
**Descendants of
Thomas Forster**

Charles E. G. Pease
Pennyghael
Isle of Mull

1-Thomas Forster

Thomas married **Joan de Elmedon**, daughter of **Thomas de Elmedon**. They had one son: **Thomas**.

2-**Thomas Forster**,¹ son of **Thomas Forster**¹ and **Joan de Elmedon**¹, died in Time of King Henry IV.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Lord of Etherstone, Etherstone, County Durham.

Thomas married **Elizabeth de Etherstone**. They had one son: **Thomas**.

3-Thomas Forster

Thomas married **Elizabeth Featherstonhalgh**. They had one son: **Thomas**.

4-**Thomas Forster**¹ was born in Living at the time of Henry VI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Etherstone, County Durham.

Thomas married **Jane de Hilton**, daughter of **Sir William de Hilton**. They had eight children: **Thomas, Robert, Patrick, Reginald, Constance, Isabella, Eleanor**, and **Margaret**.

5-**Sir Thomas Forster**¹ died after 3 Mar 1526.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Marshall of Berwick upon Tweed.

Thomas married **Dorothy Ogle**,¹ daughter of **Cuthbert Ogle Baron Ogle**. They had eight children: **Thomas, Margaret, Dorothy, Elizabeth, Rowland, Reginald, Eleanor**, and **John**.

6-**Thomas Forster**.¹

Thomas married **Florence Wharton**. They had one son: **Ralph**.

7-**Ralph Forster** was born in 1552 and died in 1616 at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Felton, Northumberland.

Ralph married someone. He had one son: **William**.

8-William Forster

William married **Prudence Clark**. They had one son: **William**.

9-**Rev. William Forster** was born in 1630 and died on 8 Dec 1679 at age 49.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Standground in Standground, Huntingdonshire.

William married **Alice Coveney**. They had one son: **John**.

10-**John Forster** was born in 1672 and died on 13 Dec 1752 at age 80.

John married **Jane Bass**. They had one son: **John**.

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11-**Dr. Rev. John Forster** was born in 1713 and died in 1787 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Walsoken in Walsoken, Wisbech, Cambridge.

John married **Jane Jervis**. They had one son: **John**.

12-John Forster

John married **Elizabeth Drake-Brockman**. Elizabeth died on 25 Jan 1837. They had one son: **Henry**.

13-**Capt. Henry Forster** was born in 1789 and died in 1855 at age 66.

Henry married **Harriet Elizabeth FitzGibbon** in 1825. Harriet died on 23 Oct 1839. They had one son: **John**.

14-**Maj. John Forster** was born on 1 Aug 1826 and died on 16 Sep 1886 at age 60.

John married **Emily Jane Case**. They had one son: **Henry William**.

15-**Rt. Hon. Henry William Forster Baron Forster** was born on 31 Jan 1866 in Southend Hall, Kent and died on 15 Jan 1936 in London at age 69.

General Notes: Henry William Forster. Lord Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Governor General in Australia.

Henry married **Hon. Rachel Douglas-Scott-Montagu**, daughter of **Henry John Douglas-Scott-Montagu 1st Lord Montagu Beaulieu** and **Cecily Susan Stuart-Wortley-Mackenzie**, in 1890. Rachel was born in 1868 and died in 1962 at age 94. They had two children: **Dorothy Charlotte** and **Emily Rachel**.

16-**Hon. Dorothy Charlotte Forster** was born on 10 Apr 1891 in Southend Hall, Lewisham and died on 15 May 1983 at age 92.

Dorothy married **John William Beaumont Pease 1st Baron Wardington**,^{2,3} son of **John William Pease**^{4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15} and **Helen Maria Fox**,^{4,5,7,8,10,11,12,15} on 5 Apr 1923 in London. John was born on 4 Jul 1869 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 7 Aug 1950 in Wardington Manor, Banbury at age 81. They had two children: **Christopher Henry Beaumont** and **William Simon**.

General Notes: John William Pease. Lord Wardington. On leaving Oxford, entered into the banking partnership of Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease, Spence & Co., in Northumberland. On amalgamation, he became a director of Lloyds and then Vice-chairman. He served as Chairman of Lloyds Bank from 1922 to 1945 and of the Bank of London and South Africa from 1922 to 1947. In 1936 he was raised to the peerage as Baron Wardington, of Alnmouth in the County of Northumberland.. Master of the Percy Foxhounds. John William Beaumont Pease (1881), JP ; Chairman of Lloyds Bank, Ltd. ; Chairman of the London and River Plate Bank. From Oatlands he went on to Marlborough and. New College, Oxford. On leaving Oxford he entered into private banking partnership of Messrs. Hodgkin, :Barnett, Pease, Spence & Co , in Northumberland ; on the amalgamation of the bank with Lloyds Bank he was elected a Director of Lloyds Bank, and subsequently became Chairman ; Master of the Percy Foxhounds, 1906-10 ; represented Oxford University at golf and lawn tennis, and has played on various occasions in the international golf match between England and Scotland, on the side of the former. Address : 13, Stratton Street, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

Pease, John William Beaumont, first Baron Wardington (1869– 1950), banker, was born at Pendower, West Road, Newcastle upon Tyne, on 4 July 1869, the second son of the banker John William Pease (1836– 1901) and his wife, Helen Mary Fox (1838– 1928), both Quakers. He was educated at Marlborough School (1878– 83) and then at New College, Oxford. A gifted sportsman, he was awarded a blue for both golf and lawn tennis.

Pease was a member of the leading business dynasty in the north-east of England responsible for the projection and management of the pioneering Stockton and Darlington Railway and the foundation of interlocking industrial interests embracing woollen textiles, coalmining, engineering, and metallurgical products. The Peases were related by marriage to other Quaker families with commercial interests, principally the Backhouses, Gurneys, and Foxes, and in that connection had founded a private banking partnership

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in the late eighteenth century which acted as the clearing house for the Peases' own concerns and also as a vehicle for the raising of capital. In this latter context the history of the Pease family is a testament to the strength of the Quaker credit network in mobilizing capital resources for industrial ventures. Pease's father was a partner in the family bank in Darlington, but in 1859 he moved to Newcastle upon Tyne to become a partner in the banking firm of Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease, Spence & Co. This firm was founded in the wake of the collapse of the Northumberland and Durham District Bank in 1857, an event which precipitated the bankruptcy of the heavily indebted Derwent Iron Company located at Consett. As a major traffic-sender on the Stockton and Darlington Railway, there can be little doubt that Pease's father was propelled northwards to participate in the management of a new banking concern which was expected to play a leading role in the reconstruction of the iron company. This was achieved in 1864 with the foundation of the Consett Iron Company. Pease himself became a partner in Hodgkin Barnett Pease Spence in the early 1890s, and as senior partner he was to play the leading role in negotiating a merger with Lloyds Bank in 1902. As a prosperous local bank possessing an extensive branch network in the north-east of England, Hodgkin Barnett Pease Spence had some claim to preferment within Lloyds' managerial structure and, after the formal amalgamation in 1903, Pease was elected to the London board of Lloyds. By 1910 he had risen to the position of deputy chairman and in 1922, following the death of Sir Richard Vassar-Smith, he succeeded to the chairmanship. He remained in office until December 1945, a period of service equalling the combined total of his three successors. In the inter-war period Pease was perhaps better known as a talented amateur golfer than as a banker; he was invariably in contention for the UK amateur championship, and served latterly as chairman of the championship committee. On 6 April 1923 he married Dorothy Charlotte (d. 1993), the daughter of Lord Forster, governor-general of Australia, and the widow of the Hon. Harold Lubbock. They had two sons, Christopher Henry Beaumont (b. 1924) and William Simon (b. 1925). The elder son became a partner in the leading stockbroking firm of Hoare Govett. Pease was notable for his conservative and orthodox policies while chairman of Lloyds, and during his tenure of office the bank developed a reputation for over-caution. Indeed, between the wars Lloyds' share of deposits and advances declined in relation to those of the other large clearing banks, indicating some loss of competitiveness. Presiding over the board with authority and dignity, Pease nevertheless discouraged discussion, so that board meetings tended to be rubber-stamp affairs. However, as a leading banker he owed his considerable reputation to his qualities of impeccable integrity and honesty. He was appointed chairman of the Committee of London Clearing Bankers and also served as president of the British Bankers' Association. In 1936 his services to banking were recognized in his elevation to the peerage as Baron Wardington, of Alnmouth, Northumberland. He died at Wardington Manor, Wardington, near Banbury, on 7 August 1950, and was cremated in Oxford on 14 August.

M. W. Kirby

Known to the family as "Monty" or "Montie" Pease, as in Beaumont.

21 Nov 1879, Fri:John William *Pease's* servant came in to say that Monti had the measles and that their plan of coming to us must be altered.
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate in 1881.
- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Banker. Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease, Spence & Co.
- He worked as a Chairman of Lloyds Bank in 1922-1948.

17-**Christopher Henry Beaumont Pease 2nd Baron Wardington**³ was born on 22 Jan 1924 in London and died on 7 Jul 2005 at age 81.

General Notes: Christopher Henry Pease. Lord Wardington. Known as "Bic"

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker.

Christopher married **Margaret Audrey White**, daughter of **John White** and **Eva Boswell**, on 9 Sep 1964. Margaret was born on 2 Nov 1927 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 8 Nov 2014 at age 87. They had three children: **Christopher William Beaumont**, **Lucy Ann**, and **Helen Elizabeth**.

General Notes: Audrey White was from a humble background, but became a successful model and author, was turned down for a BBC announcer's job for being deemed "too beautiful", then established financial courses for women, worked for charities and became a lady of the aristocracy. Born in Bradford in 1927, she was an only child. Her father, a commercial traveller, left when she was young and, following a move at the start of the Second World War,

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was brought up by her mother, Eva, in north London. She attended Henrietta Barnett School in Finchley and remembered enduring the Blitz with her cat, Luftwaffe, and later sheltering under her desk during the early doodlebug raids.

Leaving school at 16, she wanted to become a nurse but worked at the Elizabeth Arden <<http://shop.elizabetharden.com/>> cosmetics salon on Bond Street earning a guinea a day. She was spotted by a client, Phyllis Digby Morton, editor of Woman and Beauty, who invited her to be photographed for the magazine. Described by one admirer as "a raving beauty... with a smile as fresh as spring and the playful eye of a puppy," she became one of the best known faces of the 1950s, appearing in countless advertisements. In a series of National Savings posters she appeared in full bridal regalia, having fulfilled the job requirement of someone "young, charming and unsophisticated".

In 1951 it was reported that the BBC had turned her down as a stand-in television announcer for being "too sophisticated and severely beautiful..." and in case she "alarmed timid men from Wigan and country districts". One commentator put it, "Could you watch Miss White talking about depressions over Iceland and absorb what she was saying?"

White had only applied for the job "as a lark", she said, adding, "The pay is pretty poor, you know." She picked up other television work, appeared in a handful of films and worked as an announcer on commercial radio. She was later the face of Dreft washing powder, claiming, "I always find time to give my nylons and undies that all-important nightly dip in Dreft."

She dated the actors Jon Pertwee (a future Doctor Who) and Anthony Steele, then in 1953 married Jack Dunfee, a theatrical impresario and one of the 1930s "Bentley Boys" racing drivers. She had once remarked that her ideal man had to be tall, intelligent, about 10 years older and preferably connected with the arts; Dunfee was 26 years her senior.

The following year she became fashion editor of Housewife magazine, staying for six years before taking the same job at Go for two years. By this time her marriage had ended, and in 1964 she married Christopher Henry Beaumont "Bic" Pease, the second Lord Wardington, a partner at the stockbrokers Hoare Govett and a noted bibliophile. They moved into Wardington Manor, his medieval-Jacobean house near Banbury, and adopted three children.

Lady Wardington had never really had to worry about money, but when her husband suffered a heart attack she realised she was ignorant about financial matters. So she established a financial management course , Capital and Savings Handling (CASH), dealing with savings, pensions and the stock market and aimed at women. She believed her title added glamour and was partly why it ran successfully for eight years.

In 1991 she was back in the news with a series of books called Superhints. Wanting to raise money for a hospice in Banbury that was caring for a former secretary, she hit upon the idea of famous people offering everyday tips. She "simply wrote to about 3,000 people, asking them to donate a hint." Her connections ensured some big names. The series included Superhints to cooking, gardening and, finally, life itself; the latter had tips from Richard Briers, Jane Fonda and Cliff Richard.

But with a high percentage of titled contributors, their "hints" were often rather less practical than they were revealing of their authors. The Marchioness of Northampton suggested using toothpaste to clean flies off the windscreen while Lady Cobbold recommended paper knickers because "it saves washing and they are good for lighting the fire". Princess Margaret advised pouring white wine on to red spilt on the carpet, leaving it for five minutes before clearing up. Lady Dashwood claimed that in order to pacify an angry child one should "whisper gently into his ear and he will stop crying to hear what you are saying. This is also 100 per cent effective with husbands."

Tragedy struck in 2004, while the Wardingtons were away, when the manor caught fire following an electrical fault in the attic. Fortunately, their daughter Helen and a human chain of villagers rescued the priceless collection of rare maps and atlases, including the earliest printed edition (1477 in Bologna) of Ptolemy's atlas. Lord Wardington died the following year and Lady Wardington moved into a cottage in the village, from where she continued her charity work.

With the manor fully restored in 2013, she remarked, "the really maddening thing is that the kitchen was absolutely untouched. I would have liked a new kitchen."

Margaret Audrey White, model, fashion editor, author and fund-raiser: born Bradford 2 November 1927; married 1953 Jack Dunfee (marriage dissolved), 1964 Christopher Pease, Lord Wardington (died 2005; two adopted daughters, one adopted son); died 8 November 2014.

Noted events in her life were:

- Her obituary was published in The Independent on 10 Dec 2014.

18-Christopher William Beaumont Pease

18-Lucy Ann Pease

Lucy married **John Vallance Petrie**, son of **Neil Petrie**. They had three children: **Christopher Beaumont**, **Angus Crawford**, and **Abigail Lucy**.

19-Christopher Beaumont Petrie

19-Angus Crawford Petrie

19-Abigail Lucy Petrie

18-Helen Elizabeth Pease

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17-**Dr. William Simon Pease 3rd Baron Wardington**³ was born on 15 Oct 1925 in London and died on 19 Mar 2019 at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA MB BS FRCS.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He was educated at St Thomas’s Hospital Medical School.
- He worked as a Consultant ENT Surgeon, Central Middlesex and Northwick Park Hospitals in 1967-1985.

William married **Hon. Elizabeth Jane Ormsby-Gore**, daughter of **William George Arthur Ormsby-Gore 4th Baron Harlech** and **Lady Beatrice Edith Mildred Gascoyne-Cecil**, on 26 Oct 1962. Elizabeth was born on 14 Nov 1929 and died on 19 Jan 2004 at age 74. They had no children.

16-**Hon. Emily Rachel Forster** was born in 1896 and died in 1979 at age 83.

Emily married **George Henry Lane Fox-Pitt-Rivers**, son of **Alexander Edward Lane Fox-Pitt-Rivers** and **Alice Ruth Hermione Thynne**, on 22 Dec 1915. George was born on 22 May 1890 and died on 17 Jun 1966 at age 76. They had two children: **Michael Augustus** and **Julian Alfred Lane**.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Marriages.

17-**Michael Augustus Fox-Pitt-Rivers** was born on 27 May 1917.

Michael married **Sonia Brownell**.

17-**Capt. Julian Alfred Lane Fox-Pitt-Rivers** was born on 16 Mar 1919 and died on 12 Aug 2001 at age 82.

Julian married **Pauline Laetitia Tennant**, daughter of **Hon. David Francis Tennant** and **Hermione Youlanda Ruby Clinton-Baddeley**, on 17 Aug 1946. The marriage ended in divorce. Pauline was born on 6 Feb 1927 and died on 6 Dec 2008 at age 81.

6-**Margaret Forster**.¹

Margaret married **William Heron**.¹

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Ford Castle.

Margaret next married **John Heron**.

Margaret next married **Sir George Heron**.¹

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Chipchase Castle.

6-**Dorothy Forster**.¹

Dorothy married **Sir Reginald Carnaby**.¹

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Halton.

6-**Elizabeth Forster**.¹

Elizabeth married **George Finch**.¹

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Kent.

6-**Rowland Forster**.¹

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Lucker, Northumberland.
- He had a residence in 1565 in Wark-on-Tyne, Northumberland.

Rowland married **Catherine Selby**,¹ daughter of **Leonard Selby**. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth**.

7-**Elizabeth Forster**.¹

Elizabeth married **Thomas Orde of Orde**.¹

6-**Reginald Forster**.¹

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Capheaton.

Reginald married **Clara Swinburne**,¹ daughter of **William Swinburne**. They had two children: **George** and **Peter**.

7-**George Forster**.¹

7-**Peter Forster**.¹

6-**Eleanor Forster**.¹

Eleanor married **George Craster of Craster**.¹

Eleanor next married **Robert Widdrington**.¹

6-**Sir John Forster**.¹

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Bamburgh Castle, Bamburgh, Northumberland.

5-**Robert Forster**

Robert married someone. He had two children: **Richard** and **George**.

6-**Richard Forster**^{1,16} died on 2 Feb 1550. Another name for Richard was Richard Foster.

Richard married someone. He had two children: **Robert** and **Thomas**.

7-**Rev. Robert Forster**¹⁶ was born in 1514.

General Notes: Aged 36, in 1550, at the death of his father, then a Clerk in Holy Orders. He succeeded to his father's lands in Cold Hesledon and Hawthorne.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders in 1550.

Robert married someone. He had one son: **Richard**.

8-**Richard Forster**¹⁶ died after 1603. Another name for Richard was Richard Foster.

General Notes: RICHARD FORSTER, of Cold Hesledon, who was taxed upon lands there, 1 James I., 1603, as "Richard Forster," but in the Hahnote Books he is called " Richard Foster," was the father of two sons.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Cold Heselden, County Durham.

Richard married someone. He had two children: **Robert** and **Thomas**.

9-**Robert Forster**.^{1,16}

9-**Thomas Forster**.^{1,8,16,17}

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Cold Heselden, County Durham.
- He was a Dissenter in 1640.

Thomas married **Alicia**.^{1,8,16,17} They had three children: **Robert**, **Thomas**, and **Alicia**.

10-**Robert Forster**^{1,8,16,17} died on 18 Dec 1674 in Hawthorne, County Durham.

General Notes: Robert Forster was one of the early followers of George Fox, the founder of the Society of Friends, and his very numerous posterity have been and are for the most part members of that Society. His descendant, Robert Foster, Esquire, of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, is the only one of the family bearing the name who still remains a Friend

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Cold Heselden, County Durham.

Robert married **Margaret Robinson**,^{1,8,16,17} daughter of **Thomas Robinson** and **Ann**, on 20 Nov 1659 in Shotton, County Durham. Margaret died on 25 Jan 1710 in Hawthorne, County Durham. They had five children: **Margaret**, **Thomas**, **Robert**, **Mary**, and **Richard**.

11-**Margaret Forster**^{1,8,17} was born on 14 Aug 1660 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 20 Feb 1705 in Whitley, Northumberland at age 44.

Margaret married **Thomas Fearon**,⁸ son of **Thomas Fearon** and **Jane**, on 23 May 1701 in Shotton, Durham. Thomas was born on 9 Jun 1677 in South Shields, died on 3 Apr 1717 in Whitley, Northumberland at age 39, and was buried in Cullercoats, County Durham. They had two children: **Thomas** and **Margaret**.

12-**Thomas Fearon**⁸ was born on 29 Dec 1703 in Cullercoats, County Durham.

12-**Margaret Fearon** was born on 20 Apr 1702 in Cullercoats, County Durham.

Margaret married **George Heath**,⁸ son of **George Heath Heath** and **Mary Stout**. George was christened on 18 Jul 1708 in Easington, County Durham and died in 1745 at age 37. They had five children: **Mary**, **George**, **Thomas**, **Robert**, and **Henry**.

13-**Mary Heath**⁸ was christened on 1 Jun 1731 in St. Nicholas', Durham.

Mary married **James Beilby**.

13-**George Heath**⁸ was christened on 17 Nov 1733 in St. Nicholas', Durham.

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13-**Thomas Heath**⁸ was christened on 12 Dec 1735 in St. Nicholas', Durham and was buried on 11 Sep 1736.

13-**Robert Heath**⁸ was christened on 12 Dec 1735 in St. Nicholas', Durham.

13-**Henry Heath**⁸ was christened in 1736 in St. Nicholas', Durham and died in 1803 in South Shields at age 67.

Henry married **Mary Hunter**⁸ in 1768 in St. Michael's, Cornhill. Mary was born in Chollerton, Northumberland and died in 1800 in South Shields. They had 11 children: **Henry Fearon, Robert Foster, Noble, William, George, William, Mary, Margaret, Ann, Harriet**, and **Mary**.

14-**Henry Fearon Heath**⁸ was born on 5 Nov 1768 in Mile End New Town and died on 7 Jul 1825 in Westoe, South Shields at age 56.

Henry married **Mary Carlen**,⁸ daughter of **John Carlen** and **Mary Masterman**, on 17 Nov 1801 in South Shields. Mary was born on 21 Apr 1779 in South Shields. They had 11 children: **Henry, Edward, John Carlen, Sherman, Robert, George Yeoman, Mary, Fanny, Jessie Rosa, Ellen**, and **Lydia**.

15-**Henry Heath**⁸ was born on 24 Aug 1802 in South Shields and died on 12 Dec 1854 at age 52. He had no known marriage and no known children.

15-**Edward Heath**

Edward married **Ann Gwyer**, daughter of **William Orchard Gwyer** and **Ann Keate**. They had three children: **Mary Lily, Jessie Ann**, and **Fanny Emma**.

16-**Mary Lily Heath**

16-**Jessie Ann Heath**

16-**Fanny Emma Heath**

15-**John Carlen Heath**

John married **Mary Evans**, daughter of **Rev. Henry Evans** and **Sophia Cubitt**.

15-**Sherman Heath**⁸ was born in Pentonville, London and died in Sep 1839 in Pensacola, Florida, USA. He had no known marriage and no known children.

15-**Robert Heath**

15-**Dr. George Yeoman Heath**

15-**Mary Heath**

Mary married **Rev. John Garencières Pearson**. They had four children: **Henry Garencières, John Heath, Mary Winterbottom Wade**, and **Frances Elizabeth**.

16-**Henry Garencières Pearson**

16-**John Heath Pearson**

16-**Mary Winterbottom Wade Pearson**

16-**Frances Elizabeth Pearson**

15-**Fanny Heath**

15-**Jessie Rosa Heath**⁸ died on 12 Jan 1862 in Barnard Castle, County Durham and was buried in Bishopwearmouth, County Durham.

Jessie married **John Masterman**, son of **William Masterman** and **Ann Fairless**. They had eight children: **Jessie Rosa, Jessie Ellen, Jane Reed, William Fairless, Cleveland, Eva Augusta, Rosalind Kent**, and **Blanche Heath**.

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16-**Jessie Rosa Masterman**⁸ was born in Plaistow and died in Died in Infancy.

16-**Jessie Ellen Masterman**⁸ was born in 1837 in Histon, Essex.

Jessie married **John Salmon**.

16-**Jane Reed Masterman**⁸ was born in 1840 in Histon, Essex.

16-**William Fairless Masterman**⁸ was born on 1 Jul 1840 in Wanstead, Essex.

16-**Cleveland Masterman**⁸ was born on 4 Jan 1842 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 14 May 1923 in South Shields at age 81.

16-**Eva Augusta Masterman**⁸ was born in 1844 in Wanstead, Essex.

Eva married **Arthur Carr**, son of **James Carr**.

16-**Rosalind Kent Masterman**⁸ was born in 1847 in Wanstead, Essex and died in 1852 in Wanstead, Essex at age 5.

16-**Blanche Heath Masterman**⁸ was born on 22 Mar 1849 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 8 Dec 1921 at age 72.

Blanche married **George Weller** on 5 Jun 1871 in Heighington, County Durham. George was born in 1844 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire and died on 20 Oct 1929 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire at age 85. They had three children: **Gladys Heath**, **Gerard Masterman Heath**, and **Carlen Lacy**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer. W & G Weller, Amersham Brewery in Amersham, Buckinghamshire.

17-**Gladys Heath Weller** was born on 9 May 1872 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire.

Gladys married **Edmund Alderson Sandford Fawcett**, son of **Edmund Alderson Fawcett** and **Jane Harrison**, in 1890. Edmund was christened on 22 Jul 1868 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire.

17-**Gerard Masterman Heath Weller** was born on 20 Jun 1873 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire, was christened on 16 Aug 1873 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire, and died on 13 Dec 1946 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer. W & G Weller, Amersham Brewery before 1928 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire.

17-**Carlen Lacy Weller** was born on 26 Jun 1875 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire, was christened on 14 Aug 1875 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire, and died in 1965 at age 90.

15-**Ellen Heath**

15-**Lydia Heath**⁸ was born in Westoe, South Shields and died on 8 May 1823 in Westoe, South Shields.

14-**Robert Foster Heath** was christened in 1784 in South Shields and died on 12 Aug 1834 in Valparaiso at age 50. He had no known marriage and no known children.

14-**Noble Heath**⁸ died in 1824. He had no known marriage and no known children.

14-**William Heath**⁸ died in Died in Infancy.

14-**Lt. George Heath**⁸ was born in Nov 1785 and died in 1821 in India at age 36. He had no known marriage and no known children.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Soldier. East India Company.

14-**William Heath**⁸ was born in Nov 1785 and died in 1849 at age 64. He had no known marriage and no known children.

14-**Mary Heath**

14-**Margaret Heath**⁸ died in 1830. She had no known marriage and no known children.

14-**Ann Heath**

14-**Harriet Heath**⁸ died in Died in Infancy.

14-**Mary Heath**

11-**Thomas Forster**^{1,8,17,18} was born on 10 May 1662 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 24 Sep 1728 in Hawthorne, County Durham at age 66.

General Notes: Born at Hawthorne, 10th May, 1662; married, at Wallnook Meeting, 22nd July, 1691, Sarah, daughter of Michael Hornsby, of Witton Gilbert. She died at Hawthorne, 1st April, 1738. He died at Hawthorne, 24th September, 1728

Thomas married **Sarah Hornsby**,^{1,8,17,18} daughter of **Michael Hornsby**, on 22 Jul 1691 in FMH Wallnook. Sarah was born in Witton Gilbert, County Durham and died on 1 Apr 1738 in Hawthorne, County Durham. They had 11 children: **Robert, Alice, Margaret, Hannah, Thomas, Sarah, Mary, Margaret, Frances, Joseph**, and **Mary**.

12-**Robert Foster**^{1,17} was born on 4 Aug 1694 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 16 Feb 1755 in Hawthorne, County Durham at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant.

Robert married **Elizabeth Dodshon**,^{1,17} daughter of **Nicholas Dodshon** and **Elizabeth Radclyffe**, on 10 Nov 1726 in Shotton. Elizabeth was born on 28 Feb 1702 in Lowhills, Durham and died on 1 Nov 1730 in Hawthorne, County Durham at age 28. They had three children: **Thomas, Robert**, and **Dodshon**.

13-**Thomas Foster**^{1,17} was born on 27 Oct 1727 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 5 May 1782 in Durham at age 54.

Thomas married **Frances Doubleday**,^{1,8} daughter of **Humphrey Doubleday** and **Elizabeth Nicholson**, on 21 Sep 1751 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham. Frances was born on 4 Apr 1725 in Butterby, County Durham and died on 30 Mar 1813 in Durham at age 87. They had five children: **Robert, Elizabeth, Thomas, Frances**, and **Sarah**.

14-**Robert Foster**^{1,8} was born on 3 Nov 1752 in Durham and died on 9 Jul 1823 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 70.

Robert married **Isabella Hunter**^{1,8} in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Isabella died in Aug 1844 in Leeds, Yorkshire. They had five children: **Jane, Thomas, John, Robert**, and **Thomas**.

15-**Jane Foster**⁸ was born on 25 Jun 1795 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Durham.

15-**Thomas Foster**⁸ was born on 11 Nov 1805 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in Died Young.

15-**John Foster**⁸ was born on 4 Dec 1807 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Australia.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

15-**Robert Foster**^{1,8} was born on 4 Dec 1807 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 30 Sep 1855 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 47.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Australia.

Robert married **M. A. Atkinson**. They had no children.

15-**Thomas Foster**⁸ was born on 2 Oct 1813 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Thomas married **Elizabeth Sisterson**⁸ on 7 Feb 1842 in Thronborough. Elizabeth was born on 7 May 1813 in Thronborough. They had four children: **Isabella Jane, Elizabeth, Thomas**, and **Sarah Ann**.

16-**Isabella Jane Foster** was born on 6 May 1843 in Leeds, Yorkshire.⁸

Isabella married **Thomas Hall**¹ on 20 Nov 1862 in Leeds, Yorkshire. They had three children: **Percy Foster, Harry**, and **Willie**.

17-**Percy Foster Hall**¹ was born on 23 Aug 1862 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

17-**Harry Hall**¹ was born on 22 Aug 1866 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

17-**Willie Hall**¹ was born on 16 Dec 1867 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 28 Jul 1868 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

16-**Elizabeth Foster** was born on 6 Jun 1845 in Leeds, Yorkshire.⁸

16-**Thomas Foster** was born on 13 Jun 1848 in Leeds, Yorkshire^{1,8} and died on 18 Oct 1869 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 21.

16-**Sarah Ann Foster**⁸ was born on 8 Apr 1851 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in Feb 1859 at age 7.

14-**Elizabeth Foster**⁸ was born in Feb 1755 in Durham and died on 24 Feb 1755 in Durham.

14-**Thomas Foster**⁸ was born on 16 Jul 1756 in Durham and died in Died Young.

14-**Frances Foster**⁸ was born on 17 Dec 1758 in Durham and died in Died Young.

14-**Sarah Foster**^{8,19} was born on 9 Sep 1760 in Durham and died on 3 Jul 1843 in Durham at age 82. She had no known marriage and no known children.

13-**Robert Foster**¹ was born on 7 May 1729 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 16 Jul 1794 in Rushwick, Worcestershire at age 65.

Robert married **Ann Ashby**,¹ daughter of **John Ashby** and **Mary Wood**, on 8 Sep 1758 in Worcester, Worcestershire. Ann was born on 19 Sep 1725 in Worcester, Worcestershire and died on 28 May 1774 in Rushwick, Worcestershire at age 48. They had two children: **Thomas** and **Joseph**.

14-**Thomas Foster**^{1,7} was born on 3 Aug 1759 in Worcester, Worcestershire and died on 9 Jul 1834 in Rushwick, Worcestershire at age 74.

General Notes: He married, 2ndly, at Devonshire House, London, 19th June, 1810, Hannah, daughter of Thomas and Mary Compton. She was born at Fenchurch Street, London, 1st April, 1781. He died at Rushwick, 9th July, 1834, cet . 74, and had issue—

I. ALFRED FOSTER, born at Bromley Hall, 13th June, 1812 ; died at Stoke Newington, 13th February, 1846, s.p.

II. JOHN FOSTER, born at Evesham, 20th June, 1821 ; married, at St. Mary's Church, Islington, 4th May, 1850, Harriette Anne Vemon, relict of Rev. B. J. Vernon, Chaplain in East India Company's service, St. Helena,

i . HENRIETTA FOSTER, born at Bromley Hall, 27th April, 1815 ; died at Evesham, 31st December, 1831, cet . 16.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Calico printer in Bromley Hall, London.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Thomas married **Elizabeth King**,^{1,8} daughter of **Erasmus King** and **Mary Nelson**, on 15 Oct 1794 in Alcester, Warwickshire. Elizabeth died on 29 May 1806 in Bromley Hall, London. They had seven children: **Thomas Nelson**, **Erasmus Robert**, **William Penn**, **Elizabeth Talwin**, **Mary Ann**, **Emma**, and **Emma**.

15-**Thomas Nelson Foster**⁸ was born on 29 Jan 1799 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 1 Jun 1858 in Evesham, Worcestershire at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fertiliser manufacturer.

Thomas married **Mary Ryley**⁸ on 20 Mar 1828 in St. Peter le Poor, Broad Street, London. Mary was born on 6 Nov 1799 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and died on 4 Dec 1829 in Evesham, Worcestershire at age 30. They had one daughter: **Mary Ryley**.

16-**Mary Ryley Foster**⁸ was born on 3 Jan 1829 in Evesham, Worcestershire and died on 7 Apr 1830 at age 1.

Thomas next married **Edith Gibbs**,⁸ daughter of **Richard Gibbs** and **Edith**, on 22 Dec 1835 in Stretton on the Fosse. Edith was born on 24 Dec 1807 in Wickham Ford, Evesham. They had seven children: **Edith**, **Elizabeth**, **Robert**, **Thomas Nelson**, **Reginald**, **Richard Gibbs**, and **Emma Christina**.

16-**Edith Foster**⁸ was born on 13 Dec 1836 in Evesham, Worcestershire.

Edith married **Rev. William Goldsmith Crouch**,⁸ son of **Edward Crouch** and **Mary**, on 11 Oct 1860 in All Saints, Evesham, Worcestershire. William was born on 16 Nov 1822 in West Farleigh, Kent and died on 4 May 1868 in Wyre, Worcestershire at age 45.

16-**Elizabeth Foster**^{1,2,8} was born on 16 Dec 1837 in 81 High Street, Evesham, Worcestershire, died on 19 Dec 1926 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex at age 89, and was buried in Marylebone cemetery, East Finchley, Middlesex.

General Notes: Baxter [née Foster], Elizabeth [Lizzie] (1837– 1926), evangelist, was born on 16 December 1837 at 81 High Street, Evesham, the third daughter of eight children born to Thomas Nelson Foster (1799– 1858), a Quaker manufacturer of agricultural fertilizers, and his second wife, Elizabeth Gibbs. Elizabeth (Lizzie) Foster was privately educated and then attended a boarding-school in Worcester. She experienced an evangelical conversion in 1858 and became involved with the mid-century religious revival. In 1866 she was invited by William Pennefather, vicar of St Jude's, Mildmay Park, Islington, London, to become the superintendent of his deaconesses' training home. She led the work for two years, during which time she designed the distinctive bonnet and dress of the Mildmay deaconesses.

In 1868 Elizabeth Foster married Michael Paget Baxter (1834– 1910), thus entering a family already involved in prophetic speculation. Her father-in-law was Robert Baxter (1802– 1889), a parliamentary lawyer who in his early years had joined the Catholic Apostolic church, but who had left after forty-three of his prophecies remained unfulfilled. Elizabeth's husband was active in evangelistic work; he had been ordained deacon in 1860 and had ministered for seven months at Onondaga, Ontario, Canada, but was not ordained priest. He had returned to England and become an itinerant preacher; his message, centred on the imminent return of Jesus Christ, earned him the nickname Prophet Baxter. In 1866 he had become the founder– proprietor of the Christian Herald, a popular non-denominational evangelical journal. He and Elizabeth had two children, one of whom died in infancy.

Both Michael and Elizabeth Baxter were involved in evangelistic crusades throughout England, in campaigns on the continent (where they distributed thousands of gospels and tracts), and in the Moody and Sankey missions. In 1883 Elizabeth founded Bethshan, a home in Islington for promoting holiness and divine healing. Her interpretation of divine healing, which she viewed— as did other contemporaries— as available to all who trusted in Christ's atonement, was later widely influential, especially among Pentecostalists. Bethshan seeded a number of similar holiness and healing centres: a missionary training home, opened in an adjoining house in 1886, which prepared men and women to work at home and overseas (by 1900, 336 students had trained there); the international convention on holiness and divine healing, which met in the Royal Agricultural Hall, Islington; and the Kurku and Central Indian Hill Mission, which worked among the poor hill tribes of northern India. In 1894 Elizabeth undertook a world tour, during which she spoke on divine healing (and visited her Indian mission); in 1899– 1900 she made a second visit to India.

Elizabeth Baxter was an Anglican but had far wider sympathies, which led to her involvement in many evangelical organizations. She was prominent in the Holiness Movement, led the women's meetings at the Keswick Convention, and had close friends in the Salvation Army. Her commitment to premillennialism provided an incentive for her missionary work and philanthropic activity. Small and frail in appearance, she was known for her simple faith and radiant spirit, for her Sunday school lessons which appeared in the Christian Herald, and for her devotional tracts on scripture passages. Elizabeth died of a stroke at Hove on 19 December 1926, and was buried in the family grave at Marylebone cemetery, East Finchley, Middlesex.

A. F. Munden

Sources N. Wiseman, Elizabeth Baxter (1928) · E. Miller, The history and doctrine of Irvingism, or of the so-called Catholic and Apostolic church, 2 vols. (1878) · A. L.

Drummond, Edward Irving and his circle [1937] · Venn, Alum. Cant. · The Times (8 Jan 1910) · The Times (22 Dec 1926) · N. Wiseman, Michael Paget Baxter (1923)

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Descendants of Thomas Forster

A. F. Munden, 'Baxter , Elizabeth (1837– 1926)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [<http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/47105>]

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Evangelist.

Elizabeth married **Michael Paget Baxter**,^{1,2} son of **Robert Baxter**¹ and **Joanna Maria Nona Paget**, on 28 Aug 1868 in Crosby, Isle of Man. Michael was born on 7 Dec 1834, was christened on 18 Mar 1835 in Doncaster, Yorkshire, died on 7 Jan 1910 at age 75, and was buried on 11 Jan 1910. They had three children: **Rachel**, **Richard**, and **Michael Paget**.

17-**Rachel Baxter**¹ was born on 19 Jun 1869 in Aldershot, Hampshire.

17-**Richard Baxter** was christened on 11 Jul 1869 in Aldershot, Hampshire.

17-**Michael Paget Baxter**¹ was born on 6 Sep 1870 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

16-**Robert Foster**⁸ was born on 1 Mar 1839 in Evesham, Worcestershire and died on 29 Mar 1839 in Evesham, Worcestershire.

16-**Thomas Nelson Foster**⁸ was born on 16 Mar 1840 in Evesham, Worcestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Seed Oil Merchant in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

Thomas married **Louisa Mary Cotes**¹ on 29 Oct 1863 in Fladbury, Worcestershire. Louisa was born on 10 Jan 1841 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset. They had five children: **Nelson Beaufoy**, **Louisa Mary**, **Edith Adeline**, **Henrietta Beatrice**, and **Rosalind Eastwick**.

17-**Nelson Beaufoy Foster**¹ was born on 7 Jan 1867 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died in 1922 at age 55.

Nelson married **Margaret Frances Biffen** in 1898 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Margaret was born in 1875 and was christened on 29 Oct 1875 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

17-**Louisa Mary Foster**¹ was born on 22 Sep 1864 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

17-**Edith Adeline Foster**¹ was born on 17 Jan 1866 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

17-**Henrietta Beatrice Foster**¹ was born on 6 Jan 1869 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

17-**Rosalind Eastwick Foster**¹ was born on 18 Jul 1870 in Ebley House, Stroud, Gloucestershire.

16-**Reginald Foster**¹ was born on 9 Aug 1841 in Evesham, Worcestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to New Zealand on 23 Aug 1862.

16-**Richard Gibbs Foster**⁸ was born on 5 Aug 1845 in Evesham, Worcestershire, was christened on 20 Aug 1845 in All Saints, Evesham, Worcestershire, and died on 16 Dec 1916 in Lennox House, Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Seed Oil Merchant in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

Richard married **Lucy Grierson**.

Richard next married **Edith Mary Batten** in 1894 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire. Edith was born on 7 Aug 1864 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

16-**Emma Christina Foster**^{1,8} was born on 25 Dec 1847 in Evesham, Worcestershire and died on 1 Nov 1936 in Gloucestershire at age 88.

Emma married **George Edmund Abell**,¹ son of **William Clemens Abell**¹ and **Hannah George**, on 10 Jun 1868 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire. George was born on 7 Feb 1839 in Ashton under Hill, Worcestershire and died in 1901 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 62. They had five children: **Kathleen Edith, Florence Mary, Ethel, Laura**, and **George Foster**.

17-**Kathleen Edith Abell**¹ was born on 9 Oct 1869 in Worcester, Worcestershire.

17-**Florence Mary Abell**

17-**Ethel Abell**

17-**Laura Abell**

17-**George Foster Abell**

15-**Erasmus Robert Foster**⁸ was born on 20 May 1801 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 2 Jul 1857 in Camberwell, London at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Commission agent.

Erasmus married **Eliza Bevington**,⁸ daughter of **Samuel Bevington**^{7,8} and **Eliza Buckingham**,^{7,8} on 17 Mar 1832 in FMH Peckham. Eliza was born on 2 Oct 1805 in Bermondsey, London and died on 24 Feb 1878 at age 72. They had six children: **Erasmus Robert, George Bevington, Marianne, Henry, Elizabeth**, and **Frederick William**.

Marriage Notes: Erasmus Robert Foster of Birchin Lane in the City of London, Commission Merchant, son of Thomas Foster of Rushwick in the County of Worcester, and Elizabeth his wife, deceased, and Eliza Bevington, daughter of Samuel Bevington of Neckinger Mills, Bermondsey Leather Dresser, and Eliza his wife, took each other in marriage in a public assembly of the people called Quakers at Peckham in the County of Surrey in the presence of Richard Bevington of Worcester, Joseph Shewell of Deptford in the County of Kent and George Hart of Deptford in Kent Grocer.

16-**Erasmus Robert Foster**⁸ was born on 12 Feb 1838 in Camberwell, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to New Zealand on 10 Aug 1861.

16-**George Bevington Foster** was born on 20 Oct 1839 in Camberwell, London.

George married **Lydia Anne Parker**.

16-**Marianne Foster**⁸ was born on 19 Sep 1841.

Marianne married **Jerry Barrett**, son of **Jeremiah Barrett**^{7,20} and **Sarah Littleboy**,²⁰ on 13 Jun 1867. Jerry was born on 19 Dec 1823 in London and died in 1906 at age 83. Another name for Jerry was Jeremiah Barrett.

General Notes: English painter of the Victorian era. His most notable work was the Crimean War depiction "The Mission of Mercy: Nightingale receiving the wounded at Scutari" (1858) which is in the National Portrait Gallery (London), paired with "Queen Victoria's First Visit to her Wounded Soldiers". There is documentation to suggest that Barrett traveled to the Crimea to obtain sketches for his pictures. Queen Victoria's First Visit to Her Wounded Soldiers was exhibited at the Royal Exhibition Gallery in Piccadilly in May, 1856, and engraved by Agnews. It was Thomas Agnew who purchased The Mission of Mercy from the artist in August 1857, and exhibited it at Leggatt and Hayward Gallery in Cornhill in the summer of 1858 at the height of the Indian Mutiny. His painting of Elizabeth Fry appears on the English £5 note.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Painter and Artist.

16-**Henry Hylton-Foster**⁸ was born on 20 Apr 1845 and died on 23 Nov 1923 at age 78.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Henry married **Katherine Susan Schroeder**.

16-**Elizabeth Foster**⁸ was born on 8 Sep 1843.

Elizabeth married **Henry Ellington**.

16-**Frederick William Foster**⁸ was born on 26 Sep 1849.

15-**William Penn Foster**^{8,21} was born on 12 Feb 1803 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 26 Jul 1847 in Stoke Newington, London at age 44.

William married **Ann Lingham**,^{8,21} daughter of **Ephraim Lingham** and **Lucy**, on 6 Mar 1827 in Worcester. Ann was born on 2 Mar 1801 in Worcester, Worcestershire and died on 18 Mar 1876 in Stoke Newington, London at age 75. They had three children: **(No Given Name)**, **William Penn**, and **Lucy Jane**.

16-**Foster**⁸ was born on 8 Sep 1828 in Worcester and died on 8 Sep 1828 in Worcester.

16-**William Penn Foster**⁸ was born on 5 Jul 1829 in Worcester and died on 3 May 1834 in Hackney at age 4.

16-**Lucy Jane Foster**⁸ was born on 26 Oct 1827 in Worcester and died on 13 Feb 1830 in Worcester at age 2.

15-**Elizabeth Talwin Foster**⁸ was born on 19 Jul 1795 in Stratford le Bow.

Elizabeth married **Rev. William Dewè**⁸ on 4 Nov 1845. William died on 25 Jun 1859 in Weybread, Sussex. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Weybread in Weybread, Sussex.

15-**Mary Ann Foster**⁸ was born on 10 Sep 1796 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 11 Mar 1847 in Camberwell, London at age 50.

15-**Emma Foster**⁸ was born on 22 Oct 1797 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 15 Sep 1798 in Bromley Hall, London.

15-**Emma Foster**⁸ was born on 16 May 1806 in Bromley Hall, London.

Emma married **Edward Astbury Turley**⁸ on 25 Aug 1836 in Evesham, Worcestershire. Edward died on 9 Jan 1855 in Worcester. They had three children: **Elizabeth Emma**, **Georgina Alice**, and **Isabella Rosa**.

16-**Elizabeth Emma Turley**⁸ was born on 21 Nov 1837 in Evesham, Worcestershire.

Elizabeth married **Rev. Richard White Atkins**,⁸ son of **John Atkins** and **Maria**, on 5 Jun 1860 in St. Giles', Camberwell. Richard was born on 30 Sep 1830 in Ashcott House, Glastonbury. They had one son: **Lancelot White**.

17-**Lancelot White Atkins**⁸ was born on 2 Aug 1861 in Bedhampton, Hampshire.

16-**Georgina Alice Turley**⁸ was born on 5 Aug 1839 in Worcester.

16-**Isabella Rosa Turley**⁸ was born on 21 Oct 1841 in Worcester.

Thomas next married **Hannah Compton**,^{7,8} daughter of **Thomas Compton**^{7,19,22} and **Mary Townsend**,^{7,19} on 19 Jun 1810 in FMH Devonshire House. Hannah was born on 1 Apr 1781 in Fenchurch Street, London and died on 7 Feb 1866 at age 84. They had three children: **Alfred**, **Henrietta**, and **John**.

15-**Alfred Foster**⁸ was born on 13 Jun 1812 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 13 Feb 1846 in Stoke Newington, London at age 33.

15-**Henrietta Foster**⁸ was born on 27 Apr 1815 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 31 Dec 1831 in Evesham, Worcestershire at age 16.

15-**John Foster**⁸ was born on 20 Jun 1821 in Evesham, Worcestershire.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Australia.

John married **Harriette Ann Mason Hirst**, daughter of **Henry Hirst**.

14-**Joseph Foster**^{1,8,10,23,24} was born on 29 Apr 1761 in Worcester and died on 9 Jun 1835 in Bromley Hall, London at age 74.

General Notes: Of Bromley Hall, East London. This line was the line of Lloyds, Fosters & Co.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal owner & Calico Printer.
- He resided at Bromley Hall in Essex.

Joseph married **Sarah Lloyd**,^{1,8,10,23,24} daughter of **Sampson Lloyd**^{10,23} and **Rachel Barnes**,^{1,8,10,23,25} on 11 Nov 1785 in Henley in Arden, Warwickshire. Sarah was born on 28 Oct 1764 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 8 Sep 1847 in Stamford Hill, London at age 82. They had nine children: **Robert, Rachel, (No Given Name), Joseph Talwin, Anne, Sampson, Robert, Sarah, and Lucy**.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Her married name is mistakenly printer Forster in the 1847-1848 AM.

15-**Robert Foster**¹⁰ was born on 11 Sep 1786 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 20 Jan 1798 in Bromley Hall, London at age 11.

15-**Rachel Foster**^{1,8} was born on 10 Apr 1788 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 12 Aug 1862 in Stamford Hill, London at age 74.

Rachel married **James Foster**,^{1,8,10,17} son of **Robert Foster**^{2,8,10,17,26} and **Mary Burton**,^{2,8,17} on 14 May 1823. James was born on 28 Aug 1787 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria and died on 20 Jan 1861 in Stamford Hill, London at age 73. They had no children.

General Notes: In 1825 he entered into a partnership with Richard Janson 1799-1830.... Foster Janson. Janson married secondly, his partner's wife's siter, Rachel. When Janson died, James Foster took Isaac Braithwaite as a business partner and the business was named Foster Braithwaite

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker of London.

15-**Foster**¹⁰ was born on 16 Mar 1790 in Bordesley, Warwickshire and died on 10 Apr 1791 in Bromley Hall, London at age 1.

15-**Joseph Talwin Foster**^{10,27,28,29} was born on 6 Mar 1794 in Bromley Hall, London (3 Jun 1794 is given by Foster) and died on 1 Feb 1861 in Stamford Hill, London. (2 February given in AM) at age 66.

General Notes: Foster's Royal Lineage gives 3 jan 1794

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant & Coal Owner. Williams, Foster & Co.

Joseph married **Mary Tweedy**,²⁸ daughter of **William Tweedy**²⁸ and **Ann Naudin**,²⁸ on 13 Oct 1825 in FMH Falmouth. Mary was born in 1801 and died on 16 May 1871 in Truro, Cornwall¹⁰ at age 70.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Elder in Stoke Newington, London.
- She had a residence after 1861 in Cornwall.

15-**Anne Foster**^{1,10,26} was born on 16 Jul 1795 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 7 Nov 1881 in 8 Calverley Terrace, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 86.

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Anne married **Richard Janson**,^{1,8,10,26,30} son of **William Janson**^{1,30,31,32,33} and **Mary Hill**,^{1,30,31} on 1 Jan 1828 in FMH Plaistow. Richard was born on 18 Apr 1799 in Whitechapel, London and died on 18 Jul 1830 in Tottenham, London at age 31. They had one son: **Richard**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker, Foster Janson in London.

16-**Richard Janson**^{1,10,26,31} was born on 3 Mar 1829 and died on 11 Mar 1880 at age 51.

Richard married **Mary Clark**,^{1,10,31} daughter of **Robert Clark** and **Anne**,¹ on 7 May 1863 in Farnham, Surrey. Mary was born about 1835 in Farnham, Surrey. They had one daughter: **Gertrude Mary**.

17-**Gertrude Mary Janson**^{1,10,31} was born on 13 Jun 1868 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

Gertrude married **Rev. Henry Marsh-Edwards**,³¹ son of **Charles Hutchinson Edwards** and **Jane Louisa Marsh**, in 1893 in Weymouth, Dorset. Henry was born on 10 Feb 1866, was christened on 14 Feb 1868 in St. Pancras, London, and died in 1931 at age 65. Another name for Henry was Rev. Henry Marsh Edwards. They had two children: **Basil Henry Marsh** and **James Cyril Marsh**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Wellington in Shropshire.
- He worked as a Bishop of Caerleon in 1903.

18-**Basil Henry Marsh Edwards** was born in 1894 in Blackheath, Kent and died in 1937 at age 43.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Peeps Lane, Rotherfield, Sussex.

18-**James Cyril Marsh Edwards** was born in 1897 and died in 1977 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Teacher in St. Martin's College, Scarborough.

15-**Sampson Foster**^{1,8} was born on 22 Mar 1797 in Bromley Hall, London¹⁰ and died on 9 Aug 1870 in Le Court, Petersfield, Hampshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Norwich, Norfolk.
- He had a residence in Fakenham, Norfolk.
- He resided at Le Court in Petersfield, Hampshire.

Sampson married **Mary Fry**,^{1,8,10} daughter of **William Fry** and **Elizabeth Sybilla**,³⁴ on 26 Mar 1824 in Tottenham, London. Mary was born on 28 Sep 1800 in Poultry, London and died on 13 Mar 1869 in Le Court, Petersfield, Hampshire at age 68. They had eight children: **William Fry**, **Sarah Elizabeth**, **Sampson Lloyd**, **Joseph**, **Joseph**, **Edward Henry**, **Charles James**, and **(No Given Name)**.

16-**William Fry Foster**^{1,8,10} was born on 8 Aug 1825 in Stamford Hill, London and died in 1901 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Le Court in Petersfield, Hampshire.
- He was awarded with DL in Flintshire.

William married **Caroline Cunliffe**, daughter of **Ellis Watkin Cunliffe**^{8,10} and **Caroline Kingston**,⁸ They had eight children: **Gertrude**, **Sybilla Caroline**, **Herbert Cunliffe**,

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Florence Annabel, Helen Mary, Reginald Cunliffe, Ellis Cunliffe, and Lucy Edith.

17-**Gertrude Foster**^{8,10} was born on 4 Oct 1851 in Leamington and died on 12 Oct 1908 at age 57.

Gertrude married **Lt. Col. Walter Howell Cunliffe**,¹⁰ son of **Robert Ellis Cunliffe** and **Charlotte Howel**, on 14 Sep 1875. Walter was born on 8 Sep 1850 and died on 6 Sep 1932 at age 81. They had one daughter: **Gwynedd Sybilla**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at The Shrubbery in Newbury, Berkshire.

18-**Gwynedd Sybilla Cunliffe**¹⁰ was born on 24 Jul 1876 in Greasham, Hampshire, died on 14 Jul 1963 in Wolseley, Saskatchewan, Canada at age 86, and was buried in Grenfell Cemetery, Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada.

Gwynedd married **Waller Gason FitzGerald** on 31 Dec 1901 in Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada. Waller was born on 6 Jul 1865 in Newport, Co. Tipperary, Ireland, died on 21 Aug 1934 in Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada at age 69, and was buried in Grenfell Cemetery, Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada. They had six children: **Denis Alfred Cunliffe**, **Doreen Gertrude**, **Maria Kathleen**, **Walter Brian Rex**, **Patrick Donovan**, and **Terence Cunliffe**.

19-**Denis Alfred Cunliffe FitzGerald** was born in Jan 1903 in Saskatchewan, Canada.

Denis married **Ina Eva Burns**.

19-**Doreen Gertrude FitzGerald** was born in 1904.

Doreen married **Richard Bowden**.

19-**Maria Kathleen FitzGerald** was born in 1907.

Maria married **Edwin James**.

19-**Walter Brian Rex FitzGerald** was born in 1909 in Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada, died on 14 Aug 1982 in Broadview, Saskatchewan, Canada at age 73, and was buried in Broadview Cemetery, Broadview, Saskatchewan, Canada.

Walter married **Irene Margaret Miskiman** in 1934. Irene was born in 1913 in Broadview, Saskatchewan, Canada, died on 7 Dec 1967 in Broadview, Saskatchewan, Canada at age 54, and was buried in Broadview Cemetery, Broadview, Saskatchewan, Canada.

19-**Patrick Donovan FitzGerald** was born on 4 Oct 1912 in Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada, died in 1999 in Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada at age 87, and was buried in Grenfell Cemetery, Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada.

Patrick married **Edna Frances Ransom** in 1939. Edna was born on 28 Oct 1918 in Kipling, Saskatchewan, Canada, died on 25 Mar 1986 in Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada at age 67, and was buried in Grenfell Cemetery, Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada. They had one daughter: **Geraldine Ann**.

20-**Geraldine Ann FitzGerald** was born on 3 Apr 1943 in Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada, died on 7 Jan 1976 in Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada at age 32, and was buried in Grenfell Cemetery, Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada.

Geraldine married **Allan Totten**.

19-**Flt. Sgt. Terence Cunliffe FitzGerald** was born in 1917 in Grenfell, Saskatchewan, Canada, died on 27 Sep 1941 in Aegean Sea. at age 24, and was buried in Alamein Memorial. Column 246.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Pilot of the Royal Canadian Airforce.

Terence married **Elma Hurst**.

17-**Sybilla Caroline Foster**^{8,10} was born on 4 Dec 1852 in Bordeaux, Aquitaine, France.

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17-**Herbert Cunliffe Foster**¹⁰ was born on 4 Mar 1854 and died on 6 Apr 1856 at age 2.

17-**Florence Annabel Foster**^{8,10} was born on 24 Mar 1856 in Gwysaney, Flint and died on 8 Nov 1932 at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

- She resided at Little Firs in Salcombe, Devon.

17-**Helen Mary Foster**^{8,10} was born on 15 Mar 1858 in London.

17-**Reginald Cunliffe Foster**^{8,10} was born on 5 Oct 1860 in Ealing, London and died on 29 Mar 1928 in Messina, Sicily, Italy at age 67.

17-**Capt. Ellis Cunliffe Foster**¹⁰ was born on 22 Apr 1863 in Bournemouth, Dorset.

17-**Lucy Edith Foster**¹⁰ was born on 26 Jul 1864.

16-**Sarah Elizabeth Foster**^{8,10} was born on 8 Aug 1829 in Stamford Hill, London.

16-**Sampson Lloyd Foster**^{8,10} was born on 7 Aug 1831 in Fakenham, Norfolk and died on 31 Mar 1879 in Ealing, London at age 47.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Lloyds Fosters & Co. In Old Park Iron Works, Wednesbury, Staffordshire.

Sampson married **Louisa Laura Whitmore**,¹⁰ daughter of **Rev. Charles Blayney Cavendish Whitmore** and **Ann Barbara Gifford**, on 1 Jan 1859 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton. Louisa was born on 8 Jul 1834.⁸ They had three children: **Constance Mary**, **Laura Josephine**, and **Frances Mabel**.

17-**Constance Mary Foster**^{8,10} was born on 3 Dec 1859 in The Five Ways, Walsall.

Constance married **William Tully Peacocke** on 16 Apr 1887 in St. Jude's, Kensington. William was born on 4 Mar 1863 and was christened on 8 Apr 1863 in Upton, Essex. They had five children: **Tully Lloyd Courtenay**, **Constance Margaret**, **Harold Gilchrist**, **Wilhelmina Laura Constance**, and **Gerald Ferguson**.

18-**Tully Lloyd Courtenay Peacocke** was born on 1 Mar 1888 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia.

18-**Constance Margaret Peacocke** was born on 1 May 1889 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia and died on 31 Oct 1889 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia.

18-**Maj. Harold Gilchrist Peacocke** was born on 21 Dec 1890 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia and died in 1960 in Devon at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: In WWII he served with the Intelligence Corps.
- He worked as a District Officer, Naivasha District in Rift Valley Province, Kenya.

18-**Wilhelmina Laura Constance Peacocke** was born on 11 Mar 1892 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia and died on 1 May 1892 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia.

18-**Gerald Ferguson Peacocke** was born on 5 May 1898 in Roselle, Durham Road, East Finchley, London, died on 9 Aug 1917 in France. Killed in action at age 19, and was buried in Arras Memorial.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He worked as a Soldier of the 6th Battalion, The Buffs, (East Kent Regiment).

17-**Laura Josephine Foster**^{8,10} was born on 26 Feb 1861 in The Five Ways, Walsall.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Frances Mabel Foster**¹⁰ was born on 14 Jan 1863.

16-**Joseph Foster**¹⁰ was born on 24 Feb 1833 in Fakenham, Norfolk and died on 6 Feb 1834.

16-**Rev. Joseph Foster**^{8,10} was born on 9 Dec 1834 and died on 3 Mar 1880 at age 45.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Greatham in Hampshire.

Joseph married **Letitia Frances Philpot**,^{8,10} daughter of **Rev. Benjamin Philpot** and **Charlotte Vachel**, on 15 May 1862. Letitia was born on 10 Oct 1841 and died on 13 Nov 1874 at age 33. They had four children: **Turville Douglas**, **Percival Lloyd**, **Bertram Noel**, and **Raymond Leslie Vachel**.

17-**Brig. Gen. Turville Douglas Foster**¹⁰ was born on 29 Nov 1865 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 8 Jan 1915 at age 49.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MVO.
- He was educated at Kelly College in Tavistock, Devon.
- He worked as an Assistant Quartermaster-General, Staff College.
- He worked as an Inspector-General, Army Service Corps.

Turville married **Madeleine Cameron** on 17 Jul 1888 in Greatham, Hampshire. Madeleine was born about 1863 and died on 17 Mar 1932 about age 69. They had one son: **Douglas Cameron**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Salcombe, Devon.

18-**Capt. Douglas Cameron Foster** was born in 1891, died on 14 Apr 1917 in Arras, France. Killed in action at age 26, and was buried in Heninel-Croiselles Road Cemetery, Pas de Calais, France. Grave II.A.17.

17-**Maj. Percival Lloyd Foster**¹⁰ was born on 23 Oct 1871 in Greatham, Hampshire and was christened on 3 Dec 1871 in Greatham, Hampshire.

Percival married someone in 1908 in Marylebone, London.

17-**Maj. Bertram Noel Foster**¹⁰ was born on 1 Jan 1873, was christened on 2 Feb 1873 in Greatham, Hampshire, and died in 1922 at age 49.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the RASC.

17-**Dr. Raymond Leslie Vachel Foster**¹⁰ was born on 16 Aug 1874.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Radley.
- He worked as a Lieut. Col. RAMC in 1915.

Raymond married **Anita Bell-Salter**. They had six children: **Letitia G.**, **Anita S.**, **Anthony J. R.**, **Lloyd E. R.**, **Turville Edward R.**, and **Lloyd R. R.**

18-**Letitia G. Foster** was born in 1912 in Plympton, Devon.

18-**Anita S. Foster** was born in 1914 in Plympton, Devon.

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18-**Anthony J. R. Foster** was born in 1915 in Plympton, Devon.

18-**Lloyd E. R. Foster** was born on 11 Dec 1918 in St. Loyes, Exeter, Devon.

18-**Turville Edward R. Foster** was born on 11 Dec 1918 in St. Loyes, Exeter, Devon and died in Mar 1985 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 66.

18-**Lloyd R. R. Foster** was born in 1923 in Devonport, Devon.

16-**Maj. Edward Henry Foster**^{8,10} was born on 5 Dec 1839 in Norwich, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Earls court, Davenport, Ontario, Canada.

Edward married **Mary Hollings**, daughter of **Rev. Richard Hollings**.

16-**Charles James Foster**^{8,10} was born on 12 May 1844 in Norwich, Norfolk.

Charles married **Anna Cecilia Philpot**, daughter of **Rev. Benjamin Philpot** and **Charlotte Vachel**. They had four children: **Archibald Sampson**, **Chrystabel Mary**, **Norah Louisa Margaret**, and **Rachel Dorothy**.

17-**Archibald Sampson Foster**¹⁰ was born on 27 Jan 1872 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and was christened on 9 Mar 1872 in New Brighton, Liverpool.

17-**Chrystabel Mary Foster**¹⁰ was born on 18 Jan 1873 and was christened on 4 Mar 1873 in New Brighton, Liverpool.

17-**Norah Louisa Margaret Foster**¹⁰ was born on 21 Jul 1874 and was christened on 26 Aug 1874 in New Brighton, Liverpool.

17-**Rachel Dorothy Foster**¹⁰ was born on 1 Feb 1877 and was christened on 6 Mar 1877 in New Brighton, Liverpool.

16-**Foster**⁸ was born in 1837.

15-**Robert Foster**¹⁰ was born on 4 Nov 1802 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 9 Sep 1841 in Stamford Hill, London at age 38. He had no known marriage and no known children.

15-**Sarah Foster**¹⁰ was born on 13 Jun 1805 in Bromley Hall, London and died on 28 Mar 1861 in Stamford Hill, London at age 55.

15-**Lucy Foster**¹⁰ was born on 13 Nov 1810 in Bromley Hall, London.

13-**Dodshon Foster**^{2,8,17} was born on 1 Nov 1730 in Hawthorne, County Durham, died on 2 Jan 1793 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 62, and was buried on 6 Jan 1793 in FBG Lancaster.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant shipowner and Slave Trader in Lancaster, Lancashire.

Dodshon married **Elizabeth Birket**,^{2,8} daughter of **Myles Birket**^{8,17} and **Jane Westray**,⁸ on 3 Jul 1753 in FMH Lancaster. Elizabeth was born on 3 Feb 1730 in Lancaster, Lancashire,¹⁷ died on 11 Sep 1766 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 36, and was buried on 14 Sep 1766 in Moorside, Lancaster. They had four children: **Robert**, **Jane**, **Myles**, and **Elizabeth**.

14-**Robert Foster**^{2,8,10,17,26} was born on 24 Apr 1754 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 15 Jun 1827 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 73.

General Notes: Foster, Robert (1754– 1827), naval officer and benefactor, was born on 24 April 1754 in Lancaster, the eldest of the four children of Dodshon Foster (1730– 1792), merchant, and his wife, Elizabeth, née Birket (1729– 1766). He attended John Jenkinson's school at Yealand Conyers and the free school at Sedbergh, Yorkshire. Aged about eighteen, he went to sea before being appointed a storekeeper on the West Indian island of Antigua. This experience enabled him to give evidence, at William Wilberforce's request, before a select committee of the House of Commons on the slave trade in 1791. At the start of the American War of Independence Foster, despite his Quaker upbringing, joined the brig Endeavour, which was fitted out in Antigua to cruise against rebel American privateers. The news of his involvement in the British war effort dismayed Foster's friends and family in England. In 1778 he left the Endeavour and was later master's mate in the Jupiter. Following the death of her master Foster assumed the post, and in the following year he was

Descendants of Thomas Forster

appointed acting lieutenant in the Pelican. Later in 1779 Foster obtained leave to visit his father at Lancaster where, to the consternation of Friends, he went to Quaker meeting in his naval uniform. At that time he withstood all remonstrances, but soon after, at his maternal grandfather's request, he quit the navy. Foster became a man of peace and from then on avoided discussing his naval career. He seems to have given sufficient reassurances to local Friends and, contrary to the Quaker testimony against war, was never disowned for his violation of their principles.

On leaving the navy Foster was appointed by his grandfather Myles Birket as a manager of his estate at Hebblethwaite Hall, near Sedbergh. On 1 March 1784 he married Mary Burton (1753– 1799) at Brigflatts; the couple had nine children. In the next year Foster inherited the Hebblethwaite Hall estate, as well as property near Lancaster, following his grandfather's death. He now erected a woollen mill at Hebblethwaite in which the local poor were employed in the manufacture of stockings for men in the Greenland fishery. Foster sold the merchandise himself and, new to the trade, agreed prices suggested by his customers. In addition to the mill Foster also established a school for the education of poor children and himself served in the role of physician, lawyer, and judge among his country neighbours. In 1796 he greatly enlarged his business interests at Hebblethwaite, expanding the range of cloth produced and building a second mill.

After the death of his wife Foster married (on 25 February 1802, again at Brigflatts) Margaret Burton, née Walker (1756– 1835), widow of John Burton, his first wife's brother. The couple had no children. About 1805 Foster was visited at Hebblethwaite by William Wordsworth, who introduced him to the poet Robert Southey. Much taken with Foster, Southey wrote of 'a man worth seeing; he looked like a first assassin in Macbeth as to his costume' (possibly a reference to Foster's preference for wearing 'self-grey' homespun woollens). He was, Southey concluded, 'a rare man' (Life and Correspondence of Robert Southey, 29– 30). Of dark complexion, his small and regular features and bushy eyebrows gave him a severe appearance, though his voice was pleasant and his discourse earnest, learned, and genial.

In 1812 Foster sold his estates and, with his wife and a daughter from his first marriage, he moved to Newcastle upon Tyne (near to many of his now married children), where he took a house in Northumberland Street and served as a diligent director of the Newcastle Savings Bank. From this date he frequently attended the Quaker yearly meeting in London. In 1824 he suffered a slight attack of paralysis from which he never fully recovered. His final illness was prolonged and gave great suffering. An unorthodox yet sincere and benevolent Quaker, Foster died at Newcastle on 15 June 1827 and was buried on 20 June in the Quaker burial-ground in the town's Pilgrim Street. A memoir, written by R. Spence Watson, appeared in a study of Quakers of the north-east in 1899.

Benjamin S. Beck

Sources M. B. Foster, 'Robert Foster', in J. Foster, The Fosters of Cold Hesledon (1862), 79– 83, appx · R. Spence Watson, 'Robert Foster, 1754– 1827', in J. W. Steel and others, A historical sketch of the Society of Friends ... in Newcastle and Gateshead, 1653– 1898 (1899), 110– 17 · A. Sedgwick, Supplement to the memorial of the trustees of Cowgill Chapel (1870) · J. Foster, ed., Pedigrees of the county families of England, 1: Lancashire (1873) · The life and correspondence of Robert Southey, ed. C. C. Southey, 6 vols. (1849– 50) · lieutenant's logbooks, NMM, ADM L/P/60, ADM L/J/144, ADM L/H/113 · U. Durham L., Durham probate records, Robert Foster 1827 · death duty registers, TNA: PRO, IR 26 and IR 27 · Society of Friends' birth, marriage, and death registers, TNA: PRO, RG 6 · M. Hartley and J. Ingilby, 'The romance of Hebblethwaite Hall', The old hand-knitters of the dales (1951), 84– 92 · private information (2004)

Likenesses silhouette, priv. coll.

Wealth at death under £4000: Durham probate records, Robert Foster 1827, U. Durham L.; TNA: PRO, death duty registers, IR 26 and IR 27

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Benjamin S. Beck, 'Foster, Robert (1754– 1827)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2010 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/64891, accessed 28 May 2013]

Robert Foster (1754– 1827): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/64891

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at John Jenkinson's school, Yealand Conyers in Yealand Conyers, Carnforth, Lancashire.
- He worked as a storekeeper in Antigua, West Indies.
- He worked as a Naval officer.
- He had a residence in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer in Hebblethwaite, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria.

Robert married **Mary Burton**,^{2,8,17} daughter of **James Burton** and **Mary Atkinson**,¹⁷ on 1 Mar 1784 in FMH Brigflatts, Sedbergh. Mary was born on 12 Feb 1753 in Sedbergh, Cumbria and died on 9 Nov 1799 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria at age 46. They had nine children: **Myles Birket**, **Dodshon**, **James**, **Elizabeth**, **John**, **Mary**, **Jane**, **Isabel**, and **Sarah**.

15-**Myles Birket Foster**^{2,26} was born on 4 Jan 1785 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria and died on 21 Jan 1861 in St. John's Wood, London at age 76.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Timber Merchant in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Founder of M. B. Foster & Sons., bottlers in London.

Myles married **Ann King**,^{2,26} daughter of **Joseph King**^{7,26,35,36} and **Mary Harrison**,^{7,26,35,36} on 11 Apr 1811 in FMH Newcastle. Ann was born on 29 Sep 1790 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 28 Nov 1884 at age 94. They had seven children: **Robert, Joseph, Dodshon, John Harrison, Mary, Myles Birket**, and **James**.

16-**Robert Foster**^{17,26} was born on 27 Jan 1812 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1898 at age 86.

General Notes: Of Newcastle

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bank Manager.

Robert married **Ann Richardson**,^{17,26,37} daughter of **Isaac Richardson**^{4,7,17,26,33,37,38} and **Deborah Sutton**,^{7,17,26,33,37,38} on 7 Jul 1858 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Ann was born on 6 Aug 1809 in Spring Banks Gardens, Newcastle and died on 10 Jul 1893 in Quarries West, Newcastle at age 83.

16-**Joseph Foster**^{2,26} was born on 19 Aug 1813 in North Shields, Northumberland, died on 9 Feb 1859 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 45, and was buried in Bishopwearmouth, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Woollen Draper in Bishopwearmouth, County Durham.

Joseph married **Elizabeth Taylor**,^{2,26} daughter of **Emmanuel Taylor** and **Dorothy Taylor**, on 19 Jul 1842 in North Shields, Northumberland. Elizabeth was born in 1811 and died on 22 Dec 1888 at age 77. They had eight children: **Annie, Joseph, James, Elizabeth, Robert, Agnes, Emanuel Taylor**, and **Frederick**.

17-**Annie Foster**^{26,39} was born on 23 Feb 1843 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 20 Feb 1913 at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 15 Thornhill Gardens, Sunderland.

Annie married **William Henry Richardson**,^{4,39} son of **William Richardson**^{4,7,17,33,40,41} and **Elizabeth Brown**,^{4,7,33} on 20 Sep 1881 in All Souls' Church, South Hamstead, London. William was born on 30 Apr 1829 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1895 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1840-1843 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Paper and Chemical Manufacturer in Jarrow, Northumberland.
- He worked as an Alderman Jarrow Borough Council in Jarrow, Northumberland.

17-**Joseph Foster**^{2,3,26} was born on 9 Mar 1844 in Sunnyside, Sunderland, County Durham, died on 29 Jul 1905 in 21 Boundary Road, St. John's Wood, London at age 61, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

General Notes: Author of 'Alumni Oxonienses', 'The British Peerage' etc. His principal works are listed in 'Men and Women of the Time'.

Foster, Joseph (1844-1905), genealogist and antiquary, born at Sunnyside, Sunderland, on 9 March 1844, was the eldest of five sons and three daughters of Joseph Foster, a woollen draper of Bishopwearmouth, co. Durham, and his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Emanuel Taylor. His grandfather was Myles Birket Foster (1785-1861), founder of the London bottling firm. His uncle, also named (Myles) Birket Foster (1825-1899), a painter, had encouraged his early interest in genealogy. Educated privately, Foster began business as a printer in London. He took to genealogical research and it appears that he may have wanted to become a herald. Although he retained a close friendship with several of the officers of arms throughout his life, and was granted unreserved access to the records, he never received an invitation. Foster's first work was on his Quaker ancestry, Some Account of the Pedigree of the Forsters of Cold Hesledon, Co. Durham (1862). He married, on 12 August 1869, Catherine Clark, eldest daughter of George Pocock of Burgess Hill, Sussex, and they had two sons and three daughters.

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In 1871 Foster privately printed *The King of Arms*, and in the meantime continued his assiduous genealogical researches, publishing extensive pedigrees and histories of several northern families, including another of his own. In 1873 the first part of his projected *Pedigrees of the County Families of England* appeared as *Lancashire County Families*, soon followed by three volumes of *Yorkshire County Families* (1874). In 1875 he published an edition of Robert Glover's *Visitations of Yorkshire*, and began the marathon task of transcribing the admission registers of the four inns of court.

In 1879, in collaboration with Edward Bellasis, Bluemantle pursuivant at the College of Arms, Foster produced the *Peerage, Baronetage and Knightage*, based upon the earlier Lodge's *Peerage*. He exposed the mythical ancestries admitted for publication by his predecessors and introduced brilliant new artwork along with a section entitled 'Chaos' dealing with baronetcies of doubtful creation. Stephen Tucker, Rouge Croix pursuivant, attacked Foster particularly over the heraldic illustrations and blazonry (*The Genealogist*, 4 1880, 64). Foster and Bellasis defended themselves in *A Review of a Review of Joseph Foster's 'Peerage'* (1880). In Lodge's *Peerage* of 1903, Foster lambasted his adversaries in a brilliant introduction which reverberates with words and the style of the renowned genealogist Horace Round, whose disdain for some of his fellow professionals knew no bounds. It is possible that Round wrote much of the piece himself: he certainly aided Foster in publishing a series entitled *Collectanea Genealogica et Heraldica* (1881-5), which contained much trenchant criticism and exposure of contemporary genealogical myths. In it he printed transcriptions of legal and other registers and genealogical researches. Some of the volumes, such as *Members of Parliament, Scotland, 1357-1882* (1882), were reissued separately, while others were left incomplete.

Foster's prolific transcription work was published in *Men at the Bar* (1885); *The register of admissions to Gray's Inn (1557-1859)*, together with ... marriages in *Gray's Inn Chapel* (1889); *Index ecclesiasticus*, or, *Alphabetical lists of all ecclesiastical dignitaries in England and Wales since the Reformation* (1890); and several editions of *Heralds' Visitations*, among other works on heraldry and genealogy. Never averse to building upon the work of others, Foster founded much of his reputation on the transcriptions made by Colonel Joseph Lemuel Chester (1821-1882) and George Edward Cokayne, (1825-1911), which he printed and published as his own editions. The London bookseller Bernard Quaritch purchased other works of Chester and Cokayne, and prevailed upon Foster to publish the Oxford matriculation register and the bishop of London's register of marriage licences. The latter appeared as *London Marriage Licences (1521-1869)* in 1887, and the former, alphabetically arranged, under the title *Alumni Oxonienses*, of which four volumes, covering the period 1715-1886, appeared in 1887, and another four volumes, covering the period 1500-1714, in 1891. Foster had copiously supplemented Chester's work from his own researches and the university awarded him the honorary degree of MA in 1892. The next year he carried his work a stage further in *Oxford Men and their Colleges*. In later life Foster published further works on heraldry. *Concerning the Beginnings ... of Heraldry as Related to untitled Persons* appeared in 1887, and *Some Feudal Coats of Arms* in 1902. The eighth Lord Howard de Walden sponsored the De Walden Library to which Foster contributed *A Tudor Book of Arms, Some Feudal Lords and their Seals and Banners, Standards and Badges* (1904). Foster's work was severely censured by Oswald Barron in *The Ancestor* for alleged lack of scholarship and knowledge, to which he replied in two pamphlets, *A Herald Extraordinary* and *A Comedy of Errors* (1902-3).

Foster died at his home, 21 Boundary Road, St John's Wood, London, on 29 July 1905. He was buried in London at Kensal Green cemetery; his name was also inscribed on a memorial stone in Bishopwearmouth cemetery. In his will (proved 10 November 1905), he left his widow £86 2s. 2d.- his entire personal estate, and a measure of the small profit he had realized from a lifetime of ardent work. His library of much annotated books and manuscripts was dispersed at his death. Four volumes of grants of arms were secured for the British Museum Library (Add. MSS 37147- 37150) and subsequently edited for publication (1915-16) by W. Harry Rylands. Foster was no scholarly antiquary, but his energy as a transcriber and collector of genealogical and heraldic data has few parallels, and many of his publications remained classic resources, several of permanent value.

Cecil R. Humphery-Smith
Sources BL cat. · The Times (1 Aug 1905) · *Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica*, 4th ser., 1 (1904-5), 279 · Culleton MSS, Institute of Heraldic and Genealogical Studies · J. Titford, 'The Chester manuscripts and the Harleian Society', *Genealogists' Magazine*, 25/10 (June 1997), 401'966 · WWW, 1897-1915 · DNB · *The Ancestor*, 2 (1902) · S. Tucker, review, *The Genealogist*, 4 (1880), 64'967 · private information (1912) · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1905) · d. cert. · m. cert.
Archives BL, heraldic collections, Add. MSS 37147-37150 · BL, index compiled by him to arms and monuments in Kentish churches · Bodl. Oxf., transcript by him of Jenyns ordinary · CUL, lists of English and Welsh incumbents and barristers, index to Le Neve's *Fasti* · S. Antiquaries, Lond., compilation of grants of arms before 1730 | Bodl. Oxf., letters to J. E. A. Fenwick and T. F. Fenwick · Institute of Heraldic and Genealogical Studies, Canterbury, Culleton MSS · LUL, letters to J. H. Round · U. Durham L., letters to Jonathan Backhouse
Wealth at death £86 2s. 2d.: probate, 10 Nov 1905, CGPLA Eng. & Wales
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Cecil R. Humphery-Smith, 'Foster, Joseph (1844'961905)', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, Oxford University Press, 2004
[http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/33217, accessed 28 May 2013]
Joseph Foster (1844'961905): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/33217

- Noted events in his life were:
- He was educated at Hon. MA. Oxon.
 - He worked as a Genealogist and Author.

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Joseph married **Catherine Clark Pocock**,^{2,26} daughter of **George Pocock** and **Catherine**, on 12 Aug 1869 in Burgess Hill, Sussex. Catherine was born on 15 Feb 1844 in Brighton, East Sussex, was christened on 13 Mar 1844 in Chapel Royal, Brighton, East Sussex, and died in 1908 in Hampstead, London at age 64. They had five children: **Sandys Birket**, **Maude Katharine**, **Esmay Alice**, **Evelyn Mary**, and **Josslyn**.

18-**Sandys Birket Foster**²⁶ was born on 19 Jun 1870 in New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 18 Jun 1938 in Irondequoit, Monroe County, New York, USA at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at AICA.
- He worked as an Accountant and Genealogist.
- He worked as a Treasurer of the Bartholomay Brewing Company in Rochester, Monroe County, New York, USA.

Sandys married **Katherine Hutchinson Pollock**. They had two children: **Frances** and **Elizabeth**.

19-**Frances Foster** was born in 1896.

Frances married **Donald Sawyer**, son of **Edward M. Sawyer** and **Cora Belle Smith**, on 16 Dec 1916 in New York, New York, USA. Donald was born on 1 Aug 1894 in Dundee, Yates County, New York, USA.

19-**Elizabeth Foster**³ died in 1980 in Nassau, Bahamas.

General Notes: The Ranfurly Out Island Library Service was founded by Hermione, wife of Thomas Daniel Knox, 6th Earl of Ranfurly and Governor of the Bahamas, in order to provide a beter source of educational material to children living on the outer islands. The committee was later managed by Elizabeth... and upon her death in 1980, her older sister Frances, (Mrs Frances Sawyer born 1896), took over the role.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Vice-President of The National Women's Council in 1958 in Nassau, Bahamas.

Elizabeth married **Lieut. Gen. Sir Dudley Russell**³ in 1929. Dudley was born on 1 Dec 1896 in Bexley, Kent and died on 4 Feb 1978 in Nassau, Bahamas at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KBE CB CBE OBE DSO MC Legion of Merit (USA).
- He worked as an Officer of both the British and the Indian Armies.
- He worked as a Chief Adviser to the Indian Army in 1948-1954.
- Miscellaneous: Known as "Russell Pasha".

18-**Maude Katharine Foster**²⁶ was born on 7 Oct 1873 in London.

18-**Esmay Alice Foster**^{3,26} was born on 27 Mar 1877 in London and died in 1959 at age 82.

Esmay married **Rt. Rev. Dr. Robert Milton Hay**³ in 1909 in Hampstead, London. Robert was born on 30 Aug 1884, was christened on 16 Jan 1885 in Marylebone, London, and died on 23 Oct 1973 at age 89. They had two children: **Robert Foster Milton** and **Evelyn J.**

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Merchant Taylors' School.
- He was educated at St. John's College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Curate of St. Pancras in 1909.
- He worked as a Vicar of Summerstown in Summerstown, Buckinghamshire.
- He worked as a Rural Dean of Oxford.

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- He worked as a Suffragan Bishop of Buckingham.

19-**Group Capt. Robert Foster Milton Hay RAF** was born on 11 Jul 1910, died on 14 Feb 2000 in Fakenham, Norfolk at age 89, and was buried in St. Margaret's, Burnham Norton, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford.
- He worked as a Meteorologist, Marine Branch, Air Ministry.

19-**Evelyn J. Hay** was born in 1916 in Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire.

18-**Evelyn Mary Foster**²⁶ was born on 12 Mar 1881 in London.

18-**Josslyn Foster**²⁶ was born on 28 Dec 1882 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to America in 1910.
- He had a residence in Rochester, Monroe County, New York, USA.

Josslyn married **Lucy**.

17-**James Foster**²⁶ was born on 2 Oct 1845 in Sunderland, County Durham.

James married **Theodosia Alice Milne**,²⁶ daughter of **Alexander Milne**, on 13 Nov 1866 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Theodosia died on 29 Mar 1884 in Twynning, Gloucestershire. They had two children: **Theodosia Alice** and **Myles Birket**.

18-**Theodosia Alice Foster**²⁶ was born on 1 Feb 1868 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Myles Birket Foster**²⁶ was born on 30 Mar 1875 in Sunderland, County Durham.

James next married **Elizabeth Ferry**, daughter of **Robert Ferry**.

17-**Elizabeth Foster**²⁶ was born on 15 Nov 1846 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Elizabeth married **John Laing Browne**,²⁶ son of **Joseph Browne** and **Margaret Laing**, on 13 Mar 1873 in Sunderland, County Durham. John was born on 26 Sep 1842 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 14 Oct 1914 at age 72. They had seven children: **Lucy Foster**, **Harold Montagu**, **Jessie Foster**, **Arthur Laing**, **Lindsay Foster**, **John Corbet**, and **Leonard Foster**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipowner and Manager of The Harbinger Steamship Company Ltd. In John Street, Sunderland.
- He had a residence in 15 Thornhill Gardens, Sunderland.

18-**Lucy Foster Browne**²⁶ was born on 31 Mar 1875 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Harold Montagu Browne**^{26,39,42} was born on 15 Sep 1877 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 30 Apr 1944 at age 66.

General Notes: Browne.-On 30th April, 1944, Harold Montagu Browne (1893), aged 66 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Consulting engineer and Ship surveyor.

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Harold married **Lily Taylor**. They had three children: **Reginald Foster**, **Harold Leslie**, and **Dorothy Foster**.

19-**Reginald Foster Browne**³⁹ was born in 1905 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1905 in Sunderland, County Durham.

19-**Harold Leslie Browne**³⁹ was born in 1906 in Sunderland, County Durham.

19-**Dorothy Foster Browne**³⁹ was born in 1907.

18-**Jessie Foster Browne**²⁶ was born on 29 Oct 1879 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Arthur Laing Browne**^{26,43,44} was born on 9 Jul 1881 in Sunderland, County Durham³⁹ and died in 1959 at age 78.

General Notes: ARTHUR L. BROWNE (1893-97) was gazetted Second Lieutenant in the Royal Garrison Artillery last July. *Bootham magazine - December 1918*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1893-1897 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Bank Manager in Ryde, Isle of Wight.

Arthur married **Mabel Kate Smith**. They had one daughter: **Joan Foster**.

19-**Joan Foster Browne**³⁹ was born in 1915.

18-**Rev. Lindsay Foster Browne**²⁶ was born on 29 May 1883 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**John Corbet Browne**²⁶ was born on 17 Feb 1885 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 2 Jun 1915 in Belgium. Killed In Action. at age 30, and was buried in Voormezele Enclosure, Belgium.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Company Sergeant Major, the Honourable Artillery Company.

18-**Dr. Leonard Foster Browne**²⁶ was born on 22 May 1887 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1960 at age 73. Another name for Leonard was Leonard Southaicke Browne.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BS MD.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1900 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician.

Leonard married **Violet Bott**. They had three children: **Elizabeth Foster**, **Nicholas Derwent Foster**, and **Catherine Foster**.

19-**Elizabeth Foster Browne**³⁹ was born in 1924.

19-**Nicholas Derwent Foster Browne**³⁹ was born in 1925, died on 27 Jul 2012 at age 87, and was buried in St. Mary's Church, Wiveton, Norfolk.

Nicholas married **Juliet Horatia Buxton**, daughter of **Grp/Capt. Geoffrey Mungo Buxton** and **Horatia Mary Fisher**, in 1967. Juliet was born on 16 Apr 1937 and died on 16 Nov 2011 at age 74. They had three children: **(No Given Name)**, **Thomas Alexander**, and **Luke Francis**.

General Notes: From the Times of 16 November 2011:

BROWNE Juliet Horatia (nee Buxton), suddenly on 10th November 2011.

Funeral at St Mary's, Wiveton, Norfolk on Monday 21st November at

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2.30pm. Donations to Anti-Slavery International.

20-**Browne**

20-**Thomas Alexander Browne**

20-**Luke Francis Browne**

19-**Catherine Foster Browne**

17-**Robert Foster**²⁶ was born on 23 Jun 1848 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 28 Mar 1890 in London at age 41.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Councillor of Sunderland.²⁶

Robert married **Ann Hides Ferry**,²⁶ daughter of **Robert Ferry**, on 16 Apr 1873. Ann died on 2 May 1893. They had three children: **Annie Winifred**, **Muriel**, and **Hilda**.

18-**Annie Winifred Foster**²⁶ was born on 30 Apr 1874 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Muriel Foster**²⁶ was born on 22 Nov 1877 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Hilda Foster**²⁶ was born on 22 Nov 1877 in Sunderland, County Durham.

17-**Agnes Foster**²⁶ was born on 28 Sep 1850 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 28 Mar 1888 in Bessbrook, County Armagh, Ireland at age 37.

Agnes married **James Bowes**. They had three children: **Sydney Foster**, **Geoffrey Foster**, and **Frank Foster**.

18-**Sydney Foster Bowes**²⁶ was born on 1 Dec 1881 in Bessbrook, County Armagh, Ireland.

18-**Geoffrey Foster Bowes**²⁶ was born on 28 Sep 1885 in Bessbrook, County Armagh, Ireland.

18-**Frank Foster Bowes**²⁶ was born on 19 Feb 1888 in Bessbrook, County Armagh, Ireland.

17-**Emanuel Taylor Foster**²⁶ was born on 2 Jun 1852 in North Shields, Northumberland.

17-**Frederick Foster**²⁶ was born on 16 Dec 1853 in North Shields, Northumberland.

Frederick married **Emily Jane Ferry**, daughter of **Robert Ferry**. They had five children: **Elsie**, **Frederick**, **Edith**, **Robert Foster**, and **John Maurice**.

18-**Elsie Foster**²⁶ was born on 16 Mar 1880 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Frederick Foster**^{26,39} was born on 3 Sep 1881 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1893 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Edith Foster**²⁶ was born on 31 Mar 1883 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Robert Foster Foster**²⁶ was born on 27 Nov 1885 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 25 Dec 1889 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 4.

18-**John Maurice Foster**²⁶ was born on 2 Dec 1889 in Sunderland, County Durham.

16-**Dodshon Foster**^{26,39} was born on 6 Jan 1816 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 30 Mar 1876 in London at age 60.

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General Notes: Of London

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1829-1830 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Wholesale beer bottler and Aerated-water manufacturer.

Dodshon married **Mary Ann Rutty**,^{26,39} daughter of **John Rutty**, on 6 Feb 1849. Mary was born in 1819 and died on 5 Aug 1876 at age 57. They had three children: **Jessie**, **Edwin**, and **Charles**.

17-**Jessie Foster**²⁶ was born on 2 Feb 1851 in London.

Jessie married **Frederick Brandon Shuttleworth**, son of **William Sewell Shuttleworth**.

17-**Edwin Foster**²⁶ was born on 27 Aug 1852 in London.

17-**Charles Foster**²⁶ was born on 26 Aug 1854 in London and died on 13 Dec 1890 in New York, New York, USA at age 36.

Charles married **Isabella Buckham**, daughter of **Joseph Milward Buckham**. They had three children: **Cyril Dodshon**, **Mary Gertrude**, and **Alice Jessie**.

18-**Cyril Dodshon Foster**²⁶ was born on 8 May 1878 in Barnet, London.

18-**Mary Gertrude Foster**²⁶ was born on 11 Feb 1882 in Witley, Godalming, Surrey.

18-**Alice Jessie Foster**²⁶ was born on 22 Jun 1886 in Thursley, Surrey.

16-**John Harrison Foster**^{26,39,46} was born on 22 Jan 1818 in North Shields, Northumberland, died in 1905 in Fernside, Witley, Surrey at age 87, and was buried in All Samts Church, Witley, Godalming, Surrey.

General Notes: The oldest Old Scholar now living is John Harrison Foster, of Witley, near Godalming, in Surrey, whose portrait we publish Mr. Foster was born on the 22nd of January, 1818, and he went to York School at Midsummer, 1826; he is, moreover, the only remaining link between the School as it was in the time of John Bright and the present day. In a delightful letter, giving us this information, he adds, " A stupid lad," but , when we consider the success of his life, this statement is certainly one which may give encouragement to some of us. He remembers vividly, he tells us in this same letter, "one of the older boys, Joe Mennell, first lieutenant to 'Billy ' Simpson, who used to fetch his gun, and load it for him, when he shot rats in the Foss ditch out of the schoolroom windows during lessons." This practice, " lest one good custom should corrupt the world," has, we believe, been long since abandoned, but it must have afforded the pupils many a thrilling moment ! But Mr. Foster's recollections are not confined to such incidents as these. He tells us how, while he was at school, Jonathan Martin set fire to the Minster, and how, when the boys were taken to the Cathedral , as happened soon afterwards, he cut a piece of charcoal from one of the burnt beams. He recollects going to the Retreat in summer to play cricket, and in the winter to fields flooded by the overflow of the Foss, where the boys skated. The recollection, too, of the State entry of His Majesty George the Fourth's judges into the City, a function witnessed by the boys from Robert Waller's garden, still lives in his memory. Of Barbara Waller, the Matron, Mr. Foster says that " she could only speak in a whisper, but was one of the kindest and sweetest women that ever lived." Among the masters were Lovell Squire, who subsequently published at least one volume of poems, and a Mr. Davidson, a Scotchman, who taught Latin and mathematics. Chief among the ministering Friends of his time were, he tells us, a cousin of his mother's, James Backhouse-a not unfamiliar name to many succeeding generations of Old York Scholars- Samuel Tuke and Ann Alexander. That Joseph Rowntree (who took the greatest interest in the education of the boys), Joseph King, and indeed York Friends generally, showed continual kindness to the school, cannot cause surprise to any Bootham boy. Indeed, we believe that the high regard and affectionate memory in which the Meeting, and the City of York itself, are held by those who have been at Bootham, are due in great measure to the kindly personal interest which, from that distant day to the present , Friends have so consistently shown to the boys. It has become, we might say, a tradition of York Meeting, and is one to which the school is deeply indebted. There can be few, indeed, among Old Boys who are not able to look back with gratitude to times of social intercourse at the hospitable tables, and in the houses and gardens, of Friends- times which were so pleasant, both in anticipation and realization, and did so much to relieve the necessary monotony of school life routine.

Bootham School Magazine - September 1902 -----

On November 4th, 1905, there passed to his reward the father of the Old York Scholars Associa- tion. John Harrison Foster was born of an old Quaker family at North Shields, on January 22nd, 1818. He was sent to school at York, when little more than 8 years old, and was there when the lunatic Jonathan Martin set fire to the Minster. John Foster's first school days, if not all, were passed at the old school-house outside Walmgate Bar-where the master, " Billy Simpson," used to shoot rats in the " Foss Ditch" from the schoolroom window during lesson hours. He was also under the tutorship of John Ford, and although the former at any rate of these pedagogues would probably not have taken high rank among the teachers of to-day, there must have been something very sound in the methods of training of both to turn out such men as Mr. Foster and his elder brothers, his cousins Robert , John and Joseph Spence, John and Henry King, and the still more noted John Bright . Mr. Foster's grandfather was a man of remark- able

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qualities. It must have been much against " Friends' principles " when Robert Foster (the elder) took to a seafaring life, and served on a Man-of-war in the West Indies, against the French. So great was his ability that on one occasion he was given the command of the Pelican, when her Captain fell. He so ably handled her, that he saved the situation, and was made a Lieutenant in the Royal Navy. Robert Foster is thus alluded to in a letter of Southey's:- " Wordsworth sent me a man the other day " who was worth seeing. He looked like the First " Assassin in Macbeth, from his costume, but he was " a rare man. He had been a Lieutenant in the " Navy, was scholar enough to quote Virgil aptly, " had turned Quaker, and is now a dealer in wool at " a place called Sedbergh, Yorkshire. He has seen " much and thought much. His head is well stored, " and his heart in the right place." In 1829 John Foster's parents settled in London, and in 1832 he was removed from school to enter his father's business, which in later years grew to be the very considerable firm of Messrs. M. B. Foster & Sons, Marylebone Road, London. Mr. Foster's boyish recollections of London were surprisingly interesting ; he knew it when there were green fields between Edgware Road and Hampstead, and he used to describe, with much vividness, the Coronation procession of King William IV and Queen Adelaide, which his father took him to see. As soon as he reached the age of 21, Mr. Foster and his elder brother, Dodshon Foster (who was his partner in the business) left the Society of Friends, and were baptized into the Church of England, and from that time till his death, the English Church commanded his devoted affection. He became an ardent Church worker; from the first he taught in Sunday Schools, and formed the habit, probably from his Quaker training, of dedicating to God at least a tenth part of his income. Mr. Foster lived in London until 1862, when he settled in the beautiful village of Witley, in Surrey, where his younger brother Birket Foster, the water colour painter, had gone to live a few years before. Mr Foster found in the Vicar of Witley (the Rev. John Chandler, famous as a hymn writer and translator) a very good friend, and when he became a member of the old Surrey Church Association, he was brought into contact with Dr. Samuel Wilberforce, then Bishop of Winchester, for whom John Foster had an enthusiastic admiration. At Witley, Mr. Foster devoted himself to good works ; he began to beautify, as he was able, the ancient parish Church ; he built a school, which was used for service on Sundays, and made another school suitable for the same, in outlying districts of the parish ; erected the Witley Institute for working men in 1883 ; rebuilt most of his cottages in 1883-5 ! and thoroughly restored the fine old parish Church in 1888-9. His gifts were not confined to Witley alone ; he helped in the formation of a girls' Church School at Bramley, near Guildford, and was the anonymous donor of the fine organ which was placed in the restored Cathedral of Peterborough. Mr. Foster was for many years a Governor of the Bethlem and Bridewell Hospitals, and took the liveliest interest in King Edward' s School (belonging to the latter Charity) which removed to Witley from London about 40 years ago. As a Jubilee Memorial in 1887 he presented the handsome Gymnasium to the schools, and built the organ chamber to supple- ment the gift of an organ to the Chapel by another Governor. It was joy to him to welcome numbers of the boys to his home at Christmas time, when it was their custom to sing Carols. John Foster was gifted with a very beautiful voice, which he never lost in extreme old age, and was often to be heard singing to himself a Tyneside ballad, or a Scotch song; but his reading can never be forgotten by those who heard it. As he read the Bible, either the lessons in Church, or at family prayers, all the beauty of his voice, his dramatic power, and the whole reverent soul of the man, were poured into the reading. But to know Mr. Foster really, it was necessary to see him in his home. There was about his house an atmosphere of that old Quaker peace and unworldliness which startled modern men. He was a perfect host, utterly unselfish, with the tender, old-fashioned courtesy of manner, which to-day is almost gone. Affectionate, gentle, and considerate, he was also a brilliant raconteur, and his strong sense of humour emphasized his rare gift of "style " in telling a story. To the end his brightness, like his devotion, remained undimmed. Troubles came to him in his later years ; worries from business, and the sufferings which blindness and helplessness entail, but they never disturbed the perfect calm, which came from his faith in God. *J. F. in Bootham magazine February 1906*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1829-1831 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Wholesale beer bottler and aerated water manufacturer.

John married **Mary Hesletine Howes**,^{26,39} daughter of **George Pigott Howes**, on 24 May 1849. Mary was born in 1819 in London, was christened on 7 Nov 1819 in St James's, Paddington, London, and died on 11 Aug 1882 at age 63. They had five children: **Edith**, **Alice Mary**, **Amy Gertrude**, **Fanny Isabel**, and **Walter John**.

17-**Edith Foster**²⁶ was born on 17 Dec 1852 in London and died on 14 Jul 1877 at age 24.

17-**Alice Mary Foster**²⁶ was born on 4 Apr 1854 in London.

17-**Amy Gertrude Foster**²⁶ was born on 27 Jun 1855 in London and died on 20 Aug 1859 at age 4.

17-**Fanny Isabel Foster**²⁶ was born on 17 Oct 1857 in London.

Fanny married **Rev. Edward Shearburn Marshall**. They had four children: **Edward Foster**, **Phyllis Mary**, **Gertrude Isobel**, and **John Wordsworth**.

18-**Edward Foster Marshall**²⁶ was born on 2 Aug 1888 in Witley, Godalming, Surrey.

18-**Phyllis Mary Marshall**²⁶ was born on 5 Aug 1889 in Witley, Godalming, Surrey.

18-**Gertrude Isobel Marshall**²⁶ was born on 12 Nov 1890 in Milford.

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18-**John Wordsworth Marshall**²⁶ was born on 28 May 1893 in Milford and died on 14 Aug 1893.

17-**Walter John Foster**²⁶ was born on 12 Aug 1860 in London and died on 25 Oct 1885 at age 25.

John next married **Juliana Odlin**, daughter of **Charles Odlin**.

16-**Mary Foster**²⁶ was born on 19 Nov 1821 in North Shields, Northumberland.

Mary married **William Atchison**. They had three children: **Mary Catherine**, **William Ernest**, and **Thomas Percy**.

17-**Mary Catherine Atchison**²⁶ was born on 23 May 1853 in London.

17-**William Ernest Atchison**²⁶ was born on 2 Aug 1854 in London and died on 18 Nov 1889 at age 35.

17-**Thomas Percy Atchison**²⁶ was born on 28 Jul 1857 in London.

Thomas married **Mary Reynolds**, daughter of **Charles Reynolds**. They had four children: **Ethel Margarette**, **Charles Foster**, **Harold Percy Reynolds**, and **Mary Florence**.

18-**Ethel Margarette Atchison**²⁶ was born on 12 May 1883.

18-**Charles Foster Atchison**²⁶ was born on 22 Sep 1885.

18-**Harold Percy Reynolds Atchison**²⁶ was born on 21 Mar 1889.

18-**Mary Florence Atchison**²⁶ was born on 23 Aug 1860.

Mary married **Rev. John Wadell Black**. They had one son: **John Foster**.

19-**John Foster Black**²⁶ was born on 29 Apr 1889 in London and died on 12 Mar 1893 in Port Stanley, Ontario at age 3.

16-**Myles Birket Foster**^{2,26} was born on 4 Feb 1825 in 2 Rosella Place, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 27 Mar 1899 in Braeside, The Heath, Weybridge, Surrey at age 74, and was buried in All Samts Church, Witley, Godalming, Surrey.

General Notes: Foster, (Myles) Birket (1825'961899), painter and illustrator, was born at 2 Rosella Place, North Shields, Northumberland, on 4 February 1825, fifth son of Myles Birket Foster (1785'961861) and his wife, Ann (1790'961884), daughter of Joseph King of Newcastle upon Tyne. Both parents came from prosperous north country families, staunch adherents of the Society of Friends, more commonly known as Quakers. From early childhood Birket Foster lived in London, where his father founded M. B. Foster & Sons, which became the largest firm of bottlers in the world, remaining in family ownership until 1957. Birket Foster was educated at a Quaker boarding-school in Tottenham, Middlesex, and Isaac Brown's academy, Hitchin, Hertfordshire (c.1835'961840), where his natural flair for drawing was encouraged. He wished to be a landscape painter, but at the age of sixteen entered the family business with little enthusiasm and near fatal results, owing to an accident with a broken bottle.

After this event, Birket Foster was placed by his kindly father in the studio of Ebenezer Landells, who had been a pupil of Thomas Bewick, the celebrated Newcastle engraver. Landells soon recognized that Birket Foster had an original talent as a draughtsman and eventually most of his time was spent in drawing on wood for engraving, including work for the Illustrated London News; however, signed contributions by him appeared only after he had left Landells in 1846. Many of his illustrations were engraved by Edmund Evans, a lifelong friend, with whom he travelled for an Illustrated London News series entitled 'The watering places of England'. Characteristic vignettes by Birket Foster appeared in The Boys' Country Year Book (1847) commissioned by Henry Vizetelly, engraver and publisher, who was to have an important influence on his career. In 1850 Vizetelly arranged for him to work on Evangeline by H. W. Longfellow: it was the success of these illustrations that set a vogue for the Birket Foster style. The critic of The Athenaeum praised the book, commenting that 'Mr Foster's designs in particular have a picturesque grace and elegance' (Huish, 10). Subjects for Longfellow's Hyperion (1852) were sketched with Vizetelly in that year, during a tour of Germany, Switzerland, and the Austrian Tyrol. Christmas with the Poets (1851), devised and engraved by Vizetelly and illustrated throughout by Birket Foster, was selected by the trustees of the British Museum for display at the Great Exhibition of 1851 as a fine example of contemporary illustration and printing. Birket Foster was to become the most sought after poetry illustrator of the day, associated with all the popular names, including Sir Walter Scott. His illustrations for Scott's Lay of the Last Minstrel, engraved by Edmund Evans, were published by A. and C. Black, for whom he also worked on a series called Picturesque Guides, travelling to Wales, Scotland, and the Lakes. The 1855 edition of Milton's L'allegro and Il penseroso, published by W. Kent, notably includes etchings on steel by Birket Foster, an interesting example of his work without the intervention of an engraver; for The Hamlet by Thomas Warton (1859) he etched his own designs on copper.

On 13 August 1850 Birket Foster married a cousin, Anne Spence (1825'961859), daughter of Robert Spence, banker, of Tynemouth, Northumberland. They had five children, including Myles Birket Foster (1851'961922), a musician of some note, and William Foster (1853'961924), painter and ornithologist. The couple lived in the St John's Wood area of London. Anne had always encouraged his ambition to paint, but died of tuberculosis in 1859 before his achievement in this field was recognized by his election as an associate

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of the Society of Painters in Water Colours in 1860. His success in this medium was instant and phenomenal. He wrote happily to his brother-in-law, 'commissions for pictures pour in and it is far more delightful working in colour' (Spence family letters, 19 Feb 1860). He further remarked that he knew his own style to be 'very peculiar', as he made a liberal use of body colour (admixture of white) and practised a dry, finely stippled technique that diverged widely from the traditional watercolour method. He had effectively pioneered a new style, one which was exactly to the taste of the public. The Milkmaid (1860), one of the best-known of his early watercolours (V&A), is an elaboration of an engraving in Milton's L'allegro: it was quite common for his watercolours to be based on previous illustrations.

1862, the year in which Birket Foster was made a full member of the Society of Painters in Water Colours, also saw publication of Birket Foster's Pictures of English Landscape, a series of typical countryside scenes, engraved by the brothers Dalziel. In a letter to the Dalziels, John Ruskin described the plates in this handsome book as 'peculiarly good of their class'⁹⁷rich, gracefully composed, exquisite book illustrations' (The Brothers Dalziel, 154). Many of the subjects had been sketched in the villages and lanes of Surrey, where in 1863 Birket Foster built a large house at Witley, near Godalming. This essay in the Victorian Tudor style was set in about 20 acres on an elevated site and named The Hill (dem. 1953). It was one of the first houses to be extensively decorated by the firm of Morris, Marshall, Faulkner & Co., with wallpapers and tapestries by William Morris and also stained glass, tiles, and furniture to the designs of Edward Burne-Jones and his circle. On 25 August 1864 Birket Foster married Frances Watson (1841'961921), daughter of Dawson Watson, a solicitor, and sister of the watercolourist John Dawson Watson. Although sixteen years younger than Foster, she proved a capable chatelaine for The Hill, where fellow artists were frequently entertained, including Frederick Walker and W. Q. Orchardson; Orchardson's portrait of the second Mrs Birket Foster was exhibited at the Royal Academy in 1868.

Pretty children in flowery lanes continued to be Birket Foster's most popular subjects, but a more topographical and architectural element appears in his work towards the end of the 1860s. 'The Italian Palazzi have been touched with a ready dainty hand', commented the critic of the Art Journal, describing Foster's Bellagio, which was exhibited with the Watercolour Society in 1867, following his first visit to Italy in 1866. He visited Italy again with Orchardson in 1868 and made several trips to Venice between 1871 and 1876 to execute fifty watercolour views of that city, commissioned by the MP Charles Seely for a fee of £5000. Brittany: a Series of Thirty Five Sketches by Birket Foster was published by the artist as a book of lithographs in 1878. In 1883 he was in Spain as part of a long continental tour; he made a final visit to France and Italy in 1887. Lithographs in Some Places of Note in England (1888) reflect his tours nearer home over a period of many years.

'Mine has been a very uneventful life, but one that my art has made very pleasant to me', wrote Birket Foster in biographical notes compiled in 1895 for the Royal Berlin Academy to which he had been elected an honorary member in 1874 (Archiv der Preussischen Akademie der Künste). In this reference he also lists a selection of his watercolours in order of significance, including On the Shore, Bonchurch, Isle of Wight (1862), The Meet (1869), and The Weald of Surrey (1870). The last two were among 110 works by Birket Foster in the important Barnet Lewis collection, auctioned at Christies on 28 February'963 March 1930. It is a comparatively recent custom to catalogue this artist under both forenames; in his lifetime, however, he always signed only as Birket Foster, or with the characteristic BF monogram. He painted few pictures in oils, mostly for exhibition at the Royal Academy, but did not care for the medium. His watercolours were much faked, usually in the form of loose copies of the numerous chromolithographs (colour prints) that featured his work.

Birket Foster sold The Hill for £10,000 in 1893 and moved to Braeside, The Heath, Weybridge, Surrey (dem. c.1970). Almost his entire collection of pictures was sold at Christies on 26 April 1894, including seven panels in oils by Edward Burne-Jones on the theme of St George and the dragon. He died on 27 March 1899 at Braeside and was buried on 1 April in Witley churchyard. All the leading newspapers and periodicals carried admiring tributes, but a later appreciation by the Dalziel brothers provides an apt summary: 'Birket Foster was a genuine man, kind and generous to a degree in all the ways of life. He stands as one of England's most popular landscape draughtsmen and as a painter in watercolour of great distinction' (The Brothers Dalziel, 138). A studio sale was held at Christies on 26'9627 June 1899, after which his estate was resworn at £35,323 14s. 4d. Centenary exhibitions were held at the Laing Art Gallery, Newcastle, in 1925 and Towneley Hall Art Gallery, Burnley, in 1999. The work of Birket Foster is represented in over fifty public collections; major holdings can be found in the Victoria and Albert Museum, London, the Birmingham City Art Gallery, the Bristol Museum and Art Gallery, the Walker Art Gallery, Liverpool, and the Henry E. Huntington Art Gallery, San Marino, California.

Jan Reynolds

Sources register of births, Society of Friends, Newcastle upon Tyne · J. Reynolds, Birket Foster (1984) [with list of works] · M. B. Huish, The life and work of Birket Foster: Art Journal, supplement (1890) · Newcastle upon Tyne City Library, Spence family MSS, 1844'9680, SL 920, CR 5584406A · Archiv der Preussischen Akademie der Künste, Berlin, election details and biographical notes, 1874, 1895 · H. M. Cundall, Birket Foster (1906) · The Times (29 March 1899) · Morning Post (29 March 1899) · Daily Telegraph (29 March 1899) · DNB · [G. Dalziel and E. Dalziel], The brothers Dalziel: a record of fifty years' work ... 1840'961890 (1901); repr. as The brothers Dalziel: a record of work (1978) · private information (2004) [B. Neild] · The reminiscences of Edmund Evans, ed. R. McLean (1967) [introduction by Ruari McLean] · M. Hardie, Water-colour painting in Britain, ed. D. Snelgrove, J. Mayne, and B. Taylor, 2nd edn, 3: The Victorian period [1968], 109'9612 · review of Watercolour Society exhibition, Art Journal, 29 (1867), 147 · J. Foster, Pedigrees of the Forsters and the Fosters (1862) · T. Compton, Recollections of Tottenham Friends (1893) · m. cert., 1850

Archives NL Scot., MS 6403 · Surrey HC, corresp. | CUL, letters to R. Dudley · Newcastle City Library, letters to Spence family, SL920, CR 5584406A [manuscript letters, plus xerox copies and microfilm; originals of xerox copies in the Dutch Institute, Paris] · NL Scot., letters to James Tait Black · U. Cal., Los Angeles, Charles E. Young Research Library, corresp. with Polly Brown, Edmund Evans, and Edmund W. Evans

Likenesses D. W. Wynfield, photograph, c.1860'961869, NPG · Lock & Whitfield, woodburytype photograph, 1880, NPG · B. Foster, self-portrait, oils, 1883, Aberdeen Art Gallery · W. Hodgson, pencil and watercolour drawing, 1891, NPG · Elliott & Fry, carte-de-visite, NPG · McLean & Haes, carte-de-visite, NPG · photograph, repro. in Cundall, Birket Foster, frontispiece; priv. coll. · photograph (in his thirties), repro. in Reynolds, Birket Foster, 60; priv. coll. · photograph (aged about twenty-five), repro. in Reynolds, Birket Foster, 39 · woodcut, BM; repro. in Family Friend (1875)

Wealth at death £35,323 14s. 4d.: resworn probate, Dec 1899, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Jan Reynolds, 'Foster, (Myles) Birket (1825'961899)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Oct 2007
[http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/9965, accessed 28 May 2013]
(Myles) Birket Foster (1825'961899): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/9965

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with RWS.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Isaac Brown's Academy in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as an English illustrator, watercolour artist and engraver.

Myles married **Ann Spence**,^{2,17,26} daughter of **Robert Spence**^{7,8,24,26,30,47,48,49} and **Mary Foster**,^{7,8,17,24,30,47} on 13 Aug 1850 in Earsdon, Northumberland. Ann was born on 13 Aug 1825 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland and died on 4 Jul 1859 in Littlehampton, Sussex at age 33. They had five children: **Myles Birket**, **William Frederick**, **Henry**, **Margaret Ann**, and **Ellen**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1836-Jun 1840 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Myles Birket Foster**^{2,17,26} was born on 29 Nov 1851 in London and died on 18 Dec 1922 in London at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRAM FRCO.
- He worked as an Organist and Composer.

Myles married **Christine Lorimer**,²⁶ daughter of **James Lorimer**, on 6 Jan 1881 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Christine was born in 1852 and died in 1901 at age 49. They had six children: **Myles Birket**, **Dorothy Margaret**, **John Lorimer**, **Mabel Christine**, **Robert Spence**, and **Arthur Edward**.

18-**Myles Birket Foster**²⁶ was born on 22 Aug 1884 in Willesden.

18-**Dorothy Margaret Foster**²⁶ was born on 9 Oct 1885 in Willesden.

18-**John Lorimer Foster**²⁶ was born on 15 Oct 1886 in Willesden.

18-**Mabel Christine Foster**²⁶ was born on 24 Jan 1888 in Willesden.

18-**Robert Spence Foster**²⁶ was born on 11 Jun 1891 in Willesden.

18-**Arthur Edward Foster**²⁶ was born on 17 Jun 1893 in Willesden.

17-**William Frederick Foster**^{2,17,26} was born on 6 Jun 1853 in London and died on 24 May 1924 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Painter and ornithologist.

17-**Henry Foster**^{17,26} was born on 6 Nov 1854 in London and died in 1928 at age 74.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

General Notes: Of Newcastle

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Henry married **Ethel Clapham**,^{8,17,26} daughter of **Henry Clapham**^{8,26,50} and **Esther Mary Watson**,^{8,50} on 26 Jul 1883. Ethel was born on 25 Jul 1861 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1925 in Tynemouth at age 64. They had five children: **Henry Clapham**, **Dorothy**, **Mary**, **Phyllis**, and **Gerald**.

18-**Henry Clapham Foster**²⁶ was born on 27 May 1885 in Backworth, Northumberland.

Henry married **Nina M. Williams** in 1918. Nina was born in 1896. They had one daughter: **Nina Mary**.

19-**Nina Mary Foster**

18-**Dorothy Foster**²⁶ was born on 2 Jun 1889 in Backworth, Northumberland and died in 1986 at age 97.

Dorothy married **J. H. Mason** in 1920. J. was born in 1885. They had one daughter: **Ann Dorothy**.

19-**Ann Dorothy Mason**

18-**Mary Foster**²⁶ was born on 14 Jul 1892 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Mary married **H. Wastneys Smith**.

18-**Phyllis Foster** was born in 1894.

Phyllis married **Cecil Paterson** in 1925. Cecil was born in 1889.

18-**Gerald Foster** was born in 1899 and died in 1957 at age 58.

Gerald married **Evelyn M. Banks** in 1929. Evelyn was born in 1899.

17-**Margaret Ann Foster**^{17,26} was born on 27 Jan 1856 in London and died on 6 Aug 1923 at age 67.

Margaret married **John Henry Dale**,²⁶ son of **John Brodrick Dale**, on 25 Aug 1881 in Witley, Godalming, Surrey. John died on 26 Feb 1892.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker.

Margaret next married **Henri Etienne Adrien Stadnitski**.

17-**Ellen Foster**^{17,26} was born on 24 Sep 1857, died in 1946 at age 89, and was buried in Barton, Cumbria.

Ellen married **Lancelot Thompson Glasson**,²⁶ son of **Thomas McGlasson**, on 22 Dec 1886. Lancelot was born in 1855 in Penrith, Cumbria, died in 1935 at age 80, and was buried in Barton, Cumbria. They had three children: **Margaret Ellen**, **Lancelot Myles**, and **Sarah Gertrude Anne**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewery Chairman, Glassons Brewery in Yanwath, Penrith, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Barrister, Lincolns Inn.

18-**Margaret Ellen Glasson**²⁶ was born on 28 Dec 1891 in Sevenoaks.

18-**Lancelot Myles Glasson** was born in 1894 and died in 1959 at age 65.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Painter.

18-**Sarah Gertrude Anne Glasson** was born in 1897 and died in 1984 at age 87.

Myles next married **Frances Watson**,^{2,26} daughter of **Dawson Watson**, on 25 Aug 1864. Frances was born in 1841 and died in 1921 at age 80.

16-**James Foster**²⁶ was born on 14 Nov 1830 in London and died on 22 Apr 1832 in London at age 1.

15-**Dodshon Foster**^{8,17} was born on 5 Mar 1786 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria, died on 30 May 1790 at age 4, and was buried in FBG Lancaster.

15-**James Foster**^{1,8,10,17} was born on 28 Aug 1787 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria and died on 20 Jan 1861 in Stamford Hill, London at age 73.

General Notes: In 1825 he entered into a partnership with Richard Janson 1799-1830.... Foster Janson. Janson married secondly, his partner's wife's siter, Rachel. When Janson died, James Foster took Isaac Braithwaite as a business partner and the business was named Foster Braithwaite

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker of London.

15-**Elizabeth Foster**^{8,51} was born on 24 Dec 1788 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria and died on 16 Feb 1857 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 68.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1802 in York, Yorkshire.

Elizabeth married **Anthony Clapham**,^{8,51} son of **Anthony Clapham**⁸ and **Elizabeth Holme**,⁸ on 27 Sep 1809 in FMH Brigflatts, Sedbergh. Anthony was born on 23 Jul 1778 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 17 Jun 1852 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 73. They had nine children: **Anthony, Mary, Anthony, Elizabeth, John Foster, Robert Calvert, James, Henry, and Anna Maria**.

16-**Anthony Clapham**⁸ was born on 24 Jul 1812 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in Died Young.

16-**Mary Clapham**^{8,52} was born on 1 Dec 1813 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 8 Jun 1896 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

Mary married **Anthony Atkinson**,^{8,52,53} son of **Benjamin Atkinson**⁵⁴ and **Margaret Clapham**,⁵⁴ on 5 May 1842 in Gateshead, County Durham. Anthony was born on 9 Dec 1809 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 4 Mar 1880 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham at age 70. They had one daughter: **Mary Elizabeth**.

17-**Mary Elizabeth Atkinson**⁸ was born on 14 Jun 1848 in Quarry House, Witton Le Wear.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1862-Dec 1864 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**Anthony Clapham**^{8,55} was born on 17 Apr 1815 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 2 May 1881 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 66.

Anthony married **Lucy Sinclair**,^{8,55} daughter of **John Sinclair** and **Elizabeth Grant**, on 1 Oct 1839 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Lucy was born on 29 Sep 1820 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 31 May 1878 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 57. They had five children: **Lucy Elizabeth, Mary Jane, Reginald, Maria Ann, and Anthony Calvert**.

17-**Lucy Elizabeth Clapham**⁵⁵ was born on 11 Jul 1840 in Gateshead, County Durham, died in 1921 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 81, and was buried in Dean Cemetery, Edinburgh.

Lucy married **John Grant**,⁵⁵ son of **Capt. John Grant**⁵⁵ and **Mary Anne Watson**,⁵⁵ on 10 Jul 1861 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. John

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was born on 18 Jun 1825 in Morningside, Edinburgh, Scotland, died on 11 Apr 1888 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 62, and was buried in Dean Cemetery, Edinburgh. They had four children: **Calvert John, Francis James, Lucy Antonia**, and **Edith Margaret**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.
- He worked as a Carrick Pursuivant of Arms in Ordinary on 8 Aug 1883.
- He worked as a Marchmont Herald of Arms on 10 Oct 1884.

18-**Calvert John Grant**^{8,55} was born on 18 Mar 1862 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 18 Oct 1934 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 72.

Calvert married **Elizabeth Simpson**. They had four children: **Mary Lucy Elizabeth, Lucy Lilian, Ethel Agnes**, and **Francis Ian**.

19-**Mary Lucy Elizabeth Grant**⁵⁵ was born on 2 May 1886.

19-**Lucy Lilian Grant**⁵⁵ was born on 16 Sep 1887.

Lucy married **James Wemyss Melville**,⁸ son of **Thomas Scott Melville** and **Martha Wemyss**, on 5 Oct 1910 in St Marys's Jefferstown, South Africa. James was born in 1886 in Corstophine, Edinburgh.

19-**Ethel Agnes Grant**⁵⁵ was born on 15 Oct 1889.

19-**Francis Ian Grant**⁵⁵ was born on 30 Mar 1893 and died on 29 Sep 1893.

18-**Sir Francis James Grant**⁸ was born on 4 Aug 1863 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 17 Feb 1953 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO LLD WS.
- He worked as a Carrick Pusuivant of Arms in Ordinary on 17 May 1886.
- He worked as a Writer to the Signet on 10 Jan 1887.
- He worked as a Rothesay Herald of Arms in Ordinary on 8 Sep 1898.
- He worked as a Lyon Clerk & Keeper of the Records on 8 Sep 1898.
- He worked as a Lord Lyon King of Arms on 10 May 1929.
- He worked as a Secretary of the Order of The Thistle on 10 May 1929.

Francis married **Anne Irvine Cruikshank Edmondston**, daughter of **David Charles Edmondston** and **Margaret Lendrum Logie Hamilton**, on 27 Apr 1899. Anne was born on 16 Aug 1863 and died on 1 Apr 1918 at age 54. They had two children: **Elizabeth Margaret** and **May Bayne**.

19-**Elizabeth Margaret Grant** was born on 2 May 1900 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

Elizabeth married **David Laing Forbes** on 30 Jul 1930. David was born in 1898 and died on 8 Dec 1949 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 51.

19-**May Bayne Grant** was born on 15 Mar 1906.

Francis next married **Violet**.

18-**Lucy Antonia Grant**^{8,55} was born on 30 Aug 1867 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

Lucy married **William John Moffat**,⁵⁵ son of **William Moffat**, on 20 Jun 1888 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. William was born on 29 May 1859 in Dingwall and died on 12 Jul 1896 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 37. They had three children: **William Ian Grant, Hugh Francis Baillie**, and **Morna**.

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19-**William Ian Grant Moffat**⁵⁵ was born on 3 Apr 1890 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

19-**Capt. Hugh Francis Baillie Moffat**⁵⁵ was born on 31 Dec 1892, died on 27 Sep 1918 in Flesquieres, Cambrai, France. Killed in action at age 25, and was buried in Beaumetz, Cambrai, France.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Kings Own Royal Lancaster Regt.
- He was awarded with MC & Bar 26 jul 1918 + 2 Dec 1918.

19-**Morna Moffat**

Lucy next married **Patrick MacLean Robertson**. They had one son: **Patrick Anthony**.

19-**Patrick Anthony Robertson** was born on 29 Dec 1906.

18-**Edith Margaret Grant**⁸ was born on 2 Oct 1871.

17-**Mary Jane Clapham** was born on 14 Jan 1844 in London.

17-**Reginald Clapham**⁸ was born on 20 Feb 1848 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 3 Jan 1889 in Ormskirk, Lancashire at age 40.

Reginald married **Eliza Jane Morris**,⁸ daughter of **Joseph Mellor Morris**, on 23 Oct 1875 in Southport, Lancashire. Eliza was born on 22 Aug 1851 in Manchester. They had five children: **Lilian, Reginald Harcourt, Muriel Evelyn, Adrian Morris**, and **Calvert Vincent**.

18-**Lilian Clapham**⁸ was born on 3 Aug 1876 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Reginald Harcourt Clapham**⁸ was born on 24 Aug 1877 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Muriel Evelyn Clapham**⁸ was born on 5 Aug 1878 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Adrian Morris Clapham**⁸ was born on 28 Mar 1880 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Calvert Vincent Clapham**⁸ was born on 29 Jun 1882 in Sunderland, County Durham.

17-**Maria Ann Clapham** was born on 1 Jan 1851 in Gateshead, County Durham.

17-**Anthony Calvert Clapham**⁸ was born on 18 Dec 1856 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 7 Dec 1921 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey at age 64.

16-**Elizabeth Clapham**^{8,24,39} was born on 22 Jul 1818 in Benwell Grove, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 16 Aug 1847 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 29.

Elizabeth married **William Taylor**,^{8,17,24,39,51,56,57,58} son of **Joseph Taylor**^{7,57} and **Elizabeth Harris**,^{7,57} on 9 Apr 1846 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. William was born on 29 May 1818 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died in 1897 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 79, and was buried in FBG Linthorpe. They had three children: **Stephen James, Charles Clapham**, and **Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal and Coke Exporter in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Shipbroker in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

17-**Stephen James Taylor**³⁹ was born in 1844 in Barnsley, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1854-1858 in York, Yorkshire.
- Miscellaneous: Problem with dates.

17-**Charles Clapham Taylor**^{8,39,57} was born on 16 Aug 1847 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire, died on 2 Dec 1873 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 26, and was buried in FBG Linthorpe.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1860 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1860-1864 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Merchant in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Secretary, Middlesbrough auxiliary British and Foreign Bible Society.
- He worked as a Clerk of Middlesbrough PM.

17-**Henry Taylor**³⁹ was born in 1848 in Barnsley, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1857-1858 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**John Foster Clapham**^{8,59} was born on 24 Nov 1819 in Benwell Grove, Newcastle upon Tyne, died on 30 Aug 1875 in Darlington, County Durham (28th in AM) at age 55, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

16-**Robert Calvert Clapham**^{8,58} was born on 15 Sep 1823 in Benwell Grove, Newcastle upon Tyne⁶⁰ and died on 22 Dec 1881 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Secretary of the Walker & Wallsend Glass Co.
- He had a residence in Earsdon House, Earsdon, Northumberland.

Robert married **Priscilla Hannah Mennell**,^{8,58} daughter of **George Mennell**^{7,39,47,58,61} and **Hannah Tuke**,^{7,39,47,61,62} on 5 Jun 1861 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Priscilla was born in 1838 and died in Feb 1887 at age 49.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1848-Jun 1850 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**James Clapham**⁸ was born on 28 Jun 1825 in Benwell Grove, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 31 Mar 1871 in Beverley, Yorkshire at age 45.

James married **Elizabeth Ford**, daughter of **John Ford** and **Charlotte**.

16-**Henry Clapham**^{8,26,50} was born on 25 Feb 1827 in Benwell Grove, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 4 Jun 1883 at age 56.

Henry married **Esther Mary Watson**,^{8,50} daughter of **Joseph Watson**^{4,7,8,28,33,47,59,63} and **Sarah Spence**,^{4,7,8,28,33,47,63} on 20 Jul 1859 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Esther was born on 13 Dec 1838 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 3 Dec 1903 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 64. They had eight children: **Henry Foster**, **Ethel**, **Lionel**, **Philip**, **Maud**, **Norman**, **Herbert Watson**, and **Henry**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1850-Dec 1855 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was baptized on 20 Dec 1838.

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- She worked as a Quaker Minister.

17-**Henry Foster Clapham**^{8,17} was born on 10 Jun 1860 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 19 Oct 1860 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

17-**Ethel Clapham**^{8,17,26} was born on 25 Jul 1861 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1925 in Tynemouth at age 64.

18-**Henry Clapham Foster**²⁶ was born on 27 May 1885 in Backworth, Northumberland.

19-**Nina Mary Foster**

18-**Dorothy Foster**²⁶ was born on 2 Jun 1889 in Backworth, Northumberland and died in 1986 at age 97.

19-**Ann Dorothy Mason**

18-**Mary Foster**²⁶ was born on 14 Jul 1892 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

18-**Phyllis Foster** was born in 1894.

18-**Gerald Foster** was born in 1899 and died in 1957 at age 58.

17-**Lionel Clapham**¹⁷ was born on 25 Feb 1863 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 3 Aug 1916 in Whitley Bay, Northumberland at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bulb & Seed Merchant. Coal exporter.

Lionel married **Mary Keenlyside**¹⁷ on 24 Apr 1907 in FMH Newcastle. Mary was born about 1871. They had two children: **Esther Mary** and **Lionel**.

18-**Esther Mary Clapham**

18-**Lionel Clapham**

17-**Philip Clapham** was born on 10 Dec 1865 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 19 Mar 1866 in Tynemouth.

17-**Maud Clapham**⁶⁴ was born on 5 Mar 1869 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1927 at age 58.

Maud married **Henry Armstrong**,⁶⁴ son of **Henry Armstrong** and **Elizabeth Burnett**, on 6 Feb 1895 in FMH Newcastle. Henry was born in 1856 in Lythe, Whitby, Yorkshire and died in 1926 at age 70. They had four children: **Denys**, **Reginald**, **Esther Helen**, and **Elizabeth Maud**.

18-**Denys Armstrong**^{64,65} was born in 1895 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 3 Oct 1916 in France. Killed in action at age 21, and was buried in Warlencourt, Pas de Calais, France.

General Notes: DENYS ARMSTRONG, second lieutenant , fell in action on Octo- ber 3rd. The day before he had been hit in the hand, but refused to go back, and led his men sucessfully across No Man' s Land. On the 3rd he was wounded by a shell, and a man was dressing his wound when a second shell came and killed both of them. Officers and men had grown very fond of "Snowball. " "W e could trust him absolutely, and he was so frank and warm-hearted that one could not but love him. He was just as greatly liked and admired by the cadets, and he wielded a remarkable influence for good amongst them. "

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1909-1912 in York.
- He worked as a Naval engineer and architect.

18-**Dr. Reginald Armstrong**^{39,66} was born in Dec 1897 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in Feb 1968 at age 70.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BS.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1912-1915 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician in Rothbury, Northumberland.

Reginald married **Phyllis Alwin Fenwick**,³⁹ daughter of **James Fenwick** and **Margaret Wilson**, in 1932. Phyllis was born in 1910 and died in 1998 at age 88. They had five children: **Gordon, Rosemary Alison, Henry Angus, Margaret**, and **Elsbeth**.

19-Gordon Armstrong

Gordon married **Rosemary**. They had two children: **James** and **(No Given Name)**.

20-James Armstrong

20-Armstrong

19-**Rosemary Alison Armstrong**⁶⁴ was born in 1934 and died in 1955 in Died Aged 21 at age 21.

19-Dr. Henry Angus Armstrong

Henry married **Emma Virginia Peronnet Thompson-McCausland**, daughter of **Lucius Perronet Thompson-McCausland**⁶⁴ and **Helen Laura McCausland**,⁶⁴ They had three children: **Dominick, Alice**, and **Alexander Henry Fenwick**.

20-Dominick Armstrong

20-Alice Armstrong

20-Alexander Henry Fenwick Armstrong

Alexander married **Hannah Bronwen Snow**. They had four children: **Rex, Patrick, Edward**, and **Henry**.

21-Rex Armstrong

21-Patrick Armstrong

21-Edward Armstrong

21-Henry Armstrong

19-Margaret Armstrong

Margaret married **David Hall**. They had two children: **Lucy** and **James**.

20-Lucy Hall

20-James Hall

19-Elsbeth Armstrong

Elsbeth married **Jeremy Lewis**. They had four children: **Kate, Alastair, Jenny**, and **Hannah**.

20-Kate Lewis

20-**Alastair Lewis**⁶⁴ died in Died Aged 8 Or 9. Killed By A Drink-Driver.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-**Jenny Lewis**

20-**Hannah Lewis**

18-**Esther Helen Armstrong**⁶⁴ was born on 25 Jun 1902 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in Aug 1971 in Argyll, Scotland at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Actress, Playwright and Broadcaster. Professionally under the name Esther McCracken.

Esther married **Lt. Col. Angus Murray McCracken**,⁶⁴ son of **Dr. James Smith McCracken**⁶⁴ and **Mary Jane Mills**, in 1926. Angus was born in 1895 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 12 Dec 1943 in Mount Camino, Italy. Killed In Action at age 48, and was buried in Naples War Cemetery. They had two children: **Helen Jane** and **Heather Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant and Rugby player. Commander 64th Regt. Royal Artillery.

19-**Helen Jane McCracken**⁶⁴ was born on 12 Apr 1928 and died on 10 Oct 2000 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 72.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Tourist guide and Trainer of tourist guides.

Helen married **Martin Harold Orde**, son of **Sir Charles William Orde**^{64,67} and **Frances Fortune Davidson**. They had four children: **Alice Susan**, **Charlotte Esther**, **Simon Martin**, and **Angus Charles**.

20-**Alice Susan Orde**

Alice married **Christopher Metherell**. They had two children: **Jamie Orde** and **Kate Mccracken**.

21-**Jamie Orde Metherell**

21-**Kate Mccracken Metherell**

Alice next married **Leslie Brunton**.

20-**Charlotte Esther Orde**

Charlotte married **Michael David Farmer**, son of **David Harry Farmer** and **Eileen Mary Nelson**. They had three children: **Esther Mary**, **Rachel Elizabeth**, and **David Angus**.

21-**Esther Mary Farmer**

21-**Rachel Elizabeth Farmer**

21-**David Angus Farmer**

20-**Simon Martin Orde**

Simon married **Caroline Hogg**. They had two children: **Hannah Kathleen** and **Nicholas Harry Simon**.

21-**Hannah Kathleen Orde**

21-**Nicholas Harry Simon Orde**

20-**Angus Charles Orde**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**Heather Mary McCracken**⁶⁴ was born in 1933 and died in 1986 at age 53.

General Notes: Died of cancer

Heather married **Robin Stubbs**.⁶⁴ Robin died in 1974. They had two children: **Rupert Angus** and **Imogen Mary**.

General Notes: Died of Cancer

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Naval Officer.

20-**Rupert Angus Stubbs**

Rupert married **Esther**. They had two children: **Oliver** and **Katie**.

21-**Oliver Stubbs**

21-**Katie Stubbs**

20-**Imogen Mary Stubbs**

Imogen married **Sir Trevor Robert Nunn**, son of **Robert Alexander Nunn** and **Dorothy May Piper**. They had two children: **Ellie** and **Jesse**.

21-**Ellie Nunn**

21-**Jesse Nunn**

Heather next married **Anthony Platt**.

Esther next married **Mungo Campbell**. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth**.

19-**Elizabeth Campbell**⁶⁴ died in Died in Infancy.

18-**Elizabeth Maud Armstrong**⁶⁴ was born in 1910 and died in 1979 at age 69.

Elizabeth married **Dr. James Douglas Wright McCracken**, son of **Dr. James Smith McCracken**⁶⁴ and **Mary Jane Mills**. They had three children: **Judith Mary**, **Denys**, and **David Angus**.

19-**Judith Mary McCracken**⁶⁴ was born in 1933 and died in 1985 at age 52.

Judith married **James Sullivan**. They had two children: **Robert** and **Richard**.

20-**Robert Sullivan**

20-**Richard Sullivan**

19-**Denys McCracken**⁶⁴ was born in 1935 and died in 2010 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer. Emigrated to New Zealand.

Denys married **Ann Bolam**. They had three children: **Andrew**, **Bruce**, and **Christine**.

20-**Andrew McCracken**

20-**Bruce McCracken**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Christine McCracken

19-David Angus McCracken

David married **Maureen**. They had three children: **Islay**, **Morag Esther**, and **Shona**.

20-Islay McCracken

20-Morag Esther McCracken

20-Shona McCracken

17-Norman Clapham was born on 21 Apr 1872 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 31 Oct 1947 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Steamship Chartering clerk of Gateshead.

Norman married **Emma Beatrice Chapman**, daughter of **James Chapman** and **Jane Ann Mitchell**, on 1 Sep 1906 in Darlington, County Durham. Emma was born in 1881 in Heighington, County Durham and was christened on 2 Apr 1881 in Heighington Church. They had three children: **Norman James**, **Anthony**, and **Michael**.

18-Norman James Clapham was born on 3 Apr 1908 in Longbenton, Northumberland and died in 1964 at age 56.

18-Anthony Clapham was born in 1910 in Longbenton, Northumberland and died in 1973 at age 63.

18-Michael Clapham

17-Herbert Watson Clapham was born on 25 Apr 1873 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 26 Aug 1873 in Gateshead, County Durham.

17-Henry Clapham^{17,64} was born on 9 Apr 1880 in North Ashfield, Newcastle and died on 20 Jun 1940 in 53 Osborne Road, Newcastle at age 60.

Henry married **Jane Isabella Walworth**. They had two children: **Henry Calvert** and **Esther Mary**.

18-Lieut. Col. Henry Calvert Clapham^{17,39,64,68} was born on 30 Apr 1905 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1988 in Northumberland at age 83.

General Notes: Clapham.-Previously reported prisoner of war, later reported wounded and prisoner of war, Henry C. Clapham (1919-21), Major, Royal Artillery.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1919-1921 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Bank Inspector, Lloyds Bank in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

Henry married **Ingeborg Winge Stenersen**. They had one daughter: **Antoinette**.

19-Antoinette Clapham

Antoinette married **Olivier Lemens**. They had three children: **Nicholas**, **Cecilia**, and **Lucas**.

20-Nicholas Lemens

20-Cecilia Lemens

20-Lucas Lemens

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18-**Esther Mary Clapham**^{17,64} was born in 1908 and died in 1996 at age 88.

General Notes: Never married

16-**Anna Maria Clapham**^{8,17,69,70} was born on 2 Sep 1831 in Benwell Grove, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 22 Oct 1904 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 73.

Anna married **Richard Ball Rutter**,^{8,17,69,70,71} son of **Samuel Rutter**^{49,70} and **Elizabeth Ball**, on 3 Aug 1863 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Richard was born on 12 Jan 1826 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 18 Sep 1898 in Redland, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 72.

General Notes: Religious Tract Society Richard B. Rutter, 72 18 9mo. 1898

Redland, Bristol. A Minister.

Richard Ball Rutter was the son of Samuel and Elizabeth Rutter, and was born in Bristol in 1826. He was a younger member of a large family of sons and daughters, only one of whom survives him. His mother was a sister of the late William Ball, of Rydal. His grandfather, Thomas Rutter, was an esteemed minister in Bristol in the last century. There is scarcely any record of his early years. When he was quite young a love for poetry manifested itself, and being encouraged by his mother to learn pieces by heart, and having an excellent memory, his mind was stored with Scripture and hymns, and this was invaluable to him in later life. On the death of his father, when R. B. Rutter was nineteen years of age, the family removed to Shotley Bridge, Durham, and he found employment in a bank at Newcastle.

In 1854, with some other members of the family, he emigrated to Australia, and was furnished with a certificate of membership signed by upwards of thirty Friends of Newcastle Monthly Meeting, the list being headed by the venerable George Richardson.

The rough life of the colony was little suited to his taste, and he returned to Newcastle at the end of two years. Here he made his home for upwards of thirty years, and was again engaged in a bank in the town.

In 1863 he married Anna Maria Clapham, of Newcastle. It seems probable that between the time of his return to England and his marriage he experienced a marked change in his religious life, but he does not appear to have left any record of this. In 1860 he believed it right to be baptised and to partake of the " Supper," and deemed it his duty to send in his resignation of membership with Friends. This was not, however, accepted, and in after years his opinion on these points was entirely changed.

In later years R. B. Rutter was in the practice of writing a short summary of the principal events of the year, both public and private. From these records may be traced some of his religious experiences during the last thirty years of his life. He began to speak in meetings for worship at Newcastle in 1870, and was recorded a minister in the following year. At the close of that year is the following record : " In January, 1870, I repeated the First Psalm in meeting, and have continued to repeat passages of Scripture, sometimes with and sometimes without remarks. I hope to be allowed to continue this little work, though I do not always find it an easy or a pleasing duty. I began it principally for the sake of two near and dear persons. 1871 - I have continued to quote Scripture and make remarks in our meetings for worship during this year. What I now want is matter, experience, something to tell that is worth hearing, and that may do real good. This is to be obtained by deep inward work and fervent prayer." In 1874 a relative wrote to him : " I cannot tell thee the help thy ministry has been to me for months past."

Some years later he writes : " My idea of the relative importance of ministerial qualifications is : First, personal piety ; second, a call from God ; third, deep scriptural knowledge ; fourth, personal experience ; fifth, sympathy ; sixth, hunger for souls ; seventh, good sense and tact ; eighth, clear speech and free speech ; ninth, human learning." In the early years of the exercise of his gift he frequently alludes to the training of his voice.

R. B. Rutter was a man of impulsive temperament and much versatility, and the character of his ministry was no doubt influenced by his natural endowments. As was remarked in a notice in " The Friend," his style was highly original, sometimes almost dramatic, with illustrations culled from his own experience or reading. He often concluded with repeating a hymn in a very impressive manner. His reading was of a varied character, and in later years he studied Greek, in order to ascertain the true sense of the New Testament in the original tongue. Some of his friends might not always agree with all he said, but he may be truly described as a faithful minister of Jesus Christ.

A friend of R. B. Rutter's has furnished the following communication : " It is, I suppose, something like twenty-six years ago that our meeting at Newcastle was - I will not say agitated, but - gently swayed to and fro by a proposal to read the Bible in our meetings for worship. Most of the younger generation were in favour of the suggestion, but one or two of our oldest and most esteemed Friends deprecated the change. I need not say that this was not from any want of love for the Bible on their part, but only because they feared lest pre-arrangement and the institution of a Calendar of Lessons might interfere with the freedom and spirituality of our worship. After two or three meetings and conferences the matter was settled by the withdrawal of the proposal, as the young and middle-aged Friends felt that it would be selfish to press for a change which would evidently be so painful to their older brethren. We were richly rewarded for this little act of Christian courtesy. I think it was on the next Sunday after the first debate that Richard B. Rutter rose from his seat at the further end of the meeting, and repeated slowly and with deep feeling the magnificent sixty-third chapter of Isaiah (' Who is this that cometh from Edom with dyed garments from Bozrah?'). The effect was most impressive, far more so than any ordinary reading of the chapter. For Richard Rutter was, as we all now know, essentially a poet ; and more than most poets, he had studied not merely the composition but the right utter-ance of poetry. In his case Mrs. Browning's dictum was not true :

' Poets ever fail in reading their own verses to their worth, For the echo in you breaks upon the words which you are speaking, And the chariot wheels jar in the gate through which you drive them forth ' ; for he had a wonderful power of rendering both his own and other men's poetry with the right emphasis and intonation. Thus it was that the glorious poetry of Isaiah seemed to acquire fresh beauty and deeper significance when recited to us on that Sunday morning by our new minister. For some months, I think, R. B. Rutter mostly confined himself to the mere repetition of passages, sometimes pretty long passages, of Scripture. He had a splendid memory, strengthened by long practice in learning by heart the works of our English poets (I believe he could repeat many scenes, if not whole plays of Shakespeare) ; and, as he used often to say at this time, too modestly, ' I have but the one talent of memory, but I will devote that to the service of the Church.' How the one talent made many more like it : how the simple repetition of inspired Scriptures gradually grew into a most rich and varied 'gift in the ministry' I must leave other pens to describe. My mind goes back with gratitude, but also with sadness

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in the thought that I shall hear his voice no more, to that first delightful dawn of his ever helpful ministry."

About the year 1880, finding himself in a position to retire from business, and his health and that of his wife requiring a milder climate, they decided to take up their residence in his native city, and took a house at Elgin Park, Red- land. Here R. B. Rutter found scope for the exercise of the various gifts with which he was en- trusted. He divided his attendance between the old meeting at " The Friars " and the newly established one at Redland, which he regularly attended on First-day evenings; and it is rather a significant fact, that at the time the attendance at the latter meeting was much larger in the evening than in the morning. He was also a faithful pastor of the flock, and his visits to the sick, the infirm, and those in sorrow were much appreciated. He and his wife were in the habit of inviting young men to their house on First-days to tea ; and since his death his widow has received several testimonies to the value of this intercourse to those who were privileged to share in it.

He was, as is well known, a voluminous writer, principally of poetical pieces, published in " The Friend," " The British Friend," and the " Friends' Quarterly Examiner." His " Spiritual Diary " is no doubt in the possession of many Friends.

For many years up to about the year 1882 R. B. Rutter had been a regular attender of the Yearly Meeting ; but the action of the Society in reference to the Home Mission Committee met with his strong disapproval, as he considered it a departure from its principles in respect of payment of ministers. He felt so strongly on this subject that he thought right for a considerable period to vacate his seat in the ministers' gallery. This however did not interfere with his ministry to any great extent ; but he never resumed his attendance at the Yearly Meeting.

In 1883 he was much engaged in executor- ship affairs. In reference to this, he writes,

" I think I have been benefited spiritually by having been obliged to return to " business " as executor on a large scale ; there was a real danger of sinking into the mere religionist."

In 1880 or 1881 he was one of a committee of the Yearly Meeting appointed to visit the meetings of Friends in Ireland, and he crossed the Channel several times on this service.

Sidcot and its neighbourhood was a favourite resort, and his visits there were much appreciated by the Friends who were engaged in the school, and also by the children.

In 1886, he issued an epistle addressed " to the younger members of Bristol and Frenchay Monthly Meeting." It is too long to be introduced here in extenso, but the opening sentences may be quoted : - " We may well thank the Giver of every good that He has in great mercy visited the hearts of all ; and that so many of you earnestly desire to respond to His call for whole-hearted dedication to Him of both soul and body. Your older friends often feel that they can help you but little. He, however, can ' supply all your need,' and you know the privilege of access to the Father Himself through Jesus Christ the living way."

This letter was reprinted and circulated by some Friends of Birmingham Meeting who had formerly been members of Bristol and Somerset Quarterly Meeting.

R. B. Rutter appears to have taken a very humble view of his religious attainments, as will be seen from the subjoined memoranda : -

In 1889 he writes : "I want to write the truth, but the task is too difficult for me. I do not know where I am ; but I think I know better than ever that God is love. "

In 1893 : " What I have most to regret is a general dullness of soul ; a want, and I fear an increasing one, of spirituality. ' My soul cleaveth to the dust ; quicken Thou me.' "

In 1894 : "Gratitude to God has not been absent from my heart. If true religion consisted in deep feelings, I should have reason to despond, for I have but few ; but if it consists in an inward life and spirit, I think I may be glad. ' Keep Thou my feet.' - Amen."

In 1896 : "Though there may not have been any falling away in Christian living, yet the general tone of life has been unspiritual and material. . . . Strange mixture, a better life but less consciousness of God's presence."

In some of the records of earlier years he frequently alludes to besetting sins being overcome. He never speaks " as though he has already attained " ; but a growth in grace was undoubtedly experienced as years went on.

The following verses, dated 1862, are interesting as showing his state of feeling at the time :

PSALM III.

Lord how many cruel foes,
My conscience marshalls round me !
I see Thy book of doom unclosed,
My long-lost sins have found me.
And joy, alas ! has flown away
To hide in clouds above me ;
And fell despair has dared to say
That Thou hast ceased to love me.
While thus the tempter stood revealed,
And poised his darts before me,
The Lord Himself became my shield,
And spread His mantle o'er me.
My head He lifted while I wept ;
I told Him all that pained me ;
And soon I laid me down and slept,
And woke, for He sustained me.
Then let my faithless fear be gone,

For He who died to save me,
Will guide me as I journey on,
To gain the home He gave me.
'Tis built upon the living rock,
Whose steadfastness has shown me
That when the Shepherd folds His flock,
He will not fail to own me.

R. B. Rutter was never a strong man, and was subject to repeated attacks of illness ; but until about eighteen months before his death, he was able to employ himself as usual. During these months he was mostly confined to the house, but came downstairs for some part of the day. He much enjoyed the visits of his friends, and was able to enter into cheerful conversation ; and it was a privilege to sit with him on these occasions. At the close of the visit he would generally propose a time of prayer. The nature of his illness during the last few weeks was such as to preclude much expression ; but he was preserved in patience and in unfailing trust in his Redeemer to the end. " Peace, perfect peace, death shadowing us and ours ; Jesus has vanquished death and all its powers. It is enough, earth's struggles soon shall cease, And Jesus give us heaven's perfect peace."

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Australia.

15-**John Foster**^{8,17} was born in 1788 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria and died on 9 Jan 1818 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 30.

15-**Mary Foster**^{7,8,17,24,30,47} was born on 2 May 1790 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria and died on 6 Oct 1846 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland at age 56.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1802 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married **Robert Spence**,^{7,8,24,26,30,47,48,49} son of **Robert Spence**^{17,72} and **Sarah Walker**,^{17,72} on 29 Aug 1810 in FMH Brigflatts, Sedbergh. Robert was born on 10 Feb 1784 in Kirkby Malzard, Yorkshire and died on 17 Aug 1845 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland at age 61. They had 18 children: **Mary, Mary, Sarah, Elizabeth Foster, Rachel, Robert, John Foster, Joseph, Thomas, Jane, Ann, Margaret, Ann, Margaret, Hannah Maria, Frances, Emma**, and **Lucy Fisher**.

General Notes: Of North Shields

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper & Banker in North Shields, Northumberland.

16-**Mary Spence**¹⁷ was born on 4 Oct 1811 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 23 Oct 1811 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, and was buried on 24 Oct 1811 in North Shields, Northumberland.

16-**Mary Spence**^{17,49,73} was born on 16 Jan 1813 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 20 Nov 1873 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 60.

Mary married **James Watson**,^{17,29,49,73} son of **William Watson** and **Margaret**, on 12 Mar 1835 in FMH North Shields. James was born on 4 Apr 1810 in Hawick, Roxburghshire and died on 22 Apr 1861 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 51. They had 11 children: **William Lindsay, Mary, Margaret, Robert Foster, Emma, Edith, Alice, Anna, James, Ernest**, and **Emma Lindsay**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper in North Shields, Northumberland.

17-**William Lindsay Watson**^{7,17,47} was born on 15 Jan 1836 in North Shields, Northumberland, died on 7 Apr 1866 in Tigbourne Cottage, Hambledon, Surrey at age 30, and was buried in St. Peter's, Hambledon, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an apprentice Linen Draper to John Talwin Shewell in Tavern Street, Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Mercer in Westgate, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

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William married **Katharine Harris**,^{7,47} daughter of **Anthony Harris**^{28,49,51} and **Rachel Atkinson**,^{28,49} on 13 Aug 1863 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire. Katharine was born on 21 Apr 1840 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died in 1922 at age 82. They had two children: **Margaret Lindsay** and **Helen Lindsay**.

18-**Margaret Lindsay Watson**^{7,47} was born on 20 Oct 1864 in Hambledon, Surrey and died in 1940 at age 76.

Margaret married **Walter Shewell Corder**,^{7,47} son of **Alexander Corder**^{7,47,74,75} and **Lucy Watson**,^{7,47,74,75} on 26 Aug 1891 in Marton, Yorkshire. Walter was born on 27 Oct 1861 in Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died on 24 Jul 1933 in Rosella Place, North Shields, Northumberland at age 71. They had two children: **Eileen** and **Michael Westray**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manufacturing Chemist of 4 Rosella Place, North Shields.

19-**Eileen Corder**⁴⁷ was born on 31 Jul 1894 in North Shields, Northumberland.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1909-Jul 1912 in York, Yorkshire.

Eileen married **Stuart Burns Kent**. They had one daughter: **Sheila Westray**.

20-Sheila Westray Kent

19-**Michael Westray Corder**⁴⁷ was born on 12 Jun 1901 in North Shields, Northumberland.

Michael married **Norah Lewis**. They had four children: **David Spence**, **Robert Travers**, **John Shewell**, and **Anthony Lewis**.

20-David Spence Corder

20-Robert Travers Corder

20-John Shewell Corder

20-Anthony Lewis Corder

18-**Helen Lindsay Watson**^{39,46,47,75} was born on 25 Jun 1866 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died in 1948 at age 82.

Helen married **Percy Corder**,^{39,46,47,75} son of **Alexander Corder**^{7,47,74,75} and **Lucy Watson**,^{7,47,74,75} on 16 Aug 1893 in Marton, Yorkshire. Percy was born on 1 Apr 1863 in Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died on 15 Nov 1927 in Hindhead, Surrey at age 64. They had four children: **Clifford Percy**, **Terence Spence**, **Clive Shewell**, and **Rachel**.

General Notes: PERCY CORDER was born in 1863, being the third of five sons of Alexander and Lucy Corder, of Sunderland. This town remained his home up to the time of his marriage, after which he lived in Newcastle-on-Tyne. He was married in 1893 to Helen Lindsay Watson, of Middlesbrough. Three sons and a daughter were born to them, but the eldest died in infancy, and the next one, Terence, died in 1921 of fever in Mesopotamia, where he was serving in the army after the conclusion of the war. Of his childhood, it is reported that he would make his brothers play at elections, marching in procession and shouting " Corder for ever !" Another incident is of an old nurse leaving and saying tearfully, " Be kind to Pearcy, he may be led but he'll never be druv." He was educated at Wigton and afterwards at Bootham, where he remained from October, 1878, to June, 1880, becoming oldest boy. On leaving school he served his time as a solicitor under his uncle, Robert Spence Watson, of the firm of Watson and Dendy, Newcastle-on-Tyne. After qualifying, he went into partnership with Harry Benson, the firm of Benson and Corder continuing for 13 years. In 1899 an opportunity offered of returning as a partner to his uncle's firm, which then became Watson, Burton and Corder. His childhood's liking for politics developed and remained for long his great interest. He was a stalwart Liberal and a great admirer of Robert Spence Watson, the relationship helping him to an inside knowledge of, and a chance of participating in, the affairs of the party. He had, too, the keenest zest in all the fun of the game of politics. I have heard him tell how, in the great Liberal revival of 1880, while still at Bootham, he was allowed to go over to Leeds to hear John Bright speak; the meeting was so excited that two or three persons had failed to get a hearing, when Sir Wilfrid Lawson began in a hoarse voice, " Do you see that man in the white hat ? " Everyone turned to look at this unfortunate individual, concerning whom a funny and totally fictitious story was told; but it made the meeting listen, and the way was paved for the great orator to give his speech. He had many other humorous political recollections, many of them dating from before the Corrupt Practises Act of 1882, when elections were conducted more lavishly than now. On one occasion the Conservatives had hired all the cabs in Gateshead for polling day; a Sunderland bruiser employed by the Liberals, but acting doubtless without orders, met

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these cabs on the High Level Bridge and turned them all back. At a later election a threatening letter had been received by John Morley, so the same bruiser was engaged, unknown to the candidate, to shadow, and if need be protect, him throughout the day; after receiving his fee from Percy, the boxer remarked with a smile, " Do you know, I sent that letter myself ? " Percy Corder was Liberal agent for the Tyneside Division from 1888 to 1899, first for Wentworth Beaumont (afterwards Lord Allendale), and later for " Jack " Pease (now Lord Gainford). He also acted as agent for " Willie " Allan in a by- election at Gateshead. His more active political work had to be dropped when he became a partner in the firm of Watson, Burton and Corder, but his enthusiasm remained, both in opposition to the jingoism which accompanied the Boer War and in rejoicing over the Liberal victory of 1906. The cause of peace was always a very deep interest with him and he republished William Penn's suggestions for a league of nations. The Great War came to him, as to so many, as a very great shock, though his intimacy with some of the leading Liberals gave him a knowledge of facts denied to most. There must have been a very deep and painful wrench before he could throw himself unreservedly into support of the war, and it was certainly in no spirit of militarism that he did so, but in the desire for international law and order. He took the chair at a meeting very early on, when the idea of a league of nations was being explained and discussed. When the war was over his political interests seemed largely changed ; new associations had been formed and old ties broken ; he was even asked to stand as a Unionist candidate. Something may be put down to the natural conservatism of advancing years; something to his judgment, as a lawyer, that Lloyd George's increment tax was unworkable. But a remark made in the dark days of the Irish troubles as to how much might have been saved had Gladstone succeeded in the attempt to meet the aspirations of that country, showed that his funda- mental Liberalism was still there. Whatever his views, he took no further active part in politics, and gave his surplus energy to the cause of education and the building up of Armstrong College, of whose council he became vice-president. Much of the money for the new Students' Union and for the playing fields and pavilion was secured by him. He was also largely instrumental in interesting the trade- union leaders in the work of the college ; it is stated to-day that three-fourths of its students are drawn from the wage-earning classes. Probably the last public function he attended was the annual college conversazione, when an exhibition of its work is given by the students ; this exhibition is repeated again next day for the public, who go in crowds. The photograph shows Percy Corder in his robes for the honorary doctor's degree, Conferred on him by the University of Durham. He had a strong artistic side, and his small sketches and paintings showed what he might have done had he given his time to it. He was keenly alive to the beautifying of the city, and served on the committee of the public art gallery. When the Shipley bequest, a large collection of second- rate pictures, was offered to the city, together with a tempting sum of money to house them, he successfully opposed its acceptance. " Pilgrim House," the block of offices rebuilt by his firm, is a simple and dignified piece of architecture, though in too narrow a street to show properly. When the Newcastle- upon-Tyne Society was founded for the promotion of the city's amenities, it was to him that was given the task of seeking to remove from the Central Station some particularly unsightly advertisements, a task successfully accomplished after much tactful correspondence. For twelve years, from 1887-1899, he was secretary to the O.Y.S.A., then in its early days. All who were present at the meeting in 1900 will remember his valedictory address to his successor, Roger Clark, then just about to cross the Atlantic to be married-" like the Pilgrim Fathers, but they went for freedom " ; recalling, too, the American politician's reply to the inquiry whether he would attend the funeral of a great opponent, " I ain't agoing, but I highly approve of it." He served on the York Schools' Committee for some years, and at the time of the Centenary gave the opening address at the Old Boys' art exhibition. The Bootham Register gives a list of many other appointments held by him. His year as Under-Sheriff for the county of Northumberland brought the intensely trying duty of arranging for an execution. He wrote the " Life of Robert Spence Watson," a heavy piece of work, but a labour of love; it is well arranged, well written, and worthy of its subject. His professional mind judged of a thing mainly by what experience had showed to work well. He had a love of dignified ceremonial, of things done decently and in order, and of historic associations. But what one thinks of mostly was his constant geniality and wit, whether in his own home or in his lawyer's office; in the impromptu after luncheon discussions in " Committee Room No. 15 " of the Newcastle Liberal Club (alas, that the goodly fellowship of that room is now dispersed !); at Christmas family gatherings or in country walks, both in fair weather and foul. His health gave way rather suddenly about Christmas of 1926. I saw him one day in the following Summer, and though mind and body were both enfeebled the old geniality was still all there. Under doctor's advice a move to the south was planned and a house taken at Hindhead, in Surrey, but he was not himself able to take a share in the arrangements. He stood the journey itself rather better than expected, remaining in a hotel while the house was put in order; but only a few days after moving into his new home he died, on November 15th, 1927, at the age of 64. He is survived by his widow and a son and daughter. *L. R. Bootham Magazine - April 1928*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Hon. DCL.
- He was educated at The Friends' School, Brookfield in Wigton, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1878-1880 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Solicitor in 1 Collingwood Place, Newcastle.

19-Clifford Percy Corder⁴⁷ was born on 10 Oct 1895 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 15 Mar 1896 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and was buried in Jesmond Cemetery, Newcastle.

19-Terence Spence Corder⁴⁷ was born on 7 May 1897 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 13 Apr 1921 in Basra, Iraq at age 23.

General Notes: Served from 2 August 1915.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a 2nd Lt., Northumberland Brigade, Royal Field Artillery.

Terence married **Eileen Nelly Cooke**.

19-**Clive Shewell Corder**^{39,47,76} was born on 20 May 1900 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 28 Jan 1948 in Gatley, Cheshire at age 47.

General Notes: Corder.-On 28th January, 1948, at his home at Gatley, Cheshire, Clive Shewell Corder (1914-15), aged 47 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1914-1915 in York, Yorkshire.

Clive married **Fanny Laidlaw**.

19-**Rachel Corder**^{46,47} was born on 17 Aug 1902 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1976 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 74.

Rachel married **Leonard Alan Benson Morris** in 1929. Leonard was born on 21 Oct 1903 and died in Mar 1983 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 79. They had two children: **Katharine Lilian** and **Christopher Lindsay**.

20-**Katharine Lilian Morris**

20-**Christopher Lindsay Morris**

17-**Mary Watson**⁷⁷ was born on 15 Aug 1837 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 8 Nov 1858 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 21.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Friends' School, Brookfield in Wigton, Cumbria.

17-**Margaret Watson**^{17,73} was born on 30 Jan 1839 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 24 Sep 1858 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 19.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Friends' School, Brookfield in Wigton, Cumbria.

17-**Robert Foster Watson**^{17,49} was born on 15 Nov 1840 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 5 Mar 1845 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 4.

17-**Emma Watson**^{17,49} was born on 8 Aug 1842 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 10 Feb 1845 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 2.

17-**Edith Watson**^{7,17,47,78,79} was born on 24 Apr 1844 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 8 Oct 1893 in 1 Ashbrook Terrace, Sunderland at age 49, and was buried on 11 Oct 1893 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.

Edith married **Francis Corder**,^{7,47,78,79} son of **Thomas Corder**^{7,28,47,80,81,82} and **Mary Shewell**,^{7,28,47,80,82} on 23 Aug 1865 in FMH Newcastle. Francis was born on 27 Oct 1833 in Reeds Farm, Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex, died on 13 Mar 1907 in Asbrook Terrace, Sunderland at age 73, and was buried on 15 Mar 1907 in FBG Bishopwearmouth. They had five children: **Alice Mary**, **James Watson**, **Edith Frances**, **Jessie**, and **Ruth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grocer in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He was a Quaker.

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18-**Alice Mary Corder**⁴⁷ was born on 19 Oct 1866 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Alice married **John Henry Robinson**,⁴⁷ son of **Henry Robinson**^{7,47} and **Jane Love Colgate**,^{7,47} on 12 Aug 1892 in FMH Pardshaw, Cockermouth. John was born on 9 May 1866 in Lewisham, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Lanthwaite, Dartmouth Row, Blackheath, Kent.
- He was a Quaker but disowned for joining the Volunteers on 15 Oct 1901 in Southwark MM.

18-**James Watson Corder**^{39,47,83} was born on 2 Nov 1867 in Argyle Street, Sunderland and died on 15 Apr 1953 over Stowey, Somerset at age 85.

General Notes: Published on Thu Mar 15 09:34:11 GMT 2007

THE histories of families across Wearside are to be documented in a new project launched by Sunderland Antiquarian Society.

An appeal for people to send in their family trees was today made by the group's president, Douglas Smith, who said: "You don't need to have traced your family back hundreds of years, we are happy to hear from people who can go back just one or two generations."

The appeal follows the launch of a new project called Continuing Corder, aimed at picking up where the dedicated researcher left off in the 1940s.

James William Corder was inspired by George Bain, a founding father of Sunderland Antiquarian Society, to study local history in his early 20s.

He then devoted the next 40 years of his life to compiling 25 volumes on Sunderland families, detailing their births, deaths and marriages.

"By the time he read his first paper to the Antiquarians in 1931, Corder already knew all about the streets and buildings of the town," said Mr Smith.

"He was already compiling his volumes by this time too, but of course they went on and on, for there is never an end to family history!"

Today, Corder's unique record of Sunderland life, housed at the city's Central Library, provides a vital starting point for many genealogists.

"Anyone tracing their family history in Sunderland will be well aware of James Corder," said Mr Smith.

"What we want to do is take up where he left off and record the family trees of people across Sunderland now, so researchers in the future will benefit."

Corder, the son of a wholesale merchant, could trace his own roots back hundreds of years to Pebmarch in Essex, where his father Francis was born.

Francis later moved to Sunderland in 1863, following in the footsteps of his brother Alexander, who had set himself up as a draper in the town.

Later that same year, Francis married County Durham-born Edith Watson and James, their first child, was born in 1867. Four daughters followed.

"Not much is known about Corder himself, although some of his education seems to have taken place at the Bootham School in York," said Mr Smith.

"He never married and most of his life must have been entirely taken up with genealogy and local history."

Corder began delving into Sunderland's history at the end of the 19th century, copying the registers of three ancient churches during his research.

He also used information provided by registers held by several Presbyterian chapels in the town, as well as trade directories and marriage licence bonds.

"From his comments, it would seem that he also made personal approaches to families for information too," said Mr Smith.

"Where he could, from this mess of dates, he constructed pedigrees with notes on the origin of families and the date of their first entry into the town.

"The letter A alone covers 90 surnames. His comments on each range from a single page to over 50, as in the case of the names Brown and Thompson."

Corder's knowledge of the intermarriage of families was immense, as can be seen in his volume on Friends Pedigrees, dealing with Quaker families.

His books did not, however, just contain dry information. He often spiced up details with potentially libellous comments on certain families.

Corder dubbed one man a "worthless nonentity", another "a habitual drunkard". Others had "dissipated habits" or were of "unsatisfactory character".

"With these pithy and somewhat scurrilous comments it is no wonder these volumes long lay behind the librarian's counter," said Mr Smith.

"But now, with the passing of time and litigation worries, they are readily available once again and heavily used by people researching their heritage."

The project to create a "new" Corder manuscript was prompted by the huge popularity of tracing family trees - one of the UK's fastest-growing hobbies.

"But what do you do with your ancestors when you have finished your reseach? After all, you don't want all that work to be lost when you become an ancestor yourself," said Mr Smith.

"The aim of our project therefore is to preserve your information for future generations of researchers, in the form of another Corder-like book."

Members of the Antiquarians have already deposited copies of their own pedigrees - otherwise known as family trees - in the society's archives.

But now Mr Smith is anxious to widen the research by including as many people from across Sunderland as possible.

"Whether you belong to Sunderland, came here from elsewhere or were born here and have now moved, we would like to hear from you," he said.

"Just think of the interest your family tree will rouse in future family researchers in 50 to 100 years' time, when the world will be very different."

A life devoted to the people of Sunderland

HOUR after hour, week after week, year after year - James William Corder devoted almost his whole life to researching Sunderland's history.

As the privately-educated only son of a merchant tradesman, Corder could probably have taken his pick of careers.

But instead, he chose to document the lives of Sunderland's families, leaving behind a unique legacy of social history which still intrigues today.

"He was absolutely dedicated to his cause," said Douglas Smith, president of Sunderland Antiquarian Society. "He worked and worked and worked."

Corder spent years searching church records, trade directories, marriage licence bonds and parish registers to compile his 25 volumes of details.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

And as well as his family records, Corder also chronicled Sunderland's streets, buildings, churches and industries in a further 36 volumes. "With all this detailed and intricate work, it is hardly surprising that his eyesight began to fail in later life," said Mr Smith. Corder eventually retired in the late 1940s, donating his many volumes of research to Sunderland Central Library. Just a few years later, he left Sunderland for Over Stowey in Somerset, where he died in a nursing home in 1953, at the age of 85. "Corder's volumes were his legacy to the people of Sunderland," said Mr Smith. "We would be very interested in hearing about any memories of Corder, or talking to descendents of him."

CORDER.— On ijth April, 1953, at Bridgwater, Somerset, James Watson Corder (1882-84),aged 85 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1882-1884 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Wholesale Provision Merchant in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Historian in 1 Ashbrook Terrace, Sunderland.

18-**Edith Frances Corder**^{39,47,84} was born on 14 Mar 1870 in 1 Ashbrook Terrace, Sunderland.

Edith married **George Bennett Gibbs**,^{39,47,84,85} son of **George Sleight Gibbs**^{47,86} and **Isabella Smith Binney**,^{47,86} on 26 Jun 1900 in FMH Sunderland. George was born on 3 Jan 1864 in Haughton le Skerne, County Durham and died on 17 May 1937 in Easington, County Durham at age 73. They had three children: **Selma Katharine, Frances Marjory**, and **Patrick Bennett**.

General Notes: GIBBS.-On May 17th, at Easington, Co. Durham, George Bennett Gibbs (1879), aged 73 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1879 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 3 Ashbrook Crescent, Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a member of Pease & Partners and J & J W Pease in 1881-1894 in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Secretary to the Sunderland and South Shields Water Co.. In 1899-1935 in Sunderland, County Durham.

19-**Selma Katharine Gibbs**³⁹ was born in 1901.

19-**Frances Marjory Gibbs**^{39,84} was born on 29 Jun 1905 in Sunderland, County Durham.

General Notes: GIBBS.-On the 29th June, 1905, at Sunderland, Edith Frances, wife of G. B. Gibbs (1879), a daughter, who was named Frances Marjory.

19-**Patrick Bennett Gibbs**³⁹ was born on 16 Sep 1909 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in Feb 1998 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1923-1927 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Physical Training College in 1928-1930 in Silkeborg, Denmark.
- He worked as a Schoolmaster.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Erdington, Warwickshire.

Patrick married **Eveline Mary Barker**³⁹ in 1932 in York, Yorkshire. Eveline was born in 1908 in Sheffield, Yorkshire.

18-**Jessie Corder**^{47,79} was born on 18 Dec 1871 in 1 Ashbrook Terrace, Sunderland and died on 26 Aug 1945 in Ambleside, Cumbria at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1888-Jun 1890 in York, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- She was a Quaker.

Jessie married **John Harold Mounsey**,^{26,47,87} son of **John Wilfred Mounsey**^{26,39,47,66,86,87,88,89,90} and **Mary Charlotte Green**,^{26,39,47,86,87,88} on 27 Jun 1899 in FMH Sunderland. John was born on 12 Jan 1873 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 8 Dec 1951 in Ambleside, Cumbria at age 78. They had two children: **Edith Ursula** and **Wilfred Edmund**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in West Lawn, Sunderland.

19-**Edith Ursula Mounsey** was born on 16 Jul 1900 and died in 1920 at age 20.

19-**Wilfred Edmund Mounsey**^{39,90,91,92,93,94,95,96} was born on 8 Dec 1902 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 2 Sep 1995 in Cumbria at age 92.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1916-1921 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge in 1922-1925.
- He worked as a Schoolmaster, Doncaster Grammar School from 1926 in Doncaster, Yorkshire.

Wilfred married **Muriel Grace Dymond**,^{39,91,93,94,95,96,97} daughter of **Walter Dymond**^{39,90,97,98,99,100} and **Helen Marian Denton**,^{98,99} on 22 Dec 1926 in FMH Ilkley. Muriel was born on 3 Jan 1904 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 30 Jan 1996 at age 92. They had two children: **John Dymond** and **Hester Ann Dymond**.

Marriage Notes: MOUNSEY-DYMOND.-On December 22nd, at Ilkley, W. E. Mounsey (1916-21), of Sunderland, to Muriel Grace Dymond, of Ilkley. MOUNSEY-DYMOND.— On 21st December, 1926, at the Friends' Meeting House, Ilkley, Wilfred Edmund Mounsey (1916/21), to Muriel Grace Dymond. MOUNSEY-DYMOND.— On 21st December, 1926, at the Friends' Meeting House, Ilkley, Wilfred Edmund Mounsey (1916-21) to Muriel Grace Dymond (The Mount 1918-22). (Helsington Lodge, Brigsteer, Kenddal, Cumbria.)

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Helsington Lodge, Brigsteer, Kendal, Cumbria.

General Notes: DYMOND.-On the 3rd January, 1904, at Ilkley, the wife of Walter Dymond (1882-5), a daughter, who was named Muriel Grace.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1918-1922 in York, Yorkshire.

20-John Dymond Mounsey

John married **Christine Ann Rushworth**. They had two children: **Graham Matthew** and **Mary Nicola Dymond**.

21-Graham Matthew Mounsey

Graham married **Jane Anne McComb**. They had two children: **Hamish M. T.** and **Owen J. X.**

22-Hamish M. T. Mounsey

22-Owen J. X. Mounsey

21-**Mary Nicola Dymond Mounsey**¹⁰¹ was born on 19 Jun 1964 and died in 2005 at age 41.

General Notes: Update from Graham Mounsey 7/9/2010

Descendants of Thomas Forster

MOUNSEY.— On 19th June, 1964, to Christine (Rushworth) and John D. Mounsey (1943-48), a daughter,, Mary.

20-**Hester Ann Dymond Mounsey**

Hester married **William Alfred Willink**, son of **Derek Edward Willink** and **Joan Leslie Smallwood**. They had three children: **Daniel Patrick**, **Helen Jessica**, and **Priscilla Marian**.

21-**Daniel Patrick Willink**⁶⁶ was born on 17 May 1961 and died in May 2002 at age 41.

General Notes: Suicide

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1974-1975 in York, Yorkshire.

Daniel married **Maria Rose Frankham**. They had ten children: **Daniel Thomas William**, **Josie**, **Samantha Jane**, **Sunny Dymond**, **Rhiannon**, **Jesse James**, **Sirin Annabel**, **James**, **Nicholas John**, and **Thomas Stewart**.

22-**Daniel Thomas William Willink**

22-**Josie Willink**

22-**Samantha Jane Willink**

22-**Sunny Dymond Willink**

22-**Rhiannon Willink**

22-**Jesse James Willink**

22-**Sirin Annabel Willink**

22-**James Willink**

22-**Nicholas John Willink**

22-**Thomas Stewart Willink**

21-**Helen Jessica Willink**

Helen married **James Stewart Walker**.

21-**Priscilla Marian Willink**

Priscilla married **Nurettin Yilmaz**.

18-**Ruth Corder**^{47,79} was born on 7 May 1875 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1958 at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1890-Dec 1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

17-**Alice Watson**^{17,79} was born in 1846 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1935 at age 89.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Friends' School, Brookfield in Wigton, Cumbria.
- She was a Quaker.

Alice married **Edmund Procter**,^{4,7,79} son of **Joseph Procter**^{4,7,70,102,103} and **Elizabeth Carr**,^{4,7,70,102,103,104} on 28 Jul 1869 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Edmund was born on 21 Dec 1839 in Willington Mill, North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1895 at age 56. They had four children: **Alan**, **Stephen**, **Basil**, and **Phyllis**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Miller in Low Barton, Northumberland.
- He was a Quaker.

18-**Alan Procter**⁴ was born in 1871 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

18-**Stephen Procter**^{4,39,105} was born in 1873 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 6 Feb 1939 at age 66.

General Notes: Procter.-On 6th February, Stephen Procter (1888-90), aged 65 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888-1890 in York, Yorkshire.
- He resided at 2 Otterburn Villas in 1935 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

18-**Basil Procter**^{4,39,68} was born on 26 Jun 1876 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 18 Aug 1943 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 67.

General Notes: Procter.-On 18th August, at Edinburgh, Basil Procter (1890-93), aged 67 years.

Basil Procter was born on 26 June 1876. he was articled to Frank West Rich in Newcastle upon Tyne 1894-97, remaining with him as assistant until 1899. Thereafter he studied in Italy from two months as assistant, followed by a study tour of England 1900-1901 aimed at competing for the Pugin and Soane awards. In 1902 he spent six months with Andrew Noble Prentice, followed by a study tour of Engadine, Italy, Sicily and Bavaria in 1902-03; he then spent a year and three quarters in Paris, that period including five months experience with Charles Breffendille and three months with Georges Chedannes as assistant.

In 1905 he commenced independent practice in Newcastle-upon-Tyne but moved to 18 Whitcomb(?) Street, Leicester Square, London in 1906. he remained in practice there until September 1915 when the office closed.

Proctor's nomination form makes no mention of war service but his mental health would seem to have been affected by it as he was a patient at Crichton Hall, Dumfries when he sought membership of the RIBA as a licentiate on 13 February 1931, his proposers being Frederick Charles Eden and Andrew Noble Prentice.

At that date Procter stated that he had resumed practice. Initially this appears to have been in London, but about 1938-39 he moved house and practice to 10 Forth Street, Edinburgh to supervise the completion of the reconstruction of Castle Huntly in Perthshire. He was admitted FRIBA on 8 September 1941, his proposers being J Donald Mills and J Murray Easton.

http://www.scottisharchitects.org.uk/architect_full.php?id=407795

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRIBA.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1890-1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Articled architect to Frank West Rich in 1894-1897 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as an Architect in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Service.
- He worked as an Architect in 1938 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

18-**Phyllis Procter**^{4,79} was born on 21 Jan 1879 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1893-Dec 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

Phyllis married **William Douglas**.

17-**Anna Watson**¹⁷ was born in 1847 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 22 Aug 1923 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 76. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Friends' School, Brookfield in Wigton, Cumbria.

17-**James Watson**^{17,60,79} was born on 5 Jul 1850 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 13 Sep 1936 in Rosella Place, North Shields, Northumberland at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Shipowner and broker in Rosella Place, North Shields, Northumberland.
- He worked as an a Quaker.

James married **Maria Clibborn**,^{60,79} daughter of **Barclay Clibborn**^{11,21,106} and **Elizabeth Cherry**,^{21,106} on 18 Jun 1874. Maria was born in 1847 and died in 1914 at age 67. They had five children: **Mary, James Clibborn, Kenneth, Winifred**, and **Bryan**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.

18-**Mary Watson**⁷⁹ was born on 18 Mar 1875 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1925 at age 50.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1890-Jun 1892 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

18-**James Clibborn Watson**⁶⁰ was born in 1877 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 14 Oct 1881 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 4.

18-**Kenneth Watson**^{107,108} was born in 1879 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1953 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in North Shields, Northumberland.

Kenneth married **Josephine Clephan**,^{107,108} daughter of **Capt. Robert Coltman Clephan** and **Elizabeth Spence**,¹⁷ on 17 Jun 1911 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Josephine was born in 1881 in Tynemouth, Northumberland. They had one daughter: **(No Given Name)**.

Marriage Notes: WATSON-CLEPHAN.-On the 17th June, 1911, at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Kenneth Watson (1895), of North Shields, to Josephine Clephan, of Tynemouth.

19-**Watson**¹⁰⁸ was born on 18 May 1912 in Tynemouth Place, Tynemouth, Northumberland.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

General Notes: WATSON.-On the 18th May, 1912, at Tynemouth Place, Tynemouth, Josephine (Clephan) wife of Kenneth Watson (1895), a daughter .

18-**Winifred Watson** was born in 1881 in North Shields, Northumberland.

18-**Bryan Watson** was born in 1883 in North Shields, Northumberland.

17-**Ernest Watson**¹⁷ was born on 11 Aug 1852 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 8 Apr 1894 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 41, and was buried in Live Oak Memorial Park, Monrovia, California, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to California, USA.

Ernest married **Charlotte Elliott** on 18 Oct 1880. Charlotte was born in 1860 and died in 1942 at age 82. They had three children: **Denis Elliott, William Renny**, and **Edith Mary**.

18-**Denis Elliott Watson** was born in 1881 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

18-**William Renny Watson** was born in 1887 and died on 12 Dec 1918 at age 31.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.

William married **Margaret Ruth Shelley**, daughter of **Spencer Shelley** and **Mary Renny Watson**.

18-**Edith Mary Watson**

17-**Emma Lindsay Watson**^{2,17,39,41,79} was born on 27 Apr 1855 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 14 May 1902 in Ben Rhydding, Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire at age 47.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.

Emma married **Prof. Henry Richardson Procter**,^{2,4,39,41,79,109} son of **John Richardson Procter**^{110,111} and **Lydia Richardson**,¹¹⁰ on 20 Oct 1874. Henry was born on 6 May 1848 in Low Lights, Earsden, North Shields and died in 1927 in Newlyn, Penzance, Cornwall at age 79. They had three children: **Margaret Lindsay, John Clifford**, and **Ernest**.

General Notes: Professor Henry Richardson Procter, M.Sc, F.I.C., F.C.S. AN APPRECIATION. IT is by no means easy to write a well-balanced appreciation of a man whom you have known intimately and admired greatly, when in the fulness of time he has passed from the ranks of active workers ; but it presents peculiar difficulties in the case of one whose academic career has only come to an end by the application of an age limit of sixty-five, and who is young and agile enough to tackle the North Climb on the Pillar Rock or scramble like a he-goat over the face of Dow Crag! It may be questioned whether of all those who have passed through Bootham School and become famous in Politics, Science or Art, more than one, or two at the most, have made so solid and enduring a contribution to the world's store of knowledge as Professor Procter. To some of our readers it might seem that teaching tanning in a grimy Yorkshire town was a somewhat limited and humdrum affair of comparatively little importance; but "Procter of Leeds" has shown, as few men in our time have done, what the teaching of applied chemistry ought to be, and has made the city of his adoption the Mecca of all those engaged throughout the civilized world in one of the most ancient and important of industries. One wonders how far the qualities that have ensured this result are inherited ? On both his father's and his mother's side he is descended from the great Quaker clan of Richardson, which from its ancient tannery home at Whitby has pervaded the North-East coast, and for generations provided it with great captains of industry-millers and tanners, shipbuilders and engineers. For more than twenty years Procter assisted his father in the management of the old Richardson tannery at the Low Lights in North Shields, all the time keeping himself abreast of the advances in scientific knowledge, especially those made on the Conti- nent, and in 1885 he published the first of a series of books which are now accepted as classics, his well- known " Text Book of Tanning." When some of the leading English tanners, backed by the Skinners' Company of London, decided about twenty-two years ago to found a chair of Leather Industries at Leeds University the one man in England to whom they turned by common consent was Henry Richardson Procter. At that time the methods of the leather trade, dependant as it is on a series of chemical operations, were chiefly empirical and haphazard; it has been Professor Procter's work to bring order out of chaos, to substitute exact scientific methods for rule-of- thumb practice ; and in his splendidly equipped and brilliantly conducted laboratory at Leeds to train a band of students who have flocked there from America and Hungary, India and Japan, and the uttermost parts of the earth. If I were asked what are the qualities which have been chiefly

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responsible for Procter's unique success I should say that in addition to untiring industry and a healthy scepticism, he has what so many professors lack-a long and laborious business training, a wide knowledge of German thought and literature, a lively imagination (as his delightful water-colour sketches testify), and a philosophic courage in face of adversity. In June last, on the termination of his career as Professor of Leather Industries, his colleagues and students at Leeds University marked their sense of gratitude and indebtedness by entertaining him to dinner at the Great Northern Hotel, Leeds, and presented him with a barograph, thermometer, arm- chair and cafetiere. In addition his portrait, painted by his son Ernest Procter, would it was hoped be ready for presentation when the Procter Research Laboratory was opened. This last and singularly appropriate memorial of his connection with the University will be the freewill offering of his admirers in all parts of the world, and will enable the " Altmeister," as German chemists call him, to continue those researches in chemistry and physics which are of so great importance and value not only to the leather industry but to science generally. It is needless to quote here the speeches made on this occasion by his friends and colleagues (a full account of the dinner will be found in the " Leather Trades Review" of June 11th , 1913), but I may fitly end this note with the words of one of his foreign students:-"Happy diversions in his lectures, and his unfailing willingness to admit them to his wonderful store of knowledge in friendly and unconventional chats, took away all the dullness that might otherwise be found in such matters as ' adsorption curves ' and ' molecular networks ' ; and they would go away not only feeling well repaid for their educational venture, but with a joyful satisfaction in having personally known a man whom they have long admired as a scientist and whom they have learned to love as a friend. And as they went out in the world to seek their fortunes they were encouraged by the confidence that their knowledge of the foundations of the science of leather manufacture had been obtained under the guidance of their chief builder, Professor Procter, and they were inspired by a vivid and pleasant remembrance of a disinterested and tireless worker, and an ideal English gentleman." WSC

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MSc FIC FCS FRS.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1862-1865 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Royal College of Chemistry and School of Mines in 1872-1873.
- He worked as a Professor of the Leather Industries Department. Yorkshire College and Victoria University in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Professor of Applied Chemistry. University of Leeds.
- He was a Quaker.
- He resided at Rowangarth in Ben Rhydding, Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Freeman of the City of London.

18-**Margaret Lindsay Procter**⁷⁹ was born on 3 Nov 1877.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1894-Jun 1895 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Capt. John Clifford Procter**^{4,39,112,113,114} was born in 1882 in Acomb, York, Yorkshire and died on 20 Aug 1941 in Outgate, Ambleside, Cumbria at age 59.

General Notes: Another architectural triumph in which a Bootham Old Scholar shared is illustrated on the opposite page. John C. Procter, A.R.I.B.A. (1895-99), was successful, in conjunction with Mr. Butler Wilson, F.R.I.B.A., in winning the competition for one of the triumphal arches erected in Leeds for the King's visit in July. Only nine days were allowed for the design and erection, and as the arch was 65 feet high, several people had to work rather hard. We are informed that there was room for both the architects to sit inside the crown on the top, but that only one of them wanted to.

Procter.— On 20th August, at Outgate, Ambleside, John Clifford Procter (1896-99), aged 59 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC FRIBA.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1896-1899 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Leeds in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Captain and Adjutant, 13th Battalion, Gloucester Regiment in 1914-1919 in France and Flanders.
- He worked as an Architect in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He resided at 40 Clarendon Road in 1935 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

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John married **Marguerite I. C. Senior**. They had two children: **Paula Cantrell** and **John Richardson**.

19-**Paula Cantrell Procter**^{39,112} was born on 16 Jul 1924 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in Sep 2000 in York, Yorkshire at age 76.

General Notes: PROCTER.-On July 16th, Daisy, wife of John C. Procter, (1896-9), a daughter, who was named Paula Cantrell.

Paula married **George H. Lambert**.

19-**John Richardson Procter**^{39,113} was born in Mar 1926 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1987 at age 61.

General Notes: PROCTER.— In March, Daisy, wife of John C. Procter, a son.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1940-1942 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Ernest Procter**^{2,4,39,115} was born on 22 May 1886 in Tynemouth, Northumberland, died on 21 Oct 1935 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 49, and was buried in St. Hilary, Marazion, Cornwall.

General Notes: ERNEST PROCTER, A.R.A.

In the premature death of Ernest Procter (1899-1902) the world of art in England has suffered a severe loss, and Bootham Old Scholars have to mourn a brilliant member, one who could accurately be described " distinguished," for his art was not merely a clever or successful swimming with the stream of current fashion, but the expression of an original mind. I was not privileged to enjoy much personal knowledge of him, meeting him only occasionally-as for example at meetings of the New English Art Club and at the Centenary of Bootham in 1923, where he exhibited a number of remarkable heads of Asiatics made, I believe, when he was painting decorations for an Indian prince - but I had a great admiration for his ability as a draughtsman and his fertility in design. The work that I remember most clearly was a wonderful rendering of the signs of the Zodiac in which the Ram, the Bull, the Heavenly Twins and all the rest chased one another playfully and delightfully round the celestial circle. But his realistic renderings of popular subjects were also admirable. It would, I think, be hard to find a more interesting and brilliant couple in the world of painters than Ernest and Dod Procter, and our sympathy for Mrs. Procter will be deep and intense. JOSEPH SOUTHALL. *Bootham magazine - December 1935*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with RA.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1899-1902 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Leeds School of Art.
- He was educated at Atelier Colarossi in Paris, France.
- He worked as a Painter and Illustrator.
- He was a Quaker.

Ernest married **Doris (Dod) Margaret Shaw**,^{2,39,115} daughter of **Dr. Frederick Charles Shaw**² and **Eunice Mary Richards**, on 9 Apr 1912 in St. Paul's, Newlyn, Cornwall. Doris was born on 21 Apr 1890 in 7 Greencroft Gardens, Hampstead, London, died on 31 Jul 1972 in North Corner, Newlyn, Cornwall at age 82, and was buried in St. Hilary, Marazion, Cornwall. They had one son: **Willmott Ayton**.

General Notes: Procter [née Shaw], Doris Margaret [Dod] (1890'961972), painter, was born at 7 Greencroft Gardens, Hampstead, London, on 21 April 1890, the only daughter of Frederick Charles Shaw, a ship's doctor, and his wife, Eunice Mary, née Richards (b. 1859/60), an artist who had studied at the Slade School of Fine Art, London. When Doris was young the family moved to Tavistock, Devon, where Dr Shaw died. They moved again in 1907 to Myrtle Cottage, Newlyn, Cornwall, and Doris studied painting under Stanhope Forbes at his Meadow Studios in the town during 1907'968. Fellow students there were Ernest Procter, her future husband, and Laura Knight, a lifelong friend, who described Doris as 'a charming young thing, with a brilliant complexion, enormous dark eyes and long slender legs - swift and active as a gazelle' (L. Knight, Oil Paint and Grease Paint, 1936, 161-2).

In 1910'9611 Doris Shaw studied painting at the Atelier Colarossi in Paris, following the advice of Ernest Procter (1886-1935), who was already there. Ernest was born on 22 May 1886 at Tynemouth, Northumberland, the second son of Henry Richardson Procter (1848-1927), who became head of the leather industries department at Leeds University and professor of applied chemistry there, and his wife, Emma Lindsay, née Watson. After attending the Quaker school, Bootham, at York he enrolled at Leeds Art School about 1905-6 and then studied at the Stanhope Forbes Art School, Newlyn, before entering the Atelier Colarossi. Doris and Ernest returned to Newlyn in 1912 and married on 9 April at Paul parish church; they travelled to Paris and Versailles for their honeymoon. On their return to Newlyn they rented Dunton House, where their

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only child, Bill, was born in February 1913. Also in 1913 they had their first joint exhibition of watercolours at the Fine Art Society in London. By 1923 they had moved to North Corner, Newlyn, an old fisherman's cottage. Here, in unlikely circumstances, they created a magical garden, with grottoes and brilliant patches of coloured planting, all surrounded and protected by a high granite wall. Doris lived here until her death in 1972, and the garden was the subject of many of her paintings.

In 1919 both painters were invited to paint murals for the Kokine Palace in Rangoon, Burma, belonging to the Chinese millionaire Lim Ching Tsong. They travelled to Rangoon in December 1919 and worked at the palace for a year, assisted by Burmese, Indian, and Chinese craftsmen. Shortly after her return to England, Doris began a series of portraits of young women, depicted in simplified, rather sculptural forms. She sent her work to mixed exhibitions at the Leicester Galleries, London, from 1913 to 1935. She first sent a painting to the Royal Academy Summer Exhibition in 1913, a Versailles subject inspired by her honeymoon visit. In 1916 and 1917 she sent flower paintings and in 1922 a Burmese scene. But from 1923 she sent paintings of women. She also began exhibiting under the androgynous name of Dod rather than Doris.

In 1926 Dod and Ernest Procter had their second joint exhibition, this time at the Leicester Galleries. In 1927 Dod's painting Morning (Tate collection), which depicted Cissie Barnes, the daughter of a Newlyn fisherman, asleep on a bed, was voted the picture of the year at the Royal Academy Summer Exhibition. It was bought for the nation by the Daily Mail newspaper. On Dod's return to Newlyn from visiting the opening of the exhibition at the Royal Academy, flags were hung in celebration of her success and she was led home from the station by a silver band. Morning was so popular with the public that it was toured round regional galleries in Britain, being seen by 60,638 visitors at Birmingham City Art Gallery during February 1928. It was sent to New York on the ship Queen Elizabeth, and on its return it was given to the Tate Gallery. A two-page illustrated article entitled 'Painting the picture of the year' describes the artist thus:

Not very tall, slight and dark, modern looking and extremely feminine ... [with] her shingled head, her pearl stud earrings, slim, silk-stockinged legs and neat feet ... her legs crossed, her large dark eyes reflective, a long, thin, black cigarette holder in her extremely sensitive, slender hand ... surround an outstanding personality illuminated brilliantly from within when art, which is the real business of her being, is under discussion. Then there is clarity and conviction in everything she says. (Tate collection, archives)

As a result of Dod's successes at the Royal Academy summer exhibitions during the second half of the 1920s, the Procters rented a flat in London, first at 26 Stanley Gardens, Belsize Park, then at 32 Elsworthy Road, Primrose Hill. In 1929 the Royal Academy Summer Exhibition jury rejected Dod's painting Virginal, a full-length nude figure of a young woman, and she sent it instead to the Leicester Galleries. The genitals of the young woman were visible, and this was probably the reason for its rejection. However, she was elected an associate of the Royal Academy in 1934, a rare distinction for a woman painter, and only the third woman in the academy's history. She was made a Royal Academician in 1942.

In the 1930s Dod Procter continued to paint her favourite subject of women, but her style became softer and more painterly. She joined the New English Art Club and showed with them between 1929 and 1932. Two paintings were bought for the nation under the terms of the Chantrey Bequest during the 1930s (The Orchard, 1934, and Kitchen at Myrtle Cottage, 1935; Tate collection) and one by the Contemporary Art Society in 1931. Procter contributed regularly to the prestigious Carnegie Institute's international exhibitions at Pittsburgh, and in May 1935 she was given a show at the Carl Fischer Gallery in New York. Ernest Procter died on 21 October 1935 in North Shields, Northumberland, and after his death Dod started to travel, both for work and for pleasure. She visited Canada and America in 1936; the Canary Islands in 1938 and 1946; Tenerife in 1938 and 1939; and Jamaica four times in the 1950s. On many of these travels she was accompanied by the painter Alethea Garstin, a close friend. She painted in Ireland during the Second World War, and her subjects at this time included flower pieces. Dod died in Newlyn on 31 July 1972, and was buried alongside her husband, Ernest, in the churchyard of St Hilary nearby. Her work is in Oldham Art Gallery; the Laing Art Gallery, Newcastle upon Tyne; the Atkinson Art Gallery, Southport; the City Museum and Art Gallery, Stoke-on-Trent; Penlee House Gallery, near St Ives, Cornwall; and the Tate collection.

Judith Collins

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with RA.
- She was educated at studied painting with Stanhope Forbes.
- She was educated at Atelier Colarossi in Paris.
- She had a residence before 1923 in Dunton House, Newlyn, Cornwall.
- She had a residence after 1923 in North Corner, Newlyn, Cornwall.
- She worked as a Painter and Illustrator.

19-**Willmott Ayton Procter**^{2,39} was born in Feb 1913 in Dunton House, Newlyn, Cornwall.

16-**Sarah Spence**^{4,7,8,28,33,47,63} was born on 13 Apr 1814 in North Shields, Northumberland, died on 15 Aug 1871 in Bensham Grove, Gateshead, County Durham at age 57, and

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was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Sarah married **Joseph Watson**,^{4,7,8,28,33,47,59,63} son of **Joshua Watson**¹¹⁶ and **Esther Watson**,¹¹⁶ on 12 Mar 1835 in FMH North Shields. Joseph was born on 4 Sep 1807 in St. John's, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 14 Dec 1874 in Bensham Grove, Gateshead, County Durham at age 67, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne. They had 12 children: **Lucy, Robert Spence, Esther Mary, Joseph, William Joshua, Sarah Jane, Emily, Charles John, Helen, Sarah Anna, Herbert, and Gertrude**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor in Gateshead, County Durham.

17-**Lucy Watson**^{7,47,74,75} was born on 1 Jan 1836 in Claremont Place, Newcastle-upon-Tyne and died on 26 Jul 1918 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Jan 1849-Dec 1850 in York, Yorkshire.

Lucy married **Alexander Corder**,^{7,47,74,75} son of **Thomas Corder**^{7,28,47,80,81,82} and **Mary Shewell**,^{7,28,47,80,82} on 20 Jul 1859 in FMH Newcastle. Alexander was born on 21 Sep 1831 in Widford Hall, Essex and died on 9 Dec 1924 in Carlton Terrace, Sunderland at age 93. They had five children: **Robert Watson, Walter Shewell, Percy, Herbert, and Ernest**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper of 1 Carleton Terrace, Sunderland.

18-**Robert Watson Corder**⁴⁷ was born on 28 May 1860 in Bensham Road, Gateshead, County Durham and died on 17 Mar 1930 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 31 Cuba Street, Sunderland, County Durham.

Robert married **Lily Gray Vaux**,⁴⁷ daughter of **Horatio Ralph Vaux**, on 17 Sep 1890 in Trinity Presbyterian, Sunderland. Lily was born in 1860 in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada and died in 1930 at age 70. They had two children: **Arnold** and **Dorothy**.

19-**Arnold Corder**⁴⁷ was born on 24 Oct 1891 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 26 May 1915 in Ypres, Belgium at age 23, and was buried in Boulogne, Pas de Calais, France.

General Notes: Joined the 7th Durham Light Infantry on 6th September 1914; served in the European war; died at Boulogne, France, 26 May 1915, from wounds received near Ypres, Flanders, on Whit-Monday, 24th May 1915,.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Private. 7Th Bn. Durham Light Infantry.

19-**Dorothy Corder**⁴⁷ was born on 4 Aug 1893 in The Grove, Sunderland.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jul 1909-Aug 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Walter Shewell Corder**^{7,47} was born on 27 Oct 1861 in Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died on 24 Jul 1933 in Rosella Place, North Shields, Northumberland at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manufacturing Chemist of 4 Rosella Place, North Shields.

19-**Eileen Corder**⁴⁷ was born on 31 Jul 1894 in North Shields, Northumberland.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1909-Jul 1912 in York, Yorkshire.

20-Sheila Westray Kent

19-Michael Westray Corder⁴⁷ was born on 12 Jun 1901 in North Shields, Northumberland.

20-David Spence Corder

20-Robert Travers Corder

20-John Shewell Corder

20-Anthony Lewis Corder

18-Percy Corder^{39,46,47,75} was born on 1 Apr 1863 in Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died on 15 Nov 1927 in Hindhead, Surrey at age 64.

General Notes: PERCY CORDER was born in 1863, being the third of five sons of Alexander and Lucy Corder, of Sunderland. This town remained his home up to the time of his marriage, after which he lived in Newcastle-on-Tyne. He was married in 1893 to Helen Lindsay Watson, of Middlesbrough. Three sons and a daughter were born to them, but the eldest died in infancy, and the next one, Terence, died in 1921 of fever in Mesopotamia, where he was serving in the army after the conclusion of the war. Of his childhood, it is reported that he would make his brothers play at elections, marching in procession and shouting " Corder for ever !" Another incident is of an old nurse leaving and saying tearfully, " Be kind to Percy, he may be led but he'll never be druv." He was educated at Wigton and afterwards at Bootham, where he remained from October, 1878, to June, 1880, becoming oldest boy. On leaving school he served his time as a solicitor under his uncle, Robert Spence Watson, of the firm of Watson and Dendy, Newcastle-on-Tyne. After qualifying, he went into partnership with Harry Benson, the firm of Benson and Corder continuing for 13 years. In 1899 an opportunity offered of returning as a partner to his uncle's firm, which then became Watson, Burton and Corder. His childhood's liking for politics developed and remained for long his great interest. He was a stalwart Liberal and a great admirer of Robert Spence Watson, the relationship helping him to an inside knowledge of, and a chance of participating in, the affairs of the party. He had, too, the keenest zest in all the fun of the game of politics. I have heard him tell how, in the great Liberal revival of 1880, while still at Bootham, he was allowed to go over to Leeds to hear John Bright speak; the meeting was so excited that two or three persons had failed to get a hearing, when Sir Wilfrid Lawson began in a hoarse voice, " Do you see that man in the white hat ? " Everyone turned to look at this unfortunate individual, concerning whom a funny and totally fictitious story was told; but it made the meeting listen, and the way was paved for the great orator to give his speech. He had many other humorous political recollections, many of them dating from before the Corrupt Practises Act of 1882, when elections were conducted more lavishly than now. On one occasion the Conservatives had hired all the cabs in Gateshead for polling day; a Sunderland bruiser employed by the Liberals, but acting doubtless without orders, met these cabs on the High Level Bridge and turned them all back. At a later election a threatening letter had been received by John Morley, so the same bruiser was engaged, unknown to the candidate, to shadow, and if need be protect, him throughout the day; after receiving his fee from Percy, the boxer remarked with a smile, " Do you know, I sent that letter myself ? " Percy Corder was Liberal agent for the Tyneside Division from 1888 to 1899, first for Wentworth Beaumont (afterwards Lord Allendale), and later for " Jack " Pease (now Lord Gainford). He also acted as agent for " Willie " Allan in a by- election at Gateshead. His more active political work had to be dropped when he became a partner in the firm of Watson, Burton and Corder, but his enthusiasm remained, both in opposition to the jingoism which accompanied the Boer War and in rejoicing over the Liberal victory of 1906. The cause of peace was always a very deep interest with him and he republished William Penn's suggestions for a league of nations. The Great War came to him, as to so many, as a very great shock, though his intimacy with some of the leading Liberals gave him a knowledge of facts denied to most. There must have been a very deep and painful wrench before he could throw himself unreservedly into support of the war, and it was certainly in no spirit of militarism that he did so, but in the desire for international law and order. He took the chair at a meeting very early on, when the idea of a league of nations was being explained and discussed. When the war was over his political interests seemed largely changed ; new associations had been formed and old ties broken ; he was even asked to stand as a Unionist candidate. Something may be put down to the natural conservatism of advancing years; something to his judgment, as a lawyer, that Lloyd George's increment tax was unworkable. But a remark made in the dark days of the Irish troubles as to how much might have been saved had Gladstone succeeded in the attempt to meet the aspirations of that country, showed that his funda- mental Liberalism was still there. Whatever his views, he took no further active part in politics, and gave his surplus energy to the cause of education and the building up of Armstrong College, of whose council he became vice-president. Much of the money for the new Students' Union and for the playing fields and pavilion was secured by him. He was also largely instrumental in interesting the trade- union leaders in the work of the college ; it is stated to-day that three-fourths of its students are drawn from the wage-earning classes. Probably the last public function he attended was the annual college conversazione, when an exhibition of its work is given by the students ; this exhibition is repeated again next day for the public, who go in crowds. The photograph shows Percy Corder in his robes for the honorary doctor's degree, Conferred on him by the University of Durham. He had a strong artistic side, and his small sketches and paintings showed what he might have done had he given his time to it. He was keenly alive to the beautifying of the city, and served on the committee of the public art gallery. When the Shipley bequest, a large collection of second- rate pictures, was offered to the city, together with a tempting sum of money to house them, he

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successfully opposed its acceptance. " Pilgrim House," the block of offices rebuilt by his firm, is a simple and dignified piece of architecture, though in too narrow a street to show properly. When the Newcastle- upon-Tyne Society was founded for the promotion of the city's amenities, it was to him that was given the task of seeking to remove from the Central Station some particularly unsightly advertisements, a task successfully accomplished after much tactful correspondence. For twelve years, from 1887-1899, he was secretary to the O.Y.S.A., then in its early days. All who were present at the meeting in 1900 will remember his valedictory address to his successor, Roger Clark, then just about to cross the Atlantic to be married-" like the Pilgrim Fathers, but they went for freedom " ; recalling, too, the American politician's reply to the inquiry whether he would attend the funeral of a great opponent, " I ain't agoing, but I highly approve of it." He served on the York Schools' Committee for some years, and at the time of the Centenary gave the opening address at the Old Boys' art exhibition. The Bootham Register gives a list of many other appointments held by him. His year as Under-Sheriff for the county of Northumberland brought the intensely trying duty of arranging for an execution. He wrote the " Life of Robert Spence Watson," a heavy piece of work, but a labour of love; it is well arranged, well written, and worthy of its subject. His professional mind judged of a thing mainly by what experience had showed to work well. He had a love of dignified ceremonial, of things done decently and in order, and of historic associations. But what one thinks of mostly was his constant geniality and wit, whether in his own home or in his lawyer's office; in the impromptu after luncheon discussions in " Committee Room No. 15 " of the Newcastle Liberal Club (alas, that the goodly fellowship of that room is now dispersed !); at Christmas family gatherings or in country walks, both in fair weather and foul. His health gave way rather suddenly about Christmas of 1926. I saw him one day in the following Summer, and though mind and body were both enfeebled the old geniality was still all there. Under doctor's advice a move to the south was planned and a house taken at Hindhead, in Surrey, but he was not himself able to take a share in the arrangements. He stood the journey itself rather better than expected, remaining in a hotel while the house was put in order; but only a few days after moving into his new home he died, on November 15th, 1927, at the age of 64. He is survived by his widow and a son and daughter. *L. R. Bootham Magazine - April 1928*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Hon. DCL.
- He was educated at The Friends' School, Brookfield in Wigton, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1878-1880 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Solicitor in 1 Collingwood Place, Newcastle.

19-**Clifford Percy Corder**⁴⁷ was born on 10 Oct 1895 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 15 Mar 1896 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and was buried in Jesmond Cemetery, Newcastle.

19-**Terence Spence Corder**⁴⁷ was born on 7 May 1897 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 13 Apr 1921 in Basra, Iraq at age 23.

General Notes: Served from 2 August 1915.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a 2nd Lt., Northumberland Brigade, Royal Field Artillery.

19-**Clive Shewell Corder**^{39,47,76} was born on 20 May 1900 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 28 Jan 1948 in Gatley, Cheshire at age 47.

General Notes: Corder.-On 28th January, 1948, at his home at Gatley, Cheshire, Clive Shewell Corder (1914-15), aged 47 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1914-1915 in York, Yorkshire.

19-**Rachel Corder**^{46,47} was born on 17 Aug 1902 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1976 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 74.

20-**Katharine Lilian Morris**

20-**Christopher Lindsay Morris**

18-**Herbert Corder**^{7,47} was born on 6 Jun 1864 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 24 Sep 1937 in Whinyeat, Endmoor, Cumbria at age 73, and was buried in Preston Patrick, Milnthorpe, Cumbria.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper of 1 Carlton Terrace, Sunderland.

Herbert married **Mary Grace Dymond**,^{7,47} daughter of **Joseph John Dymond**^{7,28,117} and **Hester Maria Grace**,^{7,28,117} on 13 Mar 1890 in FMH Ilkley. Mary was born on 5 Jul 1867 in Otley, Yorkshire and died in 1940 at age 73. They had four children: **Philip, Mildred Grace, Stephen**, and **Joan**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1882-Jun 1884 in York, Yorkshire.

19-**Philip Corder**^{2,39,44,47,118,119,120,121} was born on 5 Mar 1891 in 10 Kensington Terrace, Sunderland, County Durham and died on 29 May 1961 in Northampton, Northamptonshire. In hospital. at age 70.

General Notes: Philip Corder who died on May 29th, 1961 will be remembered chiefly by members of the O.Y.S.A. as being Senior English master at Bootham from 1918 to 1938. Some will also remember him leading a group of boys in the archaeological investigation of the Crambeck site-off the Malton road, near Castle Howard-a site which proved to have been a Roman pottery factory. Philip Corder was born in 1891 of a Sunderland Quaker family and was at Bootham from 1904 to 1907. On leaving he went to Bristol University and studied mechanical engineering and from there to Cambridge, taking a Medieval and Modern Language tripos. Whilst teaching at Bootham he pursued his archaeological interests, stimulated at Crambeck, and excavated a number of other sites in East Yorkshire. His scholarship and enthusiasm won him recognition as a leading authority in Roman Archaeology in Britain and in 1938 he took up the Curatorship of the Roman Museum at St. Albans. In 1943 he left St. Albans to go to Burlington House where he was appointed Secretary to the Society of Antiquaries. He was already editor of the Archaeological Journal, and was later awarded an Honorary Degree of D.Litt, by the University of Cambridge in recognition of his scholarship. At Burlington House he also edited the Antiquaries Journal, Archaeologia and Research Reports, and was made President of the Royal Archaeological Institute from 1954 to 1957. He is affectionately remembered for his gay and charming personality, and respected for his scholarship by those who knew him at Bootham and in his later activities.

CORDER.— On 28th May, 1961, in hospital at Northampton, after a sudden illness while driving on the M1 road, near Northampton, Philip Corder, M.A. , LITT.D. (1904-07 and Master at Bootham 1918-38), aged 70 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA DLitt (Hon.) FSA PRAI.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1904-1907 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Teacher and Senior English Master at Bootham School in 1918-1938 in York, Yorkshire.

Philip married **Johanna Adriana van der Mersch**,^{2,39,44,47,118,119,120} daughter of **Hugo Maurits van der Mersch**⁴⁷ and **Cornelia Catharina Clifford**, on 23 Dec 1915 in FMH Jordans, Buckinghamshire. Johanna was born on 6 Jul 1887 in Heerewegen, Zeist, Netherlands and died in 1967 at age 80. They had three children: **Maurits Clifford, Stephen Pitje**, and **Antony Spence**.

Marriage Notes: CORDER-VAN DER MERSCH.-On the 23rd December, 1915, at Jordans, Philip Corder (1904-7), of Sunderland, to Johanna Adriana van der Mersch, of Heerewegen, Zeist, Holland.

20-**Maurits Clifford Corder**^{39,90,119,122,123} was born on 22 Oct 1916 in Northampton, Northamptonshire and died in 1997 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 81.

General Notes: CORDER.-On the 22nd October, 1916, Johanna (née van der Mersch), wife of Philip Corder (1904-7), a son, who was named Maurits Clifford.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1930-1935 in York, Yorkshire.

Maurits married **Betty Calverley**. They had four children: **Simon, William P., Henry Clifford**, and **Nicola**.

- 21-**Simon Corder**
- 21-**William P. Corder**
- 21-**Henry Clifford Corder**

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21-Nicola Corder

20-Prof. Stephen Pitje Corder^{2,39,44,66,124,125,126,127,128} was born on 6 Oct 1918 in 4 Bootham Terrace, York, Yorkshire, died on 26 Jan 1990 in Burnside Cottage, Braithwaite, Cumbria at age 71, and was buried in PBG Pardshaw, Cockermouth, Cumbria. Another name for Stephen was Prof. Pit Corder.

General Notes: Corder, Stephen Pit (1918– 1990), linguistic scholar, was born on 6 October 1918, at 4 Bootham Terrace, York, the second of the two sons of Philip Corder (b. 1885), schoolmaster, and his wife, Johanna Adriana van der Mersch (b. 1887). His father was English and his mother Dutch. Pit, as he was known to colleagues, attended the Quaker school, Bootham, in York. At Merton College, Oxford (1936– 9), he read modern languages. Corder's father belonged to an old Quaker family and was himself a master at Bootham School. After Oxford, Corder taught at Ayton (Quaker) school until he was called up for military service in the Second World War. Having registered as a conscientious objector, he was awarded exemption conditional on his working with the Friends' Ambulance Unit (FAU). He served with the FAU throughout the war period in Finland and Egypt. In 1946 Corder married Nancy Proctor (b. 1916). Second cousins, they maintained his mother's house in the Lake District during their years abroad. They had two sons and a daughter.

After the war Corder joined the British Council, and served in Austria, Turkey, Colombia, and Jamaica. At the time the council was rapidly expanding its English teaching operations worldwide. For this purpose it needed a cadre of specialists. Corder's background in language studies and his own interest in the work led in 1957 to his joining the newly established school of applied linguistics in the University of Edinburgh to study for the postgraduate diploma in applied linguistics. After that year he was seconded for a period to the Nigerian ministry of education in order to develop language teaching materials for television. Then in 1961 he was outposted by the British Council to the University of Leeds, where Peter Strevens, with whom he had served in the FAU, was developing postgraduate training in English language teaching. In 1964 he resigned from the British Council on appointment as director of the school of applied linguistics at the University of Edinburgh. There he remained for the rest of his career, serving successively as senior lecturer, professor of applied linguistics, head of the department of applied linguistics, and head of the very large department of linguistics, which had more than thirty academic staff. He was a founder member of the British Association of Applied Linguistics, following Peter Strevens as its second chair, president of the International Association of Applied Linguistics for two successive periods of three years each, a member of the British Council's English teaching advisory committee, and the first holder of a university chair in applied linguistics in the UK (and possibly in the world). He was promoted to a personal chair in 1971 and was created emeritus professor on retirement in 1983.

The Edinburgh school (later department) of applied linguistics had been set up in the late 1950s with government funding under the Colombo plan to provide at an advanced level research-based training for English teachers from the former colonies. Corder quickly brought together a young and enthusiastic team of academic researchers, and with them developed the influential teaching materials that became internationally known through the four volumes of the Edinburgh Course in Applied Linguistics, published by Oxford University Press (1973– 7). As academic applied linguistics swiftly expanded to other universities, many of Corder's students were appointed to lead the new departments.

Corder's publications chart his own intellectual development, moving from the very traditional (and successful) textbook *An International English Practice Book* (1960), through the early attempt to integrate language teaching with situation in *The Visual Element in Language Teaching* (1966), on to the magisterial defining of a coherent linguistic discipline in *Introduction to Applied Linguistics* (1973), and finally to the innovative cognitive approach in his later papers, brought together in *Error Analysis and Interlanguage* (1981). It was these papers in which he offered a view of language learning that captured the imagination of researchers internationally, providing them with a rationale for investigation that remains hugely productive. What Corder pointed to was both daring and obvious, but he was the first to provide the necessary explanation: namely, that the learning of a second or foreign language is developmental, that it follows a sequence that can be checked, and that it can be studied by analysing the errors that learners make. These errors, he insisted, are signs of positive thinking rather than of negative inadequacy. Corder's claim that the learner's language, which, following a seminal paper by Larry Selinker (1972), he termed 'interlanguage', is a language in its own right is now generally accepted.

In spite of the esteem of his colleagues in British applied linguistics, in the late 1970s and 1980s Corder seems to have found himself increasingly isolated intellectually. In part this reflected his growing dissatisfaction with the British tradition of English language teaching, to which applied linguistics was initially attached and which Corder himself had done so much to promote in his early career and in the Edinburgh Course in Applied Linguistics. That approach he came to see as finally wanting, considering that its attempt to marry bits of theory to practical issues was ultimately incoherent. What was needed, he seems to have thought, was a proper marriage between practice and theory. His dissatisfaction also reflected both his own excitement in ideas, his moving on always to new ventures, and his lack of interest in anything empirical, whether in practice or in research. Language teaching as such did not engage him, thereby absolving his students and younger scholars from any responsibility for the ever-increasing gap between language teaching practice and language acquisition research. Neither was he personally excited by research. That he left to his students. What really mattered to Corder was the sudden poetic or artistic insight, 'the incision of inspiration which cut through the clutter of established thought' (Widdowson, vi).

Corder's ideas were influential but he did not establish a 'school'. He inspired by example and by his own intellectual curiosity. He belonged to a very British tradition of speculative curiosity. His hobbies showed that, just as much as did his intellectual interests. His craftsmanship in wood, his music, and his home-making and family were as important to him as his career. He was a man of conviction, clear about his place in the world. That is why he could move from one phase of his career to another with finality. After a series of mild heart attacks he retired in 1983, and when he and his wife moved back to the Lake District he donated all his academic books to his department. They and the rest of his academic life had provided a temporary vehicle for his speculation. He did not look back. Corder died of a heart attack on 27 January 1990 at his home, Burnside Cottage, Braithwaite, near Keswick. He was survived by his wife and children.

Alan Davies

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CORDER.— On 6th October, 1918, at York, Johanna Adriana (van der Mersch), wife of Philip Corder (1904-7), a son, who was named Stephen Pitt. STEPHEN PIT CORDER Stephen Pit Corder was at Bootham between 1932 and 1936. His Oxford studies were interrupted by service with the Friends' Ambulance Unit , and after a brief period in school teaching he spent the next 15 years with the British Council overseas. However, he preferred the academic side and left in 1961 for university teaching, first in Leeds University and then, for the last 20 years of his career, in Edinburgh where he became Professor of Applied Linguistics. His chair, his prominence in professional associations for applied linguistics, and his publications gave him international leadership. He retired from academic life in 1982 to live at the family home in the Lake District and died suddenly on 27th January 1990. He is survived by his wife, Nancy, and by his three children, of whom Nicholas and Mattheew followed him to Bootham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1927-1932 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1932-1936 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Merton College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Professor of Applied Linguistics, Edinburgh.

Stephen married **Nancy Procter**^{2,66,124,125,126,127} on 25 Apr 1946 in FMH Wilmslow. Nancy was born in 1916, died on 21 Jan 2004 at age 88, and was buried on 6 Feb 2004 in FBG Pardshaw, Cockermouth, Cumbria. They had three children: **Nicholas Pit, Harriet**, and **Matthew**.

Marriage Notes: Corder-Procter.-On 25th April, 1946, at the Friends' Meeting House, Wilmslow, Stephen Pit Corder (1932-36), to Nancy Procter.

21-**Nicholas Pit Corder**

21-**Harriet Corder**

21-**Matthew Corder**

Matthew married **Elizabeth Anne Lill**, daughter of **M. J. Lill**.

20-**Antony Spence Corder**^{66,76,95,120,129,130} was born on 15 Nov 1923 in York, Yorkshire and died on 26 Jun 1975 at age 51. The cause of his death was of an illness that began when he was in Nigeria.

General Notes: CORDER.-On November 15th, Johanna, wife of Philip Corder (1904-7), a son, who was named Antony Spence. CORDER.-On 26th June, 1975, after a short illness, which had begun in Nigeria, Antony Spence Corder (1935-40), aged 51 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1935-1940 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer.

Antony married **Margery Toone**. They had two children: **Stephen Herbert** and **Julia Alexander**.

21-**Stephen Herbert Corder**

21-**Julia Alexander Corder**

19-**Mildred Grace Corder**^{3,47,109,131,132,133,134} was born on 15 Oct 1892 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1963 at age 71.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Jul 1910 in York, Yorkshire.

Mildred married **Francis Longstreth-Thompson**,^{39,47,109,131,135} son of **Francis Thompson**^{3,39,47,135,136} and **Emma Florence Mills**, on 18 Jul 1913 in FMH Jordans, Buckinghamshire. Francis was born on 3 May 1890 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 19 Mar 1973 in Hawksdown, Walmer, Kent at age 82. Another name for Francis was Francis Longstreth Thompson.^{3,132,133,134,137,138} They had four children: **Barbara Longstreth, Ann Longstreth, Mary Longstreth**, and **Francis**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Michael Longstreth.

Marriage Notes: THOMPSON-CORDER.-On the 18th July, 1913, at Jordans , Francis Longstreth Thompson (1904-6), of Croydon, to Mildred Grace Corder, of Sunderland.

SILVER WEDDING

Thompson-Corder.— On 18th July, 1913, at the Friends' Meeting House, Jordans, Francis Longstreth Thompson (1904-6) to Mildred Grace Corder.

General Notes: LONGSTRETH-THOMPSON, Francis

OBE 1948, BScEng London, FRICS, MICE

Born 3 May 1890; s of Francis Thompson and Emma Florence Pepler (née Mills); changed his surname by deed poll, from Thompson to Longstreth-Thompson in 1964; m 1st, 1913, Mildred Grace Corder (d 1963); one s three d; 2nd, 1964, Olga Mary Radcliff; died 19 March 1973

Past President and Member Council of Town Planning Institute, 1924'9657; Planning Consultant in private practice, 1914-44; County Planning Adviser for Essex, 1944-55; Member Executive Committee, Council for the Preservation of Rural England

EDUCATION Bootham Sch., York; University College, University of London. Chadwick Gold Medallist in Municipal Engineering (University College, London);

articled to Messrs Stothert and Pitt of Bath and W. T. Douglass, MInstCE, of Westminster

CAREER Asst Engineer Port of London Authority, 1912-13; Resident Engineer on Ridham Dock for Rendel, Palmer and Tritton, 1913-14; work in France for Friends War Victims Relief Cttee, 1917-18; Asst Architect Housing, Ministry of Health, 1919'9621; in private practice as Town Planning Consultant in Westminster, 1922-44;

Adviser to Witwatersrand and Pretoria Jt Town Planning Cttee (S. Africa), 1934-39; and (with Prof. Thornton White) to Govt of Union of South Africa, in connection with Foreshore Reclamation Scheme at Cape Town, 1940; Member Advisory Cttee, appointed by LCC in 1930 in connection with proposed Charing Cross Bridge;

Consultant for numerous Regional and Town Planning Schemes in England, Newfoundland, South Africa and Southern Rhodesia, 1923-40; appointed in 1943 by Minister of Town and Country Planning to prepare a planning scheme for Merseyside; Chairman Technical Cttee of Advisory Cttee for London Regional Planning;

Member Terminal Railway Station Commission, Durban, 1948; Chairman County Planning Officers Society, 1947-54; Member Planning Cttee, County Councils Assoc., 1946-55. Coronation Medal, 1953

PUBLICATIONS Site Planning in Practice, 1923; Cape Town Foreshore Scheme, 1940; Merseyside Plan, 1944; numerous Regional Planning Reports; articles on

Town Planning, Encyclopædia of Local Government Law, 1940, and elsewhere

RECREATIONS Books, sketching, The Times Crossword

CLUB Athenæum

ADDRESS Bobbins, Hawksdown, Walmer, Kent Deal 2904

LONGSTRETH-THOMPSON.'97On 19th March, 1973, at his home at Hawksdown, Walmer, Kent, after a long illness, Francis Longstreth--Thompson (1904-06), O.B.E., aged 82 years. Past President of the Town Planning Institute.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE BScEng FRICS MInstCE.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1904-1906 in York, Yorkshire.
- Miscellaneous: Changed his name by deed poll, 1964.
- He worked as a Planner.

20-**Barbara Longstreth Thompson**^{96,137,139} was born in 1916 and died on 25 Aug 2003 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1930-1934 in York, Yorkshire.

Barbara married **Christopher Gibson Moulton**,^{39,137,139,140} son of **Percy Allen Moulton**³⁹ and **Elsie Gibson**, on 7 Jan 1939 in FMH Purley, Surrey. Christopher was born in 1913 in Wakefield, Yorkshire and died on 5 Dec 1971 in Norton, Wakefield, Yorkshire at age 58.

Marriage Notes: Moulton-Thompson.-On 7th January, at the Friends' Meeting House, Purley, Christopher Gibson Moulton (1927-30), to Barbara Longstreth Thompson.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in The Cottage, Pledwick, Wakefield, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

General Notes: MOULTON.-On 5th December, 1971, suddenly, at his home at Norton, near Wakefield, Christopher Gibson Moulton (1927-30), aged 58 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1927-1930 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Articled Clerk to Incorporated Accountant in 1935.
- He resided at 72 Manygates Lane in 1935 in Sandal, Wakefield, Yorkshire.

Barbara next married **John Benn Righton Sootheran**,^{39,96} son of **John Gerald Sootheran** and **Hilda Grace Sootheran**, on 7 Jul 1977. John was born in 1916 in Raskelf, Yorkshire and died in 2010 at age 94.

Marriage Notes: SOOTHERAN-MOULTON.-On 7th July, 1977, John Benn Righton Sootheran (1930-34) to Barbara (Longstreth Thompson) Moulton (The Mount 1930-34).

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Morton House School in 1921-1930 in Flamborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1930-1934 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Bank Clerk with the Midland Bank in 1935 in Hull, Yorkshire.

20-**Ann Longstreth Thompson**¹³² was born on 27 Nov 1918 in Sunderland, County Durham.

General Notes: THOMPSON,-On the 27th November, 1918, at Sunderland, Mildred G. (Corder), wife of F. Longstreth Thompson (1904-6), twin daughters, who were named Mary Longstreth and Ann Longstreth.

Ann married **Dennis Nixon**.

20-**Mary Longstreth Thompson**¹³² was born on 27 Nov 1918 in Sunderland, County Durham.

General Notes: THOMPSON,-On the 27th November, 1918, at Sunderland, Mildred G. (Corder), wife of F. Longstreth Thompson (1904-6), twin daughters, who were named Mary Longstreth and Ann Longstreth.

Mary married **Arthur Urwin**.

20-**Prof. Francis Michael Longstreth Thompson**^{131,133,137,141} was born on 13 Aug 1925 and died on 23 Aug 2017 at age 92.

General Notes: THOMPSON.-On August 13th, to Mildred, wife of Francis Longstreth Thompson (1904-6), a son, who was named Francis Michael Longstreth.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE PRHistS.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1938-1942 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Historian.

Francis married **Anne Longstreth Challoner**, daughter of **Maj. John Lovibond Challoner**. They had three children: **Francis Jonathan Longstreth**, **Suzanna Jane**, and **Matthew Longstreth**.

21-Francis Jonathan Longstreth Thompson

Francis married **Lady Venetia Katherine Parker**, daughter of **Lt. Col. John St. Aubyn Parker 6th Earl of Morley** and **Johanna Katherine Molesworth-St. Aubyn**. They had one son: **Francis Thomas**.

22-Francis Thomas Thompson

21-Suzanna Jane Thompson

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-Matthew Longstreth Thompson

19-**Stephen Corder**^{39,44,47,136,137,142,143} was born on 18 Mar 1895 in 10 Kensington Terrace, Sunderland and died on 24 Mar 1964 in Low Weasdale, Kirby Stephen, Cumbria at age 69.

General Notes: CORDER.-On 24th March, 1964, at his home at Low Weasdale, Kirby Stephen, Stephen Corder (1909-11), aged 69 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1905-1909 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1909-1911 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Insurance Broker.

Stephen married **Agnes Grace Dobrashian**,^{39,44,136,142,143} daughter of **Dr. Gabriel Sukias Dobrashian**^{142,144,145} and **Gertrude Martha Gillett**,^{142,144,145} on 8 Jul 1918 in FMH Harlesden. Agnes was born on 25 Mar 1894 in Constantinople, Turkey and died in 1976 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 82. They had two children: **Richenda Grace** and **Herbert Alexander "Alec"**.

Marriage Notes: ORDER-DOBRASHIAN.-On 8th July, 1918, at the Friends' Meeting House, Harlesden, Stephen Corder (1909-11), of Sunderland, to Agnes Grace Dobrashian, of Harlesden.

20-**Richenda Grace Corder**^{136,142} was born on 20 Mar 1923 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in Dec 2006 in Worcester, Worcestershire at age 83.

General Notes: CORDER.-On March 20th, Grace, wife of Stephen Corder (1909-11), a daughter, who was named Richenda Grace.

Richenda married **Charles S. Ferguson**¹⁴² on 29 Mar 1945 in Dumbarton. Charles died before 1950.

Richenda next married **Roger Brazier**. They had three children: **Rachel Richenda**, **Christine Ruth**, and **Vanessa**.

21-Rachel Richenda Brazier

Rachel married **Martin G. Wyatt**.

21-Christine Ruth Brazier

Christine married **Andrew A. Campbell**. They had two children: **Lucy Richenda** and **Grace Eleanor**.

22-Lucy Richenda Campbell

22-Grace Eleanor Campbell

21-Vanessa Brazier

20-**Herbert Alexander "Alec" Corder**^{143,146,147} was born on 3 May 1925 in Sunderland, County Durham, died in 1983 in Derwentwater, Cumbria at age 58, and was buried in St. Oswald's Church, Ravenstonedale, Cumbria.

General Notes: CORDER.-On May 3rd, Grace, wife of Stephen Corder (1909-11), a son, who was named Herbert Alexander.

HERBERT ALEXANDER (ALEC) CORDER

Died suddenly while walking on the fells above Derwentwater in July 1983. He was at Bootham from 1937 to 1941 and then went to study mechanical engineering at Loughborough. Although the early part of his professional life was occupied in engineering and insurance, he soon turned to his real love and in 1948 he started the Weasdale Nurseries near Kirkby Stephen. Here he grew hardy shrubs and trees at an altitude of 850 ft. , establishing a national reputation in this specialised field. He leaves a widow, Mary, and two children, David and Rosemary.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1937-1941 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Nurseryman and founder of the Weasdale Nurseries in Newbiggin on Lune, Cumbria.

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- He had a residence in Newbiggin on Lune, Cumbria.

Herbert married **Elizabeth Mary Beeley**. They had two children: **David Alexander** and **Rosemary Anne**.

21-Dr. David Alexander Corder

21-Rosemary Anne Corder

19-**Joan Corder**^{39,47,148,149} was born on 1 Dec 1899 in 1 Carlton Terrace, Sunderland and died in 1981 at age 82.

Joan married **Kenneth Richardson Pumphrey**,^{39,137,148,149} son of **Thomas Walter Pumphrey**^{39,74,150} and **Emily Knight**,^{39,74} on 12 Oct 1929. Kenneth was born in 1895 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 8 Feb 1964 at age 69. They had two children: **Rachel Harrisson** and **Jennifer Dymond**.

Marriage Notes: PUMPHREY-CORDER.-On October 12th, Kenneth Richardson Pumphrey (1908-12), to Joan Corder.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Preston Patrick Hall, Milnthorpe, Cumbria.

General Notes: PUMPHREY.-On 8th February, 1964, Kenneth Richardson Pumphrey (1908-12), aged 68 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1906-1908 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1908-1912 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Farmer in Preston Patrick Hall, Milnthorpe, Cumbria.

20-**Rachel Harrisson Pumphrey**¹⁴⁸ was born on 10 Jul 1931 and died on 15 Feb 2011 at age 79.

General Notes: PUMPHREY.-On 10th July, to Joan and Kenneth R. Pumphrey (1908-12), a daughter.

Rachel married **Frank Anderson**.

20-Jennifer Dymond Pumphrey

Jennifer married **Stephen Moxon Armitage**, son of **Arthur Moxon Armitage** and **Edna Muriel Carr**, in 1966. Stephen was born on 25 May 1937 and died on 12 Nov 1999 in Cumbria at age 62. They had two children: **Emma Louise** and **Henry Pumphrey**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MInstCE.
- He worked as a Civil Engineer.

21-Dr. Emma Louise Armitage

Emma married **Dr. William P. Reynish**, son of **Tim Reynish**, in May 1998 in Kendal, Cumbria. William died on 13 May 2001 in Pyrenees, France. In a mountain accident.. They had one son: **Felix**.

General Notes: William Reynish arrived in the Department of Internal and Geriatrics Medicine in Toulouse on August 1, 2000. He came to us from Edinburgh, where he had completed his postgraduate training in internal medicine, and had begun enthusiastically to specialize in the field of geriatric medicine. One of the problems we face in geriatric medicine is the difficulty of attracting young and gifted researchers. William Reynish was one such individual. In the space of just 9 months in this department, he was able to complete a longitudinal follow-up study of some 400 patients with Alzheimer's disease; he also contributed to the production of six peer-reviewed publications, including an invited editorial in the journal Age and Ageing, as well as the review article in this issue, which explores potential relationships between nutritional factors and Alzheimer's disease (1).

The numerous qualities of William Reynish greatly impressed all his colleagues in Toulouse: this included his enthusiasm for work, his sensitive nature, his diverse interests, his exacting scientific rigor, and his superb clinical ability. His efforts allowed this department to secure a significant financial grant from the European Commission in order to establish the European Alzheimer's Disease Consortium.

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William Reynish died in an accident on May 13, 2001, in the Pyrenees. His death is an immeasurable loss for the world of geriatric medicine and our ongoing struggle against Alzheimer's disease. We can only hope that others will be able to continue those tasks that he had decided to undertake with so much passion and skill. To his wife, Dr. Emma Armitage-Reynish, to his son, Felix, and to his family, we offer our deepest sympathy at this time of their tragic loss.

The Gerontological Society of America

References

Reynish W, Andrieu S, Nourhashemi F, Vellas B, 2001. Nutritional factors and Alzheimer's disease. J Gerontol Med Sci.56A:M675-M680.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician & Gerontologist in Toulouse, France.

22-Felix Reynish

21-Henry Pumphrey Armitage

18-**Ernest Corder**^{39,47} was born on 10 Jan 1866 in Fawcett Street, Sunderland, died in 1935 in Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada at age 69, and was buried in Saint Vital cemetery, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1880-1882 in York, Yorkshire.
- He emigrated to Winnipeg, Canada in 1910.
- He worked as a Builder, with J. H. Thorp in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Fertiliser manufacturer in Low Lights, Earsden, North Shields.

17-**Rt. Hon. Robert Spence Watson**^{4,70,74,79,88,98,151,152,153} was born on 8 Jun 1837 in 8 Claremont Place, Gateshead, died on 2 Mar 1911 in Bensham Grove, Gateshead, County Durham at age 73, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

General Notes: Robert Spence Watson, 73 2 3mo. 1911 Newcastle-on-Tyne. By the death of Robert Spence Watson the world is poorer by the loss of a fearless champion of liberty, a clear-sighted philanthropist and a consistent advocate of the Gospel of Peace, a lover of justice and a stern advocate of the principle of doing right because it is right. In him England has lost a man of many-sided personality, a great citizen, and a strenuous worker in the cause of Education, an able writer. a forcible speaker and an ardent politician. And in losing him the Liberal Party has lost one of its boldest, ablest and most distinguished leaders. Two passages from his own speeches may be said to strike the dominant notes of his active, useful and honourable life. "It is for us," he said once, "to labour that some ray of hope may fall into the lives of those amongst us, our fellow-citizens sprung from the same stock, children of the same Father, heirs of the same great heritage, who still 'sit in darkness and there is no light.' It is ours to see to it that our fellow-citizens in far off lands and of alien tongues have the justice and freedom which we claim for ourselves. It is ours to combat tyranny and oppression of whatever kind, wherever and whenever they may be found. It is ours to love our country so well that we cannot bear to see her do wrong to any people." And again, addressing the Manchester Conference on "Friends and Social Questions," he said, "One matter has struck me as affecting us in dealing with these social questions, that which is perhaps our chief distinguishing doctrine, our belief in the spirituality of true religion, our view that religion is not a matter of form, but of the very life. This, truly, ought to help us in regard to a great number of subjects upon which the question is constantly raised as to what is secular, and what is religious. Can we draw such a distinction, a distinction which I cannot but think unmeaning, and full of danger? Surely every question ought to be a religious question. It seems to me that the distinction so often made between things secular and things religious, leads directly to that state of mind which would cause us to put a certain number of questions on one side, as those which are to be taken down on Sundays, and talked about on the death-bed. If the religious view is good for anything, it is good for everything." Robert Spence Watson, the eldest son of Joseph Watson, a Newcastle solicitor, a fiery Radical reformer and a friend of Kossuth and Garibaldi, was born at Bensham, near Gateshead, on June 8th, 1837. At the age of eleven he went to school at Bootham, where, under the well-remembered rule of John Ford, he spent rather more than four "very happy years." He is characterised by an old schoolfellow as "a boy of high spirit, of warm heart, warm temper, standing up strongly for what he thought to be his rights." From York he passed on to London University, where he took his degree and where his natural love of literature was greatly stimulated by the lectures of David Masson and Henry Morley. His critical literary taste and his wonderful memory for English poetry were throughout his whole life a constant source of joy to those about him. Even by the time he was six he could repeat the whole of "Marmion" and "The Lady of the Lake" together with a good deal of Crabbe. His own power as a lecturer too was early developed. "I gave my first lecture when I was sixteen," he used to say, "and I have never stopped lecturing since." His literary gifts found expression in books and pamphlets on a great variety of subjects, of which some of the most important were "Caedmon," "Niccolo Pisano," "Skipsey the Pitman Poet," and "The History of the Literary and Philosophical Society of Newcastle-on-Tyne." Others again were suggested by experiences or topics of the time, such as "A Visit to Wazan," "The Villages round Metz," "Industrial Schools," "Higher Education" and "The Duties of Citizenship." Lord Morley once said of him that if he had concentrated his attention on literary production he would have been

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enshrined among the ranks of national authors. His professional career, however, was destined to be not letters but the law, and he early entered his father's office at Newcastle. Here he took his part, and afterwards the leading part, in a busy solicitor's practice, in which it is hard to understand how he found time for all the varied and important outside interests which seemed to onlookers to make up so much of his life. The explanation lies partly in the fact that he possessed a very robust constitution, partly in his extraordinary capacity for work, and partly in his love of exercise and outdoor life. In 1863 he married Elizabeth Richardson, and settled at Mosscroft, removing, on his father's death, to Bensham Grove. His wife entered heartily into all her husband's aims and interests, and his public career owed much to her sympathy and to her able and tactful co-operation. Their home became renowned for its abounding and gracious hospitality, a centre of sympathetic and vivid life, from which radiated much of the intellectual and philanthropic stimulus, of the town. For some years before his marriage he, together with his intimate friend, Thomas Pumphrey, had conducted a class at the Newcastle Friends' Adult School, meeting the men every Sunday morning at an early breakfast, after which work began punctually at eight, and laying the foundation at once of an intimate knowledge of working-class life and of a close friendship with many of the workers. He and Thomas Pumphrey were in the habit too, of spending an hour or more, later in the week, of an evening, visiting the scholars at their homes. "In all the pressure of a laborious professional life," to quote from "A Testimony of Durham Quarterly Meeting to the Power of Divine Grace as shown in the life of Robert Spence Watson, deceased," "and through all the excitement and turmoil of fierce party political struggles, he remained for many years faithful to this self-imposed duty. He gave to his scholars his very best, religiously and intellectually, carefully preparing the Scripture lessons for his class, and often on week day evenings giving them lectures on the subjects of his own private studies, which were chiefly concerned with early English literature. "At one time he elaborated a scheme for enabling the adult members of his class to become owners of their own dwellings by payments spread over a long period of years. ... "In his lessons to his class, while he always encouraged his pupils to state freely their doubts and difficulties, he sought to make them feel that the school was their own, he was ever reverent and devout, striving in George Fox's well-known phrase, 'to bring his hearers to Christ and to leave them there.' "For some years, also Robert Spence Watson, had a large share in managing a Shoe-black Brigade, which often meant rough and dirty work at midnight with vagrants and young thieves. Not a few competent and honest men look back to those days as having given them their first good start in life. In the sixties began more important or at least more conspicuous work for education. It was largely through a paper which he read to the Literary and Philosophical Society of Newcastle that Durham University was led to establish the College of Science now known as Armstrong College, At a meeting of the Council held shortly after his decease, the following resolution was passed in silence : "The Council of Armstrong College desires to place on record its profound regret at the very heavy loss which it has sustained in the death of its beloved president, the Right Honourable Robert Spence Watson, P.C., LL.D., D.C.L. Dr. Spence Watson was one of the original founders of the College, and to his wise counsels and his generous and unsparing service its growth and prosperity have been largely due. There is no side of its life in which he did not take the deepest and most sympathetic interest ; no side which did not receive lasting benefit from his influence and from his support. Enriched by his munificence, guided by his foresight, stimulated by his example, the College owes him an incalculable debt of gratitude, not only for his public work, but for the personal affection and regard with which he inspired every member alike of its governing body and of its teaching staff." He was also a Member of the Newcastle School Board from its foundation, he was Vice-Chairman of the Grammar School, President for many years of the Tyneside Sunday Lecture Society, and Honorary Secretary of the Ragged School from its commencement. He took an active part in the establishment of the Domestic Economy School, and, in conjunction with Mrs. Watson, of the Gateshead High School. Much of his literary work, too, was in connection with the cause of Education. In 1862 he became Secretary of the Literary and Philosophical Society already alluded to, that "splendid institution, so dear to Newcastle men." This position he held for more than thirty years, afterwards becoming Vice-President and eventually President. His History of the Society, written in 1897, traces much of the intellectual life of Tyneside for more than a hundred years, and contains also many records of the wit and humour of a bygone time. In 1870, during the Franco-German War, Robert Spence Watson was one of the heroic little band - which included Henry Tuke Mennell, William Jones, John Bellows and others - who undertook the arduous service of distributing the fund raised by the Society of Friends for the relief of non-combatant victims of the War. He paid two visits to France, one to the region of the great battle-fields and sieges in the Department of the Moselle, when he entered Metz three days after the capitulation, and one in 1871, to the Department of the Seine. His pamphlet "The Villages round Metz," gives a thrilling account of his experiences, and a haunting picture of the awful waste of life and of the grim horrors and the heart-rending suffering caused by that appalling conflict. Well might a man who had seen such things for himself put the cause of Peace in the very forefront of his message to his fellow men. "His stories of his visit to Metz," wrote M. G. G. in the Manchester Guardian, "were no accounts of 'distribution of relief,' they were tales of human friendships and contacts - light and debonnaire when they told of personal risks (he was condemned to be shot as a spy by the nation that later struck a medal in his honour) ; but red hot, searing almost, when they spoke of desperate human needs and the realities of war." In the midst of his professional work, and his often arduous labours for the good of humanity, Robert Spence Watson frequently turned for rest and recreation to the delights of foreign travel. A true lover of the mountains, his wife and he made, on their wedding tour, the first ascent of the Balfrin Horn. He was an early and very enthusiastic member of the Alpine Club, and for more than thirty years, frequently accompanied by his friend Henry Tuke Mennell, and not seldom by Mrs. Watson, he climbed the Alps from end to end. Like his father before him he was a dexterous fisherman, and Norway was a country which, with his family, he visited, especially for the sake of the salmon, season after season, for many years. Perhaps the most picturesque episode in his foreign experience was in 1879, when, disguised as a Moor, he entered the sacred city of Wazan, - the first Englishman to accomplish the feat - an adventure of much difficulty and no little danger. "A Visit to Wazan," published not long after, gives a vivid account of the journey. But it was in politics that Robert Spence Watson was most conspicuous. It is by his more than thirty years' leadership of the Liberals of Newcastle, by his Presidentship of the National Liberal Federation, and by services to the Party extending over nearly half a century, that he will be best remembered. He attained a position in the country at large which no other unofficial Liberal could challenge. Yet he was never in Parliament. Not only did he refuse to entertain many tempting offers of election to the House, but he consistently declined all personal distinctions, with the exception of the Privy Councillorship which was conferred upon him in 1906, and the honorary degrees of LL.D. of St. Andrews, and D.C.L. of Durham. The story goes that once, when the Liberal Ministry were about to leave office, the Patronage Secretary to the Treasury approached him with regard to conferring on him some honour or distinction in token of their gratitude and esteem. He had but: to name it, he was assured. "Well," he replied at length, "there is one thing, and one thing only that I would accept." "What is it ?" * said the eager Secretary, "You have only to name it." "Well then," * returned the Quaker solicitor, solemnly, "the only thing that would suit me would be to be made

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Archbishop of Canterbury." He was very early introduced to political affairs. He was a child of seven when he went with his father to cheer Bright on the hustings. As a boy of sixteen he listened to the first of Gladstone's marvellous Budget speeches. He used to tell how, in thinking of that speech, he forgot all about his meals, and how it was only when he began to feel faint and spent on his way back to Newcastle that he realised that he had eaten nothing for twenty- four hours. That was in 1853. The following year gave him his first experience of platform politics. He helped to organise in Newcastle the little band of opponents of the Crimean War. A few years later he was in the fore-front of those who laboured for the release of the American slaves. And in the days when English Liberalism was deeply concerned with the great upheaval that was shaking the Continent of Europe, Robert Spence Watson, not only wrote and lectured and laboured in the cause of liberty, but made his house an asylum for many of the refugees who had fled to this country to escape from tyranny at home. To the oppressed of all nations, following in his father's footsteps, he ever gave a helping though very discriminating hand. And with many of them, such as Stepniak, Kropotkin and Volkovsky, he was on terms of great friendship. Garibaldi he had met at Newcastle in the fifties ; and his sympathy with the Italian movement, as in later years with other struggles against tyranny, was deep practical and untiring. He was one of the founders of the Society of Friends of Kussian Freedom, he contributed frequently to its journal " Free Russia," and he was for many years its President. In many an escape from Siberia he had a hand ; and the relief of exiles and the protest against oppression claimed a large share of his thoughts and his practical assistance. " I remember," wrote Thomas Pumphrey to the editor, " a leading local man saying at a Liberal Club Dinner that if all the people whose names are written in Dr. and Mrs. Spence Watson's visitors' book could walk past us in a procession, what a remarkable company that would be ! Refugees of all nations were his guests, perhaps especially Russians struggling for freedom, men of letters, statesmen, titled dignitaries of many ranks. He not unfrequently brought his guests to meeting, and occasionally, but only occasionally, when his heart was very deeply stirred, he addressed the congregation." It may be said that it was his devotion to the causes of Liberty and Peace which brought him into politics at all. Politics to him was not an occupation. Still less was it the game which some of its followers make of it. He cared for politics only so far as it might help in the furtherance of the great causes that he had so much at heart. " When I first became acquainted with the operations of the National Liberal Federation," wrote Mr. Birrell, who succeeded Robert Spence Watson as its President, "he was at once its inspiration and its directing mind. . . Although a strong party man his devotion to the party was simply the measures of his conviction that no better instrument for the good service of the country and the whole human race lay nearer to the hearts of Englishmen at this period of our political development." The Westminster Gazette well said of him : " Never was there a man in whom the passion for human right and justice burned with greater fervour. He was an advocate of Peace among nations, of justice at home, of the real elevation of the poor and oppressed, and he saw in politics the means to his goal in all these things." A most important factor in influencing his political career was his admiration of Gladstone, who paid a memorable visit to Newcastle, in 1862. Robert Spence Watson, who had just been appointed Secretary of the Literary and Philosophical Society of that town, was brought much into contact with him ; and he at once conceived for the great statesman a warm appreciation, that ripened into a firm and lasting friendship, broken only by the death of the elder man. Henceforward Gladstone had no more loyal and enthusiastic supporter ; and from 1875 to 1880, when a section of liberal thought was opposed to the Liberal chief, Robert Spence Watson was his staunchest ally in the hot controversy that raged in the Newcastle district. This was his great period of organizing activity. In 1873 he had a large share in found- ing the Newcastle Liberal Association, and he was President of it until 1897. In July, 1875, the Government, of which Disraeli was Premier, issued the notorious Fugitive Slave Circular, instructing ships' captains to surrender to their owners all slaves who had sought refuge on English vessels. Robert Spence Watson called a meeting, at a few hours' notice, and in an impassioned speech declared to the crowded audience that if any captain did act on the Admiralty instructions, he himself would not only indict him under the Kidnapping Act, but would indict the Prime Minister as an accessory. Said Disraeli to Cowen, who was then one of the Parliamentary representatives for the town, " Who is this fellow at Newcastle who has been threatening to indict me ? " Said Cowen to Disraeli, " They call him Spence Watson. He is a Quaker, and if he has said that, you may depend upon it that he will do it." The indignation spread over the whole country, and in the following November the obnoxious circular was withdrawn. In 1877 Robert Spence Watson was one of eleven who signed a letter to Liberal Associa- tions suggesting a scheme of joint organization ; a suggestion which bore fruit in the formation of the National Liberal Federation. In 1890 he became President of the Federation, and he held that position through twelve strenuous and difficult years. He was, says the Northern Echo, " a leader who never faltered, a man who was in himself an inspiration to work and hope, whose influence was so great that he was equally successful in inspiring others to hopefulness and energy. The keynote of his charac- ter has always been faith and optimism. In triumph he was calm ; in defeat always con- fident of future success." It was in his second year of office that the Federation passed the resolutions which became known - and among Conservatives derided - as the Newcastle Programme. That programme was thought much too ambitious then, even by many Liberals. But he lived to see the greater part of it very near realization. How far off and visionary Reform of the House of Lords, One Man one Vote, Shorter Parlia- ments, Payment of Members, Home Kule and Land Reform, seemed to us twenty years ago ! In 1899, in the early days of the South African conflict,^ - never being one to hesitate for a moment to champion the cause of right, no matter what the odds might be, nor stopping to consider the possible effect on his personal popularity - he took part in a Meeting in the Newcastle Town Hall to protest against the War Policy of the Government. A strong body of infuriated Jingoës made repeated attempts to storm the platform, being only foiled by the determined attitude of its occupants, and for hours the great room was the scene of a furious xiot. A little later when Schreiner was a guest .at Bensham Grove a mob attacked the house, and threw stones through the windows. The mood of madness did not last long. Many lived to regret their share in the violence, and to own that their old leader's insight into the true character of the war had been clearer than their own. A very important part of Robert Spence Watson's work was in connection with Labour troubles. For a period of five and twenty years he was in constant demand as an arbitrator ; and the total number of cases in which he so acted was very numerous indeed. In ;Some instances he fixed sliding scales of wages which remained in operation for years. In the majority of these disputes - often lengthy, complicated and technical - he gave his services gratuitously. In 1903, after he had resigned the Presidency of the National Liberal Federation, that body presented him with a portrait of himself by Sir George Reid, which he then, as had already been arranged, gave to the National Liberal Club, where it now hangs. A replica, painted for himself, is at Bensham Grove. In 1907, he wrote the history of the great organization which he had inspired and guided for so long. In the same year he received the only political honour he was ever willing to accept, when Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman made him a Privy Councillor. During the election of January, 1910, he spoke a few words to more than one great meeting ; and in December was distressed that those who watched over him would not let him go and vote. For twenty years he presided over the Annual Gathering of York Old Scholars, and in those years did more for the school and its old boys than can be put into words. For him, as he once told his

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hearers, Whitsuntide at York was a sabered festival, an engagement like no other in the year unless it were the family gathering at Christmas ; one for which all other claims and invitations must be put aside. His annual address was a chief feature of the meeting, and his words from the chair struck the keynote for those who were privileged to listen. " Like most peace men who have really made effectual headway against militarism," writes an old York scholar, "he was a born fighter, and knew how to rouse in his hearers the Divine struggle against evil. True lover of freedom, both for the community and the individual, he never lost his recognition of the fellowship of man with man. He appealed to us to realise the heritage which we held in trust for others, to be worthier of the great tradition of our Quaker forbears, to combat materialism with our whole hearts, alike in our own lives and the world outside." "Robert Spence Watson had, of course," writes M.S.G. in the Manchester Guardian, " hosts of friends, and his home at Bensham Grove was full of beautiful things. The doors were always open, and its hospitality unbounding, but the keynote of it all was simplicity. There was nothing Puritanic or ascetic about it ; yet more than any house of its size that I have known, it had embodied in its management the spirit of the old Quaker reminder of grave responsibility, in the manner of using as well as in the method of acquiring worldly goods. That home, as I remember it was the very happiest of places, and it occurred to me sometimes on my visits there to wonder how the children that grew up in it would find and bear the after-chill of greyer, more normal existence. * He was so boyish, and yet - for the first and last time his beautiful humility must allow us to-day to use the true word - so sublime. His personal sorrows were heavy. To a man of another make they would have proved crushing. They did indeed sap his so long undying youth and his great physical strength, but the spirit below these was invulnerable. At those hours when death stole his most cherished ones, what was impressive was not what was taken but what was left to him. " The blinds may be drawn to-day in that sunny library where John Morley and he so often have smoked, where Gladstone has talked, and in which hundreds of disputes involving the livelihood of thousands his voice has brought quickly to settlement, yet we find ourselves still saying with him and of him : * No fear my house may enter in, For nought is there that death may win., Now life is little and death is nought, Since all I found that erst I sought.' " ** I know there are some who would like this service to be a review of his career,*' said Dr. Hodgkin in the Friends' Meeting House on the day of the funeral, "but that is not our feeling. We are thinking more of the rest into which he has entered, and we think of his struggles for the advancement of that which he believed to be true. We thank God for his life. We thank Him for his strong sense of duty, and for his deep love of humanity ; and we thank God that he cared for his neighbours."

Watson, Robert Spence (1837– 1911), politician and educationist, born at 8 Claremont Place, Gateshead, on 6 June 1837, was the eldest son in a family of five sons and seven daughters of Joseph Watson of Bensham Grove, Gateshead, and his wife, Sarah, daughter of Robert Spence of North Shields. His father was a solicitor of literary attainments, who was northern secretary of the Anti-Corn Law League; he and his wife were Quakers. In 1846 Spence Watson became a pupil of Dr Collingwood Bruce, proceeding to York School, the Friends' school in that city, in October 1848. He entered University College, London, in 1853 and tied for the English literature prize that year. He was articled to his father on leaving college, and after admission as a solicitor in 1860, entered into partnership with him; he remained active in the profession throughout his working life. On 9 June 1863 he married Elizabeth, daughter of Edward and Jane Richardson of Newcastle upon Tyne. She became a strong women's suffragist. They had one son and five daughters, only two of the children surviving their father.

From youth Spence Watson played an energetic part in public life, interesting himself in political, social, philanthropic, and educational movements. For nearly half a century he held a position of influence in his native city and the north of England. He gave close attention to means of improving and disseminating popular culture, and published, in 1909, a biography of his friend Joseph Skipsey, the pitman poet. In 1862 he became honorary secretary of the Literary and Philosophical Institution, Newcastle upon Tyne, and served for thirty-one years before becoming its vice-president; he succeeded Lord Armstrong as president in 1900. Between 1868 and 1883 he delivered seventy-five lectures to the society, mainly on the history and development of the English language.

In 1871 Spence Watson helped to found the Durham College of Science, later known as Armstrong College, first a part of the University of Durham, then of the University of Newcastle upon Tyne. For forty years he took a leading part in its government, becoming its first president in 1910, and one of its representatives on the senate of Durham University, which conferred on him an honorary DCL in 1906. He was also elected a member of the first Newcastle school board in 1871, and he continued to sit on the board for twenty-three years. He was a pioneer of university extension in the north of England and of the Newcastle Free Public Library. From 1885 to 1911 he was president of the Tyneside Sunday Lecture Society, and he became chairman of the Newcastle upon Tyne grammar school in 1911.

From an early age Spence Watson was an ardent traveller and mountaineer, and he joined the Alpine Club in 1862; his recreations included angling as well as mountaineering. In 1870, at the invitation of the Society of Friends, he went to Alsace-Lorraine as one of the commissioners of the War Victims Fund for the distribution of relief to the non-combatants in the Franco-Prussian War. In January 1871 he revisited France to superintend similar work in the département of the Seine. The French government, through the duc de Broglie, offered him the Légion d'honneur in 1873, but he declined it; he was, however, presented with a gold medal specially struck in acknowledgement of his services. In 1879 he visited Wazzan, the sacred city of Morocco, which no Christian European had entered before. With the assistance of Sir John Drummond Hay, British minister at Tangier, he obtained an introduction to the great sharif of Wazzan and his English wife. He published an account of his journey, *A Visit to Wazan, the Sacred City of Morocco*, in 1880.

Spence Watson was an enthusiastic politician and a lifelong adherent of the Liberal Party. He was Joseph Cowen's election agent in Newcastle, and in 1874 he founded the Newcastle Liberal Association on a representative basis of ward elections, and was its president from 1874 to 1897. He was one of the original convenors of the National Liberal Federation in 1877, and was its president from 1890 until 1902. During that period he was probably the chief Liberal leader outside parliament, influencing the policy of the party by force of character. His political friends included Cowen, John Morley, John Bright, Lord Ripon, and Earl Grey, and he was well acquainted with Gladstone, from the latter's tour of Newcastle, from 1862 onwards. Personally he had no desire to enter the House of Commons, and refused all invitations to become a parliamentary candidate. He was, however, a prominent public speaker and a pronounced defender of home rule. As president of the National Liberal Federation he encouraged 'the widest and freest discussion', and opposed attempts to make it into more of a party organization. He wrote its history to 1906 (1907). On 27 February 1893 the federation presented him with his portrait by Sir George Reid, which he gave to the National Liberal Club; a replica by the artist was presented to Mrs Spence Watson. In 1907 Campbell-

Bannerman made him a privy councillor.
Spence Watson's political principles embraced the cause of international peace, and the welfare of indigenous peoples under British rule, especially in India. He was president of the Peace Society for several years, and took an active part in the Indian National Congress movement. The development of free institutions in Russia was another of his aspirations. He co-operated with S. M. Kravchinsky (known as Stepniak), and other Russian political exiles in England, in the attempt to spread information among the English of existing methods of governing Russia. He was president of the Society of Friends of Russian Freedom from 1890 to 1911. Spence Watson was a pioneer in the settlement of trade disputes by arbitration. He first acted as an arbitrator in 1864, and he was sole arbitrator on forty-seven occasions between 1884 and 1894 in disputes in leading industries in the north of England. Such services, which ultimately numbered nearly a hundred, were always rendered voluntarily.
Spence Watson was ill from 1905 and died at his home, Bensham Grove, Gateshead, on 2 March 1911; he was buried in Jesmond old cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne. He published ten books, including some poetry, and sixty pamphlets and articles, notably The History of English Rule and Policy in South Africa (1897), which sold over 250,000 copies. He represented the Quaker tradition of public action at its sturdiest.

Percy Corder, rev. H. C. G. Matthew
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Likenesses L. Etherington, oils, 1890, National Liberal Club, London · G. Reid, oils, 1893, National Liberal Club, London · R. Hedley, oils, 1898; at Bensham Grove, Gateshead, in 1912 · P. Bigland, oils, U. Newcastle · L. Etherington, oils, U. Newcastle · C. Neuper, bust; known to be in Newcastle upon Tyne Free Library, in 1912 (DNB) · G. Reid, oils, Laing Art Gallery, Newcastle upon Tyne
Wealth at death £35,850 5s. 10d.: probate, 6 May 1911, CGPLA Eng. & Wales
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SPENCE WATSON.'— On the 2nd March, 1911, at Gateshead-on-Tyne, Robert Spence Watson (1848-52), aged 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PC.
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Solicitor.
- He worked as a President of the National Liberal Federation in 1890-1902.

Robert married **Elizabeth Richardson**,^{4,57,74,79,88} daughter of **Edward Richardson**^{4,7,17,24,48,57} and **Jane Wigham**,^{4,7,17,24,57} on 9 Jun 1863 in FMH Pilgrim St. Newcastle. Elizabeth was born on 12 Sep 1838 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 14 Feb 1919 in Bensham Road, Gateshead, County Durham at age 80, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne. They had six children: **Mabel Spence**, **Ruth Spence**, **Evelyn Spence**, **Mary Spence**, **Bertha Spence**, and **Arnold Spence**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.

18-**Mabel Spence Watson**^{17,39} was born on 23 May 1864 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 16 Sep 1907 in York, Yorkshire at age 43.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1878-Jun 1881 in York, Yorkshire.

Mabel married **Hugh Richardson**,^{17,39,154,155} son of **David Richardson**^{2,17,39,88,109,156} and **Catherine Fry**,^{2,39,74,88} on 9 Apr 1896 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Hugh was born on 16 Feb 1864 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 24 Nov 1936 at age 72. They had three children: **Mary Foster**, **Colin Spence**, and **Esther Watson**.

General Notes: RICHARDSON.-On November 23rd, Hugh Richardson (1875) aged 72 years.

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HUGH RICHARDSON was born at Newcastle in 1864. He was at Bootham from 1875-80 and in that year won the leaving scholarship and had the distinction of being placed sixth in Honours at the Matriculation Examination. He became an apprentice at Ackworth and went from there to King's College, Cambridge, in 1884, where he remained till 1887; a time when not very many Friends had as yet been to the older Universities. He took a first class in the Natural Science Tripos in 1887. On leaving he was for a time Science Master at the Bath Lane Science School in Newcastle and became a master in the modern side at Sedbergh in 1888. He left there to join the Bootham staff as Science Master when James Edmund Clark left in 1897 and held that position till 1914, when he retired to look after the family estates at Stocksfield near Newcastle. The period of his teaching career was one of very rapid development in school science teaching, where the custom of allowing pupils to do individual practical work in the laboratory was gradually replacing the older system of merely giving them lectures. To work of this kind he brought a wonderfully active and original mind and exhibited extraordinary fertility and ingenuity in devising illustrative practical exercises. Many of his pupils must remember his use of confetti to illustrate the idea of " mean free path," and throwing shot at a perforated metal plate (really intended as a rack for ink-wells) to illustrate the laws of diffusion. Not the least of his achievements in this direction was the work he did during the time of the Bootham exodus to Scarborough after the fire. Here he had to carry on a science course with periods of practical work of the usual length but with the trifling handicap that there was no laboratory. His well-known book, Practical Geography, which was the first of its kind and is one of the most original school books ever written, was the result. Originality is one of those qualities which carries its own special handicaps. The inventor of ingenious experiments may sometimes find that their beauty as illustrations appeals more strongly to the expert than to a pupil struggling (perhaps not very strenuously) to grasp the principles of a subject for the first time. Some may be reminded of the fable of the tortoise and the hare. It is doubtful if this is really to the point. It was almost certainly written by a tortoise. It was only during the last two years of his teaching career that I knew him personally, though we had met and corresponded at intervals for some time previously. Thus it was the side of his work which appeared at meetings of the Guild of Teachers and the British Association with which I first became acquainted. At this time the possibility of investigating teaching problems by scientific methods of experiment and measurement was only just being considered; the Science of Experimental Psychology was in the cradle and that of Experimental Pedagogy had hardly got even so far as that. Any one who was interested in these subjects could not fail to be attracted by the neatness of his experiments, though the meaning and use of them must often have been rather a mystery to some of their subjects, who from the nature of the case could not always be completely in the confidence of the experimenter. In 1914 he found the work connected with the family estate at Stocksfield was absorbing a great deal of his time and he retired to devote himself more completely to it. Even in the routine work which it involved his versatility showed itself. I remember his showing me on one occasion that a certain problem connected with the estimation of timber in a wood was really the same as one connected with molecular physics, " though," he added, " I don't think practical foresters realise this." He was one of the most courteous and kindest of colleagues, in fact it is difficult to quote examples which illustrate this point because, though anyone who was on the staff with him can recall instances they can hardly be particularised on account of their intimately personal nature. It was this quality which led him to spend so much of his time during the war in visiting military prisons, attending courts martial and acting as visitor for the Emergency Committee of the Society of Friends in the prisoner-of-war camps at Stobs and Catterick. J. A. D. *Bootham magazine* - April 1937

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1875-1880 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Apprentice Teacher, Ackworth School in 1882-1884 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge in 1884-1887.
- He worked as a Master at Bath Lane Science School in 1887-1888 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Master Sedbergh Grammar School in 1888-1897 in Sedbergh, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Science Master, Bootham School in 1897-1914 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Wheelbirks, Stocksfield on-Tyne, Northumberland.

19-**Dr. Mary Foster Richardson**¹⁷ was born on 14 Jun 1897 in Sedbergh, Cumbria and died in 1956 at age 59.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in May 1913-Jul 1915 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married **Ebenezer Rhys Thomas** on 21 Jun 1923 in FMH Newcastle. Ebenezer was born on 10 Apr 1885 in Aberystwith, Cardiganshire and died on 22 Apr 1979 in Harrogate at age 94. They had three children: **Peter Daniel Spence**, **Ioan Foster**, and **Donald Birket**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Headmaster of Newcastle Royal Grammar School 1922 To 1948.

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20-Peter Daniel Spence Thomas

20-Ioan Foster Thomas

20-Donald Birket Thomas

19-Colin Spence Richardson^{17,39,138,157,158,159,160} was born on 29 Sep 1899 in York, Yorkshire and died on 6 Oct 1973 at age 74.

General Notes: RICHARDSON.-On 6th October, 1973, Colin Spence Richardson (1914-16), aged 74 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1910-1912 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1912-1914 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1914-1916 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Cambridge in 1919-1922.
- He worked as a Farmer before 1935 in Wheelkirks, Stocksfield, Northumberland.

Colin married Margery Robson Lovibond^{39,157,158,159} on 10 Sep 1929 in Hexham, Northumberland. Margery was born in 1905 and died in 1991 at age 86. They had four children: June Lovibond, Michael Lovibond, Anthea Margery, and John Spence.

Marriage Notes: RICHARDSON-LOVIBOND.-On September 10th, Colin Spence Richardson (1914-16), to Margery Robson Lovibond.

20-June Lovibond Richardson

June married Peter Mossop.

20-Michael Lovibond Richardson

Michael married Jeanette Margaret Finlayson. They had two children: Susan Clare and Hugh Graham.

21-Susan Clare Richardson

21-Hugh Graham Richardson

20-Anthea Margery Richardson

Anthea married Wilhelm Bouker.

Anthea next married Roy O'neill.

20-John Spence Richardson

John married Elizabeth Georgina Barr. They had two children: Julia Dorothy and Mark Colin Barr.

21-Julia Dorothy Richardson

21-Mark Colin Barr Richardson

19-Esther Watson Richardson^{17,161,162,163} was born on 16 Sep 1901 in York, Yorkshire and died on 24 Mar 1978 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 76.

Esther married Alan Henry Adams^{39,161,162,163} son of Moses James Adams⁴ and Anne Eliza Brown,⁴ on 15 Apr 1929 in FMH Newcastle. Alan was born in 1893 in Manchester and died in 1988 at age 95. They had three children: Anne Watson, Jennifer Spence, and Kenneth Richardson.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1907-1908 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Sanitary ware manufacturer.

20-**Anne Watson Adams**

20-**Jennifer Spence Adams**

20-**Kenneth Richardson Adams**^{39,163} was born on 1 Sep 1933 and died on 30 May 2019 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a College lecturer.

18-**Ruth Spence Watson**^{17,88} was born on 24 Oct 1866 in Gateshead, County Durham, died on 20 Aug 1914 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 47, and was buried in Cornelian Bay, Tasmania.

Ruth married **Edmund Innes Gower**,^{17,88} son of **William Bleckly Gower** and **Agnes Innes**, on 15 Oct 1912 in FMH Colthouse, Hawkshead. Edmund was born on 17 Oct 1869 in Bensham Grove, Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1965 at age 96.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Headmaster. Friends School, Hobart in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia.

18-**Evelyn Spence Watson**¹⁷ was born on 26 Apr 1871 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in Mar 1959 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Teacher. Mount School.

Evelyn married **Prof. Frederick Ernest Weiss**¹⁷ on 21 Mar 1898 in FMH Newcastle. Frederick was born on 2 Nov 1865 in Huddersfield and died in 1953 at age 88. They had three children: **Elizabeth Gabrielle**, **Margaret Erica**, and **Mabel Irene**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Botanist. Owens College, Manchester.

19-**Elizabeth Gabrielle Weiss**¹⁷ was born on 14 Dec 1900 in Fallowfield, Manchester, died on 12 Jul 2001 at age 100, and was buried on 19 Jul 2001 in York, Yorkshire.

Elizabeth married **G. Robert Browning**. They had two children: **Elizabeth Evelyn** and **Jancis Delacourt**.

20-**Elizabeth Evelyn Browning**

Elizabeth married **John R. Crossley**.

20-**Jancis Delacourt Browning**

19-**Margaret Erica Weiss**¹⁷ was born on 9 Jul 1904 in Withington, Manchester, died on 6 May 1997 in Pendlebury Hall at age 92, and was buried in FBG Adel, Leeds.

Margaret married **Capt. Godfrey Garton Wicksteed**, son of **Joseph Hartley Wicksteed** and **Mary Ethel Robinson**, on 17 Dec 1932. Godfrey was born on 11 Jun 1899 in Padiham, Burnley, Lancashire, died on 4 Jul 1997 at age 98, and was buried in FBG Adel, Leeds.

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Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were Quakers.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Master Mariner.
- He worked as a First Mate on the replica Mayflower in 1957.

19-Mabel Irene Weiss

18-Mary Spence Watson^{79,108,164,165,166,167,168} was born on 7 Feb 1875 in Moss Croft, Bensham, Gateshead, County Durham, died on 28 Jan 1962 in Netherdale, Eldwick, Bingley, Yorkshire at age 86, and was buried on 2 Feb 1962 in Leeds School of Anatomy.

General Notes: She was educated at nursing course in Leicester.
She worked for the Liberal Assoc. and BWTA.
She was educated from Aug 1889 to Jun 1892 in Mount School, York.
She signed a will. She was educated at Gateshead High School for Girls.
She had a residence in Sep 1893 in 3 Atholl Crescent, Edinburgh.
She worked as a hospital nurse, pupil, worker in 1901 in Leicester Royal Infirmary.
Domestic Science Teaching Diploma in Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.
- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1889-Jun 1892 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was educated at Gateshead High School for Girls.
- She worked as a Hospital Nurse, Leicester Royal Infirmary in 1901.

Mary married Francis Edward Pollard,^{108,164,165,166,167,168,169,170} son of William Pollard^{2,7,164,171} and Lucy Binns,^{2,7,164,171} on 3 Aug 1904 in FMH Newcastle. Francis was born on 12 Sep 1872 in Holmesdale Road, Reigate, Surrey, died on 21 Mar 1951 in 22 Cintra Avenue, Reading, Berkshire at age 78, and was buried on 24 Mar 1951 in Reading, Berkshire. Cremated. They had four children: Robert Spence Watson, Margaret Watson, Caroline Watson, and Ruth.

Marriage Notes: POLLARD-WATSON.-On the 3rd August , 1904, at Newcastle- on-Tyne, Francis Edward Pollard (1887-89), of Bootham School, York, to Mary Spence Watson, of Gateshead-on- Tyne.

General Notes: Pollard.-On 31st March, 1951, at his home at Reading, Francis Edward Pollard (1887-1889 and Master at Bootham, 1899-1920), aged 78 years.

READERS will have noticed in the Deaths column of our last issue an announcement of the Death on March 31st, of Francis Pollard. Although recent generations of Bootham boys will not have realised it, he was for more than a quarter of a century, as boy and master, a leading figure in school affairs. He came to school in 1887, the year of Queen Victoria's jubilee and left in 1889, being awarded the leaving scholarship in that year. He then came on the staff as junior master till 1894, and in this year took the Friends Teachers Scholarship and went to Owens College, Manchester, where he stayed till 1899, taking a B.A. (Lond.) in 189^, an M.A. (Lond.) in philosophy in 1896, and a Victoria University Teachers Diploma in '1897. This last was a somewhat unusual qualification in those days, Arthur Rowntree being almost the only other Friend schoolmaster who possessed it. In 1899, he joined the Bootham assistant staff as a senior master under Arthur Rowntree who had just been promoted from assistant master to head master, and thus began an association between the two men which lasted till Pollard's retirement in 1920. Arthur Rowntree often spoke appreciatively of the help he received from his assistants. He says in one place: 'I can adopt the words of a former colleague who said that I had been served by as loyal and devoted a staff as ever occupied a common-room. They were hard workers, men who knew their subject was man-in-the-making, men with faith in boy nature.' In this team, Pollard's clear incisive mind, his ready wit and his keen- ness in pursuit of essentials in teaching made him a congenial colleague though he did not suffer fools gladly and boys sometimes felt him slightly cold and hard. He was a good footballer and cricketer and was for many years the master responsible for the school cricket. From about 1910 onwards he began to develop more and more interests outside the school, e.g., Town Councillor 1910-13, lecturer on peace, etc., so that in 1920 he felt it right to retire and devote himself entirely to such matters, taking up in that year the Secretaryship of the National Peace Council. The long list of his activities since that date, President of Friends Guild of Teachers 1921, Merttens lecture on War and Human Values 1928, Swarthmore lecture on Education and the Spirit of Man 1932, edited History of the School 1926, Religion, Morals and the Intellect 1932, to mention only a few of them, give an indication of his versatile mental activity and indeed this work has perhaps some- what cast into the shade his very real contribution to the educational work of Bootham in the very important period of its history when Arthur Rowntree

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was assuming control and laying down the lines of its future development. I always felt he had one of the clearest and most incisive minds I ever had the luck to meet.
J.A.D. Bootham Magazine Vol. 25 No. 1 May 1952

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1883-1887.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1887-1889 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Junior Teacher, Bootham School in 1890-1894 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at The Flounders Institute in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Owens College, Manchester.
- He worked as a Master, Bootham School in 1899 in York, Yorkshire.

19-**Robert Spence Watson Pollard**^{147,164,166,172} was born on 16 Jan 1907 in 18 Bootham Crescent, York, died on 25 May 1984 in Orta, Italy at age 77, and was buried on 5 Jun 1984 in Chichester, West Sussex.

General Notes: 1939-03-01 NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned Sir Robert Vaughan Gower K.C.V.O. O.B.E. Hon. D.C.L. J.P. M.P. and Robert Spence Watson Pollard carrying on business as Solicitors at 91 Petty France, St. James' Park, London, S.W.1, under the style or firm of GOWER, POLLARD, THOROWGOOD & TABOR has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 8th day of February 1939. AH debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be respectively received and paid by the said Robert Spence Watson Pollard. The said business will be carried on in the future by the said Robert Spence Watson Pollard.— As witness our hands this 1st day of March 1939.

ROBERT V. GOWER.

(028) R. S. W. POLLARD.

[The London Gazette, 1939-03-07]

POLLARD.— On the 16th January, 1907, at York, Mary S., wife of F. E. Pollard (1887— 89), a son, who was named Robert Spence Watson.

POLLARD — On 25th May, 1984 very suddenly on holiday in Orta, north Italy, Robert Spence Watson Pollard (1921-24) aged 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1918-1921.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1921-1924 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Solicitor.

Robert married **Dr. Beatrice Elsie Pascall**^{164,172} on 24 Jun 1938 in Caxton Hall, London. Beatrice was born on 17 Feb 1906 in 65 Cambridge Road, Hammersmith, London, died on 6 Jul 1996 in Chichester, West Sussex at age 90, and was buried on 11 Jul 1996 in Chichester, West Sussex. Cremated.

Marriage Notes: Pollard-Pascall.— On 24th June, at Caxton Hall Register Office, Westminster, Robert S. W. Pollard (1921-4) to Beatrice Pascall.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a welfare inspector, Ministry of Health.

19-**Margaret Watson Pollard**³³ was born on 14 Mar 1909 in 18 Bootham Crescent, York and died on 26 May 1986 in Staincliffe, Dewsbury, Yorkshire at age 77.

General Notes: POLLARD.-On the 14th March, 1909, at York, Mary Spence Watson, wife of Francis E. Pollard (1887-9), a daughter .

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1824-1927 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was educated at University of Manchester.

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- She worked as an Assistant Schoolmistress before 1933 in Street, Somerset.

Margaret married **Rowland Reginald Dale**¹⁶⁴ on 19 Aug 1933 in FMH Reading, Berkshire. Rowland was born on 11 Apr 1907 in Prescot, Lancashire, died on 23 Sep 2001 in Cove House, Silverdale, Carnforth, Cumbria at age 94, and was buried in Burnley, Lancashire. Cremated.. They had four children: **Francis Rowland**, **Rosemary**, **Jonathan**, and **Jeremy Watson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Schoolteacher in 1933 in Street, Somerset.
- He worked as a Schoolteacher, Friends' School Saffron Walden in 1940-1946 in Saffron Walden, Essex.
- He worked as a Lecturer, University of Swansea in 1946-1976 in Swansea, Glamorgan, Wales.

20-Francis Rowland Dale

Francis married **Patricia Chapman**. They had three children: **Linda Margaret**, **Andrew Edward**, and **Christopher Watson**.

21-Linda Margaret Dale

Linda married **Neil**.

21-Andrew Edward Dale

21-Christopher Watson Dale

Christopher married **Emily**.

Francis next married **Pauline Brown**.

20-Rosemary Dale

20-Jonathan Dale

Jonathan married **Gladys Emily Mason**. They had three children: **Robert Meredith**, **Gareth**, and **Branwen**.

21-Robert Meredith Dale

Robert married **Gabi Zekina**. They had two children: **Yola** and **Zora**.

22-Yola Dale

Yola married **Alex**. They had one son: **Akeem**.

23- Akeem

22-Zora Dale

Robert next married **Melanie**.

21-Gareth Dale

Gareth married **Nadine**.

21-Branwen Dale

Branwen married **Roberto C. Balatong Gaspalinao**. They had one daughter: **Bulak Dale**.

22-Bulak Dale Gaspalinao

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Branwen had a relationship with **Brosig**. They had one daughter: **Silke**.

22-**Silke Brosig**

20-**Prof. Jeremy Watson Dale**

Jeremy married **Prof. Angela M. Hurd**. They had two children: **Megan Catherine** and **Alison Mifanwy**.

21-**Megan Catherine Dale**

Megan married **Stephen J. Watts**. They had two children: **Rosa Christina D.** and **Olwen**.

22-**Rosa Christina D. Watts**

22-**Olwen Watts**

21-**Alison Mifanwy Dale**

Alison married **Daniel Edward J. Bath**. They had four children: **Joseph Anthony**, **Magdalen Clare**, **Peter Lawrence**, and **Gabriel Francis**.

22-**Joseph Anthony Bath**

22-**Magdalen Clare Bath**

22-**Peter Lawrence Bath**

22-**Gabriel Francis Bath**

19-**Caroline Watson Pollard**¹⁰⁸ was born on 24 May 1912 in 44 Queen Anne's Road, York and died on 28 Oct 1987 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 75.

General Notes: POLLARD.-On the 24th May, 1912, at 44 Queen Anne's Road, York, Mary (Spence Watson) , wife of Francis Edward Pollard (1887-9), a daughter , who was named Caroline Watson.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1926-1929 in York, Yorkshire.

Caroline married **Rev. Joseph Malcolm Hardie**¹⁶⁴ on 8 Aug 1945 in Reading, Berkshire. Joseph was born on 1 Dec 1909 in Coventry, Warwickshire and died on 8 Nov 1979 in 91 Skipton Road, Ilkley, Yorkshire at age 69. They had two children: **Katharine Spence** and **Robert Andrew**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Church Missionary in 1941 in Shanghai, China.

20-**Katharine Spence Hardie**

Katharine married **Michael A. Coleman**. They had two children: **Christina** and **Richard Alexander**.

21-**Christina Coleman**

21-**Richard Alexander Coleman**

Richard married **Mel**.

20-**Robert Andrew Hardie**

Robert married **Susan Jean Kirkby**. They had two children: **Nicholas James** and **Jonathan Charles**.

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21-Nicholas James Hardie

21-Jonathan Charles Hardie

Jonathan married **Leigh**.

19-**Ruth Pollard**^{164,168} was born on 19 Nov 1914 in 8 Clifton Dale, York, Yorkshire, died on 9 Dec 1982 in 44 St. James Road, Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire at age 68, and was buried on 16 Dec 1982 in Skipton, Yorkshire. Cremated.

General Notes: POLLARD.-On the 19th November, 1914, at 8 Clifton Dale, York, Mary Spence (Watson), wife of Francis Edward Pollard (1887-9), a daughter , who was named Ruth.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at the Abbey School in Reading, Berkshire.
- She was educated at The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.
- She was educated at University of Reading.
- She worked as a JP for Hertfordshire.

Ruth married **Sidney John Thomas Beck**, son of **Reuben Alexander Beck** and **Ruth Elizabeth Baggs**, on 7 Jun 1941 in FMH Reading, Berkshire. Sidney was born on 2 Nov 1915 in 31 Marlborough Road, Gillingham, Kent, died on 15 Jun 1998 in Ardenlea Hospice. Queens Drive, Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried on 19 Jun 1998 in Rawdon Crematorium, Guisley, Leeds, Yorkshire. They had four children: **Daniel, Julia, Lucy Ruth**, and **Benjamin Sidney**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.
- He worked as a civil servant with HM Customs, Treasury, CSD & Parliamentary Ombudsman.

20-Daniel Beck

Daniel married **Ann Redfern** on 31 Oct 1971 in FMH Nottingham. Ann was born on 7 Sep 1943 in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire and died on 21 Nov 2013 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire at age 70. They had two children: **Matthew** and **Edmund William**.

21-Matthew Beck

21-Edmund William Beck

20-Julia Beck

Julia married **Derek Whitaker** on 5 Oct 1974 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire. Derek was born on 14 Feb 1949 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire, died on 10 Jun 2002 in Hexham, Northumberland at age 53, and was buried on 17 Jun 2002 in Hexham, Northumberland. The cause of his death was Lung Cancer. They had two children: **Andrew** and **Tom**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an assistant Manager, W. H. Smith.

21-Andrew Whitaker

Andrew had a relationship with **Kate Emma F. Preston**. They had one daughter: **Daisy Florence**.

22-Daisy Florence Whitaker

21-Tom Whitaker

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Tom married **Samantha Marie Hess**.

20-Lucy Ruth Beck

20-Benjamin Sidney Beck

Benjamin married **Deborah Frances Lonergan**. They had one son: **Marley Francis**.

21-Marley Francis Beck

Marley married **Sarah**. They had one daughter: **Isla Dias**.

22-Isla Dias Beck

Benjamin next married **Darlyn Elaine Margaret Crichlow**.

18-**Bertha Spence Watson**^{39,79,95,98,166} was born on 18 May 1877 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 31 Jul 1954 in Burton Croft, York at age 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1892-Jun 1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

Bertha married **John Bowes Morrell**,^{39,95,98,141,166,173} son of **William Wilberforce Morrell** and **Lydia Hutchinson**, on 2 Apr 1902 in FMH Newcastle. John was born on 18 Apr 1873 in Selby, Yorkshire and died on 26 Apr 1963 in York, Yorkshire at age 90. They had three children: **Lydia Ruth**, **Elizabeth Bertha**, and **William Bowes**.

Marriage Notes: MORRELL-SPENCE WATSON.--On 2nd April, 1902, at the Friends' Meeting House, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, John Bowes Morrell (1884-90), to BerthaSpence Watson.

General Notes: J. B. Morrell (1884-90) has received the Honorary Freedom of the City of York, in recognition of his services to the public life of the City for nearly fifty years. He was a member of the City Council from 1905 to 1945, Lord Mayor from 1914 to 1915 and again from 1949 to 1950, and Sheriff from 1938-39. In thanking the City Council for the honour which they had conferred on him, J. B. Morrell said that it had been his good fortune to live for seventy years in the City of York, and, as if to add to the inequalities of life, he had now been given the most prized honour, the Freedom of the City. *Bootham. November 1950. Vol. 24 No. 4*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP Freedom of the City of York.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1884-1890 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an apprentice to Rowntree's of York in 1890 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Director of Rowntree's in 1898 in Haxby Road, York, Yorkshire.
- Miscellaneous: He helped found the University of York and the Borthwick Institute for Archives.
- He worked as a Councillor for the City of York from 1905.
- He worked as a Lord Mayor of York in 1914-1915.

19-**Lydia Ruth Morrell**¹⁷ was born on 20 Nov 1904 in York, Yorkshire, died on 30 Jan 1991 at age 86, and was buried in St. Andrews cemetery, Malahide, Dublin, Ireland.

General Notes: MORRELL.-On the 20th November, 1904, at York, Bertha, wife of John Bowes Morrell (1884-90), a daughter, who was named Lydia Ruth.

Lydia married **Arthur Hedley Butler**. Arthur was born on 9 Mar 1899, died on 30 Sep 1978 at age 79, and was buried in St. Andrews cemetery, Malahide, Dublin, Ireland. They had one son: **Patrick Hedley Morrell**.

20-Patrick Hedley Morrell Butler

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19-**Elizabeth Bertha Morrell**^{17,166} was born on 7 Jan 1907 in York, Yorkshire and died in 1994 at age 87.

General Notes: MORRELL.-On the 7th January, 1907, at York, Bertha, the wife of John Bowes Morrell (1884-90), a daughter, who was named Elizabeth Bertha.

Elizabeth married **Norman P. Hault**. Norman was born in 1891.

Elizabeth next married **James M. Cooper**.

19-**William Bowes Morrell**^{17,39,124,174,175} was born on 18 Feb 1913 in York, Yorkshire and died on 11 Dec 1981 in London at age 68.

General Notes: MORRELL.-In December, 1981. William Bowes Morrell (1926-31) aged 68 years

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1922-1926 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1931 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge in 1931-1934.
- He worked as a Secretary of Cambridge University Liberal Club.
- He resided at Burton Croft in 1935 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Journalist.
- He worked as a Founder of the York Common-Good Trust in 1974.
- He worked as a Chairman of The Press Association.

William married **Kate Lisa Probst**. They had two children: **John Bowes** and **Nicholas Cuthbert**.

20-**John Bowes Morrell**

20-**Nicholas Cuthbert Morrell**

18-**Arnold Spence Watson**⁷⁰ was born on 6 Dec 1879 in Gateshead, County Durham, died on 27 Nov 1897 in Dalton Hall, Manchester at age 17, and was buried on 30 Nov 1897 in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne. The cause of his death was Pneumonia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1892-1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Dalton Hall, Manchester.

17-**Esther Mary Watson**^{8,50} was born on 13 Dec 1838 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 3 Dec 1903 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 64.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1850-Dec 1855 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was baptized on 20 Dec 1838.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister.

18-**Henry Foster Clapham**^{8,17} was born on 10 Jun 1860 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 19 Oct 1860 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

18-**Ethel Clapham**^{8,17,26} was born on 25 Jul 1861 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1925 in Tynemouth at age 64.

19-**Henry Clapham Foster**²⁶ was born on 27 May 1885 in Backworth, Northumberland.

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20-Nina Mary Foster

19-Dorothy Foster²⁶ was born on 2 Jun 1889 in Backworth, Northumberland and died in 1986 at age 97.

20-Ann Dorothy Mason

19-Mary Foster²⁶ was born on 14 Jul 1892 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

19-Phyllis Foster was born in 1894.

19-Gerald Foster was born in 1899 and died in 1957 at age 58.

18-Lionel Clapham¹⁷ was born on 25 Feb 1863 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 3 Aug 1916 in Whitley Bay, Northumberland at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bulb & Seed Merchant. Coal exporter.

19-Esther Mary Clapham

19-Lionel Clapham

18-Philip Clapham was born on 10 Dec 1865 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 19 Mar 1866 in Tynemouth.

18-Maud Clapham⁶⁴ was born on 5 Mar 1869 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1927 at age 58.

19-Denys Armstrong^{64,65} was born in 1895 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 3 Oct 1916 in France. Killed in action at age 21, and was buried in Warlencourt, Pas de Calais, France.

General Notes: DENYS ARMSTRONG, second lieutenant , fell in action on Octo- ber 3rd. The day before he had been hit in the hand, but refused to go back, and led his men sucessfully across No Man' s Land. On the 3rd he was wounded by a shell, and a man was dressing his wound when a second shell came and killed both of them. Officers and men had grown very fond of "Snowball. " "W e could trust him absolutely, and he was so frank and warm-hearted that one could not but love him. He was just as greatly liked and admired by the cadets, and he wielded a remarkable influence for good amongst them. "

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1909-1912 in York.
- He worked as a Naval engineer and architect.

19-Dr. Reginald Armstrong^{39,66} was born in Dec 1897 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in Feb 1968 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BS.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1912-1915 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician in Rothbury, Northumberland.

20-Gordon Armstrong

21-James Armstrong

21-Armstrong

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20-**Rosemary Alison Armstrong**⁶⁴ was born in 1934 and died in 1955 in Died Aged 21 at age 21.

20-**Dr. Henry Angus Armstrong**

21-**Dominick Armstrong**

21-**Alice Armstrong**

21-**Alexander Henry Fenwick Armstrong**

22-**Rex Armstrong**

22-**Patrick Armstrong**

22-**Edward Armstrong**

22-**Henry Armstrong**

20-**Margaret Armstrong**

21-**Lucy Hall**

21-**James Hall**

20-**Elsbeth Armstrong**

21-**Kate Lewis**

21-**Alastair Lewis**⁶⁴ died in Died Aged 8 Or 9. Killed By A Drink-Driver.

21-**Jenny Lewis**

21-**Hannah Lewis**

19-**Esther Helen Armstrong**⁶⁴ was born on 25 Jun 1902 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in Aug 1971 in Argyll, Scotland at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Actress, Playwright and Broadcaster. Professionally under the name Esther McCracken.

20-**Helen Jane McCracken**⁶⁴ was born on 12 Apr 1928 and died on 10 Oct 2000 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 72.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Tourist guide and Trainer of tourist guides.

21-**Alice Susan Orde**

22-**Jamie Orde Metherell**

22-**Kate Mccracken Metherell**

21-**Charlotte Esther Orde**

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22-**Esther Mary Farmer**

22-**Rachel Elizabeth Farmer**

22-**David Angus Farmer**

21-**Simon Martin Orde**

22-**Hannah Kathleen Orde**

22-**Nicholas Harry Simon Orde**

21-**Angus Charles Orde**

20-**Heather Mary McCracken**⁶⁴ was born in 1933 and died in 1986 at age 53.

General Notes: Died of cancer

21-**Rupert Angus Stubbs**

22-**Oliver Stubbs**

22-**Katie Stubbs**

21-**Imogen Mary Stubbs**

22-**Ellie Nunn**

22-**Jesse Nunn**

20-**Elizabeth Campbell**⁶⁴ died in Died in Infancy.

19-**Elizabeth Maud Armstrong**⁶⁴ was born in 1910 and died in 1979 at age 69.

20-**Judith Mary McCracken**⁶⁴ was born in 1933 and died in 1985 at age 52.

21-**Robert Sullivan**

21-**Richard Sullivan**

20-**Denys McCracken**⁶⁴ was born in 1935 and died in 2010 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer. Emigrated to New Zealand.

21-**Andrew McCracken**

21-**Bruce McCracken**

21-**Christine McCracken**

20-**David Angus McCracken**

21-**Islay McCracken**

21-**Morag Esther McCracken**

21-**Shona McCracken**

18-**Norman Clapham** was born on 21 Apr 1872 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 31 Oct 1947 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Steamship Chartering clerk of Gateshead.

19-**Norman James Clapham** was born on 3 Apr 1908 in Longbenton, Northumberland and died in 1964 at age 56.

19-**Anthony Clapham** was born in 1910 in Longbenton, Northumberland and died in 1973 at age 63.

19-**Michael Clapham**

18-**Herbert Watson Clapham** was born on 25 Apr 1873 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 26 Aug 1873 in Gateshead, County Durham.

18-**Henry Clapham**^{17,64} was born on 9 Apr 1880 in North Ashfield, Newcastle and died on 20 Jun 1940 in 53 Osborne Road, Newcastle at age 60.

19-**Lieut. Col. Henry Calvert Clapham**^{17,39,64,68} was born on 30 Apr 1905 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1988 in Northumberland at age 83.

General Notes: Clapham.-Previously reported prisoner of war, later reported wounded and prisoner of war, Henry C. Clapham (1919-21), Major, Royal Artillery.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1919-1921 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Bank Inspector, Lloyds Bank in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

20-**Antoinette Clapham**

21-**Nicholas Lemens**

21-**Cecilia Lemens**

21-**Lucas Lemens**

19-**Esther Mary Clapham**^{17,64} was born in 1908 and died in 1996 at age 88.

General Notes: Never married

17-**Joseph Watson**⁶³ was born on 28 Mar 1840 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 24 Jun 1873 in Florence, Italy at age 33, and was buried in Florence, Italy.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipbuilder. Clark, Chapman& Watson, Gateshead.

Joseph married **Lucy Victoria Fenwick** on 20 May 1868 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Lucy was born on 25 Oct 1838 in Weardale, County Durham and died in 1918 at age 80. They had three children: **Lucy Fenwick**, **Joseph Stanhope**, and **Myles Foster**.

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18-**Lucy Fenwick Watson** was born on 21 Mar 1869 in Gateshead, County Durham.

Lucy married **Thomas Lawrence Shann**.

18-**Joseph Stanhope Watson** was born on 18 Aug 1870 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1934 at age 64.

Joseph married **Elizabeth Ormston Carrick**.

18-**Myles Foster Watson** was born on 4 Jun 1872 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1938 at age 66.

Myles married **Florence Gill** in 1899. Florence died in 1930. They had four children: **Myles Birket Foster, Gerald Featherstone, Ronald Stanley, and Ursula Mary**.

19-**Myles Birket Foster Watson** was born in 1902.

19-**Gerald Featherstone Watson** was born in 1906.

Gerald married **Pat Dutton**.

19-**Ronald Stanley Watson**

Ronald married **Mary Sabina Powell**.

19-**Ursula Mary Watson**

Ursula married **Alec Westmacott**.

17-**William Joshua Watson**⁷ was born on 11 Oct 1841 and died on 7 Jan 1896 at age 54.

William married **Frances Jane Fenwick McCallum**⁷ on 8 Jul 1875. Frances was born in 1856. They had four children: **Muriel, Gladys, Leslie, and Esther**.

18-**Muriel Watson** was born in 1877.

Muriel married **Randall Bell**.

18-**Gladys Watson** was born in 1881 and died in 1936 at age 55.

Gladys married **James Richardson**.

18-**Leslie Watson**⁷ was born in 1882 and died on 2 Mar 1898 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 16.

18-**Esther Watson** was born in 1884.

17-**Sarah Jane Watson**³³ was born in 1842 and died on 12 May 1848 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 6.

17-**Emily Watson**^{39,88} was born on 6 Apr 1844, died on 17 Oct 1913 in Burley in Wharfedale, Yorkshire at age 69, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Emily married **Henry Richardson**,^{17,39,88,89} son of **John Richardson**^{4,7,38,49,57,88,176,177} and **Sarah Augusta Balkwill**,^{4,7,38,49,57,88,176,177,178} on 10 Aug 1865. Henry was born on 10 Aug 1841 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 12 May 1914 in Westminster, London at age 72, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne. They had four children: **Henry, Harold Joseph, Helen, and Olive Mary**.

General Notes: RICHARDSON.— On the 12th May, 1914, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Henry Richardson (1856-8), aged 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1856-1858 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Colliery Engineer.

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- He worked as a JP for Northumberland from 1895.

18-**Henry Richardson** was born on 14 Feb 1868 in Backworth, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 17 Feb 1868 in Backworth, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

18-**Harold Joseph Richardson** was born on 30 Jul 1869 in Backworth, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 5 Jun 1911 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 41, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

18-**Helen Richardson**³⁹ was born on 10 Mar 1871 in Backworth, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 4 Apr 1902 in Jesmond, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 31, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

18-**Olive Mary Richardson**³⁹ was born on 16 Dec 1881 in Backworth, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 14 Sep 1956 at age 74, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Olive married **James Joseph Macartney**³⁹ in 1913 in Westminster, London. James was born on 21 Aug 1884 in Dagshai, India, died on 6 Nov 1956 in Sussex at age 72, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Duke of Cambridge's Own, Middlesex Regiment.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law.

17-**Charles John Watson** was born in 1846 and died in 1846.

17-**Helen Watson** was born on 5 Mar 1848 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 12 Oct 1922 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 74, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1861-Dec 1864 in York, Yorkshire.

Helen married **Joseph John Gurney**, son of **Joseph Gurney** and **Harriet Tritton**, in 1870 in Northumberland. Joseph was born on 3 Aug 1846 in London, died on 3 Dec 1903 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 57, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne. They had one daughter: **Helen Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mechanical engineer in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

18-**Dr. Helen Mary Gurney**¹⁷ was born on 18 Jul 1874 in Northumberland Terrace, Tynemouth, Northumberland, died on 18 Mar 1954 in The White House, Grainger Park Road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne at age 79, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Medical Registrar at the Royal Victoria Infirmary, Newcastle.

17-**Sarah Anna Watson** was born on 1 Jul 1849 and died on 9 Sep 1849.

17-**Herbert Watson**⁶³ was born on 31 Mar 1852, died on 25 Mar 1873 in Gateshead, County Durham at age 20, and was buried in Jesmond Old Cemetery, Newcastle upon Tyne.

17-**Gertrude Watson**^{7,39,79} was born on 15 Oct 1854 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1930 at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1866-Jun 1870 in York, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- She was a Quaker.

Gertrude married **John Wigham Edmundson**,^{7,39,79,179} son of **Joshua Edmundson**⁷ and **Mary Wigham**,^{7,180} in 1875. John was born on 27 Nov 1847 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 1 Sep 1922 in Rothbury, Sowerby, Thirsk, Yorkshire at age 74. They had six children: **Herbert Watson, Gertrude Mary, John Edgar, Sarah Watson, Cyril**, and **Eva Lucy**.

General Notes: EDMUNDSON.-On September 1st, at Rothbury, Sowerby, Thirsk, John Wigham Edmundson (1860-64), aged 74 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1860-1864 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin.
- He worked as an Apprentice engineer in Gateshead, County Durham.
- He worked as a Founder of Edmundson's Electricity Corporation.
- He was a Quaker.

18-**Herbert Watson Edmundson**^{39,132,165,173,181,182,183} was born on 5 Dec 1875 in Foxrock, Dublin, Ireland and died on 17 Aug 1950 in Aysgarth, Wensleydale, Yorkshire at age 74.

General Notes: Edmundson.-On 17th August, 1950, at his home at Aysgarth, Wensleydale, Herbert Watson Edmundson (1891-92), aged 74 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1891-1892 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1904 in Gateshead, County Durham.
- He worked as an Electric Lamp Engineer.

Herbert married **Olive Mary Harrison**^{132,165,181,182,183} on 25 May 1904 in Bocking, Essex. Olive was born in 1880 and died in 1971 at age 91. They had four children: **John, David, Ruth**, and **Gertrude**.

Marriage Notes: EDMUNDSON-HARRISON.-On the 25th May, 1904, at Booking. Braintree, Herbert Watson Edmundson (1891-2), of Gateshead, to Olive Mary Harrison.

19-**John Edmundson**¹⁸¹ was born on 17 Apr 1907 in Gateshead, County Durham.

General Notes: EDMUNDSON.-On the 17th April, 1907, at Gateshead, Olive Mary, wife of Herbert W. Edmundson (1891-92), a son, who was named John.

19-**David Edmundson**¹⁸² was born on 20 Jul 1909 in Gateshead, County Durham.

General Notes: EDMUNDSON.-On the 20th July, 1909, at Gateshead, Olive Mary, wife of Herber t W. Edmundson (1891-2), a son, who was named David.

19-**Ruth Edmundson**¹⁸³ was born on 30 Mar 1912 in 22 St. Albans Terrace, Gateshead, County Durham.

General Notes: EDMUNDSON.— On the 30th March, 1912, at 22 St. Albans Terrace, Gateshead, Olive M. , the wife of Herbert W. Edmundson (1891-92), a daughter , who was named Ruth.

19-**Gertrude Edmundson**¹³² was born on 30 Nov 1918 in Rugby, Warwickshire.

General Notes: EDMUNDSON.-On the 30th November, 1918, at Rugby, Olive M. (Harrisson), wife of Herbert W. Edmundson (1891-2), a daughter, who was named Gertrude.

18-**Gertrude Mary Edmundson**^{39,79,119,156,165,184,185,186} was born on 6 May 1877 in Foxrock, Dublin, Ireland (5th also given).

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1892-Dec 1893 in York, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- She was a Quaker.

Gertrude married **Lawrence Richardson**,^{39,83,119,156,165,184,185,186} son of **David Richardson**^{2,17,39,88,109,156} and **Catherine Fry**,^{2,39,74,88} on 17 May 1904 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Lawrence was born on 22 Aug 1869 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 12 Nov 1953 at age 84. They had five children: **Mary Edmundson**, **Constance**, **Winifred**, **Herbert Watson**, and **Helen**.

Marriage Notes: RICHARDSON-EDMUNDSON.-On the 17th May, 1904, at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Lawrence Richardson (1881-6), of Newcastle, to Gertrude Mary Edmundson, of Gateshead.

General Notes: RICHARDSON.-On 12th November, 1953, Lawrence Richardson (1881-86), aged 84 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Leather Manufacturer in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- Miscellaneous: Undertook two fact finding and humanitarian missions to South Africa.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1881-1886 in York, Yorkshire.
- He resided at Stoneham in 1935 in Beech Grove Road, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

19-**Mary Edmundson Richardson**¹⁵⁶ was born on 3 Feb 1906 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

General Notes: RICHARDSON.-On the 3rd February, 1906, at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Gertrude Mary, wife of Lawrence Richardson (1881-6), a daughter, who was named Mary Edmundson.

19-**Constance Richardson**¹⁸⁴ was born on 22 Dec 1907 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

General Notes: RICHARDSON.-On the 22nd December, 1907, at Newcastle, Gertrude M. , wife of Lawrence Richardson (1881-6), a daughter, who was named Constance.

19-**Winifred Richardson**¹⁸⁵ was born on 9 Jan 1910 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

General Notes: RICHARDSON.-On the 9th January, 1910, at Newcastle-on- Tyne, Gertrude M., wife of Lawrence Richardson (1881-6), a daughter, who was named Winifred.

19-**Herbert Watson Richardson**^{39,68,122,123,173,186,187,188,189,190} was born on 31 Mar 1913 in Stoneham, Beech Grove Road, Newcastle upon Tyne and died in 1988 at age 75.

General Notes: RICHARDSON.-On the 31st March, 1913, at Stoneham, Beech Grove Road, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Gertrude Mary (Edmundson), wife of Lawrence Richardson (1881-6), a son, who was named Herbert Watson.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1925-1930 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Leeds in 1932-1933 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Leather Manufacturer in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Herbert married **Brenda Nisbet Booth**. They had six children: **David**, **Jennifer Ann**, **Patrick**, **Esther Elizabeth**, **Catherine S.**, and **Helen**.

20-**David Richardson**^{188,190,191} was born on 25 Mar 1942 in Aberfeldy, Perthshire, Scotland and died in 1994 at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1956-1960 in York, Yorkshire.

David married **Diane Lovesay**. They had one daughter: **Sarah**.

21-**Sarah Richardson**

20-Jennifer Ann Richardson

20-Patrick Richardson

20-Esther Elizabeth Richardson

20-Catherine S. Richardson

20-Helen Richardson

19-Helen Richardson¹¹⁹ was born on 25 Oct 1916.

General Notes: RICHARDSON.-On the 25th October, 1916, Gertrude M., wife of Lawrence Richardson (1881-6), a daughter , who was named Helen.

18-John Edgar Edmundson⁷ was born on 22 Apr 1879 in Foxrock, Dublin, Ireland and died on 17 Sep 1920 in 7 Douglas Road, West Hawick, Roxburghshire at age 41.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as an apprentice Engineer in Tyneside.
- He worked as a member of Edmundson's Electricity Company in 1900.

John married **Marion Hall**,⁷ daughter of **John William Hall**^{7,72,79} and **Mary Ann Smith**,^{7,72,79} in 1903. Marion was born on 20 Feb 1878 in Thirsk, Yorkshire and died in 1961 at age 83. They had five children: **Kathleen Mary**, **Norah Gertrude**, **(No Given Name)**, **Joan Wigham**, and **Arnold Watson**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- They had a residence in 1911 in Grantham, Lincolnshire.
- They had a residence in Hawick, Roxburghshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1894 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

19-Kathleen Mary Edmundson⁷ was born in 1905 and died in 1994 at age 89.

19-Norah Gertrude Edmundson^{115,163,172,192} was born in 1907 and died in 1982 at age 75.

Norah married **Gerald Grover Brown**,^{39,115,163,172,192} son of **Francis Henry Brown**^{39,66,155,165,166,193} and **Charlotte Gordon**, on 16 Aug 1933 in FMH Thirsk. Gerald was born on 15 Dec 1907 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in Dec 1988 in Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 81. They had three children: **Allan Grover**, **Peter Grover**, and **Timothy Grover**.

Marriage Notes: BROWN-EDMUNDSON.-On August 16th, at the Friends' Meeting House, Thirsk, Gerald Grover Brown (1921-26), to Norah Gertrude Edmundson.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Laurel Bank, Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1921-1926 in York, Yorkshire.

20-Allan Grover Brown

Allan married **Julia Jane Clarke**. They had four children: **Rebecca**, **Francis Patrick**, **David Edmundson**, and **John Saville**.

21-Rebecca Brown

21-Francis Patrick Brown

21-David Edmundson Brown

21-John Saville Brown

20-Peter Grover Brown

Peter married **Mavis Robinson**. They had two children: **Catherine** and **Marion Mary**.

21-Catherine Brown

21-Marion Mary Brown

20-Timothy Grover Brown

Timothy married **Marianne Wiegold**. They had one son: **Simon Karl**.

21-Simon Karl Brown

19-Edmundson

19-Joan Wigham Edmundson^{7,39} was born in 1907 and died in 1941 at age 34.

Joan married **John Philipson Hall**,³⁹ son of **John Edward Hall** and **Helen Grubb**,⁷⁹ in 1931 in Hendon, Middlesex. John was born in 1907 in Thirsk, Yorkshire. They had two children: **John Bartholomew** and **Judith Edmundson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1920-1924 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1924-1926 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of Harrods in 1926-1927 in Knightsbridge, London.
- He resided at Scott's Garth in 1935 in Sutton, Thirsk, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of Jones Bros. In Holloway, London.
- He worked as a Directors of B. Smiths Ltd., Drapers in Thirsk, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Clerk and Treasurer of Thirsk Preparatory Meeting in Thirsk, Yorkshire.

20-John Bartholomew Hall³⁹ was born in 1932 in Thirsk, Yorkshire and died in 1984 at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1948-1950 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Botanist.

20-Judith Edmundson Hall³⁹ was born in 1935 in Thirsk, Yorkshire and died in 1992 at age 57.

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Judith married **Prof. Andrew Karpati Kennedy** in 1958. Andrew was born on 9 Jan 1931 in Győr, Hungary and died on 20 Dec 2016 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 85. Another name for Andrew was Kárpáti Andor Ödön. They had two children: **Veronica** and **Nicholas**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Author and Literary critic.

21-**Veronica Kennedy**

21-**Nicholas Kennedy**

19-**Arnold Watson Edmundson**^{7,39,115,194,195} was born on 6 Feb 1911 in Grantham, Lincolnshire and died in Nov 1992 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1921-1925 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1925-1928 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Schoolmaster, Bootham School in 1933-1935.

Arnold married **Henrietta Beecham**. They had two children: **Gillian Helen** and **Michael Watson**.

20-**Gillian Helen Edmundson**

20-**Michael Watson Edmundson**

18-**Sarah Watson Edmundson** was born on 7 Nov 1880 in Foxrock, Dublin, Ireland and died in 1952 at age 72.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1896-Jul 1898 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Cyril Edmundson**^{39,84,107,108,118,165,195,196} was born on 2 Jan 1883 in Gateshead, County Durham and died on 3 Jan 1955 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 72.

General Notes: CYRIL EDMUNDSON (1898 -99) finds Canada " a fine country for anyone with a little grit and patience," but useless for the chronic grumbler. He even manages to get a little football now and then, and was recently one of the victorious team in a tournament . The prize awarded to each man in the winning team was a pair of brilliant yellow football boots! A West Bromwich Albion man kept goal, an Oxford blue partnered Edmundson at full back, and the rest of the team was composed of Canadians, Australians and English. Robert Fox, Edmund- son's near neighbour, is curiously enough himself an old Bootham boy, and was at the School in the days of Fielden Thorp's headmastership. We are happy to be able to publish some photographs which Cyril Edmundson has kindly sent us. Wil l others " oversea " follow suit ? It may, perhaps, be useful to his many friends if we record the fact that Cyril Edmundson's postal address has recently undergone a change owing to the creation of the new province of Saskatchewan, and letters to him should in future be directed to Penarth, Saskatchewan, N.W.T

Bootham October 1905

EDMUNDSON.— In 1957, Cyril Edmundson (1898-99).

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1898-1899 in York, Yorkshire.
- He emigrated to Canada.
- He worked as a Farmer in 1904 in Alberta, Canada.
- He had a residence in 1924 in Alhambra, Los Angeles County, California, USA.
- He worked as a Truck Driver in 1929 in Los Angeles, California, USA.

Cyril married **Myrtle Pansy Benjafield**,^{107,108,118,196} daughter of **Charles Benjafield** and **Matilda**, on 15 May 1911 in Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada. Myrtle was born in 1891 in Sifton, Saskatchewan, Canada and died on 24 Apr 1953 in Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada at age 62. They had three children: **John Frederick, June,**

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and **Philip Arthur**.

Marriage Notes: EDMUNDSON-BENJAFIELD.-On the 15th May, 1911, at Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada, Cyril Edmundson (1898-9), to Myrtle Pansy Benjafield, both of Siltion, Saskatchewan.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Siltion, Saskatchewan, Canada.

19-**John Frederick Edmundson**¹⁰⁸ was born on 28 Aug 1912 in Siltion, Saskatchewan, Canada.

General Notes: EDMUNDSON.-On the 28th August , 1912, at Siltion, Sask. , Canada, Myrtle Pansy (Benjafield), wife of Cyril Edmundson (1898-9), a son.

19-**June Edmundson**¹¹⁸ was born on 29 Jul 1915 in Ashlea Farm, Siltion, Saskatchewan, Canada.

General Notes: DMUNDSON.-On the 29th July, 1915, at Ashlea Farm, Siltion, Saskatchewan, Myrtle Pansy, wife of Cyril Edmundson (1898-9), a daughter , who wa s named June.

19-**Philip Arthur Edmundson**¹⁹⁶ was born on 20 Mar 1918 in Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada and died on 29 Jun 1984 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada at age 66.

General Notes: EDMUNDSON.-On the 20th March, 1918, at Saskatchewan, Myrtle (Benjafield), wife of Cyril Edmundson (1898-9), a son, who was named Philip.

Philip married **Vera Crowe**.

Cyril next married **Margaret Isabel Cameron**. They had one son: **John Cyril**.

19-**John Cyril Edmundson** was born on 30 Nov 1929 in Los Angeles, California, USA and died on 2 Dec 1929 in Los Angeles, California, USA.

18-**Eva Lucy Edmundson** was born in 1888 and died in 1969 at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1900-1903.
- She was educated at The Mount School in 1904-1906 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**Elizabeth Foster Spence**^{7,17,171} was born on 17 Aug 1815 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 4 May 1876 in Belmont Road, Twickenham at age 60, and was buried in Twickenham.

Elizabeth married **Henry Brown**,^{7,17,171,197} son of **William Brown**^{4,7,48,86,116,177} and **Mary Richardson**,^{4,7,48} on 17 Aug 1837 in North Shields, Northumberland. Henry was born on 29 Jun 1813 in Tynemouth and died on 26 Oct 1846 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 33. They had four children: **William Henry**, **Mary Spence**, **Henrietta**, and **Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Starch manufacturer of North Shields.

17-**William Henry Brown**^{7,17,74,79,171} was born on 31 Jan 1839 in North Shields, Northumberland (8 jan given by AM) and died on 24 Dec 1907 in Sibford Ferris, Oxfordshire at age 68.

General Notes: William H. Brown, 68 24 12mo. 1907 Sihford Ferris. An earnest Quaker propagandist has been lost to the Society by the death of William Henry Brown, of Sibford Ferris. All over the country his cheery face and voice, and his pony and trap have become known in recent years, for he was one who spared no pains to carry the Evangel of a free and spiritual religion wherever he could find or make an open door. He was the son of Henry and Elizabeth Brown, of North Shields, where he was born on January 8th, 1839, thus having very nearly reached his sixty-ninth birthday. He was for some years in business as a chemist in North Shields, but feeling the need for the spread of good literature in out-of-the-way country districts, he decided to go round with books from place to place. He worked under the auspices of the Friends' Tract Association. Of late years he has been a familiar figure as he travelled with his sturdy pony and well-stocked cart from Land's End to John o' Groats. A correspondent writes : " He and his pony needed plenty of pluck and endurance, for they had to travel in all weathers and over every sort of road ; sometimes going right up over the lonely, rugged moors in dense

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fog, meeting no human being for hours at a time. Then at the end of a long day, the heavy packages of books had to be unpacked and spread out for display next morning to the few Friends and village people who might come in. Then there was the tedious business of wrapping all up again, and the drive on to the next village. He certainly 'suffered hardship and did the work of an evangelist,' never losing an opportunity of speaking a word for his Master." Our friend passed away at Sibford Ferris on Christmas Eve. The comment heard as Friends were separating after Meeting for Sufferings last week that "he was a godly man, and his work is much needed in the Society to-day," sums up the spirit of his life. He felt his service as agent for the Friends' Tract Association to be a work for God and for the Society, and he loved the opportunity thus afforded of getting into touch with all manner of people, and of sowing seed that might have untold consequences.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth.
- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist in Tynemouth, Northumberland.

William married **Margaret Ogilvie**,^{17,74,79} daughter of **Joseph Ogilvie** and **Jane Elizabeth Dove**, on 5 May 1863 in North Shields, Northumberland. Margaret was born in 1841 and died on 15 May 1918 in Croydon, Surrey at age 77. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth Foster**.

18-**Elizabeth Foster Brown**⁷⁹ was born on 7 Jul 1876 in Tynemouth, Northumberland.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Sibford School.
- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1893 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Mary Spence Brown**^{7,17} was born on 31 Mar 1840 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1923 at age 83.

General Notes: Was staying with Myles Birket Foster in 1861.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth.

Mary married **Edmund Evans**,¹⁷ son of **Henry Evans** and **Mary**, on 23 Aug 1864 in Godalming, Surrey. Edmund was born on 23 Feb 1826 in Southwark, London, died on 21 Aug 1905 in Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Hampshire at age 79, and was buried in Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Hampshire. They had five children: **Edmund Wilfred**, **Herbert**, **Ada Mary**, **Mary Elizabeth**, and **Henrietta**.

General Notes: Note connection to Myles Birket Foster.

(Also there is a curious connection with Ruari McLean, whom I knew, when he and his wife (Antonia), lived in retirement at Carsaig, on the Isle of Mull. (Charles E. G. Pease))

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an English wood engraver and colour printer.

18-**Edmund Wilfred Evans**¹⁷ was born in 1869.

18-**Herbert Evans**¹⁷ was born about 1872.

18-**Ada Mary Evans**¹⁷ was born in 1865 and died in 1905 at age 40.

18-**Mary Elizabeth Evans**¹⁷ was born in 1868 and died in 1939 at age 71.

18-**Henrietta Evans**¹⁷ was born in 1874 and died in 1902 at age 28.

17-**Henrietta Brown**^{7,17,197} was born on 8 Jan 1842 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 24 Feb 1849 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 7.

17-**Elizabeth Brown**^{4,7,17} was born on 10 Jan 1844 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 19 Jan 1917 in Whitwell, Isle Of Wight at age 73.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth.
- She worked as a Teacher.

Elizabeth married **Alfred William Cooper**,¹⁷ son of **Abraham Cooper** and **Maria Gomm**, on 10 Dec 1870 in St. Nicholas, Brighton. Alfred was born on 23 Oct 1830 in London and died in 1916 at age 86. They had three children: **Margaret**, **Henry Watson**, and **Philip**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Artist.

18-**Margaret Cooper**¹⁷ was born about 1872.

18-**Henry Watson Cooper** was born about 1874.

18-**Philip Cooper**¹⁷ was born about 1880.

16-**Rachel Spence**^{7,17,45,47,80} was born on 25 Sep 1816 in North Shields, Northumberland, died on 19 Jul 1844 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 27, and was buried on 25 Jul 1844 in FBG Ipswich.

Rachel married **Henry Shewell Corder**,^{7,17,47,80,197,198} son of **Thomas Corder**^{7,28,47,80,81,82} and **Mary Shewell**,^{7,28,47,80,82} on 24 Mar 1842 in FMH North Shields. Henry was born on 16 May 1814 in Widford Hall, Chelmsford, Essex, died on 8 Mar 1912 in Garden Cottage, Chelmsford, Essex at age 97, and was buried on 12 Mar 1912 in FBG Chelmsford. They had two children: **Thomas** and **Robert Spence**.

General Notes: Henry Shewell Corder 97 8 3mo. 1912 Chelmsford. Minister. By the death of Henry Shewell Corder, at an age only two years short of the century, Chelmsford Meeting has lost, not only a beloved and honoured member, but a prominent and striking figure, a man remarkable for the clearness of mind and vigour of body which he retained to the close of a long and useful life. The son of Thomas and Mary (Shewell) Corder, born at Widford Hall, near Chelmsford, on a farm which, as he believed, had been under cultivation for more than 1,000 years, he was the eldest but one in a family of twelve, and he lived to be the last but one of his generation. His memory remained unclouded to the very end, and he was fond of talking of things which happened in the far-off days of more than ninety years ago. After six years under a village school-master, a man simple and sincere, who had begun life as a ploughman and had taught himself, even to the extent of Greek, while at work and in his meal -times, he spent some time at Isaac Payne's boarding-school at Epping. His father was a farmer, but he, when his school -days were over, was apprenticed for seven years to his uncle, John Shewell, a draper at Ipswich. Those were strenuous years. Apprenticeship then was a very different affair from the brief and comparatively perfunctory apprenticeship of to-day. The hours were long, the work was hard. He was required to master the details of every department of the business. " I was taught my trade," said Henry Corder many years afterwards. " Young fellows nowadays have to pick up for themselves anything they want to learn. We had no time for cricket or sport, but had to take our recreation, whether in walking or skating, or what not, before six in the morning, or by moonlight after business hours." After some time spent at North Shields, he went into partnership with his uncle at Ipswich. A breakdown in health, however, compelled him, after all, to give up indoor work and go back to the land ; and he finally settled at Rollestons Farm, Writtle, where he spent nearly twenty years. Henry Corder was twice married. His first wife was Rachel, daughter of Robert Spence, of North Shields. After a brief union she and her two young children died, within a short time of one another ; and in 1850, he married Mary Ann, daughter of Samuel and Rebecca Alexander, of Ipswich. At Christmas, 1910, he and his wife, who, with their son and daughter, survives him, celebrated their Diamond wedding. Retiring from Writtle after some twenty years of farming, he finally removed to Garden Cottage, Chelmsford, a quiet and beautiful retreat, where, among his flowers and fruit-trees, he spent the tranquil evening of his days. Although generally regarded, perhaps by those who did not know him intimately, as a man of particularly good physique, Henry Corder can hardly be said to have enjoyed robust health, and it was thus all the more remarkable that, with advancing years, there seemed to come to him a renewal of physical power, due, so he firmly believed, to a careful and well-ordered life, and especially to that total abstinence which he had practiced for many years. He had not, however, always been an abstainer. In early manhood, he had been in the habit of taking his daily glass like most other people, following in this respect the custom of the time. But when he was about 60, and still farming at Rollestons, having been asked by a number of his work-people to help in forming a small Temperance Association, he and his brother Edward, who was long the chairman of the Chelmsford Board of Guardians, at once signed the Pledge. Never again did he touch alcohol as a beverage in any form ; and he always held the firm belief that this change from very moderate drinking to complete abstinence was the reason why he maintained his health and vigour unimpaired to the very end of his long life. A favourite recreation of his old age was in walking ; especially along the riverside from Chelmsford to Maldon, or round by Writtle to revisit the scenes of his farming experiences. But he took an especial interest in his garden, in which grew a profusion of old English perennials and heavily - bearing fruit trees, and in his vinery, whose training and pruning he did with his own hands. It is related that his gardener, having doubted the value of an aloe, "if 'e only blooms one in a 'underd years," Henry Corder retorted : " Oh, but it's a handsome plant, that helps to beautify and ornament the garden." ' Well," said the old man after a pause, " I tell yer this, Mr Corder, that there plant is for the pride of man, and it ain't no use keeping it ! " Henry Corder took little part in public affairs, but he was always ready to preside over or to speak at Meetings for philanthropic purposes, and he was for a great many years president of the Chelmsford Temperance Society and Federal Union. For fifteen years he look a leading part in the Bible Class of the Young Men's Christian Association, which he attended with great regularity, and for some years he was president of the Association. He first

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attended a Meeting of the British and Foreign Bible Society when he was 10 ; he began to subscribe to its funds when he was 14, and he is believed to have attended Bible Society Meetings for eighty-six years with hardly a break. An able and interesting lecturer, he gave at various times, at Chelmsford and elsewhere, addresses on such subjects as " Poetry," with illustrative extracts, " The Crusades " and " Visits to the British Museum." A series of evenings was devoted to an exposition of the Prophecies of Daniel, whose fulfilment was a favourite theme with him. The wide range of his reading was often well shewn in his addresses, and his excellent memory enabled him to quote with ease and accuracy from poets, philosophers and commentators. He kept up his Latin by reading the Vulgate, and his Greek with the New Testament. By Henry Corder's death, Chelmsford Meeting and Essex and Suffolk Quarterly Meeting have lost a beloved and deeply revered spiritual leader. His was a teaching ministry, on a highly spiritual level, His favourite themes were taken mostly from texts in Isaiah, and from the Gospel and the Epistles of John. His excellent memory enabled him to repeat these perfectly and with telling emphasis ; another portion of Scripture being often drawn upon to amplify and enforce the meaning of the original text. His teaching on Friends' principles was direct and frequent respecting the need of the baptism of the Spirit and of true communion with God ; and he often emphasised the fact that spiritual food must be partaken of constantly in order to sustain the spiritual life. " Building up yourselves on our most Holy Faith," " Be ye holy as I the Lord your God am Holy " were themes on which he often spoke. While politics were scrupulously avoided in his sermons, prominent events of the day often had their place. He loved to use the words of the prayer commencing " Cleanse the thoughts of our hearts by the inspiration of Thy Holy Spirit, that we may perfectly love Thee and worthily magnify Thy Holy Name " ; and whenever he concluded Meeting with a benediction, it was most impressive and solemn. To those attending mid-week Meetings his eloquence there seemed at its best. " Increasing in the knowledge of God and therefore increasing in His Love " was the subject of his last mid-week sermon. Nor can his ministry be said to have been confined to Meeting alone. On his walks he often called on friends and neighbours. And his kindly gifts of fruit and flowers, and his words of comfort and advice were appreciated by all who knew him, not less than his welcome and regular ministration from the gallery. To those privileged, over a long course of years, to receive his pleasant calls, it was felt to be a privation when excessive deafness, and finally, inability for more than a very short walk, brought these times of pleasant intercourse to an end. His memory remained clear to the last, and it was easy to draw from him many details of private or national events of long ago. He was always anxious to keep abreast of the times. The Coal Strike caused him much concern, as was evident from his reference to it in his very last sermon, preached on the Sunday before his death ; and, again, when with indistinct utterance, he tried to discuss almost with his latest breath. This constant freshness, one might almost say youth- fulness of mind, was one of the charms of his character ; and his oft-expressed determination never to grow old mentally, was thus fulfilled to the very end.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Isaac Payne's School, Epping.
- He worked as an apprentice Linen draper, to his uncle John Shewell in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Linen Draper in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Farmer in Rollestons Farm, Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

17-**Thomas Corder**^{17,47,197} was born on 4 Jun 1843 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 4 Jul 1849 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 6, and was buried on 8 Jul 1849 in Chelmsford, Essex.

17-**Robert Spence Corder**^{17,45,47} was born on 9 Jul 1844 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 22 Oct 1844 in Ipswich, Suffolk, and was buried on 24 Oct 1844 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

16-**Robert Spence**^{6,8,17,30,33,39,40} was born on 12 Dec 1817 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland and died on 9 Aug 1890 in Rosella Place, North Shields, Northumberland at age 72.

General Notes: In 1859, Robert joined the new private bank of Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease & Spence, of which he was founding partner.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1829-1832 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker. Partner in Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease & Spence. On 14 Mar 1859 in St. Nicholas Square, Newcastle Upon Tyne.

Robert married **Sarah Hagen**,^{8,17,30,33,39,40} daughter of **Thomas Hagen**^{8,30,51,199} and **Rachel Spence**,^{8,30,51} on 2 Jun 1842 in Kensington Registry Office. Sarah was born on 26 Jun 1820 in Stanwell, Middlesex and died on 9 Sep 1878 in South Shields, County Durham at age 58. They had seven children: **Sarah, Robert, Edward Hagen, Charles James, Rachel, Alfred Thomas**, and **(No Given Name)**.

General Notes: Of Earls Court, Kensington

17-**Sarah Spence**^{17,39,47,135} was born on 6 Mar 1843 in North Shields, Northumberland, died on 23 Oct 1875 in Croydon, Surrey at age 32, and was buried in St. Peter's Churchyard, Croydon.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Mar 1858-Dec 1859 in York, Yorkshire.

Sarah married **Francis Thompson**,^{3,39,47,135,136} son of **Francis Thompson**^{19,51,135} and **Susan Morris Longstreth**,^{19,51,135} on 18 Feb 1869. Francis was born on 4 Oct 1837 in Higher Broughton, Manchester and died on 18 Mar 1923 in Hayling Park Road, Croydon, Surrey at age 85.

General Notes: THOMPSON.-On March 18th, at Croydon, Francis Thompson (1852-3), aged 86 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1852-1853 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Tea Broker in Croydon, Surrey.
- He worked as a Member of Croydon Town Council in 1887-1903 in Croydon, Surrey.
- He resided at Eversley, Haling Park Road in Croydon, Surrey.

17-**Robert Spence**¹⁷ was born on 26 Apr 1845 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 26 May 1853 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 8.

17-**Edward Hagen Spence**^{17,33} was born on 18 Jan 1847 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 29 Jan 1848 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 1.

17-**Charles James Spence**^{6,17,84,180} was born on 20 Nov 1848 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 8 Oct 1905 in South Preston Lodge, North Shields, Northumberland at age 56.

General Notes: After his education at Bootham School, he entered the Newcastle bank of, Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease & Spence. SPENCE.-On the 8th October, 1905, Charles James Spence (1861-5), of North Shields, aged 56 years. -----
The stranger possessed of an enquiring mind who studies the arrangement of school life at Bootham is struck with the vigour with which the boys pursue their various hobbies during out of school hours. Forty years ago the late Sir Joshua Fitch commented on the prominence given to the pursuit of science and natural history, and it is common knowledge that the school's Natural History Society is the oldest of its kind in existence. The wise policy of hobby-making never bore worthier fruit than in the work of the late Charles James Spence, who for four and a half years was a scholar in John Ford's time, and whose skill in water-colour painting received the encouragement and assistance of Edwin Moore, of whom he always spoke in terms of warm regard. The singularly choice collection of water-colour drawings and etchings selected from the vast quantity of fine work he left behind him, arranged by his eldest son, Robert Spence, and shown in the Academy of Arts, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, came as a glad surprise even to many of those who were privileged to know him intimately : for he was a man who shrank from publicity, though he never failed in the performance of what he felt to be his duty, even if, as sometimes was the case, it jarred on his highly strung and sensitive nature. In looking around the walls on the exquisite collection of n g water-colour sketches and 57 etchings, one regretted that all old York Scholars had not the same privilege. It seemed a fitting tribute to his favourite leisure pursuit, and en- abled one to realize how deep the pleasure of his art must have been from boyhood in the making of such delightful transcripts of nature. Norway, Switzerland, Ireland, some of the choicest of Italian scenes, and above all the North Country- on all he levied toll, and with unvarying success. One noticed with pleasure three etchings of Bootham, which were reproduced in the sketch of the history of the School written by John Stephenson Rowntree, and read at the Jubilee Commemoration Meeting, January 30th, 1879. Another group of etchings was of special local interest , being the beautiful series of scenes on the line of the Roman Wall , published in the handbook written by the late Dr. John Collingwood Bruce, F.S.A. Charles James Spence was a man with many- sided gifts. As a banker, he held a high place in the esteem of the commercial community of the busy city of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, in which his business hours were spent . As an Antiquary, his labours as one of the curators of the Society of Antiquaries of Newcastle-upon-Tyne were keenly appreciated by those who knew the wide and accurate range of his knowledge. As chairman of the Free Library Committee in his native town of North Shields, and as Honorary Treasurer of the Literary and Philosophical Society of Newcastle- upon-Tyne, he rendered valuable aid, for he was a keen lover of interesting books and manuscripts. He was the owner, among other treasures, of George Fox's Journal , which his eldest son, Robert Spence, has lent on certain conditions to the Devonshire House Library of the Society of Friends. For the breezy conflicts of political life he had no great liking, but his life-long attachment to Liberal institutions and principles induced him to perform most effective, if sometimes unseen, service for the party. To those who knew him intimately it was a delightful nature that was revealed: a keen sense of humour, a fine sympathy with and consideration for others, a deeply rooted dislike of anything mean or pretentious. All these characteristics and many others earned, and will preserve for him, the "grand old name of gentleman."
PERCY CORDER. in Bootham magazine, September 1906

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1861-1865 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker of North Shields & Tynemouth. Collector of Quaker ephemera.

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- He worked as a Chairman of Tynemouth Public Library.
- He worked as a Chairman Newcastle School of Art.

Charles married **Alice Clibborn**,²⁰⁰ daughter of **Barclay Clibborn**^{11,21,106} and **Elizabeth Cherry**,^{21,106} on 31 Aug 1870 in Birkenhead, Cheshire. Alice was born in 1844 in Liverpool and died in 1895 at age 51. They had four children: **Robert, Philip, Sarah**, and **Gilbert**.

18-**Robert Spence**²⁰⁰ was born in 1871 in Tynemouth, Northumberland and died on 22 May 1964 at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Artist and illustrator of later copies of George Fox's journal.

18-**Philip Spence** was born in 1874 in Tynemouth, Northumberland and died on 1 Jun 1945 in Low Fell, Gateshead, County Durham at age 71.

Philip married **Alice Edith Spence**, daughter of **Joseph Shewell Spence**^{17,39,201} and **Alice Mary Marshall**, on 12 Dec 1905 in Stephenson Street Congregational Church, North Shields, Northumberland. Alice was born on 5 Dec 1881 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 29 Jul 1959 in Low Fell, Gateshead, County Durham at age 77. They had three children: **Alice Rachel, Charles Clibborn**, and **Tristram Foster**.

19-**Alice Rachel Spence** was born in 1907 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1991 at age 84.

19-**Charles Clibborn Spence** was born in 1907 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1994 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chartered Accountant.

19-**Lieut. Tristram Foster Spence RN** was born in 1910 in Gateshead, County Durham, died on 24 May 1941 in Battle of Denmark Strait at age 31, and was buried in Portsmouth Naval Memorial, Panel 45, Column 2.

General Notes: LIEUT. TRISTRAM FOSTER SPENCE, B.Sc., R.N., received his education at Felsted School and Armstrong College, Newcastle upon Tyne, graduating B.Sc. at Durham University. After serving his apprenticeship from 1929 to 1934 with Messrs. Swan, Hunter and Wigham Richardson and Company, Ltd., where he gained experience in the general construction of marine engines and engine rooms, he was appointed engineer and designer to the Internal Heating Company at Wingate, Co. Durham, where he was engaged on the investigation of the Morgan process of low-temperature coal carbonization, and on the design, construction, and erection of all plant connected therewith.

Mr. Spence remained with this firm from 1934 until 1940 and during that period he was also responsible for the design and construction of a 7-ton per diem Morgan low-temperature coal carbonizing retort and for the erection of all gas-washing and cooling equipment. He was elected a Graduate of the Institution in 1938 and was transferred to Associate Membership in the same year.

In 1940 he obtained a commission as sub-lieutenant in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve. Subsequently he was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, R.N. His death in action on HMS Hood, on 24th May 1941, cut short a career of great promise.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Felsted School in Felsted, Essex.
- He was educated at University of Durham.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Navy, serving on HMS Hood.

18-**Sarah Spence**⁷⁹ was born on 15 Jul 1880 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1969 at age 89.

Sarah married **Capt. Guy Clephan**,^{39,66} son of **Capt. Robert Coltman Clephan** and **Elizabeth Spence**,¹⁷ on 18 Aug 1910. Guy was born on 5 Nov 1888 in Birtley, County Durham and died in 1980 in Northumberland at age 92.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1902-1904 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Mining Engineer & Colliery Agent.
- He had a residence in Monkseaton, Northumberland.
- Miscellaneous: Member of the Royal Northumberland Yacht Club.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Artillery in 1916.

18-**Gilbert Spence**⁴¹ was born in 1876 and died on 19 Mar 1902 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 26.

Charles next married **Alice Mary Georgette Weiss** in 1899. Alice was born in 1868 in Germany and died in 1914 at age 46.

17-**Rachel Spence**¹⁷ was born on 25 Sep 1850⁸ and died in 1863 at age 13.

17-**Alfred Thomas Spence**¹⁷ was born on 5 Jun 1854 in South Shields and died on 21 Aug 1854 in South Shields.

17-**Spence**¹⁷ was born in 1853 and died in 1853.

16-**John Foster Spence**^{7,14,17,39,47,82,202} was born on 8 Nov 1818 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 22 Jul 1901 in Chirton Cottage, North Shields, Northumberland at age 82, and was buried in Preston Cemetery, North Shields, Northumberland.

