of peace and the scenery. We wild-camped beside Loch-na-Keil and Loch Scridain, and many other beautiful places. We walked in places where no path existed, and saw no-one all day quite often. We went into the local pubs on occasion, and in The Kinloch Hotel we met Charles and I commented on the interesting music playing softly in the background in the bar. We became friends and discussed odd music after the bar had emptied. One evening we were joined in the bar by Trevor, who ran one of the shops in Bunessan, and 3 little girls dressed in black bin liners. They

had just come back from climbing Ben More, and apparently it was wet and cold up there, hence the make-do waterproofs!

Over successive visits to Mull, sometimes 2 or 3 visits per year, we made a point of heading for the Kinloch. In later years we met a variety of temporary bar staff there, and eventually were introduced to young Theresa who was working during school holidays etc. Conversation turned to horses, as Janet is a keen rider and has her own pony, and Theresa's love of animals was revealed. We became good friends and our visits to Mull were greatly enhanced by the friendship with Charles and Theresa, and felt like part of the community although only there for a few weeks each year. We were very impressed by Theresa's progress through her veterinary career. If time allowed when we visited, we would go for a walk up Ben Carsaig or Derrynaculen with Charles and Theresa.

We have many happy memories of Mull, and of the welcome given to us by all the people we know there. It is an absolute tragedy that Theresa's life should be taken so young, and both Janet and I are very upset by her death, particularly in a road accident on roads she knew so well.

Our great sympathy goes out to our good friend Charles in his loss, and to Theresa's parents and her sisters too.

There seems little we can do from so far away. We will miss her, but on our return to Mull we shall visit the places we went to together. We have a photo we took on a walk up to the peak of Ben Carsaig, showing Theresa sitting on the top of the trig point there. We shall always think of her spirit being there looking down on all her friends on the island. Ian Baker......somewhere in rural Essex

Like or Dislike: Thumb up 9 Thumb down 0

Ian Baker November 4, 2015 2:11 pm Reply

well said charles she was an absolute treasure to the isle of mull

Like or Dislike: Thumb up 7 Thumb down 0

katie mcewan November 5, 2015 11:14 pm Reply

THERESA'S EULOGY (or Testament) NOTES

Theresa was born on the 26th of April 1986, and raised by her loving parents, Trevor and Mary within the heart of this community of Bunessan, where she was soon joined by her two sisters, Rosie and then Louise.

She attended the primary school here and flourished in her own singular way, surrounded by her small group of childhood friends, whom she cherished so very much. Her singular determination to study was noted from an early age, and fostered and encouraged within the home environment as soon before the age of 10, she expressed her first desire to be a vet..... on Mull. Presumptive perhaps, but a bold ambition for one so young.

Her care and compassion for animals was first revealed by the presence of hamsters in her life, and it was a source of great delight to indulge with her friend Michelle, the art of hamster racing in the living room. A small beginning.... perhaps, but of later significance.

Soon, the appearance of cats within the household, added another dimension to her life, for they were her companions during the day..... and at night, was never happier than to breach protocol and provide a night-time bed for her furry friends.

Given that she was disposed to asthma, made no difference at all, for her animals were to be cherished, despite the fur and whiskers.... or should I say in spite of the fur and whiskers..... for indulgence became a byword for her nature.

From Bunessan, she removed to Oban High school as a weekly boarder, as still that determination to study persisted. Initially she was cautious, never wishing to be seen to be excel, for such amidst her friends, may have been divisive. Much later however, this had to change and in examinations, anything graded less than A, took upon itself the nature of a national disaster, requiring the finest diplomatic skills to restore the status quo.

And sometimes the sweet little angel, sometimes sprouted horns and growled, but only as a response to what she saw as her failings. It was often a delight to witness these transitions, which later would resolve in laughter all around.

By then, she had gained a pony..... Skerry..... who though adored beyond measure, never marginalised the needs of the remainder of the family menagerie. But a day when Theresa might not be found cantering about Ardtun with her friends and sisters, Rosie and Louise, was a poor day indeed.

Music too, was another aspect of her life, for she was encouraged by Trevor and Mary to learn to play an instrument. She chose the violin. In later years she found cats had little empathy with her sterling efforts, and frequently fled the house. Clearly cats for all or their feline interests, have no musical appreciation.

But her singing enchanted all. More later still she learned to value and appreciate more contemporary music, most particularly that of these provinces. The band Skipinnish was perhaps her favourite of recent years and may be illustrated here today.

Ceilidh dancing too was a particular joy to her. The more vigorous the dance, the better it was. Seldom was she happier than when she bested her partner and sent him skittering across the floor into the furnishings. Perhaps some gentlemen here today might bear the scars. Be sure to treasure them.

Anyway.

Throughout these years, both Mary and Trevor continued to foster and encourage their children in all that seemed to them appropriate. A love of the outdoors and the encouragement to seek and appreciate the world about them, often resulted in extended walking expeditons, often in other parts of Britain and sometimes beneath canvas. All the while these lessons were being absorbed, they learned of those attributes that make a person fit to enter into the wider world. Self-confidence, honour, integrity, truthfulness and compassion but above all, love.. We have long known that they did it well.

Academic excellence was a byword for Theresa, and as the young girl blossomed into a young woman, the attractiveness of her kinder nature, was complimented by the most enchanting outward loveliness that touched so many.

Then at the conclusion of her final year at Oban High, her efforts exceeded even her own expectations, culminating in the award of the Dux prize for academic achievement, and later, acceptance into the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine at the University of Glasgow.

Again the unremitting studies remained her focus, whilst at home, she returned to her devotions to the animals, whom she loved unconditionally as being her equals. Beween times, she worked away the summers earning money, to pack away for times when needed on this strenuous journey that she had embarked. Cautious and yet pragmatic, she ever seemed to climb these foothills into the higher regions of bold ambition, with ease. Never stopping, save to reflect upon the view, yet never taking her eyes off those whom she held so dear to her.

And then, a decade past, whilst engaged in Summer employment at the Kinloch in Pennyghael, one who had long been fascinated by her constancy in all that she touched, had come find a warm affection had turned to that fateful prospect of having fallen quite in love with her.

That the chemistry of many years of having known each other, was as it was, who can declare? But it was one fateful evening, that both Theresa and myself came to the realisation that our companionship was acceptable to both and committed the one to the other.

At this juncture, we must pause to consider the inner being and not the outward physical manifestations of the person, for Theresa held a deep and personal spirituality that didn't often reveal itself to the outward world. She held her communions to be a powerful and private thing. She wore little of it upon her sleeve.

For her that knowledge was the sublimation of all that mattered and a truth that to her was self-evident. That was the foundation; the anchor upon which we built our lives together. She was as constant to those truths as the evening star.

Returning to her studies, she attacked with a sense of greater urgency still, the need to excel and bring closure to her academic years. Intermediate awards were earned by her, which helped encourage her further..

That she was awarded her Bachelor's Degree in Veterinary Medicine was always, to those of us that watched, an inevitability. That it was an Honours degree, was the icing on the cake..... with of course, lots of cherries. It would be an understatement to say that she had made her parents and sisters proud. Her success was shared by so many in this her island home. All too swiftly, she sought and obtained her first appointment as a veterinary surgeon, working alongside the late Mr. Chris Evans of Fort William, who mentored her through the first realworld life of a mixed practice vet. Happy does not begin to describe the feelings she had at that time, for now from the higher ridges of her ambition, the view had become immeasurably greater. Chris, according to his wife Fiona, tells me that he often spoke of Theresa as being being, "Tough.". I think that that would have delighted her. Alas, the practice changed hands when Chris retired, and to her horror, became management led and that which had been joyful to her, had suddenly taken upon itself a quiet shade of grey. Worse still, the took away from her, her beloved Land-Rover, and told her to use a van instead!!

In consolation, she found the weekday companionship of two kittens, whom she named Oliver and Uisken, who travelled home with her each Friday night via Oban where she would visit her beloved parents and sisters, before returning home to Mull on the late boat and then, to return once more on Monday mornings, via the first boat out from Fishnish to Lochaline, to Fort William, to start another week.

But still there are miracles within this world, as though we hadn't seen enough already, for Theresa, had upon occasions, been invited to gain a little further experience now and then, in the practice of Mr. Jimmy Wilson. It took a little out of the weekend leisuretime..... though for her, it probably amounted to the same thing, but once again she found in Jimmy, a mentor whose experience on home ground was of immeasurable value.

Whether he was ever once aware of a younger girl staring at him with little beady eyes, in hope of following in his footsteps, we cannot say, but the thought appeals. We may say however, that Jimmy saw within the woman that Theresa had become, a potential that was worthy of his faith and trust and one day, by chance, met Theresa in the passing at Craignure. He ventured on the spot, that since he had expectations of retiring, he wondered if she might wish to consider taking over his practice and to think it over. How can we even begin to imagine how she felt, to suppose she were considered a worthy successor to all that she had ever wished to hold, that of being our vet.

It needs be said, however, that Jimmy's trust in her ability was not misplaced, and that it was HE who showed her the final pathway to her summit of ambition, seems so apposite and so apt, for their minds were not so very different in the broader outlook.

Never did anyone resign a position more willingly, the day that she elected to leave Fort William. If tragedy there was, it was the loss of the companionship of her many friends that she had made there. But friendship in the truer sense, ever endures, for Theresa never ceased to remember those whom she loved. She was constant, and ever faithful. For twelve months, Theresa worked in practice with Jimmy, learning the ropes as it were and steadily establishing herself as his trusted successor, and gaining the so-essential trust of those who may at first sight have had reservations for one so young.... and she knew she had to prove herself to others, in what can be a physically demanding profession. How many of our farming brethren witnessed Theresa suppressing the wild determinations of an irate tup or ewe or watch amazed to see her confront cattle with a confidence that was unsettling, we cannot say. But they came to love her as she wrapped them oh so very gently round her fingers, with a smile. And I don't mean the livestock. In July last year, she finally reached the summit of her life's ambition and formally established her company and took over the practice on this her island home. All that was left, was to improve and better herself and secure her reputation as one who would dedicate her life to the beloved animals who were her cause for being.

And so the days passed. She would often return home, sometimes a little battered and exhausted, but always happy to show the battle scars of the day and solicit a freely given comfort over her supper. No days were bad for her at all and her tomorrows were always ones of brightest expectation. Dogs, cats, pigs, birds too..... and much the more besides, all were part of her concern for their welfare.

Not long since, she returned home to tell of something most remarkable, for Mr. Hugh MacPhail had informed her that the farming community had accorded her a very great dignity indeed..... she was known privately to them, it seems, as the "Mighty Atom". This she delighted in, for she held it as a measure of the acceptance that she had proved herself. It was a badge of honour awarded by her own, for she was ever proud of being a Mulleach.

The all too tragic circumstances of her passing and our loss, would be diminished if we did not pause to reflect upon their consequences.

I must remind you again of the bedrock upon which her life was built, for it was unimpeachable. It was both the anchor and the chain that made all things good to her, that however great the storm, all would be well. The chain still holds, indeed grows stronger. The anchor, secure.

Now, we bear witness in our grief, to that far more precious measure of the human condition.... the condition of love that is given unconditionally. It has surfaced over many recent days and in many differing forms, as we each reach out to one another in order that we accord one another comfort in this, a truly bitter trial.

We have seen the entirety of an island community draw close as we mourn our loss, and hope for her sake, that the lessons will not be lost. For Theresa, this life was, in the greater scheme of things, but a port of call, it was never the end. Now her destination lies upon another shore. It was a short time we had her we know. But she burned so very brightly, that we shall not forget. For her, this moment was never the end of the journey, but the beginning. Be strong, for the anchor still holds..... and until that other day."

Notes used by Charles E. G. Pease, (Theresa's partner), at her funeral service on the 12th November 2015 at the Bunessan Hall, Isle of Mull.

"My father and I had the practice on Mull and lona for over fifty years. Neither he nor I wished to work anywhere else but here. Theresa followed in our footsteps. It was her dream to work on the island where she was brought up and for the time that was given to her, she lived her dream.

Theresa phoned me up one Friday evening in 2009 to tell me that she had just qualified. I congratulated her and asked her what she was doing the next day. Nothing she said. So I said that she could come and do the Saturday surgery. There was a bit of a silence and then she said she would phone me back. Within a short time the phone rang and she asked if I would be there so I said that I would be in the house but that Dot [Dorothy MacLean, the practice nurse from Salen] would keep her right. And so she had her first clinical experience on Mull as a fully qualified vet.

She was young, clever, enthusiastic and a brilliant vet. Occasionally she gave me my place as the senior vet and would come to me with a question. She waited until I had thought about it and once I said what I would do about it, she would nod and then go off and do it her way.

She came to the practice three years ago next month as a shy girl but recently she came into her own and had her day in the sun. When I first discussed the Sheep Veterinary Society coming to the island in September I asked her if that was alright with her. She was surprised and puzzled that I was asking her, she had forgotten that this was now her practice. She had made it her own. Her stamp was on it. She was committed to the island and its people and their animals both large and small that was why she wanted to come back to Mull to serve the community here. The Sheep Veterinary Society held her in very high regard and the visit was followed by very many letters and emails saying how much they had enjoyed their visit to her practice and how they had been impressed by Theresa. They thought that she was very brave to take on a solo veterinary practice and very impressed with her commitment to her clients and their animals both large and small. She was given the nick name "the Mighty Atom" at that meeting and it summed her up: nothing daunted her and she always persevered to the end of a task. Someone once said that it is not the time that we are given that is important but what we do with that time. Theresa was where she wanted to be, doing the job she loved in the place she loved.

Mr. James Wilson. Veterinary Surgeon to the Isles of Mull and Iona, from whom Theresa bought the practice, and who used these notes, as he spoke of Theresa at her funeral.

Man denies causing Mull vet's death

A MAN today (Monday) denied causing the death of a vet on the isle of Mull by dangerous driving.

Thomas Wainwright, 27, from Valbonne, France, appeared in the dock at the High Court in Glasgow to plead not guilty and will stand trial next year. He is accused of driving while under the influence of alcohol, at speeds of up to 95mph and on the wrong side of the road.

The Maserati Ghibli car he was driving was in collision with a van being driven by 29-year-old vet Theresa Wade on the A849 near to Craignure, Isle of Mull, on October 28, 2015. Wainwright is also charged with failing to provide a breath sample.

Wainwright is also accused of performing 'doughnuts' with his car and driving the wrong way round a roundabout and on the wrong side of the road on various occasions between October 24 and 27 last year on the island.

Judge Lady Rae set trial for March next year at the High Court in Glasgow.

Miss Wade ran the island's only veterinary practice at Fishnish. She was travelling home from work to the Kinloch Hotel at Pennyghael, where she lived with partner Charles Pease, when the crash took place at 8.15pm.

At the time her partner Mr Pease said: 'Theresa was one of life's bright stars that burned out all too soon.

'I feel absolutely beside myself because she was a young woman with great potential who was an exemplar for all that Mull, Oban, Argyll and even Scotland could present to the world.' She grew up on the Ross of Mull where her mother and father Mary and Trevor Wade ran Bayview Stores at Bunessan. *The Oban Times on September 5th, 2016*

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with BVMS (Hons.) MRCVS in Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Glasgow.
- She was educated at Bunessan Primary School in Bunessan, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland.
- She was educated at Oban High School in Oban, Argyll, Scotland.
- She was educated at Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Glasgow in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland.
- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon in 2009-2013 in Fort William, Highland Region, Scotland.
- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon to the Isles of Mull and Iona in 2009 in Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland.
- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon to the Isles of Mull and Iona in 2013-2015 in Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland.

11-Jane Elizabeth Gurney Pease

Jane married Colin Charles Bright, son of William Charles John Bright and Doris Sutton. They had three children: Lucy Emma Jane, Thomas Edward, and Olivia Lucy Kate.

12-Lucy Emma Jane Bright²¹⁸ was born on 14 Nov 1990 in Berne, Switzerland, died on 17 Nov 1990 in Berne, Switzerland, and was buried in St. Catherine's Church, Eskdale, Cumbria. General Notes: Lucy was cremated in Switzerland and her ashes were later interred with those of her Great-grandparents, Cyril and Sally Bulman.

12-Thomas Edward Bright

Thomas married Marsaili Isabel Lara Gunn, daughter of Prof. George Gunn and Laura. They had one daughter: Sophie Alice.

13-Sophie Alice Bright

12-Olivia Lucy Kate Bright

9-Sarah Charlotte Pease^{44,122,214} was born on 1 Sep 1858 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Apr 1929 in Godalming, Surrey at age 70, and was buried in FBG Reigate.

General Notes: Mon 22 April 1929 - Motored to Howard's sister's at Reigate, a beautifully sunny day & we laid my dear sister's body in the pretty burial ground there (Reigate) - a thrush sang loudly during the time at the grave - Had some talk with Howard - poor man, he looks a wreck - we lunched at the Brewery on our way there - Cyril Pease returned with us to Birch Hall. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Sarah married Howard Hodgkin,^{44,214,248} son of John Hodgkin^{2,13,86,90,113,123,157,165,166,167} and Elizabeth Haughton,^{2,13,86,113,123} on 17 Feb 1897 in Guisborough, Yorkshire. Howard was born on 11 Apr 1857 in Bruce Grove, Tottenham, London, died on 11 Apr 1933 in Godalming, Surrey at age 76, and was buried in FBG Reigate. They had one son: Andrew John.

General Notes: While we were there we got the news of Howard Hodgkin's death on his birthday 11th April (on the anniversary of our little Judy's death, Easter Eve 1925) - he was buried by Lottie at Reigate on the 14th - I had written to him for his birthday - I shall miss him very much, & his & Lottie's home comes to an end - he was about 2 months older than I am . He had a stroke on April 4 -"

Detail from the Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease. April 1932.

Hodgkin, Howard.

Adm. pens. (age 18) at JESUS, Oct. 1, 1875. [6th] s. of John [barrister-at-law, of Lewes, Sussex]. B. [Apr. 11, 1857], at Tottenham, Middlesex. School, Grove House (a Quaker school), Tottenham. Matric. Michs. 1875; (Hist. Trip., 1st Class, 1878); B.A. 1879; M.A. 1882. Adm. at Lincoln's Inn, Jan. 14, 1879. Called to the Bar, Nov. 17, 1882. Practised as an Equity Draftsman and Conveyancer. Principal Clerk in the Charity Commission. Closely concerned with the Society of Friends. Died Apr. 11, 1932, at Farncombe, Surrey. Buried at Reigate. (Inns of Court; Foster, Men at the Bar; Law Lists; The Times, Apr. 12, 1932.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Barrister Lincolns Inn.
- He worked as a Principal Clerk for the Charity Commission in London.
- He had a residence in Hillcroft, Claygate, Surrey.

10-Andrew John Hodgkin⁴⁴ was born on 14 Jan 1899 in 38 Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington, London, died on 9 Sep 1980 in Dunedin, New Zealand at age 81, and was buried in Crookston Cemetery, Roxburgh, Central Otago, New Zealand.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1916-1919.
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Farmer in New Zealand.

Andrew married Nancy Milner Broadbent,⁴⁴ daughter of Capt. Frederick Milner Broadbent and Cecilia Wilkinson, on 3 Sep 1932 in Peel Forest, New Zealand. Nancy was born on 8 Jul 1906

in Osborne, Isle Of Wight and died on 29 Dec 1995 at age 89.

Andrew next married Nancy Stewart Alcock, daughter of Albert Clarence Alcock and Marjorie Martin Monro, on 22 Sep 1945 in Dunedin, New Zealand. Nancy was born on 20 Jan 1916 in Dunedin, New Zealand, died on 9 Mar 2010 in Dunedin, New Zealand at age 94, and was buried on 15 Mar 2010 in Crookston Cemetery, Roxburgh, Central Otago, New Zealand. They had three children: Howard John, Eliot Neil, and Philippa Marjorie.

11-Howard John Hodgkin was born on 15 Dec 1946 in Dunedin, New Zealand and died in 1970 at age 24.

11-Eliot Neil Hodgkin

Eliot married Vyvienne Isabel.

11-Philippa Marjorie Hodgkin

Philippa married John Bell.

9-**Rt. Hon. Joseph Albert Pease 1st Baron Gainford**^{2,44,121,122,123,126,213,214,239,249} was born on 17 Jan 1860 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Feb 1943 in Headlam Hall, Gainford, County Durham at age 83, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Joseph Albert (Jack) Pease. Always known to family as Jack.

Pease, Joseph Albert [Jack], first Baron Gainford (1860–1943), politician, was born at Woodlands, Darlington, on 17 January 1860, the younger son of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, bt (1828–1903), industrialist and banker, and his wife, Mary Fox (d. 1892). Jack Pease, as he was known, enjoyed an early life of wealth and privilege in one of Britain's most prominent Quaker industrial and political dynasties. Like his older brother, Alfred Edward Pease, he was educated at Grove House, Tottenham, a Quaker school. He was afterwards privately tutored by Mandell Creighton before following Alfred to Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1878. He took an undistinguished BA in 1882, but shone as secretary of the amateur dramatic club, was master of the university drag hounds, and represented the university at polo, rugby, and putting the weight. He captained the Trinity cricket eleven, was twelfth man for the university, and was then a founder member and captain of the Durham county side. Wisden records that he continued to play until, at the age of seventy-four, his inability to take quick singles persuaded him it was time to retire. Cambridge friends such as J. M. (Harry) Paulton and Eddie Tennant (later Lord Glenconner) shared enduring interests in sport and politics. Tennant's sister Margot, whose passion for riding to hounds matched Pease's, was also to become a lifelong friend. Her marriage to H. H. Asquith drew Pease into the upper social circles of the Liberal Party. Comfortable berths in the family coal and banking enterprises had afforded him sufficient leisure to embark on a career in politics. A Durham county councillor from 1887 until 1902, Pease was mayor of Darlington during 1888– 9 (Britain's youngest mayor). Elected MP for Tynemouth in 1892, he was parliamentary private secretary (1893– 5) to John Morley as chief secretary for Ireland, a post to which he aspired himself in the latter years of Asquith's premiership.

Made a whip in 1897, Pease faithfully understudied Herbert Gladstone. In opposition he made well-publicized noises about not being a pro-Boer without ever aligning himself unequivocally with the Liberal Imperialists. A more serious impediment to his advancement when Campbell-Bannerman came to power was the collapse of the Pease fortunes (1902), a calamity largely attributable to his father's improvident management of the family businesses. Generous friends rescued him from the brink of bankruptcy, but Pease's reduced circumstances were to make personal financial concerns a continuing distraction thereafter.

Pease's formidable wife Ethel (Elsie; d. 1941), whom he had married on 18 October 1886, was particularly irked at the curb on her social ambitions. The daughter of Sir Henry Marshman Havelock-Allan, Bt, and granddaughter of the hero of Lucknow, Sir Henry Havelock, Elsie's hopes for her son and two daughters were as undisguised as her ambition for her husband. His elevation as Asquith's patronage secretary to the Treasury in 1908 brought limited satisfaction. Successful reorganization of the Liberal Party machinery and unobtrusively effective parliamentary management during the budget turbulence of 1909 impressed the prime minister. Asquith brought him into the cabinet as chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster notwithstanding the loss of his Saffron Walden seat in January 1910. A move to Rotherham gave him a constituency that was safe as long as the local miners did not unite behind a Labour candidate.

Pease's promotion to the cabinet mystified colleagues such as Walter Runciman, Edwin Montagu, and Lloyd George (who blamed him for the Liberals' poor showing in the January 1910 election). But Asquith, appreciating his loyalty, saw him as the man to carry forward the government's programme of franchise and electoral reform. When Pease's Franchise Bill foundered on the rocks of women's suffrage in January 1913, his dismay, like Asquith's, was tempered by relief that votes for women had been thwarted without splitting the government. A bigger disappointment was his failure as president of the Board of Education to enact major educational reforms. His appointment in October 1911 coincided with the departure of the permanent secretary, Sir Robert Morant. Pease reshuffled the senior staff of the ministry, choosing a team led by L. A. Selby-Bigge that responded well to a competent, congenial, and considerate chief. With George Newman, Pease greatly expanded school medical services. He strengthened the board's relations with teachers and improved professional training. When war came he encouraged his new parliamentary secretary, Christopher Addison, in mobilizing the nation's scientific and industrial research resources.

Remaining in the cabinet which made the decisions for war with Germany in 1914 was deeply troubling for Pease. He tried unavailingly to dissuade his son from enlisting, and was an early supporter of the Friends' Ambulance Unit. But he resigned from the presidency of the Peace Society and thenceforth publicly defended the government's position. Pushed to the margins of high policy making, he undertook relief co-ordination tasks and introduced educational and leisure activities in army training camps, overcoming ill-judged resistance from Lord Kitchener. A casualty of the May 1915 coalition, Pease served as an unpaid member of the War Claims Commission in France. He was embarrassed by the need to seek a political pension, but by late 1915 he had secured a £2000 a year consultancy by placing his coal industry expertise and political connections at the disposal of his old friend Christopher Furness.

An invitation to rejoin the government as postmaster-general (outside the cabinet), following Sir John Simon's resignation and Herbert Samuel's promotion in January 1916, delayed Pease's return to

active business life. But revived hopes of political advancement were effectively extinguished by the formation of the Lloyd George coalition. Ennobled (3 January 1917) as Baron Gainford in the Asquith resignation honours, Pease became a leading figure in the post-war industrial world. He spoke for the Mining Association of Great Britain before the coal industry commission in 1919 and was elected president of the Federation of British Industries for 1927– 8. As a 'prominent public man unconnected with any of the constituent companies' (Gainford MSS) he was asked to chair the infant British Broadcasting Company in 1922. He became a radio enthusiast, and was deputy chairman and a governor of the corporation from 1927 to 1932. Well known in his retirement for his fishing (and a related concern for water conservation), hunting, shooting, and embroidery, Pease made faltering attempts to write his memoirs. His journals from 1908 to 1915, unknown to scholars for fifty years, are a revealing chronicle of Liberal politics. He died at his home, Headlam Hall, Gainford, co. Durham, on 15 February 1943.

Cameron Hazlehurst

Pease, Joseph Albert. Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 1, 1878. [2nd] s. of Joseph Whitwell [M.P.] (1st Bart.), of Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorks. [and Mary, dau. of Alfred Fox, of Falmouth]. B. [Jan. 17], 1860, at Darlington, Durham. School, Grove House, Tottenham, London (private). Matric. Michs. 1878; B.A. 1882; M.A. 1885. Of Headlam Hall, Gainford, Durham. Mayor of Darlington, 1889. Private Secretary to the Rt. Hon. John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland, 1893-5. M.P. for the Tyneside Division of Northumberland, 1892-1900; for Saffron Walden, 1901-10; for Rotherham, 1910-16. Junior Whip, 1897-1905; Junior Lord of the Treasury, 1905-8. P.C., 1908. Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, 1910-11. President of the Board of Education, 1911-15; Postmaster-General, 1916. Created 1st Baron Gainford of Headlam, Durham, Jan. 3, 1917. On Claims Commission in France and Italy, 1915-20. Interested in a number of industrial companies, including Pease and Partners, colliery owners. President of the Federation of British Industries, 1927-8. Chairman of the B.B.C., 1922-6; Vice-Chairman, 1926-32. Member of Advisory Committee to Board of Education on the Victoria and Albert Museum. Married, Oct. 18, 1886, Ethel, dau. of Lieut.-Gen. Sir Henry Marshman Havelock-Allan, 1st Bart., V.C., G.C.B., M.P., and had issue. Died Feb. 15, 1943, at Headlam Hall. Brother of Alfred E. (1876). (Schoolmasters' Directories; Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Who's Who; The Times, Feb. 16, 1943.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Quaker.
- He was educated at Grove House school in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Partner in J. & J. W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Mayor of Darlington 1889 To 1890 in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a MP for Tyneside 1892 To 1900.
- He worked as a MP for Saffron Walden 1901 To 1910.
- He worked as a Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasury 1908 To 1910.
- He worked as a MP for Rotherham 1910 To 1917.
- He worked as a Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster 1910 To 1911.
- He had a residence in Headlam Hall, Gainford, County Durham.
- He worked as a President of the Board of Education 1911 To 1915.
- He worked as a Served on the committee of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1919.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 8 Hertford Street, Mayfair, London.

- He worked as a Postmaster General in 1916.
- He worked as a Chairman of the BBC 1922 To 1926.
- He had a residence in 1940 in 18 Mansfield Street, London.

Joseph married **Ethel Havelock-Allan**,^{2,44,214,239,249} daughter of **Lt. General Sir Henry Marshman Havelock-Allan 1st Bt.**^{150,214} and **Lady Alice Reynolds-Moreton**,¹⁵⁰ on 19 Oct 1886 in Darlington, County Durham. Ethel was born on 1 Nov 1868 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada, died on 22 Oct 1941 in Headlam Hall, Gainford, County Durham at age 72, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had three children: **Miriam Blanche, Joseph**, and **Faith Muriel**.

10-Hon. Miriam Blanche Pease^{214,239,249,250} was born on 22 Aug 1887 in London and died on 30 Jan 1965 at age 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 37 Chester Row, London.
- She worked as a Deputy Superintendent, Midland Division, HM Inspectorate of Factories.
- She had a residence in North Berwick, Scotland.

10-Maj. Joseph Pease 2nd Baron Gainford^{239,249,251} was born on 8 Mar 1889 in Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 23 Sep 1971 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll at age 82, and was buried in Carsaig Cemetery, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Quaker.
- He was educated at Eton College.
- He worked as an officer of the Lovat Scouts 1914 To 1918.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He had a residence in Swale House, Richmond, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll.
- He had a residence in Duntaynish, Tayvallich, Argyll.

Joseph married Veronica Margaret Noble,^{239,249,251} daughter of Sir George John William Noble 2nd Bt. and Mary Ethel Walker-Waters, on 3 Feb 1921 in London. Veronica was born on 3 Mar 1900, died on 5 Nov 1995 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll at age 95, and was buried in Carsaig Cemetery, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll. They had three children:Joseph Edward, George, and John Michael.

