Descendants of John Head

Charles E. G. Pease Pennyghael Isle of Mull

## 1-John Head

John married Grace. They had one son: John.

## 2-John Head

John married Esther. They had one son: Samuel.

3-Samuel Head, son of John Head and Esther, was born in 1653 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.

Samuel married Sarah. They had five children: Samuel, John, Thomas, Jeremy, and Benjamin.

4-Samuel Head died in 1745.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Glover and Fellmonger in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.

Samuel married Lydia. They had one son: Samuel.

# **5-Samuel Head**

Samuel married Elizabeth.

4-John Head was born in 1688 in Suffolk and died in 1754 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to America in 1717.

John married Rebecca Mase, daughter of Richard Mase. They had nine children: Rebecca, Mary, Sarah, Martha, Susanna, Hannah, John, Samuel, and Esther.

5-Rebecca Head was born in 1713.

Rebecca married John Jones.

5-Mary Head was born in 1714 and died in 1803 at age 89.

Mary married Jeremiah Warder on 13 Apr 1736 in FMH Philadelphia. Jeremiah was born on 1 Mar 1711 and died on 5 Jan 1783 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 71. They had seven children: Jeremiah, Mary, John, Rebecca, Sarah, Susannah, and Lydia.

6-Jeremiah Warder was born on 31 Jul 1744 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 16 Dec 1822 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was a Quaker but dis-owned for posession of an armed ship.

Jeremiah married Deborah Roberts, daughter of Hugh Roberts and Mary Calvert, on 19 Nov 1772 in FMH Philadelphia. Deborah was born on 6 Jan 1746 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died before 1780 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. They had one daughter: Mary.

7-Mary Warder was born on 5 May 1775 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

Mary married John Elliott Cresson, son of Caleb Cresson and Annabella Elliott, on 28 Apr 1795 in FMH Philadelphia. John was born on 11 Nov 1773 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Aug 1814 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 40. They had two children: **Elliott** and **Warder**.

8-Elliott Cresson<sup>1</sup> was born on 2 Mar 1796 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 20 Feb 1854 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 57, and was buried in The Woodlands Cemetery, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. The cause of his death was Gangrene.

General Notes: Cresson, Elliott, philanthropist, b. in Philadelphia, 2 March, 1796; d. there, 20 Feb., 1854. He was a member of the Society of Friends, became a successful merchant in Philadelphia, and

# **Descendants of John Head**

devoted his attention to benevolent objects, especially the promotion of the welfare of the Indians and negroes in the United States. He conceived the intention of becoming a missionary among the Seminoles of Florida, but afterward gave his mind to the scheme of colonizing American negroes in Africa, engaged in establishing the first colony of liberated slaves at Bassa Cove, on the grain coast, became president of the Colonization society, and labored as its agent in new England in the winter of 1838-'9, in the southern states in 1839-'40, and in Great Britain in 1840-'2 and 1850-'3. He left in his will \$122,00 to various benevolent institutions, and a lot, valued at \$30,00, for a home for superannuated merchants and gentlemen. Appletons cyclopaedia of American Biography. 1887

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Philanthropist.
- He worked as an Agent to the American Colonisation Society.
- He was a Quaker.

8-Warder Cresson was born on 13 Jul 1798 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 6 Nov 1860 in Jerusalem, Palestine at age 62.

General Notes: Warder, received an honorary appointment as American consul at Jerusalem, a protest by Samuel D. Ingham, a former secretary of treasury, resulted in the appointment being withdrawn. By then, Cresson had left for Palestine, and for a time believed that he was representing the American government. Warder Cresson converted to Judaism in 1848 and shortly after returned to Philadelphia to settle his affairs. He returned to Palestine in 1852. Warder lived in Jerusalem as a Sephardi and although he was still married to Elizabeth Townsend Cresson, he married a Sephardi wife named Rachel Moleano and had two children, David Ben Zion and Abigail Ruth. Warder Cresson died in Jerusalem, Palestine, 11mo. 6, 1860. Elizabeth died 8mo. 5, 1882. http://www.pennock.ws/surnames/nti/nti95936.html

Warder married Elizabeth Townsend, daughter of Ezra Townsend and Elizabeth Paul, on 12 Dec 1821 in Byberry Township, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania. Elizabeth was born on 29 Nov 1799 in Byberry Township, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania and died on 5 Aug 1882 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 82. They had one son: John Elliott.

9-John Elliott Cresson was born on 6 Aug 1823 in Montgomery County, Pennsylvania and died on 27 Sep 1903 at age 80.

Jeremiah next married Hannah Moore.

6-Mary Warder was born on 23 Nov 1747 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 16 May 1811 at age 63.

Mary married Caleb Emlen, son of George Emlen and Anne Reckless, on 25 Feb 1773 in FMH Philadelphia. Caleb was born on 15 Dec 1744 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 13 Jul 1797 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 52. They had two children: Caleb and Sarah.

7-Caleb Emlen was born in 1780 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 6 Apr 1810 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 30.

Caleb married Maria Graff. Maria was born in 1789 and died in 1863 at age 74. They had one daughter: Calebina.

8-Calebina Emlen was born about 1811 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

Calebina married William Henry Newbold, son of William Newbold and Mary Smith, in 1830. William was born in 1810 and died in 1872 at age 62. They had one son: John Smith.

9-John Smith Newbold was born on 20 Feb 1831 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 2 Jun 1887 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 56. John married Anna Penrose Buckley on 10 Apr 1856. Anna was born in 1837 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. They had one son: Arthur Emlen.

10-Arthur Emlen Newbold was born on 5 Aug 1859 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 10 Jun 1920 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 60. Arthur married Harriet Dixon in 1886. Harriet was born on 3 Feb 1866. They had one son: Arthur Emlen.

**11-Arthur Emlen Newbold** 

Arthur married Margaret Harrison Yarnall, daughter of Charlton Yarnall<sup>2</sup> and Anna Brinton Coxe. They had one daughter: Anna Coxe.

12-Anna Coxe Newbold

7-Sarah Emlen was born on 19 Jun 1787 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 28 Mar 1870 at age 82.

Sarah married Caleb Cresson, son of Caleb Cresson and Annabella Elliott, on 4 Jun 1807. Caleb was born on 11 May 1775 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 22 Nov 1821 at age 46. They

had two children: William Penn and Annabella Elliott.

8-William Penn Cresson was born on 13 Nov 1814 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 7 Aug 1892 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 77.

William married **Susan Vaux** on 26 Nov 1835 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. Susan was born on 6 Jan 1813 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1890 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 77. They had one daughter: **Mary Emlen**.

9-Mary Emlen Cresson was born on 11 Feb 1846 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

Mary married **Caleb Cresson Wistar**, son of **Bartholomew Wyatt Wistar** and **Annabella Elliott Cresson**, on 22 Nov 1876 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. Caleb was born on 21 Jul 1846 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 8 Aug 1916 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 70. They had one son: **Caleb Cresson**.

10-Caleb Cresson Wistar was born on 11 Jan 1883 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

Caleb married Rebecca Alice Lycett, daughter of Edward Howes Lycett and Anna Heckley Fox, on 15 Sep 1917 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. Rebecca was born on 3 Jun 1896.

8-Annabella Elliott Cresson was born on 8 Jan 1818 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1869 at age 51.

Annabella married **Bartholomew Wyatt Wistar**, son of **Bartholomew Wistar** and **Susan Newbold Lawrie**, in 1841. Bartholomew was born on 12 Jul 1818 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1869 at age 51. They had two children: **Dillwyn** and **Caleb Cresson**.

9-Dillwyn Wistar was born on 4 Oct 1844 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 12 Feb 1916 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 71.

Dillwyn married Elizabeth Buckley Morris, daughter of Joshua Husband Morris and Ann Morris Wistar. Elizabeth was born on 30 May 1849 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 10 Oct 1925 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 76. They had one daughter: Annabella Cresson.

10-Annabella Cresson Wistar<sup>3</sup> was born on 26 Aug 1872 and died in 1967 at age 95.

Annabella married Horatio Curtis Wood,<sup>3</sup> son of John Bacon Wood<sup>3</sup> and Lydia Cope Collins, on 17 Feb 1897. Horatio was born on 5 Feb 1870 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 7 Oct 1943 in Camden, New Jersey, USA at age 73.

9-Caleb Cresson Wistar was born on 21 Jul 1846 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 8 Aug 1916 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 70.

10-Caleb Cresson Wistar was born on 11 Jan 1883 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

6-John Warder<sup>4</sup> was born in 1751 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 7 May 1828 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 77.

General Notes: One of the vessels in which he had an interest, was the *Nancy*; it was jointly owned with the ship's captain Samuel Smith, who in 1781, without Warder's knowledge, took out letters of marque, enabling her to act as a privateer, towards vessels of nations with whom we were at war. Thus equipped, she captured a richly-laden Dutch East-Indiaman, the Hollandische Welvaren, who was brought into harbour at Limerick. John Warder learning that his share in the booty was likely to be in the region of £2,000, took out an insurance at Lloyds for that amount, to guard himself, as he explained, against any possible loss. In the event, it was a prudent step, as the Hollandische Welvaren sank, while being brought from Limerick to London. He received, (expenses and premium deducted), the sum of £1,833.3s.9d. When visited on behalf of Devonshire House Monthly Meeting, he expressed his willingness to refund to money to those who had suffered loss, and to this end, placed £2,000 of stock in the joint names of himself and two overseers of the MM, to meet any claims that might arise within 15 months. In fact, despite pains being taken in the matter, no claims and been received when 27 months later, John Warder felt absolved from further responsibility and asked for the money to be transferred back to him mown account. In doing so, the MM recorded its judgement that no stipulation as to time, could release him from the Christian obligation to make restitution for proporty wrongly acquired. When, therefore, more than a year later, he applied for a certificate for his removal to Philadelphia, he was met with the reminder that there was another matter to be settled first. A lengthy correspondence was sustained over many years and there were visits to him by Friends in both London and Philadelphia. Finally in 1799, Warder executed a deed of trust, conveying to the MM the sum of £1,833.3s.9d.. The MM in return undertook the task of tracing the sufferers, by the capture of the vessel and making an equitable ditribution accordingly. Devonshire House MM having accepted responsibility, duling despatched a certificate of removal to Philadelphia MM for the Western district. But 1799 was not a propitious time for pursuing enquiries on the continent, and it was some years before the work could begin in earnest. Advertisements in Holland finally brought in claims (which were carefully vetted) and by 1818, the MM calculating interest on claims considered just... expended £3,385 6s 11d... (of which £39 15s 3d represented expenses). Nevertheless, because of prudent investment, there remaned in hand more than £2,600. These matters rested until 1824, when John Stephen Mollet of Amsterdam, the last survivor of what had been a once been a flourishing group of Friends in the Netherlands, was in London and much impressed with the work of an infant's school he had seen in Spitalfields, regretted that Amsterdam had no such facility. Devonshire House MM saw the establishment of such a school, as a proper use of the monet remaining in the trust, in that it was the benefit of Holland. One of John Warder's daughters, married in 1822, Joel Cadbury (1799-1870) of Philadelphia, Cotton goods manufacturer. etc. etc. British Quakers in Commerce and Industry 1775-1920. Edward H Milligan

. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 10 Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence about 1775 in Bury Street, London.
- He had a residence about 1788 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.
- He worked as a Mercantile merchant ab Shipping-agent.

John married Anne Head,<sup>4</sup> daughter of John Head<sup>4</sup> and Ann Wheeler,<sup>4</sup> on 10 Aug 1779 in FMH Ipswich. Anne was born on 10 Jun 1758 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died in 1829 at age 71. They had eight children: Jeremiah, Mary Ann, John, Charles, William Savery, Elizabeth, Benjamin Head, and Caroline.

7-Jeremiah Warder was born on 19 Jun 1780 in London, died in 1849 in Springfield, Ohio, USA at age 69, and was buried in Ferncliff Cemetery, Springfield, Ohio, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mercantile merchant. John Warder & Sons before 1828 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.
- He had a residence in 1828 in Ohio, USA.

Jeremiah married **Ann Aston**, daughter of **Peter Aston** and **Hannah Jones**. Ann was born in 1784 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died in 1871 in Springfield, Ohio, USA at age 87, and was buried in Ferncliff Cemetery, Springfield, Ohio, USA. They had two children: **John Aston** and **Benjamin Head**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were Quakers.
- Miscellaneous: They had 12 children.

8-Dr. John Aston Warder was born on 19 Jan 1812 and died on 14 Jul 1883 at age 71.

General Notes: John A. Warder graduated from Jefferson Medical College in 1836, and in 1837, after a brief residency in Alabama, he established a medical practice in Cincinnati, Ohio. He retired from medicine in 1855 to pursue interests in horticulture, viticulture, forestry, natural history, and astronomy. He published and lectured extensively in these fields, and was president of the Cincinnati Society of Natural Resources. During the Civil War, Warder served as a brigade surgeon of the 1st Brigade of the Ohio Militia. He helped found and was the first president of the American Forestry Association (1875). By 1880, he and his family were living on a farm in Miami County, Ohio. Warder died in 1883

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Born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Warder attended Jefferson Medical College, M.D. 1836. He then practiced medicine in Cincinnati, Ohio for nearly two decades. From 1850 to 1853, he edited Western Horticultural Review and contributed to the American Journal of Horticulture. He fostered landscape gardening and park beautification. In 1855, John Aston Warder decided to give up his medical practice to devote all his time to his main interest, horticulture. Dr. Warder had previously served as president of the Cincinnati Society of Natural History and was active in the Cincinnati Horticultural and Astronomical Societies. He purchased more than 300 acres near North Bend, Ohio, from President William Henry Harrison's widow and moved from his Clifton residence into a frame house on his property overlooking the river. Soon work began on his permanent home, "Aston", built in the style of an English manor house. One acre of the front lawn was laid out as a formal rose garden, while iris bordered the driveway. Beyond stretched fruit orchards and plantings of ornamental trees and shrubs of which Warder made a systematic study during the following years. Essentially this farm was the first agricultural experimental station in the United States, though it was never actually called that.

Despite the duties of caring for a family of seven children, Dr. Warder still found time and energy for much more. During the Civil War he was a Brigade Surgeon of the First Brigade of the Ohio Militia, and afterwards served on the boards of the Wine Grower's Association and Ohio Agricultural Board. Yet throughout his life Dr. Warder's labors in forestry were paramount. In 1873 he was appointed United States Commissioner to the Vienna World's Exposition, during which time he had the opportunity to visit and consult with European foresters. The experience convinced him that national legislation would be necessary in the United States for the forestry movement to make headway. As he wrote his official report in which he listed European forestry schools and associations of "forest managers", he noted that there was not a single organization concerned with forest conservation in the United States. So Dr. Warder's participation in the Vienna Exposition speeded the founding of the American Forestry Association in September 1875 and was its first president. In 1882 he was responsible for merging the Association with the American Forestry Congress, of which he had been an organizer. Thus the American Forestry Association continues as the nation's oldest citizen's organization devoted to conservation.

In it's 75th anniversary issue, the American Forestry Association's magazine, American Forests, stated: "The vigor and zeal with which the American Forestry Association launched its 'forestry and timber culture' crusade was due in large part to the leadership of John Aston Warder... whose fame as horticulturalist, forester, author, and physician had fanned out to distant areas of the nation." Today, Warder's legacy lives on in the land that is Aston Oaks. His residence still stands on its hill overlooking the river, and is on the National Register of Historic Places. No longer are there any remnants of his fruit orchards, but how pleased John Warder would be that near his home stands the largest Buckeye tree in Ohio, and a towering oak that his beloved American Forestry Association has designated as the largest English Oak in the United States.

Source: Leaders of American Conservation. Henry Clepper. Natural Resources Council of America. 1971. The John Aston Warder House was listed on the National Register of Historic Places on 05/19/1978 and is located off Shady Lane Road in North Bend.

### http://www.northbendohio.org/JohnAstonWarder.html

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Jefferson Medical College.
- He worked as a Physician in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.
- He worked as a Horticulturalist and founder of the American Forestry Association.
- He worked as an U.S. Commissioner to the International Exhibition in 1873 in Vienna, Austria.

John married Elizabeth Bowne Haines, daughter of Reuben Haines<sup>5</sup> and Jane Bowne, in 1814. Elizabeth was born in 1815 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1891 at age 76. They had seven children: Anna Aston, Jane Haines, Elizabeth Aston, Reuben Haines, John Haines, Robert Bowne, and William.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

9-Anna Aston Warder was born in 1837.

9-Jane Haines Warder was born in 1839 and died in 1879 at age 40.

9-Elizabeth Aston Warder was born in 1841.

9-Reuben Haines Warder was born in 1844 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA, died on 26 Dec 1907 in Chicago, Illinois, USA at age 63, and was buried on 28 Dec 1907 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Horticulturalist.
- He worked as a Superintendent of Parks in 1893 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.
- Miscellaneous: Member of The Historical and Philosophical Society of Ohio.
- He worked as a Superintendent of Lincoln Park, Chicago.

9-John Haines Warder was born in 1846 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA and died on 30 Aug 1915 at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Civil engineer in Chicago, Illinois, USA.

John married Louisa J. Hagen on 2 Sep 1880 in Sacramento, California, USA. Louisa was born in 1852.

9-Prof. Robert Bowne Warder was born on 28 Mar 1848 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA, died on 23 Jul 1905 in Washington, D.C., USA at age 57, and was buried on 26 Jul 1905 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.

General Notes: The first professor of chemistry and physics in the college was Robert Bowne Warder, who was appointed in 1887, and served until his death in 1905. Warder was well trained in chemistry. He was born in Cincinnati, and after graduating from Earlham College, he taught chemistry and natural philosophy at Illinois. He participated in various geological surveys in the western states, then spent 1873-74 at Harvard, where he received a B.S. in chemistry. He spent a year in Germany, with Witt at Giessen and Hofmann at Berlin, then returned to teach chemistry and physics at the University of Cincinnati, where he met Frank Clarke. He began research in physical chemistry at Cincinnati, and continued at Purdue, when he arrived in 1883. He left Purdue for Howard, probably at the behest of Frank Clarke, who was then at the Geological Survey.

At Howard, he taught chemistry and physics, and continued to publish in the American Chemical Journal and the Journal of Physical Chemistry. Although there were no facilities for experimental research at Howard, Warder provided mathematical analyses of the experiments of other chemists in his papers. In a tribute in a Howard alumni publication, it was noted that an unusually large number of students who came under him were filled with the desire to become scientists. A charming note was: "So deeply was he affected by dishonest acts that he would stop a class in the midst of an examination and pray for some hapless individual whom he had just caught cheating." Scientists who were visiting Washington came to see Warder at Howard. Warder's death, at age 57, was a great loss to the science program at Howard.

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ROBERT BOWNE WARDER died at his home in Washington, July 23, 1905, after an illness extending over nearly a year.

Professor Warder was born in Cincinnati, O., March 28, 1848, and spent his early life in the country home at "Aston," North Bend, Ohio. His character was formed under the influence of the Society of Friends and this faith remained the dominant feature of his life. From childhood he showed the effect of his parents' training and example, in a broad and catholic view of the ethics of life, and in a love of truth and scientific investigation. This devotion to truth was an especial characteristic and governed his life and actions throughout.

He was graduated from a Friends' institution, Earlham College, at Richmond, Ind., in 1866, and afterwards spent some time at the Illinois State University, at Champaign, where he was instructor in chemistry and natural philosophy. This work of teaching seemed to show Professor Warder his natural bent, and his energy was thenceforth devoted to studying the broad principles underlying all natural science. He spent some years in traveling, chiefly in the western half of the United States, in connection with the different State geological surveys. In 1873 he went to Harvard, where he was graduated as B.S. in chemistry in 1874.

After graduating at Harvard he spent a year traveling in Germany, studying at Giessen under Heinrich Will, and at Berlin under Hofmann. His attention was, however, especially devoted to methods of teaching chemistry in the German universities, and the application of theoretical chemistry to the practical sciences. His chief aim was to fit himself in the broadest sense for his work of teaching. This was his main desire throughout life, to help others, and he never faltered. On returning to this country he was associated with Prof. F. W. Clarke at the University of Cincinnati from 1875 to 1879 as professor of chemistry and physics. Professor Warder early saw the close relation between these then distinct branches of natural science, and his papers on "The Speed of Saponification of Ethyl Acetate " and " Evidence of Atomic Motion within

Liquid Molecules " were pioneer investigations in the field of physical chemistry of to-day.

He was engaged in this line of research from 1879 to T ^3 when he accepted the chair of chemistry at Purdue University, where he remained until 1887. This position carried with it the duties of State Chemist, work of a commercial character rather foreign to his natural tastes, but to which he gave the same painstaking devotion that characterized all his work. Even these routine analyses were made to pay tribute to physical chemistry, as is shown by papers on "Influence of Time in Fertilizer Analysis," " Speed of Dissociation of Brass," etc. In 1884 h e married Gulielma M. Borland, who also belonged to the Society of Friends, and like himself was interested in evangelical work. Their life together was one of perfect harmony. It was probably about this time that Professor Warder felt more keenly than ever the call to help others in another field than chemistry. His philanthropic and evangelical work had always been foremost in his mind and labors, and in 1887 he accepted

the professorship of chemistry at Howard University in Washington. Here he labored until he died, teaching chemistry and physics, but above all setting an example and teaching the principles of a Christian life with an unselfish devotion. In spite of lack of facilities, his work at this period on " Dynamical Theory of Albumenoid Ammonia," " RecentTheories of Geometric Isomerism," "Cross Fertilization of the Sciences," and "The Major Premise in Physical Chemistry" showed his natural inclination to this phase of chemistry.

Professor Warder's later papers were chiefly devoted to applying the laws of mass action to and showing the speed of chemical reactions for the analytical data obtained by other investigators. He was essentially a critic and his devotion to truth caused him to scrutinize the investigations of others with the same zealous care with which he looked for flaws in his own work. This high standard, coupled with an unusual modesty, often

caused a hesitation which sometimes obscured his really profound knowledge.

No one went to Professor Warder for aid and was turned away empty-handed. What he had was given freely, and he seemed to feel that no labor was too great in his fundamental desire to help others.

S. S. VOORHEES.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Earlham College, Richmond, Indiana in Richmond, Indiana, USA.
- He was educated at Harvard.
- He worked as a Professor of Physics, University of Cincinnati in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.
- He worked as a Professor of Chemistry, Purdue University.
- He worked as a Professor of Chemistry, Howard University in Washington, D.C., USA.

Robert married Gulielma Maria Dorland, daughter of John T. Dorland and Mary Ann, in 1884. Gulielma was born in 1843, died in 1929 at age 86, and was buried in Wellington, Prince Edward County, Ontario, Canada.

9-William Warder was born in 1852.

8-Benjamin Head Warder was born on 15 Nov 1824 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 13 Jan 1894 in Cairo, Egypt at age 69, and was buried in Rock Creek Cemetery, Washington, DC.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Agricultural machinery manufacturer in Springfield, Ohio, USA.

Benjamin married Ellen Nancy Ormsby. They had three children: Elizabeth, Ellen Nancy, and Alice.

9-Elizabeth Warder Elizabeth married Ralph Nicholson Ellis.

9-Ellen Nancy Warder

Ellen married Ward Thoron.

Ellen next married Maj. Henry Leonard.

9-Alice Warder was born in 1877 and died in 1952 at age 75.

Alice married John W. Garrett.

7-Mary Ann Warder was born on 30 Jan 1782 in London.

Mary married John Bacon.

7-John Warder was born on 14 Jan 1784 in London and died in 1843 at age 59.

John married Abigail Haskin.

7-Charles Warder was born on 20 Nov 1789 and died on 26 Aug 1805 at age 15.

7-William Savery Warder was born on 21 Sep 1791 and died on 20 Nov 1832 at age 41.

7-Elizabeth Warder was born on 17 Oct 1793.

Elizabeth married Israel Janney.

7-Benjamin Head Warder was born on 27 Oct 1796 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

Benjamin married **Rebecca Sheppard**. They had no children.

7-Caroline Warder was born on 29 Dec 1801 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 31 Aug 1868 at age 66, and was buried in FBG Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA. Caroline married Joel Cadbury,<sup>6,7</sup> son of Richard Tapper Cadbury<sup>4,6,8,9,10</sup> and Elizabeth Head,<sup>4,6,8,9</sup> on 21 Aug 1822. Joel was born on 19 Jun 1799 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 23 Mar 1870 in Pennsylvania, USA at age 70, and was buried in FBG Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA. They had 11 children: Mary Ann, Richard, John, Elizabeth, Joel, William Warder, Caroline Warder, John Warder, Joel, Sarah, and Emma.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated Pennsylvania, USA in 1814.

8-Mary Ann Cadbury was born on 7 Sep 1823 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 11 Oct 1861 at age 38.

8-Richard Cadbury<sup>11</sup> was born on 18 Sep 1825 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 13 Mar 1897 at age 71.

Richard married Lydia Comfort Shinn,<sup>11</sup> daughter of Earl Shinn and Sarah Comfort, on 4 Dec 1850 in FMH Orange Street, Philadelphia. Lydia was born on 17 Apr 1828 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Jul 1904 at age 76. They had five children: Caroline, Richard Tapper, Joseph Tapper, Sarah Shinn, and Lydia Comfort.

9-Caroline Cadbury<sup>11</sup> was born on 23 Sep 1851 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 22 Mar 1914 in Upper Darby, Pennsylvania, USA at age 62, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Caroline married **Thomas Kite Brown**,<sup>11</sup> son of **Nathaniel Howland Brown**<sup>11</sup> and **Rebecca Kite**,<sup>11</sup> on 12 Apr 1876 in FMH 12th Street, Philadelphia. Thomas was born on 12 Feb 1851 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 10 Aug 1929 at age 78, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania. They had eight children: Richard Cadbury, Mary Anna, Bertha, Shipley, Clement, Thomas Kite, Carroll Thornton, and Lydia Caroline.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mercantile merchant in 1872-1875 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.
- He worked as a Teacher at Westtown Boarding School in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Richard Cadbury Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 28 Jul 1877 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 15 Mar 1939 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA at age 61, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Schoolmaster, Bootham School in 1903-1904 in York, Yorkshire.

Richard married Annie Browning. They had two children: Emma Perry and Clarissa Browning.

11-Emma Perry Brown was born on 21 Jul 1906.

Emma married Comly Bird Richie, son of Edward Lawrence Richie and Anna Bailey Shoemaker, on 26 Jun 1930. Comly was born on 17 Feb 1906. They had two children: Edward Lawrence and Priscilla Bailey.