General Notes: JOHN FOSTER SPENCE was born at North Shields on the 8th of November, 1818, and was the seventh in a family of eighteen children. His father, Robert Spence, son of Robert Spence of Whaite Mill House, Hartwith, Yorks., and Sarah, daughter of Robert Walker, of Gildersome, was born in 1784; a very noteworthy man, who did a great deal for the town of his adoption, and was foremost in all work of an educational and charitable nature. The late Dr. Leitch, of Keswick, wrote to his brother, the Town Clerk of Shields: " So good Robert Spence has gone, now that man has lived to some purpose for others and for himself,"

*" The active friendly honest man, Where'er he be, "
Tis he fulfils great nature's plan, And none but he."*

Doubtless from him his son John inherited much of his power of concentration and method in his work. In a diary kept by Robert Spence is the following extract taken from the Register Book at Darley, Yorks.:-"John Spence of Moneth Hill laid down his life in the Castle of York, for the testimony of Truth against the oppression of Tithes, the fourth day of the sixth month, 1696, Benjamin Holden, priest, being prosecutor." Robert Spence settled in Shields in partnership with Joseph Procter in 1804, and in 1810 married Mary, daughter of Robert Foster, of Hebblethwaite Hall , near Brig Flats, Lancaster, of whom Southey wrote: " Wordsworth sent me a man the other day who was worth seeing, he looked like a first assassin in Macbeth as to his costume, but he was a rare man. He had been a lieutenant in the Navy, was scholar enough to quote Virgil aptly, had turned Quaker and was now a dealer in wool. He had seen much and thought much, his head was well stored and his heart in the right place." His people were all Quakers of long standing, but being in the West Indies in time of war he joined the Navy, rose to be a lieutenant in charge of the " Pelican," but soon after Friends' principles resumed their sway and he left the Service. His sword was made into a carving knife of most noble proportions, which is in the writer's posession. Early in the Nineteenth Century, when J. F. Spence was a lad, there was only one old constable in North Shields and anyone arrested was put in the lockup, of which R. Spence, as Borough Treasurer , kept the keys. It was generally a case of drunk and disorderly on Saturday, and on Sunday after Meeting R. Spence and his sons used to go and unlock and consider the case. It generally ended in " Now go home to thy wife and don't ever do this again." At nine years of age John was put on the top of the coach at Newcastle on a cold winter day and sent off alone to York, where his brother Robert was already settled in at school, and many times he has told me what a little castaway he felt. Their Master, " Billy " Simpson as he always called him, was evidently a most unsuitable instructor of youth, and was preparing for a new career as a brewer. He brewed quantities of beer, and to test it, the boys had to drink mugsful at every meal, whether they liked it or no. Once, Myles Foster, John's mother's brother, called, and finding W. Simpson flogging a boy, told him that if he ever so treated any relation of a Foster or Spence, every one would be removed from the school, so none of them ever benefited by the proverbial rod. Under John Ford matters went very differently, and J. F. S. always spoke of him in terms of love and respect. J. F. Spence was devoted to Natural History in all its branches, and he had large collections of shells, butterflies, minerals, fossils, and curious beasts in bottles, or alive, when he could get them from the sailors entering the port of Shields, and Chirton Cottage, where he lived, was quite a home for destitute reptiles, beasts, and birds. Botany was also a very pet hobby and his garden was full of rare plants and gave him great pleasure and interest. He was also a very clever joiner and the toys he made for his children would compare well with those of the present day. How he managed to take keen interest in all these subjects, in addition to business and his public life, was wonderful, but " Where there's a will there's a way " was always his motto, and he had the power, as he once told me, of putting aside at once any sub- ject no matter how engrossing or upsetting it might be, and throwing himself into the next work with his mind quite free. He was intensely single-minded, what was right was the main thing. Intense simplicity characterised his whole life in every particular, the greatest abstemiousness in food and drink, constant work till late at night, and up early in the morning, and yet there was not a more truly happy man in the world, nor one who kept his youth more thoroughly. His intense enjoyment of any pleasure, such as a day in the country, or a family gathering, was charming to see, and even at the time of his death at nearly eighty-three years of age, his childlike clear, merry blue eyes told of his healthy, happy life. No work was a trouble to him, and indeed if anyone suggested "Will it trouble you too much, Mr. Spence," his answer was " I do not

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know the meaning of that word." He must have been a mischievous lad, for he used to tell tales of practical jokes with the greatest delight. One of an old grey hen, decorated with sealing wax, etc. , described as a wonderfully rare bird from Japan, the " Volucrus Hong Kong " by name, and purporting to be sent by a distinguished savant to a budding astronomer, as a token of respect. The bird was hailed with delight, stuffed, and presented amid applause, to the Natural History Society, of North Shields. It still reposes in its case, cocking its eye as if it saw the joke. Another, of a squib tied on to the tail of an objectionable poodle, whose mistress thought the devil had gone under her bed as the squib exploded, was very funny. He left school at about fourteen years of age, and very few years after was appointed Secretary of the Natural History Society, then a very flourishing body in North Shields. In 1839, when twenty-one years old, he went abroad for some weeks, visiting the Rhine and Switzerland, and left an interesting diary. En route for Hull , he says : " Arrived at York and had to wait for Hull coach, so ran along to see the old school, play ground very much altered, considerably larger and looking very pleasant, as the poplars planted when I was there have grown considerably." In 1843, he married Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas and Mary Corder, of Reeds, near Chelmsford, and had six sons and two daughters. The four sons who lived were all sent to Bootham, and it was a pleasure to him when the third generation also went there. When the writer and her brothers were at school in York, every autumn a message was sent to the " Mount " & " Bootham," asking all Spences and relations of Spences to join him at the hotel for half-past seven breakfast. Then what a day we had ! Attended by as many as ten boys and girls, with his coat tail pockets filled with good things, he went in search of the old cab- man with a very capacious vehicle, who always whipped up when we hove in sight, and we all packed in, fruit and food under the seats, girls and J. F. S. inside, and boys by the driver and on the roof, and off to Strensall for the day. Plant tins, collecting boxes, and butterfly nets all came out, and he was as young and eager as any of the party ; telling us tales of what they used to do " When I was at school," and how much better the country side was then for Natural History. Back to tea at the hotel, and then to see him off by train, with such pleasant memories to cheer us, and his kindly " Take care of yourselves " ringing in our ears. His father died in 1845, and he took over many of his responsibilities and appointments. He laboured hard to effect the incorporation of the Borough of Tynemouth, and in 1854 was elected a Councillor, and an Alderman in 1862. He was Mayor of the Borough in 1861, and again in 1891, when he held the position for three consecutive years ; and received the Freedom of the Borough, a portrait, hung in the Council Chamber, and many other tokens of love and respect, not only from his fellow townsmen, but from the whole County of Northumberland. He was Chairman of the Sanitary Committee and of the Board of Guardians, served for six years on the School Board, and was Vice-Chairman of that body, and when the Local Government Act came into operation, was elected a County Councillor for Northumberland. He was foremost in the establishment of a Custom House for the Borough, and also in the formation of the River Tyne Commission, of which he was a life member. He was also on the Salmon Conservancy Board. He was prominently connected with the Dorcas, Indigent Sick, Bible and Tract Societies, the Dispensary, and the Blind Society. For many years he was Secretary to the Jubilee, Kettlewell and Union Schools, and was appointed a Magistrate in 1860. He took the deepest interest in sailors, and was instrumental in the building of the Sailors' Home, and on the Committee from the beginning. The Tyne Lifeboat Institution, too, claimed him as one of its most ardent workers, and the Sailors' Widows' and Orphans' Society owed much to his help. He started the St . John's Ambulance Association in North Shields, and was one of the first to take a certificate. He was a prominent member of the Literary and Philosophical Society, and the Technical Education Movement in Shields, of which he was Honorary Secretary, owed much to his exertions. He also took deep interest in the Boys' Aid Society, and, in fact, at the time of his death was associated with between sixty and seventy Movements and Committees. The chief work of his life was the Volunteer Life Brigade for saving life from shipwreck, and with it his name will always be associated. His brother Joseph, Mr. John Morrison, and himself founded the first Brigade at Tynemouth in 1864, just after the wreck of the steamship " Stanley," on the Black Middens at Tynemouth, when many lives were lost owing to the lack of trained men to help the coastguard. He was Honorary Secretary from the first, and as the Board of Trade consulted him, and all new Brigades asked his advice, the work was enormous. He only laid down the duties with his life, as the last act that morning was to send out notices for a drill. The men met indeed on the day named, but it was to carry him to his last resting place, followed and mourned by thousands of those whom he had helped and worked for during his long and useful life. E. CLEPHAN.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later to become Bootham School) in 1829-1833 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Draper in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Councillor and Alderman for the Borough of Tynemouth.
- He worked as a Mayor of Tynemouth in Tynemouth, Northumberland.
- He worked as a County Councillor for Northumberland.

John married **Elizabeth Corder**,^{7,17,39,47,82} daughter of **Thomas Corder**^{7,28,47,80,81,82} and **Mary Shewell**,^{7,28,47,80,82} on 28 Sep 1843 in Chelmsford, Essex. Elizabeth was born on 23 Jul 1817 in Widford Hall, Essex, died on 18 Dec 1885 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 68, and was buried in Preston Cemetery, North Shields, Northumberland. They had eight children: **John Foster**, **Thomas**, **Elizabeth**, **Henry Corder**, **Edward**, **Alfred**, **Robert Foster**, and **Mary Emma**.

General Notes: Of Writtle, Essex

17-**John Foster Spence**^{17,39,201} was born on 30 Sep 1844 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 1 Feb 1917 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1857-1860 in York, Yorkshire.

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- He worked as a Provision Merchant with Messrs. Clephan & Weincke in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He resided at 2 The Grove in Tynemouth, Northumberland.

17-**Thomas Spence**^{39,203} was born on 5 Apr 1846 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 26 Jan 1936 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA at age 89.

General Notes: SPENCE.-On January 26th, at Baltimore, U.S.A., Thomas Spence (1857-62), aged 90 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1857-1862 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Accountant and Auditor in Jacksonville, Duval, Florida, USA.
- He resided at 2976 Herschell Street in Jacksonville, Duval, Florida, USA.
- He worked as an Auditor tp Kingan & Co. In New York, New York, USA.

Thomas married **Isabella Morland**,³⁹ daughter of **Thomas Morland**²⁰⁴ and **Sarah Sophia Shewell**,²⁰⁴ on 26 May 1874 in Reigate, Surrey. Isabella was born on 8 Mar 1848 and died in 1926 at age 78. They had two children: **John Morland** and **David**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They emigrated to America in 1890.

18-**John Morland Spence** was born on 30 Aug 1876 and died in 1951 at age 75.

18-**David Spence** was born on 16 Jan 1882 and died in 1882.

17-**Elizabeth Spence**¹⁷ was born on 9 Nov 1847 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1914 in Tynemouth, Northumberland at age 67.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1861-Dec 1863 in York, Yorkshire.

Elizabeth married **Capt. Robert Coltman Clephan**, son of **Joseph Clephan** and **Mary Coltman**, on 20 May 1869 in Whitley, Northumberland. Robert was born on 5 Nov 1839 in Grove House, Gateshead and died on 21 Mar 1922 in Marine House, Tynemouth at age 82. They had 12 children: **Hugh Spence, Mary, Constance, Katherine, James, Elaine, Josephine, John Foster Spence, Dorothy Foster, Robert Coltman, Guy**, and **Edwin**.

General Notes: Robert Coltman Clephan was born on the 8th of November 1839 at Grove House, Gateshead. He was the son of Joseph Clephan and Mary Coltman. He was educated at Newcastle Grammar School. In his youth he was an active volunteer and became a captain in one of the Durham Rifle Corps. His business career began with Boldemann, Borries and Company where he worked as a cashier for five years. He started his own business, Clephan and Wiencke, iron and mineral merchants and commission agents. He also served as an agent for Armstrong, Whitworth and Co.

In 1869 he married Elizabeth, the daughter of John Foster Spence of North Shields. Elizabeth died in 1914 leaving Clephan with four sons and six daughters.

Clephan's principal area of study was medieval armour and he built up a fine collection of his own, and was recognised as an authority on the subject. He wrote extensively on arms and armour. Some of his publications have included The defensive armour and the weapons and engines of war of medieval times and of the "Renaissance" (1900), Armour notes: with some account of the tournament (1915) and The tournament: its periods and phases(1919).

Clephan was also interested in firearms. Some of his publications on firearms have included The military handgun of the sixteenth century (1910), An outline of the history and development of hand firearms, from the earliest period to about the end of the fifteenth century (1906) and An outline of the history of gunpowder and that of the hand-gun, from the epoch of the earliest records to the end of the fifteenth century (1909).

Clephan travelled extensively in Germany, Denmark, Norway and Sweden and mastered all of the languages spoken in those countries.

In his later years his interests turned toward Egyptology and Egyptian antiquities. He was fascinated with the exploration of Egypt and travelled there many times. Clephan also prepared catalogues of Egyptian objects, ancient lamps and Greek Pottery for the Society of Antiquaries.

He was a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries.

Robert Clephan died on the 21st of March 1922, at his home, Marine House in Tynemouth.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FSA.
- He was educated at Newcastle Grammar School.
- He worked as an Iron and Mineral merchant. Clephan & Wiencke. Collector of Armour.

18-**Hugh Spence Clephan**^{39,66,83} was born on 2 Apr 1870 in Birtley, County Durham and died on 21 Mar 1953 at age 82.

General Notes: CLEPHAN.-On 21st March, 1953, Hugh Spence Clephan (1882-85), aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1882-1885 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Provision Merchant. Hugh S. Clephan & Co. In High. Bridge, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

18-**Mary Clephan** was born on 19 Jul 1871.

18-**Constance Clephan** was born in 1874.

18-**Katherine Clephan** was born in 1876.

18-**James Clephan**²⁰⁵ was born on 26 Mar 1877.

18-**Elaine Clephan** was born in 1879 and died in 1939 at age 60.

18-**Josephine Clephan**^{107,108} was born in 1881 in Tynemouth, Northumberland.

19-**Watson**¹⁰⁸ was born on 18 May 1912 in Tynemouth Place, Tynemouth, Northumberland.

General Notes: WATSON.-On the 18th May, 1912, at Tynemouth Place, Tynemouth, Josephine (Clephan) wife of Kenneth Watson (1895), a daughter .

18-**John Foster Spence Clephan** was born on 9 Feb 1883 and died on 20 May 1886 at age 3.

18-**Dorothy Foster Clephan** was born in 1886.

18-**Robert Coltman Clephan**^{39,66,205} was born on 9 Apr 1887.

General Notes: **An Old Boy's African Farm.**

GRASS slopes akin to the Cumberland fells, patches of wattles, big stretches of bush, streams coursing down the valleys, a farm- stead 3,000 ft. above sea level, the kraal and a score of native homesteads-that is the setting for Bob Clephan's life and work at Carslogie. No other house can be seen, but the same thing is repeated half-a-dozen miles away, where a friendly neighbour has the same outlook. The farms of Bob Clephan and his brother Jim march together-each has six thousand acres, with sheep, cattle and horses. They grow the oats and mealies that are needed, they discuss the quality of 40 lb. cheeses, and await wires from Durban quoting the prices their wool has fetched before shipping to the Old Country. The farms are nearly self-contained. Bob and the natives have done the building and thatching. The house is of bricks made on the farm ; the dairy is of stone, the summer-house of wattle and plaster. And the garden, gay with butterflies, is a glow of purples and mauves, a tribute to the industry of Mrs. Bob and the lavish hand of Nature. At four o'clock someone is astir, at five comes early tea, at six the ox-cart takes milk to a neighbouring farm where cheese is made. By breakfast time the back of the day's work is broken; after lunch, in the heat of the day, some people are " dead to the world " for a couple of hours. A cup of tea wakens us ; more work, dinner, music and songs of the North, early bed. Anyone who has lived on a farm realises ceaseless work from before sunrise until after sunset. Clephan is everywhere; lending a stout arm here and planning new sheds there. Some- times we liked to think we were helping him, counting hundreds of sheep as they scuttled past and making an error of two; holding tapes, dropping plumb-lines, wondering what the Baas really thought of the help. One day the mail comes in with the ox-cart, the next day it goes out with the ox-cart. One morning we mounted steeds and rode away to Oddspot for eleven o'clock tea with delightful neighbours. Another day we set of f with four horses, a whimpering foal, and three dogs over the hills and into the bush for a picnic lunch. On Din- gaan's day the ladies drove the spider, and Bob and I rode horses into another bush for the Christmas tree. Nearly a hundred men, women and children had come together, and a score of natives helped

to prepare lunch on the grass. Suddenly, on a small truck, down a woodsman's narrow-gauge line, came Father Christmas, covered with arum lilies, wild smilax and maidenhair. Loud cheers greeted him as he stepped out with the presents, and a team of oxen towed the empty truck away. Then we watched a dozen natives toiling with one European to put huge tree trunks on to the trucks; bending, manoeuvring, tugging, singing a chanty that sounded like

Kona, kona, kona panza, one eye;

Kona, kona, kona panzaa, one eye.

If I tried to describe some of the roads I should be told, in Alan Breck's words, " Ye're a poor hand of a description." But Jim takes the prize as chauffeur. It was fifty miles to Riverside; heavy rains had fallen; now we were a foot deep in soft mud; now we were skidding on a curved surface on the lip of a deep rut deepened by erosion; now the axle stuck on a rock; now we were crossing drifts with Mrs. Rowntree's luggage well under water on the running board. But Jim pulled through. Two Clephan sisters were staying at the farm, painting and firing china and embroidering after the manner of their artistic clan, civilised art inside contrasting with barbaric art outside. Men, women and children are there, with a varied charm of their own. There is a little nipper wearing half a dozen beads; there is another minus the beads. A woman who works in the kitchen has a baby in the homestead; at regulation meal times a four-year-old, with a black, peppercorned head, slings the baby on his back, brings him down to the mother, and then carries him home again. We shall not forget the kind hospitality of our host and hostess in East Griqualand, the hard work, the comfort, the beauty of environment, the culture, the patriarchal relations with the natives, the flow of language that I was once privileged to hear. A native had left the long team of oxen in the hot sun, neglecting to outspan. Bob's heart went out to the dumb creatures, and out of the heart the mouth speaketh. For five minutes speech poured out in fluent Xosa language, lighted up now and again by phrases borrowed from Billingsgate, which I chanced to understand. The native will not repeat the cruelty. The Clephans come of the sturdy northern race that once made the greatness of Northumbria, and is now helping to form the greatness of the Dominions. ARTHUR ROWNTREE. *Bootham* magazine - April 1929

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1902-1903 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Capt. Guy Clephan**^{39,66} was born on 5 Nov 1888 in Birtley, County Durham and died in 1980 in Northumberland at age 92.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1902-1904 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Mining Engineer & Colliery Agent.
- He had a residence in Monkseaton, Northumberland.
- Miscellaneous: Member of the Royal Northumberland Yacht Club.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Artillery in 1916.

18-**Edwin Clephan** was born on 5 May 1894 and died on 12 May 1894.

17-**Henry Corder Spence**^{17,39,174} was born on 1 Dec 1849 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1936 in Tynemouth, Northumberland at age 87.

General Notes: Spence.-About a year ago, Henry Corder Spence (1861-66), aged 89 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1861-1866 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Apprentice Grocer at Scarborough, Barrow and Bristol.
- He worked as a Provision Merchant in North Shields, Northumberland.

Henry married **Lydia Brison**,³⁹ daughter of **Robert Brison**^{176,206} and **Mary Ann Smith**,²⁰⁶ on 28 Apr 1877 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Lydia was born on 18 Oct 1852 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had five children: **Violet Mary**, **Robert Foster**, **Cuthbert Kemys**, **Gladys Ethelwyn**, and **John Foster**.

18-**Violet Mary Spence** was born on 31 Jan 1878 in Sunderland, County Durham.

18-**Robert Foster Spence** was born on 27 Jan 1880 in Tynemouth, Northumberland and died in 1920 at age 40.

18-**Cuthbert Kemys Spence** was born on 17 Mar 1885 in Tynemouth and died in 1918 in Lambeth, London at age 33.

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18-**Gladys Ethelwyn Spence** was born on 22 Jul 1886 in Tynemouth.

18-**John Foster Spence** was born in 1890 and died in 1918 at age 28.

17-**Edward Spence**¹⁷ was born on 28 Aug 1851 in Chirton Cottage, North Shields, Northumberland and died on 21 Sep 1851 in Chirton Cottage, North Shields, Northumberland.

17-**Alfred Spence**¹⁷ was born on 23 Feb 1853 in Chirton Cottage, North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1855 at age 2.

17-**Robert Foster Spence**^{17,39,41,207,208} was born on 31 Jan 1855 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 16 Sep 1932 in Gosforth, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 77.

General Notes: SPENCE.-On September 16th, Robert Foster Spence (1866- 1871), aged 77 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1861-1866 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Colliery manager.
- He had a residence in Backworth, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
- He worked as a Chairman of Earsden Unbar District Council for 21 years.

Robert married **Maria Dunning**,^{7,39,41,207} daughter of **John Dunning**^{3,53,111,145,152} and **Priscilla Sharp**,^{53,111,145} on 4 Jul 1883 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire. Maria was born in 1857 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died in 1943 at age 86. They had four children: **Alwyn Foster, Erica, Ronald**, and **Max Thomson**.

Marriage Notes: SPENCE-DUNNING.-On the 4th July, 1883, at Middlesbrough, Robert Foster Spence (1866-71), of North Shields, to Maria Dunning, of Middlesbrough.

18-**Alwyn Foster Spence** was born in 1884 in Cramlington, Northumberland and died in 1948 at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Backworth Lodge, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Alwyn married **Edith Stonier Brockbank**, daughter of **James Brockbank**, on 12 Oct 1915 in St. Michael's, Flixton, Lancashire. Edith was born in 1887 in Barton upon Irwell, Lancashire.

18-**Erica Spence**^{7,39,43,196,209,210} was born in 1885 and died in 1980 at age 95.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1896-1900.

Erica married **Stanley Redfern**,^{7,39,43,196,209,211} son of **Samuel Jones Redfern**⁶⁰ and **Maria Jane Barringer**,⁶⁰ in 1909. Stanley was born in 1880 in Urmston, Manchester and died on 9 Aug 1927 at age 47. They had three children: **Foster, Cecily**, and **Peter**.

General Notes: REDFERN.-On August 9th, Stanley Redfern (1897-1899), aged 44 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1897-1899 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Commercial traveller for a Birmingham rubber company.

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- He had a residence in 1919-1922 in Slough, Berkshire.

19-**Foster Redfern**⁴³ was born on 3 Apr 1911 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: REDFERN.-On the 3rd April, 1911, at Birmingham, Erica, wife of Stanley Redfern (1897-9), a son who was named Foster .

19-**Cecily Redfern**²⁰⁹ was born on 21 Apr 1914 in 119 Rotton Park Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: REDFERN.-On the 21st April, 1914, at 119 Rotton Park Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Erica (Spence), wife of Stanley Redfern (1897-9), a daughter , who was named Cecily.

19-**Peter Redfern**^{39,42,188,196} was born on 24 May 1918 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 2001 at age 83.

General Notes: REDFERN.-On the 24th May, 1918, at Edgbaston, Birmingham, Erica (Spence), wife of Stanley Redfern (1897-9), a son.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1928-1932 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1932-1935 in York, Yorkshire.

Peter married **Joan Pope**. They had one daughter: **Angela**.

20-Angela Redfern

Erica next married **David Burlingham Grubb**,^{7,46,99,101,210} son of **John Grubb**⁷ and **Madeline Kenway**,⁷ on 22 May 1928. David was born on 13 Mar 1878 in Claremont Road, Handsworth, Birmingham and died on 31 Jul 1964 in Taunton Hospital, Taunton, Somerset at age 86.

General Notes: GRUBB.-On 31st July, 1964, in hospital at Taunton, David Burlingham Grubb (1893- 95), aged 86 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1893-1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Gas & Electric light fittings manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in Winscombe, Somerset.

18-**Ronald Spence** was born in 1886.

18-**Max Thomson Spence**⁴¹ was born in 1888 and died on 29 Apr 1902 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 14.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.

17-**Mary Emma Spence**¹⁷ was born on 24 Feb 1857 in Chirton Cottage, North Shields, Northumberland and died on 31 Aug 1957 in Wingrove Nursing Home, Kendal at age 100.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Wood Carver.

16-**Joseph Spence**^{17,73,206,212} was born on 28 Dec 1819 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland and died on 17 Dec 1889 in Tynemouth, Northumberland at age 69.

General Notes: Alderman and Mayor of Tynemouth

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Bank manager. Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease, Spence & Co. In North Shields, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

Joseph married **Caroline Shewell**,^{17,73,212} daughter of **Joseph Shewell**^{48,59,74} and **Sarah Bevington**,⁴⁸ on 26 Feb 1845 in FMH Colchester. Caroline was born on 14 Apr 1817 in Deptford, Kent and died on 25 Apr 1897 in Tynemouth, Northumberland at age 80. They had four children: **Mary**, **Anna Caroline**, **Joseph Shewell**, and **Lucy Mary**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

17-**Mary Spence**^{17,73} was born on 13 May 1847 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 20 Feb 1858 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 10.

17-**Anna Caroline Spence**¹⁷ was born on 2 Jul 1849 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1927 at age 78.

17-**Joseph Shewell Spence**^{17,39,201} was born on 2 Sep 1852 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 9 Aug 1917 in Hexham, Northumberland at age 64.

Joseph married **Alice Mary Marshall**, daughter of **Frank C. Marshall**. They had five children: **Mary**, **Alice Edith**, **Herbert Marshall**, **Francis Joseph**, and **Fannie Marie**.

18-**Mary Spence** was born on 28 Dec 1879 in North Shields, Northumberland.

18-**Alice Edith Spence** was born on 5 Dec 1881 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 29 Jul 1959 in Low Fell, Gateshead, County Durham at age 77.

19-**Alice Rachel Spence** was born in 1907 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1991 at age 84.

19-**Charles Clibborn Spence** was born in 1907 in Gateshead, County Durham and died in 1994 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chartered Accountant.

19-**Lieut. Tristram Foster Spence RN** was born in 1910 in Gateshead, County Durham, died on 24 May 1941 in Battle of Denmark Strait at age 31, and was buried in Portsmouth Naval Memorial, Panel 45, Column 2.

General Notes: LIEUT. TRISTRAM FOSTER SPENCE, B.Sc., R.N., received his education at Felsted School and Armstrong College, Newcastle upon Tyne, graduating B.Sc. at Durham University. After serving his apprenticeship from 1929 to 1934 with Messrs. Swan, Hunter and Wigham Richardson and Company, Ltd., where he gained experience in the general construction of marine engines and engine rooms, he was appointed engineer and designer to the Internal Heating Company at Wingate, Co. Durham, where he was engaged on the investigation of the Morgan process of low-temperature coal carbonization, and on the design, construction, and erection of all plant connected therewith.

Mr. Spence remained with this firm from 1934 until 1940 and during that period he was also responsible for the design and construction of a 7-ton per diem Morgan low-temperature coal carbonizing retort and for the erection of all gas-washing and cooling equipment. He was elected a Graduate of the Institution in 1938 and was transferred to Associate Membership in the same year.

In 1940 he obtained a commission as sub-lieutenant in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve. Subsequently he was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, R.N. His death in action on HMS Hood, on 24th May 1941, cut short a career of great promise.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Felsted School in Felsted, Essex.
- He was educated at University of Durham.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Navy, serving on HMS Hood.

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18-**Herbert Marshall Spence**³⁹ was born on 26 Sep 1883 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 20 May 1958 in Hong Kong, China at age 74.

General Notes: SPENCE, Herbert Marshall F.R.I.B.A., (Scholar 1895– 1898), was born September 26, 1883, the son of Joseph S. and Alice M. Spence, of North Shields. After Ackworth he continued his education at Bootham School, York, and then trained as an architect.

In 1911 he went out to Shanghai to take up an appointment there in H.M. Office of Works and lived and practised his profession in the Far East for the rest of his life.

After some years in Government service he went into partnership in a private firm and during the war was imprisoned by the Japanese. When the Communist regime was established in Shanghai his business was transferred to Hong Kong, where it still remains.

Herbert Spence was a notable horseman and served as an officer in the Light Horse Squadron of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps and for many years was Steward of the Shanghai Paper Hunt Club.

He married in 1921 and his wife Ethelwynne survives him. In his later years his health broke down and he spent some months in hospital at Hong Kong, where he died on May 20, 1958, in his seventy-fifth year.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRIBA.
- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1895-1898 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1899-1900 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Articled Architect's Pupil in 1902 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as an Assistant Architect and Surveyor, HM Office of Works in 1911 in China and Japan.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers in 1914-1918.
- He worked as a Spence, Robinson & Partners, Architects and Surveyors from 1919 in 27 Peking Road, Shanghai, China.

Herbert married **Ethelwynne Crossley Lewis**³⁹ on 31 Jul 1920 in H.M. Consulate, Weihaiwei, China. Ethelwynne was born in 1873 and died in 1959 at age 86. They had one daughter: **Ethelwynne Anne**.

19-**Ethelwynne Anne Spence** was born in 1912 in Teintsin, China.

18-**Francis Joseph Spence** was born in 1885 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 8 Sep 1964 in Chichester, West Sussex at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1896-1901 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Bank Manager in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.

Francis married **Eliza May Kemp**, daughter of **Charles Kemp** and **Sarah Ann**, on 30 May 1912 in North Shields, Northumberland. Eliza was born in 1886 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1962 in Surrey at age 76. They had two children: **Herbert Kingswell** and **Winifred Alice Marshall**.

19-**Herbert Kingswell Spence** was born in 1914 and died in 1995 at age 81.

19-**Winifred Alice Marshall Spence** was born in 1917.

18-**Fannie Marie Spence** was born on 19 Apr 1887 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 1 Jul 1977 in County Durham at age 90.

17-**Lucy Mary Spence**¹⁷ was born on 8 Sep 1861 in Tynemouth and died in 1868 at age 7.

16-**Thomas Spence**^{17,39} was born on 17 Jun 1821 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 24 Mar 1839 at age 17, and was buried in FBG North Shields.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1830-1836 in York, Yorkshire.

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- He worked as an Apprentice Surgeon.

16-**Jane Spence**^{7,17,39,48} was born on 23 Feb 1823 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 26 Dec 1845 in Preston, Tynemouth at age 22, and was buried on 1 Jan 1846 in Stephenson St., North Shields.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1834-Jun 1837 in York, Yorkshire.

Jane married **Charles Brown**,^{4,7,17,39,48,50,66} son of **William Brown**^{4,7,48,86,116,177} and **Mary Richardson**,^{4,7,48} on 9 Feb 1843 in North Shields, Northumberland. Charles was born on 15 Oct 1816 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 9 Jan 1864 in North Shields, Northumberland at age 47. They had one daughter: **Jane Spence**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later to become Bootham School) in 1829-1832 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Corn Miller in North Shields, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

17-**Jane Spence Brown**^{7,17} was born in 1845 and died in 1926 at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1861-Dec 1862 in York, Yorkshire.

Jane married **Dr. Owen Gwatkin**,² son of **James Thomas Gwatkin** and **Catherine Ross**, in 1878 in York, Yorkshire. Owen was born in 1852 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in 1933 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria at age 81. They had four children: **Jane**, **Catherine**, **Jessie**, and **Owen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician & Surgeon in Grange over Sands, Cumbria.
- He resided at Winsterholme in 1932 in The Esplanade, Grange-over-Sands, Cumbria.

18-**Jane Gwatkin** was born on 22 Jan 1880 in Salford, Manchester.

18-**Catherine Gwatkin**² was born in 1881 and died in 1968 at age 87.

Catherine married **Prof. Lascelles Abercrombie**² on 23 Jan 1909 in Ulverston, Cumbria. Lascelles was born on 9 Jan 1881 in Ashton upon Mersey, Manchester and died on 27 Oct 1938 in St John's Wood, London at age 57. They had four children: **David**, **Michael**, **Ralph**, and **Elizabeth**.

General Notes: Abercrombie, Lascelles (1881– 1938), poet and literary critic, was born at Manor House, Ashton upon Mersey, Cheshire, on 9 January 1881, the sixth son, and the tenth of eleven children (two of whom died in childhood), of William Abercrombie (1838– 1908), stockbroker, of Ashton upon Mersey, and his wife, Sarah Ann, née Heron (1842– 1916). One of his brothers was (Leslie) Patrick Abercrombie, the town planner. From boyhood Abercrombie was devoted to music and literature; his taste was fostered at a preparatory school, and also at Malvern College, where he read Greek and Latin eagerly. From 1900 to 1902 he studied science at the Victoria University of Manchester, but then turned to quantity surveying for a living, and to poetry for his vocation. He became a journalist in 1907, writing much for the Manchester, Liverpool, and national papers. His first poem, 'Blind', appeared in 1907 and his first volume of verse, Interludes and Poems, in 1908. On 23 January 1909 he married Catherine (1881– 1968), daughter of Owen Gwatkin, surgeon, of Grange-over-Sands; they had one daughter and three sons, the eldest of whom, David Abercrombie, became a phonetician, and the middle son, Michael Abercrombie (1912– 1979), a biologist. After a stay of more than a year in Birkenhead he and his wife migrated first to Herefordshire and then in 1911 to a cottage, The Gallows, at Ryton, near Dymock, Gloucestershire, where, inspired by happiness and by the noble scenery, he published some of his best verse. It included Mary and the Bramble (1910), The Sale of St. Thomas, act I (1911), and also some poetic plays in New Numbers, 1– 4 (1914), a periodical privately issued in partnership with Rupert Brooke, John Drinkwater, and Wilfrid Gibson [see Dymock poets]. Abercrombie now came to be recognized as a leading poet of the new generation, distinguished for his lyrical power and speculative daring. He was praised by Robert Bridges for his lucid exposition of difficult themes, and Yeats was to devote eight pages of the Oxford Book of Modern Verse (1936) to Abercrombie's poetry. He responded profoundly to natural beauty; his love poetry was ardent and exalted; and the mystical and metaphysical strain was ever present. It is heard again in the prose of Speculative Dialogues (1913), with its musings on life and love and on the last things; and also in several dramatic poems, such as Deborah (1912), which were not designed for the stage. But several were acted; of these the most notable is The End of the World (published in New Numbers), in which some homely folk are terrified by

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a false alarm that doomsday has arrived. His appreciative study of Thomas Hardy, published in 1912, gives some insight into his own poetic development. Abercrombie was still to write his best verse, but his richest period of poetic production was over. The First World War came as a grievous interruption. Although a keen patriot, he was not strong enough for military service, and laboured in Liverpool as an examiner of munitions. After the war he took up a lectureship in poetry at Liverpool University; this appointment, which he held from 1919 to 1922, was an event that was to affect his whole career. He spoke upon his own craft; he held public audiences, not least by his rare gift for reading aloud; and he taught small classes the outlines of literary criticism and of its history. Abercrombie published many critical studies, often based on the public lectures which he gave at Cambridge, at Baltimore, to the British Academy, and elsewhere. They include *An Essay towards a Theory of Art* (1922), *Principles of English Prosody* (1923), and *Romanticism* (1926). In 1930 Oxford University Press published (in the Oxford Poets) Abercrombie's collected Poems, all but one, the richest and maturest of all, the completed *Sale of St. Thomas* (1930). Here, in a style which often rises to grandeur, he proclaims his faith in an omnipresent divine spirit embodying the law of ideal beauty. Abercrombie deepened and ennobled English metaphysical poetry. He charged it anew with his passionate feeling for the essential beauty of nature and of human nature. Poetry, its Music and Meaning (1932) ably states the artistic and critical convictions upon which his work was based. A very active professor, Abercrombie rose quickly in the academic world. He occupied the chair of English language and literature at Leeds University from 1922 to 1929 and was Hildred Carlile professor of English literature in London University, at Bedford College for Women, from 1929 to 1935. In 1935 he became Goldsmiths' reader in English at Oxford and a fellow of Merton College. He received honorary doctorates from the universities of Cambridge, Manchester, and Belfast, held several special lectureships, including the Clark lectureship at Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1923, and was elected a fellow of the British Academy in 1937. Abercrombie was closely involved in the Association of University Teachers as well as Labour student organizations and the League of Nations Union. From 1925 to 1936 he was president of the Society for Cultural Relations between the Peoples of the British Commonwealth and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (known as the SCR). His anti-Nazi activities included being a founder member of the German Relief Fund, the Academic Assistance Council, and the British Committee for the Relief of German Teachers. He was also a founder member of the (National) Council for Civil Liberties, and the Academic Freedom Committee. Abercrombie's health declined, and he died of diabetes at the Hospital of St John and St Elizabeth, St John's Wood, London, on 27 October 1938; he was survived by his wife. Two posthumous volumes of his work were published, *Lyrics and Unfinished Poems* (1940) and *The Art of Wordsworth* (1952).

Oliver Elton, 'Abercrombie, Lascelles (1881– 1938)', rev. Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Sept 2010
[<http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/30321>, accessed 6 May 2013]
Lascelles Abercrombie (1881– 1938): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/30321

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Poet.
- He worked as a Professor of English, University of Leeds in 1922-1929 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Professor of English, University of London in 1929-1935.

19-Prof. David Abercrombie² was born on 19 Dec 1909 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 4 Jul 1992 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 82.

General Notes: Abercrombie, David (1909– 1992), phonetician, was born in Birkenhead on 19 December 1909, the eldest of the three sons and a daughter of the poet and critic Lascelles Abercrombie (1881– 1938) and Catherine, née Gwatkin (1881– 1968). One of his brothers was the biologist Michael Abercrombie (1912– 1979). His early years were spent in Ryton, Gloucestershire, in a comfortable home often visited by two family friends of his parents, Robert Frost and Rupert Brooke. On the outbreak of the First World War the family returned to Merseyside, where Abercrombie was educated at Liverpool College. From 1922 to 1929 his father occupied the chair of English literature at Leeds University, and Abercrombie became a student at Leeds in his father's department. It was here that Eric Gordon lectured on Old Norse, and Abercrombie was thanked in print by him for his 'illuminating comments on the description of Old Norse sounds' (E. V. Gordon, *An Introduction to Old Norse*, 1927); Abercrombie was just seventeen. He graduated BA in English in 1930 with third-class honours. Immediately he began an MA at Leeds on the phonetic basis of i-mutation. It was never completed, but it carried forward his undergraduate interest in the pronunciation of Old Norse, and foreshadowed a later one, namely prosodic phonology.

Through his father, who was a member of the BBC's advisory committee on spoken English, Abercrombie met Daniel Jones, professor of phonetics at University College, London. An unexpected consequence was that he was able to spend two years, from 1931 to 1933, as a teaching assistant at the Lycée Louis-le-Grand in Paris, at the same time as learning French, attending classes in phonetics at the Institut de Phonétique at the Sorbonne (the University of Paris), and sitting the examination of the International Phonetic Association. From 1933 to 1937 he was back in England as an assistant lecturer in English to non-native speakers of English, and also contributing to the teaching of French, at the London School of Economics (LSE).

From 1938 to 1940 Abercrombie worked for the British Council in Athens as director of studies at the Institute of English Studies. From 1940 to 1945 he lectured on English at Cairo University, also acting as an assistant censor in control headquarters of Anglo-Egyptian censorship. His compatriots in Cairo included the novelists Lawrence Durrell and Olivia Manning, and the cookery writer Elizabeth David. In 1944 he married Mary Henderson née Marble (d. 1998), of Illinois and California, the mother of Mortimer Henderson and Mary Brown (née Henderson).

After the Second World War, Abercrombie returned to the LSE for two years until his appointment to a lectureship in phonetics at the University of Leeds (1947– 8). In

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the following year he moved to Edinburgh University, where he established not only a department of phonetics with a distinctively different approach to the subject, but also his own reputation as one of the twentieth century's leading phoneticians. Up until then phonetics had often been regarded as a practical, ancillary discipline in the study of modern languages, which had as its aim the teaching of a native-like reproduction of the sounds of a language. Abercrombie, drawing on his knowledge of the work of particular phoneticians from the seventeenth century onwards, held that the role of phonetics in an undergraduate curriculum was to determine and exemplify a general theory of speech production, with its properties and possibilities. Speech as a worldwide phenomenon, not the speech of a particular language or group of languages, should be the salient characteristic of phonetics at the undergraduate level. With the help of a small group of colleagues, including J. C. (Ian) Catford, he made this a guiding principle in his development of courses at Edinburgh. He is rightly credited with establishing phonetics as an autonomous discipline in the British university system. He was promoted to senior lecturer in 1951, to reader in 1957, and to a personal professorship in 1964; the established chair was created for him in 1967. He was elected a fellow of the British Academy in 1991. Abercrombie's published work ranges over not only questions of general phonetics, but also aspects of the history of phonetics, of writing systems (particularly shorthand), and the contributions of phonetics to the teaching of English as a foreign language.

Lascelles Abercrombie inspired in his son a love of poetry but also a curiosity about the mechanics of poetry, particularly rhythm— see Lascelles Abercrombie's *Principles of English Prosody* (1923). This led David to investigate the relationships between rhythm in poetry and the far more complex forms of rhythm in speech. Again thanks to his father he came to know Robert Bridges, for whom he devised a reformed system of English spelling used in the publication of Bridges' collected essays. He also devised the phonetic script used by C. K. Ogden in his *General Basic Dictionary* (1942).

Abercrombie was an inspired and inspiring teacher. He was as lucid in speaking about phonetics as in writing about it. He asked high standards of his students, but in return the hospitality and sociability that he and his wife, Mary, extended to them, as well as to colleagues and visitors, was legendary. At heart he was a wise and gentle person. Abercrombie died on 4 July 1992 in Edinburgh. Mary died in London on 28 April 1998.

M. K. C. MacMahon, 'Abercrombie, David (1909– 1992)', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Sept 2010

[<http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/50766>, accessed 6 May 2013]

David Abercrombie (1909– 1992): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/50766

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Phonetician.
- He was educated at Liverpool College.

David married **Mary Marble**² in 1944. Mary died on 28 Apr 1998.

19-**Michael Abercrombie**² was born on 14 Aug 1912 in The Gallows, Ryton, Dymock, Gloucestershire and died on 28 May 1979 in 2 Bridge Lane, Little Shelford, Cambridge at age 66.

General Notes: Abercrombie, Michael (1912– 1979), biologist, was born at The Gallows, Ryton, Dymock, Gloucestershire, on 14 August 1912, the third son in the family of three sons and a daughter of Lascelles Abercrombie (1881– 1938), poet and critic, and his wife, Catherine (1881– 1968), daughter of Owen Gwatkin, surgeon, of Grange-over-Sands. The Abercrombies were a distinguished family for, in addition to Lascelles, Michael counted among his uncles Sir (Leslie) Patrick Abercrombie, a pioneer of town planning, Rudolph (Rody), physician and field naturalist, and Charles, a businessman. Michael's brother David Abercrombie became a professor of phonetics in the University of Edinburgh.

Abercrombie attended Liverpool College, and then from 1922 went to Leeds grammar school, proceeding as top Hastings scholar to Queen's College, Oxford, in 1931. At Oxford he read zoology under the tuition of Gavin de Beer. De Beer arranged for him to work for a period at the Strangeways Research Laboratory in Cambridge under C. H. Waddington with whom he began to study the early development of the domestic chicken by experimental methods, giving particular attention to the signals involved in laying down the body plan. He completed this work at the school of pathology in Oxford, where he shared a room with his friend and contemporary Peter Medawar. The work gained him a first-class honours degree in 1934. He could have extended his studies for a PhD but, at the time, it was not fashionable in Oxford to do so. During this period Abercrombie took an active part in the extensive programme of research on the degeneration of peripheral nerves then in progress in the zoology laboratories under the direction of J. Z. Young.

In 1938 Abercrombie lectured in the zoology department at Birmingham University, while concurrently holding a research fellowship at Queen's College, Oxford. Here he met and (on 17 July 1939) married Minnie Louie (Jane) Johnson (b. 1909/10), a fellow zoology lecturer three years his senior. She was the daughter of Stanley Johnson, an electrical engineer. He moved to Birmingham on a Beit memorial fellowship in 1940 and then became a lecturer in 1945. His most important enterprise at this time was to inaugurate a series of biological texts entitled *New Biology*, published by Penguin Books, aimed at bringing advanced biology in an intelligible form to sixth formers and first-year biology students. Unfortunately both Abercrombies quarrelled, as had many others, with Lancelot Hogben, Birmingham's head of zoology. Thus in 1946 Abercrombie took a lectureship in the department of anatomy in University College, London, working under his old tutor, Gavin de Beer, the head of the embryology sub-department. He was reader in embryology from 1950 to 1959.

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It was here that Abercrombie began the research which made his international reputation, for it was his belief (not shared by de Beer) that embryological problems could be studied in the processes of wound repair, as they might occur in adult animals. His interest in wound healing led him to study cell movement. He was a pioneer in the study of the cellular interactions and cell movement in tissue culture, making particular use of time-lapse cinematography which enabled the visualization of the cells' activities to be greatly speeded up. He juxtaposed two actively growing cultures of fibroblasts— connective tissue cells— which showed that, when the cells migrating outwards from them came into contact with cells from the neighbouring piece of tissue, cell movement ceased. The discovery of this phenomenon, contact inhibition— much less pronounced in cancerous cells than in normal— led to his election to the Royal Society in 1958. It was the basis of his claim to become, first, titular professor of embryology at University College (1959– 62) and then Jodrell professor of zoology and comparative anatomy (1962– 70). In 1962 he also spent eight months in the Carnegie Institute of Embryology in Washington.

Abercrombie had strongly left-wing opinions. He joined the Communist Party in 1932, but in due course the same humanity and sense of justice that had caused him to join the party caused him to leave it. His last appointment (1970– 79) was to succeed Dame Honor B. Fell as the head of the Strangeways Research Laboratory in Cambridge, an appointment whose administrative obligations he coped with as well as a man could who derived no pleasure whatsoever from the exercise of power. He was firm, though, and looked after the interests of his staff. At the same time he was a fellow of Clare Hall.

When the verdict of the market place brought 'new biology' to an end Abercrombie and his wife wrote and published a Dictionary of Biology (with C. J. Hickman, 1950), a fine example of concision and clear writing. Abercrombie's work on contact inhibition continued and provided important insights on the control of cell movement. He was awarded an honorary doctorate by Uppsala University and won the Ernst Bertner award for cancer research. He died at his home, 2 Bridge Lane, Little Shelford, Cambridge, on 28 May 1979.

Peter Medawar, 'Abercrombie, Michael (1912– 1979)', rev. L. Wolpert, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Sept 2010 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/30742, accessed 6 May 2013]

Michael Abercrombie (1912– 1979): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/30742

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He worked as a Cell Biologist & Embryologist.

Michael married **Minnie Louie (Jane) Johnson**, daughter of **Stanley Johnson**, on 17 Jul 1939. Minnie was born in 1909 and died in 2010 at age 101.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Zoology lecturer.

19-**Ralph Abercrombie** was born about 1914 and died in 1968 about age 54.

19-**Elizabeth Abercrombie**

18-**Jessie Gwatkin** was born in 1883 in Chorlton, Manchester.

18-**Owen Gwatkin** was born in 1886 in Chorlton, Manchester.

16-**Ann Spence**¹⁷ was born on 22 Jan 1824 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 22 Jan 1824 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, and was buried on 23 Jan 1824 in Stephenson St., North Shields.

16-**Margaret Spence**¹⁷ was born on 22 Jan 1824 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 31 Oct 1824 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, and was buried on 2 Nov 1824 in Stephenson St., North Shields.

16-**Ann Spence**^{2,17,26} was born on 13 Aug 1825 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland and died on 4 Jul 1859 in Littlehampton, Sussex at age 33.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1836-Jun 1840 in York, Yorkshire.

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17-**Myles Birket Foster**^{2,17,26} was born on 29 Nov 1851 in London and died on 18 Dec 1922 in London at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRAM FRCO.
- He worked as an Organist and Composer.

18-**Myles Birket Foster**²⁶ was born on 22 Aug 1884 in Willesden.

18-**Dorothy Margaret Foster**²⁶ was born on 9 Oct 1885 in Willesden.

18-**John Lorimer Foster**²⁶ was born on 15 Oct 1886 in Willesden.

18-**Mabel Christine Foster**²⁶ was born on 24 Jan 1888 in Willesden.

18-**Robert Spence Foster**²⁶ was born on 11 Jun 1891 in Willesden.

18-**Arthur Edward Foster**²⁶ was born on 17 Jun 1893 in Willesden.

17-**William Frederick Foster**^{2,17,26} was born on 6 Jun 1853 in London and died on 24 May 1924 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Painter and ornithologist.

17-**Henry Foster**^{17,26} was born on 6 Nov 1854 in London and died in 1928 at age 74.

General Notes: Of Newcastle

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

18-**Henry Clapham Foster**²⁶ was born on 27 May 1885 in Backworth, Northumberland.

19-**Nina Mary Foster**

18-**Dorothy Foster**²⁶ was born on 2 Jun 1889 in Backworth, Northumberland and died in 1986 at age 97.

19-**Ann Dorothy Mason**

18-**Mary Foster**²⁶ was born on 14 Jul 1892 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

18-**Phyllis Foster** was born in 1894.

18-**Gerald Foster** was born in 1899 and died in 1957 at age 58.

17-**Margaret Ann Foster**^{17,26} was born on 27 Jan 1856 in London and died on 6 Aug 1923 at age 67.

17-**Ellen Foster**^{17,26} was born on 24 Sep 1857, died in 1946 at age 89, and was buried in Barton, Cumbria.

18-**Margaret Ellen Glasson**²⁶ was born on 28 Dec 1891 in Sevenoaks.

18-**Lancelot Myles Glasson** was born in 1894 and died in 1959 at age 65.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Painter.

18-**Sarah Gertrude Anne Glasson** was born in 1897 and died in 1984 at age 87.

16-**Margaret Spence**¹⁷ was born on 13 Aug 1825 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 8 Mar 1851 in Hastings, Sussex at age 25, and was buried on 14 Mar 1851 in Stephenson St., North Shields.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1836-Jun 1840 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**Hannah Maria Spence**^{17,39,51} was born on 13 Jul 1827 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland and died on 9 Oct 1856 in Dacre Street, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 29.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1839-Jun 1843 in York, Yorkshire.

Hannah married **William Taylor**,^{8,17,24,39,51,56,57,58} son of **Joseph Taylor**^{7,57} and **Elizabeth Harris**,^{7,57} on 15 Jul 1852 in North Shields, Northumberland. William was born on 29 May 1818 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died in 1897 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 79, and was buried in FBG Linthorpe. They had two children: **Robert William** and **Joseph Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal and Coke Exporter in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Shipbroker in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

17-**Robert William Taylor**^{8,17,39,56} was born on 18 Aug 1853 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 6 Oct 1877 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 24.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1865-1869 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University College, London.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law.

17-**Joseph Henry Taylor**^{8,17,39,167,201,213} was born on 26 Jun 1855 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 1 Feb 1939 in Mimms Hall, North Mimms, Hertfordshire at age 83.

General Notes: **Wed 1 Feb 1939** – Joseph Henry Taylor died at North Mimms – formerly an active Friend at Ayton & Middlesbro' – a blue ribbon teetotaller & with views I did not agree with but I enjoyed a long acquaintance with him – he was 83 - & latterly senile – **Wed 8 Feb 1939** – I went to a Memorial Service for Joe Taylor at the Friends Meeting House - I took Geo. Jenyns there – By request of Theodore Shewell, I spoke- the first time in my life in a friends Meeting for Worship- I referred to Steadfast in Pilgrims Progress – *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.* Taylor.— On 1st February, at North Mimms, Herts., Joseph Henry Taylor (1867-71), aged 83 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1867-1871 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Insurance Broker before 1929 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

Joseph married **Gertrude Cash**,^{39,167,201} daughter of **Frederick Goodall Cash**^{7,14,22,63,214,215} and **Martha Bowly**,^{7,14,22,63,214} on 30 Apr 1884 in

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FMH Greyfriars, Gloucester. Gertrude was born on 15 Apr 1859 in Brunswick Street, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 31 Dec 1916 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 57. They had two children: **Eleanor** and **Basil**.

Marriage Notes: TAYLOR-CASH.-On the 30th April, 1884, at Grey Friars , Gloucester, Joseph Henry Taylor (1867-71), of Middlesborough, to Gertrude Cash, of Gloucester.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

18-**Eleanor Taylor** was born in 1886 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died in 1965 in York, Yorkshire at age 79.

Eleanor married **William Ewart Frank Woodall**, son of **William Woodall** and **Caroline Tanner**,⁷ on 8 Apr 1915 in Stokesley, Yorkshire. William was born on 15 Jul 1880 in Castle Church, Staffordshire and died in 1942 in Broadway, Worcestershire at age 62. The cause of his death was Killed in a road accident on a motorcycle. They had three children: **William David**, **Anthony Joseph**, and **Phyllida Carolyn**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Chadwick Manor Farm, Bromsgrove, Worcestershire.
- Miscellaneous: His sister married George Cadbury.

19-**William David Woodall** was born on 21 Feb 1916 in Chadwick Manor Farm, Bromsgrove, Worcestershire and died on 13 Feb 1989 in Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.
- He worked as a Chartered Surveyor.

William married **Janet Margaret Ogilvie**, daughter of **Alexander Ogilvie** and **Margaret Goodsir**, on 7 Jun 1941 in North Mimms, Hertfordshire. Janet was born on 30 May 1915 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire and died on 12 Jan 2000 in Winchester, Hampshire at age 84. They had two children: **Nigel Graham** and **Martin Howard**.

20-**Nigel Graham Woodall**

20-**Martin Howard Woodall**

Martin married **Marjorie Chipperfield**.

19-**Anthony Joseph Woodall** was born on 5 Oct 1917 in Chadwick Manor Farm, Bromsgrove, Worcestershire and died on 5 Sep 1988 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 70.

19-**Phyllida Carolyn Woodall** was born in 1921 in Chadwick Manor Farm, Bromsgrove, Worcestershire.

Phyllida married **Maj. William Harding Young**, son of **John Harding Young** and **Bertha Folkard**, in 1949 in Hatfield, Hertfordshire. William was born in 1914. They had three children: **Daniel G. Harding**, **James John Harding**, and **Patrick W.**

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Auctioneer and surveyor.

20-**Daniel G. Harding Young**

20-**James John Harding Young**

20-**Patrick W. Young**

18-**Basil Taylor**^{39,122,146,149,216,217} was born on 25 Jul 1893 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 25 Nov 1975 in Braintree, Essex at age 82.

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General Notes: TAYLOR.-On 25th November, 1975, Basil Taylor (1909-10), aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1905-1909 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1909-1910 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Insurance Broker in 1911-1916 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- Miscellaneous: Conscientious Objector, 1916-1919.
- He worked as an Insurance Broker in 1919-1924 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Fruit Farmer from 1925 in Hordle, Hampshire.
- He resided at Tiptoe Fruit Farm in 1935 in Hordle, Hampshire.
- He had a residence in Rogers, Boxford, Colchester, Essex.
- He worked as a Secretary and President of various Adult Schools.

Basil married **Christine Knight Pumphrey**,^{39,122,146,149,216} daughter of **Thomas Walter Pumphrey**^{39,74,150} and **Emily Knight**,^{39,74} on 7 Jun 1922 in FMH Preston Patrick, Cumbria. Christine was born on 22 Dec 1900 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died in Sep 1984 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 83. They had one son: **John Hilary**.

Marriage Notes: TAYLOR-PUMPHREY.-On June 7th, at Preston Patrick, Westmoreland, Basil Taylor (1909-10), of Great Ayton, to Christine Knight Pumphrey, of Preston Patrick.

SILVER WEDDING

Taylor-Pumphrey.— On 7th June, 1922, at Preston Patrick, Westmorland, Basil Taylor (1909-10), to Christine K. Pumphrey.

GOLDEN WEDDING TAYLOR-PUMPHREY.— On 7th June, 1922, at the Friends Meeting House, Preston Patrick, Westmorland, Basil Taylor (1909-10) to Christine Knight Pumphrey (The Mount 1915-18). (Rogers, Boxford, Colcheester, Essex.)

19-John Hilary Taylor

16-**Frances Spence**¹⁷ was born on 25 Jun 1829 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, died on 24 Jul 1829 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland, and was buried on 26 Aug 1829 in Stephenson St., North Shields.

16-**Emma Spence**^{7,17,47} was born on 19 Nov 1830 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland and died on 3 Jun 1855 in Tynemouth at age 24.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1842-Jun 1846 in York, Yorkshire.

Emma married **Octavius Corder**,^{7,17,47} son of **Thomas Corder**^{7,28,47,80,81,82} and **Mary Shewell**,^{7,28,47,80,82} on 23 Mar 1854 in Tynemouth. Octavius was born on 19 Jan 1829 in Reeds Farm, Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex, died on 5 Jan 1910 in Brundall, Norwich, Norfolk at age 80, and was buried in Brundall, Norwich, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist & Druggist in Tynemouth, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Farmer in Fyfield, Ongar, Essex.
- He worked as a Botanist and Member of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society.

16-**Lucy Fisher Spence**^{17,73} was born on 10 Oct 1832 in Howard Street, North Shields, Northumberland and died on 25 Jul 1858 in Sussex Street, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 25.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1844-Nov 1846 in York, Yorkshire.

Lucy married **Josephus Spence**,^{7,73} son of **William Spence**⁷ and **Ann Bracher**,⁷ on 22 Feb 1855 in FMH North Shields. Josephus was born on 15 Nov 1827 in South Hill, Kirkby Malzeard, Ripon, Yorkshire and died in 1903 at age 76. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

15-**Jane Foster**¹⁷ was born in 1794 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria and died in 1794 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria.

15-**Isabel Foster**¹⁷ was born in 1796 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria.

15-**Sarah Foster**¹⁷ was born in 1797 in Hebblethwaite Hall, Cautley, Sedbergh, Cumbria.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1810 in York, Yorkshire.

Robert next married **Margaret Walker**,^{2,8,17} daughter of **Christopher Walker** and **Mary**, on 25 Feb 1802 in Brigflatts, Sedbergh, Cumbria. Margaret was born on 29 Dec 1756 in Hollins, Burton and died on 9 Aug 1835 in Westgate Hill, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 78. They had no children.

14-**Jane Foster**^{8,17} was born on 30 Nov 1756 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 6 Sep 1758 at age 1.

14-**Myles Foster**^{8,17} was born on 5 Aug 1759 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 25 Aug 1779 in Ulverston, Cumbria at age 20.

14-**Elizabeth Foster**^{8,17} was born on 7 Jun 1764 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 22 Mar 1823 at age 58.

12-**Alice Foster**^{7,8,18} was born on 29 Jul 1713 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 29 Oct 1755 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 42.

Alice married **George Braithwaite**,^{7,8,18} son of **George Braithwaite**^{8,18,218,219} and **Sarah Barnes**,^{8,18,218} on 12 Jun 1744 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. George was born on 26 Feb 1714 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 Sep 1753 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 39. They had five children: **George, Thomas, Sarah, Ruth**, and **Foster**.

13-**George Braithwaite**^{7,8,12,18,116} was born on 29 Mar 1746 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 5 Jan 1812 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shearman dyer and Drysalter in Kendal, Cumbria.

George married **Deborah Wilson**,^{7,8,12,116} daughter of **Isaac Wilson**^{2,7,8,12,18,199,218,220,221,222,223,224} and **Rachel Wilson**,^{2,7,8,12,18,199,218,220,221,222,223,224} on 13 May 1767 in Kendal, Cumbria. Deborah was born on 13 Feb 1743 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 11 Sep 1821 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 78. They had seven children: **Rachel, Alice, Sarah, Deborah, George, Isaac**, and **Dorothy**.

14-**Rachel Braithwaite**^{7,8,10,12,144} was born on 30 Jul 1768 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 May 1854 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham at age 85.

Rachel married **Samuel Lloyd**,^{7,8,10,12,47,144,225} son of **Sampson Lloyd**^{10,23} and **Rachel Barnes**,^{1,8,10,23,25} on 3 Oct 1791 in FMH Preston Patrick, Cumbria. Samuel was born on 7 Sep 1768 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 10 Nov 1849 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham at age 81. They had 12 children: **Samuel, George Braithwaite, Samuel, Deborah, William, Barnes, Isaac, Rachel, Sarah, Theodore, Sampson**, and **Wilson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal Owner & Banker of Birmingham.
- He was a Quaker until 1836.

15-**Samuel Lloyd** was born on 2 Oct 1792 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Feb 1795 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 2.

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15-**George Braithwaite Lloyd**^{7,8,23,73} was born on 5 Jan 1794 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 Nov 1857 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham at age 63.

George married **Mary Dearman**,^{7,23} daughter of **John Petty Dearman**⁷ and **Priscilla Fox**,⁷ on 22 Mar 1819 in FMH Bull Street, Birmingham. Mary was born on 28 Feb 1798 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Aug 1826 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 28. They had five children: **Sampson Samuel, Priscilla Caroline, George Braithwaite, Caroline Dearman**, and **Mary**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were Quakers.

General Notes: Sarah A. Fox (Lloyd) her sister-in-law says: 'This dear member of the family circle was greatly beloved and her death in her fourth confinement was an inexpressible sorrow and the first break in the family group. She and her babe were buried in the same grave and all the family met to weep round that grave, this being the first united meeting after years of separation ; when an especially joyful festivity had been planned. Mary Lloyd's sisters Caroline and Eliza jane Dearman, lived with their brother- in-law after his wife's death until Eliza's marriage with William Janson of Tottenham and then George Braithwaite Lloyd returned to his father's house in order that his two sons might be under the care of their grandmother.'

16-**Sampson Samuel Lloyd**^{8,23,226} was born on 10 Nov 1820 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Mar 1899 in Janoway Hill, Woking, Surrey at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman of Lloyds Bank.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Plymouth in 1874-1880.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for South Warwickshire in 1885-1886.

Sampson married **Emma Reeve**,⁸ daughter of **Samuel Reeve**^{8,45,73} and **Mary Turner**,^{8,73} on 14 Nov 1844 in Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire. Emma was born on 4 Aug 1817 in Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire and died on 9 Mar 1863 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham at age 45. They had nine children: **Emma Mary, Sampson Samuel, Mary Dearman, George Herbert, Rachel Louisa, Priscilla Caroline, Alice Elizabeth, Arthur Llewellyn**, and **Adelaide Beatrice**.

17-**Emma Mary Lloyd**⁸ was born on 3 Sep 1845 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 11 Dec 1883 in Leamington at age 38.

Emma married **Maj. Gen. Sir James Johnstone**, son of **James Johnstone** and **Maria Mary Payne Webster**, on 2 May 1872 in Sutton Coldfield. James was born on 9 Feb 1841 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jun 1895 in Fulford Hall, Warwick at age 54. They had five children: **James, Richard, Edward, Arthur**, and **Emma Mary**.

General Notes: KCSI.

18-**James Johnstone** was born on 15 Jan 1873 in Castle Moreton and died on 2 Jul 1873 in Sutton Coldfield.

18-**Maj. Richard Johnstone** was born on 23 Jan 1874 in Samorghooting, Naga Hills, India and died on 14 Feb 1922 in Warwick, Warwickshire at age 48.

Richard married **Florence Catherine May Harris**, daughter of **Admiral Sir Robert Hastings Harris** and **Florence Cordelia Henn-Gennys**, on 1 Jun 1899 in Yelverton, Devon. Florence was born on 1 May 1876 in Scarborough and died on 12 Jul 1958 in Plymouth, Devon at age 82. They had five children: **James, Agnes Elswyth, Ruth Gwendoline, Stella Margaret**, and **Adam**.

19-**Lt. Col. James Johnstone** was born on 4 Apr 1900 in Gosport, Hampshire.

James married **Hilda Lorna Wailes-Fairbairn**, daughter of **William Fairbairn Wailes-Fairbairn** and **Katherine Lilian Alderson Smith**, on 29 Dec 1925 in Askham Richard. Hilda was born on 4 Sep 1902 in Askham Grange. They had one daughter: **Pamela Nancy**.

20-**Pamela Nancy Johnstone**

19-**Agnes Elswyth Johnstone** was born on 7 Oct 1903 in York, Yorkshire and died on 18 Oct 1903 in Cork, County Cork, Ireland.

19-**Ruth Gwendoline Johnstone** was born on 20 Mar 1906 in London.

Ruth married **Alan Charles Bewes Ker**, son of **Brig. Gen. Charles Arthur Ker** and **Blanche Bewes**, on 13 Apr 1939 in Hanley Castle. Alan was born on 20 Nov 1907

in Sandhurst.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD.

19-**Stella Margaret Johnstone**

19-**Adam Johnstone**

18-**Edward Johnstone** was born on 2 Oct 1875.

18-**Arthur Johnstone** was born on 30 Dec 1877 in Manipur, India and died on 8 Nov 1879 in Manipur, India at age 1.

18-**Emma Mary Johnstone** was born on 28 Feb 1879 in Manipur, India.

17-**Sampson Samuel Lloyd**^{8,10} was born on 25 Feb 1846 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 15 Apr 1899 in Warwick, Warwickshire at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director Lloyds Bank.

Sampson married **Jane Emilia Lloyd**,¹⁰ daughter of **Thomas Lloyd**^{10,23} and **Emilia Travers**,¹⁰ on 4 Aug 1868 in Warwick, Warwickshire. Jane was born on 29 Mar 1848 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 18 Mar 1899 in Warwick, Warwickshire at age 50. They had six children: **Charles Sampson Llewellyn, Thomas Owen, Emma Gwendolen Priscilla, Eva Janet Emilia, Emilia**, and **George Ambrose**.

18-**Charles Sampson Llewellyn Lloyd** was born on 2 Jun 1869 in Warwick and died on 15 Nov 1887 in Eton College at age 18.

18-**Thomas Owen Lloyd** was born on 16 Jun 1873 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire and died on 4 Jun 1960 in London at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Warwickshire in 1915.
- He had a residence in The Priory, Warwick, Warwickshire.

Thomas married **Elsie Emma Mary Adams**, daughter of **John Adams** and **Elizabeth Mary Percy**, on 19 Oct 1898 in Offchurch. Elsie was born on 14 Oct 1876 in West Hallam, Derby and died on 26 Nov 1949 in Reading, Berkshire at age 73. They had one son: **Sampson Llewellyn**.

19-**Lt. Col. Sampson Llewellyn Lloyd** was born on 21 May 1907 in London and died in 1984 at age 77.

Sampson married **Margaret Lettice Parker**, daughter of **Charles Sandbach Parker** and **Hariette Dorothy Meade-Waldo**, on 6 Feb 1930 in London. Margaret was born on 22 Jul 1910 in Fairlie House, Ayrshire and died in 2002 in Tetbury at age 92. They had two children: **Charles David Sampson** and **John Rupert**.

20-**Rev. Charles David Sampson Lloyd**

20-**John Rupert Lloyd**

Thomas next married **Helen Mary Noel-Morgan** in 1954 in London. Helen was born in 1901 and died on 18 Mar 2001 in Cambridge at age 100.

18-**Emma Gwendolen Priscilla Lloyd** was born on 9 Aug 1874 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire and died on 22 Aug 1942 in London at age 68.

Emma married **Brig. Gen. Frederick Montgomerie Carleton**, son of **General Henry Alexander Carleton** and **Elizabeth Boyle**, on 20 Nov 1899 in London. Frederick was born on 21 Jul 1867 in Bath, Somerset and died on 15 May 1922 in London at age 54. They had three children: **Claire Emilia, Guy**, and **John Dudley**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**Claire Emilia Carleton** was born on 5 Dec 1901 in Cape Town, South Africa and died on 21 Mar 1934 in Rome, Italy at age 32.

Claire married **Guiseppe Roberto Mainella**, son of **Raffaele Mainella** and **Fanny Carlini**, on 13 May 1933 in Venice. Guiseppe was born on 29 Oct 1899 in Venice. They had one son: **Bernardo Benjamino Antonio**.

20-**Bernardo Benjamino Antonio Mainella**

19-**Guy Carleton** was born on 18 Apr 1903 in Camberley.

Guy married **Maria Gloriana Rossi**, daughter of **Col. Roberto Rossi** and **Elizabeth Stirling**.

19-**John Dudley Carleton** was born on 29 Aug 1908 in London, died on 6 Nov 1974 at age 66, and was buried in Westminster Abbey.

General Notes: The ashes of John Dudley Carleton, Head Master of Westminster School, are buried in the vault of the Islip chapel in Westminster Abbey. His stone was inscribed in 1982 and reads:

"John Dudley Carleton 1908-1974 Head Master of Westminster School 1957-1970"

He was born on 29 August 1908, a son of Brigadier General Frederick Carleton and his wife Emma (Lloyd). He was associated with Westminster School for many years being educated there, an assistant master, Master of the Queen's Scholars 1949-57 and then Head Master. During the war he was attached to Special Forces and afterwards helped get the School back to normal after war damage to some of its buildings and acquired gifts and donations, including the Purcell organ. In 1965 he married Janet Smith. He published two books about the School and was a great friend of Old Westminster and Abbey archivist Lawrence Tanner. A fountain in Little Dean's Yard was given by the Westminster School Society to commemorate his headmastership in 1971. He died on 6 November 1974 and had a memorial service in the Abbey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Steward, Westminster Abbey.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Westminster School in 1957-1970 in London.

18-**Eva Janet Emilia Lloyd** was born on 24 May 1876 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire and died on 15 Aug 1951 in Newbury at age 75.

Eva married **Malcolm Carlisle Pilkington**, son of **George Pilkington** and **Frances Elizabeth Carlisle**, on 18 Dec 1901 in Warwick. Malcolm was born on 20 Sep 1873 in Merlewood, Grange over Sands, Cumbria and died on 26 Jun 1926 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex at age 52. They had four children: **Stephen Malcolm**, **James Hugh**, **Denys Llewellyn**, and **Anne Emelia**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker in London.

19-**Stephen Malcolm Pilkington** was born on 19 Sep 1908 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex.

Stephen married **Catherine Mary Sherer Burns**, daughter of **John William Burns** and **Annie Douglas Pilkington**. They had one daughter: **Gillian**.

20-**Gillian Pilkington**

19-**James Hugh Pilkington** was born on 12 Nov 1909 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex.

19-**Denys Llewellyn Pilkington** was born on 4 Jan 1913 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex and died on 5 Jun 1923 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex at age 10.

19-**Anne Emelia Pilkington** was born on 27 Sep 1915 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex.

Anne married **Peter Horace Gordon Clark**, son of **Lt. Col. Crauford Alexander Gordon Clark** and **Horatia Liliias Anne Cockerell**, on 23 Aug 1940 in London. Peter was born on 9 Sep 1908 in Cobham, Surrey. They had one daughter: **Jane Anne**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman of Matthew Clark & Sons, Wine & Spirits importers in 1964-1972.

20-Jane Anne Clark

18-**Emilia Lloyd** was born on 12 Mar 1878 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire, died on 14 May 1967 in South Warnborough Manor, South Warnborough, Hampshire at age 89, and was buried in St. Andrew's, South Warnborough, Hampshire.

Emilia married **Charles Carlisle Pilkington**, son of **George Pilkington** and **Frances Elizabeth Carlisle**, on 21 Apr 1904 in Hutton Hall, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex. Charles was born on 13 Dec 1876 in Stoneleigh, Woolton, Lancashire, died on 8 Jan 1950 in South Warnborough Manor, South Warnborough, Hampshire at age 73, and was buried in St. Andrew's, South Warnborough, Hampshire. They had seven children: **Charles Vere**, **Thomas Alexander**, **George John**, **Joyce Emilia**, **Rachel Gwendoline**, **Elizabeth Eirene**, and **Charles Alec**.

19-**Charles Vere Pilkington** was born on 11 Jan 1905 in London and died in 1984 at age 79.

Charles married **Hon. Honor Chadworth Philipps**, daughter of **Owen Cosby Philipps Viscount Kysant** and **May Alice Magdalene Morris**, on 5 Feb 1936 in London. Honor was born on 8 Mar 1908 in London and died on 18 Jul 1961 in Madrid, Spain at age 53. They had one son: **Hector Vere**.

20-Hector Vere Pilkington

Hector married **Caroline Westmacott**.

19-**Thomas Alexander Pilkington** was born on 30 Nov 1906 in London.

Thomas married **Susan Hollebone**, daughter of **Noel Gordon Hollebone** and **Katherine Barrett**. They had four children: **Sarah Susan**, **Timothy Charles**, **Robert Alec**, and **George William**.

20-**Sarah Susan Pilkington** was born on 9 May 1938 in London and died on 2 Aug 1944 in Newbury at age 6.

20-Timothy Charles Pilkington

20-Robert Alec Pilkington

20-George William Pilkington

19-George John Pilkington

19-**Joyce Emilia Pilkington** was born on 9 Nov 1912 in London, died on 15 Sep 1986 at age 73, and was buried in St. Andrew's, South Warnborough, Hampshire.

Joyce married **Guy Auldjo Jamieson**, son of **Harry Auldjo Jamieson** and **Elizabeth Mylne**, on 29 Nov 1937 in London. Guy was born on 5 Nov 1912 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland, died on 15 Jun 1993 at age 80, and was buried in St. Andrew's, South Warnborough, Hampshire. They had five children: **Gemma Joyce A.**, **Charles James G. Auldjo**, **Elizabeth A. A.**, **Lavinia A. A.**, and **Andrew Michael Auldjo**.

20-Gemma Joyce A. Jamieson

20-Charles James G. Auldjo Jamieson

20-Elizabeth A. A. Jamieson

20-Lavinia A. A. Jamieson

20-Andrew Michael Auldjo Jamieson

19-Rachel Gwendoline Pilkington

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Rachel married **Christopher Scott**, son of **Arthur Elliot Somerville Scott**. They had one daughter: **Janet**.

20-Janet Scott

19-Elizabeth Eirene Pilkington was born on 19 Jan 1919 in Folkestone, Kent, died on 8 Apr 2010 at age 91, and was buried on 23 Apr 2010 in St. Andrew's, South Wamborough, Hampshire.

General Notes: PILKINGTON Elizabeth (Eliza) M.B.E. J.P. Retired. Beloved aunt, great-aunt and great-great-aunt, very much missed. Private family funeral at St Andrew's Church, South Wamborough on Friday 23rd April at 3 p.m. Family flowers only, donations to benefit "St Andrew's P.C.C." c/o Richard Steel & Partners, 12-14 City Road, Winchester SO23 8SG
Daily Telegraph

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with MBE JP.

19-Charles Alec Pilkington

18-Rt. Hon. George Ambrose Lloyd 1st Baron Lloyd^{2,227} was born on 19 Sep 1879 in Olton Hall, Solihull, Warwickshire, died on 4 Feb 1941 in Marylebone, London at age 61, and was buried in St. Ippollitt's, Hertfordshire.

General Notes: Lloyd, George Ambrose, first Baron Lloyd (1879– 1941), politician and colonial administrator, was born on 19 September 1879 at Olton Hall, near Solihull, Warwickshire, the third son and youngest of the six children of Sampson Samuel Lloyd (1846– 1899), a Birmingham industrialist, and his wife, Jane Emelia Lloyd (d. 1899). The family was of Welsh descent, and his grandfathers were directors of Lloyds Bank.

Early life

Educated at home until 1891, Lloyd enjoyed seven years at Eton College and from 1898 read history at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he coxed the crew which won the university boat race in 1899 and 1900. Unsettled by his parents' deaths, he left Cambridge in 1900 without taking a degree to tour India. He sought big game but found much more: a fascination with the East, a love of the wilderness, and a strong sense of purpose. Amid the ruins of the Lucknow residency, the heroic ideal of British imperialism fired his imagination. Curzon, the viceroy, became a role model, as did Joseph Chamberlain.

Lloyd worked for the family firm of steel-tube makers, Lloyd and Lloyd (later Stewart and Lloyd), but he had a private income of £2000 per year and a keen desire to gain expert knowledge of some aspect of imperial or foreign affairs. Consequently in 1905 he became an honorary attaché at the British embassy in Constantinople, alongside Aubrey Herbert (a friend) and Mark Sykes (a rival). Although prone to stomach upsets, he traversed the Ottoman empire comprehensively and wrote a 249-page report on trade in the Persian Gulf, which was well received in 1908. He contributed articles to The Times during the Young Turk revolution and frequently revisited the region. In January 1910 Lloyd entered the House of Commons as Liberal Unionist (later Conservative) member for West Staffordshire. He spoke regularly on imperial issues, but the petty politicking of Westminster disgusted him and he contemplated emigrating to east Africa. Friends were surprised when, on 13 November 1911, he married Blanche Isabella Lascelles (1880– 1969), maid of honour to Queen Alexandra and daughter of Frederick Canning Lascelles, for his attitude to women was generally disparaging. Blanche proved a faithful helpmeet, and their only child, David, arrived in September 1912. Lloyd's obvious preference for male companionship still gave rise to whispered speculation of a flimsy sort.

First World War

On 1 August 1914 Lloyd joined Leo Amery in lobbying Conservative leaders to press for an immediate declaration of war. Already an officer in the Warwickshire yeomanry, he yearned to go to France; but his grasp of Turkish meant that he was seconded in November 1914 to the intelligence department of the general staff in Egypt. Often frustrated, he relished facing fire at Gallipoli in 1915. Special missions took him to Petrograd to improve Anglo-Russian liaison, to Basrah to update his study of gulf commerce, and to Mecca to help plan the Arab revolt. Back in Cairo with the Arab bureau in 1917, he supported Arab aspirations.

Captain Lloyd returned to London in January 1918 and served as secretary to the British delegation to the financial committee of the inter-allied war council. Though unhappy that the war had offered him few opportunities for bravery, he welcomed the chance to renew political contacts, especially with Austen Chamberlain, and he collaborated with Edward Wood (Lord Halifax) on The Great Opportunity, a small book whose earnest platitudes went down well in November 1918. Lloyd did not seek re-election himself, having secured a colonial governorship, accompanied by a knighthood (GCIE).

Bombay

Sir George Lloyd took up his duties in December 1918 as governor of the Bombay presidency, a province which comprised the western coast of India between Karachi and Goa. He at once made his mark by dealing with a rash of strikes and then turned his mind to the Montagu– Chelmsford reforms, intended to permit a limited measure of self-government. At the time he considered these concessions expedient, but he soon concluded that Indians would be unfit for more self-government until equal to white men in character, education, and standard of life. Because Bombay was a stronghold of Indian nationalism, Lloyd faced serious public order problems, which he handled with a blend of strictness and discretion. In 1921 he finally insisted on the arrest of Gandhi (who received a six-year prison sentence for sedition).

Horried by overcrowded slums, Lloyd instigated the Back Bay land reclamation scheme to make room in Bombay for a further quarter of a million citizens. A dam on the

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Indus to irrigate 6 million acres of Sind had been discussed for sixty years: it took the energy of Sir George to raise finance for the Sukkur barrage (constructed between 1923 and 1935). He excelled at practical management of this kind, preferring to deal directly with the man at the top and the man on the spot. When responsibility for relations with the princely states was transferred from Bombay to Delhi in 1923, he took it as a personal affront.

Late to bed and early to rise, Lloyd was ever a compulsive overworker, who would not suffer fools, slackness, or contradiction. That said, subordinates who passed the test found him loyal and generous. His excellency held rigid views on the deference due to the king's representative, and he always cut a figure— with his clipped moustache, brilliantined black hair, and faultless attire. His manner was so masterful as to seem artificial, yet he could charm as well as bully. Few were allowed to see his sensitive side. At the close of the day, with his aides-de-camp, he would sip a whisky and soda, play popular songs on the piano, and give way to boyish good humour— or sometimes to anguished soul-searching. This devout Anglo-Catholic felt an onerous obligation to fight for the right on every occasion.

Lloyd left India in 1924, at the end of his five-year term, with a reputation for brusque efficiency. Honoured with a privy councillorship and made GCSI, he could not however expect a fresh appointment from the new Labour government, so he accepted working directorships at Lloyds Bank and Shell. His tendency to spend to the limit of his income rendered him liable to money worries.

Cairo

Lloyd returned to the House of Commons in October 1924, having agreed to fill a late vacancy at Eastbourne on the understanding that a Conservative government would send him abroad again soon. The offer of Kenya offended him. Egypt was acceptable. He arrived in Cairo in October 1925 as first Baron Lloyd of Dolobran (the ancestral home at Meifod, Montgomeryshire) after insisting on a peerage to impress the Egyptians.

The high commissioner for Egypt and the Sudan was technically a diplomat rather than an imperial administrator, for the British had granted Egypt nominal independence in 1922 while preserving (by unilateral declaration backed by a military presence) their supremacy in relation to four 'reserved points': the Suez Canal, defence, foreign interests, and the Sudan. The British Foreign Office hoped to keep its intervention in domestic politics to a minimum and to negotiate a treaty with the Egyptian government, enshrining these special rights in international law.

It gradually became apparent that Lloyd diverged from the Foreign Office in his estimate of the level of political intervention needed to guard British interests. He repeatedly advocated taking a firmer line with Egyptian ministers and he often won his point— by mobilizing robust imperialists in the British cabinet, like Amery and Churchill, to overcome the caution of the foreign secretary, Austen Chamberlain. Every summer he wanted to summon a gunboat to Alexandria to help him prevail in the latest Anglo-Egyptian dispute. In 1926 he needed to dissuade the nationalist Sa'd Zaghlul from assuming the premiership; in 1927 control of the Egyptian army was at stake; in 1928 a damaging assemblies bill had to be stopped.

As many observers rightly inferred, Lloyd thought that conceding independence had been a bad mistake. His clear-cut mind disapproved of an arrangement which left Britain power without authority and responsibility without control. It was wrong to let Egyptians be misgoverned by a crafty king and a handful of semi-westernized lawyers and journalists. If the British desired the strategic benefits of ultimate hegemony over Egypt, they had a duty and a need to provide it with good administration. In 1927 Chamberlain began negotiating with the Egyptian premier about a treaty— without informing Lloyd, who had warned that it would be pointless to seek recognition of Britain's rights while nationalists in the Egyptian parliament remained obdurate. Eight months later Egypt rejected the treaty, exactly as he had predicted. Senior advisers in the Foreign Office, Sir William Tyrrell among them, suspected Lloyd of undermining the project and endeavoured to turn Chamberlain against his former protégé. Some individuals at the Cairo residency were happy to tell tales of his viceregal airs, propensity to dramatize, and occasional tactless remarks, but he survived so long as he retained support in cabinet. Then Labour won the 1929 election. Arthur Henderson, the new foreign secretary, intended another attempt at an Anglo-Egyptian treaty. He recalled the high commissioner to London and compelled him to resign on 24 July 1929. That Lord Lloyd had been fundamentally out of sympathy with Foreign Office thinking is undeniable. That he had wilfully misinterpreted and misapplied government policy— as Henderson publicly alleged— is more debatable. Lloyd, jealous of his honour, felt betrayed when Baldwin and Chamberlain did not defend him, and a supportive speech from Churchill merely exposed the extent of tory disarray. Lloyd later published his two-volume justification, *Egypt since Cromer* (1933– 4).

Tory rebel

Viewed as a maverick, Lloyd plunged into pressure-group politics. As president of the Navy League from 1930, he called strenuously for rearmament, and his debunking of collective security turned him into the bugbear of idealistic internationalists. As chairman of the Empire Economic Union, meanwhile, he campaigned for imperial preference (though unwilling to ally himself with Beaverbrook). He was best known, however, for opposing greater self-government for India. The inapplicability of western-style institutions to oriental peoples appeared to him so obvious that he doubted the sincerity of British politicians who suggested otherwise: these cynics were using liberal cant to cloak a craven policy of 'cut and run'. He formed the India Defence League in 1933.

Lloyd's concerns amounted to a sweeping critique of the National Government. His mission was to reinvigorate a nation perilously demoralized by Baldwinism and female suffrage. Relishing combat, he delivered thirty or forty speeches per year, often recalling how ancient Rome had lost faith in itself once it began to call home the legions. Was the present generation going to dissipate the British imperial legacy, perhaps with like consequences for human progress? His earnestness could impress, despite his harsh voice and too rapid delivery, yet his appeal never stretched far beyond his natural constituency of die-hard Morning Post readers. Perhaps he had been overseas so long that he did not realize how Britain had changed since 1914. The left painted him as a would-be dictator, what with his hard and fast views on everything and his sympathy for Mussolini and Franco (though never for Hitler, whose paganism repelled him). In truth, he remained committed to British democracy and could not bring himself to break with the Conservative Party, whose drift to the left he aspired to reverse.

Directorships of International Wagon Lits and the British South Africa Company helped Lloyd to support a grand home in Portman Square, a sports car, a yacht, and a busy social life. Friends included Noël Coward and T. E. Lawrence. His restlessness was proverbial. He would shift in his chair, fiddle with his monocle, and race from one topic of conversation to the next. A confessed travel addict who loved hot climates, he went abroad every couple of months. His wife desired a quieter existence, and

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in 1935 he bought the old vicarage (renamed Clouds Hill) at Offley, near Hitchin, Hertfordshire. With Blanche usually resident there, Lloyd grew closer to his son. He learnt to fly at fifty-four, and, when made an honorary air-commodore, insisted on truly qualifying as a military pilot. Lloyd initially welcomed the premiership of Neville Chamberlain and endorsed appeasement of Italy. This facilitated his return to official circles as chairman of the British Council in July 1937. In three years he expanded its network of lecturers, widened its range of activities, doubled and redoubled its funding, safeguarded its independence, and won permanent recognition for the role of cultural propaganda.

Second World War

Since 1936, Lloyd had been wholly convinced that Nazi Germany was a menace to European peace which had to be countered by an Anglo-French alliance. He would have preferred war to the dismemberment of Czechoslovakia in October 1938, when he denounced the Munich agreement as a shameful surrender. The defence of Christian civilization against atheistic totalitarianism was how Lloyd characterized the Second World War to neutrals, as he journeyed around Europe as a kind of roving ambassador on the pretext of British Council business. He was overjoyed when Churchill appointed him secretary of state for the colonies on 11 May 1940. At last he knew that the British were realizing the greatness of their destiny. He would not hear of an early peace, and the cabinet sent him to Bordeaux in June to make the final appeal to the French to fight on. The fate of the French colonies and the Italian threat in Africa demanded Lloyd's attention. There was no real opportunity for him to pursue his long-cherished schemes for imperial union, though he still jibbed at Zionism and Indian constitutional reform. The destroyers-for-bases deal with the USA also perturbed him.

On 7 January 1941, at his own prompting, Lloyd assumed additional duties as leader of the House of Lords. Soon afterwards he asked for a few days' rest. What was first diagnosed as German measles turned out to be myeloma, an uncommon form of leukaemia. He died at a clinic in Marylebone on 4 February 1941 and was buried in the village graveyard at St Ippollitts, Hertfordshire.

Some people said that George Lloyd seemed un-English— in looks and in mentality— to which he would lightly reply that he was wholly Welsh. A driven man, highly self-conscious, he combined exceptional ambition with a horror of careerism. He needed to convince himself that he sought preferment solely to advance a transcendent cause: namely, British imperialism as God's chosen instrument. This made him sound arrogant to those not privy to his moods of doubt and self-reproach. So intense a personality beneath a dapper exterior variously inspired and disconcerted. A romantic, who idealized the Elizabethan spirit, he embodied a Kiplingesque brand of patriotism no longer universally admired. Perhaps the timing of his death was fitting, for he abhorred the USSR and despised the USA, both shortly to enter the war. He had once told his wife that if the British empire suffered eclipse his heart would find solace only in the next world.

A well-known figure in the 1930s, Lloyd faded rapidly from popular recollection, inevitably overshadowed by Churchill in histories of the decade. His achievement at the British Council commanded great respect within that institution, but post-war Britain had generally no wish to remember him while transforming its empire into a Commonwealth. Fifty years on, however, Lloyd may appear to have been more prescient (or more honest) than many of his contemporaries— in his Cassandra-like prognoses for British global power, if not in his prescriptions.

Jason Tomes

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCSI GCIE PC DSO FRGS.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for West Staffordshire in 1910.
- He worked as a Governor of Bombay 1918 To 1923.
- He worked as a High Commissioner to Egypt 1925 To 1929.
- He worked as a Chairman of the British Council.
- He worked as a President of the Navy League.
- He worked as a Secretary of State for the Colonies in 1940.
- He worked as a Leader of the House of Lords Jan 1941 to 4 Feb 1941.

George married **Blanche Isabella Lascelles**,²²⁷ daughter of **Commander Hon. Frederick Canning Lascelles** and **Frederica Maria Liddell**, on 13 Nov 1911 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Blanche was born on 8 Oct 1880 in London and died on 30 Dec 1969 at age 89. They had one son: **Alexander Frederick David**.

19-Alexander Frederick David Lloyd 2nd Baron Lloyd²²⁷ was born on 30 Sep 1912 in London and died on 5 Nov 1985 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 73.

Alexander married **Lady Victoria Jean Marjorie Mabell Ogilvy**,²²⁸ daughter of **Sir David Lyulph Gore Wolesley Ogilvy 7th Earl Of Airlie** and **Alexandra Marie Bridget Coke**,²²⁸ on 24 Jan 1942 in London. Victoria was born on 21 Sep 1918 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 2004 at age 86. They had three children: **Davinia Margaret**, **Charles George David**, and **Laura Blanche**.

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20-Hon. Davinia Margaret Lloyd

20-Hon. **Charles George David Lloyd** was born on 4 Apr 1949 in London and died on 12 Mar 1974 at age 24.

General Notes: Reported missing from home, Tuesday 12 Mar 1974, and he was found dead two days later in a spinney near his home near Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

20-Hon. Laura Blanche Lloyd

17-Mary Dearman Lloyd⁸ was born on 5 Apr 1848 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 28 Sep 1932 in West Clandon at age 84.

17-George Herbert Lloyd⁸ was born on 8 Mar 1850 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 7 Jan 1914 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 63.

George married **Anna Elizabeth Colmore**, daughter of **Thomas Colmore** and **Anna Blayney**, on 27 Sep 1872 in Sutton Coldfield, Warwickshire. Anna was born in 1852 in Sutton Coldfield, Warwickshire and died on 27 Jul 1873 in Sutton Coldfield, Warwickshire at age 21.

George next married **Amy Letitia Chance**, daughter of **Henry Chance** and **Mary Letitia Bennett**, on 4 Apr 1877 in London. Amy was born on 16 Aug 1857 in London and died on 1 Jan 1918 in Eastbourne at age 60. They had three children: **Herbert**, **Mary Eveleen Gladys**, and **David Henry Llewellyn**.

18-**Herbert Lloyd** was born on 15 Jan 1879 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 23 Oct 1931 in Dunsfold, Surrey at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Aeronautical Engineer.

Herbert married **Mabel Penn**, daughter of **Joseph Chatfield Penn** and **Anne Treagus**, on 6 Oct 1914 in London. Mabel was born on 18 Dec 1880 in Lyminster, Sussex.

18-Mary Eveleen Gladys Lloyd was born on 15 Feb 1880 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 12 Nov 1946 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 66.

18-David Henry Llewellyn Lloyd was born on 15 Aug 1881 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 17 Dec 1945 in Warrington, Cheshire at age 64.

David married **Amy Letitia Morgan**, daughter of **William Arthur Morgan** and **Elizabeth Ann Wing Farthing**, on 15 Sep 1908 in Cardiff. Amy was born on 6 Jun 1879 in Cardiff. They had four children: **Dorothea Evelyn Letitia**, **Henry Llewellyn**, **Anthony Fetherston**, and **Barbara**.

19-Dorothea Evelyn Letitia Lloyd

Dorothea married **Lt. Col. William Cluff Leeper**, son of **William Leeper** and **Susan Cluff**, on 14 Feb 1933 in London. William was born on 26 Nov 1899 in Wellbrook, Cookstown, County Tyrone. They had one son: **Romilly Greer**.

General Notes: Leeper, William Cluff, b. 26th November, 1899, son of William Leeper, Wellbrook, Cookstown. Brother of 1211. Army, April, 1918. Quetta, 1918. 2nd Lieut., I.A., 1919. Capt., 4-12 Frontier Force Regt. Major. Indian Political Dept. 1939-45: Lt.-Col. O.B.E. (M.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He worked as an officer of the Indian Politican Service.

20-Romilly Greer Leeper

Dorothea next married **James Ronald Kerr**, son of **Sir John Henry Kerr** and **Minnie Julia Wilson**.

19-Lt. Col. **Henry Llewellyn Lloyd** was born on 15 Feb 1913 in Latchford, Cheshire and died on 22 Mar 1998 in Winchester, Hampshire at age 85.

Henry married **Margaret Ackroyd**, daughter of **George Ackroyd** and **Marie Weston**. They had four children: **Virginia Frances D'este**, **Catherine Henrietta**, **Gwyneth Susan**, and **Jonathan David Henry**.

20-**Virginia Frances D'este Lloyd** was born on 9 Mar 1942 in Saffron Walden, Essex and died on 8 Oct 2019 in Riverside, California, USA at age 77. The cause of her death was Emphysema/COPD.

20-Catherine Henrietta Lloyd

20-Gwyneth Susan Lloyd

20-Jonathan David Henry Lloyd

Jonathan married **Jenny Stooke**. They had four children: **Michael**, **David**, **Richard**, and **Rachael**.

21-Michael Lloyd

21-David Lloyd

21-Richard Lloyd

21-Rachael Lloyd

Henry next married **Janet Anne Streeton**, daughter of **W. L. Streeton**. They had one daughter: **Harriet Lucy**.

20-Harriet Lucy Lloyd

19-**Anthony Fetherston Lloyd** was born on 4 Oct 1914 in Latchford, Cheshire and died on 5 Aug 1997 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor.

Anthony married **Mary Morna Coldstream**, daughter of **Maj. Alastair Drummond Carmichael** and **Mary Grizel Jean Fergusson**.

19-Barbara Lloyd

Barbara married **Thomas Noel Francis Palmer**, son of **Thomas Palmer** and **Catherine Muriel Barrett Thatcher**.

17-**Rachel Louisa Lloyd**⁸ was born on 1 Sep 1851 in Sparkhill, Birmingham and died on 2 Mar 1939 in Leamington, Warwickshire at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1916 in Clare Lodge, Winchester, Hampshire.

Rachel married **Dearman Janson**,^{2,229} son of **William Janson**^{7,30} and **Eliza Jane Dearman**,⁷ on 29 Sep 1874 in Sutton Coldfield. Dearman was born on 6 Jul 1847 in Tottenham, London and died on 13 Mar 1907 in The Holloway Sanatorium, London at age 59. They had five children: **Ethel Mary**, **Charles Wilfred**, **Arthur Dearman**, **Caroline**, and **Cicely**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Thorneywood, Christchurch, Hampshire.

18-**Ethel Mary Janson** was born on 19 Mar 1877 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 10 Sep 1912 in Tamworth, Staffordshire at age 35.

Ethel married **Littleton Edward Pipe-Wolferstan**, son of **Francis Stafford Pipe-Wolferstan** and **Sarah Maria Hill Belli**, on 10 Apr 1901 in London. Littleton was born on 8 Aug 1886 in London and died on 7 Mar 1957 in Minchinhampton, Gloucestershire at age 70. They had three children: **Humphrey**, **Roger**, and **Denis**.

19-**Humphrey Pipe-Wolferstan** was born on 7 Apr 1902 in Singapore and died on 1 Apr 1917 in Rn College, Osborne at age 14.

19-**Roger Pipe-Wolferstan** was born on 12 May 1903 in Straits Settlement.

19-**Denis Pipe-Wolferstan** was born on 26 Jan 1907 in Guildford, Surrey and died on 31 Oct 1983 in Wiltshire at age 76.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Denis married **Penelope Mary Gough**, daughter of **Edward Pountney Gough** and **Ellen Stuart Mitchell**, on 8 Aug 1944 in London. Penelope was born on 15 Aug 1910 in Downham Market, Norfolk and died in 1993 in Newbury, Berkshire at age 83. They had three children: **Julia Mary**, **Priscilla Clare**, and **Christopher Humphrey**.

20-**Julia Mary Pipe-Wolferstan**

20-**Priscilla Clare Pipe-Wolferstan**

20-**Christopher Humphrey Pipe-Wolferstan**

18-**Capt. Charles Wilfred Janson** was born on 10 Oct 1879 in Chislehurst, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Coldstream Guards.

Charles married **Nora Cook**, daughter of **Arthur Cook**. They had four children: **Charles Noel**, **Christopher Owen**, **Hugh Dearman**, and **Josephine Griselda**.

19-**Capt. Charles Noel Janson** was born on 28 Dec 1917 and died on 15 Jun 2006 at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Journalist & Authority on African & Russian Affairs.

Charles married **Elizabeth Millicent Leveson-Gower 24th Countess Sutherland**, daughter of **Lord Alastair St. Clair Leveson-Gower** and **Elizabeth Helene Gardner Demarest**, on 5 Jan 1946. Elizabeth was born on 30 Mar 1921 and died on 9 Dec 2019 in London at age 98. Other names for Elizabeth were Elizabeth Millicent Sutherland-Leveson-Gower and Elizabeth Millicent Sutherland-Leveson-Gower Janson. They had four children: **Alastair Charles St. Clair**, **Martin Dearman**, **Annabel Elizabeth Helene Sutherland**, and **Matthew Peter Demarest Sutherland**.

20-**Alastair Charles St. Clair Sutherland 25th Earl of Sutherland**

Alastair married **Eileen Elizabeth Baker**, daughter of **Richard Wheeler Baker Jr.** They had two children: **Rachel Elizabeth** and **Rosemary Millicent**.

21-**Hon. Rachel Elizabeth Sutherland**

21-**Hon. Rosemary Millicent Sutherland**

Alastair next married **Gillian Murray**. They had two children: **Alexander Charles Robert** and **Elizabeth**.

21-**Alexander Charles Robert Sutherland Lord Strathnaver**

21-**Hon. Elizabeth Sutherland**

20-**Hon. Martin Dearman Sutherland-Janson**

Martin married **Hon. Mary Ann Balfour**, daughter of **Harold Harington Balfour 1st Baron Balfour of Inchrye** and **Mary Ainslie Profumo**. They had three children: **Nicholas George**, **Benjamin Edward**, and **Christopher David**.

21-**Nicholas George Sutherland-Janson**

21-**Benjamin Edward Sutherland-Janson**

Benjamin married **Rosanna De Pree**. They had three children: **Poppy Islay**, **Wilfred Bertie**, and **Isabella Rose**.

22-**Poppy Islay Sutherland-Janson**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

22-**Wilfred Bertie Sutherland-Janson**

22-**Isabella Rose Sutherland-Janson**

21-**Christopher David Sutherland-Janson**

20-**Lady Annabel Elizabeth Helene Sutherland Janson**

Annabel married **John Vernon Bainton**.

20-**Hon. Matthew Peter Demarest Sutherland Janson** was born on 8 Apr 1955 in London and died on 5 Dec 1969 at age 14.

19-**Christopher Owen Janson**

19-**Hugh Dearman Janson**

Hugh married **Cornelia Rowena Guest**, daughter of **Maj. Hon. Oscar Montague Guest** and **Kathleen Susan Paterson**. They had two children: **Sarah** and **Charles James**.

20-**Sarah Janson**

20-**Charles James Janson**

Hugh next married **Olwen Marcia Blanche Mordaunt-Smith**, daughter of **Maj. Cotterell Broughton Mordaunt-Smith** and **Hon. Kathleen Marcia Browne**.

19-**Josephine Griselda Janson** was born on 11 Mar 1925 and died on 27 Nov 2004 in France at age 79.

Josephine married **Capt. Donald Alan Colquhoun**, son of **Lt. Col. Sir Iain Colquhoun 7th Bt. of Luss** and **Geraldine Bryde Dinah Tennant**, on 19 Nov 1946. Donald was born on 19 Jan 1920 and died in 1992 at age 72. They had three children: **James**, **Iain**, and **Catherine**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.

20-**James Colquhoun**

20-**Iain Colquhoun**

20-**Catherine Colquhoun**

Catherine married **James Hyde Forshall**. They had four children: **Rose Alexandra**, **Romilly Louise**, **Beatrice Isabella**, and **Flora Hyde**.

21-**Rose Alexandra Forshall**

21-**Romilly Louise Forshall** was born in 1984 and died in 1999 at age 15.

21-**Beatrice Isabella Forshall**

21-**Flora Hyde Forshall**

18-**Arthur Dearman Janson**²³⁰ was born on 1 Mar 1881 in Chislehurst, Kent, died on 31 Oct 1919 in Victoria Military Hospital, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 38, and was buried in Thetis Island, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

18-**Caroline Janson**² was born on 3 Sep 1883 in Chislehurst, Kent and died in 1978 at age 95.

Caroline married **Sir Keith Grahame Feiling**,² son of **Ernest Feiling** and **Joan Barbara Hawkins**, on 21 Dec 1912 in Chelsea, London. Keith was born on 7 Sep 1884

Descendants of Thomas Forster

in Elms House, Leatherhead, Surrey and died on 16 Sep 1977 in Putney, London at age 93. They had three children: **Andrew Keith, Patience Caroline, and Rachel Elizabeth.**

General Notes: Feiling, Sir Keith Grahame (1884-1977), historian, was born on 7 September 1884 at Elms House, Leatherhead, the elder son (there were no daughters) of Ernest Feiling, stockbroker, and his wife, Joan Barbara, *née* Hawkins, who was a sister of the novelist Anthony Hope (Sir Anthony Hope Hawkins) and a first cousin of Kenneth Grahame. He was educated at Marlborough College and Balliol College, Oxford. Starting in 1903, his undergraduate career was one of mounting success, culminating in 1906 with a brilliant first class in modern history and a prize fellowship at All Souls College.

These successes pointed Feiling towards an academic career. In 1907 he was appointed lecturer in history at the University of Toronto. In October 1909 he returned to Oxford as lecturer and tutor in modern history at Christ Church with the expectation of a studentship (that is, fellowship). In June 1911, in the penultimate year of his fellowship at All Souls, he was duly elected a student of Christ Church—a position he was to retain for the next thirty-five years. In December 1912 he married Caroline (1885?-1978), daughter of Dearman Janson, gentleman, to whom he was devoted for the rest of his life. (They were to have a family of two daughters and a son.) At that time marriage still required a studentship to be vacated and reappointment to be sought. In Feiling's case reappointment was granted immediately, though not before a small minority of the governing body had voted to postpone it for a year. In 1913 he published *Toryism: a Political Dialogue*, one of the few attempts to survey the intellectual components of his party.

As a tutor before 1914 Feiling shared with his senior colleague Arthur Hassall the care of between thirty and thirty-six pupils. This was more than two tutors could properly sustain, even in the somewhat relaxed atmosphere of pre-war Christ Church, and at the end of 1913 a third tutor was appointed, J. C. Masterman. Feiling wished to apply more positive tutorial methods than had hitherto obtained; Hassall dissented, telling Masterman that undergraduates should be encouraged to depend on themselves and deploring Feiling's 'rather too kind' approach. The war postponed the resolution of this difference.

In December 1914 Feiling was commissioned in the Black Watch. In 1916 he was posted to India, served for a year with his battalion, and then, in 1917, became secretary to the central recruiting board of India. He held this post until early in 1919, and was appointed OBE for his services in 1918. He was back at Christ Church for the summer term of 1919 and immediately threw himself into his teaching. Hassall, now in sight of retirement, yielded to his enthusiasm, which Masterman shared. Together these two gave a new impetus to the Christ Church history school which, many years later, Masterman generously described as 'the creation of Keith Feiling'. For his part, Feiling paid tribute to Masterman's 'system and staff work'. Both were right. Their complementary talents and sympathetic co-operation explain their outstanding success. Between 1921 and 1936, while Feiling was an active tutor, Christ Church historians won thirty-one first classes, although it was no part of his teaching to emphasize the importance of the class list. For the first three years after his return Feiling taught some twenty pupils a term. At the same time he examined in the final schools, 1920-22, and served on the faculty board, acting as its chairman in 1924-5.

Naturally this burden of teaching and administration interfered with Feiling's research; the appointment of a fourth history tutor in 1922 to teach the medieval period provided some easement and for one term that year he was allowed to halve his teaching—but at his own expense. These indulgences enabled him to complete his first big book, *A History of the Tory Party, 1640-1714*, which was published in 1924. Three terms of sabbatical leave in 1927-8 led to his *British Foreign Policy, 1660-1672*, which appeared in 1930, and in the same year he brought out his *Sketches in 19th Century Biography*, a collection of essays originally written for *The Times* and the *Times Literary Supplement*. These works earned him the degree of DLitt in 1932. His research interests were now moving towards the eighteenth century. When in 1931-2 he was appointed Ford's lecturer in English history—he had been a university lecturer since 1928—he took as his subject 'The Tories in opposition and in power, 1714-1806' and these lectures were the foundation of his book *The Second Tory Party, 1714-1832*, published in 1938. He also planned at this time to draw together his wide knowledge in a narrative *History of England*. This great project took twenty years to complete in spite of his giving up all undergraduate teaching in 1936, when Christ Church elected him to a research studentship. He allowed himself to be diverted between 1932 and 1936 by helping Winston Churchill first with his life of Marlborough and then with the first volume of his *History of the English-Speaking Peoples*. Then, when the war came, he nobly returned to a period of teaching and examining between 1940 and 1943. Finally, at the particular request of the Chamberlain family, he turned aside to write *The Life of Neville Chamberlain* (1944), at the time a brave and controversial defence of its subject. Only when this was published in 1946 was he free to turn back to his projected *History*.

The year 1946 also saw Feiling's election to the Chichele chair of modern history, which he held until his retirement in 1950, when his *History of England* finally appeared. His short tenure of the chair, to which he had been seen as the natural heir for many years, was the unfortunate result of his predecessor's longevity. In retirement his distinction was acknowledged in Britain and abroad by his election to an honorary studentship at Christ Church in 1952, by his knighthood in 1958, and by his becoming an honorary member of the Massachusetts Historical Society in 1958. Meanwhile he had continued to work on his biography *Warren Hastings*, first planned in 1946, which was awarded the James Tait Black memorial prize on its appearance in 1954. His last book, a charming collection of biographical essays entitled *In Christ Church Hall*, was published in 1960. He lived in retirement first in London, then in Norfolk, and for his last years at The Mill, Fairford, Gloucestershire. When well into his eighties he endured major abdominal surgery, which he overcame with characteristic courage. He died in a nursing home in Putney on 16 September 1977. Neat and thoughtful in appearance, kindly and courteous in manner, and with a slight stammer which reinforced his charm, Keith Feiling has rightly been described as a cultured, well-informed, and liberal-minded man. The dedications of his books indicate his loyalties—to his wife, to his pupils, and to his friend and colleague in caring for those pupils J. C. Masterman. He was exceptionally perceptive in his judgement of young scholars and in sustaining in their early days those who would later make their mark. As a writer his style was allusive, sometimes congested, but particularly in his essays and his *History* he wrote in a way that was clear, stimulating, and, on occasions, moving. As a historian he was, as G. M. Trevelyan wrote of him, 'more interested in religious, political and constitutional issues than in the social and economic'. His outlook was that of a romantic Tory and a patriot. He was English to the core. Although he had founded the Oxford University Conservative Association in 1924 and was accepted as the leading historian of the Tory party, he was not politically partisan. He drew a distinction between Toryism and Conservatism, identifying more with the first than the second. Above all he was optimistic, and closed his inaugural lecture in 1947 with Robert E. Lee's moving words 'it is history that teaches us

to hope'.

Charles Stuart, rev. H. C. G. Matthew

Sources

The Times (19 Sept 1977) · EngHR , 40 (1925) · J. C. Masterman, *On the chariot wheel* (1975) · D. Cecil, foreword, *Essays in British history presented to Sir Keith Feiling*, ed. H. R. Trevor-Roper (1964) · H. R. Trevor-Roper, address in Christ Church Cathedral, Oxford, 22 Oct 1977 [privately printed 1977] · Christ Church Oxf., archives · b. cert. · m. cert. · private information (1986) · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1977)

Wealth at death

£153,909: probate, 25 Nov 1977, *CGPLA Eng. & Wales*

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Charles Stuart, 'Feiling, Sir Keith Grahame (1884-1977)', rev. H. C. G. Matthew, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2007 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/31100

See George Macaulay Trevelyan and Sir John Cecil Masterman in my records. CEGP

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Balliol College, Oxford.
- He worked as an Academic Historian.

19-Andrew Keith Feiling

19-Patience Caroline Feiling

Patience married **Alexander Hilson Christie**.

19-Rachel Elizabeth Feiling

18-Cicely Janson was born on 26 Jun 1890 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 25 Sep 1932 in London at age 42.

17-Priscilla Caroline Lloyd⁸ was born on 8 Nov 1852 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 9 Apr 1921 in Leamington at age 68.

17-Alice Elizabeth Lloyd^{8,12} was born on 15 Mar 1854 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Feb 1932 in The Manor House, Little Stretton, Shropshire at age 77.

Alice married **Rev. John Houghton Gibbon**,^{3,12} son of **Edward Gibbon** and **Alice Aspinall**, on 5 Oct 1876 in Sutton Coldfield, Warwickshire. John was born on 21 Aug 1847 in Woolton, Lancashire and died on 29 Aug 1883 in Willersley Rectory, Gloucestershire at age 36. They had two children: **John Houghton** and **Edward Llewellyn Lloyd**.

18-Brig. John Houghton Gibbon³ was born on 22 Aug 1878 in Willersey, Gloucestershire and died on 13 Aug 1960 in Hen Bersondy, Llanover, Abergavenny, Monmouth at age 81.

General Notes: **GIBBON, Brigadier John Houghton**

DSO 1916; late RA

Born 22 July 1878; *e s* of late Rev. John Houghton Gibbon, Rector of Willersey, Glos; *m* 1916, Jessie Willoughby, 2nd *d* of Brabazon Campbell, The Northgate, Warwick; two *s* two *d* ; *died* 13 Aug. 1960

Education

Eton; Trinity College, Camb. (MA)

Career

Entered RA 1900; Capt. 1909; Maj. 1914; Lt-Col 1925; Col 1923; served West Africa (Aro Expedition), 1901-02 (medal with clasp); S. Nigeria, 1904-05, and N. Nigeria, 1905-06 and 1907-08; European War (France, Dardanelles, Egypt), 1914-19 (despatches thrice, DSO, Bt Lt-Col); Commander RA 42nd (East Lancs) Division Territorial Army, 1931-32; Commander RA 53rd (Welsh) Division, TA, May-July 1932; Garrison Comm. and Comdt Royal Artillery Depôt, Woolwich, 1932-35; retired

pay, 1935; re-employed as Lieut-Colonel Commanding 4th Field Training Regt, RA, 1940-46

Recreations

Rowing, riding, shooting, fishing, ski-ing

Clubs

Naval and Military, Flyfishers', Leander

Address

Hen Bersondy, Llanover, Abergavenny, Mon

Gobion 339. The Manor House, Little Stretton, Shropshire; Church Stretton 53

'GIBBON, Brigadier John Houghton', *Who Was Who*, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc , 1920-2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U237618

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.
- He had a residence in The Manor House, Little Stretton, Shropshire.
- He had a residence in Hen Bersondy, Llanover, Abergavenny, Monmouth.

John married **Jessie Willoughby Campbell**,³ daughter of **Brabazon Campbell** and **Jessie Poignand**, on 17 May 1916 in Warwick. Jessie was born in 1882 in Warwick, Warwickshire. They had four children: **John Houghton**, **Jane Elizabeth**, **Geoffrey Brabazon**, and **Julia Margaret**.

19-Gen. Sir John Houghton Gibbon³ was born on 21 Sep 1917 and died on 7 May 1997 at age 79.

General Notes: **Name**

GIBBON, Sir John (Houghton) (1917-1997), General

Service biography

Commissioned, Royal Artillery 1939; World War II 1939-1945; service with 2 Regt, Royal Horse Artillery, France 1939-1940; Western Desert 1940-1941; Greece 1941; on staff of Headquarters 30 Corps, Western Desert 1941-1943; Sicily 1943; General Staff Officer Grade 1, Royal Artillery, Headquarters 21 Army Group, North West Europe 1944-1945; 6 Airborne Div, Palestine 1946-1947; Instructor and subsequently Chief Instructor, Royal Military Academy Sandhurst 1947-1951; General Staff Officer Grade 2, War Office 1951-1953; Battery Commander 1953-1954; Assistant Quartermaster General, War Office 1955-1958; Commanding Officer Field Regt, British Army of the Rhine (BAOR) 1959-1960; Bde Commander, Cyprus 1962; Director of Defence Plans, Ministry of Defence 1962-1964; Secretary to Chiefs of Staff Committee and Director of Defence Operations Staff 1966-1969; Director of Army Staff Duties, Ministry of Defence 1969-1971; Vice Chief of the Defence Staff 1972-1974; Master General of the Ordnance 1974-1977

GIBBON, Gen. Sir John (Houghton)

GCB 1977 (KCB 1972; CB 1970); OBE 1945 (MBE 1944)

Born 21 Sept. 1917; *er s* of Brigadier J. H. Gibbon, DSO, The Manor House, Little Stretton, Salop, and Jessie Willoughby, 2nd *d* of Brabazon Campbell, Warwick; *m* 1951, Brigid Rosamund, *d* of late Dr D. A. Bannerman, OBE, ScD, FRSE, and Muriel, *d* of T. R. Morgan; one *s* ; *died* 7 May 1997
Master-General of the Ordnance, 1974-77; ADC (General) to the Queen, 1976-77

Education

Eton; Trinity Coll., Cambridge

Career

Commissioned into Royal Artillery, 1939; served with 2nd Regt RHA: France, 1939-40; Western Desert, 1940-41; Greece, 1941; on staff of HQ 30 Corps; Western Desert, 1941-43; Sicily, 1943; GSO 1, RA, HQ 21 Army Gp, 1944-45; 6 Airborne Div., Palestine, 1946-47; Instructor and Chief Instructor, RMA Sandhurst, 1947-51; GSO 2, War Office, 1951-53; Battery Comdr, 1953-54; AQMG, War Office, 1955-58; CO Field Regt, BAOR, 1959-60; Bde Comdr, Cyprus, 1962; Dir of Defence Plans, Min. of Def., 1962-64; Sec., Chiefs of Staff Cttee, and Dir, Defence Operations Staff, 1966-69; Dir, Army Staff Duties, MoD, 1969-71; Vice-Chief of the Defence Staff, 1972-74. Col Comdt, RA, 1972-82. Chm., Regular Forces Employment Assoc., 1982-85 (Vice-Chm., 1977-82)

Recreations

Rowing, fishing

Clubs

Naval and Military; Leander

Address

Beech House, Northbrook Close, Winchester, Hants SO23 0JR
(01962) 866155

'GIBBON, Gen. Sir John (Houghton)', *Who Was Who*, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc , 1920-2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U178623

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCB OBE.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Assistant Quartermaster-General in 1955.
- He worked as a Director of Defence Plans in 1962.
- He worked as a Vice-Chief of the Defence Staff in 1972-1974.
- He worked as a Master-General of the Ordnance in 1974-1977.
- He had a residence in Beech House, Northbrook Close, Hampshire.

John married **Brigid R. Bannerman**, daughter of **Dr. David Armitage Bannerman** and **Muriel Morgan**. They had one son: **(No Given Name)**.

20-Gibbon

19-Jane Elizabeth Gibbon

Jane married **Rt. Rev. & Rt. Hon. Gerald Alexander Ellison**,³ son of **Rev. John Henry Ellison** and **Sarah Dorothy Graham Crum**, on 18 Jun 1947. Gerald was born on 19 Aug 1910 in Windsor, Berkshire and died on 18 Oct 1992 in Billeys House, Cerne Abbas, Dorset at age 82. They had three children: **Sara Jane**, **Elizabeth Mary**, and **Jonathan Mark**.

General Notes: Gerald Alexander Ellison, priest, born 19 August 1910, ordained deacon 1935, priest 1936, Curate Sherborne Abbey 1935-37, Domestic Chaplain to Bishop of Winchester 1937-39, Chaplain RNVR 1940-43, Domestic Chaplain to Archbishop of York 1943-46, Vicar St Mark's Portsea 1946-50, Examining Chaplain to Bishop of Portsmouth 1949-50, Bishop Suffragan of Willesden 1950-55, Bishop of Chester 1955-73, Bishop of London 1973-81, PC 1973, Dean of the Chapels Royal 1973-81, Prelate Order of the British Empire 1973-81, Prelate Imperial Society of Knights Bachelor 1973-85, Episcopal Canon of Jerusalem 1973-81, KCVO 1981, Vicar General Diocese of Bermuda 1983-84, married 1947 Jane Gibbon (one son, two daughters), died Cerne Abbas Dorset 18 October 1992.

HEARING from 10 Downing Street that I was to work in London as Dean, I naturally rang the Bishop, writes the Very Rev Alan Webster. Gerald Ellison's consistent courtesy and frank friendliness were evident in the reply: 'Oh, I had no idea you were to be appointed . . . Would you and your wife like to come to stay with us? Jane would be so pleased.' Working together for three years up to his retirement in 1981, I could always rely, as could other London clergy, on his wisdom and be sure that Jane would be herself with her own views and endlessly hospitable.

Gerald Ellison devoted himself to holding the Church of England together. His skill as an oarsman and time in the Navy trained him not to rock the boat. He was so confident in his own powers of leadership that he could afford to make daring appointments - Donald Reeves to St James's, Piccadilly; Malcolm Johnson to St Botolph's, Aldgate; Gonville Ffrench-Beytagh to St Vedast; and Victor Stock as University Chaplain in Gordon Square. He searched for individuals committed to the community rather than to 'churchy' trivia.

His area bishops included three who became diocesans, all of whom stood outside church party lines - Jim Thompson of Stepney, Hewlett Thompson of Willesden, and Bill Westwood of Edmonton. All three could do their own thing and be critical of Gerald but still work together. He cherished the Area System to devolve episcopal guidance and it has largely stood the test of time.

Ellison (one of the last bishops to call clergy by their surnames) was a power in the House of Lords, where he was uniquely respected. He seemed to be recapitulating his mentor Cyril Garbett, the Archbishop of York, whom lay people felt they could trust. The simpler peers, often afraid that bishops were either too clever or too devout, responded to him, appreciating his links with Windsor, the public schools and the law. He gave himself to listening to lay opinion and his real courage made a strong appeal. He led a protest march against homelessness. He was sufficiently uninhibited by the educational establishment to ring up a university chaplain and begin 'Your Ordinary is speaking.'

He was honest, direct and occasionally surprisingly open: 'The reason why X will receive no preferment is that he is incompetent and lazy.' He chaired a commission

Descendants of Thomas Forster

on the ordination of women (as long ago as 1963-66) and became a firm supporter for women in priests' orders. The younger clergy wished he could grasp the speed of change in London itself but he was already 63 when he was appointed. He could accept defeat with a good grace, as when Canon John Collins, with benign Machiavellianism, ousted Wellington's funeral car from St Paul's and repositioned it at Stratfield Saye. In his retirement until the onset of his long illness he cared greatly about retired clergy, writing individual letters and remembering them in prayer. They valued his wisdom and his occasional old- fashioned ways were for laughter rather than for criticism. Jane's devotion and invariably unostentatious friendliness have long been treasured in London.

ELLISON, Rt Rev. Gerald Alexander

KCVO 1981

Born 19 Aug. 1910; *s* of late Preb. John Henry Joshua Ellison, CVO, Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, Rector of St Michael's, Cornhill, and Sara Dorothy Graham Ellison (*née* Crum); *m* 1947, Jane Elizabeth, *d* of late Brig. John Houghton Gibbon, DSO; one *s* two *d* ; *died* 18 Oct. 1992

PC 1973

Education

St George's, Windsor; Westminster Sch.; New Coll., Oxford (Hon. Fellow, 1974); Westcott House, Cambridge

Career

Deacon, 1935; priest, 1936; Curate, Sherborne Abbey, 1935-37; Domestic Chaplain to the Bishop of Winchester, 1937-39; Chaplain RNVR, 1940-43 (despatches); Domestic Chaplain to Archbishop of York, 1943-46; Vicar, St Mark's, Portsea, 1946-50; Hon. Chaplain to Archbishop of York, 1946-50; Canon of Portsmouth, 1950; Examining Chaplain to Bishop of Portsmouth, 1949-50; Bishop Suffragan of Willesden, 1950-55; Bishop of Chester, 1955-73; Bishop of London, 1973-81; Dean of the Chapels Royal, 1973-81; Prelate, Order of the British Empire, 1973-81; Prelate, Imperial Soc. of Knights Bachelor, 1973-85; Episcopal Canon of Jerusalem, 1973-81; Vicar General of Diocese of Bermuda, 1983-84. Select Preacher: Oxford Univ., 1940, 1961, 1972; Cambridge Univ., 1957. Chaplain and Sub-Prelate, Order of St John, 1973-. Hon. Chaplain, RNR. Mem. Wolfenden Cttee on Sport, 1960; Chairman: Bd of Governors, Westfield Coll., Univ. of London, 1953-67; Council of King's Coll., London, 1973-80 (FKC 1968; Vice-Chm. newly constituted Council, 1980-88); Governor, Sherborne Sch., 1982-85. Chm., Archbishop's Commn on Women and Holy Orders, 1963-66; Mem., Archbishop's Commn on Church and State, 1967; President: Actors' Church Union, 1973-81; Pedestrians Assoc. for Road Safety, 1964-75; Nat. Fedn of Housing Assocs, 1981-. Hon. Bencher Middle Temple, 1976. Freeman, Drapers' Co.; Hon. Liveryman: Merchant Taylors' Co.; Glass Sellers' Co. (Chaplain, 1951-73); Painter Stainers' Co.; Mem., Master Mariners' Co. (Chaplain, 1946-73). Chm., Oxford Soc., 1973-85. A Steward of Henley Regatta

Publications

The Churchman's Duty, 1957; The Anglican Communion, 1960

Recreations

Oarsmanship, walking, music, watching television, tapestry, reading

Clubs

Army and Navy; Leander (Henley-on-Thames)

Address

Billeys House, 16 Long Street, Cerne Abbas, Dorset

Cerne Abbas (0300) 341247

'ELLISON, Rt Rev. Gerald Alexander', *Who Was Who*, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc , 1920-2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [<http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U172298>]

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO PC.
- He was educated at St. George's School in Windsor, Berkshire.
- He was educated at Westminster.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Bishop of Chester in 1955-1973.
- He worked as a Bishop of London in 1973-1981.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 20 Oct 1992.

20-Sara Jane Ellison

20-Elizabeth Mary Ellison

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20-Jonathan Mark Ellison

19-Maj. Geoffrey Brabazon Gibbon was born on 20 Mar 1920 in Leamington Spa, Warwickshire and died on 22 Jun 2002 in Estepona, Andalucia, Spain at age 82. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: Major Geoffrey Gibbon, who has died aged 82, was a dashing international showjumper, big game hunter and founder of drive-through safari parks. An outstanding horseman, Geoff Gibbon was a member of several Nations Cup winning British teams in the 1950s and later acted as chef d'equipe of the British showjumping team during the Stockholm Olympics in 1956.

The next year he took on the joint mastership of the Monmouthshire Hunt from his showjumping friend Colonel Harry "Foxhunter" Llewellyn, who had invited him into partnership of an engineering business. Gibbon soon gained notoriety for the number of gates that he jumped, and for exhorting the field to follow him over.

In the 1960s he turned his energies to pursuing freshwater crocodiles for their skins in the Northern Territory of Australia; this was a hairy venture to say the least, involving shooting the creatures between the eyes at close range from a boat.

He later went into partnership with the circus owner Jimmy Chipperfield, catching live big game in Africa for the 6th Marquess of Bath's new safari park at Longleat. A jovial Peter Pan character, Gibbon was charming, funny and generous to a fault. He adored the sun - eventually retiring to the Costa del Sol - and was not hidebound by convention. When he feared he was slowing up, he experimented with cocaine, and in 1976 he was fined £400 after he admitted possession. "I was in Peru doing a safari park when I found the stuff," he told the judge who sentenced him. "It was a great help and I thought it would be useful to me in my dangerous pursuits of catching wild animals."

Geoffrey Brabazon Gibbon was born on March 20 1920 at Leamington Spa, the son of General John Gibbon, who rode for Britain in the 1920s, and his wife Jessie (nee Campbell).

He was educated at Eton and at Brasenose College, Oxford, where he read Law, and in 1940 was commissioned in the Welsh Guards. He served in the 2nd Battalion of the regiment with the Guards' Armoured Division for the remainder of the Second World War.

As commander of a tank troop during the fighting in Normandy and the subsequent advance into Germany, he was always among the first to be engaged with the enemy. He had a charmed life, however, and was one of the few young officers to escape injury throughout the campaign.

When the war in Europe ended, he was transferred to the 1st Battalion, with which he served in Palestine from 1945 to 1947 before being appointed to the staff of General Horrocks. He resigned his commission in 1952 to take up competitive riding, and soon won a string of trophies. He was a determined rider, and a very brave one. In 1953, when riding for the British team in the Prix des Nations event at the International Horse Show, Rotterdam, he fell and broke a collarbone; nothing daunted he remounted and finished the round, helping to win the event for Britain and also gaining the Prix des Vainqueur for the best competitor and the officers' prize.

It was through fellow showjumper Mary Chipperfield that Gibbon got to know Jimmy Chipperfield, her father, who first came up with the idea that Lord Bath should establish the world's first safari park at Longleat. Gibbon soon went into partnership with Chipperfield, and spent several years deep in the Ugandan bush catching giraffe, zebra, antelope and elephant for Longleat, and later for Woburn and other safari parks.

Longleat stirred a certain amount of controversy when it first opened in 1964. The lions would fight, said some experts; they would escape; visitors would be hauled from their cars and eaten. "No amount of soothing assurance," said a leader in the Times, "can persuade sensible people that a quite gratuitous and unnecessary risk to life is not contemplated."

None did escape, however, no children were eaten, and the venture was a great success. Inspired by its example, Gibbon went back to Australia in 1968 and opened that country's first safari park at Warragamba Dam, 40 miles west of Sydney, nestling in the foothills of the Blue Mountains. Soon there were 12-mile-long queues of cars waiting to get in to see the lions there.

Gibbon sold his interest in Warragamba Dam in 1970 and went into documentary film-making with Swann Films; this was followed by a stint opal mining in the dry heart of Australia. He later founded safari parks in Spain and South America.

In the mid-1970s, he settled near Estepona in Andalucia, where he lived in happy retirement until his death on June 22.

He had many friends all along the Costa and entered fully into the local life, continuing to ride into his seventies, and helping to build jumps for showjumping and cross country courses.

He was unmarried.

The Daily Telegraph 13th July 2002

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Brasenose College, Oxford.
- He worked as an officer of the Welsh Guards in 1940-1952.
- He worked as an International showjumper, Big game hunter and founder of drive-through safari parks.
- His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 13 Jul 2002.

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19-Julia Margaret Gibbon

Julia married **David Wilson Whyte**, son of **G. Wilson Whyte**. They had two children: **Ian W.** and **Lynda M.**

20-**Ian W. Whyte** was born on 23 Feb 1951 in Kingsbury and died on 3 Mar 1951 in Kingsbury.

20-Lynda M. Whyte

18-**Edward Llewellyn Lloyd Gibbon** was born on 8 Aug 1879 in Willersey, Gloucestershire and died on 25 Apr 1962 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple on 17 Nov 1904.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Field Artillery in 1914-1919.
- He had a residence in 131 Camberwell Road, London.

Edward married **Gertrude Mary Soulby**.

17-**Arthur Llewellyn Lloyd**⁸ was born on 22 Oct 1855 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 28 Mar 1926 in Leamington at age 70.

17-**Adelaide Beatrice Lloyd**⁸ was born on 27 Jun 1857 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 Oct 1944 in Leamington at age 87.

Sampson next married **Marie Wilhelmine Sophie Christiane Menckhoff**, daughter of **His Excellecy Lt. Gen. William Frederick Menckhoff**, on 11 Oct 1865 in Bückeburg, Lower Saxony, Germany. Marie was born on 24 Jan 1830 in Dusseldorf and died on 12 Mar 1916 in Guildford at age 86. They had two children: **Charles Frederick** and **Walter Reginald**.

17-**Charles Frederick Lloyd** was born on 8 Aug 1866 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham, died on 14 Apr 1942 in Weston Lodge, Albury, Surrey at age 75, and was buried in Albury, Surrey.

General Notes: Adm. pens. at TRINITY, May 12, 1885. [4th] s. of Sampson Samuel of 2, Cornwall Gardens, London [by his 2nd wife, Marie Wilhelmine Sophie Christiane, dau. of Frederick William Menckhoff, Lieut.-Gen. in the Prussian Army]. B. [Aug. 8], 1866, at Birmingham. School, Eton. Matric. Michs. 1885; B.A. 1888. Adm. at the Inner Temple, Jan. 22, 1887. Called to the Bar, June 10, 1891. Clerk of Assize, Oxford Circuit. Of Weston Lodge, Albury, Surrey. Died there Apr. 14, 1942. Buried at Albury. Half-brother of George H. (1868) and Sampson S. (1864). (Eton Sch. Lists; Burke, L.G.; Law Lists; Inns of Court; The Times, Apr. 15, 1942.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple.
- He worked as a Clerk, Oxford Assize.

Charles married **Fanny Helen Bray**, daughter of **Sir Reginald More Bray**² and **Emily Octavia Barclay**,² on 9 Apr 1896 in Shere, Surrey. Fanny was born on 12 Jun 1870 in Tooting, London and died on 27 Dec 1957 in Weston Lodge, Albury, Surrey at age 87. They had three children: **John Charles**, **Helen Mary Beatrice**, and **Evan Sampson**.

18-**John Charles Lloyd** was born on 4 Jun 1897 in London and died on 24 Apr 1961 in Albury, Surrey at age 63.

18-**Helen Mary Beatrice Lloyd** was born on 17 Apr 1899 in London and died in 1977 at age 78.

18-**Evan Sampson Lloyd** was born on 1 Apr 1904 in London and died on 13 May 1910 in London at age 6.

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17-**Lt. Col. Walter Reginald Lloyd** was born on 18 Aug 1868 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham and died on 14 Sep 1914 near Chemin des Dames, Troyon, France (Battle of the Aisne) at age 46. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: LIEUTENANT - COLONEL WALTER REGINALD LLOYD, 1st BATTN. LOYAL NORTH LANCASHIRE REGIMENT,

born on the 18th August, 1868, was the youngest son of the late Sampson Lloyd, formerly Chairman of Lloyd's Bank, and M.P. for Plymouth and for South Warwickshire, and of Mrs. Lloyd, of Panesrood, Guildford, Surrey. He was educated at Eton, where he rowed in the Eight and at the R.M.C., Sandhurst. He joined the 2nd Battalion of his regiment in 1888, becoming Captain in 1896. From 1897 to 1901 he was Adjutant of his battalion, and was promoted Major in June, 1906. He served in South Africa during the last eighteen months of the Boer War, and was present at operations in the Transvaal and Cape Colony, receiving the Queen's medal with four clasps. Lieutenant-Colonel Lloyd was at first reported as missing at the end of September, 1914, but it was subsequently ascertained that he had been killed at the Battle of the Aisne on the 14th of that month. His battalion had been ordered to attack a sugar factory in the Chemin des Dames near Troyon, held by the enemy. It transpired that Lieutenant-Colonel Lloyd had continued to lead his men, though wounded in the head, and fell later in the day, shot through the heart. Lieutenant-Colonel Lloyd was gazetted to the command of his battalion on the 12th September, 1914, only two days before his death.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Royal Military College, Sandhurst.
- He worked as an officer of the 1st Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

16-**Priscilla Caroline Lloyd**⁸ was born on 21 Jan 1822 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 1 Apr 1822 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

16-**George Braithwaite Lloyd**^{8,12,14,23,25,231} was born on 15 Oct 1824 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 8 Feb 1903 in Edgbaston Grove, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an apprenice engineer to Bury, Curtis & Kennedy in Liverpool.
- He worked as a Partner, Lloyds Bank.
- He worked as an Alderman for 31 years in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Mayor of Birmingham in 1870.

George married **Mary Hutchinson**,^{8,12,14} daughter of **John Hutchinson** and **Hannah Thompson**, on 24 Apr 1851 in Darlington, County Durham. Mary was born on 25 Jul 1821 in Helmsley, Yorkshire and died on 4 Feb 1901 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire (4 Jan. in AM) at age 79. They had two children: **John Henry** and **Juliet**.

17-**John Henry Lloyd**^{8,12,25,86} was born on 14 Apr 1855 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 18 Jan 1944 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 88.

General Notes: LLOYD, JOHN HENRY. Adm. Pens. At St John's Apr 27, 1827. s. of George Braithwaite [J.P. for Birmingham, sometime Mayor], tube manufacturer [and Mary, daughter of S. Hutchinson]. B. Apr. 14, 1855, at Edgbaston, Matric, Michs, 1872; B.A. 1877; M.A. 1881. Member of the Society of Friends. A steel manufacturer; with Messrs Stewart and Lloyds, Oldbury, Alderman of Birmingham. Lord Mayor of Birmingham, 1902 – 3 and 1919. Received freedom of the city, 1932. Died Jan. 18, 1944, at Edgbaston Grove, Birmingham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mayor of Birmingham 1901 To 1902.
- He worked as a Member of the First council of Birmingham University.
- He worked as a Chairman of Stewarts & Lloyds.
- He worked as a Served on the committee of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1919.

John married **Gertrude Eliza Keep**,^{12,86} daughter of **Joseph Scrivener Keep** and **Eliza Bishop Ulph**, on 12 Nov 1884 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Gertrude was born on 8 May 1857 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 Jan 1923 in Mentone, France at age 65. They had five children: **Gerald**

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Braithwaite, Alan Scrivener, Eric Ivan, Ronald Llewellyn, and Joan Mary Gertrude.

18-**Gerald Braithwaite Lloyd** was born on 20 Oct 1885 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 8 Jan 1969 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 83.

Gerald married **Nanette Bidlake Keep**, daughter of **Henry "Harry" Frederick Keep** and **Annie Elizabeth Bidlake**, on 12 Jan 1915 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Nanette was born on 29 Apr 1893 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 9 Apr 1959 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 65. They had two children: **Honor Joan** and **Philip Gerald**.

19-**Honor Joan Lloyd** was born on 5 Feb 1916 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 2002 at age 86.

Honor married **Edward Loversidge**.

19-**Philip Gerald Lloyd** was born on 12 Sep 1918 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 17 Oct 2005 at age 87.

Philip married **Jane Gladys Cameron**, daughter of **Hugh Cameron** and **Jane Gladstone Grieve**, on 7 Sep 1942 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. Jane was born on 5 Oct 1916 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died in 1983 at age 67. They had one son: **Alan Cameron**.

20-**Alan Cameron Lloyd**

Alan married **Judy Penelope Smith**, daughter of **James Stuart Smith** and **Isabel Greatrex**. They had three children: **Rebecca Jane**, **Gemma**, and **Alice Elizabeth**.

21-**Rebecca Jane Lloyd**

Rebecca married someone. She had one son: **Joseph**.

22- **Joseph**

21-**Gemma Lloyd**

Gemma married **Garry Pilai**.

21-**Alice Elizabeth Lloyd**

Alice married **Tim Hogbin**.

Philip next married **Sheila Ruth Gordon**.

Gerald next married **Beryl Allen McDermott**, daughter of **Leonard George Cresswell Ray** and **Rosa Sarah Allen**, on 1 Jul 1949 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Beryl was born on 5 Mar 1904 in Poole.

18-**Lieut. Alan Scrivener Lloyd**⁸⁶ was born on 15 Oct 1888 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 4 Aug 1916 in Somme, France. Killed in action at age 27, and was buried in Dartmoor Cemetery, Bécordel-Bécourt, Picardie, France. Grave I.C.67.

General Notes: **Lloyd, Alan Scrivener** Born Oct. 15, 1888, at Edgbaston, Birmingham. Son of John Henry Lloyd of Edgbaston Grove. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 25, 1907. BA 1910. Married to Margaret Marshall (formerly Lloyd), of Edgbaston Grove. Lieutenant, Royal Field Artillery, "C" Battery, 78th Brigade. Military Cross. Killed in action Aug. 4, 1916. Buried in Dartmoor Cemetery, Bécordel-Bécourt, Somme, France.
College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Field Artillery, "C" Battery, 78th Brigade.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1907-1910.

Alan married **Dorothy Margaret Hewetson**, daughter of **Richard Hewetson** and **Harriet York**, on 1 Sep 1914 in Boston Spa, Yorkshire. Dorothy was born on 29 Sep 1885 in York, Yorkshire and died on 8 Aug 1936 in Exeter, Devon at age 50. They had one son: **David Alan**.

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19-**David Alan Lloyd** was born on 2 Oct 1915 in Edgbaston Grove, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister.

David married **Norah Kathleen Fay**, daughter of **Sidney Michael Fay** and **Rose Kathleen Friend**. They had two children: **Vivien** and **Alan Jonathan**.

20-Vivien Lloyd

Vivien married **Prof. Sir Wilfred Halliday Cockroft**. Wilfred was born on 7 Jun 1923 and died in 1999 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mathematician.
- He worked as a Vice Chancellor of the New University of Ulster.

20-Alan Jonathan Lloyd

Alan married **Virginia**. They had one daughter: **Julia**.

21-Julia Lloyd

18-**Dr. Eric Ivan Lloyd**¹² was born on 1 Jul 1892 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 26 Nov 1954 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire at age 62.

General Notes: ERIC IVAN LLOYD
1892-1954

Everyone who came in contact with Eric Lloyd rapidly became his friend.

He was born in 1892, the son of J. H. Lloyd of Birmingham. He was educated at Leighton Park, Reading, a school of which he later became a Governor, and at Trinity College, Cambridge. In his youth he was a fine athlete and was allotted a half-blue for the half-mile while at the University. He proceeded to St Bartholomew's Hospital to complete his medical ducation, and passed the final examination of the Conjoint Board in 1916. He promptly joined the Royal Navy and served as a Temporary Surgeon for two and a half years, most of the time in a ship at sea. On returning to London at the end of the war he held two resident appointments at " Bart.'s," house-physician and house-surgeon, and having passed his final Fellowship he became a demonstrator of anatomy for a time and was then appointed clinical assistant to both the orthopaedic and massage departments. These two appointments initiated his ever-increasing interest in orthopaedic surgery, for he had the privilege of working under that very distinguished surgeon, the late R.. C. Elmslie, who was in charge of both these departments. In addition to the routine work Elmslie allotted him the by-no-means easy task of clearing out the crowd of old chronics that was clogging the massage department.

In 1923 he had the invaluable experience of crossing the Atlantic and visiting a number of clinics in Canada and the United States. On his return to London he obtained the post of house surgeon at the Hospital for Sick Children, Great Ormond Street, a hospital to which he gave devoted service for the rest of his life. He was later appointed Medical Superintendent of the Hospital, a post he held for two years, : during which he gained valuable general experience of sick children, including operative surgery for emergency cases. In 1926 he became surgical registrar, and before the end of the year was appointed to the honorary staff. Although his interest was always concentrated on the orthopaedic work, he was not actually designated Orthopaedic Surgeon to the Hospital until twenty years had elapsed. During his early training he had served as registrar at the Royal National Orthopaedic Hospital, where he gained further general experience of orthopaedic surgery. For several years he held the post of orthopaedic surgeon to the Royal Northern Hospital, a post from which he resigned in 1948, and for a time he was Consulting Orthopaedic Surgeon to the London County Council. Throughout these years, though he was acquiring an ever-increasing general experience of orthopaedics, his heart was always dragging him towards his young patients at the Children's Hospital.

He was a scrupulously careful technician, and he gave an endless amount of thought to the details of any operation he was called upon to perform. He published a useful article on the technique of operating on the knee joint. He had quite a mechanical turn of mind and designed an ingenious director to facilitate the correct insertion of a Smith-Petersen pin in the neck of the femur. This he published in this country and also in a French journal. Later he suggested a modification Of the pin to prevent it from sliding out, an introducer and an extractor. His director was rather complicated and never came into general use. He also designed quite a useful tilting table for holding a patient during operation for congenital dislocation of the hip, and he suggested the use of copper strips to facilitate the removal of a plaster-of-paris splint.

With the exception of two or three early surgical papers all the articles he wrote, probably not more than twenty in all, were devoted to orthopaedic subjects. He published a second paper in a French journal, one dealing with the manipulation of joints. He also contributed to the later editions of that well known text-book on diseases of children which still bears the name of the original authors, Garrod, Batten and Thursfield. His writings, like everything else he did, were backed by most careful and conscientious study, and invariably contained sound advice. In the second world war he readily responded to an appeal for help from an emergency hospital near St Albans which was staffed by some of his friends of St Bartholomew's Hospital and was being overwhelmed with casualties from Dunkirk. Later he became an official surgeon of the

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Emergency Medical Service on the staff of the hospital. As a Fellow of the Royal Society of Medicine he served as secretary of the Paediatric Section and became president of the Orthopaedic Section. He was a Fellow of the British Orthopaedic Association and a member of the Societe Internationale de Chirurgie Orthopédique et de Traumatologie.

Having been born a member of an old and distinguished Quaker family he always remained a keen and faithful Friend. At the beginning of the first world war, before he qualified, he served for a time in the Friends' Ambulance Unit. When he went to live in that charming house he had in Hertfordshire he became an active and valued member of the Friends of Harpenden. He was a member of the local golf club and became a vice-president of the local horticultural society.

It was his deep sincerity and integrity, coupled with cheerful friendliness, which made Eric Lloyd a real friend of all he met. To his juniors he was always kind and considerate. The painstaking thoroughness with which he approached every surgical problem never failed to impress his patients or their parents, while his natural charm and kindness soon won their hearts. They became convinced they were dealing with a man they could trust to do the utmost that surgery made possible, and they knew he would tell them the truth if complete cure was impossible. The same happy relations existed with his colleagues who, without exception, were his real friends. As a surgeon he earned their esteem and admiration for his skill, his sound judgment and for his obvious integrity and loyalty. He himself was the most severe critic of the results of his own operations. His colleagues knew they could always rely on him for valuable and ready help. More than one of them has testified to his exceptional value in committee work : on more than one occasion it was Eric who came to the rescue, and who, with a few wise words, coupled perhaps with a touch of his wit, was able to smooth out differences when discussion of a difficult problem was becoming somewhat heated. He will always be remembered with gratitude.

Keen as he was on his work he was equally devoted to his home. In 1922, shortly before he began to work at the Children's Hospital, a friend at " Bart.'s " persuaded him to go for a trip to South Africa. Fortunately for him a Miss Antoinette Marie Roux was travelling home to Pretoria in the same ship - the lady who a few years later became his devoted wife and eventually presented him with a son and a daughter. - Of Eric Lloyd it can be said with truth " His integrity stands without blemish."

H.A.T.F.

The Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery. Vol. 37. B, NO. I, February 1955

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BCH FRCS.
- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1915.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He was a Quaker.
- He was educated at St Bartholomew's Hospital, London.
- He worked as a Physician and Orthopaedic Surgeon.
- He worked as a House surgeon at the Hospital for Sick Children in Great Ormond Street, London.
- He worked as a Medical Superintendent, the Hospital for Sick Children in Great Ormond Street, London.
- He worked as an Orthopaedic surgeon to the Royal Northern Hospital.
- He worked as a Consulting Orthopaedic Surgeon to the London County Council.
- His obituary was published in The Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery. Vol. 37. B, No. 1 In Feb 1955.

Eric married **Antoinette Marie Roux**, daughter of **Andreas Stephanus Roux** and **Susannah Justina Beyers**, on 27 Feb 1926 in Pretoria, Transvaal, South Africa. Antoinette was born on 28 Mar 1898 in Pretoria, Transvaal, South Africa and died in 1981 at age 83. They had two children: **Timothy John** and **Gillian Elizabeth**.

19-**Timothy John Lloyd** was born on 2 Jan 1929 in London and died in 1999 in Nysna, South Africa at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer.

Timothy married **Patricia Mary Gooderham**, daughter of **John Francis Gooderham** and **Joyce Audrey Austen**. They had two children: **Sarah** and **Charles**.

20-**Sarah Lloyd**

Sarah married **Steven Lyons**. They had one son: **Joshua Lloyd**.

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21-**Joshua Lloyd Lyons**

20-**Charles Lloyd**

Charles married **Sharon**. They had two children: **Freya** and **Adam**.

21-**Freya Lloyd**

21-**Adam Lloyd**

Timothy next married **Sue**.

19-**Gillian Elizabeth Lloyd** was born on 18 Aug 1930 in London and died on 21 Apr 2007 at age 76.

Gillian married **Michael Kenneth Harwood Mathews**, son of **William Harwood Mathews** and **Marjorie Barrow**. They had five children: **Tacy Ann Harwood**, **Susan Jane Harwood**, **Alison Mary Harwood**, **William Robert Harwood**, and **Sophie Matheis**.

20-**Tacy Ann Harwood Mathews**

Tacy married **Michael York Rickard**. They had four children: **Thomas Lloyd**, **Jennifer Margaret**, **Alison Sarah**, and **Paul William**.

21-**Thomas Lloyd Rickard**

21-**Jennifer Margaret Rickard**

21-**Alison Sarah Rickard**

21-**Paul William Rickard**

20-**Susan Jane Harwood Mathews**

20-**Alison Mary Harwood Mathews**

Alison married **Charles Edward Paintin**. They had two children: **Harriet Anna** and **William Michael**.

21-**Harriet Anna Paintin**

21-**William Michael Paintin**

20-**William Robert Harwood Mathews**

20-**Sophie Matheis Mathews**

Gillian next married **Robert William Aitchison**.

18-**Ronald Llewellyn Lloyd** was born on 21 Feb 1894 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 23 Jan 1990 at age 95.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1917.
- He was a Quaker.

18-**Joan Mary Gertrude Lloyd** was born on 21 Jun 1898 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Mar 1951 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 52.

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17-**Juliet Lloyd**⁸ was born on 14 Feb 1857 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 Jan 1858 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

16-**Caroline Dearman Lloyd** died in 1852.

16-**Mary Lloyd**⁸ was born on 14 Aug 1826 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Aug 1826 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

George next married **Mary Shipton**,^{8,23} daughter of **Joseph Shipton** and **Caroline Wybourn**, on 6 Aug 1845 in Dudley, Staffordshire. Mary was born on 16 Jan 1796 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Jun 1869 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 73.

15-**Samuel Lloyd**^{2,7,8,12,19,22,23,116,232} was born on 20 Jul 1795 in The Old Square, Wednesbury, Birmingham, died on 2 Sep 1862 in Madeley, Staffordshire at age 67, and was buried on 10 Sep 1862 in FBG Birmingham.

General Notes: **3 Sept 1862, Wed:** Up to Darlington, Arthur brought in a letter from Edward saying that *Dr. Caleb* Williams thought him suffering from debility, not from disease, and rest was the cure for him. Edward mentions Samuel Lloyd's death at Madeley;
5 Sept 1862, Fri: Wrote to *George Stacey* Gibson who says his father gradually sinks; good a/cs of my father from Nottingham where he is with the Lyons Committee; he looks to attending Samuel Lloyd's funeral on 4th day next [*Wed 10 Sept*]
8 Sept 1862, Mon:rode over to Ayton to see Uncle *John* Pease, he had given up the idea of going to Samuel Lloyd's funeral but intended going to *Wyatt* George Gibson's which is fixed for the 5th day [*Thurs 11 Sept*];
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironmaster. Lloyds, Foster & Co.
- He had a residence in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

Samuel married **Mary Honeychurch**,^{2,7,8,12,19,22} daughter of **Joseph Honeychurch**² and **Jane Treffry**,² on 12 Nov 1823 in FMH Plymouth. Mary was born on 12 Mar 1795 in Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 25 Jan 1865 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire at age 69, and was buried on 1 Feb 1865 in FBG Birmingham. They had nine children: **Rachel Jane, Mary, Samuel, Amy Elizabeth, Sarah, Joseph Foster, Wilson, Anna, and William Henry**.

General Notes: Lloyd [née Honeychurch], Mary (1795– 1865), slavery abolitionist, was born on 12 March 1795 in Falmouth, the younger of the two daughters of Joseph Honeychurch (1735?– 1818), a cooper, and his wife, Jane (1753?– 1803), daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Treffry of Beerferris, Devon. Her parents were Quakers and her mother was a minister in the Society of Friends.
Mary's mother died when she was only eight, and a few years later her father became ill and she spent ten lonely years nursing him. After her father's death she stayed with a succession of relatives (at Camp Hill near Birmingham, Neath in Wales, and then Plymouth) before her marriage on 12 November 1823 to Samuel Lloyd (1795– 1862). Samuel was a member of a prominent midlands Quaker family and was head of the firm of Lloyds, Foster & Co., which owned an iron foundry and a colliery at Wednesbury in Staffordshire. The couple initially lived at The Crescent, Birmingham, but soon settled in Wood Green, near Wednesbury. Mary Lloyd gave birth to nine children between 1824 and 1839, of whom one died aged only thirteen.
Mary Lloyd is best known as co-secretary of the first women's anti-slavery society in Britain. Women's contributions to the anti-slavery movement in Britain received little attention from historians until the late 1980s, being generally dismissed as small in scale, local in impact, and merely supportive in function, but since this date studies have demonstrated the distinctiveness and national significance of the activities of female anti-slavery societies. The Ladies Society for the Relief of Negro Slaves (later the Female Society for Birmingham [etc.] for the Relief of British Negro Slaves, then the Ladies' Negro's Friend Society) was founded on 8 April 1825 and Mary Lloyd joined her friend Lucy Townsend (d. 1847) as joint secretary of the new society. The society was from its foundation independent of both the national Anti-Slavery Society and of the local men's anti-slavery society, in which Mary's husband, Samuel, was involved. It acted as the hub of a developing national network of female anti-slavery societies, rather than as a local auxiliary. It also had important international connections, and, through links with Benjamin Lundy, editor of the *Genius of Universal Emancipation*, it influenced the formation of the first female anti-slavery societies in America. Under Mary Lloyd's and Lucy Townsend's leadership, the society developed the distinctive forms of female anti-slavery activity, involving an emphasis on the sufferings of women under slavery, systematic promotion of abstention from slave-grown sugar through door-to-door canvassing, and the production of innovative forms of propaganda, such as albums containing anti-slavery poems, engravings, and tracts, and work bags embroidered with anti-slavery emblems. The society was at the height of its influence during the 1823– 33 campaign against British colonial slavery. From 1839 it aligned itself with the newly formed British and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society and combined support for the universal abolition movement with support for educational work among freed slaves. The society continued to be active until 1919, at which time its secretary was Mary Lloyd's daughter Sara Wilson Sturge.
Mary Lloyd maintained her commitment to the anti-slavery cause until her death, acting as secretary of the society into the 1830s, and as treasurer from the 1840s to 1861, and continuing to collect funds and preside at annual meetings until her death. She was also active in many other organizations. She set up a benevolent society, a mothers' meeting, and a provident society to help the local poor, and in 1834 she and Lucy Townsend set up a Juvenile Association in Aid of Uninstructed Deaf Mutes. In 1841 she was recorded as a

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minister in the Society of Friends and over the next twenty years she travelled to Quaker meetings throughout the United Kingdom as well as addressing local public meetings. Supported emotionally and financially by her husband, Mary Lloyd thus successfully combined raising a large family with demanding religious and philanthropic commitments requiring leadership qualities, organizational skills, and a facility for public speaking. A portrait of her in her forties shows a woman with angular facial features wearing typical Quaker attire and holding a book inscribed 'The Chain is broken Africa is free Aug 21st 1839'. Mary Lloyd died on 25 January 1865 at Wood Green, near Wednesbury, Staffordshire, and she was buried on 1 February in Birmingham.

Clare Midgley

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Slavery Abolitionist.

16-**Rachel Jane Lloyd**^{10,12} was born on 22 Oct 1824 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 31 Jan 1904 in Ettington, Warwickshire at age 79.

Rachel married **William Bevington Lowe**,^{10,12} son of **Jeffrey Bevington Lowe**⁷ and **Margaret Whitehead**,⁷ on 16 Aug 1850 in FMH Birmingham. William was born on 8 Sep 1811 in Ettington, Warwickshire and died on 15 Mar 1891 in Ettington, Warwickshire at age 79. They had five children: **John William, Mary Margaret, Lloyd Geoffrey, Hubert Foster**, and **Sarah Beatrice**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Foss Hill, Ettington, Warwickshire.

17-**John William Lowe**¹² was born on 29 Sep 1855 in Ettington, Warwickshire and died on 1 Aug 1918 in Foss Hill, Ettington, Warwickshire at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in 1906 in Drybank Farm, Ettington, Warwickshire.

John married **Eliza Jane Stacey**,¹² daughter of **George Stacey**¹² and **Mary Janson**,¹² on 22 Nov 1883 in FMH Tottenham. Eliza was born on 5 Oct 1851 in Tottenham, London and died on 27 Mar 1929 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 77. They had two children: **Dorothy Mary** and **Jeffrey Janson**.

18-**Dorothy Mary Lowe** was born on 30 Sep 1884.

18-**Jeffrey Janson Lowe** was born on 12 Jan 1887 in Ettington, Warwickshire and died on 9 Sep 1938 in Ettington, Warwickshire at age 51.

17-**Mary Margaret Lowe** was born on 21 May 1857 in Ettington, Warwickshire and died on 20 Oct 1944 in Ettington, Warwickshire at age 87.

17-**Lloyd Geoffrey Lowe** was born on 5 Nov 1858 in Ettington, Warwickshire and died on 26 Dec 1858 in Ettington, Warwickshire.

17-**Hubert Foster Lowe** was born on 1 Feb 1861 in Ettington, Warwickshire and died on 15 Jun 1938 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Assistant Examiner, Patent Office.

Hubert married **Kathleen Mary Wilmott**, daughter of **William Wilmott** and **Elizabeth Parsons Cowley**, on 8 Feb 1888 in Long Ditton, Surrey. Kathleen was born on 23 Sep 1859 in London and died on 19 Feb 1937 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey at age 77. They had eight children: **Margaret, Irene Helen, Mildred Evelyn, Beryl Margaret, William Geoffrey, Humphrey Wilmott, Elfrida Florence**, and **Bridget Constance**.

18-**Margaret Lowe** was born on 2 Jan 1889 in London and died on 4 Oct 1892 in London at age 3.

18-**Irene Helen Lowe** was born on 4 May 1890 in London.

18-**Mildred Evelyn Lowe** was born on 5 Aug 1891 in London and died on 23 Mar 1894 in London at age 2.

18-**Beryl Margaret Lowe** was born on 18 Jun 1893 in London.

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18-**William Geoffrey Lowe** was born on 3 Aug 1894 in London and died on 5 Oct 1957 in London at age 63.

18-**Humphrey Wilmott Lowe** was born on 25 Jan 1896 in London.

18-**Elfrida Florence Lowe** was born on 14 May 1898 in London.

18-**Bridget Constance Lowe** was born on 29 Jun 1901 in Kingston.

17-**Sarah Beatrice Lowe**^{12,142} was born on 5 Mar 1864 in Ettington, Warwickshire and died on 17 Jun 1947 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Cheltenham Ladies College.
- She was educated at Westfield College, University of London.
- She worked as a Poor Law Guardian. From 1900.

Sarah married **Joseph Ashby Gillett**,^{12,142} son of **Charles Gillett**^{52,142,145,233} and **Gertrude Mary Tregelles**,^{52,142,233} on 13 Jan 1897 in Ettington, Warwickshire. Joseph was born on 29 Dec 1867 in Woodgreen, Banbury, Oxfordshire and died on 24 Dec 1942 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount school, Scarborough.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Banker in Banbury, Oxfordshire.

16-**Mary Lloyd**^{2,4,7,8,10,12,232} was born on 26 May 1826 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire, died on 25 Sep 1909 in Pierremont, Darlington, County Durham at age 83, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Mary Pease, 83 25 9mo. 1909 Darlington. Widow of Henry Pease. An Elder. [Communicated.] When we have watched the sun set in a calm and solemn glory, we have, it may be, lingered in the afterglow and gentle radiance left behind, and have talked of the beauty of its path through the long day from its rising to its setting. So, now that our dear Friend, Mary Henry Pease, has gone to her heavenly home after eighty-three years of earthly sojourning, we would trace her life's pathway, and see how her prayers for guidance and strength to serve her Master were answered. Mary Lloyd, the second daughter in a family of nine children, was born at Wood Green, near Wednesbury, May 26th, 1826. Her parents, Samuel and Mary Lloyd, were earnest consistent Friends, and her childhood and girlhood were surrounded with just the right influences to strengthen and help her spiritual aspirations. A little letter written to her mother when eleven or twelve years old says, " I think how happy those people God talked to must have been, such as Abraham, Jacob and others, and I wish God would talk to us now as He talked to them, would not thee like it too ? " showing how even when quite young her desires were for a closer walk with God. Her mother was often away on religious journeys and a sense of responsibility was thus early brought on the two elder sisters, who were left to care for their father and also for the younger members of the family whom they helped to teach in the schoolroom. We must not, however, dwell too long on her youth, of which she always spoke as a time of great happiness. The love of her parents, the many warm friendships, begun and continued through life, happy visits paid to friends and relations, intellectual pleasures including verse -writing, poetry, painting and sketching, made golden memories to dwell upon in after years. Her talent for sketching was great, and she continued to exercise it nearly all her life. Some drawings made when she was more than seventy years of age are wonderful for their artistic charm and colouring. In the year 1848 she started, with the help of her sister Rachel, a night-school for poor girls, which involved much work, and she spent a good deal of time in regularly visiting the poor and in the distribu- tion of tracts. She writes at this time of a joyful sense of forgiveness and of nearness to Christ. In 1859, Mary Lloyd was married to Henry Pease, of Darlington, and with much prayer for strsngh and guidance she entered on a new life with its many claims and new responsibilities. A year or two after her marriage she started a Mothers' Prayer Meeting that the mothers might meet and pray for their children. Her own five children were a source of great happiness to her and her husband. In 1867, she started her Mother's Meeting at Cockerton, the first in Darlington. It began in a very humble way ; six or seven poor women attending, and meeting in a cottage-room lent for the occasion. It has been continued ever since, and there are now over a hundred members on the books. 11 Her little orphanage for twelve girls started some years later was a great pleasure and interest to her. She also undertook the secretarial work of the Convalescent Home at Saltburn-by-the-Sea, and with wonderful industry and cleverness accomplished almost unaided the mass of correspondence it involved. Admission to the Home, which held seventy men and women, was then free, and there were always a very large number of applicants awaiting their turn. Many too will recall her as the gracious hostess at Pierremont, welcoming guests at social gatherings in the large library. Dignified and graceful in bearing, Mary H. Pease's outward form indicated the dignity and nobility of her spirit ; and combined with this there was a sincerity and an ability to love and to sympathise which drew towards her much answering love and admiration from those who knew her. In 1881, Henry Pease, whose health had given anxiety for some years was taken seriously ill, and he passed away in London at the time of Yearly Meeting. Those near to Mary H. Pease, who knew how deep and crushing was her

sorrow, now marvelled at the strength and peace and courage given her to face a difficult and lonely path. Instead of retiring from her useful activities for others because of her grief, her days became more occupied than before. She was the first woman in Darlington to sit on the School Board. She was also on the Committees of the Training School for Teachers, the High School for Girls and Home for Waifs and Strays, and in 1894 she became the first Lady Guardian in Darlington. She retained this position till her death, and did much valuable work in helping to improve the moral and physical welfare of the women and children. Though so essentially a busy person, she was never heard to apply this term to herself, and she was ever at leisure to enter into and to sympathise with the joys and sorrows of others. To help, either at home or at Yearly Meeting, in the work of the Society she loved so much, was a great pleasure to her, and until the last two or three years she rarely missed attending the Yearly Meeting in London. In 1904, she had the great grief of losing her daughter, Henrietta B. Wilson ; and this and other acutely felt sorrows which befell her just at this time seemed to have an effect on the wonderful health she had hitherto enjoyed ; and in the autumn of the same year an attack of illness laid her aside for some weeks. She rallied, however, and in some measure took up again the same useful activities. But God now saw fit to try his beloved servant's faith in a special way. For the next two years a trouble in her throat, although at times yielding to remedies that were prescribed, recurred again and again, causing deep discomfort, which, however, was most patiently borne. But while the need was great, the strength asked for was abundantly given. No word of complaint ever passed her lips ; and every afternoon and evening she would withdraw for meditation and prayer to the quiet of her little room. The cross was uncomplainingly, even cheerfully, borne, and to all around and near her, a sense of holy and heavenly peace seemed to pervade her being. Her weakness now became more apparent, but it was only during the last fortnight that she was unable to leave her room. Asking one morning what day of the week it was, she was told it was Sunday ; when she said with a beautiful smile : " My days are all Sundays now." Very gently, on September 25th, her beautiful spirit was released from its earthly vesture and returned to God.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

Mary married **Henry Pease**,^{2,4,7,8,10,12,13,22,152,232,234} son of **Edward Pease**^{2,7,12,27,40,61,73,152,199,220,224,234,235,236,237,238,239,240,241,242,243,244,245} and **Rachel Whitwell**,^{2,7,12,73,220,224,235,236,241,244,245} on 19 Jan 1859 in FMH Birmingham. Henry was born on 4 May 1807 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 30 May 1881 in 23 Finsbury Square, London at age 74, and was buried on 3 Jun 1881 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: **Henrietta Rachel, Edward Lloyd, John Francis, Marion Elizabeth**, and **Reginald**.

General Notes: HENRY PEASE (1807-1881), also entered with zeal into the railway projects of his father. His principal achievement was the opening in 1861 of the line across Stainmoor, called ' the backbone of England,' the summit of which is 1,374 feet above sea level. It joined at Tebay the London and North-Western railway, and was soon extended to Saltburn-on-Sea. In January 1854 Pease was deputed by the meeting for sufferings, held on the 17th of that month, to accompany Joseph Sturge and Robert Charleton as a deputation from the Society of Friends to Russia. On 10 Feb. they were received by the Emperor Nicholas, and presented him with a powerful address, urging him to abstain from the then imminent Crimean war. He received them politely, but their efforts were unavailing, and Kinglake (Invasion of the Crimea, ii. 54) ridiculed their action. Pease was M.P. for South Durham from 1857 to 1865. In 1867 he visited Napoleon III with a deputation from the Peace Society, but their request for permission to hold a peace congress during the International exhibition in Paris was rejected. He was chairman of the first Darlington school board in 1871, first mayor of the town, president of the Peace Society from 1872, and on 27 Sept. 1875 chairman of the railway jubilee held at Darlington, at which eighty British and thirty foreign railways were represented. He was always a prominent member of the Society of Friends. He died in Finsbury Square, London, while attending the yearly meeting, on 30 May 1881, and was buried at Darlington. Pease married, on 25 Feb. 1835, Anna, only daughter of Richard Fell of Uxbridge, who died on 27 Oct. 1839, leaving a son, Henry Fell Pease, M.P. from 1885 for the Cleveland division of Yorkshire ; secondly, he married Mary, daughter of Samuel Lloyd of Wednesbury, by whom he had three sons and two daughters.

Edward Pease's fifth son, Henry Pease (1807– 1881), Quaker railway company promoter, was born at Darlington on 4 May 1807. He also entered with enthusiasm into the railway projects of his father. His principal achievement was the opening in 1861 of the line across Stainmoor, called 'the backbone of England', the summit of which was 1374 feet above sea level. It joined at Tebay the London and North Western Railway (LNWR), and was soon extended at its eastern limit to Saltburn-on-Sea. In January 1854 Pease was deputed by the meeting for sufferings, held on the 17th of that month, to accompany Joseph Sturge and Robert Charleton as a deputation from the Society of Friends to Russia. On 10 February they were received by the emperor Nicholas, and presented him with a powerful address, urging him to abstain from the then imminent Crimean War. He received them politely, but their efforts were unavailing, and Alexander William Kinglake ridiculed their action in his history of the campaign, Invasion of the Crimea (1863). Pease was MP for South Durham from 1857 to 1865. In 1867 he visited Napoleon III with a deputation from the Peace Society, but their request for permission to hold a peace congress during the Universal Exhibition in Paris was rejected. Henry Pease married, on 25 February 1835, Anna, only daughter of Richard Fell of Uxbridge, who died on 27 October 1839, leaving a son, Henry Fell Pease, MP from 1885 for the Cleveland division of Yorkshire; second, on 19 January 1859, he married Mary, daughter of Samuel Lloyd of Wednesbury, with whom he had three sons and two daughters. Henry Pease was chairman of the first Darlington school board in 1871, first mayor of the town, and president of the Peace Society from 1872. In the early 1860s, when negotiations were in hand for a takeover of the Stockton and Darlington Railway by the North Eastern Railway Company (NER), Pease declared his opposition to the merger, in spite of the generous terms on offer to his family as leading shareholders in the Stockton and Darlington Railway. Following the takeover, however, Pease's sensibilities were overcome by his appointment as vice-chairman of the NER board. It was in that capacity that he presided over the railway jubilee held at Darlington on 27 September 1875, at which eighty British and thirty foreign railways were represented. He was always a prominent member of the Religious Society of Friends. He died at 23 Finsbury Square,

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London, while attending the yearly meeting, on 30 May 1881, and was buried in the Quaker burial-ground at Darlington on 2 June.

Schools and a library were presented by members of the Pease family to Darlington, which benefited greatly from their benevolence until 1902, when the family fortunes were destroyed irrevocably as a result of the collapse of J. and J. W. Pease, the family counting house and banker to leading industrial enterprises in the north-east of England.

Henry Pease, 74 30 5mo 1881

Darlington. An Elder.

With Henry Pease the last of a much beloved and honoured band sisters has passed away. He was the youngest of the eight children of Edward and Rachel Pease of Darlington. One after another he was called to part with these loved companions of his childhood and friends of his riper years, each becoming even dearer as the links on earth were made fewer by the gathering of the family band in the home above. And now that he also has gone to join the innumerable company of the redeemed, it may be useful to recall a little of the way in which he was led, until he too received the summons, " Come up hither."

His mother was a valued minister in the Society of Friends, and his honoured father for many years held the station of Elder. The home in which he was brought up was therefore one in which the principles of Friends were strictly inculcated. But there was no gloom or austerity ; on the contrary, a spirit of love and joyousness seemed to pervade that favoured household which was striking to all who were privileged to become acquainted with it. " Well can I recall the brilliant group of young people assembled there," writes one of the few, who can from personal knowledge speak of what it was. While thus there was no undue repression of natural talents and vivacity, there was the constant endeavour to keep all in subjection to the higher purposes of our existence ; and their parents had the greatest joy that Christian parents can have> that of seeing their children in early life give their hearts to the Lord.

Their beloved mother was taken from them suddenly, while absent on a journey in 1833. The remembrance of her earnest prayers in the family circle, and the holy watchfulness of her life, was ever a stimulus and example to her children in their Christian course.

The exact age at which her youngest son made a definite surrender of his heart to God is not known, but it was a marked era which he could ever thankfully recall ; and He who called him and gave him strength to make this blessed choice was with him, both as a young boy at school, and afterwards when working as an apprentice ; so that his conscientious desire to do right, and his endeavour to help those younger and less experienced than himself, were marked at the time, and are still gratefully remembered.

But though his heart was fixed in the solemn determination to be the Lord's, and the sense of his Saviour's forgiving love was at times granted him, he was not without many secret conflicts. His attainments in the religious life did not keep pace with the ardent desires of his soul. In his journal he often records in touching terms his sense of failure and discouragement, but his Heavenly Father was leading him, and permitting this, and other severe discipline, to cause him to cling more closely to Him.

In 1835 he married Anna Fell, only daughter of Richard Fell, of Uxbridge. In a journal kept at intervals from this date for several succeeding years, we see with what deep seriousness and prayerfulness he entered upon this new phase of life. But this union which promised so much happiness was of short duration ; after less than four years, marked by much anxiety on account of her declining health, his beloved wife was taken from him, while in the south of England, where she had gone soon after the birth of her child, in the hope that her native air might restore her.

Leaving his infant son in the loving care of his grandmother, Henry Pease returned to his now lonely home, to take up life's duties again. The spirit in which this was done may be seen from the following entry in his journal, taken from among many similar ones : -

" 12th of Eleventh month, 1839.~The Lord on High only knows how I am bowed down under a multitude of besetments. I feel grateful that evening by evening He enables me to wait upon Him, to meditate on the Scriptures, and sometimes to pour out my troubles before Him on the bended knee ; earnestly craving His support to keep me watchful, humble, patient ; in His own time to bless ; and, if right, to permit me to promote His cause on the earth in such way as he may see best. Truly nothing seems so well worth our living for, as to tell of the goodness of Him, who hath given and who continues to us all that we call good, and for which we must give account."

The prayer of his heart before this sorrow came, and to the close of life, was that he might be permitted to serve God, and do a little good to his fellow-men. This prayer was not perhaps answered quite in the way he expected ; but that it was answered is apparent to all who can trace his course through life, as they see how, through much sense of shortcoming and many discouragements, he was led along, and enabled to lend a helping hand to almost every scheme in his own neighbourhood which had for its aim the benefit of others ; while in his more public career, his voice and pen were always ready to take up the cause of right and justice.

When permitted to view a Christian's life from the commencement to the close, especially when privileged to know something of the secret communings of the soul, we see that the progress is a gradual one. The earnest desires are first given, then the watchful waiting, and the fervent prayers for strength and guidance.

Our dear friend at this period of his life set apart a short time every evening for reading the Scriptures, meditation, and prayer ; and if for any reason this was omitted, he records in his journal that a sense of loss and weakness followed. The privilege of being thus permitted to pour out his troubles before the Lord, and seeking for strength and guidance in times of weakness and perplexity sustained him in the midst of many difficulties. But to approach God in prayer, either in private in the family, or on more public occasions, he always felt to be a most solemn act, needing help from above ; and the deep reverence and earnestness of his manner when thus engaged will be remembered by all who heard him.

The way in which he sought for Divine guidance in every action of his life was strikingly shown when the question of entering Parliament was brought before him. In 1845 he was first asked to represent the southern division of the county of Durham ; and again in 1847 pressure was put upon him to induce him to be willing to come forward. He writes, Eighth month 4th, 1847:-

" My prayers have been night and day that I might be preserved out of anything not designed by my Creator; and inasmuch as no clear path appears to stand, I may safely conclude I have not sufficient warrant for a step involving so much."

It was not till the year 1857 that he felt the time had come to respond to the cordial invitation of his countrymen. These intervening years were much occupied in helping forward the extension of the railway system in his neighbourhood. The personal planning and inspecting of the new lines, over, in some cases, a difficult country, suited his energetic

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and practical temperament. For eight years he attended Parliament with much diligence and faithfulness ; but late hours and life in Town did not suit his health or tastes, and he was glad to retire in 1865, in the hope of being still enabled to serve his fellow men, though in a more private way.

To go back a little in point of time. In 1854 he was appointed, with his friends Joseph Sturge and Robert Charleton, by the "Meeting for Sufferings " in London, to present an address to the Emperor Nicholas of Russia, praying him to avert the war which was then impending in the Crimea. The story of this journey is so well told, both in J. Sturge's and Robert Charleton's memoirs, that it is not needful to recapitulate it here. Though it was not successful in attaining its object, and though much ridicule and opprobrium were cast upon their mission, Henry Pease always felt thankful that he was permitted the honour and privilege of thus publicly avowing his detestation of war, and his willingness to make any sacrifice in the interests of peace. In 1867 he was again called to stand before an Emperor, to plead the same cause. On this occasion he was one of a deputation from the Peace Society, appointed to ask permission for a Peace Congress to be held in Paris, at the time of the International Exhibition in that city. The Emperor Napoleon III. received the deputation coldly but courteously, in a room in the Tuileries, but would not grant the desired permission.

In First month, 1859, Henry Pease married Mary Lloyd, daughter of Samuel Lloyd, of Wednesbury. This change in his life, and all the social and domestic enjoyments it brought him, did not cause him to relax in his earnest and prayerful desire to fulfil the many public and private duties that devolved upon him.

On leaving Parliament in 1865 he was glad to have more time to devote to the affairs of the little section of the Church to which he felt it a great privilege and responsibility to belong. He attended its meetings diligently, including the Yearly Meeting in London. His pertinent and practical remarks in the meetings for business were much valued, his long experience enabling him often to see the way out of a difficulty, or give the needed word of encouragement or warning. He felt that these meetings deserved the best he could give them of his time and thought.

On two occasions he was appointed by the Yearly Meeting on Committees to visit the Friends in Quarterly Meetings which needed help and advice. He much valued the intercourse this gave him with the friends associated with him in these services, and the kindness and love shown by those whom they visited was very cordial to him, and w r as ever gratefully remembered.

For many years he filled the station of Elder. He deeply felt the serious responsibility of this position, and endeavoured to watch over the Hock as one who must give an account ; but the deep searchings of heart this caused him, the feelings of weakness and unworthiness that often bowed him down, were known only to Him to whom alone he could come for strength and guidance.

From the pressure of these numerous duties it was his great delight to break away for a few weeks for entire relaxation, when, alone with his wife, or accompanied by some of their children, he would intensely enjoy the beauties of nature, either on the Continent or in some favourite part of our own island. His heart was full of thank- fulness for these pleasures, and for the many blessings richly showered upon" his path during these later years. In reviewing some of these, he writes :- " They almost oppress my heart with gratitude to the great Giver."

Life had many attractions for him, and, his health in some respects improving with advancing age, there seemed every probability that many years might yet be before him. These hopes however were not to be realised.

In the early spring of 1879 he had a very serious illness, from which he never entirely rallied, though he recovered sufficiently to go to London to attend the Yearly Meeting of that year. In the spring of the following year a tour in Spain afforded him great enjoyment. His brightness and energy surprised his companions. He returned home decidedly improved in health, and again enjoyed meeting with his friends in their annual gathering. The summer was passed chiefly at Saltburn and Stanhope. Soon after returning to Pierremont in the autumn he took a severe chill, and a sharp attack of bronchitis very quickly reduced his strength. Though confined to the house during the long, cold winter, his hopefulness and cheerfulness never left him, and he had much quiet enjoyment.

As soon as the weather moderated, the desire of his heart was gratified in finding warmth and sunshine in the south of England. One of those who saw him says that his prized visit left a sense of the nearness of his spirit to his home above ; and others remarked that his countenance was peaceful and heavenly.

On his return, a few weeks at his favourite house at Stanhope still further recruited him, so that he again looked forward with much pleasure to attending the Yearly Meeting.

He left home on the 16th of Fifth month and settled in with some of his family at his accustomed quarters in Finsbury Square. The exertions however attendant on this journey proved too much for him ; he became seriously ill, and his strength rapidly declined. There was little opportunity for expression during his short illness, but quietness and peace seemed to be the clothing of his mind. On being informed that the doctors considered his case a critical one, he showed no anxiety. His thoughtfulness for those around him and his quiet patience were very striking. Owing to the great heat of the weather the windows of his room were kept open, and the sounds of the great city filled the air ; but though he had such an intense love for the stillness of the country, this did not seem to ruffle him, and he never expressed the least wish to be anywhere but where he was.

Peacefully, and almost painlessly, he sank into that last sleep, in which, on the evening of Second-day the 31st of Fifth month, his soul gently passed away, his wife and all his children being around him.

His remains were laid in the quiet burial-ground behind the meeting-house at Darlington, amid a large concourse of his fellow-townsmen and others, many being the representatives of the Public Bodies in which he had been interested.

The following extract from his journal, written thirty-three years before, may appropriately close this short account of his active life :-

" Fourth month, 1849. - Engaged in planting trees in the addition just made to the burial- ground. The idea seemed touchingly to steal over the mind, that it was not improbable that many a glowing setting sun would cause the shade of these trees to lengthen out over the green mound where my mortal remains would be placed. But oh ! if the genial influence of this glorious orb has been exchanged for that kingdom that needeth it not, because the Lamb is the light thereof, how unspeakably happy the exchange !" -----

30 May 1881, Mon: Another splendid day . The a/cs of Uncle Henry very low indeed. Went to the Gull Rock fishing John William Pease, Howard Fox, Ethel & Beatrice. I fished off the whelps most of the day for 10 pollock - came in about 8 o'clock – a better a/c of Alfred's quinsy & earache. Also a telegram, of Uncle Henry's death at about 5.30 this evening. It is sad & solemn thus to part with one so long so dear so mixed up with one's life! A very warm evening.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

3 June 1881, Fri: To Darlington at 11 o'clock to attend Uncle Henry's funeral. To Pierremont, Minnie going to Southend; saw Henry Fell Pease, lunched with him and Lizzie; he showed me the only will they could find made 20 January 1859, the day after his last wedding as I read it - there will be much disappointment. To Pierremont [sic], a large crowd at the funeral, Minnie & I went in the same carriage as Arthur & Mary. Bevan Braithwaite spoke at the grave side and at length, appropriately in the meeting house, Harrison, Penney well & briefly, back to Brinkburn and then to evening gathering at Pierremont. Tom Pease long & washy, Bevan Braithwaite I could not hear, Arthur & I said a few words and Theodore Fry engaged in prayer; broke up about 7.30 to 8.00, and dined & staid at Brinkburn, Henry & Wilson Lloyd there also.
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at H. H. Smith's school, Darlington.
- He worked as a Woollen Manufacturer in Darlington, County Durham.
- He was Quaker.
- He worked as a Railway Promoter in Darlington & Saltburn.
- He worked as a President of The Peace Society.
- He worked as a MP for South Durham. 1857 To 1865.
- He had a residence in Pierremont, Darlington, County Durham.
- He resided at Stanhope Castle.

17-**Henrietta Rachel Pease**^{8,10,12,22} was born on 28 Oct 1859 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 2 Feb 1904 in London at age 44.

Henrietta married **George Edward Wilson**,¹² son of **John Edward Wilson**^{7,12,88} and **Catharine Stacey**,^{7,12,88} on 8 Oct 1884 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. George was born on 7 Feb 1860 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 2 Aug 1927 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 67. They had seven children: **Kenneth Henry, Helen Marion, Anita Catharine, Olga Mary, John Christopher, Rachel Evelyn**, and **Edward Victor**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

18-**Kenneth Henry Wilson**^{3,12} was born on 7 Sep 1885 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 2 Sep 1969 at age 83.

General Notes: President of Albright & Wilson
Deputy Chairman Bryant & May
With Albright & Wilson, 1908; Dir, 1910; Man. Dir and Chm., 1932– 58, Pres., 1958– . Mem. of Oldbury Urban District Council, 1919– 58; Charter Mayor of Oldbury, 1935; Alderman of Borough of Oldbury, 1935– 58; Worcestershire County Council, 1936, Alderman, 1941– ; Chm. Oldbury Local Employment Cttee, 1925– 62. Past Pres. and Member of Council Birmingham Chamber of Commerce; Governor, Birmingham Univ. (Mem. Council, 1933– 68). High Sheriff of Worcs., 1948– 49. Freeman, Borough of Oldbury, 1960

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Chairman and President of Albright & Wilson.
- He worked as a Chairman of Bryant & May. Match manufacturers.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 22 Priory Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Park Hall, Kidderminster.

Kenneth married **Mary Isabel Cadbury**,^{3,12} daughter of **George Cadbury**^{2,7,12,110,246} and **Mary Tylor**,^{2,7,12,110} on 26 Oct 1911 in FMH Bournville. Mary was born on 5 Apr 1884 in Woodbrooke, Selly Oak, Birmingham. They had five children: **Ann Pease, Rachel Barbara, Henrietta Marion, Kenneth John**, and **Eleanor Mary**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1900-Jul 1902 in York, Yorkshire.

19-**Ann Pease Wilson**³ was born on 19 Oct 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jan 2001 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 87.

Ann married **Sir Francis Wilfrid Fry 5th Bt.**,³ son of **Sir John Pease Fry 2nd Bt.**^{3,12,247} and **Margaret Theodora Fox**,^{3,12} on 19 Jun 1943 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire. Francis was born on 2 May 1904 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 26 Jul 1987 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 83.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME JP.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Mining area manager in County Durham.
- He worked as a Bomb disposal officer in 1940-1942.
- He worked as an Area General Manager, Mid-West Durham Area, Durham Division, National Coal Board.

19-**Rachel Barbara Wilson**^{123,127,159,248,249} was born on 22 May 1915 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Mar 2000 in Dacorum, Hertfordshire at age 84.

Rachel married **Roger Kenneth Allen**,^{123,127,159,186,190,248,249,250} son of **Kenneth Clarkson Allen**^{66,148,186,207,251,252,253} and **Sybil Robson**,^{148,186,207,252} on 22 Jun 1940 in FMH Bournville. Roger was born on 27 Feb 1913 in Waldenhurst, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire and died on 29 May 1966 at age 53. They had seven children: **Gabriel Allen, Peter, Peter William, Christopher John, Adrian Roger, Charles Kenneth**, and **Caroline Isabel**.

Marriage Notes: Allen-Wilson.-On 22nd June, 1940, at the Friends' Meeting House, Bournville, Roger Kenneth Allen (1926-31) to Rachel Barbara Wilson.

General Notes: ALLEN.-On the 27th February, 1913, at Waldenhurst , Broxbourne, Herts. , Sybil (Robson), wife of Kenneth Clarkson Allen (1892-5), a son, who was named Roger Kenneth.

ALLEN.— On 29th May, 1966, suddenly, Roger Kenneth Allen (1926-31), aged 53 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1931 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Stafford Allen & Sons in Cowper Street, Finsbury, London.

20-**Gabriel Allen Allen** was born on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire and died on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

20-**Peter Allen** was born on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire and died on 22 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

20-**Peter William Allen**

20-**Dr. Christopher John Allen**

20-**Adrian Roger Allen**

20-**Charles Kenneth Allen**

20-Caroline Isabel Allen

Caroline married **Andrew Ward**.

19-**Henrietta Marion Wilson** was born on 9 Sep 1916 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 2005 in Towcester, Northamptonshire at age 88.

Henrietta married **Rt. Rev. Sir Robert "Robin" Wilmer Woods**, son of **Rt. Rev. Edward Sydney Woods**^{2,87} and **Clemence Rachel Barclay**,² on 14 Aug 1942 in Churchill, Worcester. Robert was born on 15 Feb 1914 in Lausanne, Switzerland and died on 20 Oct 1997 at age 83. They had five children: **Rachel Candia**, **Robert Barclay**, **Edward Wilson**, **Eleanor Priscilla**, and **Henrietta Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO KCMG.
- He worked as an Archdeacon in Sheffield, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Dean of Windsor & Chaplain to HM The Queen.
- He worked as a Bishop of Worcester.

20-Rachel Candia Woods

20-Robert Barclay Woods

20-Edward Wilson Woods

20-Eleanor Priscilla Woods

20-Henrietta Mary Woods

Henrietta married **James Michael Burnell-Nugent**, son of **Anthony Frank Burnell-Nugent** and **Gian Mary Alexander**. They had four children: **Henrietta Marie**, **Anthony James**, **Rupert Michael**, and **Thomas Alexander**.

21-Henrietta Marie Burnell-Nugent

21-Anthony James Burnell-Nugent

21-Rupert Michael Burnell-Nugent

21-Thomas Alexander Burnell-Nugent

19-Kenneth John Wilson

Kenneth married **Angela Mary Fenn**, daughter of **Arthur Alston Fenn** and **Dorothy Rose Constable Curtis**. They had four children: **Bridget Eleanor**, **Peter Kenneth Alston**, **Roger Edward**, and **Nigel John Cadbury**.

20-Bridget Eleanor Wilson

20-Peter Kenneth Alston Wilson

20-Roger Edward Wilson

20-Nigel John Cadbury Wilson

19-**Eleanor Mary Wilson** was born on 28 Nov 1918 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Eleanor married **Dr. Christopher Lloyd Wharton**, son of **John Robert Wharton** and **Marjorie Haynes**. They had four children: **Marion Francesca Eleanor**,

Elizabeth Anne, Julia Catherine, and Richard Lloyd.

20-Marion Francesca Eleanor Wharton

20-Elizabeth Anne Wharton

20-Julia Catherine Wharton

20-Richard Lloyd Wharton

18-**Helen Marion Wilson**¹² was born on 11 Oct 1886 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

18-**Anita Catharine Wilson**^{12,39,118,182,252,254,255} was born on 4 Jun 1888 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 28 Jun 1962 in Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire at age 74.

Anita married **John Glaisyer**,^{12,39,118,124,182,252,254,255} son of **John Glaisyer**^{7,79,111,212} and **Mary Jane Crosland**,^{7,39,79,111,212,256} on 8 Jul 1909 in FMH Stourbridge. John was born on 12 Dec 1875 in Huddersfield, Yorkshire and died on 21 Feb 1946 in Clent, Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 70. They had six children: **John Pease, Catharine Mary, Edward Henry, Janet Helen, Anita Ruth, and Elizabeth Rachel.**

Marriage Notes: GLAISYER-WILSON.-On the 8th July, 1909, at Stourbridge, John Glaisyer (1888-93), of Birmingham, to Anita Catherine Wilson, of Kidderminster.

General Notes: Glaisyer.— On 21st February, at Clent, Worcestershire, John Glaisyer (1883-93) aged 70 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888-1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He worked as a Financial Secretary to the OYSA in 1902-1916.
- He worked as a Member of Bootham and Mount School Committees in 1908-1920 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Registrar Probate Court in 1911.
- He worked as a Chaiman of the Board of Governors, Queen's Hospital in 1923-1926 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Life Governor of Birmingham University.

19-**John Pease Glaisyer**^{12,39,124,252} was born on 25 May 1910 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 1995 in Northumberland at age 84.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 25th May, 1910, at Birmingham, Anita Catherine, wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a son, who was named John Pease.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1923-1927 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Chemical manufacturer with Albright & Wilson in 1935 in Oldbury, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

John married **Doreen Evelyn Redhead**,^{12,124} daughter of **James Halder Redhead** and **Mary Evelyn Redhead**, on 4 May 1946 in Parish Church, Ponteland, Northumberland. Doreen was born on 14 Aug 1916 in South Shields, County Durham and died in Dec 2001 in Northumberland at age 85.

Marriage Notes: Glaisyer-Readhead.-On 4th May, at Ponteland Church, near Newcastle-on-Tyne, John Pease Glaisyer (1923-27), to Doreen Evelyn Readhead.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Catharine Mary Glaisyer^{68,125,159,248,254,257} was born on 19 Jan 1914 in 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 19th January, 1914, at 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Anita Catharine (Wilson), wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a daughter .

Catharine married **Wilson Waterhouse Sturge**,^{39,68,107,125,159,248,257,258,259} son of **Wilson Henry Sturge**^{7,39,107,185,207,251,260,261} and **Lucy Gibbins**,^{7,39,107,185,207,251,261} on 3 Apr 1940 in FMH Bull Street, Birmingham. Wilson was born on 5 Jul 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 10 Sep 1988 at age 77. They had three children: **Jillian Mary**, **Catharine Anita**, and **Michael Wilson**.

Marriage Notes: Sturge-Glaisyer.-On 3rd April, at the Friends' Meeting House, Bull Street, Birmingham, Wilson Waterhouse Sturge (1925-9), to Catharine Mary Glaisyer.

General Notes: STURGE.-On the 5th July, 1911, at Birmingham, Lucy, wife of Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-81), a son, who was named Wilson Waterhouse.

STURGE - on 10th September, 1988, Wilson W. Sturge (1925-29), aged 77.

WILSON W. STURGE (Bootham 1925-29) Wilson Sturge went from Bootham to Dalton Hall, Manchester University where he gained a first class honours degree in 1932. He then joined the family firm of electrical engineers in Birmingham with which he was associated for the whole of his working life. While a boy at Bootham he was a keen cricketer and played for the 1st XI, eventually graduating to the Falcons. He was also Bootham Fives Champion, and his name can be found on the championship plaque that now graces the walls of the lecture room since its creation from the lower level of the old fives court. He played a major role in the Birmingham OYSA branch over many years, and recently transferred its minute books to the Bootham Archives: he also negotiated the transfer of the Birmingham Scholarship Funds into the general OYSA Scholarship Amalgamated Funds. A faithful and regular attender at Whit Reunions, he died on 11th September, 1988, aged 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1925-1929 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Manufacturer.
- He had a residence in 90 Nursery Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at University of Manchester in 1929-1932.

20-Jillian Mary Sturge

20-Catharine Anita Sturge

20-Michael Wilson Sturge

Michael married **Lotti Gamler**, daughter of **Alfred Gamler** and **Margrit**. They had two children: **Nicholas Wilson** and **Christina Margrit**.

21-Nicholas Wilson Sturge

21-Christina Margrit Sturge

19-Edward Henry Glaisyer^{39,68,118,124,174,262} was born on 9 Dec 1915 in 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Nov 2005 in Gloucestershire at age 89.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 19th December, 1915, at 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Anita C , wife of John Glaisyer (1888- 1893), a son, who was named Edward Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1925-1929 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1929-1933 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Downing College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Headmaster, Hill Place.

Edward married **Jessie Clara Astley Arlington**, daughter of **Edward Plantagenet Astley Arlington** and **Alice Claire Romaine**. They had three children: **John Astley**, **David Wilson**, and **Richard Henry**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-John Astley Glaisyer

John married **Mary Tod**. They had one daughter: **Natasha**.

21-Natasha Glaisyer

20-David Wilson Glaisyer

David married **Nanette**. They had three children: **Clodagh Alicia Roxane**, **Caradoc**, and **Laragh**.

21-Clodagh Alicia Roxane Glaisyer

21-Caradoc Glaisyer

21-Laragh Glaisyer

20-Richard Henry Glaisyer

19-**Janet Helen Glaisyer**³⁹ was born on 27 Jul 1917 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Oct 2005 in Chiltern, Buckinghamshire at age 88.

Janet married **John Hylton Madge**, son of **Lt. Col. Charles Albert Madge** and **Barbara Hylton Hylton-Foster**, on 8 Oct 1946 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire. John was born on 19 Jul 1914 in Johannesburg, Transvaal, South Africa and died in 1968 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 54. They had two children: **Nicola Jane Hylton** and **Robert Hylton**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a Social scientist.

20-Prof. Nicola Jane Hylton Madge

20-Robert Hylton Madge

19-**Anita Ruth Glaisyer**²⁵⁵ was born on 7 Oct 1920 in Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 7th October, 1920, at Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, to the wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a daughter, who was named Anita Ruth.

Anita married **Marc Rousseau**, son of **Jean Rousseau** and **Catherine**. They had three children: **Anne**, **Marc Wilson**, and **Jane**.

20-Anne Rousseau

20-Marc Wilson Rousseau

20-Jane Rousseau

19-Elizabeth Rachel Glaisyer

Elizabeth married **John Patrick Gavin Parish**, son of **Sydney Christian Parish** and **Florence Gladys Lunt**. They had three children: **Sarah Elizabeth**, **Roger Gavin**, and **Nigel John**.

20-Sarah Elizabeth Parish

20-Roger Gavin Parish

20-Nigel John Parish

18-Olga Mary Wilson¹² was born on 26 Apr 1890 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Olga married **Nicholas Geldard**, son of **John Geldard**^{4,12} and **Laura Elizabeth Fowler**,^{4,12} on 2 Jun 1921 in Kidderminster. Nicholas was born on 31 Oct 1889 in Cappleside, Settle. They had two children: **John** and **Mary Henrietta**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP.

19-Lt. **John Geldard** was born on 30 May 1922 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire, died on 13 Feb 1944 in Killed in a road accident at age 21, and was buried in St. Andrew's Church, Abberton, Essex. Grave Row 10.L.

General Notes: He was training for the Normandy landings that were to take place in June.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers, 617 Assault Squadron.

John married **Margaret Mary Cockett**, daughter of **Launcelot Cockett** and **Constance Mary Parke**.

19-Mary Henrietta Geldard

Mary married **Philip Humphrey Weston**, son of **Richard Weston** and **Alice Emma Houghton**, on 19 Dec 1948 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire. Philip was born on 6 Feb 1917 in Skipton, Yorkshire. They had three children: **Helen Rosemary**, **Hugh Nicholas**, and **Christopher David**.

20-Helen Rosemary Weston

20-Hugh Nicholas Weston

20-Christopher David Weston

18-John Christopher Wilson¹² was born on 15 Apr 1892 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Albright & Wilson. Chemical manufacturers.

John married **Helen Joyce Fry**, daughter of **Sir John Pease Fry 2nd Bt.**^{3,12,247} and **Margaret Theodora Fox**,^{3,12} on 14 Jul 1921 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire. Helen was born on 11 Jan 1896 in Woodburn, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1972 at age 76. They had two children: **Diana Margaret** and **Christopher Nevil**.

19-Diana Margaret Wilson

Diana married **Guy Willoughby Ward**, son of **Bernard Joseph Ward** and **Olga Gwendoline Bates**, on 17 Oct 1953 in Wolverley, Worcestershire. Guy was born on 26 Jul 1924 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. They had two children: **Deidre Elizabeth** and **Gillian Margaret**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE in 1986.

20-Deidre Elizabeth Ward

20-Gillian Margaret Ward

19-Christopher Nevil Wilson

Christopher married **Rhona Margeurite Ibbotson**, daughter of **Lancelot William Ibbotson** and **Joan Marguerite Jeffcock**. They had one daughter: **Annabel Rose**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Annabel Rose Wilson

18-**Rachel Evelyn Wilson**¹² was born on 19 Dec 1894 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died in Dec 1993 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 99.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1918.

Rachel married **Paul Strangman Cadbury**, son of **Barrow Cadbury**⁷ and **Geraldine Southall**,⁷ on 24 Jun 1919 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Paul was born on 3 Nov 1895 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 24 Oct 1984 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 88. They had six children: **Catherine Rachel, Edward Paul, Philippa Helen, Charles Lloyd, Roger**, and **Henrietta Margaret**.

19-Catherine Rachel Cadbury

Catherine married **Dr. Paul Frederick John Hickinbotham**,²⁶³ son of **Frederick John Long Hickinbotham** and **Gertrude Ball**, on 26 Sep 1942 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Paul was born on 21 Mar 1917 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 22 Sep 2006 in Leicester, Leicestershire at age 89, and was buried on 29 Sep 2006. They had two children: **Margaret Claire** and **Roger Paul**.

General Notes: Hickinbotham, Paul Frederick John (1917 - 2006)
MRCS 1939; FRCS 1942; MB ChB Birmingham 1939; ChM 1947; LRCP 1939.

Born 21 March 1917 Birmingham, UK

Died 22 September 2006 Leicester, UK

Occupation General surgeon

Details Paul Hickinbotham was a consultant surgeon in Leicester. He was born in Birmingham on 21 March 1917, the second son of Frederick John Long Hickinbotham, an export merchant and JP, and Gertrude née Ball. He was educated at West House School, Birmingham, and Rugby, and went on to Birmingham to do his medical training, qualifying in 1939. There he was much influenced by H H Sampson, a charismatic general surgeon from the Queen Elizabeth Hospital. Hickinbotham went on to specialise in surgery, becoming resident surgical officer at Bradford Royal Infirmary from 1941 to 1942, when he passed the FRCS. He joined the RAMC in 1942 and served in North Africa and Italy. After the war he returned to the Leicester group of hospitals, where he served as a general surgeon on the staff until he retired in 1982.

He married Catherine Cadbury in 1942. They had one son, Roger, and one daughter, Claire, neither of whom went into medicine. They had eight grandchildren. His extra-curricular interests included forestry and Welsh hill walking. He died at his home in Leicester on 22 September 2006.

Sources used to compile this entry: [Information from Catherine Hickinbotham].

THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND

Created: 8 June 2007

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB ChM LRCP FRCS.
- He was educated at West House School in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He worked as a resident surgical officer at Bradford Royal Infirmary in 1941-1942.
- He worked as a General Surgeon at the Leicester group of hospitals in 1945-1982.

20-Margaret Claire Hickinbotham

20-Roger Paul Hickinbotham

19-**Dr. Edward Paul Cadbury** was born on 10 Nov 1921 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Apr 2000 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BCh.
- He worked as a Physician.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He worked as a Liberal Parliamentary candidate in 1970 in Oswestry, Shropshire.

Edward married **Mary Caroline Smith**, daughter of **Leslie Arthur Smith** and **Rachel Jane Gibbins**. They had four children: **Richard Geoffrey**, **James Edward**, **Philip Timothy**, and **Erica Rachel**.

20-**Richard Geoffrey Cadbury**

20-**James Edward Cadbury**

20-**Philip Timothy Cadbury**^{146,175} was born on 16 Dec 1953 in Oswestry, Shropshire and died on 15 Aug 1981 at age 27.

General Notes: PHILIP T. CADBURY, 28 Hampton Road, Oswestry, Salop. Entered: September, 1965. 10 'O' Levels. 'A' Levels in History, French and Maths. Debating society, essay society, radio society. York Maths Association, Committee for Abolition of Compulsory Games. To do 1 year's voluntary service then to University College, London, to read Economics and Philosophy.
CADBURY.— On 15th August, 1981, Philip Timothy Cadbury (1965-72), aged 27 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1965-1972 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University College, London.

20-**Erica Rachel Cadbury**

19-**Philippa Helen Cadbury**

Philippa married **Stephen Readhead Southall**, son of **Christopher Southall**^{39,264,265} and **Elsie Readhead**,^{39,264} on 19 Jul 1947 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Stephen was born on 10 Jun 1916 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 21 Dec 2011 at age 95, and was buried on 6 Jan 2012 in Hereford, Herefordshire. (Cremated). They had three children: **Anna Catherine**, **Mark Stephen**, and **Candia Helen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Hereford Times, 29 Dec 2011.
- He worked as a Farmer in Clent, Stourbridge, Worcestershire.

20-**Anna Catherine Southall**

Anna married **Christoper Richard Serle**, son of **Frank Raymond Serle** and **Winifred Mary Pugsley**. They had two children: **Harry** and **Jack**.

21-**Harry Serle**

21-**Jack Serle**

20-**Mark Stephen Southall** was born on 22 Apr 1950 in Hereford, Herefordshire and died before 2011.

20-**Candia Helen Southall**

Candia married **Compton**.

19-**Charles Lloyd Cadbury** was born on 3 Nov 1926 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jan 2000 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73.

Charles married **Jillian Stafford Ransome**, daughter of **Edwin Oakes Ransome**^{39,42,44,85,115,266,267,268,269,270} and **Hilda Stafford Allen**,.^{39,42,85,115,167,250,267,268,270} They had four children: **Ruth Margaret**, **Helen**, **David**, and **Thomas Stephen**.

20-**Ruth Margaret Cadbury**

20-**Helen Cadbury**

20-**David Cadbury**

20-**Thomas Stephen Cadbury**

19-**Roger Cadbury** was born on 19 Jun 1929 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 23 Jun 1929 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

19-**Henrietta Margaret Cadbury** was born on 20 Jul 1930 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 11 Dec 1950 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 20.

18-**Edward Victor Wilson**¹² was born on 2 Jul 1897 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died on 3 Nov 1920 in Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 23.

17-**Edward Lloyd Pease**^{4,8,10,247} was born on 4 Mar 1861 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Mar 1934 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 73, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Pease, Edward Lloyd.
Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 1, 1880. [2nd] s. of Henry [M.P.], of Pierremont, Darlington [by his 2nd wife, Mary, dau. of Samuel Lloyd, of Wednesbury]. B. there [Mar. 4], 1861.
School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough.
Matric. Michs. 1880; B.A. 1884.
A Director of Pease and Partners, Ltd.; etc.
Of Hurworth Moor, Darlington.
Married, 1890, his cousin, Helen Blanche, dau. of Sir Joseph W. Pease, 1st Bart., of Hutton Hall, Guisborough.
Died Mar. 15, 1934.
Brother of John F. (1884). (Burke, L.G.; The Times, Mar. 16, 1934.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Partner in Ashmore, Benson, Pease & Co. In Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of the Weardale Steel, Coal, & Coke Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the Cargo Fleet Iron Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of T. & R. W. Bower Ltd.

Edward married **Helen Blanche Pease**,^{4,12,213,247} daughter of **Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease 1st Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe**^{2,3,4,5,6,7,8,10,12,15,46,66,186,220,231,235,236,239,243,247,271,272,273,274} and **Mary Fox**,^{2,4,7,8,9,10,12,15,247,274} on 15 Jan 1890 in FMH Guisborough. Helen was born on 18 Nov 1865 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 16 Mar 1951 in Darlington, County Durham at age 85, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had six children: **Michael Lloyd, Cyril, Mary Cecilia, Henry Alfred, Robert**, and **Helen Maud**.

18-**Michael Lloyd Pease** was born on 10 Jan 1891 in Hurworth on Tees, County Durham, died on 10 Jun 1968 at age 77, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Cargo Fleet Iron Company in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Cyril Pease** was born on 11 Dec 1891 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 31 Jul 1950 in London at age 58, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

18-**Mary Cecilia Pease**^{26,235} was born on 12 Dec 1892 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham and died on 27 Jul 1975 in 20 Bridge Road, Blackwell, Darlington, County Durham at age 82.

Mary married **Reginald Joseph Mounsey**,²⁶ son of **Edward Backhouse Mounsey**^{6,12,26,229,256} and **Rachel Ann Fryer**,^{12,26,229,256} on 14 Sep 1921 in Hurworth on Tees, County Durham. Reginald was born on 23 Jan 1884 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 25 Mar 1962 in University College Hospital, London at age 78. They had five children: **Dorothy Helen, Priscilla Mary, Anthony Edward, David Reginald**, and **Margaret Lucy**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Fireclay Co. Ltd.

19-**Dorothy Helen Mounsey** was born on 10 Aug 1922 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 Jul 2012 in Darlington, County Durham at age 89, and was buried on 27 Jul 2012 in Memorial meeting, FMH Darlington.

19-**Priscilla Mary Mounsey**

Priscilla married **Raymond Arthur Nunn**, son of **William Nunn** and **Alice Maud Parnell**. They had one son: **Richard John**.

20-**Richard John Nunn**

19-**Anthony Edward Mounsey**

Anthony married **Pamela Marian Nicholas**, daughter of **Charles Henry Nicholas** and **Marian Field**. They had two children: **Anthony Michael** and **Nicola Marian**.

20-**Anthony Michael Mounsey**

20-**Nicola Marian Mounsey**

19-**David Reginald Mounsey**

David married **Sheila Staton**, daughter of **Joseph Staton** and **Charlotte Ann Eaton**. They had two children: **Helen Margaret** and **Catherine Mary**.

20-**Helen Margaret Mounsey**

20-**Catherine Mary Mounsey**

19-**Margaret Lucy Mounsey**

Margaret married **Eric Woodford Pratt**, son of **Sidney Pratt** and **Charlotte May Dilkes**, on 30 Jun 1951 in Darlington, County Durham. Eric was born on 21 Jul 1926 in Desford, Leicestershire, died on 18 Jul 1993 at age 66, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had two children: **Christopher David Woodford** and **Rosemary Priscilla**.

20-**Christopher David Woodford Pratt**

20-**Rosemary Priscilla Pratt**

18-**Henry Alfred Pease** was born on 24 Apr 1894 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 4 Nov 1926 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 32, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

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18-**Robert Pease** was born on 12 Jun 1898 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 20 Oct 1937 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 39, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

18-**Helen Maud Pease** was born on 8 May 1901 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 26 Sep 1929 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 28, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

17-**John Francis Pease**^{8,10,12} was born on 20 Aug 1862 in Stanhope Castle, Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Jun 1935 in Stanholme, Darlington, County Durham at age 72, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Pease, John Francis.

Adm. at TRINITY HALL, 1884. [3rd] s. of Henry, Esq., M.P., of Darlington (by his 2nd wife, Mary, dau. of Samuel Lloyd). [B. Aug. 20, 1862.] Matric. Lent, 1884.

Married, Dec. 20, 1899, Charlotte Wakefield, dau. of George Edward Fox, of Plymouth, and had issue.

Died June 15, 1935, at Stanholm, Darlington.

Brother of Edward L. (1880). (Burke, L.G.; The Times, June 17, 1935.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He had a residence in Langholme Crescent, Darlington, County Durham.
- He was a Quaker.

John married **Charlotte Wakefield Fox**,¹² daughter of **George Edward Fox** and **Jane Wakefield Richardson**, on 20 Dec 1899 in Plymouth, Devon. Charlotte was born on 30 Jun 1865 in Plymouth, Devon, died on 26 Jul 1956 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 91, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had three children: **Eric Henry**, **George Francis**, and **Charles Anthony**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Feb 1936 in Bournemouth, Dorset.

18-**Eric Henry Pease** was born on 1 Sep 1901 in Pierremont, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1975 in Dorset at age 74.

Eric married **Kathleen Mary Collens**, daughter of **John Collens** and **Kate Theobalds**, on 25 Feb 1937 in London. Kathleen was born on 20 Jun 1898 in Sevenoaks and died in 1981 in Bridport, Dorset at age 83.

18-**George Francis Pease** was born on 15 May 1907 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 24 Oct 1998 in East Holme, Wareham, Dorset at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Caravan Site Manager.

George married **Myra Blackler**, daughter of **Ernest William Blackler** and **Ada Mary Robinson**, on 4 Jun 1940 in Exeter, Devon. Myra was born on 4 Aug 1909 in London and died in 2004 in East Holme, Wareham, Dorset at age 95.

18-**Charles Anthony Pease** was born on 20 Sep 1908 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 11 Jan 1936 in York, Yorkshire at age 27, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Mon 13 Jan 1936 – Saw in the papers that Charles Anthony Pease aged 27 had died on Sat 11th (at York), he was the youngest of Frank Pease's sons - the only married one – he leaves a widow and 2 children – This makes a 5th cousin (4 Peases & 1 Fox) who have died in the last few weeks. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Working among the mining community as part of a Quaker project in Castleford, Yorkshire.

Charles married **Selma Ruth Brynhilde Wicksteed**, daughter of **Joseph Hartley Wicksteed** and **Mary Ethel Robinson**, on 18 Mar 1933 in London. Selma was born on

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19 Dec 1909 in Letchworth, Hertfordshire and died in Jun 1986 in Islington, London at age 76. They had two children: **Christopher Beverley** and **Alister Hugh Richardson**.

19-**Christopher Beverley Pease**

Christopher married **Hilary Lucia Gummer**, daughter of **Claud Sherwood Gummer** and **Doris Lilian Brown**. They had two children: **Patrick N. A.** and **Penelope Jane**.

20-**Patrick N. A. Pease**

20-**Penelope Jane Pease**

19-**Alister Hugh Richardson Pease**

17-**Marion Elizabeth Pease**^{3,10} was born on 29 Dec 1863 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 14 Sep 1942 in Wellington, Somerset at age 78.

Marion married **John Howard Fox**,^{3,12} son of **Thomas Fox**^{3,12,225,275,276} and **Sarah Maria Howard**,^{12,225} on 4 Oct 1892 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. John was born on 8 Jun 1864 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 13 Mar 1951 in Wellington, Somerset at age 86. They had five children: **Lloyd Howard**, **Julian Pease**, **Evangeline Mary**, **Dorothea**, and **Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He worked as a Director of Fox Bros. & Co. Ltd., Serge Manufacturers in Wellington, Somerset.
- He worked as a Director of Candy & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Partner in Fox, Fowler & Co., Bankers.
- He worked as a Director of Lloyds Bank in 1921.
- He had a residence in Robin's Close, Wellington, Somerset.
- He worked as an Alderman, Somerset County Council.

18-**Lloyd Howard Fox**^{12,277} was born on 26 Aug 1893 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 11 Nov 1991 in Wellington, Somerset at age 98.

Lloyd married **Griselda Aggs Bigland**,²⁷⁷ daughter of **Percy Bigland**^{3,106,277} and **Edith Mary Hanbury Aggs**,^{3,277} on 4 Sep 1918 in London. Griselda was born on 16 Jun 1895 in London and died on 18 Nov 1987 at age 92. They had four children: **Angela Bigland**, **David Lloyd**, **Griselda Mary**, and **Penelope Howard**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1914-Jul 1916 in York, Yorkshire.

19-**Angela Bigland Fox** was born on 23 Mar 1920 in London and died on 28 Apr 2007 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Probation Officer.

Angela married **Robert Keith Bradford**, son of **Charles Bradford** and **Lily Piper**, on 17 Oct 1942 in Wellington, Somerset. Robert was born on 18 Dec 1920 in London and died in 1966 at age 46. They had four children: **John Robert**, **Carolyn Gay**, **Richard Howard**, and **Daniel Lloyd**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil Engineer.

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20-John Robert Bradford

John married **Cate Serena Pryse Gibberd**. They had two children: **Donnathea Lindsay** and **Piers Frederick Lloyd**.

21-Donnathea Lindsay Bradford

Donnathea married **Patrick Campbell**. They had two children: **Jago John Lowden** and **Cate Rhona Sasha**.

22-Jago John Lowden Campbell

22-Cate Rhona Sasha Campbell

21-Piers Frederick Lloyd Bradford

Piers married **Marie-Katherine**. They had two children: **Freya Mary Thea** and **Clementine Angela Mary**.

22-Freya Mary Thea Bradford

22-Clementine Angela Mary Bradford

20-Carolyn Gay Bradford

Carolyn married **Robert Blackwell Baggaley**. They had three children: **Thomas Robert**, **Sarah Lucy**, and **Christopher Lloyd**.

21-Thomas Robert Baggaley

Thomas married **Rebecca Beer**. They had one son: **Jack Charles**.

22-Jack Charles Baggaley

21-Sarah Lucy Baggaley

Sarah married **Paul Wilson**. They had two children: **Stanley George** and **Edward Leo**.

22-Stanley George Wilson

22-Edward Leo Wilson

21-Christopher Lloyd Baggaley

Christopher married **Maria Criticos**.

20-Richard Howard Bradford

Richard married **Jane Rosemary Fawcett**. They had three children: **Helen Rosemary**, **Robert Michael**, and **Laura Jane**.

21-Helen Rosemary Bradford

Helen married **Roberts John Foers**.

21-**Robert Michael Bradford** was born on 15 May 1985 and died on 9 Sep 1985.

21-Laura Jane Bradford

20-Daniel Lloyd Bradford

Daniel married **Saffron Rebecca Fish**. They had two children: **Jacob Barnaby Lloyd** and **Barnaby Daniel**.

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21-Jacob Barnaby Lloyd Bradford

21-Barnaby Daniel Bradford

Angela next married **Cmdr. Anthony Tosswill Courtney** in 1971. Cmdr. was born on 16 May 1908 and died on 24 Jan 1988 at age 79.

19-David Lloyd Fox was born on 4 Sep 1923 in London and died on 30 Mar 1996 at age 72.

David married **Valerie Mary Outhwaite**, daughter of **Walter Thomas Outhwaite** and **Marion Ida Maplethorpe**, on 28 Aug 1948 in London. Valerie was born on 12 Mar 1925 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 27 Oct 2004 at age 79. They had two children: **Rebecca Howard** and **Gillian Emma**.

20-Rebecca Howard Fox

Rebecca married **Robert Andree Vander Steen**. They had three children: **James Howard**, **Toby Robert**, and **Benjamin Joseph**.

21-James Howard Vander Steen

21-Toby Robert Vander Steen

Toby married **Laura Todd**. They had one daughter: **Georgie Fox**.

22-Georgie Fox Vander Steen

21-Benjamin Joseph Vander Steen

Benjamin married **Stephanie Keroack**. They had one son: **Oliver Robert**.

22-Oliver Robert Vander Steen

20-Gillian Emma Fox

Gillian married **Nicholas Stafford**.

Gillian next married **Peter Vincent**.

Gillian next married **Ben Scarlett**.

David next married **Rosalind Dakeney Deacon**, daughter of **W. J. Deacon**. They had six children: **Simon David**, **Laetitia Lloyd**, **William Seamus**, **Benjamin John**, **Ophelia Jane**, and **Victoria**.

20-Simon David Fox

Simon married **Julie Ann Darch**. They had two children: **Robert Simon Lloyd** and **Tabitha Charlotte**.

21-Robert Simon Lloyd Fox

21-Tabitha Charlotte Fox

20-Laetitia Lloyd Fox

Laetitia married **David William Grant**. They had two children: **Harriet Felicity** and **Jordan Lloyd**.

21-Harriet Felicity Grant

Harriet married **Nicholas William Sheppard**. They had one daughter: **Isabella Grace**.

22-Isabella Grace Sheppard

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21-Jordan Lloyd Grant

20-William Seamus Fox

William married **Suzanne Mary Penwarne**. They had two children: **Dakeney Grace** and **Lilian**.

21-Dakeney Grace Fox

21-Lilian Fox

20-Benjamin John Fox

Benjamin married **Victoria Louise Paine**. They had two children: **Joe Richard** and **Tom William**.

21-Joe Richard Fox

21-Tom William Fox

20-Ophelia Jane Fox

Ophelia married **Paul Michael Burnett Hogan**. They had two children: **Evangelina Rose Chambray** and **Constance**.

21-Evangelina Rose Chambray Hogan

21-Constance Hogan

20-Victoria Fox

David next married **Margaret Kent**. Margaret was born on 6 Aug 1929 and died on 13 May 2006 at age 76.

19-Griselda Mary Fox was born on 5 Aug 1925 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 8 Apr 1989 at age 63.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Historian & Teacher.

Griselda married **Dr. Raymond Keith Mason**, son of **William Edward Mason** and **Mary Lucy**, on 2 Apr 1949 in Wellington, Somerset. Raymond was born on 21 Mar 1924 in Stockton Heath and died on 1 Jan 2002 at age 77. They had two children: **Laurence Edward** and **Deborah Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a GP.

20-Laurence Edward Mason

Laurence married **Alison Patricia Kearns**. They had two children: **Patrick James** and **Ranulf Alexander Roland**.

21-Patrick James Mason

21-Ranulf Alexander Roland Mason

20-Deborah Mary Mason

19-Penelope Howard Fox

Penelope married **James Henry Putz**, son of **John E. D. Putz** and **Muriel**. They had three children: **Catherine Sarah**, **Rachel Ann**, and **Nicholas Charles**.

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20-Catherine Sarah Putz

Catherine married **Mark Corder Holtom**, son of **Maj. John Edward Brumwell Holtom** and **Esther Pleasaunce Catchpool**,²⁷⁸ They had two children: **Bridget Frances Putz** and **Ruth Emily Griselda**.

21-Bridget Frances Putz Holtom

21-Ruth Emily Griselda Holtom

20-Rachel Ann Putz

20-Nicholas Charles Putz

18-**Julian Pease Fox**¹² was born on 2 Sep 1894 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 22 May 1979 in Wellington, Somerset at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit.
- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer. Fox Bros. In Wellington, Somerset.

Julian married **Marjorie Ellis Gibbins**, daughter of **Richard Cadbury Gibbins**^{7,12,74} and **Caroline Lloyd**,^{7,12,74} on 17 Jun 1920 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Marjorie was born on 28 Jan 1893 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 27 Mar 1981 at age 88. They had two children: **Michael Pease** and **Ronald Howard**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

19-**Michael Pease Fox** was born on 21 Aug 1921 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 10 Feb 2010 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Spiceland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman Fox Brothers & Co. Ltd.

Michael married **Yvonne Hotham Cadbury**, daughter of **Joel Hotham Cadbury**^{3,7,74} and **Margery Patching**,^{7,74} on 24 Jul 1948 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Yvonne was born on 27 Jul 1921 in Northfield, Birmingham, Worcestershire, died on 21 Sep 2016 at age 95, and was buried in FBG Spiceland. They had four children: **Julian Hotham**, **Patricia Jean**, **Roger Cadbury**, and **Diana Frances**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were Quakers.

General Notes: **Yvonne Hotham Fox obituary** Yvonne Fox, who has died aged 95, had a remarkable positive energy and optimism and spent her life joyfully serving others. She had a wonderful zest for life that she shared with others through her work as a physiotherapist and through her dedication to many community causes. Having trained and worked as a physiotherapist she went on to volunteer with St John Ambulance, Meals on Wheels, and Inner Wheel Club (part of Rotary International). She also served on the management committee at Tone Vale Psychiatric Hospital at Cotford St Luke, and she was a Governor at both Sidcot School and Wellington School. Yvonne was an early advocate of the natural childbirth movement, which went against the norm of the time. Instead of being made to lie flat on their backs with their feet in stirrups, as was the standard practice of the time, she believed that women deserved to have a more active role in giving birth to their children. She was able to combine her healthcare training with her ability to build confidence in others to empower more women to do this. She was greatly valued for her work with the Natural Childbirth Trust. As an enthusiastic member of St John Ambulance Brigade Yvonne regularly ran first aid courses, helped with home nursing and did lots of fundraising. Her concern for others led her to set up St John Car Outings, organising drivers to pick up lonely older people and take them to country houses for tea. Her open welcoming nature put others at ease and made these outings fun. The generosity of local people in opening their homes was rewarded by the heartfelt appreciation of people who were becoming side-lined by society. Yvonne was a committed member of Wellington Society of Friends (Quakers), playing an active role inspiring newer members. Her Christian faith was expressed practically in her love and care, and in seeing the best in everyone. It was not only what she did, it was how she did it that inspired those around her. Everything she undertook from the biggest endeavour to the smallest chore was carried out with joy, fun and a profound sense of gratitude. She was a source of wisdom and eternal optimism for her many friends and family. Yvonne was born at Selly Oak, Birmingham on 27th July 1921 into the Cadbury family of chocolate-making fame. Her own parents Margery and Joel Cadbury owned a button manufacturing company. Together

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with her three elder brothers she was brought up in a Quaker (Society of Friends) family. She attended the Friends schools at Sidcot near Bristol and the Mount School, York. When the second world war broke out she was studying English at Leeds University, but her contribution to the war effort was to train as a Physiotherapist at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Birmingham in order to be of practical assistance to those in need. She was happily married to Michael Pease Fox, director of Fox Brothers of Wellington, who she met through her school friend Angela Fox of Gerbestone Manor. Michael spent the war with the Friends Ambulance Unit in China before studying Engineering at Cambridge University, and then joining the family textile business. They married in 1948 and moved into Legglands on Wellington Hill, where they spent their whole married life together. They went on to have four children, seven grandchildren and ten great grandchildren to whom Yvonne was a source of love, inspiration and fun. Yvonne loved being outdoors, regularly ate her breakfast in the fresh air, and welcomed friends and family to share the fruit and veg from her garden. She and Michael enjoyed going on picnics, walks and mountaineering together until well into their 80s. Yvonne had an amazing ability to make everyone feel welcome and special. She was always really pleased to see you and shared her time and energy generously. She will be remembered by her family as someone who was perennially optimistic and whose presence could transform the most mundane occasion into something special. Her family are grateful for the loving care she received these last few months as a resident of Popham Court and for the friends and family who brightened her days with chats, visits and outings. A service in celebration of Yvonne's life will be held at 11am on Friday 7th October at Taunton Deane Crematorium. A reception will follow at Langford Budville Village Hall. All are warmly welcome to attend both parts of the day. Memorial gifts may be made in Yvonne Fox's name to St John Ambulance (give address and link to Granny's online donation site for St John Ambulance). *Emily Samways and Bryony Fox.*

20-Julian Hotham Fox

Julian married **Susan Lamb**. They had three children: **Jethron Pease**, **Emily Jane Tamarin**, and **Bryony Claire**.

21-Jethron Pease Fox

21-Emily Jane Tamarin Fox

Emily married **Jeremy Malcolm Samways**. They had one son: **George Louis Fox**.

22-George Louis Fox Samways

21-Bryony Claire Fox

Julian next married **Louise Perrin**.

20-Patricia Jean Fox

Patricia married **Prof. Christopher Frank Dowrick**, son of **Prof. Frank Dowrick** and **(Mabel) Cherry (Barbara) Burberry**. They had two children: **Elizabeth Rachel** and **Clare Christine**.

21-Elizabeth Rachel Dowrick

Elizabeth married **Dr. Malcolm Philip Savage**. They had one daughter: **Hannah Joy**.

22-Hannah Joy Savage

21-Clare Christine Dowrick

20-Roger Cadbury Fox

Roger married **Gordana Milijasevic**. They had two children: **Alexandra Yvonne** and **Victor James**.

21-Alexandra Yvonne Fox

21-**Victor James Fox** was born on 3 Mar 1994, died on 12 May 2016 in Dharasu, Nalupani, Uttarakashi, India at age 22, and was buried on 23 May 2016 in Marylebone Crematorium, London. The cause of his death was in a tragic motorcycle accident.

General Notes: DEHRADUN: A 22-year-old British biker, who was with a four-member expedition team riding from Rishikesh to Gangotri, lost balance and fell into a deep gorge along with his bike in Nalupani area of Uttarakashi district. After a three-hour operation by the State Disaster Response Force (SDRF) and the local police, he was rescued but died on the way to hospital.

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Ravindra Yadav, station officer, Dharasu, told TOI, "The four were on different motor-cycles. They had started the expedition from Rishikesh and were on their way to Gangotri Dham." Around 7.30pm on Thursday, Victor James Fox lost control of his two-wheeler and fell into a 200-metre-deep gorge near Dharasu bend in Nalupani, about 30km from Uttarakashi.

With no help in sight at the spot, his three friends went ahead and informed policemen at Chinayalisaund about the accident and sought their assistance. On receiving the information, a team from Dharasu police station and personnel of SDRF along with rescue equipment rushed to the spot.

"We heard his cries for help and despite the cover of darkness, a sincere effort was made to rescue the British national. We could not even see Fox and our team worked hard to find him in the deep gorge," Yadav said. After the rescue operation that lasted nearly three hours, the police personnel were successful in bringing him out of the gorge at about 10.30pm.

"Fox was rushed to the district hospital at Uttarakashi, where doctors declared him dead," Yadav added.

A post-mortem was conducted on Friday, after which the victim's body was brought to Himalayan Hospital at Jolly Grant, Dehradun. "On Saturday, Fox's family members are expected to arrive in the state capital. They will take a call on the location where his last rites will be performed," the police officer said.

The Times of India. 13 May 2016

I am sorry that my first post here for a long time has to be a sad one. I am writing to let the wider family know of the loss of Victor J Fox, son of Roger and Goga Fox and sister to Sasha, who live in North London. Roger is my first cousin and from the Wellington Foxes i.e. the third child of Michael (last Chairman of the family owned Fox Brothers; d.2010) and Yvonne Fox of Legglands.

Victor was 22 years old and "in the starting blocks" of a full and successful life when last Thursday, he suffered a dreadful and fatal accident as his motorbike plunged down a 200' ravine in Northern India.

He had gained a first class honours degree in Philosophy and then spent five months travelling and working on his own in Colombia. An experience which led some family to notice on his recent brief return to England, an increasing maturity in this already very likeable,able and serious young man. He then flew out to India to meet other friends who had been trekking further east and they explored Southern India before heading North. Here they hired motorbikes in order to visit the temple at the source of the Ganges.

Somehow he became separated from his friends and when they caught up with him, he was being tended by paramedics having fallen down the ravine.

It is unclear why this tragedy occurred but that it is a tragedy is in no doubt.

There will be a cremation at Marylebone Crematorium (small venue) on Monday 23rd May at 11.00 a.m. followed by a humanist service in the dining room at Highgate Junior School (Bishopswood Rd N6 4PP - entrance opposite Mallinsons sports centre) at 4.30 p.m. and then a wake at 6.30p.m. in The Wrestler Pub nearby.

Judy Fox (JudyFox@lds.co.uk) via Lordsmeade group. 20 May 2016

20-Diana Frances Fox

19-**Dr. Ronald Howard Fox** was born on 12 Feb 1923 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 9 Jul 2009 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 86.

General Notes: Ph.D. MB. BS. MRCS. LRCP.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSC MRCS LRCP.
- He worked as a Physician.

Ronald married **Agatha Ann Pocock**. They had four children: **Marion Judith**, **Christine Joanna**, **Susan Rachel**, and **Jonathan Howard**.

20-Marion Judith Fox

Marion married **Nicholas Jefferson Charles**. They had three children: **Alyssa Mary Fox**, **Gemma Ann Fox**, and **Josie Jane**.

21-Alyssa Mary Fox Charles

21-Gemma Ann Fox Charles

21-Josie Jane Charles

20-Christine Joanna Fox

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Christine married **Richard James William Hewlett**. They had two children: **James Anthony** and **Martin Jonathan**.

21-**James Anthony Hewlett**

21-**Martin Jonathan Hewlett**

20-**Dr. Susan Rachel Fox**

Susan married **Dr. Martin Joseph John Beckers**, son of **Huub Beckers** and **Truus Vanderpi**. They had four children: **Matthew Lloyd**, **Joshua Howard**, **Kristian Eliot Maurice**, and **Daniel George**.

21-**Matthew Lloyd Beckers**

21-**Joshua Howard Beckers**

21-**Kristian Eliot Maurice Beckers**

21-**Daniel George Beckers**

20-**Jonathan Howard Fox**

Jonathan married **Ruth Ann Blake**. They had three children: **Anna May**, **Thomas Howard**, and **Maisie Joanna**.

21-**Anna May Fox**

21-**Thomas Howard Fox**

21-**Maisie Joanna Fox**

18-**Evangeline Mary Fox**¹² was born on 7 May 1896 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 17 May 1896.

18-**Dorothea Fox**¹² was born on 19 Oct 1900 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 30 Oct 1947 at age 47.

18-**Henry Fox**¹² was born on 28 May 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 May 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

17-**Reginald Pease**^{10,12} was born on 7 Dec 1865 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 12 Jul 1927 in Barnard Castle, County Durham at age 61, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Reginald married **Beatrice Alexandra Forsyth-Grant**,¹² daughter of **Frederick Grant Forsyth-Grant** and **Margaret Catherine Orr**, on 15 Jun 1898 in Barnard Castle, County Durham. Beatrice was born on 4 Feb 1870 in Ecclesgreig, Montrose, died on 11 Apr 1946 in Barnard Castle, County Durham at age 76, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had two children: **Philip Ivan** and **Maurice Oliver**.

18-**Maj. Philip Ivan Pease** was born on 27 Jul 1900 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Nov 1964 in Sledwich, Barnard Castle, County Durham at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1952.
- He worked as a Farmer in Sledwich, Barnard Castle, County Durham.

Philip married **Doris Madelaine Crichton**, daughter of **Maj. Hubert Francis Crichton** and **Esther Eliza Saunderson**, on 11 Dec 1925. Doris was born on 30 May 1904 in Farnborough, Hampshire and died in 1991 at age 87. They had five children: **Bridget**, **Alison Beatrice**, **Carol Esther**, **Nigel Crichton**, and **Simon Philip**.

19-**Bridget Pease**

Bridget married **Geoffrey David Wentworth-Stanley**, son of **Charles Sydney Bowen Wentworth-Stanley** and **Edith Katherine Brocklebank**, on 1 Mar 1951 in

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London. Geoffrey was born on 28 May 1924 in Karachi and died on 18 Aug 2005 at age 81. They had four children: **David Michael, Nicholas Philip, Christopher James**, and **Adrian Charles**.

General Notes: Served in the 9th Queen's Royal Lancers; member of the Stock Exchange; partner in Cazenove & Co, 1958-88; High Sheriff of Hertfordshire, 1972; resident in 1989 at Great Munden House, near Ware, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Cazenove & Co.

20-David Michael Wentworth-Stanley

David married **Jane Hall**, daughter of **Lieut. Col. Thomas Armitage Hall** and **Marie Antoinette Hornby**. They had three children: **Laura Clare, Emma Jane**, and **Harriet Sarah**.

21-Laura Clare Wentworth-Stanley

Laura married **Robert Nelson**. They had three children: **Rory David, William Edward**, and **Margot Elspeth Jane**.

22-Rory David Nelson

22-William Edward Nelson

22-Margot Elspeth Jane Nelson

21-Emma Jane Wentworth-Stanley

Emma married **Rory Andrew Renshaw**. They had two children: **George Andrew** and **Nicholas Michael**.

22-George Andrew Renshaw

22-Nicholas Michael Renshaw

21-Harriet Sarah Wentworth-Stanley

Harriet married **Matthew Smith**, son of **Gen. Sir Rupert Smith**. They had two children: **Sebastian Luke** and **Cosima Jane**.

22-Sebastian Luke Smith

22-Cosima Jane Smith

20-Nicholas Philip Wentworth-Stanley

Nicholas married **Clare Husted Steel**, daughter of **Anthony Nigel Steel** and **Annie Reiner**. They had three children: **James Nicholas, Harry David**, and **Louisa Clare**.

21-**James Nicholas Wentworth-Stanley** was born in 1985 and died on 15 Dec 2006 in Worcestershire at age 21. The cause of his death was Sadly died from self-inflicted shotgun injuries.

21-Harry David Wentworth-Stanley

Harry married **Cressida Bonas**, daughter of **Jeffrey Bonas** and **Lady Mary-Gaye Georgiana Lorna Curzon**.

21-Louisa Clare Wentworth-Stanley

Nicholas next married **Mildred Brenninkmeijer**, daughter of **Karel Brenninkmeijer**. They had three children: **Frederick Karel, Sofia Marise**, and **Marisa Bridget**.

21-Frederick Karel Wentworth-Stanley

21-Sofia Marise Wentworth-Stanley

21-Marisa Bridget Wentworth-Stanley

20-Christopher James Wentworth-Stanley

20-Adrian Charles Wentworth-Stanley

Adrian married **Ann N. Moorberg**, daughter of **Capt. M. L. Moorberg**. They had three children: **Charles Edward**, **Olivia Ann**, and **Edward Monte**.

21-Charles Edward Wentworth-Stanley

21-Olivia Ann Wentworth-Stanley

21-Edward Monte Wentworth-Stanley

19-Alison Beatrix Pease

Alison married **Christopher Nicholas Weatherby**, son of **James Weatherby**, on 16 Jan 1954 in Barnard Castle, County Durham. Christopher was born in 1920 and died on 31 Dec 2004 at age 84. They had four children: **Andrew Christopher**, **Clare Alison**, **Jonathan Roger**, and **Roger Nicholas**.

20-Andrew Christopher Weatherby was born on 13 Jan 1955 in London and died on 24 May 1999 at age 44.

20-Clare Alison Weatherby

Clare married **Peter Gilbert Greenall 4th Baron Daresbury**, son of **Edward Gilbert Greenall 3rd Baron Daresbury** and **Margaret Ada Olive Crawford**. They had four children: **Thomas Edward**, **Oliver Christopher**, **Toby Peter**, and **Jonathan James**.

21-Hon. Thomas Edward Greenall

Thomas married **Annabelle Lucy Victoria Sheppard**, daughter of **Richard Donald Anthony Harding Sheppard**. They had two children: **Leo Gilbert** and **Alfie Peter**.

22-Leo Gilbert Greenall

22-Alfie Peter Greenall

21-Hon. Oliver Christopher Greenall

21-Hon. Toby Peter Greenall

21-Hon. Jonathan James Greenall

20-Jonathan Roger Weatherby

Jonathan married **Sophie Cliffe-Jones**.

20-Roger Nicholas Weatherby

19-Carol Esther Pease

Carol married **William Edward Ayscough Fox**, son of **William Herbert Fox** and **Marjorie Ellen Ayscough**. They had four children: **William Philip**, **Annabel Carol**, **Jane Cordelia**, and **Robert James Ayscough**.

20-William Philip Fox

20-Annabel Carol Fox

20-Jane Cordelia Fox

20-Robert James Ayscough Fox

19-Capt. Nigel Crichton Pease

Nigel married **Ailsa Smith-Maxwell** in 1963. Ailsa died on 6 Feb 2016. They had one daughter: **Karen**.

20-Karen Pease

19-Simon Philip Pease was born on 27 Jan 1945 in Barnard Castle, County Durham and died on 11 Jun 2007 on A Fishing Trip In Scotland at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Underley Grange, Kirby Lonsdale.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Cumbria in 1998.

Simon married **Amanda Smith-Rewse**. They had two children: **Lucy** and **Clare**.

20-Lucy Pease

Lucy married **Bennet Mansel Leigh Hoskyns-Abrahall**, son of **John Benedict Leigh Hoskyns-Abrahall** and **Mary Delamain Jackson**. They had three children: **Connie May**, **Benedict Simon Jackson**, and **Frances Amanda Raven**.

21-Connie May Hoskyns-Abrahall

21-Benedict Simon Jackson Hoskyns-Abrahall

21-Frances Amanda Raven Hoskyns-Abrahall

20-Clare Pease

Simon next married **Clementine Hebler**. They had one son: **Philip John Simon**.

20-Philip John Simon Pease

Simon next married **Angela E. Berry**.

18-Maurice Oliver Pease was born on 11 Sep 1901 in Darlington, County Durham and died in 1975 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1956.
- He had a residence in Sledwich, Barnard Castle, County Durham.

Maurice married **Marysia Skrzynska**, daughter of **Andrzej Skrzynski** and **Anny Marii**, on 26 Jul 1954 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Marysia was born on 25 Jul 1917 in Krakow, Poland and died on 21 Oct 1960 in Darlington, County Durham at age 43. They had one daughter: **Jane**.

19-Jane Pease

Jane married **Andrew Douglas-Home**, son of **Hon. Edward Charles Douglas-Home** and **Nancy Rose Straker-Smith**, in 1980. Andrew was born on 14 May 1950. They had three children: **Richard**, **Nicholas**, and **Freddie**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Richard Douglas-Home

20-Nicholas Douglas-Home

20-Freddie Douglas-Home was born on 13 Dec 1989 and died on 27 Jan 1990.

Maurice next married **Sybil Mary Willoughby Boulton**, daughter of **Gerald Bowman Boulton**.

Maurice next married **Virginia Ruth Primrose Hughes-Onslow**, daughter of **Oliver Hughes-Onslow** and **Helen Ruth Dodds**, on 21 Oct 1969. Virginia was born on 19 Apr 1917 and died on 7 May 1997 at age 80.

16-Samuel Lloyd^{2,8,10,12,25,74} was born on 28 Dec 1827 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 26 Feb 1918 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham at age 90.

General Notes: **21 Aug 1875. Sat:** *[Corndavon Lodge]* A dampish morning, John William *[Pease]* not much better, his throat still very sore. After working at my letters and books, went out fishing '96 poor sport. Samuel Lloyd, wife and 5 daughters came to lunch; with them to the lake, pulled about, the fish would not hook, boys fishing, no shooting.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Lloyds Foster in Wednesbury, Staffordshire.
- He had a residence in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham.

Samuel married **Jane Eliza Janson**,^{2,8,10,12} daughter of **William Janson**^{7,30} and **Eliza Jane Dearman**,⁷ on 29 Jul 1858 in FMH Winchmore Hill. Jane was born on 28 May 1839 in Tottenham, London and died on 26 Mar 1895 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham at age 55. They had 12 children: **Amy, Edyth Mary, Adelaide Jane, Charlotte, Caroline Janson, Margaret Jessie, Florence Anna, Julia, Marian, Samuel Janson, Albert William**, and **Mary Constance**.

17-Amy Lloyd⁸ was born on 1 Jun 1859 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 3 Mar 1948 in London at age 88.

17-Edyth Mary Lloyd⁸ was born on 16 May 1860 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 1 Jan 1936 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire at age 75.

17-Adelaide Jane Lloyd⁸ was born on 23 Apr 1861 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 12 Jun 1937 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 76.

17-Charlotte Lloyd⁸ was born on 21 May 1862 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 6 Mar 1950 in Exmouth, Devon at age 87.

17-Caroline Janson Lloyd¹² was born on 4 Dec 1863 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 17 Dec 1921 in Alderley Edge, Cheshire at age 58.

Caroline married **Henry Wybrow Freston**,¹² son of **Thomas Westfaling Freston** and **Catharine Louisa Wybrow**, on 25 Jan 1894 in Sparkbrook, Birmingham. Henry was born on 30 Dec 1867 in Manchester and died on 14 Apr 1936 in Patterdale, Cumbria at age 68. They had six children: **Janet Bridget, Catharine Mary, Thomas Anthony, Rachel Caroline, Richard Lloyd**, and **Henrietta**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP.
- He had a residence in Westfield, Poynton, Cheshire.

18-Janet Bridget Freston was born on 18 May 1895 in Prestwich, Manchester.

Janet married **Henry Richard Barker**, son of **Ernest Richard Barker** and **Marie Oliver**, on 15 Aug 1929 in Ndola, Rhodesia. Henry was born on 18 Oct 1896 in Smyrna, Turkey. They had four children: **Mary Caroline, Evelyn Jane, Rachel Ann**, and **Richard William**.

19-Mary Caroline Barker

19-Evelyn Jane Barker

Evelyn married **John William Bradly**, son of **Frederick William Bradly** and **Lilian Maud Bodman**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**Rachel Ann Barker** was born on 20 Jul 1932 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 2 Apr 1942 in Exmouth, Devon. Cycling accident. at age 9.

19-**Richard William Barker** was born on 21 Aug 1936 in Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire and died on 4 Mar 1940 in London at age 3.

18-**Catharine Mary Freston** was born on 8 Aug 1897 in Prestwich, Manchester.

Catharine married **Edward John Lake Baylay**, son of **Charles Allan Baylay** and **Caroline Matilda Brooke**, on 23 Oct 1933 in Bishops Nympton, Devon. Edward was born on 18 Dec 1881 in Ajmere.

18-**Thomas Anthony Freston** was born on 20 May 1898 in Kersal.

Thomas married **Winifred Reynolds**, daughter of **William George Reynolds** and **Lucy Chick**, on 26 Sep 1922 in Lythe, Whitby, Yorkshire. Winifred was born on 26 Nov 1899 in Harrogate. They had one daughter: **Anne Celia**.

19-**Anne Celia Freston**

Anne married **Anthony St. Clair Armitage**. They had four children: **St. Clair**, **Caroline**, **William**, and **John**.

20-**St. Clair Armitage**

20-**Caroline Armitage**

20-**William Armitage**

20-**John Armitage**

Thomas next married **Dorothy Amy Smith**, daughter of **Angelo John Smith** and **Mary Margaret Newton**. They had two children: **Luella Caroline** and **Jane Petra**.

19-**Luella Caroline Freston**

19-**Jane Petra Freston**

18-**Rachel Caroline Freston** was born on 2 Aug 1899 in Kersal.

Rachel married **Dr. Percival Charles Collyns**, son of **Robert John Collyns** and **Eleanor Maud Abbott**, on 30 Jun 1925 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Percival was born on 25 Jan 1896 in Dulverton. They had three children: **Anthony John**, **Charles Napier**, and **Rachel Perdita**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a MRCS LRCP.

19-**Anthony John Collyns**

Anthony married **Audrey Elisabeth Achurch**, daughter of **G. Philip Achuch** and **Audrey**.

19-**Charles Napier Collyns**

Charles married **Patricia Mary Law**, daughter of **Charles Law** and **Phyllis Saville**. They had five children: **Charles Valentine Adlai**, **Simon Lloyd Franklin**, **Harry Napier Law**, **James**, and ____.

20-**Charles Valentine Adlai Collyns**

20-**Simon Lloyd Franklin Collyns**

20-**Harry Napier Law Collyns**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-**James Collyns** was born on 2 Jul 1960 in London and died on 12 Nov 1960 in London.

20-_____ **Collyns**

19-**Rachel Perdita Collyns**

18-**Richard Lloyd Freston** was born on 1 Mar 1903 in Kersal.

Richard married **Mary Kathleen Christie-Miller**, daughter of **Lieut. Col. Sir Geoffrey Christie-Miller** and **Kathleen Olive Thorpe**. They had three children: **Jill Mary**, **Patricia Thorpe**, and **Martin Geoffrey Lloyd**.

19-**Jill Mary Freston**

19-**Patricia Thorpe Freston**

19-**Martin Geoffrey Lloyd Freston**

18-**Henrietta Freston** was born on 17 Sep 1904 in Poynton, Stockport, Cheshire.

17-**Margaret Jessie Lloyd** was born on 8 Dec 1864 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 1 Dec 1952 in Exmouth, Devon at age 87.

17-**Florence Anna Lloyd** was born on 10 Mar 1866 in The Hollies, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 17 Apr 1939 in Ilfracombe, Devon at age 73.

17-**Julia Lloyd**² was born on 13 Apr 1867 in The Hollies, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 7 Apr 1955 in Caroline House Nursing Home, Exeter Road, Exmouth, Devon at age 87. The cause of her death was Myocardial degeneration.

General Notes: Lloyd, Julia (1867-1955), educationist, was born at Hollies, Wednesbury, Staffordshire, on 13 April 1867, the eighth daughter in the family of ten daughters and two sons of Samuel Lloyd (1827-1918), an ironmaster, and his wife, Jane Eliza, *née* Janson (1839-1895). In 1870 the Lloyds moved to Farm, Sparkbrook, Warwickshire (later Birmingham). They belonged to an extensive network of Quaker families then dominant in Birmingham's civic, industrial, and philanthropic life. Lloyd attended Edgbaston High School for Girls from 1881, then the only such school for girls in Birmingham. She early developed an interest in the Froebelian kindergarten movement which had spread from Germany, principally through women. In England, kindergartens, confined chiefly to better off children, developed a rather mechanical approach. The Unitarian Caroline Bishop found that the liberal play-work pedagogy which she had studied at the revisionist Pestalozzi-Froebel Haus in Berlin was uncongenial to the national Froebel Society so established a college, school, and model kindergarten in Edgbaston, Birmingham. Lloyd studied there from 1888, subsequently practising in two different kindergartens before training in Berlin itself from 1895 to 1896. Inspired by the philosophy of treating children as plants needing proper nurture by an understanding gardener to strike deep roots into good ground, she rejoiced in Miss Schepel's teaching, the stimulating work and play in bright, spacious rooms and well stocked garden, the invigorating environment, and being part of a social, thinking community. On return she first worked for nearly three years at the Froebel College under Bishop and Miss Last before moving to the Sesame House for Home-Life Training in London where, invited by Schepel, she took charge of the Child Garden. Thoroughly enjoying both the challenge and the community life she thus, for many years, was closely engaged with prime female revisionist Froebelian institutions, aiming at using kindergartens to better the lives of both the poor and the middle-class women who worked in them. Lloyd fervently wished to open free kindergartens for the poor in Birmingham. The school board was interested in kindergarten methods, but saw them merely as a way to enliven ordinary subjects in large classes not as a way of education in itself. In contrast, in 1903, with principally Quaker financial support, a free People's Kindergarten to be run by Lloyd was established in the poor area of Greet. Lloyd was secretary (and also treasurer for the first four years) in a committee largely consisting of Quakers and Unitarians. After its opening in 1904, the kindergarten under Lloyd and successive paid superintendents became very successful. With an attractive, healthy environment, scope for individual development within stimulating, co-operative work and play, their own garden plots and pets, visits to Farm and elsewhere, and tea parties for the mothers, Lloyd was sure the children developed in intelligence and curiosity, orderliness, and cleanliness. Under Lloyd, Greet Kindergarten became a centre for training girls, mostly from council schools, in the care and management of children. Its success, evidenced in keen parental support and brilliant reports from qualified inspectors and educationalists alike, attracted a stream of visitors from all over the country. In 1907 this success was reiterated when a second similarly organized kindergarten was opened in the poor area of Summer Lane at the Women's Settlement. Evidence shows that Lloyd took much personal interest in the activities while allowing her staff a free hand and hosting many visitors. Once a third kindergarten was under way in 1908, the Birmingham People's Kindergarten Association (BPKA) was formed with prestigious local and university support. As honorary secretary, Lloyd played a leading role in its struggle both locally and within the national movement to win nursery school grants both before and after the BPKA became the Birmingham Nursery Schools' Association (BNSA) in 1917. Lloyd welcomed the greater emphasis on health once the kindergartens became nursery schools, although she had increasingly promoted this before. In 1918 Lloyd, supported by BNSA, set up a little short-lived kindergarten at Memorial Hall near Farm but BNSA was

dissolved in 1919 once the 1918 Education Act appeared to fulfil its demands for Local Education Authorities (LEAs) to supply nursery schools. In the ensuing changes the Settlement Nursery came under LEA control while Greet Nursery School obtained an LEA grant, subsequently, through private generosity, moving to Selly Oak in 1921 and purpose-built premises in 1930.

In 1923 Lloyd was at the Manchester conference which established the Nursery Schools Association (NSA, later the NSA of Great Britain), regretting, like others, the tardiness of LEAs to act on nursery education. In 1926 the NSA annual conference was held in Birmingham which, with surrounding areas, formed the first of the new branches of the association. With Lloyd elected honorary secretary and treasurer (until 1929) and its representative at London meetings, the branch campaigned vigorously for more nursery schools and had national NSA figures to address its meetings. It was praised nationally for its progressive civic outlook and its past achievements, 'so largely due to the untiring devotion and effort of Miss Julia Lloyd' (Owen and Eggar, 34). Lloyd resisted, however, initiatives she thought might impair the quality of children's nursery experience.

Lloyd, always involved with the children and one of the most liberal of its subscribers, remained an active member of the committee of Selly Oak Nursery until resigning in early 1935. Praised for her inspiring leadership by the committee and others locally and nationally, Lloyd, in turn, admired other pioneers. For example, she visited Dr Maria Montessori in Rome in 1913, valuing particularly the professional expertise which infused her work. Subsequently, she introduced some of Montessori's didactic material in Birmingham. She had a lasting friendship and respect for Schepel and Bishop whose work and writings she promoted.

In the late 1920s Lloyd moved to Balsall Common where she was deeply involved in Workers' Educational Association work. An active supporter of the League of Nations, she also enjoyed art, colour painting, and philosophy. By 1934 she was living in Selly Oak, before eventually moving to Exeter in 1938.

Lloyd wrote various pamphlets on nursery schools, her handwritten and typewritten addresses and notes revealing her passionate commitment to kindergarten ideals and personal experiences in Berlin and in Boston, USA, in 1906. Her writings were persuasive, immediate, and direct, enlivened by telling comments. Her eagerness for the historical record to be known and remembered was shown by her careful compilation of the Annals of the Birmingham Nursery Schools Association, 1903-1919, the materials she sent to Grace Owen, secretary of the NSA, gifts to individuals and libraries, and her keenness for Birmingham to preserve the symbolic trees planted at Greet (then transplanted to Sparkhill) and at the new Deritend Nursery School in 1935. Her Quaker upbringing and networks were significant in her work. She worked mostly with women, stressing the professional expertise of qualified women like herself. She cared deeply about the conditions of the poor; nevertheless, she was a single, middle-class woman 'educating' mothers of the lower classes and thereby gaining public authority.

Lloyd died of myocardial degeneration on 7 April 1955 at Caroline House Nursing Home, Exeter Road, Exmouth, Devon. After £100 given to the British and Foreign Bible Society and various other bequests, the residue went to the University of Birmingham for a Julia Lloyd readership in social philosophy in the faculty of arts thus reflecting her lifelong interest in the philosophy and science behind her work. The Selly Oak Nursery committee recalled at her death her 'infectious and compelling enthusiasm' and their pride in their links with her pioneering work 'for the children of the City' (Birm. CA, SON, minutes, May 1955).

Ruth Watts

Sources

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Likenesses

photograph, repro. in 'Miss Julia Lloyd of Balsall: a pioneer of nursery schools', *Coventry Standard* (22-3 Jan 1932) · photographs, Library of Birmingham , Selly Oak Nursery, Acc. 2011/036, box 1

Wealth at death

£19,696 0s. 7d.: probate, 20 June 1955, *CGPLA Eng. & Wales*

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Ruth Watts, 'Lloyd, Julia (1867-1955)', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, Oxford University Press, Sept 2013 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/104436]

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Edgbaston High School for Girls in 1881 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- She worked as an Educationalist.

17-**Marian Lloyd** was born on 2 Dec 1868 in The Hollies, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 18 Dec 1946 in Gloucester at age 78.

17-**Samuel Janson Lloyd**¹² was born on 17 Mar 1870 in The Hollies, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 8 Sep 1943 in Pipewell Hall, Kettering at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate 1882 To 1885.
- He worked as a Director of Stewarts & Lloyds.
- He had a residence in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire.

Samuel married **Margaret Ellen Philips**,¹² daughter of **Rev. Edward Philips** and **Emily Mather**, on 17 Nov 1896 in Hollington, Staffordshire. Margaret was born on 4 Feb 1875 in Long Close, Hollington, Staffordshire. They had 13 children: **Samuel Charles Edward, William Frederick, Priscilla Marian, Noel, Philip Henry, Herbert, Edward Mark, David Llewellyn, Mary Lloyd, John Michael, Ruth Irene, Christopher**, and **Timothy Peter**.

18-**Samuel Charles Edward Lloyd** was born on 19 Aug 1897 in Hollington and died on 1 Aug 1952 at age 54.

Samuel married **Marjorie Florence Kershaw**, daughter of **Hugh Kershaw** and **Florrie Minnie Maud**.

Samuel next married **Barbara Ann Sherren**, daughter of **James Sherren** and **Madelaine Thorne**, on 21 Jul 1926 in Old Hunstanton. Barbara was born on 24 Nov 1904 in London. They had four children: **Samuel, Samuel James, David Charles**, and **Peter John**.

19-**Samuel Lloyd**

Samuel married someone. He had one son: **Samuel Jeremy**.

20-**Samuel Jeremy Lloyd**

19-**Samuel James Lloyd**

19-**David Charles Lloyd**

19-**Peter John Lloyd**

Peter married **Geraldine Purser**. They had one son: **Sean Edward James**.

20-**Sean Edward James Lloyd**

Samuel next married **Coral Serena Verity Holroyd**, daughter of **Maj. Charles Patrick Holroyd** and **Coral Montague**, on 13 Apr 1939 in London. Coral was born on 17 Nov 1908 in Ropley, Hampshire and died in 1977 in Leicester, Leicestershire at age 69.

18-**William Frederick Lloyd** was born on 1 Oct 1899 in Hollington.

William married **Mittie Mary Starr Bailey**, daughter of **Col. Sir Abe Bailey 1st Bt.** and **Dame Mary Westenra**, on 4 Dec 1935 in London. The marriage ended in divorce. Mittie was born on 1 Aug 1913 and died on 10 Apr 1961 at age 47. They had two children: **William Abel Samuel** and **Mary Ann**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1947.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-William Abel Samuel Lloyd

19-Mary Ann Lloyd

18-**Priscilla Marian Lloyd**² was born on 9 Oct 1901 in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire.

Priscilla married **Sir William Alexander Roy Collins**,^{2,279} son of **William Alexander Collins** and **Grace Brander**, on 14 Oct 1924 in Wilbarston. William was born on 23 May 1900 in Norwood, died on 21 Sep 1976 in Hayle Farm House, Horsmonden, Kent at age 76, and was buried in Horsmonden Church, Horsmonden, Kent. They had four children: **Deborah Ann**, **William "Jan" Janson**, **Sarah Elizabeth**, and **Samuel Alexander Mark**.

General Notes: William Alexander Roy [Billy] Collins (1900-1976) became chairman and presided at St James's Place. He was educated at Harrow School and Magdalen College, Oxford, where he distinguished himself more as a sportsman than as a *littérateur*, obtaining a third-class degree in modern history in 1922. His brother Ian, who for his war service was appointed OBE and chevalier of the Légion d'honneur, and received the Croix de Guerre, became vice-chairman, and made a speciality of bibles, prayer books, and stationery, while his cousin William Hope Collins (Godfrey's son, born on 5 September 1903) took charge of the printing works. The return of peace saw a number of promising additions to the Collins list: H. J. Massingham (The Wisdom of the Fields) and John Moore (the Brensham trilogy)-evidence of people's longing to recapture the innocence of the pre-war countryside-Neville Cardus (Autobiography), Christopher Sykes (Four Studies in Loyalty), Ivor Brown (Shakespeare), and Milton Waldman, who published his Elizabeth and Essex and joined the firm as literary adviser. They flourished alongside war stories, for which an apparently insatiable public appetite was developing. Gerald Hanley's Monsoon Victory and Bernard Fergusson's Beyond the Chindwin had been published during the war, but they were eclipsed after 1945 by Roy Farran's Winged Dagger, Desmond Young's Rommel, Paul Brickhill's Reach for the Sky, and The Great Escape. The Wooden Horse, by Eric Williams, which outstripped them all and sold half a million copies, had been first published as Goon on the Block by another publisher, was acquired by Collins after it failed, and was substantially rewritten by Waldman.

On 14 December 1949 the directors floated the first public issue of shares in the company's history, over-subscribed four times within a few minutes (this led eventually to the acquisition of a controlling interest by News International and the cessation of family interest in the firm). By now Collins employed some 2500 people in Glasgow alone, and it was calculated that the printing presses could together produce at least 15,000 copies of a 256-page book per hour. Throughout the 1950s Collins was either first or second in the annual count of new books and new editions published; their total in 1960, when they again came first, was 576 titles.

In 1950 appeared the first of many beautifully illustrated books on the ballet, brought to Collins by the editor Mark Bonham Carter and printed away from Glasgow by photogravure. This was Baron at the Ballet (Baron was a celebrated photographer, and Arnold Haskell contributed an introduction); 60,000 copies were sold in twelve years. A new 'packager', Rainbird McLean, sought out Collins in 1951 for a sumptuous new edition of Robert Thornton's Temple of Flora; Sacheverell Sitwell's equally sumptuous Fine Bird Books (1953) and Great Flower Books (1956) followed from the same stable. Further, more modest Rainbird McLean titles were published from time to time.

Billy Collins took a particular interest in natural history and wildlife. The flourishing New Naturalist Library may have been largely his creation, and R. S. R. Fitter's Collins Pocket Guide to British Birds, published in 1953 (and followed a year later by A Field Guide to the Birds of Britain and Europe), sold 100,000 copies in the next ten years and presaged a long list of nature books and field guides to wildlife the world over.

In 1953 Collins bought the publishing house of Geoffrey Bles Ltd, which had been founded in 1923. With Vicki Baum's Grand Hotel (1930) and books of popular piety by C. S. Lewis and J. B. Phillips, the firm had enjoyed occasional success; ironically, it proved to be seriously under-capitalized when its best-sellers, Lewis's children's stories in the Narnia series, arrived in the early 1950s. Bles was allowed autonomy, but its list dwindled and stopped altogether in 1974.

Most significant of all in that hectic year of 1953 was the launch of Fontana Books, the firm's own paperback imprint. Collins had taken a one-quarter share in the Reprint Society book club on its foundation in 1939, and Pan Books (of which Collins owned a one-third share) was established as its independent paperback subsidiary in 1944. Until the early 1950s Collins had been content to lease paperback rights in their books to Pan and their only rivals, Penguin Books, but by 1953 the paperback market was expanding and it was clear that the house should take advantage of the riches of its backlist. The rights in many books were brought back to Collins as their leases expired, and the first batch of Fontana paperbacks included titles by Armstrong, Williams, Bryant, Christie, Cheyney, Spring, Balchin, and Hammond Innes, a very successful writer who published all his thrillers with Collins.

In 1955 Collins bought another small publishing house, the Harvill Press, created in 1946 by two Catholics, Manya Harari and Marjorie Villiers. Their aim had been to rebuild the bridges, destroyed during the war, between peoples of different nationalities and religions. Their eclectic list included translations from the European languages, and through the critic and translator Max Hayward Harvill became particularly well known for Russian literature, usually by dissidents. They found an ally at St James's Place in Billy's wife Priscilla Marian, *née* Lloyd (1901-1990), whom he had married some twenty years earlier, on 14 October 1924. Known as Pierre to her friends, she had converted to Catholicism and was building one of the leading British religious lists. The Collins imprint on protestant works satisfied her adviser Ronald Gregor Smith and the shade of Dr Chalmers, and the Harvill imprint widened the ecumenical spectrum. Fontana enjoyed enormous success with its religious list, launched in 1957 with a range of authors from Phillips and Lewis to Georges Bernanos (The Carmelites) and the Confessions of St Augustine.

In 1955 Collins published H.M.S. 'Ulysses', the first of many thrillers by Alastair MacLean. In 1956 came the firm's last substantial British acquisition, the fashionable Hatchards bookshop in Piccadilly, London; again its management enjoyed reasonable autonomy, though Billy Collins was always very keen to see his new books in the window. Rose Macaulay's last novel, The Towers of Trebizond, was published this year to critical acclaim, as were Naught for your Comfort by Father Trevor Huddleston, and The Fortress, an account of his wartime experiences by a Collins editor, Raleigh Trevelyan. But this was nothing beside the massive success of Boris

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Pasternak's Doctor Zhivago, published in 1958-an *annus mirabilis*-under a joint Collins-Harvill imprint: the first printing of 25,000 copies sold out in four days. In that same year came The Memoirs of Field-Marshal Montgomery, with a first printing of 135,000 copies; the Collins Guide to English Parish Churches, edited by John Betjeman with illustrations by John Piper; the Autobiography of St Theresa of Lisieux, translated by Ronald Knox; books by Sybille Bedford and Roy Jenkins, both new to the list; and The King's War, the second volume of C. V. Wedgwood's account of the English civil war (The King's Peace had been published in 1955).

The following year saw the publication of The Phenomenon of Man by the mystical Pierre Teilhard de Chardin. This was widely reviewed but perhaps less widely understood (although the author was a Catholic priest, his books appeared under the Collins imprint because, it was said, Harari and Villiers found them more obscure than transcendental). A prolonged strike in the printing trades during the summer severely curtailed output, yet Collins's profits rose by £100,000.

In 1960 came two new books under the Collins-Harvill imprint: Giuseppe di Lampedusa's The Leopard, one of the century's great novels, and Born Free: a Lioness of Two Worlds by Joy Adamson, the account of how an African game warden and his wife raised a motherless lion club, taught it to hunt for itself, and set it free. Sales of Born Free totalled 135,000 after six months, 230,000 after twelve months. This year also saw the completion of the highly important Statistical Account of Scotland and the launch of the Fontana Library, a remarkably ambitious and wide-ranging series of what were then called 'egg-head paperbacks', for which the rights in almost all the titles were acquired from other publishers, though a few such as Lord Acton's Lectures on Modern History were out of copyright. That the Fontana Library soon spawned a sub-series Theology and Philosophy was due to Pierre Collins's urge to publish, for example, Karl Barth, Paul Tillich, Father Martin D'Arcy, and Helen Waddell. No fewer than ten Fontana religious titles featured in the autumn 1961 list, together with The Correspondence between Richard Strauss and Hugo von Hofmannsthal and The Non-Existent Knight, the second book by Italo Calvino to be published by Collins. The children's department in London published the first six (including Dr Seuss's The Cat in the Hat) of a series initiated by Random House in New York, the Beginner Books, destined to print many million copies in hard covers and later in paperback. The profit on the year rose to £800,000.

In 1962, Collins and Macmillan bought Heinemann's share in Pan Books to become joint owners of Pan-a shrewd move, as Pan were larger than Fontana and second only to Penguin in British paperback publishing. Later in the year the book trade staged its successful defence of the net book agreement (to the great relief of booksellers around the country), and Collins opened a new million-pound six-storey warehouse capable of dispatching 100,000 books per day. Maurice Collis, Compton Mackenzie, Michael Frayn, Norman Lewis, and Philip Ziegler joined the list; Ross Macdonald joined the Crime Club; Jean Renoir wrote Renoir, my Father; and Harvill published a new translation of Pascal's Pensées. In November came an illustrated translation of Goethe's Italian Journey by W. H. Auden and Elizabeth Mayer, printed by Mardersteig at the Stamperia Valdonega.

The Companion Guides were launched in 1963 under the general editorship of Vincent Cronin: the first titles dealt with Paris, the south of France, and the Greek islands, and some twenty further titles followed. Sybille Bedford's second novel, A Favourite of the Gods, was published seven years after her first, the acclaimed A Legacy. Lord Beaverbrook joined the list with The Decline and Fall of Lloyd George, and the film-maker Elia Kazan with his first novel, America America. Fontana issued the first ever paperback Bible, the plain text of the Revised Standard Version. By now paperbacks were booming in Britain, with 10,000 titles in print. The same year saw the first title in a new series of paperback originals, the Fontana History of Europe: Geoffrey Elton's Reformation Europe.

The mid- to late 1960s saw the Collins list expanding to include important titles such as Roy Jenkins's Asquith (1964), Søren Kierkegaard's Journals of his Last Years (1964), and Max Mallowan's Nimrud and its Remains (1966), an account of his principal Mesopotamian excavation. Nigel Nicolson also edited for Collins at this time the first of three volumes of his father Harold's Diaries and Letters (1966), covering the years 1930-39. Bryant launched his two-volume English social history with The Medieval Foundation (1966). Malcolm Muggeridge, Edward Crankshaw, and Gerald Durrell joined the ranks of Collins authors, and the Harvill Press continued to publish translations of writers such as Julio Cortázar and Mikhail Bulgakov. Harvill's interest in Russian books in particular was to continue into the 1970s, with books by Sinyavsky and Sakharov, as well as Solzhenitsyn's The Gulag Archipelago (1974). Fontana also flourished, with the publication in 1967 of the Fontana English Dictionary ('including the new terminology of the space age'), Iris Murdoch's Sartre (1967), and the attainment of 6 million sales of religious titles.

William Hope Collins, Billy Collins's cousin in charge of the factory, died on 21 August 1967. After his death the printing operation moved to another former Blackie factory at Westerhill; warehousing and the Glasgow publishing offices followed over the next ten years, and the Cathedral Street premises were sold to the University of Strathclyde.

Despite these changes, the company continued to flourish. The first volume of William Barclay's new translation of the New Testament appeared in 1968. Carlos Baker's life of Ernest Hemingway was followed in 1970 by a major coup for Collins, the novelist's previously unpublished Islands in the Stream. The year 1970 also saw the appearance of Master and Commander, the first of the Jack Aubrey series of novels about the navy in Napoleonic times written by Patrick O'Brian. The book was at first largely unnoticed by the book trade on either side of the Atlantic, but Collins's faith in the writer resulted in a steadily growing readership as successive books in the series were published. At the same time, Fontana Modern Masters was launched under the general editorship of Frank Kermode, with lives of Camus, Fanon, Guevara, Lévi-Strauss, and Marcuse. Herman Wouk's The Winds of War was a popular success for Collins in 1971-its first printing of 100,000 copies sold well. The first volume of Malcolm Muggeridge's autobiography appeared in 1972, along with biographies of Sybil Thorndike and Rose Macaulay, and novels by Peter Levi, Julian Symons, and Catherine Gaskin.

In 1974 Collins acquired the American World Publishing Company, which proved a costly disappointment. Nevertheless, sales of such important titles as The Common Bible ('published with the blessing of the Protestant, Catholic, and Orthodox churches'), and The Good News Bible (1976), demonstrated the sound footing of the company. The Good News Bible was one of the best-sellers of the year-it had been co-published with the bible societies, and the first printing totalled 1 million copies. The autumn list of 1976 published from St James's Place alone included twelve other religious titles, thirty fiction, fifteen Crime Club, twenty-seven non-fiction titles, and fifty Fontanas (including an original title by Noam Chomsky, Reflections on Language). Collins, now printing 60 million books per year, had indeed come a long way since 1819.

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Sir William Alexander Roy Collins died at his home, Hayle Farm House, Horsmonden, Kent, on 21 September 1976 and was buried at Horsmonden church. He had been appointed CBE in 1966 and knighted in 1970. He had two sons, William, known as Jan (*b.* 10 June 1929), and Mark (*b.* 3 June 1935), and two daughters, Deborah (*b.* 30 May 1926) and Sarah (1933-1967). All worked for the firm for a time, Jan in Glasgow (where he remained after succeeding his father as chairman) and the others at St James's Place. Sarah built up a highly successful foreign rights department. The secret of Billy Collins's success as one of the twentieth century's greatest publishers lay in three outstanding qualities, all of which were also evident in his predecessors. His larger-than-life enthusiasm was infectious, bringing in new authors (some of whom were irresistibly tempted away from their previous publishers), flattering booksellers across the Commonwealth, harrying literary editors into reviewing his books, above all selling his books to his own sales team and making sure that their saleability was fully appreciated by every representative within reach. Almost all Collins's geese were swans. He was obsessive over detail, and he drove his colleagues and himself very hard: for many years he started the day by opening the post, he approved every book jacket, Fontana cover design, and national media advertisement. Essential additional strength came from his wife, Pierre, whose eye for good writers and successful books confirmed his taste and extended his horizons. On Friday evenings Billy and Pierre rushed down to the country (first Northamptonshire, later Kent) where weekends were vigorously occupied in farming, hunting, gardening, and above all reading manuscripts. These strengths were offset, his critics maintained, by an impatient lack of purely intellectual or cultural concern, a mischievous but transparent interest in setting senior colleagues against each other, and an occasional insensitivity to others' feelings which a privileged upbringing and a powerful ambition would account for. He could be brisk, terminating discussion with a clinching 'isn't it' which was not to be interpreted as an invitation to further argument, but he was invariably courteous, and his was a kind heart. Jan Collins became non-executive chairman in 1979 and sold his shares in the firm to Rupert Murdoch in 1981. The firm was sold to News Corporation in January 1989.

John Trevitt

Sources

D. Keir, *The house of Collins* (1952) · DNB · personal knowledge (2004) · private information (2004) · m. reg. Scot. [William Collins] · bap. reg. Scot. [Sir William Collins] · IGI · m. reg. Scot. [Sir William Collins and Annabella Proudfoot Glen] · m. cert. [Alexander Glen Collins and Cornelia Pattison] · bap. reg. Scot. [Alexander Glen Collins] · b. cert. [Ian Glen Collins] · bur. reg. Scot. [William Alexander Collins] · b. cert. [William Alexander Roy Collins] · d. cert. [William Alexander Roy Collins] · m. cert. [William Alexander Collins and Grace Brander]

Archives

U. Glas. , Archives and Business Records Centre, William Collins, Sons & Co. Ltd, cashbooks, ledgers, minutes, records | Sheff. Arch. , letters to James Montgomery [William Collins] · U. Edin., New Coll. L., letters to Thomas Chalmers [William Collins]

Likenesses

portrait (Sir William Collins), repro. in Keir, *The house of Collins* [*see illus.*]

Wealth at death

£5661 4s. 11*d.*-William Collins: recording, 9 Feb 1854, NA Scot., SC 8/35/7 pp. 118-25 · £84,046 10*s.* 5*d.*-William Alexander Collins IV: confirmation, 18 March 1946, *CCI* · £121,613 16*s.* 6*d.*-William Collins: confirmation, 19 Sept 1906, *CCI* · £157,736 3*s.* 11*d.*-Sir William Collins: confirmation, 22 April 1895, *CCI*
© *Oxford University Press 2004-14 All rights reserved: see legal notice* John Trevitt, 'Collins family (*per.* c.1820-c.1980)', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2008 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/64075]

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Publisher.

19-Deborah Ann Collins

Deborah married **Peter Tyndale Lewis**, son of **Oswald Lewis**. They had one daughter: ____.

20-____ **Lewis**

19-William "Jan" Janson Collins

William married **Lady Sarah Elena Hely-Hutchinson**, daughter of **John Michael Henry Hely-Hutchinson 7th Earl Donoughmore** and **Dorothy Jean Hotham**. They had four children: **William Noel**, **Jane Margarita**, **Tiffany Anne**, and **Bryony Mary Pierre**.

20-William Noel Collins

William married **Lucinda Rosemary Gow**, daughter of **Michael Harper Gow**. They had two children: **Emily Lucinda Julian** and **Melissa Daisy**.

21-Emily Lucinda Julian Collins

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21-Melissa Daisy Collins

20-Jane Margarita Collins

Jane married **Richard Eric Laurence Oliphant Of That Ilk**, son of **Reginald Godfrey Laurence Oliphant Of Condie** and **Joan Rosalind Mary Lawrence**.

Jane next married **Robert Andrew Russell**, son of **Canon J. G. Russell**.

20-Tiffany Anne Collins

20-Bryony Mary Pierre Collins

19-Sarah Elizabeth Collins² was born on 16 Jun 1933 in London and died in 1967 at age 34.

Sarah married **Philip Sandeman Ziegler**, son of **C. L. Ziegler**. They had one son: **Colin**.

20-Colin Ziegler

Colin married **Julia Inglis**, daughter of **Maj. Christopher Rupert Cyril Inglis** and **Astrid Charlton**.

19-Samuel Alexander Mark Collins

Samuel married **Rosemary Alice Montagu-Douglas-Scott**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Lord William Walter Montagu-Douglas-Scott** and **Lady Rachel Douglas-Home**, on 22 Feb 1978. Rosemary was born on 3 Aug 1940 and died on 10 Jul 2015 at age 74. They had two children: **Sampson William Francis** and **Benjamin Mark Timothy**.

20-Sampson William Francis Collins

20-Benjamin Mark Timothy Collins

18-Noel Lloyd was born on 26 Dec 1903 in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire and died on 14 Oct 1944 in Duddington, Northamptonshire at age 40.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Master of the Pipewell Beagles.
- Miscellaneous: He and his chauffeur were killed in a collision with an army vehicle.

Noel married **Faith Atha**, daughter of **Charles Gurney Atha** and **Sarah Gwendolen Hay**.

18-Philip Henry Lloyd was born on 7 Apr 1905 in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire.

Philip married **Monica Murray-Phillipson**, daughter of **William Charles Beasley-Robinson** and **Grace Sharpe**, on 24 Feb 1943 in London. Monica was born on 31 May 1900 in Walton on Thames, Surrey.

18-Herbert Lloyd was born on 20 Sep 1906 in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire and died on 22 Sep 1906 in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire.

18-Edward Mark Lloyd was born on 26 Apr 1908 in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire and died on 22 Dec 1913 in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire at age 5.

18-David Llewellyn Lloyd was born on 27 Feb 1910 in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire and died on 5 Aug 1996 in Pipewell Hall, Kettering at age 86.

David married **Evadne Flower**, daughter of **Sir Archibald Dennis Flower** and **Florence Keane**, on 12 Dec 1945 in London. Evadne was born on 15 Aug 1911 in Stratford and died on 13 Jul 2003 at age 91. They had two children: **Archibald David Sampson** and **Evadne Sara**.

19-Archibald David Sampson Lloyd

Archibald married **Sarah Mary Coats**, daughter of **Capt. Sir Alastair Francis Stuart Coats 4th Bt.** and **Lukyn Gordon**. They had two children: **Catherine Mary** and **Amy Constance**.

20-Catherine Mary Lloyd

20-Amy Constance Lloyd

19-Evadne Sara Lloyd

18-Mary Lloyd Lloyd

Mary married **Cmdr. Harold Reginald Newgass**, son of **Benjamin Newgass** and **Maria Regina Hess**, on 17 Jun 1931 in London. Harold was born on 3 Aug 1899. They had two children: **Miriam** and **Jennifer Priscilla**.

19-Miriam Newgass

Miriam married **Nigel Neil Nicholls**, son of **Maj. Gen. Sir Leslie Burtonshaw Nicholls** and **Doris Kathleen Fresson**. They had four children: **Mark C.**, **David C.**, **Jonathan R.**, and **Michael Peter**.

20-Mark C. Nicholls

20-David C. Nicholls

20-Jonathan R. Nicholls

20-Michael Peter Nicholls

19-Jennifer Priscilla Newgass

Jennifer married **Maj. Hon. Peter Charles Baillie**, son of **Brig. Hon. Evan George Michael Baillie** and **Lady Maud Louisa Emma Cavendish**. They had four children: **Catriona Margaret**, **Elizabeth Mary Eilidh**, **Susan Jennifer**, and **Rachel Emma**.

20-Catriona Margaret Baillie

20-Elizabeth Mary Eilidh Baillie

Elizabeth married **Michael Halstead-Morton**. They had two children: **Hannah Elizabeth** and **Emily Victoria**.

21-Hannah Elizabeth Halstead-Morton

21-Emily Victoria Halstead-Morton

Elizabeth next married **Philip Clabburn**.

20-Susan Jennifer Baillie

Susan married **Capt. Christopher Rushworth**. They had one son: **William Christopher**.

21-William Christopher Rushworth

20-Rachel Emma Baillie

Mary next married **John Cecil Budd**, son of **Sir Cecil Lindsay Budd** and **Bloom David Woolf**, on 20 Aug 1938 in London. John was born on 3 Jun 1899 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire. They had two children: **James Michael** and **Caroline Margaret**.

19-James Michael Budd

19-Caroline Margaret Budd

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18-**John Michael Lloyd**

18-**Ruth Irene Lloyd**

18-**Christopher Lloyd** was born on 3 Jul 1918 in Brigstock, Thrapston, Northamptonshire and died on 27 May 1940 in Dunkirk. Missing In Action at age 21.

18-**Timothy Peter Lloyd** was born on 22 Mar 1922 in Pipewell Hall, Kettering and died on 25 Jul 1944 in Killed At Monterachi, Italy at age 22.

17-**Albert William Lloyd**¹² was born on 29 Jul 1871 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham and died on 8 Mar 1952 in South Molton, Devon at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate 1883 To 1885.
- He had a residence in Ettington, Warwickshire.

Albert married **Caroline Emma Baylay**,¹² daughter of **Charles Allan Baylay** and **Caroline Matilda Brooke**, on 2 Feb 1909 in St. Martin's Church, Bedford, Bedfordshire. Caroline was born on 1 Mar 1878 in Bath, Somerset and died on 25 Apr 1962 in South Molton, Devon at age 84. They had one son: **John Owen**.

18-**John Owen Lloyd** was born on 12 Oct 1914 in London and died on 2 Apr 1938 at age 23.

John married **Joan Mary Fordham**, daughter of **Henry John Fordham** and **Elizabeth Mary Pryor**.

17-**Mary Constance Lloyd** was born on 7 Oct 1873 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham.

16-**Amy Elizabeth Lloyd**^{8,19} was born on 24 Oct 1829 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 1 May 1843 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire at age 13.

16-**Sarah Lloyd**^{8,10,12,39} was born on 3 Oct 1831 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 21 Feb 1922 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 90.

Sarah married **Wilson Sturge**,^{7,10,12,39,280} son of **Charles Sturge**^{4,5,7,29,33,111,177,180,281,282} and **Mary Darby Dickinson**,^{4,7,29,30,33,177,180} on 7 Sep 1859 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Wilson was born on 14 Apr 1834 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 4 Oct 1899 at sea, returning to England. Heart failure. at age 65, and was buried in Protestant Cemetery, Bay of St. Paul, Malta. They had ten children: **Mary Darby, Wilson Henry, Leonard, Helen Winifred, Arthur Lloyd, Philip Maximilian, Amy Elizabeth, Edward Pease, Sara Millicent**, and **Evelyn**.

General Notes: Wilson Sturge, 65 4 10mo. 1899 Birmingham. As Wilson Sturge will hereafter be best known in the history of the Society of Friends in connection with his services among the Dukhobors in the Island of Cyprus - the closing work of his life - it will be fitting to give the readers of the " Annual Monitor " an outline of the circumstances that led to his going there, and without some knowledge of which it would be impossible for them to realise the value of the help he rendered to the Society. When Friends began to assist these poor Russians in finding and settling in a new home, they were under the disadvantage of not being able to hold any communication with them, except indirectly and at uncertain intervals, and thus they were unable to come to an understanding upon some well-considered plan of emigration. The funds raised by the Society, although substantial, were insufficient to transport the large number of persons re-quired, beyond the nearest available point; and inquiries set on foot within such range of Batoum were practically restricted to the three countries of Syria, Egypt and Cyprus. Of these, the last-named was the only one found feasible ; and with all the effort that could be made it was not possible to arrange for a large area of land in an island 2,000 miles away, without a considerable lapse of time. Meanwhile other sympathisers with the Dukhobors, who realised the severity of their sufferings, and the urgent need of their removal, while they did not grasp the importance of first having shelter ready to receive them, labouring, as many of them were under serious illness, advised them at once to obtain their passports and prepare for the voyage to Cyprus. The result was disastrous to the people it was intended to serve, as a large number broke up their homes and crowded into Batoum, where there was no proper accommodation for housing them. Previous to the bursting of the storm of persecution which had left them in so stripped a condition, they had set aside a little fund towards a hoped-for emigration ; and finding themselves threatened on the one hand by fever, and on the other by starvation from the exhaustion of their means while waiting, they fell back on this fund to engage a steamer which should convey them at once to Cyprus, where they heard the English Friends were getting them an asylum. Their doing this obliged Friends suddenly to raise a large guarantee to the British Government, without which the landing could not be permitted; and, what was worse, on the arrival of the vessel at Larnaca with over eleven hundred souls on board, there was no provision for housing them; some tents sent by the London Committee being still on the water en route for the island. The authorities there, however, telegraphed to the Colonial Office, asking if they should act on behalf of the Committee ; an offer which it is needless to say was thankfully accepted. New tents were purchased on the spot, and these were pitched in the public gardens at Larnaca, as the only area instantly available. The gardens were, however, in a low and marshy situation, and the. poor Dukhobors, numbers of whom had already been suffering from marsh fever in the Caucasus, and who were worn down from want of proper food and shelter before their emigration, began to sicken and die. To those who were in touch with the position, and on whom the responsibility weighed of getting it set right, the prospect was little short of appalling. It was at this juncture that Wilson Sturge offered his services to the Committee to go out to Cyprus and organise the settlement of the immigrants ; this

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having been suggested to him by one of his friends as a duty that no one else could so well undertake. Few things are more remarkable in the Divine government of the world than the infinite variety of instruments that are fitted for the infinitely varied services that have to be performed in it, and the way in which our several individualities are made to subserve the special kinds of work allotted to us. "In a great house there are many vessels." No one conversant with the Society of Friends can fail to have observed how greatly its training tends to develop individuality and the power of initiative in its members. Of this Wilson Sturge was a good example ; and it is not too much to say that he was so remarkably fitted for the particular work he did in Cyprus, that no other person in the Society could have done it nearly so well. He was a good "all-round" man, somewhat reserved in speaking of matters that many treat too glibly, well read, an enthusiastic naturalist, and possessed of a dry humour that made his letters delightful reading. Not only had he the requisite business training in the firm of which he was so long a member, (Joseph & Charles Sturge), and the agricultural knowledge needed for the management of the farms the Committee had to provide for the Dukhobors in Cyprus, but he added to these a large experience gained in travel, and during his distribution of relief among the Finns after the Crimean War, and among the French peasantry who suffered from the war of 1870-1 ; as well as such a knowledge of the Russian peasantry of the Caucasus and of the Russian language, as he had acquired during a six years' residence at Poti, where he had acted as an exporter of hardwoods and minerals, besides holding the post of British Vice-Consul. Poti lies on low and marshy ground at the mouth of the river Rion, on the Black Sea, is very unhealthy, few residents, if any, escaping attacks of fever. In his lonely residence in this spot* Wilson Sturge had not escaped this malady, which had somewhat shaken his health ; though at the time he offered to go out to Cyprus it was such as to justify the Committee in their acceptance of his valued help. A farm had been secured for the Dukhobors at Athalassa, some three miles from Nicosia, the capital of the Island, where a number of huts had been built as quickly as the circumstances had permitted. The housing was still miserably insufficient, and illness was rife among the newcomers on all hands ; so that when Wilson Sturge landed the tasks before him were multifarious and difficult. Food, firing, clothing, building materials, seeds and trees for planting, agricultural implements, pumps and appliances for irrigation, and medicines and comforts for the sick, all had to be estimated for and provided, and doctors and (* *An official at that time in the Caucasus spoke very feelingly of the remarkable influence Wilson Sturge exercised in this isolated position on those with whom he was brought into business relations, by his strict integrity and the way in which he kept his word under all circumstances, amid surroundings where custom made this example conspicuous by its contrast : a light shining amid great darkness.*)) nurses arranged for ; while land had to be set out for cultivation, and further areas of it procured, and cattle purchased, in another part of the island, necessitating journeys and interviews with officials, the drawing up of agreements, and much correspondence with the Committee in England. When to all this is added the control of over a thousand persons placed suddenly in a new environment, unaccustomed to western ideas and modes of living and of work, and gifted with the unfailing equipment of original and thoughtful people - a not inconsiderable will of their own - it will be realised that Wilson Sturge's work was no sinecure. He faced it with unfailing sympathy, backed by a firm will ; for he had the natural power of command without which there can be no effective government. From the outset the authorities of Cyprus had done everything in their power to make the Dukhobor settlement a success, and Wilson Sturge fought against the difficulties that surrounded it, in the steady belief that they would be overcome. The initial mistakes which have been glanced at, and for which he was in no way responsible, made this, however, impossible, and it became necessary to re-emigrate the "Cyprus" Dukhobors to the colder climate of north-west Canada. To detail the history of this further migration would here be out of place. Wilson Sturge threw himself into the share of it that fell to his lot with the same energy that he had shown throughout the sojourn of the Dukhobors in the Island, arranging for the transport of the women and children and such material as it was desirable for them to take with them, to the seaside and then on board the vessel that was to carry them across the Atlantic ; and for the purchase of the fruit and vegetables, as well as seeing to the water-supply, for their five thousand mile voyage. As his boat pulled away from the Lake Superior, and the great ship steamed out into the blue Mediterranean, the last farewell of her thousand passengers to the man who had given them such untiring help was a touching scene. Men, women, and children crowded to the bulwarks to wave their hands to "the little grand- father," as they affectionately termed him - the children especially loved him - and tears and low sobs, amid the chant of the hymn they raised, testified to the depth of the feeling with which they parted from Cyprus, with its hundred and ten graves of their people, and to their sense of the sympathy there shown them. That the name of Wilson Sturge will never be forgotten by them, is evidenced by the following extract from a letter sent by them from Canada when they heard of his death: - "We want to express our feelings, that you should know how we sorrow for your husband and our dear grandfather, who has gone from us into eternity. May the Lord raise him up and take him into His heavenly kingdom. He has died in the flesh, but his memory will never die in us and in our children. He has engraven a deep impression on our hearts. In Cyprus he cherished us as a hen cherishes her chickens on the nest : he cared for us as a father cares for his children." We were sick and he bound our wounds ; we were an hungered and he gave us to eat; we were naked and he clothed us." After so long a separation from his home, Wilson Sturge might reasonably have been spared the further wearisome work of closing up the connection of the Dukhobor Committee with the island, involving as it did the reaping, threshing, and sale of the crops of grain, the surrender of leases, the disposal of land and farm stock, and many other details. But he was too self-denying a man to shirk any duty that stood in his path, whether great or small, and not until the whole was done, and everything, as he wrote to the Committee, was "finished up in a workmanlike manner," did he leave Cyprus. He paid a farewell visit to the High Commissioner and Lady Haynes Smith, at Government Cottage, where he was always a welcome guest in the intervals of his busy work ; and on the 29th of Tenth Month, took a passage for home on board the JBenmore. As the vessel did not sail immediately, he took a long walk next day (Seventh-day), getting back just in time for her starting at 3 o'clock in the after- noon. This walk, he afterwards complained, "had been too much for him. On Second-day he became drowsy; and intervals of unconsciousness followed, though he spoke cheerfully once or twice between them. Two days after he passed away; and as the vessel was nearing Malta, his remains were taken ashore at that island, and buried in the Protestant Cemetery, which overlooks what is known as the " Bay of St. Paul," a spot he had visited thirty-four years previously, and to which he referred in 1886 in Birmingham Meeting when speaking from the words, " There stood by me this night the Angel of God, whose I am, and whom I serve." And we cannot more fitly end this brief mention of our beloved friend than in the closing words of this sermon, in which he alluded to the spot that was thereafter to become his own burial place : - " And as we, too, sail the troubled sea of life, may we find in our extremity that on our right hand also stands the Angel of God, and that underneath us are the everlasting arms."

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Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 17 Frederick Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

17-**Dr. Mary Darby Sturge** was born on 16 Oct 1862 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 14 Mar 1925 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 62.

17-**Wilson Henry Sturge**^{7,39,107,185,207,251,260,261} was born on 12 Mar 1864 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 4 Mar 1935 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 70.

General Notes: STURGE.-On March 4th, 1934, Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-81), aged 70 years. [Is this a year out?]
WILSON HARRY STURGE died on March 4th, at the age of seventy, after a few months of illness. After six years at Bootham, he left with a deep loyalty to the School, and frequently came back to the Whitsuntide gatherings. He possessed in an unusual measure creative power, tenacity of purpose, and energy. In his business of electrical engineering (Sturge and Baker Ltd.) these qualities showed themselves in his inventiveness, which brought forth a number of new devices. Many of these, such as bowl fires, have been universally adopted. His personality found perhaps even greater scope in social work. He saw plainly the evils of " this sorry scheme of things "-its drabness and its waste, moral and naaterial; and he also possessed the much rarer powers of seeing great possibilities in unpromising things, and of working tenaciously towards the ideal which he had seen. He felt deeply the dreariness of much of the Black Country, and laboured to win back some of that desert-by taking part in experimental schemes of tree-planting on slag-heaps, by helping to start the Midland Vacant Land Cultivation Society, by founding garden clubs, and by putting in hard manual work himself. From his early days he worked for the Adult School movement, giving unsparingly time, thought, and energy, and he took a house near Farm Street Adult School, in order that he might share the environment of those among whom he was working. He had a great gift for friendship, and many will miss his companionship and help - his friends in the Adult School, in the Society of Friends, in the causes for which he worked, in the business world, and not least in the O.Y.S.A. He was fond of games and of social life, founding the Swarthmoor Football Club and the Economic Reading Circle in Birmingham, planning and keenly enjoying musical evenings, at which he played the 'cello, river parties on Avon and Severn, and cycling excursions. He was a keen lover of flowers and birds, and in his younger days a good cricketer and oarsman. He was the originator of the O.Y.S.A. Branch Associations. In 1906 he married Lucy Gibbins, and he leaves two daughters and a son. " Service was the keynote of his full and active life. Truly it might be said that ' he went about doing good.' " *Bootham magazine - July 1935*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1875-1881 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Sturge & Baker Ltd., Electrical accessories manufacturer.
- He resided at 35 Carpenter Road in 1935 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Wilson married **Lucy Gibbins**,^{7,39,107,185,207,251,261} daughter of **William Cadbury Gibbins**^{7,74,283} and **Phoebe Waterhouse**,^{7,74,283} on 24 Apr 1906 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Lucy was born on 13 Oct 1874 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 24 Dec 1956 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 82. They had three children: **Monica Dorothea**, **Mary Teresa**, and **Wilson Waterhouse**.

Marriage Notes: STURGE- GIBBINS.-On the 24th April, 1906, at Birmingham, Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-81), of Birmingham, to Lucy Gibbins, of Edgbaston.

18-**Monica Dorothea Sturge**²⁰⁷ was born on 6 Jul 1908 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in May 2002 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 93.

General Notes: STURGE.-On the 6th July, 1908, at Handsworth, Birmingham, Lucy, wife of Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-1881), a daughter, who was named Monica Dorothea.

18-**Mary Teresa Sturge**

Mary married **Joseph Russell Elkington**, son of **Joseph Passmore Elkington** and **Mary Russell Bucknell**. They had four children: **Judith**, **Mary Gwynneth**, **Joseph John**, and **Joseph Sturge**.

19-**Judith Elkington**

19-**Mary Gwynneth Elkington**

19-**Joseph John Elkington**

19-**Joseph Sturge Elkington**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Wilson Waterhouse Sturge**^{39,68,107,125,159,248,257,258,259} was born on 5 Jul 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 10 Sep 1988 at age 77.

General Notes: STURGE.-On the 5th July, 1911, at Birmingham, Lucy, wife of Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-81), a son, who was named Wilson Waterhouse. STURGE - on 10th September, 1988, Wilson W. Sturge (1925-29), aged 77.

WILSON W. STURGE (Bootham 1925-29) Wilson Sturge went from Bootham to Dalton Hall, Manchester University where he gained a first class honours degree in 1932. He then joined the family firm of electrical engineers in Birmingham with which he was associated for the whole of his working life. While a boy at Bootham he was a keen cricketer and played for the 1st XI, eventually graduating to the Falcons. He was also Bootham Fives Champion, and his name can be found on the championship plaque that now graces the walls of the lecture room since its creation from the lower level of the old fives court. He played a major role in the Birmingham OYSA branch over many years, and recently transferred its minute books to the Bootham Archives: he also negotiated the transfer of the Birmingham Scholarship Funds into the general OYSA Scholarship Amalgamated Funds. A faithful and regular attender at Whit Reunions, he died on 11th September, 1988, aged 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1925-1929 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Manufacturer.
- He had a residence in 90 Nursery Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at University of Manchester in 1929-1932.

19-**Jillian Mary Sturge**

19-**Catharine Anita Sturge**

19-**Michael Wilson Sturge**

20-**Nicholas Wilson Sturge**

20-**Christina Margrit Sturge**

17-**Leonard Sturge**^{39,284} was born on 12 Jun 1865 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 17 Jan 1921 in Perth, Perth and Kinross, Scotland at age 55.

General Notes: STURGE.-On the 17th January, Leonard Sturge (1876-1882), of 17 Frederick Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, aged 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1876-1882 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 17 Frederick Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

17-**Helen Winifred Sturge** was born on 14 Nov 1866 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 Jun 1941 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 74.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Headmistress, The Mount School, York.

17-**Arthur Lloyd Sturge**¹² was born on 4 Feb 1868 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 4 Dec 1942 in Ashmore, Dorset at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman of Lloyds 1922 To 1923 in London.
- He had a residence in Dolobran, Chislehurst, Kent.

Arthur married **Jessie Katharine Howard**,¹² daughter of **Theodore Howard**^{8,12,225} and **Susan Maria Jowitt**,^{7,8,12,225} on 2 Jun 1896 in Bickley, London. Jessie was born on 13 Mar 1870 in Tottenham, London and died on 17 Jan 1944 in Ashmore, Dorset at age 73. They had five children: **Guendolen, Rhona Winifred, Raymond Wilson, Katharine Brenda**, and **Arthur Collwyn**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Guendolen Sturge** was born on 14 Aug 1899 in Chislehurst, Kent.

Guendolen married **Capt. Albert Victor Stapleton**, son of **Joseph Stapleton** and **Agnes Draper**, on 16 Jul 1927 in Chislehurst, Kent. Albert was born on 20 May 1897 in Portsmouth and died on 21 Sep 1939 in Bexley, Kent at age 42. They had three children: **Penelope Joan**, **Katharine Mary**, and **Belinda Jane**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a RA MC.

19-Penelope Joan Stapleton

Penelope married **Peter Joscelyn Everett**, son of **Percy Varley Everett** and **Joyce Mary Angela Robinson**. They had three children: **Katherine Winn**, **Sara Gillian**, and **Jocelyn Mary**.

20-Katherine Winn Everett

20-Sara Gillian Everett

20-Jocelyn Mary Everett

19-**Katharine Mary Stapleton**²⁸⁵ was born on 14 Jul 1930 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 26 Feb 2011 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 80.

Katharine married **Dr. James Lionel Somervell**,²⁸⁵ son of **Dr. Theodore Howard Somervell**^{2,12,286,287} and **Margaret Hope Simpson**,¹² on 22 Nov 1952 in Godalming, Surrey. James was born on 23 Apr 1927 in Neyyoor, Travancore, India and died in 2009 at age 82. They had three children: **James Hugh**, **Mary Helen**, and **Thomas Richard**.

20-James Hugh Somervell

James married **Felicity Huxtable**. They had three children: **Katharine Lucy**, **Polly Elizabeth**, and **Phillipa Jane**.

21-Katharine Lucy Somervell

21-Polly Elizabeth Somervell

21-Phillipa Jane Somervell

20-Mary Helen Somervell

Mary married **Tim Kelly**. They had two children: **Benjamin Hugh** and **Anna Francesca**.

21-Benjamin Hugh Kelly

21-Anna Francesca Kelly

20-Thomas Richard Somervell

Thomas married **Jane Watts**. They had two children: **Jack Alexander James** and **Tess Elizabeth Sophie**.

21-Jack Alexander James Somervell

21-Tess Elizabeth Sophie Somervell

19-Belinda Jane Stapleton

Belinda married **Alan John Darlington**, son of **Richard Darlington** and **Irene Davies**. They had three children: **Richard**, **William**, and **James**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-**Richard Darlington**

20-**William Darlington**

20-**James Darlington**

Guendolen next married **William Charles Douglas Considine**, son of **William Considine** and **Katherine Mellon**, on 17 Dec 1938 in Grayshott. William was born on 16 Nov 1900 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. They had three children: **William Howard**, **Andrew Francis**, and **Margaret Douglas**.

19-**William Howard Considine**

William married **Unnamed**. They had two children: **Jon** and **Phillipa**.

20-**Jon Considine**

20-**Phillipa Considine**

19-**Andrew Francis Considine** was born on 3 Jan 1943 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 27 Oct 1943 in Ash.

19-**Margaret Douglas Considine**

18-**Rhona Winifred Sturge** was born on 4 Nov 1900 in Chislehurst, Kent.

Rhona married **Ronald Douglas Ure**, son of **George William Ure** and **Helen Agnes Rodan**, on 1 Aug 1935 in Ashmore. Ronald was born on 27 Dec 1889 in Dumfries. They had one daughter: **Patricia Douglas**.

19-**Patricia Douglas Ure**

18-**Raymond Wilson Sturge** was born on 10 Jun 1904 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 30 Mar 1984 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lloyds Underwriter.

Raymond married **Margaret Sylvia Keep**, daughter of **Walter John Keep** and **Alice Lilian Siddeley**, on 24 Sep 1929 in Groombridge. Margaret was born on 16 Dec 1906 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 4 Dec 1995 at age 88. They had five children: **Priscilla Margaret**, **Diana Catherine**, **Anthony Charles**, **Caroline Lloyd**, and **Katharine Sara Lloyd**.

19-**Priscilla Margaret Sturge**

Priscilla married **Peter Wyatt Kininmonth**, son of **Alec Marshall Kininmonth** and **Helen Wyatt Webster**. They had four children: **James Wyatt**, **Charles Alexander**, **Philippa Margaret**, and **Peter David Wyatt**.

20-**James Wyatt Kininmonth**

James married **Sue Griffen**. They had two children: **Annabel** and **Harriet**.

21-**Annabel Kininmonth**

21-**Harriet Kininmonth**

20-**Charles Alexander Kininmonth**

Charles married **Nicola M. Symington**.

20-**Philippa Margaret Kininmonth**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Philippa married **Martin Charles Kelway-Bamber**. They had two children: **Alice Kate** and **James Peter Glen**.

21-**Alice Kate Kelway-Bamber**

21-**James Peter Glen Kelway-Bamber**

20-**Peter David Wyatt Kininmonth**

Peter married **Anne F. C. Thompson**.

19-**Diana Catherine Sturge Baroness Eccles**

Diana married **John Dawson Eccles 2nd Viscount Eccles**, son of **Sir David McAdam Eccles 1st Viscount Eccles** and **Hon. Sybil Frances Dawson**. They had four children: **Alice Belinda**, **William David**, **Catherine Sarah**, and **Emily Frances**.

20-**Hon Alice Belinda Eccles**

Alice married **Rev. Robert Charles Irwin Ward**. They had four children: **Samuel John**, **James Nicholas**, **Susanna Mary**, and **David Christopher**.

21-**Samuel John Ward**

21-**James Nicholas Ward**

21-**Susanna Mary Ward**

21-**David Christopher Ward**

20-**Hon. William David Eccles**

William married **Claire Margaret Alison Seddon**, daughter of **Brian Seddon**. They had three children: **Peter David**, **Thomas Edward**, and **Catherine Lucy**.

21-**Peter David Eccles**

21-**Thomas Edward Eccles**

21-**Catherine Lucy Eccles**

20-**Hon. Catherine Sarah Eccles**

Catherine married **Joseph Brendan Gannon**, son of **Patrick Gannon**. They had two children: **Sorcha Margaret** and **Ella Catherine**.

21-**Sorcha Margaret Gannon**

21-**Ella Catherine Gannon**

20-**Hon. Emily Frances Eccles**

Emily married **Patrick J. Irwin**, son of **Rear-Admiral Richard O. Irwin**. They had two children: **Stella** and **Claire**.

21-**Stella Irwin**

21-**Claire Irwin**

19-**Anthony Charles Sturge**

Anthony married **Denise Avon Sadlier**, daughter of **Cmdr. Cyril Arthur Roy Sadlier** and **Laurie**. They had two children: **Lisa Catherine** and **Tiffany Louise**.

20-Lisa Catherine Sturge

20-Tiffany Louise Sturge

19-Caroline Lloyd Sturge

Caroline married **Brig. James William Frederick Rucker**. They had three children: **Sara Caroline**, **Rupert Charles William**, and **Jeremy Hamilton Lloyd**.

20-Sara Caroline Rucker

20-Rupert Charles William Rucker

20-Jeremy Hamilton Lloyd Rucker

19-Katharine Sara Lloyd Sturge

Katharine married **Stephen Irwin**. They had three children: **Vanessa**, **Adrian**, and **Julian**.

20-Vanessa Irwin

20-Adrian Irwin

20-Julian Irwin

18-Katharine Brenda Sturge

Katharine married **Charles Christopher Lloyd**, son of **Ernest Sampson Lloyd**¹² and **Mary Young**,¹² on 6 Aug 1938 in Ashmore. Charles was born on 2 Sep 1906 in Bangalore, Madras, India and died in 1986 at age 80. They had two children: **Joanna Mary** and **John Howard**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lecturer, RNC Greenwich.

19-Joanna Mary Lloyd

Joanna married **Henry Greenfield**. They had two children: **Julian** and **Rachel**.

20-Julian Greenfield

20-Rachel Greenfield

19-John Howard Lloyd

18-Arthur Collwyn Sturge

Arthur married **Beryl Gwenllian Arthur**, daughter of **Thomas Arthur** and **Mary Gwenllian Elizabeth Williams**, on 22 Sep 1938 in London. Beryl was born on 22 Oct 1917 in Hong Kong, China and died in Feb 2002 at age 84. They had four children: **Richard Arthur**, **Nicholas Collwyn**, **Susan Amanda**, and **Virginia Claire**.

19-Richard Arthur Sturge

19-Nicholas Collwyn Sturge

19-Susan Amanda Sturge

19-Virginia Claire Sturge

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Philip Maximilian Sturge**¹² was born on 11 Apr 1869 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 Dec 1935 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 66.

Philip married **Florence Maud Stammers**,¹² daughter of **Harry Noble Stammers** and **Florence Edmonds**, on 12 Apr 1910 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Florence was born on 21 Nov 1888 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire. They had three children: **Sylvia Lloyd**, **Daphne Maud**, and **Philip Arthur Joseph**.

18-Sylvia Lloyd Sturge

Sylvia married **George Ronald Lewin**, son of **Frank Lewin** and **Elizabeth Winkfield**. They had four children: **Rosemary Sylvia**, **Robin Anthony**, **Nicholas Francis**, and **Desmond William Maximilian**.

19-Rosemary Sylvia Lewin

19-Robin Anthony Lewin

19-Nicholas Francis Lewin

19-Desmond William Maximilian Lewin

18-Daphne Maud Sturge

Daphne married **Neville Herbert Brown**, son of **Herbert Alfred Brown** and **Mabel Mary Wilkinson**. They had two children: **Angela Daphne** and **Charles Neville**.

19-Angela Daphne Brown

19-Charles Neville Brown

18-**Philip Arthur Joseph Sturge** was born on 4 Mar 1919 in Moseley and died in Mar 1995 at age 76.

Philip married **Sylvia Constance Anne Foxell**, daughter of **Humphrey Foxell** and **Constance Johnson**, on 30 Dec 1942 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Sylvia was born on 20 Sep 1922 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Jan 2015 at age 92. They had four children: **Phylida Jane**, **Judith Anne**, **David Philip**, and **William John**.

19-**Phylida Jane Sturge** was born on 1 Feb 1944 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Dec 2012 at age 68.

19-Judith Anne Sturge

19-David Philip Sturge

19-William John Sturge

17-**Amy Elizabeth Sturge**²⁸⁸ was born on 12 Jul 1870 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 Dec 1943 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73.

17-**Edward Pease Sturge** was born on 3 Mar 1872 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 4 Mar 1951 in London at age 79.

Edward married **Grace Tower Warren**, daughter of **George Washington Warren** and **Mary Alice Flood**, on 5 Jun 1926 in FMH Purchase, New York, USA. Grace was born on 8 Jul 1890 in New York, New York, USA. They had three children: **Maida Grace**, **Joseph Edward**, and **David Warren**.

18-Maida Grace Sturge

18-Joseph Edward Sturge

Joseph married **Julie Anne Rider**, daughter of **Cecil Harvey Rider** and **Nellie Rosina Mears**. They had two children: **Joseph** and **(No Given Name)**.

19-Joseph Sturge

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19-Sturge

Joseph next married **Caroline Ann George**. They had one daughter: **(No Given Name)**.

19-Sturge

Joseph next married **Elisabeth Aldwyth Watkins**.

18-David Warren Sturge

17-**Sara Millicent Sturge** was born on 10 Sep 1873 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1963 at age 90.

17-**Evelyn Sturge** was born on 20 Jun 1875 in Moseley and died on 3 Jan 1961 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 85.

16-**Joseph Foster Lloyd**^{8,12,39} was born on 23 Aug 1833 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 30 Jul 1890 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1844-1845 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1846-1849 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Ironmaster before 1864 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire.
- He worked as an Iron and Coal Merchant in 1864-1871 in Darlaston, Walsall, Staffordshire.
- He worked as an Iron and Coal merchant in 1872-1880 in Weymouth, Dorset.

Joseph married **Frances Annie Butler**,³⁹ daughter of **Richard George Butler**, on 25 Sep 1873 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Frances was born in 1847 and died on 6 Apr 1934 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 87.

16-**Wilson Lloyd**^{8,10,12,39,207} was born on 3 Sep 1835 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 5 Sep 1908 in Park Lane House, Wednesbury, Staffordshire at age 73.

General Notes: An old Bootham scholar, who had taken prominent part in the public and industrial life of the Black Country, passed away on the 5th of September, at the age of 73. WILSON LLOYD came to York in 1846, and remained at school till Christmas, 1851. Returning to his native town of Wednesbury, he studied mechanical and mining engineering in his father's drawing offices and workshops at the Old Park Works, and, after other industrial experience, travelled for nearly a year abroad, in Canada, the United States and the West Indies. He had subsequently to undertake important duties as a large employer of labour in various ironworks and as a coalowner, but this did not prevent him from finding time to serve his fellow-citizens as a member of the Local Board, as member and chairman of the School Board, and for twenty years as an alderman of the Town Council. In 1874 he had become president of the local Conservative Association, and in 1875, was, after a strenuous contest, the first Conservative member of Parliament for Wednesbury, showing himself a consistent advocate of Fair Trade. In 1886, in consequence of the Home Rule question, which elsewhere produced such different results, his majority of 195 was replaced by a Liberal majority of 662. In 1892, however, he once again contested the seat, and succeeded in recapturing it by a majority of 60, after a most exciting contest, his opponent in each case being the Hon. Philip Stanhope, now Lord Weardale. In 1895 he decided, on personal grounds, not to seek re-election, but he continued up to his death to take an important part in local municipal life. In 1888 he had been elected mayor from outside the Council, and he later rendered valuable service as chairman of the Free Library Committee. His marriage, in 1883, to Miss Underhill, brought him a wife whose personal charm and kindness of heart won widespread affection. LLOYD.— On the 5th September, 1908, at Park Lane House, Wednesbury, Wilson Lloyd (18446-51).

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRGS JP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1846-1851 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Partner in Lloyds, Foster and Co. From 1861.
- He worked as a Mayor of Wednesbury 1898 To 1900.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Wednesbury 1885 To 1886.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Wednesbury 1892 To 1895.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He had a residence in 10 Francis Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He worked as a Colliery Proprietor and Director.

Wilson married **Margaret Emily Underhill**,^{10,12,39,207} daughter of **Dr. Thomas Underhill** and **Marianne Mew Owen**, on 10 Jan 1883 in Christ Church, West Bromwich. Margaret was born on 15 Jun 1855 in Great Bridge, Tipton and died on 12 Feb 1917 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 61.

16-**Anna Lloyd** was born on 27 May 1837 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 14 Apr 1925 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 87.

16-**William Henry Lloyd**^{8,12,39,86,201,289} was born on 22 Oct 1839 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire, died on 13 Mar 1916 in Hatch Court, Hatch Beauchamp, Taunton, Somerset at age 76, and was buried in Hatch Beauchamp, Taunton, Somerset.

General Notes: LLOYD.— On the 13th March, 1916, at Hatch Court , near Taunton, William Henry Lloyd (1849-55), aged 76 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1849-1855 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Farmer.
- He had a residence in Hatch Court, Hatch Beauchamp, Taunton, Somerset.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- He worked as a Secretary of the Darlaston Coal & Iron Co. In 1867-1873 in Darlaston, Staffordshire.
- He worked as a Manager of the Weldless Steel Tube Co. In 1873-1899 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Mayor of Wednesbury in 1892-1894.

William married **Margaret Percie Chirnside**,^{12,39} daughter of **John Bell Chirnside** and **Ellen Emma Cobham Watson**, in Sep 1915 in FMH Westminster. Margaret was born in 1861 in Fitzroy, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia, died on 22 Feb 1933 at age 72, and was buried in Hatch Beauchamp, Taunton, Somerset.

15-**Deborah Lloyd**^{7,12,23,88} was born on 5 Oct 1796 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 11 Mar 1841 in Tottenham, London at age 44.

Deborah married **George Stacey**,^{7,12,23,27,51,88,177,234,280} son of **George Stacey**^{7,12,30,223,224} and **Mary Wilson**,^{7,12,30,223,224} on 10 Apr 1818 in FMH Birmingham. George was born on 27 Sep 1786 in Lamb's Conduit Street, London, died on 12 Feb 1857 in Tottenham, London at age 70, and was buried on 20 Feb 1857 in FBG Tottenham. They had eight children: **Rachel, Mary, George, Anna Deborah, Catharine, Sarah, Samuel Lloyd**, and **Agatha**.

General Notes: **22 Feb 1857, Sun:** walked over to East Mount with Aunt Pease. Uncle writes to her that in the evening of George Stacey's funeral on the 20th they had a very trying time as John Hodgkin at the close of some remarks said, referring to George Stacey if he had lived more by faith & less in the spirit of the world it would have been more to his peace. Sam Stacey said he very much agreed in John Hodgkin's remarks, his faith had not expressed anything of the Hope that was in him to any of his family, but he supposed he must be left to the mercy that was expressed to the upright in heart.
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist & partner in Corbyn, Beaumont, Stacey & Messer in 100, Holborn, London.
- He worked as a Clerk to London Yearly Meeting.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

16-**Rachel Stacey**^{7,12,178,241,280,281} was born on 17 Dec 1820 in Tottenham, London and died on 15 Mar 1899 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 78.

Rachel married **Arthur Albright**,^{7,178,241,281} son of **William Albright**^{7,11,22,104,204,281} and **Rachel Tanner**,^{7,11,22,104,281} on 14 Sep 1848 in Tottenham, London. Arthur was born on 12 Mar 1811 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire, died on 3 Jul 1900 in 11 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London at age 89, and was buried in Witton, Birmingham. They had eight children: **Rachel Anna, Mary Deborah "Dora," Wilhelmine, William Arthur, George Stacey, John Francis, Maria Catharine**, and **Alfred Beaumont**.

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Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Westborne Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

General Notes: Arthur, Albright, 89 3 7mo. 1900 Birmingham. Arthur Albright was the second son of William and Rachel Albright, of Charlbury in Oxfordshire, where he was born on the 12th of Third Month, 1811. His mother was Rachel Tanner, of Sidcot, visits to which place were among the pleasures of his early life. His father was a man of public spirit, and devoted much effort to the improvement of his neighbourhood and his neighbours, by advocating the making of better roads and sanitary arrangements, and by endeavouring to promote Temperance and sounder education. His own children were well educated, and were brought up in an atmosphere of enthusiasm for the human race in which all were counted as brothers, and in the idea that to improve its conditions morally and materially was what made life worth living. At ten years of age Arthur Albright went to a Friends' school at Rochester, remaining there four years, and at sixteen he was apprenticed to an uncle, a chemist in Bristol. At the close of his apprenticeship he went to Birmingham as an assistant to T. and W. Southall, of Bull Street, but after one year, his health failing, he returned to Charlbury, and established a drug business. In 1840 he again went to Birmingham, and entered into partnership with his brother-in-law, Edmund Sturge, in the manufacture of chemical products. An extra-ordinary change has come about in the price of some of these commodities since those days. Bicarbonate of soda at that time cost six and eightpence per pound, and is now sold for fourteen shillings per hundredweight. Some years later they commenced the manufacture of phosphorus, the supply of which had previously come to England from France and Germany. The demand for this article was greatly on the increase, being required in the manufacture of lucifer matches, then coming into general use. The raw material - bone ash - was at first imported from South America ; but in 1845 A. Albright spent some considerable length of time on the Continent, and secured from a firm at Galatz, on the Danube, engaged in the tinning of beef, an abundant supply of bones, which after being calcined were sent over to the factories, first at Selly Oak, and afterwards at Oldbury, both near Birmingham, and a very large production of phosphorus was the result, so that the firm were able to execute extensive orders from the Continent. In 1845 came the discovery by Professor Schroetter, of Vienna, of the form known as Amorphous phosphorus, which made the manufacture of safety matches possible. In 1849 the Professor attended the meeting of the British Association at Birmingham, and was the guest of A. Albright ; and the intercourse thus set on foot led the firm to take up the new invention ; and, succeeding in overcoming the difficulty and danger of the process, they exhibited a large sample of it at the great Exhibition in 1851, and became its chief producers. It will be interesting here to quote a letter which appeared in the Birmingham Daily Post, dated 4th of Seventh Month, 1900: " In your interesting account of the noble life work of Mr. Arthur Albright, you make mention of his success in overcoming the difficulties attendant upon the process of making amorphous phosphorus. " The circumstances under which this kind of phosphorus was first introduced into my country, Sweden - the pioneer in the making of safety matches - are of special interest. "As you mention in your article, a large sample of the new product was shown at the Great Exhibition of 1851. There it attracted the attention of two Swedes, the brothers Lundstrom, founders of the great match factories at Jonkoping, in Sweden. The idea struck them that it might be used for safety matches. They bought some of it, and brought it home to Sweden. They had already experimented considerably in this line, but the prepared surface of the boxes, when stored for some time, lost the power of igniting. They now made sample boxes with amorphous phosphorus, and placed them as a deposit in the hands of a third person, with the intention of testing them in twelve months' time. The whole thing, however, fell into oblivion until the approach of the Paris Exhibition of 1855. It then dawned upon the minds of Messrs. Lundstrom that, in case these boxes were in good condition, no better exhibit from their firm could possibly be shown. Upon inquiry, it proved, however, that the boxes had completely disappeared. At last a vigorous search brought them to light among all kinds of rubbish in the garret of the house where they had at first been deposited. Mr. F. Lundstrom has himself described to me their eager expectation when the box was to be opened. ' You can be sure this will be useless, like so many of our experiments, so it's scarcely worth while to try them,' said his brother, the well-known inventor. A match, however, was produced out of a box, rubbed against the prepared surface, and lo! there leaped before their eyes a bright little flame, the forerunner of untold millions. Upon this, a letter ordering a very large quantity of amorphous phosphorus was immediately despatched to Mr. Albright, who was then in very moderate circumstances. The reply to their order was of a rather uncommon character. It ran, as nearly as I remember, thus : - " ' Gentlemen, - Amorphous phosphorus in such quantities as stated in your letter, can, to my best judgment, only be used for purposes of war. As I, who belong to the Society of Friends, disapprove of war, I beg respectfully to decline your order.' " ' When we read this,' said Mr. Lundstrom, when narrating to me this incident, ' my brother and I had a good laugh, and you may well imagine with what glee we promptly replied to Mr. Albright that he need not hesitate to accept our orders ; not for war or destruction, but for peace, and the enlightenment of mankind." Arthur Albright took a keen and practical interest in politics, and in many social and philanthropic movements. Always a friend of the negro, he was especially earnest in his advocacy of the total abolition of slavery, identifying himself with the cause as early as 1833. He watched with attention the work of Joseph Sturge in his successful war against the apprentice system, by which the slave owners in the West Indies had made a last effort to perpetuate their power. Mrs. Stowe's novel, Uncle Tom's Cabin, greatly interested him, and he met the authoress when she visited Edgbaston. When the war between the Northern and Southern States of America broke out in 1861, his sympathies were entirely with the North, and very soon he began to concern himself about the condition of the unfortunate coloured people of the border States, many of whom escaped from their masters and reached the Northern armies, only to find themselves in the anomalous position of being contraband of war, with little chance of earning a living for themselves, and no one to look after them, though they were as helpless as children. It was estimated that there were more than a million of freed men in 1864, who had succeeded in escaping from the Confederate States. The people of the North were straining every nerve to carry on the war, yet much was done in aid of these unfortunate guests. More, however, remained to be done, and the mute appeal of these poor blacks found a ready listener in Arthur Albright, who began at once to raise money and clothing and to establish schools for their relief. The work was too much for any one man, and a committee was formed in Birmingham; but a wider field was necessary, and the National Freedman's Aid Union was founded, with Arthur Albright as an honorary, but most active, secretary. In this cause he travelled about the United Kingdom, helping to hold meetings, often in company with some delegates from across the Atlantic, talking with public men, and in correspondence with friends of the freedmen in America. The work went on for some time between 1864 and 1869, when the Government of the States took over the schools. With his characteristic energy and enthu- siasm for any cause for which he was willing to work, he appealed to everyone whom he thought likely to be of use. Rich or poor learned or ignorant, mattered not; the one question being, can they be made useful to the cause of the Freedmen ? He was thus brought into contact with many men of influence, and succeeded in getting a number of able men to work with him - often indeed to work much harder than they had meant to, as may be seen from a

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humorously plaintive letter, written by Thomas Hughes, the author of Tom Browns School Days. Evidently, the " Steam-engine," as he was playfully called, had been making heavy demands on his friends, for Mr. Hughes, writes : - " Dear Albright, - I shall of course be glad,. as I have always been, to do anything I can for you, consistently with the maintenance of my family by honest work. I suppose you will come up and make our lives a burden to us whenever you want me and Gilpin, so will add no more. "Yours (resignedly), T. Hughes." A. Albright was a staunch friend of Peace and International Arbitration, and was a warm supporter of the Workmen's Peace Association, which has now become the International Arbitration League, and materially assisted it with his contributions when it founded the Inter-Parliamentary Peace Conference, an annual gathering of members of European Parliaments, which has been held during the last twelve years at one or other of the chief capitals of Europe. He also aided its efforts to secure the adoption of a premanent treaty of Arbitration with the United States of America. But the most distinguished service which he rendered to the cause of Peace was at the crisis of the Jingo war fever, when in 1877 Great Britain was believed to be in imminent danger of plunging into a war with Russia on behalf of the " unspeakable Turk." It seemed for the moment as if war was inevitable. A. Albright went to London to consult with the officers of the League. He wanted to know whether anything could be done to counteract the cry for war, and if so, what? The secretary of the League (W. R. Cremer), and its chairman (Howard Evans), satisfied him that the leaders of the working classes in the country were averse to war, and they suggested that a great National Conference of representative working men should be convened at the earliest- possible date. A. Albright thereupon intimated that he would place £1,000 at the disposal of the League, and assist in every way in his power by personal labour and influence. Immediately telegrams were sent out to some of the most prominent working class leaders, inviting them to call for a National Conference. The response was prompt and hearty, and within ten days nearly a thousand men assembled at the Memorial Hall, Farring- don Street, London. Men came from almost every important town in the Kingdom - from Inverness to Brighton, and from Norwich to Plymouth. There was no time to secure delegations, and care was taken to invite only men who occupied prominent positions in Trade Unions, Trade Councils, and other Societies of working men. The chair was taken by Daniel Guile, Secretary of the Ironfounders' Society, and later in the day by A. W. Baily, President of the Amalgamated Tailors' Society. A very small number of invitations were issued to prominent public men as visitors, among these to Mr. Gladstone, who unexpectedly made his appearance. When he mounted the platform the enthusiasm was indescribable. Men who had heard him frequently, in the House of Commons and out of it, declared that they had never heard him speak with so much emotion and exultation as he did on that occa- sion. This conference came like a thunder- clap upon the Jingoese. The Liberal press was astonished ; the Tory press confounded. It was the turning point in the crisis. Very shortty afterwards, this decisive blow was followed up by a second. The first conference was composed of representative work- ing men in the towns, but it was thought desirable that the voice of the rural labourers of England should be heard also. At this period the National Agricultural Labourers' Union was a great power in the land. The League was in close touch with its leaders, and accordingly a second conference of leading men amongst the Agricultural Labourers was held in the same hall, and was equally well attended, over which Joseph Arch presided. The bold course then adopted seemed to some very risky, but the result amply justified the effort. To Mr. Gladstone belongs the chief credit of saving this country from an awful crime against humanity and civilisation; but, were he alive, he would be the first to pay a tribute of praise to the simple-minded Quaker citizen of Birmingham, whoso generosity made it possible to give an articulate voice to the pacific views of the working men of England. In the spring of 1871, after the Franco- German war, and while the Commune was raging in Paris, A. Albright went to the Loire Valley, as one of the Commissioners of Friends engaged in the distribution of their War Victims' Fund, and his letters from the central office at Tours are full of lively descriptions of the difficulties attending the work. In one he says : " Now that our corn is actually getting into the depots, the people are beginning to believe in it. We have been told several times that such disinterested aid was something so new and strange to them that they have been withheld from sending in claims by a doubt of its reality. " During the several months of absence from home which this work involved, as Lowell puts it, - He strove among God's suffering poor One gleam of brotherhood to send. In 1848 Arthur Albright married Rachel Stacey, daughter of George Stacey of Tottenham, who occupied for a long term of years the post of Clerk to London Yearly Meeting. This union brought much brightness and happiness into his life, and continued unbroken for more than fifty years. His children, eight in number, were a great joy to him ; and he was a delightful father to them, joining in their games and pleasures, and often entertaining them with stories, of which he possessed a rich fund, and which in his telling were some- times spiced with his quiet humour. During the many years when business and philanthropy might seem to be occupying all his powers, he could always find time for fun and he was ever ready to enjoy a joke, even at his own expense; and it was a pleasure to anyone who knew him to make a little game of him, and see the merriment spread over his face as he took in the situation. He loved a retort or a repartee. His children once amused themselves by making a collection for the Freedmen, and one of the boys, arrayed as a strange lady, paid a visit to give the donation ; and when his identity was discovered the little joke was fully enjoyed. His child-like pleasure in such things was hearty and simple. Alice's Adventures in Wonderland was quite fascinating to him, and when it first appeared, one busy evening he dropped with it on a stiff high stool, and could not be induced to move till he had read it through, gurgling with laughter all the time. A. Albright was an extensive and eager traveller, having visited the Continent nearly a hundred times, and been in most European countries ; and of the United States he used to say that he had been in thirty-seven out of the forty of them. Many of these journeys were undertaken for purposes of helpfulness to his fellow-men, or for the alleviation of suffering; and to those who knew him best, his long and active life gave illustration of what " the disciple whom Jesus loved " wrote : "He that loveth his brother abideth in the light." No one who knew him could well be ignorant that at times throughout his life a great shadow rested on him ; but it was clearly the result of exhausted nervous force, and it took the form it did, from his high standard of what he ought to expect of himself. Natural humility then became exaggerated into morbid self-depreciation, and clouded a temperament usually sunny and self-forgetful. When once the cloud had passed the only trace remaining was a distrustfulness of anything that might involve him in a profession of religious assur- ance. As years multiplied upon him, and his powers for active life waned, it was beautiful to hear no murmuring or complaining. As one who visited him wrote : " His cheeriness was delightful to witness, and he appeared to gather up all his faculties and various interests with renewed vigour." Thus there was for him light at eventide, until, having diligently " served his generation," as he believed, " according to the will of God," at the age of nearly ninety he " fell on sleep," on the 3rd of Seventh Month, 1900.

Albright, Arthur (1811– 1900), chemist and phosphorus manufacturer, was born on 3 March 1811 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire, into a Quaker family, the second son and sixth of ten children of William Albright, grocer and mercer of Charlbury, and his wife, Rachel Tanner of Woodborough, Somerset. He was educated at schools in Rochester and privately at home, and then at the age of sixteen became apprenticed to his uncle, a chemist and druggist in Bristol. He did not settle to this life and had a number of activities,

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including travel to France and Belgium, studying other industries such as beet growing. For a while he worked for a Bristol printer and publisher.

In 1842 Albright joined the firm of John and Edmund Sturge, manufacturing chemists in Birmingham, a town congenial to enterprising dissenters because it did not tolerate the limitations on the holding of municipal office imposed on them in the older charter cities. The firm expanded its scope in 1844 to make white phosphorus (from bone-ash), the main outlet for which was the making of matches. The match, as a simple, reliable source of fire, was one of the great technical innovations of the nineteenth century, a fact which explains the importance of Albright's industrial activity. However, the white phosphorus matches were dangerous and their manufacture a serious danger to health. In the course of travels to find sources of bone-ash Albright met Anton Schrötter (1802– 1875), who had published in 1850 a good method of making the red, or amorphous, form of phosphorus, which was much less reactive than the white form. Albright purchased the patents, and then took out his own on improvements to Schrötter's method. He was thus able to make, economically, this form of phosphorus which was a main factor in bringing about the widespread use of safety matches.

In September 1848 Albright married Rachel (d. 1899), daughter of George Stacey of Tottenham. They had four sons and four daughters. They lived mainly in fine houses not far from his factories. In 1851, in an area already much industrialized (Oldbury in Worcestershire), the Sturge brothers opened a new phosphorus plant, which Albright took over at the end of 1854. In 1856 he went into partnership with J. W. Wilson (1834– 1907), who married his wife's sister, Catherine Stacey, in 1857. The firm Albright and Wilson survived until the middle of the twentieth century. Albright travelled all through his working life, in eastern Europe in the early 1850s and in western Europe thereafter, promoting the use of red phosphorus, for example by showing specimens at exhibitions, first in the 1851 Great Exhibition, then in the Paris expositions from 1855 onwards. In his widespread business dealings for an expanding export business he developed a good command of several European languages, for which he had shown a facility in childhood.

Seeking sources of raw materials and expanding his export trade he visited Europe more than a hundred times, Egypt once, and the USA several times.

Albright was a dedicated and effective philanthropist, his early interest in phosphorus having grown out of a concern for the health of match workers. He concerned himself with alleviating the slave-like conditions of black people in the West Indies, and when war broke out in the United States in 1861 he worked at getting financial and material support for emancipated slaves. He was also active in alleviating distress in France following the devastation of the Franco-Prussian War. In later life he expanded this social interest, even attempting to enter parliament; he stood as a candidate for East Worcestershire in 1874, but his platform, based on proposals to deal with the health problems of prostitution near garrisons and naval establishments, attracted little support. He was an active member of the Arbitration Society, believing that the kind of process which proved successful in settling some international disputes, such as the Alabama arbitration of 1871, should become general. He supported Gladstone in opposing the jingoistic agitation of 1877– 8 when a Russo-Turkish war was feared, but parted from him on some of his domestic policies. Albright died in Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London, while on a visit to his daughter Dora (Lady Scott-Moncrieff), on 3 July 1900. He was buried at Witton, Birmingham.

Frank Greenaway, 'Albright, Arthur (1811– 1900)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/37102, accessed 13 May 2013]

Arthur Albright (1811– 1900): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/37102

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Printer, Publisher & Manufacturing Chemist. Co-founder of Albright & Wilson.

17-**Rachel Anna Albright**^{9,12,281} was born on 24 Jul 1849 in 30 George Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 30 Nov 1928 in London at age 79.

Rachel married **Wilson King**,^{9,12,281} son of **Josiah King**¹² and **Mary Earle Holdship**, on 30 Jan 1890 in FMH Longbridge, Worcestershire. Wilson was born on 26 May 1846 in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 21 Jan 1930 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 83. They had one daughter: **Rachel Estelle Albright**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 19 Highfield Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

18-**Rachel Estelle Albright King**¹² was born on 29 Oct 1891 in 19 Highfield Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Rachel married **Col. Alan Stewart Giles**, son of **Peter Giles** and **Elizabeth Mary Dunn**, on 27 Mar 1924 in Bewdley, Worcestershire. Alan was born on 11 Apr 1894 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire. They had two children: **Peter Albright King** and **Rachel Margaret**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE MC JP.
- He worked as a Lord Mayor of Birmingham in 1945-1946.

19-**Peter Albright King Giles** was born on 5 Apr 1927 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 14 Oct 2004 at age 77, and was buried in Glen Morris Cemetery, Brant County, Ontario, Canada.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College School in Canada.
- He worked as an Associate Senior Prothonotary to the Federal Court of Canada.

Peter married **Gertrude Lucille Leola Ronald**, daughter of **Daniel Allan Ronald** and **Gertrude Elizabeth Wiengarten**. They had two children: **Peter Allan Roland** and **Elizabeth Mary King**.

20-**Peter Allan Roland Giles**

20-**Elizabeth Mary King Giles**

19-**Rachel Margaret Giles**

Rachel married **Ray Bradford Murphy**, son of **Ray Dickinson Murphy** and **Elizabeth Chapin**. They had three children: **Rachel Elizabeth**, **Peter Bradford**, and **Abigail Margaret**.

20-**Rachel Elizabeth Murphy**

Rachel married **John Anthony Cannizzaro**, son of **James J. Cannizzaro**.

20-**Peter Bradford Murphy**

Peter married **Heather Holden Mitchell**, daughter of **Holden Charles Mitchell** and **Mary Ann**.

20-**Abigail Margaret Murphy**

Abigail married **John Kean Jr.**, son of **John Kean** and **Joan Jessup**.

17-**Mary Deborah "Dora" Albright**⁹ was born on 26 Dec 1850 in 30 George Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 8 Oct 1936 in London at age 85.

General Notes: She courted George Henry Fox, until they had a dispute!

23 Feb 1879, Sun: A wild snowy morning - to church at the chapel. Mr Hays officiated. Minnie (*Mary*) hears her brother George is engaged to Dora Albright, a sincere cause for congratulations - a good walk with the girls and George Albright in the snow which was so heavy on Codhill that we made a retreat. A good attendance at chapel.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Mary married **Col. Sir Colin Campbell Scott-Moncrieff**,^{9,281,283} son of **Robert Scott-Moncrieff** and **Susan Pringle**, on 30 Dec 1890 in FMH Birmingham. Colin was born on 3 Aug 1836 in Fossoway, Kinross and died on 6 Apr 1916 in London at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCMG KCSI.
- He had a residence in 11 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London.

17-**Wilhelmine Albright**²⁴¹ was born on 2 Jul 1852 in 30 George Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 30 Jul 1872 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 20.

17-**William Arthur Albright**¹² was born on 13 Oct 1853 in 30 George Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 13 Jul 1942 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 29 Frederick Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

William married **Priscilla Sturge**,¹² daughter of **Joseph Sturge**^{2,7,59,77,151,152,212,234,281,282,290} and **Hannah Dickinson**,^{7,212,281,290} on 11 Sep 1897 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Priscilla was born on 3 May 1850 in Wheeley's Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 5 Jul 1946 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 96.

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17-**George Stacey Albright**^{12,52,213} was born on 15 Jun 1855 in 30 George Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 28 Dec 1945 in Bromsberrow Place, Ledbury, Herefordshire at age 90.

General Notes: George Albright, my senior at school was the object of my admiration and affection. I think the first combination of brains and athleticism I have ever known.- highly strung, modest, the soul of honour, he achieved everything with apparent ease - he was very kind to me when I came up to Cambridge, but had already his 'set' & was in his second year. He took to rowing, football and cricket, and was one of the best at each - He read for Natural Science.

Sat 8 Sept 1906 - Wrote about 20 letters & left 1.35 for Alnmouth for Sunday to see Ed. Grey at Falloden - & on Mon. I go on to Drumochter to Geo. Albrights - hope to travel to Alnmouth with Ethel & be with Gerald at Drumochter .

Fri 30 Sept 1927 -Margaret Albright died - she has been ill for years with cancer - she was a very charming person & George Albright my old friend is now left alone, his daughter & Toby are both dead - Toby killed in the war - *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of Albright & Wilson.
- He worked as a JP and Alderman for Worcester.
- He had a residence in Bromsberrow Place, Ledbury, Herefordshire.
- He had a residence in Drumochter Lodge, Drumochter, Inverness.

George married **Isabella Margaret Harrison**,^{12,52} daughter of **Smith Harrison**^{7,30,111,291} and **Jane Lister**,^{7,111,291} on 29 Nov 1883 in Wanstead, Essex. Isabella was born on 9 Jun 1861 in Upton, Essex and died on 30 Sep 1927 in Ledbury, Herefordshire at age 66. They had two children: **Ursula Margaret** and **Martin Chicheley "Toby"**.

18-**Ursula Margaret Albright**^{12,52} was born on 29 Nov 1884 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 22 Jan 1896 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 11.

18-**Lieut. Col. Martin Chicheley "Toby" Albright**¹² was born on 29 Aug 1886 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 8 Nov 1917 in Huj, Palestine. Died from wounds in action at age 31, and was buried in Gaza War Cemetery Grave XIX.D.9.

General Notes: **Mon 8 Nov 1920** – Toby Albright, bright merry life went out charging the guns at Huj (Palestine) 3 years ago today.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Albright, Martin Chicheley Born August 29, 1886, at Edgbaston, Warwickshire. Son of George Stacey Albright. School, Eton. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 26, 1905. BA 1908. Married to Barbara, of Apperley Court, Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire. Major, Acting Lieutenant-Colonel, Queen's Own Worcestershire Hussars (Worcestershire Yeomanry), 1st/3rd Battalion. Died Nov. 8 1917, of wounds received in action. Buried in Gaza War Cemetery.

Trinity College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1905-1908.
- He worked as an officer of the 1st/1st Battalion. Queen's Own Worcestershire Hussars.
- He worked as a Queen's Own Worcestershire Hussars (Worcestershire Yeomanry), 1st/3rd Battalion.
- He had a residence in Apperley Court, Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire.

Martin married **Barbara Mary Strickland**, daughter of **Algernon Henry Peter Strickland** and **Mary Selina Drummond**, on 3 Jan 1916 in Cairo, Egypt. Barbara was born on 25 Jan 1895 and died on 11 Jan 1939 in Catton Hall, Burton On Trent at age 43.

17-**John Francis Albright**^{12,178} was born on 15 Apr 1857 in 30 George Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 30 Dec 1914 in Woking, Surrey at age 57.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.

John married **Ellen Charlotte Caroline Johnson**,¹² daughter of **George William Johnson** and **Sarah Ann Duck**, on 22 Jan 1896 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. Ellen was born on 25 May 1865 in Sandsvale, Sweden and died on 3 Jan 1944 in Woking, Surrey at age 78. They had four children: **Arthur George**, **Frances Deborah**, **Rachel Ann**, and **William Beaumont**.

18-**Arthur George Albright**¹² was born on 26 Nov 1896 in Kensington, London and died after 1965.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Le Jardin du Viton, Beaumont, St. Peter, Jersey, Channel Islands.

Arthur married **Gwendoline Marjorie Robotham**, daughter of **Norman Bernard Robotham** and **Gertrude Spiers**, on 30 Apr 1924 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Gwendoline was born on 16 Jul 1901 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

18-**Frances Deborah Albright**¹² was born on 2 Aug 1899 in 69 Elm Park Gardens, Chelsea, London.

Frances married **Claude Valentine Kerpen**, son of **John Louis Kerpen** and **Millicent Maule**, on 28 Mar 1923 in London. Claude was born on 21 May 1897 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had two children: **Anne Deborah** and **Valerie Albright**.

19-Anne Deborah Kerpen

Anne married **Leonard Howard Snyder**, son of **Morris Snyder** and **Evelyn Lerner**, on 29 Nov 1944 in London. Leonard was born on 31 Aug 1911 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. They had two children: **Deborah Millicent** and **John Howard**.

20-Deborah Millicent Snyder

20-John Howard Snyder

19-Valerie Albright Kerpen

Frances next married **Robert Freyhan**, son of **Theodor Freyhan** and **Else Haber**, on 23 Dec 1946 in Crowborough. Robert was born on 29 Oct 1901 in Berlin, Germany.

18-**Rachel Ann Albright**¹² was born on 26 Sep 1902 in 69 Elm Park Gardens, Chelsea, London.

18-**William Beaumont Albright**¹² was born on 26 Dec 1907 in 69 Elm Park Gardens, Chelsea, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Managing director & Vice Chairman of Albright & Wilson.

William married **Evelyn May Bromley**,¹² daughter of **E. Bromley** and **Elizabeth Lloyd**, on 16 May 1932 in Woking. Evelyn was born on 16 Apr 1901 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

17-**Maria Catharine Albright**¹² was born on 25 Feb 1859 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 27 May 1945 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 86.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Missionary.

17-**Alfred Beaumont Albright**¹² was born on 21 Aug 1861 in 30 George Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 15 Feb 1932 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.

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- He had a residence in Grimley House, Bromsgrove, Birmingham.

Alfred married **Mabel Agnes Everitt**,¹² daughter of **Frederick Everitt** and **Laura Portel**, on 30 Apr 1895 in Cofton Hackett, Worcestershire. Mabel was born on 10 Jan 1875 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire. They had three children: **Geraldine Dinah**, **Rachel Patience**, and **Jocelyn Beaumont**.

18-**Geraldine Dinah Albright**¹² was born on 10 Mar 1896 in Grimley House, Bromsgrove, Birmingham and died in 1990 in Bromsberrow Place, Ledbury, Herefordshire at age 94.

18-**Rachel Patience Albright**¹² was born on 1 Oct 1898 in Grimley House, Bromsgrove, Birmingham and died in 1988 at age 90.

18-**Jocelyn Beaumont Albright**¹² was born on 9 Dec 1900 in Grimley House, Bromsgrove, Birmingham and died on 12 Mar 1982 at age 81.

16-**Mary Stacey**^{12,63,69} was born on 20 Nov 1822 in Tottenham, London, died on 2 Mar 1885 in Broughton Grange, Cockermouth, Cumbria at age 62, and was buried in FBG Broughton.

Mary married **Robert Wilson**,^{12,63,69} son of **William Wilson**^{5,12,59,69,292} and **Hannah Jowitt**,^{7,12,59,69,292} on 14 Dec 1848 in FMH Tottenham. Robert was born on 9 Aug 1825 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 19 Jun 1905 in Broughton Grange, Cockermouth, Cumbria at age 79, and was buried in FBG Broughton. They had six children: **Rachel Mary**, **Robert**, **George Stacey**, **William Henry**, **Lloyd**, and **Amy Wilson**.

General Notes: Convenor of the first Keswick Convention.

Robert Wilson, 79 19 6mo. 1905 Broughton, Cockermouth. Robert Wilson was the son of William and Hannah Wilson, and was born at Kendal, the 9th of 8th mo., 1825. His parents were members of the Society of Friends, and he retained his membership through life, but he never took much interest in the discipline of the Society. The part of our distinguishing principles which he most valued, especially during the last thirty years of his life, was the freedom of the Ministry, the immediate guidance of the Holy Spirit and the Headship of Clirist in the Church. His great longing was for unity in the Church and equality among its members, and this made him indifferent to the distinction of its separate organisations, whether among Friends or others. His central motto was " All one in Christ Jesus." He felt the uplifting of the United Convention for the promotion of holiness, which was held at Oxford in 1874, and the following year, he joined with Canon Battersby, in inviting a similar one to meet at Keswick. From that time onwards, the union of Christians in these conventions, not only at Keswick, but at various places tthrough England, Scotland and Ireland, became the dearest object of his life, and he laboured with prayerful and self-denying zeal m the service. From 1889 to 1900, he was Chairman of the Keswick Convention as well as at many of those held in other places. One who worked with him in this service from the commencement says, " He had many qualifications for the office and he had had perfect understanding of the movement from the very first and deep sympathy with it. His singular kindness and yet strength of character fitted him for dealing with the temperaments of all sorts and conditions of men. Humble and lowly in heart, and ever ready to give way when Cliristian forbearance dictated such a course, he was yet firm as a rock on all questions in which the principles he advocated were concerned. He was loving and he was wise- a rare combination of sorely needed graces. During the actual sessions of the Conference at Keswick, his selfdenying services early and late have often awakened the admiration of his friends. The Keswick Convention was his special charge, and to it year by year he devoted ungrudgingly an amount of labour from which many a young man might have shrunk." His estimate of himself was humble. On one occasion, when declining to permit the publication of a sketch of his life, he wrote : " 'I'm a poor sinner and nothing at all, And Jesus Christ is my all in all.' " and that is all the record I care to have. Saved by His grace fifty years or more ago and kept - too often I fear in a Jacob life, now desiring, in the humbled self, to be only for His glory, and to be used by Him ; through His grace clinging, halting, trusting and praising - may it be ever so - kept by the power of God." Until failing health prevented, he was actively engaged with his sons in the management of collieries in West Cumberland, having settled at Great Broughton, near Cockermouth, in 1851, about three years after his marriage with Mary Stacey, of Tottenham ; but for the last five years of his life, after an attack of paralysis had deprived him of the full power of speech, he lived in complete retirement in his beloved home, Broughton Grange. Here he enjoyed strolling in his garden or sitting on the terrace, watching the peaceful flow of the Derwent in the valley below, or the grand old mountains spread out before him from Skiddaw round to the peaks above Wastwater - a view that he never seemed tired of contem- plating. Thus silently he waited, month after month and year after year for his Saviour's call into His unveiled presence. His heavenly home seemed very near, yet patience was granted to wait the Lord's time, until suddenly it came and " he was not for God took him," and one of his daily hymns was reahsed - Still, still with Thee, when purple morning breaketh. When the bird waketh and the shadows fiee ; Fairer than morning, lovelier than daylight, Dawns the sweet consciousness - I am with Thee. So shall it be at last, in that bright morning When the soul waketh and life's shadows flee ; Oh ! in that hour, fairer than daylight's dawning. Shall rise the glorious thought - I am with Thee. The funeral took place in the Friends' burial ground at Broughton. Four or five of his Keswick friends were present from various places and took part in the sweetly solemn time around the grave and in the Meeting afterwards, in the little Meeting-house where he had worshipped and ministered for more than fifty years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal Owner & Brick manufacturer.
- He worked as a Convenor of the first Keswick Convention.