General Notes: Veronica, Lady Gainford; born March 3, 1900, died November 6, 1995 VERONICA Gainford, had a remarkable memory - what sometimes seemed like total recall; of the books she read, of the volumes of poetry she learnt as a girl, of the appearance of the world in which she grew up and of public events throughout this century. It is difficult to conceive that an event as utterly remote as the death of Edward VII in 1910 could be vividly recalled by someone alive until ``yesterday"; or the sinking of the Titanic, or seeing Pavlova dance and theatre productions by Granville Barker. Memories of being taken as a little girl to call on Florence Nightingale, of having Baden-Powell as a god-father; of being taught to fly by Val Baker, who also taught Amy Johnson. She recounted her childhood and youth in a compelling memoir privately published in 1992. She was the only child of Sir George Noble, 2nd Baronet of Ardmore and Ardarden, elder son of Sir Andrew Noble, who came from Dunbartonshire and who became chairman of Armstrong Whitworth on the Tyne. Her mother, Molly Waters, was one of a large Irish family; another of the girls married George Noble's younger brother John. Veronica Noble grew up with lots of cousins and her descriptions of life in the large houses of well-to-do Edwardians make fascinating reading, particularly her accounts of holidays spent at her grandfather's houses, Jesmond outside Newcastle and Ardkinglas on the shores of Loch Fyne. "Twelve Nobles are always talking at once, six can't hear and the other six won't listen," she said described fairly well the family meals. Her parents seem to have believed in education, even for a girl, and she had a succession of governesses as well as attending St Paul's and the famous Northlands, kept by Sophy Weisse, a woman of German extraction who had been at school with Robert Louis Stevenson and whose father had settled in Edinburgh as the ``only truly liberal town" in Europe. At Northlands games were not of high importance but Ellen Terry came to talk about Shakespeare and Mme Suggia to play her cello. The First World War spelled the end of a certain way of life but in 1919 George Noble took his daughter by air to Paris in a Handley Page bomber done up to accommodate passengers with mauve satin brocade and wicker armchairs. During the war, at the age of 17, she had learnt to drive a car and in 1916 got to ride in one of the first tanks, made at the Armstrong factory at Elswick. She also learned dairy farming, book binding, spinning, embroidery, and knitting; her knitting skills were exceptional, as was her knowledge of the traditional Highland crafts. Later she collected and published a book of patterns for kilt hose which ran to four editions and has now been taken over and re-published by enthusiasts in the United States. Following her marriage in 1921 to Joseph Pease, of the Yorkshire mine-owning family, whose forebear had backed George Stephenson's Stockton and Darlington Railway, she went to live in Yorkshire at Swale, Richmond. Her three sons were born in 1921, 1926, and 1930, and family life was combined with what sounds like a somewhat hectic social whirl, revolving round the racing calendar and the sporting seasons. Veronica herself enjoyed fishing, stalking, and swimming. In 1935, while staying at Glen Fyne Lodge for the fishing she saw, fell in love with, and bought Taynish near Tayvallich and by the autumn she and her family had moved in. They lived in this magic place until the terrible fire in 1955; three miles of pot-holed track to the nearest telephone didn't help extinguish the flames quickly. After the Second World War the two older Pease boys resumed their studies in Edinburgh and visits to Taynish became a keenly anticipated pleasure for their friends. Joe (who succeeded to the title in 1943) and Veronica Gainford worked very hard to provide a warm welcome, plentiful home-grown food, including milk, eggs and vegetables, and endless activity and laughter. Changed circumstances and post-war austerity had not diminished the skills of such generous hosts. Veronica Gainford took an active part in the life of the village and country during the 60 years she lived there. She was a member of the central council of the SWRI for many years and for a period chairman of the Argyll federation. Later she published a book on Tayvallich and Taynish which is a mine of information on local history, families, farming, buildings, flora and fauna. The Taynish peninsula itself is one of the largest remaining oak woods left in Britain. Much of it was acquired by Scottish National Heritage and since 1977 has been run as a national nature reserve. Veronica Gainford had friends of all ages and a wide range of interests. She loved company but needed solitude for spiritual nourishment. For a number of years she was interested in the teachings of Ouspensky and the ideas of the great Jesuit plaleontologist Teilhard de Chardin. Until last year she made an annual visit to Iona; in the special qualities of the island she found spiritual and physical replenishment. She asserted that after being there a few days before her death she was alert and enjoying a dram and a joke with friends or relatives but her 20-yea

For several years, from the time when I took over the Kinloch Hotel on the Isle of Mull in January 1991, Veronica would stay with me; principally as a member of the family and treated as such, but with the respect accorded to a guest. This would also incorporate a visit to the Isle of Iona where she would also stay. I would only say that she was a delightful and fascinating lady, for whom I had the utmost respect and my remembrance of her, is one of great affection and delight. She had stayed here before, in the days when Frank and Shelagh Bennett owned it. I too had stayed here at a later time, before ever supposing that one day it would be my home. *Charles E. G. Pease*

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Taigh na Seanamhair, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll.

11-Joseph Edward Pease 3rd Baron Gainford^{149,249} was born on 25 Dec 1921 in London and died on 4 Apr 2013 in Marlow, Buckinghamshire at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at West Downs Preparatory School in Winchester, Hampshire.
- He was educated at Eton College in 1934-1937.
- He was educated at Gordonstoun in 1938.
- He was awarded with FRGS.
- He worked as a Served as Sergeant with the RAFVR in 1941-1946.
- He worked as a Surveyor. Hunting Aerosurveys Ltd. In 1947.
- He worked as a surveyor with the Directorate of Colonial Surveys in 1951.
- He worked as a Surveyor. Soil Mechanics Ltd. In 1953.
- He worked as a President of the 230 Squadron Association.

Joseph married Margaret Theophila Radcliffe Tyndale,^{149,249} daughter of Henry Edmund Guise Tyndale and Ruth Isabel Walcott Radcliffe, on 21 Mar 1953 in London. Margaret was born on 28 Jan 1925 in London and died on 14 Dec 2010 at age 85. They had two children: Joanna Ruth Miriam and Virginia Claire Margaret.

12-Hon. Joanna Ruth Miriam Pease

12-Hon. Virginia Claire Margaret Pease

11-George Pease 4th Baron Gainford

George married Flora Daphne Dyce-Sharp,¹⁴⁹ daughter of Dr. Neville Alexander Dyce-Sharp and Flora MacDonald, on 18 Jan 1958 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Flora was born on 23 Nov 1924 in London and died on 3 Dec 2010 in Naemoor Gardens, Rumbling Bridge, Kinross at age 86. They had four children: Olivia Daphne, Adrian Christopher, Matthew Edward, and Samantha Rachel.

12-Hon. Olivia Daphne Pease

Olivia married Dr. Stephen Langford, son of Roy Langford. They had two children: Rachel Veronica and Esther Rebecca.

13-Rachel Veronica Langford

Rachel married Luke Catley. They had one daughter: Hannah.

14-Hannah Catley

13-Esther Rebecca Langford

12-Hon. Adrian Christopher Pease

12-Hon. Matthew Edward Pease

Matthew married Barbara Griffiths, daughter of E. R. John Griffiths. They had four children: Felix George, Clara Jutta, Verity Flora, and Silas John.

13-Felix George Pease

13-Clara Jutta Pease

13-Verity Flora Pease

13-Silas John Pease

12-Hon. Samantha Rachel Pease

Samantha married **Peter Baker**. They had one daughter: **Nicola**.

13-Nicola Baker

11-Hon. John Michael Pease^{149,249,251} was born on 22 Sep 1930 in London and died on 4 Jun 2007 at age 76.

General Notes: It is strange how the passage of years comes to explain aspects of the past. In June 1016, still reeling from the death of my beloved Theresa, I found myself helping to manage her veterinary practice, here on the Isle of Mull, I had the pleasure of meeting Margaret Lister, a locum veterinary surgeon, who gave some of her time to assist the practice. Her home was near Lochgilphead, and recalled John Pease well, the more especially when he was both a child and a young man. She spoke well and spoke kindly of him. Such seems the perfect epitaph that we all might claim in our actions. I am always comforted by the thought that I live in a small world.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wester Elchies Prep School in Aberlour, Moray, Scotland.
- He was educated at Gordonstoun.

John married Margaret Shaw,¹⁴⁹ daughter of Duncan F. Shaw, on 1 Jun 1962. The marriage ended in divorce in 1997. Margaret died on 24 Nov 2006 in Oban, Argyll and was buried on 2 Dec 2006 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll. They had three children: David Michael, Andrew Joseph, and Daniel John.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1997.

12-David Michael Pease

David married Pauline Reid. They had two children: Victoria Helena and Emily Iona.

13-Victoria Helena Pease

13-Emily Iona Pease

12-Andrew Joseph Pease

12-Daniel John Pease

Daniel married Joanne McBrearty. They had three children: Tianna Trinity, Cairn Macaulay, and Senan Isaac.

13-Tianna Trinity Pease

13-Cairn Macaulay Pease

13-Senan Isaac Pease

10-Hon. Faith Muriel Pease^{239,249} was born on 4 Jun 1902 in London and died on 15 Feb 1935 in London at age 32.

Faith married Major Michael Wentworth Beaumont,^{3,249} son of Hon. Hubert George De Burgh Beaumont and Elisa Mercedes Grace, on 29 Feb 1924. Michael was born on 8 Feb 1903 and died on 19 Dec 1958 in Harristown House, Brannockstown, Co. Kildare at age 55. They had one son: Timothy Wentworth.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a MP Aylesbury.
- He had a residence in Wotton House, Wotton Underwood, Buckinghamshire.

11-Rev'd. The Rt. Hon. Timothy Wentworth Beaumont 1st Baron Beaumont was born on 22 Nov 1928 in London and died on 8 Apr 2008 at age 79.

General Notes: The Rev. The Rt. Hon. Timothy Beaumont. Lord Beaumont

Timothy married Mary Rose Wauchope, daughter of Lt. Col. Charles Edward Wauchope and Elaine Margaret Armstrong-Jones. They had four children: Hubert Wentworth, Alaric Charles Wentworth, Atalanta Armstrong, and Ariadne Grace.

12-Hon. Hubert Wentworth Beaumont

Hubert married Katherine Emma Abel-Smith, daughter of Col. Richard Francis Abel-Smith and Marcia Kendrew. They had four children: Amelia May, George Wentworth, Richard Christian, and Michael Patrick.

13-Amelia May Beaumont

Amelia married **Simon Peregrine Gauvain Murray**, son of **Ormiston Gauvain Nigel Murray** and **Shirley Arbuthnot**. They had two children: **Matilda Alice** and **Archibald Peregrine**.

14-Matilda Alice Murray

14-Archibald Peregrine Murray

13-George Wentworth Beaumont

George married Katherine Hannah F. Fitzpatrick.

13-Richard Christian Beaumont

13-Michael Patrick Beaumont

Hubert next married Noella Murphy. They had one daughter: Isobella.

13-Isobella Beaumont

12-Hon. Alaric Charles Wentworth Beaumont was born on 22 Apr 1958 in Hong Kong, China and died on 2 Dec 1980 in Road Accident at age 22.

12-Hon. Atalanta Armstrong Beaumont

Atalanta married Dr. Stephen Francis Bungay. They had two children: Felix Nicholas and Caspar Stephen.

13-Felix Nicholas Bungay

13-Caspar Stephen Bungay

12-Hon. Ariadne Grace Beaumont

Ariadne married Mario Calvo-Platero, son of Guido Calvo-Platero. They had three children: Oliver Guido, Milo Alaric, and Clio.

13-Oliver Guido Calvo-Platero

13-Milo Alaric Calvo-Platero

13-Clio Calvo-Platero

9-Maud Mary Pease^{44,214} was born on 18 Jul 1862 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 28 Feb 1947 in Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 84, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

9-Helen Blanche Pease^{44,63,150,214} was born on 18 Nov 1865 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 16 Mar 1951 in Darlington, County Durham at age 85, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Helen married Edward Lloyd Pease,^{63,109,122,214} son of Henry Pease^{2,10,39,44,63,65,109,122,124,130,252} and Mary Lloyd,^{2,10,44,63,109,122,252} on 15 Jan 1890 in FMH Guisborough. Edward was born on 4 Mar 1861 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Mar 1934 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 73, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had six children: Michael Lloyd, Cyril, Mary Cecilia, Henry Alfred, Robert, and Helen Maud.

General Notes: Pease, Edward Lloyd. Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 1, 1880. [2nd] s. of Henry [M.P.], of Pierremont, Darlington [by his 2nd wife, Mary, dau. of Samuel Lloyd, of Wednesbury]. B. there [Mar. 4], 1861. School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough. Matric. Michs. 1880; B.A. 1884. A Director of Pease and Partners, Ltd.; etc. Of Hurworth Moor, Darlington. Married, 1890, his cousin, Helen Blanche, dau. of Sir Joseph W. Pease, 1st Bart., of Hutton Hall, Guisborough. Died Mar. 15, 1934. Brother of John F. (1884). (Burke, L.G.; The Times, Mar. 16, 1934.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Partner in Ashmore, Benson, Pease & Co. In Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of the Weardale Steel, Coal, & Coke Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the Cargo Fleet Iron Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.

• He worked as a Director of T. & R. W. Bower Ltd.

10-Michael Lloyd Pease was born on 10 Jan 1891 in Hurworth on Tees, County Durham, died on 10 Jun 1968 at age 77, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a member of the Cargo Fleet Iron Company in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

10-Cyril Pease was born on 11 Dec 1891 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 31 Jul 1950 in London at age 58, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

10-Mary Cecilia Pease^{157,159} was born on 12 Dec 1892 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham and died on 27 Jul 1975 in 20 Bridge Road, Blackwell, Darlington, County Durham at age 82.

Mary married **Reginald Joseph Mounsey**,¹⁵⁷ son of **Edward Backhouse Mounsey**^{33,44,112,121,157} and **Rachel Ann Fryer**,^{33,44,112,157} on 14 Sep 1921 in Hurworth on Tees, County Durham. Reginald was born on 23 Jan 1884 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 25 Mar 1962 in University College Hospital, London at age 78. They had five children: **Dorothy Helen, Priscilla Mary, Anthony Edward, David Reginald**, and **Margaret Lucy**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Fireclay Co. Ltd.

11-Dorothy Helen Mounsey was born on 10 Aug 1922 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 Jul 2012 in Darlington, County Durham at age 89, and was buried on 27 Jul 2012 in Memorial meeting, FMH Darlington.

11-Priscilla Mary Mounsey

Priscilla married Raymond Arthur Nunn, son of William Nunn and Alice Maud Parnell. They had one son: Richard John.

12-Richard John Nunn

11-Anthony Edward Mounsey

Anthony married Pamela Marian Nicholas, daughter of Charles Henry Nicholas and Marian Field. They had two children: Anthony Michael and Nicola Marian.

12-Anthony Michael Mounsey

12-Nicola Marian Mounsey

11-David Reginald Mounsey

David married Sheila Staton, daughter of Joseph Staton and Charlotte Ann Eaton. They had two children: Helen Margaret and Catherine Mary.

12-Helen Margaret Mounsey

12-Catherine Mary Mounsey

11-Margaret Lucy Mounsey

Margaret married Eric Woodford Pratt, son of Sidney Pratt and Charlotte May Dilkes, on 30 Jun 1951 in Darlington, County Durham. Eric was born on 21 Jul 1926 in Desford, Leicestershire, died on 18 Jul 1993 at age 66, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had two children: Christopher David Woodford and Rosemary Priscilla.

12-Christopher David Woodford Pratt

12-Rosemary Priscilla Pratt

10-Henry Alfred Pease was born on 24 Apr 1894 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 4 Nov 1926 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 32, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

10-Robert Pease was born on 12 Jun 1898 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 20 Oct 1937 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 39, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

10-Helen Maud Pease was born on 8 May 1901 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 26 Sep 1929 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 28, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

9-Lucy Ethel Pease^{44,63,76,153,213,214} was born on 12 Jul 1867 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 24 Jul 1940 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 73, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

General Notes: Mrs. Gerald Buxton on "Phroso" is another of those who are able to share the pleasures of Fox-hunting with a partner equally fond of it. She has inherited all the love of the sport which runs in the Pease family, and is sister to Mr. A. E. Pease, who wrote the "History of the Cleveland Hounds " and other sporting books, and of Mr. J. A. Pease. Both brothers have won the House of Commons Point-to-Point. "Phroso," the animal upon which she is depicted, is a fair type of the class of horse which, with perfect seat and good hands, she rides with so much judgment and discretion with hounds.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with OBE.

Lucy married **Gerald Buxton**,^{63,76,150,153,213,214,219} son of **Edward North Buxton**^{214,219} and **Emily Digby**, on 3 Dec 1890 in Guisborough, Yorkshire. Gerald was born on 30 Oct 1862 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex, died on 2 Mar 1928 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 65, and was buried on 6 Mar 1928 in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex. They had four children: **Blanche Emily, Edward North, Rebekah Mary**, and **Joseph Alfred**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP. DL.
- He resided at Birch Hall in Theydon Bois, Essex.

10-Blanche Emily Buxton was born on 15 Nov 1891 in Theydon Bois, Essex, died in 1971 at age 80, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

10-Lt. Col. Edward North Buxton⁷⁶ was born on 7 Feb 1894 in Theydon Bois, Essex and died on 10 Sep 1957 in London at age 63.

Edward married Sybil O'Neill,⁷⁶ daughter of Hon. Arthur Edward Bruce O'Neill and Lady Annabel Hungerford Crewe-Milnes, on 6 Jun 1924 in London. Sybil was born on 15 Dec 1902 and died on 26 Jul 1946 in High Beech, Loughton at age 43. They had two children: Morna Annabel and Mark Gerald Edward North.

11-Morna Annabel Buxton

Morna married **Dr. Clive Ernest Arkle**, son of **Alexander Septimus Arkle** and **Lilian Octavia Glynn**, on 3 Feb 1951 in High Beech, Essex. Clive was born on 11 Jun 1922 in Liverpool and died in 1991 at age 69. They had four children: **Alexander Edward Buxton**, **Bridget Aycliffe Buxton**, **Alwyn Gerald Buxton**, and **Ann Daphne Buxton**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB.
- He worked as a Surgeon.

12-Alexander Edward Buxton Arkle

12-Bridget Aycliffe Buxton Arkle

12-Alwyn Gerald Buxton Arkle

12-Ann Daphne Buxton Arkle

Ann married Stephen Derek Pitts.

11-Mark Gerald Edward North Buxton

Mark married Leucha Daphne Mary Warner, daughter of Col. Sir Edward Courtenay Thomas Warner 2nd Bt. and Hon. Nesta Douglas-Pennant, on 19 Jul 1962. Leucha was born on 24 Jan 1929 and died on 7 Feb 2012 at age 83. They had two children: Edward North and Terence Mark.

12-Edward North Buxton

Edward married Fiona Helen Shaw, daughter of E. Nicholas Shaw, in 1992. Fiona died on 17 Jun 2014. They had one son: Nicholas Edward North.

13-Nicholas Edward North Buxton

12-Terence Mark Buxton

Edward next married Daphne Rosemary Munro, daughter of H. N. Munro.

10-Rebekah Mary Buxton¹⁵³ was born on 21 Jan 1900 in Theydon Bois, Essex and died on 24 Jul 1985 at age 85.

Rebekah married Col. Sir Ralph Stephenson Clarke,¹⁵³ son of Col. Stephenson Robert Clarke¹⁵³ and Edith Gertrude Godman,¹⁵³ on 15 Dec 1921 in Theydon Bois, Essex. Ralph was born on 17 Aug 1892 in London and died on 19 May 1970 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 77. They had three children: Anne Stephenson, Robert Nunn Stephenson, and Simon Edward Stephenson.

General Notes: Colonel Sir Ralph Stephenson Clarke held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.). He graduated with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was invested as a Knight Commander, Order of the British Empire (K.B.E.). He was decorated with the award of Territorial Decoration (T.D.). He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) (Conservative) for East Grinstead between 1936 and 1955. Will was proved 10th June 1971DL (1932), Lord of the Manor of Briddlesford and Wootton, and Patron of the living of Shanklin, Isle of Wight, memb E Sussex CC from 1934, Alderman 1953, chm 1958-61, MP for East Grinstead div. of E Sussex 1936-55, Col TA, late Lt-Col cmdg 98th (Surrey and Sussex Yeo), Q.MO Field Bde RA, TA, served in WW I 1914-19 (wounded), and in WW II 1939-44 (despatches), Hon Col 344th (Sussex Yeo), L.AA/S.L. Regt, RA, TA 1947-58, Citizen and Clothworker of London (Assistant from 1949, Master 1962-63)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD DL MP.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He resided at Borde Hill in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex.
- He resided at Brook House in Ardingly, Sussex.
- He worked as a MP East Grinstead 1936 To 1955.

11-Anne Stephenson Clarke¹⁵³ was born on 1 Mar 1923 and died on 13 Oct 1967 at age 44.

11-Robert Nunn Stephenson Clarke¹⁵³ was born on 17 Apr 1925 in London and died in 1987 at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Hoathly Hill in West Hoathly, Crawley, Sussex.

Robert married Juana Nidia Gereth Bickersteth-Wheeler,¹⁵³ daughter of Lt. Col. John Bickersteth-Wheeler and Bianca Santhez Lozano Hidalgo Vergara, on 23 Apr 1949 in Highbrook, Sussex. The marriage ended in divorce in 1967. Juana was born on 9 Jun 1928 in Santiago, Chile, died on 8 Apr 2013 in Halliwell Care Home, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 84, and was buried on 25 Apr 2013 in All Saints', Highbrook, West Sussex. They had three children: Marylynn Jane Stephenson, Roland Rafael, and Andrewjohn Patrick Stephenson.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with RCM (Hon).

12-Marylynn Jane Stephenson Clarke

12-Roland Rafael Clarke

Roland married Joanna.

12-Andrewjohn Patrick Stephenson Clarke

Andrewjohn married Eleni Charalambos. They had one daughter: Jay Robin Stephenson.

13-Jay Robin Stephenson Clarke

11-Capt. Simon Edward Stephenson Clarke¹⁵³ was born on 5 Sep 1926 in London and died on 12 Nov 2001 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Sandown House in Sandown, Isle of Wight, Hampshire.

• He resided at Manor House in Lindfield, West Sussex.

Simon married Jill Maureen Voss,¹⁵³ daughter of Harry Voss and Doris Diana Looms, on 21 Oct 1953 in London. Jill was born on 10 Mar 1927 in London and died in 1996 at age 69. They had four children: Christopher Stephenson, Caroline Stephenson, Alison Stephenson, and Rupert Stephenson.

Marriage Notes: 1952 also given

12-Christopher Stephenson Clarke¹⁵³ was born on 7 Dec 1954 in London and died on 27 Sep 2018 in Isle of Wight, Hampshire at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Cridmore Farm, St Helens, Newport, Isle Of Wight.

Christopher married someone. He had one daughter: Rebecca.

13-Rebecca Clarke

Christopher married Jan. They had two children: Edward and Alexandra.

13-Edward Clarke

13-Alexandra Clarke

12-Caroline Stephenson Clarke

Caroline married Hugo Bertram De Klee, son of Col. Murray Peter De Klee and Angela Moira Jean Stormonth-Darling. They had seven children: Elizabeth Storm, Katherine Emma, Thomas Bertram, Patrick Edward, George Frederick, Nicholas Alexander, and James Henry.

13-Elizabeth Storm De Klee

Elizabeth married William Oliver Franks, son of Ronald J. Franks and Carol M. Nichols. They had two children: Hugo Stormonth and Rafferty Stormonth.

14-Hugo Stormonth Franks

14-Rafferty Stormonth Franks

13-Katherine Emma De Klee

13-Thomas Bertram De Klee

13-Patrick Edward De Klee

13-George Frederick De Klee

13-Nicholas Alexander De Klee

13-James Henry De Klee

12-Alison Stephenson Clarke

12-Rupert Stephenson Clarke¹⁵³ was born on 20 Nov 1959 in London and died on 25 Jul 1986 at age 26.

General Notes: Died by suicide

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer in Cridmore Farm, Chillerton, Newport, Isle of Wight.

10-Joseph Alfred Buxton was born on 22 Jan 1904 in Theydon Bois, Essex, died on 9 Oct 1913 in Theydon Bois, Essex at age 9, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

9-Agnes Claudia Fox Pease^{44,214} was born on 14 Apr 1870 in 18 Prince's Gardens, London and died on 22 Jan 1955 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 84.

General Notes: 14 April 1870, Thurs: An active night having to send for Dr. Hewitt and Mrs Smith, however all went on well and at about 3.35 a little girl was born, (Agnes Claudia Fox Pease) , Minnie being much less exhausted than I have usually seen her. The Dr. left about 5 o'clock and I laid down beside her and we both slept for an hour or two. I then got up and saw Joshua Fayle; Alfred, Albert, Blanche, Ethel off to King's Cross - telegraphed to Newcastle, Cornwall & Darlington; wrote letters, rode with Effie and had a good afternoon's rest by Minnie - she seemed going on very well. *The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt. (Unpublished)*

Agnes married Alfred Wilson,^{2,44} son of John Edward Wilson^{10,44,48} and Catharine Stacey,^{10,44,48} on 29 Nov 1898 in FMH Guisborough. Alfred was born on 13 Nov 1865 in Wyddrington, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 25 Apr 1924 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 58. They had eight children: Alfred Peter, Catherine Claudia, Marjorie Mary, Joy, Deborah Pease, (No Given Name), Edith Violet, and Noel John.

General Notes: Fri 25 April 1924 - Claudia's husband Alfred Wilson died this night very suddenly from pelvic aneurism after a few hour's illness – she found him dead in bed beside her – He was a very serious & devoted Christian, rather severe in his attitude to things generally but a fine character & a great naturalist – his knowledge of British Birds was thorough. Mon 28 April 1924 - I went to Edgbaston meeting Blanche en route was met at Birmingham by Maud - we went to stay at the Tangyer (sic) [Tangyes?] – Claudia very brave & herself, Ethel there – I enjoyed meeting all Claudia's children – Peter pleased me very much indeed & they are all dear young people - As Alfred was cremated there was no funeral & it was a little curious having nothing of the sort & no grave nor point of contact with his death – On Tuesday there was a meeting corresponding with a Memorial Service – I thought rather a distressing ordeal – one walked in midst stares & silence, did not know what or when anything would happen - & a long meeting with persons saying what they chose to say, go as you please & it included a woman relating some spook experience - Quaker weddings & funerals are not nice - Ethel sat by me & hated it – I got home to Betty & Anne on the 30th The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He was educated at Mason College, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Longfield, Alvechurch, Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

10-Alfred Peter Wilson^{44,253,254} was born on 28 Sep 1899 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1912-1917 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1919.

• He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

Alfred married Winifred Alice Bedwell,^{44,253,254,255} daughter of Lt. Col. Edward Parker Bedwell and Anna Elizabeth Storrs, on 5 Jul 1927 in St. James, Spanish Place, London. Winifred was born on 19 Jul 1906 in Exeter, Devon.

Marriage Notes: WILSON-BEDWELL.-On July 5th, in London, Alfred Peter Wilson (1912-1917), to Winifred Bedwell, of London. **GOLDEN WEDDING** WILSON-BEDWELL.-On 5th July, 1927, at St. James, Spanish Place, London, Alfred Peter Wilson (1912-17) to Winifred Alice Bedwell.

10-Catherine Claudia Wilson⁴⁴ was born on 9 Jun 1901 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Catherine married John Charles Newport Eppstein,⁴⁴ son of Rev. Dr. William Charles Eppstein and Margaret Beatrice Bolton, in 1922. John was born on 26 May 1895 in Reading, Berkshire. They had three children: John Sebastian Bolton, Peter Maurice Pease, and Michael Myles Wallis.

General Notes: Chevalier of the Order of Leopold. John Charles Newport Eppstein, Honorary Captain, American Red Cross, Director for Belgium.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director of the British Society for International Understanding in 1953.

11-John Sebastian Bolton Eppstein

11-2nd Lieut. Peter Maurice Pease Eppstein was born on 14 Dec 1926 in Reading, Berkshire, died on 1 Nov 1947 in Gibraltar. (Drowned at sea) at age 20, and was buried in Brookwood Memorial, Woking, Surrey. Panel 2. Column 2.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

11-Michael Myles Wallis Eppstein

Michael married Margaret Anne Searle, daughter of George Herbert Searle and Kathleen Cecila Abrahams.

10-Marjorie Mary Wilson⁴⁴ was born on 7 Dec 1903 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

10-Joy Wilson⁴⁴ was born on 29 Jan 1907 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 13 Mar 1980 at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.

Joy married **Dr. John Peregrine Francis Lloyd**,⁴⁴ son of **John Eliot Howard Lloyd**⁴⁴ and **Florence Louise Armstrong**,⁴⁴ on 18 Aug 1932 in Barnt Green, Birmingham, Warwickshire. John was born on 24 Aug 1907 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Dec 1985 at age 78. They had three children: **Antony John Eliot, Kerin Howard Seton**, and **Diana Armstrong Pease**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB FRCS.
- He worked as an Opthalmic Surgeon.
- He had a residence in Waterstock Close, Waterstock, Wheatley, Oxfordshire.

11-Antony John Eliot Lloyd

Antony married Helen Jean. They had two children: Fiona Caroline and Simon John Eliot.

12-Fiona Caroline Lloyd

12-Simon John Eliot Lloyd

11-Kerin Howard Seton Lloyd

Kerin married Wendy Susan Lee Boyd, daughter of Winnett Boyd.

11-Diana Armstrong Pease Lloyd

Diana married Lars Sederholm. They had three children: Tina, Annelisa, and Annika.

12-Tina Sederholm

12-Annelisa Sederholm

12-Annika Sederholm

10-Deborah Pease Wilson^{2,3,44,238,256} was born on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died in 1986 at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was Roman Catholic.

• She had a residence in Minia, Livesey Road, Ludlow, Shropshire.

Deborah married **Prof. Arthur Hilary Armstrong**,^{2,3,44,238,256} son of **Rev. William Alexander Armstrong**^{2,256,257} and **Emily Mary Cripps**,^{2,256,257} on 29 Aug 1933 in Warwickshire. Arthur was born on 13 Aug 1909 in 56 Tisbury Road, Hove, Sussex and died on 16 Oct 1997 in General Hospital, Hereford, Herefordshire at age 88. They had five children: **Christopher John Richard, Orfilia Bridget Mary, Moreen Teresa Catherine, Julian Peter Benedict**, and **Agnes Nicolette**.

General Notes: Emeritus Professor: University of Liverpool, since 1972; Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, since 1983 EDUCATION Lancing Coll.; Jesus Coll., Cambridge (MA)

CAREER Asst Lectr in Classics, University Coll., Swansea, 1936–39; Professor of Classics, Royal University of Malta, Valletta, 1939–43; Classical VIth Form Master, Beaumont Coll., Old Windsor, Berks, 1943–46; Lectr in Latin, University Coll., Cardiff, 1946–50; Gladstone Professor of Greek, Univ. of Liverpool, 1950–72; Vis. Prof. of Classics and Phil., Dalhousie Univ., Halifax, NS, 1972–83. Killam Sen. Fellow, Dalhousie Univ., 1970–71

PUBLICATIONS The Architecture of the Intelligible Universe in the Philosophy of Plotinus, 1940, repr. 1967 (French trans. with new preface, 1984); An Introduction to Ancient Philosophy, 1947 (American edn, 1949, 4th edn, 1965, last repr. 1981); Plotinus, 1953 (American edn, 1963); Christian Faith and Greek Philosophy (with R. A. Markus), 1960 (American edn, 1964); Plotinus I-VII (Loeb Classical Library), 1966–88; Cambridge History of Later Greek and Early Mediæval Philosophy (Editor and part author), 1967, repr. 1970; St Augustine and Christian Platonism, 1968; Plotinian and Christian Studies, 1979; Classical Mediterranean Spirituality (Vol. 15 of World Spirituality) (Editor and part author), 1986; Hellenic and Christian Studies, 1990; contribs to Classical Qly, Jl Hellenic Studies, Jl Theological Studies, etc.