12-Edward Lawrence Richie

12-Priscilla Bailey Richie

11-Clarissa Browning Brown was born on 28 Mar 1909.

10-Mary Anna Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 26 Apr 1879 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Aug 1879 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Bertha Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 4 Jun 1880 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Oct 1959 at age 79.

Bertha married Dr. Walter Davis Lambert, son of Walter Lambert and Elizabeth Bigelow Davis, on 18 Jun 1917. Walter was born on 12 Jan 1879 in New Brighton, New York, USA and died on 27 Oct 1968 in Washington Hospital Center, Washington DC, USA at age 89.

10-Shipley Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 23 Oct 1881 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 31 Dec 1941 at age 60.

Shipley married Lucy Hannah Haines on 18 Oct 1905. Lucy was born on 4 Aug 1883. They had two children: Alice Deborah and Thomas Shipley.

11-Alice Deborah Brown was born on 22 Apr 1907 and died on 8 Apr 1994 at age 86.

Alice married Alfred Chapman Borton. Alfred was born on 20 Aug 1906 and died in 1983 at age 77.

11-Thomas Shipley Brown was born on 5 Feb 1912 and died on 5 Jan 2011 at age 98.

Thomas married Anna Bennett. Anna was born in 1914 and died in 1997 at age 83.

10-Clement Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 15 Mar 1884 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Mar 1884 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Prof. Thomas Kite Brown Jr.<sup>11</sup> was born on 19 Mar 1885 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 5 Jun 1944 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 59, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Thomas married Helen Wheeler Barnes on 1 Jun 1915. Helen was born on 24 Jan 1887. They had two children: Thomas Kite and Arthur Ellis.

11-Thomas Kite Brown III was born in 1916.

11-Arthur Ellis Brown was born on 19 Jun 1918.

10-Carroll Thornton Brown was born on 12 May 1887 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 19 May 1970 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA at age 83.

Carroll married Anna Hartshorne on 22 Aug 1914. Anna was born on 22 Oct 1890 and died on 1 Dec 1991 at age 101. They had two children: Caroline Cadbury and Carroll Thornton.

11-Caroline Cadbury Brown was born on 1 May 1916.

Caroline married George Ronald Howe.

11-Carroll Thornton Brown Jr. was born on 1 Oct 1917 and died on 27 Dec 1996 at age 79.

Carroll married Margot Warner Wills.

10-Lydia Caroline Brown was born on 8 Oct 1889 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 7 Aug 1978 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Lydia married Prof. Henry Joel Cadbury, son of Joel Cadbury and Anna Kaighn Lowry, on 17 Jun 1916 in Burlington, New Jersey, USA. Henry was born on 1 Dec 1883 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 7 Oct 1974 at age 90, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania. They had four children: Elizabeth, Christopher Joel, Warder Henry, and Winifred C.

General Notes: He delivered the Nobel lecture on behalf of the AFSC when it accepted the Nobel Peace Prize in 1947 on behalf of the Religious Society of Friends. CADBURY, Henry Joel

Born 1 Dec. 1883; s of Joel Cadbury and Anna Kaighn Lowry; m 1916, Lydia Caroline Brown; two s two d; died 7 Oct. 1974

Professor Emeritus, Harvard Divinity School, 1954 (Hollis Professor Divinity, 1934–54); Lecturer, Pendle Hill, 1954–72, and Temple University, 1962–66 **EDUCATION** 

William Penn Charter Sch.; Haverford Coll.; Harvard Univ CAREER

Teacher, Haverford Coll., 1910–19, Lecturer, 1955–64; Harvard Divinity Sch., 1919–26; Andover Theological Seminary, 1919–26; Prof., Bryn Mawr Coll., 1926–34. Mem. Translation Cttee of Revised Standard Version of the Bible, 1929–70; Dir, Andover-Harvard Theol. Library, 1938–54. Chm., American Friends Service Cttee, 1928–34 and 1944–60, Hon. Chm. 1960–; Chm., Board of Directors of Bryn Mawr Coll., 1956–68. Mem. several learned societies; Mem. Studiorum Novi Testamenti Societas (Pres. 1958); Fellow American Academy of Arts and Sciences. Hon. degrees: LittD Haverford Coll., 1933; DD Glasgow Univ., 1937; LLD Whittier Coll., 1951, Swarthmore Coll., 1954; LHD Howard Univ., 1959, Earlham Coll., 1967 PUBLICATIONS

The Style and Literary Method of Luke, 1920; National Ideals in the Old Testament, 1920; The Making of Luke-Acts, 1927 (and 1958); (with K. Lake) Beginnings of Christianity, Vols IV and V, 1933 (and 1966); The Peril of Modernizing Jesus, 1937 (and 1962); Jesus What Manner of Man, 1947 (and 1962); George Fox's Book of Miracles, 1948, 1972; The Book of Acts in History, 1955; Quakerism and Early Christianity, 1957; The Eclipse of the Historical Jesus, 1964; John Woolman in England, 1971; Friendly Heritage, 1972; Narrative Papers of George Fox, 1972 RECREATIONS

Quaker history, camping ADDRESS 774 Millbrook Lane, Haverford, Pa 19041, USA

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Hollis Professor of Divinity at Harvard University. Social Activist.

11-Elizabeth Cadbury was born on 14 Jun 1917.

11-Christopher Joel Cadbury was born on 5 Sep 1921 in Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA and died on 1 Oct 2010 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Clinical Psychologist.

Christopher married Mary Charlotte Foster. They had one daughter: Vivian C..

12-Vivian C. Cadbury

## 11-Prof. Warder Henry Cadbury

Warder married Julia Margaret Graham in 1965. Julia was born on 1 Jul 1932 in Ontario, Canada and died on 11 Aug 2013 at age 81. They had two children: Joel and Adrianne.

12-Joel Cadbury

12-Adrianne Cadbury

11-Winifred C. Cadbury

9-Richard Tapper Cadbury was born on 11 Oct 1853 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1929 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania at age 76.

Richard married **Helen Virginia Nathans** on 28 Aug 1884 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. Helen was born on 16 Jan 1863 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 8 Mar 1907 at age 44. They had four children: **Richard, Helen, Earl Shinn**, and **Leah Tapper**.

10-Richard Cadbury was born on 8 Jun 1885 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 11 May 1966 at age 80, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania. Richard married Olive Clinton McCabe, daughter of Joseph McCabe. Olive was born on 17 Jun 1887 in Eltopia, Washington, USA, died on 13 Apr 1958 at age 70, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Social worker.

10-Helen Cadbury was born on 13 Jul 1886 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA, died in 1974 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Haverford. Helen married Arthur Phillips Bush Jr. They had five children: Virginia Helen, DeBlois, Ann Head, Arthur Phillips, and Martha Comfort.

11-Virginia Helen Bush was born on 25 Apr 1915 in New York, New York, USA, was christened on 26 Apr 1915, and died in New York, New York, USA.

11-DeBlois Bush was born on 24 Dec 1916 in New York, New York, USA and died on 2 Aug 1980 at age 63.

11-Ann Head Bush was born on 26 Mar 1918 in New York, New York, USA and died on 3 Jan 2013 at age 94.

Ann married **Robbins**. They had one son: **Richard Cadbury**.

12-Richard Cadbury Robbins was born in 1944 and died on 3 Apr 2001 in St. Croix at age 57.

Richard married Marjorie Pollard.

Ann next married Wilson Brown Reynolds Jr. They had two children: Wilson Brown and Robin.

12-Wilson Brown Reynolds III

12-Robin Reynolds

11-Arthur Phillips Bush was born on 18 Sep 1921.

11-Martha Comfort Bush was born on 10 Feb 1923.

Martha married Frank Hoover Longstreth, son of William Collins Longstreth and Nella Thacher, on 27 Nov 1943 in FMH Haverford, Pennsylvania. Frank was born on 30 Oct 1921 in Haverford, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 19 Mar 2008 at age 86.

10-Earl Shinn Cadbury was born on 16 Dec 1888 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 19 Feb 1970 in hendersonville, Henderson County, North Carolina, USA at age 81, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Earl married Katharine Wheeler Barnes. Katharine was born in 1891, died in 1970 at age 79, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-Leah Tapper Cadbury was born on 27 Sep 1892 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Joseph Tapper Cadbury was born on 11 Oct 1853 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Sarah Shinn Cadbury was born on 31 May 1855 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 19 Sep 1876 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 21.

ty, Pennsylvania at age 76. sylvania, USA and died on 8 Mar 1907 at age 44. 9-Lydia Comfort Cadbury was born on 23 Oct 1856 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 4 May 1858 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 1.

8-John Cadbury was born on 8 May 1827 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 28 Apr 1832 at age 4.

8-Elizabeth Cadbury was born on 22 May 1829 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 5 Mar 1915 at age 85.

8-Joel Cadbury was born on 15 Jan 1831 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 16 Sep 1836 at age 5.

8-William Warder Cadbury was born on 13 Oct 1832 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 28 Oct 1859 at age 27.

8-Caroline Warder Cadbury was born on 11 Oct 1834 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 27 Jun 1867 at age 32.

Caroline married John Elliott Carter on 4 Feb 1862 in FMH Philadelphia. John was born on 25 Feb 1838 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. They had three children: Caroline, Sarah Cadbury, and Elizabeth Cadbury.

9-Caroline Carter was born on 9 Apr 1863 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

Caroline married William Carpenter Warren on 29 Mar 1899 in FMH Germantown. William was born on 8 Sep 1864. They had two children: Elizabeth Carter and Jean Craige.

10-Elizabeth Carter Warren was born on 16 Mar 1901 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Jean Craige Warren was born on 1 Jan 1903 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Sarah Cadbury Carter was born on 15 Apr 1865 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Aug 1930 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA at age 65.

Sarah married Charles Walter Borton on 25 May 1898. Charles was born on 20 Jan 1867. They had three children: Faith, John Carter, and Hugh.

10-Faith Borton was born on 24 Aug 1899 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA.

Faith married Harold F. Weston on 12 May 1923. Harold was born on 14 Feb 1894.

10-John Carter Borton was born on 12 Jan 1901 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA.

John married Mary Shipley Newlin, daughter of James Caverley Newlin and Adelaide Sims, on 26 Sep 1925. Mary was born on 7 Apr 1906 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania.

10-Hugh Borton was born on 14 May 1903 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA.

9-Elizabeth Cadbury Carter was born on 11 Dec 1866 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

8-John Warder Cadbury was born on 29 Sep 1836 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 4 Jun 1925 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 88.

John married **Rebecca Warner**, daughter of **Yardley Warner** and **Hannah Allen**, on 5 Oct 1871 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA. Rebecca was born on 25 Feb 1849 in East Whiteland, Chester, Pennsylvania and died on 12 Aug 1908 at age 59. They had five children: **Hannah Warner**, **Caroline Warder**, **Eleanor Anne**, **William Edward**, and **Esther Head**.

9-Hannah Warner Cadbury was born on 19 Oct 1872 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Mar 1952 in Frankford, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 79. Hannah married Robert Pyle.

9-Caroline Warder Cadbury was born on 7 Nov 1873 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 21 Mar 1962 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 88.

Caroline married William Ellis Shipley,<sup>12</sup> son of Murray Shipley<sup>12,13,14</sup> and Hannah Davis Taylor,<sup>14</sup> on 23 Oct 1900 in FMH Philadelphia. William was born on 21 May 1870 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA and died on 6 Sep 1937 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 67. They had three children: Dorothea Caroline, Beatrice, and Jeanette.

10-Dorothea Caroline Shipley was born on 14 Feb 1903 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1976 in Plainfield, New Jersey, USA at age 73.

10-Beatrice Shipley was born on 28 May 1907 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Jeanette Shipley was born on 24 Jan 1909 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 3 Jan 1998 in Newtown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 88.

Jeanette married Thomas Swartz Michener on 16 May 1936 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. Thomas was born on 24 Jun 1910 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Oct 1994 in Newtown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 84. They had two children: Martin Cadbury and James Cope.

**11-Martin Cadbury Michener** 

**11-James Cope Michener** 

9-Eleanor Anne Cadbury was born on 24 Feb 1875 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 6 Jun 1952 at age 77.

9-William Edward Cadbury was born on 25 Jun 1881 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 26 Oct 1967 at age 86.

William married Mary Yarnall Brown, daughter of Ellis Yarnall Brown and Sarah Willits, on 31 May 1905. Mary was born on 20 Nov 1882 and died on 7 Mar 1976 at age 93. They had three children: Elizabeth Willetts, William Edward, and Eleanor.

10-Elizabeth Willetts Cadbury was born on 6 Jul 1906 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-William Edward Cadbury was born on 19 Apr 1909 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Eleanor Cadbury was born on 16 Jan 1912 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Esther Head Cadbury was born on 15 Apr 1888 and died on 6 Dec 1962 in West Palm Beach, Florida, USA at age 74.

Esther married Robert Selleck Schoonmaker on 17 Aug 1910. Robert was born on 21 Feb 1885 and died in 1967 in Miami, Florida, USA at age 82. They had seven children: John Warder, Robert Selleck, Esther Rebecca, Richard Cadbury, Norman James, Theodore Carpenter, and Ruth Anne.

10-John Warder Schoonmaker was born on 19 Jul 1911 in Quincy, Norfolk County, Massachusetts, USA, died on 25 Jan 1996 in Logan, Cache County, Utah, USA at age 84, and was buried in Smithfield City Cemetery, Smithfield, Utah, USA.

John married Ann Pitkin Palmer, daughter of Robert William Palmer and Minnie Mabel Chamberlin, on 9 Oct 1937 in Stocksfield, Massachusetts, USA. Ann was born on 19 May 1913 in Coventry, Connecticut, USA, died on 7 Feb 1987 in Logan, Cache County, Utah, USA at age 73, and was buried in Smithfield City Cemetery, Smithfield, Utah, USA.

10-Robert Selleck Schoonmaker Jr. was born on 7 Jan 1913 and died on 18 Jan 1993 in Black Mountain, North Carolina, USA at age 80.

Robert married Rebecca Elkinton. Rebecca was born on 28 Nov 1913 and died on 9 Feb 2002 at age 88. They had two children: Robert Selleck and Marilyn.

## 11-Robert Selleck Schoonmaker III

11-Marilyn Schoonmaker

10-Esther Rebecca Schoonmaker was born on 8 Jan 1915 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA.

Esther married Henry Edgar Pray.

10-Richard Cadbury Schoonmaker was born on 7 Nov 1916 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA.

10-Prof. Norman James Schoonmaker was born on 24 Dec 1918 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA.

10-Theodore Carpenter Schoonmaker was born on 27 Aug 1921 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA, died on 19 Mar 2003 at age 81, and was buried in Siloam Cemetery, North Carolina, USA. Theodore married Hazel Josephine Key. Hazel was born on 9 Jan 1923, died on 11 Nov 2009 at age 86, and was buried in Siloam Cemetery, North Carolina, USA. They had two children: Sara

Jean and Susan Lynn.

11-Sara Jean Schoonmaker

11-Susan Lynn Schoonmaker

**10-Ruth Anne Schoonmaker** 

8-Joel Cadbury was born on 31 Oct 1838 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Jan 1923 in Burlington, New Jersey, USA at age 84.

Joel married Anna Kaighn Lowry, daughter of Benjamin Lowry, on 1 Dec 1869 in FMH Philadelphia. Anna was born on 9 Aug 1846 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 27 Jan 1923 in Burlington, New Jersey, USA at age 76, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania. They had six children: Elizabeth Bartram, Benjamin, Emma, William Warder, John Warder, and Henry Joel.

9-Elizabeth Bartram Cadbury was born on 15 Aug 1871 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 26 Oct 1952 in Haverford, Pennsylvania, USA at age 81, and was buried in FBG Haverford.

Elizabeth married Prof. Rufus Matthew Jones on 11 Mar 1902. Rufus was born on 25 Jan 1863 in South China, Maine, USA, died on 16 Jun 1948 in Haverford, Pennsylvania, USA at age 85, and was buried in FBG Haverford. They had one daughter: Mary Hoxie.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Writer and Philosopher; Quaker Historian.

10-Mary Hoxie Jones was born on 27 Jul 1904.

9-Benjamin Cadbury was born on 14 Oct 1873 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 24 Jun 1955 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA at age 81.

Benjamin married Anna Mary Moore on 4 Nov 1909 in Wayne County, Indiana. Anna was born on 5 Jan 1873 in Richmond, Indiana, USA and died on 28 Jul 1932 at age 59. They had two children: Joseph Moore and Benjamin Bartram.

10-Joseph Moore Cadbury was born on 25 Aug 1910, died in 1983 at age 73, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Joseph married Lucille Marion Smith. Lucille was born in 1913 and died in 1984 at age 71.

10-Benjamin Bartram Cadbury was born on 8 Sep 1913, died in 2005 at age 92, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Benjamin married Mary Virginia Thompson. Mary was born in 1916.

9-Emma Cadbury was born on 24 Feb 1875 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Dr. William Warder Cadbury was born in 1877 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 15 Oct 1959 in Frankford, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 82, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Quaker Medical Missionary in China.

William married Sarah Imbree Mannatt on 23 Sep 1911. Sarah died on 3 Oct 1912.

William next married Catharine Balderston Jones. They had three children: Jane Balderston, Emma, and Catharine.

10-Jane Balderston Cadbury was born on 30 May 1918 in Canton, China.

10-Emma Cadbury was born on 9 Mar 1920.

10-Catharine Cadbury was born on 6 Dec 1922.

9-John Warder Cadbury<sup>15</sup> was born on 29 Jun 1880 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 10 Sep 1948 at age 68, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania. John married Rachel Comfort Reeve on 15 Oct 1910. Rachel was born on 13 May 1880 and died in 1969 at age 89. They had two children: John Warder and Thomas Lloyd.

10-John Warder Cadbury was born on 9 May 1912 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA and died on 13 Feb 1989 at age 76.

John married **Elizabeth Harvey Rowntree**,<sup>16</sup> daughter of **Arnold Stephenson Rowntree**<sup>4,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24</sup> and **Mary Katharine Harvey**,<sup>4,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,25,26</sup> on 16 Aug 1942. Elizabeth was born on 28 May 1909 in York, Yorkshire<sup>15</sup> and died on 30 Sep 1999 in New Lisbon, New Jersey, USA at age 90. They had one daughter: **Alison Harvey**.

General Notes: Elisabeth H. Cadbury, 90, of New Lisbon, NJ, died peacefully at home on September 30, 1999.

Born in York, England in 1909, she attended the Mount School, York, and graduated from the London School of Economics. By 1938, what was supposed to be a vacation trip canoeing down the Danube with a friend turned into working with refugees fleeing Hitler's encroaching presence, first in Vienna, Austria, and then in Prague, Czechoslovakia. Using her British passport, she escorted two large transports of endangered Czech and German refugees across the then-neutral Poland to the exit port of Gdynia, and she finally returned to England herself escorting a group of about 60 children and young people, some with no travel papers, across Germany to England. She continued to work in England for the British Friends' relief effort and was a co-founder of the women's branch of the Friends Ambulance Unit. During this time, she met the late John W. Cadbury, who was acting as representative for the American Friends Service Committee in England. They were married in 1942 and continued to work for Quaker causes until the war ended, at which time she and Mr. Cadbury secured passage on a Liberty ship and crossed the North Atlantic in January 1946 to start her new life in America. After briefly living with Mr. Cadbury's parents in Moorestown, NJ, they found their own home near New Lisbon, NJ, where their daughter was born in 1949, and where they continued to live for over 40 years.

Upon arriving in America, Mrs. Cadbury worked with the American Friends Service Committee for a time, but after their daughter started attending school in Moorestown, she took a job as a librarian at the Moorestown Free Library, where she remained for the next 20 years. She was also a founding member of the Pemberton Community Library Association. Her love of books and learning lasted into retirement, and in her 70's she was a straight "A" student at Burlington County College, taking whatever course interested her. She continued to do independent research in areas of interest until her death.

Her other great love was travel, and in addition to many trips across the Atlantic with her daughter, she and Mr. Cadbury, until his death in 1989, traveled extensively around the U.S. and Canada in their small Airstream trailer, as well as by freighter to various parts of Central and South America. Both were avid naturalists, and the prospect of sighting a rare bird or plant was all it would take to inspire a trip, many of which were made in company with like-minded friends and family members.

Mrs. Cadbury is survived by her daughter, Alison C. Senter, and son-in-law, Glenn M. Senter; her brother and sister-in-law, Michael H. and Anna C. Rowntree; her sisters-in-law: Helen Rowntree, Mary Rowntree and Emma Cadbury; and beloved cousin and friend, Mary Hoxie Jones; as well as a large and loving collection of nieces, nephews, cousins and friends on both sides of the Atlantic. In gratitude for their help in enabling Mrs. Cadbury to die peacefully at home, surrounded by her family and her books, the family suggests those wishing to make a memorial contribution do so to Samaritan Hospice, 5 Eves Dr., Suite 300, Marlton, N.J. 08053

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ROWNTREE.— On the 28th May, 1909, at York, Mary Katharine, wife of Arnold Stephenson Rowntree (1883-9), a daughter, who was named Elisabeth Haarvey.

### 11-Alison Harvey Cadbury

Alison married **Glenn M. Senter**.

10-Thomas Lloyd Cadbury was born on 24 May 1920 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA and died on 23 Mar 1990 in San Francisco, California, USA at age 69.

9-Prof. Henry Joel Cadbury was born on 1 Dec 1883 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 7 Oct 1974 at age 90, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

General Notes: He delivered the Nobel lecture on behalf of the AFSC when it accepted the Nobel Peace Prize in 1947 on behalf of the Religious Society of Friends. CADBURY, Henry Joel

Born 1 Dec. 1883; s of Joel Cadbury and Anna Kaighn Lowry; m 1916, Lydia Caroline Brown; two s two d ; died 7 Oct. 1974

Professor Emeritus, Harvard Divinity School, 1954 (Hollis Professor Divinity, 1934–54); Lecturer, Pendle Hill, 1954–72, and Temple University, 1962–66 EDUCATION

William Penn Charter Sch.; Haverford Coll.; Harvard Univ

CAREER

Teacher, Haverford Coll., 1910– 19, Lecturer, 1955– 64; Harvard Divinity Sch., 1919– 26; Andover Theological Seminary, 1919– 26; Prof., Bryn Mawr Coll., 1926– 34. Mem. Translation Cttee of Revised Standard Version of the Bible, 1929– 70; Dir, Andover-Harvard Theol. Library, 1938– 54. Chm., American Friends Service Cttee, 1928– 34 and 1944– 60, Hon. Chm. 1960– ; Chm., Board of Directors of Bryn Mawr Coll., 1956– 68. Mem. several learned societies; Mem. Studiorum Novi Testamenti Societas (Pres. 1958); Fellow American Academy of Arts and Sciences. Hon. degrees: LittD Haverford Coll., 1933; DD Glasgow Univ., 1937; LLD Whittier Coll., 1951, Swarthmore Coll., 1954; LHD Howard Univ., 1959, Earlham Coll., 1967 PUBLICATIONS

The Style and Literary Method of Luke, 1920; National Ideals in the Old Testament, 1920; The Making of Luke-Acts, 1927 (and 1958); (with K. Lake) Beginnings of Christianity, Vols IV and V, 1933 (and 1966); The Peril of Modernizing Jesus, 1937 (and 1962); Jesus What Manner of Man, 1947 (and 1962); George Fox's Book of Miracles, 1948, 1972; The Book of Acts in History, 1955; Quakerism and Early Christianity, 1957; The Eclipse of the Historical Jesus, 1964; John Woolman in England, 1971; Friendly Heritage, 1972; Narrative Papers of George Fox, 1972

RECREATIONS Quaker history, camping **ADDRESS** 774 Millbrook Lane, Haverford, Pa 19041, USA

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Hollis Professor of Divinity at Harvard University. Social Activist.

10-Elizabeth Cadbury was born on 14 Jun 1917.

10-Christopher Joel Cadbury was born on 5 Sep 1921 in Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA and died on 1 Oct 2010 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clinical Psychologist.

11-Vivian C. Cadbury

10-Prof. Warder Henry Cadbury

**11-Joel Cadbury** 

11-Adrianne Cadbury

10-Winifred C. Cadbury

8-Sarah Cadbury<sup>7</sup> was born on 5 Nov 1840 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 16 Aug 1918 in Moorestown, New Jersey, USA at age 77.

8-Emma Cadbury was born on 4 Jan 1843 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Aug 1923 at age 80.

6-**Rebecca Warder** was born on 11 Apr 1743 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

Rebecca married Thomas Maybury.

6-Sarah Warder<sup>27</sup> was born on 28 Jan 1753.

Sarah married William Hudson Morris,<sup>27</sup> son of Anthony Morris and Elizabeth Hudson, on 5 Sep 1776. William was born on 10 Mar 1753 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 14 Sep 1807 at age 54.

**6-Susannah Warder** 

Susannah married Vaux.

6-Lydia Warder was born on 13 Mar 1738 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 19 Jan 1776 at age 37.

Lydia married Richard Parker on 27 Oct 1757 in FMH Philadelphia. Richard was born on 30 Jul 1728 in Darby Township, Pennsylvania, USA.

5-Sarah Head

Sarah married Samuel Bryan. They had no children.

5-Martha Head was born in 1716.

Martha married W. Lawrence.

5-Susanna Head was born in 1720.

Susanna married **P. Kripner**. They had no children.

5-Hannah Head was born in 1720.

Hannah married B. Hoolen.

5-John Head was born in 1723 and died in 1792 at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: He married 3 times and had four children.

5-Samuel Head was born in 1725 and died in 1785 at age 60.

Samuel married someone. He had one daughter: Elizabeth.

# 6-Elizabeth Head

Elizabeth married John Fry, son of John Fry<sup>4,28,29,30,31,32,33</sup> and Frances Head,.<sup>4,28,30,32</sup> John was born on 24 Apr 1762 in Whitechapel, London and died in 1810 in London at age 48. They had one son: Alfred.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an American merchant in London.

# 7-Alfred Fry

5-Esther Head was born about 1725 and died in 1804 about age 79.

Esther married John Baker.

4-**Thomas Head**<sup>4</sup> was born in 1689 and died in 1742 at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Distiller in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.

Thomas married Ann Brewster, daughter of John Brewster. They had seven children: Benjamin, Martha, John, Frances, Mary, Elizabeth, and Anne.

5-Benjamin Head was born in 1716 and died in 1759 at age 43.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: Married twice, one daughter.

5-Martha Head was born in 1729.