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17-**Rachel Mary Wilson**^{12,63} was born on 16 Sep 1849 in Pontefract, Yorkshire and died on 24 Jan 1873 in Broughton Grange, Little Broughton, Cumbria at age 23.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Date conflict.

17-**Robert Wilson**¹² was born on 4 Jun 1851 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 4 Dec 1881 in Bleak House, Maryport, Cumbria at age 30.

Robert married **Mary Somervell**,¹² daughter of **Robert Miller Somervell**¹² and **Anne Wilson**,¹² on 23 Apr 1879 in Windermere, Cumbria. Mary was born on 13 Jun 1850 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 26 Jan 1947 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 96. They had one daughter: **Ethel Mary**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1915 in The Cottage, Windermere, Cumbria.

18-**Ethel Mary Wilson**¹² was born on 26 Feb 1880 in Maryport, Cumbria.

17-**George Stacey Wilson**^{12,178} was born on 18 Aug 1852 in Broughton Grange, Cockermouth, Cumbria and died on 16 Mar 1915 in Broughton Grange, Cockermouth, Cumbria at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Date conflict.

17-**William Henry Wilson**¹² was born on 20 Oct 1853 in Broughton Grange, Cockermouth, Cumbria, died on 25 Aug 1925 in Keswick, Cumbria at age 71, and was buried in FBG Broughton.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal Owner & Brick manufacturer.

17-**Lloyd Wilson**¹² was born on 28 Oct 1856 in Little Broughton, Cockermouth, Cumbria and died on 2 May 1927 in Keswick, Cumbria at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.

Lloyd married **Margaret Rendall**,¹² daughter of **John Rendall** and **Fanny Desborough**, on 23 May 1882 in St. Johns, London. Margaret was born on 13 Aug 1857 in Kensington, London and died on 27 Jul 1920 in Keswick, Cumbria at age 62. They had two children: **Olive Lloyd** and **Brian Desborough Lloyd**.

18-**Olive Lloyd Wilson**¹² was born on 15 Apr 1883 in Broughton Cross, Cockermouth, Cumbria and died on 13 Apr 1959 in Keswick, Cumbria at age 75.

18-**Rev. Canon Brian Desborough Lloyd Wilson**¹² was born on 29 Apr 1887 in Broughton Cross, Cockermouth, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He worked as a Vicar of Grange over Sands in Grange over Sands, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Vicar of Kirkoswald in 1947 in Kirkoswald, Cumbria.

Brian married **Gertrude Isabel Edwards**,¹² daughter of **Charles Edwards** and **Anna Maria Skelton**, on 21 Apr 1914 in Bingley, Yorkshire. Gertrude was born on 1 Mar 1884 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 27 May 1961 in Kirkby Lonsdale, Cumbria at age 77. They had three children: **John Desborough Lloyd**, **Margaret Orma Lloyd**, and **Jean Lloyd**.

19-**John Desborough Lloyd Wilson**

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19-Margaret Orma Lloyd Wilson

Margaret married **Robert Frederick Dura Collin**, son of **Charles Frederick Collin** and **Cornelie Dura Cornelie Stoop**, on 10 Jun 1942 in London. Robert was born on 1 Nov 1918 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 26 Dec 2008 in Oxfordshire at age 90, and was buried on 16 Jan 2009 in St. Peter's, Hook Norton, Banbury, Oxfordshire. (Service). They had three children: **Margaret Jane Dura**, **Sarah Elizabeth**, and **Charles Robert**.

20-Margaret Jane Dura Collin

20-Sarah Elizabeth Collin

20-Charles Robert Collin

Charles married **Lucy Wellesley**, daughter of **Maj. Richard Wellesley** and **Ruth Haig-Thomas**.

19-Jean Lloyd Wilson

Jean married **Harold Gorvett**, son of **Alfred Gorvett** and **Cecila Harriet Hillman**. They had two children: **Peter** and **Michael**.

20-Peter Gorvett

20-Michael Gorvett

17-**Amy Wilson Carmichael** was born on 16 Dec 1867 in Millisle, County Down, Ireland and died on 18 Jan 1951 in Dohnavur, Tamil Nadu, India at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Christian Missionary in India.

16-**George Stacey**¹² was born on 24 Mar 1824 in Tottenham, London, died on 22 May 1858 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 34, and was buried on 28 May 1858.

General Notes: 28 May 1858, Fri: A beautiful morning. Finding that the *Thetis* was beached, cleaning, took a boat round to the Helford River with Alfred Lloyd Fox and **George Henry Fox** (1824-1863) we had a capital voyage and tried for fish but with very little success. We dined at Trebah and enjoyed a pleasant chat with Aunt Charles and Juliet, the latter seems to have very much recovered from her cold and to be nicely. She and Edward talk of leaving in about 10 days time nd returning home by Norwich. Left Trebah about 5 and had a pleasant voyage home, fishing again without result. and landed in a calm at Castle Point; this has been poor George Stacy's funeral day, his death seems to have resulted from a heart affection (*sic*) brought on by an attack of rheumatic fever. *The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt*.

George married **Mary Janson**,¹² daughter of **William Janson**^{7,30} and **Eliza Jane Dearman**,⁷ on 30 Aug 1850 in FMH Winchmore Hill. Mary was born on 27 Aug 1830 in Tottenham, London and died on 22 Dec 1866 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 36. They had four children: **Eliza Jane**, **Anna Maria**, **Eleanor**, and **George**.

17-**Eliza Jane Stacey**¹² was born on 5 Oct 1851 in Tottenham, London and died on 27 Mar 1929 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 77.

18-**Dorothy Mary Lowe** was born on 30 Sep 1884.

18-**Jeffrey Janson Lowe** was born on 12 Jan 1887 in Ettington, Warwickshire and died on 9 Sep 1938 in Ettington, Warwickshire at age 51.

17-**Anna Maria Stacey**^{12,271} was born on 11 Feb 1854 in Tottenham, London and died on 2 Jul 1907 in Balinaboy, Clifden, Galway at age 53.

Anna married **James Timothy Aloysius Morris**,^{12,271} son of **Anthony James Morris** and **Elizabeth Catherine Hanley**, on 17 May 1881 in Brompton Oratory, London. James was born on 16 Jun 1844 in County Longford, Ireland. (16 Jun 1848 also given) and died on 25 Jul 1914 in Ballinaboy, Clifden, Galway at age 70. They had four children: **George Philip**, **Anthony James**, **Charles Sebastian**, and **James Francis**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Ballinaboy, Clifden, Galway.

18-**Lt. Col. George Philip Morris**^{12,271} was born on 12 Mar 1882 in Pelham Crescent, South Kensington, London and died on 11 Jan 1954 in Killarney, Ireland at age 71.

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George married **Norah Elizabeth Webber**,²⁷¹ daughter of **Robert Tankerville Webber** and **Isabella Frances Wingfield**, on 22 Nov 1911 in Bombay, India. Norah was born on 8 Nov 1883 in Dumdum, India. They had two children: **Anthony James** and **Mary Ruth**.

19-Lt. Col. **Anthony James Morris**

Anthony married **Merle Verschoyle-Campbell**, daughter of **Robert Davos Bain** and **Norah Kathleen Clark**. They had two children: **James Anthony Aloysius** and **Timothy Davos Stacey**.

20-James Anthony Aloysius Morris

20-Timothy Davos Stacey Morris

19-Mary Ruth Morris

Mary married **Francis Basil O'Brien**, son of **Francis O'Brien** and **Hilda Wild**. They had four children: **Robert Francis**, **Madeleine Mary**, **Anthony Basil**, and **Jonathan Philip**.

20-Robert Francis O'Brien

20-Madeleine Mary O'Brien

20-Anthony Basil O'Brien

20-Jonathan Philip O'Brien

18-**Anthony James Morris**^{12,271} was born on 17 Nov 1883 in Pelham Crescent, South Kensington, London and died on 17 Aug 1943 in Clifden, Galway, Ireland at age 59.

Anthony married **Mary Gorham**, daughter of **William Gorham** and **Margaret Sweeney**, on 27 Apr 1916 in Clifden, Galway, Ireland. Mary was born on 31 Jul 1890 in Clifden, Galway, Ireland. They had seven children: **James William Desmond**, **Ivor Joseph Lionel**, **Margaret Mary**, **Honor Patricia**, **Anna Frances**, **Marie Therese Dorothy**, and **Joan Evelyn**.

19-James William Desmond Morris

James married **Kathleen Bridget McGrath**, daughter of **Martin McGrath** and **Bridget Duffy**, on 31 Mar 1948 in Clifden, Galway, Ireland. Kathleen was born on 8 Jul 1917 in Keady, Armagh. They had five children: **Anthony Ivor Martin**, **Desmond Patrick Gerard**, **Cyril Joseph**, **Eileen Carmel**, and **Marie Bridget**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She resided at Ben View House, Clifden, Co. Galway.

20-Anthony Ivor Martin Morris

20-Desmond Patrick Gerard Morris

20-Cyril Joseph Morris

20-Eileen Carmel Morris

Eileen married **Martin Joseph McCann**, son of **Thomas McCann** and **Ellen McDonagh**. They had two children: **Marie** and **Joe**.

21-Marie McCann

21-Joe McCann

Joe married **Goda Faherty**. They had one son: **Eoghan Eamon**.

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22-Eoghan Eamon McCann

20-Marie Bridget Morris

19-Ivor Joseph Lionel Morris

Ivor married **Gwendoline May Davidson**, daughter of **Archibald Davidson** and **Auiol Cox**. They had four children: **Elizabeth Ann, Timothy George Melier, Fiona Mary Christine**, and **Geoffrey Charles Redman**.

20-Elizabeth Ann Morris

20-Timothy George Melier Morris

20-Fiona Mary Christine Morris

20-Geoffrey Charles Redman Morris

19-Margaret Mary Morris

19-Honor Patricia Morris

19-Anna Frances Morris

19-Marie Therese Dorothy Morris

19-Joan Evelyn Morris

18-Lieut. Cmdr. **Charles Sebastian Morris**²⁷¹ was born on 24 Mar 1886 in Pelham Crescent, South Kensington, London and died on 31 May 1916 in Battle of Jutland. On board the Black Prince. at age 30.

General Notes: Died on the Black Prince.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Naval Officer.

Charles married **Dorothy Frances Reay**, daughter of **Edward Robert Reay** and **Julia Frances Arden**, on 30 Jul 1914 in Southsea, Hampshire. Dorothy was born on 6 Feb 1887 in Frolesworth. They had one son: **Charles Patrick**.

19-Charles Patrick Morris was born on 28 Dec 1915 in Saltash, Devon and died on 4 Feb 1941 in Breast, France. Killed In Action. at age 25.

18-**Cmdr. James Francis Morris**^{12,271} was born on 29 Jan 1889 in Selbourne Place, Littlehampton, Sussex and died on 16 Oct 1951 in Dublin, Ireland at age 62.

James married **Cecilia Teresa Teritt**, daughter of **John Territt** and **Teresa Smith**.

17-Eleanor Stacey^{12,86,201} was born on 30 Mar 1856 in Hornsey, Tottenham, London and died on 17 Sep 1916 in Putney, London at age 60.

17-**Rev. George Stacey**¹² was born on 2 Dec 1858 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 23 Feb 1903 in The Priory Hospital, Roehampton, London at age 44.

General Notes: George died in an insane asylum [The Priory Hospital, Roehampton]. His final days were quite awful as he pulled out his own eyes which was not in and of itself fatal but he did have a heart attack a few days after this tragic event and died. We also know that Eleanor and George's maternal uncle, Dearman Janson died in The Holloway Sanatorium 15 days after having been admitted for melancholia & and cystitis. *Marie Marchese 24 may 2014*

16-Anna Deborah Stacey¹⁷⁷ was born on 26 Aug 1825 in Tottenham, London and died on 30 Nov 1845 in Tottenham, London at age 20.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1840-Mar 1841 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**Catharine Stacey**^{7,12,88} was born on 4 Nov 1826 in Bruce Grove, Tottenham, London and died on 10 Apr 1914 in Wyddrington, Edgbaston, Birmingham at age 87.

General Notes: Catharine Wilson . . 87 10 4 1914 Edghaston, Birmingham. Widow of John Edward Wilson. A Minister. " Not unto us, O Lord, not unto us, but unto Thy Name give glory." The spirit of these words should pervade any record of Catharine Wilson, otherwise it will fail to express the mainspring of her life. Not herself, but her Lord - this was the secret of her being. She was born to George and Deborah Stacey, at Bruce Grove, Tottenham, on November 4th, 1826. Her father was for many years Clerk of the Yearly Meeting - a man of strong character and firmness, much respected, but with great reserve of expression. Her mother, Deborah Lloyd, of Farm, Birmingham, had a sweet and gentle nature, combined with womanly power. Catharine came in the middle of the family of seven, and was therefore linked on to both older and younger. To her, as to all members of the Lloyd family in those days, the country home at Farm, Birmingham, was a place of joyful resort, though tempered by the dignity and restraint that befitted a Quaker household. Visits to Farm and the influence of the place and the people must have been of definite value in the moulding of Catharine Stacey's character ; indeed, in many ways she must have closely resembled the Grandmother Lloyd, who so largely created the atmosphere of that home. " There was a completeness and perfect keeping in the arrangements of the house, the table, the garden, the guests, and in the conversation, which never frivolous or undignified, yet was cheerful and pervaded with Christian courtesy. Samuel and Rachel Lloyd were perfect models of that dignified courtesy which gives honour to those who pay it, as much as to those who receive it. All guests were treated with the same observances at meeting and parting. The tall figure of the husband and the graceful one of the wife were those your eyes beheld, first and last. Grandchildren were constant visitors ; and then there were the three married daughters of the house, Deborah Stacey, Rachel Howard, and Sarah Fox : so lovely were they and so much admired that they became standards wherewith to judge the degenerate beauties of a later day. The house was approached by a stately avenue, and I think a subdued stateliness may be said to have been the chief characteristic of the house and of Samuel and Rachel Lloyd."* It is easy to see that frequent visits to such a home as this could not but have a lasting influence on any child ; and no doubt the home at Tottenham, where her own parents bore rule, must have shared the same characteristics, and carried on into Catharine Stacey's life the same influences as prevailed at the ancestral home at Farm. The School to which she went later was that of Castlegate, York (now transferred to The Mount), and then under the care of Hannah Brady. While there a great loss overtook her in the sudden death of her mother, when she was 15 years old. This was followed by the lingering illness, and death, of her younger sister Anna, so that what are often the brightest years of a young girl's life were for Catharine Stacey shadowed by sorrow. Returning from school to the home life at Tottenham, she did not by any means consider her education " finished." Hebrew study, which she continued for years, was probably begun at this time, with a teacher from Grove House School, named Tiarks, who also taught her Greek. Pitman's system of shorthand was another study eagerly pursued, and her love of Nature showed itself in botanizing in the country round. Though Tottenham was then a country place, Catharine Stacey and her brothers and sisters were by no means cut off from stimulating companionship ; a circle of young Friends in the neighbourhood maintained a lively Essay Meeting, and pitted their wits against one another in friendly rivalry. Thomas Hodgkin and his sister Elizabeth Waterhouse were members of this interesting circle. Intellectual development was by no means all, however, that Catharine Stacey desired ; her earnest soul longed to serve and to find some channel for the love that she bore to One whom she felt had lifted from her, already in girlhood, the burden of her sins and set her on the path of eternal life. In district visiting and in other ways she endeavoured to find an outlet of helpfulness, but it was only as years went on that there opened out before her the wider fields of service for which she was most suited. When she was twenty her father married again, which greatly altered the position of herself and the elder sisters in the home ; but the changed circumstances only brought out her true unselfishness, and . to her father in his later years of invalidism she was a devoted daughter. When her elder sisters married and young families grew up around them, it was " Aunt Kitty " who acted as second mother and who found her greatest delight in devotion to the little ones. Ardent love of children was one of her great characteristics, and she had full scope for its expression as the years went by. She spent much time in long visits to her sisters, and in helping them with their growing families. On one of these visits to her sister Rachel, married to Arthur Albright, at Birmingham, she met John Edward Wilson, who had recently settled in the town (1857). The acquaintance ripened into friendship, and the closer bond of marriage followed shortly after. Thus the two sisters, Rachel and Catharine Stacey, had the pleasure of having their new homes near to one another, and the link was further strengthened by the fact that their husbands had become partners in the same business, as manufacturing chemists. To write of the home life of John Edward and Catharine Wilson is to touch upon sacred ground. Their married life was a very ordered one, and all was planned in such a way as to leave full time for the pursuit of highest things. Their common desire being to serve their Lord, they supported one another in all that they undertook for His cause. But to begin with, the claims of business and of their growing family took much care and thought. Catharine Wilson had already shown herself a second mother to her nieces and nephews : she was now to become in turn the mother of five sons and three daughters. What she was to them as children, as young people, and later as grown men and women - in their turn fathers and mothers of families - it would be impossible for any outsider to put into words, but it may at least be said that the memory of her love is their most precious possession. It was a love that expressed itself in innumerable ways as the years went on, but it was combined in the earlier and formative years with a strictness and gentle determination which every child knows later, if not at the time, to be the greatest boon. There was no uncertainty under her control : obedience was assumed and order was expected. Yet what a wealth of comradeship and interest she lavished on each one, and how fully she made their joys her own ! Her love and understanding of children were unusual. She never had any hesitation in approaching them, and felt sxire of being able to interest them. Some little play or rhyme or story was ever forthcoming to which they could respond. She was full of belief in their capacities and ready to try and help them forward. When it was possible for her to find time for work beyond the home, she took a Bible Class for the younger members of the Meeting at Bull Street, as well as a Senior Bible Class for children. One who attended such a class says : - " I have always felt a debt of loving gratitude to her for the interest she took years ago in her group of girls, of whom I was one, who had just left school. Each week we used to meet at her house, and the memory of her sweet influence and dignity still remains." Another testimony is from a girl who was at school with her own daughter, who says : - " She wrote me letters at school before she had ever seen me, having heard that I never had Sunday letters from home like the other girls. She was the first woman who ever cared for my soul." One more instance must be given of the way she identified children, even those whom she had never seen. A

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woman she knew emigrated to America, taking with her a young daughter. This daughter married and settled in Mexico and became the mother of nine children. They grew Up, calling her grandmarama ; she knew them all by name, and at Christmas time she sent them all presents. If such was the loving thought she gave to far away children, it is no wonder that hundreds nearer at hand felt the closeness of the tie. In the same way those who came under her care as servants grew to feel something of the same attachment. One of them writes as follows : " I always loved her from the moment I entered into her service. I look back with deep gratitude and feel she was the shaping and moulding of my young life. I so well remember the sewing meetings in the nursery once a month, when she always spoke to us younger ones like a mother. Whenever we met her in the hall or anywhere she had a kind word or a smile, which we could not forget." Again a woman whom she had only known as a charwoman testified during her last illness that : " Mrs Wilson has been a friend to me for forty years : she has never failed me since I was a girl of seventeen." These simple instances show something of the quiet, persistent love which she lavished on all who came within her influence. She accepted people as she found them : if their faults came to her notice, she never dwelt upon them or made them the subject of sarcasm, but looked for the best and helped to draw it out. One of her sons can say : "I do not think all my life I have ever heard mother grumble - at the weather, or anything " As we have seen, she endeavoured, even in her early married life, to find some time for passing on to others what she felt to be the good news of God, but it was not till later that she was called to take part in the vocal ministry in Meetings for Worship. When Birmingham Meeting sustained a great loss in the death of Edwin Laundry, her ministry, though on different lines, did much to fill the gap. Vocal ministry was always to her a matter of great responsibility, and she lived under almost a sense of awe in the exercise of the gift. Naturally, her early Biblical study and training determined to a large extent the lines of her thought in her exposition of the Bible. A broader manner of study and interpretation was, however, coming to the front, and was more and more to win for itself the acceptance of thoughtful minds. Catharine Wilson's long habit of loving forbear- ance and unwillingness to judge others, made it possible for her to adapt herself to this newer attitude, and for time to bring further light. She was recorded a minister in 1877, and it was largely owing to her influence that through difficult periods of transition a large measure of love and unity has prevailed among Friends in Birmingham. In her they recognized a meeting-point, if not of intellectual agreement, at least of love. She and her husband were devoted in their attendance at all regular Meetings and took an active part in the business ; Preparative, Monthly, and Quarterly Meetings were in- complete without them. Later on in her life when ill-health prevented attendance, she was always eager to hear from others what had passed. There was no relaxation of interest because she herself could not take an active share or because fresh personalities of whom she had no ken were taking up the burden. There was no egoism in her love for Friends and their cause. As the number of Meetings in the Birmingham area grew, her love grew with them, and when unable personally to attend she would spend the hour of worship in prayer on their behalf. It was seldom possible to go over the whole list of twenty Meetings as she would have desired, and she would say almost pathetically, " Oh, I have only got as far as Farm Street, or Moseley Road," as the case might be. Many personal friendships came to her through the holding of a Weekly Bible Class attended by the mothers of Bull Street and other Meetings, to whom her life and her teaching came as a lasting inspiration. With regard to the manner of her ministry, it was always exercised in much dignity and solemnity, but there was also a special directness about it, and naturally, with her interest in the young, her words were often addressed to them. A friend writes : - " I remember her from my earliest days, and used to hope, when I went to Bull Street, for her quiet voice and the loving way in which she spoke to children." Such ministry surely is not at an end with the occasion that prompted it, and we feel that we may appropriately put into her mouth the beautiful words first used by another : - " Look for me in the nurseries of Heaven." Turning from her service to Friends in her own district to her wider service for the Society as a whole, we find her a member of the Friends' Home Mission Association for the first twelve years of its existence. These were not easy years, for the Association was looked upon askance by many Friends, and the sound judgment and persevering interest which both John Edward and Catharine Wilson gave to the cause were invaluable. In 1883 and 1884 she was Clerk to the Women's Yearly Meeting. Her trained habit of mind and clear judgment, and her sympathetic outlook, combined to make her, as many considered, an ideal clerk. In holding this office for the Society she linked three generations - her father, George Stacey, before her, who was Clerk of the Yearly Meeting for many years, and her son after her, Henry Lloyd Wilson, who held the same office. But perhaps among all her labours for Friends the cause of the Friends' Foreign Mission Association stands out as the one to which she gave herself the most. In 1891 she became a member of what is now the " Board : " at once she joined the China Committee, and promptly tried to keep in touch with each of the missionaries in the field. From 1897 she was occupied with the delicate and responsible work of the Candidates' Committee, and was also largely influential in starting the Home for the Children of Missionaries. A colleague writes : - " On the committees, particularly, her mastery and ready memory of facts, clear, sound judgment, loving, cheerful and sympathetic spirit, were greatly valued : many misssionaries, in China and elsewhere, will miss in her a true friend. It was wonderful, when no longer able to attend committees, what a close touch she maintained with all the manifold details of the work. She never seemed to make a mistake. One trusted her fully and loved her deeply." The Secretary writes of her understanding letters when not able to be present, says how she and her husband so worked together that it is difficult to think of them apart, and what a tower of strength their judgment and interest were in the troublous times of anxiety in 1900 about the massacres in China. She kept a map of China in ordinary times, with the position of every missionary indicated on it ; and later would tell her nurses of every place where a mission exists. One of the workers in China (Caroline N. Wigham) writes : - " Mrs Wilson was a very dear friend to many members of the China Mission. Several of my comrades in China will, with myself, feel her death as that of a near and dear relative. Many years ago, when I stayed at her beautiful home at Wyddrington and got to know more intimately her sweet, unselfish character, I was astonished at the close knowledge she had of our work in West China. She not only knew the names of all the missionaries and where they were stationed and in what work engaged, but she knew the names of many of our native helpers and some of the boys of our schools. At that time my husband was principal of the Chungking High School, and she asked me for the names of the five young men who had just graduated, and put them down in her little book, so that she might pray for them by name. Since then I have often felt how wonderfully our work has been helped by her prayers. Later visits to her home have only deepened and increased my love and reverence for her. Her letters to me in China have always, I believe, filled me with fresh hope and courage ; and the loving interest she took in all that concerned our children made a special bond between those of us who were mothers and her own loving mother heart." Yet though Catharine Wilson's heart went out so generously to the widespread missionaries who came under her ken, " she never obtruded her enthusiasm on anyone.* Rather she sought out the interests of those to whom she was talking, and linked herself on with them. Outside the borders of the Society of Friends, her energy was given in a variety of directions. In her early married life she held a Mothers' Meeting in a wretched part of Birmingham, in a street into which, it was said, a policeman alone never dared to enter. For thirty -three years she was President of the Friendless Girls' Association in Birmingham, and followed keenly the details of the Home connected with it. To the Committee she was a tower of strength on account of her excellent judgment,

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and to the girls a personal friend. To her the problem of the suffering and waste of girl life in a great city especially appealed. She was a member of the Council of the Birmingham Branch of the National Union of Women Workers from its first beginnings, and during a period of anxiety in the affairs of the society, when she was unable to attend its meetings owing to advanced age, she sent a letter of encouragement to the officers of the branch which was greatly-valued. In whatever direction her love and interest turned it was fruitful of good. To Mrs Josephine Butler's pioneer work in the cause of social purity she gave her ardent sympathy and help, loyally., supported in this by her husband ; and similarly in the cause of the abolition of the Opium Traffic they worked hand-in-hand. Great, then, was her satisfaction in the triumph of both these efforts after long years of unremitting work. In May, 1913, this country stopped the further import into China of Indian opium. A daughter-in-law who was calling at the time says : - ** Her face was radiant as she said : ' Now I feel I want to fold my hands and say my Nunc DlmittisJ " Such a deep, rich, and many-sided life as has here beenroughly delineated, was, as we have seen, rooted and centred in the home. For a somewhat more detailed description of that side of her life we turn to an "Appreciation " of her, written by a younger cousin.* "Everything about her impressed with a touch of eternity.' ** She possessed the secret, rare among Englishwomen, of impressing her own character, her own ~ * The Friend, May 1914. By L. V. H. wholeness - which is holiness - on even the smallest things about her. " * The spotless delicacy, the precision and perfection of plain fine needlework, the repose of the soft tints, combine in the dress of some still lingering representatives of the old school of Quakerism, to produce a result whose quiet beauty appeals to both the mind and eye with a peculiar charm. I cannot think that such mute eloquence is to be despised ; or that it is un- worthy of Christian women to be careful that their very dress shall speak a language of quietness, gentleness and purity.' " Catharine Wilson might have read these words of Caroline Stephen's over and over again, but it would never have occurred to her absolute selflessness that she was reading a pen-portrait of herself. A vision of * quietness, gentleness, and purity ; everything about her impressed with a touch of eternity ' - that is how she stays with us. There were no separate compartments ; no activities that were isolated from the rest ; the humblest details seemed to be shot through with the light of a divine principle. " Even if it were only a question of making a needlebook to sell for a charity - a needlebook, made by her, with its multitude of fairy-like stitches and its elaborate arrangement of pockets and buttons and bags, was treasured as an heirloom already before it left her hands. Her letters, too, were just as wonderful : every thought, every phrase, word, and character perfectly formed in its perfectly -fitting place. But her exquisite finish never degenerated into a mere love of detail. The * touch of eternity * that characterized all her work prevented that. The skilful fingers were only the servants of the clear-thinking brain and tender heart behind them. Her Christmas remembrances were a science and a literature in themselves. And everything she sent came straight from her inner thought and went straight to the heart of the receiver. It was all alive. " But though gifts, material and spiritual, flowed out of her quiet room in a perpetual : stream, there was another river of other people's troubles and pleasures and difficulties and cares always flowing in the other direction, as steadily back to her. To share a trouble with her was to change it into something as sacred as a joy ; and to know that she shared a joy was to turn it into a crown." Life brought her " good measure of good things, pressed down and running over," but the more life gave her, the more she had to give out to others. " Self-denial does not seem to me to be there," she once said. " If we are given to God, the self-denial does not need thinking about or working for." As rich experiences unfolded to her, she herself grew, until the large things had the per- fectness of the small and the smaU became large in the light of their perfection. She loved more and more until the circle of her influence was so great that one wondered how she could be the centre of such a circumference : first the home, then the beloved kith and kin, then neighbours and townsfolk, and then individuals in furthest India and China, whom perhaps she would never know except through the unseen link of prayer. To take some examples as to how this love and interest affected those on whom it was lavished, a nephew's wife writes : - " I have never known anyone who was so really keenly, lovingly, sympathizingly interested in all the members, even remote ones, of her very large family." Again, a lady who only saw her once writes ; " I shall never forget the impression her wonderful personality made upon me." And another : - " I always enjoyed seeing her ; her keen interest in things and the sense of life about her always did me good ; " while a third brings out another characteristic which is worth noting : - " I do not think I ever met anyone of her age who struck me with possessing in such degree what we usually think are qualities developed by advantages open to our own generation." Her love never grew old or forgot : it held itself ready for any and every service. It was equally at home in a nursery or a Council Chamber. It despised nothing ; it neglected no recognized duty ; it was ever fresh, for it lived on the love it called forth. It made of a large and beautiful home a sacred sanctuary, and of a wide and ever-increasing circle a close-knit group. The spacious house and garden at Wyddrington, Edgbaston, welcomed many, both rich and poor, with an unusual hospitality. The garden especially was a resort for hundreds of tired workers from the city. After J. E. Wilson's death, Catharine Wilson did not morbidly shut herself up, but still gave out freely of her thought and affection. Little by little, as years went on, her marvellous activity had to be curtailed, but her room was still the centre of a wealth of loving thought. The last Christmas of her life, when she was already 86 years old, she listened with pleasure to the carols of her grandchildren, assembled in the old family home for their Christmas tree. During the short illness which preceded her death, her spirit echoed the words " Love is here and all is well." Her faith had no wavering, and she seemed to glide from the love and duty of the life here to the life beyond, having indeed in her whole course made love visible. " Joy completed " were some of the last words she was heard to say before she passed away, at dawn on Good Friday, April 10th, 1914. " For ever young, for ever young ! Lo ! Death hath stolen thee from Time, And Love hath stolen thee from Death ! '

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1840-Jun 1842 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister in 1877.

Catharine married **John Edward Wilson**,^{7,12,88} son of **William Wilson**^{5,12,59,69,292} and **Hannah Jowitt**,^{7,12,59,69,292} on 3 Dec 1857 in Tottenham, London. John was born on 23 May 1834 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Mar 1907 in Wyddrington, Edgbaston at age 72. They had eight children: **John William, George Edward, Theodore Stacey, Henry Lloyd, Catharine, Alfred, Mary Louisa, and Anna Deborah.**

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General Notes: Partner with Arthur Albright in founding the chemical company of Albright & Wilson. He died at the Birminham Deaf & Dumb Institute building after a meeting.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manufacturing Chemist in Manchester.
- He worked as a Manufacturing Chemist in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a JP for Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in Wyddrington, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Kent's House, Kendal, Cumbria.

17-**Rt. Hon. John William Wilson**^{12,246} was born on 22 Oct 1858 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 18 Jun 1932 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PC.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Phosphorous Manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for North Worcestershire 1895 To 1918.
- He worked as a Served on the committee of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1919.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Stourbridge 1918 To 1922.
- He worked as a JP for Worcestershire.
- He worked as a JP for Herefordshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Perrycroft, Colwall, Malvern, Worcestershire.

John married **Florence Jane Harrison**,¹² daughter of **Smith Harrison**^{7,30,111,291} and **Jane Lister**,^{7,111,291} on 26 Apr 1883 in Wanstead, Essex. Florence was born on 26 Aug 1859 in Upton, Essex and died on 13 Feb 1911 in 4 Whitehall Court, London at age 51. They had no children.

John next married **Isabella Bannatyne**, daughter of **Andrew Bannatyne** and **Jane Cooke**, on 2 Dec 1919 in Little Malvern, Worcestershire. Isabella was born on 18 Feb 1875.

17-**George Edward Wilson**¹² was born on 7 Feb 1860 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 2 Aug 1927 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

18-**Kenneth Henry Wilson**^{3,12} was born on 7 Sep 1885 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 2 Sep 1969 at age 83.

General Notes: President of Albright & Wilson

Deputy Chairman Bryant & May

With Albright & Wilson, 1908; Dir, 1910; Man. Dir and Chm., 1932– 58, Pres., 1958– . Mem. of Oldbury Urban District Council, 1919– 58; Charter Mayor of Oldbury, 1935; Alderman of Borough of Oldbury, 1935– 58; Worcestershire County Council, 1936, Alderman, 1941– ; Chm. Oldbury Local Employment Cttee, 1925– 62. Past Pres. and Member of Council Birmingham Chamber of Commerce; Governor, Birmingham Univ. (Mem. Council, 1933– 68). High Sheriff of Worcs., 1948– 49. Freeman, Borough of Oldbury, 1960

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Chairman and President of Albright & Wilson.
- He worked as a Chairman of Bryant & May. Match manufacturers.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 22 Priory Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Park Hall, Kidderminster.

19-**Ann Pease Wilson**³ was born on 19 Oct 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jan 2001 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 87.

19-**Rachel Barbara Wilson**^{123,127,159,248,249} was born on 22 May 1915 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Mar 2000 in Dacorum, Hertfordshire at age 84.

20-**Gabriel Allen Allen** was born on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire and died on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

20-**Peter Allen** was born on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire and died on 22 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

20-**Peter William Allen**

20-**Dr. Christopher John Allen**

20-**Adrian Roger Allen**

20-**Charles Kenneth Allen**

20-**Caroline Isabel Allen**

19-**Henrietta Marion Wilson** was born on 9 Sep 1916 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 2005 in Towcester, Northamptonshire at age 88.

20-**Rachel Candia Woods**

20-**Robert Barclay Woods**

20-**Edward Wilson Woods**

20-**Eleanor Priscilla Woods**

20-**Henrietta Mary Woods**

21-**Henrietta Marie Burnell-Nugent**

21-**Anthony James Burnell-Nugent**

21-**Rupert Michael Burnell-Nugent**

21-**Thomas Alexander Burnell-Nugent**

19-**Kenneth John Wilson**

20-Bridget Eleanor Wilson

20-Peter Kenneth Alston Wilson

20-Roger Edward Wilson

20-Nigel John Cadbury Wilson

19-Eleanor Mary Wilson was born on 28 Nov 1918 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

20-Marion Francesca Eleanor Wharton

20-Elizabeth Anne Wharton

20-Julia Catherine Wharton

20-Richard Lloyd Wharton

18-Helen Marion Wilson¹² was born on 11 Oct 1886 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

18-Anita Catharine Wilson^{12,39,118,182,252,254,255} was born on 4 Jun 1888 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 28 Jun 1962 in Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire at age 74.

19-John Pease Glaisyer^{12,39,124,252} was born on 25 May 1910 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 1995 in Northumberland at age 84.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 25th May, 1910, at Birmingham, Anita Catherine, wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a son, who was named John Pease.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1923-1927 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Chemical manufacturer with Albright & Wilson in 1935 in Oldbury, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

19-Catharine Mary Glaisyer^{68,125,159,248,254,257} was born on 19 Jan 1914 in 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 19th January, 1914, at 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Anita Catharine (Wilson), wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a daughter .

20-Jillian Mary Sturge

20-Catharine Anita Sturge

20-Michael Wilson Sturge

21-Nicholas Wilson Sturge

21-Christina Margrit Sturge

19-Edward Henry Glaisyer^{39,68,118,124,174,262} was born on 9 Dec 1915 in 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Nov 2005 in Gloucestershire at age 89.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 19th December, 1915, at 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Anita C , wife of John Glaisyer (1888- 1893), a son, who was named

Edward Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1925-1929 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1929-1933 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Downing College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Headmaster, Hill Place.

20-**John Astley Glaisyer**

21-**Natasha Glaisyer**

20-**David Wilson Glaisyer**

21-**Clodagh Alicia Roxane Glaisyer**

21-**Caradoc Glaisyer**

21-**Laragh Glaisyer**

20-**Richard Henry Glaisyer**

19-**Janet Helen Glaisyer**³⁹ was born on 27 Jul 1917 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Oct 2005 in Chiltern, Buckinghamshire at age 88.

20-**Prof. Nicola Jane Hylton Madge**

20-**Robert Hylton Madge**

19-**Anita Ruth Glaisyer**²⁵⁵ was born on 7 Oct 1920 in Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 7th October, 1920, at Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, to the wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a daughter, who was named Anita Ruth.

20-**Anne Rousseau**

20-**Marc Wilson Rousseau**

20-**Jane Rousseau**

19-**Elizabeth Rachel Glaisyer**

20-**Sarah Elizabeth Parish**

20-**Roger Gavin Parish**

20-**Nigel John Parish**

18-**Olga Mary Wilson**¹² was born on 26 Apr 1890 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

19-**Lt. John Geldard** was born on 30 May 1922 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire, died on 13 Feb 1944 in Killed in a road accident at age 21, and was buried in St. Andrew's Church, Abberton, Essex. Grave Row 10.L.

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General Notes: He was training for the Normandy landings that were to take place in June.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers, 617 Assault Squadron.

19-Mary Henrietta Geldard

20-Helen Rosemary Weston

20-Hugh Nicholas Weston

20-Christopher David Weston

18-John Christopher Wilson¹² was born on 15 Apr 1892 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Albright & Wilson. Chemical manufacturers.

19-Diana Margaret Wilson

20-Deidre Elizabeth Ward

20-Gillian Margaret Ward

19-Christopher Nevil Wilson

20-Annabel Rose Wilson

18-Rachel Evelyn Wilson¹² was born on 19 Dec 1894 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died in Dec 1993 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 99.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1918.

19-Catherine Rachel Cadbury

20-Margaret Claire Hickinbotham

20-Roger Paul Hickinbotham

19-Dr. Edward Paul Cadbury was born on 10 Nov 1921 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Apr 2000 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BCh.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He worked as a Liberal Parliamentary candidate in 1970 in Oswestry, Shropshire.

20-Richard Geoffrey Cadbury

20-James Edward Cadbury

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20-**Philip Timothy Cadbury**^{146,175} was born on 16 Dec 1953 in Oswestry, Shropshire and died on 15 Aug 1981 at age 27.

General Notes: PHILIP T. CADBURY, 28 Hampton Road, Oswestry, Salop. Entered: September, 1965. 10 'O' Levels. 'A' Levels in History, French and Maths. Debating society, essay society, radio society. York Maths Association, Committee for Abolition of Compulsory Games. To do 1 year's voluntary service then to University College, London, to read Economics and Philosophy.
CADBURY.— On 15th August, 1981, Philip Timothy Cadbury (1965-72), aged 27 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1965-1972 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University College, London.

20-**Erica Rachel Cadbury**

19-**Philippa Helen Cadbury**

20-**Anna Catherine Southall**

21-**Harry Serle**

21-**Jack Serle**

20-**Mark Stephen Southall** was born on 22 Apr 1950 in Hereford, Herefordshire and died before 2011.

20-**Candia Helen Southall**

19-**Charles Lloyd Cadbury** was born on 3 Nov 1926 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jan 2000 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73.

20-**Ruth Margaret Cadbury**

20-**Helen Cadbury**

20-**David Cadbury**

20-**Thomas Stephen Cadbury**

19-**Roger Cadbury** was born on 19 Jun 1929 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 23 Jun 1929 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

19-**Henrietta Margaret Cadbury** was born on 20 Jul 1930 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 11 Dec 1950 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 20.

18-**Edward Victor Wilson**¹² was born on 2 Jul 1897 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died on 3 Nov 1920 in Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 23.

17-**Dr. Theodore Stacey Wilson**¹² was born on 24 Mar 1861 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 30 Jul 1949 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD BSc FRCP.
- He was educated at Grove House School, Tottenham.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He was educated at Vienna in Vienna, Austria.

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- He had a residence in 27 Wheelleys Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Theodore married **Ada Annie Grace De Pothonier**,¹² daughter of **Henry De Pothonier** and **Jane Catherine Duncan**, on 13 Apr 1903 in Marple, Manchester. Ada was born on 10 Dec 1866 in Kensington, London and died on 1 Oct 1914 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 47. They had one daughter: **Joan Blanche Stacey**.

18-**Joan Blanche Stacey Wilson**¹² was born on 30 May 1907 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Theodore next married **Winifred Adams Pattison**, daughter of **Ernest Pattison** and **Annie Adams**, on 19 Sep 1917 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire. Winifred was born on 8 Oct 1872 in Leicester, Leicestershire and died on 7 Oct 1927 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 54.

17-**Henry Lloyd Wilson**^{7,12,288} was born on 5 Jul 1862 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 26 May 1941 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He worked as a Manufacturing chemist in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in Selly Wood, Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Clerk of London Yearly Meeting in 1904-1910.

Henry married **Theodora Mary Harris**,^{7,12} daughter of **Theodore Harris**^{7,14,145,231,293} and **Ann Deborah Fletcher**,^{7,14,293} on 9 Oct 1890 in FMH Leighton Buzzard. Theodora was born on 4 Mar 1865 in Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire and died on 28 Mar 1947 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 82. They had six children: **Mary Fletcher**, **Ruth Allason**, **Anthony Langdale**, **Deborah Margaret**, **Michael Henry**, and **Theodora Naomi**.

18-**Mary Fletcher Wilson**^{2,12,263,288} was born on 27 Jul 1891 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1978 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Nov 1907-Jul 1910 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married **George Lloyd Hodgkin**,^{2,12,74,213,263,288} son of **Dr. Thomas Hodgkin**^{2,9,10,12,15,74,145,198,225,229,288,294} and **Lucy Anna Fox**,^{2,9,10,12,74,198,213,225,229,288} on 10 Apr 1913 in FMH Bournville. George was born on 22 Aug 1880 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne, died on 24 Jun 1918 in Baghdad, Iraq at age 37, and was buried in Baghdad, Iraq. They had three children: **Alan Lloyd**, **Robert (Robin) Allason**, and **George Keith Howard**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker with Gillett's of Banbury.
- He worked as a Relief worker in Baghdad, Iraq.

19-**Prof. Sir Alan Lloyd Hodgkin**² was born on 5 Feb 1914 in 61 Broughton Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 20 Dec 1998 in 18 Panton Street, Cambridge at age 84, and was buried on 30 Dec 1998 in Cambridge Crematorium.

General Notes: Hodgkin, Sir Alan Lloyd (1914– 1998), physiologist, was born on 5 February 1914 at 61 Broughton Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire, the eldest of the three sons of George Lloyd Hodgkin (1880– 1918), banker, and his wife, Mary Fletcher, née Wilson (1891– 1978), daughter of Henry Wilson and his wife, Theodora.

Family, early years, and education

Hodgkin's forebears on both sides were Quakers. The historian Thomas Hodgkin (1831– 1913) was his grandfather; Thomas Hodgkin of Hodgkin's disease (1798– 1866) was his great-great-uncle; and the meteorologist Luke Howard (1772– 1864) was his great-great-grandfather. The crystallographer and Nobel prize-winner Dorothy Hodgkin (1910– 1994) was the wife of a first cousin. His father was at first a civil engineer but from the time of his marriage in 1913 he worked in a bank in Banbury. During the First World War he incurred much local animosity by refusing, on Quaker principles, to undertake any work that would help the war effort. He took part in relief work in Armenia, and in 1918 died of dysentery on a second journey to that country. Hodgkin's mother married, in 1932, Lionel Smith, rector of Edinburgh Academy and son of A. L. Smith, master of Balliol College, Oxford.

Hodgkin's main boyhood interests were in natural history, which he was able to pursue during visits to relatives in many parts of the country and at his two schools: the Downs School at Colwall, Herefordshire (1923– 7), and Gresham's at Holt in Norfolk (1927– 32). In December 1931 he won an open scholarship to Trinity College, Cambridge, and in the interval between school and college he had his first taste of research, at the Freshwater Biological Station in the Lake District. He also spent a

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few months with a family in Germany where a first-hand view of Nazism destroyed the pacifist principles of his upbringing. He remained an agnostic throughout his adult life.

Hodgkin's original intention at Cambridge was to specialize in zoology, aiming for a career in applied biology, probably overseas. For the first two years of the degree course he took zoology, chemistry, and physiology, obtaining a first class; he became more interested in physiology and chose this as his final year subject, again obtaining a first class. A factor that stimulated his interest in physiology was the close friendship between his father and Keith Lucas, a physiologist of great distinction who established the 'all-or-none' nature of the impulse in individual nerve or muscle fibres.

Research up to 1939

Hodgkin began research during his final undergraduate year, and in the following year he obtained the first experimental evidence for a theory of the mechanism of conduction in nerve fibres that had been widely accepted since the 1880s (the local-circuit theory). On the strength of this he was elected to one of the junior research fellowships at Trinity College, an unusual distinction so soon after graduating. He then went on to work with large nerve fibres which, by a lucky chance, he had found he could dissect from the leg nerves of crabs and lobsters. With these he showed that a local electrical change was generated by a fibre in response to a stimulus that was nearly but not quite strong enough to give rise to the propagated 'all-or-none' impulse.

Hodgkin spent 1937–8 at the Rockefeller Institute in New York, where he encountered a more professional style of research than existed at that time in Cambridge. A contact that strongly influenced his later work was with K. S. Cole, who with H. J. Curtis had recently performed a remarkable experiment that showed a great decrease in the electrical resistance of the surface membrane of a nerve fibre during the impulse. This experiment was made possible by using the giant nerve fibre of the squid (about 0.5 mm in diameter), discovered a few years before by J. Z. Young. Jointly with Cole, Hodgkin used this nerve fibre in measuring the resistance of the resting membrane, and it was the preparation that he used in most of his nerve experiments after the war. He also used it in another experiment performed while in the USA in which he showed that the speed of conduction was increased by reducing the longitudinal electrical resistance outside the fibre. This gave final proof that the local circuits are an essential part of the propagation mechanism, a matter that was still controversial at the time, particularly in the USA.

At the Rockefeller Institute Hodgkin also made the acquaintance of the pathologist Peyton Rous, who was later also a Nobel prize-winner (1966). Hodgkin married Rous's eldest daughter, Marion de Kay (Marni; b. 1917), on 30 March 1944 when on a short visit to the USA in connection with his war work. The marriage was outstandingly happy and successful. They had three daughters and a son. Marni wrote two detective novels and worked as children's book editor for the publishers Rupert Hart-Davis and, later, Macmillan.

Hodgkin returned in September 1938 to Cambridge, where he had been appointed to a lectureship in Trinity College and a university demonstratorship in the department of physiology. He continued his experimental work on nerve, partly in collaboration with W. A. H. Rushton. Jointly with A. F. Rawdon-Smith of the psychology department he built new recording apparatus with cathode-follower input and direct-coupled valve amplifiers; four sets were made and remained in service for many years.

In the summer vacation of 1939 Hodgkin went to the laboratory of the Marine Biological Association at Plymouth in order to do experiments on the squid fibre. He was joined by A. F. Huxley, who had just completed undergraduate work in Trinity College, and they recorded the resting potential of the fibre and the action potential (the change of electrical potential accompanying the impulse) directly with an electrode inserted inside the fibre. On the theory current at that time the internal potential should have risen during the impulse from its negative resting value nearly to equality with the external potential, but they found that it actually overshot and went substantially positive. They did not have time to investigate the origin of this positivity, leaving Plymouth a few days before the outbreak of the Second World War.

War work, 1939–1945

For the first few months of the war Hodgkin held an unpaid post at the Royal Aircraft Establishment at Farnborough, Hampshire, working under B. H. C. Matthews on the physiological problems of high altitude flying in unpressurized aircraft. In February 1940 he was transferred to the establishment later known as TRE (Telecommunications Research Establishment), where airborne radar was being further developed, and stayed with it until the end of the war. After occupying various sites in south Wales and on the south coast of England it was moved into the buildings of Malvern College, a boys' school in Worcestershire.

Airborne radar working on a wavelength of 1.5 metres was already in service, mainly for ship detection, but versions for aircraft interception were just coming into service. Their usefulness was limited by the breadth of the beam, unavoidable because narrowing the beam would require an aerial system with dimensions several times the wavelength. The chief disadvantage of the broad beam was that it extended downwards and gave echoes from objects on the ground at all distances greater than the height of the aircraft, and these obscured the echo from a target. Hodgkin joined the team of A. C. B. Lovell aiming to develop radar on shorter wavelengths. After experiments at 50 cm they moved to the ambitious project of using 5 or 10 cm, which became practicable through the invention of the cavity magnetron by J. T. Randall and H. A. H. Boot at Birmingham University. This gave greatly increased power at the required very high frequencies. A paraboloid reflector of about 70 cm diameter gave a suitably narrow beam but this needed to be scanned through a range of angles in order to pick up a target aircraft. A design by Hodgkin was adopted; it used a spiral scan and gave an easily interpretable display. Hodgkin and several of his colleagues took part in many flights with experimental and prototype versions of this equipment in order to cure teething troubles and to test their usefulness. The risks were considerable: one of his colleagues lost his life when the aircraft in which he was flying was misidentified and shot down; Hodgkin himself had a narrow escape when the same thing nearly happened to the aircraft in which he was flying; and four others of the group were killed when their aircraft crashed.

In the autumn of 1942 Hodgkin was transferred to work on the defence of night bombers against fighter attack. The initial requirement was to provide only the range of the target when the gun turret could be aimed visually; later he worked on a system for blind firing. When attacks with the pilotless aircraft V1 began in 1944, an attempt was made to adapt this system for shooting down the V1s, but before it was ready for operational use the launching sites were overrun by allied land forces. Hodgkin was then put in charge of development of a radar to be fitted in a steerable rocket that was under development for launching from a fighter aircraft, but the

war came to an end before any such development could be completed.

Post-war research

Hodgkin moved back to Cambridge with his wife and first child in August 1945. He resumed his teaching duties in Trinity and in the department of physiology. He was promoted to university lecturer in 1946 and to assistant director of research in 1947. In 1952 he was appointed to the Foulerton research professorship of the Royal Society, which freed him from teaching duties, and in Trinity he moved to a senior research fellowship. In January 1970 he moved to a university research chair, the John Humphrey Plummer professorship of biophysics, and to a professorial fellowship at Trinity. He relinquished the professorship on reaching the university retiring age in 1981, though he continued his experimental research for some years. His active scientific work was brought to an end by the early death of his last collaborator, B. J. Nunn, in 1987. From 1946 until then he was leader of a well-defined group in the physiological laboratory of Cambridge University.

Much of Hodgkin's research until 1951 was done in collaboration with Huxley, who returned to Cambridge in January 1946 after his war work. The main question facing them at first was the cause of the overshoot that they had observed in 1939, that is, the fact that the interior of the nerve fibre became strongly positive at the peak of an impulse. They were already discussing the idea that turned out to be correct, that the decrease in membrane resistance shown by Cole and Curtis was due to a large and specific increase in the permeability of the membrane to sodium ions: since their concentration is much higher in the surrounding fluid than inside the fibre, sodium ions are thereby enabled to diffuse inwards carrying their positive charge. On this theory the membrane potential would be restored by the outward diffusion of an equivalent amount of potassium ions (present in relatively high concentration inside each fibre), and in 1946 Hodgkin, with Huxley, used an indirect method to estimate the amount of potassium leaving a nerve fibre per impulse transmitted. They showed that this was sufficient to restore the membrane potential, and in their publication they suggested that the initial rise of potential, overshooting the zero level, was probably due to sodium entry.

Firm evidence for or against the sodium theory required experiments on the squid giant fibre; these were possible only at the laboratory at Plymouth, which had been severely bombed during the war and was not available until the summer of 1947. Hodgkin then obtained evidence for the sodium theory by showing that the potential reached at the peak of the impulse, and also its rate of rise, varied with external sodium concentration in the way required by the theory. He presented these results verbally at the International Congress of Physiology in Oxford in late July that year. In September he was joined at Plymouth by Bernard Katz, who had independently realized that the overshoot might be due to sodium entry. Together they extended the observations made by Hodgkin, providing conclusive evidence for the sodium theory. Owing to delays in publication this work did not appear in print until 1949.

It remained uncertain whether the sodium mechanism was used by excitable tissues of vertebrates as well as by the nerves of molluscs such as the squid. During a visit to the USA in early 1948 Hodgkin met Gilbert Ling, who was measuring the resting potential of muscle fibres of frogs by means of a microelectrode consisting of a saline-filled glass pipette with a very fine tip which was pushed through the surface membrane of the fibre. However, the response of the equipment was not fast enough for recording the potential change during the impulse. Later that year Hodgkin, with W. L. Nastuk from the USA, improved the technique so that faithful records of the impulse could be obtained, and they showed that it responded to external sodium concentration in the same way as in the squid nerve fibre. Their technique quickly became a standard one for experiments on a wide variety of cells.

It was generally supposed at that time that the 'all-or-none' character of the impulse was due to the membrane permeability increasing instantaneously when the internal potential reached a critical value. On the basis of experiments before the war, however, Hodgkin suspected that the current– voltage relation was continuous but included a region with negative slope. This would cause instability since any increase of inward current in this range would cause a further rise of internal potential, in turn causing a further increase in inward current. This would result in an explosive 'all-or-none' change of membrane potential.

An unstable current– voltage relation of this kind would be difficult to investigate experimentally, but both Hodgkin and Cole had the idea of using electronic feedback to an internal electrode to control the internal potential, which could thereby be raised suddenly and held at the new level. The electrode had to extend over a considerable length of the fibre in order to keep the internal potential uniform. Cole with George Marmont had a system of this type (the voltage clamp) operating in the summer of 1947. They showed that there is indeed a continuous relation between membrane potential and current, but did not take the analysis further. During his visit to the USA in the spring of 1948 Hodgkin met Cole, who told him about these experiments; in turn Hodgkin told Cole of his observations with Katz on the effects of sodium concentration.

Together with Katz and Huxley, Hodgkin did his first voltage clamp experiments in the summer of 1948, and his final series of experiments (with Huxley) in 1949. They analysed the origins of the measured current by altering the external sodium concentration and by imposing a second step of potential change. They thus separated the current into components carried by sodium and by potassium ions, and they fitted equations to the time courses of the permeabilities of the membrane to these two ions following a step change of membrane potential. They used these equations to calculate the time course of the potential change that would result if the membrane potential were not controlled by feedback. This agreed well with the time course of a normal action potential recorded after a short electrical stimulus; and the calculated amounts of sodium and potassium entering and leaving the fibre agreed well with the values found by the use of radioactive tracers by R. D. Keynes, for whom Hodgkin had been the PhD supervisor shortly after the war.

These results were published in 1952 and led to the award in 1963 of the Nobel prize for physiology or medicine to Hodgkin and Huxley, together with John Eccles. The award was 'for their discoveries concerning the ionic mechanisms involved in excitation and inhibition in the peripheral and central portions of the nerve cell membrane'. Eccles's contribution was on transmission from a nerve terminal to a cell body in the spinal cord, and was quite independent of Hodgkin's and Huxley's work.

These 'Hodgkin– Huxley equations' were plausible on the assumption that sodium and potassium ions crossed the nerve membrane through 'gates' in the membrane that were opened or closed in response to changes in the potential difference across the membrane. It would have been natural to investigate further the identity and nature of these gates, but in 1952 it was impossible to see how this could be done. There was later enormous progress in this direction, beginning about 1970, but it depended on advances in other fields, notably in molecular genetics, which was begun by the 1953 paper of J. D. Watson and F. H. C. Crick, and in electronics, which made

possible the detection of the small amounts of charge carried across the membrane when gates opened or closed, and later (1976) the recording by Erwin Neher and Bert Sakmann of the minute currents passing through individual gates. Hodgkin therefore changed his field of research, first to other aspects of the movements of ions in nerve and muscle and finally to the mechanism by which the rods and cones of the vertebrate retina are excited by light.

Hodgkin collaborated with R. D. Keynes, P. C. Caldwell, and T. I. Shaw in investigating the mechanisms by which the entry of sodium and loss of potassium during activity are reversed during subsequent resting periods, showing that they are driven by the utilization of adenosine triphosphate (ATP). In some of these experiments they injected ATP and other substances into the interior of the giant fibre of the squid using a device designed by Hodgkin and Keynes.

With Bernhard Frankenhaeuser from Sweden, Hodgkin investigated the effects of changed calcium concentration on the voltage dependence of the permeabilities to sodium and potassium ions. With Shaw, P. F. Baker, and Hans Meves from Germany, he replaced the contents of the giant fibre with artificial solutions, showing that the effects of wide alterations in the internal concentrations of sodium and potassium ions on the resting and action potentials agreed well with what was to be expected from the voltage clamp experiments, in which only the external sodium concentration had been altered. With Paul Horowicz from the USA he investigated the effects of altered ion concentrations in the external fluid on both the membrane potential and the contraction of frog muscle. In the middle 1960s he pursued this line of research in collaboration with R. H. Adrian and W. K. Chandler from the USA, using feedback between microelectrodes of the type devised by Hodgkin and Nastuk, to achieve a voltage clamp of individual muscle fibres. With Shigehiro Nakajima he measured the membrane capacity of muscle fibres of different diameters, thus distinguishing clearly between the components due to the surface membrane and to the system of tubules that extend inwards from the surface of muscle fibres but not of nerve fibres. With Baker, M. P. Blaustein, and E. B. Ridgway he measured the movements of calcium into and out of the squid giant nerve fibre.

Hodgkin's work on vision began with a short period of collaboration with M. G. F. Fuortes, an Italian physiologist who had moved to the USA, during a visit in 1962 to the Marine Biological Laboratory at Woods Hole, Massachusetts. Hodgkin joined Fuortes in his experiments recording the changes of membrane potential in visual cells of the horseshoe crab *Limulus*. It was known that there was a long delay between exposure to a flash of light and the resulting change of membrane potential, indicating that there were several steps intervening between the two events; Fuortes and Hodgkin showed that this delay was reduced when the sensitivity of the eye was reduced by adaptation to bright light, and they gave a straightforward explanation for the connection between these two effects. Hodgkin's change to full-time work on vision began in 1970 when he collaborated with D. A. Baylor from the USA doing on the eyes of vertebrates experiments similar to those which he and Fuortes had done on the eye of *Limulus*. He continued these experiments in collaboration with T. D. Lamb, P. A. McNaughton, P. M. O'Bryan, P. D. Detwiler, K.- W. Yau and B. J. Nunn.

President of the Royal Society, 1970– 1975

Hodgkin succeeded Lord Blackett as president of the Royal Society in November 1970, serving until December 1975. The society was then already in financial difficulties owing to the rapid inflation that had begun a few years before. This was primarily the responsibility of the treasurer of the society, but Hodgkin was active in pressing for the necessary reforms, which included increasing the fellows' annual subscriptions, reducing their entitlement to free copies of the society's journals, requesting an increase in the government grant to the society, and launching an appeal. By these means financial stability was restored without loss of the society's independence through excessive dependence on government funds.

The main support of scientific research in Britain was provided through the research councils, which received grants directly from the government and provided funding for research both in their institutes and in the universities. Shortly before Hodgkin became president of the Royal Society, however, the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food had proposed that it should take over the Agricultural Research Council. Most scientists, including Hodgkin and the council of the Royal Society, were opposed to this proposal, on the ground that it would stifle initiative in basic research, and a letter to this effect was sent to the secretary of state for education and science, Margaret Thatcher. Hodgkin had an interview with her, with the outcome that the head of the Central Policy Review Staff, Lord Rothschild, produced a consultative document, *A Framework for Government Research and Development*, which recommended that the research councils should be financed mainly by contracts for specific pieces of research, placed by the relevant ministries. The Royal Society sent a memorandum strongly opposing this scheme, which nevertheless was adopted, though the extent of the transfer of funds was somewhat reduced. Sadly, this affair clouded the long-standing friendship between Hodgkin and Rothschild. On the international front the Royal Society re-established contacts with both Japan and China. Hodgkin was a member of a delegation that visited Japan shortly before he became president, as Blackett was ill. An exchange agreement was established, similar to those with many other countries, and it was during Hodgkin's presidency that Emperor Hirohito of Japan was elected to the equivalent of what was later designated as honorary fellowship. Hodgkin also visited China but the outcome was little more than the re-establishment of occasional contacts, since the cultural revolution was still in progress and the only research allowed was of the most applied kind. Hodgkin also visited India, the USA, Canada, and Australia during his presidency; he had visited the USSR in 1967, and later he visited Kenya and Iran. As chairman of the council, which met monthly for most of the year, Hodgkin, although holding strong views, did not impose them on the other members. He generally asked another member to start a discussion.

Master of Trinity College, Cambridge, 1978– 1984

In nearly all the Oxford and Cambridge colleges the head is elected by the fellows, but in Trinity College, Cambridge, the master is appointed by the crown. Since the fellows do not control the appointment they give the master less power and fewer duties than in other colleges, though he is chairman of the weekly meetings of the college council and of the occasional meetings of all the fellows, and he has considerable personal influence. Hodgkin served as master of Trinity College from October 1978 to June 1984. Under his guidance the courts known as Whewell's courts were renovated, and much of the fellows' garden was replanned. Women students were admitted from the start of Hodgkin's mastership, the decision having been taken previously; Hodgkin wholeheartedly approved of the change. The master's lodge gave him and his wife, Marni, scope for their talent as hosts, to students as well as to Cambridge academics and visitors. They restored the custom by which the visiting High Court judge occupied part of the lodge during his tours of duty in Cambridge.

Last years

Hodgkin suffered from a series of illnesses that began soon after he retired as master of Trinity. An operation in 1989 to relieve pressure on the spinal cord from an intervertebral disc in his neck left him without the ability to sense the position of his legs and he was therefore unable to walk without support. Thereafter his condition deteriorated steadily. He was nevertheless able to continue research until 1987, and after that to write with the help of a word processor. He wrote his autobiography, *Chance and Design: Reminiscences of Science in Peace and War* (1992), during this period. He started this as an account of his wartime work, partly because this was not adequately covered in any of the war histories and partly in memory of colleagues who had lost their lives while testing new radar equipment. He then added a very full account of his boyhood, his time as an undergraduate, and his research up to 1963, with only short accounts of his later work and his times as president of the Royal Society and master of Trinity. His only other book, *The Conduction of the Nervous Impulse* (1964), was an expanded version of the Sherrington lectures that he gave at Liverpool University in 1961; it presented his own work on nerve in the context of other research.

Hodgkin became KBE in 1972 and was appointed OM in 1973. He had been elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1948, and received its royal medal in 1958 and its top award, the Copley medal, in 1965. He was elected an honorary or foreign member of eleven overseas academies. As well as his ScD from Cambridge University he received fifteen honorary doctorates from other universities. He was president of the Marine Biological Association from 1966 to 1976, and chancellor of the University of Leicester from 1971 to 1984.

Personal characteristics and influence

Hodgkin had a remarkable ability to recognize important problems in his areas of interest and at the same time to see ways of tackling them experimentally. This was combined with skills in dissection and in electronics, and with his exceptional fluency in the necessary mathematics; together these characteristics enabled him to succeed in projects of exceptional difficulty. As a result he was usually ahead of the field and could afford to proceed at his own pace without worrying about being overtaken by other laboratories. He was always ready to discuss his current work with others. Apart from three or four early pieces of research carried out alone he did his experimental work with one, two, or occasionally three collaborators; he had no wish to build up a large group. As well as his own collaborators he usually had in his section of the physiological laboratory one or two visitors doing their own research and publishing independently; he was free with advice and help to them. Hodgkin remained a very modest man despite his achievements and his distinctions. He had many interests outside science, notably literature, art, and travel, which were shared by his wife. He got much pleasure from fly-fishing and bird-watching during their holidays in the western highlands of Scotland.

Hodgkin's analysis of the mechanism of the nerve impulse is universally recognized as the foundation of later understanding of all excitable tissues. It was greatly extended by others, both in its application to other tissues (notably heart muscle) and in finding the molecular basis of the permeability changes. Similarly his electrical recordings from the light-sensitive elements in the retina led to the recognition that there are many intermediate steps of amplification between the initial absorption of a quantum of light and the production of a nerve impulse, but the identification of these as a cascade of chemical reactions was outside the range of Hodgkin's skills and was achieved by others. Probably the most important practical application so far of Hodgkin's work has been in the improved understanding of irregularities of the heart beat.

Hodgkin died on 20 December 1998 at his home, 18 Panton Street, Cambridge. He was cremated on 30 December at Cambridge crematorium and buried there. He was survived by his wife, Marni, and their four children.

Andrew Huxley

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OM KBE PRS.
- He was awarded with Nobel Prize for Physiology or Medicine in 1963.
- He worked as a Physiologist, Biophysicist.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He worked as a President of the Royal Society in 1970-1975.
- He worked as a Master of Trinity College, Cambridge in 1978-1984.

Alan married **Marion De Kay Rous**, daughter of **(Francis) Peyton Rous**² and **Marion Eckford De Kay**. They had four children: **Sarah Marion, Ellen Deborah, Jonathan Alan**, and **Rachel Vanessa**.

20-Sarah Marion Hodgkin

Sarah married **R. Hayes**.

20-Allen Deborah Hodgkin

20-Prof. Jonathan Alan Hodgkin

Jonathan married **Prof. Patricia Etsuko Kuwabara**.

20-Rachel Vanessa Hodgkin

19-**Robert (Robin) Allason Hodgkin** was born on 12 Feb 1916 in Banbury, Oxfordshire and died on 19 Aug 2003 at age 87.

General Notes: Obituary in the Daily Telegraph Wednesday 27th August 2003 and the Guardian on the 30th Aug 2003.

The Guardian. Saturday 30 August 2003

Few people in this life have I liked half so much, or found so exemplary, as the Quaker, educationalist and mountaineer Robin Hodgkin, who has died aged 87. The bravest talent of his 1930s generation of Oxford University climbers, Robin became an educational theorist of international significance, and was a lifelong Christian and an eloquent voice for the Society of Friends.

He was born, the middle of three brothers, at Banbury into the eighth generation of a Quaker family. His conscientious objector father died at Baghdad in 1918 while undertaking relief work, but in 1932 his mother remarried. Robin was educated at the Dragon School, Oxford, the Quaker Leighton Park boarding school near Reading and Queen's College, Oxford, where he read geography.

He had learned to climb as a teenager in the Lake District, but at the time of his going up to Oxford in 1934 the university mountaineering club was reeling from the death of its outstanding climber John Hoyland - a distant cousin of Robin's - on Mont Blanc. Robin's arrival, and the partnership and lifelong friendship he formed with David Cox, revitalised the club and brought it back to the front rank of British mountaineering.

In 1935, he climbed in Norway with his elder brother Alan (a 1963 physiology Nobel laureate), and the logical positivist Arne Naess, a disciple of the early Wittgenstein and "father of deep ecology". Finding their companion rather serious, the brothers resorted to the practical jokes suffered by all who knew Robin. Naess endured them with good humour, and introduced them to the artificial aids then proscribed in British climbing.

Robin's golden climbing year was 1937. That June he and David Cox camped out under Clogwyn Du'r Arddu, the finest of Welsh precipices, together with the Mallory sisters, Clare and Beridge - "we really were very innocent," Robin told me - whose father had disappeared on Chomolongma (Mount Everest) in 1924. The four of them ascended existing climbs on this most difficult of British cliffs, and made new ones. They included Hodgkin's leads of the Wall Finish to Pigott's Climb - the first tentative venture out from the sheer cracks of the East Buttress on to the cliff's ferociously exposed walls - and the Top Traverse on the Great Slab of the West Buttress.

From Wales, Robin travelled out to the Caucasus and ascended Georgia's Mount Ushba: "It's an extraordinarily beautiful mountain," he told me, "like the Matterhorn, but higher, more dramatic, more . . . difficult!" Throughout his life, physical and intellectual challenges were sources of joy. The gravest challenge he faced, was in 1938 on the Himalayan peak of Masherbrum. "There were two of us up at 24,000ft and our camp was avalanched. We got out, and rescued an ice-axe between us. I was the lighter one, so that went to my companion, which in a way was lucky for me - of the two of us, I was the less badly frostbitten."

They descended in a storm, retreated from the mountain with hands and feet turning gangrenous, and began the agonising journey home: "In Edinburgh (where his mother had settled) they patched me up, saved what they could of my fingers and toes, and then John Hunt was terribly kind to me - he invited me to the Lake District and got me climbing again."

That modesty was typical, but while he was one of the outstanding climbers of his era, that was no more than one strand in his rich, fulfilled life. After convalescence, he taught geography for a term at Leighton Park where former pupil there, David Bothwell remembers him as the finest teacher he ever encountered. He then taught at Gordon College in Khartoum and thus began a lasting and mutually enriching association with the Sudan.

He espoused the cause of that country's independence from Egypt and Britain, became principal of its Institute of Education, and when he left in 1954, waived his then substantial £4,000 gratuity, giving the reason that this was a charge on the budget of a poor and newly independent country which would need every penny it could get. He assigned the money to the purchase of books.

In 1947 he married Elizabeth Hodgson. Their relationship was profound. It seemed as if they could never have quarrelled, and was hard to see where they ever disagreed - even when Robin became a Liberal Democrat and Elizabeth stayed with Labour. They emanated harmony, peace and pleasure, were utterly close in their

Descendants of Thomas Forster

thinking and their amused outlook. Reading aloud after supper from George Herbert, Jane Austen, George Eliot and even Trollope became as natural and predictable in the Hodgkin household as the silent Quaker grace before each meal at Bareppa. Robin inherited this beautiful house from his aunt near Falmouth, its garden shaded by Spanish Chestnut trees, and they cherished it for 30 years before retiring to Oxford.

Robin became headmaster of Abbotsholme in Derbyshire - then a shambles of a "progressive" school where he developed his concept of education, to which adventure and outdoor pursuits were central. Climbing and fell-walking were his special enthusiasms, but he also encouraged ornithology, fishing, potholing, travel, canoeing, cycling, camping, swimming, riding and sailing.

He read widely in psychology, biology, anthropology and theology, and brought their lessons to bear on the curriculum. He instilled "let us . . ." as the school's principle. His deputy, Giles Heron, recalls him as the most educated man he had ever met, with capacity to engage with every pupil under his care as an individual, and ruefully recollects a certain lack of attention to the finer details of administration - meetings of the board of governors double-booked and the like.

In 1968, Robin joined Oxford's department of educational studies, initially to provide leadership for the one-year International Certificate in Education, aimed at New Commonwealth teachers, which studied issues to do with education in developing countries. But he also began work on a series of theoretical books on education on which his reputation will endure: *Reconnaissance On An Educational Frontier* (1970), *Born Curious* (1976), and in 1983 - based in part on a seminal series of Radio 3 broadcasts - perhaps his most important work, the lucid, passionate and controversial *Playing And Exploring: Education Through The Discovery of Order*. Heavily influenced by his friend and mentor, the Hungarian philosopher Michael Polanyi, it hinges on the concept of "tacit knowledge" and the cooperative nature of education, and makes extensive use of symbols and metaphors drawn from his own active involvement in mountain activity. He wrote that: "Everything that gets children out into the world of factory or workshop, river or mountain, which gets them out, not as passive spectators but in some active role - all this should be encouraged".

His last work, to be published next month in *The Passion To Learn*, edited by Joan Solomon is *Homo Ludens* and in its simplicity, joyfulness and luminous expression, it is a fitting memorial to his life's work.

Though passionately curious about science, he was profoundly Christian and within the Society of Friends was supportive of movements towards a Quakerism close in spirit to George Fox's Christ-centred ministry. Yet he was eclectic here too, he enjoyed attending Anglican or Catholic masses. He had many Islamic friends, particularly amongst Sudanese Sunnis. Just before the stroke which incapacitated him in the last year, he finished a piece on fundamentalism - whether Islamic or Christian - for *The Friend*: "The essence of fundamentalism is that it gives a false, inflated emphasis to the words of a text and discourages us from exploring the metaphorical depth and meaning."

To Robin, exploration of that depth and meaning was the focus of a life well-lived. He was puckish, humorous, clowning. Time spent with him was time spent as well as it can be in human company.

Elizabeth died last February. He is survived by two sons and a daughter.

• Robin Allason Hodgkin, educationalist and mountaineer, born February 12 1916; died August 19 2003.

Jim Perrin

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Dragon School in Oxford.
- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at Oxford.
- He worked as a Teacher at Gordon College in Khartoum, Sudan.
- He worked as a Principal of the Sudan Institute of Education in Khartoum, Sudan.
- He was Quaker.
- He worked as a Mountaineer and Member of The Alpine Club.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Abbotsholme School, Derbyshire.
- His obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph on 27 Aug 2003.

Robert married **Elizabeth Mary Hodgson**, daughter of **Benjamin Hodgson** and **Margaret Reay**, on 15 Dec 1947 in Khartoum, Sudan. Elizabeth was born on 13 Mar 1916 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in Feb 2003 in Oxford at age 86. They had four children: **Adam George**, **Christopher Reay**, **Catherine Margaret**, and **Thomas**.

20-Adam George Hodgkin

20-Christopher Reay Hodgkin

Christopher married someone. He had one daughter: **Clare Violet**.

21-Clare Violet Hodgkin

20-Catherine Margaret Hodgkin

20-Thomas Hodgkin was born on 3 Dec 1955 in Redruth, Cornwall and died on 5 Dec 1955 in Redruth, Cornwall.

19-Prof. George Keith Howard Hodgkin²⁶³ was born on 30 May 1918 in Banbury, Oxfordshire and died on 2 Jun 1999 at age 81. The cause of his death was Coronary heart disease.

General Notes: **George Keith Howard Hodgkin**

b.30 May 1918 d.2 June 1999

BM BCh Oxon(1943) MA(1944) MRCP(1949) FRCGP(1970) FRCP(1973)

Keith Hodgkin was a general practitioner on Teeside. He was born in Banbury, Oxfordshire, the son of George Lloyd Hodgkin, a banker, and Mary Fletcher née Wilson, the daughter of a businessman. He attended the Dragon's School in Oxford and then Gresham's. He went on to study medicine at Oxford.

During the war, he served as a surgeon lieutenant in the RNVR and was mentioned in despatches. After the war he became a registrar in morbid anatomy at the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford. He was subsequently a general practitioner. He was a meticulous record keeper, particularly of his own mistakes. His book *Towards earlier diagnosis: A family doctor's approach, etc* (Edinburgh and London, E & S Livingstone, 1963) influenced many generations of GPs. From 1973 to 1978 he was a professor of general practice in Newfoundland, Canada. He was a founder member of the Royal College of General Practitioners.

He married his wife Rosemary ('Ro'), the daughter of a surgeon, in 1946, and they had two daughters and a son. He died from coronary heart disease.

Sarah Jane Gillam

[References:*Brit.med.J.*, 1999,319,323]

(Volume XI, page 268)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BM BCh MA MRCP FRCGP FRCP.
- He was educated at The Dragon School.
- He was educated at Gresham's.
- He was educated at Oxford.
- He worked as a Surgeon lieutenant in the RNVR.
- He worked as a Registrar in morbid anatomy in Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford.
- He worked as a Physician in General Practice in Teeside.
- He worked as a Professor of general practice in 1973-1978 in Newfoundland, Canada.

George married **Rosemary Gwithian Candler**, daughter of **Dr. Arthur Lawrence Candler** and **Lottie Kathleen Hardy**. They had three children: **Hazel Mary, Juliet Kathleen**, and **Paul Keith**.

20-Hazel Mary Hodgkin

20-Juliet Kathleen Hodgkin

20-Paul Keith Hodgkin

Mary next married **Arthur Lionel Forster Smith**,² son of **Arthur Lionel Smith**^{2,12} and **Mary Florence Baird**,¹² on 9 Aug 1932 in St. Peter's Church, Bywell, Northumberland. Arthur was born on 19 Aug 1880 in Villa Marx, Baden Baden, Germany and died on 3 Jun 1972 in 25 Belgrave Crescent, Edinburgh at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Edinburgh Academy.
- He worked as a Director of Education in Mesopotamia.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He worked as a Master of Balliol, Oxford.

18-**Dr. Ruth Allason Wilson**^{3,12} was born on 6 Sep 1893 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Aug 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

Ruth married **Egerton St. John Pettifor Catchpool**,^{3,7,12} son of **Thomas Kingham Catchpool**^{3,7,50,86} and **Florence Emma Pettifor**,^{3,7,50} on 16 Jun 1920 in Stirchley, Shropshire. Egerton was born on 22 Aug 1890 in Leicester, Leicestershire and died on 13 Mar 1971 in 17 Meadow Road, Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire at age 80. They had five children: **Ruth Mary Pettifor**, **John Francis**, **Joan Allason**, **Theodora Heather**, and **Carol Meredith**.

General Notes: There was a man named Egerton Catchpool, aged 26, who, as a Quaker, applied for military exemption. In June 1916 he joined the "War Victims Relief Agency" and went to Russia and from there, in spring 1917, went to Armenia. He helped run two orphanages in Igdir, filled with children whose parents had been murdered by the Turks in 1915. At the end of 1917 he was forced to leave as the Turkish army advanced, but before he left he went to the library at Etchmiadzin, offering to take to safety some of their most precious manuscripts. He was given several very early papyrus manuscripts. He managed to escape with a group of American aid workers and arrived in Baku just after the riots between Turks and Armenians - he mentioned seeing bodies stacked 6 feet high. From there he goes (with the manuscripts) to Moscow, then to the White Russian forces of Kolchak who accuse him of being a Bolshevik agent. To escape he travels across Russia to Vladivostok, then crosses to Japan, then to China and Hongkong. He gets a ship back to Europe, but gets off at the Suez canal to visit Palestine, then just liberated from Turkish rule. He visits Jerusalem, and hands over the manuscripts to the Archmandrite of the Armenian church in Jerusalem. As the manuscripts are laid out on his table, the priest throws his arms round Catchpool, kissing him emotionally on both cheeks. Although Etchmiadzin was only 800 miles to the northeast of Jerusalem, the manuscripts had travelled over 20,000 to get there.

Catchpool, (Egerton) St John Pettifor (1890– 1971), social worker, was born in Leicester on 22 August 1890, the sixth child and fourth son in the family of five sons and two daughters of Thomas Kingham Catchpool, hosiery manufacturer, and his wife, Florence Emma Pettifor. He was educated at Quaker institutions: Sidcot School and Woodbrooke College, Birmingham, where he took the social studies course. During the First World War his pacifist convictions led him to serve with the Friends' ambulance unit in France and then with the Friends' war victims' relief committee in Russia. He returned to England and took up the post of sub-warden of Toynbee Hall, the universities' settlement in the East End of London, which he held from 1920 to 1929, and he served also as a co-opted member of the London county council education committee from 1925 to 1931. In 1920 he married Ruth Allason, daughter of Henry Lloyd Wilson, chemical manufacturer. Trained as a doctor, she never practised, devoting her life instead to the care of their son and four daughters and to support of her husband's work.

The years in east London gave Catchpool an insight into the restricted lives of inner-city youth, and when in 1930 he was invited to become the first national secretary of the newly formed Youth Hostels Association, he readily accepted. 'This seemed just the movement', he wrote in a letter, 'to give scope for all my enthusiasms and even hobby-horses'. He threw himself into the cause with immense energy, addressing meetings all over the country, persuading, lobbying, and begging for funds. He recruited G. M. Trevelyan, the historian, as president of the association, and William Temple, then archbishop of York, as vice-president. He secured financial support from the Carnegie Trust, the King George V Jubilee Trust, and, later, from the government's National Fitness Council. He acted as the focal point for the enthusiasm of many hundreds of volunteer workers of every social background up and down the country. Soon, tens of thousands of young city-dwellers, on bicycle or on foot, were enjoying their first taste of the countryside with the aid of the new network of youth hostels.

Catchpool also saw the importance of the youth hostels as centres of international contact and friendship among people. He worked closely with the German founder of the movement, Richard Schirrmann (later ousted by the Nazis), and with the idealists who were establishing youth hostels in other countries. In 1938 he was elected president of the International Youth Hostel Federation, an office which he held for the next twelve years. After his retirement as secretary of the English Association in 1950 he spent four years in India, encouraging the growth of youth hostels in that country, and subsequently paid two extended visits to Africa for the same purpose.

Catchpool (known to his friends as Jack and to his colleagues as Catch) combined the innocent enthusiasm of a child and the tenacity of purpose of a mature and deeply spiritual man, enlivened by a puckish sense of humour. Impatient with committee work, he was at his best when exploring new paths and communicating his enthusiasms to others. He was appointed chevalier of the Dutch order of Orange-Nassau in 1948 and CBE in 1951. Catchpool died in Welwyn Garden City, where his home was 17 Meadow Road, on 13 March 1971.

Graham Heath, 'Catchpool, (Egerton) St John Pettifor (1890– 1971)', rev. Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004
[http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/37268, accessed 13 May 2013]

CATCHPOOL, Egerton St John Pettifor
CBE 1951

Born 22 Aug. 1890; 4th s of Thomas K. Catchpool, Colchester; m 1920, Ruth Allason, 2nd d of Henry Lloyd Wilson, Birmingham; one s three d (and one d decd); died 13 March 1971

Member Workers Travel Association Management Committee, since its foundation, 1921; Chairman, Firbank Housing Society, since 1957

EDUCATION Sidcot Sch.; Woodbrooke Quaker Coll.; Birmingham Univ

Descendants of Thomas Forster

CAREER Secretary of Friends' Social Service Union, 1913– 14; with Friends' War Victims Relief Cttee, 1915– 19; Sub-Warden Toynbee Hall, first University Social and Educational Settlement, London, E1, 1920– 29; First Secretary Youth Hostels Association England and Wales, 1930– 50 (Vice-Pres. 1951–); retired 1950. Warden of Toynbee Hall, 1963– 64. President Internat. Federation of Youth Hostels, 1938– 50; Vice-President Internat. Friendship League; Member Society of Friends, Elder, 1946– . Co-opted Member LCC Education Cttee, 1925– 31; Member Catering Wages Commn, 1947– 50. Invited to Delhi by Govnt of India to advise on Social Service development, 1951. 15,000– mile tour of Africa, at invitation of British Council, advising on youth welfare, 1957. Fellow, Woodbrooke Coll., Birmingham, 1957. Royal Society of Arts Lecture, Leisure in an Affluent Society, 1964. Pres., Adventure Playpark Assoc., Welwyn Garden City, 1967– . Chevalier Order of Orange Nassau, 1948
PUBLICATIONS Uniting Nations by means of Youth Hostels and International Work Camps; Candles in the Darkness, 1966
RECREATIONS Walking, travelling and work camps
ADDRESS Meadow Cottage, Welwyn Garden City, Herts
Welwyn Garden 22657
'CATCHPOOL, Egerton St John Pettifor', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920– 2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U153054

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE on 1 Jan 1951.
- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He was educated at Woodbrooke College, Birmingham.
- He worked as a First secretary of the English Youth Hostels Association.
- He worked as a President of the International Youth Hostel Federation in 1938-1950.
- He worked as an Author of "The Candles of Darkness".

19-Ruth Mary Pettifor Catchpool

Ruth married **Kenneth Bryson Roberts**, son of **William Charles Roberts** and **Mary Arabella Pleace**. They had four children: **Daniel John, Peter Simon, Alason Clare**, and **Benjamin Hugh**.

20-Daniel John Roberts

20-Peter Simon Roberts

20-Alason Clare Roberts

20-Benjamin Hugh Roberts

19-**Dr. John Francis Catchpool**^{121,195} was born on 16 Jul 1925 in Toynbee Hall, Tower Hamlets, London and died on 21 Feb 2006 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BS MRCS LRCP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1938-1940 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician in Sausalito, California.

John married **Adriana Calles Eller**, daughter of **Joseph Jordan Eller** and **Artemesia Calles**. They had one son: **Christopher Jordan**.

20-Christopher Jordan Catchpool

19-**Joan Allason Catchpool** was born on 14 Oct 1926 in Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire and died on 20 Sep 1950 in Reading, Berkshire at age 23.

19-Theodora Heather Catchpool

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Theodora married **John Arthur Moir**, son of **John Arthur Moir** and **Elizabeth Brown**. They had three children: **John Wilson**, **Robert Michael**, and **James Bond**.

20-John Wilson Moir

20-**Robert Michael Moir** was born on 14 May 1959 in Miami, Florida, USA and died on 8 Aug 1960 in Miami, Florida, USA at age 1.

20-James Bond Moir

19-Carol Meredith Catchpool

18-**Anthony Langdale Wilson**^{12,94,113,157,191,295,296} was born on 15 Aug 1897 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 24 Oct 1970 in Childswickham, Broadway, Worcestershire at age 73.

General Notes: ANTHONY L. WILSON (1910-15) is with S.S.A. 19, F.A.U. On November 6th they were billeted near V., and were up at the front. " We have been up six days now, and are having as busy a time as ever." *Bootham magazine - December 1918*
WILSON.-On 24th October, 1970, at his home at Childswickham, Broadway, Worcestershire, Anthony Langdale Wilson (1910-15), aged 73 years.*Bootham Magazine - May 1971*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1910-1915 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1915-1919.
- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a JP for Birmingham.

Anthony married **Gertrude Mary Wilmot**,^{12,94,113,157,295} daughter of **Samuel Mullett Wilmot**²⁰¹ and **Mary Ann Ann**,²⁰¹ on 9 Mar 1926 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Gertrude was born on 22 Feb 1898 in Alveston, Thornbury, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1987 at age 89. They had three children: **Anthony David**, **Jillian Mary**, and **Elizabeth Susan**.

Marriage Notes: WILSON-WILMOT.-On March 9th, at Bristol, Anthony L. Wilson (1910-15), of Selly Oak, to Gertrude Mary Wilmot, of Alverston, near Bristol.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in 12 Westfield Hall, Hagley Road, Edgbaston, Warwickshire.

19-**Anthony David Wilson**^{127,295,297,298,299} was born on 8 May 1927 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Mar 1993 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 65.

General Notes: WILSON.-On May 8th, Mary, wife of Anthony L. Wilson (1910- 1915), a son, who was named Anthony David.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1941-1945 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

Anthony married **Madge Gillian Walker**, daughter of **Keith Stanley Walker** and **Edith Louisa Elson**. They had five children: **Timothy Ross**, **Sarah Helen**, **Teresa Mary**, **Roger Geoffrey**, and **Judith Clare**.

20-Timothy Ross Wilson

20-Sarah Helen Wilson

20-Teresa Mary Wilson

20-**Roger Geoffrey Wilson** was born on 21 Jun 1959 in Selby, Yorkshire and died on 8 Apr 2008 at age 48.

20-Judith Clare Wilson

19-Jillian Mary Wilson

19-Elizabeth Susan Wilson

18-Deborah Margaret Wilson^{12,105,113,133,150,161} was born on 11 Apr 1899 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Deborah married **Richard Martin Barrow**,^{12,39,66,105,113,133,150,161} son of **Louis Barrow**⁷ and **Harriet Anne Martin**, on 29 Jul 1925 in Stirchley, Shropshire. Richard was born on 25 Mar 1894 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1968 at age 74. They had four children: **Jane Margaret, John Richard, Candia Elizabeth**, and **Phyllida Harriet**.

Marriage Notes: BARROW-WILSON.-On July 29th, Richard Michael Barrow (1908-12), to Deborah Margaret Wilson. *Note:- Bootham Register gives Richard Martin Barrow.* CEGP

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1908-1912 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914.
- He worked as a Director of Barrow's stores in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

19-Jane Margaret Barrow

Jane married **David Wilmot Livingstone**, son of **George Blair Livingstone** and **Beatrice Wilmot**. They had three children: **Judith Deborah, Teresa Jane**, and **James Blair**.

20-Judith Deborah Livingstone

20-Teresa Jane Livingstone

20-James Blair Livingstone

19-John Richard Barrow

John married **Phoebe Isabel Allen**, daughter of **Rev. Canon Ronald Edward Taylor Allen** and **Isabel Edith Otter-Barry**. They had three children: **Edward John, Anna Phoebe**, and **Harriet Isabel**.

20-Edward John Barrow

20-Anna Phoebe Barrow

20-Harriet Isabel Barrow

19-Candia Elizabeth Barrow

Candia married **Adrian Benjamin Barman**, son of **Henry Louis Barman** and **Penelope Spencer**. They had three children: **Anthea Florence, Louis James**, and **Rachel Penelope**.

20-Anthea Florence Barman

20-Louis James Barman

20-Rachel Penelope Barman

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Phyllida Harriet Barrow

18-**Michael Henry Wilson**^{12,159,300,301} was born on 1 Jul 1901 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1985 at age 84.

General Notes: **Michael Henry Wilson 1901-1985**

Michael Wilson was one of a large Quaker family in Birmingham. The Wilson clan had their roots in Kendal and Little Langdale; a 17th century ancestor on his return from Ireland only just survived a snow blizzard on Langstrath. Michael's mother was partly from the Loweswater-Cockermouth area - Fletchers, who had, back in the 18th century, farmed Wasdale Head. Some of my own early memories were of Christmas at Wood House and of that grandmother going up Grassmoor and Great Gable and of Uncle Michael, talking about the wonderful Fell and Rock Club and about a man called Pallis who slept on Ben Nevis in a tent made (why?) of tape. Then would come - in the evening - more of Michael's conjuring or gymnastic tricks.

He was educated at Bootham and at the Royal College of Music. In the 1920s he was showing great promise as a violinist and also in other fields: as mountaineer, in inventive photography and in stage lighting. He was a close friend of Adrian Boult and by 1929 had worked his way up to be sub-leader of the British National Opera Orchestra under John Barbirolli.

Serious climbing started in 1922 with R B Graham and R S T Chorley. There is a delightful account by Chorley in the 1922 Fell and Rock Journal of their strenuous short season with Joseph Georges (le Skieur): 'Eight Days'. They started from Arolla: first to the Bouquetins, then they traversed the Dent d'Herens, then the Matterhorn from Breuil and then the Dent Blanche by the Viereselgrat. On the Matterhorn, after a hungry and stormy 36 hours in the hut, Chorley recounts how Joseph reconnoitred the icy tower ahead and came back to say that it would go. It was all 'icicle bedecked', but the 'three Lakeland climbers were only too pleased to put their pride in their pockets, and pull themselves up like tourists.

'The day was one of those very clear ones which often follow a storm ... and the view from the top which we reached after about five hours struggle was one of great panoramic magnificence- in range stretching from Tyrol to Dauphine, from Monte Viso to the dull Mediterranean line - I swear it was - to the Oberland with its forest of snowy heights. What a rich casket We were alone on that great mountain, thanks to the difficulty of the conditions, and for once the subject of almost universal interest. The telescopists of Breuil and Zermatt had to be content with our short appearance ... Breuil indeed turned its flashing mirrors upon us and Wilson answered back by means of his binoculars. What a glorious feeling to be on top of this manacled giant ... (1922, p 75)

One doubts whether the Breuilers got the message, but the attempt to send it was characteristic. Michael used to recall how, next day, they seriously discussed with Joseph Georges the possibility of doing the N ridge of the Dent Blanche, which was still unclimbed. What they did, however, was the Viereselgrat-a first for any Arolla guide; or so at least Joseph assured them.

Several seasons of enterprising, mainly guideless, climbing followed - in the Valais, the Oberland, Dauphine. Much of this was in the company of Dick Graham and Basil Goodfellow. My brother, Alan, and I learnt our rockclimbing from all three of them and well remember the serious fun of it all. If you watched Michael climbing or playing the violin or using tools or making corks disappear you would probably have noticed the remarkable speed and assurance of his hands. There was, somewhat mysteriously, a special kind of humour and wisdom in almost everything he said and did.

In 1929 came big changes. Michael gave up professional music and - to a large extent-mountaineering and dedicated himself thenceforward to work for mentally handicapped children. To many of his friends and relatives this seemed a very odd move. The inspiration for the change was the teaching of Rudolf Steiner and the anthroposophical movement in Germany.

Michael Wilson and Fried Geuter founded the Sunfield Children's Home in Selly Oak. Despite difficulties it prospered and grew, and eventually moved to a large house on the edge of the Clent Hills. Here a community of teachers, nurses, doctors, farmers, artists and musicians worked together, with payment only for their basic needs. To an outsider it would sometimes seem strange that the central concern of this gifted, cosmopolitan community should be to offer music, art, drama and colour to severely handicapped children - to enrich their spiritual lives. Thousands of parents, over the following 50 years, came to learn otherwise. They saw children who had seemed 'hopeless' enjoying beauty and friendship and a pattern of life which had seemed far beyond them.

During the post-war years Michael with his wife Betty raised large sums for research and for the development of Sunfield.

Michael Wilson possessed and cultivated an exceptional range of gifts. He became an accomplished water-colour painter. He devoted much of his time in later years to research on colour-following Goethe's theory, rather than Newton's. Many of his findings paralleled and preceded those of Edwin Land in the United States. He contributed papers on colour to the Physical Society and later became Chairman of the, by then autonomous, Colour Group of Great Britain. His writings on colour and his translation of Rudolf Steiner's The Philosophy of Freedom were marked by a lucidity and depth which is not common among the enthusiasts of new movements.

In the 1950s and 60s Michael Wilson took up rock-climbing again and then, over several years, he learnt gliding. He taught and lectured widely in the United States and Europe on colour and on anthroposophy. In Britain he came to assume the mantle of elder statesman in the movement, while gradually withdrawing from work in Sunfield Home. He would often return, with his family, to the hills of N Wales, sometimes for music, sometimes for climbing.

In his 83rd year he completed - with some effort and great joy - the circuit of the Snowdon Horseshoe. In the Prelude to his book, *What is Colour? The Goethean approach to a fundamental problem*, Michael Wilson paints a word picture of the mountains which conveys something of their beauty and of his own artist's sensibility: The mountains have emerged from the night fresh and clean in the mantle of their deep violet blue, and a liquid light pours across the land calling forth colour as it goes. As the sun climbs and warms the earth, the mountain slopes disclose their form in a play of pink light and purple shadow, while beyond them the distant ranges lie serene and still, cool blue beneath the pale transparent turquoise of the rain-washed sky - a colour changing with infinite smoothness to the deep cobalt overhead. In front of us the wind-swept autumn grass and the dying bracken glow gold and orange brown in the morning light and even the outcrops of cold grey rock have joined in the scheme of things and show their sunlit faces against shadows of soft violet grey ...

Robin Hodgkin in the *Alpine Club Journal* 1987

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1914-1919 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Sub-leader of the British National Opera Orchestra.
- He was educated at Royal College of Music in 1919-1925 in London.
- He worked as a Member of the Alpine Club in 1928.
- He worked as a Founder of Sunfield Childrens' Home in 1929 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Painter, Writer and Anthroposophist.

Michael married **Betty Barne**,^{12,159,300,301} daughter of **Brig. William Bradley Gosset Barne** and **Dorothy Isabel Malcolm**, on 16 Nov 1942 in St. Mary-le-Strand, London. Betty was born on 14 Sep 1913 in Kilmartin, Argyll and died in Feb 1985 at age 71. They had three children: **Diana Mary**, **Christopher Michael**, and **Robin**.

Marriage Notes: Wilson-Barne.-On 16th November, 1942, at St. Mary-le-Strand, London, Michael Henry Wilson (1914-19), to Betty Barne (Senior Commander, A.T.S.).

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Senior-Commander, ATS. (Auxiliary Territorial Service).

19-**Diana Mary Wilson**

19-**Christopher Michael Wilson**

19-**Robin Wilson**

18-**Theodora Naomi Wilson**¹² was born on 1 Dec 1905 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Theodora married **George Keith Talbot**,¹² son of **Ebenezer Talbot** and **Muriel Florence Chivers**, on 16 Apr 1929 in Stirchley, Shropshire. George was born on 26 May 1902 in Reading, Berkshire. They had three children: **Joanna**, **Barbara Naomi**, and **Veronica Bridget**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mining Engineer.

19-**Joanna Talbot**

Joanna married **Harold Eckert**, son of **John Eckert** and **Rachel**. They had three children: **Sarah Judith**, **Charles David**, and **Jonathan Dean**.

20-**Sarah Judith Eckert**

20-**Charles David Eckert**

20-**Jonathan Dean Eckert**

19-**Barbara Naomi Talbot**

Barbara married **John Gordon Bryan**, son of **Andrew Michael Bryan** and **Henrietta Paterson**. They had one son: ____.

20-____ **Bryan**

19-**Veronica Bridget Talbot**

17-**Catharine Wilson**¹² was born on 13 Feb 1864 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Oct 1946 in Stocksfield, Northumberland at age 82.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Catharine married **Thomas Edward Hodgkin**,^{9,12} son of **Dr. Thomas Hodgkin**^{2,9,10,12,15,74,145,198,225,229,288,302} and **Lucy Anna Fox**,^{2,9,10,12,74,198,213,225,229,288} on 29 Aug 1899 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Thomas was born on 20 Sep 1872 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 10 Sep 1921 in Old Ridley, Stocksfield, Northumberland at age 48. They had one son: **Tristram**.

General Notes: Named in honour of Sir Edward Fry

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He had a residence in Old Ridley, Stocksfield, Northumberland.

18-**Tristram Hodgkin** was born on 5 May 1901 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 8 May 1901 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

17-**Alfred Wilson**^{2,12} was born on 13 Nov 1865 in Wyddrington, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 25 Apr 1924 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 58.

General Notes: **Fri 25 April 1924** - Claudia's husband Alfred Wilson died this night very suddenly from pelvic aneurism after a few hour's illness – she found him dead in bed beside her – He was a very serious & devoted Christian, rather severe in his attitude to things generally but a fine character & a great naturalist – his knowledge of British Birds was thorough.

Mon 28 April 1924 - I went to Edgbaston meeting Blanche en route was met at Birmingham by Maud - we went to stay at the Tangyer (sic) [Tangyes?] – Claudia very brave & herself, Ethel there – I enjoyed meeting all Claudia's children – Peter pleased me very much indeed & they are all dear young people - As Alfred was cremated there was no funeral & it was a little curious having nothing of the sort & no grave nor point of contact with his death – On Tuesday there was a meeting corresponding with a Memorial Service – I thought rather a distressing ordeal – one walked in midst stares & silence, did not know what or when anything would happen - & a long meeting with persons saying what they chose to say, go as you please & it included a woman relating some spook experience - Quaker weddings & funerals are not nice - Ethel sat by me & hated it – I got home to Betty & Anne on the 30th

The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He was educated at Mason College, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Longfield, Alvechurch, Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Alfred married **Agnes Claudia Fox Pease**,^{12,247} daughter of **Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease 1st Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe**^{2,3,4,5,6,7,8,10,12,15,46,66,186,220,231,235,236,239,243,247,271,272,273,274} and **Mary Fox**,^{2,4,7,8,9,10,12,15,247,274} on 29 Nov 1898 in FMH

Guisborough. Agnes was born on 14 Apr 1870 in 18 Prince's Gardens, London and died on 22 Jan 1955 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 84. They had eight children: **Alfred Peter, Catherine Claudia, Marjorie Mary, Joy, Deborah Pease, (No Given Name), Edith Violet, and Noel John**.

General Notes: **14 April 1870, Thurs:** An active night having to send for Dr. Hewitt and Mrs Smith , however all went on well and at about 3.35 a little girl was born, (*Agnes Claudia Fox Pease*) , Minnie being much less exhausted than I have usually seen her . The Dr. left about 5 o'clock and I laid down beside her and we both slept for an hour or two. I then got up and saw Joshua Fayle; Alfred, Albert, Blanche, Ethel off to King's Cross - telegraphed to Newcastle, Cornwall & Darlington; wrote letters , rode with Effie and had a good afternoon's rest by Minnie - she seemed going on very well. *The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt. (Unpublished)*

18-**Alfred Peter Wilson**^{12,96,211} was born on 28 Sep 1899 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1912-1917 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1919.
- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

Alfred married **Winifred Alice Bedwell**,^{12,96,211,303} daughter of **Lt. Col. Edward Parker Bedwell** and **Anna Elizabeth Storrs**, on 5 Jul 1927 in St. James, Spanish Place, London. Winifred was born on 19 Jul 1906 in Exeter, Devon.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Marriage Notes: WILSON-BEDWELL.-On July 5th, in London, Alfred Peter Wilson (1912-1917), to Winifred Bedwell, of London.
GOLDEN WEDDING
WILSON-BEDWELL.-On 5th July, 1927, at St. James, Spanish Place, London, Alfred Peter Wilson (1912-17) to Winifred Alice Bedwell.

18-**Catherine Claudia Wilson**¹² was born on 9 Jun 1901 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Catherine married **John Charles Newport Eppstein**,¹² son of **Rev. Dr. William Charles Eppstein** and **Margaret Beatrice Bolton**, in 1922. John was born on 26 May 1895 in Reading, Berkshire. They had three children: **John Sebastian Bolton**, **Peter Maurice Pease**, and **Michael Myles Wallis**.

General Notes: Chevalier of the Order of Leopold.
John Charles Newport Eppstein, Honorary Captain, American Red Cross, Director for Belgium.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of the British Society for International Understanding in 1953.

19-**John Sebastian Bolton Eppstein**

19-**2nd Lieut. Peter Maurice Pease Eppstein** was born on 14 Dec 1926 in Reading, Berkshire, died on 1 Nov 1947 in Gibraltar. (Drowned at sea) at age 20, and was buried in Brookwood Memorial, Woking, Surrey. Panel 2. Column 2.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

19-**Michael Myles Wallis Eppstein**

Michael married **Margaret Anne Searle**, daughter of **George Herbert Searle** and **Kathleen Cecila Abrahams**.

18-**Marjorie Mary Wilson**¹² was born on 7 Dec 1903 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

18-**Joy Wilson**¹² was born on 29 Jan 1907 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 13 Mar 1980 at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.

Joy married **Dr. John Peregrine Francis Lloyd**,¹² son of **John Eliot Howard Lloyd**¹² and **Florence Louise Armstrong**,¹² on 18 Aug 1932 in Barnt Green, Birmingham, Warwickshire. John was born on 24 Aug 1907 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Dec 1985 at age 78. They had three children: **Antony John Eliot**, **Kerin Howard Seton**, and **Diana Armstrong Pease**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB FRCS.
- He worked as an Ophthalmic Surgeon.
- He had a residence in Waterstock Close, Waterstock, Wheatley, Oxfordshire.

19-**Antony John Eliot Lloyd**

Antony married **Helen Jean**. They had two children: **Fiona Caroline** and **Simon John Eliot**.

20-**Fiona Caroline Lloyd**

20-**Simon John Eliot Lloyd**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Kerin Howard Seton Lloyd

Kerin married **Wendy Susan Lee Boyd**, daughter of **Winnett Boyd**.

19-Diana Armstrong Pease Lloyd

Diana married **Lars Sederholm**. They had three children: **Tina**, **Annelisa**, and **Annika**.

20-Tina Sederholm

20-Annelisa Sederholm

20-Annika Sederholm

18-**Deborah Pease Wilson**^{2,3,12,304,305} was born on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died in 1986 at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Roman Catholic.
- She had a residence in Minia, Livesey Road, Ludlow, Shropshire.

Deborah married **Prof. Arthur Hilary Armstrong**^{2,3,12,304,305} son of **Rev. William Alexander Armstrong**^{2,305,306} and **Emily Mary Cripps**^{2,305,306} on 29 Aug 1933 in Warwickshire. Arthur was born on 13 Aug 1909 in 56 Tisbury Road, Hove, Sussex and died on 16 Oct 1997 in General Hospital, Hereford, Herefordshire at age 88. They had five children: **Christopher John Richard**, **Orfilia Bridget Mary**, **Moreen Teresa Catherine**, **Julian Peter Benedict**, and **Agnes Nicolette**.

General Notes: Emeritus Professor: University of Liverpool, since 1972; Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, since 1983
EDUCATION Lancing Coll.; Jesus Coll., Cambridge (MA)
CAREER Asst Lectr in Classics, University Coll., Swansea, 1936– 39; Professor of Classics, Royal University of Malta, Valletta, 1939– 43; Classical VIth Form Master, Beaumont Coll., Old Windsor, Berks, 1943– 46; Lectr in Latin, University Coll., Cardiff, 1946– 50; Gladstone Professor of Greek, Univ. of Liverpool, 1950– 72; Vis. Prof. of Classics and Phil., Dalhousie Univ., Halifax, NS, 1972– 83. Killam Sen. Fellow, Dalhousie Univ., 1970– 71
PUBLICATIONS The Architecture of the Intelligible Universe in the Philosophy of Plotinus, 1940, repr. 1967 (French trans. with new preface, 1984); An Introduction to Ancient Philosophy, 1947 (American edn, 1949, 4th edn, 1965, last repr. 1981); Plotinus, 1953 (American edn, 1963); Christian Faith and Greek Philosophy (with R. A. Markus), 1960 (American edn, 1964); Plotinus I-VII (Loeb Classical Library), 1966– 88; Cambridge History of Later Greek and Early Mediæval Philosophy (Editor and part author), 1967, repr. 1970; St Augustine and Christian Platonism, 1968; Plotinian and Christian Studies, 1979; Classical Mediterranean Spirituality (Vol. 15 of World Spirituality) (Editor and part author), 1986; Hellenic and Christian Studies, 1990; contribs to Classical Qly, JI Hellenic Studies, JI Theological Studies, etc.

Armstrong, (Arthur) Hilary (1909– 1997), classical scholar, was born on 13 August 1909 at 56 Tisbury Road, Hove, Sussex, the son of William Alexander Armstrong, a Church of England priest, and his wife, Emily Mary, née Cripps. His father was a high-church tory, and Armstrong was given a devout Anglican education and a traditional classical education, which by his own reckoning he was one of the last to receive, at Lancing College and Jesus College, Cambridge. After graduation he became a librarian in the classics faculty library. He also became a convert to Roman Catholicism. On 29 August 1933 he married Deborah Pease (b. 1910/11), daughter of Alfred Wilson, a chemical manufacturer, from a family of midlands Quakers. They had two sons and three daughters.

At Cambridge, Armstrong began working on the then most unfashionable ancient Greek 'mystic' Plotinus, the founder of Neoplatonism. In 1940 he published his pioneering work The Architecture of the Intelligible Universe in the Philosophy of Plotinus; in it he sought to establish that Plotinus was a philosopher on the level of Plato and Aristotle, who attempted to elucidate his meditative experience by means of rigorous philosophical argument. In 1936 he was appointed assistant lecturer in classics at University College, Swansea. The same year he showed in an article for the Classical Quarterly (in opposition to the French plotinist E. Brehier) that Plotinus's philosophy did not derive from Indian thought, but could be completely understood through the Hellenic tradition.

From 1939 to 1943 Armstrong was professor of classics at the University of Malta in Valletta. When Malta was besieged, a friend who was an Orthodox priest chanted Greek prayers during bombing raids, an experience that Armstrong still described in his late correspondence. After returning to Britain in 1943, he taught classics at Beaumont College, Windsor, until assuming a lectureship at Cardiff in 1946. In 1947 his influential An Introduction to Ancient Philosophy appeared; many years later it was still in print.

In 1950 Armstrong was appointed Gladstone professor of Greek at Liverpool University, where he remained until 1972. In this creative period his gift for scholarly collaboration led to the publication first of Christian Faith and Greek Philosophy (1960, with R. A. Markus), and secondly of the seminal Cambridge History of Later Greek and Early Medieval Philosophy (1967), which he edited and to which he contributed the chapter on Plotinus. Recommended to the Loeb Classical Library by his friend E.

R. Dodds, he undertook the seven-volume English translation of Plotinus's Enneads; the first volume appeared in 1966 and the last in 1988, though completed long before that. It was a formidably learned accomplishment and a landmark of Neoplatonic scholarship. Better known on the continent than in England, Armstrong formed lasting friendships with P. Henry and R. Schwyzzer, who produced the first critical text of Plotinus, from which he worked. In 1970 he was elected a fellow of the British Academy, an honour of which he was deeply proud.

This might have been enough for another scholar, but in 1972 Armstrong took early retirement from Liverpool to become visiting professor of classics at Dalhousie University in Halifax, Nova Scotia, a post he held until 1982. In this position he became a focal point for Neoplatonic scholars all over North America, whom he greatly influenced. He also helped to found the journal *Dionysius*, for the scholarly discussion of late Greek philosophy and Christianity. These years saw a prodigious output of articles, the editorship of *Classical Mediterranean Spirituality* (1986), and two collections of essays, *Plotinian and Christian Studies* (1979) and *Hellenic and Christian Studies* (1990). His article in the latter, 'The divine enhancement of earthly beauties', was perhaps the best introduction and analysis to date of Greek and Platonic religious/aesthetic sensibilities. A *Festschrift* in his honour, *Neoplatonism and Christian Thought*, was published in 1981. Significantly, Armstrong's growing disagreements with the Roman Catholic church led him eventually back into the Anglican church.

Armstrong 'kept the altars of Plotinus warm' (Eunapius, *Lives of the Philosophers*, 455.42) in an era when metaphysical ideas of any stripe were all but ridiculed in Anglo-American philosophical circles. In his later years the revival of mysticism and the lively interest in religious thought made his work more relevant than ever. In addition to his ground-breaking Neoplatonic scholarship, he wrote on the historical (and contemporary) problems of religious pluralism and tolerance. He was open to the valid religious expressions of other traditions. Temperamentally opposed to dogmatism, intolerance, or triumphalism of any kind, he insisted that 'it is permissible to disagree' on religious and philosophical issues, and said that the 'temple of Greco-Roman Isis' in our world that he would actively honour, if he should come upon it, would be a Hindu temple (personal knowledge).

Armstrong favoured the 'way of unsaying' or 'apophasis' commonly known as 'negative theology': the one (first principle, 'God') is not this, not that, and it is not not this, not not that. In the end all our formulations, including our negations, must be negated. Hence all dogmas were to him, at bottom, provisional. That they led to people getting hurt or killed was intolerable. The modern Christian, thought Armstrong, should be an 'idoloclast' but also an 'iconodule' (Armstrong, 'Negative theology', *Plotinian and Christian Studies*, 24, 1979, 189): the natural world is to be welcomed as a 'theophany' or image (icon) of the three transcendent Plotinian realities, one—intellect—soul. Furthermore, he considered the church's 'churchiness' and neglect of the natural world one of the culprits in the global environmental crisis.

Contemporary students of religion learned from Armstrong's notion that Neoplatonism, because of its compatibility, was of crucial importance in the philosophical discussions between east and west. Although involved in these and many other spiritual concerns, he eschewed the title of guru and always claimed to be 'of the college rather than of the coven' (personal knowledge). He was a generous friend to many of his students and colleagues, often helping them with their professional careers and engaging in lively personal and intellectual discussion. He was among the greatest of the 'Cambridge Platonists'.

Armstrong's creativity continued unabated after his retirement to Ludlow in Shropshire, and even after he suffered a stroke in 1989. Before this it remained hard to keep up with him on a vigorous walk around the countryside he loved, while he discussed the virtues of those Neoplatonists who gave a positive valuation to nature and to the body. He enjoyed gardening and proudly showed his flowers transplanted from the Black Sea area, a connection with ancient Greek Christianity. His taste in music ranged from early to late classical: his favourite composers were Monteverdi, Mozart, and Mahler. In the 1990s he continued to publish, and his correspondence with friends, scholars, and students never faltered. As his body declined he became frustrated by his increasing immobility; he loved to be taken out for a pub lunch. He died at the General Hospital, Hereford, on 16 October 1997, after another stroke. He was survived by his two sons, one a Church of England priest and the other a lawyer, and a daughter; his wife and two daughters predeceased him. Although a great reader of Plato's *Phaedo* on the immortality of the soul, and a Christian Platonist who had returned to the Church of England, he had come seriously to doubt the notion of personal survival.

Jay Bregman

Sources J. Bregman, 'Memorial: A. H. Armstrong', *Alexandria*, 5 (2000), 451–2 · J. Bregman, 'The contemporary Christian Platonism of A. H. Armstrong', *Alexandria*, 4 (1997), 181–95 · *The Independent* (22 Oct 1997) · *The Guardian* (20 Oct 1997) · *The Times* (5 Nov 1997) · WWW · personal knowledge (2004) · private information (2004) · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert.

Wealth at death under £180,000: probate, 27 Jan 1998, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Jay Bregman, 'Armstrong, (Arthur) Hilary (1909–1997)', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, Oxford University Press, 2004

[<http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/68471>]

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Fellow of the British Academy.
- He was Roman Catholic.
- He worked as a Professor of Greek, Liverpool University in 1950-1972.

19-Rev. Dr. Christopher John Richard Armstrong

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**Orfilia Bridget Mary Armstrong** was born on 26 Apr 1937 in Swansea, Glamorgan, Wales and died on 20 Jul 1954 at age 17.

19-**Moreen Teresa Catherine Armstrong**

19-**Julian Peter Benedict Armstrong**

19-**Agnes Nicolette Armstrong**

18-**Wilson**²¹³ was born on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham. (Stillborn).

General Notes: Wed October 5th 1910:- Claudia had twins a day or so ago, one still born – the other little girl & Claudia doing well. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease*

Alfred wrote this, on the same day as his daughter Lavender's marriage to Sandy Medlicott

18-**Edith Violet Wilson**¹² was born on 17 Dec 1912 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Edith married **Michael Buffery**, son of **Frank Ernest Buffery** and **Lucy Newton**. They had two children: **Philip Michael** and **Anna Lucia**.

19-**Philip Michael Buffery**

19-**Anna Lucia Buffery**

18-**Noel John Wilson**^{12,39,304} was born on 17 Dec 1912 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1922-1926 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1930 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.
- He was Jesuit.

17-**Mary Louisa Wilson**¹² was born on 28 Feb 1868 in Wyddrington, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 22 Sep 1943 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 75.

17-**Anna Deborah Wilson**¹² was born on 28 Feb 1868 in Wyddrington, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 15 Nov 1952 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 84.

Anna married **Allan Tangye**,¹² son of **George Tangye**^{12,25} and **Mary Catherine Weston**,¹² on 5 Dec 1901 in FMH Birmingham. Allan was born on 5 Jun 1870 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 17 Aug 1950 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 80. They had five children: **Mary Cecilia**, **Barbara Catherine**, **Joseph William**, **Christopher George**, and **Lucy Agatha**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Fairoaks, Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

18-**Mary Cecilia Tangye**¹² was born on 1 Sep 1902 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Mary married **Rudolph Kynoch Clark**,¹² son of **Frank Lowson Clark** and **Edith Kynoch**, on 16 Jul 1938 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire. Rudolph was born on 16 Feb 1892 in Tynemouth, Northumberland. They had two children: **Nigel Ian Kynoch** and **Miranda Kynoch**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE in 1955.
- He worked as a Chartered Accountant.

19-**Nigel Ian Kynoch Clark**

19-Miranda Kynoch Clark

Miranda married **Sean Kingsbury Overend**, son of **Lt. Cmdr. Maurice Kingsbury Overend** and **Carol Elizabeth de Courcy Hamilton**. They had three children: **Hamish Kingsbury**, **Gareth Maurice Kingsbury**, and **Robert Kingsbury**.

20-Hamish Kingsbury Overend

20-Gareth Maurice Kingsbury Overend

20-Robert Kingsbury Overend

18-**Barbara Catherine Tangye**¹² was born on 16 Jun 1904 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Barbara married **Henry Ferguson Smith**,¹² son of **Charles Stewart Smith** and **Anna Gulielma Macaulay**, on 5 Dec 1930 in Bombay, India. Henry was born on 21 Jan 1902 in Odessa, Russia. They had three children: **Colin Ferguson**, **Alison Caroline Ferguson**, and **Martin Ferguson**.

19-Colin Ferguson Smith

19-Alison Caroline Ferguson Smith

19-Martin Ferguson Smith

18-**Joseph William Tangye**¹² was born on 30 Mar 1906 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1972 in Droitwich, Worcestershire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer.

Joseph married **Barbara Elisabeth Robson**,¹² daughter of **George Blenkinsop Robson** and **Mary Aldersey Steele**, on 2 Feb 1938 in London. Barbara was born on 30 Sep 1911 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died in Jan 1995 in Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 83. They had three children: **Julia Mary**, **Catharine Elizabeth**, and **James Allan**.

19-Julia Mary Tangye

Julia married **Hugh Williams**, son of **Keith Williams** and **Gladys Bennett**. They had two children: **Julian Mark Tangye** and **Richard James Tangye**.

20-Julian Mark Tangye Williams

20-Richard James Tangye Williams

19-Catharine Elizabeth Tangye

19-James Allan Tangye

18-**Christopher George Tangye**¹² was born on 11 Aug 1908 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer. Director of Tangye Bros.

Christopher married **Constance Cadbury**,¹² daughter of **William Adlington Cadbury**⁷ and **Emmeline Hannah Wilson**,⁷ on 29 Sep 1949 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Constance was born on 20 Mar 1910 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jan 1988 in Worcester, Worcestershire at age 77. They had two children: **Catriona Margaret** and **Hugh John**.

19-Catriona Margaret Tangye

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Catriona married **Frank Julian Even Salmon**, son of **Lt. Col. Frank Robert Salmon** and **Patricia Jean Even Painton**. They had four children: **Christopher Tangye Robert, Victoria Emmeline, Abigail Lucy, and Imogen Eleanor**.

20-**Christopher Tangye Robert Salmon**

20-**Victoria Emmeline Salmon**

20-**Abigail Lucy Salmon**

20-**Imogen Eleanor Salmon**

19-**Hugh John Tangye**

Hugh married **Jacqueline S. Pountney**.

18-**Lucy Agatha Tangye**¹² was born on 17 Apr 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Aug 1999 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 88.

Lucy married **John Cadbury**,¹² son of **William Adlington Cadbury**⁷ and **Emmeline Hannah Wilson**,⁷ on 8 Apr 1937 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire. John was born on 18 Mar 1905 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jun 1985 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 80.

16-**Sarah Stacey** was born on 4 Apr 1829 in Tottenham, London and died on 16 Jan 1832 in Tottenham, London at age 2.

16-**Samuel Lloyd Stacey**^{5,8,12} was born on 2 Oct 1830 in Tottenham, London and died on 5 May 1923 in London at age 92.

General Notes: Co-partnership agreements, 1762-1890 Thomas Corbyn's

- 1.Articles of co-partnership between Thomas Corbyn, John Brown and Nicholas Marshall, 1 Jan. 1762. Membrane
 - 2.Articles of co-partnership between Thomas Corbyn and John Brown (subsequent to the death in July 1766 of Nicholas Marshall), 1 Jan. 1767. Membrane.
 - 3.Articles of co-partnership between Thomas Corbyn, John Brown, John Beaumont and George Stacey, 1 Jan. 1781. Attested copy
 - 4/1-2. Articles of co-partnership between John Corbyn, John Beaumont, George Stacey, and Josiah Messer, 1 Jan. 1787. Membrane. With an attested copy.
 - 5.Articles of co-partnership between John Corbyn, George Stacey and Josiah Messer, in the firm of Corbyn, Stacey and Messer, 1 Jan. 1794. Membrane
 - 6.Articles of co-partnership between John Corbyn, George Stacey, Josiah Messer and Edward Swaine in the firm of Corbyn, Stacey, Messer and Swaine, 1 Jan. 1801. Membrane.
 - 7-9. Articles of co-partnership between John Corbyn, Abraham Beaumont, George Stacey I and Josiah Messer II, in the firm of Corbyn and Company. 22 March 1819, 15 Jan. 825 and 14 March 1834. Membrane.
 - 10.Articles of co-partnership between Abraham Beaumont, George Stacey II and Josiah Messer (subsequent to the death of John Corbyn), in the firm of Corbyn and Company. 16 March 1847.
 - 11.Articles of co-partnership between Samuel Lloyd Stacey and his sons Henry George Stacey and Wilson Stacey, in the firm of Corbyn, Stacey and Company. 30 Sept. 1890. Membrane
- [http://archives.wellcomelibrary.org/DServe/dserve.exe?dsqIni=Dserve.ini&dsqApp=Archive&dsqDb=Catalog&dsqCmd=Show.tcl&dsqSearch=\(RefNo==%27MS5435/5438%27\)](http://archives.wellcomelibrary.org/DServe/dserve.exe?dsqIni=Dserve.ini&dsqApp=Archive&dsqDb=Catalog&dsqCmd=Show.tcl&dsqSearch=(RefNo==%27MS5435/5438%27))

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 45 Fellows Road, London.
- He worked as a Chemist and Druggist, As Corbyn & Co. Before 1858 in London.
- He worked as a Chemist and Druggist in 7-8 The Poultry, London.
- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist and Druggist. Corbyn, Stacey and Company in 1890.

Samuel married **Mary Barclay**,^{5,8,12} daughter of **John Barclay**^{5,12} and **Mary Moate**,^{5,12} on 12 May 1854 in FMH Tottenham. Mary was born on 29 Mar 1827 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 7 Jan 1898 in Tottenham, London at age 70. They had eight children: **Henry George, John Barclay, Ernest Lloyd, Mary Deborah, Wilson, Adelaide Maria, Helen Beatrice, and Robert Hugh**.

17-**Henry George Stacey**¹² was born on 24 Feb 1855 in St. John's Wood, London and died on 30 Sep 1942 in Lidgate, Suffolk at age 87.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at University of Bonn in Germany.
- He had a residence in South End, Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist and Druggist. Corbyn, Stacey and Company.

Henry married **Mary Josephine Howard**,¹² daughter of **Joseph Howard**^{12,225} and **Ellen Waterhouse**,^{12,225} on 5 Oct 1887 in Tottenham, London. Mary was born on 1 Mar 1860 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 29 May 1933 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire at age 73.

17-**John Barclay Stacey**¹² was born on 5 Feb 1857 in London and died on 6 Apr 1933 in London at age 76.

John married **Mary Sophia Kingscote** in 1895. Mary was born on 15 Sep 1869. They had two children: **Dorothy Muriel** and **Constance Mary Barclay**.

18-Dorothy Muriel Stacey

Dorothy married **Maj. Kenneth Charles Harvey**, son of **Charles Harvey** and **Edith Pulman Stevenson**. They had one son: **David Michael Barclay**.

19-David Michael Barclay Harvey

18-**Constance Mary Barclay Stacey** was born on 19 Jun 1921 in Weymouth, Dorset and died on 22 Aug 2003 in New Zealand at age 82.

Constance married **Ferencz Bolgar**. They had two children: **Francesca Lydia Lorraine** and **Nicolette Linda**.

19-Francesca Lydia Lorraine Bolgar

19-Nicolette Linda Bolgar

17-**Rev. Ernest Lloyd Stacey**¹² was born on 20 Jan 1859 in Woodbury Lodge, Stamford Hill, London and died on 18 May 1933 in Dolobran, Meifod, Montgomeryshire at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.
- He was educated at Bruce Castle School.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at London College of Divinity.
- He was educated at St. John's Hall, Highbury, London.
- He worked as a Curate of St, Silas', Liverpool in 1888.
- He worked as a Vicar of Polycarp's, Liverpool 1890 To 1893.
- He worked as a Vicar of Helme, Huddersfield, Yorkshire 1893 To 1905.
- He worked as a Chaplain at Cannes 1906 To 1908 in Cannes, France.
- He worked as a Vicar of Newchapel, Staffordshire 1908 To 1910.
- He had a residence in Knypersley Parsonage, Congleton, Cheshire.

Ernest married **Edith Johnson**,¹² daughter of **Charles Henry Johnson**¹² and **Rosa Hewlett**,¹² on 23 Apr 1891 in Macclesfield, Cheshire. Edith was born on 3 Nov 1865 in Manchester and died on 5 Feb 1945 in Dolobran, Meifod, Montgomeryshire at age 79. They had seven children: **Charles Lloyd**, **Ernest George Hewlett**, **Edith Mary**, **Kenneth Barclay**, **Alfred Theodore**, **Emily Kathleen**, and **Dorothy Mabel**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Charles Lloyd Stacey**¹² was born on 7 Jun 1893 in Liverpool, died on 19 Feb 1969 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 75, and was buried in Forest Lawn Cemetery, Los Angeles.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated Glendale, California, USA.

Charles married **Doris Mary Begbie Waddington**, daughter of **Henry Waddington** and **Mary Ellen Jackson ??**, on 3 May 1914 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada. Doris was born on 6 Apr 1887 in York, Yorkshire and died on 30 May 1954 in New York, New York, USA at age 67. They had three children: **Peter Lloyd**, **Charmain Deborah**, and **Paula Mary**.

19-**Peter Lloyd Stacey** was born on 20 Mar 1920 in Fresno, California, USA and died on 17 Nov 2013 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 93.

General Notes: March 20, 1920 - November 17, 2013 A piece of Los Angeles history has been laid to rest: Peter Stacey, athlete, artist, illustrator, devoted Dad, and one of the West Coast's consummate "Madmen" died November 17th after a long battle with MRSA. Born to Doris Waddington and Charles Stacey from England, Peter grew up in Glendale during the depression where he sold newspapers to help make ends meet and taught himself to hit a tennis ball on a vacant lot. He graduated from Herbert Hoover High school, spent three years during WWII in the Air Corps, attended USC and Art Center College of Design, then settled into a long career in advertising, working for McCann-Erickson, where he was Vice President, for over thirty years. Los Angeles was in Peter's DNA. He lived there most of his ninety-three years and relished negotiating its streets, pointing out landmarks, telling stories, and finding short cuts through this city whose history and people he loved. His passions were tennis and golf. He competed on the Junior Davis Cup Team, was a long-time member of the L.A. Tennis club, and continued to play and win tournaments well into his late eighties (sometimes complaining that after 15 games he grew a little tired). He is survived by his loving life-partner Jacqueline Stuart; his two daughters, Paula and Patricia Stacey; his grandchildren Elizabeth, Jack, and Walker; his step grandson, Giampaolo; his many devoted friends and acquaintances; Lalo his helper extraordinaire; his beloved cats; and the countless professionals, clerks, bank tellers, waiters and waitresses of L.A. who made up the rich fabric of his life well into his final days. We are aching with sadness that he is no longer with us but jumping for joy on the sidelines marveling at an amazing run: Game. Set. Match.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Hoover High School, Glendale, California.
- He worked as a member of the US Air Corps in WWII.
- He worked as a Vice-President of McCann-Erickson advertising in Los Angeles, California, USA.
- His obituary was published in The Los Angeles Times on 1 Dec 2013.

Peter married **Paulina Shell**, daughter of **John Shell**. They had two children: **Paula Ann** and **Patricia Alice**.

20-**Paula Ann Stacey**

20-**Patricia Alice Stacey**

19-**Charmain Deborah Stacey** was born on 17 May 1923 in Fresno, California, USA and died on 22 Sep 2000 in Beverley Hills, Los Angeles, California at age 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Hoover High School, Glendale, California.

Charmain married **Louis R. Mosbrooker**, son of **Michael Mosbrooker** and **Katherine**, on 18 Oct 1956 in North Dakota, USA. Louis was born about 1918 and died in 1988 about age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an American architect.

19-**Paula Mary Stacey** was born on 11 Jun 1925 in Fresno, California, USA and died on 19 May 2010 in "Brian's House", Bay City, Michigan, USA at age 84.

General Notes: Bay City, Michigan

Paula passed away Wednesday, May 19, 2010 at Brian's House, age 84. She was born June 11, 1925 in Fresno, California to the late Charles and Doris

Descendants of Thomas Forster

(Waddington) Stacey. Her family moved to Glendale, CA, where she, her brother and sister graduated from Hoover High School. She danced in the Movies as a child, then after graduation she toured with the American Ballet Theater in Europe and the United States, as their Ballerina. She married Charles Atkin in New York, who was with Rodgers & Hammerstein and remained in New York where she danced at Radio City Music Hall. She also danced in television and on Broadway Shows. Paula lived in Ventura, CA from 1978 to 2004. She then moved to Bay City, Michigan where she married B.G. Retired Richard D. DeMara on October 30, 2004. Paula was very active in the Bay County Historical Society, Humane Society and Tour of Homes. She was a member of the American Legion Post 18 Auxiliary.

Paula was predeceased by her first husband, Charles, her mother and father, Charles and Doris and her sister, Deborah.

Surviving besides her husband, Richard, is a son, Michael and his four children; Nicole, Andrew, Jillian, and Geoffrey, one brother, Peter Lloyd Stacey of California, three step-children; Christine VanDerwill, Donald DeMara, Kimberly Frable, six step-grandchildren; Brianne, Amber, Tim, Dave, Taylor, Kellen and her two cats; Missy and Tigger.

The Funeral Service will be held Monday, May 24, 2010 at 11:00am at the Squires Funeral Home. Cathy Converse will officiate. Friends may call at the funeral home on Monday from 9:00am until the time of service. Those planning an expression of sympathy may wish to consider memorials to the American Cancer Society or Brian's House.

Paula's family would like to thank all the staff at Brian's House for their kind words and compassionate touch they gave Paula and her family

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Hoover High School, Glendale, California.
- She worked as a Dancer in Film & Theatre.

Paula married **Charles Atkin**. They had one son: **Michael**.

20-Michael Atkin

Michael married someone. He had four children: **Nicole, Andrew, Jillian**, and **Geoffrey**.

21-Nicole Atkin

21-Andrew Atkin

21-Jillian Atkin

21-Geoffrey Atkin

Paula married **Richard D. Demara**.

18-**Ernest George Hewlett Stacey**¹² was born on 10 Sep 1894 in Helme, Huddersfield, Yorkshire, died on 14 Aug 1916 in Devonport Military Hospital, Plymouth, Devon at age 21, and was buried in Weston Mill Cemetery, Plymouth, Devon.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Private soldier, serving with the Australian Infantry, A.I.F., (19th Bn.).

18-**Edith Mary Stacey**¹² was born on 26 Apr 1896 in Helme, Huddersfield, Yorkshire.

Edith married **Lionel Edgar Oxborrow**, son of **Frederick Oxborrow** and **Celia Coppin**, on 2 Apr 1923 in Morden, Surrey. Lionel was born on 16 Jul 1895 in London. They had five children: **Brenda Edith, Barbara Mary, Bernard Hewlett, Jeffrey Lloyd**, and **Judith Celia**.

19-Brenda Edith Oxborrow

19-Barbara Mary Oxborrow

19-Bernard Hewlett Oxborrow

Bernard married **Dorothy Joan Edgell**. They had two children: **Michael Lloyd** and **Susan Mary**.

20-Michael Lloyd Oxborrow

20-Susan Mary Oxborrow

19-Jeffrey Lloyd Oxborrow

19-Judith Celia Oxborrow

18-Kenneth Barclay Stacey¹² was born on 21 May 1899 in Helme, Huddersfield, Yorkshire.

Kenneth married **Ethel Keighley**. They had one son: **John Trevor**.

19-John Trevor Stacey

18-Alfred Theodore Stacey¹² was born on 29 Sep 1902 in Helme, Huddersfield, Yorkshire.

Alfred married **Dorothy Verna Woodward**, daughter of **Frederick Augustus Woodward** and **Mary Anne Olde**, on 20 Jun 1941 in Wiluna, Western Australia. Dorothy was born in 1915 in Geraldton, Western Australia. They had three children: **Carol Ann**, **Verna Elizabeth**, and **Kerry Jean**.

19-Carol Ann Stacey

19-Verna Elizabeth Stacey

19-Kerry Jean Stacey

18-Emily Kathleen Stacey¹² was born on 25 Aug 1904 in Helme, Huddersfield, Yorkshire.

Emily married **Guy Cockburn**, son of **John Cockburn** and **Alice Daykin**, on 7 Jun 1927 in Mitcham. Guy was born on 1 Jan 1903 in Bainbridge, Wensleydale, Yorkshire. They had four children: **Patricia Mary**, **Rosalie Sylvia**, **Bryan Lloyd**, and **Edith Elaine**.

19-Patricia Mary Cockburn

Patricia married **Ian C. Skidmore**, son of **John Skidmore** and **Alice Chapman**. They had three children: **Margaret Ann**, **Gillian Mary**, and **Alison Kay**.

20-Margaret Ann Skidmore

20-Gillian Mary Skidmore

20-Alison Kay Skidmore

19-Rosalie Sylvia Cockburn

Rosalie married **Maurice Collin**, son of **Wilfred Collin**. They had two children: **Richard John** and **Peter Joseph**.

20-Richard John Collin

20-Peter Joseph Collin

19-Bryan Lloyd Cockburn

19-Edith Elaine Cockburn

Edith married **Jeffrey Welford**. They had one son: **Andrew Robert**.

20-Andrew Robert Welford

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18-**Dorothy Mabel Stacey**¹² was born on 25 Oct 1909 in Newchapel, Staffordshire.

17-**Mary Deborah Stacey** was born on 12 May 1860 in Woodbury Lodge, Stamford Hill, London and died on 3 Feb 1944 in London at age 83.

17-**Wilson Stacey** was born on 24 Sep 1862 in London and died on 16 Sep 1949 in Worthing, Sussex at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist and Druggist. Corbyn, Stacey and Company.

Wilson married **Barbara Avice Gunson**, daughter of **Richard Edward Gunson** and **Caroline Ada Hunt**, on 8 Jul 1914 in St. Johns, British Columbia, Canada. Barbara was born on 8 Jun 1885 in Walthamstow, London. They had one son: **Christopher Samuel**.

18-**Christopher Samuel Stacey**

Christopher married **Gladys Rita Ellis**, daughter of **Christopher Henry Ellis** and **Gladys Mary Bloomfield**.

17-**Adelaide Maria Stacey** was born on 19 Feb 1864 in Clapton and died on 11 Dec 1938 in London at age 74.

17-**Helen Beatrice Stacey** was born on 29 Sep 1865 in Tottenham, London and died on 23 Jul 1957 in London at age 91.

17-**Rev. Robert Hugh Stacey**¹² was born on 21 Jul 1867 in Tottenham, London, died on 14 Nov 1947 at age 80, and was buried in Pulham Market cemetery, Pulham Market, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Tonbridge School in 1884-1886.
- He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Vicar of Chesham in Chesham, Buckinghamshire.
- He had a residence in Christ Church vicarage, Chesham, Buckinghamshire.
- He worked as a Rector of Pulham Market in 1928-1944 in Pulham Market, Norfolk.

Robert married **Edith Mary Shiell**,¹² daughter of **Robert Pirie Shiell** and **Mary Elizabeth Bowater**, on 1 May 1901 in Northwood, London. Edith was born on 28 Aug 1875 in Hampstead, London, died on 8 Nov 1960 in Salisbury, Wiltshire at age 85, and was buried in Pulham Market cemetery, Pulham Market, Norfolk. They had three children: **Joan Mary**, **Philip Hugh**, and **Robert Geoffrey Lloyd**.

18-**Joan Mary Stacey**¹² was born on 18 Mar 1902 in Woodford Wells, Essex.

18-**Philip Hugh Stacey**¹² was born on 30 Aug 1903 in Woodford Wells, Essex and died in Jan 1988 in Poole, Dorset at age 84.

Philip married **Mary Halton**, daughter of **Henry Halton** and **Mary Helena Shaw**, on 21 May 1935 in Liverpool. Mary was born on 31 Mar 1905 in Liverpool. They had three children: **John Hugh**, **Anne Mary Beatrice**, and **Edith Rachel**.

19-**John Hugh Stacey**

19-**Anne Mary Beatrice Stacey**

Anne married **Basil John Alexander Hargreaves**, son of **Reginald Cornwallis Hargreaves** and **Alison Jean Ogilvie-Grant**. They had one son: **Charles**.

20-**Charles Hargreaves**

19-**Edith Rachel Stacey**

18-**Robert Geoffrey Lloyd Stacey**¹² was born on 5 Nov 1913 in Chesham, Buckinghamshire, died on 17 Dec 1939 in Catterick, Yorkshire. Died on Actice Service at age

Descendants of Thomas Forster

26, and was buried in Pulham Market cemetery, Pulham Market, Norfolk.

16-**Agatha Stacey** was born on 30 Apr 1836 in Tottenham, London and died on 2 Sep 1909 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73.

15-**Dr. William Lloyd**^{7,23,59,104,144} was born on 18 Feb 1798 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 2 Jan 1875 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manager of the Kings Mills in Castle Donington, Derbyshire.
- He worked as a Farmer in Castle Donington, Derbyshire.
- He worked as a Doctor and Physician in Castle Donington, Derbyshire.

William married **Caroline Ellis**,^{7,12,104,144} daughter of **Robert Ellis**⁷ and **Jane Coates**, on 17 Aug 1848 in Castle Donington, Derbyshire. Caroline was born on 26 Feb 1820 in Hibaldstow, Lincolnshire and died on 22 Nov 1890 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 70. They had five children: **William Ellis**, **Jane Rachel**, **Tertius**, **Caroline**, and **Robert Samuel**.

16-**William Ellis Lloyd**^{12,201} was born on 7 Dec 1849 in Kings Mills, Castle Donington, Derbyshire and died on 7 Jun 1898 in Mainz, Germany at age 48.

William married **Hannah Mary Uprichard Jackson**,^{12,201} daughter of **William Ridgway Jackson**⁷⁹ and **Elizabeth Uprichard**,⁷⁹ on 22 Mar 1888 in Belfast, Ireland. Hannah was born on 29 Dec 1867 in The Knock, Co. Down and died on 24 Apr 1932 in London at age 64. They had four children: **Uprichard Ellis**, **William Merrick Ellis**, **Eileen Minnie Ellis**, and **Charles Binyon Ellis**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Barnt Green, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1917 in Asleton House, 69 Compton Road, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

17-**Uprichard Ellis Lloyd** was born on 16 Nov 1889 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Nov 1953 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 64.

Uprichard married **Gertrude Mary Guest**, daughter of **Thomas Guest** and **Annie Wimbush**, on 9 Jun 1927 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Gertrude was born on 17 Apr 1895 in Ongar, Essex.

17-**2nd Lieut. William Merrick Ellis Lloyd**²⁰¹ was born on 21 Jan 1894 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 19 May 1917 in France. Killed in action at age 23, and was buried in Fauberg d'Amiens Cemetery, Arras, France. Grave V.F.9.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Radley.
- He worked as a member of the Daimler company.
- He worked as an officer of the 40th Brigade of the Royal Field Artillery.

17-**Eileen Minnie Ellis Lloyd** was born on 16 Apr 1895 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 1 Sep 1938 in Liss, King's County, Ireland at age 43.

17-**Charles Binyon Ellis Lloyd** was born on 12 Sep 1896 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Charles married **Marjorie Letcher Cotton**, daughter of **Hugh Day Cotton** and **Mary Teague Letcher**, on 6 Jun 1923 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. Marjorie was born on 20 Jun 1903 in Oxley, Staffordshire. They had two children: **Rachel Hilary Ellis** and **Ian Merrick Ellis**.

18-**Rachel Hilary Ellis Lloyd**

Rachel married **John Eadie Sinclair**.

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18-Ian Merrick Ellis Lloyd

Ian married **Pamela Vivian**. They had one child: **Sian Ellis**.

19-Sian Ellis Lloyd

16-**Jane Rachel Lloyd**¹⁰⁴ was born on 23 Apr 1851 in Kings Mills, Castle Donington, Derbyshire and died on 30 Aug 1886 in Rhyl, Wales at age 35.

16-**Tertius Lloyd** was born on 27 Apr 1852 in Kings Mills, Castle Donington, Derbyshire and died in Died Young.

16-**Caroline Lloyd**^{7,12,74} was born on 16 Jan 1854 in Kings Mills, Castle Donington, Derbyshire and died on 20 Jun 1920 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 66.

Caroline married **Richard Cadbury Gibbins**,^{7,12,74} son of **Thomas Gibbins**^{7,48,69,277} and **Emma Joel Cadbury**,^{7,69,277} on 23 Mar 1877 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham. Richard was born on 30 Jun 1846 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 14 Feb 1928 in "Fayrestowe", Wellington Road, Edgbaston at age 81. They had seven children: **Robert Lloyd, Hugh, George Maurice, David, Roland Bevington, Rachel Jane**, and **Marjorie Ellis**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Metal Manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

17-**Robert Lloyd Gibbins**^{7,39,76} was born on 12 Dec 1877 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 May 1948 in Wickenford, Worcestershire at age 70.

General Notes: Gibbins.-On 31st May, 1948, Robert Lloyd Gibbins (1892-95), aged 70 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1892-1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Heidelberg in 1898 in Heidelberg, Germany.
- He worked as a Managing Director of the Birmingham Battery & Metal Co. Ltd.

17-**Hugh Gibbins**^{12,39,46,109,132,182,183,252,307} was born on 17 Feb 1879 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 7 Feb 1942 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 62.

General Notes: HUGH GIBBINS (1893— 6) has obtained the M.Sc. degree of Victoria University, having gained Honours in Engineering. *Bootham magazine - September 1902*

HUGH GIBBINS (1893-96) is in Dorchester Prison. His present two-year sentence will be up in May. He is reported as very well, we are glad to say. *Bootham magazine - April 1919*

Gibbins.— On 7th February, Hugh Gibbins (1893-96), aged 62 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1893-1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Dalton Hall, Manchester.
- He worked as a Manufacturer of Lifting equipment in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He was a Quaker.
- Miscellaneous: imprisoned for 2 years, as a Conscientious ojector in WWI.

Hugh married **Nora Beatrice Mennell**,^{12,39,109,182,183,252} daughter of **Henry Tuke Mennell**^{2,7,39,58,61,62,79,80,120,156,308} and **Maria Bradley Newman**,^{2,7,39,58,79,80} on 9 Sep 1909 in FMH Croydon. Nora was born on 9 Mar 1884 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 17 Aug 1961 in Seaford, East Sussex at age 77. They had three children: **Dearman Mennell, Margaret Caroline**, and **Peter Bevington**.

Marriage Notes: GIBBINS-MENNELL.-On the 9th September, 1909, at Croydon, Hugh Gibbins (1893-6), of Birmingham, to Nora Beatrice Mennell, of Croydon.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1899-Dec 1901 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Dearman Mennell Gibbins**^{12,252} was born on 27 Jul 1910 in 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died in 1963 in St. Neots, Cambridgeshire at age 53.

General Notes: GIBBINS.-On the 27th July, 1910, at Birmingham, Nora Beatrice (Mennell), wife of Hugh Gibbins (1893-6), a son, who was named Dearman Mennell.

Dearman married **Anne Margaret Aston**, daughter of **Hugh Cyrus Aston** and **Violet Maude Thomas**, on 14 May 1938 in Wylde Green. Anne was born on 14 Mar 1913 in Erdington, Warwickshire. They had three children: **Mary Patricia**, **Helen Margaret**, and **Catherine Anne**.

19-**Mary Patricia Gibbins**

19-**Helen Margaret Gibbins**

19-**Catherine Anne Gibbins**

18-**Margaret Caroline Gibbins**¹⁸³ was born on 1 May 1912 in 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1981 in Richmond, Surrey at age 69.

General Notes: IBBINS.-On the 1st May, 1912, at 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Nora Beatrice (nee Mennell), the wife of Hugh Gibbins (1893-6), a daughter , who was named Margaret Caroline.

Margaret married **Walter Leonard**, son of **Henry Lewey** and **Charlotte Levy**, on 25 Jul 1942 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Walter was born on 3 Dec 1912 in Dresden, Germany and died in Jun 1999 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey at age 86. They had two children: **Roger Martin** and **Christina Ruth**.

19-**Roger Martin Leonard**

19-**Christina Ruth Leonard**

18-**Peter Bevington Gibbins**¹⁰⁹ was born on 30 Oct 1913 in 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. (13th given in Bootham) and died on 3 Sep 1930 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. In an accident at age 16.

General Notes: GIBBINS.-On the 13th October, 1913, at 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Nora Beatrice (Mennell), wife of Hugh Gibbins (1893-6), a son, who was named Peter Bevington.

17-**George Maurice Gibbins**³⁰⁹ was born on 11 May 1880 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 22 Apr 1933 in Luton, Bedfordshire at age 52.

General Notes: GIBBINS.'97On April 22nd, George Maurice Gibbins (1895-97), aged 52 years.

MAURICE GIBBINS (1895-7) was one of the most regular, loyal and helpful attenders at Whitsuntide. One felt instinctively that we had in him, a wise and understanding friend. He was a man of many quiet, unobtrusive acts of generosity. *Bootham magazine - July 1933*

Re GEORGE MAURICE GIBBINS, Deceased.

The Trustee Act, 1925.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of George Maurice Gibbins, late of Ludlow Avenue, Luton, in the county of Bedford, deceased (who died on the 22nd day of April, 1933, and whose Will was proved in the Birmingham District Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 20th day of July, 1933, by Robert Lloyd Gibbins, Hugh Gibbins and David Gibbins, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their claims to us, the undersigned, on or before the 16th day of October, 1933, after which date the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.'97Dated this 2nd day of August, 1933. MUSGROVE LEE and ARTHUR. SMITH, 18, Newhall Street, Birmingham 3, Solicitors for the Executors.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BSc (Hons) in London.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1895-1897 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an apprenticed to the Oerlikon Electrical Works in Zurich, Switzerland.

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- He worked as a Managing Director of Hayward Tyler & Co. Ltd., Hydraulic Engineers.
- He worked as a Director of the Luton Water Co.

17-**David Gibbins**¹² was born on 9 Dec 1882 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 9 May 1940 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sedbergh School in Sedbergh, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in 49 Stirling Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

David married **Ethel Emilie Rohrbach**,¹² daughter of **Rev. Dr. Julius Rohrbach** and **Emma Bowman**, on 12 Apr 1909 in Charlottenburg, Berlin, Germany. Ethel was born on 4 Jun 1883 in Moabit, Berlin, Germany and died on 18 Dec 1965 at age 82. They had four children: **Richard Karl**, **Julius Bernard**, **Robert Ellis**, and **Wilfrid David**.

18-**Richard Karl Gibbins**^{39,129,137,173,174,188} was born on 4 Jan 1910 in 49 Stirling Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 8 Feb 1964 at age 54.

General Notes: GIBBINS.-On 8th February, 1964, Richard Karl Gibbins (1923-27), aged 53 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1920-1923 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1923-1927 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge in 1928-1931.
- He worked as a member of the Birmingham Battery and Metal Co. Ltd. In Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Richard married **Olive Mary Hunter**, daughter of **Frank Hunter** and **Freda Olive Wilson**. They had three children: **Rosemary Caroline**, **John Richard Hunter**, and **Catherine Mary**.

19-**Rosemary Caroline Gibbins**

Rosemary married **Ernest Burden**.

19-**John Richard Hunter Gibbins**

John married **Carolyn W. Free**.

19-**Catherine Mary Gibbins**¹⁷³ was born on 27 May 1950 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 30 Jul 1957 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 7.

General Notes: Gibbins.-On 27th May, 1950, to O. Mary and Richard K. Gibbins (1923-27), a daughter, Catherine Mary.

18-**Julius Bernard Gibbins**³¹⁰ was born on 18 Jun 1911 in 49 Stirling Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died in 1984 at age 73.

General Notes: Testimony of Thankfulness to the Grace of God for the life of
J. Bernard Gibbins 1911 - 1984

made by West Devon Monthly Meeting on 9th March 1985 was read [at Devon & Cornwall General Meeting held 15 June 1985 in St Austell and recorded as Minute 7].

Julius Bernard Gibbins (to be called Bernard) was the second son of David and Ettie Gibbins of Bull Street Meeting, Birmingham. His father's family were Quakers for generations past; his mother was the daughter of a Lutheran pastor; she joined Friends at Bull Street . Bernard was educated at Downs School, Colwell, Malvern , where a third of the pupils came from Quaker families, and then at Sidcot School . Subsequently, he went to the Royal Agricultural College, Cirencester. Bernard Gibbins' professional work was of much value to the West Country where he dealt, for over forty years, coming from Huntingdon where he had been Chief Executive Officer for that County . He became a partner in the firm of Clutton and Drew of Exeter and was deeply involved with the management of the Church Commissioners agricultural estates in Devon

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, and, under Cluttons, Cornwall. He was for some years the Secretary of the Devon & Cornwall Branch of the Chartered Land Agents' Society . Before he retired, Bernard joined the partnership of Stratton & Holborough of Exeter and remained for the rest of his life the consultant land agent for the Menabilly Estates in Cornwall . Bernard's detailed knowledge and wise decisions earned him great respect. He cared deeply for the conservation of the rural environment in which he lived and worked, and also for the many people from all walks of life who increasingly sought his advice and counsel. For Bernard was a man to be wholly relied upon, firm and decisive, unfailingly courteous and compassionate, drawing spiritual strength from his religious faith. Bernard was a member of Newton Abbot Meeting; he supported the outreach that saw the beginnings of an allowed Meeting at Totnes. When Totnes became a Preparative Meeting, we were fortunate in the appointment of Bernard as an Elder, and later he became Treasurer. He made a steadfast commitment to any task he undertook and Totnes owes much to his quiet care, to his ministry and that life of prayer . With his wife, Kathleen, and his family, growing up in the village of Staverton, the needs of the church and parish were also much a part of that commitment . He had a sensitive understanding of the needs of the countryside and his keen appreciation of problems contained a gentle sense of humour that made divisions seem obsolete. Kathleen came to Meeting, he went to church, on occasion. His beautiful garden and the fine craftsmanship of the furniture he made as a hobby were other facets of doing a task well for the God he tried to serve in his everyday life. When Bernard died, a "Service of Thanksgiving for Grandad" was held in the village church at Staverton where we heard the grandchildren reading Bernard's favourite words of devotion and playing music he had encouraged them to achieve. The quality of love that he brought to everyday life in his family, in the community and so out to the wider world was here made witness to the faith in God that he tried to serve, steadfastly and devotedly.

- <<<<>>>>
1. Julius Bernard Gibbins was born 11/06/1911 Edgbaston, son of David and Ethel Emilie Gibbins, born Rohrbach. His parents married on 12 Apr 1909 at Charlottenburg, Berlin **Source:** Geneagraphie website. His mother's father was Julius Rohrbach. His parent's pictures are shown at <http://archive.org/stream/photographicpedi00bens#page/156/mode/1up> <<http://archive.org/stream/photographicpedi00bens>> page 157
 - 2 Downs School = the Preparatory School for Malvern College Website: <<http://thedowns.malcol.org/>>
 - 3.Sidcot School = a Quaker school in Somerset. Website <<http://www.sidcot.org.uk/>>
 - 4.Huntingdonshire = a former Administrative County. In 1974, under the Local Government Act 1972, Huntingdon and Peterborough merged with Cambridgeshire and Isle of Ely to form the new county of Cambridgeshire.
 5. In June 1970 the Chartered Land Agents' Society and the Chartered Auctioneers' and Estate Agents' Institute, amalgamated with the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.
 - 6.Stratton & Holborough website <<http://www.stratton-holborow.co.uk/>>
 - 7.The Menabilly Estate is the family seat of the Rashleighs. It was leased by the author, Daphne du Maurier between 1943 and 1969.
 8. David Butler Quaker Meeting Houses of Britain p. 144 : Totnes: " . . . a new meeting was settled in 1967. An advantageous offer allowed Friends to buy premises in Ticklemore Street for a meeting house for £30,000, opened in 1986 . . . "
 9. Staverton, Devon, village website <http://www.staverton.com/staverton_church.html>

With grateful appreciation to Vernon White.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School.
- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He was educated at Royal Agricultural College in Cirencester, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Land Agent.

Julius married **Kathleen Mary Phillips**, daughter of **Thomas Arthur Phillips** and **Evelyn Grundy**. They had three children: **Elizabeth Jane**, **David Phillips**, and **Richard Lloyd**.

19-Elizabeth Jane Gibbins

19-David Phillips Gibbins

19-Richard Lloyd Gibbins

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18-**Dr. Robert Ellis Gibbins**^{39,173,311,312} was born on 29 Jul 1914 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 Jul 1995 at age 81.

General Notes: Robert Ellis Gibbins, Consultant surgeon, Kidderminster general Hospital, 1949-1979. (b. 1914. q. Birmingham 1938; FRCS 1947), died ofheart failure on 31 July 1995. Starting his surgical training with the RAMC in Egypt and Italy, he founded the modern surgical services at both Kidderminster and Bromsgrove hospitals. At his retirement the surgical block was named after him, the wall plaque stating that "he devoted his energies to its advancement." After retirement from general surgery he provided an excellent service for rheumatoid hand surgery locally; he was also a skilful clock repairer. He leaves a wife, Pam, four children (two sons being GPs), and 11 grandchildren [Richard T Taylor].

Author:

Royal College of Surgeons of England

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Plarr's Lives of the Fellows

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at West House School in 1923-1927 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1927-1929 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at University of Birmingham.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1929-1932 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Consultant General Surgeon, Kidderminster General Hospital in 1949-1979 in Kidderminster, Worcestershire.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 7 Oct 1995.

Robert married **Dr. Pamela Mary Aviss**, daughter of **Llewellyn Aviss** and **Jeannie Margaret Price**. They had four children: **Philippa Ann**, **Robert Llewellyn**, **Stephen Roland**, and **Emma Louise**.

19-**Philippa Ann Gibbins**

19-**Dr. Robert Llewellyn Gibbins**

19-**Dr. Stephen Roland Gibbins**

19-**Emma Louise Gibbins**

18-**Wilfrid David Gibbins**^{39,90,173,313} was born on 28 Jan 1919 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 2009 at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1932-1937 in York, Yorkshire.

Wilfrid married **Mary Constance Wallace**, daughter of **Charles Galbraith Wallace** and **Kathleen Mary Grumitt**. They had two children: **Caroline Jane** and **Felicity Mary**.

19-**Caroline Jane Gibbins**

19-**Felicity Mary Gibbins**

17-**Capt. Roland Bevington Gibbins**⁷⁴ was born on 19 Oct 1885 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 3 Dec 1917 in Cambrai, France. Killed in action. (AM

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gives 4th; CWGC gives 3rd) at age 32, and was buried in Listed on the Cambrai memorial. Body not found.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment.

Roland married **Edith Grace Ritchie**, daughter of **Thomas Leitch Ritchie** and **Margaret Ann Rose**, on 16 May 1916 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Edith was born on 20 Dec 1887 in Brechin, Angus, Scotland.

17-**Rachel Jane Gibbins** was born on 22 Jul 1889 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1981 at age 92.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1905-Jul 1907 in York, Yorkshire.

Rachel married **Leslie Arthur Smith**, son of **William Arthur Smith** and **Annie Jane Phillip**, on 27 Apr 1920 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Leslie was born on 3 Oct 1878 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 5 May 1956 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 77. They had three children: **Geoffrey Arthur**, **Mary Caroline**, and **John Timothy Arthur**.

18-**Lieut. Geoffrey Arthur Smith** was born on 8 Feb 1922 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 2 Nov 1944 in Netherlands. Killed in action at age 22, and was buried in Mierlo War Cemetery, Noord-Brabant, Eindhoven, Netherlands. Grave V.F.2.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rugby in 1935-1940.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Artillery.

18-**Mary Caroline Smith**

19-**Richard Geoffrey Cadbury**

19-**James Edward Cadbury**

19-**Philip Timothy Cadbury**^{146,175} was born on 16 Dec 1953 in Oswestry, Shropshire and died on 15 Aug 1981 at age 27.

General Notes: PHILIP T. CADBURY, 28 Hampton Road, Oswestry, Salop. Entered: September, 1965. 10 'O' Levels. 'A' Levels in History, French and Maths. Debating society, essay society, radio society. York Maths Association, Committee for Abolition of Compulsory Games. To do 1 year's voluntary service then to University College, London, to read Economics and Philosophy.
CADBURY.— On 15th August, 1981, Philip Timothy Cadbury (1965-72), aged 27 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1965-1972 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University College, London.

19-**Erica Rachel Cadbury**

18-**John Timothy Arthur Smith**

John married **Elizabeth Howlett Waters**, daughter of **Thomas Richard Waters** and **Cecilie Bowyer Howlett**. They had four children: **Catherine Anna**, **Jane Elizabeth**, **Emma Judith**, and **Rebecca Mary**.

19-**Catherine Anna Smith**

19-**Jane Elizabeth Smith**

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19-**Emma Judith Smith**

19-**Rebecca Mary Smith**

17-**Marjorie Ellis Gibbins** was born on 28 Jan 1893 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 27 Mar 1981 at age 88.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Michael Pease Fox** was born on 21 Aug 1921 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 10 Feb 2010 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Spiceland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman Fox Brothers & Co. Ltd.

19-**Julian Hotham Fox**

20-**Jethron Pease Fox**

20-**Emily Jane Tamarin Fox**

21-**George Louis Fox Samways**

20-**Bryony Claire Fox**

19-**Patricia Jean Fox**

20-**Elizabeth Rachel Dowrick**

21-**Hannah Joy Savage**

20-**Clare Christine Dowrick**

19-**Roger Cadbury Fox**

20-**Alexandra Yvonne Fox**

20-**Victor James Fox** was born on 3 Mar 1994, died on 12 May 2016 in Dharasu, Nalupani, Uttarakashi, India at age 22, and was buried on 23 May 2016 in Marylebone Crematorium, London. The cause of his death was in a tragic motorcycle accident.

General Notes: DEHRADUN: A 22-year-old British biker, who was with a four-member expedition team riding from Rishikesh to Gangotri, lost balance and fell into a deep gorge along with his bike in Nalupani area of Uttarakashi district. After a three-hour operation by the State Disaster Response Force (SDRF) and the local police, he was rescued but died on the way to hospital.

Ravindra Yadav, station officer, Dharasu, told TOI, "The four were on different motor-cycles. They had started the expedition from Rishikesh and were on their way to Gangotri Dham." Around 7.30pm on Thursday, Victor James Fox lost control of his two-wheeler and fell into a 200-metre-deep gorge near Dharasu bend in Nalupani, about 30km from Uttarakashi.

With no help in sight at the spot, his three friends went ahead and informed policemen at Chinayalisaund about the accident and sought their assistance. On receiving the information, a team from Dharasu police station and personnel of SDRF along with rescue equipment rushed to the spot.

"We heard his cries for help and despite the cover of darkness, a sincere effort was made to rescue the British national. We could not even see Fox and our team worked hard to find him in the deep gorge," Yadav said. After the rescue operation that lasted nearly three hours, the police personnel were successful in bringing him out of the gorge at about 10.30pm.

"Fox was rushed to the district hospital at Uttarakashi, where doctors declared him dead," Yadav added.

A post-mortem was conducted on Friday, after which the victim's body was brought to Himalayan Hospital at Jolly Grant, Dehradun. "On Saturday, Fox's family

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members are expected to arrive in the state capital. They will take a call on the location where his last rites will be performed," the police officer said.
The Times of India. 13 May 2016

I am sorry that my first post here for a long time has to be a sad one. I am writing to let the wider family know of the loss of Victor J Fox, son of Roger and Goga Fox and sister to Sasha, who live in North London. Roger is my first cousin and from the Wellington Foxes i.e. the third child of Michael (last Chairman of the family owned Fox Brothers; d.2010) and Yvonne Fox of Legglands.
Victor was 22 years old and "in the starting blocks" of a full and successful life when last Thursday, he suffered a dreadful and fatal accident as his motorbike plunged down a 200' ravine in Northern India.
He had gained a first class honours degree in Philosophy and then spent five months travelling and working on his own in Colombia. An experience which led some family to notice on his recent brief return to England, an increasing maturity in this already very likeable,able and serious young man. He then flew out to India to meet other friends who had been trekking further east and they explored Southern India before heading North. Here they hired motorbikes in order to visit the temple at the source of the Ganges.
Somehow he became separated from his friends and when they caught up with him, he was being tended by paramedics having fallen down the ravine.
It is unclear why this tragedy occurred but that it is a tragedy is in no doubt.
There will be a cremation at Marylebone Crematorium (small venue) on Monday 23rd May at 11.00 a.m. followed by a humanist service in the dining room at Highgate Junior School (Bishopswood Rd N6 4PP - entrance opposite Mallinsons sports centre) at 4.30 p.m. and then a wake at 6.30p.m. in The Wrestler Pub nearby.
Judy Fox (JudyFox@lds.co.uk) via Lordsmeade group. 20 May 2016

19-Diana Frances Fox

18-Dr. Ronald Howard Fox was born on 12 Feb 1923 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 9 Jul 2009 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 86.
General Notes: Ph.D. MB. BS. MRCS. LRCP.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSC MRCS LRCP.
- He worked as a Physician.

19-Marion Judith Fox

20-Alyssa Mary Fox Charles

20-Gemma Ann Fox Charles

20-Josie Jane Charles

19-Christine Joanna Fox

20-James Anthony Hewlett

20-Martin Jonathan Hewlett

19-Dr. Susan Rachel Fox

20-Matthew Lloyd Beckers

20-Joshua Howard Beckers

20-Kristian Eliot Maurice Beckers

20-Daniel George Beckers

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Jonathan Howard Fox

20-Anna May Fox

20-Thomas Howard Fox

20-Maisie Joanna Fox

16-**Robert Samuel Lloyd**^{12,86} was born on 2 Mar 1856 in Kings Mills, Castle Donington, Derbyshire and died on 23 Sep 1915 in Brooklands, St. Albans, Hertfordshire at age 59.

General Notes: ROBERT SAMUEL LLOYD was born at Castle Donington, Leicestershire, on 2nd March 1856; he was descended from the family which founded Lloyd's Bank, his grandfather having been head of that bank in Birmingham in the early part of the nineteenth century.

After learning the elements of Engineering Science in Switzerland, he spent some time in works at Wednesbury.

In 1877 he joined the firm of Hayward-Tyler and Co., in which the only partners at that time were Mr. Robert L. Howard and Mr. Eliot Howard, both of whom are still directors of the Company. He there obtained accurate knowledge of hydraulic engineering and studied electrical engineering on its constructional side.

Some years later he became managing partner of the Company's Works at Luton, which were greatly extended under his supervision. He assisted in designing and carrying out the first experimental installation of Edison's electric light on Holborn Viaduct, from which much valuable experience was gained; and Hayward-Tyler and Co.'s workshops in London are believed to have been the earliest in England to be lighted in this way.

Mr. Lloyd also designed and constructed the electrically-driven pumping machinery for many of the most important mines and waterworks in South Africa, as well as large pumping plants for the Argentine Republic and other foreign countries.

In England he directed the construction of many important waterworks installations. As the carrying industry for petroleum developed, he gave special attention to the pumps for pipe-lines and tank-vessels; some of the largest of these vessels afloat carry pumps for the construction of which he was responsible.

He also invented numerous improvements in machinery for the manufacture of aerated waters.

He subsequently became a director of the Company, and remained in that position until his death, which took place at St. Albans, on 23rd September 1915, at the age of fifty-nine.

He was elected a Member of this Institution in 1882; he was also a member of the Institutions of Civil Engineers, Naval Architects, Electrical Engineers, and Water Engineers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME MInstCE.
- He was educated at Engineering student in Switzerland.
- He worked as a Hydraulic Engineer, Hayward Tyler & Co.
- He worked as a Managing Partner and Director, Hayward Tyler & Co. In Luton, Bedfordshire.
- He had a residence in Brooklands, St. Albans, Hertfordshire.

Robert married **Mary Howard**,¹² daughter of **Robert Luke Howard**^{12,225} and **Henrietta Maria Fox**,^{12,225} on 20 Aug 1885 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire. Mary was born on 11 Jan 1862 in Tottenham, London and died on 17 Jan 1943 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 81. They had two children: **Mary Janet** and **Rachel Caroline**.

17-**Mary Janet Lloyd** was born on 13 Jul 1886 in Brooklands, St. Albans, Hertfordshire and died in 1969 at age 83.

17-**Rachel Caroline Lloyd** was born on 21 Apr 1888 in Brooklands, St. Albans, Hertfordshire and died in 1966 at age 78.

15-**Barnes Lloyd**⁸ was born on 30 May 1801 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 2 Jul 1801 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

15-**Isaac Lloyd**^{8,11,12,23,314} was born on 30 May 1801 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 17 Oct 1883 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 82.

General Notes: Apprenticed to his maternal uncle, George Benson a wholesale grocer of Kendal. In 1824 became a private banker in partnership with William Miller Christy, J. Worsley & J. K. Winterbottom, in the Stockport & East Cheshire Bank, commonly known as Christy, Lloyd & Co. In 1835, he joined the Wiltshire and Dorset Bank and resigned ten years later. He and his wife lived from that point in Bath, Weston-super-Mare, Bristol and latterly in old age, Birmingham. The loss of his son Henry, when he fell from a carriage as they travelled from Bristol to Poole, badly affected the health of his wife, that she thereafter remained an invalid.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Joseph Tatham’s Academy in 1814-1815 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an apprentice to his uncle George Benson, Grocer in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Partner and Banker in Stockport & East Cheshire Bank in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in Kingsdown House, Camp Hill, Birmingham.

Isaac married **Mary Rigge**,^{8,11,12,23} daughter of **Isaac Rigge** and **Margaret Sanderson**,¹² on 18 Oct 1828 in FMH Preston Patrick, Cumbria. Mary was born on 11 Oct 1801 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 9 Oct 1867 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 65. They had six children: **John Sanderson, Henry, Edward Rigge, Isaac Wilson, Howard**, and **Hannah Mary**.

16-**John Sanderson Lloyd**^{8,12} was born on 23 Jun 1831 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Sep 1914 in Lefevre Terrace, North Adelaide, Australia/ Kendal Cumbria... see notes. at age 83.

General Notes: It is said that he returned to England in 1914 on a visit and died at Kendal, the town where he was born.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant & Merchant.
- He emigrated to Australia and arrived in 1853.
- He had a residence in Lefevre Terrace, North Adelaide, Australia.

John married **Charlotte Emily Watson**,^{8,12} daughter of **Henry Watson**³¹⁵ and **Charlotte Eliza Float**,³¹⁶ on 30 Dec 1856 in FMH Adelaide, Australia. Charlotte was born on 4 Jan 1837 in Chichester, West Sussex and died on 8 Jan 1905 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 68. They had eight children: **Alice Mary, Henry Sanderson, Edward Ivan, Emily Mabel, Mary Rigge, Howard Watson, Gerald Sylvanus Fox**, and **Charlotte Amy**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She emigrated to Australia and arrived on 21 Mar 1839.

17-**Alice Mary Lloyd**⁸ was born on 7 Mar 1859 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 6 Jun 1900 in North Adelaide, South Australia at age 41.

17-**Dr. Henry Sanderson Lloyd**^{8,12} was born on 1 Jul 1861 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 2 Oct 1913 in Hunters Hill, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was baptized on 8 Sep 1861 in Christ Church, Adelaide.
- He was educated at St. Peter's College, Adelaide in Adelaide, South Australia.
- He worked as a Government Medical Officer in South Australia.

Henry married **Mary Roberts**,¹² daughter of **Henry Llewellyn Roberts** and **Mary Grant Lindsay**, on 15 Feb 1892 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia. Mary was born on 3 Jul 1864 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia and died on 6 Jun 1938 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 73. They had five children: **Dorothea, Griffith Sanderson, Rachel Mary, David Sanderson**, and **Howard Sanderson**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at University of Melbourne.

18-**Dorothea Lloyd** was born on 24 Nov 1892 in Hunters Hill, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

Dorothea married **Cmdr. Rupert Clare Garsia**, son of **Christopher Garsia** and **Elizabeth Parker Watson**, on 28 Apr 1934 in Sydney. Rupert was born on 9 Oct 1887 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand and died in 1960 at age 73.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Griffith Sanderson Lloyd** was born on 11 Jun 1894 in Hunters Hill, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 13 Dec 1936 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 42.

18-**Rachel Mary Lloyd** was born on 2 Nov 1897 in Hunters Hill, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 17 May 1971 in Milson's Point, New South Wales, Australia at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Physiotherapist.

18-**David Sanderson Lloyd** was born on 9 Jul 1900 in Hunters Hill, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia, died on 19 May 1978 in "Yoi", Delungra, New South Wales, Australia at age 77, and was buried in Inverell, New South Wales, Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grazier.

David married **Elinor Muriel Bowling**, daughter of **Thomas John Bowling** and **Laura Elinor Smith**, on 14 Dec 1929 in Moss Vale, NSW. Elinor was born on 21 Sep 1909 in Arrawatta, New South Wales, Australia, died on 7 Jul 1994 in Inverell, New South Wales, Australia at age 84, and was buried on 12 Jul 1994 in Inverell, New South Wales, Australia. They had three children: **John Sanderson**, **Thomas David**, and **Peter Howard**.

19-John Sanderson Lloyd

John married **Margaret Ann Wearn**. They had four children: **Mary-Alice**, **Melinda Rachel**, **Jennifer Ann**, and **Timothy Sanderson**.

20-Mary-Alice Lloyd

Mary-Alice married **Andrew Stuart Rankine**. They had three children: **Roger Angus**, **Prudence Lucy**, and **Maxim John**.

21-Roger Angus Rankine

21-Prudence Lucy Rankine

21-Maxim John Rankine

20-Melinda Rachel Lloyd

Melinda married **David Stuart Rowe**. They had three children: **Kara**, **Deon Tate**, and **Tahli**.

21-Kara Rowe

21-Deon Tate Rowe

21-Tahli Rowe

20-Jennifer Ann Lloyd

Jennifer married **Tom Henry Chirlian**. They had two children: **Jaime Andrew** and **William Tom**.

21-Jaime Andrew Chirlian

21-William Tom Chirlian

Jennifer next married **Stephen Hollingsworth Wood**. They had two children: **Elle Underhill** and **Samuel Lloyd**.

21-Elle Underhill Wood

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-Samuel Lloyd Wood

20-Timothy Sanderson Lloyd

Timothy married **Emma Freebairn**. They had one son: **Simon Yule Sanderson**.

21-Simon Yule Sanderson Lloyd

19-**Thomas David Lloyd** was born on 3 Aug 1933 in Inverell, New South Wales, Australia, died on 25 Feb 2012 in Neringah, New South Wales, Australia at age 78, and was buried on 3 Mar 2012 in Camellia Chapel, MacQuarie Park, North Ryde, New South Wales, Australia.

General Notes: I am passing on to the Group an email from Jocelyn Lloyd in Australia giving the sad news of Tom's death. Not many of you will have come across him, but no doubt some will. He descended from John Sanderson Lloyd (brother of Howard Lloyd my Gt Grandfather) who in the 1850s made his way to Adelaide and founded a local branch of the Lloyd family there, working as accountants and merchants. We were delighted to visit him and Jocelyn in 2004, to be shown around Canberra and especially its botanical gardens, an area which always interested them especially in their own garden on the outskirts of Sydney. We have maintained occasional contact since.

Last autumn he had a recurrence of cancer in the brain and spinal area, and though he came through intensive surgery, he had been back in treatment for the last month or more.

Richard Lloyd

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant.

Thomas married **Jocelyn Estelle Sands**, daughter of **William Grahame Sands** and **Elizabeth Jean Cory**. They had three children: **Deborah Jane**, **Bronwyn Elizabeth**, and **Rohan William Thomas**.

20-Deborah Jane Lloyd

Deborah married **Ian Lee**.

20-Dr. Bronwyn Elizabeth Lloyd

Bronwyn married **Dr. Alexander Philip Williams**. They had two children: **Nicola Rachel** and **Hannah Elizabeth**.

21-Nicola Rachel Williams

21-Hannah Elizabeth Williams

20-Rohan William Thomas Lloyd

Rohan married **Rachel**. They had one son: **Samuel Nogi**.

21-Samuel Nogi Lloyd

19-Peter Howard Lloyd

Peter married **Pamela Mills**. They had two children: **Michael David** and **Kathryn Eliza**.

20-Michael David Lloyd

Michael married **Megan Hall**. They had one daughter: **Georgia Olivia**.

21-Georgia Olivia Lloyd

20-Kathryn Eliza Lloyd

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Kathryn married **Ian Besson**. They had one daughter: **Jeva Audrey**.

21-Jeva Audrey Besson

18-**Howard Sanderson Lloyd** was born on 9 Feb 1905 in Hunters Hill, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 25 Jul 1987 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.

Howard married **Lorraine Snyder**, daughter of **Arthur J. Snyder** and **Viola Frances Pitcher**, on 6 Jun 1936 in North Sydney. Lorraine was born on 20 Sep 1909 in Neutral Bay, New South Wales, Australia and died on 17 Jul 1967 at age 57. They had three children: **Janet Elizabeth Lloyd**, **Margaret Rachel**, and **David Howard**.

19-Janet Elizabeth Lloyd Lloyd

19-Margaret Rachel Lloyd

Margaret married **James Kell Hawkins**. They had two children: **Rachel Loraine** and **Andrew James**.

20-Rachel Loraine Hawkins

20-Andrew James Hawkins

19-David Howard Lloyd

David married **Geraldine Marion Dorran**. They had three children: **Thomas Bernard**, **Nicola Lorraine**, and **Patricia Margeurite**.

20-Thomas Bernard Lloyd

20-Nicola Lorraine Lloyd

20-Patricia Margeurite Lloyd

17-**Edward Ivan Lloyd** was born on 29 Apr 1863 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 9 Jul 1924 in North Adelaide, South Australia at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was baptized on 3 Jun 1863 in Christ Church, Adelaide.

17-**Emily Mabel Lloyd** was born on 25 Apr 1865 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 3 Dec 1928 in North Adelaide, South Australia at age 63.

17-**Mary Rigge Lloyd** was born on 3 Mar 1868 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 13 Mar 1870 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 2.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was baptized on 26 Apr 1868 in Christ Church, Adelaide.

17-**Sir Howard Watson Lloyd**¹² was born on 3 Mar 1868 in Adelaide, South Australia and died in May 1955 at age 87.

General Notes: Possibly no previous Chairman left a deeper imprint on the Bank than did Howard Watson Lloyd. A Director for 36 years and Chairman for 23 of them, his name became practically synonymous with that of the Bank as he guided or assisted to guide it through the dangerous waters of two World Wars, the Depression and a number of other crises

As with many other people known for their longevity, Lloyd was a sickly child. Born to John and Charlotte Lloyd at North Adelaide in March 1868, there already flowed in his veins the blood of bankers. His father was the son of Isaac Lloyd, Quaker banker, and the uncle after whom our ninth Chairman was named was the first Secretary and later a General Manager of the Company which the family founded, Lloyds Bank Limited

Between the ages of ten and eighteen he attended St. Peter's College but in 1882 his schooling was interrupted by his being sent to England for a holiday. The sea voyage

Descendants of Thomas Forster

apparently had the desired effect and the almost continuous headaches, from which he had suffered from birth, disappeared
On leaving school he worked for some years in a variety of offices, including those of EW Van Senden (a sharebroker), the AMP Society and the SA Brewing Company.
Later in life he was to become a Director of both these companies and a Chairman of the latter. Then, in 1897, he entered the legal and financial firm of H L & AE Ayers on the death of Sir Henry Ayers (our first Chairman) and rose to become senior partner in this old established firm
A year later he married Sir Henry Ayers' grand daughter, Mary. They had four children, Ursula (Mrs L MSHargrave), Marian, Lancelot and Henry, and these two sons later joined their father in the firm
In 1914, at the age of 46, Lloyd won a hard fought election to the Board of The Bank of Adelaide and in later years became Chairman of SA Brewing Co, a Director of SA Gas Co., Adelaide Steamship Co, AMP Society, Goldsbrough Mort & Co, and Alliance Assurance Co, a member of the Board of Governors of St. Peter's College, a member of the Council of the Zoological and Acclimatisation Society and Priest's Warden of St. Paul's Church, Adelaide. He was also connected with other companies and, in fact, as "The Bulletin" rather facetiously put it in the late 1920's, "a big company is scarcely considered respectable in SA if his name is not on the directors' list"
As Chairman he saw the Bank through the Depression years when wheat was selling at 2/3d bushel and wool was averaging under £10 a bale. The Bank had "the responsibility of carrying its farmer customers through to better times" and an understanding but firm and forthright man was needed at the helm. Lloyd was never afraid to point the finger at injustices or to weaknesses in the economy
In 1937 he was created a Knight Bachelor in the New Year's Honours List
With the economy back on its feet after the Depression it was found that more room was needed at Head Office and in 1937 Alfred Chambers in Currie Street was purchased. Work on the alterations and extensions was commenced in 1939 and in the following year Sir Howard opened the enlarged Office. A stone plaque by the Head Office lift commemorates this occasion
By this time the Second World War was making its effects felt and to further the war effort the Australian banks were asked to rationalise their branch systems with the aim of employing their officers more efficiently. The banks could see little benefit in sacrificing goodwill and good connections merely to make an empty gesture, and Lloyd called it "a retrograde step, putting an extra burden on the farmer customer and achieving no practical results at a time when all male staff who are fit and of military age are already in the services". To comply with the Government's wishes we eventually closed three Branches (Snowtown, Tanunda and Saddleworth) after consulting with the other banks
The Bank also made plans for an emergency evacuation. Records were duplicated and arrangements were made to transfer the Adelaide Clearing House to Burra, Head Office to the Saddleworth premises, Adelaide Office to Kapunda, Branch Department to Balaklava and North Terrace Branch to Booborowie. Thankfully, these plans did not have to be put into effect
By 1946 Sir Howard was 78 years old, had been a Director for 31 years and had served as Chairman for a record 20 years. To mark these achievements his portrait, painted by Ivor Hele, was unveiled in the then Board Room at 81 King William Street by the Deputy Chairman, Sir Edward Holden. Four years later, at the age of 82, Sir Howard retired
Always keen on physical fitness, he was a founder of the Royal Adelaide Golf Club and played tennis every Saturday until he was 80. He rode his bicycle into the city every day and parked it in the basement of the Adelaide Club until he was 64, and from then on he walked into town each day from his home at 24 Trinity Street, College Town
During the last five years of his life he relinquished most of his Directorships and began to play a lessening part in the various phases of public life that had occupied him for so many years. He died at home at the age of 87 in May 1955.
His contribution to the Bank's progress from 1914 until 1950 cannot be fully gauged. Four General Managers served during his term of office and to a whole generation of South Australians he represented the Bank to whose interests he was continually alert and in which he took the greatest pride.
(Published in "The Adelaide" Autumn 1972 12th April, 1972)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was baptized on 26 Apr 1868 in Christ Church, Adelaide.
- He was educated at St. Peter's College, Adelaide in Adelaide, South Australia.
- He worked as a Director and Chairman of the Bank of Adelaide in Adelaide, South Australia.
- He worked as a Chairman of the South Australia Brewing Company.

Howard married **Mary Elizabeth Ayers**,¹² daughter of **Henry Lockett Ayers** and **Ada Fisher Morphett**, on 27 Apr 1898 in St. Paul's Church, Adelaide, South Australia. Mary was born on 17 May 1869 in Adelaide, South Australia. They had four children: **Ursula Howard**, **Marion Howard**, **Lancelot Howard**, and **Henry Howard**.

18-**Ursula Howard Lloyd** was born on 5 Apr 1899 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 3 Dec 1991 in South Australia at age 92.

Ursula married **Lancelot Morton Spiller Hargrave**, son of **Charles Townshend Hargrave** and **Harriet Mary Spiller**, on 31 May 1922 in Adelaide, South Australia. Lancelot was born on 13 Aug 1895 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 27 Apr 1972 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 76. They had three children: **Suzanne Mary**, **Marianne Morton**, and **Gerald Sanderson**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC VRD.
- He worked as a Lawyer and partner in the firm Knox & Hargrave.
- He worked as a First President of the Adelaide Festival of Arts in 1959-1964.
- He worked as a Lord Mayor of Adelaide in 1957-1960.

19-Suzanne Mary Hargrave

Suzanne married **Antony Bowden Newsom**, son of **Thomas Bowden Newsom** and **Edith Mary Claxton**. They had one son: **Peter Bowden**.

20-Peter Bowden Newsom

19-Marianne Morton Hargrave

Marianne married **Davidson**.

19-**Gerald Sanderson Hargrave** was born on 6 May 1933 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 6 Mar 2013 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 79.

General Notes: Annabel, Angela and David

Noted events in his life were:

- His obituary was published in the Sydney Morning Herald on 6 Mar 2013.

Gerald married **Margaret**. They had three children: **Annabel**, **Angela**, and **David**.

20-Annabel Hargrave

20-Angela Hargrave

20-David Hargrave

Gerald next married **Wendy**.

18-**Marion Howard Lloyd** was born on 18 Jan 1901 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 29 Dec 1901 in Adelaide, South Australia.

18-**Lancelot Howard Lloyd** was born on 25 Nov 1902 in Adelaide, South Australia.

Lancelot married **Anne Cochrane**, daughter of **Joseph Cochrane** and **Mary Reidy**, on 12 Apr 1944 in Adelaide, South Australia. Anne was born on 19 Apr 1906 in Yatina, New South Wales, Australia.

18-**Henry Howard Lloyd** was born on 28 Jun 1904 in Adelaide, South Australia.

Henry married **Dymphna Margaret Toll**, daughter of **Arthur Robert Tressilian Mortlock Toll** and **Mary Paringa Cudmore**. They had two children: **John Howard** and **Ian Howard**.

19-John Howard Lloyd

John married **Julie Harvey**. They had two children: **James Howard** and **David Howard**.

20-James Howard Lloyd

20-David Howard Lloyd

19-Ian Howard Lloyd

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Ian married **Joann Todd**. They had three children: **Allistair Howard**, **Alexandra Anne Howard**, and **Victoria Howard**.

20-Allistair Howard Lloyd

Allistair married **Penelope Mary C. Allan**. They had two children: **Samuel John Howard** and **Caitlin Isobel Howard**.

21-Samuel John Howard Lloyd

21-Caitlin Isobel Howard Lloyd

20-Alexandra Anne Howard Lloyd

20-Victoria Howard Lloyd

17-**Gerald Sylvanus Fox Lloyd** was born on 2 Feb 1871 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 22 Sep 1901 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 30.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was baptized on 7 Mar 1871 in Christ Church, Adelaide.

17-**Charlotte Amy Lloyd** was born on 15 Jul 1873 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 8 Nov 1874 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 1.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was baptized on 21 Aug 1873 in Christ Church, Adelaide.

16-**Henry Lloyd**²³ was born on 7 Feb 1833 and died on 8 Apr 1836 in Shaftesbury, Dorset or Gillingham, Kent. In a coaching accident. at age 3.

16-**Edward Rigge Lloyd**²²⁵ was born on 14 Jul 1834 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 2 Dec 1896 in Torquay, Devon at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME.
- He worked as an Iron tube manufacturer. The Albion Tube Works in Nile Street, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Edward married **Mary Elizabeth Howard**,²²⁵ daughter of **John Eliot Howard**^{2,8,12,218,225} and **Maria Crewdson**,^{2,8,12,218,225} on 10 Dec 1863 in Tottenham, London. Mary was born on 21 Mar 1836 in Helme Lodge, Kendal and died on 2 Jul 1919 in Torquay, Devon at age 83.

16-**Isaac Wilson Lloyd** was born on 6 Jun 1836 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 Feb 1857 at age 20.

16-**Howard Lloyd**^{9,12,23,225,317} was born on 16 Aug 1837 in Poole, Dorset and died on 20 Sep 1920 in Grafton Manor, Bromsgrove, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director and General Manager of Lloyds Bank in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Howard married **Mariabella Howard**,^{12,225,317} daughter of **John Eliot Howard**^{2,8,12,218,225} and **Maria Crewdson**,^{2,8,12,218,225} on 22 Aug 1867 in FMH Tottenham. Mariabella was born on 20 Dec 1840 in Tottenham, London and died on 27 Feb 1921 in Grafton Manor, Bromsgrove, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 80. They had eight children: **Howard**, **Cecil Ambrose**, **John Eliot Howard**, **Mariabella Howard**, **Godfrey Isaac Howard**, **Cyril Edward**, **Robert Howard**, and **Sylvanus Fox**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- Miscellaneous: Grafton Manor, Bromsgrove, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

17-**Howard Lloyd** was born on 27 Sep 1868 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 14 Jan 1926 in Plymouth, Devon at age 57.

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Howard married **Mary Alice Redmond**, daughter of **William Forbes Redmond** and **Ellen Stewart**, on 31 Oct 1918 in Plymouth, Devon. Mary was born on 8 Mar 1875 in Newry, County Down, Ireland and died on 12 May 1941 in Donderry, Cornwall at age 66.

17-**Cecil Ambrose Lloyd**¹² was born on 18 May 1870 in Kings Heath, Birmingham and died on 10 Apr 1961 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Repton School.
- He worked as a JP for Staffordshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire.

Cecil married **Jessie Marian Paddon**,¹² daughter of **Lt. Col. Henry Wadham Locke Paddon** and **Catherine Van Sommer**, on 11 Feb 1902 in Weybridge, Surrey. Jessie was born on 9 Mar 1877 in Belgaum, India and died on 5 Dec 1958 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 81. They had five children: **Humphrey Howard, Rex Edward Ambrose, Maurice Howard, David**, and **Raymond Forbes**.

18-**Lt. Col. Humphrey Howard Lloyd**¹² was born on 9 Dec 1902 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire and died on 31 Jan 1975 in Wotton under Edge, Gloucestershire at age 72.

Humphrey married **Rebecca Kenrick**, daughter of **John Archibald Kenrick** and **Grace Nettlefold**, on 31 May 1930 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Rebecca was born on 2 Jul 1905 in Harborne House, Harborne, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 24 May 1976 at age 70. They had four children: **Crewdson Howard, Godfrey Kenrick, Rachel Marian**, and **Elizabeth Harriet**.

19-**Rev. Crewdson Howard Lloyd** was born on 8 Oct 1931 in London and died on 23 Nov 1999 in Oxford at age 68.

Crewdson married **Susan Woodroffe**, daughter of **Geoffrey Broome Witts Woodroffe** and **Winifred Anne Wathen**. They had three children: **Stephen Howard, John Crewdson**, and **Andrew Woodroffe**.

20-**Dr. Stephen Howard Lloyd**

Stephen married **Lisa Jane Clothier**.

Stephen next married **Dr. Alice Frances Mary Thompson**, daughter of **Alan Thompson** and **Mary Long**. They had one son: **Isaac Samuel**.

21-**Isaac Samuel Lloyd**

20-**John Crewdson Lloyd**

20-**Andrew Woodroffe Lloyd**

Andrew married **Angela Voss**. They had two children: **Jocelyn Oliver** and **Julius William**.

21-**Jocelyn Oliver Lloyd**

21-**Julius William Lloyd**

19-**Godfrey Kenrick Lloyd** was born on 9 Apr 1935 in London and died on 19 Oct 2015 at age 80.

General Notes: Just to confirm the arrangements for Godfrey's funeral on Monday 2nd November: Cremation at West Herts Crematorium WD25 0JF at 11.20 am
Memorial Service at St Peter's Church, St Albans AL1 3HG at 2.00 pm

Godfrey married **Patricia Mary Shone**. They had two children: **Mary Kenrick** and **Simon Godfrey**.

20-**Mary Kenrick Lloyd**

Mary married **Darren Lewis Elrick**.

Mary next married **James Whyte**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Simon Godfrey Lloyd

Simon married **Sally Ann Kent**, daughter of **Ben Kent** and **Paulyne**. They had three children: **Charlotte Amelia**, **Eloise Marie**, and **Gina Frances**.

21-Charlotte Amelia Lloyd

21-Eloise Marie Lloyd

21-Gina Frances Lloyd

19-**Rachel Marian Lloyd** was born on 26 Apr 1938 in London, died in Oct 2015 in St. Luke's Hospital, Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 77, and was buried on 20 Oct 2015.

Rachel married **Dr. William John Lyon-Dean** on 28 Apr 1979. William was born on 4 Nov 1911 and died on 8 Mar 1990 at age 78.

19-Elizabeth Harriet Lloyd

Elizabeth married **Frank Victor Faulkner**.

18-**Rev. Rex Edward Ambrose Lloyd**¹² was born on 7 Apr 1904 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire, died on 21 Apr 1996 in Lytchett Matravers, Dorset at age 92, and was buried in 1996 in Fulmer, Buckinghamshire.

Rex married **Emily Berry**, daughter of **John Berry** and **Margaret Whiteside**, on 14 Oct 1933 in Portman Square. Emily was born on 12 Sep 1909 in Barrow in Furness, Cumbria, died on 14 Feb 2000 in Lytchett Matravers, Dorset at age 90, and was buried in Fulmer, Buckinghamshire. They had three children: **David Edward**, **Richard Van Sommer**, and **Alison Margaret**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Mistress at Cheltenham Ladies College.

19-**David Edward Lloyd** was born on 21 Nov 1935 in Bournemouth, Dorset and died on 22 Apr 2017 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bank Manager at Lloyds.

David married **Iris Annie Thelma Vobes**. They had three children: **Katharine Annabelle**, **Matthew David**, and **Michael John Paul**.

20-Katharine Annabelle Lloyd

Katharine married **Nicholas Mark Royston-Smith**. They had two children: **James** and **Emma Katherine**.

21-James Royston-Smith

21-Emma Katherine Royston-Smith

20-Matthew David Lloyd

Matthew married **Kathy Ann**. They had two children: **Amy Olivia** and **Jake Philip**.

21-Amy Olivia Lloyd

21-Jake Philip Lloyd

20-Michael John Paul Lloyd

Michael married **Gina**. They had three children: **Yasmin**, **Tyler**, and **Jayden**.

21-Yasmin Lloyd

21-Tyler Lloyd

21-Jayden Lloyd

David next married **Pippa Bell**.

19-Richard Van Sommer Lloyd

Richard married **Mary Joan Chisholm**.

Richard next married **Barbara Caroline Jones**. They had one son: **Jonathan Howard**.

20-Jonathan Howard Lloyd

Jonathan married **Annabel Treharne-Jones**, daughter of **Dr. Robert Treharne-Jones**.

19-Alison Margaret Lloyd

Alison married **Philip Russell Francis** on 14 Dec 1968 in Offham, Sussex. Philip was born on 13 May 1940 and died on 5 Jul 2000 in Wimborne, Dorset at age 60. They had two children: **Christina Ruth** and **Juliet Rachel**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Schoolmaster at Ardingly, Harrow, Canford.

20-Christina Ruth Francis

Christina married **Ludovic Renoux**. They had one son: **Sebastien**.

21-Sebastien Renoux

20-Dr. Juliet Rachel Francis

Juliet married **Paul Hillier**. They had one son: **Francis Philip**.

21-Francis Philip Hillier

18-Maurice Howard Lloyd¹² was born on 4 Dec 1906 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire and died on 18 Jan 1913 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire at age 6.

18-David Lloyd was born on 17 Nov 1913 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire and died on 17 Nov 1913 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire.

18-Raymond Forbes Lloyd was born on 25 Mar 1916 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire, died on 25 Jul 2014 in Gloucester Hospital, Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 98, and was buried in St Mary's Church, Tetbury, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: LLOYD – Raymond Forbes of Tetbury, Glos. Died on 25th July 2014 aged 98. Husband of the late Barbara Joan Lloyd. Thanksgiving Service, following private cremation, at Tetbury Parish Church 2.30 pm on Friday 15th August. Family flowers only, please, but donations for Tetbury Hospital to L.E. Perry, 13-15 Hampton St, Tetbury, Glos GL8 8JN. 01452 740728. - *Courtesy of Richard Lloyd*

Raymond as spoken at the Service at Tetbury [15/8/2014] **Harriet Faulkner**

Today we are recalling a life of 98 years. Raymond. In our home he was known as being a positive contribution to the Great War by his parents: Ambrose and Jessie Lloyd. At his birth in 1916 Raymond was very ill, including having jaundice. He continued to suffer from any illness going all his young life and was termed 'a delicate child' – an expression you don't now hear. Because of that he was largely home-educated at their home of White Lodge, Belbroughton, with a governess, in between frequent ailments. He said Sundays were fiercely set apart from all other days, so that the family would walk to church for the eleven o'clock Service, and walk home,

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since his father would not drive on Sundays. Free time was also spent on pastimes confined to Sunday use. Raymond lately produced his long-kept 'Sunday Book' beautifully laid out by him under his mother's teaching, with hand-written key texts for each topic and season. These were built up from age 6 to age 15, and then record his attendance at beach missions for the young at Woolacombe, and Borth, culminating in his profession of trust in the Lord Jesus in a Confirmation Service at Hartlebury Castle by Bishop Perowne: 'a cousin of my aunt Margery.' It was a big decision of his mother's to send her 12-year old to live and be schooled in the health-giving air of Switzerland for spells covering roughly 4 years – when you think of no phones [1930 to 1934] less easy travel, and doing without her son - not to mention expense. But it paid off, and Raymond retained a love of Switzerland throughout his life. When in those years he occasionally returned, he enjoyed visits to his oldest brother Humphrey, in London, who was 14 years his senior and already had his first home in Hampstead. Upon his return when 16 there must have been some thought about him aiming for a University place. One of the tutors from his Swiss placement also returned, to live in Colwyn Bay, and there Raymond went to live for 2 or 3 terms of one-on-one tuition from this man he knew well, who tutored in various subjects including Latin and Calculus, and was, Raymond thought, just one page ahead of him in the book. When Raymond took an exam run by Exeter College, Oxford, for those who had not got the ordinary school leaving certificate, he passed and read ENGINEERING SCIENCE, 1935 to '38. Only Oxford offered that particular brand of first engineering degree, and he valued the course from which he had to go on afterwards towards one of the then 3 branches: Electrical, Mechanical or Civil Engineering, as was customary. He opted for a year reading ENGINEERING AND COMMERCIAL STUDIES at Loughborough College, Leicester, and normally after that year [1938-'39] would have been taken on at the firm of his choice but, as you know, the War intervened so he never got his I Mech E. Instead he worked for the War Effort in Reading with Pulsometer fashioning a variety of pumps. 2 Leaving the narrative there for a moment let me backtrack into the Exeter College years to note two things: his lively interest in the College ever since. Only last year nephew Godfrey took Raymond to one event of the College's 700th Year of Celebration; and the firm friendship he formed with a man one year behind him whose development in a) plantsmanship and b) birdwatching he much admired. That was David Nichols, whom we all knew and whose son, Jim, is here today tho' his sister, Fiona, is abroad or would be here. Some time after the close of War David Nichols and Raymond managed a birdwatching visit to Stockholm. Furthermore Raymond got wind of the setting-up of the Severn Wildfowl Trust by Peter Scott at Slimbridge and, having gone along to have a look, he became a near-founder member. That would be in 1947. We also know of a second lifelong and dear friend of Oxford days, Walter Douglas, died only last year, whose son Francis is one of Raymond's godchildren. Around that year Raymond, now 31, moved work from Reading to Archdales of Worcester, makers of machine tools. As his parents had some years before moved to Nettlebed he could easily drive himself home from either Reading or Worcester. Still the bachelor son, he changed position in 1950 to AC Delco at Dunstable where he took lodgings. It was a great event for him to travel far north, to Fair Isle, the mecca of keen birders, experiencing also the bad weather that can prevent the sea passage from Shetland. How much he envied our own visit to Fair Isle in July 2011, reading the Bird Report for that year from cover to cover. The eldest brother now played a further role. Humphrey sometimes needed the secretarial work of Barbara Hicks at Marlow where he lived, for they both held positions at Chatham House. So it was in Marlow that Raymond and Barbara met. Several times. Their marriage in 1955 by his middle brother, Rex, meant a hospitable new venue for the nephews and nieces at Totternhoe while he continued with AC Delco for 3 years. After that he sought a change into Training and Education within Engineering, taking a position at Woolwich, 1959, with a firm that shortly became AEI Telecoms Group, and so a second home was made, in Orpington, for about 9 years. When the boss left Raymond went up a notch into his place, and this is where he developed friendship with Jack Keiser [Keesa] who was very keen on birds generally and on Fair Isle and its renowned Bird Observatory in particular. Jack even held his 80th on Fair Isle, inviting Raymond, who sadly could not go, which he lastingly regretted. From Woolwich in 1968 Raymond made another move, this time into Personnel Management [or Human Resources] in the R and D section of Metal Box at Boreham Wood. Thus Raymond and Barbara made their third home, at Chalfont St Giles, which we all 3 remember, especially the expertise put into the garden-making there, whilst I recall being taken by them to the Savill Garden, Virginia Water to learn the finer points of planting layout, which I loved. All of us have been taken to gardens and nurseries of note ever since. When he reached 61 Metal Box did a re-structuring which faced Raymond with the question, 'Now what?' He did not want the re-location prospect, yet neither did he want to be at the mercy of the job market, or retire just then but, as he considered all the options he saw his way both to remaining in the Chalfont house for a spell and using those few years to fulfil some personal wishes of his own and Barbara's. Undertaking original research into the lines of descent on his mother's side of the family he gathered material on the Paddons, and was delighted to assist with a biography on his uncle, Dr Harry Paddon of Labrador, then being written in Canada. Working on the Van Sommer line he closed in upon our Huguenot ancestry, with their specialist world of silk weaving and design. He and Barbara travelled wherever the trails led, including Canada, to stay with Harry's son Dick and wife Sheila Paddon, who would surely have flown here for this day if it were not for her great age. Moving to his father's side Raymond pursued research into, and promotion of Luke Howard of Tottenham, Namer of the Clouds, the father of Meteorology, and the Brook St Chapel which he and his family founded and supported. Getting to Tottenham for the unveiling of a Blue Plaque on Luke's house, going again to be satisfied with the renovation and cleaning of John Eliot Howard's gravestone at Tottenham, and working on the placing of a memorial to Luke and Mariabella Howard at the Friends Meeting House in Winchmore Hill were high among the family achievements he pursued in recent years. Nor was the Lloyd ancestry neglected, with his visits to the Welsh family home at Dolobran, and to the Library in Birmingham which holds much family material. These mentions of family lines allow me to say that we belong in a wide cousinly community thanks, in the first place, to many having been of the Quaker persuasion, inclined to marry within their circle, and keeping up links across the country by much letter-writing. Annual Meetings assisted in forming the habit of getting together, which has continued sporadically and with great fun down a century. The one who for years had drawn up a Family Tree for any such big occasion was the eldest brother. When Humphrey died Raymond became the one who, for each Cousins Party, produced an extended and updated tree, about a yard wide, to enable many of us to position ourselves in relation to our cousins. He loved a family get-together! After those research and travel years the time came for a new home for his and Barbara's retirement so they house-hunted in the Severn Valley and the Cotswold region near 4 Gloucester, found one with a fine coombe view, waited a year for it to be renovated, and be given a landscaped garden by a cousin, Philip Howard, and then in 1982 they moved into 19 Cirencester Road, Tetbury. There have followed more than 30 years of Retirement Pursuits in the town here, in the locality, and far beyond. Raymond and Barbara took out many memberships, not only to enjoy themselves but also to take along any willing family or visitor to enjoy favourite places with them whether Music, Concerts,

Exhibitions, Westonbirt Arboretum, Gloucestershire Wildlife Trust, Nature in Art, Luncheon Club, and Probus: you will know better than we do. And all of us have met our uncle and aunt at, or been taken to, a multitude of good pubs for chatty lunches. He kept the Good Pub Guide, and a register of visits! The many periodicals arriving through the letterbox supported this riot of interests, and we benefited from relevant excerpts being mailed to the right recipients. A great set of 'Which?' magazines was available for us to consult. Then he took to computing aged 83 plus, allowing us to be in touch by Email. Of course, Raymond kept a workbench, and would always attempt repairs to damaged articles rather than buy replacements. We are sure that you each have memories of "Mr Lloyd" because of the width of these interests, and know how he took an interest in The Feoffees, the Woolsack Day, the Campaign in support of Tetbury Hospital, the Planting of the new Woodland. Some of you have known Raymond in these last 4 years, becoming important to the smooth running of the home in the months of increasing fragility. To you who have been such a help, and been good company for one who enjoyed visitors in all their variety, we can now give our Thank You. For us families of Humphrey Lloyd, and Rex Lloyd, Raymond and Barbara were favourite uncle and aunt, often visited or invited to our homes; and as our families grew, they took on the role of great- and great-great- uncle and aunt. Additionally, though Barbara had few family connections, her niece Linda became a regular visitor and companion to Raymond in these last few years. With our own parents departed it has been our privilege for 15 years to keep the home and the garden functioning. Throughout the years the keynotes have been hospitality, vibrant and varied interests, orderliness and the engineering hallmark. Of course, Raymond still had much to do, wasn't ready to go, but in truth we are not so much mourners as his admirers.

RAYMOND LLOYD

St Mary's Tetbury

15 August 2014

Many of us met here, along with Raymond, on the 20th of September 2012 to give thanks for the life of his beloved Barbara and bid her farewell in the name of the Lord. In my address then, I recalled how Raymond and Barbara regularly attended the 8am Holy Communion service here where the service was that of the Book of Common Prayer which they cherished. They were familiar with, and treasured, the many jewels of that liturgy, and certainly with the Prayer of General Thanksgiving which sadly we seldom hear used these days. I mention this since I find that this prayer pinpoints for me much that I met in Raymond's life. Late me quote a part of that prayer with its "soberly magnificent" Elizabethan English prose/poetry: *Almighty God, Father of all mercies, we thine unworthy servants do give thee most humble and hearty thanks for all thy goodness and loving-kindness to us and to all men. We bless thee for our creation, preservation and all the blessings of this life; but above all for thine inestimable love in the redemption of the world by our Lord Jesus Christ, for the means of grace and for the hope of glory."* Raymond understood his life as a gift, a blessing from God, and important among these blessings was that of friendship. Other people are a gift to us and we all need one another. "Our life and our death are with our neighbour" (Anthony the Great). We are members of one another; that's how God made us. This explains Raymond's characteristic warmth and welcome to others which built up a wide circle of friends here in Tetbury. He greatly valued his family whose history he helped to record. I know how deeply grateful he was to the several family members who gave him unfailing support and care during his illnesses these last few years. The high value he placed on friendship explains his genuine concern for the well-being of community life here in Tetbury where he actively supported many local organizations, such as Probus, the Civic Society, the Historical Society, this church and other local interest groups. Among his blessings he counted, too, a love of creation, nature, its flora and fauna, and these were enriched by the journeyings he and Barbara made across the world. I think it was at an 8am service here in 1982 that I first met him and I soon came to value his friendship. I quickly recognised his sharp intellect and a questioning mind which were evident in the perceptive and penetrating questions he threw at me in study groups. He was a thinking scientist, having read Engineering, and a thinking Christian, who valued simplicity and order, expressed in sound judgements, thoughtfully arrived at, and articulated with characteristic gentleness. Alongside his serious and reverent attention to the mystery he found in the world around him, he retained a delightful sense of humour and could laugh at himself, especially when Barbara drew attention to his mistakes or forgetfulness. She surely was for him his loveliest blessing! Over the years Sheila and I regularly met with Raymond and Barbara at some eating place (discovered by him) between Tetbury and Llandaff and these meetings continued after her death. We had planned to meet in July for lunch, the day Raymond met with his accident. We shall miss those lovely meetings! We were -still are - *companions* for we broke bread together, at pub and altar. So, as I reflect on Raymond, I find myself asking: what made him the human being I knew and, along with many others, held in affection? What indeed makes us the people we are? We are certainly not what we eat. We are who we are by the values we freely espouse and try to practise. What were those values for Raymond? Philosophers have ever proposed endless lists of the virtues they think make our values. For their answer, Christians turn not to abstract concepts but to the life lived by Jesus of Nazareth, the Son of God, and there they find, in action, love, faith, hope, forgiveness, sacrifice. Then St Paul adds "joy, peace, patience, kindness, generosity, faithfulness, gentleness, self-control" (Gal 5.22). But notice: these are gifts of God, not our own achievement. It was in his search for, and adoption of such values and the way he tried to live by them, that made Raymond the very special person we met and still know. Throughout his life he was an Easter man for he saw his life on earth as one of service and as part of a greater life still to come, as gift, a blessing, to be graciously received, revered and enjoyed, because God raised Jesus of the first Easter Day; the Jesus who offers life in all its fullness, above all, immeasurable love. So it is fitting, as we thank God for Raymond, here in the place and the community which meant much to him, to return to the Prayer of General Thanksgiving: *"And we beseech thee, give us that due sense of all thy mercies that our hearts may be unfeignedly thankful, and that we show forth thy praise, not only with our lips, but in our lives; by giving up ourselves to thy service, and by walking before thee in holiness and righteousness all our days".*

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Thus with thanksgiving, we pray: May he rest I peace and rise to glory. Amen

Raymond married **Barbara Joan Hicks**, daughter of **John Hicks** and **Barbara Budd**, on 12 Mar 1955 in Fulmer, Buckinghamshire. Barbara was born on 3 Feb 1917 in Bromley, Kent, died on 5 Sep 2012 at age 95, and was buried in St Mary's Church, Tetbury, Gloucestershire.

17-**John Eliot Howard Lloyd**¹² was born on 28 Feb 1872 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 12 Jul 1933 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Repton School.
- He had a residence in 14 Augustus Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

John married **Florence Louise Armstrong**,¹² daughter of **Col. Francis Hugh Armstrong**¹² and **Ellen Ann Shuttleworth**,¹² on 12 Jul 1889 in St. Jude's Church, Southsea, Hampshire. Florence was born on 15 Oct 1876 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 7 Oct 1958 in Walford On Avon at age 81. They had eight children: **Eliot Fraser, Seton Howard Frederick, Florence Elaine, John Peregrine Francis, Mary Eliot, Gwyneth Eliot, Elspeth Eliot**, and **Roger Kynaston**.

18-**Eliot Fraser Lloyd** was born on 24 Nov 1900 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1968 at age 68.

Eliot married **Bertha Mary Hackney**, daughter of **Gordon Herbert Hackney** and **Dorothy Blasson**, on 5 Dec 1929 in London. Bertha was born on 21 Feb 1904 in Lyminge, Kent and died on 22 Mar 1989 at age 85. They had two children: **Jillian Fraser** and **John Eliot Fraser**.

19-Jillian Fraser Lloyd

Jillian married **Admiral James Michael Rahlenbeck Carlill**, son of **Stephen Hope Carlill** and **Elizabeth Hildegard Rahlenbeck**. They had two children: **Claire Lloyd** and **Angus Lloyd**.

20-Claire Lloyd Carlill

20-Angus Lloyd Carlill

19-John Eliot Fraser Lloyd

John married **Penelope Anne Frost**.

John next married **Cathryn Gillian Knapp**.

18-**Prof. Seton Howard Frederick Lloyd** was born on 30 May 1902 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 8 Jan 1996 in Woolstone, Berkshire at age 93.

General Notes: Seton Lloyd was born in Birmingham on 30 May 1902. After school at Uppingham, he studied at the Architectural Association in London and qualified as an architect in 1926, when he joined Sir Edwin Lutyens' practice in Queen Anne's Gate. In 1928 Lloyd set up in practice with two friends and this unexpectedly gave him his entry into archaeology and led to a distinguished career as a Near Eastern field archaeologist and professor. One of his partners was due to join an excavation in his professional capacity as architect/surveyor but last-minute developments necessitated his remaining in London to oversee the partnership's first important commission. Lloyd went in his place and found himself at Tell el-Amarnah, the fourteenth-century B.C. site which Henri Frankfort was excavating for the Egypt Exploration Society. This project lasted for two years, and in 1930 Lloyd was invited by Frankfort to join his next excavation, under the auspices of the Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago, of a series of sites in the Diyala region north-east of Baghdad, which occupied them for seven years. From 1937-9 Lloyd excavated at Mersin, in southern Turkey, for the University of Liverpool and returned to Iraq in 1939 as technical adviser to the Director of Antiquities in Baghdad. During the war he worked briefly in the public relations office of the Mandate government in Jerusalem but returned to Baghdad in 1941, where he helped to establish the Iraq Museum and reorganize the Gertrude Bell Museum. He trained Iraqi archaeologists and participated with Iraqi colleagues in several major excavations, notably at Eridu, the most important post-diluvian city in Babylon. In 1949 Lloyd was appointed director of the new British School of Archaeology in Ankara and was immediately faced with formidable difficulties over the basic preliminaries of finding and equipping modest premises and starting a library. He excavated with, among others, James Mellaart, F.S.A., one of the first scholars at the Ankara School, the mound at Beycesultan, in western Anatolia, which revealed the remains of a series of Bronze Age palaces of the Arzawan culture which flourished at the time of Homeric Troy. A brief spell of retirement from Ankara in 1961 was followed by election to the chair of Western Asiatic Archaeology at London University in 1962, in succession to Sir Max Mallowan, F.S.A., and he remained there until 1969. Lloyd continued his fieldwork: in eastern Turkey in 1965 he studied Urartu, the culturally advanced state centred on Lake Van which flourished during the ninth-seventh centuries B.C.; and in Iraq in 1966 he noted with satisfaction that local archaeologists were conducting major digs. He served as a Vice-President of the Society from 1965-9 and received the Lawrence of Arabia Memorial Medal in 1971 and the Gertrude Bell Memorial Medal in 1979. He published profusely from 1935 onwards when *Sennacherib's Aqueduct at Jerwan* was published by Chicago, through the

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1940s, 50s and 60s when perhaps his best known book, *Art of the Ancient Near East* (1961) appeared, to the late 1980s when, at the age of eighty-seven, he published *Ancient Turkey*. He died on 8 January 1996.
The Society of Antiquaries

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA CBE FSA ARIBA.
- He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a Director of the British School of Archaeology in Ankara, Turkey.
- He worked as a Professor of Western Asiatic Archaeology at London University.

Seton married **Margery Ulrica Fitzwilliams**, daughter of **Maj. John Kenrick Lloyd Fitzwilliams** and **Margery Laura Hyde**, on 2 Feb 1944 in Cairo. Margery was born on 14 Mar 1911 in Longworth, Berkshire and died on 9 Apr 1987 at age 76. They had three children: **John Seton**, **Clare Seton**, and **Joseph Peter**.

19-John Seton Lloyd

John married **Therese Georgia Julia O'rorke**. They had two children: **Cressida Juliet** and **Zoe Clare**.

20-Cressida Juliet Lloyd

20-Zoe Clare Lloyd

19-Clare Seton Lloyd

Clare married **Paul Joseph O'Nolan**. They had one son: **John Matthew**.

20-John Matthew O'Nolan

19-Joseph Peter Lloyd

Joseph married **Joanna Margaret Wright**. They had four children: **Peter Henry**, **Sarah Angela**, **James Alan Seton**, and **Thomas Joseph**.

20-Peter Henry Lloyd

20-Sarah Angela Lloyd

20-James Alan Seton Lloyd

20-Thomas Joseph Lloyd

18-Florence Elaine Lloyd was born on 11 Dec 1905 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 9 Jan 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 5.

18-Dr. John Peregrine Francis Lloyd¹² was born on 24 Aug 1907 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Dec 1985 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB FRCS.
- He worked as an Ophthalmic Surgeon.
- He had a residence in Waterstock Close, Waterstock, Wheatley, Oxfordshire.

19-Antony John Eliot Lloyd

20-Fiona Caroline Lloyd

20-Simon John Eliot Lloyd

19-Kerin Howard Seton Lloyd

19-Diana Armstrong Pease Lloyd

20-Tina Sederholm

20-Annelisa Sederholm

20-Annika Sederholm

18-Mary Eliot Lloyd was born on 30 Oct 1909 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 15 Sep 2003 at age 93.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Architect.

Mary married **Maj. Kenneth Gough Breaks**, son of **Dennis Breaks** and **Hannah Gough**, on 13 May 1932 in London. Kenneth was born on 12 Dec 1909 in Halifax, Yorkshire, died on 20 Dec 1941 in Burma. Killed in action at age 32, and was buried in Taiping War Cemetery, Perak, Malaysia.

Mary next married **Francis Winston Walker**, son of **Herbert Walker** and **Ellen Myerscough**. Francis was born on 9 Dec 1912 in Doncaster, Yorkshire and died in May 1999 at age 86. They had two children: **Eliot Myerscough** and **Ellen Louise**.

19-Eliot Myerscough Walker

Eliot married **Esta May Marguerite Blair**. They had three children: **Thomas Ian Myerscough**, **Jessica Mary Eliot**, and **Sampson David Lloyd**.

20-Thomas Ian Myerscough Walker

Thomas married **Helen**.

20-Jessica Mary Eliot Walker

20-Sampson David Lloyd Walker

19-Ellen Louise Walker

Ellen married **Michael Robert Little**. They had one son: **Henry Robert William**.

20-Henry Robert William Little

Ellen next married **Nigel Stephens**.

Ellen next married **P. M. Tjujerman**.

18-Gwyneth Eliot Lloyd was born on 4 Jun 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 May 1994 at age 80.

General Notes: Gwyneth Eliot Lloyd, actress, antique textile dealer: born Edgbaston, Warwickshire 4 June 1913; married 1936 John Heygate (died 1976; two sons; marriage dissolved 1947), 1947 Arthur Donaldson (died 1980; one son, two daughters, and one stepdaughter; marriage dissolved); died London 6 May 1994.

IN HER varied and unconventional life, Gwyneth Lloyd managed to combine three careers - film star in the 1930s, Women's Royal Air Force in the 1940s, and antique textiles expert in the last two decades - as well as two husbands and two families.

She was born in 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, to a respectable Quaker family. Her grandfather, Howard Lloyd, had been managing director of Lloyds Bank from 1871 to 1902. Her mother, Florence (nee Armstrong), was a progressive woman for her time (it was said she owned one of the first washing machines).

Gwyneth trained as an actress at the Royal Academy of Dramatic Art, where two important things happened to her. First, she met Diana Churchill, Winston's daughter, who became her best friend for many years. Gwyneth said later that it was in the Churchills' house, Chartwell, that she really learnt to make intelligent conversation.

The second key event was a newspaper competition which won her a contract with Gaumont British Films. The company had decided to launch a counter-attack on

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Hollywood's monopoly of the stars and she was one of the few English beauties to selected to be 'Baby Film Stars'. Before long, Gwyneth became the first of these stars to get a leading role in a British feature film - in 1934 she starred opposite Sonnie Hale (then married to Jessie Matthews) in Wild Boy, directed by Albert de Courville. Her other co-star in that film was the famous greyhound Mick the Miller.

In practice, her career was not to be a long one. John Heygate, recently divorced from Evelyn Waugh's first wife, Evelyn Gardner ('She-Evelyn'), saw Gwyneth in Wild Boy and was strongly attracted by his first glimpse of her extraordinary beauty (although he complained later with his typically dry wit that, 'he only went to see the dog'). Shortly afterwards he took the trouble to gatecrash her 21st birthday party, ambushed her in the kitchen and discovered a mutual liking for fine cheeses. Dinner at Quaglino's followed and the romance developed quickly.

During the early Thirties she met many artists and writers including Vyvyan Holland, Oscar Wilde's son. Her portrait by Tristram Hillier still hangs in her bedroom. The Cafe Royal and the Gargoyle, in Dean Street, were regular haunts. The Charleston, the foxtrot and later the quickstep were all the rage.

In 1935, Heygate, recently sacked from the BBC by Lord Reith because of the publicity surrounding the Waugh divorce, went to work for UFA films in Berlin, writing scripts for the trilingual films being produced there at the time with Lillian Harvey and other international stars. This was the era of Christopher Isherwood's Berlin and as Germany was slid towards dictatorship there was much to see for the now engaged couple, as they motored about the country in Heygate's MG.

Back in England, John and Gwyneth were married at St Ethelburga's (the only church in England that would marry divorced people), in the City, and then settled in a country house in Sussex. Although the period is given a rosy glow of nostalgia in one of Heygate's novels, A House for Joanna, the truth was less romantic. He preferred writing on the counters of smoke-filled, working men's pubs, rather than in his smart new study. The couple drifted back to London.

The war now intervened on a marriage already weakened by Heygate's drinking and unpredictable temper. While he was away in the army in Ceylon, Gwyneth joined the WRAF as an aircraft plotter. Here she met a handsome young fighter pilot, Arthur Donaldson, one of three brothers all of whom won the DSO in the air war, and consequently achieved almost 'pop star' status at the time.

After the war, Gwyneth and Arthur followed the transient lives of station families in Germany and England. Gwyneth produced three more children to add to the two boys from her first marriage and Arthur's daughter by his first marriage. In the 1950s, Arthur retired from the RAF and they settled in a large house in Buckinghamshire.

Although the marriage lasted 18 years, it too finally ended in divorce in the mid-1960s.

But Gwyneth's independent mind and courage saw her through these difficult times. 'I refuse to be frightened of life,' she said. She built herself a new career as an antique dealer, textiles expert and member of LAPADA, the professional association of antique dealers. In the 1970s and 1980s she became a well-known figure in her shop in Belgravia and at antique fairs, where she would stand surrounded by beautiful old fabrics, engaging passers-by in conversation. She ran her own business until the last year of her life.

Gwyneth Lloyd was almost impossible to shock and she had a great sense of self-irony. She was highly amused when, in her late seventies, somebody said to her 'You're quite a relic, aren't you?' (Not long after, the invitation to ther 80th birthday party announced a 'Relic's Rave-up'.)

Gwyneth was always active and on the move. As a young woman, she played at Junior Wimbledon. And she was a keen skier in the days when there were no ski-lifts and no package tours to the Alps. She spoke French and German and travelled to five continents during her life. All her life she was full of new ventures - when she inherited some money from her parents at the end of the 1950s, she bought a racehorse, a motor boat and some land in Portugal.

She retained a youthful spirit, and never fully accepted old age or the prospect of losing her independence. Even as an 80-year-old she had friends of every age, male and female. She loved good conversation, good food, parties and picnics. Everybody who visited her flat was dazzled by her distinctive taste and the atmosphere she created there.

Noted events in her life were:

- Her obituary was published in The Independent on 19 May 1994.
- She worked as an Antique Dealer and Actress.

Gwyneth married **Sir John Edward Nourse Heygate 4th Bt.**, son of **Arthur Conolly Gage Heygate** and **Frances Evelyn Rowley Harvey**, on 28 Feb 1936 in London. The marriage ended in divorce. John was born on 19 Apr 1903 in Eton and died on 18 Mar 1976 at age 72. They had two children: **George Lloyd** and **Richard John Gage**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1947.

19-**Sir George Lloyd Heygate 5th Bt.** was born on 28 Oct 1936 in Warbleton and died in 1991 at age 55.

George married **Hildegard Mathilde Kleinjohann**. They had three children: **Catherine Ellen Royley**, **Joanna Eliot Nourse**, and **(No Given Name)**.

20-**Catherine Ellen Royley Heygate**

20-**Joanna Eliot Nourse Heygate**

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20-**Heygate** was born in Jul 1973 and died in Jan 1974.

19-Sir **Richard John Gage Heygate 6th Bt.**

Richard married **Carol Rosemary Michell**, daughter of **Cmdr. Richard Michell**.

Richard next married **Jong Ja Hyun**. They had one daughter: **Eun Hee Isabella**.

20-**Eun Hee Isabella Heygate**

Eun married **Niall Rollo Robert Chrichton-Stewart**, son of **Maj. Jerome Niall Anthony Chrichton-Stewart** and **Susan Dwyer-Joyce**.

Richard next married **Susan Fiona Buckley**. They had two children: **Frederick Carysfort Gage** and **Robert George Liam**.

20-**Frederick Carysfort Gage Heygate**

20-**Robert George Liam Heygate**

Gwyneth next married **Grp. Capt. Arthur Hay Donaldson**, son of **Charles Egerton Donaldson** and **Gwendoline Mary MacDonald**, on 13 Nov 1947 in London. Arthur was born on 9 Jan 1915 in Weymouth, Dorset and died on 12 Oct 1980 at age 65. They had three children: **Charles Hay**, **Alison Angela Hay**, and **(No Given Name)**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Group Captain of the Royal Air Force.

19-**Charles Hay Donaldson**

Charles married **Amanda Sampson**. They had three children: **Ryan Eliot**, **Sebastian**, and **Chelsea**.

20-**Ryan Eliot Donaldson**

20-**Sebastian Donaldson**

20-**Chelsea Donaldson**

19-**Alison Angela Hay Donaldson**

Alison married **Wayne Alexander Derrick**.

19-**Donaldson**

18-**Elsbeth Eliot Lloyd**

Elsbeth married **Neill Daunt**, son of **William Daunt** and **Sarah Jane Gould**. They had one son: **Michael Seton**.

19-**Michael Seton Daunt**

Michael married **Rosamund Hall**. They had one son: **Seton Lloyd**.

20-**Seton Lloyd Daunt**

Michael next married **Marian Louise Eason**. They had one son: **William Michael**.

20-**William Michael Daunt**

Elsbeth next married **Alan Dipper**, son of **Cecil Dipper** and **Dora Warren**. They had five children: **Simon Fraser Lloyd**, **Frances Ann**, **Nigel Alan**, **Giles Harvey**, and **Roger Martin**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Simon Fraser Lloyd Dipper

19-Frances Ann Dipper

Frances married **John Buckley**. They had two children: **Clare Elspeth** and **Alison Emma**.

20-Clare Elspeth Buckley

20-Alison Emma Buckley

19-Nigel Alan Dipper

Nigel married **Catherine Spencer**. They had two children: **James Robert Alan** and **John Andrew**.

20-James Robert Alan Dipper

20-John Andrew Dipper

19-Giles Harvey Dipper

Giles married **Cheryl Jennifer Wilson**. They had two children: **Sarah Joanne** and **Mathew James**.

20-Sarah Joanne Dipper

20-Mathew James Dipper

19-Roger Martin Dipper

Roger married **Katharine Jane Nailard**.

Roger next married **Susan Fiona Buckley**.

18-Lt. Cmdr. **Roger Kynaston Lloyd** was born on 15 Mar 1918 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Jun 1977 at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Advertising Agent.

Roger married **Anne Gordon**, daughter of **Sir Alexander Gordon** and **Margaret Jane Thomas**, on 21 Feb 1942 in London. Anne was born on 1 Jan 1912 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 13 Jan 2003 at age 91. They had four children: **Carolyn Anne**, **David Kynaston**, **Gabrielle Jane**, and **Harriet Mary**.

19-Carolyn Anne Lloyd

Carolyn married **Digby Francis Considine Murphy**. They had four children: **Alexander Francis Considine**, **Patrick James Carlisle**, **Harriet Emma**, and **Oliver Peregrine**.

20-Alexander Francis Considine Murphy

20-Patrick James Carlisle Murphy

20-Harriet Emma Murphy

20-Oliver Peregrine Murphy

19-David Kynaston Lloyd

David married **Jill Rebecca Woods**. They had two children: **Emma Rebecca** and **Sylkie Rainbow**.

20-Emma Rebecca Lloyd

20-Sylkie Rainbow Lloyd

19-Gabrielle Jane Lloyd

Gabrielle married **Paul Kelly**. They had two children: **Neon James** and **Lindsey Anne**.

20-Neon James Kelly

20-Lindsey Anne Kelly

19-Harriet Mary Lloyd

17-Mariabella Howard Lloyd^{9,12,317} was born on 31 Jul 1873 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 14 May 1906 in Cookham, Berkshire at age 32.

Mariabella married **Cmdr. Frederick William Kershaw**,¹² son of **Louis Addin Kershaw** and **Helen Theresa O'grady**, on 25 Apr 1906 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire. Frederick was born on 14 Jun 1868 and died on 1 Feb 1934 at age 65.

Marriage Notes: or 21 Dec 1904

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Naval officer before 1915.

17-**Prof. Godfrey Isaac Howard Lloyd**¹² was born on 20 Jan 1875 in Cannon Hill House, Birmingham and died on 9 Jan 1939 in London at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lecturer in Economics at University of Sheffield.
- He worked as a Professor of Economics, University of Toronto in 1915 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 24 Russell Hill Drive, Toronto, Canada.

Godfrey married **Constance Lydia Allen Booth**,^{12,318} daughter of **Alfred Booth**^{2,319,320} and **Lydia Allen Butler**,^{2,318,319} on 21 Dec 1904 in Liverpool. Constance was born on 25 Jan 1876 in 46 Ullet Road, Liverpool and died on 13 Oct 1962 at age 86. They had two children: **Peter** and **Mariabella**.

18-**Peter Lloyd** was born on 26 Jun 1907 in Sheffield, Yorkshire, died on 11 Apr 2003 in Toowoomba, Queensland, Australia at age 95, and was buried on 16 Apr 2003.

General Notes: One of the climbing party on Everest in 1938, Lloyd was involved in the development and use of the oxygen equipment, and later applied his experience for the benefit of the 1953 party.

Educated at Greshams School and Cambridge, Peter Lloyd was a chemist, first working on industrial heating processes. In 1944 he was appointed Director General of engine research and development for the Ministry of Aircraft Production, and finally became head of British Defence Research and Supply Staff in Australia. He first went to the Himalayas on the successful Anglo-American Nanda Devi expedition in 1936. He returned with Tilman in 1950 and later visited the Kulu Himal. After retirement, he returned to the UK from Canberra, but subsequently emigrated to Australia.

A memorial gathering to celebrate the life of Peter Lloyd, mountaineer and scientist, was held 21 October, 2003, at the Alpine Club,Charlotte Road, London, EC2. Lord Chorley, also representing the President of the Alpine Club, welcomed the guests and introduced the speakers who included Mr George Band, Mr Mike Neale, Mr Alun Evans, son-in-law, and Professor Edward Williams. Among others present were: Mr and Mrs Adam Lloyd (son and daughter-in-law), Mrs Alun Evans (daughter), Mr Dominic Evans and Mr Benjamin Evans (grandsons), Mr Charles Robeson, Mr and Mrs Raymond Lloyd, Mr and Mrs John Goatly, Mr and Mrs Jake Mermagen, Mrs Mara Uzzell, Mr and Mrs Paul Whelan, Mr Richard Amis, Sir Michael Wheeler-Booth, Mrs George Band, Professor and Mrs Edward Williams, Mr Terence Goodfellow, Mr and Mrs Michael

Westmacott, Mr and Mrs David Anderson, Mr and Mrs Drummond Hislop, Mr James Seddon, Mrs Anne Galley, Mrs Clare Pike, Mr Nicholas Pike, Mr James Campbell, Mr Jim Barnes and Mrs Jean Brown with many other friends and representatives of organisations.

The engineer and mountaineer Peter Lloyd, who has died in Australia aged 95, was the last British link with the great prewar decade of Himalayan exploration, and an associate of one of its seminal figures, Major HW Tilman. As director-general of engine research and development at the Ministry of Aviation from 1961 to 1969, he was

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also closely involved in the design of the Rolls-Royce Spey and Tay engines, and the Bristol/Rolls-Royce Pegasus engine that powers the vertical take-off BAe Harrier. Born in Sheffield, the son of an economics lecturer, Lloyd was educated at Gresham's school, in Holt, Norfolk and read engineering at Trinity College, Cambridge. There, he was one of an extraordinarily gifted generation of mountaineers. Lloyd was president of the university's mountaineering club in his final year. His powerful, compact physique and stamina helped him become highly competent in mountain craft, and to amass a substantial record in alpinism through successive seasons of the late 1920s and early 1930s. In 1936, he was an acceptable and uncontroversial choice for the Anglo American expedition to India's highest mountain, Nanda Devi, led by Tilman. This lightweight expedition to a remote and difficult peak achieved a remarkable success in putting Tilman and Noel Odell on its summit, which was the highest then climbed. Lloyd acquitted himself skilfully and unselfishly, load-carrying to stock the final camp at 23,500 feet. He earned himself his coexpeditioners' affection and his leader's plaudits as "first-rate on rock and ice". When Tilman came to assemble a team for his Chomolungma (Mount Everest) attempt in 1938, Lloyd was an automatic choice. This venture was plagued by deep snow, desperate cold, and illness among the Sherpas. Despite a team that might well have reached the summit in a good weather year, it ground to a halt below the first step on the North Ridge, at camp six, pitched at 27,200 feet. Tilman's description of his and Lloyd's antics here gives the flavour of their friendship: "A richly concentrated food like pemmican (a singularly unpleasant and unpalatable paste of dried meat and fat) requires a great effort of will to keep it down - absolute quiescence in a prone position and a little sugar are useful aids. Without wishing to boast, I think the feat of eating a large mugful of pemmican soup at 27,200 feet performed by Lloyd and myself, is unparalleled in the annals of Himalayan climbing and an example of what can be done by dogged greed. For greed consists in eating when you have no desire to eat, which is exactly the case anywhere above camp four." Lloyd turned his engineering expertise to conducting comparative tests on the two types of oxygen equipment then available for high-altitude climbing, and favoured the open-circuit breathing system, which used ordinary air as well as cylinder oxygen. In recommending this to John Hunt's 1953 expedition, and effecting design changes to the equipment, he contributed significantly to the ascent of the mountain. In 1938, the use of oxygen was controversial, but Lloyd gave his opinion with habitual tact and elegance, and in winning the argument, effectively won the summit for Hunt's climbers 15 years later. He asserted: "I have a lot of sympathy with the sentimental objection to its use, and would rather see the mountain climbed without it than with; but, on the other hand, I would rather see the mountain climbed with it than not climbed at all." Lloyd went to the Himalayas with Tilman for a third time in 1949, surveying in the Langtang region of Nepal, their sirdar for the trip the Sherpa Tenzing Norgay. By this time, Lloyd's propensity as a bon viveur had moderated his physique, but since the local political situation allowed little climbing, Lloyd's lack of condition did not much matter and his company was congenial as ever. After Cambridge, Lloyd worked in the 1930s on the furnace design for the Gas Light and Coke Company in London. In 1939, debarred from military service by his reserved occupation, he joined the Royal Aircraft Establishment, initially working on defences against low-flying aircraft. In 1941, at Farnborough, he was in Hayne Constant's group working on gas turbine engine development. In 1943, they produced the prototype of the modern jet engine before merging, in 1944, with Sir Frank Whittle's Power Jets. By 1946, the nationalised company was the National Gas Turbine Establishment. Lloyd became head of its combustion department and by 1950 was its deputy director, under Constant. Just over a decade later came the Ministry of Aviation's R&D director-generalship. He then headed Britain's defence research and supply staff in Australia. Engaging and judicious, beyond his apparent sternness was a kindness and inclusivity. He was held in high esteem by his contemporaries, and was the recipient of affection and gratitude from his juniors. He was appointed CBE in 1957, and while president of the Alpine Club (1977-1980) he delivered a moving oration at the memorial service to Tilman, who was lost at sea in the south Atlantic in his 80th year. Lloyd recently took delivery of a turbo-charged Volvo - a departure from his habitual Jaguars. The salesman greeted him with: "Well, this is the first time ... " and faltered. Lloyd continued for him: "I know what you were going to say - that this is the first time you've sold one of these to someone over 90." It was a perfect Lloyd moment. His first marriage in 1932 was dissolved in 1947. In 1951 he married Joyce. After his retirement they both escaped to Australia. She survives him, as do his son and daughter from his first marriage. Peter Lloyd, mountaineer and engineer, born June 26 1907; died April 11 2003 Jim Perrin, The Guardian Thursday 1 May 2003

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE FRIC.
- He worked as a Scientist, Engineer and Mountaineer.
- He worked as an Everest expedition member in 1938.
- He worked as a President of The Alpine Club in 1977-1980.
- His obituary was published in The Guardian by Jim Perrin on 1 May 2003.

Peter married **Nora Kathleen Elizabeth Patten**, daughter of **Prof. Charles Joseph Patten** and **Mabel Elizabeth King**, on 14 May 1932 in London. The marriage ended in divorce before 1959. Nora was born on 22 Jun 1907 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 4 Oct 2003 at age 96. They had two children: **Bridget Elisabeth** and **Adam Jonathan Peter**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1947.

19-Bridget Elisabeth Lloyd

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Bridget married **Thomas Alun Evans**, son of **Thomas Evans** and **Mabel Elizabeth Griffiths**. They had three children: **Jonathan Mark**, **Dominic James**, and **Benjamin Lloyd**.

20-**Jonathan Mark Evans**

Jonathan married **Anne Reynolds-Johnson**. They had two children: **Henry Alun** and **Peter Jonathan**.

21-**Henry Alun Evans**

21-**Peter Jonathan Evans**

20-**Dominic James Evans**

Dominic married **Nicola Jane Duncan**. They had two children: **Lara Catherine** and **Luke Adam Robert**.

21-**Lara Catherine Evans**

21-**Luke Adam Robert Evans**

20-**Benjamin Lloyd Evans**

Benjamin married **Aura Leonaite**. They had one son: **Oscar Ananda**.

21-**Oscar Ananda Evans**

19-**Adam Jonathan Peter Lloyd**

Adam married **Debonnaire Hazel Stoker**. They had three children: **Fiona Debonnaire**, **Rachel Catherine**, and **Timothy Kenneth**.

20-**Fiona Debonnaire Lloyd**

Fiona married **Stephen Robinson Lloyd-Moffett**. They had two children: **Basil William Weir** and **Phineas Adam**.

21-**Basil William Weir Lloyd-Moffett**

21-**Phineas Adam Lloyd-Moffett**

20-**Rachel Catherine Lloyd**

Rachel married **Joshua Martin Montgomery**. They had two children: **Lydia Fiona** and **Ella Lane**.

21-**Lydia Fiona Montgomery**

21-**Ella Lane Montgomery**

20-**Timothy Kenneth Lloyd**

Timothy married **Aimee Songle**. They had three children: **Josephine Neva**, **Peter Esteban**, and **Phoebe Debonnaire**.

21-**Josephine Neva Lloyd**

21-**Peter Esteban Lloyd**

21-**Phoebe Debonnaire Lloyd**

Peter next married **Joyce Evelyn Campbell**, daughter of **Norman Carlisle Campbell** and **Eva Mary Robinson**, on 2 Mar 1951 in Brisbane, Queensland, Australia. Joyce

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was born on 16 Nov 1916 in Brisbane, Queensland, Australia and died on 10 Mar 2004 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Journalist and Radio broadcaster.

18-**Mariabella Lloyd** was born on 8 Aug 1909 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 1 Oct 1999 at age 90.

Mariabella married **Arthur Brendan Whelan**, son of **James Whelan** and **Katherine Somers**, on 21 Jul 1944 in London. Arthur was born on 15 Jul 1920 in Thomastown, Kilkenny and died on 19 Apr 1993 at age 72. They had two children: **Mariabella Eliot** and **Paul James Howard**.

19-**Mariabella Eliot Whelan**

Mariabella married **David Lawrence Uzzell**. They had three children: **Edward Thomas**, **Samuel George Howard**, and **Jacob John Eliot**.

20-**Edward Thomas Uzzell**

20-**Samuel George Howard Uzzell**

20-**Jacob John Eliot Uzzell**

19-**Paul James Howard Whelan**

Paul married **Jill Susan Bolton**. They had two children: **Maria Jane Susan** and **George Charles Albert**.

20-**Maria Jane Susan Whelan**

20-**George Charles Albert Whelan**

17-**Cyril Edward Lloyd**¹² was born on 22 Nov 1876 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 1 Feb 1963 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of the.Great Western Railway.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Church House, Broome, Stourbridge, Staffordshire.

Cyril married **Phyllis Gretchen Waterlow**,¹² daughter of **Sir Ernest Albert Waterlow** and **Mary Margaret Sophie Hofman**, on 16 Jun 1909 in St. Peter's, Belsize Park, London. Phyllis was born on 26 Dec 1882 in St. Petersburg Place, London and died on 19 Oct 1965 at age 82. They had one daughter: **Angelica Mary**.

18-**Angelica Mary Lloyd** was born on 5 Apr 1910 in Broome, Stourbridge and died on 24 May 1992 at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Diploma in Journalism.

Angelica married **John Stanislaus Gaynor**, son of **John William Gaynor** and **Margaret Mary Boyan**, on 16 Jun 1936 in Harvington. John was born on 4 Sep 1905 in Moate, County Westmeath, Ireland and died on 30 Jul 1955 in Pyrford Woods, Surrey at age 49. They had four children: **Carol Anne**, **Virginia Mary**, **Sara Lynn**, and **Clare**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal School of Mines, Cambourne.

19-**Carol Anne Gaynor**

Carol married **Anthony Mitchell Howard** on 26 May 1965. Anthony was born on 12 Feb 1934 and died on 19 Dec 2010 at age 76.

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19-Virginia Mary Gaynor

Virginia married **Alastair John Douglas Scott**, son of **Col. Sir Douglas Winchester Scott 2nd Bt.** and **Elizabeth Joyce Glanley**. They had three children: **William Douglas, Sarah Victoria**, and **Penelope Mary**.

20-William Douglas Scott

20-Sarah Victoria Scott

20-Penelope Mary Scott

19-Sara Lynn Gaynor

Sara married **John Richard Haughton Mermagen**, son of **Pat Mermagen**. They had three children: **Thomas Lloyd, Alison Lynn**, and **Patrick Edward**.

20-Thomas Lloyd Mermagen

Thomas married **Isabel**. They had one daughter: **Olivia Kate**.

21-Olivia Kate Mermagen

20-Alison Lynn Mermagen

20-Patrick Edward Mermagen

Patrick married **Morgan**. They had one daughter: **Neva Bennett**.

21-Neva Bennett Mermagen

19-Clare Gaynor

Clare married **Peter Lyon Ritzema**. They had one daughter: **Jay Lynn**.

20-Jay Lynn Ritzema-Carter

Clare next married **Bernard Alexander Carter**. They had one son: **Hugh John**.

20-Hugh John Ritzemer-Carter

17-**Canon Robert Howard Lloyd** was born on 24 Apr 1879 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 26 Jun 1955 in Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Rotherfield Greys in Rotherfield Greys, Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire.

Robert married **Patricia Margaret Evelyn Raymond**, daughter of **Henry Warner Raymond** and **Isabella Maud Wetherall**, on 23 Jul 1919 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Patricia was born on 17 Mar 1889 in Alexandria, Egypt and died on 1 May 1952 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 63. They had four children: **Hester Muriel Raymond, Rodney Warner Bartholomew, Veronica Margaret**, and **Hilary**.

18-**Hester Muriel Raymond Lloyd** was born on 22 Oct 1920 and died on 7 Nov 1993 at age 73.

Hester married **George Parker Bidder**, son of **Lt. Col. Harold Francis Bidder** and **Lilias Mary Vivian Rush**, on 4 Oct 1963. George was born on 17 Mar 1920 in Ravensbury Manor, Mitcham, Surrey and died on 25 Feb 1975 at age 54.

General Notes: MC

18-**Lieut. Rodney Warner Bartholomew Lloyd** was born on 24 Aug 1922 in Rotherfield Greys, Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire, died on 22 Feb 1945 in Reichswald

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Forest, Germany. Killed in action at age 22, and was buried in Reichswald Forest War Cemetery, Germany. Grave 51.J.1.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford.

18-**Veronica Margaret Lloyd** was born on 21 Jun 1924 in Littlehampton, Sussex and died on 8 Aug 2014 at age 90.

General Notes: They say things come in threes - and so it is that Frixie is the third and last of the surviving grandchildren of Howard and Mariabella Lloyd to die within a three week period:

Michael Lloyd on 16th July

Raymond Lloyd on 25th July

Veronica (Frixie) Goatly on 8th August.

Her daughter Marabel has sent me this email to pass on to the Budget Group:

The following text was due to appear in the Times and Telegraph this week:

GOATLY Veronica Margaret (Frixie), nee Lloyd, died peacefully on 8th August 2014, aged 90. Wife of the late John Goatly OBE of Fernhurst, West Sussex, mother of Jonathan, the late Robert, Peter and Marabel, much loved grandmother and great-grandmother. Funeral will be held at St. Margaret's Church, Fernhurst GU27 3HZ on 21st August at 11.30 AM. Family flowers only please. Private cremation later. Contact G.M.Luff and Partners, 01428643524.

Frixie had just celebrated her 90th birthday, quite successfully and happily, with a small group of family and friends. She was quite upbeat, and Peter had taken her on an outing to Uppark which she also enjoyed. Her death came rather quicker than people were expecting, but it was probably better that way.

Obviously we would love to see you at the funeral, together with as many cousins who can manage it. There will be food and drink afterwards, at the Duke of Cumberland Arms, a couple of miles down the road..

Veronica married **John Goatly**, son of **Reginald Alban Goatly** and **Maud Eileen Barnett**, on 18 Jan 1947 in Cairo. John was born on 22 Nov 1917 in Penang, Malaya and died in Mar 2012 at age 94. They had four children: **Jonathan Howard**, **Robert Duval**, **Peter James**, and **Marabel Helen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.

19-**Jonathan Howard Goatly** was born on 8 Sep 1948 in Caversham, died on 31 Mar 2012 at age 63, and was buried on 11 Apr 2012 in St. Margaret's, Fenhurst (Funeral).

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fund Manager.

Jonathan married **Janet Stewart Orr**.

19-**Robert Duval Goatly** was born on 10 Apr 1950 in Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire and died on 24 Sep 1992 at age 42.

Robert married **Elsbeth Margaret Quin**. They had four children: **Kate Helen**, **Michael John**, **Joanna Hester**, and **Rosalind Sarah Mab**.

20-**Kate Helen Goatly**

Kate married **Edward Venables**. They had two children: **Digby** and **Barney**.

21-**Digby Venables**

21-**Barney Venables**

20-**Michael John Goatly**

20-**Joanna Hester Goatly**

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20-**Rosalind Sarah Mab Goatly**

Robert next married **Erica Joanna York Allen**. They had one son: **Thoma Robert Duval**.

20-**Thoma Robert Duval Goatly**

19-**Peter James Goatly**

19-**Marabel Helen Goatly**

Marabel married **Martin Philip Clark**. They had three children: **Eliot John**, **Joseph Robert**, and **Patrick James**.

20-**Eliot John Clark**

20-**Joseph Robert Clark**

20-**Patrick James Clark**

18-**Hilary Lloyd** was born on 21 Jun 1924 in Littlehampton and died on 12 Jul 1924 in Littlehampton.

17-**Rev. Sylvanus Fox Lloyd**¹² was born on 18 Mar 1881 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 19 Nov 1954 in Malvern Wells, Worcestershire at age 73, and was buried in Little Malvern, Worcestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford.
- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 45 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Sylvanus married **Marjorie Henry Gordon Crease**,¹² daughter of **General Sir John Frederick Crease** and **Frances Mary Domville**, on 20 Jul 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Marjorie was born on 22 Oct 1886 in Eastney Barracks, Portsmouth, Hampshire and died on 8 Dec 1962 at age 76. They had one son: **Michael Charles Fox**.

18-**Michael Charles Fox Lloyd** was born on 5 Jan 1926 in London, died in Jul 2014 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire at age 88, and was buried on 30 Jul 2014 in Little Malvern, Worcestershire.

Michael married **Elizabeth Mary Bright**, daughter of **Allan Heywood Bright** and **Kelburn Milroy Ramsay**. They had three children: **Susan Marjorie Fox**, **Allan Bright Fox**, and **Rachel Jane Fox**.

19-**Susan Marjorie Fox Lloyd**

Susan married **Michael Davison**. They had two children: **Katherine Elizabeth** and **Christopher Patrick**.

20-**Katherine Elizabeth Lloyd-Davison**

20-**Christopher Patrick Lloyd-Davison**

19-**Allan Bright Fox Lloyd**

Allan married **Dr. Lori Williamson**. They had one daughter: **Elinor Jane**.

20-**Elinor Jane Lloyd**

19-**Rachel Jane Fox Lloyd**

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Rachel married **Stuart Kevan Buckland**. They had two children: **Francesca Ann** and **Rosanna Jade**.

20-Francesca Ann Buckland

20-Rosanna Jade Buckland

16-**Hannah Mary Lloyd**¹² was born on 21 Jun 1840 in Tottenham, London and died on 19 Jan 1928 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 87.

Hannah married **Douglas Russell**,¹² son of **Douglas Russell** and **Elizabeth Henderson**, on 27 Sep 1894 in Torquay, Devon. Douglas was born on 8 Oct 1842 in Ayr and died on 14 Nov 1933 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Blantyre, Clarence Park, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.

15-**Rachel Lloyd**^{7,9,12,23,225} was born on 15 Mar 1803 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 28 Jul 1892 in Tottenham, London at age 89.

Rachel married **Robert Howard**,^{7,12,23,225} son of **Luke Howard**^{2,7,9,23,221,225,245,290,317} and **Mariabella Eliot**,^{2,7,221,225,290,317} on 20 Apr 1825 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Robert was born on 27 Jun 1801 in Plaistow, Essex (26th also given), died on 2 Jun 1871 in Ashmore, Dorset at age 69, and was buried on 8 Jun 1871 in Abney Park Cemetery, Stoke Newington, London. They had eight children: **Samuel Lloyd, Rachel Maria, Elizabeth, Robert Luke, Theodore, David, Eliot**, and **Alfred**.

General Notes: **2 June 1871, Fri**: A fine morning but very cold North wind, Rode with Lottie over the Downs until we looked down upon Lewes, then home, lunch, read the Titchborne case to Minnie . Wilson Fox left a telegram he had received David Howard announcing Uncle Howard's death at Ashmore near Shaftsbury this morning - Wilson called. **8 June 1871, Thurs**: then met Minnie, Alfred Lloyd Fox & May Jane & Rachel Leatham and went to Uncle Howard's funeral at Abney Park Cemetery- we joined the procession as it came over Stamford Hill - a large attendance of Howards, Wilsons, Staceys; A curious cross-bred service, not much to my mind. Cousin J. Hodgkin's prayer at the grave an exception. *The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.* (unpublished)

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manufacturing Chemist. Luke Howard & Co. In Plaistow, Essex.

16-**Lt. Col. Samuel Lloyd Howard**¹² was born on 13 Dec 1827 in Tottenham, London and died on 3 Feb 1901 in Mentone, France at age 73.

General Notes: CB. VD. DL.

Samuel married **Caroline Ball**,¹² daughter of **Richard Ball**^{2,47,56} and **Mary Beck Ash**, on 27 Oct 1853 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Caroline was born on 30 Dec 1829 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 15 Dec 1853 in Tottenham, London at age 23. They had no children.

Samuel next married **Emily Ray**,¹² daughter of **George Ray**, on 9 Aug 1855 in Ackworth. Emily died on 5 Feb 1903 in Loughton, Essex. They had no children.

16-**Rachel Maria Howard**^{2,12,29,225,293,321} was born on 20 Apr 1830 in Tottenham, London and died on 3 Aug 1868 in Leytonstone, London at age 38.

Rachel married **William Fowler**,^{2,7,12,29,69,198,225,241,247,293,321,322} son of **John Fowler**^{2,7,116,229,322} and **Rebecca Hull**,^{2,7,322} on 9 Aug 1855 in FMH Ackworth. William was born on 28 Jul 1828 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 16 Sep 1904 in Folkestone, Kent at age 76, and was buried in Tunbridge Wells, Kent. They had eight children: **William Herbert, Howard, Elizabeth Mary, Rachel Katherine, Mabel, Thomas Mackenzie, Caroline Joanna**, and **Gerald**.

General Notes: James Butler, a relation - possibly a brother - of John Theobald Butler, was in the steel business in (I think) Leeds. At any rate, Butlers' steel works seems to have functioned in close collaboration with John Fowler & Co (steel plough & later traction engine manufacturers of Leeds) of which company William Fowler was chairman, succeeding his brother John Fowler, the founder of the company who had died at an early age from tetanus poisoning. *(Sir J. Gurney Pease Bt., notes)*

Fowler, William (1828– 1905), financier and politician, born at Melksham, Wiltshire, on 28 July 1828, was the fourth son of John Fowler (1792– 1861) and his wife, Rebecca Hull (1799– 1842), daughter of William and Jenny Hull of Uxbridge. His family were zealous members of the Society of Friends (Quakers) and his grandfather Robert Fowler (1755– 1825) was for many years a Quaker minister having a 'concern' for the people of Ireland and France. In 1790 he had married Rachael Barnard (1767– 1833) of Coalbrookdale. This union had provided links with the great Quaker dynasties— the Wilsons of Kendal, the Peases of Darlington, the Waterhouses of Liverpool, the Lloyds of Birmingham, and the Gurneys of Norwich.

After receiving a rudimentary education in Melksham (1836– 45), in 1845 Fowler was sent to University College in London. He was always regarded as the brightest of John Fowler's five sons and in 1849 at the age of twenty obtained a BA with honours in classics and mathematics. In 1850 he graduated LLB and became a fellow of the college. He

Descendants of Thomas Forster

then joined the chambers of Hugh Cairns, later lord chancellor, and became an equity draftsman and conveyancer. In 1852 he was called to the bar at the Inner Temple. In 1856 he joined Cuncliffe Alexander & Co. of Lombard Street.

Alexanders, Overend and Gurney, and the National Discount Company constituted at this time the 'big three' bill brokers in the City. After 1860 Overend and Gurney became involved in a series of unfortunate transactions. There was a run on the banks, precipitated not by the size of the firm's losses but by the ensuing publicity, and they were ruined. The great crash, known as 'black Friday' came on 11 May 1866. British credit sustained a severe blow which took many years to recover. Fowler, then a partner in Alexander & Co., was at the centre of this disaster which left him financially embarrassed for many years. He published *The Crisis of 1866: a Financial Essay* (1866). On his retirement from Alexander & Co. in 1877 Fowler was appointed a director of the National Discount Company and various other City institutions.

In November 1868 Fowler stood for parliament as a Liberal candidate, and won the Cambridge seat, which he held until defeated in February 1874. He took a particular interest in the concentration of landownership; a Cobden Club essay by him on the laws affecting the tenure of land was published in 1872. His parliamentary speech on the Contagious Diseases Acts was also published (1870). He was a patron of the Howard League for prison reform. After standing unsuccessfully for Northampton in October 1874, he regained his Cambridge seat in April 1880 but lost it again in November 1885. Declining to follow Gladstone's Irish home-rule policy, he unsuccessfully stood for Perth as a Liberal Unionist in July 1886. He remained a keen supporter of free trade. His essay on the appreciation of gold was published by the Cobden Club in 1886; an essay by him on Indian currency appeared in 1899.

Following the death in 1864 of his elder brother John Fowler, 'father of the steam plough', William Fowler became a junior partner with his younger, unmarried brother Barnard Fowler (1833– 1882) in the manufacturing business founded by John in Leeds. Their elder brother Robert Fowler (1825– 1888) was senior partner. When the company became incorporated in 1886, the three brothers, together with their nephew Robert Henry Fowler (1851– 1919), son of Henry Fowler (1823– 1880), the eldest of the Fowler brothers, became directors. William Fowler was chairman of the company from 1888 until his death. He took little part in the day-to-day management of the company, but regularly attended board meetings and social events such as the foreman's annual dinner. His last appearance was at the company's seventeenth annual general meeting, held in Lombard Street in December 1903.

Fowler married three times. First, on 9 August 1855, he married Rachel Maria, daughter of Robert Howard of Ackworth in Yorkshire, a manufacturing chemist. Her mother was one of the Birmingham Lloyd family. They had four sons and four daughters before she died in 1868. Second, in 1871 he married Elizabeth Fox, daughter of Francis Tuckett of Frenchay, near Bristol. She died later the same year. Third, in 1875 he married Rachel, née Pease, widow of Charles Albert Leatham of York and daughter of Joseph Pease MP [see under Pease, Edward]. Her younger sister Elizabeth Lucy Pease was the wife of William's brother John. William Fowler died in Folkestone, Kent, on 16 September 1905 and was buried in Tunbridge Wells four days later. Several obituary notices described him as a man of remarkable powers, with a tender heart.

Michael R. Lane

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple in 1852.
- He worked as a Banker, Cuncliffe Alexander & Co. In 1856 in Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a partner in the bank, Alexander & Co. In Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cambridge in 1868-1874.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cambridge in 1880-1885.
- He worked as a Mountaineer.
- He had a residence in Moor Hall, Essex.

17-**William Herbert Fowler**¹² was born on 28 May 1856 in Tottenham, London and died on 15 Apr 1941 in London at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP for Somerset.
- He worked as a Banker.
- He worked as a Golf Course Architect.
- He had a residence in Chussex, Walton on the Hill, Epsom, Surrey.

William married **Ethel Mary Brand**, daughter of **James Brand** and **Mary Julia Simpson**, on 3 Jul 1890 in Sanderstead, Surrey. Ethel was born on 27 Jul 1862 in Bedford Hill House, Balham, London, was christened on 12 Sep 1862 in St. Leonard's, Streatham, London, and died on 26 May 1950 in London at age 87. They had one daughter: **Mabel Phyllis Joan**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Mabel Phyllis Joan Fowler** was born on 21 Oct 1893 in Claremont, Taunton, Somerset and died on 2 Sep 1946 in London at age 52.

17-**Howard Fowler**² was born on 20 Oct 1857 in Tottenham, London and died on 6 May 1934 in Glebelands, Burnham on Sea, Somerset at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Glebelands, Burnham on Sea, Somerset.
- Miscellaneous: Represented England in Rugby competition.

Howard married **Frances Eva Dewhurst**,² daughter of **George Bakewell Dewhurst** and **Frances Adamina Lucy**, on 20 Apr 1887 in Oughtrington, Cheshire. Frances was born on 23 Apr 1862 in Lymm, Cheshire and died on 15 Dec 1944 in Burnham On Sea at age 82. They had three children: **Ralph Howard**, **Dorothy Rachel**, and **Christopher George**.

18-**Prof. Sir Ralph Howard Fowler**^{2,323} was born on 17 Jan 1889 in Feddsen, Roydon, Essex, died on 28 Jul 1944 in Cromwell House, Trumpington, Cambridge at age 55, and was buried on 2 Aug 1944 in Cremated at Cambridge.

General Notes: OBE. FRS. In 1919 Fowler returned to Trinity and was appointed college lecturer in mathematics in 1920. Here he worked on thermodynamics and statistical mechanics, bringing a new approach to physical chemistry. With Arthur Milne he wrote a seminal work on stellar spectra, temperatures, and pressures. In 1925 he was made a Fellow of the Royal Society. In 1926 he worked with Paul Dirac on the statistical mechanics of white dwarf stars. In 1928 he published (with Lothar Nordheim) a seminal paper that explained the physical phenomenon now known as field electron emission, and helped to establish the validity of modern electron band theory. In 1932 he was elected to the Chair of Theoretical Physics at the Cavendish Laboratory.

In 1939, when the Second World War began, he resumed his work with the Ordnance Board, despite poor health, and was chosen for scientific liaison with Canada and the United States. He knew America well, having visiting professorships at Princeton and the University of Wisconsin-Madison. For this liaison work he was knighted in 1942 (see MAUD Committee). He returned to Britain later in the war and worked for the Ordnance Board and the Admiralty up a few weeks before his death in 1944.

Fifteen Fellows of the Royal Society and three Nobel Laureates were supervised by Fowler between 1922 and 1939. In addition to Milne, he worked with Sir Arthur Eddington, Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar, Paul Dirac, Sir William McCrea. It was Fowler who introduced Paul Dirac to quantum theory in 1923. Fowler also put Dirac and Werner Heisenberg in touch with each other through Niels Bohr. At Cambridge he supervised the doctoral studies of 64 students, including John Lennard-Jones, Paul Dirac and Garrett Birkhoff.

Fowler, Peter Howard (1923– 1996), physicist, was born on 27 February 1923 in Cambridge, the elder son and eldest of four children of Sir Ralph Howard Fowler (1889– 1944), mathematical physicist, and his wife, Eileen Mary (d. 1930), only daughter of Ernest Rutherford, Baron Rutherford of Nelson. He had reached the age of only seven when his mother died after his young sister was born. By great good fortune Phyllida and Derek Cook, friends of his parents, moved into the Fowler home, Cromwell House in Trumpington. The four Fowler children (Peter, Elizabeth, Patrick, and Ruth) and the three Cook children (Lesley, Joanna, and Allison) grew up as one large, and by all accounts, happy family, with only eight years between the eldest and youngest child. Fowler's first exposure to formal education was at his nursery school, the Malting House, Cambridge. In his report for the winter term of 1927, Mr Slavson wrote:

Peter's interest in fires still persists but we have succeeded both in extending that interest into other channels than merely bonfire and to divert it ... Peter is outstandingly of an experimental and investigatory nature, but, at the present time, these tendencies are focused around fire. (Wolfendale, 178)

All this was at the age of four! His traits of experimental skill which were to blossom in later life were already apparent. From an early age Fowler was fascinated by the weather, and especially clouds. This interest in meteorology could well have stemmed from his ancestor Luke Howard (1772– 1864), Quaker, meteorologist, and business man. Howard was credited with classifying cloud types— cirrus, nimbus, cumulus, and stratus— and inspiring Constable and indeed Goethe. At seven Fowler left the Malting House to board at his preparatory school, Summer Fields at Oxford. This was a deeply unhappy experience and in later life he vowed never to send his own children away at such a tender age. The choice of Winchester College as his public school was probably strongly influenced by his father, who had been a scholar there. He was a popular pupil, keenly interested in experimental science, an unusual attribute for Wykehamists at that time. His choice of Bristol University came about primarily because his father had a high regard for Professor Arthur Tyndall and the Bristol physics department. After two years of wartime Bristol he joined the Royal Air Force, became a radar officer, and, as he wrote, 'benefited from a course on radio physics from Professor Nevill Mott and others' (Wolfendale, 178). His time in the RAF was eventful. His notable success related to the 'Gee' navigational aid. By 1944 the allies had developed this aid to guide bombers in the raids on the continent. The Germans, in their turn, constructed a powerful radio jammer to disable it. In a very short time Fowler, as a signals officer at Dover, devised a method of locating the jamming station in a manner not foreseen by the Germans. The station, which was located on a mountain at the Feldberg, near Frankfurt, was quickly destroyed.

In 1946 Fowler was released from the RAF and returned to Bristol to resume his undergraduate studies. By this time he had already shown an interest in cosmic rays. In a letter to his grandmother, Lady Rutherford, Tyndall wrote, in February 1947:

Descendants of Thomas Forster

shortly before he left, earlier in the war, my colleague Dr [Cecil] Powell had developed a new technique for studying particles from atomic nuclei by firing them into a photographic plate and measuring the minute tracks which showed up when the plate was developed. We had already given Peter, as an inquisitive student, an opportunity at that stage of measuring a few of these before he joined the RAF. His experience with photographic plates allowed him to participate in a series of experiments which led to three research papers. (Wolfendale, 179)

All three papers were published in 1947 with Fowler as an author. This was after only one year of degree-level physics. After graduating in 1948, he was immediately appointed an assistant lecturer, and in 1951 he was appointed lecturer. He was extremely fortunate in falling for Rosemary Hempson Brown (b. 1925/6), whom he married on 23 July 1949. She was the daughter of Rear-Admiral George Herbert Hempson Brown and was herself a physicist, having obtained a first in physics in 1947. She became a research student in Cecil Powell's group and after Fowler graduated in 1948 the two worked together. She was happy to give up her research to provide him with the family life which he longed for after his years of boarding-school and the RAF. Their long and happy marriage was blessed with three daughters, who all read science at university.

Although he was very active in the Bristol work, Fowler arrived just too late to share in the glory of the discovery of the pion (by C. M. G. Lattes and others in 1947), the discovery that was to earn Powell the Nobel prize. Nevertheless, Fowler's activities were acknowledged by Powell in his Nobel address, and after her husband's death Mrs Powell gave the Fowlers his presentation copy of *The Prix Nobel* (1950). Fowler's forte was the detailed, and at times inspired, understanding of the emulsion technique. A significant discovery was that of the heavy tau meson, later termed the kaon (work carried out with his wife-to-be and others). This atomic particle decays into three pions and is now known to be one of the 'strange particles', the first of which were discovered in the elegant cloud-chamber experiments of G. D. Rochester and C. C. Butler in 1947. An early colleague of that period was D. H. Perkins, himself a distinguished nuclear emulsion physicist, and in 1959 they, with Powell, produced a major work: *The Study of Elementary Particles by the Photographic Method*. This book of over 600 pages became a bible for all those working in the field of cosmic rays— and not just those using the emulsion technique. Fowler also worked with Perkins on studies of the possible use of negative pion beams for cancer therapy, a technique that was, then, ahead of its time.

The 1950s saw Fowler produce a steady stream of papers devoted to elementary particle physics using the emulsion technique. Balloon launches with increasingly massive payloads became commonplace. However, an interest in astrophysics was developing and this led to a number of discoveries, including the demonstration that very light atomic nuclei in the cosmic radiation come from the fragmentation of heavier nuclei on collision with the nuclei of gas in the gas between the stars. From September 1956 to June 1957 Fowler was visiting professor in the University of Minnesota, where heavy nuclei in the cosmic radiation had been originally discovered. In 1958 he was offered a permanent appointment by the University of Minnesota— as a full professor— but what turned out to be a minor health problem prevented him from taking up the post. Fowler's research work was recognized by the University of Bristol in 1958 by the award of a DSc and in 1961 by his promotion to reader. Election to the Royal Society followed in 1964. An honour which gave him, and many others, particular pleasure, was his appointment as Royal Society research professor in the same year.

In the late 1960s Fowler had become interested in the gas-scintillation process as yet another technique to use in his pursuit of the heavy primary cosmic rays. After development work, and a balloon-borne instrument, a detector was made for the last all-British satellite, Ariel VI. Ariel VI was launched on 24 May 1979 and the Bristol detector accumulated very significant data on the abundance of the heavy primary cosmic rays. The analysis of the data took many years, but the results turned out to be both exciting and unexpected, not least the presence of very heavy nuclei. It was with these nuclei (having charge $Z > 70$) that Fowler's name came to be identified; here, an exotic mechanism transcending the standard model had to be postulated. Mention should also be made of his work following the Chernobyl disaster on 26 April 1986. There were many British students reading Russian and studying in Russia at the time, mostly in the vicinity of Kiev, and thus potentially at risk. Bristol was much involved and Fowler's knowledge of radiation and meteorology was of considerable value. Discussions between the University of Bristol, Fowler, and the Nuclear Radiological Protection Board resulted in the students' being brought home about three days after the disaster.

After retiring from the university in 1988, Fowler developed an association with Rolls-Royce, where he studied the temperature of turbine blades, work which was carried out with Peter Stewart, a Rolls-Royce engineer. The principle of the method was to determine the thermal broadening of the narrow resonance lines generated when epithermal neutrons are absorbed by specific metals. Alas, for financial reasons Rolls-Royce did not proceed with the necessary funding, but the technique was of great interest. Fowler was also chairman of the Herschel House Trust in Bath for many years, on behalf of the Royal Society. The house was where William Herschel made his celebrated discovery of the planet Uranus in 1781. In many ways Fowler and Herschel were alike— both had great technical skill and both were fascinated by the cosmos.

Fowler was a great family man, devoted husband of Rosemary, and a proud father. As a younger man he had enjoyed cricket and squash, and in later life his principal relaxation, aided and abetted by Rosemary, was his garden, and their efforts were often rewarded by prizes at local flower shows. He died of heart failure at his home, 320 Canford Lane, Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, on 8 November 1996, and was buried in Bristol. He was survived by his wife and three daughters. A memorial service was held at Bristol Cathedral on 18 April 1997.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE FRS.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He was educated at Horris Hill.
- He was educated at Winchester College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Mathematical physicist and Weapons researcher.
- He worked as a Captain & assistant director,anti-aircraft experimental section before 1918 in Whale Island, Portsmouth, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Lecturer in mathematics in 1920 in Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Plummer Professor of mathematical physics in 1932 in Cambridge.

Ralph married **Hon. Eileen Mary Rutherford**, daughter of **Sir Ernest Rutherford Lord Rutherford Of Nelson**² and **Mary Georgina Newton**, on 6 Dec 1921. Eileen was born on 30 Mar 1901 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada and died on 23 Dec 1930 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 29. They had four children: **Peter Howard**, **Elizabeth Rutherford**, **Eliot Patrick**, and **Ruth Eileen**.

19-**Prof. Peter Howard Fowler**² was born on 27 Feb 1923 in Cambridge, died on 8 Nov 1996 in 320 Canford Lane, Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol at age 73, and was buried in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: Fowler, Peter Howard (1923– 1996), physicist, was born on 27 February 1923 in Cambridge, the elder son and eldest of four children of Sir Ralph Howard Fowler (1889– 1944), mathematical physicist, and his wife, Eileen Mary (d. 1930), only daughter of Ernest Rutherford, Baron Rutherford of Nelson. He had reached the age of only seven when his mother died after his young sister was born. By great good fortune Phyllida and Derek Cook, friends of his parents, moved into the Fowler home, Cromwell House in Trumpington. The four Fowler children (Peter, Elizabeth, Patrick, and Ruth) and the three Cook children (Lesley, Joanna, and Allison) grew up as one large, and by all accounts, happy family, with only eight years between the eldest and youngest child. Fowler's first exposure to formal education was at his nursery school, the Malting House, Cambridge. In his report for the winter term of 1927, Mr Slavson wrote:

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Descendants of Thomas Forster

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Fowler was a great family man, devoted husband of Rosemary, and a proud father. As a younger man he had enjoyed cricket and squash, and in later life his principal relaxation, aided and abetted by Rosemary, was his garden, and their efforts were often rewarded by prizes at local flower shows. He died of heart failure at his home, 320 Canford Lane, Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, on 8 November 1996, and was buried in Bristol. He was survived by his wife and three daughters. A memorial service was held at Bristol Cathedral on 18 April 1997.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He was educated at Winchester College.
- He worked as a Nuclear emulsion physicist and Heavy primary cosmic ray researcher.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Herschel House Trust in Bath, Somerset.

Peter married **Rosemary Hempson Brown**, daughter of **Rear Admiral George Hempson Brown** and **Ida Mary Hempson**. They had three children: **Christine Mary Rutherford**, **Rosemary Anne**, and **(No Given Name)**.

20-**Prof. Christine Mary Rutherford Fowler**

20-**Rosemary Anne Fowler**

20-Fowler

19-Elizabeth Rutherford Fowler

Elizabeth married **Henry Shearer Taylor**, son of **Ernest Meinz Taylor** and **Mary Jessie Caldwell Clark**, on 20 Aug 1949 in Trumpington, Cambridge. Henry was born on 10 Sep 1920 in Gosforth, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. They had six children: **Harriet Rutherford**, **Jane Clarke**, **Polly Fowler**, **Kitty Ruth**, **Susan Elizabeth**, and **Henry Rutherford "Toby"**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Macclesfield, Cheshire.
- He had a residence in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.
- He had a residence in Tavistock, Devon.
- He had a residence in Spark Bridge, Ulverston, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Grange over Sands, Cumbria.

20-Harriet Rutherford Taylor

Harriet married **Peter Smith**.

20-Jane Clarke Taylor

20-Polly Fowler Taylor

20-Kitty Ruth Taylor

20-Susan Elizabeth Taylor

20-Henry Rutherford "Toby" Taylor

19-Eliot Patrick Fowler

Eliot married **Kathleen Nellie Rowles**, daughter of **Coriolanus Rowles** and **Kathleen Nellie Partridge**. They had two children: **Eileen Joanna** and **Rachel Margaret**.

20-Eileen Joanna Fowler

20-Rachel Margaret Fowler

19-Dr. Ruth Eileen Fowler

Ruth married **Prof. Sir Robert Geoffrey Edwards**, son of **Samuel Edwards**. Robert was born on 27 Sep 1925 in Batley, Yorkshire and died on 10 Apr 2013 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE FRS.
- He was awarded with Nobel Prize for Physiology or Medicine in 2010.
- He worked as a Physiologist and pioneer in Reproductive Medicine.
- His obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph 11th April 2013.

18-Dorothy Rachel Fowler² was born on 18 May 1891 in Harlow, Essex.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Golfer, representing England 1921 To 1928.

18-**Christopher George Fowler**² was born on 9 May 1895 in Roydon and died on 6 Apr 1917 in Killed In Action. Ecoust St Mein, Somme at age 21.

17-**Elizabeth Mary Fowler**¹² was born on 3 Mar 1859 in Tottenham, London and died on 5 Jun 1927 in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire at age 68.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.

Elizabeth married **Edward Exton Barclay**,^{12,324} son of **Joseph Gurney Barclay**^{7,33,69,70,293,317,325,326} and **Margaret Exton**,^{69,293} on 31 Jul 1883 in FMH Wanstead. Edward was born on 16 Feb 1860 in Leyton, London and died on 4 Mar 1948 in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire at age 88. Another name for Edward was Ted Barclay. They had three children: **Katherine Joan**, **Maurice Edward**, and **Geoffrey William**.

Marriage Notes: **31 July 1883, Tues:** Capital division last night, 99 for the Government, shows how silly Sir Stafford Northcote's resolution was. At my letters - then to Arthur's and with him & Mary to Wanstead meeting house to attend the wedding of Edward Barclay to Bessie Fowler - Lottie a bridesmaid, Albert (*Joseph Albert Pease*) , best man, sermons from Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin & Ann Fowler, prayer from Ann - walked back to Forest House where we had a sumptuous dejeuner; a great number of relatives & friends there, Barclays, Fowlers, Buxtons, Hoares; returned to Town with W.H. Leatham and John Bright - House - & attended steadily until the Agricultural Holdings Bill passed through Report. Then home and to bed well tired; Bernhard Samuelson at Gladstone's appeal will not go on with his motion tomorrow . News about Carey is confirmed, he was shot by a man of the name of O'Donell. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

General Notes: Godfather to Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.. Always referred to as "Ted Barclay".

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP MFH.
- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate in 1877.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He resided at Cedar Lawn in 1888 in Leyton, London.
- He worked as a Banker and partner in Barclay, Bevan, Tritton & Co. In 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He resided at Brent Pelham Hall in 1896 in Brent Pelham, Buntingford, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Master of the Puckeridge Foxhounds.
- He was a Quaker.

18-**Katherine Joan Barclay** was born on 12 Aug 1884 in Leyton, London. Another name for Katherine was Kitty Barclay.

Katherine married **Edward Charles Dimsdale**, son of **Charles Robert Southwell Dimsdale Baron Dimsdale of The Russian Empire** and **Alice Monk**, on 12 Oct 1910 in Brent Pelham, Buntingford, Hertfordshire. Edward was born on 20 Dec 1883 in London and died on 18 May 1915 in Killed In Action at age 31. They had two children: **Thomas Edward** and **John Robert**.

19-**Thomas Edward Dimsdale Baron Dimsdale of The Russian Empire** was born on 11 Oct 1911 in Blackheath, London and died in 1985 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 74.

Thomas married **Elizabeth Mary Chapman**, daughter of **Capt. Wilfrid Hubert Chapman**⁶⁷ and **May Campbell Sinclair**, on 31 Jul 1937 in Barkway. Elizabeth was born on 22 Apr 1911 in Karachi and died in 1991 at age 80. They had three children: **Robert Edward**, **Wilfred Thomas**, and **Susan Mary**.

20-**Robert Edward Dimsdale**

20-**Wilfred Thomas Dimsdale**

20-**Susan Mary Dimsdale**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**John Robert Dimsdale** was born on 16 Oct 1913 in Colchester, Essex and died on 14 May 1951 in A Racing Accident at age 37.

John married **Ann Wilfrida Sinclair Chapman**, daughter of **Capt. Wilfrid Hubert Chapman**⁶⁷ and **May Campbell Sinclair**, on 22 Apr 1936 in Barkway. Ann was born on 31 Dec 1913 in Karachi and died on 3 Jun 1944 in Royston, Barnsley, Yorkshire at age 30. They had three children: **Cecilia Wilfrida**, **Charles Wilfrid**, and **Ann Margaret Joan**.

20-**Cecilia Wilfrida Dimsdale**

Cecilia married **Paul Francis Powell Williams**, son of **Rev. Dr. N. P. Williams**.

20-**Charles Wilfrid Dimsdale**

20-**Ann Margaret Joan Dimsdale**

John next married **Patricia Rosemary Graves**, daughter of **Walter Randolph Bernard** and **Millicent Olive Graves**. They had one son: **Jonathan Campion**.

20-**Jonathan Campion Dimsdale**

18-**Maj. Maurice Edward Barclay** was born on 10 Sep 1886 in Leyton, London and died on 9 Nov 1962 in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE TD DL JP.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the Norfolk Yeomanry.
- He worked as a Joint Master of the Puckeridge Hunt, initially with his father in 1910-1962.
- He had a residence in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire.

Maurice married **Margaret Eleanor Pryor**, daughter of **Marlborough Robert Pryor**⁸⁷ and **Catherine Alice Hammond Solly**,⁸⁷ on 30 Aug 1916 in Weston, Hertfordshire. Margaret was born on 27 Sep 1887 in Weston, Hertfordshire and died after 1925. They had three children: **Charles Geoffrey Edward**, **Pamela Mary**, and **William Maurice**.

19-**Charles Geoffrey Edward Barclay** was born on 13 Aug 1919 in London and died on 5 Jul 2002 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Of Brent Pelham Hall.

Charles married **Laura Mary Slingsby**, daughter of **Thomas Slingsby** and **Dorothy Everard Turle**, on 14 Jun 1947 in Clavering. Laura was born on 30 Dec 1920 in Sandgate, Kent. They had four children: **Diana Margaret**, **Thomas**, **Robert**, and **Maurice**.

20-**Diana Margaret Barclay**

Diana married **Pyper**.

20-**Thomas Barclay**

20-**Robert Barclay**

20-**Maurice Barclay**

19-**Pamela Mary Barclay**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Pamela married **Rev. Laurence Alexander Robertson**, son of **Mannering Robertson** and **Nora Kathleen Parsons**. They had three children: **Mary Melian**, **David Maurice Durdin**, and **Anna Margaret**.

20-Mary Melian Robertson

20-David Maurice Durdin Robertson was born on 1 Mar 1952 and died on 15 Apr 2009 at age 57.

20-Anna Margaret Robertson

19-William Maurice Barclay was born on 5 Nov 1924 in Brent Pelham Hall, Buntingford, Hertfordshire and died on 25 Feb 1944 in Killed At Sea. Sinking of HMS Mahratta at age 19.

18-Maj. Geoffrey William Barclay was born on 4 Dec 1891 in Roydon Lodge, Essex, died on 29 Jul 1916 in Killed In Action Ypres at age 24, and was buried in Essex Farm Cemetery, West-Vlaanderen, Belgium. Grave III. A. 5.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He was educated at Eton College in Windsor, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Master of the Eton College Hunt.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Master of the Trinity Foot Beagles.
- He worked as an officer of the 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade.

17-Rachel Katherine Fowler²⁹ was born on 3 Mar 1859 in Tottenham, London and died on 18 Dec 1860 in Tottenham, London. (19th December given in AM) at age 1.

17-Mabel Fowler³²¹ was born on 27 Dec 1860 in Tottenham, London and died on 10 Jun 1863 in Tottenham, London at age 2.

17-Thomas Mackenzie Fowler was born on 8 Aug 1862 in Tottenham, London and died on 5 Dec 1925 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Financier.
- He had a residence in 1883-1901 in 43 Grosvenor Square, London.

17-Caroline Joanna Fowler¹² was born on 17 Nov 1864 in Tottenham, London, died on 25 Oct 1922 in Penrith, Cumbria at age 57, and was buried in Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex.

Caroline married **Wilson Pease**,^{12,327} son of **Gurney Pease**^{7,12,178,229,241,327} and **Katherine Wilson**,^{7,12,178,229,241,327} on 6 Dec 1894 in St. Mark's, Audley St., London. Wilson was born on 9 Nov 1867 in Woodside, Darlington, County Durham, died on 17 Jun 1923 in 22 Mount Street, London at age 55, and was buried in Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex.

General Notes: Pease, Wilson. Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 4, 1886. S. of Gurney, of Darlington. School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough. Matric. Michs. 1886; B.A. 1889. Called to the Bar, Inner Temple, Nov. 19, 1894. Died June 17, 1923. Brother of Harold G. (1882) and John H. (1890). King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Law Lists.)

Mon 18 June 1923 -Had a letter from Katie Routledge *[to]* say that Wilson Pease died in his sleep at 22 Mount Street on the Sat 16-Sun 17 night after being in his usual health on the Saturday - The nicest of all deaths, he was 55 & the first of 3 brothers & 2 sisters to go - A most pleasant creature to be with, gentle, sensible & with a turn of wit & taste - He never did any work & had no need to, had few cares & only one great sorrow - *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Descendants of Thomas Forster

The sorrow, was perhaps not simply the loss of his wife, but probably the decision not to have had any children. *Charles E. G. Pease*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple in 1893.
- He had a residence in 22 Mount Street, London.

17-**Gerald Fowler** was born on 27 Jul 1866 in Leytonstone, London and died on 24 May 1916 in Taunton, Somerset at age 49.

Gerald married **Ethel Ada Dewhurst**, daughter of **George Bakewell Dewhurst** and **Frances Adamina Lucy**, on 19 Oct 1899 in London. Ethel was born on 20 Apr 1870 in Brighton, East Sussex and died on 13 Jul 1950 in Taunton, Somerset at age 80.

16-**Elizabeth Howard**²²⁵ was born on 29 May 1832 in Tottenham, London and died on 18 Sep 1915 in Tottenham, London at age 83.

16-**Robert Luke Howard**^{12,225} was born on 8 Oct 1834 in Tottenham, London and died on 15 Nov 1919 in Ravensbourne, Teignmouth, Devon at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an apprentice engineer to Fowler & Fry, engineers in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as an Engineer. He purchased Hayward Tyler & Co.
- He worked as a Chairman of Hayward Tyler & Co.
- He had a residence in Ravensbourne, Teignmouth, Devon.

Robert married **Henrietta Maria Fox**,^{12,225} daughter of **Henry Fox**^{8,12,26,218,275} and **Rachel Crewdson**,^{8,12,26,218} on 14 Mar 1861 in Wellington, Somerset. Henrietta was born on 13 Jun 1837 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 25 Oct 1891 in Mackery End, St. Albans, Hertfordshire at age 54. They had seven children: **Mary, Robert Llewellyn, Rachel Edith, Mariabella, Henry Fox, Edward Norman**, and **Charles Reginald**.

General Notes: 11 Sept 1858, Sat: Rachel *Elizabeth Fox* tells me that Henrietta Fox's (1837-1891) engagement to *William Wakefield* is broken off on the score of his ill health poor girl.

The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

17-**Mary Howard**¹² was born on 11 Jan 1862 in Tottenham, London and died on 17 Jan 1943 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 81.

18-**Mary Janet Lloyd** was born on 13 Jul 1886 in Brooklands, St. Albans, Hertfordshire and died in 1969 at age 83.

18-**Rachel Caroline Lloyd** was born on 21 Apr 1888 in Brooklands, St. Albans, Hertfordshire and died in 1966 at age 78.

17-**Robert Llewellyn Howard**¹² was born on 16 Aug 1863 in Tottenham, London and died on 27 Aug 1901 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire at age 38.

Robert married **Lela Cook**, daughter of **Reuben Cook** and **Elizabeth**, on 9 Jan 1895 in Douglasville, Georgia, USA. Lela was born on 9 Feb 1870 in Fairburn, Georgia, USA and died on 7 Oct 1929 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA at age 59. They had one daughter: **Henrietta Lloyd**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1915 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA.

18-**Henrietta Lloyd Howard** was born on 22 Jul 1896 in Gainsville, Georgia and died on 4 Jul 1925 in Gainsville, Georgia at age 28.

17-**Rachel Edith Howard** was born on 24 Sep 1865 in Tottenham, London and died on 24 Jul 1931 in Palamcottah, India at age 65.

17-**Mariabella Howard**¹² was born on 1 Apr 1867 in Tottenham, London and died on 16 Apr 1942 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 75.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Mariabella married **Elliott Armstrong**,¹² son of **Elliott Armstrong**¹² and **Rachel Mary Thomas**,¹² on 25 Jan 1899 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire. Elliott was born on 12 Aug 1868 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Apr 1925 in Coverack, Cornwall at age 56. They had two children: **Elliott Howard** and **Rachel Fraser**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in The Lawn, Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**Elliott Howard Armstrong**¹² was born on 16 Feb 1900 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lead Manufacturer.

Elliott married **Dorothy Ethel Payne**, daughter of **William Henry Payne** and **Ethel Frances Warrell Allison**, on 12 Jul 1930 in Blackheath, London. Dorothy was born on 23 Dec 1904 in Brockley, London. They had two children: **Jane** and **Ethel Mary**.

19-**Jane Armstrong**

Jane married **Slater**.

19-**Ethel Mary Armstrong**

Ethel married **Brian R. Trussler**, son of **Charles Trussler** and **May Light**.

18-**Rachel Fraser Armstrong**¹² was born on 21 May 1903 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 May 1959 at age 55.

Rachel married **Dr. Reginald Frank White**, son of **Alfred White** and **Kate Cardy**, on 5 Feb 1929 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Reginald was born on 5 Sep 1895 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. They had four children: **Deborah Jean**, **Gillian Audrey**, **Rachel Margaret**, and **John Michael Elliott**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician in General Practice.

19-**Deborah Jean White**

Deborah married **Anthony Thomas Slater**, son of **Albert B. Slater** and **Florence E. Packington**.

19-**Gillian Audrey White**

19-**Rachel Margaret White**

Rachel married **Roderick Hancock Dore**, son of **Gerald Leo Hancock Dore** and **Barbara Gadesby**. They had one daughter: **Sheila Rachel**.

20-**Sheila Rachel Dore**

19-**John Michael Elliott White**

17-**Henry Fox Howard**¹² was born on 3 Dec 1868 in Tottenham, London and died on 9 Apr 1944 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME.
- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He had a residence in Crescent Rise, Luton, Bedfordshire.
- He worked as an Engineer.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Henry married **Margaret Hardy**,¹² daughter of **Charles Hardy** and **Eliza Frances Sherring**, on 20 Apr 1898 in Finchley, London. Margaret was born on 22 Sep 1875 in Clapton, London. They had five children: **Henry Weston**, **Charles Sherring**, **Frances Margaret**, **Robert Clement**, and **Bryan Luke**.

18-**Henry Weston Howard** was born on 10 Jan 1899 in Luton, Bedfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer, Hayward Tyler & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Eastern Regional Board for Industry.

Henry married **Christian Alice Eugenie Askwith**, daughter of **Thomas Askwith** and **Maria Eugenie Johnson**, on 6 Jun 1927 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire. Christian was born on 6 Jun 1899 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire. They had four children: **Robert Weston**, **Thomas Reginald**, **Frances Christian**, and **Charles Nowell**.

19-**Rev. Robert Weston Howard** was born on 19 Apr 1928 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk In Holy Orders.

Robert married **Mary Lennard-Jones**, daughter of **Prof. Sir John Edward Lennard-Jones** and **Kathleen Mary Lennard**. They had two children: **Katharine Mary** and **Michael Weston**.

20-**Katharine Mary Howard**

20-**Michael Weston Howard**

19-**Thomas Reginald Howard** was born on 9 Apr 1930 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer.

Thomas married **Penelope Ambrosine Byerley**.

19-**Frances Christian Howard**

Frances married **John Christopher Webb**, son of **Christopher Rohere Webb** and **Mary Curtis Marsh**. They had two children: **Margaret Alice** and **Caroline**.

20-**Margaret Alice Webb**

20-**Caroline Webb**

19-**Charles Nowell Howard**

18-**Rev. Charles Sherring Howard** was born on 15 Mar 1901 in Luton, Bedfordshire and died on 19 Jul 1954 in Plymouth, Devon at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Keble College, Oxford.

Charles married **Isett Elizabeth Hardy**, daughter of **George Bernard Hardy** and **Elizabeth Hill**. They had three children: **Bernard Peter Fox**, **John Charles Joseph**, and **Andrew Bryan**.

19-**Bernard Peter Fox Howard**

19-**John Charles Joseph Howard**

19-Andrew Bryan Howard

18-Frances Margaret Howard was born on 4 Nov 1905 in Luton, Bedfordshire.

Frances married **Mayne Bennett Elson**, son of **Robert Elson** and **Rose Bennett**, on 9 Jul 1938 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire. Mayne was born on 8 Feb 1904 in Southport, Lancashire. They had two children: **Robert Howard** and **Rosemary Margaret**.

19-Robert Howard Elson

19-Rosemary Margaret Elson

18-Robert Clement Howard was born on 23 Nov 1907 in Luton, Bedfordshire and died on 14 Feb 1909 in Luton, Bedfordshire at age 1.

18-Bryan Luke Howard

Bryan married **Jean Barbara Todd**, daughter of **James Cameron Todd** and **Eileen Mary Gallaher**.

17-Edward Norman Howard¹² was born on 7 Oct 1872 in Tottenham, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA.

Edward married **Eva Green Jones**,¹² daughter of **Thomas William Jones** and **Elizabeth Hardin**, on 22 Aug 1895 in Gainesville, USA. Eva was born on 24 Oct 1877 in Covington, Georgia, USA. They had three children: **Edith Elizabeth**, **Rachel Evelyn**, and **Henrietta Maria**.

18-Edith Elizabeth Howard was born on 15 May 1896 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA.

Edith married **Horace Leo Wills**, son of **Harry Le Vaque Wills** and **Evelyn Nethercott**, on 12 Jun 1920 in Gainesville, USA. Horace was born on 4 Jul 1896 in Racine, Wisconsin. They had two children: **Joyce Howard** and **Harriet Howard**.

19-Joyce Howard Wills

Joyce married **Russell Roberts Farris**, son of **Frank Russell Farris** and **Harriet Roberts**, on 17 Jan 1943 in Jasper, Georgia. Russell was born on 4 Mar 1922 in Atlanta, Georgia, USA and died in 1989 at age 67. They had four children: **Patricia Joyce**, **Suzanne Maria**, **Candice Yvonne**, and **Russell Roberts**.

20-Patricia Joyce Farris

20-Suzanne Maria Farris

20-Candice Yvonne Farris

20-Russell Roberts Farris

19-Harriet Howard Wills

Harriet married **Virgil Alvin West**, son of **E. S. West**. They had three children: **Donna Lynn**, **Virgil Alvin**, and **Robin Lea**.

20-Donna Lynn West

20-Virgil Alvin West

20-Robin Lea West

18-Rachel Evelyn Howard was born on 3 Mar 1900 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA and died on 29 Sep 1900 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA.

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18-**Henrietta Maria Howard** was born on 11 Aug 1906 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA.

Henrietta married **Lyman Hall Hilliard**, son of **Charles Hilliard** and **Edith Dubose**, on 19 Apr 1930 in Scottsborough, Alabama, USA. Lyman was born on 19 Jan 1906 in Athens, Georgia.

Henrietta next married **Capt. Kenneth Rush Bell MD**, son of **Joseph Francis Bell** and **Orpha Mae Teeter**, on 4 Jan 1936 in Gainesville, USA. Kenneth was born on 9 Jul 1902 in Sanford, Florida, died on 4 Dec 1941 at age 39, and was buried in Evergreen Cemetery, Sanford, Seminole County, Florida, USA. They had three children: **Julianne Howard**, **Norman Howard**, and **Deborah Frances**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician, The Presbyterian Hospital in 1928 in Chicago, Illinois, USA.
- He worked as an US Army Physician.

19-Julianne Howard Bell

Julianne married **Keating Lewis Simons**, son of **Keating Lewis Simons** and **Annie Kiett Walker**. They had three children: **Keating Lewis**, **Evelyn Howard**, and **Julianne Bell**.

20-Keating Lewis Simons

20-Evelyn Howard Symons

20-Julianne Bell Simons

19-Norman Howard Bell

Norman married **Claude Handy**, daughter of **Claude Handy** and **Margaret Duval**.

19-Deborah Frances Bell

Henrietta next married **James King Rankin**, son of **Vance Olney Rankin** and **Johnnie King**, on 24 Sep 1960 in Gainsville, Georgia, U.S.A. James was born on 19 Oct 1903 in Atlanta, Georgia, USA.

17-**Dr. Charles Reginald Howard**¹² was born on 11 Oct 1875 in Tottenham, London, died on 6 Sep 1918 in Anguros, German East Africa. Killed in action at age 42, and was buried in Lumbo British Cemetery. Grave II.C.2.

General Notes: "Charles Reginald HOWARD of Garston House, Frome was educated at Bengoe, Hertfordshire, Repton, Pembroke College, Cambridge and Guy's Hospital, London. Reading a special study of plague, and choosing the subject ""Plague in Zanzibar"" for his medical thesis when sitting for his M.D, he qualified B.A., B.C., M.D., MRCS England in 1906, and L.R.C.P., London. He eventually published a book on the subject. Charles acted as assistant house surgeon at Guy's Hospital, and then went to East Africa as bacteriologist to the Zanzibar government. He served in the Boer War in South Africa with the Dorset Yeomanry, and was awarded the South Africa Medal with five bars. Settling in Frome during 1910, Charles was appointed Medical Officer of Health for the Frome Rural District, and held a number of appointments as examining medical officer for insurance companies. He also held the post of honorary surgeon to the Frome Victoria Hospital, and an assistant medical inspector of schools under the Somerset Education Committee. When the war broke out Charles was commissioned a lieutenant in the RAMC (September 1914), and went to France in charge of the 1st Motor Red Cross Ambulance, he was present at the Mons retreat.

Due to bad health, he returned home, but after recuperation returned to active service with the RAMC. Due to the fact Charles had a good knowledge of the Swahili language, a knowledge of tropical diseases, and with his studies and experiences in Zanzibar, he was selected for service in German East Africa. He was subsequently promoted to Captain and attached to the King's African Rifles, where he served from March 1916 to the date of his death. Charles was serving as acting Lieutenant Colonel, with the expectation of receiving the rank within a day or two when he was killed. A letter from his fellow officers reads, ""On the morning of 6th September the King's African Rifles, 'bumped,' the Hun's main fighting force at Pere. As fierce fighting ensued, the ambulance section, unfortunately, feeling the brunt of it, being centrally placed in the column. Captain Howard, who was the senior medical officer to the column, was seen to rush, when the fight was at its height, towards 'No man's land' endeavouring, it seemed, to pull into safety some badly wounded lying there, and before he could accomplish his objective, he himself fell, shot through the chest dying instantly. We could not recover the body that day, but on the next. He was accorded a full military funeral, every officer being present to pay a last respect. He was most popular and beloved by all out here."" Charles was the youngest son of Mr. Robert Luke Howard of Teignmouth, Devon, formerly of St. Albans. He was married to Hilda Margaret Moore, and had two

Descendants of Thomas Forster

daughters and a son. Source; Frome's Fallen Heroes in The Great War by David L. Adams"

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MD BC FRCS LPCP OBE.
- He was educated at Repton School.
- He was educated at Pembroke College, Cambridge.
- He was educated at Guy's Hospital, London.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Argyll House, Frome, Somerset.

Charles married **Hilda Margaret Moore**,¹² daughter of **Horace Moore** and **Ada Selina Grimwade**, on 27 Feb 1906 in London. Hilda was born on 4 Sep 1882 in Englewood, New Jersey, USA. They had three children: **Audrey Margaret Mary**, **Katherine Elizabeth**, and **Charles Robert Grenville**.

18-Audrey Margaret Mary Howard

Audrey married **Robert Dick Gillespie**, son of **Campbell Gillespie** and **Eleanor Margaret Beattie Chalmers**, on 9 Aug 1930 in London. Robert was born on 15 Dec 1897 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 30 Oct 1945 in London at age 47.

Audrey next married **David Neville Farquharson**.

18-**Katherine Elizabeth Howard** was born on 5 Aug 1909 in Selsdon, Nottinghamshire and died on 18 Apr 1948 in Died as a result of an accident at age 38.

Katherine married **Philip William Hutton**, son of **Charles Herbert Hutton** and **Mabel Garman**.

18-**Dr. Charles Robert Grenville Howard** was born on 19 Sep 1912 in Frome, Somerset.

Charles married **Katherine Grace Glenny**, daughter of **Dr. Elliott Thornton Glenny** and **Jessie Catherine Dence**, on 6 Jun 1936 in Wraxall. Katherine was born on 9 Oct 1911 in Peru and died on 26 Jan 1984 at age 72. They had four children: **Jennifer Katherine**, **Elizabeth Anne**, **Timothy Robert Grenville**, and **Mariabella**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Moorhill Cottage, Burley, Ringwood, Hampshire.

19-Jennifer Katherine Howard

Jennifer married **Edward Neville Combe**, son of **Grp. Capt. Arthur Ronald Combe** and **Doris Helen Beasley**.

19-Elizabeth Anne Howard

19-Dr. Timothy Robert Grenville Howard

19-Mariabella Howard

Robert next married **Edith Harriet Percival Smith**, daughter of **George Percival Smith**³²⁵ and **Martha Capron**, on 9 Apr 1896 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire. Edith was born in 1853 and died on 12 Aug 1932 in Steyning, West Sussex at age 79.

16-**Theodore Howard**^{8,12,225} was born on 3 Apr 1837 in Tottenham, London and died on 22 Feb 1914 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Westleigh, Bickley, Kent.

Theodore married **Susan Maria Jowitt**,^{7,8,12,225} daughter of **John Jowitt**^{2,7,12,218,292,328} and **Deborah Benson**,^{2,7,12,218,292} on 26 Apr 1860 in FMH Leeds. Susan was born on 4 Aug 1837 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 15 Feb 1926 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent at age 88. They had five children: **Rachel Dora**, **Florence**, **Susan**

Emily, Jessie Katharine, and Gertrude Elizabeth.

17-**Rachel Dora Howard** was born on 5 Nov 1862 in Tottenham, London and died on 12 Nov 1947 in Bromley at age 85.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Missionary in Japan.

17-**Florence Howard**¹² was born on 8 Jun 1865 in Tottenham, London and died on 23 Oct 1938 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 73.

Florence married **William Henry Somervell**,¹² son of **John Somervell**^{7,12} and **Rachel Wilson**,^{7,12} on 25 Apr 1889 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. William was born on 5 Apr 1860 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 26 Sep 1934 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 74. They had three children: **Theodore Howard**, **Joyce Rachel**, and **Leslie William**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Shoe manufacturer in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a JP for Westmorland.
- He had a residence in Brantfield, Kendal Cumbria.
- He worked as a Chairman of K shoes in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Keighley 1918 To 1918.

18-**Dr. Theodore Howard Somervell**^{2,12,286,287} was born on 16 Apr 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 23 Jan 1975 in Ambleside, Cumbria at age 84, and was buried in Holy Trinity Church, Brathay, Ambleside, Cumbria.

General Notes: Medical Officer Everest Expedition 1922 & 1924 See "Everest" by Walt Unsworth
Somervell, (Theodore) Howard (1890-1975), medical missionary and mountaineer, was born on 16 April 1890, the eldest of three children and elder son of William Henry Somervell, of Brantfield, Kendal, and his wife, Florence Howard. W. H. Somervell was then directing the affairs of Somervell Brothers of Kendal, later more widely known as K Shoes. A business career did not attract Howard Somervell, though he was fully grateful to his father for giving him an income and the key of the house at seventeen. At Rugby School (1904-9) he was unhappy, leaving school labelled 'unbusinesslike and forgetful'. But his mother's comfort and their common solace in music gave him the kind of courage fit for the great mountains. By twenty he knew the Beethoven symphonies by heart, and would cycle 150 miles to hear a Promenade Concert. When he was eighteen he became a member of the Keswick-based Fell and Rock Climbing Club and thus started a lifetime's devotion to the mountains of the English Lake District.
Somervell went on to Caius College, Cambridge, where he obtained first classes in both parts of the natural sciences tripos (1911 and 1913) and where he developed his essentially personal approach to the Christian faith. He then served with the British expeditionary force in France (1915-18) as a captain in the Royal Army Medical Corps, and was mentioned in dispatches. After the war he graduated from London's University College Hospital (MB, BCh, 1921) and became FRCS in 1920. Somervell's Everest ambitions were stimulated during 1921 by much mountaineering in Britain and Europe. Somervell was a tough physical product of the Cumbrian heights and of the Alps, but he realized that the Himalayan region called for constant movement above 20,000 feet. Everest was to be his physical test in 1922 and 1924, but his colleagues commented too on his mental endurance.
When one shares [Somervell wrote about George Leigh Mallory, his fellow mountaineer] a tent for days on end throughout the better part of six months with a man one gets an insight into his character such as is vouchsafed to few other men. These many days of companionship with a man whose outlook on life was lofty and choice, human and loving and in a measure divine still remain for me a priceless memory.
Even when in 1924 Somervell was in danger of choking, E. F. Norton wrote: 'Somervell very nearly choked, and was handicapped for three days. Only saved by coughing up the obstructing matter with a lot of blood. That he achieved what he did in this condition was a remarkable performance'.
After the 1922 Everest expedition and with £60 in his pocket Somervell set out to see India from the northern frontier to Cape Comorin; what he saw changed his life. He saw a continent ill-equipped medically and poorly provided for in those skills which he possessed; it was something more powerful than the Himalayas and more compelling than the 'call of the mountains'. He described it as the 'unrelieved suffering of India'. When he visited the main hospital of the south Travancore medical mission and its group of outstations centred on Neyyoor, he found only one qualified surgeon, Stephen Pugh, struggling with a queue of waiting patients which would take ten days to reduce. There and then Somervell offered to perform those overdue operations; then, within a fortnight, he was back in London telling his friends in London hospitals of his decision to devote his life to India after another attempt on Everest. He joined the 1924 expedition on which Mallory died and Somervell and E. F. Norton climbed to within

1000 feet of the summit.
From 1924 to 1949 Somervell was deep in the affairs of the south Travancore medical mission which, with its branch hospitals, could claim to be the largest of its kind in the world. He attracted young surgeons to work with him, especially in the surgery of the stomach. He established a confidence between surgeon and patient by building a gallery in the operating theatre where visitors and relatives could watch what was going on. Many thousands have seen us at work [he wrote], and know that a surgical operation is a careful and intelligent procedure. They have been shown the disease inside and been given an explanation of how the operation cures it. Thus not only have we spread a little knowledge among the people around, but they have learned to come to us for treatment far earlier than was their custom in the past.
In 1934, out of 2000 major operations performed at Neyyoor, 590 were for cancer.
Somervell also pioneered the modern treatment of leprosy and practised the modern belief that leprosy can be cured. His home for leprosy patients had four big dormitories for eighty patients, and there was also a leprosy settlement for permanent residents. By 1936 several scores of patients had been sent home 'cured and free from all symptoms of the disease which was once considered incurable'. Describing a day's visit to a branch hospital Somervell wrote:
The amount of work one has to do here is appalling. Yesterday and the day before over 150 patients who had come five miles and more to the hospital had to go home without seeing me. From 7 a.m. to 8.30 p.m. I saw 153 sick folk continuously.
In 1938 he was awarded the Kaisar-i-Hind gold medal, and he was appointed OBE in 1953.India continued to tug at Somervell's heart and he accepted the post of associate professor of surgery at the Vellore Christian Medical College (1949-61), then at a crucial stage of its development as a teaching hospital. It was a fitting climax to his forty years' service in India. From 1961 to 1964 Somervell was president of the Alpine Club. When the news of his death at Ambleside, on 23 January 1975, reached Neyyoor, the whole community broke into a spontaneous public procession. In London the Royal Geographical Society showed some of Somervell's magnificent Everest paintings, as did his own Lake District friends. In all, he fulfilled the description of him given by Sir Francis Younghusband as 'a man of science, a man of art, a man of warm humanity and of strong religious feeling'.
In 1925 Somervell married Margaret, daughter of Sir James Hope Simpson, director of the Bank of Liverpool, and his wife, Mary, née Wilson; they had three sons.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE BCh FRCS Kaisar-I-Hind Medal.
- He worked as a Medical Missionary 1925 To 1949 in Travancore, India.
- He worked as an Everest expedition physician in 1922-1924.
- He worked as an Associate Professor of Surgery 1949 To 1961 in Vellore Christian Medical College, India.
- He worked as a President of The Alpine Club in 1962-1965 in London.

Theodore married **Margaret Hope Simpson**,¹² daughter of **Sir James Hope Simpson**^{12,329} and **Mary Whitwell Wilson**,^{12,329} on 30 Jul 1925 in London. Margaret was born on 13 Mar 1899 in Hampstead, London, died on 3 Jul 1993 at age 94, and was buried in Holy Trinity Church, Brathay, Ambleside, Cumbria. They had three children: **James Lionel**, **David Howard**, and **William Hugh**.

19-**Dr. James Lionel Somervell**²⁸⁵ was born on 23 Apr 1927 in Neyyoor, Travancore, India and died in 2009 at age 82.

- 20-**James Hugh Somervell**
 - 21-**Katharine Lucy Somervell**
 - 21-**Polly Elizabeth Somervell**
 - 21-**Phillipa Jane Somervell**
- 20-**Mary Helen Somervell**
 - 21-**Benjamin Hugh Kelly**
 - 21-**Anna Francesca Kelly**
- 20-**Thomas Richard Somervell**

21-Jack Alexander James Somervell

21-Tess Elizabeth Sophie Somervell

19-Dr. David Howard Somervell

David married **Margaret Lesley Marchant**, daughter of **Frederick Marchant** and **Violet Inez Lightfoot**. They had four children: **Jonathan Mark**, **Susan**, **Ann**, and **Judith**.

20-Jonathan Mark Somervell

Jonathan married **Evelyn May Stevens**.

Jonathan next married **Annie Mary Jackson**. They had two children: **Oliver Howard** and **Richard Jon**.

21-Oliver Howard Somervell

21-Richard Jon Somervell

20-Susan Somervell

Susan married **James Septimus Burt**, son of **The Hon. Sir Francis Theodore Page Burt**³³⁰ and **Margaret Lloyd**. They had three children: **Emma Margaret**, **David Joshua Septimus**, and **Jonathan Matthew Theodore**.

21-Emma Margaret Burt

21-David Joshua Septimus Burt

21-Jonathan Matthew Theodore Burt

20-Ann Somervell

Ann married **Rupert James Gabriel**. They had two children: **Rebekah Jane** and **Emily Rose**.

21-Rebekah Jane Gabriel

21-Emily Rose Gabriel

20-Judith Somervell

Judith married **Nicholas John Silbermann-Sladek**. They had three children: **Jack Tobias**, **Philip Mark**, and **Elizabeth**.

21-Jack Tobias Silbermann-Sladek

21-Philip Mark Silbermann-Sladek

21-Elizabeth Silbermann-Sladek

19-**William Hugh Somervell** was born on 7 Nov 1935 in London, died on 17 Feb 1947 in Cambridge at age 11, and was buried in Holy Trinity Church, Brathay, Ambleside, Cumbria.

18-**Joyce Rachel Somervell**¹² was born on 5 Aug 1892 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 10 Dec 1973 at age 81.

Joyce married **Gerald Corry Mann**,¹² son of **Charles Corry Mann** and **Annie Marie Cornford**, on 14 Aug 1920 in Windermere. Gerald was born on 14 Nov 1888 in Bromley, Kent and died on 24 Nov 1957 in London at age 69. They had seven children: **John**, **William Somervell**, **Pauline Joy**, **Charles Robin**, **Helen**, **Suzette**, and **Susan**.

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19-**John Mann** was born on 16 May 1921 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 28 Nov 1925 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 4.

19-**William Somervell Mann** was born on 14 Feb 1924 in Madras, India and died on 5 Sep 1989 at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MusB.
- He worked as a Music Critic for The Times newspaper.

William married **Erika Charlotte Emilie Sohler**, daughter of **Theodor Sohler** and **Edith Maria Hermann**. They had four children: **Domenique Joy**, **Susan Elizabeth**, **Madeleine**, and **Mirabelle Mary**.

20-Domenique Joy Mann

Domenique married **Ed Francis**. They had two children: **Georgina** and **Robert**.

21-Georgina Francis

21-Robert Francis

20-Susan Elizabeth Mann

Susan married **Duncan Campbell**. They had three children: **Alexander**, **Theodore**, and **Maximilian**.

21-Alexander Campbell

21-Theodore Campbell

21-Maximilian Campbell

20-Madeleine Mann

Madeleine married **Graham Phillips**. They had two children: **Matthew** and **Mimi**.

21-Matthew Phillips

21-Mimi Phillips

20-Mirabelle Mary Mann

Mirabelle married **Jeremy Rommer**. They had two children: **Jake Harvey** and **Sam William**.

21-Jake Harvey Rommer

21-Sam William Rommer

19-**Pauline Joy Mann** was born on 23 Sep 1926 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died in 2006 at age 80.

Pauline married **Norman Rene Del Mar**, son of **Max Del Mar** and **Vera**, on 24 Jan 1947 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex. Norman was born on 31 Jul 1919 in London and died on 6 Feb 1994 at age 74. They had two children: **Jonathan Rene** and **Robin Howard**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Conductor of the BBC Scottish Orchestra.

20-Jonathan Rene Del Mar

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Jonathan married **Dr. Annabel Teh Gallop**. They had one son: **Maxim**.

21-**Maxim Del Mar**

20-**Robin Howard Del Mar**

Robin married **Elizabeth Barbara Ellis**. They had two children: **Belinda Elizabeth McLaren** and **Susan Rosa McLaren**.

21-**Belinda Elizabeth McLaren Del Mar**

21-**Susan Rosa McLaren Del Mar**

19-**Charles Robin Mann**

Charles married **Margaret Mary James-Moore**, daughter of **Kenneth Vale James-Moore** and **Mary Harris**. They had three children: **John Cornford**, **Richard Henry**, and **James Benjamin**.

20-**John Cornford Mann**

John married **Kate**.

20-**Richard Henry Mann**

Richard married **Diana**. They had one son: **Frederick**.

21-**Frederick Mann**

20-**James Benjamin Mann**

James married **Sophie**.

Charles next married **Lucy Wilding**.

19-**Helen Mann**

Helen married **John Drummond Clapp**, son of **Samuel John Clapp** and **Cecilia Drummond Trimby**. They had four children: **Gerald Drummond**, **Alistair Drummond**, **Sara Katharine**, and **Bridget**.

20-**Gerald Drummond Clapp**

Gerald married **Sarah Poole**. They had three children: **Poppy**, **Jemina**, and **Sophie**.

21-**Poppy Clapp**

21-**Jemina Clapp**

21-**Sophie Clapp**

20-**Alistair Drummond Clapp**

20-**Sara Katharine Clapp**

Sara married **Michael Autton**, son of **Rev. Norman William James Autton** and **Florence Katie Williams**. They had two children: **James Drummond** and **Mathew Oliver**.

21-**James Drummond Autton**

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21-Mathew Oliver Autton

20-Bridget Clapp

Bridget married Nick Ward.

19-Suzette Mann was born on 23 May 1936 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 23 May 1936 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

19-Susan Mann

Susan married David Robin Leyland. They had four children: Stephen Bartholomew, Adam John, Rupert Somervell, and Daniel Richard.

20-Stephen Bartholomew Leyland

Stephen married Ayzer.

20-Adam John Leyland

Adam married Jules.

20-Rupert Somervell Leyland

Rupert married Annie.

20-Daniel Richard Leyland

Daniel married Sarah.

18-Leslie William Somervell¹² was born on 16 Sep 1895 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 11 May 1958 in Balham, London at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shoe Manufacturer. Somervell Bros. K Shoes in Kendal, Cumbria.

Leslie married Rosemary Barrington De Fonblanque,¹² daughter of Arthur Frank De Fonblanque and Mary Rose Fenwick, on 25 Jun 1925 in London. Rosemary was born on 12 Apr 1901 in London and died on 8 Jan 1977 at age 75. They had three children: Jonathan De Fonblanque, Joanna Barrington, and Kristin De Fonblanque.

19-Jonathan De Fonblanque Somervell

Jonathan married Fidelia Patricia Fogg. They had three children: Timothy Leslie, Jacquelin Diana, and Nicola Jane.

20-Timothy Leslie Somervell

Timothy married Penelope Anne Holt.

20-Jacquelin Diana Somervell

Jacquelin married William Grant Hensman. They had one son: Harry William.

21-Harry William Hensman

20-Nicola Jane Somervell

Nicola married David Michael Stamp. They had two children: Benjamin Robert and Helen.

21-Benjamin Robert Stamp

21-Helen Stamp

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19-**Joanna Barrington Somervell**

19-**Kristin De Fonblanque Somervell**

Kristin married **Geoffrey Bonney**. They had two children: **Karen Anita** and **Andreas Mark**.

20-**Karen Anita Bonney**

20-**Andreas Mark Bonney**

17-**Susan Emily Howard**¹² was born on 23 Mar 1867 in Tottenham, London, died in Mar 1964 in Sussex at age 97, and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, Battle, East Sussex.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Stonegate, Sussex.

Susan married **John Beddome Snell**,¹² son of **Frederick William Snell** and **Clara Alford**, on 12 Feb 1895 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. John was born on 2 Mar 1864 in Clapham, London, died on 16 Nov 1949 in Stonegate, East Sussex at age 85, and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, Battle, East Sussex. They had two children: **Mildred** and **Kathleen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in 17 Molyneux Park, Tunbridge Wells, Kent.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Tunbridge Wells, Kent.
- He had a residence in Stonegate, East Sussex.

18-**Mildred Snell** was born on 2 Dec 1895 in Kenley, Surrey and died on 25 Aug 1984 in Mill Valley, California at age 88.

Mildred married **Capt. Frederick Boyce Mackenzie**, son of **John Boyce Mackenzie** and **Susan Gahan**, on 6 Feb 1917 in Stonegate. Frederick was born on 4 May 1893 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent and died on 4 Jul 1918 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 25.

Mildred next married **Whitney Braymer Wright**, son of **John Eldridge Wright**³³¹ and **Helen Pamela Gale**, on 16 Jun 1919 in Paris. Whitney was born on 11 Jan 1894 in Camden, New Jersey, USA and died on 17 May 1950 in Balboa, California, U.S.A. at age 56. They had four children: **Suzanne Theodora Helen**, **John Gale**, **Joan Mary**, and **James Howard**.

19-**Suzanne Theodora Helen Wright** was born on 16 Jan 1923 in Long Beach, California, USA, died on 23 Jun 2016 in San Francisco, California, USA at age 93, and was buried on 27 Jun 2016 in San Francisco National Cemetery, San Francisco, California, USA.

General Notes: e-mail 26th May 2011. Dear Cousin Charles,
My son in law Joe Hayes tells me that sometimes you like some newsy tidbits about long-gone relatives. If this is so, I'd be glad to send along some. I spent a year, at the age of ten, living with my grandmother Susan Emily Snell, in Stonegate, Sussex.
And the other thing is, is a question. Is the Isle of Mull the family seat of the McLeans? Is there a big house there featuring a large plate or bowl being held up by the hooves of the horse of a McLean in an historic battle? If so, my husband, Norman McLean Scott, and I spent a wonderful few days there in the high middle of summer when I could read the newspaper by the light coming in from the window at 9PM. Even though it was less than twenty years ago, I can't remember much more than I can of the events of the mid-30s in Stonegate. What does that say about memory slippage in old age?
I will understand if you're too busy to answer this. Gratefully, Suzy Scott

Suzanne Wright Scott

January 16, 1923 - June 23, 2016

Suzanne Wright Scott, who many thought would never stop, died peacefully at home in San Francisco surrounded by her family on June 23rd. She was 93. Suzy Scott was a go-getter with a sharp mind and a quick wit, and lived a long happy life full of adventure and achievement. She was the eldest of 4 children growing up in Southern California. At 10, her parents sent her to England to live with her maternal grandparents for a year, a time Suzy looked back on as formative. She kept close ties with her English cousins. She spent her teenage years in Altadena CA, then headed to Stanford University. She joined the Tri-Delts, and excelled academically, graduating with a degree in psychology. She was selected to join the Phi Beta Kappa honor society, and stayed to earn an MA. She served in the Red Cross in post-war

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Germany, where she met and in 1949 married US Army doctor Norman McLean (Jerry) Scott, jr. She raised 4 children on 3 continents. The family moved from Germany to Washington D.C. to Texas to San Francisco to Tokyo, where Suzy learned Japanese, taught English, and explored Tokyo by car and subway. She claimed, on occasion, to navigate by the sun. The family thoroughly enjoyed nomadic Army life. They traveled in Europe, Japan, and the US; climbed Mt. Fuji and weathered a blizzard on Mt. Whitney. They camped in the Sierras and on the coast of Maine, skied in Switzerland, Lake Tahoe and Sapporo, and cruised the canals of Holland. Suzy lead the way enthusiastically: when someone was uncertain about upcoming events, travel plans or what was for dinner, inevitably Suzy would raise a forefinger and declare confidently, "Fear not!" In 1970, the family moved back to the Presidio and Letterman Hospital, where Jerry served as commander and Suzy counseled wounded veterans making the transition to civilian life. Dr. Scott retired in 1973 and they settled into the Jordan Park home they would live in for the rest of their lives. As the children left for college, Suzy turned to her professional career. She was the first managing director of Enterprise for High School Students, which trained and placed teenagers in jobs. Later, she joined Right Associates, an outplacement firm, where for 15 years she guided hundreds of laid-off employees through the throes of joblessness, helping them find their feet and a path to the next chapter of their lives. She knew that rites of passage, like a honeymoon or mourning, were necessary times apart from regular life. On her own retirement, Suzy set herself a new challenge, enrolling at UC Berkeley Extension to learn Greek. At the end of a year she was reading Homeric classics in the original. She enjoyed an active city life as a member of the Stanford Women's Club, Stanford Alumni Association, The Phi Beta Kappa Society, Tri Delt Alumni, the Alter Guild of St Luke's Episcopal Church, The Presidio Historical Association, the Society for Asian Art, the Opera Guild and the Wagner Society, and held season tickets to the Opera, where, for a number of seasons, she could also be seen on stage as a supernumerary. Her preferred mode of transport? The 38 Geary. It came often, had a limited, and was full of interesting fellow San Franciscans. Fervently dedicated to public transportation, her MUNI fast pass was always up to date, and well used. For the last 20 years, Suzy was a fixture at the Asian Art Museum, where she had many treasured friends. She led tours at the Museum through 2015, served as Hospitality Chair, was the Daily Supervisor for the Tuesday docents, was on the Asian Arts National Docent Symposium Committee, and enjoyed Friday lectures. She found kinship at St. Thomas' Episcopal Church, where the regulars at the 8:00 am service are a close-knit group. In her later years she stuck close to home but hardly slowed down. She walked daily, took the bus to the Mechanics' Institute Library for a Proust discussion group, and attended the Phi Beta Kappa Society conference every year. Suzy left nothing untried. Her positive outlook, adventurous spirit, intellectual curiosity and genuine interest in others will be an inspiration to her family forever. Her husband of 61 years, Jerry, her beloved son, Jim, and her brother Jim Wright preceded Suzy in death. She is survived by 3 daughters, Alison Hayes of Whidbey Island, WA, Sara Scott of Mill Valley, and Mary Albert of Pacific Grove; sons-in-law Joseph Hayes and Steven Albert and daughter-in-law Devaneide de Oliveira Scott; granddaughters Amanda Hayes King of Djakarta, Vanessa de Oliveira Dantas, Stephanie Suzanne de Oliveira Scott, and Julie Ann de Oliveira Scott of Fortaleza, Brazil; grandsons James Hayes of San Francisco, Henry Albert and Freddy Albert of Pacific Grove; and great-grandchildren Xavier and Victoria King; as well as her sister Joan (Bitz) Oyler of Upland CA, brother John Wright of Ventura, sisters in-law Travis Wright of Corte Madera, Margie Wright, and Elizabeth Groves of Harwichport MA, and many cousins, nieces and nephews. A funeral service will be held on Wednesday July 27th at noon, at the Presidio Chapel, 130 Fisher Loop, Presidio of San Francisco.

Published in San Francisco Chronicle on July 24, 2016 - Courtesy of Joe Hayes.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Psychologist.

Suzanne married **Col. Norman (Jerry) McLean Scott Jr. MD**, son of **Lt. Col. Norman McLean Scott** and **Mary Norwood**, on 27 Aug 1949 in Munich, Germany. Norman was born on 16 May 1921 in Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D.C., U.S.A., died on 18 Jun 2010 in San Francisco, California, USA at age 89, and was buried in San Francisco National Cemetery, San Francisco, California, USA. They had four children: **Alison Joan, Sara Elizabeth, James Hubbard**, and **Mary Suzanne**.

General Notes: Norman McLean Scott MD, "Jerry" Physician, commander, scholar, died June 18 at home at age 89. A 42-year resident of the City, Jerry was a retired Colonel, US Army Medical Corps, a Bohemian, and a California Academy of Sciences docent. A graduate of Tabor Academy, Colgate Univ. and Jefferson Medical College, he concluded his distinguished military career as Commander of Letterman Hospital on the Presidio during the Vietnam War. He is survived by his wife Suzanne Wright Scott and daughters, Alison Hayes, Sara Scott and Mary Albert, and was preceded in death by his beloved son, Jim Scott.

Norman McLean Scott, Jr., physician, commander, Colonel, U.S. Army, (ret.), and scholar, died Friday, June 18, 2010, at his home in San Francisco with his wife, Suzy, and three daughters at his side. He was 89. Known since birth as "Jerry," Dr. Scott had a long and distinguished career in the U.S. Army Medical Corps. During the Vietnam War, Dr. Scott was commander of the 249th General Hospital in Tokyo, and later of Letterman General Hospital at the Presidio of San Francisco. At Walter Reed General Hospital, he was the personal physician to General of the Army Douglas MacArthur, General of the Army Omar Bradley, and General Mark Clark, as well as Supreme Court Justice Earl Warren, Senator Everett Dirksen, and members of the President's Cabinet. Born May 12, 1921, at Walter Reed, Jerry enjoyed an adventurous and happy childhood as an army brat, living in Fort Sam Houston, Texas, Hilo, Hawaii, and Washington, D.C. He graduated from Tabor Academy in Marion. Dr. Scott's earliest memories were of Harwich Port, where he spent summers. He raced sailboats at Stone Horse Yacht Club, acted and sang with the Stone Horse Players, attended dances and picnics, and, as he put it, "just bummed around." At Colgate University he was in the Class of '43, which skipped vacations and graduated in December 1942 due to the war. He joined Sigma Chi fraternity and was a founding member of the Colgate 13, an acapella chorus. After graduating from Jefferson Medical College he interned at Roosevelt Hospital in New York, and in 1946 was assigned to the 98th General Hospital in Munich where he met his wife, Suzanne Wright, of Pasadena, Calif. Dr. Scott was president of the Boots and Saddle Club in Fort Sam Houston, and commanded the 36th Evac Hospital at the 6th

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National Boy Scout Jamboree at Valley Forge, a duty he said was the closest he ever came to a combat mission. In 1972 he retired from the Army and became a docent at the California Academy of Sciences, where his interest in ornithology and zoology widened into a serious study of evolution, natural history, and anthropology. His life list of birds stands at about 1,500 species. An active member of the Bohemian Club, he led many early morning bird walks. In retirement, his primary avocation was writing, and he was the author of many academic articles and essays on natural history, science and medical history, published by the California Academy of Sciences, and Bohemian Club "Notes." He was a descendant of Margaret Scott, who was hanged as a witch in Salem in 1692. He is survived by his wife, Suzanne Wright Scott, his sister and brother-in-law Elizabeth and Ben Groves of Harwich Port, his daughters and sons-in-law Alison Scott Hayes and Joseph Hayes of Whidbey Island, Wash., Mary Scott Albert and Steven Albert of Pacific Grove, Calif., Sara Elizabeth Scott, Esq. of Mill Valley, Calif., granddaughters Amanda Hayes King of Beijing, Vanessa Dantas, Stephanie Scott and Julie Ann Scott of Brazil, grandsons James Jairus Hayes of Taiwan, Henry McLean Albert and Freddy Nicandro Albert and many nieces and nephews. His only son, Jim, a seismic explorer, died in 2003 from an illness, but Dr. Scott was thrilled to learn that his first great-grandchildren will be twins, expected later this year - See more at: <http://www.legacy.com/obituaries/wickedlocal-chatham/obituary.aspx?page=lifestory&pid=143969416#fbLoggedOut>

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Jefferson Medical School.
- He worked as a Military Physician in Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D.C., U.S.A..
- He worked as a Commander of the 249th General Hospital in Tokyo, Japan.
- He worked as a Commander of the Letterman General Hospital in San Francisco, California, USA.

20-Alison Joan Scott

Alison married **Joseph Edward Hayes**. They had two children: **Amanda Sara** and **James Jairus**.

21-Amanda Sara Hayes

Amanda married **Anthony King**. They had two children: **Xavier Andrew** and **Victoria Katherine**.

22-Xavier Andrew King

22-Victoria Katherine King

21-James Jairus Hayes

20-Sara Elizabeth Scott

20-**James Hubbard Scott** was born on 14 Dec 1956 in Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Texas and died on 28 Apr 2003 in Fortaleza, Brazil at age 46.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Whiteman School, Boulder, Colorado.
- He was educated at Humboldt State University.
- He worked as an Oil Explorer.

James married **Maria Devaneide De Oliviera**. They had three children: **Maianny Vanessa**, **Stephanie Suzanne**, and **Julie Ann**.

21-Maianny Vanessa Scott

Maianny married **Alfonso Dante**.

21-Stephanie Suzanne Scott

21-Julie Ann Scott

20-Mary Suzanne Scott

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Mary married **Prof. Steven Brian Albert**. They had two children: **Henry Mclean** and **Frederick Nicandro**.

21-**Henry Mclean Albert**

21-**Frederick Nicandro Albert**

19-**John Gale Wright**

John married **Margaret Ione McLeod**, daughter of **Roy Samuel McLeod** and **Florence Burkett**. They had four children: **David Whitney**, **Kenneth Mcleod**, **Andrew Howard**, and **Gerald Martin**.

20-**David Whitney Wright**

20-**Kenneth Mcleod Wright**

20-**Andrew Howard Wright**

20-**Gerald Martin Wright**

19-**Joan Mary Wright**

Joan married **Robert Haskell Oyler**, son of **Coleman Hyde Oyler** and **Esther Babson Haskell**. They had three children: **Richard Adam**, **Robin Elizabeth**, and **Paul Wright**.

20-**Richard Adam Oyler**

Richard married someone. He had one son: **Paul Chapman**.

21-**Paul Chapman Oyler**

Paul married **Elizabeth Rand**. They had one son: **James Charbbonneau**.

22-**James Charbbonneau Oyler**

20-**Robin Elizabeth Oyler**

20-**Paul Wright Oyler**

19-**James Howard Wright**

James married **Alexandra Meredythe Walker**, daughter of **Victor Mccoy Walker** and **Pearl Jean Vickers**. They had two children: **Jeffrey Howard** and **Daniel Lloyd**.

20-**Jeffrey Howard Wright**

20-**Daniel Lloyd Wright**

18-**Kathleen Snell** was born on 3 Aug 1898 in Kenley, Surrey.

General Notes: I happened to be in the gallery of the Senate House at Cambridge last year when the results of the Law Tripos were read out by the Profesor of Law, with that elaborate ceremony, which, to me, has so much more charm than the matter-of-fact announcements made in the newer Universities, and the recollection of the tense silence in the dim building makes me wish that I had been there again this year, if only to hear that silence broken as the name of Miss Kathleen Snell was read out. Only those who have shared the struggles and triumphs of Cambridge students can realise fully what it means to be placed in the First Class of Part II. of the Law Tripos, and that a young girl of twenty-three should be put above the first man in the First Class is a triumph of unprecedented significance. Welshwomen are only beginning to study law, but Miss Snell's success will inspire and encourage many of them who have hitherto met with too ready discouragement. Now that the Bar is open to women, much

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can be expected from Miss Snell, and-we venture to hope-from the Welsh girls who are following in her footsteps.
Welsh Outlook - Vol.8 No.8 Aug. 1921 - The Welshwoman's Page

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Cambridge.
- She worked as a JP.

Kathleen married **John Greville Maynard**, son of **Sir Herbert John Maynard** and **Alfreda Eppes**, on 16 Aug 1924 in Stonegate. John was born on 21 Mar 1900 in Ambala, India and died in 1972 at age 72. They had six children: **John Eppes**, **Elizabeth Mary**, **David Howard**, **Jillian Katharine**, **Ann Maris**, and **Martin Jowitt**.

19-**John Eppes Maynard** was born on 12 Nov 1925 in Stonegate, East Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Colonial Service Official in Nyasaland.

John married **Susan Clare Anne D'elboux**, daughter of **Raymond Herbert D'elboux** and **Eleanor De Trafford**. They had five children: **Jane Susan**, **John De Trafford**, **Jonathan Herbert De Trafford**, **Mark Cuthbert**, and **Peter Rupert Dominic**.

20-**Jane Susan Maynard**

20-**John De Trafford Maynard** was born on 28 Nov 1950 in Mboya, Tanganyika and died on 7 Jan 1951 in Mboya, Tanganyika.

20-**Jonathan Herbert De Trafford Maynard**

20-**Mark Cuthbert Maynard**

20-**Peter Rupert Dominic Maynard**

19-**Elizabeth Mary Maynard**

Elizabeth married **John Von Behren Rodenbeck**, son of **John Von Behren Rodenbeck** and **Judith Byrd**. They had two children: **Fredericka Judith** and **Max**.

20-**Fredericka Judith Rodenbeck**

20-**Max Rodenbeck**

19-**David Howard Maynard**

David married **Mary Berry Garrett**, daughter of **Ernest B. Garrett** and **Mary Hall**. They had three children: **Judith Mary**, **Thomas Garrett**, and **Christopher Howard**.

20-**Judith Mary Maynard**

20-**Thomas Garrett Maynard**

20-**Christopher Howard Maynard**

19-**Jillian Katharine Maynard**

19-**Ann Maris Maynard**

19-**Martin Jowitt Maynard**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Martin married **Elisabeth Marjorie Delamore**, daughter of **Adrian W. Delamore** and **Thelma V. M. Hadley**. They had one daughter: **Susan Elisabeth**.

20-**Susan Elisabeth Maynard**

17-**Jessie Katharine Howard**¹² was born on 13 Mar 1870 in Tottenham, London and died on 17 Jan 1944 in Ashmore, Dorset at age 73.

18-**Guendolen Sturge** was born on 14 Aug 1899 in Chislehurst, Kent.

19-**Penelope Joan Stapleton**

20-**Katherine Winn Everett**

20-**Sara Gillian Everett**

20-**Jocelyn Mary Everett**

19-**Katharine Mary Stapleton**²⁸⁵ was born on 14 Jul 1930 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 26 Feb 2011 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 80.

20-**James Hugh Somervell**

21-**Katharine Lucy Somervell**

21-**Polly Elizabeth Somervell**

21-**Phillipa Jane Somervell**

20-**Mary Helen Somervell**

21-**Benjamin Hugh Kelly**

21-**Anna Francesca Kelly**

20-**Thomas Richard Somervell**

21-**Jack Alexander James Somervell**

21-**Tess Elizabeth Sophie Somervell**

19-**Belinda Jane Stapleton**

20-**Richard Darlington**

20-**William Darlington**

20-**James Darlington**

19-**William Howard Considine**

20-**Jon Considine**

20-**Phillipa Considine**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**Andrew Francis Considine** was born on 3 Jan 1943 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 27 Oct 1943 in Ash.

19-**Margaret Douglas Considine**

18-**Rhona Winifred Sturge** was born on 4 Nov 1900 in Chislehurst, Kent.

19-**Patricia Douglas Ure**

18-**Raymond Wilson Sturge** was born on 10 Jun 1904 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 30 Mar 1984 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lloyds Underwriter.

19-**Priscilla Margaret Sturge**

20-**James Wyatt Kininmonth**

21-**Annabel Kininmonth**

21-**Harriet Kininmonth**

20-**Charles Alexander Kininmonth**

20-**Philippa Margaret Kininmonth**

21-**Alice Kate Kelway-Bamber**

21-**James Peter Glen Kelway-Bamber**

20-**Peter David Wyatt Kininmonth**

19-**Diana Catherine Sturge Baroness Eccles**

20-**Hon Alice Belinda Eccles**

21-**Samuel John Ward**

21-**James Nicholas Ward**

21-**Susanna Mary Ward**

21-**David Christopher Ward**

20-**Hon. William David Eccles**

21-**Peter David Eccles**

21-**Thomas Edward Eccles**

21-**Catherine Lucy Eccles**

20-**Hon. Catherine Sarah Eccles**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- 21-Sorcha Margaret Gannon
- 21-Ella Catherine Gannon
- 20-Hon. Emily Frances Eccles
- 21-Stella Irwin
- 21-Claire Irwin
- 19-Anthony Charles Sturge
 - 20-Lisa Catherine Sturge
 - 20-Tiffany Louise Sturge
- 19-Caroline Lloyd Sturge
 - 20-Sara Caroline Rucker
 - 20-Rupert Charles William Rucker
 - 20-Jeremy Hamilton Lloyd Rucker
- 19-Katharine Sara Lloyd Sturge
 - 20-Vanessa Irwin
 - 20-Adrian Irwin
 - 20-Julian Irwin
- 18-Katharine Brenda Sturge
 - 19-Joanna Mary Lloyd
 - 20-Julian Greenfield
 - 20-Rachel Greenfield
 - 19-John Howard Lloyd
- 18-Arthur Collwyn Sturge
 - 19-Richard Arthur Sturge
 - 19-Nicholas Collwyn Sturge
 - 19-Susan Amanda Sturge
 - 19-Virginia Claire Sturge

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Gertrude Elizabeth Howard**¹² was born on 4 Jul 1875 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent and died on 27 Jul 1954 in Storrington, West Sussex at age 79.

Gertrude married **William Alexander Fox**,¹² son of **Thomas Fox**^{3,12,225,275,276} and **Sarah Maria Howard**,^{12,225} on 28 Sep 1899 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. William was born on 28 Dec 1865 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 18 Dec 1952 in Storrington, West Sussex at age 86. They had three children: **John Mortimer Charleton**, **Dilworth Quentin**, and **Philip Eliot**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Lincoln College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Journalist.
- He had a residence in Eliots, Widmore, Bromley, Kent.

18-**John Mortimer Charleton Fox**¹² was born on 21 Mar 1903 in Bromley, Kent and died on 15 Oct 1977 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

John married **Ilma May Page**, daughter of **Arthur William Page** and **Eva Emily Jackson**, on 25 Aug 1928 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. Ilma was born on 20 May 1896 in Kingsland, Auckland, Nz and died on 2 Mar 1973 at age 76. They had five children: **Philip**, **Michael John Howard**, **Philippa Janet**, **Anne Page Howard**, and **Martin Eliot**.

19-**Philip Fox** was born on 1 Oct 1930 in Gidea Park, London and died on 2 Oct 1930 in London.

19-**Michael John Howard Fox**

Michael married **Dianne Lesley Smith**, daughter of **Leslie Smith** and **Ethel Innes**. They had three children: **Steven**, **Elaine**, and **Janet**.

20-**Steven Fox**

Steven married **Susan Fifield**. They had two children: **Chandra** and **Kieran**.

21-**Chandra Fox**

21-**Kieran Fox**

Steven next married **Sibylla**. They had two children: **Sita Seren** and **Tara Yasmin**.

21-**Sita Seren Fox**

21-**Tara Yasmin Fox**

20-**Elaine Fox**

Elaine married **Chad Kraft**. They had one daughter: **Nevada**.

21-**Nevada Fox**

20-**Janet Fox**

Janet married **Sigismund Schnare**. They had one daughter: **Layla**.

21-**Layla Fox**

Layla married **Andy Luz**. They had four children: **Nadia Nicole**, **Aidan Andreas**, **Felix**, and **Freddie**.

22-**Nadia Nicole Luz**

22-**Aidan Andreas Luz**

22-**Felix Luz**

22-**Freddie Luz**

Janet next married **David Holl**.

Janet next married **Peter Sundt**.

Michael next married **Randa Ohan**. They had one son: **Mark Ohan**.

20-**Mark Ohan Fox**

Michael next married **Eleanor Paterson**.

19-**Philippa Janet Fox**

Philippa married **Iain Urquhart Fraser**, son of **John Fraser** and **Winifred Northam**. They had two children: **Karen Fiona** and **Kier John**.

20-**Karen Fiona Fraser**

Karen married **Roy Smith**.

20-**Kier John Fraser**

Kier married **Rosalia De Souza**. They had one son: **Sean Caetano De Souza**.

21-**Sean Caetano De Souza Fraser**

19-**Anne Page Howard Fox** was born on 19 Apr 1937 in Hornchurch and died on 20 Apr 1937 in Hornchurch.

19-**Martin Eliot Fox**

Martin married **Pauline Bower**.

18-**Dilworth Quentin Fox**¹² was born on 30 Jul 1905 in Bromley, Kent and died in Jan 1993 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Ceramics Manufacturer.

Dilworth married **Beryl Emily Dunstan**, daughter of **Walter Robert Dunstan** and **Ethel Kate Phillips**, on 18 Jun 1938 in Lewes, East Sussex. Beryl was born on 23 Dec 1909 in London and died on 6 Jan 1984 at age 74. They had two children: **Anna Rosalind** and **Anthony Dunstan**.

19-**Anna Rosalind Fox**

Anna married **Dr. Donald Charles Blagden**, son of **Charles William Blagden** and **Doris Alexander**. They had two children: **Jonathan Alexander** and **Giles Mark Rupert**.

20-**Jonathan Alexander Blagden**

20-**Giles Mark Rupert Blagden**

Giles married **Jacqueline Rhodes**. They had two children: **Charlotte Emily** and **Joshua James Edward**.

21-Charlotte Emily Blagden

21-Joshua James Edward Blagden

19-Anthony Dunstan Fox

Anthony married **Jennifer Ann Kilford**. They had three children: **Annabel Constance Mary**, **Olivia Jenefer**, and **George Theodore Dunstan**.

20-Annabel Constance Mary Fox

Annabel married **John Bird**.

20-Olivia Jenefer Fox

Olivia married **Lt. Donald Doull**. They had one daughter: **Imogen Barbara**.