Armstrong, (Arthur) Hilary (1909–1997), classical scholar, was born on 13 August 1909 at 56 Tisbury Road, Hove, Sussex, the son of William Alexander Armstrong, a Church of England priest, and his wife, Emily Mary, née Cripps. His father was a high-church tory, and Armstrong was given a devout Anglican education and a traditional classical education, which by his own reckoning he was one of the last to receive, at Lancing College and Jesus College, Cambridge. After graduation he became a librarian in the classics faculty library. He also became a convert to Roman Catholicism. On 29 August 1933 he married Deborah Pease (b. 1910/11), daughter of Alfred Wilson, a chemical manufacturer, from a family of midlands Quakers. They had two sons and three daughters.

At Cambridge, Armstrong began working on the then most unfashionable ancient Greek 'mystic' Plotinus, the founder of Neoplatonism. In 1940 he published his pioneering work The Architecture of the Intelligible Universe in the Philosophy of Plotinus; in it he sought to establish that Plotinus was a philosopher on the level of Plato and Aristotle, who attempted to elucidate his meditative experience by means of rigorous philosophical argument. In 1936 he was appointed assistant lecturer in classics at University College, Swansea. The same year he showed in an article for the Classical Quarterly (in opposition to the French plotinisant E. Brehier) that Plotinus's philosophy did not derive from Indian thought, but could be completely understood through the Hellenic tradition.

From 1939 to 1943 Armstrong was professor of classics at the University of Malta in Valletta. When Malta was besieged, a friend who was an Orthodox priest chanted Greek prayers during bombing raids, an experience that Armstrong still described in his late correspondence. After returning to Britain in 1943, he taught classics at Beaumont College, Windsor, until assuming a lectureship at Cardiff in 1946. In 1947 his influential An Introduction to Ancient Philosophy appeared; many years later it was still in print. In 1950 Armstrong was appointed Gladstone professor of Greek at Liverpool University, where he remained until 1972. In this creative period his gift for scholarly collaboration led to the

publication first of Christian Faith and Greek Philosophy (1960, with R. A. Markus), and secondly of the seminal Cambridge History of Later Greek and Early Medieval Philosophy (1967), which he edited and to which he contributed the chapter on Plotinus. Recommended to the Loeb Classical Library by his friend E. R. Dodds, he undertook the seven-volume English translation of Plotinus's Enneads; the first volume appeared in 1966 and the last in 1988, though completed long before that. It was a formidably learned accomplishment and a landmark of Neoplatonic scholarship. Better known on the continent than in England, Armstrong formed lasting friendships with P. Henry and R. Schwyzer, who produced the first critical text of Plotinus, from which he worked. In 1970 he was elected a fellow of the British Academy, an honour of which he was deeply proud.

This might have been enough for another scholar, but in 1972 Armstrong took early retirement from Liverpool to become visiting professor of classics at Dalhousie University in Halifax, Nova Scotia, a post he held until 1982. In this position he became a focal point for Neoplatonic scholars all over North America, whom he greatly influenced. He also helped to found the journal Dionysius, for the scholarly discussion of late Greek philosophy and Christianity. These years saw a prodigious output of articles, the editorship of Classical Mediterranean Spirituality (1986), and two collections of essays, Plotinian and Christian Studies (1979) and Hellenic and Christian Studies (1990). His article in the latter, 'The divine enhancement of earthly beauties', was perhaps the best introduction and analysis to date of Greek and Platonic religious/aesthetic sensibilities. A Festschrift in his honour, Neoplatonism and Christian Thought, was published in 1981. Significantly, Armstrong's growing disagreements with the Roman Catholic church led him eventually back into the Anglican church.

Armstrong 'kept the altars of Plotinus warm' (Eunapius, Lives of the Philosophers, 455.42) in an era when metaphysical ideas of any stripe were all but ridiculed in Anglo-American philosophical circles. In his later years the revival of mysticism and the lively interest in religious thought made his work more relevant than ever. In addition to his ground-breaking Neoplatonic scholarship, he wrote on the historical (and contemporary) problems of religious pluralism and tolerance. He was open to the valid religious expressions of other traditions. Temperamentally opposed to dogmatism, intolerance, or triumphalism of any kind, he insisted that 'it is permissible to disagree' on religious and philosophical issues, and said that the 'temple of Greco-Roman Isis' in our world that he would actively honour, if he should come upon it, would be a Hindu temple (personal knowledge).

Armstrong favoured the 'way of unsaying' or 'apophasis' commonly known as 'negative theology': the one (first principle, 'God') is not this, not that, and it is not not this, not not that. In the end all our formulations, including our negations, must be negated. Hence all dogmas were to him, at bottom, provisional. That they led to people getting hurt or killed was intolerable. The modern Christian, thought Armstrong, should be an 'idoloclast' but also an 'iconodule' (Armstrong, 'Negative theology', Plotinian and Christian Studies, 24, 1979, 189): the natural world is to be welcomed as a 'theophany' or image (icon) of the three transcendent Plotinian realities, one– intellect– soul. Furthermore, he considered the church's 'churchiness' and neglect of the natural world one of the culprits in the global environmental crisis.

Contemporary students of religion learned from Armstrong's notion that Neoplatonism, because of its compatibility, was of crucial importance in the philosophical discussions between east and west. Although involved in these and many other spiritual concerns, he eschewed the title of guru and always claimed to be 'of the college rather than of the coven' (personal knowledge). He was a generous friend to many of his students and colleagues, often helping them with their professional careers and engaging in lively personal and intellectual discussion. He was among the greatest of the 'Cambridge Platonists'.

Armstrong's creativity continued unabated after his retirement to Ludlow in Shropshire, and even after he suffered a stroke in 1989. Before this it remained hard to keep up with him on a vigorous walk around the countryside he loved, while he discussed the virtues of those Neoplatonists who gave a positive valuation to nature and to the body. He enjoyed gardening and proudly showed his flowers transplanted from the Black Sea area, a connection with ancient Greek Christianity. His taste in music ranged from early to late classical: his favourite composers were Monteverdi, Mozart, and Mahler. In the 1990s he continued to publish, and his correspondence with friends, scholars, and students never faltered. As his body declined he became frustrated by his increasing immobility; he loved to be taken out for a pub lunch. He died at the General Hospital, Hereford, on 16 October 1997, after another stroke. He was survived by his two sons, one a Church of England priest and the other a lawyer, and a daughter; his wife and two daughters predeceased him. Although a great reader of Plato's Phaedo on the immortality of the soul, and a Christian Platonist who had returned to the Church of England, he had come seriously to doubt the notion of personal survival.

Jay Bregman

Sources J. Bregman, 'Memorial: A. H. Armstrong', Alexandria, 5 (2000), $451-2 \cdot J$. Bregman, 'The contemporary Christian Platonism of A. H. Armstrong', Alexandria, 4 (1997), $181-95 \cdot The$ Independent (22 Oct 1997) \cdot The Guardian (20 Oct 1997) \cdot The Times (5 Nov 1997) \cdot WWW \cdot personal knowledge (2004) \cdot private information (2004) \cdot b. cert. \cdot m. cert. \cdot d. cert. Wealth at death under £180,000: probate, 27 Jan 1998, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Jay Bregman, 'Armstrong, (Arthur) Hilary (1909–1997)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/68471

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Fellow of the British Academy.
- He was Roman Catholic.
- He worked as a Professor of Greek, Liverpool University in 1950-1972.

11-Rev. Dr. Christopher John Richard Armstrong

11-Orfilia Bridget Mary Armstrong was born on 26 Apr 1937 in Swansea, Glamorgan, Wales and died on 20 Jul 1954 at age 17.

11-Moreen Teresa Catherine Armstrong

11-Julian Peter Benedict Armstrong

11-Agnes Nicolette Armstrong

10-Wilson¹⁵⁰ was born on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham. (Stillborn).

General Notes: Wed October 5th 1910:- Claudia had twins a day or so ago, one still born - the other little girl & Claudia doing well. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Alfred wrote this, on the same day as his daughter Lavender's marriage to Sandy Medlicott

10-Edith Violet Wilson⁴⁴ was born on 17 Dec 1912 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Edith married Michael Buffery, son of Frank Ernest Buffery and Lucy Newton. They had two children: Philip Michael and Anna Lucia.

11-Philip Michael Buffery

11-Anna Lucia Buffery

10-Noel John Wilson^{22,44,238} was born on 17 Dec 1912 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1922-1926 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1930 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.
- He was Jesuit.

8-Emma Gurney Pease was born on 17 Dec 1829 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 3 Jul 1895 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham at age 65, and was buried on 6 Jul 1895 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Jane Gurney and Emma Gurney, two maiden aunts aged 36 & 33 respectively in 1863. My father called them 'the girls' till death separated them in 1895 when Aunt Jane died. Aunt Emma died the following year at Southend, These two aunts 'ran' Southend for my grandfather, cared for him and provided for the large house's hospitality. Aunt Jane was large and handsome and given to poetry and serious pursuits and became a Minister in the Society of Friends. She was clever and had a natural gift of voice and language - dignified - very Protestant - read and believed 'The Times' daily, kept up a nice discipline and with Aunt Emma kept the house in perfect order and cleanliness and everything of the best. Aunt Emma was less austere and a jolly, stout, kind practical soul. Aunt Jane's laugh consisted mostly of a pretty smile and a long hiss - Aunt Emma's was almost a real one. but restrained to the extent that it made her eyes roll in her head with pleasure. They had good appetites, took chiefly carriage exercise, drank coffee and tea and kept up family 'Reading' in the evening with the servants after my grandfather's death. When these dear ladies died it was the end of Southend, and I am sure they have turned in their graves if they have heard that Southend is now a Popish Convent (Note JGP. and now, 2008, a hotel with 60 bedrooms viz:) Aunt Jane preached, and Aunt Emma practised charity - Aunt Jane was a little masculine sometimes in her dignity and would sit with legs crossed and show her white stockings! Uncle John Pease himself the most elegant in language and the most eloquent in preaching used to say "for elegance and purity of diction, my niece Jane surpasses all" or words to this effect.

8-Rachel Pease^{2,10,44,90} was born on 15 Jun 1831 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 24 May 1912 in Rocklands, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 80.

General Notes: Rachel was the liveliest of my aunts and pretty when young and always good looking. She was a good painter of animals in oils, delighted in horses and riding - She married Charles Albert Leatham 6th March, 1851 and had one son who died when a baby and 5 daughters who all grew up and married. These five girls were our constant playmates as long as my father kept his house at Darlington (up to 1866-7) - My grandfather built Gunnergate Hall (*Note JGP*. *Middlesbrough and long since demolished* [2008] to make way for a modern housing estate) for my aunt and her husband, and it was completed for them by February, 1858. My uncle Albert Leatham lived up until then at Southwood Lawn near Middlesbro'- he was a clever Engineer - he died 11th March, 1858 (?& before) getting into Gunnergate Hall which was sold to Tom Vaughan, and on his failure sold to Bolckow and let to Sir Raylton Dixon - The last 15 or 20 vears it has been empty until the present War (1917) when it is now a barracks -

Rachel Leatham married again 21st Sept 1875 William Fowler M.P. (His 3rd wife) and after his death she lived at Rocklands Nr Tunbridge Wells. She died there in 1912 at the age of 8-? (81) being the last of my father's family (like Gurney, Charles & Edward) she was deaf the latter part of her life - my father also was deaf the latter part of his life - this tendency comes with the Gurney cross.

After Aunt Leatham became a widow till 1875, she lived at Uplands, Darlington, built for her by her father.

14 August 1907:- Aunt William (Rachel) Fowler arrived for a few days visit. She is very deaf, very cheery & we enjoyed chatting together over old times - it was about 30 years ago she was last here! She is the only survivor of my father's generation & about 76 years old. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt*.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1858-1875 in Uplands, Darlington, County Durham.

Rachel married **Charles Albert Leatham**,^{10,44,59} son of **William Leatham**^{10,20,69,88,210} and **Margaret Walker**,^{10,20,88,210} on 6 Mar 1851 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Charles was born on 20 Sep 1825 in Heath, Wakefield, Yorkshire, died on 11 Mar 1858 in Ben Rhydding, Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire at age 32, and was buried on 16 Mar 1858 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had six children: **Rachel Mary, Emma, Margaret, Elizabeth, Jane Gurney**, and (**No Given Name**).

General Notes: **6 Mar 1858** (Sat):so to Station and by train to Arthington (about 3 miles east of Otley), (travelled with W Skinner from Thirsk), thence by cab to Ben Rhydding. Shocked to find on arriving there that Charles Albert Leatham had shown decided mental aberrations during the day , the present seemed familiar to him, the past quite in clouds. Dr Macleod tried mustard poultices. He knew me perfectly, but it was very affecting to see the chaos of his mind as regards the past. Agreed with Dr Macleod to send for Caleb Williams through the night. **7 Mar 1858 (Sun):** After a night somewhat disturbed, being on the qui vive about poor Albert, was glad to find he had had a fair night and was much the same. Caleb Williams came about 9:30 and after consultations with McLeod (sic), told me that they considered it a most serious case "critical" they thought, that there was disease of the spinal cord which was of long standing, and from which arose that inertia which had grown upon him, and that tendency to require food. They were afraid that the case might terminate speedily with coma or convulsions, or that it might linger out into a state of chronic though gradual softening of the brain. Under these circumstances Dr Williams recommended nothing should be done for a few days until the symptoms were more developed one way or another, but his strength harboured as much as possible. Letters we sent to all his relations. I forwarded a parcel to Darlington begging my father and mother (what??). During the morning, four leeches were applied, two to his temple and two behind his ear, but with little effect. During the evening he wandered a good deal and complained of great pain in his head which at times was most affecting. Dearest Minnie bathed his temples and obtained him some relief, but a mustard plaster down the spine at last gave him the the required ease which made the evening pass more easily. **8 Mar 1858 (Mon)**: With Albert early, found he'd passed a fair but restless night. He seemed in less pain but wand

9 March 1858 (Tues): On going to see Albert this morning, found him sunk and low, in fact he seemed losing consciousness very fast. Dr MacLeod was evidently much alarmed. Caleb Williams was sent for to come with as little delay as possible. MacLeod proposed to my father to place a blister at the back of CAL's head. This was done. During the time that his hair was being removed, he took no notice at all. The Dr followed the blister with ½ grain of calomel every half hour for 12 hours. The treatment brought relief and during the evening and afternoon he recognised those around him and appeared much better. I went to bed arranging with Dr MacLeod, that I would sit up from 2 o'clock, he taking the watch till then. Caleb Williams came in the afternoon, approved of everything except the calomel.

10 Mar 1858 (Wed): Was called by Dr MacLeod at 2 o'clock, He said Albert was so nicely that I need not sit up. Went about 7 to Charles Albert Leatham; found him looking worse . He was more sunk, less conscious and less connected in his wanderings . Staid (sic) a good deal with him till 12.30 when Ninnie and I left for home. The Drs evidently think much worse of him today. Met John and Margaret Elizabeth Bright (nee Leatham, she being John Bright's 2nd wife) on the road. Told them of the sad history. Chadwick of Leeds was sent for at the Leatham's suggestion. William Henry Leatham being too ill to come out & Margaret (Elizabeth) Leatham bad with a cold.

11 Mar 1858 (Thurs): The account this morning from Ben Rhydding is much the same as when we left......At 4 o'clock, parcel from Ben Rhydding arrived; the account as poor as can be, just alive, but in his last fatal sleep. Home to dinner after calling on my grandfather.

12 Mar 1858 (Fri): The a/c this morning of poor dear Albert as low as can be, hours only seemed to remain A telegraph about 10 o'clock. Charles Albert Leatham died last evening at 6 o'clock. It seems he had passed away most quietly, Elizabeth Bright and my father watching over him. Poor dear Rachel, how one feels for her! Walked round by Southend and Woodlands to communicate the sad tidings....... Isaac Wilson settled with John Harris, the feeling of sympathy with dear Rachel universal. Rachel seems to bear up well; calm. The remains were brought home at 8 o'clock and placed in the library. I sat awhile with Rachel who spoke freely of dear Albert , his illness, her fear &c. She hinted at her wish to live at Darlington & to give up her house at Gunnergate, poor child *[at this time aged 26]*.

13 Mar 1858 (Sat): To Southend. The "shell" enclosing poor Albert's remains was opened, the whole expression pleasant, but the likeness to life gone. It is a touching sight to see a man thus taken in the very prime of life, leaving a little flock and a widow.

14 Mar 1858 (Sun): Up rather late. A breakfast thence to Southend. A nice morning sitting there, meditations on the fleeting nature of all earthly things, on poor, dear Rachel's desolation, on Albert's quiet, guarded walk. A few nice words from my father, then in garden with Rachel and Minnie. Alfred & Rachel (nee Barclay) Backhouse called. Beaumont (Pease) took him to see the remains, the features more sunk than yesterday - surely it is a teaching lesson. A walk, tea and to meeting. A few words in prayer from Uncle John. Read this afternoon letters of condolence to Southend. Very kind full expressions.

16 Mar 1858 (Tues): Monthly meeting and poor Albert's funeral day. A mild morning with some heavy rain. Went to Southend - left there 9:30. J G B [*Joseph Gurney Barclay 1816-1898 who 1st m. Mary Walker Leatham*] and Rachel [*Leatham, widow*] chief mourners - a long train of relations and a very long concourse of neighbours, Middlesbrough people, workmen and others. At the graveside, Cousin Katherine Backhouse said a few words, Aunt Pease offered up a prayer, the grave was exceedingly neat, firebricks and cement. At meeting a sermon from Uncle John "Who knoweth the things of a man &c"; Walked about the Southend grounds till dinner time, talking to John Bright &c John Fowler came down, he looks worn & thin . I doubt his making much progress with his affairs. Tea and an increase of company, the Gilkes', Isaac & Anna Wilson, Beaumont Pease &c. Had some talk with Isaac who is exceedingly kind. Read the 103rd Psalm then a sitting

Katherine Backhouse said a few words, then Uncle John, glad to get home, soon to bed - on the whole a most quiet, comfortable day. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironmaster of Darlington and Middlesbrough.
- He had a residence in Gunnergate Hall, Marton, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

9-Rachel Mary Leatham⁴⁴ was born on 8 Mar 1852 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 25 Jul 1933 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 81.

General Notes: 23 Oct 1873, Thurs : Travelled down to Middlesbro' with R achel Leatham; [his sister] she told me of Rachel Mary's engagement to a Mr Theobald Butler of Leeds, a thing that has been on the way for some time. Agreed to meet her at Hutton at 5.30. To Middlesbro' Estate office; went through various papers with Dunning & Ball and settled various matters. Home, then drafted letter from Rachel to Butler and worked till I was about tired. *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Rachel married John Theobald Butler,⁴⁴ son of John Octavius Butler and Anne Snowden, on 22 Apr 1874 in All Saints, Ennismore Gardens, London. John was born on 30 Jul 1843 in Kirkstall, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 6 Mar 1927 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 83. They had three children: Sybil Mary, Gwendolen Margaret, and Ormonde Beecroft Leatham.

Marriage Notes: 22 April 1874 Wed : Rachel Mary Leatham's wedding day, a beautiful day. To Church, a nice party there and at the Breakfast; Bridesmaids, Emma, Lizzie, Margaret & Jennie L & two Miss Butlers Leatham, a Mr Oatas best man; Alfred, young Leathams & grooms men. We had J oseph G urney Barclay, John & Mrs Bright, Edmund Backhouse, Juliet & Julie & Charlie, Col.& Mrs Ackroyd, Mr & Mrs Bolckow & c & c, sat down 50 and at dinner we again assembled 22 in number, in the meanwhile I had a drive in the park with the Leatham girls. The happy pair left about 3.20 o'clock.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

General Notes: "I cannot say what John Theobald Butler was doing at the time of his marriage in 1874, but he and his wife lived at Ayton Hall, Great Ayton, Middlesbrough until 1912. In that year they went to live at Saltburn-by-the-Sea and later removed to Cheltenham. Wilson Pease (a barrister) in an entry he made 8th Feb. 1893 said of Theobald that he, "...has no business & does nothing except occasionally write stories." (Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt. Notes)

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Writer.
- He resided at Ayton Hall before 1912 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Saltburn, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

10-Sybil Mary Butler was born on 16 Mar 1875 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1966 in Exeter, Devon at age 91.

Sybil married Roland Stuart Turner, son of John Turner and Barbara Esther Shotbolt, on 21 Nov 1933 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Roland was born on 24 Dec 1887 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died in 1981 in Shepway, Kent at age 94.

10-Gwendolen Margaret Butler was born on 7 Sep 1876 in Burley, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 8 Jun 1957 in Brant Broughton at age 80.

Gwendolen married **Harold Gurney Pease**, son of **Gurney Pease**^{10,33,44,98,119,120} and **Katherine Wilson**,^{10,33,44,98,119,120} on 31 Dec 1896 in FMH Great Ayton. Harold was born on 19 Aug 1864 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 27 Apr 1928 in Virginia Water at age 63.

General Notes: Harold was mentally ill and was admitted to the Holloway Sanatorium on the 3rd August 1904, at the behest of his wife. He died there on the date as given.

Pease, Harold Gurney.

Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 12, 1882. [Eldest] s. of Gurney, of Darlington (and Katharine, dau. of John Jowitt Wilson, Esq., of Kendal, Westmorland). B. in 1865.

School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough.

Matric. Michs. 1882; B.A. 1885; M.A. 1890.

In business for some time.

Master of the Ayton Harriers, 1896-1900; of the South Oxfordshire Hunt, 1900-1. An invalid for many years. Married, 1896, Gwendolen Margaret, 2nd dau. of John Theobald Butler, Esq., of Great Ayton Hall, Yorks.

Died Apr. 27, 1928, at Virginia Water. Brother of John H. (1890) and Wilson (1886). (King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Walford, County Families; The Times, May 1, 1928.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Master of the Ayton Harriers in 1896-1900.
- He worked as a Master of the South Oxfordshire in 1900-1901.

10-Ormonde Beecroft Leatham Butler was born on 26 May 1880 in Torquay, Devon and died on 1 Nov 1946 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer.

Ormonde married Maud Anne Butler, daughter of John Butler and Bertha Evena Leigh, on 8 Jul 1911 in London. Maud was born on 12 Jul 1882 in Bolton-le-Moors, Lancashire and died on 30 May 1930 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire at age 47.

9-Emma Leatham^{44,63} was born on 22 Feb 1853 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Jul 1925 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 72.

Emma married Rev. Alfred Richardson,^{44,63} son of Joshua Pim Richardson³⁷ and Susan Lecky Pim,³⁷ on 11 Aug 1875 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Alfred was born on 5 Feb 1853 in Lamberg, Co. Antrim and died on 22 Sep 1925 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 72. They had four children: Emma Muriel, Audrey Gurney, Frances Rachel, and Alfred Terence Leatham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Corfe Down, Bath.

10-Emma Muriel Richardson was born on 6 Oct 1878 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

10-Audrey Gurney Richardson⁴⁴ was born on 13 Feb 1885 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.

Audrey married Robert Walter Campbell Shelford,⁴⁴ son of Thomas Shelford and Flora Hastings Lawrie, on 25 Jun 1908 in Bath, Somerset. Robert was born on 3 Aug 1872 in Singapore and died on 22 Jun 1912 in Margate, Kent at age 39.

General Notes: British entomologist and museum administrator and naturalist, with a special interest in entomology and insect mimicry; he specialised in cockroaches and also did some significant work on stick insects.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Entomologist.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 7 Clarendon Villas, Oxford.

10-Frances Rachel Richardson was born on 6 Jan 1888 in Wells, Somerset and died on 22 Jan 1892 at age 4.

10-Capt. Alfred Terence Leatham Richardson was born on 12 Jun 1892 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Nov 1917 in Palestine. In Action at age 25.

9-Margaret Leatham⁴⁴ was born on 9 Apr 1854 in Gunnergate Hall, Marton, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died in Sep 1902 in Woking, Surrey at age 48.

Margaret married **Rev. William Macdonald Bottome**,^{44,63} son of **Rev. Dr. Francis Bottome** and **Margaret MacDonald**, on 27 Oct 1875 in Holy Trinity, Darlington, County Durham. Rev. was born on 8 Oct 1852 in Meridan, Connecticut, USA and died on 26 May 1913 in Bromley, Kent at age 60. They had five children: Margaret Wilmott, Mary Mcdonald, Christian Albert Leatham, Phyllis, and George MacDonald.

Marriage Notes: 27 Oct 1875, Wed: To Darlington with Minnie, Effie having gone up the night before to Margaret Leatham's wedding to William MacDonald Bottome which took place at Trinity

Church by Mr Hughes; after it to Fothergill the dentist, then to Colliery meeting; prices lower a little; dinner, then to a cold collection at Rachel Fowler's, Uplands, pretty but cold & feelingless, a damp seemed on everyone. To Southend via Woodside with Kate, a gathering there, very pleasant. Home at 9.35 train. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Over Stowey in Somerset.

10-Margaret Wilmott Bottome was born on 9 Nov 1876 in Manningham, Yorkshire and died on 25 Jan 1902 at age 25.

10-Mary Mcdonald Bottome was born on 21 Mar 1878 in Chertsey, Surrey.

10-Christian Albert Leatham Bottome was born on 28 Aug 1880 in Borstal, Rochester, Kent and died on 21 Feb 1881 in Borstal, Rochester, Kent.

10-Phyllis Bottome was born on 31 May 1882 in Borstal, Rochester, Kent and died on 22 Aug 1963 in London at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Novelist.

Phyllis married Capt. Alban Ernan Forbes Dennis, son of George Beauchamp Gore Dennis and Mary Forbes, on 31 Dec 1917 in Paris, France. Alban was born on 17 May 1884 in Bridgerule, Devon and died in Jul 1972 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 88.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They worked as a School-owners in Kitzbühel, Austria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Diplomat in Marseilles, France.
- He worked as a MI6 Station officer in Vienna, Austria.

10-George MacDonald Bottome was born on 10 Sep 1887 in Fawley, Berkshire and died on 11 Jun 1972 at age 84.

George married Marjorie May Beall, daughter of Philip Libby Beall and Hannah Chew, on 11 Dec 1913 in Beckenham, Kent. Marjorie was born on 14 May 1886 in London and died on 15 Nov 1960 in Hook Heath at age 74. They had two children: **Philip MacDonald** and **Nigel Leatham**.

11-Philip MacDonald Bottome was born on 26 Sep 1914 in Bromley, Kent.

Philip married Vera Frances Locock, daughter of Sir Charles Bird Locock 3rd Bt. and Christine Maria Bennett. They had one daughter: Patricia Ann.

12-Patricia Ann Bottome

Philip next married Alice Mary Duckitt, daughter of William Ferdinand Duckitt and Alice Egidia Alston. They had one son: George Mcdonald.

12-George Mcdonald Bottome

11-Sqn. Ldr. Nigel Leatham Bottome was born on 21 Jun 1920 in Bromley, Kent, died on 14 Feb 2012 at age 91, and was buried on 1 Mar 2012 in St. John's Crematorium, Woking. Nigel married Barbara Muriel Jackman. They had one daughter: Judith Lee.

12-Judith Lee Bottome

9-Elizabeth Leatham¹⁵⁰ was born on 9 May 1855 in Gunnergate Hall, Marton, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 23 May 1930 in Bletchley, Buckinghamshire at age 75.

General Notes: 29 Aug 1880, Sun: A beautiful day to Crathie Church, Minnie with us, Queen not there. A pleasant walk to the Shepherd's huts; read the Life of Bunyan to the servants. Heard of Lizzie Leatham's engagement to Leonard Pelly.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Elizabeth married **Maj. Leonard Pelly**,¹⁵⁰ son of **Percy Leonard Pelly** and **Eliza Ann Rigge**, on 28 Oct 1880 in All Saints', Woodford, Essex. Leonard was born on 19 Sep 1856 and died on 22 Sep 1913 in Ashdon, Essex at age 57. They had two children: **Christabel** and **Eric Percy Leonard**.

Marriage Notes: **28 Oct 1880, Thurs:** Lizzie Leatham's wedding day, a cold wet morning. To All Saints Church (Mr Leonard Pelly's) at Woodford with Alfred & Emma Richardson. The affair went off well; Bridesmaids all in blue & buff and half in white & gold. A distinguished company - back to Forest House, about 70 at breakfast. The Bride bolted when I proposed her health; attended to Settlement with Percy John Pelly, gave it J. G. Barclay to get W,.L. Barclay 's signature, a walk and chat in the damp & rain with Arthur after ricing the Happy Pair. Dinner and then a Mr Durkin recited capitally, Dickens, Hood & his own; Minnie came down a while, but she could not stand it and left for her room again - all tired and to bed at 11 o'clock. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

General Notes: Sun 29 Aug 1880 - Lizzie Leatham engaged to one Leonard Pelly

Tues 21 May 1907 – I went to London & took my Rachel Gurney to the publishers (Headley Bros), got a saddle at Whippy's for Edward to give Kit next birthday & caught a train for Cambridge & then on to Bartlow (JGP: abt 15 miles S.E. of Cambridge) – I spent this night with Len & Lizzie Pelly at Waltons, a nice old place - I thoroughly enjoyed being with Lizzie very much, I feel so at home with the friends of my youth, especially my first cousins –

On Thurs 23 May 1907 she took (me) through Saffron Walden & pointed me out the Gibsons houses & & saw me off to Broxbourne (JGP: abt $7\frac{1}{2}$ m N.E. of Potters Bar) from Audley End – I met Nellie there & we then went to High Lea to spend a night with Robert & Ellen Barclay - Again a very pleasant renewal of old acquaintance - & he showed me his old family things, his pedigree & c. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Essex Imperial Yeomanry.

10-Christabel Pelly²¹³ was born on 4 Sep 1881 in Ongar, Essex and died on 29 Apr 1952 in Hawkhurst, Kent at age 70.

Christabel married Leigh Udall Kent on 27 Apr 1909. Leigh died in 1919. They had one son: Wilfrid Robin Leigh.

11-Wilfrid Robin Leigh Kent was born in 1910.

Christabel next married **S/Ldr. William Herbert Mackenzie** in 1920. The marriage ended in divorce. William was born in 1880 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada. They had one daughter: **Esme Jane**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1929.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with AFC.

11-Esme Jane Mackenzie

Christabel next married Arthur Leslie Moore.

10-Eric Percy Leonard Pelly was born on 26 Nov 1894 in Ashdon, Essex and died on 14 Feb 1978 at age 83.

General Notes: Sat 24 May 1930 – Empire Day – our flag up - I had a wire from Eric Pelly saying his mother Lizzie Pelly died yesterday – I have been her Trustee for more than 50 years; of all that family of girls, only Mary Butler survives – so the playmates of my childhood & my generation passes away – *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Eric married Helen Marjorie Wade, daughter of Edmund Richmond Wade and Mary L. Hill. They had one daughter: Rosamund Ann.

11-Rosamund Ann Pelly

Rosamund married Maj. Elliott Merriam Viney, son of Col. Oscar Vaughan Viney and Edith Annie Merriam, on 3 Jun 1950 in Pennsylvania. Elliott was born in 1913. They had two children: Diana Susan and Amanda Louise.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MBE TD FSA.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Buckinghamshire in 1964.