Martha married Thomas Hemmings. They had one son: Samuel.

# **6-Samuel Hemmings**

5-John Head<sup>4</sup> was born on 28 Oct 1731 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, died on 17 Oct 1782 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 50, and was buried on 22 Oct 1782 in FBG Ipswich. General Notes: Of Ipswich

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Grocer in Ipswich, Suffolk.

John married Ann Wheeler,<sup>4</sup> daughter of Joshua Wheeler<sup>4</sup> and Elizabeth Rudd, on 28 Apr 1757. Ann was born on 24 Jun 1730 in Cranfield, Bedfordshire, died on 23 Jul 1813 at age 83, and was buried on 30 Jul 1813 in FBG Woodbridge. They had six children: Anne, John, Thomas, Benjamin, Joshua, and Elizabeth.

6-Anne Head<sup>4</sup> was born on 10 Jun 1758 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died in 1829 at age 71.

7-Jeremiah Warder was born on 19 Jun 1780 in London, died in 1849 in Springfield, Ohio, USA at age 69, and was buried in Ferncliff Cemetery, Springfield, Ohio, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mercantile merchant. John Warder & Sons before 1828 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.
- He had a residence in 1828 in Ohio, USA.

8-Dr. John Aston Warder was born on 19 Jan 1812 and died on 14 Jul 1883 at age 71.

General Notes: John A. Warder graduated from Jefferson Medical College in 1836, and in 1837, after a brief residency in Alabama, he established a medical practice in Cincinnati, Ohio. He retired from medicine in 1855 to pursue interests in horticulture, viticulture, forestry, natural history, and astronomy. He published and lectured extensively in these fields, and was president of the Cincinnati Society of Natural Resources. During the Civil War, Warder served as a brigade surgeon of the 1st Brigade of the Ohio Militia. He helped found and was the first president of the American Forestry Association (1875). By 1880, he and his family were living on a farm in Miami County, Ohio. Warder died in 1883

Born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Warder attended Jefferson Medical College, M.D. 1836. He then practiced medicine in Cincinnati, Ohio for nearly two decades. From 1850 to 1853, he edited Western Horticultural Review and contributed to the American Journal of Horticulture. He fostered landscape gardening and park beautification. In 1855, John Aston Warder decided to give up his medical practice to devote all his time to his main interest, horticulture. Dr. Warder had previously served as president of the Cincinnati Society of Natural History and was active in the Cincinnati Horticultural and Astronomical Societies. He purchased more than 300 acres near North Bend, Ohio, from President William Henry Harrison's widow and moved from his Clifton residence into a frame house on his property overlooking the river. Soon work began on his permanent home, "Aston", built in the style of an English manor house. One acre of the front lawn was laid out as a formal rose garden, while iris bordered the driveway. Beyond stretched fruit orchards and plantings of ornamental trees and shrubs of which Warder made a systematic study during the following years. Essentially this farm was the first agricultural experimental station in the United States, though it was never actually called that.

Despite the duties of caring for a family of seven children, Dr. Warder still found time and energy for much more. During the Civil War he was a Brigade Surgeon of the First Brigade of the Ohio Militia, and afterwards served on the boards of the Wine Grower's Association and Ohio Agricultural Board. Yet throughout his life Dr. Warder's labors in forestry were paramount. In 1873 he was appointed United States Commissioner to the Vienna World's Exposition, during which time he had the opportunity to visit and consult with European foresters. The experience convinced him that national legislation would be necessary in the United States for the forestry movement to make headway. As he wrote his official report in which he listed European forestry schools and associations of "forest managers", he noted that there was not a single organization concerned with forest conservation in the United States. So Dr. Warder's participation in the Vienna Exposition speeded the founding of the American Forestry Association in September 1875 and was its first president. In 1882 he was responsible for merging the Association with the American Forestry Congress, of which he had been an organizer. Thus the American Forestry Association continues as the nation's oldest citizen's organization devoted to conservation.

In it's 75th anniversary issue, the American Forestry Association's magazine, American Forests, stated: "The vigor and zeal with which the American Forestry Association launched its 'forestry and timber culture' crusade was due in large part to the leadership of John Aston Warder... whose fame as horticulturalist, forester, author, and physician had fanned out to distant areas of the nation." Today, Warder's legacy lives on in the land that is Aston Oaks. His residence still stands on its hill overlooking the river, and is on the National Register of Historic Places. No longer are there any remnants of his fruit orchards, but how pleased John Warder would be that near his home stands the largest Buckeye tree in Ohio, and a towering oak that his beloved American Forestry Association has designated as the largest English Oak in the United States.

Source: Leaders of American Conservation. Henry Clepper. Natural Resources Council of America. 1971.

The John Aston Warder House was listed on the National Register of Historic Places on 05/19/1978 and is located off Shady Lane Road in North Bend. http://www.northbendohio.org/JohnAstonWarder.html

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Jefferson Medical College.
- He worked as a Physician in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.
- He worked as a Horticulturalist and founder of the American Forestry Association.
- He worked as an U.S. Commissioner to the International Exhibition in 1873 in Vienna, Austria.

9-Anna Aston Warder was born in 1837.

9-Jane Haines Warder was born in 1839 and died in 1879 at age 40.

9-Elizabeth Aston Warder was born in 1841.

9-Reuben Haines Warder was born in 1844 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA, died on 26 Dec 1907 in Chicago, Illinois, USA at age 63, and was buried on 28 Dec 1907 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Horticulturalist.
- He worked as a Superintendent of Parks in 1893 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.
- Miscellaneous: Member of The Historical and Philosophical Society of Ohio.
- He worked as a Superintendent of Lincoln Park, Chicago.

9-John Haines Warder was born in 1846 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA and died on 30 Aug 1915 at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Civil engineer in Chicago, Illinois, USA.

9-Prof. Robert Bowne Warder was born on 28 Mar 1848 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA, died on 23 Jul 1905 in Washington, D.C., USA at age 57, and was buried on 26 Jul 1905 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.

General Notes: The first professor of chemistry and physics in the college was Robert Bowne Warder, who was appointed in 1887, and served until his death in 1905. Warder was well trained in chemistry. He was born in Cincinnati, and after graduating from Earlham College, he taught chemistry and natural philosophy at Illinois. He participated in various geological surveys in the western states, then spent 1873-74 at Harvard, where he received a B.S. in chemistry. He spent a year in Germany, with Witt at Giessen and Hofmann at Berlin, then returned to teach chemistry and physics at the University of Cincinnati, where he met Frank Clarke. He began research in physical chemistry at Cincinnati, and continued at Purdue, when he arrived in 1883. He left Purdue for Howard, probably at the behest of Frank Clarke, who was then at the Geological Survey.

At Howard, he taught chemistry and physics, and continued to publish in the American Chemical Journal and the Journal of Physical Chemistry. Although there were no facilities for experimental research at Howard, Warder provided mathematical analyses of the experiments of other chemists in his papers. In a tribute in a Howard alumni publication, it was noted that an unusually large number of students who came under him were filled with the desire to become scientists. A charming note was: "So deeply was he affected by dishonest acts that he would stop a class in the midst of an examination and pray for some hapless individual whom he had just caught cheating." Scientists who were visiting Washington came to see Warder at Howard. Warder's death, at age 57, was a great loss to the science program at Howard.

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ROBERT BOWNE WARDER died at his home in Washington, July 23, 1905, after an illness extending over nearly a year.

Professor Warder was born in Cincinnati, O., March 28, 1848, and spent his early life in the country home at "Aston," North Bend, Ohio. His character was formed under the influence of the Society of Friends and this faith remained the dominant feature of his life. From childhood he showed the effect of his parents' training and example, in a broad and catholic view of the ethics of life, and in a love of truth and scientific investigation. This devotion to truth was an especial characteristic and governed his life and actions throughout.

He was graduated from a Friends' institution, Earlham College, at Richmond, Ind., in 1866, and afterwards spent some time at the Illinois State University, at Champaign, where he was instructor in chemistry and natural philosophy. This work of teaching seemed to show Professor Warder his natural bent, and his energy was thenceforth devoted to studying the broad principles underlying all natural science. He spent some years in traveling, chiefly in the western half of the United States, in connection with the different State geological surveys. In 1873 he went to Harvard, where he was graduated as B.S. in chemistry in 1874.

After graduating at Harvard he spent a year traveling in Germany, studying at Giessen under Heinrich Will, and at Berlin under Hofmann. His attention was, however, especially devoted to methods of teaching chemistry in the German universities, and the application of theoretical chemistry to the practical sciences. His chief aim was to fit himself in the broadest sense for his work of teaching. This was his main desire throughout life, to help others, and he never faltered. On returning to this country he was associated with Prof. F. W. Clarke at the University of Cincinnati from 1875 to 1879 as professor of chemistry and physics. Professor Warder early saw the close relation between these then distinct branches of natural science, and his papers on "The Speed of Saponification of Ethyl Acetate " and " Evidence of Atomic Motion within

Liquid Molecules " were pioneer investigations in the field of physical chemistry of to-day.

He was engaged in this line of research from 1879 to T ^3 when he accepted the chair of chemistry at Purdue University, where he remained until 1887. This position carried with it the duties of State Chemist, work of a commercial character rather foreign to his natural tastes, but to which he gave the same painstaking devotion that characterized all his work. Even these routine analyses were made to pay tribute to physical chemistry, as is shown by papers on "Influence of Time in Fertilizer Analysis," " Speed of Dissociation of Brass," etc.

In 1884 h e married Gulielma M. Borland, who also belonged to the Society of Friends, and like himself was interested in evangelical work. Their life together was one of perfect harmony. It was probably about this time that Professor Warder felt more keenly than ever the call to help others in another field than chemistry. His philanthropic and evangelical work had always been foremost in his mind and labors, and in 1887 he accepted

the professorship of chemistry at Howard University in Washington. Here he labored until he died, teaching chemistry and physics, but above all setting an example and teaching the principles of a Christian life with an unselfish devotion. In spite of lack of facilities, his work at this period on "Dynamical Theory of Albumenoid Ammonia," "RecentTheories of Geometric Isomerism," "Cross Fertilization of the Sciences," and "The Major Premise in Physical Chemistry" showed his natural inclination to this phase of chemistry.

Professor Warder's later papers were chiefly devoted to applying the laws of mass action to and showing the speed of chemical reactions for the analytical data obtained by other investigators. He was essentially a critic and his devotion to truth caused him to scrutinize the investigations of others with the same zealous care with which he looked for flaws in his own work. This high standard, coupled with an unusual modesty, often

caused a hesitation which sometimes obscured his really profound knowledge.

No one went to Professor Warder for aid and was turned away empty-handed. What he had was given freely, and he seemed to feel that no labor was too great in his fundamental desire to help others.

S. S. VOORHEES.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Earlham College, Richmond, Indiana in Richmond, Indiana, USA.
- He was educated at Harvard.
- He worked as a Professor of Physics, University of Cincinnati in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.
- He worked as a Professor of Chemistry, Purdue University.
- He worked as a Professor of Chemistry, Howard University in Washington, D.C., USA.

9-William Warder was born in 1852.

8-Benjamin Head Warder was born on 15 Nov 1824 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 13 Jan 1894 in Cairo, Egypt at age 69, and was buried in Rock Creek Cemetery, Washington, DC.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Agricultural machinery manufacturer in Springfield, Ohio, USA.

9-Elizabeth Warder

- 9-Ellen Nancy Warder
- 9-Alice Warder was born in 1877 and died in 1952 at age 75.

7-Mary Ann Warder was born on 30 Jan 1782 in London.

7-John Warder was born on 14 Jan 1784 in London and died in 1843 at age 59.

- 7-Charles Warder was born on 20 Nov 1789 and died on 26 Aug 1805 at age 15.
- 7-William Savery Warder was born on 21 Sep 1791 and died on 20 Nov 1832 at age 41.
- 7-Elizabeth Warder was born on 17 Oct 1793.
- 7-Benjamin Head Warder was born on 27 Oct 1796 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.
- 7-Caroline Warder was born on 29 Dec 1801 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 31 Aug 1868 at age 66, and was buried in FBG Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

8-Mary Ann Cadbury was born on 7 Sep 1823 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 11 Oct 1861 at age 38.

8-Richard Cadbury<sup>11</sup> was born on 18 Sep 1825 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 13 Mar 1897 at age 71.

9-Caroline Cadbury<sup>11</sup> was born on 23 Sep 1851 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 22 Mar 1914 in Upper Darby, Pennsylvania, USA at age 62, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-**Richard Cadbury Brown**<sup>11</sup> was born on 28 Jul 1877 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 15 Mar 1939 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA at age 61, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Schoolmaster, Bootham School in 1903-1904 in York, Yorkshire.

11-Emma Perry Brown was born on 21 Jul 1906.

12-Edward Lawrence Richie

12-Priscilla Bailey Richie

11-Clarissa Browning Brown was born on 28 Mar 1909.

10-Mary Anna Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 26 Apr 1879 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Aug 1879 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Bertha Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 4 Jun 1880 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Oct 1959 at age 79.

10-Shipley Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 23 Oct 1881 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 31 Dec 1941 at age 60.

11-Alice Deborah Brown was born on 22 Apr 1907 and died on 8 Apr 1994 at age 86.

11-Thomas Shipley Brown was born on 5 Feb 1912 and died on 5 Jan 2011 at age 98.

10-Clement Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 15 Mar 1884 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Mar 1884 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-**Prof. Thomas Kite Brown Jr.**<sup>11</sup> was born on 19 Mar 1885 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 5 Jun 1944 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 59, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

11-Thomas Kite Brown III was born in 1916.

11-Arthur Ellis Brown was born on 19 Jun 1918.

10-Carroll Thornton Brown was born on 12 May 1887 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 19 May 1970 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA at age 83.

11-Caroline Cadbury Brown was born on 1 May 1916.

11-Carroll Thornton Brown Jr. was born on 1 Oct 1917 and died on 27 Dec 1996 at age 79.

10-Lydia Caroline Brown was born on 8 Oct 1889 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 7 Aug 1978 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

11-Elizabeth Cadbury was born on 14 Jun 1917.

11-Christopher Joel Cadbury was born on 5 Sep 1921 in Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA and died on 1 Oct 2010 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Clinical Psychologist.

12-Vivian C. Cadbury

**11-Prof. Warder Henry Cadbury** 

**12-Joel Cadbury** 

12-Adrianne Cadbury

11-Winifred C. Cadbury

9-Richard Tapper Cadbury was born on 11 Oct 1853 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1929 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania at age 76.

10-Richard Cadbury was born on 8 Jun 1885 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 11 May 1966 at age 80, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-Helen Cadbury was born on 13 Jul 1886 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA, died in 1974 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Haverford.

11-Virginia Helen Bush was born on 25 Apr 1915 in New York, New York, USA, was christened on 26 Apr 1915, and died in New York, New York, USA.

11-DeBlois Bush was born on 24 Dec 1916 in New York, New York, USA and died on 2 Aug 1980 at age 63.

11-Ann Head Bush was born on 26 Mar 1918 in New York, New York, USA and died on 3 Jan 2013 at age 94.

12-Richard Cadbury Robbins was born in 1944 and died on 3 Apr 2001 in St. Croix at age 57.

12-Wilson Brown Reynolds III

**12-Robin Reynolds** 

11-Arthur Phillips Bush was born on 18 Sep 1921.

11-Martha Comfort Bush was born on 10 Feb 1923.

10-Earl Shinn Cadbury was born on 16 Dec 1888 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 19 Feb 1970 in hendersonville, Henderson County, North Carolina, USA at age 81, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-Leah Tapper Cadbury was born on 27 Sep 1892 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Joseph Tapper Cadbury was born on 11 Oct 1853 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Sarah Shinn Cadbury was born on 31 May 1855 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 19 Sep 1876 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 21.

9-Lydia Comfort Cadbury was born on 23 Oct 1856 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 4 May 1858 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 1.

8-John Cadbury was born on 8 May 1827 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 28 Apr 1832 at age 4.

8-Elizabeth Cadbury was born on 22 May 1829 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 5 Mar 1915 at age 85.

8-Joel Cadbury was born on 15 Jan 1831 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 16 Sep 1836 at age 5.

8-William Warder Cadbury was born on 13 Oct 1832 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 28 Oct 1859 at age 27.

8-Caroline Warder Cadbury was born on 11 Oct 1834 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 27 Jun 1867 at age 32.

9-Caroline Carter was born on 9 Apr 1863 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Elizabeth Carter Warren was born on 16 Mar 1901 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Jean Craige Warren was born on 1 Jan 1903 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Sarah Cadbury Carter was born on 15 Apr 1865 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Aug 1930 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA at age 65.

10-Faith Borton was born on 24 Aug 1899 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA.

10-John Carter Borton was born on 12 Jan 1901 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA.

10-Hugh Borton was born on 14 May 1903 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA.

9-Elizabeth Cadbury Carter was born on 11 Dec 1866 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

8-John Warder Cadbury was born on 29 Sep 1836 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 4 Jun 1925 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 88.

9-Hannah Warner Cadbury was born on 19 Oct 1872 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Mar 1952 in Frankford, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 79.

9-Caroline Warder Cadbury was born on 7 Nov 1873 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 21 Mar 1962 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 88.

10-Dorothea Caroline Shipley was born on 14 Feb 1903 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1976 in Plainfield, New Jersey, USA at age 73.

10-Beatrice Shipley was born on 28 May 1907 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Jeanette Shipley was born on 24 Jan 1909 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 3 Jan 1998 in Newtown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 88.

11-Martin Cadbury Michener

11-James Cope Michener

9-Eleanor Anne Cadbury was born on 24 Feb 1875 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 6 Jun 1952 at age 77.

9-William Edward Cadbury was born on 25 Jun 1881 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 26 Oct 1967 at age 86.

10-Elizabeth Willetts Cadbury was born on 6 Jul 1906 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-William Edward Cadbury was born on 19 Apr 1909 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Eleanor Cadbury was born on 16 Jan 1912 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Esther Head Cadbury was born on 15 Apr 1888 and died on 6 Dec 1962 in West Palm Beach, Florida, USA at age 74.

10-John Warder Schoonmaker was born on 19 Jul 1911 in Quincy, Norfolk County, Massachusetts, USA, died on 25 Jan 1996 in Logan, Cache County, Utah, USA at age 84, and was buried in Smithfield City Cemetery, Smithfield, Utah, USA.

10-Robert Selleck Schoonmaker Jr. was born on 7 Jan 1913 and died on 18 Jan 1993 in Black Mountain, North Carolina, USA at age 80.

11-Robert Selleck Schoonmaker III

11-Marilyn Schoonmaker

10-Esther Rebecca Schoonmaker was born on 8 Jan 1915 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA.

10-Richard Cadbury Schoonmaker was born on 7 Nov 1916 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA.

10-Prof. Norman James Schoonmaker was born on 24 Dec 1918 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA.

10-Theodore Carpenter Schoonmaker was born on 27 Aug 1921 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA, died on 19 Mar 2003 at age 81, and was buried in Siloam Cemetery, North Carolina, USA.

11-Sara Jean Schoonmaker

11-Susan Lynn Schoonmaker

10-Ruth Anne Schoonmaker

8-Joel Cadbury was born on 31 Oct 1838 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Jan 1923 in Burlington, New Jersey, USA at age 84.

9-Elizabeth Bartram Cadbury was born on 15 Aug 1871 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 26 Oct 1952 in Haverford, Pennsylvania, USA at age 81, and was buried in FBG Haverford.

10-Mary Hoxie Jones was born on 27 Jul 1904.

9-Benjamin Cadbury was born on 14 Oct 1873 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 24 Jun 1955 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA at age 81.

10-Joseph Moore Cadbury was born on 25 Aug 1910, died in 1983 at age 73, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-Benjamin Bartram Cadbury was born on 8 Sep 1913, died in 2005 at age 92, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

9-Emma Cadbury was born on 24 Feb 1875 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Dr. William Warder Cadbury was born in 1877 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 15 Oct 1959 in Frankford, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 82, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Quaker Medical Missionary in China.

10-Jane Balderston Cadbury was born on 30 May 1918 in Canton, China.

10-Emma Cadbury was born on 9 Mar 1920.

10-Catharine Cadbury was born on 6 Dec 1922.

9-John Warder Cadbury<sup>15</sup> was born on 29 Jun 1880 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 10 Sep 1948 at age 68, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-John Warder Cadbury was born on 9 May 1912 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA and died on 13 Feb 1989 at age 76.

11-Alison Harvey Cadbury

10-Thomas Lloyd Cadbury was born on 24 May 1920 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA and died on 23 Mar 1990 in San Francisco, California, USA at age 69.

9-Prof. Henry Joel Cadbury was born on 1 Dec 1883 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 7 Oct 1974 at age 90, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

General Notes: He delivered the Nobel lecture on behalf of the AFSC when it accepted the Nobel Peace Prize in 1947 on behalf of the Religious Society of Friends. CADBURY, Henry Joel

Born 1 Dec. 1883; s of Joel Cadbury and Anna Kaighn Lowry; m 1916, Lydia Caroline Brown; two s two d; died 7 Oct. 1974

Professor Emeritus, Harvard Divinity School, 1954 (Hollis Professor Divinity, 1934–54); Lecturer, Pendle Hill, 1954–72, and Temple University, 1962–66 **EDUCATION** 

William Penn Charter Sch.; Haverford Coll.; Harvard Univ

CAREER

Teacher, Haverford Coll., 1910–19, Lecturer, 1955–64; Harvard Divinity Sch., 1919–26; Andover Theological Seminary, 1919–26; Prof., Bryn Mawr Coll., 1926–34. Mem. Translation Cttee of Revised Standard Version of the Bible, 1929–70; Dir, Andover-Harvard Theol. Library, 1938–54. Chm., American Friends Service Cttee, 1928–34 and 1944–60, Hon. Chm. 1960–; Chm., Board of Directors of Bryn Mawr Coll., 1956–68. Mem. several learned societies; Mem. Studiorum Novi Testamenti Societas (Pres. 1958); Fellow American Academy of Arts and Sciences. Hon. degrees: LittD Haverford Coll., 1933; DD Glasgow Univ., 1937; LLD Whittier Coll., 1951, Swarthmore Coll., 1954; LHD Howard Univ., 1959, Earlham Coll., 1967 PUBLICATIONS

The Style and Literary Method of Luke, 1920; National Ideals in the Old Testament, 1920; The Making of Luke-Acts, 1927 (and 1958); (with K. Lake) Beginnings of Christianity, Vols IV and V, 1933 (and 1966); The Peril of Modernizing Jesus, 1937 (and 1962); Jesus What Manner of Man, 1947 (and 1962); George Fox's Book of Miracles, 1948, 1972; The Book of Acts in History, 1955; Quakerism and Early Christianity, 1957; The Eclipse of the Historical Jesus, 1964; John Woolman in England, 1971; Friendly Heritage, 1972; Narrative Papers of George Fox, 1972 RECREATIONS

Ouaker history, camping ADDRESS 774 Millbrook Lane, Haverford, Pa 19041, USA

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Hollis Professor of Divinity at Harvard University. Social Activist.

10-Elizabeth Cadbury was born on 14 Jun 1917.

10-Christopher Joel Cadbury was born on 5 Sep 1921 in Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA and died on 1 Oct 2010 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clinical Psychologist.

11-Vivian C. Cadbury

10-Prof. Warder Henry Cadbury

**11-Joel Cadbury** 

**11-Adrianne Cadbury** 

10-Winifred C. Cadbury

8-Sarah Cadbury<sup>7</sup> was born on 5 Nov 1840 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 16 Aug 1918 in Moorestown, New Jersey, USA at age 77.

8-Emma Cadbury was born on 4 Jan 1843 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Aug 1923 at age 80.

6-John Head<sup>4,34</sup> was born on 7 Sep 1759 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 10 Apr 1813 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Grocer in Ipswich, Suffolk.

John married Mary Seaman,<sup>4</sup> daughter of Robert Seaman<sup>4</sup> and Elizabeth Freshfield,<sup>4</sup> on 18 Jan 1785 in FMH Colchester. Mary was born in 1764 and died on 9 Apr 1792 at age 28. They had one son: Jeremiah.

7-Jeremiah Head<sup>35,36</sup> was born on 24 Jan 1789, died on 24 Feb 1866 at age 77, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a sometime Mayor of Ipswich.

Jeremiah married Mary Howard,<sup>35,36</sup> daughter of Thomas Howard<sup>35,36</sup> and Elizabeth Phillips,<sup>35,36</sup> on 12 May 1831 in FMH Ipswich. Mary was born on 28 Sep 1800 in St. Paul's Churchyard, London, died on 13 Jun 1882 at age 81, and was buried in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk. They had eight children: John, Thomas Howard, Henry, Jeremiah, George Frederick, Charles Arthur, Mary, and Albert Alfred.

8-John Head was born on 8 Feb 1832 and died in 1881 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 49.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MInstCE.
- He had a residence in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as an apprentice engineer to Ransomes & May in 1848 in Orwell Works, Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Partner in Ransomes and Sims, engineers in 1864 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

John married Alice Catherine Venn, daughter of William Webb Venn and Jane Wilson, on 27 Sep 1864 in London. Alice was born about 1847 in Islington. They had four children: Alice Mary, Edith Beatrice, John Reginald, and Muriel Comber.

9-Alice Mary Head was born on 12 Aug 1865 and died on 5 Oct 1959 at age 94.

Alice married **Maj. Hon. Alfred Douglas Tollemache**, son of **John Tollemache 1st Baron Tollemache** and **Eliza Georgiana Duff**, on 17 Aug 1887 in St. James, Westminster. Alfred was born on 27 Jun 1862 and died on 31 Dec 1944 at age 82. They had five children: **Bevil Douglas, Cynthia Mary, Humphrey Douglas, Angela Mariota**, and **Rupert Douglas**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at The Moat, Ipswich.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Tollemache's brewery.

10-Lieut. Bevil Douglas Tollemache was born on 11 Apr 1889 and died on 22 Dec 1914 in Givenchy, France. Killed in action. at age 25.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Coldstream Guards.

10-Cynthia Mary Tollemache was born on 18 Oct 1890.

Cynthia married Lt. Col. Guy Rattray Dubs on 26 Aug 1916 in St. Margaret's, Westminster. Guy was born about 1891 and died on 23 Oct 1930 about age 39.

10-Captain Humphrey Douglas Tollemache RN was born on 6 Dec 1894 and died on 24 Oct 1970 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Navy.

Humphrey married Elsie Violet Raphael. They had two children: Jean Margherita and Michael Humphrey.