21-Imogen Barbara Doull

20-George Theodore Dunstan Fox

18-**Philip Eliot Fox**¹² was born on 21 Sep 1908 in Bromley, Kent and died on 24 Mar 1930 in Pontefract, Yorkshire. In a car accident at age 21.

16-**David Howard**^{12,225} was born on 3 Apr 1839 in Tottenham, London and died on 14 Nov 1916 in Snaresbrook, Essex. On a train journey. at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He worked as a President of The Institute for Chemistry.
- He worked as a President of the Society of Chemical Industry.
- He worked as a Vice-President of The Chemical Society.
- He worked as a Vice-President of the London Chamber of Commerce.
- He worked as a Member of the House of Laymen.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Devon House, Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

David married **Anna Dora Jowitt**,^{7,12,225,292} daughter of **John Jowitt**^{2,7,12,218,292,328} and **Deborah Benson**,^{2,7,12,218,292} on 4 May 1865 in Leeds, Yorkshire. Anna was born on 28 Nov 1843 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 24 Dec 1935 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 92. They had seven children: **David Lloyd**, **Dora Lillian**, **Ethel Margaret**, **Robert**, **Francis Alfred**, **Helen Elizabeth**, and **Bernard Farmborough**.

17-**David Lloyd Howard**¹² was born on 28 Jan 1866 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 8 Feb 1939 in London at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.
- He worked as a JP for Essex.
- He had a residence in Little Friday Hill, Chingford, Essex.

David married **Florence Herbert**, daughter of **Norman Frith Herbert** and **Louisa Bray**, on 27 Apr 1893 in Walthamstow, London. Florence was born on 7 Oct 1867 in Peckham Rye, London. They had one son: **Hugh Lloyd**.

18-**Lt. Col. Hugh Lloyd Howard** was born on 15 May 1894 in Woodford Green and died on 10 Oct 1957 in Chigwell, Essex at age 63.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

Hugh married **Marcella Le Maistre**, daughter of **George Henry Le Maistre** and **Mabel Harriet Nash**, on 28 Jun 1919 in Basingstoke, Hampshire. Marcella was born on 9 Jan 1896 in Simla, Himachal Pradesh, India. They had three children: **Marcella Rozel Lloyd**, **Alexander Villeneuve Lloyd**, and **Yvonne Le Maistre Lloyd**.

19-Marcella Rozel Lloyd Howard

19-**Alexander Villeneuve Lloyd Howard** was born on 15 Nov 1924 in London and died on 5 Jul 1944 in Colleville Sur Orne, Normandy at age 19.

19-Yvonne Le Maistre Lloyd Howard

Yvonne married **Neil James Stewart-Meiklejohn**, son of **Walter Lloyd S. Stewart-Meiklejohn** and **Dorothy Campbell Stewart-Robertson**. They had two children: **James Lloyd** and **Nicola Pamela**.

20-James Lloyd Stewart-Meiklejohn

20-Nicola Pamela Stewart-Meiklejohn

17-**Dora Lillian Howard** was born on 1 Jun 1867 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 5 Mar 1934 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 66.

17-**Ethel Margaret Howard** was born on 28 Jan 1870 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 5 Mar 1934 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 64.

17-**Dr. Robert Howard**¹² was born on 30 Jan 1872 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 26 Nov 1947 in Marlow, Buckinghamshire at age 75.

General Notes: MA MD BCh

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Oxford.
- He was educated at Guy's Hospital, London.
- He worked as a Physician in Guy's Hospital, London.

Robert married **Edith Kathleen Minter**,¹² daughter of **John Minter** and **Emma Tildesley**, on 27 Sep 1909 in Mpondas, Nyasaland. Edith was born on 23 Feb 1870 in Ealing, London and died on 13 Oct 1949 in Marlow, Buckinghamshire at age 79.

17-**Rev. Francis Alfred Howard** was born on 9 Jan 1874 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 25 Apr 1936 in Westcliffe on Sea, Essex at age 62.

17-**Helen Elizabeth Howard**¹² was born on 12 Sep 1876 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 19 Dec 1960 in London at age 84.

Helen married **Sir Charles Stafford Crossman**,¹² son of **Edward Crossman** and **Veronica Mathilde Marsh**, on 3 Apr 1902 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex. Charles was born on 8 Dec 1870 in Hambrook, Frenchay, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 1 Jan 1941 in Tetbury, Gloucestershire at age 70. They had six children: **Bridget Helen Stafford**, **Geoffrey Danvers Stafford**, **Richard Howard Stafford**, **Elizabeth Stafford**, **Mary Stafford**, and **Thomas Edward Stafford**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister.
- He worked as a Judge of the High Court of Chancery.

18-**Bridget Helen Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 17 Mar 1903 in 67 Porchester Terrace, London.

Bridget married **Rev. John Bardsley**,¹² son of **Rev. Ernest John Bardsley**¹² and **Hilda Mary Wilson**,¹² on 19 Jul 1935 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex. John was born on 3 Mar 1904 in Blackburn, Lancashire. They had two children: **Susanna Charlotte** and **Nicholas John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

19-**Susanna Charlotte Bardsley**

19-**Nicholas John Bardsley**

18-**Lt. Col. Geoffrey Danvers Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 9 Sep 1905 in 67 Porchester Terrace, London.

Geoffrey married **Estelle Carol Davidson**, daughter of **Charles George Frances Davidson** and **Estelle May Gordon Bishop**. They had three children: **April Gay**, **David Stafford**, and **Thomas Charles**.

19-**April Gay Crossman**

19-**David Stafford Crossman**

19-**Thomas Charles Crossman**

18-**Rt. Hon. Richard Howard Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 15 Dec 1907 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 5 Apr 1974 in Prescote Manor, Banbury at age 66.

General Notes: This is Dick Crossman MP, who caused a furore after his death with his diaries, which were published.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PC OBE.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Coventry East 1945 To 1974.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Labour Party 1960 To 1961.
- He worked as a Lord President of the Council in 1966.
- He worked as a Leader of the House of Commons in 1966.
- He worked as a Secretary of State for Health & Social Security 1968 To 1970.
- He worked as an Editor of the New Statesman 1970 To 1972.
- He worked as a Journalist and Writer.

Richard married **Anne Patricia McDougall**, daughter of **Alexander Patrick McDougall** and **Muriel Cowper**, on 3 Jun 1954 in London. Anne was born on 15 Apr 1921 in Prescote Manor, Banbury and died on 3 Oct 2008 at age 87. They had two children: **Patrick Danvers** and **Virginia Helen**.

19-**Patrick Danvers Crossman**

19-**Virginia Helen Crossman**

Richard next married **Erika Susanna Gluck**, daughter of **Dr. Ludwig Lansberg**.

Richard next married **Inezita Baker** on 18 Dec 1937 in London. Inezita was born on 21 Oct 1904 in Santa Cruz de Tenerife, Canary Islands and died in 1952 in London at age 48.

18-**Elizabeth Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 15 Apr 1910 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 1 Jun 1957 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 47.

18-**Mary Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 2 Feb 1913 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

Mary married **Charles Powys Woodhouse**, son of **James Stanley Woodhouse** and **Harriette Powys Isaac**, on 24 Sep 1938 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex. Charles was born on 14 Dec 1902 in Cricklewood. They had one daughter: **Elisabeth Ann**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Master at Dragon School.

19-Elisabeth Ann Woodhouse

18-**Thomas Edward Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 19 Oct 1917 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 31 May 1940 in Killed In Action at age 22.

17-**Bernard Farmborough Howard**¹² was born on 30 Apr 1880 in Walthamstow, London and died on 19 Nov 1960 in Loughton, Essex at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.
- He worked as a JP for Essex.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Firbank, Loughton, Essex.

Bernard married **Janet Elizabeth Fox**,¹² daughter of **Joseph Hoyland Fox**^{171,178,275} and **Mariana Fox Tuckett**,^{171,178} on 1 Jun 1905 in Wellington, Somerset. Janet was born on 25 Jun 1882 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 23 Nov 1940 in Loughton, Essex. Died in a road accident. at age 58. They had seven children: **Deborah Benson, Mary Tregelles, Jean Middleton, James David, Thomas Were, Rosemary Farmborough, and Elizabeth Jenifer.**

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in The Pollards, Loughton, Essex.

18-**Deborah Benson Howard** was born on 9 Mar 1906 in Quantocks, Woodford Green and died in 2007 at age 101.

Deborah married **Edward Julian Carter**, son of **Frances Edward Carter** and **Sibella Sayer**, on 17 May 1930 in Loughton. Edward was born on 9 Jun 1902 in Grahamstown, S. Africa and died in 1980 at age 78. They had five children: **Caroline Sibella, Deborah Jane, Judith Frances, Sarah Howard, and Thomas Hodges.**

19-Caroline Sibella Carter

Caroline married **Lukas Hermann Heller**, son of **Herman Ignatz Heller** and **Gertrude Heilwig Falke**. They had two children: **Lucy Lauris** and **Carl Buno**.

20-Lucy Lauris Heller

20-Carl Buno Heller

19-Deborah Jane Carter

Deborah married **Robert Anthony Howard**, son of **John Liddon Howard** and **Kate Crothers**. They had three children: **Luke Liddon, Jacob Samuel, and Rebecca.**

20-Luke Liddon Howard

20-Jacob Samuel Howard

20-Rebecca Howard

19-Judith Frances Carter

Judith married **Henry George Livings**, son of **George Livings** and **Dorothy Buckley**. They had two children: **Toby** and **Maria.**

20-Toby Livings

20-Maria Livings

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Sarah Howard Carter

19-Thomas Hodges Carter

18-**Dr. Mary Tregelles Howard** was born on 26 Apr 1908 in Quantocks, Woodford Green, London and died on 1 Nov 2002 at age 94.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Physician.
- She worked as a Deputy Divisonal Medical officer for the LCC.
- She had a residence in Newstead Home, Denewood Road, Highgate, London.

Mary married **Dr. Thomas Duncan Day**, son of **John Duncan Day** and **May Stinton**, on 15 Jan 1931 in London. Thomas was born on 22 Feb 1907 in Warwick, Warwickshire, died in 1976 at age 69, and was buried in St. Andrew & St. Mary's churchyard, Grantchester, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire. They had one daughter: **Alison**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB MD.
- He worked as a Senior Research Fellow in Experimental Patholgy and Cancer Research in 1949 in University of Leeds, Leeds, Yorkshire.

19-Alison Day

Alison married **Anthony Joseph Rushford**, son of **Francis Herman Ruzicka** and **Louise Faul**. They had three children: **Andrew Howard**, **Sally Anne**, and **Robert Howard**.

20-Andrew Howard Rushford

20-Sally Anne Rushford

20-Robert Howard Rushford

Mary next married **Andrew Paterson**, son of **Andrew Paterson** and **Elizabeth McLean**, on 2 Aug 1941 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Andrew was born on 22 Sep 1906 in Lerwick and died on 11 Feb 1947 in London at age 40.

18-**Jean Middleton Howard** was born on 1 Jul 1910 in Loughton, Essex.

Jean married **Alfred Kuhn**, son of **Eduard Kuhn** and **Marta Diepelt**, on 27 Jan 1939 in Berlin, Germany. Alfred was born on 10 Dec 1900 in Schonsee, West Preussen. They had two children: **Martin James** and **Nicholas Thomas**.

19-Martin James Kuhn

19-Nicholas Thomas Kuhn

18-**James David Howard** was born on 7 Apr 1912 in Loughton, Essex and died on 9 Oct 1940 in Ilford, Essex. Killed by enemy action at age 28.

18-**Thomas Were Howard** was born on 8 Mar 1915 in Loughton, Essex and died on 20 Feb 1997 in Loughton, Essex at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

Thomas married **Isobel Brewer**, daughter of **Henry West Brewer** and **Hilda Taylor**. They had three children: **Deborah Janet**, **Susannah Virginia**, and **David**.

19-Deborah Janet Howard

19-Susannah Virginia Howard

19-David Howard

18-Rosemary Farmborough Howard was born on 3 Mar 1917 in Loughton, Essex and died on 19 Feb 2006 at age 88.

General Notes: Her estate was valued at £3,782,906 net. ----- ROSEMARY GREENWOOD A Mountaineering Heritage (Plate 50) In 1802 my great-grandfather Francis Tuckett was born at Frenchay, now a suburb of Bristol but then a country village. It had long been a Quaker enclave and the Tucketts were among a number of Quaker families, such as the Frys and the Barclays, who lived there and worked in Bristol. In those days certain professions were closed to them and many Quakers went into business, manufacturing and banking where they prospered and established a reputation for scrupulous fair dealing and a caring attitude to their employees. Francis was a leather merchant and a keen traveller. He married Mariana Fox in 1833 and had four children: Frank, Lizzie, Mariana and Charlotte. Born in 1834, Frank inherited a love of travel and a keen interest in natural science. He first visited the Alps with his father in 1842 at the age of eight, and an excursion to the Mer de Glace kindled his passion for mountains. In 1853, aged 19, he returned to the Alps with his future brother-in-law, my grandfather Joseph Hoyland Fox, and they walked and scrambled prodigiously, covering enormous distances all over Switzerland. Three years later they started climbing. In Chamonix they engaged Victor Tairraz, three other guides and a porter for the Col du Geant. Their provisions consisted of three fowls, a joint of veal, two large loaves and four bottles of vin ordinaire. No wonder they needed a porter. Later, Frank Tuckett did a number of seasons with Victor Tairraz; he scarcely ever climbed without a guide and usually took two and a porter. In those early days guideless climbing was rare, and my grandfather remarked on the great feat of a party of well-known English mountaineers who had climbed Mont Blanc without guides in 1855. Although Frank Tuckett worked in the leather business in Bristol and walked there every day from Frenchay to keep in training, he was able to go climbing most summers for two months or so, starting much earlier in the season than we do nowadays. In 1859 he and my grandfather were elected to the Alpine Club which had been formed two years earlier, and they often climbed together during the following years. As far as I can ascertain, none of my forebears in the last century ever did any rock-climbing in Britain. But in 1865 an Easter party of 13 Alpine Club members, including my grandfather and great uncle, stayed at Pen-y-Gwryd and climbed Snowdon and the Glyders! The Tucketts often made up parties for their summer holidays - Frank and his sisters, cousins and Alpine Club friends. Some of these holidays were recorded by my great-aunt Lizzie, a gifted artist, who sketched their adventures amusingly in *Voyage en Zigzag*, "Zigzagging in the Dolomites, and other books. They toured from place to place - several times in the Dolomites and Tyrol - Frank and his climbing friends going over the tops of the mountains and meeting up from time to time with the ladies and the less energetic men, who went round by road or mule track either riding or walking or in primitive conveyances. The accommodation was often extremely poor and verminous and food sometimes hard to come by. Sunburn was a menace, particularly for the climbers, and they protected their faces with veils and masks when on the snow. Umbrellas were carried in the rain. Lizzie wore what she described as a 'waterproof habit' and Frank wore a plaid. The ladies looped up their skirts and the porters carried their hoops (one cannot ride in a crinoline). Tradition has it that Frank always wore elastic-sided boots for climbing; a small room at Frenchay used to be filled with his climbing boots. They often met other English parties on their travels, and there were more English tourists in the Alps in those days than any other nationality. Large hotels were built in the second half of the century, not only at the resorts but also at isolated viewpoints such as Riffelalp, Belalp and Eggishorn. Between the years 1856 and 1874 Frank Tuckett made no fewer than 57 first ascents or new routes on mountains and high passes. Notable among these were:
1856 The first tourist ascent of the Mettelhorn.
1859 The first ascent of the Aletschhorn.
1861 The first direct ascent of Mont Blanc from St Gervais by the Dome du Gouter and Les Bosses, with Leslie Stephen.
1862 A new route on Mont Pelvoux by the Tuckett Couloir. The Col des Ecrins.
1864 First ascents of Piz Kesch, Monte Confinale, Gran Zebbru (Konigsspitze) and Ortles.
1867 The first ascent of Civetta. During these years he climbed 165 peaks and crossed 376 passes.
Many of these expeditions are recorded in *Peaks, Passes and Glaciers* and the *Alpine Journal*. He also contributed articles of geological and scientific interest. He made a study of glaciers and made observations from mountain summits, boiling his thermometer to calculate the altitude and sketching the neighbouring mountains. In the Dauphine and Ortler he did extensive surveys with equipment that included a mercury barometer and water-boiling apparatus which also came in handy for brewing up Symington's dried soup. Frank always carried with him a bottle of his 'cure all' - a mixture of tincture of rhubarb, sal volatile and brandy - and very effective it was. We were all brought up on it. He designed a sleeping-bag with a mackintosh outer, the top of which could be unbuttoned to provide ventilation, and a red blanket bag inside, plus an extra red blanket which could be buttoned on and a woollen hood. This only weighed 81 1/2 lbs. In 1869 Frank and his future brother-in-law Eliot Howard brought from Styria what are believed to have been the first rucksacks to be seen in Switzerland, and they were soon to replace the old Swiss knapsack. Frank also carried a conjuring set. He was an accomplished conjuror and wherever he went he delighted the villagers, especially the children, with his sleight-of-hand. He also used to take out his teeth, to their mystification. Frank was extremely tough and strong and often exhausted his companions, but he treated his guides with great consideration and was always on the best of terms with them. He spoke German well, so communication was no problem. In 1864 he organised a fund among Alpine Club members for the mother of his guide J J Bennen who was killed on the Haut de Cry, and went personally to Lax to help deal with the family's finances. He was one of the founder members of the Austrian Alpine Club in 1862 and in 1898 he was made an Honorary Member of the Club Alpin Francais. From 1866 to 1868 he was Vice-President of the Alpine Club but refused the presidency more than once, as he felt that he lived too far from London. By 1874 Frank Tuckett was still only 40 but he did no more serious climbing in the Alps; however, he was always ready to advise and encourage younger climbers. He travelled widely and continued to do so until his death in 1913 at the age of 80. 2 Between 1877 and 1886 he travelled in Greece, Corsica, the Pyrenees and Turkey, making many ascents. Later he travelled all over the world, with

Descendants of Thomas Forster

frequent visits to Egypt and Italy where he indulged his archaeological interests. He went three times round the world. Family legend has it that the first time he had not enough courage to propose to the beautiful Alice Fox, who was living at that time with her brother, a sheep farmer in New Zealand. The next time round he proposed and was accepted and they were married in 1896 when he was 62. Alice was the sister of Harry Fox who was lost in the Caucasus with W F Donkin in 1888. I can just remember Aunt Alice, a handsome lady in widow's weeds and veil, and my elder sisters have fondest memories of Uncle Frank. There is a charming photograph in the Alpine Journal of him sitting in the garden at Frenchay in 1910. The Foxes of Wellington are all descended from Thomas Fox who built Tonedale House in 1802 next to the woollen mill, which still exists and is most famous for Fox's Puttees, worn by the army for many years and also by climbers. He had 15 children and some of his descendants still live in and around Wellington and work at the mill. Quakers in those early days were not supposed to marry outside the Society of Friends and they tended to marry cousins, so our family tree is a tangle of cross fertilisation of Foxes, Howards and Tucketts. The daughters were often sent on visits to cousins in other parts of the country so that they could meet fresh faces - the Tuckett Alpine holidays proved an excellent meeting ground. Mariana Tuckett married my grandfather Joseph Hoyland Fox in 1860. Charlotte Tuckett married Eliot Howard, my father's uncle, in 1871 and Lizzie, the artist, married William Fowler, one of Frank's climbing companions, and sadly died in childbirth. My grandfather was extremely tough and though he had lost an eye as a child through being shot by an arrow, the accident did not prevent him being a keen cricketer; he used to play-sometimes at Frenchay Cricket Club, where W G Grace was often the star attraction. He started his Alpine holidays with Frank Tuckett in 1853 when he was 20, and they climbed frequently together, though my grandfather was never to become one of the great climbers. In 1859 he climbed the Breithorn and the Schwarzhorn; and he created a record by climbing from Riffelalp to the top of Monte Rosa and back in 10 hours and 50 minutes. In 1863 he and Frank Tuckett climbed 5 peaks and 23 passes in the Tyrol, Dolomites and Eastern Switzerland. They both enjoyed touring from place to place over mountain passes, and on many of these mountain journeys they were accompanied by the ladies of the party. In 1871, again with Frank, my grandfather had a narrow escape from a colossal avalanche on the Eiger. 4 As soon as his children were old enough, my grandfather took them on modest climbs, usually with François Devouassoud, who was his guide for many years. His sons Hugh and Gerald were tough and athletic, though not outstanding climbers. Hugh was a Rugby international and Gerald played for Somerset. They both often holidayed in the Alps and Gerald brought the first skis to the Oberland with his cousin, Thomas Fox, who also enjoyed skating at Davos and St Moritz in the 1890s. His sister Anna was an indefatigable climber. She climbed the Matterhorn in 1890, Mont Blanc in 1893 and many more. Another sister May was an outstanding mountain water-colourist. A third sister Florrie married my uncle Gerald and died of typhoid fever after only three months. Another cousin was Harry Fox of Caucasus fame. He seems to have been rather a paragon. Not only was he one of the foremost mountaineers of the day, but he also captained the Somerset Rugby XV and played cricket for the county. He was a partner in the family woollen business at an early age and ran Sunday schools and other good works. He was only 32 when he died in 1888. 5 He and W F Donkin, with two Swiss guides Kaspar Streich and Johann Fischer, were exploring and surveying in the area of Dychtau and they must have been killed in an attempt on the mountain. Their last bivouac was found the following year, but their bodies were never found. One of Harry Fox's sisters married my uncle Hugh. Hugh's daughter Cecilia, a GP in Wellington, was another keen climber for many years. Her father always insisted that she took two guides. She was also a gifted painter of Alpine scenes and flowers. My mother, Janet Fox, was a sister of Hugh and Gerald. The first time she went to the Alps with her father she was 12 and he was 6J.6 She went up the Brevent with François Devouassoud and was also taken onto the Findelen glacier. My grandfather climbed the Petits Charmoz with cousin Anna. Another year in Grindelwald, climbs were arranged for my mother with Christian Jossi junior, son of one of my grandfather's guides. Thirty years later, on one of our family holidays, my mother arranged for Christian to repeat the climb of the Rotihorn with the next generation. Jen and I were too young to go, but Jossi had become a fat old man and thereafter his place was taken by his nephew Peter Bernet with whom all my siblings climbed. My father's family, the Howards, did not have such a strong mountain-eering tradition, though my father's uncle, Eliot Howard, was an Alpine Club member and married Charlotte Tuckett. Their son, Geoffrey Howard, was made a Vice-President of the Alpine Club in 1952, and it is said that this was on account of his witty after dinner speaking rather than his prowess as a climber. He was instrumental in bringing my parents together as he was first cousin to both. 8 My Howard grandparents often took Alpine holidays and walked energetically. My grandmother and aunts would visit the poor and hand out tracts. Nowadays this would be considered presumptuous. My father first went to the Alps with his parents in 1899 at the age of 19. Starting from Argentiere (pension rate 5 francs, about 20p), they trekked round Mont Blanc to Courmayeur where their pension was considered expensive at 8 francs, vin compris. They had terrible weather and thick snow on the Col du Bonhomme. They took two guides and three mules, two for the luggage; my grandmother rode the third with grandfather hanging onto its tail. Father was an energetic walker rather than a climber and took pleasure in forcing his body to the limits of endurance. In Scotland and Norway he did some incredibly strenuous walking and climbing, covering huge distances. My parents were married in 1905, Geoffrey Howard being my father's best man, and from then on they had Alpine holidays usually on alternate years when there was no new baby to keep Mother at home. As most of our birthdays are in the spring we like to think that some of us were conceived in the Alps. In 1907, leaving their first baby with our nanny, my parents joined the Fox grandparents in Grindelwald and climbed the Wetterhorn with Christian Jossi. They stayed at the little Hotel des Alpes at Alpiglen, halfway between Grindelwald and Kleine Scheidegg and nowadays the starting point for attempts on the Eiger Nordwand. It was fantastically cheap and became our base for family Alpine holidays until 1934, when my parents rented a chalet in Grindelwald where we had glorious holidays and took up skiing. Ashley, my husband, who was a Cambridge friend of my elder brother, was a frequent visitor to our chalet and he climbed from there with various members of the family. Before we were old enough to accompany them, many of my parents' holidays were spent hut-to-hutting in Austria and the Dolomites, and even after we had the chalet they usually went off for a few days touring on their own. Perhaps the most distinguished of my climbing relations was my cousin Howard Somervell. His grandparents were brother and sister respectively to my Howard grandparents. For us, as children, he was a very approachable and entertaining hero and a darling man. We saw him rarely as he was a medical missionary in South India. He qualified as a doctor in 1915 and served in France throughout the war, becoming a very expert surgeon and with a distinguished career ahead of him. His home being in Kendal he had walked and climbed in the Lake District since boyhood, and he soon developed a taste for the Alps as well, where he spent all available holidays. He was therefore a natural choice for the 1922 Everest expedition, as there were so few fit and experienced young climbers left after the war. Though the expedition ended in disaster, with the death of seven Sherpas in an avalanche, Howard Somervell had attained an altitude of 26,800ft. It was after this expedition, while visiting a mission

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hospital in Travancore, that Somervell felt the call to use his skills in the service of God and the poor of India. In 1923, having renounced a very tempting offer of an appoint- ment in England, he took up his post in Neyyoor, where he remained for 22 years. He worked incredibly long hours but believed in taking enough holidays to keep himself fit for work. He joined the 1924 Everest expedi- tion and, with Lt Col E F Norton, attained the record height of 28,000ft, in spite of almost suffocating from a frostbitten larynx.9 Mallory was a particular friend of his - they shared a tent - and his death was a great sorrow to Howard. While living in India, Howard had a number of Himalayan holidays, sometimes trekking with his wife and sometimes climbing in the areas of Nanda Devi, Kangchenjunga and Nanga Parbat. Howard Somervell was a considerable artist and some of his mountain pictures are familiar to Alpine Club members. Most of his Everest sketches were done on brown paper in pastel or water colour, which shows up the luminous quality of the snow. He was also a keen musician and while in Tibet collected folk songs which he arranged for themusical accompaniment to the film of the 1922 expedition. He was President of the Alpine Club from 1962 to 1965 and was also President of the Fell and Rock and Vice-President of the Himalayan Club Since 1859 there has always been at least one Alpine Club member among my relations, and my sister Jen and I are very proud of our mountaineering heritage.

ROSEMARY GREENWOOD

A Mountaineering Heritage

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 32 St. Ann's Terrace, St. Johns Wood, London.

Rosemary married **Ashley Martin Greenwood**, son of **Martin Greenwood** and **Marjorie Krauss**, on 24 Apr 1956 in London. Ashley was born on 12 Jun 1912 in London and died on 30 Sep 2003 at age 91.

General Notes: Ashley Greenwood OBE, MC, QC 1912 - 2003 Elected a member of the Alpine Club at the age of 24, Ashley Greenwood had a taste for adventure that led him to volunteer for commando training during the early years of the war. After joining the Long-Range Desert Group, he was awarded the MC and mentioned in dispatches for his service in the Mediterranean theatre. After the cessation of hostilities, Ashley joined the Colonial Office and served in various legal capacities in Uganda, Fiji and Gibraltar. He later calculated that his climbing, military and legal careers had taken him to 103 countries. Ashley Martin Greenwood was born in 1912. From Haileybury he went on to Clare College, Cambridge, and having taken a double first in classics, he decided to become a lawyer and qualified as a solicitor. He climbed his first mountain as a teenager. His passion for the sport took him to the Alps, Dolomites and Tyrol, as well as Norway, Scotland and Wales. In 1936 he was elected to the AC after being proposed by Noel Odell. His climbing skills would stand him in good stead during the war. Commissioned into the Royal Artillery in 1940, he volunteered for Commando training in the hope of 'seeing action. He inveigled his way into the Long-Range Desert Group at a time when the force was turning its attention from North Africa to the Aegean, Italy and the Balkans. Sent from the Commando Training Centre at Lochailort, Scotland, to attend a mountain warfare conference at Tripoli, in April 1943, he heard that the group's New Zealand squadron needed a climbing instructor for its mountain warfare training at the Cedars of Lebanon ski resort. He volunteered for the job and, on finding himself warmly welcomed, persuaded Lieutenant-Colonel Guy Prendergast, commanding the group, to say that his retention with the LRDG was operationally vital. He spent the rest of the war with the group on a wide variety of operations. He accompanied the New Zealand squadron on the ill-fated operation, triggered by Italy's armistice in September 1943, to occupy the Dodecanese Islands before the Germans got there. Successful landings were achieved on the islands of Leros and Kalimnos but, when the Italian garrison on Rhodes refused to co-operate, the Luftwaffe squadrons on Rhodes and Crete made the situation of the British force untenable. Bombed and strafed on their return from Kalimnos, Greenwood's detachment reached Leros just as a German parachute force landed. Together with men from the Special Boat Section under Major the Earl Jellicoe, they made for the hills and then went by caique to Turkey. Ashley, accompanied only by a Greek agent who knew the island, returned to Leros by RAF sea-rescue launch and rubber dinghy. He planned to collect together other British troops left behind and guide them to a pick-up point from where a similar vessel could take them to Egypt. When the vessel did not appear after several nights' wait, he sent the men he had collected in small parties by rowing boat to a nearby island and from there by a caique to Turkey. Although neutral, Turkey was sympathetic to the Allied cause and the rescued men travelled with Ashley on the Taurus Express to Syria. Having been trained as a parachutist, he led one of four small patrols dropped to the north of the German defensive positions in Italy in June 1944. Their task was to reconnoitre the state of roads and bridges in the expectation of an Allied advance, identify German units and report on their dispositions. As was often the case using contemporary navigational aids, all but one of the patrols were dropped in the wrong place and too near the enemy. He and one other man of his patrol evaded capture, but were separated. Ashley walked south to Lake Trasimene, on the shores of which the two armies faced each other, and made his way through the reeds to the British positions. During the early months of 1945 he was the Long-Range Desert Group's liaison officer on the staff of the British brigade operating in Montenegro, which had a number of desert group patrols working in that area, trying to persuade the Yugoslav partisans to attack or at least harass the retreating Germans. But he did not find the partisans co-operative. From June 1945 until March 1946, he served with the Allied Military Government Organisation in Austria. Ashley was appointed deputy registrar of the Ugandan High Court in 1946 and was promoted to registrar the next year. He became resident magistrate in 1950 and Crown counsel four years later. He was called to the Bar by the Inner Temple in 1952. Four years later, he was appointed Solicitor-General and then Attorney-General of Fiji, where he took silk. He served as Attorney-General of Gibraltar for three years from 1963. After his retirement from the Colonial Office, he was appointed OBE and took on various assignments, including a year in Washington on the Telstar conference and a short spell as temporary Attorney-General of Montserrat. He also spent some months in Hong Kong, dealing with implications relating to the colony's return to China. Ashley married Rosemary Howard in April 1956. The couple, who had climbed together in the Alps for two seasons before the war, returned to mountaineering afterwards and were also active in the Eagle Ski Club. In the 20-year period up to 1978, they climbed, skied and trekked together in New Zealand, Austria, Italy, Greece, Nepal, India and Peru. AsWey marked turning 80 by climbing Stok Kangri (6121m) in Ladakh. Ashley, with Rosemary, was a true stalwart of the AC, taking part in gatherings from meets in the Himalaya to regular Club

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evenings in London. Members who rushed straight from work to Club lectures owe them a particular debt, for it was Rosemary and Ashley who used to provide the buffet. This was the sort of thankless task that few members could be persuaded to undertake on a regular basis, yet the Greenwoods, in their eighties, continued to perform it for many years.

Ronnie Faux (based on an obituary in The Times, 8 October 2003)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE MC QC.
- He worked as a Member of the Alpine Club in 1936.
- He worked as a Deputy registrar of the Ugandan High Court in 1946.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple in 1952.
- He worked as a Solicitor-General and then Attorney-General of Fiji in 1957.
- He worked as an Attorney-General of Gibraltar in 1963.

18-**Elizabeth Jenifer Howard** was born on 11 Aug 1921 in Loughton, Essex and died on 16 May 2009 at age 87.

Elizabeth married **George Stefan Solt**, son of **Fritz Solt** and **Helene Markus**. They had three children: **Stephen Howard**, **Clare Victoria**, and **Philip Fox**.

19-**Stephen Howard Solt**

19-**Clare Victoria Solt**

Clare married **Mark James Royston Dennis**.

19-**Philip Fox Solt**

16-**Eliot Howard**^{12,225} was born on 13 Jul 1842 in Tottenham, London and died on 8 Oct 1927 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Hydraulic Engineer.
- He worked as a Chairman of Hayward Tylor & Co., in succession to his brother Robert.
- He was Plymouth Brethren, then Church of England.
- He worked as a Member of The Alpine Club in 1867.

Eliot married **Charlotte Fox Tuckett**,^{12,225} daughter of **Francis Tuckett** and **Caroline Mariana Fox**,⁴⁰ on 13 Dec 1871 in Wellington, Somerset. Charlotte was born on 8 May 1842 in Frenchay, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 11 Jan 1933 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 90. They had three children: **Elizabeth Fox**, **Francis Eliot**, and **Geoffrey Eliot**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Ardmore, Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

17-**Elizabeth Fox Howard** was born on 6 Mar 1873 in Walthamstow, London and died on 9 Dec 1957 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 84.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Relief worker on the Western Front, during WWI.
- She was Church of England, then Quaker.

17-**Francis Eliot Howard**¹² was born on 18 Jan 1875 in Walthamstow, London and died on 29 Oct 1941 in Coleshill, Amersham, Buckinghamshire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AMInstCE.
- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Keynedon, Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

Francis married **Millicent Charlotte Flux**,¹² daughter of **Edward Hichens Flux** and **Emily Charlotte Mills**, on 22 Oct 1902 in Epping, Essex. Millicent was born on 20 Sep 1876 in London and died in 1964 at age 88. They had three children: **Ruth Millicent Eliot**, **Edward Francis Eliot**, and **Giles Philip Eliot**.

18-**Ruth Millicent Eliot Howard** was born on 29 Nov 1904 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died in 1966 at age 62.

18-**Edward Francis Eliot Howard** was born on 15 Mar 1906 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 17 Jul 1982 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Hydraulic Engineer.

Edward married **Mary Ducane Reynolds**, daughter of **Henry Osborne Reynolds** and **Theodora Madelaine Hardy**, on 12 Jul 1940 in London. Mary was born on 10 Aug 1913 in Rangoon, Burma and died on 10 May 1960 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire at age 46. They had two children: **Patricia Mary** and **David Eliot**.

19-**Patricia Mary Howard** was born on 27 Feb 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire and died on 12 Aug 2006 at age 64.

Patricia married **Harding**.

19-**David Eliot Howard**

David married **Rosalind Christian Mathews**. They had two children: **Tamsyn Christian** and **Edward William**.

20-**Tamsyn Christian Howard**

Tamsyn married **Sq. Ldr. Andrew John Luggar**. They had two children: **William Eliot John** and **Eloise Christiana**.

21-**William Eliot John Luggar**

21-**Eloise Christiana Luggar**

20-**Edward William Howard** was born on 22 Mar 1974 and died on 17 Nov 1997 at age 23.

Edward next married **Diana McKinley**.

18-**Giles Philip Eliot Howard** was born on 9 Oct 1908 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 16 Jan 1996 in Jersey, Channel Islands at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer, Hayward Tyler & Co. Ltd.

Giles married **Elizabeth Vernon Ryland**. Elizabeth died on 14 Jul 1984.

17-**Geoffrey Eliot Howard** was born on 24 Dec 1877 in Walthamstow, London and died on 16 Jan 1956 in London at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Howard & Sons., Pharmaceutical and Industrial Chemists.
- He worked as a Member of the Alpine Club in 1907.

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Geoffrey married **Edith Julia Emma Edinger**, daughter of **Otto Henry Edinger** and **Augusta Fuld**, on 19 Nov 1914 in London. Edith was born on 15 May 1891 in London. They had three children: **John Anthony Eliot**, **Denis Valentine Eliot**, and **Michael Eliot**.

18-**John Anthony Eliot Howard** was born on 19 Jan 1916 in London and died on 23 Aug 2010 at age 94.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Howard & Sons., Pharmaceutical and Industrial Chemists.
- He was Church of England, then Roman Catholic.

John married **Irene Pomphrett**, daughter of **Edward Pomphrett** and **Edith Billingsley**, on 27 Jul 1939 in London. Irene was born on 23 Dec 1916 in Bishop's Stortford, Hertfordshire and died on 12 Nov 2009 at age 92. They had five children: **Patrick Valentine Eliot**, **Clare Antonia Mary Eliot**, **Madelaine Philippa Mary Eliot**, **Camilla Margaret Mary Eliot**, and **Andrew Geoffrey Eliot**.

19-**Patrick Valentine Eliot Howard**

Patrick married **Valerie Sutton**. They had two children: **Luke** and **Victoria**.

20-**Dr. Luke Howard**

Luke married **Elizabeth Powers-Moore**. They had four children: **Olivia**, **Max**, **Felicity**, and **Xavier**.

21-**Olivia Howard**

21-**Max Howard**

21-**Felicity Howard**

21-**Xavier Howard**

20-**Victoria Howard**

Patrick next married **Christine Fisher**.

19-**Clare Antonia Mary Eliot Howard**

Clare married **Peter Rich**. They had one son: **Edward**.

20-**Edward Rich**

19-**Madelaine Philippa Mary Eliot Howard**

Madelaine married **James Howe**. They had three children: **William**, **Rachel**, and **Tom**.

20-**William Howe**

20-**Rachel Howe**

20-**Tom Howe**

19-**Camilla Margaret Mary Eliot Howard**

Camilla married **Huw Griffith-Jones**. They had two children: **Eleanor** and **Alexander**.

20-**Eleanor Griffith-Jones**

20-Alexander Griffith-Jones

19-Andrew Geoffrey Eliot Howard

Andrew married **Janice Andrews**. They had two children: **Benedict** and **Isabella**.

20-Benedict Howard

20-Isabella Howard

18-Denis Valentine Eliot Howard was born on 7 Sep 1919 in North Cray, Kent and died in Aug 1994 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Howard & Sons.

Denis married **Fedellma Therese O'Brennan**, daughter of **James O'Brennan** and **Kathleen Bourke**, on 21 Jul 1951 in London. Fedellma was born on 25 Dec 1924 in Patrickswell, Co. Limerick and died on 13 Nov 2020 at age 95.

18-Prof. Sir Michael Eliot Howard

16-Alfred Howard²²⁵ was born on 9 Nov 1844 in Tottenham, London and died on 13 May 1845 in Tottenham, London.

15-Sarah Lloyd^{2,7,10,12,23,28,47,87,117,144,283,290} was born on 25 Nov 1804 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 24 Dec 1890 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 86, and was buried on 27 Dec 1890 in FBG Budock, Falmouth.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.

Sarah married **Alfred Fox**,^{2,5,7,10,12,23,28,47,57,87,117,144,283,290,332} son of **Robert Were Fox**^{2,7,40,56,197,244,290,333} and **Elizabeth Tregelles**,^{2,7,9,40,56,197,244,290} on 16 May 1828 in Birmingham (15th in AM). Alfred was born on 9 Sep 1794 in Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 20 May 1874 in Falmouth, Cornwall (23rd also given) at age 79, and was buried on 26 May 1874 in FBG Budock, Falmouth. They had 12 children: **Alfred Lloyd, Theodore, Rachel Elizabeth, Sarah Charlotte, Mary, Howard, Helen Maria, Lucy Anna, Charles William, George Henry, Wilson Lloyd**, and **Sophia Lloyd**.

General Notes: **16 May 1874, Sat** :On arriving at 18 Princes Gardens found there had been a worse a/c of my father-in-law. Minnie, Effie and Josephine Bull were all packed up for a start to Cornwall. packed up also and we left Paddington at 9 o'clock reaching Falmouth 7.15 Sunday morning.
17 May 1874, Sun : Saw my father-in-law; he was evidently much weaker and seemed in a critical condition, though he was much like himself.
18 May 1874, Mon : Went to Glendurgan , my father-in-law saying I was to tell Peters he would be out in the course of a day or two.
19 May 1874, Tues : About Falmouth - thought of starting for London & the North, but the a/c of my father-in-law was such that I deemed it better to stay at Falmouth. Towards afternoon, he seemed better, and Minnie came home thoroughly tired out with nursing.
20 May 1874, Wed : On getting up this morning, heard that my father-in-law had died during the night about 1.30., my mother, Rachel & Willie had been with him - so passed away a really good man. Employed most of the day in drawing a memoir for the local papers.
26 May 1874, Tues : Sauntered about a good deal making preparations for the funeral. A long procession of carriages followed my father-in-law to the Budock burial ground. Carriages from the High Terrace to Panmere. Beautiful number of beautiful wreaths were on his coffin . Some good administrations from Lovell Squire, and some beautiful words from Tom *Hodgkin*. Coming back with Robert and Charlotte *Fowler*, we heard Robert wild about his defeat so we could only do our best to quiet him. Tea at Wodehouse Place and supper at our house & at John William *Pease's* , a quiet, feeling, memorable day.
27 May 1874, Wed : To Wodehouse Place at 11 to hear my father-in-law's will read. It was a long document - Glendurgan to my mother-in-law absolutely, the business to Howard & George under conditions of annuity, £500 to each son, £100 to each daughter, my mother-in-law to have income from remainder for life then equally divided son and daughter share and share alike, legacies of diamond ring, snuff boxes &c to sons; drove out with Minnie to call on Uncle Robert, haemorrhage from bladder does not cease; he seemed well, but they are getting anxious about him. Home, dinner and off by train to London with Phillip Debell and Rachel Tuckett. A long journey, arrived at Paddington about 5.30, home & to bed. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipping Agent. G. C. Fox & Co.
- He was Quaker.
- He had a residence in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall.

16-**Alfred Lloyd Fox**^{10,12,144,283,290,332} was born on 26 May 1829 in Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 23 Jun 1885 in Penmere, Falmouth, Cornwall. (July given in AM) at age 56, and was buried on 27 Jun 1885 in FBG Budock, Falmouth.

General Notes: In 1867 he joined Eli & Sybil Jones on their journey through the south of France, Athens, Syria, Palestine and Egypt. With Eli, he also visited the Lebanon. Two years later, he travelled to the Shetland Isles with Sarah F Smiley and Eliz Barclay and in 1870, the Scilly Isles

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipping Agent in Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1877.

Alfred married **Mary Jane Fox**,^{12,74,283,290,332} daughter of **Francis Fox**^{88,283,321,332} and **Rachel Womersley**,^{29,88,332} on 15 Mar 1864 in FMH Tottenham. Mary was born on 27 Jun 1831 in Bruce Grove, Tottenham, London and died on 21 Oct 1919 in 17 Campden Hill Gardens, London at age 88. They had three children: **Alfred Francis, Hubert**, and **William Edward**.

General Notes: My "Aunt Mary Jane" was in her 89th year. She has 3 sons, none of them married, Alfred, Herbert & Willie, they lived with her - She is the last of my relations if not the last Quaker Lady to continue to her death, the full uniform of a Quaker - everything just the same as when I was a child - Quaker bonnet, shawl, bodice, skirt &c & Quaker colours . She was a kind, smiling gentle creature, timid, hesitating cautious in speech & manner a most consistent friend & a most simple, religious, innocent life all through - it is curious that there should never have been the slightest change in her outlook or in her mode of life in such times as ours have been.

The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1915 in 17 Campden Hill Gardens, London.

17-**Alfred Francis Fox** was born on 7 Apr 1867 in Penmere, Budock, Falmouth, Cornwall. and died on 13 Feb 1947 in London at age 79.

17-**Hubert Fox** was born on 15 Jan 1870 in Penmere, Budock, Falmouth, Cornwall. and died on 10 Jan 1949 in London at age 78.

17-**William Edward Fox** was born on 16 Dec 1872 in Penmere, Budock, Falmouth, Cornwall. and died on 2 Jun 1948 in London at age 75.

16-**Theodore Fox**^{10,12,247,271} was born on 4 Apr 1831 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 27 Sep 1899 in Sutton, Surrey at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironmaster at Neath Abbey Ironworks, Wales.
- He worked as a Partner in the Neath Abbey Coal Company before 1856 in Neath Abbey, Glamorgan, Wales.
- He worked as an Ironmaster. Head, Fox & Co., Newport Rolling Mills in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a JP for the North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He resided at Bryn y Mor in Saltburn, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1891 in Seascale, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Sutton, Surrey.

Theodore married **Harriet Howell Kirkbride**,^{12,271} daughter of **John Paul Kirkbride**³³⁴ and **Ann Eliza Gregg**,³³⁴ on 26 Mar 1857 in FMH Norwich. Harriet was born on 14 Jan 1828 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 13 Jan 1902 in Sutton, Surrey at age 73. They had five children: **Theodore Alfred, Edwin Kirkbride, Eliza Gurney, Herbert Lloyd**, and **Harriet Beatrice**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Theodore Alfred Fox**¹² was born on 1 Feb 1858 in Drymma, Neath, Glamorgan, Wales and died on 2 Feb 1923 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 6020 Overbrook Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

Theodore married **Anna Eliza Kirkbride**,¹² daughter of **Richard M. Kirkbride** and **Eleanor Cullen**, on 1 Oct 1884 in St. Mary's Church, Burlington, New Jersey, USA. Anna was born on 20 Dec 1857 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 13 Oct 1921 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 63. They had one son: **Theodore Harold**.

18-**Theodore Harold Fox** was born on 24 Aug 1885 in Thorncliffe, Saltburn, Yorkshire and died on 20 Sep 1968 in Urbana, Illinois, USA at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a British Vice-Consul, Philadelphia in 1916 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

Theodore married **Edith Barnes**, daughter of **Benjamin Franklin Barnes** and **Emily Elisabeth Frech**, on 29 Jan 1927 in Washington, D.C., USA. Edith was born on 9 Jul 1898 in Washington, D.C., USA and died on 2 Mar 1963 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 64. They had one daughter: **Jean Annette**.

19-Jean Annette Fox

Jean married **Prof. Donald Lyman Burkholder**, son of **Elmer Burkholder** and **Susan Rothrock**, on 17 Jun 1950 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. Donald was born on 19 Jan 1927 in Octavia, Nebraska, USA and died on 14 Apr 2013 in Urbana, Illinois, USA at age 86. They had three children: **Kathleen Linda**, **James Peter**, and **William Fox**.

General Notes: Donald Lyman Burkholder, a renowned mathematician who helped to revolutionize interdisciplinary studies in the areas of probability theory and analysis and who spent his entire career as a professor at the University of Illinois, died in his sleep on Sunday, April 14, in Urbana, Illinois. He was 86.

He was born January 19, 1927, in Octavia, Nebraska, the fourth of five children of Elmer and Susan (Rothrock) Burkholder. His mother had been a schoolteacher, and his father was a farmer who served on the community school board for many years. Education became the family business: of the four boys, the oldest was a superintendent of schools, the three youngest were college professors, and many in the next generation are educators.

In 1945, Don graduated from high school, where he was captain of the basketball team and senior class president, an honor (as he loved to relate) that came his way because his three classmates had all been president already. He was drafted and entered the Civilian Public Service as a conscientious objector, serving as a cook at a camp for fighting forest fires in Oregon and as an orderly at a mental hospital in New Jersey.

Following his discharge in December, 1946, he acted on the recommendation of a friend and enrolled at Earlham College, a predominantly Quaker college in Richmond, Indiana. There he met his wife-to-be, Jean Annette Fox, and they were both drawn to the field of sociology by the vision and intellectual rigor of a new faculty member who had also served in the CPS, Bill Fuson.

After their wedding in June 1950, Don and Jean attended the University of Wisconsin in Madison as graduate students in sociology. In 1953 they went to the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, where Don had a fellowship to study sociological statistics. He soon discovered that his real interest lay in mathematics, and he completed a Ph.D. in statistics in 1955 under the guidance of Prof. Wassily Hoeffding. That summer, Don joined the Mathematics Department at the University of Illinois in Urbana, where he became a professor in 1964. In 1978 he was appointed Professor in the University of Illinois' Center for Advanced Study. Don retired as professor emeritus in 1998.

Soon after he came to Illinois, Don, influenced by his eminent colleague Joseph Doob, turned to the study of martingales and their connections to other areas of mathematics. The term martingale is used in the discipline of probability to describe a fair gambling game, in which the fortunes of the gambler and the house are equally weighted. It is a matter of balance. As Don liked to point out, the study of martingales is like studying certain properties of Alexander Calder's mobiles, artworks whose parts hang in perfect balance.

It is now widely recognized that the concept of balance embodied in martingales is central for a large number of objects in mathematical fields seemingly unconnected to probability. Don's research, including a fruitful set of papers with his collaborator Richard Gundy, profoundly advanced martingale theory and drove a revolution in the last third of the twentieth century that elevated probability theory to a major role in the study of analysis and differential equations.

In his five-decade career, Don gave several hundred invited lectures and lecture series in England, France, Germany, Switzerland, Israel, Denmark, Sweden, Poland, Hungary, Japan, Singapore, Italy, Scotland, Spain, and Canada and at universities across the United States. He was editor of the Annals of Mathematical Statistics (1964-67), president of the Institute of Mathematical Statistics, a leading international society (1975-76), and a member of many councils, advisory committees, and governing boards. He was a dedicated teacher and mentored 19 Ph.D. students.

He was elected to the National Academy of Sciences in 1992, and was a Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, the Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, and the American Association for the Advancement of Science. In December 2012, he was among the first class named as Fellows of the American Mathematical Society.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

In his early years at the University of Illinois, Don was deeply influenced by his close colleague Joseph Doob. Half a century later, Don's last major effort as a mathematician was to edit a volume of mathematical articles in memory of Prof. Doob, which appeared in 2006. Subsequently Don's colleagues honored him in turn with a collection of his major articles (2011) and a volume of mathematical articles in his honor (2012). Don was devoted to positive social change. During one summer in college, he volunteered in a community group advocating housing desegregation in Chicago while earning money in the Chicago steel mills, laying bricks in the furnaces. He worked for civil rights with the Fellowship of Reconciliation, founded by Bayard Rustin. Throughout his life, he contributed to organizations and political candidates who championed social justice, equal opportunity, and lifting individuals and communities at home and abroad out of the ravages of poverty. He shared these interests with his wife Jean, who has been active in the Urbana-Champaign community, working with the League of Women Voters and other organizations on housing, integration, urban planning, neighborhood preservation, and education, including service as the first chair of the Urbana Human Relations Commission and twenty-two years on the Urbana School Board.

Don is survived by his wife of almost 63 years, Jean Annette (Fox) Burkholder; his son J. Peter Burkholder and son-in-law P. Douglas McKinney of Bloomington, Indiana; his son William F. Burkholder, daughter-in-law Joanne (McLean) Burkholder, and granddaughter Sylvie Kathleen Burkholder of Singapore; his sister Helen Dale and brother-in-law Ernie Dale of Auburn, Washington; his brother John Burkholder and sister-in-law Donna Burkholder of McPherson, Kansas; his sisters-in-law Anne Burkholder of McPherson, Kansas, and Leona Burkholder of Madison, Wisconsin; and seventeen nieces and nephews. His daughter Kathleen Linda Burkholder died of a cerebral hemorrhage in 1981, and he was predeceased by his brothers Robert Burkholder of Buhler, Kansas, and Wendell Burkholder of Madison, Wisconsin. Donations are welcomed for the Kathleen L. Burkholder Graduate Student Award Fund at the University of Illinois Foundation or for the Friends of the Urbana Free Library.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Earlham College in Richmond, Indiana, USA.
- He worked as a Mathematician.

20-**Kathleen Linda Burkholder** was born on 5 Feb 1953 in Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin, USA and died in 1981 at age 28. The cause of her death was Cerebral Haemorrhage.

20-**Prof. James Peter Burkholder**

20-**Prof. William Fox Burkholder**

17-**Edwin Kirkbride Fox**^{12,247,271} was born on 14 May 1859 in Drymma, Neath, Glamorgan, Wales and died on 15 Aug 1954 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria at age 95.

General Notes: "As to Edwin Fox, he had a bit of a roller coaster life with rather violent lurches between 'feast' and 'famine'. How he managed to raise the funds to buy Nunthorpe Hall, I cannot say. Possibly Annie, his wife had money, or possibly by the time that Theodore and Harriet Fox died, - (T in 1899, H in 1902) - funds of some sort came Edwin's way. Perhaps Theodore had managed to recover some of his lost money during the last ten years of his life. I just don't know. All I do know, is that my father always declared that Theo. Fox, when he left Pinchinthorpe House in 1879, was near as nine pence bankrupt.

Edwin Fox, whom I well remember, was a bit of an extrovert - he wouldn't have looked one bit out of place standing outside the 'Big Top' at a circus - but quite amusing and perhaps a little eccentric. He died aged 95 in 1954 at Grange-over-Sands. I might have told you this before, that one Christmas Card he sent, probably in about 1950, was a most majestic photo portrayal of himself seated in the far distance at the end of a long dining table, no one else in sight) - the table laid for lunch (or dinner) groaning with silver place settings for about 20, and a clutter of wine goblets of all sizes, silver candlesticks, silver rose bowls, candelabra and other tackle. Whatever else, we smiled at this grand display. One was left to imagine that following this photographic ego trip, everything was cleared away and that was that." *Notes by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL JP.
- He worked as an Iron manufacturer, Fox, Head & Co. In Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence 1904 To 1907 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Rostrevor, Co. Down.

Edwin married **Annie Elizabeth Lonsdale**,^{12,271} daughter of **James Lonsdale** and **Harriet Brown-Rolston**, on 23 Apr 1890 in Christ Church, Lancaster Gate, London. Annie was born on 23 Sep 1862 in The Pavilion, Armagh and died on 28 Jun 1947 at age 84. They had four children: **Edwin James Lonsdale**, **Claude Ernest Montague**, **Irene Christina Kathleen**, and **Anthony Kirkbride Lonsdale**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Edwin James Lonsdale Fox**²⁷¹ was born on 10 May 1891 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire.

18-**Claude Ernest Montague Fox**²⁷¹ was born on 9 Feb 1895 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire.

Claude married **Elizabeth**. They had one son: **Kenneth**.

19-**Kenneth Fox**

18-**Irene Christina Kathleen Fox**²⁷¹ was born on 4 Nov 1896 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire.

18-**Anthony Kirkbride Lonsdale Fox**²⁷¹ was born on 25 Mar 1905 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

17-**Eliza Gurney Fox** was born on 9 Jul 1861 in Drymma, Neath, Glamorgan, Wales and died on 8 Aug 1922 at age 61.

Eliza married **Edward Ivimey**, son of **John Ivimey** and **Mary Tosach**. Edward was born on 2 Apr 1841 in London.

17-**Herbert Lloyd Fox**¹² was born on 29 Jun 1863 in Drymma, Neath, Glamorgan, Wales, died on 24 Jun 1914 in Ewings Landing, Okanagan Lake, British Columbia, Canada at age 50, and was buried in Kelowna Memorial Park Cemetery, Kelowna, British Columbia, Canada.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Cheltenham College.
- He worked as a Storekeeper in Ewings Landing, Okanagan Lake, British Columbia, Canada.
- He had a residence in Ewings, Okanagan Lake, British Columbia, Canada.
- His obituary was published in the Kelowna Record on 25 Jun 1914 in Kelowna, British Columbia, Canada.

Herbert married **Edith Constance Colquhoun**,¹² daughter of **Dr. Archibald Colquhoun** and **Bessie Johnston**, on 5 Jun 1895 in St. John's Church, Edinburgh. Edith was born on 20 Nov 1869 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland, died on 10 May 1912 in Ewings Landing, Okanagan Lake, British Columbia, Canada at age 42, and was buried in Kelowna Memorial Park Cemetery, Kelowna, British Columbia, Canada. They had one son: **Colquhoun Lloyd**.

18-**Brig. Gen. Colquhoun Lloyd Fox**¹² was born on 15 Jul 1898 in 7 Buckingham Terrace, Edinburgh, died on 6 Apr 1984 in Malta at age 85, and was buried on 19 Apr 1984 in Ta'Braxia Cemetery, Malta.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers.

Colquhoun married **Leslie Meriel Graham Campbell**, daughter of **Cmdr. Kenneth Leslie Campbell** and **Doris Graham Griffin Eady**, on 7 Apr 1942 in St. Paul's Cathedral, Valetta, Malta. Leslie was born on 12 Aug 1922 in Linkenholt, Andover, Hampshire, died on 6 Nov 2012 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 90, and was buried in Ta'Braxia Cemetery, Malta. They had one daughter: **Carolinda Colquhoun**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Casa Fox, Lija, Malta.

General Notes: Death notice Daily Telegraph 13.Nov 2012

19-**Carolinda Colquhoun Fox**

Carolinda married **Ian George Maitland**, son of **John Armstrong Maitland** and **Jean Marjorie Macpherson**. They had two children: **Samantha Colquhoun** and **Annabel**.

20-**Samantha Colquhoun Maitland**

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Samantha married **Alexander John Trigg**. They had two children: **Charles** and **James**.

21-**Charles Trigg**

21-**James Trigg**

20-**Annabel Maitland**

17-**Harriet Beatrice Fox** was born on 30 Sep 1866 in Pinchinthorpe Hall, Guisborough, Yorkshire and died on 25 Feb 1933 in Plymouth, Devon at age 66.

Harriet married **Louis Comyns Wrigley**, son of **James Albert Wrigley** and **Mary Carr**, on 22 Jul 1896 in Richmond, Surrey. Louis was born on 20 Jun 1868 in Netherton, Huddersfield, Yorkshire and died on 8 Feb 1928 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire at age 59. They had three children: **Ralph Mortimer**, **Dorothy Beatrice Comyns**, and **Kathleen Mary Comyns**.

18-**Lieut. Ralph Mortimer Wrigley** was born on 27 Jul 1897 in Bawdsey Hall, Woodbridge, died on 6 Nov 1918 in Killed In Action... at age 21, and was buried in Abbeville Communal Cemetery Extension, France. Grave V. B. 11.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers.

18-**Dorothy Beatrice Comyns Wrigley** was born on 17 Aug 1901 in Trellick Grange, Chepstow.

Dorothy married **Lt. Col. Russell Durnford Ross**, son of **Andrew Guy Ross** and **Evelyn St. Lo Durnford**, in 1928. Russell was born on 25 Jun 1899 in Quebec, Canada, died on 27 Jul 1946 in Aldershot, Hampshire. On Active Service. at age 47, and was buried in Aldershot Military Cemetery, Hampshire. They had two children: **Nanette Comyns Durnford** and **Pamela Comyns Durnford**.

19-**Nanette Comyns Durnford Ross**

Nanette married **Allan J. Owen**.

19-**Pamela Comyns Durnford Ross**

18-**Kathleen Mary Comyns Wrigley**

16-**Rachel Elizabeth Fox**^{9,10,12,87,229} was born on 6 Feb 1833 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 8 Aug 1923 in Glendurgan, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 90.

General Notes: **15 Feb 1876, Tues:** Packed up and off for London at 10 o'clock leaving Middlesbro' at 10.28 Minnie, 6 daughters, 2 governesses and 5 servants, arrived at King's Cross after an easy journey - punctually - on getting in we found a very low letter from Phillip Tuckett thinking Rachel was very ill and at death's door - went up with Minnie in a handsome cab, found her better than the letter gave us reason to suppose - back again by 11.25. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.* [She lived another 47 years!!]

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1915 in Glendurgan, Falmouth, Cornwall.

Rachel married **Samuel Lindoe Fox**,^{12,87,229} son of **Samuel Fox**^{11,40,45,59,178,204,229,275,283} and **Maria Middleton**,^{45,178,204,283} on 27 Apr 1854 in FMH Falmouth. Samuel was born on 6 Jun 1830 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 22 Nov 1862 in Tottenham, London at age 32, and was buried on 28 Nov 1862 in FBG Tottenham. They had two children: **Samuel Middleton "Elton"** and **Charlotte Maria**.

General Notes: **16 Oct 1862, Thurs:**A rather better a/c of my brother-in-law *Samuel Lindoe* Fox who seems to have been most seriously ill with a Quinsy and then congestion of the lungs.
23 Oct 1862, Thurs: no account of *Samuel Lindoe* Fox, last a/cs give rise for great anxiety about his recovery.
22 Nov 1862, Sat: On horseback to go to the station when I met the letters, one from Lucy to Tom giving a very alarming account of poor *Samuel* Fox who they thought sinking fast and the (*that*) probably the telegram of his close would reach before her letter.....Waited all day for a telegram - evening at a/cs - soon after going up to bed came the telegram "Samuel died very peacefully between 5 and 6 p.m. Saturday" - poor dear *Minnie* felt it very much, for him, poor fellow, it is a glorious change, he had told them

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his peace was made.
28 Nov 1862, Fri: Poor Samuel Lindoe Fox's burial day; left Woodford about 9.15, called on J.M. Barclay in her new home and thence to Tottenham, at the house were many of the Fox circle, pleasant to met them although the occasion was so sad; about eleven we moved towards the meeting house, Rachel Elizabeth Fox and Wilson Fox, the former in a bath chair, the children, Uncle and Aunt Samuel Fox, my father and mother-in-law, Theodore and Harriet Fox, Alfred Fox and Lucy Hodgkin, Wilson and Sophie Fox, Robert, John William Pease and self, Henry Fox and & Charlton and many others. At the graveside we heard J.B. Braithwaite, John Hodgkin & William, in meeting R. Charlton, William Tanner (1815-1866) and Joseph Bevan Braithwaite; after meeting John William Pease and I saw poor Rachel Elizabeth Fox, it was rather an affecting time, dined at the Green, called at the School, saw Cos. J. Hodgkin, chatted with the Fox boys, dressed and back to Uncle Samuel's where the family assembled. I read an account of Samuel's last illness drawn up by Rachel after which Joseph H, Fox read a hymn and the revelations; a few words from R. Charlton a few from William Ball, a nice little speech from William Fowler and then a prayer from R. Charlton occupied the evening; back to William Fowler's, glad when bedtime came.
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker in Tottenham, London.

17-**Samuel Middleton "Elton" Fox**^{12,247} was born on 16 Mar 1856 in Tottenham, London and died on 12 Mar 1941 in Whetham, Calne, Wiltshire at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Jesus College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Author and Dramatist.
- He was Quaker.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Fawe Park, Keswick, Cumbria.

Samuel married **Adelaide Eliza Spencer-Bell**,¹² daughter of **James Spencer-Bell**^{111,241} and **Mary Ann Spencer**,¹¹¹ on 21 Jul 1887 in FMH Westminster. Adelaide was born on 13 Sep 1859 in London and died on 16 Jun 1922 in Fawe Park, Keswick, Cumbria at age 62. They had four children: **Helen Juliet Rachel, Frederick Middleton, Viola Constance, and Cyril Spencer.**

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.

18-**Helen Juliet Rachel Fox** was born on 1 Jun 1890 in Reading, Berkshire.

Helen married **Dr. Roger Ernle Money-Kyrle**, son of **Audley Walter Washbourne Money-Kyrle** and **Florence Cecilia Smith-Bosanquet**, on 8 May 1922 in Crosthwaite, Keswick, Cumbria. Roger was born on 30 Jan 1898 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire and died in 1980 at age 82. They had four children: **Ernle, Audley Francis, Roger Spencer, and John Middleton.**

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Psychoanalyst.
- He worked as a JP for Wiltshire.

19-**Ernle Money-Kyrle** was born on 4 Feb 1923 in Vienna and died on 18 Nov 1999 in Heddington, Wiltshire at age 76.

Ernle married **Roona Fidelity Sinclair**, daughter of **Robin Sinclair**. They had two children: **Charles** and **Andrew**.

20-Charles Money-Kyrle

Charles married **Katie Southern**. They had two children: **Anna** and **Maximilian Ernle Mark**.

21-Anna Money-Kyrle

21-Maximilian Ernle Mark Money-Kyrle

20-Andrew Money-Kyrle

Ernle next married **Berendean Anstice**.

19-Audley Francis Money-Kyrle was born on 20 Jul 1925 in London and died in 1999 at age 74.

Audley married **Sheila Likely**. They had three children: **Money-Kyrle, Alexander Roger**, and **Nicholas Audley**.

20-Dr. Money-Kyrle Julian Francis

20-Alexander Roger Money-Kyrle

20-Nicholas Audley Money-Kyrle

19-Roger Spencer Money-Kyrle

Roger married **Margaret Cassé Wright**, daughter of **Dr. Frederick J. Wright**. They had four children: **Richard Francis, Roger William, Oliver James**, and **Emma Helen Rachel**.

20-Richard Francis Money-Kyrle

20-Roger William Money-Kyrle

20-Oliver James Money-Kyrle

20-Emma Helen Rachel Money-Kyrle

19-John Middleton Money-Kyrle

John married **Elizabeth Anne Simmons**, daughter of **Charles Simmons** and **Adelaide Louisa Pasteur Yate**. They had two children: **Caroline Diana** and **Money-Kyrle**.

20-Caroline Diana Money-Kyrle

20-Money-Kyrle James Peter Ernle

18-Commander Frederick Middleton Fox RN was born on 7 May 1892 in Albury, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AFC VRD.
- He worked as a Royal Navy Pilot.
- He had a residence in Fawe Park, Keswick, Cumbria.

Frederick married **Helen Case**, daughter of **Howard Brown Case** and **Elizabeth Crowther**, on 8 Jun 1918 in St. Stephen's Church, Edinburgh. Helen was born on 30 Aug 1900 in Liverpool.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Her father, Howard Brown Case, died in the sinking of the Titanic., 1912.

18-Viola Constance Fox was born on 22 Jul 1894 in Albury, Surrey and died on 29 Oct 1918 in Amesbury, Wiltshire at age 24.

Viola married **Maj. Gen. Alan John Keefe Pemberton-Pigott**, son of **Frederick Knollys Pemberton-Pigott** and **Amy Richarda Margaret Robinson**, on 5 Jul 1915 in Crosthwaite, Keswick, Cumbria. Alan was born on 4 Jul 1892 in Slevoy Castle, Co. Wexford. They had one son: **Alan Desmond Frederick**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**Alan Desmond Frederick Pemberton-Pigott** was born on 3 May 1916 in Fawe Park, Keswick, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG.
- He worked as a member of H.M. Foreign Office.
- He had a residence in Fawe Park, Keswick, Cumbria.

Alan married **Miranda Caroline Tallents**, daughter of **Sir Stephen George Tallents** and **Bridget Hole**. They had four children: **Viola Bridget, Halcyon Helen, Jason Hugh**, and **Cressida**.

20-**Viola Bridget Pemberton-Pigott**

20-**Halcyon Helen Pemberton-Pigott**

20-**Jason Hugh Pemberton-Pigott**

20-**Cressida Pemberton-Pigott**

Cressida married **William Richard Fletcher-Vane 2nd Baron Inglewood**, son of **William Morgan Fletcher-Vane 1st Baron Inglewood** and **Mary Proby**. They had three children: **Miranda Mary, Rosa Katharine**, and **Henry William Frederick**.

21-**Hon. Miranda Mary Fletcher-Vane**

21-**Hon. Rosa Katharine Fletcher-Vane**

21-**Hon. Henry William Frederick Fletcher-Vane**

18-**Cyril Spencer Fox** was born on 10 Jun 1896 in Albury, Surrey and died on 31 May 1948 in Kinsbourne Green, Harpenden at age 51.

Cyril married **Evelyn Winifred Brown**, daughter of **William Joseph Brown** and **Mary Jessie Newberry**, on 18 Sep 1928 in Bridport, Dorset. Evelyn was born on 5 Sep 1895 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 12 Feb 1961 in Kinsbourne Green, Harpenden at age 65.

17-**Charlotte Maria Fox**^{12,74,87,164} was born on 23 Dec 1857 in Tottenham, London and died on 7 Mar 1918 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire (5 March given in AM) at age 60.

General Notes: **24 July 1879, Thurs**: Minnie Fox's wedding day we turned out a large party to Holloway meeting, John *William* & Helen *Pease*, Minnie & myself, Theo Fox jnr., Howard Pease, Effie, Lottie, Violet Hodgkin Governess, Minnie Fowler & Katie Albright, Ella Pease; the wedding went off very well indeed; Bevan Braithwaite, Walter Robson, Henry Hipsley ministering to us, the dejeuner was very well done. I proposed the Bride, Fred Green the Bridesmaids, Robert *N. Fowler* the Brides parents, Dr Poer returned thanks for the Bridesmaids.
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Charlotte married **Dr. Thomas Henry Green**,^{12,74,87,164} son of **Thomas Day Green**^{87,110,231,274,283} and **Harriet Adcock**,^{87,164,231,283} on 24 Jul 1879 in FMH Holloway, London. Thomas was born on 20 Oct 1842 in Saffron Walden, Essex and died on 5 Nov 1923 in Saffron Walden, Essex at age 81. They had one daughter: **Charlotte Muriel**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCP FRCS MD.
- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1852-1855.
- He was educated at University College, London.
- He worked as a Physician to the Charing Cross & Brompton Hospitals.
- He had a residence in 74 Wimpole Street, London..
- He had a residence in 1911 in Yeldhall Manor, Twyford, Berkshire.

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18-**Charlotte Muriel Green**^{12,87,164} was born on 19 Jun 1880 in 74 Wimpole Street, London. and died on 1 Feb 1933 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire at age 52.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1893-1895 in York, Yorkshire.

Rachel next married **Philip Debell Tuckett**,^{12,78,229} son of **Philip Debell Tuckett**^{7,29,241} and **Anna Edmonds**,^{7,29,274} on 11 Sep 1867 in FMH Falmouth. Philip was born on 29 Nov 1833 in Frenchay, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 24 Jul 1894 in Hampstead, London at age 60. They had three children: **Philip Debell**, **Percival Fox**, and **Ivor Lloyd**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Surveyor in Picadilly, London.

17-**Philip Debell Tuckett**¹² was born on 22 Dec 1868 in Cleveland Gardens, London and died on 20 Dec 1947 in Cann House, Tamerton Foliot, Devon at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law in London.
- He had a residence in 92 Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington, London.

Philip married **Charlotte Marion Grigg**,¹² daughter of **John William Grigg** and **Charlotte Katherine Mills**, on 5 Apr 1894 in Tamerton Foliot, Plymouth, Devon. Charlotte was born on 23 Sep 1863 in Heathfield, Tamerton Foliot, Plymouth, Devon and died on 10 Apr 1956 in Cann House, Tamerton Foliot, Devon at age 92. They had three children: **Phyllis Audrey**, **Olive Marion**, and **Philip Debell**.

18-**Phyllis Audrey Tuckett**¹² was born on 23 Oct 1897 in 92 Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington, London.

Phyllis married **Capt. Hugh Geoffrey Watkin**, son of **Alfred Watkin** and **Edith Jane Faulkner**, on 15 Jul 1931 in London. Hugh was born on 6 Aug 1891 in Lymm, Cheshire and died on 16 Jan 1943 in Kenya. On active service at age 51.

General Notes: Captain HUGH GEOFFREY WATKIN, Indian Army, Brougham's and Upcott's 1905 to 1909. Head of his House, was gazetted to the 3rd Cheshire Regiment in 1912. In the 1914-18 war he served in the Indian Army and became a Captain. Resigning in the early twenties he was for a time an active director of Lloyd's Packing Warehouses Ltd. in Manchester. From 1928 to 1940 he farmed in Southern Rhodesia. He volunteered for active service in 1940 and was on military intelligence work in Africa until he died suddenly in East Africa on 16th January, 1943
Wellington College, Roll of Honour 1939-1945

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wellington.
- He worked as an officer of the 3rd Cheshire Regiment.
- He worked as an officer of the Indian Army.
- He worked as a Director of Lloyds Packing Warehouses Ltd. In Manchester.
- He worked as a Farmer in 1928-1940 in Southern Rhodesia. (Zimbabwe).
- He worked as an army Intelligence officer in 1940-1943 in Kenya.

18-**Olive Marion Tuckett**¹² was born on 23 Feb 1901 in 92 Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington, London.

18-**Philip Debell Tuckett**¹² was born on 19 Jun 1904 in 92 Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington, London.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a High Sheriff of Devon in 1963.
- He had a residence in Ludbrook, Yelverton, Devon.

Philip married **Veronica Elizabeth D'alton**, daughter of **Frank Edward D'alton** and **Mercedes Eileen Flinn**. They had five children: **Deidre Elisabeth, Christina Veronica, Philip Debell, Marion Patricia**, and **William Henry**.

19-Deidre Elisabeth Tuckett

Deidre married **Court Granville**, son of **Richard St. Leger Granville** and **Barbara Lempriere Wells**. They had three children: **Mary Jane, George St. Leger**, and **Christopher Richard**.

20-Mary Jane Granville

Mary married **Christopher Mark William James**.

20-George St. Leger Granville

20-Christopher Richard Granville

19-Christina Veronica Tuckett

Christina married **Richard De La Bere Granville**, son of **Richard St. Leger Granville** and **Barbara Lempriere Wells**.

19-Philip Debell Tuckett

19-Marion Patricia Tuckett

19-William Henry Tuckett

17-Percival Fox Tuckett¹² was born on 21 Aug 1870 in Cleveland Gardens, London and died on 15 Mar 1945 in London at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He worked as a Chartered Surveyor.
- He worked as a President Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Yeldhall Manor, Twyford, Berkshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 2 Gloucester Place, Portman Square, London.

Percival married **Mabel Ollivant**,¹² daughter of **Sir Edward Charles Kayll Ollivant** and **Lucy Caroline Eddis**, on 9 Jan 1901 in The Cathedral, Bombay, India. Mabel was born on 1 Feb 1876 in Surat, India and died in Jul 1921 in Radlett at age 45. They had four children: **Lucy Elizabeth, Barbara Mabel, Ervan Charles Percival**, and **Katharine Ollivant Rachel**.

18-Lucy Elizabeth Tuckett was born on 9 Jan 1902 in London.

Lucy married **William Henry Clement Le Hardy**, son of **William John Hardy** and **Margaret Page**, on 24 Sep 1932 in London. William was born on 5 Aug 1899 in Bromley and died on 28 Dec 1961 at age 62. They had two children: **Philippa Elizabeth** and **Charles William**.

19-Philippa Elizabeth Le Hardy

19-Charles William Le Hardy

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Barbara Mabel Tuckett** was born on 12 Apr 1903 in London.

Barbara married **Basil Heber John Corker**, son of **Arthur William Corker** and **Emma Davis**, on 27 Apr 1928 in London. Basil was born on 5 May 1902 in Alert Bay, Vancouver Island, Canada. They had three children: **Elisabeth Ann**, **John Ervan Brodie**, and **Barbara Judith**.

19-**Elisabeth Ann Corker**

19-**John Ervan Brodie Corker**

19-**Barbara Judith Corker**

18-**Ervan Charles Percival Tuckett** was born on 4 Sep 1908 in Yeldhall Manor, Twyford, Berkshire and died on 18 Aug 1927 in Died In Motorcycle Accident at age 18.

18-**Katharine Ollivant Rachel Tuckett** was born on 5 Jan 1915 in Elstree and died on 11 Oct 2006 in Abbotsford, British Columbia at age 91.

Percival next married **Constance Elizabeth Victoria Low**, daughter of **George Low** and **Agnes Elizabeth Jocelyn Ffoulkes**, on 25 Jun 1925 in London. Constance was born on 22 Mar 1887 in Stirling.

17-**Dr. Ivor Lloyd Tuckett**¹² was born on 1 Feb 1873 in Cleveland Gardens, London and died on 28 Nov 1942 in Cowes, Isle Of Wight at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA MD MRCS LRCP.
- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Fellow of Trinity College.
- He worked as a Senior Demonstrator in Physiology, Cambridge University.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Punchardon Hall, Willian, Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

Ivor married **Anna Maria Christina Wickman**,¹² daughter of **Anders Magnus Wickman** and **Christine Lovisa Selander**, on 6 Apr 1899 in The Cathedral, Lund, Sweden. Anna was born on 8 Oct 1873 in Lund, Sweden and died on 24 May 1956 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 82. They had two children: **Cedric Ivor** and **Rachel Sonja Christina**.

18-**Cedric Ivor Tuckett**¹² was born on 12 Dec 1901 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire.

Cedric married **Lettice Charlotte Thompson**, daughter of **William Graham Thompson** and **Oliveria Cromwell Prescott**. They had four children: **Jill**, **Philip Ivor**, **Hilary Patricia**, and **Andrew Charles Ivor**.

19-**Jill Tuckett**

Jill married **Sir Thomas Keith Hewitt Skinner 4th Bt.**, son of **Sir Thomas Gordon Skinner 3rd Bt.** and **Mollie Barbara Girling**. They had two children: **Thomas James Hewitt** and **Ian Ivor**.

20-**Thomas James Hewitt Skinner**

20-**Ian Ivor Skinner**

Ian married **Laura Heybrook**.

19-**Philip Ivor Tuckett**

19-**Hilary Patricia Tuckett**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**Andrew Charles Ivor Tuckett** was born on 16 May 1943 in Tonbridge, Kent and died on 23 Aug 2012 at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Tilney Saint Lawrence, Norfolk.

18-**Rachel Sonja Christina Tuckett**¹² was born on 22 Apr 1914 in Punchardon Hall, Willian, Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

16-**Sarah Charlotte Fox**^{9,10,12,247,335} was born on 15 Mar 1834 in Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 17 Dec 1876 in Corsham, Wiltshire at age 42, and was buried on 22 Dec 1876 in St. Bartholomew's Churchyard, Corsham, Wiltshire.

General Notes: **18 Dec 1876, Mon:** To Darlington - attended to various matters with Charles R. Fry - had a chat with him about Tom Watson - he wishes evidently to be rid of him. Had some talk with David Dale & Arthur about Tom Watson going to Hope Iron Warehouse on Wright's leaving! Got a telegram from Minnie that Charlotte Fowler had died yesterday - Robert N. Fowler telegraphs it - went up to the Bank to tell Edmund Backhouse, found him with a gouty foot! He gave a poor a/c of Uncle Charles Fox - on to Southend to tell Jane & Emma, then home by the train - found that Tom & Lucy Hodgkin were staying - John William Pease telegraphed that he & Helen were going off at once to Elm Grove.

22 Dec 1876, Fri: Poor Charlotte Fowler's funeral day! Left Paddington at 9 o'clock, Phillip D. Tuckett my communicable companion! Took a trap from Chippenham to Elm Grove, Robert seemed pretty quiet, talked with him, then to lunch, then to the funeral at Corsham Church. I went with Theodore Fox, Nellie & Minnie Fowler, the churchyard was muddy and the funerary Church cold. And all felt somewhat chilly! Various Fowlers & Waterhouses returned with us to Elm Grove, William & Rachel & Herbert – Henry Fowler, Theodore Waterhouse, Joe Howard,&c. There was not much quiet on settlements, dinner at 6 much like one of Robert's ordinary Company dinners – was glad to get away – a tedious journey to Town, glad to get to 24 KP Gardens, pack up and to bed. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Josep[h] Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.

Sarah married **Sir Robert Nicholas Fowler 1st Bt.**,^{2,9,10,12,247,335} son of **Thomas Fowler**^{20,322} and **Lucy Waterhouse**,²¹³ on 27 Oct 1852 in FMH Falmouth. Robert was born on 14 Sep 1828 in Bruce Grove, Tottenham, London, died on 22 May 1891 in Harley Street, London at age 62, and was buried in St. Bartholomew's Churchyard, Corsham, Wiltshire. They had 11 children: **Lucy Charlotte, Charlotte Rachel, Helen Ann, Mary, Harriet "Etta" Maria, Caroline, Jean Elizabeth, Octavia Louisa, Thomas, Bertha Sophia, and Rachel Elfrida.**

General Notes: Fowler, Sir Robert Nicholas, first baronet (1828– 1891), banker and politician, was born at Bruce Grove, Tottenham, Middlesex, on 12 September 1828, the only child of Thomas Fowler (d. 1851) and his wife, Lucy Waterhouse. His father, a well-connected member of the Society of Friends, was an amiable London banker who enjoyed hunting, while his mother, more severe in her religion, came from a prosperous family of Lancashire Quakers.

Tottenham was known for its active meeting, and the nonconformist Grove House School was attended by Fowler for a short time. As a boy he was renowned for his interest in history and politics, and he was endowed with an excellent memory. Throughout life he was a perfect storehouse for quotations from Greek, Roman, and English orators and poets. In 1846 he went up to University College, London, where he took firsts in mathematics and classical honours (BA 1848, MA in mathematics 1850). On graduation he went into the family bank, Drewett and Fowler, in the City of London and became a senior partner only three years later on the sudden death of his father. The following year he negotiated a merger with Barnard, Dimsdale, and Dimsdale, also a family firm founded by Quakers. The success of Dimsdale, Fowler, Barnard, and Dimsdale rested on its appeal to a clientele which was largely upper-middle-class, nonconformist, and often related by blood or marriage to the partners. It weathered the financial crisis of 1866, moved to a more prestigious location in Cornhill, prospered, and gave Fowler the comfortable means to pursue both an active political career and the Badminton hunt. Unlike some businessmen who turned to politics, however, he never delegated to other partners his central role at the bank. From the late 1860s to the end of the bank's existence as a family firm in 1890 he took an active interest in its daily affairs— even while serving as lord mayor— and presided, as dominant partner in the 1870s and 1880s, over its continuing role as a sound, solidly based, and increasingly profitable private bank at a time when the tide was turning against small houses.

Fowler's marriage on 27 October 1852 to Sarah Charlotte Fox (1834/5– 1876) of Falmouth was within the extended Quaker commercial and financial world. Nevertheless, neither he nor his bride considered themselves 'strict Quakers', and in 1858 they left the Society of Friends and later joined the Church of England. Fowler belonged to the evangelical school and was throughout his life a man of strong and deep religious feeling. Both during his mayoralty and in the years following he often preached at the theatre services which were begun at the instance of Lord Shaftesbury for the working men of London.

Inheriting his paternal grandfather's farm near Corsham in Wiltshire, Fowler extended the estate, rebuilt Gastard House, and established his family there, though business required that he keep a residence for himself in London's West End. He cultivated the brusque mannerisms and old-fashioned dress of a country squire, and his passion for hunting contrasted oddly with his support for Quaker causes and the Evangelical Alliance. His energetic toryism was also unusual in a former Quaker.

Fowler made his first, unsuccessful, attempt to enter parliament in the general election of 1865, standing as a Conservative for the then Liberal stronghold of the City of London. Another chance presented itself soon afterwards in the Cornish constituency of Penryn and Falmouth where his wife's family were prominent (though Liberals). He failed in his first attempt but succeeded in 1868. It was his fate, however, to get into parliament just as the Conservatives were swept from power, and to lose his seat in 1874 when they returned to office under Disraeli. When he re-entered the house in 1880 (for the City) the Conservatives were once again in opposition. These circumstances naturally affected

Descendants of Thomas Forster

the prospects and character of his parliamentary career; he settled into the style of a confirmed opposition back-bencher, became an inveterate writer of letters to the papers, was assiduous in attendance at late-night sittings, and jealously guarded the diminishing prerogatives of the private member. Not a good speaker, 'his voice being rough and uncultured and his delivery impeded by a stammer' (ILN), he none the less rose often. His maiden speech on the enslavement of Kaffir children by Boer farmers in South Africa (19 February 1869) signalled a dominant object of his public life, the protection of 'natives' throughout the British empire, a commitment which, like his lay preaching in London, reflected a Quaker belief in the 'stewardship of wealth'.

In spite of his support for causes strongly associated with Liberal nonconformity, Fowler was a flamboyant tory, vigorous in local party organization in London. In 1878 he was returned unopposed as alderman for Cornhill, the ward in which his bank was located. President of the City Conservative Association and chairman of the City Carlton Club, he was well positioned to stand successfully for the City in 1880. Immediately on taking his seat his evangelical and tory principles were joined in the passionate struggle to prevent the Liberal radical and atheist Charles Bradlaugh from taking the oath. Active in the anti-Bradlaugh campaign in both the house and the City, he was personally involved in the forcible ejection of Bradlaugh into Palace Yard in August 1881.

Fowler rose within City affairs amid anxious anticipation of radical municipal reform. These fears helped create a defensive and stridently partisan undercurrent in his own mayoralty in 1883–4 and 1885. Custom prescribed elevation to the office by seniority, but in the autumn of 1883 the aldermanic court chose Fowler over the Liberal next on the list. The result was to cast a shadow over Fowler's election, though in the event he served a second term in 1885 when his successor died in office.

The event which excited most attention during Fowler's first tenure of the mayoralty was his speech at the banquet in proposing the health of her majesty's ministers. As all men knew the intensity of his opposition to Gladstone's policy, there was a good deal of curiosity to see how he would fare in proposing his health; but happily the love of Homer, shared by Fowler and Gladstone, saved the situation. A quotation from the Iliad (xvi.550) did justice to the great orator's fighting powers and won from Gladstone a hearty recognition of the lord mayor 'as a frank, bold, and courageous opponent in the House of Commons' (DNB).

The issue of 'the City in danger' touched both Fowler's self-interest as a City banker and his nostalgic toryism. A vow 'not to abandon an ancient and a venerable institution in the hour of her danger and her need' (The Times, 26 Jan 1884) led him to make questionable use of the resources of his office in a covert campaign against Sir William Vernon Harcourt's London Government Bill (8 April 1884). The seeming victory of the anti-reformers was followed by a personal triumph for Fowler in the general election of 1885, when he kept his seat with the largest majority in the country. He received a baronetcy from Lord Salisbury in 1885, a common honour for a former lord mayor, and in the next election, in July 1886, he was returned unopposed.

Years spent in opposition, a quirky independence bred by his devotion to out-of-doors causes, and, beneath his coarsely effusive bonhomie, an underlying lack of self-confidence conspired, however, to keep Fowler on the periphery of politics once his party came to power in 1886. Moreover, the last years of his life were overshadowed by the belated scandal of his partisan abuses while lord mayor. In 1887 a campaign in the Liberal press, led by the radical Henry Labouchere, greatly embarrassed Fowler and, though the select committee appointed by the Conservative government shielded him from criminal prosecution for 'malversation', the allegations of dirty tricks paid for by corporation funds were clearly substantiated.

Beyond parliament and the City there remained Gastard House in Wiltshire, which the railway made easily accessible for fox-hunting and, perhaps a secondary consideration, weekend visits to the large family which he insisted live there in rural seclusion. He and his wife, Sarah, had ten daughters and one son. After her eleventh child was born she became a semi-invalid and died at the age of forty-one a few days before Christmas 1876. Subsequently their many children were cared for by the eldest daughter, Lucy Charlotte. He never remarried.

Fowler came to enjoy the kind of foreign travel which his wealth could provide. On his return from a tour of the Far East in 1877 he published a conventional memoir, full of haphazard reflections and casual condemnation of aspects of colonial society which irritated his evangelical sensibilities. He made another world tour in 1886 with his son, Thomas, who had finished at Harrow School. It was intended that Tom take a position in the family bank, but the rapidly consolidating world of London finance dictated otherwise. In 1890 Fowler reluctantly allowed the firm to be merged with Prescott's Bank into a joint-stock business. Though he managed to get a place for his son among the many partners, there was inevitably a sense of loss and closure. The following spring he caught a bad case of influenza in Cornwall at the funeral of one of his daughters. This was compounded by his stubborn insistence on travelling back to London for the annual spring meeting of the Aborigines Protection Society. By the day of the meeting his flu had developed into pneumonia, and on 22 May 1891 he died of heart failure at 137 Harley Street, London. He was buried in the churchyard at Corsham.

Fowler died a wealthy man. Beyond the shares in Prescott's there were investments in railways, insurance, and electrical supply. But much had been poured into the Gastard estate, where he was determined to establish his son as a member of the landed gentry. Thomas was, however, unmarried when he was killed in one of the last engagements of the South African War in 1901. There was to be no landed dynasty built on a City fortune.

Lord Onslow once complained that Fowler 'had peculiar views on many subjects' (Hansard 3, 300, 1885, 1415). Seeming contradictions ran through his public and private worlds. On the one hand there is the tender and anxious conscience confided to his diary, and his daily meditation and prayer; on the other a bluff and consciously anachronistic churchman-and-tory persona which, with his large, loose frame and full beard, rough, loud voice, and cigars and good stories, led even his admiring son-in-law and biographer to assert, approvingly, that his 'talents were all of the solid kind: of what is called brilliance of intellect he possessed almost nothing at all' (Flynn, 28). Some of Fowler's opinions that seem to run counter to his philanthropic principles, such as his surprising defence of Governor Eyre or his praise for the Congo regime of Leopold II, king of the Belgians, stem from his need to discover virtue in prescriptive authority, as did the childlike joy he took in the social condescension of the duke of Beaufort. It is a mentality he shared with many other successful businessmen.

H. L. Malchow

Sources J. S. Flynn, Sir Robert N. Fowler, bart., a memoir (1893) · H. L. Malchow, Gentlemen capitalists: the social and political world of the Victorian businessman (1991) · L. C. Fowler and J. E. Fowler, A short account of the Fowler family from 1550 to 1891 (1891) · Memoirs of Robert and Rachel Fowler (1863) · R. N. Fowler, A visit to Japan,

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China and India (1877) · ILN (30 May 1891) · Hansard 3 (1885), 300.1415 · Boase, Mod. Eng. biog. · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1892) · DNB Archives Bodl. Oxf., corresp. · Bodl. RH, corresp.
Likenesses J. Sperling, chalk drawing, c.1840, priv. coll. · F. Holl, portrait, 1885, Pitlochry · Sheldon?, bust, 1886, Guildhall, London · H. Manesse, etching, NPG · T. [T. Chartran], caricature, watercolour study, repro. in VF (25 June 1881) · marble bust, Gastard, near Corsham, Wiltshire · wood-engraving, NPG [see illus.]
Wealth at death £114,046 5s. 7d.: resworn probate, June 1892, CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1891)
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H. L. Malchow, 'Fowler, Sir Robert Nicholas, first baronet (1828– 1891)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2006 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/10014, accessed 28 May 2013]
Sir Robert Nicholas Fowler (1828– 1891): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/10014

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL Bt.(1885).
- He was Quaker until 1857 or 1862.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Penryn & Falmouth 1868 To 1874.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for the City of London 1880 To 1891.
- He worked as a Sheriff of the City of London in 1880.
- He worked as a Lord Mayor of London in 1883.
- He worked as a Lord Mayor of London in 1885.
- He worked as a Banker. Director, Chairman and Partner of Dimsdale, Fowler, Barnard & Dimsdales & Co. In 1888 in 50 Cornhill, London.
- He had a residence in Gastard House, Corsham, Wiltshire.

17-**Lucy Charlotte Fowler**¹⁰ was born on 25 Jan 1855 in Tottenham, London, died on 28 Mar 1897 in London at age 42, and was buried in St. Bartholomew's Churchyard, Corsham, Wiltshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Mayoress of London, 1884.

17-**Charlotte Rachel Fowler**^{10,12,336} was born on 29 Oct 1856 in Tottenham, London, died on 19 Jun 1930 in Balevoulin, Pitlochry at age 73, and was buried in West Wood, Bonskeid, Pitlochry.

General Notes: **23 Sept 1879, Tues:** Breakfast in good time and off to Mortlocks to get a wedding desert set for Lotta Fowler - To the tailors, barbers & and then down to Corsham by the 11.45 train; arrived at Elm Grove all right, found them all in the bustle of wedding preparations – Robert came in about 5 o'clock, met my new nephew Robert Barbour for the first time, he is singular looking but a nice face. A short evening as we did not dine until 8 o'clock.
25 Sept 1879, Thurs: Robert W. Barbour & Lotta Fowler's wedding day – a beautiful morning, the usual wedding morning presses – walked quietly by myself to Corsham Church. Through the succession of triumphal arches – the wedding service was well got through, the whole tone & feeling good – Barbour seemed awfully in earnest, Bridesmaids were 5 Fowler girls, Effie, Miss Barbour Miss Sturge they were dressed in white fine flannel dresses, white beaver hats & yellow trimmings, they looked very well; after church, walked home to Elm Grove with George Barbour (his wife was a daughter of Macfie, once MP for Leith) & Joseph Howard. It was a good breakfast, William Fowler proposed the Bride & groom, Barbour made a good speech - the Dr Sampson proposed Robert who replied well – I did old Mr & Mrs Barbour, Leatham the Bridesmaids, Dr Barbour replied, Tom Hodgkin the parsons – a great number went for a drive – I wrote my letters &c . In he evening there was a scratch dinner, in the afternoon the whole village & children were at Elm Grove.
The (unpublished Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Thurs 19 June 1930 – In the evening a telegram fr. Freeland Barbour to say his mother, my sister-in-law Lotta had died that afternoon – It is the end of a very devoted good & religious life – she was born in 1856 and Nellie's nearest sister – I have outlived all but Jean & Elfreda – Etty, Octavia, Carry, Minnie, Loo, Bertha, Tom,

Lotta.
Sat 21 June 1930 – Left for Pitlochry & motored with Melville, Raleigh & Whyte to Fincastle - The funeral at about 2.30, Service at the Chapel at the Glen & burial in the private ground at Bonskeid - a beautiful day - it took from 2 to 4.30, a large funeral & quite Scotch but no pipes - which I was sorry for as I love them but Jean & Elfreda did not want them – I took a "cord" between Freeland (in his kilts) & Lord Polworth – a beautiful spot where I have before been present at funerals. I spent Sunday very pleasantly with Freeland & Helen – the latter is charming & I enjoyed their children - & being in this beautiful county once again.
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Charlotte married **Rev. Robert William Barbour**,^{10,12,336} son of **George Freeland Barbour**³³⁶ and **Margaret Fraser Sandeman**,³³⁶ on 25 Sep 1879 in Corsham, Wiltshire. Rev. was born on 29 Nov 1854 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland, died on 27 May 1891 in Aix-Les-Bains, France at age 36, and was buried in West Wood, Bonskeid, Pitlochry. They had five children: **George Freeland, Robert Fowler, Charlotte Maida, Margaret Stewart, and Gwendolen.**

General Notes: Born after his brothers were killed in the first operating railway accident (in Manchester, where George Freeland Barbour made his money), Robert's early life involved a close relationship with his grandmother Mrs Stewart Sandeman until she died in 1883. His parents created a strong religious setting for his upbringing in both Edinburgh (winter) and Bonskeid (summer). His mother also gave him a strong literary background. Growing up a shy, inward looking boy, something happened in a way of crisis which propelled his religious life. He broke out of the shyness and became a very successful scholar (except in maths) in Edinburgh and he lived within the Christian myth in a way that few would understand today. He knew of Darwin, but that impact was still building. Studying Theology with an intention to be a minister, he was aware of German scholarship including Schleiermacher (the theologian who can be regarded later as a groundbreaking "liberal"), and participated in learning this directly, if briefly, but he was quite traditional in his religion and the whole of his writing is steeped in this passing world view as indeed he was. Except he had one strong characteristic of that age: he combined an optimistic view of nature and his writing with his religion. It fits in with Romanticism. This assists his ecumenism too, no doubt, although he still preferred the Scottish Church for being essential in both what it rejected as well as in what it accepted. Steeped in this inheritance, and within it, he was as someone at the end of an age as the new one came in. He was also steeped in the Classics and Philosophy from his education. Again, this is something of the old world as the new of science was entering into the popular consciousness. So, this literary thinker (and it shows in the quality of his letter writing) was also very pastoral and practical in his ministerial work. He travelled through Europe (including Ireland), and in the wider world including South Africa, but he had pastoral ministries in Scotland. Altogether it might be said that, in nineteenth century gender archetypes, when to be scientific and progressive and rational was essentially to be "male", this scholarly man combined his view of rationality with many "feminine" qualities. He was married to Charlotte Fowler, daughter of Sir Robert, twice the Lord Mayor of London. He visited Bonskeid often and after his father's death in 1887 their mother lived there. In 1889 they lived there briefly but moved on to a nearby property on land at Fincastle which had been broken up (between Sir Robert Colquhoun and the Stewart Sandemans) at the time of the financial crisis when Alexander Stewart was required to bail out his brother in law. He preached in the Glen of Fincastle, and refused to stand for Parliament preferring his religious life. He did want to go to China in mission work but was unable to do so as illness took hold. He did get to teach Church History at Glasgow College, and students from universities' missionary societies (of many denominations) came to Bonskeid, but he never began teaching in Edinburgh because of the illness. In February 1891 he travelled to France in a futile attempt to prolong life, to Mentone, where he was very weak, and then Aix-les-Baines, where he died, and his ashes were buried in the West Wood at Bonskeid alongside his child Robin and his father, and his mother was buried there a few months later. Thus the Christianity of his parents became his life and work, and this has continued on since. The Barbour family still own land around the current grounds of Bonskeid House, and the current Robert Barbour ministers still at Tenandry Free Kirk.

18-Dr. George Freeland Barbour^{10,336} was born on 15 Feb 1882 in Cults, Aberdeen and died on 18 Nov 1946 in Pitlochry, Perth & Kinross, Scotland at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP Perthshire.

George married **Hon. Helen Victoria Hepburn-Scott**, daughter of **Walter George Hepburne-Scott 9th Lord Polwarth** and **Edith Frances Buxton**, in 1919. Helen was born on 7 May 1891 in Humble, East Lothian and died in 1982 at age 91. They had five children: **Robert Alexander Stewart, Edith Rachel, Alec Walter, Katherine Margaret, and Caroline Victoria.**

19-Very Rev. Sir Robert Alexander Stewart Barbour was born on 11 May 1921 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

General Notes: Educated. Rugby School: Balliol College, Oxford; St. Mary's College, St. Andrews. Army (Scottish Horse), 1940-45, Territorial Army, 1947-54; Editorial Assistant, Thomas Nelson & Sons, 1948-49; Secretary, Edinburgh Christian Council for Overseas Students, 1953-55; Lecturer and Senior Lecturer in New Testament Language, Literature and Theology, New College, Edinburgh University, 1955-71; Professor of New Testament Exegesis, Aberdeen University, 1971-86; Master, Christ's College, Aberdeen, 1977-82; Prelate, Priory of Scotland, Order of St. John, 1977-93; Moderator, General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, 1979-80; Dean, Chapel Royal in Scotland, 1981-91; Honorary Secretary, Novi Testamenti Societas, 1970-77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO MC MA BD STM DD DipEd.
- He worked as a Moderator of the General Assembly of The Church of Scotland in 1979-1980.

Robert married **Margaret Isobel Pigot**, daughter of **Harold Pigot** and **Alison Bell**. They had four children: **George Freeland**, **David Stewart**, **Alison Margaret**, and **Andrew James**.

20-George Freeland Barbour

George married **Charlotte Mackintosh**. They had two children: **Janet Marjorie** and **Caroline Deirdre**.

21-Janet Marjorie Barbour

21-Caroline Deirdre Barbour

20-David Stewart Barbour

David married **Alexandra Howarth**. They had one son: **Hugh Alexander Stewart**.

21-Hugh Alexander Stewart Barbour

20-Alison Margaret Barbour

Alison married **John Henry Hiley**. They had two children: **Robin Henry** and **Helen Mairi**.

21-Robin Henry Hiley

21-Helen Mairi Hiley

20-Andrew James Barbour

Andrew married **Catherine Joan MacDonald**. They had three children: **Robert William**, **Patrick Stewart**, and **Catherine Margaret**.

21-Robert William Barbour

21-Patrick Stewart Barbour

21-Catherine Margaret Barbour

19-Edith Rachel Barbour

19-Alec Walter Barbour

Alec married **Hazel Thompson Brown**, daughter of **William Byers Brown** and **Jean Thompson**. They had five children: **John Alec**, **Alastair William Stewart**, **Walter Hugh**, **Jean Edith**, and **Helen Christine**.

20-John Alec Barbour

20-Alastair William Stewart Barbour

20-Walter Hugh Barbour

20-Jean Edith Barbour

20-Helen Christine Barbour

19-Katherine Margaret Barbour

19-Caroline Victoria Barbour

Caroline married **Julian Arthur Charles Haviland**, son of **Maj. Leonard Proby Haviland** and **Helen Dorothea Fergusson**. They had three children: **Peter Leonard**, **Charles Freeland**, and **Richard Francis**.

20-Peter Leonard Haviland

20-Charles Freeland Haviland

20-Richard Francis Haviland

18-**Robert Fowler Barbour**³³⁶ was born in 1883, died in 1884 at age 1, and was buried in West Wood, Bonskeid.

18-**Charlotte Maida Barbour**³³⁶ was born on 3 Jul 1885 in Cults, Aberdeen.

Charlotte married **Dr. George Barbour Macgregor**, son of **William Macgregor** and **Harvey Eliza Urquhart**, on 2 Sep 1919 in Fincastle, Pitlochry. George was born on 30 Oct 1882 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 1965 at age 83. They had five children: **Mary Charlotte**, **William Barbour**, **Elizabeth Urquhart**, **Alan Nairn**, and **Janet Margaret**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as a Physician.

19-Mary Charlotte Macgregor

19-Lt. **William Barbour Macgregor** was born on 29 Jul 1922 in Didsbury, Manchester and died on 6 Sep 1944 in Rimini, Italy. Killed in action at age 22.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 6th Royal Tank Regiment.

19-Elizabeth Urquhart Macgregor

19-Alan Nairn Macgregor

19-Janet Margaret Macgregor

18-**Margaret Stewart Barbour**^{213,336} was born on 12 Aug 1887 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland, died on 9 Aug 1970 at age 82, and was buried in Riddrie Park Cemetery, Glasgow.

Margaret married **Rev. David Inglis Cowan**²¹³ on 11 Aug 1931 in Fincastle, Pitlochry. David was born on 2 Oct 1892 in Dalmuir, Dumbarton, died on 28 Jan 1950 in Dervaig, Isle Of Mull at age 57, and was buried in Riddrie Park Cemetery, Glasgow.

18-**Gwendolen Barbour**³³⁶ was born on 21 Feb 1890 in Pitlochry, Perth & Kinross, Scotland.

Gwendolen married **Dr. William Richard Mathewson**, son of **George Mathewson** and **Ellen Sarah Gillespie**, on 16 Nov 1921 in Fincastle, Pitlochry. William was born on 30 Jul 1890 in Dumfermline. They had three children: **Helen Stewart**, **George Kenneth**, and **Sheila Barbour**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Medical Missionary in Kashmir.

19-**Helen Stewart Mathewson**

19-**George Kenneth Mathewson**

19-**Sheila Barbour Mathewson**

Sheila married **Maj. Ian Fowler Baillie**, son of **Rev. Prof. John Baillie** and **Florence Jewel Fowler**, on 2 Jul 1951 in Colinton, Edinburgh, Scotland. Ian was born on 16 Feb 1921 in Auburn, New York, USA and died on 29 Nov 2008 at age 87. They had three children: **Peter John, Diana**, and **David**.

General Notes: Rev Margaret R Forrester in The Herald (Scotland) 13 Jan 2009

Colonial administrator and Thistle Foundation director Born February 16, 1921 Died November 29, 2008 IAN Fowler Baillie, who has died aged 87, was a war veteran and colonial administrator who quit the service in protest at the British government's policy in Aden and went on to head the Thistle Foundation, an organisation dedicated to creating homes for those incapacitated by war.

He was born in Auburn, in upstate New York, where his father, John, an illustrious Scottish theologian, academic and churchman, was teaching. The family moved to Canada and then back to New York. Baillie had a life-long love of the US and met many distinguished people - not many youngsters can boast of going to a football match with T S Eliot.

They returned to Scotland in the 1930s; Baillie went on to Corpus Christi College, Oxford. At the age of 20, he volunteered for war service and was commissioned to the Royal Artillery. He volunteered for the Indian Army and was commissioned in the 7th Rajput Regiment of the Royal Indian Artillery, where he rose to the rank of major.

Baillie's horizons were broadened by wartime experiences and challenged by world poverty. Rather than settle at home in Edinburgh, he determined to serve abroad and chose the Colonial Service in Ghana. In Tumu, he set about administering justice, handling the economy and building roads, clinics, wells and schools. In a letter home, he wrote: "This is a life in which there are endless possibilities for doing good."

On returning to Oxford for a course in rural economic development, he fell in love with Sheila Mathewson. There followed several happy and fulfilling years in Ghana before Baillie was transferred to the Aden Protectorate in South Arabia. As terrorism took hold, the couple led a strangely artificial and increasingly dangerous life, raising three children among the storms of sand and politics.

Baillie grew to respect the people with whom he dealt. However, growing ever more disillusioned with the policies of the British government, he resigned from the Colonial Service in 1966, a silent and courageous protest. He had loved his work but never wanted to be at the top. He was a man of great integrity: unflamboyant, modest, irenic and of deep simplicity.

For three years he worked on agricultural development at the University of Newcastle and for a further 11 was director of the Thistle Foundation in Edinburgh. There he was loved and respected for his attention to detail, his expertise in finance, his calm approach to problems, his concern for others and his sound judgment.

Caring and encouraging, he delighted in another's good, and his quiet sense of humour delighted his friends. He is survived by Sheila, his wife of 57 years, their three children, Peter, David and Diana, and five grandchildren.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG OBE.
- He worked as a Colonial administrator, H.M. Overseas Civil Service in Ghana and Aden.
- He worked as a Director of The Thistle Foundation.
- His obituary was published in The Herald (Scotland) on 13 Jan 2009.

20-**Peter John Baillie**

20-**Diana Baillie**

20-**David Baillie**

17-**Helen Ann Fowler**^{2,10,247,256,335} was born on 4 Dec 1858 in Tottenham, London, died on 4 Nov 1910 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 51, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Helen married **Sir Alfred Edward Pease 2nd Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe**,^{2,6,8,10,15,74,247,256,324,329,335,337,338,339} son of **Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease 1st Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe**,^{2,3,4,5,6,7,8,10,12,15,46,66,186,220,231,235,236,239,243,247,271,272,273,274} and **Mary Fox**,^{2,4,7,8,9,10,12,15,247,274} on 10 Feb 1880 in Corsham, Wiltshire. Alfred was born on 29 Jun 1857 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 27 Apr 1939 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 81, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire. They had three children: **Edward, Christopher York**, and **Lavender Mary**.

Marriage Notes: **10 Feb 1880 Tues:** Alfred's wedding day; (word unclear) morning - but it came out a beautiful day. He & Albert & Creighton were at Corsham, all went off as well as could be. Nellie made a sweet Bride she had 6 sisters in blue velvet, six of our own girls in red velvet. Albert was solitary best man, Creighton who married them gave them, a beautiful exhortation instead of that out of the Prayer Book, from Church we all went to Elm Grove and were soon at Dejeuner; of my own people in addition to Bridegroom, Albert & 6 girls & wife, Jane & Emma Pease, Arthur & Mary, John, Helen & Ella, Joseph & Marianna Fox, Howard & Blanche Fox, Mr & Mrs J.C. Dimsdale, Linton, the Vicar, Creighton, Philip D. Tuckett, John E. Fowler & Emma Mary, Robert Fowler, Alfred & Bessie Waterhouse; John William, proposed their health, Alfred responded quietly, "Jack" did his best, Robert, Philip, Creighton, Linton & I were also up.
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- Miscellaneous: Married by Rev. Dr. Mandell Creighton, 10 Feb 1880, Corsham, Wiltshire.

General Notes: Sir Alfred Edward Pease, FRGS, FZS, 2nd Bt. was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge. He held the office of Member of Parliament for York between 1885 and 1892. Lieutenant of the City of London. He held the office of Member of Parliament for Cleveland between 1897 and 1902. He held the office of Lieutenant of City of London. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant of the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of Resident Magistrate [Transvaal] between 1903 and 1905. He succeeded to the title of 2nd Baronet Pease, of Hutton Lowcross and Pinchinthorpe, co. York [U.K., 1882] on 23 June 1903. He gained the rank of officer in 1914 in the service of the Army Remount Service.. Publications: Cleveland Hounds, 1887.
Biskra and Oases of the Zibans, 1893.
Hunting Reminiscences, 1898.
The Badger, 1898.
Ex Umbris, 1900.
Horse Breeding for Farmers, 1902.
Travels and Sport in Africa, 1902.
A Private Memoir of Sir Thomas Fowler Bart., 1905.
Rachel Gurney of the Grove, 1907.
The Diaries of Edward Pease, 1907.
15 Books of Old Recipes as used in the Pease and Gurney Households in the XVIIIth Century, 1912.
The Book of the Lion, 1914.
My Son Christopher, 1919.
Memoir of Edmund Loder,1922.
Travelled Asia Minor 1891. Algenia, Tunisis and Sahara, 1892-1893-1894-1898. Somaliland, 1895-1896-1897. Abyssinia, 1900-1901. Sudan, 1906. BEA and Uganda, 1907-1908-1909-1911.

Pease, Sir Alfred Edward, second baronet (1857– 1939), politician and sportsman, was born at Woodlands, Darlington, on 29 June 1857, the second of the eight children, and the eldest son, of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, first baronet (1828– 1903), businessman and Liberal MP for Barnard Castle, co. Durham (1885– 1903), and his wife, Mary Fox (d. 1892). He was born into an established Darlington Quaker family which figured prominently in the politics and economy of the region. His father, uncle, and grandfather were all Liberal members of parliament, and both he and his younger brother Joseph Albert (Jack) Pease, who became Baron Gainford (1917), followed in this tradition. Pease was educated at Grove House, Tottenham, and entered Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1876, graduating BA in 1880 (MA, 1883). On 10 February 1880 he married Helen Ann (Nellie) Fowler (1858– 1910), third daughter of Sir Robert Nicholas Fowler, first baronet, banker, and Conservative politician; they had two sons and a daughter. Pease entered business and became a director of the family firm, Pease & Partners Ltd, and of the National Provident Institution. He was an alderman of the North Riding from 1889 to 1937, and a deputy lieutenant for both the North Riding and London. In 1885 Pease was elected Liberal MP for York, which he represented until his defeat at the 1892 general election; he was defeated there again in 1895. In January 1897, while travelling in Somaliland, he was elected for the Cleveland division of the North Riding and sat until 1902, when he accepted the Chiltern Hundreds. Though designated a Liberal, Pease preferred the appellation 'whig', and defended with gusto the principle of a ruling class whose members were born and bred in the traditions of government. At the same time he admired Gladstone and steadfastly supported Irish home rule, free trade, and temperance. Much happier in the Victorian political world than in the Edwardian, Pease opposed the 'people's budget' of 1909 as a 'socialist' measure. Believing that Asquith was 'out for the "Labour" vote' and had taken 'Lloyd George and Limehouse to his bosom', he severed links with the party of 'neo-Liberalism' (Pease, Elections, 301). By this date, however, Pease's political career was over. During the 1890s the family textile business had gone into decline; when its failure became public in 1902 Pease

resigned his seat. It was a humbling turn of fortune for one whose coming of age in 1878 had been celebrated with a party for 800 at his father's mansion, Hutton Hall, in Yorkshire. Although Pease avoided bankruptcy, only desperate measures enabled him to save Pinchinthorpe House, his Yorkshire home, from the creditors. In straitened circumstances he sought employment abroad and he was wryly amused when help eventually came from a political opponent and not from a political friend. In 1903, the year that Pease succeeded to his father's baronetcy, Lord Milner, of whom he had been highly critical during the South African War, appointed him resident magistrate in the Barberton district of the Transvaal. After a period of service there in 1903– 5, he pursued several speculative business ventures, including an ostrich farm in Africa, before settling again in England. Although none of his money-making schemes took off, Pease was able to live the remainder of his life as a gentleman of means. After the death of his first wife he married on 28 September 1912 Laure Marianne (1868– 1922), daughter of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny. There were no children. During the 1914– 18 war he served with the remount service and in September 1918, after his younger son had been killed in action, he joined the Church of England. His second wife died in January 1922 and on 1 August of that year, to the mild scandal of his friends and family, he married his nurse, Emily Elizabeth Smith (1897– 1979), forty years his junior; they had three surviving children, two sons and a daughter. In his memoir Elections and Recollections (1932) Pease has left a candid record of political life at the end of the nineteenth century. He had scant regard for the reputations of some famous contemporaries and wrote of John Morley: 'With all his historical and literary attainments, I never knew a distinguished man so destitute of any understanding of our race, or indeed any other' (Pease, Elections, 97). The book reveals Pease as an unflinching advocate of condign punishment: he was convinced of the deterrent value of heavy sentences— what he termed 'the mercy of severity'— and supported flogging. A fine horseman and an ardent fox-hunter Pease wrote an entertaining history of the hunt to which he most commonly rode: The Cleveland Hounds as a Trencher-Fed Pack (1887). Hunting inspired some of his best writing, and his Half a Century of Sport (1932) recounts diverse exploits abroad, including the pursuit of lion in Africa, ibex in the Pyrenees, and Barbary sheep in Algeria— Pease rated the latter as one of the most difficult game to hunt. In England he found time to shoot, stalk, and follow otterhounds, and his Hunting Reminiscences (1898) has detailed chapters on hare, fox, cub, and badger hunting. Although Pease had no qualms about digging for badger, he denounced badger-baiting as 'a cruel and brutalizing sport'. He believed that 'all genuine sportsmen have something of the naturalist in their composition', and in parliament advocated an extension of the legislation to protect wild birds (Pease, Hunting Reminiscences, 236). Pease's attachment to the countryside of the North Riding is conveyed strongly in his Dictionary of the Dialect of the North Riding of Yorkshire (1928), an authoritative account on the subject. Pease died at his home at Pinchinthorpe in Guisborough, Yorkshire, on 27 April 1939.

Mon 10 April 1882 - (EASTER) Hounds finished the season as usual on this day, but I had to go to Darlington with Father; We went to West Lodge, and there we found Henry Fell, Dale & Fletcher seated round the dining room table, there we agreed to turn the Collieries and Ironstone departments into a Limited Company to be called Pease & Partners, to consist of as original partners Joseph Whitwell Pease, Arthur Pease, Henry Fell Pease, David Dale, E.H. Pease, Alfred Edward Pease & Joseph Albert Pease Capital £2.250m & so forth in detail. I only hope- they will turn it into a public company and father will get rid of some of his shares. He has been looking about & pulling up his expenditure the last day or two as we have shown him that his financial condition is not very satisfactory. Got £10 from Lord Queensberry as the balance of the price I asked (£150) for 'Jerry-go-Nimble' more than a year ago, This was to be paid on condition he won a race value £50 - & he won the Melton Town Purse on 31st March carrying Lord Q. 13 stone.

Tues 22 Dec 1891 - To the Canon Street Hotel where I lunched with the N.P.I. Board after my election by the Policy Holders & a speech in wh. I referred to the Instn. being originally founded by Quakers, my being the youngest member of the Board.

It is not always easy, I have been told, work harmoniously with a colleague of the same way of thinking in the Joint representation of a single constituency. Pease and Lockwood never found any difficulty, and were as devoted to one another as brothers ought to be. *Sir Frank Lockwood-A biographical sketch. Augustine Birrell.*

Pease, Alfred Edward.
Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 7, 1876. [Eldest] s. of Joseph Whitwell [M.P.], later [1st] Bart. [of Pinchinthorpe] and of Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorks. (and Mary, dau. of Alfred Fox, of Falmouth).
B. [June 29], 1857, at Darlington.
School, Grove House, Tottenham, London (private). Matric. Michs. 1876; B.A. 1880; M.A. 1883.
M.P. for York, 1885-92; for the Cleveland Div. of Yorks., 1897-1902.
Succeeded as 2nd Bart., 1903.
Resident Magistrate in the Transvaal, 1903-5. An early settler in Kenya; Head of Native Affairs.
Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Remount Service). Of Hutton Hall and Pinchinthorpe, Yorks.
Married (1) Feb. 10, 1880, Helen Anne, dau. of Sir Robert N. Fowler, 1st Bart. (and sister and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Fowler, 2nd and last Bart.), and had issue; (2) Sept. 28, 1912, Laure Marianne, yst. dau. of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny; (3) 1922, Emily Elizabeth Smith, adopted dau. of James Smith, of Thornaby-in-Cleveland.
A Quaker.
Lieut. for the City and D.L., London.
J.P. and D.L. for the N. Riding of Yorks.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

F.R.G.S.; F.Z.S. Breeder, big game hunter, and all-round sportsman.
In his youth rode in point-to-point races, and won steeple and hurdle races in S. Africa.
Author, The Book of the Lion; The Badger; Horse-breeding for Farmers; A Dictionary of the Dialect of the N. Riding of Yorkshire; Half a Century of Sport; etc.
Died Apr. 27, 1939, at Pinchinthorpe House.
Brother of Joseph A. (1878); father of Edward (1900). (Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Who's Who in Local Government; Who's Who; The Turf's Who's Who; The Times, Apr. 28, 1939.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL JP FRGS FZS.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Trinity College in Cambridge.
- He worked as a Sportsman, Politician, Author & Diarist.
- He worked as a Partner in J. & J.W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Member of the Guisborough Board of Guardians before 1881.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for York in 1885-1892.
- He worked as a Director of the National Provident Institution on 22 Dec 1891.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cleveland in 1897-1902.
- He was Quaker then Anglican on 3 Jul 1916.
- He worked as a JP for the North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Lieutenant for the City of London.
- He worked as a Deputy Lieutenant (DL) London.
- He worked as a Deputy Lieutenant (DL) North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Alderman for the North Riding of Yorkshire in 1889-1937.
- He worked as a Resident Magistrate 1903 To 1905 in Barberton, Transvaal, South Africa.
- He resided at Villa Mercedes 3 Nov 1905 to 29 Apr 1906 in Capri, Italy.
- He resided at Kitanga 1908 To 1912 in Machakos, Kenya.
- He had a residence in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire.

18-Sir Edward Pease 3rd Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{10,247,337,340} was born on 15 Dec 1880 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 14 Jan 1963 in Hutton Lowcross, Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Sudan Civil Service 1903-1911. Resigned in 1911 and the 2nd KEH. Wounded in Flanders 1915. 2nd Lt. Staff Mesopotamia 1917. 1st Lt. 6th E. Lancs. Regt. Salonika, 1918-1919. Club-Brooks.

Pease, Edward.
Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 25, 1900. [Eldest] s. of Alfred Edward (1876), later 2nd Bart., of Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorks. (by his 1st wife, Helen Anne, dau. of Sir Robert N. Fowler, 1st Bart.).
B. there [Dec. 15], 1880.
School, Winchester (scholar). Matric. Michs. 1901; Scholar, 1902.
In the Sudan Civil Service (Nile and Red Sea), 1903-11.
Farming in East Africa, 1911-14.
Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Trooper, King Edward's Horse, 1915; wounded; Second Lieut., 1917; Lieut., 1918; Assistant Police Officer, 1917-19). Succeeded his father as 3rd Bart., Apr. 27, 1939.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Married, Nov. 20, 1919, Ida Mary, dau. of J. Lawrance, of Cambridge.
Of Lowcross Gate, Hutton, Guisborough, Yorks., in 1952.
(Winchester Coll. Reg.; Burke, P. and B.; Walford, County Families; Who's Who; Kelly, Handbook.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester. Trinity, Cambridge.
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a member of the Sudan Service in 1903-1911.
- He worked as a Farmer in 1911-1914 in Kitanga, Machakos, Kenya.
- He worked as a Trooper in the King Edward's Horse in 1914-1917.
- He worked as an officer of the King Edward's Horse in 1917-1919.

Edward married **Ida Mary Lawrence**,²⁴⁷ daughter of **James Lawrence** and **Emma Elizabeth Clark**, on 20 Nov 1919. Ida was born on 21 Apr 1887, died on 27 Jan 1980 in Lowcross Gate, Hutton Lowcross, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 92, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

18-**Christopher York Pease**^{74,247,337} was born on 24 Jun 1886 in 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, London, died on 9 May 1918 in Givenchy, France. Killed in action. at age 31, and was buried in Mazingarbe Cemetery, Pas de Calais, France. Grave III.C.8.

General Notes: Educated at Horris Hill and Winchester. Director of Pease and Partners Ltd. Gazetted 2nd Lt. 1st Yorkshire Hussars 23 Sept 1914. Promoted Lt. 1 jun 1916. Attached to the West Yorkshire Regiment in August 1917 and killed in action near Givenchy, 9 May 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He was educated at Horris Hill School in Newbury, Berkshire.
- He was educated at Winchester.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners.
- He worked as an Officer of the Yorkshire Hussars Yeomanry.
- He had a residence in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham.

Christopher married **Margaret Phillipa Johnson**,²⁴⁷ daughter of **Walter Johnson**²⁷¹ and **Margaret Florence Bell**, on 20 Dec 1910 in Arncliffe Church, Northallerton, Yorkshire. Margaret was born on 6 Apr 1887 in Rounton Grange, Northallerton, Yorkshire and died on 10 Jun 1959 in Northallerton, Yorkshire at age 72. They had two children: **Rachel Hebe Phillipa** and **Ingram Edward**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in The Hollins, Rounton, Northallerton, Yorkshire.

19-**Rachel Hebe Phillipa Pease**²⁴⁷ was born on 19 Dec 1911 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire and died on 6 Sep 1999 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 87.

General Notes: "I heard yesterday of the death on 6th Sept. in Hobart, Tasmania of my half-niece Rachel Smith aged 87. She was the daughter of Christopher York Pease (k. 1918), Father's second son by his first marriage. We had corresponded over many years, and most recently over the Alfred Waterhouse table mystery. Over the last two or three years, she had suffered a couple of what she called mini strokes, which appeared (from her writing) not to have seriously incapacitated her, and which she dismissed in much the same light vein as though she had had a cough. What she didn't tell me, was that she had been operated on for cancer and had more recently developed secondary cancer which was inoperable. She died though within two or three hours of suffering a massive stroke without regaining consciousness, which mercifully, spared her from a slow death from cancer. Her husband who is three years younger, will be bereft and summoning the courage to carry on in a void, most difficult." Note, Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Rachel married **Prof. Richard Selby-Smith**, son of **Selby Smith** and **Anne Rachel Rawlins**, on 3 Aug 1940 in Northallerton, Yorkshire. Richard was born on 13 Jun

Descendants of Thomas Forster

1914 in Barming, Kent and died on 22 Oct 2005 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 91. They had two children: **Christopher** and **Peter**.

General Notes: Professor Selby Smith was a Classics Master at Milton Academy, Massachusetts, USA, 1938-39; Classics Master at Sedbergh School, Yorkshire, 1939-40; worked with Kent Education Committee, 1946-50; Deputy Chief Education Officer, Warwickshire Education Committee, 1950-53; Principal of Scotch College, 1953-1964.

During World War II, Professor Selby Smith served in the Royal Navy from 1940-1946. Having enlisted as an Ordinary Seaman, he was commissioned as a Lieutenant Commander in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve in 1944.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Deputy Chief Education Officer, Warwickshire Education Committee 1950 To 1953.
- He emigrated to Australia in 1953.
- He worked as a Principal of Scotch College 1953 To 1964 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.
- He worked as a Professor of Education & Founding Dean of the Faculty of Education, Monash University 1964 To 1971 in Victoria.
- He worked as a Principal of the Tasmanian College of Advanced Education 1971 To 1973.
- He worked as a Professor of Education and Dean of Faculty, University of Tasmania 1974 To 1978.

20-**Professor Christopher Selby-Smith** was born on 29 Jul 1942 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent and died on 15 Sep 2007 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Scotch College, Melbourne 1953 To 1960.
- He worked as a Director Australian Council for Education.

Christopher married **Joy Miriam McGeehan**. They had two children: **David Richard** and **Hugh Thomas**.

21-**David Richard Selby-Smith**

21-**Hugh Thomas Selby-Smith**

20-**Peter Selby-Smith**

Peter married **Joan Holroyd**, daughter of **John Holroyd**. They had three children: **Anne Jane**, **Andrew**, and **Robyn Clare**.

21-**Anne Jane Selby-Smith**

21-**Andrew Selby-Smith**

21-**Robyn Clare Selby-Smith**

19-**Pilot Officer Ingram Edward Pease**²⁴⁷ was born on 28 Feb 1914 in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Feb 1939 in Bishop Hill, Kinross, Scotland (Flying Accident) at age 24, and was buried on 22 Feb 1939 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: City of Edinburgh Fighter squadron

He was killed whilst flying Hawker Hind, K6819 of No 603 Sqn AuxAF when he flew into Bishop Hill near Kinross in bad visibility.

No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron.

Ingram Edward PEASE is granted a commission as Pilot Officer, -11th Jan. 1939.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sandroyd School in Cobham, Surrey.
- He was educated at Winchester.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford University.
- He was educated at Studying Veterinary medicine in Edinburgh University.
- He worked as a Pilot Officer with No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

18-**Lavender Mary Pease**^{247,341} was born on 24 Jun 1889 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 25 Apr 1989 at age 99, and was buried in Cremated. Edinburgh Crematorium.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Northlands, Egham, Staines, Middlesex.

Lavender married **Capt. Walter Sandfield Medlicott**,^{247,337,339,341} son of **Henry Edmondstone Medlicott** and **Kate D'Oyley Gale**, on 5 Oct 1910 in Guisborough, Yorkshire. Walter was born on 28 Aug 1879 in Sandfield, Potterne, Wiltshire, died on 24 Jun 1970 in Old Fodderlie, Hawick, Roxburghshire at age 90, and was buried in Edinburgh Crematorium. They had four children: **Dionysia**, **Helen Victoria**, **Rosemary**, and **Stephen**.

General Notes: MCC. Estate Agent. Was with his future father in law, Sir A E Pease in 1909 in BEA and with ex-President Theordore Roosevelt. He was in the Harrow XI in 1897 and 1898. He hit 87 in the first innings at Lord's, where Eton, having followed on 163 behind, were beaten by nine wickets. He gained his Blue at Oxford in 1902 and for a number of years assisted Wiltshire. "To reach the Partridge Hill house, you had to leave the car about two fields away and reach the house on foot - there was no road, and there was no electricity. Old Fodderlie too was a very basic home, but did have the advantage of access via a terrible very deep rutted farm road to creep along at 5 mph taking care not to scrape the exhaust pipe off ones vehicle - no home refinements like central heating, and I think like Partridge Hill the only lighting was from paraffin lamps. In my childhood memory, my half-sister appeared to be a perpetual invalid - like her mother, she had TB in her younger years - but was cured after a spell at Leysin in Switzerland, and lived to within two months of her 100th birthday. Her husband, Sandy M, lived to almost 91 y.o. - and he smoked Woodbine cigarettes!"
Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He worked as an officer of the Northumberland Hussars.
- He worked as a Land agent.
- He had a residence in The Farm House, Normanby, Scunthorpe, Lincolnshire.
- He had a residence in Partridge Hill, Goathland, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Old Fodderlie, Hawick, Roxburghshire.

19-**Dionysia Medlicott**^{247,341} was born on 30 Aug 1914 in Normanby, Doncaster and died in 1998 in Jedburgh at age 84.

General Notes: "Until arthritis took a great hold, Diny used to come down each spring and do a round of calls on relatives. She was always chatty, loved her horses, and cared nothing in the slightest for the fancy things in life. She lived frugally, and didn't feed herself properly, 'a boiled egg will do' attitude, and had her meals (such as they were) always outdoors if fine, and in her little greenhouse if wet - For her 80th birthday, her niece (Rosemary's daughter) gave her two bean bags for each of her two dogs, and when she called to see Diny she found two dogs on one bean bag and Diny on the other. When her aunt Molly died (1980) and she was a beneficiary of half Molly's estate, she went over to Hutton and was asked by Molly's executor if she would like to take anything she particularly wanted. Yes, but there were only two things she said she would like. One was Molly's old bath sponge, the other her dressing gown! Not a book, not a bit of silver or even a chair. That was typical of Diny, a really splendid sort."

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Sparrow Hall, Rutherford, Kelso, Roxburghshire.

19-**Helen Victoria Medlicott**^{247,341} was born on 4 Jun 1916 in Devizes, Wiltshire and died on 4 Mar 2010 at age 93.

Helen married **Walter Mark Johnson**,³⁴¹ son of **Lt. Col. Walter Lyulph Johnson**^{213,271} and **Alice Hilda Lupton**,²⁷¹ on 6 Sep 1939 in Goathland, Yorkshire. Walter was born on 24 Aug 1915 in Hutton Rudby and died on 3 Sep 2003 at age 88. They had four children: **David Mark**, **Martin Stephen**, **Walter Sandy**, and **Alan Philip**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Rutherford Farm, Kelso, Roxburghshire. TD5 8NP.

20-David Mark Johnson

David married someone. He had three children: **Nicola**, **Sarah**, and **James**.

21-Nicola Johnson

21-Sarah Johnson

21-James Johnson

20-Martin Stephen Johnson

Martin married **Ruth**. They had two children: **Harriet** and **Olivia**.

21-Harriet Johnson

Harriet married **Al Busby**. They had three children: **Nell**, **Iris**, and **Arthur**.

22-Nell Busby

22-Iris Busby

22-Arthur Busby

21-Olivia Johnson

20-**Walter Sandy Johnson** was born on 5 Nov 1947 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 1967 in Australia. In a riding accident at age 20.

20-Dr. Alan Philip Johnson

Alan married **Louise**. They had three children: **Emily**, **Camilla**, and **Settno**.

21-Emily Johnson

21-Camilla Johnson

21-Settno Johnson

19-**Rosemary Medlicott**³⁴¹ was born on 10 Nov 1922 in Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire and died in May 1990 in Isle of Ske. Drowned in the sea having fallen from rocks. at age 67.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Motorcycle ambulance outrider in 1940 in France.

Rosemary married **Maj. Edward Godfrey Bird**,³⁴¹ son of **Capt. Frederick Godfrey Bird RN** and **Elizabeth Whitlock**, on 6 Apr 1946 in Goathland, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 4 Feb 1915 in London and died on 22 Jun 1959 at age 44. They had three children: **Charles Godfrey**, **Harmony**, and **George Godfrey**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They worked as a Farmers in West Fodderlie, Bonchester Bridge, Hawick, Roxburghshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

20-Charles Godfrey Bird

Charles married **Patricia Goodsir**. They had four children: **Jennifer**, **Julie**, **Rona**, and **Hayley**.

21-Jennifer Bird

21-Julie Bird

Julie married **Patterson**. They had three children: **Skye**, **Corrie**, and **Hector**.

22-Skye Patterson

22-Corrie Patterson

22-Hector Patterson

21-Rona Bird

21-Hayley Bird

Hayley married someone. She had two children: **Rosie** and **Kaya**.

22- Rosie

22- Kaya

Charles married **Dawn**.

20-Harmony Bird

Harmony married **William Henry Richardson**. They had two children: **Kiri Anne** and **Edward Robert**.

21-Kiri Anne Richardson

21-Edward Robert Richardson

20-George Godfrey Bird

Rosemary next married **Charles Douglas Scott** on 17 Feb 1961 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Charles died in 1989. They had two children: **Alexander William Douglas** and **Walter Stephen Douglas**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Falla, Jedburgh.

20-Alexander William Douglas Scott

Alexander married **Wendy Wilson**. They had two children: **Finlay** and **Millie**.

21-Finlay Scott

21-Millie Scott

20-Walter Stephen Douglas Scott

19-**Stephen Medlicott**²⁴⁷ was born on 23 Apr 1925 in Goathland, Yorkshire, died on 7 Dec 1926 in Goathland, Yorkshire at age 1, and was buried on 9 Dec 1926 in Goathland, Yorkshire.

17-**Mary Fowler**²⁴⁷ was born on 11 May 1860 in Tottenham, London and died on 22 Dec 1921 in Upper Hale, Surrey at age 61.

17-**Harriet "Etta" Maria Fowler** was born on 22 Apr 1862 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent, died on 1 Sep 1871 in Chippenham, Wiltshire at age 9, and was buried in St. Bartholomew's Churchyard, Corsham, Wiltshire.

General Notes: **31 Aug 1871, Thurs:** a poor a/c of little Etty Fowler who seems to have been overdosed by an application to her head to cure an eruption.
3 Sept 1871, Sun: With the Tucketts to Crathie Church . The Queen not out, The Princess Beatrice & Leopold out. The letters brought us the news of poor little Etty Fowler's death in a fainting fit brought on by exhaustion. A good deal of planning to get Lotta to the Funeral, she, poor child, bore the news well but felt it much. *The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.* (unpublished)

17-**Caroline Fowler**^{12,213} was born on 21 Jun 1863 in Brighton, East Sussex, died on 10 Apr 1891 in St Mewan, Cornwall at age 27, and was buried on 14 Apr 1891 in St. Mewan, Cornwall.

General Notes: Known as Carrie

Caroline married **Rev. John Stephen Flynn**,¹² son of **Thomas Flynn** and **Eliza Henley**, on 5 Apr 1888 in Corsham, Wiltshire. John was born on 5 Jul 1851 in Holycross, Ireland and died on 23 Oct 1913 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 62. They had three children: **Thomas Henley**, **John Wilson**, and **Mary Caroline**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Hon. Canon of Truro.
- He had a residence in 22 Salisbury Road, Hove, Brighton, East Sussex.

18-**Rev. Thomas Henley Flynn**¹² was born on 11 Jan 1889 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 14 May 1962 in Little Horwood, Buckinghamshire at age 73.

Thomas married **Enid Frances Mary Dawson**, daughter of **William Rodgers Dawson** and **Frances Margaret Sykes**, on 24 Jul 1920 in Brighton, East Sussex. Enid was born on 12 Jan 1900 in Grantham. They had four children: **Thomas Christopher Nicholas**, **Morwenna Felicity**, **Gillian Enid**, and **Mark Ian William**.

19-**Thomas Christopher Nicholas Flynn** was born on 15 Apr 1921 in Brighton, East Sussex and died in Jul 1990 in Lichfield, Staffordshire at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a M.C. Schoolmaster.

Thomas married **Audrey Denise Birkbeck**, daughter of **Henry Birkbeck** and **Mabel May Mason**, on 11 Jun 1945 in London. Audrey was born on 24 Sep 1921 in London and died in 1977 at age 56. They had two children: **Susan Denise** and **Nicholas Thomas Henry**.

20-Susan Denise Flynn

20-Nicholas Thomas Henry Flynn

Nicholas married **Sarah A. J. Markham**.

19-Morwenna Felicity Flynn

Morwenna married **George Bernard O'flynn**, son of **Maurice Patrick O'flynn** and **Hilda Margaret Bellew Smith**. They had two children: **Terence Michael** and **Georgina Mary**.

20-Terence Michael O'flynn

20-Georgina Mary O'flynn

19-Gillian Enid Flynn

19-Mark Ian William Flynn

18-**John Wilson Flynn**¹² was born on 29 Mar 1890 in St Mewan, Cornwall and died on 20 Jan 1930 in Hull, Yorkshire at age 39.

18-**Mary Caroline Flynn**^{12,213} was born on 1 Apr 1891 in St. Mewan, Cornwall and was christened on 14 Apr 1891 in St. Mewan, Cornwall.

General Notes: **Tues 14 April 1891** - Claudia of age today. Arrived at St. Austell at 6 - found Tom Fowler in the same train. Nellie drove to St Mewan Rectory - Tom & I walked out, a fine soft morning. After breakfast, Uncle Howard, George (his wife already here), Wilson, Aunt Blanche & others came. At 11 we had a little service in Carrie's room (Carrie was Nellie's sister d. aged 27 on 10 April 1891) & soon after went out with the coffin across the road to the Church; she was buried (in) a beautiful corner of this pretty churchyard . After lunch we again attended the Christening of the little baby, (Mary Caroline Flynn) At 5, Tom, Sir Robert & I left to go to the train - I left Nellie to stay a day or two -
The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease

Mary married **Lt. Col. Philip Henry Nugent Vyvyan**, son of **Harry Vyvyan** and **Lucy Nugent Grattan**, on 11 Nov 1917 in London. Philip was born on 30 Aug 1881 in York, Yorkshire and died on 16 Jul 1967 at age 85. They had one daughter: **Lalage Nugent**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC OBE.

19-**Lalage Nugent Vyvyan** was born on 25 Aug 1921 in Ash Vale, Aldershot, Hampshire and died in 2003 at age 82.

Lalage married **John Derek Atheling Boustead**, son of **Capt. Reginald Cedric Boustead** and **Joyce Husey-Hunt**, on 18 Mar 1943 in London. John was born on 5 Dec 1917 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died on 6 Jun 1944 in Killed In Action During Normandy Landing at age 26. They had one daughter: **Lalage Tasmin Vyvyan**.

20-Lalage Tasmin Vyvyan Boustead

Lalage married **Richard Hugh Lee**. They had two children: **Angela Caroline** and **James Nugent**.

21-Angela Caroline Lee

21-James Nugent Lee

17-**Jean Elizabeth Fowler**^{247,335} was born on 11 Oct 1865 in London and died on 17 Apr 1944 in Farnham, Surrey at age 78.

17-**Octavia Louisa Fowler** was born on 9 Jan 1867 in Chippenham, Wiltshire, was christened on 11 Mar 1867 in Corsham, Wiltshire, died on 30 Sep 1903 in Northampton at age 36, and was buried in St. Bartholomew's Churchyard, Corsham, Wiltshire.

17-**Capt. Sir Thomas Fowler 2nd Bt.**^{247,335} was born on 12 Aug 1868 in London, died on 20 Apr 1902 in Killed in action. Olivier's Farm, Moolman's Spruit, Ficksburg, South Africa at age 33, and was buried in Ficksburg Cemetery, Ficksburg, South Africa.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP.
- He was educated at Rottingdeane.
- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated in Germany.
- He worked as a Director of Prescott's Bank in Cornhill, London.
- He worked as a Banker. Partner in Dimsdale, Fowler, Barnard & Dimsdales & Co.
- He worked as an officer of the 1st Battalion Imperial Yeomanry (1st Wiltshire Squadron).
- He had a residence in Gastard House, Corsham, Wiltshire.

17-**Bertha Sophia Fowler**³³⁵ was born on 13 Jan 1871 in London and died on 30 Jan 1927 in Alexandria, Egypt at age 56.

General Notes: **Thurs 3 Feb 1927** - Saw in The Times Bertha Fowler's death - she was born in 1871 - I was her guardian when she was a child - she has devoted most of her life to Missionary work at Agra - only 3 left out of this family of 11 - viz. Lotta Barbour, Jean & Elfreda. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Missionary in Agra, Bengal, India.

17-**Rachel Elfrida Fowler**^{247,335} was born on 10 Dec 1872 in London, was christened on 21 Dec 1872 in St. Mary's, Melcombe Regis, Dorset, and died on 22 Sep 1951 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 78.

16-**Mary Fox**^{2,4,7,8,9,10,12,15,247,274} was born on 11 Aug 1835 in Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 3 Aug 1892 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 56, and was buried on 6 Aug 1892 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Known as Minnie Fox

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.

Mary married **Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease 1st Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe**,^{2,3,4,5,6,7,8,10,12,15,46,66,186,220,231,235,236,239,243,247,271,272,273,274} son of **Joseph Pease**^{2,3,6,7,12,18,54,63,78,234,235,236,237,238,239,241,242,243,247,290,302,342,343,344,345,346} and **Emma Gurney**,^{2,3,5,7,12,54,78,220,235,236,238,241,244,302,345,347} on 23 Aug 1854 in FMH Falmouth. Joseph was born on 23 Jun 1828 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 23 Jun 1903 in Kerris Vean, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 75, and was buried in 1903 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had eight children: **Emma Josephine "Effie," Alfred Edward, Sarah Charlotte, Joseph Albert, Maud Mary, Helen Blanche, Lucy Ethel**, and **Agnes Claudia Fox**.

General Notes: Created 1st Baronet of Hutton Lowcross and Pinchinthorpe in the County of York. 1882
Pease, Sir Joseph Whitwell, first baronet (1828– 1903), industrialist and banker, born at Darlington on 23 June 1828, was the elder son of Joseph Pease (1799– 1872), railway company promoter and industrialist [see under Pease, Edward], and his wife, Emma (d. 1860), daughter of Joseph Gurney of Norwich. Edward Pease was his grandfather. In January 1839 he went to the Friends' school, York, under John Ford. Entering the Pease banking partnership at Darlington in 1845, he became largely engaged in the projection of railway enterprise and in the management of the woollen mills, collieries, and iron trade with which the firm was associated. He was soon either director or chairman of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate Ltd, Robert Stephenson & Co. Ltd, Pease & Partners Ltd, and J. and J. W. Pease, bankers. In 1894 he was elected chairman of the North Eastern Railway, after serving as deputy chairman for many years. He also farmed extensively, having purchased a 3000 acre estate at Hutton Lowcross in the North Riding of Yorkshire in 1867. He read a paper, entitled 'The meat supply of Great Britain', at the South Durham and North Yorkshire chamber of agriculture, on 26 January 1878.
He married in 1854 Mary, daughter of Alfred Fox of Falmouth. She died on 3 August 1892. They had two sons and six daughters. The elder son, Sir Alfred Edward Pease, second baronet, MP for York (1885– 92), and for the Cleveland division of Yorkshire (1897– 1902), was resident magistrate in the Transvaal in 1903. The second son was Joseph Albert Pease, Lord Gainford, the Liberal cabinet minister.
In 1865 Pease was returned as Liberal MP for South Durham, which he represented for twenty years. After the Redistribution Act of 1885 he sat for the Barnard Castle division of Durham county, until his death. He strongly supported Gladstone on all questions, including Irish home rule, and rendered useful service to the House of Commons in

matters of trade, particularly in regard to the coal and iron industries of the north of England. He was president of the Peace Society and of the Society for the Suppression of the Opium Traffic, and a champion of both interests in parliament. On 22 June 1881 he moved the second reading of a bill to abolish capital punishment, and his speech was separately printed. In 1882 Gladstone created him a baronet (18 May). No Quaker had previously accepted such a distinction, although Sir John Rodes (1693– 1743) inherited one. In 1886 Pease unsuccessfully attempted to persuade Gladstone to defer his first government of Ireland act. During the course of 1902 the family banking partnership, J. and J. W. Pease, became insolvent, the product in large measure of a court settlement against Pease in the matter of the administration of the estate of his niece (the countess of Portsmouth), for which he had acted as trustee for many years. Drained of capital, and dependent on secured and unsecured loans to meet the dividend payments of leading industrial concerns, including the Consett Iron Company, Pease & Partners Ltd, and the North Eastern Railway, the bank was absorbed by Barclay & Co. on disadvantageous terms. Although Pease and his sons were saved from bankruptcy proceedings by the receipt of generous financial support from business associates both in London and in the north-east of England, the settlement with Barclay & Co. entailed the forfeiture of the bulk of their estates. Pease died at Kerris Vean, his Falmouth home, of heart failure, on 23 June 1903, his seventy-fifth birthday, and was buried at Darlington.

Charlotte Fell-Smith, rev. M. W. Kirby

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL Bt. (1882).
- He was a Quaker.
- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later to become Bootham School) in Jan 1839-Dec 1840 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Ironmaster & Industrialist.
- He worked as a Partner in J. & J.W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Chairman. Stockton & Darlington Railway.
- He worked as a Chairman. The North Eastern Railway.
- He worked as a Director of Robert Stephenson & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate Ltd.
- He worked as an Executive committee member of The Mining Association of Great Britain.
- He worked as a President of The Peace Society.
- He worked as a Tees Conservancy Commissioner 21 Jun 1862 to 1 Feb 1903.
- He worked as a MP for South Durham 1865 To 1885.
- He worked as a MP for Barnard Castle 1885 To 1903.
- He had a residence 1866 To 1868 in 33 Prince's Gardens, London.
- He had a residence 1868 To 1870 in 18 Prince's Gardens, London.
- He had a residence from 1870 in 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, London.
- He worked as a President of The British & Foreign School Society 1877 To 1883.
- He worked as a President of The Foxes football club in 1881.
- He worked as a President of the Society for the Suppression of the Opium Trade.
- He resided at Hutton Hall in Guisborough, Yorkshire.

17-**Emma Josephine "Effie" Pease**^{15,229,247,304} was born on 25 May 1855 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 23 Jun 1888 in Folkestone, Kent at age 33, and was buried on 27 Jun 1888 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: **7 Feb 1880, Tues:** Letters, riding &c - had a long interview with Mr Hamlyn who asks for Effie, he seems to have an allowance of £300 a year, expectancy of £4,000 under his grandmother's will, and £3,000 from his father's Estates strictly entailed. I hear his 2 brothers are *mauvais* subjects. Saw Sir Stafford Northcote who tells me that his father, Mr Hamlyn is a highly respected Devonshire Squire taking a leading part in Devonshire matters; the man you like to have near you at Quarter Sessions and at elections, was Whig is Tory.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

The (unpublihed) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Emma married **Vincent Waldo Calmady-Hamlyn**,^{8,15,247,304} son of **Shilston Calmady-Hamlyn** and **Sarah Carter**, on 17 Nov 1880 in St. Nicholas Church, Guisborough, Yorkshire. Vincent was born on 6 Aug 1854 and died on 2 Sep 1897 in Bridestowe, Devon at age 43. They had one daughter: **Mary Sylvia**.

Marriage Notes: **17 Nov 1880, Wed:**A much finer morning but the day was dull and cold. Our Darlington visitors came down by special train to Guisboro' Church, their carriages by the train before them. All arrangements seemed to work out well, the Church was crowded, the Bridesmaids the Bride's 5 sisters, Lucy Marwood, Minnie Fowler, 2 Miss Hamlyns and Ella Pease. We sat down 68 to the breakast, Robert N. Fowler proposing the happy pair, they left at 3.20 for Pinchinthorpe & York amidst old shoes & rice; we had a lot of people at the At Home, Minnie upstairs!, and sat down to dinner, 34 - we broke up about 11, a long interesting day 34-40 at the At Home.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- Miscellaneous: Married by the Rev. Dr. Mandell Creighton, 17 Nov 1880.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Lincolns Inn.

18-**Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn**^{247,304} was born on 9 Aug 1881 in Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 10 Jun 1962 in Pearoc Vean, Buckfast, Devon at age 80, and was buried in Buckfast Abbey, Devon.

General Notes: "I'm sure I mentioned before, that for 5 or 6 years before her death in 1962, I had a racing correspondence with Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn -I have all her letters. She told me much about the Hutton and London homes she remembered from her childhood, - and I kept asking for more and more anecdotes - and from her account, the style of living reads as somewhat extravagant - especially when viewed from today's standpoint of simple meals - poached eggs, shepherds pie or sausage and mash. Nevertheless, I had also to allow that her judgement was tinted by the fact that she had no great love for her grandfather - a jaundiced view (explained to me by Lavender Medicott) because Joseph Whitwell Pease never took any notice of her - she loved Hutton, Pinchinthorpe and all Cleveland but disliked the regime - a born rebel. In one letter she said:

"There are few however who had the freedom of the world's champion fruit in endless - and free to us - variety, and I shall never forget it - MacIndoe was a great man -recognised as such & himself took the great collection of fruit to Chicago to win the World Championship Medal. How he did it by rail & sea leaves one wondering - but he did. "

In another excerpt writing of Hutton she said:

"The waste of money that there must have been in the running of that kind of establishment - hardly bears thinking about. MacIndoe was the one really efficient person on the estate - & he had world wide appreciation & was held one of the six best gardeners in Britain. Harry Veitch of Exeter told me that after I returned to Devon, himself one of the six - himself for shrubs & plants - MacIndoe of course supreme in fruit of all kinds but grapes, specialist. His only daughter ran away with the foreman gardener & wrecked MacIndoe 's happiness. His wife was blind. "

In yet another letter:

"The last few years I often ordered the meals" (at Hutton) "they had to be exactly to pattern - e.g. nothing on the table that our grandfather didn't like even if he never ate it & other people would have! Very typical - Sunday evenings - always the same - dinner with waiting - Clear Soup (must on no account be anything floating in it such as shredded carrot or pasta shapes &c) Shoulder of Mutton -'Rice pudding & Apple Tart (Summer) or Mince Pies (Winter) & glorious desert - Figs - Melons - Apricots -Peaches ~ Nectarines - Plums - Pears - Apples - Pineapples & the world famous Grapes (I have never met their equal) in probably 4 varieties - only water ever or Barley Water - Lunch - whether for 3 or 30 the same idea - Roast - 3 vegs - made up dish - Pudding - Stewed Fruit and some sweet - Sideboard cold Pheasant, Game Pie -Tongue or Brawn & a vast York Ham - never to be touched by anyone except Butler and Grandpapa - Except for shooting parties, I don'/ think anything on the sideboard was ever touched so the Room and the Servant's Hall must have done well. It was equally there at breakfast, & sometimes Ham was eaten ~ other hot dishes - Porridge always - Bacon & Eggs - Fish in some form - Kidneys - Mushrooms - Scrambled Eggs & other forms of egg - Sausages (imported from Cornwall) -probably two dishes if we were alone - parties, half-a-dozen hot, and boiled eggs - often -wanted - was my job to boil in an egg boiler on another sideboard': Tea - plain lea cakes - bread & butter - plain cakes - rich cakes - small cakes - very often mostly uneaten when we were alone latterly ~ 3 of us & vast increases for parties, Xmas - Summer &c - Practically incredible in these days. Add, by each bedside at night - 'Hutton Buns' famous and very, good & milk, a tin of biscuits & a 'veilleuse' containing Soup added if considered necessary, so there was little risk of starvation before more buns - bread & butter & tea when called in the morning - I wonder what amount the staff got through too? Oh! More buns & milk at 12 o 'clock after a huge breakfast and an ample lunch at 1 to come. I often smile over it as I sit at my kitchen table for a cup of tea & 3 wheatmeal biscuits so save time and trouble ... and I do miss good spring or well water. Some of the best ever came from that spout direct from Highcliffe - outside the backyard which we drank upside down as it were - heads under the spout. I don't think any words of mine can really describe the amplitude of fruit, always to hand without limit ... Fish came by train from York -why, I don't know - There's an exhaustive description of food for you - never / hope to be experienced again in its appalling waste and cost"

Because her home at Bridestowe was destroyed by fire in the late 40's I think, all her personal records were destroyed by fire. She had then to rely entirely on memory

Descendants of Thomas Forster

in regurgitating her early history which, at odd times, she did get things a bit muddled, but don't we all when relying entirely on memory. At the time of her death, she was about half way through writing her autobiography which had been urged upon her by some publisher she knew. What became of her part finished M/S is something of which I have no knowledge. Her Calmady-Hamlyn relations seemed not disposed to entering into correspondence on any matters after her death - she had little time (so she told me) for her Calmady-Hamlyn relations anyway."

Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

The elusive letters trascribed
Yahoo/Archive

J PEASE <gurneypease@btinternet.com>
To:CHARLES E. G. PEASE
Thu 7 May at 10:35

LETTERS FROM SYLVIA

Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn, MBE, JP.

Born 9th August, 1891at Hutton Hall, Guisborough, NR of Yorkshire

Died 10th June, 1962 at Pearoc Vean, Buckfast, Devon

Sylvia was one of my first cousins, a relation with whom I had a rather special relationship - gained almost entirely through our common love of letter writing.

For about six years between 1956-62, we fell into a compulsive racing correspondence, at times exchanging letters at the pace of two per week. She gave me some delightfully descriptive, often inaccurate and often most cynical accounts of life at Hutton, 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, 44 Grosvenor Gardens and the houses of the London rich and famous in the days of her minority. Through our correspondence, I afforded her the opportunity to trawl and dredge through her memories of the past, in which she revelled, and it seemed, there was none other than me as the most willing recipient of her regurgitated past, and she could never satisfy my craving for more - and more. Her letters, written in an upright stylish and flamboyant hand,

An illustration of one of Sylvia's letters

the size of her capitals exaggerated, and of the small letters, the upper part of the horizontal stroke of her r's was carried with a flourish across the top of the word she was writing which gave an addional pleasing quality to the appearance and substance of her letters.

For me, her letters had a drug-like quality for their humour, cynicism and turn of phrase, all of which conveyed great depth of colour to what she was writing, and with the only photograph of her I had ever seen (p. 123 the Wilson Pedigree book), that of her as a child with her mother (my Aunt Effie), I could vividly imagine this young girl scampering about in and about the homes and countryside so familiar to me, during the time (but much later) of my own childhood upbringing.

Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn with her mother

Sylvia, with a straight shortish thatch of hair, and a rather nice well proportioned boyish face, conjured up in my mind a picture of someone who, if the excellence of her letters was anything to go by, might possibly have carried her pleasing looks through to old age. But that was not really so.

On the one occasion I met her, I found her to be short, rotund, a rather battered fiercesome creature, so that I had to revise somewhat the image of the Sylvia I had carried in my mind. She was though, a superb combination, like the very best of matured wine laid down years before, poured out from an old musty rot-labelled bottle.

The story that lay between the most pleasing looking girl of the photograph and the woman of old age who wrote with style and flourish was one of fascinating revelation

Descendants of Thomas Forster

to me. So I have kept all her letters, extracts from which are to be found in the following pages.

The Sylvia I eventually met but knew well through correspondence, was a very formidable no-nonsense woman. She invited me to call (for an afternoon) at Buckfast in the autumn of (I think) 1958 when I was at Torquay at the Liberal Party Conference. Buckfast people were terrified of her I was later told by one who lived there, but the Buckfast Abbey Monks loved her.

Travelling by bus via Newton Abbot I called. She was quite eccentric. The approach to her tiny half timbered bungalow, lead from the road by a very narrow weedy track bordered by long grass, which stood tall at about eighteen inches high on either side of the pathway. Greeting me at the door, she announced that she had ordered me a taxi for a set time, to take me back to Newton Abbot at the conclusion of our meeting.

Her sitting room I found to be carpetless, just rough bare boards with a black stained edging to a depth of perhaps a foot or so from the walls all around the perimeter of the room. The old worn and torn chintz covers on the furniture were all sprinkled white with dog hairs - which I didn't mind a bit - from her three or four all-jumping-about Maltese terriers with brown watery eyes and the smell of dogs everywhere. To stifle the smell of kennels I asked at once "Please might I smoke?" "Yes - do - I love it," but so far as I know she didn't herself smoke.

The sitting room walls from end to end, top to bottom, sprouted winning Dartmoor pony rosettes - prizes in different colours - reds, yellows and blues. I spent two hours with her under cross-examination - much as had I gone for a job interview, with "Are you more like your father or your mother?" kind of calibre of questioning. She was kindly, most interested in everything ("How fares the name of Pease in the north?") but brusque in manner with one question following immediately upon the heels of the last without pause, and almost before I'd got my answers out.

The complete absence of even simple comfort in her surroundings was unmistakable. She had no need to live as she did, she simply chose to.

The allotted span for my two hour 'interview' over, she let me out via her kitchen with its single small window which threw scant light upon the dim surroundings, and where the shelves (like old mother Hubbard's I noticed), were bare except for a single tin of sardines, pilchards or some such.

From this I judged, her cooking was limited. She appeared to have only an old black kerosene cooking stove of ancient vintage set upon a box which, having two funnels behind smoke-darkened perspex through which to view the flame, and judge the temperature for a pan above.

Though financially secure, in the 1940's or 50's she had been left a fortune of £90,000 by a friend with whom she had lived - and spent the lot building a chapel tacked on to Buckfast Abbey. She lies there now in the Abbey grounds - I think the only woman buried with the monks.

Her entire life as I judged it, was some kind of reaction, an expression of revolt against the extravagant display of her Hutton and London childhood days, where books on shelves were seen in countless rows, but in exaggeration she said, went unread, and mealtimes marked by menu choice in French which no one understood, and sideboards groaning with alternative fare for those with faddy taste impossible to satisfy.

So strange. More strange still that what she hated she also loved with equal passion. She really loved Hutton and Cleveland with a great intensity expressed to me so many times. But I think she had, in many ways, been a sad and most unhappy child. She told me her mother didn't like children, and in any case would rather have had a son than a daughter which seemed a rather bad beginning. Her father always called her 'Jimmy' when she was a child - perhaps that's why with her hair kept fairly short, it fits with the rather boyish look of the Sylvia of the photograph. But whatever, living at Hutton after losing both her parents young, her chief childhood companion appears to have been Christopher (my half-brother), at any rate where riding was concerned.

In her final years, she said she wanted to come north once more to recapture something from a distant past but which I knew had long since disappeared. I told her that to come north again would serve her no real purpose and would contaminate her memory, the clarity of which was untarnished by all the real changes that had taken place at, and all around Hutton - so I persuaded her against that. Maybe I was wrong - but she was not a person of weak will, and would have come if she hadn't really thought the same.

At some time in the late 1940's, Sylvia (with her yearning for Cleveland), proposed a scheme to my mother whereby my mother would look for a farm in Cleveland, and she and Sylvia would run it jointly; Sylvia breeding Dartmoor and Exmoor ponies while my mother bred Cleveland Bays. The scheme came to nothing and almost certainly would never have worked. They were both too much people of strong minds and the result would have been a disastrous clash of wills.

I remember with absolute clarity my writing to Sylvia in 1960, saying 'Do you realise, it is now 21 years since Father died?' - and now, as I cross the boundary into year 2000, it is almost 38 years since Sylvia died. The passage of time is relentless and gathers speed with age. I am already one year older than was Sylvia when she died.

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As will be apparent from the extracts, Sylvia never liked her grandfather JWP. As to why, had always puzzled me. Though I could have, I never asked directly though I read between the lines, and she never volunteered any particular reason - except that after her grannie (JWP's wife, Minnie) died, a great light went out of her life and all Hutton conversation became dull, grandfather's friends were ditto e.g. Sir David Dale whom she disliked intensely, as did my father. She had no interest in business affairs and lived for her ponies and followed rural interests. She had for a long time been a governor of the Seale Hayne Agricultural College in Devon.

When in 1988 I saw my half-sister, Lavender Medlicott for the last time (then aged 99), I asked what was the real reason for Sylvia's dislike of our grandfather. Quick as a flash she replied "Well - because he never took any notice of her!!". As to why this was so, was another puzzle. Was it, I asked myself, because her father wanted her to be brought up not as a Quaker in a Quaker household, but as a church-goer in the established church? Whether in this there might have been cause and effect, I do not know. It might be that the young, boyish looking Sylvia was a mostly silent rebel, and that is why no notice was taken, or it might have been the other way round i.e. that because no notice was taken she became a quietly rebellious and cynical child. Another factor in this conundrum, was that she harboured a deep-seated resentment, claiming (to me) that her mother's death was in no mean measure attributable to the fact that her grandfather, with his wealth, had kept his eldest daughter (Effie) 'short' with a settlement income of £400 per year. I have no means of telling if this was so. To translate such a figure into today's (year 2000) terms, it should be multiplied by a factor of about 60 at very least. Thus £400 in the 1880's might equate with £24,000 equivalent today but possibly more.

Sylvia's attitude, whether justified or not, her developing jaundiced view of her grandfather and some of her aunts was greatly softened by her intense love for her surroundings, resulting in a forceful conflict and clash in her mind.

Sylvia's father (Vincent Waldo Calmady-Hamlyn) at the time her mother died, was a young London barrister trying to establish himself. His elder brother who had inherited the Calmady-Hamlyn estate in Devon, died young from drink, and Vincent Hamlyn inherited the estate but only after he became a widower.

Before her mother's death, Sylvia's London and Devonshire home upbringing was very frugal - so she said. Not for a moment do I believe that my grandfather (a dominating but still compassionate man), had he thought his eldest daughter was living in straitened circumstances, would have neglected to do anything about it. If Sylvia's mother Effie, had found it difficult or was too proud to speak to her father about such matters, she would have found it less difficult to have spoken to her mother who would have made matters right. But this further contrast in Sylvia's eyes, the wealth of the one and the (relative) penury of the other, added more colour to her young impressionable mind.

Edward (my half-brother) despite the consequences of revolt, and except for the usual 'other times, other manners' separating the generations, was very fond of his grandfather. My half-sister, Lavender thrived and flourished at Hutton when there, while Sylvia developed a love-hate relationship. Losing both parents while still a child, and knowing her mother didn't like children, but having one, would rather the child had been a boy, when Sylvia came to know of it must also have tainted her outlook.

With few exceptions Sylvia despised her Pease relations though kept up with my father and mother, and our cousin Joe - but I don't know about her aunts and Uncle Jack; she additionally had little time for the Calmady-Hamlyn line. She heaped scorn on the Quakers, chucked the C of E of her upbringing and became a Roman Catholic; conversion at Assisi she said, about which she would one day tell me, but with so much else to tell never quite got round to it before she died.

With a passionate hatred of wealth she became an active socialist for a time. Nevertheless, she moved in Devonshire county circles counting many aristocrats among her friends. Between the wars she was invited to stand as Labour Candidate for Tavistock, but didn't, though only because her Dr had said her heart could never stand more than six months in a House of Commons atmosphere. The following extracts I leave to speak for themselves, but in some passages, I have felt it necessary to insert my own comments which I print in italics.

Extracts from Sylvia's letters

29th Jan. 1957. ... There is much to be said for the large happy families of long ago, & nothing for being an only as was my fate ... I have been re-reading - with some care - Uncle Alfred's copy of 'Edward Pease's Diary' - which is in parts extremely interesting - & his struggle to balance the acquisition of wealth with the old spiritual values of the Friends creed - of plainness and unworldiness - he found it very bothering - & was very apprehensive of the future of the Society, if & when it became too immersed in worldliness as he saw it . And a great deal of what he foresaw has happened. The old Friends did manage to keep the balance of their decidedly difficult creed - if to be lived in ordinary worldly conditions - but thereafter, very many lost it.

The Plymouth Brethren are not an attractive body - very narrow and Calvinistic & now very scarce - In the First World War I was the appointed woman - for the section of Devon County Tribunal for military appeals that sat at Plymouth, & I made a special study of many of these odd creeds - claiming conscientious objections - chiefly to be able to protect genuine Friendss, since my eleven men conferring, took less than no interest in CO's & the Chairman - a very good old man by whom I sat, mostly left it

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to me as to whether a CO was genuine or not.

Qua creed, I decided, only Friends & Christadelphians were really ready to defend their anti-war beliefs at any cost, but there were some poor Friends also from time-to-time.

The Xtadelphians were few in number & complete cranks, but genuine. We sat 3 days a week from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. in the Guildhall - a case about every 20 minutes for about 2 years - & I learnt a great deal - about human reactions to fear & the starin & stress of married men - with comfortable salaries but no capital - who had to leave wives & families - towards the end.

I was offered every sort of bribe on Sundays at home - to try to get off some "indispensable" son or other such as a pair of cart horses - a blank cheque - a brace of pheasants weekly (in season presumably) for life!! And sometimes threats instead - That was the time of belief in "War to End War" ...

Undated: ... I expect you know the story Augustus Hare told, of our grandmother being asked to stay at Raby (Castle) in early days, so that "poor Mrs Pease might have a few days at a pretty place away from awful surroundings" - not in the least realising that Hutton was far more beautiful than Raby. Which, Augustus Hare realised very well. Incidentally, he wanted to marry my mother. I saw him in London when I was a girl - supposed to be a noted bore, so she was lucky ...

me at the time

When Father & I were staying at the Fortescues in North Devon (I aged 12 & very shy) & I said "Daddy please do go first down the staircase to dinner" - & he said "No my child, women go in first in front of men, not behind them." Old Lord Fortescue of that time - 1893 was a typical rather alarming cultured nobleman of the old school - now non existent & I realised that the rest of the company were old & highly critical! But they were all very nice to me - & my alarm went.

3rd Oct. 1957 I am sure Dorothy Ward is older than I am - I am 76 - Janet was

I think my age - & married George Trevelyan about the same age.

(This was an aside comment made by Sylvia after I mentioned that Dorothy Ward who was G M Trevelyan's sister-in-law, had called on us at Dungeon Ghyll, Great Langdale. She (Dorothy Ward) remembered Hutton and JWP from her early days and staying at the Hall).

21,1,58. Thank you for an ever welcome letter - I think I got all I wanted out of the notes - & much remains a mystery, the cause of which is I think largely due to J.W.P.'s aloofness & concentration of everything in his own hands - more particularly at an age quiet unsuitable for such a strain - He was always having what were called "glimmers" & then entirely out of action. I imagine now it was what is called "blood pressure" today. (No, more in the nature of a sick headache from which JWP's father also suffered & who also used the term 'glimmer' to describe it).

And the kind of sanctity - he & his doings & his possessions - were wrapped in - all added to it, I suddenly remembered a. typical example - When I was 16 - mad keen on hunting & devoted to Willie Wharton - I was literally astounded when he said to me out of the blue "You are a good child - & have never got in my way - but have opened gates for me (he never jumped if he could help it!) or ridden over corn or done any of those things, & I am going to give you my Hunt Collar & buttons to come to my opening meet at Skelton in, but you must put up your hair & wear a topper!l" I was so excited -- that I very foolishly & ought to have known better - from bitter experience - told Aunt Maud when I got home - & she promptly shutted me flat as was her wont - & said -- "Oh! that's only because your grandfather has the biggest coverts - you didn't think it is any merit of yours but only to honour him."

Actually, the Hutton coverts were very popular. They were so vast - & full af foxes that rarely went away - I see there is a meet at Hutton this week - & feel very sentimental. It boiled down to the fact - that he never could do wrong - or make mistakes - until it was too late to remedy the many terrible mistakes in a position unknown to anyone but himself. I haven't the least idea why he wasn't made bankrupt - perhaps not worthwhile?

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I was most interested in the facts about the purchase of Pinchinthorpe - I always loved the place dearly - and how often I saw those yearlings opposite the house when riding by - in winter generally in a bog of mud - galloping down to the gate - At one time I used to go over to Pinchinthorpe by train for lessons - & back by the 4 train. I can hardly imagine that line without trains.

I thought of another curious trait of J.W.P.'s. He rode every day he was at home. Generally at 12-1.00 for one hour & had to be accompanied. He was terribly nervous - &

our horses were so stuffed full of corn & under exercised that it was a nerve racking job to try to keep them quiet. - & not give him blue fits - He had two entirely reliable old cobs - until about 1896 - one was ridden by the groom against orders in London &

fell & broke his knees & was discarded - & the other was left out at grass in the South Park with horned cattle & gored to death, Both perfectly unnecessary & just careless. After that he never got anything quiet - nor did we - for with only me to ride them (Aunt Maud detested riding & was also highly nervous) there were about six riding horses all short of exercise except 'Cynthus' given me by Uncle Alfred which I always rode for choice. Very expensive horses were supplied by Ward & whatever they might be J.W.P. always said "Will it carry me? I can't buy it otherwise" - knowing full well that nothing would have made him try. Quite rightly. I vividly remember the last couple - bought about 1899 - @ £250 apiece, I was told to come out into the cricket field & ride them - both were about 16 hands - one was spared from racing & had no mouth - at all - & as it was bought, it was the only one of two horses that nearly ended over the "Khyber Pass" & once in the Row near the Cavalry Barracks (On the once rough but passable road from Hutton to Kildale, there is a particular short, 'narrow' stretch on Kildale Moor, which we always referred to as the 'Khyber Pass'). It (the horse) was a beast. The grooms I think, always led it - they certninly couldn't have ridden it. The other was a lovely ride - but I knew something was wrong - (It was probably doped for the occasion) it too was bought, but Uncle Alfred hearing of it - came over furious & said no-one must ride it - it was an incurable rearer & he had seen it with Ward rearing for a mile, at a time on the Pinchinthorpe road - of course he wasn't listened to, but when it threw itself over backwards if asked to go anyway it didn't like, was eventually returned to Ward & became a show jumper ! Both bought under the label of suitability for J.W.P. The next effort of Harry Long - Coachman & a great friend of mine, but entirely incompetent as a buyer of horses - & just a pawn for dealers - was a green roan cob from Walton - (a) dealer (from) Guisborough that distinguished itself by bucking JW.P off on his head - in front of the Hall door before he'd got on properly - necessitating a doctor & its return to Walton who showed it next day at Kildale Show quite docile - & it won - we saw it. And after that I think he had no mount - that suited him - there was Uncle Alfred adjacent - with all possible

knowledge & never consulted in any way - & just the same we may conclude in matters of finance - or indeed in any of his projects all kept rigorously to himself. The waste of money that there must have been in the running of that kind of establishment - hardly bears thinking about. MacIndoe was the one really efficient person on the Estate - he had world wide appreciation & was held one of the six best gardeners in Britain. Harry Veitch of Exeter told me that, after I returned to Devon, himself one of the six, - himself for shrubs & plants - MacIndoe of course supreme in fruit of all kinds but grapes, specialist. His only daughter ran away with the foreman gardener & wrecked Macindoe's happiness. His wife was blind.

1st Jan. 1956 ... & Petch the M.F.H. who said to our grandfather when he put up Uncle Alfred (as candidate) for Cleveland unknown to him (AEP was away in Somaliland and knew nothing of his selection for Cleveland) "Me not vote for Alfred? Whatever sort of fool do you think I am? - coolers isn't in it - 'tis the finest horseman I'Cleveland" - and well I remember the declaration of the poll - at over 5,000. I don't think it is possible

for you to realise the immense, comfortable & well organised luxury we lived in - very

conventionally & stodgily - but very fine in its way. Christopher & I who were rebels used to escape & "chuck this beastly being rich" & travel 3rd (class) (Anathema) to explore Whitby & Middlesbrough (which appalled us), or go miles on bicycles to remote places and try & puzzle out the perplexities of life - there are few however who had the freedom of the world's champion fruit in endless - and free to us - variety and I shall never forget it - MacIndoe was a great man - recognised as such & himself took the great collection of fruit to Chicago to win the World Championship Gold Medal. How he did it by rail & sea leaves one wondering - but he did. I shall never forget the look of Middlesbrough platform as we ran through in a "Special" (train) - late of night - every day during the Barnard Castle elections - it haunted me. The last time Christopher & I came down from Barnard Castle in the tail Observation car, with us was our Grandfather's Agent, Arthur Henderson, professed Liberal - and we both mistrusted him - directly our grandfather died, he went in for Labour & had kept the seat warm for that. In London my pals were all young Liberals & we thought we were going to reform the world & make a great thing of it - Charles & George Trevelyan for instance & the Hugh Bells & many others. After the first World War I was asked to stand for Tavistock for Labour - the very Liberal west having collapsed entirely - & I would have - only I had smashed up after 5 years super strenuous War jobs - the Doctor gave me six months to live as the maximum in the H of C atmosphere, Then I spoke & worked for Labour & didn't like their outlook. Tried to like voting Tory & hated it & myself, & won't again ... Pinchinthorpe always had a wonderful atmosphere - totally different from that of conventional self satisfied Hutton - & it was always an ideal to me - & to very many others. Really interesting people stayed there - & Hutton in my day was stagnant as to pople. When the smash came - straight out of the blue - & I had no home just 21 - and asked quite naturally to sign away my Mother's money in the Darlington Bank - I went down to Bethnal Green &

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lived there & worked in Whitechapel to see if I could understand anything about life - ~I had some pretty rude shocks - as I had never been allowed out in London without a maid, or footman & all in that line - But I am glad I did it. I certainly learnt a lot in the months I was there (about 9) when I broke down & still had no home go & had to concoct one. I am glad you have told me not to go back to Hutton for I hadn't realised it was as bad as that (changes between 1902-1956) & in the old days the place itself & the woods & moors were quite lovely & entirely remote from the glare of Middlesbrough which showed beyond Eston at night, It was the quickest transformation possible from the squalor of Middlesbrough to the quiet peace of Hutton Gate - if rather haunting.

21st Feb. 1957 ... I used to ride in the Row with Derick Amory and went to dancing classes at their huge house in Belgrave Square ... I so well remember the day when I met Uncle Alfred - looking very worried saying he had just been offered the dream of his life by Lord Roseberry - The Ministry of Agriculture (No, Sylvia's mistaken. The offer was as Roseberry's Private Secretary) & he could only refuse as he had to take Aunt Nellie to a dry climate. I long wished he hadn't had to refuse it for he would have been

excellent. Then I suddenly became a top class Civil Servant in the first World War with the terrible title of "Travelling Inspector of the B of A Food Production Dept"! Chiefly to organise a then non existent department. I worked under 3 different Presidents - Lord Olivier, Lord Selbourne & far the best Lord Ernle(?) writer of fascinating books on agriculture. I was offered the Directorship - to work in London but I felt it wasn't my line & that I should be more useful out about in the country - I had every official privilege - including bundles of official telegraph forms - & told not to tire myself writing letters except through my secretaries in each County - do everything by telegram. Rather comic & very bad for anyone who took, himself seriously - I didn't ! Now if it would be any interest to you, I shall be delighted - if you will ask me any & every question you like - about the Hutton smash - and previously to that the Portsmouth case - so far as I know it, because I was at Hutton all through it - and heard all sorts of points of view - The whole thing was very extraordinary and briefly my opinion is that our grandfather was a very misguided - ill old man - & not the villain some thought.

The quite unpardonable things he did - were - I think mistakes of stupidity & super- belief in himself & the rectitude of his judgement, I knew him very well - & frankly never liked him although we got on all right. He had an odd craze. That someone must always travel with him - and for the last three years when Aunt Maud & I were the only two left, one had always to be in attendance - And no notice was given - just told at breakfast that one had to accompany to - for instance - London, Glasgow or Timbuctoo. He once congratulated me on a journey to Glasgow - & I had no idea what about - On not speaking once 'En route' - which was what he liked. He had a valet, & I found we were in a suite of rooms in the Station Hotel - apart from all - & he was going to a two day "Peace at any price" Meeting - & I had to amuse myself as best I could - that was typical.

If he said at breakfast he wished to ride for an hour - I couldn't hunt - whether I had intended to or not! I don't think it ever occurred to him that he could do or be wrong - Years before, when his wife was alive - and fascinating she was - I think she could keep him in order & was the leader - I knew the Portsmouth's point of view well - also because my people (Effie & Vincent C-H) had always been friends, and Father asked me never to desert Beatrice in her unhappy marriage. Portsmouth was an absolutely odious character - eaten up with conceit & horribly spoilt as a boy - in spite of having 11 brothers & sisters. The next brother, Jock Wallop was a perfect dear - & we were firm friends.

Portsmouth & Beatrice swam in money - & the only gifts I got were a pocket knife regularly each Xmas!! The fact they had no children was a great tragedy for her, & made her life nearly unbearable with him. They brought the present Portsmouth (Gerard, 9th Earl, b. 16 May, 1898, d. September, 1984) over to lunch with me - as a very small boy - the week he had arrived in England (from the USA.) to be brought up as the heir. A terribly shy & unhappy small boy in painfully new - English clothes. I have never seen him since - but I believe he is quite nice (yes - very). I do not think he has the slightest right in equity - apart from the findings of the law - to the Pease money. So when you have time & care to ask questions categorically - I will answer them as accurately as I can, & my memory is still very fresh of those far off days.

3rd Mar. 1957. I have made the best job I can of my memory of those unhappy far away days when everything crashed in a moment - but I may not be accurate in my dates about the case - only about the crash date because Aug 9th, 1902 was my 21st birthday, and it was then - You know, no doubt about all that happened thereafter to Uncle Alfred & family so I have left that out - How Uncle Jack remained a rich man (but he did) is unfathomable - The crazy expenditure on Nunthorpe Hall was going on right up to the crash - & I rode there one day with Grandpapa & he was visibly overwhelmed & horrified at the cost, but seemed powerless - in Aunt Elsie's hands but it was always like that. They paid her bills - & paid them.

SYLVIA'S ACCOUNT OF THE SMASH.

(Though very imaginative and entertaining, the following account so far as the way in which the smash came about is concerned, it is wholly and wildly inaccurate).

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This what I know of it or could deduce from various sources, I was never told anything at Hutton.

Beatrice Pease was an only child & as an orphan at 16 & was taken to live et Hutton. She was not happy there & took the first chance to get away - also of course flattered by Lymington wanting to marry her & quite unaware of his search for an heiress. She was always stupid but very nice with a pleasant voice & adapted herself to her different life very well indeed. Lymington was at Balliol with my Father - & I think at the Creightons for reading - where he met your father & Uncle Jack & so got to Hutton. He first of all made love to Aunt Blanche, & Uncle Jack - always the cynic - told him "You're onto the wrong one, that isn't the heiress" & he switched over at once & eventually they were married with great ecl«t & entire approbation of Lord & Lady Portsmouth. His Mother always viewed him as the comming Prime Minister. Others didn't! He had brains - but conceit beyond description. They had no children, & that made him increasingly impossible & latterly I knew Beatrice had a bad tinme & was terrified of him - In about 1899 things were reputedly rocky in the North - actually Beatrices father had left his affairs in an awful muddle and our grandfather straightened them out, & caused Beatrice to be made an heiress (his own daughters had meagre marriage portions) - my mother £200 a year - your father £10,000 (this is wildly inaccurate), & Portsmouth (as he had become) got wind of this & insisted that Beatrices share should be allocated & taken out. (No. This is nonsense. Portsmouth wanted Beatrice's fortune out of the collieries especially because he didn't like the nature of such a fluctuating investment - which in itself was a perfectly reasonable point of view to take - but it couldn't be done) - I was told that was about ¼ million & no trouble was made over that (but there was!). The shares were so valued & I believe, the sum about to be paid over (was paid over) - then our Grandfather without consulting his sons in any way (wrong) - went to London & launched a prospective company with his shares. (In point of fact, it was my father who urged his father to work at a scheme to buy out Beatrice) leaving out Beatrice's share as then valued to be paid over. It was an unexpected success & the share value proved far higher than the value of Beatrice - that had been offered & agreed. Portsmouth, and a great many other people I am sorry to say, found this sharp practise & started a case for more money for Beatrice's share. Had our Grandfather had the sense to wait until the Settlement had been completed - nothing could have been done, but in his invincible belief in himself (& he was an old tired man) he committed this act of supreme stupidity - or as most of the world viewed it, crooked cunning. I had heard from Aunt Claudia about two years before that things were very rocky - a revelation to me - aged 19 - We were riding past Wards (High Farm) Pinchinthorpe at the time - Dates are difficult to remember - but then came the "Portsmouth Case" & Grandpapa proved a shocking bad client in the case & refused to defend himself on the grounds that he wouldn't speak against his brother's child. I can only suppose the verdict came later because in 1902 he & Aunt Maud went to shoot in Scotland as usual, leaving me at Hutton knowing absolutely nothing of what was likely to happen. They had hardly got there (Scotland) when I got a telegram "Coming home meet us at the station - do not speak" I met the train - plus gamekeepers dogs etc all returned & we walked in silence to the house - not in itself unusual but I realised something was up - my grandfather disappeared to his study - & Aunt Maud said "We are ruined - everything gone." I gasped & said "What do you mean?" "You'll find out quick enough - We have no money & no cheques on the Bank are valid & nothing here is ours." Apparently, when the added amount ordered to be paid over to Beatrice after the case, it couldn't be realised. (No. This is fiction). nor of course could the new proposed Company be floated (It had already been floated in 1898 i.e. 4 years earlier). But so far as I could understand, a big Bank in London had promised backing - I can't remember which (Barclays) - & they went to Scotland quite happy and confident - then almost immediately they refused to carry out the backing - and the complete crash had come & all assets were taken over Barclays. The evening they came back, I telephoned Christopher to come and have a ride. We rode saying nothing until we got to the low hung gate on the road to the moor - always bad to open (I think this would be the iron gate near the village reservoir) & Kit said "What damned bad gates Barclays keep" - a very unusual explosion for him, & then we talked, & he told me "Father says it means just everything." Uncle Alfred took it very hard, & they had to live on bread & b utter & no cake & the horses were immediately entered for York & every possible discomfort was the order of the day there - At Hutton I was told "credit had to be kept up for a time" & we lived 6 miserable weeks minus any cash -- and pretended all was well. Of course all the staff knew what was up & Oliver, the really ideal butler told me he could no longer bicycle into Gisbro' for his daily glass of beer - his one relaxation - because of all they were saying against his master. Not even a glass of beer was allowed at Hutton! He was the soul of devoted loyalty & went to Falmouth with them as boot-boy so to speak. The Arthur Pease's (Herbert Pike P., Arthur Francis Claud & Co.) told me I ought to leave in protest & I snubbed them & said I didn't leave a sinking ship so long as I was useful. What was I going to do I hadn't the slightest idea & the position was horrible &, incidentally, I loved Hutton with all my heart - My 21st birthday was on the 9th August & I was asked to sign a paper foregoing my Mother's money of (the) Darlington Bank

Scanned copy of entry in list of credit balances at J & J W Pease & Co Bank as at 22nd August, 1902

(Exors Vincent Waldo C-Hamlyn £316. 0s. 2d and [with a 'X' placed against it, signifying 'postponed'] Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn £1,152.10. 6d)

This of course I did to the subsequent fury of my remaining Trustee in Devon who found it illegal as it was in Trust until I was 25, & wished to prosecute. This, thank goodness I stopped him doing. Our grandfather had to go to London for some legal business & we just managed to collect £5 & after that borrowed from Oliver - still living this to me horrible & idiotic pretence of business as usual, & it must have wasted a lot of money - The Arthur Pease's were ghastly bitter, but poor Aunt Arthur made it her business to pay off all small amounts at the Bank she could, & I eventually, 2 years later was sent £30 - with which I bought my first ponies - all I had to spend. Several years ago (but recently), I met man who was on the N.E.R, Board at that time & said they had been very lenient to Grandpapa & had let him off a debt of £10,000 due to the Board - partly out of pity - & partly for services rendered - but not impressed. I was very surprised to learn from my Devon Trustee in that stormy interview that £900 a year had been paid by him for my keep at Hutton - a largish sum for a girl in those days since my father's death (in his Will) & it was generally held

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I was there in kindness - or as the servants said, I heard later "on charity" because they worked you so hard - they did - but I liked & always like work - but I should have liked to have known the position those six years - But altogether it is strange story, Long before this, my father made me promise always to keep up with Beatrice because she had a rotten life with Portsmouth & he had befriended her. So I stayed with them now & then - and realised what she had to get on with - I tackled her about the smash - and blamed her - & she said "Portsmouth made me," & I knew then she hadn't the character to stand against him. He liked me - we got on well but I did not like him & spoke quite plainly, which he didn't mind. Whatever she did wrong, Beatrice paid a terrible price & had no compensation - of course the world thought Portsmouth was perfectly right to expose the attempt to defraud his wife as they viewed it. As you will have gathered I did not like our grandfather but I have always believed it was an old man's conceited stupidity that carried him away and not fraudulent intention. Uncle Jack went abroad - to Brazil (No. Mexico) & returned a very rich man - of that I can give you no explanation - just fact. Presumably he lost everything as Uncle Alfred did - so how explain? (Mexico had nothing to do with Uncle Jack's financial subsequent standing. He, just the same as my father, had lost all his directorships, and went to Mexico to investigate mineral workings at the invitation of Pease & Partners. Uncle Jack's financial recovery came through Aunt Elsie's [Havelock-Allan] fortune and nothing else - there was no mystery about that).

Grandpapa & Aunt Maud went to live at Falmouth in a charming little house that belonged to my grandmother, left to Aunt Maud with some money on which they lived until he died. (Not strictly true, though possibly it did once. It had been given to Aunt Maud at a time after Minnie's death in 1892). They had a rough trip there - as the Fox relations who never got on with them were very aloof & disapproving (that I think is nonsense. JWP, even after Minnie's death visited and was visited by her Fox relations). Aunt Ethel very monied through the Brewery (Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co.) thought to make it pleasant for him by buying or leasing - I don't know which - the Steam Yacht 'Roseberry' - on which he had spent so many happy days. But public feeling was outraged - while so many were ruined by the Bank smash - and it had to be quickly given up, & he then lived on quietly - for a short while - & died - mostly I think of a broken heart completely baffled. (JWP's diaries reveal nothing about this supposed yacht drama. JWP had been living mostly at Gerald and Ethel Buxton's at Birch Hall, Theydon Bois until going to Falmouth on 8th April, 1903, where he found Kerris Vean "as sweet as ever". Sylvia C-H, who had been on holiday in Normandy, went to Kerris Vean briefly on 28th April. A month later [22nd May] JWP went back to Birch Hall and returned to Falmouth on 30th May and died there three weeks later.

You must understand he had always been taken as a Prophet in Israel & it was all beyond him - I was living in Devon then - but went up to his funeral at Darlington & was lodged out in some dreary house & it was most melancholy- except actually at the funeral. 'Eton Joe' (Joseph Pease, later 2nd Baron Gainford) was my companion & was at his naughtiest & got convulsions of suppressed giggles quite understandably - An old Mrs Mounsey preached for ages - & it was too much for both of us - I don't remember anything else about it except its extreme dreariness - and the joy of getting back to my tiny bit of remote Devon with grass & flowers & simplicity - certainly devoid of every particle of Hutton luxury.

When I was taken by our Grandmother to live there (24, Kensington Palace Gardens) & at Hutton at the age of six at my Mother's death, it was all most magnificent & a place that has always stood in London for, so to speak a Jew's Riches - and here I will interlude something personal, My mother elected to marry a moneyless man - third son of a country squire - & refused some Peer or other - who they wanted her to marry & several other "eligible" men - Hence the miserable £200 a year for a woman who had lived in extreme luxury & affluence, & when she discovered what poverty meant she was too proud to take anything from them - still less ask for it. Father was starting at the Bar, & successfully, but there was little money to be earned at the start - & he worked seven days a week to keep their tiny house on Camden Hill going - & I found a pathetic letter from my mother saying "We find it difficult to get enough milk for Sylvia". She became very ill & died & too late called in every specialist & was told "Your daughter has died of neglect & you could have saved her ". Father didn't know what to do with me & our grandmother asked him to let her have me for her own until I was old enough to be of use to him. She then told our grandfather that she was to have whatever she wanted for me - and proceeded to lavish everything imaginable on me "Grannies most precious treasure" & "Joseph, remember thy promise" if he demurred at all about anything! And thus it went - until she died when I was 11 - My father went abroad - unexpectedly inherited his father's places & when in London shared charming rooms with Lord Milner - & I very rarely saw him. I remember being told that things weren't quite so rosy - & there were then 3 footmen instead of 4. But nothing else seemed indicated. Palace Gardens house was sold as too far from the House & a probably more expensive & an extremely inconvenient house rented in Grosvenor Gardens entered on. Why it amused him to make Beatrice an heiress I don't know - but he professed great affection for her father. (There was nothing amusing about it. JWP was only carrying out to the very best of his ability, the conditions of his brother Edward's Will, and to bring Edward's affairs round from a probable state of insolvency into one of order and value). The £10,000 was a yearly allowance to your father (It was £1,000 p.a. not £10,000) - not a capital sum - Indeed he could never have done all he did on any less sum, & I think Pinchinthorpe was Aunt Nellies and more money also (No - this is nonsense - Had Pinchinthorpe been Nellie's it could not have been touched in the crash - and when that came, Nellie had near nothing except £200 to throw in with other borrowings from Elfreda Fowler & Aunt Maud) I should imagine that when the Portsmouth case came on there might have been ½ million - ¼ million allocated to Beatrice before the case & the bulk of the balance ¼ million allocated in the case judgement (It isn't clear from this passage, to what Sylvia was referring). But when Portsmouth heard of this company flotation in London, he saw as red as his own red hair - (which he wore long) & took instant action probably with universal approval & won the case hands down. Why Uncle Jack went to Brazil (Mexico) specifically, I don't know, or what money he took to invest, as I always understood his wife had none (see above: Jack didn't take money to invest - he hadn't any - except what Aunt Elsie had. Sylvia is just building suspicion upon suspicion. The London house in Mansfield Street was in Aunt Elsie's name. Headlam Hall Gainford [bought c. 1904/5] might or might not have been in Uncle Jack's name, I don't know about that). But whatever he did, he brought it off as all other things in his life - But unfortunately I do know that when he continued in the H of C rose to speak on finance "We don't want to hear from you - sit down" met him - & his answer "But you will someday soon" & sat down - after which he was Minister of Education, P.M. General, Chairman of the Federation of British Industries & the BBC (before it received its Charter, and Vice-Chairman under Lord Reith)

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& other trifles of that nature - and a peerage! There never were two more diverse brothers than Uncles Alfred & Jack - in every possible way. (I would agree with that statement, but Jack was a good and kind uncle to me).

I think I said before, that the expenditure on that would-be Palace at Nunthorpe went into an enormous figure - Just before the smash & I should be sorry to hazard what Aunt Elsie cost JWP altogether. Once we had to have them living with us at Gros. Gardens for 2 or 3 years - She had so outrun the constable in their own house & a ghastly time it was as JWP couldn't stand up to her for a moment & was like wax - impressed with "the smart & delightful Mrs Jack Pease" in all the Court Circulars & such like daily - Christopher & I used to play a spotting game of how many references we could find! It would be impossible for you today to realise what a startling - I might say preposterous person she was, to be introduced into our very conventional circle, obviously only cultivated for the £.s.d, of her "bourgeois relations"! Her father had a distinct streak of insanity latterly & both her brothers drank but spent money like water & always expected more - and got it. Sir Henry Havelock-Allan used to walk in the middle of the Row in the days I rode there - leading his horse & reading his Bible - a most tiresome obstacle to other riders - At that period he refused to see "the grocer's children" & on their rare visits Joe & Miriam had to be hidden. Why Grocers? ('grocer's children' was meant to be a disparaging term accorded by Sir Henry Havelock-Allan to Jack and Elsie's three children Joe, Miriam and Faith Pease - but it just as probably applied more generally, to embrace all members of the Pease family). What a strange thing you should have been sent near Hurstbourne Park. (I wasn't sent near Hurstbourne Park, I was sent to it! - But strange, yes).

I stayed there several times & remember awful explosions of Portsmouth's temper over such incidents as "pepper in my soup" shouted at Beatrice despite strange guests at dinner. But more often I went to Eggesford in N Devon - the old Portsmouth place - now a ruin - It was within driving with a pony distance, There I met quite interesting literary people & was kept in my 22 year old place by Portsmouth. To my amazement, the breeched & long haired flunkey - always in waiting - and later in the day powdered - announced one for breakfast - Portsmouth looked at me coldly & said "Sylvia - You are late - and kindly remember you are the commoner amongst us & be punctual" I might have retorted, but didn't, that Beatrice & I were both "grocer's children"! And what a life she must have had & with no strong character at all to stand up to it & no imagination. If she had had the latter - she couldn't - shortly after the smash - have bought George Stephenson's watch and sent it to Uncle Alfred for Christopher ! He promptly returned it - being sore beyond description at their loss of home & standing & all else.

He (Alfred) went to Barberton & made a very good job of being R.M. there until his heart & the altitude knocked him about - and Christopher went miserably into lodgings in Darlington - got some sort of job (at Pease & Partners) & the Johnson's were very good to him - hence I suppose his very understandable marriage.

Christopher came to see me at Bridestowe just before the war - the last time I saw him - and between the wars your father & mother came here & were quite delightful & obviously very happy & I was so grateful to her for I loved Uncle Alfred very much - and chased the tail of his horse across Cleveland

for many years. I wish you could have seen him popping over fence after fence as if they didn't exist. He was a thousand times the most popular man in Cleveland & indeed everywhere & had the most charming of friends always at Pinchinthorpe - He rarely came to Hutton - & he hated it - & there at long last discovered the reason from the diaries Joe sent

me to read about 2 years ago. (A reference probably to Father's discovery that JWP had expressed his intention of making Jack, and not he, an eldest son - thereby fulfilling an undertaking given to Alice, Lady Havelock-Allan when Jack and Elsie married, reinforced by Edward [1880-1963] enlisting for the Boer War - But JWP in fact made no changes, and after the crash, the whole thing became a matter of complete indifference to my father).

I went over to Pinchinthorpe by road or rail, often the latter as there were trains every few hours on the doorstep. And how I think you will agree heartily with me, how much happier we are - who live simply, devoid of all the multiplicity & trappings great riches & possessions bring instinctively in their train.

17th Mar. 1957. ... (referring to Middlesbrough) it's an unpleasant place created by our ancestors! I refer to think of the quiet cell at the mouth of the Tees - belonging to Whitby Abbey - & the well farmed land of Tom Parrington - bought by Gt, Grandfather accompanied by Grandpapa for a port for Middlesbrough. In your father's accouynt of the happening he quotes a wonderful view from the farm all over the Cleveland hills - and the sea full of shipping the other side.

You certainly chose a cold spot in Captain Cook's Monument (we had taken a walk there) - I have often shivered there out hunting in winter, but have never been on foot. I still imagine I could find my way blindfold all over that country, but I probably couldn't & ICI would obviously defeat me outside Hutton Gate.

Aunt Blanche's husband, Lloyd Pease, had two brothers, Reg & Frank - Reg I knew - had a rich wife & lived in Durham & (I) sent a show pony once to them for their boy Philip to ride - & eventually had it back again about 1913 - he is now on the Royal Ag. Society's Council & quite a nut in the horse world. Frank I just knew by sight & presumably this is his son, but I know nothing about them. They lived at Pierremont, Darlington.

I was very devoted to Uncle Lloyd, a very quiet reserved man - always trying some invention or other & suggested the use of slag for basic & nearly but not quite

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invented asbestos sheeting for building. He came regularly to London in the season on business - & took me out to dinner & a play always - only the very best of plays & actors - such as Sarah Bernhardt, Ellen Terry, Irving etc etc. Once we did a whole week of Irving plays, very unusual for a Friend - which he was.

He made & built 'Hurworth Moot' a somewhat dreary spot with a 3 mile long drive so the wretched children saw nobody when out walking & were very shy - but it was a comfortable house - & Aunt Blanche was the best of good sorts & a splendid mother. If you ever got to the end of the drive you could watch the Scotch Express going into Darlington Station which it did then ...

20th Mar. 1957. Please don't thank me for writing & telling you what I can? - it is a very great pleasure to me to find that you care to hear what those old days were like & possibly what they connoted - & your letters are a true joy to me in what is necessarily a lonely old age - I have no relations I care for down here - only 3 of alien blood & not very satisfactory & you are the first of my real cousins to tell me about the north & to write quite delightful letters to which I look forward quite immensely. I have met Miriam (Uncle Jack's dau,) once, & she was friendly & promised me papers about Uncle Jack - never sent anything - and there it ended. Ditto Mary Mounsey who came here & promised much & disappeared! Then Joe has had spasms of really affectionate letters, then vanished - but your mother has always been most kind telling me things about you all & Cleveland - And now there is the totally unexpected & new found joy of correspondence with you ... I never forget a certain lovely sunny afternoon in the midst of the trouble - when we were having tea in the Hall - Aunt Ethel being there, & JWP coming in late from the train - looking grey & wretched & burstirig out that "they say I may be in gaol" & Aunt Ethel saw a footman was there and saying "Be quiet Father - for heaven's sake" and from what I heard outside, then & later, I imagine, he was very lucky to escape. But with the universal conspiracy of silence kept up - I was never told anything beyond the stark feeling that it was complete ruin & in those remaining weeks I stayed there with them, I didn't go beyond Pinchinthorpe or talk to anybody except Oliver - I suppose the Judge let him off on his life's record & old age. I am thankful he did. Yes Aunt Elsie was certainly violent & had an awful temper & used plenty of language unknown otherwise at Hutton! In London when they shared 44 Grosvenor Gardens with us for two seasons she was quite awful - took all the best rooms - lived on our grandfather - & didn't know any of us in public. if met her riding in the Row for instance, we were all cut. She had very smart & none too reputable Society friends who came there - but didn't acknowledge us ! Oliver wouldn't wait on her & she had their own man always on tap & standing behind her chair at meals, who got sworn at freely, as did Uncle Jack - I also remember vividly a Xmas Eve - when we were as usual a huge party - about 40 or 50 in the house, and again we were having tea in the Hall above which, was the best spare room which she & Uncle Jack had, when there was an awful crash - & a flood of water came steadily through the ceiling onto us! A terrified Aunt Maud went up to see what had happened - & she (Elsie) had hurled the Water Jug at Uncle Jack & missed! & it smashed ! Why did they stand all that kind of thing? I think I know the answer ... (As mentioned above, Sylvia made an oblique reference [to JWP not fulfilling the 'honourable undertaking given to Alice, Lady Have;ock-Allan to make Jack his father's heir in place of Alfred.')

it's all past & done with and you have your happy home without the tie of great possessions, & now have your own ideal of life's true values. Yes I expect there are embassies now at Palace, Gardens - the houses are too huge for anything else - or millionaires these days - just like big country houses with gardens, tennis courts & stables in JWP's day - It took him 1 hour in a hansom from the House which is why we moved to the noisy 44 Gros. Gdns. in the middle of the Victoria Station traffic & with embassies & Peers of the Realm on both sides of us! Yes, I think 'grocer's children' covered us all; What the Communists today call the "Boorzhwahzee" in their handbook about hatred of them. Anyway, she made full use (Elsie that is) of the Grocery Stores! I remember JWP's fury when towards the end - he told me she had put down a new saddle for

Miriam to his a/c in London - without asking him. He didn't often let fly to me - but he did that time - on the same ride to Nunthorpe - to view the vast Palace a'building - & he exploded again there . I expect he didn't know where the money was coming from to pay for it all.

Mother &c I used to walk on Sundays (I aged about 5) to lunch at Palace Gardens when they were in London, & I simply loved it. Sat by Grannie & saw life & eat nice things - & was deeply offended when in I suppose a moment of bitterness my mother said to me walking home afterwards, that I was "a beastly little snob for liking luxury so much." She was ill - & had wanted a boy but didn't like children - or, I should surmise, our living conditions. My father worked all day at Lincoln's Inn - on Sundays too - & I only remember seeing him twice as I had gone to bed before his return, I was a very unhappy child then & mostly ill - & then was swept into the sunshine of our grandmothers - I can only say - adoration & gradually found life very pleasant & loved

living in the country.

29th Mar. 1957. You cannot tell your children too much of Uncle Alfred's unique character & abilities & charm - very few men of his calibre have lived & I only wish I could paint him for you in all the early days - someday I will try for you & yours, Now I must go back some way - for

background - for the to me inexplicable action of JWP. First you must realise that he had a perfect mono-mania against soldiers "hired assassins" & sailors - an atmosphere I had to endure after my return to Hutton as "an orphan & a ward" which was how he always introduced me - even a week after my Father's tragically

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sudden death - I had better give you an example - Aunt Lottie was in command - until her late

marriage -- she was a very kind, good, loving woman - but fanatically a "plain friend." My father shared rooms with Alfred Milner & I used to go to pour out tea for him there when he had friends - & when I was about 14, - Aunt Lottie was driving me there & going up Pall Mall - said "Darling - I have something very terrible to tell you about your poor father - but you must learn never to judge." I gasped - & she continued - "He has joined the North Devon Yeomanry ...". He had, & loved it & was attached to the Scots Greys for training - one of the few happy times in his very lonely life. He said to me "Jimmy," (his pet name for Sylvia) "I do hope they haven't been filling you up with rot about the army have they? Well it seems best for you to live at Hutton until you are old enough to come to me but for Heaven's sake don't learn to be a prig - promise me." Then when Christopher & I used to go with JWP for election meetings at Barnard Castle where he was worshiped by the constituents - we used to sit and listen to the most astounding statements about the wicked expenditure on the Navy which oughtn't to exist & we used to bet on what figures he'd give next & have them swallowed whole. I remember our saying "Why not cut the cost of every ship in the Navy at a cost of a billion pounds at least!"

(There is a strange incompatibility about what Sylvia says and the real facts. JWP was an out and out pacifist. He nevertheless would have hated it, as my father said, had Britain not had a strong Navy. He invariably went each year to witness the Naval Review),

Incidentally, we left Hutton each day at 12, arrived Barnard Castle about 4 - Had at least 3 Ham & Egg Teas & triumphal entries with Silver Bands - & meetings - Left Barnard castle by the last train for Darlington & from there ran straight through to Hutton by "Special", & the faces on Middlesbrough platform late at night used to haunt me & incredible - only 10 miles & the still beauties of a Hutton night - smell of pines - peace & the wine like quality of North Country air - Well, that is the background - which is the only help I can give. About the middle of that period - was the S. African war & "our brother the Boer" was always prayed for at family prayers taken by JWP at length. One day Edward was missing - (It must have been holiday time from Winchester) & there was a terrible hue & cry - I suppose it was several days but I cannot be accurate - as usual deadly silence & I could ask nothing - then - he was found - a private in H.M.'s Army at York having given a wrong age - Yorks. Reg't. I think - He was removed under the blackest of clouds - & had he murdered everyone possible it could not have been more terrible & mustn't be mentioned in any way - and in the Diary I found that a will was made disinheriting Uncle Alfred, making Uncle Jack the heir - so far as I could gather on the grounds of Edward's disgrace, If it weren't so tragic it would be funny - But a nemesis that Joe should have been a Lovat Scout at Gallipoli with SUCCESS. (The change of his will by JWP, was an expressed intention, never carried out)

When I read it first I couldn't believe it - & the I recalled all that crazy fanatical background & tried to make some sort of picture of it - an absolutely inexcusable action on any grounds whatever - & there were no grounds - I wrote to your mother about my discovery - & she was aware of it & told me it had preyed very much on Alfred's mind & made him very bitter - but she had been able to get him to try to forget it all, and put it out of his mind -- But I now know his extreme bitterness at the time of the smash, I haven't, the slightest idea whether Edward knew anything about it before he read the Diaries, which I presume he did (Yes, he did. Edward wanted to go down in family history as a 'rebel', but not a 'feeble rebel') - ... I haven't any idea either whether JWP told your father what he had done - I can hardly hardly believe he had the courage. (JWP did tell Father before he went off to Abyssinia - Sylvia must have read that and forgotten). That I do know is that if our grandmother had lived - it could not possibly have happened. Uncle Alfred was her Darling & she alone could manage JWP - & did. I was at school for the relief of Mafeking - & suppose the Will was somewhere about 4 or 5 years before the smash (The incident was in 1900) ... Another light for you - maybe in the very abnormal atmosphere that had grown up at Hutton - that after I was living at Bridestowe - Aunt Lottie's son John rowed for Cambridge - in the Boat Race & very well - She wrote to me to ask John to come & see me - because she & John's father (Howard Hodgkin) could give him no sympathy or approval in striving for a crumptitle crown - but they realised that it was hard on him & would be grateful if I would give him sympathy! John was a fine chap - rather surprisingly, & went out to New Zealand - married, did very well I believe. Do please realise what an extraordinary hotch-potch all this was - all wrapped up in almost indescribable comfort & luxury - super food - super horses (far too many as only I rode them) the best of ugly clothes - & a completely self centred establishment - for the whim's of one man.

6th April, 1957. (In answer to one of my queries) I find it very charming of you to find time to write me such splendid letters with so much really important work that has to be done on hand, & I appreciate it quite immensely - And now that I cannot do the active work here I have been so used to, letters are of great value, particularly when of the quality of yours. To answer several points in a former letter of yours. The gate on the Kildale road is not yet settled - there always was a wooden field gate - on the road going to Hutton Village left, & Kildale right - the high road in fact & think it was green but am not sure. Then the road went up the hill - right - to Kildale etc, & quite shortly there was an iron gate - low hung connecting on the left side with a fence going down the hill to the Hutton village road & fencing off where in those days a plantation began. Perhaps none of that now exists.

There was another of those nasty to open gates, where the small drive road from Hutton opened onto the farm field, (West Park - that would be what was called the 'milk walk gate' to the Home Farm) and small one by the terrace opening into the South Park in front of the house. My special m³/4tier was 'gate opener' so I have got them well painted on my mind!

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(The first gate [wooden] just before the divide between Hutton Village & Kildale Roads, has now gone, but when I don't know - it was there certainly about the time I was married in 1953 just as Sylvia described it, except I think by then over-painted white - The iron gate on the Kildale road in a decaying state when last seen by me, has probably now gone, but I remember it, and the fence which fell away to the left and came down to George Gull's house, opposite which was Miss Booth's house (both OME tenants), and only a few feet immediately beyond which, in the direction of the village, there was another iron gate which hung [like the one up the Kildale Road] from narrow fluted metal stoops with rounded heads - I think that gate too has long since gone). There was once yet another gate at one time before the South Park was all fenced off from the road. This was a wooden gate and stood about 200 yards beyond where the Hutton Hall front drive commences, at the point where there is still a small clump of trees on the rhs of the road going in the direction of the village. Village children (and tramps) used to stand at this last mentioned gate and collect coppers from motorists as reward for opening the gate - though there must have been some very long waiting periods between vehicles in those pre-war days.

(In my letter to Sylvia, for which this was her reply, I had made reference to some red velvet curtains with brass stars - now (1999) very faded by the sun to a ruddy-brown colour, and worn out, but which I refuse to throw away). Those red (velvet) curtains with the metal star spangles were in the Hall & are a strong association with many incidents - Footmen drawing them at dusk - children getting scratched on them and yelling - & a distinct background for that awful tea - when JWP talked about prison - & a footman was between him and those curtains. In summer, the tea table was in that bay - quite close to the curtains & the windows. In winter (tea was served) opposite the great stone fireplace carved with local ferns. If you ask me my opinion, I don't think Uncle Jack had much conscience - harried by his wife's perpetual debts - & their combined social ambitions - climbing & political & I feel pretty sure Brazil (Mexico) stood for something very odd (It didn't at all) - but as I said to you before, he lived it (the crash) down & got to the top of his success. I remember JWP saying to him when they were living at 44 Gros. Gdns. with us - & Uncle Jack announced he was in "Who's Who" "Albert, I don't know why you got everything I wanted" & Uncle Jack said "I know Father, & I always told you when you refused a peerage you were finished - You must never refuse anything if you wish to rise - & you refused a peerage twice, so what can you expect?" JWP said "But I didn't want a peerage, but I did want to be a P.C. more than anything else & you - not I - have got it." (In point of fact this last statement attributed to JWP has to be wrong because Uncle Jack didn't become a Privy Counsellor until 1908 - i.e. 5 years after JWP's death - Uncle Jack had asked Asquith to make him a P.C. - see Volume I, p.21 'A Liberal Chronicle, Journals and Papers of J A Pease 1908-1910' Edited by Cameron Hazelhurst and Christine Woodland, published 1994 by The Historians' Press ISBN 1 872273 00 9). I also remember Aunt Elsie at Hutton saying when he was contesting Rotherham (Sylvia possibly meant Saffron Walden - he [Jack] didn't become MP for Rotherham until 1910) which he lost (Jack lost Tyneside and Saffron Walden but not Rotherham) & said he would lose because he wouldn't give them certain promises. "You fool Jack - promise everything & afterwards you can break it all when you are in." (This is obviously a statement which Sylvia attributed to Aunt Elsie - well, possible, but questionable). Well he didn't promise & he was defeated & had to go carpet bagging to Safron Walden (Rotherham) & she screeched & screamed at him all the more than ever! The way in which he kept his temper with her was a thing to be marvelled at . They dined out practically every night - and she was always late - & the beginning of our dinner was garnished with a tornado on the stairs outside, of abuse of her luckless French maid - their butler, & chief of all, of "Jack you fool" - He merrely smiled and waited. On paper, she wanted a beating but I suppose Havelock-Allan madness would have made that useless. Alan Havelock-Allan I found living in a cottage on Dartmoor with a pathetic little wife - poverty & drink responsible. Aunt Elsie definitely didn't drink - but I suppose temper & swearing were instead.

Yes, I think you are right, that after his wife's death, JWP was only interested in himself & was encouraged by sycophants to regard himself as a great Prophet in Israel, and lived in a peculiar blind world of adulation - and after Aunt Maud became vicereine, he was made a positive idol -

28th April, 1957. Two delightful letters from you to thank for with true thanks & the Hutton postcards which recall so many old days & frequent visits to the village with soup in pots in little baskets - various messages & sales of work in the Mission House, & Xmas teas at old Nanny's house (Sarah Wilson) - a very spoilt & distinctly cross old person with a devoted & kind relative living with her. She adored your father, & the rest in varying degrees. And chiefly Christmas mornings when from 10 a.m. until 12.30, Christopher & I delivered parcels from my little pony & cart as hard as we could, starting with the Railway Cottages & working back to the village - struggling to get done in time to array ourselves in Sunday best for the terrific family luncheon at 1 o'clock. We were for ever changing our clothes in those days, as we had to appear in clean conventional attire for the public occasions - Such a dinner every day - even if no-one there "If you can't dress properly for dinner you had better go to bed" was the latter day regime!

A gift parcel for every household on the Estate which was one of my jobs to tie up - at least a weeks' work - had to be delivered by us. I was once grudgingly told that if I had to earn my living, I could do it by making parcels top grade! Some of my minor jobs were - doing al the flowers - took about 2 hours 3 times a week - putting out & replenishiing all the stationery in all the rooms - Maybe 20 bedrooms at Christmas & such - Printing Menu's - 1 to each 2 people every day & always. Kit & I had fun over this since we knew their French was very non-existent, & we invented wonderful dishes to see if they were spotted - they were not!

(Sylvia continues with recalling her other domestic tasks). Feeding the chickens in all weathers before breakfast & then change into tidy breakfast clothes (9 a.m.). Write all the stable orders on a white slate for Long without asking any questions (Long was JWP's groom) - largely an effort of the imagination as Grandpapa might or might not decide to ride, and till he had, no-one else might! Feed the peacocks with maize out of a purple lustre jug, see the dogs had their meals, and finally take charge of all the middle sized cousins who came in bulk for Xmas & summer visits. From early dawn till dusk, invent occupations - take them out riding & possibly hunting,

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tobogganing, skating when on, & stop all the quarrels & fightings of small boys! Joe (later 2nd Baron Gainford) got very fierce indeed when the others called him the "little gentleman" because of his very posh school (Eton), commonly known as the Dukeries (the Edens were there with him) & his super tidy clothes - insisted on by his Mamma (Elsie)!

I wasn't allowed to get out of bed until my maid had put out all the clothes I had to wear - no choice - and I was timed to only 20 minutes to dress for dinner - hair being done included - and ditto for riding. A curious regimented form of ultra conventional life, almost incredible to look back on. Yes, I was devoted to the 'Pond' in summer & winter - the ice was excellent some winters and we played much violent hockey - the deep end was genrally dangerous by the Boat House &, I imagine, the stream flowed in under that end coming from the moor. In more solitary summer days, I used to read in the boat & taught myself a certain amount of Spanish from Hugo - enough to read it more or less. If discovered, which it wasn't if I could help it - it was called "affected" and "pity you can't do something useful" - so there is another facet for you arising from Post Cards of Hutton Village ... Time does indeed fly & I hadn't realised that it is 18 years since Uncle Alfred died - & the world has been so very much poorer for his absence, & I so often wish I could still know his views on this extraordinary world of ours - He was never without strong ideas & convictions & never afraid to state them.

12th May, 1957. Thank you for the photographs & for your as ever interesting letter & how greatly I prefer your present home (Carlton Garth, Aldborough St John, Richmond, Yorks) to the pretentious ugliness of modern Hutton. From the air it only suggests an institution & an ugly one at that, but I look at the nursery window which was once mine when Granny took me there aged 7 after my mother died, & at the bedroom window above it which was also my view point for many years, & conjure up pleasant days in the past - and ignore its present fate & the hideous flagging, and why was all the glass taken out of the conservatory (it wasn't taken out - it dropped out after years of neglect) where lovely camellias & (next word I cannot recognise - might be Palmaes or Paliavanas or something else) & such like grew happily.

In the billiard room we acted little French plays, Kit, Lavender & I written by Mademoiselle Koene, & Kit & I surreptitiously played played Fives on the billirad table where we were not allowed to play billiards - very naughty of us - and we were always terrified of cutting the cloth - My mother was good at billiards & her cue was preserved - but we were not allowed to learn! She seems to have been good at most things & went to Queen's College in London - very advanced in those days & had once a Report of hers on which the markings were astonishingly high (likely all those kind of records consumed in the fire c. 1946/7 when Sylvia lived at Bridestowe) - She joined the C of E - a great family tragedy & Uncle Alfred wrote sadly of the first betrayal of the family tradition, but very much later followed suit to my very great astonishment - Whether she (Sylvia's mother, 'Effie') was happy there or not, I have no means of knowing.

Yes there were immense cellars at Hutton but I didn't know there was a Wine Cellar and the purpose thereof I can't fathom - There was a Turkish Bath all right & a cooling & weighing room in which latter we held our great Christmas Ceremony at 6 p.m. of all presents in a Bran Tub - then dinner - & then the Servants Bran Tub at 9 p.m.(I think). Always the same ritual very carefully observed - The Turkish Bath wasn't often used in my day - only by Uncle Jack or some such - about Xmas time after hunting. Habits etc were washed & boots cleaned in a large cellar room & many were full of luggage.

JWP. which once entered on NER precincts of York arrived anywhere to which directed without any further trouble - it was etiquette to leave all to the NER and it certainly never failed.

We were once asked if we would mind being on Hutton Station when the trains came in - as some passengers disliked being kept waiting!!! They generally whistled for us at Guisborough junction & Pinchinthorpe Bank - to avoid our having to start too early for the station - such were the times - We always walked too from the station except when nurses & babies arrived when the carriage with a pair met them & they drove by the long drive back ...

Aunt Claudia used to give me & Kit (when he was at Hutton) - Bible lessons & readings from "Why we children are Friends" at 9.30, & at 10 a.m. my governess had to give me a C of E lesson at my father's wish, & one of the Fry's taught me in the Meeting House in London & read a book called "Agathos", what about I haven't the faintest recollection -

By (age) 21 (in 1902), when I had to go out into the world, I had few illusions left about anything - & found that nothing that helped me to my belief in my plunge into Whitechapel & Bethnal Green completely ignorant of life. Ultimately - I found what I had been searching for - in an empty Church in Assisi - How, I'll tell you

someday. (Sylvia joined the Roman Catholic Church but never got round to telling me how her conversion came about) - I had been brought up in rampant prejudice against the Scarlet Woman & the whole subject was taboo both at Hutton & in Devon - I knew no Catholics nor if there were any (Catholic) churches in England - other than that, Kit & I had watched Westminster Cathedral a'building from Gros. Gardens & dismissed it as "beastly cheek." However 51 Years ago I made up my mind as to what I had to do - a happy decision for me - It's rather strange that Aunt Claudia who was very prejudiced & tried hard to instruct Kit & me in the terrors of Rome, should have had children going the way they have (open revolt) - As you probably know, her best beloved youngest son is now a fully fledged Jesuit; Deborah, husband & children are all Catholics, & the son Christopher is a Benedictine Novice at Downside - Peter married a Catholic but isn't one, nor are Marjory or Violet - & Joy went off

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on some 'Free Love' ramp I believe. It's very strange how lives work out.

June, 1957. (I cannot remember to what this next opening passage referred). What the men said to you reminded me of one day at Darlington Station travelling with Grandpapa. The Wheel greaser (Scotch Express which then stopped in the Station) came to the carriage windows & said "Sir Joseph - will you come & let me explain to you what is wrong in our system of greasing - I have tried & tried to get our officials to take action - quite useless & I know you will." Grandpapa got out had a good look at the grease box & listened most carefully & said it should be remedied - the greaser one wreath of smiles "I knowed it would be all right with you Sir Joseph." Whatever Grandpapa did or did not like - he adored quite literally the N.E.R. & it was a very fine Railway indeed. He allowed that the G.W.R. was almost as good, the M.R just below, & the rest, also rans. From the moment any one of us reached York from the south it was tradition to say "Pease - Hutton" about luggage & not bother any more and it always appeared at Hutton Station. Small wonder that we grew up thinking travelling by N.E.R. cost nothing & was perfect!

22nd June, 1957. ... I was once very fond of the Marske Peases (JWP's brother's family, the Arthur Peases) but not after the Hutton smash - when they took such a pharisaical line Winnie (Winifred Pike Pease who was mother to George Jenyns of The Timber House, Hutton - I liked her) then was a dear - but they didn't ever like Hutton. Not at all surprising - for like your father they were very popular & lively vital & the Hutton outlook was the reverse, self centred, stupid., stodgy, intensely conventional & very narrow. Something happened there when I was about 17 - about 2 years after my father's sudden death which I have always found it hard to forgive - and your mother is the only person I have ever told it to. My father's trustees, your father & the old Exeter

lawyer firm with whom my Hamlyn side had dealt for centuries, put all Father's papers - letters - photographs etc. etc chiefly from his rooms in Duke Street London into a box, had it corded & sealed & instructions made it was to be handed to me at 21. I was told it was stowed in the box room near my bedroom (next the cistern room). One day, obviously without telling your father, Aunt(s) Maud, Ethel & Miss Bassett (who was she, the latter?) raided it - read his diaries - didn't like what they read there & had the whole thing burned including 2/3rds of the MSS of the 'History of the Ottoman Turks' which he was writing for the "Story of the Nations" series. They hen told me they had done this (with what explanation?) - & I was far too afraid of them to dare say anything or tell anyone - just an addition to my burden of misery. I had lost the father I adored - & nothing mattered - indeed, who could I tell? Your father was mostly abroad (Had he known about any of this, I feel absolutely certain he would have been -outraged in every particular - as I would too! That the question about the box and contents wasn't raised at the precise time that Sylvia reached 21 years - i.e. 9th August, 1902 - would have been - I can only suppose - because of the frenetic activity concerning the merger with Barclays Bank and making figures fit - a week (9th-16th August) of which my father wrote "Near the end of this awful week of worry & anxiety ... I have nothing to remember but masses of figures & puzzles and the reams of paper consumed in working out financial problems at Darlington & Hutton" and was wholly unable to focus on anything else. In the aftermath of the crash, the question of the whereabouts of Sylvia's father's papers must have been overlooked - what other explanation is possible? These were far from normal times - and within days of the crash, Sylvia had left Hutton for ever and never once returned. By the end of May, 1903 Sylvia was between Whitechapel and Devon while Father was on his way to South Africa and a new start as a Resident Magistrate - and since nothing had been said by Sylvia to my father as one of her two trustees, he must have 'assumed' she had all her father's stuff down at Bridestowe. A perfectly monstrous and unforgivable episode - And yet we three of Father's second family, were all very fond of Aunt Maud, always the favourite loving aunt with us - who died at Pinchinthorpe in that awful winter of 1947. Aunt Claudia I hardly knew) After the smash, the Exeter trustee lawyer sent for me absolutely furious at my having been asked to sign away my mother's money in my current a/c on my 21st birthday with no reference to him from my "Guardians"!!! He wanted to go for your father & we had an awful row - & I won - I told him the box & all papers had been destroyed by fire by my aunts several years before but that I insisted that everything should be washed out - as I absolutely refused to be a Beatrice Portsmouth on a miniature scale, I still remember coming out into the lovely sunshine in the Cathedral Close - with the rooks cawing in the then very peaceful Exeter, & thinking what a baffling thing life was. Your mother & you alone now know of that surely very remarkable action by my aunts.

Undated, most probably 1957. ... and thank you for the two postcards - the somewhat dreary "Bible woman's House" as I knew it (The Mission house at the high end of Hutton Village) & what I imagine is the top of Hanging Stone - it seems to be the feint view of Hutton down below.

To continue the Hutton Saga first - the last few years I often ordered the meals & they had to be exactly to pattern - e.g. nothing on the tablethat our Grandfather didn't like - even if he never ate it & other people would have! Very typical - Sunday evenings - always the same - dinner with waiting - clear soup (must on no account be anything floating in it such as shredded carrot or pasta shapes &c) shoulder of mutton - rice pudding & apple tart (summer) or mince pies (winter) & glorious dessert - figs - melons - apricots - peaches nectarines - plums - pears - apples - pineapples & the world famous grapes (I have never met their equal) in probably 4 varieties - only water ever, or barley water - Lunch - whether for 3 or 30 the same in idea - roast - 3 vegs - made up dish - pudding - stewed fruit & some sweet - sideboard cold pheasant, game pie - tongue or brawn & a vast York ham - never to be touched by anyone except butler & Grandpapa so as not to scoop it out at all (this last mentioned Sylvia must have been thinking about Stilton cheese). Except for shooting parties I don't think anything on the sideboard was ever touched, so the room and the servants hall must have done well. It was equally there at breakfast & sometimes some ham was eaten - other hot dishes - porridge always - bacon & eggs - fish in some form - kidneys - mushrooms - scrambled eggs & other forms of egg - sausages - probably two dishes if we were alone - parties, half-a-dozen hot & boiled eggs - often wanted -

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was my job to boil in an egg boiler on another sideboard!

Tea - plain teacakes - bread & butter - plain cakes - rich cakes - small cakes - very often mostly uneaten when we were alone latterly -3 of us & vast increases for parties, Xmas - summer &c - practically incredible in these days. Add by each bedside at night - "Hutton buns" famous & very good & milk, a tin of biscuits & a "veilleuse" containing soup added if considered necessary - so there was little risk of starvation before more buns - bread & butter & tea when called in the morning - I wonder what amount the staff got through too? Oh! more buns & milk at 12 o'clock after a huge breakfast & an ample lunch at 1 to come. I often smile over it as I sit at my kitchen table for a cup of tea & 3 wheatmeal biscuits so save time & trouble ... & I do miss good spring or well water. Some of the best ever came from that spout direct from Highcliffe - outside the back yard which we drank upside down as it were - heads under the spout. I don't think any words of mine can really describe the amplitude of super fruit - always to hand & without limit - always in the dining room, & that we often ate about 11 o'clock! Strawberries at Xmas worth 2/6 apiece & not worth eating - forced - another item. Xmas middle day dinner - Uncle Gerald's (Gerald Buxton) brewery turkey 40 lbs & over & roast beef & of course the cold sideboard! The nursery when visited had excellent separate meals & likewise the Schoolroom party - the middle sized cousins waited on by one footman - pheasant - chicken - mince pie etc & sweet & fruit. Mid-day lunch with the grown ups - some of the children well behaved - others shouting all the time what they did & didn't like & not smacked! Sausages were imported from Cornwall so as to insure the best - Fish came by train from York - why, I don't know - There's an exhaustive description of food for you - never I hope to be experienced again in its appalling waste & cost.

(I mentioned the names of Joseph (Joss) Howard of 13 Hutton Village, and Charlie Howard who lived at 21 Hutton Village in case Sylvia had a memory of that family). Howard suggests a man (possibly Joss's father) I knew, but not clearly. I think he was in the Carpenters Shop & lived in the less good row of cottages on the left side of the village going up to it. I probably taught his children in the Sunday School where Aunt Claudia & I functioned somewhat unwillingly - directly after a huge Sunday lunch &

meeing t Guisborough before that - we sang revivalist Moody & Sankey hymns & I taught nothing in particular but the children were friendly & nice & it probably helped their mothers to have them out of the way in the afternoon. One hymn was "Cast away the gin pot, cast away the beer, water is the drink for me -e-e-e" &c to a dragging tune, & there was clearly no risk of either in Hutton Village or environs. Directly after Sunday School we had to take off Sunday clothes - put on tweeds & go for a lengthy family walk - led by Grandpapa - first of all sweets had to be eaten in the hall - my job to keep the silver box full of those approved - to the farm & elsewhere - until tea at 5, before which we had to change back in Sunday's & go later to the evening service in the schoolroom - then change for dinner - Family prayers about 10 p.m. & eventually - joyfully to bed.

21st July, 1957. ... I don't know Goathland - only our Hutton & Gisbro' moors & Dales below Westerdale - Baysdale - Danby etc & our moors here are rather different with range after range of Tors with granite tops & clutters of granite on many & deep valleys between, down to the various rivers ...

My father had a large bit of the most beautiful & remote moor - compulsorily acquired by the War Office for ranges (shells & bullets), & Norah's father a large bit on this southern side of the valley of the Dart, now the hunting ground of trippers not bullets ... Yes I agree - the smash would make good if tragic copy - No, I didn't want my dream of Hutton smashed - for I loved the place, I bought 2 or 3 stoneware jugs in the Auction for sentimental reasons - which were in the Hall - where also hung very many stags heads from Corndavon & books as well - never read - In a book case (JWP frequently refers to books he was reading). I think that (Corndavon) was only rented - & it was given up when I was about 12, I think, & I never went there - it was only a tradition of how they sat just behind the Royalty in the Kirk on Sunday's - all in kilts! There was a "Pease tartan" so described - a dull affair chiefly green & obviously an effort of the imagination (Yes I agree - it was a super dull small green check). What happened to the Hutton & London things at the Auctions I have no idea, or who bought them - There was a stained glass window in the back Drawing Room at 44 Grosvenor Gardens put up by Grannie (dedicated) to her Mother, G(t), Grandmother Fox - a strange thing to do & I imagine it is still there - unless destroyed. (No. It was removed to Pinchinthorpe from where I collected it in 1979). Behind it was the dreary well of white brick which gave some light & air to the back rooms of that inordinately high house - it took me about 10 minutes to climb the stairs to my bedroom in the servants quarters at the very top - when Uncle Jack & Co. occupied the better part of the house. The luckless servants went down at 5- a.m. and never could return until after dinner, say 10.30 pm. because "the quality" might be using the one and only staircase - no back stairs after the first drawing room floor, incidentally furnished by our grandmother - shortly before she died - ours was said to be prettiest drawing room in London - just beautifully clean - chintzes & masses of flowers - always my job to do them after I left school & was there - took me two hours twice a week after the G.N.R. bus had arrived off the night train to Kings X - done in the subterranean Servant's Hall where also the footmen slept in box-in-the-wall beds - where they washed I can't conceive - and from which quarters were carried for dinner parties for say 24, everything up narrow (about 4ft wide) stone stairs in the dark into the back hall - again how, I can't imagine & everything was perfect. The kitchen was more impossible still & the greatly (next word indecipherable) cook got £100 p.a. even in those days. As I told you the head kitchen maid, Alice, who did the bulk of the cooking & all the baking when at Hutton, asked to come to me in Devon for nothing "If you can't afford to pay me," & had a shock when I offered her £30 to do everything which she did including dogs & milking goats! I begged her to take a good cook's job but she wouldn't.

No. 44 Grosvenor Gardens, in the middle slightly larger - No. 46 (towards Victoria) Lord & Lady Herschell. He was then Lord Chancellor - friends of Father's - but not

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of 44's. While he was alive I went to his friends. The girls, Mag(? Or Meg) & Freda & I were great friends and went to the park every day hand in hand accompanied by our Govies. No. 48 (Grosvenor Gardens) Lord & Lady Susan Fortescue & Sir Michael & Lady Hicks-Beach & Sir M then Chancellor of the Exchequer (son-in-law). Lady Susan was Father's greatest friend & used to take me out a lot to see pictures & Churches etc etc. Not known by No. 44, I rode with the Hicks-Beach girls. No 42 (towards Gros. Place) the Francis Buxtons - known to No 44 but not friendly- I went out with the 4 girls & the boys when there. No 40, the Netherlands Embassy, and those were the surroundings.

After my father died, they didn't attempt to stop my going to the Herschell's & Fortesques but in Yorkshire I wasn't allowed to go to Father's friends, notably the Pennyman's because they didn't, & were I suppose, ignored (That really isn't so!) That was generally the trouble & the same at Falmouth where Christopher & I were popular - & they most definitely were not, & we were stopped going even to relations unless they were asked too. I can see Christopher's face now - for he was only accustomed to great popularity with your father. I suppose it was (a) that they had an air of rich importance which the Fox's ridiculed - (b) that they were very dull & the Fox's had plenty of brains & interests - but not in £.s.d. or politics.

28th July 1957. I am glad the Pease tartan amused you - but I never saw it in action as a kilt - these were reserved I expect for Corndavon. We had it in the form of skirts & capes & such like - & very ugly it was (Yes it was) - Did you ever see a photograph of Alfred & Jack as kilted boys - languishing on a rustic bridge in Perthshire I presume? (Yes, somewhere & another one taken in a studio). I can well imagine that after a very luxurious & spoilt early youth they found the then aridities of their Quaker school intolerable & bolted never to return - Yes I think we all had confused religious early years. Things didn't seem to fit at all - and actually they didn't fit.

I don't suppose you ever went to the large Friends Meeting at Westminster where the competition to speak & "testify" was so heated as to make it very difficult to get any meaning? And young & earnest Friends nearly died of shyness & self consciousness in their efforts. At the time I was about 11, the great contralto of that day "Madame Antoinette Sterling" whose fee was £100, had a passion (no less) for our Grannie & electrified things by coming to Westminster Meeting & suddenly bursting into "Abide with me" in suitable volume for the Albert Hall &, I believe, a hymn had never been sung in a meeting before so what action met the position?! I don't think she ever came again but she came to lunch at 44 G.Gdns & suddenly sang a ballad in the middle of lunch, & Grandpapa & the footmen were struck dumb with astonished disapproval of such heresy to convention. She was also a Christian Scientist & temporarily swayed Grannie & her daughters, but not permanently. I was sent to play with her boy & girl in a bare ugly house & found my job was to pull them about in an orange box on wheels, The boy became a singer and the girl a very attractive 'disease'- I used to read about them but never saw them afterwards.

I think Guisbro' Parish Church was as dreary as Guisborough Meeting in my day, and dreariest of all, the services in Hutton schoolroom rattled through by a curate from Guisborough (Morgan?), & one of the three was compulsory, plus Sunday School & Grandpapa's evening service also in the schoolroom which he conducted & expounded the Scriptures according to his lights, and last of all, rows of tired servants sitting on hard benches trooping into the hall for prayers at 10 p.m. - and of course at 9 a.m..

I was forbidden to look at the 'Northern Echo' which Christopher & I always wanted to, before Grandpapa had read it & finished with it - but with our faces buried in the sofa, we could always gather what "Our brother the Boer" in the South African War had been up to in the last 24 hours, from the extempore prayers Grandpapa affected - & indeed about other matters at times. We also had to sing a hymn in the disused drawing room where the grand piano was & lots of gimcrack pseudo French gilt furniture - between prayers & breakfast on Sundays - possibly because there was no Northern Echo that day - a thought that has only just struck me. It was indeed an odd mixture and difficult for the young mind to sort out ...

When they first came back from their long sojourn abroad, Christopher & Lavender could only talk French fluently & a little English, & this irritated Grandpapa beyond endurance. Christopher used to blush miserably when found fault with & beg me in whispers to tell him the words in English. Lavender - always "apiece" chatted defiantly to her French governess - "What is it - what is the child saying?" stormed Grandpapa. What the child was saying in French was "Pay no attention to my Grandfather he is just a droll" - not easy to translate to him! I met, them at Victoria Station & took them to 44 G.Gdns - Lavender asked in French "Is it permitted to play with the toys of this hotel of my grandfather's?" And when poor Kit went to his prep school, he was laughed at for his good French, and his Report commented on his affected French accent!!

6th Aug. 1957. ... The hand pumping (of water at Hutton Hall) of my childhood was a weary job - and each bath brought added work - We had gas at Hutton very early on brought by Uncle Jack who ran (or owned?) the Guisborough Gas Works & the flare of light as one entered the would-be Gothic Hall is a very pleasant memory at the end of a long long journey from my father's Devon home where we spent 3 summer months - an old damp lightless house. Much later it was changed for electricity - much pleasanter - for the amount of gas used was very smelly & used up the air. Yes, Newton is a lovely little church, and I used to drive my pony over there on Sundays

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- when allowed - and no one was going to Guisborough, but it was violently High Church and not at all approved. Actually, the then parson there was a fanatic & nearly over the mental border. As you probably know, my mother is buried there in an ideal spot looking towards Roseberry. I always thought I should like to live in Newton Village!

I am very surprised that Beatrice left any money to her relations (Beatrice Portsmouth left Aunt Blanche a legacy - no one else - of £10,000). I don't think Portsmouth would have allowed it, but I suppose she had a free hand after he died. Her great interest was the YWCA of which she was president.

14th July, 1957. ... I have not been to Yorkshire since I left Hutton in 1902 - in the autumn, & curiously enough I haven't the faintest memory of that last journey to King's X.

As I told you, I went to Darlington for Grandpapa's funeral & straight back to Devon. After I started on my own with a very slender income, I had to decide if I wanted a small home, that I could not travel or go abroad any more - & then I decided on a job of work with ponies - doing the work myself - which is the only interesting or constructive way - which I'm still doing until I can't any longer.

I travelled ceaselessly in the First War at the expense of the Min. of Ag. - but didn't go north at all on the job. For 22 years I had a perfect life of friendship with Norah Dawson, & we motored a great deal as she loved it and had big cars, but again we didn't go north or very far from home. She had travelled a great deal - all round the world - & had loved fishing in the New Zealand lakes, & was very keen of salmon fishing - they owned the best on the Dart.

She wasn't at all strong - & loved an outdoor life & ponies & books - in fact all good things. In 1945 she died of cancer - after 6 terrible months of nursing as best I could - for nurses were unobtainable then, or any sort of service. She was heroic to an incredible degree - & insisted on helping to work until she literally couldn't.

Life has been very solitary since - & in 1946 I lost everything I possessed, & all the things she had left me, by fire which mattered little except for letters, photographs & little personal things, none of which remained. But her last wish was that I should keep on the ponies - & I have, although it was very bitter at first. No I am almost always at home.

25thAug. 1957. ... Yes I have a copy of the Christopher book - I love it & read & re-read it - you see I loved Christopher very dearly & we understood each other - & looked quizically at the strange Hutton conventional life ... Yes, undoubtedly church going of any sort was frowned upon by JWP. My father wished me to go to church and I mostly went drearily to Guisboro', & when I could, to Newton (where my mother is buried) - but always under ridicule & I hated the position & it added greatly to my unhappiness & loneliness.

(JWP at times - especially when in London - did attend church services, but there were obvious limits to this e.g. I have found instances in his diaries (as when attending weddings), he would clear off out when a certain point in the ceremony was reached)

22nd Sept. 1957I knew Winnie Jenyns very well & was very fond of her (Winifred Pike Jenyns lived at Bottisham Hall, Cambridge which we visited in 1939 when we - Vincent, Mother & I - had a holiday in London, and while there, stayed one or two nights in Cyril Pease's flat [wherever it was], then at the Cumberland Hotel, Marble Arch. Anne at that time, was with her school visiting La Rochelle). & used to go over to Marske fairly often - They were always friendly & human and not tied up in a narrow circle of interests. So was my father, & they used to ride together in the Row - she used to come to see me here a few years when she was down for a Mother's Union Congress at Exeter, & she came to my WI ditto at Exeter in about 1923.

They had a terribly trying time with their mother (Arthur Pease's widow) who had acute religious mania & nerves of all sorts - quite impossible to live with. She used to shut herself upstairs if they had a party & systematically starved herself & regarded us all as hopelessly plunged in worldliness!! Her husband was saint-like to her & would have had better results with a stick before the condition became chronic. She used to steal about & come in on us & say we were discussing her behind her back - whereas we were trying only to forget her - poor demented soul. But she behaved nobly in paying all she could of J & JWP's Bank debts to small people, & gave me the £30 my share with which I bought my first ponies, & owe her great gratitude. It was Winnie, when she was last here told me that JWP. is supposed to haunt Hutton. I hope such a fate is not true (JWP haunt Hutton? Not in the least likely - in any case, JWP died at Kerris Vean, Falmouth).

I knew Dorothy Ward well - but she is older than you think & must have stayed at Hutton in our grannie's life - never when I was at Hutton - but in London we constantly met , & Mrs Humphrey Ward took me to my first dance (after dinner at their house) at the Hugh Bells in Sloane Street. At tha time, she was writing about a novel a year (mostly 3 vols) & sensationalised London

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with Robert Elsemere & its attack on Christianity. My Father had a pleasant story of dining there, and someone asking Humphrey Ward if the book had had an effect on Christianity, & the reply "Effect? - It has destroyed it!" Exactly typical of the seriousness with which they took themselves - devoid of all humour - She used to receive guests in Royal manner with Dorothy as Maid in Waiting, always devoted attendant on her mother - immersed in all her plans & projects in "slum" London, & very good they were - She was very nice & friendly but heavy - the younger one 'Janet' was the reverse - good company & a fine mimic - She electrified us by marrying George Trevelyan who was heaviness itself & a great bore (G M Trevelyan stayed on a great many occasions at Dungeon Ghyll & would speak with no one except my mother-in-law. On one occasion GMT & Robert Spence (an RA and highbrow, but human) were the only two staying at the New Dungeon Ghyll. Robert S tried to strike up a conversation with GMT & was rebuffed. At the time that I met Dorothy Ward, she had become terribly waffly. She owned 'Robin Ghyll' at Harry Place, Great Langdale).

But I believe they got on well. He often fell to my lot in our heyday parties - very fast & advanced in 1901 in which we indulged. Once after bicycling in great gloom he said "Do you read the Westminster?" "Yes" "Then thank God we have something in common!" I liked his brother Charlie who married my particular pal Molly Hugh Bell - they live in Northumberland and as you probably know, he splashed about in politics & ended up nominally Labour - & gave the place to the nation & lives in it - I can imagine you wouldn't like Lord Simon. (Ld Simon of Wythenshawe - No I didn't - a Socialist snob). I have never seen him. (His son Prof. Brian Simon who was on the executive of the Communist Party, was a pleasant enough fellow, chatty & friendly enough as was his wife, Joan Simon - and as were all their pals like Howard Hill [Yorkshire Area Organising Secy. for the Communist Party, John Tarver P.P.COM.C. for Oxford at one time et.al.]. Brian Simon once told me a story that gave him some amusement. After the war, Stalin in his generosity to the people of Poland, built for them a massive Palace of Culture in Warsaw - Russian architecture - the top often obscured by clouds. Cocking a snook at the Russians, the Poles ensconced a Catholic priest at the top of this building. It was always said that Warsaw was best viewed from this building, because it was the one place from which you couldn't see the Palace of Culture). I

17th Nov. 1957. ... It always amused me that Jack & Portsmouth landed up next to each other in Mansfield Street (off Park Lane). I lunched there several years afterwards with Beatrice, & Portsmouth appeared as Henry VIII for some pageant or other - Certainly it wasn't a cheap neighbourhood for the bankrupt & how Uncle Jack pulled it off I do not know, & I doubt if Joe knows anything either. (There really is no puzzle about this).

6th Jan. 1958. ... I don't agree with Joe that Uncle Alfrerd was ever jealous of Jack - disgusted he may have been & had every right to be but jealous - never - He was the most popular & widely befriended person I ever knew everywhere, from Lord Rosebery & such down to every man-jack in Cleveland. Such a statement is absurd but it is no possible use to argue the point with Joe! Uncle Jack was very definitely not popular. (Most certainly my father was without a grain of jealousy in his being, but to say that Jack was 'very definitely not popular' is very much overstating things. Alfred & Jack were different in so many ways, but they had many political friends in common. They also had very diverse interests. Jack a keen cricketer and golfer, neither of which were of the slightest interest with my father, who much more a horseman and hunter of everything, including big game. Sylvia then continues by producing some evidence that Jack did have popularity) although the late Lady Fortesque - a very great friend to me - shortly before they both (she & Jack presumably) died, that he was the most charming man she had met. So I suppose his society manners were very different from his family manners! (Lady Vioilet Bonham-Carter said something very similar about Uncle Jack). He (Jack) was a sort of impenetrable character & few would have stood Aunt Elsie's ways & conduct. She was once described as "the galloping snob of modern civilisation" in about 1896, but the press gave the "well known, beautifully dressed Mrs Jack Pease" every possible adulation. I can't imagine that Joe had anything to learn about her ghastly tempers & shoutings - definitely mad on those lines like her father. He (Joe) suffered enough from them as did anyone near her & she turned Miriam as a child into a hysterical bag of nerves - her shrieks also used to resound through Hutton when they were staying there. (All this may be so, but my mother would never hear a bad word said against Elsie who had never shown her anything but friendship and kindness. When I told this to Veronica [Joe's widow], she [Veronica] said that her mother-in-law could be very charming to people even if she considered them non-U - but my mother was no fool and was an excellent judge of character). ... For JWP to tell your father his wasn't a good life! & his proved to be a very good one - I was so often puzzled by his (Father's) hatred & scorn of Hutton - its stuffiness & expenditure - At last I have the solution of the puzzle & I find it the most extraordinary thing that such a position could possibly have been made by the father of such an outstanding son, about whom there could be no illusions as to his popularity, & various abilities & worth. There have been few such men in the world, & everyone else knew it & appreciated it. But after all, JWP let my mother practically die of lack of care due to their poverty - merely because he didn't like her marrying a poor 3rd son to him unknown - I told you he gave her £400 a year (No - in an earlier letter it was £200) & at that time he was a millionaire and the smash removed that.

Undated: Probably Jan. 1958. ... My great recollection of Uncle Alfred's bitterness at being ruined - without having been consulted in any way - or being aware of the desperate conditions. The notes suggest he did know & I feel convinced he didn't & both sons were kept outside and not allowed to interfere until too late. I should say JWP was always secretive & intensely obstinate. Also I always understood that the National Provincial made an offer of support which came too late, it was certainly told me at the time, but I suppose the position was all too hopeless by then for any offer to help. Probably Barclays preferred to have the Bank than let the NP have it?

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(i. The National provincial Bank said, but only after the crash, "Why didn't you come to us; we would have helped you?" ii. Barclays were interested in winning one or two large bank accounts [esp. the NER account] held with J & J W Pease).

I find the list of guarantors an extremely generous one - & great credit to past credit, don't you? ... (The Guarantor subscribers offered funds subject to Pease creditors abandoning bankruptcy proceedings, and to so ensure that at least a proportion of the Bank and other debts were settled. The subscribers to the Guarantee Fund did indeed show extreme generosity). ... Of course I knew Beatrice couldn't stand against Portsmouth who was a horrible character - & she was terrified of him - He only married her for her money - later was furious when they had no children and bullied her outrageously & before people. It is strange we should only know these things so very long after - & I am very glad to have this knowledge - such as it is - & then it had best go into oblivion, and those who have risen above it, & carried on the good name of Pease be remembered - chief among them your father who paid most dearly for it all, and remained always his respected self whether rich or living on dry bread as they did for a while - literally & symbolically at Pinchinthorpe directly after the smash, when we at Hutton were outwardly going on as usual for a good many weeks "to keep up credit" I was told - a bit late in the day. But we had no cash at all since we had no bank, & I have often wondered what paid for things in those weeks? Oliver (JWP's butler) lent JWP cash for he was absolutely devoted to him, touchingly devoted & so remained until JWP died - & what became of Oliver I never heard. The perfect example of faithful servant ... (Oliver died Feb. 1925)

My own summing up, not necessarily right, is that JWP started with a sort of patriarchal idea of family money, & felt he had a sort of divine right to keep it in his own hands, particularly when it was a large amount, & he had built up Beatrice's fortune to that, & really resented anyone else handling it. Anyone would have told him what Portsmouth was - & everyone knew he had married her for her money - & if JWP had been able to overcome his desire to handle it - any wise man would have resigned the trusteeship years before the trouble began. He had not got that passionate devotion to look after the very small portions doled out to his daughters, but very definitely had to Beatrice's fortune. (It might be true to say, that so long as JWP held the reins of power, he was much sought after, and able to bask in the status and adulation that goes with such power - of family and political and business friends alike. Hand over that power to his sons and his own status would have been diminished. Having held the reins of power almost exclusively since a young man, and having been courageous with it, [it must be said], facing great financial and business difficulties at many times, and encouraged by others, he became convinced of his own supreme invincibility. He was not the first man and will not be the last, to fall victim to excessive belief in his own invincibility).

... Beatrice, a good but very stupid woman, was flattered (by P), & our grandmother was always ambitious. I had - before my fire - a letter from the old (5th) Lord Portsmouth to my grandmother after the engagement which made odd reading - in view of later events ... I remember well on my luckless 21st birthday, a public discussion before me - not particularly tactful - whether I could be given a small pendant they had all subscribed to give me (my mother had practically nothing), or whether it belonged to the creditors. Finally it was decided to give it to me - as only the married & Aunt Maud had contributed!!

30th Jan. 1958. ... You have given me much to reflect on, for the people you quote were well known to me & I can't see why any of them had any claim to be desirable - in a financial capacity - & am very surprised at one or two & will take them separately.

Wilsons - in my day living in the old Nunthorpe Hall - quite a small house by the roadside - I always understood in impoverished circumstances - their niece was May Beaumont Pease - relatively an heiress - married for her money quite young, Cyril Butler, uncle of R A Butler of today. Her governess (a heavenly woman to whom I owe an immense debt - she is now dead), came to me as governess when May married - & she & I very often drove over to see the Wilsons - and the married son - Theodore - living in a small villa at Marton - I always understood their finances had gone smash, & they were simple unassuming folk - very nice - but why Theodore should have been "Managing" is beyond me (Managing what? Wilson Pease & Co?). As to the Butlers, their father and mother were at Trinity, Cambridge - Dr Butler - wife Agneta Ramsay - first woman urangler - & again very nice quiet people who I used to see at Cyril & May's house in London - they had 3 brilliant sons - Sir Harcourt Butler, Governor of the Central Provinces India, Sir Montague Butler, Gov. Burma both until given up - & Sir Cyril Butler who devoted himself to money making - with May's fortune & had (a) high civilian position in the First War, & he and May had a vast estate near Swindon & went in for pictures, objects of art & prize cattle.

Edwin Fox was a loud voiced swaggering ostentatious man - I always detested - living at Pinchinthorpe Hall - & I should imagine, a highly dubious character financially. What was he doing in the pie?

When I was first taken to Hutton to live after my mother's early death - aged 7 - the dales were very much to the fore - what Sir David's job was I don't know, because after some years they disappeared from our lives - I think they must both have died (Sir David Dale died 1906) ... Sir David was an ugly dull little man - might easily have been a Jew but was probably an industrial magnate of sorts. Anyway they disappeared completely, as I am bound to say, did most of Grannie's friends (Grannie & Lady

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Dale [Annie, the first wife] were great friends) for she (Grannie) was the attraction of life at Hutton. After her death - it became super dull & heavy & very few people came - & none of any interest - the latter went to Pinchinthorpe in numbers.

Uncle Lloyd (Pease) to whom I was devoted, steadily lost money - he was always inventing things which just didn't come off - I remember my father who knew nothing of business, being induced by him to invest in some sort of what today would be called prefabricated building, of material that proved not to be watertight - or practical. He did however, I believe, go far towards 'basic slag' production, from the slag tips but I don't know whether he made money ...

No I don't think Aunt Elsie ever intended to keep Hutton, for she loathed the place & didn't hesitate to say so. I remember that very distinctly, while Nunthorpe was in the early stages of being built to rival Blenheim! I think I told you I rode over to Nunthorpe alone with Grandpapa one summer day very near the end - & he let fly about it all as I had never heard him before, quite without restraint. If only the restraint had been forthcoming - very much earlier - long before such a horrible enterprise to satisfy the inordinate ambitions & absurdities of a quite uncontrolled woman.

10th Feb. 1958. ... Lady Alice (Havelock-Allan) was a ghastly old snob & did much I think to stir up trouble always - I only remember her once staying at Hutton - However, she was fond of Miriam & Joe & smuggled them into their house when (their) Grandpapa (Sir Henry Havelock-Allan) wouldn't have the "grocer's children" in the pace, & they weren't allowed to show lights at night in case he might discover their presence.

15th April, 1958. I have had a long & interesting letter from Fairfax-Blakeborough, & he has exactly caught the spirit of the Hutton days I knew & lived in, when he says "in the days when the Peases were looked upon almost as deities - in many respects they justified the regard in which they were held, & the pedestal on which they were placed - their name still lives in a sweet savour." That is pleasant reading - He writes a paregynic of your father who, as you know, he rightly worshipped as his beau ideal of a gentleman, sportsman, scholar, politician & judge - a very good summing up of a very unique man - I have never met his like.

25th Feb. 1959. I always found a certain thrill in the glare of the furnaces over Middlesbrough at night & still see pictures of a little man looking down on white hot streams of molten metal as the train ran through that arid area between Darlington & Middlesbrough ...

24th May, 1959. He (Alfred) & Lord Rosebery both suffered from thin skins & a hatred of criticism & the rough of politics - so different from Uncle Jack's exceptional tough hide - & complete indifference to anything in order to get what he wanted. I suppose I must admit - his unscrupulousness - to be honest - the correct make up for the ambitions in the political world & elsewhere, as evident in the financial affairs of today ... I remember vividly Aunt Elsie coming into the drawing room at 44 Gro. Gdns. Full of that dreadful Margot's engagement to Herbert Asquith - it would have taken a lot to down Aunt Elsie, but I think Margot could outfight her anywhere, & was equally without scruple, & clever, which "the charming & well dressed Mrs Jack Pease" was not - adroit perhaps in her climbing powers, but definitely not clever in the Asquithian sense.

19th Nov. 1960. Referring to Liberal Radicals: ... I remember one agitator who came to Bridestowe to urge the 'people' to claim their rights to the village playing fied - being annexed by the Tory vicar - I was forbidden to speak to such a wicked & subversive man which puzzled my child's mind considerably - as my life when not there - was at Hutton, strictly & comfortably Liberal. But there there was no Tory vicars or squires & a general well-being amomong the estate folk. I well remember the first three socialist (Labour) MP's coming to stay for the week-end - quiet pleasant men - far from agitators - one an ex-mason from Norfolk, another a Newcastle Railway employee & the third I forget - Christopher & I expected them to be rugged & exciting. They were well fed - quiet & pleasant - travelled first (class)! ...

28th Nov. 1960. We used to call - what you call Bousdale Cottages - the Railway Cottages - & they were always the last call for Christopher and me to make on our whole Christmas Day occupation of leaving a parcel on everybody on the estate. We started at 10 A.M. - with my pony 'Icilcle' in the queer little cart - made at the farm workshop, & did the village & outliers - leaving a parcel in turn - then dressed up for a sumptuous lunch from 1 - 2, probably about 20 people (family) - then took off glad rags & started the other way - ending at the Railway Cottages about 4 - then glad rags for tea in the hall & copious children crawling & rambling everywhere after their nursery tea & at 5 P.M. our Bran Tub in the cooling room in the cellars, followed later by the staff's ditto - after we had had had a quick dinner & the children had gone to bed - It was my job to do all the parcels up which took about a week & I didn't choose - what objects were to be - sometimes almost impossible parcel however lavish with paper & string.

Bouquets seldom came my way at Hutton in Aunt Maud's days, but she gave me one - "At least if you can't do anything else you'll be able to earn your living doing up

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parcels!!" Once or twice we press ganged Lavender to come & help us but she wouldn't pull at all - You have made no reply as to that very astonishing Cousin Timothy Beaumont - Did you see the Guardian article on him? Joe wrote me that now I should see for myself why he (Tim Beaumont) left Eton for Gordonstown. He is certainly making 'Time & Tide) a very remarkable publication - like himself ...

29th Nov. 1960. Your second most interesting letter has come & I will continue your most interesting subjects. Your description of the London Streets & what that means has come in the same week with a letters from a young friend in Sussex - mother of 4 children under 12 - she says she has just been talking to her cousin - Lady Rachel Davidson (the Duke of Norfolk's sister) who has been launching her one daughter (17) in London Society - & has found the moral conditions there amongst the young - quite horrible & is aghast. She gave details which, however, Miranda Emmet (another sister of the Duke of Norfolk & friend of Elizabeth Adams sometime chief chemist at Horlicks) said she couldn't write on paper to me. So if this goes through everywhere, what is to be the future? I was startled when I heard that statement in the radio play - & was amazed that they had passed it (I don't know to what this referred). Recently I have often thought the BBC to be sailing far too near to the disgusting & coarse - Probably few of your "married couples" are married - at least from my experience of the Show World & others I have met in the last twenty years.

Marriage has largely become a farce - divorce after divorce sometimes just to keep in with the law. Apparently - if from the moment you leave school, unless you fall to these ways & object to promiscuity, you are written off as odd & more or less ostracised, particularly in Chelsea Art student circles & many of the would-be-intellectuals.

My only cousin on my father's side got bored with having no heir & carried on with his girl groom until his wife divorced him, & he married the girl - & had a daughter!

I confess I cannot see how Timothy Beaumont's (Now Lord Beaumont, a Clerk in Holy Orders, owner of 'Time & Tide' magazine, Sylvia's & my 2nd cousin) exhibitionist dress, & great riches fit in with any real Christian ideals - or in fact typify a very worth while Liberal! Time & Tide is clearly in transition & time alone can show the nature of its evolution. (It ceased publication as best I remember)

I only once in my life went down to Wards (from Bousdale Farm) by the old cow path you say is now bulldozed into a road.

The day after I got back from Devon (always a summer exile for me) in October (hence the reason Sylvia was never at Corndavon), probably about 12 y.o., we went, why I have no idea, blackberrying & mushrooming - over Bousdale & down that way to Pinchinthorpe - probably for tea, & I was enjoying life vastly & rejoicing in the north - although the blackberries were poor & hard compared to Devon! There were always good mushrooms in those fields round Pinchinthorpe (I can confirm that) but again, not so prolific as Devon. The last time I was in my pet mushroom field of my father's - was - it being large - taken over quickly for Labour Corps soldiers rescued from Dunkirk - & I was called on to go help entertain them all Sunday, provide sweets & cigarettes and religious services - as they were angry men - and talk to them - they were very RED indeed - but melted by ciargettes & friendly talk & didn't attend the RS's! It was a curious scene in that remote country with the long line of the northern Tors above us & the main line trains between. I often wonder what became of them all - they were a very rough lot & had had an awful time. In those days I saw Indians detrain their mules at Bridestowe & let them graze & drink on the moor - before "proceeding".

28th Mar. 1961. ... In my young days, Great Aunt Gurney Pease lived at, I think, Woodside, Darlington & had 3 children (No, 5). Her husband (Gurney Pease, JWP's brother) was dead. The eldest son was Wilson (No) who did nothing in particular (He was a barrister) - the second (Harold) was mad & married a girl (Gwen Butler, whose parents lived at Ayton Hall) he certainly shouldn't have (I was a bridesmaid) & subsequently tried to kill her in the Grosvenor Hotel & he was shut up again, & she came down west to live. Her brother & sister were also mad & were shut up. Their mother was a Leatham - was very masculine & wore a billycock & smoked - I always remember when she did this horrible deed in the hall at Hutton where nop smoking was, except "for gentlemen" in the billiard room, & that under protest & disapproval - & our grandfather came in unexpectedly ... (JWP was President of the Anti-Tobacco League - while my father smoked 1,000 Egyptian cigarettes per month)

The children of Gurney & Katherine Pease in correct order of birth was:

1. Harold Gurney Pease 1864-1928 who married Gwen Butler 1876-1957

2. Katherine (Katie) M Pease 1866-1935 who married William S Routledge 1859-1939

3. Wilson Pease 1867-1923 who married Caroline Joanna Fowler 1864-1922

4. Lilian Pease 1869-1949 who married Charles Leslie Fox 1865-1933

5. John Henry Pease 1871-1939 who married Louise Lambert 1871-1959.

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22nd Nov. 1961. I do appreciate your offer to type (the first part of Sylvia's autobiography unfinished before she died within 6 months of this date) - but the enthusiast who came down to see me said I needn't bother to have it typed as he could read my writing quite easily. I have got all the information I want in my head, such as it is - & I am doing it as advised - in sections - it falls easily into 7 year period(s) & they are keen on the early periods as that apparently is fashionable today in memoir books!

So far I have tried to be 1-7 years old & 7 - 14, not quite finished & 14 - 21 brought the greatest changes. If it ever eventuates its name will be Zig-Zag, but it is a moot point whether I shall live long enough to complete, but I can but try. I find it very nostalgic trying to re-live the early happy Hutton days - when such a downfall as that of 1902 would have seemed entirely beyond belief. As Christopher & I often said, even in the last years 'anyway there is always Hutton' - and with no warning whatever to us it crashed in one day of our lives. Business was never talked about & we literally knew nothing of impending possibilities - & then everything crashed about our heads, bang - I don't think even Uncle Alfred had any real idea of what was coming.

I presume Uncle Jack had, as he managed to have funds outside England & quickly became rich again, always a very mysterious happening (This is just a further development in Sylvia's conspiracy theory which has no basis in fact)...

I have been reading a remarkable article by Timothy (Beaumont) in the 'Bristol Weekly' - a paper new to me but published for seventy years - He is certainly prolific in putting forward his ideas - strange & otherwise - but I wish he didn't add a Rolls-Royce & a perpetual carnation button hole to his version of Christianity -

I often wonder what his wife is like - & if she approves it all.

Joe has relapsed into one of his silent zones -

Further Notes by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Secretary, Dartmoor Pony Society.
- She was awarded with MBE. JP.
- She worked as a Governor of Seale Hayne Agricultural College, Devon.
- She was Church of England then Roman Catholic.

17-Sir Alfred Edward Pease 2nd Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{2,6,8,10,15,74,247,256,324,329,335,337,338,339} was born on 29 Jun 1857 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 27 Apr 1939 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 81, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Sir Alfred Edward Pease, FRGS, FZS, 2nd Bt. was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge. He held the office of Member of Parliament for York between 1885 and 1892. Lieutenant of the City of London. He held the office of Member of Parliament for Cleveland between 1897 and 1902. He held the office of Lieutenant of City of London. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant of the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of Resident Magistrate [Transvaal] between 1903 and 1905. He succeeded to the title of 2nd Baronet Pease, of Hutton Lowcross and Pinchinthorpe, co. York [U.K., 1882] on 23 June 1903. He gained the rank of officer in 1914 in the service of the Army Remount Service.. Publications: Cleveland Hounds, 1887. Biskra and Oases of the Zibans, 1893. Hunting Reminiscences, 1898. The Badger, 1898. Ex Umbris, 1900. Horse Breeding for Farmers, 1902. Travels and Sport in Africa, 1902. A Private Memoir of Sir Thomas Fowler Bart., 1905. Rachel Gurney of the Grove, 1907. The Diaries of Edward Pease, 1907. 15 Books of Old Recipes as used in the Pease and Gurney Households in the XVIIIth Century, 1912. The Book of the Lion, 1914. My Son Christopher, 1919. Memoir of Edmund Loder, 1922. Travelled Asia Minor 1891. Algenia, Tunis and Sahara, 1892-1893-1894-1898. Somaliland, 1895-1896-1897. Abyssinia, 1900-1901. Sudan, 1906. BEA and Uganda, 1907-

1908-1909-1911.

Pease, Sir Alfred Edward, second baronet (1857– 1939), politician and sportsman, was born at Woodlands, Darlington, on 29 June 1857, the second of the eight children, and the eldest son, of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, first baronet (1828– 1903), businessman and Liberal MP for Barnard Castle, co. Durham (1885– 1903), and his wife, Mary Fox (d. 1892). He was born into an established Darlington Quaker family which figured prominently in the politics and economy of the region. His father, uncle, and grandfather were all Liberal members of parliament, and both he and his younger brother Joseph Albert (Jack) Pease, who became Baron Gainford (1917), followed in this tradition. Pease was educated at Grove House, Tottenham, and entered Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1876, graduating BA in 1880 (MA, 1883). On 10 February 1880 he married Helen Ann (Nellie) Fowler (1858– 1910), third daughter of Sir Robert Nicholas Fowler, first baronet, banker, and Conservative politician; they had two sons and a daughter. Pease entered business and became a director of the family firm, Pease & Partners Ltd, and of the National Provident Institution. He was an alderman of the North Riding from 1889 to 1937, and a deputy lieutenant for both the North Riding and London.

In 1885 Pease was elected Liberal MP for York, which he represented until his defeat at the 1892 general election; he was defeated there again in 1895. In January 1897, while travelling in Somaliland, he was elected for the Cleveland division of the North Riding and sat until 1902, when he accepted the Chiltern Hundreds. Though designated a Liberal, Pease preferred the appellation 'whig', and defended with gusto the principle of a ruling class whose members were born and bred in the traditions of government. At the same time he admired Gladstone and steadfastly supported Irish home rule, free trade, and temperance. Much happier in the Victorian political world than in the Edwardian, Pease opposed the 'people's budget' of 1909 as a 'socialist' measure. Believing that Asquith was 'out for the "Labour" vote' and had taken 'Lloyd George and Limehouse to his bosom', he severed links with the party of 'neo-Liberalism' (Pease, Elections, 301).

By this date, however, Pease's political career was over. During the 1890s the family textile business had gone into decline; when its failure became public in 1902 Pease resigned his seat. It was a humbling turn of fortune for one whose coming of age in 1878 had been celebrated with a party for 800 at his father's mansion, Hutton Hall, in Yorkshire. Although Pease avoided bankruptcy, only desperate measures enabled him to save Pinchinthorpe House, his Yorkshire home, from the creditors. In straitened circumstances he sought employment abroad and he was wryly amused when help eventually came from a political opponent and not from a political friend.

In 1903, the year that Pease succeeded to his father's baronetcy, Lord Milner, of whom he had been highly critical during the South African War, appointed him resident magistrate in the Barberton district of the Transvaal. After a period of service there in 1903– 5, he pursued several speculative business ventures, including an ostrich farm in Africa, before settling again in England. Although none of his money-making schemes took off, Pease was able to live the remainder of his life as a gentleman of means. After the death of his first wife he married on 28 September 1912 Laure Marianne (1868– 1922), daughter of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny. There were no children. During the 1914– 18 war he served with the remount service and in September 1918, after his younger son had been killed in action, he joined the Church of England. His second wife died in January 1922 and on 1 August of that year, to the mild scandal of his friends and family, he married his nurse, Emily Elizabeth Smith (1897– 1979), forty years his junior; they had three surviving children, two sons and a daughter.

In his memoir Elections and Recollections (1932) Pease has left a candid record of political life at the end of the nineteenth century. He had scant regard for the reputations of some famous contemporaries and wrote of John Morley: 'With all his historical and literary attainments, I never knew a distinguished man so destitute of any understanding of our race, or indeed any other' (Pease, Elections, 97). The book reveals Pease as an unflinching advocate of condign punishment: he was convinced of the deterrent value of heavy sentences— what he termed 'the mercy of severity'— and supported flogging.

A fine horseman and an ardent fox-hunter Pease wrote an entertaining history of the hunt to which he most commonly rode: The Cleveland Hounds as a Trencher-Fed Pack (1887). Hunting inspired some of his best writing, and his Half a Century of Sport (1932) recounts diverse exploits abroad, including the pursuit of lion in Africa, ibex in the Pyrenees, and Barbary sheep in Algeria— Pease rated the latter as one of the most difficult game to hunt. In England he found time to shoot, stalk, and follow otterhounds, and his Hunting Reminiscences (1898) has detailed chapters on hare, fox, cub, and badger hunting. Although Pease had no qualms about digging for badger, he denounced badger-baiting as 'a cruel and brutalizing sport'. He believed that 'all genuine sportsmen have something of the naturalist in their composition', and in parliament advocated an extension of the legislation to protect wild birds (Pease, Hunting Reminiscences, 236). Pease's attachment to the countryside of the North Riding is conveyed strongly in his Dictionary of the Dialect of the North Riding of Yorkshire (1928), an authoritative account on the subject. Pease died at his home at Pinchinthorpe in Guisborough, Yorkshire, on 27 April 1939.

Mon 10 April 1882 - (EASTER) Hounds finished the season as usual on this day, but I had to go to Darlington with Father; We went to West Lodge, and there we found Henry Fell, Dale & Fletcher seated round the dining room table, there we agreed to turn the Collieries and Ironstone departments into a Limited Company to be called Pease & Partners, to consist of as original partners Joseph Whitwell Pease, Arthur Pease, Henry Fell Pease, David Dale, E.H. Pease, Alfred Edward Pease & Joseph Albert Pease Capital £2.250m & so forth in detail. I only hope- they will turn it into a public company and father will get rid of some of his shares. He has been looking about & pulling up his expenditure the last day or two as we have shown him that his financial condition is not very satisfactory. Got £10 from Lord Queensberry as the balance of the price I asked (£150) for 'Jerry-go-Nimble' more than a year ago, This was to be paid on condition he won a race value £50 - & he won the Melton Town Purse on 31st March carrying Lord Q. 13 stone.

Tues 22 Dec 1891 - To the Canon Street Hotel where I lunched with the N.P.I. Board after my election by the Policy Holders & a speech in wh. I referred to the Instn. being originally founded by Quakers, my being the youngest member of the Board.

It is not always easy, I have been told, work harmoniously with a colleague of the same

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way of thinking in the Joint representation of a single constituency. Pease and Lockwood never found any difficulty, and were as devoted to one another as brothers ought to be. *Sir Frank Lockwood-A biographical sketch. Augustine Birrell.*

Pease, Alfred Edward.

Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 7, 1876. [Eldest] s. of Joseph Whitwell [M.P.], later [1st] Bart. [of Pinchinthorpe] and of Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorks. (and Mary, dau. of Alfred Fox, of Falmouth).

B. [June 29], 1857, at Darlington.

School, Grove House, Tottenham, London (private). Matric. Michs. 1876; B.A. 1880; M.A. 1883.

M.P. for York, 1885-92; for the Cleveland Div. of Yorks., 1897-1902.

Succeeded as 2nd Bart., 1903.

Resident Magistrate in the Transvaal, 1903-5. An early settler in Kenya; Head of Native Affairs.

Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Remount Service). Of Hutton Hall and Pinchinthorpe, Yorks.

Married (1) Feb. 10, 1880, Helen Anne, dau. of Sir Robert N. Fowler, 1st Bart. (and sister and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Fowler, 2nd and last Bart.), and had issue; (2) Sept. 28, 1912, Laure Marianne, yst. dau. of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny; (3) 1922, Emily Elizabeth Smith, adopted dau. of James Smith, of Thornaby-in-Cleveland.

A Quaker.

Lieut. for the City and D.L., London.

J.P. and D.L. for the N. Riding of Yorks.

F.R.G.S.; F.Z.S. Breeder, big game hunter, and all-round sportsman.

In his youth rode in point-to-point races, and won steeple and hurdle races in S. Africa.

Author, The Book of the Lion; The Badger; Horse-breeding for Farmers; A Dictionary of the Dialect of the N. Riding of Yorkshire; Half a Century of Sport; etc.

Died Apr. 27, 1939, at Pinchinthorpe House.

Brother of Joseph A. (1878); father of Edward (1900). (Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Who's Who in Local Government; Who's Who; The Turf's Who's Who; The Times, Apr. 28, 1939.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL JP FRGS FZS.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Trinity College in Cambridge.
- He worked as a Sportsman, Politician, Author & Diarist.
- He worked as a Partner in J. & J.W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Member of the Guisborough Board of Guardians before 1881.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for York in 1885-1892.
- He worked as a Director of the National Provident Institution on 22 Dec 1891.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cleveland in 1897-1902.
- He was Quaker then Anglican on 3 Jul 1916.
- He worked as a JP for the North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Lieutenant for the City of London.
- He worked as a Deputy Lieutenant (DL) London.
- He worked as a Deputy Lieutenant (DL) North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Alderman for the North Riding of Yorkshire in 1889-1937.
- He worked as a Resident Magistrate 1903 To 1905 in Barberton, Transvaal, South Africa.
- He resided at Villa Mercedes 3 Nov 1905 to 29 Apr 1906 in Capri, Italy.
- He resided at Kitanga 1908 To 1912 in Machakos, Kenya.

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- He had a residence in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire.

18-**Sir Edward Pease 3rd Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe**^{10,247,337,340} was born on 15 Dec 1880 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 14 Jan 1963 in Hutton Lowcross, Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Sudan Civil Service 1903-1911. Resigned in 1911 and the 2nd KEH. Wounded in Flanders 1915. 2nd Lt. Staff Mesopotamia 1917. 1st Lt. 6th E. Lancs. Regt. Salonika, 1918-1919. Club-Brooks.

Pease, Edward.
Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 25, 1900. [Eldest] s. of Alfred Edward (1876), later 2nd Bart., of Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorks. (by his 1st wife, Helen Anne, dau. of Sir Robert N. Fowler, 1st Bart.).
B. there [Dec. 15], 1880.
School, Winchester (scholar). Matric. Michs. 1901; Scholar, 1902.
In the Sudan Civil Service (Nile and Red Sea), 1903-11.
Farming in East Africa, 1911-14.
Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Trooper, King Edward's Horse, 1915; wounded; Second Lieut., 1917; Lieut., 1918; Assistant Police Officer, 1917-19). Succeeded his father as 3rd Bart., Apr. 27, 1939.
Married, Nov. 20, 1919, Ida Mary, dau. of J. Lawrance, of Cambridge.
Of Lowcross Gate, Hutton, Guisborough, Yorks., in 1952.
(Winchester Coll. Reg.; Burke, P. and B.; Walford, County Families; Who's Who; Kelly, Handbook.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester. Trinity, Cambridge.
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a member of the Sudan Service in 1903-1911.
- He worked as a Farmer in 1911-1914 in Kitanga, Machakos, Kenya.
- He worked as a Trooper in the King Edward's Horse in 1914-1917.
- He worked as an officer of the King Edward's Horse in 1917-1919.

18-**Christopher York Pease**^{74,247,337} was born on 24 Jun 1886 in 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, London, died on 9 May 1918 in Givenchy, France. Killed in action. at age 31, and was buried in Mazingarbe Cemetery, Pas de Calais, France. Grave III.C.8.

General Notes: Educated at Horris Hill and Winchester. Director of Pease and Partners Ltd. Gazetted 2nd Lt. 1st Yorkshire Hussars 23 Sept 1914. Promoted Lt. 1 jun 1916. Attached to the West Yorkshire Regiment in August 1917 and killed in action near Givenchy, 9 May 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He was educated at Horris Hill School in Newbury, Berkshire.
- He was educated at Winchester.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners.
- He worked as an Officer of the Yorkshire Hussars Yeomanry.
- He had a residence in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham.

19-**Rachel Hebe Phillipa Pease**²⁴⁷ was born on 19 Dec 1911 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire and died on 6 Sep 1999 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 87.

General Notes: "I heard yesterday of the death on 6^h Sept. in Hobart, Tasmania of my half-niece Rachel Smith aged 87. She was the daughter of Christopher York Pease (k. 1918), Father's second son by his first marriage. We had corresponded over many years, and most recently over the Alfred Waterhouse table mystery. Over the

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last two or three years, she had suffered a couple of what she called mini strokes, which appeared (from her writing) not to have seriously incapacitated her, and which she dismissed in much the same light vein as though she had had a cough. What she didn't tell me, was that she had been operated on for cancer and had more recently developed secondary cancer which was inoperable. She died though within two or three hours of suffering a massive stroke without regaining consciousness, which mercifully, spared her from a slow death from cancer. Her husband who is three years younger, will be bereft and summoning the courage to carry on in a void, most difficult." Note, Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

20-Professor Christopher Selby-Smith was born on 29 Jul 1942 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent and died on 15 Sep 2007 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Scotch College, Melbourne 1953 To 1960.
- He worked as a Director Australian Council for Education.

21-David Richard Selby-Smith

21-Hugh Thomas Selby-Smith

20-Peter Selby-Smith

21-Anne Jane Selby-Smith

21-Andrew Selby-Smith

21-Robyn Clare Selby-Smith

19-Pilot Officer Ingram Edward Pease²⁴⁷ was born on 28 Feb 1914 in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Feb 1939 in Bishop Hill, Kinross, Scotland (Flying Accident) at age 24, and was buried on 22 Feb 1939 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: City of Edinburgh Fighter squadron
He was killed whilst flying Hawker Hind, K6819 of No 603 Sqn AuxAF when he flew into Bishop Hill near Kinross in bad visibility.

No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron.
Ingram Edward PEASE is granted a commission as Pilot Officer, -11th Jan. 1939.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sandroyd School in Cobham, Surrey.
- He was educated at Winchester.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford University.
- He was educated at Studying Veterinary medicine in Edinburgh University.
- He worked as a Pilot Officer with No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

18-Lavender Mary Pease^{247,341} was born on 24 Jun 1889 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 25 Apr 1989 at age 99, and was buried in Cremated. Edinburgh Crematorium.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Northlands, Egham, Staines, Middlesex.

19-Dionysia Medlicott^{247,341} was born on 30 Aug 1914 in Normanby, Doncaster and died in 1998 in Jedburgh at age 84.

General Notes: "Until arthritis took a great hold, Diny used to come down each spring and do a round of calls on relatives. She was always chatty, loved her horses, and

cared nothing in the slightest for the fancy things in life. She lived frugally, and didn't feed herself properly, 'a boiled egg will do' attitude, and had her meals (such as they were) always outdoors if fine, and in her little greenhouse if wet - For her 80th birthday, her niece (Rosemary's daughter) gave her two bean bags for each of her two dogs, and when she called to see Diny she found two dogs on one bean bag and Diny on the other. When her aunt Molly died (1980) and she was a beneficiary of half Molly's estate, she went over to Hutton and was asked by Molly's executor if she would like to take anything she particularly wanted. Yes, but there were only two things she said she would like. One was Molly's old bath sponge, the other her dressing gown! Not a book, not a bit of silver or even a chair. That was typical of Diny, a really splendid sort."

Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Sparrow Hall, Rutherford, Kelso, Roxburghshire.

19-**Helen Victoria Medlicott**^{247,341} was born on 4 Jun 1916 in Devizes, Wiltshire and died on 4 Mar 2010 at age 93.

20-**David Mark Johnson**

21-**Nicola Johnson**

21-**Sarah Johnson**

21-**James Johnson**

20-**Martin Stephen Johnson**

21-**Harriet Johnson**

22-**Nell Busby**

22-**Iris Busby**

22-**Arthur Busby**

21-**Olivia Johnson**

20-**Walter Sandy Johnson** was born on 5 Nov 1947 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 1967 in Australia. In a riding accident at age 20.

20-**Dr. Alan Philip Johnson**

21-**Emily Johnson**

21-**Camilla Johnson**

21-**Settno Johnson**

19-**Rosemary Medlicott**³⁴¹ was born on 10 Nov 1922 in Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire and died in May 1990 in Isle of Ske. Drowned in the sea having fallen from rocks. at age 67.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Motorcycle ambulance outrider in 1940 in France.

20-**Charles Godfrey Bird**

21-**Jennifer Bird**

21-**Julie Bird**

22-**Skye Patterson**

22-**Corrie Patterson**

22-**Hector Patterson**

21-**Rona Bird**

21-**Hayley Bird**

22- **Rosie**

22- **Kaya**

20-**Harmony Bird**

21-**Kiri Anne Richardson**

21-**Edward Robert Richardson**

20-**George Godfrey Bird**

20-**Alexander William Douglas Scott**

21-**Finlay Scott**

21-**Millie Scott**

20-**Walter Stephen Douglas Scott**

19-**Stephen Medicott**²⁴⁷ was born on 23 Apr 1925 in Goathland, Yorkshire, died on 7 Dec 1926 in Goathland, Yorkshire at age 1, and was buried on 9 Dec 1926 in Goathland, Yorkshire.

Alfred next married **Laure Marianne Sugnet de Montmagny**, daughter of **Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny** and **Henriette Lina Jomini**, on 25 Sep 1912 in Hotel de Ville, Lausanne, Switzerland. Laure was born on 10 Nov 1868 in Yverdon, Switzerland, died on 25 Jan 1922 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 53, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

Alfred next married **Emily Elizabeth Smith**,²⁴⁷ daughter of **Unnamed** and **Rosetta Smith**, on 1 Aug 1922 in Darlington, County Durham. Emily was born on 26 Feb 1897 in Thornaby on Tees, County Durham, died on 26 Mar 1979 in Guisborough Hospital, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried on 28 Mar 1979 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire. They had four children: **Anne Phillida**, **Judith**, **Alfred Vincent**, and **Joseph Gurney**.

General Notes: Daughter of Rosetta Smith and father unknown. Adopted by her maternal grandparents aand raised as one of their own. She trained as a nurse and in 1922, when she was nursing both Alfred and Laure Pease through pneumonia, Laure died. Alfred recovered sufficiently well, that he married Emily Elizabeth, (who was always known as Betty), on the 1st August that same year.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a JP.
- She was nominally Church of England.

18-Anne Phillida Pease

Anne married **Major Edward Mark Chetwynd-Stapylton**, son of **Richard Chetwynd-Stapylton** and **Vera Helen Maitland-Makgill-Crichton**, on 20 Feb 1946 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 23 Nov 1919 in Red Lodge, Berkhamstead, Hertfordshire and died on 1 Jul 1995 in Lewes, East Sussex at age 75. They had three children: **Judy Anne**, **Phillida Helen**, and **Joanna Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester.
- He was educated at Magdalene College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the King's Royal Rifle Corps on 1 Oct 1939.

19-Judy Anne Chetwynd-Stapylton

Judy married **John Trevor Lambert**. They had two children: **Sophie Alice Doanda** and **Hannah Madelaine Harriet**.

20-Sophie Alice Doanda Lambert

Sophie married **Leo Mowat Chesterton**, son of **Andrew Venn Mowat** and **Joanna Mary Warcup**. They had two children: **Matilda Daisy** and **Rafferty Lambert**.

21-Matilda Daisy Chesterton

21-Rafferty Lambert Chesterton

20-Hannah Madelaine Harriet Lambert

Hannah married **Thomas Michael Leybourne Parker**, son of **Evan Parker** and **Elaine**. They had one son: **Freddie Zebedee Lambert**.

21-Freddie Zebedee Lambert Parker

19-Phillida Helen Chetwynd-Stapylton

19-Joanna Elizabeth Chetwynd-Stapylton

Joanna married **Kim Stephen Fuller**. They had one daughter: **Jessie Alison**.

20-Jessie Alison Fuller

Joanna next married **Nigel John Boyce Armstrong**.

18-**Judith Pease**²⁴⁷ was born on 16 Jan 1925 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 11 Apr 1925 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

18-**Sir Alfred Vincent Pease 4th Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe**^{12,66,221,247,300,343,348,349,350} was born on 2 Apr 1926 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 23 Sep 2008 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried in Ashes scattered at Roseberry Topping & Newton under Roseberry. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School.

18-Sir Joseph Gurney Pease 5th Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe

Joseph married **Shelagh Munro Bulman**, daughter of **Cyril Gounod Bulman**^{351,352} and **Sarah Jane Armstrong**,³⁵² They had two children: **Charles Edward Gurney** and **Jane Elizabeth Gurney**.

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19-Charles Edward Gurney Pease

Charles was the partner of **Dr. Theresa Wade**, daughter of **Trevor James Wade** and **Mary Hasney**, in 2004-2015. Theresa was born on 26 Apr 1986 in Southern General Hospital, Glasgow, Renfrewshire, Scotland, died on 28 Oct 2015 in Craignure, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland at age 29, and was buried on 12 Nov 2015 in Suidhe Cemetery, Bunessan, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland. The cause of her death was tragically, in a road traffic accident.

General Notes: **Tragic loss of Mull's only Vet**

The reason why Oban Lifeboat was tasked by Stornoway Coastguard to transport Police Scotland officers to the Isle of Mull in the small hours of Thursday morning was the saddest possible.

The evening before, Wednesday 28th October, shortly after 8pm, 29 year old Vet, Theresa Wade , was on her way home from work when her van was involved in a fatal collision on the road between Craignure and Fishnish with a Maserati.

Ms Wade died.

The Maserati was driven by a man who, uninjured, refused at the scene to provide a breath test and refused again at a police station later.

The driver, named as Thomas Wainwright, has been charged with dangerous driving and with the two offences of refusing to provide a breath test.

This is very much an island tragedy, with Theresa Wade an island girl who lived on the island with her partner and whose family had previously run a shop in the township of Bunessan on the Ross of Mull.

Update note: We had been informed by an island source that Ms Wade's parent 'run' a shop in Bunessan. What we were told, but misheard, was that they 'ran' a shop there - in the past but no longer. We apologise for this error.

Theresa Wade, BVMS(Hons)MRCVS, was a young lady who hailed from the village of Bunessan on the Isle of Mull. She came from a loving family, within a community, that accorded her every encouragement to pursue her childhood ambition to be the vet upon the Isle of Mull, her home. She worked her way through Bunessan primary school and later, moved to the High school in Oban, where once again she dedicated herself to her academic studies.

By hard won effort, she was awarded the Dux prize in her final year at High School, for academic achievement.

In consequence of her attainments, she was admitted to the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine at the University of Glasgow, where once again by hard won effort, she earned her degree, with Honours, as a Bachelor of Veterinary Medicine. She almost immediately, was invited to join the practice of the late Mr. Chris Evans, as a Veterinary Surgeon in Fort William. Three years later, she was invited by Mr. James Wilson on Mull, to take over his practice, that encompassed the entirety of the Isles of Mull, Iona and aspects of the mainland too.

Shall we diminish a single aspect of her accomplishments?

She brought both credit and honour to her home, her community, her island, to Argyll and indeed to Scotland, by her hard won effort.

Here, the community lies stunned and shattered by her loss.

Show me but one who may say otherwise, and we will show the hundreds, upon hundreds who will stand to her defence, that now she cannot tell.

If this be Scotland, hold her remembrance in your arms and learn to cherish that which was something quite extraordinary. A girl who fought her way from a small community, to a position of huge responsibility before the age of 30.

The circumstances of her loss are a tragedy beyond measure.

I, as many more besides her family.... and more, now mourn this awful loss.

She was an exemplar of that which makes this nation hold its pride in all that might be good. Offer her a gentle prayer good friends.

She was my partner.

Hot debate. What do you think? Thumb up 31 Thumb down 0

Charles E. G. Pease November 2, 2015 12:07 am Reply

I am so sorry for your loss. I only met Theresa once, when my sister and I were seeking help re her (my sister's) adopted cat. She (Theresa) was enchanting- her engagement with all animals was so obvious- she traced Gypsy's history and what we needed to do for him. Now I can see her face and remember her voice- what a lovely girl she was and I am so sorry for you and for her family xxxxxxxx

Like or Dislike: Thumb up 3 Thumb down 0

Catherine Coussens November 17, 2015 6:56 pm Reply

Having explored all of the British mainland, and Ireland too, I came to the Isle of Mull with my partner, Janet, over 20 years ago. We loved the island for its sense of peace and the scenery. We wild-camped beside Loch-na-Keil and Loch Scridain, and many other beautiful places. We walked in places where no path existed, and saw no-one all day quite often.

We went into the local pubs on occasion, and in The Kinloch Hotel we met Charles and I commented on the interesting music playing softly in the background in the bar. We became friends and discussed odd music after the bar had emptied. One evening we were joined in the bar by Trevor, who ran one of the shops in Bunessan, and 3 little girls dressed in black bin liners. They had just come back from climbing Ben More, and apparently it was wet and cold up there, hence the make-do waterproofs!

Over successive visits to Mull, sometimes 2 or 3 visits per year, we made a point of heading for the Kinloch. In later years we met a variety of temporary bar staff there, and eventually were introduced to young Theresa who was working during school holidays etc. Conversation turned to horses, as Janet is a keen rider and has her own pony, and Theresa's love of animals was revealed. We became good friends and our visits to Mull were greatly enhanced by the friendship with Charles and

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Theresa, and felt like part of the community although only there for a few weeks each year. We were very impressed by Theresa's progress through her veterinary career. If time allowed when we visited, we would go for a walk up Ben Carsaig or Derrynaculen with Charles and Theresa. We have many happy memories of Mull, and of the welcome given to us by all the people we know there. It is an absolute tragedy that Theresa's life should be taken so young, and both Janet and I are very upset by her death, particularly in a road accident on roads she knew so well. Our great sympathy goes out to our good friend Charles in his loss, and to Theresa's parents and her sisters too. There seems little we can do from so far away. We will miss her, but on our return to Mull we shall visit the places we went to together. We have a photo we took on a walk up to the peak of Ben Carsaig, showing Theresa sitting on the top of the trig point there. We shall always think of her spirit being there looking down on all her friends on the island.

Ian Baker.....somewhere in rural Essex
[Like or Dislike: Thumb up 9 Thumb down 0](#)

[Ian Baker November 4, 2015 2:11 pm Reply](#)

well said charles she was an absolute treasure to the isle of mull

[Like or Dislike: Thumb up 7 Thumb down 0](#)

[katie mcewan November 5, 2015 11:14 pm Reply](#)

THERESA'S EULOGY (or Testament) NOTES

Theresa was born on the 26th of April 1986, and raised by her loving parents, Trevor and Mary within the heart of this communtiy of Bunessan, where she was soon joined by her two sisters, Rosie and then Louise. She attended the primary school here and flourished in her own singular way, surrounded by her small group of childhood friends, whom she cherished so very much. Her singular determination to study was noted from an early age, and fostered and encouraged within the home environment as soon before the age of 10, she expressed her first desire to be a vet..... on Mull. Presumptive perhaps, but a bold ambition for one so young. Her care and compassion for animals was first revealed by the presence of hamsters in her life, and it was a source of great delight to indulge with her friend Michelle, the art of hamster racing in the living room. A small beginning.... perhaps, but of later significance. Soon, the appearance of cats within the household, added another dimension to her life, for they were her companions during the day..... and at night, was never happier than to breach protocol and provide a night-time bed for her furry friends. Given that she was disposed to asthma, made no difference at all, for her animals were to be cherished, despite the fur and whiskers.... or should I say in spite of the fur and whiskers..... for indulgence became a byword for her nature. From Bunessan, she removed to Oban High school as a weekly boarder, as still that determination to study persisted. Initially she was cautious, never wishing to be seen to be excel, for such amidst her friends, may have been divisive. Much later however, this had to change and in examinations, anything graded less than A, took upon itself the nature of a national disaster, requiring the finest diplomatic skills to restore the status quo. And sometimes the sweet little angel, sometimes sprouted horns and growled, but only as a response to what she saw as her failings. It was often a delight to witness these transitions, which later would resolve in laughter all around. By then, she had gained a pony..... Skerry..... who though adored beyond measure, never marginalised the needs of the remainder of the family menagerie. But a day when Theresa might not be found cantering about Ardtun with her friends and sisters, Rosie and Louise, was a poor day indeed. Music too, was another aspect of her life, for she was encouraged by Trevor and Mary to learn to play an instrument. She chose the violin. In later years she found cats had little empathy with her sterling efforts, and frequently fled the house. Clearly cats for all or their feline interests, have no musical appreciation. But her singing enchanted all. More later still she learned to value and appreciate more contemporary music, most particularly that of these provinces. The band Skipinnish was perhaps her favourite of recent years and may be illustrated here today. Ceilidh dancing too was a particular joy to her. The more vigorous the dance, the better it was. Seldom was she happier than when she bested her partner and sent him skittering across the floor into the furnishings. Perhaps some gentlemen here today might bear the scars. Be sure to treasure them. Anyway. Throughout these years, both Mary and Trevor continued to foster and encourage their children in all that seemed to them appropriate. A love of the outdoors and the encouragement to seek and appreciate the world about them, often resulted in extended walking expeditons, often in other parts of Britain and sometimes beneath canvas. All the while these lessons were being absorbed, they learned of those attributes that make a person fit to enter into the wider world. Self-confidence, honour, integrity, truthfulness and compassion but above all, love.. We have long known that they did it well. Academic excellence was a byword for Theresa, and as the young girl blossomed into a young woman, the attractiveness of her kinder nature, was complimented by the most enchanting outward loveliness that touched so many. Then at the conclusion of her final year at Oban High, her efforts exceeded even her own expectations, culminating in the award of the Dux prize for academic achievement, and later, acceptance into the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine at the University of Glasgow. Again the unremitting studies remained her focus, whilst at home, she returned to her devotions to the animals, whom she loved unconditionally as being her equals. Between times, she worked away the summers earning money, to pack away for times when needed on this strenuous journey that she had embarked. Cautious and yet pragmatic, she ever seemed to climb these foothills into the higher regions of bold ambition, with ease. Never stopping, save to reflect upon the view, yet never taking

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her eyes off those whom she held so dear to her.

And then, a decade past, whilst engaged in Summer employment at the Kinloch in Pennyghael, one who had long been fascinated by her constancy in all that she touched, had come find a warm affection had turned to that fateful prospect of having fallen quite in love with her.

That the chemistry of many years of having known each other, was as it was, who can declare? But it was one fateful evening, that both Theresa and myself came to the realisation that our companionship was acceptable to both and committed the one to the other.

At this juncture, we must pause to consider the inner being and not the outward physical manifestations of the person, for Theresa held a deep and personal spirituality that didn't often reveal itself to the outward world. She held her communions to be a powerful and private thing. She wore little of it upon her sleeve.

For her that knowledge was the sublimation of all that mattered and a truth that to her was self-evident. That was the foundation; the anchor upon which we built our lives together. She was as constant to those truths as the evening star.

Returning to her studies, she attacked with a sense of greater urgency still, the need to excel and bring closure to her academic years. Intermediate awards were earned by her, which helped encourage her further..

That she was awarded her Bachelor's Degree in Veterinary Medicine was always, to those of us that watched, an inevitability. That it was an Honours degree, was the icing on the cake..... with of course, lots of cherries. It would be an understatement to say that she had made her parents and sisters proud. Her success was shared by so many in this her island home.

All too swiftly, she sought and obtained her first appointment as a veterinary surgeon, working alongside the late Mr. Chris Evans of Fort William, who mentored her through the first real-world life of a mixed practice vet. Happy does not begin to describe the feelings she had at that time, for now from the higher ridges of her ambition, the view had become immeasurably greater. Chris, according to his wife Fiona, tells me that he often spoke of Theresa as being being, "Tough." . I think that that would have delighted her.

Alas, the practice changed hands when Chris retired, and to her horror, became management led and that which had been joyful to her, had suddenly taken upon itself a quiet shade of grey. Worse still, she took away from her, her beloved Land-Rover, and told her to use a van instead!!

In consolation, she found the weekday companionship of two kittens, whom she named Oliver and Uisken, who travelled home with her each Friday night via Oban where she would visit her beloved parents and sisters, before returning home to Mull on the late boat and then, to return once more on Monday mornings, via the first boat out from Fishnish to Lochaline, to Fort William, to start another week.

But still there are miracles within this world, as though we hadn't seen enough already, for Theresa, had upon occasions, been invited to gain a little further experience now and then, in the practice of Mr. Jimmy Wilson. It took a little out of the weekend leisuretime..... though for her, it probably amounted to the same thing, but once again she found in Jimmy, a mentor whose experience on home ground was of immeasurable value.

Whether he was ever once aware of a younger girl staring at him with little beady eyes, in hope of following in his footsteps, we cannot say, but the thought appeals.

We may say however, that Jimmy saw within the woman that Theresa had become, a potential that was worthy of his faith and trust and one day, by chance, met Theresa in the passing at Craignure. He ventured on the spot, that since he had expectations of retiring, he wondered if she might wish to consider taking over his practice and to think it over. How can we even begin to imagine how she felt, to suppose she were considered a worthy successor to all that she had ever wished to hold, that of being our vet.

It needs be said, however, that Jimmy's trust in her ability was not misplaced, and that it was HE who showed her the final pathway to her summit of ambition, seems so apposite and so apt, for their minds were not so very different in the broader outlook.

Never did anyone resign a position more willingly, the day that she elected to leave Fort William. If tragedy there was, it was the loss of the companionship of her many friends that she had made there. But friendship in the truer sense, ever endures, for Theresa never ceased to remember those whom she loved. She was constant, and ever faithful.

For twelve months, Theresa worked in practice with Jimmy, learning the ropes as it were and steadily establishing herself as his trusted successor, and gaining the so-essential trust of those who may at first sight have had reservations for one so young..... and she knew she had to prove herself to others, in what can be a physically demanding profession.

How many of our farming brethren witnessed Theresa suppressing the wild determinations of an irate tup or ewe or watch amazed to see her confront cattle with a confidence that was unsettling, we cannot say. But they came to love her as she wrapped them oh so very gently round her fingers, with a smile. And I don't mean the livestock.

In July last year, she finally reached the summit of her life's ambition and formally established her company and took over the practice on this her island home. All that was left, was to improve and better herself and secure her reputation as one who would dedicate her life to the beloved animals who were her cause for being.

And so the days passed. She would often return home, sometimes a little battered and exhausted, but always happy to show the battle scars of the day and solicit a freely given comfort over her supper. No days were bad for her at all and her tomorrows were always ones of brightest expectation. Dogs, cats, pigs, birds too..... and much the more besides, all were part of her concern for their welfare.

Not long since, she returned home to tell of something most remarkable, for Mr. Hugh MacPhail had informed her that the farming community had accorded her a very great dignity indeed..... she was known privately to them, it seems, as the "Mighty Atom". This she delighted in, for she held it as a measure of the acceptance that she had proved herself. It was a badge of honour awarded by her own, for she was ever proud of being a Mulleach.

The all too tragic circumstances of her passing and our loss, would be diminished if we did not pause to reflect upon their consequences.

I must remind you again of the bedrock upon which her life was built, for it was unimpeachable. It was both the anchor and the chain that made all things good to her,

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that however great the storm, all would be well. The chain still holds, indeed grows stronger. The anchor, secure. Now, we bear witness in our grief, to that far more precious measure of the human condition.... the condition of love that is given unconditionally. It has surfaced over many recent days and in many differing forms, as we each reach out to one another in order that we accord one another comfort in this, a truly bitter trial. We have seen the entirety of an island community draw close as we mourn our loss, and hope for her sake, that the lessons will not be lost. For Theresa, this life was, in the greater scheme of things, but a port of call, it was never the end. Now her destination lies upon another shore. It was a short time we had her we know. But she burned so very brightly, that we shall not forget. For her, this moment was never the end of the journey, but the beginning. Be strong, for the anchor still holds..... and until that other day."

Notes used by Charles E. G. Pease, (Theresa's partner), at her funeral service on the 12th November 2015 at the Bunessan Hall, Isle of Mull.

"My father and I had the practice on Mull and Iona for over fifty years. Neither he nor I wished to work anywhere else but here. Theresa followed in our footsteps. It was her dream to work on the island where she was brought up and for the time that was given to her, she lived her dream. Theresa phoned me up one Friday evening in 2009 to tell me that she had just qualified. I congratulated her and asked her what she was doing the next day. Nothing she said. So I said that she could come and do the Saturday surgery. There was a bit of a silence and then she said she would phone me back. Within a short time the phone rang and she asked if I would be there so I said that I would be in the house but that Dot [*Dorothy MacLean, the practice nurse from Salen*] would keep her right. And so she had her first clinical experience on Mull as a fully qualified vet. She was young, clever, enthusiastic and a brilliant vet. Occasionally she gave me my place as the senior vet and would come to me with a question. She waited until I had thought about it and once I said what I would do about it, she would nod and then go off and do it her way. She came to the practice three years ago next month as a shy girl but recently she came into her own and had her day in the sun. When I first discussed the Sheep Veterinary Society coming to the island in September I asked her if that was alright with her. She was surprised and puzzled that I was asking her, she had forgotten that this was now her practice. She had made it her own. Her stamp was on it. She was committed to the island and its people and their animals both large and small that was why she wanted to come back to Mull to serve the community here. The Sheep Veterinary Society held her in very high regard and the visit was followed by very many letters and emails saying how much they had enjoyed their visit to her practice and how they had been impressed by Theresa. They thought that she was very brave to take on a solo veterinary practice and very impressed with her commitment to her clients and their animals both large and small. She was given the nick name "the Mighty Atom" at that meeting and it summed her up: nothing daunted her and she always persevered to the end of a task. Someone once said that it is not the time that we are given that is important but what we do with that time. Theresa was where she wanted to be, doing the job she loved in the place she loved.

Mr. James Wilson. Veterinary Surgeon to the Isles of Mull and Iona, from whom Theresa bought the practice, and who used these notes, as he spoke of Theresa at her funeral.

Man denies causing Mull vet's death

A MAN today (Monday) denied causing the death of a vet on the isle of Mull by dangerous driving. Thomas Wainwright, 27, from Valbonne, France, appeared in the dock at the High Court in Glasgow to plead not guilty and will stand trial next year. He is accused of driving while under the influence of alcohol, at speeds of up to 95mph and on the wrong side of the road. The Maserati Ghibli car he was driving was in collision with a van being driven by 29-year-old vet Theresa Wade on the A849 near to Craignure, Isle of Mull, on October 28, 2015. Wainwright is also charged with failing to provide a breath sample. Wainwright is also accused of performing 'doughnuts' with his car and driving the wrong way round a roundabout and on the wrong side of the road on various occasions between October 24 and 27 last year on the island. Judge Lady Rae set trial for March next year at the High Court in Glasgow. Miss Wade ran the island's only veterinary practice at Fishnish. She was travelling home from work to the Kinloch Hotel at Pennyghael, where she lived with partner Charles Pease, when the crash took place at 8.15pm. At the time her partner Mr Pease said: 'Theresa was one of life's bright stars that burned out all too soon. 'I feel absolutely beside myself because she was a young woman with great potential who was an exemplar for all that Mull, Oban, Argyll and even Scotland could present to the world.' She grew up on the Ross of Mull where her mother and father Mary and Trevor Wade ran Bayview Stores at Bunessan. *The Oban Times on September 5th, 2016*

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with BVMS (Hons.) MRCVS in Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Glasgow.
- She was educated at Bunessan Primary School in Bunessan, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland.

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- She was educated at Oban High School in Oban, Argyll, Scotland.
- She was educated at Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Glasgow in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland.
- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon in 2009-2013 in Fort William, Highland Region, Scotland.
- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon to the Isles of Mull and Iona in 2009 in Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland.
- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon to the Isles of Mull and Iona in 2013-2015 in Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland.

19-Jane Elizabeth Gurney Pease

Jane married **Colin Charles Bright**, son of **William Charles John Bright** and **Doris Sutton**. They had three children: **Lucy Emma Jane**, **Thomas Edward**, and **Olivia Lucy Kate**.

20-**Lucy Emma Jane Bright**³⁴⁸ was born on 14 Nov 1990 in Berne, Switzerland, died on 17 Nov 1990 in Berne, Switzerland, and was buried in St. Catherine's Church, Eskdale, Cumbria.

General Notes: Lucy was cremated in Switzerland and her ashes were later interred with those of her Great-grandparents, Cyril and Sally Bulman.

20-Thomas Edward Bright

Thomas married **Marsaili Isabel Lara Gunn**, daughter of **Prof. George Gunn** and **Laura**. They had one daughter: **Sophie Alice**.

21-Sophie Alice Bright

20-Olivia Lucy Kate Bright

17-**Sarah Charlotte Pease**^{8,12,247} was born on 1 Sep 1858 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Apr 1929 in Godalming, Surrey at age 70, and was buried in FBG Reigate.

General Notes: **Mon 22 April 1929** - Motored to Howard's sister's at Reigate, a beautifully sunny day & we laid my dear sister's body in the pretty burial ground there (Reigate) - a thrush sang loudly during the time at the grave - Had some talk with Howard - poor man, he looks a wreck - we lunched at the Brewery on our way there - Cyril Pease returned with us to Birch Hall. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Sarah married **Howard Hodgkin**,^{12,62,247} son of **John Hodgkin**^{2,9,26,57,59,69,198,225,290,353} and **Elizabeth Haughton**,^{2,9,57,69,290} on 17 Feb 1897 in Guisborough, Yorkshire. Howard was born on 11 Apr 1857 in Bruce Grove, Tottenham, London, died on 11 Apr 1933 in Godalming, Surrey at age 76, and was buried in FBG Reigate. They had one son: **Andrew John**.

General Notes: While we were there we got the news of Howard Hodgkin's death on his birthday 11th April (on the anniversary of our little Judy's death, Easter Eve 1925) - he was buried by Lottie at Reigate on the 14th - I had written to him for his birthday - I shall miss him very much, & his & Lottie's home comes to an end - he was about 2 months older than I am . He had a stroke on April 4 -"

Detail from the Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease. April 1932.

Hodgkin, Howard.

Adm. pens. (age 18) at JESUS, Oct. 1, 1875. [6th] s. of John [barrister-at-law, of Lewes, Sussex]. B. [Apr. 11, 1857], at Tottenham, Middlesex. School, Grove House (a Quaker school), Tottenham. Matric. Michs. 1875; (Hist. Trip., 1st Class, 1878); B.A. 1879; M.A. 1882. Adm. at Lincoln's Inn, Jan. 14, 1879. Called to the Bar, Nov. 17, 1882. Practised as an Equity Draftsman and Conveyancer. Principal Clerk in the Charity Commission. Closely concerned with the Society of Friends. Died Apr. 11, 1932, at Farncombe, Surrey. Buried at Reigate. (Inns of Court; Foster, Men at the Bar; Law Lists; The Times, Apr. 12, 1932.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Barrister Lincolns Inn.
- He worked as a Principal Clerk for the Charity Commission in London.
- He had a residence in Hillcroft, Claygate, Surrey.

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18-**Andrew John Hodgkin**¹² was born on 14 Jan 1899 in 38 Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington, London, died on 9 Sep 1980 in Dunedin, New Zealand at age 81, and was buried in Crookston Cemetery, Roxburgh, Central Otago, New Zealand.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1916-1919.
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Farmer in New Zealand.

Andrew married **Nancy Milner Broadbent**,¹² daughter of **Capt. Frederick Milner Broadbent** and **Cecilia Wilkinson**, on 3 Sep 1932 in Peel Forest, New Zealand. Nancy was born on 8 Jul 1906 in Osborne, Isle Of Wight and died on 29 Dec 1995 at age 89.

Andrew next married **Nancy Stewart Alcock**, daughter of **Albert Clarence Alcock** and **Marjorie Martin Monro**, on 22 Sep 1945 in Dunedin, New Zealand. Nancy was born on 20 Jan 1916 in Dunedin, New Zealand, died on 9 Mar 2010 in Dunedin, New Zealand at age 94, and was buried on 15 Mar 2010 in Crookston Cemetery, Roxburgh, Central Otago, New Zealand. They had three children: **Howard John**, **Eliot Neil**, and **Philippa Marjorie**.

19-**Howard John Hodgkin** was born on 15 Dec 1946 in Dunedin, New Zealand and died in 1970 at age 24.

19-**Eliot Neil Hodgkin**

Eliot married **Vyvienne Isabel**.

19-**Philippa Marjorie Hodgkin**

Philippa married **John Bell**.

17-**Rt. Hon. Joseph Albert Pease 1st Baron Gainford**^{2,6,8,9,12,15,247,324,337,354} was born on 17 Jan 1860 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Feb 1943 in Headlam Hall, Gainford, County Durham at age 83, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Joseph Albert (Jack) Pease. Always known to family as Jack.

Pease, Joseph Albert [Jack], first Baron Gainford (1860– 1943), politician, was born at Woodlands, Darlington, on 17 January 1860, the younger son of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, bt (1828– 1903), industrialist and banker, and his wife, Mary Fox (d. 1892). Jack Pease, as he was known, enjoyed an early life of wealth and privilege in one of Britain's most prominent Quaker industrial and political dynasties. Like his older brother, Alfred Edward Pease, he was educated at Grove House, Tottenham, a Quaker school. He was afterwards privately tutored by Mandell Creighton before following Alfred to Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1878. He took an undistinguished BA in 1882, but shone as secretary of the amateur dramatic club, was master of the university drag hounds, and represented the university at polo, rugby, and putting the weight. He captained the Trinity cricket eleven, was twelfth man for the university, and was then a founder member and captain of the Durham county side. Wisden records that he continued to play until, at the age of seventy-four, his inability to take quick singles persuaded him it was time to retire. Cambridge friends such as J. M. (Harry) Paulton and Eddie Tennant (later Lord Glenconner) shared enduring interests in sport and politics. Tennant's sister Margot, whose passion for riding to hounds matched Pease's, was also to become a lifelong friend. Her marriage to H. H. Asquith drew Pease into the upper social circles of the Liberal Party. Comfortable berths in the family coal and banking enterprises had afforded him sufficient leisure to embark on a career in politics. A Durham county councillor from 1887 until 1902, Pease was mayor of Darlington during 1888– 9 (Britain's youngest mayor). Elected MP for Tynemouth in 1892, he was parliamentary private secretary (1893– 5) to John Morley as chief secretary for Ireland, a post to which he aspired himself in the latter years of Asquith's premiership. Made a whip in 1897, Pease faithfully understudied Herbert Gladstone. In opposition he made well-publicized noises about not being a pro-Boer without ever aligning himself unequivocally with the Liberal Imperialists. A more serious impediment to his advancement when Campbell-Bannerman came to power was the collapse of the Pease fortunes (1902), a calamity largely attributable to his father's improvident management of the family businesses. Generous friends rescued him from the brink of bankruptcy, but Pease's reduced circumstances were to make personal financial concerns a continuing distraction thereafter. Pease's formidable wife Ethel (Elsie; d. 1941) , whom he had married on 18 October 1886, was particularly irked at the curb on her social ambitions. The daughter of Sir Henry Marshman Havelock-Allan, Bt, and granddaughter of the hero of Lucknow, Sir Henry Havelock, Elsie's hopes for her son and two daughters were as undisguised as her ambition for her husband. His elevation as Asquith's patronage secretary to the Treasury in 1908 brought limited satisfaction. Successful reorganization of the Liberal Party machinery and unobtrusively effective parliamentary management during the budget turbulence of 1909 impressed the prime minister. Asquith brought him into the cabinet as chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster notwithstanding the loss of his Saffron Walden seat in January 1910. A move to Rotherham gave him a constituency that was safe as long as the local miners did not unite behind a Labour candidate.

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Pease's promotion to the cabinet mystified colleagues such as Walter Runciman, Edwin Montagu, and Lloyd George (who blamed him for the Liberals' poor showing in the January 1910 election). But Asquith, appreciating his loyalty, saw him as the man to carry forward the government's programme of franchise and electoral reform. When Pease's Franchise Bill foundered on the rocks of women's suffrage in January 1913, his dismay, like Asquith's, was tempered by relief that votes for women had been thwarted without splitting the government. A bigger disappointment was his failure as president of the Board of Education to enact major educational reforms. His appointment in October 1911 coincided with the departure of the permanent secretary, Sir Robert Morant. Pease reshuffled the senior staff of the ministry, choosing a team led by L. A. Selby-Bigge that responded well to a competent, congenial, and considerate chief. With George Newman, Pease greatly expanded school medical services. He strengthened the board's relations with teachers and improved professional training. When war came he encouraged his new parliamentary secretary, Christopher Addison, in mobilizing the nation's scientific and industrial research resources.

Remaining in the cabinet which made the decisions for war with Germany in 1914 was deeply troubling for Pease. He tried unavailingly to dissuade his son from enlisting, and was an early supporter of the Friends' Ambulance Unit. But he resigned from the presidency of the Peace Society and thenceforth publicly defended the government's position. Pushed to the margins of high policy making, he undertook relief co-ordination tasks and introduced educational and leisure activities in army training camps, overcoming ill-judged resistance from Lord Kitchener. A casualty of the May 1915 coalition, Pease served as an unpaid member of the War Claims Commission in France. He was embarrassed by the need to seek a political pension, but by late 1915 he had secured a £2000 a year consultancy by placing his coal industry expertise and political connections at the disposal of his old friend Christopher Furness.

An invitation to rejoin the government as postmaster-general (outside the cabinet), following Sir John Simon's resignation and Herbert Samuel's promotion in January 1916, delayed Pease's return to active business life. But revived hopes of political advancement were effectively extinguished by the formation of the Lloyd George coalition. Ennobled (3 January 1917) as Baron Gainford in the Asquith resignation honours, Pease became a leading figure in the post-war industrial world. He spoke for the Mining Association of Great Britain before the coal industry commission in 1919 and was elected president of the Federation of British Industries for 1927– 8. As a 'prominent public man unconnected with any of the constituent companies' (Gainford MSS) he was asked to chair the infant British Broadcasting Company in 1922. He became a radio enthusiast, and was deputy chairman and a governor of the corporation from 1927 to 1932.

Well known in his retirement for his fishing (and a related concern for water conservation), hunting, shooting, and embroidery, Pease made faltering attempts to write his memoirs. His journals from 1908 to 1915, unknown to scholars for fifty years, are a revealing chronicle of Liberal politics. He died at his home, Headlam Hall, Gainford, co. Durham, on 15 February 1943.

Cameron Hazlehurst

Pease, Joseph Albert.
Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 1, 1878. [2nd] s. of Joseph Whitwell [M.P.] (1st Bart.), of Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorks. [and Mary, dau. of Alfred Fox, of Falmouth].
B. [Jan. 17], 1860, at Darlington, Durham.
School, Grove House, Tottenham, London (private). Matric. Michs. 1878; B.A. 1882; M.A. 1885.
Of Headlam Hall, Gainford, Durham.
Mayor of Darlington, 1889.
Private Secretary to the Rt. Hon.
John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland, 1893-5. M.P. for the Tyneside Division of Northumberland, 1892-1900; for Saffron Walden, 1901-10; for Rotherham, 1910-16.
Junior Whip, 1897-1905; Junior Lord of the Treasury, 1905-8. P.C., 1908.
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, 1910-11.
President of the Board of Education, 1911-15; Postmaster-General, 1916.
Created 1st Baron Gainford of Headlam, Durham, Jan. 3, 1917.
On Claims Commission in France and Italy, 1915-20.
Interested in a number of industrial companies, including Pease and Partners, colliery owners.
President of the Federation of British Industries, 1927-8. Chairman of the B.B.C., 1922-6; Vice-Chairman, 1926-32.
Member of Advisory Committee to Board of Education on the Victoria and Albert Museum.
Married, Oct. 18, 1886, Ethel, dau. of Lieut.-Gen.
Sir Henry Marshman Havelock-Allan, 1st Bart., V.C., G.C.B., M.P., and had issue.
Died Feb. 15, 1943, at Headlam Hall.
Brother of Alfred E. (1876).
(Schoolmasters' Directories; Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Who's Who; The Times, Feb. 16, 1943.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Quaker.
- He was educated at Grove House school in Tottenham, London.

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- He worked as a Partner in J. & J. W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Mayor of Darlington 1889 To 1890 in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a MP for Tyneside 1892 To 1900.
- He worked as a MP for Saffron Walden 1901 To 1910.
- He worked as a Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasury 1908 To 1910.
- He worked as a MP for Rotherham 1910 To 1917.
- He worked as a Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster 1910 To 1911.
- He had a residence in Headlam Hall, Gainford, County Durham.
- He worked as a President of the Board of Education 1911 To 1915.
- He worked as a Served on the committee of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1919.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 8 Hertford Street, Mayfair, London.
- He worked as a Postmaster General in 1916.
- He worked as a Chairman of the BBC 1922 To 1926.
- He had a residence in 1940 in 18 Mansfield Street, London.

Joseph married **Ethel Havelock-Allan**,^{2,12,247,337,354} daughter of **Lt. General Sir Henry Marshman Havelock-Allan 1st Bt.**^{213,247} and **Lady Alice Reynolds-Moreton**,²¹³ on 19 Oct 1886 in Darlington, County Durham. Ethel was born on 1 Nov 1868 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada, died on 22 Oct 1941 in Headlam Hall, Gainford, County Durham at age 72, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had three children: **Miriam Blanche**, **Joseph**, and **Faith Muriel**.

18-**Hon. Miriam Blanche Pease**^{227,247,337,354} was born on 22 Aug 1887 in London and died on 30 Jan 1965 at age 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 37 Chester Row, London.
- She worked as a Deputy Superintendent, Midland Division, HM Inspectorate of Factories.
- She had a residence in North Berwick, Scotland.

18-**Maj. Joseph Pease 2nd Baron Gainford**^{337,354,355} was born on 8 Mar 1889 in Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 23 Sep 1971 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll at age 82, and was buried in Carsaig Cemetery, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Quaker.
- He was educated at Eton College.
- He worked as an officer of the Lovat Scouts 1914 To 1918.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He had a residence in Swale House, Richmond, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll.
- He had a residence in Duntaynish, Tayvallich, Argyll.

Joseph married **Veronica Margaret Noble**,^{337,354,355} daughter of **Sir George John William Noble 2nd Bt.** and **Mary Ethel Walker-Waters**, on 3 Feb 1921 in London. Veronica was born on 3 Mar 1900, died on 5 Nov 1995 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll at age 95, and was buried in Carsaig Cemetery, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll. They had three children: **Joseph Edward**, **George**, and **John Michael**.

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General Notes: Veronica, Lady Gainford; born March 3, 1900, died November 6, 1995 VERONICA Gainford, had a remarkable memory - what sometimes seemed like total recall; of the books she read, of the volumes of poetry she learnt as a girl, of the appearance of the world in which she grew up and of public events throughout this century. It is difficult to conceive that an event as utterly remote as the death of Edward VII in 1910 could be vividly recalled by someone alive until ``yesterday"; or the sinking of the Titanic, or seeing Pavlova dance and theatre productions by Granville Barker. Memories of being taken as a little girl to call on Florence Nightingale, of having Baden-Powell as a god-father; of being taught to fly by Val Baker, who also taught Amy Johnson. She recounted her childhood and youth in a compelling memoir privately published in 1992. She was the only child of Sir George Noble, 2nd Baronet of Ardmore and Ardarden, elder son of Sir Andrew Noble, who came from Dunbartonshire and who became chairman of Armstrong Whitworth on the Tyne. Her mother, Molly Waters, was one of a large Irish family; another of the girls married George Noble's younger brother John. Veronica Noble grew up with lots of cousins and her descriptions of life in the large houses of well-to-do Edwardians make fascinating reading, particularly her accounts of holidays spent at her grandfather's houses, Jesmond outside Newcastle and Ardkinglas on the shores of Loch Fyne. ``Twelve Nobles are always talking at once, six can't hear and the other six won't listen," she said described fairly well the family meals. Her parents seem to have believed in education, even for a girl, and she had a succession of governesses as well as attending St Paul's and the famous Northlands, kept by Sophy Weisse, a woman of German extraction who had been at school with Robert Louis Stevenson and whose father had settled in Edinburgh as the ``only truly liberal town" in Europe. At Northlands games were not of high importance but Ellen Terry came to talk about Shakespeare and Mme Suggia to play her cello. The First World War spelled the end of a certain way of life but in 1919 George Noble took his daughter by air to Paris in a Handley Page bomber done up to accommodate passengers with mauve satin brocade and wicker armchairs. During the war, at the age of 17, she had learnt to drive a car and in 1916 got to ride in one of the first tanks, made at the Armstrong factory at Elswick. She also learned dairy farming, book binding, spinning, embroidery, and knitting; her knitting skills were exceptional, as was her knowledge of the traditional Highland crafts. Later she collected and published a book of patterns for kilt hose which ran to four editions and has now been taken over and re-published by enthusiasts in the United States. Following her marriage in 1921 to Joseph Pease, of the Yorkshire mine-owning family, whose forebear had backed George Stephenson's Stockton and Darlington Railway, she went to live in Yorkshire at Swale, Richmond. Her three sons were born in 1921, 1926, and 1930, and family life was combined with what sounds like a somewhat hectic social whirl, revolving round the racing calendar and the sporting seasons. Veronica herself enjoyed fishing, stalking, and swimming. In 1935, while staying at Glen Fyne Lodge for the fishing she saw, fell in love with, and bought Taynish near Tayvallich and by the autumn she and her family had moved in. They lived in this magic place until the terrible fire in 1955; three miles of pot-holed track to the nearest telephone didn't help extinguish the flames quickly. After the Second World War the two older Pease boys resumed their studies in Edinburgh and visits to Taynish became a keenly anticipated pleasure for their friends. Joe (who succeeded to the title in 1943) and Veronica Gainford worked very hard to provide a warm welcome, plentiful home-grown food, including milk, eggs and vegetables, and endless activity and laughter. Changed circumstances and post-war austerity had not diminished the skills of such generous hosts. Veronica Gainford took an active part in the life of the village and country during the 60 years she lived there. She was a member of the central council of the SWRI for many years and for a period chairman of the Argyll federation. Later she published a book on Tayvallich and Taynish which is a mine of information on local history, families, farming, buildings, flora and fauna. The Taynish peninsula itself is one of the largest remaining oak woods left in Britain. Much of it was acquired by Scottish National Heritage and since 1977 has been run as a national nature reserve. Veronica Gainford had friends of all ages and a wide range of interests. She loved company but needed solitude for spiritual nourishment. For a number of years she was interested in the teachings of Ouspensky and the ideas of the great Jesuit palaeontologist Teilhard de Chardin. Until last year she made an annual visit to Iona; in the special qualities of the island she found spiritual and physical replenishment. She asserted that after being there a few days she could walk right across the hilly island which she couldn't do on arrival! In her 80's she took part in a 12-mile sponsored walk from Lochgilphead to Tayvallich. She led the reels at her crowded 90th birthday party and we were all confidently looking forward to her 100th. Only a few days before her death she was alert and enjoying a dram and a joke with friends or relatives but her 20-year battle against cancer was finally lost on November 6.

The Herald. 2 Dec 1995

For several years, from the time when I took over the Kinloch Hotel on the Isle of Mull in January 1991, Veronica would stay with me; principally as a member of the family and treated as such, but with the respect accorded to a guest. This would also incorporate a visit to the Isle of Iona where she would also stay. I would only say that she was a delightful and fascinating lady, for whom I had the utmost respect and my remembrance of her, is one of great affection and delight. She had stayed here before, in the days when Frank and Shelagh Bennett owned it. I too had stayed here at a later time, before ever supposing that one day it would be my home.*Charles E. G. Pease*

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Taigh na Seanamhair, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll.

19-Joseph Edward Pease 3rd Baron Gainford^{343,354} was born on 25 Dec 1921 in London and died on 4 Apr 2013 in Marlow, Buckinghamshire at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at West Downs Preparatory School in Winchester, Hampshire.
- He was educated at Eton College in 1934-1937.

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- He was educated at Gordonstoun in 1938.
- He was awarded with FRGS.
- He worked as a Served as Sergeant with the RAFVR in 1941-1946.
- He worked as a Surveyor. Hunting Aerosurveys Ltd. In 1947.
- He worked as a surveyor with the Directorate of Colonial Surveys in 1951.
- He worked as a Surveyor. Soil Mechanics Ltd. In 1953.
- He worked as a President of the 230 Squadron Association.

Joseph married **Margaret Theophila Radcliffe Tyndale**,^{343,354} daughter of **Henry Edmund Guise Tyndale** and **Ruth Isabel Walcott Radcliffe**, on 21 Mar 1953 in London. Margaret was born on 28 Jan 1925 in London and died on 14 Dec 2010 at age 85. They had two children: **Joanna Ruth Miriam** and **Virginia Claire Margaret**.

20-**Hon. Joanna Ruth Miriam Pease**

20-**Hon. Virginia Claire Margaret Pease**

19-**George Pease 4th Baron Gainford**

George married **Flora Daphne Dyce-Sharp**,³⁴³ daughter of **Dr. Neville Alexander Dyce-Sharp** and **Flora MacDonald**, on 18 Jan 1958 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Flora was born on 23 Nov 1924 in London and died on 3 Dec 2010 in Naemoor Gardens, Rumbling Bridge, Kinross at age 86. They had four children: **Olivia Daphne**, **Adrian Christopher**, **Matthew Edward**, and **Samantha Rachel**.

20-**Hon. Olivia Daphne Pease**

Olivia married **Dr. Stephen Langford**, son of **Roy Langford**. They had two children: **Rachel Veronica** and **Esther Rebecca**.

21-**Rachel Veronica Langford**

Rachel married **Luke Catley**. They had one daughter: **Hannah**.

22-**Hannah Catley**

21-**Esther Rebecca Langford**

20-**Hon. Adrian Christopher Pease**

20-**Hon. Matthew Edward Pease**

Matthew married **Barbara Griffiths**, daughter of **E. R. John Griffiths**. They had four children: **Felix George**, **Clara Jutta**, **Verity Flora**, and **Silas John**.

21-**Felix George Pease**

21-**Clara Jutta Pease**

21-**Verity Flora Pease**

21-**Silas John Pease**

20-**Hon. Samantha Rachel Pease**

Samantha married **Peter Baker**. They had one daughter: **Nicola**.

21-**Nicola Baker**

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19-**Hon. John Michael Pease**^{343,354,355} was born on 22 Sep 1930 in London and died on 4 Jun 2007 at age 76.

General Notes: It is strange how the passage of years comes to explain aspects of the past. In June 1016, still reeling from the death of my beloved Theresa, I found myself helping to manage her veterinary practice, here on the Isle of Mull, I had the pleasure of meeting Margaret Lister, a locum veterinary surgeon, who gave some of her time to assist the practice. Her home was near Lochgilphead, and recalled John Pease well, the more especially when he was both a child and a young man. She spoke well and spoke kindly of him. Such seems the perfect epitaph that we all might claim in our actions. I am always comforted by the thought that I live in a small world.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wester Elchies Prep School in Aberlour, Moray, Scotland.
- He was educated at Gordonstoun.

John married **Margaret Shaw**,³⁴³ daughter of **Duncan F. Shaw**, on 1 Jun 1962. The marriage ended in divorce in 1997. Margaret died on 24 Nov 2006 in Oban, Argyll and was buried on 2 Dec 2006 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll. They had three children: **David Michael**, **Andrew Joseph**, and **Daniel John**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1997.

20-David Michael Pease

David married **Pauline Reid**. They had two children: **Victoria Helena** and **Emily Iona**.

21-Victoria Helena Pease

21-Emily Iona Pease

20-Andrew Joseph Pease

20-Daniel John Pease

Daniel married **Joanne McBrearty**. They had three children: **Tianna Trinity**, **Cairn Macaulay**, and **Senan Isaac**.

21-Tianna Trinity Pease

21-Cairn Macaulay Pease

21-Senan Isaac Pease

18-**Hon. Faith Muriel Pease**^{337,354} was born on 4 Jun 1902 in London and died on 15 Feb 1935 in London at age 32.

Faith married **Major Michael Wentworth Beaumont**,^{3,354} son of **Hon. Hubert George De Burgh Beaumont** and **Elisa Mercedes Grace**, on 29 Feb 1924. Michael was born on 8 Feb 1903 and died on 19 Dec 1958 in Harristown House, Brannockstown, Co. Kildare at age 55. They had one son: **Timothy Wentworth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a MP Aylesbury.
- He had a residence in Wotton House, Wotton Underwood, Buckinghamshire.

19-**Rev'd. The Rt. Hon. Timothy Wentworth Beaumont 1st Baron Beaumont** was born on 22 Nov 1928 in London and died on 8 Apr 2008 at age 79.

General Notes: The Rev. The Rt. Hon. Timothy Beaumont. Lord Beaumont

Timothy married **Mary Rose Wauchope**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Charles Edward Wauchope** and **Elaine Margaret Armstrong-Jones**. They had four children: **Hubert Wentworth**, **Alaric Charles Wentworth**, **Atalanta Armstrong**, and **Ariadne Grace**.

20-Hon. Hubert Wentworth Beaumont

Hubert married **Katherine Emma Abel-Smith**, daughter of **Col. Richard Francis Abel-Smith** and **Marcia Kendrew**. They had four children: **Amelia May**, **George Wentworth**, **Richard Christian**, and **Michael Patrick**.

21-Amelia May Beaumont

Amelia married **Simon Peregrine Gauvain Murray**, son of **Ormiston Gauvain Nigel Murray** and **Shirley Arbuthnot**. They had two children: **Matilda Alice** and **Archibald Peregrine**.

22-Matilda Alice Murray

22-Archibald Peregrine Murray

21-George Wentworth Beaumont

George married **Katherine Hannah F. Fitzpatrick**.

21-Richard Christian Beaumont

21-Michael Patrick Beaumont

Hubert next married **Noella Murphy**. They had one daughter: **Isobella**.

21-Isobella Beaumont

20-Hon. **Alaric Charles Wentworth Beaumont** was born on 22 Apr 1958 in Hong Kong, China and died on 2 Dec 1980 in Road Accident at age 22.

20-Hon. **Atalanta Armstrong Beaumont**

Atalanta married **Dr. Stephen Francis Bungay**. They had two children: **Felix Nicholas** and **Caspar Stephen**.

21-Felix Nicholas Bungay

21-Caspar Stephen Bungay

20-Hon. **Ariadne Grace Beaumont**

Ariadne married **Mario Calvo-Platero**, son of **Guido Calvo-Platero**. They had three children: **Oliver Guido**, **Milo Alaric**, and **Clio**.

21-Oliver Guido Calvo-Platero

21-Milo Alaric Calvo-Platero

21-Clio Calvo-Platero

17-Maud Mary Pease^{12,247} was born on 18 Jul 1862 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 28 Feb 1947 in Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 84, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

17-Helen Blanche Pease^{4,12,213,247} was born on 18 Nov 1865 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 16 Mar 1951 in Darlington, County Durham at age 85, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

18-Michael Lloyd Pease was born on 10 Jan 1891 in Hurworth on Tees, County Durham, died on 10 Jun 1968 at age 77, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Cargo Fleet Iron Company in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

18-**Cyril Pease** was born on 11 Dec 1891 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 31 Jul 1950 in London at age 58, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

18-**Mary Cecilia Pease**^{26,235} was born on 12 Dec 1892 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham and died on 27 Jul 1975 in 20 Bridge Road, Blackwell, Darlington, County Durham at age 82.

19-**Dorothy Helen Mounsey** was born on 10 Aug 1922 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 Jul 2012 in Darlington, County Durham at age 89, and was buried on 27 Jul 2012 in Memorial meeting, FMH Darlington.

19-**Priscilla Mary Mounsey**

20-**Richard John Nunn**

19-**Anthony Edward Mounsey**

20-**Anthony Michael Mounsey**

20-**Nicola Marian Mounsey**

19-**David Reginald Mounsey**

20-**Helen Margaret Mounsey**

20-**Catherine Mary Mounsey**

19-**Margaret Lucy Mounsey**

20-**Christopher David Woodford Pratt**

20-**Rosemary Priscilla Pratt**

18-**Henry Alfred Pease** was born on 24 Apr 1894 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 4 Nov 1926 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 32, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

18-**Robert Pease** was born on 12 Jun 1898 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 20 Oct 1937 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 39, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

18-**Helen Maud Pease** was born on 8 May 1901 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 26 Sep 1929 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 28, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

17-**Lucy Ethel Pease**^{4,12,247,271,324,356} was born on 12 Jul 1867 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 24 Jul 1940 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 73, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

General Notes: Mrs. Gerald Buxton on " Phroso" is another of those who are able to share the pleasures of Fox-hunting with a partner equally fond of it. She has inherited all the love of the sport which runs in the Pease family, and is sister to Mr. A. E. Pease, who wrote the " History of the Cleveland Hounds " and other sporting books, and of Mr. J. A. Pease. Both brothers have won the House of Commons Point-to-Point. " Phroso," the animal upon which she is depicted, is a fair type of the class of horse which, with perfect seat and good hands,

she rides with so much judgment and discretion with hounds.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with OBE.

Lucy married **Gerald Buxton**,^{4,213,247,271,324,356,357} son of **Edward North Buxton**^{247,357} and **Emily Digby**, on 3 Dec 1890 in Guisborough, Yorkshire. Gerald was born on 30 Oct 1862 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex, died on 2 Mar 1928 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 65, and was buried on 6 Mar 1928 in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex. They had four children: **Blanche Emily**, **Edward North**, **Rebekah Mary**, and **Joseph Alfred**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP. DL.
- He resided at Birch Hall in Theydon Bois, Essex.

18-**Blanche Emily Buxton** was born on 15 Nov 1891 in Theydon Bois, Essex, died in 1971 at age 80, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

18-**Lt. Col. Edward North Buxton**²⁷¹ was born on 7 Feb 1894 in Theydon Bois, Essex and died on 10 Sep 1957 in London at age 63.

Edward married **Sybil O'Neill**,²⁷¹ daughter of **Hon. Arthur Edward Bruce O'Neill** and **Lady Annabel Hungerford Crewe-Milnes**, on 6 Jun 1924 in London. Sybil was born on 15 Dec 1902 and died on 26 Jul 1946 in High Beech, Loughton at age 43. They had two children: **Morna Annabel** and **Mark Gerald Edward North**.

19-**Morna Annabel Buxton**

Morna married **Dr. Clive Ernest Arkle**, son of **Alexander Septimus Arkle** and **Lilian Octavia Glynn**, on 3 Feb 1951 in High Beech, Essex. Clive was born on 11 Jun 1922 in Liverpool and died in 1991 at age 69. They had four children: **Alexander Edward Buxton**, **Bridget Aycliffe Buxton**, **Alwyn Gerald Buxton**, and **Ann Daphne Buxton**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB.
- He worked as a Surgeon.

20-**Alexander Edward Buxton Arkle**

20-**Bridget Aycliffe Buxton Arkle**

20-**Alwyn Gerald Buxton Arkle**

20-**Ann Daphne Buxton Arkle**

Ann married **Stephen Derek Pitts**.

19-**Mark Gerald Edward North Buxton**

Mark married **Leucha Daphne Mary Warner**, daughter of **Col. Sir Edward Courtenay Thomas Warner 2nd Bt.** and **Hon. Nesta Douglas-Pennant**, on 19 Jul 1962. Leucha was born on 24 Jan 1929 and died on 7 Feb 2012 at age 83. They had two children: **Edward North** and **Terence Mark**.

20-**Edward North Buxton**

Edward married **Fiona Helen Shaw**, daughter of **E. Nicholas Shaw**, in 1992. Fiona died on 17 Jun 2014. They had one son: **Nicholas Edward North**.

21-**Nicholas Edward North Buxton**

20-**Terence Mark Buxton**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Edward next married **Daphne Rosemary Munro**, daughter of **H. N. Munro**.

18-**Rebekah Mary Buxton**³⁵⁶ was born on 21 Jan 1900 in Theydon Bois, Essex and died on 24 Jul 1985 at age 85.

Rebekah married **Col. Sir Ralph Stephenson Clarke**,³⁵⁶ son of **Col. Stephenson Robert Clarke**³⁵⁶ and **Edith Gertrude Godman**,³⁵⁶ on 15 Dec 1921 in Theydon Bois, Essex. Ralph was born on 17 Aug 1892 in London and died on 19 May 1970 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 77. They had three children: **Anne Stephenson**, **Robert Nunn Stephenson**, and **Simon Edward Stephenson**.

General Notes: Colonel Sir Ralph Stephenson Clarke held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.). He graduated with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was invested as a Knight Commander, Order of the British Empire (K.B.E.). He was decorated with the award of Territorial Decoration (T.D.). He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) (Conservative) for East Grinstead between 1936 and 1955. Will was proved 10th June 1971DL (1932), Lord of the Manor of Briddlesford and Wootton, and Patron of the living of Shanklin, Isle of Wight, memb E Sussex CC from 1934, Alderman 1953, chm 1958-61, MP for East Grinstead div. of E Sussex 1936-55, Col TA, late Lt-Col cmdg 98th (Surrey and Sussex Yeo), Q.MO Field Bde RA, TA, served in WW I 1914-19 (wounded), and in WW II 1939-44 (despatches), Hon Col 344th (Sussex Yeo), L.AA/S.L. Regt, RA, TA 1947-58, Citizen and Clothworker of London (Assistant from 1949, Master 1962-63)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD DL MP.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He resided at Borde Hill in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex.
- He resided at Brook House in Ardingly, Sussex.
- He worked as a MP East Grinstead 1936 To 1955.

19-**Anne Stephenson Clarke**³⁵⁶ was born on 1 Mar 1923 and died on 13 Oct 1967 at age 44.

19-**Robert Nunn Stephenson Clarke**³⁵⁶ was born on 17 Apr 1925 in London and died in 1987 at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Hoathly Hill in West Hoathly, Crawley, Sussex.

Robert married **Juana Nidia Gereth Bickersteth-Wheeler**,³⁵⁶ daughter of **Lt. Col. John Bickersteth-Wheeler** and **Bianca Santhez Lozano Hidalgo Vergara**, on 23 Apr 1949 in Highbrook, Sussex. The marriage ended in divorce in 1967. Juana was born on 9 Jun 1928 in Santiago, Chile, died on 8 Apr 2013 in Halliwell Care Home, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 84, and was buried on 25 Apr 2013 in All Saints', Highbrook, West Sussex. They had three children: **Marylynn Jane Stephenson**, **Roland Rafael**, and **Andrewjohn Patrick Stephenson**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with RCM (Hon).

20-**Marylynn Jane Stephenson Clarke**

20-**Roland Rafael Clarke**

Roland married **Joanna**.

20-**Andrewjohn Patrick Stephenson Clarke**

Andrewjohn married **Eleni Charalambos**. They had one daughter: **Jay Robin Stephenson**.

21-**Jay Robin Stephenson Clarke**

19-**Capt. Simon Edward Stephenson Clarke**³⁵⁶ was born on 5 Sep 1926 in London and died on 12 Nov 2001 at age 75.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Sandown House in Sandown, Isle of Wight, Hampshire.
- He resided at Manor House in Lindfield, West Sussex.

Simon married **Jill Maureen Voss**,³⁵⁶ daughter of **Harry Voss** and **Doris Diana Looms**, on 21 Oct 1953 in London. Jill was born on 10 Mar 1927 in London and died in 1996 at age 69. They had four children: **Christopher Stephenson**, **Caroline Stephenson**, **Alison Stephenson**, and **Rupert Stephenson**.

Marriage Notes: 1952 also given

20-**Christopher Stephenson Clarke**³⁵⁶ was born on 7 Dec 1954 in London and died on 27 Sep 2018 in Isle of Wight, Hampshire at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Cridmore Farm, St Helens, Newport, Isle Of Wight.

Christopher married someone. He had one daughter: **Rebecca**.

21-**Rebecca Clarke**

Christopher married **Jan**. They had two children: **Edward** and **Alexandra**.

21-**Edward Clarke**

21-**Alexandra Clarke**

20-**Caroline Stephenson Clarke**

Caroline married **Hugo Bertram De Klee**, son of **Col. Murray Peter De Klee** and **Angela Moira Jean Stormonth-Darling**. They had seven children: **Elizabeth Storm**, **Katherine Emma**, **Thomas Bertram**, **Patrick Edward**, **George Frederick**, **Nicholas Alexander**, and **James Henry**.

21-**Elizabeth Storm De Klee**

Elizabeth married **William Oliver Franks**, son of **Ronald J. Franks** and **Carol M. Nichols**. They had two children: **Hugo Stormonth** and **Rafferty Stormonth**.