12-Diana Susan Viney

Diana married Hugh Scrimgeour, son of Robin Scrimgeour. They had three children: Daniel, Alexander, and Sophie Rebecca.

13-Daniel Scrimgeour

13-Alexander Scrimgeour

13-Sophie Rebecca Scrimgeour

12-Amanda Louise Viney

Amanda married **Tom Deakin**. They had two children: **Jack Elliott** and **Charley**.

13-Jack Elliott Deakin

13-Charley Deakin

Rosamund next married Christopher Patrick Grant Chavasse in 2004. Christopher was born in 1928, died on 21 Apr 2013 at age 85, and was buried on 2 May 2013.

9-Jane Gurney Leatham³³ was born on 16 Feb 1857 in Gunnergate Hall, Marton, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 10 Mar 1917 in Exeter, Devon at age 60.

General Notes: 26 Feb 1878, Tues: To Middlesbro' to try & settle the plan for John Dunning's conveyance - nearly lost my temper over him - pitched into him hard, got nothing done but we were to see Rocliffe and see how far they would be inclined to alter the boundary - attended to other matters at the Estate Office - then on to Darlington - where I went through financial arrangements with Charles R. Fry - then off to Town, travelled with Raylton Dixon to York, then on alone. At King's Cross found Alfred - he & I dined together & then took a trap to Forest House which we reached soon after nine o'clock - dinner had been in a tent where we found John Bright, William Fowler, Robert Fowler, Capt. Pelly, Jack Pelly (the bridegroom) &c &c &c - the evening was soon over and we went to bed.

27 Feb 1878, Wed: Jennie Leatham's wedding day - a few of us breakfasted in the tent - Bridesmaids and Bride had some difficulty in getting theirs in the billiard room. Walked most of the way to Woodford Church with Edward Leatham; the ceremony went off well and prettily - 5 maids in pink & 5 in blue; back to Forest House with Sam Howard; took Mrs Percy Pelly into breakfast - speeches from self, Pelly, William Fowler, John Bright & Richard Pelly. Then off to the House with Edward Leatham where we voted with E.H. Knatchbull-Hugessen (*Lib Sandwich*) on his Colonial Marriages Bill, majority against Government 15; back to Forest House to dinner, & then on to Monkhouse where there were some capital juvenile theatricals, very good & then a little dance; home by 11.40.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt..

Jane married John Richard Gurney Pelly,³³ son of Capt. Richard Wilson Pelly^{76,153,258} and Katherine Jane Fry, on 27 Feb 1878 in Woodford Green. John was born on 25 Mar 1855 in London and died on 4 Nov 1940 in Epping, Essex at age 85. They had four children: Elaine, Vivian Gurney, Kathleen, and Eustace Gurney.

10-Elaine Pelly was born on 22 Dec 1878 in Chigwell and died on 8 Aug 1956 in Sawbridgeworth, Hertfordshire at age 77.

10-Vivian Gurney Pelly was born on 5 Jun 1881 in Chigwell and died on 1 Dec 1949 in Lindfield, West Sussex at age 68.

Vivian married **Dorothy Penrose Sewell**,²¹³ daughter of **William Henry Sewell** and **Ellen Starbuck**, on 22 Jun 1907 in Epping, Essex. Dorothy was born on 12 Apr 1885 in Epping, Essex and died in 1972 at age 87. They had one son: **Douglas Gurney**.

11-Douglas Gurney Pelly was born on 30 Apr 1910 in North Weald, died on 5 Jan 2001 in Essex at age 90, and was buried on 16 Jan 2001 in St Marys, Widdington, Essex.

Douglas married Monica Tate, daughter of Lt. Col. Arthur Wignall Tate and Violet Elaine Few, on 14 May 1935 in London. Monica was born on 7 Feb 1912 in London and died on 18 Nov 2000 at age 88. They had three children: John Gurney, Claire Rose, and William Henry.

12-John Gurney Pelly was born on 3 Jun 1938 in Kensington, London and died on 20 Nov 2015 at age 77.

John married Vanda Joan Allfrey, daughter of Col. Hubert Mortimer Allfrey and Joan Bullock-Marsham. They had three children: Sam Gurney, Jamie Rupert, and Guy Wignall.

13-Sam Gurney Pelly

Sam married Susannah Lennox. They had three children: Melocina, Mirella Mary, and Juno Mary.

14-Melocina Pelly

14-Mirella Mary Pelly

14-Juno Mary Pelly

13-Jamie Rupert Pelly

13-Guy Wignall Pelly

Guy married Elizabeth Alleen Wilson, daughter of Charles Kemmons Wilson II and Norma Carruthers Thompson.

12-Claire Rose Pelly

Claire married Henry George Charles Alexander Herbert 17th Earl Pembroke, son of Sidney Charles Herbert 16th Earl of Pembroke and Lady Mary Dorothea Hope, on 20 Jan 1966. Henry was born on 19 May 1939 and died on 7 Oct 2003 at age 64. They had four children: Sophia Elizabeth, Emma Louise, Flora Katinka, and William Alexander Sidney.

13-Lady Sophia Elizabeth Herbert

Sophia married Alexander Patrick Murray-Threipland, son of Stuart Wyndham Murray-Threipland and Belinda Mary Musker. They had one son: Finnian Wyndham.

14-Finnian Wyndham Murray-Threipland

13-Lady Emma Louise Herbert

13-Lady Flora Katinka Herbert

13-William Alexander Sidney Herbert 18th Earl Of Pembroke

William married Victoria Bullough, daughter of Michael Bullough. They had two children: Alexandra Eloise Ekaterina and Reginald Henry Michael.

14-Lady Alexandra Eloise Ekaterina Herbert

14-Reginald Henry Michael Herbert Lord Herbert

Claire next married Stuart Wyndham Murray-Threipland.

12-William Henry Pelly

William married Anne Byrne, daughter of Francis Byrne. They had two children: Henry Francis and Rupert Alexander.

13-Henry Francis Pelly

13-Rupert Alexander Pelly

Vivian next married Hilda Victoria Cole, daughter of John Henry Cole, on 7 Sep 1946 in Haywards Heath, West Sussex. Hilda was born on 15 Nov 1899 in Wotton under Edge, Gloucestershire.

10-Kathleen Pelly was born on 8 Dec 1883 and died on 10 Jul 1957 at age 73.

10-Eustace Gurney Pelly was born on 3 Jul 1886 in Loughton and died on 13 Feb 1954 in Torquay, Devon at age 67.

Eustace married Dulcibella Eden, daughter of Robert Hildyard Henley Eden and Maud Effie Mary Von Guttenburg, on 1 Dec 1924 in Southampton, Hampshire. Dulcibella was born on 23 May 1891 in Alfreton, Derbyshire.

9-Leatham died in Died in Infancy.

Rachel next married William Fowler,^{2,10,27,44,86,90,120,165,214,215,216,217} son of John Fowler^{2,10,14,33,215} and Rebecca Hull,^{2,10,215} on 21 Sep 1875 in FMH Guisborough. William was born on 28 Jul 1828 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 16 Sep 1904 in Folkestone, Kent at age 76, and was buried in Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

General Notes: James Butler, a relation - possibly a brother - of John Theobald Butler, was in the steel business in (I think) Leeds. At any rate, Butlers' steel works seems to have functioned in close collaboration with John Fowler & Co (steel plough & later traction engine manufacturers of Leeds) of which company William Fowler was chairman, succeeding his brother John Fowler, the founder of the company who had died at an early age from tetanus poisoning. (Sir J. Gurney Pease Bt., notes)

Fowler, William (1828–1905), financier and politician, born at Melksham, Wiltshire, on 28 July 1828, was the fourth son of John Fowler (1792–1861) and his wife, Rebecca Hull (1799–1842), daughter of William and Jenny Hull of Uxbridge. His family were zealous members of the Society of Friends (Quakers) and his grandfather Robert Fowler (1755–1825) was for many years a Quaker minister having a 'concern' for the people of Ireland and France. In 1790 he had married Rachael Barnard (1767–1833) of Coalbrookdale. This union had provided links with the great Quaker dynasties— the Wilsons of Kendal, the Peases of Darlington, the Waterhouses of Liverpool, the Lloyds of Birmingham, and the Gurneys of Norwich. After receiving a rudimentary education in Melksham (1836–45), in 1845 Fowler was sent to University College in London. He was always regarded as the brightest of John Fowler's five sons and in 1849 at the age of twenty obtained a BA with honours in classics and mathematics. In 1850 he graduated LLB and became a fellow of the college. He then joined the chambers of Hugh Cairns, later lord chancellor, and became an equity draftsman and conveyancer. In 1852 he was called to the bar at the Inner Temple. In 1856 he joined Cuncliffe Alexander & Co. of Lombard Street. Alexanders, Overend and Gurney, and the National Discount Company constituted at this time the 'big three' bill brokers in the City. After 1860 Overend and Gurney became involved in a series of unfortunate transactions. There was a run on the banks, precipitated not by the size of the firm's losses but by the ensuing publicity, and they were ruined. The great crash, known as 'black Friday' came on 11 May 1866. British credit sustained a severe blow which took many years to recover. Fowler, then a partner in Alexander & Co., was at the centre of this disaster which left him financially embarrassed for many years. He published The Crisis of 1866: a Financial Essay (1866). On his retirement from Alexander & Co. in 1877 Fowler was appointed a director of the National Discount Company and various other City institutions.

In November 1868 Fowler stood for parliament as a Liberal candidate, and won the Cambridge seat, which he held until defeated in February 1874. He took a particular interest in the concentration of landownership; a Cobden Club essay by him on the laws affecting the tenure of land was published in 1872. His parliamentary speech on the Contagious Diseases Acts was also published (1870). He was a patron of the Howard League for prison reform. After standing unsuccessfully for Northampton in October 1874, he regained his Cambridge seat in April 1880 but lost it again in November 1885. Declining to follow Gladstone's Irish home-rule policy, he unsuccessfully stood for Perth as a Liberal Unionist in July 1886. He remained a keen supporter of free trade. His essay on the appreciation of gold was published by the Cobden Club in 1886; an essay by him on Indian currency appeared in 1899.

Following the death in 1864 of his elder brother John Fowler, 'father of the steam plough', William Fowler became a junior partner with his younger, unmarried brother Barnard Fowler (1833–1882) in the manufacturing business founded by John in Leeds. Their elder brother Robert Fowler (1825–1888) was senior partner. When the company became incorporated in 1886, the three brothers, together with their nephew Robert Henry Fowler (1851–1919), son of Henry Fowler (1823–1880), the eldest of the Fowler brothers, became directors. William Fowler was chairman of the company from 1888 until his death. He took little part in the day-to-day management of the company, but regularly attended board meetings and social events such as the foreman's annual dinner. His last appearance was at the company's seventeenth annual general meeting, held in Lombard Street in December 1903.

Fowler married three times. First, on 9 August 1855, he married Rachel Maria, daughter of Robert Howard of Ackworth in Yorkshire, a manufacturing chemist. Her mother was one of the Birmingham Lloyd family. They had four sons and four daughters before she died in 1868. Second, in 1871 he married Elizabeth Fox, daughter of Francis Tuckett of Frenchay, near Bristol. She died later the same year. Third, in 1875 he married Rachel, née Pease, widow of Charles Albert Leatham of York and daughter of Joseph Pease MP [see under Pease, Edward]. Her younger sister Elizabeth Lucy Pease was the wife of William's brother John. William Fowler died in Folkestone, Kent, on 16 September 1905 and was buried in Tunbridge Wells four days later. Several obituary notices described him as a man of remarkable powers, with a tender heart.

Michael R. Lane

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple in 1852.
- He worked as a Banker, Cuncliffe Alexander & Co. In 1856 in Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a partner in the bank, Alexander & Co. In Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cambridge in 1868-1874.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cambridge in 1880-1885.
- He worked as a Mountaineer.
- He had a residence in Moor Hall, Essex.

8-Elizabeth Lucy Pease^{2,10,44,150,208,252,259} was born on 21 Jan 1833 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 4 Oct 1881 in Uplands, Darlington, County Durham at age 48, and was buried on 8 Oct 1881 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Elizabeth Lucy "Aunt Bet" a sweet gentle kind girl . She was born Jan 21st 1833 and died of Bright's disease 4th Oct 1881 a widow. Her husband who she married 30th July, 1857 was John Fowler who died 4th Dec 1864 from *lockjaw* (tetanus) having broken his arm out hunting. He was the elder brother of William Fowler (vide supra). She had by him one son John Ernest Fowler whom I buried at Algiers he having died there of Bright's disease 21st April, 1884, aged 21 – the 4 daughters all married except Edith who died in Dec 1895 aged 35 or 36. She was our favourite cousin in this family – They lived at Woodside, Darlington till 1875 or so and then at Uplands. *The journals of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.* (Note JGP. Woodside long since demolished, became the home of Katherine Pease, widow of Gurney Pease. It stood between the bottom of Southend Avenue and Blackwell Grange, General Sir Henry Havelock-Allan's home)

Thurs., Aug. 6. This day the marriage of my beloved Grand-daughter Elizabeth Lucy to John Fowler. The meeting very large the ministry of John Dodshon, John Pease and the supplication of Isaac Sharp . . . pertinent to the occasion and instructive. *The Diaries of Edward Pease*

Elizabeth Lucy Fowler, Darlington. 48 4 10 mo, 1881

Widow of John Fowler.

Elizabeth Lucy Fowler was the fourth daughter of the late Joseph and Emma Pease, of Southend, Darlington. As a member of a large family circle, her early associations almost necessarily involved the cultivation of warm sympathies in the interests of those around her. The discipline of life further nurtured that with which she was thus already endowed. To "rejoice with them that do rejoice, and to weep with them that weep," was, with her, less an effort than the element in which she delighted to move. When a child she sought to help those younger than herself by her good example ; she threw the same affectionate interest into her school life, and, as the circle of her influence widened, as a Sabbath-school teacher, a wife, a mother, the head of a household, and a minister of the Gospel, this capacity for unselfish sympathy became a leading characteristic, embracing the best welfare of all who were associated with her. Blessed by the religious influence of her parents, and by the Scriptural instruction which was a marked feature in her home training, she was early brought to accept Christ as her Saviour, and to seek for heartfelt communion with, and guidance from, her Heavenly Father, through the Holy Spirit.

The following extracts from her diary when at school, written when about fourteen years of age, will illustrate this : -

"Second month 28th, 1847 : - In the evening meeting such a sense of the love of my Heavenly Father, such a feeling of love for all the human family, and such a sweet solemnity covered my spirit, that I could scarcely refrain from tears."

"Tenth month 31st.- Oh ! Heavenly Father, may I be found faithful to the gentlest intimations of the still, small voice. Oh ! may I dedicate my youth and the vigour of my days to Thee and Thee alone. 'Now is the accepted time, now is the day of salvation.' Oh ! Heavenly Father, help me by Thy Spirit to resist temptation. Keep Thou the door of my lips. May I set a good example to my schoolfellows and all those about me ; may I follow Thee with full purpose of heart: and in the end of days receive me into Thy kingdom of unclouded rest and peace, arrayed in robes washed and made white in my Saviour's blood. Oh that I may be made like unto Thee, when I shall see Thee as Thou art, if I ever reach that blessed heavenly country."

"*Twelfth month 4th.* - How forgetful I am of Him who died for me, the just for the unjust, that He might bring me to God ! Oh, how I wish I was one of His lambs ! Oh ! that I served Him with all my soul and with all my strength ; for if I have yet many years to live, how much happier would they be, spent in His service than in that of the l cruel adversary and if I am soon to leave this world, shall I ever repent having dedicated my youth to Him whose sufferings for me I can never repay ? Shall I regret upon the bed of languishing, when Heaven appears before my longing eyes as a rich reward, shall I then regret that I had taken up my daily cross, and followed Him whithersoever He had led me ? But not for works of righteousness which we have done, but through His mercy hath He saved us. 'By grace are ye saved through faith, and that not of your- selves ; it is the gift of God.' But, oh ! may I possess both that faith without which it is impos- sible to please God, and those works without which faith is dead; - faith in the atoning efficacy of my Saviour's blood, and His all-important office of Mediator between God and man, and also those works which, men seeing, may glorify my Father which is in heaven. Would not this be the perfection of Christianity?"

On her return from school she endeavoured earnestly to cultivate her mind, and to improve every talent, whilst she also entered into the work of First-day school teaching, the establishment of a Girls' British School, and other philanthropic interests, with a conscientious desire to do what she could.

In 1857 she was married to John Fowler, Jun., who was then and afterwards so well known as the inventor of the steam plough ; and deeply she sympathised with him in his anxieties and in his successes. They were closely united as " heirs together of the grace of life," and for seven years the cup of happiness seemed given her to drink in full measure ; but it was suddenly dashed from her lips, her husband having met with what proved very soon afterwards to be a fatal accident, and she was thus left a widow with five young children. " Now she that is a widow indeed and desolate, hath her hope set on God," was strikingly fulfilled in the experience of E. L. Fowler; and that she did not hesitate to acknowledge His faithfulness to her is apparent from the following quotations from her private letters, some of which were addressed to those in a similar position : -

"All my experience does indeed go to prove that He is a God nigh at hand, and not a God afar off that He does hear and answer prayer, not only our own, but those of others for us I think the more we look at the things which are not seen, the more life does seem 'but for a moment'; and things seem only to be of importance as they bear upon one relation, or that of others, to the things that are not seen. There is another view of that text that sometimes comforts me; it seems to make it possible for our dear ones in heaven to be looking down upon us, and yet for their joy not to be lessened; for as they are looking at the things not seen, they would see that it was but a light affliction,' and ' but for a moment,' as compared with the l far more, exceeding and eternal weight of glory,' which it is intended to work out for us."

On another occasion she writes : - " What a glorious day it will be when all is revealed ! Is it not well to dwell on these things ? for it is while we look at things which are not seen, that the affliction is to work for us a 'far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory '; and it is only as faith shows us the superiority of the gain in eternal things, and the transitory nature of all things here, that we can feel that what blights our whole earthly life is ' light,' and ' but for a moment.' "

A month or two later she writes : - " I have felt from the very beginning a dread of leaning too much on any human helps, knowing that they could not last to the same extent as they might be granted me at first I had hoped from the abundance of happiness, love, and home blessings, to have been a help and blessing to others. The Lord has ordained it otherwise; and now I am so thankful for being

loved and tended so kindly myself. Sometimes I do trust that tribulation works patience, as well as experience and hope; for I have indeed found that man's extremity is God's opportunity,' and oh what a blessing that 'He knows our frame and remembers that we are dust '! Oh, pray for me that my faith fail not."

Thanking a sister for her sympathy, she says : "Though some things do rest heavily at times, when there is anything that needs to be decided, yet it would be untrue to the love that so shelters and helps me not to add that sometimes I hardly feel to have any cares, and that I am quite trustful about the future. . . . Then our talks about the past, and reading dear 's letters, have seemed to throw rays of brightness and sweetness from the past over the present, till I may well count up my blessings in having had such a past, in being so cared for in the present, and, may I not add, in the hopes for the future, when all life's changes w r ill be valued only in proportion as they have helped one on, and increased one's capacity for the enjoyment of heaven and its inconceivable blessedness." In 1873 she writes : - " Does not each year which has passed over of the lonely life bring ns one year nearer that joyful reunion, and give us one year more of the tender loving kindness of our God to praise Him for in heaven together ? For surely if those already gathered home are not even now watching over us, and praising Him for all He is doing for us (which I love to think), we shall at any rate be able to speak of it together in heaven. If the song there is to be the praise of Him that has loved us and washed us on earth, surely all the ways in which He has led us about and instructed us, and prepared us for that home, will be added to that song of praise."

The two following letters were written on the anniversary of her husband's death : - " I wonder whether the date of this will 'strike thee. How it would have helped me ten years ago to know how tenderly I should have been as it were, ' shod with iron and brass ' for the rough, the very rough, places I have had to pass through. The idea of ten years nearer a reunion does seem such a blessedness ; and yet I feel that I can wait now, and should like to do a little good before my time comes." And, two years later : - " I was this morning thinking of the twelve past years, and those lines seemed to come to me

Still learning from all need below, Depths of the heart of God ; when brought me thy lines. There surely can't be twelve more years for me ! The thought that it is improbable makes all present trial and anxiety easier to bear, but what a blessing that with that we have nothing to do ; and when we feel what the Husband of the widow has been to us in the past, and is to us in the present, we may well leave the future with Him. Oh ! how He sometimes takes all our burdens and gives us His perfect peace, till it seems as if we ought to be blessing and praising Him, far more than I at any rate do." During the seventeen years of her widow-hood, whilst fulfilling the duties of a devoted mother, it may truly be said of her that, " as she had opportunity, she did good unto all, especially to them that were of the household of faith."

Many will remember the persuasiveness of her manner, and the sweetness of her voice in her public ministry; but its value was greatly increased by the way in which she threw her heart into her religious interest for others, out of meetings, by loving words let fall as it were by the wayside, by her practical help in the every- day affairs of life, and by her letters. " She had a fellowship with hearts to keep and cultivate,', and this gave her access, as well as made her accessible to many.

The next extract is from a letter to one who was about to enter upon a religious engagement amongst those not Friends :- " I cannot doubt that the Lord is putting thee forth ; if so, He will go before thee, as well as with thee, and open the way in the hearts of all involved. ... I do tenderly feel for thee in all it must involve; but thou hast an Almighty Helper, who never yet forsook those who trusted in Him, and never yet, I believe, gave one of His servants a message, without preparing some heart or hearts to receive it. How else are we to understand, ' My word shall not return unto Me void,' &c, and ' Ye know that your labour is not in vain in the Lord '? Canst thou not believe that He sees the yearnings of many young hearts after a clearer, simpler, more loving Gospel than that they are taught, and that therefore He is sending thee ; - that the call has come round by Heaven from their hearts to thee, as it were. Whether thou ever hears of any results on earth -or not, I cannot but believe that thou wilt in heaven ; and that meantime, both before and at the time, the precious evidences that thy Lord is with thee will be given thee, above all thou canst ask or think. May the Lord bless thee and establish His own work in thy hands ! ""

The spring of 1880 was spent by E. L. Fowler abroad, where she accompanied her brother Edward Pease, and cheered and helped him during the last weeks of his life. His illness and death at Lucerne were a great strain on her already feeble health. During the winter her weakness caused her family considerable anxiety, but in the summer she improved. Again her strength declined. She was aware of the solemnity of her position, and to an intimate friend, who called a few weeks before her death, she said that at one time she had extremely felt the prospect of leaving her children ; but since she had been enabled to rest all on God, she could adopt the words, " Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on Thee ; because he trusteth in Thee." Thus trusting she met the approach of death with unshaken calmness; and when during the last hours of consciousness she was asked whether her Father had not kept her in perfect peace, she replied, " Yes, yes ; perfect peace ! wonderful peace ! " On the text being quoted, " My peace I give unto you," she responded, " Sweet peace ! sweet peace ! " and amongst the last words which could be

distinguished were "praise," "all joy," " rest for ever and ever."

Can we conclude this notice better than by quoting one of the last letters she was able to write, addressed to a relative who was in sorrow? - " How well I can picture you now with the solemn hush over you, as if living at the very gate of heaven, and only longing that you could really see inside. The eye of faith is dim ;' and dwelling on all that is revealed to us of the blessedness which a loved one is sharing seems the best consolation for the wounded heart, and the best answer to the faithless questionings that will sometimes arise - Why are such valuable lives cut short ? We shall know some day. Now, cannot we repose on the knowledge that our Father knows best ; that He does not afflict willingly, but to increase the capacity of His afflicted ones for rejoicing in the joys of heaven ; yes, even in the blessings granted here."

21 Sept 1881, Wed: up to Southend [Darlington]. Jane & Emma take a very serious view of dear Elizabeth Lucy Fowler's condition; went up to see her. She was mentally much as ever loving & sweet, but every symptom of serious illness about her, brightness of eye with rigidly white lips shortness of breath, her bedroom, to be downstairs. Minnie Beaumont was there.
4 Oct 1881, Tues: Up to Darlington; a telegram from Minnie at Middlesbro' saying E.L. Fowler was much the same, quite unconscious. I went to Darlington with Albert; on arriving there found the office blinds down; after a little chat with David Dale, went to Uplands. Elizabeth had passed quietly away at 8.45 this morning. Saw the girls (Jane & Emma), telegraphed to various relatives & friends threw up my Middlesbro' Jubilee engagements, helped the girls with the funeral arrangements and walked to the office; attended to letters and so home. Met Henry Birkbeck & Ethel at Middlesbrough, he as ever just pleasant and cordial.

8 Oct 1881, Sat: Elizabeth Lucy Fowler's funeral day. To Darlington, Henry Birkbeck with us to Uplands and thence to the meeting house. All seemed most solemn and quiet with a sense of that Eternal peace into which dear Elizabeth had entered; a few words from Ann Fowler at the grave, and a few from Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin in meeting, Tom Hodgkin beautifully, Mary Harris at length, a text from Bessie (Charles), then a long prayer from friend Wood, then back to Uplands , lunch and read the will – it seemed all right so far as we could judge, then a little sitting, I read the 91st Psalm and a hymn – Ann Fowler addressed us on E.L. Fowler's life, Jonathan B. Hodgkin, and then Jane in a beautiful prayer, then home by the 5.05 train, Robert N. Fowler came with us, James

Croppper arrived from Newcastle. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister in Jul 1872.

Elizabeth married **John Fowler**,^{2,10,44,208,215,252,259} son of **John Fowler**^{2,10,14,33,215} and **Rebecca Hull**,^{2,10,215} on 30 Jul 1857 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. John was born on 11 Jul 1826 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 4 Dec 1864 in Prospect House, Ackworth, Yorkshire at age 38, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: **Emma Mary, Edith Rebecca, Laura Elizabeth, John Ernest**, and **Lucy Pease**.

General Notes: Fowler, John (1826-1864), agricultural engineer, was born on 11 July 1826 at Melksham, Wiltshire, one of at least four sons of John Fowler (1792-1861), merchant, and Rebecca (1799-1842), daughter of William and Jenny Hull of Uxbridge, Middlesex; his younger brother William Fowler achieved prominence as a financier and politician. His father was a leading member of the Quakers in Melksham. Fowler was at first engaged in the corn trade, but in 1847 he entered the works of Gilkes, Wilson, Hopkins & Co. at Middlesbrough. While in Ireland in 1849 he became concerned at the cost of manual labour used in draining land, and he conceived the idea of a mechanical system. In 1850 he conducted experiments in partnership with Albert Fry at Bristol, which resulted in the completion of a patent drainage plough. It was exhibited at the Royal Agricultural Society's show at Exeter that year. This first drainage plough was worked by horses, but the implement was improved in succeeding years and adapted for steam power. In 1855 he undertook a contract for the drainage of Hainault Forest, Essex. On 30 July 1857 Fowler married Elizabeth Lucy (1833-1881), ninth child of Joseph Pease, MP for South Durham, with whom he had five children.

By the mid-1850s Fowler was turning his attention to the application of steam power to ploughing and field cultivation. After many experiments and trials, he devised a system which fulfilled all the conditions laid down by the Royal Agricultural Society, and he received at the Chester show in 1858 the prize of \pounds 500, offered 'for a steam cultivator that shall, in the most efficient manner, turn over the soil and be an economic substitute for the plough or the spade'.

Fowler's steam plough worked by indirect traction. Instead of pulling the plough behind it the steam engine remained on the headland and drew the plough across the field by windlass and steel cable. As the system was developed a second engine, on the opposite headland to the first, was substituted for the windlass. This 'double-engine' system became the most successful form of steam ploughing in Britain and in many other countries. During Fowler's lifetime his steam ploughs were sold to Egypt for work on cotton plantations, and exports to central Europe and other countries followed. The cost of a steam-ploughing set in the 1860s being £1000'962000, its purchase was beyond the means of most farmers, but through contractors the use of steam ploughs became more common. Ransomes and Sims, of Ipswich, had been makers of some of Fowler's experimental ploughs in 1856. Other devices were made by Robert Stephenson's works at Newcastle, and it was there that the equipment with which Fowler won the prize in 1858 was produced. In 1860 Fowler entered into an agreement with Kitson and Hewitson of Hunslet, Leeds, for them to manufacture his steam ploughs. Business expanded and the new Steam Plough Works was built on neighbouring land at Hunslet. In 1863 Fowler's new firm, John Fowler & Co., was established. In 1864 more than 400 men were said to be employed. Between 1850 and 1864 Fowler took out in his own name and in partnership with other persons thirty-two patents for ploughs and ploughing apparatus, reaping machines, seed drills, traction engines, slide valves, the laying of electric telegraph cables, and the making of bricks and tiles.

By the summer of 1864 Fowler's health was suffering from overwork and he retired to Ackworth, Yorkshire, to recuperate. Being recommended active exercise he began to hunt, and in November 1864 he fractured his arm by falling from his horse; tetanus ensued, from the effect of which he died at Prospect House, Ackworth, Yorkshire, on 4 December 1864. He was survived by his wife.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer. Gilkes, Wilson, Hopkins & Co. In 1847 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer in partnership with Albert Fry in 1850-1856 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as an Engineer in 1856 in 28 Cornhill, London.
- He worked as a Steel Plough Manufacturer. John Fowler & Co. In 1860 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

9-Emma Mary Fowler^{33,44} was born on 4 May 1858 in Tottenham, London, died on 13 Dec 1939 in Witham Lodge, Witham, Newlands, Essex at age 81, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Emma married Edmund Neville Richard Pelly,⁴⁴ son of Capt. Richard Wilson Pelly^{76,153,258} and Katherine Jane Fry, on 12 Jul 1887 in Harlow, Essex. Edmund was born on 12 Dec 1858 in The Willows, Plaistow, Essex, died on 1 Oct 1931 in Witham Lodge, Witham, Newlands, Essex at age 72, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex. They had five children: John Noel, Edmund Godfrey, Cicely Edith, Hubert Richard, and Denis Edward.

10-Capt. John Noel Pelly RN⁴⁴ was born on 15 Jun 1888 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, died on 6 Jun 1945 in HMS King Alfred, Hove. On Active Service. at age 56, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commanding officer, HMS King Alfred in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex.

John married **Rosalind Gatehouse**, daughter of **Richard George Gatehouse** and **Rose Stewart Lindsay Pelly**, on 22 Jan 1924 in Bebington, Cheshire. Rosalind was born on 28 Mar 1892 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 9 Sep 1957 at age 65. They had two children: **Rosemary Oenone** and **John Stewart Gatehouse**.

11-Rosemary Oenone Pelly

Rosemary married **Gordon Nelmes**, son of **Ernest Nelmes** and **Mary Black**, on 18 Jul 1956 in Little Braxted, Witham, Essex. Gordon was born on 11 May 1926 in Sculcoates, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire and died in Feb 1992 in Westminster, London at age 65. They had four children: **John Pelly, Godfrey Edward, Rosalind Jane**, and **Edmund Gordon**.

12-John Pelly Nelmes

John married Fiona Jane Nalder. They had three children: Flora Mary, Emma Rosemary, and Elizabeth Margaret.