### 11-Jean Margherita Tollemache

Jean married Capt. Sir Francis Cullen Grant 12th Bt., son of Col. Sir Arthur Grant 10th Bt. and Evelyn Alice Laindsay Wood, on 29 Jun 1953. Francis was born on 5 Oct 1914 and died on 31 Aug 1966 at age 51. They had five children: Archibald, Francis Tollemache, Duncan John Cullen, Catriona Charmiane, and Sarah Jean.

12-Sir Archibald Grant 13th Bt.

Archibald married Barbara Elizabeth Forbes, daughter of Andrew Gordon Duff Forbes and Alison Wilson. They had two children: Christian Mariot and Catriona Elizabeth.

13-Christian Mariot Grant

13-Catriona Elizabeth Grant

12-Francis Tollemache Grant

Francis married Virginia Elizabeth Russell, daughter of R. Scott Russell. They had two children: Elizabeth Charlotte and Alexander William.

13-Elizabeth Charlotte Grant

13-Alexander William Grant

12-Duncan John Cullen Grant

Duncan married Maureen Cecilia Innes, daughter of Thomas Innes. They had four children: Robert Francis, Thomas William, Henry Douglas, and Alasdair John.

13-Robert Francis Grant

13-Thomas William Grant

13-Henry Douglas Grant

13-Alasdair John Grant

12-Catriona Charmiane Grant

Catriona married Christopher John Blackwell, son of Prof. Donald Eustace Blackwell and Nora.

12-Sarah Jean Grant

Jean next married John Norman Stuart Buchan 2nd Baron Tweedsmuir, son of John Buchan 1st Baron Tweedsmuir and Susan Charlotte Grosvenor, in 1980. John was born on 25 Nov 1911 and died on 20 Jun 1996 at age 84.

### 11-Michael Humphrey Tollemache

Michael married Gay Rosemary Denise O'Grady Thompson, daughter of Hugh Edward O'Grady Thompson. They had two children: Rosamond Sybil and Juliet Elsie.

### 12-Rosamond Sybil Tollemache

Rosamond married Ashley P. de Laroque. They had one daughter: Rebecca.

13-Rebecca de Laroque

12-Juliet Elsie Tollemache

10-Angela Mariota Tollemache was born on 10 Jun 1900 in London and died on 11 Feb 1995 at age 94.

Angela married Algernon Henry Strutt 3rd Baron Belper, son of Henry Strutt 2nd Baron Belper and Lady Margaret Coke, on 12 Jul 1923. Algernon was born on 6 May 1883 and died on

20 May 1956 at age 73. They had two children: Peter Algernon and Desmond Rupert.

11-Hon. Peter Algernon Strutt was born on 18 Jun 1924 and died on 27 Oct 2007 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chairman of Tollemache and Cobbold Breweries.

Peter married Gay Mary Fison, daughter of Sir Frank Guy Clavering Fison and Evelyn Alice Mary Bland. They had four children: Henry Clavering Tollemache, Jane Mariota, Martin Andrew, and Elisabeth.

12-Henry Clavering Tollemache Strutt

Henry married Athena Maas, daughter of Jeremy Maas. They had five children: Algy Jeremy Valentine, Scarlett, Leo Edward Orlando, Sam Jedediah, and Daniel.

13-Algy Jeremy Valentine Strutt

13-Scarlett Strutt

13-Leo Edward Orlando Strutt

Leo married Lucy J. Stannard, daughter of Simon Stannard and Juliet.

13-Sam Jedediah Strutt

13-Daniel Strutt

**12-Jane Mariota Strutt** 

Jane married Dr. Murdoch Laing. They had four children: Tara, Alice Caitlin, Mungo Peter, and Jash Murdoch.

13-Tara Laing

13-Alice Caitlin Laing

13-Mungo Peter Laing

13-Jash Murdoch Laing

12-Martin Andrew Strutt

Martin married Emma Holt, daughter of Jeremy John Holt. They had two children: Laurence and Luke.

13-Laurence Strutt

13-Luke Strutt

12-Elisabeth Strutt

Elisabeth married Jonathan M. J. Burgo, son of Ian Burgo. They had one son: Jack Valentine.

13-Jack Valentine Burgo

11-Hon. Desmond Rupert Strutt was born on 17 Jun 1926 and died on 27 Feb 1993 at age 66.

Desmond married Jean Felicity Erskine, daughter of Hon. Francis Walter Erskine and Phyllis Burstall, on 10 Jul 1951. The marriage ended in divorce. Jean was born on 26 Feb 1931 and

died in 1984 at age 53. They had two children: Jeremy Bevil and Christopher Charles.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1961.

12-Jeremy Bevil Strutt

Jeremy married Petrina Smith, daughter of Peter Neville Smith. They had three children: Toby Charles, Julian Rupert, and Rupert Peter.

13-Toby Charles Strutt

13-Julian Rupert Strutt

13-Rupert Peter Strutt

12-Christopher Charles Strutt

Angela next married **Rev. Harry Norman Wrigley**.

10-Rupert Douglas Tollemache was born on 29 Aug 1903 and died on 1 Aug 1933 at age 29.

Rupert married Patricia Margaret Smiley, daughter of Maj. Sir John Smiley 2nd Bt. and Valerie Champion De Crespigny, on 22 Oct 1931. Patricia was born on 15 Sep 1907 and died on 30 Mar 2000 at age 92.

9-Edith Beatrice Head was born on 12 Dec 1866 and died on 25 Mar 1962 at age 95.

9-John Reginald Head was born on 15 Jul 1868 and died on 15 May 1949 at age 80.

John married **Sybil Goschen**, daughter of **Charles Hermann Goschen** and **Ann Helen Levick**, on 28 Jan 1896. Sybil was born in 1877 and died on 15 Jul 1933 in Addington, Croydon, Surrey at age 56. They had one daughter: **Sybil Ursula**.

10-Sybil Ursula Head was born on 10 May 1899 in Addington, Croydon, Surrey and died on 22 Sep 1970 at age 71.

Sybil married **Cmdr. Sir Edward Robert Micklem**, son of **Leonard Micklem** and **Nannette Frances Fenwick**, on 7 Feb 1922. Edward was born on 5 Jun 1891 in Yardley House, Chingford, Essex and died on 13 May 1952 at age 60. They had one son: **David Robert**.

11-David Robert Micklem was born on 7 Jun 1931 in London and died on 1 Mar 2020 at age 88.

David married Sarah Caroline Georgiana Milburn, daughter of Archibald William Milburn and Eleanor Lilias Tufnell. They had three children: Lucy Victoria Cornelia, Anna Caroline, and Alexander David Robert.

12-Lucy Victoria Cornelia Micklem

Lucy married Peter John Bradford Gibson. They had three children: Olivia Emily Victoria, Alice Emma Louise, and Archibald John Peter.

13-Olivia Emily Victoria Gibson

13-Alice Emma Louise Gibson

13-Archibald John Peter Gibson

12-Anna Caroline Micklem

Anna married Jonathan James Grew. They had four children: James Edward, Louisa Sarah, Jeremy Charles, and Richard David.

13-James Edward Grew

•

13-Louisa Sarah Grew

**13-Jeremy Charles Grew** 

13-Richard David Grew

12-Alexander David Robert Micklem

Alexander married Jennifer Jane Healy. They had three children: Oliver David, Henry James, and Charles Nicholas.

13-Oliver David Micklem

**13-Henry James Micklem** 

13-Charles Nicholas Micklem

9-Muriel Comber Head was born on 11 Oct 1876 and died in 1956 at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with CBE.

Muriel married Capt. Hugh Richard Bromley-Davenport, son of William Bromley-Davenport and Augusta Elizabeth Campbell, on 26 Apr 1906 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Hugh was born on 18 Aug 1870 in Capesthorne Hall, Chelford, Cheshire and died on 23 May 1954 in South Kensington, London at age 83. They had two children: Joan and Richard Anthony.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Cricketer.

10-Joan Bromley-Davenport was born on 24 Feb 1907 and died in 1987 at age 80.

Joan married Ronald Ernest Gooch Morgan on 4 Feb 1930. Ronald died on 10 Oct 1931.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor.

Joan next married Maj. Gen. Thomas George Gordon Heywood on 14 Apr 1936. Thomas died on 27 Aug 1943 in India. Died in an air crash and was buried in Delhi War Cemetery, Delhi, India. Grave 7.A.15..

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB OBE.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.
- He worked as a Commanding officer of the 26th Indian Infantry Division.

10-Richard Anthony Bromley-Davenport was born on 2 Jun 1910 in Chertsey, Surrey, was christened on 31 Jul 1910 in Capesthorne, Chelford, Cheshire, and died in 1974 in Fulham, London at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in St. Martin's Stables, Windsor Road, Ascot, Berkshire.

Richard married Margaret McNaughten Rorty, daughter of Col. Malcolm Churchill Rorty and Margaret McNaughten, on 11 Jun 1936. Margaret died on 1 Feb 1961. They had two children: Antonia and Richard Malcolm.

### 11-Antonia Bromley-Davenport

Antonia married Basil Edward Keiser, son of David Manning Keiser and Sylvia Kodjbanoff, on 27 Feb 1971 in St. James Episcopal Church, New York, NY, USA. Basil was born on 7 Dec 1939 in New York, New York, USA and died on 15 Dec 2002 in Redding, Connecticut, USA at age 63. The cause of his death was Leukaemia. They had one daughter: Frances Juliane.

General Notes: Basil Edward Keiser a business executive who had a wide range of interests from keeping bees to playing classical and flamenco guitar, died at his home in Redding, Conn., on December 15, 2002, from complications related to acute leukemia.

Born on December 7, 1939, in New York City, he was a son of Sylvia Kodjbanoff Keiser and David Manning Keiser '23. After attending Friends School in Manhattan and junior high school in Wilton, Conn., he entered the 111 Form in 1954.

As a Sixth Former, he was an Acolyte and a Camp Councillor. He played Delphian first football, Delphian first hockey, and Delphian baseball. He was a member of the SPS football team that on November 2, 1957 (Dance Weekend) played its first game against an "outside" opponent in 25 years. He was also a member of the SPS hockey team. He earned a Second Testimonial in 1955, and graduated with Honors and a Dickey Prize in Greek.

He attended Yale, where he played varsity hockey, and received a bachelor's degree in English from Washburn University, Topeka, Kansas. He later received a bachelor of fine arts degree summa cum laude from the University of Bridgeport.

For a number of years, Mr. Keiser was a director of and served as assistant to the president of North American Sugar Industries, Inc.

He had a wide range of interests, including painting in watercolors and keeping bees. He pursued his interest in classical and flamenco guitar, studying in New York City and in Spain. He continued to play competitive hockey, including a tour of Old Timers Games in Europe; he was also an assistant coach for a Stamford, Conn., youth hockey team. In Redding, he was active in conservation and environmental groups and had deeded much of his land to the Nature Conservancy.

He is survived by his mother; a daughter, Frances Juliane Keiser; a sister, Florence Romanov; two brothers, David Spencer Keiser '60 and Peter C. Keiser; a granddaughter; and his longtime partner and special friend, Marianne Treantafilos.

Michael De Havenon '58, Mr. Keiser's roommate at St. Paul's and at Yale, spoke at his Memorial Service: "There was a certain sweetness about Basil, and he never took himself or life too seriously. At the end, he told me in a bemused tone how he had confounded his doctors, who, more than a year earlier, had given him only two months to live. He never asked for pity and fought tenaciously to live on, but when he knew that his life was about to end, he accepted the fact graciously. We will all miss him."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School, Manhattan, New York in Manhattan, New York, NY, USA.
- He worked as a Director of North American Sugar Industries, Inc.
- He worked as a Classical and Spanish guitarist and composer.

### 12-Frances Juliane Keiser

Frances married someone. She had one daughter: Nadia.

13- Nadia

### **11-Richard Malcolm Bromley-Davenport**

8-Thomas Howard Head was born on 30 Mar 1833 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 11 Jul 1880 in Axminster, Devon at age 47, and was buried in Axminster Cemetery, Axminster, Devon.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at apprentice Engineer to Ransome's & May in 1849-1855 in Orwell Works, Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as an Ironmaster and Engineer. Teesdale Iron Works. In 1858.
- He had a residence in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- He worked as a Partner in William Whitwell & Co. In 1860-1867 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.

• He worked as an Engineer, M. T. Shaw, Head & Co. In 1867 in London.

Thomas married Eleanor Jane Walker, daughter of William Walker, on 17 Apr 1860. Eleanor was born in 1833, died on 5 Aug 1890 in Axminster, Devon at age 57, and was buried on 11 Aug 1890 in Axminster Cemetery, Axminster, Devon. They had three children: Stanley, George William, and Thomas Howard.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 1882 in 28 Handen Road, Lee, Kent.

9-Stanley Howard-Head<sup>9</sup> was born on 26 Jul 1869. Another name for Stanley was Stanley Howard Head.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bedfordshire Middle Class Public School in 1882-1887 in Ampthill Road, Kempston, Bedfordshire.
- Miscellaneous: Emigrated to America via Canada, 9 Sep 1893.
- He worked as a Sales Manager for a gas(oline) engine company.

Stanley married Isabelle Adelaide Dorothea Williams, daughter of Captain Edward Alfred Williams and Mary E., on 27 Aug 1907 in Alameda, California, USA. Isabelle was born about 1881, died on 18 Feb 1909 in 2260 Encinal Avenue, Alameda, California, USA about age 28, and was buried on 22 Feb 1909 in Evergreen Cemetery, Alameda, California, USA. They had one daughter: Mary Eleanor.

Noted events in her life were:

• Death Notice: San Francisco Call, 22 Feb 1909.

10-Mary Eleanor Howard-Head was born on 16 Apr 1906, died on 21 Dec 1961 at age 55, and was buried in Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Glendale, California, USA.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1950 in 1554 6th Street, Santa Monica, California, USA.
- Miscellaneous: She was married at least twice..... Possibly three times.

Mary married George F. Smith.

Mary next married Martin Hezekiah Rector,<sup>9</sup> son of Joseph Rector and Emma Martin, on 18 May 1950 in Santa Monica, California, USA. Martin was born in 1892 in Plato, Missouri, USA.

Stanley next married Irene Phillips, daughter of Julius Phillips and Emma Dreyfuss, on 20 Sep 1913 in Los Angeles, California, USA. Irene was born in 1889 in California, USA. They had two children: Stanley Howard and Muriel Howard.

10-Stanley Howard Head was born on 24 Jul 1914 in Stockton, San Joaquin County, California, USA, died on 6 Oct 1914 in 1219 N. Eldorado Street, Stockton, San Joaquin County, California, USA, and was buried on 7 Oct 1914 in Stockton Rural Cemetery, Stockton, San Joaquin County, California, USA. The cause of his death was Leptomeningitis.

10-Muriel Howard Head was born on 13 Jul 1916 in Los Angeles, California, USA, died on 25 Mar 2005 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 88, and was buried in Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Glendale, California, USA.

Muriel married Frank John Rohring, son of Frank John Rohring and Mildred Tate, on 29 Apr 1937 in Los Angeles, California, USA. Frank was born on 27 Aug 1913 in Los Angeles, California, USA, died on 27 Oct 1995 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 82, and was buried in Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Glendale, California, USA. They had one son: John Gary,

## 11-John Gary Rohring

John married Claudia M. Brown. They had one son: Brett Frank.

## 12-Brett Frank Rohring

9-George William Head<sup>9</sup> was born on 22 Oct 1871 and died on 4 May 1945 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bedfordshire Middle Class Public School in 1882-1887 in Ampthill Road, Kempston, Bedfordshire.

George married Ada Louise Clayton. They had two children: Valmai Hanbury and Aeneas Donald.

10-Valmai Hanbury Head was born on 25 Sep 1900 in Kings Heath, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 4 Apr 1963 in St. Joseph's Hospital, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 62, and was buried on 6 Apr 1963 in Royal Oak Crematorium, Saanich, British Columbia, Canada.

Valmai married Charles Ranson Gross, son of Charles Gross and Constance Yates. Charles was born on 3 Nov 1888 in Camberwell, London.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to America.

10-Aeneas Donald Head was born on 7 Jan 1909 in Fort William, Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada and died on 29 Apr 1982 in North Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada at age 73.

Aeneas married Lilla Stuart Compton, daughter of John Compton and Bessie Margaret Richards. Lilla was born on 29 Jul 1910 in Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada and died on 25 Jan 1976 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada at age 65.

9-Thomas Howard Head was born on 26 Aug 1875.

Thomas married Jane Baxter, daughter of Alexander Baxter, on 28 Jul 1900. Jane was born in 1875 and died on 25 Aug 1963 at age 88. They had four children: Joan Howard, Marjorie Howard, Geoffrey Howard, and Eric Howard.

10-Joan Howard Head was born on 17 Jun 1901 in Sydenham, Kent and died in Dec 1989 in Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 88.

Joan married Moore.

10-Marjorie Howard Head was born on 11 Jun 1903 in Sydenham, Kent and was christened on 11 Jul 1903 in St. Peter's, Walthamstow, London.

10-Geoffrey Howard Head was born on 22 Jul 1905 in Sydenham, Kent and died in 1982 in Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 77.

10-Eric Howard Head was born on 6 Dec 1919 and died in Sep 1999 in Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 79.

8-Henry Head<sup>37</sup> was born on 20 Jul 1834, died on 1 Jul 1905 at age 70, and was buried in Old Shoreham, Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Partner in Fox, Head & Co. Ironworks in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a London Underwriter. Henry Head & Co.
- He resided at Cornhill & Stamford Hill.
- He resided at Wimpole Street, London.
- He resided at Buckingham, Shoreham, Sussex.

Henry married Hester Beck,<sup>38</sup> daughter of Richard Low Beck<sup>4,38,39,40,41</sup> and Rachel Lucas,<sup>4,38,40</sup> on 11 Oct 1860. Hester was born on 8 Dec 1834, died on 6 Dec 1907 at age 72, and was buried in Cremated. They had 11 children: Henry, Charles Howard, Hugh Stanley, Rachel Mary, Katherine, Francis, Christopher, Geoffrey, John Alban, Hester, and Bernard.

9-Sir Henry Head was born on 4 Aug 1861 in Stoke Newington, London, died on 8 Oct 1940 in Hartley Court at age 79, and was buried on 11 Oct 1940 in Golders Green Crematorium.

General Notes: Sir Henry Head was born in Stoke Newington, London, on 4 August 1861, the eldest son of Henry Head, a Lloyd's insurance broker of Quaker origin. Head was educated at Grove House School, Tottenham, and then Charterhouse, before entering Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1880. He graduated BA in Natural Sciences in 1884, with first class honours. He spent the next two years at the German University in Prague under the direction of Ewald Hering, working on the physiology of respiration. Head returned to Cambridge to study physiology and anatomy, and went to University College Hospital in London for his clinical work. He qualified MB in 1890, and MD in 1892.

Head obtained junior positions at University College Hospital, the City of London Hospital for Diseases of the Chest (later renamed the City of London Hospital for Diseases of the Heart and

ritish Columbia, Canada at age 73. katchewan, Canada and died on 25 Jan 1976 in Lungs), the National Hospital, Queen Square, and the County Mental Hospital, Rainhill, Liverpool. He published his MD thesis on `Disturbances of Sensation, with Especial Reference to the Pain of Visceral Diseases' in the neurological journal Brain, between 1893 and 1896. His thesis, based upon patients he had seen at University College Hospital and the National Hospital, established 'Head's Areas', the regions of increased cutaneous sensitivity associated with visceral diseases. In 1894 he became a member of the Royal College of Physicians. He was appointed registrar at the London Hospital in 1896, and was elected assistant physician four months later. He subsequently became physician, and then consulting physician to the Hospital. In 1897 he was awarded the Moxon Medal by the Royal College of Physicians, for his research into clinical medicine. Head became a fellow of the Royal Society in 1899. The following year he became a fellow of the Royal College of Physicians, and in 1901 delivered the Goulstonian Lectures to the College.

In 1903 he made observations on the sensory changes following section and regeneration of the radial and external cutaneous nerves. He instructed that his own nerves of his left arm were cut and sutured for this experiment. An eminent surgeon of the London Hospital, James Sherren, carried out the operation. From the results Head elaborated the conceptions of protopathic and epicritic sensibility. He published the results in Brain in 1908. In the same year he was awarded the Royal Medal of the Royal Society for his work on neurology. He was also awarded the Marshall Medal of the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society for his original research. He became editor of Brain from 1910-25, and also wrote a number of articles for Sir Thomas Clifford Allbutt's A System of Medicine. In 1911 he delivered the Croonian Lectures at the Royal College of Physicians.

During the First World War, 1914-18, Head was civilian consultant to the Empire Hospital for Officers, Vincent Square, where officers suffering from wounds to the nervous system were sent. He and his colleague George Riddoch produced a series of papers on the effects of gross injuries to the spinal cord. This work was important in laying the foundations for the management of traumatic paraplegia, which Riddoch developed during the Second World War and led to the saving of many lives. After World War One the possibility of Head becoming the first professor of medicine at the London Hospital was discussed, although ultimately nothing came of the proposal. In 1919, at the first signs of Parkinson's disease, Head retired from London first to Dorset, where he was the neighbour of the poet and author Thomas Hardy, and then to Reading. Head himself was greatly interested in literature, particularly eighteenth century poetry and prose, and privately published a collection of his own verse and translations of German verses, in Destroyers and Other Verses (1919).

In 1920 he was president of the Section of Neurology at the annual meeting of the British Medical Association held at Cambridge, and in the same year was elected an honorary fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge. The results of his self-experiments on sensation between 1903 and 1907, which were previously published in Brain, along with other articles by Head and five of his colleagues were published in Studies in Neurology (1920). In 1921 he delivered the Royal Society's Croonian Lecture. Head's last important publication was Aphasia and Kindred Disorders of Speech. It appeared in two volumes in 1926, and was based on the examination of a large number of men suffering from gunshot wounds to the brain.

In 1927 he was knighted. His other honours include receiving honorary degrees from the universities of Edinburgh and Strasbourg. It has been said of Head that he `ranked with the great English neurologists' and was `a teacher of infectious enthusiasm and vitality, who combined a scientific outlook with a vivid imagination' (Munk's Roll, 1955, p.422). His contribution to the medical profession included `important advances in respiratory regulation, sensory physiology and the analysis of the aphasias' (Breathnach, 1991, p.107). Head married Ruth Mayhew in 1904. She became a respected author and wrote several books including two novels and an anthology of Thomas Hardy's writings. She died in 1939. Head died eighteen months later at Reading on 8 October 1940. He left the greater part of his fortune to the Royal Society, for the advancement of medicine.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with LL.D., FRS, MRCS, FRCP.
- He was educated at Grove House School, Tottenham.
- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Surgeon and Neurologist.

Henry married Mary Ruth Mayhew, daughter of Rev. Anthony L. Mayhew, on 28 Apr 1904. Mary was born on 20 Oct 1866 and died in 1939 at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an Author.

9-Charles Howard Head was born on 28 Dec 1862 in Stoke Newington, London, died on 6 Dec 1877 at age 14, and was buried in Godalming, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 15 Feb 1863 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.

9-Hugh Stanley Head was born on 9 Jun 1864 in Stoke Newington, London, died on 4 Nov 1890 at age 26, and was buried in Old Shoreham, Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 10 Jul 1864 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.

9-Rachel Mary Head was born on 26 Aug 1865 in Stoke Newington, London, died on 19 Jan 1870 at age 4, and was buried in Highgate.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was baptized on 8 Oct 1865 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.

9-Katherine Head was born on 17 Sep 1866 in Stoke Newington, London, died on 2 Aug 1869 at age 2, and was buried in Highgate.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was baptized on 21 Oct 1866 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.

9-Francis Head was born on 13 Feb 1868 in Stoke Newington, London, died on 11 Feb 1905 at age 36, and was buried in Old Shoreham, Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 26 Apr 1868 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.

• He worked as an Insurance underwriter of London.

• He worked as a Director of Henry Head & Co.

9-Christopher Head was born on 25 Dec 1869 in Stoke Newington, London and died on 15 Apr 1912 in Drowned in the sinking of the Titanic at age 42.

General Notes: Name: Mr Christopher Head Born: Saturday 25th December 1869 Age: 42 years **Occupation:** Politician 1st Class passenger Mr Christopher Head was the fifth son of the late Mr Henry Head, a well-known London underwriter. He was in his 43rd year, and was educated at Lancing end at Trinity College Cambridge. Called to the Bar as the Inner Temple, he practiced for a time in the Admiralty Division and on the North-Eastern Circuit. But he had long been a member of Lloyds and, on the death of a brother in 1905 he entered the firm of Henry Head & Co as a director.

In 1910 he married Mrs Hill Trevor, daughter of Mr H.D Chapman of Kilhendre, Ellesmere. From 1909 until 1911 he was Mayor of Chelsea. During this rime he associated himself closely with the artistic life of the Borough, and took a leading part in discussions at the Mansion House of the King Edward Memorial. He was an ardent collector of prints and drawings, particularly those of modern artists, and was a member of the Burlington Fine Arts Club.

Mr Head had long been interested in all that belongs to shipping and insurance, and he had made many voyages in trading vessels of all kinds. Business took him to America, and he undoubtedly chose the Titanic as a means of gathering further experience. For he spared himself neither time nor trouble in all that he undertook, whether in his public or private capacity. Times 18 April 1912 First Embarked: Southampton on Wednesday 10th April 1912 Ticket No. 113038, œ42 10s Cabin No.: B11 Died in the sinking. Body Not Recovered Brass memorial to him in St Nicolas Church, Old Shoreham, Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was baptized on 16 Jan 1870 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.
- He was educated at Lancing. Trinity, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple. Mayor of Chelsea.

Christopher married Ethel Georgina Mary Chapman,<sup>42,43</sup> daughter of Maj. Hillyar David Chapman<sup>43</sup> and Ethel Georgina Mary Astley,<sup>42,43</sup> on 15 Nov 1910. Ethel was born on 21 Jul 1871 in Adel, Wharfedale, Yorkshire and died on 16 Oct 1960 in Chelsea, London at age 89.

9-Geoffrey Head<sup>44</sup> was born on 14 Apr 1872 in Stoke Newington, London and died on 22 Nov 1955 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Of Berkeley Square, London.

Geoffrey married **Ethel Daisy Flower**,<sup>44</sup> daughter of **Arthur Flower**<sup>44</sup> and **Isabel Margaretta Cockayne Pauncefort-Duncombe**,<sup>44</sup> on 16 Nov 1902. Ethel was born in 1867 and died on 9 Aug 1965 at age 98. They had two children: **Anthony Henry** and **Rachel Susan**.