22-**Hugo Stormonth Franks**

22-**Rafferty Stormonth Franks**

21-**Katherine Emma De Klee**

21-**Thomas Bertram De Klee**

21-**Patrick Edward De Klee**

21-**George Frederick De Klee**

21-**Nicholas Alexander De Klee**

21-**James Henry De Klee**

20-**Alison Stephenson Clarke**

20-**Rupert Stephenson Clarke**³⁵⁶ was born on 20 Nov 1959 in London and died on 25 Jul 1986 at age 26.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

General Notes: Died by suicide

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Cridmore Farm, Chillerton, Newport, Isle of Wight.

18-**Joseph Alfred Buxton** was born on 22 Jan 1904 in Theydon Bois, Essex, died on 9 Oct 1913 in Theydon Bois, Essex at age 9, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

17-**Agnes Claudia Fox Pease**^{12,247} was born on 14 Apr 1870 in 18 Prince's Gardens, London and died on 22 Jan 1955 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 84.

General Notes: **14 April 1870, Thurs:** An active night having to send for Dr. Hewitt and Mrs Smith , however all went on well and at about 3.35 a little girl was born, (*Agnes Claudia Fox Pease*) , Minnie being much less exhausted than I have usually seen her . The Dr. left about 5 o'clock and I laid down beside her and we both slept for an hour or two. I then got up and saw Joshua Fayle; Alfred, Albert, Blanche, Ethel off to King's Cross - telegraphed to Newcastle, Cornwall & Darlington; wrote letters , rode with Effie and had a good afternoon's rest by Minnie - she seemed going on very well. *The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt. (Unpublished)*

18-**Alfred Peter Wilson**^{12,96,211} was born on 28 Sep 1899 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1912-1917 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1919.
- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

18-**Catherine Claudia Wilson**¹² was born on 9 Jun 1901 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

19-**John Sebastian Bolton Eppstein**

19-**2nd Lieut. Peter Maurice Pease Eppstein** was born on 14 Dec 1926 in Reading, Berkshire, died on 1 Nov 1947 in Gibraltar. (Drowned at sea) at age 20, and was buried in Brookwood Memorial, Woking, Surrey. Panel 2. Column 2.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

19-**Michael Myles Wallis Eppstein**

18-**Marjorie Mary Wilson**¹² was born on 7 Dec 1903 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

18-**Joy Wilson**¹² was born on 29 Jan 1907 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 13 Mar 1980 at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.

19-**Antony John Eliot Lloyd**

20-**Fiona Caroline Lloyd**

20-**Simon John Eliot Lloyd**

19-**Kerin Howard Seton Lloyd**

19-**Diana Armstrong Pease Lloyd**

20-Tina Sederholm

20-Annelisa Sederholm

20-Annika Sederholm

18-**Deborah Pease Wilson**^{2,3,12,304,305} was born on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died in 1986 at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Roman Catholic.
- She had a residence in Minia, Livesey Road, Ludlow, Shropshire.

19-**Rev. Dr. Christopher John Richard Armstrong**

19-**Orfilia Bridget Mary Armstrong** was born on 26 Apr 1937 in Swansea, Glamorgan, Wales and died on 20 Jul 1954 at age 17.

19-**Moreen Teresa Catherine Armstrong**

19-**Julian Peter Benedict Armstrong**

19-**Agnes Nicolette Armstrong**

18-**Wilson**²¹³ was born on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham. (Stillborn).

General Notes: Wed October 5th 1910:- Claudia had twins a day or so ago, one still born – the other little girl & Claudia doing well. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease*
Alfred wrote this, on the same day as his daughter Lavender's marriage to Sandy Medlicott

18-**Edith Violet Wilson**¹² was born on 17 Dec 1912 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

19-**Philip Michael Buffery**

19-**Anna Lucia Buffery**

18-**Noel John Wilson**^{12,39,304} was born on 17 Dec 1912 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1922-1926 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1930 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.
- He was Jesuit.

16-**Howard Fox**^{10,12,247,332} was born on 10 Dec 1836 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 15 Nov 1922 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 85.

General Notes: He was Consul for the United States of America in Falmouth from 1874 until 1905, in succession to his father. He became Consul for Denmark in 1909. In April 1870, He was appointed Vice-Consul for the Republic of the Equator. He was appointed Consul for Sweden and Norway in 1896.
Harbour and Dock development.
He was chairman of Falmouth Dock Company for 45 years, succeeding his father.He had wide general interests in science and supported the Royal Cornwall Polytechnic Society and the British Association. At the British Association's Annual Meeting held in Nottingham in September 1893, he read a paper to the Geology Section "The radiolarian cherts of Cornwall". In 1884, he attended the British Association meeting in Montreal, Canada.

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He was a member of the Geological Society of London He served as president of the Royal Geological Society of Cornwall in 1893-1894, and in 1897 was awarded the RGSC's prestigious Bolitho Gold Medal.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipping agent.
- He worked as a Chairman of Falmouth Dock Company in Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He worked as an American Consul 1874 To 1905 in Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Rosehill, Falmouth, Cornwall.

Howard married **Olivia Blanche Orme**,^{12,332} daughter of **Charles Orme**³³² and **Eliza Andrews**,³³² on 19 Mar 1864 in St. Johns, Woodharden, Hampstead, London. Olivia was born on 18 Oct 1844 in Blackfriars, London and died on 12 Mar 1930 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 85. They had four children: **Howard Orme, Charles Masson, Olivia Lloyd**, and **Stella**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Non-Quaker.

17-**Howard Orme Fox**²⁸⁸ was born on 17 Aug 1865 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 7 Jun 1921 in Ceylon at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Imperial Civil Servant in 1889 in Badulla Kachcheri, Ceylon.
- He worked as a Comissioner of Requests & Police Magistrate in 1892 in Point Pedro, Ceylon.
- He worked as an Agent for the Western Province in 1892 in Ceylon.
- He worked as an Acting Land Surveyor, Customs in Colombo, Sri Lanka.
- He worked as an Assistant Government Agent in 1899 in Matale, Ceylon.
- He worked as a District Judge in 1900 in Tangalla, Ceylon.
- He worked as a Settlements Officer after 1903.

17-**Charles Masson Fox** was born on 9 Nov 1866 in Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 11 Oct 1935 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 68, and was buried in FBG Budock, Falmouth.
General Notes: Charles Masson Fox (9 November 1866 - 11 October 1935) was a prominent Cornish businessman who achieved international prominence in the world of chess problems and a place in the gay history of Edwardian England.
Masson Fox was born into a prominent Quaker family and was a cousin of the fraudulent sinologist Sir Edmund Backhouse, 2nd Baronet. Living throughout his life in the Cornish seaside town of Falmouth, Fox in the early decades of his life was a senior partner of his family's timber firm, Fox Stanton & Company, and was also on the Board of Messrs G C Fox & Company, a long-established firm of shipping agents.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of G C Fox & Co, and Timber Merchant in Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in Rosehill, Falmouth, Cornwall.

17-**Olivia Lloyd Fox** was born on 5 Feb 1868 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 3 Mar 1950 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 82.

17-**Stella Fox** was born on 11 Dec 1876 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 1 Mar 1954 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 77.

General Notes: My father, Sir Joseph Gurney Pease, knew Stella.

16-**Helen Maria Fox**^{4,5,7,8,10,11,12,15} was born on 17 Nov 1838 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 1 May 1928 in Alnmouth, Northumberland at age 89.

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Helen married **John William Pease**,^{4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15} son of **John Beaumont Pease**^{5,7,9,12,13,57,234,241,358} and **Sarah Fossick**,^{7,12,241,358} on 13 Sep 1860 in FMH Falmouth. John was born on 13 Aug 1836 in North Lodge, Darlington, County Durham and died on 25 Mar 1901 in Pendower, Benwell, Newcastle at age 64. They had six children: **Sarah Helen, Howard, Alice, Florence, John William Beaumont**, and **Sophia Mabel**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DCL DL JP.
- He worked as a Banker "Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease & Spence" on 14 Mar 1859 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He resided at "Pendower" in Benwell, Newcastle upon Tyne.
- He had a residence in Nether Grange, Alnmouth, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Director of the North Eastern Railway.

17-**Sarah Helen Pease**^{5,213} was born on 17 Jul 1861 in Saltwell, Gateshead, died on 6 Dec 1937 in Nether Grange, Alnmouth, Northumberland at age 76, and was buried on 9 Dec 1937 in Alnmouth, Northumberland.

General Notes: Known as Ella. Sir Alfred E. Pease writes, "Mon 6 Dec 1937 - ½ year OME Board 2.30 - all went well - My dear cousin Ella Pease died at Nether Grange today, peacefully - aged 75 - I can hardly imagine life without her - see my notice of her in *The Times* of 17th Dec & letters in separate envelope "

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with OBE DStJ JP.

17-**Howard Pease**^{3,5,6,12} was born on 12 Jul 1863 in Saltwell, Gateshead, died on 25 Jan 1928 in London at age 64, and was buried in St. John the Evangelist, Otterburn, Northumberland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FSA JP.
- He had a residence in Otterburn Tower, Otterburn, Northumberland.
- Miscellaneous: Author of "Border Ghost Stories".

Howard married **Margaret Kynaston**,^{5,12} daughter of **Rev. Canon Herbert Kynaston (Snow)**⁵ and **Charlotte Cordeaux**, on 27 Oct 1887 in St. Luke's Church, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Margaret was born on 19 Sep 1866 in Eton, died on 31 Aug 1947 in The Mill House, Bray on Thames, Berkshire at age 80, and was buried in St. John the Evangelist, Otterburn, Northumberland. They had four children: **Margaret Valentine, John William Kynaston, Cuthbert**, and **Evelyn Audrey**.

General Notes: She married in Cheltenham Registration District, as Margaret Kynaston, on 27th October 1887 at St Luke's Church by the Bishop of Newcastle, Howard Pease of Pendover; Enfield Lodge, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; and Otterburn Tower, Northumberland. Her final home was The Old Mill House at Bray, where she died on 31st August 1947. Known as Marna

Noted events in her life were:

- She was baptized on 1 Nov 1866 in Eton Chapel.

18-**Margaret Valentine Pease**³ was born on 8 Sep 1889 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 19 Mar 1952 in London at age 62.

Margaret married **John Arthur Dodgson**,³ son of **Heathfield Butler Dodgson**³ and **Sybil Agnes Vivian**, on 29 Apr 1916 in St. John's, Westminster. John was born on 13 Jun 1890 in India and died on 10 Sep 1969 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 79. They had three children: **Ann Valentine, Sara Elizabeth**, and **Stephen Cuthbert Vivian**.

General Notes: "DODGSON, John Arthur." In Who Was Who. London: A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920– 2008. Who Was Who online edition. Oxford: OUP, 2007. <<http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U56741>>.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Painter.

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19-Ann Valentine Dodgson

Ann married **John Robertson Harvey**, son of **James Robertson Harvey** and **Phyllis Block**. They had four children: **David Robertson, Linda Jane, Sarah Veronica**, and **Elizabeth Ann**.

20-Prof. David Robertson Harvey

David married **Professor Joan Hayward**.

20-Linda Jane Harvey

20-Sarah Veronica Harvey

20-Elizabeth Ann Harvey

19-Sara Elizabeth Dodgson

19-Prof. Stephen Cuthbert Vivian Dodgson was born on 17 Mar 1924 in London and died on 13 Apr 2013 at age 89.

General Notes: During World War II, he served in the Royal Navy. From 1947 to 1949, Dodgson studied at the Royal College of Music, where he later taught composition. In 1950, he visited Italy on a travelling scholarship, after which he taught in various schools and colleges for a number of years. From 1957 he has broadcast regularly on BBC Radio. In 1986 he became chairman of the National Youth Wind Orchestra of Great Britain, for which he has written several pieces. Dodgson has written music covering a number of genres, but he is perhaps best known for his guitar music. In addition to a large number of solo works, amongst which are six virtuoso piano sonatas,[3] this includes ensemble pieces and two concertos. Guitarists who have had works dedicated to them by Dodgson include Julian Bream, Gabriel Estarellas, Angelo Gilardino, Nicola Hall, John Williams, the Eden-Stell Duo and the Fragnito-Matarazzo Duo. Dodgson is related to Lewis Carroll (Charles Dodgson), and is his closest living relative to have the surname Dodgson.

The imagination of the composer Stephen Dodgson, who has died aged 89, was galvanised by the personalities and the often unusual requests of the musicians for whom he wrote - and they usually came back for more. His more than 250 works ranged from his chamber operas Margaret Catchpole (1979) and Nancy the Waterman (2007) through choral music, songs and chamber music to large-scale orchestral and wind-band works. Three instruments in particular benefited from his attention: the guitar, harpsichord and recorder.

His introduction to the guitar came in the early 1950s through Alexis Chesnakov, a Russian refugee who was working in Britain as an actor and asked for some folksong settings. Dodgson, able to play the instrument only in his imagination, struggled at first, but came to write for it idiomatically, as in the Guitar Concerto No 1 (1956), intended for Julian Bream. However, as Bream was not available for its BBC premiere, this was given by John Williams, then aged 17, with the Royal Philharmonic Orchestra under Walter Goehr. The Guitar Concerto No 2 (1972), this time specifically written for Williams, followed and there have since been duet concertos for violin, guitar and strings, and for two guitars and strings.

At the heart of Dodgson's contribution to the guitar's solo repertoire are the four Partitas and the popular Fantasy-Divisions, and he has written for the instrument in numerous different ensembles: there are works for two, three and four guitars, massed guitars with and without solo instruments, songs with guitar accompaniment, including Four Poems of John Clare (1962) for the tenor Wilfred Brown and Williams, and numerous chamber music works. Notable among them is the large Duo Concertante (1968) written for the surprising combination of guitar - Williams - and harpsichord - Rafael Puyana - and recorded by those artists.

Dodgson always rose to the challenge presented by an improbable melange of instruments, including, in 1999, High Barbaree, for recorder, guitar and harpsichord. In 2006, John Mackenzie produced a substantial study of his guitar music.

His introduction to the harpsichord came through its Czech exponent Stanislav Heller, for whom he wrote his first set of Six Inventions in 1955. Four years later Dodgson married Jane Clark, another harpsichordist and an authority on François Couperin. A fascination with the music and instruments of the baroque and earlier followed, resulting in four more sets of Inventions (1961, 1970, 1985 and 1993) - making 30 pieces in all. Their changing styles reflected the transition from the metal-framed instruments of the Wanda Landowska generation to the more resonant classical- replica harpsichords, and indeed to more authentic performance practice, with appropriate and stylish ornaments.

For his recorder-playing student Richard Harvey, Dodgson wrote the virtuosic Shine and Shade (1975), a rare example, for him, of a jazz-inflected piece, and now a staple of the instrument's repertoire. The recorder had featured in his incidental music for the 1970 BBC radio production of John Ford's chronicle play Perkin Warbeck, and Dodgson remembered vividly the dynamic playing of David Munrow in the sessions. This music was quarried for a commission for a recorder and harpsichord work for Carl Dolmetsch and Joseph Saxby, Warbeck Dances (1972).

Since my own introduction to Dodgson in 1997, a stream of idiomatic music for the instrument has followed, including Concerto Chacony (2000), with string orchestra, a Capriccio Concertante No 2 (2005), for recorder, harpsichord and string orchestra, and numerous smaller chamber works. Dodgson's seven piano sonatas have been championed and recorded by Bernard Roberts, and his eight string quartets likewise by the Tippett String Quartet.

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His explorations of instrumental byways have included a concerto for viola da gamba, a song for voice and baryton, and a duet for two lutes. Six of his nine Essays for orchestra have been recorded commercially.

Stylistically, his music is tonal, though often ambiguously so. Like that of Janacek, a composer he admired and whose compositional method of developing small cells finds its echo in his own works, the music rarely follows an obvious path. Performers find initially that the music is surprising and unexpected - puzzling even - and almost always very intricate: the guitar guru John Duarte once told me that Dodgson could not write a simple piece of music if he tried, though that is not entirely true. However, once the music reveals its secrets, it becomes intensely appealing. The influence of early music in his style manifests itself in numerous ways: not just in his choice of instrument, but also in a love of decoration and ornamentation, a fondness for virtuoso display, baroque-style figuration, a predilection for variation form (often on medieval or folk-tune themes), and the choice of early vocal texts.

Dodgson was born in Chelsea, London, the third child of artistic parents. His father, John Dodgson, was a distinguished symbolist painter whose works grace several Dodgson CDs (and a distant cousin of Charles Lutwidge Dodgson, the writer Lewis Carroll). His mother, Valentine, was also an artist: the couple had met at the Slade School of Art.

From Berkhamsted school, Hertfordshire, Stephen went to Stowe school, Buckinghamshire, and in 1942 was conscripted into the Royal Navy, where he was mainly engaged in anti-submarine warfare in the North Atlantic. A year of private composition lessons with Bernard Stevens led to him entering the Royal College of Music, London, in 1946.

While he was nominally there to study the horn, as he put it: "My real incentive was composition. RO Morris inspired my interest in counterpoint, the music of the 16th-century composer Thomas Morley, and so on. Morris was shy about composition in the 20th century, and I think he liked me because I avoided mentioning it. He was rather old, always had a cold, and was charming and courteous. Patrick Hadley was briefly on the staff when Morris retired; he staggered up from Cambridge in a state of delightful disarray, indiscreet and erratic, but was a tonic in realism and practical attitude. When he was absent, Antony Hopkins took his place and was a more useful instructor."

Dodgson won the Cobbett memorial prize in 1948 for a Fantasy String Quartet, followed by the Royal Philharmonic Society prize in 1949 for his Variations for Orchestra, and again in 1953 for the Symphony in E Flat. Also in 1949, he was awarded the Octavia travelling scholarship, which took him to Rome.

On his return to London in the spring of 1950, his music started to get performances and broadcasts by, among others, the flautist Geoffrey Gilbert, oboist Evelyn Barbirolli, harpist Maria Korchinska, the Philip Jones Brass Ensemble, violinist Neville Marriner, violist Watson Forbes and conductors Leslie Woodgate, Paul Steinitz and even Gerald Finzi with his Newbury String Players - though he found Dodgson's style somewhat ungrateful.

In 1956 Dodgson started teaching at the RCM and conducting the junior orchestra. Nine years later he became professor of composition and theory, continuing at the RCM until his retirement in 1982. He was also a regular reviewer and commentator on musical matters for the BBC, and wrote scores for many radio dramas.

Enthusiastic, ebullient and quick-witted, Dodgson was extremely voluble, with a strong, distinctive voice, an ever-present smile, much old-world courtesy, and an idiosyncratic gait.

He is survived by Jane.

- Stephen Cuthbert Vivian Dodgson, composer, born 17 March 1924; died 13 April 2013 The Guardian

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Composer.
- He worked as a Professor of Composition & Harmony in 1965 in Royal College of Music.

Stephen married **Jane Clark**. They had no children.

18-**John William Kynaston Pease** was born on 9 Nov 1890 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 26 May 1960 in Elgin, Moray, Scotland at age 69.

General Notes: Known as Jack.

From and e-mail from Donald Gordon to Sir J. Gurney Pease Bt. "Like you, Bic Lord Wardington liked the challenge of pursuing threads of long-neglected stories. In addition to his wider atlas-collecting, he also spent a great deal of time and money reassembling John William Pease's library, which had first been split between Howard, Monty and perhaps the others, then spread around again when that generation died. My Dad had five or six books, all of which ended up in the Wardington Library. When I was last there in 2001, Bic had me spent some time with "Ortelius", the magnificent 1570 atlas that had come down to Dad. It having lived at Wardington since the late 1950s, and Bic having such a passion for it that Dad had sold it to him in the 1980s. Bic wanted me to enjoy some quiet time with it like with an old family member. It was only about 3 years after my last visit that Wardington had its terrible fire and the extraordinary library was rescued by the skin of its teeth. It was all then stored at Sotheby's to be readied for sale, and sold shortly after Bic died. Strange to think of all that enjoyment of reassembling the library, then being dispersed along with the rest of his breathtaking collection, but Bic seemed quite philosophical about it. I was lucky to see it all when I last did.

I didn't know that Jack and Sigrid were married in Stockholm. Dad did relay that the family was shocked when "old" Uncle Jack (aged about 45?) married this Swedish bombshell! They had Sangare Ranch near Nyeri. It seems that Jack was quite shattered by the Mau Mau, as he knew all his workers parents and grandparents, then suddenly had his cattle poisoned. They sold the ranch to Mike Prettejohn who still has it. Your son Charles has evidently been in contact with my cousin Noni (Prettejohn) Aldridge. Mike Prettejohn is Noni's father's cousin. As Charles' genealogical work shows, everyone is connected!

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I have my Aunt Cairtriona's photo album of her trip to Kenya in 1938 to visit Jack and Sigrid. My Mum and Dad stopped in Kenya in 1988 en route to visiting me in Zimbabwe. They went up to the ranch, and although Mike was away, the ancient "gardenboy" remembered Jack and Sigrid fondly. The Prettejohn family is doing some innovated conservation work there. I hitched from Zim to Capetown, and then back up through Zambia, Lake Tanganyika, Burundi, Rwanda, Uganda, then into Kenya in 1989. At one point I was within spitting distance of the Ranch, but didn't have the audacity to invite myself to stop in, much to my regret. Next time! With our kids as the excuse!"

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Sangare Ranch, Nyeri, Kenya.
- He worked as an Acting District Commissioner in Ngong, Masai Province, Kenya.
- He worked as an Acting District Commissioner in Fort Hall District, Kikuyu Province, Kenya.

John married **Sigrid Hudson**, daughter of **A. L. Hudson**.

18-Capt. Cuthbert Pease was born on 2 Jan 1892 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, died on 18 Sep 1916 in Somme, France at age 24, and was buried in Grove Town Cemetery, Meaulte, Somme, Picardie, France. Grave I.C.41. The cause of his death was From wounds sustained in action.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the Irish Guards.

18-Evelyn Audrey Pease² was born on 15 Dec 1893 in Arcot Hall, Northumberland and died on 8 May 1959 in Kilmuir, Isle of Skye at age 65.

Evelyn married **Seton Paul Gordon**,² son of **William Gordon**² and **Ella Mary Paul**,² on 19 Aug 1915 in Otterburn, Northumberland. Seton was born on 11 Apr 1886 in 26 Rubislaw Terrace, Aberdeen, Scotland, died on 18 Mar 1977 in Biddleston Manor, Northamptonshire at age 90, and was buried in Ashes spread in the Cairngorms. Another name for Seton was Seton Gordon. They had three children: **Ella Catriona Seton**, **Audrey Bridie Seton**, and **Donald Alasdair Seton**.

General Notes: Gordon, Seton Paul (1886– 1977), naturalist and photographer, was born at 26 Rubislaw Terrace, Aberdeen, on 11 April 1886, the only child of William Gordon (1839– 1924), advocate and town clerk of Aberdeen, and his wife, Ella Mary, daughter of the horticulturist William Paul of Waltham Cross, Hertfordshire; she wrote poetry. As well as a family house in Aberdeen, the Gordons had a chalet (Auchintoul) at Aboyne on Deeside, which played a big part in developing the young boy's love of wildlife, fishing, climbing the hills, and photographing birds; he wrote so well about what he was discovering that the first of his twenty-seven books, *Birds of Loch and Mountain*, illustrated with ninety of his photographs, was published in 1907. In October 1908 he matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, and took a second-class honours degree in natural sciences in 1911. At Oxford he met (Evelyn) Audrey Pease (1893– 1959), an undergraduate at Lady Margaret Hall, studying the same subjects. She not only matched him in ornithological knowledge, but had photographed a variety of birds from hides in her home county of Northumberland. They were married on 19 August 1915, had a son and two daughters, and their partnership lasted until her death.

In 1912 Gordon published *The Charm of the Hills*, which remained in print almost a century later. During the First World War he was given the job of organizing a secret coastguard service, based on the Isle of Mull and with his own boat. For Gordon a whole new world opened up as he recruited a corps of over 100 Hebrideans on different islands to watch out for enemy submarines. He was conscious of the inequality which meant that he could go where he pleased among the islands and wildlife that he loved while his friends were being killed in the trenches in France. *The Land of the Hills and the Glens* (1920) and *Hebridean Memoirs* (1923) drew on these experiences. Indeed, his wartime career launched him on a career as a naturalist, writer, and photographer, for, as he discovered in the 1920s, there were more qualified former officers than appointments. He observed, 'After the war we visited much of the Highlands and the Hebrides, staying with crofters, camping on the islands, some of them uninhabited, living the hard way, thus getting to know the crofters and their outlook on the world.' In 1922 he published *Amid Snowy Wastes*, an account of the wildlife on the Spitsbergen archipelago, and in 1927 *Days with the Golden Eagle*, the first of many volumes on birds which bridged the gap between ornithology and environmentalism. His *Edward Grey of Fallodon and his Birds* (1937) was an affectionate account of the former foreign secretary's interest in the subject.

Seton Gordon had a disciplined approach to his work, routinely writing for three hours in the morning and three in the evening. In February he went on lecture tours, travelling all over the British Isles to show his slides taken with a half-plate camera; the tours always finished in time for him to return to his home, Upper Duntulm, on the island of Skye, to catch the nesting of the golden eagle. The routine produced some thirty or more books, many illustrated with photographs by both Gordon and his wife. Among them were *Thirty Years of Nature Photography* (1936), *Highways and Byways in the Central Highlands* (1948, with illustrations by Sir David Young Cameron), and *Afoot in the Hebrides* (1950). Gordon was appointed CBE in 1939. Audrey Gordon died in 1959, and the following year (2 June 1960) Seton married a family friend, Elizabeth Maud (b. 1899/1900), widow of Colonel Reginald Badger and daughter of George Murray Smith, landowner. Gordon's discipline now relaxed somewhat, and they divided their time between Upper Duntulm, his wife's cottage in Kintail, and Biddleston Manor, Northamptonshire, where Seton Gordon died on the night of 18– 19 March 1977. His ashes were scattered in the Cairngorms.

Adam Watson summed up Gordon's life in *Scottish Birds*, the journal of the Scottish Ornithologists Club:

With his passing ends the period of wholly exploratory naturalists in Scotland and their extraordinary breadth of interests. He was the long last practitioner, overlapping for

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decades the modern period when scientific method dominated ornithology. Astride two centuries, Seton had a timeless attitude, exemplified by the patched, decades-old kilt he wore on every occasion, sun or snow, mansion or bothy.

Tom Weir
Sources R. Eagle, Seton Gordon: the life and times of a highland gentleman (1991) · S. Gordon, Thirty years of nature photography (1936) · private information (2004) · personal knowledge (2004) · b. cert. · m. cert. · C. Anson, ed., Lady Margaret Hall register, 1879– 1952 (1955) · [A. Watson], Scottish Birds, 9/6 (1977), 307– 9
Archives NL Scot., corresp. and papers | CUL, corresp. with Sir Peter Markham Scott · JRL, letters to the Manchester Guardian · NL Scot., letters to Paul C. Spink
Likenesses Bassano, photograph, 1928, NPG [see illus.] · photographs (aged ninety), repro. in [Watson], Scottish Birds, 307
Wealth at death £141,172.68: confirmation, 6 July 1977, CCI
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Tom Weir, 'Gordon, Seton Paul (1886– 1977)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE. FZS.
- He worked as a Naturalist, author and photographer.

19-**Ella Catriona Seton Gordon** was born on 14 Jul 1916 in Oban, Argyll and died in 2000 at age 84.

Ella married **Simon Foster MacDonald-Lockhart**, son of **John Ronald MacDonald-Moreton** and **Daisy Maud Eyre Crabbe**, on 28 Feb 1942 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Simon was born on 11 Jul 1916 in Largie, Argyll, Scorland and died in 1991 at age 75. They had four children: **Mairi Susan, Angus Hew Macdonald, Simon James (Hamish)**, and **Norman Philip**.

20-**Mairi Susan Macdonald-Lockhart**

Mairi married **Richard Swan**.

Mairi next married **Ian Hamilton Finlay** in 1965. Ian was born on 28 Oct 1925 in Nassau, Bahamas and died on 27 Mar 2006 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 80. They had two children: **Alexander** and **Aileen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE.
- He was educated at Dollar Academy.
- He worked as a Poet and writer.

21-**Alexander Finlay**

21-**Aileen Finlay**

Aileen married **Scott Simpson**. They had one son: **John Luke**.

22-**John Luke Simpson**

Mairi next married **Richard Swan**.

20-**Angus Hew Macdonald Lockhart 25th of The Lee** was born on 17 Aug 1946 in Dunsyre, South Lanarkshire and died on 20 Nov 2015 at age 69.

Angus married **Susan Elizabeth Normand**. They had two children: **Fiona Macdonald** and **Ranald William Angus**.

21-**Fiona Macdonald Lockhart**

Fiona married **Robert Wyly**.

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21-Ranald William Angus Lockhart 26th of The Lee

20-Simon James (Hamish) MacDonald-Lockhart

Simon married **Lady Lavinia Marsham**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Peter William Marsham** and **Hersey Coke**. They had three children: **James Seton Alexander**, **Andrew Peter Robert**, and **Davina**.

21-James Seton Alexander MacDonald-Lockhart

21-Andrew Peter Robert MacDonald-Lockhart

21-Davina MacDonald-Lockhart was born in 1981 and died on 4 Mar 2020 at age 39.

Davina married **Robert Bell**. They had two children: **Paddy** and **Archie**.

22-Paddy Bell

22-Archie Bell

20-Norman Philip MacDonald-Lockhart

19-Audrey Bridie Seton Gordon was born on 26 Feb 1923 in Connel, Oban, Argyll, died in 1994 at age 71, and was buried in Kuranda, Queensland, Australia.
Audrey married **Hugh Maitland Prettejohn**, son of **Richard Buckley Prettejohn** and **Margaret De Sage**, on 9 Jun 1945 in Holy Trinity, Brompton, London. Hugh was born on 10 Feb 1923 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 8 Oct 2013 in Palm Cove, Queensland, Australia at age 90. They had two children: **Robert Hugh** and **Catriona Anne**.

General Notes: Hugh passed away peacefully at home on the 8th of Octoberc2013 surrounded by his family.
Family and friends of the late Hugh Prettejohn are invited to attend a funeral service, to be held on Monday the 14th of October 2013 commencing at 3.00pm, at the Chapel of Trinity Funerals, 35 Mt Milman Drive Smithfield.
Trinity Community Funerals Cairns 07 4031 5566

Mr Hugh Prettejohn, described as the best dairy farmer in the West Wales of his day, has died aged 89 (reports 'Pembrokeshire Farmer').
Born into a wealthy and landed Gloucestershire family, the Great Depression ruined his father; all the Prettejohns could salvage was a farmhouse and some Jerseys, which the young Hugh left School and started milking. By the time he was 17 he was running a small dairy herd, then he managed to persuade the bank to lend them enough money to buy a run-down place near Tenby, which he transformed through determination and hard work that bordered on obsession.
Like Rex Patterson, Hugh Prettejohn recognised the potential in producing Summer milk using cheap grass, an old milking bail and a bit of electric fence wire - he set up flying herds all over Pembrokeshire, usually about 90 cows giving a typical 650 gallons per lactation on rented land, with his main inputs being rent and nitrogen. It became the second biggest dairy operation in the UK.
The industry changed again in the 1970's, and the Prettejohns eventually sold up and bought Palm Cove, near Cairns in Queensland (plenty of Welsh people in Cairns, oddly enough) and ended his days an Australian businessman.
His son, Robert, is reported: "Successful people are not 'lucky'. They do not depend on handouts. They are people who recognise opportunity. They are people who make things happen through their own good judgment backed by their own force and effort."
Pembrokeshire is dotted with milking bails even today, with at least one still in daily use: they are a reminder of dairy pioneers like Hugh Prettejohn who grasped that success was about economy of scale, economy of effort and economy of expense.
And the 200 acre farm at Tenby? It was redeveloped by its present owners into a 500 cow Dairymaster outfit, with a 50 point revolver, on 3 acres of concrete. I'm like to have known what Hugh Prettejohn would've made of that.
Walterp, Jan 24, 2014. <http://thefarmingforum.co.uk/index.php?threads/rip-hugh-prettejohn.16491/>

Noted events in his life were:

- His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 19 Oct 2013.

20-Robert Hugh Prettejohn

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20-Catriona Anne Prettejohn

Catriona married **Aldridge**.

19-**Donald Alasdair Seton Gordon**³⁵⁹ was born on 17 Jun 1924 in Aviemore, Inverness and died on 17 Feb 2011 at age 86.

General Notes: ALASDAIR SETON GORDON

June 17, 1924 - Feb. 17, 2011

Gravely wounded by shrapnel, Alasdair was given the Last Rites on the front line in the final months of the Second World War. He beat the odds then, and lived his life with a delighted awareness of the preciousness of each day. Alasdair spent his childhood in a Gaelic-speaking community on the Isle of Skye. His parents, the natural historians Audrey and Seton Gordon, were often away in pursuit of wildlife, so he and his two sisters ranged free on the hills and sea. On Skye he developed his love for story-telling, the pipes, singing and dancing. When he was nine he was sent to boarding school for a classical education. He went to Cambridge University, then on to join the Scots Guards Tank Brigade. His batallion took part in the liberation of Holland, and more fierce resistance after crossing the Rhine. After the war, he signed on to work in the Far East for a five-year term. On his way back to the Old Country, he stopped in Vancouver. When he met Nancy he decided that this was the place to adopt as home. He started building houses and boats, and never stopped. Mentor to many, he was a man of ideas and a man of action. He had keen intelligence and huge energy; his interest in people and perseverance expanded his vision of the Possible. His love of learning new fields fuelled his many projects, which ranged from land development to aquaculture and horticulture, and from land conservation to setting up gardens with juvenile offenders. A dashing figure with a wry sense of humour, he saw life as an adventure with limitless possibilities for fun. When asked over the past 25 years when he was going to retire, his response was 'Retire from what? This is play!' He kept his business mind acute until the last, but his great commitment over the past 20 years was to the starting, funding, and steering of Kidstart, a continuously growing program for at-risk children. He also sponsored hundreds of these kids to go to summer camps or on tall ships, in keeping with his sense of the need for adventure and deep belief in the importance of one's connection to nature. He shared his love of the West Coast with the many who sailed with him. He was the moving force in introducing Lasqueti Island to three generations of many grateful families. Living simply gave him great happiness. Family was central to his being, and his sense of family extended far beyond those related to him. He gave us all wise counsel and joyful companionship. Alasdair died suddenly while cutting and stacking firewood for next winter. He is survived by his wife Nancy, his children Jean, Catriona and Donald, their spouses, seven grandchildren, family far and wide, and great friends. 'We shall not find his like again' A service will be held on Friday March 4 at 2 pm at Shaughnessy Heights United Church, 1550 West 33rd Avenue, Vancouver. In lieu of flowers, donations may be made to KidStart, c/o Plea Community Services, www.kidstart.ca

Globe and Mail. Saturday 26 February 2011

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Isle of Skye before 1952.
- He was educated at Stowe.
- He was educated at Cambridge University.
- He worked as an officer of the Scots Guards Tank Brigade.
- He emigrated Emigrated to Canada in 1952.
- His obituary was published in the Globe and Mail on 26 Feb 2011 in Canada.

Donald married **Nancy**. They had three children: **Jean**, **Catriona**, and **Donald**.

20-Jean Gordon

20-Catriona Gordon

20-Donald Gordon

17-**Alice Pease**¹¹ was born on 23 Oct 1865 in Saltwell, Gateshead and died on 29 Aug 1867 in Saltwell, Gateshead at age 1.

17-**Florence Pease**^{5,12} was born on 8 Sep 1867 in Saltwell, Gateshead and died on 24 Mar 1947 in Ross on Wye, Herefordshire at age 79.

General Notes: **26 Mar 1896, Thurs:** After breakfast, corrected my speech on the Sudan affair, then a letter or two, then to Southerons about binding the *Tantallon* album; hair cut, Charity Commissioners about Mary Peases Alms Houses, Fearon introduced me to J.W. Bowyer, Hope's Secretary who had it in hand. I think I arranged all with him. Then to see Mr Porter about Falmouth Rector's rate into which he said he would look. Then to Henry Fell Peases - found him in bed, he had had another nose

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bleeding last night, severe and Lizzie seemed anxious as the Dr told her that they considered him better as there was less tension on the pulse, it was this she did not like. I tried to cheer her up. Louie took me to the House. The Naval works Bill was on and poor Gorst was hanging about waiting to introduce the Education Bill. I dined with Robert and Ellen Barclay meeting Lord & Lady Kinnaird. I was not introduced to her, I took down to dinner a Miss Rice, a sister of the man who married (*Marian*) Gurney. At 10, I returned to the House. Education was as far off as ever. I staid until past 11 and then went to Brooks's, packed up and to bed. Lizzie told me of F. W. Pease's engagement to Mr MacLean - the son of the man who was MP for Oxfordshire now Lunatic Commissioner.
27 Mar 1896, Fri:Left London by the Scotch express, travelled with Lindsey Wood to York; read Matthew Arnold's letters and papers. The Government are getting into a nice mess, the French & Russians don't agree to opening the "Caisse" for the Sudan expedition. Home at 4, Gerald, Ethel, two children, and Claude, Alice and Winifred Pease here. Letters, MacIndoe and Gravely. Wrote Flo on her engagement.
The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Florence married **Montague Francis MacLean 7th of Corrie Kingairloch**,^{12,360} son of **Sir Francis William MacLean**³⁶¹ and **Martha Sowerby**,^{229,360} on 22 Jul 1896 in St. James Church, Benwell Newcastle Upon Tyne. Montague was born on 12 Sep 1870 in London and died on 14 Jan 1951 in The Chantry, Ross on Wye, Herefordshire at age 80. They had four children: **Helen, John Francis, Gerald**, and **Peter**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a JP for Northumberland.
- He had a residence in Morwick Hall, Acklington, Northumberland.

18-**Helen MacLean** was born on 1 Aug 1898 in Alnmouth, Northumberland and died on 1 Feb 1958 in Hereford at age 59.

Helen married **Capt. Henry Ambrose Clive**, son of **Gen. Edward Henry Clive** and **Isabel Webb**, on 22 Nov 1923. Henry was born on 10 Apr 1885 in London and died on 9 Apr 1960 in Herefordshire at age 74.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Mynde Park, Much Dewchurch, Herefordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of the Coldstream Guards.
- He worked as a Secretary of the Ledbury Hunt.

18-**John Francis MacLean 8th of Corrie-Kingairloch** was born on 1 Mar 1901 in Morwick Hall, Acklington, Northumberland and died in Mar 1986 in Hereford, Herefordshire at age 85.

John married **Vivienne Aldyth Maud Miesegaes**, daughter of **Aric Miesegaes** and **Maud Stansfield**, on 15 Jul 1925 in Worth. Vivienne was born on 16 Sep 1903 in Longwood and died in 1969 in Ross on Wye, Herefordshire at age 66. They had two children: **Michael Francis** and **Ian**.

19-**Michael Francis MacLean 9th of Corrie-Kingairloch**²³⁶ was born on 6 Apr 1927 in London and died on 29 Jun 2012 at age 85.

General Notes: On friday 29th June 2012, aged 85. Much loved husband of Penny, father of Nicholas, and grandfather of Flora, Alice and Bella. Thanksgiving service at St. Michael's, Sunninghill on Wednesday, 11th July at 2.30pm. Family flowers only please. Donations if desired to ABF The Soldiers' Charity c/o Cyril H Lovegrove, Funeral Directors, 29c, High street, Sunninghill, Berkshire, SL5 9NP (01344 622114)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He worked as an Underwriter at Lloyds.

Michael married **Neelia Clothilde Plunket**, daughter of **Hon. Brindsley Sheridan Bushe Plunket** and **Aileen Sibell Mary Guinness**, on 2 Feb 1956 in London. The

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marriage ended in divorce. Neelia was born on 10 May 1929 and died in 1992 at age 63.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1959.

Michael next married **Penelope Anderton**, daughter of **Eric Anderton**. They had one son: **Nicholas Francis**.

20-Nicholas Francis MacLean 10th of Corrie-Kingairloch

Nicholas married **Charlotte Elizabeth Foucar**, daughter of **Anthony Emile Foucar**. They had three children: **Flora Emily**, **Alice Louisa**, and **Arabella Georgina Lucy**.

21-Flora Emily MacLean

21-Alice Louisa MacLean

21-Arabella Georgina Lucy MacLean

19-Ian MacLean

18-**Gerald MacLean** was born on 11 Jun 1903 in Morwick Hall, Acklington, Northumberland and died on 14 May 1968 in Ardingly, Sussex at age 64.

Gerald married **Katrina Cardwell**, daughter of **Eustace Cardwell** and **Leila Moore-Beck**, on 7 Nov 1935 in London. Katrina was born on 14 Oct 1906 in London and died on 18 Nov 1956 in Ardingly, Sussex at age 50. They had two children: **Patricia** and **Christopher Peter**.

19-Patricia MacLean

19-Christopher Peter MacLean

Gerald next married **Hermione Constance Lascelles**, daughter of **Sir Alfred George Lascelles** and **Isabel Carteret Thynne**, on 18 Jul 1959 in Highbrook. Hermione was born on 20 Jul 1917 and died on 11 Nov 1968 at age 51.

18-**Capt. Peter MacLean**¹² was born on 19 Feb 1910 in Pendower, Benwell, Newcastle, died on 20 Feb 1944 in Monte Cassino, Italy. Killed in action at age 34, and was buried in Minturno War Cemetery, Marina di Minturno, Italy. Grave V.J.18.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Grenadier Guards.

17-**John William Beaumont Pease 1st Baron Wardington**^{2,3} was born on 4 Jul 1869 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 7 Aug 1950 in Wardington Manor, Banbury at age 81.

General Notes: John William Pease. Lord Wardington. On leaving Oxford, entered into the banking partnership of Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease, Spence & Co., in Northumberland. On amalgamation, he became a director of Lloyds and then Vice-chairman. He served as Chairman of Lloyds Bank from 1922 to 1945 and of the Bank of London and South Africa from 1922 to 1947. In 1936 he was raised to the peerage as Baron Wardington, of Alnmouth in the County of Northumberland.. Master of the Percy Foxhounds.

John William Beaumont Pease (1881), JP ; Chairman of Lloyds Bank, Ltd. ; Chairman of the London and River Plate Bank. From Oatlands he went on to Marlborough and. New College, Oxford. On leaving Oxford he entered into private banking partnership of Messrs. Hodgkin, :Barnett, Pease, Spence & Co , in Northumberland ; on the amalgamation of the bank with Lloyds Bank he was elected a Director of Lloyds Bank, and subsequently became Chairman ; Master of the Percy Foxhounds, 1906-10 ; represented Oxford University at golf and lawn tennis, and has played on various occasions in the international golf match between England and Scotland, on the side of the

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former. Address : 13, Stratton Street, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

Pease, John William Beaumont, first Baron Wardington (1869– 1950), banker, was born at Pendower, West Road, Newcastle upon Tyne, on 4 July 1869, the second son of the banker John William Pease (1836– 1901) and his wife, Helen Mary Fox (1838– 1928), both Quakers. He was educated at Marlborough School (1878– 83) and then at New College, Oxford. A gifted sportsman, he was awarded a blue for both golf and lawn tennis.

Pease was a member of the leading business dynasty in the north-east of England responsible for the projection and management of the pioneering Stockton and Darlington Railway and the foundation of interlocking industrial interests embracing woollen textiles, coalmining, engineering, and metallurgical products. The Peases were related by marriage to other Quaker families with commercial interests, principally the Backhouses, Gurneys, and Foxes, and in that connection had founded a private banking partnership in the late eighteenth century which acted as the clearing house for the Peases' own concerns and also as a vehicle for the raising of capital. In this latter context the history of the Pease family is a testament to the strength of the Quaker credit network in mobilizing capital resources for industrial ventures.

Pease's father was a partner in the family bank in Darlington, but in 1859 he moved to Newcastle upon Tyne to become a partner in the banking firm of Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease, Spence & Co. This firm was founded in the wake of the collapse of the Northumberland and Durham District Bank in 1857, an event which precipitated the bankruptcy of the heavily indebted Derwent Iron Company located at Consett. As a major traffic-sender on the Stockton and Darlington Railway, there can be little doubt that Pease's father was propelled northwards to participate in the management of a new banking concern which was expected to play a leading role in the reconstruction of the iron company. This was achieved in 1864 with the foundation of the Consett Iron Company.

Pease himself became a partner in Hodgkin Barnett Pease Spence in the early 1890s, and as senior partner he was to play the leading role in negotiating a merger with Lloyds Bank in 1902. As a prosperous local bank possessing an extensive branch network in the north-east of England, Hodgkin Barnett Pease Spence had some claim to preferment within Lloyds' managerial structure and, after the formal amalgamation in 1903, Pease was elected to the London board of Lloyds. By 1910 he had risen to the position of deputy chairman and in 1922, following the death of Sir Richard Vassar-Smith, he succeeded to the chairmanship. He remained in office until December 1945, a period of service equalling the combined total of his three successors.

In the inter-war period Pease was perhaps better known as a talented amateur golfer than as a banker; he was invariably in contention for the UK amateur championship, and served latterly as chairman of the championship committee. On 6 April 1923 he married Dorothy Charlotte (d. 1993), the daughter of Lord Forster, governor-general of Australia, and the widow of the Hon. Harold Lubbock. They had two sons, Christopher Henry Beaumont (b. 1924) and William Simon (b. 1925). The elder son became a partner in the leading stockbroking firm of Hoare Govett.

Pease was notable for his conservative and orthodox policies while chairman of Lloyds, and during his tenure of office the bank developed a reputation for over-caution. Indeed, between the wars Lloyds' share of deposits and advances declined in relation to those of the other large clearing banks, indicating some loss of competitiveness. Presiding over the board with authority and dignity, Pease nevertheless discouraged discussion, so that board meetings tended to be rubber-stamp affairs. However, as a leading banker he owed his considerable reputation to his qualities of impeccable integrity and honesty. He was appointed chairman of the Committee of London Clearing Bankers and also served as president of the British Bankers' Association. In 1936 his services to banking were recognized in his elevation to the peerage as Baron Wardington, of Alnmouth, Northumberland. He died at Wardington Manor, Wardington, near Banbury, on 7 August 1950, and was cremated in Oxford on 14 August.

M. W. Kirby

Known to the family as "Monty" or "Montie" Pease, as in Beaumont.

21 Nov 1879, Fri:John William *Pease's* servant came in to say that Monti had the measles and that their plan of coming to us must be altered.
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate in 1881.
- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Banker. Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease, Spence & Co.
- He worked as a Chairman of Lloyds Bank in 1922-1948.

18-Christopher Henry Beaumont Pease 2nd Baron Wardington³ was born on 22 Jan 1924 in London and died on 7 Jul 2005 at age 81.

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General Notes: Christopher Henry Pease. Lord Wardington. Known as "Bic"

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker.

19-**Christopher William Beaumont Pease**

19-**Lucy Ann Pease**

20-**Christopher Beaumont Petrie**

20-**Angus Crawford Petrie**

20-**Abigail Lucy Petrie**

19-**Helen Elizabeth Pease**

18-**Dr. William Simon Pease 3rd Baron Wardington**³ was born on 15 Oct 1925 in London and died on 19 Mar 2019 at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA MB BS FRCS.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He was educated at St Thomas's Hospital Medical School.
- He worked as a Consultant ENT Surgeon, Central Middlesex and Northwick Park Hospitals in 1967-1985.

17-**Sophia Mabel Pease**^{4,12} was born on 14 Sep 1871 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 22 Jan 1953 in Fownhope, Herefordshire at age 81.

Sophia married **Lt. Col. Reginald Wilson Fox**,^{4,12} son of **Charles Henry Fox**^{4,12,275,362} and **Caroline Chapman**,^{4,12,362,363} on 18 Nov 1891 in The Chapel, Benwell Tower, Newcastle. Reginald was born on 1 Nov 1866 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 8 Mar 1916 in Dujailah, Nahr, Iraq. Killed In Action. at age 49, and was buried in Basra Memorial, Iraq. They had no children.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- Miscellaneous: They were married by the Bishop of Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Clare College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a JP for Devon.
- He worked as an officer of the 5th Battalion Devon Regiment.
- He had a residence in Grimstone, Horrabridge, Devon.

16-**Lucy Anna Fox**^{2,9,10,12,74,198,213,225,229,288} was born on 5 Oct 1841 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 26 Dec 1934 in Treworgan, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 93, and was buried in FBG Budock, Falmouth.

General Notes: Sun 29 Aug 1880 - Aunt Lucy a son last week

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The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Lucy married **Dr. Thomas Hodgkin**,^{2,9,10,12,15,74,145,198,225,229,288,302} son of **John Hodgkin**^{2,9,26,57,59,69,198,225,290,353} and **Elizabeth Howard**,^{2,9,198,225,290,353} on 7 Aug 1861 in FMH Falmouth. Thomas was born on 29 Jul 1831 in Bruce Grove, Tottenham, London, died on 2 Mar 1913 in Treworgan, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 81, and was buried in FBG Budock, Falmouth. They had seven children: **Lucy Violet, John Alfred, Thomas Edward, Elizabeth Howard Fox, Ellen Sophia, Robert (Robin) Howard**, and **George Lloyd**.

General Notes: IN about 1851, he entered the legal chambers of Joseph Bevan Braithwaite. His legal ambitions soon came to a close when he was stricken with an epileptic seizure. In 1853, as part of his recovery, he spent time at Ben Rhydding. He then decided to travel on the continent, with Alfred Waterhouse... the future architect. Upon his return, he entered the Leatham family bank at Pontefract, whilst staying nearby at Ackworth Villa.

Thomas Hodgkin81 2 3 1913 Beat, Northumberland. Died at Treworgan, nr. Falmouth.. A Minister. Tottenham, as it was during the early part of last century, has entirely disappeared. In the noisy London suburb of to-day it is difficult to recognise the " quiet old village of Tottenham High Cross " with its peaceful houses and gardens. Not only are the bricks and mortar of old Tottenham gone and the outward flavour of old-worldliness vanished, but even sadder is the scattering of that society of cousins and friends who lived in an atmosphere of quiet culture. We of a later day, who never entered that charmed circle, may admire and perhaps envy the high level of spiritual and intellectual life which existed there ; or we may think that with all the brilliance of their intercourse, there was something slightly exclusive about this little group, shut off as it was from the outer world. But there are still a few dear people who can remember Tottenham as it was, and they will be the first to bear witness to the great geniality and warmth of the love which encircled that happy little company. Into this quiet Quaker circle Thomas Hodgkin was born, at the house in Bruce Grove, on the 29th of July, 1831. Behind him, on both sides, were long lines of Quaker ancestry. Six generations back there was a certain Thomas Hodgkin living in the little Oxfordshire village of Shutford who is recorded to have married Ann Alcock in the year 1665. From these two the Hodgkins were descended. It is impossible in a short survey to do justice to all the men whose influence moulded the character of Thomas Hodgkin in early life. Among them were his grandfather, Luke Howard the scientist, his mathematical teacher De Morgan, and schoolfellows who afterwards became famous, such as Lord Lister and Sir Edward Fry. But above all, John Hodgkin, his father, stands pre-eminent. He was a man well-read in the classics, trained for the Bar, and practising as a Conveyancer in London. He had the judicial mind, and, better still, possessed wisdom in the widest sense of the word. He was eminent in the Society of Friends and he travelled far and wide as a minister. He was a prophet of modern days, with something of that power of foresight and prediction which is granted to those who walk with God. Thomas Hodgkin lived in a close comradeship of mind with this wonderful father, and in after life he described their relation as more nearly resembling that of brothers than of father and son. Thomas was educated at home and at Grove House School, and from there he went to University College, London, being barred from the older universities by the fact of his nonconformity. After obtaining his degree he began to read for the Bar in the Chambers of Joseph Bevan Braithwaite, but through ill-health was forced to discontinue this, and for some years he lived in uncertainty as to his career. Then, in the year 1856, a young man of twenty-five, he entered Hea-d's Bank at Whitehaven, where he learnt thoroughly the business of banking and soon took a position of responsibility there. What were his spiritual experiences and outlook during this first period of his life ? First and foremost the loss of his mother, when he was not much more than four years old, seems to have left an ineffaceable mark. In the autobiography that he wrote nearly 65 years later, for his own children, he speaks of the anniversary of her death - the 19th of January - as " a day never to be forgotten in my calendar," and says that he distinctly remembers her parting words to him when he was taken in to say good-bye to her on her death-bed, " that she was going away and I should never see her again, and bidding me strive to be a good boy. I felt that the light of my life had gone out when my dearest mother died. Before that time all had been bright and happy ; probably there had been childish quarrels and disgraces, but the thought of them all was swallowed up in her great encompassing love." So the four poor little motherless bairns were left in the sorrowful house under the devoted care of their faithful nurse Betsy Hitchcock, always gratefully remembered by her nurslings as "dear Betsy." She, with the help of their uncle's wife Rachel (Robert) Howard, who lived close by, did what was possible to supply a mother's place. Happy holiday visits to their maternal grandfather Luke Howard, in his country home at Ackworth, were great events in the children's lives. Passing on to the end of his College life there came the years of outward uncertainty and spiritual travail, but there was one incident near the end of this time to which he looked back with great joy, " I remember," he writes, " how, when I was going down in February, 1856 to begin banking at Whitehaven, I spent the night at an hotel in the Midlands, feeling lonesome and somewhat downhearted. And I made a vow like Jacob's, that I would serve the Lord, who I felt sure would guide and protect me. I have kept the vow but badly, but I think the remembrance of that Bethel night at the inn in the Midlands has sometimes helped and steadied me. And how abundantly, beyond my most ardent hopes, God has blessed me ! " Photographs show him at this time with rather a sad look on his face, due no doubt to physical delicacy. But very soon all this was to pass away. In mental power and training at least he was fully equipped, having at command a fluency of language and a literary style that were always easy, dignified and strong. Apart from dress, there was nothing as yet particularly Quakerly about him ; he was a Friend by birth and upbringing rather than by conviction. In 1859 he went to live at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and joined with others in forming the well-known banking business of Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease and Spence, amalgamated forty-three years later with Lloyds Bank, Limited. In 1861 he married Lucy Anna Fox, fifth daughter of Alfred and Sarah Fox, of Falmouth. With this marriage began what he speaks of in his autobiography as " the long happy pilgrimage of more than 50 years." Shortly after it his health improved very markedly, and though there was a good deal of anxiety and even sorrow in the early years, the time at Newcastle which forms the second period in our survey was undoubtedly one of mature joy. His life was crowded with interests of all kinds, to which we can only allude in passing. It must be understood at once that the business into which, as he himself said, he put all the hardest work of his life, never obsessed him or became in any way his master. He was able to bring a strong, sane Christianity right into the centre of his commercial life. So much was this the case, and so plain to him were the issues between the right course and the wrong, that in later years he found it difficult to believe that complexity of conditions might seem to leave no choice except between two inevitable evils. It puzzled, almost as much as it pained him that friends whom he loved and admired should feel it their duty to engage in undertakings which they did not fully approve, in order to compass the good of the nation as a whole. Historical work, during the years at Newcastle, had already won him wide fame, through his great book, Italy and her Invaders, and to this he brought the same broad Christian outlook. He read

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the past in the light of the present, and he was able to see in the present the forces at work in the past. The problems of old Rome had for him their corresponding problems in England to-day ; Paul's arguments with the Jews on the subject of outward ordinances lived again in the testimony of Friends against water baptism. His service in the Society of Friends must have begun soon after he went to Newcastle, and when he first began to speak in Meetings for Worship, no one was more delighted than his own father. If it be asked what new influences helped him to take this step, it seems possible that friendships with such men as Edward Backhouse and Charles Brown may have counted for a good deal. For about 30 years, then, we may picture him going down Sunday after Sunday, often twice in the day, to the Friends' Meeting House in Pilgrim Street and taking frequent vocal part. Those who listened to him can still hear some of the messages ringing in their ears, such as the following : - " Fear not, little flock." "And because ye are sons, God hath sent forth the Spirit of His Son into your heart, crying Abba, Father." Or again : " Woe unto you when all men speak well of you." Or, most beloved of all : " There rem aineth therefore a Sabbath rest for the people of God." He was recorded a Minister by Newcastle Monthly Meeting in 2nd month, 1869. He also contributed frequently to the periodicals of the Society. His " Thoughts on the Inspiration of the Scriptures," published in 1865, show to what sore stress of mind he, with many others, had been brought by the revolutionary theories of Huxley and Darwin. Looking back after half a century, this pamphlet does not seem to be a very daring scientific flight, and it may be difficult for some to imagine how entirely the theory of evolution was felt to overthrow the well-established props on which religion rested. But the paper was then much in advance of the general thought of the Society, and the open-minded attitude which Thomas Hodgkin took enabled him ultimately to weather the storm of doubt with colours flying, and to rejoice in the unfolding revelations of God, to which the new knowledge gave men entry. Remembering this, we understand his rather hard judgment on John Henry Newman (see his paper on " English Protestantism " published in The Trial of our Faith) who, he says, might have led men " wisely and tenderly forward" but chose rather to lead them back again into the " bondage of mediaevalism." Thus Thomas Hodgkin took a considerable share in religious work, although as a member of the Society of Friends his position was in some ways rather unusual. Whenever he came to Yearly Meeting his words were listened to with pleasure and approval, but yet in an indescribable way he stood somewhat apart at this time from the main body of Friends. He would come from his world of books and business and travel, and his words gained freshness from this detachment. But he felt himself, and others felt him to be, a little removed from the full stream of Quaker life. On one notable occasion, in the Yearly Meeting of 1888, when the acceptance of the Richmond Declaration of Faith was under discussion, his opposition to any action which might be construed as the setting-up of a creed, powerfully contributed to the course adopted by the Yearly Meeting, of printing the Declaration in the Proceedings, but without expressing any judgment upon it. We now come to the third and last period of his life when in 1894 he felt able to retire from the incessant strain of business, and to leave Newcastle for a country home at a considerable distance from that town. He still continued to come to business occasionally, but he was for the most part freed from its cares, and could devote himself more fully to literary and religious work. The difficulty of finding a house large enough to contain his library without being unsuitable in other ways, forced him to live more than 50 miles from a Friends' Meeting. He had always felt himself at home in the Anglican service, but now that he became a regular attender, the fact of being unable to go to a Friends' Meeting when at home seemed to confirm his Quaker convictions and his love of a more spiritual worship. A pamphlet published in 1898 on the Society of Friends (reprinted from " Our Churches and Why we Belong to Them ") shows quite plainly his attitude with regard to the Sacraments of Baptism and the Lord's Supper. He had always felt that the true Quaker position was to emphasise the mistake, not of observing the outward ordinances, but of maintaining that they were necessary to salvation. Friends, he would say, must remember that their testimony is to the non-necessity of observing the Sacraments rather than to the necessity of not observing them. When attending a little Scotch church on one of his many journeys abroad, the whole congregation were invited very simply to partake of the bread and wine ; and in this outward communion, as well as in the inward communion of soul, he gladly shared. This will show that he was in no way narrow in his point of view, though he had always been quite firm in opposition to sacerdotal doctrines. Now, in the last twenty years of his life, when thrown into much closer contact with the Church of England, what seemed to him the unreality and repetition of its services, Sunday after Sunday, became extraordinarily wearisome. As a result he was often to be found leading the simple service of fisher -folk in the dark entrance hall at Bamborough, or attending one of the Nonconformist chapels in the village of Lowick, and in the last years of his life sharing in an informal Friends' Meeting in a neighbouring upper room. With regard to his outlook on doctrinal questions, it seems best to quote his own words in "The Trial of Our Faith." "The Spirit of the risen Christ still dwells in the hearts of the children of men. It is not merely certain historical facts which occurred under the sway of Augustus and Tiberius Caesar that we as Christians believe ; it is a living and abiding Spiritual presence in the world to which we bear witness. " Whoever so thinks about Christ, whoever can truly say, ' He is to me unique among the sons of men, He brings to me a message from the Eternal One such as none other that I know of has ever borne ' - such a man seems to me to be my brother in the faith. I know that many, perhaps most, of those who are called ' heterodox,' could come as far as this ; still it seems to me that all who have got thus far have at least their faces towards the light, and I would say to all these, ' Let us live with this Man, Who is above all other men, as much as we can, let us imitate His spirit, study His words, and translate them day by day into acts, and then our understanding of Who and What He is will grow.' " Thomas Hodgkin's study of the weary centuries of controversy and strife over the person and nature of Jesus, had taught him that the surest way of preaching Christ was to live in His spirit rather than to impose on others doctrines about Him ; and, to the end of his life, the work of Christ in the individual heart remained above all things a sweet and sacred mystery, which it was almost irreverent to urge upon others in creed or the letter. To quote again from his paper on " The Central Mystery of Christianity," " What, then, is the conclusion at which the mind arrives after it has thus waited reverently at the threshold of the Heavenly Temple, and looked within for light ? Was Jesus Christ of Nazareth a Jewish teacher of signally pure and holy life ? Yes, but more . - Did he die a noble death, and set a splendid example of self-sacrifice to all the ages to come ? Yes, but more . - Was he emphatically the Son of Man, the noblest offspring of the human race, cui nihil vigeat simile aut secundum ? Yes, but more. - Was He the Word of God, the one transcendent expression of the thought of the Maker to the creatures whom He has made, the one voice, helpful above all others to break this awful silence of Nature, who seems so regardless of the sorrows and aspirations of her inmate, Man ? Yes ! and that thought, perhaps more than all others, seems to me to bring soothing and help to the men who face the problem of life at the end of the nineteenth century." He entirely endorsed the opinion of Prof. Johnston Ross in lamenting the modern attitude with regard to the Cross ; he felt that there was an awe and a reverence fifty years ago, which is lacking to-day, and he was quite fearless in upholding his testimony even among critical audiences. During his Australian visit he was asked to give an address at the " Australian Church ," in Melbourne, which, at the last moment, he found to be attended by a rather peculiar body, with Unitarian tendencies. He kept his promise, however, and gave his address on " Present day Religion and Social Conditions," but he felt that he would not be true to himself if he failed to uphold his unswerving belief in the divinity and redemptive power of

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Christ, and he concluded with the following words : - " I can only speak that which I do know ; but I know I am in a temple of freedom, and even those who differ from me will let me say the things which I know for myself to be true. It was well that I was called Thomas, for truly I have always had an infinite capacity for doubt ; and yet the longer I live, and increasingly with every year in later life, I feel intensely that Christ is the key to all my spiritual difficulties. He said, 'And I, if I be lifted up, will draw all men unto Me.' He is the remedy for all our sins and all our sorrows ... 'In the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth ' I would say unto paralysed humanity, ' rise up and walk.' " The visit to Australia and New Zealand in 1909 was the most considerable service of his later years. He went in company with his wife and two of their children, and carried official minutes from the home Meetings. For many years he had attended the Australasian Committee in London, and his interest in the members of our Yearly Meeting at the other end of the world had been steadily growing. He was nearing his eightieth year when the journey began, and it needed a good deal of courage to go so far from home. The voyage, however, was much more trying to his wife than to him. He suffered less from the sweltering heat of the tropics than from the superficiality, possibly unavoidable, of life on board ship. By day he would read his Boethius, or James Backhouse's Journal, or the Travels of Captain Cook, but not so as to be shut off from those who had lighter ways of passing the time. The endless card-playing all around him, especially on Sunday, was the thing which most wearied him. And when evening came, and the decks emptied, he would sit out in the twilight and allow his thoughts to dwell on all the unknown work which he had come so far to do. . Imagine his delight after the weary weeks at sea, at finding himself welcomed at every port by Friends " speaking the same spiritual language" and turning their eyes towards the same home. The Australasians received him with the splendid hospitality for which they are famous, and the few weeks spent in each State were crowded with engagements. His first stay was at Hobart, and proved a time of great activity. Night after night he would attend Meetings or deliver addresses, and usually during the day he would visit the homes of Friends or go distant excursions at their suggestion. He was, however, troubled with several slight attacks of giddiness and difficulty of speech, which were rather alarming, and it was obvious to those with him that in some way or other his work must be reduced. During the succeeding months in New Zealand and Australia, it was always arranged that if he had any strenuous evening engagement, he should spend the preceding hours of the day in quiet rest. This was rather a hardship, as he was always eager to share in all that was going on, and it required real self-denial to sever himself from the rest of the party. His work was by no means confined to the Society of Friends, and he would deliver addresses and show lantern slides on historical or religious subjects to audiences of all kinds. On the S.S. " Orontes " he discoursed on " Twenty Centuries of Roman History " in a half -hour's talk to second-class passengers, and during another voyage he gave another Roman lecture to the saloon passengers, who were mainly ecclesiastics going to a Church Congress at Perth (Western Australia). Amid all these external engagements, his mind was always at work upon the problems before the courageous little groups of Friends in Australia and New Zealand. After the First Conference of New Zealand Friends, at Wellington, he visited one or two isolated Friends, and then made up his mind to penetrate to the distant home of Joseph Vaughan in the far north. Cautious people said it was, for him, an impossible undertaking in the middle of winter, but his mind was set on it, and he went. The journey meant a voyage along the coast, a train ride, a day in the coach over almost impassably muddy roads, then a trip in a motor launch across the fiords of Hokianga, and a final drive up to the house of his host. He could only pay a short visit of two nights, and then repeated the same long journey back again ; but those who have read his journal know how immensely worth while he felt that visit to have been. On the eve of his departure from New Zealand he signed a letter addressed to every family of Friends in the Dominion, which concluded as follows : - " The best service you can render to this country, which you have made your home, is to infuse into it something of that earnestness of soul, that zeal for truth and righteousness which animated so many of our forefathers. Its sons, thinking of its natural beauty and its glorious climate, call it, admiringly, ' God's Own Country.' Will it not be a noble aim for you, as Christian patriots, to make those grand words more nearly true, and to work for the time when it may in a deeper and more real sense be called ' The Country of the Living God " ? The next five months were spent in the Australian continent, and perhaps this was in some ways the most fruitful part of the whole journey. His mind was by this time thoroughly attuned to the Australian outlook, and this, and the radiant sunshine of those spring months made his service exceedingly happy, both to himself and those whom he visited. The General Meeting at Adelaide was a time of great unity, which none present will ever forget ; but the pain of parting with so many new yet dear friends cast an inevitable shadow on all the brightness. " This journey has been an immense thing in my life," were his last words as he went on board the homeward-bound steamer at Fremantle on a glorious summer evening in November, 1909. In spite of his joy in the Australian sunshine and his love for his Australian friends, the pull of England at his heart was sometimes almost more than he could bear. He used to say : " I would willingly exchange all this for one of the foggiest, dreariest days in dear Northumberland." On his return, Friends at home were amazed to find that the journey, instead of wearing him out, had given him new strength, had fired his enthusiasm, had made him more of a Quaker than ever, and had greatly increased his enjoyment of home. " I begrudge every day away from it," he said once, speaking of Barmoor. Yet he never did grudge, in practice, the frequent journeys to Newcastle, in the service of his fellow- citizens, or the longer ones to London to attend the Meeting for Sufferings, and the many committees and deputations on which he served. It has been recorded that " more than anywhere else shall we miss his wise counsel in the Yearly Meeting and Meeting for Sufferings." More than three years of life thus full and active remained to him, and only during the last few months did his splendid vitality begin to fail. " I have had such a full and interesting life," he wrote in one of his last letters, " but now I long to rest." The lingering illness and the death in October, 1912, of his somewhat older brother Eliot saddened his last year and turned his thoughts more than ever to the Beyond - " the wonderful not terrible Beyond," to use his own words. The call came just as he would have wished, on Sunday morning, March 2nd 1913, as he was preparing to start for Meeting at Falmouth. There was no leave-taking. He had always dreaded a lingering illness or the loss of his reason, or any " struggle of this dying." "All his life he had been showing men the live-ableness of life, and then, quite suddenly, it was his turn to show them the dieableness of death." There was no austerity in his life ; the keynote was joy ; and in his death there was nothing terrible. His body was laid to rest in the quiet little Friends' burial ground at Budock, where he had always wished to be laid. The little company did not gather round his grave as mourners ; they could " rejoice with joy unspeakable and full of glory " because they had known and loved this one of the sons of God, and knew that he had entered into His Rest.

Hodgkin, Thomas (1831-1913), historian, was born on 29 July 1831 at Bruce Grove, Tottenham, the second son of John Hodgkin (1800-1875), barrister of Lincoln's Inn, and his first wife, Elizabeth (d. 1836), daughter of the meteorologist Luke Howard. The Hodgkins were Quakers, and Thomas, debarred from Oxford and Cambridge by the university tests, was educated at Grove House, Tottenham, and University College, London, where he graduated BA with honours in classics in 1851. He had entered Lincoln's Inn in 1850 to read for the bar, but found life in London deleterious to his health.

Hodgkin's connections readily opened a career in banking to him, and he moved first to Pontefract, and then to Whitehaven. In 1857 the failure of the Northumberland and District Bank in Newcastle upon Tyne created an opening for a new enterprise there, and the firm of Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease and Spence took up the opportunity in 1859. Hodgkin was the longest-lived of the partners, but he retired from business well before the bank was absorbed into Lloyds Bank in 1902, and from 1874 devoted his time to literary work.

On 7 August 1861 Hodgkin married Lucy Ann (1841-1934), daughter of Alfred and Sarah Ann Fox (née Lloyd) of Falmouth. They had six children: three sons and three daughters. Though he had added the care of a family to his daily business, and was involved in a variety of civic activities, Hodgkin found time and energy for intellectual pursuits, and they became an absorbing interest. As an undergraduate he had written a prize essay on the classical historians, and in Northumberland he readily immersed himself not only in Roman archaeology but also in topography and general antiquities. He was not active in national politics, but as a liberal he supported the cause of Italian unification, and his first visit to Italy in 1868 fired him with a desire to write a major history of that country. There was, however, more than democratic enthusiasm in his resolution. Under the Italian sky and sun he understood, he said, why medieval emperors and princes had readily ventured from their northern territories for the prizes that the peninsula offered.

The vigorous commerce and culture of Newcastle were a decisive influence in Hodgkin's life. On his return he gave a series of lectures in Newcastle on Renaissance Italy. His first thoughts were of a general history that would come down to his own day, but he soon turned to a more specialized though no less ambitious project. He proved well matched to the task, and the first edition of *Italy and her Invaders* (4 vols.) came out in 1870. The second edition (8 vols.) appeared between 1892 and 1899. The theme of the work, the end of the Roman hegemony and the emergence of the culture and institutions of medieval Italy, derives plainly enough from Hodgkin's early studies. His interest in historiography was matched by literary scholarship. His book on Claudian (1875), an accomplished author and observer of the late empire who first wrote in Greek, has lasted well. Hodgkin's enthusiasm for the light and landscape of Italy speaks for itself, but his eventual decision to concentrate upon the collapse and the complex legacy of Roman power also owes something to the landscape of northern England. He saw that country not only as an imperial frontier but also as the setting of the Anglian kingdom of Northumbria, a perception which enabled him to break new ground in the *History of England from the Earliest Times to the Norman Conquest*, which he contributed in 1906 to the series edited for Longmans by R. L. Poole and T. F. Tout.

Italy and her Invaders, despite an intricate publishing history, did not completely fill Hodgkin's time. He contributed more than fifty articles and notes to *Archaeologia Aeliana*, the journal of the Society of Antiquaries of Newcastle upon Tyne, and many occasional pieces to *Quaker* and other publications besides pamphlets and reviews. He translated the letters of Cassiodorus (1886), wrote a life of Theodoric (1891), and was instrumental in establishing the monumental *History of the County of Northumberland*, published in fifteen volumes between 1893 and 1940. He was a founder fellow of the British Academy, and received honorary doctorates from the universities of Durham and Oxford. From 1864 to 1894 the Hodgkins lived at Benwell Dene, Newcastle, a house designed by Alfred Waterhouse, a fellow pupil at Grove House, who had married Thomas's sister Elizabeth. They later moved to rural Northumberland, first to Bamburgh, and in 1899 to Barmoor Castle, at Beal. Hodgkin died on 2 March 1913, while on holiday at Treworgan, Mawnan, near Falmouth, and was buried in the Quaker burial-ground at Budock, Cornwall.

In an age of nascent professionalism Hodgkin made himself a professional. His work was based upon an extensive knowledge of literary and narrative sources, Italian topography, and the continental scholarship of his day. He bears comparison with Gibbon, on his own terms, and with Grote, a fellow banker, and his history of Italy held its own until the middle of the twentieth century. Though it is no longer of commanding authority, its humane and balanced narrative can still be read with pleasure and some advantage.

G. H. Martin
Sources F. W. Dendy, 'Thomas Hodgkin', *Archaeologia Aeliana*, 3rd ser., 9 (1913), 75-88 · L. von Glehn Creighton, *Life and letters of Thomas Hodgkin* (1917) · D. A. Bullough, *Italy and her invaders* (1968) · DNB · *CGPLA Eng. & Wales* (1913)
Archives U. Durham L., archives and special collections, translation MS of letters to Cassiodorus · U. Newcastle, Robinson L., travel journals and historical papers · Wellcome L., corresp. and papers | BLPES, corresp. with E. D. Morel
Likenesses J. Worsnop, photograph, 1911, NPG [see illus.] · H. S. Mendelssohn, carte-de-visite, NPG · photograph, repro. in *Archaeologia Aeliana*, 9 (1913), frontispiece
Wealth at death £150,281 5s. 3d.: probate, 1 May 1913, *CGPLA Eng. & Wales*
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G. H. Martin, 'Hodgkin, Thomas (1831-1913)', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/33915]

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Hon DCL.
- He was educated at Grove House School in 1844 in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at University College, London in 1846.
- He worked as a Banker & Historian.
- He worked as a Banker, Carlisle Old Bank Feb 1856 to 1858 in Whitehaven, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne.

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- He worked as a Banker. Partner in Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease & Spence on 14 Mar 1859 in St. Nicholas Square, Newcastle Upon Tyne.
- He worked as a Quaker minister on 10 Feb 1869 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He resided at Tredourva in 1875 in Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in Barmoor Castle, Berwick upon Tweed, Northumberland.

17-**Lucy Violet Hodgkin**²²⁹ was born on 19 Mar 1869 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 6 Apr 1954 in Penzance, Cornwall at age 85.

Lucy married **John Holdsworth**,³⁶⁴ son of **John Holdsworth**⁷ and **Martha King**,⁷ on 14 Feb 1922 in Truro, Cornwall. John was born on 22 Oct 1850 in Rochdale, Lancashire and died on 31 Mar 1935 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Travelled with his brother Charles and William Benson (1848-1927) in Australia.

17-**John Alfred Hodgkin** was born on 27 Feb 1871 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne, died on 5 Feb 1872 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne, and was buried on 7 Feb 1872.

General Notes: **7 Feb 1872, Wed:** Minnie at Newcastle at the funeral of poor Tom, & Lucy Hodgkin 's little boy who died a few days ago of Bronchitis and Congestion.

The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease. Bt. (unpublished)

17-**Thomas Edward Hodgkin**^{9,12} was born on 20 Sep 1872 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 10 Sep 1921 in Old Ridley, Stocksfield, Northumberland at age 48.

General Notes: Named in honour of Sir Edward Fry

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He had a residence in Old Ridley, Stocksfield, Northumberland.

18-**Tristram Hodgkin** was born on 5 May 1901 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 8 May 1901 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

17-**Elizabeth Howard Fox Hodgkin**^{12,288} was born on 22 Nov 1873 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 27 Jun 1972 in Liverpool at age 98.

General Notes: Sometime known as Lily

Elizabeth married **Rt. Rev. Dr. Herbert Gresford Jones**,^{12,288} son of **Rev. Canon William Jones**³⁶⁵ and **Margaret Cropper**,^{26,365} on 30 Aug 1900 in Lowick, Northumberland. Herbert was born on 7 Apr 1870 in Burneside, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 22 Jun 1958 in Liverpool at age 88. They had one son: **Edward Michael Gresford**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Vicar of Bradford in Bradford, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Bishop of Kampala in Kampala, Uganda, Africa.
- He worked as a Bishop of Warrington in Warrington, Cheshire.

18-**Rt. Rev. Dr. Sir Edward Michael Gresford Jones**³⁶⁶ was born on 21 Oct 1901 in St. Michaels Hamlet, Liverpool and died on 7 Mar 1982 at age 80.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DD KCVO.
- He worked as a Bishop of Willesden.

Edward married **Lucy Elizabeth Bosanquet**,³⁶⁶ daughter of **Prof. Robert Carr Bosanquet**^{288,366} and **Ellen Sophia Hodgkin**,^{12,288,366} on 19 Apr 1933 in Winwick, Northamptonshire. Lucy was born on 15 Sep 1911 in 24 Devonshire Road, Liverpool and died on 8 May 1989 at age 77. They had three children: **Alison Gresford**, **Rachel Margaret Gresford**, and **Helen Elizabeth Gresford**.

19-Alison Gresford Jones

Alison married **Dr. David Lewis Froggatt**, son of **Harold Aubrey Froggatt** and **Rose Marion Murgatroyd**. They had three children: **Katherine Alison**, **Peter Michael**, and **Antony Patrick**.

20-Katherine Alison Froggatt

Katherine married **Hugh Kidd**.

20-Rev. Peter Michael Froggatt

Peter married **Ruth Hall**. They had three children: **Shelly**, **Scott**, and **Ella**.

21-Shelly Froggatt

21-Scott Froggatt

21-Ella Froggatt

20-Antony Patrick Froggatt

Antony married **Julie Brown**. They had two children: **Jonah Daniel Lewis** and **Elsa**.

21-Jonah Daniel Lewis Froggatt

21-Elsa Froggatt

19-Rachel Margaret Gresford Jones

Rachel married **William John Walter Boulton**, son of **Walter Boulton** and **Lorna Batley**. They had three children: **Jonathan Edward**, **Walter Benedict**, and **Matthew Gresford**.

20-Jonathan Edward Boulton

Jonathan married **Nicola Chinn**. They had two children: **Anya Catherine Ellenden** and **Lucy Temple Fox**.

21-Anya Catherine Ellenden Boulton

21-Lucy Temple Fox Boulton

20-Walter Benedict Boulton

20-Matthew Gresford Boulton

Matthew married **Sarah Bernard**. They had three children: **Sophie Mary**, **Luke**, and **Seth Alexander**.

21-Sophie Mary Boulton

21-Luke Boulton

21-Seth Alexander Boulton

19-Helen Elizabeth Gresford Jones

Helen married **Simon Morley Barnes**³⁶⁶ on 24 Apr 1971. Simon was born on 13 Dec 1939 and died on 3 Dec 2010 in Kent at age 70. They had three children: **Annabel Lucy**, **Adam Charles Morley**, and **Rebecca Morley**.

20-Annabel Lucy Barnes

Annabel married **Stewart Anderson**.

Annabel next married **Richard Close**. They had two children: **Charlotte Lucy Clare** and **Jack Simon**.

21-Charlotte Lucy Clare Close

21-Jack Simon Close

20-Adam Charles Morley Barnes

Adam married **Valerie Blanchet**. They had three children: **Theo**, **Charlie**, and **Arthur**.

21-Theo Barnes

21-Charlie Barnes

21-Arthur Barnes

20-Rebecca Morley Barnes

Rebecca married **Nick Wilkie**. They had three children: **James Harry Gresford**, **Thomas Simon Gresford**, and **Daisy Ann Gresford**.

21-James Harry Gresford Wilkie

21-Thomas Simon Gresford Wilkie

21-Daisy Ann Gresford Wilkie

17-**Ellen Sophia Hodgkin**^{12,288,366} was born on 16 May 1875 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne, died on 10 Sep 1965 at age 90, and was buried in Rock Church of St.Philip & St.James, Alnwick, Northumberland.

General Notes: Sometime known as Nelly

Ellen married **Prof. Robert Carr Bosanquet**,^{288,366} son of **Charles Bertie Pulleine Bosanquet** and **Eliza Isabella Carr-Ellison**, on 8 Jul 1902 in Lowick, Northumberland. Robert was born on 7 Jun 1871 in Kensington, London, died on 21 Apr 1935 in Rock Moor, Northumberland at age 63, and was buried in Rock Church of St.Philip & St.James, Alnwick, Northumberland. They had six children: **Charles Ion Carr**, **Violet Frances**, **Helen Diana**, **Lucy Elizabeth**, **David Graham**, and **Rosemary Bernard**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FSA.
- He was educated at University of Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of The British School 1900 To 1906 in Athens, Greece.
- He worked as a Professor of Classical Archaeology, University of Liverpool.

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- He had a residence in 1915 in 24 Devonshire Road, Liverpool.

18-**Charles Ion Carr Bosanquet**^{12,366} was born on 19 Apr 1903 in Athens, Greece, died on 9 Apr 1986 in Rock Moor, Alnwick, Northumberland at age 82, and was buried in Rock Church of St.Philip & St.James, Alnwick, Northumberland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Assistant General Manager; Friends' Provident Institution.

Charles married **Barbara Schieffelin**,³⁶⁶ daughter of **William Jay Schieffelin** and **Maria Louise Vanderbilt Shepard**, on 16 Jan 1931 in New York, New York, USA. Barbara was born on 30 Sep 1906 in Manhattan, New York, NY, USA, died on 29 Nov 1987 in Rock Moor, Alnwick, Northumberland at age 81, and was buried in Rock Church of St.Philip & St.James, Alnwick, Northumberland. They had four children: **Deborah Lucy**, **Katherine Mary**, **Barbara Clare**, and **Charles Jay**.

19-Deborah Lucy Bosanquet

Deborah married **Frank Radley Mott-Trille**, son of **Radley Mott-Trille** and **M. Hughes Coke**. They had four children: **Sarah Elizabeth**, **Barbara May**, **Helen Rachel**, and **Jonathan Charles Edward**.

20-Sarah Elizabeth Mott-Trille

Sarah married **Joel Hamilton**. They had two children: **Michael James Frank** and **Elizabeth**.

21-Michael James Frank Hamilton

21-Elizabeth Hamilton

20-Barbara May Mott-Trille

Barbara married **Vladimir Leopold Dresar**. They had one daughter: **Meghan Abigail Teak**.

21-Meghan Abigail Teak Dresar

20-Helen Rachel Mott-Trille

Helen married **Salvatore Nino Sansalone**. They had four children: **Gemma Rebekah**, **Caleb Jacob**, **Katya**, and **Joshua**.

21-Gemma Rebekah Sansalone

21-Caleb Jacob Sansalone

21-**Katya Sansalone**³⁶⁶ was born on 25 Aug 2001 and died on 5 Oct 2017 at age 16.

21-Joshua Sansalone

20-Jonathan Charles Edward Mott-Trille

Jonathan married **Kirsten Makinson**. They had two children: **Tea Elizabeth Katherine** and **Marlee Abigail Sophia**.

21-Tea Elizabeth Katherine Mott-Trille

21-Marlee Abigail Sophia Mott-Trille

19-Katherine Mary Bosanquet

Katherine married **Roger Downey Rossen**, son of **Joseph Mckinley Rossen**. They had three children: **Adam**, **Christopher Roger**, and **Justin Frederick**.

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20-**Adam Rossen**³⁶⁶ was born on 8 Oct 1963 and died on 26 Aug 2008 at age 44.

20-**Christopher Roger Rossen**

Christopher married **Carrie Treadwell**.

20-**Justin Frederick Bosanquet-Rossen**

Justin married **Heejung Jung**. They had two children: **Mireu** and **Garam**.

21-**Mireu Bosanquet-Rossen**

21-**Garam Bosanquet-Rossen**

Katherine next married **George Potter**³⁶⁶ on 28 Nov 1986. George died in 2002.

19-**Barbara Clare Bosanquet**

Barbara married **Anthony Seymour Laughton**³⁶⁶ on 10 Mar 1973 in Northumberland. Anthony was born on 29 Apr 1927 and died on 27 Sep 2019 in Chiddingfold, Surrey at age 92. They had two children: **Rebecca Lucy Bosanquet** and **Susanna Rachel Clare**.

20-**Rebecca Lucy Bosanquet Laughton**

20-**Susanna Rachel Clare Laughton**

Susanna married **Arjan Van Doorn**. They had two children: **Elena Antje Alouette** and **Rose Sophia Grace**.

21-**Elena Antje Alouette Van Doorn**

21-**Rose Sophia Grace Van Doorn**

19-**Charles Jay Bosanquet**

Charles married **Lalage Ann Ibbotson**, daughter of **Alan Ibbotson** and **Eva Wiesner**. They had three children: **Frederick Charles**, **Theodore William**, and **Octavia Lucy**.

20-**Frederick Charles Bosanquet**

Frederick married **Florence Scott**. They had two children: **Charles Bernard** and **Beatrice Mary**.

21-**Charles Bernard Bosanquet**

21-**Beatrice Mary Bosanquet**

20-**Theodore William Bosanquet**

Theodore married **Katherine Jane Myall**. They had two children: **Helena Eva** and **Benjamin David**.

21-**Helena Eva Bosanquet**

21-**Benjamin David Bosanquet**

20-**Octavia Lucy Bosanquet**

Octavia married **Peter David Gilmour**. They had two children: **Rosa Elizabeth** and **James Alexander**.

21-**Rosa Elizabeth Gilmour**

21-James Alexander Gilmour

18-Violet Frances Bosanquet³⁶⁶ was born on 22 Jul 1907 in 24 Devonshire Road, Liverpool and died on 27 Apr 1984 in Northumberland at age 76.

Violet married **Lt. Col. Jonathan Moberly Pumphrey**,^{12,366} son of **Charles Ernest Pumphrey**^{12,26,356} and **Iris Mary Bell**, on 29 Dec 1931 in Rock, Alnwick, Nortumberland. Jonathan was born on 14 May 1908 in Greenside, Ryton on Tyne, County Durham and died on 17 Oct 1992 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire at age 84. They had three children: **Christopher Jonathan, Candia Mary**, and **Richard Charles Moberly**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME OBE JP DL TD.
- He worked as a Mining Engineer.
- He worked as a Director of Priestman Collieries Ltd.
- He worked as a Deputy Chairman, Northern Division, National Coal Board.

19-Maj. Christopher Jonathan Pumphrey

Christopher married **Joanna Jane Aykroyd**, daughter of **Frederic Howard Aykroyd** and **Ruth Joan Oldfield**. They had three children: **Sara Rose, Edward Jonathan Lawrence**, and **Andrew Charles**.

20-Sara Rose Pumphrey

Sara married **Nicholas Walter Alexander**, son of **Cyril J. T. Alexander**. They had four children: **Lucy Kate, Christopher James Turnbull, Clare Rose**, and **John Michael**.

21-Lucy Kate Alexander

21-Christopher James Turnbull Alexander

21-Clare Rose Alexander

21-John Michael Alexander

20-Edward Jonathan Lawrence Pumphrey

Edward married **Melinda Nell Seymour**, daughter of **Archibald John Seymour** and **Lavinia Mary Louise York**. They had two children: **Thomas** and **Louisa Rose**.

21-Thomas Pumphrey

21-Louisa Rose Pumphrey

20-Andrew Charles Pumphrey

Andrew married **Juliet Evelyn Blackett**, daughter of **John Harold Booth Blackett** and **Veronica Heath Stuart Tegner**. They had two children: **Kate Annabel** and **Oliver Jonathan**.

21-Kate Annabel Pumphrey

21-Oliver Jonathan Pumphrey

19-Candia Mary Pumphrey

Candia married **Christopher Steuart Gladstone**,³⁶⁶ son of **Thomas Steuart Gladstone** and **Muriel Day**, on 12 Sep 1964 in Northumberland. Christopher was born on

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1 Sep 1931 and died on 4 Jan 2012 at age 80. They had three children: **Benedict Thomas Steuart**, **Matthew Adrian Steuart**, and **Francesca Kate**.

20-**Benedict Thomas Steuart Gladstone**

Benedict married **Stefania Pignatelli Aragona Cortes**, daughter of **Mario Pignatelli Aragona Cortes di Terranova** and **Giulia Panichi**. They had two children: **Ferdinando Christopher Mario** and **Sibilla Giulia Candia Gladstone**.

21-**Ferdinando Christopher Mario Gladstone**

21-**Sibilla Giulia Candia Gladstone Gladstone**

20-**Matthew Adrian Steuart Gladstone**

20-**Francesca Kate Gladstone**

Francesca married **Hugo Del Mar**. They had two children: **Harry** and **Finn**.

21-**Harry Del Mar**

21-**Finn Del Mar**

19-**Richard Charles Moberly Pumphrey**

Richard married **Stephanie Gay Greenwood**. They had two children: **Belinda Clare** and **Jessica Kate**.

20-**Belinda Clare Pumphrey**

Belinda married **Richard Norrington**. They had four children: **Sam Jack**, **Max Tobias**, **Isabel Rose**, and **Findlay James**.

21-**Sam Jack Norrington**

21-**Max Tobias Norrington**

21-**Isabel Rose Norrington**

21-**Findlay James Norrington**

20-**Jessica Kate Pumphrey**

Jessica married **Adam Greenwood**.

18-**Helen Diana Bosanquet**³⁶⁶ was born on 3 Jul 1909 in 24 Devonshire Road, Liverpool, was christened on 17 Aug 1909 in Lowick, Northumberland, and died on 31 May 1996 at age 86.

General Notes: Her birth is also given by RCB as the 5th March 1909.

Helen married **Henry Hardman**,³⁶⁶ son of **Harry Hardman** and **Bertha Cook**, on 19 Jun 1937 in Miiddlesbrough. Henry was born on 15 Dec 1905 in Stretford, Lancashire and died on 17 Jan 2001 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 95. They had three children: **Anna Margaret**, **John Paul**, and **Charlotte Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Under Secretary, Ministry of Food.

19-**Anna Margaret Hardman**

Anna married **Yannis Ioannides**. They had one son: **Kimon Luke Hardman**.

20-**Kimon Luke Hardman Ioannides**

19-**John Paul Hardman**

John married **Dianne E. Saxon**. They had one daughter: **Lucy**.

20-**Lucy Hardman**

19-**Charlotte Elizabeth Hardman**

Charlotte married someone. She had two children: **Sophie** and **Helena**.

20- **Sophie**

20- **Helena**

18-**Lucy Elizabeth Bosanquet**³⁶⁶ was born on 15 Sep 1911 in 24 Devonshire Road, Liverpool and died on 8 May 1989 at age 77.

19-**Alison Gresford Jones**

20-**Katherine Alison Froggatt**

20-**Rev. Peter Michael Froggatt**

21-**Shelly Froggatt**

21-**Scott Froggatt**

21-**Ella Froggatt**

20-**Antony Patrick Froggatt**

21-**Jonah Daniel Lewis Froggatt**

21-**Elsa Froggatt**

19-**Rachel Margaret Gresford Jones**

20-**Jonathan Edward Boulton**

21-**Anya Catherine Ellenden Boulton**

21-**Lucy Temple Fox Boulton**

20-**Walter Benedict Boulton**

20-**Matthew Gresford Boulton**

21-**Sophie Mary Boulton**

21-**Luke Boulton**

21-**Seth Alexander Boulton**

19-**Helen Elizabeth Gresford Jones**

20-**Annabel Lucy Barnes**

21-**Charlotte Lucy Clare Close**

21-**Jack Simon Close**

20-**Adam Charles Morley Barnes**

21-**Theo Barnes**

21-**Charlie Barnes**

21-**Arthur Barnes**

20-**Rebecca Morley Barnes**

21-**James Harry Gresford Wilkie**

21-**Thomas Simon Gresford Wilkie**

21-**Daisy Ann Gresford Wilkie**

18-**David Graham Bosanquet**³⁶⁶ was born on 8 Oct 1916 in Rock Moor, Alnwick, Northumberland and died on 27 Aug 1995 in Ryarsh, Kent at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor.

David married **Camilla Bertha Phoebe Ricardo**, daughter of **Sir Harry Ralph Ricardo**³⁶⁶ and **Beatrice Bertha Hale**. They had three children: **Robert (Robin) Campbell, Joanna Camilla**, and **Annabel Ruth**.

19-**Robert (Robin) Campbell Bosanquet**

Robert married **Kerstin Cecilia (Cia) Widenback**, daughter of **Gunnar Widenback** and **Signe Larsson**. They had five children: **Annika Victoria, Samuel Ingemar David, Emily Sophia, Antonia Sigrid**, and **Thomas Robert**.

20-**Annika Victoria Bosanquet**

Annika married **Fraser Sharp**. They had two children: **Alicia Lillemor** and **Sigrid May**.

21-**Alicia Lillemor Sharp**

21-**Sigrid May Sharp**

20-**Samuel Ingemar David Bosanquet**³⁶⁶ was born on 25 Nov 1976 in Manchester and died on 28 Mar 1977.

20-**Emily Sophia Bosanquet**

Emily married **John Seager**. They had two children: **Edward John** and **Ivy Jean**.

21-**Edward John Seager**

21-**Ivy Jean Seager**

20-Antonia Sigrid Bosanquet

Antonia married **Reinhold Luth**, son of **Ewald Luth** and **Gabriele Persch**. They had three children: **Grace Charlotta**, **Beatrice Finisterre**, and **Emily Johanna**.

21-Grace Charlotta Luth

21-Beatrice Finisterre Luth

21-Emily Johanna Luth

20-Thomas Robert Bosanquet

Thomas married **Kelly Rolim**. They had one son: **Sebastian Ricardo**.

21-Sebastian Ricardo Bosanquet

19-Joanna Camilla Bosanquet

19-Annabel Ruth Bosanquet³⁶⁶ was born on 29 Oct 1950 in London and died on 16 Nov 2010 in London at age 60.

Annabel married **Frederick Liam Taggart**. They had one daughter: **Rachel**.

20-Rachel Bosanquet

Annabel next married **Paul Edmond Gismondi**.

Annabel next married **Mike Vizard**.

18-Rosemary Bernard Bosanquet³⁶⁶ was born on 10 Jul 1918 in Rock Moor, Alnwick, Northumberland, died on 10 Jan 2015 at age 96, and was buried in Rotherfield Greys, Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire.

Rosemary married **George Armin Goyder**,³⁶⁶ son of **William Goyder** and **Lili Julia Von Kellersberger**, on 5 Nov 1937 in Rock, Alnwick, Northumberland. George was born on 22 Jun 1908 in London, died on 18 Jan 1997 at age 88, and was buried in Rotherfield Greys, Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire. They had eight children: **Daniel George (Dan)**, **Ellen Rosemary**, **William Andrew (Bill)**, **Lucy Jane**, **Henry Peter Giles**, **Hugh Thomas**, **Mary Julia**, and **Edward Mark**.

19-Daniel George (Dan) Goyder³⁶⁶ was born on 26 Aug 1938 in Kidmore End, Oxfordshire and died on 18 Feb 2004 at age 65.

Daniel married **Jean Mary Dohoo**. They had four children: **Joanna Ruth**, **Elizabeth Claire**, **Andrew George**, and **Richard Bruce**.

20-Joanna Ruth Goyder

Joanna married **Paul Styles**. They had three children: **Felix**, **Jasmine**, and **Boris**.

21-Felix Styles

21-Jasmine Styles

21-Boris Styles

20-Elizabeth Claire Goyder

Elizabeth married **Stephen Goodacre**.

20-Andrew George Goyder

Andrew married **Victoria Jane Louise**. They had one son: **Alexander**.

21-Alexander Goyder

20-Richard Bruce Goyder

Richard married **Eliza Katherine**.

19-Ellen Rosemary Goyder

Ellen married **Dominique Izoard**. They had two children: **Barthelemy Michael** and **Celia Gwen**.

20-Barthelemy Michael Izoard

Barthelemy married **Colette**. They had one daughter: **Elayah**.

21-Elayah Izoard

20-Celia Gwen Izoard

Celia married **Thierry Discelpolo**. They had one daughter: **Esther Ellen Ada**.

21-Esther Ellen Ada Discelpolo

19-William Andrew (Bill) Goyder

William married (Anne) **Belinda Todd**. They had two children: **Caroline Mary** and **Joseph William**.

20-Caroline Mary Goyder

Caroline married **Tom Smith**. They had two children: **Scarlett** and **Willa**.

21-Scarlett Smith

21-Willa Smith

20-Joseph William Goyder

Joseph married **Fiona Abernethy Fraser Tillett**. They had three children: **Tabitha Rosie Repard**, **Barnaby William Repard**, and **Saskia Lily Repard**.

21-Tabitha Rosie Repard Goyder

21-Barnaby William Repard Goyder

21-Saskia Lily Repard Goyder

19-Lucy Jane Goyder

Lucy married **Geoffrey James Gibson**.

Lucy next married **Christopher Griffin-Beale**³⁶⁶ in Jun 1979. Christopher died on 24 May 1998. They had three children: **Sophy Naomi**, **Natasha Emily**, and **Phoebe Susanne**.

20-Sophy Naomi Griffin-Beale

Sophy married **Daniel Scarfe**. They had two children: **Emily Matilda** and **Clara Rose**.

21-Emily Matilda Scarfe

21-Clara Rose Scarfe

20-Natasha Emily Griffin-Beale

Natasha married **Douglas Karson**. They had one son: **Theodore Christopher**.

21-Theodore Christopher Karson

20-Phoebe Susanne Griffin-Beale

Phoebe married **Henry Castledine**.

19-Henry Peter Giles Goyder

Henry married **Jane Margaret Clifford**. They had three children: **Martha Jane**, **Miriam Sarah**, and **Anna Rachel**.

20-Martha Jane Goyder

Martha married **James Stevens**. They had three children: **Rosemary Hannah Martha**, **Lara Rachel Margaret**, and **Florence Gwyneth Jane**.

21-Rosemary Hannah Martha Stevens

21-Lara Rachel Margaret Stevens

21-Florence Gwyneth Jane Stevens

20-Miriam Sarah Goyder

Miriam married **Christopher Arrell**. They had two children: **Arthur Samuel** and **Peter Giles**.

21-Arthur Samuel Arrell

21-Peter Giles Arrell

20-Anna Rachel Goyder

Anna married **Mervyn Chong**. They had two children: **Max Alexander** and **George Sebastian**.

21-Max Alexander Chong

21-George Sebastian Chong

19-Hugh Thomas Goyder

Hugh married **Catherine Meade**. They had four children: **Jessica Kate**, **Clare Rosemary**, **Judith Catherine**, and **Bernard Hugh**.

20-Jessica Kate Goyder

20-Clare Rosemary Goyder

Clare married **Gareth Nixon**. They had two children: **Tessa Grace** and **Aliya Rose**.

21-Tessa Grace Nixon

21-Aliya Rose Nixon

20-Judith Catherine Goyder

Judith married **Warren Elder**. They had one son: **Dylan Francis**.

21-Dylan Francis Elder

20-Bernard Hugh Goyder

19-Mary Julia Goyder

Mary married **James Gaston Kennedy**. They had two children: **Owen Matthew** and **Ruth Madeleine**.

20-Owen Matthew Kennedy

20-Ruth Madeleine Kennedy

19-Edward Mark Goyder

Edward married **Conca Reid**. They had three children: **James Patrick**, **Robin Benedict**, and **Diana Rosemary**.

20-James Patrick Goyder

James married **Dia Phichaya**. They had one son: **Patrick**.

21-Patrick Goyder

20-Robin Benedict Goyder³⁶⁶ was born on 6 Nov 1985 and died on 2 Feb 1986.

20-Diana Rosemary Goyder

Diana married **Matthew Kilgour**.

17-Capt. Robert (Robin) Howard Hodgkin^{2,12} was born on 24 Apr 1877 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 28 Jun 1951 in Ilmington, Warwickshire at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Repton School in Sep 1891-Dec 1891.
- He was educated at Balliol College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Fellow of Queen's College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Provost of Queen's College, Oxford.

Robert married **Dorothy Forster Smith**,^{2,12} daughter of **Arthur Lionel Smith**^{2,12} and **Mary Florence Baird**,¹² on 15 Dec 1908 in Holywell, Oxford. Dorothy was born on 1 Mar 1886 in Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 16 Jun 1979 in Shipston on Stour, Warwickshire at age 93. They had three children: **Thomas Lionel**, **Edward Christian**, and **Elizabeth**.

18-**Thomas Lionel Hodgkin**^{2,12} was born on 3 Apr 1910 in Headington Hill, Oxford, Oxfordshire, died on 25 Mar 1982 in Hotel Minoa, Tolon, Greece at age 71, and was buried on 27 Mar 1982 in Tolon, Greece.

General Notes: Hodgkin, Thomas Lionel (1910– 1982), historian, was born on 3 April 1910 at Mendip House, Headington Hill, near Oxford, the elder son of Robert Howard (Robin) Hodgkin (1877– 1951), historian of Anglo-Saxon England, and his wife, Dorothy Forster (1886– 1979), fourth child of the historian Arthur Lionel Smith (1850– 1924) and his wife, Mary Florence Baird. Hodgkin's childhood was disrupted by the First World War as his father, despite a Quaker upbringing, served in the army on the home front. The family returned to Oxford in 1919 and Hodgkin began an accomplished progress through the Dragon School, Winchester College, and Balliol College, Oxford, to a first in Greats in 1932. As an undergraduate he indulged in social escapades, wrote and acted in plays, contributed to university journals, and spoke at the union. He was believed to fall in love easily, and out of love painfully. A student contemporary, Diana Hopkinson, recalled that the striking colour of his fair hair 'gave

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him the appearance of a magnificent golden mole' (Hopkinson, 78). Hodgkin, in the hope of going to Palestine, went for Colonial Office interview in his final year and was offered instead an appointment in Gold Coast Colony. Friends, tutors, and family urged him not to lose himself in what was then regarded as darkest Africa. Hodgkin succumbed and rejected the post. In a letter to F. F. Urquhart of Balliol College, on 13 September 1932, he described the Gold Coast as 'a country with no past and no history— and no present either— only perhaps a promising future— and that at a Kindergarten level' (priv. coll.).

Hodgkin went to Palestine to an archaeological dig at Jericho for the first half of 1933. After spells of teaching in Cumberland and Manchester, when he began to encounter Marxist ideas, in April 1934 he was offered the cadetship he wanted in the Palestine civil service. Two years in this post gave him a disturbing awareness of the nature of Western imperialism in general, and of British imperialism in particular. In a time of Arab nationalist awakening Hodgkin, on prison visits, was impressed that the Palestine Communist Party had members of all religions. He resigned from the colonial service and hoped to remain in Palestine to observe the aftermath of the Arab uprising of April 1936. However, the British administration in May ordered him to leave Palestine within twenty-four hours. He sent an anonymous article to Labour Monthly for July 1936 criticizing Britain for holding the Arabs down by force.

Hodgkin subsequently travelled for three months in Syria and Lebanon before returning to Britain in September 1936 to take digs with no bathroom in Holford Square, London, and join the London Library and the Communist Party. He became a committed user of the library but an intermittent and fringe member of the party. He went on to stay in west London with his father's cousin Margery Fry, penal reformer and former principal of Somerville College, Oxford. A fellow guest in March 1937 was the Somerville scientist Dorothy Mary Crowfoot (1910– 1994) [see Hodgkin, Dorothy Mary], who was in London to photograph insulin at the Royal Institute. Undertaking a teacher training course, Hodgkin had an uncomfortable experience of teaching schoolboys. He therefore abandoned the training and left London at the end of March 1937 for more congenial adult education in Cumberland. Margery Fry had encouraged him to go for medical examination in which narcolepsy was diagnosed and benzedrine treatment prescribed. Hodgkin and Dorothy Crowfoot were married on 16 December 1937. They were to have a son in 1938, a daughter in 1941, and a second son in 1946. Dorothy Hodgkin became one of the most eminent scientists of her time.

Hodgkin was rejected on medical grounds for military service in the Second World War. In September 1939 he became a Workers' Educational Association tutor in north Staffordshire, where the future Labour politician George Wigg was district secretary. Hodgkin spent the war years conducting classes with civilians and armed forces personnel, and in September 1945 became secretary of the Oxford University delegacy for extra-mural studies. With the stimulus of George Wigg and Colonial Office interest, he began in 1947 to initiate extramural work in Gold Coast Colony and Nigeria. Hodgkin's first journey to the Gold Coast in February 1947 brought him into contact with many Africans, including the senior history master at Achimota College, Miguel Ribeiro. It was a turning point in Hodgkin's life as he first learned of the kingdoms of western Sudan and recanted his error of fifteen years earlier that the Gold Coast had no history. After further journeys to Africa, Hodgkin wrote for the periodical West Africa in 1950 (and again in 1951) a long series of topical and scholarly articles on the background to African nationalism. He and Basil Davidson, the general secretary of the Union of Democratic Control (UDC), organized a pioneering conference at Haywards Heath on 22 and 23 October 1950 for Europeans and Africans to discuss the 'crisis in Africa'. An enduring friendship followed Hodgkin's meeting in Accra in March 1951 with Kwame Nkrumah, then recently released from colonial imprisonment to lead the Gold Coast government (and eventually independent Ghana). The UDC in August 1951 published a pamphlet by Hodgkin supporting freedom for the Gold Coast. Hodgkin's political views had by now raised alarm both in the Colonial Office and in Oxford.

Hodgkin left his delegacy post in May 1952 and spent his gratuity on independent travel in Africa, including France's colonies. Under close watch by French intelligence, he found pre-colonial history a less sensitive theme than his keen interest in contemporary politics, but soon became devoted to history. He published a seminal book entitled Nationalism in Colonial Africa (1956), then in the late 1950s turned to the considerable role of Islam in African history and the recovery of Arabic manuscript sources for that history. He took part-time appointments in American and Canadian universities and produced an important anthology of historical writings, Nigerian Perspectives (1960), and a contemporary comparative study, African Political Parties (1961). The former study was revised and republished in 1975. He served as joint secretary of a commission on reform of the Ghana university system, and in 1962 returned to Ghana for three years as director of a new Institute of African Studies in the University of Ghana.

For Hodgkin the decolonization of history and the rediscovery of the African past was implicit in the political decolonization. The changed perception was filtering into the university mainstream. Oxford University created an appointment for him in October 1965 as lecturer in the government of new states and he was elected to a senior research fellowship at Balliol. He supervised graduate students from many countries in academic fields he had helped originate. When he took early retirement in 1970 thirty scholars contributed papers to a Festschrift and a selection was published as African Perspectives (1970). He intended to write stories for children but was diverted into an unpublished satirical novel entitled 'Qwert'. Journeys to Vietnam in 1971 and 1974 led to a history of Vietnam over 4000 years, Vietnam: the Revolutionary Path (1981).

Hodgkin was increasingly debilitated by emphysema. He was the Antonius memorial lecturer at St Antony's College, Oxford, in June 1981, and attended, but his paper was read on his behalf. He went to Sudan to escape the harshness of the English winter and spent from November 1981 to mid-March 1982 in Omdurman. However, on the return journey to England he paused in the Greek Peloponnese in the resort village of Tolon, near Nafplion. There he suffered a heart attack and died at the Hotel Minoa, Tolon, on 25 March 1982. His obituary in The Times said he did more than anyone to establish the serious study of African history in Britain. Hodgkin was buried on 27 March in the Tolon cemetery overlooking the Aegean Sea.

Michael Wolfers

Sources Thomas Hodgkin: letters from Palestine, 1932– 36, ed. E. C. Hodgkin (1986), vii– xx · The Times (26 March 1982) · The Guardian (26 March 1982) · West Africa (12 April 1982) · History Workshop Journal, 14 (1982), 180– 82 · T. Hodgkin, 'Where the paths began', African studies since 1945, ed. C. Fyfe (1976), 6– 16 · C. Allen and R. W. Johnson, eds., African perspectives: papers in the history, politics and economics of Africa presented to Thomas Hodgkin (1970) [incl. sel. bibliography of

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works] · T. L. Hodgkin, Don Tomas: fragment of an autobiographical epic (privately printed, Wellingborough, 1983) · T. L. Hodgkin, 'George Antonius, Palestine and the 1930s', Antonius memorial lecture, 17 June 1981 [typescript] · [T. L. Hodgkin], 'The events in Palestine', Labour Monthly, 18 (1936), 409– 17 [repr. as appx II in E. C. Hodgkin, ed., Thomas Hodgkin: letters from Palestine, 1932– 36 (1986), 191– 201] · 'The crisis in Africa: a report of a conference organised by the Union of Democratic Control', mimeograph, Oct 1950 · T. Hodgkin, Freedom for the Gold Coast (1951) · T. L. Hodgkin to F. F. Urquhart, 13 Sept 1932, priv. coll. · W. A. Hislop, medical report, 20 July 1937, priv. coll. · D. Hopkinson, The incense tree (1968), 78 · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert. · private information (2004) [E. Hodgkin; D. Hopkinson] Archives Bodl. Oxf. · Bodl. RH, corresp. and papers relating to higher education in Ghana · priv. coll., corresp., MSS, and papers · Rewley House, Oxford · TNA: PRO Likenesses D. Jones, watercolour and pencil on paper, 1929– 30, priv. coll. [see illus.] Wealth at death £246,850: probate, 8 Dec 1982, CGPLA Eng. & Wales © Oxford University Press 2004– 14 All rights reserved: see legal notice Oxford University Press Michael Wolfers, 'Hodgkin, Thomas Lionel (1910– 1982)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2008 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/51860

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Marxist Historian.

Thomas married **Prof. Dorothy Mary Crowfoot**,² daughter of **John Winter Crowfoot** and **Grace Mary Hood**, on 16 Dec 1937 in Geldeston, Norfolk. Dorothy was born on 12 May 1910 in Guizeh, Cairo, Egypt, died on 29 Jul 1994 in Crab Mill, Ilmington, Warwickshire at age 84, and was buried in St. Mary's Church, Ilmington, Warwickshire. They had three children: **Luke Howard**, **Prudence Elizabeth**, and **John Robin Tobias**.

General Notes: Nobel Prize and OM. She advanced the technique of X-ray crystallography, a method used to determine the three dimensional structures of biomolecules. Among her most influential discoveries are the confirmation of the structure of penicillin that Ernst Boris Chain had previously surmised, and then the structure of vitamin B12, for which she was awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry.

In 1969, after 35 years of work and five years after winning the Nobel Prize, Hodgkin was able to decipher the structure of insulin. X-ray crystallography became a widely used tool and was critical in later determining the structures of many biological molecules such as DNA where knowledge of structure is critical to an understanding of function. She is regarded as one of the pioneer scientists in the field of X-ray crystallography studies of biomolecules.

Hodgkin, Dorothy Mary Crowfoot (1910– 1994), chemist and crystallographer, was born on 12 May 1910 in Guizeh, near Cairo, Egypt, the eldest of four daughters of John Winter Crowfoot (1873– 1958) and his wife, Grace Mary (Molly) Hood (1877– 1957). Her father was an inspector with the ministry of public instruction for Egypt and the Sudan, but he also developed considerable expertise as an archaeologist, and later became director of the British School of Archaeology in Jerusalem. Her mother, although largely self-educated, shared her husband's interest and became an authority on ancient textiles in her own right. Both were descended from moderately prosperous families. The Crowfoots came from Beccles in Suffolk, where many of John Crowfoot's relatives entered the medical profession, although his own father had taken holy orders and eventually became chancellor of Lincoln Cathedral. The Hoods owned the small estate of Nettleham Hall, near Lincoln.

Early years and education

Until the outbreak of the First World War Dorothy and her next two sisters, Joan and Elisabeth, lived in Cairo with their parents, returning to England for three months each year to escape the summer heat. In 1914 their mother left the girls in the care of their nurse at a house near to their Crowfoot grandparents, who had retired to Worthing in Sussex. She and her husband stayed in Cairo and Khartoum throughout the war; John Crowfoot was appointed director of education for the Sudan in 1916. After the armistice Molly Hood arrived back in England bearing a fourth baby daughter, Diana, and soon afterwards took the family to live at her parents' home, Nettleham Hall. Dorothy had attended school in Worthing, but her mother decided that for the next year she would educate her daughters and some of their cousins herself, developing a curriculum that strongly featured her own interests in history, nature study, and poetry.

In 1920 the Crowfoots took a lease on the Old House in Geldeston, near Beccles. Here the four daughters spent the rest of their childhood, cared for largely by friends and relatives while their parents continued to spend most of the year in Khartoum, and subsequently Jerusalem. As the eldest daughter, Dorothy assumed a degree of responsibility for her sisters from an early age. She attended a small class in Geldeston run by the Parents' National Educational Union. Here for the first time she encountered chemistry, growing crystals of alum and copper sulphate. 'I was captured for life', she wrote in her memoirs, 'by chemistry and by crystals' (Ferry, 8). She at once set up her own laboratory in one of the attics at home, and carried out experiments with materials bought from the local pharmacist. At the age of eleven she was enrolled in a mixed, state-run secondary school, the Sir John Leman School in Beccles. She successfully fought to be allowed to continue her studies in chemistry, then regarded as exclusively a subject for boys even though the chemistry teacher at the school, Criss Deeley, was a woman. When she was thirteen Dorothy and her sister Joan made a three-month visit to their parents in Khartoum, during which she received further encouragement from the government chemist, Dr A. F. Joseph. After helping her to identify a sample of ilmenite she had 'panned' from a stream in the garden, he presented her with a surveyor's box containing forty-eight tubes of chemicals and tools for mineralogical analysis which she took home to add to her attic laboratory. Dorothy's mother also encouraged her interest in chemistry, presenting her with the published volumes of the Royal Institution Christmas lectures given by Sir William Bragg in 1923 and 1925. Here Dorothy read for the first time of the use of X-ray diffraction to 'see' the arrangement of atoms in crystals, the technique demonstrated by Bragg and his son Lawrence in 1912.

After leaving school with an outstanding result in school certificate, she entered Somerville College, Oxford, in 1928 to read chemistry, with the intention of specializing in

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crystallography. There were only three other scientists among that year's intake at Somerville, and in the university's honour school of chemistry as a whole men outnumbered women by at least twelve to one. Dorothy quickly established a reputation as an exceptional student whose enthusiasm for laboratory work extended to analysing samples of ancient coloured glass sent by her parents from excavations in Palestine. She also found time to develop her own interest in archaeology through completing a detailed illustration of a Byzantine mosaic for one of her father's publications, and joining in local digs at weekends. She was an active member of the Labour Club; her interest in left-wing politics was also sparked by her mother, who had encouraged her to stand as a Labour candidate in a mock election at school.

Early research

After the first three years of her course Dorothy undertook research for part two of the honours degree under the supervision of H. M. 'Tiny' Powell, the university demonstrator in the department of mineralogy. Powell had just acquired Oxford's first X-ray set for crystallographic work, which was installed in the University Museum. They worked on the structures of a class of organometallic compounds, the thallium dimethyl halides. Dorothy grew the crystals and took the X-ray photographs, calculating from the diffraction patterns she obtained that the compounds had a face-centred lattice similar to that of common salt but more elongated. A short report of the work was published in *Nature* in 1932 (H. M. Powell and D. Crowfoot, 'Layer-chain structures of thallium di-alkyl halides', *Nature*, 130, pp. 131– 2).

On graduating from Oxford with first-class honours, Dorothy went to Cambridge as a research student in the laboratory of John Desmond Bernal. Bernal had trained with Sir William Bragg at the Royal Institution in London, and now headed the X-ray crystallography laboratory in the mineralogy department at Cambridge. There he was pioneering the use of the technique to study biological molecules. Before Dorothy's arrival he had resolved a dispute between two rival groups of organic chemists over the three-dimensional structure of the sterols. As a result his laboratory was in great demand to analyse crystals of compounds whose structure was unknown. As Bernal was frequently abroad pursuing his political interests (he was a fervent admirer of the Soviet Union, and a prolific writer on the social function of science), much of this work fell to Dorothy. Most significantly, she assisted Bernal in the first description of a diffraction pattern taken from a protein, the digestive enzyme pepsin. Neither the data collection apparatus nor the methods available for mathematical analysis were sufficiently advanced at the time to solve the structure of this complex molecule, but the experiment established for the first time that proteins had regular structures and therefore were potentially amenable to crystallographic analysis (J. D. Bernal and D. Crowfoot, 'X-ray photographs of crystalline pepsin', *Nature*, 133, 1934, 794– 5). Bernal also showed that in order to obtain good data from protein crystals it was necessary to keep them wet, photographing them inside a fine glass tube containing the mother liquor.

Soon after she left for Cambridge, Dorothy was offered a temporary fellowship at Somerville College. She hesitated, not wishing to leave the stimulating environment of Bernal's laboratory, but accepted when Somerville agreed that she could remain in Cambridge for the first year of the fellowship. She therefore returned to Oxford in 1934, completing her Cambridge PhD on the sterols two years later. With funds obtained from ICI on her behalf by Sir Robert Robinson, the professor of organic chemistry, she set up her own X-ray equipment in a new laboratory she shared with Powell in a basement corner of the University Museum. Almost at once Robinson presented her with crystals of another protein, insulin. Her successful attempt to obtain an X-ray diffraction pattern from the crystal (despite having dried it) was published in *Nature* the following year, the first paper on which she was sole author (D. Crowfoot, 'X-ray single crystal photographs of insulin', *Nature*, 135, 1935, 591– 2). She remained in close touch with Bernal, whom she regarded as a mentor on both scientific and political matters until the end of his life, but at the same time was recognized as a member in her own right of the élite circle of protein crystallographers then being established in Britain.

Marriage and family

In 1937 Sir William Bragg invited Dorothy to use the superior X-ray equipment at the Royal Institution to try to get better photographs of her insulin crystals. While in London she stayed with Margery Fry, the former principal of Somerville, who had befriended Dorothy when she was a student there. Staying in the house at the same time was Thomas Lionel Hodgkin (1910– 1982), son of Robert Howard Hodgkin, provost of Queen's College, Oxford. He was Fry's cousin, a graduate in history who had been Dorothy's exact contemporary at Oxford. He had recently lost his job as personal secretary to the British high commissioner in Palestine through his vociferous support of the Arabs, had become a communist, and was now reluctantly being trained as a schoolteacher.

Dorothy's beauty had an other-worldly quality, with her slight figure, wavy fair hair, startlingly blue eyes, and preference for handmade clothes that made few concessions to fashion. She appears not to have noticed men at all until she went as a research student to Cambridge, where relationships frequently developed among the men and women who were represented more or less equally in the crystallography and biochemistry laboratories. When she first met Thomas Hodgkin, Dorothy was in love with Bernal, who was not only married but involved in at least one other serious alliance. But after only one or two further meetings, she and Thomas agreed to marry. By the time of their wedding on 16 December 1937, Thomas had discovered a vocation in adult education and was teaching history to unemployed miners in Cumberland.

Dorothy, with the support of both families, retained her fellowship at Somerville, which had by this time been made permanent, and continued her research. She published under the name Dorothy Crowfoot until 1949, when she bowed to social pressure and gave her name as Dorothy Crowfoot Hodgkin on the first major publication on the penicillin structure.

The couple's first child, Luke, was born in December 1938. Soon afterwards, following a breast infection, Dorothy suffered an attack of acute rheumatoid arthritis. She was treated both with gold injections and by spa baths at Buxton and made a good recovery. But her hands were left permanently distorted, and the arthritis recurred as she grew older, often causing her intense pain. She had two further children, Elizabeth in 1941 and Toby in 1946. The family set up home in a flat in Bradmore Road, north Oxford, that belonged to Dorothy's parents-in-law. For the first eight years of their marriage Thomas lived mostly in lodgings where he was teaching, first in Cumberland and later in Stoke-on-Trent, returning to Oxford only for weekends and holidays. The Hodgkins' almost daily correspondence during this period provides a very full record of their activities and concerns. Dorothy meanwhile employed nursemaids and cooks to enable her to keep working.

In 1945 Thomas at last settled in Oxford when he was appointed secretary to the university's delegacy for extramural studies. Three years later he was invited to visit the Gold Coast, Nigeria, and the Sudan to advise on the establishment of adult education programmes in countries working towards independence from British rule. Thereafter he devoted himself to chronicling the progress of African nationalism. He resigned his post at Oxford and throughout the 1950s made extensive trips to Africa. From 1957

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the Hodgkin family shared a large house in the Woodstock Road with Dorothy's sister Joan, whose marriage had broken down, and her five children. A constant stream of visitors— eminent scientists, African politicians, schoolfriends— mingled over convivial dinners: Thomas was a great bon viveur and liked to cook for whomever happened to be passing through when he was at home.

In 1961 Thomas was personally appointed by Kwame Nkrumah as director of the Institute for African Studies in Accra, Ghana. Thereafter Dorothy visited him in Ghana for a month or two each year, until with Nkrumah's fall from power in 1966 Thomas returned to England. With his health in a precarious state— he was a lifelong smoker and suffered from emphysema— he and Dorothy eventually moved into Crab Mill, the rambling stone house in Ilmington, Warwickshire, that had been bought by Thomas's parents before the Second World War. They both received frequent invitations to visit other countries and often travelled together— as far afield as Vietnam, India, Africa, and the US.

Thomas died in March 1982 in Tolon, Greece, while returning with Dorothy from a winter sojourn in the Sudan. He was buried in a nearby graveyard overlooking the sea. Dorothy was grief-stricken at his death. With his frequent absences (and several acknowledged infidelities), he could not be classed as a wholly supportive husband to a woman with a busy research career; however, at the time of their marriage he was unusual in accepting that his wife might have a career at all. And there seems little doubt that despite the outwardly unconventional course of their marriage, Dorothy and Thomas were bound by a strong mutual affection, admiration for each other's work, and passionately held political views.

Later research

In 1940 Dorothy received a large grant from the Rockefeller Foundation to continue her work on the structure of insulin. At the same time she took over equipment evacuated from Bernal's lab (he had moved from Cambridge to Birkbeck College in London), and two of his research assistants, Harry Carlisle and Käthe Schiff. With Carlisle she solved the complete three-dimensional structure of cholesterol iodide, including all the bond lengths and angles. This was the first crystallographic study she had pursued to its conclusion, and the first anywhere of such a complex organic molecule (C. H. Carlisle and D. Crowfoot, 'The crystal structure of cholesterol iodide', PRS, 184A, 1945, 64– 83).

At the same time Dorothy was beginning to collaborate with other Oxford scientists on the study of penicillin. Howard Florey and Ernst Chain demonstrated its efficacy against bacterial infections in animals and humans during 1940 and 1941, but its chemical formula was unknown. The chemists suggested two opposing theories, the thiazolidine-oxazolone formula championed by Sir Robert Robinson, and the beta-lactam formula, which included an unusual four-membered ring, favoured by Edward Abraham and Ernst Chain. A successful X-ray crystallographic study could resolve the question, but penicillin proved extremely difficult to crystallize. Dorothy did not obtain suitable crystals until 1944, when samples of benzylpenicillin were shipped from America and brought to her by Kathleen Lonsdale, then a senior crystallographic researcher at the Royal Institution. With her assistant Barbara Low, one of her students from Somerville, Dorothy embarked on studies of three different salts of benzylpenicillin, each with a different heavy atom, trusting that the structure would emerge from comparisons between the three.

In collaboration with Charles Bunn and Anne Turner-Jones at ICI's Northwich laboratories, who analysed the sodium salt using the 'fly's eye' method of modelling diffraction patterns, they solved the penicillin structure by 1945. With the help of the scientific computing service run by L. J. Comrie, they calculated the complete three-dimensional structure on a Hollerith punched card calculator, one of the earliest examples of crystallographic computing. News of the success gradually leaked out into the crystallographic community: what had begun as wartime secrecy continued after VE-day as commercial secrecy to protect the interests of the US firms who had undertaken the mass production of the drug, and the penicillin structure was not formally published until 1949 (D. Crowfoot, B. W. Rogers-Low, and A. Turner-Jones, 'The X-ray crystallographic investigation of the structure of penicillin', *The Chemistry of Penicillin*, ed. H. T. Clarke, J. R. Johnson, and R. Robinson, 1949, 310– 67). Oxford University was slow to recognize Dorothy's scientific distinction. She was shortlisted for the readership in chemical crystallography in 1944, but the post went to Powell, her former supervisor. In 1946 she was appointed to the lesser post of university demonstrator, which nevertheless doubled her income; she had previously kept her family on only her college fellowship. The following year she was elected a fellow of the Royal Society at the relatively early age of thirty-six.

Through her work on penicillin Dorothy had made many industrial contacts, and in 1948 Lester Smith of Glaxo gave her some dark red crystals of the anti-pernicious anaemia factor, vitamin B12. Soon afterwards the Glaxo chemists told her that the factor contained cobalt, which was heavy enough to show up on the Patterson maps that were Dorothy's preferred approach to structure analysis and could therefore help to solve the problem of phase determination. With a series of assistants, principally her student Jenny Pickworth (later Jenny Glusker), she embarked on a solution of the structure. At the same time Alexander Todd and his colleagues in Cambridge were working on a chemical analysis of the vitamin, whose formula was unknown. From Todd's laboratory Dorothy obtained a crystal of a cobalt-containing fragment of B12, the hexacarboxylic acid, that made it possible to elucidate the inner core of this complex molecule.

While actively encouraging the establishment of the first computing facilities in Oxford, Dorothy took advantage of an offer from Kenneth Trueblood of the University of California at Los Angeles to calculate atomic positions on one of the first electronic computers, the National Bureau of Standards western automatic computer, at no cost. Between 1953 and 1955 data and results went back and forth across the Atlantic, until the structure of the fragment was solved (D. C. Hodgkin and others, 'The crystal structure of the hexacarboxylic acid derived from B12 and the molecular structure of the vitamin', *Nature*, 176, 1955, 325– 8). It proved to include an unusual set of rings known as the corrin nucleus. Working out from this nucleus, Dorothy and her colleagues solved the full structure of vitamin B12 by 1957. The fact that she had succeeded with a molecule of 100 atoms of unknown chemical formula moved Lawrence Bragg to describe her achievement as 'breaking the sound barrier'.

As Dorothy established her pre-eminence in the field, honours quickly followed. Oxford University promoted Dorothy to a readership in 1955. In 1956 the Royal Society awarded her its royal medal, and four years later appointed her its first Wolfson research professor, a post she could hold at any university and which came with funds both for her personal salary and for research assistance and expenses.

In 1964 (having been proposed at least twice previously) she was awarded the Nobel prize for chemistry, only the third woman to be so distinguished after Marie Curie and her daughter Irène Joliot-Curie, and the fifth woman to win any science Nobel. To date (2001) she remains the only British woman scientist to win a Nobel prize.

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When the prize was announced she was visiting Thomas in Ghana, and she heard the news from two young Ghanaian reporters who had been sent to cover the story. The telegram from Stockholm arrived three months later, forwarded by sea mail from Woodstock Road by a niece brought up to be careful with money, along with all the other telegrams of congratulation.

In the following year Dorothy received a black-bordered envelope from Buckingham Palace, containing an invitation to join the Order of Merit. She and Benjamin Britten were admitted to the order to fill the vacancies left by the deaths of Sir Winston Churchill and T. S. Eliot. Although she disliked titles and had frequently declared to Thomas that she would refuse a DBE if it were offered, she saw the OM as 'rather different really' (Ferry, 294), and accepted— just as she accepted the first freedom of Beccles, an honour hastily invented for her by the town in which she spent her schooldays.

Dorothy's greatest scientific achievement was still to come. She had never given up hope of solving a protein structure, and specifically the structure of insulin which she had photographed in 1935. From the end of the 1950s onwards insulin was the primary focus of the research in her group. In 1958 and 1959 John Kendrew and Max Perutz at the Medical Research Council's Laboratory of Molecular Biology in Cambridge had solved the structures of myoglobin and haemoglobin, showing for the first time that protein molecules were indeed amenable to crystallographic analysis. They used the heavy atom method, in which the diffraction patterns of derivatives containing different heavy atoms at the same sites were compared. Insulin was more difficult because its threefold symmetry complicated the ever-present problem of calculating the phases. It also proved difficult to prepare suitable heavy atom derivatives— either the crystal would not take up the heavy atoms at all, or they might attach themselves to so many sites that it was impossible to compare one derivative with another, or the crystal might simply fall apart.

Dorothy acted as a source of inspiration and encouragement to an evolving population of researchers working on insulin in her lab, principal among whom was Guy Dodson who joined her in 1962 having just gained his PhD in New Zealand. Dodson soon afterwards married Eleanor Collier, an Australian with a degree in mathematics whom Dorothy had recruited as a technician. Eleanor Dodson undertook the task of analysing the vast amount of data generated by the insulin project with the limited computing resources available at the time, and subsequently played an important role in developing new mathematical approaches to solving the structure. Over the course of a decade a series of advances steadily improved both the quality of the data and the resources that could be deployed to analyse it. First, Dorothy learned from two Swedish chemists that it was possible to remove the zinc atoms that sat at the centre of each insulin molecule, and replace them with other metal atoms. Using this method members of the group successfully made lead and cadmium insulin crystals as well as zinc-free crystals. With the uranyl derivatives produced by Tom Blundell, who joined the department of chemical crystallography in 1964 as a part two student and stayed on to work with Dorothy's group, they at last had a series of suitable crystals that could in principle yield adequate data for a solution. But the data collection called for great accuracy and precision, comparing minute differences in the intensity of the X-ray reflections. Only in 1968, when Dorothy purchased an early model of the automatic four-circle diffractometer developed by David Phillips and Uli Arndt, did they finally obtain data of high enough quality.

Late in July of the following year it finally became clear that the electron density maps based on analysis of these measurements could be interpreted to show the positions of the atoms in the molecule. Over a single weekend, working almost non-stop, Dorothy, with Guy Dodson and M. Vijayan, a visiting scientist from Bangalore, built the first model of the molecule, an occasion which Dodson remembers vividly. 'It was a triumphant occasion in which Dorothy, though suffering from swelling ankles and forced into wearing slippers, worked with concentration and wonderful spirits' (Dodson). In a characteristic gesture she gave the honour of presenting the structure a few weeks later at the 1969 meeting of the International Union of Crystallography to Tom Blundell, the youngest member of the group, who had been abroad and so missed the excitement of the model-building weekend (M. J. Adams and others, 'Structure of rhombohedral 2-zinc insulin crystals', *Nature*, 224, 1969, 491– 5).

In the case of each of the three projects for which she is best known— penicillin, vitamin B12, and insulin— Dorothy pushed the boundaries of what was possible with the techniques available. Her distinction lay not in developing new approaches, but in a remarkable ability to envisage possibilities in three-dimensional structures, grounded in a profound understanding of the underlying chemistry. She kept an open mind, not committing herself to a structure until it was supported by the unequivocal evidence of a successfully completed crystallographic study. She was exceptionally determined, persisting with apparently unpromising projects long after others would have given up in despair. While she did not consider it part of her role to explore the function of the molecules she studied, her results made it possible for others to increase their understanding of their biosynthesis and chemical interactions, and hence to develop improved therapies for disease. In 1976 her work was recognized by the Royal Society's most prestigious award, the Copley medal; she was the first woman to receive it.

Laboratory life

Despite her increasing eminence, Dorothy retained a gentleness of manner, quietness of speech, and egalitarian outlook that inspired loyalty and devotion among most of her younger colleagues. She drew her research team partly from among the Somerville chemistry students she supervised (these briefly included Margaret Roberts, later the British prime minister Margaret Thatcher), and partly from a steady stream of mostly international post-doctoral workers who wrote asking if they could join. She insisted that everyone in her lab, from the most junior technician to the most distinguished academic visitor, simply call her Dorothy.

Partly, though not entirely, as a result of the Somerville connection the lab contained approximately equal numbers of male and female research workers, exceptional among chemistry laboratories at Oxford. Dorothy herself denied that her gender had ever hindered her progress, but when she encountered instances of discrimination against her own junior female colleagues she resisted them vigorously. For example, she was incensed to discover that female graduate students routinely had their grants reduced on marriage. However, it took a stint on a committee investigating the administration of Birmingham University in 1970 to bring home to her the insecurity of many women workers with families, including those in her own lab. After this she ensured that they had proper contracts with paid maternity leave, rather than simply paying them for the hours they worked.

She directed the laboratory with a very light touch, taking it as read that everyone was as committed as she was to the task in hand. To outside observers the lab could appear chaotic, with the younger members as likely to be engaged in games of indoor cricket or political arguments as scientific experiments. Dorothy herself avoided administrative tasks as far as possible, unless they were directly related to advancing her research. The officers of funding bodies (particularly the Rockefeller Foundation,

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which continued to support her until the 1960s) often had to remind her to ask for grants. Yet against all appearances the lab was immensely productive. For all its success, her group was entirely dependent on Dorothy for its continued existence; not one of her assistants held a permanent post. As an interdisciplinary science, the crystallography of biological molecules did not fit into any of the established departments at Oxford. Over the years it was moved from mineralogy to inorganic chemistry, thence to zoology, and ultimately (well after Dorothy's retirement) to biochemistry. It was always a challenge to find enough space to accommodate her research assistants and the equipment that she had no difficulty in funding through outside grants: her appointment to the Wolfson chair was greeted privately by the university authorities as a 'new and confusing problem' (Ferry, 284). But although at different times Dorothy received offers to move elsewhere that included attractive research facilities, she chose to stay in Oxford because of her family circumstances.

With a view to strengthening the position of crystallography in Oxford, and recruiting someone to deputize for her during her increasingly frequent absences abroad, in the early 1960s Dorothy encouraged David Phillips, then at the Royal Institution, to think of moving to Oxford. He eventually did so in 1966, having negotiated with the university authorities a personal chair, permanent posts for several members of his group, and space for a laboratory of molecular biophysics within the new department of zoology. But Dorothy's own group remained separate from Phillips's, belatedly accommodated in the adjacent department of experimental psychology, and by the time she retired all of its members had found jobs elsewhere. As long as she had been present in Oxford, Dorothy had been able to keep her show on the road by virtue of her great distinction and her powers of persuasion. But she had never undertaken the political negotiations that would have been necessary to establish her group on a more permanent footing.

International and political activities

In 1925 Dorothy's mother, who had lost all four of her brothers as a result of the First World War, took her to observe the sixth assembly of the League of Nations in Geneva. Dorothy retained a lifelong conviction that the problems of the world could be resolved through dialogue, and that armed conflict should be avoided at all costs. Under the influence first of her mother, and later of Bernal and Thomas Hodgkin, she also developed an unshakeable faith in socialism and an admiration for communist regimes that often blinded her to the abuses of human rights perpetrated by their leaders.

However, she was no party hack: she exercised her political consciousness on the level of personal contacts with individuals, being particularly concerned to keep channels of scientific communication open despite antagonism between East and West. As a result her politics never prevented her from interacting comfortably with those who held more conventional views, whether in the scientific or the political sphere. The only serious opposition she encountered was from the US government during the McCarthy era. Her membership of an organization called Science for Peace (and possibly her links with Bernal and Thomas Hodgkin) resulted in her being declared 'statutorily inadmissible' by the state department in 1953, and she was unable to obtain a waiver of this ruling until 1957, despite numerous appeals on her behalf by members of the American crystallographic community. For the rest of her life every visit to the US necessitated a trip to the embassy in London to have the waiver renewed. Her exclusion from that country in 1953 provided an opportunity for her to make the first of many visits to the Soviet Union. Her support for its scientists and for East–West détente was recognized by the Mikhail Lomonosov gold medal in 1982, and by the Lenin peace prize in 1987.

In 1959 Dorothy was one of a delegation of British academics who visited China to mark the tenth anniversary of the founding of the People's Republic of China. On discovering that Chinese scientists were working on insulin, she gave them every support and encouragement, and made several return visits right through the period of the cultural revolution, when China was virtually closed to the outside world. In her capacity as president of the International Union of Crystallography from 1972 to 1975 she was the first to report the success of the Chinese team in arriving at an independent solution of the insulin structure, and she worked tirelessly for the readmission of China to that body (finally achieved in 1978). She developed equally warm relationships with India through a succession of visitors to her lab, who came mostly from the Indian Institute of Sciences in Bangalore during the 1960s and 1970s.

In addition to promoting international scientific contacts, she realized that her Nobel prize put her in a position to campaign on behalf of other causes in which she believed strongly. She was a member of the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament, and vehemently opposed America's intervention in Vietnam and Cambodia. She accepted an invitation to become president of the Medical Aid Committee for Vietnam, and later sat on an international commission into US war crimes in Vietnam. She and Thomas visited North Vietnam in 1971, and again in 1974 when their daughter Elizabeth was teaching English and editing English-language publications in Hanoi.

In the early 1960s Dorothy had attended a meeting in London of the Pugwash Conferences on Science and World Affairs, an organization founded by Bertrand Russell, Albert Einstein, and others in 1955 to bring together scientists from East and West to discuss disarmament. She attended a few further meetings, but did not become actively involved until 1975, when she was invited to become its president. Accepting with some misgivings at the commitment involved, she thereafter travelled tirelessly on behalf of the organization, working in particular on a goal dear to her heart, the participation of Chinese representatives in the Pugwash meetings. After her former student Margaret Thatcher was elected prime minister in 1979, she took the opportunity to approach her personally to argue for a rapprochement with the Soviet Union, and corresponded with her on detailed questions such as the verification of chemical test bans.

Another cause in which she believed strongly was that of support for higher education. In 1970 she was elected chancellor of the University of Bristol, normally a purely honorary position. However, she made a point of visiting the students and hearing their concerns, and used the role to protest about the swingeing cuts in university budgets introduced by the government in 1981, which resulted in reduced student numbers and the closure of Bristol's school of architecture. She also helped to establish Hodgkin House, a hostel for international students at Bristol, in memory of Thomas, and encouraged the students to raise funds to support a Hodgkin scholarship for students from South Africa.

Last years

Dorothy retired from her university post in 1977, but retained a room in the chemical crystallography department where she could work. She continued to refine the structure of insulin with Guy Dodson, who had moved to the University of York, until 1988. In that year they published a solution of the structure at such high resolution that the position of every intervening water molecule could be discerned (E. N. Baker and others, 'The structure of 2Zn pig insulin crystals at 1.5Å resolution', PTRS,

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319A, 1988, 369– 456).

In the same year Dorothy gave up her other commitments, to Pugwash, the University of Bristol and other organizations, and began to turn down more of the invitations to travel and speak that she still received in great numbers. Her arthritis was making walking increasingly difficult, and she had begun to use a wheelchair. In 1990, a few months after friends and colleagues from all over the world had gathered in Oxford and at Crab Mill to celebrate her eightieth birthday, she fell at home and broke her hip. Despite her great frailty she recovered, although she never walked again and she ceased to give lectures. However, she continued to delight in the company of her children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren, and of former colleagues who visited whenever they could. She retained an intense interest in world affairs and scientific progress.

In September 1993 the International Congress of Crystallography was to be held in Beijing. After watching a television programme critical of China, Dorothy suddenly announced that she intended to go to the congress, and no one could dissuade her. Both the Royal Society, which was to fund her trip, and her Chinese hosts expressed their anxiety that she would not survive the journey. Her doctor refused to certify her fit to travel. But accompanied by Elizabeth and with the support of the Dodsons she successfully made the journey to Beijing and back. While there she attended several of the lectures, and back in her room each evening she would 'whisper shrewd observations about them' (Ferry, 401). But her obvious frailty was a shock to many of her international colleagues who had known her previously.

In the following July Dorothy suffered another fall, and two weeks later, on 29 July 1994, she died at home at Crab Mill with her family and friends around her. She was buried in the churchyard of the parish church of St Mary the Virgin in Ilmington. A service was held in her memory on 4 March 1995 at the university church of St Mary the Virgin in Oxford, attended by all of her family, many of her scientific colleagues, and a large crowd of well-wishers including Sir Isaiah Berlin, Baroness Thatcher, and Lord Jenkins. The address was read by Max Perutz, who had been a close friend since he came to Cambridge from Vienna as a young researcher in 1936. His summing up of Dorothy's character has not been bettered:

There was a magic about her person. She had no enemies, not even among those whose scientific theories she demolished or whose political views she opposed ... It was marvellous to have her drop in on you in the lab, like the Spring. Dorothy will be remembered as a great chemist, a saintly, tolerant and gentle lover of people and a devoted protagonist of peace. (Ferry, 402)

Many of the bodies with which Dorothy was associated took steps to ensure that she would remain permanently in the public eye. The Royal Society commissioned portraits from Graham Sutherland and Bryan Organ, together with an exquisite pen-and-ink drawing of her hands by Henry Moore. Somerville College has a bronze bust of Dorothy modelled from life by Anthony Stones in 1983. The best-known and most controversial portrait is the 1985 painting by Maggi Hambling that hangs in the National Portrait Gallery. It shows Dorothy in severe, black-framed spectacles, wisps of hair rising unrestrained from her head, hard at work in her room at Crab Mill. To indicate the rapidity with which Dorothy worked through the electron density maps on her cluttered desk, the artist has given her an extra pair of hands. Dorothy is also commemorated through the Dorothy Hodgkin fellowships awarded by the Royal Society to young researchers, many of them women, and by a plaque placed on the wall of the inorganic chemistry laboratory at Oxford University as part of the Royal Society of Chemistry's national chemical landmarks scheme.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with OM FRS.
- She was awarded with the Nobel Prize for Chemistry in 1964.
- She worked as a X-ray crystallographer.

19-Luke Howard Hodgkin

Luke married **Anna Davin**.

19-Prudence Elizabeth Hodgkin

19-John Robin Tobias Hodgkin

John married **Judith Wright**. They had two children: **Simon Thomas** and **Daniel Charles**.

20-Simon Thomas Hodgkin

20-Daniel Charles Hodgkin

Daniel married **Jillian Slicher**, daughter of **Richard Von Slicher**. They had one son: **Benjamin Slicher**.

21-Benjamin Slicher Hodgkin

John next married **Beverley Ann Warner**.

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18-**Edward Christian Hodgkin**^{12,367} was born on 25 Aug 1913 in Headington Hill, Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 6 Sep 2006 in Westminster, London at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Journalist.

Edward married **Nancy Isobel Myers**,³⁶⁷ daughter of **Cyril Myers** and **Louisa Shaw**, on 28 Aug 1947 in Jerusalem. Nancy was born on 8 May 1912 in Eastbourne and died in 1983 at age 71. They had one daughter: **Joanna**.

19-Joanna Hodgkin

18-**Elizabeth Hodgkin**¹² was born on 8 Oct 1915 in Headington Hill, Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 8 Sep 1927 in Bamburgh, Northumberland at age 11.

17-**George Lloyd Hodgkin**^{2,12,74,213,263,288} was born on 22 Aug 1880 in Benwelldene, Newcastle upon Tyne, died on 24 Jun 1918 in Baghdad, Iraq at age 37, and was buried in Baghdad, Iraq.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker with Gillett's of Banbury.
- He worked as a Relief worker in Baghdad, Iraq.

18-**Prof. Sir Alan Lloyd Hodgkin**² was born on 5 Feb 1914 in 61 Broughton Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 20 Dec 1998 in 18 Panton Street, Cambridge at age 84, and was buried on 30 Dec 1998 in Cambridge Crematorium.

General Notes: Hodgkin, Sir Alan Lloyd (1914– 1998), physiologist, was born on 5 February 1914 at 61 Broughton Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire, the eldest of the three sons of George Lloyd Hodgkin (1880– 1918), banker, and his wife, Mary Fletcher, née Wilson (1891– 1978), daughter of Henry Wilson and his wife, Theodora.

Family, early years, and education

Hodgkin's forebears on both sides were Quakers. The historian Thomas Hodgkin (1831– 1913) was his grandfather; Thomas Hodgkin of Hodgkin's disease (1798– 1866) was his great-great-uncle; and the meteorologist Luke Howard (1772– 1864) was his great-great-grandfather. The crystallographer and Nobel prize-winner Dorothy Hodgkin (1910– 1994) was the wife of a first cousin. His father was at first a civil engineer but from the time of his marriage in 1913 he worked in a bank in Banbury. During the First World War he incurred much local animosity by refusing, on Quaker principles, to undertake any work that would help the war effort. He took part in relief work in Armenia, and in 1918 died of dysentery on a second journey to that country. Hodgkin's mother married, in 1932, Lionel Smith, rector of Edinburgh Academy and son of A. L. Smith, master of Balliol College, Oxford.

Hodgkin's main boyhood interests were in natural history, which he was able to pursue during visits to relatives in many parts of the country and at his two schools: the Downs School at Colwall, Herefordshire (1923– 7), and Gresham's at Holt in Norfolk (1927– 32). In December 1931 he won an open scholarship to Trinity College, Cambridge, and in the interval between school and college he had his first taste of research, at the Freshwater Biological Station in the Lake District. He also spent a few months with a family in Germany where a first-hand view of Nazism destroyed the pacifist principles of his upbringing. He remained an agnostic throughout his adult life. Hodgkin's original intention at Cambridge was to specialize in zoology, aiming for a career in applied biology, probably overseas. For the first two years of the degree course he took zoology, chemistry, and physiology, obtaining a first class; he became more interested in physiology and chose this as his final year subject, again obtaining a first class. A factor that stimulated his interest in physiology was the close friendship between his father and Keith Lucas, a physiologist of great distinction who established the 'all-or-none' nature of the impulse in individual nerve or muscle fibres.

Research up to 1939

Hodgkin began research during his final undergraduate year, and in the following year he obtained the first experimental evidence for a theory of the mechanism of conduction in nerve fibres that had been widely accepted since the 1880s (the local-circuit theory). On the strength of this he was elected to one of the junior research fellowships at Trinity College, an unusual distinction so soon after graduating. He then went on to work with large nerve fibres which, by a lucky chance, he had found he could dissect from the leg nerves of crabs and lobsters. With these he showed that a local electrical change was generated by a fibre in response to a stimulus that was nearly but not quite strong enough to give rise to the propagated 'all-or-none' impulse.

Hodgkin spent 1937– 8 at the Rockefeller Institute in New York, where he encountered a more professional style of research than existed at that time in Cambridge. A contact that strongly influenced his later work was with K. S. Cole, who with H. J. Curtis had recently performed a remarkable experiment that showed a great decrease in the electrical resistance of the surface membrane of a nerve fibre during the impulse. This experiment was made possible by using the giant nerve fibre of the squid (about 0.5 mm in diameter), discovered a few years before by J. Z. Young. Jointly with Cole, Hodgkin used this nerve fibre in measuring the resistance of the resting membrane, and it was the preparation that he used in most of his nerve experiments after the war. He also used it in another experiment performed while in the USA in which he showed that the speed of conduction was increased by reducing the longitudinal electrical resistance outside the fibre. This gave final proof that the local circuits are an essential part of the propagation mechanism, a matter that was still controversial at the time, particularly in the USA.

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At the Rockefeller Institute Hodgkin also made the acquaintance of the pathologist Peyton Rous, who was later also a Nobel prize-winner (1966). Hodgkin married Rous's eldest daughter, Marion de Kay (Marni; b. 1917) , on 30 March 1944 when on a short visit to the USA in connection with his war work. The marriage was outstandingly happy and successful. They had three daughters and a son. Marni wrote two detective novels and worked as children's book editor for the publishers Rupert Hart-Davis and, later, Macmillan.

Hodgkin returned in September 1938 to Cambridge, where he had been appointed to a lectureship in Trinity College and a university demonstratorship in the department of physiology. He continued his experimental work on nerve, partly in collaboration with W. A. H. Rushton. Jointly with A. F. Rawdon-Smith of the psychology department he built new recording apparatus with cathode-follower input and direct-coupled valve amplifiers; four sets were made and remained in service for many years.

In the summer vacation of 1939 Hodgkin went to the laboratory of the Marine Biological Association at Plymouth in order to do experiments on the squid fibre. He was joined by A. F. Huxley, who had just completed undergraduate work in Trinity College, and they recorded the resting potential of the fibre and the action potential (the change of electrical potential accompanying the impulse) directly with an electrode inserted inside the fibre. On the theory current at that time the internal potential should have risen during the impulse from its negative resting value nearly to equality with the external potential, but they found that it actually overshoot and went substantially positive. They did not have time to investigate the origin of this positivity, leaving Plymouth a few days before the outbreak of the Second World War.

War work, 1939– 1945

For the first few months of the war Hodgkin held an unpaid post at the Royal Aircraft Establishment at Farnborough, Hampshire, working under B. H. C. Matthews on the physiological problems of high altitude flying in unpressurized aircraft. In February 1940 he was transferred to the establishment later known as TRE (Telecommunications Research Establishment), where airborne radar was being further developed, and stayed with it until the end of the war. After occupying various sites in south Wales and on the south coast of England it was moved into the buildings of Malvern College, a boys' school in Worcestershire.

Airborne radar working on a wavelength of 1.5 metres was already in service, mainly for ship detection, but versions for aircraft interception were just coming into service. Their usefulness was limited by the breadth of the beam, unavoidable because narrowing the beam would require an aerial system with dimensions several times the wavelength. The chief disadvantage of the broad beam was that it extended downwards and gave echoes from objects on the ground at all distances greater than the height of the aircraft, and these obscured the echo from a target. Hodgkin joined the team of A. C. B. Lovell aiming to develop radar on shorter wavelengths. After experiments at 50 cm they moved to the ambitious project of using 5 or 10 cm, which became practicable through the invention of the cavity magnetron by J. T. Randall and H. A. H. Boot at Birmingham University. This gave greatly increased power at the required very high frequencies. A paraboloid reflector of about 70 cm diameter gave a suitably narrow beam but this needed to be scanned through a range of angles in order to pick up a target aircraft. A design by Hodgkin was adopted; it used a spiral scan and gave an easily interpretable display. Hodgkin and several of his colleagues took part in many flights with experimental and prototype versions of this equipment in order to cure teething troubles and to test their usefulness. The risks were considerable: one of his colleagues lost his life when the aircraft in which he was flying was misidentified and shot down; Hodgkin himself had a narrow escape when the same thing nearly happened to the aircraft in which he was flying; and four others of the group were killed when their aircraft crashed.

In the autumn of 1942 Hodgkin was transferred to work on the defence of night bombers against fighter attack. The initial requirement was to provide only the range of the target when the gun turret could be aimed visually; later he worked on a system for blind firing. When attacks with the pilotless aircraft V1 began in 1944, an attempt was made to adapt this system for shooting down the V1s, but before it was ready for operational use the launching sites were overrun by allied land forces. Hodgkin was then put in charge of development of a radar to be fitted in a steerable rocket that was under development for launching from a fighter aircraft, but the war came to an end before any such development could be completed.

Post-war research

Hodgkin moved back to Cambridge with his wife and first child in August 1945. He resumed his teaching duties in Trinity and in the department of physiology. He was promoted to university lecturer in 1946 and to assistant director of research in 1947. In 1952 he was appointed to the Foulerton research professorship of the Royal Society, which freed him from teaching duties, and in Trinity he moved to a senior research fellowship. In January 1970 he moved to a university research chair, the John Humphrey Plummer professorship of biophysics, and to a professorial fellowship at Trinity. He relinquished the professorship on reaching the university retiring age in 1981, though he continued his experimental research for some years. His active scientific work was brought to an end by the early death of his last collaborator, B. J. Nunn, in 1987. From 1946 until then he was leader of a well-defined group in the physiological laboratory of Cambridge University.

Much of Hodgkin's research until 1951 was done in collaboration with Huxley, who returned to Cambridge in January 1946 after his war work. The main question facing them at first was the cause of the overshoot that they had observed in 1939, that is, the fact that the interior of the nerve fibre became strongly positive at the peak of an impulse. They were already discussing the idea that turned out to be correct, that the decrease in membrane resistance shown by Cole and Curtis was due to a large and specific increase in the permeability of the membrane to sodium ions: since their concentration is much higher in the surrounding fluid than inside the fibre, sodium ions are thereby enabled to diffuse inwards carrying their positive charge. On this theory the membrane potential would be restored by the outward diffusion of an equivalent amount of potassium ions (present in relatively high concentration inside each fibre), and in 1946 Hodgkin, with Huxley, used an indirect method to estimate the amount of potassium leaving a nerve fibre per impulse transmitted. They showed that this was sufficient to restore the membrane potential, and in their publication they suggested that the initial rise of potential, overshooting the zero level, was probably due to sodium entry.

Firm evidence for or against the sodium theory required experiments on the squid giant fibre; these were possible only at the laboratory at Plymouth, which had been severely bombed during the war and was not available until the summer of 1947. Hodgkin then obtained evidence for the sodium theory by showing that the potential reached at the peak of the impulse, and also its rate of rise, varied with external sodium concentration in the way required by the theory. He presented these results verbally at the International Congress of Physiology in Oxford in late July that year. In September he was joined at Plymouth by Bernard Katz, who had independently

realized that the overshoot might be due to sodium entry. Together they extended the observations made by Hodgkin, providing conclusive evidence for the sodium theory. Owing to delays in publication this work did not appear in print until 1949.

It remained uncertain whether the sodium mechanism was used by excitable tissues of vertebrates as well as by the nerves of molluscs such as the squid. During a visit to the USA in early 1948 Hodgkin met Gilbert Ling, who was measuring the resting potential of muscle fibres of frogs by means of a microelectrode consisting of a saline-filled glass pipette with a very fine tip which was pushed through the surface membrane of the fibre. However, the response of the equipment was not fast enough for recording the potential change during the impulse. Later that year Hodgkin, with W. L. Nastuk from the USA, improved the technique so that faithful records of the impulse could be obtained, and they showed that it responded to external sodium concentration in the same way as in the squid nerve fibre. Their technique quickly became a standard one for experiments on a wide variety of cells.

It was generally supposed at that time that the 'all-or-none' character of the impulse was due to the membrane permeability increasing instantaneously when the internal potential reached a critical value. On the basis of experiments before the war, however, Hodgkin suspected that the current– voltage relation was continuous but included a region with negative slope. This would cause instability since any increase of inward current in this range would cause a further rise of internal potential, in turn causing a further increase in inward current. This would result in an explosive 'all-or-none' change of membrane potential.

An unstable current– voltage relation of this kind would be difficult to investigate experimentally, but both Hodgkin and Cole had the idea of using electronic feedback to an internal electrode to control the internal potential, which could thereby be raised suddenly and held at the new level. The electrode had to extend over a considerable length of the fibre in order to keep the internal potential uniform. Cole with George Marmont had a system of this type (the voltage clamp) operating in the summer of 1947. They showed that there is indeed a continuous relation between membrane potential and current, but did not take the analysis further. During his visit to the USA in the spring of 1948 Hodgkin met Cole, who told him about these experiments; in turn Hodgkin told Cole of his observations with Katz on the effects of sodium concentration.

Together with Katz and Huxley, Hodgkin did his first voltage clamp experiments in the summer of 1948, and his final series of experiments (with Huxley) in 1949. They analysed the origins of the measured current by altering the external sodium concentration and by imposing a second step of potential change. They thus separated the current into components carried by sodium and by potassium ions, and they fitted equations to the time courses of the permeabilities of the membrane to these two ions following a step change of membrane potential. They used these equations to calculate the time course of the potential change that would result if the membrane potential were not controlled by feedback. This agreed well with the time course of a normal action potential recorded after a short electrical stimulus; and the calculated amounts of sodium and potassium entering and leaving the fibre agreed well with the values found by the use of radioactive tracers by R. D. Keynes, for whom Hodgkin had been the PhD supervisor shortly after the war.

These results were published in 1952 and led to the award in 1963 of the Nobel prize for physiology or medicine to Hodgkin and Huxley, together with John Eccles. The award was 'for their discoveries concerning the ionic mechanisms involved in excitation and inhibition in the peripheral and central portions of the nerve cell membrane'. Eccles's contribution was on transmission from a nerve terminal to a cell body in the spinal cord, and was quite independent of Hodgkin's and Huxley's work.

These 'Hodgkin– Huxley equations' were plausible on the assumption that sodium and potassium ions crossed the nerve membrane through 'gates' in the membrane that were opened or closed in response to changes in the potential difference across the membrane. It would have been natural to investigate further the identity and nature of these gates, but in 1952 it was impossible to see how this could be done. There was later enormous progress in this direction, beginning about 1970, but it depended on advances in other fields, notably in molecular genetics, which was begun by the 1953 paper of J. D. Watson and F. H. C. Crick, and in electronics, which made possible the detection of the small amounts of charge carried across the membrane when gates opened or closed, and later (1976) the recording by Erwin Neher and Bert Sakmann of the minute currents passing through individual gates. Hodgkin therefore changed his field of research, first to other aspects of the movements of ions in nerve and muscle and finally to the mechanism by which the rods and cones of the vertebrate retina are excited by light.

Hodgkin collaborated with R. D. Keynes, P. C. Caldwell, and T. I. Shaw in investigating the mechanisms by which the entry of sodium and loss of potassium during activity are reversed during subsequent resting periods, showing that they are driven by the utilization of adenosine triphosphate (ATP). In some of these experiments they injected ATP and other substances into the interior of the giant fibre of the squid using a device designed by Hodgkin and Keynes.

With Bernhard Frankenhaeuser from Sweden, Hodgkin investigated the effects of changed calcium concentration on the voltage dependence of the permeabilities to sodium and potassium ions. With Shaw, P. F. Baker, and Hans Meves from Germany, he replaced the contents of the giant fibre with artificial solutions, showing that the effects of wide alterations in the internal concentrations of sodium and potassium ions on the resting and action potentials agreed well with what was to be expected from the voltage clamp experiments, in which only the external sodium concentration had been altered. With Paul Horowicz from the USA he investigated the effects of altered ion concentrations in the external fluid on both the membrane potential and the contraction of frog muscle. In the middle 1960s he pursued this line of research in collaboration with R. H. Adrian and W. K. Chandler from the USA, using feedback between microelectrodes of the type devised by Hodgkin and Nastuk, to achieve a voltage clamp of individual muscle fibres. With Shigehiro Nakajima he measured the membrane capacity of muscle fibres of different diameters, thus distinguishing clearly between the components due to the surface membrane and to the system of tubules that extend inwards from the surface of muscle fibres but not of nerve fibres. With Baker, M. P. Blaustein, and E. B. Ridgway he measured the movements of calcium into and out of the squid giant nerve fibre.

Hodgkin's work on vision began with a short period of collaboration with M. G. F. Fuortes, an Italian physiologist who had moved to the USA, during a visit in 1962 to the Marine Biological Laboratory at Woods Hole, Massachusetts. Hodgkin joined Fuortes in his experiments recording the changes of membrane potential in visual cells of the horseshoe crab *Limulus*. It was known that there was a long delay between exposure to a flash of light and the resulting change of membrane potential, indicating that there were several steps intervening between the two events; Fuortes and Hodgkin showed that this delay was reduced when the sensitivity of the eye was reduced by adaptation to bright light, and they gave a straightforward explanation for the connection between these two effects. Hodgkin's change to full-time work on vision began in 1970 when he collaborated with D. A. Baylor from the USA doing on the eyes of vertebrates experiments similar to those which he and Fuortes had done on the eye of

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Limulus. He continued these experiments in collaboration with T. D. Lamb, P. A. McNaughton, P. M. O'Bryan, P. D. Detwiler, K.- W. Yau and B. J. Nunn.

President of the Royal Society, 1970– 1975

Hodgkin succeeded Lord Blackett as president of the Royal Society in November 1970, serving until December 1975. The society was then already in financial difficulties owing to the rapid inflation that had begun a few years before. This was primarily the responsibility of the treasurer of the society, but Hodgkin was active in pressing for the necessary reforms, which included increasing the fellows' annual subscriptions, reducing their entitlement to free copies of the society's journals, requesting an increase in the government grant to the society, and launching an appeal. By these means financial stability was restored without loss of the society's independence through excessive dependence on government funds.

The main support of scientific research in Britain was provided through the research councils, which received grants directly from the government and provided funding for research both in their institutes and in the universities. Shortly before Hodgkin became president of the Royal Society, however, the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food had proposed that it should take over the Agricultural Research Council. Most scientists, including Hodgkin and the council of the Royal Society, were opposed to this proposal, on the ground that it would stifle initiative in basic research, and a letter to this effect was sent to the secretary of state for education and science, Margaret Thatcher. Hodgkin had an interview with her, with the outcome that the head of the Central Policy Review Staff, Lord Rothschild, produced a consultative document, A Framework for Government Research and Development, which recommended that the research councils should be financed mainly by contracts for specific pieces of research, placed by the relevant ministries. The Royal Society sent a memorandum strongly opposing this scheme, which nevertheless was adopted, though the extent of the transfer of funds was somewhat reduced. Sadly, this affair clouded the long-standing friendship between Hodgkin and Rothschild.

On the international front the Royal Society re-established contacts with both Japan and China. Hodgkin was a member of a delegation that visited Japan shortly before he became president, as Blackett was ill. An exchange agreement was established, similar to those with many other countries, and it was during Hodgkin's presidency that Emperor Hirohito of Japan was elected to the equivalent of what was later designated as honorary fellowship. Hodgkin also visited China but the outcome was little more than the re-establishment of occasional contacts, since the cultural revolution was still in progress and the only research allowed was of the most applied kind. Hodgkin also visited India, the USA, Canada, and Australia during his presidency; he had visited the USSR in 1967, and later he visited Kenya and Iran. As chairman of the council, which met monthly for most of the year, Hodgkin, although holding strong views, did not impose them on the other members. He generally asked another member to start a discussion.

Master of Trinity College, Cambridge, 1978– 1984

In nearly all the Oxford and Cambridge colleges the head is elected by the fellows, but in Trinity College, Cambridge, the master is appointed by the crown. Since the fellows do not control the appointment they give the master less power and fewer duties than in other colleges, though he is chairman of the weekly meetings of the college council and of the occasional meetings of all the fellows, and he has considerable personal influence. Hodgkin served as master of Trinity College from October 1978 to June 1984. Under his guidance the courts known as Whewell's courts were renovated, and much of the fellows' garden was replanned. Women students were admitted from the start of Hodgkin's mastership, the decision having been taken previously; Hodgkin wholeheartedly approved of the change. The master's lodge gave him and his wife, Marni, scope for their talent as hosts, to students as well as to Cambridge academics and visitors. They restored the custom by which the visiting High Court judge occupied part of the lodge during his tours of duty in Cambridge.

Last years

Hodgkin suffered from a series of illnesses that began soon after he retired as master of Trinity. An operation in 1989 to relieve pressure on the spinal cord from an intervertebral disc in his neck left him without the ability to sense the position of his legs and he was therefore unable to walk without support. Thereafter his condition deteriorated steadily. He was nevertheless able to continue research until 1987, and after that to write with the help of a word processor. He wrote his autobiography, Chance and Design: Reminiscences of Science in Peace and War (1992), during this period. He started this as an account of his wartime work, partly because this was not adequately covered in any of the war histories and partly in memory of colleagues who had lost their lives while testing new radar equipment. He then added a very full account of his boyhood, his time as an undergraduate, and his research up to 1963, with only short accounts of his later work and his times as president of the Royal Society and master of Trinity. His only other book, The Conduction of the Nervous Impulse (1964), was an expanded version of the Sherrington lectures that he gave at Liverpool University in 1961; it presented his own work on nerve in the context of other research.

Hodgkin became KBE in 1972 and was appointed OM in 1973. He had been elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1948, and received its royal medal in 1958 and its top award, the Copley medal, in 1965. He was elected an honorary or foreign member of eleven overseas academies. As well as his ScD from Cambridge University he received fifteen honorary doctorates from other universities. He was president of the Marine Biological Association from 1966 to 1976, and chancellor of the University of Leicester from 1971 to 1984.

Personal characteristics and influence

Hodgkin had a remarkable ability to recognize important problems in his areas of interest and at the same time to see ways of tackling them experimentally. This was combined with skills in dissection and in electronics, and with his exceptional fluency in the necessary mathematics; together these characteristics enabled him to succeed in projects of exceptional difficulty. As a result he was usually ahead of the field and could afford to proceed at his own pace without worrying about being overtaken by other laboratories. He was always ready to discuss his current work with others. Apart from three or four early pieces of research carried out alone he did his experimental work with one, two, or occasionally three collaborators; he had no wish to build up a large group. As well as his own collaborators he usually had in his section of the physiological laboratory one or two visitors doing their own research and publishing independently; he was free with advice and help to them.

Hodgkin remained a very modest man despite his achievements and his distinctions. He had many interests outside science, notably literature, art, and travel, which were shared by his wife. He got much pleasure from fly-fishing and bird-watching during their holidays in the western highlands of Scotland.

Hodgkin's analysis of the mechanism of the nerve impulse is universally recognized as the foundation of later understanding of all excitable tissues. It was greatly extended by others, both in its application to other tissues (notably heart muscle) and in finding the molecular basis of the permeability changes. Similarly his electrical recordings from the light-sensitive elements in the retina led to the recognition that there are many intermediate steps of amplification between the initial absorption of a quantum of light and the production of a nerve impulse, but the identification of these as a cascade of chemical reactions was outside the range of Hodgkin's skills and was achieved by others. Probably the most important practical application so far of Hodgkin's work has been in the improved understanding of irregularities of the heart beat. Hodgkin died on 20 December 1998 at his home, 18 Panton Street, Cambridge. He was cremated on 30 December at Cambridge crematorium and buried there. He was survived by his wife, Marni, and their four children.

Andrew Huxley
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- Noted events in his life were:
- He was awarded with OM KBE PRS.
 - He was awarded with Nobel Prize for Physiology or Medicine in 1963.
 - He worked as a Physiologist, Biophysicist.
 - He worked as a President of the Royal Society in 1970-1975.
 - He worked as a Master of Trinity College, Cambridge in 1978-1984.

- 19-Sarah Marion Hodgkin
- 19-Ellen Deborah Hodgkin
- 19-Prof. Jonathan Alan Hodgkin
- 19-Rachel Vanessa Hodgkin

18-**Robert (Robin) Allason Hodgkin** was born on 12 Feb 1916 in Banbury, Oxfordshire and died on 19 Aug 2003 at age 87.

General Notes: Obituary in the Daily Telegraph Wednesday 27th August 2003 and the Guardian on the 30th Aug 2003.
The Guardian. Saturday 30 August 2003
Few people in this life have I liked half so much, or found so exemplary, as the Quaker, educationalist and mountaineer Robin Hodgkin, who has died aged 87. The bravest talent of his 1930s generation of Oxford University climbers, Robin became an educational theorist of international significance, and was a lifelong Christian and an eloquent voice for the Society of Friends.
He was born, the middle of three brothers, at Banbury into the eighth generation of a Quaker family. His conscientious objector father died at Baghdad in 1918 while undertaking relief work, but in 1932 his mother remarried. Robin was educated at the Dragon School, Oxford, the Quaker Leighton Park boarding school near Reading and Queen's College, Oxford, where he read geography.
He had learned to climb as a teenager in the Lake District, but at the time of his going up to Oxford in 1934 the university mountaineering club was reeling from the death of its outstanding climber John Hoyland - a distant cousin of Robin's - on Mont Blanc. Robin's arrival, and the partnership and lifelong friendship he formed with David

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Cox, revitalised the club and brought it back to the front rank of British mountaineering.

In 1935, he climbed in Norway with his elder brother Alan (a 1963 physiology Nobel laureate), and the logical positivist Arne Naess, a disciple of the early Wittgenstein and "father of deep ecology". Finding their companion rather serious, the brothers resorted to the practical jokes suffered by all who knew Robin. Naess endured them with good humour, and introduced them to the artificial aids then proscribed in British climbing.

Robin's golden climbing year was 1937. That June he and David Cox camped out under Clogwyn Du'r Arddu, the finest of Welsh precipices, together with the Mallory sisters, Clare and Beridge - "we really were very innocent," Robin told me - whose father had disappeared on Chomolongma (Mount Everest) in 1924. The four of them ascended existing climbs on this most difficult of British cliffs, and made new ones. They included Hodgkin's leads of the Wall Finish to Pigott's Climb - the first tentative venture out from the sheer cracks of the East Buttress on to the cliff's ferociously exposed walls - and the Top Traverse on the Great Slab of the West Buttress.

From Wales, Robin travelled out to the Caucasus and ascended Georgia's Mount Ushba: "It's an extraordinarily beautiful mountain," he told me, "like the Matterhorn, but higher, more dramatic, more . . . difficult!" Throughout his life, physical and intellectual challenges were sources of joy. The gravest challenge he faced, was in 1938 on the Himalayan peak of Masherbrum. "There were two of us up at 24,000ft and our camp was avalanched. We got out, and rescued an ice-axe between us. I was the lighter one, so that went to my companion, which in a way was lucky for me - of the two of us, I was the less badly frostbitten."

They descended in a storm, retreated from the mountain with hands and feet turning gangrenous, and began the agonising journey home: "In Edinburgh (where his mother had settled) they patched me up, saved what they could of my fingers and toes, and then John Hunt was terribly kind to me - he invited me to the Lake District and got me climbing again."

That modesty was typical, but while he was one of the outstanding climbers of his era, that was no more than one strand in his rich, fulfilled life. After convalescence, he taught geography for a term at Leighton Park where former pupil there, David Bothwell remembers him as the finest teacher he ever encountered. He then taught at Gordon College in Khartoum and thus began a lasting and mutually enriching association with the Sudan.

He espoused the cause of that country's independence from Egypt and Britain, became principal of its Institute of Education, and when he left in 1954, waived his then substantial £4,000 gratuity, giving the reason that this was a charge on the budget of a poor and newly independent country which would need every penny it could get. He assigned the money to the purchase of books.

In 1947 he married Elizabeth Hodgson. Their relationship was profound. It seemed as if they could never have quarrelled, and was hard to see where they ever disagreed - even when Robin became a Liberal Democrat and Elizabeth stayed with Labour. They emanated harmony, peace and pleasure, were utterly close in their thinking and their amused outlook. Reading aloud after supper from George Herbert, Jane Austen, George Eliot and even Trollope became as natural and predictable in the Hodgkin household as the silent Quaker grace before each meal at Bareppa. Robin inherited this beautiful house from his aunt near Falmouth, its garden shaded by Spanish Chestnut trees, and they cherished it for 30 years before retiring to Oxford.

Robin became headmaster of Abbotsholme in Derbyshire - then a shambles of a "progressive" school where he developed his concept of education, to which adventure and outdoor pursuits were central. Climbing and fell-walking were his special enthusiasms, but he also encouraged ornithology, fishing, potholing, travel, canoeing, cycling, camping, swimming, riding and sailing.

He read widely in psychology, biology, anthropology and theology, and brought their lessons to bear on the curriculum. He instilled "let us . . ." as the school's principle. His deputy, Giles Heron, recalls him as the most educated man he had ever met, with capacity to engage with every pupil under his care as an individual, and ruefully recollects a certain lack of attention to the finer details of administration - meetings of the board of governors double-booked and the like.

In 1968, Robin joined Oxford's department of educational studies, initially to provide leadership for the one-year International Certificate in Education, aimed at New Commonwealth teachers, which studied issues to do with education in developing countries. But he also began work on a series of theoretical books on education on which his reputation will endure: Reconnaissance On An Educational Frontier (1970), Born Curious (1976), and in 1983 - based in part on a seminal series of Radio 3 broadcasts - perhaps his most important work, the lucid, passionate and controversial Playing And Exploring: Education Through The Discovery of Order. Heavily influenced by his friend and mentor, the Hungarian philosopher Michael Polanyi, it hinges on the concept of "tacit knowledge" and the cooperative nature of education, and makes extensive use of symbols and metaphors drawn from his own active involvement in mountain activity. He wrote that: "Everything that gets children out into the world of factory or workshop, river or mountain, which gets them out, not as passive spectators but in some active role - all this should be encouraged".

His last work, to be published next month in The Passion To Learn, edited by Joan Solomon is Homo Ludens and in its simplicity, joyfulness and luminous expression, it is a fitting memorial to his life's work.

Though passionately curious about science, he was profoundly Christian and within the Society of Friends was supportive of movements towards a Quakerism close in spirit to George Fox's Christ-centred ministry. Yet he was eclectic here too, he enjoyed attending Anglican or Catholic masses. He had many Islamic friends, particularly amongst Sudanese Sunnis. Just before the stroke which incapacitated him in the last year, he finished a piece on fundamentalism - whether Islamic or Christian - for The Friend: "The essence of fundamentalism is that it gives a false, inflated emphasis to the words of a text and discourages us from exploring the metaphorical depth and meaning."

To Robin, exploration of that depth and meaning was the focus of a life well-lived. He was puckish, humorous, clowning. Time spent with him was time spent as well as it can be in human company.

Elizabeth died last February. He is survived by two sons and a daughter.

• Robin Allason Hodgkin, educationalist and mountaineer, born February 12 1916; died August 19 2003.

Jim Perrin

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Dragon School in Oxford.
- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at Oxford.
- He worked as a Teacher at Gordon College in Khartoum, Sudan.
- He worked as a Principal of the Sudan Institute of Education in Khartoum, Sudan.
- He was Quaker.
- He worked as a Mountaineer and Member of The Alpine Club.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Abbotsholme School, Derbyshire.
- His obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph on 27 Aug 2003.

19-Adam George Hodgkin

19-Christopher Reay Hodgkin

20-Clare Violet Hodgkin

19-Catherine Margaret Hodgkin

19-**Thomas Hodgkin** was born on 3 Dec 1955 in Redruth, Cornwall and died on 5 Dec 1955 in Redruth, Cornwall.

18-**Prof. George Keith Howard Hodgkin**²⁶³ was born on 30 May 1918 in Banbury, Oxfordshire and died on 2 Jun 1999 at age 81. The cause of his death was Coronary heart disease.

General Notes: **George Keith Howard Hodgkin**

b.30 May 1918 d.2 June 1999

BM BCh Oxon(1943) MA(1944) MRCP(1949) FRCGP(1970) FRCP(1973)

Keith Hodgkin was a general practitioner on Teeside. He was born in Banbury, Oxfordshire, the son of George Lloyd Hodgkin, a banker, and Mary Fletcher née Wilson, the daughter of a businessman. He attended the Dragon's School in Oxford and then Gresham's. He went on to study medicine at Oxford. During the war, he served as a surgeon lieutenant in the RNVR and was mentioned in despatches. After the war he became a registrar in morbid anatomy at the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford. He was subsequently a general practitioner. He was a meticulous record keeper, particularly of his own mistakes. His book *Towards earlier diagnosis: A family doctor's approach, etc* (Edinburgh and London, E & S Livingstone, 1963) influenced many generations of GPs. From 1973 to 1978 he was a professor of general practice in Newfoundland, Canada. He was a founder member of the Royal College of General Practitioners. He married his wife Rosemary ('Ro'), the daughter of a surgeon, in 1946, and they had two daughters and a son. He died from coronary heart disease.

Sarah Jane Gillam

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(Volume XI, page 268)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BM BCh MA MRCP FRCGP FRCP.
- He was educated at The Dragon School.
- He was educated at Gresham's.
- He was educated at Oxford.
- He worked as a Surgeon lieutenant in the RNVR.

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- He worked as a Registrar in morbid anatomy in Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford.
- He worked as a Physician in General Practice in Teeside.
- He worked as a Professor of general practice in 1973-1978 in Newfoundland, Canada.

19-Hazel Mary Hodgkin

19-Juliet Kathleen Hodgkin

19-Paul Keith Hodgkin

16-Charles William Fox^{10,117} was born on 13 Jun 1843 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 18 Jun 1866 in Neath Abbey, Glamorgan, Wales at age 23. The cause of his death was Committed suicide.

16-George Henry Fox^{10,12,78} was born on 27 Sep 1845 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 13 Jan 1931 in Glendurgan, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 85.

General Notes: He courted Dorothy Albright, until they had a dispute!

23 Feb 1879, Sun: A wild snowy morning - to church at the chapel. Mr Hays officiated. Minnie (*Mary*) hears her brother George is engaged to Dora Albright, a sincere cause for congratulations - a good walk with the girls and George Albright in the snow which was so heavy on Codhill that we made a retreat. A good attendance at chapel.

14 June 1879, Sat: In to my mother-in-law's; some mysterious telegrams from George Henry to Tom Hodgkin, George is with the Albrights, courting Dora. Tom goes to George on Monday, we can't think what is up.

16 June 1879, Mon: Some unhappiness about ---- love affair which seems in danger of a smash.

17 June 1879, Tues: Better news about ----- by telegraph but we none of us know what is up.

3 Dec 1881, Sat: Left Folkestone , Minnie, Lottie, Maud & I at 8.45, Amato Courier for Paris, we had a brisk breeze and a lopping sea but no waves, so had a good passage to Boulogne and ¾ hour for lunch; it was cold as we neared Paris which we reached about 4 o'clock, the 2 girls and I had a stroll out as far as the Palais Royal, Table d'hote at 6 o'clock, a long evening; a letter came in from George Henry Fox and Rachel Fowler (Henry & Anne's daughter) announcing their engagement. I hope all will go well with them, Anne seems highly pleased.

6 Mar 1882, Mon: A long call from Snowdon about his affairs; rode, then with Minnie to Mortlocks to get a wedding gift for George Henry Fox

21 Mar 1882, (Tues): ... With Minnie to Glebelands to be ready for George Henry Fox and Rachel Juliet Fowler's wedding, a pleasant family party assembled but the weather turned in very cold and squally with sleet & snow.

22 Mar 1882 (Wed): A wild rough morning, snow on the trees & lawn, breakfast in the tent in greatcoats and shawls. To meeting, J. Bevan Braithwaites sermon long, Arthur prayed beautifully for them, Tom Hodgkin excellent in winding up, they both spoke very well, then back to Glebelands. I called on Ellen Chapman, a wonderful old lady at 80. Wedding breakfast; Gurney Barclay a few words, George Henry responded well - happy pair off midst rice and shoes. I went to see Belmont for the John Fowlers with Lizzie Pelly; back to Glebelands, dinner & to Monkams where they entertained the wedding party sumptuously, and had the performing Weblings - back about 11 o'clock quite ready for bed. Minnie & I had a nice chat with Ann (? Fowler?) during thee afternoon.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipping Agent in Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He had a residence in Glendurgan, Falmouth, Cornwall.

George married **Rachel Juliet Fowler**,^{10,12,78} daughter of **Henry Fowler**^{4,26,53,74,198,256,271,322} and **Ann Ford Barclay**,^{4,74,198,256} on 22 Mar 1882 in FMH Wanstead. Rachel was born on 11 Jan 1858 in Woodford, Essex and died on 13 Aug 1939 in 8 Rothesay Gardens, Bedford, Bedfordshire at age 81. They had seven children: **Barnard, Cuthbert Lloyd, Dorothy Juliet, Annette Sarah, Erica Mary, Margaret Veronica, and George Romney.**

General Notes: The first president of the Panacea Society, Rachel Juliet Fox (1858– 1939), was born at Woodford, Essex, on 11 January 1858, the third daughter of Henry Fowler, timber merchant, and his wife, Ann Ford. Her family were Quakers, and in 1882 she married another Quaker, George Henry Fox (1845/6– 1931), a ship agent and timber merchant in Falmouth. She became a spiritualist after the death of her son Barnard (1884– 1894) at his prep school, and wrote a number of theological books, some by the process of automatic writing. She became a Southcottian and engaged in an extensive correspondence with bishops about the box, especially Boyd Carpenter, and with her cousin Beatrice Pease, met the archbishop of Canterbury, Randall Davidson, about the subject. She lived in Falmouth until 1936. She wrote and published six volumes, documenting the history of the Panacea Society. She died at 8 Rothsay Gardens, Bedford, on 13 August 1939.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a first president of the Panacea Society.

17-**Barnard Fox**^{12,78} was born on 12 Oct 1883 in Dolvean, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 4 Jul 1894 in Alton School, Plymouth, Devon at age 10.

17-**Maj. Cuthbert Lloyd Fox**¹² was born on 22 Jul 1885 in Dolvean, Falmouth, Cornwall and died in 1972 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC and Bar.
- He was awarded with High Sheriff of Cornwall 1946 To 1947.
- He worked as a Shipping Agent in Falmouth, Cornwall.

Cuthbert married **Moyra Florence Sullivan**, daughter of **Ernest Frederic Sullivan** and **Florence Mary Houldsworth**, on 29 Apr 1920 in London. Moyra was born on 27 Aug 1894 in Ashbourne. They had two children: **Philip Hamilton** and **George Desmond**.

18-**Philip Hamilton Fox** was born on 11 Mar 1922 in Wilmington, Sussex and died on 25 Oct 2005 at age 83.

General Notes: FOX Philip Hamilton Father of Robert, Charles and William, much loved by all his family, peacefully in his sleep Tuesday October 25th. Funeral service at Mawnan Parish Church on Friday November 4th at 2:00pm followed by private committal at Penmount Crematorium. Donations to the R.N.L.I. Falmouth Branch c/o Keith Penrose, Funeral Director, Appleshaw, Mawnan Smith, Falmouth, TR11 5EG, would be preferred to flowers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shipping Agent.
- He worked as a Hight Sheriff of Cornwall.

Philip married **Rona Briggs**, daughter of **Kenneth Douglas Briggs** and **Constance Gordon Russell**, on 17 Apr 1948 in Eastham, Tenbury, Wells. Rona was born on 26 Jul 1925 in Eastham and died on 4 Mar 1999 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 73. They had three children: **Robert Hamilton**, **Charles Lloyd**, and **William Barclay**.

19-**Robert Hamilton Fox**

Robert married **Lisa Kathleen Payne**. They had two children: **George Henry Hamilton** and **Sophia Isabella**.

20-**George Henry Hamilton Fox**

20-**Sophia Isabella Fox**

19-**Charles Lloyd Fox**

Charles married **Caroline Aileen Methuen-Campbell**, daughter of **Hon. Laurence Paul Methuen** and **Lady Maureen Margaret Brabazon**. They had three children: **Meriel Sophia**, **Stella Caroline**, and **Roselle Viola**.

20-**Meriel Sophia Fox**

20-**Stella Caroline Fox**

20-**Roselle Viola Fox**

19-**William Barclay Fox**

18-**George Desmond Fox** was born on 25 Aug 1925 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 24 Mar 1926 in Glendurgan, Falmouth.

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17-**Dorothy Juliet Fox**¹² was born on 25 May 1887 in Kerris Vean, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 16 Jul 1937 in Lelant Downs, Cornwall at age 50.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1902-1905 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Annette Sarah Fox**¹² was born on 6 Jun 1889 in Kerris Vean, Falmouth, Cornwall and died in 1981 at age 92.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1904-1908 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Erica Mary Fox**¹² was born on 7 Jan 1893 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 18 Sep 1934 in Glendurgan, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 41.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1908-Jul 1909 in York, Yorkshire.

Erica married **Humphrey Bennet Laity**, son of **William Laity** and **Harriet Jane Harvey**, on 30 Sep 1920 in Falmouth, Cornwall. Humphrey was born on 18 Sep 1892 in Trerose Manor, Mawnan, Cornwall. They had two children: **David Harvey** and **Anthony Fox**.

18-David Harvey Laity

David married **Eileen Davey**, daughter of **Frederick Davey** and **Florence Ellen Bailey**. They had two children: **Sheridan Erica** and **Philip Harvey**.

19-Sheridan Erica Laity

19-Philip Harvey Laity

18-**Anthony Fox Laity** was born on 2 Nov 1924 in Tregays, Lostwithiel, Cornwall and was buried in Aukland University, New Zealand.

Anthony married **Auriol Mary Joan Tucker**, daughter of **Lt. Gen. Sir Francis Ivan Simms Tucker** and **Catherine Isabella Bucknall**, on 15 Sep 1951 in Mawnan, Cornwall. Auriol was born on 3 Dec 1927 and died on 20 Mar 1957 in Harrow at age 29. They had one son: **Hugh Granville**.

19-Hugh Granville Laity

Anthony next married **Judith Catherine Wells**, daughter of **Athol Umfrey Wells** and **Gladys Colebrook Stewart**. They had one daughter: **Veryan Faye**.

19-Veryan Faye Laity

17-**Margaret Veronica Fox**¹² was born on 16 Oct 1895 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died in 1976 at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1909-Jul 1914 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**George Romney Fox**^{12,39,150,161,249,349} was born on 5 May 1898 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died in 1968 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1910-1913 in York, Yorkshire.

George married **Barbara Muriel Twite**,^{39,150,161,249,349} daughter of **Harold Llewellyn Twite** and **Lucy Muriel Carne**, on 27 Apr 1929 in Falmouth, Cornwall. Barbara was born on 30 Nov 1909 in London and died in 1994 at age 85. They had four children: **Susan**, **Elizabeth Juliet**, **Sarah Naylor**, and **James George**.

Marriage Notes: Fox-TWITE.-On April 27th, at Falmouth, George Romney Fox (1910-13), to Barbara Muriel Twite.

18-**Susan Fox**¹⁵⁰ was born on 15 Apr 1931 in Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 19 Nov 1957 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 26.

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General Notes: Fox.- On 15th April, to Barbara and G. Romney Fox (1910-13), a daughter, who was named Susan.

18-Elizabeth Juliet Fox

Elizabeth married **Sir John Wilfrid Bourne**, son of **Rt. Hon. Robert Croft Bourne** and **Lady Hester Margaret Cairns**, on 2 Aug 1958 in Constantine, Falmouth, Cornwall. John was born on 27 Jan 1922 in Farleigh, Hungerford, Berkshire and died on 19 Oct 1999 at age 77. They had two children: **Robert William** and **Antony John**.

General Notes: FROM HIS childhood, it was clear that Wilfrid Bourne had a remarkably powerful intellect. While only 10 or 11, he would exchange Greek iambs with his elder brother during their pillow fights, and he never lost his gift for pointed quotation from the Classics. But it is as a pillar of the Lord Chancellor's Department from 1956 to 1982 that he will be remembered.

The second son of Robert Bourne, MP for Oxford City, and Lady Hester Bourne, eldest daughter of the fourth Earl Cairns and granddaughter of Lord Chancellor Cairns, he went, like his father and grandfather before him, to Eton, entering as a King's Scholar and becoming Newcastle Scholar and, in 1940, Captain of the School. He obtained the Ella Stephens Greek Scholarship to New College, Oxford, and took a First in Mods in 1941 before joining up.

Commissioned in the Rifle Brigade, he served as signal officer with the 1st Battalion from November 1942 to May 1945, in North Africa, Italy, Normandy and north-west Europe. He never spoke of his wartime experiences; but he was one of those who saw with his own eyes the full horror of Belsen.

Demobilised in December 1945, he returned to Oxford to read Jurisprudence, in which he obtained another First. Having joined the Middle Temple, he became in 1947 a pupil of J.F. Morran in the top flight common-law chambers of Melford Stevenson KC (later a well-known High Court Judge). He was called to the Bar in 1948, obtaining the Harmsworth and Eldon scholarships; was offered a seat in Stevenson's chambers, and joined the Oxford circuit.

But his choice of common-law chambers did not work out as well as might have been expected; and Melford Stevenson later remarked that sending Wilfrid Bourne to do a case in the county court was like using a razor to cut linoleum. With his gifts, Bourne might have succeeded brilliantly at the Chancery Bar; but he lacked enthusiasm for the rough-and-tumble of the lower reaches of common-law practice, and failed to attract work from solicitors who, in that milieu, were probably looking for other qualities. So in 1956, after eight years in chambers (and at a time when the Bar as a whole was in a somewhat depressed state), he entered the Lord Chancellor's Office at the age of 34 as one of the small group of lawyers working close to the Lord Chancellor in the House of Lords, where he soon became Private Secretary to the Earl of Kilmuir. Bourne took like a duck to water to advising on the often complex and difficult legal, constitutional and parliamentary matters with which he had to deal; and his advice was much in demand at all levels. He served for many years as secretary to the Law Reform Committee, where his speed and clarity of thought, deep knowledge of the law, and sound grasp of practicalities contributed much to reports such as the review of the law of evidence in civil cases, on which the Civil Evidence Act 1968 was based.

It was characteristic of him that, not long after the establishment of the Law Commission in 1965, he took it upon himself to write for the lawyers there, whose duties included providing their attached Parliamentary Counsel with drafting instructions, a guide to how this should be done - he himself having had to learn it the hard way. Bourne's minutes and letters were clear, crisp and entwined with classical and modern literary allusions. It was a disappointment to him to find that almost nobody in the Lord Chancellor's Office was able to swap Greek quotations with him until the arrival of Lord Hailsham of St Marylebone - when the ability of the Lord Chancellor and his Permanent Secretary to exchange minutes in Greek was not always appreciated by their juniors. Sherlock Holmes, too, was a great source of Wilfridisms.

In 1977 he was appointed to the paired offices of Clerk of the Crown in Chancery and Permanent Secretary to the Lord Chancellor. This involved him in a good deal of administration, and brought him into contact with the Bar and the judiciary in his capacity as adviser on judicial and other appointments. He took a lot of trouble over this, but was never a popular figure with that constituency, perhaps because he was a shy man and no extrovert. Yet beneath his shyness Wilfrid Bourne was a very kind and generous person, taking great pleasure in his family and in teaching his grandchildren Pelmanism and racing demon.

John Wilfrid Bourne, barrister: born 27 January 1922; called to the Bar, Middle Temple 1948; staff, Lord Chancellor's Office 1956-82, Principal Assistant Solicitor 1970-72, Deputy Secretary 1972-77, Clerk of the Crown in Chancery and Permanent Secretary 1977-82; CB 1975, KCB 1979; QC 1981; married 1958 Elizabeth Fox (two sons); died 19 October 1999.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB KCB QC.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Middle Temple.
- He worked as a member of the Lord Chancellor's Office in 1956-1982.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 15 Nov 1999.

19-Robert William Bourne

19-Antony John Bourne

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18-Sarah Naylor Fox

Sarah married **Charles Henry Arden Bott**, son of **Richard Harry Bott** and **Esme Blanche Brierley**. They had one daughter: **Susan Marjorie**.

19-Susan Marjorie Bott

18-James George Fox

James married **Rebecca Jane Wright**, daughter of **Charles Wright**. They had four children: **Rachel**, **Francis**, **Sarah**, and **Romney**.

19-Rachel Fox

19-Francis Fox

19-Sarah Fox

19-Romney Fox

16-**Wilson Lloyd Fox**^{10,12,47} was born on 27 Jan 1847 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 10 Feb 1936 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 89.

General Notes: Mon 10 Feb 1936 – N'allerton Standing Jt & other Committees. Wilson Fox died on Monday Feb 10 aged 89 years having been born Jan 27 1847 – I can remember going as a small boy with my parents to see him at Grove Hill School in 1865 – the year his brother Charles committed suicide – he was the last of my mother's brothers & sisters – Every one was fond of him, he was gentle, kind, & courteous & acted for my father in different capacities in connection with my father's properties at Durgan, Kerris Vean & the Roseberry yacht – He was very restless & depressed in his last illness but had lived a blameless life & been a very regular & devout churchman, broad & Liberal in views – If such men do not face death with calm confidence it is no wonder I cannot. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He had a residence in Carmino, Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He worked as a Solicitor.

Wilson married **Augusta Mary Rogers**,^{12,47} daughter of **Reginald Rogers**⁴⁷ and **Mary Frances Nankivell**,⁴⁷ on 7 Sep 1876 in Mawnan, Falmouth. Augusta was born on 30 Mar 1855 in Truro, Cornwall, was christened on 16 May 1855 in Kenwyn, Cornwall, died on 9 Oct 1889 in Child's Hill House, Hampstead, London at age 34, and was buried on 14 Oct 1889 in Mawnan, Cornwall.

Wilson next married **Constance Louisa Grace Rogers**,^{12,47} daughter of **Rev. Saltren Rogers**⁴⁷ and **Julia Lucy Mann**,⁴⁷ on 19 Apr 1898 in St. Austell. Constance was born on 23 Dec 1861 in Gwennap Vicarage, Redruth, Cornwall, was christened on 29 Dec 1861 in Gwennap, Redruth, Cornwall, and died on 25 Nov 1942 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 80.

16-**Sophia Lloyd Fox**^{10,28,229} was born on 28 Sep 1848 in Wodehouse Place, Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 25 Dec 1870 in Wood Lane, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 22, and was buried on 30 Dec 1870 in FBG Budock, Falmouth.

General Notes: **24 Dec 1870, Sat:**Henry Fell & Lizzie Pease came to spend Sunday with us; played billiards with H enry ; played with the children who had a Frumerty supper with us - a good deal of snow fell; no war news; a telegram came with a very low a/c of poor Sophie Fox.
25 Dec 1870, Sun: Walked with Henry Fell Pease in falling snow to Meeting & back. In the evening a fair good attendance at the schoolroom; read Dr. Hanna on the Nativity. The a/cs of Sophie very low, also very poor of Wilson Fox's little girl.
26 Dec 1870, Mon: This morning the letter from Darlington told us of a telegram there yesterday from Falmouth announcing poor Sophie's death quietly yesterday morning, no particulars.
27 Dec 1870, Tues: The particulars of Sophie's death are that she took leave of her nurse and died quietly, sinking gradually during the last two days. poor girl, it is no doubt a blessed change for her - the poor dear parents will feel it much.
30 Dec 1870, Fri: Sophie Fox is to be buried at Budock this morning - after attending to my letters & sundries, we gathered the 5 elder children in Minnie's sitting room & I talked to them about their aunt, her faith & life & hope - & to the boys about school &c; Then we read the epistle to the Corinthians and the last chapters in Revelations; out for a

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walk - more snow and very cold.

31 Dec 1870, Sat: Another cold morning, thermo at 22° ; at Darlington zero, & at Arthur's one degree below it!

The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt. (Unpublished)

15-**Theodore Lloyd**^{12,23} was born on 15 Oct 1806 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Jan 1880 in Croydon, Surrey at age 73.

General Notes: **21 Jan 1880, Wed:** Saw a paragraph in the Daily News of the sudden death of Minnie's uncle, Theodore Lloyd at Croydon.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1816 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Carpet Manufacturer in Kidderminster, Worcestershire.
- He worked as a Stockbroker and partner. Lloyd & Ward in London.

Theodore married **Anna Newman**,^{12,23} daughter of **Robert Newman**, on 13 Sep 1833 in Worcester. Anna was born on 18 Jul 1804 in Taunton, Somerset and died on 23 Mar 1882 in Croydon, Surrey at age 77. They had nine children: **Theodore, Robert Newman, Rachel, John Henry, Henry, Braithwaite, Alfred Howard, Helen Maria**, and **Isabella Mary**.

16-**Theodore Lloyd**¹² was born on 7 Sep 1834 in Bewdley, Worcestershire and died on 15 Jun 1904 in Croydon, Surrey at age 69.

Theodore married **Charlotte Burnell**,¹² daughter of **Thomas Burnell** and **Elizabeth**, on 9 Jun 1864 in Bonchurch, Isle of Wight, Hampshire. Charlotte died on 25 Nov 1929 in Thornton Heath, London.

16-**Robert Newman Lloyd** was born on 14 Mar 1836 in Bewdley, Worcestershire and died on 19 Apr 1873 at Sea at age 37.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Member of the London Stock Exchange.
- He had a residence in 80 Old Broad Street, London.

Robert married **Mary Borwick**, daughter of **George Borwick**, on 5 Sep 1861 in Walthamstow, London. Mary was born on 24 Feb 1838 in West Bromwich and died on 16 Jun 1905 in Florence at age 67.

16-**Rachel Lloyd**¹² was born on 18 Mar 1838 in Bewdley, Worcestershire and died on 7 May 1907 in Croydon, Surrey at age 69.

Rachel married **James Turner**,¹² son of **Thomas Turner** and **Mary Walter**, on 22 Jan 1863 in Croydon, Surrey. James was born on 6 Dec 1839 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 27 Jul 1922 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 82. They had eight children: **Lennox James, Howard Lloyd, Errol Guy, Helen Evelyn Lloyd, Beryl Lenore Lloyd, Gladys Lloyd, Irene Lloyd**, and **Rex Lloyd**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Netherton, Croydon, Surrey.

17-**Lennox James Turner**¹² was born on 24 Oct 1863 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 2 Dec 1914 in Croydon, Surrey at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Woodcroft, Croham Park Avenue, Croydon, Surrey.

Lennox married **Isabella Harriet Easton**,¹² daughter of **Thomas Charles Easton** and **Emma Cousins**, on 30 Apr 1889 in Croydon, Surrey. Isabella was born on 10 Jul 1864 in Addiscombe, Surrey and died on 20 Dec 1951 in Croydon, Surrey at age 87. They had two children: **Evelyn Lennox** and **Olive Lloyd**.

18-**Evelyn Lennox Turner** was born on 5 Dec 1889 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 21 Sep 1929 in Lucknow, Bengal, India at age 39.

18-**Olive Lloyd Turner** was born on 2 Dec 1890 in Croydon, Surrey.

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17-**Howard Lloyd Turner** was born on 22 Jul 1865 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 5 Dec 1940 in Croydon, Surrey at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker.

17-**Errol Guy Turner**¹² was born on 18 Sep 1868 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 22 Dec 1935 in London at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 42 St. George's Square, London.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in 28 Austin Friars, London.

Errol married **Florence Emma Concanon**,¹² daughter of **James Blake Concanon**, on 1 Jun 1899 in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, London. Florence was born on 22 Dec 1878 in London. They had three children: **Errol Concanon Lloyd**, **Brian Lloyd Concanon**, and **Helen Leslie**.

18-**Capt. Errol Concanon Lloyd Turner R.N.** was born on 22 Dec 1900 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Navy officer.
- He was awarded with DSO, Croix de Guerre, Legion d'honneur.
- He worked as a member of the Federation Of British Industries.

Errol married **Olive Joyce Cook**, daughter of **Bertie Walter Cook** and **Mabel Watson**.

Errol next married **Evelyn Florence Drummond**, daughter of **John Drummond** and **Jane Elizabeth**.

18-**Brian Lloyd Concanon Turner** was born on 17 Nov 1904 and died on 28 Mar 1951 in London at age 46.

18-**Helen Leslie Turner**

Helen married **Campbell Glencairn Colville Greenlees**, son of **Dan Colville Greenlees**.

Helen next married **Peter Ernest Foss**, son of **Ernest Arthur Foss** and **Phoebe Jane Newman**, on 14 Nov 1936 in London. Peter was born on 24 Nov 1904 in Beckenham, Kent. They had one son: **Timothy Peter**.

19-**Timothy Peter Foss**

17-**Helen Evelyn Lloyd Turner** was born on 17 Aug 1870 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 26 Mar 1871 in Croydon, Surrey.

17-**Beryl Lenore Lloyd Turner**¹² was born on 28 Apr 1872 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 28 Dec 1955 in Reigate, Surrey at age 83.

Beryl married **John Stafford Hudson**,¹² son of **James Hudson** and **Eliza Ann Watkins**, on 19 Jun 1900 in St. John's Church, Croydon. John was born on 3 Jul 1870 in London and died on 18 Aug 1935 in Reigate, Surrey at age 65. They had two children: **Rachel Lloyd** and **James Theodore**.

18-**Rachel Lloyd Hudson** was born on 7 Nov 1907 in Reigate, Surrey and died on 21 Feb 1924 in Reigate, Surrey at age 16.

18-**James Theodore Hudson**

James married **Olive Mildred Webber**, daughter of **Arthur Herbert Webber** and **Elizabeth Hill**, on 17 Mar 1936 in Brighton, East Sussex. Olive was born on 13 Jan 1903 in Budleigh Salterton. They had one son: **Richard**.

19-**Richard Hudson**

17-**Gladys Lloyd Turner**¹² was born on 27 Jan 1874 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 15 May 1943 in Croydon, Surrey at age 69.

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Gladys married **Dr. William Hilton O'Heffernan**,¹² son of **Sir John Harold Heffernan** and **Eliza Sarah Hilton**, on 18 Apr 1906 in St. Michael's Church, Croydon. William was born on 10 Jun 1864 in Southsea, Hampshire and died on 13 Jun 1938 in Croydon, Surrey at age 74. They had one son: **Hilton Lloyd**.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Name Changed By Deed Poll To O'Heffernan.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He had a residence in Bridge House, Wimbledon Park, London.
- He had a residence in 1 Gordon Villas, Beltinge Road, Herne Bay, Kent.

18-**Hilton Lloyd O'Heffernan**¹² was born on 26 Jun 1907 in Wimbledon, London and died on 12 Mar 1998 in Kingsbridge, Devon at age 90.

General Notes: Most of our club talks are about something or some system, but this one was unusual in that it was about a person and a very talented one at that. George Bennett G5BZ came along to talk about the life of Hilton, both of whom were founder members of the SRCC. The meeting took a look into the general life of amateurs of earlier days. He started off describing his own introduction to amateur radio which really commenced when he heard an amateur on some 400 meters which was one of the first licenced amateur bands. He then went on to the main point of the evening and emphasised how Hilton was obsessed with being the first and/or the best in all he did. He was first class tennis and also a table-tennis player and had many trophies. In his amateur life he won many DX firsts and received the ARRL CUP FOR THE "best amateur station in the world". He held the record for the longest 5-meter contact and also pioneered mobile and airborne communications. He was determined to be the first to span the pond on 5-meters, and this he did in December 1936 when he worked W2HDX. His equipment was of really first class construction as can be seen in the photos in the scrapbooks he kept, that were shown to the members present.

These books themselves were very well made up and without them it would not have been possible to have this talk. His early life was in Croydon but he moved and lived mainly in South Devon. Later in life he turned his attention to the construction of model aircraft which in common with the rest of his life were themselves works of art. He travelled to South Africa and many parts of the world taking part in model aircraft contests and won many trophies in that field. A quite remarkable man.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Radio Engineer.
- He worked as a Radio Amateur operating W2HDX and G5BY.
- He worked as an Entomologist.
- He had a residence in Home Farm, Chilton St. Clare, Suffolk.
- He had a residence before 1998 in 24 Green Park Way, Chillington, Kingsbridge, Devon..

17-**Irene Lloyd Turner**¹² was born on 14 Mar 1875 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 20 May 1959 in Croydon, Surrey at age 84.

Irene married **Henry Ling**,¹² son of **Charles Alfred Ling** and **Mary Sophia Morley**, on 27 Jun 1906 in St. John's Church, Croydon. Henry was born on 12 Oct 1862 in Bow, London and died on 17 Jun 1952 in Croydon, Surrey at age 89. They had two children: **Henry Esmond** and **Neville Morley**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in St. Margaret's, Friends Road, Croydon, Surrey.

18-**Henry Esmond Ling** was born on 27 Jun 1907 in Croydon, Surrey and died in 1973 at age 66.

Henry married **Doris Pauline Miall**, daughter of **Cecil Algernon Miall** and **Constance Marion Morell**, on 21 Sep 1935 in Croydon, Surrey. Doris was born on 9 Apr 1915 in Streatham and died on 15 Jun 1953 in Croydon, Surrey at age 38. They had one daughter: **Sara Penelope**.

19-Sara Penelope Ling

Henry next married **Nellie Irene Stagg**, daughter of **Henry Charles Gilham** and _____ **Kate**, on 10 Oct 1958 in Croydon, Surrey. Nellie was born on 12 Jun 1905 in Southsea, Hampshire.

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18-**Neville Morley Ling** was born on 9 Jun 1910 in Croydon, Surrey and died in Jan 1996 in Ross on Wye, Herefordshire at age 85.

Neville married **Rosalie Stevenson**, daughter of **Arthur William Stevenson** and **Kate Beatrice Parkins**, on 23 Feb 1938 in Croydon, Surrey. Rosalie was born on 21 Nov 1901 in Hale, Cheshire. They had one son: **David Neville**.

19-David Neville Ling

17-**Rex Lloyd Turner**¹² was born on 14 Oct 1878 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 13 May 1909 in Colwyn, Woodstock Road, Croydon, Surrey at age 30. The cause of his death was Pneumonia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He worked as a Member of the Stock Exchange.

Rex married **Enid Newcomb**,¹² daughter of **William Newcomb** and **Emma MacLean**, on 27 Apr 1905 in St. Michael's Church, Croydon. Enid was born on 17 Jul 1878 in Streatham, London. They had two children: **Gwendolen Lloyd** and **Clive Lloyd**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 14 Hartington Mansions, Eastbourne, East Sussex.

18-**Gwendolen Lloyd Turner** was born on 10 Mar 1906 in Croydon, Surrey.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with MRAD MISTD.
- She worked as a Ballet & Dancing Teacher.

Gwendolen married **William Francis Hood**, son of **William Charles Reginald Hood** and **Margaret Frances McKissock**, on 24 Feb 1928 in London. William was born on 27 Sep 1902 in London. They had two children: **Theodora Daphne Lloyd** and **Rachel Shirley Lloyd**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor.

19-Theodora Daphne Lloyd Hood

Theodora married **David Michael Steward**, son of **William Malcolm Steward** and **Helen Mary Hunter**, on 12 Jun 1954 in Slaugham, West Sussex. David was born on 19 May 1930 in London. They had two children: **Guy Richard** and **Clive Martin**.

General Notes: Significantly after running the company for a decade, younger brother William Malcolm recognised that the business was slowly but inevitably edging closer to its twilight years. So much so he was adamant that his own son, David Michael Steward, should not join the family business. However, unexpected events can derail the best laid plans. In April 1970 William Malcolm Steward suddenly died. Tragically it happened when his elder brother's health was also failing – James Henry was, after all, by now well past the normal retiring age. This meant that despite his late father's wishes, the founder's great-grandson David Michael Steward and his wife suddenly had to step in and start running the business.

In 1971, after selling the head office they moved all the remaining stock and long serving staff member, George Goble (approx. 1916-1975), around the corner to rented premises in Catherine Street (see: Table 1). George, a dispensing optician, was now the only member of staff – running the shop but mainly retained to provide a service to long-standing customers and to reduce the stock levels. Then the remaining instrument part of the business finally moved out of London to Hove, Sussex in 1973 – a seaside town on the south-east coast of the UK. In 1975, despite the efforts of the founder's great-grandson and his wife, the business closed its doors for the last time.

This was the story of a formidable family dynasty. Four generations of the Steward family successfully ran a company famous as opticians, scientific and mathematical instrument makers and a major international retailer. J.H. Steward Ltd. was impressively in business for over 120 years but after being sold was inexplicably almost "forgotten" overnight. The last of the J.H. Steward Ltd. family dynasty, David Michael Steward and his wife Theodora, are now enjoying life and living in Castle Douglas, Scotland. Taken from *Slide Rule GAZETTE Issue 12 Autumn, 2011*

J. H. STEWARD: A FAMILY DYNASTY

David G Rance

At the end of the 19th century an unsung and now largely forgotten instrument maker and retailer had its heyday. http://www.sliderules.nl/media/papers/Gazette_12___J_H_Steward___a_family_dynasty.pdf

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Regent Oil Company, Ltd.
- He worked as an Optical, scientific and mathematical instrument maker in 1970-1975.

20-Guy Richard Steward

20-Clive Martin Steward

19-Dr. Rachel Shirley Lloyd Hood was born on 20 Apr 1931 in Cheam, Surrey.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Physician.

18-Dr. Clive Lloyd Turner was born on 6 Feb 1909 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 9 Aug 1938 in Perak, Malaya at age 29.

General Notes: **Clive Lloyd Turner**

It is with regret that we chronicle the death of Clive Lloyd Turner. Dr. Lloyd Turner was born at Croydon, England, in 1909. He received his early education at Radley College, and after coming to Canada attended Macdonald College, Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Que. and the Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, from which latter institution he graduated in 1937. Following graduation, he was for a short time temporarily attached to the staff of the Animal Diseases Research Institute, Hull, Que. In the fall of 1937, he left Canada to enter the Colonial Veterinary Service and to take up an appointment in the Malayan Veterinary Service. Stationed at Kuala Lumpur, Dr. Lloyd Turner had, at the time of his death, been engaged only a few months in his new appointment at the early age of twenty-nine years.

Western Times Devon, England

11 Jul 1930

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST MOTHER

.....exhausted after interviews with her mother. The latter had also made accusations against the moral character of his wife. Clive Lloyd Turner, son of respondent, said he lost his job in Canada because of his mother's interference. P.C. Adlam, of Bucks Cross..... etc. etc.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Radley.
- He was educated at Macdonald College, Ste. Anne de Bellevue in Quebec, Canada.
- He was educated at Ontario Veterinary College in Guelph, Ontario, Canada.
- He worked as a Veterinary Surgeon with the Animal Diseases Research Institute in Hull, Quebec, Canada.
- He worked as a Malayan Veterinary Service (Colonial Veterinary Service) in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.
- His obituary was published in the Canadian Journal of Comparative Medicine. Vol. II-No. 8 In Aug 1938.

16-John Henry Lloyd was born on 18 Feb 1840 and died in Died in Infancy.

16-Henry Lloyd was born on 24 Jul 1841 in Camberwell, London and died on 30 Jan 1869 on a voyage to Melbourne, Australia at age 27.

16-Braithwaite Lloyd was born on 3 May 1843 and died in Died in Infancy.

16-Alfred Howard Lloyd¹² was born on 9 Aug 1845 in Camberwell, London and died on 5 Mar 1919 in Bletchingley, Surrey at age 73.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Harewoods, Bletchingley, Surrey.

Alfred married **Mary Spreckley**,¹² daughter of **Thomas Spreckley** and **Sarah Freer**, on 3 Aug 1869 in Woodford, Essex. Mary was born on 19 Jan 1849 in Notting Hill, London and died on 16 Aug 1910 in Bletchingley, Surrey at age 61. They had one son: **Theodore Howard**.

17-**Theodore Howard Lloyd** was born on 2 Oct 1872 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 23 Mar 1959 in Outwood, Surrey at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Harewoods, Bletchingley, Surrey.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Broadway, Worcestershire.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Surrey in 1939.

Theodore married **Beatrice Mary Randall**,¹² daughter of **Sir Henry Randall** and **Elizabeth Wright**, on 2 Oct 1906 in All Saints' Church, Northampton. Beatrice was born on 11 Jul 1881 in The Hall, Monks Park, Northampton.

Alfred next married **Hilda Lidstone**, daughter of **Frederick Bartlett Lidstone** and **Kate Emma Bennett**, on 7 Sep 1918 in Outwood, Surrey. Hilda was born on 30 Aug 1878 in Exeter, Devon.

16-**Helen Maria Lloyd**¹² was born on 5 Oct 1847 in Camberwell, London and died on 13 Jan 1931 in Addiscombe, Surrey at age 83.

Helen married **William Fillingham Parr**,¹² son of **William Fillingham Parr** and **Ann Hemsley**, on 30 Jul 1887 in St. James', Picadilly, London. William was born on 25 Jan 1844 in Gotham, Nottinghamshire and died on 27 Sep 1912 in Hindhead, Surrey at age 68. They had one daughter: **Helen Theodora**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tea Planter in Fiji, Polynesia.
- He worked as a Wine Merchant in London.
- He worked as a Director of the Ambergate, Nottingham, Boston and Eastern Junction Railway.

17-**Helen Theodora Parr**¹² was born on 26 Dec 1889 in Addiscombe, Surrey and died on 6 May 1890 in Addiscombe, Surrey.

16-**Isabella Mary Lloyd** was born on 11 Mar 1850 and died in Died in Infancy.

15-**Sampson Lloyd**^{7,12,23} was born on 7 Jun 1808 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 26 Sep 1874 in Areley, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman of the South Staffordshire Waterworks Company.

Sampson married **Sarah Davis Zachary**,^{7,12} daughter of **Daniel Zachary**^{7,11,221} and **Mary Young**,^{7,221} on 9 Sep 1841 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire. Sarah was born on 19 Aug 1818 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Oct 1856 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire at age 38. They had three children: **Sampson Zachary**, **Francis Henry**, and **Mary Sophia**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were Quakers but resigned and became members of the Plymouth Brethren.

16-**Sampson Zachary Lloyd**^{7,12,225} was born on 4 Jan 1843 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 25 Apr 1914 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 71.

Sampson married **Eleanor Howard**,^{7,12,225} daughter of **John Eliot Howard**^{2,8,12,218,225} and **Maria Crewdson**,^{2,8,12,218,225} on 12 Apr 1866 in Tottenham, London. Eleanor was born on 4 May 1844 in Tottenham, London and died on 5 Jan 1885 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 40. They had 11 children: **Sarah Cecilia**, **Francis Zachary**, **Ernest Sampson**, **Thomas Zachary**, **Eleanor Howard**, **Constance Maria**, **William Dilworth**, **Olivia Margaret**, **Edmund**, **Dorothy**, and **Katharine**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Sarah Cecilia Lloyd** was born on 26 Feb 1868 in Ednesbury and died on 13 May 1918 in Ootacamund, Tamil Nadu, India at age 50.

17-**Francis Zachary Lloyd**¹² was born on 30 Apr 1869 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 18 Dec 1920 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire.
- He worked as a Chairman of The Weldless Steel Tube Co., Ltd. Before 1920.

Francis married **Katharine Mary Crewdson**,¹² daughter of **Rev. Canon George Crewdson**^{12,218,271} and **Mary Salome Hay Sweet-Escott**,^{12,218,271} on 11 Apr 1907 in Windermere, Cumbria. Katharine was born on 11 Sep 1878 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 4 Sep 1961 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 82. They had five children: **Eleanor Mary**, **Katharine Olivia**, **Margaret Cecilia**, **William Zachary**, and **John Crewdson**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Music Teacher at Abbot's Bromley School.

18-**Eleanor Mary Lloyd** was born on 6 Jun 1909 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham and died on 16 Dec 1993 in Malvern, Worcestershire at age 84.

18-**Katharine Olivia Lloyd** was born on 27 Dec 1910 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham and died in Mar 2011 at age 100.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with ARCM.

Katharine married **Rev. Frederick James Stephens Evans**, son of **Frederick James Evans** and **Violet Rose Weston**, on 21 May 1945 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire. Frederick was born on 15 Nov 1921 in Llanfiangel-Rhydithon, Wales, died on 26 Mar 2014 at age 92, and was buried on 10 Apr 2014. They had four children: **Bridget Katharine**, **Charles Crewdson**, **Caroline Olivia**, and **Alison Margaret**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders at St Davids Lampeter.

19-Bridget Katharine Evans

Bridget married **Thomas Adrian Veitch**. They had three children: **Thomas Zachary Edward**, **Helen Katharine**, and **Samuel George**.

20-Thomas Zachary Edward Veitch

Thomas married **Tara MacNeil**. They had one son: **Evan Thomas**.

21-Evan Thomas Veitch

20-Helen Katharine Veitch

20-Samuel George Veitch

Samuel married **Serine Frances Annan**.

19-Charles Crewdson Evans

Charles married **Sarah Anne Cook**. They had three children: **James Henry**, **Robert Zachary**, and **Victoria Sarah**.

20-James Henry Evans

James married **Clair Murdin**. They had two children: **Thomas Charles** and **Frederick George**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-Thomas Charles Evans

21-Frederick George Evans

20-Robert Zachary Evans

20-Victoria Sarah Evans

Victoria married Gareth Herring. They had two children: Amy Louise and Zoe Theffania.

21-Amy Louise Herring

21-Zoe Theffania Herring

19-Caroline Olivia Evans

Caroline married Peter John Clegg. They had two children: Katherine Louise and Jennifer Olivia.

20-Katherine Louise Clegg

Katherine married Mark John Godden. They had two children: Dylan John and Abby Louise.

21-Dylan John Godden

21-Abby Louise Godden

20-Jennifer Olivia Clegg

19-Alison Margaret Evans

18-Margaret Cecilia Lloyd was born on 24 Sep 1913 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an ARCM.

Margaret married Edwin Garnett Hone Kempson, son of Rt. Rev. Edwin Hone Kempson and Beatrice Alice Garnett, on 11 Apr 1939 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire. Edwin was born on 4 Jun 1902 in Castletown, Isle of Man and died in 1987 at age 85. They had three children: Ann Cecilia, John Edwin, and Ruth Margaret.

General Notes: After becoming a Wrangler in the Mathematical Tripos and taking up mountaineering whilst at Cambridge, G, as he was known to all at Marlborough College, returned to serve the College which he loved so much, and remained there for the rest of his life. He became an Assistant Master, then House-master and in the interregnum, in 1961, between Masters Garnett and Dancy (Garnett was a distant relation), he was Acting Master. In addition, he was involved in the affairs of the town both as a Borough Councillor and Mayor in 1946, and he was also an extremely active member and officer in the Wiltshire Archaeological and Natural History Society, lecturing often about the history of the town. During his period as Mayor he discovered an important collection of 17th century books which became known as the Vicar's Library. This was housed in the College for many years where he researched and catalogued it with loving care, until finally the collection was handed over to the Bodleian. Later he was Archivist of the College, a post that he relinquished in 1986. For many years after returning to Marlborough from Cambridge he took boys climbing during the holidays in North Wales, the Lake District, Skye and the Scottish Highlands. In the summer he often visited the Alps with small groups, going to the Dauphine, Chamonix, Val d'Isere and other regions, whilst in winter he did a great deal of ski-touring. The first issue, in 1934, of the Mountaineering Club Journal of which he was Editor had a suitable introduction by Geoffrey Winthrop Young, himself an old Marlburian, who used to play host at dinner for parties of schoolboys led by G at Pen-y-Pass. G went to Everest on the 1935 Reconnaissance, when with Tilman and Warren he surveyed part of the southern portion of the Nyonno Ri Range. Whilst attempting to reach the orth Col his party came across the body of Maurice Wilson on its lower slopes, and later with Warren and Shipton he reached the Col itself. The reconnaissance party then split up and with Warren and Spender, the surveyor, G surveyed the country between the E Rongbuk glacier and Doya La. Whilst doing so they climbed 'Kellas' peak, followed by one peak of 6880m and two over 6400m, from which photographs were taken to supplement the survey. Returning to Rongbuk,

Warren and G took a theodolite to the summit of two further peaks over 6700m, and then climbed Kharta Changri, 7030m. G then had to return home for the autumn term. However, he had acclimatized well and, had the weather been reasonable in 1936, he would have been a strong contender for the summit party. But this expedition was storm-wracked and snow-bound, and little was achieved. However in the book of these two expeditions, Everest, the Unfinished Adventure, he contributed a characteristic and unusual appendix on the Tibetan name for Everest, which gave scope to his wide interests and meticulous scholarship. Luckily, too, and characteristically, he found time and able to photograph the Western Cwm and the Everest lee-fall. Many years later, in 1951, whilst searching for suitable photographs to convince the sceptics that there was a possible route up Everest from Nepal, I remembered reading about this, wrote to him and back came the photograph, a vital link in the chain of evidence. He was a pleasant and stimulating companion, and with quick bird-like movements he seemed to flit easily from rock to rock and from tussock to tussock, and his mind moved as phenomenally fast as did his feet. He was still going and interested when those around him almost ceased to move or think from sheer exhaustion. A gentle man with many and diverse interests, music, bird-watching, natural history, he was slow to anger and always cheerful with a puckish humour. G will be remembered as an outstanding and kind schoolmaster who never put himself forward when he could foster another. He was a man with an unassuming manner and penetrating mind that thought quickly, lucidly and thoroughly around all problems, and a strong character greatly respected by all at the College as one who expected good behaviour and therefore discipline to come from respect for the individual. For mountaineers he will be remembered as the 'Father' of a group of Marlborough mountaineers (Kempson 1935, 1936, Wigram 1935, 1936, Ward 1951, 1953, Hunt 1953, Wylie 1953) who were much concerned with the fight for and the first ascent of Everest. I consider myself very fortunate to have had the benefit of his knowledge and enthusiasm for mountaineering in those impressionable schooldays. He is survived by his wife and three children, two daughters and a son. *Michael Ward in the Alpine Journal 1988-1989*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough College.
- He was educated at Cambridge University.
- He worked as a Schoolmaster, Marlborough College.
- He worked as a Mayor of Marlborough in 1946.
- He worked as a Mountaineer and Rock Climber.

19-Ann Cecilia Kempson

19-John Edwin Kempson

John married **Pat**.

19-Ruth Margaret Kempson

18-William Zachary Lloyd

William married **Elizabeth Bailey**, daughter of **Joseph Rupert Bailey** and **Harriet Sarah Beavan**, on 28 Aug 1943 in Northwood. Elizabeth was born on 19 Jun 1918 in Herne Hill, Kent and died on 26 Oct 2008 at age 90. They had six children: **Julia Katharine**, **Michael Zachary**, **Peter Rupert**, **Elizabeth Sarah**, **Richard William**, and **Philippa Mary**.

19-Julia Katharine Lloyd

19-Michael Zachary Lloyd

Michael married **Patricia Rianne**. They had two children: **Nicholas** and **Katherine Elizabeth**.

20-Nicholas Lloyd

20-Katherine Elizabeth Lloyd

19-Peter Rupert Lloyd

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Peter married **Linda Davies**. They had two children: **David** and **James**.

20-**David Lloyd**

20-**James Lloyd**

19-**Elizabeth Sarah Lloyd**

Elizabeth married **James Graeme Mathews**. They had three children: **William**, **Michael**, and **Nicola**.

20-**William Mathews**

20-**Michael Mathews**

20-**Nicola Mathews**

19-**Richard William Lloyd**

Richard married **Yvonne Elise Wyles**. They had four children: **Sarah**, **Rachel Frances**, **John Richard**, and **Sylvie**.

20-**Sarah Lloyd**

20-**Rachel Frances Lloyd**

20-**John Richard Lloyd**

20-**Sylvie Lloyd**

19-**Philippa Mary Lloyd**

18-**Dr. John Crewdson Lloyd** was born on 11 Sep 1917 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 27 Jul 2001 at age 83.

General Notes: MB. LRCP. MRCS. B.Ch.

John married **Joan Braybrooke Briggs**, daughter of **Rev. Canon George Wallace Briggs** and **Constance Emily Tebbatt Barrow**. They had four children: **Janet Crewdson**, **Nigel Anthony Braybrooke**, **Clare Felicity**, and **Francis Zachary**.

19-**Janet Crewdson Lloyd**

Janet married **Dr. Trevor Hoskins**. They had two children: **Paul** and **Jonathan**.

20-**Paul Hoskins**

20-**Jonathan Hoskins**

19-**Nigel Anthony Braybrooke Lloyd** was born on 8 Jul 1944 in Worcester and died on 19 May 2011 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- His obituary was published in the <http://www.nigellloyd.com/>.

Nigel married **Martha**. They had one daughter: **Emily**.

20-**Emily Lloyd**

19-**Clare Felicity Lloyd**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Clare married **Dr. Robert Arthur Durance**. They had three children: **Catherine Lucy**, **James John**, and **Anna Frances**.

20-**Catherine Lucy Durance**

20-**James John Durance**

20-**Anna Frances Durance**

19-**Francis Zachary Lloyd**

17-**Ernest Sampson Lloyd**¹² was born on 26 May 1870 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 8 Aug 1945 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mayor of Madras in 1906 in Madras, India.
- He worked as a Chief Secretary. Madras Government, Indian Civil Service. In Madras, India.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Kurnool, Madras Presidency, India.

Ernest married **Mary Young**,¹² daughter of **William Young** and **Eliza**, on 8 Jun 1899 in Droitwich, Worcestershire. Mary was born on 26 Nov 1875 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Oct 1953 in Blackheath, London at age 77. They had three children: **William Antony Sampson**, **Philip Montague**, and **Charles Christopher**.

18-**William Antony Sampson Lloyd**¹⁶⁴ was born on 21 Apr 1900 in Ootacamund, Tamil Nadu, India and died in 1974 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRIBA MBE.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at Christ's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Architect.

William married **Margaret Elizabeth Green**,¹⁶⁴ daughter of **William Curtis Green**^{12,87,164} and **Cicely Dilworth Lloyd**,^{12,164} on 28 Sep 1927 in London. Margaret was born on 16 Aug 1904 in Ladbroke Road, London and died in 1981 at age 77. They had two children: **Elizabeth Jane** and **Jeremy Sampson**.

19-**Elizabeth Jane Lloyd** was born on 14 Jul 1928 in London and died on 2 Oct 1995 in London at age 67.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Artist.

Elizabeth married **Prof. Gerald Anthony Hoare**, son of **Charles Anthony Hoare** and **Margaret Elizabeth West**, on 18 Jul 1952 in London. Gerald was born on 10 Jan 1923 in Salisbury, Wiltshire. They had four children: **Gillian Elizabeth**, **Sara Jane**, **John Anthony**, and **Tessa Anna**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Artist.

20-**Gillian Elizabeth Hoare**

Gillian married **Steven Laurence Hahn**, son of **Arnold Lester Hahn** and **Anna Josephine Sandler**. They had three children: **Joshua Sampson**, **Rebecca Elizabeth**, and **Dianna Beth**.

21-**Joshua Sampson Hahn**

21-**Rebecca Elizabeth Hahn**

21-Dianna Beth Hahn

20-Sara Jane Hoare

20-John Anthony Hoare

20-Tessa Anna Hoare

19-Jeremy Sampson Lloyd¹⁶⁴ was born on 15 Nov 1930 in London and died on 28 Jul 2009 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA FRIBA.
- He worked as an Architect.

Jeremy married **Susan Jane Watkins**, daughter of **Bernard Kelly Watkins** and **Vera Louise**. They had four children: **Katherine Jane Murray**, **Matthew Charles Sampson**, **Olivia Mary**, and **Thomas Zachary**.

20-Katherine Jane Murray Lloyd

Katherine married **Terrance Paul Murray**. They had four children: **Oliver Caleb**, **Jacob Peter**, **Samuel Joseph**, and **Rachel Bethany**.

21-Oliver Caleb Murray

21-Jacob Peter Murray

21-Samuel Joseph Murray

21-Rachel Bethany Murray

20-Matthew Charles Sampson Lloyd

Matthew married **Patricia Ann Woodward**. They had three children: **Zachary John Sampson**, **Tessa Mary Woodward**, and **Honey Jane ffortune**.

21-Zachary John Sampson Lloyd

21-Tessa Mary Woodward Lloyd

21-Honey Jane ffortune Lloyd

20-Olivia Mary Lloyd

Olivia married **Simon Foster-Ogg**. They had one daughter: **Beth Louise**.

21-Beth Louise Foster-Ogg

20-Thomas Zachary Lloyd

Thomas married **Dr. Polly Richards**. They had two children: **Molly Florence Gwendolen Richards** and **Delilah Jocelyn Vera Richards**.

21-Molly Florence Gwendolen Richards Lloyd

21-Delilah Jocelyn Vera Richards Lloyd

18-Philip Montague Lloyd¹⁶⁴ was born on 30 Jul 1902 in Bangalore, Madras, India and died in 1971 at age 69.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough College.

Philip married **Olive Muriel Curtis**,^{164,251} daughter of **Dr. Frederick Curtis**^{39,184,251,368,369} and **Edith Margaret Green**,^{39,87,164,184,251,368} on 27 Jan 1934 in Redhill, Reigate, Surrey. Olive was born on 20 Apr 1906 in Redhill, Reigate, Surrey. They had two children: **Jennifer Mary** and **Philip Selby**.

General Notes: CURTIS.-On the 20th April, 1906, at Redhill, E. Margaret , wife of Frederick Curtis (1884-9), a daughter.

19-Jennifer Mary Lloyd

Jennifer married **Ian Mansfield Stuart**,^{164,370} son of **Eric Mansfield Stuart** and **Phyllis Audrey Smith**, on 27 Apr 1957 in Kingswinford, Staffordshire. Ian was born on 10 Feb 1929 in Wordsley, Worcestershire and died on 6 Mar 2007 at age 78. They had two children: **Peter James Mansfield** and **Annabel Margaret**.

20-Peter James Mansfield Stuart

Peter married **Sally Hines-Wragg**. They had two children: **William Mansfield** and **Emily Jane**.

21-William Mansfield Stuart

21-Emily Jane Stuart

20-Annabel Margaret Stuart

Annabel married **Stephan Hamilton-Jones**.

Annabel next married **David William Doolittle**. They had two children: **Stuart William** and **Stephanie Kate**.

21-Stuart William Doolittle

21-Stephanie Kate Doolittle

Jennifer next married **William Tweddell**.

19-**Philip Selby Lloyd**¹⁶⁴ was born on 24 Aug 1937 in Kingswinford, Staffordshire and died on 11 Aug 1975 in France. (Swimming Accident) at age 37.

Philip married **Sheila Megaw**, daughter of **Sir John Megaw**. They had two children: **Ruth Virginia** and **Bridget**.

20-Ruth Virginia Lloyd

Ruth married **Andrew Faulconbridge**.

Ruth next married **Nabil Salama**. They had one son: **Alexander**.

21-Alexander Salama

20-Bridget Lloyd

Bridget married **Victor Lousa**. They had two children: **Olivia** and **Sam**.

21-Olivia Lousa

21-Sam Lousa

18-**Charles Christopher Lloyd** was born on 2 Sep 1906 in Bangalore, Madras, India and died in 1986 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lecturer, RNC Greenwich.

19-Joanna Mary Lloyd

20-Julian Greenfield

20-Rachel Greenfield

19-John Howard Lloyd

17-Thomas Zachary Lloyd¹² was born on 9 Feb 1872 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 24 Sep 1939 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in 21 Sandon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He worked as a Director of of Guest, Keen and Nettlefolds.

Thomas married **Agnes Gertrude Wigram**,¹² daughter of **John Wigram** and **Gertrude Eliza Mackenzie**, on 11 Jan 1905 in Collingham, Nottinghamshire. Agnes was born on 13 Aug 1877 in Collingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 22 Mar 1958 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 80. They had four children: **Stephen, Martin, Thomas Wigram**, and **John Michael**.

18-Stephen Lloyd was born on 5 Sep 1906 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 1 Feb 1992 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Indian Civil Service 1929-35.
- He worked as a Director of Guest, Keen and Nettlefolds.

Stephen married **Dorothy Ethel Chamberlain**, daughter of **Rt. Hon. Arthur Neville Chamberlain**²⁴⁶ and **Annie Vere Cole**, on 24 Jul 1935 in London. Dorothy was born on 25 Dec 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 15 Sep 1992 at age 80. They had four children: **Stephen James, Anne Mary, Ruth Caroline**, and **Susan Angela**.

19-Stephen James Lloyd

Stephen married **Anthea Mary Freeman**. They had three children: **Julia Helen, Caroline Susan**, and **Christopher Stephen**.

20-Julia Helen Lloyd

20-Caroline Susan Lloyd

Caroline married **Nicholas Andrew Richmond**. They had one son: **Oliver Lloyd**.

21-Oliver Lloyd Richmond

20-Christopher Stephen Lloyd

19-Anne Mary Lloyd

Anne married **John Gordon Stow** on 1 Aug 1962. John was born on 2 Aug 1924 and died on 7 Sep 1990 at age 66. They had four children: **Katharine Alexia, William James, Penelope Frances**, and **Juliet Elizabeth**.

20-Katharine Alexia Stow

Katharine married **Ka Fue Lay**. They had three children: **Emily Tat Yin, Thomas Tat Chi**, and **Alexia Tat Lenh**.

21-Emily Tat Yin Lay

21-Thomas Tat Chi Lay

21-Alexia Tat Lenh Lay

20-Dr. William James Stow

William married **Clare Yvonne Lavender**. They had two children: **Megan Harley** and **Oliver Fenwick**.

21-Megan Harley Stow

21-Oliver Fenwick Stow

20-Penelope Frances Stow

Penelope married **Bengt Rosengren**. They had three children: **Johnny Sebastian**, **Teodor Alexander**, and **Rebecka Maria**.

21-Johnny Sebastian Rosengren

21-Teodor Alexander Rosengren

21-Rebecka Maria Rosengren

20-Juliet Elizabeth Stow

Juliet married **Damian John Pascoe Knollys**. They had three children: **Jessica Frances Victoria**, **Harriet Elizabeth Anne**, and **Cecily Charlotte Katharine**.

21-Jessica Frances Victoria Knollys

21-Harriet Elizabeth Anne Knollys

21-Cecily Charlotte Katharine Knollys

19-Ruth Caroline Lloyd

Ruth married **William Fergus Harris**. They had three children: **Rachel Anne**, **Martin Fergus**, and **Frances Joanna**.

20-Rachel Anne Harris

Rachel married **Simon T. Walker**. They had two children: **Nancy Catherine** and **Angus James**.

21-Nancy Catherine Walker

21-Angus James Walker

20-Martin Fergus Harris

Martin married **Linda Maclachlan**. They had three children: **Catriona Maclachlan**, **Tabitha Maclachlan**, and **Florence Elmira Maclachlan**.

21-Catriona Maclachlan Harris

21-Tabitha Maclachlan Harris

21-Florence Elmira Maclachlan Harris

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Frances Joanna Harris

19-Susan Angela Lloyd

Susan married **David John Humphrey**. They had two children: **Edward Thomas Lloyd Humphrey** and **Mathew John David**.

20-Edward Thomas Lloyd Humphrey Humphrey

20-Mathew John David Humphrey

Mathew married **Tessa Catherine Douglas-Hamilton**, daughter of **Alasdair Malcolm Douglas-Hamilton** and **Angela Kathleen Longley**.

18-**Martin Lloyd** was born on 6 Nov 1908 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 28 Aug 1989 in Pitchcombe, Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 80.

General Notes: Martin Lloyd, Headmaster 1944-1965 The Spring of 1944 was not an easy time to begin looking for a successor to Lord Wolfenden. Nevertheless the field was a good one, and there were 29 applicants who were whittled down to three for the final interviews. Of these, two were already headmasters, and the other had been an assistant master at Rugby before war service in officers' training regiments and in Intelligence. He was Martin Lloyd, educated at Marlborough and Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge, where he had obtained first class honours in both parts of the Modern Languages Tripos (which he had modestly defined at his interview as 'yes, a First, but not in classics'). Martin Lloyd was 35 at the time of his appointment, only two years younger than the departing Lord Wolfenden; like him he had married the year before his appointment and like the Wolfendens, the Lloyds were expecting their frst child during their frst term in office, though Mrs Lloyd remained in her native Caithness until their son Michael was born. It was also not an easy time to take over a school. No headmaster opening his career at a peak time of rationing and restrictions of all kinds, with the dislocation that more than fve years of war had brought, could expect to make instant or fundamental changes in the running of the school he had taken over. He was however able to make some changes at Uppingham, of which the most signifcant was to raise the fees and the masters' salaries. The salary scale had not changed since 1921 nor had the fees altered from the £186 per annum fxed at that date. In post for 21 years, Martin Lloyd remains the longest-serving Uppingham Headmaster since Edward Thring.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Assistant Master, Rugby School.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Uppingham School in 1944-1965.

Martin married **Kathleen Rosslyn Robertson**, daughter of **Josiah James Robertson** and **Elizabeth Buik Reid**, on 27 May 1943 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Kathleen was born on 9 Oct 1920 in Wick, Caithness, died on 24 Sep 1999 in Pitchcombe, Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 78, and was buried on 9 Oct 1999. They had four children: **Michael Christopher**, **Rosemary Ann**, **Peter Reid**, and **Elizabeth Wigram**.

19-Michael Christopher Lloyd

Michael married **Merryn Ford Geddes**. They had two children: **Amanda** and **Matthew**.

20-Amanda Lloyd

Amanda married **Charles Frederick Basil Woodd**.

20-Matthew Lloyd

19-Rosemary Ann Lloyd

Rosemary married **Hans Otto Zahn**. They had two children: **Katharina Elizabeth** and **Flora Luise**.

20-Katharina Elizabeth Zahn

20-Flora Luise Zahn

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Peter Reid Lloyd

Peter married **Louise Wilberforce Hambly**. They had three children: **Harriet Joanna**, **John Martin**, and **David Zachary**.

20-Harriet Joanna Lloyd

Harriet married **Piers Dominic Farley Edgell**. They had three children: **Isabel Poppy**, **James Zachary**, and **Charles**.

21-Isabel Poppy Edgell

21-James Zachary Edgell

21-Charles Edgell

20-John Martin Lloyd

John married **Emma Jane Jennings**. They had two children: **William Ifan** and **Carys Louise**.

21-William Ifan Lloyd

21-Carys Louise Lloyd

20-David Zachary Lloyd

David married **Anna Frances Rose Marshall**.

19-Elizabeth Wigram Lloyd

Elizabeth married **Richard Guy Stanley Pelly**, son of **Desmond Aubrey Stanley Pelly** and **Patricia Anne de Pass**. They had two children: **Sarah Elizabeth** and **James Aubrey Stanley**.

20-Sarah Elizabeth Pelly

Sarah married **Joah Robert Madden**.

20-James Aubrey Stanley Pelly

18-**Dr. Thomas Wigram Lloyd** was born on 19 May 1910 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Nov 1984 at age 74.

General Notes: **Thomas Wigram Lloyd**

b.19 May 1910 d.15 Nov 1984

BA Oxon(1931) BM BCh(1934) DM(1941) MRCP(1937) FRCP(1968)

Thomas Lloyd was descended on his father's side from the Quaker Lloyds, six generations of whom were landowners at Dolobran, near Welshpool, before the Civil War, after which they moved to Birmingham where they became first ironmasters and then bankers. In 1765 Sampson Lloyd and Sampson Lloyd, father and son, and John Taylor and John Taylor, father and son, established the private banking firm of Taylor & Lloyd in Birmingham; a century later this became a limited liability company, Lloyds Banking Co Ltd., and until a few years ago a member of the family continued to serve on the board of Lloyds Bank. Tom's father, Thomas Zachary Lloyd, studied mechanical engineering at King's College, London, and became a director of the Midlands industrial giant Guest, Keen and Nettlefolds. On his mother's side, his grandfather was a land agent at Coningham, near Newark, and his great-grandfather, Wigram, was Bishop of Rochester.

Tom was educated at West House School, Clifton College, and Lincoln College, Oxford. He returned to Birmingham for his clinical undergraduate training and graduated in medicine from Oxford in 1934. There after he held house officer posts in medicine and surgery at the General Hospital, Birmingham, and was house physician at the Children's Hospital, Birmingham, and the Radcliffe Infirmary at Oxford. Subsequently he held the Caroline Harrold research fellowship in the University of Birmingham, where he studied the anaemias of childhood at the Birmingham Children's Hospital under the guidance of Sir Leonard Parsons [Munk's Roll,Vol.IV,p.588] and H S Baar. A number of valuable publications resulted; the work provided the material for his DM thesis and he was elected a fellow of the International Society of Haematology. He became a member of the College in 1937.

It was obvious that a career of great distinction lay before him, for he was a man of high intelligence and great energy, with enormous charm and courtesy, the gift of warm friendship and a delightful sense of humour. Moreover, he had wide interests. His handicap at golf was two, he held a commission in the 5th Battalion of the Royal

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Warwickshire Regiment (TA), was very widely read, and was greatly interested in music - playing the piano and the violin, but especially enjoying singing in choirs and madrigals, the works of Peter Warlock and Vaughan Williams being particular favourites. When the second world war arrived an apparently assured and brilliant future was in jeopardy. Under the scheme for the redeployment of medical manpower he was sent to assist in a general practice in Herefordshire, but after only two or three weeks there he was found to have extensive pulmonary tuberculosis. He went to Midhurst, where he had a three stage thoracoplasty, and during convalescence was an assistant medical officer first at Midhurst itself and then at Winsley Sanatorium. When he was further recovered he became chief medical officer at the National Sanatorium at Benenden, and his work there was so impressive that he was invited to become physician superintendent at St Wulstan's Hospital, Malvern Wells; a new hospital for the treatment of tuberculosis. Under his direction the hospital ran smoothly and the patients were happy and received superb treatment. Tom's interest in research was rekindled and he published important papers on the new antituberculous drugs, streptomycin, PAS and isoniazid, which were just coming into use. He became a JP for Worcestershire and bought a beautiful house with a fine garden opposite the Abbey School and this gave him a great deal of happiness. It looked as though he was destined to become one of the world authorities on tuberculosis, but in a few years the new drugs on which he had done such excellent work virtually removed tuberculosis from the western world. At the age of 49, Tom therefore had to start a new career as physician with a special interest in the elderly at the Cheltenham and Gloucester hospitals. He quickly established a prodigious reputation in the south-west, for he was a superb physician with a wide knowledge of medicine and a wholly altruistic approach to it, and his own sufferings gave him the capacity to understand the anxieties and difficulties of sick people; to support their morale as well as to heal their ills. Although he worked incessantly his interest in research never left him and he took a prominent part in devising the ambulift. He was elected a Fellow of the College in 1968. The Gloucester hospitals have a fine choir and participating in its activities gave him great pleasure. When he reached retiring age he went to live in Alicante. The warmth and the sun suited him and he welcomed the opportunity to spend more time gardening, playing golf, reading and listening to music, and he took up painting at which he became more than competent. He gathered around him a coterie of retired intellectuals living in Spain and their company kept his ever fertile brain active and interested. Sadly, this blissful existence lasted only six years, for then he developed carcinoma of the stomach. A gastrectomy left him with severe dysphagia which he courageously overcame with a mercurial bougie. As the months went by hopes of cure increased but in 1984 there was widespread recurrence and his last months were distressing in the extreme, but he never complained and remained cheerful, optimistic and totally devoid of self-pity to the end. Few men have such courage. Tom was the youngest of three brothers, one of whom was headmaster of Uppingham for 21 years, and the other a director of Guest, Keen and Nettlefolds and the son-in-law of Neville Chamberlain. Tom met and married Margo Beasley whilst at Midhurst. Their daughter became a member of the College and their son was at the Chancery Bar. AGWW
[*Brit.med.J.*, 1985,290,81; Photo]
(Volume VIII, page 287)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MB BCh MD FRCP.
- He was educated at West House School.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Lincoln College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Physician.

Thomas married **Margo Adela Beasley**, daughter of **Richard John Beasley** and **Alice Jackson**, on 14 Feb 1946 in Eastbourne. Margo was born on 26 Dec 1917 in London and died on 1 Jan 2007 at age 89. They had two children: **Timothy Andrew Wigram** and **Dinah Kathleen**.

19-The Rt. Hon. Sir Timothy Andrew Wigram Lloyd Lord Justice Lloyd

Timothy married **Theresa Sybil Margaret Holloway**.

19-Dinah Kathleen Lloyd

Dinah married **Alistair Geddes**. They had two children: **Jamie Lloyd** and **Thomas Alasdair**.

20-Jamie Lloyd Geddes

Jamie married **Rebecca Crichton**. They had two children: **Oliver James** and **Alexander Thomas**.

21-Oliver James Geddes

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21-Alexander Thomas Geddes

20-Thomas Alasdair Geddes

Thomas married Amy Marie McGann. They had one daughter: Lauren Margo.

21-Lauren Margo Geddes

Dinah next married Brian David.

18-John Michael Lloyd was born on 5 Oct 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 28 Jun 1935 in Lewes, East Sussex at age 21. The cause of his death was injuries sustained in a motor accident.

17-Eleanor Howard Lloyd was born on 20 Nov 1873 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 13 Sep 1931 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 57.

17-Constance Maria Lloyd² was born on 19 Apr 1875 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 12 Mar 1955 in Bearly Manor, Stratford On Avon at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a School teacher.

Constance married Philip Young,^{2,12} son of William Young and Eliza, on 16 Jun 1906 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire. Philip was born on 27 Mar 1878 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1965 at age 87. They had five children: John Zachary, Philippa Maria, Rachel Margaret, Richard Dilworth, and Michael Antony.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 2 Rodway Hill, Mangotsfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-Prof. John Zachary Young^{2,7} was born on 18 Mar 1907 in Fishponds, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 4 Jul 1997 in John Radcliffe Hospital, Oxford at age 90, and was buried on 10 Jul 1997 in All Saints' Church, Brill, Buckinghamshire.

General Notes: Young, John Zachary (1907-1997), zoologist, known universally as J. Z., was born at Fishponds, Bristol, on 18 March 1907, the first of three sons and two daughters of Philip Young (1878-1965), engineer, and his wife, Constance Maria, née Lloyd (1875-1955), schoolteacher. A great-great-grandfather, Richard, was brother to Thomas Young (1773-1829), physician, physicist, and hieroglyphist. Other distinguished scientific relations, from his mother's side, were Luke Howard (1772-1864), meteorologist, great-great-grandfather to Sir Alan Hodgkin (1914-1998), neuroscientist, and father of John Eliot Howard (1807-1883), quinologist. Although on both sides many of his family were Quakers, Young's parents brought him up in an Anglo-Catholic tradition. Bishop Charles Gore was his godfather. He left religious belief during the Oxford Moral Re-Armament movement of the 1930s, but retained a lifelong interest in philosophy and ethics. Much of this thinking was expressed in the Reith lectures for 1950 and in the last of his nine books, Philosophy and the Brain (1987).

His mother taught Young until he was nine years old, then he was sent to board at Wells House, Malvern Wells, Worcestershire. At thirteen he entered Marlborough College. In 1925 he became a demy at Magdalen College, Oxford, whence he graduated in 1928 with first-class honours in zoology. Successive college and university appointments followed, and in 1943 he was elected vice-president of Magdalen. In 1945, having failed to succeed Edwin Stephen Goodrich in the Oxford zoology chair, he accepted that of human anatomy at University College, London. There he stayed until his retirement in 1974. For the next twenty-three years he was based at the Wellcome Foundation and, later, in the psychology department, Oxford. During this time he continued to research and lecture, and published two books on neural mechanisms.

Between 1929 and 1945 Young came to be regarded as the outstanding tutor and zoologist in Oxford. All his teaching and research had flair and enthusiasm. A dominating and charismatic personality he could sometimes be overbearing, arrogant, and unwilling to listen to criticism. In fact he was too interested in science for this behaviour to last long and usually he responded well to valid arguments, even from juniors. His dynamism and enthusiasm inspired many to careers in biology and medicine. As Professor David Barker, a former pupil, wrote: 'It was his intense interest in all living things, his almost childlike wonder and curiosity about them, that made Young such an inspiring teacher. That, and his contempt for established dogma, his insistence on establishing everything afresh'. In tutorials 'his sharp intellect could be ruthless, his exposure of flaws and errors merciless but mixed in with the criticism there would usually be some praise and always encouragement and inspiration to move on to the next topic and improve' (Boycott, 490).

Young was without medical qualifications, and he never became a DPhil. Thus his appointment to head a department in a medical school (at University College, London) was vociferously opposed by a conservative establishment largely composed of medical anatomists and surgeons. He overcame their opposition by ignoring it, meanwhile

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getting his staff to use a more functional approach when teaching human anatomy and insisting they undertook significant research. He founded an intercalated BSc anatomy course, lasting 12-18 months, for those medical students who had become interested in basic biological science. These reforms triggered similar course changes in other medical schools. The department soon became a place of choice for postdoctoral workers, particularly from the USA. Opposition to his appointment evaporated. In Oxford, Young had begun to write a textbook that expanded to become two. These were finished during his first decade at University College, London. The Life of Vertebrates (1950) and The Life of Mammals (1957) were a national and international success. Their style was enjoyable to read, an innovation for zoology texts of the time. Another innovation was Young's treatment of comparative anatomy. Until these books were published animal structures were described as assemblages of facts to provide evidence for evolution. Young was brought up in this tradition, which he thought intellectually rigorous but dull and limited. He now took those facts, organized them from a functional, as well as a comparative anatomical, viewpoint, then presented them as a study of the responses of organisms to the functional and behavioural requirements of the environment. This was refreshing and the books led several generations of students and their teachers to a clearer understanding of animal structure and its evolution, as well as many other biological problems.

Young was an effective teacher and administrator; he was also a deeply committed research worker. In his autobiographical notes he explained that he was never certain why he decided to specialize in nervous system research. However, some of the early influences on his thinking about nervous systems and on his choice of cephalopods for his main research studies are clear. He always acknowledged the special influence of Derek Denny-Brown (later professor of neurology at Harvard), who introduced him to the histological techniques he was to use throughout his career. Denny-Brown and several other friends, including John Carew Eccles, were members of Sir Charles Scott Sherrington's group in the Oxford physiology department. Sherrington always emphasized the need to search for the anatomical basis of the physiology of, and hence the behaviour generated by, central nervous systems. He sought to resolve difficulties of observation and interpretation by working on 'simpler' systems, such as the mammalian spinal cord. Modifications and amplifications of this approach became the basis for much of Young's thinking on neural mechanisms. Thus early in his career (1938) he proposed a theory of reverberating neural circuits (based on the anatomy of the vertical and superior frontal lobes of cephalopod brains) to account for the persistence in time of memories of events. This theory derived, in part, from the then current explanations of the mechanisms involved in the persistence of rhythmic scratching generated within the mammalian spinal cord after the initiating stimulus has stopped.

A second, more practical, influence on Young's development as a research worker was Enrico Sereni. In 1929 Young became the Oxford scholar at the 'Anton Dohrn' zoological station in Naples. Sereni (an anti-fascist who was later found dead in mysterious circumstances) was the resident physiologist. He introduced Young to cephalopods as experimental animals. Together they worked on the time course and nature of degeneration and regeneration when the peripheral nerves of octopods were severed. During these experiments Young noticed an epistellar body on the stellate ganglion of the lesser octopus (*Eledone*). Out of curiosity he made a comparative anatomical study of this structure and looked for it in decapods (squids and cuttlefishes). The work unexpectedly came to be of immense general importance because it led to the discovery of the giant nerve fibre systems of decapods. These systems are made up of large diameter nerve fibres, which are, therefore, fast conducting. They control the musculature involved in a squid's fast escape responses. A single nerve fibre in the common squid can be more than 0.5 mm in diameter. This size caused great excitement among physiologists who had been trying to isolate and record from much smaller single nerve fibres. Indeed the fibres are so large that, within a few years, it even proved possible regularly to insert an electrode inside one. This innovation meant that the potential difference between the inside and the outside of a nerve fibre at rest and during activity could be measured directly, then interpreted in terms of the movements of ions back and forth across the axonal membrane. The results became basic to later theories of nerve cell conduction and fundamental to understanding the ionic properties of membranes of cells in general. Sir Alan Hodgkin and Sir Andrew Huxley were awarded a Nobel prize in 1963 for this work. Hodgkin later remarked, 'it is arguable that the introduction of the squid giant nerve fibre by J. Z. Young in 1936 did more for axonology than any other single advance in technique during the last 40 years' (Boycott, 493).

The experience of studying degeneration and regeneration in octopus nerves became important during the Second World War. Young was asked by the Medical Research Council to organize a small group in Oxford to study peripheral nerve wounds and their repair. The group soon made some useful surgical improvements to aid regeneration, but a great deal of their work had to be basic. For example, there was little information on the rate of growth of nerve fibres and the details of the conditions affecting this. The dynamic relationships of the axoplasm, myelin, Schwann cells, the cell bodies of nerve cells, and the structures innervated, all had to be investigated and quantified. Looking back, the influence of Young's wartime group can be seen as a bridge between the descriptive past and current molecular biological approaches to problems of neural repair.

Young did not belong to what he called the reductionist school of biological sciences. Thus he did not follow his discovery of giant nerve fibres into the study of the biophysics of their membranes, nor did he long continue research on the mechanisms of the growth and development of nerve cells. He seems to have regarded investigating cellular mechanisms as scientifically too narrow. He saw this type of work as necessary but too limited in scope to help in study of the 'big problems', such as memory. The best science, he felt, should be the study of integrated functions of organs and systems. Thus as soon as possible after the war he initiated a programme to study memory mechanisms using octopus brains.

The practical parts of Young's octopus memory studies were carried out at the zoological station in Naples. Except for a return, when over eighty years old, to his earliest research on the autonomic nervous systems of fishes at the Marine Biology Station in Plymouth, cephalopod brain and behaviour studies were to occupy most of his personal research time from 1947 until his death. Initially the memory experiments were designed to be interpreted in terms of specified neural networks and their synapses. As time passed the emphasis shifted to a study of the interrelationship of the lobes of the octopus brain during visual and tactile learning paradigms. In short, the work became more of a cognitive study of the properties of the lobes. Perhaps this was a result of the influence of Young's reading of developments in cognitive psychology. Young had always followed this literature and expected his work on octopus brains to contribute simpler paradigms to aid the understanding of human brain mechanisms. This shift to a more cognitive study was consistent with his emphasis on the need to study organ systems as a whole. But, ironically, it seems to have made his work more limited, to understanding the brain and behaviour of cephalopods, than he had intended when he began.

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Young did not produce any deep theory or unifying hypothesis of neural action. He made the important discovery of squid giant nerve fibres, and wrote major papers and a book on the structure of cephalopod brains. He emphasized the relation between structure and function through this work and his textbooks. He was a great enthusiast for, and enabler and inspirer of, the research of others. Over sixty of his former pupils and staff became professors and directors of departments around the world. One, Sir Peter Medawar, was a Nobel laureate for immunology in 1960, and at least nine were elected fellows of the Royal Society. There were many more former pupils in positions of influence and importance. A remarkable feature of Young's impact was that all those he most influenced developed their own independent lines of work. He encouraged imagination and initiative; he did not expect, or encourage, intellectual clones, as do so many dominating personalities.

Although a compulsive hard worker Young liked partying and was an accomplished ballroom dancer. He was greatly interested in art and some of his drive as a biologist was his aesthetic response to the 'sheer beauty of living things'. Both his wives were painters. He married Phyllis Heaney (*b.* 1905) on 17 December 1931; they had a son and a daughter. They separated in 1957; she died in March 1987. Young also had a daughter with his second partner, Raymonde May Parsons (*b.* 1916), whom he married on 29 August 1987.

Young was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1945 and was awarded its royal medal in 1967. He received eight honorary degrees and many other distinctions, including the gold medal of the Linnean Society in 1973 and honorary citizenship of Naples in 1991. He was made an honorary fellow of the British Academy in 1986. For twenty-one years he was president and vice-president of the Marine Biological Association of Great Britain. He died of heart failure at the John Radcliffe Hospital, Oxford, on 4 July 1997, and was buried at All Saints' Church, Brill, Buckinghamshire, six days later. He was survived by his second wife and his three children.

B. B. Boycott

Sources

B. B. Boycott, *Memoirs FRS*, 44 (1998), 487-509 · UCL, J. Z. Young MSS [incl. unpubd autobiography] · RS · L. R. Squire, ed., *The history of neuroscience in autobiography*, 1 (1996), 554-86 · WWW · *The Independent* (8 July 1997) · *The Times* (9 July 1997) · *Daily Telegraph* (11 July 1997) · *The Guardian* (14 July 1997) · personal knowledge (2004) · private information (2004) [Sir R. Young; S. Young; D. Barker]

Archives

UCL, scientific corresp. and papers | Rice University, Houston, Texas, Woodson Research Center, corresp. with Sir Julian Huxley

FILM

Physiological Society of Great Britain, London, film of Young dissecting giant nerve fibres (also includes Alan Hodgkin and Andrew Huxley)

SOUND

1950 Reith lectures, BBC recordings (?)

Likenesses

W. Stoneman, photograph, 1950, NPG [*see illus.*] · photograph, repro. in Boycott, *Memoirs FRS*, 486 · photograph, repro. in *The Independent* · photograph, repro. in *The Times* · photograph, repro. in *Daily Telegraph* · photograph, repro. in *The Guardian*

Wealth at death

under £180,000: probate, 10 Oct 1997, *CGPLA Eng. & Wales*

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B. B. Boycott, 'Young, John Zachary (1907-1997)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004

[<http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/67360>]

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He was educated at Wells House in Malvern Wells, Worcestershire.
- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Professor of Human Anatomy at London University.

John married **Phyllis Elisabeth Heaney**,² daughter of **Alexander John Heaney** and **Lilian Davies**, on 17 Dec 1931 in Oxford. The marriage ended in divorce. Phyllis was born on 12 Jun 1905 in Wickwar, Gloucester and died in Mar 1987 at age 81. They had two children: **Simon Zachary** and **Cordelia**.

19-Dr. Simon Zachary Young

Simon married **Elizabeth**.

Simon next married **Erika Maria Fallaux**, daughter of **Richard Fallaux**. They had one daughter: **Amelia Anna**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Amelia Anna Young

19-Cordelia Young

Cordelia married **Nicholas Barrow**. They had one son: **Barrow**.

20- **Barrow**

John next married **Raymonde May Parsons**² on 29 Aug 1987. Raymonde was born in 1916 and was buried in All Saints' Church, Brill, Buckinghamshire. They had one daughter: **Kate**.

19-**Kate Young**

Kate married **Damon Moore**. They had two children: **Gulliver** and **Dickon**.

20-Gulliver Moore

20-Dickon Moore

18-**Philippa Maria Young** was born on 14 Mar 1909 in Fishponds, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died in 1988 at age 79, and was buried in The Grove, Greystones, County Wicklow, Ireland.

Philippa married **Roberts Richmond Figgis**, son of **Henry Wingfield Figgis** and **Lucy Jane Allen**, on 4 Jan 1938 in London. Roberts was born on 26 Apr 1900 in Dublin, Ireland, died in 1984 at age 84, and was buried in The Grove, Greystones, County Wicklow, Ireland. They had two children: **Caroline Merlin** and **Anthony St. John Howard**.

19-Caroline Merlin Figgis

Caroline married **Jeffrey Reeves**. They had two children: **Timothy Richmond** and **Catherine Henrietta**.

20-Timothy Richmond Reeves

Timothy married **Venetia Clark**. They had two children: **Jacob** and **Thomas**.

21-Jacob Reeves

21-Thomas Reeves

20-Catherine Henrietta Reeves

19-Sir Anthony St. John Howard Figgis

Anthony married **Miriam Hardt**. They had three children: **Sophie**, **Benedict Allen**, and **Oliver**.

20-Sophie Figgis

Sophie married **Martin Pearse**. They had three children: **William Francis Hardt**, **Rebecca**, and **Lydia**.

21-William Francis Hardt Pearse

21-Rebecca Pearse

21-Lydia Pearse

20-Benedict Allen Figgis

Benedict married **Joanna Little**. They had three children: **George**, **Clementine**, and **Rosabel**.

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21-George Figgis

21-Clementine Figgis

21-Rosabel Figgis

20-Oliver Figgis

Oliver married **Lisl Anderson**.

18-**Rachel Margaret Young** was born on 13 Feb 1913 in Mangotsfield, Gloucestershire (22nd also given) and died in Aug 2001 in Romsey, Hampshire at age 88.

Rachel married **Dr. Andrew Tindal Phillipson**, son of **John Tindall Phillipson** and **Cicely Gough Paterson**, on 26 Sep 1936 in Mangotsfield, Somerset. Andrew was born on 19 Aug 1910 in Finchley, London and died on 10 Jan 1977 between Audley End and Cambridge, on a train. at age 66. They had three children: **Nicholas Tindal**, **John Tobin**, and **Oliver Thomas**.

General Notes: Phillipson, Andrew Tindal (1910– 1977), veterinary physiologist, was born at Finchley, Middlesex, on 19 August 1910, the second son and youngest of four children of John Tindal Phillipson and his wife, Cicely Gough Paterson. He was educated at Christ's College, Finchley, where his father was headmaster, and from 1928 to 1931 at St Catharine's College, Cambridge, where he read agriculture. He gained a second-class degree in 1931. After a year at University College, London, to study physiology he entered the Royal Veterinary College, London, from which he qualified in 1936; he remained there as a house surgeon for another year. In 1936 he married Rachel Margaret, daughter of Philip Young, an engineer. They had three sons.

Phillipson returned to Cambridge in 1937 as a research student at the Institute of Animal Pathology with the support of a number of awards and scholarships. This allowed him to work on ruminant digestion which was to be the primary research interest throughout his life. In 1941, the year before he graduated PhD, he transferred to the unit of animal physiology when it was formed by Sir Joseph Barcroft and W. W. C. Topley (then the secretary of the Agricultural Research Council) at the physiological laboratory in Cambridge. In 1947, before the unexpected death of Barcroft, Phillipson was attracted to the Rowett Research Institute at Aberdeen by its new director, David Cuthbertson. He remained there as head of the department of physiology, and from 1952 as deputy director, until his election in 1963 as professor of veterinary clinical studies at Cambridge with a fellowship at Churchill College.

Of the four periods of research in Phillipson's life there is no doubt that the comparatively short time at the physiological laboratory in Cambridge was by far the most productive and exciting. Although it later attracted a galaxy of talented individuals, the unit at the start was essentially a small group that concentrated on studies of the foetal sheep (which was Barcroft's great interest) and on ruminant digestion (which was Phillipson's). In a comparatively short period Phillipson with Rachel McAnally showed that the hitherto neglected volatile fatty acids were the end products of microbial digestion within the rumen, and that after their absorption through the heavily keratinized epithelium of that organ they provided a significant proportion of the energy requirements of the host. The results solved the conundrum left unanswered by Oscar Kellner who, forty years earlier, had shown that purified cellulose had the same capacity as starch to lay down fat in the ruminant. This summary, however, barely conveys the excitement and empathy of that short period of six to seven years when fresh results seemed to open new fields with invigorating rapidity. Perhaps part of the attraction was the simple and elegant experimentation on which the conclusions were based; indeed when the general principle was applied to other dietary components, such as proteins, it completely changed concepts of ruminant nutrition and formed the basis of much of the work on the ruminant throughout the next two decades. The period at Aberdeen was one of consolidation and development of the previous advances. But again Phillipson created an atmosphere that encouraged research and clear thinking.

Phillipson produced numerous original papers, and two standard works on ruminant physiology: *The Alimentary Tract of the Ruminant* (with D. Benzi, 1959) and *Physiology of Digestion and Metabolism in the Ruminant* (1970). He also began to appreciate the pleasures of travel and of lecturing in other countries, including the antipodes; this was appropriate, for Australia and New Zealand contributed several research workers to the later developments in Cambridge. After he returned to Cambridge, Phillipson's tenure was perhaps marred by the problems of the veterinary school and his energy may have been sapped by the condition that ultimately led to his death. Yet he was chairman of the organizing committee of the successful symposium on the physiology of digestion and metabolism in the ruminant in 1969 and continued to advance his subject and write lucid reviews.

Phillipson received honorary degrees from the universities of Edinburgh (1970), Copenhagen (1958), and Ghent (1968), and won many major prizes in agricultural and veterinary fields. He was elected FRSE in 1953, but whether he received the credit for his original work in a wider sphere is a matter of opinion. Few who knew him will fail to remember his charm and flair for research, especially in the early days when the interest kindled during his course of agriculture and periods as a research student came to fruition and caused such a revolutionary change in the concepts of ruminant physiology.

Phillipson had a charming and gentle manner; outside his work and family he found his greatest pleasure in music. He died on 10 January 1977, on a train between Audley End and Cambridge stations, while returning to Cambridge from a meeting in London.

R. S. Comline, rev.

Sources The Times (14 Jan 1977) · WWW · private information (1986) · personal knowledge (1986) · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1977)

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Wealth at death £13,162: probate, 14 April 1977, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA PhD MRCVS FRSE HonDVSc HonDVM.
- He worked as a Veterinary Physiologist.
- He worked as a Professor of Veterinary clinical studies, University of Cambridge.

19-Nicholas Tindal Phillipson

19-John Tobin Phillipson

19-Oliver Thomas Phillipson

18-Sir Richard Dilworth Young was born on 9 Apr 1914 in Mangotsfield, Gloucestershire and died on 16 May 2008 in Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire at age 94.

General Notes: Richard Young was an industrialist whose interests and achievements extended far wider than the manufacturing in which his business career was largely based. He was managing director of the engineering group Tube Investments in the 1960s and the chairman of the machine-tool company Alfred Herbert, but he also became chairman of the music publishers Boosey & Hawkes and was a long-serving council member of Warwick University.

To contemporary eyes he cuts a very modern figure. His concerns included technological modernisation in industry, competitiveness, national technology policy, industrial development in India, and the relationship between universities and industry: in 1975 he founded the Teaching Company Scheme (now called Knowledge Transfer Partnerships) to link companies with academic institutions.

A tall and bespectacled figure, Young moved easily between the worlds of industry, science and the arts, concealing an incisive and analytical mind behind a modest and cultivated manner. When one went to his home, an Elizabethan manor house in the heart of the Warwickshire countryside, what struck one was not the normal appurtenances of the successful Midlands industrialist but the Bratby painting on the wall, the grand piano and the Scott Moncrieff translation of Proust in the bookcase. Supported by his wife, Jean, at weekends he would entertain an eclectic mixture of industrialists, academics, actors from the RSC in Stratford and civil servants from Britain and India. He had links with the subcontinent stretching back 40 years, to the early days of Tube Investments of India.

Dick Young was born in Gloucestershire in 1914. He came from a distinguished scientific family: Thomas Young, the 19th-century physicist who invented the wave theory of light and defined the characterisation of elasticity, was a forebear; his brother was the neurophysiologist John Z. Young FRS. Young's father was in the automobile industry in Bristol and Dick entered Bristol University and read mechanical engineering, graduating shortly before the Second World War.

Although training as a pilot he was called to war work in various Tube Investment (TI) companies, emerging as managing director of TI's company in Argentina for five years until 1950. It was through this that he met Jean, who was from an old British-Argentinian family but now working in London.

Back in London himself and working at the very centre of TI as assistant to the chairman, the formidable Sir Ivan Stedeford, Young played a leading role in the first hostile takeover of a public company when TI and Reynolds Metals, a US firm, advised by S.G. Warburgs, acquired British Aluminium in the so-called "Aluminium War" in 1958. In 1961 the board promoted him to group managing director of TI, which included responsibility for Raleigh Bicycles. This was a powerful and nationally important post at the heart of the UK's manufacturing industry. In 1965 he moved to Alfred Herbert Ltd, the largest machine-tool company in the Britain, becoming chairman the following year.

These were the years when many began to recognise that the UK's manufacturing base was at risk because its cost base was too high and it had failed to keep pace with technological development. Harold Wilson's "white heat of technology" speech in 1963 brought a change of mood in Whitehall and the remit of the short-lived Industrial Reorganisation Corporation indicated the government's willingness to engage in the necessary change process.

Dick Young was ideally fitted by scientific sympathies, his industrial background and his keen appreciation of the link between technology and manufacturing costs to play a leading role. He was one of a small group of industrialists involved in establishing the new Warwick University, a large part of the case for which had been the need to bring technological change to the engineering industry on which Coventry and its region depended.

A close friend of Solly (later Lord) Zuckerman, who had become the government's first Chief Scientist, Young joined Zuckerman's new Central Advisory Council on Science and Technology which was specifically set up in 1967 to steer national technology policy and, inter alia, to link the Research Councils, and hence the universities, more closely to industrial interests. Prior to this he had been a member of the Advisory Committee on Scientific Manpower. He was in and out of Whitehall in these years, constantly called on for advice on technology issues and became a member of the Engineering Board of the Science and Engineering Council and of the Social Science Research Council.

But closer to home, he had the task of bringing technological change to Alfred Herbert. Knighted for services to exports in 1970, he recognised immediately the problems at the company, many of them endemic to the UK's manufacturing industry, which was fast losing its competitiveness: the cost base was too high, the technologies were outdated and management was complacent.

He drew heavily on former collaborators from firms like Ferranti and Plessey's for new automated techniques which would cut manufacturing costs, and, assured

of major orders from the now nationalised British Leyland he went into partnership with Ingersoll Milling, a leading US machine-tool manufacturer. Herbert-Ingersoll built a state-of-the-art facility in Daventry, where it introduced the most advanced robotic and automated techniques then available to control engine cylinder block manufacturing lines. However, the board at Alfred Herbert was not on side with these approaches and when the promised orders did not materialise for the new plant, Young had to leave the company in 1974, a casualty of the refusal of his own board and of British Leyland to face up to the underlying causes of their manufacturing decline.

Young's contributions in other fields continued. He was a key member of the council of the increasingly successful Warwick University up until 1989, and left his mark as an energetic chair of its building committee. He also served on the board of its science park, where the incubation of small science-based companies was of great interest to him. He was a board member of Ingersoll Engineering in Rugby and took the lead in opening up its links with the Ministry of Heavy Industry in India and with Indian companies. From 1979 to 1984 he took on what was for him the very agreeable task of being chairman of Boosey & Hawkes, the music publisher.

Perhaps his most significant contribution lay in the leadership of a joint working party of the Science and Social Science Research Councils set up to create new interfaces between universities and industry. Young came up with the Teaching Company Scheme (now called the Knowledge Transfer Partnership scheme) where graduate researchers worked on scientific/technological problems in science-based companies under a grant applied for jointly by the company and the students' supervisor. Implicit in the scheme was that the researcher would ultimately be appointed to a job in the company.

The scheme thus provided an answer to the double problem of getting more technological solutions into industry and more scientists employed in companies, and grew to be Europe's leading programme to help companies improve their competitiveness through importing scientific and technological ideas from universities. The scheme will be a memorial to his passion for technological innovation in industry.

In retirement Dick Young took up painting with remarkable success, advised various foundations on engineering design (a gallery space is named after him at the Design Dimension Educational Trust at the Dean Clough centre in Halifax) and maintained close links with Warwick University. He remained an excessively modest, civilised and engaged person who never lost touch with the world around him.

Michael Shattock

Richard Dilworth Young, industrialist: born Mangotsfield, Gloucestershire 9 April 1914; managing director, Tubos Britanicos, Argentina 1945-50, managing director, Tube Investments (Export) 1950-53; sales director, Tube Investments Aluminium 1953-56; assistant to chairman, Tube Investments 1957-60, director 1958-59, assistant managing director 1959-61, managing director 1961-64; chairman, Park Gate Iron and Steel 1959-64; chairman, Raleigh Industries 1960-64; deputy chairman, Alfred Herbert 1965-66, chairman 1966-74; Member of Council, Warwick University 1966-89; Kt 1970; chairman, Boosey & Hawkes 1979-84; married 1951 Jean Lockwood (four sons); died Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire 16 May 2008

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Managing Director of Tubos Britanicos, Argentina in 1945-1950.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Tube Investments (Export) in 1950-1953.
- He worked as a Sales Director of Tube Investments Aluminium in 1953-1956.
- He worked as an Assistant to the Chairman, Tube Investments in 1957-1960.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Tube Investments in 1961-1964.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 16 Jun 2008.

Richard married **Jean Barbara Paterson Lockwood**, daughter of **Frank G. Lockwood** and **Anna M. F. Paterson**. They had four children: **Peter Dilworth, Richard Agar, Roger Thomas**, and **Jonathan Paul**.

19-**Peter Dilworth Young**

Peter married **Corinne Louise**. They had three children: **Emma Sarah, Thomas Benoit Hubert**, and **Julie Phillipa**.

20-**Emma Sarah Young**

20-**Thomas Benoit Hubert Young**

20-**Julie Phillipa Young**

19-**Richard Agar Young**

Richard married **Sarah Hancock**. They had two children: **Anna Elizabeth** and **Nicholas William**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Anna Elizabeth Young

20-Nicholas William Young

19-Roger Thomas Young

Roger married **Irene**. They had four children: **Tessa Una**, **Patrick John**, **Kate**, and **Pippa Jean**.

20-Tessa Una Young

20-Patrick John Young

20-Kate Young

20-Pippa Jean Young

19-Jonathan Paul Young

Jonathan married **Susan Mary Bayliss**. They had two children: **Benjamin Lloyd** and **Polly May**.

20-Benjamin Lloyd Young

20-Polly May Young

18-**Michael Antony Young** was born on 6 Oct 1917 in Mangotsfield, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Research Chemist.

Michael married **Elizabeth Mitchell**. They had one daughter: **Frances Mary**.

19-Frances Mary Young

17-**William Dilworth Lloyd** was born on 24 Jun 1876 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 19 Jul 1959 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 83.

William married **Elsie Maria Wordsworth**,¹² daughter of **John Wordsworth** and **Edith Piercy**, on 22 Nov 1905 in Ranskill, Retford, Nottinghamshire. Elsie was born on 5 Sep 1883 in Newmillerdam, Wakefield, Yorkshire. They had two children: **Geoffrey Dilworth** and **Dorothy Kathleen**.

18-**Geoffrey Dilworth Lloyd** was born on 31 Aug 1906 in Altofts, Normanton and died in 1964 at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chartered Civil Engineer.

Geoffrey married **Helen Margaret Porter**, daughter of **Willoughby Montague Porter** and **Hilda Margaret Jennings**, on 1 Jun 1933 in London. Helen was born on 12 Jun 1912 in Shalford, Godalming and died in 2007 at age 95. They had two children: **Anthony John Dilworth** and **David Jennings**.

19-Anthony John Dilworth Lloyd

Anthony married **Daphne Stott**. They had one daughter: **Rebecca Jane**.

20-Rebecca Jane Lloyd

19-**David Jennings Lloyd** was born on 12 Apr 1938 in Beverley, Yorkshire and died in 2007 at age 69.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Dorothy Kathleen Lloyd** was born on 1 Mar 1911 in Normanton and died in 1983 at age 72.

17-**Olivia Margaret Lloyd** was born on 17 Mar 1878 in Areley, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 26 Jan 1949 in Salisbury at age 70.

17-**Dr. Edmund Lloyd** was born on 23 Sep 1880 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire and died in 1975 at age 95.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB. BCh. OBE.
- He worked as a Physician.

Edmund married **Dorothy Storrs**, daughter of **Rev. Dr. Charles Edward Storrs** and **Edith Young**, on 12 May 1928 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire. Dorothy was born on 18 Aug 1880 in Snaith.

17-**Dorothy Lloyd** was born on 25 Oct 1881 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire.

Dorothy married **Rev. Henry Charles Robins**, son of **Henry Lambley Robins** and **Mary Ann Death Anderson**, on 16 Sep 1915 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire. Rev. was born on 2 Feb 1882 in Beccles, Suffolk and died on 31 Jul 1960 in Winchester at age 78. They had three children: **Mary Dorothy**, **John Henry**, and **Averil Eleanor**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Dean of Salisbury.

18-**Mary Dorothy Robins**

18-**John Henry Robins** was born on 16 Oct 1919 in Fleet and died on 10 Sep 1945 in Java, Died As A Prisoner Of War. at age 25.

18-**Averil Eleanor Robins**

Averil married **Rev. Maurice Fulford Lovell Clarke**, son of **Herbert Lovell Clarke** and **Phyllis Mary Fulford**, on 28 Dec 1950 in Salisbury, Wiltshire. Maurice was born in 1912 and died on 12 Nov 2008 at age 96. They had five children: **Anne Fulford**, **John Lovell**, **Susan Howard**, **Mary Fulford**, and **Peter Lovell**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vice-Principal, Sarum Theological College in 1946-1953.

19-**Anne Fulford Clarke**

Anne married **Peter James Bibby**.

19-**John Lovell Clarke**

19-**Susan Howard Clarke**

Susan married **Ian Taylor**. They had two children: **Colin Hugh Simon** and **Alan Lewis Mark**.

20-**Colin Hugh Simon Taylor**

20-**Alan Lewis Mark Taylor**

19-**Mary Fulford Clarke**

19-**Peter Lovell Clarke**

17-**Katharine Lloyd**¹² was born on 12 Sep 1883 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 22 Mar 1962 in Worcester, Worcestershire at age 78.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Katharine married **Rev. Ernest Richard Hughes**,^{7,12} son of **Alexander Hughes** and **Louisa Grimwade**, on 5 Jul 1910 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire. Ernest was born on 6 Jan 1883 in Lewisham, London and died on 20 Oct 1956 in Worcester, Worcestershire at age 73. They had three children: **Lucy Cecilia**, **David Alexander**, and **Martyn Lawrence**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1911-1933 in The London Mission, Amoy, China.
- He worked as a Reader in Chinese Religion & Philosophy at Oxford in 1933-1948.
- He worked as a Teacher in 1948-1952 in United States of America.

18-**Lucy Cecilia Hughes** was born on 30 May 1913 in Ting-Chow Fu, South China and died in Nov 1996 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 83.

Lucy married **Leonard Hugh Doncaster**, son of **Professor Leonard Doncaster**⁷ and **Dora Priestman**,⁷ on 18 Dec 1937 in FMH Charlbury. Leonard was born on 27 Mar 1914 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire and died in Oct 1994 in Arnside, Cumbria at age 80. They had four children: **Helen Jean**, **Peter Kenneth**, **David Patrick**, and **Bronwen Rachel**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were Quakers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Quaker Writer and Theologian.

19-**Helen Jean Doncaster**

Helen married **Harry Breckley**.

19-**Peter Kenneth Doncaster**

19-**David Patrick Doncaster**

19-**Bronwen Rachel Doncaster**

Bronwen married **David**. They had two children: **Eldie** and **Joy**.

20- **Eldie**

20- **Joy**

18-**David Alexander Hughes** was born on 2 Jun 1917 in Ting-Chow Fu, South China, died on 2 Sep 1995 in Philip Island, Victoria, Australia at age 78, and was buried in Cowes Cemetery, Philip Island, Victoria, Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.

David married **Joanne Marguerite Robinson**, daughter of **Henry Arthur Clive Robinson** and **Elizabeth Sophia Chapman**, on 15 Sep 1943 in Rugby, Warwickshire. Joanne was born on 23 Dec 1917 in Rugby, Warwickshire, died on 10 Jun 1998 in Philip Island, Victoria, Australia at age 80, and was buried in Cowes Cemetery, Philip Island, Victoria, Australia. They had two children: **Katharine Elizabeth** and **Timothy John**.

19-**Katharine Elizabeth Hughes**

19-**Timothy John Hughes**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Rev. Martyn Lawrence Hughes** was born on 16 Oct 1919 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 8 Aug 2010 in Alberta, Canada at age 90.

General Notes: Martyn Lawrence Hughes (1943), brother-in-law of LH Doncaster (1932), was a former College Chaplain who died on 8 August 2010 at the age of 90. Martyn was born on 16 October 1919 at Wanstead, Essex, the son of ER Hughes, Reader in Chinese Philosophy and Religion at Oxford and for many years a missionary in China. After attending Eltham College Martyn went on to Magdalen College, Oxford where he was an Academical Clerk (Choral Scholar). Whilst there he met Mary Dorothea Kempe, known as Dickie since childhood, and the two married in 1942. In order to train for ministry Martyn undertook further studies at Westcott House and at the same time joined King's as a Choral Scholar. He served as a Deacon at Southwark and was ordained a priest in 1945. Both Martyn and Dickie had ambitions to spend their lives in China, and to prepare for this they studied Chinese at the School of Oriental and African Studies in London. At the start of 1947 they set sail for China. Martyn was appointed as Chaplain and New Testament Lecturer at Yenching University in Peking whilst Dickie taught English. Yenching was taken over by the Communists at the end of 1948. The couple stayed on, but things took a downward turn with the outbreak of war in Korea and reluctantly they took the decision to return home. Initially Martyn took the post of Warden for the Student Movement House, a hostel for foreign students administered by the Student Christian Movement in Russell Square. He returned to King's in 1953 to serve as Chaplain, staying in Cambridge for three years. He then moved on to Uppingham and later Harrow where he played a similar role. His final appointment before retiring, was as Head of Religious Studies at the Richard Collyer Sixth Form College in Horsham. Martyn spent his retirement in Sussex and latterly, in Calgary, Canada, where he died. He was pre-deceased by Dickie but survived by their three children, Sarah, Chris and Jeremy and five grandchildren.

King's College, Cambridge. Annual Report 2012

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a New Testament Lecturer and Anglican Chaplain, Yenching University in Beijing, China.
- He worked as a Chaplain at Harrow School.

Martyn married **Mary Dorothea Kempe**, daughter of **Rev. Harry Francis Christopher Kempe** and **Dorothy Garforth**, on 23 Dec 1942 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex. Mary was born on 4 Oct 1917 in Muree, Punjab, India and died before 2010. They had three children: **Sarah Elizabeth**, **Christopher Richard Kempe**, and **Jeremy Michael**.

General Notes: Mary Dorothea Kempe who has been known by the name of "Dickie" since she was two years old was born in Murree, Punjab, India in October 1917. Her father was Harry Francis Christopher Kempe, of the Royal Field Artillery, and her mother, Dorothy Garforth. Her parents married in Bombay Cathedral in 1915. Her father served in Mesopotamia during the First World War and was awarded the Military Cross. Later, he became an ordained cleryman in the Church of England and was Vicar of Cuckfield from 1941 to 1957.

"Dickie" Kempe attended schools in Margate and Brighton and went on to take a degree in English at Oxford in 1939 and a diploma in education in 1940. While at Oxford she met Martyn Lawrence Hughes, the son of E.R.Hughes, a former missionary in China who was then Reader in Chinese Philosophy and Religion at Oxford University. Martyn and Dickie were married in 1942. Martyn became an ordained priest in 1945. Both Martyn and Dickie wanted to spend their lives in China and went to London in September 1946 to study Chinese at the School of Oriental and African Studies. In 1947 they sailed for China where Martyn took up the post of New Testament Lecturer and Anglican Chaplain at Yenching University. Dickie taught English. They remained at their posts following the Communist takeover of Yenching in December 1948 but, when the position worsened following the outbreak of the Korean War, Dickie and Martyn decided very reluctantly that they must leave China and returned to England.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at University of Oxford.
- She worked as an English teacher in Beijing, China.

19-**Sarah Elizabeth Hughes**

19-**Christopher Richard Kempe Hughes**

19-**Jeremy Michael Hughes**

16-**Francis Henry Lloyd**^{12,225} was born on 22 Jul 1844 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire, died on 5 Jan 1916 in Queen Victoria Nursing Institute, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 71, and was buried in St. Chad's, Lichfield, Staffordshire. The cause of his death was as a result of stepping in front of a railway locomotive.

General Notes: THE HISTORY OF SOUTH STAFFORDSHIRE WATERWORKS COMPANY
1853 - 1989

Johann Van Leerzem

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Brian Williams

F.H. Lloyd resigned as Chairman of the Company on 25th of March 1915 but stayed on as a Director. This son of a former Chairman was succeeded by H.K. Beale, another son of a former Chairman. Hubert Kenrick Beale took office in 1915, commencing his long term of service. Francis Henry Lloyd of Stowe Hall, Lichfield died on 5th January 1916 as the result of a railway accident at James Bridge Steel Works, near to Darlaston Railway Station. F.H. Lloyd filled so large a place in the public, religious and commercial life of South Staffordshire that his death in ordinary circumstances would have caused much regret but to have met his demise in the form of a New Year tragedy, aroused exceptional feelings of sadness and cast a gloom over the wide area in which he was a well known figure. He had spent the day as usual at his works in James Bridge and was returning to Darlaston Station in the afternoon, along the private sidings, when he was knocked down by a light engine and sustained serious injuries. The grave character of them resulted in him being removed at once to the Queen Victoria Nursing Institute at Wolverhampton. There it was found that his skull had been fractured and an operation was performed. An operation afforded some relief and he recovered consciousness but a relapse set in and he died during the evening. For some days his death became the only topic of conversation in the district. At the inquest, held at Wolverhampton Town Hall, it was said that Mr. Lloyd was in the habit of crossing the railway lines to get to Darlaston Station. William Reynolds the L.N.W.R. signalman, saw him leave the works and proceed towards the station. When three or four yards from an engine he seemed to hesitate and stepped immediately in front of the locomotive which was moving at walking pace. F.H. Lloyd was knocked to the ground and the engine passed over him as he lay between the lines. Driver of the engine, Henry Carnell, stated that after he sounded the whistle, Mr. Lloyd got clear of the lines but then stepped in front of the engine. The brakes were applied but it was then discovered that the deceased had been knocked down. He estimated his speed at the time to be four miles per hour. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death, the foreman remarking that Mr. Lloyd seemed to have got confused. The driver was exonerated of all blame by the jury. Son of Sampson Lloyd, former Chairman of the Company, F.H. Lloyd was a native of Wednesbury, a town his family had had connections with since the early eighteenth century. Born in 1844, his early life had been spent at Church Hill. Early schooling was received in Southampton continuing his education in Germany and Switzerland, then completing an engineering course at King's College, London. Education completed, he became associated with the works of Lloyd, Fosters and Company. A few years later he took control of the Bessemer Steel Works and this formed the principal part of his activities. Lloyd Fosters and Company was amongst the earliest companies to introduce the manufacture of Bessemer Steel. For many years he interested himself in the manufacture of weldless steel tubes an important industry which he originated in 1870. Although busily concerned in commerce, Chairman of Weldless Steel Tube Co., Birmingham and Member of the South Staffordshire Tramways Committee, he found time to involve himself in public work as a member of the Wednesbury Old School Board and in conjunction with Mrs. William Lloyd and the Rev. F.S. Edwards, Curate of St. James Church, a founder of the Wednesbury Society for the Relief of the Indignant Sick. On the formation of Staffordshire County Council he was elected for the town's division. In 1890, Lloyd was placed on the Commission of the Peace for the County, acting for the Wednesbury Division as Chairman of the Bench. During 1890 he moved to Lichfield to live in the historic mansion on Stowe Hill. A man of deep religious convictions in both Lichfield and Wednesbury, he took an active part in all Christian work, the Foreign Bible Society and the Church Missionary Society etc. During 1867 he had married Alice the daughter of J.E. Howard E.R.S. of Tottenham, London and raised a family of two sons and five daughters. Both sons enlisted in the Army during the First World War. Eldest son John was a Captain in the South Staffordshire Regiment, Major John Lloyd of the North Staffordshire Regiment was killed in action in June 1915. Amongst the many mourners at the funeral of Francis Lloyd were over two hundred of his workmen. He was laid to rest by the side of his wife in the north east corner of St. Chads Churchyard, Lichfield.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at King's College, London.
- He worked as an Iron and Steel Founder.
- He worked as a JP for Staffordshire.
- He worked as a Chairman of the South Staffordshire Waterworks Company.
- He had a residence in Stowe Hill, Lichfield, Staffordshire.

Francis married **Alice Howard**,^{12,225} daughter of **John Eliot Howard**^{2,8,12,218,225} and **Maria Crewdson**,^{2,8,12,218,225} on 27 Aug 1867 in Tottenham, London. Alice was born on 9 May 1846 in Tottenham, London, died on 29 Jun 1892 in Stowe Hill, Lichfield, Staffordshire at age 46, and was buried in St. Chad's, Lichfield, Staffordshire. They had eight children: **Alice Maria**, **Mabel Eliza**, **Lilian**, **Cicely Dilworth**, **Francis Sampson**, **Daniel Charles**, **John Francis Selby**, and **Eleanor Mildred**.

17-Alice Maria Lloyd¹² was born on 5 Nov 1868 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 6 Dec 1929 in Shifnal, Shropshire at age 61.

Alice married **Rev. Edward Tilley Slater**,¹² son of **James Slater** and **Elizabeth Mills**, on 17 Jan 1912 in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire. Edward was born on 24 Jan 1865 in Darlaston and died on 11 Apr 1941 in Rugeley, Staffordshire at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Beckbury Rectory, Shifnal, Shropshire.
- He worked as a Prebendary of Lichfield Cathedral.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Mabel Eliza Lloyd**¹² was born on 5 Nov 1869 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 1 Feb 1946 in Portishead, Somerset at age 76.

Mabel married **Rev. William Victor Kaye**,¹² son of **William Roderick Kamcke** and **Helene Rung**, on 10 Apr 1902 in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire. William was born on 5 Jul 1863 in Belfast, Ireland and died on 7 Feb 1938 in Dallinhoo Rectory, Suffolk at age 74. Another name for William was William Victor Rung Kamcke. They had three children: **Helene Mabel**, **Rachel Alice**, and **Peter Victor Francis**.

18-**Helene Mabel Kaye** was born on 22 Aug 1903 in Lichfield, Staffordshire and died on 11 Jul 1985 in Melksham, Wiltshire at age 81. Another name for Helene was Helene Mabel Kamcke.

Helene married **Rev. Allan James Weaver**, son of **William Charles Weaver** and **Jane Williams**, on 14 Nov 1935 in Mandla, India. Allan was born on 28 Feb 1904 in Abertridwr, Glamorgan and died on 23 Nov 1985 in Melksham, Wiltshire at age 81. They had two children: **Rodney William Victor** and **Allan Brian**.

19-**Rodney William Victor Weaver**

Rodney married **Elaine Sawyer**, daughter of **Edgar William Sawyer** and **Emily Grace Harris**. They had two children: **Mathew James** and **Elizabeth Mary**.

20-**Mathew James Weaver**

Mathew married **Elizabeth**.

20-**Elizabeth Mary Weaver**

19-**Allan Brian Weaver**

Allan married **Yvonne Margaret Stevens**, daughter of **Bernard James Stevens** and **Margaret Ann Cole**. They had one son: **Timothy James**.

20-**Timothy James Weaver**

Allan next married **Margaret W. Waterlow**.

18-**Rachel Alice Kaye** was born on 20 Sep 1905 in Darjeeling, West Bengal, India and died in 1981 at age 76. Another name for Rachel was Rachel Alice Kamcke.

Rachel married **John Laurence Packard**, son of **Harold Turner Packard** and **Mary Francis Mason**, on 16 Dec 1934 in Dallinhoo, Suffolk. John was born on 17 Jun 1909 in Klerksdorp, South Africa and died in 1981 at age 72. They had three children: **Gillian Elizabeth**, **Christopher John**, and **Phillippa Wendy**.

19-**Gillian Elizabeth Packard** was born on 16 Mar 1938 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in Aug 1998 at age 60.

Gillian married **Dennis Nigel Johns Parris** on 6 Mar 1965. Dennis was born on 6 Jun 1926 and died in Oct 1995 at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Architect.

19-**Christopher John Packard**

Christopher married **Gillian Mary Hipkin**. They had three children: **Amanda Louise**, **Nicholas William John**, and **Joanne Elise**.

20-**Amanda Louise Packard**

Amanda married **David Herford**, son of **Richard Samuel Herford** and **Anne Patience Page**. They had two children: **Andrew James** and **Samuel John**.

21-**Andrew James Herford**

21-**Samuel John Herford**

20-**Nicholas William John Packard**

Nicholas married **Emma Pellowe**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Joanne Elise Packard

19-**Phillippa Wendy Packard** was born on 27 Oct 1941 in Wylam On Tyne and died on 10 Sep 1998 in Newton, Broxburn, Northumberland at age 56.

Phillippa married **John Oliver Warillow Tunnell**. John was born on 12 May 1936 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 23 Sep 1989 in Linlithgow at age 53. They had three children: **Jonathan Christopher**, **Philippa Catherine**, and **Oliver William**.

20-Jonathan Christopher Tunnell

20-Philippa Catherine Tunnell

20-Oliver William Tunnell

18-**Peter Victor Francis Kamcke** was born on 3 Apr 1907 in Hat Chapra, India and died in Sep 1907 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.

17-**Lilian Lloyd**¹² was born on 21 May 1871 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 10 Dec 1928 in Northwood, Middlesex at age 57.

Lilian married **Walter Harding De Winton**,¹² son of **William De Winton**³⁷¹ and **Mary Janet Eleanor Harding**, on 19 Oct 1899 in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire. Walter was born on 7 Jul 1870 in Maesderwen, Llanfrynach, Powys, Wales, was christened on 7 Aug 1870 in St. Brynach, Llanfrynach, Powys, Wales, and died on 12 Dec 1932 in Northwood, Middlesex at age 62. They had three children: **Eleanor Lilian**, **Frances Davidona**, and **Mary Gwynedd**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Consulting Engineer.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Tyderwen, Northwood, Middlesex.

18-**Eleanor Lilian De Winton** was born on 10 Oct 1901 in Chiswick, London and died on 16 Oct 1971 in West Malling, Kent at age 70.

Eleanor married **Hugh Christopher King**, son of **Henry King** and **Annie Ould**, on 10 Oct 1925 in Northwood, Middlesex. Hugh was born on 8 Jun 1899 in Chester, Cheshire and died on 10 Jul 1985 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 86. They had three children: **Maurice Henry**, **Wilfrid Allen Hugh**, and **Joseph Norman**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Senior Assistant Conservator of Forests in Sierra Leone.
- He worked as a Senior Assistant Conservator of Forests in Mauritius.

19-Dr. Maurice Henry King

Maurice married **Dr. Felicity Mary Athelston Savage**, daughter of **Edric Aethelstan Savage** and **Enid Winifred Jutsum**. They had two children: **Dominic Zachary** and **Benedict William**.

20-Dominic Zachary King

20-Benedict William King

19-**Wilfrid Allen Hugh King** was born on 27 Nov 1928 in Galle, Ceylon and died on 3 Aug 1976 in Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire at age 47.

Wilfrid married **Phoebe Aldis Gane**, daughter of **Laurence Charles Gane** and **Joan Aldis Hooton**. They had four children: **Sarah Penelope**, **Gregory Wilfrid**, **Felicity Joan**, and **Benjamin Philip**.

20-Sarah Penelope King

20-Gregory Wilfrid King

20-Felicity Joan King

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-**Benjamin Philip King**

Benjamin married **Ruth Horwell**. They had one daughter: **Harriet**.

21-**Harriet King**

19-**Joseph Norman King**

Joseph married **Susan Frances Dalison**, daughter of **John Bernard Dalison** and **Eileen Marion Fairclough**. They had four children: **Terence John Maurice**, **Bernard Walter**, **Paul Laurence**, and **Zella Marion Eleanor**.

20-**Terence John Maurice King**

Terence married **Rosalind Fox**. They had two children: **Anais** and **Alexis**.

21-**Anais King**

21-**Alexis King**

20-**Bernard Walter King**

Bernard married **Jere Hunter**. They had two children: **Robert** and **David**.

21-**Robert King**

21-**David King**

20-**Paul Laurence King**

Paul married **Tina Horner**. They had two children: **Maisie** and **Jess**.

21-**Maisie King**

21-**Jess King**

20-**Zella Marion Eleanor King**

Zella married **Dan Coble**. They had two children: **Bennet** and **Thomas**.

21-**Bennet Coble**

21-**Thomas Coble**

18-**Frances Davidona De Winton** was born on 24 Jun 1903 in Chiswick, London and died on 5 Jan 1999 in Bisley, Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 95.

Frances married **Lt. Col. Eric Spencer Gravely Howard**,¹² son of **Alfred Gravely Howard**¹² and **Edith Caroline Hare**,¹² on 24 Apr 1935 in London. Eric was born on 30 May 1894 in Holmbury, Woodford Green, Essex and died on 3 Mar 1977 in Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 82. They had four children: **Susan Mariabella**, **Angela Felce**, **Philip Gravely**, and **Diana Dilworth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.

19-**Susan Mariabella Howard**

Susan married **Walter John Bromley**, son of **George Herbert Bromley** and **Elizabeth Nancy Scott**. They had three children: **Andrew Howard**, **James Inglis Scott**, and **Eric Alexander**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Andrew Howard Bromley

Andrew married **Mandy Jane Stancer**, daughter of **Rodger Stancer** and **Audrey May Herberts**. They had two children: **Frances May** and **George Howard**.

21-Frances May Bromley

21-George Howard Bromley

20-James Inglis Scott Bromley

20-Eric Alexander Bromley

Eric married **Joan Louise Poole**, daughter of **Peter John Poole** and **Joan Beryl Biggs**. They had one son: **Luke Peter John**.

21-Luke Peter John Bromley

Eric next married **Caron**. They had one son: **Jack Alexander**.

21-Jack Alexander Bromley

19-Angela Felce Howard

Angela married **Ian David Stafford Beer**, son of **William John Beer** and **Doris Ethel Rose**. They had three children: **Martin Francis Stafford**, **Philip Peter Stafford**, and **Caroline Julia De Winton**.

20-Martin Francis Stafford Beer

Martin married **Claire Philippa Turner**, daughter of **Philip Joseph Turner** and **Margaret Winifred Ogden**. They had two children: **Dominic Charles Stafford** and **Jonny**.

21-Dominic Charles Stafford Beer

21-Jonny Beer

20-Philip Peter Stafford Beer

Philip married **Catherine Jane Rowntree**, daughter of **Philip Giles Morgan Rowntree**^{372,373} and **Susan Hardy-Birt**. They had four children: **Olivia**, **Isabel**, **Charles**, and **Josephine**.

21-Olivia Beer

21-Isabel Beer

21-Charles Beer

21-Josephine Beer

20-Caroline Julia De Winton Beer

Caroline married **Michael Simon Knighton**, son of **Michael John Knighton** and **Phyllis Mary Robinson**. They had two children: **Thomas** and **Alexandra**.

21-Thomas Knighton

21-Alexandra Knighton

19-Philip Gravely Howard

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Philip married **Judy Birkitt**, daughter of **Denis Parsons Birkitt** and **Olive Mary Lettice Rogers**. They had three children: **Lucy Mariabella**, **Thomas Gravely**, and **Alice Marion Burkitt**.

20-Lucy Mariabella Howard

Lucy married **Eric Quincey Hobbs**, son of **Quincey Hobbs** and **Sarah**. They had three children: **George**, **Rosie Mariabella Grace**, and **Esme**.

21-George Hobbs

21-Rosie Mariabella Grace Hobbs

21-Esme Hobbs

20-Thomas Gravely Howard

Thomas married **Dr. Emma Dawson**. They had two children: **William** and **Hector**.

21-William Howard

21-Hector Howard

20-Alice Marion Burkitt Howard

Alice married **Moheb Postandi**. They had two children: **Oscar** and **Isis**.

21-Oscar Howard

21-Isis Postandi

19-Diana Dilworth Howard

Diana married **Peter Herbert Lapping**, son of **Douglas James Lapping** and **Dorothy Horrocks**. They had two children: **Mark Edward** and **Joanna Venka**.

20-Mark Edward Lapping

Mark married **Jessica Jarvis**, daughter of **Dr. Edward Harry Jarvis** and **Dr. Sandra Vaughan Cooper**. They had two children: **Lucy** and **Robert**.

21-Lucy Lapping

21-Robert Lapping

20-Joanna Venka Lapping

Joanna married **Alex Pollard-Smith**. They had one daughter: **Hebe**.

21-Hebe Pollard-Smith

18-Mary Gwynedd De Winton was born on 13 Jun 1905 in Chiswick, London and died on 4 Feb 1970 in Greatham, Hampshire at age 64.

Mary married **Christopher Marriage Marsh**, son of **Ernest Marsh** and **Sarah Elizabeth Marriage**, on 18 Feb 1930 in Northwood, Middlesex. Christopher was born on 27 Apr 1899 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey and died on 6 Mar 1988 in Berkshire at age 88. They had five children: **John Francis**, **Michael Harding**, **David Richard**, **Christopher Patrick**, and **Pamela Ann De Winton**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FICE ACIG OBE.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He was educated at Bilton Grange.
- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He worked as a Civil Engineer.

19-John Francis Marsh

John married **Shelia Anne Mackinnon**, daughter of **Horace Phillip Mackinnon** and **Edna May Bensted**. They had three children: **Andrew Phillip**, **Timothy James**, and **Jonathan David**.

20-Andrew Phillip Marsh

Andrew married **Caroline Jones**, daughter of **David Charles Jones** and **Elizabeth Ann Andrews**. They had two children: **Lily Beatrice** and **Charlie**.

21-Lily Beatrice Marsh

21-Charlie Marsh

20-Timothy James Marsh

Timothy married **Clare McCrea**, daughter of **Robert Ure McCrea** and **Madelon Reynolds**. They had two children: **Sophie** and **Ben**.

21-Sophie Marsh

21-Ben Marsh

20-Jonathan David Marsh

19-**Dr. Michael Harding Marsh** was born on 14 Nov 1932 in Hartford, Cheshire and died on 7 Dec 2001 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician in General Practice in Sheerness, Kent.
- He worked as a Physician in General Practice in Whitstable, Kent.
- He worked as a Physician in General Practice in Doddington, Cambridgeshire.
- He had a residence in 3a Eastwood End, Wimblington, March, Cambridgeshire PE15 0QQ.

Michael married **Muriel June Fenwick**, daughter of **William Fenwick** and **Muriel Morton Bilson**. They had four children: **Christopher Stephen**, **Nicholas William**, **Alexander Michael**, and **Phillip James De Winton**.

20-Christopher Stephen Marsh

20-Nicholas William Marsh

20-Alexander Michael Marsh

Alexander married **Andree Ashmore**, daughter of **John Ashmore** and **Sheila Baker**. They had one daughter: **Katie Rose**.

21-Katie Rose Marsh

Alexander next married **Nichola Richards**. They had one daughter: **Jasmine Hannah Richards**.

21-Jasmine Hannah Richards Marsh

20-Phillip James De Winton Marsh

Michael next married **Barbara Edith Dwyer**.

19-David Richard Marsh

David married **Aline Mary Humphris**, daughter of **Dr. John Howard Humphris** and _____ **Aline**. They had three children: **Caroline Mary**, **Nicola Claire**, and **Christopher Richard**.

20-Caroline Mary Marsh

Caroline married **Michael Patrick Villiers-Stuart**, son of **Maj. John Michael Villiers-Stuart** and **Bridget Mary Grant**. They had three children: **Katherine Amelia**, **Archie James**, and **Angus Theodore**.

21-Katherine Amelia Villiers-Stuart

21-Archie James Villiers-Stuart

21-Angus Theodore Villiers-Stuart

20-Nicola Claire Marsh

20-Christopher Richard Marsh

19-**Christopher Patrick Marsh** was born on 21 Feb 1938 in Davenham, Cheshire and died on 23 Aug 1986 in Plaistow, West Sussex at age 48.

Christopher married **Sally Kathleen Westcott**, daughter of **Gerald Westcott** and **Dorothy**. They had two children: **Alexandra Rachael** and **Susanna Claire**.

20-Alexandra Rachael Marsh

Alexandra married **Martin David Woodger**.

20-Susanna Claire Marsh

19-Dr. Pamela Ann De Winton Marsh

Pamela married **Dr. Peter Leslie Thomas**, son of **Clifford Dudley William Thomas** and **Leslie Leslie**. They had three children: **Jaqueline Mary**, **Alistair David**, and **Caroline Frances**.

20-Jaqueline Mary Thomas

20-Alistair David Thomas

20-Caroline Frances Thomas

17-**Cicely Dilworth Lloyd**^{12,164} was born on 4 May 1873 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 22 May 1934 in Headley, Hampshire at age 61.

General Notes: She died at Headley in Hampshire, not Headley, Surrey.

Cicely married **William Curtis Green**,^{12,87,164} son of **Frederick Green**^{87,164} and **Maria Heath Curtis**,^{87,164} on 19 Oct 1899 in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire. William was born on 16 Jul 1875 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 26 Mar 1960 in London at age 84. They had five children: **Christopher Curtis**, **Cicely Alice**, **Margaret Elizabeth**, **Joan Priscilla**, and **Agnes Mary**.

General Notes: RA FRIBA

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRIBA RA.
- He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a Watercolourist.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Longdown, Farnham, Surrey.

18-**Christopher Curtis Green**¹⁶⁴ was born on 1 Sep 1900 in Bedford Gardens, London and died in 1976 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford.
- He worked as an Architect.

Christopher married **Marjorie Lily Dudley Bennett**, daughter of **Henry George Dudley Bennett** and **Florence Laura Aronson**, on 16 Feb 1926 in Allesley, Warwickshire. Marjorie was born on 21 Feb 1899 in London and died in 1990 at age 91. They had four children: **Christopher William Curtis, John Curtis, Susan Marjorie**, and **Andrew Curtis**.

19-**Christopher William Curtis Green**¹⁶⁴ was born on 9 Jun 1927 in London and died on 24 May 1996 in Badingham, Suffolk at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Cambridge University.
- He worked as a Farmer.

Christopher married **Anne Christine Thompson**, daughter of **Patrick Thompson** and **Signe Meyer**. They had four children: **Michael William Curtis, Annabel Susan Curtis, Caroline Anne Curtis**, and **Sarah Harriet Curtis**.

20-**Michael William Curtis Green**

Michael married **Amanda Pelham Burn**, daughter of **Angus Maitland Pelham Burn** and **Anne Rosdew Forbes-Leith**. They had one son: **Sam William Curtis**.

21-**Sam William Curtis Green**

Michael next married **Hon. Mary Anne Louise Denison-Pender**, daughter of **John Willoughby Denison-Pender 3rd Baron Pender** and **Julia Cannon**.

20-**Annabel Susan Curtis Green**

Annabel married **Philippe Lavielle**. They had three children: **Lucy Emma Louise, Nelly Aimee**, and **Elise Amandine Colette**.

21-**Lucy Emma Louise Lavielle**

21-**Nelly Aimee Lavielle**

21-**Elise Amandine Colette Lavielle**

20-**Caroline Anne Curtis Green**

Caroline married **Harry Strover**. They had three children: **Anna, Lucy**, and **Jessie**.

21-**Anna Strover**

21-Lucy Strover

21-Jessie Strover

20-Sarah Harriet Curtis Green

Sarah married **Jones-Perrott**. They had two children: **Eleanor** and **Georgia**.

21-Eleanor Jones-Perrott

21-Georgia Jones-Perrott

Sarah next married **Richard Vigne**.

19-John Curtis Green

John married **Margaret Constance Dixon**. They had three children: **Thomas Michael Curtis**, **Joshua Mark Curtis**, and **Mary Curtis**.

20-Thomas Michael Curtis Green

Thomas married **Coralie Dawn Johnston**. They had three children: **Charles Robert Curtis**, **Emily Elizabeth Curtis**, and **Annabel**.

21-Charles Robert Curtis Green

21-Emily Elizabeth Curtis Green

21-Annabel Green

20-Joshua Mark Curtis Green

20-Mary Curtis Green

Mary married **Alexander Charles Justin Creswell**, son of **Sir Michael Justin Creswell** and **Baroness Mia Thoe Schwartzenberg**. They had three children: **Theodore William Michael**, **Cicely Margaret Isabel**, and **Constance**.

21-Theodore William Michael Creswell

21-Cicely Margaret Isabel Creswell

21-Constance Creswell

19-Susan Marjorie Green

Susan married **Jacob De Jong Cleyndert**, son of **Jacob Barent De Jong Cleyndert** and **Ellen Aida Udine Ten Cate**. They had six children: **Christina**, **Amanda**, **William Jacob De Jong**, **Anthony**, **Andrew**, and **Ben**.

20-Christina Cleyndert

Christina married **Hugo Poole**. They had three children: **Charlotte**, **Jessica**, and **Kate**.

21-Charlotte Poole

21-Jessica Poole

21-Kate Poole

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Amanda Cleyndert

Amanda married **David Brundan**, son of **Walter Brundan** and **Gwenyth Mahalaw Hughes**. They had two children: **Christopher** and **Andrew**.

21-Christopher Brundan

21-Andrew Brundan

20-William Jacob De Jong Cleyndert

William married **Jill Christine Crossman**, daughter of **Ronald Crossman**. They had three children: **Amanda Susan De Jong**, **Samantha Jane De Jong**, and **Gemma Louise De Jong**.

21-Amanda Susan De Jong Cleyndert

21-Samantha Jane De Jong Cleyndert

21-Gemma Louise De Jong Cleyndert

William next married **Jacqueline Denise Norman**. They had one daughter: **Georgia Louise De Jong**.

21-Georgia Louise De Jong Cleyndert

20-Anthony Cleyndert

20-Andrew Cleyndert

20-Ben Cleyndert

Ben married **Clare Lloyd**.

19-Andrew Curtis Green

Andrew married **Julia Margaret Davidson**, daughter of **Arthur George David Davidson** and **Vivien Gordon-Dawson**. They had two children: **Patrick Curtis** and **Robin Curtis**.

20-Patrick Curtis Green

Patrick married **Trisha Leigh Little**. They had three children: **Sabina Grace Curtis**, **Talulla Hope Curtis**, and **Atticus James**.

21-Sabina Grace Curtis Green

21-Talulla Hope Curtis Green

21-Atticus James Green

20-Robin Curtis Green

Robin married **Jessica Rosemary White**. They had two children: **Rosie Julia** and **Jake John**.

21-Rosie Julia Green

21-Jake John Green

18-Cicely Alice Green was born on 22 Mar 1902 in Bedford Gardens, London and died in 1981 at age 79.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Cicely married **Rev. Truman Tanqueray**, son of **Frederic Thomas Tanqueray** and **Catherine Eliza Dickinson**, on 30 Jul 1925 in London. Truman was born on 2 Aug 1888 in Woburn, Bedfordshire and died on 12 Dec 1960 in Peaselake, Surrey at age 72. They had five children: **David Baran**, **Anne Cicely**, **Judith Mary**, **Elizabeth Clare**, and **Alice Philippa**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Schoolmaster at Ipswich School.

19-**Rev. David Baran Tanqueray** was born on 24 Feb 1927 in Eastbourne and died on 11 Nov 1971 in Little Wymondley, Herts at age 44.

David married **Mary Adah Wilson**. Mary was born on 24 Apr 1926 in Enfield, London and died in Sep 1985 in Little Wymondley, Herts at age 59. They had three children: **Andrew Baran**, **Sarah Mary**, and **John Frederic**.

20-**Dr. Andrew Baran Tanqueray**

Andrew married **Mary Roebuck**. They had three children: **Helen**, **Charles**, and **James**.

21-**Helen Tanqueray**

21-**Charles Tanqueray**

21-**James Tanqueray**

20-**Sarah Mary Tanqueray**

Sarah married **Timothy Hardy**, son of **Stanley Bertram Ross Hardy** and **Beryl Alison Brownlie**. They had three children: **Elizabeth**, **William**, and **Edward**.

21-**Elizabeth Hardy**

21-**William Hardy**

21-**Edward Hardy**

20-**Dr. John Frederic Tanqueray**

John married **Elizabeth Swift**. They had three children: **Eleanor Mary**, **Oliver George Frederic**, and **Imogen Alice**.

21-**Eleanor Mary Tanqueray**

21-**Oliver George Frederic Tanqueray**

21-**Imogen Alice Tanqueray**

19-**Anne Cicely Tanqueray**

Anne married **Rev. Richard Colin Laurence Pilgrim**, son of **George Cuthbert Pilgrim** and **Margaret Ross**, on 8 Aug 1952 in Hintlesham, Hadleigh, Ipswich, Suffolk. Richard was born on 23 Apr 1926 in Sidcup, Kent and died in 1988 at age 62. They had three children: **Colin Mark**, **Alison Ruth**, and **Susan Margaret**.

20-**Rev. Colin Mark Pilgrim**

Colin married **Gabrielle Richardson**, daughter of **David Richardson** and **Sheila**. They had three children: **Faith**, **Rory**, and **Felix**.

21-**Faith Pilgrim**

21-**Rory Pilgrim**

21-Felix Pilgrim

20-Alison Ruth Pilgrim

Alison married **Christopher Paul Martin**, son of **Keith Martin** and **Anne Crawford**. They had two children: **Joshua Christopher** and **Molly Anne Rebecca**.

21-Joshua Christopher Martin

21-Molly Anne Rebecca Martin

Alison next married **Timothy Blackford**.

20-Susan Margaret Pilgrim

Susan married **Keith Waters**, son of **Lawrence Waters** and **Joyce Daphne Stevens**. They had two children: **Rosey Hannah** and **Jasper Laurence**.

21-Rosey Hannah Waters

21-Jasper Laurence Waters

19-Judith Mary Tanqueray

Judith married **Martin Montague Brooke**, son of **Montague Brooke** and **Sybil Katharine Martin**. They had three children: **Anthony Martin**, **Katherine Mary**, and **Samuel Truman**.

20-Anthony Martin Brooke

Anthony married **Harriet St Clair Weir**. They had four children: **Alice Holly Harriet**, **Charles Stephen Anthony**, **William Edward Anthony**, and **Florence Sophie Harriet**.

21-Alice Holly Harriet Brooke

21-Charles Stephen Anthony Brooke

21-William Edward Anthony Brooke

21-Florence Sophie Harriet Brooke

20-Katherine Mary Brooke

Katherine married **Gary Wood**. They had three children: **Kelly Judith**, **Kimberley**, and **Cameron**.

21-Kelly Judith Wood

21-Kimberley Wood

21-Cameron Wood

20-Samuel Truman Brooke

Samuel married **Ingrid**. They had one daughter: **Morag**.

21-Morag Brooke

19-Elizabeth Clare Tanqueray

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Elizabeth married **Rev. William Angus Simons**. They had two children: **Edward William** and **Philippa Jeanne**.

20-Edward William Simons

20-Philippa Jeanne Simons

19-Alice Philippa Tanqueray

Alice married **George Langdon Ostler**, son of **Edgar Sydney Langdon Ostler** and **Henrietta Evelyn Morgan**, on 9 Jul 1959 in Peaslake, Surrey. George was born on 2 Nov 1931 in White River, South Africa and died on 31 May 1997 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada at age 65. They had five children: **Catherine Elizabeth**, **Sarah Philippa**, **Anthony George**, **John Truman**, and **Richard Langdon**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant & Partner in Price Waterhouse.

20-Catherine Elizabeth Ostler

20-Sarah Philippa Ostler

Sarah married **Michael John Fedak**, son of **Donald Gordon Fedak** and **Patricia Yvonne Gullen**. They had two children: **Samuel George** and **Matthew Donald**.

21-Samuel George Fedak

21-Matthew Donald Fedak

20-Anthony George Ostler

Anthony married **Victoria**.

20-John Truman Ostler

20-Richard Langdon Ostler

Richard married **Collette**. They had one son: **Mitchell**.

21-Mitchell Ostler

18-Margaret Elizabeth Green¹⁶⁴ was born on 16 Aug 1904 in Ladbroke Road, London and died in 1981 at age 77.

19-Elizabeth Jane Lloyd was born on 14 Jul 1928 in London and died on 2 Oct 1995 in London at age 67.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Artist.

20-Gillian Elizabeth Hoare

21-Joshua Sampson Hahn

21-Rebecca Elizabeth Hahn

21-Dianna Beth Hahn

20-Sara Jane Hoare

20-**John Anthony Hoare**

20-**Tessa Anna Hoare**

19-**Jeremy Sampson Lloyd**¹⁶⁴ was born on 15 Nov 1930 in London and died on 28 Jul 2009 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA FRIBA.
- He worked as an Architect.

20-**Katherine Jane Murray Lloyd**

21-**Oliver Caleb Murray**

21-**Jacob Peter Murray**

21-**Samuel Joseph Murray**

21-**Rachel Bethany Murray**

20-**Matthew Charles Sampson Lloyd**

21-**Zachary John Sampson Lloyd**

21-**Tessa Mary Woodward Lloyd**

21-**Honey Jane ffortune Lloyd**

20-**Olivia Mary Lloyd**

21-**Beth Louise Foster-Ogg**

20-**Thomas Zachary Lloyd**

21-**Molly Florence Gwendolen Richards Lloyd**

21-**Delilah Jocelyn Vera Richards Lloyd**

18-**Joan Priscilla Green** was born on 23 Mar 1907 in Frensham, Surrey and died on 1 Mar 1997 in Shurlock Row, Berkshire at age 89.

Joan married **Harold Elvery Yeo**, son of **James Yeo** and **Edith Florence Ralph**, on 11 Feb 1933 in London. Harold was born on 18 Oct 1894 in Hook, Surrey and died on 28 Jul 1957 in Shurlock Row, Berkshire at age 62. They had three children: **Peter Harold**, **Priscilla Dilworth**, and **Christopher Stephen**.

19-**Peter Harold Yeo**

Peter married **Marlene Wiemer**, daughter of **Adolf Weimer** and **Wanda Hahn**. They had three children: **Thomas Herrick**, **Rebecca Amani**, and **Nicholas Stanford**.

20-**Thomas Herrick Yeo**

Thomas married **Diane Parkhouse**, daughter of **Frederick John Parkhouse** and **Anne Turner**. They had two children: **Samantha** and **Mathew**.

21-**Samantha Yeo**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-Mathew Yeo

20-Rebecca Amani Yeo

20-Nicholas Stanford Yeo

19-Priscilla Dilworth Yeo

Priscilla married **Mark Cornwall-Jones**, son of **Arthur Cornwall-Jones** and **Joan Hammersley-Smith**. They had four children: **Kate Miranda**, **Adam**, **Matthew**, and **Jason**.

20-Kate Miranda Cornwall-Jones

Kate married **Tim Jordan**, son of **Roy Alfred Jordan** and **Mary Jean Campbell**. They had one daughter: **Matilda**.

21-Matilda Jordan

20-Adam Cornwall-Jones

20-Matthew Cornwall-Jones

20-Jason Cornwall-Jones

Jason married **Gayle Ellis**, daughter of **James Ellis** and **Dorothy Grant**. They had one daughter: **Emerald**.

21-Emerald Cornwall-Jones

19-Dr. Christopher Stephen Yeo

Christopher married **Eileen Janes**. They had one son: **Jake**.

20-Jake Yeo

Joan next married **Christopher Marriage Marsh**, son of **Ernest Marsh** and **Sarah Elizabeth Marriage**, in 1971 in Battersea Church, Battersea, London. Christopher was born on 27 Apr 1899 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey and died on 6 Mar 1988 in Berkshire at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FICE ACIG OBE.
- He was educated at Bilton Grange.
- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He worked as a Civil Engineer.

18-Agnes Mary Green

Agnes married **Horace Alexander Callander Bourne**, son of **Joseph Handforth Bourne** and **Flora Catherine Mary Forde**, on 27 May 1935 in Headley, Surrey. Horace was born on 5 Feb 1908 in Broome Rectory, Worcestershire and died in 1992 at age 84. They had two children: **Elizabeth Forde** and **Nicholas Anthony**.

19-Elizabeth Forde Bourne

Elizabeth married **Robin Stephen Gordon**, son of **Stanley Gordon** and **Audrey**. They had four children: **Virginia**, **Harriet**, **Olivia**, and **Polly**.

20-Virginia Gordon

20-Dr. Harriet Gordon

Harriet married **Andrew Blair**. They had two children: **Imogen** and **Oliver**.

21-**Imogen Blair**

21-**Oliver Blair**

20-**Olivia Gordon**

20-**Polly Gordon**

19-**Nicholas Anthony Bourne**

Nicholas married **Andrea Marise Walter**, daughter of **Claude Bransby Walter** and **Desiree Nancy Ingall**. They had three children: **Katherine**, **Victoria**, and **Clare**.

20-**Katherine Bourne**

Katherine married **John Zeppetelli**. They had two children: **Louis Nicholas** and **Jack Alexander**.

21-**Louis Nicholas Zeppetelli**

21-**Jack Alexander Zeppetelli**

20-**Victoria Bourne**

20-**Clare Bourne**

Clare married **Paul Pressley**.

17-**Francis Sampson Lloyd** was born on 4 Mar 1875 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 29 Jun 1877 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire at age 2.

17-**Daniel Charles Lloyd**¹² was born on 13 Sep 1879 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 7 Jul 1931 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner F.H.Lloyd & Co.
- He had a residence in Stoneham Lodge, Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

Daniel married **Alice Hilda Bolton**,¹² daughter of **Rev. Charles Nelson Bolton** and **Catherine Anne Norman**,⁴⁷ on 10 Aug 1904 in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire. Alice was born on 22 Jun 1879 in All Saints' Vicarage, Darlaston, Staffordshire. They had six children: **Alice Katharine**, **Francis Nelson**, **Michael Charles**, **Andrew Bolton**, **John Richard Brian**, and **Ann Elizabeth Rosamund**.

18-**Alice Katharine Lloyd** was born on 7 Aug 1905 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

18-**Francis Nelson Lloyd** was born on 13 Aug 1907 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 27 Jun 1974 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director F.H.Lloyd & Co.

Francis married **Pamela Mary Langley**, daughter of **Cyril Owen Langley** and **Mary Armitage**. They had four children: **Judith Ann**, **Anthony Francis**, **Belinda Mary**, and **John Henry**.

19-**Judith Ann Lloyd**

Judith married **Anthony Charles Palmer**, son of **John Eric Palmer** and **Mary Edith Blakemore**. They had four children: **Richard John**, **David Allan**, **Jeremy**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Charles Francis, and Christopher Mark.

20-Richard John Palmer

Richard married **Tracey Grimmiett**. They had four children: **Samantha, Daniel, Victoria, and Alice Sophie Isabel Elizabeth.**

21-Samantha Grimmiett

21-Daniel Grimmiett

21-Victoria Grimmiett

21-Alice Sophie Isabel Elizabeth Palmer

20-David Allan Palmer

David married **Anne Lavies Caldwell**, daughter of **Frank Griffiths Caldwell** and **Betty Palmer Buesden**. They had two children: **Rebecca Katherine** and **Alexander Caldwell.**

21-Rebecca Katherine Palmer

21-Alexander Caldwell Palmer

20-Jeremy Charles Francis Palmer

Jeremy married **Katharine Jane Allred.**

20-Christopher Mark Palmer

Christopher married **Allison Mary Howells**, daughter of **Terence Colin Howells** and **Hilda Gibson**. They had one son: **Owen Christopher.**

21-Owen Christopher Palmer

19-Anthony Francis Lloyd

Anthony married **Joy Ruby Meyer**, daughter of **Rudolph Jacob Meyer** and **Mabel Amelia Schubert**. They had two children: **Julian Francis** and **Dominic Rudolf.**

20-Julian Francis Lloyd

20-Dominic Rudolf Lloyd

19-Belinda Mary Lloyd

Belinda married **Richard John Smith**, son of **Ronald Morris Smith** and **Ruth Margaret Chambers**. They had three children: **Margaret Anna, Timothy Peter, and Benjamin John.**

20-Margaret Anna Smith

Margaret married **Alistair James Fitzgerald Clarke**. They had one son: **Richard James Fitzgerald.**

21-Richard James Fitzgerald Clarke

20-Timothy Peter Smith

20-Benjamin John Smith

19-**John Henry Lloyd**

John married **Jane Althea Boot**, daughter of **Stanley Boot** and **Roswyn Althea Lilian Wood**. They had three children: **Ann Mary**, **William John**, and **Frances Roswyn**.

20-**Ann Mary Lloyd**

20-**William John Lloyd**

20-**Frances Roswyn Lloyd**

18-**Michael Charles Lloyd** was born on 6 Aug 1909 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 20 Jan 1973 in Torquay. In Hotel Fire. at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director and Chairman F.H.Lloyd & Co., Iron founders.

Michael married **Priscilla Mary Congreve Dent**, daughter of **Howard Henry Congreve Dent** and **Olive Mary Lewis**. They had three children: **Charlotte Mary Congreve**, **Penelope Ann Congreve**, and **Daniel Charles**.

19-**Charlotte Mary Congreve Lloyd**

Charlotte married **David Edward Campbell Hall**, son of **Patrick C. Hall** and **Hazel Robins**, on 10 Sep 1966 in Worfield Church, Shropshire. David was born on 13 Aug 1941 and died in Aug 1984 in Fort Myers, Florida, U.S.A. at age 43. They had two children: **Lucinda Mary** and **Patrick Campbell**.

20-**Lucinda Mary Hall**

Lucinda married **Simon Pringle Noyce**, son of **Michael John Noyce** and **Diana Melody Simpson**.

20-**Patrick Campbell Hall**

19-**Penelope Ann Congreve Lloyd**

19-**Daniel Charles Lloyd**

Daniel married **Caroline Jane Hill**, daughter of **David A. Hill** and **Margaret**. They had two children: **Lucinda Anne** and **Victoria Mary**.

20-**Lucinda Anne Lloyd**

20-**Victoria Mary Lloyd**

Daniel next married **Karen Diane Hunter**.

18-**Andrew Bolton Lloyd** was born on 1 Jul 1914 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 24 Jun 2000 in Bognor Regis, Sussex at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director F.H.Lloyd & Co.

Andrew married **Mary Suzanne Jenks**, daughter of **Reginald Percy Jenks** and **Amy Bowker**. They had two children: **Elizabeth Mary** and **Charles Andrew Reginald**.

19-**Elizabeth Mary Lloyd**

Elizabeth married **John George Le Feuvre Baker**, son of **George Stanley Baker** and **Esme Florence Le Feuvre**, on 24 Sep 1966 in Knowle, Kent. John was born on 20 May 1928 in Ceylon and died on 25 May 1993 in England at age 65. They had two children: **Sarah Suzanne** and **Donna Esmee**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Insurance Broker.

20-Sarah Suzanne Baker

20-Donna Esmee Baker

19-Charles Andrew Reginald Elwell

Charles married **Diana Mary Field**, daughter of **J. J. Field** and **J. Rodgers**. They had two children: **Antonia Caroline** and **Natalie Camilla**.

20-Antonia Caroline Elwell

20-Natalie Camilla Elwell

Charles next married **C. J. Breakwell**, daughter of **Stanley Edward Breakwell** and **Thelma Sadler**.

Andrew next married **Joanna Orchard Carter**, daughter of **Alfred Orchard Carter** and **Florence Noble**, on 1 Apr 1950 in Bournemouth, Dorset. Joanna was born on 3 Sep 1924 in Bournemouth, Dorset and died on 3 Feb 1998 in Bognor Regis, Sussex at age 73. They had two children: **Alexander Patrick** and **Richard James**.

19-Alexander Patrick Lloyd

Alexander married **Ruth Robson**, daughter of **Erwin Robson** and **Irene Hillmann**. They had two children: **David Mathew** and **Nicholas Andrew**.

20-David Mathew Lloyd

20-Nicholas Andrew Lloyd was born on 16 Aug 1981 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey and died on 30 Dec 1993 in Cambridge at age 12.

19-Richard James Lloyd

Richard married **Antoinette Wolkowiski**, daughter of **Albert Jacob Wolkowiski** and **Antoinette Magdalene Mandemakers**. They had two children: **Florian Dominic** and **Fabian Antonius**.

20-Florian Dominic Lloyd

20-Fabian Antonius Lloyd

18-John Richard Brian Lloyd was born on 7 Nov 1918 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 6 Aug 1977 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 58.

John married **Madge Sybil Morley**, daughter of **Samuel George Morley** and **Winifred Maud Muller**. They had three children: **Jonathan Richard**, **Nicholas David**, and **Josephine Amanda**.

19-Jonathan Richard Lloyd

Jonathan married **Anne Maureen Church**, daughter of **Douglas Harold Church** and **Betty Maureen Scott**. They had one daughter: **Emma Joanne**.

20-Emma Joanne Lloyd

19-Nicholas David Lloyd

19-Josephine Amanda Lloyd

Josephine married **Piers David Beckett**. They had two children: **Stephen John** and **Michael David**.

20-Stephen John Beckett

20-Michael David Beckett

18-Ann Elizabeth Rosamund Lloyd

Ann married **Christopher Charles Dunkley**, son of **Charles Henry Dunkley** and **Edith Mildred Gray**. They had five children: **Rosamund Honor**, **Geoffrey Charles**, **Theresa Mary**, **Jill Patricia**, and **Hugh Grey**.

19-Rosamund Honor Dunkley

Rosamund married **Vaino Latvala**, son of **Martii Ilmari Latvala** and **Rakel Onerva Pyhalahti**. They had two children: **Christopher** and **Karl**.

20-Christopher Latvala

20-Karl Latvala

19-Geoffrey Charles Dunkley

Geoffrey married **Katharine Kirkwood**. They had three children: **Rosamund**, **Megan**, and **Emma**.

20-Rosamund Dunkley

20-Megan Dunkley

20-Emma Dunkley

19-Theresa Mary Dunkley

Theresa married **Dale Owen Law**, son of **Lester William Law** and **Georgette Monsour**. They had two children: **Dana Kathleen** and **Curtis James**.

20-Dana Kathleen Law

20-Curtis James Law

19-Jill Patricia Dunkley

Jill married **Andrew Fisher**.

19-Hugh Grey Dunkley

17-Maj. **John Francis Selby Lloyd** was born on 10 Oct 1881 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire, died on 18 Jun 1915 in Flanders, Belgium. Killed in action at age 33, and was buried in Wulverghem-Lindenhoek Military cemetery, Belgium.

General Notes: **Lloyd, John Francis Selby** Born Sept. 10, 1881, at Wednesbury, Staffs. Youngest son of Francis Henry Lloyd, of Stowe Hill, Lichfield, Staffs. Rossall School. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 25, 1900. Matric. Michs. 1900; BA 1903. A director of the Welders Steel-Tube Company, Birmingham. Married to Eleanora May, née Lawrence. Major, 6th North Staffordshire Regiment; killed in action, June 18, 1915, in Flanders. Buried in Wulverghem-Lindenhoek Road Military Cemetery, Belgium.
College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rossall School.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1900-1903.
- He worked as a Director of the Welders Steel-Tube Company in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as an officer of the 6th North Staffordshire Regiment.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

John married **Eleonora Mary Lawrence**, daughter of **George Patrick Charles Lawrence**³⁷⁴ and **Hon. Hildegarde Davey**,³⁷⁴ on 4 Jan 1913 in London. Eleonora was born on 18 Dec 1887 in London and died on 21 May 1927 in London at age 39. They had one daughter: **Patricia Frances Alice**.

18-Patricia Frances Alice Lloyd was born on 19 Oct 1914 in Stowe Hill, Lichfield and died on 28 Sep 2013 in Waltham St Lawrence, Berkshire at age 98.

General Notes: Pippa Mills died on 28th September. She would have been 99 years old this month. She had a severe stroke about two months ago and was in hospital for a bit but the family managed to get her home and they were with her when she died. She was my father's first cousin and the last of FH Lloyd's Grandchildren. She was a wonderful person and we will all miss her very much. The funeral was held on Monday at Waltham St Lawrence where she had lived since 1959. It was a lovely occasion attended by all her children, grandchildren and great grandchildren, I think 37 in total! There were lovely tributes by her three children, Angus, Eleanor and David. Unfortunately we had been away for a few days, and therefore had not heard of her death - if I had known I would most certainly have been there for the service as Waltham St L is just a couple of miles down the road from here. So sorry.
Richard (Lloyd) 9 Oct 2013

Patricia married **Kenneth Mackenzie Donald Mills**, son of **John Donald Mills** and **Madeline Hill Newton**, on 15 Sep 1936 in Charterhouse, Godalming, Surrey. Kenneth was born on 6 Jun 1912 in Broughty Ferry, Dundee, Scotland and died on 30 Apr 1982 in Waltham St Lawrence, Berkshire at age 69. They had three children: **John Angus Donald**, **Eleanor Mary Donald**, and **David Mackenzie Donald**.

19-John Angus Donald Mills

John married **Dame Barbara Jean Lyon Warnock**,² daughter of **John Warnock** and **Nora Kitty Sheather**, on 28 Jul 1962 in Southwold, Suffolk. Barbara was born on 10 Aug 1940 in Chorley Wood, Herts. and died on 28 May 2011 in Royal Free Hospital, Hampstead, London at age 70. They had four children: **Sarah Madeline**, **Caroline Frances**, **Elizabeth Jane**, and **Peter John**.

General Notes: Mills [née Warnock], Dame Barbara Jean Lyon (1940– 2011), barrister and public servant, was born on 10 August 1940 at Wroxton, Lower Road, Chorleywood, Hertfordshire, the elder daughter of John Lyon Warnock, chartered accountant, and his wife, Nora Kitty, née Sheather (1911– 1997). At the time of her birth registration her parents lived at 31 St Mary's Avenue, Northwood, Middlesex. She was head girl at St Helen's School, Northwood, before matriculating at Lady Margaret Hall, Oxford, where she read jurisprudence. She was the Gibbs scholar in 1961 and graduated with a second-class degree in 1962. While at Oxford she met John Angus Donald Mills (b. 1938), who was reading philosophy, politics, and economics at Merton College, and was later a successful businessman. They married on 28 July 1962, following her graduation.

Barbara Mills was called to the bar by the Middle Temple in 1963 (being elected a bencher in 1990). Joining the chambers of Edward Cussens at 3 Temple Gardens, she was swiftly identified as a high flier and was appointed junior Treasury counsel at the central criminal court in 1981, with the resultant high profile and difficult caseload. She took silk in 1986 and was made a recorder in 1982. She thrived on challenge and all aspects of her life manifested her special combination of determination, organization, industry, good humour, and sociability. She used these qualities to full effect. She was the leader of the first generation of women in the law determined to show that practice at the bar could be combined with a full family life and other activities. Indeed she gave birth to her first child (she and John Mills had four in all, three daughters and a son) three weeks after bar finals.

Mills's major cases included prosecuting Michael Fagan for his intrusion into Buckingham Palace. After taking silk she unsuccessfully defended Winston Silcott who was convicted (but subsequently cleared) of the murder of PC Keith Blakelock during the Broadwater Farm estate riots in Tottenham in 1985. However, her meticulous approach to case management and eye for detail drew her towards commercial fraud, which was an increasing feature of the criminal justice system in the 1980s and 1990s. She was one of two leading counsel instructed to prosecute the four Guinness defendants accused of conspiracy to drive up the price of shares in the company during its takeover battle for the drinks firm Distillers in 1986.

Mills never allowed her professional and family commitments to preclude a wider contribution. From 1988 to 1990 she was a member of the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board, serving simultaneously as legal assessor to the General Medical Council and the General Dental Council. She was appointed to the Parole Board in 1990.

Mills's standing after the Guinness case was undoubtedly a factor in her appointment in 1990 as director of the Serious Fraud Office, established in 1988 as an organization that would integrate the investigative, accountancy, and legal aspects of the handling of commercial fraud. Investigations relating to Barlow Clowes (a £17 million investment fraud), the alleged concealment of undersubscription in the Blue Arrow rights issue, the collapse of the Maxwell publishing empire, Mirror Group, with some £400 million of debts and pension fund deficit, and that of Polly Peck International in 1990, were all challenging. She sought to change attitudes to fraud, dismissing the notion of a victimless fraud. But, with the Serious Fraud Office falling well short of expectations, Mills bore the brunt of the developing criticisms. Although she lacked many of the leadership qualities and the management experience necessary to head a public body, most of its problems reflected the prevailing inadequacies of financial and company regulation as well as the lack of structured arrangements for international co-operation and judicial disinclination towards structured case management.

Mills's appointment as the first female director of public prosecutions in 1992 made her head of an organization with some 6000 staff, spread across about 100 offices, with a budget of nearly £300 million. At that time it handled approximately 1.4 million cases annually. The formative years of the crown prosecution service had been characterized by hostility from the police service and ongoing differences of culture internally. Mills brought the same energy and hands-on approach to this role as to

all other aspects of her life. Her ready engagement (unusual in the public sector at that time) made her initially popular with the press— her manicured scarlet fingernails also adding to the column inches. But she failed to appreciate journalistic fickleness and her 'controlling' approach ultimately backfired in terms of media relations.