13-Flora Mary Nelmes

13-Emma Rosemary Nelmes

13-Elizabeth Margaret Nelmes

12-Godfrey Edward Nelmes

Godfrey married Judith Oliver, daughter of Norman. They had two children: Oliver Noel Ernest and Luke Godfrey Nicholas.

13-Oliver Noel Ernest Nelmes

13-Luke Godfrey Nicholas Nelmes

12-Rosalind Jane Nelmes

Rosalind married Charles Richard Maurice Bishop, son of Brig. Richard John Bishop and Jane Margaret Chilton. They had three children: Rosanna Emily Margaret, Thomas Richard Chilton, and Victoria Great Oenone Jane.

13-Rosanna Emily Margaret Bishop

13-Thomas Richard Chilton Bishop

13-Victoria Great Oenone Jane Bishop

12-Edmund Gordon Nelmes

Edmund married Rebecca Stephenson, daughter of John Stephenson.

11-John Stewart Gatehouse Pelly¹¹⁰ was born on 10 Dec 1930 in Devonport and died on 10 Apr 2004 in Sudbury, Suffolk at age 73.

John married Helen Josephine Hirst, daughter of Denys H. Hirst. They had five children: Sarah Elizabeth, Jennifer Oenone, Catherine Alison, Rosemary Helen, and Isobel Serena.

12-Sarah Elizabeth Pelly was born in 1963 and died in 1963.

12-Jennifer Oenone Pelly

12-Catherine Alison Pelly

12-Rosemary Helen Pelly

12-Isobel Serena Pelly

10-Lt. Col. Edmund Godfrey Pelly⁴⁴ was born on 10 Oct 1889 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, died on 28 Oct 1939 in London at age 50, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

General Notes: 2nd Lieutenant, DSO, MC. Born 19.10.1889, 2nd son of Edmund Neville Richard Pelly and Emma Mary Pelly, husband of Isabel Amy Pelly née Fowler. He was at Charterhouse [W] 1903 - 1907. In the Great War he served in the RASC, being mentioned in despatches four times, earning the DSO and the MC, and attaining the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. He rejoined the RASC in 1939 but died in London on 28.10.39, aged 50, of illness contracted while serving with the BEF. His younger brother (q.v.) was killed in the Dardanelles in 1915, and his elder brother Captain John Noel Pelly, CBE, RN, commanding officer of the training establishment HMS King Alfred, died suddenly in June 1945. The two older brothers lie buried in a joint grave in the northwestern corner of All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MC.
- Miscellaneous: He died of illness contracted whilst serving with the BEF.

11-Antoinette Joan Pelly was born on 21 Apr 1920 in London and died in 1997 at age 77.

12-Alison Ann MacLeod

13-Robert Henry Hellett

- 12-Neil Godfrey MacLeod
 - 13-Steven Kenneth MacLeod
 - 13-Amy MacLeod
 - 13-Diana MacLeod
 - 13-Jeffrey MacLeod
- **12-Flora Margaret MacLeod**
 - 13-Kris Graham Gilbert
 - 13-Rory Neil Gilbert
- 11-Robert Hubert Pelly was born on 17 Aug 1923 in London, died on 24 Jan 2016 at age 92, and was buried in Apr 2016 in Leathley, Yorkshire.
 - 12-Serena Louise Pelly
 - 13-Clare Lucy Richards
 - **13-Thomas Linton Richards**
 - **12-Richard Fowler Pelly**
 - **13-Isabelle Pelly**
 - **13-Victoria Sarah Pelly**
 - 13-Mathilde Pelly
 - **12-Robert Simon Horton Pelly**

13-Camilla Pelly

13-Hugh Pelly

13-Rupert Pelly

10-Cicely Edith Pelly⁴⁴ was born on 16 Jun 1891 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, was christened on 24 Jul 1891 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, and died on 7 Jan 1969 at age 77. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with JP for Essex.

10-Lieut. Hubert Richard Pelly⁴⁴ was born on 7 Sep 1895 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire and died on 9 Oct 1915 in Gallipoli, Turkey. Killed in action at age 20.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 7th Battalion, the Essex Regiment.

10-Cmdr. Denis Edward Pelly⁴⁴ was born on 16 Feb 1898 in Twyord House, Bishops Stortford, Hertfordshire and died on 10 Jul 1970 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of The Royal Navy.

Denis married Grace Olympia Laurence, daughter of Percy Edward Laurence and Mary Leigh, on 30 Dec 1925 in London. Grace died on 27 Jan 1951 in Ipswich, Suffolk. They had no children.

Denis next married Margaret Mary Turnbull on 19 Sep 1951 in London. Margaret was born on 4 Aug 1909 and died on 26 Aug 1999 at age 90. They had no children.

9-Edith Rebecca Fowler^{214,259} was born on 15 Oct 1859 in Tottenham, London and died on 6 Dec 1895 in Whitehall Court, London at age 36.

9-Laura Elizabeth Fowler^{44,63} was born on 16 Mar 1861 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 11 Oct 1941 in Cappleside, Settle, Yorkshire at age 80. Laura married John Geldard,^{44,63} son of Christopher John Geldard and Frances Anne Openshaw, on 12 Jul 1887 in Harlow, Essex. John was born on 1 Aug 1850 in Giggleswick, Yorkshire and died on 9 Apr 1893 in St. Leonard's, Hythe, Kent at age 42. They had three children: Elizabeth, Nicholas, and Sarah.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP & Barrister.

10-Elizabeth Geldard was born on 12 May 1888 in Cappleside, Settle.

Elizabeth married William Wyamar Vaughan, son of Prof. Henry Halford Vaughan and Adeline Maria Jackson, on 3 Apr 1929 in Rathmell, Settle. William was born on 25 Feb 1865 in London and died on 4 Feb 1938 in Agra, West Bengal, India at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Headmaster Wellington.

10-Nicholas Geldard was born on 31 Oct 1889 in Cappleside, Settle.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP.

Nicholas married **Olga Mary Wilson**,⁴⁴ daughter of **George Edward Wilson**⁴⁴ and **Henrietta Rachel Pease**,^{39,44,109,122} on 2 Jun 1921 in Kidderminster. Olga was born on 26 Apr 1890 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham. They had two children: **John** and **Mary Henrietta**.

11-Lt. John Geldard was born on 30 May 1922 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire, died on 13 Feb 1944 in Killed in a road accident at age 21, and was buried in St. Andrew's Church, Abberton, Essex. Grave Row 10.L.

General Notes: He was training for the Normandy landings that were to take place in June.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers, 617 Assault Squadron.

John married Margaret Mary Cockett, daughter of Launcelot Cockett and Constance Mary Parke.

11-Mary Henrietta Geldard

Mary married **Philip Humphrey Weston**, son of **Richard Weston** and **Alice Emma Houghton**, on 19 Dec 1948 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire. Philip was born on 6 Feb 1917 in Skipton, Yorkshire. They had three children: **Helen Rosemary, Hugh Nicholas**, and **Christopher David**.

12-Helen Rosemary Weston

12-Hugh Nicholas Weston

12-Christopher David Weston

10-Sarah Geldard was born on 1 Sep 1891 in Cappleside, Settle and died on 12 Jun 1958 in Austwick, Yorkshire at age 66.

9-John Ernest Fowler^{150,208,214} was born on 3 Jan 1863 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 21 Apr 1884 in Hotel Kirsch, Algiers, Algeria at age 21, and was buried on 23 Apr 1884 in English Cemetery, Mustapha Supèrieur, Algiers.

General Notes: **18 Oct 1881, Tues:** To see Dr. Kidd about John E. Fowler, he wished to see him this day week; he thinks Australia may be the best place for him - Saw Robert N. Fowler who told me he should consult Fleming about John's seeing Quain;

22 Oct 1881, Sat: At my letters, then to Robert N. Fowler's, found he had gone into the City, followed him; had a chat about John E. Fowler, Robert will see Dr. Kidd about him. After he has seen Kidd on Tuesday, Robert will also get Quain to look at him.

29 Oct 1881, Sat: To see Robert N. Fowler, he was out of Town; John E. Fowler dined with us. At 2, went with him to see Dr. Kidd, John went to Clifton. Dr. Kidd said he'd wonderfully improved in appearance, and if he had not the microscope & the chemist, he should have thought that he had much improved. As it was, he was no better than he was when he came back from Egypt. He very strongly recommended going to Queensland for about 2 years.

5 Nov 1881, Sat: After the cold weather a very warm morning; to Edwin Waterhouse with James Taylor's a/cs to copy; then to Robert N. Fowler's who had gone into the City '96 home, very busy at my letters; Ann Fowler & Priscilla came to lunch when we had a long talk about the Uplands Fowlers, John's plans in going to Queensland and about the girls. Ann suggested their going to Falmouth which I agreed was the best solution of a difficulty as regards over night &c. Walked with Ann to Lucy Birkbeck's who is bad - letters - with Minnie & a quiet evening.
13 Nov 1881, Sun: A beautiful morning - to meeting; a much better a/c of Minnie who has been out for a drive, quite a comfort to me. At meeting, then stables, then wrote to Dr. Kidd & Robert N. Fowler about John Fowler starting on 24th Nov in the Orient boat. After a nap, to Pinchinthorpe, Edward asleep, then to chapel, a little rain falling.
14 Nov 1881, Mon: Letters, and a lot of them, then went to the hounds at Skelton Ellers; Mr N. Hamond, John Fowler & self; they soon found and we ran him up and down a bit, then we came home. Found a telegram from Robert N. Fowler and from Dr. Kidd, both approving of Hamond as John's companion. John E. Fowler went home, Hamond off to London 15 Nov 1881, Tues: Telegram followed by letter from Robert N. Fowler replied by wire as to choice between Oriental, & P & O boat, chose latter with cabin on spar deck.
24 Nov 1881, Thurs: At letters & preparations for leaving; at Fishers about bags &c , sundry shopping and then home to lunch Minnie seemed to enjoy being out. Sophy Fry call was lovely and affectionate as usual, in search of a house. Theodore Fry still complaining of his back but she thinks he is steadily getting better. Had Amato the Courier up made arrangements for stating tomorrow week to Folkestone, a crossing on Saturday, so Paris for Sunday, Marseilles on Monday afternoon. Took leave of John E. Fowler who starts with N. Hamond for Australia this afternoon. Made arrangements with Robert

9 July 1883, Mon:then off to London, travelled with Miss Scurfield and James Edward Backhouse, easy journey to King's Cross - then drove Maud down to Snaresbrook where we met Minnie & Lottie, a pleasant visit to the John Fowler girls. John E. looks thin & delicate their Uncle Barnard is to be buried tomorrow at Wanstead - drove Minnie home in the mail phaeton - a very pleasant evening drive via Tottenham Mills &c &c, roads wonderfully built upp during the last few years.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Sat 19 April 1884 - . visited the Pont du Gard 14 miles drive - very fine and a very fine day for the business, on the Sunday we went to "Friends Meeting" at Jules Paradans - Afternoon saw a good deal of Nimes and Roman remains - On my way back to the Hotel I looked into the Amphitheatre where a French Bull-fight was going on - a meaner spectacle I never saw, 6 or 8 ruffians bullying an anything but pugnacious calf with a board over its horns - much of the brutality. of the Spanish ring without any of the excitement. On getting back to the Hotel was a telegram from my cousin Edith Fowler from Algiers saying "John" (her "brother) "is sinking fast, please come by boat leaving Port Vendres tomorrow." In a few minutes we fixed that Nellie, Lottie and I should start

at once .We got to PERPIGNAN at 3 a.m. and waited till 5.30 a.m. for a train on to Port Vendres, and arrived early only to find that the dirty little boat did not leave till 10 at night, we spent a long day at the filthiest and stinkiest hotel I ever saw and in the vilest town I have ever been in.

Mon 21 April & Tues 25 April 1884 - . spent on board the *General Canrobert* - the only interest being passing Majorca

Wed 23 April 1884 - We arrived at ALGIERS at 4 a.m. - I shall never forget this, my first view of [a] new continent and of this most beautiful Bay and old Arab stronghold - it looked indescribably beautiful at dawn and in the loveliest of hot sunrises - Everything exceeded dreams of oriental beauty and colour [AEP note made 1917 while he was typing - ' No one will ever have the same impression, for no longer do the Arabs sleep with their camels on the quays, the white sails no longer are within the mole, the caravans no longer string past each other in the narrow streets and all is changed save the beauty of the bay, a bit of old Arab town shining white and the blue Djujura mountains.]

The account of our day in Algiers is set out in my journal (no longer survives) We found my cousin John Ernest Fowler aged 21 years had died on the Monday night. With the help of Colonel Lambert Playfair and John's courier Amati, I got the funeral arranged and over and everything wound up in the afternoon, and before noon, eight of us followed the body to the English cemetery at Mustapha Superieur from the Hotel Kirsch, Col. Playfair and the Doctor were there.- We left the same night by "Le Corse" taking Edith with us and Amati. We had a most terribly rough voyage to Marseilles - every on« on board being ill -we were battened down the first night - we rejoined our party at MARSEILLES at the Hotel du Louvre et de la Palx. On April 26 -my brother Jack joined us and we went on to CANNES.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

9-Lucy Pease Fowler^{3,44,179} was born on 25 Apr 1864 in Harrogate, Yorkshire and died on 22 Aug 1910 in Toys Hill, Kent. (1909 also given) at age 46.

Lucy married **Owen Fleming**,^{3,44,179} son of **Thomas Fleming** and **Ellen Braxton**, on 31 Oct 1903 in Brasted, Kent. Owen was born on 27 Jul 1867 in Southsea, Hampshire and died on 4 Feb 1955 in Toys Hill, Kent at age 87. They had one daughter: Lucy Margaret.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRES FRSS ARIBA Hon.MAIA.
- He worked as an Architect in London County Council.

10-Lucy Margaret Fleming^{3,44} was born on 7 Jul 1905 in 14 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London.

Lucy married Percy Charles Briscoe,³ son of Maj. Edward John Briscoe and Emma Sophia Biron, on 25 Apr 1931 in Brampton, Norfolk. Percy was born in Cawnpore, India and died on 5 Nov 1951 in Buxton, Norfolk. They had two children: Annette Moira and Charles Edward.

General Notes: CAREER

Planting in Ceylon 25 years, retired as Managing Director, Rahatungoda Tea Co. Served 1915–19 4th Bn Suffolk Regt, Asst Bde Musketry Officer Halton Camp, 1916; Musketry Adj., Brightlingsea School of Instruction, Australians, 1917; ret. rank of Capt., 1919. High Sheriff, County of Norfolk, 1944–45 RECREATIONS

Shooting, fishing, edging and weeding garden paths

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Hurstpierpoint College.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1944.
- He worked as a Tea Planter in Sri Lanka.
- He worked as a Managing Director, Rahatungoda Tea Co. In Sri Lanka.
- He resided at Dudwick Hall in Buxton, Norfolk.

11-Annette Moira Briscoe

11-Charles Edward Briscoe

Lucy next married Lieut. Col. Michael Ernest St. John Barne, son of Miles Barne and Violet Ella Orr-Ewing, on 11 Feb 1953. Michael was born on 13 Jul 1905.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP.

8-Edward Pease^{10,44,57,63,111,138,150,252} was born on 24 Jun 1834 in James Street, Westminster, London, died on 13 Jun 1880 in Lucerne, Switzerland at age 45, and was buried on 19 Jun 1880 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Edward aged 29 - I remember his bringing home my Aunt Sarah after his wedding in 1862 - he married a little, gentle, timid, kind, very delicate woman Sarah Sturge daughter of Charles Sturge of Bewdley (Shropshire) a pure Quaker family (She died in 1877). My uncle Edward was a very kind good uncle, rather curious and eccentric in some ways and jerky in his manner, but refined and courteous - he became a teetotaller and like all my uncles who did so died young considering the easy life he led. He was supposed to have the Darlington Mills (Spinning and Weaving) under his care with help from his uncle Henry Pease, but he did not, owing to his health, bother much with it after his marriage tho' before, he rode about England and Scotland wool buying &c. He spent his life in good works doing kind things, but mostly in travelling on the continent, fishing in Scotland, walking a great deal and in the social life of his relations. He earned nothing but spent lavishly in breeding mules and he imported the best Poitou, Spanish and other donkey blood, Arab Stallions from India, used to have Cleveland mares and a vast stud - he aimed at proving the value of mules to agriculturists in England. When he died his stock was sold mostly at York and in the south and his great effort ended in nothing - he bought the Bewdley Estates, enjoyed forestry and experiments there, lived a good deal in summer at Greencroft, Darlington, was devoted to my father who kept him financed and got him out of his business neglects and pulled his fortune round from insolvency to wealth for his only daughter (The present [1916] Countess of Portsmouth). I have often wondered what Edward would think of the recompense my father received for his 14 labours of love for him and his. In Scotland he leased Kindrochit at Braemar for fishing &c. We were all very frond of our queer, good kind uncle - who wore a beard and was deaf.

The first remembrances of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. _____

Edward Pease, 45 13 6 mo. 1880 Darlington. A (Quaker) Minister.

Edward Pease was the second son of the late Joseph and Emma Pease, of Darlington. After some years of careful home training, he received the remainder of his education at Grove House school, Tottenham. He possessed an excellent memory, a very considerable amount of hope and courage, decided self-reliance, and large conversational powers. These general traits were combined with a clear and decided judgment, and a keen discrimination in discerning right from wrong. The testimony of various schoolfellows borne to the effect which his Christian profession and consistency of conduct, as well as his occasional words of caution, produced on their minds at school and during their subsequent lives, writing while at school to one of these who had t, he says, " pray for me, that, shunning all ill examples, I may be enabled to walk in the footsteps of Him who is our perfect example; 1 pray that I may be enabled to ask help and wisdom from Him who is almighty to afford them." As a young man, working with working men, when making himself acquainted with his future business, whilst heartily appreciating the story and the joke, he endeavoured to arrest all that was lowering or profane, and by his example to raise the tone of life and the level of conversation in the workshop. While such was his outward life, deeply did he humble himself under the mighty hand of God. Writing in 1854, he says, - " My mind has been much troubled with the reflection that I seem to be doing nothing for my lellow men, and that my heart is not rightly warmed towards them, or else such would not be the case. This induces the awful fear that I am not one of Christ's disciples, not being possessed of that love to the brethren which is their distinguishing badge. I fear that in this reflection there is a mixture of pride, a longing to be distinguished in good works. Lord, grant that whatever I do it may all be done to Thy glory, a willing thank-offering to Him, who has done everything for me." Again in 1856 : - "I have been preserved in sickness and in health, at home and abroad ; times of gladness have been given to show the goodness of the Lord, and times of deep sorrow to show that here I have no continuing city. The visitations of Divine love have been from time to time graciously continued; but where is my progress in the Christian course? Six years ago I was favoured with strong convictions of my deep sinfulness and need of a Saviour, and was sometimes contrited to tears at the thought of His love; and still I seem to be halting between two opinions, and as if I dare not say Christ is mine, I seem to sin as often and as deeply as ever, and yet two or three times, when in the pangs of sudden illness I have cried unto the Lord for mercy, the fear of death was taken away, and I had a peaceful trust that for Christ's sake all would be well. But now, in health, I seem to have no living faith. I do not pray believing that I shall receive what I ask for, but rather because I feel myself in the bondage of sin, and could not be satisfied without praying to be delivered from it. Then again, I feel myself to be deficient in that love which is the badge of discipleship. I seem to be almost entirely selfish; pray for others, doubtless; but mostly from a feeling that unless I do so, my prayers on my own account will be of little avail. I wander too, in darkness; faint indeed is the light that I have as to what to do and what to leave undone; the Wonderful Counsellor seems well-nigh weary of giving His counsel to such a wilful constant sinner. Thus I go heavily on my way, apparently of no use. I spend my years as a tale that is told. Were it not for the exceeding great and precious promises given to me in the Scriptures, and confirmed by the witness within me, I should indeed 'be in despair. Father, I thank Thee for the assurance that the blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin."

On First day, Eleventh month 8th, 1857, light seems remarkably to have arisen upon his soul. "And now," he writes, "what joy broke in upon me in the evening meeting, for I verily believe the veil was removed, and while seeing my sins and my nothingness in a stronger light than ever before, I was led to feel that Christ died for me, for He has taken my sins ; that I am not my own, but bought with a price, the overwhelming sense of his love which took possession of me; that I, the chief of sinners, should be an heir of God, and joint heir with Christ ! During almost all the meeting, I felt as it were lifted from the world, seeing of how little importance it is in comparison with the glory that shall be revealed hereafter. I prayed that God would do with me what He would, and felt that I could not but love Him in return for such wondrous, matchless love. Never, indeed, did I feel such happiness; and though my tears came, they were tears of joy. Long have I wandered in darkness, seeking for light and finding none, going heavily on my way. And now, in His own good time, it has pleased the Lord to lift up the light of His countenance upon me. He has been graciously pleased to give me that blessed evidence of acceptance in the Beloved which is above all price. Bless the Lord, my soul ! "

In 1858, after lamenting his coldness and deadness, owing, as he believed, to not vielding to the promptings felt within to give more time to silent retirement and waiting upon God in prayer, he writes : - "For want of this watching and praying how grievously have I often fallen into sin, and yet I do feel Christ precious, and can at times rejoice in Him as my Saviour. Lord God, I I desire at this time to approach Thee, humbled to the very dust in the feeling of my un worthi- ness, yet looking up with filial confidence through the merits of Christ, and to crave of Thee an increase of faith. that Thou wilt grant unto me Thy Holy Spirit to guide me in the richly blest yet awfully responsible path Thou hast given me to tread. Lord, I look around on a world greatly polluted, and I see multitudes in the misery of sin; and having been graciously permitted to see, - and oh ! I trust, even to feel, in some measure- that in Thee alone is peace and happiness, I would indeed crave that Thy will be done on earth even as it is in heaven. And if, in the accomplishing of this great and glorious work, Thou hast any service for thy poor, unworthy servant, 'Draw me, Lord, and I will run after Thee.' All I have is Thine, and I would cast myself at Thy feet, desiring that Thou wilt make me whatever Thou wouldst have me to be."

"Eleventh month 27th, 1858.- Evening, stayed at home, and was memorably favoured in wrestling in prayer, and felt a clearer evidence of the all-prevailing power of the cleansing blood of Christ than ever before. My soul was bowed in deep humiliation that such a creature should be clothed in the robe of Christ's righteousness, and permitted communion with the King of Kings."

"28th, evening. - Again favoured with much enlargement in prayer. Oh ! what an unspeak- able mercy ! Felt indeed how impossible it is to grasp the mystery of infinite love. Was led afresh to cast myself at the feet of Jesus, and crave that His will may be wholly done in and through me ; that I may be emptied of self and : filled with Him. Was enabled to make use of the Lord's Prayer in a fuller sense of its sublimity and comprehensiveness and holiness, than I think I have ever had before."

As a teacher in the First day school, his desires were earnest to bring his scholars to Christ. In First month, 1860, he writes, - "In the afternoon school took the Bible-class (in the absence of their usual teacher), consisting of about sixteen young men. I felt weak and nervous, but I fear that it arose more from that fear of man that bringeth a snare, than from consciousness of my utter inability to teach aright without divine aid. Still I trust my prayers for help, however feeble, were heard, and that I was enabled in measure, though not as I ought to have done, to speak to them of Christ as our Shepherd, the chapter being John X. I believe that when we feel a shrinking from any service that presents itself, we should be careful prayerfully to examine ourselves as to the real motive for such shrinking; for it seems to me that sometimes we, as it were, mentally calculate that our powders of thought and expression are unequal to the task, forgetting that they that wait on the Lord shall renew their strength, and that if any man lack wisdom, and ask in faith, it shall be given him. And with regard to words, we cannot but believe that the promise of our dear Saviour to His Apostles when He sent them forth, was written for our instruction, not to be anxious ' how or what thing ye shall answer, or what ye shall speak.' At other times I believe we are too apt to be considering whether we shall make a good impression as to ability, whether we shall be appreciated, or whether we shall not seem small or ridiculous. that we may more and more rely on the gracious promise that when He putteth forth His own sheep He goeth before them, and know a full willingness to be made as fools for Christ's sake."

Alluding in 1861 to a sermon of Benjamin Seebohm's, in which he felt himself to be specially addressed, as one who was being fitted for further service in testifying of the grace of God more publicly, he says, "0 Lord God, thou only knowest if such conflicts and labours, and oh ! such inexpressible joys, are in store for me. I desire to prostrate myself before Thee in reverent submission ; to offer unto Thee the tribute of praise for Thy unmerited love in Christ Jesus, and for the blessed guidance of Thy Holy Spirit; and to commit my future wholly and unreservedly unto Thee, craving that I may be so baptised into the name and power of Christ, that my meat may indeed be to do the will of my Father, and to finish His work. And, Lord, in some sense of the love of God shed alDroad in my heart, I desire at this time fervently to pray that Thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven,"

Thenceforward, step by step, he was led onwards into the work of the ministry of the Gospel, and was recorded by his friends as a minister in 1875. Endowed with natural eloquence, he was yet jealously careful not to take part in this work without a full sense of divine anointing and requiring on each separate occasion. He had also the happy gift of condensing what he had to say in a few well-chosen sentences.

He was married in the Second month, 1862, to Sarah, daughter of Charles Sturge, of Birmingham. Closely united, they travelled on life's pilgrimage together, blessing many by acts of thoughtful kindness, in doing which they were true helpmeets to each other. Strengthened by her sympathy, he took an earnest interest in the work of the Bible Society, in the Temperance cause, in the promotion of education, and in many other kindred efforts for the benefit of his fellow-men ; and during the latter years of his life, his mind was especially directed to the evils attendant on the opium traffic. He was earnestly interested in political subjects, and the right government of the country ; his one political standard being "right or wrong. He derived much pleasure from nature, closely observing and admiring the varieties in the animal and vegetable kingdoms, as well as exploring her in her grander aspects, and greatly enjoying active exercise among the mountains. It was his lot to follow to the grave his beloved wife, his parents, and many dear to him, his contemporaries in life. These successive bereavements told much on his sensitive nature. Yet, alluding to his married life and his wife's death, he says, " It is doubtless mysterious that the wise and good should die in their prime, but as I go to one place after another, associated with dear Sarah's illness and pain, I feel almost joyful to think of her, not only free from these, but radiant with eternal health and glory." The state of his own health for several years made him especially alive to the uncertainty of the continuance of his life : but for him death had no terrors. Writing at the close of 1877, the year of his wife's death, he says, - " Looking at the past, looking especially at the memorable year just closing, I may well say, ' Surely good- ness and mercy have followed me all the days of my life,' while through the atoning merits of my God and Saviour, I lay hold of the words, "And I shall dwell in the house of the Lord for ever."

His strength had been from time to time much recruited by journeys abroad, or by spending the winter months in a milder climate. Early in 1880 he went to Cannes in company with members of his family. For a time there seemed to be symptoms of improvement, but as he travelled over the St. Gothard on the homeward journey, it became evident that his life was drawing rapidly to a close. Within two days after arriving at Lucerne the end came. Perceiving his critical condition, he said, "Living or dying - the Lord's." He commended his child to the Lord in prayer. One of his sisters, whilst watching beside his bed, quoted, "When thou passest through the waters I will be with thee," and his response was, "Thou hast compassed me about with songs of deliverance." Very shortly after this he departed, to join, we cannot doubt, through the mercy of God in Christ Jesus, in the everlasting song.

12 June 1880, Sat: At my letters & papers - a telegram from Lucerne says that Edward has got safely there, breathing relieved and more comfortable; went down to [sic] by train to Leyton with Gurney Barclay from Liverpool ?Street Station?.

13 June 1880, Sun: A beautiful morning; to meeting, a good sermon from Theodore Fry; called on Jane M. Barclay afterwards; on reaching Knotts Green found a telegram from Elizabeth Lucy Fowler at Lucerne telling of Edward's death this morning. I was not unprepared, still it was a great shock and one can hardly realise it. Telegraphed Emma at Southend, Charles Sturge & to E.L. Fowler – resolved to return to Palace Gardens, came back, wrote numerous letters, went to bed heavy hearted.

14 June 1880, Mon: A letter from Jane with an a/c of Saturday at Lucerne. Edward had got there with some difficulty but seemed much better than when he was at Brunnen, and they seemed to have been much relieved about him. Spent the morning writing letters, putting off my engagements and our dinner parties, writing family letters &c &c ; then into the town to tailors, hair cutting &c home; a call from Rachel Fowler and Sophie Fry – then a walk with Maud. Arthur & May came in during the evening – a nice mention of Edward in the *Echo* (Northern); his death is paragraphed in *The Globe & Newcastle Chronicle*.

15 June 1880, Tues: Letter this morning from Jane Pease containing the a/c of Edward's quiet death at Lucerne about 6 oclock on Suinday morning, he seems to have been spared much suffering. Arthur came in, talked over arrangements with him.

18 June1880, Fri: Left London for Darlington a 10 o'clock, Jane Elizabeth Fowler, Emma, May, Loo Fowler, John E. Fowler, Minnie & self – to Southend. Edward's remains had arrived at Greencroft yesterday; with Arthur on arrangements for the funeral. To Woodside to see Kate & Bessie Charles, saw Charlie & John Henry in their beds; began to draw a little memorial of Edward for tomorrow evening. Much talk about Beatrice's future home – it looks as if she would come to us.

19 June 1880, Sat: Saturday, funeral arrangements and stuck steadily to my memorial of Edward; about 2 o'clock we all assembled at Greencroft. The coffin was foreign in shape and not like an

English one. There was a very large attendance; I heard afterwards even more persons than at my father's funeral. Minnie, Beatrice & I walked together, she was very calm poor child. Fielden Thorpe said a few words and Jonathan Hodgkin prayed; we went in to meeting where we heard Fielden Thorpe, Watson Binns and a man from Waterford. To Southend where I read a little memoir and a psalm; a few words from Cousin Eliza was all the vocal administration we had. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House school, Tottenham.
- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1875 in Darlington MM.
- He had a residence in Bewdley, Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in Greencroft, Darlington, County Durham.

Edward married Sarah Sturge,^{10,44,57,63,111,138} daughter of Charles Sturge^{8,10,61,63,97,111,202,217,260,261} and Mary Darby Dickinson,^{8,10,61,63,80,202,217} on 26 Feb 1862 in FMH Birmingham. Sarah was born on 26 Feb 1836 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 14 Jun 1877 in Darlington, County Durham at age 41, and was buried on 19 Jun 1877 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had one daughter: **Beatrice Mary**.