10-Brig. Rt. Hon. Anthony Henry Head 1st Viscount Head<sup>45</sup> was born on 19 Dec 1906 and died on 29 Mar 1983 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCMG CBE MC PC.
- He was educated at Eton & Sandhurst.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Carshalton.
- He worked as a Secretary of State for War in 1951-1956.
- He worked as a Secretary of Defence in 1956-1957.
- He worked as a High Commissioner Nigeria in 1960-1963.
- He worked as a High Commissioner to Malaysia in 1963-1966.

Anthony married Lady Dorothea Louise Ashley-Cooper,<sup>45</sup> daughter of Anthony Ashley-Cooper 9th Earl Of Shaftesbury and Lady Constance Sibell Grosvenor, on 23 Jul 1935. Dorothea was born on 29 Apr 1907 and died in 1987 at age 80. They had four children: Richard Anthony, Theresa Mary, Simon Andrew, and Josephine.

### 11-Richard Anthony Head 2nd Viscount Head

Richard married Alicia Brigid Salmond, daughter of Julian John William Salmond and Brigid Louise Wright. They had three children: Henry Julian, George Richard, and Sarah Georgiana.

12-Hon. Henry Julian Head

12-Hon. George Richard Head

George married Charlotte Fetiveau, daughter of Alain Fetiveau. They had one daughter: Eliza Stephanie.

13-Eliza Stephanie Head

12-Hon. Sarah Georgiana Head

11-Hon. Theresa Mary Head was born on 20 Jun 1938 and died on 29 Mar 2020 at age 81.

Theresa married Lt. Richard Deacon Haddon RN on 29 Jul 1972. Richard was born in 1938 and died in 2008 at age 70. They had three children: Edward Anthony Deacon, Joseph Richard, and Alice Mary.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Schoolmaster in Eton College, Windsor, Berkshire.

12-Edward Anthony Deacon Haddon

12-Joseph Richard Haddon was born on 8 Dec 1974 and died in 1994 at age 20.

12-Alice Mary Haddon

11-Hon. Simon Andrew Head

11-Josephine Head was born on 24 May 1948 and died on 9 Oct 1949 at age 1.

10-Rachel Susan Head was born on 28 Apr 1904 and died on 2 Dec 1993 at age 89.

Rachel married Lt. Col. Mark Vanden-Bempde-Johnstone, son of Hon. Gilbert Vanden-Bempde-Johnstone and Rachel Douglas-Pennant, on 25 Jan 1928. Mark was born on 1 Sep 1900 and died on 3 Mar 1956 at age 55. They had one daughter: Virginia Susan.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Stockbroker.

### 11-Virginia Susan Vanden-Bempde-Johnstone

9-John Alban Head was born on 7 Dec 1873 in Stoke Newington, London and died on 8 Jun 1931 in Ruthin Castle, Denbigh at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 28 Dec 1873 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.

9-Hester Head<sup>37</sup> was born on 29 Jan 1875 in Stoke Newington, London, died on 14 Feb 1958 in Bridport, Dorset at age 83, and was buried in Broadwindsor, Dorset.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was baptized on 28 Feb 1875.

Hester married Maj. Gen. Sir Reginald John Pinney,<sup>37</sup> son of Rev. John Charles Pinney<sup>37</sup> and Harriet Margaretta Wingfield-Digby,<sup>37</sup> on 28 Aug 1900. Reginald was born on 2 Aug 1863 in Camp House, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 18 Feb 1943 in Dorset County Hospital, Dorchester, Dorset at age 79, and was buried in Broadwindsor, Dorset. They had six children: Hester Harriot, Bernard, Mary Frances, Robert, Rachel, and John.

General Notes: Pinney, Sir Reginald John (1863–1943), army officer, was born at Camp House, Clifton, Bristol, on 2 August 1863, the eldest son of the Revd John Charles Pinney (1835–1911), vicar of Coleshill, Warwickshire; he was thus grandson of Charles Pinney, mayor of Bristol. He had five brothers and a sister. His mother, Harriet Margaretta Wingfield-Digby, died in 1877 during his time at Winchester College (1877–81). Pinney entered the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, in 1882 and was gazetted in 1884 into the 7th foot (Royal Fusiliers); he entered the Staff College, Camberley, in 1889 and graduated in 1890.

Pinney was deputy assistant adjutant-general at Quetta, India, from 1896 to 1901, and assistant adjutant-general to the Egyptian army in 1909–13. On 28 August 1900 he had married Hester (b. 1874/5), only daughter of Henry Head JP, of Shoreham, Sussex; they had three sons and three daughters. In the period between his two imperial postings, he fought in the South African War as a major in 1901–2, and commanded the 4th battalion of his regiment in 1903–7, being promoted brevet colonel in 1906.

In 1913 Pinney was appointed brigadier-general in command of the Devon and Cornwall brigade, and in August 1914 he was appointed to command 23rd infantry brigade in 8th division: four regular battalions, just returned from overseas—strangers to him and to one another. They reached France on 6 November. Two battalions were put straight into the line at Ypres. Pinney led his brigade, going well forward at moments of difficulty, in the capture of Neuve Chapelle (10–12 March) and on Aubers Ridge (9 May 1915). Shortly afterwards (8 June) he was promoted major-general, and he took 35th division to France in January 1916. This was nicknamed the bantam division; its infantry soldiers, all volunteers for Kitchener's army, ranged in height from 5 feet to 5 feet 3 inches (the army's pre-war minimum). Pinney took them in mid-July into the struggle for High Wood on the Somme, where they suffered many casualties for small gains. In September 1916 Pinney was transferred to command 33rd division, composed of regulars, Territorials, and Kitchener's army volunteers. Again there were many casualties for small gains on the Somme. In the following spring Pinney led them in the battle of Arras, where novel tactics secured some advance. He is supposed to have been the original on whom Siegfried Sassoon based his 'cheery old card' of a general whose staff were 'incompetent swine' (private information).

While 33rd division was holding the extreme left of the allied line, on the coast at Nieuport, Pinney was injured; he thus missed most of the battle of Passchendaele, in which his division suffered heavily. It was called out of army reserve when, in mid-April 1918, Pinney fought a decisive minor action round Meteren. Ludendorff's second main attack, at the hinge of the French and British armies which was held by a Portuguese formation, broke clean through a gap 2 miles wide. Pinney, who had a sound eye for country, reconnoitred it with his divisional machine-gun officer, who had twelve guns with him. On 12 and 13 April 1918 this machine-gun company, aided by stragglers— the best were Australian— held the gap against six good German divisions; by 20 April Ludendorff had admitted defeat.

33rd division took part in the subsequent advance to the German border that brought the war to an end; and in February 1919 Pinney retired. He had been made CB in 1917 and advanced to KCB in 1918: 'the true knight whose spurs were won in battle', as a friend put it (The Times, 10 March 1943). He settled at Racedown Manor, Broadwindsor, in west Dorset, once home to William Wordsworth. He was high sheriff for the county in 1923, and a deputy lieutenant; colonel of the Royal Fusiliers (1924–33); and a benign influence on the neighbourhood. His eldest son, Bernard, was killed in November 1941, in heroic circumstances, commanding an anti-tank battery in Libya. Pinney died in Dorset County Hospital, Dorchester, on 18 February 1943, survived by his wife. He was

buried at Broadwindsor.

M. R. D. Foot

Sources G. S. Hutchison, The thirty-third division in France and Flanders, 1915–1919 (1921) · The Times (5 April 1863) · The Times (20 Feb 1943) · The Times (10 March 1943) · Army List · Burke, Gen. GB (1894) · private information (2004) · WWW · A roll of names and addresses of Old Wykehamists (1928) · m. cert. · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1943) · Venn, Alum. Cant. Archives FILM IWM FVA, actuality footage

Likenesses photograph, 1915, repro. in Hutchison, The thirty-third division in France and Flanders · W. Stoneman, photograph, 1917, NPG [see illus.] Wealth at death £4041 9s. 1d.: probate, 25 May 1943, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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M. R. D. Foot, 'Pinney, Sir Reginald John (1863–1943)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2006 Sir Reginald John Pinney (1863–1943): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/51165

10-Hester Harriot Pinney was born on 21 Jan 1901 in Pune, Maharashtra, India and died on 7 Sep 1982 at age 81.

Hester married Basil Futvoye Marsden-Smedley on 10 Aug 1927 in Broadwindsor, Dorset. Basil was born on 3 Mar 1901 in Chelsea and died on 7 Sep 1964 at age 63. They had three children: Luke Futvoye, Christopher, and Henrietta.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Barrister. Mayor of Chelsea.

### 11-Luke Futvoye Marsden-Smedley

Luke married Marygold Lansdell, daughter of Arthur Norman Lansdell and Victoria May Hargrave. They had four children: Belinda Jane, Francesca, Adrian Futvoye, and Jonathan Basil.

### 12-Belinda Jane Marsden-Smedley

Belinda married David George Reynolds. They had two children: Ariel Isabel and Sephirah Judith.

13-Ariel Isabel Reynolds

**13-Sephirah Judith Reynolds** 

### 12-Francesca Marsden-Smedley

Francesca married Ian Malcolm Heyde.

Francesca next married Mark Anthony Chee. They had two children: Kathryn and Matthew.

13-Kathrvn Chee

13-Matthew Chee

12-Adrian Futvoye Marsden-Smedley

Adrian married Christine Joy Evans. They had two children: Jessica Mae and Ashleigh Futvoye.

13-Jessica Mae Marsden-Smedley

13-Ashleigh Futvoye Marsden-Smedley

12-Jonathan Basil Marsden-Smedley

Jonathan married Kirsten Jennifer Williams.

11-Christopher Marsden-Smedley was born in 1931 and died on 12 Feb 2015 at age 84.

Christopher married Sue (Susan Penelope) King, daughter of Sir James Granville Le Neve King 3rd Bt. They had three children: Timothy Charles, Philip John, and Catherine.

12-Timothy Charles Marsden-Smedley

Timothy married Maria Cristina Rodriguez Ossa, daughter of Jaime Rodriguez Ossa. They had one son: Lucas.

13-Lucas Marsden-Smedlev

12-Philip John Marsden-Smedley

12-Catherine Marsden-Smedley

Catherine married Christopher D. Miller.

**11-Henrietta Marsden-Smedley** 

10-Maj. Bernard Pinney was born on 14 May 1903 and died on 22 Nov 1941 in Egypt. Killed in action at age 38.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Horse Artillery.
- He was awarded with MC.

Bernard married Rosemary Seagrave. They had one daughter: Elizabeth.

**11-Elizabeth Pinney** 

10-Mary Frances Pinney was born on 2 Nov 1905 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 16 Dec 1984 in Compton Valence, Dorset at age 79.

Mary married Col. Edward Travis Walker on 26 Dec 1929. Edward was born on 10 Apr 1888 and died on 6 Dec 1954 at age 66. They had three children: Mary Ann, Sylvia Travis, and James Pinney.

11-Mary Ann Walker

Mary married John Marshall Furze on 16 Mar 1957 in Compton Valence, Dorset.

11-Sylvia Travis Walker

**11-James Pinney Walker** 

10-Robert Pinney was born on 20 Apr 1907 in Dublin, Ireland and died in 1989 at age 82.

General Notes: Robert Pinney (1907-1989) was born in Dublin, son of Sir Reginald John Pinney and Lady Hester Pinney, educated in Sussex at Copthorne School and Balliol College, Oxford, where he was President of the Boys' Cricket Club and represented Balliol at Football, Rugby, Cricket and Athletics. In 1929 he sailed to New Zealand to take up a position teaching at Christ's College, Christchurch, becoming a vagrant labourer during the early 1930s before buying Glen Ngaio and beginning the life of a farmer in 1935. He married Anne Starkey in 1936. His first son, Bernard, was born in 1937, and his second son, Philip, was born in 1939. In 1939 he enlisted in the Army, and left New Zealand for Suez in 1941, served in Africa and Europe, and returned to his Glen Ngaio farm in 1945. He later became a historical author in Peel Forest, New Zealand.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at University of Lincoln in Canterbury, New Zealand.
- He was educated at University of Oxford.
- He emigrated to New Zealand in 1929.

• He worked as a Farmer in Glen Ngaio, New Zealand.

Robert married Anne Starkey. They had two children: Bernard Robert and Philip George.

11-Bernard Robert Pinney was born in 1937 in New Zealand and died on 4 Apr 1990 in Dunrobin, Otago, New Zealand at age 53.

General Notes: Me Bernard Pinney died at Dunrobin Station, Mossburn, on 4 April 1990, after a long illness. Son of another Lincoln alumnus, Robert Pinney, Bernard came to Lincoln in 1958 and completed the Diploma in Agriculture in 1958. He was very active in the life of the College and played in the first XI. Mr Pinney's cricketing talents were first recognized by his inclusion in the Christ's College first XI and continued with his attainment of a cricket blue at Lincoln College and selection for the New Zealand Universities XI in 1959-60. He was also a keen photographer and trout fisherman. Bernard and his wife Jenny took over the running of the largely undeveloped 4878 ha Dunrobin Station in 1968, then not much more than a few rough tussock blocks and paddocks. An article in the Deer Farmer magazine last May, described the station then as being ready for a young man with energy and vision. Dunrobin today is a testimony to that vision with 141 paddocks, countless kilometres of fencing, almost 1800 ha of improved pasture, 1400 ha of overs own hill country and 104 ha of trees and a network of access roading. The station's deer block, begun in 1972 and now stocked with high performance red deer and an impressive herd of imported Hungarian red deer, is another testimony to Mr Pinney's vision and foresight and his commitment to the deer industry. He was a foundation member of the New Zealand Deer Farmers' Association and served that organisation as treasurer and later as president. In 1981 he led a pioneering delegation to China, and between 1983 and 1985 broke new ground by negotiating the purchase of red deer from Hungary for United Kingdom and New Zealand requirements. Bernard in the words of Sir Peter Elworthy 'was one of life's enthusiasts, a man of enjoyable personality, a conversationalist and raconteur - a man of an enquiring mind who was always facing challenges and tackling them head on.' Mr Pinney's intensive involvement in all aspects of agriculture included his appointment to the board of directors of the producer meat exporting company, Primary Producers Co-operative Society, in 1975. Mr Pinney was awarded a Nuffield Scholarship in 1973, spending six months in Canada, the United States of America, the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Central Asia and the Far East where he studied large scale farm management, animal breeding and landscape conservation. He will also be remembered as one of the pioneers of the Simmental cattle breed in New Zealand. It was his deep love and understanding of the land that led to his passion for conservation and the belief that farmers are stewards of their land for future generations. This passion was nurtured by his involvement from 1978 to 1984 in the affairs of the Tussock Grasslands and Mountain Lands Institute and in the setting up of a landscape demonstration unit on Dunrobin at the request of the Queen Elizabeth II National Trust in 1985 that included the setting aside of a red tussock reserve on the station. Mr Pinney's understanding of high country management and conservation was also recognized by the Labour Government which appointed him chairman of Landcorp's Molesworth Station management committee. Mr Pinney was a prolific writer and accomplished public speaker. He presented numerous papers to farmers conferences and articles to farming-related publications. He represented Federated Farmers on the Lincoln College Council for several years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at University of Lincoln in Canterbury, New Zealand.
- He worked as a Farmer in Dunrobin Station, Dunrobin, Otago, New Zealand.
- He worked as a President and Treasurer of the New Zealand Deer Farmers' Association.
- He worked as a Director of the Primary Producer's Co-operative Society in 1975.
- His obituary was published in the Lincoln University Alumni Magazine 1990 in Canterbury, New Zealand.

Bernard married Jenny Bond. They had two children: Sarah and Jane.

12-Sarah Pinney

Sarah married Robert Tetley.

12-Jane Pinney

11-Group Capt. Philip George Pinney RAF

Philip married Catherine Elizabeth Hall, daughter of Cmdr. Christopher Mildmay Hall and Agnes Laura Margaret Broughton. They had one daughter: Anne M.

12-Anne M. Pinney

Anne married David H. Kirton, son of Dr. Michael Kirton and Dr. Veronica. They had one son: Hector Robert.

13-Hector Robert Kirton

10-Dr. Rachel Pinney was born on 11 Jul 1909 in Broadwindsor, Dorset and died on 19 Oct 1995 at age 86.

# Descendants of John Head

General Notes: Rachel Pinney (1909-1995) was born at Broadwindsor, Dorset, daughter of Sir Reginald John Pinney and Lady Hester Pinney. She married Luigi Cocuzzi in 1934 and had three children, Peter, Karin and Christopher. From 1945 until 1960 she practiced medicine, and became involved with CND and the Peace Movement during the 1950s. In 1975 she founded the Children's Hours Clinic in Toronto, Ontario, Canada. She also visited Montessori schools in England and set up a Children's Hours trust. She was a communist and was known as "Red Biddy". Following her divorce, she declared herself to be a lesbian.

Noted events in her life were:

- · She worked as a Physician and Child Psychologist.
- She was a Quaker.

Rachel married Luigi Cocuzzi. They had three children: Peter, Karin, and Christopher.

11-Peter Pinney-Cox

11-Karin Cocuzzi

Karin married **Tetlow**.

11-Christopher Cocuzzi was born in 1948.

10-John Pinney

9-Bernard Head was born on 12 Jan 1876 in Stoke Newington, London and died on 13 Aug 1915 in Killed In Action, Gallipoli, Turkey. at age 39.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 13 Feb 1876 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.

8-Jeremiah Head was born on 11 Jul 1835 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 10 Mar 1899 in Hastings, Sussex at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MInstCE.
- He worked as an apprentice to Robert Stephenson & Co. In 1852 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Manager of John Fowler's Steam Plough Works in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Ironmaster. Fox, Head & Co. In Newport Rolling Mills, Middlesbrough.
- He worked as a Founder of Jeremiah Head & Son, Engineers.
- He worked as a Civil Engineer in Coatham, Redcar, Yorkshire.

Jeremiah married **Rebecca Ingram Wrightson**, daughter of **Thomas Wrightson**<sup>46</sup> and **Rebecca Gilchrist Potter**, on 26 Sep 1860. Rebecca died on 1 Sep 1899. They had seven children: **Mary Ingram**, William Howard, Archibald Potter, Alfred Wrightson, Rebecca Helen Gilchrist, Kathleen Campbell, and Benjamin Wrightson.

9-Mary Ingram Head was born on 16 Oct 1862 and died on 5 Nov 1904 at age 42.

Mary married Colin Campbell.

9-William Howard Head was born on 28 Sep 1864 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and was christened on 30 Oct 1864 in St. Thomas, Stockton on Tees, County Durham.

9-Archibald Potter Head was born on 4 Aug 1866 in Coatham, Redcar, Yorkshire, was christened on 24 Sep 1866 in Coatham, Redcar, Yorkshire, and died on 22 Jun 1905 in Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, USA at age 38.

General Notes: ARCHIBALD POTTER HEAD was born at Coatham, Redcar, on 4th August 1866, and was educated at Clifton College. At the age of seventeen he entered the North Eastern Steel Works, Middlesbrough, for a few months until, in January 1884, he went to the neighbouring works of Messrs. Fox, Head and Co. There he spent six months in the pattern shop and three months in the smiths' shop.

In September 1884 he became a pupil of Messrs. R. and W. Hawthorn, Leslie and Co., of St. Peter's Works, Newcastle-on-Tyne; and in 1886 was sent by them to St. Petersburg for six months, where he assisted in the completion and trials of the engines of a Russian war-ship. On his return to this country in January 1887, he entered the drawing office of the same firm, where he remained until the completion of his apprenticeship in September 1888.

He next commenced a two years' engineering course at University College, London, under Professor Kennedy and Professor Beare. During this period he was successful in obtaining the Gilchrist Scholarship of the value of  $\pounds 80$ , and in the next session was appointed demonstrator to the mechanical drawing class.

In August 1890 he became assistant to his father, the late Mr. Jeremiah Head, Past-President, in Middlesbrough, and was taken into partnership in 1893, when they moved to London and commenced business there as Messrs. Jeremiah Head and Son, having also a branch at Middlesbrough.

On the death of his father in 1899 he carried on the business alone until 1904, when his brother Mr. Benjamin W. Head - was taken into partnership. A considerable portion of his time was spent abroad, chiefly in the United States, where his business engagements took him, for he was managing director, as well as consulting engineer, of the Otis Steel Co., of Cleveland, Ohio. It was his practice to visit these works at least once every year, and it was while he was returning home from the last of these visits that he met with his death. His firm was also sole European representative of the Wellman, Seaver, Morgan Co., of Cleveland, Ohio.

In addition to reading Papers before the Institution of Civil Engineers, the Society of Arts, and other societies, he contributed one to this Institution in conjunction with Colonel Cubillo, on "The Manufacture of Cartridge-Cases for Quick-firing Guns," the reading of which did not, however, take place until after his death.

As mentioned above, he was returning from Cleveland by the "Twentieth Century" Express on the New York Central Railway when the engine, travelling at 75 miles an hour, left the rails. The momentum was such that the tender was hurled over the engine, and the combination coach in which he was seated was thrown on the engine. The injuries he received were so serious that, after lingering for twelve hours, his death took place in the Cleveland Hospital on 22nd Juno 1905, in his thirty-ninth year.

He was elected a Graduate of this Institution in 1885, and was transferred to full membership in 1892. He was also a Member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, of the Iron and Steel Institute, and of the Institution of Electrical Engineers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME MInstCE MIEE.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at University College, London.
- He worked as a Senior Partner, Jeremiah Head & Son, Engineers.
- Miscellaneous: He died from injuries sustained in a train crash, 21 Jun 1905, Mentor, Ohio, USA.

Archibald married Mary Hill, daughter of Alfred Octavius Hill and Alice Drury. They had four children: Gladys Amy, Margeurite Mary, Alfred Howard, and Bessie May.

10-Gladys Amy Head was born on 28 Jan 1894 in Kensington, London.

Gladys married Stanley Tustain, son of Charles Tustain and Jane, in 1924 in Hammersmith, London. Stanley was born in 1891 in London and died in 1941 at age 50. They had one son: Bruno **C. B.**.

11-Bruno C. B. Tustain

Bruno married Mary C. Coleman. They had three children: Charlotte Fionnghyala Columbus Head, Katherine Jane Columbus Head, and Charles Bruno Columbus Head.

12-Charlotte Fionnghvala Columbus Head Tustain

12-Katherine Jane Columbus Head Tustain

12-Charles Bruno Columbus Head Tustain

10-Margeurite Mary Head was born on 21 Mar 1897 in Kensington, London and died on 13 Oct 1934 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 37.

10-Alfred Howard Head was born on 5 Oct 1899 in Kensington, London and died in 1979 in Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 80.

10-Bessie May Head was born on 2 May 1901 in Kensington, London and died in 1971 at age 70.

9-Alfred Wrightson Head was born on 7 Feb 1868 and died on 30 May 1872 at age 4.

9-Rebecca Helen Gilchrist Head was born on 11 Jun 1870 and died on 17 Oct 1889 at age 19.

9-Kathleen Campbell Head was born on 4 Jul 1872.

9-Benjamin Wrightson Head was born on 12 May 1875 and died on 12 Sep 1917 in Burgundy, Westminster, Orange Free State, South Africa at age 42.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AMInstCE.
- He was educated at University of Cambridge.
- He worked as a Partner in Jeremiah Head & Son, Engineers.
- He had a residence in Copse Close, Wych Hill, Woking, Surrey.

Benjamin married Gladys Hamilton Marriott, daughter of Maj. William Hamilton Marriott and Martha Shorey, in 1907 in Paddington, London. Gladys was born on 11 Nov 1884 in Kasauli, Himachal Pradesh, India.

8-**Rev. Canon George Frederick Head**<sup>47</sup> was born on 26 Aug 1836 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 14 Apr 1912 in 1 Royal York Villas, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 75, and was buried on 18 Apr 1912 in Shirehampton, Avonmouth, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Caius College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Vicar of Clifton, Bristol 1897 To 1911.
- He worked as a Canon of Bristol Cathedral.

George married **Mary Henrietta Bolton**,<sup>47</sup> daughter of **Cmdr. Charles Bolton RN**<sup>35,47</sup> and **Ann Elizabeth Howard**,<sup>35</sup> on 3 Aug 1865. Mary was born on 21 Oct 1838 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 11 May 1912 in 1 Royal York Villas, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 73, and was buried on 14 May 1912 in Shirehampton, Avonmouth, Gloucestershire. They had five children: **Annie Georgina, George Herbert, Charles Stanley, Frederick Waldegrave**, and (**No Given Name**).

9-Annie Georgina Head was born on 16 Dec 1867.

9-George Herbert Head was born on 13 Apr 1869 and died on 11 Feb 1927 at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Barrister & County Court Judge.

George married Geraldine Marie Pipon, daughter of Maj. Gen. Henry Pipon.

9-Charles Stanley Head was born on 16 Nov 1871 and died in Aug 1873 at age 1.

9-Most Rev. Frederick Waldegrave Head<sup>48</sup> was born on 18 Apr 1874 in Tollington Park, London, died on 18 Dec 1941 in St. Ives Hospital, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 67, and was buried in St. Paul's Catherdral, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

General Notes: **Head, Frederick Waldegrave (1874-1941)** 

by James Grant

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Frederick Waldegrave Head (1874-1941), Anglican archbishop, was born on 18 April 1874 at Tollington Park, London, son of the Reverend George Frederick Head, later canon of Bristol, and his wife Mary Henrietta, née Bolton. He was educated at Alton School, Plymouth, Windlesham House, Brighton, and Repton School, Derbyshire. In 1893 he entered Emmanuel College, Cambridge, and graduated in 1896 (M.A. 1900), with a first class in the historical tripos. He was awarded the Lightfoot and Whewell scholarships and in 1900 was appointed to a junior fellowship at Emmanuel. Head was ordained deacon in 1902 and priest in 1903 by Bishop Alwyne Compton of Ely; he returned to Emmanuel that year as dean and tutor, and in 1907 was appointed senior tutor and chaplain. As a Cambridge don, Head exercised an important though restricted ministry, known, respected and appreciated within his university and college communities. In 1915, feeling too old to serve as a chaplain, he volunteered for service in France with the Young Men's Christian Association. However, his effectiveness was such that in 1916 he was appointed for service in France with the Young Men's Christian Association.

to a chaplaincy with the Guards' Division. He finished as senior chaplain and was awarded the Military Cross and Bar.