Mills's term as director of public prosecutions was controversial both in casework terms and for the organizational changes she made. Faced with criticisms dating back before her appointment that the crown prosecution service was inefficient, a source of delay, and had a poor record of convictions, she resolved to reform its unwieldy structure, develop a clearer policy framework, and establish casework standards within a streamlined organization. Most controversially this involved reducing its thirty-one areas to thirteen, and strengthening central reporting. However, the achievement from this period that gave her most personal satisfaction was the introduction of victim impact statements— the beginning of a process towards an ever-increasing emphasis of the importance of victims' interests in the criminal justice system. On the casework front Mills faced criticism, probably unfairly, for the decision in 1993 not to proceed with charges relating to the racially motivated murder of a black teenager, Stephen Lawrence. History was to show that the police investigation itself was flawed and possibly also tainted by corruption. There were also claims that the crown prosecution service was allowing too many cases of deaths in police custody to go unprosecuted. Mills was strongly censured by the High Court which held that the crown prosecution service had 'repeatedly demonstrated a flawed approach' to such cases. An inquiry by a retired judge, Gerald Butler, reinforced the criticism.

Mills's support for rights of audience for employed lawyers in the higher courts (in the face of opposition from former colleagues at the bar) gained her respect within the crown prosecution service but to some this was outweighed by her management style and organizational changes which reflected her supreme confidence in her own judgments. This set her at odds with the trade unions and in particular the First Division Association, who represented prosecutors and senior staff.

Although Mills's term had been extended by the Conservative government, the Labour Party policy document Case for the Prosecution (1997) committed the incoming Labour government in 1997 to establishing a judge-led review of the crown prosecution service, which was conducted by Sir Iain Glidewell. The report was highly critical and its overall thrust was that the service had become ineffectual, leading to a fall in prosecutions at a time of rising crime. Mills rejected these criticisms but none the less decided shortly before the report's publication to stand down, explaining that she felt it right to make way for a successor to implement the extensive changes recommended. She was fifty-eight and, true to character, saw her departure from the post as an opportunity to develop a new portfolio. In 1999 she was appointed as adjudicator for the Inland Revenue and for HM customs and excise, dealing with grievances from members of the public. She held this post until 2009. Mills's feminism was of a practical nature: a trailblazer for women in law, she always supported the pursuit of opportunities for women. She served as a governor of London Metropolitan University (formerly London Guildhall University) from 1999 to 2007, seeing it as an opportunity to promote the education of the diverse population of north London, and chaired the council of the Women's Library from 2001 to 2007 through a critical period of its development as it strove to finance its new purpose-built museum, gallery, library, and archive. Her other appointments included a non-executive directorship of the Royal Free Hampstead Hospital NHS Trust (2000– 07), and in 2008 she was appointed to chair the Professional Oversight Board of the Financial Reporting Council (the disciplinary body for the accountancy and actuary professions), a post she held until her death. She was much admired and was particularly successful in developing relationships with the actuarial profession when they were brought under the auspices of the Financial Reporting Council following the Morris review of 2005. Mills had always championed the cause of victims and became a trustee of Victim Support from 1999 to 2004.

Barbara Mills worked hard and played hard, describing herself as a very determined person blessed with a lot of energy. She was an accomplished tennis player, having competed at senior level, and routinely demonstrated her prowess in crown prosecution service sports events when, notwithstanding her maturing years, she would invariably see off younger staff. Her ideal break was a spring visit to Kaprun, Austria, where she could ski on the glacier in the morning and enjoy tennis in the afternoon. Even so, she gave as her recreation in Who's Who 'My family'— of whom she was hugely supportive and to whom she was vehemently loyal. This was particularly true in the face of the press criticisms of her husband that sometimes resulted from a combination of his political and business interests.

Despite the inclusion in her Desert Island Discs choices of 'Je ne regrette rien', Mills would have been disappointed that death deprived her of the satisfaction of seeing the return and imprisonment of the fugitive Asil Nadir (head of Polly Peck) and the crown prosecution service revert to thirteen areas. She was active to the end of her life, enjoying the company of her eight grandchildren, until she suffered a major stroke at her home in Camden Town on 16 May 2011. She died in the Royal Free Hospital, London, on 28 May 2011 after being in a coma for ten days. She was survived by her husband and their four children, Peter, Sarah, Caroline, and Lizzie.

Stephen Wooler

Sources The Times (30 May 2011); (14 June 2011) · Daily Telegraph (30 May 2011) · The Guardian (30 May 2011); (3 June 2011); (6 June 2011) · Hampstead and Highgate Express (2 June 2011) · The Independent (7 June 2011) · Burke, Peerage · WW (2011) · personal knowledge (2015) · private information (2015) · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert.

Likenesses E. Maker, photographs, 1977, Getty Images, London · photographs, 1986– 97, Photoshot, London · D. Gaywood, photograph, 1992, PA Images, London · N. Turpin, photograph, 1992, Rex Features, London [see illus.] · photographs, 1992, Rex Features, London · double portrait, photograph, 1997 (with husband), Camera Press, London · photographs, 1997, PA Images, London · photograph, Heritage Images, London

Wealth at death £706,104: probate, 23 Sept 2011, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Director of Public Prosecutions. QC.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- Her obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph on 30 May 2011.

20-Sarah Madeline Mills

Sarah married **James McTavish**. They had two children: **Jack Alexander** and **Frederic James**.

21-Jack Alexander McTavish

21-Frederic James McTavish

20-Caroline Frances Mills

Caroline married **Daniel Corby**, son of **Anthony Stewart Corby** and **Susan Ruth Silman**. They had three children: **Anna Scout Camden**, **Grace Scarlett Kitty**, and **Esther**.

21-Anna Scout Camden Corby

21-Grace Scarlett Kitty Corby

21-Esther Corby

20-Elizabeth Jane Mills

Elizabeth married **David Sowell**s. They had two children: **Isobel** and **Henry**.

21-Isobel Sowells

21-Henry Sowells

20-Peter John Mills

Peter married **Michelle**. They had one son: **Joseph**.

21-Joseph Mills

19-Eleanor Mary Donald Mills

Eleanor married **David Phillips**. They had three children: **Tom Mackenzie**, **Catherine Patricia**, and **Emily Dawn**.

20-Tom Mackenzie Phillips

Tom married **Judith Evans**. They had two children: **Hal** and **Dulcie**.

21-Hal Phillips

21-Dulcie Phillips

20-Catherine Patricia Phillips

20-Emily Dawn Phillips

Eleanor next married **Stephen Fein**, son of **Leo Gerald Fein** and **Alice Hilda Lustig**. They had three children: **Martha**, **Stephen**, and **Jessie**.

20-Martha Fein

Martha married **John Butterfield**.

20-Stephen Fein

20-Jessie Fein

19-David Mackenzie Donald Mills

David married Margaret Peta Smith. They had three children: Eleanor Kirsty Joan, Luke Geoffrey Mackenzie, and Anna Frances Harriet.

20-Eleanor Kirsty Joan Mills

Eleanor married Derek Lock. They had two children: Laura and Alice.

21-Laura Lock

21-Alice Lock

20-Luke Geoffrey Mackenzie Mills

Luke married Bree.

20-Anna Frances Harriet Mills

Anna married Alan Pesskin.

David next married Dame Tessa Jane Helen Douglas Jowell in Mar 1979 in Camden Town Hall, London. Tessa was born in 1950 and died on 12 May 2018 at age 68. They had two children: Jessica Rosemary Frances and Mathew Marino Kenneth Mackenzie.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a MP & Minister.

20-Jessica Rosemary Frances Mills

20-Mathew Marino Kenneth Mackenzie Mills

Mathew married Ella Woodward.

17-Eleanor Mildred Lloyd was born on 22 Feb 1885 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 23 May 1958 in Chiddingfold, Surrey at age 73.

Eleanor married Andrew Leicester Irvine, son of John William Irvine and Katherine Maria Bullock, on 30 Dec 1913 in Lichfield Cathedral, Staffordshire. Andrew was born on 18 Sep 1881 in Colchester, Essex and died in 1967 at age 86. They had five children: John Francis Macaulay, Colin, Robin Eliot, Janet Howard, and John Murray.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Assistant Master, Charterhouse.

18-John Francis Macaulay Irvine was born on 9 Jul 1916 in Godalming, Surrey and died on 23 May 1919 in Godalming, Surrey at age 2.

18-Colin Irvine was born on 13 Jun 1918 in Godalming, Surrey and died on 16 Jun 1918 in Godalming, Surrey.

18-Dr. Robin Eliot Irvine²⁶³ was born on 27 Sep 1920 in Godalming, Surrey and died on 25 Dec 2002 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 82.

General Notes: Robin Eliot Irvine

b.27 Sept 1920 d.25 Dec 2002

CBE BA Cantab(1942) MRCP(1948) MD(1955) MA(1958) FRCP(1968)

'Bobby' Irvine was a consultant geriatrician of distinction who made important contributions to this developing specialty. After school at Winchester College he read

Descendants of Thomas Forster

medicine at King's College, Cambridge, and Guy's Hospital, where he was awarded the Golding Bird prize for medicine. After qualification and house jobs at Guy's he served as a medical officer in the Army until 1947. Returning to hospital practice in Cheltenham, the Brompton Hospital, Guy's, Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Sunderland, he gained experience and higher qualifications, before being appointed consultant physician in geriatric medicine to the Hastings Health Authority in 1958. At that time he had the care of 600 patients a year in 300 chronic sick beds disposed in four hospitals. In this he was assisted by a part-time house physician and a few GP sessions. Over the years he saw the beds reduced to 200, the yearly number of admissions rise to 4,000, and the staff increase to include four consultants and nine others. He had seen a period of great change and had the satisfaction of having contributed significantly to it. His main interest was interdisciplinary collaboration. Working with the orthopaedic surgeon Mr M B Devas, he helped establish the world's first geriatric orthopaedic unit. One of the first geriatric day hospitals played it's part in the scheme. Many doctors from home and overseas were trained in geriatric medicine in his unit. As Hastings' first clinical tutor he organized clinical meetings and helped in the formation of a post-graduate centre. By his writing he added significantly to the literature on his subject.

In 1981 he was elected president of the British Geriatrics Society and served on numerous committees both local and national, becoming consultant adviser in geriatric medicine to the Ministry of Health. The award of CBE for his work was much deserved.

In 1947 he married Florence Margaret (Peggy) Walter, a Guy's nurse who came from Guernsey. So it was that after retirement they moved to that island in 1986. A man of wide interests and love of life, Bobby was soon involved in island life. He took an interest in the local medical scene and served the community on the committees of the hospice and of a geriatric home. Golf, bridge, bird watching, nature walks, choral singing and drama were all embraced, but above all he was interested in people. He loved people and people loved him and this brought him many new friends. He did not forget his old friends or his roots and worked hard at organizing annual reunions for his Guy's contemporaries. Typically he was interested in their doings even if they did not attend!

Sadly he lost his beloved Peggy in 1996, but his large and loving family, his friends and his out-going spirit sustained him, as did the Christian faith which was central to his being. A devout Catholic he had the honour of being a Knight of the Holy Sepulchre.

The onset of Parkinson's disease curtailed his activities in recent years and then inoperable bowel cancer combined with it to weaken him progressively. He accepted this and looked forward to being re-united with Peggy. Increasing debility failed to lower his spirit and he drew great strength from his church, which he attended daily until the end. He allowed nothing to prevent his active interest in life around him and in his seven children and 16 grandchildren. Appreciative, as always, he never ceased to praise all the wonderful people who cared for him by day and night and made it possible for him to remain in his own home.

J R Dickson

[References:The Independent 5 Feb 2003;Brit.med.J.,2003,326,227]

(Volume XI, page 288) Munks Roll

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD FRCP CBE.
- He worked as a Consultant Geriatrician.

Robin married **Florence Margaret Walter**,²⁶³ daughter of **William Reginald Walter** and **Margaret Dee**, on 30 Jul 1947 in Guernsey, Channel Islands. Florence was born on 22 Jan 1918 in Shanghai, China and died on 4 May 1996 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 78. They had seven children: **Anne Catharine**, **Deborah Mary**, **Andrew Geoffrey**, **Patricia Margaret**, **Mary Elizabeth**, **William Francis**, and **Peter John**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Nurse, Guy's Hospital in London.

19-Anne Catharine Irvine

Anne married **Victor George Chopin-John**, son of **Ivan Chopin-John** and **Rosie Bonnommie**. They had two children: **Eleanor Mary** and **Adrian Mark**.

20-Eleanor Mary Chopin-John

Eleanor married **Dan Saunders**, son of **Michael Brian Saunders** and **Janet Kathleen**. They had one son: **Hayden Michael**.

21-Hayden Michael Saunders

20-Adrian Mark Chopin-John

Anne next married **William John Walter**, son of **John Brittan Walter** and **Enid Joyce McAndless**, in Sep 1985 in Camberwell, London. William was born on 10 Nov 1933 in Kobe, Japan and died in Jun 2001 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 67. They had one son: **William James**.

20-William James Walter

Anne next married **Malcolm Lakin**.

19-Deborah Mary Irvine

Deborah married **Stephen John Uzzell**. They had two children: **Sasha Ann** and **Jerome Sebastian**.

20-Sasha Ann Uzzell

Sasha married **Ian William Godfrey**. They had two children: **Stephanie Leigh** and **Sophie Jane**.

21-Stephanie Leigh Godfrey

21-Sophie Jane Godfrey

20-Jerome Sebastian Uzzell

Jerome married **Justine**.

Deborah next married **Andrew Leeson**.

19-Andrew Geoffrey Irvine

Andrew married **Judith Mary Breed**, daughter of **Gordon John Edward Breed** and **Grace Eileen Bickmore**. They had three children: **Joanna Elizabeth**, **Philippa Clare**, and **Robin John**.

20-Joanna Elizabeth Irvine

20-Philippa Clare Irvine

20-Robin John Irvine

19-Patricia Margaret Irvine

Patricia married **Simon Michael Walsh**, son of **Ruberik Michael Walsh** and **Valerie Ann Rix**. They had four children: **Rohan Margaret Maeve**, **Cliodhna Frances**, **Aife Catherine**, and **Orla Mary Helen Joyce**.

20-Rohan Margaret Maeve Walsh

20-Cliodhna Frances Walsh

20-Aife Catherine Walsh

20-Orla Mary Helen Joyce Walsh

19-Mary Elizabeth Irvine

Mary married **Keith James Odlum**, son of **Norman James Odlum** and **Barbara Margaret Sage**. They had three children: **Emma Louise**, **Alex James**, and **Simon Eliot**.

20-Emma Louise Odlum

20-Alex James Odlum

20-Simon Eliot Odlum

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19-William Francis Irvine

William married **Ania Swecziak**. They had two children: **Eliot** and **Calan Konrad**.

20-Eliot Irvine

20-Calan Konrad Irvine

19-Peter John Irvine

Peter married **Mary Marie Jean-Baptiste**, daughter of **Nurious Jean-Baptiste** and **Martha Vital**. They had three children: **Matthew Dominic**, **Christian Daniel Michael**, and **Bryony Katrina Caroline**.

20-Matthew Dominic Irvine

20-Christian Daniel Michael Irvine

20-Bryony Katrina Caroline Irvine

18-**Janet Howard Irvine**³⁷⁵ was born on 25 Aug 1922 in Godalming, Surrey and died in Jan 1999 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 76.

Janet married **Ronald Guy Hendley Montague Kirkwood**,³⁷⁵ son of **Sir Walter Guy Coffin Kirkwood**^{3,375} and **Mabel Henrietta Dale Trotter**,^{3,375} on 12 Jul 1947 in Chiddingfold. Ronald was born on 11 May 1909 in London and died on 28 Nov 1974 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 65. They had two children: **Walter Guy Hendley** and **Andrew John Cecil**.

19-**Walter Guy Hendley Kirkwood**³⁷⁵ was born on 8 Jun 1950 in Bath, Somerset and died on 5 Oct 1988 in Dartmouth, Devon at age 38.

Walter married **Carole Leslie Vine** on 11 Jul 1982 in Devon. Carole was born in 1948, died on 18 Feb 2014 at age 66, and was buried on 22 Feb 2014. They had two children: **Laura Leslie** and **Edwin Guy Ronald**.

20-Laura Leslie Kirkwood

Laura married **Bob**.

20-Edwin Guy Ronald Kirkwood

Edwin married **Natalie Pope**. They had two children: **Dorian** and **Emily**.

21-Dorian Kirkwood

21-Emily Kirkwood

19-Andrew John Cecil Kirkwood

18-**Very Rev. John Murray Irvine** was born on 19 Aug 1924 in Godalming, Surrey and died in Sep 2005 in Ottery St. Mary at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Provost of Southwell.

John married **Pamela Shirley Brain**, daughter of **Charles Alfred Brain** and **Leonora Esme Violet Gaston**, on 29 Apr 1961 in St Stephen's, Westminster, London. Pamela was born on 18 Feb 1935 in Mitcham, Surrey and died on 14 Dec 1992 in Ottery St Mary, Devon at age 57. They had four children: **Nicholas David**, **Bridget Margaret**, **Eleanor Claire**, and **Joanna Carol**.

19-Nicholas David Irvine

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19-Bridget Margaret Irvine

Bridget married **Craig Johnston**, son of **William Johnston** and **Ann Sibbald**. They had two children: **Murray Mcenroe** and **Flora Robyn**.

20-Murray Mcenroe Johnston

20-Flora Robyn Johnston

19-Eleanor Claire Irvine

19-Joanna Carol Irvine

John next married **Mirian Ruth Davis**, daughter of **Harold Davis** and **Edith**.

16-**Mary Sophia Lloyd** was born on 23 Feb 1846 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died in Died Young.

Sampson next married **Eliza Lydia Zachary**,¹² daughter of **John Zachary** and **Eliza Thoms**, on 1 Jul 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Eliza was born on 28 Aug 1828 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 17 Feb 1913 in York, Yorkshire at age 84.

15-**Wilson Lloyd** was born on 9 Feb 1811 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Sep 1835 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 24.

14-**Alice Braithwaite** was born on 13 Jan 1770 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Died Young.

14-**Sarah Braithwaite** was born on 30 Jan 1772 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Died Young.

Sarah married **Abbatt**.

14-**Deborah Braithwaite**^{7,12,218} was born on 18 Sep 1775 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 30 Oct 1844 in Helme Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria at age 69.

Deborah married **William Dilworth Crewdson**,^{2,7,12,218,225} son of **Thomas Crewdson**^{2,7,218} and **Cicely Dilworth**,^{2,7,218} on 9 Oct 1798 in Kendal, Cumbria. William was born on 28 Dec 1774 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 Apr 1851 in Helme Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria at age 76. They had ten children: **William Dilworth, George Braithwaite, Rachel, Thomas Dilworth, Sarah, Maria, Deborah, Mary, John**, and **Edward**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Kendal, Cumbria.

15-**William Dilworth Crewdson**^{12,218} was born on 12 Sep 1799 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 Dec 1878 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Helme Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria.

William married **Sarah Fox**,^{12,218,376} daughter of **Francis Fox**^{34,377} and **Sarah Birkbeck**,^{376,377} on 6 Apr 1825 in FMH Plymouth. Sarah was born on 1 Jan 1802 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 10 Apr 1883 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 81.

15-**George Braithwaite Crewdson**^{12,218} was born on 28 Dec 1800 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 10 May 1876 in The Wood, Cartmel Fell, Cumbria at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1814-1815 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker in Kendal, Cumbria.

George married **Eleanor Fox**,^{12,218} daughter of **George Fox**^{2,77} and **Eleanor Rawes**, on 18 Oct 1831 in FMH Spiceland, Exeter, Devon. Eleanor was born on 19 Mar 1807 in Perranarworthal, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 1 Jun 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 83. They had eight children: **Eleanor, Anna Rebecca, Maria Jane, William**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Dilworth, George, Frances Mary, Ellen Fox, and Henry.

16-**Eleanor Crewdson** was born on 19 May 1833 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 26 May 1842 in Arnside, Cumbria. Drowned Bathing at age 9.

16-**Anna Rebecca Crewdson** was born on 29 Sep 1834 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 26 May 1842 in Arnside, Cumbria. Drowned Bathing at age 7.

16-**Maria Jane Crewdson** was born on 3 Jun 1836 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 30 May 1904 in Windermere at age 67.

16-**William Dilworth Crewdson**^{12,218} was born on 14 Mar 1838 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 Jan 1908 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Helme Lodge, Kendal.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Westmorland in 1888.
- He worked as a JP for Westmorland.

William married **Katharine Davidson**,^{12,218} daughter of **Thomas Davidson** and **Elizabeth Turner**, on 1 Feb 1866 in St. Paul's, Knightsbridge, London. Katharine was born on 14 Nov 1843 in St. George's Place, London and died on 9 Apr 1910 in Helme Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria at age 66.

16-**Rev. Canon George Crewdson**^{12,218,271} was born on 18 Aug 1840 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 Feb 1920 in Whitstead, Cambridge at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Rector of Scaleby 1871 To 1875 in Scaleby, Longtown, Carlisle, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. George's, Kendal 1875 To 1893 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. Mary's, Windermere in Windermere, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Hon. Canon of Carlisle Cathedral in Carlisle, Cumbria.

George married **Mary Salome Hay Sweet-Escott**,^{12,218,271} daughter of **Rev. Hay Sweet-Escott** and **Elizabeth Ball Colling**, on 4 Jan 1870 in Bath, Somerset. Mary was born on 6 Apr 1846 in Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Hampshire and died on 9 Sep 1910 in St. Mary's Vicarage, Windermere, Cumbria at age 64. They had six children: **Ethel Maria, Salome Mabel, George Herbert, Katharine Mary, William Dilworth**, and **Harold Escott**.

17-**Ethel Maria Crewdson**¹² was born on 18 Jul 1871 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 22 Sep 1910 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 39.

17-**Salome Mabel Crewdson**¹² was born on 28 Sep 1872 in Scaleby, Longtown, Carlisle, Cumbria and died on 22 Sep 1919 in Cambridge at age 46.

17-**George Herbert Crewdson**¹² was born on 5 Jun 1876 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Oct 1876 in Kendal, Cumbria.

17-**Katharine Mary Crewdson**¹² was born on 11 Sep 1878 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 4 Sep 1961 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Music Teacher at Abbot's Bromley School.

18-**Eleanor Mary Lloyd** was born on 6 Jun 1909 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham and died on 16 Dec 1993 in Malvern, Worcestershire at age 84.

18-**Katharine Olivia Lloyd** was born on 27 Dec 1910 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham and died in Mar 2011 at age 100.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with ARCM.

19-**Bridget Katharine Evans**

20-**Thomas Zachary Edward Veitch**

21-**Evan Thomas Veitch**

20-**Helen Katharine Veitch**

20-**Samuel George Veitch**

19-**Charles Crewdson Evans**

20-**James Henry Evans**

21-**Thomas Charles Evans**

21-**Frederick George Evans**

20-**Robert Zachary Evans**

20-**Victoria Sarah Evans**

21-**Amy Louise Herring**

21-**Zoe Theffania Herring**

19-**Caroline Olivia Evans**

20-**Katherine Louise Clegg**

21-**Dylan John Godden**

21-**Abby Louise Godden**

20-**Jennifer Olivia Clegg**

19-**Alison Margaret Evans**

18-**Margaret Cecilia Lloyd** was born on 24 Sep 1913 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an ARCM.

19-**Ann Cecilia Kempson**

19-**John Edwin Kempson**

19-**Ruth Margaret Kempson**

18-William Zachary Lloyd

19-Julia Katharine Lloyd

19-Michael Zachary Lloyd

20-Nicholas Lloyd

20-Katherine Elizabeth Lloyd

19-Peter Rupert Lloyd

20-David Lloyd

20-James Lloyd

19-Elizabeth Sarah Lloyd

20-William Mathews

20-Michael Mathews

20-Nicola Mathews

19-Richard William Lloyd

20-Sarah Lloyd

20-Rachel Frances Lloyd

20-John Richard Lloyd

20-Sylvie Lloyd

19-Philippa Mary Lloyd

18-**Dr. John Crewdson Lloyd** was born on 11 Sep 1917 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 27 Jul 2001 at age 83.
General Notes: MB. LRCP. MRCS. B.Ch.

19-Janet Crewdson Lloyd

20-Paul Hoskins

20-Jonathan Hoskins

19-**Nigel Anthony Braybrooke Lloyd** was born on 8 Jul 1944 in Worcester and died on 19 May 2011 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- His obituary was published in the <http://www.nigellloyd.com/>.

20-Emily Lloyd

19-Clare Felicity Lloyd

20-Catherine Lucy Durance

20-James John Durance

20-Anna Frances Durance

19-Francis Zachary Lloyd

17-Col. William Dilworth Crewdson^{12,218} was born on 6 Nov 1879 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 19 Feb 1972 at age 92.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister. Inner Temple.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Westmorland in 1912.
- He had a residence in Helme Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria.

William married **Cicely Maud Nicols**,^{12,218} daughter of **John Bruce Nichols** and **Frances Eliza Morgan**, on 15 Aug 1907 in St. Mary Magdalene's Church, Holmwood, Surrey. Cicely was born on 4 Aug 1882 in Holmwood, Surrey and died on 24 Jun 1966 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 83. They had three children: **Evelyn Katharine**, **Deborah Cicely**, and **Nancy Sweet Escott**.

18-Evelyn Katharine Crewdson¹² was born on 22 Apr 1909 in Worplesdon, Surrey.

Evelyn married **Maj. Richard Alexander Richmond Bagot Pearson**, son of **Frank Pearson** and **Susan Palmer**, on 4 Feb 1939 in Natland, Kendal, Cumbria. Richard was born on 10 Oct 1914 in Kirby Lonsdale, Cumbria and died on 14 Aug 1982 in Arkholme at age 67. They had three children: **Richard John Crewdson**, **Rachel Evelyn**, and **Alexander William Peter Nichols**.

19-Richard John Crewdson Pearson

Richard married **Catriona Wallace Angus**, daughter of **Roy Angus** and **Elizabeth MacLean**. They had two children: **Richard William Robert** and **Sarah Catriona**.

20-Richard William Robert Pearson

20-Sarah Catriona Pearson

19-Rachel Evelyn Pearson

Rachel married **Prof. Andrew Charles John Robertson**. They had two children: **Jaime** and **Barnaby**.

20-Jaime Robertson

20-Barnaby Robertson

19-Alexander William Peter Nichols Pearson

Alexander married **Gwyneth Hine**. They had two children: **Jane** and **William**.

20-Jane Pearson

20-William Pearson

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18-**Deborah Cicely Crewdson** was born on 11 May 1913 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Oct 2005 at age 92.

Deborah married **Owain Joseph Edward Gething**, son of **David Gething** and **Margaret Davies**, on 20 Apr 1946 in Natland, Kendal, Cumbria. Owain was born on 27 Oct 1915 in Morriston and died in 1995 at age 80. They had two children: **Jane Deborah** and **Sarah Margaret Nichols**.

19-**Jane Deborah Gething**

Jane married **Robert Shepard**. They had two children: **Ruth** and **Anna**.

20-**Ruth Shepard**

20-**Anna Shepard**

19-**Sarah Margaret Nichols Gething**

Sarah married **John Hanks**. They had two children: **David** and **Charlotte**.

20-**David Hanks**

20-**Charlotte Hanks**

18-**Nancy Sweet Escott Crewdson**

Nancy married **Rev. Robin Lang Wilson Jones**, son of **Henry Lang Jones** and **Ethel Maud Wilson**, on 10 Aug 1950 in Natland, Kendal, Cumbria. Robin was born on 12 Aug 1907 and was buried in Rural Dean Of Appleby. They had four children: **Margaret Maud**, **Andrew Dilworth**, **Catherine Mary**, and **Elizabeth Crewdson**.

19-**Margaret Maud Jones**

Margaret married **Trevor Hun**.

19-**Andrew Dilworth Jones**

19-**Catherine Mary Jones**

Catherine married **Alistair Jones**. They had four children: **William Alistair Lang**, **Poppy**, **Hugh**, and **Charlotte**.

20-**William Alistair Lang Jones**

20-**Poppy Jones**

20-**Hugh Jones**

20-**Charlotte Jones**

19-**Elizabeth Crewdson Jones**

17-**Rev. Harold Escott Crewdson**²⁷¹ was born on 21 Aug 1889 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 22 Oct 1964 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon.

Harold married **Olive Knight**,²⁷¹ daughter of **Rev. Frederick Knight** and **Lucy Kellett**, on 12 Jan 1916 in Manchester. Olive was born on 25 May 1893 in Salford, Manchester and died on 10 May 1974 at age 80. They had two children: **Joan Olive** and **Alison Sweet Escott**.

18-**Joan Olive Crewdson**²⁷¹ was born on 13 Feb 1917 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 6 May 2005 at age 88.

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18-Alison Sweet Escott Crewdson

16-**Frances Mary Crewdson**¹² was born on 8 May 1843 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 8 May 1931 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 88.

Frances married **Lieut. Richard Fletcher Broadrick**,¹² son of **George Broadrick** and **Jane Mudge Fletcher**, on 24 Oct 1866 in Windermere, Cumbria. Richard was born on 14 Mar 1832 in Hamphall Stubbs, Doncaster, Yorkshire and died on 31 Jan 1879 in Windermere, Cumbria. Drowned in the lake. at age 46. They had three children: **George Fletcher**, **Richard Wilfred**, and **Henry Crewdson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Highfield, Windermere, Cumbria.

17-**George Fletcher Broadrick**¹² was born on 5 Jun 1870 in The Wood, Cartmel Fell, Cumbria and died on 21 Aug 1915 in The Dardanelles, Turkey. Killed In Action. at age 45.

17-**Richard Wilfred Broadrick**¹² was born on 19 Apr 1872 in The Wood, Cartmel Fell, Cumbria and died on 21 Sep 1903 in Scafell Pike, Cumbria. Killed in a climbing accident. at age 31.

17-**Henry Crewdson Broadrick**¹² was born on 18 Dec 1874 in High Wray Bank, Ambleside, Cumbria and died on 9 Dec 1956 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 81.

16-**Ellen Fox Crewdson**¹² was born on 13 Feb 1845 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Dec 1902 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 57.

Ellen married **Frederic Wadsworth**,¹² son of **John Wadsworth** and **Mary Elizabeth Brown**, on 28 Jun 1866 in Windermere, Cumbria. Frederic was born on 14 Feb 1838 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 8 Mar 1930 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 92. They had three children: **Ellen Beatrice**, **Frederic Arthur**, and **Mary Lois**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor.
- He had a residence in Newlands, The Park, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

17-**Ellen Beatrice Wadsworth**¹² was born on 5 Oct 1868 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 4 Feb 1953 in Farndon, Newark on Trent, Nottinghamshire at age 84.

Ellen married **Richard Holmes Howitt**,¹² son of **Richard Leaver Howitt** and **Annette Holmes**, on 11 Dec 1902 in New Radford, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire. Richard was born on 21 Jul 1864 in Farnsfield, Nottingham and died on 10 Jan 1951 in Nottinghamshire at age 86. They had one son: **Richard Crewdson Leaver**.

18-**Richard Crewdson Leaver Howitt**¹² was born on 23 Jul 1911 in Farndon, Newark on Trent, Nottinghamshire and died in 1984 at age 73.

General Notes: British botanist. Leaver Howitt conducted studies into the willows, *Salix* L., and produced a flora of Nottinghamshire alongside his wife, Brenda. The pair were both active members of the Botanical Society of the British Isles (BSBI), recording in Nottinghamshire and taking part regularly in field meetings. Leaver Howitt was also the BSBI referee for Salicaceae and the Potamogetons.

Originally from Farndon in Nottinghamshire, he attended the Malvern Boys College and met Brenda Chalk in 1950. The couple were married the following year and lived together in Farndon. Leaver was a dedicated field botanist and spent 12 years painstakingly recording the plants of his home county, publishing his Flora of Nottinghamshire with Brenda in 1963. Interestingly, the last author of a flora of this county had been Leaver's great-great grandfather, Godfrey Howitt, in 1839. Once the flora was completed the pair began to collect plants further afield, visiting Norway, Iceland and Greenland in search of willows. Leaver published several papers on willow hybrids as well as a series of articles on *Salix* identification in the magazine of the Wild Flower Society. The hybrid *Calystegia* x *howittiorum* Brummitt was named in honour of the pair. Keen gardeners they developed and maintained an interesting collection of living plants in Farndon, including unusual shrubs and rare weed species.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Botanist.

Richard married **Brenda Margaret Chalk**, daughter of **Hubert Gaster Chalk** and **Mary Arderne Ormerod**, on 28 Mar 1951 in Southwell, Nottinghamshire. Brenda was born on 23 Nov 1925 in Exeter, Devon and died in 1981 in Newark, Nottinghamshire at age 56.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Botanist.

17-**Frederic Arthur Wadsworth**¹² was born on 30 Jun 1871 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 15 Apr 1943 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.
- He had a residence in 44 Addison Street, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

Frederic married **Edith Frances Taylor**,¹² daughter of **Seaton Frank Taylor** and **Helen Sennerth Davidson**, on 3 Jun 1902 in St. George's Church, Bickley, Kent. Edith was born on 7 Nov 1880 in Shortlands, Kent and died on 23 Feb 1961 in Normanton in the Wolds at age 80. They had two children: **Frederic Seaton** and **Arthur Davidson**.

18-**Frederic Seaton Wadsworth**¹² was born on 21 Sep 1903 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Cuddesdon Theological College.

Frederic married **Elizabeth Wilton Hamblin**, daughter of **Oliver Hamblin** and **Nellie Elizabeth Masters**.

18-**Arthur Davidson Wadsworth**¹² was born on 6 Feb 1911 in 44 Addison Street, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

Arthur married **Alice Elizabeth Mary Cruickshank**, daughter of **Edwin Gordon Cruickshank** and **Mary Thompson McIlvenna**. They had two children: **John Arthur Gordon** and **Angela Edith Mary**.

19-**John Arthur Gordon Wadsworth**

19-**Angela Edith Mary Wadsworth**

17-**Mary Lois Wadsworth**¹² was born on 16 Apr 1877 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 22 Aug 1952 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 75.

16-**Henry Crewdson**^{12,271} was born on 13 Oct 1852 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 11 Apr 1924 in Algeciras, Spain at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Windermere College.
- He worked as a Solicitor. In Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.
- He had a residence in Holme Dale, The Park, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

Henry married **Margaret Croom Fergusson**,^{12,271} daughter of **Alexander Andrew Fergusson** and **Jane Taylor**, on 27 Apr 1882 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. Margaret was born on 26 Oct 1858 in Partick, Glasgow and died on 4 Mar 1926 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 67. They had three children: **Jean Eleanor**, **Dorothea Mary Lynette**, and **Henry Alistair Fergusson**.

17-**Jean Eleanor Crewdson**¹² was born on 14 Jul 1884 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 17 Aug 1959 in London at age 75.

Jean married **Gilbert Howard**,¹² son of **Joseph Howard**^{12,225} and **Ellen Waterhouse**,^{12,225} on 30 Jun 1908 in Holy Trinity Church, Lenton, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire. Gilbert was born on 28 Dec 1875 in Tottenham, London and died on 1 Mar 1936 in London at age 60. They had two children: **Henry Michael** and **Gilbert Alexander Ferguson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury College.

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- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He had a residence in 26 Warwick Gardens, Kensington, London.

18-**Henry Michael Howard**¹² was born on 14 Feb 1911 in 26 Warwick Gardens, Kensington, London and died on 21 Sep 1996 in Kensington at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bell Founder.

Henry married **Rosamond Celine Phillips**, daughter of **William Edward Phillips** and **Rosamond Jellett**.

18-**Gilbert Alexander Ferguson Howard**¹² was born on 7 Jan 1913 in 26 Warwick Gardens, Kensington, London and died on 30 Sep 1914 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 1.

17-**Dorothea Mary Lynette Crewdson** was born on 18 Jul 1886 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 12 Mar 1919 in Etaples, France, Died On Active Service. at age 32.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with MM RRC SSC.

17-**Brig. Henry Alistair Fergusson Crewdson**²⁷¹ was born on 31 Dec 1897 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 21 Sep 1987 at age 89.

General Notes: Note from Richard Lloyd by e-mail 21/2/11. Would this be the son of Richard (W.R. Crewdson), grandson of Brig Alastair Crewdson? Alastair used to live in Slindon, nr Arundel where my wife Bree's parents lived, and he also used to be my Grandmother's solicitor! He was linked to the Fox family and helped me a lot with the connections to that tribe....

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD.
- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He worked as an officer of the Coldstream Guards and then, the Sherwood Foresters.
- He worked as a Solicitor.

Henry married **Caroline Mary Inge**, daughter of **Charles Cuthbert Inge** and **Arabella Hamilton Sams**, on 29 Sep 1927 in Oxford. Caroline was born on 6 Dec 1905 in Cranleigh, Surrey. They had two children: **Gillian Mary** and **William Richard Inge**.

18-**Gillian Mary Crewdson**

Gillian married **John Philip Evans**.

18-**William Richard Inge Crewdson**

William married **Geraldine Sarah Hayward**, daughter of **Gerald Baldwin Hayward** and **Margaret Sarah Godfrey-Faussett**. They had three children: **William Alastair Hayward**, **Katharine**, and **Philip**.

19-**William Alastair Hayward Crewdson**

19-**Katharine Crewdson**

19-**Philip Crewdson**

Henry next married **Edith Mary Churton**, daughter of **Theodore Townson Churton** and **Ethel Mary Andrews**, on 29 Nov 1941 in London. Edith was born on 26 Jan 1900

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in Icklesham and died on 16 Aug 1978 at age 78.

15-**Rachel Crewdson**^{8,12,26,218} was born on 31 Jan 1802 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 25 Jul 1882 in Wellington, Somerset at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1810-1814 in York, Yorkshire.

Rachel married **Henry Fox**,^{8,12,26,218,275} son of **Thomas Fox**^{7,11,81,275,377,378} and **Sarah Smith**,^{7,11,81,275,377} on 6 Feb 1833 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. Henry was born on 10 Mar 1800 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 29 Jan 1876 in Wellington, Somerset at age 75. They had two children: **Rachel Crewdson** and **Henrietta Maria**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Serge Maker.

16-**Rachel Crewdson Fox**^{8,12,26} was born on 21 Jan 1834 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 20 Sep 1887 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 53.

Rachel married **John Edward Wakefield**,^{8,12,26} son of **Edward William Wakefield**^{8,26,379} and **Susanna Birkbeck**,^{26,379} on 13 Sep 1854 in Wellington, Somerset. John was born on 8 Aug 1830 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 30 Jul 1858 in Malvern, Worcestershire at age 27. They had two children: **Rachel Mary** and **John Edward William**.

17-**Rachel Mary Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 4 Oct 1856 in Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Hampshire and died on 3 May 1911 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 54.

Rachel married **Dr. Christopher Elliott**,²⁶ son of **Dr. Christopher Elliott** and **Jessie Selina Clark**, on 25 Apr 1878 in Wellington, Somerset. Christopher was born on 22 Jun 1849 in Colombo, Sri Lanka and died on 18 Feb 1933 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 83. They had six children: **Rachel Winifred**, **Mary Dorothy**, **John Wakefield**, **Henry Christopher**, **Rev. Edward Crewdson**, and **Margaret Katharine**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with LRCSI MD.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He had a residence in 102 Pembroke Road, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**Rachel Winifred Elliott**²⁶ was born on 23 May 1880 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 29 Feb 1960 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 79.

Rachel married **Dr. Elliott Thornton Glenny**, son of **Edward Henry Glenny** and **Lydia Horne**, on 9 Dec 1916 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Elliott was born on 11 Jun 1880 in Barking, Essex and died on 11 Feb 1940 in Foresters Lodge, Clapton-in-Gordano, Somerset at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 102 Pembroke Road, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Physician in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in Foresters Lodge, Clapton-in-Gordano, Somerset.

18-**Mary Dorothy Elliott**²⁶ was born on 14 Sep 1881 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**John Wakefield Elliott**²⁶ was born on 14 May 1884 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

John married **Mildred Rose Younger**, daughter of **James Drysdale Younger** and **Elizabeth Marion Elliott**, on 16 Apr 1920 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada. Mildred was born on 5 Nov 1889 in Texas, USA.. They had one son: **James Christopher Younger**.

19-**James Christopher Younger Elliott**

James married **Gwynith Ann Davies**.

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18-**2nd Lieut. Henry Christopher Elliott**²⁶ was born on 23 May 1887 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 20 Dec 1917 in Abbeville, France. Died from war wounds. at age 30.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the Border Regiment.

18-**Rev. Edward Crewdson Elliott**²⁶ was born on 5 Nov 1888 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 3 Sep 1957 in Eastnor, Herefordshire at age 68.

Rev. married **Elinor Kerr Junior**, daughter of **John Elphinstone Junior** and **Agnes Hope Kerr**, on 8 Apr 1920 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Elinor was born on 20 Jun 1896 in London. They had one daughter: **Jane Crewdson**.

19-Jane Crewdson Elliott

Jane married **Ernest Ridley Pakenham-Walsh**, son of **Maj. Gen. Ridley Pakenham Pakenham-Walsh** and **Mabel Smith**, on 6 Sep 1952 in Eastnor, Herefordshire. Ernest was born on 15 Aug 1916 in Crinken House, Shankill, Co. Dublin and died in 1995 at age 79. They had one daughter: **Miss**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chartered Accountant.

20-Miss Pakenham-Walsh

18-**Margaret Katharine Elliott** was born on 18 May 1895 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

17-**John Edward William Wakefield**^{8,12,26} was born on 31 Mar 1858 in Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Hampshire and died on 17 Oct 1915 in Taunton, Somerset at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Taunton, Somerset.
- He worked as a JP and Alderman for Somerset.
- He had a residence in Amberd House, Taunton, Somerset.

John married **Nora Drake**,^{12,26} daughter of **Richard Drake** and **Sarah Anne Comer**, on 9 Aug 1882 in Butcombe. Nora was born on 12 Jul 1858 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 30 Nov 1933 in Wellington, Somerset at age 75. They had three children: **Nora Muriel**, **Cicely Comer**, and **John Hylbert**.

18-**Nora Muriel Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 25 May 1883 in Richmond, Surrey and died on 29 Dec 1929 in Jullundur, India at age 46.

Nora married **Maj. Gen. William Louis Oberkirch Twiss**, son of **William Christopher Twiss** and **Baroness Marie E. D'oberkirch**, on 27 Oct 1915 in Pitminster. William was born on 18 Jan 1879 in Wrestlingworth and died on 29 Dec 1929 at age 50.

18-**Cicely Comer Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 5 Nov 1884 in Taunton, Somerset and died on 3 Sep 1955 in George, South Africa at age 70.

Cicely married **Henry Antrobus Cartwright**, son of **Arthur Rogers Cartwright** and **Mary Elizabeth Wadham**, on 10 Nov 1918 in Minehead. Henry was born on 30 Mar 1887 in Butcombe and died in Aug 1957 in Port Elizabeth, South Africa at age 70. They had two children: **Barbara Muriel Monica** and **John Henry Oliver**.

19-Barbara Muriel Monica Cartwright

Barbara married **Anthony Keith-Roach**, son of **Edward Keith-Roach** and **Violet Olivia Barnard**. They had two children: **Sophia Rose** and **Stephen**.

20-Sophia Rose Keith-Roach

20-Stephen Keith-Roach

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19-**John Henry Oliver Cartwright** was born on 28 Feb 1922 in Bratislava, Slovakia and died on 9 May 2004 at age 82.

General Notes: John Henry Oliver Cartwright(G, 36-40). Bisley 39. RNVR 40; Scapa Flow, W Africa, Medit. and S Africa 41; N Sea 42; Medit. 43-5, Lt. Gray, Mackenzie & Co., Basra, Iraq 46; Kuwait 47-8; S African Lines, Cape Town; John T Rennie & Sons, Cape Town 51, Durban 57, partner 62; dir. JT Rennie & Sons (Pty.), Durban 65-73, and the Bank Line(SA) (Pty.) until 79; retd. After this he was a consultant for a group of insurers representing Lloyds' underwriters. Died 9 May 04, survived by his wife, three sons and daughter. Obit John married **Marjorie Evelyn Keay**, daughter of **Ralph Keay**. They had two children: **Miss** and **Michael**.

20-**Miss Cartwright**

20-**Michael Cartwright**

18-**John Hylbert Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 9 Oct 1886 in Homeland Lodge, Trull, Somerset and died on 26 May 1933 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 46.

16-**Henrietta Maria Fox**^{12,225} was born on 13 Jun 1837 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 25 Oct 1891 in Mackery End, St. Albans, Hertfordshire at age 54.

General Notes: 11 Sept 1858, Sat: Rachel *Elizabeth Fox* tells me that Henrietta Fox's (*1837-1891*) engagement to *William Wakefield* is broken off on the score of his ill health poor girl.
The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

17-**Mary Howard**¹² was born on 11 Jan 1862 in Tottenham, London and died on 17 Jan 1943 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 81.

18-**Mary Janet Lloyd** was born on 13 Jul 1886 in Brooklands, St. Albans, Hertfordshire and died in 1969 at age 83.

18-**Rachel Caroline Lloyd** was born on 21 Apr 1888 in Brooklands, St. Albans, Hertfordshire and died in 1966 at age 78.

17-**Robert Llewellyn Howard**¹² was born on 16 Aug 1863 in Tottenham, London and died on 27 Aug 1901 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire at age 38.

18-**Henrietta Lloyd Howard** was born on 22 Jul 1896 in Gainsville, Georgia and died on 4 Jul 1925 in Gainsville, Georgia at age 28.

17-**Rachel Edith Howard** was born on 24 Sep 1865 in Tottenham, London and died on 24 Jul 1931 in Palamcottah, India at age 65.

17-**Mariabella Howard**¹² was born on 1 Apr 1867 in Tottenham, London and died on 16 Apr 1942 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 75.

18-**Elliott Howard Armstrong**¹² was born on 16 Feb 1900 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lead Manufacturer.

19-**Jane Armstrong**

19-**Ethel Mary Armstrong**

18-**Rachel Fraser Armstrong**¹² was born on 21 May 1903 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 May 1959 at age 55.

19-**Deborah Jean White**

19-**Gillian Audrey White**

19-**Rachel Margaret White**

20-**Sheila Rachel Dore**

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19-**John Michael Elliott White**

17-**Henry Fox Howard**¹² was born on 3 Dec 1868 in Tottenham, London and died on 9 Apr 1944 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME.
- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He had a residence in Crescent Rise, Luton, Bedfordshire.
- He worked as an Engineer.

18-**Henry Weston Howard** was born on 10 Jan 1899 in Luton, Bedfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer, Hayward Tyler & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Eastern Regional Board for Industry.

19-**Rev. Robert Weston Howard** was born on 19 Apr 1928 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk In Holy Orders.

20-**Katharine Mary Howard**

20-**Michael Weston Howard**

19-**Thomas Reginald Howard** was born on 9 Apr 1930 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer.

19-**Frances Christian Howard**

20-**Margaret Alice Webb**

20-**Caroline Webb**

19-**Charles Nowell Howard**

18-**Rev. Charles Sherring Howard** was born on 15 Mar 1901 in Luton, Bedfordshire and died on 19 Jul 1954 in Plymouth, Devon at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Keble College, Oxford.

19-**Bernard Peter Fox Howard**

19-**John Charles Joseph Howard**

19-**Andrew Bryan Howard**

18-**Frances Margaret Howard** was born on 4 Nov 1905 in Luton, Bedfordshire.

19-**Robert Howard Elson**

19-**Rosemary Margaret Elson**

18-**Robert Clement Howard** was born on 23 Nov 1907 in Luton, Bedfordshire and died on 14 Feb 1909 in Luton, Bedfordshire at age 1.

18-**Bryan Luke Howard**

17-**Edward Norman Howard**¹² was born on 7 Oct 1872 in Tottenham, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA.

18-**Edith Elizabeth Howard** was born on 15 May 1896 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA.

19-**Joyce Howard Wills**

20-**Patricia Joyce Farris**

20-**Suzanne Maria Farris**

20-**Candice Yvonne Farris**

20-**Russell Roberts Farris**

19-**Harriet Howard Wills**

20-**Donna Lynn West**

20-**Virgil Alvin West**

20-**Robin Lea West**

18-**Rachel Evelyn Howard** was born on 3 Mar 1900 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA and died on 29 Sep 1900 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA.

18-**Henrietta Maria Howard** was born on 11 Aug 1906 in Gainesville, Georgia, USA.

19-**Julianne Howard Bell**

20-**Keating Lewis Simons**

20-**Evelyn Howard Symons**

20-**Julianne Bell Simons**

19-**Norman Howard Bell**

19-**Deborah Frances Bell**

17-**Dr. Charles Reginald Howard**¹² was born on 11 Oct 1875 in Tottenham, London, died on 6 Sep 1918 in Anguros, German East Africa. Killed in action at age 42, and was

buried in Lumbo British Cemetery. Grave II.C.2.

General Notes: "Charles Reginald HOWARD of Garston House, Frome was educated at Bengoe, Hertfordshire, Repton, Pembroke College, Cambridge and Guy's Hospital, London. Reading a special study of plague, and choosing the subject ""Plague in Zanzibar"" for his medical thesis when sitting for his M.D, he qualified B.A., B.C., M.D., MRCS England in 1906, and L.R.C.P., London. He eventually published a book on the subject. Charles acted as assistant house surgeon at Guy's Hospital, and then went to East Africa as bacteriologist to the Zanzibar government. He served in the Boer War in South Africa with the Dorset Yeomanry, and was awarded the South Africa Medal with five bars. Settling in Frome during 1910, Charles was appointed Medical Officer of Health for the Frome Rural District, and held a number of appointments as examining medical officer for insurance companies. He also held the post of honorary surgeon to the Frome Victoria Hospital, and an assistant medical inspector of schools under the Somerset Education Committee. When the war broke out Charles was commissioned a lieutenant in the RAMC (September 1914), and went to France in charge of the 1st Motor Red Cross Ambulance, he was present at the Mons retreat. Due to bad health, he returned home, but after recuperation returned to active service with the RAMC. Due to the fact Charles had a good knowledge of the Swahili language, a knowledge of tropical diseases, and with his studies and experiences in Zanzibar, he was selected for service in German East Africa. He was subsequently promoted to Captain and attached to the King's African Rifles, where he served from March 1916 to the date of his death. Charles was serving as acting Lieutenant Colonel, with the expectation of receiving the rank within a day or two when he was killed. A letter from his fellow officers reads, ""On the morning of 6th September the King's African Rifles, 'bumped,' the Hun's main fighting force at Pere. As fierce fighting ensued, the ambulance section, unfortunately, feeling the brunt of it, being centrally placed in the column. Captain Howard, who was the senior medical officer to the column, was seen to rush, when the fight was at its height, towards 'No man's land' endeavouring, it seemed, to pull into safety some badly wounded lying there, and before he could accomplish his objective, he himself fell, shot through the chest dying instantly. We could not recover the body that day, but on the next. He was accorded a full military funeral, every officer being present to pay a last respect. He was most popular and beloved by all out here."" Charles was the youngest son of Mr. Robert Luke Howard of Teignmouth, Devon, formerly of St. Albans. He was married to Hilda Margaret Moore, and had two daughters and a son. Source; Frome's Fallen Heroes in The Great War by David L. Adams"

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MD BC FRCS LPCP OBE.
- He was educated at Repton School.
- He was educated at Pembroke College, Cambridge.
- He was educated at Guy's Hospital, London.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Argyll House, Frome, Somerset.

18-Audrey Margaret Mary Howard

18-Katherine Elizabeth Howard was born on 5 Aug 1909 in Selsdon, Nottinghamshire and died on 18 Apr 1948 in Died as a result of an accident at age 38.

18-Dr. Charles Robert Grenville Howard was born on 19 Sep 1912 in Frome, Somerset.

19-Jennifer Katherine Howard

19-Elizabeth Anne Howard

19-Dr. Timothy Robert Grenville Howard

19-Mariabella Howard

15-Thomas Dilworth Crewdson^{2,12,218} was born on 5 Aug 1803 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 12 Dec 1869 in Baden Baden, Germany at age 66.

Thomas married **Jane Fox**,^{2,12,218} daughter of **George Fox**^{2,77} and **Eleanor Rawes**, on 12 Oct 1836 in FMH Spiceland, Exeter, Devon. Jane was born on 22 Oct 1808 in Perranarworthal, Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 15 Sep 1863 in Summerlands, Whalley Range, Manchester at age 54, and was buried on 22 Sep 1863 in Sale, Cheshire.

General Notes: Crewdson [née Fox], Jane (1808– 1863), poet and hymn writer, was born at Perran-ar-worthal, Cornwall, on 22 October 1808, the second of three daughters of George Fox, manager of a local iron foundry; his cousin was the scientific writer Charles Fox (1797– 1878). In 1825 the family moved to Exeter, where on 12 October 1836 Jane married Thomas Dillworth Crewdson (1803– 1869), a Manchester cotton manufacturer. She was best-known for her hymns, which appeared in various American and British

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anthologies such as Lovell's Selection of Scriptural Poetry (1848) and B. H. Kennedy's Hymnologia Christiana (1863). In 1851 she published Aunt Jane's Verses for Children, which was reprinted with additions in 1855 and 1871. This volume contained poems about heroes of the Bible and the Reformation, as well as more secular pieces intended to 'cultivate a kindly sympathy towards all living things' (Crewdson, 'Preface', 1851). In 1860 she issued a second work, Lays of the Reformation and other Lyrics, Scriptural and Miscellaneous. Crewdson died after a long illness on 15 September 1863 at her residence, Summerlands, Whalley Range, Manchester, and was buried at Sale, near Manchester. A posthumous collection of her hymns, entitled 'A Little While', and other Poems, was published in 1864, and went through several editions. One source identifies Crewdson's religious denomination as Church of England (Long, 538); however, there are indications that she had Quaker connections: her marriage was recorded in the Digest Register of Marriages of the Devon quarterly meeting of the Society of Friends, and her children's verses and collected hymns were published in the US by the Association of Friends.

CREWDSON, JANE (1808-1863), poetess, was born at Perranarworthal, Cornwall, on 22 Oct. 1808, being the second daughter of George Fox of that place, and was married at Exeter, in October 1836, to Thomas Dillworth Crewdson, a Manchester manufacturer. She contributed several hymns to Squire Lovell's 'Selection of Scriptural Poetry,' 1848 ; and in 1851 published a small volume of gracefully written poems, entitled 'Aunt Jane's Verses for Children,' which was reprinted in 1855 and 1871. In 1860 she issued a second work, 'Lays of the Reformation, and other Lyrics, Scriptural and Miscellaneous.' After her death, on 14 Sept. 1863, at her residence, Summerlands, Whalley Range, Manchester, a further selection of her poetical pieces, betraying, like all her writings, a refined and deeply religious spirit, was published under the title of 'A Little While, and other Poems' (Manchester, 1864, 12mo).

[Boase and Courtney's Bibliotheca Cornubiensis, i. 91, iii. 1141.] C. W. S.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Poetess and Hymn writer.

15-**Sarah Crewdson**^{12,218} was born on 22 Mar 1805 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1886 in Tonedale House, Wellington, Somerset at age 81.

Sarah married **Charles Fox**,^{12,218,275} son of **Thomas Fox**,^{7,11,81,275,377,378} and **Sarah Smith**,^{7,11,81,275,377} on 13 Sep 1827 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria.

Charles was born on 7 Apr 1801 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 5 Dec 1860 in Wellington, Somerset at age 59. They had six children: **Dilworth Crewdson, Charles Henry, Wilson, Sarah Anna, Charles Henry**, and **William Francis**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Serge Maker in Wellington, Somerset.

16-**Dilworth Crewdson Fox**^{12,275} was born on 11 Sep 1828 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 27 Apr 1887 in Woodlands, Wellington, Somerset at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Wellington, Somerset.

Dilworth married **Mary Augusta Buckham**,¹² daughter of **Thomas Woodward Buckham** and **Mary Cecila Moore Champ**, on 27 May 1851 in Wellington, Somerset. Mary was born on 23 Oct 1828 in Chelsea, London and died on 6 Apr 1894 in Tonedale House, Wellington, Somerset at age 65. They had seven children: **Charles Dilworth, Mary Cecilia, Sarah Anna, Henry, Alice, Louisa**, and **Thomas Newland**.

17-**Charles Dilworth Fox**¹² was born on 1 Mar 1852 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 26 Dec 1931 in Foxdown, Scargill, Waikari Valley, North Canterbury, New Zealand at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Foxdown, Scargill, Waikari Valley, North Canterbury, New Zealand.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 454 Lincoln Road, Christchurch, New Zealand.

Charles married **Sophie Marguerite Glaszmann**,¹² daughter of **Frederic Glaszmann**, on 5 Apr 1880 in Clevedon, Somerset. Sophie was born in Rothau Elsass and died on 23 Apr 1893 in Foxdown, Scargill, Waikari Valley, North Canterbury, New Zealand. They had one son: **Charles Frederick Dilworth**.

18-**Charles Frederick Dilworth Fox** was born on 12 Apr 1881 in Rangiora, New Zealand and died on 12 Jun 1915 in Dardanelles, Killed In Action. at age 34.

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General Notes: Sergeant, Canterbury Mounted Rifles.

Charles next married **Emma Clara Lean**, daughter of **Alexander Lean** and **Clara Eliza Haines**, on 7 Aug 1895 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand. Emma was born on 16 Sep 1860 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand and died on 13 Jan 1935 in Foxdown, Scargill, Waikari Valley, North Canterbury, New Zealand at age 74. They had three children: **Mary Dilworth**, **Marjorie Dilworth**, and **Alexander Dilworth**.

18-**Mary Dilworth Fox**³⁸⁰ was born on 5 Dec 1896 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand and died on 3 Aug 1973 at age 76.

Mary married **John Reginald Cocks**, son of **Rev. Canon. Philip John Cocks** and **Mary Hannah Gebbie**, on 20 Oct 1920 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand. John was born on 19 May 1898 in Southbridge, New Zealand and died on 8 Dec 1973 at age 75. They had four children: **John Alexander**, **Kathleen Mary**, **Timothy Charles**, and **Phoebe Somers**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in New Zealand.

19-**John Alexander Cocks** was born on 21 Sep 1921 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand and died on 3 Jul 1999 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in New Zealand.

19-**Kathleen Mary Cocks** was born on 26 Sep 1922 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand, died on 28 Aug 2010 in Waikato, New Zealand at age 87, and was buried on 2 Sep 2010 in Tirau Cemetery.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Waikato, New Zealand.

Kathleen married **Archibald Stewart Gray**, son of **Archibald Gray** and **Mary Stewart**. They had four children: **Peter Stewart**, **Sidney Charles**, **Mary Kathleen**, and **Barbara Elizabeth**.

20-**Peter Stewart Gray**

Peter married **Mary Elizabeth Hyndman**, daughter of **Robert Hyndman**. They had two children: **Simon Peter** and **Timothy Stephen**.

21-**Simon Peter Gray**

21-**Timothy Stephen Gray**

20-**Sidney Charles Gray**

Sidney married **Susan Mary Sim**, daughter of **Robin Sim**. They had two children: **Rebekah Susan** and **Catherine Amy**.

21-**Rebekah Susan Gray**

21-**Catherine Amy Gray**

20-**Mary Kathleen Gray**

Mary married **John Edward Bray**. They had three children: **Rachael Janine**, **Helen Mary**, and **Carissa Anne**.

21-**Rachael Janine Bray**

21-**Helen Mary Bray**

21-**Carissa Anne Bray**

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20-**Barbara Elizabeth Gray**

Barbara married **Ian Goodall**. They had two children: **Elizabeth Anne** and **Hilary Jean**.

21-**Elizabeth Anne Goodall**

21-**Hilary Jean Goodall**

19-**Timothy Charles Cocks**

Timothy married **June Alice Fantham**, daughter of **John C. Fantham**, on 19 Feb 1949. June was born on 5 Jun 1925 and died on 14 Jun 2010 at age 85. They had three children: **Ross Basil**, **Barry John**, and **Helen Julie**.

20-**Ross Basil Somers**

Ross married **Janice Evelyn Russell**. They had three children: **Wayne Gregory**, **Michael Bryce**, and **Joanna Caron**.

21-**Wayne Gregory Somers**

21-**Michael Bryce Somers**

21-**Joanna Caron Somers**

20-**Barry John Somers**

Barry married **Raewyn Louisa Gavin**. They had two children: **Philip Gavin** and **Ryan John**.

21-**Philip Gavin Somers**

21-**Ryan John Somers**

20-**Helen Julie Cocks**

Helen married **William Roy McCready**. They had three children: **Carol Anne**, **Richard James**, and **Daniel Thomas**.

21-**Carol Anne McCready**

21-**Richard James McCready**

21-**Daniel Thomas McCready**

19-**Phoebe Somers Cocks** was born on 8 Apr 1925 in Tokoroa, New Zealand and died on 3 Apr 2011 at age 85.

Phoebe married **Roland Hunter** on 18 Apr 1949. Roland was born on 29 Jan 1922 and died on 11 Oct 1994 at age 72. They had five children: **Ann Helen**, **Janet Clair**, **James Reginald**, **Roger Paul**, and **Peggy Jane**.

20-**Ann Helen Hunter**

Ann married **Brian Edward Turner**. They had two children: **Pamela Ann** and **Melanie Rose**.

21-**Pamela Ann Turner**

Pamela married **Roger Keith Nelson**, son of **Keith Nelson**.

21-**Melanie Rose Turner**

Ann next married **Peter Terrance Spicer**.

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20-**Janet Clair Hunter**

Janet married **Randall John Papworth**. They had three children: **Susanne Mary**, **Elizabeth Carol**, and **Michael Randall**.

21-**Susanne Mary Papworth**

21-**Elizabeth Carol Papworth**

21-**Michael Randall Papworth**

20-**James Reginald Hunter**

James married **Anna Malanchak**. They had four children: **James Michael Roland**, **David James Robert**, **Brian Benjamin**, and **Roseanna Marie**.

21-**James Michael Roland Hunter** was born on 12 Mar 1977 and died on 8 Oct 1977.

21-**David James Robert Hunter**

21-**Brian Benjamin Hunter**

21-**Roseanna Marie Hunter**

James next married **Gail Ann Gregory**.

20-**Roger Paul Hunter**

Roger married **Stephanie Gay Wallace**, daughter of **Colin William Wallace**. They had one daughter: **Donee Kirsten**.

21-**Donee Kirsten Hunter**

20-**Peggy Jane Hunter**

Peggy married **Steven Daryl Mathie**. They had two children: **Bruce Thomas** and **Jennifer Louise**.

21-**Bruce Thomas Mathie** was born on 28 Nov 1981 and died on 2 Dec 2006 in Motorcycle Accident at age 25.

21-**Jennifer Louise Mathie**

18-**Marjorie Dilworth Fox** was born on 26 Jul 1898 in Foxdown, Scargill, Waikari Valley, North Canterbury, New Zealand and died on 14 Aug 1900 in Foxdown, Scargill, Waikari Valley, North Canterbury, New Zealand at age 2.

18-**Alexander Dilworth Fox** was born on 13 Sep 1901 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer of Foxdown, Scargill, Waikari Valley, North Canterbury, New Zealand.

Alexander married **Edith Gordon McNaughton**, daughter of **John Murray McNaughton** and **Amelia Riches**, on 22 Dec 1925 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand. Edith was born on 19 Sep 1899 in Geraldine, South Canterbury, New Zealand. They had two children: **Peter Dilworth** and **Joan Dilworth**.

19-**Peter Dilworth Fox** was born on 5 Jan 1927 in Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand and died on 1 Jan 2011 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer of Foxdown, Scargill, Waikari Valley, North Canterbury, New Zealand.

Peter married **Alison?**. They had five children: **Susan**, **Jennifer**, **Nicola**, **Wendy**, and **Andrew**.

20-Susan Fox

20-Jennifer Fox

20-Nicola Fox

20-Wendy Fox

20-Andrew Fox

Andrew married **Janet**. They had three children: **Tim, George, and James**.

21-Tim Fox

21-George Fox

21-James Fox

19-Joan Dilworth Fox

17-Mary Cecilia Fox was born on 13 Sep 1853 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 10 Jul 1875 in Wellington, Somerset at age 21.

17-Sarah Anna Fox was born on 15 May 1855 in Wellington, Somerset and died in Jun 1930 in Taunton at age 75.

17-Henry Fox²⁷⁵ was born on 30 Sep 1856 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 31 Aug 1888 in The Caucasus. Mountaineering Accident. at age 31.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Member of the Alpine Club in 1885.

17-Alice Fox^{12,198} was born on 20 Apr 1858 in Swallowfield, Wellington, Somerset, died on 25 Aug 1928 in Frenchay, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 70, and was buried in FBG Bristol.

Alice married **Francis Fox Tuckett**,^{9,12,198} son of **Francis Tuckett** and **Caroline Mariana Fox**,⁴⁰ on 27 Jan 1897 in Timaru, Canterbury, New Zealand. Francis was born on 10 Feb 1834 in Frenchay, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 20 Jun 1913 in Frenchay, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 79, and was buried in FBG Frenchay, Bristol.

General Notes: FRGS. Tuckett was one of the main figures of the Golden age of alpinism, making the ascent of 269 peaks and the crossing of 687 passes. In Scrambles amongst the Alps Edward Whymper called Tuckett "that mighty mountaineer, whose name is known throughout the length and breadth of the Alps". Geoffrey Winthrop Young called Tuckett's approach to climbing "encyclopaedic".

Francis Fox Tuckett ..79 20 6 1913 Frenchay. Francis Fox Tuckett was born at Frenchay in February, 1834, and lived in the same house for the eighty years of his long life. He was an intelligent and receptive child, and some of the influences which moulded his life began with his mother's reading to him well selected literature, from which sprang a life -long delight in books. From his father he learned the love of Nature, a strict integrity in all practical matters, a boundless generosity, and an extreme punctuality in discharging all duties and debts. In his home there was also the wide outlook and love of travel, which became so characteristic of his own life. Several years of his boyhood were spent in the home of his grandmother Elizabeth Fox, at Falmouth, where he joined his cousins at the school kept by Lovell Squire. Here he found himself in an atmosphere of wide culture, and from his uncles, Robert Were, Charles and Alfred Fox, he learned the deep interest in all scientific pursuits and discoveries that helped so much to enrich his life. After his grandmother's death in 1848, F. F. Tuckett returned home, and continued his studies at the school of Mr Exley, at Cotham, in company with many of his life -long friends, the Frys and others. Later he joined his father in business, and began the custom of daily walks of five miles to and from his office, thus keeping himself in good training for his holiday visits to the mountains, where in Switzerland, Dauphine, Tyrol, the Dolomites, and other districts, he combined adventurous climbing with a careful scientific observation of heights, temperatures, and the mapping out of little -visited localities. Through all his life his reading was most wide and varied, and he had the rare gift of retaining 12 a and tabulating in his mind the knowledge thus acquired, and the perhaps yet rarer gift of being able to give it out to others, so that the rich stores with which his mind was filled were always available for his friends. It was a liberal education to be in his company. His correspondence was enormous, and he never spared himself when writing involved, as it often did, the giving of masses of practical information in reply to his many enquirers. F. F. Tuckett lost his parents in 1863 and 1868, and the marriages of his sisters in 1871 left him very solitary. He soon after gave up business, and had abundant leisure for reading and for more extended journeys. He

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took a warm interest in the archaeological societies of Gloucester and Somerset, and brought to the Meetings contributions of wide knowledge gained in Rome and Egypt and Greece, where he had friends amongst all the leading archseologists of the world. He took a very warm interest in all that concerned the City of Bristol, with which his life was connected, and he was ready to help in any schemes for its development and improvement. In his own village he took an active part in every helpful project. The Village Hospital had his warmest interest and support, and he was most regular in his attendances at the weekly committees. He was a chief mover in the erection of a Village Hall, for which he gave the site, and its usefulness for many purposes was one of the pleasures of his later years. His position in his own neighbourhood was a rather remarkable one, for though known to be a thoroughly unwavering and consistent Friend, he was always the one to be consulted in matters in the parish requiring tact and wisdom, and was the friend and helper and adviser of all the successive Rectors, who much valued also his intellectual companionship. F. F. Tuckett was essentially modest and retiring. He wrote no big book ; he filled no important offices ; but his influence was widespread, and he had friends all over the world. Perhaps he revealed himself best in his letters of sympathy, whether in joy or sorrow, for in these he opened the deep places of his heart with a marvellous delicacy and tenderness, drawing comfort for others from what was a living reality to himself. He had a great love for children and animals, and would make himself as charming to these as to any distinguished man of science who claimed his attention. He was a generous giver, for he gave himself as well as everything else that he could share. Generations of Clifton College boys look back to the Sunday exeats at Frenchay as very red letter days in their lives. In 1896 he married Alice, daughter of Dillworth Crewdson Fox, of Wellington, and the remaining seventeen and a half years of his life were a time of unclouded happiness. The long yearly journeys were now taken in the most congenial companionship, and the hospitalities and the usefulness of the home life were proportionately increased. From his earliest boyhood, F. F. Tuckett never wavered in his deep attachment to the Society of Friends, though we believe he never attended a Yearly Meeting, or took vocal part in Meetings for Worship. It was not till within the last year or two of his life that he was even willing to accept the office of elder, which his friends had long wished him to hold. For many years he read a portion of Scripture at the beginning of the morning Meeting on Sundays ; he was most regular in his attendance at the Weekly Meeting at the Friars ; but his chief religious service during the last twenty years was in connection with the Adult School Movement. When this spread more and more beyond the large centres where it had its birth, he very gladly helped in the needful arrangements to begin a school at Frenchay, and from that time onwards he spared no time or thought towards the carrying on of the work. He was President of the men's class, and his wife, of the women's, and the result has been a very great blessing to the neighbourhood. It was a delight to F. F. Tuckett to bring out of the rich storehouse of his experiences facts and illustrations to make the lessons more attractive, whilst he never lost sight of the deep importance of presenting the truths of the lessons with no uncertain sound. He had great tact and wisdom, and on one occasion was called upon to exercise these when he found, on returning from abroad, that efforts had been made to introduce certain objectionable teaching into the class. His firm attitude, which forbade any trifling with the foundation truths held by Friends, led to some sharp divisions, but in no very long time most were willing to acknowledge that he had been right. In January, 1913, he and his wife started on what was for him a third journey round the world. Although in his eightieth year, he showed no diminution of his power of enjoyment and interest. These journeys always gained new friends, for he had the happy gift, in long voyages, of drawing people together, and in finding out what was best in all with whom he came in contact. They returned to England in June, and he appeared to be in good health, but about ten days later, feverish symptoms developed into an attack of erysipelas, and it was soon evident that there was grave cause for alarm, though he did not think so himself. He was cheerful and patient, and enjoyed hearing the accustomed portions from " Daily Light," and the prayers offered by his bedside. Towards the end of the illness he was heard to say : - " Science - very valuable," and then, after a pause, twice over very earnestly, " but - confidence in God through our Lord Jesus Christ," and in this confidence, which was the keynote of his whole life, he passed peacefully away in his sleep, at midnight on June the twentieth. He was laid to rest in the quiet little burial ground of Frenchay, in the grave where his mother had been buried almost exactly fifty years before. A large number of those who loved and revered him joined in the thanksgiving for a life so rich in faith and service, and a death in the fullness of years and peace. The following sketch by a friend of the subject of the foregoing, throws an interesting sidelight on F. F. Tuckett's personality. My acquaintance with Francis Fox Tuckett dates from a time a good deal subsequent to the days when his name was annually to be found in the visitor's books in Eastern as well as Western Alplands, and his notes on New Expeditions were a standing rubric in the Journal of the Alpine Club. We met at Leghorn in May, 1883, intending to spend six or seven weeks in the mountainous parts of Corsica. Unfortunately an unforeseen business crisis called him home before our programme was half carried out ; but in the course of those three weeks and in the later companionship there was not a day, nay hardly an hour, in which I did not get a lesson in the art of travelling as an Englishman should travel, and of meeting and dealing with natives, whether friendly, indifferent or hostile. In many places Tuckett and his Charnonard Guide, Francois Devouassoud, who accompanied us, were received with open arms, having made themselves welcome two years previously. At the village of Olmi, near Calvi, the priest made quite a feast in Tuckett's honour, and had the blind schoolmaster in to play on a fiddle, (a genuine Guarneri), which, he told us, had been in his family ever since it left the workshop at Cremona in 1732. It then came out that its owner was hoping to get a good price for it to enable him to continue his researches on the subject of Columbus's birthplace - to prove, in fact, that it was Calvi. Tuckett promised to make enquiries, and eventually found a purchaser at a figure such as his Reverence would never have otherwise obtained. The evening concluded with conjuring tricks performed by F.F.T., to the infinite delight and amusement of the assembled guests and of a crowd of boys and girls outside the open windows. Tuckett was in the habit of carrying about with him an assortment of pocket-knives, pipes, brooches, and other trinkets, in lieu of the ordinary ' tip,' and his way of conferring them always gave the impression of a personal exchange of friendly service, instead of being, as is too often the case, an off-hand assumption of patronage. Guides, porters, innkeepers, and their servants, as well as travelling acquaintances, invariably remembered Frank Tuckett as the impersonation of kindness, consideration, and tact. Francois Devouassoud, to give one instance out of many, when I met him years after our Corsican tour, at his home, exclaimed " Ah ! Ce bon Monsieur Tuckett ! c'est certainement le plus aimable de tous les touristes qui soient au monde et . . le plus ' gentilhomme.' " F. F. T.'s rare intellectual versatility made him the most interesting and instructive of companions. He allowed no object of interest, whether in regard to natural science, history, or art to escape investigation, and made the most of any intelligent person he met, invariably, however, giving as good as or better than he got. As one, who knew him intimately, writes : - " His conversation, always full, was at times almost overweighted with the wealth of experience, of authority, or of illustrations, he would delight in bringing to bear on the matter in hand. If a topic interested him - and what did not J - he would not let it go till he had done his best to throw some fresh light on it, or at least to clear up former obscurities." As a mountaineer in the wide sense of the term, he was the type of a school that has in our days removed its activities from the Alps to more distant regions,

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belonging rather to the scientific than to the athletic side. His characteristic thoroughness made him an expert climber, especially on snow or ice, and an eminently safe comrade on the rope ; on rocks he was rather handicapped by his shortsightedness. He never, as far as I know, in spite of the fact that he often climbed ' out of season/ had any serious accident, though he twice at least had very narrow escapes. This was doubtless due as much to his own sound judgment as to the skill of his guides.

Francis Fox Tuckett (1834-1913), born into a Quaker family from Bristol, was the embodiment of the romantic early mountaineer and adventurer. As a tireless climber, he explored the Brenta and San Martino Dolomites in Trentino, recording 269 climbs and 687 crossings of alpine passes in his lifetime. He began climbing in the Alps in 1853 and was soon considered the most assured British climber and mountaineer of his generation. In 1864, he took part in the first expedition in the Pale di San Martino and planned to scale the Cimon della Pala peak but lost out to Whitwell in 1870. However, in the Brenta Dolomites, both Fox Tuckett and Freshfield succeeded in scaling Cima Brenta, the highest peak in the range. In 1872, during the ascent of Cima Presanella, another peak in the same group, Fox Tuckett became embroiled with a huntsman who claimed to have killed 30 brown bears and countless chamois. (Although the indigeneous brown bear became extinct in the Brenta area, the bears still exist elsewhere in the Trentino Dolomites, with numbers boosted by the recent introduction of Slovenian bears). Given his commitment to climbing expeditions, Francis Fox Tuckett turned down the Presidency of the Alpine Club, but agreed to be Vice-President (1866-68). In recognition of his role in charting, mapping and exploring the Alps in general, and much of Trentino in particular, Francis Fox Tuckett was decorated by Victor Emanuele, the King of Italy. A more lasting memorial to Tuckett is the delightful alpine refuge named after him, Rifugio Tuckett, set above the chic resort of Madonna di Campiglio. As proof of Tuckett's stamina and insatiable appetite for life, when he died at the age of 80, he had just returned from his third round-the-world trip. Elizabeth Fox Tuckett, Tuckett's sister, who died young, was equally passionate about the mountains and was the first writer and illustrator to turn her alpine adventures into tales for children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lovell Squire's School in Falmouth, Cornwall.
- He worked as a Leather factor in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Farmer.
- He worked as a Mountainer.
- He worked as a Vice president of The Alpine Club in 1866-1868.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

17-**Louisa Fox**¹² was born on 7 Jul 1861 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 2 Sep 1901 in Wellington, Somerset at age 40.

Louisa married **Francis Hugh Fox**,¹² son of **Joseph Hoyland Fox**^{171,178,275} and **Mariana Fox Tuckett**,^{171,178} on 24 Jul 1890 in Wellington, Somerset. Francis was born on 12 Jun 1863 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 28 May 1952 in Wellington, Somerset at age 88. They had three children: **Alizon Marguerite**, **Cecilia Frances**, and **Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Tonedale, Wellington, Somerset.

18-**Alizon Marguerite Fox** was born on 9 Jan 1891 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 10 Aug 1967 at age 76.

18-**Dr. Cecilia Frances Fox** was born on 6 Apr 1896 in Wellington, Somerset.

18-**Henry Fox** was born on 25 Apr 1898 in Wellington, Somerset.

Henry married **Edna Kathleen Pocock**, daughter of **Sir Sydney Job Pocock** and **Annie Cozens**, on 2 Jul 1925 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey. Edna was born on 3 Aug 1898 in Wimbledon. They had one son: **Richard**.

19-**Richard Fox**

17-**Thomas Newland Fox** was born on 21 Jun 1863 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 15 Aug 1879 in Wellington, Somerset at age 16.

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16-**Charles Henry Fox**¹² was born on 1 Apr 1830 in Wellington, Somerset and died in Nov 1830 in Wellington, Somerset.

16-**Prof. Wilson Fox**^{2,8,12} was born on 2 Nov 1831 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 3 May 1887 in Park Hotel, Preston, Lancashire at age 55, and was buried on 6 May 1887 in Taunton, Somerset.

General Notes: Fox, Wilson (1831– 1887), physician, the son of Charles Fox, a manufacturer, of a well-known Quaker family, was born at Wellington, Somerset, on 2 November 1831. He was educated at Bruce Castle, Tottenham, and University College, London, and graduated BA in 1850, MB in 1854, and MD in 1855. After a year spent as house physician at the Edinburgh Royal Infirmary he passed some time in Paris and Vienna, and then for two further years he was a pupil of Rudolf Virchow in Berlin. Here Fox made important observations on the degeneration of the gastric glands.

On 20 April 1859 Fox married Emily Anne Doyle (d. 1870), daughter of Captain Wellesley Doyle, and settled at Newcastle under Lyme, where he became physician to the North Staffordshire Infirmary. In 1861, supported by Virchow's strong recommendation, he was appointed professor of pathological anatomy at University College, London, and soon afterwards he was made assistant physician to University College Hospital. In the following year he became a member of the Pathological Society and in 1866 he was elected a fellow of the Royal College of Physicians. In 1867 he became full physician to his hospital and Holme professor of clinical medicine. In 1870 he was appointed physician-extraordinary to Queen Victoria and was elected FRS. He afterwards became physician-in-ordinary to the queen and frequently attended her majesty in Scotland. He acquired a large practice, and was an active member of the leading medical societies and of the Royal College of Physicians. His first wife died in 1870 and on 30 July 1874 he married Evelyn Laura (b. 1843/4), daughter of Admiral Baldwin W. Walker, baronet, and widow of Captain Hugh Burgoyne. From the late 1870s he was honorary librarian to the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society, and he was vice-president of the Pathological Society from 1875 to 1877.

In personal appearance Fox was tall, spare, and erect, with a refined expression. Although he was somewhat reserved in manner, his sincerity and earnestness made a strong impression on those with whom he came into contact. He was a man of great benevolence, and often placed his house at Rydal in the Lake District at the disposal of the bishop of Bedford during the summer months, for the use of invalided East-End clergymen and their families. He enjoyed walking, riding, cricket, racket sports, music, and climbing. Equally as a teacher and as an investigator and writer Fox ranked high. His cases were thoroughly studied, with special attention given to the mental and emotional state of his patients, in whom he inspired great confidence. Fox was the first physician to save life in cases of rheumatic fever where the temperature was excessively high, by placing the patient in baths of iced water. Fox's lectures were highly valued by his students, and an important characteristic of his teaching was its emphasis on pathological facts as a basis for practical diagnosis and treatment. All his writings were the product of great research and labour, and showed an encyclopaedic knowledge of their subjects. Fox spent many years preparing a treatise on diseases of the lungs and an atlas of their pathological anatomy, works that were nearly complete at his death.

Fox's principal writings were: 'On the origin, structure, and mode of development of cystic tumours of the ovary' (Medico-Chirurgical Transactions, 1864, 47, 227– 86); 'On the artificial production of tubercle in the lower animals' (lecture, Royal College of Physicians, 1864); 'On the development of striated muscular fibre' (Philosophical Transactions, 156, 1866); On the Diagnosis and Treatment of the Varieties of Dyspepsia (1867), which was enlarged in a third edition in 1872 and also published under the title The Diseases of the Stomach. This was substantially a reproduction of Fox's articles in John Reynolds's System of Medicine (vol. 2, 1868), in which Fox also contributed the article on pneumonia, and an article entitled 'On the treatment of hyperpyrexia by means of the external application of cold' (System, vol. 3, 1871).

In April 1887 Fox was suddenly summoned to the deathbed of his eldest brother, at Wellington. From there he went north towards his house at Rydal Mount for a rest, but he caught pneumonia on the way and died on 3 May at the Park Hotel, Preston, Lancashire. He was buried in Taunton on 6 May 1887.

G. T. Bettany, rev. Kaye Bagshaw

Sources The Lancet (7 May 1887), 939– 40 · The Lancet (14 May 1887), 1011– 13 · BMJ (7 May 1887), 1021– 22 · Munk, Roll · m. certs. · d. cert. · W. R. Merrington, University College Hospital and its medical school: a history (1976), 219

Likenesses V. Prinsep, oils, exh. RA 1889, RCP Lond. · Beynon & Co., lithograph (Buildings and famous alumni of University College Hospital, London), Wellcome L. · bust, Shire Hall, Taunton, Somerset · lithograph, Wellcome L. · photogravure, Wellcome L.

Wealth at death £25,609 5s. 8d.: resworn probate, April 1888, CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1887)

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G. T. Bettany, 'Fox, Wilson (1831– 1887)', rev. Kaye Bagshaw, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004

[<http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/10049>, accessed 28 May 2013]

Wilson Fox (1831– 1887): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/10049

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB MD FRCP FRS.
- He was educated at Bruce Castle, Tottenham.
- He was educated at University College, London.
- He worked as a House Physician, Edinburgh Royal Infirmary.

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- Miscellaneous: Further study in Vienna, Paris & Berlin.
- He worked as a physician to the North Staffordshire Infirmary.
- He worked as a Professor of pathological anatomy in University College, London.
- He worked as a Physician Extraordinary to Queen Victoria.
- He worked as a honorary librarian to the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society.
- He worked as a vice-president of the Pathological Society.

Wilson married **Emily Anne Doyle**,^{2,8,12} daughter of **Capt. Wellesley Doyle** and **Emily Sarah**, on 20 Apr 1859 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Emily was born on 15 Apr 1836 in Brompton, London and died on 20 Nov 1870 in Long Ashton, Somerset at age 34. They had six children: **Emily Cecile**, **William Arthur Wilson**, **Wilson Henry**, **Harriet Edith**, **Francis Sylvanus Wolaston**, and **Adeline Elizabeth**.

17-**Emily Cecile Fox**¹² was born on 22 Feb 1860 in Newcastle under Lyme, Staffordshire and died on 31 May 1920 in Pulborough, Sussex at age 60.

Emily married **Rev. Frederick Baggallay**,¹² son of **Rt. Hon. Sir Richard Baggallay**²⁷¹ and **Marianna Lacy**,²⁷¹ on 22 Jul 1885 in St. George's, Hanover Square, Westminster, London. Frederick was born on 16 May 1855 in Clapham, London and died on 3 Dec 1928 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent at age 73. They had one son: **Frederick Wilson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Pulborough in Pulborough, Sussex.

18-**Rev. Frederick Wilson Baggallay**¹² was born on 1 Aug 1886 and died on 17 Apr 1951 in Newchapel, Lingfield, Surrey at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at Exeter College, Oxford.

17-**William Arthur Wilson Fox**¹² was born on 10 May 1861 in Newcastle under Lyme, Staffordshire and died on 21 Jan 1909 in Madeira at age 47.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law in 1886.
- He worked as a Comptroller General of the Commercial, Labour and Statistical Departments of the Board of Trade.
- He had a residence in Moffatts, Hatfield, Hertfordshire.

William married **Alice Theodora Raikes**,¹² daughter of **Rt. Hon. Henry Cecil Raikes**²⁷¹ and **Charlotte Blanche Trevor-Roper**, on 25 Apr 1889 in St. George's, Hanover Square, Westminster, London. Alice was born on 29 Sep 1862 in Llwynegrin, Mold, N.Wales and died on 6 Dec 1943 in Kensington, London at age 81. They had one daughter: **Dorothy Amabel Wilson**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Author.

18-**Dorothy Amabel Wilson Fox**¹² was born on 5 Sep 1890 in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Apr 1952 in Bwlch at age 61.

Dorothy married **Maj. Gen. Sir Geoffrey Taunton Raikes**, son of **Robert Taunton Raikes**^{15,271,381} and **Rosa Margaret Cripps**,²⁷¹ on 30 Aug 1923 in North Mimms, Hertfordshire. Geoffrey was born on 7 Apr 1884 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 27 Mar 1975 at age 90. They had three children: **Dorothea Margaret**, **Hilda Elined**, and **Alison Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB DSO and 2 Bars.

19-Dorothea Margaret Raikes

Dorothea married **Robin Duncan Raikes**, son of **Lt. Col. Wilfred Taunton Raikes** and **Elizabeth Gentle Kennedy**, on 11 Sep 1948 in Llangasty, Breconshire. Robin was born on 20 Jun 1921 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died in 1984 at age 63. They had three children: **David Geoffrey**, **Susan Elizabeth Wilson**, and **Gillian Rosalind**.

20-David Geoffrey Raikes

David married **Anne Thicknesse**, daughter of **Rev. Ralph Thicknesse**. They had three children: **Sarah Rhiannon**, **Elinor**, and **Huw**.

21-Sarah Rhiannon Raikes

21-Elinor Raikes

21-Huw Raikes

20-Susan Elizabeth Wilson Raikes

20-Gillian Rosalind Raikes

Gillian married **Anthony Marriott**. They had two children: **(No Given Name)** and **(No Given Name)**.

21-Marriott

21-Marriott

19-Hilda Elined Raikes

Hilda married **Lt. Col. Francis De Reimer Morgan**, son of **Maj. Gen. Harold De Reimer Morgan** and **Frances C. Anderson**, on 8 Sep 1951 in Llangasty, Breconshire. Francis was born on 30 Mar 1921 in Oxford and died on 30 Oct 2005 at age 84. They had three children: **Morgan**, **Morgan**, and **Morgan**.

General Notes: Obit 8/11/2005 Daily Telegraph

20- Morgan

20- Morgan

20- Morgan

19-Alison Mary Raikes

Alison married **John De Reimer Morgan**, son of **Maj. Gen. Harold De Reimer Morgan** and **Frances C. Anderson**. They had two children: **Morgan** and **(No Given Name)**.

20- Morgan

20-Morgan

17-Wilson Henry Fox¹² was born on 18 Aug 1863 in London and died on 23 Nov 1921 in London at age 58.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Marlborough College.
- He was educated at University College, London.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law in 1888.
- He had a residence in 1889 in Johannesburg, Transvaal, South Africa.
- He worked as an Editor of The South African Mining Journal in 1892.
- He worked as a Public Prosecutor of Rhodesia in 1894 in Rhodesia.
- Miscellaneous: Served in the Matbeleland Rebellion, 1896.
- He worked as a Director of Transport and Commissariat in 1897 in Mashonaland.
- He worked as a Manager, British South Africa Company in 1898.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 4 Halkin Street, London.

Wilson married **Hon. Eleanor Birch Sclater-Booth**,¹² daughter of **George Sclater-Booth 1st Baron Basing** and **Lydia Caroline Birch**, on 28 Jul 1898 in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster. Eleanor was born on 10 Mar 1871 in New Street, Spring Gardens, London and died on 7 Oct 1963 at age 92. They had two children: **George Hubert Wilson** and **Leila Eleanor Wilson**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with CBE.

18-**George Hubert Wilson Fox**¹² was born on 11 May 1899 in 4 Halkin Street, London.

George married **Marianne**.

18-**Leila Eleanor Wilson Fox**¹² was born on 29 Apr 1901 in 4 Halkin Street, London and died on 17 Sep 1903 in Aldeburgh, Suffolk at age 2.

17-**Harriet Edith Fox**¹² was born on 15 Feb 1865 in London and died on 4 Apr 1928 in Salisbury, Wiltshire at age 63.

Harriet married **Rev. Canon Wyndham Arthur Scinde Merewether**,¹² son of **Henry Alworth Merewether** and **Maria Fellowes**, on 27 Sep 1888 in St. George's, Hanover Square, Westminster, London. Wyndham was born on 12 Sep 1852 in Chippenham, Wiltshire and died on 3 Dec 1928 in Salisbury, Wiltshire at age 76. They had one son: **Christopher Ken**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester College.
- He was educated at Oriel College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Vicar of North Bradley in North Bradley, Wiltshire.
- He worked as a Canon of Salisbury.

18-**Christopher Ken Merewether**¹² was born on 26 May 1890 in North Bradley Vicarage, Wiltshire and died on 20 Dec 1917 in Port Said, Egypt. Died of wounds, in action at age 27.

17-**Francis Sylvanus Wolaston Fox**¹² was born on 7 Jul 1866 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 29 Dec 1933 in Fowey, Cornwall at age 67.

Francis married **Edith Llewellyn Thomas**,¹² daughter of **Edward Llewellyn Thomas** and **Emma Swan**, on 17 Feb 1912 in Clevedon, Somerset. Edith was born in 1872 in Teignmouth, Devon.

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17-**Adeline Elizabeth Fox** was born on 17 Jun 1870 in London.

Wilson next married **Evelyn Laura Walker**,^{2,12} daughter of **Admiral Sir Baldwin Wake Walker 1st Bt.**^{2,12} and **Mary Catherine Sinclair Worth**, on 30 Jul 1874 in Campsall, Doncaster. Evelyn was born in 1843 and died on 27 Oct 1890 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 47.

General Notes: **10 June, 1875, Thurs:** Worked steadily on the Opium question; down to the House; the Judicature Bill came on so left and walked quietly over to Brooks, read the papers, dressed and then on to Wilson Fox's to dinner; took Mrs Fox down, sat by Mrs Boxer whose husband was lost in the *Captain* along with Mrs Fox's first husband, Capt. Burgoyne; Lady Burgoyne was was at the party also. On to Mrs Edwin Fox's musical party, such a running lot of performers; children came up from Cornwall, all safe & well. Blanche remaining at Elm Grove with my mother-in-law. *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt. Captain Burgoyne VC. (CEGP)*

16-**Sarah Anna Fox**¹² was born on 19 May 1833 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 22 Jul 1899 in Wellington, Somerset at age 66.

16-**Charles Henry Fox**^{4,12,275,362} was born on 17 Mar 1835 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 31 Jan 1908 in Wellington, Somerset at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Shute Leigh, Wellington, Somerset.

Charles married **Caroline Chapman**,^{4,12,362,363} daughter of **John Mellar Chapman**^{67,362,363} and **Caroline Sarah Parker**,^{67,362,363} on 21 Oct 1863 in Brighton, East Sussex. Caroline was born on 15 Dec 1838 in Usworth, County Durham, was christened on 15 Aug 1839 in St. Andrew's Church, Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, and died on 19 Mar 1924 in Wellington, Somerset at age 85. They had three children: **Charles Leslie**, **Reginald Wilson**, and **Caroline Hilda MacNaghton**.

General Notes: Born on the 15 Dec 1838 at Usworth, County Durham. Baptised 15 Aug 1839 at St Andrew's Church, Newcastle. In 1841 she is living with her parents on Front Street, Tynemouth, aged 2. In 1851 she is living with her parents at 9 Lansdowne Place, Hove. In 1861 she is living with her parents at 8 Colebrook, South Bersted, Bognor.

17-**Charles Leslie Fox**¹² was born on 24 Jun 1865 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 4 Sep 1933 in Biggar Hospital, Biggar, Lanarkshire at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He had a residence in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset.

Charles married **Lilian Pease**,^{12,229} daughter of **Gurney Pease**^{7,12,178,229,241,327} and **Katherine Wilson**,^{7,12,178,229,241,327} on 12 Oct 1892 in Darlington, County Durham. Lilian was born on 21 Mar 1869 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 5 Jun 1945 in Taunton, Somerset at age 76. They had two children: **Beatrice Evelyn Leslie** and **Hilda Violet Leslie**.

18-**Beatrice Evelyn Leslie Fox**¹² was born on 8 Mar 1898 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 30 Jan 1959 in Kingston St. Mary, Taunton, Somerset at age 60.

Beatrice married **Humphrey Allen Bucknall**, son of **Edgar Allen Bucknall** and **Catherine Anna Knapp**, on 26 Nov 1924 in London. Humphrey was born on 18 Feb 1898 in London. They had one son: **Peter Gurney Allen**.

19-**Peter Gurney Allen Bucknall** was born on 7 Jun 1926 in Henlow and died on 8 Oct 2017 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Film Producer.

Peter married **Mary Barbara Adams**, daughter of **Frederick William Perkins** and **Winifred Bessie Glyn**. They had one daughter: **Caroline Gurney**.

20-Caroline Gurney Bucknall

Caroline married someone. She had one son: **Caspar**.

21-Caspar Bucknall

Peter married **Diana Bereton Edgelow**. They had two children: **Julian Gurney** and **Letitia Gurney**.

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20-Julian Gurney Bucknall

20-Letitia Gurney Bucknall

Beatrice next married **Charles William Chatterton**, son of **Joseph Chatterton** and **Margaret Thompson-Anderson**, on 13 Feb 1936 in Taunton. Charles was born on 2 Jan 1898 in Blyth.

18-**Hilda Violet Leslie Fox**¹² was born on 31 Jul 1902 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 22 Apr 1945 in Bicknoller, Somerset at age 42.

Hilda married **Air Vice Marshal John Beresford Cole-Hamilton**, son of **John Isaac Cole-Hamilton** and **Elinor Bourne Royds**, on 12 Jun 1928 in Bradford On Thone. John was born on 1 Dec 1894 in London and died on 22 Aug 1945 in Bicknoller, Somerset at age 50. They had one daughter: **Diana Patricia Selina**.

19-Diana Patricia Selina Cole-Hamilton

Diana married **Stephen Wilbraham Ford**, son of **John Meredith Randle Ford**. They had two children: **Joanna Margaret Randle** and **Jonathan Hugo**.

20-Joanna Margaret Randle Ford

20-Jonathan Hugo Ford

Jonathan married **Amanda Jane Stow**. They had one son: **Toby Jonathan**.

21-Toby Jonathan Ford

17-**Lt. Col. Reginald Wilson Fox**^{4,12} was born on 1 Nov 1866 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 8 Mar 1916 in Dujailah, Nahr, Iraq. Killed In Action. at age 49, and was buried in Basra Memorial, Iraq.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Clare College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a JP for Devon.
- He worked as an officer of the 5th Battalion Devon Regiment.
- He had a residence in Grimstone, Horrabridge, Devon.

17-**Caroline Hilda MacNaghton Fox**¹² was born on 26 Sep 1867 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 13 Dec 1907 at age 40.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at MA LLM.

Caroline married **Ernest Legassicke Hancock**,¹² son of **William Hancock** and **Mary Sweet-Escott**, on 18 Apr 1894 in Wellington, Somerset. Ernest was born on 7 May 1860 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset and died on 13 Oct 1932 in East Anstey, Devon at age 72. They had three children: **Charles Ernest**, **William Reginald**, and **Stephen Legassicke**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Rhyll, East Anstey, Devon.

18-**Charles Ernest Hancock**¹² was born on 11 Apr 1895 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset.

Charles married **Hester Capel**, daughter of **Arthur Capel** and **Amy Isabel Norton**, on 1 Sep 1926 in Chipstable, Somerset. Hester was born on 28 Jun 1898 in Chipstable.

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They had three children: **John Ernest**, **Elizabeth Mary**, and **Richard Froude**.

19-John Ernest Hancock

John married **Elizabeth Ann Buxton**, daughter of **T. F. Buxton**.

19-Elizabeth Mary Hancock

Elizabeth married **Ruthven Ryan**.

19-Richard Froude Hancock was born on 1 Mar 1932 in Sparkford and died in 2012 in Austria at age 80.

18-William Reginald Hancock¹² was born on 5 May 1897 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset and died in Apr 1917 in Salonika, Killed In Action at age 19.

18-Stephen Legassicke Hancock¹² was born on 21 Oct 1900 in Wiveliscombe, Somerset.

Stephen married **Flora Margaret Sturdee**, daughter of **Henry King Sturdee** and **Margaret Myers**, on 22 Jul 1925 in London. The marriage ended in separation in 1945. Flora was born on 27 Nov 1895 in Albany, New York, USA. They had three children: **William Sturdee**, **Reginald Legassicke**, and **Hilda Thomasin**.

19-William Sturdee Hancock

19-Reginald Legassicke Hancock was born on 9 May 1928 in Morton Fitzwarren and died in Sep 2012 at age 84.

19-Hilda Thomasin Hancock

Stephen had a relationship with **Ruth Ellwood**. They had one daughter: **Sarah**.

19-Sarah Hancock

Sarah married **Guy John Harrington Roberts**, son of **Jack Roberts** and **Cecilia Mary Bayliss**. They had two children: **Samuel Luke Legassicke** and **Hannah Ruth Legassicke**.

20-Samuel Luke Legassicke Roberts

Samuel married **Elizabeth Ann Westwood**. They had three children: **Tabitha Sarah Sophia**, **Edward James Westwood**, and **Arthur John Westwood**.

21-Tabitha Sarah Sophia Roberts

21-Edward James Westwood Roberts

21-Arthur John Westwood Roberts

20-Hannah Ruth Legassicke Roberts

16-William Francis Fox¹² was born on 11 Mar 1837 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 14 Nov 1905 in East Bridgford Hall, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in East Bridgford Hall, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

William married **Charlotte Parker Hingston**,¹² daughter of **Dr. Charles Hingston**^{10,12,245} and **Louisa Jane Parker**,¹² on 3 Oct 1862 in Plymouth, Devon. Charlotte was born on 8 Jun 1841 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 13 Jun 1872 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 31. They had seven children: **William Herbert**, **Charlotte Ethel**, **Gertrude Louisa**, **Marion Beatrice**, **Frances Margaret**, **Ellen Theodora**, and **Georgina Maud**.

17-William Herbert Fox was born on 7 Dec 1863 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 10 Jul 1894 in Exmouth, Devon at age 30.

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17-**Charlotte Ethel Fox**¹² was born on 27 Aug 1865 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 9 Jul 1946 in Sedlescombe, East Sussex at age 80.

Charlotte married **George Cartwright**,¹² son of **George Cartwright** and **Gertrude Ann Von Beverhoudt**, on 31 Oct 1907 in East Bridgford, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire. George was born on 3 Sep 1867 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 23 Dec 1923 in Swanage, Dorset at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister. Inner Temple in London.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 19 Moscow Court, Bayswater, London.

17-**Gertrude Louisa Fox** was born on 27 Sep 1866 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 27 Sep 1961 in Sedlescombe, Sussex at age 95.

17-**Marion Beatrice Fox** was born on 12 Jul 1868 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 16 May 1869 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

17-**Frances Margaret Fox** was born on 12 May 1870 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 27 Oct 1870 in Plymouth, Devon.

17-**Ellen Theodora Fox** was born on 12 May 1870 in East Bridgeford Hall, Nottingham and died on 1 Jun 1957 in Sedlescombe, East Sussex at age 87.

Ellen married **Francis Charles Dixon**, son of **Charles James Morris Dixon** and **Eliza Teape Price**, on 17 Oct 1913 in Bombay, India. Francis was born on 11 Feb 1860 in Fort St George, Madras, India and died on 3 Jan 1933 in St Leonards On Sea at age 72.

17-**Georgina Maud Fox**¹² was born on 17 May 1872 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 14 Feb 1931 in Menzenberg, Germany at age 58.

Georgina married **Ludwig Martin Richard Treplin**,¹² son of **Dr. Paul Treplin** and **Marie Schultetus**, on 18 Jul 1900 in East Bridgford, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire. Ludwig was born on 5 Dec 1871 in Friedland, Mecklenburg and died on 3 May 1960 in Middelfurt, Denmark at age 88. They had three children: **William Ralph Theodor**, **Paul Michael**, and **Clara Eva Gabriele**.

18-**William Ralph Theodor Treplin**¹² was born on 19 Feb 1902 in Holboell, Denmark.

William married **Annie Emma Hayter**, daughter of **Charles Hayter** and **Emma Hutchings**, on 28 Dec 1937 in Salisbury. Annie was born on 20 Dec 1902 in Lyndhurst. They had one son: **Michael Charles Francis**.

19-**Michael Charles Francis Treplin**

18-**Paul Michael Treplin**¹² was born on 30 Apr 1904 in Holboell, Denmark.

18-**Clara Eva Gabriele Treplin** was born on 21 Mar 1910 in Loitkirkeby, Denmark and was buried in Copenhagen University. Medical Degree.

Clara married **Jens Peter Moesmann**, son of **Carl Christian Jochumsen Moesmann** and **Vielsine Kirstine Marie Jensen**, on 28 Jan 1940 in Roskilde, Denmark. Jens was born on 30 Jan 1901 in Kolding, Denmark. They had five children: **Jytte**, **Sine**, **Clara**, **Soren**, and **Elisabeth**.

19-**Jytte Moesmann**

19-**Sine Moesmann**

19-**Clara Moesmann**

19-**Soren Moesmann**

19-**Elisabeth Moesmann**

15-**Maria Crewdson**^{2,8,12,218,225} was born on 23 Feb 1807 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 23 Mar 1892 in Tottenham, London at age 85, and was buried in FBG Tottenham.

Maria married **John Eliot Howard**,^{2,8,12,218,225} son of **Luke Howard**^{2,7,9,23,221,225,245,290,317} and **Mariabella Eliot**,^{2,7,221,225,290,317} on 9 Sep 1830 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. John was born on 11 Dec 1807 in Plaistow, Essex, died on 2 Nov 1883 in Lord's Meade, Tottenham, London at age 75, and was buried in FBG Tottenham.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

They had nine children: **William Dilworth, Sarah Maria, Joseph, Mary Elizabeth, John Eliot, Mariabella, Eleanor, Alice, and Henry.**

General Notes: Leading 19th century authority on Quinine and whose family pharmaceutical business was a major anti-malarial medication producer. HOWARD, JOHN ELIOT (1807-1883), quinologist, son of Luke Howard [q. v.], the meteorologist, was born at Plaistow, Essex, 11 Dec. 1807. Throughout his life he was connected with his father's chemical manufactory at Stratford. His first paper, a report on the collection of cinchona in the British Museum made by the Spanish botanist Pavon, was published in 1852. In the following year he joined the Pharmaceutical Society, and in 1857 the Linnean Society. Being specially interested in quinine he purchased at Madrid, in 1858, the manuscript ' Nueva Quinologia ' and the specimens of cinchona belonging to Pavon ; employed a botanical artist to illustrate them, and published in 1862 the sumptuous ' Illustrations of the "Nueva Quinologia" of Pavon, and Observations on the Barks described.' Howard's second great work, ' The Quinology of the East Indian Plantations,' published in 1869, was the result of his examination of the bark of all the forms of cinchona introduced into India from the Andes by Markham, Spruce, and Cross. For this he received the thanks of her majesty's government, and in 1874 was elected a fellow of the Royal Society. Howard took considerable interest in gardening, and especially in hybridisation as bearing upon cultivated cinchonas, and was the author of numerous scientific papers, chiefly on Quinology. He also gave addresses on both science and revelation at the Victoria Institute, of which he was a vice-president. He died at his house, Lord's Mead, Tottenham, Middlesex, 22 Nov. 1883, and was buried in Tottenham cemetery. Weddell dedicated to him the genus Howardia of the Cinchonacece. He married Maria, daughter of W. D. Crewdson of Kendal, and left a large family. Like his father he was a member of the Society of Friends. He published in early life several religious tracts, such as 'The Doctrine of the Inward Life,' 1836 ; ' Justification by Faith,' 1838; and 'An Address to the Ohristians of Tottenham,' 1839. [Trans. Essex Field Club, iv. 8-11, with por- trait; Proc. Linn. Soc. 1883-4, p. 35 ; Gardener's Chronicle, 1883, ii. 701 ; Royal Society's Cat. iii. 450, vii. 1023.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer & Quinologist in Plaistow, Essex.

16-**William Dilworth Howard**²²⁵ was born on 19 Dec 1831 in Tottenham, London and died on 9 Dec 1913 in London at age 81.

General Notes: Of Tottenham

16-**Sarah Maria Howard**^{12,225} was born on 6 Feb 1833 in Tottenham, London and died on 3 Nov 1924 in Wellington, Somerset at age 91.

Sarah married **Thomas Fox**,^{3,12,225,275,276} son of **Thomas Fox**^{2,7,231,275} and **Catherine Alexander**,^{7,49,231,326} on 3 Oct 1855 in Tottenham, London. Thomas was born on 5 Feb 1828 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 3 Nov 1898 in The Court, Wellington, Somerset at age 70. They had nine children: **Catherine Maria, Thomas, Maria Howard, Eleanor, Anna Priscilla, John Howard, William Alexander, Robert Algernon, and Florence Mary.**

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker & Serge Maker in Wellington, Somerset.
- He had a residence in The Court, Wellington, Somerset.

17-**Catherine Maria Fox**¹² was born on 25 Oct 1856 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 26 Jul 1857 in Wellington, Somerset.

17-**Thomas Fox**¹² was born on 16 Mar 1858 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 26 Sep 1923 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Fox Brothers & Co. In Wellington, Somerset.
- He had a residence in Old Way House, Wellington, Somerset.
- Miscellaneous: A pioneer of ski-ing as a sport in conjunction with his cousin, Gerald Fox.

Thomas married **Mary Agnes Moysey**,¹² daughter of **John Moysey** and **Mary Ellen Elliott**, on 27 Apr 1892 in St. Michael's Church, Blackheath, London. Mary was born on 28 Aug 1865 in Leytonstone, London and died on 12 Mar 1950 in Wellington, Somerset at age 84. They had three children: **Mary Priscilla, Thomas, and John Eliot Sylvanus.**

18-**Mary Priscilla Fox**¹² was born on 9 Mar 1900 in Old Way House, Wellington, Somerset and died on 6 Dec 1959 in Exeter, Devon at age 59.

Mary married **Howard Gerry**, son of **James Gerry** and **Isabella Branfoot**. Howard was born on 21 Jul 1892 in Thurso and died on 18 Mar 1966 at age 73. They had two

Descendants of Thomas Forster

children: **Philippa Crewdson** and **Andrew Eliot**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tea Planter.

19-**Philippa Crewdson Gerry**

Philippa married **William Davidson**. They had one daughter: **Katherine Elizabeth**.

20-**Katherine Elizabeth Mark**

Katherine married **Peter Tufford Kennedy**. They had four children: **Bridget Alexandra, Samantha Katherine Fox, Oscar Charles William, and Isidor Frederick**.

21-**Bridget Alexandra Kennedy**

21-**Samantha Katherine Fox Kennedy**

21-**Oscar Charles William Kennedy**

21-**Isidor Frederick Kennedy**

19-**Andrew Eliot Gerry**

Andrew married **Hermione Mary Woodward** on 20 Jul 1962. Hermione was born on 6 Feb 1938 and died on 19 Jul 2013 at age 75. They had five children: **Alistair Chad Michael, Susan, Tanya Catherine Mary, Bruce Alexander William, and Duncan Andrew Howard**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Headmistress of Prospect House School, London.

20-**Alistair Chad Michael Gerry**

Alistair married **Kathryn Amanada Jackson**. They had two children: **Archie Alistair Andrew** and **Rory Dylan Dugal**.

21-**Archie Alistair Andrew Gerry**

21-**Rory Dylan Dugal Gerry**

20-**Susan Gerry** was born on 12 Aug 1965 and died on 12 Aug 1965.

20-**Tanya Catherine Mary Gerry**

Tanya married **Peter Michael Watt**. They had five children: **Abigail Grace Verity, Samuel Charles Eliot, Daniel Christopher Michael, Gabriella Hannah Sophie, and Rebecca Catharine Joy**.

21-**Abigail Grace Verity Watt**

21-**Samuel Charles Eliot Watt**

21-**Daniel Christopher Michael Watt**

21-**Gabriella Hannah Sophie Watt**

21-**Rebecca Catharine Joy Watt**

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20-**Dr. Bruce Alexander William Gerry**

Bruce married **Cindy Leanne**. They had one daughter: **Poppy Grace Matilda**.

21-**Poppy Grace Matilda Gerry**

20-**Dr. Duncan Andrew Howard Gerry**

Duncan married **Lisa Samaras**.

18-**Thomas Fox**¹² was born on 23 Sep 1902 in Old Way House, Wellington, Somerset and died on 1 Jun 1988 at age 85.

Thomas married **Margeurite Alexandra Holme**, daughter of **Hugh Basil Holme** and **Margeurite Blandford Waterlow**, on 3 May 1930 in Tylers Green. Margeurite was born on 7 Feb 1909 in Rangoon, Burma and died on 3 Mar 1997 at age 88. They had four children: **Thomas, Christopher Martin, Clemency Mary Holme**, and **Rachel Lynette**.

19-**Thomas Fox** was born on 12 Jun 1931 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 23 Jan 1993 in Grindelwald, Switzerland at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Teacher.

Thomas married **Dr. Margaret Rosemary Wheeler**. They had four children: **Elizabeth Jane, Thomas, Hugh Jonathan**, and **Nicholas James**.

20-**Elizabeth Jane Fox**

Elizabeth married **Rev. Ian Mackenzie Scott-Thompson**. They had two children: **Jennifer Helen** and **Rachel Claire**.

21-**Jennifer Helen Scott-Thompson**

21-**Rachel Claire Scott-Thompson**

20-**Thomas Fox**

Thomas married **Dr. Emma Jean Karin Freeman**. They had three children: **Daniel Thomas, Rebecca Hannah**, and **Elizabeth Anna**.

21-**Daniel Thomas Fox**

21-**Rebecca Hannah Fox**

21-**Elizabeth Anna Fox**

20-**Dr. Hugh Jonathan Fox**

Hugh married **Susan Margeurite Wood**. They had three children: **Samuel Jonathan Ralph, Juliet Rosalind Mary**, and **Benjamin**.

21-**Samuel Jonathan Ralph Fox**

21-**Juliet Rosalind Mary Fox**

21-**Benjamin Fox**

20-**Nicholas James Fox**

19-**Christopher Martin Fox**

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19-Clemency Mary Holme Fox

Clemency married **Dr. Roger Varley Clements**, son of **Harold William Clements** and **Rose Maud Smith**.

Clemency next married **Prof. Leslie Fox** on 20 Jul 1973. Leslie was born on 30 Sep 1918 in Dewsbury, Yorkshire and died on 1 Aug 1992 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Professor of Numerical Analysis, Oxford. 1963-83.

19-Rachel Lynette Fox

Rachel married **John Edwin Walsh**.

18-**John Eliot Sylvanus Fox**¹² was born on 28 May 1905 in Old Way House, Wellington, Somerset and died on 8 Aug 1975 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Minister of The Gospel.

John married **Margaret Ethel Coates** on 30 May 1950 in Kirriemuir, Angus, Scotland. Margaret was born on 3 Mar 1898 in Preston, Lancashire and died on 8 Aug 1975 at age 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Missionary Nurse.

17-**Maria Howard Fox**¹² was born on 21 Feb 1859 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 15 Oct 1912 in Wellington, Somerset at age 53.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: She died following an operation.

17-**Eleanor Fox**¹² was born on 5 Nov 1860 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 19 Jul 1863 in Wellington, Somerset at age 2.

17-**Anna Priscilla Fox**¹² was born on 30 Jul 1862 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 22 Oct 1948 in Wellington, Somerset at age 86.

Anna married **Alfred Christopher Furze**, son of **Septimus Spooner Furze** and **Emma Pringle**, on 1 May 1926 in Wellington, Somerset. Alfred was born on 12 Aug 1855 in London and died on 31 Oct 1931 in Wellington, Somerset at age 76.

17-**John Howard Fox**^{3,12} was born on 8 Jun 1864 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 13 Mar 1951 in Wellington, Somerset at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He worked as a Director of Fox Bros. & Co. Ltd., Serge Manufacturers in Wellington, Somerset.
- He worked as a Director of Candy & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Partner in Fox, Fowler & Co., Bankers.
- He worked as a Director of Lloyds Bank in 1921.
- He had a residence in Robin's Close, Wellington, Somerset.
- He worked as an Alderman, Somerset County Council.

18-**Lloyd Howard Fox**^{12,277} was born on 26 Aug 1893 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 11 Nov 1991 in Wellington, Somerset at age 98.

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19-**Angela Bigland Fox** was born on 23 Mar 1920 in London and died on 28 Apr 2007 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Probation Officer.

20-**John Robert Bradford**

21-**Donnathea Lindsay Bradford**

22-**Jago John Lowden Campbell**

22-**Cate Rhona Sasha Campbell**

21-**Piers Frederick Lloyd Bradford**

22-**Freya Mary Thea Bradford**

22-**Clementine Angela Mary Bradford**

20-**Carolyn Gay Bradford**

21-**Thomas Robert Baggaley**

22-**Jack Charles Baggaley**

21-**Sarah Lucy Baggaley**

22-**Stanley George Wilson**

22-**Edward Leo Wilson**

21-**Christopher Lloyd Baggaley**

20-**Richard Howard Bradford**

21-**Helen Rosemary Bradford**

21-**Robert Michael Bradford** was born on 15 May 1985 and died on 9 Sep 1985.

21-**Laura Jane Bradford**

20-**Daniel Lloyd Bradford**

21-**Jacob Barnaby Lloyd Bradford**

21-**Barnaby Daniel Bradford**

19-**David Lloyd Fox** was born on 4 Sep 1923 in London and died on 30 Mar 1996 at age 72.

20-**Rebecca Howard Fox**

21-**James Howard Vander Steen**

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21-Toby Robert Vander Steen

22-Georgie Fox Vander Steen

21-Benjamin Joseph Vander Steen

22-Oliver Robert Vander Steen

20-Gillian Emma Fox

20-Simon David Fox

21-Robert Simon Lloyd Fox

21-Tabitha Charlotte Fox

20-Laetitia Lloyd Fox

21-Harriet Felicity Grant

22-Isabella Grace Sheppard

21-Jordan Lloyd Grant

20-William Seamus Fox

21-Dakeney Grace Fox

21-Lilian Fox

20-Benjamin John Fox

21-Joe Richard Fox

21-Tom William Fox

20-Ophelia Jane Fox

21-Evangelina Rose Chambray Hogan

21-Constance Hogan

20-Victoria Fox

19-Griselda Mary Fox was born on 5 Aug 1925 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 8 Apr 1989 at age 63.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Historian & Teacher.

20-Laurence Edward Mason

21-Patrick James Mason

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21-**Ranulf Alexander Roland Mason**

20-**Deborah Mary Mason**

19-**Penelope Howard Fox**

20-**Catherine Sarah Putz**

21-**Bridget Frances Putz Holtom**

21-**Ruth Emily Griselda Holtom**

20-**Rachel Ann Putz**

20-**Nicholas Charles Putz**

18-**Julian Pease Fox**¹² was born on 2 Sep 1894 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 22 May 1979 in Wellington, Somerset at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit.
- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer. Fox Bros. In Wellington, Somerset.

19-**Michael Pease Fox** was born on 21 Aug 1921 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 10 Feb 2010 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Spiceland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman Fox Brothers & Co. Ltd.

20-**Julian Hotham Fox**

21-**Jethron Pease Fox**

21-**Emily Jane Tamarin Fox**

22-**George Louis Fox Samways**

21-**Bryony Claire Fox**

20-**Patricia Jean Fox**

21-**Elizabeth Rachel Dowrick**

22-**Hannah Joy Savage**

21-**Clare Christine Dowrick**

20-**Roger Cadbury Fox**

21-**Alexandra Yvonne Fox**

21-**Victor James Fox** was born on 3 Mar 1994, died on 12 May 2016 in Dharasu, Nalupani, Uttarakashi, India at age 22, and was buried on 23 May 2016 in Marylebone Crematorium, London. The cause of his death was in a tragic motorcycle accident.

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General Notes: DEHRADUN: A 22-year-old British biker, who was with a four-member expedition team riding from Rishikesh to Gangotri, lost balance and fell into a deep gorge along with his bike in Nalupani area of Uttarakashi district. After a three-hour operation by the State Disaster Response Force (SDRF) and the local police, he was rescued but died on the way to hospital. Ravindra Yadav, station officer, Dharasu, told TOI, "The four were on different motor-cycles. They had started the expedition from Rishikesh and were on their way to Gangotri Dham." Around 7.30pm on Thursday, Victor James Fox lost control of his two-wheeler and fell into a 200-metre-deep gorge near Dharasu bend in Nalupani, about 30km from Uttarakashi. With no help in sight at the spot, his three friends went ahead and informed policemen at Chinayalisaund about the accident and sought their assistance. On receiving the information, a team from Dharasu police station and personnel of SDRF along with rescue equipment rushed to the spot. "We heard his cries for help and despite the cover of darkness, a sincere effort was made to rescue the British national. We could not even see Fox and our team worked hard to find him in the deep gorge," Yadav said. After the rescue operation that lasted nearly three hours, the police personnel were successful in bringing him out of the gorge at about 10.30pm. "Fox was rushed to the district hospital at Uttarakashi, where doctors declared him dead," Yadav added. A post-mortem was conducted on Friday, after which the victim's body was brought to Himalayan Hospital at Jolly Grant, Dehradun. "On Saturday, Fox's family members are expected to arrive in the state capital. They will take a call on the location where his last rites will be performed," the police officer said. *The Times of India. 13 May 2016*

I am sorry that my first post here for a long time has to be a sad one. I am writing to let the wider family know of the loss of Victor J Fox, son of Roger and Goga Fox and sister to Sasha, who live in North London. Roger is my first cousin and from the Wellington Foxes i.e. the third child of Michael (last Chairman of the family owned Fox Brothers; d.2010) and Yvonne Fox of Legglands. Victor was 22 years old and "in the starting blocks" of a full and successful life when last Thursday, he suffered a dreadful and fatal accident as his motorbike plunged down a 200' ravine in Northern India. He had gained a first class honours degree in Philosophy and then spent five months travelling and working on his own in Colombia. An experience which led some family to notice on his recent brief return to England, an increasing maturity in this already very likeable,able and serious young man. He then flew out to India to meet other friends who had been trekking further east and they explored Southern India before heading North. Here they hired motorbikes in order to visit the temple at the source of the Ganges. Somehow he became separated from his friends and when they caught up with him, he was being tended by paramedics having fallen down the ravine. It is unclear why this tragedy occurred but that it is a tragedy is in no doubt. There will be a cremation at Marylebone Crematorium (small venue) on Monday 23rd May at 11.00 a.m. followed by a humanist service in the dining room at Highgate Junior School (Bishopswood Rd N6 4PP - entrance opposite Mallinsons sports centre) at 4.30 p.m. and then a wake at 6.30p.m. in The Wrestler Pub nearby. *Judy Fox (JudyFox@lds.co.uk) via Lordsmeade group. 20 May 2016*

20-Diana Frances Fox

19-**Dr. Ronald Howard Fox** was born on 12 Feb 1923 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 9 Jul 2009 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 86.

General Notes: Ph.D. MB. BS. MRCS. LRCP.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSC MRCS LRCP.
- He worked as a Physician.

20-Marion Judith Fox

21-Alyssa Mary Fox Charles

21-Gemma Ann Fox Charles

21-Josie Jane Charles

20-Christine Joanna Fox

21-**James Anthony Hewlett**

21-**Martin Jonathan Hewlett**

20-**Dr. Susan Rachel Fox**

21-**Matthew Lloyd Beckers**

21-**Joshua Howard Beckers**

21-**Kristian Eliot Maurice Beckers**

21-**Daniel George Beckers**

20-**Jonathan Howard Fox**

21-**Anna May Fox**

21-**Thomas Howard Fox**

21-**Maisie Joanna Fox**

18-**Evangeline Mary Fox**¹² was born on 7 May 1896 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 17 May 1896.

18-**Dorothea Fox**¹² was born on 19 Oct 1900 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 30 Oct 1947 at age 47.

18-**Henry Fox**¹² was born on 28 May 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 May 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

17-**William Alexander Fox**¹² was born on 28 Dec 1865 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 18 Dec 1952 in Storrington, West Sussex at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Lincoln College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Journalist.
- He had a residence in Eliots, Widmore, Bromley, Kent.

18-**John Mortimer Charleton Fox**¹² was born on 21 Mar 1903 in Bromley, Kent and died on 15 Oct 1977 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

19-**Philip Fox** was born on 1 Oct 1930 in Gidea Park, London and died on 2 Oct 1930 in London.

19-**Michael John Howard Fox**

20-**Steven Fox**

21-**Chandra Fox**

21-**Kieran Fox**

21-Sita Seren Fox

21-Tara Yasmin Fox

20-Elaine Fox

21-Nevada Fox

20-Janet Fox

21-Layla Fox

22-Nadia Nicole Luz

22-Aidan Andreas Luz

22-Felix Luz

22-Freddie Luz

20-Mark Ohan Fox

19-Philippa Janet Fox

20-Karen Fiona Fraser

20-Kier John Fraser

21-Sean Caetano De Souza Fraser

19-Anne Page Howard Fox was born on 19 Apr 1937 in Hornchurch and died on 20 Apr 1937 in Hornchurch.

19-Martin Eliot Fox

18-Dilworth Quentin Fox¹² was born on 30 Jul 1905 in Bromley, Kent and died in Jan 1993 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Ceramics Manufacturer.

19-Anna Rosalind Fox

20-Jonathan Alexander Blagden

20-Giles Mark Rupert Blagden

21-Charlotte Emily Blagden

21-Joshua James Edward Blagden

19-Anthony Dunstan Fox

20-Annabel Constance Mary Fox

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20-**Olivia Jenefer Fox**

21-**Imogen Barbara Doull**

20-**George Theodore Dunstan Fox**

18-**Philip Eliot Fox**¹² was born on 21 Sep 1908 in Bromley, Kent and died on 24 Mar 1930 in Pontefract, Yorkshire. In a car accident at age 21.

17-**Dr. Robert Algernon Fox**^{12,276} was born on 13 Apr 1868 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 8 Aug 1945 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChM.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He worked as a Superintendent. Rockwood Asylum in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
- He worked as a Superintendent. Lidcombe Hospital.

Robert married **Dr. Julia Carlile Thomas**,^{12,276} daughter of **Sydney Stamper Thomas**²⁷⁶ and **Margaret Carlile**,²⁷⁶ on 17 Jun 1903 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. Julia was born on 5 Apr 1873 in England and died on 28 Dec 1916 in Lidcombe, New South Wales, Australia at age 43. They had two children: **Maldred Carlile** and **Eudo Carlile**.

General Notes: Julia Carlile Thomas was in the second group of women graduates from the Faculty of Medicine, graduating Bachelor of Medicine and Master of Surgery in 1898.

Julia Carlile Thomas was born in London, England on 5 April 1873 and arrived in Sydney with her parents when she was 8 years old. She passed the matriculation exams at Sydney Girls High School in December 1890. Julia Carlile Thomas was in the second group of women graduates from the Faculty of Medicine, graduating Bachelor of Medicine and Master of Surgery in 1898.

On 17 June 1903 Julia married Dr Robert Algernon Fox and they had two children, Maldred Carlile and Eudo Carlile. He became Medical Superintendent of the State Hospital, Lidcombe.

After experiencing medical work in Sydney and elsewhere, she founded the Sydney Medical Mission in 1900 to assist both the poor and the profession. Its aim was to provide medical attendance and medicine, in their own homes, for those sufferers who were unable to benefit by the outpatients' departments at hospitals, such as chronic invalids, women who were unable to leave their homes, and children whose mothers were anxious to attend to them themselves in conjunction with a doctor. No fees were charged for medical attendance, and only the very poor came under the scope of the work. The visits were made to the slum parts of Glebe, Pyrmont, Woolloomooloo, Waterloo, Alexandria, parts of the city, Paddington, Darlinghurst and Surry Hills. Then outpatients were seen at the mission twice a week, as well as each Thursday evening. The great aim was to help those who could not help themselves. Besides this work, the mission made itself felt in many other ways, and the mission hall was the gathering place of women seeking advice and children asking for comfort.

Julia devoted the whole of her time to the mission. Her health gave way under her self-imposed strain, and in 1903 she was compelled to relinquish the post of honorary superintendent of the mission. The Mission was forced to close in 1917 as the war made it impossible to secure the services of a doctor, and was followed by the Rachel Forster Hospital in 1922.

Julia died on 28 December 1916 after a long and lingering illness in Lidcombe, Sydney, aged 43.

Dr Robert Fox later remarried, and died on 8 August 1945 in Sydney aged 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with MB ChM.
- She emigrated to Australia with her Parents in 1881.
- She was educated at University of Sydney in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
- She worked as a Physician with the London Medical Mission in 1899-1900.
- She worked as a Founded the Sydney Medical Mission in 1900.

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18-**Maldred Carlile Fox**¹² was born on 4 Feb 1910 in Lidcombe, New South Wales, Australia and died on 13 Apr 1932 in London at age 22.

18-**Eudo Carlile Fox** was born on 19 Apr 1914 in Lidcombe, New South Wales, Australia and died on 7 Jun 2012 at age 98.

General Notes: Standards Association of Australia. MICE.

Standards Award 1994. Standards Australia.

Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors

"James N. Kirby Award" 1997. British Institute of Electrical Engineers.

Order of Australia. Eudo Carlile FOX, Pymble NSW, for service to engineering, particularly in the electrical and mechanical fields as a manufacturer and administrator.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Order of Australia (AM).
- He was educated at Downs Schhol, Hereford. King's School, Paramatta. University of Sydney.
- He worked as a Business Manager, English Electric Co.

Eudo married **Joan Affleck Menzies**, daughter of **Robert Duncan Menzies** and **Lorraine Hope Gartrell**. They had three children: **Sally Carlile**, **Robert Carlile**, and **Deborah Lorraine**.

19-Sally Carlile Fox

Sally married **Michael De Havilland**. They had three children: **Sabrina Carlile**, **Piers Carlile**, and **Jules Carlile**.

20-Sabrina Carlile Fox-Havilland

20-Piers Carlile Fox-Havilland

20-Jules Carlile Fox-Havilland

19-Robert Carlile Fox

Robert married **Irene Low**. They had two children: **Douglas Carlile** and **Hayley Lorraine**.

20-Douglas Carlile Fox

20-Hayley Lorraine Fox

19-Deborah Lorraine Fox

Deborah married **Harald Jahrling**.

Robert next married **Mary Isabelle Taylor** on 28 Feb 1922. Mary was born on 8 Apr 1880 in New Zealand and died on 19 May 1962 at age 82.

17-**Florence Mary Fox**¹² was born on 23 May 1870 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 2 Nov 1895 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 25.

Florence married **Gerald Fox**,¹² son of **Joseph Hoyland Fox**^{171,178,275} and **Mariana Fox Tuckett**,^{171,178} on 30 Jul 1895 in Wellington, Somerset. Gerald was born on 2 Sep 1865 in Woolcombe, Wellington, Somerset and died on 13 Mar 1947 in Wellington, Somerset at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Managing Director of The Candy Clayworks in Newton Abbot, Devon.
- He had a residence in The Croft, Newton Abbot, Devon.
- Miscellaneous: He introduced ski-ing to Switzerland, 1891, Grindelwald, Switzerland.

16-**Joseph Howard**^{12,225} was born on 9 May 1834 in Tottenham, London, died on 2 Mar 1923 in London at age 88, and was buried on 6 Mar 1923 in Hanwell, Brentford,

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Middlesex.

General Notes: Of Kemsington Court, London

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Quaker.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Tottenham 1885 To 1906.
- He worked as a Barrister for Stewarts & Lloyds. In London.
- He worked as a JP for Middlesex.
- He worked as a HM Lieutentant for the City of London.
- He had a residence in 18 Kensington Court, London.

Joseph married **Ellen Waterhouse**,^{12,225} daughter of **Henry Waterhouse** and **Mary Crewdson**, on 30 Mar 1859 in Manchester. Ellen was born on 13 Oct 1835 in Ardwick Green, Manchester and died on 24 Jan 1910 in 18 Kensington Court, London at age 74. They had seven children: **Mary Josephine**, **Alfred Gravely**, **Ellen**, **Arthur**, **Henry Crewdson**, **Joseph**, and **Gilbert**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.

17-**Mary Josephine Howard**¹² was born on 1 Mar 1860 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 29 May 1933 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire at age 73.

17-**Alfred Gravely Howard**¹² was born on 8 Nov 1861 in Tottenham, London and died on 17 Oct 1951 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FLS FCS.
- He was educated at Tonbridge School.
- He worked as a JP for Essex.

Alfred married **Edith Caroline Hare**,¹² daughter of **Rev. Henry Bassano Hare**¹² and **Jane Chapman**,¹² on 28 Aug 1890 in Great Elm, Frome, Somerset. Edith was born on 8 Apr 1869 in Fiddington, Bridgewater, Somerset and died on 12 Apr 1951 in East Hoathly, Sussex at age 82. They had two children: **Claude Felce** and **Eric Spencer Gravely**.

18-**Claude Felce Howard**¹² was born on 30 Aug 1891 in Holmbury, Woodford Green, Essex and died on 26 Nov 1947 in Great Warley, Essex at age 56.

Claude married **Margaret Alice Howes**, daughter of **Herbert Taylor Mccrea Howes** and **Alice Harfield Bullock**, on 21 Jun 1921 in London. Margaret was born on 30 Mar 1894 in London. They had three children: **Daphne Felce**, **Carol Erica**, and **June Elizabeth**.

19-Daphne Felce Howard

Daphne married **Dr. Francis Owen Wharton Wilkinson**, son of **Rev. Charles Francis Wellesley Wilkinson** and **Jane Frances Penney**, on 29 Mar 1952 in Thurlestone, Devon. Francis was born on 29 Nov 1924 in Southampton, Hampshire and died on 30 May 2004 at age 79. They had four children: **Oonagh Jane**, **Roger Geoffrey Wellesley**, **Annesley Charles**, and **Dorothy Ann**.

General Notes: Francis Wilkinson was a consultant general surgeon with an interest in urology to the Macclesfield and District Group of Hospitals. He was born in Southampton on 29 November 1924, the son of the Reverend Charles Wilkinson, a Church of England priest, and Jane née Penny. He spent most of his early years in Dorset, and as an only child forged many friendships with local youngsters of his own age with whom he kept in touch throughout the years. Sent to Ravenscroft preparatory school at seven, he then entered Haileybury until it was time to proceed with his medical education. In his youth he was an active sportsman, playing rugby football and squash racquets. When at home in Dorset he 'worked ferrets', thus supplementing the family diet, but also helping to increase his own pocket money. He trained at the London Hospital and, before qualifying, first experienced "man's inhumanity to man". He was one of a group of students who were asked to go to Belgium for relief work after the Second World War. Instead, they were diverted to Belsen, which had been liberated by the American Army. His abiding memory was

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the appalling smell that he was always able to recall with horror.

After qualifying, he completed several house appointments at the London Hospital and at Wanstead Hospital, where he was a casualty officer. He then entered the Royal Navy for National Service, serving as a surgeon-lieutenant on HMS Mauritius during the Korean War.

Francis Wilkinson decided on a surgical career and, after passing the FRCS, he undertook a registrar post with a urological bias in Preston. His higher surgical training was centred on Manchester, where he became an assistant to Michael Boyd on the professorial unit, and was seconded to Salford Royal Infirmary to continue his senior registrar training.

In his academic post he researched and published on gastric function before and after portosystemic anastomosis and also idiopathic megacolon. At a later date, his interest in urology led him to do some clinical research on cryosurgery of the prostate gland. He helped the Spemby Company produce the prototype of a cryosurgical apparatus, a rather cumbersome model that eventually led to a larger and more-effective multi-purpose machine.

When established in his consultant post, relaxation came from sailing and field sports, including pheasant and partridge shooting, red deer hunting and salmon fishing in Scotland. An animal lover, he enjoyed working with spaniels when out shooting and supported his children's interests in pets, ranging from horses to snakes.

Francis was fond of good food and wine, and enjoyed cooking. This led him to go on several 'cordon bleu' courses, much to the benefit of his family and friends.

He was a member of the Royal Society of Medicine, and enjoyed the winter skiing meetings of the section of urology. He regularly attended the British Association of Urological Surgeons (BAUS) annual meetings and those of the Manchester Medical Society. Francis enjoyed travel and was able to visit India and Sri Lanka, finding the latter country had changed little since his naval days. He loved the Greek island of Paxos, where he bought a villa and where locals fondly nicknamed him 'Benny Hill'.

For over a quarter of a century he gave informal 'consultations', always rewarded by a bottle of ouzo or olive oil, or both.

His workload was heavy and when he retired from surgical practice he was replaced by a full-time general surgeon and a urologist.

Francis Wilkinson married twice. He married Dorothy Howard in 1952, by whom he had four children – Oonagh Jane, who works in NHS bed management, Roger Geoffrey, who inherited his father's love of sailing and builds boats, Dorothy Ann, an air hostess, and Annesley Charles, who is an architect and works in Singapore. In 1972, he married Anthea Cameron, with whom he spent 32 happy years. They had a family of two – (Anthea) Keri Jane, who is retail buyer, and Colin Francis, a disc jockey and music maker.

Francis Wilkinson died on 30 May 2004 following a stroke. He is survived by his wife, Anthea, his children, and two grandsons, Daniel and Philip Griffiths. A funeral service was held at St Oswald's Church, Hollington, attended by his family and many friends and was followed by a private cremation.

N Alan Green
Sources used to compile this entry: [Information from Mrs Anthea Wilkinson].

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCS MB BS.
- He was educated at Ravenscroft preparatory school.
- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He was educated at The London Hospital.
- He worked as a Surgeon-lieutenant on HMS Mauritius.
- He worked as a Physician and Consultant surgeon to the Macclesfield and District Group of Hospitals.

- 20-Oonagh Jane Wilkinson
- 20-Roger Geoffrey Wellesley Wilkinson
- 20-Annesley Charles Wilkinson
- 20-Dorothy Ann Wilkinson

19-Carol Erica Howard

Carol married **Graham Keith Gallwey Bell**, son of **Norman Keith Bell** and **Aphra Mary Barbara Robinson**. They had two children: **Nigel Claude** and **Rachel Aphra**.

- 20-Nigel Claude Bell

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Nigel married **Renee**.

20-**Rachel Aphra Bell**

Rachel married **Graeme Hogg**.

19-**June Elizabeth Howard**

June married **Ian Kenneth Gale Sandercock**, son of **Harold Gale Sandercock** and **Marjorie Jean Walker**, on 2 Nov 1949 in Nairobi, Kenya. Ian was born on 15 Aug 1926 in Chichester, West Sussex and died in Sep 2006 at age 80. They had two children: **Richard Gale** and **Andrew Howard**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Sikh Light Infantry, Indian Army.
- He worked as a District officer with the Colonial Administrative Service in Northern Rhodesia.
- He worked as a Coffee grower in Kenya.

20-**Richard Gale Sandercock**

20-**Andrew Howard Sandercock**

18-**Lt. Col. Eric Spencer Gravely Howard**¹² was born on 30 May 1894 in Holmbury, Woodford Green, Essex and died on 3 Mar 1977 in Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.

19-**Susan Mariabella Howard**

20-**Andrew Howard Bromley**

21-**Frances May Bromley**

21-**George Howard Bromley**

20-**James Inglis Scott Bromley**

20-**Eric Alexander Bromley**

21-**Luke Peter John Bromley**

21-**Jack Alexander Bromley**

19-**Angela Felce Howard**

20-**Martin Francis Stafford Beer**

21-**Dominic Charles Stafford Beer**

21-**Jonny Beer**

20-**Philip Peter Stafford Beer**

21-**Olivia Beer**

21-**Isabel Beer**

21-**Charles Beer**

21-**Josephine Beer**

20-**Caroline Julia De Winton Beer**

21-**Thomas Knighton**

21-**Alexandra Knighton**

19-**Philip Gravely Howard**

20-**Lucy Mariabella Howard**

21-**George Hobbs**

21-**Rosie Mariabella Grace Hobbs**

21-**Esme Hobbs**

20-**Thomas Gravely Howard**

21-**William Howard**

21-**Hector Howard**

20-**Alice Marion Burkitt Howard**

21-**Oscar Howard**

21-**Isis Postandi**

19-**Diana Dilworth Howard**

20-**Mark Edward Lapping**

21-**Lucy Lapping**

21-**Robert Lapping**

20-**Joanna Venka Lapping**

21-**Hebe Pollard-Smith**

17-**Ellen Howard**¹² was born on 27 Sep 1863 in Tottenham, London and died on 22 Jul 1949 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 85.

17-**Arthur Howard**¹² was born on 29 Jul 1865 in Tottenham, London and died on 18 Sep 1933 in Weybridge, Surrey at age 68.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Tonbridge School.
- He had a residence in 60 Palace Gardens Terrace, London.

Arthur married **Emma Maude Armstrong**,¹² daughter of **Col. Francis Hugh Armstrong**¹² and **Ellen Ann Shuttleworth**,¹² on 17 Oct 1900 in St. Simon's, Southsea, Hampshire. Emma was born on 12 Jul 1874 in Charlton, Woolwich, Kent. They had three children: **Arthur Carlton**, **Francis Aylmer**, and **Aileen Maud**.

18-**Arthur Carlton Howard**¹² was born on 7 Dec 1906 in 60 Palace Gardens Terrace, London.

Arthur married **Sheila Florence Telford Thompson**, daughter of **James Arthur Thompson** and **Alice Telford**. They had one daughter: **Prudence Anne**.

19-**Prudence Anne Howard**

18-**Francis Aylmer Howard**¹² was born on 1 Nov 1908 in 60 Palace Gardens Terrace, London.

Francis married **Sheila Mary Hughes**, daughter of **Harold Cresswel Hughes** and **Ida May Haywood**. They had one son: **Peter Aylmer**.

19-**Peter Aylmer Howard**

18-**Aileen Maud Howard**¹² was born on 27 Jun 1910 in 60 Palace Gardens Terrace, London and died in 1985 at age 75.

17-**Henry Crewdson Howard**¹² was born on 3 Sep 1868 in Tottenham, London and died on 30 Jul 1953 in Chislehurst, Kent at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FCA.
- He was educated at Haileybury College.
- He worked as a Partner in Jones, Youatt & Crewdson in London.

Henry married **Annie Curling Sprague**,¹² daughter of **William White Sprague**¹² and **Annie Deane**,¹² on 21 Apr 1903 in St. George's Church, Bickley, Kent. Annie was born on 21 Aug 1880 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died in 1976 in Chislehurst, Kent at age 96. They had three children: **Ellen Nancy**, **Joseph Crewdson**, and **Winifred Mary Curling**.

18-**Ellen Nancy Howard**¹² was born on 7 May 1904 in The Firs, Bickley, Kent and died in 2000 at age 96.

Ellen married **Rev. Kenneth Graham Sandberg** on 19 Dec 1925 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. Kenneth was born on 20 Jul 1888 in London and died in 1984 at age 96. They had four children: **Kenneth David**, **Evelyn Mary**, **Anne Crewdson**, and **Christine Graham**.

19-**Kenneth David Sandberg**

Kenneth married **Jill Ann Breton**, daughter of **Alfred Nicholas Breton** and **Janet Christine Stainsby**. They had one son: **Nicholas Graham**.

20-**Nicholas Graham Sandberg**

19-**Evelyn Mary Sandberg**

Evelyn married **Edward Michael Pilkington**, son of **Edward Fielden Pilkington** and **Catharine Dorothy Willink**. They had two children: **Jennifer Mary** and **Claire**.

20-**Jennifer Mary Pilkington**

20-**Claire Pilkington**

19-**Anne Crewdson Sandberg**

Anne married **Rev. Christopher James Mogridge**, son of **Walter Frank Mogridge** and **Kathleen Laura Rew Bates**. They had two children: **Kathleen Victoria** and

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Anne Jessica.

20-Kathleen Victoria Mogridge

Kathleen married **George East**. They had three children: **Lydia-Grace Nancy Mogridge**, **Theodore Felix Mogridge**, and **Raphael Rew James Mogridge**.

21-Lydia-Grace Nancy Mogridge East

21-Theodore Felix Mogridge East

21-Raphael Rew James Mogridge East

20-Anne Jessica Mogridge

19-Christine Graham Sandberg

Christine married **Douglas John Duncan**.

18-Joseph Crewdson Howard¹² was born on 23 Jul 1907 in The Gables, Bromley, Kent and died on 4 Sep 1993 at age 86.

Joseph married **Elisabeth Mary Selby**, daughter of **Alexander Prideaux Selby** and **Mary Thorpe Mappin**, on 17 Aug 1946 in London. Elisabeth was born on 4 Oct 1912 in Sheffield, Yorkshire, died on 25 Jan 2007 at age 94, and was buried in Mickleham Churchyard. They had two children: **Oliver Crewdson** and **Patience Mary**.

19-Oliver Crewdson Howard

Oliver married **Laura Thompson-Royds**.

19-Patience Mary Howard

Patience married **Charles Adair Anderson**, son of **Lt. Col. Charles Patrick Anderson** and **Christian Maule Jackson Jardine**. They had three children: **Alice Selby**, **Lewis Adair**, and **Ralph Oliver**.

20-Alice Selby Anderson

Alice married **Jonathan Syson**.

20-Lewis Adair Anderson

Lewis married **Sarah Gibson**.

20-Ralph Oliver Anderson

18-Winifred Mary Curling Howard¹² was born on 24 Jan 1911 in The Gables, Bromley, Kent and died on 5 Feb 2006 in Colchester, Essex at age 95.

17-Joseph Howard¹² was born on 12 Jan 1871 in Tottenham, London and died on 25 Jan 1951 in Moreton in the Marsh, Gloucestershire at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury College.
- He was educated at Kings College, London.
- He had a residence in Brookfield House, Belbroughton, Worcestershire.

Joseph married **Edith Mary Lilian Storrs**,¹² daughter of **Rev. Dr. Charles Edward Storrs** and **Edith Young**, on 29 Apr 1902 in St. John the Baptist's, Hove, Brighton, East Sussex. Edith was born on 17 Aug 1875 in The Vicarage, Heslington, Yorkshire and died in 1963 at age 88. They had six children: **Ewen Storrs**, **Alexander Storrs**, **Barbara Storrs**, **Charles Storrs**, **Anna Storrs**, and **Josephine Mary Storrs**.

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18-**Maj. Ewen Storrs Howard**¹² was born on 16 Apr 1903 in Lapal House, Quinton, Worcestershire and died on 11 Jul 1979 at age 76.

Ewen married **Cynthia Beatrice Wallace**, daughter of **William Berkly Wallace** and **Beatrice Mary Lang**, on 30 Jun 1928 in Canterbury, Kent. Cynthia was born on 14 Oct 1907 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire and died on 28 Jul 2000 at age 92. They had three children: **Andrew Ewen**, **Julian Godfrey**, and **Francis John Adrian**.

19-**Andrew Ewen Howard** was born on 21 May 1929 in Churchill and died on 10 Feb 1953 in London at age 23.

19-**Julian Godfrey Howard**

Julian married **Anne McNeil**. Anne was born in 1940 and died in 2000 at age 60.

19-**Francis John Adrian Howard**

Francis married **Lynnette Mader**, daughter of **John Ashford Mader** and **Kathleen Sarah Strickland**. They had two children: **Gregory Andrew** and **Philip Ewen**.

20-**Gregory Andrew Howard** was born on 25 May 1964 and died on 10 Apr 1996 at age 31.

Gregory married **Martine Astley**.

20-**Philip Ewen Howard**

Philip married **Jennifer Collier**, daughter of **Robert Collier** and **Sally Collier**. They had two children: **Amelia Mae** and **Alexander Gregory Robert**.

21-**Amelia Mae Howard**

21-**Alexander Gregory Robert Howard**

18-**Alexander Storrs Howard**¹² was born on 16 Apr 1903 in Lapal House, Quinton, Worcestershire and died on 28 Feb 1952 in Lyppard Grange. In An Accident. at age 48.

Alexander married **Juliet Anne Rowlatt**, daughter of **John Friend Rowlatt** and **Hilda Broatch**, on 21 Oct 1937 in London. Juliet was born on 21 Dec 1910 and died in 1969 at age 59. They had three children: **Richard John**, **Charles Peter**, and **Christopher Rowlatt**.

19-**Richard John Howard**

Richard married **Elizabeth McDermott**. They had two children: **Sarah Louise** and **Alexander James**.

20-**Sarah Louise Howard**

Sarah married **Unnamed**. They had one son: **Callum**.

21-**Callum Howard**

Sarah next married **Robert Woods**.

Sarah next married **Adam Wylie**. They had one daughter: **Flora Elizabeth**.

21-**Flora Elizabeth Wylie**

20-**Alexander James Howard**

Alexander married **Anna Godfrey**. They had two children: **Henry Thomas** and **Ottillie Rose**.

21-**Henry Thomas Howard**

21-**Ottillie Rose Howard**

19-**Charles Peter Howard**

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Charles married **Rita Wilson**. They had three children: **Peter Duncan**, **Douglas Elton**, and **Winston R. F.**

20-**Peter Duncan Howard**

Peter married **Jessica Lynn Cheslek**. They had two children: **Duncan Luke** and **Camille Louise**.

21-**Duncan Luke Howard**

21-**Camille Louise Howard**

20-**Douglas Elton Howard**

Douglas married **Jessica Lee French**.

20-**Winston R. F. Howard**

19-**Christopher Rowlatt Howard**

Christopher married **Angela Gimson**. They had one son: **William Rowlatt**.

20-**William Rowlatt Howard**

18-**Barbara Storrs Howard**¹² was born on 1 Jun 1906 in 20 Margaret Street, London and died on 2 Jul 1992 at age 86.

Barbara married **Geoffrey Peter Shakerley**, son of **Geoffrey Charles Shakerley** and **Marjory Harvey**, on 23 Apr 1932. Geoffrey was born on 11 Apr 1906 in Barnston and died on 6 Mar 1982 at age 75. They had four children: **Geoffrey Charles**, **Susan**, **Alan Joseph Audley**, and **Rosemary Ann**.

19-**Geoffrey Charles Shakerley**

Geoffrey married **Margaret Jean Macintosh**, daughter of **J. C. Macintosh**, on 19 Aug 1961 in Johannesburg, Transvaal, South Africa. Margaret was born in 1933 and died in 1995 at age 62. They had three children: **Susanna Julia**, **Andrew**, and **John Michael Alan**.

20-**Susanna Julia Shakerley**

20-**Andrew Shakerley**

Andrew married **Claudia Cole**. They had three children: **Geoffrey David Alexander**, **Harriet**, and **Phillipa**.

21-**Geoffrey David Alexander Shakerley**

21-**Harriet Shakerley**

21-**Phillipa Shakerley**

20-**John Michael Alan Shakerley**

John married **Alexandra Jean Frew**. They had two children: **Nicola Margaret** and **Sarah Liane**.

21-**Nicola Margaret Shakerley**

21-**Sarah Liane Shakerley**

Geoffrey next married **Barbara Byng**.

19-**Susan Shakerley**

Susan married **John Petty**. They had four children: **Rachel**, **Simon**, **Mark**, and **Jeremy**.

20-**Rachel Petty**

Rachel married **Michael Launay**. They had one son: **Samuel**.

21-**Samuel Launay**

20-**Simon Petty**

20-**Mark Petty**

20-**Jeremy Petty**

Jeremy married **Emma Lonsdale-Wells**. They had two children: **Jake Alexander** and **Dexter James Wells**.

21-**Jake Alexander Petty**

21-**Dexter James Wells Petty**

19-**Alan Joseph Audley Shakerley**

Alan married **Susan Tamblin**. They had three children: **Julian**, **Nancy**, and **Cecilia Sarah Elizabeth**.

20-**Julian Shakerley**

Julian married **Susan Martin**. They had one daughter: **Amy Grace**.

21-**Amy Grace Shakerley**

20-**Nancy Shakerley**

Nancy married **Matthew Bawler**.

20-**Cecilia Sarah Elizabeth Shakerley**

19-**Rosemary Ann Shakerley**

Rosemary married **Jo Bird**.

18-**Brig. Charles Storrs Howard**¹² was born on 1 Jun 1906 in 20 Margaret Street, London and died on 14 Sep 1966 at age 60.

General Notes: He was born 1 June 1906. Son of J. Howard. RMC 1925. Somerset Light Infantry 1926. Lieutenant Colonel 1942. Brigadier 1952, Deputy Director Military Training War Office 1955. Retired 1958. Mention in Despatches 30.10.1953 Malaya.. DSO 26.10.1954 Malaya. CBE 1958. Died 14 September 1966

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO CBE.
- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He worked as an officer of the Somerset Light Infantry.
- He worked as a Deputy Director Military Training War Office in 1955-1958.

18-**Anna Storrs Howard**¹² was born on 9 May 1911 in 20 Margaret Street, London.

Anna married **David Dixon Walker**, son of **Sydney Walker** and **Dora Dixon**, on 19 Jun 1939 in London. David was born on 9 Sep 1905 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 2002 at age 97. They had three children: **John David**, **Nicholas Ewen**, and **Anna Gay**.

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19-**John David Walker** was born on 29 Nov 1942 in Sutton and died in 1975 at age 33.

John married **Catherine Balieux**. They had two children: **Naomi** and **Marianne**.

20-**Naomi Walker**

20-**Marianne Walker**

19-**Nicholas Ewen Walker**

Nicholas married **Pauline Clarke**. Pauline was born in 1943 and died on 26 Mar 2004 at age 61. They had two children: **Tessa** and **James**.

20-**Tessa Walker**

20-**James Walker**

19-**Anna Gay Walker**

Anna married **Tony Fisher**. They had two children: **Dan** and **Chan**.

20-**Dan Fisher**

20-**Chan Fisher**

18-**Josephine Mary Storrs Howard** was born on 27 May 1918 in London and died on 11 Sep 2006 at age 88.

Josephine married **Rev. Robert Arthur Crawley-Boevey**, son of **Rev. Arthur Curtis Crawley-Boevey** and **Evelyn Rosalie Carnegie**, on 11 Apr 1947 in Kidderminster. Robert was born on 22 Oct 1912 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 8 Jun 2007 at age 94. They had three children: **David Alexander**, **Juliet Ann**, and **Peter Robert**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Seer Green, Bucks.

19-**David Alexander Crawley-Boevey**

David married **Isabelle Frances Lee Eyre**, daughter of **Donald Eyre**. They had three children: **Catherine Rosanna**, **Sarah Frances**, and **Julia Alexandra**.

20-**Catherine Rosanna Crawley-Boevey**

20-**Sarah Frances Crawley-Boevey**

20-**Julia Alexandra Crawley-Boevey**

19-**Juliet Ann Crawley-Boevey**

Juliet married **Andrew Deane**. They had two children: **Kelvin John** and **Jamie Lee**.

20-**Kelvin John Deane**

20-**Jamie Lee Deane**

19-**Peter Robert Crawley-Boevey**

Peter married **Joanne Margaret Kurrle**, daughter of **Ian Kurrle**. They had three children: **Robert Ian**, **Natasha Margaret**, and **Rachel Josephine**.

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20-**Robert Ian Crawley-Boevey**

20-**Natasha Margaret Crawley-Boevey**

20-**Rachel Josephine Crawley-Boevey**

17-**Gilbert Howard**¹² was born on 28 Dec 1875 in Tottenham, London and died on 1 Mar 1936 in London at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He had a residence in 26 Warwick Gardens, Kensington, London.

18-**Henry Michael Howard**¹² was born on 14 Feb 1911 in 26 Warwick Gardens, Kensington, London and died on 21 Sep 1996 in Kensington at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bell Founder.

18-**Gilbert Alexander Ferguson Howard**¹² was born on 7 Jan 1913 in 26 Warwick Gardens, Kensington, London and died on 30 Sep 1914 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 1.

16-**Mary Elizabeth Howard**²²⁵ was born on 21 Mar 1836 in Helme Lodge, Kendal and died on 2 Jul 1919 in Torquay, Devon at age 83.

16-**John Eliot Howard**²²⁵ was born on 15 Feb 1838 in Tottenham, London and died on 28 Dec 1866 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 28.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Eastbourne, East Sussex.

John married **Louisa Waterhouse**,^{12,225} daughter of **Henry Waterhouse** and **Mary Crewdson**, on 3 Apr 1861 in Manchester. Louisa was born on 19 Dec 1837 in Ardwick Green, Manchester and died on 22 Jan 1914 in Oakdene, Carlisle Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 76. They had four children: **William Crewdson**, **John Eliot**, **Mary Louisa**, and **Charles Waterhouse**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1914 in Oakdene, Carlisle Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex.

17-**William Crewdson Howard**¹² was born on 13 Feb 1862 in Tottenham, London and died in 1926 in Letchworth, Hertfordshire at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

William married **Catherine Penelope Cave-Brown-Cave**,¹² daughter of **Ambrose Syned Cave-Brown-Cave** and **Caroline Mary Anne Elizabeth Saurin**, on 15 Sep 1887 in Priory Church, Great Malvern. The marriage ended in divorce. Catherine was born on 26 Jun 1866 in Stretton En Le Field and died on 23 Jan 1930 at age 63. They had three children: **Reginald Dilworth**, **Anstace Muriel**, and **Joan Rosamund**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1905.

18-**Lt. Cmdr. Reginald Dilworth Howard**¹² was born on 28 Jan 1889 in Hampstead, London and died on 24 Jan 1949 in London at age 59.

Reginald married **Petronel Eleanor Layland-Barratt**, daughter of **Sir Francis Layland-Barratt 1st Bt.** and **Frances Layland**, on 17 Dec 1916 in St. Simon's Church,

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Chelsea, London. Petronel was born on 16 May 1889 in London and died in 1970 in Torbay, Devon at age 81. They had two children: **Derek Francis Reginald** and **Peter Eliot Layland**.

19-**Derek Francis Reginald Howard** was born on 24 Sep 1918 in London and died on 3 Jan 1992 in Sedlescombe, East Sussex at age 73.

Derek married **Deirdre Ffennell Smith**, daughter of **Victor Ffennell Smith**. They had three children: **Rosalind Clare**, **Peter**, and **Barbara Felicity Gail**.

20-**Rosalind Clare Howard**

Rosalind married **David Baumberg**. They had one daughter: **Emma Joy**.

21-**Emma Joy Baumberg**

20-**Peter Howard**

20-**Barbara Felicity Gail Howard**

19-**Peter Eliot Layland Howard** was born on 25 Jul 1921 in Torquay, Devon and died in 2002 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Nakuru, Kenya.

Peter married **Sheila Powell**. They had two children: **John Reginald** and **Martin Eliot**.

20-**John Reginald Howard**

20-**Martin Eliot Howard**

Reginald next married **Rosemary Heartsease Molyneux-Montgomerie**, daughter of **Maj. George Frederick Crisp Molyneux-Montgomerie** and **Sybil Mary Blanche Somerset**. They had two children: **Joan Rosamund** and **Anstace Muriel**.

19-**Joan Rosamund Howard**

19-**Anstace Muriel Howard**

18-**Anstace Muriel Howard**¹² was born on 4 Apr 1893 in Truro, Cornwall.

18-**Joan Rosamund Howard**¹² was born on 20 Sep 1897 in Malvern, Worcestershire.

17-**John Eliot Howard**¹² was born on 31 Mar 1864 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent and died in Mar 1915 in Cooden, Bexhill, East Sussex at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Tonbridge School.
- He had a residence in Shortlands, Willingdon, Kent.

John married **Ellen Elizabeth Janet Wyld**,¹² daughter of **Edward Wyld** and **Ellen Elizabeth Muller**, on 30 May 1896 in London. Ellen was born on 14 Nov 1871 in London and died on 15 Mar 1943 in Loxwood at age 71. They had four children: **Charles Edward**, **Marjorie Janet Elizabeth**, **Evelyn Mary**, and **Geoffrey John Eliot**.

18-**Charles Edward Howard**¹² was born on 9 Mar 1897 in London.

Charles married **Irene Mary Andrews**, daughter of **Henry Leonard Andrews** and **Alice Annie Andrews**, on 25 Jul 1925 in London. Irene was born on 19 Jan 1900 in London. They had two children: **Timothy Stafford** and **Barbara Noelle**.

19-**Timothy Stafford Howard**

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19-Barbara Noelle Howard

18-Marjorie Janet Elizabeth Howard¹² was born on 29 Jan 1900 in Shortlands, Willingdon, Kent and died in 1979 at age 79.

18-Evelyn Mary Howard¹² was born on 19 Mar 1903 in Shortlands, Willingdon, Kent.

18-Geoffrey John Eliot Howard¹² was born on 19 Jul 1907 in Shortlands, Willingdon, Kent and died in Apr 1998 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer in Eastbourne, East Sussex.

Geoffrey married **Patricia Doreen Chesney**, daughter of **Charles Cornwallis Chesney** and **Phyllis Holl**, on 7 Jun 1934 in Foxearth. Patricia was born on 28 Mar 1913 in Farnham, Surrey and died in 1983 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 70. They had two children: **Anthony John Eliot** and **Richard Charles Edward**.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Her grandfather was General George Tonkyns Chesney KCB CIE CSI.

19-Anthony John Eliot Howard

19-Richard Charles Edward Howard

17-Mary Louisa Howard was born on 16 Jun 1865 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent, died on 28 Jan 1866 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent, and was buried in Tottenham Cemetery.

17-Charles Waterhouse Howard was born on 25 Nov 1866 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent and died on 25 Jun 1890 in Malapuram, India at age 23.

16-Mariabella Howard^{12,225,317} was born on 20 Dec 1840 in Tottenham, London and died on 27 Feb 1921 in Grafton Manor, Bromsgrove, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 80.

17-Howard Lloyd was born on 27 Sep 1868 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 14 Jan 1926 in Plymouth, Devon at age 57.

17-Cecil Ambrose Lloyd¹² was born on 18 May 1870 in Kings Heath, Birmingham and died on 10 Apr 1961 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Repton School.
- He worked as a JP for Staffordshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire.

18-Lt. Col. Humphrey Howard Lloyd¹² was born on 9 Dec 1902 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire and died on 31 Jan 1975 in Wotton under Edge, Gloucestershire at age 72.

19-Rev. Crewdson Howard Lloyd was born on 8 Oct 1931 in London and died on 23 Nov 1999 in Oxford at age 68.

20-Dr. Stephen Howard Lloyd

21-Isaac Samuel Lloyd

20-John Crewdson Lloyd

20-Andrew Woodroffe Lloyd

21-Jocelyn Oliver Lloyd

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-Julius William Lloyd

19-**Godfrey Kenrick Lloyd** was born on 9 Apr 1935 in London and died on 19 Oct 2015 at age 80.

General Notes: Just to confirm the arrangements for Godfrey's funeral on Monday 2nd November: Cremation at West Herts Crematorium WD25 0JF at 11.20 am
Memorial Service at St Peter's Church, St Albans AL1 3HG at 2.00 pm

20-Mary Kenrick Lloyd

20-Simon Godfrey Lloyd

21-Charlotte Amelia Lloyd

21-Eloise Marie Lloyd

21-Gina Frances Lloyd

19-**Rachel Marian Lloyd** was born on 26 Apr 1938 in London, died in Oct 2015 in St. Luke's Hospital, Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 77, and was buried on 20 Oct 2015.

19-Elizabeth Harriet Lloyd

18-**Rev. Rex Edward Ambrose Lloyd**¹² was born on 7 Apr 1904 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire, died on 21 Apr 1996 in Lytchett Matravers, Dorset at age 92, and was buried in 1996 in Fulmer, Buckinghamshire.

19-**David Edward Lloyd** was born on 21 Nov 1935 in Bournemouth, Dorset and died on 22 Apr 2017 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bank Manager at Lloyds.

20-Katharine Annabelle Lloyd

21-James Royston-Smith

21-Emma Katherine Royston-Smith

20-Matthew David Lloyd

21-Amy Olivia Lloyd

21-Jake Philip Lloyd

20-Michael John Paul Lloyd

21-Yasmin Lloyd

21-Tyler Lloyd

21-Jayden Lloyd

19-Richard Van Sommer Lloyd

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Jonathan Howard Lloyd

19-Alison Margaret Lloyd

20-Christina Ruth Francis

21-Sebastien Renoux

20-Dr. Juliet Rachel Francis

21-Francis Philip Hillier

18-Maurice Howard Lloyd¹² was born on 4 Dec 1906 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire and died on 18 Jan 1913 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire at age 6.

18-David Lloyd was born on 17 Nov 1913 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire and died on 17 Nov 1913 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire.

18-Raymond Forbes Lloyd was born on 25 Mar 1916 in White Lodge, Belbroughton, Worcestershire, died on 25 Jul 2014 in Gloucester Hospital, Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 98, and was buried in St Mary's Church, Tetbury, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: LLOYD – Raymond Forbes of Tetbury, Glos. Died on 25th July 2014 aged 98. Husband of the late Barbara Joan Lloyd. Thanksgiving Service, following private cremation, at Tetbury Parish Church 2.30 pm on Friday 15th August. Family flowers only, please, but donations for Tetbury Hospital to L.E. Perry, 13-15 Hampton St, Tetbury, Glos GL8 8JN. 01452 740728. - *Courtesy of Richard Lloyd*

Raymond as spoken at the Service at Tetbury [15/8/2014] Harriet Faulkner

Today we are recalling a life of 98 years. Raymond. In our home he was known as being a positive contribution to the Great War by his parents: Ambrose and Jessie Lloyd. At his birth in 1916 Raymond was very ill, including having jaundice. He continued to suffer from any illness going all his young life and was termed 'a delicate child' – an expression you don't now hear. Because of that he was largely home-educated at their home of White Lodge, Belbroughton, with a governess, in between frequent ailments. He said Sundays were fiercely set apart from all other days, so that the family would walk to church for the eleven o'clock Service, and walk home, since his father would not drive on Sundays. Free time was also spent on pastimes confined to Sunday use. Raymond lately produced his long-kept 'Sunday Book' beautifully laid out by him under his mother's teaching, with hand-written key texts for each topic and season. These were built up from age 6 to age 15, and then record his attendance at beach missions for the young at Woolacombe, and Borth, culminating in his profession of trust in the Lord Jesus in a Confirmation Service at Hartlebury Castle by Bishop Perowne: 'a cousin of my aunt Margery.' It was a big decision of his mother's to send her 12-year old to live and be schooled in the health-giving air of Switzerland for spells covering roughly 4 years – when you think of no phones [1930 to 1934] less easy travel, and doing without her son - not to mention expense. But it paid off, and Raymond retained a love of Switzerland throughout his life. When in those years he occasionally returned, he enjoyed visits to his oldest brother Humphrey, in London, who was 14 years his senior and already had his first home in Hampstead. Upon his return when 16 there must have been some thought about him aiming for a University place. One of the tutors from his Swiss placement also returned, to live in Colwyn Bay, and there Raymond went to live for 2 or 3 terms of one-on-one tuition from this man he knew well, who tutored in various subjects including Latin and Calculus, and was, Raymond thought, just one page ahead of him in the book. When Raymond took an exam run by Exeter College, Oxford, for those who had not got the ordinary school leaving certificate, he passed and read ENGINEERING SCIENCE, 1935 to '38. Only Oxford offered that particular brand of first engineering degree, and he valued the course from which he had to go on afterwards towards one of the then 3 branches: Electrical, Mechanical or Civil Engineering, as was customary. He opted for a year reading ENGINEERING AND COMMERCIAL STUDIES at Loughborough College, Leicester, and normally after that year [1938-'39] would have been taken on at the firm of his choice but, as you know, the War intervened so he never got his I Mech E. Instead he worked for the War Effort in Reading with Pulsometer fashioning a variety of pumps. 2 Leaving the narrative there for a moment let me backtrack into the Exeter College years to note two things: his lively interest in the College ever since. Only last year nephew Godfrey took Raymond to one event of the College's 700th Year of Celebration; and the firm friendship he formed with a man one year behind him whose development in a) plantsmanship and b) birdwatching he much admired. That was David Nichols, whom we all knew and whose son, Jim, is here today tho' his sister, Fiona, is abroad or would be here. Some time after the close of War David Nichols and Raymond managed a birdwatching visit to Stockholm. Furthermore Raymond got wind of the setting-up of the Severn Wildfowl Trust by Peter Scott at Slimbridge and, having gone along to have a look, he became a near-founder member. That would be in 1947. We also know of a second lifelong and dear friend of Oxford days, Walter Douglas, died only last year, whose son Francis is one of Raymond's godchildren. Around that year Raymond, now 31, moved work from Reading to Archdales of Worcester, makers of machine tools. As his parents had some years before moved to Nettlebed he could easily drive himself home from either Reading or Worcester. Still the bachelor son, he changed position in 1950 to AC Delco at Dunstable where he took lodgings. It was a great event for him to travel far north, to Fair Isle, the mecca of keen birders, experiencing also the bad weather that can prevent the sea passage from Shetland.

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How much he envied our own visit to Fair Isle in July 2011, reading the Bird Report for that year from cover to cover. The eldest brother now played a further role. Humphrey sometimes needed the secretarial work of Barbara Hicks at Marlow where he lived, for they both held positions at Chatham House. So it was in Marlow that Raymond and Barbara met. Several times. Their marriage in 1955 by his middle brother, Rex, meant a hospitable new venue for the nephews and nieces at Totternhoe while he continued with AC Delco for 3 years. After that he sought a change into Training and Education within Engineering, taking a position at Woolwich, 1959, with a firm that shortly became AEI Telecoms Group, and so a second home was made, in Orpington, for about 9 years. When the boss left Raymond went up a notch into his place, and this is where he developed friendship with Jack Keiser [Keesa] who was very keen on birds generally and on Fair Isle and its renowned Bird Observatory in particular. Jack even held his 80th on Fair Isle, inviting Raymond, who sadly could not go, which he lastingly regretted. From Woolwich in 1968 Raymond made another move, this time into Personnel Management [or Human Resources] in the R and D section of Metal Box at Boreham Wood. Thus Raymond and Barbara made their third home, at Chalfont St Giles, which we all 3 remember, especially the expertise put into the garden-making there, whilst I recall being taken by them to the Savill Garden, Virginia Water to learn the finer points of planting layout, which I loved. All of us have been taken to gardens and nurseries of note ever since. When he reached 61 Metal Box did a re-structuring which faced Raymond with the question, 'Now what?' He did not want the re-location prospect, yet neither did he want to be at the mercy of the job market, or retire just then but, as he considered all the options he saw his way both to remaining in the Chalfont house for a spell and using those few years to fulfil some personal wishes of his own and Barbara's. Undertaking original research into the lines of descent on his mother's side of the family he gathered material on the Paddons, and was delighted to assist with a biography on his uncle, Dr Harry Paddon of Labrador, then being written in Canada. Working on the Van Sommer line he closed in upon our Huguenot ancestry, with their specialist world of silk weaving and design. He and Barbara travelled wherever the trails led, including Canada, to stay with Harry's son Dick and wife Sheila Paddon, who would surely have flown here for this day if it were not for her great age. Moving to his father's side Raymond pursued research into, and promotion of Luke Howard of Tottenham, Namer of the Clouds, the father of Meteorology, and the Brook St Chapel which he and his family founded and supported. Getting to Tottenham for the unveiling of a Blue Plaque on Luke's house, going again to be satisfied with the renovation and cleaning of John Eliot Howard's gravestone at Tottenham, and working on the placing of a memorial to Luke and Mariabella Howard at the Friends Meeting House in Winchmore Hill were high among the family achievements he pursued in recent years. Nor was the Lloyd ancestry neglected, with his visits to the Welsh family home at Dolobran, and to the Library in Birmingham which holds much family material. These mentions of family lines allow me to say that we belong in a wide cousinly community thanks, in the first place, to many having been of the Quaker persuasion, inclined to marry within their circle, and keeping up links across the country by much letter-writing. Annual Meetings assisted in forming the habit of getting together, which has continued sporadically and with great fun down a century. The one who for years had drawn up a Family Tree for any such big occasion was the eldest brother. When Humphrey died Raymond became the one who, for each Cousins Party, produced an extended and updated tree, about a yard wide, to enable many of us to position ourselves in relation to our cousins. He loved a family get-together! After those research and travel years the time came for a new home for his and Barbara's retirement so they house-hunted in the Severn Valley and the Cotswold region near 4 Gloucester, found one with a fine coombe view, waited a year for it to be renovated, and be given a landscaped garden by a cousin, Philip Howard, and then in 1982 they moved into 19 Cirencester Road, Tetbury. There have followed more than 30 years of Retirement Pursuits in the town here, in the locality, and far beyond. Raymond and Barbara took out many memberships, not only to enjoy themselves but also to take along any willing family or visitor to enjoy favourite places with them whether Music, Concerts, Exhibitions, Westonbirt Arboretum, Gloucestershire Wildlife Trust, Nature in Art, Luncheon Club, and Probus: you will know better than we do. And all of us have met our uncle and aunt at, or been taken to, a multitude of good pubs for chatty lunches. He kept the Good Pub Guide, and a register of visits! The many periodicals arriving through the letterbox supported this riot of interests, and we benefited from relevant excerpts being mailed to the right recipients. A great set of 'Which?' magazines was available for us to consult. Then he took to computing aged 83 plus, allowing us to be in touch by Email. Of course, Raymond kept a workbench, and would always attempt repairs to damaged articles rather than buy replacements. We are sure that you each have memories of "Mr Lloyd" because of the width of these interests, and know how he took an interest in The Feoffees, the Woolsack Day, the Campaign in support of Tetbury Hospital, the Planting of the new Woodland. Some of you have known Raymond in these last 4 years, becoming important to the smooth running of the home in the months of increasing fragility. To you who have been such a help, and been good company for one who enjoyed visitors in all their variety, we can now give our Thank You. For us families of Humphrey Lloyd, and Rex Lloyd, Raymond and Barbara were favourite uncle and aunt, often visited or invited to our homes; and as our families grew, they took on the role of great- and great-great- uncle and aunt. Additionally, though Barbara had few family connections, her niece Linda became a regular visitor and companion to Raymond in these last few years. With our own parents departed it has been our privilege for 15 years to keep the home and the garden functioning. Throughout the years the keynotes have been hospitality, vibrant and varied interests, orderliness and the engineering hallmark. Of course, Raymond still had much to do, wasn't ready to go, but in truth we are not so much mourners as his admirers.

RAYMOND LLOYD
St Mary's Tetbury
15 August 2014

Many of us met here, along with Raymond, on the 20th of September 2012 to give thanks for the life of his beloved Barbara and bid her farewell in the name of the Lord. In my address then, I recalled how Raymond and Barbara regularly attended the 8am Holy Communion service here where the service was that of the Book of Common Prayer which they cherished. They were familiar with, and treasured, the many jewels of that liturgy, and certainly with the Prayer of General Thanksgiving which sadly we seldom hear used these days. I mention this since I find that this prayer pinpoints for me much that I met in Raymond's life. Late me quote a part of that prayer with its "soberly magnificent" Elizabethan English prose/poetry: *Almighty God, Father of all mercies, we thine unworthy servants do give thee most humble and hearty thanks for all thy goodness and loving-kindness to us and to all men. We bless thee for our creation, preservation and all the blessings*

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of this life; but above all for thine inestimable love in the redemption of the world by our Lord Jesus Christ, for the means of grace and for the hope of glory." Raymond understood his life as a gift, a blessing from God, and important among these blessings was that of friendship. Other people are a gift to us and we all need one another. "Our life and our death are with our neighbour" (Anthony the Great). We are members of one another; that's how God made us. This explains Raymond's characteristic warmth and welcome to others which built up a wide circle of friends here in Tetbury. He greatly valued his family whose history he helped to record. I know how deeply grateful he was to the several family members who gave him unfailing support and care during his illnesses these last few years. The high value he placed on friendship explains his genuine concern for the well-being of community life here in Tetbury where he actively supported many local organizations, such as Probus, the Civic Society, the Historical Society, this church and other local interest groups. Among his blessings he counted, too, a love of creation, nature, its flora and fauna, and these were enriched by the journeyings he and Barbara made across the world. I think it was at an 8am service here in 1982 that I first met him and I soon came to value his friendship. I quickly recognised his sharp intellect and a questioning mind which were evident in the perceptive and penetrating questions he threw at me in study groups. He was a thinking scientist, having read Engineering, and a thinking Christian, who valued simplicity and order, expressed in sound judgements, thoughtfully arrived at, and articulated with characteristic gentleness. Alongside his serious and reverent attention to the mystery he found in the world around him, he retained a delightful sense of humour and could laugh at himself, especially when Barbara drew attention to his mistakes or forgetfulness. She surely was for him his loveliest blessing! Over the years Sheila and I regularly met with Raymond and Barbara at some eating place (discovered by him) between Tetbury and Llandaff and these meetings continued after her death. We had planned to meet in July for lunch, the day Raymond met with his accident. We shall miss those lovely meetings! We were -still are - *companions* for we broke bread together, at pub and altar. So, as I reflect on Raymond, I find myself asking: what made him the human being I knew and, along with many others, held in affection? What indeed makes us the people we are? We are certainly not what we eat. We are who we are by the values we freely espouse and try to practise. What were those values for Raymond? Philosophers have ever proposed endless lists of the virtues they think make our values. For their answer, Christians turn not to abstract concepts but to the life lived by Jesus of Nazareth, the Son of God, and there they find, in action, love, faith, hope, forgiveness, sacrifice. Then St Paul adds "joy, peace, patience, kindness, generosity, faithfulness, gentleness, self-control" (Gal 5.22). But notice: these are gifts of God, not our own achievement. It was in his search for, and adoption of such values and the way he tried to live by them, that made Raymond the very special person we met and still know. Throughout his life he was an Easter man for he saw his life on earth as one of service and as part of a greater life still to come, as gift, a blessing, to be graciously received, revered and enjoyed, because God raised Jesus of the first Easter Day; the Jesus who offers life in all its fullness, above all, immeasurable love. So it is fitting, as we thank God for Raymond, here in the place and the community which meant much to him, to return to the Prayer of General Thanksgiving: "*And we beseech thee, give us that due sense of all thy mercies that our hearts may be unfeignedly thankful, and that we show forth thy praise, not only with our lips, but in our lives; by giving up ourselves to thy service, and by walking before thee in holiness and righteousness all our days*". Thus with thanksgiving, we pray: May he rest in peace and rise to glory. Amen

17-**John Eliot Howard Lloyd**¹² was born on 28 Feb 1872 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 12 Jul 1933 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Repton School.
- He had a residence in 14 Augustus Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

18-**Eliot Fraser Lloyd** was born on 24 Nov 1900 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1968 at age 68.

19-**Jillian Fraser Lloyd**

20-**Claire Lloyd Carlill**

20-**Angus Lloyd Carlill**

19-**John Eliot Fraser Lloyd**

18-**Prof. Seton Howard Frederick Lloyd** was born on 30 May 1902 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 8 Jan 1996 in Woolstone, Berkshire at age 93.

General Notes: Seton Lloyd was born in Birmingham on 30 May 1902. After school at Uppingham, he studied at the Architectural Association in London and qualified as an architect in 1926, when he joined Sir Edwin Lutyens' practice in Queen Anne's Gate. In 1928 Lloyd set up in practice with two friends and this unexpectedly gave him his entry into archaeology and led to a distinguished career as a Near Eastern field archaeologist and professor. One of his partners was due to join an excavation in his professional capacity as architect/surveyor but last-minute developments necessitated his remaining in London to oversee the partnership's first important commission. Lloyd went in his place and found himself at Tell el-Amarnah, the fourteenth-century B.C. site which Henri Frankfort was excavating for the Egypt Exploration Society.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

This project lasted for two years, and in 1930 Lloyd was invited by Frankfort to join his next excavation, under the auspices of the Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago, of a series of sites in the Diyala region north-east of Baghdad, which occupied them for seven years. From 1937-9 Lloyd excavated at Mersin, in southern Turkey, for the University of Liverpool and returned to Iraq in 1939 as technical adviser to the Director of Antiquities in Baghdad. During the war he worked briefly in the public relations office of the Mandate government in Jerusalem but returned to Baghdad in 1941, where he helped to establish the Iraq Museum and reorganize the Gertrude Bell Museum. He trained Iraqi archaeologists and participated with Iraqi colleagues in several major excavations, notably at Eridu, the most important post-diluvian city in Babylon. In 1949 Lloyd was appointed director of the new British School of Archaeology in Ankara and was immediately faced with formidable difficulties over the basic preliminaries of finding and equipping modest premises and starting a library. He excavated with, among others, James Mellaart, F.S.A., one of the first scholars at the Ankara School, the mound at Beycesultan, in western Anatolia, which revealed the remains of a series of Bronze Age palaces of the Arzawan culture which flourished at the time of Homeric Troy. A brief spell of retirement from Ankara in 1961 was followed by election to the chair of Western Asiatic Archaeology at London University in 1962, in succession to Sir Max Mallowan, F.S.A., and he remained there until 1969. Lloyd continued his fieldwork: in eastern Turkey in 1965 he studied Urartu, the culturally advanced state centred on Lake Van which flourished during the ninth-seventh centuries B.C.; and in Iraq in 1966 he noted with satisfaction that local archaeologists were conducting major digs. He served as a Vice-President of the Society from 1965-9 and received the Lawrence of Arabia Memorial Medal in 1971 and the Gertrude Bell Memorial Medal in 1979. He published profusely from 1935 onwards when *Sennacherib's Aqueduct at Jerwan* was published by Chicago, through the 1940s, 50s and 60s when perhaps his best known book, *Art of the Ancient Near East* (1961) appeared, to the late 1980s when, at the age of eighty-seven, he published *Ancient Turkey*. He died on 8 January 1996.

The Society of Antiquaries

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA CBE FSA ARIBA.
- He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a Director of the British School of Archaeology in Ankara, Turkey.
- He worked as a Professor of Western Asiatic Archaeology at London University.

19-**John Seton Lloyd**

20-**Cressida Juliet Lloyd**

20-**Zoe Clare Lloyd**

19-**Clare Seton Lloyd**

20-**John Matthew O'Nolan**

19-**Joseph Peter Lloyd**

20-**Peter Henry Lloyd**

20-**Sarah Angela Lloyd**

20-**James Alan Seton Lloyd**

20-**Thomas Joseph Lloyd**

18-**Florence Elaine Lloyd** was born on 11 Dec 1905 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 9 Jan 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 5.

18-**Dr. John Peregrine Francis Lloyd**¹² was born on 24 Aug 1907 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Dec 1985 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB FRCS.

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- He worked as an Ophthalmic Surgeon.
- He had a residence in Waterstock Close, Waterstock, Wheatley, Oxfordshire.

19-**Antony John Eliot Lloyd**

20-**Fiona Caroline Lloyd**

20-**Simon John Eliot Lloyd**

19-**Kerin Howard Seton Lloyd**

19-**Diana Armstrong Pease Lloyd**

20-**Tina Sederholm**

20-**Annelisa Sederholm**

20-**Annika Sederholm**

18-**Mary Eliot Lloyd** was born on 30 Oct 1909 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 15 Sep 2003 at age 93.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Architect.

19-**Eliot Myerscough Walker**

20-**Thomas Ian Myerscough Walker**

20-**Jessica Mary Eliot Walker**

20-**Sampson David Lloyd Walker**

19-**Ellen Louise Walker**

20-**Henry Robert William Little**

18-**Gwyneth Eliot Lloyd** was born on 4 Jun 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 May 1994 at age 80.

General Notes: Gwyneth Eliot Lloyd, actress, antique textile dealer: born Edgbaston, Warwickshire 4 June 1913; married 1936 John Heygate (died 1976; two sons; marriage dissolved 1947), 1947 Arthur Donaldson (died 1980; one son, two daughters, and one stepdaughter; marriage dissolved); died London 6 May 1994.

IN HER varied and unconventional life, Gwyneth Lloyd managed to combine three careers - film star in the 1930s, Women's Royal Air Force in the 1940s, and antique textiles expert in the last two decades - as well as two husbands and two families.

She was born in 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, to a respectable Quaker family. Her grandfather, Howard Lloyd, had been managing director of Lloyds Bank from 1871 to 1902. Her mother, Florence (nee Armstrong), was a progressive woman for her time (it was said she owned one of the first washing machines).

Gwyneth trained as an actress at the Royal Academy of Dramatic Art, where two important things happened to her. First, she met Diana Churchill, Winston's daughter, who became her best friend for many years. Gwyneth said later that it was in the Churchills' house, Chartwell, that she really learnt to make intelligent conversation.

The second key event was a newspaper competition which won her a contract with Gaumont British Films. The company had decided to launch a counter-attack on Hollywood's monopoly of the stars and she was one of the few English beauties to selected to be 'Baby Film Stars'. Before long, Gwyneth became the first of these stars to get a leading role in a British feature film - in 1934 she starred opposite Sonnie Hale (then married to Jessie Matthews) in Wild Boy, directed by Albert de Courville. Her other co-star in that film was the famous greyhound Mick the Miller.

In practice, her career was not to be a long one. John Heygate, recently divorced from Evelyn Waugh's first wife, Evelyn Gardner ('She-Evelyn'), saw Gwyneth in Wild Boy and was strongly attracted by his first glimpse of her extraordinary beauty (although he complained later with his typically dry wit that, 'he only went to see the dog').

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Shortly afterwards he took the trouble to gatecrash her 21st birthday party, ambushed her in the kitchen and discovered a mutual liking for fine cheeses. Dinner at Quaglino's followed and the romance developed quickly.

During the early Thirties she met many artists and writers including Vyvyan Holland, Oscar Wilde's son. Her portrait by Tristram Hillier still hangs in her bedroom. The Cafe Royal and the Gargoyle, in Dean Street, were regular haunts. The Charleston, the foxtrot and later the quickstep were all the rage.

In 1935, Heygate, recently sacked from the BBC by Lord Reith because of the publicity surrounding the Waugh divorce, went to work for UFA films in Berlin, writing scripts for the trilingual films being produced there at the time with Lillian Harvey and other international stars. This was the era of Christopher Isherwood's Berlin and as Germany was slid towards dictatorship there was much to see for the now engaged couple, as they motored about the country in Heygate's MG.

Back in England, John and Gwyneth were married at St Ethelburga's (the only church in England that would marry divorced people), in the City, and then settled in a country house in Sussex. Although the period is given a rosy glow of nostalgia in one of Heygate's novels, A House for Joanna, the truth was less romantic. He preferred writing on the counters of smoke-filled, working men's pubs, rather than in his smart new study. The couple drifted back to London.

The war now intervened on a marriage already weakened by Heygate's drinking and unpredictable temper. While he was away in the army in Ceylon, Gwyneth joined the WRAF as an aircraft plotter. Here she met a handsome young fighter pilot, Arthur Donaldson, one of three brothers all of whom won the DSO in the air war, and consequently achieved almost 'pop star' status at the time.

After the war, Gwyneth and Arthur followed the transient lives of station families in Germany and England. Gwyneth produced three more children to add to the two boys from her first marriage and Arthur's daughter by his first marriage. In the 1950s, Arthur retired from the RAF and they settled in a large house in Buckinghamshire.

Although the marriage lasted 18 years, it too finally ended in divorce in the mid-1960s.

But Gwyneth's independent mind and courage saw her through these difficult times. 'I refuse to be frightened of life,' she said. She built herself a new career as an antique dealer, textiles expert and member of LAPADA, the professional association of antique dealers. In the 1970s and 1980s she became a well-known figure in her shop in Belgravia and at antique fairs, where she would stand surrounded by beautiful old fabrics, engaging passers-by in conversation. She ran her own business until the last year of her life.

Gwyneth Lloyd was almost impossible to shock and she had a great sense of self-irony. She was highly amused when, in her late seventies, somebody said to her 'You're quite a relic, aren't you?' (Not long after, the invitation to ther 80th birthday party announced a 'Relic's Rave-up'.)

Gwyneth was always active and on the move. As a young woman, she played at Junior Wimbledon. And she was a keen skier in the days when there were no ski-lifts and no package tours to the Alps. She spoke French and German and travelled to five continents during her life. All her life she was full of new ventures - when she inherited some money from her parents at the end of the 1950s, she bought a racehorse, a motor boat and some land in Portugal.

She retained a youthful spirit, and never fully accepted old age or the prospect of losing her independence. Even as an 80-year-old she had friends of every age, male and female. She loved good conversation, good food, parties and picnics. Everybody who visited her flat was dazzled by her distinctive taste and the atmosphere she created there.

Noted events in her life were:

- Her obituary was published in The Independent on 19 May 1994.
- She worked as an Antique Dealer and Actress.

19-Sir **George Lloyd Heygate 5th Bt.** was born on 28 Oct 1936 in Warbleton and died in 1991 at age 55.

20-Catherine Ellen Royley Heygate

20-Joanna Eliot Nourse Heygate

20-Heygate was born in Jul 1973 and died in Jan 1974.

19-Sir **Richard John Gage Heygate 6th Bt.**

20-Eun Hee Isabella Heygate

20-Frederick Carysfort Gage Heygate

20-Robert George Liam Heygate

19-Charles Hay Donaldson

20-Ryan Eliot Donaldson

20-Sebastian Donaldson

20-Chelsea Donaldson

19-Alison Angela Hay Donaldson

19-Donaldson

18-Elspeth Eliot Lloyd

19-Michael Seton Daunt

20-Seton Lloyd Daunt

20-William Michael Daunt

19-Simon Fraser Lloyd Dipper

19-Frances Ann Dipper

20-Clare Elspeth Buckley

20-Alison Emma Buckley

19-Nigel Alan Dipper

20-James Robert Alan Dipper

20-John Andrew Dipper

19-Giles Harvey Dipper

20-Sarah Joanne Dipper

20-Mathew James Dipper

19-Roger Martin Dipper

18-Lt. Cmdr. Roger Kynaston Lloyd was born on 15 Mar 1918 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Jun 1977 at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Advertising Agent.

19-Carolyn Anne Lloyd

20-Alexander Francis Considine Murphy

20-Patrick James Carlisle Murphy

20-Harriet Emma Murphy

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20-Oliver Peregrine Murphy

19-David Kynaston Lloyd

20-Emma Rebecca Lloyd

20-Sylkie Rainbow Lloyd

19-Gabrielle Jane Lloyd

20-Neon James Kelly

20-Lindsey Anne Kelly

19-Harriet Mary Lloyd

17-Mariabella Howard Lloyd^{9,12,317} was born on 31 Jul 1873 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 14 May 1906 in Cookham, Berkshire at age 32.

17-Prof. Godfrey Isaac Howard Lloyd¹² was born on 20 Jan 1875 in Cannon Hill House, Birmingham and died on 9 Jan 1939 in London at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lecturer in Economics at University of Sheffield.
- He worked as a Professor of Economics, University of Toronto in 1915 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 24 Russell Hill Drive, Toronto, Canada.

18-Peter Lloyd was born on 26 Jun 1907 in Sheffield, Yorkshire, died on 11 Apr 2003 in Toowoomba, Queensland, Australia at age 95, and was buried on 16 Apr 2003.

General Notes: One of the climbing party on Everest in 1938, Lloyd was involved in the development and use of the oxygen equipment, and later applied his experience for the benefit of the 1953 party.

Educated at Greshams School and Cambridge, Peter Lloyd was a chemist, first working on industrial heating processes. In 1944 he was appointed Director General of engine research and development for the Ministry of Aircraft Production, and finally became head of British Defence Research and Supply Staff in Australia. He first went to the Himalayas on the successful Anglo-American Nanda Devi expedition in 1936. He returned with Tilman in 1950 and later visited the Kulu Himal. After retirement, he returned to the UK from Canberra, but subsequently emigrated to Australia.

A memorial gathering to celebrate the life of Peter Lloyd, mountaineer and scientist, was held 21 October, 2003, at the Alpine Club,Charlotte Road, London, EC2. Lord Chorley, also representing the President of the Alpine Club, welcomed the guests and introduced the speakers who included Mr George Band, Mr Mike Neale, Mr Alun Evans, son-in-law, and Professor Edward Williams. Among others present were: Mr and Mrs Adam Lloyd (son and daughter-in-law), Mrs Alun Evans (daughter), Mr Dominic Evans and Mr Benjamin Evans (grandsons), Mr Charles Robeson, Mr and Mrs Raymond Lloyd, Mr and Mrs John Goatly, Mr and Mrs Jake Mermagen, Mrs Mara Uzzell, Mr and Mrs Paul Whelan, Mr Richard Amis, Sir Michael Wheeler-Booth, Mrs George Band, Professor and Mrs Edward Williams, Mr Terence Goodfellow, Mr and Mrs Michael

Westmacott, Mr and Mrs David Anderson, Mr and Mrs Drummond Hislop, Mr James Seddon, Mrs Anne Galley, Mrs Clare Pike, Mr Nicholas Pike, Mr James Campbell, Mr Jim Barnes and Mrs Jean Brown with many other friends and representatives of organisations.

The engineer and mountaineer Peter Lloyd, who has died in Australia aged 95, was the last British link with the great prewar decade of Himalayan exploration, and an associate of one of its seminal figures, Major HW Tilman. As director-general of engine research and development at the Ministry of Aviation from 1961 to 1969, he was also closely involved in the design of the Rolls-Royce Spey and Tay engines, and the Bristol/Rolls-Royce Pegasus engine that powers the vertical take-off BAe Harrier. Born in Sheffield, the son of an economics lecturer, Lloyd was educated at Gresham's school, in Holt, Norfolk and read engineering at Trinity College, Cambridge. There, he was one of an extraordinarily gifted generation of mountaineers. Lloyd was president of the university's mountaineering club in his final year. His powerful, compact physique and stamina helped him become highly competent in mountain craft, and to amass a substantial record in alpinism through successive seasons of the late 1920s and early 1930s. In 1936, he was an acceptable and uncontroversial choice for the Anglo American expedition to India's highest mountain, Nanda Devi, led by Tilman. This lightweight expedition to a remote and difficult peak achieved a remarkable success in putting Tilman and Noel Odell on its summit, which was the highest then climbed. Lloyd acquitted himself skilfully and unselfishly, load-carrying to stock the final camp at 23,500 feet. He earned himself his coexpeditioners' affection and his leader's

Descendants of Thomas Forster

plaudits as "first-rate on rock and ice". When Tilman came to assemble a team for his Chomolungma (Mount Everest) attempt in 1938, Lloyd was an automatic choice. This venture was plagued by deep snow, desperate cold, and illness among the Sherpas. Despite a team that might well have reached the summit in a good weather year, it ground to a halt below the first step on the North Ridge, at camp six, pitched at 27,200 feet. Tilman's description of his and Lloyd's antics here gives the flavour of their friendship: "A richly concentrated food like pemmican (a singularly unpleasant and unpalatable paste of dried meat and fat) requires a great effort of will to keep it down - absolute quiescence in a prone position and a little sugar are useful aids. Without wishing to boast, I think the feat of eating a large mugful of pemmican soup at 27,200 feet performed by Lloyd and myself, is unparalleled in the annals of Himalayan climbing and an example of what can be done by dogged greed. For greed consists in eating when you have no desire to eat, which is exactly the case anywhere above camp four." Lloyd turned his engineering expertise to conducting comparative tests on the two types of oxygen equipment then available for high-altitude climbing, and favoured the open-circuit breathing system, which used ordinary air as well as cylinder oxygen. In recommending this to John Hunt's 1953 expedition, and effecting design changes to the equipment, he contributed significantly to the ascent of the mountain. In 1938, the use of oxygen was controversial, but Lloyd gave his opinion with habitual tact and elegance, and in winning the argument, effectively won the summit for Hunt's climbers 15 years later. He asserted: "I have a lot of sympathy with the sentimental objection to its use, and would rather see the mountain climbed without it than with; but, on the other hand, I would rather see the mountain climbed with it than not climbed at all." Lloyd went to the Himalayas with Tilman for a third time in 1949, surveying in the Langtang region of Nepal, their sirdar for the trip the Sherpa Tenzing Norgay. By this time, Lloyd's propensity as a bon viveur had moderated his physique, but since the local political situation allowed little climbing, Lloyd's lack of condition did not much matter and his company was congenial as ever. After Cambridge, Lloyd worked in the 1930s on the furnace design for the Gas Light and Coke Company in London. In 1939, debarred from military service by his reserved occupation, he joined the Royal Aircraft Establishment, initially working on defences against low-flying aircraft. In 1941, at Farnborough, he was in Hayne Constant's group working on gas turbine engine development. In 1943, they produced the prototype of the modern jet engine before merging, in 1944, with Sir Frank Whittle's Power Jets. By 1946, the nationalised company was the National Gas Turbine Establishment. Lloyd became head of its combustion department and by 1950 was its deputy director, under Constant. Just over a decade later came the Ministry of Aviation's R&D director-generalship. He then headed Britain's defence research and supply staff in Australia. Engaging and judicious, beyond his apparent sternness was a kindliness and inclusivity. He was held in high esteem by his contemporaries, and was the recipient of affection and gratitude from his juniors. He was appointed CBE in 1957, and while president of the Alpine Club (1977-1980) he delivered a moving oration at the memorial service to Tilman, who was lost at sea in the south Atlantic in his 80th year. Lloyd recently took delivery of a turbo-charged Volvo - a departure from his habitual Jaguars. The salesman greeted him with: "Well, this is the first time ... " and faltered. Lloyd continued for him: "I know what you were going to say - that this is the first time you've sold one of these to someone over 90." It was a perfect Lloyd moment. His first marriage in 1932 was dissolved in 1947. In 1951 he married Joyce. After his retirement they both escaped to Australia. She survives him, as do his son and daughter from his first marriage. Peter Lloyd, mountaineer and engineer, born June 26 1907; died April 11 2003 Jim Perrin, The Guardian Thursday 1 May 2003

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE FRIC.
- He worked as a Scientist, Engineer and Mountaineer.
- He worked as an Everest expedition member in 1938.
- He worked as a President of The Alpine Club in 1977-1980.
- His obituary was published in The Guardian by Jim Perrin on 1 May 2003.

19-Bridget Elisabeth Lloyd

20-Jonathan Mark Evans

21-Henry Alun Evans

21-Peter Jonathan Evans

20-Dominic James Evans

21-Lara Catherine Evans

21-Luke Adam Robert Evans

20-Benjamin Lloyd Evans

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21-Oscar Ananda Evans

19-Adam Jonathan Peter Lloyd

20-Fiona Debonnaire Lloyd

21-Basil William Weir Lloyd-Moffett

21-Phineas Adam Lloyd-Moffett

20-Rachel Catherine Lloyd

21-Lydia Fiona Montgomery

21-Ella Lane Montgomery

20-Timothy Kenneth Lloyd

21-Josephine Neva Lloyd

21-Peter Esteban Lloyd

21-Phoebe Debonnaire Lloyd

18-Mariabella Lloyd was born on 8 Aug 1909 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 1 Oct 1999 at age 90.

19-Mariabella Eliot Whelan

20-Edward Thomas Uzzell

20-Samuel George Howard Uzzell

20-Jacob John Eliot Uzzell

19-Paul James Howard Whelan

20-Maria Jane Susan Whelan

20-George Charles Albert Whelan

17-Cyril Edward Lloyd¹² was born on 22 Nov 1876 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 1 Feb 1963 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of the.Great Western Railway.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Church House, Broome, Stourbridge, Staffordshire.

18-Angelica Mary Lloyd was born on 5 Apr 1910 in Broome, Stourbridge and died on 24 May 1992 at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Diploma in Journalism.

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19-Carol Anne Gaynor

19-Virginia Mary Gaynor

20-William Douglas Scott

20-Sarah Victoria Scott

20-Penelope Mary Scott

19-Sara Lynn Gaynor

20-Thomas Lloyd Mermagen

21-Olivia Kate Mermagen

20-Alison Lynn Mermagen

20-Patrick Edward Mermagen

21-Neva Bennett Mermagen

19-Clare Gaynor

20-Jay Lynn Ritzema-Carter

20-Hugh John Ritzemer-Carter

17-**Canon Robert Howard Lloyd** was born on 24 Apr 1879 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 26 Jun 1955 in Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Rotherfield Greys in Rotherfield Greys, Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire.

18-**Hester Muriel Raymond Lloyd** was born on 22 Oct 1920 and died on 7 Nov 1993 at age 73.

18-**Lieut. Rodney Warner Bartholomew Lloyd** was born on 24 Aug 1922 in Rotherfield Greys, Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire, died on 22 Feb 1945 in Reichswald Forest, Germany. Killed in action at age 22, and was buried in Reichswald Forest War Cemetery, Germany. Grave 51.J.1.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford.

18-**Veronica Margaret Lloyd** was born on 21 Jun 1924 in Littlehampton, Sussex and died on 8 Aug 2014 at age 90.

General Notes: They say things come in threes - and so it is that Frixie is the third and last of the surviving grandchildren of Howard and Mariabella Lloyd to die within a three week period:

Michael Lloyd on 16th July

Raymond Lloyd on 25th July

Veronica (Frixie) Goatly on 8th August.

Her daughter Marabel has sent me this email to pass on to the Budget Group:

The following text was due to appear in the Times and Telegraph this week:

Descendants of Thomas Forster

GOATLY Veronica Margaret (Frixie), nee Lloyd, died peacefully on 8th August 2014, aged 90. Wife of the late John Goatly OBE of Fernhurst, West Sussex, mother of Jonathan, the late Robert, Peter and Marabel, much loved grandmother and great-grandmother. Funeral will be held at St. Margaret's Church, Fernhurst GU27 3HZ on 21st August at 11.30 AM. Family flowers only please. Private cremation later. Contact G.M.Luff and Partners, 01428643524.

Frixie had just celebrated her 90th birthday, quite successfully and happily, with a small group of family and friends. She was quite upbeat, and Peter had taken her on an outing to Uppark which she also enjoyed. Her death came rather quicker than people were expecting, but it was probably better that way. Obviously we would love to see you at the funeral, together with as many cousins who can manage it. There will be food and drink afterwards, at the Duke of Cumberland Arms, a couple of miles down the road..

19-**Jonathan Howard Goatly** was born on 8 Sep 1948 in Caversham, died on 31 Mar 2012 at age 63, and was buried on 11 Apr 2012 in St. Margaret's, Fenhurst (Funeral).

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fund Manager.

19-**Robert Duval Goatly** was born on 10 Apr 1950 in Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire and died on 24 Sep 1992 at age 42.

20-**Kate Helen Goatly**

21-**Digby Venables**

21-**Barney Venables**

20-**Michael John Goatly**

20-**Joanna Hester Goatly**

20-**Rosalind Sarah Mab Goatly**

20-**Thoma Robert Duval Goatly**

19-**Peter James Goatly**

19-**Marabel Helen Goatly**

20-**Eliot John Clark**

20-**Joseph Robert Clark**

20-**Patrick James Clark**

18-**Hilary Lloyd** was born on 21 Jun 1924 in Littlehampton and died on 12 Jul 1924 in Littlehampton.

17-**Rev. Sylvanus Fox Lloyd**¹² was born on 18 Mar 1881 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 19 Nov 1954 in Malvern Wells, Worcestershire at age 73, and was buried in Little Malvern, Worcestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford.
- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 45 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

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18-**Michael Charles Fox Lloyd** was born on 5 Jan 1926 in London, died in Jul 2014 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire at age 88, and was buried on 30 Jul 2014 in Little Malvern, Worcestershire.

- 19-**Susan Marjorie Fox Lloyd**
 - 20-**Katherine Elizabeth Lloyd-Davison**
 - 20-**Christopher Patrick Lloyd-Davison**
- 19-**Allan Bright Fox Lloyd**
 - 20-**Elinor Jane Lloyd**
- 19-**Rachel Jane Fox Lloyd**
 - 20-**Francesca Ann Buckland**
 - 20-**Rosanna Jade Buckland**

16-**Eleanor Howard**^{7,12,225} was born on 4 May 1844 in Tottenham, London and died on 5 Jan 1885 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 40.

17-**Sarah Cecilia Lloyd** was born on 26 Feb 1868 in Ednesbury and died on 13 May 1918 in Ootacamund, Tamil Nadu, India at age 50.

17-**Francis Zachary Lloyd**¹² was born on 30 Apr 1869 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 18 Dec 1920 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire.
- He worked as a Chairman of The Weldless Steel Tube Co., Ltd. Before 1920.

18-**Eleanor Mary Lloyd** was born on 6 Jun 1909 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham and died on 16 Dec 1993 in Malvern, Worcestershire at age 84.

18-**Katharine Olivia Lloyd** was born on 27 Dec 1910 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham and died in Mar 2011 at age 100.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with ARCM.

- 19-**Bridget Katharine Evans**
 - 20-**Thomas Zachary Edward Veitch**
 - 21-**Evan Thomas Veitch**
 - 20-**Helen Katharine Veitch**
 - 20-**Samuel George Veitch**
- 19-**Charles Crewdson Evans**
 - 20-**James Henry Evans**

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21-Thomas Charles Evans

21-Frederick George Evans

20-Robert Zachary Evans

20-Victoria Sarah Evans

21-Amy Louise Herring

21-Zoe Theffania Herring

19-Caroline Olivia Evans

20-Katherine Louise Clegg

21-Dylan John Godden

21-Abby Louise Godden

20-Jennifer Olivia Clegg

19-Alison Margaret Evans

18-Margaret Cecilia Lloyd was born on 24 Sep 1913 in 282 Hagley Road, Birmingham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an ARCM.

19-Ann Cecilia Kempson

19-John Edwin Kempson

19-Ruth Margaret Kempson

18-William Zachary Lloyd

19-Julia Katharine Lloyd

19-Michael Zachary Lloyd

20-Nicholas Lloyd

20-Katherine Elizabeth Lloyd

19-Peter Rupert Lloyd

20-David Lloyd

20-James Lloyd

19-Elizabeth Sarah Lloyd

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20-William Mathews

20-Michael Mathews

20-Nicola Mathews

19-Richard William Lloyd

20-Sarah Lloyd

20-Rachel Frances Lloyd

20-John Richard Lloyd

20-Sylvie Lloyd

19-Philippa Mary Lloyd

18-**Dr. John Crewdson Lloyd** was born on 11 Sep 1917 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 27 Jul 2001 at age 83.

General Notes: MB. LRCP. MRCS. B.Ch.

19-Janet Crewdson Lloyd

20-Paul Hoskins

20-Jonathan Hoskins

19-**Nigel Anthony Braybrooke Lloyd** was born on 8 Jul 1944 in Worcester and died on 19 May 2011 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- His obituary was published in the <http://www.nigellloyd.com/>.

20-Emily Lloyd

19-Clare Felicity Lloyd

20-Catherine Lucy Durance

20-James John Durance

20-Anna Frances Durance

19-Francis Zachary Lloyd

17-**Ernest Sampson Lloyd**¹² was born on 26 May 1870 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 8 Aug 1945 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mayor of Madras in 1906 in Madras, India.
- He worked as a Chief Secretary. Madras Government, Indian Civil Service. In Madras, India.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Kurnool, Madras Presidency, India.

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18-**William Antony Sampson Lloyd**¹⁶⁴ was born on 21 Apr 1900 in Ootacamund, Tamil Nadu, India and died in 1974 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRIBA MBE.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at Christ's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Architect.

19-**Elizabeth Jane Lloyd** was born on 14 Jul 1928 in London and died on 2 Oct 1995 in London at age 67.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Artist.

20-**Gillian Elizabeth Hoare**

21-**Joshua Sampson Hahn**

21-**Rebecca Elizabeth Hahn**

21-**Dianna Beth Hahn**

20-**Sara Jane Hoare**

20-**John Anthony Hoare**

20-**Tessa Anna Hoare**

19-**Jeremy Sampson Lloyd**¹⁶⁴ was born on 15 Nov 1930 in London and died on 28 Jul 2009 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA FRIBA.
- He worked as an Architect.

20-**Katherine Jane Murray Lloyd**

21-**Oliver Caleb Murray**

21-**Jacob Peter Murray**

21-**Samuel Joseph Murray**

21-**Rachel Bethany Murray**

20-**Matthew Charles Sampson Lloyd**

21-**Zachary John Sampson Lloyd**

21-**Tessa Mary Woodward Lloyd**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-Honey Jane ffortune Lloyd

20-Olivia Mary Lloyd

21-Beth Louise Foster-Ogg

20-Thomas Zachary Lloyd

21-Molly Florence Gwendolen Richards Lloyd

21-Delilah Jocelyn Vera Richards Lloyd

18-Philip Montague Lloyd¹⁶⁴ was born on 30 Jul 1902 in Bangalore, Madras, India and died in 1971 at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough College.

19-Jennifer Mary Lloyd

20-Peter James Mansfield Stuart

21-William Mansfield Stuart

21-Emily Jane Stuart

20-Annabel Margaret Stuart

21-Stuart William Doolittle

21-Stephanie Kate Doolittle

19-Philip Selby Lloyd¹⁶⁴ was born on 24 Aug 1937 in Kingswinford, Staffordshire and died on 11 Aug 1975 in France. (Swimming Accident) at age 37.

20-Ruth Virginia Lloyd

21-Alexander Salama

20-Bridget Lloyd

21-Olivia Lousa

21-Sam Lousa

18-Charles Christopher Lloyd was born on 2 Sep 1906 in Bangalore, Madras, India and died in 1986 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lecturer, RNC Greenwich.

19-Joanna Mary Lloyd

20-Julian Greenfield

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20-**Rachel Greenfield**

19-**John Howard Lloyd**

17-**Thomas Zachary Lloyd**¹² was born on 9 Feb 1872 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 24 Sep 1939 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in 21 Sandon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He worked as a Director of of Guest, Keen and Nettlefolds.

18-**Stephen Lloyd** was born on 5 Sep 1906 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 1 Feb 1992 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Indian Civil Service 1929-35.
- He worked as a Director of Guest, Keen and Nettlefolds.

19-**Stephen James Lloyd**

20-**Julia Helen Lloyd**

20-**Caroline Susan Lloyd**

21-**Oliver Lloyd Richmond**

20-**Christopher Stephen Lloyd**

19-**Anne Mary Lloyd**

20-**Katharine Alexia Stow**

21-**Emily Tat Yin Lay**

21-**Thomas Tat Chi Lay**

21-**Alexia Tat Lenh Lay**

20-**Dr. William James Stow**

21-**Megan Harley Stow**

21-**Oliver Fenwick Stow**

20-**Penelope Frances Stow**

21-**Johnny Sebastian Rosengren**

21-**Teodor Alexander Rosengren**

21-**Rebecka Maria Rosengren**

20-Juliet Elizabeth Stow

21-Jessica Frances Victoria Knollys

21-Harriet Elizabeth Anne Knollys

21-Cecily Charlotte Katharine Knollys

19-Ruth Caroline Lloyd

20-Rachel Anne Harris

21-Nancy Catherine Walker

21-Angus James Walker

20-Martin Fergus Harris

21-Catriona Maclachlan Harris

21-Tabitha Maclachlan Harris

21-Florence Elmira Maclachlan Harris

20-Frances Joanna Harris

19-Susan Angela Lloyd

20-Edward Thomas Lloyd Humphrey Humphrey

20-Mathew John David Humphrey

18-Martin Lloyd was born on 6 Nov 1908 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 28 Aug 1989 in Pitchcombe, Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 80.

General Notes: Martin Lloyd, Headmaster 1944-1965 The Spring of 1944 was not an easy time to begin looking for a successor to Lord Wolfenden. Nevertheless the field was a good one, and there were 29 applicants who were whittled down to three for the final interviews. Of these, two were already headmasters, and the other had been an assistant master at Rugby before war service in officers' training regiments and in Intelligence. He was Martin Lloyd, educated at Marlborough and Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge, where he had obtained first class honours in both parts of the Modern Languages Tripos (which he had modestly defined at his interview as 'yes, a First, but not in classics'). Martin Lloyd was 35 at the time of his appointment, only two years younger than the departing Lord Wolfenden; like him he had married the year before his appointment and like the Wolfendens, the Lloyds were expecting their frst child during their frst term in offce, though Mrs Lloyd remained in her native Caithness until their son Michael was born. It was also not an easy time to take over a school. No headmaster opening his career at a peak time of rationing and restrictions of all kinds, with the dislocation that more than fve years of war had brought, could expect to make instant or fundamental changes in the running of the school he had taken over. He was however able to make some changes at Uppingham, of which the most signifcant was to raise the fees and the masters' salaries. The salary scale had not changed since 1921 nor had the fees altered from the £186 per annum fxed at that date. In post for 21 years, Martin Lloyd remains the longest-serving Uppingham Headmaster since Edward Thring.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Assistant Master, Rugby School.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Uppingham School in 1944-1965.

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19-Michael Christopher Lloyd

20-Amanda Lloyd

20-Matthew Lloyd

19-Rosemary Ann Lloyd

20-Katharina Elizabeth Zahn

20-Flora Luise Zahn

19-Peter Reid Lloyd

20-Harriet Joanna Lloyd

21-Isabel Poppy Edgell

21-James Zachary Edgell

21-Charles Edgell

20-John Martin Lloyd

21-William Ifan Lloyd

21-Carys Louise Lloyd

20-David Zachary Lloyd

19-Elizabeth Wigram Lloyd

20-Sarah Elizabeth Pelly

20-James Aubrey Stanley Pelly

18-**Dr. Thomas Wigram Lloyd** was born on 19 May 1910 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Nov 1984 at age 74.

General Notes: **Thomas Wigram Lloyd**

b.19 May 1910 d.15 Nov 1984

BA Oxon(1931) BM BCh(1934) DM(1941) MRCP(1937) FRCP(1968)

Thomas Lloyd was descended on his father's side from the Quaker Lloyds, six generations of whom were landowners at Dolobran, near Welshpool, before the Civil War, after which they moved to Birmingham where they became first ironmasters and then bankers. In 1765 Sampson Lloyd and Sampson Lloyd, father and son, and John Taylor and John Taylor, father and son, established the private banking firm of Taylor & Lloyd in Birmingham; a century later this became a limited liability company, Lloyds Banking Co Ltd., and until a few years ago a member of the family continued to serve on the board of Lloyds Bank. Tom's father, Thomas Zachary Lloyd, studied mechanical engineering at King's College, London, and became a director of the Midlands industrial giant Guest, Keen and Nettlefolds. On his mother's side, his grandfather was a land agent at Coningham, near Newark, and his great-grandfather, Wigram, was Bishop of Rochester.

Tom was educated at West House School, Clifton College, and Lincoln College, Oxford. He returned to Birmingham for his clinical undergraduate training and graduated in medicine from Oxford in 1934. There after he held house officer posts in medicine and surgery at the General Hospital, Birmingham, and was house physician at the Children's Hospital, Birmingham, and the Radcliffe Infirmary at Oxford. Subsequently he held the Caroline Harrold research fellowship in the University of Birmingham, where he studied the anaemias of childhood at the Birmingham Children's Hospital under the guidance of Sir Leonard Parsons [Munk's Roll, Vol.IV, p.588] and H S Baar. A number of valuable publications resulted; the work provided the material for his DM thesis and he was elected a fellow of the International Society of Haematology. He became a member of the College in 1937.

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It was obvious that a career of great distinction lay before him, for he was a man of high intelligence and great energy, with enormous charm and courtesy, the gift of warm friendship and a delightful sense of humour. Moreover, he had wide interests. His handicap at golf was two, he held a commission in the 5th Battalion of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment (TA), was very widely read, and was greatly interested in music - playing the piano and the violin, but especially enjoying singing in choirs and madrigals, the works of Peter Warlock and Vaughan Williams being particular favourites.

When the second world war arrived an apparently assured and brilliant future was in jeopardy. Under the scheme for the redeployment of medical manpower he was sent to assist in a general practice in Herefordshire, but after only two or three weeks there he was found to have extensive pulmonary tuberculosis. He went to Midhurst, where he had a three stage thoracoplasty, and during convalescence was an assistant medical officer first at Midhurst itself and then at Winsley Sanatorium. When he was further recovered he became chief medical officer at the National Sanatorium at Benenden, and his work there was so impressive that he was invited to become physician superintendent at St Wulstan's Hospital, Malvern Wells; a new hospital for the treatment of tuberculosis. Under his direction the hospital ran smoothly and the patients were happy and received superb treatment. Tom's interest in research was rekindled and he published important papers on the new antituberculous drugs, streptomycin, PAS and isoniazid, which were just coming into use.

He became a JP for Worcestershire and bought a beautiful house with a fine garden opposite the Abbey School and this gave him a great deal of happiness. It looked as though he was destined to become one of the world authorities on tuberculosis, but in a few years the new drugs on which he had done such excellent work virtually removed tuberculosis from the western world.

At the age of 49, Tom therefore had to start a new career as physician with a special interest in the elderly at the Cheltenham and Gloucester hospitals. He quickly established a prodigious reputation in the south-west, for he was a superb physician with a wide knowledge of medicine and a wholly altruistic approach to it, and his own sufferings gave him the capacity to understand the anxieties and difficulties of sick people; to support their morale as well as to heal their ills. Although he worked incessantly his interest in research never left him and he took a prominent part in devising the ambulift. He was elected a Fellow of the College in 1968.

The Gloucester hospitals have a fine choir and participating in its activities gave him great pleasure. When he reached retiring age he went to live in Alicante. The warmth and the sun suited him and he welcomed the opportunity to spend more time gardening, playing golf, reading and listening to music, and he took up painting at which he became more than competent. He gathered around him a coterie of retired intellectuals living in Spain and their company kept his ever fertile brain active and interested. Sadly, this blissful existence lasted only six years, for then he developed carcinoma of the stomach. A gastrectomy left him with severe dysphagia which he courageously overcame with a mercurial bougie. As the months went by hopes of cure increased but in 1984 there was widespread recurrence and his last months were distressing in the extreme, but he never complained and remained cheerful, optimistic and totally devoid of self-pity to the end. Few men have such courage.

Tom was the youngest of three brothers, one of whom was headmaster of Uppingham for 21 years, and the other a director of Guest, Keen and Nettlefolds and the son-in-law of Neville Chamberlain. Tom met and married Margo Beasley whilst at Midhurst. Their daughter became a member of the College and their son was at the Chancery Bar. AGWW

[*Brit.med.J.*, 1985,290,81; Photo]
(Volume VIII, page 287)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MB BCh MD FRCP.
- He was educated at West House School.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Lincoln College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Physician.

19-The Rt. Hon. Sir Timothy Andrew Wigram Lloyd Lord Justice Lloyd

19-Dinah Kathleen Lloyd

20-Jamie Lloyd Geddes

21-Oliver James Geddes

21-Alexander Thomas Geddes

20-Thomas Alasdair Geddes

21-Lauren Margo Geddes

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18-**John Michael Lloyd** was born on 5 Oct 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 28 Jun 1935 in Lewes, East Sussex at age 21. The cause of his death was injuries sustained in a motor accident.

17-**Eleanor Howard Lloyd** was born on 20 Nov 1873 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 13 Sep 1931 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 57.

17-**Constance Maria Lloyd**² was born on 19 Apr 1875 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 12 Mar 1955 in Bearly Manor, Stratford On Avon at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a School teacher.

18-**Prof. John Zachary Young**^{2,7} was born on 18 Mar 1907 in Fishponds, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 4 Jul 1997 in John Radcliffe Hospital, Oxford at age 90, and was buried on 10 Jul 1997 in All Saints' Church, Brill, Buckinghamshire.

General Notes: Young, John Zachary (1907-1997), zoologist, known universally as J. Z., was born at Fishponds, Bristol, on 18 March 1907, the first of three sons and two daughters of Philip Young (1878-1965), engineer, and his wife, Constance Maria, *née* Lloyd (1875-1955), schoolteacher. A great-great-grandfather, Richard, was brother to Thomas Young (1773-1829), physician, physicist, and hieroglyphist. Other distinguished scientific relations, from his mother's side, were Luke Howard (1772-1864), meteorologist, great-great-grandfather to Sir Alan Hodgkin (1914-1998), neuroscientist, and father of John Eliot Howard (1807-1883), quinologist. Although on both sides many of his family were Quakers, Young's parents brought him up in an Anglo-Catholic tradition. Bishop Charles Gore was his godfather. He left religious belief during the Oxford Moral Re-Armament movement of the 1930s, but retained a lifelong interest in philosophy and ethics. Much of this thinking was expressed in the Reith lectures for 1950 and in the last of his nine books, *Philosophy and the Brain* (1987).

His mother taught Young until he was nine years old, then he was sent to board at Wells House, Malvern Wells, Worcestershire. At thirteen he entered Marlborough College. In 1925 he became a demy at Magdalen College, Oxford, whence he graduated in 1928 with first-class honours in zoology. Successive college and university appointments followed, and in 1943 he was elected vice-president of Magdalen. In 1945, having failed to succeed Edwin Stephen Goodrich in the Oxford zoology chair, he accepted that of human anatomy at University College, London. There he stayed until his retirement in 1974. For the next twenty-three years he was based at the Wellcome Foundation and, later, in the psychology department, Oxford. During this time he continued to research and lecture, and published two books on neural mechanisms.

Between 1929 and 1945 Young came to be regarded as the outstanding tutor and zoologist in Oxford. All his teaching and research had flair and enthusiasm. A dominating and charismatic personality he could sometimes be overbearing, arrogant, and unwilling to listen to criticism. In fact he was too interested in science for this behaviour to last long and usually he responded well to valid arguments, even from juniors. His dynamism and enthusiasm inspired many to careers in biology and medicine. As Professor David Barker, a former pupil, wrote: 'It was his intense interest in all living things, his almost childlike wonder and curiosity about them, that made Young such an inspiring teacher. That, and his contempt for established dogma, his insistence on establishing everything afresh'. In tutorials 'his sharp intellect could be ruthless, his exposure of flaws and errors merciless but mixed in with the criticism there would usually be some praise and always encouragement and inspiration to move on to the next topic and improve' (Boycott, 490).

Young was without medical qualifications, and he never became a DPhil. Thus his appointment to head a department in a medical school (at University College, London) was vociferously opposed by a conservative establishment largely composed of medical anatomists and surgeons. He overcame their opposition by ignoring it, meanwhile getting his staff to use a more functional approach when teaching human anatomy and insisting they undertook significant research. He founded an intercalated BSc anatomy course, lasting 12-18 months, for those medical students who had become interested in basic biological science. These reforms triggered similar course changes in other medical schools. The department soon became a place of choice for postdoctoral workers, particularly from the USA. Opposition to his appointment evaporated. In Oxford, Young had begun to write a textbook that expanded to become two. These were finished during his first decade at University College, London. *The Life of Vertebrates* (1950) and *The Life of Mammals* (1957) were a national and international success. Their style was enjoyable to read, an innovation for zoology texts of the time. Another innovation was Young's treatment of comparative anatomy. Until these books were published animal structures were described as assemblages of facts to provide evidence for evolution. Young was brought up in this tradition, which he thought intellectually rigorous but dull and limited. He now took those facts, organized them from a functional, as well as a comparative anatomical, viewpoint, then presented them as a study of the responses of organisms to the functional and behavioural requirements of the environment. This was refreshing and the books led several generations of students and their teachers to a clearer understanding of animal structure and its evolution, as well as many other biological problems.

Young was an effective teacher and administrator; he was also a deeply committed research worker. In his autobiographical notes he explained that he was never certain why he decided to specialize in nervous system research. However, some of the early influences on his thinking about nervous systems and on his choice of cephalopods for his main research studies are clear. He always acknowledged the special influence of Derek Denny-Brown (later professor of neurology at Harvard), who introduced him to the histological techniques he was to use throughout his career. Denny-Brown and several other friends, including John Carew Eccles, were members of Sir Charles Scott Sherrington's group in the Oxford physiology department. Sherrington always emphasized the need to search for the anatomical basis of the physiology of, and hence the behaviour generated by, central nervous systems. He sought to resolve difficulties of observation and interpretation by working on 'simpler' systems, such as the mammalian spinal cord. Modifications and amplifications of this approach became the basis for much of Young's thinking on neural

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mechanisms. Thus early in his career (1938) he proposed a theory of reverberating neural circuits (based on the anatomy of the vertical and superior frontal lobes of cephalopod brains) to account for the persistence in time of memories of events. This theory derived, in part, from the then current explanations of the mechanisms involved in the persistence of rhythmic scratching generated within the mammalian spinal cord after the initiating stimulus has stopped.

A second, more practical, influence on Young's development as a research worker was Enrico Sereni. In 1929 Young became the Oxford scholar at the 'Anton Dohrn' zoological station in Naples. Sereni (an anti-fascist who was later found dead in mysterious circumstances) was the resident physiologist. He introduced Young to cephalopods as experimental animals. Together they worked on the time course and nature of degeneration and regeneration when the peripheral nerves of octopods were severed. During these experiments Young noticed an epistellar body on the stellate ganglion of the lesser octopus (*Eledone*). Out of curiosity he made a comparative anatomical study of this structure and looked for it in decapods (squids and cuttlefishes). The work unexpectedly came to be of immense general importance because it led to the discovery of the giant nerve fibre systems of decapods. These systems are made up of large diameter nerve fibres, which are, therefore, fast conducting. They control the musculature involved in a squid's fast escape responses. A single nerve fibre in the common squid can be more than 0.5 mm in diameter. This size caused great excitement among physiologists who had been trying to isolate and record from much smaller single nerve fibres. Indeed the fibres are so large that, within a few years, it even proved possible regularly to insert an electrode inside one. This innovation meant that the potential difference between the inside and the outside of a nerve fibre at rest and during activity could be measured directly, then interpreted in terms of the movements of ions back and forth across the axonal membrane. The results became basic to later theories of nerve cell conduction and fundamental to understanding the ionic properties of membranes of cells in general. Sir Alan Hodgkin and Sir Andrew Huxley were awarded a Nobel prize in 1963 for this work. Hodgkin later remarked, 'it is arguable that the introduction of the squid giant nerve fibre by J. Z. Young in 1936 did more for axonology than any other single advance in technique during the last 40 years' (Boycott, 493).

The experience of studying degeneration and regeneration in octopus nerves became important during the Second World War. Young was asked by the Medical Research Council to organize a small group in Oxford to study peripheral nerve wounds and their repair. The group soon made some useful surgical improvements to aid regeneration, but a great deal of their work had to be basic. For example, there was little information on the rate of growth of nerve fibres and the details of the conditions affecting this. The dynamic relationships of the axoplasm, myelin, Schwann cells, the cell bodies of nerve cells, and the structures innervated, all had to be investigated and quantified. Looking back, the influence of Young's wartime group can be seen as a bridge between the descriptive past and current molecular biological approaches to problems of neural repair.

Young did not belong to what he called the reductionist school of biological sciences. Thus he did not follow his discovery of giant nerve fibres into the study of the biophysics of their membranes, nor did he long continue research on the mechanisms of the growth and development of nerve cells. He seems to have regarded investigating cellular mechanisms as scientifically too narrow. He saw this type of work as necessary but too limited in scope to help in study of the 'big problems', such as memory. The best science, he felt, should be the study of integrated functions of organs and systems. Thus as soon as possible after the war he initiated a programme to study memory mechanisms using octopus brains.

The practical parts of Young's octopus memory studies were carried out at the zoological station in Naples. Except for a return, when over eighty years old, to his earliest research on the autonomic nervous systems of fishes at the Marine Biology Station in Plymouth, cephalopod brain and behaviour studies were to occupy most of his personal research time from 1947 until his death. Initially the memory experiments were designed to be interpreted in terms of specified neural networks and their synapses. As time passed the emphasis shifted to a study of the interrelationship of the lobes of the octopus brain during visual and tactile learning paradigms. In short, the work became more of a cognitive study of the properties of the lobes. Perhaps this was a result of the influence of Young's reading of developments in cognitive psychology. Young had always followed this literature and expected his work on octopus brains to contribute simpler paradigms to aid the understanding of human brain mechanisms. This shift to a more cognitive study was consistent with his emphasis on the need to study organ systems as a whole. But, ironically, it seems to have made his work more limited, to understanding the brain and behaviour of cephalopods, than he had intended when he began.

Young did not produce any deep theory or unifying hypothesis of neural action. He made the important discovery of squid giant nerve fibres, and wrote major papers and a book on the structure of cephalopod brains. He emphasized the relation between structure and function through this work and his textbooks. He was a great enthusiast for, and enabler and inspirer of, the research of others. Over sixty of his former pupils and staff became professors and directors of departments around the world. One, Sir Peter Medawar, was a Nobel laureate for immunology in 1960, and at least nine were elected fellows of the Royal Society. There were many more former pupils in positions of influence and importance. A remarkable feature of Young's impact was that all those he most influenced developed their own independent lines of work. He encouraged imagination and initiative; he did not expect, or encourage, intellectual clones, as do so many dominating personalities.

Although a compulsive hard worker Young liked partying and was an accomplished ballroom dancer. He was greatly interested in art and some of his drive as a biologist was his aesthetic response to the 'sheer beauty of living things'. Both his wives were painters. He married Phyllis Heaney (*b.* 1905) on 17 December 1931; they had a son and a daughter. They separated in 1957; she died in March 1987. Young also had a daughter with his second partner, Raymonde May Parsons (*b.* 1916), whom he married on 29 August 1987.

Young was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1945 and was awarded its royal medal in 1967. He received eight honorary degrees and many other distinctions, including the gold medal of the Linnean Society in 1973 and honorary citizenship of Naples in 1991. He was made an honorary fellow of the British Academy in 1986. For twenty-one years he was president and vice-president of the Marine Biological Association of Great Britain. He died of heart failure at the John Radcliffe Hospital, Oxford, on 4 July 1997, and was buried at All Saints' Church, Brill, Buckinghamshire, six days later. He was survived by his second wife and his three children.

B. B. Boycott

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Archives
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FILM
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SOUND
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Likenesses
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[<http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/67360>]

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He was educated at Wells House in Malvern Wells, Worcestershire.
- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Professor of Human Anatomy at London University.

19-**Dr. Simon Zachary Young**

20-**Amelia Anna Young**

19-**Cordelia Young**

20- **Barrow**

19-**Kate Young**

20-**Gulliver Moore**

20-**Dickon Moore**

18-**Philippa Maria Young** was born on 14 Mar 1909 in Fishponds, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died in 1988 at age 79, and was buried in The Grove, Greystones, County Wicklow, Ireland.

19-**Caroline Merlin Figgis**

20-**Timothy Richmond Reeves**

21-**Jacob Reeves**

21-**Thomas Reeves**

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20-Catherine Henrietta Reeves

19-Sir Anthony St. John Howard Figgis

20-Sophie Figgis

21-William Francis Hardt Pearse

21-Rebecca Pearse

21-Lydia Pearse

20-Benedict Allen Figgis

21-George Figgis

21-Clementine Figgis

21-Rosabel Figgis

20-Oliver Figgis

18-Rachel Margaret Young was born on 13 Feb 1913 in Mangotsfield, Gloucestershire (22nd also given) and died in Aug 2001 in Romsey, Hampshire at age 88.

19-Nicholas Tindal Phillipson

19-John Tobin Phillipson

19-Oliver Thomas Phillipson

18-Sir Richard Dilworth Young was born on 9 Apr 1914 in Mangotsfield, Gloucestershire and died on 16 May 2008 in Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire at age 94.

General Notes: Richard Young was an industrialist whose interests and achievements extended far wider than the manufacturing in which his business career was largely based. He was managing director of the engineering group Tube Investments in the 1960s and the chairman of the machine-tool company Alfred Herbert, but he also became chairman of the music publishers Boosey & Hawkes and was a long-serving council member of Warwick University.

To contemporary eyes he cuts a very modern figure. His concerns included technological modernisation in industry, competitiveness, national technology policy, industrial development in India, and the relationship between universities and industry: in 1975 he founded the Teaching Company Scheme (now called Knowledge Transfer Partnerships) to link companies with academic institutions.

A tall and bespectacled figure, Young moved easily between the worlds of industry, science and the arts, concealing an incisive and analytical mind behind a modest and cultivated manner. When one went to his home, an Elizabethan manor house in the heart of the Warwickshire countryside, what struck one was not the normal appurtenances of the successful Midlands industrialist but the Bratby painting on the wall, the grand piano and the Scott Moncrieff translation of Proust in the bookcase. Supported by his wife, Jean, at weekends he would entertain an eclectic mixture of industrialists, academics, actors from the RSC in Stratford and civil servants from Britain and India. He had links with the subcontinent stretching back 40 years, to the early days of Tube Investments of India.

Dick Young was born in Gloucestershire in 1914. He came from a distinguished scientific family: Thomas Young, the 19th-century physicist who invented the wave theory of light and defined the characterisation of elasticity, was a forebear; his brother was the neurophysiologist John Z. Young FRS. Young's father was in the automobile industry in Bristol and Dick entered Bristol University and read mechanical engineering, graduating shortly before the Second World War.

Although training as a pilot he was called to war work in various Tube Investment (TI) companies, emerging as managing director of TI's company in Argentina for five years until 1950. It was through this that he met Jean, who was from an old British-Argentinian family but now working in London.

Back in London himself and working at the very centre of TI as assistant to the chairman, the formidable Sir Ivan Stedeford, Young played a leading role in the first hostile takeover of a public company when TI and Reynolds Metals, a US firm, advised by S.G. Warburgs, acquired British Aluminium in the so-called "Aluminium War" in 1958. In 1961 the board promoted him to group managing director of TI, which included responsibility for Raleigh Bicycles. This was a powerful and nationally important post at the heart of the UK's manufacturing industry. In 1965 he moved to Alfred Herbert Ltd, the largest machine-tool company in the Britain, becoming chairman the following year.

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These were the years when many began to recognise that the UK's manufacturing base was at risk because its cost base was too high and it had failed to keep pace with technological development. Harold Wilson's "white heat of technology" speech in 1963 brought a change of mood in Whitehall and the remit of the short-lived Industrial Reorganisation Corporation indicated the government's willingness to engage in the necessary change process.

Dick Young was ideally fitted by scientific sympathies, his industrial background and his keen appreciation of the link between technology and manufacturing costs to play a leading role. He was one of a small group of industrialists involved in establishing the new Warwick University, a large part of the case for which had been the need to bring technological change to the engineering industry on which Coventry and its region depended.

A close friend of Solly (later Lord) Zuckerman, who had become the government's first Chief Scientist, Young joined Zuckerman's new Central Advisory Council on Science and Technology which was specifically set up in 1967 to steer national technology policy and, inter alia, to link the Research Councils, and hence the universities, more closely to industrial interests. Prior to this he had been a member of the Advisory Committee on Scientific Manpower. He was in and out of Whitehall in these years, constantly called on for advice on technology issues and became a member of the Engineering Board of the Science and Engineering Council and of the Social Science Research Council.

But closer to home, he had the task of bringing technological change to Alfred Herbert. Knighted for services to exports in 1970, he recognised immediately the problems at the company, many of them endemic to the UK's manufacturing industry, which was fast losing its competitiveness: the cost base was too high, the technologies were outdated and management was complacent.

He drew heavily on former collaborators from firms like Ferranti and Plessey's for new automated techniques which would cut manufacturing costs, and, assured of major orders from the now nationalised British Leyland he went into partnership with Ingersoll Milling, a leading US machine-tool manufacturer. Herbert-Ingersoll built a state-of-the-art facility in Daventry, where it introduced the most advanced robotic and automated techniques then available to control engine cylinder block manufacturing lines. However, the board at Alfred Herbert was not on side with these approaches and when the promised orders did not materialise for the new plant, Young had to leave the company in 1974, a casualty of the refusal of his own board and of British Leyland to face up to the underlying causes of their manufacturing decline.

Young's contributions in other fields continued. He was a key member of the council of the increasingly successful Warwick University up until 1989, and left his mark as an energetic chair of its building committee. He also served on the board of its science park, where the incubation of small science-based companies was of great interest to him. He was a board member of Ingersoll Engineering in Rugby and took the lead in opening up its links with the Ministry of Heavy Industry in India and with Indian companies. From 1979 to 1984 he took on what was for him the very agreeable task of being chairman of Boosey & Hawkes, the music publisher.

Perhaps his most significant contribution lay in the leadership of a joint working party of the Science and Social Science Research Councils set up to create new interfaces between universities and industry. Young came up with the Teaching Company Scheme (now called the Knowledge Transfer Partnership scheme) where graduate researchers worked on scientific/technological problems in science-based companies under a grant applied for jointly by the company and the students' supervisor. Implicit in the scheme was that the researcher would ultimately be appointed to a job in the company.

The scheme thus provided an answer to the double problem of getting more technological solutions into industry and more scientists employed in companies, and grew to be Europe's leading programme to help companies improve their competitiveness through importing scientific and technological ideas from universities. The scheme will be a memorial to his passion for technological innovation in industry.

In retirement Dick Young took up painting with remarkable success, advised various foundations on engineering design (a gallery space is named after him at the Design Dimension Educational Trust at the Dean Clough centre in Halifax) and maintained close links with Warwick University. He remained an excessively modest, civilised and engaged person who never lost touch with the world around him.

Michael Shattock

Richard Dilworth Young, industrialist: born Mangotsfield, Gloucestershire 9 April 1914; managing director, Tubos Britanicos, Argentina 1945-50, managing director, Tube Investments (Export) 1950-53; sales director, Tube Investments Aluminium 1953-56; assistant to chairman, Tube Investments 1957-60, director 1958-59, assistant managing director 1959-61, managing director 1961-64; chairman, Park Gate Iron and Steel 1959-64; chairman, Raleigh Industries 1960-64; deputy chairman, Alfred Herbert 1965-66, chairman 1966-74; Member of Council, Warwick University 1966-89; Kt 1970; chairman, Boosey & Hawkes 1979-84; married 1951 Jean Lockwood (four sons); died Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire 16 May 2008

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Managing Director of Tubos Britanicos, Argentina in 1945-1950.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Tube Investments (Export) in 1950-1953.
- He worked as a Sales Director of Tube Investments Aluminium in 1953-1956.
- He worked as an Assistant to the Chairman, Tube Investments in 1957-1960.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Tube Investments in 1961-1964.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 16 Jun 2008.

19-**Peter Dilworth Young**

20-**Emma Sarah Young**

20-**Thomas Benoit Hubert Young**

20-**Julie Phillipa Young**

19-**Richard Agar Young**

20-**Anna Elizabeth Young**

20-**Nicholas William Young**

19-**Roger Thomas Young**

20-**Tessa Una Young**

20-**Patrick John Young**

20-**Kate Young**

20-**Pippa Jean Young**

19-**Jonathan Paul Young**

20-**Benjamin Lloyd Young**

20-**Polly May Young**

18-**Michael Antony Young** was born on 6 Oct 1917 in Mangotsfield, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Research Chemist.

19-**Frances Mary Young**

17-**William Dilworth Lloyd** was born on 24 Jun 1876 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 19 Jul 1959 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 83.

18-**Geoffrey Dilworth Lloyd** was born on 31 Aug 1906 in Altofts, Normanton and died in 1964 at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chartered Civil Engineer.

19-**Anthony John Dilworth Lloyd**

20-**Rebecca Jane Lloyd**

19-**David Jennings Lloyd** was born on 12 Apr 1938 in Beverley, Yorkshire and died in 2007 at age 69.

18-**Dorothy Kathleen Lloyd** was born on 1 Mar 1911 in Normanton and died in 1983 at age 72.

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17-**Olivia Margaret Lloyd** was born on 17 Mar 1878 in Areley, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 26 Jan 1949 in Salisbury at age 70.

17-**Dr. Edmund Lloyd** was born on 23 Sep 1880 in Areley Kings, Stourport, Worcestershire and died in 1975 at age 95.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB. BCh. OBE.
- He worked as a Physician.

17-**Dorothy Lloyd** was born on 25 Oct 1881 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire.

18-**Mary Dorothy Robins**

18-**John Henry Robins** was born on 16 Oct 1919 in Fleet and died on 10 Sep 1945 in Java, Died As A Prisoner Of War. at age 25.

18-**Averil Eleanor Robins**

19-**Anne Fulford Clarke**

19-**John Lovell Clarke**

19-**Susan Howard Clarke**

20-**Colin Hugh Simon Taylor**

20-**Alan Lewis Mark Taylor**

19-**Mary Fulford Clarke**

19-**Peter Lovell Clarke**

17-**Katharine Lloyd**¹² was born on 12 Sep 1883 in Areley Hall, Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 22 Mar 1962 in Worcester, Worcestershire at age 78.

18-**Lucy Cecilia Hughes** was born on 30 May 1913 in Ting-Chow Fu, South China and died in Nov 1996 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 83.

19-**Helen Jean Doncaster**

19-**Peter Kenneth Doncaster**

19-**David Patrick Doncaster**

19-**Bronwen Rachel Doncaster**

20- **Eldie**

20- **Joy**

18-**David Alexander Hughes** was born on 2 Jun 1917 in Ting-Chow Fu, South China, died on 2 Sep 1995 in Philip Island, Victoria, Australia at age 78, and was buried in Cowes Cemetery, Philip Island, Victoria, Australia.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.

19-Katharine Elizabeth Hughes

19-Timothy John Hughes

18-**Rev. Martyn Lawrence Hughes** was born on 16 Oct 1919 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 8 Aug 2010 in Alberta, Canada at age 90.

General Notes: Martyn Lawrence Hughes (1943), brother-in-law of LH Doncaster (1932), was a former College Chaplain who died on 8 August 2010 at the age of 90. Martyn was born on 16 October 1919 at Wanstead, Essex, the son of ER Hughes, Reader in Chinese Philosophy and Religion at Oxford and for many years a missionary in China. After attending Eltham College Martyn went on to Magdalen College, Oxford where he was an Academical Clerk (Choral Scholar). Whilst there he met Mary Dorothea Kempe, known as Dickie since childhood, and the two married in 1942. In order to train for ministry Martyn undertook further studies at Westcott House and at the same time joined King's as a Choral Scholar. He served as a Deacon at Southwark and was ordained a priest in 1945. Both Martyn and Dickie had ambitions to spend their lives in China, and to prepare for this they studied Chinese at the School of Oriental and African Studies in London. At the start of 1947 they set sail for China. Martyn was appointed as Chaplain and New Testament Lecturer at Yenching University in Peking whilst Dickie taught English. Yenching was taken over by the Communists at the end of 1948. The couple stayed on, but things took a downward turn with the outbreak of war in Korea and reluctantly they took the decision to return home. Initially Martyn took the post of Warden for the Student Movement House, a hostel for foreign students administered by the Student Christian Movement in Russell Square. He returned to King's in 1953 to serve as Chaplain, staying in Cambridge for three years. He then moved on to Uppingham and later Harrow where he played a similar role. His final appointment before retiring, was as Head of Religious Studies at the Richard Collyer Sixth Form College in Horsham. Martyn spent his retirement in Sussex and latterly, in Calgary, Canada, where he died. He was pre-deceased by Dickie but survived by their three children, Sarah, Chris and Jeremy and five grandchildren.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a New Testament Lecturer and Anglican Chaplain, Yenching University in Beijing, China.
- He worked as a Chaplain at Harrow School.

19-Sarah Elizabeth Hughes

19-Christopher Richard Kempe Hughes

19-Jeremy Michael Hughes

16-Alice Howard^{12,225} was born on 9 May 1846 in Tottenham, London, died on 29 Jun 1892 in Stowe Hill, Lichfield, Staffordshire at age 46, and was buried in St. Chad's, Lichfield, Staffordshire.

17-Alice Maria Lloyd¹² was born on 5 Nov 1868 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 6 Dec 1929 in Shifnal, Shropshire at age 61.

17-Mabel Eliza Lloyd¹² was born on 5 Nov 1869 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 1 Feb 1946 in Portishead, Somerset at age 76.

18-Helene Mabel Kaye was born on 22 Aug 1903 in Lichfield, Staffordshire and died on 11 Jul 1985 in Melksham, Wiltshire at age 81. Another name for Helene was Helene Mabel Kamcke.

19-Rodney William Victor Weaver

20-Mathew James Weaver

20-Elizabeth Mary Weaver

19-Allan Brian Weaver

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20-Timothy James Weaver

18-Rachel Alice Kaye was born on 20 Sep 1905 in Darjeeling, West Bengal, India and died in 1981 at age 76. Another name for Rachel was Rachel Alice Kamcke.

19-Gillian Elizabeth Packard was born on 16 Mar 1938 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in Aug 1998 at age 60.

19-Christopher John Packard

20-Amanda Louise Packard

21-Andrew James Herford

21-Samuel John Herford

20-Nicholas William John Packard

20-Joanne Elise Packard

19-Phillippa Wendy Packard was born on 27 Oct 1941 in Wylam On Tyne and died on 10 Sep 1998 in Newton, Broxburn, Northumberland at age 56.

20-Jonathan Christopher Tunnell

20-Philippa Catherine Tunnell

20-Oliver William Tunnell

18-Peter Victor Francis Kamcke was born on 3 Apr 1907 in Hat Chapra, India and died in Sep 1907 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.

17-Lilian Lloyd¹² was born on 21 May 1871 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 10 Dec 1928 in Northwood, Middlesex at age 57.

18-Eleanor Lilian De Winton was born on 10 Oct 1901 in Chiswick, London and died on 16 Oct 1971 in West Malling, Kent at age 70.

19-Dr. Maurice Henry King

20-Dominic Zachary King

20-Benedict William King

19-Wilfrid Allen Hugh King was born on 27 Nov 1928 in Galle, Ceylon and died on 3 Aug 1976 in Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire at age 47.

20-Sarah Penelope King

20-Gregory Wilfrid King

20-Felicity Joan King

20-Benjamin Philip King

21-Harriet King

19-Joseph Norman King

20-**Terence John Maurice King**

21-**Anais King**

21-**Alexis King**

20-**Bernard Walter King**

21-**Robert King**

21-**David King**

20-**Paul Laurence King**

21-**Maisie King**

21-**Jess King**

20-**Zella Marion Eleanor King**

21-**Bennet Cobley**

21-**Thomas Cobley**

18-**Frances Davidona De Winton** was born on 24 Jun 1903 in Chiswick, London and died on 5 Jan 1999 in Bisley, Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 95.

19-**Susan Mariabella Howard**

20-**Andrew Howard Bromley**

21-**Frances May Bromley**

21-**George Howard Bromley**

20-**James Inglis Scott Bromley**

20-**Eric Alexander Bromley**

21-**Luke Peter John Bromley**

21-**Jack Alexander Bromley**

19-**Angela Felce Howard**

20-**Martin Francis Stafford Beer**

21-**Dominic Charles Stafford Beer**

21-**Jonny Beer**

20-**Philip Peter Stafford Beer**

21-Olivia Beer

21-Isabel Beer

21-Charles Beer

21-Josephine Beer

20-Caroline Julia De Winton Beer

21-Thomas Knighton

21-Alexandra Knighton

19-Philip Gravely Howard

20-Lucy Mariabella Howard

21-George Hobbs

21-Rosie Mariabella Grace Hobbs

21-Esme Hobbs

20-Thomas Gravely Howard

21-William Howard

21-Hector Howard

20-Alice Marion Burkitt Howard

21-Oscar Howard

21-Isis Postandi

19-Diana Dilworth Howard

20-Mark Edward Lapping

21-Lucy Lapping

21-Robert Lapping

20-Joanna Venka Lapping

21-Hebe Pollard-Smith

18-Mary Gwynedd De Winton was born on 13 Jun 1905 in Chiswick, London and died on 4 Feb 1970 in Greatham, Hampshire at age 64.

19-John Francis Marsh

20-Andrew Phillip Marsh

21-Lily Beatrice Marsh

21-Charlie Marsh

20-Timothy James Marsh

21-Sophie Marsh

21-Ben Marsh

20-Jonathan David Marsh

19-**Dr. Michael Harding Marsh** was born on 14 Nov 1932 in Hartford, Cheshire and died on 7 Dec 2001 in Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician in General Practice in Sheerness, Kent.
- He worked as a Physician in General Practice in Whitstable, Kent.
- He worked as a Physician in General Practice in Doddington, Cambridgeshire.
- He had a residence in 3a Eastwood End, Wimblington, March, Cambridgeshire PE15 0QQ.

20-Christopher Stephen Marsh

20-Nicholas William Marsh

20-Alexander Michael Marsh

21-Katie Rose Marsh

21-Jasmine Hannah Richards Marsh

20-Phillip James De Winton Marsh

19-David Richard Marsh

20-Caroline Mary Marsh

21-Katherine Amelia Villiers-Stuart

21-Archie James Villiers-Stuart

21-Angus Theodore Villiers-Stuart

20-Nicola Claire Marsh

20-Christopher Richard Marsh

19-**Christopher Patrick Marsh** was born on 21 Feb 1938 in Davenham, Cheshire and died on 23 Aug 1986 in Plaistow, West Sussex at age 48.

20-Alexandra Rachael Marsh

20-Susanna Claire Marsh

19-Dr. Pamela Ann De Winton Marsh

20-Jacqueline Mary Thomas

20-Alistair David Thomas

20-Caroline Frances Thomas

17-Cicely Dilworth Lloyd^{12,164} was born on 4 May 1873 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 22 May 1934 in Headley, Hampshire at age 61.

General Notes: She died at Headley in Hampshire, not Headley, Surrey.

18-Christopher Curtis Green¹⁶⁴ was born on 1 Sep 1900 in Bedford Gardens, London and died in 1976 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford.
- He worked as an Architect.

19-Christopher William Curtis Green¹⁶⁴ was born on 9 Jun 1927 in London and died on 24 May 1996 in Badingham, Suffolk at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Cambridge University.
- He worked as a Farmer.

20-Michael William Curtis Green

21-Sam William Curtis Green

20-Annabel Susan Curtis Green

21-Lucy Emma Louise Lavielle

21-Nelly Aimee Lavielle

21-Elise Amandine Colette Lavielle

20-Caroline Anne Curtis Green

21-Anna Strover

21-Lucy Strover

21-Jessie Strover

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Sarah Harriet Curtis Green

21-Eleanor Jones-Perrott

21-Georgia Jones-Perrott

19-John Curtis Green

20-Thomas Michael Curtis Green

21-Charles Robert Curtis Green

21-Emily Elizabeth Curtis Green

21-Annabel Green

20-Joshua Mark Curtis Green

20-Mary Curtis Green

21-Theodore William Michael Creswell

21-Cicely Margaret Isabel Creswell

21-Constance Creswell

19-Susan Marjorie Green

20-Christina Cleyndert

21-Charlotte Poole

21-Jessica Poole

21-Kate Poole

20-Amanda Cleyndert

21-Christopher Brundan

21-Andrew Brundan

20-William Jacob De Jong Cleyndert

21-Amanda Susan De Jong Cleyndert

21-Samantha Jane De Jong Cleyndert

21-Gemma Louise De Jong Cleyndert

21-Georgia Louise De Jong Cleyndert

20-Anthony Cleyndert

20-Andrew Cleyndert

20-Ben Cleyndert

19-Andrew Curtis Green

20-Patrick Curtis Green

21-Sabina Grace Curtis Green

21-Talulla Hope Curtis Green

21-Atticus James Green

20-Robin Curtis Green

21-Rosie Julia Green

21-Jake John Green

18-Cicely Alice Green was born on 22 Mar 1902 in Bedford Gardens, London and died in 1981 at age 79.

19-Rev. David Baran Tanqueray was born on 24 Feb 1927 in Eastbourne and died on 11 Nov 1971 in Little Wymondley, Herts at age 44.

20-Dr. Andrew Baran Tanqueray

21-Helen Tanqueray

21-Charles Tanqueray

21-James Tanqueray

20-Sarah Mary Tanqueray

21-Elizabeth Hardy

21-William Hardy

21-Edward Hardy

20-Dr. John Frederic Tanqueray

21-Eleanor Mary Tanqueray

21-Oliver George Frederic Tanqueray

21-Imogen Alice Tanqueray

19-Anne Cicely Tanqueray

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Rev. Colin Mark Pilgrim

21-Faith Pilgrim

21-Rory Pilgrim

21-Felix Pilgrim

20-Alison Ruth Pilgrim

21-Joshua Christopher Martin

21-Molly Anne Rebecca Martin

20-Susan Margaret Pilgrim

21-Rosey Hannah Waters

21-Jasper Laurence Waters

19-Judith Mary Tanqueray

20-Anthony Martin Brooke

21-Alice Holly Harriet Brooke

21-Charles Stephen Anthony Brooke

21-William Edward Anthony Brooke

21-Florence Sophie Harriet Brooke

20-Katherine Mary Brooke

21-Kelly Judith Wood

21-Kimberley Wood

21-Cameron Wood

20-Samuel Truman Brooke

21-Morag Brooke

19-Elizabeth Clare Tanqueray

20-Edward William Simons

20-Philippa Jeanne Simons

19-Alice Philippa Tanqueray

20-Catherine Elizabeth Ostler

20-Sarah Philippa Ostler

21-Samuel George Fedak

21-Matthew Donald Fedak

20-Anthony George Ostler

20-John Truman Ostler

20-Richard Langdon Ostler

21-Mitchell Ostler

18-Margaret Elizabeth Green¹⁶⁴ was born on 16 Aug 1904 in Ladbroke Road, London and died in 1981 at age 77.

19-Elizabeth Jane Lloyd was born on 14 Jul 1928 in London and died on 2 Oct 1995 in London at age 67.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Artist.

20-Gillian Elizabeth Hoare

21-Joshua Sampson Hahn

21-Rebecca Elizabeth Hahn

21-Dianna Beth Hahn

20-Sara Jane Hoare

20-John Anthony Hoare

20-Tessa Anna Hoare

19-Jeremy Sampson Lloyd¹⁶⁴ was born on 15 Nov 1930 in London and died on 28 Jul 2009 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA FRIBA.
- He worked as an Architect.

20-Katherine Jane Murray Lloyd

21-Oliver Caleb Murray

21-Jacob Peter Murray

21-Samuel Joseph Murray

21-Rachel Bethany Murray

20-Matthew Charles Sampson Lloyd

21-Zachary John Sampson Lloyd

21-Tessa Mary Woodward Lloyd

21-Honey Jane ffortune Lloyd

20-Olivia Mary Lloyd

21-Beth Louise Foster-Ogg

20-Thomas Zachary Lloyd

21-Molly Florence Gwendolen Richards Lloyd

21-Delilah Jocelyn Vera Richards Lloyd

18-Joan Priscilla Green was born on 23 Mar 1907 in Frensham, Surrey and died on 1 Mar 1997 in Shurlock Row, Berkshire at age 89.

19-Peter Harold Yeo

20-Thomas Herrick Yeo

21-Samantha Yeo

21-Mathew Yeo

20-Rebecca Amani Yeo

20-Nicholas Stanford Yeo

19-Priscilla Dilworth Yeo

20-Kate Miranda Cornwall-Jones

21-Matilda Jordan

20-Adam Cornwall-Jones

20-Matthew Cornwall-Jones

20-Jason Cornwall-Jones

21-Emerald Cornwall-Jones

19-Dr. Christopher Stephen Yeo

20-Jake Yeo

18-Agnes Mary Green

19-Elizabeth Forde Bourne

20-Virginia Gordon

20-Dr. Harriet Gordon

21-Imogen Blair

21-Oliver Blair

20-Olivia Gordon

20-Polly Gordon

19-Nicholas Anthony Bourne

20-Katherine Bourne

21-Louis Nicholas Zeppetelli

21-Jack Alexander Zeppetelli

20-Victoria Bourne

20-Clare Bourne

17-Francis Sampson Lloyd was born on 4 Mar 1875 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 29 Jun 1877 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire at age 2.

17-Daniel Charles Lloyd¹² was born on 13 Sep 1879 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 7 Jul 1931 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner F.H.Lloyd & Co.
- He had a residence in Stoneham Lodge, Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

18-Alice Katharine Lloyd was born on 7 Aug 1905 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

18-Francis Nelson Lloyd was born on 13 Aug 1907 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 27 Jun 1974 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director F.H.Lloyd & Co.

19-Judith Ann Lloyd

20-Richard John Palmer

21-Samantha Grimmett

21-Daniel Grimmett

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-Victoria Grimmett

21-Alice Sophie Isabel Elizabeth Palmer

20-David Allan Palmer

21-Rebecca Katherine Palmer

21-Alexander Caldwell Palmer

20-Jeremy Charles Francis Palmer

20-Christopher Mark Palmer

21-Owen Christopher Palmer

19-Anthony Francis Lloyd

20-Julian Francis Lloyd

20-Dominic Rudolf Lloyd

19-Belinda Mary Lloyd

20-Margaret Anna Smith

21-Richard James Fitzgerald Clarke

20-Timothy Peter Smith

20-Benjamin John Smith

19-John Henry Lloyd

20-Ann Mary Lloyd

20-William John Lloyd

20-Frances Roswyn Lloyd

18-Michael Charles Lloyd was born on 6 Aug 1909 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 20 Jan 1973 in Torquay. In Hotel Fire. at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director and Chairman F.H.Lloyd & Co., Iron founders.

19-Charlotte Mary Congreve Lloyd

20-Lucinda Mary Hall

20-Patrick Campbell Hall

19-Penelope Ann Congreve Lloyd

19-Daniel Charles Lloyd

20-Lucinda Anne Lloyd

20-Victoria Mary Lloyd

18-Andrew Bolton Lloyd was born on 1 Jul 1914 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 24 Jun 2000 in Bognor Regis, Sussex at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director F.H.Lloyd & Co.

19-Elizabeth Mary Lloyd

20-Sarah Suzanne Baker

20-Donna Esmee Baker

19-Charles Andrew Reginald Elwell

20-Antonia Caroline Elwell

20-Natalie Camilla Elwell

19-Alexander Patrick Lloyd

20-David Mathew Lloyd

20-Nicholas Andrew Lloyd was born on 16 Aug 1981 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey and died on 30 Dec 1993 in Cambridge at age 12.

19-Richard James Lloyd

20-Florian Dominic Lloyd

20-Fabian Antonius Lloyd

18-John Richard Brian Lloyd was born on 7 Nov 1918 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 6 Aug 1977 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 58.

19-Jonathan Richard Lloyd

20-Emma Joanne Lloyd

19-Nicholas David Lloyd

19-Josephine Amanda Lloyd

20-Stephen John Beckett

20-Michael David Beckett

18-Ann Elizabeth Rosamund Lloyd

19-Rosamund Honor Dunkley

20-Christopher Latvala

20-Karl Latvala

19-Geoffrey Charles Dunkley

20-Rosamund Dunkley

20-Megan Dunkley

20-Emma Dunkley

19-Theresa Mary Dunkley

20-Dana Kathleen Law

20-Curtis James Law

19-Jill Patricia Dunkley

19-Hugh Grey Dunkley

17-Maj. John Francis Selby Lloyd was born on 10 Oct 1881 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire, died on 18 Jun 1915 in Flanders, Belgium. Killed in action at age 33, and was buried in Wulverghem-Lindenhoek Military cemetery, Belgium.

General Notes: **Lloyd, John Francis Selby** Born Sept. 10, 1881, at Wednesbury, Staffs. Youngest son of Francis Henry Lloyd, of Stowe Hill, Lichfield, Staffs. Rossall School. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 25, 1900. Matric. Michs. 1900; BA 1903. A director of the Welders Steel-Tube Company, Birmingham. Married to Eleanora May, née Lawrence. Major, 6th North Staffordshire Regiment; killed in action, June 18, 1915, in Flanders. Buried in Wulverghem-Lindenhoek Road Military Cemetery, Belgium.
College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rossall School.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1900-1903.
- He worked as a Director of the Welders Steel-Tube Company in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as an officer of the 6th North Staffordshire Regiment.

18-Patricia Frances Alice Lloyd was born on 19 Oct 1914 in Stowe Hill, Lichfield and died on 28 Sep 2013 in Waltham St Lawrence, Berkshire at age 98.

General Notes: Pippa Mills died on 28th September. She would have been 99 years old this month. She had a severe stroke about two months ago and was in hospital for a bit but the family managed to get her home and they were with her when she died. She was my father's first cousin and the last of FH Lloyd's Grandchildren. She was a wonderful person and we will all miss her very much. The funeral was held on Monday at Waltham St Lawrence where she had lived since 1959. It was a lovely occasion attended by all her children, grandchildren and great grandchildren, I think 37 in total! There were lovely tributes by her three children, Angus, Eleanor and David. Unfortunately we had been away for a few days, and therefore had not heard of her death - if I had known I would most certainly have been there for the service as Waltham St L is just a couple of miles down the road from here. So sorry.
Richard (Lloyd) 9 Oct 2013

19-John Angus Donald Mills

20-Sarah Madeline Mills

21-Jack Alexander McTavish

21-Frederic James McTavish

20-Caroline Frances Mills

21-Anna Scout Camden Corby

21-Grace Scarlett Kitty Corby

21-Esther Corby

20-Elizabeth Jane Mills

21-Isobel Sowell

21-Henry Sowell

20-Peter John Mills

21-Joseph Mills

19-Eleanor Mary Donald Mills

20-Tom Mackenzie Phillips

21-Hal Phillips

21-Dulcie Phillips

20-Catherine Patricia Phillips

20-Emily Dawn Phillips

20-Martha Fein

20-Stephen Fein

20-Jessie Fein

19-David Mackenzie Donald Mills

20-Eleanor Kirsty Joan Mills

21-Laura Lock

21-Alice Lock

20-Luke Geoffrey Mackenzie Mills

20-Anna Frances Harriet Mills

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Jessica Rosemary Frances Mills

20-Mathew Marino Kenneth Mackenzie Mills

17-Eleanor Mildred Lloyd was born on 22 Feb 1885 in Wednesbury, Staffordshire and died on 23 May 1958 in Chiddingfold, Surrey at age 73.

18-John Francis Macaulay Irvine was born on 9 Jul 1916 in Godalming, Surrey and died on 23 May 1919 in Godalming, Surrey at age 2.

18-Colin Irvine was born on 13 Jun 1918 in Godalming, Surrey and died on 16 Jun 1918 in Godalming, Surrey.

18-Dr. Robin Eliot Irvine²⁶³ was born on 27 Sep 1920 in Godalming, Surrey and died on 25 Dec 2002 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 82.

General Notes: **Robin Eliot Irvine**

b.27 Sept 1920 d.25 Dec 2002

CBE BA Cantab(1942) MRCP(1948) MD(1955) MA(1958) FRCP(1968)

'Bobby' Irvine was a consultant geriatrician of distinction who made important contributions to this developing specialty. After school at Winchester College he read medicine at King's College, Cambridge, and Guy's Hospital, where he was awarded the Golding Bird prize for medicine. After qualification and house jobs at Guy's he served as a medical officer in the Army until 1947. Returning to hospital practice in Cheltenham, the Brompton Hospital, Guy's, Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Sunderland, he gained experience and higher qualifications, before being appointed consultant physician in geriatric medicine to the Hastings Health Authority in 1958.

At that time he had the care of 600 patients a year in 300 chronic sick beds disposed in four hospitals. In this he was assisted by a part-time house physician and a few GP sessions. Over the years he saw the beds reduced to 200, the yearly number of admissions rise to 4,000, and the staff increase to include four consultants and nine others.

He had seen a period of great change and had the satisfaction of having contributed significantly to it.

His main interest was interdisciplinary collaboration. Working with the orthopaedic surgeon Mr M B Devas, he helped establish the world's first geriatric orthopaedic unit.

One of the first geriatric day hospitals played it's part in the scheme. Many doctors from home and overseas were trained in geriatric medicine in his unit.

As Hastings' first clinical tutor he organized clinical meetings and helped in the formation of a post-graduate centre. By his writing he added significantly to the literature on his subject.

In 1981 he was elected president of the British Geriatrics Society and served on numerous committees both local and national, becoming consultant adviser in geriatric medicine to the Ministry of Health. The award of CBE for his work was much deserved.

In 1947 he married Florence Margaret (Peggy) Walter, a Guy's nurse who came from Guernsey. So it was that after retirement they moved to that island in 1986. A man of wide interests and love of life, Bobby was soon involved in island life. He took an interest in the local medical scene and served the community on the committees of the hospice and of a geriatric home. Golf, bridge, bird watching, nature walks, choral singing and drama were all embraced, but above all he was interested in people. He loved people and people loved him and this brought him many new friends. He did not forget his old friends or his roots and worked hard at organizing annual reunions for his Guy's contemporaries. Typically he was interested in their doings even if they did not attend!

Sadly he lost his beloved Peggy in 1996, but his large and loving family, his friends and his out-going spirit sustained him, as did the Christian faith which was central to his being. A devout Catholic he had the honour of being a Knight of the Holy Sepulchre.

The onset of Parkinson's disease curtailed his activities in recent years and then inoperable bowel cancer combined with it to weaken him progressively. He accepted this and looked forward to being re-united with Peggy. Increasing debility failed to lower his spirit and he drew great strength from his church, which he attended daily until the end. He allowed nothing to prevent his active interest in life around him and in his seven children and 16 grandchildren. Appreciative, as always, he never ceased to praise all the wonderful people who cared for him by day and night and made it possible for him to remain in his own home.

J R Dickson

[References:The Independent 5 Feb 2003;Brit.med.J.,2003,326,227]

(Volume XI, page 288) Munks Roll

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD FRCP CBE.
- He worked as a Consultant Geriatrician.

19-Anne Catharine Irvine

20-Eleanor Mary Chopin-John

21-Hayden Michael Saunders

20-Adrian Mark Chopin-John

20-William James Walter

19-Deborah Mary Irvine

20-Sasha Ann Uzzell

21-Stephanie Leigh Godfrey

21-Sophie Jane Godfrey

20-Jerome Sebastian Uzzell

19-Andrew Geoffrey Irvine

20-Joanna Elizabeth Irvine

20-Philippa Clare Irvine

20-Robin John Irvine

19-Patricia Margaret Irvine

20-Rohan Margaret Maeve Walsh

20-Clíodhna Frances Walsh

20-Aife Catherine Walsh

20-Orla Mary Helen Joyce Walsh

19-Mary Elizabeth Irvine

20-Emma Louise Odlum

20-Alex James Odlum

20-Simon Eliot Odlum

19-William Francis Irvine

20-Eliot Irvine

20-Calan Konrad Irvine

19-Peter John Irvine

20-Matthew Dominic Irvine

20-Christian Daniel Michael Irvine

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Bryony Katrina Caroline Irvine

18-Janet Howard Irvine³⁷⁵ was born on 25 Aug 1922 in Godalming, Surrey and died in Jan 1999 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 76.

19-Walter Guy Hendley Kirkwood³⁷⁵ was born on 8 Jun 1950 in Bath, Somerset and died on 5 Oct 1988 in Dartmouth, Devon at age 38.

20-Laura Leslie Kirkwood

20-Edwin Guy Ronald Kirkwood

21-Dorian Kirkwood

21-Emily Kirkwood

19-Andrew John Cecil Kirkwood

18-Very Rev. John Murray Irvine was born on 19 Aug 1924 in Godalming, Surrey and died in Sep 2005 in Ottery St. Mary at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Provost of Southwell.

19-Nicholas David Irvine

19-Bridget Margaret Irvine

20-Murray Mcenroe Johnston

20-Flora Robyn Johnston

19-Eleanor Claire Irvine

19-Joanna Carol Irvine

16-Lt. Col. Henry Howard^{2,3,12,225} was born on 5 May 1848 in Tottenham, London and died on 4 Jan 1934 in Stone, Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KGStJ.
- He worked as a DL & JP for Staffordshire.
- He worked as an officer of the Worcestershire Imperial Yeomanry.
- He worked as a Deputy Chairman of Stewarts and Lloyds.
- He had a residence in Stone House, Stone, Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

Henry married Alice Gertrude Thomson,^{2,12,225} daughter of George Thomson and Sarah MacKnight, on 7 Sep 1870 in Llangollen, North Wales. Alice was born on 28 Feb 1849 in Worcester, Worcestershire and died on 15 Jul 1936 in Stone, Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 87. They had five children: Stanley MacKnight, Henry Eliot, Geoffrey Weston, Agnes Gertrude Marjorie, and Sybil Lettice.

17-Stanley MacKnight Howard¹² was born on 14 Feb 1872 in Stone, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died on 25 May 1956 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 84.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He had a residence in Seapoint, Rostrevor, Ireland.

Stanley married **Dorothea Elizabeth McFarland**,¹² daughter of **James McFarland** and **Dora Thompson**, on 27 Feb 1911 in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, London. Dorothea was born in Newry, County Down, Ireland and died on 26 Feb 1950 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

17-**Henry Eliot Howard**^{2,12} was born on 13 Nov 1873 in Stone House, Stone, Kidderminster, Worcestershire, died on 26 Dec 1940 in Clareland, Hartlebury, Worcestershire at age 67, and was buried on 30 Dec 1940 in St Mary's Church, Bishops Green, Stourport, Worcestershire.

General Notes: Howard, (Henry) Eliot (1873-1940), ornithologist and businessman, was born on 13 November 1873 at Stone House, Stone, near Kidderminster, Worcestershire, the second son in the family of three sons and two daughters of Henry Howard (1848-1934), army officer, landowner, and businessman, and his wife, Alice Gertrude (1847-1936), daughter of George Thomson of Pen-y-Bryn Hall, Denbighshire. He was the grandson of John Eliot Howard (1807-1883), the quinologist, and the great-grandson of Luke Howard (1772-1864), the meteorologist. His father owned iron mines and a company manufacturing steel tubes at Coombe's Wood, Halesowen, near Birmingham. Eliot Howard was educated at Stoke House School, Stoke Poges, and Eton College (1888-92). After attending Mason College, Birmingham, for two terms in 1892-3, he entered his father's firm, Lloyd and Lloyd, becoming a director in 1896 and then in 1903 a director of the enlarged firm, Stewarts and Lloyds. On 21 June 1900 he married Anne Elizabeth Frances (Daisy) Stewart (1875-1960), daughter of Charles Frederick Stewart of Horn Head, co. Donegal; they had two sons and four daughters. A keen birdwatcher from boyhood, Howard developed a special interest in warblers about 1894, but in 1901, inspired by Edmund Selous, he began to give more attention to the significance of their behaviour. Articles in The Zoologist for 1902 indicate his initial acceptance of the theory of sexual selection (by which Darwin explained ornaments, extravagant display, and song, through female choice). However, in late 1903, in the same journal he rejected this theory, apparently because he wished to acknowledge some role for the divine in the evolutionary process, a concern perhaps connected with the birth of his first child. He stated his belief in 'some direct power continually at work fostering and developing all that is beautiful', separate from natural selection, in which he also believed ('On sexual selection and the aesthetic sense in birds', The Zoologist, 4th series, 7, 1903, 413).

In 1904 Howard began plans to publish (partly at his own expense) an ambitious work on warblers that would also elaborate the many weaknesses (as he saw them) in the sexual selection theory, and these he listed in the first part of his (nine-part) The British Warblers: a History with Problems of Their Lives (1907-14). Shortly after he had published the first part, the idea dawned for which he became famous: that males fight not for females but for territory, which they defend primarily against males of their own species. This observation, which was facilitated by the earlier arrival of the males, was presented in the second part of his work (1908), and developed in subsequent parts: the male's song warns off other males but attracts females. For a male to secure a territory was, he maintained, in effect to secure a mate. Though it was widely reviewed, only the well-off could afford to buy the lavishly illustrated Warblers, and encouraged by his friend and mentor C. Lloyd Morgan, professor of psychology at Bristol University, Howard later produced a shorter work, Territory in Bird Life (1920). Possibly indicating Morgan's influence, this barely mentioned sexual selection except to concede that it was a plausible explanation for birdsong. It also described territory in such resident species as the reed and yellow buntings, and he argued that it was widespread in bird-life, existing even in ledge-breeding species like the guillemot, and embracing the non-breeding (display) territories of the ruff and blackcock. Among possible functions he stressed the potential value of nesting territory in providing food quickly for newly hatched young in cold conditions when they are vulnerable to exposure, as his own experiments had demonstrated. Although he did not define it in this way, territory came to be seen essentially as a 'defended area', and from the late 1920s the theory became increasingly influential both in Europe and the United States.

In An Introduction to the Study of Bird Behaviour (1929), Howard considered further the stimulating effects of male display, and the synchronizing of male and female sexual activity, integrating his observations with recent work on reproductive hormones. This work also raised questions about the nature of avian perception. He argued that the stimulus-response model could not account for the complexity of bird behaviour, and was convinced that a bird's mental processes played a fundamental role. These, he considered, could be inferred from its actions, and involved Morgan's concept of 'mental reference', with revival in the form of images. In the last decade of his life he became increasingly preoccupied with these abstruse matters, which dominated his final works, also de luxe productions, The Nature of a Bird's World (1935) and A Waterhen's Worlds (1940).

It is remarkable that Howard made his discoveries without colour ringing or a hide, in a family of unobtrusive species in which the sexes are (mainly) similar in plumage. He was extremely disciplined, in spring and summer watching in the three hours after dawn on Hartlebury Common and other places near his home, before travelling to his work near Birmingham. In other respects he was more of a typical country gentleman, a keen wildfowler (often in Ireland), and salmon fisherman. Central in his life were his family and his Christian faith (he was an observant Anglican). Modest, reserved, but with a sense of humour, he was prominent in his local community and a JP from 1903; he was also a long-standing fellow of the Zoological Society and member of the British Ornithologists' Union (of which he was a vice-president). His wide circle of friends included Frederick Selous, Julian Huxley, Percy Lowe, George Lodge, Edgar Chance, Stanley Baldwin, and A. W. T. Perowne (the bishop of Worcester). He lived all his married life at Clareland, his home at Hartlebury, near Stourport, Worcestershire, where he died on 26 December 1940 of meningitis; he was buried on 30 December 1940 at St Mary's Church, Bishops Green, Stourport.

Howard was not, in fact, the first person to discover territory in birds for, unknown to him, J. B. Altum in 1868 in Germany and C. B. Moffat in 1903 in Ireland had described its main features. However, it was Howard's persuasive and extensive exposition of the concept that established its importance and brought it to international ornithological

Descendants of Thomas Forster

notice; it is a striking example of an amateur significantly influencing modern scientific research. There is now good evidence for sexual selection in birds, and avian mental images and mental 'worlds' have not proved fruitful subjects, but the reality of defended areas in animal life is unquestioned, with more known of different types and about their functions than in Howard's day.

L. J. Kinlen

Sources

The Times (28 Dec 1940) · A. L. B. Thompson, ed., *Stewarts and Lloyds, 1903-1953* (privately printed, 1953) · W. H. Thorpe, *The origins and rise of ethology* (1979) · *Eton College Register* · Howard family papers, priv. coll. · Howard papers, U. Oxf., Alexander Library, Zoology Department · C. Lloyd Morgan papers, University of Bristol Library, special collections · J. S. Huxley papers, Rice University, Houston, Texas, Fondren Library, Woodson Research Center · Burke, Gen. GB · private information (2011) [Michael Howard, grandson] · d. cert.

Archives

priv. coll. · U. Oxf., Alexander Library, corresp. and notebooks | Bristol University Library, special collections, C. Lloyd Morgan papers · Rice University, Texas, Woodson Research Center, J. S. Huxley papers

Wealth at death

£39,760 17s. 5d.: probate, 17 March 1941, *CGPLA Eng. & Wales*

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L. J. Kinlen, 'Howard, (Henry) Eliot (1873-1940)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Sept 2011

[<http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/100958>

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FZS.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He worked as a Steel manufacturer in Worcester, Worcestershire.
- He worked as an Ornithologist.
- He worked as a JP for Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in Clareland, Hartlebury, Worcestershire.

Henry married **Anne Elizabeth Frances Stewart**,^{2,12} daughter of **Charles Frederick Stewart** and **Elizabeth Lindesay**, on 21 Jun 1900 in Dunfanaghy, Co. Donegal. Anne was born on 6 Feb 1875 in Horn Head, Co. Donegal, died on 29 Nov 1960 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire at age 85, and was buried in St Mary's Church, Bishops Green, Stourport, Worcestershire. They had six children: **Eliot Charles Stewart**, **Alan Lindesay MacKnight**, **Alison**, **Rosemary Eliot**, **Esme Eleanor**, and **Doreen Elizabeth Lindesay**.

18-**Eliot Charles Stewart Howard**¹² was born on 10 Dec 1903 in Clareland, Hartlebury, Worcestershire and died in 1990 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD DL.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Worcestershire.

Eliot married **Daphne Gladys Colville**, daughter of **Hugh Davenport Wakeman Colville** and **Gladys Louisa Wakeman**, on 16 Jun 1937 in Alveley, Shropshire. Daphne was born on 12 Apr 1911 in Felixstowe, Suffolk and died on 4 Feb 1949 in Upton on Severn, Worcestershire at age 37. They had one son: **Michael Eliot**.

19-Michael Eliot Howard

Michael married **Josephine Sylvia**. They had one son: **David**.

20-David Howard

David married _____ **Henrietta**. They had three children: **Philip**, **Leonora**, and **Rupert**.

21-Philip Howard

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-**Leonora Howard**

21-**Rupert Howard**

Michael next married **Caroline Anne Pelly**, daughter of **John Gordon Pelly** and **Patricia Fuller**. They had three children: **Joanna Clare**, **Nicholas Henry**, and **Harry Eliot**.

20-**Joanna Clare Howard**

Joanna married **Thomas Cross**.

20-**Nicholas Henry Howard**

20-**Lt. Harry Eliot Howard**

Eliot next married **Josephine Sylvia Colville**, daughter of **Hugh Davenport Wakeman Colville** and **Gladys Louisa Wakeman**, on 27 Apr 1950 in London. Josephine was born on 20 Apr 1912 in Alverstoke, Hampshire and died in Aug 1997 at age 85. They had one son: **David Stewart**.

19-**David Stewart Howard**

David married **Henrietta Jennifer Mahon**, daughter of **Col. N. Hales Pakenham Mahon**. They had three children: **Rupert Stewart David**, **Leonora Jennifer**, and **Philip Nicholas Luke**.

20-**Rupert Stewart David Howard**

Rupert married **Fairford Flora Lydia Birtles**.

20-**Leonora Jennifer Howard**

20-**Philip Nicholas Luke Howard**

18-**Alan Lindesay MacKnight Howard**¹² was born on 9 Aug 1906 in Clareland, Hartlebury, Worcestershire and died on 25 Jan 1912 in Clareland, Hartlebury, Worcestershire at age 5.

18-**Alison Howard**¹² was born on 16 Jan 1908 in Clareland, Hartlebury, Worcestershire, died on 29 Jun 2000 in Grimley, Worcestershire at age 92, and was buried on 6 Jul 2000 in Grimley, Worcestershire.

General Notes: MBE

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with MBE.

Alison married **Edward Philip Gibbons**, son of **Leonard Gibbons** and **Gertrude Emma Bramwell**, on 21 Apr 1931 in Hartlebury. Edward was born on 16 Apr 1901 in Uckington, Gloucestershire and died on 4 Jul 1959 in Grimley, Worcestershire at age 58. They had four children: **Philip Henry**, **Peter John**, **Elisabeth Ann**, and **David Benjamin**.

General Notes: OBE

19-**Philip Henry Gibbons** was born on 14 Apr 1932 in Stourport, Worcestershire and died on 19 Jun 2007 at age 75.

Philip married **Vanessa Milles**, daughter of **Herbert Leslie Milles** and **Ursula Katherine Marshall**. They had four children: **Jonathan Edward**, **Philip Anthony**, **Nicola**, and **Timothy**.

20-**Jonathan Edward Gibbons**

Jonathan married **Rachel**. They had four children: **Edward**, **Oliver**, **Dominic**, and **Camilla**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-Edward Gibbons

21-Oliver Gibbons

21-Dominic Gibbons

21-Camilla Gibbons

20-Philip Anthony Gibbons

Philip married **Riely**. They had three children: **Trenton, Taylor**, and **Darton**.

21-Trenton Gibbons

21-Taylor Gibbons

21-Darton Gibbons

20-Nicola Gibbons

Nicola married **Martin Ott**. They had one daughter: **Sophia Marianne**.

21-Sophia Marianne Ott

20-Timothy Gibbons

Timothy married **Deborah**. They had three children: **Harry, Jasper**, and **Florence Rose**.

21-Harry Gibbons

21-Jasper Gibbons

21-Florence Rose Gibbons

19-Peter John Gibbons

Peter married **Jennifer Anne Hayles**. They had four children: **Susannah Mary, Julian Richard, Henrietta Frances**, and **Edward Charles Peter**.

20-Susannah Mary Gibbons

Susannah married **Paul Martin Ambler**. They had three children: **Rowland Peter, Johanna Katherine**, and **Andrew Mark**.

21-Rowland Peter Ambler

21-Johanna Katherine Ambler

21-Andrew Mark Ambler

20-Julian Richard Gibbons

20-Henrietta Frances Gibbons

20-Edward Charles Peter Gibbons

Edward married **Emily**. They had one son: **Benjamin William**.

21-**Benjamin William Gibbons**

19-**Elisabeth Ann Gibbons**

Elisabeth married **Julian De Jongh**. They had two children: **Ann** and **Edward**.

20-**Ann De Jongh**

20-**Edward De Jongh**

19-**David Benjamin Gibbons**

David married **Catherine Shepherd**. They had three children: **Emma**, **Rachel**, and **Camilla**.

20-**Emma Gibbons**

20-**Rachel Gibbons**

Rachel married **Benedict Harry Beckwith Whitehouse**.

20-**Camilla Gibbons**

18-**Rosemary Eliot Howard**¹² was born on 18 Dec 1913 in Clareland, Hartlebury, Worcestershire.

Rosemary married **Richard Herbert Bowes Hutton**, son of **Admiral George Bowes Hutton** and **Hilda Gertrude Dickinson Hall**, on 18 Apr 1953 in Hartlebury, H & W. Richard was born on 2 Jun 1914 in Wokingham, Berkshire and was buried in Major R.A.. They had two children: **Myra Rosemary** and **James Bowes**.

19-**Myra Rosemary Hutton**

Myra married **Tim Bright**. They had three children: **Peter**, **Holly**, and **Primrose**.

20-**Peter Bright**

20-**Holly Bright**

20-**Primrose Bright**

19-**James Bowes Hutton**

James married **Rose**. They had two children: **Christopher** and **Rebecca**.

20-**Christopher Hutton**

20-**Rebecca Hutton**

18-**Esme Eleanor Howard**¹² was born on 27 Feb 1916 in Clareland, Hartlebury, Worcestershire.

Esme married **Rev. John William Fletcher Boughey**, son of **Rev. Percy Fletcher Boughey** and **Elsie L'estrange Herring**, on 25 Apr 1940 in Hartlebury. John was born on 16 Jun 1912 in Broadstairs, Kent and died on 6 Jan 1971 at age 58. They had two children: **Michael John** and **Nicola Jane**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon of Peterborough.

19-**Michael John Boughey**

Michael married **Tina**. They had two children: **Alexander** and **Nicholas**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Alexander Boughey

20-Nicholas Boughey

19-Nicola Jane Boughey

Nicola married **Mackenzie**. They had two children: **Octavia** and **Cosmo**.

20-Octavia Mackenzie

20-Cosmo Mackenzie

18-Doreen Elizabeth Lindesay Howard¹² was born on 23 Apr 1918 in Clareland, Hartlebury, Worcestershire and died in Oct 2006 at age 88.

Doreen married **Patrick Beaumont**, son of **Dudley Beaumont** and **Daisey Norton**. They had two children: **Martin Dudley** and **Nicola Lindesay**.

19-Martin Dudley Beaumont

Martin married **Andrea Evelyn Wilberforce**. They had two children: **Alice** and **Jessica Victoria**.

20-Alice Beaumont

Alice married **William Wynne-Williams**.

20-Jessica Victoria Beaumont

Jessica married **Michael Scott**.

19-Nicola Lindesay Beaumont

Nicola married **Simon Harker**, son of **Capt. Matthew J. W. Harker** and **Ann Clifton**. They had two children: **Georgina Lucy** and **Rory**.

20-Georgina Lucy Harker

Georgina married **Heneage James Daniel Finch-Knightley Lord Guernsey**, son of **Heneage Charles Finch-Knightley 12th Earl of Aylesford** and **Penelope Anstice Crawley**. They had one son: **Alfie Charles Heneage**.

21-Alfie Charles Heneage Finch-Knightley

20-Rory Harker

17-Lt. Gen. Sir Geoffrey Weston Howard^{3,12} was born on 14 Dec 1876 in Stone House, Stone, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died on 3 Oct 1966 at age 89.

General Notes: **HOWARD, Lt-Gen. Sir Geoffrey Weston**

KCB 1938 (CB 1932); CMG 1919; DSO 1902

Born 14 Dec. 1876; 3rd s of Henry Howard of Stone House, Worcester; *m* 1905, Meta Minnia Gregory (*d* 1949); *died* 3 Oct. 1966

Career Entered army, 1897; served South Africa, 1899-1902 (despatches twice, Queen's medal six clasps, King's medal two clasps, DSO); European War, 1914-18 (despatches seven times, CMG, Bt Col); Brigade Commander, 9th Infantry Brigade, 1927-31; Maj.-Gen. in charge of Administration, Eastern Command, 1931-34; Commander of 5th Div., 1934-37; retired pay, 1938; Comdr, 1940. Colonel the Essex Regt, 1935-47

Club United Service

Address Bishops Down, Tunbridge Wells

'HOWARD, Lt-Gen. Sir Geoffrey Weston', *Who Was Who*, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc , 1920-2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U47938

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCB CMG DSO DL.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He worked as an officer of the British Army.

Geoffrey married **Meta Minnie Wilhelm**,^{3,12} daughter of **Rudolph Wilhelm** and **Minnie Emma Tipson**, on 10 Apr 1905 in Pretoria, Transvaal, South Africa. Meta was born on 1 Feb 1876 in Durban, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa and died on 14 Oct 1949 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 73. They had two children: **Stanley Horatio** and **Cynthia Mariabella**.

18-**Stanley Horatio Howard** was born on 12 Nov 1905 and died on 23 May 1995 in Ealing, London at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker at Walker Cripps.

Stanley married **Helen Coke** on 26 Jan 1937. Helen was born on 16 Jan 1914 and died on 17 Apr 1993 at age 79. They had two children: **Anne** and **Sarah Jane**.

19-**Anne Howard**

Anne married **Alan Paul Turner**. They had three children: **Samantha Jane**, **Marc Paul**, and **James Alan Howard**.

20-**Samantha Jane Turner**

Samantha married **Mark Stephen Donnelly**. They had three children: **Jack Alexander**, **Alexander William**, and **Thomas Edward**.

21-**Jack Alexander Donnelly**

21-**Alexander William Donnelly**

21-**Thomas Edward Donnelly**

20-**Marc Paul Turner**

Marc married **Kerry Dunford**. They had one son: **Ted**.

21-**Ted Turner**

20-**James Alan Howard Turner**

19-**Sarah Jane Howard**

Sarah married **Christopher Lewis Mercer**. They had three children: **Nicholas Lewis**, **Emma Jane**, and **Sophie Elizabeth**.

20-**Nicholas Lewis Mercer**

20-**Emma Jane Mercer**

20-**Sophie Elizabeth Mercer**

18-**Cynthia Mariabella Howard**

17-**Agnes Gertrude Marjorie Howard**¹² was born on 22 Aug 1879 in Stone House, Stone, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died on 3 May 1956 in Hastings, Sussex at age 76.

Agnes married **Robert Harold Ambrose Gordon Duff**,¹² son of **Lt. Gen. Alexander Gordon Duff** and **Elsie Philips**, on 9 Jun 1904 in Stone, Kidderminster,

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Worcestershire. Robert was born on 4 May 1871 in London and died on 15 Apr 1946 in Teignmouth, Devon at age 74. They had two children: **Robin Airlie Gordon** and **Adam Alexander Howard**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sherbourne School.
- He was educated at Lincoln College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Civil Servant. General Inspector of the Local Government Board.

18-**Robin Airlie Gordon Duff**¹² was born on 8 Aug 1909 in Stone House, Stone, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died in 1976 in Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 67.

Robin married **Marjory Augusta Katharine Rust**, daughter of **Cyprian Rust** and **Mary Geraldine Walcot Burton**, on 28 Apr 1934 in Frodingham, Lincolnshire. Marjory was born on 23 Oct 1908 in Frodingham, Lincolnshire and died in Jun 1995 at age 86. They had two children: **Michael Walcot Gordon** and **Alan Robert**.

19-Michael Walcot Gordon Duff

Michael married **Anne-Marie**. They had four children: **Daniel**, **Peter**, **Juliet**, and **Henry**.

20-Daniel Duff

Daniel married **Catherine Morton**.

20-Peter Duff

Peter married **Susan Collins**. They had two children: **Thomas Luke** and **Katie Sarah**.

21-Thomas Luke Duff

21-Katie Sarah Duff

20-Juliet Duff

Juliet married **Jim Newman**. They had one daughter: **Sophie**.

21-Sophie Newman

20-Henry Duff

Henry married **Becky**.

19-**Alan Robert Duff** was born on 12 Jan 1938 in Kinver, Staffordshire and died in 1989 at age 51.

Alan married **Sheila Ann Tilsley**. They had two children: **Susan Rosemary** and **Clare Diana**.

20-Susan Rosemary Duff

Susan married **Tim Cook**.

Susan next married **Simon Crouch**, son of **Brian Crouch**.

20-Clare Diana Duff

Clare married **Hugo Norman**. They had two children: **Arthur Alan** and **Ella Rose**.

21-Arthur Alan Norman

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21-Ella Rose Norman

18-**Rev. Adam Alexander Howard Duff**¹² was born on 26 Feb 1916 in Chaddesley Corbett, Worcestershire, died on 24 Sep 1999 in Oxford at age 83, and was buried on 4 Oct 1999 in St. Michael All Angels, Oxford.

Adam married **Elisabeth Matzdorf**, daughter of **William Matzdorf** and **Alice Frank**.

17-**Sybil Lettice Howard** was born on 3 Sep 1884 in Stone, Kidderminster and died on 12 Oct 1899 in Stone, Kidderminster at age 15.

15-**Deborah Crewdson**^{12,218} was born on 8 May 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 9 Mar 1867 in Clevedon, Somerset at age 56.

Deborah married **John Sanderson Thomas**,^{12,218} son of **Benjamin Thomas**¹² and **Hannah Sanderson**, on 8 Aug 1833 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. John was born on 16 Jun 1809 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 7 Nov 1878 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 69. They had five children: **Benjamin, Rachel Mary, George Edward, John**, and **Samuel**.

16-**Benjamin Thomas**^{8,12} was born on 11 Mar 1835 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 13 May 1900 in "Arundel", Christchurch Road, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Stapleton Park, Gloucestershire.

Benjamin married **Letitia Margaret Paul**,^{8,12} daughter of **Walter Mathews Paul**¹² and **Elizabeth Hawker**, on 14 Jun 1861 in Teignmouth, Devon. Letitia was born on 7 Jan 1840 in Highgrove House, Tetbury, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Jun 1921 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 81. They had six children: **Mary Letitia, Arthur Ernest, Lilian Margaret, Alice Marion, Walter Sanderson**, and **Elliott Crewdson**.

17-**Mary Letitia Thomas**¹² was born on 21 May 1863 in Clevedon, Somerset and died on 13 Feb 1939 in Lyncroft, Teignmouth, Devon at age 75.

Mary married **William Edward Pitt-Pitts**,¹² son of **James Pitt-Pitts** and **Laura A. Ede**, on 5 Sep 1889 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. William was born on 10 Apr 1863 in Drewsteignton, Devon and died on 17 Oct 1927 in Lyncroft, Teignmouth, Devon at age 64. They had four children: **William Arthur, Edward Crewdson, Edith Muriel**, and **Walter John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Music Publisher in 44 Great Marlborough Street, London.

18-**Rev. William Arthur Pitt-Pitts**¹² was born on 17 Jul 1890 in Beckenham, Kent, died on 22 Mar 1940 in Nairobi, Kenya at age 49, and was buried in Forest Road Cemetery, Nairobi, Kenya.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk In Holy Orders. Church Missionary Society in Africa.

William married **Kathleen Rosalind Carr**, daughter of **Ernest Carr**^{102,382} and **Louisa Maud Ashby**,^{102,382} on 31 May 1922 in Namirembe, Kampala, Uganda. Kathleen was born on 23 Nov 1899 in Carlisle, Cumbria and died on 28 Mar 2001 in Freegrove Rest Home, Milford Road, Pennington, Lymington, Hampshire at age 101. They had four children: **William Howard Dilworth, Margaret Elizabeth, Brian John**, and **Derek Raymond**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1913-Apr 1917 in York, Yorkshire.

19-**William Howard Dilworth Pitt-Pitts** was born on 16 Jun 1923 in Namirembe, Kampala, Uganda, died on 24 Sep 1942 in Drowned at Sea. Greenland-Iceland waters. Sinking of H.M.S. Somali. at age 19, and was buried in Listed on the Portsmouth Naval Memorial.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: He is also shown on his father's memorial, Forest Road Cemetery, Nairobi, Kenya.

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19-**Margaret Elizabeth Pitt-Pitts** was born on 9 Aug 1926 in Nairobi, Kenya, died on 29 Apr 1981 at age 54, and was buried on 9 May 1981 in Boldre Churchyard, Boldre, Hampshire.

19-**Brian John Pitt-Pitts**

19-**Derek Raymond Pitt-Pitts** was born on 15 Mar 1930 in Boscombe, Bournemouth, Dorset and died in Jun 1996 in New Forest, Hampshire at age 66.

Derek married **Jane L. Mackenzie**. They had two children: **James** and **Lucy Ann**.

20-**James Pitt-Pitts**

20-**Lucy Ann Pitt-Pitts**

18-**2nd Lieut. Edward Crewdson Pitt-Pitts**¹² was born on 10 Jun 1892 in Beckenham, Kent, died on 17 Oct 1918 in Brancourt, France at age 26, and was buried in Brancourt-Le-Grand Military Cemetery, France. Grave B.10.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant in 1910-1912.
- He worked as a Tea Planter, Anglo-Ceylon and General Estates Co. Ltd. In 1912-1917.
- He worked as an officer of the 4th Battalion, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment).

18-**Edith Muriel Pitt-Pitts**¹² was born on 8 Jan 1896 in Mitcham, Surrey and died in 1971 in New Forest, Hampshire at age 75. She had no known marriage and no known children.

18-**Lieut. Walter John Pitt-Pitts RAF**¹² was born on 20 Oct 1898 in Mitcham, Surrey, died on 9 Aug 1918 in Bapaume, France at age 19, and was buried in Bancourt British Cemetery, Pas de Calais, France. Grave II.F.19. The cause of his death was Killed in action.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of 57th Squadron, Royal Air Force.

17-**Arthur Ernest Thomas**¹² was born on 31 May 1865 in Clevedon, Somerset and died on 25 Jun 1925 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Weymouth College.
- He was educated at King's College, London.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Wentworth House, College Road, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Arthur married **Elizabeth Inskip**,¹² daughter of **James Inskip** and **Elizabeth Inskip**, on 4 Jul 1894 in Christ Church, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Elizabeth was born on 14 Aug 1869 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 1 Oct 1946 in Chislehurst, Kent at age 77. They had five children: **Katharine Lilian**, **Cicely Dilworth**, **Edward Wilson**, **Benjamin Crewdson**, and **Arthur Paul**.

18-**Katharine Lilian Thomas**¹² was born on 28 Jul 1895 in Clevedon, Somerset and died on 3 Jan 1941 in Repton, Derbyshire at age 45.

Katharine married **Capt. Gordon Blews Robotham**, son of **William Blews Robotham** and **Emma Woodiness**, on 12 Jan 1920 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Gordon was born on 22 Dec 1894 in Alvaston, Derby and died in 1973 in Repton, Derbyshire at age 79. They had three children: **James Anthony Gordon**, **David William Gordon**, and **John Oliver Maxwell**.

General Notes: Capt. Gordon Blews Robotham. (FRANCE)

This officer is conspicuous for the skilful handling of the balloon sections under his command. Since 8th August he has advanced his two balloons over fifty miles, despite numerous obstacles, and has succeeded in maintaining at all times close touch with the operations, although frequently subjected to severe shell fire. Captain Robotham has

Descendants of Thomas Forster

carried out 330 successful shoots in co-operation with our artillery.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as a Solicitor.

19-James Anthony Gordon Robotham

James married **Ann Margaret Jeffreys**, daughter of **Jeffrey Rhys Powell Jeffreys** and **Lucy Margaret Thomas**. They had one son: **Roger James**.

20-Roger James Robotham

19-Capt. David William Gordon Robotham RN was born on 3 Oct 1924 in Mickleover, Derby and died on 6 Apr 2014 at age 89.

David married **Dorothy Hamilton Boag**, daughter of **J.Hamilton Boag** and **Mildred Sanfield Hogg**. They had three children: **Peter Charles Hamilton, Mark Gordon**, and **Diana Jenifer**.

20-Peter Charles Hamilton Robotham

Peter married **Fiona M. Walker**.

20-Dr. Mark Gordon Robotham

Mark married **Brenda B. M. Stephens**.

20-Diana Jenifer Robotham

Diana married **Peter W. Start**.

19-John Oliver Maxwell Robotham was born on 14 Aug 1928 in Bower Hill, Repton, Derbyshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor.

John married **Yvonne Dora Parkes**, daughter of **Philip William Parkes** and **Dora Parkes**. They had two children: **Katharine Clare** and **Jennifer Mary**.

20-Katharine Clare Robotham

20-Jennifer Mary Robotham

18-Cicely Dilworth Thomas¹² was born on 27 Oct 1896 in Clevedon, Somerset.

Cicely married **Rev. Canon William Edward Sladen Holland**, son of **William Lyall Holland** and **Mary Gertrude Tristram**, on 21 Jul 1924 in London. William was born on 8 Jul 1873 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 27 Mar 1951 in Chislehurst, Kent at age 77. They had two children: **Mary Elizabeth Cicely** and **William Michael Tristram**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Founded Oxford and Cambridge Hostel (now Holland Hall, Allahabad) in Allahabad, Bengal, India.
- He worked as a Fellow of Allahabad University in 1906 in Allahabad, Bengal, India.
- He worked as a Principal, St. Paul's College, Calcutta in 1913 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.
- He worked as a Fellow of Calcutta University in 1916 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.

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- He worked as a Principal of St. John's College, Agra in 1929-1933 in Agra, Bengal, India.
- He worked as a Canon of Lucknow in 1931 in Lucknow, Bengal, India.

19-Mary Elizabeth Cicely Holland

Mary married **John Riley**, son of **John Riley**.

19-**Rev. William Michael Tristram Holland** was born on 22 Nov 1926 in Madras, India and died on 22 Jan 2000 at age 73.

General Notes: Michael Holland, who has died of heart failure aged 73, was headmaster of Milton Abbey School in Dorset, and later rector of Steeple Aston and two other parishes north of Oxford. His task at Milton Abbey was to raise academic standards and draw the public school away from its country-club image. After 10 years he left behind a serious educational establishment.
Holland was a canon's son. After schooling at Marlborough, he went, via the navy, to read history at Cambridge. He then taught history and coached rugby and athletics at Eastbourne College before moving on to Milton Abbey.
At 52, Holland offered himself for ordination. After a curacy, he moved to Steeple Aston, drawing parishes together, preaching with care and resource, and conduct ing services with presence and dignity. He and his wife, Gillian, were an unusual pair to find in a country rectory, but were a highly effective team.
After he retired to Iffley, Holland continued to help in parishes, and formed a link with the Community of the Sisters of the Love of God, in Oxford, often celebrating their Saturday eucharist. Between their different traditions there was a flowering of great mutual respect.
Holland was open, generous and unselfseeking. He had friends in many walks of life and God was at the centre of his own. He and his wife had four daughters.
• William Michael Tristram Holland, schoolmaster and priest, born November 20 1926; died January 22 2000

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Headmaster of Milton Abbey School in Milton Abbey, Dorset.
- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He worked as a Rector of Steeple Aston in Steeple Ashton, Wiltshire.
- His obituary was published in The Guardian on 8 Mar 2000.

William married **Gillian H. S. Heath**. They had four children: **Jocelyn Mary**, **Sarah P.**, **Lynda J.**, and **Victoria T**.

20-Jocelyn Mary Holland

20-Sarah P. Holland

20-Lynda J. Holland

20-Victoria T. Holland

18-**Edward Wilson Thomas**¹² was born on 2 Feb 1899 in Clevedon, Somerset and died on 27 Jul 1945 in Burrington, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 46.

Edward married **Cynthia Melanie Agnes Barlow**, daughter of **Harry Grimshaw Barlow** and **Ada Marion Smith**, on 23 Apr 1924 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Cynthia was born on 23 Feb 1902 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had three children: **Stephen Wilson**, **Christopher Wilson**, and **Patrick Wilson**.

19-Stephen Wilson Thomas

Stephen married **Nina Korschenewska**.

19-Christopher Wilson Thomas

Christopher married **Julia Bethune Leggatt**, daughter of **Claud Methuen Leggatt** and **Gwyneth Brownrigg-Jay**. They had five children: **Mark Wilson**, **Josephine**, **Anna J. B.**, **Clare B.**, and **Charles E. W**.

20-Rev. Mark Wilson Thomas

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Mark married **Prof. Keri Vivien**. They had one daughter: **Meghan**.

21-**Meghan Thomas**

20-**Josephine Thomas**

20-**Anna J. B. Thomas**

20-**Clare B. Thomas**

20-**Charles E. W. Thomas**

19-**Patrick Wilson Thomas** was born on 19 Jul 1930 in Burrington, Nr Bristol and died on 10 Jun 1961 in Goodwood. Killed in a Motor Racing Accident at age 30.

18-**Benjamin Crewdson Thomas**¹² was born on 21 Sep 1902 in Clevedon, Somerset and died in 1975 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE OBE.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
- He worked as a Civil Servant.

Benjamin married **Patricia Alison Spendlove**, daughter of **Albert Edward Spendlove** and **Allison Frances Clifford**, on 26 Nov 1945 in London. Patricia was born on 26 Aug 1920 in Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada and died on 22 Jul 2007 at age 86. They had two children: **Benjamin James** and **Catherine Eliza**.

19-**Benjamin James Thomas**

Benjamin married **Marni**.

19-**Catherine Eliza Thomas**

Catherine married **Fraser Baillie**.

18-**Arthur Paul Thomas** was born on 14 Mar 1906 in Clevedon, Somerset and died on 1 Jul 1931 in Claverham, Somerset at age 25.

17-**Lilian Margaret Thomas**¹² was born on 24 May 1867 in Clevedon, Somerset and died on 9 Mar 1906 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 38.

Lilian married **Joseph Cooke-Hurle**,¹² son of **Joseph Cooke-Hurle** and **Florence Anne Forbes**, on 9 Feb 1886 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Joseph was born on 11 May 1859 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 12 Mar 1930 in Kilve Court, Bridgwater, Somerset at age 70. They had five children: **Mary Lilian**, **Margaret Florence**, **Alice Violet**, **Letitia Caroline**, and **Reginald Joseph**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Lincolns Inn.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He had a residence in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a JP for Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**Mary Lilian Cooke-Hurle**¹² was born on 28 Nov 1886 in Leigh Woods, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 26 Nov 1957 in Stroud, Gloucestershire at age 70.

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Mary married **Rev. Canon Arthur John Kitson**,¹² son of **John Lane Kitson** and **Charlotte Cox**, on 20 Apr 1909 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Arthur was born on 10 Dec 1876 in Beaminster, Dorset and died on 5 May 1951 in London at age 74. They had three children: **Harold William**, **John Hugh**, and **Margaret Constance**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon Emeritus of Gloucester.
- He had a residence in Watermoor Parsonage, Cirencester, Gloucestershire.

19-**Brig. Harold William Kitson**¹² was born on 20 Jan 1910 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire and died on 28 Jul 1988 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Cambridge University.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Engineers.
- He was awarded with CBE.

Harold married **Sybil Florence Aisthorpe**, daughter of **Joseph Wallace Aisthorpe** and **Eileen Margaret Barry**, on 23 Apr 1946 in London. Sybil was born on 26 Oct 1919 in Woolwich, Kent. They had three children: **Hugh Philip Crewdson**, **Charles Harold Michael**, and **Primrose Mary Alexandra**.

20-**Hugh Philip Crewdson Kitson**

20-**Charles Harold Michael Kitson**

20-**Primrose Mary Alexandra Kitson**

Primrose married **Dr. James Alexander Yorke**, son of **David John Napier Edward Yorke** and **Anne Margaret Mackail**. They had two children: **Philip Prospero Alexander** and **Henry Cosimo Frederick**.

21-**Philip Prospero Alexander Yorke**

21-**Henry Cosimo Frederick Yorke**

19-**Sqd/Ldr John Hugh Kitson** was born on 11 Mar 1912 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 21 Jun 1940 in Taieri Aerodrome, Dunedin, New Zealand at age 28, and was buried on 24 Jun 1940 in St. Peter's Churchyard, Upper Riccarton, Christchurch, New Zealand. The cause of his death was Died in an air crash, on active service.

General Notes: Fri 21 Jun 1940 New Zealand Reconnaissance patrol 1 Service Flying Training School, RNZAF (Wigram) Oxford I NZ275 - took off from Taieri after two others on the same patrol at 0725, each machine carrying a 250lb bomb, but was unable to gain height. After clearing the airfield boundary NZ275 entered a slow right hand turn in order to clear trees ahead, but stalled and hit the ground while still turning, and caught fire. Plt Off P R McNab, the observer, and AC1 R E Kilpatrick, wireless operator, were injured but the pilot died within an hour or two of being extricated from the wreckage. He is buried at Christchurch. A layer of frost on the Oxford's wings had significantly degraded its take off performance. Investigation also revealed that the throttle control lock wire had not been broken, indicating that the pilot had failed to push the throttles through the gate when the emergency arose. For their courageous efforts in rescuing the three crew LAC D T Herrick and Cpl E A Stratton were each awarded the George Medal, and AC2 D M Nichol presented with an Air Board letter of commendation
Pilot: 34160 Sqn Ldr John Hugh KITSON, RAF - Age 28. 1373+hrs (412+ on Oxford)
Kitson, a flying instructor with the ITS at Wigram, was an English RAF officer on loan to the RNZAF. He was the first fatal casualty on an operational flight undertaken from a New Zealand base (a German raider was active in New Zealand waters at the time - the SS Niagara striking a mine and sinking only two days earlier). Herrick died of wounds on 30 June 1941 after being shot down over France while flying with 53 Sqn, RAF.

John married **Petronelle Jenner-Fust**, daughter of **Denton Jenner-Fust** and **Florence Glover**, on 16 Jan 1936 in Hill, Gloucestershire. Petronelle was born on 9 Feb 1913 in Waltham, Kent. They had two children: **Helen Mary** and **Ruth**.

20-**Helen Mary Kitson**

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20-Ruth Kitson

19-Margaret Constance Kitson was born on 23 May 1916 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in Jan 1999 in Dacorum, Hertfordshire at age 82.

18-Margaret Florence Cooke-Hurle was born on 7 Jun 1889 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Margaret married **Willoughby Bryan-Brown**, son of **Willoughby Bryan-Brown** and **Grace Margaret Nash**, on 8 Jun 1915 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Willoughby was born on 8 May 1884 in Great Driffield, Yorkshire. They had two children: **Lilian Margaret** and **John Willoughby**.

19-Lilian Margaret Bryan-Brown

Lilian married **Dennis Sutcliffe Smith**, son of **James Ernest Sutcliffe Smith** and **Eila Cumberland**. They had four children: **John David Sutcliffe**, **Carol Anne**, **Robert Sutcliffe**, and **Cynthia Elizabeth**.

20-John David Sutcliffe Smith

20-Carol Anne Smith

20-Robert Sutcliffe Smith

20-Cynthia Elizabeth Smith

19-Capt. John Willoughby Bryan-Brown was born on 21 May 1919 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and was buried in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil Servant.

John married **Betty G. E. Cochrane**, daughter of **H. D. Cochrane**, in 1956 in Westminster, London. Betty was born in 1919 in Croydon, Surrey. They had one daughter: **Jennifer A.**.

20-Jennifer A. Bryan-Brown

18-Alice Violet Cooke-Hurle was born on 7 Jul 1891 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 2 Jun 1954 in Shaldon, Devon at age 62.

Alice married **Capt. George Hamilton Moberly**, son of **Robert Campbell Moberly** and **Alice Sidney Hamilton**, on 23 Dec 1924 in Kilve, Bridgewater. George was born on 19 Nov 1891 in Budworth, Cheshire, was christened on 22 Dec 1891 in Great Budworth, Cheshire, and died in 1972 in Taunton, Somerset at age 81. They had two children: **Michael George** and **Patrick Hamilton**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of the Machine Gun Corps.

19-Michael George Moberly was born on 23 Oct 1925 and died in Sep 1997 in Warminster, Wiltshire at age 71.

Michael married **Frances Elizabeth Raymond**.

19-Patrick Hamilton Moberly

Patrick married **Mary F. Penfold**.

18-Letitia Caroline Cooke-Hurle was born on 8 Apr 1893 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 24 Jun 1950 in Plymouth, Devon at age 57. The cause of her death was Drowned In Yachting Accident.

Letitia married **Hamilton Kerby Shore**, son of **John Henry Shore** and **Charlotte Saunders Hill**, on 10 Nov 1915 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Hamilton was

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born on 13 Oct 1887 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 19 Sep 1967 in Bath, Somerset at age 79. They had one son: **John Hamilton**.

19-**Capt. John Hamilton Shore** was born on 22 May 1919 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 20 Jan 1942 in Yong Peng, Malaya at age 22. The cause of his death was Killed in action.

General Notes: Captain JOHN HAMILTON SHORE, Royal Artillery, Hopetoun 1932 to 1937, found games much more congenial than work and was in the school 2nd hockey XI before he played for the Royal Military Academy at hockey, tennis and squash. He was com- missioned in the Royal Artillery in January, 1939 and took part with the 51st (Highland) Division in the retreat to St. Valery in the summer of 1940. He was promoted Captain on the 17th July. On September 27th, 1941, he sailed for the Far East and went into action in Malaya on the 7th December that year. On January 20th, 1942, Captain Shore and his signaller were surrounded by the enemy at Yong Peng. He gave his signaller his revolver to shoot his way back to safety while he stayed firing a Bren gun till he was killed.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wellington College in 1932-1937.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

18-**Lt. Col. Reginald Joseph Cooke-Hurle** was born on 18 Dec 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1975 at age 71.

Reginald married **Joy Robertson Paton**, daughter of **Donald Robertson Paton** and **Susie Mary Flint**, on 29 Dec 1928 in Semley. Joy was born on 16 Dec 1903 in Farnborough, Hampshire. They had one son: **Joseph Robertson**.

19-**Joseph Robertson Cooke-Hurle** was born on 3 Nov 1930 in London and died on 20 Apr 2007 at age 76.

Joseph married **Angela B. A. Buckley**, daughter of **G.J.If for Buckley**, on 17 Mar 1951 in London. The marriage ended in divorce before 1959. Angela was born in 1930 and died on 18 Nov 1967 at age 37. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth Ann**.

20-**Elizabeth Ann Cooke-Hurle**

Joseph next married **Prudence Aline Molesworth-St. Aubyn**, daughter of **Sir John Molesworth-St. Aubyn 14th Bt.** and **Celia Marjorie Vivian**. They had two children: **Celia Hermione** and **Penelope Joy**.

20-**Celia Hermione Cooke-Hurle**

Celia married **Charles Self**. They had one daughter: **Hazel Breagha**.

21-**Hazel Breagha Self**

20-**Penelope Joy Cooke-Hurle**

Penelope married **Edward James Douglas Miller**.

17-**Alice Marion Thomas**¹² was born on 22 Jan 1870 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 Oct 1946 in Canford Cliffs, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 76.

Alice married **Rev. Alexander John Barff**,¹² son of **Frederick Barff** and **Mary Simpson**, on 13 Apr 1909 in St. Paul's, Bournemouth, Dorset. Alexander was born on 8 Aug 1865 in Lee, Blackheath, London and died on 23 Dec 1948 in Canford Cliffs, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 83. They had one son: **Frederick John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of St. Paul's, St. Alban's in St. Albans, Hertfordshire.

18-**Rev. Frederick John Barff**¹² was born on 19 Jun 1911 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wycliffe Hall, Oxford.

Frederick married **Constance Rhoda Hampden Poulden**, daughter of **George Edward Luther Poulden** and **Constance Katharine Inskip**, on 6 Jun 1940 in Clifton,

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Bristol, Gloucestershire. Constance was born on 22 Feb 1910 in Santiago, Chile.¹² They had three children: **John Robert**, **Alison Katherine**, and **Jill Margaret**.

19-John Robert Barff

John married **Deborah M. Gardham**. They had two children: **Susannah Katharine** and **Helen Deborah**.

20-Susannah Katharine Barff

20-Helen Deborah Barff

19-Alison Katherine Barff

Alison married **Laurence Durston-Smith**.

19-Jill Margaret Barff

Jill married **Paul A. F. Ferraby**.

17-**Walter Sanderson Thomas**¹² was born on 28 Sep 1872 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 17 Jan 1938 in Canford Cliffs, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Pasadena, California, USA.

Walter married **Eva Alice Bodkin**,¹² daughter of **Dr. William Bodkin** and **Alice Emma Copland**, on 19 Apr 1906 in Old Marylebone Church, London. Eva was born on 10 Dec 1876 in London and died on 24 Oct 1931 in Canford Cliffs, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 54.

17-**Capt. Elliott Crewdson Thomas**¹² was born on 4 Aug 1876 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 20 Apr 1950 in Hillcrest, Buckfastleigh, Devon at age 73.

General Notes: The Suffolk Regiment. 11th Battalion (Cambridgeshire)— Elliott Crewdson Thomas to be temporary Captain. Dated 24th December, 1914, but not to carry pay or allowances prior to 4th March, 1915.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Christ College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Solicitor.
- He worked as an Author.

Elliott married **Helen Cudworth**, daughter of **William John Cudworth**^{39,79,185,383,384} and **Margaret Thistlethwaite**,^{79,383} on 22 Apr 1924 in London. Helen was born on 30 Aug 1887 in Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1901-1903 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**Rachel Mary Thomas**¹² was born on 12 Sep 1836 in Long Ashton, Somerset and died on 11 Mar 1903 in Pensford, Somerset at age 66.

Rachel married **Elliott Armstrong**,¹² son of **Maj. Elliott Armstrong** and **Mary Fraser**, on 23 Apr 1863 in Clevedon, Somerset. Elliott was born on 4 Aug 1836 in Madras, India, was christened on 10 Dec 1836 in Madras, India, and died on 25 Sep 1906 in Hereford, Herefordshire at age 70. They had nine children: **Mary Dora**, **Rachel**, **Emily Fraser**, **Elliott**, **John Sanderson**, **George Duncan**, **Edith Crewdson**, **Frank**, and **William Dilworth**.

17-**Mary Dora Armstrong**¹² was born on 8 Mar 1864 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 28 Apr 1917 in Beijing, China at age 53.

Mary married **Dr. Sewell Samuel McFarlane**,¹² son of **Samuel McFarlane** and **Elizabeth Ursula Joyce**, on 10 Jun 1886 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Sewell was born on 31 May 1860 in Lifu, Loyalty Islands, Pacific Ocean and died on 18 Nov 1920 in Margate, Kent at age 60. They had six children: **Edith Margaret**, **Elliott Sewell**, **Mary Ursula**, **Walter Duncan**, **Fritjof Norman**, and **Gordon Roberson**.

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General Notes: LETTER FROM DR. SEWELL McFARLANE.
TERRIBLE EXCESSES BY THE BOXERS.

Miss Elsie Fancourt, of Woollahra, convener of the missionary committee of the Point Piper road Congregational Junior Endeavour Society, is in receipt of the following letter from Dr. Sewell S. McFarlane, medical missionary of the London Missionary Society, who visited Sydney about three years ago :-

Kujomiza Hotel, Armia, Japan, September 4, 1900.

My Dear Elsie,-

Please thank all the Junior Christian Endeavourers for their sympathy with us during this great China trouble. You will be sorry to hear that we have been all turned out of China and all our homes burnt to the ground-everything we possessed lost. My hospital has been destroyed, the dispensary burnt, and all my instruments stolen. We had to escape at half an hour's notice. All our boxes were packed two days before, as we feared the worst. We had to fly for our lives, and got away just in time before the people entered our houses, stole all our valuables, and then set fire to the houses. What we fear most of all is the murder of our native Christians. The commander of the Chinese forces passed through Chi Chou district, and murdered over 1000 Christians. Mrs. McFarlane is so afraid all the girls in her school have been killed. We sent them all home two days before we fled. We are now in Japan-Mrs. McFarlane and our little boy, Gordon (1 year and 9 months old), and myself-and will have to go home, as it will be years before we can again return to our country work in China. The Government of China must change before we can get back in safety. Pray for us, my dear Endeavourers, but especially for our poor Christians, who, if still alive, have no food and no homes, and we cannot get to them. Thank you all for your kind wishes. Your loving friend,

SEWELL S. McFARLANE.

P.S.-The last thing I saw when we left our houses was our poor cook flying for his life.

Sydney Morning Herald - 22 October 1900 - Page 7

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with LRCP LRCS FRGS.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He worked as a Medical Missionary in China.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Winbrook, Canning Road, Croydon, Surrey.

18-**Edith Margaret McFarlane**¹² was born on 21 Nov 1888 in Chi-Chou, Northern China and died on 25 Nov 1888 in Chi-Chou, Northern China.

18-**Elliott Sewell McFarlane**¹² was born on 24 Nov 1890 in Chi-Chou, Northern China and died on 18 Oct 1891 in Tientsin, China.

18-**Mary Ursula McFarlane**¹² was born on 18 Feb 1892 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Mary married **Frederick Gray Aldous**, son of **Frederick Gray Aldous** and **Clarissa Sarah Saunders**, on 6 Dec 1913 in Croydon, Surrey. Frederick was born on 13 Sep 1882 in Streatham, London, died on 15 Dec 1957 in 2915 Tudor Road, Saanich, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Canada at age 75, and was buried on 18 Dec 1957 in Royal Oak Crematorium, Saanich, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of his death was Cerebral thrombosis and Carcinoma of the prostate. They had two children: **John Gray** and **Peter Duncan**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They emigrated to British Columbia, Canada in 1919.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil engineer and Land surveyor in British Columbia, Canada.

19-**Prof. John Gray Aldous** was born on 16 Nov 1916 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 Apr 2002 in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MA PhD.
- He was educated at Victoria College, University of British Columbia.
- He was educated at University of Toronto.

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- He worked as a Physiologist and Pharmacologist.
- He worked as an Assistant-Professor, Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medicine in 1945 in Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada.
- He worked as an Associate-Professor, Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medicine in 1948 in Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada.
- He worked as a Head of Department of Pharmacology, Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medicine in 1950 in Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada.
- He worked as a Professor Emeritus, Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medicine in 1981 in Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada.

John married **Elsie Eileen Hooley**, daughter of **Joseph Stringfellow Hooley** and **Mary Frisby**, on 22 Jul 1944 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. Elsie was born on 9 Dec 1919 in Calgary, Alberta, Canada and died in Oct 1969 in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada at age 49. They had three children: **Mary Joleen**, **Peter Gray**, and **Donald**.

20-Mary Joleen Aldous

Mary married **Dr. Donald Collingwood Gordon Jr.**

20-Peter Gray Aldous

20-Donald Aldous

19-Pilot Officer Peter Duncan Aldous was born on 25 Jun 1919 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 8 Apr 1940 in Wick, Scotland at age 20, and was buried in Runnymede Memorial Panel 6. No known grave. The cause of his death was Killed in action. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Pilot of the Royal Air Force.

18-Walter Duncan McFarlane¹² was born on 7 Nov 1893 in Chi-Chou, Northern China and died on 5 Aug 1895 in Chefoo, China (Cholera) at age 1.

18-Fritjof Norman McFarlane¹² was born on 22 May 1896 in Chi-Chou, Northern China and died on 17 Aug 1924 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 28.

18-Gordon Roberson McFarlane¹² was born on 23 Oct 1898 in Hampstead, London and died in 1969 in Sutton, Surrey at age 71.

Gordon married **Winifred Joyce Battershill**, daughter of **William John Battershill** and **Winifred Maud Lawrie**, on 7 Sep 1922 in Cambourne, Cornwall. Winifred was born on 11 Feb 1898, died on 29 Nov 1988 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 90, and was buried on 2 Dec 1988 in Falmouth, Cornwall. They had two children: **Rosemary Joyce** and **Melody Winifred Norma**.

19-Rosemary Joyce McFarlane

Rosemary married **Eric Walter Archibald Edmonds**, son of **Walter Gilbert Edmonds** and **Margery Bertha Hamblin**, on 28 Apr 1951 in Falmouth, Cornwall. Eric was born on 10 Jul 1917. They had three children: **Giles A.**, **Jeremy N.**, and **Jacqueline A.**

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of the Perran Foundry Trust.

20-Giles A. Edmonds

20-Jeremy N. Edmonds

20-Jacqueline A. Edmonds

19-Melody Winifred Norma McFarlane

Melody married **James Forbes Haining Melville**, son of **James Melville** and **Gwendoline Elizabeth Haining**, in 1960 in Kensington, London. James was born in 1927

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in Barnet, London and died on 3 Feb 2011 at age 84. They had two children: **Sarah L.** and **Catherine Joy**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MBE.
- He was educated at Highgate School.
- He worked as a Hotelier in Paris, France.
- He worked as a Manager of The Gore Hotel in Kensington, London.
- He worked as a Founder and sometime Chairman of the Ealing Family Housing Association in 1965.
- He worked as a General Manager of Servite Homes.
- He worked as a Chief Officer of St. Savoir's.

20-Sarah L. Melville

Sarah married **Guy C. L. Jackson**.

20-Catherine Joy Melville

Catherine married **Paul A. M. Cleavin**.

Gordon next married **Barbara Newman**, daughter of **George Ronald Newman** and **Flora Terry**, on 29 Jul 1947 in London. Barbara was born on 7 May 1918 in Southampton, Hampshire and died in Feb 2000 in Hampshire at age 81. They had one daughter: **Mary Anne**.

19-Mary Anne McFarlane

17-**Rachel Armstrong**¹² was born on 4 Feb 1865 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Dec 1947 in Ryde, Isle of Wight at age 82.

Rachel married **Dr. John Roberson Day**,¹² son of **Dr. John Climenson Day** and **Sophia Roberson**, on 26 Jan 1892 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. John was born on 31 Aug 1856 in St. James Terrace, Camden Town, London and died on 10 May 1955 in Ryde, Isle of Wight at age 98. They had two children: **Kathleen Fraser** and **Reginald Crewdson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD MRCS LRCP LSA.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon in London Homeopathic Hospital.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 31 Devonshire Place, London.

18-**Kathleen Fraser Day**¹² was born on 2 Jan 1896 in 31 Netherhall Gardens, Hampstead, London.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1910-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

Kathleen married **Capt. Cyril Arthur Raynor**, son of **Percy Raynor** and **Marion Wilford**, on 23 Oct 1920 in London. Cyril was born on 6 Dec 1889 in Lahore, Punjab, Pakistan and was christened on 20 Mar 1890 in Lahore, Punjab, Pakistan. They had one son: **Cyril Douglas**.

19-Cyril Douglas Raynor was born on 5 Feb 1922 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 17 Aug 1937 in Ryde, Isle of Wight, Hampshire at age 15. The cause of his death was Died in a gun handling accident.

18-**Reginald Crewdson Day**¹² was born on 18 Dec 1898 in 31 Netherhall Gardens, Hampstead, London and died in 1974 in Hendon, Middlesex at age 76.

Reginald married **Muriel Olive Wakeling** on 18 Jan 1921 in Hampstead, London. Muriel was born in 1903 in Edmonton, London. They had two children: **Allan Reginald Armstrong** and **Scilla Rosemary**.

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19-Flying Officer Allan Reginald Armstrong Day

Allan married **Joyce Nora Mary Kitchin**, daughter of **L.A. Kitchin**. They had one son: **David John Armstrong**.

20-David John Armstrong Day

19-Scilla Rosemary Day

Reginald next married **Edith Saunders**.

17-**Emily Fraser Armstrong** was born on 17 Apr 1867 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Emily married **Rev. Walter Brown**,¹² son of **William Brown** and **Amelia Jefferson or Jeffries**, on 15 Apr 1896 in Stanton Drew, Somerset. Walter was born on 13 Apr 1859 in Taunton, Somerset and died on 26 Dec 1937 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 78. They had three children: **Elliott Fraser**, **Walter Leslie**, and **Eileen Crewdson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of St. Silas' Church in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in St. Silas' Vicarage, Handsworth, Birmingham.

18-**Dr. Elliott Fraser Brown**¹² was born on 6 Feb 1897 in Salisbury, Wiltshire and died on 18 Sep 1967 at age 70.

General Notes: E. FRASER BROWN, M.B., CH.B. Dr. E. Fraser Brown, formerly a general practitioner in Moseley, Birmingham, died on 18 September. He was 70. Elliott Fraser Brown was born in Salis- bury on 6 February 1897, and was educated at Monkton Combe School. He received his medical education at the University of Birmingham, qualifying with the. Conjoint diploma in 1920, and graduating M.B., Ch.B. in 1924. In the first world war he saw active service as a surgeon probationer sub-lieutenant in the Royal Navy. On being invalided out he joined the First War Hospital at Rubery, Birmingham, after which he continued his training at the university. After qualification he held resident posts at the Queen's Hospi- tal, Birmingham (now the Accident Hospital), and the Birmingham General Hospital. During the second world war he served again as a medical officer in the Royal Air Force. Dr. Fraser Brown was a family doctor in the old tradition who took a very personal interest in all his patients. He was a surgeon in the St. John Ambulance Brigade, and became county surgeon of Birmingham. He was an active member of the B.M.A. and the Christian Doctors Group. After a life of strenuous service he was forced to retire in 1962 following a serious illness. He moved to South Devon, but still maintained his interest in medicine, joining the local branch of the B.M.A., sitting on medical boards, and helpIng his local colleagues. He will be missed by many, and the sympathy of his patients and of his.many friends will go out to his widow, son, and daughter. -M. H. O.
British Medical Journal - 18 Nov 1967

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB MRCS LRCP.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 18 Nov 1967.

Elliott married **Hilda Hogson**, daughter of **William Hogson** and **Caroline Deacon**, on 17 Jun 1931 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Hilda was born on 16 Nov 1906 in Waterloo, Lancashire. They had two children: **Jennifer** and **Bruce Malcolm**.

19-Jennifer Brown

19-Bruce Malcolm Brown

18-**Walter Leslie Brown**¹² was born on 23 Dec 1900 in St. Silas' Vicarage, Handsworth, Birmingham and died in 1971 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 71.

18-**Eileen Crewdson Brown**¹² was born on 9 Jan 1902 in St. Silas' Vicarage, Handsworth, Birmingham and died in Jun 1988 in Bath, Somerset at age 86.

Eileen married **Rev. Reginald Victor Bazire**, son of **Alfred Bazire** and **Edith Reynolds**, on 19 Oct 1927 in Shanghai, China. Reginald was born on 30 Jan 1900 in Southsea, Hampshire and died on 20 Oct 1990 in Bath, Somerset at age 90. They had two children: **Theodore Walter** and **Peter Spencer**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- Miscellaneous: Imprisoned by the Japanese with his family, Chefoo, China.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Archdeacon of Southwark in 1967-1973.
- He worked as an Archdeacon of Wandsworth in 1973-1975.

19-**Theodore Walter Bazire** was born on 30 Aug 1928 in Chefoo, China and died in May 2002 in Surrey at age 73.

Theodore married **Penelope Ann Boyd**. They had two children: **Gerald Adam** and **Philip James**.

20-**Gerald Adam Bazire**

20-**Dr. Philip James Bazire**

19-**Peter Spencer Bazire**

17-**Elliott Armstrong**¹² was born on 12 Aug 1868 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Apr 1925 in Coverack, Cornwall at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in The Lawn, Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**Elliott Howard Armstrong**¹² was born on 16 Feb 1900 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lead Manufacturer.

19-**Jane Armstrong**

19-**Ethel Mary Armstrong**

18-**Rachel Fraser Armstrong**¹² was born on 21 May 1903 in Nailsea, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 May 1959 at age 55.

19-**Deborah Jean White**

19-**Gillian Audrey White**

19-**Rachel Margaret White**

20-**Sheila Rachel Dore**

19-**John Michael Elliott White**

17-**John Sanderson Armstrong**¹² was born on 29 Jan 1870 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Chatsworth, Elmgrove Road, Cotham, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

John married **Margaret Annie Harris**,¹² daughter of **William Gregory Harris** and **Elizabeth Galsworthy**, on 25 Nov 1891 in Morwenstow, Cornwall. Margaret was born on 29 Jul 1859 in Morwenstow, Cornwall and died on 2 Apr 1939 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 79. They had three children: **John Elliott**, **Noel Duncan**, and **Eric**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Sanderson.

18-**John Elliott Armstrong**¹² was born on 27 Mar 1893 in Worcester, Worcestershire.

John married **Gwendoline May Borgstrom**, daughter of **John Borgstrom** and **Kathleen**, on 22 Aug 1918 in Cape Town, South Africa. Gwendoline was born in 1888 in Cape Town, South Africa and died on 17 Feb 1919 in Cape Town, South Africa at age 31.

John next married **Ada Pearson**, daughter of **Robert Pearson** and **Lucy Smart**, on 19 Jun 1920 in Torquay, Devon. Ada was born on 19 Apr 1888 in Halesowen and died on 21 Jun 1945 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 57. They had one daughter: **Felicia Margaret**.

19-**Felicia Margaret Armstrong**

Felicia married **Douglas Owen Price** in Dec 1941 in London. Douglas was born in 1916 in Merthyr Tydfil, Glamorgan, Wales and died in 1947 in London at age 31. They had one son: **David Elliott**.

20-**David Elliott Price**

John next married **Aileen Joan Hunt**, daughter of **Henry Bush** and **Florence Jones**. They had one daughter: **Judith Ann**.

19-**Judith Ann Armstrong**

18-**Noel Duncan Armstrong**¹² was born on 25 Dec 1897 in Worcester, Worcestershire.

Noel married **Katherine Edna Pearson**, daughter of **Robert Pearson** and **Lucy Smart**. They had one son: **Ian Fraser**.

19-**Ian Fraser Armstrong**

Ian married **Jeanne Woodhouse**, daughter of **Daniel Joseph Woodhouse** and **Gertrude Frances Mandley**.

18-**Eric Sanderson Armstrong**¹² was born on 22 Apr 1901 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

John next married **May Gardiner**.

17-**George Duncan Armstrong**¹² was born on 12 Apr 1871 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 22 Nov 1940 in Stanton Drew, Somerset at age 69.

George married **Mary Hester Linton**,¹² daughter of **William Linton** and **Alice Mary Parker Evans**, on 28 Jun 1899 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Mary was born on 27 Oct 1877 in Portishead, Somerset.

17-**Edith Crewdson Armstrong** was born on 27 Nov 1872 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 30 Nov 1882 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 10.

17-**Frank Armstrong**¹² was born on 29 Apr 1875 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 22 Sep 1936 in London at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Glasgow University.
- He had a residence in 49 Glenmore Road, Hampstead, London.

Frank married **Gladys Mary Paul**,¹² daughter of **Alfred John Paul** and **Mary Matilda Burroughs**, on 30 Sep 1904 in St. Mary's Church, Stoke Bishop, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Gladys was born on 24 May 1882 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had one son: **Ian Paul**.

18-**Ian Paul Armstrong**¹² was born on 15 Jan 1906 in Ornan Road, Hampstead, London and died on 9 Dec 1957 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire at age 51.

Ian married **Sheila Meredith Wilcoxon Earle**, daughter of **Robert Hugh Earle** and **Dorothy Meredith**. They had one son: **David Paul Meredith**.

19-**David Paul Meredith Armstrong**

17-**William Dilworth Armstrong**¹² was born on 13 Dec 1876 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 May 1954 in Boscombe, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 77.

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General Notes: NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, James Herbert Edwards, Frank Armstrong, Alfred Langrish Stephens, and William Dillworth Armstrong, carrying on business as Electrical and Mechanical Engineers, at Bristol, Cardiff, and elsewhere, under the style or firm of " EDWARDS AND ARMSTRONG," has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will- be received and paid by the said James Herbert Edwards and Alfred Langrish Stephens, who will continue to carry on the business as "Edwards and Armstrong."— Dated this first day of July, 1904.
J. HERBERT EDWARDS.
FRANK ARMSTRONG.
ALFRED L. STEPHENS.
W. DILLWORTH ARMSTRONG

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Craigmores College in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 12 Cornwallis Crescent, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as an Accountant.

William married **Grace Boardman**,¹² daughter of **Clement Boardman** and **Annie Odery**, on 7 Sep 1899 in Chingford, Essex. Grace was born on 6 Jun 1877 in London and died on 12 Jul 1902 in Stanton Drew, Somerset. Killed In An Accident. at age 25. They had one son: **Frank Dilworth**.

18-**Frank Dilworth Armstrong**¹² was born on 25 Jul 1900 in Llandudno, North Wales and died on 19 Jul 1993 at age 92.

Frank married **Joy Eileen Stacey**, daughter of **Herbert Frederick Stacey** and **Blanche Bryand**, on 22 Feb 1922 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Joy was born on 10 May 1904 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had two children: **Norman Dilworth** and **William Hugh**.

19-**Norman Dilworth Armstrong**

19-**William Hugh Armstrong**

William next married **Mabel Mary Leach**,¹² daughter of **Edward Leach** and **Emily Symons**, on 20 Jan 1904 in St. James' Church, Exeter, Devon. Mabel was born on 13 Apr 1881 in Exeter, Devon and died on 9 Feb 1932 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 50. They had two children: **Mary Doreen** and **Florence Vivien**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1915 in 12 Cornwallis Crescent, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**Mary Doreen Armstrong**¹² was born on 27 Jan 1906 in 12 Cornwallis Crescent, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**Florence Vivien Armstrong**¹² was born on 21 Jul 1910 in 12 Cornwallis Crescent, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

William next married **Winifred Margaret Clement**, daughter of **George Clement** and **Bertha Nayall**, on 10 Aug 1936 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Winifred was born on 23 Apr 1902 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had two children: **William Dilworth** and **Clement Dilworth**.

18-**William Dilworth Armstrong**

18-**Clement Dilworth Armstrong**

16-**George Edward Thomas**¹² was born on 8 Oct 1839 in Long Ashton, Somerset and died on 27 Jun 1916 in Exmouth, Devon at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Babbacombe Wray, St. Mary Church, Torquay, Devon.

George married **Helen Seabright Perrens**,¹² daughter of **Charles Skidmore Perrens** and **Helen Bury**, on 27 May 1869 in Wellington, Shropshire. Helen was born on 2 Jul 1849 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire and died on 11 Aug 1909 in Torquay, Devon at age 60. They had four children: **George Crewdson**, **Helen Margaret**, **Winifred Marian**, and **Evelyn Frances**.

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17-**Dr. George Crewdson Thomas**¹² was born on 13 May 1873 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Feb 1941 in Bracknell, Berkshire at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD MRCP.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He had a residence in 10 Chester Square, London.

George married **Eveline Mary Atkinson**,¹² daughter of **William Atkinson** and **Sarah Penrose**, on 20 Jul 1904 in Handsworth Woodhouse, Sheffield, Yorkshire. Eveline was born on 29 Sep 1879 in Retford, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 12 Feb 1962 in London at age 82.

17-**Helen Margaret Thomas** was born on 16 Sep 1874 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 26 Mar 1957 in Weybridge, Surrey at age 82.

Helen married **Ashton Bond**,¹² son of **Alfred Bond** and **Elizabeth Leachman**, on 11 Jan 1905 in Namirembe, Kampala, Uganda. Ashton was born on 15 Jun 1873 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 6 Jun 1958 in Blackheath, London at age 84. They had three children: **Marjorie Winifred Helen**, **John Crewdson Ashton**, and **Howard Ashton**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Toro, Uganda.

18-**Marjorie Winifred Helen Bond**¹² was born on 10 Dec 1910 in Toro, Uganda.

18-**Pilot Officer John Crewdson Ashton Bond**¹² was born on 19 Jul 1913 in Toro, Uganda, died on 10 Apr 1941 in Holland. Killed in Action. at age 27, and was buried in Bergen General Cemetery, Noord-Holland, Netherlands. Grave 1-E-9.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 37 Chester Square, London.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Air Force.

18-**Howard Ashton Bond**¹² was born on 3 Jun 1915 in Toro, Uganda and died on 10 Sep 1915 in Toro, Uganda.

17-**Winifred Marian Thomas** was born on 8 Jan 1877 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 24 Dec 1900 in Bath, Somerset at age 23.

17-**Evelyn Frances Thomas** was born on 20 Oct 1883 in Bath, Somerset.

16-**John Thomas**¹² was born on 1 Jan 1846 in Exmouth, Devon and died on 1 Feb 1930 in Exmouth, Devon at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 15 Morton Crescent, Exmouth, Devon.

John married **Mary Ann**,¹² daughter of **Robert Ann** and **Mary Poole**, on 25 Jun 1867 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Mary was born on 27 Sep 1846 in Redland, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Jun 1926 in Exmouth, Devon at age 79. They had ten children: **Mary Deborah**, **Rachel Maria**, **Hannah Louisa**, **Gertrude Elizabeth**, **Lydia Beatrice**, **Adelaide Ruth**, **John Sanderson**, **Elsie Miriam**, **Esther Lilian**, and **Albert John Crewdson**.