Marriage Notes: 26 Feb 1862, Wed: Edward's wedding day - a cold morning, very in a carriage with Gurney, Minnie, Sarah & Wilson Sturge to the meeting house where the party soon assembled. The Bride seemed calm and "self contained", Maids were Eliza and Nanny Sturge, Edith Sturge, Sophy Pease, Emma G. Pease, & Maria Sturge, Groomsmen were, Arthur, Gurney, Frank & Charles Pease, Charles Dickinson Sturge (1832-1915) & John Edmund Sturge (1842-1880). Besides these, my father, Charles Sturge, Jane, Frank Gibson, Henry Fell Pease, Lewis & Bessie Fry, Henry, John & Elizabeth Lucy Fowler, and Barnard Dickinson (1809-1896) and the former's wife Miss Darby (This latter seems a bit muddled), Uncle John &c, Geo rge Lloyd (1824-1903) acted as the Master of Ceremonies. Meeting began with a prayer from *Joseph* Bevan Braithwaite, then they spoke and spoke well, then a sermon from Uncle John, one from *Joseph* Bevan Braithwaite, a few words from a young man; walked to Frederick Street with my father and John Fowler and young Joseph Sturge (1847-1934); called on John Edward & Kitty Wilson, they have 3 fine boys. Then dinner which was excellent, sat between Hannah Sturge and Mary George Lloyd (1821-1901); after dinner, lounged about - in the evening, all Birmingham to tea, a few charades, to bed late and tired.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

General Notes: 14 June 1877, Thurs: A telegram from Edward says that Sarah died this morning at 2 o'clock asking us to go to him - At letters, into Town to get the needful things - off at 2.15 for Malvern, arrived 6.33, found Edward, Beattie, Lillie Sturge, Iza and Charles Sturge & Mrs Playen - Edward was quiet and himself - he had been a good deal upset at first on being called, the girls were all done up, Minnie was a great aid, I did my best at arrangements; had a long chat with Dr Kidd after post mortem which disclosed a sad disagonisation of the bowels from long disease & a little stone in one passage.

15 June 1877, Fri: After a fair night's rest, all the Ladies seemed better . Arrangements again; we leave Saturday for Southend. Funeral on Tuesday at Darlington at 3 o'clock; servants & remains to come on Monday; arrangements with House Agents - wrote Dr - & letters &c &c; Wilson Sturge came over & returned with Lilly; wrote Alf red & children. 16 June 1877, Sat: Left Malvern about 9.15 & travelled with Edward & Beatrice to Darlington; It was warm and dusty enough but we got along comfortably, reaching Southend a little before seven o'clock; Jane & Emma were busy enough with letters and preparations.

19 June 1877, Tues: At my letters with Fyle, David Dale's clerk, then arrangements. Poor Sarah's funeral at 3 o'clock, a large party and many friends & neighbours; A prayer from Isaac Sharp, a few words from Theodore Fry at the grave. To Southend after meeting, walked round by Woodside with Henry Dickinson, a large family gathering good time in the Southend drawing room - after they broke up, supper & then to bed tired.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

9-Beatrice Mary Pease^{63,111} was born on 20 Feb 1866 in Torquay. Devon and died on 13 Dec 1935 in Hurstbourne Park. Hampshire at age 69.

General Notes: "It was a wonderful journey after leaving Oxford, on beautiful country roads via Newbury and Abingdon - the sun was out from time to time. As we neared the church at Hurstboume Priors at 2.30 groups of villagers were standing about. One or two reporters made a dash for me, hoping for distinguished visitors.

"I was shown to a place in the Church, 3rd pew from the top, and gradually the pews in front filled up with members of the Wallop family, and Miss Brownlow came next to me. The Church became more and more packed; the Earl and Lady Portsmouth tried to get members of his famity to join them in the big Portsmouth pew but they would have none of it. I liked the look of the earl best of all the family group, but his wife was less pleasing and over 'American' I could not make out why six pews in front on the other side were kept empty, but found later that the coffin was being dragged on a farm-wagon from the house by men on the Estate (as when the earl died.) These farmers or labourers filled the empty pews. Lord Lymington and the Estate Agent followed the coffin from the house and as it was carried up the church, and then Lord Lymington joined the present Earl and Lady Portsmouth in the family pew. Lord-Lymington had taken over detail evidently and according to Miss Brownlow, had settled that the service should be what Beatrice had chosen for her own husband. Everything seemed most appropriate and really reverent and beautiful in an old world way.

"The grave was near the Church door and after the service was over people lingered about talking quietly. I had a few words with Mrs Leverton Harris, who was feeling the occasion a good

deal, and was anxious that I should pass on the word how wonderful Miss Brownlow had been. Miss Brownlow asked me to go with her up to the house and took me to her sitting-room and spoke about Beatrice. It is nearly two years since spoke, and she has been quietly peaceful, her face like a childs for beauty and repose; after death ti're lines of old age appeared. She was able to swallow liquids but often had to be roused up to do so. Last Wednesday she had a relapse but on Thursday morning was better, about 9.30 she was worse again and died at 1.30. I went into the drawing- room before leaving and spoke with lady Margaret Watney. Miss Brownlow pressed me to speak to Lord Lymington; he certainly has a pleasing manner. He spoke of the illness having lasted since 1929.

"I was pressed to stay for tea, but there seemed no sign of it, so I said goodbye. The only representative of the Pease family seemed to be Mrs Buxton and "Phillipa" (?), and it seemed very important to go."

Transcript of a letter by E. Sturge (Not known). Courtesy of Peter Sturge, to Charles E. G. Pease, by e-mail. 23 July 2016

Beatrice married Newton Wallop 6th Earl Of Portsmouth,⁶³ son of Isaac Newton Fellowes Wallop 5th Earl Of Portsmouth⁶³ and Lady Eveline Alicia Juliana Herbert,⁶³ on 17 Feb 1885 in St. Mary Abbot's, Kensington. Newton was born on 19 Jan 1856 and died on 4 Dec 1917 in Hurstbourne Park, Hampshire at age 61. They had no children.

8-John Henry Pease^{111,159,209} was born on 2 Feb 1836 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 17 Apr 1854 in Darlington, County Durham at age 18, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: John Henry who died at 18 in 1854, a hot headed, clever, handsome boy with a passionate temper... but a favourite.

8-Arthur Pease^{2,44,63,66,111,121,159} was born on 12 Sep 1837 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 27 Aug 1898 in Callington, Cornwall²⁶² at age 60, and was buried on 1 Sep 1898 in St. Germains Churchyard, Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Preached at Samuel Bowly's funeral 1884

Arthur Pease, the next brother was born in 1837, so would be about 26 - as a child & boy I was more in awe of him and his brother Charles than of my other uncles - he was a very tall fine built man of great strength and rather critical - but I grew very fond of him in after years and I am sure no man ever did his duty and walked with a more tender conscience in religious matters. He began life with narrow views, but long before he died, these had given way to larger ones. I did much electioneering with him when he stood for Whitby and the Whitby Division - He like my father wobbled much on the Irish question, but altho' he had gone much further than my father with the Home Rulers, his wife pulled him over to the Unionists while I flatter myself (if it is a cause for self congratulation) that I kept my father with the Liberals, I remember very distinctly Arthur's wife as a girl, Mary Pike coming to Southend with her sister Louisa after they were engaged - a sweet fair pretty Irish girl - I remember being at their wedding in 1864 and signing the marriage certificate in the column of relations at the Darlington Meeting House.

Arthur Pease had an excellent business head and my father's constant complaint was that 'Arthur has all the ability to .help me, but never will' He was really very lazy and indifferent about business and would not work at detail, but when he did attend to a question was distinctly good - his was really an indolent nature and he never bothered to write more with his own hand than he could help. He left all worries and difficulties to my father and always said 'Joseph will attend to that' and went off to his Quarterly Meetings, Sunday Schools and Temperance affairs. He preached and was a Minister - he preached and spoke well and quietly and was impressive with a nice voice and earnest manner. One fault he had of staring at you, a sort of religious glare, and he was fond of talking, gossiping and anecdote. He was excellent company, fond of horses and farming and country things. After every good story he told he would stare or glare at you with a smile and say what?... what?... or just stare till you showed you had fully appreciated it. Arthur Pease in the earlier part of his life became also a very strong teetotal advocate. His health suffered as his brothers from this abstinence, and his life prolonged by his having courage to give up this practice, and he lived to be 61 and died of heart disease. He lived at "Hummersknott" built by his father for him, near to "Uplands" built for his sister Rachel when a

widow. The first remembrances of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Arthur Pease, 61 27 8mo. 1898

Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire. A Minister.

Arthur Pease was the third son of Joseph and Emma Pease, of Southend, Darlington, and was born there on the 12th of Ninth Month, 1837. He became one of a happy family of twelve brothers and sisters, in a home that was well known, not only in the Society of Friends, but in a much wider circle.

As a child he was somewhat delicate, and received that maternal care which happily so frequently attends such children. This produced a very close mutual attraction between mother and son, and made him acutely feel her death in 1860.

He was educated at Tottenham School. Naturally of a quiet and amiable disposition, he passed through this early probation as a favourite with his fellow pupils, and with those who had the charge of his education.

Leaving school in 1853, he entered upon the family business, and became a most useful member of the firm in which his father, uncles, and elder brother were engaged. It is not, however, with his business avocations that a memoir for the "Annual Monitor" is concerned. It is with the history of that inner life which is often hid from the world, but which is revealed in a man's life and works and words. There is no doubt that whilst at school the influence of the Holy Spirit on his young heart led him to abhor that which was evil, and to cleave to that which was good. During his early life, the death of his younger brothers had a decided influence on his character. He was impressed as he stood by their graves, and marked the vacant places at the table and hearth, with the uncertainty of time, the certainty of death, and the need of preparation for the life to come. He evidently felt himself to be " a stranger and a pilgrim," seeking " a better country, that is a heavenly." To those who knew him intimately he always seemed to sit loose from earthly things. He enjoyed life, entering into all its interests, social, municipal, political, philanthropic and religious ; but he evidently looked with steadfast gaze on the life beyond, treating things here as temporal, and the things eternal as those that endure.

With this substratum of character - whilst in business he had a most excellent and honest judgment, and in philanthropy and politics a warm interest - he never was absorbed in details, or in those close investigations which would distract his time and thoughts from the higher aims on which he had built his life. It may be said that he was devoted to the endeavour to promote Christ's kingdom on earth. His engagements were numerous. A regular attender, during his early life, at our religious meetings, he took a useful but not a very prominent part in meetings for discipline, acting as clerk at home, and assisting at the desk in the Yearly Meeting, where his quiet, serious manner, his good presence, and well regulated voice were much appreciated. He was acknowledged as a minister on the 12th of Eleventh Month, 1874, and his invitations to accept the grace of God which brings salvation were warm-hearted and sincere. But Arthur Pease's were no narrow views on religious observances or beliefs. By conviction he was a Friend; and whilst those most dear to him trod other religious paths, he held to those views in which he had been early educated and which made him a Friend, without feeling that they were in any way separated in things essential and eternal.

Giving up his Darlington home, he removed for the last few years of his life to a house on the Yorkshire coast, built by his father. It was situated in the Cleveland iron-mining district. He generally attended our meetings in the morning of First-days. In the evening he frequently occupied the pulpits of various denominations in the town or mining village, and occasionally aided the Vicar of Marske in reading the lessons of the day in Holy Scripture. The testimony as to the manner in which these services were received, and as to the real good that was, through the divine blessing, given to the souls of his hearers, is wide and emphatic.

He was elected member for the Borough of Whitby in the parliament of 1880-5. He was not a frequent speaker in the House of Commons, but served most usefully and diligently on public and private Bill Committees. When he did address the House, it was generally clearly to the point on matters with which he was by experience acquainted. In 1895 he again entered parliament as member for Darlington, as a supporter of the Unionist party. His sympathies were intensely with Ireland. . He deplored the condition of the peasantry, and the trials which the sad social state of the country brought upon all classes. To one of his most intimate friends, who was speaking to him of the difference of opinion between himself and others dear to him, he said, "I would give my life for Ireland tomorrow, if the sacrifice would make a happy Ireland." With these views he felt it his duty to dissent from Mr. Gladstone's measures on Home Rule, and to support (not without apprehension that there might occasionally be some tension of his views on other subjects), the Conservative or Unionist party.

He was Mayor of Darlington in 1873-4. He was chairman of the Durham Council, and for many years chairman of the committee having charge of the County Asylum. In these offices and many others he showed that love to mankind which is begotten by the love of God to men.

He married on the 14th of Fourth Month, 1864, Mary Lecky, the daughter of Ebenezer and Lydia Pike, of Besborough, Cork. His family consisted of three sons and four daughters. They formed, as they grew up, part of that united family circle of their name in and around Darlington, who regarded their father with much affection, and received his love in return. But life here, however pure, however complete, however valuable to family, neighbours, and country, has its end. Arthur Pease's family friends and neighbours could not but feel anxious about a life so dear to them, as they noticed failing health, and a waning physical force. He was quite aware of the fact; and although able still to discharge his public and private duties, he frequently alluded to his life here as uncertain.

Death in his own family was a sore trial to him. In Tenth Month, 1896, his daughter Rosa, who had been long in delicate health, died in the faith of the humble Christian who confides in a loving Saviour's sacrifice. She was buried in the little churchyard of Marske by the Sea, where the cross over her grave could be seen from her father's windows. He bore the bereavement as a Christian; but those who loved him noticed how much he felt it. Still he followed his usual occupations with conscientious assiduity.

Late in Seventh Month, 1898, he went to speak at a political meeting at Callington in Cornwall. Whilst there he was seized with a sudden addition to the physical weakness under which he had suffered for some months past. The physicians called in took a serious view of his case; he knew it and said, "I desire to die as a Christian." All fear of death was taken away from him. Faith in the blood of Christ - the sense that his sins were pardoned - was over all. For many days hope and fear influenced those about his bed. There seemed at one time such a rally, as gave reason to hope that he might at least be removed to his own house by the sea, where he so much longed to be; but such was not permitted. On Seventh-day, the 27th of Eighth Month he passed, as we reverently trust, to the many mansions already prepared for those that love their Lord.

On Ninth Month 1st he was buried in the churchyard at Marske, beside the child he had loved so well. It was a striking scene ; the open grave, the tributes of flowers, with hundreds of neighbours and friends around the grave. The peer, the peasant, the miner, all came to show respect to one who had shared their labours, and many to bear witness to the power of his ministry. The ministers of the Society of Friends, and those of the Established Church stood side by side at his grave in all harmony, and each spoke that which was given him to say. How beautifully appropriate are the words: "Therefore my beloved brethren, be ye steadfast, unmovable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forasmuch as ye know that your labour is not in vain in the Lord."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Mayor of Darlington in 1873-1874.
- He worked as an a Quaker Minister on 12 Nov 1874 in Darlington MM.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Whitby in 1880-1885.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Darlington.
- He had a residence in Hummersknott, Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Cliffe House, Marske, Yorkshire.

Arthur married Mary Lecky Pike,^{44,63,66,111,159,262} daughter of Ebenezer Pike^{66,111} and Lydia Clibborn Pike,⁶⁶ on 14 Apr 1864 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Mary was born on 6 Jun 1843 in Bessborough, County Cork, Ireland, died on 14 Dec 1915 in London at age 72, and was buried in St. Germains Churchyard, Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire. They had seven children: Arthur Francis, Herbert Pike, Alice Mary, Rosa Elizabeth, Winifred Pike, Claud Edward, and Evelyn Ada.

9-Sir Arthur Francis Pease 1st. Bt.^{44,63,115,210,243} was born on 11 Mar 1866 in Hummersknott, Darlington, County Durham and died on 23 Nov 1927 in Middleton Lodge, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire at age 61.

General Notes: Times Nov 1927 :- We regret to announce that Sir Arthur Francis Pease, of Middleton Tyas, near Darlington, was seized with illness while attending a meeting of Horden Collieries at Darlington yesterday, and died soon after being taken home. He was 61. DL. JP. High Sheriff Co. Durham 1920. Chairman Durham County Council 1922. 2nd Civil Lord of the Admiralty, Jan 1918-Mar1919. Chairman Pease & Partners Ltd. Director of Lloyds Bank. Director of North Eastern Railway Co.

Arthur Francis Pease was the eldest son of the later Mr. Arthur Pease, M.P. for Darlington, and elder brother of Lord Daryngton (Mr. H. Pike Pease) and cousin of Lord Gainford (Mr. J. A. Pease) and of Sir Alfred Edward Pease. He was born at Hummersknott, Darlington, on March 11, 1866, and was educated at Brighton College and Trinity College, Cambridge, where he graduated in honours in the History Tripos in 1888. After leaving Cambridge he received a thorough business training in the head office of Pease and Partners, Limited, at Darlington, shortly afterwards joining the board and ultimately becoming managing director, and, on the death of Sir David Dale in 1906, chairman and managing director. Latterly, however, owing to failing health he had given up the chairmanship to Lord Gainford. He was chairman of the Middlesbrough Estate, Limited, the North-Eastern Improved Dwellings Company, William Whitwell and Co., and the Durham and North Yorkshire Public House Trust, and a director of Lloyds Bank, the Horden Collieries, Limited, the Forth Bridge Railway Company, the National Benzole Company, and other concerns. On the death of Sir David Dale he was elected a director of the North-Eastern Railway, retaining his seat after its amalgamation into the London and North-Eastern Railway Company.

Tues 22 Nov 1927 - At York Ag. So. Council. The result of the poll for the N. Riding. Wed 23 Nov 1927 - Arthur F. Pease dies (at a Board Meting [of] Horden Colliery Directors or just after reaching home - aged 61. Elected to Council of Yks Ag. So.

Self 137 Geo. Kendrew 130- Elected Ld. Downe 105 Ramsay 77 Hubert Dorrington 65 Thurs

Hubert Dorrington 65 Thurs 24 Nov 1927 - I heard of Arthur's death just as I started for the meet at Ayton with Sister Welch & Anne - I gave orders for blinds to be drawn down & went there - Some had heard that I had died suddenly in the night & had been "awfully shocked"! His death was not unexpected - He has lived 61 years, been successful in the directions of wealth & importance, has never known sorrow, all his children have grown up & are a particularly nice lot, all his brothers & sisters are living - He had few interests beyond business & hunting & shooting - was a fair shot - & at one time a bold crashing rider, heavy weight - he was full 6 feet high & a big strong man. **The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt**.

Pease, Arthur Francis. Adm. pens. at TRINITY, May 12, 1885. [Eldest] s. of Arthur [M.P., Mayor of Darlington], of Cliff House, Marske-on-the-Sea, Yorks. (and Mary Lecky, dau. of Ebenezer Pike, of Bessborough, Co. Cork). B. [Mar. 11], 1866 [at Hummersknott], Darlington, Durham. School, Brighton College. Matric. Michs. 1885; B.A. 1888; M.A. 1893. Chairman and Managing Director of Pease and Partners, Ltd.; a Director of Lloyds Bank; Horden Collieries, Ltd.; the Forth Bridge Railway Co. and the North-Eastern Railway Co.; etc. Prominent during the protracted negotiations arising out of the minimum wage agitation. Second Civil Lord of the Admiralty, 1918-19. Created Baronet, 1920. Chairman of the Durham C.C., 1922-7. J.P. and D.L. for Co. Durham; High Sheriff, 1920. Married, Oct. 1, 1889, Laura Matilda Ethelwyn, dau. of Charles Peter Allix, of Swaffham Prior House, Cambs. Died Nov. 23, 1927, at Darlington. Brother of the next and of Herbert P. (1886). (Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; D.N.B.; Who was Who; The Times, Nov. 24, 1927.) ----- An intimate knowledge of all questions connected with the coal trade made Arthur Pease a valuable member of the Durham Coal Trade Association, and he was a member of the owners' side of the Durham Reconciliation Board. He was prominently before the public during the protracted negotiations arising out of the minimum wage agitation, and was one of the three members representing the Durham owners on the Coalowners' committee appointed to meet the Government and the Miners' Federation's representatives. On the formation of the Joint District Board for Durham in April, 1912, under the Minimum Wage Act, he was appointed to state the case of the coalowners. He was also a vice-chairman of the Cleveland Mineowners' Association. He held office as Second Civil Lord of the Admiralty in 1918-19, and was created a baronet in 1920. He was elected chairman of the Durham County Council in 1922, and had done good work on that body as the chairman of the Higher Education Committee. He was a J.P. and D.L. for the county of Durham, and was High Sheriff in 1920. Always a keen lover of sport, he was regularly to be seen with the Zetland Hounds, and on occasions with the other packs hunting North Yorkshire and South Durham. In politics he was an ardent Unionist, and had been president of the Darlington Unionist Association from its formation in 1910. Sir Arthur Pease married, in 1889, Laura Matilda Ethelwyn, daughter of Mr. Charles Peter Allix, of Swaffham Prior House, Cambridgeshire. She survives him, with one son and three daughters. His son, Captain Richard Arthur Pease, who succeeds him in the title, was born in 1890, served in the Great War, married Jeanette Thorn, daughter of the late Gustav Edward Kissel, of New York, and has two sons and one daughter. Sir Arthur Francis Pease (1880), 1st Bart., created 1920; MA (Cantab.); DL ; JP; High Sheriff, Co. Durham, 1920; Second Civil Lord of the Admiralty, 1918-19; Chairman, Durham County Council, 1922. From Oatlands he went on to Brighton College and Trinity College, Cambridge ; took his BA (Historical Tripos), 1888 ; MA, 1893. Chairman of Messrs. Pease & Partners, Ltd. Address : Middleton Lodge, Middleton Tyas, Yorks.

Pease, Sir Arthur Francis, first baronet (1866-1927), coal owner and industrialist, was born at Hummersknott, Darlington, on 11 March 1866, the eldest son of Arthur Pease, coal owner and MP, and his wife, Mary Lecky, daughter of Ebenezer Pike of Bessborough, co. Cork. He came from a Quaker family which had long been associated with industrial development in Durham and Yorkshire. He was the great-grandson of Edward Pease, railway projector; grandson of Joseph Pease [see under Pease, Edward], also a railway projector, and the first Quaker to sit in parliament; and nephew of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, first baronet, of Hutton Lowcross and Pinchinthorpe, who for nearly forty years represented a Durham constituency in the House of Commons. Pease was educated at Brighton College, and at Trinity College, Cambridge, and received a business training in Darlington with the family colliery concern, Pease & Partners. Pease was fortunate to avoid the financial catastrophe which afflicted the family bank, J. and J. W. Pease, in 1902, when negotiations for a takeover by Barclay & Co. revealed the bank to be insolvent. Pease had earlier sold his interest in the business to his uncle, Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, whose estate was forfeited to meet liabilities in excess of £400,000. A portion of this sum was owed to Pease & Partners and it was owing to Arthur Francis Pease's acknowledged non-involvement in the bank's collapse that he was able to become chairman and managing director of that concern in 1906. In the course of time Pease became associated as chairman or director with numerous coalmining and other industrial undertakings in the north of England; he was also a director of Lloyds Bank and of the London and North

Eastern Railway Company. In 1889 he married Laura Matilda Ethelwyn, daughter of Charles Peter Allix, of Swaffham Prior House, Cambridgeshire, who survived him; they had a son and three daughters. Pease became known to the public as a prominent negotiator when an organized demand arose among miners for a minimum wage. He was one of three representatives of the Durham owners who served on the committee of coal owners which was appointed in 1912 to meet the government and the Miners' Federation. Subsequently, when the joint district board for Durham was set up under the Minimum Wage Act of 1912, Pease was called upon to state the case for the owners. After the outbreak of the First World War in 1914, Pease's great experience of industrial affairs was at once available for the government, and during the years 1914-21 he was an active member of many government committees. He held office as second civil lord of the Admiralty from 1918 to 1919, and was created a baronet in 1920. In the conduct of labour relations Pease departed from the principles of conciliation and arbitration which had informed Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease's stance as a negotiator in the Durham coal industry in the two decades before 1900. These were the years of 'Lib-Labism' when organized labour accepted a subordinate position in the hierarchy of liberal capitalism. As a unionist, Pease rejected this philosophy, especially in the years after 1906 when employers and trade unionists in the coal industry began to mobilize on a national basis in the face of declining productivity and profitability. In the great disputes of the 1920s Pease was a firm advocate of the view that, in the event of trade union opposition to wage reductions in response to trade depression, employers should resort to the tactics of the lock-out. Pease devoted much time to the affairs of his native county. He was elected chairman of the Durham county council in 1922 and took an especial interest in education. He was a JP and a deputy lieutenant for the county of Durham, and in 1920 he served as high sheriff. During the First World War he helped to raise the 18th battalion of the Durham light infantry. Preoccupation with business affairs prevented him from seeking election to the House of Commons, but his strong political sympathies induced him to act as president of the Durham Unionist Association from the time of its formation in 1910. He was devoted to all forms of sport and was a regular follower of the Zetland hounds. Pease's health eventually became precarious as a result of overwork, and he died at his home, Middleton Lodge, Middleton Tyas, near Darlington, on 23 November 1927, after a cerebral haemorrhage during a meeting of directors. His son, Richard Arthur Pease, succeeded to the baronetcy.

M. W. Kirby

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate in 1880.
- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He was educated at Trinty College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Chairman and Managing Director of Pease & Partners Ltd in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of London & North Eastern Railway Company.
- He worked as a Director of Lloyds Bank Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Horden Collieries Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate Ltd.
- He worked as a President of Mining Association of Great Britain 1913 To 1914.
- He worked as a Chairman and Managing Direcor of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Chairman of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1920.
- He had a residence in Middleton Lodge, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire.

Arthur married Laura Matilda Ethelwyn Allix,⁶³ daughter of Charles Peter Allix⁶³ and Laura Agneta Wellington Bevan, on 1 Oct 1889 in Swaffham Burbeck, Cambridge. Laura was born on 14 May 1867 in Swaffham, Cambridge and died on 4 Jan 1936 in Richmond, Yorkshire at age 68. They had four children: Richard Arthur, Mary Ethelwyn, Dorothy Laura, and Elizabeth Frances.

General Notes: Saturday 4th January 1936 - When I came in, there was a message from Dick Pease to say that his mother Ethelwyn had died peacefully this morning – I do not know how old she was (68? 69?) - they were married in 1889 - & Arthur died in 1927 -

From the time that Betty & I married in 1922, neither Arthur nor Ethelwyn took any notice of us socially – which to say the least was mannerless & gratuitously offensive – Even when we lost our little Judy & I had to meet Arthur on business a few days after her death - he never said a kind word or alluded to it – When Arthur was not well, he proposed to come here to talk business with me – but Betty after 4 years

of their insulting attitude said "No!" - & I told Arthur it could not be -

No one else unless it was Mrs Clive Dixon & Alice & Evelyn behaved in this way for a time & Herbert & Claud were quite nice - Since Arthur's death there has been no association whatever -There was a vein of jealousy in Ethelwyn but she was a capable woman & a good mother - but like Arthur had a hard & nasty side - she never got on with Herbert & Alice nor with Jack & Elsie -Elsie however was always nasty to the Arthur Peases especially to Lucy! In old days I had very nice times with Arthur, Ethelwyn & the girls & the change that came over them is rather difficult to understand.

Mon 6 Jan 1936 – I went to Ethelwyn's funeral 2.30 p.m. Middleton Tyas & sat with Maud & Blanche & met several relatives I had not seen for a long time – e.g. Betty Wilson from

Kenya & Jack Alix – The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

10-Sir Richard Arthur Pease 2nd Bt. was born on 18 Nov 1890 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 13 Nov 1969 at age 78, and was buried on 18 Nov 1969 in St. Michael's, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Captain Northumberland Hussars Yeomanry.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of T. & R. W. Bower Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.

Richard married Jeanette Thorn Kissel, daughter of Gustav Edward Kissel and Caroline Roberts Thorn, on 19 Jan 1917 in London. Jeanette was born on 30 Aug 1890 in Morristown, New Jersey, USA and died on 3 Nov 1957 in Richmond, Yorkshire at age 67. They had four children: Arthur Peter, Aline Thorn, Richard Thorn, and Derrick Allix.

11-Arthur Peter Pease was born on 15 Feb 1918 in London, died on 15 Sep 1940 in Maidstone, Kent. Killed In Action at age 22, and was buried in St. Michael's, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire.

General Notes: F/O Arthur Peter Pease served during the Battle of Britain. He was the son of Sir Richard and Lady Pease of Middleton Tyas. Arthur joined Cambridge University Air Squadron and after training, was posted to No 1 School of Army Co-operation at Old Sarum. He was then posted to 5 OTU at Aston Down to convert to Spitfires and from there to 603 Sqn at Dyce. Arthur shot down a He111 on 30 July 1940 and destroyed a Bf109 on 3 September 1940. Just four days later he was forced to belly-land due to damage inflicted on his aircraft and on 15 September he was shot down. Arthur Pease is buried in the family grave at Middleton Tyas Churchyard.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton College.
- He worked as a Flying Officer. No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron in Dyce, Aberdeenshire.

11-Aline Thorn Pease

Aline married **Patrick Claude Hannay**, son of **Claude Hannay** and **Elsie Dorr**, on 1 May 1940 in London. Patrick was born on 16 Oct 1912 in USA and died on 24 May 1940 in Killed In Action Over France at age 27.

Aline next married Kenneth James William Mackay 3rd Earl Of Inchcape, son of Kenneth Mackay 2nd Earl Of Inchcape and Frances Caroline Joan Moriaty, on 12 Feb 1941 in London. Kenneth was born on 27 Dec 1917 in Uckfield, Sussex and died on 17 Mar 1994 at age 76. They had three children: Lucinda Louise, Kenneth, and James Jonathan Thorn.

General Notes: Kenneth James William Mackay. Earl of Inchcape

12-Lady Lucinda Louise Mackay

Lucinda married David Wilson Bogie in 1983. David was born on 17 Jul 1946 in Dundee, Angus, Scotland and died on 9 Dec 1999 in London at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Advocate Sheriff in Aberdeen.

12-Kenneth Mackay 4th Earl Of Inchcape

Kenneth married Georgina Nesbitt, daughter of Sydney Cresswell Nesbitt. They had three children: Elspeth Pease, Ailsa Fiona, and Fergus James Kenneth.

13-Lady Elspeth Pease Mackay

Elspeth married James Peter Hordern, son of Rt. Hon. Sir Peter Maudslay Hordern and Elizabeth Susan Chataway. They had two children: Tobias Peter Edmund and Iona Frances.

14-Tobias Peter Edmund Hordern

14-Iona Frances Hordern

13-Lady Ailsa Fiona Mackay

Ailsa married Hon. Ralph William Robert Stonor, son of Rt. Hon. Sir Ralph Thomas Campion George Sherman Stonor 7th Lord Camoys and Elizabeth Mary Hyde-Parker. They had three children: Ralph Thomas William Peter, Henry William Robert, and Cecily Isla Mary.

14-Ralph Thomas William Peter Stonor

14-Henry William Robert Stonor

14-Cecily Isla Mary Stonor

13-Fergus James Kenneth Mackay Viscount Glenapp

Fergus married Rebecca M. Jackson. They had one daughter: Leonora Georgina Frances.

14-Hon. Leonora Georgina Frances Mackay

12-Hon. James Jonathan Thorn Mackay

James married Mary Caroline Joyce. They had two children: Aidan James Turner and Sophie.

13-Aidan James Turner Mackay

13-Sophie Mackay

Aline next married **Thomas Chambers Windsor Roe**, son of **John Valentine Roe** and **Emma Maud Otimer Windsor**, on 4 Jun 1955 in Pully, Switzerland. Thomas was born on 23 Mar 1917 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died in 1988 at age 71. They had two children: **Oriel Mclane Thorn** and **Patrick Rupert Windsor**.