He resumed his Cambridge appointments in 1919 but in 1922 became vicar of Christ Church, East Greenwich. This was a large working-class parish, very different from a Cambridge college, but Head quickly commended himself by his genuine friendliness. In 1922, also, he was appointed chaplain to King George V and preached regularly at Buckingham Palace and Sandringham. After four hectic years at Greenwich he moved to Liverpool as canon and sub-dean of the cathedral, charged with breathing life into Scott's monumental new edifice. In addition to these ministries, Head served as examining chaptain to the bishops of Southwark and Peterborough, and proctor in the convocations of both Canterbury and York, and lectured in pastoral theology at Cambridge. In August 1929 he was elected archbishop of Melbourne and accepted, seeing the unexpected invitation as a clear call to serve God. He was consecrated in Westminster Abbey on 1 November and enthroned in Melbourne on 23 December.

Head came to a diocese that was in good heart, that had shared in the expansion of the 1920s, and whose cathedral spires were then being built. But his arrival coincided with the onset of the Depression which crippled parochial work and created immense social problems. Head believed that his diocese's major contribution to recovery lay in strengthening parochial life. By preaching, teaching and visitation, by regular meetings with country bishops and with his own archdeacons and rural deans, and by the appointment of Joseph Booth as the first Melbourne coadjutor bishop in 1934, he strove to equip clergy and parishes for more difficult times. Church societies received his active encouragement, particularly the Boys' Society for its camping programme and the Men's Society for its evangelistic and beach missions. The Brotherhood of St Laurence moved to Melbourne from Newcastle, New South Wales, in 1933 at his invitation, and Reginald Nichols, 'Brother Bill' was strongly supported in his settlement work at St Mark's, Fitzroy. In the referenda on prohibition held in 1930 and 1938 Head joined Protestant leaders in campaigning unsuccessfully for a 'Yes' vote. A scholar himself, Head invited a series of overseas scholars to Melbourne and spoke frequently on platform and radio on historical and apologetical subjects. Ecumenically, Head was chairman of the local committee of the world Faith and Order movement and initiated a series of conversations with Victorian Methodists.

Grave but kindly, gentle but fearless and strong in character, Head, while lacking the bubbling *bonhomie* of his predecessor, Harrington Clare Lees, was held in high regard in every section of his diocese and the Victorian community. Despite his Establishment background, he knew no distinction of class or education and impressed as a man of engaging modesty and unfailing courtesy. He believed wholeheartedly in the British Empire, declaring at his welcome by 10,000 Anglicans in the Exhibition Building, 'I love the Empire, I want to serve it and keep it Christian'. However, his outspoken support for the Premiers' Plan in 1931 drew criticism and this intervention in politics was not repeated.

Head's major publications comprise The Fallen Stuarts (1900) and Six Great Anglicans (1929), together with contributions to The Heart of the Empire (1901). In 1927 he was appointed a life fellow of Emmanuel College, Cambridge, and in 1929, when visiting Canada, he received the honorary degree of D.D. from Emmanuel College, Saskatoon. Head died on 18 December 1941, following injuries received in a motor accident, and his ashes are interred in St Paul's Cathedral, Melbourne. He was survived by his wife, Edith Mary, née Colman, whom he had married on 30 August 1904, and a son. A memorial bronze by Andor Meszaros is in St Paul's Cathedral, and a portrait by Aileen Dent, painted posthumously from a photograph, is in its chapter house. Other memorials are the Archbishop Head flats for retired clergy at Oakleigh, and the Edith Head Hostel for country girls at North Melbourne.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC & Bar.
- He worked as a Chaplain to the Forces in WWI.
- He worked as a Chaplain to King Gerge V 1922 To 1929.
- He worked as an Archbishop of Melbourne 1929 To 1941.

Frederick married Edith Mary Colman<sup>48</sup> on 30 Aug 1904. Edith died on 27 Apr 1962. They had one son: John Waldegrave.

10-John Waldegrave Head was born on 3 Mar 1912 and died in Jul 1996 in Surrey at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Electrical Enginner and Designer.

John married Janet Cicely Elphick, daughter of Leonard Lloyd Elphick, on 27 Jul 1938. Janet was born in 1915 and died on 14 Oct 2006 in Cheam, Surrey at age 91. They had one son: Andrew **F.**.

11-Andrew F. Head was born in 1948 and died in 1961 at age 13.

# 9-Head

8-Charles Arthur Head was born on 21 May 1838 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died in 1924 at age 86, and was buried on 3 Dec 1924 in Christ Church, Folkestone, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL.
- He worked as an Engineer in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.

- He worked as a Chairman of Head, Wrightson & Co. In 1890.
- He had a residence in Hartburn Hall, Stockton on Tees, County Durham.

Charles married Justina Charlotte Long, daughter of Peter Bartholomew Long and Hannah Justina Falkland, on 30 Sep 1875 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Justina was born in 1836 in Ipswich, Suffolk, was christened on 30 Dec 1836 in Ipswich, Suffolk, and died on 9 Mar 1904 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 68. They had three children: Doris Justina, Arthur Falkland Howard, and Joan de Lande.

Noted events in her life were:

Miscellaneous: Her first husband was Thomas Green.

9-Doris Justina Head was born on 17 Jun 1877 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and was christened on 15 Jul 1877 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.

Doris married Clifford George Huntriss, son of William James Huntriss and Martha Shaw, in 1907 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham. Clifford was born on 9 Mar 1881 in Doncaster, Yorkshire, was christened on 2 Apr 1881 in Doncaster, Yorkshire, and died in 1942 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 61.

9-Arthur Falkland Howard Head was born on 7 Jun 1879 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham, was christened on 5 Jul 1879 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham, died on 1 Aug 1949 in St. Joseph's Hospital, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 70, and was buried on 3 Aug 1949 in Royal Oak Crematorium, Saanich, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of his death was Coronary occlusion; obstruction of the bowel; Volvulous of the small bowel; arteriosclerosis.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as an Engineer with the J. G. Brill Company about 1910-1920 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.
- He worked as an Engineer in British Columbia, Canada.
- He had a residence in 1949 in Madrona Drive, Deep Cove, British Columbia, Canada.

Arthur married Lena Ormrod, daughter of James Ormrod and Ellen, in 1902 in Chorlton, Manchester. Lena was born in 1881 in Hulme, Manchester.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They emigrated to Canada in 1917.

Arthur next married Ethel May Dixon.

9-Joan de Lande Head was born on 3 Jun 1881 in Hartburn, Stockton on Tees, County Durham and was christened on 2 Jul 1881 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.

Joan married Lieut. Col. John "Jack" Russell Hanson,<sup>49</sup> son of William Hanson<sup>50</sup> and Jane Russell, on 28 Feb 1905 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham. John was born in 1872 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham, died on 14 Jul 1910 in Richmond Garrison, Yorkshire at age 38, and was buried on 18 Jul 1910 in Saltburn, Yorkshire. The cause of his death was Committed suicide with a pistol. They had one daughter: Angela Joan.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Cliffden, Saltburn, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Sun 25 Jan 1903 - Jack Hanson came to tea to see about Somaliland - we lunched at Hutton.

Fri 15 July 1910 - .....I also learnt the terrible news that Jack Hanson had committed suicide by shooting himself while in camp at Richmond with his regiment of wh. he was Colonel & for practically no reason, only that he was worried about his command & had taken it to heart, that 3 of his schemes had been returned, for manoeuvres. He went out in the night & shot himself in a wood - where he was only found the following afternoon. He was a very nice & even charming man, keen, cheery, kind & many a days hunting & shooting have I had in his company - especially in the Hutton days as he was a favourite of my father's & a good shot.

Mon 18 July 1910 - I went to Jack Hanson's funeral - a great many people there at Saltburn - Bertie Godman overtook me on the road there & motored me there & back - about 250 Territorials present, 3 carriages of wreaths - firing party &c

Wed 23 Jan 1929 - Mrs Taylor of Newton died on the 10th Jany & Tom Knaggs on the 15th Jan - aged 64. Went over the Hansons' old home Southend at Middlesbrough - which I have bought for the OME at my own figure of £3,200 - the house is in splendid order and an exceptionally good one [in] every way. My price was only the site value of the grounds taken at 5s/- a square vard - The house could not be built for  $\pounds 20,000$  today.....

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Iron merchant in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Commanding officer of the 5th Battalion, Durham Light Infantry in 1908-1910.

10-Angela Joan Hanson<sup>49</sup> was born on 13 Sep 1906 in Saltburn, Yorkshire and died in 1983 in Surrey at age 77.

Angela married William Mostyn Collingwood Hustler, son of William Hustler Hustler<sup>49</sup> and Maude Frances Collingwood, in Dec 1930 in London. William was born on 19 Jul 1899 in Darlington, County Durham, was christened on 22 Aug 1899 in St. Hilda's Church, Darlington, County Durham, and died in 1976 in Marylebone, London at age 77. They had two children: Thomas William Mostyn and John Randolph.

General Notes: Wed 22 June 1932 - B & I (after OME) went to the opening of the Grey Towers Sanatorium - the gift of Col. Poole to Middlesbro' - he gave nearly £7,000 for Grey Towers & 100 acres - very cheap but a beautiful gift - It looked at its best today on a beautiful afternoon - I saw it built - was often there when Wm Hopkins had built it & played there with Castel & Charlie Hopkins when we were boys - When Hopkins went bankrupt, his father-in-law had a mortgage on it & he (Thos. Hustler) foreclosed & it was empty till (Sir Arthur) Dorman bought it. William Hopkins was the son of Mr & Mrs Henry Hopkins whom I remember at Elton Hall (the old one) - he married first the sister of H. Ferdinand Bolckow (the partner of John Vaughan) a German: by her he had Castel Hopkins, a Lancer who died young of consumption 2. Charlie (Col.) still living - 3. Cissie who m. a drunken chap, Trev. Hutchinson who d. youngish, she is living & 4. Queenie who died single years ago. He (William Hopkins) married 2ndly Thos. Hustler of Acklam's only daughter & had 3 (?or 4) sons - 2 were k. in the war & the eldest Wm. Hustler Hopkins inherited the Acklam Estates & took the name of Hustler, his son (only child) Mostyn Hustler came into Acklam on his parents death & sold it & all the land. Acklam Hall is now a Secondary School having been bought by the M'bro' Corporation with 40 acres of Park for £11,000 after H>H> Hustler told me £14,000 on interior decorations & improvements . Mostyn bought Mowden (Will & then Ernie Pease's place, built by their father (Edwin Pease) and married Angela Hanson dau. of Jack Hanson who m. a Head (Arthur Head's dau). Jack Hanson who shot himself was the son of Wm Hanson who built Southend at Middlesbro' which I bought for £3,000 when his widow died for the OME - it is empty. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.* 

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton in 1913.
- He resided at Acklam Hall in Which he sold his interest to Middlesbrough Corporation for £11, 000.
- He resided at Mowden Hall.

11-Thomas William Mostyn Hustler was born on 3 Oct 1934 in Acklam Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 24 Jul 2006 in Wokingham, Berkshire at age 71.

General Notes: Tom Hustler, who has died aged 71, was the best-known society photographer of the Swinging Sixties; for several years he enjoyed a reputation as London's most eligible bachelor.

In a career spanning 40 years, he photographed hundreds of Britain's most beautiful women, ascribing his success behind the lens to "the knack of making people feel reasonably relaxed in front of a camera." Hustler also completed 25 royal commissions, including portraits of Prince Charles and Princess Anne for National Savings stamps. At the same time, he managed to charm petulant dolly-birds with ease.

His big break came when his fellow Old Etonian photographer Anthony Armstrong-Jones announced his engagement to Princess Margaret. "The press were caught short of anything to write about Tony," Hustler remembered, "so they wrote me up (quite inaccurately) as the 'next Tony'." The royal romance got Hustler's name in the papers and put him on the map. Thomas William Mostyn Hustler was born on October 3 1934 at the family seat, Acklam Hall in north Yorkshire. The Hustlers had occupied it for some 300 years; King Charles I was reputedly entertained beneath its superb plasterwork ceilings. The family money came from coalmines and banking, and his Victorian grandfather was high sheriff of Durham. Young Tom's father never did a stroke of work in his life, and the boy hardly ever saw his parents, who were usually away, racing or shooting.

He remembered Acklam as a house "where nannie brought us down to the drawing room at five. At six, she came to collect us, the butler brought Dad's whisky and soda on a silver salver, they met in the hall and came in together."

At Aysgarth School young Tom took his first pictures using a pre-war box Brownie costing 10 shillings. Aged 13, Tom was sent to Eton where, proving useless at games and considered "wet" by the other boys, he demonstrated further artistic tendencies by making pottery, for which he won a school prize, and which he sold to a local shop. For his National Service, Tom Hustler followed his father into the Army and in 1952 became a lieutenant in the Somerset Light Infantry, leading his platoon into the Malayan jungle against Communist insurgents.

In 1955 he enrolled as a trainee stockbroker with Laurie Millbank at £6 a week, spending his evenings indulging his hobby by taking pictures of London's most glamorous debutantes, charging them a shilling a print. "It was cheaper than taking them out to nightclubs," was his wholly reasonable explanation.

He accumulated such a backlog of negatives that he had to take a week off work to deal with them. Finding this far more congenial than the drudgery of stocks and shares, in 1957 Hustler, then 22, threw up his day job and became a full-time professional photographer.

In his book Tom Hustler on Photography (1963), he recalled how a mutual friend introduced him to a fellow Old Etonian, Tony Armstrong-Jones, later Lord Snowdon, who had come from a similar background to make a successful career as a photographer.

Hustler saved up 18 shillings for half a bottle of whisky and collected together his best prints, which Armstrong-Jones reviewed encouragingly. His advice to Hustler was to join an established studio doing "the type of work you eventually want to do".

Hustler duly joined the London studio of the society portrait photographer Dorothy Wilding who - using an early plate camera as big as a fridge - invented the concept of "girls in pearls", formal poses of young ladies with informal expressions that adorned the pages of Country Life and similar glossy magazines. Within a year, Hustler - the youngest and least-experienced member of her staff - had bought her out, delving into his family trust to pay £3,000 for Wilding's Mayfair studio and her archive.

By the early 1960s no deb's party or society wedding was complete wihout Hustler and his camera. The papers wrote him up as a "deb's delight", while the girls themselves called him Daddy Longlegs. His photograph of the young Nigel Dempster at the International Ball of 1959 had appeared in Tatler, and the Daily Mail hailed Hustler as London's most eligible bachelor. Dai Llewellyn, who was just starting out on the debs' circuit, remembered Hustler as "my great white god, dashing around to all the parties with a drink in one hand, a camera in the other and a pretty girl trailing behind." He made no secret of the tricks of his trade, urging his young sitters to emphasise their eyes and lips. "I can't bear pale lips in a picture," he explained. "For formal pictures of oldish women, I can use retouching to add all the flattery."

Newspapers and magazines provided Hustler with bread-and-butter work. It was the women's page of The Daily Telegraph that gave him his first Fleet Street commission, photographing pedigree pigs on a farm in Kent.

Hustler then switched his attention to society weddings, theatrical work and high-powered industrialists. As well as his studio, he opened a West End restaurant, The Darkroom, and a club called Fanny's, where he startled customers with the greeting: "Hello, I'm Fanny. Who are you?" He also wrote a regular society column for Tatler for which, instead of a fee, he received a free advertisement for Fanny's, which he styled London's first "bistroteque".

In 1970 Tom Hustler met Marilyn Rylands, a beautiful Anglo-Indian who was working as a barmaid in a pub near his Mayfair studio; he asked her to model for him and they married two vears later, at a ceremony where he was mobbed by 15 fellow photographers. The couple moved to a large house on the Thames near Sonning in Berkshire, where Hustler taught photography students at riotous weekend seminars during which champagne cocktails were served in gold goblets.

When the pair divorced in 1980 Hustler bought a small semi-detached house in Caversham where he ran his studio and raised his two young children single-handedly. The commissions continued - in 1982 alone he covered 30 society weddings - and in recognition of his calming influence behind the scenes, soothing hysterical mothers and smoothing out trains of taffeta, he was voted Bridesmaid of the Year.

"Being a society photographer is a funny job," Tom Hustler reflected. "You'be got to be high at work and you tend to come home and flop." Tom Hustler admitted to coming from a drinking family, with a daily ration of two lunchtime pints of Guinness and a third of a bottle of whisky every evening. He retired in 1998 after the death of his sister. His flamboyant lifestyle eventually took its toll and he had been in ill-health for some years until his death on July 24. He is survived by his daughter and son.

The Daily Telegraph - 1 August 2006

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Aysgarth School.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He worked as a Society photographer.

Thomas married Marilyn Rylands. They had two children: (No Given Name) and Georgina Anne.

12-Hustler

**12-Georgina Anne Hustler** 

Georgina married Roger Sutton.

### 11-John Randolph Hustler

John married Elizabeth Mary Hughes-Onslow, daughter of Andrew George Hughes-Onslow and Betty Lee. They had three children: Charles James, Willa Victoria, and Frederick Randolph.

**12-Charles James Hustler** 

12-Willa Victoria Hustler

**12-Frederick Randolph Hustler** 

Charles next married Edith Crawford, daughter of James Henry Crawford.

8-Mary Head was born on 29 Sep 1839.

Mary married **Rev. Colin Campbell**,<sup>51</sup> son of **Rev. Colin Campbell** and **Harriet Hume**, on 6 May 1863 in St. Matthews, Ipswich, Suffolk. Colin was born in 1834 in Richmond, Surrey and died on 17 Jun 1906 at age 72. They had two children: **William Hume** and **Gerald**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA MA.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Vicar of St. Thomas, Lancaster in 1858-1872 in Lancaster, Lancashire.
- He worked as a Vicar of Ambleside in 1872-1875 in Ambleside, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Vicar of Hatfield in 1875-1880 in Hatfield, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Vicar of Christ Church in 1880-1906 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.

9-William Hume Campbell was born on 3 Feb 1867 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 2 Jul 1925 in Blackheath, London at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Haileybury.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Founder and First Principal St. Christopher's College in 1909 in Blackheath, London.

9-Sir Gerald Campbell<sup>51</sup> was born on 30 Oct 1879 in Newgate, Hertford, Hertfordshire and died on 4 Jul 1964 in London at age 84.

# General Notes: CAMPBELL, Sir Gerald

GCMG 1942 (KCMG 1934; CMG 1923); FRGS

Born 30 Oct. 1879; s of Rev. Colin Campbell, Weston-super-Mare; m 1911, Margaret C. (d 1961), d of Henry E. Juler, FRCS, 23 Cavendish Square, W1; three d; died 4 July 1964

Education Repton; Trinity College, Cambridge, BA

**Career** Vice-Consul at Rio de Janeiro, 1907; Belgian Congo, 1908–13; Venice, 1913–15; Consul at Addis Ababa, 1915–19; Consul-General at Philadelphia, 1920–21; San Francisco, 1922–31; New York, 1931–38; High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in Canada, 1938–41; Minister in Washington, 1941 and 1942–45; Director-General of British Information Services, New York, 1941–42. Member, Advisory Council of English-Speaking Union; Vice-President, Royal Commonwealth Society. Hon. LLD: Rutgers University, New Jersey, Queen's Univ., Kingston, Ont., McGill Univ., Montreal, Univ. of Toronto, New York Univ., Union Coll. Schenectady, Grove City College, Pennsylvania; Hon. DCL Univ. of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, PQ; Doctor of Humane Letters South Dakota School of Mines and Technology. OStJ. Star of Ethiopia

Publications Of True Experience (publ. in USA), 1947 (in London), 1949

**Recreations** Hockey, golf, tennis

Club Travellers'

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCMG OStJ FRGS.
- He was educated at Repton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Vice-Consul in 1907 in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.
- He worked as a British High-Commissioner to Canada in 1938-1941.
- He had a residence in 1939 in Earnscliffe, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.

• He worked as an UK Minister to Washington in 1941-1942.

Gerald married Margaret Churchill Juler,<sup>51</sup> daughter of Dr. Henry Edward Juler and Amy Margaret Churchill, in 1911. Margaret was born in 1885 and died on 9 Apr 1961 in 84 Palace Court, Moscow Road, Bayswater, London at age 76. They had three children: Pamela, Naomi, and Jean Elspeth.

### 10-Pamela Campbell

Pamela married Sqdn. Ldr. Alfred Eaton-Clarke in Nov 1943 in St. Peter's, Vere Street, London. Alfred was born on 21 Jul 1917 and died on 4 Jun 2002 at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DFC.

10-Naomi Campbell was born in 1917 in Venice Italy.

10-Jean Elspeth Campbell was born in 1918 in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia and died on 20 Jul 2010 in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada at age 92.

### General Notes: Jean E. Coolican

Passed on: July 20th, 2010

Jean died of old age on July 20, 2010, having just returned from her beloved cottage on the Big Rideau. She was 92. Jean was the daughter of Sir Gerald and Lady Margaret Campbell. She was married for 55 years to Denis, who died in 1995. She leaves four sons and their wives: Colin and Sophie from Toronto, Peter and Frannie from Collingwood, Murray and Mimi from Halifax, Paul and Mary from Morrisburg. She also leaves 11 grandchildren: Stefan, D'Arcy, Tim (Ashlynne), Erin, Robbie, Jamesie (Mike), Michael, Pamela, Kate, Emily and Peter; and 1 great-grandchild, Fynn. As the daughter of a British diplomat, Jean was well travelled as a girl and young woman. She was born in Ethiopia and lived in England, the United States and Ottawa, where she met Denis and lived the rest of her life. After raising her four boys, Jean went to Carleton University where she earned a Bachelor of Arts in Religious Studies at the age of 53. Jean was a co-founder of the Ottawa branch of the Canadian Save the Children Fund and was a long time volunteer. In 1999, she was awarded the Governor General's Caring Canadian Award. A service in Jean's memory will be held at St. Bartholomew Church, 125 MacKay Street, Ottawa on July 26, 2010 at 11 a.m. The family would like to thank the staff at the Edinburgh Retirement Residence for the care and attention they provided Jean and the help they provided the family. Donations to Save the Children Canada or a charity of your choice would be appreciated. www.mcgarryfamily.ca 613-233-1143

Jean married Lieut. Cmdr. Denis Murray Coolican RCNVR, son of P. T. Coolican, on 4 Jan 1941 in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada. Denis was born in 1913 and died on 20 Oct 1995 in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada at age 82. They had four children: Colin, Peter, Murray, and Paul.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a President of the Canadian Bank Note Co. Ltd.

11-Colin Coolican

Colin married **Sophie**.

11-Peter Coolican

- 11-Murray Coolican
- 11-Paul Coolican

8-Albert Alfred Head was born on 4 Sep 1844 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 31 Oct 1928 at age 84, and was buried in Richmond.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Bury Hill House, Andover, Hampshire in Bury Hill House, Andover, Hampshire.
- Miscellaneous: He was best man at Frederick Bassett's wedding to Elizabeth Phoebe Bull, 1872.

Albert married **Caroline Hanbury**, daughter of **Cornelius Hanbury**<sup>52,53</sup> and **Sarah Jane Janson**,<sup>52</sup> on 15 Feb 1876. Caroline was born in 1852 and died on 26 Oct 1904 at age 52. They had two children: **Albert Hanbury** and **Alfred**.

9-Albert Hanbury Head was born on 23 Nov 1876 and died on 14 Jan 1892 at age 15.

9-Alfred Head was born on 23 Jan 1878 in Islington, London and died on 3 Jan 1950 at age 71.

Alfred married Mary Catherine Waithman, daughter of Rev. Charles Anthony Waithman and Charlotte Elizabeth Towers, on 14 Sep 1904 in Wimbledon, London. Mary was born in 1880 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 28 May 1913 at age 33. They had three children: Albert Hanbury, Caroline Mary, and Muriel Elizabeth.

10-Rev. Albert Hanbury Head was born on 4 Jun 1908 in Hampshire and was christened on 8 Jul 1908 in Upper Clatford, Hampshire.

Albert married Florence May Walker Wood. They had four children: Gabrielle Annette, Ian Walker Hanbury, Lynette May, and Nicholas Hanbury.

11-Gabrielle Annette Head

Gabrielle married Dr. John Richard Lang. They had three children: David John, Stephen Richard, and Simon.

12-David John Lang

12-Stephen Richard Lang

12-Simon Lang

11-Ian Walker Hanbury Head

Ian married Angela Mary Tilden. They had three children: Christopher Ian Hanbury, Jacqueline Mary, and Andrew James Hanbury.

12-Christopher Ian Hanbury Head

12-Jacqueline Mary Head

12-Andrew James Hanbury Head

11-Lynette May Head

Lynette married Bernard Brian Davenport.

11-Nicholas Hanbury Head

Nicholas married Margaret Kilgour, daughter of Victor Kilgour. They had two children: Carol Margaret and Lisa Anne.

12-Carol Margaret Head

12-Lisa Anne Head

10-Caroline Mary Head was born on 15 Nov 1911 in Hampshire, was christened on 8 Jan 1912 in Upper Clatford, Hampshire, and died in 1998 at age 87. Caroline married Dr. Richard Finch Mowll on 30 Sep 1938. Richard was born in 1911 and died on 4 Dec 2005 at age 94. They had three children: Richard Hanbury, Nicholas Rothwell, and Carolyn Frances.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with LRCP MRCS MB BS.
- He resided at Eatonden Manor Farm, Stonegate, Sussex.
- He worked as a Surgeon.

11-Richard Hanbury Mowll

Richard married Carol Ann Cannon.

11-Nicholas Rothwell Mowll

11-Carolyn Frances Mowll

10-Muriel Elizabeth Head was born on 6 May 1913 in Hampshire and was christened on 11 Jul 1913 in Upper Clatford, Hampshire.

Alfred next married Katherine Annette Gabb on 11 Jul 1917 in Sussex. Katherine died on 25 Feb 1958.

John next married **Caroline Bell**,<sup>4,34</sup> daughter of **Daniel Bell**<sup>4,34,37,46,54,55</sup> and **Catherine Barclay**,<sup>4,34,37,46,54,55</sup> on 13 Nov 1794 in FMH Tottenham. Caroline was born in 1770 and died on 14 Dec 1795 at age 25. They had no children.

6-Thomas Head was born in 1761 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died in 1762 at age 1.

6-Benjamin Head<sup>56</sup> was born on 28 Jun 1763 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Benjamin married Hannah Maria Howson,<sup>56</sup> daughter of Richard Howson and Mary, on 19 Jul 1785 in FMH Winchmore Hill. Hannah was born on 31 May 1761 in Malton, Yorkshire and died on 6 May 1845 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 83.