17-**Mary Deborah Thomas** was born on 8 Mar 1868 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 27 Sep 1923 in Exmouth, Devon at age 55.

17-**Rachel Maria Thomas** was born on 18 Jul 1869 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 5 Jun 1940 in Caversham, Reading, Berkshire at age 70.

17-**Hannah Louisa Thomas**¹² was born on 20 Mar 1871 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 30 Dec 1946 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 75.

Hannah married **Ernest John Cooper**,¹² son of **John Thomas Cooper** and **Amelia Sarah Adelaide Sawyer**, on 27 Apr 1909 in Christ Church, Exmouth, Devon. Ernest was

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born on 1 Sep 1866 in Hackney, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Shansi, China.
- He worked as a member of the China Inland Mission in Hung-Tung, Shansi, China.

17-**Gertrude Elizabeth Thomas** was born on 22 Sep 1872 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Gertrude married **John Thomas Hall**, son of **George William Hall** and **Elizabeth Anna**, on 22 Jun 1916 in London. John was born on 8 Feb 1870 in London and died on 3 May 1950 over Stratton, South Petherton, Somerset at age 80.

17-**Lydia Beatrice Thomas** was born on 27 Jun 1874 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Nov 1932 in Caversham, Reading, Berkshire at age 58.

17-**Adelaide Ruth Thomas** was born on 11 Mar 1876 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 20 Dec 1925 in Exmouth, Devon at age 49.

17-**John Sanderson Thomas** was born on 28 Jan 1878 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 23 Aug 1878 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

17-**Elsie Miriam Thomas**¹² was born on 15 Jun 1879 in Ferndale, Birmingham and died on 25 Feb 1952 in Boscombe, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 72.

Elsie married **Newton Braby**,¹² son of **Frederick Braby** and **Jane Child**, on 2 Jun 1910 in Holy Trinity Church, Exmouth, Devon. Newton was born on 28 Jun 1870 in Sydenham Hill, London and died on 6 Jan 1952 in Southbourne, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Homedale, Portsmouth Road, Kingston upon Thames.
- He worked as a Painter.

17-**Esther Lilian Thomas** was born on 22 Jul 1881 in Manorbier, Pembrokeshire and died on 16 Apr 1953 in Reading, Berkshire at age 71.

17-**Albert John Crewdson Thomas**¹² was born on 31 Mar 1883 in Manorbier, Pembrokeshire and died on 15 Oct 1954 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Hotfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Albert married **Marguerite Beatrice Holden**,¹² daughter of **John Fowler Holden** and **Frances Mary Elinor Dufort**, on 5 Sep 1905 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Marguerite was born on 17 Dec 1882 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 May 1931 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 48. They had four children: **Marguerite Mary**, **Kathleen Beatrice**, **John Gordon**, and **Marie Elizabeth**.

18-**Marguerite Mary Thomas** was born on 20 Aug 1906 in Exmouth, Devon.

18-**Kathleen Beatrice Thomas**¹² was born on 27 Jul 1912 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**John Gordon Thomas**¹² was born on 4 Sep 1914 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

John married **Kathleen Jean Whittle**.

18-**Marie Elizabeth Thomas**¹² was born on 7 Mar 1917 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Marie married **James Murdoch**, son of **John Murdoch** and **Emily Donaldson Wilson**. They had one daughter: **Heather Marguerite**.

19-**Heather Marguerite Murdoch**

Albert next married **Elsie Minna Treasure** on 2 Nov 1932 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Elsie was born on 27 Aug 1897 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

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16-**Samuel Thomas**¹² was born on 15 Oct 1847 in Exmouth, Devon and died in Oct 1914 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Laurel Bank, Alma Road, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Samuel married **Harriet Larkins**,¹² daughter of **John Pascal Larkins** and **Cecilia Burton**, on 4 Aug 1870 in Exmouth, Devon. Harriet was born on 20 Mar 1846 in Bombay, India and died in 1930 in Torquay, Devon at age 84. They had one daughter: **Harriet Eva**.

17-**Harriet Eva Thomas**¹² was born on 17 Jun 1871 in Cotham, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 11 May 1931 in Died at sea, off East Africa at age 59.

15-**Mary Crewdson**^{12,218} was born on 14 Apr 1812 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 23 Jul 1884 in Stony Dale, Cartmel, Cumbria at age 72.

Mary married **Dr. James Cowherd**,²¹⁸ son of **James Cowherd** and **Jane Busher**, on 2 May 1848 in Wellington, Somerset. James was born on 30 Apr 1813 in Kirkland, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 25 Nov 1888 in Stony Dale, Cartmel, Cumbria at age 75. They had three children: **Mary Crewdson**, **Rachel Marian**, and **Frances Margaret**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS LSA FLS.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.

16-**Mary Crewdson Cowherd**¹² was born on 27 Feb 1849 in Netherfield, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 28 Dec 1858 in Stony Dale, Cartmel, Cumbria at age 9.

16-**Rachel Marian Cowherd**¹² was born on 15 Apr 1851 in Netherfield, Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1932 in Ulverston, Cumbria at age 81.

16-**Frances Margaret Cowherd**¹² was born on 17 Sep 1853 in Stony Dale, Cartmel, Cumbria and died on 11 Aug 1912 in Keswick, Cumbria at age 58.

15-**John Crewdson** was born on 10 Jan 1814 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 24 Jan 1824 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 10.

15-**Edward Crewdson**^{12,218} was born on 17 Jul 1821 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 20 May 1892 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Abbot Hall, Kendal, Cumbria.

Edward married **Mary Boulton**,²¹⁸ daughter of **William Boulton** and **Martha Goodier**,⁷ on 15 Jul 1846 in Wilmslow, Cheshire. Mary was born on 30 Sep 1821 in Manchester and died on 22 Aug 1864 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 42. They had four children: **Edward**, **Mary Cicely**, **Ernest**, and **Francis William**.

16-**Edward Crewdson**¹² was born on 3 Oct 1847 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 26 Dec 1893 in Berwyn, Illinois, USA at age 46.

Edward married **Mary Gertrude Muir**,¹² daughter of **William Muir** and **Veronica O'Farrell**, on 18 Aug 1872 in Poti, Caucasus. Mary was born on 28 Aug 1850 in Australia, died on 29 Apr 1923 in Chicago, Illinois, USA at age 72, and was buried on 2 May 1923 in Chicago, Illinois, USA. They had eight children: **Mary Cicely Muir**, **Veronica Eva**, **Edward Douglas**, **Margaret Winifred Mary**, **Henry Boulton**, **William Hugh**, **Francis Gordon**, and **Gertrude Gladys Mary**.

17-**Mary Cicely Muir Crewdson**¹² was born on 19 Aug 1873 in Redcar, Yorkshire.

17-**Veronica Eva Crewdson**¹² was born on 1 Dec 1874 in Redcar, Yorkshire.

Veronica married **William Strickland**¹² on 4 Feb 1899 in Chicago, Illinois, USA. William was born on 26 Apr 1872 in Hamilton, Canada and died in 1913 at age 41.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1215 West Ninth Street, New York.

17-**Edward Douglas Crewdson**¹² was born on 25 Jan 1877 in Stokesley, Yorkshire, died on 7 May 1939 in San Francisco, California, USA at age 62, and was buried on 9

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May 1939 in Calvary Catholic Cemetery, San Jose, Santa Clara County, California, USA.

Edward married **Myrtle May Smith**, daughter of **Daniel Martin Smith** and **Mary Jane Donovan**. Myrtle was born on 22 Dec 1880 in San Jose, Santa Clara County, California, USA, died on 8 Apr 1972 in Santa Cruz, California, USA at age 91, and was buried on 11 Apr 1972 in Calvary Catholic Cemetery, San Jose, Santa Clara County, California, USA.

17-**Margaret Winifred Mary Crewdson**¹² was born on 21 Jul 1878 in Stokesley, Yorkshire and died on 9 Dec 1961 in Aldershot, Hampshire at age 83.

Margaret married **Rev. John Davidson McCready**¹² on 20 Aug 1912 in Buxton, Derbyshire. John died on 21 Mar 1944.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of St. Bartholomews in Salford, Manchester.

17-**Henry Boulton Crewdson** was born on 22 Mar 1880 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

17-**William Hugh Crewdson** was born on 5 Nov 1881 in Tucksville, Nebraska, USA, died on 26 Dec 1928 in Chicago, Illinois, USA at age 47, and was buried on 29 Dec 1928 in Worth, Cook County, Illinois, USA.

17-**Francis Gordon Crewdson** was born on 20 Mar 1885 in America.

17-**Gertrude Gladys Mary Crewdson** was born on 11 Oct 1886 in America.

16-**Mary Cicely Crewdson**¹² was born on 20 Dec 1848 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 9 Jun 1902 in Helme Chase, Kendal at age 53.

Mary married **Walter Iliffe**,¹² son of **Charles Iliffe** and **Mary Ann Soden**, on 16 Nov 1876 in Kendal, Cumbria. Walter was born on 8 May 1841 in Coventry, Warwickshire and died on 28 Jan 1930 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 88. They had five children: **Charles, Wilhelmina Cicely, Mary Susan, Walter, and Edward Ernest Crewdson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCSE.
- He worked as a JP for Westmorland.
- He had a residence in High Wells, Kendal, Cumbria.

17-**Rev. Charles Iliffe**¹² was born on 16 Aug 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 5 Yew Tree Avenue, Carrington, Nottinghamshire.
- He worked as a Rector of Kirklington in Kirklington Rectory, Yorkshire.

Charles married **Violet Beatrice Manning**,¹² daughter of **Frederick Manning** and **Katharine Anne Wortley**, on 25 May 1908 in East Sheen, Surrey. Violet was born on 10 Oct 1868 in London and died on 20 Oct 1948 in Kirklington Rectory, Yorkshire at age 80. They had one son: **Charles Walter**.

18-**Dr. Charles Walter Iliffe**¹² was born on 11 Dec 1910 in 5 Yew Tree Avenue, Carrington, Nottinghamshire and died on 27 Jul 1980 in Exeter, Devon at age 69.

General Notes: Dr C W Iliffe, who was formerly in general practice at Richmond, Yorkshire, died on 27 July. He was 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS LRCP.
- Miscellaneous: Mentioned In Despatches.
- He worked as a Physician in Richmond, Yorkshire.

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- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 6 Sep 1980.

Charles married **Audrey Owen-Taylor**, daughter of **H. Owen-Taylor** and **Miriam Emily Cherry**.

17-**Wilhelmina Cicely Iliffe**¹² was born on 10 Dec 1878 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Wilhelmina married **Walter Travers McIntire**,¹² son of **Rev. Travers McIntire** and **Sarah Ann Manley**, on 9 Apr 1901 in Kendal Parish Church, Kendal, Cumbria. Walter was born on 23 Apr 1870 in Lancliff, Yorkshire and died on 25 Aug 1944 in Milnthorpe, Cumbria at age 74. They had two children: **Henrietta Mary Susan** and **Joan Iliffe**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Tullie House, Carlisle, Cumbria.

18-**Henrietta Mary Susan McIntire**¹² was born on 22 Jan 1902 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Henrietta married **Henry Sampson-Ralph**.

Henrietta next married **Frederick William Stavert**, son of **William Stavert** and **Julia Harriet Raikes**, on 3 Jun 1924 in Heversham, Cumbria. Frederick was born on 22 Dec 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 24 Aug 1938 in Carlisle, Cumbria at age 60. They had one daughter: **Julia**.

19-**Julia Stavert**

Julia married **John Barr**, son of **William Leonard Barr** and **Alice Beatrice Wilson**.

Henrietta next married **John Francis Gabbett** on 24 Oct 1940 in Maidenhead, Berkshire. John was born on 19 Jul 1878 in London.

18-**Joan Iliffe McIntire**¹² was born on 1 Jul 1907 in Carlisle, Cumbria.

Joan married **Carl Frederick Vaughan Bretherton**, son of **Frederick Peter Bretherton** and **Ampless Vaughan**, on 24 Jan 1934 in Kendal, Cumbria. Carl was born on 21 Feb 1892 in Harborne, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

17-**Mary Susan Iliffe**¹² was born on 27 Feb 1880 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 28 Apr 1914 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 34.

Mary married **Dr. Philip Percy Manning**,¹² son of **Frederick Manning** and **Katharine Anne Wortley**, on 7 Jun 1902 in Natland, Kendal, Cumbria. Philip was born on 4 Feb 1863 in London and died on 23 Oct 1931 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 68. They had three children: **Mary Cicely**, **John Philip**, and **Barbara Sue**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB MRCS AKC(Hon.).
- He was educated at King's College School.
- He was educated at King's College, London.
- He worked as a Honorary Surgeon at Westmorland County Hospital in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Croft End, Kendal, Cumbria.

18-**Mary Cicely Manning**¹² was born on 25 Mar 1903 in 85 Highgate, Kendal, Cumbria and died in Aug 1984 in Worthing, Sussex at age 81.

Mary married **Edward Mason Hutchinson**, son of **Samuel Mason Hutchinson** and **Josephine Hocking Chellew**, on 19 Jan 1927 in Southport, Lancashire. Edward was born on 29 Jul 1901 and died in 1973 in Chanctonbury, Sussex at age 72. They had one daughter: **Gillian Daphne**.

19-**Gillian Daphne Hutchinson**

18-**John Philip Manning**¹² was born on 2 Apr 1906 in 85 Highgate, Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker.

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John married **Kathleen Beryl Hall**, daughter of **George Da Silva Hall** and **Rosalie Major**, on 3 Dec 1930 in Claughton, Birkenhead, Cheshire. Kathleen was born on 27 Feb 1908 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 12 Dec 1942 in Mayfield at age 34.

John next married **Ann Frances Ruth Myers**, daughter of **Charles Samuel Myers** and **Edith Seligman**.

18-**Barbara Sue Manning**¹² was born on 17 Apr 1914 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Barbara married **Forest Ralph Bancroft**, son of **Forest Clyde Bancroft** and **Meta Millicent Chandler**, on 26 Jan 1949 in Kismau, Kenya. Forest was born on 12 Feb 1908 in Barbados, Caribbean.

17-**Walter Iliffe** was born on 27 Aug 1881 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 17 Oct 1943 in Bassenthwaite, Cumbria at age 62.

Walter married **Gwendoline Maud Cecil Trendell**, daughter of **George John Wallaston Trendell** and **Alexandra Maud Taylor**, on 10 Sep 1913 in Sheringham. Gwendoline was born on 26 Dec 1889 in Hilgay, Norfolk. They had three children: **Susan Maud Joyce**, **Peter Douglas Walter**, and **Bridget Mary**.

18-**Susan Maud Joyce Iliffe**

18-**Peter Douglas Walter Iliffe**

18-**Bridget Mary Iliffe**

17-**Edward Ernest Crewdson Iliffe** was born on 18 Sep 1885 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 1 Jan 1920 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 34.

16-**Ernest Crewdson**¹² was born on 12 Jan 1851 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 27 Jun 1918 in Buxton, Derbyshire at age 67.

General Notes: Ernest Crewdson, J.P., F.C.A., Castle Meadows, Kendal. Son of Edward Crewdson, banker, Kendal. Born at Kendal, January 12th, 1851 ; educated at the Friends' School, Kendal, Blackheath Proprietary School, and Bonn University; served articles with Theo. B. Jones, of London; com-menced practice in Manchester, 1872, and is now senior partner in the firm of Jones, Crewdson and Youatt, chartered accountants, of 7, Norfolk Street, Manchester, and Crewdson, Youatt and Howard, 17, Colcman Street, London, E.C. Mr. Crewdson's firm has been very successful in connection with the organisa-tion of companies having for their object the amalgamation of a number of trading concerns under one management, *e.g.*: The English Sewing Cotton Company, Ltd. (the first of its kind), the Bradford Dyers' Association, Ltd., and others; Mr. Crewdson is Hon. Treasurer and member of the Board of the Manchester City Mission, and Secretary of the Manchester and Salford Sick Poor and Private Nursing Institution : Justice of the Peace for the county of Westmorland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FCA.
- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as an Accountant and Senior Partner. Jones, Crewdson and Youatt in 7 Norfolk Street, Manchester.
- He worked as an Accountant and Senior Partner. Crewdson, Youatt and Howard & Co. In 17 Coleman Street, London.
- He worked as a JP for Westmorland.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Grinstead, Buxton, Derbyshire.

Ernest married **Henrietta Bickham**,¹² daughter of **Thomas Bickham** and **Sarah Ruston**, on 13 May 1874 in Alderley, Cheshire. Henrietta was born on 13 Jun 1848 in Alderley, Cheshire and died on 12 Apr 1918 in Buxton, Derbyshire at age 69.

16-**Francis William Crewdson**^{12,218} was born on 21 Mar 1853 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 Jul 1941 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Beathwaite Green, Milnthorpe, Cumbria.

Francis married **Annie Whitwell Wilson**,¹² daughter of **Isaac Whitwell Wilson**¹² and **Anne Bagster**,¹² on 21 Jul 1886 in Kendal, Cumbria. Annie was born on 24 Sep 1867 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 24 Nov 1947 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80. They had five children: **Bernard Francis**, **Eric**, **Annie Kathleen Violet**, **Winifred Mary**, and **Cicely Dilworth**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Bernard Francis Crewdson**¹² was born on 9 Jul 1887 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Bernard married **Audrey Newcombe Maltby**,¹² daughter of **Christopher James Maltby** and **Jessie Capper**, on 2 Oct 1920 in Vienna, Austria. Audrey was born on 4 May 1894 in Travancore, India, was christened on 23 May 1894 in Peermaad, Madras, India, and died on 2 Jul 1951 in Limpsfield, Surrey at age 57. They had one daughter: **April Elizabeth Mary**.

18-**April Elizabeth Mary Crewdson**

17-**Eric Crewdson**¹² was born on 17 Dec 1888 in Kendal, Cumbria.

General Notes: BSC. AMICE. Deputy Lieutenant. JP Westmorland

Eric married **Mary Stuart Fyers**,¹² daughter of **Maj. Evan William Hamilton Fyers** and **Florence Mary Kent**, on 20 Jan 1920 in London. Mary was born on 14 May 1898 in London and died on 26 Oct 1961 in Low Slack, Kendal, Cumbria at age 63. They had two children: **Peter Eric Fyers** and **John Francis**.

18-**Peter Eric Fyers Crewdson** was born on 27 Dec 1920 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 29 Apr 2007 at age 86, and was buried on 18 May 2007.

Peter married **Barbara Plews**, daughter of **Edwin Plews** and **Ethel Hobdey**, on 1 Apr 1944 in London. Barbara was born on 26 Aug 1919 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 13 Dec 2006 at age 87. They had two children: **Christopher Fyers** and **Susan Mary**.

19-**Christopher Fyers Crewdson**

19-**Susan Mary Crewdson**

18-**John Francis Crewdson** was born on 27 Nov 1923 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Nov 2003 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80.

John married **Gillian Dallas Harington**, daughter of **Arthur Dallas Lawton Harington** and **Mabel Hilda Sutton**. They had two children: **Jacqueline** and **Ingrid Gillian**.

19-**Jacqueline Crewdson**

19-**Ingrid Gillian Crewdson**

John next married **Patricia Marie Carew** on 25 Jul 1959 in London. Patricia was born in 1927, died on 26 Jul 2015 at age 88, and was buried on 6 Aug 2015 in Holy Trinity, Winster, Cumbria. They had one son: **Charles William Nepean**.

19-**Charles William Nepean Crewdson**

17-**Annie Kathleen Violet Crewdson** was born on 1 Jan 1891 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Annie married **Andrew Perry Park**, son of **Andrew Park** and **Susannah Perry**. Andrew was born on 7 Mar 1886 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada and died on 15 Jul 1947 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 61.

17-**Winifred Mary Crewdson**¹² was born on 15 Mar 1895 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria.

Winifred married **Cedric Howard Glover**, son of **John Howard Glover** and **Ella Gwyther**, on 24 Jun 1920 in Kendal, Cumbria. Cedric was born on 20 Jun 1892 in London and died on 22 Jul 1970 at age 78. They had three children: **Rowena Howard**, **Jocelyn Howard**, and **Myles Howard**.

18-**Rowena Howard Glover**

Rowena married **Thomas Dempster Mackinnon**, son of **Thomas Mackinnon** and **Rose Dempster**. They had one daughter: ____.

19-____ **Mackinnon**

18-**Jocelyn Howard Glover** was born on 14 May 1924 in London and died on 21 Jul 1987 at age 63.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lloyds Broker.

Jocelyn married **Marian Elizabeth Stark**, daughter of **George Heppell Stark** and **Emma Goodchild**, on 26 Jul 1945 in Oxford. Marian was born on 4 Jul 1924 in Harrow and died on 26 Dec 1961 in Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire at age 37. They had two children: **Andrew Quentin** and **Eleanor Katherine Emma**.

19-**Andrew Quentin Glover**

19-**Eleanor Katherine Emma Glover**

Jocelyn next married **Elizabeth Wyndham Pugh**.

18-**Myles Howard Glover**

17-**Cicely Dilworth Crewdson** was born on 22 Aug 1896 in Kendal, Cumbria, died in 1966 at age 70, and was buried in St. Michael and All Angels, Hawkshead, Cumbria.

Edward next married **Mary Susan Wilson**,^{12,218} daughter of **John Jowitt Wilson**^{7,12,77} and **Hannah Maria Whitwell**,¹² on 25 Jul 1868 in Kendal, Cumbria. Mary was born on 7 Oct 1842 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Oct 1907 in Beathwaite, Levens, Cumbria at age 65. They had two children: **Wilfred Howard** and **Susan Mildred**.

16-**Wilfred Howard Crewdson**¹² was born on 15 May 1869 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Oct 1907 in Beathwaite, Levens, Cumbria at age 38.

16-**Susan Mildred Crewdson** was born on 30 Jul 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1878 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 1.

14-**George Braithwaite**^{7,10,18,245} was born on 1 Dec 1777 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 23 Nov 1853 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Drysalter of Kendal, Cumbria.

George married **Mary Lloyd**,^{7,10,18,245} daughter of **Charles Lloyd**^{2,7,8,10,18,23} and **Mary Farmer**,^{2,7,8,10,18} on 19 Mar 1806 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Mary was born on 1 Jun 1784 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 22 Nov 1822 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 38. They had nine children: **Mary, George, George, Deborah, Alice, Thomas, Gurney, Samuel**, and **James**.

15-**Mary Braithwaite**^{10,245} was born on 28 Feb 1807 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 Apr 1833 in Plymouth, Devon at age 26.

Mary married **Dr. Charles Hingston**,^{10,12,245} son of **Joseph Hingston**^{2,7,47,283} and **Catherine Phillips Tregelles**,²⁸³ on 8 Mar 1830 in Kendal, Cumbria. Charles was born on 27 Apr 1805 in Dodbrooke, Kingsbridge, Devon and died on 5 Sep 1872 in Ford Park Cemetery, Plymouth, Devon at age 67. They had two children: **Mary Anna** and **Georgina Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Doctor.

16-**Mary Anna Hingston**¹⁰ was born on 31 Dec 1830 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 26 Feb 1870 in Stafford, Staffordshire at age 39. She had no known marriage and no known children.

16-**Georgina Braithwaite Hingston**¹⁰ was born on 21 Jan 1833 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 12 Oct 1854 at age 21. She had no known marriage and no known children.

15-**George Braithwaite**¹⁰ was born on 27 Aug 1808 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 27 Feb 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 1.

15-**George Braithwaite**¹⁰ was born on 21 Jul 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 22 May 1865 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at probably Joseph Tatham's Academy, Leeds.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

15-**Deborah Braithwaite**¹⁰ was born on 14 Aug 1812 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 17 Apr 1833 in Kendal, Cumbria (17 April 1835 also given in Benson) at age 20.

15-**Alice Braithwaite**^{10,12} was born on 18 Jul 1814 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 18 Jan 1892 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 77, and was buried in Barnstaple, Devon.

Alice married **Mark Batt**,^{10,12} son of **William Batt**³⁸⁵ and **Mary Lamley**, on 28 Jun 1855 in Kendal, Cumbria. Mark was born on 5 Mar 1813 in Maidenhead, Berkshire, died on 12 Apr 1907 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 94, and was buried in Barnstaple, Devon.

15-**Thomas Braithwaite**^{10,52} was born on 1 May 1816 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 17 May 1896 in Airton, Skipton, Yorkshire at age 80, and was buried in FBG Airton, Kirkby Malham.

15-**Gurney Braithwaite**¹⁰ was born on 25 Jun 1818 in Parkside, Kendal and died on 27 Apr 1819 in Kendal, Cumbria.

15-**Samuel Braithwaite**^{10,12} was born on 25 Apr 1820 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 Mar 1870 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 49.

Samuel married **Elizabeth Hattersley**,^{10,12} daughter of **Robert Hattersley** and **Elizabeth Beverley**, on 3 Mar 1858 in Leeds, Yorkshire. Elizabeth was born on 9 Apr 1826 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 3 Aug 1894 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 68. They had three children: **George Henry**, **Robert William**, and **Alfred Lloyd**.

16-**George Henry Braithwaite**^{10,12} was born on 9 Apr 1859 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 17 Feb 1885 in Lost At Sea. at age 25.

16-**Robert William Braithwaite**^{10,12} was born on 7 May 1863 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 18 Jan 1882 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 18.

16-**Alfred Lloyd Braithwaite**^{10,12} was born on 8 Nov 1864 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 17 Sep 1922 in Pool in Wharfedale, Yorkshire at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in 19 Norman Terrace, Eccleshill, Bradford, Yorkshire.

Alfred married **Ellen Pool**,¹² daughter of **William Pool** and **Eleanor Bate**, on 6 Jun 1895 in Heath Town, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. Ellen was born on 10 Jan 1863 in Heath Town, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 25 Apr 1902 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire at age 39. They had four children: **Eleanor Elizabeth**, **Lorna Mary**, **Kathleen Lloyd**, and **Georgina Helen**.

17-**Eleanor Elizabeth Braithwaite**¹² was born on 18 Apr 1896 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 18 Jan 1897 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

17-**Lorna Mary Braithwaite**¹² was born on 27 Apr 1897 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

17-**Kathleen Lloyd Braithwaite**¹² was born on 3 Aug 1898 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Kathleen married **John Reginald Williams**, son of **Lovell Edward Williams** and **Emily France**, on 5 Apr 1920 in Kirby On The Hill, Boroughbridge. John was born on 4 Jun 1887 in Ben Rhydding, Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire. They had eight children: **Frank Alfred**, **Mary Ellen**, **Barbara Edith**, **Lloyd Braithwaite**, **Kathleen Isabel**, **Joyce Margaret**, **Marjorie Mae**, and **Elizabeth Ruth**.

18-**Frank Alfred Williams**

18-**Mary Ellen Williams**

Mary married **William Grayden Laing**, son of **William Laing** and **Ethel Hutton**. They had three children: **Dorothy Ellen**, **Kathleen Joyce**, and **Kenneth William Grayden**.

19-**Dorothy Ellen Laing**

19-**Kathleen Joyce Laing**

19-**Kenneth William Grayden Laing**

18-**Barbara Edith Williams**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Barbara married **Hugh Alfred McKay**, son of **Burns McKay** and **Eva McOutcheon**. They had five children: **Alan Hugh**, **Edith Dianne**, **Doris Marie**, **Eva Jean**, and **Margaret Laurel**.

19-**Alan Hugh McKay** was born on 31 Jan 1947 in London, Ontario, Canada and died on 3 Feb 1947 in London, Ontario, Canada.

19-**Edith Dianne McKay**

19-**Doris Marie McKay**

19-**Eva Jean McKay**

19-**Margaret Laurel McKay**

18-**Lloyd Braithwaite Williams** was born on 28 Jun 1926 in Lakeside, Ontario, Canada and died on 12 Feb 1933 in Lakeside, Ontario, Canada at age 6.

18-**Kathleen Isabel Williams**

Kathleen married **Roy Maxwell Quinton**, son of **Charles Philip Quinton** and **Annie May Fair**, on 13 Apr 1949 in Lakeside, Ontario, Canada. Roy was born on 14 Jul 1923 in Bent River, Ontario, Canada, died on 20 Aug 2014 in South Muskoka Memorial Hospital, Bracebridge, Ontario, Canada at age 91, and was buried on 22 Aug 2014 in Ullswater Township Cemetery, Ontario, Canada. They had four children: **Robert John**, **David Roy**, **Brian**, and **Jim**.

19-**Robert John Quinton**

19-**David Roy Quinton**

19-**Brian Quinton**

19-**Jim Quinton**

18-**Joyce Margaret Williams**

Joyce married **William Thomas Langdon**, son of **Charles Wilfred Langdon** and **Margaret May Green**. They had two children: **Barbara Jean** and **Betty Anne**.

19-**Barbara Jean Langdon**

19-**Betty Anne Langdon**

18-**Marjorie Mae Williams**

Marjorie married **Donald James Vanstone**, son of **James Nelson Vanstone** and **Mary Jane Dunseith**. They had one daughter: **Deborah Louise**.

19-**Deborah Louise Vanstone**

18-**Elizabeth Ruth Williams**

17-**Georgina Helen Braithwaite**¹² was born on 3 Nov 1901 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Georgina married **James Garfield Baker**, son of **Philip Ackland Baker** and **Ida May Pelton**, on 14 Sep 1929 in Thamesford, Ontario, Canada. James was born on 25 Jun 1893 in Lakeside, Ontario, Canada. They had two children: **Robert Ackland** and **Georgina Helen**.

18-**Robert Ackland Baker**

18-**Georgina Helen Baker**

Alfred next married **Edith Emily Williams**, daughter of **Lovell Edward Williams** and **Emily France**, on 15 Jun 1910 in Eccleshill, Bradford. Edith was born on 2 Aug 1871 in

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Undercliffe, Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 13 May 1953 in Pool in Wharfedale, Yorkshire at age 81. They had two children: **Robert Alfred** and **George Lovell**.

17-**Robert Alfred Braithwaite**

Robert married **Bessie Vivan Cockcroft**, daughter of **James Newell Cockcroft** and **Florence Barraclough**. They had three children: **Robert David**, **Stephen James**, and **Andrew Charles Lloyd**.

18-**Robert David Braithwaite**

18-**Stephen James Braithwaite**

18-**Andrew Charles Lloyd Braithwaite**

17-**George Lovell Braithwaite**

15-**James Braithwaite**¹⁰ was born on 25 Apr 1820 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 29 Jan 1894 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 73.

James married **Ann McLandsborough**,¹⁰ daughter of **Andrew McLandsborough** and **Alice Hustwaite**, on 25 Jul 1860 in Otley, Yorkshire. Ann was born on 27 Nov 1824 in Otley, Yorkshire and died on 14 Feb 1895 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 70. They had three children: **Mary**, **Alice**, and **Rachel Lloyd**.

16-**Mary Braithwaite**¹⁰ was born on 15 Jul 1861 in Shipley, Yorkshire and died on 3 Sep 1937 in Harrogate at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1912 in 45 West End Avenue, Harrogate, Yorkshire.

16-**Alice Braithwaite**¹⁰ was born on 28 Mar 1864 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 5 Mar 1942 in Masham, Yorkshire at age 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1912 in 45 West End Avenue, Harrogate, Yorkshire.
- She worked as an Author.

16-**Rachel Lloyd Braithwaite**¹⁰ was born on 5 Mar 1866 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 15 Jul 1896 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 30.

14-**Isaac Braithwaite**^{2,7,8,10,12,25,37,54,116,180,229,386} was born on 3 Jan 1781 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 27 Dec 1861 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80, and was buried on 2 Jan 1862 in FBG Stramongate, Kendal.

General Notes: **29 Dec 1861, Sun:** To meeting , sermon from Uncle John and Isaac Sharp; then to Southend. Uncle John read us a nice letter from Joseph Bevan Braithwaite announcing is father's death, the entrance into life;
2 Jan 1862, Thurs: Up early and with Helen Pease and Minnie for Kendal, William Henry Wakefield (1828-1889) with us; Kendal & Stainmore top were thick in mist ; to John Jowitt Wilson's (1809-1875) where we got a second breakfast, then to Aunt Whitwell's. She seemed very nicely and was most kind and bright, then to Helm Lodge where there was a large party, Crewdsons, Lloyds &c; thence to Kent Terrace again to the late Isaac Braithwaite's to his funeral. A large number of relations, it was cold, damp and foggy; a few words from Joseph Bevan Braithwaite then into meeting where we heard Uncle Pease, William Bell, Ann Mary Nicolson - home to dinner, then to Isaac Braithwaite's again where there was a great crowd. We heard a short Memoir written by Bevan read by Isaac Braithwaite (1810-1890) , then Josiah Forster (1782-1870) and Rachel Forster (1783-1873) , then W illiam Dillworth Crewdson (1799-1878) , Robert Howard (1801-1871), William Ball (1801-1878) , Mary Nicholson all spoke. Samuel Gurney (1816-1882) , all the sons of the deceased, some grandchildren and the Kendal circle generally there.
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.
Bracketed dates have been added for guidance.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Quaker.
- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He worked as a Merchant and Drysalter in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

Isaac married **Anna Lloyd**,^{2,7,8,10,12,25,37,54,61,116,180,386} daughter of **Charles Lloyd**^{2,7,8,10,18,23} and **Mary Farmer**,^{2,7,8,10,18} on 16 Mar 1808 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Anna was born on 27 Dec 1788 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 18 Dec 1859 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 70, and was buried in FBG Stramongate, Kendal. They had nine children: **Anna, Isaac, Charles Lloyd, Charles Lloyd, George Foster, Thomas, Robert, Joseph Bevan**, and **Mary Caroline**.

General Notes: On her mother's side, the ancestors of Anna Braithwaite, like those of her father, had very early become members of the Society of Friends. Her great-grandfather, Clement Plumsted, was associated with William Penn and eleven others, most, if not all of them, " Friends," in the purchase in 1681-82, of East Jersey, in America, from the executors of Lord Carteret (subsequently confirmed by a grant from the Duke of York, afterwards James II.), of v/hich Robert Barclay, the author of the Apology, was in 1683 appointed Governor during his life.

Anna Braithwaite (1788– 1859), Quaker minister, was born on 27 December 1788 at Birmingham, eleventh of the fourteen children of Charles Lloyd (1748– 1828), banker, and Mary Lloyd, née Farmer (1751?– 1821). It was a cultivated family circle. Anna married Isaac Braithwaite of Kendal in 1808, her sister Mary (1784– 1822) having married his brother George (1777– 1853) in 1806. Her brother Charles Lloyd (1775– 1839) and his wife settled at Brathay Lodge, near Ambleside in Westmorland, and her sister Priscilla married Christopher Wordsworth, master of Trinity College, Cambridge. In 1815 her meeting recorded its unity with her vocal ministry and, besides many journeys in Britain and Ireland throughout her life, she thrice visited America (1823– 4, 1825, 1827– 9), on the latter two occasions with her husband. Her theology was uncompromisingly evangelical and, like other English ministering Friends then visiting America, she vigorously opposed the 'unsound' part-mystical, part-rationalist teaching of Elias Hicks and his anti-authoritarian followers, who considered the visitors a major cause of the separations of 1827– 8 which rent American Quakerism for over a century. In 1835 Isaac Crewdson, a near connection of her husband, published A Beacon to the Society of Friends, provoking widespread controversy and resulting, particularly in Manchester and Kendal meetings, in substantial secession from the society, including five of her seven surviving children. For some years Anna Braithwaite suffered from a spinal affliction and after 1851 she ventured little from home or the family's summer residence at Scotby, near Carlisle. She died at Kendal on 18 December 1859, and her body was interred in the Quaker burial-ground there.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister.

15-**Anna Braithwaite**^{8,116,180} was born on 30 Mar 1809 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Jan 1860 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 50.

15-**Isaac Braithwaite**^{7,8,12,180} was born on 6 Jul 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 26 Jan 1890 in Hastings, Sussex at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Stockbrokers, Foster and Braithwaite.
- He had a residence in Hookfield Grove, Epsom, Surrey.

Isaac married **Louisa Masterman**,^{7,8} daughter of **John Masterman**^{7,8,12} and **Eliza Harris**,^{7,8,12} on 10 Mar 1840 in Leyton, London. Louisa was born on 30 Jan 1816 in Marsh Street, Walthamstow, London (31st also given) and died on 22 Dec 1866 in Gloucester Square, London at age 50. They had nine children: **Louisa, Alfred, Basil, John Masterman, Reginald, Walter, Eliza, Florence**, and **Adeline**.

16-**Louisa Braithwaite**^{8,12} was born on 16 Sep 1842 in Mecklenberg Square, London and died on 19 Aug 1911 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex at age 68.

Louisa married **Thomas Barkworth**,¹² son of **John Barkworth**³⁸⁷ and **Emma Boulderson**,³⁸⁷ on 27 Jun 1868 in Trinity Church, Paddington. Thomas was born on 22 Jun 1842 in Tranby House, Hull, Yorkshire, was christened on 26 Jul 1842 in Kirkella, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire, and died on 31 Oct 1915 in Weyworth at age 73. They had five children: **John Raymond, Louisa Maud, Alfred Montgomery, Gwendoline Edith Georgiana**, and **Harold Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 10 Eaton Gardens, Hove, Brighton, East Sussex.

17-**Capt. John Raymond Barkworth** was born on 17 Jun 1869 in Sevenoaks, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers.

John married **Minnie Mabel McNeile**, daughter of **Malcolm McNeile** and **Christiana Mary Sloggett**, in 1895. Minnie was born in 1871. They had one daughter: **Evelyn Hilda**.

18-**Evelyn Hilda Barkworth** was born on 14 Oct 1897 and died on 8 Apr 1991 at age 93.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Attica, Thornley Drive, Teignmouth, Devon.

17-**Louisa Maud Barkworth** was born on 13 Apr 1871 in Sevenoaks, Kent and died on 13 May 1906 at age 35.

17-**Alfred Montgomery Barkworth** was born on 16 Jul 1873 in Sevenoaks, Kent and died on 28 Nov 1943 in Cobham, Surrey at age 70.

Alfred married **Florence Emily St. John Maule**, daughter of **George Edwin Maule** and **Emily Louise Cankrien**, on 15 May 1912 in London. Florence was born on 15 Dec 1879 in Mahabaleshwar, India.

17-**Gwendoline Edith Georgiana Barkworth** was born on 26 Oct 1876 in Caervarvon, Wales and died in 1914 at age 38.

17-**Harold Braithwaite Barkworth** was born on 7 Nov 1878 in Chigwell, Essex and died on 10 May 1955 in Felixstowe, Suffolk at age 76.

Harold married **Amy Frances Cheere Stileman**, daughter of **Arthur William Stileman** and **Edith Cheere**, on 6 Oct 1914 in Wimbledon. Amy was born on 17 Mar 1885 in Merton and died on 20 Dec 1947 in Felixstowe, Suffolk at age 62. They had three children: **Rachel Gwendolen**, **Ethel Louise**, and **Frederic Basil Stileman**.

18-**Rachel Gwendolen Barkworth**

Rachel married **James Dodworth Hannington**, son of **Robert George Hannington** and **Ithiel Le Feuvre**. They had four children: **Robert Harold**, **David Le Feuvre**, **Arthur Cheere**, and (No Given Name).

19-**Robert Harold Hannington**

19-**David Le Feuvre Hannington**

19-**Arthur Cheere Hannington**

19-**Hannington**

18-**Ethel Louise Barkworth**

18-**Frederic Basil Stileman Barkworth**

Frederic married **Beryl Nellie Wright**, daughter of **Percival Reginald Wright** and **May John**. They had three children: **Paul Raymond Braithwaite**, **John Basil**, and **Peter Mark Reginald**.

19-**Paul Raymond Braithwaite Barkworth**

19-**John Basil Barkworth**

19-**Peter Mark Reginald Barkworth**

16-**Alfred Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 21 Nov 1843 in London and died on 18 Jun 1880 in London at age 36.

16-**Basil Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 11 Feb 1845 in London and died on 26 Sep 1918 in Epsom, Surrey at age 73.

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General Notes: Son of Isaac Braithwaite, of Hookfield, Epsom; born in London, February 11th, 1845; educated at Rugby. Justice of the Peace for Surrey; Guardian of the Poor for Epsom Union; School Manager, etc.; formerly a partner in the firm of Brown, Janson and Company, bankers, London (now merged into Lloyds' Bank). Married, in 1872, Rosamond Augusta, daughter of the late A.W. Gadesden, of Ewell Castle, Surrey. Clubs : Conservative, and National.

A considerable landowner in Westmorland, and the head of one of that County's old families, Basil Braithwaite, Esq., D.L., J.P., is the only surviving some of the late Isaac Braithwaite, Esq., of Hookfield, Epsom, who died in 1890, and his wife Louisa, daughter of the late John Masterman, Esq., M.P. for the City of London.
Born in London on February 11th, 1845, Mr. Braithwaite was educated at Rugby, and entered on a financial career, being admitted subsequently to partnership in the private banking firm of Brown, Janson & Co., since merged into Lloyd's Banking Company, and in 1872 married Rosamond Augusta, daughter of the late Augustus William Gaddesden, Esq., D.L., J.P., of Ewell Castle, Surrey.
Mr. Braithwaite resides at Hookfield, Epsom, and takes his full share of the public work in the neighbourhood. Since 1896, he has served Surrey as a Justice of the Peace, in which capacity he is in constant attendance at the Epsom Petty Sessions, and is responsible for the greater part of the occasional work as well. The site now occupied by the Epsom Technical Institute was presented to the District by him as one of the original founders, and he is among the first to provide allotment gardens for Epsom. He was a member of the Epsom Board of Guardians for fifteen years, and has filled the office of Chairman since 1907.
Mr. Braithwaite also holds a similar position in regard to the Surrey Council Schools in that town, and was 'pricked' for the Shrievalty of the County for the year 1908-9. Keenly interested in political matters, he has rendered service to the Conservative Cause in the Epsom and Ewell districts by lucid exposition of the aims of Tariff Reform, Imperialism and other subjects of national importance.
Mr. Braithwaite is an active supporter of the Territorial Movement, a member of the Surrey Territorial Association and Chairman of the Local Recruiting Committee. He is also a member of the 'Veterans', or National Reserve Committee at Epsom, and Chairman of the Scouts' Association.
Much interested in literature, he is author of Essays on a wide range of subjects, among them being papers on Banking, Architecture and Shakespeare; and the fact that he has been elected twice as President of the Surrey Agricultural Association, speaks for itself.
Mr. Braithwaite finds his chief recreations in riding, walking and sailing, and he is a member of the Conservative, National and City Clubs.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rugby.
- He worked as a Partner of Brown Janson & Co. Bankers.
- He had a residence in Hookfield Grove, Epsom, Surrey.
- He worked as a JP for Surrey.

Basil married **Rosamond Augusta Gadesden**, daughter of **Augustus William Gadesden** and **Emma Barkworth**, on 17 Jul 1872 in Ewell, Surrey. Rosamond was born on 11 May 1848 in Tooting, London and died in Jan 1951 in Wimbledon at age 102. They had no children.

16-**Rev. John Masterman Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 27 Mar 1846 in Mecklenberg Square, London and died on 28 Jun 1889 in Croydon, Surrey at age 43.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Croydon in Croydon, Surrey.
- He worked as a Vicar of St Michael's All Angels, Maidstone in Maidstone, Kent.

John married **Elizabeth Jane Powell**, daughter of **Col. Sidney Thomas Powell**, on 11 Oct 1871 in Charlton, Kent. Elizabeth was born on 31 Jan 1852 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 7 Aug 1932 in London at age 80. They had seven children: **Florence Lilian**, **John Sidney**, **Francis Powell**, **Richard Wilfred**, **Lawrence Walter**, **Michael Lloyd**, and **Dorothy Louisa**.

17-**Dame Florence Lilian Braithwaite**² was born on 9 Mar 1873 in Ramsgate, Kent and died on 17 Sep 1948 in London at age 75.

General Notes: Braithwaite [married name Lawrence], Dame (Florence) Lilian (1873– 1948), actress, was born in Ramsgate on 9 March 1873, the daughter of the Revd John Masterman Braithwaite (1846– 1889), then a curate and later vicar of Croydon, and his wife, Elizabeth Jane, daughter of Colonel Thomas Sidney Powell CB of the 53rd regiment. She was the eldest of seven children, five of them boys, of whom two achieved distinction in the services (Colonel Francis Powell Braithwaite and Vice-Admiral Lawrence Walter Braithwaite). A third became European manager of the Christian Science Monitor. Lilian was educated at Croydon and Hampstead high schools and in Dresden, Germany. Starting as an amateur actress, her ambition to become a professional aroused a storm of family protest which, however, she managed to overcome and, joining the Shakespearian company of William Haviland and Gerald Leslie Lawrence (1873– 1957), she sailed for South Africa and made her first professional appearance at Durban in 1897. She married Lawrence in the same year, and their daughter, Joyce Carey (1898– 1993), was born after their return to London. The marriage ended in divorce. Her first appearance in London was in 1900 with Julia Neilson in As You Like It at the Opera House, Crouch End; she then played in Paul Kester's Sweet Nell of Old Drury at

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the Haymarket Theatre. In 1901 she joined Frank Benson and appeared in a Shakespeare season at the Comedy Theatre. A tour with George Alexander then followed and she appeared under his management at the St James's Theatre, 1901– 4.

Braithwaite's ethereal beauty and undoubted talent brought many offers of engagements, and she now embarked upon a West End career that was to end only with her death. Among her early parts were Lady Hermione Wynne in *The Flag Lieutenant* by W. P. Drury and Leo Trevor, and Mrs Panmure in A. W. Pinero's *Preserving Mr Panmure*; in 1912 she appeared as the Madonna in C. B. Cochran's production of the mystery spectacle *The Miracle at Olympia*; in 1913 she was Mrs Gregory in *Mr Wu*, by Harry Vernon and Harold Owen, with Matheson Lang, and in 1921 she was Margaret Fairfield in *A Bill of Divorcement* by Clemence Dane. Tall, dark, serene, and lovely, she appeared regularly and successfully in play after play, becoming identified in the minds of theatregoers with beautiful suffering heroines and drawing-room dramas at the Haymarket Theatre. In 1924, however, there came a great change in her career when she accepted at short notice the part of Florence Lancaster in Noël Coward's *The Vortex* at the Everyman Theatre, later transferring to the West End and then appearing in the same part in New York. With the shingled, promiscuous Florence, Lilian Braithwaite gained recognition as a dramatic actress and said goodbye for ever to suffering heroines. Her parts at this time included the possessive matriarch of Sidney Howard's *The Silver Cord* and other dramatic roles.

In 1928 Braithwaite's métier changed again. She appeared as a 'ten per cent lady' in Ivor Novello's *The Truth Game* at the Globe Theatre and made an enormous success as a light comedienne. The public now could not have enough of this actress who made such malicious remarks in such honeyed accents, and a succession of successful comedies followed one another, among them *Flat to Let*, *Fresh Fields*, *Family Affairs*, *Full House*, *The Lady of La Paz*, *Bats in the Belfry*, *Comedienne*, and *Tony Draws a Horse*. Nevertheless, she twice reverted to more dramatic roles with Elizabeth in *Elizabeth, la femme sans homme* at the Haymarket Theatre (1938) and *Lady Mountstephan in A House in the Square* (1940) at the St Martin's Theatre.

In 1940 Braithwaite went to the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane, to work for the Entertainments National Service Association and in 1943 she was appointed DBE. In December 1942, in her seventieth year, she entered upon her greatest success of all with the part of Abby Brewster in Joseph Kesselring's *Arsenic and Old Lace* at the Strand Theatre, which ran until the beginning of March 1946. She died in London on 17 September 1948, confident that her illness was but a passing thing and that soon she would be rehearsing a new play. She rehearsed, said Noël Coward, 'with a dry, down to earth efficiency which was fascinating to watch'. Her popularity as an actress was inclined to make serious students of the drama underrate her great ability— her grace, her perfect technique, her exquisite timing. She was a wise and witty woman whose bons mots have passed into theatrical history, and her work for theatrical charities was never ending. She also acted for the cinema and appeared in many British productions. Her last and most noteworthy appearance was in *A Man about the House* (1947).

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Actress.

Florence married **Gerald Leslie Lawrence**, son of **J.M. Lawrence**, on 2 Jun 1897 in South Kensington, London. Gerald was born on 23 Mar 1873 in London and died on 9 May 1957 in London at age 84. They had one daughter: **Joyce Lilian**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Actor.

18-**Joyce Lilian Lawrence** was born on 30 Mar 1898 in London and died on 28 Feb 1993 in London at age 94. Another name for Joyce was Joyce Carey.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with OBE.
- She worked as an Actress.

17-**John Sidney Braithwaite**¹² was born on 17 Sep 1874 in Ramsgate, Kent and died on 26 Aug 1948 in London at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Guessens, Welwyn, Hertfordshire.

John married **Jessie Maud Fairbairn**,¹² daughter of **George Fairbairn**, on 14 Nov 1908 in St. James', Paddington, London. Jessie was born on 22 Feb 1864 and died on 10 Jul 1943 in London at age 79.

17-**Col. Francis Powell Braithwaite** was born on 2 Nov 1875 in Ramsgate, Kent and died on 23 Dec 1952 at age 77.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MC CBE Croix de Guerre.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers.

Francis married **Lady Victoria Alexandrina Hamilton-Temple-Blackwood**, daughter of **Frederick Temple Hamilton-Temple-Blackwood 1st Marquess Dufferin & Ava** and **Hariot Georgina Rowan-Hamilton**, on 1 Oct 1920 in London. Victoria was born on 17 May 1873 in Ottawa, Canada and died on 11 Feb 1968 at age 94.

17-**Capt. Richard Wilfred Braithwaite** was born on 6 Feb 1877 in Ramsgate, Kent, died on 31 Jul 1915 in Flanders, Belgium. Killed in action at age 38, and was buried in Ypres Memorial, Belgium.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Sussex Mansions, Kensington, London.
- He worked as an officer of The Durham Light Infantry.

Richard married **Sybil Brodhurst Hill**, daughter of **Alfred Brodhurst Hill** and **Kate Susan Boulderson**, on 17 Dec 1907 in Wargrave, Berkshire. Sybil was born on 8 May 1876 in Surbiton, Surrey and died on 18 Sep 1936 at age 60.

17-**Vice Admiral Lawrence Walter Braithwaite** was born on 18 Jul 1878 in Ramsgate, Kent and died on 18 Jan 1961 in Plymouth, Devon at age 82.

General Notes: A Great War C.M.G. group of five awarded to Captain L. W. Braithwaite, Royal Navy, who was severely wounded during the Boxer rebellion in 1900 and specially promoted for his services in China

The Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, C.M.G., Companion's neck badge, silver-gilt and enamels; China 1900, 1 clasp, Relief of Pekin (Sub. Lt. L. W. Braithwaite, R.N. H.M.S. Endymion) official correction to rank; 1914-15 Star (Commr., R.N.); British War and Victory Medals, with small M.I.D. oak leaf (Commr., R.N.) the last four mounted as worn, together with companion mounted set of five miniature medals, good very fine (10) £600-700

Footnote

Lawrence Walter Braithwaite was born at Ramsgate on 18 July 1878, and entered the Royal Navy as a Cadet in July 1892, aboard the training ship Britannia. As Sub-Lieutenant in Endymion he served in China during the Boxer Rebellion. He landed with the Naval Brigade under sir E. H. Seymour, for the relief of Pekin, and was severely wounded at Hsiku on 22 June 1900. He was specially promoted Lieutenant on 9 November 1900, for services in China. Braithwaite was promoted Commander in June 1913, and to Captain in December 1917.

Braithwaite saw service in the Cameroons campaign of 1914-15, and was mentioned in the despatch of Major-General Sir Charles Dobell, K.C.B. for services in October 1914: 'My next objective was Edea, on which place I determined an advance should be made from three directions, two by land and one by river. Strong forces were moved from Japoma and by the Njong River to Dehane, thence by a track towards Edea. The third force proceeded by the Sanaga River; the navigation of this river is most difficult, dangerous bars hinder entrance into its mouth and sandbanks obstruct the passage up to Edea. The feat performed by Commander L. W. Braithwaite, R.N., in navigating an armed flotilla on the Sanaga was a remarkable one. Thus the combined movement, outlined above, was entirely successful and Edea was occupied on the morning of 26th October.' (London Gazette 31 May 1916)

He served subsequently as Commander of H.M.A.S. Sydney from Christmas Day 1916 until the end of the following March, and then at the Admiralty. He was awarded the C.M.G. in May 1919, 'for valuable services as head of the Auxiliary Patrol Organisation since the 31st May 1917.' He served as Flag Captain and Chief of Staff to C-in-C, East Indies, 1919-21; Chief of Staff to C-in-C, Plymouth Station, 1921-25; Senior Officer of the Reserve Fleet at the Nore, 1925-26; Commodore and Chief of Staff to C-in-C, China Station, 1927-29. Placed on the retired list in 1929, he was promoted to Vice-Admiral in 1934, and was appointed J.P. for Plymouth in 1938. Admiral Braithwaite died at Plymouth on 18 January 1961.

http://www.dnw.co.uk/auction-archive/catalogue-archive/lot.php?auction_id=73&lot_id=49560

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG JP.
- He worked as a Flag Captain and Chief of Staff to C-in-C, East Indies in 1919-1921.
- He worked as a Chief of Staff to C-in-C, Plymouth Station in 1921-1925.
- He worked as a Senior Officer of the Reserve Fleet at the Nore in 1925-1926.
- He worked as a Commodore and Chief of Staff to C-in-C, China Station in 1927-1929.

Lawrence married **Elfrida Helen Cooper**, daughter of **John Whitaker Cooper** and **Elfreda Helen**, on 15 Sep 1903 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. Elfrida was born on 1 Oct

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1880 in Blackheath, London. They had two children: **Joan Elfrida** and **Rosamond Sylvia**.

18-**Joan Elfrida Braithwaite** was born on 10 Apr 1905 in Sheerness, Kent, died on 3 Feb 1947 in Trinidad, West Indies at age 41, and was buried in Lapeyrouse Cemetery, St Clair, St George, Trinidad, West Indies.

Joan married **John Spencer Kerbey**, son of **Ernest Spencer Kerbey** and **Mary Clara Philippa Thomas**, on 11 Jan 1929 in London. John was born on 13 Jan 1903 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent. They had two children: **"Toby" Trevor John Baskerville** and **Elfrida Jane**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manager for Shell Leaseholds and Shell Petroleum in Trinidad, West Indies.
- He worked as a Manager of British West Indies Airways in 1956 in Jamaica, West Indies.

19-**"Toby" Trevor John Baskerville Kerbey** was born on 7 Oct 1929 in Japan, died on 30 May 2006 in Cornwall at age 76, and was buried in Withiel, Cornwall. Another name for "Toby" was Toby Kerbey.

"Toby" married **Alison Taylor**.

19-**Elfrida Jane Kerbey**

Elfrida married **Nicola Simbari** on 1 Oct 1957 in Kensington Registry Office, London. Nicola was born on 13 Jul 1927 in St. Lucido, Calabria, Italy and died on 11 Dec 2012 in Frascati, Lazio, Italy at age 85. They had one daughter: **Jenny**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Painter, Artist.

20-**Jenny Simbari**

18-**Rosamond Sylvia Braithwaite**

Rosamond married **Rear-Admiral Norman Vincent Dickinson**, son of **Thomas Vincent Dickinson** and **Beatrice Evens**, on 19 Dec 1930 in London. Norman was born on 29 May 1901 in London. They had two children: **Simon Braithwaite Vincent** and **Paul Vincent**.

General Notes: DICKINSON, Norman Vincent (1901-1981), Rear Admiral

Service biography

Midshipman, HMS ROYAL SOVEREIGN, Grand Fleet 1917-1920; World War I 1917-1918; operations against Turks, Mudanya 1920; South Africa Station 1923-1925; training Special Entry Cadets, HMS EREBUS 1927; RN College Dartmouth 1931; Assistant Director, Physical Training, Admiralty 1937; Commanding Officer, HMS SCARBOROUGH and HMS VANQUISHER, World War II 1939-1945; Atlantic Convoys 1940; North Africa landing 1942; Sicily and Salerno landings 1943; Senior Officer, Inshore Sqn, Corsica 1943; Senior Naval Officer, North Adriatic 1944; Staff Officer to Flag Officer, Taranto and Adriatic 1945; Senior Officer, 18 Minesweeping Flotilla operating from Cobh, Ireland 1945-1946; Head of Naval Branch, Combined Services Div, Control Commission, Berlin, Germany 1947-1948; HMS VICTORIOUS (Aircraft Carrier Training Sqn) 1948; Capt of RN College Dartmouth 1949-1951; Flag Officer (Flotillas), Indian Fleet 1951-1953; retired 1953

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO DSC.

19-**Simon Braithwaite Vincent Dickinson**

19-**Paul Vincent Dickinson**

17-**Lieutenant Michael Lloyd Braithwaite** was born on 27 Apr 1881 in Maidstone, Kent, died on 17 May 1915 in France. Killed in action at age 34, and was buried in Les Gonards Cemetery, Versailles, France. Grave 2.38.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a pilot of the Royal Flying Corps.

Michael married **Bertha Callaghan**, daughter of **Sherwood Callaghan** and **Bertha Washington**, on 23 May 1906 in London. Bertha was born on 26 Dec 1885 in Los Angeles, California, USA and died on 18 Oct 1956 in Richmond, Surrey at age 70. They had three children: **Heather**, **Phyllis**, and **Michael Wilfred**.

18-Heather Braithwaite

Heather married **Peter Lyne**, son of **William Owen Lyne** and **Annie Jean Cartwright**, on 26 Sep 1929 in London. Peter was born on 19 Sep 1905 in Faversham, Kent. They had four children: **Barry Michael**, **Anne Felicity**, **Elizabeth Mary**, and **Peter Anthony**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Parliamentary Correspondent for The Times.

19-Barry Michael Lyne

19-Anne Felicity Lyne

19-Elizabeth Mary Lyne

19-Peter Anthony Lyne

18-Phyllis Braithwaite

Phyllis married **Job Rouma**, son of **Albert Rouma** and **Dora Schipperupr**, on 11 Sep 1931 in Cannes, France. Job was born on 28 Jun 1902 in Amsterdam, Netherlands. They had one son: **Richard**.

19-Richard Rouma

18-**Michael Wilfred Braithwaite** was born on 18 Oct 1915 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker, Foster & Braithwaite in 1Throgmorton Avenue, London.

Michael married **Daphne Margery Christine Morse**. They had two children: **Neil David** and **Hugh Michael**.

19-Neil David Braithwaite

19-Hugh Michael Braithwaite

17-**Dorothy Louisa Braithwaite** was born on 24 Jan 1884 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 12 Jun 1920 in 24 Egerton Terrace, South Kensington, London at age 36.

General Notes: Re DOROTHY LOUISA MAUD, Deceased.

Pursuant to the- Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap: 35, intituled " An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to-relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Dorothy Louisa Maud, late of 24, Egerton-terrace, South Kensington, S.W.. Wife of Brigadier-General Philip Maud, C.M.G.. C.B.E. (who died on the 12th day of June, 1920. at 24, Egerton-terrace aforesaid, and -whose will was proved in the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice at the Principal Registry, on the 10th day of August, 1920, by the Public Trustee, the executor named in the said will), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their claims and demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors for the. said executor, on or before, the 25th day of September, 1920, after which date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets' of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.— Dated this 13th day of August, 1920.

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MASTERMAN and EVERINGTON, of 11, Pancras-lane. in the city of London, Solicitors to the said Executor.

Dorothy married **Brig. Gen. Philip Maud**,²⁶³ son of **Henry Landon Maud** and **Minnie Powell**, on 14 Jan 1907 in Brompton, London. Philip was born on 8 Aug 1870 in Ashington, Suffolk and died on 28 Feb 1947 in London at age 76. They had three children: **Diana, David**, and **Jennifer Eve**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG CBE.
- He worked as a Military surveyor.
- He had a residence in 10 Pelham Street, London.

18-**Diana Maud**²⁶³ was born on 7 Nov 1908 in London and died on 1 Oct 1959 at age 50.

Diana married **Dr. Courtenay Nisbet Courtenay-Evans**,²⁶³ son of **James Lachlan Evans** and **Alice Maud Nisbet**, on 18 Dec 1934 in London. Courtenay was born on 22 Sep 1904 in London and died on 29 Jan 1972 at age 67. They had two children: **Rupert James** and **Giles Philip**.

General Notes: Courtenay Nisbet Courtenay-Evans

b.22 Sep 1904 d.29 Jan 1972

MRCS LRCP (1928) MB BS Lond (1929) MD (1932) MRCP (1931) FRCP (196)

Courtenay Evans was born in London, where his father was Rector of St. Dunstan's in the West, Fleet Street.

He had the orthodox education of the professional class of the time, going from Egerton's to Westminster School. He proceeded to St Bartholomew's Hospital, winning the Harvey Prize in Physiology and, after qualifying, became house physician to Lord Horder, a much sought after appointment. He continued his training in general medicine at the Hospital, developing an interest in cardiology with the encouragement of Geoffrey Bourne. He was appointed to the Consultant Staff of the Royal Chest Hospital, City Road, which he served from 1936 — 1952. He was also Consultant Physician at the Princess Beatrice (1953) and Saint Mark's (1954) Hospitals. During the War he joined the Emergency Medical Service, working in Hertfordsire as a general physician.

In 1934 he married Diana, daughter of Brig.-Gen. Philip Maud, CMG, by whom he had two sons, the older, Rupert, following his father's profession. His first wife died in 1959, and in 1962 he married Kathryn Jesse Eckford, a state registered nurse.

Courtenay had a great presence, a big man who combined hard work with a zest for life. A son of the manse, other folk's business was of deep concern to him and like all gossips, he was always good company. He practised in Wimpole Street and wrote a number of articles in medical journals on clinical aspects of cardiology, for he was essentially a practitioner. In his youth he played tennis with more than average skill.

AWF

[Brit.med.J., 1972, 1, 754;]

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BS MD MRCS FRCP.
- He worked as a Consulting physician.

19-**Dr. Rupert James Courtenay-Evans**

19-**Giles Philip Courtenay-Evans**

18-**David Maud**

18-**Jennifer Eve Maud** was born on 18 Apr 1912 in London, died in 1981 at age 69, and was buried in Montreux, Switzerland.

Jennifer married **Maj. George Ernest Gooch**, son of **George Daniel Gooch** and **Rose Ellen Apperly**, on 26 Apr 1933 in London. George was born on 29 Jan 1905 in Woodchester, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Feb 1958 in Bridge of Weir, Renfrewshire at age 53. They had three children: **John Daniel**, **Peter David**, and **Belinda**.

19-**John Daniel Gooch**

John married **Ann Patricia Lubbock**, daughter of **David Miles Lubbock** and **Hon. Helen Anne Boyd-Orr**. They had two children: **Katherine Janita** and **Diana Veronica**.

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20-Katherine Janita Gooch

20-Diana Veronica Gooch

19-Peter David Gooch

Peter married **Pamela Sarah Hartley**. They had three children: **Adam Daniel**, **Thomas Daniel**, and **Fiona Louise**.

20-Adam Daniel Gooch

Adam married someone. He had one daughter: **Sierra Grace**.

21-Sierra Grace Gooch

20-Thomas Daniel Gooch

Thomas married someone. He had one son: **Cody Daniel**.

21-Cody Daniel Gooch

20-Fiona Louise Gooch was born in 1972 and died in 1991 at age 19.

19-Belinda Gooch

Belinda married **Harry Merriman Ash**. They had one son: **George Gooch**.

20-George Gooch Ash

16-**Reginald Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 18 Jul 1847 in London and died on 20 Apr 1885 in London at age 37.

Reginald married **Adelaide Catherine Ann Chichester**, daughter of **Rev. George Vaughan Chichester** and **Harriet Eleanor Lyle**, on 22 Jun 1876 in Wotton. Adelaide was born on 16 Jan 1852 in Bushmills, Co. Antrim and died on 22 May 1919 in London at age 67.

16-**Walter Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 23 Sep 1848 in London and died on 8 Feb 1872 at age 23.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple.

Walter married **Elizabeth Emily Birch**, daughter of **William Singleton Birch**.

16-**Eliza Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 20 Jun 1850 in London and died on 31 Aug 1884 at age 34.

16-**Florence Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 12 Feb 1852 in London and died on 20 Apr 1898 at age 46.

16-**Adeline Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 9 Sep 1853 in London and died on 1 Jan 1916 in Wimbledon at age 62.

Adeline married **Walter Kier Campbell**, son of **Alexander Campbell 1st Of Auchendarroch** and **Harriet Agnes Marian Keir**, on 28 Oct 1891 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. Walter was born on 2 Apr 1854 in Jersey and died in May 1933 in Parkstone, Dorset at age 79.

15-**Charles Lloyd Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 6 Jul 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Died in Infancy.

15-**Charles Lloyd Braithwaite**^{7,8,12,37,78,388} was born on 10 Dec 1811 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 Jan 1893 in Ghyll Close, Kendal, Cumbria at age 81.

General Notes: Charles and Susanna provided a home for Mary Livingtone and her children, when Dr. David Livingstone was in Africa and she was in a state of financial despair. It

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was from here, that some of the children attended Stramongate School.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as an apprentice Grocer to George Crosfield & Co. Before 1833 in Liverpool.
- He worked as a Drysalter & Woollen manufacturer in 1833 in Ghyll Close, Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
- He had a residence in Ghyll Close, Kendal, Cumbria.

Charles married **Susanna Wilson**,^{7,8,12,37,78,388} daughter of **Isaac Wilson**^{7,12,37,49,177,292,328} and **Mary Jowitt**,^{7,12,37,177,292,328} on 3 Jul 1838 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. Susanna was born on 3 Nov 1815 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 12 Mar 1894 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 78. They had three children: **Charles Lloyd, Isaac**, and **Anna Mary**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

16-**Charles Lloyd Braithwaite**^{8,384} was born on 24 Mar 1840 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 30 Jan 1910 in Southport, Lancashire at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Airethwaite, Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

Charles married **Eleanor Hannah Davis**, daughter of **Samuel Davis** and **Rebecca Wallace**, on 8 Jul 1875 in Kendal, Cumbria. Eleanor was born on 29 Mar 1844 in Rushville, Indiana, U.S.A. and died on 4 Apr 1922 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 78.

16-**Isaac Braithwaite**^{8,388} was born on 9 Aug 1844 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Feb 1929 in Ghyll Close, Kendal, Cumbria at age 84.

Isaac married **Mary Snowden Thomas**,³⁸⁸ daughter of **Prof. Richard Henry Thomas**¹² and **Phoebe Clapp**, on 14 Oct 1890 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA. Mary was born on 29 May 1850 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA and died on 11 Jan 1931 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80.

16-**Anna Mary Braithwaite**^{8,12} was born on 25 Jan 1850 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 Sep 1896 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 46.

Anna married **Thomas Crewdson Wilson**,¹² son of **William Wilson**¹² and **Hannah Crewdson**,¹² on 2 May 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria. Thomas was born on 27 Feb 1849 in Highfield, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 16 May 1910 in Penzance, Cornwall at age 61. They had four children: **Charles Braithwaite, William Ernest, Kathleen Mary**, and **Harold Crewdson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

17-**Charles Braithwaite Wilson**¹² was born on 20 Mar 1878 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

General Notes: NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, Mary Snowden Braithwaite. acting by Charles Braithwaite Wilson (Receiver), and Harold Crewdson Wilson, carrying on business as Drysalters, at Kendal, in the county of Westmorland, under the style or firm of ISAAC BRAITHWAITE & SON, was dissolved as and from the eighth day of July, 1929, by mutual consent.— Dated the seventh day of January, 1930. MARY SNOWDEN BRAITHWAITE, acting by Charles Braithwaite Wilson (Receiver). HAROLD C. WILSON.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1910-1920 in New York, New York, USA.
- He worked as a Drysalter in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1916-1918.

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Charles married **Ellen Blanche Hargrove**,¹² daughter of **William Henry Hargrove** and **Mary Ellen Van Dusen**, on 15 Oct 1910 in New York, New York, USA. Ellen was born on 18 Jun 1882 in Greenbush, Ontario, Canada and died on 11 Apr 1914 in Brooklyn, New York, USA at age 31. They had one son: **Henry Braithwaite**.

18-**Henry Braithwaite Wilson**¹² was born on 6 Aug 1911 in New York, New York, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil Servant (Home Office).

Henry married **Margarete Bodden**, daughter of **Max Bodden** and **Annie Giesler**. They had four children: **Margaret Hilda**, **David Mallen**, **Robert Charles**, and **Anne Elizabeth**.

19-**Margaret Hilda Wilson**

Margaret married **John David Nightingale**, son of **Gordon Wallace Nightingale** and **Freida Geipel**.

19-**David Mallen Wilson**

David married **Jean Elisabeth Ann Probert**, daughter of **Richard David Reginald Probert** and **Kathleen Dixon Taylor**. They had one daughter: **Alice Margaret Elaine**.

20-**Alice Margaret Elaine Wilson**

19-**Robert Charles Wilson**

19-**Anne Elizabeth Wilson**

Anne married **Prof. David Richmond Gergen**, son of **Prof. John Jay Gergen** and **Aubigne Munger Lermond**. They had two children: **Christopher** and **Katherine Anne**.

20-**Christopher Gergen**

20-**Dr. Katherine Anne Gergen**

Katherine married **Mark Adam Barnett**, son of **Steve Barnett** and **Teri**.

Charles next married **Edith Emily Martin**, daughter of **William Thomas Martin** and **Emily Sarah Carter**, on 2 Jun 1919 in Evesham, Worcestershire. Edith was born on 8 Jan 1896 in Evesham, Worcestershire and died on 1 Jun 1920 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 24. They had one son: **Charles Martin**.

18-**Charles Martin Wilson**

Charles married **Mary Elleray Storey**, daughter of **Richard Storey** and **Mary Anne Elleray**.

Charles next married **Hilda Nicholson**, daughter of **William Nicholson** and **Eleanor Gibson**, on 28 Feb 1922 in Levens, Kendal. Hilda was born on 31 Oct 1892 in Levens, Kendal. They had two children: **Kathleen Eleanor** and **William Alan**.

18-**Kathleen Eleanor Wilson**

18-**William Alan Wilson**

William married **Joyce Slinger**, daughter of **William Slinger** and **Eliza Ann Taylor**. They had three children: **Christine**, **Hilary**, and **Charles William**.

19-**Christine Wilson**

19-**Hilary Wilson**

19-**Charles William Wilson**

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17-**Prof. William Ernest Wilson**¹² was born on 25 Jun 1880 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 5 Mar 1955 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Professor at Selly Oak College.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Kingsmead Hostel, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

William married **Ethel Caroline Bentley**,¹² daughter of **Thomas Bentley** and **Mary Ann Atkinson**, on 7 Sep 1911 in Llandrindod Wells, Powys. Ethel was born on 6 Aug 1874 in Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 27 Mar 1954 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 79. They had one son: **John Theodore**.

18-**John Theodore Wilson**¹⁷⁸ was born on 10 Oct 1914 in Kingsmead Hostel, Selly Oak, Birmingham and died on 27 Apr 1915 in Kingsmead Hostel, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

17-**Kathleen Mary Wilson**¹² was born on 5 Dec 1882 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

17-**Harold Crewdson Wilson**¹² was born on 26 Jan 1885 in Elmhurst, Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1976 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Drysalter in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a JP for Westmorland.

Harold married **Dorothea Fry**, daughter of **Edward Fry**^{7,47,79,111,256,266,274} and **Annette Ransome**,^{7,47,79,111,256,266} on 8 Jan 1920 in Ipswich, Suffolk. Dorothea was born on 21 Jul 1886 in Ipswich, Suffolk. They had four children: **Richard Braithwaite**, **"Tessa" Elizabeth Ransome**, **Brian Harold**, and **Annette Dorothea**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1901-1904 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Richard Braithwaite Wilson** was born on 20 Apr 1921 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1991 in County Durham at age 70.

18-**"Tessa" Elizabeth Ransome Wilson** was born on 9 Jul 1923 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 20 Feb 2014 in Heron Hill Care Home, Kendal, Cumbria at age 90, and was buried in Parkside Cemetery, Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.
- She had a residence in Beastbanks, Kendal, Cumbria.

18-Brian Harold Wilson

Brian married **Jane Packard**, daughter of **Eric William Sydney Packard** and **Katharine Johnston**.

18-Annette Dorothea Wilson

Annette married **John Walbridge Sumsion**, son of **Herbert Witton Sumsion** and **Alice Hartley Garlichs**, on 19 Aug 1961 in Kendal, Cumbria. John was born on 16 Aug 1928 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Feb 2003 in Rotherby, Leicestershire at age 74. They had four children: **Bridget**, **Chris**, **Mike**, and **Kate**.

General Notes: John Sumsion - First Registrar of Public Lending Right
12 March 2003

John Walbridge Sumsion, statistician: born Gloucester 16 August 1928; Registrar, Public Lending Right 1981-91; OBE 1991; Director, Library andInformation Statistics Unit, Loughborough University 1991-96, Senior Fellow,Department of Information Science 1996-2003; Chairman, Statistics Section,International Federation of Library Associations 1995-99; Editor, Library &Information Research News 1997-2001; married 1961 Annette Wilson (two sons,two daughters; marriage dissolved 1979), 1979 Hazel Jones (née English; twostepdaughters); died Rotherby, Leicestershire 21 February 2003.In July 1981 the Government announced the appointment of John Sumsion,lately a manager with K Shoes, to the newly created post of Registrar ofPublic Lending Right. It had taken authors 30 long years of campaigningbefore

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Parliament had finally passed the PLR Act in 1979. This gave them a legal right to payment when their books were lent out by public libraries. What was the Government thinking of now? How could someone from the shoetrade understand authors' rights and successfully set up and run the new PLR system? Any doubts about John Sumsion's suitability for the job were soon swept aside as he applied his formidable intellect and extensive management experience to the myriad problems associated with turning the PLR legislation into a workable scheme. When he retired as Registrar 10 years later he left a smoothly successful operation, widely respected for its efficiency and cost-effectiveness, and highly regarded by authors for the clarity of its procedures and the helpfulness of its staff. John Walbridge Sumsion was born in 1928, one of three sons of Herbert Sumsion, the composer and, for over 50 years, organist at Gloucester Cathedral. John attended St George's Choir School, Windsor Castle, and, when war broke out, went with his American mother to New York, where he spent two years at St Thomas's Choir School. Music was to be an abiding pleasure for him, and he was a talented singer and flautist. He won a scholarship to Clare College, Cambridge, where he graduated with a First in History in 1952, followed by graduate school in America. He joined K Shoes as a graduate trainee in 1954. Thus began a 27-year association with the firm during which he gained experience in all aspects of business management, including (and probably most crucial from a future PLR point of view) responsibility for the introduction of computer systems. But a reorganisation following a merger with Clarks in 1981 led to his departure from the firm. As he considered his future, the Government was struggling to implement the PLR legislation. Advertisements for the new post of PLR Registrar had been placed in the press. A colleague suggested to Sumsion that this might be a "fun" job. He applied, was interviewed and, to his surprise, was duly offered it. His academic credentials were indisputable, but he felt his business background might place him at a disadvantage. In fact his management experience was exactly what the civil servants were looking for. He began work in September 1981. He set about familiarising himself with this strange new world of books and authors: he visited libraries, lunched with publishers, sounded out authors' organisations, picked the brains of computer consultants he had used at K Shoes, and (to the amazement of the civil servants) dared consult the redoubtable PLR campaigners Maureen Duffy and Brigid Brophy (Daniel entering the lion's den, as one official saw it). After two months he was ready to head north to Stockton-on-Tees, where the new PLR office was to be based. He was given a target date of February 1984 for the first PLR payments to authors. Much remained to be done, but he saw that the key to the success of the future PLR operation lay in establishing a workable system of loans data collection in libraries, and in rebuilding bridges with those in the library community who retained doubts about the scheme's validity. Impervious to official grumblings, he also insisted on revisiting parts of the scheme that he felt (rightly) would prove unworkable. At the same time he was conducting staff interviews by the light of calor-gas lamps as he waited for the installation of electricity at Bayheath House, PLR's new home in Stockton. But good progress was being made with the design and installation of the new PLR computer system. By September 1982 all was ready for the first author registrations, and loans data began flowing in from the 16 libraries in PLR's nationwide sample in early 1983. And so, in February 1984, the first PLR payments were made, with £1.5m distributed to just over 6,000 authors. In the coming years Sumsion continued to review and refine the scheme. He was encouraged in his endeavours by the PLR Advisory Committee. It was chaired by David Whitaker, with whom he established a lasting rapport built on a conviction that the scheme should be run in the interests of authors and with the minimum of red tape. Sumsion gathered around him at the PLR office a young team who imbibed his approach and established over the years a reputation with authors for cheerful helpfulness and reliability. Authors came to look forward to their annual PLR payments, a welcome antidote to the gloomy February weather. For many in receipt of small payments, the book loans details they received from PLR were more important than the money. They came as a morale booster, feedback from readers hitherto unknown to them. Sumsion undertook extensive research into the loans data generated by the PLR operation to monitor the accuracy of the sampling procedures. This showed the need for a larger sample and by 1991 he had increased the number of participating library authorities from 16 to 30. The statistics also had potential for publicising the Scheme, and PLR's annual lists of Most Borrowed Authors became regular features in the media. What television quiz show has not featured the question: "According to PLR, who is the most borrowed author in public libraries?" (Catherine Cookson.) He completed his second five-year appointment as Registrar in 1991. The scheme was running smoothly, its annual payment cycle now well established. It was time to move on, but not before his PLR achievements were recognised by his appointment as OBE. His work at PLR had whetted his appetite for library statistics. So it was no surprise when he accepted appointment as Director of the Library and Information Statistics Unit (LISU) at Loughborough University. He approached his new responsibilities with his familiar mix of energy, enthusiasm and intolerance of officialdom (in this case university red tape). He set about providing the library world with a new and much-expanded corpus of data on which to base its research and planning, and did all he could to encourage its use. After five years as Director of LISU he became a Senior Fellow in the university's Department of Information Science. Here he was able to take on consultancy work, teach and promote the importance of statistics for the library sector. In recent years growing ill-health had threatened to restrict his work but he battled on indomitably. He died peacefully at home, appropriately enough listening to music.

Jim Parker

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He was educated at Clare College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a manager at K Shoes in 1954-1981 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Registrar of Public Lending in 1981.
- His obituary was published in The Independent on 12 Mar 2003.
- He worked as a Director, Library and Information Statistics Unit in Loughborough University.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Bridget Sumsion

19-Chris Sumsion

19-Mike Sumsion

19-Kate Sumsion

15-George Foster Braithwaite^{7,8,180} was born on 16 Aug 1813 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 20 Feb 1888 in London at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Kendal & Westmorland.
- He worked as a Six times Mayor of Kendal.

George married **Mary Savory**,⁸ daughter of **Adey Bellamy Savory**^{8,12,197} and **Mary Cox**,^{8,12,197} on 23 Jun 1846 in Upper Clapton, London. Mary was born on 3 Sep 1823 in Tottenham, London and died on 28 Aug 1909 in Hawesmead, Kendal, Cumbria at age 85. They had 14 children: **George Foster, Arthur Lloyd, Mary Savory, Albert, Olivia, Paul James, Caroline, Emma, Edward Martin, Priscilla Anna, Ernest, Cecil, Herbert Morris, and Harold Bellamy.**

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Hawesmead, Kendal, Cumbria.

16-George Foster Braithwaite⁸ was born on 5 Oct 1847 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 4 Jan 1931 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 83.

George married **Mary Agnes Moser**, daughter of **Roger Moser**³⁸⁹ and **Jane Branthwaite**, on 5 Aug 1875 in Kendal, Cumbria. Mary was born on 16 Apr 1849 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Dec 1876 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 27. They had one daughter: **Agnes.**

17-Agnes Braithwaite was born on 21 Dec 1876 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 16 Feb 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria.

George next married **Emma Juliana Phoebe Hollins**, daughter of **James Hollins** and **Ellen Elizabeth Bayly**, on 15 May 1896 in London. Emma was born on 22 Sep 1861 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 1 Jan 1958 in Hampsfell, Arnside, Cumbria at age 96. They had five children: **Ellen Winifred, Basil Foster, George James Hollins, John Wykeham, and Robert Cecil.**

17-Ellen Winifred Braithwaite was born on 13 May 1897 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Ellen married **John William Cornish Barnett**, son of **William Barnett** and **Ellen Gane**, on 27 Jun 1931 in Kendal, Cumbria. John was born on 6 Oct 1875 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset and died on 29 Aug 1958 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 82.

17-Basil Foster Braithwaite was born on 14 Oct 1898 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Basil married **Ruth Whish**, daughter of **John Frederic Martin Whish** and **Ellen Clementina Louise Hollins**, on 22 Apr 1930 in Lympsham, Somerset. Ruth was born on 22 Apr 1892 in Blackford, Somerset. They had two children: **Anne Rosemary** and **John Foster.**

18-Anne Rosemary Braithwaite

18-John Foster Braithwaite

John married **Irene Margeretta Milne**, daughter of **William Alexander Milne.**

17-George James Hollins Braithwaite was born on 26 Jun 1900 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 29 Jun 1958 in Arnside, Cumbria at age 58, and was buried in Stock Jobber. London Stock Exchange.

George married **Pauline Alice Wentworth Somerville**, daughter of **Daniel Gerald Somerville** and **Dora Wentworth Ekin.** They had one daughter: **Geraldine Wentworth.**

18-Geraldine Wentworth Braithwaite

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**John Wykeham Braithwaite** was born on 12 Jan 1903 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Jun 1957 in Johannesburg, Transvaal, South Africa at age 54.

17-**Robert Cecil Braithwaite** was born on 22 Feb 1906 in Kendal, Cumbria and was buried in Electrical Engineer.

Robert married **Alison Snowdrop Thomas**, daughter of **Frederick Richard Thomas** and **Lilian Edwards**. They had two children: **Alison Mary** and **Diana Rachel Wordsworth**.

18-**Alison Mary Braithwaite**

18-**Diana Rachel Wordsworth Braithwaite**

16-**Arthur Lloyd Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 22 Dec 1848 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 24 Apr 1868 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 19.

16-**Mary Savory Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 24 Feb 1850 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 Apr 1930 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 80.

Mary married **Rev. Charles Boutflower**, son of **Ven. Samuel Peach Boutflower** and **Elizabeth Rawson**, on 7 Nov 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria. Charles was born on 3 Sep 1846 in Seaforth and died on 7 Mar 1936 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 89. They had three children: **Charles**, **Margaret Braithwaite**, and **Herbert Campbell**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Terling, Essex.

17-**Charles Boutflower**¹² was born on 3 Nov 1878 in Terling, Witham, Essex and died on 8 Nov 1951 in Combe Down, Bath, Somerset at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a H.M. Inspector Of Schools.
- He had a residence in Rosslyn, Heathfield, Sussex.

Charles married **Dora Charlotte French**,¹² daughter of **John French** and **Charlotte Lintott**, on 26 Jul 1905 in St. Michael's, Cambridge. Dora was born on 28 Feb 1883 in Cambridge. They had four children: **Charles Henry**, **Herbert Leopold**, **Dora Mary**, and **Margaret Rosina Charlotte**.

18-**Charles Henry Boutflower**¹² was born on 21 May 1906 in West Hampstead, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Master at Cheltenham College.

Charles married **Jacqueline Marie Culverwell**, daughter of **Frederick Augustus Culverwell** and **Adah Marion Huxtable**. They had two children: **John Charles** and **Peter**.

19-**John Charles Boutflower**

19-**Peter Boutflower** was born on 13 Sep 1936 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 20 Sep 1939 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 3.

18-**Herbert Leopold Boutflower**¹² was born on 1 Jul 1908 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Herbert married **Winifred Curtis**, daughter of **George William Curtis** and **Harriet Bardell**. They had two children: **Susan Elizabeth** and **David Curtis**.

19-**Susan Elizabeth Boutflower**

19-**David Curtis Boutflower**

18-**Dora Mary Boutflower**¹² was born on 6 Nov 1911 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

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Dora married **Upendra Nath Sur**, son of **Priya Nath Sur** and **Abala Ghose**. They had one daughter: **Leela Mary**.

19-**Leela Mary Sur**

18-**Margaret Rosina Charlotte Boutflower**¹² was born on 12 Dec 1914 in Heathfield, Sussex.

Margaret married **Raymond Bryan Draper**, son of **Bertram Ernest Draper** and **Mary Elizabeth Lever**. They had two children: **Christopher Ian** and **Anthony Keith**.

19-**Christopher Ian Draper**

19-**Anthony Keith Draper**

17-**Margaret Braithwaite Boutflower** was born on 8 Dec 1879 in Terling, Essex.

17-**Herbert Campbell Boutflower** was born on 29 Oct 1884 in Terling, Essex and died on 31 Mar 1946 in Evesham, Worcestershire at age 61.

16-**Albert Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 10 May 1851 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 Nov 1866 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 15.

16-**Olivia Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 22 Dec 1852 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 26 Apr 1862 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 9.

16-**Paul James Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 13 May 1854 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 Nov 1866 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 12.

16-**Caroline Braithwaite**^{8,12} was born on 14 Aug 1855 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Jul 1945 in Shipton Gorge, Dorset at age 89.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1915 in Brough Fold, Natland, Kendal, Cumbria.

Caroline married **Dr. David Page**,¹² son of **David Page** and **Anzella Henrietta Maria Whittier Snooke**, on 9 Sep 1879 in Kendal, Cumbria. David was born on 11 Jul 1845 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 20 Feb 1890 in Dublin, Ireland at age 44. They had four children: **Mary Caroline Angella**, **Sybil Dorothea**, **Olivia Braithwaite Grizel**, and **George Foster Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD MRCP FCS.
- He worked as a Physician.

17-**Mary Caroline Angella Page** was born on 20 Jun 1881 in Kendal, Cumbria.

17-**Sybil Dorothea Page**¹² was born on 31 Jan 1883 in Kendal, Cumbria.

17-**Olivia Braithwaite Grizel Page**¹² was born on 27 May 1884 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died about 1965 about age 81.

Olivia married **Frank Basil Bellamy Braithwaite**, son of **Rev. Herbert Morris Braithwaite**¹² and **Julia Mary Young**,¹² on 15 Jan 1938 in Broome, Stourbridge. Frank was born on 16 Feb 1902 in Liverpool and died on 17 Sep 2000 in New Zealand at age 98.

17-**George Foster Braithwaite Page**¹² was born on 1 Dec 1889 in Lunecliffe, Lancaster, Lancashire.

16-**Emma Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 15 Jan 1857 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Dec 1903 in Kew, London at age 46.

Emma married **Alfred Bickersteth Cook**,¹² son of **Dr. William Henry (Howard) Cook**¹² and **Harriet Bickersteth**, on 16 Sep 1886 in Rosario, Argentina. Alfred was born on 8 Oct 1861 in Abbey Road, St. John's Wood, London and died on 13 Jan 1929 in London at age 67. They had four children: **Arthur Bickersteth**, **John Braithwaite**, **Dorothy Wordsworth**, and **Elsie Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Church Missionary in Rosario, Argentina.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 40 Priory Road, Kew, London.

17-**Arthur Bickersteth Cook**¹² was born on 30 Jun 1887 in Rosario, Argentina and died on 27 Oct 1888 in Rosario, Argentina at age 1.

17-**John Braithwaite Cook**¹² was born on 28 Mar 1890 in Rosario, Argentina and died on 14 Nov 1890 in Rosario, Argentina.

17-**Dorothy Wordsworth Cook**¹² was born on 26 Aug 1891 in Fisherton, Rosario, Argentina.

Dorothy married **Robert Henry Tully**, son of **John Robert Tully** and **Martha Caroline Medhurst**, on 7 Nov 1916 in London. Robert was born on 27 Sep 1891 in Chichester, West Sussex. They had four children: **Leslie Robert**, **Gordon Eric**, **Joy Elsie**, and **Kathleen Mary**.

18-**Leslie Robert Tully**

Leslie married **Nita Emily May Gleadhill**, daughter of **Frederick Gleadhill** and **Esther Ward**. They had one son: **Lindsay Robert**.

19-**Lindsay Robert Tully**

18-**Gordon Eric Tully** was born on 10 May 1920 in Welling, Kent and died on 29 May 1939 in Coraki, Australia at age 19.

18-**Joy Elsie Tully**

Joy married **William Stanley Robinson**, son of **Albert James Robinson** and **Zillah Knight**. They had two children: **Mary Elizabeth** and **Gordon James**.

19-**Mary Elizabeth Robinson**

19-**Gordon James Robinson**

18-**Kathleen Mary Tully**

Kathleen married **John Joseph Schiebel**, son of **Alfred Schiebel** and **Kathleen Mary Moriarty**.

17-**Elsie Mary Cook**¹² was born on 21 Jul 1893 in Fisherton, Rosario, Argentina.

Elsie married **Joseph Frederick Robinson**, son of **Robert Robinson** and **Grace Boyd**, on 28 Jan 1925 in Namirembe, Kampala, Uganda. Joseph was born on 17 Nov 1896 in Manchester. They had one daughter: **Mary Grace**.

18-**Mary Grace Robinson**

16-**Edward Martin Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 17 Aug 1858 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 29 Nov 1897 in Barberton, Transvaal, South Africa at age 39.

16-**Priscilla Anna Braithwaite**^{8,12} was born on 17 Dec 1859 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 16 Nov 1939 in Sutton, Surrey at age 79.

Priscilla married **Rev. William Tyndale Hollins**,¹² son of **James Hollins** and **Ellen Elizabeth Bayly**, on 29 Aug 1883 in Kendal, Cumbria. William was born on 22 May 1853 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Jan 1933 in Sutton, Surrey at age 79. They had eight children: **Tyndale Braithwaite**, **Claude James**, **Douglas Foster**, **Andrew Duncan**, **Christopher Wordsworth**, **Stephen Goodenough**, **Cecil Braithwaite**, and **Mary Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of St. Peter, Bristol in 1882 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. George's, Tufell Park in 1892 in Tufnell Park, London.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. James', Clapham Park in 1900 in Clapham Park, London.

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- He had a residence in St. James Vicarage, Clapham Park, London.

17-**Tyndale Braithwaite Hollins**¹² was born on 15 Aug 1884 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 22 Jan 1897 in London at age 12.

17-**Claude James Hollins**¹² was born on 3 Aug 1885 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 22 Nov 1899 in Marlborough College at age 14.

17-**Douglas Foster Hollins**¹² was born on 31 Jul 1887 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Douglas married **Stella Maude Banks**, daughter of **Robert Fergusson Banks** and **Emily Pettengill**, on 19 Jun 1913 in London. Stella was born on 17 Oct 1889 in Nunhead. They had four children: **Robert Braithwaite**, **Peter Roland Claude**, **Beryl Joyce**, and **Raymond Tyndale**.

18-**Robert Braithwaite Hollins** was born on 21 May 1915 in Thames Ditton and died on 30 Jun 1921 in Thames Ditton at age 6.

18-**Peter Roland Claude Hollins**

Peter married **Christine Sybil Wetenhall**, daughter of **James Percy Wetenhall** and **Sybil Frances Gardiner**. They had one son: **(No Given Name)**.

19-**Hollins**

18-**Beryl Joyce Hollins** was born on 5 Mar 1921 in Thames Ditton and was buried in A.M.I.A.

Beryl married **Brian James Robb**, son of **John Arundal Robb** and **Gwendoline Kemsley**. They had three children: **Rodney Ferguson**, **Deirdre Beryl**, and **Stuart Adrian**.

19-**Rodney Ferguson Robb**

19-**Deirdre Beryl Robb**

19-**Stuart Adrian Robb**

18-**Raymond Tyndale Hollins**

Raymond married **Hazel Macdermot Martin**, daughter of **James Rowden Martin** and **Martha Brook**. They had two children: **Jeremy Fermain** and **Nicholas Anthony**.

19-**Jeremy Fermain Hollins** was born on 15 May 1951 in London and died on 18 Mar 1953 in Guildford, Surrey at age 1.

19-**Nicholas Anthony Hollins**

17-**Andrew Duncan Hollins**¹² was born on 26 Nov 1889 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Jun 1894 in London at age 4.

17-**Christopher Wordsworth Hollins**¹² was born on 28 May 1893 in Tufnell Park, London and died on 6 Apr 1945 in Parkesville, Vancouver Island, British Columbia at age 51.

Christopher married **Elfrieda Marie Sermuks**, daughter of **Peter Sermuks** and **Emma Ballod**, on 11 Nov 1919 in Lloydminster, Saskatchewan, Canada. Elfrieda was born on 29 Mar 1900 in Riga, Latvia. They had five children: **Elfrieda Mary**, **Joan Rosamond**, **Sylvia May**, **Stella Christine**, and **Hugh Peter Tyndale**.

18-**Elfrieda Mary Hollins**

18-**Joan Rosamond Hollins**

18-**Sylvia May Hollins**

18-**Stella Christine Hollins**

18-**Hugh Peter Tyndale Hollins**

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17-**Stephen Goodenough Hollins**¹² was born on 1 Sep 1895 in Tufnell Park, London.

17-**Cecil Braithwaite Hollins**¹² was born on 16 May 1898 in Tufnell Park, London.

Cecil married **Grace Jeanette Stacey**, daughter of **Edward Stacey** and **Jane Wilson**, on 1 Jun 1937 in London. Grace was born on 6 Mar 1898 in New Barnet, Hertfordshire.

17-**Mary Braithwaite Hollins**¹² was born on 20 Dec 1903 in Clapham Park, London.

Mary married **Reginald Moore**, son of **William James Moore** and **Annie Wood**, on 6 Sep 1928 in Esher, Surrey. Reginald was born on 11 Jun 1899 in London. They had three children: **Anna Mary Braithwaite**, **Mary Elizabeth Braithwaite**, and **Angela Clementina**.

18-**Anna Mary Braithwaite Moore**

18-**Mary Elizabeth Braithwaite Moore**

18-**Angela Clementina Moore**

16-**Ernest Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 2 May 1861 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 9 Sep 1861 in Kendal, Cumbria.

16-**Cecil Braithwaite**¹² was born on 11 Sep 1862 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 May 1948 in Boscombe, Bournemouth, Dorset at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Foster and Braithwaite, Stockbrokers in London.
- He was awarded with DL in City of London.
- He had a residence in Bridley Manor, Worplesdon, London.

Cecil married **Annette Frances Mills Evershed**,¹² daughter of **Dr. Arthur Evershed** and **Mary Hester Field**, on 6 Oct 1886 in St. Stephen's , Hampstead, London. Annette was born on 28 Jun 1866 in Amptill, Bedfordshire and died on 17 Sep 1959 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 93. They had four children: **Arthur Cecil**, **Geoffrey Gawen**, **Joyce Annette Theodora**, and **Annette Sylvia Mary**.

17-**Arthur Cecil Braithwaite**¹² was born on 8 Aug 1887 in Hampstead, London and died on 27 Sep 1909 in Cairo, Egypt at age 22.

17-**Geoffrey Gawen Braithwaite**¹² was born on 24 Aug 1890 in Hampstead, London.

Geoffrey married **Madeleine Edith Aylwin-Foster**, daughter of **Edward Charles Aylwin-Foster** and **Ada Louisa Peacey**, on 8 Feb 1921 in London. Madeleine was born on 4 Nov 1895 in Clifton Rectory, Bedfordshire. They had four children: **Rosamond Madeleine**, **Cecil Geoffrey**, **Annette Marion**, and **Hugh Richard**.

18-**Rosamond Madeleine Braithwaite**

Rosamond married **Ronald Edward John Hepburn**, son of **David Hunt Hepburn** and **Amy Maud Kitching**,.²⁶ They had three children: **Derryn Madeleine**, **Nolan Margaret**, and **Marion Jean**.

19-**Derryn Madeleine Hepburn**

19-**Nolan Margaret Hepburn**

19-**Marion Jean Hepburn**

18-**Maj. Cecil Geoffrey Braithwaite** was born on 12 Apr 1923 in Reigate, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He worked as an officer of the Seaforth Highlanders.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in 27 Austin Friars, London.

Cecil married **Ann Marsden Clifford**, daughter of **Thomas Keith Clifford** and **Kathleen Frieda Marsden**. They had three children: **Rowan Richard**, **James Roderick**, and **Quona Rose**.

19-**Rowan Richard Braithwaite**

19-**James Roderick Braithwaite**

19-**Quona Rose Braithwaite**

Quona married **Norman Thomas Galloway Galbraith**, son of **Hon. Norman Dunlop Galloway Galbraith** and **Susan Patricia Kent**. They had four children: **Jake Geoffrey Kent**, **Ann Rose Braithwaite**, **James Jan Kent**, and **Thomas Norman Kent**.

20-**Jake Geoffrey Kent Galbraith**

20-**Ann Rose Braithwaite Galbraith**

20-**James Jan Kent Galbraith**

20-**Thomas Norman Kent Galbraith**

18-**Annette Marion Braithwaite**

18-**Hugh Richard Braithwaite**

17-**Joyce Annette Theodora Braithwaite**¹² was born on 3 Jul 1896 in Watford, Hertfordshire.

Joyce married **Charles Deakin**, son of **Stephen Henry Deakin** and **Mary Francis**, on 23 Jan 1918 in London. Charles was born on 28 Jan 1888 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 Mar 1944 in Died On Active Service at age 56. They had two children: **John Charles** and **Geoffrey Francis**.

18-**John Charles Deakin**

John married **Katherine Richardson**, daughter of **James Arthur Richardson** and **Katherine Ethel Munroe**. They had four children: **Geoffrey Charles**, **David James**, **Master**, and **(No Given Name)**.

19-**Geoffrey Charles Deakin**

19-**David James Deakin**

19-**Master Deakin**

19-**Deakin**

18-**Geoffrey Francis Deakin** was born on 12 Dec 1921 in Worplesdon, Surrey and died on 20 Jan 1944 in Killed In Action, Flying. at age 22.

Joyce next married **Edward Montague Dodd**, son of **Arthur Percy Dodd** and **Frances Sophia Wall**, on 27 Nov 1944 in Bramley, Surrey. Edward was born on 18 Jun 1897 in Leamington and died on 5 Aug 1953 in Eastbourne at age 56.

17-**Annette Sylvia Mary Braithwaite**¹² was born on 15 Sep 1899 in Watford, Hertfordshire.

Annette married **John Hamilton Knox**, son of **John Knox** and **Ethel Smith**, on 20 Sep 1919 in London. John was born on 11 Jul 1886 in London and died on 22 Sep 1939 in London at age 53. They had two children: **Diana Mary** and **Jean Elizabeth**.

18-**Diana Mary Knox**

18-**Jean Elizabeth Knox**

Jean married **Raymond Alcon Campbell**. They had two children: **Susan Jane** and **Christopher John George**.

19-**Susan Jane Campbell**

19-**Christopher John George Campbell**

Annette next married **Jean Georges Gayral**, son of **Gaston Gayral** and **Jeanne Lapeyre**, on 1 May 1941 in London. Jean was born on 29 Nov 1898 in Mont DE Marsan, Landes, France and was buried in Commandeur de la Legion D'honneur.

16-**Rev. Herbert Morris Braithwaite**¹² was born on 15 Apr 1864 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 8 May 1946 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of St. Benedicts's, Liverpool in Liverpool.
- He worked as a Rector of St. Michael's, Gloucester in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

Herbert married **Julia Mary Young**,¹² daughter of **Rt. Rev. Richard Young** and **Julia Heurtley Harrison**, on 7 Nov 1899 in St. George's, Tufnell Park, London. Julia was born on 21 Nov 1875 in St Andrews, Manitoba, Canada and died on 10 Sep 1955 in Tredington, Shipston on Stour, Worcestershire at age 79. They had five children: **Richard Herbert Bevan**, **Frank Basil Bellamy**, **Priscilla Wordsworth**, **Walter Heurtley**, and **Deborah Mary**.

17-**Rev. Richard Herbert Bevan Braithwaite** was born on 27 Sep 1900 in Liverpool.

17-**Frank Basil Bellamy Braithwaite** was born on 16 Feb 1902 in Liverpool and died on 17 Sep 2000 in New Zealand at age 98.

17-**Priscilla Wordsworth Braithwaite** was born on 8 Jan 1905 in Liverpool.

Priscilla married **Rev. Thomas Rushton Colman**, son of **Dr. Walter Stacy Colman** and **Dorothea Cane**, on 16 Aug 1938 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Thomas was born on 1 Mar 1905 in London and died in 1984 at age 79. They had four children: **Priscilla Juliet Braithwaite**, **Jeremy Crackanthorp**, **Andrew Walter Thomas**, and **Timothy Braithwaite**.

18-**Priscilla Juliet Braithwaite Colman**

18-**Jeremy Crackanthorp Colman**

18-**Andrew Walter Thomas Colman**

18-**Timothy Braithwaite Colman**

17-**Walter Heurtley Braithwaite** was born on 24 Aug 1906 in St. Michael's Rectory, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 18 Aug 1991 in Clent, Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCO.
- He worked as a Composer, Pianist & Teacher in Stourbridge, Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in 51 Corser Street, Stourbridge, Worcestershire.

Walter married **Sophy Kathleen Cottrell**, daughter of **Henry Cottrell** and **Mary Blackburn**, on 24 Oct 1942 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire. Sophy was born on 5 Aug 1907 in Liverpool and died in 1994 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 87. They had two children: **Veronica Jane** and **Peter**.

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18-**Veronica Jane Braithwaite** was born on 20 Aug 1943 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire and died on 31 Jan 1996 in Trimpley, Worcestershire at age 52.

Veronica married **Basil Titford**, son of **Charles William Titford** and **Joyce Bubb**. They had four children: **Tamzin Helen Jane**, **Johanna Georgina Meg**, **Aidan Reuben Cedd**, and **Benjamin Ossian Chad**.

19-**Tamzin Helen Jane Titford**

Tamzin married **Henry Edison Diogenes Mock**. They had two children: **Fynnian Alyosha Tal** and **Leander Cariad Ruan**.

20-**Fynnian Alyosha Tal Titford-Mock**

20-**Leander Cariad Ruan Titford-Mock**

19-**Johanna Georgina Meg Titford** was born on 5 May 1965 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire and died in 1983 at age 18.

19-**Aidan Reuben Cedd Titford**

19-**Benjamin Ossian Chad Titford**

18-**Peter Braithwaite**

Peter married **Veronika Nater**. They had three children: **Thomas Nicholas**, **Benjamin Raphael**, and **Johanna**.

19-**Thomas Nicholas Braithwaite**

19-**Benjamin Raphael Braithwaite**

19-**Johanna Braithwaite**

17-**Deborah Mary Braithwaite** was born on 1 May 1910 in St. Michael's Rectory, Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

16-**Harold Bellamy Braithwaite** was born on 20 Nov 1867 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 May 1917 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 49.

15-**Thomas Braithwaite** was born in Feb 1815 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Kendal, Cumbria.

15-**Rev. Robert Braithwaite**^{8,12} was born on 24 Jul 1816 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Jan 1882 in Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Chipping Campden in Chipping Campden, Gloucestershire.

Robert married **Charlotte Masterman**,^{8,12} daughter of **John Masterman**^{7,8,12} and **Eliza Harris**,^{7,8,12} on 9 Apr 1844 in Leyton, London. Charlotte was born on 31 Jan 1820 in Marsh Street, Walthamstow, London and died on 16 Oct 1889 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 69. They had three children: **Robert**, **Charlotte**, and **Anna**.

General Notes: Leyton House, Leyton, London is also given as her place of birth.

16-**Robert Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 23 Dec 1845 in London and died in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Lincoln Inn.

16-**Charlotte Braithwaite**⁸ was born on 6 Jun 1847 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Died in Infancy.

16-**Anna Braithwaite**^{8,12} was born on 11 Mar 1851 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 Oct 1931 in Freshford, Somerset at age 80.

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Anna married **Robert Ley Wood**,¹² son of **James Wood** and **Elizabeth Ley**, on 21 Sep 1880. Robert was born on 28 Apr 1853 in Ratcliffe Culey, Leicestershire and died on 25 Aug 1917 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 64. They had seven children: **Charlotte Anna Braithwaite**, **Robert Braithwaite**, **James Ley Masterman**, **Elizabeth Margaret**, **Sarella Mary Mackenzie**, **John Percival**, and **Eliza Theodora Octavia**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in 1 Lansdown Terrace, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

17-**Charlotte Anna Braithwaite Wood**¹² was born on 29 Oct 1881 in Llanelly, Monmouthshire, Wales.

Charlotte married **Rev. Robert Wakefield Benson**, son of **George Henry Benson**¹² and **Sarah Orton Wood**,¹² on 22 Sep 1925 in Bath, Somerset. Robert was born on 8 Apr 1891 in High Barnet, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oxford. M.A.
- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

17-**Robert Braithwaite Wood**¹² was born on 9 Dec 1882 in Llanelly, Monmouthshire, Wales and died on 30 Dec 1954 in Zeal, Wiltshire at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor in Okehampton, Devon.

Robert married **Margareta Elisabeth af Ekenstam**, daughter of **Hon. Carl Theodor af Ekenstam** and **Selma Elisabeth Hanngren**, on 1 Jul 1914 in Hosterum, Ostergothland, Sweden. Margareta was born on 14 May 1892 in Smedjebacken, Dalecarlia, Sweden.

17-**James Ley Masterman Wood**¹² was born on 26 Jan 1884 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 28 Dec 1933 in Oroyde Hoe, Meadfoot Road, Torquay, Devon at age 49.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB LM.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Northgate Cottage, Barnstaple, Devon.
- He worked as a Physician.

James married **Joan Leask**, daughter of **Magnus Leask** and **Margaret Williamson**, on 18 May 1906 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Joan was born on 29 Jan 1888 in Shetland. They had three children: **Robert Braithwaite Masterman**, **Margaret Constance J. Masterman**, and **Eleanore Mavis Masterman**.

18-**Robert Braithwaite Masterman Wood**¹² was born on 23 Jul 1907 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

18-**Margaret Constance J. Masterman Wood**¹² was born on 20 Mar 1911 in Northgate Cottage, Barnstaple, Devon.

Margaret married **John Austen Pimlott**, son of **William Pimlott** and **Hilda Eugenie Rose Leighton-Bailey**. They had two children: **Jennifer June** and **Peter Warwick**.

19-**Jennifer June Pimlott**

19-**Peter Warwick Pimlott**

18-**Eleanore Mavis Masterman Wood**

Eleanore married **John L. Boldero**, son of **Lawrence J. G. Boldero**. They had two children: **(No Given Name)** and **(No Given Name)**.

19-**Boldero**

19-Boldero

17-Elizabeth Margaret Wood¹² was born on 20 Apr 1886 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

17-Sarella Mary Mackenzie Wood¹² was born on 5 Jul 1887 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Jul 1957 in Winchester, Hampshire at age 70.

Sarella married **Dr. Gerald Arthur Smythe**, son of **Alfred William Smythe** and **Alice Clara Fisher**, on 16 Jan 1917. Gerald was born on 2 Apr 1888 in Forest Hill, Kent. They had three children: **Diana Mary Braithwaite**, **Daphne Margaret**, and **Anne Barbara**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician in Winchester, Hampshire.

18-Diana Mary Braithwaite Smythe

Diana married **Gerald Edward Hancock**, son of **Richard Hancock**, on 20 Jan 1945 in Winchester. Gerald was born on 16 Apr 1902 in Patras, Greece. They had two children: **John Richard Smythe** and **Susan Daphne**.

19-John Richard Smythe Hancock

19-Susan Daphne Hancock

18-Daphne Margaret Smythe

18-Anne Barbara Smythe

Anne married **Christopher Dudley Johnson**, son of **C. J. D. Johnson**.

17-John Percival Wood¹² was born on 12 Mar 1889 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 12 Mar 1889 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

17-Eliza Theodora Octavia Wood¹² was born on 7 Nov 1892 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

15-Joseph Bevan Braithwaite^{2,7,8,12,25,61,63,86,142,145,180,213,229,277,344,386,390,391} was born on 21 Jun 1818 in Highgate, Kendal, Cumbria, died on 15 Nov 1905 in 312 Camden Road, Islington, London at age 87, and was buried in FBG Winchmore Hill.

General Notes: Sun 17 June 1883 - Went to the new meeting house at Westminster. -had a sort of dedication service & a good sermon from Bevan (Braithwaite) - called on the Croppers in the afternoon & on my Father-in-laws with Nellie at Queen's Gate in the evening - went to Church at St. M Abbot
The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Joseph B. Braithwatte, 87 15 Ilmo. 1905 312, Camden Road, London. A Minister. Joseph Bevan Braithwaite was the yonngest son of Isaac and Anna Braithwaite, of Kendal, Westmorland. He and his twin sister Caroline (afterwards Caroline Savory), are spoken of as lovely children. They continued through life devotedly attached to one another, and even when both surrounded by large families, would always, if possible, spend their birthday together. During their mother's long absences on her religious visits to America, her seven children were left under the care of a faithful friend of the family, who though thoroughly kind, was obliged to exercise strict economy, and they were allowed few pleasures or treats of any kind. J. B. Braithwaite often referred to his childhood as a " dreary period," and but for his " charming little sister Cary," who waited upon him and his brother Robert most lovingly, and carried sunshine wherever she went, his childhood must have lacked the tender influences that often make it so full of happy memories ; one almost wonders, indeed, that after the experiences of those years he retained such a keen sense of humour, and such a bright cheerful nature as his characteristics throughout life. In writing of his childhood he says, " I did not enjoy vigorous health, the want of which was manifested in a tendency to stammer, and in several other ways, to my own great mortification. But through all I cannot remember a time when I was not sensible of the gracious visitations of the Holy Spirit of God, inclining my heart to His love and producing tenderness and contrition for disobedience or unfaithfulness. I remember learning many of Watts's hymns when I was very young ; the simple presentation of christian truth contained in these made a sweet impression upon my mind, and was, I doubt not, a means of great blessing. I was about" eight years old when I first went, as a day scholar, to Samuel Marshall's school in Stramongate, Kendal, where I received a sound English education, with rudimentary instruction in French, Latin and Greek. ... I never went to any other school or college, and though often keenly sensible how much I might have gained by the advantages now open to Non-conformists, I shall always look back to S. Marshall's instruction, and especially to the lectures which he used to give in several departments of science and literature, with grateful appreciation. . . . Even as a boy I had a great thirst for learning, and rejoiced in every opportunity for self-improvement. I remember learning the rudiments of Hebrew very early, and used to enjoy going out on the Scaurs round Kendal in order to shout the strange-sounding words at the top of my voice, to get accustomed to the pronunciation. "I well remember the visits of various ministering Friends to

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Kendal as well as the ministry with which we were often favoured in that large meeting. This ministry often made a deep impression upon me. I especially recall the visit of Joseph John Gurney to the families of Friends in Kendal in 1830, when both the large meeting houses, thrown together, were so crowded that I was obliged to sit at his feet on a hassock. His text was 'As in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive.' He was enabled to set forth the fulness and blessed-ness of redeeming love through Him who is the resurrection and the Life, with great clearness and power. I have a vivid recollection of his whispering to me after the meeting, 'Dost thou think that thou wilt ever have to speak for thy Lord and Saviour?' - and on my mentioning it to my dear mother, she told me that she believed I should, if I was only faithful to my Lord. " I continued at S. Marshall's school until I was nearly sixteen years of age, the routine of life at Kendal being but little interrupted, except by visits from our large circle of relatives and friends. In the year 1834, on my leaving school, my dear parents kindly arranged for me to go to London to attend the Yearly Meeting. Up to that time I had never been further than Lancaster. The Yearly Meeting was one of deep interest. Samuel Tuke was the able Clerk; it proved a time of blessing to my susceptible mind. I went twice to dine at J. J. Gurney's lodgings. It was on one of these occasions that he said to me, with that delightful suavity of manner which so distinguished him, 'Canst thou execute a little commission for me at Arch's (his bookseller's)?' He gave me a little note, of the contents of which I was ignorant, and I left it without the least suspicion of what would follow. About six or eight weeks afterwards, towards the close of my visit to London, I was astonished to receive a very large parcel of books, containing the whole of the "Scholia" of Rosenmiiller, with the lexicons of Schleusner for the Greek Testament, and Simonis for the Hebrew. These were all for me, and formed the nucleus of what has since become a pretty extensive library." On his return to Kendal J. B. Braithwaite was articled to a solicitor of that town to study law, and remained with him for seven or eight years. These were years of much religious unsettlement amongst Friends, owing to what was called the Beacon controversy,* and very many of the young people, amongst them three of J. B. B.'s own brothers and his two sisters, and many of his first cousins and personal friends, left the Society. He was brought strongly under the same influence, and it was to him a time of deep proving; he thus speaks of it in his journal: - "During the years 1835 and 1836 I was closely involved in the controversy, writing one- or two letters which were published in The Patriot, then a leading Nonconformist paper; also a series of papers on the early literature of our Society, in a highly controversial spirit. The perusal of writings which this involved,, issued under exceptional circumstances and in the heat of controversy, was not a very profitable occupation for a young man of eighteen, but it served to give me a very extended acquaintance with the literature of Friends, and even then I well remember being struck with the quiet dignity and excellent spirit of much that passed: under my review. . . . The Yearly Meeting * This controversy is fully explained in the Memoir of J. J. Gurney, 1st edition. -of 1836, at which I was present, was a time of great excitement, and it is marvellous to me, in looking back, that my little barque was not altogether cast adrift from the Society. " In 1840 I went to London to complete my legal education, in the chambers of our beloved friend John Hodgkin. My eldest brother Isaac, and sister Anna were then settled in London, and were very anxious that I should take the 'decisive step of resigning my membership in the Society of Friends. They had both been baptised with water, my brother Forster and ^sister Caroline had also undergone the same 'Ceremony. I even went so far as to allow an interview to be arranged for me with Baptist Noel * for the same purpose; but, I thought it 'Only right (in fact there was the guiding hand of a loving Father gently to restrain), I thought it only right, to first attend the Yearly Meeting throughout, and form my own independent judgment. I remember sitting on the further upper forms to the left of the Clerk's table. . . . I listened with an open mind to what passed, -although I was, at the time, writing a pamphlet explaining my views in opposition to Friends. *A minister of the Church of England of a beautiful evangelical spirit. The attendance of the Yearly Meeting deeply impressed me; and I was gradually brought to the conclusion that I must cast in my lot amongst Friends. I had been afraid that the Scriptural doctrine of justification by faith in the blood of Jesus, was not, in deed and in truth, recognised by the body of Friends; but I heard the testimonies concerning deceased ministers, and was ashamed and self-condemned for my harsh judgment; I felt constrained at the last sitting, just before the Clerk read the concluding minute, to say a few words to the effect that, having been involved in several publications during the late controversy, I wished thus publicly to testify, that, during the course of the Yearly Meeting I had had reason to see that I had been greatly mistaken in the conception which I had been led to form of the views of Friends, and that I wished to express my deep regret at having taken part in such publications, and my trust that I might be graciously guided for the time to come. Sweet was the peace that flowed into my soul." From this time, to the end of his long life, J. B. Braithwaite was a loyal and active member of the Society of Friends; he threw all the energies of his cultivated mind and whole-hearted devotedness to Christ into the work of the Society. With deep humility, yet with a steadfast purpose for what he believed to be his duty, he was ever ready to take a share in the affairs of the Church, and was active on Committees and in visiting as a delegate from the Yearly Meeting with other Friends on important occasions: besides being always diligent in the attendance of Meetings for Worship and a faithful minister of the Word of Life. The few memoranda we find during the years of his early manhood and ministry show how earnest were his desires to be found faithful to the path of duty, and to cultivate and improve his mind so that he might be more fitted for his Master's use. 2 xi. 1840. "I am under no small sense of discouragement. My habits ^are not regular, my mind is not exertive, my studies are ill-conducted, and my time is consequently often wasted or mis-employed As to growth in grace, I am sometimes fearful, lest, after all my profession and experience of mercy, I am deceived; my heart is a faithless monitor, variable as the waves of the ocean. In the quiet retirement of my chamber I flatter myself that I enjoy communion with my Heavenly Father; but alas! how soon is Heaven forgotten and the love of God in Christ Jesus dissipated among my books and companions. I need a constant stimulus; my duties are forgotten or only half performed, and the remembrance of continued failures weakens my resolution for the future. Let me consider what I am by nature and by actual transgression. How much I have been forgiven. How many undeserved mercies I daily receive, and what a glorious hope is laid up for the believer in the Gospel of Christ. This will lead me to a strict watch over myself that I offend not in thought, or word or action or appearance. This will apply both ways; let me fear doing too little as well as too much: and oh! let me consider the duties of a Christian, as set forth in Romans xii. and in various other places of Scripture. Blessed and most merciful Saviour, do Thou visit me in Thy mercy and abundantly replenish me with Thy love and strengthen me with Thy Holy Spirit, that I may be a burning and a shining light to Thy glory, and honour Thee in all my ways." Again he writes: "How can I teach others when I am myself so slow to learn? What shall I speak on behalf of my Saviour who have been so often ashamed of Him? How can I testify against sin who have been so great a sinner, or recommend hohness who practise it so Httle? Lord do Thou make me what Thou wouldst have me to be; yea, if it be Thy will make me a faithful and an able minister of the New Coven- ant, not of the letter but of the spirit, a servant of Thee and of the Lord Jesus Christ, according to the spirit of holiness. Amen!" And again; "Oh! to realise that we are not our own! that neither our bodies nor our minds are in our own power; that He who created them, created them for His glory and can take them away at His pleasure. Let me live presently for the future, not of time, but eternity. May I more and more believe in and utilise the influences of the Holy Spirit, seek for them,, cherish them, and live according to them." "Beware lest any man spoil your Christianity; it should be a practical system of social order. We all find it difficult to bear up against the world,

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to stem the torrent of vice,, immorality or earthly -mindedness ; not a day passes but I have to mourn over my unfaithfulness. But that does not prove that we are to go out of the world. We are to be the salt of the earth, the lights of the world, the witnesses of Christ ! As the inanimate creation proves the •existence of a God, so the new creation in Jesus Christ evidences His love ! And what a charge is this ! what manner of persons ought we to be in all holy conversation and godliness ! Called upon to prove to a world, with all its present intellectual pretensions, as yet unbelieving, that divine influences are not cunningly devised fables, that the work of the Spirit is an un-doubted reality, and that God is yet able and willing to make the weak and despised of the world to confound the wisdom of the wise, and to bring to nought the understanding of the prudent." He planned out for himself a scheme of study, with a list of books on Church history and Biblical criticism for his reading. He was at times so deeply engrossed in these that he avoided his friends, and often ran back to his lodgings after meeting on First-day, and locked himself in so that he might escape being asked out to dinner. In the summer of 1851, J. B. Braithwaite - married Martha, eldest daughter of Joseph Ashby and Martha Gillett, of Banbury. Though of very different temperaments, their union was a very harmonious and happy one, Martha Braithwaite's quiet peaceful spirit adding strength to the character of her husband ; so much was this apparent that the one life seemed incomplete without the other. The long separations involved in his extensive religious engagements were a great trial to them both, but they were one in faith and purpose, and gladly gave up all for the Master's service. After his wife's decease, in 1895, J. B. Braithwaite thus writes in his journal, - " This . morning my precious wife peacefully fell asleep in Jesus. To me it is an inexpressible loss. Ours has been indeed a union of ever-deepening joy, hallowed by the presence and blessing of our faithful and covenant-keeping Lord. Our union of nearly forty-four years has been crowned with loving- kindness and tender mercies. It is a delight to trace her course of simple steadfast faithfulness and unwavering trust, and the many precious evidences of her tender love, the depth of which none can ever know. And, blessed be the Lord ! ours was a union which is undissolved by death. We are still one in Him who is the Resurrection and the Life. May I abide in Him, still resting in His love, rejoicing in His presence and salvation ; for we know (and she has now entered into the glorious-reality) we know that if the earthly house of this tabernacle be dissolved, we have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens." J. B. Braithwaite was recorded a minister by Westminster Monthly Meeting in 1844, and almost from that time to within a few years of his death we find frequent mention on the books of the Monthly Meeting of his being liberated for religious service, in the British Isles, in America, or on the Continent of Europe. It is wonderful to notice how, with the heavy claims of business, and a large family and all his other interests, he found time to undertake so many religious engagements. The entries in his diary show how it was ever his earnest desire to give his Master's work the foremost place in his life ; and often amidst much discouragement and felt weakness, and sometimes under the burden of heavy bereavement, he was enabled to perform these services to the help and blessing of his friends and his own peace and comfort ; the refrain of his life of earnest and strenuous effort for the good of others seemed ever to be " I delight to do Thy will, oh my God ! " .Under date 11th of Seventh Month, 1858, -he writes : " I am often much discouraged under a sense of my unprofitableness. ... I long- to be more devoted to the Lord's service. . . . May I ever be found undertaking nothing- without His prompting and direction, and flinching from nothing into which He calls me. In the meantime let me remember that He is glorified in a course of patient continuance in well doing in the ordinary duties of life, no less, than in more public services, if the disciple is. only preserved in simple unreserved faithfulness. . . . My mind has been much occu- pied lately with the subject of pastoral care, the right, vigilant oversight of our members, the cherishing of the work of religion amongst them. Is there anything called for at my hands in this direction, and if so what is it ? It may not be permitted to me to have any part in the building of the House of the Lord ; but I may earnestly desire it, and pray for the peace of Jerusalem. I desire also to keep in view in my reading some really profitable object or permanent benefit to the church of God ; Oh ! if this might be the case, how I should rejoice and be prepared to lay down my head in peace, in the humble trust that through great mercy I had not lived in vain. . . . Oh ! that no carelessness or indolence of mine, no unwatchfulness or wandering may ever turn me aside from the path in which He would have me to walk." On his removal to his new home, 312, -Camden Road, where he continued to reside to the end of his life, the entry in his diary is very characteristic. 12th of Fifth Month, 1861. " I desire to Tecord my humble thankfulness for our peaceable removal to and settlement in our new habitation, feeling it no more than the house of our pilgrimage, another pitching of the tent. The removal has been accomplished in great quietness and almost with ease. My great desire is that it will please the Lord to dwell with us ; that here we may take no rest upon earth, but still lean on Him and rejoice only in His blessed service." Those who only saw J. B. Braithwaite at Meeting or in public did not really know him. He shone in his home or in the social circle, where his fine conversational powers could have full play, and his bright intellectual attainments rshowed to their best advantage. In his library or drawing-room with his friends around him, he could hold their interest for a whole evening, treating them to choice extracts from his beloved Cicero, or Clemens Alexandrinns ; or from some old Friend worthy, John Woolman, or Robert Barclay ; or again, giving a critical exposition of some passage from one of Paul's epistles, or the book of Isaiah, or the Psalms, often bringing out ancient books to illustrate his subject. Among his children too, in their young days, he relaxed and thoroughly enjoyed a romp, often going into the nursery just before bedtime, crawling on all fours ready to ride the little ones on his back, with his pockets full of good things to be despoiled amidst much shouting and fun. Later on, when his boys were cider, he would help them build and sail their toy boats, or give them delightful demonstrations with the electrical machine. At his evening meal his children gathered round him with their various employments, and one would read from " the Contributions of Q.Q.," or " Tales of a Grandfather," " Pilgrim's Progress," or Addison's " Spectator," which was made delightful by his racy comments and explanations ; and when they grew older he introduced them to the beauties of Milton, Wordsworth, Longfellow, or his favourite Cowper. The daily reading of the Scriptures in his family morning and evening was a marked feature of his life, and was almost always accompanied by fervent prayer, in which his deep concern for the spiritual welfare of all his family and household, as well as for his many interests and large circle of friends, was ever manifested, and will long be remembered by those who were present. When one and another of his sons and daughters married and had families of their own, he took a loving interest in all that concerned them, and always delighted to have his grand-children around him, and was deeply loved by them all. His large and interesting library had been gathered together little by little from the time of his first coming to London, and it is wonderful to notice what a wide range of thought and information the books cover. The section on Church History, for instance, comprises books upon all the various periods, from the first century to the twentieth, and covers all the varied sects and denominations ; and that on Biblical criticism and exposition embraces authors of all creeds and phases of thought. His large hearted, liberal views of Christian truth, and his charitable consideration for those who differed from him may be largely attributed to this fact of his wide range of reading. He was never satisfied to look at a truth only from the Quaker standpoint ; his convictions were the result of careful study and investigation. Another marked feature of his library is the ancient manuscripts or facsimiles of them which he had collected in connection with his Biblical study, and the Greek and Latin classical authors which he so delighted in. His books were like old friends to him, and up to the very last he knew just where each was placed, and could direct his daughters where to find it on the shelves, and then would turn at once to the passage he required. During his middle

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life J. B. Braithwaite's unwearying energy and strenuous, active work, were such that those who were only acquainted with him in later years can have little idea of it. As a rule he would rise at four or five o'clock, so as to ensure the quiet of the early morning for reading and prayer, and he would often speak of these times as "very precious." He worked like a man who knew no fatigue, and was the marvel of his friends. Wherever he went he carried about with him a bag full of carefully chosen books, which he diligently read at every available moment, utilising thus his omnibus or train journeys ; he used often to remark that he could not understand intelligent people being satisfied to spend so much of their valuable time reading newspapers or magazines. When engaged in religious service he planned out so much to be done in a short time that he usually tired out his companions. Just as an example we may refer to the occasion when he and his wife were visiting the Meetings of Friends in Ireland in 1869 ; they were absent there about six weeks. He records in his journal, " In the course of our visit we held twenty-one public meetings and attended about fifty other meetings, besides the visits to young men in Belfast and Dublin and the social meetings at Belfast Bessbrook, Cork and Dublin." He rarely had a day's illness, yet his sympathies were wonderfully drawn out to those who were suffering and distressed, and many times he was engaged with his wife in visiting the invalids of his own Monthly Meeting. This power of sympathy also specially qualified him for paying family visits, and often during his religious engagements he entered upon this work. He frequently addressed individuals visited in such close terms that they were ready to think some one ' must have revealed to him their circumstances or the state of their minds. Sometimes he felt called to administer rebuke or warning ; but he always did it in such a loving manner that the individual could not fail to recognise that it was no judging spirit that prompted him, but the love of Christ constraining. Whilst highly valuing the experience of the past, J. B. Braithwaite was always ready to consider progressive developments in connection with the Society. The following extract from his journal is expressive of his feelings in regard to the forward movement amongst Friends : - " I desire that we may more and more feel that our growth as a body depends upon our growth as individuals, and that our growth as individuals depends upon each being rooted in Christ, I fear that the tendency of the habit of looking so much to changes in external organisation is to produce a superficial state of things ; in looking so much to social gatherings, the individual work is apt to be overlooked. Oh that I may be preserved in deep abiding watchfulness and humility, stayed and resting upon Christ my Saviour. I feel more than a usual weight in the prospect of the Yearly Meeting, yet it is not the weight of alarm or anxious foreboding, but an earnest concern that all the religious interest and inquiry that is awakened amongst us may be rightly directed and turned to the best account." The interests of the Society of Friends ever claimed his most serious and prayerful attention. On at least two occasions he helped in the revision of the Book of Discipline, and was a member of several important deputations of the Yearly Meeting, besides serving as Clerk to the Morning Meeting and his own Monthly Meeting on Ministry and Oversight during a long course of years, and regularly attending the Meeting for Sufferings and taking active part in its business. He was a Trustee of the Flounders Institute for many years, and the Public Schools and other educational interests of the Society had his hearty sympathy and help. But although he was essentially a Friend, he was more essentially a minister of the Gospel, and his deep concern was that all might be brought to a knowledge of salvation, and by experimental acceptance of Christ's atoning sacrifice become living members of His body, taking each his share of the work and burden of the church. He was extremely careful of the reputation of others, and allowed nothing unkind or detrimental to another to be said in his hearing. Mere gossip he always discouraged and resented ; he consequently became the trusted and confidential friend of all. His regular attendance of Meetings . for Worship was a very marked feature of his life ; he allowed nothing to interfere with this, though it was sometimes at much inconvenience or sacrifice. He did his utmost to further the social interests of the Meeting ; taking much pleasure in making the acquaintance of the many young men Friends who came up to London for study or business. He would hurry down from his seat after meeting to shake hands with any whom he saw were strangers, and nearly always took home two or three to dinner on First-days. He delighted to open to them the treasures of his library, and to advise them as to their reading and study, and sometimes . would almost frighten them by the large armfuls of books he would bring for their perusal. For many years he held a Bible Class for young men at Devonshire House, and another at his . own house, open to all. Throughout his life J. B. Braithwaite's sympathies were strong towards mission work and evangelical effort of all sorts. Before he left Kendal, when still a very young man, he held cottage meetings, and a night school for the lads in his father's mill. When Moody was in London the first time, he took part in the house to house visitation, and helped in the inquiry room at the Agricultural Hall. In the earlier days of organised mission work amongst Friends in London he often visited the various meetings connected with the Bedford Institute and its branches, and did what he could to encourage and cheer the workers. He and his wife did much to help in the establishment of the, mission work at Bunhill Fields ; they were constantly at the meetings first held there in the Tent and the Iron room, and he rejoiced that members of his own family were led to take part in it, always encouraging them in every possible way. The Adult School movement had his hearty sympathy, and from the time it was first commenced in London to the time of his death it was a great pleasure to him to watch its development in and around the metropolis. When travelling about the country on his religious journeys., he took delight in encouraging the mission work and workers in the various places he visited ; for many years he was a member of the Friends' Home Mission Committee. Foreign Missionary work also shared his warm interest, and he rejoiced when Friends took it up as a Society. Many of our earlier missionaries were lovingly welcomed to his home, when they passed through London on their way to and from their fields of labour. He delighted to arrange farewell meetings for them and to cheer them on by prayer and sympathy. He was a member of the Friends' Foreign Mission Association Board for over thirty years. It is noticeable that most of J. B. Braithwaite's religious journeys were taken after he was fifty years of age. Up to that time although he was constantly engaged in ministerial work at home, he had been an active professional man ; having been called to the bar as a member of the Middle Temple when twenty-five years of age, he had acquired a large practice as a barrister, and was looked upon as one of the leading conveyancers of his day. But it is very evident that he felt it his duty more and more to engage in the religious work to which he was called by his Divine Master ; he frequently alludes to this in his journal. " 31st of Twelfth Month, 1869. . . . And now what do I need and what do I at times earnestly pray for, but renewed consecration. Guide me, O Lord, in my studies, in my pursuits, in the employment of my time, in my spiritual duties, in my business, in all my ways. Oh that my life may be to Thy honour and to the winning of many precious souls to Christ ! " 21st of Sixth Month, 1874, he writes : ' Fifty-six years of my life have now passed away and I am still mourning my unprofitableness ; little indeed is accomplished. O Lord, I desire in a renewed act of consecration to dedicate myself wholly to Thee. I am Thine, both by creation and redemption, purchased unto Thyself by the precious blood of Christ. Take Thyself the direction of my thoughts, words and actions ; possess me fully, and grant that I may fulfill all the purposes of Thy goodness, and finish my course according to Thy will." Four of his American journeys, his Continental journeys and his work in connection with the British and Foreign Bible Society, all took place during the last thirty-five years of his life. He visited the Yearly Meetings of Friends on the American Continent three times with Certificate, and on two occasions as a member of a deputation from London Yearly Meeting ; the last time in company with his brother Geo; Gillett-, and others, he attended the Conference at Richmond, Indiana, and helped in the preparation of " the Declaration of Faith" then issued. These visits enabled him to become well acquainted with American Friends, and he

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entered into deep sympathy with them in their many interests and varied circumstances, and the complex difficulties they had to face in the rapid growth of their Society in the Western States. He never went amongst them in a judging spirit, but with true brotherly and Christian consideration that made him at once their confidential and trusted friend and helper. He was universally beloved and respected by those Friends with whom he came into contact in America, and delighted to welcome them to his home, and to do all that lay in his power to help them when any of them came to England on religious service. He was deeply concerned that a loving and brotherly relationship should be maintained between Friends in England and America. Whilst he ever felt it of vital importance for our Society to uphold the truths of the Gospel, his loving spirit dreaded all schisms and divisions, and he strove to encourage mutual forbearance and love. To some who only came into contact with the outside circle of his life it might have seemed that he was free from business anxieties, and the various difficulties and perplexities that usually attend a man with a large family; but it was not so; the frequent absences from home that his religious work entailed called for much exercise of faith which he alludes to in his journal on many occasions. ** 2 mo. 15, 1863. I have much outward discouragement about business, and faith at times is brought to a very low ebb; indeed, I hardly know what to think of it, and were it not that / am sure I am in the hands of a most merciful and bountiful Father in Heaven, I should be quite discouraged. But I desire humbly to thank Him for this also, and earnestly pray for the continuance and an increase of faith and patience. Tried as my faith has been, I have been sweetly supported in the trust that He knows all our needs and that He hath said 'I will never leave thee nor forsake thee.' " It is only possible in the limits of this notice to refer in passing to the many friends and acquaintances J. B. Braithwaite had amongst the men of note belonging both to the Church and the State, his large-hearted Christian charity enabling him to recognise in all the true servants the image of the Master; in conversation with them he always avoided religious argument and controversy. but delighted to talk upon subjects in which they could agree. His zeal for the spread of Christ's kingdom kept him from being cynical or narrow-minded, and he was ever ready to give the right hand of fellowship to all who loved the Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity. His learning and breadth of thought, and his wonderful power of adaptability made him equally at home with the high dignity of the Church, the Nonconformist minister, the statesman, the scholar, the judge, or the philanthropist, whilst his truly loving, sympathetic nature appealed to all and made him beloved by all. His connection with the British and Foreign Bible Society, which commenced in 1875 and continued uninterrupted to the end of his life, was a source of much real enjoyment to him. Although it entailed attendance at long committees and other fatiguing engagements, the work was most congenial to him, and he would often speak of it as among the greatest privileges of his life, bringing him as it did into close touch with so many highly-gifted large-hearted Christian men of all denominations. In a Minute issued by the Society after his decease the following tribute is borne to his memory. " Mr. Braithwaite's intimate knowledge of the Scriptures in Hebrew and Greek and Latin, and in the commentaries of the Early Christian Fathers, fitted him to give specially valuable help in connection with the Society's versions. From 1885 to the spring of 1905 he was Chairman of the Editorial Committee, an office which he very highly prized. Venerable in presence, gentle and benevolent in manner, devout in spirit, fervent in prayer, mighty in the Scriptures, his influence was great in the committee room, and his memory will be dear to all who worked by his side." J. B. Braithwaite twice accompanied the Society's Secretary in extensive journeys on the continent of Europe, on one of these occasions including Syria and Palestine, holding meetings with the colporteurs, and entering with Christian sympathy into all the details of the work in the various places. During one of these journeys he had a serious illness, which almost proved fatal, and laid him aside from active work for many months. On the subsequent occasion he visited the Friends' mission station at Brumana, and met with the little company at Constantinople, where afterwards, with his brother, Charles Gillett, he helped to establish the Friends' Meeting. On two occasions he paid religious visits to the Friends in the South of France, and in many places had public meetings in the Protestant temples (kindly lent for the purpose): and he and his wife in company with Robert and Christine Alsop paid a visit to the Pastors in the Vaudois valleys, whose simple life and self-denying efforts, often in lonely, isolated places, appealed strongly to his sympathy. It will be easily understood that in these varied journeyings he made numerous friends and acquaintances. With many of these he kept up correspondence to the end of his life. The testimonies received after his death show how his letters were valued by them. These journeys, especially that in Syria and Palestine, were a great enjoyment to him, independently of the work undertaken; his well-stored mind was ever ready to grasp the historical interests and associations of the places he visited; yet it was very noticeable how he would never take time that was needed for the fulfilment of his religious work merely to go sight-seeing, and often would have to pass over places of deep interest, simply remarking in his bright way, "Thou shalt see greater things than these," If he knew of any Friends or Christian workers, he would often go out of his way to look them up, and was able thus to cheer and help some of the Lord's lonely and discouraged servants. His visit to Syria and Palestine in 1883 stirred his heart to its depths, as he trod the paths and looked upon scenes so familiar to him from his knowledge of Scripture. Whilst on this journey he wrote a long poem entitled "The Apostle Paul," which, whilst describing the journeyings and work of the great Apostle, also opens up to us many of the inmost feelings and yearnings of the writer himself. During his long life, as was only natural, J. B. Braithwaite was often called to pass through times of bereavement, which were keenly felt by his sensitive and affectionate nature; but he knew well the source of help and comfort, and was enabled to rise above his own sorrows and throw his sympathies out to others in a wonderful manner. He always endeavoured to attend the funeral of any Friend who had been personally known to him, often travelling through the night in order to do so; many have been the testimonies given to the help and comfort he brought to the mourners at such times; his faith and hope in Christ's redeeming love was so bright and strong that he was ever able to speak the word in season. As life passed on and he was himself nearing the end of the journey, he loved to dwell on the blessedness of the eternal "Home," where the "redeemed" would gather around the throne of God to go no more out for ever; where sin, sorrow, disappointment and all earthly weakness and suffering would be no more; and he would often say that it was the same family in earth and heaven, all washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb. Amongst his favourite hymns was "The Last Words of Samuel Rutherford," and another beginning "A pilgrim and a stranger I journey here below," as well as the old favourites "Jesus, lover of my soul" and "Rock of Ages"; he much enjoyed having them sung or repeated. It was only very gradually that he gave up, one by one, his many duties and engagements, so that age seemed to creep almost imperceptibly upon him; but he was never the same active, robust man after a serious carriage accident in Canada in 1884, as a result of which he lost the use of his right hand for nearly a year, and never altogether regained it. But though his bodily powers failed, his mind was bright and active and full of power to the last. He was always busy about something. During the last few years of his life he revised and abridged the Memoir of Joseph John Gurney, which he had written when a young man, and also prepared a memoir of his own mother, besides writing many short papers for the Friend and Quarterly Examiner. His correspondence, too, occupied a large share of his time. He was most earnest to be found faithful to the end, and would often quote the words of the apostle, 'That I may finish my course and the ministry that I have received of the Lord Jesus to testify the Gospel of the grace of God,' always explaining that the word "finish" means in the original "to bring to its appointed and perfected end." Under date, 6 mo. 30, 1895, he writes, ** Grant me, O Lord, an increase of faith and true fervency of spirit. Life is passing on very swiftly, and my strength is becoming

enfeebled. Lord, I am weak, undertake for me ! " Fourth Month, 12, 1896. " This evening has been spent in reading Dr. Edersheim's * Life of Christ,' a really valuable book, and his very interesting article on ' Josephus ' in Dr. Smith's ' Christian Biography," with some reference to Mill's excellent book on Strauss's theories, etc. ; all tend to a deeper realisation of ' the unspeakable riches of His grace ' ; may I become more and more taught of the Lord and prepared for an entrance into His rest." Twelfth Month, 31, 1902. " In approaching the end of another year, it is the prayer of my heart that all the good pleasure of Thy goodness, O Lord, and the work of faith with power may, in Thy great mercy in Jesus Christ, be fully accomplished ; that so, in the winding up of my earthly service, I may stand perfect and complete in all the will of God, accepted in the Beloved ! Amen ! and Amen ! " He had been in the habit of attending the whole of the Yearly Meeting, but he felt the strain every year increasingly, and, little by little, he gave up part of the meetings, only attending some of the more important ; but his earnest concern for the spiritual growth and welfare of the Society was constant and ever increasing, and was evidenced to the last by his frequent, fervent prayers on behalf of his friends at his family worship. When he found that it would be impossible for him to attend the Yearly Meeting at Leeds, he sent an affectionate letter to his " dear Friends gathered there," expressing his desires for their welfare and blessing. During the last months of his life, when almost too feeble to hold a pen, he prepared a letter to the members of his own Monthly Meeting, full of loving solicitude on their behalf. He took an active interest in all that was passing in the world around him, up to the last, as well as in all that concerned his large family circle of children and grand-children. The return to England for long visits of some of these from their distant fields of service, was a great enjoyment to him ; and though he was often debarred from attending meeting for months together during the latter years of his life, he frequently enjoyed gathering his family and friends around him for prayer and communion ; his constant concern was for the spiritual welfare and growth in grace of all connected with him. After the death of his dearly loved son-in-law. Dr. R. H. Thomas, when his daughter Anna, and granddaughter Henrietta Thomas had come over on a visit to him, he thus writes referring to it : 12 mo. 31, 1904 : " It is my prayer that their visit may be to our mutual help and growth in heavenly life and fruitfulness. May we be enabled, through the abiding presence of the Holy Spirit, to bring forth much fruit - precious fruit, unto holiness, to the glory and praise of God. There are times when my heart is filled with intense longing to depart and be with Christ, knowing that it is far better ; and yet it is my earnest prayer to be kept by the power of God, waiting in holy patience all the Lord's appointed time ; that I may be found in Him in peace : that my latest breath upon earth may be the first transport of perfected and never-ceasing praise in the never-to-be-interrupted communion with the spirits of the just made perfect." The testimony issued by his Monthly Meeting expresses the feeling of his friends respecting him : - " Advancing years brought with them inward growth to which his ministry and conversation bore witness. To some of those who knew him in later life only, it seemed as though the fervent faith of Paul had passed insensibly in him into the still higher experience which we think of as that of the old age of the ' beloved disciple.' As one listened to his words, or came under the influence of the un-Spoken ministry of his personality, it seemed as though one were in the presence of a hving commentary upon the epistle of the Elder of Ephesus, whose love and thought went out alike to old and young. Filled as he thus was with loving thought and sympathy for others, his presence with us seemed to bring a benediction, and his whole life to show forth the meaning of the words, ' The path of the just is as a shining light, that shineth more and more unto the perfect day.' " His fervent love and loyalty to his Lord and Saviour made his life bright and joyous to the last ; even when very weak and suffering he was full of thankfulness and praise and so thoughtful for the comfort of others. During his last illness, he would frequently say, " Christ, none but Christ ; Him first. Him last. Him midst, and without end " ; and the prayer was often on his lips " Keep me and hold me fast in the embrace of Thy love." He seemed to live in an atmosphere of prayer ; those who visited him felt the holy calm of his spirit, and the joyful radiance of his happy confidence and faith in his Saviour's love. For the last week or two he seemed to have done with earth, and to be as he himself remarked, " Quietly waiting for the summons of the King." He passed peacefully away at his residence, 312, Camden Road, London, on the 15th of 11th mo., 1905, in the eighty-eighth year of his age. The unusually beautiful sunset on the afternoon of his funeral at Winchmore Hill, was remarked upon by many as very suggestive of the close of such a life : " An immortal man built up in righteousness, in whom the oracles of truth are deeply engraved ; he is a beauteous hymn of praise to God."*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as an Articled to a firm of Solicitors 1834 To 1840 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a pupil to John Hodgkin (1800-1875). Conveyancing Barrister 1840 To 1843 in London.
- He worked as a Conveyancing Barrister, Middle Temple in 1843 in London.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1844 in Westminster MM.
- He worked as a President of the Bible Society.

Joseph married **Martha Gillett**^{2,7,8,12,86,142,145,180,277,386,391} daughter of **Joseph Ashby Gillett**^{2,7,8,52,60,78,116,142,180,277,326,372,386,391} and **Martha Gibbins**^{2,7,8,52,60,78,116,142,180,277,326,372,386,391} on 27 Aug 1851 in FMH Banbury, Oxfordshire. Martha was born on 15 Mar 1823 in Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 27 Mar 1895 in 312 Camden Road, Islington, London at age 72, and was buried in FBG Winchmore Hill. They had nine children: **Martha, Anna Lloyd, Joseph Bevan, Mary Caroline, Elizabeth, Rachel Barclay, George, William Charles, and Catherine Lydia.**

General Notes: On the 29th of 8th month, 1821, the much-beloved daughter, Martha, married Joseph Ashby Gillett. This seems a suitable place to give some details of her early life. When quite young she went to several day-schools in Birmingham, but at ten years of age was sent to a boarding school at Leicester, kept by Elizabeth Herrick. Here she remained about five years. Amongst her schoolfellows may be mentioned Rebecca, Hannah, Mary, and Jane Reynolds, Eliza Waterhouse, and some of the Gulsons. After Martha Gibbins left school, she devoted herself until her marriage to her widowed mother, tenderly sharing with her in many anxieties caused by the illness and death of several of her children. After her marriage she resided for about fifteen months at Shipston, where J. A. Gillett acted as agent for Cobb's Bank at Banbury. He was also partner with his father in the plush manufactory.

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On removing to Banbury he became partner with Joseph Gibbins and Henry Tawney in the Banbury Bank. The following extracts from a journal give evidence of the earnest, loving spirit which pervaded her life from youth to age.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ann and Eliza Rickman's School in Rochester, Kent.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister.

16-**Martha Braithwaite**^{8,12,142,201} was born on 26 Mar 1853 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 30 Mar 1932 in London at age 79.

Martha married **George Samuel Baker**,^{3,12,142,201} son of **Joseph Baker**¹² and **Sarah Ann Brewer**,^{12,22} on 14 Apr 1886 in FMH Holloway, London. George was born on 6 Jul 1860 in Murray, Ontario, Canada and died on 27 Jul 1935 in Mersea Island, Essex at age 75. They had three children: **Sarah Martha**, **George Ralph**, and **Bevan Braithwaite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME.
- He worked as a Mechanical Engineer.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Frontenac, Donnington Road, Willesden, London.

17-**Dr. Sarah Martha Baker**^{12,142,201} was born on 14 Jun 1887 in 7 Alwyne Square, Canonbury, London and died on 29 May 1917 in Willesden, London at age 29.

General Notes: Sarah Martha Baker, D.Sc., F.L.S 29 30 5 1917 Harlesden, London. Daughter of George Samuel and Martha Braithwaite Baker. Botanists especially learned with deep regret of the death of Dr. Sarah M. Baker at the early age of twenty-nine. As a child she had an intense love for flowers and other works of nature, a sentiment which always remained with her and coloured her whole life. Energetic, imaginative and thoughtful, her early ideals prompted the study of medicine, with a view to becoming a missionary in the South Sea Islands. Deferring to her parents' judgment, that particular scheme was abandoned, and instead she followed a course of study at University College, London, and in 1909 took an honours degree in chemistry. Until her matriculation her studies were chiefly at home, for a part of the time in close association with her two brothers, who were engaged on similar courses. After graduating, her attention was increasingly turned to problems of plant life, and in 1914 she was awarded the degree of D.Sc. for her original work in Botany, being elected a Fellow of the Linnsean Society the same year. For several years, and up to the time of her death, she was Quain Student and Lecturer in Botany at University College, and was shortly to have been appointed to a new lectureship specially created for her. The investigations which she completed in a relatively short period of activity tend to emphasise the loss which science has sustained. Her paper entitled " Quantitative Experiments on the Effect of Formaldehyde on Living Plants " (1913) shows her mastery of biochemical technique, and may serve as a model of what such an investigation should be. It was in connexion with this work that Dr. Baker devised the very ingenious automatic waterer, whereby the culture-plants could be raised from seed and grown on for long periods without interference of any kind with the progress of the experiment. This contribution was followed by researches on osmotic phenomena, with especial reference to the mechanism of entry and transport of water in plants, opening up the question along new lines which may possibly lead to a complete solution of the problem of the rise of sap in trees. In addition to these, there was a series of four papers on the ecology and biology of brown seaweeds, based on field investigations carried out at her father's country cottage at Mersea Island, and elsewhere. The drawings which illustrate some of these are fine examples of line work, deserving of the highest praise. It was characteristic of Dr. Baker to throw herself ardently into whatsoever she undertook. Thus for the purpose of a public lecture which she delivered on Vegetable Dyes, she worked through the whole chemical basis of the subject, and was not content until she had discovered a number of new dyes, by the employment of mordants not previously used. At the time of her death she was investigating critically the bread-making value of a number of substitutes for whole eaten flour. Her scientific work was marked by variety of subject and method, persistence in thought and endeavour, and care in experimental detail, characteristics which won for her the respect and admiration of all her colleagues ; and many were the students whom she inspired along her own paths. Apart from her University life, she rendered good service in lecturing to Adult Schools, study circles, &c, her lectures being always marked by clarity and simplicity. The children of her Sunday School recall her teaching that the universe is always singing, while only man is silent ; and that man must learn to listen, so that his heart may join the universal chorus. A Friend from her birth, she valued our meetings for worship and for discipline, taking a keen interest in Society business. Although not often speaking in the ministry, her occasional utterances showed how, through a stage of inquiring doubt, she had reached a constructive faith which was the essence of her being. From Nature and The Friend.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with FLS.
- She was educated at London University.
- She worked as a Botanist.
- She worked as a Lecturer in Botany in University College, London.

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17-**George Ralph Baker**^{12,142} was born on 9 Aug 1888 in 7 Alwyne Square, Canonbury, London and died in 1963 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manufacturing & Designing Engineer.
- He was educated at London University.

George married **Isabelle Smith**,¹⁴² daughter of **Thomas Smith** and **Jane Whitehead**, on 16 Oct 1915 in London. Isabelle was born in 1876 and died on 15 Nov 1955 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 79. They had two children: **Rosalie** and **George**.

18-**Rosalie Baker**

18-**George Baker**

17-**Prof. Bevan Braithwaite Bevan-Baker**^{3,12,142} was born on 10 May 1890 in 7 Alwyne Square, Canonbury, London and died on 1 Jul 1963 at age 73.

General Notes: BEVAN-BAKER, Bevan Braithwaite
MA, BSc (Lond.), DSc (Edin.); FRSE
Born 1890; s of George Samuel Baker, Willesden; m 1918, Margaret Stewart (d 1961), e d of Dr A. H. Freeland Barbour, Edinburgh; one s three d ; died 1 July 1963
Professor of Mathematics in the University of London, and Head of the Department of Mathematics, Royal Holloway College (University of London), 1924– 44
EDUCATION Sidcot School, Somerset; University College, London; University of München
CAREER Assistant in Mathematics, University College, London, 1918– 20; Lecturer in Mathematics, University of Edinburgh, 1920– 24. Secretary of the Edinburgh Mathematical Society, 1921– 24
PUBLICATIONS (with E. T. Copson) The Mathematical Theory of Huygens' Principle, 1939; various memoirs in the Philosophical Magazine and the publications of the Edinburgh Mathematical Society, etc
RECREATION Music
ADDRESS 24 George Square, Edinburgh
Newington 2588
'BEVAN-BAKER, Bevan Braithwaite', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920– 2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ;
online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U47824

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA BSc DSc FRSE.
- He was educated at Sidcot.
- He was educated at London University.
- He was educated at University of Munich in Munich, Germany.
- He worked as a Professor of Mathematics, Royal Holloway, University of London.

Bevan married **Margaret Stewart Barbour**,^{3,142} daughter of **Dr. Alexander Hugh Freeland Barbour**³³⁶ and **Margaret Nelson Brown**, on 6 Sep 1918 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Margaret was born on 16 Jan 1893 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 13 Jul 1961 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 68. They had five children: **Sarah Margaret**, **Alexander Hugh**, **Davida Martha**, **Helena Nelson**, and **John Stewart**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1907-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Sarah Margaret Bevan-Baker** was born on 12 Aug 1919 in London and died on 31 Dec 1999 at age 80.

18-**Alexander Hugh Bevan-Baker** was born on 3 Jan 1921 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 11 Aug 1934 in Windsor at age 13.

18-**Davida Martha Bevan-Baker**

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18-**Helena Nelson Bevan-Baker** was born on 7 Mar 1925 in Staines, Middlesex and died on 14 Oct 2000 at age 75.

Helena married **Kenneth John Hill**, son of **John Hill** and **Olive Mutters**. They had two children: **David John** and **Judith Margaret**.

19-**David John Hill**

David married **Susan Jane Rogers**. They had three children: **Nicholas John Edward**, **Kirsty Jane**, and **Daniel James**.

20-**Nicholas John Edward Hill**

20-**Kirsty Jane Hill**

20-**Daniel James Hill**

19-**Judith Margaret Hill**

Judith married **Malcolm Paul Lake**. They had two children: **Joanna Alexandra** and **Jamie Paul**.

20-**Joanna Alexandra Lake**

20-**Jamie Paul Lake**

18-**John Stewart Bevan-Baker** was born on 3 May 1926 in Staines, Middlesex and died on 24 Jun 1994 in Inverness, Scotland at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School.
- He was educated at Blundells.
- He was educated at The Royal College of Music in 1946.
- He worked as an Assistant to the Organist of Westminster Abbey in 1949-1951.
- He worked as a freelance Organist and Composer in 1951-1958.
- He worked as a City Carillonneur, Aberdeen in 1958-1960.
- He worked as a Teacher at Roberts Gordon's College.
- He worked as a Teacher, Fortrose Academy.

John married **Alice Erica Lillie Houen**, daughter of **Eric Houen** and **Anne Tennant Robertson**.

John next married **June Mary Findlay**. They had five children: **Sarah Margaret**, **Peter Stewart**, **Katherine Miriam**, **Janet Mary**, and **Rachel Anne**.

19-**Sarah Margaret Bevan-Baker**

Sarah married **William Conway**. They had two children: **Jessica Margaret** and **Alexander William**.

20-**Jessica Margaret Conway**

20-**Alexander William Conway**

19-**Peter Stewart Bevan-Baker**

Peter married **Ann Elizabeth Walters**. They had four children: **Kate Elizabeth**, **Alexander John**, **Samuel Joseph**, and **Daniel Richard**.

20-**Kate Elizabeth Bevan-Baker**

20-Alexander John Bevan-Baker

20-Samuel Joseph Bevan-Baker

20-Daniel Richard Bevan-Baker

19-Katherine Miriam Bevan-Baker

19-Janet Mary Bevan-Baker

Janet married **James Simon Spence**. They had two children: **James Findlay** and **Rachel Mary**.

20-James Findlay Spence

20-Rachel Mary Spence

19-Rachel Anne Bevan-Baker

Rachel married **James Daniel McBride**.

16-**Anna Lloyd Braithwaite**^{8,12,74,142} was born on 6 Aug 1854 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 10 Feb 1947 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA at age 92.

Anna married **Dr. Richard Henry Thomas**,^{12,74,142,145} son of **Prof. Richard Henry Thomas**¹² and **Phoebe Clapp**, on 28 Mar 1878 in FMH Westminster, London. Richard was born on 26 Jan 1854 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA and died on 4 Oct 1904 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA at age 50. They had one daughter: **Henrietta Martha**.

Marriage Notes: They travelled with Isaac Sharp in 1894, on his eighth and final visit to Norway.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician.
- He had a residence in 1718 North John Street, Baltimore, Maryland, USA.
- He worked as a Quaker minister.

17-**Dr. Henrietta Martha Thomas**^{12,74,142} was born on 24 May 1879 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA, died on 4 Aug 1919 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 40, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire.

General Notes: Henrietta Martha Thomas, MD (1879– 1919), was a graduate of the Woman's Medical College of Baltimore (1904), where she served as corresponding secretary of the Medical Society of the Woman's Medical College and as a staff member of the Thomas Wilson Sanatorium for Children (Mount Wilson, Baltimore County). Thomas went to England in 1914 and associated herself with the Society for the Relief of Destitute Aliens and gave pacifist service in Austria and Germany during the Great War .

16-**Joseph Bevan Braithwaite**^{2,7,8,12,142,230,280} was born on 5 Oct 1855 in 65 Mornington Road, London, died on 30 Nov 1934 in Blencathara, Sea View Road, Burnham on Sea, Somerset at age 79, and was buried on 4 Dec 1934 in FBG Winchmore Hill.

General Notes: Braithwaite, Joseph Bevan (1855-1934), stockbroker, was born on 5 October 1855 at 65 Mornington Road, Regent's Park, London, one of the three sons and six daughters of Joseph Bevan Braithwaite (1818-1905), barrister, and his wife, Martha Gillett (1823-1895), daughter of a Banbury banker. Both the Braithwaite and the Gillett families belonged to the Society of Friends which, over the century or so before Joseph's birth, had many members whose dedication to business enterprise, combined with marriages made almost exclusively within the group, gave them an influence far outweighing their numerical strength. Quaker families, to many of whom young Joseph was related, held dominant positions in financial institutions in the City of London, as well as in the banking, brewing, railway, iron and steel, and confectionery industries. Joseph Braithwaite was educated at Quaker schools in Kendal (the Braithwaites had long been established there) and at Grove House, Tottenham, in north London, and he then began to read for the bar. However, in 1876 he changed direction and joined the City stockbroking firm of Foster and Braithwaite. Founded by Quakers in 1825, it was by the 1870s largely owned by its senior partner, Joseph's uncle, Isaac Braithwaite (1810-1890). Isaac had provided for his succession within the firm, with the introduction of two of his sons, so that Joseph cannot have had great hopes of advancement when he joined; but the death of Alfred Braithwaite, one of Isaac's sons, created an opening in 1880 and Joseph became a partner at the age of twenty-five. In 1881 he married Anna Sophia Gillett, daughter of the banker Jonathon Gillett, a connection through his mother's family; they had two sons, Jonathon Frederick (1883-1962) and John Bevan Braithwaite (1884-1973). In the 1880s Isaac Braithwaite's plans for the

future direction of Foster and Braithwaite were blighted by what the firm's historian has described as a 'concatenation of death and dereliction of duty' (Reader, A House in the City, 92)-that is, the premature death of Isaac's second son in the business in 1885 and the sudden departure of another partner, apparently guilty of embezzlement. As a result, when Isaac Braithwaite retired in 1888, Joseph Braithwaite succeeded him as senior partner.Braithwaite's principal interests did not lie in stockbroking; indeed his obituarist in the Financial Times noted that he 'seldom entered the Stock Exchange' (1 Dec 1934). His skills lay rather with finance and its provision, and these were applied particularly in the last two decades of the nineteenth century, to the advantage of the new and rapidly developing electricity industry. Braithwaite's interest in electricity reflected a strong technical bent and an enthusiasm for engineering and scientific matters which lasted all his life; he had an astronomical observatory built on his house at Muswell Hill in north London.It was on Braithwaite's recommendation that Foster and Braithwaite played a major part in the launch on the stock exchange in the early 1880s of the first electric-lighting companies, in the shape of the Anglo-American Brush Electric Light Corporation and its various satellite companies. Investing in electricity was at that time highly speculative, as the collapse after the stock market boom of 1882-and the drop in Foster and Braithwaite's profits-clearly evidenced. Joseph Braithwaite himself became chairman in 1882 of the Great Western Electric Power and Light Company, and he devoted considerable time to the development of generating stations at Bristol and Cardiff.In the 1890s as head of the firm Braithwaite, assisted by his two partner cousins, Cecil Braithwaite and Ronald Savory, led the firm into company promotion on a much larger scale than ever before. Prominent among the companies that the firm promoted on the stock exchange, either by placing their shares or by underwriting them, were electrical undertakings. Braithwaite became a director of several companies which were financially and contractually linked, and he formed a connection which lasted for the rest of his life with the Electric and General Investment Corporation (established in 1890) and the City of London Electric Lighting Company (established in 1891); he became chairman of both of these in 1906 and remained so until 1934. Braithwaite was elected a member of the Institution of Electrical Engineers in 1893 and he became a close associate of Emile Garcke (1856-1930), an electrical engineer who played a significant part in the creation of the electricity supply industry. Equally significant was the role played by Braithwaite in providing finance for the new industry, and his ability to do so was underpinned by his position in Foster and Braithwaite. The firm's activities in company promotion in other areas were less successful, and in the years leading up to 1914 unwise investments in such doubtful enterprises as the Piccadilly Hotel and the Kansas City, Mexico, and Orient Railway Company took Foster and Braithwaite close to disaster. Its survival was due to changes introduced by Braithwaite's younger son, John, who had become a partner in 1908, rather than to any initiative taken by the senior partner himself. Joseph Braithwaite remained the titular head of Foster and Braithwaite until he retired in 1922. He died on 30 November 1934 at his Somerset home, Burnham-on-Sea.

Judy Slinn

Sources

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Archives

GL

Likenesses

photographs, repro. in Reader, 'Braithwaite, Joseph Bevan'

Wealth at death

£35,469: Reader, 'Braithwaite, Joseph Bevan' · £30,875 18s. 6d.: probate, 1835

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Partner in Foster and Braithwaite, stockbrokers, London.
- He had a residence in 1915 in The Highlands, New Barnet, Hertfordshire.

Joseph married **Anna Sophia Gillett**,^{2,7,12,142,280} daughter of **Jonathan Gillett**^{7,52,142,274} and **Ann Rutter Padbury**,^{7,52,142} on 27 Jul 1881 in FMH Banbury, Oxfordshire. Anna was born on 21 Aug 1855 in Neithrop, Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 10 Oct 1899 in New Barnet, Hertfordshire at age 44, and was buried in FBG Winchmore Hill. They had six children: **Jonathan Frederick, John Bevan, Alfred Lloyd, Dorothy Anna, Harold Wilson, and Joseph Gurney**.

17-**Jonathan Frederick Braithwaite**^{7,142} was born on 9 Aug 1883 in Camden Road, Islington, London and died on 29 Dec 1962 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at Dalton Hall, Manchester.

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- He worked as a Stockbroker. Partner in Foster & Braithwaite. In London.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Caerleon, Willenhall Park, New Barnet, Hertfordshire.

Jonathan married **Marjorie Susanna Midgley**,^{7,12,142} daughter of **Arthur Midgley**^{7,12,392} and **Mary Doncaster Cox**,^{7,12,392} on 22 Jul 1909 in FMH Saffron Walden. Marjorie was born on 3 Dec 1884 in Larchmount, Saffron Walden, Essex and died in 1974 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 90. They had four children: **Frederick Arthur Bevan**, **Marjorie Joan Midgley**, **Francis Lloyd Gibson**, and **Mary Haworth**.

18-Frederick Arthur Bevan Braithwaite^{7,12} was born on 16 Jan 1911 in Caerleon, Willenhall Park, New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 25 May 1977 in Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker. Partner in Foster & Braithwaite.

Frederick married **Magnhild Kathrine Dahl**, daughter of **Capt. Nils Dahl** and **Gunda Lyngass**, on 16 Jul 1938 in Horten, Norway. Magnhild was born on 30 Sep 1905 in Horten, Norway and died on 26 Apr 1946 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 40. They had three children: **Arthur Bevan Midgley**, **Jeremy Nils**, and **Magnhild Susan Elizabeth**.

19-Arthur Bevan Midgley Braithwaite³⁹³ was born on 27 Jul 1939 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire and died on 25 Apr 2008 at age 68.

General Notes: As chief executive of a thriving engineering institute and founding director of a science park in Cambridge, Bevan Braithwaite was an international figure in the field of metal-joining technology. But no achievement of his working life was more spectacular than the task he set himself in retirement, to be fully realised four months after his death at the age of 68, after a long illness.

In 2004 Braithwaite became chairman of the Bressingham Steam Preservation Trust, at Bressingham, near Diss, Norfolk, and his enthusiasm and energy inspired many innovations at its steam museum. The greatest was the restoration of the locomotive Royal Scot, which had originally run on the west coast main line from London to Glasgow from 1927 to 1962. The locomotive was moved to Bressingham in 1969, having spent six years as an exhibit with Butlins holiday camp at Skegness. It ran regularly at Bressingham until 1992, when its boiler certificate expired.

It took 12 years to raise the £1m needed for restoration: the project was still in its early stages when Bevan joined the trust in 2004, after which he was constantly addressing the many problems of updating a piece of railway heritage to meet modern standards. The Royal Scot will be in steam again at Bressingham in August.

Bevan was born in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire, into a renowned Quaker family. His father was a partner in the prominent stockbroking firm of Foster and Braithwaite, and his grandfather had led the development of the railway at Saffron Walden. His Norwegian mother died after the birth of Bevan's younger sister, Magnhild, in 1946, and Bevan was brought up by his stepmother Nora (nee Ford-Smith). Bevan got his passion for railways from the headmaster of the Downs school, Colwall, in Worcestershire, which has had its own light railway since the 1920s. He went from the Downs to Leighton Park school, a Quaker establishment near Reading. At Jesus College, Cambridge, he gained both an MA in engineering and a lifelong love of jazz - Bevan played the banjo, and his jazz band activities often took precedence over his studies. He had also qualified as a Class 1 welder, and his ability to put his knowledge into practice was the constant hallmark of his career.

In 1961 he joined the British Welding Research Association, subsequently The Welding Institute and then TWI, and made his mark three years later with papers on the fatigue strength of structural steel and on friction welding. By the time he became the organisation's chief executive in 1988, he was a world authority on structural fatigue. He was appointed OBE in 1991, and eight years later made both president of the International Institute of Welding and fellow of the Royal Academy of Engineering.

In the 16 years that he led TWI, it grew to 3,500 members from more than 60 countries, fulfilling his vision of creating a global network in the vital area of joining materials. In 1997 he formed the idea of building Granta Park, Cambridge, where a number of leading British hi-tech companies could come together to enjoy access to the university's academic research. The main TWI building within the park bears his name and its 40-acre site is served by the narrow-gauge railway he built to carry staff to the restaurant, laying much of the track himself and building a locomotive and carriages. The railway also provided a test bed for the development of long-range ultrasonic testing.

Bevan was in demand as a speaker at conferences around the world. His other commitments included membership of the Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council and being vice-president of the Transport Trust.

He loved to restore old houses, and the dust he inhaled over many years probably caused the lung cancer that killed him. He also loved to build steam engines, and working models adorned his house and office, with larger projects kept in the garage.

Not only was Bevan pragmatic, good-humoured and practical, but he always respected and showed his appreciation of other people's efforts. He is survived by his wife, Vanda, and a son and two daughters from his previous marriage.

Arthur Bevan Midgley Braithwaite, welding engineer, born July 27 1939; died April 25 2008

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE FREng FWeldI.
- He was educated at The Downs School.
- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at Jesus College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Welding Engineer.
- He worked as a Chief Executive of The Welding Institute in 1988.
- He worked as a President of the International Institute of Welding in 1999.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Bressingham Steam Preservation Trust in 2004 in Bressingham, Diss, Norfolk.
- His obituary was published in The Guardian. By Howard Stephens on 27 May 2008.

Arthur married **Rosemary K. C. Cooke**. They had three children: **Belinda Caroline**, **Benedict Conrad Bevan**, and **Celesta Alice Katrine**.

20-Belinda Caroline Braithwaite

Belinda married **Athelstan Michael Whaley**. They had four children: **Thomas Arthur W.**, **Sophie Louise**, **George Frederick**, and **Alice Elizabeth**.

21-Thomas Arthur W. Whaley

21-Sophie Louise Whaley

21-George Frederick Whaley

21-Alice Elizabeth Whaley

20-Benedict Conrad Bevan Braithwaite

20-Celesta Alice Katrine Braithwaite

Celesta married **James E. F. Trainor**. They had two children: **Oliver James B.** and **Maximilian Conrad A.**

21-Oliver James B. Trainor

21-Maximilian Conrad A. Trainor

Arthur next married **Vanda Jane Galer**.

19-Jeremy Nils Braithwaite

Jeremy married **Wendy E. Marsh**. They had two children: **Melissa Jane E.** and **Benjamin Luke**.

20-Melissa Jane E. Braithwaite

20-Benjamin Luke Braithwaite

19-Magnhild Susan Elizabeth Braithwaite

Magnhild married **William R. A. Osborne**.

Frederick next married **Norah Jennetta Ford Smith** on 11 Jul 1947 in Lyme Regis, Dorset. Norah was born on 28 Dec 1909 in Luton, Bedfordshire and died on 27 Dec 2004 at age 94.

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18-**Marjorie Joan Midgley Braithwaite**¹² was born on 18 Mar 1913 in Caerleon, Willenhall Park, New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 20 Jun 2004 in Gordon, New South Wales, Australia at age 91.

Marjorie married **Charles Arthur Palmer**, son of **Hubert Stanley Palmer** and **Lucy Elizabeth Poole**, on 22 Jun 1944 in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire. Charles was born on 3 Jul 1915 in Lewisham, New South Wales, Australia. They had two children: **James Arthur Frederick** and **Mark Jonathan**.

19-**James Arthur Frederick Palmer**

James married **Angela Veronika Valentin**.

19-**Mark Jonathan Palmer**

Mark married **Pamela Fay Kohler**. They had two children: **John Henry Charles** and **Dylan James**.

20-**John Henry Charles Palmer**

20-**Dylan James Palmer**

18-**Francis Lloyd Gibson Braithwaite**¹² was born on 17 Dec 1915 in Caerleon, Willenhall Park, New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 27 Apr 1997 at age 81.

Francis married **Elsie Kathleen Snelling**, daughter of **Albert James Snelling** and **Alice Ann Spiro**. They had two children: **Nigel Francis Jonathan Lloyd** and **Robin James Midgley**.

19-**Nigel Francis Jonathan Lloyd Braithwaite**

Nigel married **Diane Seager**. They had two children: **Rowan** and **Gurney**.

20-**Rowan Braithwaite**

20-**Gurney Braithwaite**

Nigel next married **Anne Randall**. They had two children: **Shona** and **Leisha**.

20-**Shona Braithwaite**

20-**Leisha Braithwaite**

19-**Robin James Midgley Braithwaite**

Robin married **Anne E. Dewar**. They had four children: **Amanda Jane**, **Ophelia Marianne K.**, **Sue Henrietta M.**, and **Oliver Robin J. D.**

20-**Amanda Jane Braithwaite**

20-**Ophelia Marianne K. Braithwaite**

20-**Sue Henrietta M. Braithwaite**

20-**Oliver Robin J. D. Braithwaite**

18-**Mary Haworth Braithwaite** was born on 21 Jan 1921 in Broxbourne, Hertfordshire, died on 22 Jul 2005 in Burford, Oxfordshire at age 84, and was buried on 4 Aug 2005 in FBG Hoddesdon.

17-**Sir John Bevan Braithwaite**^{2,7,12,142} was born on 22 Nov 1884 in Camden Road, Islington, London and died on 5 Apr 1973 in 85 Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London at age 88.

General Notes: Braithwaite, Sir John Bevan (1884– 1973), stockbroker, was born on 22 November 1884 at Islington, London, the younger son of Joseph Bevan Braithwaite

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(1855– 1934), a stockbroker, and his wife, Anna Sophia Gillett. Both parents belonged to long-established and well-connected Quaker families. John was educated at Leighton Park School, Reading, and at Owens College, Manchester (later Manchester University). He then followed his elder brother into the stockbroking firm of Foster and Braithwaite, of which their father was, from 1888 until 1922, the senior partner. He became a member of the stock exchange in 1907, and in the following year he was made a partner in the firm.

Braithwaite married in 1908 Martha Janette Baker (d. 1972), the daughter of Joseph Allen Baker (1852– 1918), an engineer, a member of the London county council from 1895 to 1906, and Liberal MP for Eastern Finsbury from 1905 until his death. The couple had two sons and a daughter, and lived for most of their married life in Hampstead Garden Suburb.

Soon after Braithwaite became a partner in Foster and Braithwaite, it became apparent that the firm was facing severe financial problems. Losses had been made as a result of the firm's activities in company promotion and in trading on the stock exchange on its own account. Deeply shocked by these discoveries, Braithwaite told his father that he considered such activities to be 'nothing less than dangerous gambling' and inappropriate for a 'strong ancient & honoured & impregnable City House' (Reader, A House in the City, 126– 7). They had brought the firm, he said, close to 'the possibility of failure. ... it has been before my mind like a nightmare day & night more or less continually' (ibid., 127). The remedy he advocated was 'hard work & self-denial' (ibid., 131), which in the event contributed to the salvation of Foster and Braithwaite and provided Braithwaite with his own guideline through life.

During the First World War, Braithwaite served with the Friends' Ambulance Unit. Afterwards he returned to the firm, where, in the 1920s, the new direction in which its policy took it, eschewing speculation, met with the approval of his 'somewhat austere cast of mind' (Reader, A House in the City, 133). In the inter-war years he began to take a greater interest and participate in the affairs of the stock exchange. In 1937 he was elected to its governing body, the committee for general purposes.

Braithwaite's view of the role and function of the stock exchange, shaped by his formative experiences with Foster and Braithwaite, gained wider support, particularly after the Second World War. He considered that the stock exchange could not continue to act as a private club but that it had a public duty, and therefore should be publicly accountable. When the new council of the stock exchange was formed in 1949, Braithwaite was elected as its chairman, a post he held for ten years. During that time it was largely due to him that the visitors' gallery was opened, that the stock exchange employed an advertising agency, and that, in 1950, a compensation fund for members' clients was established. In all of these he faced considerable opposition, but his powerful personality won the day. He was knighted in 1953.

Sir John continued to press for wider shareholding among the public. Not untypical of his views was a speech he made in 1956: 'If only some of the hundreds of millions that are poured down the drain each year on betting on horses, dogs and football could be attracted into investment in British industry, what a fine start could be made' (Reader, A House in the City, 173).

Braithwaite was a director of the London Electric Lighting Company (the firm with which his father had had a long connection) from 1934 to 1948, and its chairman from 1943 to 1948. He was a governor of the London School of Economics from 1953 to 1964. Although his influence had long been paramount at Foster and Braithwaite, he did not become its senior partner in name until 1963. He held the office until he retired in 1971. Braithwaite's retirement, and the time to indulge more fully his lifetime interests in literature, music, and photography, was short. He died at his home, 85 Hampstead Way, Hampstead Garden Suburb, London, on 5 April 1973.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park School.
- He was educated at Owens College, Manchester University.
- He worked as a Stockbroker. Partner in Foster & Braithwaite.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Stock Exchange 1949 To 1959 in London.
- He had a residence in Ferniehurst, Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London.

John married **Martha Janette Baker**,^{2,12,142} daughter of **Joseph Allen Baker**^{2,12,74,145,224} and **Elizabeth Balmer Moscrip**,¹² on 30 Jul 1908 in Willesden, London. Martha was born on 22 Apr 1884 in Highbury, London and died in 1972 at age 88. They had three children: **Margaret Nora**, **John David Christopher**, and **Joseph Franklin Madders**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1899-Jul 1902 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Margaret Nora Braithwaite**^{12,142} was born on 20 Nov 1909 in Ferniehurst, Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London.

18-**John David Christopher Braithwaite**^{12,39,142,307,394} was born on 23 Jun 1911 in Ferniehurst, Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London and died on 2 Jul 1978 in Colchester, Essex at age 67.

General Notes: BRAITHWAITE.-On 2nd July, 1978, at Colchester, after a short illness, John David Christopher Braithwaite (1926-29), aged 67 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1923-1926 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1929 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in London.

John married **Olive Elizabeth Baker**,^{2,307} daughter of **Philip Barton Baker**^{86,212} and **Amy Elizabeth Dell**, on 6 Feb 1942 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire. Olive was born on 26 Sep 1902 in Brondersbury, London and died in 1990 at age 88.

Marriage Notes: Braithwaite-Gaskell.-On 6th February, 1942, at Amersham, John David Christopher Braithwaite (1926-29), to Olive Elizabeth Gaskell (nee Baker).

18-**Sir Joseph Franklin Madders Braithwaite**^{12,39,142,187,192,395} was born on 6 Apr 1917 in Ferniehurst, Hampstead Way, Hampstead, London and died on 12 Jun 2005 in 7 Rutland Terrace, Stamford, Lincolnshire at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1929-1932 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1932-1935 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He worked as a Chairman, Baker Perkins Holdings plc.
- He worked as a Chairman, Peterborough Independent Hospital plc.

Joseph married **Charlotte Isabel Baker**,^{187,192,395} daughter of **Robert Elma Baker** and **Selina Maud Odell**, on 5 Sep 1939 in Registry office, Burnt Oak. (18th September 1939 given in Bootham). Charlotte was born on 5 Jan 1917 in Bronxville, New York, USA and died on 24 Feb 2007 in Braceborough Hall Retirement Home at age 90. They had two children: **Virginia Louise** and **Peter Franklin**.

Marriage Notes: Braithwaite-Baker.-On 18th September, 1939, at the Register Office, Burnt Oak, J. Franklin M. Braithwaite (1932-35), to Charlotte Isabel Baker.

19-**Virginia Louise Braithwaite**

Virginia married **Comte Geoffroy Marie Francois Gilles D'Avaucourt**. They had two children: **Chantal Marie C. De Vitry** and **Sophie Marie C. De Vitry**.

20-**Chantal Marie C. De Vitry D'avaucourt**

20-**Sophie Marie C. De Vitry D'avaucourt**

19-**Peter Franklin Braithwaite**

Peter married **Patricia Neville O'Brien**. They had three children: **Joanna Mary**, **John Matthew**, and **Mark Franklin**.

20-**Joanna Mary Braithwaite**

Joanna married **George Anthony David Whittaker**. They had three children: **Benjamin Anthony**, **Matthew Peter**, and **Alice Anne Patricia**.

21-**Benjamin Anthony Whittaker**

21-**Matthew Peter Whittaker**

21-**Alice Anne Patricia Whittaker**

20-**John Matthew Braithwaite**

John married **Ellen Joy Neale**. They had two children: **Samuel James** and **Joshua Simon**.

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21-Samuel James Braithwaite

21-Joshua Simon Braithwaite

20-Mark Franklin Braithwaite

Mark married **Anna Lucy Hutchinson**. They had two children: **Isabel Katherine** and **Lucy May**.

21-Isabel Katherine Braithwaite

21-Lucy May Braithwaite

17-Alfred Lloyd Braithwaite^{12,142} was born on 5 Oct 1886 in 18 Highbury Park, Islington, London and died in 1967 in New Forest, Hampshire at age 81.

General Notes: **Gladys Joyce**, married "Taff" Braithwaite. He was a "Cape Horner" as a crewmember of a fully rigged sailing ship "Macquarie" and was in the Navy for both world wars. He trained on the HMS Worcester, the Thames Merchant Navy Training ship. They lived between the wars at Horning in Norfolk where Taff was a partner in a yacht-building firm. He left his wife for a younger woman because Joyce became religiously inclined and was constantly moralizing about the evils of the modern world.
www.shlhs.com/thefamilyofdrgeorgewelford.pdf

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Yacht Owner and Builder.

Alfred married **Gladys Joyce Welford**,¹⁴² daughter of **Robert Welford** and **Mary Susannah Lacey**, on 6 May 1915 in Castletown, Sunderland. Gladys was born on 29 Aug 1891 in Garrigill, Cumbria.

17-Dorothy Anna Braithwaite^{12,142} was born on 17 Apr 1889 in 18 Highbury Park, Islington, London.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1904-1907 in York, Yorkshire.

17-Harold Wilson Braithwaite^{12,39,65,142} was born on 11 Aug 1890 in 18 Highbury Park, Islington, London and died in 1990 in Hendon, Middlesex at age 100.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1907-1909 in York, Yorkshire.

Harold married **Katherine Braithwaite**,⁶⁵ daughter of **Thomas Braithwaite** and **Margaret Storey**, on 21 Apr 1917 in Aynhoe, Northamptonshire. Katherine was born on 26 Nov 1894 in King's Sutton. They had one daughter: **Kathleen Barbara**.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-BRAITHWAITE.-On the 21st April, 1917, at Aynho Parish Church, Harold Wilson Braithwaite (1907-9), of New Barnet, to Katherine Braithwaite, of Nell Bridge, Aynho.

18-Kathleen Barbara Braithwaite

Kathleen married **John De Fraine Enderby**, son of **Herbert Millson Enderby** and **Grace De Fraine Fox**. They had one daughter: **Susan Braithwaite**.

19-Susan Braithwaite Enderby

Susan married **Leslie J. Mercer**. They had one daughter: **Pamela Amanda**.

20-Pamela Amanda Mercer

17-Lt. Cmdr. Sir Joseph Gurney Braithwaite 1st Bt.^{12,39,94,142,396,397} was born on 24 May 1895 in Blencathra, Burnham, Somerset and died on 25 Jun 1958 in Hampstead, London at age 63.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

General Notes: SIR GURNEY BRAITHWAITE Sir Gurney Braithwaite died suddenly at his Hampstead home on 25th June, 1958. He was 63. The son of the late Joseph Bevan Braithwaite, he was at Bootham from 1907 to 1914. He was Head Reeve and was about to go up to Cambridge when World War I broke out. He made, for one whose family had quite deep Quaker roots, the difficult decision to join the navy. He served in the Gallipoli Campaign and later took part in the advance from Gaza to Jerusalem. At the end of the war he was Resident Naval Officer at Port Said. After the war he entered the City and, like his brother Sir John, became a Stockbroker. Entering politics as a vigorous Con- servative, he was successively, Member for Sheffield (Hillsborough) , Holderness and finally, N.W. Bristol. He was appointed Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Transport in 1951, having special responsibility for Road Safety. He resigned through ill health in 1953 and was made a Baronet in In his later years he infused his forthright personality into broadcasting where he quickly acquired a wider audience with his outspoken contributions in programmes such as 'Any Questions.' But throughout his characteristically forceful political career he never faltered in his devoted loyalty to Bootham. A faithful attender of Whitsuntide Gatherings, he became over the years one of that small company of Whitsuntide 'characters.' His deep interest in the life of the school was reflected in many acts of kindness : long after the tradition of every boy having a 'host' for supper on Whit Monday evening had lapsed, Gurney could be seen entertaining boys to breakfast or lunch at the Station Hotel, boys who otherwise would have been on their own during the weekend. He became O.Y.S.A. President in 1954; his obvious enjoyment of the experience infected the whole gathering making it for all a particularly happy occasion. His Presidential Address powerfully reflected his political testimony as well as his deep affection for the York Schools. Through the years he has become a devout Anglican and at his funeral his Vicar paid a moving tribute to his devoted service to the Parish.
ERIC BELLINGHAM - Bootham Magazine. November 1958

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1907-1914 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Naval Officer in 1914-1918.
- He worked as a Stockbroker. Partner in Foster & Braithwaite in London.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Sheffield Hillsborough 1931 To 1935.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Holderness 1939 To 1950.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Bristol North West 1950 To 1955.

Joseph married **Emma Jeanne Louise Teissère**,^{142,396} daughter of **Frederic Teissère** and **Victoria Grima**, on 29 Sep 1919 in British Consulate, Port Tewfik, Egypt. Emma was born on 28 Aug 1898 in Ismailia, Egypt.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-TEISSERE.-On the 29th September, 1919, at the British Consulate, Port Tewfik, Egypt, Joseph Gurney Braithwaite (1907-13) to Emma Teissere.

Joseph next married **Emily Victoria Lomax**,^{94,142} daughter of **Arthur Moreton Lomax** and **Agnes Mason**, on 31 Dec 1932 in London. Emily was born on 13 Jul 1897 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-LOMAX.-On December 31st, 1932, John Gurney Braithwaite {1907-14), to Emily V. Lomax.

Joseph next married **Margaret Grace Moscrip**,^{7,12,142} daughter of **Richard Moscrip** and **Mary Bulmer**, on 15 Jun 1901 in FMH Willesden, London. Margaret was born on 17 May 1866 in Morebattle, Kelso, Berwickshire and died on 29 Jul 1947 in Hendon, Middlesex at age 81.

16-**Mary Caroline Braithwaite**^{8,12,142,145,277} was born on 4 Apr 1857 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 4 Jul 1935 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 78.

Mary married **Dr. Willis Norton Whitney**,^{12,142,145,152,277} son of **William Cogswell Whitney** and **Anna Lavinia Mockridge**, on 29 Dec 1885 in FMH Holloway, London. Willis was born on 18 Oct 1855 in Newark, New Jersey, USA and died on 26 Oct 1918 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 63. They had seven children: **Willis Bevan, John Norton, Isaac Braithwaite, George Gillett, Joseph Rankin, Anna Braithwaite**, and **Charles Lloyd**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Medical Officer, Akasaka Hospital, Tokyo in Tokyo, Japan.
- He worked as a Member of the US Legation to Japan in Tokyo, Japan.
- He had a residence in 17 Hikawa Cho, Akasaka, Tokyo, Japan.

17-**Dr. Willis Bevan Whitney**^{142,145} was born on 21 Mar 1888 in Tokyo, Japan and died in 1971 in England at age 83.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with B.SC., Ph.D., M.I.E.E., M.I.C.E.

Willis married **Edith Mina Williams**, daughter of **Alfred Kemp Brown**^{3,39,180,278} and **Emma Barratt**,^{39,180} on 12 Feb 1913 in Jordans. Edith was born on 22 Feb 1884 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 18 Jun 1926 in Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire at age 42. They had one daughter: **Joyce Mary**.

18-**Joyce Mary Whitney**¹⁴² was born on 30 Jan 1915 in Pune, Maharashtra, India and died on 23 Jul 2002 in Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire at age 87.

Joyce married **Thomas Kennedy Butcher**, son of **Percy Austen Butcher** and **Winifred Elizabeth Kennedy**. They had one son: **Andrew Donald Whitney**.

19-**Andrew Donald Whitney Butcher**

Andrew married **Carolyn Susan Humphreys**. They had two children: **Peter Andrew** and **Susanna Carolyn**.

20-**Peter Andrew Butcher**

20-**Susanna Carolyn Butcher**

Willis next married **Dorothy Anne Robertson**, daughter of **Alexander Webster Robertson** and **Elsa Wood**, on 31 Aug 1927 in London. Dorothy was born on 10 Sep 1897 in Aberdeen, Scotland. They had two children: **Joseph Bevan Robertson** and **John Norton Braithwaite**.

18-**Joseph Bevan Robertson Whitney** was born on 8 Oct 1928 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Schoolmaster.

Joseph married **Erica Erichsen**. They had one son: **Michael Alexander Erichsen**.

19-**Michael Alexander Erichsen Whitney**

18-**John Norton Braithwaite Whitney**

John married **Roma Elizabeth Cribbes Hodgson**, daughter of **Issac George Hodgson** and **Nancy Grierson Cribbes**. They had two children: **Fiona Elizabeth Caroline** and **Alexander John Braithwaite**.

19-**Fiona Elizabeth Caroline Whitney**

19-**Alexander John Braithwaite Whitney**

17-**John Norton Whitney**¹⁴² was born on 19 Mar 1889 in Tokyo, Japan and died on 26 Nov 1889 in Tokyo, Japan.

17-**Isaac Braithwaite Whitney**¹⁴² was born on 19 Mar 1889 in Tokyo, Japan and died on 21 Feb 1890 in Died At Sea.

17-**George Gillett Whitney**^{142,277} was born on 27 Dec 1890 in Tokyo, Japan.

General Notes: Data taken from hand wriiten additions to Records of the Gibbins Family.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Teacher of Art.

George married **Janet Eleanor Lily Payne**,²⁷⁷ daughter of **William Payne** and **Alice Elizabeth Amery Turner**, on 25 Jul 1917 in Jordans. Janet was born on 6 Sep 1894 in Chesham, Buckinghamshire. They had one son: **William Gillett**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1906-Jul 1907 in York, Yorkshire.

18-William Gillett Whitney

17-**Joseph Rankin Whitney**¹⁴² was born on 15 Jul 1893 in Tokyo, Japan and died on 29 Jul 1960 in Collingwood, New Jersey, U.S.A. at age 67.

Joseph married **Dorothy Catherine Wallace Laing**, daughter of **George Black Laing** and **Catherine Wallace Govan**, on 25 Apr 1925 in Landsdown, Pennsylvania, U.S.A. Dorothy was born on 10 Jun 1899 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. They had two children: **Mary Ann Laing** and **Barbara**.

18-Mary Ann Laing Whitney

18-Barbara Whitney

17-**Anna Braithwaite Whitney**¹⁴² was born on 30 Nov 1894 in Tokyo, Japan and died in Dublin, Ireland.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1911-Jul 1913 in York, Yorkshire.

Anna married **Wilfred Harris Lamb**, son of **Charles Benjamin Lamb** and **Charlotte Gray**, on 16 May 1917 in FMH Jordans, Buckinghamshire. Wilfred was born on 21 Jan 1891 in Fruitfield, Richhill, County Armagh, Ireland. They had three children: **Joseph Bevan Braithwaite**, **Margaret Whitney**, and **Edith Mary**.

18-**Joseph Bevan Braithwaite Lamb**^{39,68,122,159,169,398} was born on 9 Jun 1918 in Inchicore, Dublin, Ireland and died on 20 Mar 2010 in Dublin, Ireland at age 91. Another name for Joseph was Bevan Lamb.

General Notes: Bevan Lamb, was born in 1918 in Dublin the only son of Wilfred and Anna (Whitney) Lamb. His father's family,originally from Oxfordshire, had been Quaker since the mid-17th century; his mother's parents had been medical-missionaries in Japan. His education at Rathgar Junior School, Newtown and Bootham School, York, left him with a lifelong interest in science and a love of Quakerism and walking in the hills. As a young man he played hockey and cricket, and sang in the Culwick Choir After studying food-chemistry in Manchester, he entered the family business of fruit-growing and jam-manufacturing and settled in Rathfarnham with his wife, Marjorie Bottomley, whom he had met at university . They had four children Cathy, Peter, Jenny and Rachel. Bevan was an active Quaker who served on the committees of Rathgar and Newtown schools, but his longest service (over 40 years) was to Drogheda Grammar School which, with a small Quaker committee, he helped to save from extinction in the 1960s.This service was recognised by the school when the new sports building in 2005 was named the 'Bevan Lamb Hall'. Bevan's love of mountains and hills had been stimulated at Newtown by Wilson Strangman, who took him tramping in the Kerry mountains, and by Leslie Gilbert at Bootham who took him to the Alps. He became very good at painting and photographing the scenery. Family holidays for Bevan's children usually included ascents to the tops mountains from Kerry to Connemara. In middlelife, Bevan and Marjorie acquired a house in Co Wicklow, where they explored the local hills and valleys on foot, tended their garden and Bevan became a bee-keeper.

They spent their later holidays in Slovenia amid the flowering meadows of the Alps which they loved.All his life Bevan followed a spiritual path, with regular practice of quiet retirement and study. He was a deep thinker and regularly ministered in Rathfarnham Meeting, which he had helped to establish in the 1950s. In his later life he provided a valuable service at Ireland Yearly Meeting with his Quaker bookstall, making available a supply of Quaker literature most of which he had already read and was happy to discuss. This was an aspect of his personal out-reach in particular to new Friends. Bevan died peacefully in Dublin on 20th March 2010

Newtown School Magazine

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rathgar Junior School in 1922-1928 in Rathgar, Dublin, Ireland.
- He was educated at Newtown School in 1928-1932 in Waterford, Ireland.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1932-1936 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Director Lamb Bros. (Dublin) Ltd.
- He was educated at University of Manchester.

Joseph married **Marjorie Bottomley**, daughter of **Cyril Bottomley** and **Ella Yarker**. They had four children: **Catherine Marjorie**, **Peter Wilfred**, **Jennifer Margaret**, and **Rachel Elizabeth**.

19-Catherine Marjorie Lamb

19-Peter Wilfred Lamb

19-Jennifer Margaret Lamb

19-Rachel Elizabeth Lamb

18-Margaret Whitney Lamb

Margaret married **Robert Desmond Magill**, son of **Walter Ephriam Magill** and **Anna Kathleen Simpson**. They had three children: **Rosemary Kathleen, Barbara Lesley**, and **Sylvia Heather**.

19-Rosemary Kathleen Magill

19-Barbara Lesley Magill

19-Sylvia Heather Magill

18-Edith Mary Lamb

Edith married **Rev. Herbert Macy Whitehead**, son of **Robert Charles Whitehead** and **Miriam Brayton Macy**. They had four children: **Deidre, Robert Harris, Heather Anna**, and **Thomas Macy**.

19-Deidre Whitehead

19-Robert Harris Whitehead

19-Heather Anna Whithead

19-Thomas Macy Whithead

17-**Charles Lloyd Whitney**¹⁴² was born on 23 Feb 1898 in Tokyo, Japan and died on 3 Jun 1993 in Sun City, Arizona at age 95.

Charles married **Nora Matthews**, daughter of **John Ernest Matthews** and **Marian Walpole**, on 28 Oct 1920 in Jordans. Nora was born on 19 May 1901 in London. They had four children: **Winifred Matthews, Thelma Lloyd, Sylvia Walpole**, and **Cosmo Braithwaite**.

18-Winifred Matthews Whitney

Winifred married **Harry Hamilton Rupp**, son of **Donald Z. Rupp** and **Ruby Redinger**. They had three children: **Joyce Anne, Wendy Sue**, and **Duglas Whitney**.

19-Joyce Anne Rupp

19-Wendy Sue Rupp

19-Duglas Whitney Rupp

18-Thelma Lloyd Whitney

Thelma married **Albert Deitz Rittmann**, son of **Albert Rittmann** and **Anita Stilwell**. They had four children: **Jean Victoria, Nancy Carol, Kenneth Whitney**, and **David Eliot**.

19-Jean Victoria Rittmann

19-Nancy Carol Rittmann

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Kenneth Whitney Rittmann

19-David Eliot Rittmann

18-Sylvia Walpole Whitney

Sylvia married **Glenn Stuart**, son of **George Roy Stuart** and **Hazel J. Kennedy**.

18-Cosmo Braithwaite Whitney

Cosmo married **Barbara Jane Knapp**, daughter of **James C. Knapp** and **Kathren Daw**.

16-Elizabeth Braithwaite^{8,12,86,142,180} was born on 24 Jul 1858 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 11 Jan 1946 in Reigate, Surrey at age 87.

Elizabeth married **Prof. George Henry Emmott**,^{12,86,142,180} son of **Thomas Emmott**^{7,86} and **Hannah Barlow**,^{7,86} on 24 Aug 1881 in London. George was born on 28 Sep 1855 in Oldham, Lancashire and died on 8 Mar 1916 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 60. They had five children: **Mary King**, **Hannah Elizabeth**, **George Bevan**, **John Barlow**, and **Margaret**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were Quakers.

General Notes: George Henry Emmott 60 8 3 1916 Claughton, Birkenhead.

Professor Emmott was of Quaker parentage, and all his life intimately associated with the Society of Friends, and although his failing health in later years prevented him from attending many Meetings, he took a great interest in all matters affecting the Society, and always remained a true Friend. Born in 1855, he was the eldest son of the late Thomas and Hannah Emmott, of Brookfield, Oldham. He was educated at the Friends' School, Stramongate, Kendal, and afterwards at Owen's College, Manchester, and Trinity Hall, Cambridge, where he took a First-class in the Law Tripos in 1878. On completing his University course he read law in the chambers of the late Joseph Bevan Braithwaite, and was called to the Bar in 1879. Shortly afterwards he took chambers in Manchester, and was appointed Lecturer in English Law at Owen's College. In 1881 he married Elizabeth, daughter of the late Joseph Bevan and Martha Braithwaite, and for the next five years they made their home at Wilmslow. Then came a call to a professorship in the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, U.S.A., and for ten years he held the chair there, entering with zest into all the activities of University life, his work being largely with post-graduate students in Roman Law and Comparative Jurisprudence. For five years also he was Lecturer on Civil Law in the Columbian University, Washington, D.C. The friendships formed during this time were a constant source of pleasure to him after his return to England, and he greatly enjoyed the letters which he received from his old colleague^, as well as from his students, many of whom are now holding professorships or other important positions all over the world. During the whole of his residence in America he made annual visits to England to see his parents, and in 1896, on being offered the Queen Victoria Chair of Law in University College, Liverpool (now the University of Liverpool) he decided to remain permanently. For the past twenty years he has held this professorship, and continued his work at the Law School up to the very end, delivering his last lecture the day before he died. Speaking of him at the University Senate, the Vice-Chancellor, Sir Alfred Dale, said :- "Since our last meeting we have lost our colleague and friend, Professor Emmott. He has held the Chair of Law for nearly twenty years; he has been Dean of his Faculty for nearly thirteen. And from first to last he has served College and University with a full and faithful devotion. Speaking of him to-day, I look back to what he was when we first met, now only a little less than forty years ago. He had the frankness, the simplicity, the dignity, that we knew so well ; and even then he had the gravity that raised the prosaic minutes of the Law Faculty to the dignity of a solemn service. How Emmott served us here we all know' ; the endless pains he took over his work ; the quiet ardour with which he spent himself in helping others ; how much more ready as a teacher he w'as to give than most pupils are to receive . . . We valued his opinion, trusted his judgment, and could always be sure of this, that the last thing he thought of was his own interest and himself. Vanity, display, self-seeking, he not only avoided but abhorred ... We shall always remember him as one who obeyed an inner law and followed an inner light. He knew the respect in which we held him ; I wish I could feel that he fully understood what affection he had won as well." During the last ten years he passed through deep sorrow in the loss of his two sons, the elder in 1906, whilst the younger, Sec.-Lieut. John B. Emmott, was killed in action in Gallipoli in June 1915. These troubles made him increasingly sympathetic and tender of the feelings of others, so that his " wonderful gentleness " is one of the qualities that seems most to have impressed those who knew him in his later years. He was a great lover of books and had a large and well-chosen library, delighting to spend his leisure hours among these never-failing te friends." Another characteristic was his love of hymns, which he liked to hear sung or recited. He was never a theologian, and disputes on abstract questions of doctrine or creed had no interest for him. His faith was that of a little child, and we may believe that he has passed into the life beyond in that simple trust in the divine love and forgiveness which was his comfort here. -From The Friend.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Owens College, Manchester.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple.
- He worked as a Professor of Logic & Jurisprudence. Johns Hopkins University 1885 To 1896 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA.
- He worked as a Lecturer. Columbia University 1892 To 1896 in Washington, USA..
- He worked as a Queen Victoria Professor of Law. Liverpool University in 1896 in Liverpool.
- He worked as a Dean of the Faculty of Law in 1903 in University of Liverpool.
- He had a residence in Oakdene, Park Road West, Birkenhead, Cheshire.

17-**Mary King Emmott**^{12,142} was born on 22 Oct 1882 in Holly Bank, Wilmslow, Cheshire and died on 7 Feb 1951 in Reigate, Surrey at age 68.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Apr 1899 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married **Herbert Crosfield**,^{39,84,134,165,201} son of **Joseph Crosfield**^{2,7,26,29,53,75,87,204,206,229,399,400,401} and **Sarah Swatridge Lowe**,^{2,7,29} on 17 Sep 1921 in Reigate, Surrey. Herbert was born on 26 Sep 1856 in Wray Park, Reigate, Surrey and died on 12 Jul 1938 in Falmouth, Cornwall at age 81.

General Notes: Crosfield.-On 12th July, at Falmouth, Herbert Crosfield (1869-73), aged 81 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1869-1873 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Underwriter.
- He worked as a Mayor of Reigate in 1919-1920 in Reigate, Surrey.
- He was awarded with Freeman of the Borough of Reigate.

17-**Hannah Elizabeth Emmott**^{12,142} was born on 30 Dec 1883 in Holly Bank, Wilmslow, Cheshire and died on 2 Sep 1962 at age 78.

17-**George Bevan Emmott**^{12,39,86,142,156,180} was born on 1 Jan 1885 in Holly Bank, Wilmslow, Cheshire and died on 22 Feb 1906 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 21.

General Notes: EMMOTT.-On the 22nd February, 1906, at Birkenhead, George Bevan Emmott (1896-1900), aged 21 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1896-1900 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**2nd Lieut. John Barlow Emmott**^{12,86,142,178} was born on 9 Aug 1888 in Nantucket, Massachusetts, USA and died on 4 Jun 1915 in The Dardanelles, Killed In Action. at age 26.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 1/10 Battalion, The Manchester Regiment.
- He worked as a member of Emmott & Wallshaw Ltd.

John married **Doris Lees Ascroft**,¹⁴² daughter of **James Henry Ascroft** and **Mabel Gertrude Lees**, on 27 Aug 1913 in Oldham, Lancashire. Doris was born on 28 Feb 1891 in Oldham, Lancashire.

17-**Margaret Emmott**^{12,142} was born on 20 Mar 1892 in Baltimore, Maryland, USA.

16-**Rachel Barclay Braithwaite**^{8,12,142} was born on 20 Nov 1859 in 65 Mornington Road, London and died on 27 Jul 1946 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 86.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

16-**George Braithwaite**^{8,12,142,145,152} was born on 5 Mar 1861 in 65 Mornington Road, London, died on 18 Jun 1931 in Tokyo, Japan at age 70, and was buried in Ayoyama Cemetery, Tokyo, Japan.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Quaker missionary.
- He worked as an Agent of the British and Foreign Bible Society, Tokyo.
- He had a residence in 5 Hikawa Cho, Akasaka, Tokyo, Japan.

George married **Letitia Elizabeth Lesh**,^{12,142} daughter of **James Lesh** and **Agnes McBride**, on 14 Feb 1901 in Tokyo, Japan. Letitia was born on 17 Jan 1876 in Hollowmire, Ulverston, Cumbria, died on 21 Sep 1932 in Tokyo, Japan at age 56, and was buried in Ayoyama Cemetery, Tokyo, Japan. They had one son: **George Burnham**.

17-**George Burnham Braithwaite**¹⁴² was born on 5 Aug 1902 in Burnham, Somerset.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grade B II GCHQ.
- He was awarded with OBE.

George married **Edith Lamb**, daughter of **Charles Benjamin Lamb** and **Charlotte Gray**, on 3 Jun 1924 in Tokyo, Japan. Edith was born on 12 Apr 1895 in Fruitfield, Richhill, County Armagh, Ireland. They had one daughter: **Edith Elizabeth**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1910-Jul 1913 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Edith Elizabeth Braithwaite**

Edith married **Geoffrey Arthur Peters**, son of **Henry Robert Peters**. They had two children: **Timothy Bevan** and **Michael Jeremy**.

19-**Timothy Bevan Peters**

19-**Michael Jeremy Peters**

16-**William Charles Braithwaite**^{2,3,7,12,142,288,390,402} was born on 23 Dec 1862 in 312, Camden Road, London and died on 28 Jan 1922 in Castle House, Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of London.
- He worked as a Conveyancing Barrister, Lincolns Inn.
- He worked as a President of Woodbrooke College in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a JP for the Borough of Banbury in Banbury, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Historian.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Trafford, West Bar, Banbury, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Served on the committee of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1919.

William married **Janet Morland**,^{2,7,12,142} daughter of **Charles Coleby Morland**^{2,7,12,39,47,79,171,207} and **Jane Fryer**,^{2,7,12,39,47,79,207,328} on 16 Oct 1896 in FMH Croydon. Janet was born on 24 May 1867 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 10 Oct 1936 in Croydon, Surrey at age 69. They had four children: **Richard Bevan**, **Alfred William**, **Constance**, and **Charles Morland**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1883-Jun 1885 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Prof. Richard Bevan Braithwaite**^{2,12,39,44,94,128,133,141,142,268,403} was born on 15 Jan 1900 in 2 Dashwood Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 21 Apr 1990 in Bottisham, Cambridge at age 90, and was buried in King's College Chapel, Cambridge.

General Notes: Braithwaite, Richard Bevan (1900– 1990), philosopher, was born on 15 January 1900 in Banbury, Oxfordshire, the eldest in the family of three sons and one daughter of William Charles Braithwaite, of Banbury, barrister, banker, and historian of Quakerism, and his wife, Janet, daughter of Charles C. Morland, of Croydon. He was educated at Sidcot School, Somerset (1911– 14), Bootham School, York (1914– 18), and as a scholar at King's College, Cambridge (1919– 23), where he became a wrangler in part two of the mathematical tripos (1922), and gained a first class in part two of the moral sciences tripos (1923).

In 1924 Braithwaite was elected to a fellowship at King's College, which he retained until his death. He was successively a university lecturer in moral sciences (1928– 34), Sidgwick lecturer (1934– 53), and Knightbridge professor of moral philosophy (1953– 67). He did much to foster the philosophy of science in Cambridge, lecturing on it regularly for the philosophy tripos (his lectures on probability being particularly memorable). He also brought it into the natural sciences tripos, working with the historian Herbert Butterfield to found the department of history and philosophy of science.

Braithwaite's own work was in the Cambridge tradition of scientifically informed philosophy exemplified by Bertrand Russell, J. M. Keynes, Frank Ramsey, and C. D. Broad. His mathematical training showed most clearly in his philosophy of science, notably in his explication of the concept of probability invoked in modern science. This culminated in Scientific Explanation (1953), the published version of his Trinity College Turner lectures of 1945– 6, a classic work whose influence ranks him as a methodologist of science with Sir Karl Popper and Carl Hempel

Braithwaite's philosophy ranged far wider than the philosophy of science. His 1955 inaugural lecture, Theory of Games as a Tool for the Moral Philosopher, showed the significance for moral and political philosophy of modern theories of games and decisions. His 1955 Eddington lecture, An Empiricist's View of the Nature of Religious Belief, showed his long-standing concern with religion. In this he was greatly influenced by his Quaker upbringing, as in the pacifism, later rejected, that made him serve in the Friends' Ambulance Unit in the First World War. He eventually joined the Church of England, being baptized and confirmed in King's College chapel in 1948.

Braithwaite took a keen interest in public affairs, and was active in college and university politics. He took especial satisfaction in helping to promote the grace admitting women to membership of Cambridge University, and thus to its degrees. His principal recreation was reading novels.

It was the way Braithwaite philosophized that most inspired his students, colleagues, and friends. In height and weight he may have resembled the average Englishman, but not in his intellectual exuberance. In discussion, even in old age, deaf, with spectacles and thinning hair, sometimes apparently asleep, his attention rarely flagged; and the intensity of his contributions— often prefaced with roars of 'Now look here, I'm sorry ...'— was a continual refutation of the popular dichotomy of reason and passion. His curiosity was boundless, his grasp of issues quick and complete, his comments clear, forceful, and original. No one could be more passionate in the rational pursuit of truth, nor less concerned to impress, dominate, preach, or be taken for a guru. He was a great scourge of the obscure, the portentous, the complacent, and the slapdash— diseases to which philosophy is always prone and to which his incisive irreverence was the perfect antidote.

Braithwaite received an honorary DLitt from Bristol University in 1963, and was visiting professor of philosophy at Johns Hopkins University in 1968, the University of Western Ontario in 1969, and the City University of New York in 1970. He was president of the Mind Association in 1946, and of the Aristotelian Society in 1946– 7. In 1957 he became a fellow of the British Academy and in 1986 a foreign honorary member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences. In 1948 he helped to found what later became the British Society for the Philosophy of Science, of which he was president from 1961 to 1963.

In 1925 Braithwaite married Dorothea Cotter, daughter of Sir Theodore Morison, principal of Armstrong College, Newcastle upon Tyne, which later became Newcastle University. She died in 1928, and in 1932 he married Margaret Mary (d. 1986), daughter of Charles Frederick Gurney Masterman, a noted Liberal MP and member of the 1914 cabinet. They had a son and a daughter. Braithwaite died of pneumonia on 21 April 1990 at The Grange, a nursing home in Bottisham, near Cambridge. His ashes were interred in King's College chapel, Cambridge.

D. H. Mellor, rev.

RICHARD B. BRAITHWAITE (1914-18) is making windows for huts at a delightful town in a small rocky valley in the Juras with the F.W.V.R.C. *Bootham magazine* - *December 1918*

RICHARD BEVAN BRAITHWAITE Richard Bevan Braithwaite was Professor of Moral Philosophy at Cambridge from 1953 to 1967 and Fellow of King's College from 1924. He was born in January 1900 and died aged 90 on 21 st April 1990. He was a mathematician both by training and by temperament, and he made important contributions to the understanding of the concept of probability that occurs in the statistical laws of modern physical and biological science. He had an abiding interest in religious belief, and although he grew up as a Member of the Society of Friends, he later joined the Church of England.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1911-1914 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1914-1918 in York, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- He worked as a Science master, Leighton Park School in 1918.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Professor of Moral Philosophy, Cambridge.

Richard married **Dorothea Cotter Morison**,^{2,133} daughter of **Sir Theodore Morison** and **Margaret Cohen**, on 6 Oct 1925 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Dorothea was born on 14 Mar 1898 in India and died on 12 Aug 1928 in London at age 30.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-MORISON.-On October 6th, at Newcastle-on- Tyne, Richard Bevan Braithwaite (1914-18), to Dorothea Cotter Morison, of Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Richard next married **Margaret Mary Masterman**,^{2,94,268,403} daughter of **Rt. Hon. Charles Frederick Gurney Masterman**² and **Lucy Blanche Lyttelton**,² on 13 Dec 1932 in Cambridge. Margaret was born on 4 May 1910 in London and died on 1 Apr 1986 at age 75. They had two children: **Lewis Charles** and **Catherine Lucy**.

Marriage Notes: BRAITHWAITE-MASTERMAN.— On December 13th, 1932, Richard Bevan Braithwaite (1914-18), to Margaret Mary Masterman.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Founder of the Cambridge Language Research Unit.
- She worked as an authority on Computational Linguistics.
- She worked as a Philosopher in Cambridge.
- She worked as a Co-founder and Vice President of the Lucy Cavendish College in 1965-1975.

18-Lewis Charles Braithwaite

Lewis married **Louissette Jane Barron**. They had four children: **Lucy Anne**, **Paul Richard**, **Nicholas Russell**, and **Alice Mary**.

19-Lucy Anne Braithwaite

19-Paul Richard Braithwaite

19-Nicholas Russell Braithwaite

19-Alice Mary Braithwaite

18-Catherine Lucy Braithwaite

Catherine married **Raymond Charles Inchley** on 29 Aug 1976. Raymond was born on 29 Jun 1931 and died in Mar 1999 in Somerset at age 67.

17-**Alfred William Braithwaite**^{12,142} was born on 9 Sep 1901 in 2 Dashwood Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 19 Mar 1975 in Westminster, London at age 73, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant and Partner in Waterhouse & Co.

Alfred married **Mary Millior Barlow**,²¹⁵ daughter of **John Henry Barlow**^{7,215} and **Mabel Cash**,^{7,215} on 25 Mar 1939 in Malvern, Worcestershire. Mary was born on 13 Jul 1904 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 12 Jan 1993 in Hendon, Middlesex at age 88, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire. They had two children: **Anna Millior** and **Caroline May**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Edgbaston High School.

18-**Anna Millior Braithwaite**^{142,215} was born on 18 Oct 1942 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 2011 at age 68.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

General Notes: My cousin Anna OHerlihy, who has died from cancer aged 68, was an outstanding social worker who had a talent for listening to people's problems, and later became a psychotherapist. Her two publications on the role of the guardian ad litem, published by Venture Press in the 1990s, have become standard practitioners' guides.

Anna was raised in Golders Green, north London, the older daughter of two distinguished Quakers, Alfred and Millior Braithwaite. There was a rebellious streak in her from earliest childhood. I remember her retorting to our grandmother on being told off yet again: "If you say that again, Granny, I'll kick you up the bum." Having been very happy at a local day school in London, Anna did not take kindly to being dispatched to the Mount school in York.

Undaunted, she went on to study at the London School of Economics and the Sorbonne in Paris. She completed her postgraduate studies in forensic social work at the Tavistock Clinic in Hampstead. Many lifelong friendships were forged at this time.

Anna attended the Quaker summer school in Geneva, which gave students an introduction to the working of the United Nations and the World Health Organisation, whose dedicated work deeply impressed her. Although she ultimately lost her faith, Quaker beliefs remained a strong strand in her life.

She married a social worker, Jimmy Kerr, and they had two children, Abby and Jane. After the break-up of their marriage, Anna found great happiness with Callaghan OHerlihy, whom she wed in 1992. He brought not only calm wisdom and understanding to their union but also five stepchildren.

Anna managed to devote time to her clients right up until the day before she died. Abby died in 2008. Anna is survived by Callaghan, Jane, two grandchildren, Scarlet and Rosalie, her stepchildren and her sister, Carol

Antony Barlow

Noted events in her life were:

- Her obituary was published in The Guardian on 24 Feb 2011.
- She was educated at The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.
- She was educated at London School of Economics.
- She was educated at The Sorbonne.
- She worked as a Social worker and psychotherapist.

Anna married **James Gilmour Bair Kerr**. They had two children: **Abigail Mary M.** and **Jane Anna B.**

19-**Abigail Mary M. Kerr**^{142,215} was born in 1972 in Epping, Essex and died in 2008 at age 36.

Abigail married **Chris Rowell**. They had one daughter: **Rosalie Anna**.

20-**Rosalie Anna Rowell**

19-**Jane Anna B. Kerr**

Jane married **Duncan Bewley**. They had one daughter: **Scarlett Abigail**.

20-**Scarlett Abigail Bewley**

Anna next married **Callaghan OHerlihy**.

18-**Caroline May Braithwaite**

Caroline married **David Terry**.

Caroline next married **Moussa Saker**. They had two children: **Adam** and **Sami**.

19-**Adam Saker**

19-**Sami Saker**

17-**Constance Braithwaite**^{12,142} was born on 30 Jul 1904 in 2 Dashwood Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire and died in 1985 at age 81.

General Notes: She stayed at some time with Francesca Wilson as a lodger in Edgbaston.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Nikolaus Pevsner, brutally called her, " A rather peculiar person, a masculine woman." as per *Nikolaus Pevsner - The Life* (2012 Ransom House) Susie Harries.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Assistant lecturer in Social economics, Department of Commerce in University of Birmingham.
- Miscellaneous: Author of "The Voluntary Citizen - An enquiry into the place of philanthropy in the community".
- She was a Quaker.

17-**Charles Morland Braithwaite**^{12,142} was born on 4 Jan 1907 in 2 Dashwood Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire and died in 1982 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sibford School.
- He worked as a Photographer and Cinematographer. Morland Braithwaite Ltd. In Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 35 Middleton Hall Road, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Charles married **Margaret Hope Doncaster**, daughter of **Charles Mallinson Doncaster**⁷ and **Hilda Priestman**.,⁷ They had three children: **Geoffrey Doncaster**, **Janet Margaret**, and **Susan Rachel**.

18-**Geoffrey Doncaster Braithwaite**

Geoffrey married **Judith Campbell**, daughter of **Robert Stewart Campbell** and **Isabella Frances Nettleton**. They had two children: **Nigel** and **Colin**.

19-**Nigel Braithwaite**

19-**Colin Braithwaite**

18-**Janet Margaret Braithwaite**

18-**Susan Rachel Braithwaite**

Susan married **Peter Dunn**.

16-**Catherine Lydia Braithwaite**^{12,142} was born on 30 Aug 1864 in 312 Camden Road, Islington, London and died on 25 Dec 1957 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 93.

15-**Mary Caroline Braithwaite**^{8,12,180} was born on 21 Jun 1818 in Highgate, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 Jan 1887 in Buckhurst Park, Ascot, Berkshire at age 68.

Mary married **Joseph Savory**,^{8,12} son of **Adey Bellamy Savory**^{8,12,197} and **Mary Cox**,^{8,12,197} on 26 Oct 1841 in Kendal, Cumbria. Joseph was born on 24 Jul 1808 in Westminster, London and died on 16 Dec 1879 in Buckhurst Park, Ascot, Berkshire at age 71. They had eight children: **Mary Caroline**, **Joseph**, **Ernest Lloyd**, **Anna Braithwaite**, **Mary**, **Arnold Wordsworth**, **Ethelbert Keston**, and **Ronald Herbert**.

16-**Mary Caroline Savory**^{8,12} was born on 22 Aug 1842 in London and died on 9 Sep 1923 in Buxton at age 81.

Mary married **John Loudon Strain**,¹² son of **John Strain** and **Agnes Loudon**, on 12 Jul 1883 in Sunninghill, Ascot, Berkshire. John was born on 16 Mar 1857 in Hamilton, North Berwick and died on 27 Oct 1938 in Buxton, Derbyshire at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRGS AMInstCE.
- He was educated at Taunton College.
- He was educated at University of Glasgow.
- He had a residence in Braeside, Buxton, Derbyshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

16-**Sir Joseph Savory 1st Bt.**^{8,12} was born on 23 Jul 1843 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 1 Oct 1921 in Buckhurst Park, Ascot at age 78.

General Notes: J.P., Alderman of the City of London, 1883, Sheriff of London and Middlesex, 1882-3, Lord Mayor 1890-1

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lord Mayor of London 1890 To 1891.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Westmorland 1892 To 1900.
- He worked as a DL & JP for London.
- He worked as an Alderman of London.
- He had a residence in Buckhurst Park, Ascot, Berkshire.
- He had a residence in Wyndham House, Sloane Gardens, London.

Joseph married **Helen Pemberton Leach**,¹² daughter of **Lt. Col. Sir George Archibald Leach** and **Emily Leigh Pemberton**,¹² on 26 Jul 1888 in St. Jude's Church, South Kensington, London. Helen was born on 5 Aug 1863 in Highgate, London and died on 4 Nov 1939 in Parkstone, Dorset at age 76.

16-**Rev. Ernest Lloyd Savory**^{8,12} was born on 18 Mar 1845 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 1 Sep 1924 in Stowmarket, Suffolk at age 79.

General Notes: Rector of Palgrave, Suffolk, from 1879 and chaplain to his brother, the Lord Mayor of London, 1890-91

Is this Norfolk or Suffolk?

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at St. Mary Hall, Oxford.
- He worked as a Chaplain to the Lord Mayor of London (his brother) 1890 To 1891.
- He worked as a Rector of Palgrave, Suffolk in Palgrave, Diss, Suffolk.

Ernest married **Eliza Ann Johnson**,¹² daughter of **Rev. Paul Johnson** and **Eliza Bolingbroke**, on 28 Jun 1871 in Overstrand, Cromer, Norfolk. Eliza was born on 19 Aug 1845 in Sidestrand, Norfolk and died on 23 Oct 1874 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 29. They had three children: **Evelyn Mary**, **Dorothy Maud**, and **Alice Braithwaite**.

17-**Evelyn Mary Savory**¹² was born on 14 Apr 1872 in Eastbourne, East Sussex.

Evelyn married **Ebenezer John MacDonald**,¹² son of **Charles MacDonald** and **Jane Campbell Thomson**, on 1 Jan 1903 in Sao Paulo, Brazil. Ebenezer was born on 3 Feb 1870 in Salto, Argentina and died on 6 May 1926 in Sao Paulo, Brazil at age 56. They had six children: **Ernest Charles Ian**, **Robert Angus**, **Evelyn Mary**, **Ronald Campbell**, **Norman Pemberton**, and **Roderick Houston**.

18-**Ernest Charles Ian MacDonald** was born on 12 Jan 1904 in Sao Paulo.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Consulting & Electrical Engineer.

Ernest married **Margaret Agnes McKay**, daughter of **John McKay** and **Sarah Caroline Groves**, on 20 May 1931 in Eastbourne. Margaret was born on 29 Aug 1906 in London. They had three children: **Alastair John**, **Graham Houston**, and **Andrew Charles**.

19-**Alastair John MacDonald**

19-**Graham Houston MacDonald**

19-**Andrew Charles MacDonald**

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18-**Robert Angus MacDonald** was born on 1 Jun 1905 in Sao Paulo.

Robert married **Joan Godfrey Andrews**, daughter of **Henry Godfrey Andrews** and **Dorothy Lacey**. They had three children: **Robert Donald Geoffrey**, **Stuart Timothy**, and **Virginia Ailsa**.

19-**Robert Donald Geoffrey MacDonald**

19-**Stuart Timothy MacDonald** was born on 18 Feb 1937 in Esher, Surrey and died on 5 Sep 1958 in London. Killed In A Motor Accident. at age 21.

19-**Virginia Ailsa MacDonald**

18-**Evelyn Mary MacDonald** was born on 1 Jun 1905 in Sao Paulo, Brazil.

18-**Ronald Campbell MacDonald**

Ronald married **Jean Mary Phillips**, daughter of **Henry Lawrence Phillips** and **Jeannie Emma Johnson**. They had three children: **Ronald Douglas Somerled**, **Stewart Hamish**, and **Fiona Mary**.

19-**Ronald Douglas Somerled MacDonald**

19-**Stewart Hamish MacDonald**

19-**Fiona Mary MacDonald**

18-**Norman Pemberton MacDonald**

Norman married **Kathleen May Braithwaite**, daughter of **Thomas Henry Braithwaite** and **May Elizabeth Brewster**. They had three children: **Henry Norman**, **Bruce**, and **Christopher**.

19-**Henry Norman MacDonald**

19-**Bruce MacDonald**

19-**Christopher MacDonald**

18-**Roderick Houston MacDonald** was born on 12 Jul 1918 in Sao Paulo, Brazil and died on 29 Jun 1942 in Mersa Matruh, N. Africa. Killed In Actio at age 23.

17-**Dorothy Maud Savory**¹² was born on 1 Aug 1873 in Oxford, Oxfordshire.

Dorothy married **Dr. William Loudon Strain**,¹² son of **John Strain** and **Agnes Loudon**, on 18 Jul 1895 in Palgrave, Diss. William was born on 29 Dec 1861 in Waterloo, Lanarkshire and died on 10 Sep 1949 in London at age 87. They had ten children: **John Loudon**, **Dorothy Evelyn**, **Agnes Winifred**, **Alice Irene**, **William Stewart**, **Ernest Douglas**, **Jean Braithwaite**, **Ronald Loudon**, **Malcolm Kenneth**, and **Alan Gordon**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician.
- He had a residence in 145 Harley Street, London.

18-**John Loudon Strain** was born on 20 Aug 1896 in Sao Paulo, Brazil and died on 1 Aug 1917 in Ypres, Belgium. Killed in action at age 20.

18-**Dorothy Evelyn Strain** was born on 6 Jan 1898.

18-**Agnes Winifred Strain** was born on 12 Dec 1899.

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18-**Alice Irene Strain** was born on 8 Oct 1901 in Sao Paulo.

Alice married **James Millner Vellacott**, son of **James Spear Vellacott** and **Elizabeth Morris**, on 15 Jun 1926 in Wimbledon. James was born on 11 May 1900 in Raynham, Kent. They had four children: **Elisabeth Dorothy**, **John Patrick Millner**, **David Norman Strain**, and **Esther Caroline**.

19-**Elisabeth Dorothy Vellacott**

Elisabeth married **Geoffrey Vaughan Argyle**, son of **F. W. Argyle** and **Margaret Sayer Causer**. They had four children: **Alastair Vaughan**, **Duncan Murray**, **Patrick Graham**, and **Rachel Alice**.

20-**Alastair Vaughan Argyle**

20-**Duncan Murray Argyle**

20-**Patrick Graham Argyle**

20-**Rachel Alice Argyle**

19-**John Patrick Millner Vellacott**

John married **Gwendolin Joan Batstone**, daughter of **John Barstone** and **Gwendolin Lilian Hurst**. They had two children: **Jennifer Ann** and **Jonathan James**.

20-**Jennifer Ann Vellacott**

20-**Jonathan James Vellacott**

19-**David Norman Strain Vellacott**

David married **Patricia Le Soeuf Coleman**, daughter of **Robert Baxendel Coleman** and **Enid Louisa Evans**. They had two children: **Jacqueline Patricia** and **Ian David Millner**.

20-**Jacqueline Patricia Vellacott**

20-**Ian David Millner Vellacott**

19-**Esther Caroline Vellacott**

18-**William Stewart Strain** was born on 15 Aug 1904.

18-**Ernest Douglas Strain** was born on 20 Aug 1906 in Wimbledon.

Ernest married **Marjorie Arrowsmith**, daughter of **Edwin Arrowsmith** and **Kathleen Eggleston Porter**. They had one daughter: **Jane Elizabeth**.

19-**Jane Elizabeth Strain**

18-**Jean Braithwaite Strain** was born on 9 May 1908 in Wimbledon and died on 24 Jan 2005 at age 96.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated.

Jean married **Most Rev. & Rt. Hon. Dr. Frederick Donald Coggan Baron Coggan**, son of **Cornish Arthur Coggan** and **Fannie Sarah Chubb**, on 17 Oct 1935 in Wimbledon. Frederick was born on 8 Oct 1909 in London and died on 17 May 2000 at age 90. They had two children: **Dorothy Ann** and **Ruth Evelyn**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Archbishop of Canterbury.

19-Hon. Dorothy Ann Coggan

19-Hon. Dr. Ruth Evelyn Coggan

18-Ronald Loudon Strain was born on 30 Aug 1909 in Bognor Regis, Sussex and died on 4 Aug 1927 in Bude, Cornwall at age 17.

18-Malcolm Kenneth Strain

Malcolm married **Pamela Jane Steel**, daughter of **Francis George Steel** and **Norah Violet Hyland**. They had three children: **Christopher Malcolm**, **Judith Sarah**, and **Adrian Scott**.

19-Christopher Malcolm Strain

19-Judith Sarah Strain

19-Adrian Scott Strain

18-Alan Gordon Strain was born on 30 Dec 1912 in Wimbledon and died on 10 Aug 1943 in Sutton Military Hospital. Died on active service at age 30.

17-Alice Braithwaite Savory¹² was born on 2 Oct 1874 in Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 5 Dec 1940 in Stowmarket, Suffolk at age 66.

Ernest next married **Gertrude Arrowsmith**,¹² daughter of **Arthur John Arrowsmith** and **Emma Alderman**, on 2 Nov 1876 in London. Gertrude was born on 13 Aug 1851 in Notting Hill, London and died on 31 Jan 1931 in Stowmarket, Suffolk at age 79. They had eight children: **Ernest Braithwaite**, **Douglas Lloyd**, **Gertrude Winifred**, **Mary Caroline**, **Evangeline Bolingbroke**, **Hubert Dolobran**, **Donald Stuart**, and **Edith Margaret Hester**.

17-Ernest Braithwaite Savory¹² was born on 5 Sep 1877 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 4 Sep 1958 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Norwich.
- He had a residence in Tyndale Lodge, Bromley, Kent.

Ernest married **Oenone Margaret Lanchester**,¹² daughter of **Rev. Charles Preston Lanchester** and **Ida Compton Lundie**, on 26 Aug 1902 in Norwich, Norfolk. Oenone was born on 23 Mar 1881 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 23 Aug 1960 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 79. They had two children: **Oenone Margaret Winifred** and **Joyce Braithwaite**.

18-Oenone Margaret Winifred Savory¹² was born on 4 Jul 1903 in Bromley, Kent and died on 23 Oct 1929 in Eastbourne at age 26.

18-Joyce Braithwaite Savory¹² was born on 29 Mar 1908 in Bromley, Kent.

Joyce married **Robert Packenham-Walsh**, son of **Alfred Ridley Packemham-Walsh** and **Hilda Catherine Dear**, on 1 Sep 1934 in London. Robert was born on 19 Aug 1906 in Quetta, India. They had four children: **Mabel**, **Patrick Robert**, **Thomas**, and **Andrew**.

19-Mabel Packenham-Walsh

19-Patrick Robert Packenham-Walsh

19-Thomas Packenham-Walsh

19-Andrew Packenham-Walsh

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17-**Prof. Sir Douglas Lloyd Savory**¹² was born on 17 Aug 1878 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 5 Oct 1969 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Chevalier de la Legion D'honneur.
- He was educated at Marlborough College.
- He was educated at St John's College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Professor of French Language and Romance Philology in 1909 in Queen's University, Belfast.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Queen's University, Belfast 1940 To 1950.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for South Antrim 1950 To 1955.
- He worked as a President of the Huguenot Society of London.

Douglas married **Madeline Clendinning**, daughter of **James Herman Clendinning** and **Nannie Margaret Hamilton-Burgoyne-Baird**, on 3 Jul 1918 in Lurgan, Northern Ireland. Madeline was born on 7 Mar 1890 in Lurgan, Northern Ireland.

17-**Gertrude Winifred Savory**¹² was born on 16 Sep 1879 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 27 Dec 1950 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 71.

17-**Mary Caroline Savory**¹² was born on 16 Apr 1881 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk.

Mary married **Rev. Robert Cuthbert Steele Bailey**,¹² son of **John Cuthbert Bailey** and **Sidney Marie Josephine Alcock**, on 4 Jun 1908 in St. Peter's Church, Palgrave, Diss, Suffolk. Robert was born on 9 Nov 1880 in Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire. They had two children: **Robin Humfrey** and **Hubert Michael Antony John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as a Curate of Burford in Burford, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Hon. Chaplain To The Forces.
- He worked as a Rector of Hanborough in Hanborough, Oxfordshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Hanborough Rectory, Hanborough, Oxfordshire.

18-**Robin Humfrey Bailey**¹² was born on 5 Dec 1911 in Hanborough Rectory, Hanborough, Oxfordshire.

Robin married **Joan Mary Janes**, daughter of **William Hinton Janes** and **Bessie McLaren**. They had two children: **Susan Jennifer** and **Josephine Daphne**.

19-**Susan Jennifer Bailey**

Susan married **Harvey James Davis**, son of **James William Davis**. They had one son: **Steven Wayne**.

20-**Steven Wayne Davis**

19-**Josephine Daphne Bailey**

Robin next married **Margaret Greenwood Barlow**, daughter of **William George Barlow** and **Margaret Isabella Prichett**. They had two children: **Richard Charles Adrian** and **Sarah Caroline**.

19-**Richard Charles Adrian Bailey**

19-**Sarah Caroline Bailey**

18-**Hubert Michael Antony John Bailey**¹² was born on 11 Oct 1915 in Hanborough Rectory, Hanborough, Oxfordshire.

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Hubert married **Doreen Rosalie Boyd**, daughter of **Arthur William Boyd** and **Rose Alma Purkess**. They had two children: **Robert Michael Humfrey** and **John Richard Hubert**.

19-**Robert Michael Humfrey Bailey**

19-**John Richard Hubert Bailey**

17-**Evangeline Bolingbroke Savory**¹² was born on 17 Jun 1882 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 26 Jan 1944 in Galleywood, Chelmsford, Essex at age 61.

Evangeline married **Francis Arthur Roughton**,¹² son of **Frances Henry Roughton** and **Harriett Smith**, on 3 Jun 1915 in Palgrave, Diss, Suffolk. Francis was born on 10 Jun 1881 in Bramcote, Nottingham and died on 12 Apr 1959 in Galleywood, Chelmsford at age 77.

17-**Hubert Dolobran Savory**¹² was born on 25 Sep 1883 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk.

Hubert married **Gwendolen Evans**, daughter of **Frederick Charles Evans** and **Emily Bennett**, on 3 Nov 1938 in London. Gwendolen was born on 7 Aug 1900 in Trowbridge and died on 30 Dec 1949 in London at age 49.

17-**Donald Stuart Savory**¹² was born on 23 Jan 1885 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Corpus Christi College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Senior Partner E.B.Savory & Co.
- He had a residence in Mon Repos, Churchill Road, Boscombe, Hampshire.

Donald married **Muriel Florence Horder**,¹² daughter of **Mark Garrett Horder**¹² and **Janet Alma Main**, on 26 Jul 1910 in Kingston. Muriel was born on 9 Jan 1880 in Salisbury, Wiltshire. They had one son: **Christopher Ernest Lloyd**.

18-**Christopher Ernest Lloyd Savory** was born on 27 Jun 1917 in London and died on 7 Jan 1929 in London at age 11.

Donald next married **Rose Marguerite Robinson**, daughter of **Walter Ward Robinson** and **Helen Knott**, on 23 Dec 1936 in London. Rose was born on 19 Nov 1892 in Barry.

17-**Edith Margaret Hester Savory**¹² was born on 2 Jul 1887 in Palgrave Rectory, Diss, Suffolk and died on 19 Sep 1943 in West Bromwich, Staffordshire at age 56.

16-**Anna Braithwaite Savory**^{8,12} was born on 29 Oct 1846 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 30 Apr 1928 in Partridge Green, Sussex at age 81.

Anna married **Rev. John Henry Johnson**,¹² son of **Rev. Paul Johnson** and **Eliza Bolingbroke**, on 20 Jun 1876 in Sunningdale, Berkshire. John was born on 2 Feb 1841 in Bunwell, Norfolk and died on 14 Nov 1938 in Partridge Green, Sussex at age 97. They had three children: **Herbert Braithwaite**, **Anna Maude**, and **John De Monins**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Caius College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Rector of Brocklesby in Brocklesby, Lincolnshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Brocklesby Rectory, Brocklesby, Lincolnshire.

17-**Herbert Braithwaite Johnson**² was born on 16 Aug 1877 in Brocklesby Rectory, Brocklesby, Lincolnshire and died on 6 Sep 1960 in Jalisco, Mexico at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a keeper of the Sub Tropical Gardens at Ajijic, Mexico.

Herbert married **Georgette Martin Wilkie**, daughter of **George Wilkie** and **Hettie Martin**, on 2 Jan 1930 in London. Georgette was born on 16 Oct 1893 in Gillingham.

17-**Anna Maude Johnson**¹² was born on 29 Oct 1879 in Brocklesby Rectory, Brocklesby, Lincolnshire and died on 30 Dec 1956 in Louth, Lincolnshire at age 77.

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Anna married **John Bygott Riggall**,² son of **Frank Riggall** and **Mary Alice Bygott**, on 3 Jun 1909 in Kirmington, Lincolnshire. John was born on 4 Feb 1884 in Hackthorne, Lincoln. They had two children: **Prudence Jan Mary** and **Helen Eunice**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Langton Grange, Spilsby, Lincolnshire.

18-Prudence Jan Mary Riggall

18-Helen Eunice Riggall

Helen married **Harold Walter Masson**, son of **Walter Masson** and **Ethel Bilmer**. They had one daughter: **(No Given Name)**.

19-Masson

17-**Dr. John De Monins Johnson**^{2,12} was born on 17 May 1882 in Kirmington, Lincolnshire, died on 15 Sep 1956 in Oxford at age 74, and was buried in Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire.

General Notes: Johnson, John de Monins (1882– 1956), printer, ephemerist, and classical scholar, was born on 17 May 1882 at Kirmington, Lincolnshire, the second son and third child of the vicar, the Revd John Henry Johnson (1841– 1938), and his wife, Anna Braithwaite, née Savory (1846– 1928). He was educated at Magdalen College School, Oxford, and in 1900 won an open scholarship at Exeter College. He obtained a first class in classical moderations (1902) and a second class in literae humaniores (1904), remaining in residence for an extra year reading Arabic in preparation for the Egyptian civil service, which he entered in 1905 and left in 1907.

From 1909 to 1912 Johnson was a senior demy of Magdalen College and during this period and later, while a pupil of A. S. Hunt, he edited papyri: Johnson was chiefly responsible for volume 2 of the Catalogue of the Greek Papyri in the John Rylands Library, which was published in 1915. In 1911, and again in 1913– 14, he was in Egypt conducting explorations on behalf of the Graeco-Roman branch of the Egypt Exploration Society. During his second expedition he found at Antinoë the earliest known manuscript of Theocritus. It was edited by Hunt and Johnson together, but publication (Two Theocritus papyri) was delayed until 1930 when Johnson's name, unusually duplicated, appeared both on the title-page and in the printer's colophon at the end.

In 1915 (unfit for active service) Johnson was appointed acting assistant secretary to the delegates of Oxford University Press, and later assistant secretary. He was discerning in choosing manuscripts, enterprising and persuasive in seeking authors, and, when there was opportunity, a brilliant innovator in illustration. Inspired by his work as a papyrologist, Johnson was the originator of the use of contemporary documentation in the illustration of school history books.

On 31 July 1918 Johnson married (Margaret) Dorothea (1892– 1981), daughter of Charles Cannan, secretary to the delegates. They had one son, Charles Cannan Johnson (who became manager of the Canadian branch of the press but who died in 1963), and one daughter, Paulla Bolingbroke.

In 1925 the delegates appointed Johnson printer to the university— a daring choice, for he had no practical knowledge of either printing or factory management. Nevertheless he possessed other significant qualifications: he was in his prime, his capacity proved; he was on terms with the delegates and apprised of policy; and he was known to the university and familiar with its governmental machinery. He was immediately plunged into the less agreeable excitement of industrial management, for within a year he experienced, successively, a sectional strike, and the general strike of 1926, events which made a deep impression on him. He then faced the necessary unpleasantness of disturbing some members of his well-entrenched staff, and the introduction of replacements. In the factory he found on the one hand a modern bindery and on the other a department in which 100 compositors still worked by candlelight. As he moved among other publishers and printers, he learned that the reputation of Oxford printing had fallen very low. The urgent need for planned re-equipment and development was recognized and the delegates gave Johnson a free hand in his spending.

For the next few years Johnson devoted those resources, and all his time, to the restoration of Oxford printing; but the slump of the early thirties arrested expansion, and the outbreak of war in 1939 ended it. Eventually 90 per cent of the press's output was employed by the government in the war effort. Johnson was appointed CBE in 1945 in recognition of his special services during the war, and retired in the following year. He had been elected an honorary fellow of Exeter College in 1936.

Many great and beautiful books were produced under the direction of Johnson, who was in the vanguard of those responsible for the renaissance of book printing in the twenties. In 1928 he completed the printing of the Oxford English Dictionary and received from the university the honorary degree of DLitt. Other works were the lectern Bible designed by Bruce Rogers and completed in 1935; the handsome Survey of Persian Art (1938– 9) in six folio volumes; and the two-volume Old Spain (1936), printed for Macmillan with illustrations by Muirhead Bone in colour collotype.

Johnson was quick to appreciate the importance of, and assiduous in adding to, the unique collection of printing material preserved at the press where the typographical

Descendants of Thomas Forster

museum illustrates the history of Oxford printing. With his friend Strickland Gibson, Johnson edited *The First Minute Book of the Delegates of the Oxford University Press* (1943) and together they wrote *Print and Privilege at Oxford to the Year 1700* (1946). Other works by John Johnson include: *The Oxford University Press, 1468– 1926* (1926), *The printer: his customers and his men* (1933), and *Oxford and industrial education considered as a foundation of the Beveridge plan* (1943).

Johnson's most notable monument, however, may prove to be his vast collection of ephemeral printing. In this collection Johnson broke new ground. Previous collectors of what is now termed 'printed ephemera' had generally confined themselves to one area of collecting. Johnson's collection encompassed them all, embracing both printing and social history.

It was to be [he wrote] the museum of what is commonly thrown away ... all the ordinary printed paraphernalia of our day-to-day lives in size from the large broadside to the humble calling card, and varying in splendour from the magnificent invitations to coronations of Kings to the humblest piece of street literature sold for a penny or less. (Bodl. Oxf., MS Johnson c.18, fol. 53)

A discriminating collector, Johnson amassed over a million items which he grouped under about 700 headings. With a few exceptions, Johnson chose to collect retrospectively, his collection mainly spanning the years 1508 to 1939. The collection, often referred to as the Sanctuary of Printing, was formed for the University of Oxford and housed at Oxford University Press in rooms informally termed 'the cabin'. During Johnson's lifetime the collection was called the Constance Meade memorial collection of ephemeral printing, after one of its principal benefactors. In 1968 it was transferred to the Bodleian Library and renamed the John Johnson collection of printed ephemera. It is considered to be the most important single collection of printed ephemera in Britain, and possibly in the world.

Johnson was a tall man and well proportioned, slow and deliberate in his movements. His nose, large and well-chiselled, was his most striking feature: his hair, fine and combed over his brow, completed an arresting head. He turned a stern countenance to the world, and showed an explosive temper to those who displeased him; but he was a delightful conversationalist and a brilliant and voluminous correspondent. He was a busy controversialist, but was always ready to champion the weak and many were warmed by his kindness or helped by his charity. He devoted much time, energy, and enthusiasm to committees and public work. In his later years he withdrew from all these activities save the Oxford Preservation Trust, spending most of his time in his collection at the press.

Johnson died at the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, on 15 September 1956, and was buried at Headington cemetery, Oxford.

Charles Batey, rev. Julie Anne Lambert

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Hon D.Litt in 1928.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He was educated at Exeter College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Papyrologist.
- He worked as a member of the Egyptian Civil Service.
- He worked as an Assistant Secretary to the Delegates of Oxford University Press.
- He worked as a Printer to the University at Oxford in 1925.

John married **Margaret Dorothea Cannan**,¹² daughter of **Charles Cannan** and **Mary Wedderburn**, on 31 Jul 1918 in Oxford. Margaret was born on 21 Nov 1892 in Oxford. They had two children: **Charles Cannan** and **Paulla Bolingbroke**.

18-**Charles Cannan Johnson**

18-**Paulla Bolingbroke Johnson**

16-**Mary Savory**^{2,8,12} was born on 11 Sep 1848 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 23 Sep 1923 in Sutton, Surrey at age 75.

Mary married **Sir George Job Elvey**,^{2,12} son of **John Elvey** and **Abigail Hardiman**, on 20 Jun 1882 in Sunninghill, Ascot, Berkshire. George was born on 27 Mar 1816 in Union Street, Canterbury, Kent, died on 9 Dec 1893 in Windlesham, Surrey at age 77, and was buried in St. George's Chapel, Windsor. They had one son: **George Frederick Handel**.

General Notes: Organist, Chapel Royal, Windsor, 1835-82, and to the Queen, 1837-82., Mus. Bac, New Coll., Oxon., 1838, Mus. Doc, 1840

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Elvey, Sir George Job (1816– 1893), organist and composer, born in Union Street, Canterbury, on 27 March 1816, was the younger son of John Elvey and Abigail Hardiman. For several generations his family had been connected with the musical life of the city. At an early age he was admitted as a chorister of Canterbury Cathedral, under the organist Highmore Skeats, where his brother, Stephen Elvey, was master of the boys. In 1830 Stephen Elvey was appointed organist of New College, Oxford, and George went to live with him. He completed his musical education under his brother's guidance. Before he was seventeen he had become a very expert organist, and took temporary duty at Christ Church, Magdalen, and New College. In 1834 he gained the Gresham gold medal for his anthem 'Bow down thine ear, O Lord'. In 1835 he succeeded Skeats as organist of St George's Chapel, Windsor. Among his earliest pupils were Prince George (duke of Cambridge) and Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar, for whose confirmation he composed his well-known anthem 'Wherewithal shall a young man cleanse his way?' He matriculated from New College in May 1838, and graduated BMus in June 1838, his exercise being an oratorio, The Resurrection and Ascension, which was performed by the Sacred Harmonic Society at Exeter Hall later that year, and subsequently in the USA at Boston, and also at Glasgow. On 19 June 1838, he married Harriette Skeats, the daughter of Highmore Skeats. They had one son, George Highmore Elvey, born in 1851. Meanwhile in July 1840, by a special dispensation of the chancellor of the university, Elvey graduated DMus two years earlier than was allowed by the statutes. His exercise on this occasion was the anthem 'The ways of Zion do mourn'. He wrote two anthems with orchestral accompaniments, 'The Lord is king' and 'Sing, o heavens', respectively for the Gloucester festival of 1853 and the Worcester festival of 1857.

On 22 August 1854 Elvey married Georgiana Nichols, the daughter of John Bowyer Nichols (1779– 1863) [see under Nichols family (per. c.1760– 1939)], a printer and antiquary, and the granddaughter of John Nichols (1745– 1826), also a printer and antiquary. They had three sons and a daughter. Following her death on 22 December 1863, Elvey married, on 20 April 1865, Eleanora Grace Jarvis, the daughter of Richard Jarvis.

Of Elvey's best-known works— produced chiefly between 1856 and 1860— many were composed for special services at St George's Chapel. With the death of the prince consort in 1861 Elvey lost one of his most sympathetic patrons. The funeral anthems 'The souls of the righteous' and 'Blessed are the dead' were both written for anniversary services in memory of the prince. For the marriage of Edward VII, when prince of Wales (1863), Elvey composed a special anthem with organ and orchestral accompaniment, 'Sing unto God', and for the marriage of Princess Louise (duchess of Argyll) in 1871 a festal march. He was knighted on 24 March 1871. The last important public event in which he took part was the marriage of the duke of Albany at St George's Chapel on 6 May 1882. In June of that year he resigned his post as organist. On 20 June, his third wife having died on 23 January 1879, he married, for the fourth and last time; his new wife was Mary Savory, the daughter of Sir Joseph Savory of Buckhurst Park, lord mayor of London in 1890– 91. After some years spent in retirement Elvey died, at The Towers, Windlesham, Surrey, on 9 December 1893, and was buried in the catacombs of St George's Chapel on 14 December. He was survived by his wife.

Elvey was a prolific writer of church music. Besides the anthems already mentioned, his chants, his Cantate domino, a Deus misereatur in D, and the tune to the harvest hymn 'Come, ye thankful people, come' were among his most popular compositions. He also wrote fifteen part songs, an introduction and gavotte for piano and violin, and four piano pieces.

Elvey was a staunch admirer of old English church music, and the school of the restoration was fully represented in his services at St George's Chapel. He was also famous for his rendering of Handel's music. In the words of E. H. Thorne, a former pupil: 'Elvey's style of organ playing was pre-eminently a grand church style. He was particularly fine in the anthems of Purcell, Greene, Croft, and Boyce, and knew how to bring out all the devotional and dramatic qualities of these composers'.

R. H. Newmarch, rev. Nilanjana Banerji

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Organist, Chapel Royal, Windsor.
- He had a residence in The Towers, Windlesham, Bagshot, Surrey.

17-**Rev. George Frederick Handel Elvey** was born on 29 Jun 1883 in Ascot, Berkshire and died on 20 Mar 1967 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clergyman.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Croquet Association in 1939-1948.

George married **Nora Christine Gethin**, daughter of **Daniel Roland Gethin** and **Sophia Andrews**, on 29 Jun 1927 in Broadstairs, Kent. Nora was born on 28 Feb 1900 in Berriew, Powys, Wales and died about 1996 about age 96.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a championship croquet player.

16-**Rev. Arnold Wordsworth Savory**^{8,12} was born on 26 May 1850 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 29 May 1930 in Broadstairs, Kent at age 80.

General Notes: Vicar of Worlaby, Lincs, 1883, County Councillor Lindsey Division of Lincolnshire

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He was educated at Wadham College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Vicar of Hessle 1894 To 1905 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Vicar of Worlaby after 1905 in Worlaby, Lincolnshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 185 Castellain Road, Elgin Avenue, London.

Arnold married **Eliza Robertson Lawson**,¹² daughter of **Alexander Lawson** and **Margaret Beverley**, on 5 Jan 1875 in St. Paul's, Knightsbridge, London. Eliza was born on 28 Dec 1847 in Poole, Dorset and died on 19 Mar 1924 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 76. They had three children: **Islay Mabel Laura Wordsworth**, **Evelyn Violet Wordsworth**, and **Arnold Kenneth Malcolm Cecil Wordsworth**.

17-**Islay Mabel Laura Wordsworth Savory**¹² was born on 6 Nov 1875 in Torquay, Devon and died on 9 Nov 1937 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 62.

17-**Evelyn Violet Wordsworth Savory**¹² was born on 26 Jul 1878 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 25 Jun 1961 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 82.

17-**Arnold Kenneth Malcolm Cecil Wordsworth Savory**¹² was born on 24 Jun 1882 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 9 Feb 1959 in West Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada at age 76.

Arnold married **Bridget Kathleen Newmarch Molineux**,¹² daughter of **J. Molineux** and **Mary Newmarch**, on 7 Apr 1912 in Colombo, Sri Lanka. Bridget was born on 16 Jul 1880 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire. They had four children: **Elizabeth Mary Wordsworth**, **Kenneth Michael Wordsworth**, **James Molineux Wordsworth**, and **Bevan Wordsworth**.

18-**Elizabeth Mary Wordsworth Savory**

Elizabeth married **William Isador Byman**.

18-**Kenneth Michael Wordsworth Savory** was born on 1 Mar 1915 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire and died on 26 Feb 1965 in California, USA at age 49.

Kenneth married **Gloria Doye**, daughter of **Theodore Doye** and **Queenie Gertrude Tyler**. They had three children: **Elizabeth Christine Wordsworth**, **Helen Wordsworth**, and **Angela Wordsworth**.

19-**Elizabeth Christine Wordsworth Savory**

19-**Helen Wordsworth Savory**

19-**Angela Wordsworth Savory**

18-**James Molineux Wordsworth Savory** was born on 1 Mar 1915 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.

James married **Bridget Josephine Teresa Kearney**, daughter of **Peter Kearney** and **Bridget Mary Dockery**. They had one daughter: **Kathleen Bridget**.

19-**Kathleen Bridget Savory**

18-**Bevan Wordsworth Savory** was born on 20 Jul 1918 in Hessle, Hull, Yorkshire.

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Bevan married **Helena Mary Leach Clegg**, daughter of **Warren Leach Clegg** and **Margaret Mitchell**. They had three children: **John Andrew Wordsworth**, **Kathleen Margaret**, and **Richard Douglas**.

19-**John Andrew Wordsworth Savory**

19-**Kathleen Margaret Savory**

19-**Richard Douglas Savory**

16-**Ethelbert Keston Savory**^{8,12} was born on 5 Mar 1852 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 26 Sep 1917 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Fortescue Road, Barnstaple, Devon.

Ethelbert married **Eliza Lisney**, daughter of **Edward Lisney**.

Ethelbert next married **Harriett Downe**. Harriett was born in 1860 and died on 22 Feb 1954 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 94. They had six children: **Ethelbert Keston Cecil Lloyd**, **Ethelwyn Griselda M. M. Lloyd**, **Joseph Braithwaite**, **Alan Ballantyne**, **Iris Cecilia Lloyd** , and **Gilbert**.

17-**Ethelbert Keston Cecil Lloyd Savory** died in 1960 in Pretoria, Transvaal, South Africa.

Ethelbert married **Dorothy**.

17-**Ethelwyn Griselda M. M. Lloyd Savory**

Ethelwyn married **Jewell**. They had three children: **Frank**, **Elizabeth**, and **Diana**.

18-**Frank Jewell**

18-**Elizabeth Jewell**

18-**Diana Jewell**

17-**Joseph Braithwaite Savory**

17-**Alan Ballantyne Savory**

Alan married **Paddy**.

17-**Iris Cecilia Lloyd Savory**

17-**Gilbert Savory** died on 11 Oct 1923.

16-**Ronald Herbert Savory**^{8,12,339} was born on 28 Jun 1856 in London and died on 6 Nov 1931 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a DL for London.
- He worked as a Partner in Foster and Braithwaite, Stockbrokers in London.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Sandgates, Chertsey, Surrey.

Ronald married **John Alicia Maria Torry**,¹² daughter of **John Berry Torry** and **Maria Theresa Stalman**, on 2 Dec 1879 in Sunningdale, Berkshire. John was born on 3 Dec 1859 in Shrubs Hill, Sunningdale, Berkshire and died on 7 Feb 1951 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 91. They had three children: **Ronald Herbert**, **Alicia Eva Theresa**, and **Rudolph**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Claude.

17-**Ronald Herbert Savory**¹² was born on 8 Oct 1880 in Weybridge, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Cooper's Hill.
- He worked as an Adjutant of the Sussex Territorials in 1902.

Ronald married **Sophia Elizabeth Jolly**, daughter of **Robert William Jolly** and **Eliza Daintree**, on 3 Feb 1912 in Hastings. Sophia was born on 1 Mar 1874 in London. They had one son: **Ronald George Herbert**.

18-**Ronald George Herbert Savory** was born on 4 Jul 1914 in Londonderry and was buried in Major R.A.S.C.

Ronald married **Georgina Evelyn Davis**, daughter of **William Davis** and **Edith Groser**. They had two children: **Richard George Howard** and **John Robin Boulnois**.

19-**Richard George Howard Savory**

19-**John Robin Boulnois Savory**

Ronald next married **Pamela Craine Sutton**, daughter of **John Sutton** and **Fanny Rainford**. They had two children: **Peter John Stewart** and **Wendy Judith Crane**.

19-**Peter John Stewart Savory**

19-**Wendy Judith Crane Savory**

17-**Alicia Eva Theresa Savory** was born on 4 Mar 1882 in Weybridge, Surrey and died on 4 Oct 1938 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 56.

17-**Maj. Rudolph Claude Savory**^{12,339} was born on 1 Nov 1884 in Weybridge, Surrey, died on 13 Oct 1952 in North Creake, Norfolk at age 67, and was buried in St. Mary the Virgin, Great Snoring, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford in 1904-1907.
- He worked as an officer of the Army Remount Service.
- He worked as a Partner in Foster & Braithwaite in 27 Austin Friars, London.
- He worked as a Member of the Stock Exchange.
- He had a residence in Nunsbury, Wormley, Hertfordshire.

Rudolph married **Ilse Lydia Bertha Von Heimendahl**,^{12,339} daughter of **Alexander Von Heimendahl** and **Berta Niedieck**, on 21 Jun 1913 in Kempen-Rhein, Germany. Ilse was born on 8 Jan 1893 in Wilhelmshohe, Germany, died in 1972 in North Creake, Norfolk at age 79, and was buried in St. Mary the Virgin, Great Snoring, Norfolk. They had two children: **John Niedieck** and **Claude Berry**.

18-**John Niedieck Savory** was born on 10 Jul 1914 in Chertsey, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor and Partner In Foster & Braithwaite.

John married **Elizabeth Mary Hudson**, daughter of **William Hudson** and **Annie Frances Perowne**. They had three children: **Ilse Gillian**, **Veronica Mary Alicia**, and **Nigel Rudolph**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**Ilse Gillian Savory**

19-**Veronica Mary Alicia Savory**

19-**Nigel Rudolph Savory**

18-**Claude Berry Savory**

Claude married **Irene Anne Parker**, daughter of **Luther Parker** and **Agnes Dunachie Murdoch**. They had two children: **Michael Berry** and **Ian Ronald**.

19-**Michael Berry Savory**

19-**Ian Ronald Savory** was born on 20 Oct 1946 in Cambridge and died on 13 Jul 1951 in Salisbury, Rhodesia. In an accident. at age 4.

14-**Dorothy Braithwaite**^{2,7,12,29,218,292} was born on 2 Sep 1783 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 24 Sep 1861 in Parkside, Kendal, Cumbria at age 78, and was buried in FBG Kendal.

Dorothy married **Robert Benson**,^{2,7,12,29,218,292} son of **George Benson**^{7,218} and **Deborah Wakefield**,^{7,218} on 13 Oct 1807 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. Robert was born on 6 Feb 1780 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 17 Feb 1857 in Parkside, Kendal, Cumbria at age 77, and was buried in FBG Kendal. They had ten children: **Deborah, George, Mary, Deborah, Rachel, Robert Braithwaite, Sarah, Anna Dorothy, William Thomas**, and **Maria**.

General Notes: **18 Feb 1857, Wed:** a letter from Isaac Wilson mentions the death of his father-in-law, Robt Benson, last night. His mother-in-law very ill....
The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grocer in Kendal, Cumbria.

15-**Deborah Benson** was born on 15 Jul 1808 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1809 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 1.

15-**George Benson**^{8,12,218} was born on 12 Oct 1809 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 9 Jan 1880 in Alderley Edge, Cheshire at age 70.

General Notes: of Stalybridge

George married **Susannah Crewdson**,^{8,12,218} daughter of **Joseph Crewdson**^{7,33,218,292} and **Rachel Jowitt**,^{7,218,292} on 10 Mar 1841 in Manchester. Susannah was born on 5 Sep 1816 in Manchester and died on 9 Aug 1869 in Birch Vale, Romiley, Cheshire at age 52. They had seven children: **George Henry, Rachel Mary, Anna Dora, Susannah, Edith, Joseph Crewdson**, and **Amy Roberta**.

16-**George Henry Benson**¹² was born on 2 Sep 1842 in Stalybridge, Manchester and died on 13 Dec 1923 in Holly Lodge, Jersey, Channel Islands at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Holly Lodge, Jersey, Channel Islands.
- He was awarded with FSA MIME AIEC.

George married **Sarah Orton Wood**,¹² daughter of **James Wood** and **Elizabeth Ley**, on 20 Sep 1886 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Sarah was born on 25 Jan 1854 in Ratcliffe Culey, Leicestershire and died on 27 Jul 1934 in Charmouth, Dorset at age 80. They had two children: **Dorothy Benson** and **Robert Wakefield**.

17-**Dorothy Benson Benson**¹² was born on 23 Aug 1887 in High Barnet, London.

Dorothy married **Staff-Capt. Neville Edward Fairweather**,¹² son of **Surgeon General James Fairweather** and **Annette Du Pre Thorpe**, on 10 Oct 1910 in Aldershot, Hampshire. Neville was born on 30 Aug 1879 in Mussoorie, Dehradun, Uttarakhand, India and died on 1 May 1966 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada at age 86. They had three children: **Aline Elinor Roberta, Cynthia Annette**, and **Geoffrey Neville Benson**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

- Miscellaneous:

18-**Aline Elinor Roberta Fairweather**¹² was born on 19 Mar 1912 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

Aline married **John Emmet Walker** on 31 Oct 1932 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada. John was born on 5 Aug 1904. They had four children: **Annette Dorothy May**, **Sheila Waveney**, **John Clifton**, and **Wendy Diane**.

19-**Annette Dorothy May Walker**

19-**Sheila Waveney Walker**

19-**John Clifton Walker**

19-**Wendy Diane Walker**

18-**Cynthia Annette Fairweather**¹² was born on 11 Oct 1916 in St. Anne de Belleview, Canada.

Cynthia married **Henry Richard Carey**, son of **William Carey**. They had two children: **Claudia Cynthia** and **Geoffrey Richard**.

19-**Claudia Cynthia Carey**

19-**Geoffrey Richard Carey**

18-**Geoffrey Neville Benson Fairweather**¹² was born on 7 Jul 1920 in Cardinal, Ontario, Canada.

17-**Rev. Robert Wakefield Benson** was born on 8 Apr 1891 in High Barnet, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oxford. M.A.
- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

16-**Rachel Mary Benson**¹² was born on 7 Jul 1844 in Stalybridge, Manchester and died on 22 Sep 1876 in Fairfield, Manchester at age 32.

16-**Anna Dora Benson**¹² was born on 9 Aug 1846 in Stalybridge, Manchester and died on 29 Nov 1910 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 64.

16-**Susannah Benson**¹² was born on 28 Jul 1848 in Stalybridge, Manchester and died on 29 Nov 1910 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 62.

16-**Edith Benson**¹² was born on 24 Dec 1850 in Stalybridge, Manchester and died on 15 Apr 1866 in Stalybridge, Manchester at age 15.

16-**Joseph Crewdson Benson**¹² was born on 2 Aug 1854 in Stalybridge, Manchester and died on 26 Mar 1920 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Arvada, Jefferson County, Colorado, USA.

Joseph married **Edith Constance Williams**,¹² daughter of **Dr. Edward Sewall Williams** and **Mary Brown Austin**, on 8 Nov 1882 in Denver, Colorado, USA. Edith was born on 23 Dec 1858 in Virginia, USA and died on 22 Jun 1918 in Arvada, Jefferson County, Colorado, USA at age 59. They had three children: **George Edward**, **Robert Crewdson**, and **Joseph Williams**.

17-**George Edward Benson**¹² was born on 6 Oct 1883 in Denver, Colorado, USA and died on 20 Sep 1926 in San Pedro, California, U.S.A. at age 42.

George married **Julia Wolters**,¹² daughter of **Hans M. Wolters**, on 23 Jan 1907 in Denver, Colorado, USA. Julia was born on 21 Feb 1885 in Denver, Colorado, USA. They had two children: **Constance Lucy** and **Elsie Julia**.

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18-**Constance Lucy Benson**^{12,404} was born on 28 Dec 1907 in Denver, Colorado, USA, died on 22 Sep 1956 in San Pedro, California, U.S.A. at age 48, and was buried in Plot 733H, Green Hills Memorial Park, Rancho Palos Verdes, Los Angeles.

Constance married **Lt. Col. Ludvig Georg Jensen**,¹² son of **Ludvig Fredrik Jensen**⁴⁰⁴ and **Oluffa Margrete Høinæs Nygaard**, on 31 Aug 1927. Ludvig was born on 31 Aug 1891 in Bergen, Norway, was christened on 25 Sep 1891 in Domkirken Cathedral, Bergen, Norway, died on 28 Jan 1964 in California, USA at age 72, and was buried in Plot 733G, Green Hills Memorial Park, Rancho Palos Verdes, Los Angeles. Another name for Ludvig was Lt. Col. Lloyd George Jensen.⁴⁰⁵ They had one son: **George Edward**.

General Notes: Birth: Aug. 31, 1891
Bergen
Hordaland County, Norway
Death: Jan. 28, 1964
California, USA

Ludvig Georg Jensen was born in Bergen, Norway, on August 31, 1891, and was the son of Ludvig Jensen and Oluffa Margrete Høinæs Nygaard Jensen. His baptism took place in Domkirken (the cathedral) in Bergen on September 25, 1891, and his birth name is recorded as "Ludvig Georg Jensen", in spite of the name on his tombstone. The family resided at Rosenbergsgaten 12, Bergen, at the time of his birth.

Ludvig immigrated to the United States in 1911, according to the 1930 Census. He evidently travelled between the United States and Norway more than once, and a ship's manifest documents the fact that he left Norway aboard the S. S. Stavangerfjord, from the port of Kristiania, on April 24, 1920, and entered the United States through Ellis Island on May 4, 1920, at the age of 29. His United States passport number was 177172, issued on March 1, 1920, by the Department of State in Washington, D.C., indicating that he was already a naturalized U.S. citizen. According to the ship's manifest, Ludvig's address in the U.S. was 4509 6th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. Listed on the same manifest, just below Ludvig's name, is the name of Anna Jensen, age 28, and her U.S. address is the same as Ludvig's. As Ludvig's marital status is listed as "married", Anna was evidently his first wife, though there exists no other documentation in the family history of their union. However, it appears safe to assume that Ludvig and Anna were husband and wife, though it is unknown how or when the marriage ended.

Sometime later in his life, Ludvig disappeared for many years, and his mother died not knowing what ever became of him. The 1930 United States Census, enumerated on April 12, 1930, lists a Lloyd G. Jensen in San Pedro District of Los Angeles, California, Ward 15, Block no. 1844, Assembly District 72. Living in the household was Lloyd G. (Ludvig), wife Constance, age 22, son George E., age one year and 8 months, Julia Benson, mother-in-law, and Elsie J. Benson, sister-in-law. Ludvig is listed as having immigrated to the United States in 1911, and by 1930 was a naturalized citizen and working as a foreman for the Stevedore Company. He and Connie were married for 29 years before she died suddenly on September 22, 1956. Their son, George E., was born on July 22, 1928, according to the United States Social Security Death Index, and he died on September 13, 1981.

After many years of having no contact with his brothers and sisters, Ludvig's niece, Joan Høiness Bouchelle, located him in California just before Christmas in 1958, and it was then that he reconnected with his family. In May of 1959 he was reunited with his brothers George and Niels, whom he had not seen in 36 years, and his sister, Gertrude, whom he had last seen 48 years before, in Copenhagen. Ludvig later remarried, this time to a woman who was much younger than he, but this marriage lasted only a few months, and the divorce cost him dearly. His last years were spent in a nursing home in California, where he died of pneumonia on January 28, 1964.

Although the grave marker gives the year 1894 as the year of Ludvig's birth, he was actually born August 31, 1891, according to a letter he wrote to his sister-in-law, Grethe Jensen, dated Monday, May 25, 1959. In it, he states "I'll be 68 Aug. 31st this year. Hans would have been 66 the same day." Hans, who died in 1943, was Grethe's husband and Ludvig's brother. Further evidence of his birth year is the ship's manifest, cited above, and dated May 4, 1920, which lists his age as 29. The manifest also lists him as "Ludvig Jensen", not Lloyd, and he himself identifies himself by that name in the letter to Grethe Jensen, cited above, in which he writes, "To begin with, I am Ludvig, Hans's brother. . .

Documentation of Ludvig's birth is found in the Parish register (official) of Domkirken, Number B7, covering the years 1888-1903, page 73. The register is located in the Regional State Archives of Bergen. His death is documented in the United States Social Security Deatn Index, which also gives the erroneous birth year 1894. His Social Security Number was 561-10-9253.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to America in 1911 from Norway.
- He resided at 4509 6th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York in 1920.
- He resided at San Pedro, Los Angeles on 12 Apr 1930.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**George Edward Jensen**^{12,404} was born on 22 Jul 1928 in San Pedro, California, U.S.A., died on 13 Sep 1981 at age 53, and was buried in Riverside National Cemetery, California, USA. Plot 4. 1994.

George married **Fowler**. They had two children: **Edward Allen** and **Stanley Thomas**.

20-**Edward Allen Jensen**

20-**Stanley Thomas Jensen**

18-**Elsie Julia Benson**

Elsie married **Irvin Webster Moore**, son of **Irvin Webster Moore** and **Charlotte Henrietta Smith**, on 8 Sep 1932 in Carson City, Nevada, U.S.A. Irvin was born on 22 May 1899 in Hollister, California, U.S.A.. They had one daughter: **Charlotte Lou**.

19-**Charlotte Lou Moore** was born on 5 Dec 1935 in San Pedro, California, U.S.A. and died on 21 May 2012 at age 76.

General Notes: Charlotte Lou (Moore) Hardcastle-Shanahan 1935 - 2012
Born December 5, 1935. Charlotte passed away peacefully in her home on May 21, 2012 with her family and friends by her side. Charlotte is survived by her husband, Verle Hardcastle and her son, Michael Shanahan and grandchildren, Michael and Charlotte. She had many great-grandchildren that she loved dearly. Charlotte was a Lomita resident and retired as a bank teller from Union Bank. There will be no services as she requested. Cremation and her ashes will be put out to sea.

Charlotte married **Shanahan**. They had one son: **Michael**.

20-**Michael Shanahan**

17-**Robert Crewdson Benson** was born on 13 Jan 1885 in Denver, Colorado, USA.

Robert married **Lola Irene Pointer**, daughter of **Charles William Poynter** and **Loretta Bentley**, on 25 Jun 1911 in Modesto, California, U.S.A. Lola was born on 8 Dec 1891 in Oakdale, California, U.S.A..

17-**Col. Joseph Williams Benson** was born on 2 Jan 1893 in Arvada, Jefferson County, Colorado, USA, died on 24 Jan 1966 at age 73, and was buried in Arlington National Cemetery, Virginia, USA. Grave Sec: 6, Site: 9626.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the United States Air Force.

Joseph married **Marie Cecilia Ross**, daughter of **Howard Homer Ross** and **Caspara Bergite Holm**, on 30 Dec 1920 in Pasadena, California, USA. Marie was born on 18 Jul 1897 in Onawa, Iowa, U.S.A.. They had one daughter: **Nancy Roberta**.

18-**Nancy Roberta Benson** was born on 27 Jan 1934 in North Carolina, U.S.A. and died on 28 Jan 1934 in North Carolina, U.S.A.

16-**Amy Roberta Benson**¹² was born on 8 Nov 1856 in Stalybridge, Manchester and died on 8 Apr 1948 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 91.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1915 in Gillinge Reane, Kendal, Cumbria.

Amy married **William Edward Mann**,¹² son of **Thomas Mann** and **Eliza Varrall**, on 6 Jul 1881 in Lancaster, Lancashire. William was born on 27 Sep 1851 in Charlotte Town, Prince Edward Island, Canada and died on 6 Oct 1897 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 46.

15-**Mary Benson** was born on 19 Jun 1811 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 May 1829 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 17.

15-**Deborah Benson**^{2,7,12,218,292} was born on 10 Sep 1813 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 8 Aug 1893 in Walthamstow, London at age 79.

Deborah married **John Jowitt**,^{2,7,12,218,292,328} son of **Robert Jowitt**^{2,7,51,218,292,321,328} and **Rachel Crewdson**,^{2,7,51,218,292,321,328} on 5 May 1836 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. John was born on 15 Sep 1811 in Kendal, Cumbria. (Bilsdale, Yorkshire also given), died on 30 Dec 1888 in Harehills, Potternewton, Leeds, Yorkshire at

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age 77, and was buried in Roundhay churchyard, Leeds, Yorkshire. They had six children:**Susan Maria, Robert Benson, Rachel Elizabeth, Anna Dora, Emily, and Florence.**

General Notes: Jowitt, John (1811– 1888), wool-stapler, was born on 15 September 1811 at Carlton House, Leeds, the eldest of the seven children of Robert Jowitt, cloth manufacturer and wool-stapler, and his wife, Rachel, daughter of Thomas and Cicely Crewdson of Kendal. Jowitt was educated at Mr Mercer's day school in East Parade, Leeds, then from 1823 at Josiah Forster's school at Tottenham, Middlesex, a Friends' school. Both his father's and his mother's family were Quakers. His grandfather, also John Jowitt, had been a prominent member of the Society of Friends in Leeds. In 1837, however, John Jowitt made the decision to break his allegiance to the Society of Friends, and joined the Congregational Leeds Salem Chapel. In later years he became a deacon at East Parade church, Leeds, and superintendent of the Sunday schools. For forty-three years he was secretary of the Leeds town mission, which he helped form in 1837. In the years before his death he was its president. He was closely connected with the Bible Society and the Religious Tract Society.

The family wool-stapling business was founded at Churwell, near Leeds, in 1776, although the family had much longer connections with the wool textile trade. Jowitt entered the business in 1826 and appears quickly to have gained a reputation as an astute businessman. He closely monitored the state of the wool textile industry, assiduously collecting statistics and developing a reputation for his speed and accuracy with figures. Some of his detailed calculations for the state of trade in the 1820s and 1830s survive. He was taken into partnership with his father, and revived what was later described by his son as a somewhat somnolent concern. Jowitt travelled extensively on behalf of the business— he expanded its activities in the home wool trade and was at the forefront of the early trade in wool to Europe from Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa. The family firm gained an important, and much-respected, role in the British wool textile industry, through its activities in wool merchanting, top-making, wool combing, wool scouring, carbonizing, and fell-mongering. It opened branches in Australia and South Africa.

On 5 May 1836 Jowitt married Deborah, eldest daughter of Robert and Dorothy Benson of Parkside, Kendal, another Quaker family. They had eleven children, six boys and five girls. Five of the boys, born between 1843 and 1852, died soon after birth. Their first son, Robert Benson, joined his father in the business and in 1874 was taken into partnership; he gradually took over the management of the business during his father's failing health.

Although a Liberal by persuasion, Jowitt took no very active role in local or national politics, except that he devoted time and money to the campaign for the abolition of slavery. His philanthropic interests in the Leeds area were, however, very varied. He was an early member of Leeds chamber of commerce, serving for many years as vice-president. For a short period he was a member of Leeds city council. He was one of the founders of Ilkley Hospital, and a founder committee member of Cookridge convalescent hospital and the reformatory at Adel, both near Leeds. He believed in voluntary education and gave support to W. E. Forster's Education Bill. In 1870 he joined the first Leeds school board, served as its vice-chairman for eight years, and was its chairman in 1879. He was appointed a JP for the West Riding of Yorkshire in 1870. His chief recreation was riding. Jowitt was recognized by his contemporaries as a man of sound judgement. He was a good public speaker. An obituarist wrote of him: 'No citizen of Leeds has left a simpler or a purer record in his life' (Leeds Mercury, 31 Dec 1888). From the mid-1870s his health began to fail, and he gradually retired from the business. He died on 30 December 1888 at his home, Harehills, Potternewton, Leeds, and was buried in Roundhay churchyard, Leeds, on 3 January 1889. The business was continued by Robert Benson Jowitt, who was joined by his sons F. McCulloch Jowitt, Edward Maurice Jowitt, and Robert Jowitt.

D. T. Jenkins

Sources Leeds Mercury (31 Dec 1888) · Leeds Mercury (4 Jan 1889) · D. T. Jenkins, 'Jowitt, John', DBB · R. B. Jowitt, Reminiscences of John Jowitt by his children (1889) · Wool Record and Textile World, 30 (1926), 851– 3 · Wool Record and Textile World, 79 (1951), 2197– 8 · R. J. Morris, 'The middle class and the property cycle during the industrial revolution', The search for wealth and stability, ed. T. C. Smout (1979) · d. cert.

Archives U. Leeds, business records of Robert Jowitt & Sons Ltd

Wealth at death £111,735: Jenkins, 'Jowitt, John'

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D. T. Jenkins, 'Jowitt, John (1811– 1888)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/48726

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Mr Mercer's day school. In East Parade, Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Josiah Forster's school, Tottenham.
- He was a Quaker before 1837.
- He was a member of the Congregational church in 1837.
- He worked as a JP for the West Riding of Yorkshire.

16-**Susan Maria Jowitt**^{7,8,12,225} was born on 4 Aug 1837 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 15 Feb 1926 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent at age 88.

17-**Rachel Dora Howard** was born on 5 Nov 1862 in Tottenham, London and died on 12 Nov 1947 in Bromley at age 85.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Missionary in Japan.

17-**Florence Howard**¹² was born on 8 Jun 1865 in Tottenham, London and died on 23 Oct 1938 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 73.

18-**Dr. Theodore Howard Somervell**^{2,12,286,287} was born on 16 Apr 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 23 Jan 1975 in Ambleside, Cumbria at age 84, and was buried in Holy Trinity Church, Brathay, Ambleside, Cumbria.

General Notes: Medical Officer Everest Expedition 1922 & 1924 See "Everest" by Walt Unsworth

Somervell, (Theodore) Howard (1890-1975), medical missionary and mountaineer, was born on 16 April 1890, the eldest of three children and elder son of William Henry Somervell, of Brantfield, Kendal, and his wife, Florence Howard. W. H. Somervell was then directing the affairs of Somervell Brothers of Kendal, later more widely known as K Shoes. A business career did not attract Howard Somervell, though he was fully grateful to his father for giving him an income and the key of the house at seventeen. At Rugby School (1904-9) he was unhappy, leaving school labelled 'unbusinesslike and forgetful'. But his mother's comfort and their common solace in music gave him the kind of courage fit for the great mountains. By twenty he knew the Beethoven symphonies by heart, and would cycle 150 miles to hear a Promenade Concert. When he was eighteen he became a member of the Keswick-based Fell and Rock Climbing Club and thus started a lifetime's devotion to the mountains of the English Lake District.

Somervell went on to Caius College, Cambridge, where he obtained first classes in both parts of the natural sciences tripos (1911 and 1913) and where he developed his essentially personal approach to the Christian faith. He then served with the British expeditionary force in France (1915-18) as a captain in the Royal Army Medical Corps, and was mentioned in dispatches. After the war he graduated from London's University College Hospital (MB, BCh, 1921) and became FRCS in 1920.

Somervell's Everest ambitions were stimulated during 1921 by much mountaineering in Britain and Europe. Somervell was a tough physical product of the Cumbrian heights and of the Alps, but he realized that the Himalayan region called for constant movement above 20,000 feet. Everest was to be his physical test in 1922 and 1924, but his colleagues commented too on his mental endurance.

When one shares [Somervell wrote about George Leigh Mallory, his fellow mountaineer] a tent for days on end throughout the better part of six months with a man one gets an insight into his character such as is vouchsafed to few other men. These many days of companionship with a man whose outlook on life was lofty and choice, human and loving and in a measure divine still remain for me a priceless memory.

Even when in 1924 Somervell was in danger of choking, E. F. Norton wrote: 'Somervell very nearly choked, and was handicapped for three days. Only saved by coughing up the obstructing matter with a lot of blood. That he achieved what he did in this condition was a remarkable performance'.

After the 1922 Everest expedition and with £60 in his pocket Somervell set out to see India from the northern frontier to Cape Comorin; what he saw changed his life. He saw a continent ill-equipped medically and poorly provided for in those skills which he possessed; it was something more powerful than the Himalayas and more compelling than the 'call of the mountains'. He described it as the 'unrelieved suffering of India'. When he visited the main hospital of the south Travancore medical mission and its group of outstations centred on Neyyoor, he found only one qualified surgeon, Stephen Pugh, struggling with a queue of waiting patients which would take ten days to reduce. There and then Somervell offered to perform those overdue operations; then, within a fortnight, he was back in London telling his friends in London hospitals of his decision to devote his life to India after another attempt on Everest. He joined the 1924 expedition on which Mallory died and Somervell and E. F. Norton climbed to within 1000 feet of the summit.

From 1924 to 1949 Somervell was deep in the affairs of the south Travancore medical mission which, with its branch hospitals, could claim to be the largest of its kind in the world. He attracted young surgeons to work with him, especially in the surgery of the stomach. He established a confidence between surgeon and patient by building a gallery in the operating theatre where visitors and relatives could watch what was going on.

Many thousands have seen us at work [he wrote], and know that a surgical operation is a careful and intelligent procedure. They have been shown the disease inside and been given an explanation of how the operation cures it. Thus not only have we spread a little knowledge among the people around, but they have learned to come to us for treatment far earlier than was their custom in the past.

In 1934, out of 2000 major operations performed at Neyyoor, 590 were for cancer.

Somervell also pioneered the modern treatment of leprosy and practised the modern belief that leprosy can be cured. His home for leprosy patients had four big dormitories for eighty patients, and there was also a leprosy settlement for permanent residents. By 1936 several scores of patients had been sent home 'cured and free from all symptoms of the disease which was once considered incurable'. Describing a day's visit to a branch hospital Somervell wrote:

The amount of work one has to do here is appalling. Yesterday and the day before over 150 patients who had come five miles and more to the hospital had to go home without seeing me. From 7 a.m. to 8.30 p.m. I saw 153 sick folk continuously.

In 1938 he was awarded the Kaisar-i-Hind gold medal, and he was appointed OBE in 1953. India continued to tug at Somervell's heart and he accepted the post of associate professor of surgery at the Vellore Christian Medical College (1949-61), then at a crucial stage of its development as a teaching hospital. It was a fitting climax to his forty years' service in India. From 1961 to 1964 Somervell was president of the Alpine Club. When the news of his death at Ambleside, on 23 January 1975, reached Neyyoor, the whole community broke into a spontaneous public procession. In London the Royal Geographical Society showed some of Somervell's magnificent Everest paintings, as did his own Lake District friends. In all, he fulfilled the description of him given by Sir Francis Younghusband as 'a man of science, a man of art, a man of warm humanity and of strong religious feeling'.

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In 1925 Somervell married Margaret, daughter of Sir James Hope Simpson, director of the Bank of Liverpool, and his wife, Mary, née Wilson; they had three sons.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE BCh FRCS Kaisar-I-Hind Medal.
- He worked as a Medical Missionary 1925 To 1949 in Travancore, India.
- He worked as an Everest expedition physician in 1922-1924.
- He worked as an Associate Professor of Surgery 1949 To 1961 in Vellore Christian Medical College, India.
- He worked as a President of The Alpine Club in 1962-1965 in London.

19-**Dr. James Lionel Somervell**²⁸⁵ was born on 23 Apr 1927 in Neyyoor, Travancore, India and died in 2009 at age 82.

20-**James Hugh Somervell**

21-**Katharine Lucy Somervell**

21-**Polly Elizabeth Somervell**

21-**Phillipa Jane Somervell**

20-**Mary Helen Somervell**

21-**Benjamin Hugh Kelly**

21-**Anna Francesca Kelly**

20-**Thomas Richard Somervell**

21-**Jack Alexander James Somervell**

21-**Tess Elizabeth Sophie Somervell**

19-**Dr. David Howard Somervell**

20-**Jonathan Mark Somervell**

21-**Oliver Howard Somervell**

21-**Richard Jon Somervell**

20-**Susan Somervell**

21-**Emma Margaret Burt**

21-**David Joshua Septimus Burt**

21-**Jonathan Matthew Theodore Burt**

20-**Ann Somervell**

21-**Rebekah Jane Gabriel**

21-Emily Rose Gabriel

20-Judith Somervell

21-Jack Tobias Silberman-Sladek

21-Philip Mark Silberman-Sladek

21-Elizabeth Silberman-Sladek

19-William Hugh Somervell was born on 7 Nov 1935 in London, died on 17 Feb 1947 in Cambridge at age 11, and was buried in Holy Trinity Church, Brathay, Ambleside, Cumbria.

18-Joyce Rachel Somervell¹² was born on 5 Aug 1892 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 10 Dec 1973 at age 81.

19-John Mann was born on 16 May 1921 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 28 Nov 1925 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 4.

19-William Somervell Mann was born on 14 Feb 1924 in Madras, India and died on 5 Sep 1989 at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MusB.
- He worked as a Music Critic for The Times newspaper.

20-Domenique Joy Mann

21-Georgina Francis

21-Robert Francis

20-Susan Elizabeth Mann

21-Alexander Campbell

21-Theodore Campbell

21-Maximilian Campbell

20-Madeleine Mann

21-Matthew Phillips

21-Mimi Phillips

20-Mirabelle Mary Mann

21-Jake Harvey Rommer

21-Sam William Rommer

19-Pauline Joy Mann was born on 23 Sep 1926 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died in 2006 at age 80.

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20-Jonathan Rene Del Mar

21-Maxim Del Mar

20-Robin Howard Del Mar

21-Belinda Elizabeth McLaren Del Mar

21-Susan Rosa McLaren Del Mar

19-Charles Robin Mann

20-John Cornford Mann

20-Richard Henry Mann

21-Frederick Mann

20-James Benjamin Mann

19-Helen Mann

20-Gerald Drummond Clapp

21-Poppy Clapp

21-Jemina Clapp

21-Sophie Clapp

20-Alistair Drummond Clapp

20-Sara Katharine Clapp

21-James Drummond Autton

21-Mathew Oliver Autton

20-Bridget Clapp

19-Suzette Mann was born on 23 May 1936 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 23 May 1936 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

19-Susan Mann

20-Stephen Bartholomew Leyland

20-Adam John Leyland

20-Rupert Somervell Leyland

20-Daniel Richard Leyland

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18-**Leslie William Somervell**¹² was born on 16 Sep 1895 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 11 May 1958 in Balham, London at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Shoe Manufacturer. Somervell Bros. K Shoes in Kendal, Cumbria.

19-**Jonathan De Fonblanque Somervell**

20-**Timothy Leslie Somervell**

20-**Jacquelin Diana Somervell**

21-**Harry William Hensman**

20-**Nicola Jane Somervell**

21-**Benjamin Robert Stamp**

21-**Helen Stamp**

19-**Joanna Barrington Somervell**

19-**Kristin De Fonblanque Somervell**

20-**Karen Anita Bonney**

20-**Andreas Mark Bonney**

17-**Susan Emily Howard**¹² was born on 23 Mar 1867 in Tottenham, London, died in Mar 1964 in Sussex at age 97, and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, Battle, East Sussex.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Stonegate, Sussex.

18-**Mildred Snell** was born on 2 Dec 1895 in Kenley, Surrey and died on 25 Aug 1984 in Mill Valley, California at age 88.

19-**Suzanne Theodora Helen Wright** was born on 16 Jan 1923 in Long Beach, California, USA, died on 23 Jun 2016 in San Francisco, California, USA at age 93, and was buried on 27 Jun 2016 in San Francisco National Cemetery, San Francisco, California, USA.

General Notes: e-mail 26th May 2011. Dear Cousin Charles,
My son in law Joe Hayes tells me that sometimes you like some newsy tidbits about long-gone relatives. If this is so, I'd be glad to send along some. I spent a year, at the age of ten, living with my grandmother Susan Emily Snell, in Stonegate, Sussex.
And the other thing is, is a question. Is the Isle of Mull the family seat of the McLeans? Is there a big house there featuring a large plate or bowl being held up by the hooves of the horse of a McLean in an historic battle? If so, my husband, Norman McLean Scott, and I spent a wonderful few days there in the high middle of summer when I could read the newspaper by the light coming in from the window at 9PM. Even though it was less than twenty years ago, I can't remember much more than I can of the events of the mid-30s in Stonegate. What does that say about memory slippage in old age?
I will understand if you're too busy to answer this. Gratefully, Suzy Scott

Suzanne Wright Scott
January 16, 1923 - June 23, 2016
Suzanne Wright Scott, who many thought would never stop, died peacefully at home in San Francisco surrounded by her family on June 23rd. She was 93. Suzy Scott was a go-getter with a sharp mind and a quick wit, and lived a long happy life full of adventure and achievement. She was the eldest of 4 children growing up in Southern California. At 10, her parents sent her to England to live with her maternal grandparents for a year, a time Suzy looked back on as formative. She kept close

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ties with her English cousins. She spent her teenage years in Altadena CA, then headed to Stanford University. She joined the Tri-Delts, and excelled academically, graduating with a degree in psychology. She was selected to join the Phi Beta Kappa honor society, and stayed to earn an MA. She served in the Red Cross in post-war Germany, where she met and in 1949 married US Army doctor Norman McLean (Jerry) Scott, jr. She raised 4 children on 3 continents. The family moved from Germany to Washington D.C. to Texas to San Francisco to Tokyo, where Suzy learned Japanese, taught English, and explored Tokyo by car and subway. She claimed, on occasion, to navigate by the sun. The family thoroughly enjoyed nomadic Army life. They traveled in Europe, Japan, and the US; climbed Mt. Fuji and weathered a blizzard on Mt. Whitney. They camped in the Sierras and on the coast of Maine, skied in Switzerland, Lake Tahoe and Sapporo, and cruised the canals of Holland. Suzy lead the way enthusiastically: when someone was uncertain about upcoming events, travel plans or what was for dinner, inevitably Suzy would raise a forefinger and declare confidently, "Fear not!" In 1970, the family moved back to the Presidio and Letterman Hospital, where Jerry served as commander and Suzy counseled wounded veterans making the transition to civilian life. Dr. Scott retired in 1973 and they settled into the Jordan Park home they would live in for the rest of their lives. As the children left for college, Suzy turned to her professional career. She was the first managing director of Enterprise for High School Students, which trained and placed teenagers in jobs. Later, she joined Right Associates, an outplacement firm, where for 15 years she guided hundreds of laid-off employees through the throes of joblessness, helping them find their feet and a path to the next chapter of their lives. She knew that rites of passage, like a honeymoon or mourning, were necessary times apart from regular life. On her own retirement, Suzy set herself a new challenge, enrolling at UC Berkeley Extension to learn Greek. At the end of a year she was reading Homeric classics in the original. She enjoyed an active city life as a member of the Stanford Women's Club, Stanford Alumni Association, The Phi Beta Kappa Society, Tri Delt Alumni, the Alter Guild of St Luke's Episcopal Church, The Presidio Historical Association, the Society for Asian Art, the Opera Guild and the Wagner Society, and held season tickets to the Opera, where, for a number of seasons, she could also be seen on stage as a supernumerary. Her preferred mode of transport? The 38 Geary. It came often, had a limited, and was full of interesting fellow San Franciscans. Fervently dedicated to public transportation, her MUNI fast pass was always up to date, and well used. For the last 20 years, Suzy was a fixture at the Asian Art Museum, where she had many treasured friends. She led tours at the Museum through 2015, served as Hospitality Chair, was the Daily Supervisor for the Tuesday docents, was on the Asian Arts National Docent Symposium Committee, and enjoyed Friday lectures. She found kinship at St. Thomas' Episcopal Church, where the regulars at the 8:00 am service are a close-knit group. In her later years she stuck close to home but hardly slowed down. She walked daily, took the bus to the Mechanics' Institute Library for a Proust discussion group, and attended the Phi Beta Kappa Society conference every year. Suzy left nothing untried. Her positive outlook, adventurous spirit, intellectual curiosity and genuine interest in others will be an inspiration to her family forever. Her husband of 61 years, Jerry, her beloved son, Jim, and her brother Jim Wright preceded Suzy in death. She is survived by 3 daughters, Alison Hayes of Whidbey Island, WA, Sara Scott of Mill Valley, and Mary Albert of Pacific Grove; sons-in-law Joseph Hayes and Steven Albert and daughter-in-law Devaneide de Oliveira Scott; granddaughters Amanda Hayes King of Djakarta, Vanessa de Oliveira Dantas, Stephanie Suzanne de Oliveira Scott, and Julie Ann de Oliveira Scott of Fortaleza, Brazil; grandsons James Hayes of San Francisco, Henry Albert and Freddy Albert of Pacific Grove; and great-grandchildren Xavier and Victoria King; as well as her sister Joan (Bitz) Oyler of Upland CA, brother John Wright of Ventura, sisters in-law Travis Wright of Corte Madera, Margie Wright, and Elizabeth Groves of Harwichport MA, and many cousins, nieces and nephews. A funeral service will be held on Wednesday July 27th at noon, at the Presidio Chapel, 130 Fisher Loop, Presidio of San Francisco.

Published in San Francisco Chronicle on July 24, 2016 - Courtesy of Joe Hayes.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Psychologist.

20-Alison Joan Scott

21-Amanda Sara Hayes

22-Xavier Andrew King

22-Victoria Katherine King

21-James Jairus Hayes

20-Sara Elizabeth Scott

20-James Hubbard Scott was born on 14 Dec 1956 in Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Texas and died on 28 Apr 2003 in Fortaleza, Brazil at age 46.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Whiteman School, Boulder, Colorado.
- He was educated at Humboldt State University.

- He worked as an Oil Explorer.

21-Maianny Vanessa Scott

21-Stephanie Suzanne Scott

21-Julie Ann Scott

20-Mary Suzanne Scott

21-Henry Mclean Albert

21-Frederick Nicandro Albert

19-John Gale Wright

20-David Whitney Wright

20-Kenneth Mcleod Wright

20-Andrew Howard Wright

20-Gerald Martin Wright

19-Joan Mary Wright

20-Richard Adam Oyler

21-Paul Chapman Oyler

22-James Charbbonneau Oyler

20-Robin Elizabeth Oyler

20-Paul Wright Oyler

19-James Howard Wright

20-Jeffrey Howard Wright

20-Daniel Lloyd Wright

18-Kathleen Snell was born on 3 Aug 1898 in Kenley, Surrey.

General Notes: I happened to be in the gallery of the Senate House at Cambridge last year when the results of the Law Tripos were read out by the Profesor of Law, with that elaborate ceremony, which, to me, has so much more charm than the matter-of-fact announcements made in the newer Universities, and the recollection of the tense silence in the dim building makes me wish that I had been there again this year, if only to hear that silence broken as the name of Miss Kathleen Snell was read out. Only those who have shared the struggles and triumphs of Cambridge students can realise fully what it means to be placed in the First Class of Part II. of the Law Tripos, and that a young girl of twenty-three should be put above the first man in the First Class is a triumph of unprecedented significance. Welshwomen are only beginning to study law, but Miss Snell's success will inspire and encourage many of them who have hitherto met with too ready discouragement. Now that the Bar is open to women, much can be expected from Miss Snell, and-we venture to hope-from the Welsh girls who are following in her footsteps.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Cambridge.
- She worked as a JP.

19-**John Eppes Maynard** was born on 12 Nov 1925 in Stonegate, East Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Colonial Service Official in Nyasaland.

20-**Jane Susan Maynard**

20-**John De Trafford Maynard** was born on 28 Nov 1950 in Mboya, Tanganyika and died on 7 Jan 1951 in Mboya, Tanganyika.

20-**Jonathan Herbert De Trafford Maynard**

20-**Mark Cuthbert Maynard**

20-**Peter Rupert Dominic Maynard**

19-**Elizabeth Mary Maynard**

20-**Fredericka Judith Rodenbeck**

20-**Max Rodenbeck**

19-**David Howard Maynard**

20-**Judith Mary Maynard**

20-**Thomas Garrett Maynard**

20-**Christopher Howard Maynard**

19-**Jillian Katharine Maynard**

19-**Ann Maris Maynard**

19-**Martin Jowitt Maynard**

20-**Susan Elisabeth Maynard**

17-**Jessie Katharine Howard**¹² was born on 13 Mar 1870 in Tottenham, London and died on 17 Jan 1944 in Ashmore, Dorset at age 73.

18-**Guendolen Sturge** was born on 14 Aug 1899 in Chislehurst, Kent.

19-**Penelope Joan Stapleton**

20-**Katherine Winn Everett**

20-Sara Gillian Everett

20-Jocelyn Mary Everett

19-Katharine Mary Stapleton²⁸⁵ was born on 14 Jul 1930 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 26 Feb 2011 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 80.

20-James Hugh Somervell

21-Katharine Lucy Somervell

21-Polly Elizabeth Somervell

21-Phillipa Jane Somervell

20-Mary Helen Somervell

21-Benjamin Hugh Kelly

21-Anna Francesca Kelly

20-Thomas Richard Somervell

21-Jack Alexander James Somervell

21-Tess Elizabeth Sophie Somervell

19-Belinda Jane Stapleton

20-Richard Darlington

20-William Darlington

20-James Darlington

19-William Howard Considine

20-Jon Considine

20-Phillipa Considine

19-Andrew Francis Considine was born on 3 Jan 1943 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 27 Oct 1943 in Ash.

19-Margaret Douglas Considine

18-Rhona Winifred Sturge was born on 4 Nov 1900 in Chislehurst, Kent.

19-Patricia Douglas Ure

18-Raymond Wilson Sturge was born on 10 Jun 1904 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 30 Mar 1984 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lloyds Underwriter.

19-**Priscilla Margaret Sturge**

20-**James Wyatt Kininmonth**

21-**Annabel Kininmonth**

21-**Harriet Kininmonth**

20-**Charles Alexander Kininmonth**

20-**Philippa Margaret Kininmonth**

21-**Alice Kate Kelway-Bamber**

21-**James Peter Glen Kelway-Bamber**

20-**Peter David Wyatt Kininmonth**

19-**Diana Catherine Sturge Baroness Eccles**

20-**Hon Alice Belinda Eccles**

21-**Samuel John Ward**

21-**James Nicholas Ward**

21-**Susanna Mary Ward**

21-**David Christopher Ward**

20-**Hon. William David Eccles**

21-**Peter David Eccles**

21-**Thomas Edward Eccles**

21-**Catherine Lucy Eccles**

20-**Hon. Catherine Sarah Eccles**

21-**Sorcha Margaret Gannon**

21-**Ella Catherine Gannon**

20-**Hon. Emily Frances Eccles**

21-**Stella Irwin**

21-**Claire Irwin**

- 19-Anthony Charles Sturge
 - 20-Lisa Catherine Sturge
 - 20-Tiffany Louise Sturge
- 19-Caroline Lloyd Sturge
 - 20-Sara Caroline Rucker
 - 20-Rupert Charles William Rucker
 - 20-Jeremy Hamilton Lloyd Rucker
- 19-Katharine Sara Lloyd Sturge
 - 20-Vanessa Irwin
 - 20-Adrian Irwin
 - 20-Julian Irwin
- 18-Katharine Brenda Sturge
 - 19-Joanna Mary Lloyd
 - 20-Julian Greenfield
 - 20-Rachel Greenfield
 - 19-John Howard Lloyd
- 18-Arthur Collwyn Sturge
 - 19-Richard Arthur Sturge
 - 19-Nicholas Collwyn Sturge
 - 19-Susan Amanda Sturge
 - 19-Virginia Claire Sturge

17-Gertrude Elizabeth Howard¹² was born on 4 Jul 1875 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent and died on 27 Jul 1954 in Storrington, West Sussex at age 79.

18-John Mortimer Charleton Fox¹² was born on 21 Mar 1903 in Bromley, Kent and died on 15 Oct 1977 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

19-Philip Fox was born on 1 Oct 1930 in Gidea Park, London and died on 2 Oct 1930 in London.

19-Michael John Howard Fox

20-**Steven Fox**

21-**Chandra Fox**

21-**Kieran Fox**

21-**Sita Seren Fox**

21-**Tara Yasmin Fox**

20-**Elaine Fox**

21-**Nevada Fox**

20-**Janet Fox**

21-**Layla Fox**

22-**Nadia Nicole Luz**

22-**Aidan Andreas Luz**

22-**Felix Luz**

22-**Freddie Luz**

20-**Mark Ohan Fox**

19-**Philippa Janet Fox**

20-**Karen Fiona Fraser**

20-**Kier John Fraser**

21-**Sean Caetano De Souza Fraser**

19-**Anne Page Howard Fox** was born on 19 Apr 1937 in Hornchurch and died on 20 Apr 1937 in Hornchurch.

19-**Martin Eliot Fox**

18-**Dilworth Quentin Fox**¹² was born on 30 Jul 1905 in Bromley, Kent and died in Jan 1993 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Ceramics Manufacturer.

19-**Anna Rosalind Fox**

20-**Jonathan Alexander Blagden**

20-**Giles Mark Rupert Blagden**

21-**Charlotte Emily Blagden**

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21-Joshua James Edward Blagden

19-Anthony Dunstan Fox

20-Annabel Constance Mary Fox

20-Olivia Jenefer Fox

21-Imogen Barbara Doull

20-George Theodore Dunstan Fox

18-**Philip Eliot Fox**¹² was born on 21 Sep 1908 in Bromley, Kent and died on 24 Mar 1930 in Pontefract, Yorkshire. In a car accident at age 21.

16-**Robert Benson Jowitt**^{2,7,12,292} was born on 24 May 1839 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 9 Nov 1914 in Hurstwood Lodge, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Wool Merchant in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a JP for the West Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as a JP for Kent.
- He had a residence in Hurstwood Lodge, Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

Robert married **Caroline McCullouch**,^{12,292} daughter of **Samuel McCullouch** and **Ann C. Roach**, on 6 Sep 1865 in Durham. Caroline was born on 6 Jan 1844 in Liverpool and died in Mar 1921 in Hurstwood Lodge, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 77. They had four children: **John Herbert**, **Frederick McCulloch**, **Robert**, and **Edward Maurice**.

17-**John Herbert Jowitt**¹² was born on 16 Jul 1866 in Elmhurst, Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 14 Mar 1908 in Wellington, New Zealand at age 41, and was buried in Northern Cemetery, Dunedin, New Zealand.

General Notes: He went up to Oxford but failed to take his degree and instead, faced a numbers of gambling debts. He set off to Australia where he met his future wife and they settled in New Zealand, John returned briefly to Engalnd in a failed attempt to meet his creditors, so returned to New Zealand, dying on board ship as it arrived at Wellington.

John married **Rinah Mary Hales**,¹² daughter of **Samuel Hales** and **Mary Wooldridge**, on 16 Feb 1892 in All Saints church, Dunedin, New Zealand. Rinah was born on 16 Nov 1869 in Dunedin, New Zealand and died on 20 Nov 1949 in Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire at age 80. They had four children: **Frederick Robert Benson**, **Eric Benson**, **Dorothy Rinah Benson**, and **Mary Caroline Benson**.

18-**Frederick Robert Benson Jowitt**^{12,406} was born on 2 Dec 1892 in Dunedin, New Zealand and died in 1965 in West Yorkshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough College.
- He worked as a Wool Merchant, Top Maker & Woolcomber.

Frederick married **Kathleen Margaret Lupton**,⁴⁰⁶ daughter of **Oliver Lupton** and **Margaret Wansey Colfox**, on 14 Sep 1921 in Leeds, Yorkshire. Kathleen was born on 2 Apr 1895 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 21 Jan 1948 in Harrogate at age 52. They had two children: **John Frederick Benson** and **David Arthur Benson**.

19-**Rev. John Frederick Benson Jowitt**⁴⁰⁶ was born on 1 Nov 1923 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 8 Jan 2015 at age 91, and was buried on 30 Jan 2015 in Service at Hethersett, Norwich, Norfolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the RNVR.
- He worked as a Merchant navy officer.

- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.
- He worked as a Chaplain to the Armed Forces 9 Dec 1963 to 9 Dec 1973.
- He worked as a Rector of St Nicholas Church, Oakley in Oakley, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Vicar of St Mary's Church in Docking, Kings Lynn, Norfolk.

John married **Anne Graham**,⁴⁰⁶ daughter of **Ernest Graham** and **Amy Marjorie Wagner Williamson**, on 26 Jul 1952 in Ealing, London. Anne was born on 4 Jun 1925 in South Kensington, London and died on 29 Dec 2012 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 87. They had three children: **Elizabeth Anne**, **Andrew Robert Benson**, and **Margaret Ruth**.

20-Elizabeth Anne Jowitt

Elizabeth married **Stephen Dale**. They had two children: **Nathanael Mark** and **Rachel Naomi**.

21-Nathanael Mark Dale

21-Rachel Naomi Dale

20-Rev. Andrew Robert Benson Jowitt

Andrew married **Christine Jane Rushton**. They had one daughter: **Ruth Francesca**.

21-Ruth Francesca Jowitt

20-Margaret Ruth Jowitt

19-Rev. David Arthur Benson Jowitt⁴⁰⁶ was born on 21 Oct 1925 in Headingley, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 25 Dec 2012 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

18-Eric Benson Jowitt¹² was born in 1894 in Dunedin, New Zealand, died on 26 Feb 1895 in Dunedin, New Zealand at age 1, and was buried in Northern Cemetery, Dunedin, New Zealand.

18-Dorothy Rinah Benson Jowitt¹² was born on 23 Oct 1896 in Dunedin, New Zealand.

Dorothy married **Reginald Rowland Taylor**, son of **Wellington Taylor** and **Rosa Mary Rowland**, on 1 Dec 1934 in Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire. Reginald was born on 27 May 1873 in London and died on 5 Mar 1959 in Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire at age 85. They had two children: **William Rowland Jowitt** and **Barbara Mary Jowitt**.

19-William Rowland Jowitt Taylor

19-Barbara Mary Jowitt Taylor

Barbara married **Peter Rex Musgrave**, son of **Percy Eric Musgrave** and **Ethel May Pirie**.

18-Mary Caroline Benson Jowitt¹² was born on 9 Jan 1901 in Carlton Colville, Suffolk.

17-Frederick McCulloch Jowitt¹² was born on 26 Apr 1868 in Elmhurst, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 19 Sep 1921 in Hollins Hall, Ripley, Yorkshire at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough College.

Frederick married **Helen Dorothea Benson**,¹² daughter of **William Thomas Benson**^{12,218} and **Helen Wilson**,²¹⁸ on 22 Aug 1900 in Cardinal, Ontario,

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Canada. Helen was born on 12 Jan 1867 in Cardinal, Ontario, Canada and died on 12 Oct 1952 in Harrogate, Yorkshire at age 85. They had three children: **William Thomas Benson, Robert Benson**, and **Richard McCulloch Benson**.

18-**William Thomas Benson Jowitt**¹² was born on 13 Aug 1901 in Elmhurst, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 19 Feb 1941 in Crag Hall, Killinghall, Harrogate, Yorkshire at age 39.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Crag Hill, Killinghall, Yorkshire.

William married **Margaret Jean Law**, daughter of **John Law** and **Sarah Kerr**, on 16 Oct 1929 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada. Margaret was born on 22 Aug 1906 in Pincher Creek, Canada. They had three children: **Frederick Thomas Benson, Deborah Helen Benson**, and **William James Benson**.

19-Frederick Thomas Benson Jowitt

Frederick married **Juliet Margaret Brackenbury**.

19-Deborah Helen Benson Jowitt

Deborah married **Hon. Nevill Edward Hill-Trevor**, son of **Charles Edward Hill-Trevor 3rd Baron Trevor** and **Phyllis May Sims**, on 18 Jul 1963. Nevill was born on 25 Apr 1931 and died on 27 Dec 2002 at age 71. They had two children: **Caroline Anne** and **Diana Rosemary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an ADC to Chief of Air Staff in 1959-1960.

20-Caroline Anne Hill-Trevor

20-Diana Rosemary Hill-Trevor

19-William James Benson Jowitt

18-**Robert Benson Jowitt**¹² was born on 13 Aug 1901 in Elmhurst, Leeds, Yorkshire.

Robert married **Audrey Haverfield Stanton**, daughter of **Richard Stanton** and **Florence Beatrice Nicholls**, on 23 Apr 1929 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. Audrey was born on 1 Mar 1904 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. They had one daughter: **Patricia Stanton Benson**.

19-Patricia Stanton Benson Jowitt

18-**Richard McCulloch Benson Jowitt**¹² was born on 9 Oct 1905 in Elmhurst, Leeds, Yorkshire.

Richard married **Zillah Agnes Thorpe**,¹² daughter of **William Henry Thorpe** and **Mary Cairns Nicholson**, on 28 Sep 1936 in Knaresborough. Zillah was born on 17 Apr 1913 in Harrogate, Yorkshire, died on 20 Sep 1967 in Lytham St Annes, Lancashire at age 54, and was buried in Lytham Park Cemetery, Lytham St Annes, Lancashire. They had three children: **Ian Richard, Rosemary Helen Benson**, and **Bruce Mcculloch**.

19-Ian Richard Jowitt

19-Rosemary Helen Benson Jowitt

19-Bruce Mcculloch Jowitt

17-**Robert Jowitt**¹² was born on 15 Dec 1870 in Elmhurst, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 5 Dec 1945 in Winchester, Hampshire at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Radley.

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- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of Robert Jowitt & Sons in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Robert married **Adele May Simpson**,¹² daughter of **Dr. Reginald Palgrave Simpson** and **Georgina Marie Benedict**, on 3 Jan 1895 in Weymouth, Dorset. Adele was born on 25 May 1868 in Weymouth, Dorset. They had one son: **Robert Lionel Palgrave**.

18-**Robert Lionel Palgrave Jowitt**¹² was born on 26 Mar 1899 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

General Notes: at Radley entered Michs 1913, left 1916 to Christ Church Oxford. He was in the Army 28th Btln, London Rgt 1917-18 and superintended the Whitby Abbey Excavation under HM Minister of Works 1924-5. Organising Secy League of Nations Union Bucks, Berks, Oxon 1932-39, Market Gardener 1940-45, Director Robert Jowitt & Sons Bradford 1946. Published "St Albans and Verulam" in 1935, Married 1940 Dorothy Marion dtr of E J G Hartley of Abingdon, Address 8 Park Road Winchester

Robert married **Dorothy Marion Hartley**,¹² daughter of **Ernald George Justinian Hartley** and **Mary Frances Wedgwood**, on 15 Jun 1940 in Merton, Oxford. Dorothy was born on 3 Mar 1905 in Boar's Hill, Oxford, Oxfordshire. They had two children: **Robert Ernald** and **Joy Kathleen**.

19-**Robert Ernald Jowitt**

19-**Joy Kathleen Jowitt**

17-**Edward Maurice Jowitt**¹² was born on 26 Sep 1874 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 22 Sep 1954 in Strode Manor, Bridport, Dorset at age 79, and was buried in Ben Rhydding, Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Wood Royd, Ben Rhydding, Bradford, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Strode Manor, Bridport, Dorset.

Edward married **Edith Georgina Palgrave Simpson**,¹² daughter of **Dr. Reginald Palgrave Simpson** and **Georgina Marie Benedict**, on 12 Sep 1899 in Weymouth, Dorset. Edith was born on 6 Oct 1878 in Weymouth, Dorset and died on 1 Oct 1953 in Strode Manor, Bridport, Dorset at age 74. They had two children: **Anthony Thomas McCulloch** and **John Alan**.

18-**Anthony Thomas McCulloch Jowitt**¹² was born on 14 Sep 1900 in Parkside, Harehills, Leeds, Yorkshire.

Anthony married **Doris Smith**, daughter of **William Couch Smith** and **Mabel Julia Van Dorn**, on 4 Jan 1930 in Hollywood, California. Doris was born on 14 Nov 1896 in Chico, California. They had one daughter: **Deborah Susan Benson**.

19-**Deborah Susan Benson Jowitt**

18-**John Alan Jowitt**¹² was born on 16 Jul 1904 in Parkside, Harehills, Leeds, Yorkshire.

John married **Dawn Marsh**, daughter of **Kenneth Marsh** and **Dorothy Clarke**. They had two children: **Charmain Susan Annabel** and **Jasper Roderick Benson**.

19-**Charmain Susan Annabel Jowitt**

19-**Jasper Roderick Benson Jowitt**

16-**Rachel Elizabeth Jowitt**^{7,12} was born on 19 Oct 1841 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 28 Jan 1880 in Fernacre, Alderley Edge, Cheshire at age 38.

Rachel married **Theodore Crewdson**,^{12,218} son of **Joseph Crewdson**^{7,33,218,292} and **Hannah Wright**,^{33,218} on 17 Aug 1864 in Leeds, Yorkshire. Theodore was born on 13 Feb 1835 in Manchester and died on 15 Jul 1923 in Dudwick, Buxton, Norfolk at age 88. They had six children: **Theodore**, **John Wright**, **Lilian Dora**, **Helen Mary**, **Joseph Dilworth**, and **Cicely**.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Cotton Manufacturer.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Spurs, Handforth, Cheshire.
- He worked as a JP for Cheshire.

17-**Theodore Crewdson**¹² was born on 30 Oct 1866 in Fernacre, Alderley Edge, Cheshire and died on 23 Oct 1889 in Beaumaris, Anglesey, Wales at age 22.

17-**John Wright Crewdson**¹² was born on 21 Sep 1869 in Fernacre, Alderley Edge, Cheshire and died on 28 Aug 1946 in Alderley Edge, Cheshire at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Fettes College in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Endsleigh, Alderley Edge, Cheshire.

John married **Nora Bellhouse**,¹² daughter of **Robert Bellhouse** and **Louisa Agnes Railton**, on 10 Jan 1895 in Alderley Edge, Cheshire. Nora was born on 11 Jun 1872 in Alderley Edge, Cheshire. They had three children: **Theodore Wright**, **Dorothy Joan**, and **Nora Barbara**.

18-**Capt. Theodore Wright Crewdson**¹² was born on 30 Jan 1896 in Fulshaw, Wilmslow, Cheshire, died on 6 Nov 1916 in Boulogne. Died from wounds incurred on the 28th October 1916. at age 20, and was buried in Boulogne Eastern Cemetery, France.

General Notes: **Crewdson, Theodore Wright** Born Jan. 30, 1896, at Fulshaw, Cheshire. Son of John Wright Crewdson, of Endsleigh, Alderley Edge, Cheshire. School, Wellington College. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 25, 1914. Captain, Manchester Regiment, 20th Battalion; Aide-de- Campe. Died Nov. 6, 1916, of wounds received in action on Oct. 28, 1916. Buried in Boulogne Eastern Cemetery, France.
College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wellington College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1914.
- He worked as an officer of the 20th Batallion, Manchester Regiment. Aide-de-Camp.

18-**Dorothy Joan Crewdson**¹² was born on 7 Sep 1901 in Fulshaw, Wilmslow, Cheshire.

Dorothy married **Thomas Graham Lindsay**, son of **Robert W. Lindsay** and **Jean Corbett**, on 18 Jul 1945 in London. Thomas was born on 3 Feb 1901 in Co. Down, Ireland.

18-**Nora Barbara Crewdson**¹² was born on 24 May 1907 in Alderley Edge, Cheshire and died on 1 May 1955 in Aylesbury, Buckinghamshire at age 47.

Nora married **Fl/Lt. Gilbert Gresley Heathcote**,¹² son of **Brig. Gen. Charles Edensor Heathcote** and **Mary Ida Constance Severne**, on 7 Mar 1940 in London. Gilbert was born on 24 May 1911 in Banbury, Oxfordshire and died on 18 Dec 1941 in Brest, France. Killed in action. Missing at age 30. They had one son: **Gilbert Michael**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lieut. Kings Own Yorkshire Light Infantry.
- He worked as a Pilot. Royal Air Force.

19-Gilbert Michael Heathcote

Nora next married **Frederick Edward Clifford**, son of **Arthur Frederick Clifford** and **Adeline Gertrude Fisher**, on 12 May 1952 in Aylesbury, Buckinghamshire. Frederick was born on 15 Jul 1906 in Ashe, Basingstoke, Hampshire and died on 19 Oct 1961 in Oxford at age 55.

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17-**Lilian Dora Crewdson**¹² was born on 13 Apr 1871 in Fernacre, Alderley Edge, Cheshire and died on 29 Jun 1958 in Caudle Green, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 87.

Lilian married **Robert Seymour Benson**,¹² son of **Robert Braithwaite Benson**^{8,12,218} and **Eleanora Seymour Stewart**,^{8,12,218} on 24 Apr 1895 in Fulshaw Chapel, Wilmslow, Cheshire. Robert was born on 19 Oct 1858 in Oaklands, Greenfield, Yorkshire and died on 2 Mar 1938 in Bishopsteignton, Devon at age 79. They had seven children: **Seymour Stewart, Lilian Rachel Sylvia, Dorothy Cicely, Janet Mary, Gwendolen Seymour, Margaret Eleanora**, and **John Seymour**.

General Notes: Initiated & Compiled the Family Tree. "Photographic Pedigree of the Descendants of Isaac & Rachel Wilson"

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with ARSM MIMM.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at The Royal School of Mines in Cambourne, Cornwall.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Benson Ashmore Pease in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham.

18-**Air/Cmdr. Seymour Stewart Benson**¹² was born on 4 Dec 1896 in Castle Hill, Middleton St. George, Darlington, County Durham and died on 3 Jan 1990 at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AFC.
- He worked as an Air Commodore, Royal Air Force.

Seymour married **Eva Margaret Sully**, daughter of **Robert Alfred Sully** and **Margaret Ann Brown**, on 25 Aug 1923 in Farnborough, Hampshire. Eva was born on 4 Apr 1898 in Farnham, Surrey. They had one son: **Michael Stewart**.

19-Michael Stewart Benson

Michael married **Mary Scott Matheson**, daughter of **James Kenneth Matheson** and **Rhoda Mary Scott**. They had two children: **Peter James Michael** and **Sarah Mary**.

20-Peter James Michael Benson

Peter married **Clare-Marie Jane O'Brien**, daughter of **David O'Brien** and **Anne Rothwell**. They had two children: **Harry Peter James** and **Thomas Seymour**.

21-Harry Peter James Benson

21-Thomas Seymour Benson

20-Sarah Mary Benson

Sarah married **Charles Philip Doyne**, son of **Charles Hastings Doyne** and **Marjory Maud Browne**. They had three children: **Alice Sarah Mary, Samuel Charles Michael**, and **Charles Robert Howe**.

21-Alice Sarah Mary Doyne

21-Samuel Charles Michael Doyne

21-Charles Robert Howe Doyne

18-**Lilian Rachel Sylvia Benson** was born on 16 Oct 1898 in Castle Hill, Middleton St. George, Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Nov 1984 at age 86.

18-**Dorothy Cicely Benson**¹² was born on 17 Aug 1900 in Castle Hill, Middleton St. George, Darlington, County Durham and died on 21 Oct 1900 in Castle Hill, Middleton St. George, Darlington, County Durham.

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18-**Janet Mary Benson**¹² was born on 3 Sep 1902 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham and died on 22 Jan 1964 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 61.

18-**Gwendolen Seymour Benson**¹² was born on 7 Oct 1906 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Royal Academy of Music.

Gwendolen married **Lt. Col. John Roy Gordon Cowan**, son of **Charles Gordon Cowan** and **Janet Shankland**, on 1 Mar 1940 in Bishopsteignton, Devon. John was born on 11 Apr 1898 in Craigard, Greenock and died on 16 Sep 1962 in Kitale, Kenya at age 64. They had two children: **Roy Ian Gordon** and **Bruce Seymour Gordon**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Regiment (West Surrey) and Colonial administrator.

19-**Roy Ian Gordon Cowan**

Roy married **Patricia Jane Walker**, daughter of **Alexander Percy Walker** and **Aileen Gerard Digby**. They had three children: **Rebecca Morag**, **Emma Sarah**, and **Oliver Bruce Gordon**.

20-**Rebecca Morag Cowan**

20-**Emma Sarah Cowan**

20-**Oliver Bruce Gordon Cowan**

19-**Bruce Seymour Gordon Cowan**

Bruce married **Caroline Georgina Auret**. They had one daughter: **Fiona Sarah**.

20-**Fiona Sarah Cowan**

18-**Margaret Eleanora Benson**¹² was born on 22 Apr 1909 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham, died on 9 May 1986 in Bexhill, East Sussex at age 77, and was buried in With her brother John Seymour Benson.

18-**John Seymour Benson**¹² was born on 3 May 1911 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham, died on 20 Aug 1986 in Bexhill, East Sussex at age 75, and was buried in With his sister Margaret Eleanora Benson.

17-**Helen Mary Crewdson**¹² was born on 8 Feb 1873 in Fernacre, Alderley Edge, Cheshire and died on 8 Oct 1924 in Alderley Edge, Cheshire at age 51.

17-**Joseph Dilworth Crewdson**¹² was born on 5 Jun 1875 in Fernacre, Alderley Edge, Cheshire and died on 15 Aug 1946 in Syde, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Fettes College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a JP for Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Gloucestershire in 1934.

Joseph married **Margaret Agnes Hicks-Beach**,¹² daughter of **William Frederick Hicks-Beach** and **Elizabeth Caroline Tyrwhitt-Drake**, on 21 Oct 1908 in Witcombe, Gloucestershire. Margaret was born on 21 Feb 1869 in Sandleford Lodge, Newbury, Berkshire and died on 8 Mar 1943 in Syde, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 74.

17-**Cicely Crewdson**¹² was born on 27 Jan 1880 in Fernacre, Alderley Edge, Cheshire and died on 3 Feb 1938 in Caudle Green, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 58.

Cicely married **Dr. Frederick Sanger**, son of **William Albert Sanger** and **Ann Mary Hoff**, on 27 Sep 1916 in Syde, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Frederick was born on 20

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Jul 1876 in London and died on 5 May 1937 in London at age 60. They had three children: **Theodore, Frederick, and Mary.**

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician.
- He worked as a Medical Missionary in 1902-1909 in China.
- He worked as an a Quaker elder in 1928.

18-**Theodore Sanger** was born on 28 Aug 1917 in Rendcomb, Cirencester, Gloucestershire.

Theodore married **Margaret Beatrice Pelly**, daughter of **Francis Brian Pelly** and **Edith Beatrice Packe**, on 2 Oct 1943 in Jordans. Margaret was born on 25 Jan 1921 in Northwood, Middlesex and died in Jan 2001 at age 80. They had two children: **Melody** and **Katrina Scarlett.**

19-**Melody Sanger**

Melody married **Peter Wright**. They had three children: **Megan Jenett, Alice Rosamund, and Madelene Rose.**

20-**Megan Jenett Wright**

20-**Alice Rosamund Wright**

20-**Madelene Rose Wright**

19-**Katrina Scarlett Sanger**

Katrina married **Michael Power**. They had three children: **Katherine, Molly, and Ellen.**

20-**Katherine Power**

20-**Molly Power**

20-**Ellen Power**

Theodore next married **Anne V. Brazier.**

18-**Dr. Frederick Sanger** was born on 13 Aug 1918 in Rendcomb, Cirencester, Gloucestershire and died on 19 Nov 2013 in Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge at age 95.

General Notes: OM. CH. CBE. FRS. In 1958 he was awarded a Nobel prize in chemistry "for his work on the structure of proteins, especially that of insulin". In 1980, Walter Gilbert and Sanger shared half of the chemistry prize "for their contributions concerning the determination of base sequences in nucleic acids". The other half was awarded to Paul Berg "for his fundamental studies of the biochemistry of nucleic acids, with particular regard to recombinant-DNA". He is the fourth (and only living) person to have been awarded two Nobel Prizes, either individually or in tandem with others.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OM. CH. CBE. FRS.
- He was awarded with the Nobel Prize for Chemistry in 1958.
- He was awarded with the Nobel Prize for Chemistry in 1980.
- He worked as an English biochemist and twice a Nobel laureate in chemistry.

Frederick married **Margaret Joan Howe**. They had three children: **Robin, Peter Frederick, and Sally Joan.**

19-**Robin Sanger**

19-**Peter Frederick Sanger**

19-Sally Joan Sanger

18-Mary Sanger

Mary married **Frank Willford**. They had four children: **Julian, Theodore, Fay**, and **Noel**.

19-Julian Willford

19-Theodore Willford

19-Fay Willford

19-Noel Willford

16-**Anna Dora Jowitt**^{7,12,225,292} was born on 28 Nov 1843 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 24 Dec 1935 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 92.

17-**David Lloyd Howard**¹² was born on 28 Jan 1866 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 8 Feb 1939 in London at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.
- He worked as a JP for Essex.
- He had a residence in Little Friday Hill, Chingford, Essex.

18-Lt. Col. **Hugh Lloyd Howard** was born on 15 May 1894 in Woodford Green and died on 10 Oct 1957 in Chigwell, Essex at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

19-Marcella Rozel Lloyd Howard

19-Alexander Villeneuve Lloyd Howard was born on 15 Nov 1924 in London and died on 5 Jul 1944 in Colleville Sur Orne, Normandy at age 19.

19-Yvonne Le Maistre Lloyd Howard

20-James Lloyd Stewart-Meiklejohn

20-Nicola Pamela Stewart-Meiklejohn

17-**Dora Lillian Howard** was born on 1 Jun 1867 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 5 Mar 1934 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 66.

17-**Ethel Margaret Howard** was born on 28 Jan 1870 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 5 Mar 1934 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 64.

17-**Dr. Robert Howard**¹² was born on 30 Jan 1872 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 26 Nov 1947 in Marlow, Buckinghamshire at age 75.

General Notes: MA MD BCh

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Oxford.

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- He was educated at Guy's Hospital, London.
- He worked as a Physician in Guy's Hospital, London.

17-**Rev. Francis Alfred Howard** was born on 9 Jan 1874 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 25 Apr 1936 in Westcliffe on Sea, Essex at age 62.

17-**Helen Elizabeth Howard**¹² was born on 12 Sep 1876 in Stamford Hill, London and died on 19 Dec 1960 in London at age 84.

18-**Bridget Helen Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 17 Mar 1903 in 67 Porchester Terrace, London.

19-**Susanna Charlotte Bardsley**

19-**Nicholas John Bardsley**

18-**Lt. Col. Geoffrey Danvers Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 9 Sep 1905 in 67 Porchester Terrace, London.

19-**April Gay Crossman**

19-**David Stafford Crossman**

19-**Thomas Charles Crossman**

18-**Rt. Hon. Richard Howard Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 15 Dec 1907 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 5 Apr 1974 in Prescote Manor, Banbury at age 66.

General Notes: This is Dick Crossman MP, who caused a furore after his death with his diaries, which were published.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PC OBE.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Coventry East 1945 To 1974.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Labour Party 1960 To 1961.
- He worked as a Lord President of the Council in 1966.
- He worked as a Leader of the House of Commons in 1966.
- He worked as a Secretary of State for Health & Social Security 1968 To 1970.
- He worked as an Editor of the New Statesman 1970 To 1972.
- He worked as a Journalist and Writer.

19-**Patrick Danvers Crossman**

19-**Virginia Helen Crossman**

18-**Elizabeth Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 15 Apr 1910 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 1 Jun 1957 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 47.

18-**Mary Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 2 Feb 1913 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

19-**Elisabeth Ann Woodhouse**

18-**Thomas Edward Stafford Crossman**¹² was born on 19 Oct 1917 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 31 May 1940 in Killed In Action at age 22.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Bernard Farmborough Howard**¹² was born on 30 Apr 1880 in Walthamstow, London and died on 19 Nov 1960 in Loughton, Essex at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.
- He worked as a JP for Essex.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Firbank, Loughton, Essex.

18-**Deborah Benson Howard** was born on 9 Mar 1906 in Quantocks, Woodford Green and died in 2007 at age 101.

19-**Caroline Sibella Carter**

20-**Lucy Lauris Heller**

20-**Carl Buno Heller**

19-**Deborah Jane Carter**

20-**Luke Liddon Howard**

20-**Jacob Samuel Howard**

20-**Rebecca Howard**

19-**Judith Frances Carter**

20-**Toby Livings**

20-**Maria Livings**

19-**Sarah Howard Carter**

19-**Thomas Hodges Carter**

18-**Dr. Mary Tregelles Howard** was born on 26 Apr 1908 in Quantocks, Woodford Green, London and died on 1 Nov 2002 at age 94.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Physician.
- She worked as a Deputy Divisonal Medical officer for the LCC.
- She had a residence in Newstead Home, Denewood Road, Highgate, London.

19-**Alison Day**

20-**Andrew Howard Rushford**

20-**Sally Anne Rushford**

20-**Robert Howard Rushford**

18-**Jean Middleton Howard** was born on 1 Jul 1910 in Loughton, Essex.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Martin James Kuhn

19-Nicholas Thomas Kuhn

18-James David Howard was born on 7 Apr 1912 in Loughton, Essex and died on 9 Oct 1940 in Ilford, Essex. Killed by enemy action at age 28.

18-Thomas Were Howard was born on 8 Mar 1915 in Loughton, Essex and died on 20 Feb 1997 in Loughton, Essex at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

19-Deborah Janet Howard

19-Susannah Virginia Howard

19-David Howard

18-Rosemary Farmborough Howard was born on 3 Mar 1917 in Loughton, Essex and died on 19 Feb 2006 at age 88.

General Notes: Her estate was valued at £3,782,906 net. ----- ROSEMARY GREENWOOD A Mountaineering Heritage (Plate 50) In 1802 my great-grandfather Francis Tuckett was born at Frenchay, now a suburb of Bristol but then a country village. It had long been a Quaker enclave and the Tucketts were among a number of Quaker families, such as the Frys and the Barclays, who lived there and worked in Bristol. In those days certain professions were closed to them and many Quakers went into business, manufacturing and banking where they prospered and established a reputation for scrupulous fair dealing and a caring attitude to their employees. Francis was a leather merchant and a keen traveller. He married Mariana Fox in 1833 and had four children: Frank, Lizzie, Mariana and Charlotte. Born in 1834, Frank inherited a love of travel and a keen interest in natural science. He first visited the Alps with his father in 1842at the age of eight, and an excursion to the Mer de Glace kindled his passion for mountains. In 1853, aged 19, he returned to the Alps with his future brother-in-law, my grandfather Joseph Hoyland Fox, and they walked and scrambled prodigiously, covering enormous distances all over Switzerland. Three years later they started climbing. In Chamonix they engaged Victor Tairraz, three other guides and a porter for the Col du Geant. Their provisions consisted of three fowls, a joint of veal, two large loaves and four bottles of vin ordinaire. No wonder they needed a porter. Later, Frank Tuckett did a number of seasons with Victor Tairraz; he scarcely ever climbed without a guide and usually took two and a porter. In those early days guideless climbing was rare, and my grandfather remarked on the great feat of a party of well-known English mountaineers who had climbedMont Blanc without guides in 1855. Although Frank Tuckett worked in the leather business in Bristol and walked there every day from Frenchay to keep in training, he was able to go climbing most summers for two months or so, starting much earlier in the season than we do nowadays. In 1859 he and my grandfather were elected to the Alpine Club which had been formed two years earlier, and they often climbed together during the following years.. As far as I can ascertain, none ofmy forebears in the last century ever did any rock-climbing in Britain. But in 1865 an Easter party of 13 Alpine Club members, including my grandfather and great uncle, stayed at Pen-y-Gwryd and climbed Snowdon and the Glyders! The Tucketts often made up parties for their summer holidays - Frank imd his sisters, cousins and Alpine Club friends. Some of these holidays were recorded by my great-aunt Lizzie, a gifted artist, who sketched their adventures amusingly in Voyage en Zigzag," Zigzagging in the Dolomites, and other books. They toured from place to place - several times in the Dolomites and Tyrol- Frank and his climbing friends going over the tops of the mountains and meeting up from time to time with the ladies and the less energetic men, who went round by road or mule track either riding or walking or in primitive conveyances. The accommodation was often extremely poor and verminous and food sometimes hard to come by. Sunburn was a menace, particularly for the climbers, and they protected their faces with veils and masks when on the snow. Umbrellas were carried in the rain. Lizzie wore what she described as a 'waterproof habit' and Frank wore a plaid. The ladies looped up their skirts and the porters carried their hoops (one cannot ride in a crinoline). Tradition has it that Frank always wore elastic-sided boots for climbing; a small room at Frenchay used to be filled with his climbing boots.! They often met other English parties on their travels, and there were more English tourists in the Alps in those days than any other nationality. Large hotels were built in the second half of the century, not only at the resorts but also at isolated viewpoints such as Riffelalp, Belalp and Eggishorn. Between the years 1856 and 1874 Frank Tuckett made no fewer than 57 first ascents or new routes on mountains and high passes. Notable among these were:
1856 The first tourist ascent of the Mettelhorn.
1859 The first ascent of the Aletschhorn.
1861 The first direct ascent of Mont Blanc from St Gervais by the Dome du Gouter and Les Bosses, with Leslie Stephen.
1862 A new route on Mont Pelvoux by the Tuckett Couloir. The Col des Ecrins.
1864 First ascents of Piz Kesch, Monte Confinale, Gran Zebru (Konigsspitze) and Ortles.
1867 The first ascent of Civetta. During these years he climbed 165 peaks and crossed 376 passes.

Many of these expeditions are recorded in Peaks, Passes and Glaciers and the Alpine Journal. He also contributed articles of geological and scientific interest. Hemade a

Descendants of Thomas Forster

study of glaciers and made observations from mountain summits, boiling his thermometer to calculate the altitude and sketching the neighbouring mountains. In the Dauphine and Ortler he did extensive surveys with equipment that included a mercury barometer and water-boiling apparatus which also came in handy for brewing up Symington's dried soup. Frank always carried with him a bottle of his 'cure all' - a mixture of tincture of rhubarb, sal volatile and brandy - and very effective it was. We were all brought up on it. He designed a sleeping-bag with a mackintosh outer, the top of which could be unbuttoned to provide ventilation, and a red blanket bag inside, plus an extra red blanket which could be buttoned on and a woollen hood. This only weighed 81/2lbs. In 1869 Frank and his future brother-in-law Eliot Howard brought from Styria what are believed to have been the first rucksacks to be seen in Switzerland, and they were soon to replace the old Swiss knapsack. Frank also carried a conjuring set. He was an accomplished conjuror and wherever he went he delighted the villagers, especially the children, with his sleight-of-hand. He also used to take out his teeth, to their mystification. Frank was extremely tough and strong and often exhausted his companions, but he treated his guides with great consideration and was always on the best of terms with them. He spoke German well, so communication was no problem. In 1864 he organised a fund among Alpine Club members for the mother of his guide J J Bennen who was killed on the Haut de Cry, and went personally to Lax to help deal with the family's finances. He was one of the founder members of the Austrian Alpine Club in 1862 and in 1898 he was made an Honorary Member of the Club Alpin Francais. From 1866 to 1868 he was Vice-President of the Alpine Club but refused the presidency more than once, as he felt that he lived too far from London. By 1874 Frank Tuckett was still only 40 but he did no more serious climbing in the Alps; however, he was always ready to advise and encourage younger climbers. He travelled widely and continued to do so until his death in 1913 at the age of 80. 2 Between 1877 and 1886 he travelled in Greece, Corsica, the Pyrenees and Turkey, making many ascents. Later he travelled all over the world, with frequent visits to Egypt and Italy where he indulged his archaeological interests. He went three times round the world. Family legend has it that the first time he had not enough courage to propose to the beautiful Alice Fox, who was living at that time with her brother, a sheep farmer in New Zealand. The next time round he proposed and was accepted and they were married in 1896 when he was 62. Alice was the sister of Harry Fox who was lost in the Caucasus with W F Donkin in 1888. I can just remember Aunt Alice, a handsome lady in widow's weeds and veil, and my elder sisters have fondest memories of Uncle Frank. There is a charming photograph in the Alpine Journal of him sitting in the garden at Frenchay in 1910. The Foxes of Wellington are all descended from Thomas Fox who built Tonedale House in 1802 next to the woollen mill, which still exists and is most famous for Fox's Puttees, worn by the army for many years and also by climbers. He had 15 children and some of his descendants still live in and around Wellington and work at the mill. Quakers in those early days were not supposed to marry outside the Society of Friends and they tended to marry cousins, so our family tree is a tangle of cross fertilisation of Foxes, Howards and Tucketts. The daughters were often sent on visits to cousins in other parts of the country so that they could meet fresh faces - the Tuckett Alpine holidays proved an excellent meeting ground. Mariana Tuckett married my grandfather Joseph Hoyland Fox in 1860. Charlotte Tuckett married Eliot Howard, my father's uncle, in 1871 and Lizzie, the artist, married William Fowler, one of Frank's climbing companions, and sadly died in childbirth. My grandfather was extremely tough and though he had lost an eye as a child through being shot by an arrow, the accident did not prevent him being a keen cricketer; he used to play-sometimes at Frenchay Cricket Club, where W G Grace was often the star attraction. He started his Alpine holidays with Frank Tuckett in 1853 when he was 20, and they climbed frequently together, though my grandfather was never to become one of the great climbers. In 1859 he climbed the Breithorn and the Schwarzhorn; and he created a record by climbing from Riffelalp to the top of Monte Rosa and back in 10 hours and 50 minutes. In 1863 he and Frank Tuckett climbed 5 peaks and 23 passes in the Tyrol, Dolomites and Eastern Switzerland. They both enjoyed touring from place to place over mountain passes, and on many of these mountain journeys they were accompanied by the ladies of the party. In 1871, again with Frank, my grandfather had a narrow escape from a colossal avalanche on the Eiger. 4 As soon as his children were old enough, my grandfather took them on modest climbs, usually with Francois Devouassoud, who was his guide for many years. His sons Hugh and Gerald were tough and athletic, though not outstanding climbers. Hugh was a Rugby international and Gerald played for Somerset. They both often holidayed in the Alps and Gerald brought the first skis to the Oberland with his cousin, Thomas Fox, who also enjoyed skating at Davos and St Moritz in the 1890s. His sister Anna was an indefatigable climber. She climbed the Matterhorn in 1890, Mont Blanc in 1893 and many more. Another sister May was an outstanding mountain water-colourist. A third sister Florrie married my uncle Gerald and died of typhoid fever after only three months. Another cousin was Harry Fox of Caucasus fame. He seems to have been rather a paragon. Not only was he one of the foremost mountaineers of the day, but he also captained the Somerset Rugby XV and played cricket for the county. He was a partner in the family woollen business at an early age and ran Sunday schools and other good works. He was only 32 when he died in 1888. 5 He and W F Donkin, with two Swiss guides Kaspar Streich and Johann Fischer, were exploring and surveying in the area of Dychtau and they must have been killed in an attempt on the mountain. Their last bivouac was found the following year, but their bodies were never found. One of Harry Fox's sisters married my uncle Hugh. Hugh's daughter Cecilia, a GP in Wellington, was another keen climber for many years. Her father always insisted that she took two guides. She was also a gifted painter of Alpine scenes and flowers. My mother, Janet Fox, was a sister of Hugh and Gerald. The first time she went to the Alps with her father she was 12 and he was 6J.6 She went up the Brevent with Francois Devouassoud and was also taken onto the Findelen glacier. My grandfather climbed the Petits Charmoz with cousin Anna. Another year in Grindelwald, climbs were arranged for my mother with Christian Jossi junior, son of one of my grandfather's guides. Thirty years later, on one of our family holidays, my mother arranged for Christian to repeat the climb of the Rotihorn with the next generation. Jen and I were too young to go, but Jossi had become a fat old man and thereafter his place was taken by his nephew Peter Bernet with whom all my siblings climbed. My father's family, the Howards, did not have such a strong mountaineering tradition, though my father's uncle, Eliot Howard, was an Alpine Club member and married Charlotte Tuckett. Their son, Geoffrey Howard, was made a Vice-President of the Alpine Club in 1952, and it is said that this was on account of his witty after dinner speaking rather than his prowess as a climber. He was instrumental in bringing my parents together as he was first cousin to both. 8 My Howard grandparents often took Alpine holidays and walked energetically. My grandmother and aunts would visit the poor and hand out tracts. Nowadays this would be considered presumptuous. My father first went to the Alps with his parents in 1899 at the age of 19. Starting from Argentiere (pension rate 5 francs, about 20p), they trekked round Mont Blanc to Courmayeur where their pension was considered expensive at 8 francs, vin compris. They had terrible weather and thick snow on the Col du Bonhomme. They took two guides and three mules, two for the luggage; my grandmother rode the third with grandfather hanging onto its tail. Father was an energetic walker rather than a climber and took pleasure in forcing his body to the limits

of endurance. In Scotland and Norway he did some incredibly strenuous walking and climbing, covering huge distances. My parents were married in 1905, Geoffrey Howard being my father's best man, and from then on they had Alpine holidays usually on alternate years when there was no new baby to keep Mother at home. As most of our birthdays are in the spring we like to think that some of us were qmceived in the Alps. In 1907, leaving their first baby with our nanny, my parents joined the Fox grandparents in Grindelwald and climbed the Wetterhorn with Christian Jossi. They stayed at the little Hotel des Alpes at Alpiglen, halfway between Grindelwald and Kleine Scheidegg and nowadays the starting point for attempts on the Eiger Nordwand. It was fantastically cheap and became our base for family Alpine holidays until 1934, when my parents rented a chalet in Grindelwald where we had glorious holidays and took up skiing. Ashley, my husband, who was a Cambridge friend of my elder brother, was a frequent visitor to our chalet and he climbed from there with various members of the family. Before we were old enough to accompany them, many of my parents' holidays were spent hut-to-hutting in Austria and the Dolomites, and even after we had the chalet they usually went off for a few days touring on their own. Perhaps the most distinguished of my climbing relations was my cousin Howard Somervell. His grandparents were brother and sister respectively tomy Howard grandparents. For us, as children, he was a very approachable and entertaining hero and a darling man. We saw him rarely as he was a medical missionary in South India. He qualified as a doctor in 1915 and served in France throughout the war, becoming a very expert surgeon and with a distinguished career ahead of him. His home being in Kendal he had walked and climbed in the Lake District since boyhood, and he soon developed a taste for theAlps as well, where he spent all available holidays. He was therefore a natural choice for the 1922 Everest expedition, a~ there were so few fit and experienced young climbers left after the war. Though the expedition ended in disaster, with the death of seven Sherpas in an avalanche, Howard Somervell had attained an altitude of 26,800ft. Itwas after this expedition, while visiting a mission hospital in Travancore, that Somervell felt the call to use his skills in the service of God and the poor of India. In 1923, haVing renounced a very tempting offer of an appoint- ment in England, he took up his post in Neyyoor, where he remained for 22 years. He worked incredibly long hours but believed in taking enough holidays to keep himself fit for work. He joined the 1924 Everest expedi- tion and, with Lt Col E F Norton, attained the record height of 28,000ft, in spite of almost suffocating from a frostbitten larynx.9 Mallory was a particular friend of his - they shared a tent - and his death was a great sorrow to Howard. While living in India, Howard had a number of Himalayan holidays, sometimes trekking with his wife and sometimes climbing in the areas of Nanda Devi, Kangchenjunga and Nanga Parbat. Howard Somervell was a considerable artist and some of his mountain pictures are familiar toAlpine Club members. Most of his Everest sketches were done on brown paper in pastel or water colour, which shows up the luminous quality of the snow. He was also a keen musician and while in Tibet collected folk songs which he arranged for themusical accompaniment to the film of the 1922 expedition. He was President of the Alpine Club from 1962 to 1965 and was also President of the Fell and Rock and Vice-President of the Himalayan Club Since 1859 there has always been at least oneAlpine Club member among my relations, and my sister Jen and I are very proud of our mountaineering heritage.