12-Oriel Mclane Thorn Roe

12-Patrick Rupert Windsor Roe

11-Sir Richard Thorn Pease 3rd Bt.

Richard married Anne Heyworth,³ daughter of Lt. Col. Reginald Francis Heyworth and Hon. Moyra Marjoribanks, on 9 Mar 1956 in London. Anne was born on 10 Apr 1924 in London and died on 9 Oct 2017 at age 93. They had three children: Carolyn Thorn, Richard Peter, and Nichola.

12-Carolyn Thorn Pease

Carolyn married John Silvester Varley, son of Philip Varley. They had two children: Emma Thorn Anne and George John.

13-Emma Thorn Anne Varley

13-George John Varley

12-Richard Peter Pease

Richard married Cecilie Tholstrup.

Richard next married Kate Chubb. They had one son: Wilfred Richard.

13-Wilfred Richard Pease

12-Nichola Pease

Nichola married Robin Crispin William Odey, son of Lt. Col. George Richard Odey and Janet Caroline Carver. They had three children: Felix Crispin, Sophia Anne, and Maximilian Alexander Tom.

13-Felix Crispin Odey

13-Sophia Anne Odey

13-Maximilian Alexander Tom Odey

11-Derrick Allix Pease was born on 4 Mar 1927 in Richmond, Yorkshire and died on 28 May 1998 at age 71.

Derrick married Hon. Rosemary Portman, daughter of Edward Claud Berkeley Portman 5th Viscount Portman and Hon. Sybil Mary Douglas-Pennant. They had four children: Jonathan Edward, Rosalind Jeanette, Christopher Berkeley, and Arthur David.

12-Jonathan Edward Pease

Jonathan married Mary Moore Dutton, daughter of Francis Moore Dutton. They had three children: Catherine Annie, Victoria Margaret, and Alice Rosie.

13-Catherine Annie Pease

13-Victoria Margaret Pease

13-Alice Rosie Pease

12-Rosalind Jeanette Pease

Rosalind married Evan Robert Hanbury, son of Col. James Robert Hanbury and Sarah Margaret Birkin. They had three children: Susanna Rosemary, James Robert, and William Edward.

13-Susanna Rosemary Hanbury

Susanna married Thomas Michael John Stourton. They had three children: Flora, Marina Polly, and Mary Joanna Rosalind.

14-Flora Stourton

14-Marina Polly Stourton

14-Mary Joanna Rosalind Stourton

13-James Robert Hanbury

13-William Edward Hanbury

Rosalind next married Rodney John Berkeley Portman, son of Berkeley Charles Portman and _____?

12-Christopher Berkeley Pease

Christopher married Mariana Steuart Fothringham, daughter of Robert Scrymsoure Steuart-Fothringham and Elizabeth Mary Charlotte Lawther. They had four children: Edward Robert, Dorothy Elizabeth, Sybilla Mary, and Carola Rosemary.

13-Edward Robert Pease

13-Dorothy Elizabeth Pease

13-Sybilla Mary Pease

13-Carola Rosemary Pease

12-Arthur David Pease

Arthur married Lucilla K. H. Regis.

Richard next married Laura Margaret Martin, daughter of Hughes Martin and Margaret Burroughs, on 19 Apr 1961. Laura was born on 20 Nov 1891 in Cork, County Cork, Ireland and died on 19 Dec 1983 at age 92.

10-Mary Ethelwyn Pease was born on 18 Feb 1892 in Tees Grange and died on 14 Jan 1981 at age 88.

10-Dorothy Laura Pease was born on 21 Apr 1893 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 3 Sep 1971 at age 78.

Dorothy married Lt. Col. John Harold Mousley, son of James Alfred Mousley and Ada Churton, on 6 Sep 1927. John was born on 26 Aug 1885 in New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 28 Jan 1959 in Northallerton, Yorkshire at age 73. They had three children: Laura Frances, James Arthur, and Ethelwyn Ada.

11-Laura Frances Mousley was born on 18 Mar 1929 in London and died on 28 Oct 2014 in Cartmel Grange Nursing Home, Grange over Sands, Cumbria at age 85. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Founder member of the St. Leonard's Hospice, York.
- Announcements: Daily Telegraph, 1 Nov 2014.

11-James Arthur Mousley

James married Gro Rieve Kristiansen, daughter of Leif Rieve Kristiansen. They had three children: Kristin Ethelwyn, John Rieve, and Karl Jane.

12-Kristin Ethelwyn Mousley

12-John Rieve Mousley

12-Karl Jane Mousley

11-Ethelwyn Ada Mousley

Ethelwyn married Christopher John Arnold Dixon, son of Hubert John Dixon and Mary Frances Arnold, on 8 Oct 1955 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire. Christopher was born on 17 Aug 1928. They had four children: Anthony John, Phyllida Mary, Timothy James, and Michael Christopher.

12-Anthony John Dixon

12-Phyllida Mary Dixon

12-Timothy James Dixon

12-Michael Christopher Dixon

10-Elizabeth Frances Pease was born on 2 Aug 1894 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 2 Sep 1974 at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914.

Elizabeth married **Capt. Sir Frank O'Brien Wilson RN**, son of **Col. John Gerald Wilson** and **Angelina Rosa Geraldine O'Brien**, on 25 Nov 1919 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire. Frank was born on 30 Apr 1883 in Cliffe Hall, Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Apr 1962 in Kilima Kiu, Machakos, Kenya at age 78. They had four children: **Elizabeth Theresa, Richard O'Brien**, **Arthur Denis**, and **Dorothy Vivien**.

5 in New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 28 ls, Cumbria at age 85. She had no known General Notes: Note: In March 2010, my father Sir J Gurney Pease was contacted by Anna Williams of Oxford Scientific films, who had been commissioned to prepare a documentary about Theodore Roosevelt's 1909 expedition to Africa, ruring which time he stayed with my grandfather. Philip Pecival of that era's grandson, was also in contact with Anna Williams upon the same matter.

JGP's sister, my aunt, Anne Chetwynd-Stapylton lived in Kenya during the late 1940's early 1950s with her husband Mark. Anne writes to my father on 21. March 2010, "I wonder which of Philip Percival's grandsons is going to contact you. PP's daughter, whose name I can't remember, (might be Peggy) was married to Frank Howden, neighbours of the Wilsons, and our friend Harry Langworthy worked as a pupil for him after we left the Egerton School. I can't remember what other children PP had - a son, I think, and maybe another daughter" The Wilsons farmed at Kilima Kiu - Betty Wilson was Dick Pease's sister.."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG DSO JP DL.
- He worked as a Farmer in Kilima Kiu, Machakos, Kenya.

11-Elizabeth Theresa Wilson was born on 30 Oct 1920 in Nairobi, Kenya and died on 1 Mar 2007 in Edinburgh Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh at age 86.

Elizabeth married Lt. Col. George Maurice Churcher, son of George Churcher and Ada Minnie Broomfield, on 12 Aug 1959 in Kilima Kiu, Machakos, Kenya. George was born on 2 Aug 1893 in Alverstoke, Hampshire and died on 28 Dec 1979 at age 86. They had one daughter: Catherine Elizabeth.

Noted events in his life were:

He was awarded with MC.

12-Catherine Elizabeth Churcher

11-Richard O'Brien Wilson

Richard married Anne Florence Rowan-Thomson, daughter of John Leslie Rowan-Thomson and Florence Lighton Stubbs. They had four children: Jeremy James O'Brien, Patrick Murrough, Michael Rowan, and Graeme Richard.

12-Jeremy James O'Brien Wilson

12-Patrick Murrough Wilson

12-Michael Rowan Wilson

12-Graeme Richard Wilson

11-Arthur Denis Wilson was born on 1 Sep 1924 in Kilima Kiu, Machakos, Kenya and died on 10 Jun 1990 at age 65.

Arthur married Claire Highton, daughter of Langton Highton and Marjorie Thompson. They had two children: Hilary Frances and Christopher Denis Langton.

12-Hilary Frances Wilson

12-Christopher Denis Langton Wilson

Arthur next married Jillian Hoy Skinner, daughter of George Thomas Skinner.

Arthur next married Judy Maxted.

11-Dorothy Vivien Wilson

9-Rt. Hon. Herbert Pike Pease 1st Baron Daryngton⁴⁴ was born on 7 May 1867 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 10 May 1949 at age 82.

General Notes: He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) for Darlington between 1898 and January 1910. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Surrey. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.) of the North Riding, Yorkshire He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) for Darlington between December 1910 and 1923. He held the office of Assistant Postmaster-General between 1915 and 1922. He was invested as a Privy Counsellor (P.C.) in 1917. He was Ecclesiastical

Commissioner in 1923. He was created 1st Baron Daryngton, of Witley, Surrey [U.K.] on 12 February 1923. He was Church Estates Commissioner in 1926. _____ Pease, Herbert Pike. Adm. at TRINITY HALL, 1886. [2nd] s. of Arthur, Esq. [M.P.], of Princes Gardens, South Kensington, London (and Mary Lecky, 2nd dau. of Ebenezer Pike, of Bessborough, Co. Cork). [B. May 7, 1867. School, Brighton College.] Matric. Michs. 1886. M.P. for Darlington, 1898-1910 and 1910-23. Liberal Unionist Whip, 1906-10; Unionist Whip, 1910-15. Assistant Postmaster-General, 1915-22. P.C., 1917. Vice-Chairman of the House of Laity of the National Church Assembly, 1917. President, Church Army, 1917. An Ecclesiastical Commissioner, 1923-49, and a Church Estates Commissioner, 1926-49. Raised to the peerage as Baron Daryngton of Witley, Surrey, Feb. 12, 1923. J.P. and D.L. for the N. Riding of Yorks.; J.P. for Surrey. Married, June 5, 1894, Alice Mortimer, 2nd dau. of the Very Rev. Herbert Mortimer Luckock, D.D., Dean of Lichfield, and had issue. Of 65, Onslow Gardens, London, S.W., in 1947. Died May 10, 1949. Brother of Arthur F. (1885) and Claud E. (1893). (Brighton Coll. Reg.; Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Who's Who.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PC DL JP.
- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate in 1880.
- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Darlington in 1898.
- He worked as an Assistant Postmaster General.
- He had a residence in Merrow Croft, Guildford, Surrey.

Herbert married Alice Mortimer Luckock,⁴⁴ daughter of Very Rev. Herbert Mortimer Luckock and Margaret Emma Thompson, on 5 Jun 1894 in Lichfield, Staffordshire. Alice was born on 5 Jan 1870 in Cambridge and died on 24 Dec 1948 in London at age 78. They had five children: Margaret Alice, Ronald Herbert Pike, Ruth Evelyn, Phyllis Helen, and Jocelyn Arthur Pike.

10-Hon. Margaret Alice Pease was born on 3 Apr 1895 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 20 Mar 1975 at age 79.

10-Lt. Hon. Ronald Herbert Pike Pease was born on 3 Oct 1896 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire, died on 15 Sep 1916 in Killed In Action France at age 19, and was buried in Guards Cemetery, Lesboefs. Grave XIII.P.2.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the Coldstream Guards.

10-Hon. Ruth Evelyn Pease was born on 8 Jul 1900 in South Kensington, London.

Ruth married Lt. Cmdr. Norman Ernest Archer,³ son of Walter Edward Archer and Alice Lima Hay Murray, on 30 Jun 1925 in Witley, Godalming, Surrey. Norman was born on 27 Aug 1892 in Stavanger, Norway and died on 15 Feb 1970 at age 77. They had two children: Esther Joy and Ronald Walter.

General Notes: EDUCATION RN Colleges, Osborne and Dartmouth

CAREER

Lieut RN 1913 (six 1st class certificates); 1909–20 served in Mediterranean and Home Fleets and attached Russian Navy; Lieut-Comdr (retd), 1921; Colonial Office, 1921; Dominions Office, 1925; Secretary to British Economic Mission to Australia, 1928–29; Admve Asst Sec. Imperial Conferences, 1930, 1932 and 1937; Sec. Office of United Kingdom High Commissioner to Canada, 1932–36; acting High Commissioner during parts of 1934, 1935 and 1936; Private Sec. to Sec. of State for Dominion Affairs (Mr Eden), 1939–40; Principal Sec., Office of United Kingdom Representative to Eire, 1941 and 1944–48; Assistant Under-Secretary of State, Commonwealth Relations Office, 1948–49; retired, 1949

RECREATIONS Fishing, sailing

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG OBE.
- He resided at White Gates in Longbridge Deverill, Warminster, Wiltshire.

11-Esther Joy Archer

Esther married Robert Blackburn, son of Thomas Henry Blackburn and Mabel Shankey. They had two children: Kari Ruth and Lucy Patricia.

12-Kari Ruth Blackburn

12-Lucy Patricia Blackburn

11-Ronald Walter Archer

Ronald married Catherine Mary Overton, daughter of Marcus Reginald Cholmondeley Overton and Kathleen Ward. They had four children: James Norman, Michael Marcus, Edward John Harold, and Mary Ruth Elizabeth.

12-James Norman Archer

12-Michael Marcus Archer

12-Edward John Harold Archer

12-Mary Ruth Elizabeth Archer

10-Hon. Phyllis Helen Pease was born on 12 Sep 1904 in Merrow Croft, Guildford, Surrey and died in 1987 at age 83.

General Notes: Head Almoner between 1942 and 1965 at St. Stephen's Hospital

10-Rt. Hon. Jocelyn Arthur Pike Pease 2nd Baron Daryngton was born on 30 May 1908 in Merrow Croft, Guildford, Surrey and died on 5 Apr 1994 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple.
- He had a residence in Oldfield, Wadesmill, Ware, Hertfordshire.

9-Alice Mary Pease was born on 28 Jun 1869 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 1 Feb 1945 in London at age 75.

9-Rosa Elizabeth Pease^{44,66,262} was born on 15 Feb 1871 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 24 Sep 1896 in Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire at age 25, and was buried in St. Germains Churchyard, Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire.

9-Winifred Pike Pease was born on 7 Jan 1873 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 17 Sep 1957 in Bottisham Hall, Cambridge at age 84.

Winifred married **Roger William Bulwer Jenyns**, son of **Rev. Charles Fitzgerald Gambier Jenyns** and **Rose Emily Lytton Bulwer**, on 23 Apr 1903 in London. Roger was born on 3 Dec 1858 in Melbourne, Cambridge and died on 12 Apr 1936 in Bottisham Hall, Cambridge at age 77. They had three children: **Roger Soame, George Arthur Bulwer**, and **Edward Thomas Richard**.

General Notes: Good Friday 10 April 1936 – Very cold – we stayed quietly at home – Roger Jenyns died this day. Roger was a very nice quiet man with ability but who lived a country gentleman's "life" caring for his property & occupying himself with the more serious duties of his situation. *The Diaries of Sie Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

10-Roger Soame Jenyns was born on 24 Apr 1904 in Bottisham Hall, Cambridge and died in 1976 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Assistant Keeper of Oriental Antiquities for the British Museum.

Roger married Anne Thomson Berridge, daughter of Richard Berridge and Eulalia Mary Leslie, on 24 Apr 1941 in London. Anne was born on 13 Jan 1906 and died in 1996 at age 90. They had two children: Roger Gambier and John Fitzgerald Willcox.

11-Roger Gambier Jenyns

11-John Fitzgerald Willcox Jenyns

John married Kathleen Mary Starkey, daughter of Lieut. Col. Lewis Stanton Starkey and Clare Desiree Blow, on 2 Sep 1972. Kathleen was born on 13 Mar 1946 and died in 1994 at age 48. They had one daughter: Clare Eulalia Starkey.

12-Clare Eulalia Starkey Jenyns

10-Maj. George Arthur Bulwer Jenyns was born on 28 Dec 1905 in Bottisham Hall, Cambridge and died in Mar 1991 in The Timber House, Hutton Lowcross, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD DL JP.
- He worked as a Managing Director of the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Cleveland in 1975.

George married Heather Margaret Spencer, daughter of Huntly Gordon Spencer and Violet Morgan, on 29 Nov 1947 in Doulting, Somerset. Heather was born in 1915 and died on 20 Mar 2008 in James Cook Hospital, Middlesbrough at age 93. They had two children: Hugh Bulwer and Caroline Margaret.

General Notes: Known as Peggy.

11-Hugh Bulwer Jenyns

Hugh married Lesley J. L. Dalzell.

11-Caroline Margaret Jenyns

Caroline married Christopher Edward Jerram. They had one son: George E. J..

12-George E. J. Jerram

10-Capt. Edward Thomas Richard Jenyns was born on 7 Feb 1911 in London, died on 15 Jun 1944 in France. Killed in action at age 33, and was buried in Bayeux War Cemetery, Normandy, France. Grave XI.M.23.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Queen's Royal Regiment (West Surrey).

Edward married Joan Mary Moore McAllen Gillson, daughter of Lt. Col. Robert Moore Thacker Gillson and Ethel Kenworthy, on 2 Jul 1942 in Quetta, India. Joan was born on 2 Oct 1911 in Devizes, Wiltshire and died on 9 Sep 2007 at age 95. They had two children: Sarah Bulwer and Diana Vere.

11-Sarah Bulwer Jenyns

11-Diana Vere Jenyns

Diana married Howard Pearce.

9-Claud Edward Pease was born on 27 Nov 1874 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 22 Mar 1952 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham at age 77.

General Notes: Pease, Claud Edward. Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 13, 1893. [3rd, and youngest] s. of Arthur [M.P.], of Cliff House, Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorks. (and Mary Lecky, dau. of Ebenezer Pike, Esq., of Bessborough, Co. Cork). B. Nov. 27, 1874, at Darlington. School, Harrow. Matric. Michs. 1893; B.A. 1896. Of Selaby Hall, Gainford, Durham. J.P. for the North Riding of Yorks., 1902; High Sheriff. Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Lieut., Yorkshire Regt. (T.F. Res.)). A Director of Barclay's Bank. Married, Dec. 12, 1901, Lucy Victoria, 7th dau. of William Clayton Brown-Clayton, of Browne's Hill, Co. Carlow, and had issue. Died Mar. 22, 1952. Brother of the above and of Herbert P. (1886). (Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Univ. War List; Kelly, Handbook; The Times, Mar. 24, 1952.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Selaby Hall in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director and Chairman of Horden Collieries Ltd.
- He worked as a Vice Chairman of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Vice Chairman of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Vice Chairman of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Vice Chairman of T. & R. W. Bower Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Barclays Bank.

Claud married Lucy Victoria Browne-Clayton, daughter of William Clayton Browne-Clayton and Caroline Barton, on 12 Dec 1901 in Stapestown, Co. Carlow, Ireland. Lucy was born on 3 Mar 1878 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 3 Feb 1953 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham at age 74. They had four children: Diana Vere, Lucy Margaret, Olive Mary Caroline, and Julia Victoria.

10-Diana Vere Pease was born on 4 Oct 1902 in Cliffe House, Marske, Yorkshire and died in May 1984 in Darlington, County Durham at age 81.

10-Lucy Margaret Pease was born on 3 Feb 1904 in Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire and died in 1993 at age 89.

Lucy married Maj. Claud Cecil O'Hagan, son of Claud O'Hagan and Eva Macgill, on 26 Jul 1939 in Kenya. Claud was born on 11 May 1905 in Dublin, Ireland, died on 22 Jul 1943 in Killed In Action at age 38, and was buried in Kandy War Cemetery, Kandy, Sri Lanka. Grave 1.A.15..

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the King's African Rifles.

10-Olive Mary Caroline Pease was born on 16 May 1906 in Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire and died in 1980 at age 74.

Olive married William Milne Ross-Skinner, son of Sir Harry Ross-Skinner and Annie Janet Milne, on 6 Feb 1929 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham. William was born on 20 Oct 1899. They had two children: Jean Olive and Shelagh Milne.

11-Jean Olive Ross-Skinner was born on 14 Nov 1929 and died on 15 Nov 1929.

11-Shelagh Milne Ross-Skinner

Shelagh married Arthur Cecil Levita, son of Lt. Col. Sir Cecil Bingham Levita.

10-Julia Victoria Pease was born on 22 Jan 1910 in Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire and died on 23 Jul 2007 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham at age 97. Julia married Maj. Peter Stapleton Buxton, son of Maj. Geoffrey Charles Buxton and Clare Florence Mary Stapleton, on 15 Sep 1934 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham. Peter was born on 14 Oct 1904 in Beverley, Yorkshire and died on 18 Jul 1944 in Caen, Normandy, France. Killed in action at age 39. They had two children: Anne Victoria and James Geoffrey Pease.

11-Anne Victoria Buxton

Anne married Robin Slingsby Pease, son of Maurice Watson Ridley Pease²⁴⁹ and Kathleen Ida Primrose Gordon Davies,.²⁴⁹ They had three children: Victoria Julia Diana, Peter Gordon Charles, and Annabel Primrose Robin.

12-Victoria Julia Diana Pease

12-Peter Gordon Charles Pease

12-Annabel Primrose Robin Pease

11-James Geoffrey Pease Buxton

James married Meriel Jessica Cowan, daughter of Maj. Denis Joseph Cowan and Hilda Yvette Cowan. They had two children: Rose Emma and Hugh David.

12-Rose Emma Buxton

12-Hugh David Buxton

Hugh married Stacey Louise Smith. They had two children: Eliza Georgina and Hector Peter.

13-Eliza Georgina Buxton

13-Hector Peter Buxton

9-Evelyn Ada Pease was born on 10 Nov 1876 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 3 May 1950 in Cambridge at age 73.

8-Gurnev Pease^{10,33,44,98,119,120} was born on 28 Feb 1839 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 10 Jun 1872 in Malvern, Worcestershire at age 33, and was buried on 14 Jun 1872 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Gurney Pease b.28 Feb. 1839 was one of my uncles whom I liked. He also was a fine well built tall man of about 24 at this time, cheerful and kind, with reddish brown hair and reddish whiskers and corker moustache. He died also prematurely at 33 of Bright's Disease - no doubt if he too had obeyed Doctors orders and taken wine, his life would have been prolonged. (Arthur Pease had had the same symptoms but was saved and cured). He married Katharine Wilson of Kendal in 1863 and he died in 1872 the same year as his father (she died 1915). He was no good at business and made a mess of it. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

9 June 1872, Sun:Just as I was going to bed a telegram came in about 11 p.m. from Edward from Darlington saying they had received an anxious account from Malvern of Gurney, and that Arthur & Mary had left by the Mail - this made me very uncomfortable about him.

10 June 1872, Mon: Woke in the morning with a bad attack of rheumatism which made me quite miserable - a letter came in from Kate not speaking of Gurney in low spirits; the telegrams from Arthur left me with but little hope at four o'clock.

11 June 1872, Tues: The sad news came by telegram this morning that poor dear Gurney died at Malvern about 9 o'clock last evening; it is most sad for poor Kate & the little ones - how do we all feel - for ourselves it is bad enough - for him I trust it is perfect repose! Thought much of him all day - Edmund Backhouse most kind in making arrangements for me - my rheumatism much better spent my time in winding up in London, postponing engagements &c - a quiet evening - Edwin Lucas Pease kindly called.

12 June 1872, Wed: To Darlington with Effie & Minnie , reached Southend at 4.15 - very touching coming home under such circumstances; a sweet chat with the girls - Arthur & Mary brought Kate & her children home from Malvern, arriving about 6 o'clock - and the remains... More & more do we feel the terrible loss to us all. Arthur by his letter and words told us a great deal; was very interesting ab ou t poor Gurney's last hours. He did not give himself up to die for some hours after they saw it was hopeless. He prayed earnestly for life, if it was God's will - If not, that God would take charge of the little one that He had given him and Kate - he said good-bye, God bless you all ; told Arthur that as far as he could frame his thoughts, he was he felt safe, that all was 'serene', his breathing was hard but he had no pain - So in the wisdom of Him who cannot err, who is too good to be unkind, has terminated a life most precious to us all - God temper the wind to the shorn lamb! **14 June 1872 Fri**: The day of poor Gurney's funeral - at arrangements, letters &c then into the garden, then meeting arrivals, dinner (*lunch*) at one o'clock. Left the house at 2.45, Kate, Minnie, Jane & Elizabeth (*Fowler*) riding, the rest with a large assemblage of Townsmen and our people on foot; at the grave side we heard J. B evan Braithwaite, and a few words from John Dodshon; in meeting we had a prayer from Isaac Sharp, a long sermon from J. Bevan Braithwaite , a good one from Theodore West (1826-1898) then a few solemn words from John Dodshon, then to Southend. We were a large family party in the evening, I read III & V Chapters of John's epistle, favourites with dear Gurney - all broke up about 8.30; we had supper, then dispersed to bed. A sad & memorable day. We have yet to feel our daily loss.

16 June 1872, Sun: To meeting - several; allusions to Gurney in sermons & prayers. Preparative meeting, then to Southend, dined, nap, then with Effie to Henry Fell *Pease*'s where we had tea; then to poor Gurney's meeting at Walworth; John Dodshon of Stockton was there & preached most beautifully on the event, it was a very touching time. I spoke to them a little, home to supper, walked homewards with Mary Anna, Minnie with me.

The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant and Teacher in Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in 1872 in Walworth Castle, Darlington, County Durham.
- He died on 10 Jun 1872 in Malvern, Worcestershire.

Gurney married Katherine Wilson,^{10,33,44,98,119,120} daughter of John Jowitt Wilson^{10,29,44} and Hannah Maria Whitwell,⁴⁴ on 23 Apr 1863 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. Katherine was born on 7 Oct 1840 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 15 Apr 1915 in Brown's Hotel, London at age 74, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: Harold Gurney, Katherine Maria, Wilson, Lilian, and John Henry.

9-Harold Gurney Pease was born on 19 Aug 1864 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 27 Apr 1928 in Virginia Water at age 63.

General Notes: Harold was mentally ill and was admitted to the Holloway Sanatorium on the 3rd August 1904, at the behest of his wife. He died there on the date as given.

Pease, Harold Gurney.
Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 12, 1882. [Eldest] s. of Gurney, of Darlington (and Katharine, dau. of John Jowitt Wilson, Esq., of Kendal, Westmorland).
B. in 1865.
School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough.
Matric. Michs. 1882; B.A. 1885; M.A. 1890.
In business for some time.
Master of the Ayton Harriers, 1896-1900; of the South Oxfordshire Hunt, 1900-1. An invalid for many years.
Married, 1896, Gwendolen Margaret, 2nd dau. of John Theobald Butler, Esq., of Great Ayton Hall, Yorks.
Died Apr. 27, 1928, at Virginia Water.
Brother of John H. (1890) and Wilson (1886).
(King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Walford, County Families; The Times, May 1, 1928.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Master of the Ayton Harriers in 1896-1900.
- He worked as a Master of the South Oxfordshire in 1900-1901.

9-Katherine Maria Pease^{44,119} was born on 11 Mar 1866 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 13 Dec 1935 in Ticehurst Hospital, East Sussex at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Anthropologist.
- She was educated at Somerville College, Oxford.
- She was educated at Trinity College, Dublin.
- She had a residence in Ewers, Bursledon, Hampshire.
- She had a residence in Nyeri, Kenya.
- She worked as an Author.

Katherine married William Scoresby Routledge,¹¹⁹ son of William Routledge and Anne Sophia Twycross, on 8 Aug 1906 in Darlington, County Durham. William was born on 28 Mar 1859 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia and died on 31 Jul 1939 in London at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Anthropologist.

9-Wilson Pease^{44,119} was born on 9 Nov 1867 in Woodside, Darlington, County Durham, died on 17 Jun 1923 in 22 Mount Street, London at age 55, and was buried in Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex.

General Notes: Pease, Wilson. Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 4, 1886. S. of Gurney, of Darlington. School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough. Matric. Michs. 1886; B.A. 1889. Called to the Bar, Inner Temple, Nov. 19, 1894. Died June 17, 1923. Brother of Harold G. (1882) and John H. (1890). King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Law Lists.)

Mon 18 June 1923 -Had a letter from Katie Routledge [to] say that Wilson Pease died in his sleep at 22 Mount Street on the Sat 16-Sun 17 night after being in his usual health on the Saturday - The nicest of all deaths, he was 55 & the first of 3 brothers & 2 sisters to go - A most pleasant creature to be with, gentle, sensible & with a turn of wit & taste - He never did any work & had no need to, had few cares & only one great sorrow - *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

The sorrow, was perhaps not simply the loss of his wife, but probably the decision not to have had any children. Charles E. G. Pease

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple in 1893.
- He had a residence in 22 Mount Street, London.

Wilson married **Caroline Joanna Fowler**,⁴⁴ daughter of **William Fowler**^{2,10,27,44,86,90,120,165,214,215,216,217} and **Rachel Maria Howard**,^{2,27,44,165,216,217} on 6 Dec 1894 in St. Mark's, Audley St., London. Caroline was born on 17 Nov 1864 in Tottenham, London, died on 25 Oct 1922 in Penrith, Cumbria at age 57, and was buried in Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex.

9-Lilian Pease^{33,44} was born on 21 Mar 1869 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 5 Jun 1945 in Taunton, Somerset at age 76.

10-Beatrice Evelyn Leslie Fox⁴⁴ was born on 8 Mar 1898 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 30 Jan 1959 in Kingston St. Mary, Taunton, Somerset at age 60.

11-Peter Gurney Allen Bucknall was born on 7 Jun 1926 in Henlow and died on 8 Oct 2017 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Film Producer.
 - 12-Caroline Gurney Bucknall

13-Caspar Bucknall

12-Julian Gurney Bucknall

nd was buried in Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex. ; B.A. 1889. Called to the Bar, Inner Temple,

12-Letitia Gurney Bucknall

10-Hilda Violet Leslie Fox⁴⁴ was born on 31 Jul 1902 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 22 Apr 1945 in Bicknoller, Somerset at age 42.

11-Diana Patricia Selina Cole-Hamilton

12-Joanna Margaret Randle Ford

12-Jonathan Hugo Ford

13-Toby Jonathan Ford

9-John Henry Pease⁴⁴ was born on 6 Nov 1871 in Greencroft, Darlington, County Durham, died on 19 Feb 1939 in 31 Queen's Gate, South Kensington, London at age 67, and was buried on 23 Feb 1939 in St. John's Churchyard, Broadwindsor, Dorset.

General Notes: Pease, John Henry.
Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 9, 1890.
S. of Gurney, of Darlington [and Katharine, dau. of John Jowitt Wilson, of Kendal].
B. 1871.
School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough; and at Edinburgh University.
Matric. Michs. 1890; B.A. 1894.
Engaged in business.
Of Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Durham, J.P., and of Broadwindsor House, Dorset.
Married, 1905, Louisa, dau. of Charles Edward Lambert, of the Manor House, Effingham, Surrey, and had issue.
Died Feb. 19, 1939; buried at Broadwindsor.
Brother of Harold G. (1882) and Wilson (1886).
(King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; The Times, Feb. 20, 1939.
£114,499 11s 10d

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a JP for Middlesbrough in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Broadwindsor House, Broadwindsor, Dorset.