6-Joshua Head<sup>4,46</sup> was born on 10 Jun 1765 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 17 May 1817 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Brewer in Ipswich, Suffolk.

• He had a residence in Albion Hill, Ipswich, Suffolk.

Joshua married Isabella Wakefield,<sup>4,37,46</sup> daughter of Edward Wakefield<sup>4,34,37,46,57,58</sup> and Priscilla Bell,<sup>4,34,37,46,59</sup> on 12 Sep 1794 in FMH Tottenham. Isabella was born on 3 Mar 1773 in Parish of St. Lawrence Jewry, London and died on 17 Oct 1841 at age 68. They had 11 children: Barclay, Alfred, Caroline, John, Benjamin, Lucy Anne, Edward, Henry, Priscilla Maria, Mary, and Joshua Wheeler.

7-Barclay Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 3 Jan 1796 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 25 Dec 1820 at age 24. He had no known marriage and no known children.

7-Alfred Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 26 Feb 1797 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk, was christened on 7 Jan 1843 in St. Peter's, Stepney, London, and died on 15 Feb 1880 at age 82.

Alfred married Ellen Cooper, daughter of Thomas Cooper. They had six children: Priscilla Anne, Isabella, Ellen Maria, Lucy Agnes, Alfred Vawdrey, and Caroline Agnes.

8-Priscilla Anne Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 22 Mar 1840 in Mile End, Stepney, London and was christened on 3 May 1840 in St. Peter's, Stepney, London.

Priscilla married **Rev. William Garmondsway Wrightson**<sup>46</sup> son of **Thomas Wrightson**<sup>46</sup> and **Rebecca Gilchrist Potter**, on 4 Dec 1866. William was born in 1836 and died in 1901 at age 65. They had eight children: Robert Garmondsway, Alfred Head, Harry, Edward St. John, Ellen, Isabel Ingraham, Lucy Gilchrist, and Priscilla Mabel.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of St. Paul's, Beckenham 1870 To 1875 in Beckenham, Kent.
- He had a residence in Haughton le Skerne, County Durham.

9-Robert Garmondsway Wrightson<sup>46</sup> was born on 16 Apr 1869.

9-Alfred Head Wrightson<sup>46</sup> was born on 29 May 1870.

9-Harry Wrightson<sup>46</sup> was born on 29 Sep 1874 and died on 29 Jan 1919 at age 44.

Harry married Agnes Helen Western,<sup>46</sup> daughter of Edward Young Western<sup>46,60</sup> and Caroline Agnes Head,<sup>46,60</sup> on 22 May 1901 in Westbourne Park, Paddington, London. Agnes was born on 16 Jul 1874 in London and was christened on 9 Aug 1874 in St. James', Paddington, London.

9-Edward St. John Wrightson<sup>46</sup> was born on 22 Apr 1877 and died on 30 Sep 1877.

9-Ellen Wrightson

9-Isabel Ingraham Wrightson

9-Lucy Gilchrist Wrightson

9-Priscilla Mabel Wrightson

8-Isabella Head<sup>46</sup> was born in 1841 in Mile End, Stepney, London and was christened on 13 Jun 1841 in St. Peter's, Stepney, London.

8-Ellen Maria Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 8 Sep 1842 in Mile End, Stepney, London, was christened on 5 Oct 1842 in St. Peter's, Stepney, London, and died on 1 May 1864 at age 21.

8-Lucy Agnes Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 2 Jun 1844 in Mile End, Stepney, London, was christened on 11 Jul 1844 in St. Peter's, Stepney, London, and died on 30 Jun 1846 at age 2.

8-Alfred Vawdrey Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 11 Apr 1846 in Paddington, London, was christened on 4 Jun 1846 in St. Dunstan's, Stepney, London, and died on 16 Jan 1849 at age 2.

8-Caroline Agnes Head<sup>46,60</sup> was born on 23 Nov 1848 in Paddington, London, was christened on 8 Feb 1849 in St. Dunstan's, Stepney, London, and died on 1 Jan 1922 at age 73.

Caroline married Edward Young Western,<sup>46,60</sup> son of Edward Western and Frances Young, on 31 Jan 1871 in Kensington, London. Edward was born on 2 Mar 1837 and was christened on 1 Apr 1837 in Old Church, St. Pancras, London. They had nine children: Alfred Edward, Agnes Helen, Mary Priscilla, Lucy Caroline, Frederick James, Howard, Evelyn Alice, Rose Frances, and Oswald.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Solicitor in London.

9-Alfred Edward Western<sup>46</sup> was born on 9 Jul 1873 in London, was christened on 1 Aug 1873 in St. James', Paddington, London, and died in 1949 at age 76. Alfred married Margaret Butler.

9-Agnes Helen Western<sup>46</sup> was born on 16 Jul 1874 in London and was christened on 9 Aug 1874 in St. James', Paddington, London.

9-Mary Priscilla Western<sup>46</sup> was born on 28 Jul 1876 in London and died on 12 Sep 1931 at age 55.

9-Lucy Caroline Western<sup>46</sup> was born on 7 Dec 1877 in London and died on 8 Jul 1966 at age 88.

9-Rt. Rev. Frederick James Western<sup>46</sup> was born on 24 Feb 1880 in London and died on 24 Nov 1951 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Head of the Cambridge Mission to India in 1918.
- He worked as an Anglican Bishop of Tinnevelly in 1929-1938 in Tinnevelli, India.

Frederick married Mabel Grace New on 24 Nov 1934 in Palmacottah, Madras, India. Mabel was born in 1900 in Ware, Hertfordshire.

9-Howard Western<sup>46</sup> was born on 31 Mar 1882 in London and died on 1 Oct 1931 at age 49.

Howard married Kate Harriet Crisp Beadle, daughter of Hezekiah Beadle and Kate Harriet Crisp, on 15 Jul 1912. Kate was born in 1884. They had six children: Joscelyn M. H., Patricia H. S., Agnes G. W., Gabriel A. Y., Monica P. W., and Rachel P. W.

10-Joscelyn M. H. Western was born in 1915 in London.

10-Patricia H. S. Western was born in 1920 in Devon.

Patricia married Roy Witton.

10-Agnes G. W. Western was born in 1924 in Devon.

10-Gabriel A. Y. Western was born in 1924 in Devon.

10-Monica P. W. Western

10-Rachel P. W. Western

9-Evelyn Alice Western<sup>46</sup> was born on 21 Jan 1884 in London and died in 1885 in London at age 1.

9-Rose Frances Western<sup>60</sup> was born on 12 Dec 1886 in London and died in 1972 at age 86.

Rose married Edmund Gilchrist Wrightson, son of Prof. John Wrightson and Maria Isabella Hutton, on 17 Jun 1911 in Paddington, London. Edmund was born in 1879 and died in 1953 at age 74. They had three children: Richard V., Awdrey Gilchrist, and Edmund Harry Paul G.

10-Richard V. Wrightson was born in 1912 in Brighton, East Sussex.

10-Awdrey Gilchrist Wrightson was born in 1914 in Kensington, London.

10-Edmund Harry Paul G. Wrightson was born on 31 Jan 1919 and died in 1972 in Hammersmith, London at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Queen's Counsellor.

Edmund married Mary Dickens. They had one daughter: Olivia Caroline.

11-Olivia Caroline Wrightson

Olivia married Martin Richard Clarke, son of S/Ldr. Thomas Hughes Clarke and Yvonne Joan Eager. They had one son: Thomas Paul Woodchurch.

12-Thomas Paul Woodchurch Clarke

9-Oswald Western was born in 1889 in London and died in 1968 at age 79. Another name for Oswald was Oscar Western.<sup>60</sup>

Oswald married Joan Dorothea Langton Parsons. They had two children: Alan Montgomery and Bernard J.

**10-Alan Montgomery Western** 

10-Bernard J. Western

7-Caroline Head<sup>46</sup> was born in Jun 1798 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk, was christened on 10 Dec 1818 in St. Margaret's, Ipswich, Suffolk, and died on 16 Nov 1861 at age 63.

7-John Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 28 Mar 1800 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 29 Jul 1874 at age 74.

John married Elizabeth Bailey, daughter of John Bailey. They had three children: John Joshua, Barclay Vincent, and Caroline Sarah.

8-John Joshua Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 30 Sep 1838.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Collector of H.M. Customs in Newhaven, East Sussex.

John married Charlotte Eliza Frances Diaper, daughter of Henry St. John Diaper. They had six children: Henry St. John, Barclay Brook, Alan, Clement Gordon, Barbara Lucy, and Dorothy St. John.

9-Henry St. John Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 29 Feb 1872 and died on 16 Apr 1872.

9-Barclay Brook Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 13 May 1873.

9-Alan Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 13 May 1874 and died on 14 May 1874.

9-Clement Gordon Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 4 Feb 1885.

9-Barbara Lucy Head

9-Dorothy St. John Head

8-Barclay Vincent Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 2 Jan 1844.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Assistant Keeper of Coins. The British Museum in London.

Barclay married Mary Harley Corkran, daughter of John Frazer Corkran. They had one daughter: Alice Augusta Louisa.

9-Alice Augusta Louisa Head

**8-Caroline Sarah Head** 

7-Benjamin Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 28 Sep 1801 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 24 Dec 1878 at age 77.

Benjamin married C. Paisley. They had no children.

7-Lucy Anne Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 16 Apr 1803 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk, was christened on 15 Nov 1816, and died on 29 Dec 1882 at age 79. Lucy married Rev. Vincent John Stanton. They had one son: Vincent Henry.

8-**Rev. Vincent Henry Stanton**<sup>46</sup> was born on 1 Jun 1846.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.

7-Edward Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 16 Feb 1805 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 4 Mar 1808 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk at age 3, and was buried on 9 Mar 1808 in FBG Ipswich.

7-Henry Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1806 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk and died in Jul 1822 at age 15.

7-Priscilla Maria Head<sup>46,60</sup> was born on 5 Aug 1808 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk, was christened on 9 Dec 1825 in Ipswich, Suffolk, and died on 2 Dec 1834 at age 26. Priscilla married Robert Pease.

7-Mary Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 29 Sep 1810 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 20 Nov 1810 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk, and was buried on 25 Nov 1810 in FBG Ipswich.

7-Joshua Wheeler Head<sup>46</sup> was born on 10 Jun 1812 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 21 Sep 1812 in Parish of St. Margaret, Ipswich, Suffolk, and was buried on 25 Sep 1812 in FBG Ipswich.

6-Elizabeth Head<sup>4,6,8,9</sup> was born on 7 Mar 1769 in Ipswich, Suffolk (Woodbridge, Suffolk also given), died on 9 Dec 1851 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 82, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham.

Elizabeth married Richard Tapper Cadbury,<sup>4,6,8,9,10</sup> son of Joel Cadbury<sup>4,9</sup> and Sarah Moon,<sup>4,9</sup> on 5 Oct 1796 in FMH Ipswich. Richard was born on 6 Nov 1768 in Exeter, Devon, died on 13 Mar 1860 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 91, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham. They had ten children: Sarah, Benjamin Head, Joel, Maria, John, James, Ann, Jesse, Emma, and Emma Joel.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper's apprentice in 1782.
- He worked as a Draper's assistant to Jasper & Ann Capper about 1789 in Whitechapel, London.
- He worked as a Linen Draper & Silk Mercer in 1794 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Ouaker Elder.

7-Sarah Cadbury<sup>4,6,9,61,62</sup> was born on 15 Jul 1797 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 13 Jan 1878 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 80, and was buried in FBG Lancaster.

Sarah married John Barrow,<sup>4,6,9,61,62</sup> son of George Barrow<sup>4,37,62,63,64</sup> and Elizabeth Pumphrey,<sup>64</sup> on 20 Aug 1823 in FMH Birmingham. (18th also given). John was born on 23 Sep 1797 in Lancaster, Lancashire, died on 4 May 1866 in 32 King Street, Lancaster, Lancashire at age 68, and was buried in FBG Lancaster. They had six children: George, Eliza, Richard Cadbury, Thomas, John, and William.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Woollen draper and Cotton spinner in Lancaster, Lancashire.

8-George Barrow<sup>4,9,26,61,65,66,67</sup> was born on 9 Nov 1824 in Lancaster, Lancashire (19th also given) and died on 7 Sep 1899 in Shedden Road, Torquay at age 74.

General Notes: George Barrow, 74 7 9mo. 1899 Torquay, late of Birmingham. A Minister. George Barrow was the eldest child of John and Sarah Barrow, of Lancaster. The surviving members of his family have many pleasant recollections of his early years, and of his helpfulness to his parents, in exercising an influence for good over the younger children; of his industry and punctuality, and his reverence for holiness in life and speech. About the age of twenty-seven he left Lancaster for Birmingham, where he resided until enfeebled strength necessitated travelling in search of health during the latter part of his life. He knew what it was to pass through many varying experiences; times of joy as well as disappointment and sorrow; but he could testify through all that the goodness of God is unfailing, and whether clouds or sunshine marked his path, grace was abundantly supplied for every need. His call to the ministry was traced to a meeting which he attended at Peckham, when Benjamin Seebohm gave a striking address, especially appealing to any present who might hear a call from the Lord Jesus to speak in meetings for worship not to hesitate, but at once to obey the heavenly voice. One night subsequently he seemed to see, as in a vision, a messenger from, the unseen world enter his room and say, "What if thou should be called to speak in meeting?" The impression thus made did not pass away, and on the 11th of Sixth Month, 1854, in his own meeting at Bull Street, he felt he might have some words to say; but John Hodgkin being present, he prayed earnestly that the message might be sent through his lips. The prayer was answered, but the following week he felt more forcibly that the Lord was calling for a testimony from him, and he rose with the words, " If any man will confess Me before men, him will I confess before My Father and the holy angels." It was less usual then than it has now, happily, become for a young man to speak in the ministry, and one of his young companions relates what a thrill was felt in the meeting amongst the young people, that one of their own number should thus publicly declare that he was the Lord's and desired to follow Him. Obedience brought blessing, and he has told how that night he seemed filled with heavenly gladness, and inward peace "flowed as a river." Though George Barrow never took a prominent part in public affairs, yet religious and philanthropic work claimed much of his time and thought, especially that of the Bible Society and British Schools, both in Lancaster and Birmingham. His preaching grew in power and was marked by much earnestness, and the emphasis with which he dwelt on the full and free salvation offered through the Lord Jesus Christ has proved a blessing to many. In all his religious work this was his most frequent theme; and when illness prevented his taking part in meetings for worship many have told how much they missed his sermons, which came straight from his heart, and were consequently an inspiration to others. Informal visits to various meetings were also much appreciated by those visited, as he united with his friends in attending the small meetings where there was often little ministry. In the year 1855 he married Susanna Home Kemp, youngest daughter of Grover and Susanna Kemp, of Brighton. This happy union with a true helpmeet and sympathiser lasted fourteen years. In the desolation following her removal from the earthly to the heavenly home he was enabled reverently to feel that the gracious Giver had but taken back His own most precious gift, and humbly to accept the grief as he had before given praise for the joy. His constant prayer was - "Calm me, my God, and keep me calm While these rough breezes blow " and he has often spoken of the presence of his Saviour upholding him in those days of sorrow. In 1871 George Barrow visited America in company with his cousin Mary Cadbury. In many ways it was a memorable visit to him. He enjoyed renewing acquaintance with many relatives on that side of the Atlantic, and visiting them in their homes; and was especi- ally interested in the various phases of religious life that be saw in the eastern and western Friends' meetings. The voyages out and home were rather depressing seasons, yet he was able to write whilst at sea of his sense of the nearness of his Heavenly Father. On the 15th of Tenth Month, 1871, he wrote : "Though I was at times very low, yet hope and calmness have been my blessed portion, and I believed my Father was at the helm, and that He would bring us safely over." And later on he writes of attending Indiana Yearly Meeting, and feel- ing he had a message to deliver there : " My gracious Lord was very near, and enabled me to tell of His goodness and mercy, blessed be His holy name! Friends were very kind. I felt there was a danger of their making too much of me, but I hope I have profited by these fervent meetings, and not been hurt." In 1872 he married Caroline Cash, youngest daughter of William and Elizabeth Pettipher Cash, of London, and for the remainder of his life they were permitted to realise continually the happiness of a union owned and blessed by the Lord. In the autumn of 1894 his health began to fail. An attack of influenza the previous year was followed by weakness; but there is little doubt that the shock of the sudden death of his

# **Descendants of John Head**

brother Richard C. Barrow was the immediate cause of the severe illness which occasioned him so many years of suffering. It was wonderful how bravely he struggled against invalid habits, so that visitors could hardly realise what a hold the disorder had taken on him. His earnest desire, when the active work he had previously loved to perform became impossible, was to glorify God in the harder task of suffering borne unrepiningly. It is true that at first he found it hard to resign one employment after another, especi- ally as he had appreciated more than many active habits continued past middle life; but expressions of regret became fewer as the years passed on. This was his Lord's will, and he endeavoured continually to say, "Thy will be done." The pain from neuritis, which was con-stant, was often severe, and at times intense, and it was a marvel to those around him how he could be so patient and uncomplaining in all his affliction. One resort after another was tried, hoping against hope that change of air, which was always helpful for a time, might bring more permanent ease; but it was all in vain, and in looking back over all these years, one can but be surprised at the patience with which he endured. "If I am patient he would say, "it is by the grace and power of God, who sustains me." One winter was spent abroad, where he loved to watch the exceeding beauty of sea and land, along the shores of the Mediterranean, and his pleasure was increased when his adopted child came to spend the Christmas holidays with him in his beautiful temporary home. He was always fond of hymns; a special favourite was the one beginning - " Glorious things of thee are spoken, Zion, city of our God " and often in this beautiful southern land he would delight to think of it as a fore-taste of the home above, and remark on the goodness of the Lord, who made the earth so very fair. After some months of change, always in the endeavour to find relief from suffering, Torquay was chosen for a home. The extreme beauty of the neighbourhood seemed to refresh his spirit, and there the last four months of his life were spent, and he Was visited by many friends, who little realised that the end was so near. Under an awning on the balcony, far above the bright and radiant sea, where the refreshing breezes were especially acceptable during the hot summer days, he passed many tranquil hours, though it was sadly evident to loving watchers that continual suffering, which no medical skill could cure, was gradually undermining his strength. a Let me go," he would sometimes say, "I have borne this so long, I want to be in the land where suffering cannot come." And then fearing he had betrayed some impatience he would tell that in all the fiery trial his Saviour did not desert him. The last increase of illness came with sad and sudden surprise. The ten days were marked, as always, by tender thought for others; and as the hope of some return to the accustomed life grew fainter he became still more beautifully solicitous for the comfort of those he was about to leave. The last night but one was terrible in its hours of sleepless anguish; but he never murmured, only the longing to depart and to be with Jesus grew more intense, and those who loved him best could not but respond to the dear sufferer's petition, "Do not pray for my life, I long to be at rest." We know that his Saviour was with him in the dark valley, though he was too weak to tell of His support; but tender looks and loving embraces showed that while thankfully passing away, he did not forget the dear ones so soon to be left desolate. When, soon after one o'clock on the morning of the 7th of Ninth Month, the eyes closed and a look of peace came over the worn countenance, the watchers could but give thanks that their dearly loved one was " for ever with the Lord." Death was to him "the gate of life," and from those silent lips it almost seemed as if the message came -I go to Life and not to death,

From darkness to Life's native sky, I go from sickness and from pain, To Life and Immortality. For toil, there comes the crowned rest ; Instead of burdens, eagle's wings : And I, even I, this life-long thirst Shall quench at everlasting springs.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Cotton Spinner in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Metal Manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

George married Susanna Horne Kemp,<sup>4,9,61,65,66,67</sup> daughter of Grover Kemp<sup>4,61,65,66,68,69,70</sup> and Susanna Horne,<sup>4,61,65,66,69,70</sup> on 17 May 1855. Susanna was born on 16 Oct 1828 in Brighton, East Sussex and died on 21 May 1869 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 40.

George next married Caroline Cash,<sup>4,26,61</sup> daughter of William Cash<sup>4,56,61,69,71,72,73,74,75,76</sup> and Elizabeth Pettipher Lucas,<sup>4,56,61,71,73,75,76</sup> on 21 Nov 1872. Caroline was born on 22 Mar 1838 in Effingham House, Peckham Rve, London and died in 1899 at age 61. They had one daughter: Rose Ethel.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1871 in Rose Hill, Dorking, Surrey.
- She was a Ouaker.

9-Rose Ethel Barrow<sup>26,61</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1881.

General Notes: Adopted daughter.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1897-1899 in York, Yorkshire.

Rose married William E. Fearnsides.

8-Eliza Barrow<sup>4,9</sup> was born on 23 Jun 1826 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 27 Sep 1905 at age 79.

8-Richard Cadbury Barrow<sup>4,9,26,61,77</sup> was born on 14 Nov 1827 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 2 Oct 1894 in Lawn House, Edgbaston, Birmingham at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tea and Coffee merchant in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as an Alderman of Birmingham.
- He worked as a Lord Mayor of Birmingham in 1888.
- He was a Quaker.

Richard married Jane Harrison,<sup>4,26,77</sup> daughter of Benjamin Harrison<sup>4,78</sup> and Hannah King,<sup>4,78</sup> on 15 Sep 1864. Jane was born on 1 Dec 1831 and died on 17 Jul 1907 at age 75. They had five children: Louis, Walter, Harrison, Mildred, and Florence Mary.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Oct 1846-Jun 1848 in York, Yorkshire.
- She had a residence in Stourbridge, Worcestershire.
- She was a Quaker.

9-Louis Barrow<sup>4</sup> was born in 1865 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1948 at age 83.

Louis married Harriet Anne Martin. They had four children: Richard Martin, Margaret King, Mary Waithman, and George Corbyn.

10-Richard Martin Barrow<sup>50,52,79,80,81,82,83,84</sup> was born on 25 Mar 1894 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1968 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1908-1912 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914.
- He worked as a Director of Barrow's stores in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Richard married **Deborah Margaret Wilson**,<sup>52,79,80,81,82,83</sup> daughter of **Henry Lloyd Wilson**<sup>4,52,85</sup> and **Theodora Mary Harris**,<sup>4,52</sup> on 29 Jul 1925 in Stirchley, Shropshire. Deborah was born on 11 Apr 1899 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire. They had four children: **Jane Margaret, John Richard, Candia Elizabeth**, and **Phyllida Harriet**.

Marriage Notes: BARROW-WILSON.-On July 29th, Richard Michael Barrow (1908-12), to Deborah Margaret Wilson. Note:- Bootham Register gives Richard Martin Barrow. CEGP

### 11-Jane Margaret Barrow

Jane married David Wilmot Livingstone, son of George Blair Livingstone and Beatrice Wilmot. They had three children: Judith Deborah, Teresa Jane, and James Blair.

12-Judith Deborah Livingstone

12-Teresa Jane Livingstone

12-James Blair Livingstone

### 11-John Richard Barrow

John married Phoebe Isabel Allen, daughter of Rev. Canon Ronald Edward Taylor Allen and Isabel Edith Otter-Barry. They had three children: Edward John, Anna Phoebe, and Harriet Isabel.

12-Edward John Barrow

12-Anna Phoebe Barrow

12-Harriet Isabel Barrow

11-Candia Elizabeth Barrow

Candia married Adrian Benjamin Barman, son of Henry Louis Barman and Penelope Spencer. They had three children: Anthea Florence, Louis James, and Rachel Penelope.

12-Anthea Florence Barman

12-Louis James Barman

12-Rachel Penelope Barman

11-Phyllida Harriet Barrow

10-Margaret King Barrow<sup>86</sup> was born on 23 Oct 1896 and died in 1965 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1910-Jul 1914 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit.

Margaret married **Dr. Ranfurly Percival Stanley Kelman**<sup>86</sup> in 1933 in Worcestershire. Ranfurly was born in 1898 in Ranfurly, Central Otago, New Zealand and died on 11 Dec 1965 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 67.

General Notes: Kelman, Ranfurly Percival Stanley (1898 - 1965) MRCS 1924; FRCS 1926; MB ChB Otago 1921; FRCS Ed 1926. **Born** 1898 Ranfurly, New Zealand **Died** 11 December 1965 **Occupation** General surgeon **Details** 

Ranfurly Percival Stanley Kelman was born in 1898 in Ranfurly, Central Otago, New Zealand, and went to the Otago Boys' High School where he distinguished himself at both rugby football and cricket. He then went to Otago University where he graduated in medicine in 1921. He spent the next two years in junior hospital appointments in the Auckland General Hospital and in 1924 came to England and obtained the Conjoint Diploma. This was but the first step towards higher qualification in surgery, and he succeeded in obtaining the Fellowship of the Royal Colleges of Surgeons of Edinburgh and of England in 1926.

In his training he was greatly influenced by Cecil Joll and he thus acquired not only a masterly surgical technique but also a special interest in thyroid and gastric surgery. In 1927 he settled in Birmingham as both surgeon and medical superintendent of the Selly Oak Hospital, which he served continuously, apart from a period of absence on war service, till he retired in 1962. As he was a Territorial officer he was sent to France in 1939 as Lieutenant-Colonel in charge of a surgical division, and after Dunkirk he was sent to India where he was concerned chiefly with casualties from the Burma front. On his return to Selly Oak he resumed the formidable task of reorganizing and modernizing the hospital, the present outstanding reputation of which is attributable largely to his untiring efforts and his gentle diplomacy.

He married Margaret Barrow whose brother later became Lord Mayor of Birmingham, and her death early in 1965 was a severe shock to him. His own health had been failing for a while, and this accounted for his premature retirement in 1962. His death occurred on 11 December 1965.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB FRCS FRCSEd.
- He was educated at Otago Boys High School in Otago, New Zealand.
- He was educated at University of Otago.
- He worked as a Physician, Otago General Hospital in Otago, New Zealand.

- He emigrated to England in 1924.
- He worked as a Surgeon and Medical Superintendent in 1927-1962 in Selly Oak Hospital, Birmingham.
- He worked as a Colonel with the RAMC as a Military Physician and Surgeon in 1939 in France.

10-Mary Waithman Barrow was born in 1898 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1985 at age 87.

10-George Corbyn Barrow<sup>50,84,87,88,89</sup> was born on 9 Sep 1903 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jul 1998 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 94.

General Notes: Lawyer George Corbyn Barrow studied at King's College, Cambridge, England, qualifying as a solicitor in 1928. He joined the Birmingham, England, law firm Wragge and Co, and remained there for the rest of his working life. He was strongly committed to the law's impact on ordinary people, and played a key role in establishing the Legal Aid system. He became president of the Birmingham Law Society in 1952, and served on the Council of the Law Society for more than 30 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1917-1921 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Solicitor.
- He worked as a Lord Mayor of Birmingham in 1965.