ROSEMARY GREENWOOD

A Mountaineering Heritage

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 32 St. Ann's Terrace, St. Johns Wood, London.

18-**Elizabeth Jenifer Howard** was born on 11 Aug 1921 in Loughton, Essex and died on 16 May 2009 at age 87.

19-**Stephen Howard Solt**

19-**Clare Victoria Solt**

19-**Philip Fox Solt**

16-**Emily Jowitt**^{7,12,224,292,328} was born on 19 Jul 1852 in Harehills, Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 2 Sep 1884 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 32, and was buried in Upton St. Leonards Church, Upton St Leonards, Gloucestershire.

Emily married **John Dearman Birchall**,^{7,12,39,224,292} son of **Samuel Jowitt Birchall**^{7,224,292,328} and **Sophia Jane Dearman**,^{7,224,328} on 22 Jan 1873 in St. John's Church, Leeds, Yorkshire. John was born on 6 Aug 1828 in Springfield House, Leeds, Yorkshire, was christened on 30 Mar 1861 in St. John's Church, Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 11 Jun 1897 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 68, and was buried in Upton St. Leonards Church, Upton St Leonards, Gloucestershire. They had five children: **John Dearman, Arthur Percival Dearman, Violet Emily Dearman, Constance Lindaraja Dearman, and Edward Vivian Dearman.**

General Notes: John Dearman Birchall b. 6.8.1828 at Springfield House ; bp. 30.3.1861 at the Parish Church (St. John's), Leeds. He was disunited from the Friends 18. 5mo.1860. He first resided at Gledhow, near Leeds, then at Hill House, Scarcroft, 1864, and later, 1869, at Bowden Hall, Gloucester, which estate he had bought from Mr. Brooke-Hunt,and where he died 11.6.1897; bd. Upton St. Leonards Church. He was J.P., High Sheriff of Gloucestershire 1894, Alderman of the Gloucestershire County Council, Vice-President of the Gloucester Infirmary, member of the visiting Committee of the County Asylum, etc. He had been earlier cloth manufacturer, of Leeds, 1853-69, with mills at Armley, and offices in Wellington Street, Leeds. B.300. M.I. ' In simplicity and godly sincerity we have had our conversation in the world. 2 Cor. 1. 12 '.(13o4) Always called Dearman.

(Bowden, 'ow ' as in 'cow '.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Cloth manufacturer in 1853-1869 in Armley, Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Cloth merchant.
- He worked as a JP for Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Gloucestershire 1894 To 1895.
- He was a Quaker until 1860, when he resigned membership.
- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later to become Bootham School) in 1840-1843 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Maj. Sir John Dearman Birchall**^{3,12,328} was born on 26 Sep 1875 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Jan 1941 in Cotswold Farm, Cirencester, Gloucestershire at age 65.

General Notes: BIRCHALL, Sir John Dearman

Kt 1929; TD

Born 26 Sept. 1875; m 1900, Adela, d of P. J. Digby Wykeham, Tythrop House, Oxfordshire; died 6 Jan. 1941

DL

EDUCATION Eton; New College, Oxford (history honours)

CAREER Contested North Leeds (U), 1906 and 1910; MP (U) North-East Leeds, 1918-40; was a Major in the Gloucestershire Yeomanry; served European War in France; late Alderman Gloucester CC; 2nd Church Estates Commissioner, 1923-24, and 1925-29; Member National Assembly

ADDRESS Cotswold Farm, Cirencester

'BIRCHALL, Sir John Dearman', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920-2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U222648

John Dearman Birchall b. 26.9.1875 at Bowden Hall ; educ. Eton and New College ; J.P., Alderman of the Gloucestershire C.C. from1903formany years; M.P. for North-East Leeds 1918, and the other elections to 1931 ; Hon. Sec. of the Gloucester Diocesan Board of Finance ; Vice-Chairman of the Church of England Men's Society ; Representative of the Diocese of Gloucester in the House of Laymen ; appointed Jan. 1923 to the Second Church Estates Commissionership (unpaid) on the Ecclesi- astical Commission, which he held till 1929. Major (retired 1919) of the Royal Gloucestershire Hussars Yeomanry; Territorial Decoration for 20 years' service ; War Service in France, 1918 ; sold Bowden Hall 1926 and bought Cotswold Farm, Cirencester, midway between that town and Birdlip. Knighted 3.6.1929.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD DL.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as an officer of the Gloucestershire Yeomanry.
- He worked as a JP and Alderman for Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Leeds North East in 1918-1940.

John married **Adela Emily Wykeham**,^{3,12} daughter of **Philip James Digby Wykeham** and **Georgina Caroline Henley**, on 20 Dec 1900 in Kingsey, Oxford, Oxfordshire. Adela was born on 29 Jun 1877 in Arlington, Bibury, Gloucestershire and died on 12 Nov 1965 at age 88. They had five children: **John Wykham Dearman**, **Joan Dearman**, **Elisabeth Dearman**, **Peter Dearman**, and **Mary Dearman**.

18-**John Wykham Dearman Birchall** was born on 16 Sep 1901 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 26 Aug 1918 in Eton College, Windsor, Berkshire at age 16.

General Notes: John Wykeham Dearman Birchall b. 16.9.1901 at Bowden Hall ; d. 26.8.1918 at Eton College, where he was an Oppidan. In his memory his parents founded at Eton the

'Birchall " Citizenship " Prizes ', to emphasise the importance of the Christian duty

together with a sense of corporate responsibility

18-**Joan Dearman Birchall**²²⁴ was born on 25 Aug 1903 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Jan 1905 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 1.

18-**Elisabeth Dearman Birchall**^{3,224} was born on 10 Dec 1905 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died in 1992 at age 87.

Elisabeth married **Sir Peter William Shelley York Scarlett**,³ son of **William James Yorke Scarlett** and **Mabel Sydney Annesley**, on 4 Oct 1934 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Peter was born on 30 Mar 1905 in London and died on 28 Dec 1987 at age 82. They had four children: **Elisabeth Jane**, **Jonathan Yorke**, **Petronella Victoria**, and **Belinda Christabel**.

General Notes: SCARLETT, Sir Peter (William Shelley Yorke)
KCMG 1958 (CMG 1949); KCVO 1955
Born 30 March 1905; s of late William James Yorke Scarlett, Fyfield House, Andover; m 1934, Elisabeth, d of late Sir John Dearman Birchall, TD, MP, Cotswold Farm, Cirencester; one s three d ; died 28 Dec. 1987
EDUCATION Eton; Christ Church, Oxford
CAREER Apptd to Foreign Office as a Third Secretary, 1929; Cairo, 1930; Bagdad, 1932; Lisbon, 1934; promoted a Second Secretary, 1934; acted as Chargé d'Affaires, Riga, 1937 and 1938. Attached to representative of Latvia at coronation of King George VI, 1937; Brussels, 1938; promoted actg First Sec., 1940; captured by enemy forces, 1940; returned to UK and resumed duties at Foreign Office, 1941; Paris, 1944; Allied Forces Headquarters, Caserta, 1946; Counsellor, Foreign Office, 1947; Inspector of HM Diplomatic Service Establishments, 1950; British Permanent Representative on the Council of Europe, Strasbourg, 1952; HM Ambassador to Norway, 1955; HM Minister to the Holy See, 1960– 65, retired. Chairman, Cathedrals Advisory Committee, 1967– 81
CLUB Carlton
ADDRESS 35 Tivoli Road, Cheltenham, Glos

'SCARLETT, Sir Peter (William Shelley Yorke)', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920– 2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U168882,

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCMG KCVO.
- He worked as an Ambassador to Norway.
- He worked as an Ambassador to The Holy See.

19-**Elisabeth Jane Scarlett**

19-**Jonathan Yorke Scarlett** was born on 8 Jan 1939 in Cotswold Farm, Cirencester and died on 13 Jan 2021 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Rudhall House in Ross on Wye, Herefordshire.

Jonathan married **Georgina Hay**. They had two children: **Katherine Jessica** and **Alexander Frederick Yorke**.

20-**Katherine Jessica Scarlett**

20-**Alexander Frederick Yorke Scarlett**

19-**Petronella Victoria Scarlett**

Petronella married **James Martin Haldane 26th Of Gleneagles**. They had three children: **Rachel Jane**, **Anna Elisabeth**, and **James Alexander**.

20-**Rachel Jane Haldane**

Rachel married **Timothy James Buxton**, son of **Christopher Robert Buxton** and **Judy Frances Dixon**. They had one daughter: **Matilda Scarlett**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

21-Matilda Scarlett Buxton

20-Anna Elisabeth Haldane

Anna married **Dominic Blakey**. They had one daughter: **India Alexandra Scarlett**.

21-India Alexandra Scarlett Blakey

20-James Alexander Haldane of Gleneagles, the younger

19-Belinda Christabel Scarlett

18-Maj. **Peter Dearman Birchall**²²⁴ was born on 23 Nov 1907 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died in 2000 at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a members of Huntley and Palmers.

Peter married **Susan Auriol Charrington**, daughter of **Arthur Finch Charrington** and **Dorothea Lethbridge**, on 8 Jun 1932 in London. Susan was born on 26 Sep 1908 in East Hill, Oxted, Surrey. They had three children: **Mark Dearman**, **Piers Edward Dearman**, and **Julian Dearman**.

19-Mark Dearman Birchall was born on 26 Jul 1933 in Sonning On Thames and died on 11 Jan 2004 at age 70.

General Notes: Mark Dearman BIRCHALL

Of Cotswold Farm on 11th January, 2004, aged 70.

Much loved Husband of Iona, Father of Clare, Katharine and John and Grandfather.

Funeral for family and close friends at St. Peter's, Duntisbourne Abbots on Friday, 16th January at 11.30am.Thanksgiving Service at the Parish Church of St. John the Baptist, Cirencester on Saturday, 7th February at 11.30am. Donations instead of flowers to M.E.D.A.I.R. c/o Norman Trotman and Hughes, Northleach, Glos. GL54 3HX.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Cotswold Farm, Cirencester, Gloucestershire.

Mark married **Helen Iona Matheson**, daughter of **Capt. Alexander Francis Matheson** and **Frances Mary Heywood-Lonsdale**. They had three children: **Clare**, **Katharine**, and **John**.

20-Clare Birchall

Clare married **Jolyon Mitchell**. They had three children: **Sebastian**, **Jasmin**, and **Xanthe**.

21-Sebastian Mitchell

21-Jasmin Mitchell

21-Xanthe Mitchell

20-Katharine Birchall

Katharine married **Matthew Frost**. They had three children: **Joshua**, **Natalie**, and **Laura**.

21-Joshua Frost

21-Natalie Frost

21-Laura Frost

20-**John Birchall**

John married **Sarah Cross**. They had three children: **Samuel, Celia**, and **Edward**.

21-**Samuel Birchall**

21-**Celia Birchall**

21-**Edward Birchall**

19-**Capt. Piers Edward Dearman Birchall** was born on 11 Jul 1936 in Sonning On Thames and died on 10 Mar 2009 in Cirencester Hospital, Gloucestershire at age 72.

General Notes: Piers Edward Dearman, BIRCHALL T.D. D.L. On 10th March 2009 in Cirencester Hospital aged 72, peacefully after a short illness. Devoted Husband of Muffie. Private cremation. Thanksgiving Service at Holy Trinity, Watermoor, Cirencester at 2.30 p.m., on Wednesday,18th March. Donations to Alzheimer's...

Piers married **Barbara Maitland Black**.

19-**Julian Dearman Birchall**

Julian married someone. He had one son: **Nicholas Peter**.

20-**Nicholas Peter Birchall**

Nicholas married **Joanna Douglas-Home**, daughter of **Simon Douglas-Home** and **Sally Beard**. They had three children: **William Edward Peter, James Bertie Alexander**, and **Oliver**.

21-**William Edward Peter Birchall**

21-**James Bertie Alexander Birchall**

21-**Oliver Birchall**

18-**Mary Dearman Birchall**²²⁴ was born on 21 Jun 1909 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died in 1991 at age 82.

Mary married **Anthony Biddulph**, son of **Hon. Claud William Biddulph** and **Margaret Howard**, on 4 Aug 1938 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Anthony was born on 18 Aug 1910 in London and died in 1984 at age 74. They had three children: **Clarissa Mary, Simon**, and **Anthony Jasper**.

19-**Clarissa Mary Biddulph**

Clarissa married **James Richard Ferard**. They had three children: **Richard Anthony Agace, Susan Mary**, and **Edward Charles Lawrence**.

20-**Richard Anthony Agace Ferard**

Richard married **Lucilla Fleur Scott Napier**, daughter of **Hon. John Greville Napier** and **Juliet Elizabeth Hargreaves Durie**. They had two children: **Francesca Amelia** and **Melissa Alexandra**.

21-**Francesca Amelia Ferard**

21-**Melissa Alexandra Ferard**

20-**Susan Mary Ferard**

20-**Edward Charles Lawrence Ferard**

19-**Simon Biddulph**

Simon married **Christina McCorquodale**, daughter of **Capt. George McCorquodale** and **Hon. Charlotte Enid Lawson-Johnston**. They had three children: **John**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Simon, Anthony George, and Sarah Rose.

20-John Simon Biddulph

John married **Hon. Sarah Margaret Gretton**, daughter of **John Henrik Gretton 3rd Baron Gretton** and **Jennifer Ann Moore**. They had three children: **Alice Emily Christina**, **Thomas George Henrik**, and **Freddie Jack Lysander**.

21-Alice Emily Christina Biddulph

21-Thomas George Henrik Biddulph

21-Freddie Jack Lysander Biddulph

20-Capt. Anthony George Biddulph

Anthony married **Annabel Simpson**, daughter of **Walter Simpson**. They had two children: **Henry Patrick** and **Alexander James**.

21-Henry Patrick Biddulph

21-Alexander James Biddulph

20-Sarah Rose Biddulph

Sarah married **William Pope**, son of **James Pope**.

19-Anthony Jasper Biddulph

Anthony married **Louise Perrett Cox**, daughter of **William Sandeman Cox**. They had two children: **James Jasper** and **Emily Serena Mary**.

20-Dr. James Jasper Biddulph

James married **Dr. Alexandra J. Day**. They had two children: **Jasper Julian** and **Wilfred Alexander**.

21-Jasper Julian Biddulph

21-Wilfred Alexander Biddulph

20-Emily Serena Mary Biddulph

17-Lt. Col. **Arthur Percival Dearman Birchall**³²⁸ was born on 7 Mar 1877 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 23 Apr 1915 in Ypres, Belgium. Killed in action at age 38.

General Notes: Arthur Percival Dearman Birchall b. 7.3.1877 at Bowden Hall ; educ. Eton and Magdalen Coll., Oxford ; d. 23.4.1915, aged 38, killed in Action in the defence of Pilkem Ridge, in the second battle of Ypres. Captain Royal Fusiliers, Lt-Col. commanding the 4th Battalion of the 1st Canadian Infantry Brigade. Place of burial never identified. In 1910-14 he was one of two English Officers attached to the Western Canadian Forces as Advisers on organisation and training. Author of ' Rapid Training of a Company for War', Nov. 1914, written while ' debarred by ill-health from taking an active part in the War '. MemorialTablet in Upton St. Leonards Church erected by the Officers and men of his Battalion. (13o5a) He resided with Violet and Vivian.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a 4th Battalion Canadian Contingent.

17-Violet **Emily Dearman Birchall**³²⁸ was born on 2 Oct 1878 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

17-**Constance Lindaraja Dearman Birchall**^{3,12,328} was born on 4 Mar 1880 in Gibraltar and died on 11 Jun 1956 in Barnsley, Yorkshire at age 76.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Constance married **Rev. Cecil Henry Verey**,^{3,12} son of **Capt. Charles Verey** and **Jane Mary Wynter**, on 7 Nov 1907 in Upton St Leonards, Gloucestershire. Cecil was born on 27 Oct 1872 in Bedford, Bedfordshire and died on 23 Jan 1958 in Barnsley, Yorkshire at age 85. They had one son: **David Cecil Wynter**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Bloxham in Bloxham, Banbury, Oxfordshire.
- He had a residence in Bloxham Vicarage, Banbury, Oxfordshire.

18-**Capt. David Cecil Wynter Verey**³ was born on 9 Sep 1913 in Bloxham, Banbury, Oxfordshire and died on 3 May 1984 at age 70.

General Notes: VEREY, David Cecil Wynter

Born 9 Sept. 1913; o s of Rev. Cecil Henry Verey and Constance Lindaraja Dearman Birchall; m 1939, Rosemary Isabel Baird, writer and horticulturalist, d of Lt-Col Prescott Sandilands, DSO; two s two d ; died 3 May 1984
DL; retired as Senior Investigator, Historic Buildings, Ministry of Housing and Local Government (1946– 65); architectural historian and writer
EDUCATION Eton; Trinity Coll., Cambridge (MA). ARIBA 1940
CAREER Capt., Royal Fusiliers, 1940; seconded SOE 1943, N Africa and Italy. Chm., Alan Sutton Publishing Ltd. Chm., Gloucester Diocesan Adv. Cttee on Churches; Vice-Chm., Gloucestershire Historic Churches Preservation Trust, 1982; President: Bristol and Gloucestershire Archæological Soc., 1972; Cirencester Arch. and Hist. Soc.; Glos and Cheltenham Centre, Nat. Trust; Member: Severn Regional Cttee of Nat. Trust; High Sheriff of County of Gloucester, 1966; DL Glos, 1981. FSA PUBLICATIONS Shell Guides to six counties, England and Wales; The Buildings of England (Gloucestershire Vols), 1970; Cotswold Churches, 1976; Seven Victorian Architects, 1976; Diary of a Cotswold Parson, 1978; Gloucester Cathedral, 1979; Gloucestershire Churches, 1981; Diary of a Victorian Squire, 1983; articles on architectural history
RECREATIONS Private museum, Arlington Mill, Bibury; gardening
ADDRESS Barnsley House, Cirencester, Glos. Bibury 281
'VEREY, David Cecil Wynter', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920– 2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014 ; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U170012

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Senior Investigator, Historic Buildings, Ministry of Housing and Local Government in 1946-1965.

David married **Rosemary Isabel Baird Sandilands**,³ daughter of **Lieut. Col. Prescott Sandilands** and **Gladys Baird Murton**, on 21 Oct 1939 in London. Rosemary was born on 21 Dec 1918 in Chatham, Kent. They had four children: **Charles David Sandilands Wynter**, **Christopher Hopton**, **Veronica Rosemary Lucia**, and **Davina Margaret Linda**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Writer and horticulturalist.

19-**Charles David Sandilands Wynter Verey**

19-**Christopher Hopton Verey**

19-**Veronica Rosemary Lucia Verey**

19-**Davina Margaret Linda Verey**

17-**Capt. Edward Vivian Dearman Birchall**^{2,328} was born on 10 Aug 1884 in Bowden Hall, Gloucester, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Aug 1916 in Etaples, France, Died from wounds in received in action at age 32.

General Notes: Birchall, Edward Vivian Dearman (1884-1916), philanthropist, was born on 10 August 1884 at Bowden Hall, Upton St Leonards, Gloucestershire, the

youngest child in the family of three sons and two daughters of (John) Dearman Birchall (1828-1897) and his second wife, Emily Jowitt. His mother died soon after the birth. His father was a successful woollen merchant from Leeds, who in 1869 acquired a country estate in Gloucestershire and subsequently relinquished his involvement in business. The family were Quakers, but Dearman Birchall was baptized into the Church of England and his children were brought up as Anglicans. The eldest son, Sir John Dearman Birchall (1875-1941), became Conservative MP for North-East Leeds and a member of the church assembly.

Edward Birchall was educated at Sunningdale preparatory school, Eton College, and Magdalen College, Oxford, where he was admitted in 1903 and read chemistry, gaining fourth-class honours in 1907. After graduating he lived on private means and became one of the foremost figures in the new philanthropy movement that emerged in Edwardian Britain. He was committed to a new form of philanthropy which provided advice, rather than money, for the poor. This new movement was based upon three principles. First, it wished to organize 'helpers' who would exercise personal responsibility for the poor by visiting and keeping a social casebook on each family. Second, it aimed to act as a clearing-house for cases of need, thus reducing the overlapping charitable effort and rooting out scroungers and beggars. Third, it aimed to form a partnership between private and public bodies through which social work could flow. Collectively, these were the basis of the new philanthropy, the scientific approach to dealing with the poor. Birchall was deeply associated with such principles through the Birmingham Civic Aid Society, the Guild of Help, and the Agenda Club. The Birmingham Civic Aid Society was formed by Birchall and his associates in 1906. Birchall remained attached to it until drawn away from active participation by the First World War. It was through this organization that he was involved in the burgeoning Guild of Help movement which saw itself as the embodiment of the new philanthropy. Birchall represented the Birmingham Civic Aid Society at most of the annual conferences that it organized between 1908 and 1914, and was particularly prominent at the Sheffield conference held on 4 May 1910. It was at this conference that the decision was taken to form the National Association of the Guild of Help (NAGH), and Birchall was part of the provisional committee which presented the constitution of the new body for acceptance at the annual conference of the Guild of Help at Birmingham in May 1911. At this point forty guilds joined the NAGH and eighteen others considered their position. Birchall became part-time honorary secretary of the NAGH, a post which he retained until the First World War, combining it occasionally with the post of honorary treasurer, as he did from 1914 to 1915. Having volunteered for the army in 1915 he relinquished this post, becoming president of the NAGH. However, when he gained a commission as captain in the army he gave up his post as honorary treasurer to F. B. Bourdillon and his post as president to H. B. Saint.

Birchall was deeply concerned at the health and social well-being of Britain and, in February 1911, helped form the Agenda Club, of which he became honorary secretary. The Agenda Club was an organization of men in all parts of the country who realized that 'all is not well with England' (Laybourn, 90). Its members saw themselves as the English samurai, inviting a Japanese official to their first annual meeting, and proclaiming respect for 'these Samurai, careless of material gain' (ibid.). They further reflected that 'This civic heroism, so much less common then, as experience proves, than the high ardours of military heroism is, we take it, the point which the Agenda Club wished to symbolise' (ibid.). It was the Agenda Club which appealed for guilds and other charitable organizations to focus upon health by holding one week in the year-28 April to 4 May 1912 being the first-as a week when public health measures would be discussed in towns throughout the country. In 1912 the idea was taken up by ten London boroughs and thirty provincial towns.

Birchall was given the commission of captain in the summer of 1915 in the Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire light infantry. He died of wounds received in action, in France, on 10 August 1916, and was buried in a war grave near Le Touquet. For having entered the enemy's trenches and refused help, although dangerously wounded, until the position was firmly held, he was appointed DSO. In his will he left £1000 to introduce new schemes for the Guild of Help: part of the proceeds were to be used to endow an annual lecture, the first series of which was to be delivered at the universities of Oxford, London, and Birmingham, with which Birchall had been connected. It was partly out of Birchall's efforts and legacy that the National Council of Social Service was formed in 1919, the main objective of which was the formulation of national policies of voluntary work and co-operation with the state.

Keith Laybourn

Sources

K. Laybourn, *The Guild of Help and the changing face of Edwardian philanthropy* (1994) · M. Brasnett, *Voluntary social action: a history of the National Council of Social Service, 1919-1969* (1969) · O'M. Creagh and E. M. Humphris, *The V.C. and D.S.O.: a complete record*, 3 vols. [1920-24] · b. cert. · d. cert. · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1917) · E. Macadam, *The new philanthropy* (1934) · private information (2004) · private information (2006) [J. D. Birchall] · D. Verey, ed., *The diary of a Victorian squire: extracts from the diaries and letters of Dearman and Emily Birchall* (1983) · Walford, County families (1898) · *Magdalen College Record* (1911); (1922)

Archives

priv. coll.

Wealth at death

£45,815 2s. 10d.: probate, 12 Feb 1917, *CGPLA Eng. & Wales*
© *Oxford University Press 2004-14 All rights reserved: see legal notice* Keith Laybourn, 'Birchall, Edward Vivian Dearman (1884-1916)', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2006 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/68990,

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO.
- He was educated at Sunningdale.

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Philanthropist.

16-**Florence Jowitt**^{7,292} was born on 26 Jan 1855 in Harehills, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 19 Aug 1927 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 72.

Florence married **Arthur Paine Baines**,²⁹² son of **Frederick Baines** and **Eliza Paine**, on 20 Jun 1889 in Bickley, Bromley, Kent. Arthur was born on 20 Jan 1848 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 7 Apr 1918 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Adel, Leeds, Yorkshire.

15-**Rachel Benson**²¹⁸ was born on 2 May 1815 in Parkside, Kendal, Cumbria, died on 17 Apr 1910 in St. Mary Church, Torquay, Devon at age 94, and was buried in Ambleside, Cumbria.

Rachel married **Robert Crewdson**,²¹⁸ son of **Joseph Crewdson**^{7,33,218,292} and **Rachel Jowitt**,^{7,218,292} on 22 Jul 1846 in Kendal, Cumbria. Robert was born on 16 May 1819 in Manchester, died on 25 Apr 1897 in Rydal Mount, Ambleside at age 77, and was buried in Ambleside, Cumbria.

15-**Robert Braithwaite Benson**^{8,12,218} was born on 1 Apr 1817 in Parkside, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Jan 1892 in Hacqueville, St. Mary Church, Torquay, Devon at age 74.

Robert married **Eleanora Seymour Stewart**,^{8,12,218} daughter of **David Stewart** and **Janet Galloway**, on 7 Nov 1855 in Wilton, Harwick. Eleanora was born on 17 Aug 1819 in Stirling and died on 8 Jan 1872 in Rookwood, Alderley Edge, Cheshire at age 52. They had three children: **Janet Dorothea**, **Robert Seymour**, and **Eleanora Katherine**.

16-**Janet Dorothea Benson**¹² was born on 7 Dec 1856 in Stalybridge, Manchester and died on 26 Mar 1945 in St. Mary Church, Torquay, Devon at age 88.

16-**Robert Seymour Benson**¹² was born on 19 Oct 1858 in Oaklands, Greenfield, Yorkshire and died on 2 Mar 1938 in Bishopsteignton, Devon at age 79.

General Notes: Initiated & Compiled the Family Tree. "Photographic Pedigree of the Descendants of Isaac & Rachel Wilson"

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with ARSM MIMM.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at The Royal School of Mines in Cambourne, Cornwall.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Benson Ashmore Pease in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham.

17-**Air/Cmdr. Seymour Stewart Benson**¹² was born on 4 Dec 1896 in Castle Hill, Middleton St. George, Darlington, County Durham and died on 3 Jan 1990 at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AFC.
- He worked as an Air Commodore, Royal Air Force.

18-**Michael Stewart Benson**

19-**Peter James Michael Benson**

20-**Harry Peter James Benson**

20-**Thomas Seymour Benson**

19-Sarah Mary Benson

20-Alice Sarah Mary Doyne

20-Samuel Charles Michael Doyne

20-Charles Robert Howe Doyne

17-Lilian Rachel Sylvia Benson was born on 16 Oct 1898 in Castle Hill, Middleton St. George, Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Nov 1984 at age 86.

17-Dorothy Cicely Benson¹² was born on 17 Aug 1900 in Castle Hill, Middleton St. George, Darlington, County Durham and died on 21 Oct 1900 in Castle Hill, Middleton St. George, Darlington, County Durham.

17-Janet Mary Benson¹² was born on 3 Sep 1902 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham and died on 22 Jan 1964 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 61.

17-Gwendolen Seymour Benson¹² was born on 7 Oct 1906 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Royal Academy of Music.

18-Roy Ian Gordon Cowan

19-Rebecca Morag Cowan

19-Emma Sarah Cowan

19-Oliver Bruce Gordon Cowan

18-Bruce Seymour Gordon Cowan

19-Fiona Sarah Cowan

17-Margaret Eleanora Benson¹² was born on 22 Apr 1909 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham, died on 9 May 1986 in Bexhill, East Sussex at age 77, and was buried in With her brother John Seymour Benson.

17-John Seymour Benson¹² was born on 3 May 1911 in Riverside, Middleton St. George, County Durham, died on 20 Aug 1986 in Bexhill, East Sussex at age 75, and was buried in With his sister Margaret Eleanora Benson.

16-Eleanora Katherine Benson¹² was born on 30 Dec 1860 in Oaklands, Greenfield, Yorkshire and died on 17 Mar 1938 in Torquay, Devon at age 77.

15-Sarah Benson^{12,218} was born on 18 May 1819 in Parkside, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 18 Feb 1903 in St. Mary Church, Torquay, Devon at age 83.

Sarah married James Harrison^{12,218} on 30 Jun 1864 in FMH Tottenham. James was born in Cumbria and died on 29 Apr 1895 in Torquay, Devon.

15-Anna Dorothy Benson^{7,12,218,229} was born on 6 Feb 1822 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 May 1904 in Saltburn, Yorkshire at age 82.

Anna married Isaac Wilson,^{7,12,229} son of Isaac Wilson^{7,12,37,49,177,292,328} and Mary Jowitt,^{7,12,37,177,292,328} on 9 Jun 1847 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. Isaac was born on 18 Feb 1822 in Kendal, Cumbria²¹⁸ and died on 22 Sep 1899 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 77. They had six children: Mary, Helen, Anna Gertrude, Robert Theodore, Sarah Maria, and Dora Beatrice.

General Notes: 18 Feb 1857, Wed:- Poor Thomas Baister's wife died this afternoon; a letter from Isaac Wilson mentions the death of his father-in-law, Robt Benson, last night. His mother-in-law very ill. *The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt. (Unpublished).*

Descendants of Thomas Forster

The death on the 22nd inst. of Mr. Isaac Wilson, of Nunthorpe Hall, near Middlesbrough, removes another of the few remaining pioneers of the Cleveland iron trade. He was one of the earliest in that district to engage in the manufacture of pig iron; and he has continued closely connected with it till his death. Few men took a more prominent part in furthering in various ways the trade of Teesside; and his services have been several times recognised by the town and trade of Middlesbrough, which has been the centre of his business operations. He was invited to become the first member of Parliament when the borough of Middlesbrough was incorporated in 1868, but holding that the late Mr. H. W. F. Bolckow had a prior claim, he declined. When, however, Mr. Bolckow died in 1878, Mr. Wilson was elected, and continued to represent the borough till 1892, when he retired on the ground of ill health. The trade of the district then presented him with a piece of plate and accessories of the value of £500, and his portrait was placed in the Middlesbrough Council Chamber.

The late Mr. Wilson was born in Kendal in 1822, his father being a woollen manufacturer there. For some time after completing his education he assisted his father; but in 1841 he settled in Middlesbrough, on the advice of Mr. Joseph Pease, one of the railway pioneers, who had been also one of the founders of Middlesbrough some ten years previously. Mr. Wilson first engaged in the manufacture of earthenware, there being in the town at that time only the foundry of Messrs. Bolckow and Vaughan, and a small engineering works. Afterwards he went into partnership with the late Mr. Edgar Gilkes, and they established the Tees Engine Works in 1844, under the style of Gilkes, Wilson and Company, at which place a large number of the locomotives used on the Stockton and Darlington Railway were built.

In 1853, shortly after the discovery of the main seam of Cleveland ironstone, Mr. Wilson made his first practical acquaintance with the manufacture of pig iron, for in conjunction with Mr. Gilkes and others, he built blast furnaces at Cargo Fleet, near Middlesbrough, the firm carrying on business as Gilkes, Wilson, Leatham, and Co. With these works he has been connected ever since, the name of the firm being now Wilsons, Pease, and Co. The deceased also, in partnership with Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Gilkes, and others, founded the Teesside Ironworks, consisting of blast furnaces and iron rolling mills. Mr. Wilson was closely connected also with the railway development of the district, and for many years was a director of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, which was incorporated with the North-Eastern in 1873, in which Company Mr. Wilson had a seat on the directorate. He was elected one of the first members of the Council of Middlesbrough when the town was incorporated in 1853. The first mayor was the late Mr. H. W. F. Bolckow, but at the termination of his year of office, Mr. Wilson succeeded him in the civic chair. He served on the Council for many years as Councillor, and afterwards as Alderman, and on his retiring the burgesses presented him with a handsome service of plate in recognition of his many public services.

He was chairman of the Middlesbrough School Board for twelve years. When the Tees Conservancy Commission was formed, in 1852, he was elected a Commissioner, and continued on the Board up to the time of his death, acting for many years as chairman. When the Commission was constituted the Tees could at low tide be forded almost up to its mouth, now the Commissioners have so improved the channel that there is a depth of 18ft. at the mouth at low water.

Mr. Wilson, in January, 1863, as chairman of the Commission, laid the foundation-stone of the South Gare Breakwater, which has now been completed, is 12,000ft. long and cost £300,000. The difficulties which had to be faced in order to secure the improvement of the stream were vast but they have been successfully overcome, and the Tees is now one of the finest rivers in the country for commercial purposes.

Few men have died more full of deserved honours than Mr. Wilson, and he lived to see the full fruition of his enterprise. His funeral at Great Ayton was attended by the leading men of the district, many of whom had worked side by side with him in developing the trade of Middlesbrough, and were thus able to appreciate fully the value of his genius.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP and DL for the North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Ironmaster. Partner in Gilkes, Wilson & Leatham by 1853 in Tees Iron Works, Middlesbrough.
- He worked as a Director of the Stockton & Darlington Railway.
- He had a residence in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Mayor of Middlesbrough.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Middlesbrough in 1878-1892.

16-**Mary Wilson**^{7,8,12} was born on 16 Sep 1848 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 24 Apr 1899 in London at age 50.

Mary married **Joseph Beaumont Pease**,^{7,12,29,382} son of **John Beaumont Pease**^{5,7,9,12,13,57,234,241,358} and **Sarah Fossick**,^{7,12,241,358} on 15 Feb 1872 in Saltburn, Yorkshire. Joseph was born on 27 Dec 1833 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 5 Jul 1873 in Langham's Hotel , London at age 39, and was buried on 9 Jul 1873 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire. The cause of his death was Pleurisy. They had one daughter: **Louisa Mary**.

General Notes: **26 Nov 1879, Wed:**To Middlesbro', met Joseph Richardson over the Tees Union a/cs on which several alterations will have to be made. Then to poor Oswald Henry Gilkes' funeral, a very cold day. At the cemetery saw poor Beaumont Pease's & Louisa's grave; nothing said at the grave side; in the meeting house, Arthur preached a beautiful sermon & offered a prayer.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Cleveland Lawn, Middlesbrough.
- He had a residence in 1859 in Southfield Villas, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in North Lodge, Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as an Ironmaster in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

17-**Louisa Mary Pease**^{7,12} was born on 2 Nov 1872 in London and died on 14 Sep 1944 in Bourton House, Bourton, Shrivenham, Berkshire at age 71.

Louisa married **Sir Cyril Kendall Butler**,¹² son of **Spencer Perceval Butler** and **Mary Kendall**, on 4 Oct 1893 in Bournemouth, Dorset. Cyril was born on 28 Jul 1864 in Harrow, Middlesex and died on 22 Jun 1936 in Bourton House, Bourton, Shrivenham, Berkshire at age 71. They had four children: **Mary Kendall**, **Daphne Kendall**, **Walter Kendall**, and **Patrick Kendall**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Berkshire.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Berkshire in 1906.
- He worked as a JP for the County of London.
- He had a residence in Bourton House, Bourton, Shrivenham, Berkshire.

18-**Mary Kendall Butler**¹² was born on 13 Apr 1896 in London and died on 29 Dec 1914 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 18.

18-**Daphne Kendall Butler**¹² was born on 9 Jun 1898 in London.

Daphne married **Col. Sir Bartle Mordaunt Marsham Edwards**,¹² son of **William Mordaunt Marsh Edwards** and **Alice Newton**, on 27 Apr 1921 in Shrivenham, Oxfordshire. Bartle was born on 30 Mar 1891 in Hamilton. They had four children: **William Bartle Marsh**, **June Rachel**, **John Kendall**, and **Henry Peter Bartholomew**.

19-**William Bartle Marsh Edwards** was born on 25 Apr 1922 in Hardingham and died on 26 Mar 1943 in Killed In Action Tunisia at age 20.

19-**June Rachel Edwards**

June married **Maj. Gen. Reginald Henry Whitworth**, son of **Aylmer William Whitworth** and **Alice Lucy Patience Hervey**. They had three children: **Charles**, **Patrick John**, and **Teresa**.

20-**Charles Whitworth**

20-**Rev. Canon Patrick John Whitworth**

Patrick married **Olivia Helena Judith Colman**, daughter of **Sir Michael Jeremiah Colman 3rd. Bt.** and **Judith Jean Wallop William-Powlett**. They had four children: **Emma Rachel**, **Louisa Judith**, **Sophia Rose**, and **David John William**.

21-**Emma Rachel Whitworth**

21-**Louisa Judith Whitworth**

21-**Sophia Rose Whitworth**

21-**David John William Whitworth**

20-**Teresa Whitworth**

19-**John Kendall Edwards**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-Henry Peter Bartholomew Edwards

18-Walter Kendall Butler¹² was born on 14 Dec 1901 in London and died on 22 Dec 1918 in London at age 17.

18-Patrick Kendall Butler¹² was born on 11 May 1903 in London.

Patrick married **Edith Josephine Harvest**,¹² daughter of **Hector Horatio Harvest** and **Sybil Graham**, on 11 Nov 1937 in London. Edith was born on 19 Apr 1906 in Southsea, Hampshire. They had one daughter: **Sally Kendall**.

19-Sally Kendall Butler

16-Helen Wilson^{8,12} was born on 25 Apr 1850 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 20 Jan 1918 in London at age 67.

Helen married **Rev. John Clarke Hanson**,¹² son of **Alfred Hanson** and **Frances Harriot Clarke**, on 5 Jan 1886 in Nunthorpe, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire. John was born on 18 Oct 1854 in London and died on 21 Sep 1932 in Sowerby, Thirsk, Yorkshire at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Kirkby Knowle, Thirsk, Yorkshire in 1915 in Kirkby Knowle, Thirsk, Yorkshire.

16-Anna Gertrude Wilson^{8,12} was born on 14 Dec 1853 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 7 Aug 1935 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 81.

Anna married **Evelyn Geoffrey Saye**,¹² son of **Frederick Richard Saye** and **Henrietta Mersey-Thompson**, on 12 Jan 1875 in Nunthorpe Church, Nunthorpe, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire. Evelyn was born on 18 Feb 1851 in Harley Street, London and died on 4 Jun 1936 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 85. They had five children: **Geoffrey Norman**, **Gwendolen Maud**, **Kenneth Noel**, **Dorothy Gertrude**, and **Lancelot Hugo**.

Marriage Notes: **12 Jan 1875, Tues** : Breakfast at 9 and off at 10.10 to Gertie Wilson's wedding to Evelyn Geoffrey Saye, a pretty wedding in Nunthorpe Church; all went off well, I proposed the Bride's health as the old friend of the family. Home about 4 o'clock; at my books and out for a stroll.

The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. John's College, Oxford.
- He had a residence in Heathfield, Christchurch, Hampshire.

17-Geoffrey Norman Saye¹² was born on 30 Jan 1876 in Bournemouth, Dorset and died on 27 Feb 1939 in Bransgore, Hampshire at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in Penang, Malaya.

Geoffrey married **Muriel Ponsonby Sewell**,¹² daughter of **Frederick John Sewell** and **Elizabeth Charlotte Wilson**, on 5 Oct 1905 in Singapore. Muriel was born on 10 Sep 1876 in Halliford, Walton On Thames and died on 14 Mar 1959 in Newton Ferrers, Devon at age 82. They had one son: **Geoffrey Ivon Laurence**.

18-Air Vice Marshal Geoffrey Ivon Laurence Saye¹² was born on 1 Mar 1907 in Bangkok, Thailand and died on 6 Mar 1959 in St Eval, Wadebridge, Cornwall at age 52.

General Notes: The Air Ministry announces the appointment of A.V-M. Geoffrey Ivon Laurence Saye, C.B., O.B.E., A.F.C., as Air Officer Commanding No. 19 Group, Coastal Command.

A.V-M. Saye has been Air Officer in charge of administration at Headquarters, Middle East Air Force, since January, 1954. Born in March 1907, and educated at Repton, he entered the R.A.F. College, Cranwell, in 1925. He served for seven years with flying-boat squadrons at Calshot and Mount Batten, and in 1930 was a member of the first Royal Air Force crew to fly to Iceland. For the two years ending 1936, A.V-M. Saye was adjutant at R.A.F. Station, Heliopolis, Cairo, and afterwards took the specialist navigation course at the School of Air Navigation, subsequently becoming Navigation Staff Officer at No. 1 (Bomber) Group. In 1939 he went to France with Headquarters, Advanced Air Striking Force, returning to Britain in 1940 to become Navigation Staff Officer, first at HQ Flying Training Command, and then — from December 1940— at H.Q. Bomber Command. From July 1942, he commanded R.A.F. Waterbeach, a bomber station, until taking command of the Central Navigation School at Shawbury in 1944. Later that year he became Director of Navigation at the Air Ministry. A.V-M. Saye returned to the Middle East in 1948, as Group Captain (Organization) at Abu

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Sueir. In May 1950 he became Director of Manning at Air Ministry, and then took the 1953 course at the Imperial Defence College. Awarded the Air Force Cross in 1933, he was appointed O.B.E. seven years later, Mentioned in Despatches in 1942, and in 1948 was appointed C.B.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB OBE AFC.

Geoffrey married **Pamela Hime**, daughter of **Frederick Rawsthorne Hime** and **Gwendolin Cunningham North**. They had four children: **Jeremy Geoffrey, Simon Richard Piers, Nicholas John**, and **Andrew Laurence Charles**.

19-**Jeremy Geoffrey Saye**

19-**Simon Richard Piers Saye**

19-**Nicholas John Saye**

19-**Andrew Laurence Charles Saye**

17-**Gwendolen Maud Saye**¹² was born on 1 Apr 1877 in Bournemouth, Dorset.

17-**Kenneth Noel Saye**¹² was born on 30 Dec 1880 in Bournemouth, Dorset.

Kenneth married **Dorothy Webster Webster-Jones**,¹² daughter of **Alfred William Webster-Jones** and **Elizabeth Webster**, on 16 Feb 1926 in Putney, London. Dorothy was born on 1 Dec 1887 in London.

17-**Dorothy Gertrude Saye**¹² was born on 26 Feb 1883 in Bournemouth, Dorset.

Dorothy married **Gilbert Amos Hall**,¹² son of **Isaac Hall** and **Mary Sophia Heath**, on 3 Mar 1916 in Polwatte, Colombo, Ceylon. Gilbert was born on 21 Jul 1867 in Manchester and died on 1 Aug 1953 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 86. They had two children: **Mary Gwendolen** and **Patricia Evelyn**.

General Notes: Gilbert Amos Hall, Resident Councillor of Penang from 20 October 1919 – 27 February 1920 and 31 January 1921 – 1922). Acting Resident Councillor of Penang from (24 July – 20 October 1919). Born on 21 July 1867. He went to work for the Straits Settlements Civil Service, Singapore in 1888. In 1891, he passed Final Examination in Malay and was promoted to the Acting Third Magistrate, Penang the same year. In 1894, he was appointed as Acting District Officer, Dindings. A few months later, he passed Final Examination in Hok-kien and was appointed Superintendent of Education, Penang. He worked as Acting District Officer, Alor Gajah, Malacca, after returning from home leave in June 1895 until November 1896. In 1897, he was back in Penang to serve as Acting Second Magistrate and later as Sheriff and Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court, Singapore, while continued to act as Second Magistrate, Penang. In 1898, he served two positions as Second Assistant Colonial Secretary and Collector of Land Revenue, Penang. He was transferred to Malacca at the end of 1900 after his home leave as Acting Collector of Land Revenue and Officer in Charge of Treasury. In 1902, he worked as Collector of Land Revenue, Malacca. He was the British Adviser of Kedah (1916– 1919). He still lived in Singapore in 1937.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as an administrator in the Straits Settlements Civil Service in 1888.
- He worked as a British Adviser at Kedah in 1916-1919 in Kedah, Malaysia.
- He worked as a Resident Councillor at Penang in 1919-1922 in Penang, Malaya.

18-**Mary Gwendolen Hall** was born on 30 Jul 1917 in Penang, Malaya and died in 2007 at age 90.

Mary married **Christopher Robert Cheney**, son of **George Gardner Cheney** and **Christiana Stapleton Bateman**, on 24 Aug 1940 in Oxford. Christopher was born on 20 Dec 1906 in Banbury, Oxfordshire. They had three children: **Dorothy Ann, John**, and **Geoffrey William**.

19-**Dorothy Ann Cheney**

19-**John Cheney**

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19-Geoffrey William Cheney

18-Patricia Evelyn Hall

Patricia married **Charles Theodore Smith**, son of **Charles Theodore Smith** and **Marie Oram**, on 21 Aug 1947 in Penang, Malaya. Charles was born on 7 Nov 1904 in London. They had two children: **Jennifer Wendy** and **Nicholas Charles Ashley**.

19-Jennifer Wendy Smith

19-Nicholas Charles Ashley Smith

17-**Lancelot Hugo Saye**¹² was born on 30 Jul 1894 in Bournemouth, Dorset, died on 11 Jul 1916 in Etaples, France. Died On Active Service. at age 21, and was buried in Etaples Military Cemetery. Grave I. B. 36.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. John College, Oxford.

16-**Robert Theodore Wilson**^{8,12,213} was born on 7 Feb 1856 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 14 Jun 1931 in York, Yorkshire at age 75.

General Notes: Thurs 18 June 1931 - Went to Theodore Wilson's funeral at Marton . 2 months ago I was at his wife's funeral there. I feel very much losing him - so familiar and constant friend & companion - a very consistent godfearing man and always a keen sportsman , a good shot - a great stayer - 3 mile Cambridge Blue - a good cricketer - a good rider to hounds since 1865 until he could only go on foot - a keen fisherman but a very active worker in good works & for the Church - a handsome dark man with a cheerful happy nature. *Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for the North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Uppingham.
- He was educated at Jesus College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Ironmaster.
- He had a residence in Southcroft, Marton in Cleveland, Yorkshire.

Robert married **Charlotte Helen McNair**,^{12,213} daughter of **Robert McNair** and **Charlotte Dixon**, on 9 Nov 1882 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. Charlotte was born on 13 Nov 1857 in Craig End, Lanark, North Berwick and died on 20 Apr 1931 in Marton, Yorkshire at age 73. They had two children: **Helen Dorothy** and **Kathleen Maud**.

17-**Helen Dorothy Wilson**¹² was born on 27 Oct 1883 in Ormesby, Yorkshire and died on 2 Sep 1947 in Marton, Yorkshire at age 63.

17-**Kathleen Maud Wilson**¹² was born on 24 Jul 1888 in Ormesby, Yorkshire and died on 12 Oct 1953 in Tilehurst, Berkshire at age 65.

Kathleen married **Rev. Francis Gordon Sherwood**,¹² son of **Edward Purvis Sherwood** and **Frances James**, on 28 Aug 1918 in Marton, Yorkshire. Francis was born on 29 Nov 1884 in Rotherham, Yorkshire and died on 19 Jun 1960 in Seaford, East Sussex at age 75. They had four children: **Michael Colin Gordon**, **Helen Maureen Gordon**, **Humphrey Gordon**, and **Joyce Gordon**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of St Michael's Church, Tilehurst in Tilehurst, Berkshire.

18-**Michael Colin Gordon Sherwood** was born on 10 Apr 1920 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Cuddesdon Theological College.

Michael married **Joan Pamela Richards**, daughter of **Maurice John Richards** and **Mary Anderson McMurtrie**. They had three children: **Humphrey James Michael**,

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Jane Mary Kathleen, and Michael Gordon John.

19-Humphrey James Michael Sherwood

19-Jane Mary Kathleen Sherwood

19-Michael Gordon John Sherwood

18-Helen Maureen Gordon Sherwood was born on 4 Mar 1921 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a State Registered Nurse.

Helen married **Michael Edward Vernon Lane**, son of **Francis Waller Lane** and **Alice Victoria Vernon Trewman**, on 28 Mar 1944 in Tilehurst, Berks. Michael was born on 20 Oct 1920 in Tilehurst, Berkshire and died on 22 Sep 2006 in Torbay Hospital, Torbay, Devon at age 85. They had two children: **Elizabeth Anne Celia** and **Humphrey David**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with ARCM ARCO.

19-Elizabeth Anne Celia Lane

19-Humphrey David Lane

18-Pilot Officer **Humphrey Gordon Sherwood** was born on 10 Jan 1923 in Grangetown, Middlesbrough, died on 2 Sep 1942 in Belgium. Killed In Action. at age 19, and was buried in Adegem Canadian War Cemetery, Maldegem, Belgium. Grave VI. AA. 6.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Pilot officer with 76th Squadron.

18-Joyce Gordon Sherwood

16-Sarah Maria Wilson^{8,12} was born on 7 Feb 1856 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 12 Feb 1948 in London at age 92.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1915 in Ghyll Close, Saltburn, Yorkshire.

Sarah married **Rev. William Birkbeck Pierson**,¹² son of **Rev. William Frederick Pierson** and **Margaret Birkbeck**, on 27 Dec 1883 in Nunthorpe, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire. William was born on 26 Mar 1856 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 17 Jan 1908 in Rothwell, Leeds, Yorkshire at age 51. They had three children: **Arthur Birkbeck**, **Margaret Ion**, and **Leslie Dilworth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Uppingham.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Vicar of Rothwell in Rothwell, Leeds, Yorkshire.

17-Arthur Birkbeck Pierson¹² was born on 25 Apr 1887 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 9 Dec 1896 in Nunthorpe, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 9.

17-Margaret Ion Pierson¹² was born on 5 May 1889 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1971 in Buckinghamshire at age 82.

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17-**Lt. Leslie Dilworth Pierson**¹² was born on 19 May 1896 in Rothwell, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 30 Oct 1916 in Hebuterne, France. Killed in action at age 20.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lieutenant serving in the East Yorkshire Regiment in 1916.

16-**Dora Beatrice Wilson**⁸ was born on 15 Apr 1859 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 2 Dec 1925 in Saltburn, Yorkshire at age 66.

15-**William Thomas Benson**^{12,218} was born on 20 Apr 1824 in Parkside, Kendal, Cumbria, died on 8 Jun 1885 in Cardinal, Ontario, Canada at age 61, and was buried in Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Canada on 14 Jul 1858.
- He worked as a Corn miller in Cardinal, Ontario.
- He worked as a Member of the Dominion of Canada Parliament. 1882 To 1885.
- He worked as a Founder of the Canada Starch Company in Cardinal, Ontario, Canada.

William married **Helen Wilson**,²¹⁸ daughter of **Samuel Wilson** and **Elizabeth**, on 10 Jul 1858 in St. John's Church, Manchester. Helen was born on 26 Mar 1826 in Acton Grange, Cheshire and died on 21 Apr 1908 in Cardinal, Ontario, Canada at age 82. They had four children: **Robert, William Theodore, George Frederick**, and **Helen Dorothea**.

16-**Robert Benson**¹² was born on 20 Dec 1859 in Pt. Cardinal House, Edwardsburg, Ontario, Canada and died on 21 Dec 1859 in Pt. Cardinal House, Edwardsburg, Ontario, Canada.

16-**William Theodore Benson**¹² was born on 20 Nov 1861 in Pt. Cardinal House, Edwardsburg, Ontario, Canada and died in Jul 1863 in Canada at age 1.

16-**George Frederick Benson**¹² was born on 12 Dec 1864 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada and died on 11 Apr 1953 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Uppingham.
- He was educated at Oxford University.
- He had a residence in Edwardsburg, Ontario, Canada.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 15 Ontario Avenue, Montreal, Canada.

George married **Etheldred Norton Frothingham**,¹² daughter of **George Frothingham** and **Louisa Devenport Hayward**, on 15 Oct 1890 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada. Etheldred was born on 21 Dec 1865 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada and died on 14 Jul 1945 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada at age 79. They had five children: **Helen Mary, George Frothingham, William Davenport, Harriet**, and **Etheldred Dorothy**.

17-**Helen Mary Benson**¹² was born on 17 Nov 1892 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada and died on 23 May 1893 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

17-**George Frothingham Benson**¹² was born on 5 Mar 1896 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Assistant General Manager, Canadian Starch Co, (Cosco) in 1931 in Cardinal, Ontario, Canada.
- He worked as a President & General Manager, Canadian Starch Co, (Cosco) in 1938 in Cardinal, Ontario, Canada.

17-**William Davenport Benson**¹² was born on 13 Jan 1898 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada and died on 7 May 1972 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada at age 74.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockbroker. R. Moate & Co.

William married **Kathleen Taylor**, daughter of **John Percy Taylor** and **Elizabeth Bell Hagar**, on 3 Aug 1927 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada. Kathleen was born on 14 Dec 1904 in Dorval, Quebec. They had two children: **Willa Kathleen** and **George Hagar**.

18-Willa Kathleen Benson

Willa married **Norman Dalley**.

18-**George Hagar Benson** was born on 16 Mar 1933 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada and died on 16 Mar 2007 in Hope, British Columbia, Canada at age 74.

General Notes: "George passed peacefully in the loving care of his daughter, Tracey Ann, in her home in Hope, BC 16 March 2007. He is survived by Carole-Ann, mother of his children, his son, Bill (Christine), 3 grandchildren, Bowen, Maya, Jeremy, and by his niece, Beth Dailey, of Hamilton, Ontario. Following graduation from Sedbergh, he worked in his father's brokerage firm, R. Moat & Co. He moved West to Vancouver where he worked for Fiat, Renault, Citroen, Hyundai, amd Acura (Victoria). He was a member of the S/Arm Lions Club, and also President of the Victoria Numismatic Society. Retirement brought him to buying and selling collectibles. Everyone knew George because of his contagious personality. George's greatest pride was that his great-grandfather W.T. Benson was the founder of the Canada Starch Company (Cardinal, Ontario), orginally known as Benson's Corn Starch. The biggest joys in George's life were his family, his friends, and his music. His favourite saying was 'The Takers eat well and the Givers sleep well.' Sleep well, George. A celebration of George's life will be held at a later date in Victoria, BC." All Old Sedberghians who knew George send their condolences to his family and friends.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sedbergh school, Canada.

George married **Carole-Ann**. They had one daughter: **Tracey Ann**.

19-Tracey Ann Benson

17-**Harriet Benson**¹² was born on 11 Oct 1902 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada and died on 12 Oct 1902 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

17-**Etheldred Dorothy Benson**¹² was born on 29 Nov 1904 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

16-**Helen Dorothea Benson**¹² was born on 12 Jan 1867 in Cardinal, Ontario, Canada and died on 12 Oct 1952 in Harrogate, Yorkshire at age 85.

Helen married **Charles G. Hope**¹² on 30 Jan 1889. Charles was born on 3 Dec 1860 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada and died on 15 Jun 1898 at age 37. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

17-**William Thomas Benson Jowitt**¹² was born on 13 Aug 1901 in Elmhurst, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 19 Feb 1941 in Crag Hall, Killinghall, Harrogate, Yorkshire at age 39.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Crag Hill, Killinghall, Yorkshire.

18-Frederick Thomas Benson Jowitt

18-Deborah Helen Benson Jowitt

19-Caroline Anne Hill-Trevor

19-Diana Rosemary Hill-Trevor

18-**William James Benson Jowitt**

17-**Robert Benson Jowitt**¹² was born on 13 Aug 1901 in Elmhurst, Leeds, Yorkshire.

18-**Patricia Stanton Benson Jowitt**

17-**Richard McCulloch Benson Jowitt**¹² was born on 9 Oct 1905 in Elmhurst, Leeds, Yorkshire.

18-**Ian Richard Jowitt**

18-**Rosemary Helen Benson Jowitt**

18-**Bruce Mcculloch Jowitt**

15-**Maria Benson** was born on 5 Mar 1827 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 12 Jul 1836 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 9.

13-**Thomas Braithwaite**^{8,12,18} was born on 17 May 1748 in Kendal, Cumbria and was buried on 4 Apr 1754 in Kendal, Cumbria.

13-**Sarah Braithwaite**^{8,18} was born on 16 May 1750 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 1 Jun 1790 in Settle, Yorkshire at age 40.

Sarah married **William Birkbeck**,^{8,18} son of **William Birkbeck**^{18,218,220} and **Deborah Wilson**,^{18,218,220} on 1 Jul 1771 in Kendal, Cumbria. William was born on 18 Dec 1745 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 24 Nov 1805 in Settle, Yorkshire at age 59. They had five children: **William, Alice, George, Isaac, and Foster**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer and Banker of Settle.

14-**William Birkbeck**^{8,26,177} was born on 10 Apr 1772 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 7 Jan 1838 in Linton, Skipton at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP West Riding.

William married **Rachel Gough**,^{8,26,177} daughter of **Nathan Gough**^{2,8} and **Susanna Wilson**,² on 14 Sep 1796 in Preston Patrick, Milnthorpe, Cumbria. Rachel was born on 29 Jan 1770 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 20 May 1846 in Burnley, Lancashire at age 76. They had five children: **Susanna, William, Sarah, Thomas, and Elizabeth**.

15-**Susanna Birkbeck**^{26,379} was born on 3 Feb 1801 in Settle, Yorkshire and died in 1898 at age 97.

Susanna married **Edward William Wakefield**,^{8,26,379} son of **John Wakefield**^{26,218,379,407} and **Mary Beakbane**,^{26,218,379,408} on 3 Jul 1822 in Settle, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 7 Oct 1799 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 6 Feb 1858 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 58. They had seven children: **John Edward, William, Rachel Mary, Thomas Birkbeck, John Edward, Jacob Henry, and George Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Kendal, Cumbria.

16-**John Edward Wakefield**⁸ was born on 4 Sep 1823 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 29 May 1829 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 5.

16-**William Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 30 Apr 1825 and died on 19 Apr 1893 at age 67.

General Notes: Chairman of Quarter Sessions

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Kendal, Cumbria.

William married **Marianne Wavell**,^{8,26} daughter of **Edmund Minson Wavell** and **Marianne**, on 16 Oct 1861 in Halifax. Marianne was born on 6 Jul 1840 in Halifax. They had

Descendants of Thomas Forster

eight children: **Roger William**, **Edward William**, **George Henry**, **William Birkbeck**, **Marianne Isabel**, **Rachel Mary**, **Arthur William**, and **Frances Margaret**.

17-**Roger William Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 1 Nov 1865 and died in 1958 at age 93.

Roger married **Ethel Mary Knott**. Ethel died in 1960. They had three children: **William Wavell**, **John Dickens**, and **Edward Birkbeck**.

18-**William Wavell Wakefield 1st Baron Wakefield**^{349,365} was born on 10 Mar 1898 in Beckenham, Kent and died on 12 Aug 1983 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sedbergh and Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a MP for Swindon then St. Marylebone. Businessman and Rugby player.

William married **Rowena Doris Lewis**, daughter of **Dr. Llewellyn Lewis**. They had three children: **Joan Rosemary**, **Mary Sheila**, and **Ruth Isabel**.

19-**Hon. Joan Rosemary Wakefield**

Joan married **Capt Antony Edward Montague Raynsford**, son of **Lt. Col. Richard M. Raynsford**. Antony died in 1993. They had two children: **Richard Wakefield** and **Julia Daphne**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Navy. Director of Battlefields Holdings Ltd.

20-**Richard Wakefield Raynsford**

20-**Julia Daphne Raynsford**

Julia married **Sir John Dixon Ikle Boyd**, son of **Prof. James Dixon Boyd**³⁴⁹ and **Amelie Clare Loewenthal**. They had three children: **Jessica**, **Alice**, and **Olivia**.

21-**Jessica Boyd**

21-**Alice Boyd**

21-**Olivia Boyd**

19-**Hon. Mary Sheila Wakefield** was born on 29 Apr 1922 and died on 4 Apr 2008 at age 85.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Director of Battlefields Holdings. President of Cumbria Tourist Board.

Mary married **Brig. Richard Frank Bradshaw Hensman**, son of **Capt. Melvill Hensman**. Richard died in 1988. They had two children: **Peter Richard Wavell** and **Suzannah Mary**.

20-**Peter Richard Wavell Hensman**

20-**Suzannah Mary Hensman**

19-**Hon. Ruth Isabel Wakefield** was born on 12 Oct 1932 and died in Jan 2019 at age 86.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Director of Battlefields Holdings.

Ruth married **Maj. Nigel James Clarkson Webb** on 1 Jun 1955. Nigel died on 3 May 1987. They had three children: **Georgina Anne**, **Carolyn Mary**, and **Edward James**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-**Georgina Anne Webb**

Georgina married **Townsend**.

20-**Carolyn Mary Webb**

20-**Edward James Webb**

Ruth next married **Paul Anthony Adorian**.

18-**John Dickens Wakefield** was born on 17 Dec 1899 and died on 10 Feb 1938 at age 38.

John married someone. He had two children: **John Roger** and **Basil Birkbeck**.

19-**John Roger Wakefield**

John married **Heath Katharine Roselli**, daughter of **Frank Roselli**.

19-**Basil Birkbeck Wakefield**

Basil married **Deidre Penelope Anne Hinde**, daughter of **Sydney Walton Hinde** and **Freda Violet Williams**, on 5 Jul 1958. Deidre was born in 1938 and died in 1979 in Zimbabwe. Murdered at age 41.

18-**Sir Edward Birkbeck Wakefield 1st Bt.** was born on 24 Jul 1903 and died on 14 Jan 1969 at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury , Trinity College Cambridge.
- He worked as a MP West Derbyshire and Civil servant. Lord Commisioner of the Treasury. Treasurer of The Household.

Edward married **Constance Lalage Thompson**, daughter of **Sir John Perronet Thompson** and **Ada Lucia Tyrell**, on 7 Dec 1929. Constance was born on 2 Oct 1906 in Simla, Himachal Pradesh, India and died in Sep 2001 at age 94. They had four children: **Edward Humphry Tyrell**, **Frances Imogen**, **Xanthe**, and **Gerald Hugo Cropper**.

General Notes: LALAGE, LADY WAKEFIELD, who has died aged 94, was a striking figure in Delhi society in the 1920s and 1930s and the wife of Sir Edward Wakefield, 1st Bt, whose eventful career culminated as Macmillan's envoy to negotiate independence for Malta in the early 1960s.

She was born Constance Lalage Thompson at Simla, India on October 2 1906, the second child of Sir John Perronet Thompson and Ada Lucia, the daughter of R Y Tyrrell, who had been Professor of Greek at Trinity College, Dublin, at the turn of the last century. Tyrrell was a prominent figure there and it was he who originated the petition to release Oscar Wilde from prison.

19-**Sir Edward Humphry Tyrell Wakefield 2nd Bt.**

Edward married **Priscilla Bagot**, daughter of **Oliver Robin Bagot** and **Annette Dorothy Stephens**.

Edward next married **Hon. Elizabeth Sophia Sidney**, daughter of **William Philip Sidney 1st Viscount De L'Isle** and **Hon. Jacqueline Corinne Yvonne Vereker**, on 1 Jul 1966. Elizabeth was born on 12 Mar 1941 and died on 3 Feb 2016 at age 74. They had one son: **Maximilian**.

20-**Maximilian Wakefield**

Maximilian married **Lucinda Pipe**. They had two children: **William Wavell** and **Edward Gort**.

21-**William Wavell Wakefield**

21-**Edward Gort Wakefield**

Edward next married **Hon. Katherine Mary Alice Baring**, daughter of **Charles Evelyn Baring 1st Baron Howick** and **Lady Mary Cecil Grey**. They had three children: **(No Given Name)**, **Mary Elizabeth Lalage**, and **John Humphrey Baring**.

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20-**Wakefield** was born in 1975 and died in 1975.

20-**Mary Elizabeth Lalage Wakefield**

20-**John Humphrey Baring Wakefield**

19-**Frances Imogen Wakefield** was born on 4 Dec 1930 and died in May 1935 in Quetta, India (Killed in an earthquake) at age 4.

19-**Xanthe Wakefield** was born on 6 Nov 1932 and died on 4 Dec 1962 at age 30. She had no known marriage and no known children.

19-**Gerald Hugo Cropper Wakefield**

Gerald married **Victoria Rose Feilden**, daughter of **Maj. Cecil Henry Feilden** and **Olivia Constance Leonora Baring**. They had one son: **Edward Cecil**.

20-**Edward Cecil Wakefield**

17-**Edward William Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 8 Sep 1862 and died on 3 Aug 1941 at age 78.

Edward married **Mary Wilkinson**,²⁶ daughter of **J. R. Wilkinson**, on 8 Sep 1886. Mary died in 1921. They had one daughter: **Marian Alice**.

18-**Marian Alice Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 6 Jul 1887.

Marian married **Peter Christian Gordon**. They had one son: **James**.

19-**James Gordon** was born in 1913 and died in 1998 at age 85.

17-**George Henry Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 10 Aug 1864 and died on 29 Apr 1868 at age 3.

17-**William Birkbeck Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 9 Aug 1867.

17-**Marianne Isabel Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 31 Aug 1869.

17-**Rachel Mary Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 1 Feb 1873.

17-**Dr. Arthur William Wakefield**^{26,287} was born on 13 Apr 1876 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 22 Feb 1949 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician.
- He worked as an Everest expedition physician in 1922.

Arthur married **Marjorie Younger**²⁸⁷ on 1 Jan 1910. Marjorie died on 13 Jan 1976. They had three children: **Robert William**, **Elizabeth Marianne**, and **James Roger**.

18-**Robert William Wakefield** was born on 3 Mar 1914.

Robert married **Harriet Margaret Towers Settle**.

18-**Elizabeth Marianne Wakefield** was born on 24 Aug 1917 and died on 14 Jun 1989 at age 71.

Elizabeth married **Wing Cmdr. William Owen Hill**.

18-**James Roger Wakefield** was born on 19 May 1921 and died on 27 Jan 1973 at age 51.

James married **Elizabeth Mary Clarke**.

James next married **Penelope Anne Jackman**.

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17-**Frances Margaret Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 14 May 1879.

16-**Rachel Mary Wakefield**⁸ was born on 11 Apr 1826 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 May 1843 at age 17.

16-**Thomas Birkbeck Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 3 Sep 1828 and died in 1898 at age 70.

General Notes: Of The Hall, Moate, Westmeath

Thomas married **Sophia Espenett**,^{8,26} daughter of **David Espenett** and **Edith**, on 15 May 1849 in Robert's Bridge, Sussex. Sophia was born in 1822 and died in 1898 at age 76. They had five children: **Edith Susan**, **Eva Margaret Jane**, **Ada Sophia Wilhelmina**, **Kathleen Jemima**, and **Edward**.

General Notes: Of Neufchatel

17-**Edith Susan Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 20 Mar 1850 in Cheswardine, Shropshire and died in Dec 1873 at age 23.

17-**Eva Margaret Jane Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 1 Jan 1853 in Cheswardine, Shropshire.

Eva married **John Crofton Rainey**. They had eight children: **Arthur Pigou**, **Annie Margaret**, **John Wakefield**, **James Henry**, **Kathleen Emma**, **Edward Holmes**, **Herbert Ffrench**, and **Eva Marjorie**.

18-**Arthur Pigou Rainey**²⁶ was born on 21 Mar 1878 in Wellington, Somerset.

18-**Annie Margaret Rainey**²⁶ was born on 18 Jan 1879 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 18 Jan 1879 in Wellington, Somerset.

18-**John Wakefield Rainey**²⁶ was born on 31 Dec 1881 in Totnes.

18-**James Henry Rainey**²⁶ was born on 18 Jun 1883 in Totnes and died on 18 Jun 1883 in Totnes.

18-**Kathleen Emma Rainey**²⁶ was born on 17 Jun 1884 in Totnes and died on 10 May 1889 at age 4.

18-**Edward Holmes Rainey**²⁶ was born on 5 Apr 1886 in Paignton, Devon.

18-**Herbert Ffrench Rainey**²⁶ was born on 19 Dec 1888 in Paignton, Devon.

18-**Eva Marjorie Rainey**²⁶ was born on 21 Sep 1890 in Paignton, Devon.

17-**Ada Sophia Wilhelmina Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 16 Jun 1854 in Cheswardine, Shropshire.

Ada married **Herbert Knott**. They had four children: **John Espinet**, **Cyril Wakefield**, **Roger Birkbeck**, and **Frederick William**.

18-**John Espinet Knott**²⁶ was born in Jan 1884 in Stalybridge, Manchester.

18-**Cyril Wakefield Knott**²⁶ was born in Apr 1886 in Stalybridge, Manchester.

18-**Roger Birkbeck Knott**²⁶ was born in Apr 1888 in Stalybridge, Manchester.

18-**Frederick William Knott**²⁶ was born in Feb 1892 in Stalybridge, Manchester.

17-**Kathleen Jemima Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 17 Jun 1858 in Rathside, Ballitore, Co. Kildare.

Kathleen married **Dr. Edward Ffrench**. They had two children: **Eily Kathleen** and **Ethel J. A.**

18-**Eily Kathleen Ffrench**²⁶ was born on 19 Apr 1879 in Glasson, Westmeath.

18-**Ethel J. A. Ffrench**²⁶ was born on 2 May 1882 in Glasson, Westmeath.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Edward Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 2 Jun 1862 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Edward married **Frances Alice Conolly**, daughter of **Owen Thomas Conolly**. They had one son: **Roger Owen Birkbeck**.

18-**Roger Owen Birkbeck Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 20 Jul 1892 in Farnagh, Moate.

16-**John Edward Wakefield**^{8,12,26} was born on 8 Aug 1830 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 30 Jul 1858 in Malvern, Worcestershire at age 27.

17-**Rachel Mary Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 4 Oct 1856 in Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Hampshire and died on 3 May 1911 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 54.

18-**Rachel Winifred Elliott**²⁶ was born on 23 May 1880 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 29 Feb 1960 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 79.

18-**Mary Dorothy Elliott**²⁶ was born on 14 Sep 1881 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**John Wakefield Elliott**²⁶ was born on 14 May 1884 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

19-**James Christopher Younger Elliott**

18-**2nd Lieut. Henry Christopher Elliott**²⁶ was born on 23 May 1887 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 20 Dec 1917 in Abbeville, France. Died from war wounds. at age 30.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the Border Regiment.

18-**Rev. Edward Crewdson Elliott**²⁶ was born on 5 Nov 1888 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 3 Sep 1957 in Eastnor, Herefordshire at age 68.

19-**Jane Crewdson Elliott**

20-**Miss Pakenham-Walsh**

18-**Margaret Katharine Elliott** was born on 18 May 1895 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

17-**John Edward William Wakefield**^{8,12,26} was born on 31 Mar 1858 in Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Hampshire and died on 17 Oct 1915 in Taunton, Somerset at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Taunton, Somerset.
- He worked as a JP and Alderman for Somerset.
- He had a residence in Amberd House, Taunton, Somerset.

18-**Nora Muriel Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 25 May 1883 in Richmond, Surrey and died on 29 Dec 1929 in Jullundur, India at age 46.

18-**Cicely Comer Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 5 Nov 1884 in Taunton, Somerset and died on 3 Sep 1955 in George, South Africa at age 70.

19-**Barbara Muriel Monica Cartwright**

20-**Sophia Rose Keith-Roach**

20-**Stephen Keith-Roach**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

19-**John Henry Oliver Cartwright** was born on 28 Feb 1922 in Bratislava, Slovakia and died on 9 May 2004 at age 82.

General Notes: John Henry Oliver Cartwright(G, 36-40). Bisley 39. RNVR 40; Scapa Flow, W Africa, Medit. and S Africa 41; N Sea 42; Medit. 43-5, Lt. Gray, Mackenzie & Co., Basra, Iraq 46; Kuwait 47-8; S African Lines, Cape Town; John T Rennie & Sons, Cape Town 51, Durban 57, partner 62; dir. JT Rennie & Sons (Pty.), Durban 65-73, and the Bank Line(SA) (Pty.) until 79; retd. After this he was a consultant for a group of insurers representing Lloyds' underwriters. Died 9 May 04, survived by his wife, three sons and daughter. Obit

20-**Miss Cartwright**

20-**Michael Cartwright**

18-**John Hylbert Wakefield**²⁶ was born on 9 Oct 1886 in Homeland Lodge, Trull, Somerset and died on 26 May 1933 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 46.

16-**Jacob Henry Wakefield**⁸ was born on 28 Apr 1831 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1833 at age 2.

16-**George Henry Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 29 Apr 1835 in Kendal, Cumbria.

General Notes: Of Wavertree, Liverpool

George married **Susan Baxter**,^{8,26} daughter of **Stafford Stratton Baxter** and **Mary Anne**, on 31 Aug 1858 in Mancetter, Atherstone, Warwicks. Susan was born on 3 Feb 1837 in Atherstone, Warwickshire. They had four children: **Mary Constance**, **Susan Maude**, **Ethel**, and **Trixie**.

17-**Mary Constance Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 20 Jun 1859.

Mary married **Capt. George Morley Saunders**. They had one son: **Alan Morley**.

18-**Alan Morley Saunders**²⁶ was born in Apr 1885.

17-**Susan Maude Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 17 Sep 1860 and died on 23 Nov 1888 at age 28.

17-**Ethel Wakefield**^{8,26} was born on 12 Dec 1861 and died on 24 Mar 1889 at age 27.

17-**Trixie Wakefield**²⁶ died on 4 Nov 1888.

15-**William Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 2 Sep 1803 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 14 Sep 1814 in Southgate at age 11.

15-**Sarah Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 29 Jun 1806 in Settle, Yorkshire, died on 18 Jul 1869 in Ashfield, Settle, Yorkshire at age 63, and was buried in Parish Church, Settle, Yorkshire.

Sarah married **George Stansfeld**,⁸ son of **Robert Stansfeld** and **Lydia Walker**, on 3 Jul 1834 in Settle, Yorkshire. George was born in 1804 and died on 3 Mar 1869 in Ashfield, Settle, Yorkshire at age 65. They had seven children: **George**, **Elizabeth**, **Rachel Wilhelmina**, **Sarah Georgina**, **Harold Eugene**, **Kenneth Adrian**, and **Berthold Robert**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker, Craven Bank. Barrister. JP.

16-**Lt. Col. George Stansfeld**⁸ was born on 15 Jun 1836 in Halifax.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a 4th Battalion Duke of Wellington's West Riding reg. JP West Riding.

George married **Hannah Foster**, daughter of **John Foster**. They had three children: **George Reginald**, **Mabel**, and **Bertha Rosamond**.

17-**George Reginald Stansfeld** was born on 19 Aug 1870 in Keighley, Yorkshire.

17-**Mabel Stansfeld** was born on 8 Feb 1868 in Keighley, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Bertha Rosamond Stansfeld** was born on 27 Feb 1872 and died on 8 Oct 1872.

16-**Elizabeth Stansfeld**⁸ was born on 11 Nov 1837 in Halifax, Yorkshire and died on 13 Oct 1931 at age 93.

16-**Rachel Wilhelmina Stansfeld**⁸ was born on 7 Dec 1839 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 13 Oct 1923 in Anley, Settle, Yorkshire at age 83.

Rachel married **John Birkbeck**, son of **John Birkbeck** and **Lydia Stansfeld**, on 3 Oct 1867 in Settle, Yorkshire. John was born on 1 Jul 1842 in Settle, Yorkshire, died on 15 Apr 1892 in Mentone, France at age 49, and was buried in Mentone, France. They had four children: **Mary Inez**, **John**, **Victor John**, and **Hylbert John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker.

17-**Mary Inez Birkbeck** was born on 13 Sep 1870 in Settle, Yorkshire, died on 12 Sep 1921 at age 50, and was buried in Parish Church, Settle, Yorkshire.

17-**John Birkbeck** was born on 8 Mar 1872 in Settle, Yorkshire.

17-**Victor John Birkbeck** was born on 27 Jul 1873 in Settle, Yorkshire, died on 12 Nov 1918 at age 45, and was buried in Parish Church, Settle, Yorkshire.

17-**Hylbert John Birkbeck** was born on 5 Sep 1879 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 2 Jun 1915 in Cape Town, South Africa at age 35.

16-**Sarah Georgina Stansfeld**⁸ was born on 18 Oct 1841 in Settle, Yorkshire.

Sarah married **Charles Henry Charlesworth**, son of **Thomas Charlesworth**, on 25 Apr 1865 in Settle, Yorkshire. Charles was born on 22 Feb 1833 in Headingley, Leeds. They had five children: **Thomas Beedham**, **Charles Percy**, **George Kenneth**, **Mary**, and **Bertha Birkbeck**.

General Notes: of Marshfield, Settle

17-**Thomas Beedham Charlesworth** was born on 24 May 1866 in Stackhouse, Settle.

17-**Charles Percy Charlesworth** was born on 24 May 1866 in Stackhouse, Settle.

17-**George Kenneth Charlesworth** was born on 2 Jun 1868 in Stackhouse, Settle.

17-**Mary Charlesworth** was born on 2 Jun 1870 in Marshfield, Settle.

17-**Bertha Birkbeck Charlesworth** was born on 18 Jul 1873 in Ashfield, Settle, Yorkshire.

16-**Harold Eugene Stansfeld**⁸ was born on 5 Dec 1843 in Burnley, Lancashire and died on 10 Aug 1894 at age 50.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Lincoln's Inn.

16-**Kenneth Adrian Stansfeld**⁸ was born on 11 Oct 1845 in Burnley, Lancashire and died on 24 Mar 1881 at age 35.

16-**Berthold Robert Stansfeld**⁸ was born on 22 Apr 1849 in Burnley, Lancashire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple.

Berthold married **Ada Marion Hodson**, daughter of **James Hodson**. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth Maryons**.

17-**Elizabeth Maryons Stansfeld**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

15-**Thomas Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 7 Nov 1808 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 26 Feb 1863 in Taunton at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker of Settle. JP West Riding.

Thomas married **Anne Carr**,⁸ daughter of **Rev. John Carr**, on 1 Jul 1840 in Giggleswick. Anne was born on 24 Oct 1820 in Durham and died on 28 Feb 1875 at age 54. They had four children: **William John**, **Rachel Susannah**, **Rosetta Anne**, and **Emmeline Carr**.

16-**Rev. William John Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 24 Jun 1846 in Stackhouse, Settle.

General Notes: BA. MA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Milborn Port, Dorset & Southwick, Hants.

16-**Rachel Susannah Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 20 Jul 1844 in Stackhouse, Settle.

Rachel married **Rev. Richard Addison**, son of **William Thomas Addison** and **Eliza Walker**, on 22 Jun 1865 in Taunton. Richard was born on 6 Mar 1832 in Aldborough Hatch, Essex. They had three children: **Mary Rachel**, **Edith**, and **Katharine**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a British Consular Chaplain, Pernambuco and Madeira.

17-**Mary Rachel Addison** was born on 11 May 1866 in Pernambuco.

17-**Edith Addison** was born on 26 Dec 1868 in Pernambuco.

17-**Katharine Addison** was born on 30 Oct 1870 in Taunton.

16-**Rosetta Anne Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 4 Jan 1848 in Settle, Yorkshire.

Rosetta married **Isaac Badcock**. They had four children: **Laurence Henry**, **Annie Carr**, **Eleanor Rose**, and **Cicely**.

17-**Laurence Henry Badcock** was born on 30 Jul 1873 in London.

17-**Annie Carr Badcock** was born on 28 Apr 1875 in London.

17-**Eleanor Rose Badcock** was born on 22 Aug 1877 in London and died on 9 Mar 1878 in London.

17-**Cicely Badcock** was born on 1 Mar 1881 in London.

16-**Emmeline Carr Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 8 Jun 1851 in Sidmouth.

15-**Elizabeth Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 5 Apr 1811 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 7 Jul 1835 at age 24.

14-**Alice Birkbeck**^{8,326} was born on 10 Jan 1774 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 25 Jun 1850 in The Howe, Halstead, Essex at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1785 in York, Yorkshire.

Alice married **Dr. Benjamin Hornor**,⁸ son of **Edward Hornor** and **Jane Empson**, on 16 Oct 1805 in Settle, Yorkshire. Benjamin was born on 5 Aug 1771 and died on 25 Mar 1836 in Fulford Grange, York at age 64. They had three children: **Sarah Jane**, **Edward**, and **Charles Birkbeck**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician of York.

15-**Sarah Jane Hornor**⁸ was born on 9 Sep 1808 in York, Yorkshire and died on 30 Apr 1827 at age 18.

15-**Edward Hornor**^{8,29,88,293} was born on 3 Jun 1811 in York, Yorkshire and died on 16 Jun 1868 in The Howe, Halstead, Essex at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of the Colne Valley and Halstead Railway.

Edward married **Anne Moline**,^{8,29,88} daughter of **Robert Moline**^{7,8} and **Elizabeth Gorham**,^{7,8} on 24 Aug 1842 in Uxbridge, Middlesex. Anne was born on 12 Jan 1821 in Stonehouse, Kent and died on 27 Apr 1914 in Halstead, Essex at age 93. They had eight children: **Francis Birkbeck, Lewis, Alice, Allan Moline, Charles Ernest, Edith Anne, Florence, and Beatrice**.

16-**Francis Birkbeck Hornor**^{8,29,39} was born on 2 Jul 1843 in Iver, Buckinghamshire and died on 16 Oct 1860 in The Howe, Halstead, Essex at age 17. The cause of his death was Tuberculosis.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1854 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**Lewis Hornor**⁸ was born on 5 Mar 1845 in Rome, Italy.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Indigo merchant.
- He worked as a JP in Halstead, Essex.

Lewis married **Catherine B. Parks**.

16-**Alice Hornor**⁸ was born on 10 Sep 1846 in Halstead, Essex.

Alice married **Maj. John Robert Vaizey**, son of **John Vaizey** and **Ann Bousfield**. They had four children: **Robert Edward, Francis Arthur, John Leonard, and Alice Lilian**.

17-**Robert Edward Vaizey** was born on 15 Jul 1868 in Halstead, Essex.

17-**Francis Arthur Vaizey** was born on 19 May 1870 in Halstead, Essex.

17-**John Leonard Vaizey** was born on 2 Aug 1871 in Halstead, Essex.

17-**Alice Lilian Vaizey** was born on 7 Sep 1874 in Halstead, Essex.

16-**Allan Moline Hornor**⁸ was born on 10 Jan 1848 in Halstead, Essex.

Allan married **Caroline C. Macnair**. They had two children: **Ethel Caroline** and **George Edward**.

17-**Ethel Caroline Hornor** was born on 10 Jun 1874.

17-**George Edward Hornor** was born on 5 Mar 1876.

16-**Charles Ernest Hornor**⁸ was born on 28 Dec 1849 in Halstead, Essex.

16-**Edith Anne Hornor**⁸ was born on 3 Nov 1851 in Halstead, Essex and died on 6 Feb 1925 at age 73.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Edith married **Lt. Gen. Joseph Roswell Hawley** on 15 Nov 1887. Joseph was born on 31 Oct 1826 in Stewartville, Richmond, N. Carolina and died on 18 Mar 1905 in Washington, D.C., USA at age 78. They had two children: **Alice Marian** and **Edith J. Roswell**.

General Notes: It was in his office that the metting was held , 4th February 1856, to form the Republican party.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a 42nd Governor of Connecticut, and Senator.
- He worked as an Opponent of Slavery.

17-**Alice Marian Hawley** was born on 1 Dec 1888 in Washington, D.C., USA.

Alice married **Louis L. Coudert**. They had one son: **Joseph Hawley**.

18-**Joseph Hawley Coudert**

Joseph married **Anne Morse Bravo**.

17-**Edith J. Roswell Hawley** was born in 1891 in Washington, D.C., USA and died on 27 Oct 1970 in Hartford, Connecticut at age 79.

16-**Florence Hornor**⁸ was born on 24 Oct 1853 in Halstead, Essex.

16-**Beatrice Hornor**⁸ was born on 26 Aug 1857 in Pau, France.

15-**Charles Birkbeck Hornor**^{8,77} was born on 8 Feb 1817 in York, Yorkshire and died on 31 Oct 1858 in Halstead, Essex at age 41.

Alice next married **Robert Waller**, son of **Waller**.

14-**Dr. George Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 10 Jan 1776 in Settle, Yorkshire, died on 1 Dec 1841 in London at age 65, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

General Notes: Founder of the Mechanics Institutes along with Lord Brougham

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Doctor and Philanthropist.

George married **Catherine Lloyd**,⁸ daughter of **Sampson Lloyd**^{10,23} and **Rachel Barnes**,^{1,8,10,23,25} on 15 May 1805 in Berdswell, Warwickshire. Catherine died on 17 Apr 1806 in Finsbury Square. They had one son: **William Lloyd**.

15-**Prof. William Lloyd Birkbeck**^{8,10} was born on 27 Mar 1806 in 4, Finsbury Square, London, died on 25 May 1888 in Downing College, Cambridge at age 82, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple. QC.
- He worked as a Downing Professor of Law in Cambridge.
- He worked as a Master of Downing College.

George next married **Anna Margaret Gardner**,⁸ daughter of **Henry Gardner**, on 9 Jul 1817 in Hampstead Parish Church. Anna was born in 1792, died on 2 Jul 1875 at age 83, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London. They had six children: **Anna Margaret**, **George Henry**, **Charles**, **(No Given Name)**, **Frances Georgiana**, and **Thomas Brougham**.

15-**Anna Margaret Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 5 May 1818 in London, died on 15 Mar 1863 in London at age 44, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

Anna married **Lt. Col. Mednyanzsky**⁸ in Jun 1856. Lt. Col. Mednyanzsky died on 2 Jan 1909.

15-**George Henry Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 19 Jan 1820 in London, died on 2 Jan 1909 in London at age 88, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

General Notes: CMICE. MSA. FZS.
Census RG11/3570 1881

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AMInstCE.
- He worked as a Mineral Oil Manufacturer, Civil Engineer & Patent Agent.
- He had a residence in Highfield, Rock Ferry, Cheshire.

George married **Margaret Jane Jackson**⁸ on 6 May 1856 in St. Marys, Watling Street. Margaret was born on 27 Mar 1828 in Hackney, died on 3 Jun 1883 in Highfield, Cheshire at age 55, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London. They had nine children: **George, James Braidwood, Thomas Brougham, Henry, Arthur, Anna Margaret, Frank, William Lloyd, and Albert Ernest Gardner.**

General Notes: Adopted daughter of James Braidwood, superintendent of the London Fire Briagde

16-**George Birkbeck** was born on 5 Apr 1857 in Islington, London, died on 14 Mar 1914 at age 56, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironmaster.

George married **Martha Annie**. Martha was born on 2 Jun 1856, died on 31 Oct 1919 at age 63, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

16-**James Braidwood Birkbeck** was born on 14 Sep 1858 in Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire and died in 1934 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor.

James married **Lillian Marie White**, daughter of **Arthur White** and **Mary**. They had one daughter: **Vera Lillian Marie Braidwood**.

17-**Vera Lillian Marie Braidwood Birkbeck** was born on 24 Jul 1892 and died on 17 Nov 1975 at age 83.

Vera married **Edward Amos Loring**. Edward was born on 5 Nov 1891 and died on 25 Jun 1954 at age 62. They had one daughter: **Margaret Mary**.

18-**Margaret Mary Loring**

Margaret married **Col. Richard John Gyde Heaven**, son of **John Gyde Heaven** and **Olga Mary Prichard**. Richard was born on 9 Jul 1919 and died on 10 Jan 2009 at age 89. They had one daughter: **Susan Margaret Gyde**.

19-**Susan Margaret Gyde Heaven**

Susan married **John Berkley-Matthews**, son of **John Matthews Berkley-Matthews** and **Elisabeth Joan Harcourt Wheeler**. They had four children: **Richard John, Mara Elizabeth, Helen Loring, and Charlotte Margaret**.

20-**Richard John Berkley-Matthews**

20-**Mara Elizabeth Berkley-Matthews**

20-**Helen Loring Berkley-Matthews**

Helen married **James McColl Christie**. They had one son: **Angus McColl**.

21-**Angus McColl Christie**

20-**Charlotte Margaret Berkley-Matthews**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Charlotte married **Timothy James Ingles**. They had three children: **Frederick James Berkley**, **Meg Elisabeth Berkley**, and **Evelyn Laura Berkley**.

21-**Frederick James Berkley Ingles**

21-**Meg Elisabeth Berkley Ingles**

21-**Evelyn Laura Berkley Ingles**

16-**Thomas Brougham Birkbeck** was born on 3 May 1860 in Islington, London and died on 27 Feb 1954 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 93.

General Notes: December 1941. Mr. T. B. Birkbeck, chairman of Cocks Pioneer Gold and Tin Mines (1934) NL, told shareholders at the annual meeting yesterday that the company had been beaten by the hard nature of the ground. Expenses were so high that they overran the value of the gold. Directors had decided to close down and realise the plant. Small portion of the plant had been sold privately at good price, and the balance would be put up for auction. <http://trove.nla.gov.au/ndp/del/article/8223460>

In 1947 the company voluntarily wound up, and was reconstructed as King Island Scheelite (1947) Ltd. The Korean War of the early 1950s helped to maintain the price of tungsten at healthy levels, and the creation of strategic stockpiles in the US and other countries also meant that market conditions were good for producers. After the war and following the completion of building the stockpiles, the price of tungsten declined, ultimately forcing the King Island mine onto a care and maintenance basis in August 1958. <http://www.kingislandscheelite.com.au/index.php?id=20>

He left estate valued at £66,680

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MAIM.
- He worked as a Ship Broker's Clerk & Merchant in Liverpool.
- He worked as a Tinsplate Merchant, Partner in Phillips and Birkbeck before 1893 in City Buildings, Old Hall Street, Liverpool.
- He worked as a Mining Engineer in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.
- He worked as a Director of Mount Oxide Mines Ltd. In 1916 in Western Australia.
- He worked as a Director of Cocks Pioneer Gold and Tin Mines (1934) (No Liability) in 1934 in 314 Collins Street, Melbourne.
- He worked as a Director of King Island Scheelite (1947) Ltd. In 1947.
- He had a residence in 1954 in The Athenaeum Club, Collins Street, Melbourne, Australia.

Thomas married **Ada Leila Frances Fisher**, daughter of **William Henry Fisher** and **Fanny Maria Sainsbury**, in 1908. The marriage ended in divorce about 1930. Ada was born in 1872 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died in 1949 in Monte Carlo, France at age 77.

16-**Henry Birkbeck** was born on 10 Feb 1862 in St. Pancras, London and died in 1942 in Inverness, Scotland at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Patent Lawyer of London.

Henry married **Mabel May Mason**. They had one daughter: **Audrey Denise**.

17-**Audrey Denise Birkbeck** was born on 24 Sep 1921 in London and died in 1977 at age 56.

18-**Susan Denise Flynn**

18-**Nicholas Thomas Henry Flynn**

Henry next married **Irene Evelyn White** in 1891. Irene was born on 8 Oct 1871 in Maidstone, Kent and died on 29 Aug 1943 in Keswick, Cumbria at age 71. They had seven children: **Cyril Henry Gardner**, **Vivian White**, **Vernon, Guy**, **(No Given Name)**, **Winifred**, and **(No Given Name)**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Cyril Henry Gardner Birkbeck** was born on 24 Dec 1893 in Hampstead, London and died in 1967 at age 74.

General Notes: Emigrated to Canada in about 1910. Note from Geoff Birkbeck 14 sep 2010

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated Canada in 1912.
- He worked as a Banker and Insurance executive.

Cyril married **Helen Margaret Limpert**. They had three children: **Barbara Helen**, **Henry Warren**, and **Cyril William**.

18-**Barbara Helen Birkbeck** was born in 1919 in Edmonton, Alberta, Canada and died about 1995 about age 76.

Barbara married **William Buchan**. They had three children: **James**, **Perry**, and **Jacqueline**.

19-**James Buchan**

19-**Perry Buchan**

19-**Jacqueline Buchan**

18-**Henry Warren Birkbeck**

Henry married **Audrey Helen MacLean**, daughter of **Donald MacLean** and **Olive Jackson**. They had four children: **Geoffrey Warren**, **Candice Jean**, **Graham Phillip**, and **Stacey Barbara**.

19-**Geoffrey Warren Birkbeck**

Geoffrey married **Judith Anne Lawrence**. They had one daughter: **Kimberley Anne**.

20-**Kimberley Anne Birkbeck**

Geoffrey next married **Elaine Bianca Dudzinski**. They had three children: **Sarah Bianca**, **Helen Stefanie**, and **Griffith Cyril**.

20-**Sarah Bianca Birkbeck**

20-**Helen Stefanie Birkbeck**

20-**Griffith Cyril Birkbeck**

19-**Candice Jean Birkbeck**

Candice married **Gordon Currie**. They had two children: **Scott** and **Laura**.

20-**Scott Currie**

20-**Laura Currie**

Candice next married **Wayne Mullins**.

19-**Graham Phillip Birkbeck**

19-**Stacey Barbara Birkbeck**

Stacey married **Graham Laird**. They had two children: **Hollie** and **Garrett**.

20-**Hollie Laird**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

20-Garrett Laird

18-Cyril William Birkbeck

Cyril married **Joan Adele Lomas**. They had three children: **Tammy**, **Guy**, and **Paul**.

19-Tammy Birkbeck

19-Guy Birkbeck

19-Paul Birkbeck

Cyril next married **Karen**. They had one daughter: **Christine**.

19-Christine Birkbeck

Cyril next married **Mona**.

17-Vivian White Birkbeck was born in 1892 and died in 1964 at age 72.

17-Vernon Birkbeck was born on 22 Apr 1902 and died in 2000 in Cumbria at age 98.

General Notes: Owned the Red House Hotel at Thornthwaite, Keswick

Vernon married **Eileen May Le Dieu**.

17-Guy Birkbeck was born on 13 Jul 1910 in Littlehampton, Sussex and died on 22 Nov 1987 in Carlisle, Cumbria at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Design Engineer.

Guy married **Emma Mary Ethel Farrendon** on 30 Oct 1937 in Hampstead, London. Emma was born on 13 Aug 1913 in Salisbury, Wiltshire and died on 30 Mar 2006 in Keswick, Cumbria at age 92. They had three children: **Lyn**, **(No Given Name)**, and **Paul**.

18-Lyn Birkbeck

18-Birkbeck

18-Paul Birkbeck

17-Birkbeck

17-Winifred Birkbeck was born in 1896 and died in 1988 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 92.

17-Birkbeck

16-Arthur Birkbeck was born on 20 May 1864 in London, died on 24 Jun 1945 at age 81, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

16-Anna Margaret Birkbeck was born on 8 Mar 1866 in Highfield, Rock Ferry, Cheshire, was christened on 12 Mar 1886 in St Martin in the Field, Liverpool, died in May 1936 at age 70, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

16-Frank Birkbeck was born on 30 Nov 1867 in Rockferry, Chester, Cheshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an of Swansea.

16-**William Lloyd Birkbeck** was born on 24 Jan 1871 in Egerton Park, Rockferry, Tranmere, Cheshire, died on 8 May 1871 in Egerton Park, Rockferry, Tranmere, Cheshire, and was buried in St. James Churchyard, Liverpool.

16-**Albert Ernest Gardner Birkbeck** was born on 10 Feb 1872 in Tranmere, Cheshire, was christened on 12 Mar 1884 in St Martin in the Field, Liverpool, and died in 1945 in St. Austell, Cornwall at age 73.

George next married **Martha Russell**, daughter of **Thomas Russell**, on 13 Jan 1887 in Woolwich, Kent. Martha was born on 2 Jun 1859 in Sleaford, Lincolnshire. They had one daughter: **Grace Mary**.

16-**Grace Mary Birkbeck** was born on 18 Nov 1887 in Hampstead, London and died in 1975 at age 88.

Grace married **George H. Webber**.

15-**Charles Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 6 Dec 1822 in London and died on 6 Aug 1824 in London at age 1.

15-**Birkbeck**

15-**Frances Georgiana Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 3 Jun 1826 in London, died on 25 Dec 1858 at age 32, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

15-**Thomas Brougham Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 10 Jun 1828 in London, died on 13 Jan 1859 at age 30, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London.

14-**Isaac Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 6 Mar 1779 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 7 Mar 1783 in Settle, Yorkshire at age 4.

14-**Foster Birkbeck**⁸ was born on 6 Sep 1783 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 27 Apr 1787 in Settle, Yorkshire at age 3.

13-**Ruth Braithwaite**^{8,18} was born on 20 Jul 1751 in Kendal, Cumbria, died in Kendal, Cumbria, and was buried on 18 Sep 1751 in Kendal, Cumbria.

13-**Foster Braithwaite**^{8,18} was born on 13 Nov 1752 in Kendal, Cumbria, died in Kendal, Cumbria, and was buried on 24 Nov 1754 in Kendal, Cumbria.

12-**Margaret Forster**^{8,17} was born on 3 Sep 1692 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 16 Apr 1703 in Hawthorne, County Durham at age 10.

12-**Hannah Forster**^{8,17} was born on 11 Nov 1696 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 1 Dec 1699 in Hawthorne, County Durham at age 3.

12-**Thomas Forster**^{8,17} was born on 30 Oct 1698 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 20 Jul 1724 in Hawthorne, County Durham at age 25. He had no known marriage and no known children.

12-**Sarah Forster**^{8,17} was born on 26 Jan 1701 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 17 Sep 1777 in Manchester at age 76.

Sarah married **John Abraham**,^{8,409,410} son of **Daniel Abraham**^{8,409,411} and **Rachel Fell**,^{8,178,409,411,412} on 22 Nov 1722 in Shotton, Durham. John was born on 30 Jun 1687 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria, died on 29 Apr 1771 in Manchester at age 83, and was buried in FBG Swarthmoor. They had 11 children: **Thomas, Margaret, Daniel, Robert, Rachel, Sarah, Sarah, Mary, Alice, Hannah**, and **(No Given Name)**.

General Notes: He sold Swarthmoor Hall in 1759

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Skerton, Lancaster, Lancashire.
- He worked as a Lord of the Manor of Ulverston.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

13-**Thomas Abraham**⁸ was born on 19 Jan 1724 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 1 Jun 1778 in Penrith, Cumbria at age 54.

Thomas married **Ellen Clare**,⁸ daughter of **Henry Clare**, on 19 Oct 1749 in Penketh, Warrington, Cheshire. Ellen was born on 21 Jan 1729 in Poulton and died on 19 Jul 1806 in Penrith, Cumbria at age 77. They had 12 children: **John, Henry Chetham, Catherine, Sarah, Ellen, Margaret, Rachel, Ann, Robert, Maria, Thomas**, and **Henry Clare**.

14-**John Abraham**⁸ was born on 10 Sep 1750 in Whitehaven, Cumbria and died on 31 Aug 1800 in St. Giles, Camberwell, London at age 49.

John married **Sarah Ware**. They had five children: **Henry, Hannah, Anne, Ellen Clare**, and **Sarah Elizabeth**.

15-Henry Abraham

15-**Hannah Abraham**⁸ died in 1820.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1812 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

Hannah married **Ratcliffe**.

15-**Anne Abraham**⁸ died in India.

Anne married **James Staveley**.

15-Ellen Clare Abraham

Ellen married **Dr. Clarke**. They had one daughter: **(No Given Name)**.

16-Clarke

15-Sarah Elizabeth Abraham

Sarah married **Col. Bowler**.

14-**Henry Chetham Abraham**⁸ was born on 26 Sep 1751 and was buried on 18 Feb 1753 in Whitehaven, Cumbria.

14-**Catherine Abraham**⁸ was born on 12 Oct 1752.

14-**Sarah Abraham**^{7,8} was born on 18 Jul 1755 and died on 22 Mar 1799 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 43.

Sarah married **John Thirnbeck**^{7,8} on 11 May 1790. John was born on 23 Jul 1757 in Settle, Yorkshire and died on 17 Aug 1828 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 71. They had two children: **Mary** and **Ellen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

15-**Mary Thirnbeck**^{8,63,274} was born on 20 Jul 1794 in Bath Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 27 Dec 1872 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 78.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

15-**Ellen Thirnbeck**^{4,7,8,117,274} was born on 6 Aug 1795 in Bath Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Jul 1866 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 70.

Ellen married **James Grace**,^{4,7,8,73,117,274} son of **Josiah Grace**^{7,8} and **Mercy Sherwin**,^{7,8} on 7 Sep 1824 in FMH Bristol. James was born on 11 Jan 1796 in Wentworth Street, Spitalfields, London and died on 20 Jun 1858 in Park Row, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 62. They had seven children: **John, John Thirnbeck, Ellen Clare, Sarah Mercy, James, Josiah**, and **Henry**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grocer & Accountant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

16-**John Grace**⁸ was born on 4 Dec 1825 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 19 Dec 1825 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

16-**John Thirnbeck Grace**^{4,7,8,241,274} was born on 26 Feb 1827 in Hotwells Road, Clifton, Bristol and died on 25 Dec 1891 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bristol College.
- He worked as a Grocer, Candle Manufacturer and Accountant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

John married **Elizabeth Sturge**,^{7,8,241,274} daughter of **Henry Sturge**^{7,8,111,290} and **Ann Watson**,^{7,8,111,290} on 2 Jun 1858 in Bath, Somerset. Elizabeth was born on 12 Jun 1823 in Lambridge, Bath, Somerset and died on 28 Mar 1872 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 48. They had four children: **Arthur**, **Margaret Fell**, **Watson**, and **Hamilton**.

17-**Arthur Grace**⁸ was born on 7 Mar 1859 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 13 Mar 1859 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

17-**Margaret Fell Grace**⁸ was born on 21 Mar 1860 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

17-**Watson Grace**^{8,14,39} was born on 28 Mar 1862 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 29 May 1901 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 39.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1875-1878 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Accountant.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
- He worked as a Secretary of the FFMA.

Watson married **Juliet Ransom**,³⁹ daughter of **Alfred Ransom**^{7,80,171,178} and **Lucy Manser**,^{7,80,171} in 1895 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire. Juliet was born in 1854 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire and died in 1929 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 75.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Apr 1865-Jun 1869 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Hamilton Grace**^{7,39,107,256} was born on 21 Jun 1865 in Lambridge Lodge, Bristol and died on 14 Aug 1911 in Combe Park, Bath, Somerset at age 46.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 14th August , 1911, at Bath, Hamilton Grace (1879-81), aged 46.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1879-1881 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Corn Merchant's clerk.
- He worked as a Timber Merchant of Bristol & Bath.

Hamilton married **Isabelle Coleby**, daughter of **John Joseph Coleby** and **Elizabeth A. Smith**, in 1894. Isabelle was born in 1869 and died in 1952 at age 83. They had two children: **Mary Hamilton** and **Joan Hamilton**.

18-**Mary Hamilton Grace**³⁹ was born in 1895 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

18-**Joan Hamilton Grace**³⁹ was born in 1898.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

John next married **Hannah Maria Sewell**,^{4,7,39,274,413} daughter of **Abraham Sewell**^{4,7,14,177} and **Dorothy Stickney**,^{4,7,14} in 1879. Hannah was born on 24 Aug 1833 in Great Yarmouth, Norfolk and died in 1906 at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1846-Jun 1848 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**Ellen Clare Grace**^{8,171} was born on 14 Sep 1828 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 12 Dec 1907 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 79.

16-**Sarah Mercy Grace**⁸ was born on 23 Apr 1830 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Sarah married **William Smallwood Capper**,⁸ son of **Samuel Capper**^{7,8,48,49,56,57,204,322,414,415} and **Elizabeth Naish**,^{7,8,48,57,204,322,414,415,416} on 9 Sep 1851 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. William was born on 8 Mar 1822 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Aug 1915 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 93.

16-**James Grace**^{7,8,22,54,417} was born on 11 Nov 1833 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Oct 1908 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 74.

General Notes: Founder of Grace & Co. Accountants

James Grace, 74 9 IOmo. 1908 Weston-super-Mare. An Elder. James Grace late of the firm of James and Henry Grace, Accountants, of Bristol, was one of those quiet, unobtrusive, sterling characters to whom, perhaps quite unconsciously to itself, the Society of Friends owes much. He faithfully filled the office of Elder for many years ; and not a few members of Bristol Meeting will remember his tender dealings with them, and his loving counsel and advice. As a regular attender at Monthly and Quarterly Meetings, his ripe experience often brought to bear on business matters, was highly valued ; and in various ways, probably to a large extent unnoticed by those among whom he moved, he did much useful work for the Society. In private life his help was frequently sought by those in difficulty, who found in him a kind and sympathetic adviser, always ready to devote time and care and thought to the assistance of others. A most conscientious and thorough man of business himself, his office, where young men were really taught how to work, was an excellent training school ; and he was, at the same time, regarded by his subordinates not merely with respect but with affection. After long residence in Bristol, he retired from business in 1901 and settled in Weston- super-Mare, where, soon after returning from the Yearly Meeting in Birmingham, he was taken ill ; and where, after much suffering, borne with characteristic fortitude and patience, he passed peacefully away.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant. Grace & Co. In Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- Miscellaneous: Did James Re-Marry :?????.

James married **Mary Eliza Capper**,^{7,8,54,417} daughter of **Joseph Capper**^{8,49,418} and **Sarah Anne Dancer Jones**,^{8,418} on 30 Aug 1859 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Mary was born on 30 Dec 1834 in Stokes Croft, North Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 Aug 1860 in Kingsdown Parade, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 25. They had no children.

16-**Josiah Grace**⁸ was born on 2 Sep 1835 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 8 May 1840 at age 4.

16-**Henry Grace**^{4,7,8,79,372,414} was born on 29 Sep 1837 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. (31 Oct also given), died on 19 Dec 1916 in 20 Westfield Park, Redlands, Bristol at age 79, and was buried in St. Mary, Redcliffe, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chartered Accountant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He was a Quaker.

Henry married **Hannah Mary Neave**,^{4,7,79,372} daughter of **Shipley Neave**^{4,7,60,88,372} and **Elizabeth Stephenson**,^{4,7,88,372} on 6 May 1869 in Manchester (31 Aug 1869 also given). Hannah was born on 17 Oct 1843 in Cheetham, Manchester, died on 25 Dec 1882 in Redlands Park, Bristol (25 Nov 1882 also given) at age 39, and was buried in St. Mary, Redcliffe, Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had six children: **Henry Ernest, Wilfrid, Isabel Mary, Augustine Neave, Wilhelmina, and Stephenson.**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1860-Jun 1861 in York, Yorkshire.
- She resided at Cambourne House in 1881 in Exeter Road, Westbury upon Trym.
- She was a Quaker.

17-**Henry Ernest Grace**^{8,39,69,372,419} was born on 31 May 1870 in 8 Upper Berkeley Place, Bristol, died on 21 Nov 1904 in 7 Cotham Lawn Road, Bristol at age 34, and was buried in FBG Friars, Rosemary Street, Bristol.

General Notes: H. Ernest Grace, 34 21 Ilmo. 1904 Bristol. Henry Ernest Grace, the oldest son of Henry and Hannah Mary Grace, was born at Bristol, on May 31st, 1870. In January of 1881, he was sent to a private school, kept by Mrs. Boone, of Weston-super-Mare, and in 1882 moved to Brynmellyn, a school in the same town, taught by F. A. Knight and Jolin Lawrence. In 1885, he went to the Friends' School, Bootham, York, which he left at midsummer, 1887. In December of the same year, he passed the preliminary examination as accountant, and his final in December, 1892, taking ninth place in honours. He was admitted to the Institute of Chartered Accountants in 1893, and into partnership in the firm of James and Henry Grace, of Bristol, in January, 1894. In that year, he became engaged to Winifred Mary Naish, of Bristol, and was married on August 1st, 1895. During tlie next nine years he was much engaged in various social and religious work, and his call home came suddenly on November 21st, 1904, after a very short and painful illness, an operation for appendicitis being unsuccessful in saving his life. Such, in brief, is the bare outline of a life full of activity and earnest effort on behalf of others. From boyhood up he always threw himself zealoiisly into whatever he did. From his mother, who died when he was twelve years old, he learned to make the very most of all his time and opportunities, and to spend them in thought for others. This lesson learned so early in life characterised his after years, and no one could come in contact with him, without being impressed by this trait, so prominent and pronounced. At school he entered heartily into the best side of school life, taking especial interest in cricket and other games. He was captain of his cricket eleven at Brynmellyn, and afterwards at York he won the prize bat for the bast batting average. Directly after leaving York he joined in a cricket tour in the West, and his interest in the game was always maintained. It was in this and other societies at school that he first began to develop the organising abilities which he afterwards used to such piu-pose in Adult School work. Of these days he writes in after life to a friend : " Do you remember the old days, cricket ? the ideal life to be captain of Surrey or Gloucester ! How thoroughly healthy it was, I am glad I went through it, and know what it means to have the cricket fever. How small this seems to-day in comparison with the fight against evil, the desire to find out the truth, and help in remedying the chaos all round. What a little one can do in this, but however little let it be well done." As soon as he left school he was articled to his father, and threw himself thoroughly into the business of a chartered accountant which he enjoyed immensely. In his spare time, when not studying for examinations he was occupied in First-day School work (having a class in the junior school at the Friars), attending to Society affairs, and organising the Friends' Literary and Debating Society and Tennis Clubs. He was permanently influenced in the spring of 1889 by a visit to Bristol of Jno. T. Dorland, and thenceforward his settled purpose in life became that of loyal service to the cause of Christ's Kingdom. In the autumn of 1892, he first began to read the writings of Henry Drummond, which were a source of inspiration and stimulus, (continued throughout life) and closely following this in the spring of 1893 the visit of several Friends to Bristol, who held consecutive meetings for about a week, roused in him a desire for further work and usefulness. Though these times of special influence and impression are mentioned, his life was not marked by any unwholesome or violent changes, but it was rather a gradual development brought out by his activities, and an ever strong sense of the indwelling presence, and of the love and power of Jesus Christ. He was keenly interested in politics and in practical efforts to promote Temperance, working hard in 1892 in the Parliamentary elections. Later on he seriously thought of entering into active municipal work, being asked to stand as candidate for the City Council ; but he felt he could not do this without giving up a good deal of his Adult School work, and he did not think it right to do so. There is not a dovibt that he would have been a most useful member of such a body ; his hatred of shams and of anything underhand made him a keen critic, and the evil too often lying at the root of political and municipal life was abhorrent to his spirit of uprightness and unselfishness. He was wishful to see men of character and high ideals taking their places in public bodies, and would gladly work hard in the support of such men. In the spring of 1894, he felt a distinct call to assist others in the work of starting an Adult School at Barton Hill, an artisan district in East Bristol. There were considerable difficulties to be overcome, but he was, as usual in anything he took up, very enthusiastic, and carried others along with him. The school was started in September, 1894, and from this time forward, his chief energies were spent in this work. It is unnecessary here to record the success of Barton Hill Adult School with all the many varieties of religious and social activity that it embraces. The interest and attendance never went back, and after a few years a permanent building to accommodate the school became a pressing necessity. The work of raising more than £2,000 was successfully accomplished, largely through his energy and enthusiasm, and the excellent premises then erected have been of great value to the district. In the last years of his life he was deeply interested in the formation of a branch school in St. Philip's Marsh, where considerable success was realised in drawing under Christian influence men of a very rough type. Perhaps the chief cause of the success of the work there was his personal visiting of the members, bringing always his cheerful presence and thought to their aid. He could and did speak directly, but never in such a way as was offensive, as his sincerity and sympathy were always evident. He was always interested in the younger Friends, finding out their interests and asking them to his home and seeking out and keeping in touch with strangers. He usefully occupied the post of clerk to his Preparative Meeting and sometimes, though not very frequently, he spoke helpfully in the meetings for worship. To his home he gave of his best, and was the kindest of hosts, throwing himself heartily into the entertaining of his guests. He always enjoyed planning out a day's excursion, and those whose privilege it was to spend either a day's tramp or a longer holiday with him found him an ideal companion. He was full of fun, a splendid walker, with a keen sense of the beautifvil in nature, and always interested in the various types of men and women he met with. When writing to friends of his travels, he had a wonderful gift of describing the scenery amidst which he was staying, and the impressions that the wonders of nature made upon him. To him was given the rare faculty of winning the regard and affection of men of all sorts, of every religious persuasion and of none, yet without any concealment of his own Christian principles which were known and respected by very many. His life is a remarkable example of how a man without the endowments of wealth, leisure or extended education,

Descendants of Thomas Forster

may by uprightness, kindliness and a sustained and joyous Christian enthusiasm, become a leader among his fellows, inspiring and stimulating men of all classes in society to labour" for the promotion of the Kingdom of God among men. -----
GRACE.-On the 21st November, 1904, at Bristol, Henry Ernest Grace (1885-7), aged 34 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MICA.
- He was educated at Mrs. Boone's School in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was educated at Brynmellyn School in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1885-1887 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Chartered Accountant. Partner in James & Henry Grace in 1894.
- He resided at No. 2 In Nursery Villas, White Ladies Road, Clifton, Bristol.

Henry married **Winifred Mary Naish**,^{8,39,69,372} daughter of **Louis Edmund Naish**^{7,14,232,328} and **Sarah Ann Fryer**,^{7,14,328} on 1 Aug 1895 in FMH Friars, Bristol. Winifred was born on 16 Apr 1870 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1959 at age 89.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1885-Jun 1887 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Wilfrid Grace**^{39,166,193,289,308,372,420} was born on 22 Sep 1872 in Redland, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 10 Jul 1920 in 9 Redland Green, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 47, and was buried in Kings Weston, Henbury, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 10th July, 1920, Wilfrid Grace (1888), of 9 Redland Green, Bristol, aged 47 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Chartered Accountant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in 20 Westfield Park, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Wilfrid married **Dorothea Grace Thorp**,^{8,39,79,166,193,289,372,420} daughter of **William Henry Thorp**^{3,7,39,42,79,157,165,187} and **Catharine Sarah Dymond**,^{3,7,39,79,157,165,187} on 15 Jun 1905 in FMH Leeds. Dorothea was born on 28 May 1880 in Chapel House, Headingley, Leeds and died on 10 Oct 1979 in 27 Upper Belgrave Road, Bristol at age 99. They had four children: **Catherine Dymond**, **Helen Mary**, **Henry**, and **Wilfred Windsor**.

Marriage Notes: GRACE-THORP.-On the 15th June, 1905, at Leeds, Wilfrid Grace (1888), of Bristol, to Dorothea Grace Thorp, of Leeds.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895-Dec 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

18-**Catherine Dymond Grace**^{166,372} was born on 14 Jan 1907 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 2 Aug 1986 at age 79.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 14th January, 1907, at Bristol, Dorothea G., the wife of Wilfrid Grace (1888-88), a daughter, who was named Catherine Dymond.

18-**Helen Mary Grace**^{193,372} was born on 28 Nov 1908 in 15 Fernbank Road, Redland, Bristol and died in Nov 2001 in Somerset at age 93.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 27th November , 1908, at Bristol , Dorothea G., wife of Wilfred Grace (1888), a daughter.

Helen married **Hugh William Hubbard**. They had one daughter: **Susan**.

19-**Susan Hubbard**

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Susan married **Ian Rogers**. They had two children: **Timothy** and **James**.

20-**Timothy Rogers**

20-**James Rogers**

18-**Henry Grace**⁴²⁰ was born on 14 Nov 1911 in 9 Redland Green, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 31 May 1994 at age 82.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 14th November, 1911, at Bristol, Dorothea G., wife of Wilfrid Grace (1888), a son, who was named Henry.

Henry married **Ann Warren Handrahan**, daughter of **James Handrahan** and **Mary Murphy**. They had four children: **Christopher, Peter, Ann**, and **Siobhan**.

19-**Christopher Grace**

19-**Peter Grace**

19-**Ann Grace**

Ann married **Rainer Ackermann**.

19-**Siobhan Grace**

Siobhan married **Stephen Waters**. They had two children: **Katherine** and **Nicholas**.

20-**Katherine Waters**

20-**Nicholas Waters**

18-**Rev. Wilfred Windsor Grace**^{289,372,414} was born on 24 Jun 1915 in 9 Redland Green, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: GRACE.--On the 24th June, 1915, at 9 Redland Road, Bristol, Dorothea Grace (Thorp), wife of Wilfrid Grace (1888), a son, who was named Wilfrid Windsor .

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Minety in Oaksey Rectory, Malmesbury, Wiltshire.

Wilfred married **Joan Frances Bobbett**. They had two children: **John Windsor** and **Richard**.

19-**John Windsor Grace**

John married **Ann Penelope Thomas**.

19-**Richard Grace**

Richard married **Hazel Patrice Wilkins**. They had two children: **Hannah Frances Elizabeth** and **Harrison George Windsor**.

20-**Hannah Frances Elizabeth Grace**

20-**Harrison George Windsor Grace**

17-**Isabel Mary Grace**^{79,372,414} was born on 19 May 1874 in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 8 Jul 1961 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1889-Dec 1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

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17-**Augustine Neave Grace**^{7,39,109,115,127,156,157,184,295,372,414,421} was born on 31 Aug 1875 in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 27 Feb 1953 in Lanoy Cottage, Dipper Road, Waddon, Croydon, Surrey at age 77.

General Notes: GRACE.-On 27th February, 1953, at his home at Croydon, Augustine Neave Grace (1890-91), aged 77 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1890-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Builder and Contractor, Grace and Marsh (Builders) in 1904 in London.
- He resided at 12 Warrington Road in 1935 in Croydon, Surrey.

Augustine married **Margaret Sarah Morland**,^{39,109,156,184,372,414} daughter of **Charles Coleby Morland**^{2,7,12,39,47,79,171,207} and **Jane Fryer**,^{2,7,12,39,47,79,207,328} on 18 Apr 1906 in FMH Croydon. Margaret was born on 1 Jan 1884 and died on 9 Jul 1922 in Croydon, Surrey at age 38. They had two children: **Ernest Neave** and **Elizabeth Morland**.

Marriage Notes: GRACE-MORLAND.-On the 18th April, 1906, at Croydon, Augustine N. Grace (1890-1), to Margaret S. Morland, both of Croydon.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1899-Mar 1901 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**Ernest Neave Grace**^{184,372,414} was born on 17 Dec 1907 in Caswell, Purley, Surrey and died on 10 Nov 1987 at age 79.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 17th December, 1907, at Casswell, Purley, Margaret Sarah, wife of Augustine Neave Grace (1890-1), a son, who was named Ernest Neave.

Ernest married **Bettine (Belle) Secker**. They had three children: **Maretta**, **Penelope**, and **Hilary**.

19-**Maretta Grace**

Maretta married **Peter Stark**. They had two children: **Timothy** and **Nicola**.

20-**Timothy Stark**

20-**Nicola Stark**

19-**Penelope Grace**

Penelope married **Reginald Carpanini**. They had two children: **Claire Isabel** and **Annabel**.

20-**Claire Isabel Carpanini**

20-**Annabel Carpanini**

19-**Hilary Grace**

Hilary married **Anthony Pateman**. They had two children: **Emely** and **Sophie**.

20-**Emely Pateman**

20-**Sophie Pateman**

18-**Elizabeth Morland Grace**^{109,414} was born on 4 Oct 1913 in Tamworth Road, Croydon, Surrey.

General Notes: GRACE.--On the 4th October, 1913, at Tamworth Road, Croydon, Margaret Sarah (Morland), wife of Augustine Neave Grace (1890-1), a daughter , who was named Elizabeth Morland.

Elizabeth married **Jones**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Augustine next married **Monica Kathleen Marriage**,^{7,39,115,157,295,372,421} daughter of **Herbert Marriage**^{7,47} and **Marianne Corder**,^{7,47} on 24 Jan 1925 in FMH Bridgwater, Somerset. Monica was born on 26 Apr 1899 and died in 1960 in (1995 Also Given) at age 61. They had three children: **John Stephenson**, **Kathleen Mary**, and **Veronica Ann**.

18-**John Stephenson Grace**

John married **Stephanie Thora Abrey**. They had two children: **Jennifer Christine** and **Michael John**.

19-**Jennifer Christine Grace**

Jennifer married **Rodney Stace**. They had one daughter: **Deborah Josephine**.

20-**Deborah Josephine Stace**

19-**Michael John Grace**

Michael married **Judith Mary Shirley Hart**.

18-**Kathleen Mary Grace**

Kathleen married **Rex Cherrett**. They had four children: **Martin**, **Adrian**, **Quentin**, and **Timothy**.

19-**Martin Cherrett**

19-**Adrian Cherrett**

Adrian married **Lesley Adams**. They had one son: **Matthew J.**

20-**Matthew J. Cherrett**

19-**Quentin Cherrett**

19-**Timothy Cherrett**

18-**Veronica Ann Grace**

Veronica married **Norman Robertson**. They had three children: **Arlene**, **Marion**, and **Allison**.

19-**Arlene Robertson**

Arlene married **Bernard McNally**. They had two children: **Stuart Robertson** and **Kyle Alexander**.

20-**Stuart Robertson McNally**

20-**Kyle Alexander McNally**

19-**Marion Robertson**

Marion married **Philip Sharkey**.

19-**Allison Robertson**

Allison married **Gordon Geddes**. They had two children: **Laura Grace** and **Elenor Alexander**.

20-**Laura Grace Geddes**

20-**Elenor Alexander Geddes**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Wilhelmina Grace** was born on 4 Mar 1878 in Cotham, Bristol (June also given) and died in 1966⁴¹⁴ at age 88.

Wilhelmina married **Dr. Charles Alfred Marsh**,^{7,414} son of **William Alfred Marsh**^{7,74,283} and **Caroline Haworth**,^{7,283} on 18 Jun 1908. Charles was born on 18 Mar 1878 in Dorking, Surrey and died on 9 Jul 1953 at age 75.

17-**Stephenson Grace** was born on 15 Jun 1881 in Cambourne House, Redland, Bristol and died in 1969 at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chartered Accountant.

Stephenson married **Hilda Mary Dymond**, daughter of **Charles Joseph Dymond** and **Margaret Harris Alexander**, on 3 Sep 1912 in FMH Newcastle. Hilda was born on 12 Nov 1885 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1968 at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1901-Apr 1902 in York, Yorkshire.

14-**Ellen Abraham**^{7,8,49,178} was born on 15 Jan 1758 and died on 10 Jan 1841 in Doncaster, Yorkshire at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Minister.
- Miscellaneous: Annual Monitor 1845-1846 says her father was John Abraham,.

Ellen married **Richard Cockin**^{7,8,49,178} on 4 Apr 1799 in York, Yorkshire. Richard was born on 26 Mar 1753 in Armthorpe, Doncaster, Yorkshire and died on 16 Aug 1845 in Doncaster, Yorkshire at age 92. They had two children: **Hannah** and **Ellen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Breeches maker in Doncaster, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder in 1792 in Balby MM.

15-**Hannah Cockin**^{7,8,40} was born on 5 Dec 1800 in Doncaster, Yorkshire and died on 15 May 1879 in Halifax, Yorkshire at age 78.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Hannah married **Joseph Thorp**,^{7,8,40,57,63,69,81} son of **John Thorp**^{7,422} and **Elizabeth Stansfield**,^{7,422} on 30 Aug 1837 in Handsworth Woodhouse, Sheffield, Yorkshire. Joseph was born on 30 Jun 1803 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 23 Sep 1873 in Llandudno, North Wales at age 70. They had two children: **Ellen Elizabeth** and **Joseph Alfred**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Woolstapler of Halifax.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1853.

16-**Ellen Elizabeth Thorp**^{7,8,39} was born on 14 Aug 1839 in Halifax.

Ellen married **Dr. William Waite**³⁹ in FMH Cartmel, Cumbria. William was born in 1829 and died in 1907 at age 78. They had four children: **Sarah Gertrude**, **Ellen Clare**, **Joseph Thorp**, and **William Herbert**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician in Halifax, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

17-**Sarah Gertrude Waite** was born on 24 Sep 1866 in Halifax, Yorkshire.

17-**Ellen Clare Waite** was born on 26 Oct 1867 in Halifax, Yorkshire.

Ellen married **Dr. John Frederic Gill** in 1908 in Halifax, Yorkshire. John was born in 1877.

17-**Joseph Thorp Waite**³⁹ was born on 5 Feb 1870 in Halifax, Yorkshire, died on 21 Jan 1916 in Kut, Iraq at age 45, and was buried in Amara War Cemetery, Iraq, Grave XIX. C. 2. The cause of his death was Killed in action.

General Notes: Joseph was the son of Dr. William Waite and his wife Ellen. He was born in 1870 at Halifax, educated at Bootham School in York, and was a medical student at Manchester University between 1886 and 1888 and a resident of Dalton Hall. Afterwards he went to Edinburgh Medical School and took his L.R.C.P.S. (Licentiate of the Royal College Physicians & Surgeons) in 1896. He spent some time as Medical Officer to the West African Medical Staff in Northern Nigeria. When war broke out Joseph was in General Practice at Pluckley, Kent, where he had been commissioned into the East Kent Regiment in April 1913, and died during the Battle of Kut on 21st January 1916.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with LRCP LRCS LFPS.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1883-1886 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Manchester in 1886-1888.
- He was educated at University of Edinburgh.
- He worked as a Physician in Pluckley, Kent.
- He worked as a Lieutenant, 1st/5th The Buffs (East Kent Regiment) in 1916.

Joseph married **Hilda Mary Smith**. They had one son: **Derrick**.

18-**Derrick Waite**³⁹ was born in 1903 in Kent and died in 1950 in Portsmouth, Hampshire at age 47.

17-**William Herbert Waite**³⁹ was born in 1873 in Halifax, Yorkshire and died on 17 Dec 1924 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Heath Grammar School in Halifax, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1886-1888 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Clare College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Master at Penketh School in 1897-1902 in Penketh, Warrington, Cheshire.
- He worked as a Master at Ackworth School in 1902-1924 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.

16-**Joseph Alfred Thorp**^{7,8} was born on 12 Apr 1841 in Halifax and died on 17 Sep 1842 at age 1.

15-**Ellen Cockin**^{8,178} was born on 13 Mar 1803 in Doncaster, Yorkshire, died on 21 Jun 1841 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 38, and was buried in FBG The Pleasance, Edinburgh.

Ellen married **William Miller**,^{2,8,60,171,178} son of **George Miller** and **Ann Tweedie**,^{8,60} on 17 Apr 1833 in Doncaster, Yorkshire. William was born on 28 May 1796 in 2 Drummond Street, Edinburgh, died on 20 Jan 1882 in 1 Victoria Road, Ecclesall Bierlow, Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 85, and was buried on 23 Jan 1882 in FBG The Pleasance, Edinburgh. They had five children: **William Frederick**, **Henry Clare**, **George**, **Ellen Clare**, and **Georgina**.

General Notes: Miller, William (1796– 1882), engraver, was born on 28 May 1796 at 2 Drummond Street, Edinburgh, the youngest son of George Miller, a shawl manufacturer descended from a Quaker family who had settled in Edinburgh in 1688, and his wife, Anne. He attended day school in Edinburgh and at the age of nine went to a Friends' boarding-school in Leeds with two elder brothers, returning home in 1807 for private tuition. His father intended him to enter the family business, but he expressed a strong desire to become an engraver and in 1811 was apprenticed to William Archibald, an Edinburgh engraver with Quaker connections. After four years he set up his own practice: one of his

first commissions was to provide illustrations for an encyclopaedia, possibly the 1817 edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica. The proceeds from this, together with financial support from his father, enabled him to go to London in 1819 to study with the landscape engraver George Cooke in Hackney. Miller returned to the former family home, Hope Park in Edinburgh, in 1821 and established a successful business as a landscape engraver. In 1831 he set up his studio there. It was renamed Millerfield in 1863, and he resided there for the rest of his life. One hundred and twelve works are known to contain his illustrations. Two hundred of his engravings are listed in A Catalogue of Engravings by his son William Frederick Miller, appended to Memorials of Hope Park (privately printed, 1886); this provides an extraordinarily complete record of an engraver's work. He first used a steel plate for the title-page to volume 2 of Constable's Miscellany (1825). This was followed by On the Thames Near Windsor after W. Havall (1828) for The Winter's Wreath (1829), after which Miller employed steel continuously for books. He became best known for his engravings after J. M. W. Turner, which were greatly admired for their atmospheric effects. His large plates after Turner include The Grand Canal, Venice (1837), Modern Italy (1842), issued by the Art Union, The Bell Rock Lighthouse (1864), and St Michael's Mount (1866); those after other artists include The Battle of Trafalgar (1839) after Clarkson Stanfield, A Sunset at Sea after a Storm (1849) after Francis Danby, and engravings after Gainsborough and William Howison. Other illustrations include plates for Scott's Waverley novels (1842– 7), the Picturesque Annual (1832– 4), Literary Souvenir (1833), Hall's Book of Gems (1836– 8), the Imperial Family Bible (1844), Imperial Bible Dictionary (1866), and Hood's Poems (1871– 2). One work not included in A Catalogue of Engravings but attributed to Miller is a bookplate for Hugh Bransby after A. Nasmyth (1820). Slater (5th edn, 1921) indicated that some of Miller's plates were still in existence and printed from occasionally: their subsequent history is unknown. Miller married twice: his first wife died young, leaving several children. His second wife, Jane, survived him, together with a son and three daughters. In 1826 he was elected a founder member (associate engraver) of the Royal Scottish Academy, where he occasionally exhibited watercolours, but he withdrew after the first meeting, together with eight others who felt the enterprise was too ambitious. In 1862 he was elected an honorary member, and in 1866 he made an unsuccessful bid to be elected to the Royal Academy in London. He had two assistants and six pupils at different times, but none attained his own eminence. Always active in Quaker and social affairs, during the last ten years of his life Miller retired from engraving and occupied himself with watercolour painting and philanthropic work. He died on 20 January 1882 at 1 Victoria Road, Ecclesall Bierlow, Sheffield, while visiting his daughter, and was buried in the cemetery of the meeting-house of the Society of Friends in Plesance, Edinburgh. The Victoria and Albert Museum holds a collection of his work.

Lois Oliver

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William Miller, 85 20 1 mo. 1882
Edinburgh. A Minister.

William Miller's life was so very unobtrusive, though most full of kindly thought and work for others, that materials for any lengthened biography are but scanty. He was the youngest son of George and Ann Miller, of Edinburgh, well known Friends in their generation, and was born there on the 28th of Fifth month, 1796. His parents were tenderly concerned to bring up their children in the nurture and admonition of the Lord, and from his very early years he was one who sought after the Lord and had a sense of His love and protecting care, which never left him through all the difficulties and trials of his long life. He early entered upon the experience of a boarding-school, being sent, when only about nine years old, to Joseph Tatham's school at Leeds. At that time the late James Backhouse, of York, was one of the elder scholars, and with him especially William Miller formed a lifelong friendship, which ripened in after years into close religious fellowship, and they travelled together in Gospel service in Scotland and elsewhere. When quite a child he had shown a great love for drawing, but his parents felt considerable doubt as to the lawfulness of the "fine arts," and endeavoured to divert his attention from them, and to arouse an interest in business; and with this view, after leaving school, he was placed in his father's warehouse. The position was, however, most uncongenial to him, and after some months' trial he was allowed to follow the natural bent of his genius, and soon attained considerable proficiency as a line engraver. Principally with a view to perfect himself in this profession, in which he afterwards became so eminent, he resided in London in early manhood for nearly two years, and to this period he always referred as a time of great enjoyment, and of spiritual growth through his association with congenial friends. After his return from London he settled down in his father's house at Edinburgh, where he was soon called upon to act as the head and support of the family during several years of much domestic trial. In 1833 he married, but after a happy union of eight years his beloved wife died. It was whilst weighed down with this great sorrow that he first spoke as a minister, much to the satisfaction of his friends, though some years elapsed before he was recorded as such. Being naturally of a shy retiring disposition, he felt much diffidence in speaking in public; and it was only a strong sense of duty which drew him out of the family circle to appear prominently either before his fellow-members in religious profession, or more publicly before his fellow-citizens. He seldom spoke in meetings at much length, but his addresses were weighty, and given forth in much love, and were full of the spirit as well as of the

words of Scripture. He was often led earnestly to exhort his hearers not to put off seeking the Lord to " a more convenient season," but to come to Him " while it is called to-day." His last address, delivered in the meeting-house at Sheffield, will be long remembered by those who heard it, as, with beaming countenance, he spoke of the happiness wdiich awaits those who have taken the Lord for their portion ; concluding with the words, " In Thy presence is fulness of joy, at Thy right hand there are pleasures for evermore." In the business meetings of Friends in Scotland, of which lie was a most diligent attender, his sound judgment, as well as his long experience as Clerk and on other appointments, were greatly valued.

In 1844 William Miller married again, and the union proved a great blessing to himself and to his children. Of his genial hospitality much might be said. The injunction, " Be not forgetful to entertain strangers," had been handed down to him by his father from still earlier generations, and was very heartily carried out in his house- hold.

Works of benevolence and charity, carried on outside the Society of Friends, met with his ready and cordial support, wherever he felt he could unite in them without compromising his religious principles. The Anti-Slavery Society, the Peace Society, the Temperance cause, the collection for the French war victims, and many other works for the welfare of mankind, received from him valuable assistance in time and unstinted labour, at a period when he was very closely engaged in the necessary duties of his profession. Several years before his death, however, he was able to lay business cares aside, and, whilst still devoting as much strength as his advancing years permitted to works of benevolence, he enjoyed to the fall the quiet pleasures of his garden and the beauties of nature, of which he was an enthusiastic and most appreciative admirer. In the words of one of his favourite poets -

*" His were the mountains, and the valleys his,
And the resplendent river. His to enjoy
With a propriety that none can feel,
But who, with filial confidence inspired,
Can lift to Heaven an unpresunaptuous eye,
And smiling say - "My Father made them all."*

Much of his time was spent in the quiet enjoyment of his favourite occupation of water-colour painting. His last picture, on which 'he was working the evening before he was taken ill, shows that " his eye was not dim," nor was there any failing of his wonted skill.

He had been so long walking in the " Land of Benlah " that it seemed only an easy step over the river. During the last few days of a month rich in happy memories, spent at the house of his children at Sheffield, he took a slight cold, which seemed, however, speedily to yield to remedies, and until Fifth-day morning, the 19th of First month, no special clanger was apprehended. On Fourth-day morning, however, the consciousness that he was not likely to recover seemed to come over him, and it was then that his mind appeared filled w T ith the thought of the great change " from death unto life " which awaited him. On Fifth- day he seemed very ill, and, though the doctor still considered that he might rally, it was evident all through the night that he was sinking fast. His mind, however, continued very bright ; there was no suffering, and he_ was conscious to the last. After taking leave of each member of the family separately, and sending a message of love to his friends, he said, " I hope you will all be as happy as I am when you come to this." Looking an expressive and loving farewell on all around him, he closed his eyes, into which the light of Heaven was plainly shining, and literally " fell on sleep," to awake in the presence of the Lord, whom he loved and served.

*" For ever with the Lord ! Amen ! so let it be.
Life from the dead is in that word ; 'Tis immortality.
So when the last faint breath Shall rend the veil in twain,
By death I shall escape from death, And life eternal gain."*

The remains were taken to Edinburgh, and interred in the Friends' burial-ground, The Pleasance, on the 23rd of First month, a large number of his fellow-citizens, including many members of the Royal Scottish Academy, attending the funeral.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1805-1807 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1854 in Edinburgh MM.
- He worked as an Engraver. Principal engraver for J W M Turner in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

16-**William Frederick Miller**^{8,224} was born on 18 Sep 1834 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 28 Apr 1918 in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Artist, Engraver and Botanist.

William married **Mary Miller Woodhead**,^{7,106,224} daughter of **Firth Woodhead**^{7,59,106,224} and **Mary Miller**,^{7,106,224} on 3 Jul 1873 in Liverpool. Mary was born on 4 Dec 1846 in Mount Pleasant, Liverpool.

Marriage Notes: Date of marriage is also given as June 1873

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1858-Dec 1858 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**Henry Clare Miller**⁸ was born on 9 Oct 1835 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 15 May 1837 at age 1.

16-**George Miller**⁸ was born on 23 Apr 1837 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 1838 at age 1.

16-**Ellen Clare Miller**^{7,80,178,256,384} was born on 17 Jun 1839 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 3 Nov 1914 in Wilmslow, Cheshire at age 75.

General Notes: Ellen Clare Pearson . . 75 3 11 1914 Wilmslow, Cheshire. Widow of Edward Pear- son. An Elder. Ellen Clare Pearson, born at Edinburgh on the 17th of 6th mo., 1839, was the eldest daughter of William Miller, of that city, the artist engraver, whose ancestors had been leading Friends in Scotland for more than a hundred years. Her mother was Ellen, the youngest daughter of Richard Cocking, of Doncaster, whose wife Ellen Abraham, was fifth in descent from Rachel, the youngest daughter of Judge and Margaret Fell, of Swarthmore Hall. Her home at Hope Park was then quite in the country, and a grand old garden in which the five children were allowed to run wild, probably instilled that love of flowers and gardening which was so strong in her all her life. Artistic friends of her father, and grave and weighty members of the Society of Friends from England and America, were frequent visitors at Hope Park, and the children shared the privilege of being in their company, and listening to their conversation. The Ladies' Institution in Park Place, where she went to school, had a great influence on her character ; she never ceased to be grateful to the distinguished masters who lectured there - one of them, a Royalist emigre from France, imparted to her an intimate knowledge of French, which was most useful in after life. In 1854 she took her place in the school as Most Distingiishod Pupil, gaining also the Winfield Medal. A great love for literature, particularly poetry, soon manifested itself. She learnt a great deal by heart, and her repetition of it gave great pleasure at a time when music and singing were " taboo " by strict Friends. For many years she contributed poetry to the Edinburgh Friends' Literary Society, and in 1894 a collection of her verses was published, the book being illustrated throughout with flowers. In 1857 she left home to assist Wilhelmina Taylor at Frenchay School, near Bristol. She met with a warm, welcome from relations and Friends in the West of England, and formed not a few life -long friendships with them and her pupils. After five very happy years she returned home, but went at different times to assist Wilhelmina Taylor and Lydia Rous for short periods at The Mount School, York. She accompanied Eli and Sybil Jones in 1867 on their visit to Palestine and the East, their concern being to establish schools for education and particularly scriptural instruction for the native children. The serious illness of Sybil Jones necessitated their return when they had only reached Jerusalem, but when, in 1869, Eli and Sybil Jones paid another visit to the East, E. C. Miller was again their travelling companion. Schools were visited in The Lebanon and elsewhere, and soon after their return to England the way was opened for the establishment of the Friends' Syrian Mission, to the work of which in collecting and administering the funds, E. C. Miller, and in later years her husband, gave much devoted service. On her return from the second visit to Palestine she published a little volume of Prose and Poetry entitled "Eastern Sketches." The edition was speedily exhausted, but the book was never reprinted. After the Franco - Prussian War, Robert and Christine Alsop made a tour through the West and South of France, distributing portions of Scripture, and a special message of love and sympathy from the Society of Friends to the sufferers from the war. E. C. Miller was one of those who went with them to help to convene the meetings, and to distribute the scriptures, and she always felt that this was one of the happiest experiences of her life. Edward Pearson, of Wilmslow, nr. Manchester, had been a frequent visitor at her father's house for some years, and became her husband in 1873 - for 39 years their union was one of much happiness and useful service. Their interests in the work of the Society of Friends, Foreign Missions, Temperance, and many philanthropic societies led them into social work, where they formed many valued friendships. Perhaps in an especial degree she had the gift of making a happy home for her husband and their two children, and she shared this home life with relatives and friends, many of whom have written of the peace and contentment which her presence always inspired. The trials of delicate health in herself and her son, only deepened her love and faith in God, and in His overshadowing care. For many years her husband was in failing health, and during that time her son passed away after a long decline, yet in all the sorrow she often bore testimony to the wonderful personal care and providences of God, who helped in the details of life as well as in the great afflictions. She was one to whom it was easy to talk, and many poured out their troubles to her, feeling the comfort of her sympathetic interest and loving counsels. Her helpful words in Meetings for worship were inspired by her love to God because of His love to her in the gift of her Saviour, in whose atoning and redemptive work her faith rested. Her early religious experiences were of the somewhat formal Friendly type of that generation, and it was not till she had passed girlhood, as she read the Life of Fletcher of Madeley, that the need was brought home to her of a personal experience of the forgiveness of sin and the constraining power of Christ's love. She continued to grow in the faith and hope of the Gospel ; a young Friend remarked how wonderful it was that E. C. Pearson had adapted herself to the new thought of the last ten years, to which she always gave sympathetic attention even if she could not quite unite with it. The outbreak of the European War was a great grief to her, and she entered into the crisis through which Friends were passing with great earnestness, being certain that she must be convinced anew of the Will of Christ for us in the matter. She frequently said that she believed we knew what wo ought to do, and that we must humbly and earnestly pray that we might have strength to do it. Though not able to attend the Llandudno Conference, she kept in close touch with it at Colwyn Bay, and just a month later, when planning for a winter of quiet Peace work in Wilmslow, she was called Home, 3 xi. 1914. She passed through a final valley of suffering, which seemed to those around to be in some way partaking in the pangs of the War, and then entered with joy into the Presence of her Saviour.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Ladies' Institution, Park Place, Edinburgh.
- She worked as a Teaching assistant to Wilhelmina Taylor, Frenchay School 1857 To 1862 in Frenchay, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Ellen married **Edward Pearson**,^{7,80,256,384} son of **Benjamin Pearson**¹¹⁰ and **Charlotte Elizabeth Giberne**,¹¹⁰ in 1873. Edward was born on 12 Nov 1836 in Manchester and died on 4 Mar 1912 in Wilmslow, Cheshire at age 75. They had two children: **Edward William** and **Helen Margaret**.

General Notes: Edward Pearson 75 4 3mo. 1912 Wilmslow. The parents of Edward Pearson were persons of strong religious convictions and force of character, who had each at considerable sacrifice left the Church of England to join Friends. He was born in Manchester on the 12th of Ilmo., 1836, in the troubled time of the Beaconite controversy, the influence of which undoubtedly left its impress on his character, his father and mother being among those who were then lost to the Society. In 1845, a great sorrow befel the family in the loss of three little daughters by scarlet fever within a few weeks of each other. And in the winter of the same year the father and mother and three remaining children removed to Wilmslow, Cheshire, 12 miles from Manchester. This place continued to be Edward Pearson's home to the end of his days. His father took an active part in public life, and was a friend of Richard Cobden, who said that he owed to Benjamin Pearson his education in the principles of Free Trade ; and the influence of his and kindred minds, and the discussion of Peace, Temperance and other social and political questions, helped to lay the foundations of the boy's character. His tastes were literary and scientific, and he was the youngest of the 25 original students who entered Owen's College, Manchester, early in 1851. He was looking forward to a professional career, when his father's failing health necessitated his relinquishing this hope in order to help him in the business, and his father's death in 1857, obliged him to take up at the age of 19, the full burden of an active commercial life, as partner in one of the oldest firms in the woollen trade in Manchester. Edward Pearson as a youth attended the services of the Congregational Chapel and of the Church of England, but at the age of 21, under the influence of Joseph Thorp, an intimate friend of his father's, he claimed his birthright membership in our Society, of which he continued a loyal and active member. Several years before this, he had begun Sunday School teaching, and his weekly Bible class was to the end one of the deepest interests of his life. As a young boy, he signed the Total Abstinence Pledge, and became interested in the Temperance Cause, of which, in its personal, religious and legislative aspects, he was both by voice and pen an untiring advocate. In 1864, he established in Wilmslow, and maintained for some years, a public-house without intoxicating drinks, contemporaneously with the initiation of the " British Workman " movement. He was for 45 years a member of the Executive of the United Kingdom Alliance, giving unstintedly of his time and strength to this work, being deeply convinced that the power of the Liquor Traffic is the greatest hindrance to the spread of the Kingdom of God. His interest in home and foreign mission - work was also. great ; the Manchester City Mission, of which his father was one of the founders, had his warm support, and he was one of the Friends on the original Committee which developed into the Friends' Foreign Mission Association. His marriage in 1873, with Ellen Clare, eldest daughter of William Miller of Edinburgh, who accompanied Eli and Sybil Jones in their pioneer visits to Syria and Palestine in 1867, 1868 and 1869, drew him into close connection with the Friends' Syrian Mission. He acted jointly with the late Wm. C. Allen as its treasurer until 1889, and continued an active member of the Committee until its amalgamation with the Friends' Foreign Mission Association in 1898, becoming after that date a consultative member of the Board. " He was " - to quote the words of one associated with him in this work - " a man of warm sympathies and strong independent views, courageous, and very loyal to Christ. Long laid aside by illness, he retained to the last his interest in the missionary work of Friends, upholding the various fields and many of the individual missionaries in daily prayerful remembrance . ' ' His religious life had a deep foundation in the strong evangelical influence of his father and mother, and in his own early personal realization of the truth that " Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners." At the same time, his vigorous intellect made him deeply interested in religious and theological works of many schools of thought, from which his keen critical faculty helped him to gather and assimilate what was good ; and he delighted in passing on to others any fresh light received, which might help their faith and elucidate the Bible truths which were precious to himself. He began to take part in the vocal service of our Meetings soon after joining Friends, and continued to exercise his gift in the ministry both in his own Society and among other religious bodies. His business engagements led him for many years to travel extensively in Great Britain and Ireland, and in his way he visited a great many of -our Meetings, always ready to help in his Master's service in them, and in Sunday Schools and Bible-classes. His lectures and addresses on religious, literary and scientific subjects in various places were sources of great interest both to himself and his hearers, and for many years he was a frequent contributor to the Friends' Quarterly Examiner and other papers. He was a valued member of Cheshire Monthly Meeting, which he served as Clerk for six years, and as Treasurer for over twenty years, all his work being characterized by " an infinite capacity for taking pains." Edward Pearson formed close friendships with Isaac Brown, Joseph S. Sewell and other worthies of our Society, and was also, through his mother's family, intimate with the Newmans, John Henry (afterwards Cardinal) Newman and his brother Francis, for whom he had a warm regard, as well as with Dr Dale of Birmingham, Percy Bunting, fellow student with him at Owen's College, and many others. His mind was thus brought into contact with other very varied minds, and his love of nature, of the fine arts and of poetry, as well as of astronomy, meteorology and other sciences helped him in his strenuous business life and social and political work - all being undertaken in a desire for the spread of the Kingdom of God. The strain of an anxious business life, the intervals of which were filled up with work for others, proved too great as he advanced in age, and in 1907, he was suddenly prostrated by a severe attack of congestion of the brain, from which he never fully recovered. Incapacitated for business, he was for a time still able, to some extent, to enjoy his enforced leisure, and to the last he kept in touch with the events of the day, by reading his daily paper, books bearing on the history, geography and archaeology of Bible Lands, and reports of the mission -fields throughout the world, which always had his liveliest interest ; he was also engaged in studying his Greek Bible until within a few days of the end. The loss of his only son after many months' illness, in the autumn of 1910, followed within a few weeks by that of his only sister, bore heavily on his failing health, and for the last eighteen months of his life his physical and intellectual powers gradually ebbed away, until, on the 4th of 3rd month, 1912, his spirit passed into the more immediate presence of Him whom in youth and in the strength of his manhood he had loved and served. " Safe home, safe home in port ! Rent cordage, shattered deck, Torn sails, provisions short, And only not a wreck. But oh ! the joy upon the shore, To tell our voyage perils o'er. The prize, the prize secure ! The athlete nearly fell, Bare all he could endure, And bare not always well. But he may smile at troubles gone, Who sets the victor-garland on. The lamb is in the fold, In perfect safety penn'd, The lion once had hold, And thought to make an end ; But One came by with wounded side, And for the sheep the Shepherd died."

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Woollen merchant in Wilmslow, Cheshire.

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17-**Edward William Pearson**^{39,252,256,384} was born in 1878 in Albert Park, Wilmslow, Cheshire and died on 5 Sep 1910 in Wilmslow, Cheshire at age 32.

General Notes: PEARSON.-On the 5th September, 1910, at Wilmslow, Edward William Pearson (1891-4), aged 32.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1891-1894 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Helen Margaret Pearson**^{7,372} was born on 26 Sep 1882 in Albert Park, Wilmslow, Cheshire and died on 2 Aug 1968 in York, Yorkshire at age 85.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Jul 1900 in York, Yorkshire.

Helen married **John Henry Neave**,^{7,178,180,372,414} son of **Shipley Neave**^{4,7,60,88,372} and **Elizabeth Stephenson**,^{4,7,88,372} on 13 Apr 1916 in Knutsford, Cheshire. John was born on 18 Apr 1842 in Cheetham, Manchester, died on 19 Jun 1925 in Wilmslow, Cheshire at age 83, and was buried in FBG Ashton-on-Mersey, Manchester.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth.
- He worked as a Wool dealer in Manchester.

16-**Georgina Miller**^{8,39,293} was born on 27 Apr 1841 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 3 Dec 1867 in Doncaster, Yorkshire at age 26.

Georgina married **Samuel Clark**,^{39,293,419} son of **Joseph Clark**^{4,7,11,24} and **Ann Woodhead**,^{4,7,11,24} in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Samuel was born on 19 Jan 1833, died on 13 Oct 1903 in Santa Rosa, California, USA at age 70, and was buried in Santa Rosa Rural Cemetery, Santa Rosa, California, USA. They had one son: **William Miller**.

General Notes: CLARK.-On the 13th October, 1904, at Santa Rosa, California, Samuel Clark (1846-8), aged 71 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1846-1848 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Book-keeper.
- He emigrated to America in 1868.
- He worked as a Fruit grower in Santa Rosa, California, USA.

17-**William Miller Clark** was born on 12 Nov 1867 and died on 28 Dec 1867.

14-**Margaret Abraham**⁸ was born on 14 Jun 1760 and died on 5 Nov 1839 in Doncaster, Yorkshire at age 79. She had no known marriage and no known children.

14-**Rachel Abraham**⁸ was born on 24 May 1762 and died before 1770.

14-**Ann Abraham**⁸ was born on 28 May 1764 and died on 7 Mar 1852 in Doncaster, Yorkshire at age 87. She had no known marriage and no known children.

14-**Robert Abraham**⁸ was born on 27 Apr 1766 and died on 7 Mar 1813 in London at age 46.

Robert married **Ann Isabella Robinson**,⁸ daughter of **John Robinson** and **Susannah**, on 30 Jan 1794 in Marylebone, London. Ann was born on 10 Oct 1765 in Clerkenwell, London and died on 6 Apr 1845 in Hackney, London at age 79. They had five children: **Henry Clare**, **Ellen Clare**, **Anna Isabella**, **Maria**, and **Elizabeth**.

15-**Henry Clare Abraham**⁸ was born in Sep 1795 and died on 10 Oct 1835 in New York, New York, USA at age 40.

Henry married **Charlotte Good**. They had no children.

15-**Ellen Clare Abraham**⁸ was born on 13 Nov 1797 in Houndsditch, Bishopsgate, London.

Ellen married **William Nicholas Gardiner**,⁸ son of **Thomas Gardiner** and **Catherine**, on 12 Jun 1819 in St. Botolph's Church, Aldgate, London. William was born on 23 Nov

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1788 and died on 7 Feb 1829 in Houndsditch, Bishopsgate, London at age 40. They had two children: **William Henry** and **Ellen Ann**.

16-**William Henry Gardiner**⁸ was born on 27 Mar 1820 in Oracabessa, Jamaica and died on 27 Jul 1852 in Pietermaritzburg, Natal, South Africa at age 32.

William married **Caroline Smith**. They had three children: **William Eustace**, **Bernard Robert**, and **Clare Ellen**.

17-**William Eustace Gardiner**⁸ was born on 6 Sep 1848 in Dalston.

17-**Bernard Robert Gardiner** was born on 29 Jul 1850 and died in Jun 1854 in Pimlico, London at age 3.

17-**Clare Ellen Gardiner**⁸ was born on 1 Jan 1852 in Pietermaritzburg, Natal, South Africa.

16-**Ellen Ann Gardiner**⁸ was born on 20 Dec 1822 in Stepney, London.

15-**Anna Isabella Abraham**⁸ died in Died Young.

15-**Maria Abraham**⁸ was born on 11 Oct 1801 in Houndsditch and died in Jan 1822 at age 20. She had no known marriage and no known children.

15-**Elizabeth Abraham**⁸ was born on 28 Oct 1804 in Houndsditch.

Elizabeth married **William Plumbridge**. They had two children: **Richard** and **Alfred**.

16-**Richard Plumbridge**

16-**Alfred Plumbridge**

14-**Maria Abraham**⁸ was born on 13 Nov 1768 and died on 8 Feb 1796 in Penrith, Cumbria at age 27.

14-**Thomas Abraham**⁸ was born on 1 Mar 1771 in Seaton, Whitehaven and died on 2 Nov 1861 in Carlisle, Cumbria at age 90.

Thomas married **Orpah Clarke**,⁸ daughter of **James Clarke**, on 8 Oct 1803 in Penrith parish church, Penrith, Cumbria. Orpah was born on 3 Feb 1780 in Watermillock, Cumbria, died on 29 Jan 1833 in Carlisle, Cumbria at age 52, and was buried in FBG Carlisle. They had nine children: **Robert**, **Mary**, **Mary**, **Sarah**, **John**, **John**, **Thomas**, **Margaret**, and **Henry**.

15-**Robert Abraham**⁸ was born on 14 Aug 1804 in Penrith, Cumbria and died on 10 Nov 1854 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada at age 50.

Robert married **Sarah Seed**.

15-**Mary Abraham**⁸ was born on 26 Apr 1806 in Penrith, Cumbria and died on 11 Jun 1806 in Penrith, Cumbria.

15-**Mary Abraham**⁸ was born on 17 Sep 1808 in Carlisle, Cumbria and died after 1855 in San Francisco, California, USA.

Mary married **Henry Murray**. They had three children: **Margaret Fell**, **Cornelia**, and **George Washington**.

16-**Margaret Fell Murray** was born in 1842 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in California, USA.

Margaret married **Isaac Tyson**.

16-**Cornelia Murray** was born about 1846 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

16-**George Washington Murray** was born about 1850 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

15-**Sarah Abraham**⁸ was born on 28 Aug 1810 in Carlisle, Cumbria and died on 20 Sep 1811 in Carlisle, Cumbria at age 1.

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15-**John Abraham**⁸ was born on 25 May 1812 in Carlisle, Cumbria and died on 12 Jun 1812 in Carlisle, Cumbria.

15-**John Abraham**⁸ was born on 7 Aug 1813 in Carlisle, Cumbria, died on 20 Feb 1881 in Grassendale, Liverpool at age 67, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Pharmaceutical chemist. Clay & Abraham & Co. In Liverpool.
- He worked as a Hon. Sec. Liverpool Gallery of Inventions and Science.
- He had a residence in Grassendale, Liverpool.

John married **Maria Hayes Tyerman**,⁸ daughter of **John Tyerman** and **Mary Mitford**, on 1 Aug 1844 in Liverpool. Maria was born on 21 Mar 1815 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 22 Dec 1902 in Grassendale, Liverpool at age 87, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool. They had five children: **Mary Elizabeth, Thomas Fell, Emma Clarke, Alfred Clay**, and **Henry Mitford**.

16-**Mary Elizabeth Abraham**^{8,16} was born on 29 Aug 1845 in Liverpool, died on 5 Feb 1872 at age 26, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool.

Mary married **Johannes Weingaertner**¹⁶ on 27 Jun 1866. Johannes was born in Cologne, Germany. They had two children: **John Henry** and **Gertrude**.

17-**John Henry Weingaertner**¹⁶ was born on 4 Jul 1867, died on 3 Feb 1879 in Liverpool at age 11, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool.

17-**Gertrude Weingaertner** was born in Nov 1868 in Liverpool, died on 16 May 1869 in Liverpool, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool.

16-**Thomas Fell Abraham**⁸ was born on 10 Oct 1847 in Liverpool.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist. Clay & Abraham Ltd. In Liverpool.

Thomas married **Margaret Sarah Brown**, daughter of **Joseph J. Brown**, on 23 Jun 1880 in FMH Woodbridge. Margaret was born in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 12 Jul 1889. They had five children: **Mildred, John, Edward Mitford, Isabel**, and **Frances Mary**.

17-**Mildred Abraham**

17-**John Fell**³⁹ was born on 14 Oct 1882 in Liverpool. Another name for John was John Fell Abraham.³⁹

General Notes: He changed his name from John Fell Abraham to John Fell.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School, York in 1895-1900.
- He worked as a Manufacturing Chemist.

John married **Mary Ormsby**. They had two children: **Christopher John** and **Rose Veronica**.

18-**Christopher John Fell**³⁹ was born in 1926.

18-**Rose Veronica Fell**³⁹ was born in 1927.

17-**Edward Mitford Abraham**^{39,148,172,423} was born on 17 Oct 1883 in Liverpool and died on 3 Nov 1959 in Green House Farm, Colton, Ulverston, Cumbria at age 76.

General Notes: ABRAHAM.-On 3rd November, 1959, Edward Mitford Abraham (1895-98), aged 76 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Caydale Mill, Yorkshire.

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- He was educated at Bootham School in 1895-1898 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1940-1954 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Photographer.
- He had a residence in Green House Farm, Colton, Ulverston, Cumbria.

Edward married **Kathleen Frances Elizabeth Cockshott**. They had one daughter: **Margaret Fell**.

18-**F/O Margaret Fell Abraham**

Margaret married someone.

17-**Isabel Abraham** was born in 1885 and died in 1964 at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1900-Jul 1904 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a History teacher, Wellington High School for Girls.

Isabel married **William McGregor Ross** in 1915. William was born in 1876 and died in 1940 at age 64. They had two children: **(No Given Name)** and **(No Given Name)**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in 1935-1940 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Assistant engineer, the Uganda Railway in 1900-1903 in Uganda.
- He worked as a Water supply engineer in 1904 in Nairobi, Kenya.
- He worked as a Director of Public Works in 1904-1923 in British East Africa.

18-**Ross**

18-**Ross**

17-**Frances Mary Abraham**

Thomas next married **Catherine Frances Williams**, daughter of **Bell Graham Williams**.

16-**Emma Clarke Abraham**⁸ was born on 10 Mar 1850 in Liverpool, died on 8 Aug 1934 in Swarthmoor, Ulverston, Cumbria at age 84, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool. Ashes interred. She had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: She was involved in the re-purchase of Swarthmore Hall and undertook much of the resoration work. After her death and that of her nephew, the Hall reverted in 1954 to London Yearly Meeting.

16-**Alfred Clay Abraham**⁸ was born on 26 Jan 1853 in Liverpool, died on 7 Mar 1942 in Ormskirk, Lancashire at age 89, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FIC FCS.
- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist. Clay and Abraham Ltd. In Liverpool.
- He had a residence in 2 Kingsmead Road, Birkenhead, Cheshire.
- He had a residence in 87 Bold Street, Liverpool.

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Alfred married **Lucy Ellison Golding**, daughter of **Henry Hunter Golding** and **Cordelia Ellison Scott**, on 13 May 1880 in Liverpool. Lucy was born in 1855 in West Derby, Liverpool, died on 25 Jun 1930 in Stanley Ghyll, Eskdale, Cumbria. at age 75, and was buried in St. Catherine's Church, Eskdale, Cumbria. They had six children: **John, Dorothy Foster, Robert Askew, Cuthbert Fenwick, Margaret Ellison**, and **Agnes Mitford**.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: She was killed when she fell at Stanley Ghyll.

17-**John Abraham** was born on 11 Sep 1881 in Liverpool, died on 14 Sep 1881 in Liverpool, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool.

17-**Dorothy Foster Abraham** was born in 1886 in Lancaster Avenue, Liverpool and died in 1976 at age 90.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Wallasey High School in 1898 in Wallasey, Cheshire.
- She was educated at Skipton Girl's School in 1900 in Skipton, Yorkshire.
- She was educated at University of Liverpool.
- She was educated at King's College, London.
- She worked as a Farmer in Woodhall, Askrigg, Leyburn, Yorkshire.

Dorothy married **Thomas Place** on 17 Apr 1923 in Bidstone, Cheshire. Thomas was born in 1872 in Langton on Swale, Northallerton, Yorkshire and died in 1948 at age 76. They had four children: **Ullin Thomas, Dorothy Edith, David**, and **Milner**.

18-**Dr. Ullin Thomas Place** was born on 24 Oct 1924 in Northallerton, Yorkshire and died on 2 Jan 2000 in Thirsk, Yorkshire at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rugby.
- He was educated at Oxford.
- He worked as a Philosopher.

18-**Dr. Dorothy Edith Place**

Dorothy married **William Reed Smith**. William was born in 1928 and died in 1985 at age 57.

18-**David Place**

18-**Milner Place**

17-**Capt. Robert Askew Abraham** was born on 19 Mar 1890.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AMInstCE.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Field Artillery in 1914-1918.
- He worked as a Mechanical engineer.

Robert married **Ruth Blackledge**.

17-**Cuthbert Fenwick Abraham** was born on 26 May 1891.

Cuthbert married **Emily James**.

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17-Margaret Ellison Abraham

17-Agnes Mitford Abraham

Agnes married **John Millner Shackleton**, son of **Richard Shackleton**^{8,66,111,201,424,425} and **Charlotte Elizabeth Millner**,^{111,201} in 1908 in Liverpool. John was born on 7 Jul 1874 in Baltinglass, Wick, Ireland and died in 1951 at age 77. They had one son: **Robert Millner**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Electrical engineer.

18-Prof. Robert Millner Shackleton² was born on 30 Dec 1909 in Purley on Thames, Berkshire and died on 3 May 2001 in Croft Barn, Church Street, East Hendred, Oxfordshire at age 91.

General Notes: Shackleton, Robert Millner (1909– 2001), geologist, was born on 30 December 1909 at Reedhamcote, Old Lodge Lane, Purley, Surrey, the son of John Millner Shackleton, electrical engineer, and his wife, Agnes Mitford, née Abraham. His father was a second cousin of Sir Ernest Shackleton, the Antarctic explorer. Educated at the Quaker school, Sidcot, he entered Liverpool University in January 1927 and graduated with a first-class degree in geology in July 1930. He first visited Africa as an undergraduate from July to September 1929 to attend the 15th International Geological Congress in Pretoria, South Africa; this was the foundation of his love of Africa, its people, and its geology. He completed a Liverpool PhD in December 1933 on the Moel Hebog area of north Wales; some of the work was done while at Imperial College, where he was Beit research fellow from 1932 to 1934. The Moel Hebog mapping, including examining some cliff faces never scaled by anyone before, was part of a systematic re-survey of north Wales, which in 1957 led to the award of the silver medal of the Liverpool Geological Society. On 12 September 1934, at the Friends' meeting-house in Rochester, Kent, he married Gwen Isabel Harland (b. 1906), daughter of Alfred John Harland, schoolmaster. They had a son, Nicholas, and two daughters, Annabel and Penny.

After receiving his PhD, Shackleton became chief geologist to Whitehall Explorations Ltd, working in Fiji from 1935 to 1936. He then returned to Imperial College as a lecturer in geology. Ambitiously, he started to examine the geology of the whole west coast of Ireland to determine whether it could be matched with the geology of north-eastern USA and eastern Canada. In particular, in 1936, he started 1:10,560 mapping in Connemara in then unrecognized Dalradian rocks on the north side of the Twelve Bens, which had not been examined for nearly seventy years. He became increasingly interested in the structural and tectonic geology of metamorphic rocks, and particularly appreciated the value of small-scale folds and lineations in indicating the larger-scale structures. His first published work (in 1940) demonstrated the overturning of some of the Silurian succession in Dingle, south-west Ireland.

From 1940 to 1945, as part of the search for strategic minerals and gold, Shackleton was a geologist in the mining and geological department of Kenya; he drew up the Nyeri, south Nyanza, and Maralal map sheets, and published reports 10, 11, and 12 of the mining and geological department, including studies of the Migori gold belt. He returned with the British-Kenya Expedition (1947) to map part of Rusinga Island in Lake Victoria, and also much of the surrounding Kavirondo Rift Valley in western Kenya.

In 1945 Shackleton returned to Imperial College, and in 1948 he became the George Herdman professor of geology at Liverpool University. While at Liverpool he was engaged in mapping the Dalradian rocks of Fanad, co. Donegal (a project started in 1946), synthesizing the overall structure of north Wales (revising Greenly's interpretation of the stratigraphy and structure of Anglesey and Matley's of the structure of the south-west Llyn peninsula), and unravelling the Dalradian structure near the highland border complex in Scotland. This latter work led to his receiving the Clough medal of the Geological Society of Edinburgh in 1975. Meanwhile, his first marriage having ended in divorce, on 12 March 1949 he married Gertrude Wyndham Jeffreys, known as Judith Wyndham Jeffreys (b. 1915), painter, and daughter of Arthur Gerald Jeffreys, engineer. They had a son, Jason, and a daughter, Chloe.

Synthesis of Shackleton's British and Irish Caledonide work came first in his grasp of the Tay nappe, his recognition (with C. Kilburn and W. S. Pitcher) in 1965 of the continuity of the Portaskaig boulder bed from north-east Scotland to Connemara, and (with J. F. Dewey in 1984) his paper linking the Caledonides and the Appalachians. Some of his work, like the study of Fanad which was partly used in W. S. Pitcher's compilation of the geology of Donegal, was never completed, whereas the study of Connemara developed into the detailed mapping over long distances of very thin, intricate, and tightly folded successions. His coverage of the remote Twelve Bens was magnificent, and enabled the work to be completed, in collaboration with P. W. G. Tanner, in 1979, more than forty years after it was started.

In 1962 Shackleton became professor of geology in the University of Leeds and director of the Research Institute of African Geology. He led a vigorous programme of field research in Africa, particularly east Africa, with structural studies across orogenic belts in Tanzania, Zambia, and Malawi, and major studies across the Limpopo belt and the Archaean greenstone belts of Zimbabwe, Botswana, and South Africa. Later, in 'post-retirement', he worked in Egypt, Sudan, and Kenya again. He recognized far-travelled thrust sheets at the edges of Precambrian orogens (such as the Selukwe nappe), the allochthonous nature of some Archaean komatiite sequences such as the Belingwe, the necessarily large displacements across the Limpopo and Ubendide orogens, and the composite nature of the Mozambique belt, involving many plate tectonic elements. From the late 1960s his immense experience of having seen so many rocks in so many different parts of the world gave him the authority of speaking about rocks in the field that no other British geologist had matched since the death of John Walter Gregory in 1932. In 1970 he was awarded the prestigious Murchison medal of the Geological Society (of which he became vice-president in 1966) 'as an outstanding structural geologist whose influence in published work is immense but in personal inspiration goes far beyond publications' (citation). In 1970– 71, he was Royal Society Leverhulme visiting professor at the Haile Sellassie I University in Ethiopia, which gave him access to the northern part of the Rift Valley and the Afar depression. He was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1971.

Shackleton retired formally in 1975 but continued researching as vigorously as ever and became an honorary senior research fellow of the Open University in 1977. In a paper published with Alison Ries and others in 1983, he recognized late Precambrian ophiolites and ophiolitic melanges and outlined the overall structure of the eastern desert of Egypt, as part of an ambitious project to test island-arc accretion models. At seventy-six he was joint leader, with John Dewey, Chang Cheng Fa, and Sun Yi Yin, of a Royal Society/Chinese Academy of Sciences traverse in Tibet. He was a visiting fellow at Trevelyan College, Durham, in 1984– 5, and a visiting professor at Imperial College in 1985– 7. In his eighties he continued working on the map collections in the Geological Society, though increasingly hampered by declining eyesight. His last project was as ambitious as ever: to compile a sheet of the structural map of the world for north-east Africa, the Saudi Arabian peninsula, and southern Iran. He was unable to complete it. His second marriage having ended in divorce, on 7 April 1984 he married a fellow geologist, (Gwendolen Margaret) Peigi Wallace (1940– 2001), daughter of John Brown Wallace, medical officer in the RAF.

Shackleton was a brilliant geologist who believed that nothing could be done without a geological map, yet he embraced and promoted all aspects of earth science. He taught his students and colleagues in the field, laboratory, and public house, by a captivating, deeply intellectual process, which produced some of the finest geologists of the post-war era. With his craggy, handsome face, charisma, slim figure, and fine athletic legs, he inspired an astonishing number of students to become geologists. Unconventional in dress and habit, he was amiable, with a sharp sense of humour. Normally courteous, he could be quite rude, scathing, and outspokenly critical when provoked, yet he was instinctively permissive in his attitude and response to the behaviour of others. Above all, he was unbelligerently tough and possessed great physical strength while being a very kind man. He died of bronchopneumonia at his home, the Croft Barn, Church Street, East Hendred, Oxfordshire, on 3 May 2001, thirteen days before his wife, Peigi. He was survived by the five children of his previous marriages. His elder son, Nicholas John [Nick] Shackleton, also a geologist, became a fellow of the Royal Society in 1985 and was knighted in 1999. A Robert Shackleton award for outstanding geological research in Africa was created in his memory by the Geological Society of Africa.

John F. Dewey and Bernard Elgey Leake

Sources J. F. Dewey and B. E. Leake, *Memoirs FRS*, 50 (2004), 285– 97 · *The Times* (15 June 2001) · P. Bowden and S. Muhongo, 'In memoriam: Robert Shackleton (1909– 2001)', *Journal of African Earth Sciences*, 33/1 (July 2001), iii– iv · M. Casey, 'Robert Shackleton', *The Reporter* [University of Leeds] (4 June 2001) · B. E. Leake, 'Professor Robert M. Shackleton, FRS (1909– 2001)', *Geological Journal*, 38/2 (2003), 107– 8 · *WW* (2001) · personal knowledge (2005) · private information (2005) · b. cert. · m. certs. · *CGPLA Eng. & Wales*

Likenesses Godfrey Argent Studios, photograph, 1975, RS · Godfrey Argent Studios, photograph, 1985, RS; repro. in *The Independent* (19 May 2001)

Wealth at death £138,620: probate, 20 May 2002, *CGPLA Eng. & Wales*

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John F. Dewey, Bernard Elgey Leake, 'Shackleton, Robert Millner (1909– 2001)', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, Oxford University Press, Jan 2005; Bernard Elgey Leake,

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS FRGS.
- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He was educated at Liverpool University.
- He worked as a Geologist.

Robert married **Gwen Isabel Harland**,² daughter of **Alfred John Harland**, on 12 Sep 1934 in FMH Rochester, Kent. Gwen was born in 1907 in Kent and died in 2000 at age 93. They had three children: **Nicholas**, **Annabel**, and **Penny**.

19-**Prof. Sir Nicholas Shackleton**² was born on 23 Jun 1937 in 112 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London and died on 24 Jan 2006 at age 68.

General Notes: Shackleton, Sir Nicholas John [Nick] (1937– 2006), earth scientist and palaeoclimatologist, was born on 23 June 1937 at 112 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London, the only son and eldest of three children of Robert Millner Shackleton (1909– 2001), geologist, and his first wife, Gwen Isabel (1906/7– 2000), daughter of Alfred John Harland, schoolmaster. He also had a half-brother and sister by his father's second marriage. He was related to the Antarctic explorer Sir Ernest Shackleton (his grandfather being a second cousin). At the time of his birth his father was a lecturer in geology at Imperial College, London, who travelled widely for research and industry, which led to his spending 1940– 45 in Kenya searching for gold and strategic minerals, thereby giving Nick an early childhood on the African plains, out of the way of wartime London bombing.

Shackleton attended Cranbrook School, Kent, as a boarder from 1949 to 1956. National service followed, in the Queen's Own Royal West Kent regiment, where, as Bandsman Shackleton, and already an accomplished clarinettist, he was secretary of the regimental band. He entered Clare College, Cambridge, in 1958 to read natural sciences. He found several outlets for his enthusiasms, including music, and his undergraduate career was academically undistinguished: he obtained lower seconds in parts one and two, and graduated BA in physics in 1961. In the first two years of his course he had split his time about equally between physics and maths and, perhaps

Descendants of Thomas Forster

following his father, geology and mineralogy. He then did physics for part two. Despite his poor degree, however, he stayed on at Cambridge to do research. Shackleton's first, seminal, achievement was to modify a mass spectrometer so that it could measure the mass ratio of the isotopes of oxygen (O-18/O-16) in minute samples of calcium carbonate. Samples as small as 0.4 milligrams (representing about five to ten shells of the pinhead-sized fossil foraminifera, common in marine sediments) could be measured to an accuracy of one part in 10,000. He was set this task by the professor of botany (and director of the sub-department of Quaternary research), Harry Godwin, who had already set up a radiocarbon laboratory to make carbon-14 age measurements, and to whom Sir Edward Bullard, then reader in geophysics at Cambridge, had suggested that he add the determination of past temperature through oxygen isotopes, work pioneered in Chicago. Godwin was a fellow (and Bullard a member) of Clare College, where Shackleton was an undergraduate. The American Harold Urey (who had won the Nobel prize for chemistry in 1934) had shown in 1947 that there was a small change in the O-18/O-16 ratio in calcium carbonate from its value in (sea) water dependent on the water temperature from which it was precipitated (either inorganically or by organisms). Shackleton's task for his PhD ('The measurement of palaeotemperatures in the Quaternary era', awarded in 1967) was to exploit this.

Of course it was necessary first to know what was the isotopic composition of the seawater in which fossils lived. Cesare Emiliani of Chicago, who in the mid-1950s had used the method to estimate the glacial to interglacial sea temperature change, assumed that the corresponding seawater change was not great. Some change was to be expected because, when water evaporates, the light isotope comes off preferentially and the resulting snow that gets locked up in ice sheets is isotopically lighter (it has more O-16) than the ocean. Emiliani estimated that Caribbean surface waters were up to 6°C colder in the last glacial period, about 20,000 years ago. Shackleton made measurements on the same deep-sea sediment cores as Emiliani using the rare species of foraminifera that live on the sea bed where the temperature is now very low (less than 4°C), and thus unable to be very much colder in a glacial. Shackleton saw that the changes in surface- and bottom-dwelling foraminifera were rather similar and deduced that there was a large ice-volume effect and a much smaller temperature change than Emiliani had supposed. This had huge implications. Working down sediment cores Shackleton was able to chart the growth and decay of ice sheets and specify the position of glacial maxima. This led to his pivotal position in the attempt to map the temperature of the glacial ocean using fossil plankton species composition (rather than the O-18/O-16 ratio) because he could say where the glacial level was in a core. The analysis of the down-core spectrum of ice-volume and temperature changes was shown to match the spectrum of changes in the amount of solar radiation received by the earth (insolation) due to changes in its orbit around the sun, a theory first expressed by James Croll in the 1870s but calculated by Milutin Milankovitch, a Serbian astronomer, in the 1930s. The demonstration that the Milankovitch theory of orbital climate change was correct and could be recognized in isotopic (and later many other physical) properties of rocks meant that an age scale based on astronomical calculation could be applied to rocks in which this cyclicity could be recognized. In this way Shackleton revolutionized the determination of ages and the field of stratigraphic geology. The calculated time-sequence of insolation values provided a template whose ages could be transferred onto the matching sequence of isotope values, a procedure known as 'orbital tuning'. This was later applied to sequences of rocks hundreds of millions of years old.

There were many other consequences of Shackleton's work. Most were worked out in numerous fruitful collaborations with other scientists around the world. Knowing ice-volume changes allowed him to establish glacial changes in sea level. He correlated climatic changes in the oceans with those on land through collaboration with pollen analysts, with Chinese specialists on wind-blown dust deposits, and with workers on Greenland and Antarctic ice-cores. He was one of the principal originators of the field of palaeoceanography, the study of marine sediments and their enclosed fossils to deduce past ocean conditions. In this he also used the stable carbon isotope ratio (C-13/C-12) in marine fossils, which provides insight into the cycling of carbon through the oceanic and terrestrial ecosystem. In particular the shifting of carbon from land to ocean and CO2 between ocean and atmosphere, and its timing in relation to ice-volume and temperature changes, was his final seminal contribution. Between 1965 and 2007 he published over 300 papers and data reports, and edited six collections of papers, to which over 16,000 references had been made in the scientific literature by May 2009. This represents an enormous impact, rivalled by very few others in the earth sciences.

Shackleton married, on 10 June 1967, Judith Carola Murray (b. 1945/6), then an undergraduate at Newnham College, and daughter of Henry Murray, chemist. They were divorced in 1977, and on 25 September 1986 he married Vivien Anne Law (1954– 2002), a distinguished linguistic scholar, and daughter of John Ernest Law, engineer. Shackleton claimed to be in awe of her intellectual prowess and said she could learn a new language by reading a grammar over the breakfast table. As she knew over a hundred languages this seems entirely likely, though he had no reason to be in awe of anyone.

With many friends Shackleton shared a love of music; he was a brilliant clarinettist, and a collector and scholar of the instrument. In Cambridge he lectured and supervised in the faculty of music on the physics and acoustics of music and contributed articles to the Galpin Society Journal and to the New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians (1980 and 2001). He amassed the largest collection of clarinets in the world. When he bequeathed it to the University of Edinburgh (because it agreed to his stipulation that the instruments be available to be played) his collection numbered nearly 900 instruments, including 817 clarinets and basset horns, and was estimated to be worth around £1 million. He liked to remark, somewhat disingenuously, having had no children, that all this could be done on just a lecturer's salary. Shackleton won numerous awards and prizes for his research. He was made a fellow of the Royal Society in 1985 and of the Academia Europaea in 1988, a foreign associate of the US National Academy of Sciences in 2000, and a foreign member of the Royal Netherlands Society of Arts and Sciences in 2001. His many medals included the Shepard medal (Society for Sedimentary Geology, USA, 1985), Carus medal (German Academy of Sciences Leopoldina, 1985), Lyell and Wollaston medals (Geological Society of London, 1987 and 1996 respectively), Huntsman medal (Canada, 1990), Crafoord Prize (Royal Swedish Academy of Science, 1995), Milankovitch medal (European Geophysical Society, 1999), Ewing medal (American Geophysical Union, 2002), Urey medal (European Association of Geochemistry, 2003), royal medal of the Royal Society (2003), Vetlesen prize (Columbia University, USA, 2004), and in 2005 the founder's medal of the Royal Geographical Society and the blue planet prize (Japan). In the earth sciences the Crafoord and Vetlesen prizes are considered of Nobel rank, there being no Nobel prize for these fields. Honorary degrees came from Dalhousie (Canada), Stockholm, and Padua universities. He was knighted in 1998. His last years were clouded by his lymphoma and then the death of his wife, Vivien. He died at his home, 12 Tenison Avenue, Cambridge, on 24 January 2006. In 2008 the Geochemical Society established the Nicholas J.

Shackleton award in his name.

I. Nicholas McCave

Sources Cambridge University Reporter, 89– 91 (1958– 61) · The Times (31 Jan 2006); (3 Feb 2006); (9 Feb 2006) · The Independent (8 Feb 2006) · New York Times (12 Feb 2006) · The Guardian (13 Feb 2006) · G. H. Haug and L. C. Peterson, Nature, 439/7079 (23 Feb 2006), 928 · C. Tzedakis, Quaternary Science Reviews, 25/5– 6 (March 2006), 403 · T. Crowley, Eos, 87/17 (25 April 2006), 167 · W. F. Ruddiman, Science, 312 (5 May 2006), 711 · D. B. Booth, Quaternary Research, 65/3 (May 2006), 353 · J. D. Hays, Quaternary Science Reviews, 25/23– 4 (Dec 2006), 3090– 91 · 'List of publications of Nicholas J. Shackleton', Quaternary Science Reviews, 25/23– 4 (Dec 2006), 3463– 75 · A. Myers, Galpin Society Journal, 59 (2006), 291– 3 · H. Fricke and others, Historic musical instruments in the Edinburgh University collection: catalogue of the Sir Nicholas Shackleton collection, ed. A. Myers (2007) · E. Hoeprich, 'The Shackleton collection', Early Music, 36/1 (Feb 2008), 160– 61 · 'Citation for the first Nicholas J. Shackleton award of the Geochemical Society', Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta, 73/13, suppl. 1 (2009) · Clare College, Cambridge, archives · WW (2006) · Burke, Peerage · personal knowledge (2010) · private information (2010) · b. cert. · m. certs. · d. cert.

Archives RS

Likenesses obituary photographs · photograph, RS

Wealth at death £1,651,971: probate, 14 Aug 2006, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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I. Nicholas McCave, 'Shackleton, Sir Nicholas John (1937– 2006)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Jan 2010

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He worked as a Palaeoclimatologist & Earth scientist.

Nicholas married **Judith Carola Murray**, daughter of **Henry Murray**.

Nicholas next married **Dr. Vivien Anne Law**,² daughter of **John Ernest Law** and **Anne Elizabeth**, on 25 Sep 1986. Vivien was born on 22 Mar 1954 in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada and died on 20 Feb 2002 in 12 Tenison Avenue, Cambridge at age 47.

General Notes: Law, Vivien Anne, Lady Shackleton (1954– 2002), linguistic scholar, was born on 22 March 1954 in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada, the only daughter and elder child of John Ernest Law, engineer, and his wife, Anne Elizabeth. Both parents were of English origin, and had emigrated from London because of her father's posting to an international telecommunications company. She grew up in Longueuil, a suburb of Montreal, attending Lemoyne d'Iberville High School (to 1966) and the private Trafalgar School for Girls (to 1971), where she acquired her knowledge of ancient Greek and Latin together with a fluent command of Spanish, French, and German. She then studied at McGill University (1971– 4), where she took double honours in classics and German and graduated with the highest possible mark. In 1974 she won a Commonwealth scholarship to Girton College, Cambridge, and thereafter her academic career was based at Cambridge. Her doctoral dissertation on the Ars grammatica of Boniface, supervised by Michael Lapidge, was completed in 1978. Successively a research fellow at Jesus College (1978– 80) and David Thomson senior research fellow at Sidney Sussex College (1980– 84), she then continued her work on late classical and early medieval Latin literature, collecting previously unknown sources in British and continental libraries and publishing them in a steady flow of scholarly articles; ultimately there were sixty-five of these, along with several books. She was a teaching fellow and sometime praelector at Sidney Sussex between 1984 and 1997, and a fellow of Trinity College thereafter. She held the post of lecturer in the history of linguistics between 1984 and 1998, and that of reader in the history of linguistic thought from 1998. Both positions were unique to UK universities. In 1999 she was elected FBA, and in the year 2001– 2 she served as chair of the Henry Sweet Society for the History of Linguistic Ideas, having been a member of its committee since 1987.

A driven scholar, Law built upon her remarkable linguistic skills— she ultimately acquired a grammatical knowledge of over a hundred languages, mostly European but also including Chinese, Thai, and Sanskrit— through a punishing research programme. The chronological and geographical range of her studies was enormous— in 1998 she published a fascinating study of language as a basis for national identity in post-Soviet Georgia— but their principal focus was the grammar, and the grammarians, of the European early middle ages. With her mastery of the nuts and bolts of her chosen field, based upon a massive knowledge of often highly obscure manuscript sources (for instance, she discovered previously unknown Old English glosses in a Lorsch manuscript of Tatwine, a grammarian who died in 734 as archbishop of Canterbury), went a deep concern for its wider social and cultural implications. Her first book, The Insular Latin Grammarians (1982, repr. 1987), investigated 'the first large-scale attempt to teach a foreign language in the Christian West' (p. xiii), one constituting a vital channel for the transmission of the thought of classical antiquity to medieval Europe. In Wisdom, Authority and Grammar in the Seventh Century (1995) she deconstructed the notoriously obscure writings of Virgilius Maro Grammaticus to reveal arguments for 'multiplicity and independence of thought' (p. 108), arguments of compelling contemporary relevance: 'In a world of increasing intellectual uniformity and reductionism, Virgilius' message is as vital as ever' (p. 105). Her last book, The History of Linguistics in Europe: Plato to 1600, published posthumously in 2003, spoke no less urgently of 'the power of what is encoded in the way we speak to alter our perception of identity— our own, our group's, and that of others as well— and to manipulate those identities constructively or destructively' (p. 275).

In the same book Law proclaimed her belief that 'To enter into any text from the past intelligently, you need two qualities, empathy and knowledge' (p. 6). She herself

possessed both qualities. Her capacity for empathy, in academic and human terms alike, may have owed something to her lifelong adherence to anthroposophy. A quiet, even withdrawn, personality certainly did not prevent her winning the affection of her students. She was a talented musician, who played the orchestral flute and piccolo to a professional standard. From 1978 she enjoyed a happy relationship with the geologist and musicologist Nicholas John [Nick] Shackleton (1937– 2006), whom she married on 25 September 1986, and whom she was said to have met when asking for the loan of a bassoon from his collection of instruments. He was the elder son of Robert Millner Shackleton, geologist, and had previously been married to Judith Carola Murray, from whom he was divorced in 1977; he was knighted in 1998. In 1999 Law was diagnosed as suffering from cancer. A series of operations brought only temporary remission, and she died at her home, 12 Tenison Avenue, Cambridge, on 20 February 2002. She was survived by her husband; there were no children of the marriage. She was commemorated by the establishment in 2004 of the Vivien Law prize in the history of linguistic ideas, under the aegis of the Henry Sweet Society, and by the publication in 2005 of Flores grammaticae: Essays in Memory of Vivien Law.

Werner Hüllen

Sources The Times (11 April 2002) · M. Lapidge and P. Matthews, 'Vivien Anne Law, 1954– 2002', PBA, 124 (2004), 151– 62 · WW (2002) · private information (2006) · personal knowledge (2006) · m. cert. · d. cert.
Likenesses photograph, repro. in The Times
Wealth at death under £76,000: probate, 11 Sept 2002, CGPLA Eng. & Wales
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Werner Hüllen, 'Law, Vivien Anne, Lady Shackleton (1954– 2002)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Jan 2006; online edn, Jan 2010

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Linguist.
- She worked as a Fellow, Trinity College, Cambridge in 1997.
- She worked as a Reader in the History of Linguistic Thought, University of Cambridge in 1998.

19-Annabel Shackleton

19-Penny Shackleton

Robert next married **Gertrude Wyndham Jeffreys**,² daughter of **Arthur Gerald Jeffreys**, on 12 Mar 1949. Gertrude was born in 1915. Another name for Gertrude was Judith Wyndham Jeffreys. They had two children: **Jason** and **Chloe**.

19-Jason Shackleton

19-Chloe Shackleton

Robert next married **Peigi Gwendoline Margaret Wallace**,² daughter of **John Brown Wallace**, on 7 Apr 1984. Peigi was born in 1940 and died on 16 May 2001 at age 61.

16-**Henry Mitford Abraham**⁸ was born on 19 Feb 1856 in Liverpool, died on 15 Feb 1858 in Liverpool at age 1, and was buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Liverpool.

15-**Thomas Abraham**⁸ was born on 2 Sep 1815 in Carlisle, Cumbria and died on 8 Sep 1815 in Carlisle, Cumbria.

15-**Margaret Abraham**⁸ was born on 20 Dec 1816 in Carlisle, Cumbria.

Margaret married **Charles John English**,⁸ son of **John English** and **Ann**, on 1 Dec 1845 in Liverpool. Charles was born on 20 Dec 1819 in Liverpool. They had eight children: **Charles Robert**, **Rebecca**, **Mary Condliffe**, **Evangeline**, **Margaret Orpah**, **Robert Abraham**, **Francis George**, and **Beatrice**.

16-**Charles Robert English**⁸ was born on 21 May 1848 in Liverpool.

16-**Rebecca English**⁸ was born on 27 Jul 1850 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.

16-**Mary Condliffe English**⁸ was born on 24 Oct 1852 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

16-**Evangeline English**⁸ was born on 5 Jan 1855 in Liverpool.

16-**Margaret Orpah English**⁸ was born on 19 Aug 1856 in Liverpool.

16-**Robert Abraham English**⁸ was born on 22 Jan 1857 in Liverpool and died on 19 Jul 1901 at age 44.

16-**Francis George English**⁸ was born on 17 Feb 1859 in Liverpool.

16-**Beatrice English**⁸ was born on 23 May 1861 in Liverpool.

15-**Henry Abraham**⁸ was born on 14 Mar 1823 in Carlisle, Cumbria and died on 17 Apr 1824 in Carlisle, Cumbria at age 1.

14-**Henry Clare Abraham**⁸ was born on 5 Apr 1775 and died on 13 Nov 1849 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 74.

Henry married **Margaret**⁸ in St. Philip's church, Bristol. Margaret died on 12 Jan 1849. They had no children.

13-**Margaret Abraham**^{8,410} was born on 8 Apr 1726 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 21 Feb 1773 in Edenderry, Ireland at age 46.

Margaret married **Ebenezer Mellor**,^{8,410} son of **Samuel Mellor** and **Lydia**, on 29 Apr 1748 in Rookhow, Manchester. Ebenezer was born on 15 Mar 1723 in Manchester and died on 29 Nov 1777 in Edenderry, Ireland at age 54. They had six children: **Lydia**, **Samuel**, **John**, **Sarah**, **Mary**, and **Matthew**.

14-**Lydia Mellor**^{8,410} was born on 3 Apr 1749 in Manchester, died on 5 Feb 1829 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 79, and was buried on 8 Feb 1829 in FBG Ballitore.

Lydia married **Abraham Shackleton**,^{2,8,410} son of **Richard Shackleton**^{2,240,410} and **Elizabeth Fuller**,⁴¹⁰ on 23 Feb 1779 in Dublin, Ireland. Abraham was born on 8 Dec 1752 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 2 Aug 1818 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 65, and was buried on 4 Aug 1818 in FBG Ballitore. They had nine children: **Richard**, **Margaret**, **Abraham**, **Elizabeth**, **Ebenezer**, **George**, **Lydia**, **Mary**, and **Margaret**.

General Notes: Shackleton, Abraham (1752– 1818), schoolmaster and theologian, was born on 8 December 1752 at Ballitore, co. Kildare, the eldest son of the four children of the Quaker Richard Shackleton (1726– 1792) [see under Shackleton, Abraham (1696– 1771)], master of Ballitore School, and his first wife, Elizabeth Fuller (1726– 1754), who died when Abraham was two years old. He was brought up by his stepmother, Elizabeth Carleton (1726– 1804) of Dublin, who married his father in 1755; they had four further children, including the writer Mary Leadbeater (1758– 1826), chronicler of Ballitore village.

Shackleton's home, Ballitore (population c.400), was a Quaker settlement unique in Europe. Founded in the late seventeenth century and situated in a fertile valley 40 miles south of Dublin, it was a prosperous rural community with its meeting-house (1709), gardens, and orchards. The Shackletons were leading members of the community, being farmers, millers, and owners of the famous school founded in 1726 by Abraham's Yorkshire-born grandfather Abraham Shackleton (1696– 1771), which offered a liberal education to boy boarders from all religious backgrounds; it included among its alumni the statesman Edmund Burke, the United Irishman James Napper Tandy, and in the nineteenth century Cardinal Paul Cullen. Shackleton's father, Richard, a classical scholar, poet, and letter-writer, was a lifelong friend of Burke and an occasional associate of his circle in London; his stepmother, Elizabeth, the school matron, was an adventurous gardener who corresponded with the Quaker plant collector John Fothergill.

Shackleton entered Ballitore School in 1756. He too was a classical scholar and also a keen naturalist and amateur astronomer. He became a teacher and succeeded his father as master in 1779. On 23 February of the same year he married Lydia Mellor (1749– 1829), an English schoolmaster's daughter from Edenderry, King's county, with whom he had nine children. He was an outspoken, deeply caring man but also a romantic; he rebuilt the family bolting mill as a castle in 1791 and kept a camel next door in the yard of his home, Griesebank.

Shackleton was a passionate anti-slavery campaigner and pacifist, and he gave up the use of tea, sugar, and all other produce of slave labour in his personal effort to promote the cause of abolition. During the Irish rising of 1798, when Ballitore was occupied by rebel forces, he refused at gunpoint, as a pacifist, to join them, and instead made his house a refuge for the injured of both sides. When the army regained control he negotiated for leniency on behalf of the rebels. His abhorrence of war led him in 1786 to stop teaching certain Latin authors in his school even though this meant a drop in pupil numbers (Latin was then a requirement for university entrance) and eventually the school was forced to close down temporarily in 1801. As his fellow liberal John Hancock wrote, 'to be in extremes was the error of this worthy man' (Hancock, 1). Thereafter he was a successful miller and a farmer given to agricultural improvement.

For many years Shackleton was an esteemed and active Quaker and he was still young when appointed an elder. However, he developed rationalist opinions about the Bible and matters of faith, similar to other Enlightenment thinkers. While admiring the poetical parts of the Old Testament he rejected many of its historical sections, especially that concerning the Canaanite wars. He similarly cherished the sublime morality taught by Christ but rejected the doctrine of the Trinity, expressing his views vigorously both in speech and in writing. He became identified with the New Lights, a group of liberal Quakers in Ulster who were in open rebellion against the Quaker discipline, particularly the marriage regulations. The movement spread, with Shackleton's help, to Leinster, and he was regarded as a particularly dangerous dissident because of his moral and intellectual eminence. His rebellious stand was reinforced by contact with the American Hannah Barnard, a progressive Quaker minister who was in Ireland between 1798 and 1800, and fierce opposition arose against them spearheaded by another visiting American Quaker, the evangelical David Sands, who 'like too many of his countrymen was fond of pushing the exercise of Church power to the

uttermost extreme' (Records and Collections, 305). Shackleton, the friend of religious and civil liberty, became caught between the opposing forces of Enlightenment on the one hand and of evangelicalism and reaction on the other, and he was disowned by the Carlow monthly meeting in 1801. The wholesale resignations and disownments from the Society of Friends at this time became known as the Irish separation, and the society, considerably weakened by the loss of its spiritual and intellectual élite, fell into a period of stagnation. Shackleton and his fellow liberal John Bewley accompanied Hannah Barnard to England and acted as her counsellors during her dispute with the Quakers in London, but her progress was blocked and she returned to America taking the seeds of discord with her, which in due course led to the Hicksite separation of 1827– 8. Shackleton, who regretted the consequences of the schism, thereafter lived separate from all societies, writing great numbers of essays on philanthropic subjects, which occasionally appeared in periodicals; he also published a volume of poetry, The Court of Apollo (1815). Shackleton was intelligent and animated, with a light, well-proportioned physique. He died at home on 2 August 1818 after a short but painful illness, secure in his belief that 'God is Love', and, although a non-member, he was buried two days later in the Quaker burial-ground at Ballitore. He was survived by his wife, who died on 5 February 1829.

Peter Lamb

Sources M. Leadbeater, The Leadbeater papers, 2 vols. (1862) · J. Hancock, A sketch of the character of Abraham Shackleton of Ballitore (1818) · E. Shackleton, 'Character of her mother and father, Abraham and Lydia Shackleton. Ballitore 6th mo. 1827', MS, Dublin Friends' Historical Library, box B 32 f · W. Rathbone, Narrative of events among the Quakers in Ireland (1804) · The records and recollections of James Jenkins, ed. J. W. Frost (1984) · R. M. Jones, The later periods of Quakerism, 2 vols. (1921) · G. A. J. Hodgett, 'The Shackletons of Ballitore: some aspects of eighteenth-century Irish Quaker life', Journal of the Friends' Historical Society, 54 (1976– 82), 217– 34 · W. Hodgson, The Society of Friends in the nineteenth century, 1 (1875), chap. 2 · N. Newhouse, 'The Irish separation of 1800', Friends Quarterly, 7 and 10 (1971) · M. Grubb, 'Abraham Shackleton and the Irish separation of 1797– 1803', Journal of the Friends' Historical Society, 56 (1990– 93), 261– 71 · M. Quane, 'Ballitore School', Kildare Archaeological Journal, 14/2 (1966– 7), 174– 209 · J. Shackleton, The Shackletons of Ballitore: a geneology, 1580– 1987 (1988) · O. Goodbody, Guide to Irish Quaker records (1967) · R. S. Harrison, A biographical dictionary of Irish Quakers (1997), 91– 2 · Carlow monthly meeting, registry of deaths · Carlow monthly meeting, registry of burials
Archives Hunt. L., letters and MSS · Religious Society of Friends, Dublin, letters and MSS · RS Friends, Lond., letters and MSS · TCD, letters and MSS · U. Cal., Santa Barbara, letters and MSS
Likenesses silhouette (of Shackleton?), RS Friends, Lond.
Wealth at death owned Ballitore School; also mill and millhouse, Griesebank; plus farmland
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Peter Lamb, 'Shackleton, Abraham (1752– 1818)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Headmaster of Ballitore School in 1779 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

15-**Richard Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 28 Nov 1779 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 21 Jun 1860 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 80, and was buried on 24 Jun 1860 in FBG Ballitore.

Richard married **Mary Ann Mark**,^{8,424} daughter of **John Mark** and **Jane**, on 11 Jun 1844 in Stradbally, Queen's County. Mary died on 28 Aug 1857 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland. They had no children.

15-**Margaret Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 10 Jun 1780 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 17 Mar 1790 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 9, and was buried on 19 Mar 1790 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

15-**Abraham Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 29 Dec 1781 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 12 Jun 1782 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, and was buried on 13 Jun 1782 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

15-**Elizabeth Shackleton**^{8,19,424} was born on 23 Mar 1783 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 9 Mar 1843 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 59, and was buried on 12 Mar 1843 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

15-**Ebenezer Shackleton**^{8,410,424} was born on 21 May 1784 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland and died on 29 Mar 1856 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Flour Miller and Horticulturalist in Moone, County Kildare, Ireland.

Ebenezer married **Deborah Leadbeater**,^{8,424} daughter of **William Leadbeater** and **Mary Shackleton**,² in 1812. Deborah was born on 15 Aug 1795 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland and died on 12 Jan 1829 in Moone, County Kildare, Ireland at age 33. They had no children.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Ebenezer next married **Eleanor Bell**,^{8,410,424} daughter of **William Bell** and **Esther Foxall**. Eleanor was born on 26 Oct 1806 in Bellview, Abbeyleix, Queen's County, Ireland, died on 12 Dec 1875 in 72 Lower Leeson Street, Dublin at age 69, and was buried in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland. They had eight children:**Elizabeth, Ellen Isabel, Richard Ebenezer, Patrick Dudley, Theobald, Agnes Rose, Henry**, and **Edmund**.

16-**Elizabeth Shackleton**⁸ was born on 8 Jul 1832 in Moore, Co. Kildare.

Elizabeth married **Philip Sidney Barrington**,⁸ son of **Edward Barrington**^{8,24,48} and **Sarah Leadbeater**,^{8,24,48} on 31 May 1860 in Zimolin. Philip was born on 11 Jun 1830 in Dublin, Ireland, died on 1 Jul 1913 at age 83, and was buried in Glen Druid, Dublin, Ireland. They had one son: **Philip Sidney**.

17-**Philip Sidney Barrington**⁸ was born on 27 May 1861 in Ballyman, Ireland.

16-**Ellen Isabel Shackleton**⁸ was born on 3 Nov 1834 in Moore, Co. Kildare.

16-**Richard Ebenezer Shackleton**⁸ was born on 24 Apr 1836 in Dublin, Ireland and died in Belan Lodge, Moone, County Kildare, Ireland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Belan Lodge, Moone, County Kildare, Ireland.

Richard married **Elizabeth Anne Holland**,⁴²⁴ daughter of **Maj. Henry Holland** and **Mary Bell**, on 12 Nov 1862 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Elizabeth was born on 28 May 1831 in Bombay, India. They had six children: **Mary Eleanor, Richard, Ebenezer, Isabel, Charles Dudley**, and **William**.

17-**Mary Eleanor Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 6 Sep 1863 and was christened on 1 Nov 1863 in Timolin, Co. Kildare.

17-**Richard Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 2 Apr 1866, was christened on 1 Jun 1866 in Timolin, Co. Kildare, died in Jan 1870 at age 3, and was buried on 18 Jan 1870 in Timolin, Co. Kildare.

17-**Ebenezer Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 2 Apr 1866 and was christened on 1 Jun 1866 in Timolin, Co. Kildare.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin.

Ebenezer married **Ellen Mary Gailey**,⁴²⁴ daughter of **John Gailey** and **Elizabeth Cooke**, on 16 Aug 1898 in Dunlavin, Co. Wicklow. Ellen was born on 12 Aug 1874. They had five children: **Richard Ebenezer, End Mary, John Gailey, Violet Eleanor**, and **Edward Robert**.

18-**Richard Ebenezer Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 25 May 1899 in Claughton, Birkenhead, Cheshire and was christened in Timolin, Co. Kildare.

18-**End Mary Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 15 Jul 1900 in Claughton, Birkenhead, Cheshire and was christened in Holy Trinity, Claughton.

18-**John Gailey Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 23 Dec 1901 in Sunnyside, Carlow and was christened in Killeshin, Co. Carlow.

18-**Violet Eleanor Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 18 Aug 1903 in Sunnyside, Carlow and was christened in Killesham, Co. Carlow.

18-**Edward Robert Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 26 Sep 1904 in Sunnyside, Carlow and was christened in Killesham, Co. Carlow.

17-**Isabel Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 12 Nov 1867, was christened on 1 Jan 1868 in Timolin, Co. Kildare, and died in 1946 at age 79.

Isabel married **William James Fennell**,⁴²⁴ son of **James Fennell** and **Sarah Jemima Wakefield**, on 13 Aug 1890 in Timolin, Co. Kildare. William was born on 15 Jul 1866 in Ardfinnan, Co. Tipperary and died in 1928 at age 62. They had six children: **Eirene, Wenda, Mary Wakefield, William James, Richard Joshua Moore**, and **Isabel Susan**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Rathside, Ballitore, Co. Kildare.

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18-**Eirene Fennell** was born on 9 Jul 1891.

18-**Wenda Fennell** was born on 22 Apr 1893.

Wenda married **Maj. Lionel Westropp Peel Yates**. They had one son: **Henry Lawrence Peel**.

19-**Henry Lawrence Peel Yates** was born on 5 Jun 1921.

Henry married **Beryll Edith Lyster**.

18-**Mary Wakefield Fennell** was born on 11 May 1894.

18-**Lt. Col. William James Fennell** was born on 18 Jun 1897 in Rathside, Ballitore, Co. Kildare and died in 1963 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Burtown House, Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

William married **Cynthia Maud Allen**, daughter of **Charles Turner Allen**, on 24 Feb 1936. Cynthia was born in Kidborough Farm, Dane Hill, Sussex and died in 1994. They had three children: **Cecilia**, **William Moore**, and **Frances**.

19-**Cecilia Fennell**

19-**William Moore Fennell**

William married **Lesley Walsh**, daughter of **John Mainwaring Walsh**. They had three children: **Harriet**, **James**, and **Becky**.

20-**Harriet Fennell**

Harriet married **Piers Landseer**. They had one daughter: **Phoebe**.

21-**Phoebe Landseer**

20-**James Fennell**

20-**Becky Fennell**

19-**Frances Fennell**

18-**Richard Joshua Moore Fennell** was born on 8 Jun 1899.

Richard married **Muriel Patricia Beatrice Williams**. They had one daughter: **Priscilla Suzanne Patricia**.

19-**Priscilla Suzanne Patricia Fennell**

18-**Isabel Susan Fennell** was born on 5 Jul 1900.

17-**Charles Dudley Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 12 Jun 1870 and was christened on 16 Sep 1870 in Timolin, Co. Kildare.

17-**Dr. William Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 3 Oct 1872 and was christened on 1 Dec 1872 in Timolin, Co. Kildare.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Physician.
- He was awarded with MB BCh BAO.

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16-**Patrick Dudley Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 29 Jun 1837 in Moone, Co. Kildare, was christened on 13 Dec 1837 in Timolin, Co. Kildare, died on 25 Feb 1901 in Sunnyside, Carlow at age 63, and was buried on 28 Feb 1901 in Killesham, Co. Carlow.

Patrick married **Rebecca Jameson**,⁴²⁴ daughter of **Thomas Jameson** and **Mary**, on 22 Oct 1867 in Monkstown, Co Dublin, Ireland. Rebecca was born on 27 Oct 1845, died on 5 Jun 1891 in Sunnyside, Carlow at age 45, and was buried on 8 Jun 1891 in Killesham, Co. Carlow. They had two children: **Eva Mary** and **Azélee Rebe**.

17-**Eva Mary Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 5 Nov 1869 in Sunnybank, Batley, Yorkshire and was christened in Killesham, Co. Carlow.

17-**Azélee Rebe Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 6 Feb 1871 in Sunnyside, Carlow and was christened in Killesham, Co. Carlow.

Azélee married **Harman Herring Cooper**, son of **William Herring Cooper** and **Barbara Harriet Fitzmaurice**.

16-**Theobald Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 2 Jul 1841 in Moone, Co. Kildare and was christened on 26 Oct 1841 in Timolin, Co. Kildare.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Glen Mona, Moone, Co. Kildare.

Theobald married **Elizabeth Jameson**, daughter of **Thomas Jameson** and **Mary**.

16-**Agnes Rose Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 2 May 1843 in Moore, Co. Kildare.

General Notes: 2 May 1845 also given DOB

16-**Dr. Henry Shackleton**^{2,8,410,424} was born on 1 Jan 1847 in Moore, Co. Kildare and died on 26 Aug 1920 in Sydenham, Kent at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Old Hall School in Wellington, Shropshire.
- He was awarded with MD MRCS LMRCPI LM.
- He was educated at Kingstown school in Kingstown, Dublin, Ireland.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin.
- He worked as a Farmer in Kilkea, County Kildare.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin in 1880.
- He worked as a Physician.

Henry married **Henrietta Letitia Sophia Gavan**,^{2,410} daughter of **Henry John Gavan**⁴¹⁰ and **Caroline Mary Fitzmaurice**,⁴¹⁰ on 28 Feb 1872. Henrietta was born on 28 Sep 1845 in Co. Carlow, Ireland and died on 14 Sep 1926 at age 80. They had ten children: **Gertrude Alice**, **Ernest Henry**, **Amy Vibert**, **Francis Richard**, **Ethel Rose**, **Eleanor Hope**, **Clara Lillian**, **Helen**, **Kathleen**, and **Gladys Mabel**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in 1884 in Croydon, Surrey.
- They had a residence in 12 West Hill, Sydenham, Kent.

17-**Gertrude Alice Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 24 Nov 1872 in Kilkea House, Kilkea, County Kildare and died in 1938 at age 66.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Painter.

17-**Sir Ernest Henry Shackleton**^{2,410} was born on 15 Feb 1874 in Kilkea House, Kilkea, County Kildare, died on 5 Jan 1922 in South Georgia, South Atlantic at age 47, and was buried in Grytviken Cemetery, South Georgia, South Atlantic.

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General Notes: Shackleton, Sir Ernest Henry (1874– 1922), Antarctic explorer, was born on 15 February 1874 at Kilkea House, co. Kildare, Ireland, the elder son and the second of the ten children of Henry Shackleton (1847– 1921), physician, and his wife, Henrietta Letitia Sophia (1845– 1926), daughter of Henry John Gavan of Wallstown, Co. Cork. Shackleton's father was Anglo-Irish of Yorkshire descent, while his mother was Irish.

Early life and education

Because of the failure of the potato harvest, Henry Shackleton abandoned farming and took his family to Dublin in 1880, returning to Trinity College to read medicine. He qualified in 1884 and settled in England, first briefly in Croydon and then for good in Sydenham, the fashionable London suburb where Ernest Shackleton grew up, not far from the Crystal Palace. Taught at home by a governess until the age of eleven, Ernest's first school was Fir Lodge preparatory school, near his home, Aberdeen House, in West Hill. In 1887 he went to Dulwich College, which was also within walking distance, as a day boy. No conventional scholar (though he came second in English history and literature in his final year), he left school in April 1890 aged sixteen to join the mercantile marine, serving in the White Star Line, the Shire Line, and the Union Castle Line, and making several voyages round the world. He first sailed as boy in the full rigged ship Hoghton Tower, 17,000 tons displacement, bound for Valparaíso, and round the Horn. In August 1894 he passed for second mate, soon afterwards transferring to the tramp steamer Monmouthshire as third mate. He spent the next five years in voyages to the Far East and America, gaining his master's certificate in April 1898 at the age of twenty-four.

In 1899 Shackleton gained an appointment with the Union Castle Line of mail ships which offered better prospects and a more regular existence than the tramp steamers.

Shackleton's first biographer, H. R. Mill, records his arrival on board one of these ships in the East India Dock 'without an overcoat' on a January day, 'carrying one or two books under his arm'. He immediately started to talk of Browning to his fellow officers, giving the impression 'that he was distinctive and a departure from the usual type of young officer'. Later on, Mill's informant continued, 'I found he was several types bound into one volume' (Mill, 51– 2). Brought up at home and educated at school to a love of literature, he read widely at sea, enjoying poetry, in particular that of Browning.

During one of Shackleton's spells ashore while employed by the Union Castle Line, he became a fellow of the Royal Geographical Society of London, with which body he had a lifelong association. Meanwhile the outbreak of the South African War led to his transfer as third officer in 1899 to the Tintagel Castle, 3500 tons register, which was carrying troops from Southampton to the Cape. During two voyages he organized concerts and sports for the men and signalling classes for the officers, plus a spectacular visit from Neptune, on crossing the Line. Together with the surgeon Dr W. McLean, he published a record of the voyage of March 1900, entitled O.H.M.S. (on her majesty's service), in the following August. After two more voyages to the Cape as third officer in the Gaika and then the Carisbrooke Castle of 7600 tons, he was given leave by Union Castle to take up the post of junior officer on board the steam yacht Discovery, the newly built wooden barque which carried the members of the national Antarctic expedition of 1901– 4 to the Southern Ocean.

The national Antarctic expedition, 1901– 1904

Shackleton's chance to achieve distinction came with this appointment. According to H. R. Mill, who met him during the voyage south, the expedition was 'an opportunity and nothing more'— he would have been just as eager to join a treasure-hunting voyage or to search for the island of St Brendan. 'He had no natural affinity for the polar regions, no genius for scientific research', but an 'over-mastering passion' for his future wife gave him the ambition to excel and make himself worthy of her (Mill, 57). The national Antarctic expedition was the brainchild of Sir Clements Markham, elected president of the Royal Geographical Society in 1893. Organized by a joint committee of the Royal Geographical Society and the Royal Society at a time when the interior of the Antarctic continent was unexplored, its aims were both geographical and scientific. The leader was Commander Robert Falcon Scott RN, with Lieutenant A. B. Armitage, Royal Naval Reserve, as second in command. According to H. R. Mill, Shackleton was appointed mainly because of his experience in sail, the Discovery being a three-masted barque with an auxiliary engine. Through a chance meeting at sea, he had been recommended by Cedric, son of the expedition's benefactor, Llewellyn Longstaff.

As junior officer, Shackleton was given a commission as sub-lieutenant, Royal Naval Reserve, on 1 July 1901 and the duty of determining the density and salinity of sea-water samples throughout the voyage— a task he found irksome. More congenial was his charge of the stores, after long experience with the Shire Line. He was later given responsibility for the catering on board and, once ashore, put in charge of making up sledging rations and leading one of the very first Antarctic sledge journeys from Discovery's winter quarters at the head of McMurdo Sound. During winter 1902 Shackleton edited and typed the first volume of the South Polar Times, which was illustrated largely by his good friend the junior surgeon, Dr Edward Adrian (Billy) Wilson.

Captain Scott chose Shackleton and Wilson to accompany him on the foremost of the summer sledging journeys— towards the south pole, over the 'Great Ice Barrier' (now known as the Ross Ice Shelf) discovered by Captain James Clark Ross. Shackleton was put in charge of the dogs, finding out how to drive them and also practising with ski. Because the dogs died or had to be shot one after another, owing to a diet of Norwegian 'stock-fish' recommended by Dr Fridtjof Nansen, the great Arctic explorer and scientist, their furthest south was a disappointing 82°15' S opposite a wide valley, which Scott named Shackleton Inlet. Nevertheless, this was the first long-distance sledge journey into the interior of the continent and was less than 500 miles from the south pole. During the return journey all three men showed signs of scurvy and Shackleton coughed blood. He was forbidden to pull the sledge and to do any of the heavy work, but (contrary to Sir Clements Markham's assertion in his posthumously published Lands of Silence, 1920), he struggled on and was carried briefly on the sledge only to brake it in a southerly gale.

On the advice of the two surgeons, Shackleton was invalided home in the relief ship Morning, his departure being much regretted by his comrades. Scott reported:

This gentleman has performed his work in a highly satisfactory manner, but unfortunately his constitution has proved unequal to the rigours of a polar climate. It is with great reluctance that I order his return, and trust that it will be made evident that I do so solely on account of his health and that his future prospects may not suffer. (RGS, archives, AA 12/4/1)

On his return to England, Shackleton published an account of his experiences during the national Antarctic expedition (for Pearson's Magazine) which praised the devotion and unselfishness of his two companions on the southern journey. He assisted in the fitting-out of the second relief ship, Terra Nova, in 1903 and was there to welcome the Discovery home to the Thames in September 1904, later receiving the polar medal with most other members of the expedition.

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The British Antarctic expedition, 1907– 1909

Meanwhile, in January 1904 Shackleton had been appointed secretary of the Royal Scottish Geographical Society in Edinburgh and married Emily Mary Dorman (1868–1936), one of his sisters' friends, in Westminster on 9 April 1904; she was the daughter of Charles Dorman of Wadhurst, Sussex. He fought a bonny but unsuccessful fight in Dundee as Liberal Unionist candidate for parliament at the general election of 1906 and exchanged the secretaryship of the society for one at the Parkhead engineering works at Glasgow, owned by William Beardmore (later Lord Invernairn).

It was Beardmore who first subscribed to Shackleton's British Antarctic expedition of 1907– 9 and after three years' hard struggle to raise funds, Shackleton was able to announce the expedition, amid fears of foreign competition, in February 1907. It was a shock to receive a letter from Captain Scott in Gibraltar expressing concern at Shackleton's plans, which conflicted with his own, as yet unannounced. After some tense but restrained correspondence Shackleton agreed not to establish winter quarters in McMurdo Sound or vicinity and to land elsewhere for his attempt on the south pole.

During the months that followed, Shackleton engaged the scientists and shore party, bought an old sealer, Nimrod (some 200 tons), and took advice from Nansen and others, making some innovations, including the purchase of Manchurian ponies. Because he could not afford a larger vessel, some of these and other items had to be left behind in New Zealand. The Nimrod was towed from Lyttelton by the steamer Koonya (Captain F. P. Evans) for 1500 miles through tempestuous seas, as far as the Antarctic circle. Unable to reach King Edward VII Land and unwilling to risk establishing winter quarters on the floating ice shelf (having found that large portions had broken away), Shackleton very reluctantly made the decision, after much soul-searching, to return west to McMurdo Sound, thus breaking his promise to Scott, the safety of his men being paramount in his mind. Winter quarters were established at Cape Royds on Ross Island, north of the old Discovery hut, while Nimrod (Captain Rupert England) returned to New Zealand.

The shore party consisted of fifteen men, including Shackleton. Professor T. W. Edgeworth David and Douglas Mawson had embarked at Sydney. Their sledge journey to the south magnetic pole was one of the three foremost achievements of this expedition. The other two achievements were, first, the ascent and survey of Mount Erebus (12,448 feet), the active volcano on Ross Island and, second, the southern sledge journey, which reached within 100 miles of the south pole.

Only four moderately fit ponies had survived, so that Shackleton reduced the pole party to four— J. B. Adams, E. H. Marshall, Frank Wild, and himself. Keeping at a greater distance from the Western Mountains than had Scott, and thus sighting more of the many peaks, Shackleton named an outlying nunatak Mount Hope because it guarded the entrance to the great Beardmore Glacier, the way towards the polar plateau of some 10,000 feet and the south pole. Here they were far beyond Scott, Shackleton, and Wilson's turning point from the Discovery. The last pony fell to its death in a crevasse, fortunately not taking Wild too. Suffering sharp pangs of hunger, they struggled on in tattered clothes against bitter winds until on 9 January 1909 Shackleton reluctantly decided at an estimated 88°23' S that they must go no further. Queen Alexandra's union flag was flown, and in H. R. Mill's words, they 'turned their backs on their unreachd goal and started their race of 700 miles, with Death on his pale horse, the blizzard, following close' (Mill, 144– 5).

Good fortune enabled them to descend the Beardmore at speed without serious accident and to locate the depots left on the outward journey. The horse flesh gave them dysentery, but they had to march on northwards, fearing that the Nimrod (Captain F. P. Evans) would depart for New Zealand before their return. She did in fact wait beyond the appointed date, and after picking up a sledge carrying geological specimens, steamed northwards on 4 March 1909 with all members of the expedition safely on board. Shackleton had made a tremendous advance towards the south and had shown his powers of leadership. He had taken risks, but his decisions turned out to be right. His men called it Shackleton's luck (he called it Providence), and he could claim to have borne out the family motto *Fortitudine vincimus* (By endurance, we conquer).

One of the special features of the expedition was the composition and actual printing in winter quarters of the *Aurora Australis*, copies being bound with boards from the packing cases (reprinted in facsimile, 1986). During his homeward voyage from New Zealand by liner, Shackleton worked with a literary assistant, Edward Saunders, so that his fine two-volume narrative, *The Heart of the Antarctic*, could be published in October 1909. His wife was waiting at Dover, where she had last seen him, and it was to her that he remarked (regarding his decision to turn back when so near the pole), 'better a living donkey than a dead lion' (Mill, 159). Lionized, knighted, and awarded many honours on his return, Shackleton went on to make lecture tours of the British Isles, Canada, and the United States during the latter part of 1909 and 1910. On the continent he met many of the crowned heads of Europe in a world soon to be swept away by war and revolution. Shackleton was fortunate that the expedition's debts of some £20,000 were paid by the government. However, he had no notions of thrift, and gave much of the income from his lectures and book to relatives and charities. One of his imaginative gestures was to have Nimrod towed under the Thames bridges to Temple Pier, where the public could go aboard, the proceeds from the venture being given to the London hospitals.

The imperial trans-Antarctic expedition, 1914– 1917

Some years passed in the pursuit of business ventures, which failed. During those years Amundsen and Scott had reached the south pole and Peary the north pole. Other Antarctic expeditions had sailed and returned. There was one last great journey— the crossing of the Antarctic continent— that could be made and Shackleton resolved to attempt it. His plan was to secure two ships (in the event, *Endurance* and *Aurora*), in the first of which he would sail to the head of the Weddell Sea. After crossing via the south pole with dog teams, he would be met in McMurdo Sound by the *Aurora*, depots having been laid by the Ross Sea party to be picked up on the second half of the crossing. The announcement of the imperial trans-Antarctic expedition was made in December 1913. After initial difficulties in fund-raising, Sir James Caird of Dundee, the jute manufacturer, gave £24,000, the government £10,000, and the Royal Geographical Society £1000. On the brink of the First World War, *Endurance* was ready to sail. When war broke out Shackleton offered to hand her over with crew and stores to the Admiralty, but the offer was refused. After consulting George V and his benefactor, Sir James Caird, he decided to proceed, *Endurance* setting sail in August, followed in September by Shackleton, who joined her at Buenos Aires in October. Reaching South Georgia in early November, *Endurance* left Grytviken on 5 December, crossing the Antarctic circle on 30 December 1914. Caird Coast was discovered on 11 January 1915. Thereafter Shackleton's plans went completely awry. No landing on the continent was made from the icebound Weddell Sea. On 18 January 1915 *Endurance* was beset in heavy pack ice and was eventually (27 October 1915) crushed and sunk, leaving expedition members camped on the floes, fortunately drifting northwards. After getting under

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way from the ice edge on 9 April 1916 they escaped to desolate Elephant Island, which they reached on 15 April in three boats named after his benefactors: the Stancomb-Wills, the Dudley Docker, and the James Caird. Shackleton, Frank Worsley, and four companions left most of the party in Frank Wild's charge, and on 24 April embarked upon the epic voyage of 800 miles in the Caird, a 22 foot boat, across the Southern Ocean in some of the stormiest seas in the world, landing at Cape Rosa in South Georgia on 10 May. To reach the whaling stations on the far side of the island, Shackleton, Worsley, and Crean crossed the unclimbed and unsurveyed Allardyce Range, which is its spine, with a length of rope and a carpenter's adze, arriving at Stromness whaling station on 20 May to the astonishment of the manager and the admiration of the rugged Norwegians. Even before the explorer's reappearance in the war-torn world of 1916, the Admiralty had set about planning a search expedition in the Discovery, which her then owners, the Hudson's Bay Company, lent free of charge. However, before she arrived and after three failed attempts, he took off the marooned party from Elephant Island in the Chilean steamer Yelcho on 30 August 1916, finding them 'All safe, all well!'

Fêted in South America, Shackleton sailed in a steamer from San Francisco to New Zealand in October 1916 to relieve the stranded Ross Sea party, led by Aeneas Mackintosh, which had been organized by Shackleton to lay deposits for the Endurance party once the latter had sledged across the continent from the Weddell Sea. His ship, Aurora, had been repaired (after drifting for ten months in the pack ice) with funds provided by the British, Australian, and New Zealand governments, while friends relieved his own financial worries with loans that were repaid when the Aurora was eventually sold. Anxious to rescue his men himself, he nevertheless accepted in the end the Australian committee's stipulation that Captain John King Davis should command the relief expedition to the Ross Sea, while Shackleton would be in charge of any land journeys. He signed on as supernumerary officer under Davis in the Aurora and the vessel arrived off Cape Royds, his old winter quarters, on 10 January 1917. Soon six men and a dog sledge arrived with a tale to tell of heroism and tragedy.

The depots had indeed been laid as far as the Beardmore Glacier. Travelling for more than 1500 miles in 160 days, the Ross Sea party only narrowly escaped disaster on the return journey. One man died (the Revd Arnold Spencer Smith). Two others (Mackintosh and Victor Hayward) died later when the sea ice, on which they were travelling, broke up. Shackleton later lectured in Australia in aid of Mackintosh's widow. He was also persuaded to dictate the more exciting episodes of the expedition to Edward Saunders, in case he were killed in the war. The book (South) was not published until 1919. It was dedicated 'To my comrades who fell in the white warfare of the south and on the red fields of France and Flanders'. In 1974, at a soirée to commemorate Shackleton's birth, Sir Vivian Fuchs, who had made the first crossing of Antarctica in 1957– 8, concluded that Shackleton's crossing party might just have made it, given good weather and terrain, experienced drivers, and well-trained dogs (Fuchs, 14– 18).

Last years, 1917– 1922

Anxious to serve his country and the British empire during the First World War, but— according to H. R. Mill— unable to forgive the Admiralty for not allowing him to enter the navy in 1903 (Mill, 250), Shackleton did not go to sea again, as might have been expected. He carried out a propaganda mission on behalf of the Foreign Office in South America in late 1917 and early 1918. He was then given a commission as major and put in charge of equipment for the winter campaign (1918– 19) of the north Russian expeditionary force, based in Murmansk on the staff of Major-General Charles Clarkson Martin Maynard, who found him an easier subordinate than expected. He resigned his commission in February 1919 and returned to business projects.

Shackleton's last voyage was in the little Norwegian sealer which he renamed Quest. A proposed expedition to explore the uncharted Beaufort Sea, north of Alaska, fell through, so he turned to the south. 'Programme in a nutshell', he wrote to a friend, 'all the oceanic and sub-Antarctic islands. 2000 miles of Antarctic outline from Enderby Land to Coats Land. Seaplane, kinema, wireless, everything up to date' (Mill, 271). He found a generous backer in his old schoolfriend John Quiller Rowett. The Quest was indeed fitted out with numerous aids to exploration and science in St Katharine's Dock, London. George V presented a silk union flag and Queen Alexandra listened to the plans, with all her earlier interest in the Antarctic expeditions. On 18 September 1920 the Quest dropped down the Thames, carrying a complement of eighteen, seven of whom had sailed in Endurance. Shackleton exchanged 'the hateful ways of business ... for the delights of command, where he was supreme alike in his power and in the unquestioning devotion of his crew' (Mill, 273). They reached South Georgia on 4 January 1922 and Shackleton went ashore at Grytviken to visit old friends and to make arrangements for the Antarctic leg of the voyage. While on board the Quest at Grytviken he died suddenly of a heart attack at 3.30 a.m. on 5 January 1922, having earlier written his diary, whose last words were, 'In the darkening twilight I saw a lone star hover gem-like above the bay' (diary, Scott Polar RI, quoted in Mill, 277). He was buried on 5 March in the Norwegian cemetery at Grytviken, South Georgia, and a cairn was built at Hope Point in memory of 'the Boss' by his old shipmates on the Quest's return.

Reputation

Long eclipsed by Scott, Shackleton's star was in the ascendant during the later years of the twentieth century. The archivist of his old school, organizer of a major Shackleton exhibition there, has well summarized this change:

Sir Ernest Shackleton is currently something of a cult figure: the mood of our time appears to crave a hero who combines strong leadership with concern for his men, huge powers of physical and moral endurance together with a poetic soul and panache. (J. Piggott, exhibition prospectus, 2000)

Shackleton is even considered a model for businessmen in America (M. Morrell and S. Capparell, *Shackleton's Way: Leadership Lessons from the Great Antarctic Explorer*, 2001), and crowds flocked to the Endurance exhibitions there. Like his favourite poet, Browning, he believed (and proved) that great endeavours which fail can be turned into success.

Three biographies of Shackleton have been published. The first (1923) was by H. R. Mill, who knew him well. The second was by James and Margery Fisher (1957), who interviewed and recorded many of his old shipmates, while the third, lengthy and detailed even on the subject of his business ventures and extramarital affairs, was by Roland Huntford (1985). The James Caird Society, based at Dulwich College, where the boat is displayed, was founded in 1995 to honour him. A powerful statue by C. S. Jagger stands outside the Royal Geographical Society, South Kensington, while a number of place names in the Antarctic and elsewhere perpetuate his name. It was Apsley Cherry-Garrard who wrote about four of the leaders of the heroic age of Antarctic exploration:

For a joint scientific and geographical piece of organization, give me Scott; for a Winter Journey, Wilson; for a dash to the Pole and nothing else, Amundsen; and if I am in the devil of a hole and want to get out of it, give me Shackleton every time. (*The Worst Journey in the World*, 1923, p. vi)

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Sir Raymond Priestley later paraphrased the latter as, 'get down on your knees and pray for Shackleton' (Priestley, 7). Unlike Scott, Shackleton had little interest in science, but he realized its value when drawing up proposals for an expedition. He chose good scientists in short, unique interviews, so that the scientific results of his expeditions were considerable. On the publication of the Fishers' biography, Dr A. H. Macklin, who had been senior surgeon aboard Endurance and was with Shackleton when he died, described him as: an outstanding 'personality'— there radiated from him something strong and powerful and purposeful so that even to meet him was an experience ... He was a very exacting person to work for and always expected 'delivery of the goods' no matter how difficult the job. He valued loyalty above everything (and usually got it!) No-one ever questioned his authority. He would listen carefully and weigh advice, but he made up his own mind and his decisions were always his own ... he hated anything in the way of heroics and to label him throughout as the perfect being would of course be ridiculous. (A. H. Macklin, letter to Alfred Lansing, c.1957, quoted in Savours, 119–20)

Ann Savours

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Likenesses E. A. Wilson, pencil drawing, 1902, Scott Polar RI · E. A. Wilson, silhouette, 1902, Scott Polar RI · B. Stone, double portrait, photograph, 1904 (with the earl of Balfour), NPG · G. C. Beresford, negative, 1909, NPG · O. Edis, photograph, 1910, NPG · F. Hurley, photograph, 1915, Scott Polar RI [see illus.] · R. G. Eves, oils, 1921, NPG · R. G. Eves, oils, 1921, NMM · C. J. Jagger, statue, c.1932, RGS · R. G. Eves, charcoal studies and oil studies, Scott Polar RI · Kite, caricature, Hentschel-colourtype, NPG; repro. in VF (6 Oct 1909) · B. Kronstrand, oils, priv. coll. · photographs (taken during the expedition), RGS · photographs, Scott Polar RI

Wealth at death £556 2s. 7d.: probate, 12 May 1922, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Ann Savours, 'Shackleton, Sir Ernest Henry (1874– 1922)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2011

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CVO OBE FRGS FRAS.
- He was educated at Fir Lodge Preparatory School in Sydenham, Kent.
- He was educated at Dulwich College in 1887-1890.
- He worked as an apprentice to the merchant navy in 1890-1894.

Ernest married **Emily Mary Dorman**,^{2,410} daughter of **Charles Dorman** and **Jane Swinford**, on 9 Apr 1904 in Christ Church, Westminster, London. Emily was born in 1868 and died on 9 Jun 1936 at age 68. They had three children: **Raymond Swinford**, **Cecily Jane Swinford**, and **Edward Arthur Alexander**.

18-**Raymond Swinford Shackleton** was born on 2 Feb 1905 and died on 13 Mar 1960 at age 55.

Raymond married **Doreen Brenda Cicely Green**. They had two children: **Ernest Nicholas Swinford** and **Richard Mark Yelverton**.

19-**Ernest Nicholas Swinford Shackleton**

19-**Richard Mark Yelverton Shackleton**

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18-Cecily Jane Swinford Shackleton was born on 23 Dec 1906 and died on 29 Oct 1957 at age 50. She had no known marriage and no known children.

18-Wing Cmdr. Rt. Hon. Sir Edward Arthur Alexander Shackleton 1st Baron Shackleton² was born on 15 Jul 1911 in Wandsworth, London and died on 22 Sep 1994 in Lymington, Hampshire at age 83.

General Notes: Shackleton, Edward Arthur Alexander, Baron Shackleton (1911– 1994), explorer and politician, was born on 15 July 1911, the younger son and youngest of three children of Sir Ernest Henry Shackleton (1874– 1922), Antarctic explorer, and his wife, Emily Mary (1868– 1936), second daughter of Charles Dorman, of Towngate, Wadhurst, Sussex. Although long overshadowed by his famous father, commander of the 1909 national Antarctic expedition, Shackleton hardly knew him. From the age of two until Sir Ernest's death off South Georgia when he was ten, his father was exploring or on naval missions. He was brought up by his mother, Emily, and her Victorian mother, to whom he attributed his self-reliance. Educated at Radley College and then at Magdalen College, Oxford, he arranged the 1932 Oxford expedition to Sarawak, serving as its surveyor. He chose a tropical forest rather than the Antarctic to 'be my own person' and avoid the charge that he was 'playing on my father's reputation' (Parliamentary Profiles files). Having achieved the first known ascent of Borneo's Mount Mulu, he led the 1934– 5 Oxford expedition to Ellesmere Island. He recounted these expeditions in Arctic Journeys (1937) and Borneo Jungle (1938). On 27 April 1938 he married Betty Muriel Marguerite, daughter of Captain Charles Homan, elder brother of Trinity House. (Shackleton himself became an honorary elder brother of Trinity House in 1980.) They had two children, Alexandra (b. 1940) and Charles (1942– 1979).

After lecturing in Europe and America on his travels, Shackleton joined the BBC as a talks producer in Ulster, whose sectarianism shocked him. He was sacked by the BBC after an abrasive period as a minister of information supervisor of the German service. In 1940 he joined the RAF's Coastal Command as an intelligence officer and anti-U-boat planner. Twice cited in dispatches, he rose to wing commander and, instead of receiving the DFC, was appointed OBE, which he derided as 'Other Buggers' Efforts' and a product of the 'snobbery that operated in high places against Coastal Command' (Parliamentary Profiles files).

Although a former treasurer of the Oxford University Conservative Association, by the late 1930s Shackleton had joined the Labour Party. Beaten by Roy Jenkins as the Labour candidate for winnable Solihull, he did not win much-less-hopeful Epsom and Ewell in June 1945. Despite his slogan of 'With Shackleton to the poll', he also failed against Winston Churchill's favourite, Brendan Bracken, at the November 1945 by-election in hopeless Bournemouth. He finally secured a nomination in Preston to defeat Harmar Nicholls in January 1946. The minister of supply, George Strauss, named him his parliamentary private secretary in 1949, but he was soon 'filched' by Herbert Morrison, leader of the Commons, then foreign secretary and perpetual aspirant to replace Clement Attlee as Labour's leader. When Shackleton's seat was divided, he very narrowly survived in Preston South in 1950 (by 149 votes) and 1951 (by 16). After Labour went into opposition in 1951, Morrison exploited Shackleton's friendship with Richard Crossman, in whose Vincent Square home he had roomed, to try to forge an anti-Attlee link with the left-wing rebels, the 'Bevanites'. Shackleton himself was a non-factional moderate, widely liked and respected, and closest to Roy Jenkins because of their shared pro-Europeanism and liking for proportional representation, which alienated Shackleton from the anti-European Hugh Gaitskell and first-past-the-posters.

Because of the bitter factionalism of the time, Shackleton was not too sorry to lose his seat to Alan Green, subsequently financial secretary to the Treasury, in the 1955 election. He became a director (1955– 64 and 1973– 82), and deputy chairman (1975– 82) of the John Lewis Partnership. He enjoyed himself intellectually, writing the biography of his hero, Fridtjof Nansen (1959), the Norwegian explorer and humanitarian. Still in his forties, Shackleton was a natural choice for Labour's first list of life peers, when created by Harold Macmillan in 1958. He was also a natural choice for the post of minister for the RAF when Labour returned to power in 1964. He was sworn of the privy council in 1966 and became deputy leader of the House of Lords in 1967. Crossman, then leader of the House of Commons, was determined that his friend should nail down the details of the 'Crossman reform', phasing out the voting rights of the mainly Conservative hereditary peers with the collaboration of such reformist tory lords as Jellicoe and Carrington. But foreign secretary George Brown again 'filched' Shackleton for the tricky task of extricating the terrorist-besieged British forces from Aden, despite Crossman's 'We can't spare him' plaint. By his return, the 'Crossman reforms' had aroused the ire of James Callaghan and Iain Macleod, and were talked out in the Commons by Enoch Powell, Michael Foot, and Robert Sheldon.

In 1968 Shackleton became leader of the House of Lords, paymaster-general (taking over security from Lord Wigg), and minister in charge of the civil service. He widened entry to the civil service and improved career prospects for its scientists, implementing many of the recommendations of the Fulton report of 1968. Labour's defeat in 1970 converted him into the leader of the opposition in the Lords until 1974. He parted company with most Labour parliamentarians by joining Roy Jenkins in backing Edward Heath's effort to join the EEC. When Labour unexpectedly returned to power in March 1974, Shackleton made clear that he was not available for full-time politics. He had rejoined the John Lewis board, and had become a director of Rio Tinto Zinc (he was its deputy chairman from 1975 to 1982). In 1973 he told RTZ that the prospects of traffic revenue from a channel tunnel were 'embarrassingly favourable' (Parliamentary Profiles files).

When James Callaghan replaced Harold Wilson as prime minister and leader of the Labour Party in 1976, Shackleton willingly surveyed how to develop the economy of the Falkland Islands by expanding fisheries and by exploiting gas and oil resources. In his report he argued forcibly that, given sufficient investment, the Falkland Islands were economically sustainable. He also emphasized that the majority of the islanders wanted to remain British. He was subsequently a vociferous campaigner for the retention of the ice patrol ship HMS Endurance (named after his father's ship) in the south Atlantic. Shackleton's report was updated for Margaret Thatcher six years later, after the Falklands War had underlined his recommendations about the need for an adequate airport and the retention of the Endurance, whose withdrawal had precipitated the Argentine invasion. In 1978 Shackleton was called upon to conduct a review of the Prevention of Terrorism Act; he concluded by broadly endorsing its operation. Never a narrow sectarian, he aroused Labour hackles when, with Lord Lever, he endorsed the candidacy of their fellow pro-European Roy Jenkins as the Social Democratic Party candidate for Hillhead, Glasgow, in 1982. He apologized gracefully to Labour peers. For sixteen years he was the chairman of the political honours scrutiny committee. He again achieved public prominence in 1993 by complaining that the Conservative government had handed out titles in return for donations.

Shackleton was remembered as a tall, square-shouldered man, with wavy hair and spectacles, very affable and charming. He under-estimated himself as merely an

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'organisational and administrative type, concerned with whether a thing will work or not' (Parliamentary Profiles files). His friend Richard Crossman, never generous with praise, wrote that he was 'as sensible and solid a man as you'll find anywhere' (Diaries, 2.704). He was a keen tennis player and swimmer, and swam regularly in the Serpentine on new year's day. In his retirement he windsurfed in Cornwall, hang-glided in Australia, and travelled again to the Arctic to re-acquaint himself with the landscape and its people. He died on 22 September 1994 at Lymington, Hampshire, and was survived by his wife and daughter; his son predeceased him. A memorial service was held in Westminster Abbey on 25 January 1995.

Andrew Roth
Sources Parliamentary Profiles files · R. H. S. Crossman, The diaries of a cabinet minister, 2 (1976) · The Times (24 Sept 1994) · The Independent (24 Sept 1994) · The Guardian (24 Sept 1994) · WWW, 1991– 5 · Burke, Peerage · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1995)
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Likenesses N. Sinclair, photograph, 1992, NPG · photograph, repro. in The Times · photograph, repro. in The Independent · photograph, repro. in The Guardian
Wealth at death under £125,000: probate, 16 Jan 1995, CGPLA Eng. & Wales
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Andrew Roth, 'Shackleton, Edward Arthur Alexander, Baron Shackleton (1911– 1994)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2008

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AC OBE PC FRS FRGS FRCGS.

Edward married **Betty Muriel Marguerite Homan**, daughter of **Capt. Charles Homan**. They had two children: **Alexandra Mary Swinford** and **Charles Edward Ernest**.

19-Hon. Alexandra Mary Swinford Shackleton

Alexandra married **Richard Charles Bergel**.

19-Hon. Charles Edward Ernest Shackleton

Charles married **Lady Caroline Harriet Hastings**, daughter of **Francis John Clarence Westenra Plantagenet Hastings 16th Earl of Huntingdon** and **Margaret Lane**. They had two children: **Emma Jane Miranda** and **David Charles**.

20-Emma Jane Miranda Shackleton

20-David Charles Shackleton

17-**Amy Vibert Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 14 Apr 1875 in Kilkea House, Kilkea, County Kildare and died on 13 Apr 1953 at age 77.

17-**Francis Richard Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 19 Sep 1876 in Kilkea House, Kilkea, County Kildare and died on 24 Jun 1941 in Chichester, West Sussex at age 64. Another name for Francis was Frank Mellor.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Dublin Herald.
- Miscellaneous: He was involved in the theft of the Irish Crown Jewels, 1907, Dublin, Ireland.

17-**Ethel Rose Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 25 Apr 1878 in Kilkea House, Kilkea, County Kildare and died on 26 Sep 1935 at age 57.

17-**Eleanor Hope Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 8 Dec 1879 in Kilkea House, Kilkea, County Kildare and died on 15 Jan 1960 at age 80.

17-**Clara Lillian Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 7 Feb 1881 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 11 May 1958 at age 77.

17-**Helen Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 29 Oct 1882 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 17 Aug 1962 at age 79.

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17-**Kathleen Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 5 Feb 1884 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 10 Jul 1961 at age 77.

17-**Gladys Mabel Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 8 Jan 1887 in Sydenham, Kent and died on 26 Jul 1962 at age 75.

16-**Edmund Shackleton**⁸ was born on 7 Apr 1850 in Dublin, Ireland, died on 28 Dec 1889 in Beaufort West, Cape Colony, South Africa at age 39, and was buried in Beaufort West, Cape Colony, South Africa.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with LRCSI.

Edmund married **Anna Maria Leech**,⁴²⁴ daughter of **Charles Leech** and **Anna Maria Chambré**, on 27 Aug 1879 in Dublin, Ireland. Anna died in Jan 1882. They had two children: **Anna Rose** and **Charles**.

17-**Anna Rose Shackleton**

Anna married **Andrew Reginald Berry**, son of **James de la Tour Berry**.

17-**Charles Shackleton**⁴²⁴ was born on 9 Jan 1882.

15-**George Shackleton**^{2,8,28,29,51,80,201,424} was born on 21 Aug 1785 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 1 Jul 1871 in Griesemount, Ballitore, Co. Kildare at age 85, and was buried on 5 Jul 1871 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

George married **Hannah Fisher**,^{2,8,29,51,80,201,424} daughter of **Joseph Fisher** and **Hannah**, on 14 Aug 1823 in Limerick. Hannah was born on 9 Apr 1803 in Limerick, died on 21 Feb 1873 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 69, and was buried on 24 Feb 1873 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland. They had 13 children:**Hannah Jane**, **Abraham**, **Lydia**, **Deborah**, **Joseph Fisher**, **Elizabeth**, **Sarah Edmundson**, **Margaret Fell**, **Mary**, **George Rooke**, **Richard**, **Rebecca Harvey**, and **Rachel**.

16-**Hannah Jane Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 11 May 1824 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Mar 1839-Jun 1840 in York, Yorkshire.

Hannah married **Arthur Thomas Palmer**,^{7,8,414} son of **Thomas Palmer**^{7,8} and **Lydia Mallinson**,^{7,8} on 14 Aug 1851 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland. Arthur was born on 29 Nov 1822 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 12 Nov 1894 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 71. They had two children: **Hannah Elizabeth** and **Joseph Edward**.

17-**Hannah Elizabeth Palmer**⁸ was born on 30 May 1854 in Huddersfield, Yorkshire and died in 1921 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 67.

General Notes: Hannah Palmer RET 6/19/1/122 Undated, 1885-6
These documents are held at York University, Borthwick Institute for Archives
1 Item

Contents:

Letter by her to her father

Patient no. 1472, in Retreat 1882 - 1921 (died). Age 28 on admission, Quaker, single, no occupation, from Yealand Conyers, Carnforth, Lancashire. Mania and partial dementia

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Yealand Conyers, Carnforth, Lancashire.
- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1869-Dec 1870 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Joseph Edward Palmer**^{8,39,178} was born on 30 Jan 1856 in Huddersfield.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1869-1871 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Draper in Huddersfield, Yorkshire.

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Joseph married **Eugenie Constance**.¹⁷⁸ Eugenie was born in 1857 and died on 20 Jun 1915 in Folkestone, Kent at age 58.

16-**Abraham Shackleton**^{8,80,176,424} was born on 17 Aug 1827 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 29 May 1912 in 23 York Road, Rathmines, Dublin at age 84, and was buried in FBG Temple Hill, Dublin.

General Notes: Abraham Shackleton 84 29 5mo. 1912 Dublin. Abraham Shackleton, of Dublin, who passed away at his residence, 23 York Road, Rathmines, on the 29th of May, 1912, was one of the best known and most conspicuous members of the Society of Friends in Ireland. He was the eldest son of George and Hannah Shackleton, nee Fisher, of Ballitore, Co. Kildare, where he was born in the year 1827. His ancestors had made this little village famous in many ways, since the first Abraham Shackleton came with his wife from Yorkshire in 1728, and established Ballitore School, so long a familiar name in Irish Quaker history, and where so many distinguished men, from Edmund Burke onwards, as well as a considerable number of Friends of successive generations, received their education. Richard Shackleton, the son of the founder of the School, was a man of marked ability and varied talents, and completed his education at Trinity College, Dublin - at that time a very unusual experience for a Quaker youth. Under his management the school attained its highest fame, and his friendship and correspondence with Edmund Burke, who had been his school-fellow, continued to the close of his life. His daughter, Mary Leadbeater, wife of William Leadbeater, was the authoress of the well-known volumes, Annals of Ballitore, in which are presented pictures and sketches of Irish village life in the eighteenth century, as well as a careful record of the events culminating in the disastrous rebellion of 1798, and the changes which followed, and containing stores of information for the historian and moralist. Other members of the family also displayed literary talent, and Ballitore School naturally attracted from time to time the attention and presence of distinguished visitors to the little village- otherwise remote and inconspicuous - serving to make it, in some sense in the minds of not a few, a classic spot. These influences continued until the School ceased to exist, shortly before 1840, and even lingered for some time afterwards. In this atmosphere and among these surroundings Abraham Shackleton (named after his grandfather, the son of Edmund Burke's friend), spent his earlier years. His education commenced in a small school in Ballitore conducted by Thomas Noble Cole, a learned and studious Friend, whose wife, Elizabeth, was a daughter of Wlliam and Mary Leadbeater. He subsequently spent some years at a private school in Falmouth, conducted by Lovell Squire, where he made the acquaintance of the Foxes and other Friends in the vicinity. He always looked back with ap- preciation and gratitude to the time spent at Falmouth, not only for the sound education received, but for the influence which his master exerted upon his character, and for the pleasant social intercourse which he enjoyed. Letters written at this period still extant show him to have been a singularly studious and observant lad, subject also to serious religious impressions. His interest in wild flowers and field botany, which some of his children well remember in connection with many country walks and rambles with them in later life, had evidently begun before his Cornish experiences. It was, however, no doubt increased by the " wild plants " of which he writes shortly after his arrival at Falmouth as being " quite new " to him, and very soon he announces his appointment to the office of " assistant -curator in botany " He notes the difference between the " system of teaching " under his new instructors and what he had been accustomed to, expresses his admiration for the patience shown by his master, and sums up his new experiences by the comment, " School is just like a little world." He frequently alludes in his letters to what has taken place in Meeting - to the coming and going of ministers - and mentions with much appreciation the interest in his spiritual well-being shown by one or two Friends in particular. There are also accounts of " Polytechnic Lectures," of the "Davy Lamp," and in November, 1841, he describes the celebrations at Falmouth in honour of the birth of " Prince Albert Edward, Prince of Wales and Duke of Cornwall." Entering on the active duties of life, he soon became an energetic and successful merchant, and was the senior member of a large firm of Flour Millers, a business in which he followed his father, who owned extensive mills in Ballitore. He early displayed a capacity for public life, and until increasing years and the need of rest with- drew him from some spheres of activity, he occupied a prominent place in public and political affairs in Dublin. His sympathies with the toiling masses of society were deep and sincere, and he was ready to take part in almost every industrial or other movement intended for the help and uplifting of his fellow-men. He had much sympathy with and interest in all those aspirations and projects which go under the comprehensive appellation of " Socialism," although he recognised the difficulties involved in any extensive scheme of " State-Socialism." In an address which he delivered as Vice-President to the members of the Dublin Friends' Institute in October, 1874, he said : - " Just as the patriarchal forms of social life, deemed moral in a past day, are now, and rightly so, counted immoral, so we cannot doubt our present system of competitive life, based upon the principle of self before our neighbour, is incompatible with the higher morality and purer maxims inculcated by the greatest moral teacher the world has ever seen or heard. I cannot see how we can shut our eyes to the facts that our present social arrangements are incompatible with Christ's teaching ; that if it be a truth that it is our duty to love our neighbour as ourselves, a system which depends upon loving ourselves better than our neighbour must be ultimately supplanted by some system consistent with this truth. That if it be true that we should give to him that asketh and lend to him that would borrow of us, some system of social life must be possible for men, in the future, in which the necessity does not exist to act exactly contrary to these maxims Aspirations in this direction are generally thought to be utopian and chimerical ; so also a vision of the present attainments of civilization, imperfect though they still are, might have been ridiculed if pointed to by those living in earlier stages of social development. Attempts to realize some of them have often been made, and hitherto have ended in failure, but as wisdom and knowledge increase, it is surely not absurd to look forward to further social improvement." Nearly 40 years later (in August, 1911), within a year of his death, he wrote to The Friend in a very similar strain concerning the " Ethics of Business." Abraham Shackleton gave a great deal of time and thought to work in connection with the Dublin Hospitals. He served for many years on the Committee of the Dublin Hospital Sunday Fund, and was for nearly 40 years an active and keenly interested member of the Managing Committee of the Cork Street Fever Hospital. A total abstainer from his early youth, he for many years . threw the whole weight of his influence into the support of the various measures of Temperance, and was instrumental in contributing to the achievement of almost every success that has been obtained in that direction, especially as regards Sunday Closing and the restriction of fresh licenses. He was deeply interested in questions of land tenure and reform, and from early years he was an earnest advocate of the rights and claims of tenants, and especially of the smaller and poorer occupiers of land. He lived to see a great amelioration in this respect in the condition of vast numbers of his fellow-countrymen. In politics Abraham Shackleton was a convinced Nationalist and Home -Ruler, and was accustomed to state his views with the utmost plainness and sincerity, even in circumstances where those views were distinctly unpopular. The honesty of his convictions was, however, so apparent, that many of those who most differed from him could feel as he did, that such differences should make no change in the cordiality of their personal relations. From an early period he was a warm supporter of the Women's Suffrage Movement, and consistently advocated the view that women were equally entitled with men to make their influence felt in legislation and in all the great

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questions of life. He was elected a member of the Corporation of Dublin in 1878, and took an active part in its proceedings for a number of years. He maintained an energetic warfare against inertia and corruption in civic and other affairs, and often provoked hostility by his unreserved plainness of speech, so that on one occasion he referred to himself as the " best hated man in Dublin." He has been well described as a " born fighter," but the keen sense of humour which was one of his characteristics carried him through many difficulties. Though an ardent reformer, Abraham Shackleton was no iconoclast, and could reverence and appreciate the value of old landmarks and memorials of bygone days. When some improvements were proposed in the Council which involved the destruction of almost the only remaining portion of the ancient City Walls of Dublin, including an open archway known as " St. Audoen's Arch," it was through his initiative and influence that the plans were altered and that this interesting relic was preserved. Again, when it was proposed by the Government to build a new Museum and Library on the open green known as the " Leinster Lawn," in front of what was once the residence of the Dukes of Leinster (now the Royal Dublin Society House), he, on his own responsibility, summoned a meeting of citizens, who protested so successfully against this proposal, that the original plan was abandoned and a more suitable site for the buildings chosen. For many years Abraham Shackleton was a Poor Law Guardian of one of the Dublin LTnions, and was full of sympathetic interest in its inmates, and especially for the women and children, on behalf of whom he laboured unceasingly for the improvement of their condition. He took a leading part in the reform of the system of nursing, when Roman Catholic " Sis- ters of Mercy " and Protestant " Deaconesses " were introduced into the Infirmary to replace the utterly inefficient pauper nurses. But it was amongst the children that his interest was keenest, and some who have now reached middle life testify to their appreciation of his fatherly friendship and interest in their lives. They still speak of their happy recollections of his visits to the children in the Workhouse on Sunday mornings, and recall the delights of the excursions which he and his friend, the late Samuel Bewley, Junior - in all these matters his warm co-adjutor - organised every summer for the children, collecting the money for the necessary expenses amongst their friends. His interest in the children of the Dublin poor was by no means confined to those who were inmates of the Work- houses. In his daily walks to his place of business, through some of the back streets and slums of the city, he was constantly and sympathetically noting the lives and doings of the children. On his return home he would often have incidents - humorous or pathetic - to relate concerning them. Throughout his long life he was warmly attached to the Society of Friends, and he greatly valued his membership. In early and middle life he took considerable part in its affairs, and was a regular at tender at its Meetings. Although in later years, from various causes, he had ceased to take much active part, he hardly ever failed to attend Quarterly and Yearly Meetings when possible, and he sometimes spoke on subjects which specially appealed to him. In 1860, Abraham Shackleton was married to Anna Webb, daughter of William and Maria Webb, of Dublin, the latter being the authoress of those well-known Quaker biographies, " The Fells of Swarthmoor Hall " and " The Penns and Penningtons of the 17th century." The first ten years of his married life were spent at " Guisebank " (The Mill House), Ballitore, where five of his six children were born ; and in 1870, he removed with his family to the neighbourhood of Dublin. His first wife died in 1888, and some years afterwards he married Anne Harvey Walpole, daughter of Thomas S. and Elizabeth Harvey, of Waterford, who survives him. Some of the same influences which surrounded Abraham Shackleton's own adolescence surrounded also that of his children, to whom he was ever a loving father and friend. He was throughout his life an excellent correspondent, and greatly enjoyed writing and receiving letters ; and when in later life his family became scattered, he carried on with each of them a close and regular correspondence, taking a minute interest in all the concerns of their lives, and conversing with them in his letters about all his own affairs. This enjoyment in correspondence filled with interest and occupation the last two or three years of his life, when for the first time since boyhood he found himself to a great extent free from the cares and occupations of business. He now carried on constant correspondence, not only with absent members of his own family, but with many friends and acquaintances with whom he had mutual interests - or differences - on social and religious questions. Amongst the friends of his later years were many young people - children and grandchildren of those he had known in former days. These, as well as his old friends, he greatly enjoyed receiving in his little study - its walls crowded with portraits, not only of his own relatives and personal friends - but of public men of widely differing schools of thought. Arthur Balfour and Bonar Law were to be seen there, as well as W. E. Gladstone, Lord Morley and John Redmond. Here, too, he loved to entertain his little grand-children, while they were still living near him, and to watch them playing with the toys which they well knew " Grandpapa " would produce for them out of his drawers. For his children and for everyone, he en- couraged a spirit of free enquiry, and an absence of merely conventional restraint in matters intellectual and spiritual. Fearless himself, in subjects of thought and research, never hesitating to give utterance to his own convictions, however different he might know them to be from those of the person he was addressing, he sometimes gave quite an erroneous impression, and caused it to be thought that he considered religious principles and beliefs of less importance than they appeared to others. His one intolerance was for anything of the nature of insincerity or pretence, and this perhaps caused him not infrequently, in the course of conversation, to express less rather than more of what he believed and rested in. To those who really knew him, Abraham Shackleton was an intensely religious man, one who was ever looking for more light upon the path of life, more of guidance, more of strength to fulfil the duties of the day, and who did not seek in vain. Probably he was expressing his own deepest convictions when he described the leading idea of the earliest members and founders of the Society of Friends in the following words : - " That every man, if he does but keep the eyes and ears of his soul, that is his conscience, open and attentive, may see for himself the rays of light which are ever pouring in on his soul from the eternal fountain of life and light, the Sun of Righteousness, the Source of all true wisdom and knowledge ; may hear for himself the voice of God, that same still small voice heard by the prophet of old upon the mountain." (Vice-President's Address to the Members of the Dublin Friends" Institute). His last illness was of a prolonged and painful character, but often when not in acute suffering his mind was alert and vigorous until near the close. All his life he had been keenly interested in moral and religious questions, in education, and in the spread of knowledge and enlightenment ; and these still occupied his mind when he was able to converse with his friends. His favourite hymn, which was repeated at the graveside by an intimate friend, on the occasion of his funeral, was the well-known one by Bishop Walsham How, beginning : - " For all the Saints who from their labours rest, Who Thee by faith before the world confess 'd, Thy name, O Jesu, be for ever blest," and towards the end, in the intervals of release from pain, some verses of this hymn were sometimes upon his lips, as if in inward communion. Increasing weakness gradually supervened, till he passed quietly away on May 29th. He was laid to rest on June 1st, in the Friends' Cemetery, Temple Hill, Dublin, in the presence of a large gathering of his family and connections and friends, as well as of many of the public, who had long known and esteemed his upright character.,

Abraham married **Anna Webb**,^{8,80,176} daughter of **William Webb** and **Maria**, on 21 Aug 1860 in Dublin, Ireland. Anna was born on 23 Mar 1833 in Belfast, Ireland and died on 9 Oct 1888 in Foxrock, Dublin at age 55. They had six children: **Louis George, Marian, Alice Mary, William Webb, Frederick Columba**, and **John Abraham**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Oct 1848-Jun 1851 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Louis George Shackleton**⁸ was born on 14 Sep 1861 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

17-**Marian Shackleton** was born on 24 Mar 1863 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

17-**Alice Mary Shackleton** was born on 14 Jun 1865 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

17-**Dr. William Webb Shackleton**^{207,261} was born on 6 Aug 1867 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland and died on 1 Jun 1935 in Bushey, Hertfordshire at age 67.

General Notes: W. W. SHACKLETON, M.D. Mledical Officer, Royal Masonic Schcol for Boys Dr. William Webb Shackleton, who died on June 1st, aged 67, had been in practice at Bushey, Herts, for forty- two years. He was born at Ballitore, Co. Kildare, the son of Abraham Shackleton, of a very old Quaker family, which settled in Ireland at end of the seventeenth century. He was educated at Bootham's, York, and at Trinity College, Dublin, where he obtained his B.A. in 1889, and in the same year his M.B., B.Ch., and B.A.O. Following this he went to Vienna to study. After an assistantship in Essex and several sea voyages as ship surgeon he went to Bushey in 1893, having taken his M.D. that year. He will be sadly missed, for, in addition to being very highly esteemed as a general practitioner, he had the most delightful personality, which endeared him alike to his patients and his professional colleagues. He had been for many years medical officer to the Bushey Heath Hospital; and had been Poor Law medical officer to Bushey for many years; also to the St. Pancras Schools at Leavesden from 1894 until 1903. There he obtained unrivalled experience in the observation and treatment of the more obscure eye diseases, and of diphtheria, both endemic and epidemic, in connexion with which he published in the Lancet in 1906 his observations on the prophylactic use of anti- diphtheritic serum, then in its infancy. He had been the medical officer to the Royal Masonic Institutions for Boys ever since the schools moved to Bushey. His work in this capacity was to him the most enjoyable part of his prac- tice, and the boys of the Masonic schools and the board of management owe him a deep debt of gratitude for his untiring services on their behalf. Dr. Shackleton was a member of the British Medical Association, a past member of the Hertfordshire Panel Committee, and a past president of the West Herts Medical Society. He leaves a widow, a son, and a daughter; his son has been in practice with his father during the last few years.

H. L." writes: The death of Dr. Shackleton has deprived the medical profession of an able practitioner and a lovable man. His charm of manner, his kindness, cheerful sympathy, and keen sense of humour. endeared him to a wide circle of friends and patients, but none will feel his loss more keenly than those with whom he came in contact at the Royal Masonic School for Boys at Bushey, where he had been medical officer since 1903. Here his special know- ledge and skill in diagnosis and treatment were of the greatest value, and the excellent health of the school has been largely due to his foresight, wise counsel, and un- remitting care. It was delightful to see him at work among the boys, to watch his skilful management of them, and appreciate the wise understanding borne of a rich experience which never failed to win their confidence. They have lost a loved and trusted friend. His name will long hold an honoured place among those who have worked for this great charity.

WILLIAM WEBB SHACKLETON was the son of Abraham Shackleton, a Dublin business man, and came from an old Quaker family which migrated to Ireland at the end of the seventeenth century. At Bootham, as in after life, he was popular with all whom he met, and made many friends. He was in the Matriculation Class in 1884, which included Fred Carr, John F. Hills, Albert Curtis, and the late John Bright Clark, and the friendship between the members of this class was kept up in after life, probably more closely than has happened with any other class, before or since. After graduating at Trinity College, Dublin, Shackleton continued his studies in Vienna. He finally went into practice at Bushey, and continued there until his death. He served for forty years as Poor Law Medical Officer of Bushey, and from 1904 to 1914 was medical officer of Leavesden Residential Schools. He there had opportunities for the observation of diphtheria, both in its endemic and epidemic forms, and this bore fruit in an article published in The Lancet in 1906— at a time when knowledge of the treatment of the disease was not very advanced— on " The prophylactic use of anti-diphtheritic serum." He held various other public appointments. He died at the age of sixty-seven, and leaves a widow, a daughter, and a son, who is also a doctor and has been in partnership with his father. A friend wrote of him : "Dr . Shackleton was first and foremost a man's man ; honest of purpose, just in his dealings, with a fine scorn for the sham and shady things against which his gift of downright speech could on occasion be heard, but yet exhibiting a tolerance which won the respect of all. . . . His was a life full of joy in service to others. It was an honour to call him friend." *Bootham magazine - July 1935*

SHACKLETON.— On June 1st , William Webb Shackleton (1882-4), aged 67 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MB BCh BAO MD.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1882-1884 in York.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin.
- He worked as a Physician in Bushey, Hertfordshire.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 8 Jun 1935.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

William married **Eileen Geraldine Marian Adams Clarke**, daughter of **James Adams Clarke**, in 1897 in Bushey, Hertfordshire. Eileen was born in 1879. They had one daughter: **(No Given Name)**.

18-**Shackleton**²⁰⁷ was born on 22 May 1908 in Bushey, Hertfordshire.

General Notes: SHACKLETON.-On the 22nd May, 1908, at Bushey, Herts., the wife of Wm. Webb Shackleton, M.D. (1882-4), a daughter.

17-**Frederick Columba Shackleton** was born on 9 Jun 1869 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1883-1886 in York, Yorkshire.

Frederick married **Mary McDermott**. They had six children: **Anna Mary**, **Eileen Mary**, **Abraham**, **Alice Mary**, **Mary Columba**, and **Frederick Joseph**.

18-**Anna Mary Shackleton**³⁹ was born in 1905.

18-**Eileen Mary Shackleton**³⁹ was born in 1906.

18-**Abraham Shackleton**³⁹ was born in 1908.

18-**Alice Mary Shackleton**³⁹ was born in 1909.

18-**Mary Columba Shackleton**³⁹ was born in 1912.

18-**Frederick Joseph Shackleton**³⁹ was born in 1917.

17-**John Abraham Shackleton** was born on 15 May 1871 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

16-**Lydia Shackleton**^{2,8,424} was born on 22 Nov 1828 in Grisemount, Ballitore, Co. Kildare, Ireland, died on 10 Nov 1914 in 11 Garville Road, Rathgar, Dublin, Ireland at age 85, and was buried in FBG Temple Hill, Dublin.

General Notes: Shackleton, Lydia (1828– 1914), botanical artist, was born on 22 November 1828 at Grisemount, Ballitore, co. Kildare, Ireland, the third of the thirteen children of George Shackleton (1785– 1871), a flour miller, and his wife, Hannah, née Fisher (1803– 1873). The family were staunch Quakers. Lydia was probably taught at home by a governess, and subsequently studied in the Royal Dublin Society School of Art and Design. In her diary she recalled that 'When at the School of Design I copied a wild violet which was considered by myself and others a chef d'oeuvre. I painted it with excited happy feelings' (Nelson and Sayers). The earliest of her known works date from this period, the late 1840s; two drawings in pencil, of Grisemount and Ballitore, dated 15 November 1848, were reproduced in a privately printed booklet Lydia Shackleton (1828– 1914) (1947). Being one of the eldest children, Shackleton became responsible for educating her younger brothers and sisters. In the early 1850s she taught her sisters to draw while practising drawing and painting herself. Later, when she lived in Lucan, co. Dublin, she taught her infant nephews and nieces. Shackleton enjoyed teaching, but her preferred occupations were reading, painting, and gardening. She also wrote poetry. In April 1853 Shackleton moved to the family's newly acquired mill at Lyons, co. Kildare, where she was housekeeper for her elder brother Joseph. About 1860, when the Anna Liffey Mills at Lucan, co. Dublin, were purchased by the family, she moved there and lived at 7 The Mall, Lucan, for the rest of her life, except for two lengthy periods (1873– 6 and 1888– 9) when she was in the United States visiting cousins. While in America she painted; a few naïve sketches and landscapes, and numerous botanical watercolours survive (National Botanic Gardens, Glasnevin, Dublin).

Shackleton's principal work was undertaken for the Royal (now National) Botanic Gardens, Glasnevin, Dublin. She began painting plants growing at Glasnevin about September 1884. Her association continued for twenty-three years, until December 1907, when her deteriorating eyesight forced her to give up painting. In that period she completed about 1500 botanical studies. The majority portray orchids, the particular interest of Frederick Moore (1853– 1949), director of the gardens. More than 1000 orchid paintings, each signed L.S., survive in the Glasnevin Gardens, as well as portraits of other miscellaneous garden plants including Paeonia, Sarracenia, Helleborus, and Lachenalia. She also painted about one hundred Irish native wild species for the Science and Art Museum, Dublin; these paintings are now in the National Botanic Gardens.

None of Shackleton's paintings was reproduced during her lifetime. However, a plate showing the orchid *Moorea irrorata* (*Neomoorea wallisii*), published under Matilda Smith's name in Curtis's Botanical Magazine (1891), and another, published in The Garden (16 October 1886), showing two pitcher-plant (*Sarracenia*) hybrids raised at Glasnevin, may have derived from two of her paintings. Shackleton generally used watercolour, and painted on coloured papers which allowed her to employ gouache for white flowers. As a rule she painted a single blossom face on; rarely did she depict whole plants, and very rarely were dissections of the flowers or lateral views included. Thus much of her work cannot be considered truly scientific. Her early botanical portraits are of a consistently high quality but as her eyesight deteriorated in the early 1900s, so too did the precision of her work.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Shackleton is said to have had views, religious and otherwise, ahead of her time which estranged her from her mother who was a 'Quaker of the old school' (Shackleton, [i]). She never married. She died of heart failure at her home, 11 Garville Road, Rathgar, Dublin, on 10 November 1914, and was buried in the Quaker burial-ground, Temple Hill, Blackrock, co. Dublin.

E. Charles Nelson
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Archives priv. coll., diaries
Likenesses photograph, c.1885, repro. in Nelson and McCracken, Brightest jewel; priv. coll. · photograph, c.1900, repro. in Shackleton, ed., Lydia Shackleton; priv. coll.
Wealth at death £3163 7s. 10d.: probate, 14 Jan 1915, CGPLA Ire.
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E. Charles Nelson, 'Shackleton, Lydia (1828– 1914)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1844-Jun 1845 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Botanical artist.

16-**Deborah Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 5 Jun 1830 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

Deborah married **John William Mullins**,⁸ son of **William Mullins** and **Margaret**, on 15 Dec 1859 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland. John was born on 27 Aug 1824 in Mountmellick, County Laois, Ireland. They had two children: **Margaret** and **George**.

17-**Margaret Mullins**⁸ was born on 19 Oct 1860 in Coola, Co. Westmeath.

17-**George Mullins**⁸ was born on 7 Jan 1862 in Coola, Co. Westmeath.

16-**Joseph Fisher Shackleton**^{8,79,171,424,426} was born on 19 Dec 1832 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 5 Apr 1908 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland at age 75, and was buried in FBG Temple Hill, Dublin.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Flour Miller in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland.
- He was a Quaker.

Joseph married **Jane Wigham Edmundson**,^{79,426} daughter of **Joshua Edmundson**⁷ and **Mary Wigham**,^{7,180} on 6 Mar 1866. Jane was born in 1843 in Dublin, Ireland and died in 1909 at age 66. They had six children: **William Edmundson**, **Mary Edmundson**, **George**, **Rebecca Harvey**, **John Wigham**, and **Jane Christine**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with RSAI.
- She worked as a Photographer.
- She was a Quaker.

17-**William Edmundson Shackleton**^{46,115,167,251,426} was born on 26 May 1867 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland and died on 6 Oct 1935 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland at age 68.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

General Notes: WILLIAM EDMUNDSON SHACKLETON
W. E. SHACKLETON (1881-3) died on October 6th, at the age of 68. He was head of the flour-milling firm of G. Shackleton & Sons Ltd., Lucan, and was a prominent figure in the commerical life of Ireland. He was one of the founders of the Irish Industrial Development Association, and was its President this year. He was a close friend of the late Arthur Griffith, the first President of the Free State Executive Council, and collaborated with him in several matters relating to Irish industry. Latterly, his interest was largely centred in the work of developing native industries, principally the production of homespun, and as one of the trustees of the John Conner McGee Trust, administered for the development of the homespun industry, he worked enthusiastically for the promotion of spinning in Donegal, helping in the organisation and preparation which resulted in the extremely successful Dublin exhibition of homespun. *Bootham magazine - December 1935*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1881-1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Managing director of G. Shackleton & Sons Ltd., Flour millers in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland.

William married **Edith Annie Smithson**,^{46,167,251,426} daughter of **Thomas Smithson**^{7,14,69,426,427} and **Emma Spencer**,^{7,69,426,427} on 25 Sep 1895 in FMH Cartmel, Cumbria. Edith was born on 24 Apr 1869 in Facit, Rochdale, Lancashire. They had four children: **George, Thomas Smithson, Richard**, and **Joseph Fisher**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1884-Jun 1887 in York, Yorkshire.

18-**George Shackleton**^{125,428} was born in 1899 in Straffan, County Kildare, Ireland and died on 16 Apr 1983 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland at age 84.

General Notes: SHACKLETON.-On 16th April, 1983 George Shackleton (1914-16) of Lucan, Co. Dublin aged 84 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1914-1916 in York, Yorkshire.

George married someone. He had one son: **Roger Coryndon**.

19-Roger Coryndon Shackleton

18-**Thomas Smithson Shackleton**^{46,149,159,307,429} was born on 5 Jul 1902 in Straffan, County Kildare, Ireland and died on 15 Nov 1972 at age 70.

General Notes: SHACKLETON.-On 15th November, 1972, Thomas Smithson Shackleton (1916-19), aged 70 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1916-1919 in York, Yorkshire.

Thomas married **Rita Olive Vere Odbert**^{149,159,307} on 4 Apr 1934 in Holyhead. Rita was born in 1907 in Dublin, Ireland. They had two children: **John Reginald** and **Anthony Thomas**.

Marriage Notes: SHACKLETON-ODBERT.-On April 4th, at Holyhead, Thomas S. Shackleton (1916-19), to Rita Olive Vere Odbert.

19-John Reginald Shackleton

19-Anthony Thomas Shackleton

18-**Richard Shackleton**^{101,251} was born on 20 Jul 1906 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland and died in 1963 at age 57.

General Notes: SHACKLETON.-On the 20th July, 1906, at Lucan, Edith A. Smithson, wife of William E. Shackleton (1881-3), a son, who was named Richard. SHACKLETON.-In 1963, Richard Shackleton (1920-24), aged 57 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1920-1924 in York, Yorkshire.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Joseph Fisher Shackleton**^{167,169,187} was born on 26 Feb 1909 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland.

General Notes: SHACKLETON.-On the 26th February, 1909, at Lucan, Edith Annie, wife of William Edmundson Shackleton (1881-3), a son, who was named Joseph Fisher.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1922-1927 in York, Yorkshire.

Joseph married **Bertha Petersen Duthie**. They had one son: **Brian Richard**.

19-**Brian Richard Shackleton**

17-**Mary Edmundson Shackleton**

Mary married **Frederick Thompson Carr**,^{39,126} son of **George Thompson Carr**^{41,59,102} and **Mary Brockbank**,^{41,59,102} on 27 Sep 1894. Frederick was born on 3 Jun 1867 in Silloth Farm, Silloth, Cumbria and died on 17 Oct 1949 in Ballyglunin, County Galway, Ireland at age 82. They had two children: **Roger Shackleton** and **Barbara**.

General Notes: Carr.-On 17th October, 1949, at his home at Ballyglunin, County Galway, Frederick Carr (1878-84), aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1878-1884 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Silloth, Cumbria.

18-**Roger Shackleton Carr**^{39,102,208,250,421,430} was born on 11 Apr 1897 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 6 Aug 1965 in Codsall House, Codsall, Staffordshire at age 68.

General Notes: CARR.-On 6th August, 1965, at his home at Codsall, Wolverhampton, Roger Shackleton Carr (1909-15), aged 68 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1909-1915 in York, Yorkshire.

Roger married **Eleanor Mabel Allen Carr**,^{39,102,208,421,431} daughter of **Bertram Carr**¹⁰² and **Hannah Mabel Allen**,¹⁰² on 28 Aug 1924 in Burgh by Sands, Carlisle, Cumbria. Eleanor was born in Jun 1900 and died in 1967 at age 67. They had three children: **Elizabeth**, **Mary**, and **Elizabeth**.

Marriage Notes: CARR-CARR.-On August 28th, at Burgh by Sands, Roger Shackleton Carr (1909-15), to Mary E. Carr, of Codsall, Staffs.
ERRATUM. In the last number of BOOTHAM under Marriages :- CARR-CARR.-Roger Shackleton Carr (1909-15) to Eleanor (not Mary E.) Carr.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Codsall, Staffordshire.

19-**Elizabeth Carr**

19-**Mary Carr**

19-**Elizabeth Carr**

18-**Barbara Carr**³⁹ was born in 1901.

17-**George Shackleton**²⁹⁸ was born on 27 Jun 1872 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland and died on 6 Aug 1956 in Dublin, Ireland at age 84.

General Notes: SHACKLETON.-On 6th August, 1956, in Dublin, George Shackleton (1885-89) aged 84 years.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1885-1889 in York, Yorkshire.

17-**Rebecca Harvey Shackleton** was born on 7 Mar 1874 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1889-Jun 1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

17-**John Wigham Shackleton**^{122,168,284,289} was born on 28 Jun 1875 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland and died on 31 Mar 1947 in Clonsilla, County Dublin, Ireland at age 71.

General Notes: Shackleton.--On 31st March, at Clonsilla, County Dublin, John Wigham Shackleton (1889-92), aged 71 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1889-1892 in York, Yorkshire.

John married **Rhoda Beattie**. They had three children: **Katherine**, **John Richard**, and **Jane Wigham**.

18-**Katherine Shackleton**¹⁶⁸ was born on 30 Jan 1915 in Castlemount, Castleknock, County Dublin, Ireland.

General Notes: SHACKLETON.— On the 30th January, 1915, at Castlemount, Castleknock, County Dublin, Rhoda, wife of John Wigham Shackleton (1889-92), a daughter , who was named Katherine.

18-**John Richard Shackleton**²⁸⁹ was born on 14 May 1916 in Castlemount, Castlenock, Dublin, Ireland.

General Notes: SHACKLETON.-On the 14th May, 1916, at Castlemount, Castlenock, Co. Dublin, Rhoda, wife of John Wigham Shackleton (1889-1892), a son, who was named John Richard.

18-**Jane Wigham Shackleton**²⁸⁴ was born on 5 Mar 1921 in Clonsilla, County Dublin, Ireland.

General Notes: SHACKLETON.-On March 5th, at Clonsilla, Co. Dublin, Rhoda, wife of John Wigham Shackleton (1889-92), a daughter, who was named Jane Wigham.

17-**Jane Christine Shackleton**⁷⁹ was born on 25 Dec 1878 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

16-**Elizabeth Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 17 Jul 1834 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1849-Feb 1850 in York, Yorkshire.

Elizabeth married **Alfred Webb**,^{8,432} son of **Richard Webb** and **Hannah**, on 19 Oct 1861 in Zimolin Church, Ballytore. Alfred was born on 10 Jun 1834 in 176, Great Brunswick Street, Dublin and died in 1908 in Shetland Isles, Scotland at age 74. The cause of his death was on a walking expedition in the Shetlands.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Is this the Alfred Webb who is referred to in A Question of Survival?.

16-**Sarah Edmundson Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 16 Mar 1836 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

16-**Margaret Fell Shackleton**^{8,51,424} was born on 29 May 1837 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland and died on 17 Aug 1857 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 20.

16-**Mary Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 17 Oct 1838 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

16-**George Rooke Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 5 Jun 1840 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

General Notes: 6th May 1840 also given as DOB

16-**Richard Shackleton**^{8,66,111,201,424,425} was born on 21 Jul 1841 in Griesemount, Ballitore, Co. Kildare and died on 2 Dec 1916 in Sandymount, Dublin at age 75.

General Notes: Richard Shackleton ..75 2 12 1916 Sandy mount, Co. Dublin. Richard Shackleton. son of George Shackleton and his wife Hannah Fisher, of Limerick, was born at Griesemount, Ballitore, on the 21st July, 1841. The youngest son of a large family, he was great-great-grandson of Abraham Shackleton, the founder of Ballitore school, and was a direct descendant, through his paternal grandmother, of Margaret Fell. Brought up from childhood in his beautiful home of Griesemount, amongst all the scenes where his ancestors played an important part, he loved Ballitore, and the sweet country side around it. The old coach road which linked Dublin with the South passed over the hill close by Griesemount. After an education at Mountmellick (then open to boys and girls) Newtown, and Bootham, Richard Shackleton went into the milling business with his father and brothers at Ballitore. While still a young man he married Charlotte E., daughter of James and Sarah Millner of Mountmellick - removed to Cannonbrook, Lucan, and became partner with his brothers Abraham and Joseph Fisher in the Anna Liffey Mills. In this neighbourhood he spent more than thirty years of his life, where his genial manners and original and interesting personality, endeared him to a large circle of friends. During this time it was his practice to drive regularly into Dublin Meeting on Sunday, for he dearly loved the Society of Friends, and appreciated deeply all that broad, living, tolerant Quakerism stands for. For many years he held the position of Overseer, and was ever ready to give a welcome to strangers - Friends or others - who came to Eustace Street. Straightforward and unconventional, of strict honour in business matters, with him there were no shades of right or wrong. He was a moral enthusiast and could not bear oppression or injustice of any kind ; and he never hesitated when his convictions led him to advocate unpopular causes, and was a convinced Home Ruler when to be so required some moral courage. Greatly interested in politics, he often emoted Wm. Penn's words, "it is the duty of a Christian to see that his country is well governed." The causes of Peace, Anti -Opium, Anti -vivisection, and Total Abstinence found in him an active supporter. The latter especially was very close to his heart, and he wore the blue ribbon to the end of his life. He did valuable work on Committees, and, as a County Magistrate, his influence was always in the direction of reduction of licenses, and he never lost an opportunity of pleading the cause of Temperance. Sometimes in unexpected ways this " bread cast upon the waters " returned to him again. More than once, when he had helped to defeat publicans in their efforts to renew licenses, they came to thank him afterwards for having preserved them from a great temptation. On one occasion Richard Shackleton was travelling by train through County Meath, when some young men, students of a famous Irish theological college, entered his compartment. Laughing and joking, as boys will, one more thoughtless than the rest produced a bottle of whiskey, and passed it round. Each in turn refused, save one. While he hesitated Richard Shackleton turned to the young man who had offered the drink, and spoke to him with great earnestness, of the great responsibility he (and all of them) would incur when they had parishes of their own, and exhorted them to uphold the cause of Temperance by example and precept, if they would follow in the footsteps of their beloved and revered Father Matthew. Silence fell on the little band as he spoke, and when he had finished, slowly the student who held the bottle opened the window and sent it crashing on the railway line, exclaiming : " I will never do such a thing again." His first wife having died in early middle life, Richard Shackleton married in 1890, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth Walpole, of Ashbrook, Queen's County. All through his life Richard Shackleton had a love for little children ; he also had a wonderful knowledge of and love for birds and flowers : he used to say, that a nursery garden was his " public house " so great was its attraction. Though not at all musical, he could tell from its first note without seeing it, the name of the bird that sang. He would always look for it amongst the branches, and when he found it, greet it with, " Ah, there you are, my dear little friend. I see you." For some years before his death, Richard Shackleton's health became precarious, and he gradually withdrew from business cares, and the various activities of life : but he still much enjoyed, when health permitted, joining with his Friends in public worship, and in the social circle : and almost to the end he attended the sittings of the Mountmellick School Committee, of which he had been a member for over thirty years. The last two years were clouded by the death of his youngest son, and the breaking out of the war, with all its unspeakable horrors, as well as the Sinn Fein rebellion in Easter, 1916. He was a convinced and uncompromising pacifist, and felt the latter to be a blow struck at Irish Nationalism ; a blow, alas, struck by men who were devoted to the cause of freedom, and loved Ireland too. As the year was hurrying to its close in exceptionally severe weather, Richard Shackleton contracted a chill when out walking. Pneumonia supervened, and he passed quietly and peacefully away on 2nd December, in his 76th year, leaving behind him this world of war and sadness, and entering, we reverently believe, into the fuller and more beautiful life beyond. " The best is yet to be, The last of life for which the first was made."

SHACKLETON.— On the 2nd December, 1916, Richard Shackleton, J.P. , of Dublin, aged 75 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Mountmellick School in Mountmellick, County Laois, Ireland.
- He was educated at Newtown School.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1857 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Flour miller in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.
- He worked as a Partner in the Anna Liffey Mills in Cannonbrook, Lucan.

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Richard married **Charlotte Elizabeth Millner**,^{111,201} daughter of **James Millner** and **Sarah**. Charlotte was born in 1841 and died on 10 Dec 1887 in Lucan, Dublin, Ireland at age 46. They had one son: **John Millner**.

17-**John Millner Shackleton** was born on 7 Jul 1874 in Baltinglass, Wick, Ireland and died in 1951 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Electrical engineer.

18-**Prof. Robert Millner Shackleton**² was born on 30 Dec 1909 in Purley on Thames, Berkshire and died on 3 May 2001 in Croft Barn, Church Street, East Hendred, Oxfordshire at age 91.

General Notes: Shackleton, Robert Millner (1909– 2001), geologist, was born on 30 December 1909 at Reedhamcote, Old Lodge Lane, Purley, Surrey, the son of John Millner Shackleton, electrical engineer, and his wife, Agnes Mitford, née Abraham. His father was a second cousin of Sir Ernest Shackleton, the Antarctic explorer. Educated at the Quaker school, Sidcot, he entered Liverpool University in January 1927 and graduated with a first-class degree in geology in July 1930. He first visited Africa as an undergraduate from July to September 1929 to attend the 15th International Geological Congress in Pretoria, South Africa; this was the foundation of his love of Africa, its people, and its geology. He completed a Liverpool PhD in December 1933 on the Moel Hebog area of north Wales; some of the work was done while at Imperial College, where he was Beit research fellow from 1932 to 1934. The Moel Hebog mapping, including examining some cliff faces never scaled by anyone before, was part of a systematic re-survey of north Wales, which in 1957 led to the award of the silver medal of the Liverpool Geological Society. On 12 September 1934, at the Friends' meeting-house in Rochester, Kent, he married Gwen Isabel Harland (b. 1906), daughter of Alfred John Harland, schoolmaster. They had a son, Nicholas, and two daughters, Annabel and Penny.

After receiving his PhD, Shackleton became chief geologist to Whitehall Explorations Ltd, working in Fiji from 1935 to 1936. He then returned to Imperial College as a lecturer in geology. Ambitiously, he started to examine the geology of the whole west coast of Ireland to determine whether it could be matched with the geology of north-eastern USA and eastern Canada. In particular, in 1936, he started 1:10,560 mapping in Connemara in then unrecognized Dalradian rocks on the north side of the Twelve Bens, which had not been examined for nearly seventy years. He became increasingly interested in the structural and tectonic geology of metamorphic rocks, and particularly appreciated the value of small-scale folds and lineations in indicating the larger-scale structures. His first published work (in 1940) demonstrated the overturning of some of the Silurian succession in Dingle, south-west Ireland.

From 1940 to 1945, as part of the search for strategic minerals and gold, Shackleton was a geologist in the mining and geological department of Kenya; he drew up the Nyeri, south Nyanza, and Maralal map sheets, and published reports 10, 11, and 12 of the mining and geological department, including studies of the Migori gold belt. He returned with the British-Kenya Expedition (1947) to map part of Rusinga Island in Lake Victoria, and also much of the surrounding Kavirondo Rift Valley in western Kenya.

In 1945 Shackleton returned to Imperial College, and in 1948 he became the George Herdman professor of geology at Liverpool University. While at Liverpool he was engaged in mapping the Dalradian rocks of Fanad, co. Donegal (a project started in 1946), synthesizing the overall structure of north Wales (revising Greenly's interpretation of the stratigraphy and structure of Anglesey and Matley's of the structure of the south-west Llyn peninsula), and unravelling the Dalradian structure near the highland border complex in Scotland. This latter work led to his receiving the Clough medal of the Geological Society of Edinburgh in 1975. Meanwhile, his first marriage having ended in divorce, on 12 March 1949 he married Gertrude Wyndham Jeffreys, known as Judith Wyndham Jeffreys (b. 1915), painter, and daughter of Arthur Gerald Jeffreys, engineer. They had a son, Jason, and a daughter, Chloe.

Synthesis of Shackleton's British and Irish Caledonide work came first in his grasp of the Tay nappe, his recognition (with C. Kilburn and W. S. Pitcher) in 1965 of the continuity of the Portaskaig boulder bed from north-east Scotland to Connemara, and (with J. F. Dewey in 1984) his paper linking the Caledonides and the Appalachians. Some of his work, like the study of Fanad which was partly used in W. S. Pitcher's compilation of the geology of Donegal, was never completed, whereas the study of Connemara developed into the detailed mapping over long distances of very thin, intricate, and tightly folded successions. His coverage of the remote Twelve Bens was magnificent, and enabled the work to be completed, in collaboration with P. W. G. Tanner, in 1979, more than forty years after it was started.

In 1962 Shackleton became professor of geology in the University of Leeds and director of the Research Institute of African Geology. He led a vigorous programme of field research in Africa, particularly east Africa, with structural studies across orogenic belts in Tanzania, Zambia, and Malawi, and major studies across the Limpopo belt and the Archaean greenstone belts of Zimbabwe, Botswana, and South Africa. Later, in 'post-retirement', he worked in Egypt, Sudan, and Kenya again. He recognized far-travelled thrust sheets at the edges of Precambrian orogens (such as the Selukwe nappe), the allochthonous nature of some Archaean komatiite sequences such as the Belingwe, the necessarily large displacements across the Limpopo and Ubendide orogens, and the composite nature of the Mozambique belt, involving many plate tectonic elements. From the late 1960s his immense experience of having seen so many rocks in so many different parts of the world gave him the authority of speaking about rocks in the field that no other British geologist had matched since the death of John Walter Gregory in 1932. In 1970 he was awarded the prestigious Murchison medal of the Geological Society (of which he became vice-president in 1966) 'as an outstanding structural geologist whose influence in published work is immense but in personal inspiration goes far beyond publications' (citation). In 1970– 71, he was Royal Society Leverhulme visiting professor at the Haile Sellassie I University in Ethiopia, which gave him access to the northern part of the Rift Valley and the Afar depression. He was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1971.

Shackleton retired formally in 1975 but continued researching as vigorously as ever and became an honorary senior research fellow of the Open University in 1977. In a

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paper published with Alison Ries and others in 1983, he recognized late Precambrian ophiolites and ophiolitic melanges and outlined the overall structure of the eastern desert of Egypt, as part of an ambitious project to test island-arc accretion models. At seventy-six he was joint leader, with John Dewey, Chang Cheng Fa, and Sun Yi Yin, of a Royal Society/Chinese Academy of Sciences traverse in Tibet. He was a visiting fellow at Trevelyan College, Durham, in 1984– 5, and a visiting professor at Imperial College in 1985– 7. In his eighties he continued working on the map collections in the Geological Society, though increasingly hampered by declining eyesight. His last project was as ambitious as ever: to compile a sheet of the structural map of the world for north-east Africa, the Saudi Arabian peninsula, and southern Iran. He was unable to complete it. His second marriage having ended in divorce, on 7 April 1984 he married a fellow geologist, (Gwendolen Margaret) Peigi Wallace (1940– 2001), daughter of John Brown Wallace, medical officer in the RAF.

Shackleton was a brilliant geologist who believed that nothing could be done without a geological map, yet he embraced and promoted all aspects of earth science. He taught his students and colleagues in the field, laboratory, and public house, by a captivating, deeply intellectual process, which produced some of the finest geologists of the post-war era. With his craggy, handsome face, charisma, slim figure, and fine athletic legs, he inspired an astonishing number of students to become geologists. Unconventional in dress and habit, he was amiable, with a sharp sense of humour. Normally courteous, he could be quite rude, scathing, and outspokenly critical when provoked, yet he was instinctively permissive in his attitude and response to the behaviour of others. Above all, he was unbelligerently tough and possessed great physical strength while being a very kind man. He died of bronchopneumonia at his home, the Croft Barn, Church Street, East Hendred, Oxfordshire, on 3 May 2001, thirteen days before his wife, Peigi. He was survived by the five children of his previous marriages. His elder son, Nicholas John [Nick] Shackleton, also a geologist, became a fellow of the Royal Society in 1985 and was knighted in 1999. A Robert Shackleton award for outstanding geological research in Africa was created in his memory by the Geological Society of Africa.

John F. Dewey and Bernard Elgey Leake

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Likenesses Godfrey Argent Studios, photograph, 1975, RS · Godfrey Argent Studios, photograph, 1985, RS; repro. in *The Independent* (19 May 2001)

Wealth at death £138,620: probate, 20 May 2002, *CGPLA Eng. & Wales*

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John F. Dewey, Bernard Elgey Leake, 'Shackleton, Robert Millner (1909– 2001)', *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography*, Oxford University Press, Jan 2005; Bernard Elgey Leake,

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS FRGS.
- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He was educated at Liverpool University.
- He worked as a Geologist.

19-**Prof. Sir Nicholas Shackleton**² was born on 23 Jun 1937 in 112 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London and died on 24 Jan 2006 at age 68.

General Notes: Shackleton, Sir Nicholas John [Nick] (1937– 2006), earth scientist and palaeoclimatologist, was born on 23 June 1937 at 112 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London, the only son and eldest of three children of Robert Millner Shackleton (1909– 2001), geologist, and his first wife, Gwen Isabel (1906/7– 2000), daughter of Alfred John Harland, schoolmaster. He also had a half-brother and sister by his father's second marriage. He was related to the Antarctic explorer Sir Ernest Shackleton (his grandfather being a second cousin). At the time of his birth his father was a lecturer in geology at Imperial College, London, who travelled widely for research and industry, which led to his spending 1940– 45 in Kenya searching for gold and strategic minerals, thereby giving Nick an early childhood on the African plains, out of the way of wartime London bombing.

Shackleton attended Cranbrook School, Kent, as a boarder from 1949 to 1956. National service followed, in the Queen's Own Royal West Kent regiment, where, as Bandsman Shackleton, and already an accomplished clarinettist, he was secretary of the regimental band. He entered Clare College, Cambridge, in 1958 to read natural sciences. He found several outlets for his enthusiasms, including music, and his undergraduate career was academically undistinguished: he obtained lower seconds in parts one and two, and graduated BA in physics in 1961. In the first two years of his course he had split his time about equally between physics and maths and, perhaps following his father, geology and mineralogy. He then did physics for part two. Despite his poor degree, however, he stayed on at Cambridge to do research.

Shackleton's first, seminal, achievement was to modify a mass spectrometer so that it could measure the mass ratio of the isotopes of oxygen (O-18/O-16) in minute samples of calcium carbonate. Samples as small as 0.4 milligrams (representing about five to ten shells of the pinhead-sized fossil foraminifera, common in marine sediments) could be measured to an accuracy of one part in 10,000. He was set this task by the professor of botany (and director of the sub-department of Quaternary

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research), Harry Godwin, who had already set up a radiocarbon laboratory to make carbon-14 age measurements, and to whom Sir Edward Bullard, then reader in geophysics at Cambridge, had suggested that he add the determination of past temperature through oxygen isotopes, work pioneered in Chicago. Godwin was a fellow (and Bullard a member) of Clare College, where Shackleton was an undergraduate. The American Harold Urey (who had won the Nobel prize for chemistry in 1934) had shown in 1947 that there was a small change in the O-18/O-16 ratio in calcium carbonate from its value in (sea) water dependent on the water temperature from which it was precipitated (either inorganically or by organisms). Shackleton's task for his PhD ('The measurement of palaeotemperatures in the Quaternary era', awarded in 1967) was to exploit this.

Of course it was necessary first to know what was the isotopic composition of the seawater in which fossils lived. Cesare Emiliani of Chicago, who in the mid-1950s had used the method to estimate the glacial to interglacial sea temperature change, assumed that the corresponding seawater change was not great. Some change was to be expected because, when water evaporates, the light isotope comes off preferentially and the resulting snow that gets locked up in ice sheets is isotopically lighter (it has more O-16) than the ocean. Emiliani estimated that Caribbean surface waters were up to 6°C colder in the last glacial period, about 20,000 years ago. Shackleton made measurements on the same deep-sea sediment cores as Emiliani using the rare species of foraminifera that live on the sea bed where the temperature is now very low (less than 4°C), and thus unable to be very much colder in a glacial. Shackleton saw that the changes in surface- and bottom-dwelling foraminifera were rather similar and deduced that there was a large ice-volume effect and a much smaller temperature change than Emiliani had supposed. This had huge implications.

Working down sediment cores Shackleton was able to chart the growth and decay of ice sheets and specify the position of glacial maxima. This led to his pivotal position in the attempt to map the temperature of the glacial ocean using fossil plankton species composition (rather than the O-18/O-16 ratio) because he could say where the glacial level was in a core. The analysis of the down-core spectrum of ice-volume and temperature changes was shown to match the spectrum of changes in the amount of solar radiation received by the earth (insolation) due to changes in its orbit around the sun, a theory first expressed by James Croll in the 1870s but calculated by Milutin Milankovitch, a Serbian astronomer, in the 1930s. The demonstration that the Milankovitch theory of orbital climate change was correct and could be recognized in isotopic (and later many other physical) properties of rocks meant that an age scale based on astronomical calculation could be applied to rocks in which this cyclicity could be recognized. In this way Shackleton revolutionized the determination of ages and the field of stratigraphic geology. The calculated time-sequence of insolation values provided a template whose ages could be transferred onto the matching sequence of isotope values, a procedure known as 'orbital tuning'. This was later applied to sequences of rocks hundreds of millions of years old.

There were many other consequences of Shackleton's work. Most were worked out in numerous fruitful collaborations with other scientists around the world. Knowing ice-volume changes allowed him to establish glacial changes in sea level. He correlated climatic changes in the oceans with those on land through collaboration with pollen analysts, with Chinese specialists on wind-blown dust deposits, and with workers on Greenland and Antarctic ice-cores. He was one of the principal originators of the field of palaeoceanography, the study of marine sediments and their enclosed fossils to deduce past ocean conditions. In this he also used the stable carbon isotope ratio (C-13/C-12) in marine fossils, which provides insight into the cycling of carbon through the oceanic and terrestrial ecosystem. In particular the shifting of carbon from land to ocean and CO₂ between ocean and atmosphere, and its timing in relation to ice-volume and temperature changes, was his final seminal contribution. Between 1965 and 2007 he published over 300 papers and data reports, and edited six collections of papers, to which over 16,000 references had been made in the scientific literature by May 2009. This represents an enormous impact, rivalled by very few others in the earth sciences.

Shackleton married, on 10 June 1967, Judith Carola Murray (b. 1945/6), then an undergraduate at Newnham College, and daughter of Henry Murray, chemist. They were divorced in 1977, and on 25 September 1986 he married Vivien Anne Law (1954– 2002), a distinguished linguistic scholar, and daughter of John Ernest Law, engineer. Shackleton claimed to be in awe of her intellectual prowess and said she could learn a new language by reading a grammar over the breakfast table. As she knew over a hundred languages this seems entirely likely, though he had no reason to be in awe of anyone.

With many friends Shackleton shared a love of music; he was a brilliant clarinettist, and a collector and scholar of the instrument. In Cambridge he lectured and supervised in the faculty of music on the physics and acoustics of music and contributed articles to the Galpin Society Journal and to the New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians (1980 and 2001). He amassed the largest collection of clarinets in the world. When he bequeathed it to the University of Edinburgh (because it agreed to his stipulation that the instruments be available to be played) his collection numbered nearly 900 instruments, including 817 clarinets and basset horns, and was estimated to be worth around £1 million. He liked to remark, somewhat disingenuously, having had no children, that all this could be done on just a lecturer's salary. Shackleton won numerous awards and prizes for his research. He was made a fellow of the Royal Society in 1985 and of the Academia Europaea in 1988, a foreign associate of the US National Academy of Sciences in 2000, and a foreign member of the Royal Netherlands Society of Arts and Sciences in 2001. His many medals included the Shepard medal (Society for Sedimentary Geology, USA, 1985), Carus medal (German Academy of Sciences Leopoldina, 1985), Lyell and Wollaston medals (Geological Society of London, 1987 and 1996 respectively), Huntsman medal (Canada, 1990), Crafoord Prize (Royal Swedish Academy of Science, 1995), Milankovitch medal (European Geophysical Society, 1999), Ewing medal (American Geophysical Union, 2002), Urey medal (European Association of Geochemistry, 2003), royal medal of the Royal Society (2003), Vetlesen prize (Columbia University, USA, 2004), and in 2005 the founder's medal of the Royal Geographical Society and the blue planet prize (Japan). In the earth sciences the Crafoord and Vetlesen prizes are considered of Nobel rank, there being no Nobel prize for these fields. Honorary degrees came from Dalhousie (Canada), Stockholm, and Padua universities. He was knighted in 1998. His last years were clouded by his lymphoma and then the death of his wife, Vivien. He died at his home, 12 Tenison Avenue, Cambridge, on 24 January 2006. In 2008 the Geochemical Society established the Nicholas J. Shackleton award in his name.

I. Nicholas McCave

Sources Cambridge University Reporter, 89– 91 (1958– 61) · The Times (31 Jan 2006); (3 Feb 2006); (9 Feb 2006) · The Independent (8 Feb 2006) · New York

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Archives RS
Likenesses obituary photographs · photograph, RS
Wealth at death £1,651,971: probate, 14 Aug 2006, CGPLA Eng. & Wales
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I. Nicholas McCave, 'Shackleton, Sir Nicholas John (1937– 2006)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Jan 2010

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRS.
- He worked as a Palaeoclimatologist & Earth scientist.

19-**Annabel Shackleton**

19-**Penny Shackleton**

19-**Jason Shackleton**

19-**Chloe Shackleton**

Richard next married **Mary Elizabeth Walpole**,²⁰¹ daughter of **Joseph Walpole**^{7,201} and **Elizabeth Waring**,^{7,201} in 1890. Mary was born in 1859 in Ashbrook, Queen's County, Ireland.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1876-Jun 1878 in York, Yorkshire.

16-**Rebecca Harvey Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 25 Dec 1842 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

16-**Rachel Shackleton**^{8,29} was born on 18 Dec 1845 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland and died on 3 Oct 1860 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 14.

15-**Lydia Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 1 Jan 1787 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 1 Apr 1811 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 24, and was buried on 3 Apr 1811 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

Lydia married **James White**^{8,424} on 14 Sep 1806 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland. James was born on 9 Nov 1778 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 26 Oct 1847 at age 68, and was buried on 29 Oct 1847 in Moyallon, County Down, Ireland. They had one daughter: **Hannah**.

16-**Hannah White**⁸ was born in 1808 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

Hannah married **Prof. Theodore Eugene Suliot** on 12 Jul 1832 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland. Theodore was born on 31 Aug 1800 in Paris, France. They had five children: **James White, Lydia Shackleton, Mary Elizabeth, Eugene Theodore**, and **Lucy Florence**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Ohio, USA.

17-**James White Suliot**⁸ was born on 2 Dec 1833 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

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17-**Lydia Shackleton Suliot**⁸ was born on 1 Feb 1836 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

17-**Mary Elizabeth Suliot**⁸ was born on 10 Mar 1839 in Liverpool.

17-**Eugene Theodore Suliot**⁸ was born on 6 Aug 1841 in Liverpool.

17-**Lucy Florence Suliot**⁸ was born on 25 Apr 1851 in Stowe Township, Summit County, Ohio, USA.

15-**Mary Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 9 Apr 1789 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 11 Jun 1869 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 80, and was buried on 14 Jun 1869 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland. She had no known marriage and no known children.

15-**Margaret Shackleton**^{8,424} was born on 13 Aug 1793 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland, died on 10 Aug 1816 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland at age 22, and was buried on 12 Aug 1816 in Ballytore, County Kildare, Ireland.

14-**Samuel Mellor**⁸ was born on 10 Aug 1750 in Manchester and died on 30 Mar 1751 in Manchester.

14-**John Mellor**⁸ was born on 23 Mar 1752 in Manchester and died in Barbados, Caribbean. He had no known marriage and no known children.

14-**Sarah Mellor**⁸ was born on 10 Oct 1753 in Manchester and died on 10 Oct 1753 in Manchester.

14-**Mary Mellor**⁸ was born on 23 Nov 1754 in Manchester.

Mary married **James Kathrens**. They had two children: **James** and **Mary**.

15-**James Kathrens**⁸ died in Died Young.

15-**Mary Kathrens**

Mary married **Moffitt**.

14-**Matthew Mellor**⁸ was born on 14 Aug 1756 in Manchester and died on 26 Nov 1756 in Manchester.

13-**Daniel Abraham**⁸ was born on 10 Feb 1728 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 25 Dec 1731 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria at age 3.

13-**Robert Abraham** was born on 2 Feb 1730 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Virginia, U.S.A..

13-**Rachel Abraham** was born on 16 Feb 1733 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 7 Jan 1805 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 71.

Rachel married **Thomas Hartley**,⁸ son of **Jacob Hartley** and **Ann**, on 6 Sep 1768 in Fairfield, Yorkshire. Thomas died on 18 Nov 1778 in Leeds, Yorkshire. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Baildon, Yorkshire.

13-**Sarah Abraham** was born on 5 Jan 1735 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 9 Jun 1735 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria.

13-**Sarah Abraham**⁸ was born on 25 Apr 1736 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 20 Aug 1744 at age 8.

13-**Mary Abraham**⁸ was born on 7 Jul 1737 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria.

Mary married **Charles Cannan**. They had three children: **James**, **Edward**, and **Sarah**.

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14-**James Cannan**⁸ was born on 25 Aug 1757 in Manchester.

14-**Edward Cannan**⁸ was born on 28 Dec 1758 in Manchester.

14-**Sarah Cannan**⁸ was born on 24 Jan 1761 in Leek, Staffordshire.

13-**Alice Abraham**⁸ was born on 9 Apr 1739 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 15 Feb 1803 at age 63. She had no known marriage and no known children.

13-**Hannah Abraham**⁸ was born on 12 Jul 1741 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 9 Jan 1825 in Langdale Street, Middlesex (Burned to death) at age 83.
Hannah married **Coulson**.

13-**Abraham**⁸ was born on 12 Apr 1744 in Swarthmoor Hall, Ulverston, Cumbria and died on 12 Apr 1744.

12-**Mary Foster**^{8,17} was born on 29 Dec 1702 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 6 Jun 1709 in Hawthorne, County Durham at age 6.

12-**Margaret Forster**^{8,17} was born on 1 May 1705 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 30 Jul 1722 in Hawthorne, County Durham at age 17.

12-**Frances Foster**^{8,38,433} was born on 13 Apr 1707 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 23 Dec 1750 in Coundon, County Durham at age 43.

Frances married **Nicholas Dodshon**,^{8,38,433} son of **John Dodshon**⁴³³ and **Frances**, on 20 Apr 1731 in Shotton, Durham. Nicholas was born on 7 Aug 1705 and died on 1 Aug 1789 in Coundon, County Durham at age 83. They had five children: **Sarah, Frances, John, Deborah**, and **Mary**.

13-**Sarah Dodshon**^{8,433} was born on 19 Mar 1732 in Coundon and died on 30 Nov 1749 in Coundon at age 17.

General Notes: Unmarried

13-**Frances Dodshon**^{8,26,433} was born on 18 Feb 1733 in Coundon, County Durham, died on 17 Aug 1812 in Coundon, County Durham at age 79, and was buried on 22 Aug 1812 in FBG Bishop Auckland.

General Notes: Grand-daughter of Thomas Forster of Hawthorne, Co. Durham

Frances married **Samuel Bewley**,^{8,26,433} son of **George Bewley**, on 30 May 1764. Samuel died on 22 Dec 1766 and was buried in FBG Newcastle. They had one daughter: **Sarah**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Coundon, County Durham.

14-**Sarah Bewley**^{8,433} was born on 12 Oct 1765 in Northumberland Street, Newcastle and died on 24 May 1830 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 64.

Sarah married **Dr. John Airey Braithwaite**,^{8,26,433} son of **John Braithwaite**²⁶ and **Margaret Backhouse**,²⁶ on 20 Jun 1796 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham. John was born in 1753 and died on 12 Mar 1810 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 57.

General Notes: Involved in the supply of the once well known medical preparation, "Black Drop", which was essentially an opiate based syrup that was highly addictive. The poet Samuel Taylor Coleridge was one of its users.

In 1974 Ray Huddart, (once the youngest Detective Chief Superintendent in Britain), was acting Deputy Chief Constable of the Cumbria Constabulary. Since at that time, he was *de facto* Chief Constable, he interviewed me and appointed me to the force. (He was later offered the Deputy CC's job, but elected to remain Detective Chief-Superintendent). Years later, in retirement, he published two autobiographical memoirs, the first in 2008, the second in 2010. I have both and in the latter, "The Return of a Cumbrian Copper", he describes a small amount of detail that relates to the story of Black-Drop. And who am I to argue with the ex-head of CID?
He mentions the Braithwaite family of Kendal.... the principal manufacturers. Hannah Braithwaite was one who was active in 1802. So was another Quaker, Ann Todd. He also mentions Hannah Backhouse. I haven't quite figured out all the bloodline connections but sense this is the right place to add a commentary.
Ray Huddart goes on to say that Hannah Backhouse claimed to have obtained the recipe from a Quaker Doctor in Bishop Auckland. Indeed if so, his name was Edward Tunstall..... who incidentally had made it available to the Walton family of Shildon/Sunderland and who likewise started production.
Apart from the fact that I descend from the Braithwaites, have close kinship with the Backhouse family and that Thomas Richardson of the same family from whom I descend on the other side of the country, found a copy of the Walton recipe and gave a copy to his Pease cousins to put in their family recipe book.... and apart from the fact that the Pease,

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Backhouse, Braithwaite and Richardson families were all related through blood and marriage..... I ponder if, some two hundred years later, after all this drug dealing..... whether Ray Huddart might still have appointed me in 1974, had he known what my family had been up to, all those years ago.
Charles E. G. Pease

Mary (Richardson) Pease (1736-1821) formerly of Whitby wife of Joseph Pease 1737-1808 gave the following recipe for Black Drop and it's the only recipe I know -
Recipe for preparing the Black Drop.
A Copy of the late Dr Edwd Tunstall's of Bp: Aucklands celebrated Reciepe for preparing the Black Drop, formerly called the Quakers black Drop, from his being one of the People called Quakers 1678.
Recipe. Take 1 pound of the best Opium, three quarts of good Verjuice, three ounces of Nutmegs, one ounce of Saffron, boil them to a good thickness then put in half a pound of Sugar, three or four spoonfuls of new Yeast, then set it near the fire for six or eight weeks, and then set it in the open Air until it is thin like Syrup, then decant it from the bottom and filter it, puting (sic) it into Bottles, with a bit of Sugar in each Bottle.
Thos: Richardson, Sen^r of Sunderland, being one of the Trustees of the late Edwd: Walton of Sunderland, in looking over his papers &e found the above Recipe, and also by his books of Acc^t, that, that he had been in tho practice for many years of ordering, 2, 3, or 4 pounds of Opium frequently, from Thos Corbyn of London for the use of his Bro: J; Walton in making the black Drop, being at that time in much request. Thos: Richardson says he has no doubt of the above being from the same Recipe, Yet Dr Braithwaite may have made some improvement, or alteration in it, or reduced the quantity of Opium, as his is abundantly thinner, than the Original preparation.
N.B. After Doctor Tunstall's Decease, the black Drop was prepared and sold by his Relation, Jno: Walton of Shildon near Bp; Auckland, who was the d^{rs} nephew, and sold by him in very small bottles at 1s each, they were not half the size of those sold by D^r J: A: Braithwaite at 2s 6d, but the liquor, much thicker, and from the small quantity prescribed might contain more Opium. J: A, Braithwaite married into a Family who were Relations &, near Neighbours to J: Walton that he perhaps has procured the Recipe through that channel. Note from Sir J. Gurney Pease Bt.

- Noted events in his life were:
- He worked as a Surgeon in Lancaster, Lancashire.
 - He worked as a Supplier of the "Black Drop" opiate syrup.

13-**John Dodshon**^{8,433} was born on 8 Oct 1736 in Coundon and died on 29 Mar 1755 in Coundon at age 18.

General Notes: Unmarried

13-**Deborah Dodshon**^{8,433} was born on 17 Dec 1741 in Coundon.

Deborah married **John Dodshon**^{8,433} on 2 Oct 1786 in FMH Staindrop, County Durham. John was born on 14 May 1733 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham and died on 24 Sep 1794 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham at age 61.

13-**Mary Dodshon**^{8,38} was born on 3 May 1744 in Coundon and died on 13 Jun 1822 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham at age 78.

Mary married **Joseph Studholme**,^{8,38} son of **Robert Studholme** and **Elizabeth Dixon**,³⁸ on 2 Oct 1786 in FMH Staindrop, County Durham. Joseph was born in 1738 in Crowtrees and died on 1 Feb 1816 in Shincliffe, Durham at age 78.

General Notes: No Issue.

- Noted events in his life were:
- He worked as a Gentleman of Shincliffe, Co. Durham.

12-**Joseph Forster**^{8,17} was born on 27 May 1709 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 6 Jun 1709 in Hawthorne, County Durham.

12-**Mary Foster**^{8,17} was born on 6 Dec 1710 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died before 1737.

- Noted events in her life were:
- She was a Quaker.

Mary married **Warren Maude**,⁸ son of **Samuel Maude** and **Rachel**, on 18 May 1731 in Shotton, Durham. Warren was born on 25 Sep 1710 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 26 Dec 1779 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 69. They had three children: **Samuel**, **Thomas**, and **Foster**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He had a residence in Sunnyside, Sunderland, County Durham.

13-**Samuel Maude**⁸ died on 31 Jan 1755 in Newbottle, Sunderland.

Samuel married **Hannah Makepeace**.⁸ Hannah was born in Newbottle, Sunderland and died on 15 Dec 1774 in Newbottle, Sunderland. They had no children.

13-**Thomas Maude**⁸ was born in 1733 and died in 1777 at age 44.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Thomas married **Margaret Holme**, daughter of **John Holme**. They had two children: **Margaret** and **Thomas**.

14-**Margaret Maude**⁸ was born in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 11 Feb 1814 in Clifton, York, Yorkshire.

Margaret married **John Dyson** on 5 Feb 1781 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. John died on 2 Mar 1827 in Clifton, York, Yorkshire. They had six children: **George, John, Henry, William, Mary**, and **Mary**.

15-**George Dyson**⁸ was born on 11 Nov 1781 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in East Indies.

15-**Capt. John Dyson**⁸ was born on 10 Mar 1784 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 18 Jul 1826 in Saugur, East Indies at age 42.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 14th Regiment of Foot.

15-**Henry Dyson** was born on 15 Apr 1790 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Douglas, Isle of Man.

Henry married someone. He had two children: **William Henry** and **Mary Jane**.

16-**William Henry Dyson**⁸ was born in Oct 1830.

William married **Eliza Harriet Newton**.

16-**Mary Jane Dyson**⁸ was born in Jul 1838.

Mary married **William Earl**.

15-**William Dyson**⁸ was born on 12 Apr 1792 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Clifton, York, Yorkshire.

15-**Mary Dyson**⁸ was born on 11 Jan 1797 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Mary married **Hewley Graham**. They had two children: **Henry John** and **Margaret**.

16-**Rev. Henry John Graham**

Descendants of Thomas Forster

16-Margaret Graham

Margaret married **Rev. Thomas Harris Walsh**.

15-Mary Dyson⁸ was born in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in Dierd aged 17.

14-Thomas Maude⁸ was born in 1770 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1831 at age 61.

Thomas married **Jane Roxby**, daughter of **Henry Roxby**. They had four children: **Henry, Thomas, Jane**, and **James Holme**.

15-Rev. Henry Maude-Roxby⁸ was born on 27 Sep 1799 and died on 14 Jan 1860 at age 60.

General Notes: 1837 Assumed the additional name of Roxby by Royal licence

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of St. Olave's in Old Jewry, London.

Henry married **Jane Meux**, daughter of **Thomas Meux**. They had four children: **Thomas Maude, Henry Meux, Eustace Wriothsesley**, and **Wilfrid**.

16-Capt. Thomas Maude Roxby

Thomas married **Fanny M. A. Warter**, daughter of **Thomas Warter**. They had one daughter: **(No Given Name)**.

17-Roxby⁸ was born in Feb 1862.

16-Rev. Henry Meux Roxby⁸ was born on 18 May 1832 and died on 12 Nov 1900 at age 68.

Henry married **Caroline Blanche Hewlett** in 1867. Caroline was born in 1841 and died on 20 Nov 1909 in Worthing, Sussex at age 68. They had five children: **Henry Maude, Herbert Edward Maude, Wilfrid Hewlett Maude, Francis Maude**, and **Percy Maude**.

17-Henry Maude Roxby was born in 1869 and died on 31 Dec 1928 at age 59.

17-Herbert Edward Maude Roxby was born in 1871 and died in 1955 at age 84.

17-Wilfrid Hewlett Maude Roxby was born in 1874.

17-Francis Maude Roxby was born in 1876 and died on 12 Apr 1922 at age 46.

17-Prof. Percy Maude Roxby was born on 21 Nov 1880 and died on 17 Feb 1947 in Nanking, China at age 66.

General Notes: PROFESSOR P. M. ROXBY

Professor P. M. Roxby, whose death from a heart attack occurred on Monday in Nanking at the age of 66, was the chief representative of the British Council in China. Percy Maude Roxby, the youngest son of the Rev. H. M. Roxby, vicar of Buckden, Huntingdonshire, was born on November 21, 1880, and began his education at Bromsgrove School. Going up to Christ Church, Oxford, with an open history scholarship, he gained the Gladstone Memorial Prize in 1902 and a year later took a first in modern history. Joining the staff of Liverpool University as lecturer in geography he won the Albert Khan traveling fellowship in 1912 and became Professor of Geography in 1917, a post he held until 1944. During his occupation of the chair he served as a member of the China Education Commission in 1921, served as visiting professor at Cairo University in 1930, and in the same year was president of the geographical section of the British Association. He was appointed to the post of chief representative of the British Council in China in 1944 and took up his duties the following year. A teacher of more than ordinary capacity, his achievement must be sought for in the encouragement and direction in research he gave to his students at Liverpool. Nevertheless, the quality of his mind may be judged by his contributions to the "Encyclopaedia Britannica" and by his remarkable presidential address, entitled " Human Geography," to the Geographical section of the British Association in 1930. His appointment by the British Council recognized the long and close study he had given to eastern questions. He married, in 1941, Marjorie Peers, daughter of the late Mr. J. S. Howden, of Liverpool

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Professor of Geography, University of Liverpool.
- He worked as a chief representative of the British Council in China in 1944.

Percy married **Marjorie Peers Howden**.

16-**Eustace Wriothesley Roxby**

16-**Wilfrid Roxby**

Henry next married **Maria Lally**, daughter of **Edmund Lally**. They had three children: **Edmund Lally**, **Carus Wilson**, and **Herbert**.

16-**Edmund Lally Roxby**

16-**Carus Wilson Roxby**

16-**Herbert Roxby**

15-**Rev. Thomas Maude**⁸ was born on 12 May 1801.

Thomas married **Elizabeth Stewart Hay**, daughter of **David Hay**. They had three children: **Arthur Hay**, **Wriothesely John Andrew**, and **Sibella Jane**.

16-**Arthur Hay Maude**⁸ was born in 1837.

16-**Wriothesely John Andrew Maude**

16-**Sibella Jane Maude**

15-**Jane Maude**⁸ was born on 27 Dec 1803.

Jane married **Rev. Edward Carus Wilson**,⁸ son of **William Wilson Carus-Wilson**⁸ and **Margaret Shippard**,⁸ on 28 Dec 1824 in Knaresborough, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 22 Sep 1795 in Casterton Hall, Cumbria and died on 1 Nov 1860 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 65. They had no children.

15-**James Holme Maude**⁸ was born on 15 Feb 1811. He had no known marriage and no known children.

13-**Foster Maude**⁸ died in Died Young.

11-**Robert Forster**^{8,16,17} was born on 8 Aug 1664 in Hawthorne, County Durham, died in May 1736 in Hawthorne, County Durham at age 71, and was buried on 15 May 1736 in Hawthorne, County Durham. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: The following is extracted from Surtees' "Antiquities of Durham," Vol. I., Part 2, p. 39— "The school at Hawthorne was endowed by Robert Forster, of the same place, who, by will, in 1736, gave the interest of £200 to be paid to a master for teaching eight poor children; he also bequeathed a school-house and a dwelling-house for the master in the village of Hawthorne, and directed the same to be kept in repair by the owner for the time being of his estate, which is now the property of the Duke of St. Albans. The Friends, called Quakers, have since increased the Salary to twelve guineas per annum for the teaching of twelve poor children."

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant in Rotterdam, Netherlands.
- He had a residence in Hawthorne, County Durham.

11-**Mary Forster**^{1,8,17} was born on 2 Apr 1666 in Hawthorne, County Durham and died on 26 Oct 1737 in Easington, County Durham at age 71.

Mary married **Amos Burdon**,⁸ son of **George Burdon** and **Barbary**, on 27 May 1692 in Shotton, Durham. Amos was born on 17 May 1660 in Shotton, Durham and died on 3 May 1727 in Easington, County Durham at age 66. They had seven children: **George**, **Robert**, **Elizabeth**, **Robert**, **John**, **Mary**, and **Mary**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

12-**George Burdon**⁸ was born on 5 Feb 1692 in Easington, County Durham and died on 16 Jan 1737 at age 44. He had no known marriage and no known children.

12-**Robert Burdon**⁸ was born on 19 Apr 1695 and died on 12 May 1696 at age 1.

12-**Elizabeth Burdon**⁸ was born on 11 Apr 1697 in Easington, County Durham and died on 25 Oct 1712 at age 15.

12-**Robert Burdon**⁸ was born on 20 Sep 1700 in Easington, County Durham.

12-**John Burdon**⁸ was born on 6 Jan 1704 in Easington, County Durham and died on 25 Nov 1773 in London at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tobacconist in London.

John married **Mary Broadbent**,⁸ daughter of **Nicholas Broadbent**, on 3 Oct 1734 in Wandsworth, Doncaster. Mary was born on 21 Mar 1710 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 26 Apr 1735 in London at age 25.

John next married **Mary Nainby**,⁸ daughter of **Samuel Nainby** and **Margery**, on 5 Apr 1739 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey. Mary was born on 18 Mar 1708 in Drury Lane, London and died on 20 Jun 1777 in Dalston, London at age 69. They had two children: **Mary** and **Priscilla**.

13-**Mary Burdon**⁸ was born on 19 Jan 1739 in Bishopsgate Street, London.

Mary married **James Vaston**,⁸ son of **James Vaston** and **Ann**, on 21 Dec 1762 in Plaistow, Essex. James was born on 1 Dec 1729 in Bishopsgate Street, London and died on 26 Jul 1781 in Clapton, London at age 51. They had no children.

13-**Priscilla Burdon**⁸ was born on 7 Jul 1747 in Bishopsgate Street, London and died on 12 Jun 1826 in Clapton, London at age 78.

Priscilla married **John Baynes**,⁸ son of **Joseph Baynes** and **Margaret Peacock**, on 14 May 1772 in FMH Devonshire House. John died on 10 Apr 1793 in Bridewell. They had ten children: **Mary, Burdon, Priscilla, Margaret, Jane, John, James, John, Vaston**, and **Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coalowner in London.

14-**Mary Baynes**^{8,20} was born on 13 Jan 1774 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died on 14 May 1851 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 77. She had no known marriage and no known children.

14-**Burdon Baynes**⁸ was born on 9 Sep 1775 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died on 20 Apr 1832 in London at age 56.

Burdon married **Mary Kitching**⁸ on 10 Apr 1803 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham. Mary died after 1862. They had two children: **Robert Burdon** and **Marian**.

15-**Robert Burdon Baynes**⁸ was born on 29 Sep 1805 in Clapton, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated America.

15-**Marian Baynes**⁸ was born on 17 Jun 1808 in Clapton, London.

General Notes: In 1862, reported with husband deceased and several children, of whom one daughter is married

14-**Priscilla Baynes**⁸ was born on 28 Jan 1777 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died after 1862. She had no known marriage and no known children.

14-**Margaret Baynes** was born on 29 Jul 1778 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died on 11 Nov 1865 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 87. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

General Notes: Death. 11 nov 1865 Clifton Bristol possibly as in AM

14-**Jane Baynes**^{8,59} was born on 16 Jan 1780 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died on 29 Dec 1874 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 94.

14-**John Baynes**⁸ was born on 30 May 1781 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died on 21 Oct 1781 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London.

14-**James Baynes**⁸ was born on 14 Dec 1782 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died after 1862.

James married **Frances Herbert**⁸ on 27 Jul 1822 in Chatham, Kent. Frances died in Jul 1839 in London. They had no children.

14-**John Baynes**^{8,385} was born on 13 Jun 1784 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died on 16 Apr 1869 in Upperthorpe, Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 84.

John married **Mary Ingle**,^{8,385} daughter of **Joseph Ingle** and **Esther**, on 16 Jul 1807 in Sheffield, Yorkshire. Mary was born on 13 Sep 1786 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 22 Mar 1869 in Upperthorpe, Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 82. They had eight children: **Joseph Vaston**, **Joseph, Burdon**, **Charles**, **Priscilla**, **James Vaston**, **John**, and **William**.

15-**Joseph Vaston Baynes**⁸ was born on 17 Jul 1808 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 7 Oct 1808 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

15-**Joseph Baynes**⁸ was born on 8 Jun 1809 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 2 Jul 1809 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

15-**Burdon Baynes**⁸ was born on 8 Jun 1809 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 29 Jun 1809 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

15-**Charles Baynes**⁸ was born on 28 Jul 1810 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 3 Nov 1810 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

15-**Priscilla Baynes**^{8,391} was born on 14 Nov 1811 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 17 Jun 1895 in Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1821-1823.

Priscilla married **Alfred Broadhead**,^{8,241,391} son of **John Broadhead**^{7,33} and **Hannah**,^{7,33} on 17 Dec 1840 in Peckham, London. Alfred was born on 9 Oct 1801 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 6 Mar 1872 in Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 70. They had two children: **Isabel** and **John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Sheffield, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1812-1814.

16-**Isabel Broadhead**⁸ was born on 12 Aug 1843 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 22 Feb 1929 at age 85.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1853-1856.

Isabel married **Joshua Seward Searle** in 1875. Joshua was born about 1844 and died on 20 Feb 1929 about age 85. They had three children: **Alfred Broadhead**, **Priscilla Louisa**, and **Edith Isabel**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Leather merchant in Sheffield, Yorkshire.

17-**Alfred Broadhead Searle** was born about 1877 and died on 26 Nov 1967 in Halifax, Yorkshire about age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1889-1893.

Alfred married **Mary Elizabeth Mould**. They had two children: **Isabel Mary** and **John Baynes**.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

18-**Isabel Mary Searle** was born in 1915.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1925-1931.

Isabel married **Dr. John Harold Follows** on 12 Jul 1934 in FMH Charlbury. John was born on 1 Jan 1907 and died on 8 Feb 1990 at age 83. They had three children: (**No Given Name**), (**No Given Name**), and (**No Given Name**).

General Notes: Dr John Harold Follows, MD, MRCP, formerly a consultant physician in Halifax, died on 8 February aged 83. Born in Wallasey in 1907, he was educated at the Friends' School, Ackworth, and, aged 17, went to study medicine at Liverpool University, graduating MB, ChB in 1929. Moving to Halifax in 1933, he joined a general practice, where he stayed until the war years: he served in the army in the Far East, returning home in 1947. With the onset of the NHS he became a consultant physician with an interest in rheumatoid diseases. On his retirement in 1968 he married his second wife, Enid, and moved to Dorset, but chronic illness later dictated his return to Yorkshire. In his spare time he loved his garden, providing both food and a glittering display of flowers and shrubs. In his earlier, fitter years he had played cricket. He is survived by his three children, one of whom qualified in medicine. -

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB MD ChB MRCS.
- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Consultant Physician in 1933-1968 in Halifax, Yorkshire.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 7 Jul 1990.

19-**Follows**

19-**Follows**

19-**Follows**

18-**Dr. John Baynes Searle**^{95,126} was born in 1915 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 17 Dec 2001 at age 86.

General Notes: John read anatomy, physiology, and zoology at Oxford before moving on to UCH. After qualifying he was a house officer in Sheffield before taking up active service in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve from 1942 to 1946. In 1947 he qualified in anaesthesia at Oxford. He was appointed consultant anaesthetist at the Royal Victoria Hospital, Folkstone, in 1950 and worked in the area until his retirement in 1984. A skilful innovator throughout his career, he was recognised for his success both in anaesthesia for the elderly and young patients and in improving the quality of anaesthetic equipment. He leaves a wife, Beryl; two sons; and four grandchildren.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1925-1931.
- He was educated at University College Hospital, Oxford.
- He worked as a Consultant Anaesthetist, Royal Victoria Hospital in 1950-1984 in Folkestone, Kent.
- He was awarded with DA FFARCS.

John married **Margaret Beryl Mansfield**. They had two children: **Robert James Baynes** and (**No Given Name**).

19-**Robert James Baynes Searle**

19-**Searle**

17-**Priscilla Louisa Searle** was born in 1880.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1891-1892.

17-**Edith Isabel Searle** was born in 1881.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1891-1892.

16-**John Broadhead**^{8,256} was born on 29 Dec 1844 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 11 Jun 1911 in Tapton Crescent, Taptonville Road, Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1855-1857.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in 2 Foster' Buildings, High Street, Sheffield, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Tapton Crescent, Taptonville Road, Sheffield, Yorkshire.

John married **Charlesther Ingle Holland**.

15-**James Vaston Baynes**⁸ was born on 17 Aug 1813 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1862 in London.

15-**John Baynes**⁸ was born on 9 Apr 1815 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 22 Jun 1819 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 4.

15-**William Baynes**⁸ was born on 20 Dec 1816 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 29 Jun 1817 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

14-**Vaston Baynes**⁸ was born on 6 May 1786 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died on 15 May 1862 in London at age 76.

Vaston married **Margaret Mogson**,⁸ daughter of **John Mogson** and **Mary**, on 11 Jun 1826 in St. Andrew Holborn, London. Margaret was born on 20 Jan 1802 in Magdalene Circus, Bermondsey. They had seven children: **Eliza Jane**, **Caroline**, **Margaret**, **Priscilla**, **Edward**, **Emma**, and **Thomas**.

15-**Eliza Jane Baynes**⁸ was born on 5 Jul 1827 in Newington.

15-**Caroline Baynes**⁸ was born on 27 Mar 1829 in Newington.

15-**Margaret Baynes**⁸ was born on 11 Apr 1831 in Newington.

15-**Priscilla Baynes**⁸ was born on 8 Feb 1834 in Newington.

15-**Edward Baynes**⁸ was born on 24 Mar 1839 in William Street, Newington, London.

Edward married **Amelia Brazier**, daughter of **John William Brazier** and **Sarah**. They had one son: **John Edward**.

16-**John Edward Baynes**⁸ was born on 1 May 1861 in Portland Street, Newington, London.

15-**Emma Baynes**⁸ was born on 28 Jul 1842 in Newington.

15-**Thomas Baynes**⁸ was born on 10 Feb 1848 in Newington.

Descendants of Thomas Forster

14-**Henry Baynes**⁸ was born on 5 Nov 1789 in Bridewell Precinct, City of London and died on 15 Aug 1859 in Greenwich, Kent at age 69.

Henry married **Elizabeth Hardman**,⁸ daughter of **John Hardman** and **Elizabeth Lister**, on 4 Jul 1833 in St. Mary's, Wanstead, Essex. Elizabeth was born on 22 Aug 1805 in Scarborough, Yorkshire. They had eight children: **Elizabeth, Maria, Henry, Lister, Louisa Harriet, Arthur, Frederick**, and **Ellen**.

15-**Elizabeth Baynes**⁸ was born on 4 May 1834 in London.

15-**Maria Baynes**⁸ was born on 4 Jul 1835 in London.

15-**Henry Baynes**⁸ was born on 7 Nov 1836 in London.

Henry married **Elizabeth Partridge**,⁸ daughter of **Joseph Partridge** and **Elizabeth**, on 9 Feb 1861 in St. Paul's, Deptford. Elizabeth was born on 3 Jun 1838 in London.

15-**Lister Baynes**⁸ was born on 18 Jun 1838 in London.

15-**Louisa Harriet Baynes**⁸ was born on 10 Dec 1839 in London.

15-**Arthur Baynes**⁸ was born on 26 Nov 1841.

15-**Frederick Baynes**⁸ was born on 9 Feb 1844 in London.

15-**Ellen Baynes** was born on 23 Jul 1847 in Greenwich, Kent.

12-**Mary Burdon**⁸ was born on 20 Jan 1707 in Easington, County Durham and died on 8 Mar 1708 at age 1.

12-**Mary Burdon**⁸ was born on 20 Apr 1710 in Easington, County Durham and died on 8 Mar 1746 at age 35.

11-**Richard Forster**^{1,8,17} was born on 30 Apr 1668 in Hawthorne, County Durham. He had no known marriage and no known children.

10-**Thomas Forster**

10-**Alicia Forster**

7-**Thomas Forster**

Thomas married **Margaret Todde**, daughter of **John Todde**. They had six children: **Anna, Margery, Alice, Meriola, Barbara**, and **Dorothy**.

8-**Anna Forster**.¹

Anna married **Christopher Tunstall**.¹

8-**Margery Forster**.¹

Margery married **Christopher Fulthorpe**.¹

8-**Alice Forster**.¹

8-**Meriola Forster**.¹

8-**Barbara Forster**.¹

8-**Dorothy Forster**.¹

6-**George Forster**

George married someone. He had one son: **Otiwell**.

7-**Otiwell Forster**

Otiwell married someone. He had two children: **Elizabeth** and **Eleanor**.

8-**Elizabeth Forster**

Elizabeth married **John Hall**.

8-**Eleanor Forster**

5-**Patrick Forster**

5-**Reginald Forster**.¹

5-**Constance Forster**.¹

Constance married **James Gower**.¹

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Stainsby, Yorkshire.

5-**Isabella Forster**.¹

Isabella married **Turpin**.¹

5-**Eleanor Forster**.¹

Eleanor married **Lionel Grey**.¹

5-**Margaret Forster**.¹

Margaret married **Gawen Mitford**.

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