John married Louisa Lambert,⁴⁴ daughter of Charles Edward Lambert and Emma Anne Snow, on 21 Oct 1905 in Effingham, Surrey. Louisa was born on 2 Jul 1871 in Bedford Hill, Surrey, died on 19 Feb 1959 in Broadwindsor House, Broadwindsor, Dorset at age 87, and was buried in St. John's Churchyard, Broadwindsor, Dorset. They had two children: Rachel and John Charles Gurney.

10-Rachel Pease was born on 23 Nov 1906 in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham and died in Dec 1993 in Richmond, Surrey at age 87.

Rachel married Christopher William Drewett Chaytor, son of Alfred Henry Chaytor and Dorothy Elizabeth Burrell, on 26 Jul 1949 in Broadwindsor, Dorset. Christopher was born on 19 Oct 1902 in London and died on 20 Feb 1969 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solictor. Waldy & Chaytor in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1965.
- He had a residence in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham.

10-John Charles Gurney Pease was born on 10 Apr 1909 in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham, died in Apr 1979 in Broadwindsor, Dorset at age 70, and was buried on 26

Apr 1979 in St. John's Churchyard, Broadwindsor, Dorset.

8-Alfred Pease was born on 16 Jun 1841 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 20 Dec 1852 in Darlington, County Durham at age 11, and was buried on 23 Dec 1852 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Alfred a charming boy they said who died from, or after, scarlet fever in 1852 aged 11

Noted events in his life were:

• He died on 20 Dec 1852 in Darlington, County Durham.

8-Charles Pease^{10,159,230} was born on 7 Apr 1843 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 9 Jul 1873 in 18 Prince's Gardens, London at age 30, and was buried on 14 Jul 1873 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Charles Pease - Uncle Charlie - was rough and boisterous with us as children, and I was frightened of him in the sense of disliking his rough ways with children - he would be 20 in 1863 - but to me he was a big tall strong man. He, like Arthur, married into an Irish Quaker family - he too was a teetotaller and died in our London house in July 1873 (18 Princes Gardens). I remember the awful scenes with his poor widow "Aunt Bessie" (née Elizabeth Bewley) who is still living (1917) - I remember the joke in the family at the time of his marriage in 1871 was that he had married into "The Trade" as the teetotallers call Brewing; Distilling and the Wine trade but he Justified it by saying they, the Bewleys also made soda water and his was that part in the alliance. The Bewleys business came to grief and the family lived much afterwards on Pease money. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred E, Pease Bt*.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Woollen Merchant in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Banker in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a President of the Darlington Mechanics Institute.
- He worked as a Temperance reformer.
- He worked as a member of the Ackworth School Committee.
- He worked as a Superintendent of Darlington First-day school.
- Miscellaneous: 1872.

Charles married **Sarah Elizabeth Bewley**,^{10,159,230} daughter of **Henry Bewley**^{10,21,32,168,230,263} and **Anne Pike**,^{10,21,32,263} on 27 Sep 1871 in FMH Monkstown, Dublin. Sarah was born on 24 Feb 1844 in Dublin, Ireland, died on 19 Jun 1924 in Willow Park, Dublin, Ireland at age 80, and was buried in Mount Jerome Cemetery, Dublin. They had one son: **Charles Gurney**.

Marriage Notes: **27 Sept 1871, Wed**: A pouring wet morning for the wedding, however we were soon off for Monkstown meeting house; we had a good meeting, a sermon from J. Bevan Braithwaite a prayer from him & another from J.W. Fisher. The young people spoke well - back to Willow Park and a déjeuner - I proposed the young folks - Uncle Henry the parents, Charles & Henry Bewley replying, then Hodgkin [which one, Tom?], Henry Backhouse Fox (1849-1936), Joe Pike (1851-1929) followed, packed for Charles; got them well off, had a little act of a trial, then a sitting at which Jane Richardson (1838-1934) of May Allen spoke most beautifully - so ended a very memorable and pleasant wedding day. *The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.* (unpublished)

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Greencroft, Darlington, County Durham.

9-Charles Gurney Pease^{10,150,159} was born on 19 Sep 1872 in Greencroft, Darlington, County Durham, died on 26 May 1883 in Willow Park, Dublin, Ireland at age 10, and was buried on 31 May 1883 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: 20 Sept 1872, Fri: Forster Wilson (1847-1910) came to breakfast and aided our plans - we started for the Clyde but found no boat till noon, saw the Cathedral then went down to Greenock - it was windy - the shipyards are not so busy and one discharging men - back by rail, lunch the drove to the two parks , the Museum &c &c, dined and had a quiet evening. On going to the post this morning, got a message from Charles that Bessie was going well with a little boy, born last night about 9 o'clock *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Sat 26 May 1883 - Was much shocked to get telegrams announcing the death of poor little Charlie Pease at 10.30 this morning, I think he will be eleven years old. To his mother it will be the loss of everything, a fearful blow, for him one cannot be very sorry. a child's death is seldom or never a sad thing for itself for it has been born to the birthright of Heaven without any risk of losing it.

Mon 28 May 1883 - . Darlington. Went up and talked to the Aunts at Southend about Charlie's death.

Tue 29 May 1883 - Darlington making arrangements for the funeral which will be on Thursday, Uncle & Aunt Arthur have gone over to Dublin to make arrangements for bringing the remains over.

Thurs 31 May 1883 - We went by the early train to Darlington. The funeral started from Southend at 10.15 - We were a small family party, growing less & less in a most impressingly sad manner - over & over again have I followed my relations to their graves beneath the trees in the graveyard, & it has come on me more strongly than ever the realization that time flies by, that we live but for a moment, that death is sure & we live as in a doomed city - this feeling without the consolations of hope & Christ would be unbearable - I expressed some thoughts like these in a letter to Vincent & he writes very truly, that the quickened sense of the irresistible passage of life & the inevitable, and of ones own personal existence ought not to tend to despair, that though it is hard to leave life & the men & women & sights of every day that we love, death is after all, very merciful & not vengeful, taking us from sorrows that we might hardly bear, & that our refuge is to feel the pressing duty to do one's best to help the world we live in, not intent on the cowardly principle of saving oneself, sharing its joys & cares - even whilst leaving inwardly to be less of it -It was a very fine morning & there was a considerable crowd to see Charlie laid beside his father in the same grave. Better accounts of his poor mother. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

24 May 1883, Thurs: Up at 4 o'clock, a fine morning, read Lord Laurence [sic] to Falmouth, breakfasted, letters, and then with George Henry Fox, Henry Fox & 2 girls to the Manacles, fished about the Vase & the big wells with fair sucess, then moved off to (name omitted) Bay, fished again there, did well at first, home. Very poor a/cs of Charlie Pease, the a/c s very hopeless, felt very sad about him.

25 May 1883, Fri: A fine morning - but the wind had got more into the East and the sea more "loppy". To the Gull Rock wth Ethel, Claudia & Blanche, George Croker Fox, Wilson Lloyd Fox, got a bass, Ethel a mackerel - pollock all good. The telegram from Willow Park this morning, very poor a/c - still poorer during the afternoon; Mrs Rogers at dinner, girls playing music for her edification.

26 May 1883, Sat: At letters &c; into the town, called on Reginald Rogers, agreed with him that I would bid Chatham up to £3,000 that I would leave a margin in his hands, that I would sell him 6 & 1/2 acre field 4 acres wood at 1/5th of the purchase money giving him a right of road to the sea beech, then with 5 girls of my own, "Den" & Fan Rogers & Wilson Fox in the Roseberry to Durgan, lunched there then up to Glendurgan, walked to Carwinion, walked down to the sea va Chatham, Roseberry to Porthgwidden, called, found them out, tea there, then to King Harry - back to docks, landed there, set the Rogers girls to the Station, home; Maud Rogers at dinner most pleasantly. News came this morning of little Charlie Pease's death of scarlet fever, 11 this year. His poor mother, much to be felt for. Telegraphed to Arthur, Alfred, Jane &c. They seem to desire he should be buried at Darlington which seems to me most appropriate. 27 May 1883, Sun: Busy writing letters about Charlie's funeral - it is very sad - wrote to Bessie, to Arthur, to Jane. At letters &c; into the town, called on Reginald Rogers, agreed with him that I would bid Chatham up to £3,000 that I would leave a margin in his hands, that I would sell him 6 & 1/2 acre field 4 acres wood at 1/5th of the purchase money giving him a right of road to the sea beech, then with 5 girls of my own, "Den" & Fan Rogers & Wilson Fox in the Roseberry to Durgan, lunched there then up to Glendurgan, walked to Carwinion, walked down to the sea va Chatham, Roseberry to Porthgwidden, called, found them out, tea there, then to King Harry - back to docks, landed there, set the Rogers girls to the Station, home; Maud Rogers at dinner most pleasantly. News came this morning of little Charlie Pease's death of scarlet fever, 11 this year. His poor mother, much to be felt for. Telegraphed to Arthur, Alfred, Jane &c. They seem to desire he should be buried at Darlington which seems to me most appropriate.

27 May 1883, Sun: Busy writing letters about Charlie's funeral. It is very sad - wrote to Bessie, to Arthur, to Jane - meeting, letters, lunch, a nap, a walk to Penance. Telegram from Arthur that he and Mary propose to go to Dublin & bring the remains to Darlington to bury. Henry Fox in after supper, a pleasant chat with him - packed up for London tomorrow. 30 May 1883, Wed: To the Colliery Office (Northgate) - looked in at graveyard, saw poor Charles' grave opened for his little son! a good deal to attend to at Colliery meeting; to Southend, walked with Minnie to Woodside & thence by Cockerton Lane to Brinkburn where we saw Henry & Lizzie's children & nice place & horses - back to Southend, Arthur & Mary, Richard Goodbody, Ebeneezer Pike jnr. Theodore H. Bewley came in from Ireland to attend the funeral tomorrw. Remains left in the hearse & not brought in to the house at Southend; William & Rachel Fowler also.

31 May 1883, Thurs: Poor little Charlie G. Pease's funeral. Left Southend about 10.15; Minnie & self, Arthur & Mary, Kate, Jane & Emma. Alfred, Nellie, Albert, Aunt Henry & 2 younger sons, William & Rachel Fowler, R. Goodbody, E. Pike, H.F. Bewley, Capt. Richard Pike; it was a beautiful day, dear Charles' grave was decorated with flowers; Harrison Penny prayed beautifully by the grave and in meeting, William Taylor preached in language very suitable and very beautiful, we returned to Southend to lunch. most of the party soon after all seemed to break up and return home. Minnie & I went to Bushel Hill and spent an hour or more with Edwin & Fanny Pease, he seems better though very, very delicate, the new house is charming & complete. Evening quietly at Southend.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

8-Francis "Frank" Richard Pease was born on 6 Dec 1845 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 7 Jun 1865 in 20, Finsbury Circus, London at age 19, and was buried on 13 Jun 1865 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Francis Richard - uncle Frank was my favourite uncle. He was a tall thin elegant boy with a pale refined long face and fine features - looked really well bred, and had a pleasant quiet cheerful way with him. I used often to be in his dressing room at Southend when he was dressing and he used to entertain me by singing me nigger songs such as "so early in the morning" and in whistling. I suppose I am the only one left who loved him and cherish still his memory - and that of the sunny dressing room looking out on the terrace and the park. He died at 21, also of Bright's disease and had an awful death - (in titanic convulsions - opium given at [the] last). The gardens & the Park & the landscape which stretched from Southend to the Tees near Blackwell have gone for ever & it is now a stretch of streets & villas -The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. The election was in July. The previous month my favourite Uncle Frank died of Bright's Disease, I think at 20 Finsbury Circus (where my grandfather had permanent rooms) He was buried in the same grave as his brother John Henry at Darlington. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

13 June 1865, Tues: Charlotte and Theodore, the latter going on to Liverpool, the former looking very well and handsome; Lucy and J.B. Hodgkin dined with us, then to Southend; sat awhile with my

Descendants of Robert Chapman

father and then assembled at 3.30 around poor Frank's remains, a large family party; Edmund, Juliet, Alfred & Rachel and many more. We buried him in brother John Henry's grave; John Dodgson and Isaac Sharp both speaking . We had a good meeting afterwards; Dr . Caleb Williams, Uncle John and Isaac Sharp, a large gathering at Southend at 7 o'clock. I read the little a/c of him which we had drawn up which seemed greatly to interest our visitors . After an hour of worship in which we heard Dr . C.W., Uncle John and Isaac S. and Elizabeth Taylor, broke up at 8.15. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Privately tutored by William Scarnell Lean in Darlington, County Durham.
- He died in 1865 in 20, Finsbury Circus, London.

5-Aaron Chapman¹ was born on 24 Jan 1698 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 21 Nov 1758 in Whitby, Yorkshire at age 60, and was buried on 23 Nov 1758 in FBG Whitby.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master Mariner.

Aaron married Mary Vasie,¹ daughter of Henry Vasie, on 3 Jan 1733 in Whitby, Yorkshire. They had no children.

5-Benjamin Chapman was born on 22 Oct 1701.

Benjamin married Margaret Richardson. Margaret died in 1769.

Benjamin next married Mary Storm, daughter of Matthew Storm and Joanna Moorsom, in 1728. Mary was born on 24 Nov 1701. They had three children: Matthew, Benjamin, and John.

6-Matthew Chapman

6-Benjamin Chapman

6-John Chapman^{1,264} was born in 1755 in Whitby, Yorkshire.

John married Jane Dale, daughter of John Dale. They had four children: Benjamin, Matthew, Mary, and Jane.

7-**Benjamin Chapman**¹ died on 13 Sep 1779.

7-Matthew Chapman

Matthew married Ann Zink.

7-Mary Chapman

Mary married James Harrison.

7-Jane Chapman^{1,264} died on 23 Jan 1874 in (Burke's gives 1876).

Jane married **Rev. James Andrew**,^{1,102,264} son of **William Andrew** and **Catherine Pawson**, on 26 Jan 1819 in Whitby, Yorkshire. (11 Jan given in Burke's). James was born on 25 Oct 1780 in Birstwith, Harrogate, Yorkshire and died on 3 Dec 1843 at age 63. They had four children: **William, John Chapman, Jane Elizabeth**, and **James**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of St. Mary's Church in Whitby, Yorkshire.

8-Rev. Canon William Andrew²⁶⁴ was born in 1819 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 16 Oct 1819.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fellow and Tutor of Worcester College, Oxford.
- He worked as a vice-Provost of Worcester College, Oxford.

- He worked as a Vicar of Upton in Upton, Northampstonshire.
- He worked as a Vicar of Kirkdale, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Rural Dean and Rector in Paston, Peterborough, Cambridgeshire.
- He worked as a Hon. Canon of Peterborough.

William married Isabella Mary Maugham, daughter of Robert Maugham. They had no children.

8-Rev. Dr. John Chapman Andrew²⁶⁴ was born on 9 Mar 1822 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 10 Mar 1822 in Whitby, Yorkshire, died on 7 Dec 1907 in Otaki, Wellington, New Zealand at age 85, and was buried in St. Barnabas Cemetery, Nelson, New Zealand.

General Notes: Andrew, John Chapman

1822–1907

Runholder, politician, educationalist

John Chapman Andrew was born on 9 March 1822 at Whitby, Yorkshire, England, the son of James Andrew, an Anglican clergyman, and his wife, Jane Chapman. Andrew won a scholarship to University College, Oxford; he graduated BA in 1844 and MA in 1847, and was ordained priest in 1848. By his mid 20s he had become a fellow of Lincoln College, Oxford, and vicar of St Michael's Church.

Andrew's marriage to Emma Fendall, at Crambe, Yorkshire, on 6 December 1855, was a direct challenge to the tradition of celibacy for fellows, and obliged him to resign from his college. He emigrated to New Zealand, arriving with his wife at Lyttelton on the Westminster on 7 June 1856; other Fendalls had preceded them. With his brother-in-law, Charles Fendall, and a friend, Andrew searched for sheep country, at length finding unoccupied flats and sunny north-facing slopes on the south bank of the upper Waitaki River. There he established a run, which he called Otematata (site of the present day town of Otematata). On the return journey Charles Fendall was drowned fording the Rangitata River. The Andrews travelled by bullock dray to their land, where a house was built of cob and tussock thatching. As well as farming, Andrew acted as minister to a parish 'as large as the County of Essex'.

From 1861, gold-diggers heading for the Lindis Pass and the new diggings of Central Otago disrupted farmers by trespassing on their land. Probably in 1864 Andrew sold Otematata and moved to the North Island. He walked the coast of Wairarapa where, in 1864, he purchased 800 acres of rough hill country south of Castlepoint and put a deposit on a further 4,000 acres; he also held land at Karori and Makara. Andrew and his family visited England, perhaps in 1865. In 1869, with his wife and their five children – a sixth was born later – he moved to the station which became known as Ica. During the difficult sheep-farming years of the late 1870s and 1880s the run – 18,339 acres by 1882 - was gradually secured by freeholding, and the challenges of scabby sheep and proliferating rabbits were faced. Andrew did not use dogs in his farm management, nor was he inclined to use a buggy. He had always disdained physical comfort and was an enthusiast for sports such as angling and sculling. A horseman and long-distance walker into old age, he performed the duties of an itinerant parson throughout his years in Wairarapa.

The practical life of a sheep station never wholly satisfied Andrew's restless energies and educated mind. He represented East Wairarapa and its successor seat, Wairarapa East, in the Wellington Provincial Council from 1867 until 1876, becoming a leader of a loose-knit country opposition to the predominantly city administration. He held the Wairarapa seat in the House of Representatives from 1871 until he resigned in 1877. Although never in a position of political power, he made a name as an orator. His speeches were marked by humour, classical allusion and philosophical argument, quick wit and concise style. Andrew favoured centralised government, Julius Vogel's immigration and works policy, and a single colonial university; he supported a broad, although not universal, suffrage and opposed prohibition. He was ambivalent about secular education.

In a parliamentary debate in 1876 Andrew pointed out flaws in rabbit control legislation. Nothing was done, so he happily used these loopholes in a long-running battle against his pet aversion, rabbit inspectors. As a result Andrew experienced court proceedings from both sides of the Bench. One week he might be dispensing justice as a justice of the peace, the next, brought before the court charged with inadequate rabbit control measures. The entertainment provided by Andrew defending himself, usually with success, would invariably draw an audience. Always litigious, his reputation for contrariness grew with age. A neighbour remarked that Andrew, in later life, was 'never, oh! never, no never in the wrong.'

Andrew happened to be in Nelson in 1876 when the principal of Nelson College, Frank Simmons, an old pupil of his, died unexpectedly; he volunteered to fill the post. His unconventional nature and wide education made him a stimulating teacher, and the council of governors was at first happy to have a man of such high classical attainments as principal. To the 100 or so pupils he was a humane head who was never known to use corporal punishment.

'Parson Andrew', as he is remembered in Nelson, helped found a philosophical society and remained an active clergyman. Emma Andrew died in 1878; two of their three daughters, Isabel and Mary, also died in Nelson, in 1881 and 1884 respectively. On 19 July 1880 John Andrew married Emily Sarah Morgan at Wellington.

In 1886 the Council of Nelson College expressed concern about declining academic standards and roll numbers, although Andrew pointed out that by then the college had several competitors (including a Nelson College for Girls established in 1883). The council may have felt that Andrew had spread his talents too widely, and possibly disapproved of his introducing religious instruction to the curriculum. The council had also decided that the principal should reside at the college and be responsible for the boarders. Andrew resigned his principalship in 1886 and returned to Wairarapa. In 1874 Andrew had been appointed to the senate of the new University of New Zealand; he was also a founding member of the Education Board of the Province of Wellington. Amidst the provincial rivalries which plagued the start of a national university, Andrew characteristically took the long view, arguing that the 'trembling infant' needed security, not competition, in order to develop. In 1885 he became vice chancellor of the university, a post he held until 1903.

Andrew unwittingly made a further contribution to an emerging colonial culture by sponsoring the son of a part-Maori rabbiter on his property to attend Te Aute College. The son, Peter Buck (Te Rangi Hiroa), became a prominent Maori leader and pioneer New Zealand anthropologist.

John Chapman Andrew retired around 1905 to Otaki, where he died on 7 December 1907. He was buried in St Barnabas' churchyard, Stoke. Emily Andrew died in 1920. According to a former pupil, Andrew had been a 'man of restless mental activity, fresh and original in thought, quaint and witty in speech, very unconventional, and indifferent in an extraordinary degree to appearances'. New

Zealand would have been the duller without his contribution to pastoralism, politics and education.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fellow of Lincoln College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. Michael's, Oxford.
- He worked as a Sheep Farmer in Waitangi, Northland, New Zealand.
- He worked as a Farmer and Ferryman in Ica Station, Wereama, Masterton, New Zealand.
- He worked as a Provincial Councillor for Wairarapa.
- He worked as a Member of the General Assembly.
- He worked as a member of the first Wellington Education Board.
- He worked as an one of the original Fellows of the New Zealand University.
- He worked as a Principal of Nelson College in Nelson, New Zealand.
- He worked as a Vice-Chancellor of the New Zealand University in 1885-1903.

John married Emma Fendall, daughter of Rev. Henry Fendall, on 6 Dec 1855 in Crambe, Ryedale, North Yorkshire. Emma was born on 20 Jun 1832 in Nunburnholme, Yorkshire, died on 8 Jul 1878 in Nelson, New Zealand at age 46, and was buried in St. Barnabas Cemetery, Nelson, New Zealand. They had six children: Mary Godiya, Isobel Hilda, Philip, William, John Chapman, and (No Given Name).

Noted events in their marriage were:

They emigrated in 1856 from New Zealand.

9-Mary Godiva Andrew was born on 9 Dec 1858, died on 24 Oct 1884 at age 25, and was buried in St. Barnabas Cemetery, Nelson, New Zealand.

9-Isobel Hilda Andrew was born on 31 Oct 1867, died on 30 Oct 1881 at age 13, and was buried in St. Barnabas Cemetery, Nelson, New Zealand.

9-Dr. Philip Andrew

9-William Andrew was born in 1859 in Otamatata, South Canterbury, New Zealand, died on 5 Nov 1931 in Cole Street, Masterton, New Zealand at age 72, and was buried on 7 Nov 1931 in Archer Street Cemetery, Masterton, New Zealand.

General Notes: The death occurred at his residence, Cole street, Masterton, early last evening of Mr. William Andrew, a very well-known resident of the district over a long period of years. The late Mr. Andrew, who was 72 years of age, had been ill for a long time. He was the eldest son of the Rev. J. C. Andrew, formerly rector of the Nelson College, and later of Ica station, Tinui; probably the best-known figure associated, with the early settlement of the East Coast.

The late Mr. Andrew was bom at Otamatata, in South Canterbury, and was educated at Nelson College and Christ College. He served as a cadet in the Government Survey Department and afterwards, worked for some time as assistant to different surveyors, and later entered into business at Greytown, and with the late Mr. E. B. Foster was engaged on many of the early surveys in the Wairarapa district.

Mr. Andrew then engaged in farming at Kimbolton and Feilding, and upon the subdivision of Ica he took over the north-eastern portion, known as Otahome, where he lived for some years until he removed fifteen years ago to the Upper Plain.

He was a member of the party of Armed Constabulary and Volunteers that occupied Parihaka fifty years ago, on the occasion of a Native disturbance. Mr. Andrew was married to Miss Margaret Anne Mackay, a daughter of a well-known family of early settlers and a granddaughter of Mr. Morison, of Glenmorgan, after whom Morison's Bush was named. The funeral will take, place in Masterton tomorrow morning.

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Under the will of the late Mr. William Andrew, of Masterton, a number of bequests are made to charity.

The governing body of the Missionary Birthday Band, a society formed in the State of Victoria, Australia, for the purpose of fitting and enabling native Christians to evangelise their own people, receives £5000. The Wairarapa Royal Arch Chapter of Freemasons, for the help of sick and indigent Freemasons and their families, and for the help of widows and children of deceased Freemasons who may be in needy circumstances, receives the income in perpetuity on the. sum of $\pounds 1000$.

The Wellington [Anglican] Diocesan Board of Trustees receives the sum of £500 to be applied by the board for such lawful purposes in connection with the Upper Plain Church [now St Andrew's in the Paddock], Masterton, as the board shall think fit.

In the event of the failure of certain bequests to infant relatives who may fail to attain the age of 21 years, the Maori Mission will receive £2000, the Melanesian Mission £2000, the Masterton Y.M.C.A. £500, and the Sedgley Home trustees, Masterton, £500. William and Margaret Andrew were instrumental in getting the Upper Plain Church Room (now St Andrew's in the Paddock) off the ground by donating the land on which the church sits. On his

death William donated £500 for use by the Diocesan Board of Trustees which was probably applied to paying off any outstanding debt on the building. The Upper Plain Church Room was first planned in July 1922 and was dedicated by Bishop Sprott on 4 November 1922.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Nelson College in Nelson, New Zealand.
- He was educated at Christ's College, Christchurch.
- He worked as a Surveyor, in partnership with E. B. Foster in Greytown, Wairarapa, New Zealand.
- He worked as a Farmer in Kimbolton, Wanawatu, New Zealand.
- He worked as a Farmer in Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand.
- He worked as a Farmer in Ica Station, Wereama, Masterton, New Zealand.

William married Margaret Anne Mackay. Margaret was born in 1866, died in May 1942 at age 76, and was buried in Archer Street Cemetery, Masterton, New Zealand.

9-John Chapman Andrew died about 11 Apr 1904 in Te Mangu, Martinborough, Wairarapa, New Zealand. The cause of his death was He became lost in the bush, while hunting deer and died of exhaustion.

General Notes: The fate of Mr. J. C Andrew the Wellington solicitor, who lost in the bush beyond Martinborough during the Easter holidays, while on a deer--stalking excursion, for nearly a week, was foremost in everyone's thoughts. Fully two hundred men were searching for him, many of them on pay, and a reward of £400 was offered by the missing man's relatives for his recovery, dead or alive. The suspense was ended sorrowfully on Tuesday morning by a bushman finding poor Andrew in the bush at a place called Te Mangu, quite dead, apparently from exhaustion. J. C. Andrew was one of the keenest "sports" and "whitest" men the city had. Careless of dress, slap dash, strong as a horse, and as healthy as it was possible for man to be, Mr. Andrew had the affection of every sportsman, who very often could not follow where he might lead. No obstacle, could prevent him from carrying out his purpose, no country dismay him. The friends who knew him best assert that he was absolutely perfect in the bush, and that some injury must have prevented him from getting out alive. * *

The expedition during which he met his death was his first deer-stalking out-ing, but he has shot feather and fur ever sinco he was a boy, and has wandered in the bush at every opportunity. The deceased gentleman was associated with Mr. Hamerton, the solicitor, for eleven years, and was between thirty and forty years of age. He was about 5ft 11in. in height, and of loose, powerful build. He is described by Wellingtonians, who have shot or fished with him, as a "terror to travel " And his business characteristics? "Straight as a die !" are the exact words used by four of his friends in different parts of the city at different times. *

*

He was the son of the Rev. J. C. Andrew of Ica Station, and was educated at Nelson College. Afterwards, he went to England, and graduated for his B.A. degree at Oxford, Locally, he was known for his ardent love of sport and nature, and his unswerving honesty. He was for several years past chairman of the Acclimatisation Society, and treasurer of the Law Society; He married about ten years ago Miss Morrison, and he leaves five children. Mr. William Andrew, run-holder, of Kimbolton, and Dr. Philip Andrew, of Nelson, are brothers of the deceased gentleman. It is sad to know that, despite the promptness which the Premier, his friends, and the people of the Wairarapa generally displayed in organising search parties, the bushman who found him was too late. The Lance tenders its sincere sympahy to Mr. Andrew's bereaved relatives. Free Lance - Volume IV, Issue 198, 16 April 1904. New Zealand

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Wellington, New Zealand.

John married Jessie Isabella Morrison, daughter of John Morrison and Jessie, in 1894. Jessie was born in 1872.

9-Andrew

Andrew married Hudson.

John next married Emily Sarah Morgan, daughter of John Morgan and Sarah Shaw, on 19 Jul 1880 in Wellington, New Zealand. Emily was born on 9 Sep 1845 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia, died on 4 Jan 1920 in Otaki, Wellington, New Zealand at age 74, and was buried in St. Barnabas Cemetery, Nelson, New Zealand.

8-Jane Elizabeth Andrew²⁶⁴ was born in 1826 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 6 Feb 1826 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died on 29 Aug 1889 in London at age 63. She had no known marriage and

no known children.

8-Dr. James Andrew^{102,264} was born on 7 Sep 1829 in Whitby, Yorkshire, was christened on 20 Sep 1829 in Whitby, Yorkshire, and died on 21 Apr 1897 in Tavistock, Devon at age 67.

General Notes: James Andrew b.7 September 1829 d.21 April 1897 BA Oxon(1852) BM(1860) MA DM FRCP(1866) James Andrew was born at Whitby, the third son of Rev. James Andrew. He was educated at home and at Sedbergh. He went up to Worcester College, Oxford, in 1848, and migrated to Wadham College where he read classics and graduated as B.A. in 1852. He was elected a fellow of Wadham in 1856 but in the same year decided to follow a medical career. After a year at Edinburgh, he entered St. Bartholomew's Hospital as a student. He proceeded to his B.M. degree in 1860 and a year later became demonstrator of morbid anatomy at the Hospital. He was elected assistant physician in 1864, joint lecturer on medicine in 1868 and physician in 1869. Andrew was also physician to the Royal General Dispensary from 1862 to 1865 and to the City of London Hospital for Diseases of the Chest from 1863 to 1878. From 1879 until his retirement in 1893, he was consulting physician to Christ's Hospital. He held office as Censor at the Royal College of Physicians and delivered the Lumleian Lectures in 1884 and the Harveian Oration in 1890. Andrew was a bowed little man, happiest when smoking his old briar pipe or when fishing. Shy and kindhearted, he was a secret benefactor to needy patients. His students loved him, and he was sometimes described as one of the three greatest teachers of his day. He died at Tavistock. G H Brown [Lancet, 1897; B.M.J., 1897; Moore, ii, 574; Al.Oxon., I, 23]

(Volume IV, page 148) Munks Roll

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA BM MA DM FRCP.
- He was educated at Sedbergh.
- He worked as a Fellow of Wadham College.
- He worked as a Physician in 58 Russell Square, London.
- He worked as a Physician to the Royal General Dispensary in 1862-1865.
- He worked as a Physician to the City of London Hospital for Diseases of the Chest in 1863-1878.
- He worked as a Consulting physician to Christ's Hospital. In 1879-1893.
- He worked as a Censor to the Royal College of Physicians.

James married Isabella Simpson,²⁶⁴ daughter of Henry Simpson and Maria, on 15 Oct 1868 in Parish Church, Whitby, Yorkshire. Isabella was born in 1832 in Whitby, Yorkshire and was christened on 10 Dec 1832 in Whitby, Yorkshire. They had no children.

5-William Chapman was born in 1713.

4-James Chapman

4-John Chapman

4-Jane Chapman

Jane married John Hill.

4-Margaret Chapman

Margaret married William Carlile.

Margaret next married John Elldin.

4-Mary Chapman

Mary married Henry Barker.

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