George married **Dr. Mary Helen Sparrow**.<sup>84</sup> Mary was born on 31 Jan 1908 and died on 16 Apr 1970 at age 62.

Marriage Notes: BARROW-SPARROW.-On February 10th, 1934, at Wolverhampton, George Corbyn Barrow (1917-21), to Mary Sparrow.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Physician.

George next married Sheila Mary Davis. They had three children: George Harrison, Abigail, and Candia Mary.

# 11-George Harrison Barrow

George married Catherine Geale. They had two children: John Edward and James Corbyn.

12-John Edward Barrow

12-James Corbyn Barrow

11-Dr. Abigail Barrow

Abigail married **Prof. Stephen Shapin**.

11-Candia Mary Barrow

9-Walter Barrow<sup>4</sup> was born in 1867 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 21 Jun 1954 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

Walter married **Agnes Ann Smithson**,<sup>90</sup> daughter of **George Smithson**<sup>4,90,91</sup> and **Mary Ann Snowden**,<sup>4,90</sup> on 17 Sep 1895 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Agnes was born on 17 Nov 1865 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1882-Jun 1883 in York, Yorkshire.

9-Harrison Barrow<sup>4,26</sup> was born in 1868 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 15 Feb 1953 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Lycee in Lille, France.
- He was educated at Mason College in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Tea and Coffee merchant of Birmingham. Alderman and Freeman of Birmingham. Director of the Friends P.

Harrison married **Ethel Mary Kenway**,<sup>4,26</sup> daughter of **Llewellyn Brock Kenway**<sup>4,26</sup> and **Sarah Harriet Reynolds**,<sup>4,26</sup> in 1907. Ethel was born on 18 Feb 1873 and died in 1945 at age 72. They had one son: (**No Given Name**).

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1888-Jun 1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was Not a Quaker at the time of her admission to The Mount School.

10-**Barrow**<sup>4</sup> died in Died in infancy 12 Days Old.

9-Mildred Barrow<sup>4,77</sup> was born in 1871 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 15 Oct 1874 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 3.

9-Florence Mary Barrow<sup>4,26,37</sup> was born on 27 Jan 1876 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Mar 1964 in Bryony House, Selly Oak, Birmingham at age 88. She had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: Barrow, Florence Mary (1876–1964), relief worker and promoter of improved housing, was born on 27 January 1876 in Birmingham, the only daughter of Richard Cadbury Barrow (1827–1894), Quaker businessman and mayor of Birmingham (1888–9), and his wife, Jane (b. 1831), daughter of the Quakers Hannah King and her husband, Benjamin Harrison. She was educated at Edgbaston high school and Mason College, Birmingham. At the age of eighteen, in 1894, she started a class in adult literacy for Birmingham women, thus pioneering the adult schools movement there. She went on in 1900 to train as a social worker at St Hilda's Settlement in Bethnal Green. August 1914 found her in Marseilles working in a quarantine department with Serbian refugees from the Balkan war of 1912.

In 1916 Florence Barrow was sent from Newcastle by sea to Murmansk in order to do Quaker relief work in Buzuluk, western Russia, helping what would later be termed 'displaced persons'— two and a half million Poles, Jews, and Belorussians who were in a desperate situation. She helped set up nurseries for abandoned children, feeding centres, co-operative craft workshops, pharmacies, even a circulating library. She witnessed the Russian Revolution of 1917 and noted: 'Men work for the common good but find it harder than they thought. Famine threatens; the rich are robbed of their spoils but selfishness appears under new forms. ... New ideas and ideals seethe ... who can prophesy what will emerge?' (Barrow, 'Stray memories', 4). She then crossed Russia by trans-Siberian railway, reached Japan, and then America, finally crossing the U-boat-infested Atlantic in a camouflaged vessel in order to report back to the Society of Friends in London. In 1919 Florence Barrow was sent by the Friends' War Victims' Committee to distribute Quaker food relief in a starving Germany still punished by the allied blockade: '[German] feeling very bitter in Breslau, ... and as [the doctor] showed us one tiny distorted form after another it was almost more than one could bear' (letter, 28 Sept 1919, Temp. MS 590/3). From 1921 to 1924 she was head of Quaker relief operations among Poles in Brest Litovsk: 'I think that she must be an ideal head; she is evidently very capable ... and seems only to be head by reason of her extra care for everyone' (J. Fry, letter to Friends' House, 23 Jan 1922, Temp. MS 590/3). Her monument there was the orphanage she left behind.

On her return to Britain in 1924 Florence Barrow co-founded the Birmingham Conference on Politics, Economics and Citizenship (COPEC) House Improvement Society that pioneered municipal slum clearance and the regeneration of inner-city housing there. She was the driving force for over thirty-seven years behind 'practical schemes of reconditioning, reconstruction, conversion and rebuilding' (The Friend). At the age of fifty-six, in 1932, she left Birmingham for Syria, Salonika, and Egypt to work once more with refugees. During the later 1930s the Quakers sent her as a secret agent to Nazi Germany and Austria, taking messages to and from endangered Jews. She later said she had found it 'very trying to know that every conversation might be overheard' (Birmingham Evening Mail, 4 March 1964) and reported to the Gestapo.

Back in Birmingham at the start of the war, Florence Barrow continued to work on inner-city housing reform as honorary secretary of COPEC and to organize the reception of Jewish refugees into the city. In 1958 the city of Birmingham gave her its civic gold medal for services to its urban housing programme, including the provision of low-rented accommodation for single working women and 'sheltered housing' for the elderly and for handicapped people. The city regretted to report that her active days as a social worker were almost finished. She was eighty-two. Quiet, gentle, almost timid in manner, and only 4 feet 6 inches tall, Florence Barrow's 'outward appearance gave little indication of the power within' ('Warwickshire Monthly Meeting', 14 Nov 1964, London Yearly Meeting Proceedings). She died at Bryony House, Selly Oak, Birmingham, on 3 March 1964.

# Sybil Oldfield

Sources RS Friends, Lond., Temp. MS 590/3 · F. Barrow, 'Stray memories of Buzuluk, 1916–1918', RS Friends, Lond. · F. M. Fenter, COPEC adventure: the story of Birmingham COPEC House Improvement Society (1960) · The Friend (13 March 1964) · Birmingham Post and Birmingham Gazette (3 Nov 1958) · Birmingham Post and Birmingham Gazette (4 March 1964) · Birmingham Evening Mail and Despatch (4 March 1964) · Birmingham Evening Mail and Despatch (7 March 1964) · Friends' House, London, London Yearly Meeting Proceedings (1965), 66–7 · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1964)

Archives RS Friends, Lond., papers, MSS, and typescript

Likenesses photograph, c.1914, priv. coll. [see illus.] · photograph, c.1925, priv. coll. · photograph, repro. in Birmingham Post (25 Feb 1932) · photograph, repro. in Birmingham Post (4 March 1964)

Wealth at death £19,842: probate, 17 June 1964, CGPLA Eng. & Wales © Oxford University Press 2004–14 All rights reserved: see legal notice Oxford University Press Sybil Oldfield, 'Barrow, Florence Mary (1876–1964)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/38513]

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1891-Jun 1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Relief worker and promoter of improved housing.
- She was a Ouaker.

8-Thomas Barrow<sup>4,7,9,78</sup> was born on 5 Jun 1829 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 16 Feb 1919 in Baldrand, Lancaster, Lancashire at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Woollen draper in Lancaster, Lancashire.
- He worked as a Pioneer of the "Coffee Tavern Movement".
- He worked as a Ouaker Minister.

Thomas married Isabel Doull,<sup>4,78,92</sup> daughter of David Doull<sup>92</sup> and Mary Rimmington,<sup>92</sup> on 16 Mar 1859. Isabel was born on 19 Jun 1833 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 4 Mar 1921 at age 87. They had two children: George William and Thomas Corbyn.

9-George William Barrow<sup>4,93</sup> was born on 3 Dec 1864 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 21 Jul 1910 in Street Accident In London. at age 45.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friend's school, Lancaster; Owens College, Manchester.
- He worked as a Merchant and Woollen draper of Lancaster.

George married Anne Leonora Stephens,<sup>4,93</sup> daughter of John Stephens<sup>4,94</sup> and Elizabeth Morgan Jones,<sup>4,94</sup> in 1905. Anne was born on 24 Oct 1867 in Ashfield, Budock, Falmouth, Cornwall and died on 7 Oct 1958 in Turleigh Combe, Bradford-on-Avon, Wiltshire at age 90. They had two children: George Erskine and David R.

# **10-George Erskine Barrow**

George married Margaret MacInnes. They had five children: (No Given Name), Julian Gurney, (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

# 11-Barrow

11-Julian Gurney Barrow was born on 28 Aug 1939 in Kirklinton, Carlisle, Cumbria and died on 3 Sep 2013 at age 74.

General Notes: A prolific traditionalist, he painted almost 1,000 country seats, great and small, across the world, in a style that was reassuringly conventional but not dull; he always made maximum use of lighting effects. According to Auberon Waugh, Barrow had "a peculiar genius for capturing the Englishness of a building, its social and architectural essence". Though he never possessed a pinstriped suit, Barrow was once described in this newspaper as "far happier in a Savile Row suit than a dirty artist's smock". Tall, slim, soldierly, gentle, humorous and self-mocking, he lived and worked for almost 50 years in the studio in Tite Street, Chelsea, which had been occupied by Sargent and Augustus John. He captured the Albert Bridge from every angle, at high and low tide, and made frequent excursions further afield. In St James's Street, he painted posh shopfronts like Lock & Co and Berry Brothers with characteristic aplomb, but was sometimes even more excited by humble front doors and casement windows in Spitalfields. Much though he loved his own country, Barrow was equally at home in America, where he held several successful one-man exhibitions - capturing Grand Central Station with as much zest as

he did the Grand Canal in Venice.

Julian Gurney Barrow was born at Kirklinton, Cumberland, on August 28 1939, the second of five sons of George Erskine Barrow, a solicitor who worked for Carr's Biscuits in Carlisle and later for the Board of Trade in London, and his Cumbrian-born wife Margaret MacInnes, an painter who had studied at the Edinburgh College of Art. He spent most of the war years in the village of Dacre, three miles from Ullswater, where he would later paint the spot that inspired Wordsworth's Daffodils. As a boy of six, it was said that he could not stop drawing. At Harrow, he quickly discovered the joys of the art school and became three times winner of the Henry Yates Thompson Art Prize. Prevented by an allergy to horses from doing National Service, he enrolled at the Royal West of England Art College in Bristol, but lasted there only one and a half terms, doing as much work

as possible on his own pictures. In 1958 he went to London, selling two of them (for £2 and £3) on Victoria Embankment. Around the same time he bought his first car, a 1935 Austin with the encouraging number-plate ART 346.

A few weeks later he placated his father, who feared that his son would end up starving in a garret, by joining the Bond Street picture restorers William Drown & Sons, where he was entrusted to work on the original His Master's Voice picture, featuring a dog listening to a gramophone. A few months later he switched to a similar position in the restoration department at the National Gallery.

An important turning point came the following year when, at the National Gallery's suggestion, he was sent to work on pictures in Ambrose Congreve's collection in Ireland. Armed with his cleaning materials and his own paint box, Barrow produced a picture of Mount Congreve in his spare time; its owners snapped it up and asked for more. Encouraged by this, Barrow abandoned picture restoration and in early 1960 went to Florence to become a student of Pietro Annigoni, already famous for his early portrait of the Queen. For the next few years he divided his time between London and Florence.

In May 1961 he rented his first studio in Tite Street, across the road from the building that would later become his permanent home. Here he was commissioned by the King's Own Scottish Borderers to paint their star soldier, Sgt Bill Speakman, VC; and in August that year, on hearing of the theft of Goya's Duke of Wellington from the National Gallery, he perpetrated the prank of his life. Quickly dashing off a copy of the famous portrait, Barrow carried it through Trafalgar Square, casually tucked under his arm, ill-disguised by old newspapers and exciting the attention of the crowds — and the police.

In 1965 he drove through Lebanon, Syria and Jordan to Jerusalem, where he completed a portrait of the Anglican archbishop, a cousin of his mother, and held an impromptu exhibition to finance his drive home via Turkey and Greece. The following year he was in New York, holding his first one-man show and painting Mrs Vincent Astor in her Manhattan drawing room. By 1971, when he married Serena Harington, Barrow's popularity as an artist was well established. Later described by James Lees-Milne as "a country house painter par excellence", he had already done Colin Tennant's Scottish home, Glen; Castle Howard in Yorkshire; and Shugborough Hall in Staffordshire. He was soon painting hundreds of other stately piles. He would often add his own private jokes to these pictures: a majestic landscape of Rokeby Park, Co Durham, included – if you looked carefully enough – a vignette of the Rokeby Venus, the lady once described as having the most slappable bottom in the National Gallery.

At the same time Barrow was producing innumerable interiors and conversation pieces, revealing the essential characters of his sitters (some admirers thought them subtle caricatures) by showing them surrounded by all their personal clutter. Early works included the Malcolm Forbes family in New Jersey, the Duc and Duchesse Decazes at the Palazzo Polignac in Venice, and a boardroom scene at Purdey, the Mayfair gunsmiths. These were followed by portraits of Auberon Waugh – wine bottle to hand – at his desk at Combe Florey, and James Lees-Milne in his garden at Badminton.

In 1977, for the Queen's Silver Jubilee, he produced a portrait of the House of Lords which now hangs at Westminster and embarked on a series of interiors of London clubs such as the Garrick and Beefsteak. He continued to travel the world, and trips to India's forts and palaces became an annual event. When abroad he was as happy sleeping in some rat-infested bed in the wilds as in the luxury B&B at Tikli Bottom, near Delhi.

In 2011 Barrow and his wife celebrated their 40th wedding anniversary by spending the night at London's Savoy Hotel. The room once used by Monet overlooking the river was not available, but they were upgraded to the Charlie Chaplin suite, from which Barrow produced five riverscapes in 24 hours.

Barrow's work has been praised over the years by a number of commentators, including John Julius Norwich, who once wrote: "Julian Barrow's pictures convince us that whatever terrible things happen in the world there is beauty aplenty for the asking – and for the taking." Several years ago he even extracted mild words of praise from the hard-to-please Brian Sewell: "The marmalade glow of Julian Barrow's autumn is almost tolerable."

Julian Barrow is survived by his wife and two daughters, one of whom, Cecilia, is a popular painter of dogs and horses.

Julian Barrow, born August 28 1939, died September 3 2013

The Daily Telegraph

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Painter.
- His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 19 Sep 2013.

Julian married Serena Catherine Lucy Harington, daughter of Maj. John Temple Harington and Catherine Mary Cameron. They had two children: Cecilia Margaret and Eugenie Catherine.

12-Cecilia Margaret Barrow

12-Eugenie Catherine Barrow

11-Barrow

- 11-Barrow
- 11-Barrow

10-David R. Barrow<sup>4,93</sup> was born in Jan 1910 in High Bank, Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 28 Apr 1910 in High Bank, Lancaster, Lancashire.

9-Thomas Corbyn Barrow<sup>78</sup> was born in 1866 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 13 Nov 1871 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 5.

8-John Barrow<sup>4,9</sup> was born on 21 Sep 1831 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 31 Jan 1912 at age 80.

John married Eliza Neild, daughter of Isaac Neild<sup>95,96</sup> and Hannah Thorp,<sup>95,96</sup> on 3 Apr 1882. Eliza was born on 13 Apr 1837 in Chorlton upon Medlock, Manchester and died on 5 Jul 1904 at age 67. They had no children.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Cheadle Hulme, Cheshire.

8-William Barrow<sup>4,9,26,94</sup> was born on 23 Mar 1834 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 10 Jan 1907 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was a Quaker.

William married Ann Dinah Holmes,<sup>26,94</sup> daughter of William Holmes and Elizabeth, on 21 Aug 1867. Ann was born on 19 Aug 1836 in Sunderland, County Durham. They had two children: Spencer Ellwood and Constance Sarah.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: They had six children living in 1904.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1849-Jun 1851 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

9-Lieut. Spencer Ellwood Barrow was born in 1873 in Lancaster, Lancashire, died on 16 Nov 1915 in St. Thomas's Hospital, London. From wounds in action at age 42, and was buried in Lancaster, Lancashire. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: Barrow Spencer E Lieutenant 5th Battalion Kings Own Royal Lancaster Regiment wounded 5 May, 1915, died of wounds 8 November 1915 at St Thomas' hospital, London, address Yewgarth, Lancaster, educated at Oliver's Mount school, Scarborough, served articles as an architect ARIBA at Newcastle, practiced at bank Chambers, Lancaster. A member of the Society of Friends (Quakers), treasurer of the Royal Lancaster Infirmary, a hockey and tennis player. Second son of the late Mr William, and Mrs Barrow.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Architect in Bank Chambers, Lancaster, Lancashire.
- He had a residence in Yewgarth, Lancaster, Lancashire.
- He worked as an officer of the 5th Battalion King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regt.).

9-Constance Sarah Barrow<sup>26</sup> was born on 13 Jul 1879 in Lancaster, Lancashire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1894 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

7-Benjamin Head Cadbury<sup>4,6,8,9,62,64,71,97,98,99</sup> was born on 27 Jul 1798 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 18 Jan 1880 in Grove House, 29 George Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham at age 81, and was buried in FBG Witton, Birmingham.

# **Descendants of John Head**

General Notes: In 1823 Richard Tapper Cadbury's eldest child Sarah married John Barrow of Lancaster, and the journeyings to and fro between the two household's became very frequent. Coaches left the Hen and Chicken hotel at 6am., and only by traveling on late at night could they reach Lancaster in the day. Sometimes the journey would be broken at Pendleton, near Manchester where they stayed at the house of John Wadkin, a great friend of Richard Tapper Cadbury. Mrs John Wadkin was a sister of Mrs George Barrow of Lancaster, so their daughter Candia was a first cousin of the Barrows. The knot of relationships was eventually very closely drawn, when three of Richard Tapper's children Sarah, Benjamin Head and John were married respectively to John Barrow, Candia Wadkin and Candia Barrow. "Richard Cadbury of Birmingham" by his daughter Helen Cadbury Alexander.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Silk Mercer & Draper in 1828 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Benjamin married **Candia Wadkin**,<sup>4,8,9,62,71,97,99</sup> daughter of **John Wadkin**<sup>4,62,71</sup> and **Hannah Pumphrey**,<sup>4,62,71,97</sup> on 26 Feb 1829 in FMH Manchester. Candia was born on 10 Jul 1803 in Pendleton, Manchester, died on 2 Aug 1887 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 84, and was buried in FBG Witton, Birmingham. They had eight children: Hannah, Elizabeth Head, Sarah, Joel, Mary, Caroline, Emma, and Lucy Ann.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

8-Hannah Cadbury<sup>9,97</sup> was born on 31 Jan 1830 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 15 Sep 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 74, and was buried on 19 Sep 1904 in FBG Witton, Birmingham.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Edgbaston in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- She was educated at School in Lewes by the Dymond family in Lewes, East Sussex.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder.
- She worked as an Adult school teacher.

8-Elizabeth Head Cadbury<sup>9,69</sup> was born on 18 Dec 1832 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jun 1909 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 76.

General Notes: Elizabeth H. Cadbury, 76 13 6mo. 1909 Edgbaston. A Minister. Sarah Cadbury, 72 21 9mo. 1908 Elizabeth Head and Sarah Cadbury, the second and third daughters of Benjamin H. and Candia Cadbury, died within nine months of each other. They were born in Birmingham, and that city was their home during the course of their long and useful lives. Both sisters were educated at Lewes under the care of M. M. and J. S. Dymond. When their happy schooldays were over they entered with all the enthusiasm of their energetic temperaments into the pleasures and duties of home, and by degrees into the philanthropic life opening before the Society of Friends in Birmingham, to which Society they were both warmly attached. They had classes in the Priory School for Young Women, and taught there for over forty years. They each shared in the responsibility of a large Mothers' Meeting, and each had a great interest in work among prisoners. They shared the same love of travel and had intense enjoyment in long holidays in Switzerland, Norway and other countries. Elizabeth spent five delightful months in Syria and the Holy Land, and Sarah enjoyed a long visit to her relations in America and a journey to Niagara, and to Yellowstone Park. But with much in common each had a special sphere of service for which she was peculiarly fitted. Sarah's early life was somewhat clouded by conscientious scruples as to dress; but when the love of Christ and the rest and liberty of the children of God was revealed to her, - through the influence of a young friend - it brought great joy into her life, which remained with her, and it was evident that the "joy of the Lord " was her strength. In 1873, she had to leave her much loved home and work, and go to the Isle of Wight to be under a French doctor. Here she stayed four years in lodgings in Newport and Carisbrooke, her sisters and parents taking turns to stay with her. The treatment she had to undergo was most severe and trying, but sustained by Divine Power, her bright and happy spirit rose above it all. She bore this heavy trial bravely, and putting self aside she entered into the interests around her. She helped in a series of Friends' Mission Meetings held at Newport, and also in Cottage Meetings. She greatly enjoyed beautiful drives in the island, the lovely spring flowers and her books. The means used were, however, unsuccessful in effecting a cure, and she returned home; but after thirteen years of invalid life she gradually recovered, to the surprise of everyone. With great enjoyment she entered again into the home life with its varied interests and engagements. One of her strong characteristics was her keen power of enjoyment, and it has been said of her "it was like a tonic to meet her." But her thoughts naturally turned to those in suffering; for many years she was a visitor at the Homoeopathic Hospital, and joined the Committee of the Women's Hospital, in which institution she took an unfailing interest to the last. Police Court Visiting having been started in the city, she was asked to join in the work, which she did once a week, interviewing women and girls who needed a helping hand, some hardened in sin, and others whom she was able to restore to their parents or to place in sheltering homes in the city, where they would be able to work and to live a better life. Her words of cheer and encouragement at the Home for Friendless Girls, where she was a frequent visitor, were much valued. She often said " I could not go on with this Police Court work unless I could tell these poor tempted ones of a Saviour's power to save and deliver." In the summer of 1908, she stayed with her sisters in Derbyshire, after a short visit to the Channel Islands. Shortly after her return, on September 12th, she spent a lively afternoon in Sutton Park with some working girls and returned home very bright. The next morning early she was suddenly taken ill with heart trouble. She had eight days of "very pleasant illness " as she said, kindly cared for night and day by nurses who thought that she was making a good recovery. But God meant otherwise, for on the afternoon of September 21st, the call came suddenly, and in a few minutes she peacefully passed away from the loved ones on earth to be with her Saviour and her loved ones in heaven. Elizabeth Head Cadbury was of an enthusiastic temperament, and threw herself heartily into whatever she undertook. Her health was not robust, but she never allowed cross currents to spoil her life. Her interest in the temperance cause awoke early;

# **Descendants of John Head**

perhaps the sight of a public-house opposite her nursery window in town may have had something to do with this. Certainly next to her longing to bring the broken-hearted to the Healer of disease, was the passion to redeem the lives of those who were slaves to strong drink. She threw herself heartily into the various means for helping in the cause; whether it were through the work of the British Women's Association, or the Young Abstainer's Union, or in her large Mothers' Meeting, or in touching individual cases, or among the sorrowful prison inmates, any branch of the work was to her worth helping and worth the very best efforts of which she was capable. In all sorts of places she was quick to scent out the evil of intemperance. As an instance, once when staying at a charming village in Scotland, with a picturesque hotel, she saw the back-door and heard sad stories of lives spoiled by drink. She called on the ladies of the Manse, and got leave for a meeting at the School. In the evening the room was filled, and the Manse ladies were the first to sign the pledge. Soon after, a Coffee House and Reading Room were started for residents and visitors and have done good work ever since. Her tender heart for suffering and for women's sorrows especially, caused her to write when advocating this work for others : " I felt it a privilege to wend my way to the prison, to enter into the history of temptation, sin and misery, and to press home words of advice and sympathy, to read a portion of the Bible and speak of the willingness of Christ to receive the repentant sinner, and to kneel in prayer for pardon, and for strength for the future." She would suggest how best to begin life again ; much thought and correspondence with the prisoner's friends would ensue, and she spared no pains in writing or visiting to help to a better life. She rejoiced greatly over changed lives, and homes made happy, and tenderly watched over them. There were many discouragements in her work, but her life was an illustration of the love that never faileth, the love that hopeth all things. She believed for herself and others also, that it was best sometimes to leave one sort of work for a more important or a more difficult one. It was this which led her to give up her class at the Adult School, that she might be more free to take her place in Meetings for Worship, as a Minister of the Gospel, to which she felt she was called. A Birmingham Friend writes of her : " Elizabeth H. Cadbury took an active part in the vocal service at our Meetings, and in the Meetings of the Christian Society for many years. Her ministry was characterised by a deep evangelical spirit, an intense love of Christ, and an earnest desire that her friends should share in the privilege of reconciliation with God, fellowship with Christ and the loving service for which this qualifies, and to which it leads. She had a very special call to congregational prayer, and felt great liberty in that direction, and was frequent in her appeals to her fellow members to respond faithfully to the Master's call to this service. In this respect we believe she was largely blessed, and in this, too we most keenly feel the loss we have sustained in the removal of her loving and loveable personality from our midst." The sudden death of her sister Sarah was a great shock from which she never wholly recovered. Early in the present year her health suddenly failed, and for five months she was confined to bed with frequent heart attacks. But during this long period her room was a haven of peace and beauty, she was able to enjoy the visits of friends, the kindness of her nurses, her flowers, and the birds, constant visitors to her window-sill. She hoped to be able to return to the active work she loved so much, but strength slowly ebbed. One day when talking with her nurse she said : "How I wish God wovild speak to me"; and, says the nurse, "we definitely prayed that God would speak to her, and He gave us more than we asked." On June 10th at midnight she awoke saying "I have had such a delightful night; seen Jesus and mother ! " About eight o'clock next morning she awoke, saying : " Delightful ! He has called me ! called me ! Lord take me home now ! Jesus ! He says He will come and take me Himself." She waited expectantly for some time, and then said : "Perhaps He is not coming so soon as I thought "; but at midnight of the 13th the call came and the Lord Himself took her Home.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Ouaker Minister.
- She worked as a Teacher and prison visitor.

8-Sarah Cadbury<sup>9,64,69</sup> was born on 2 Feb 1836 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 21 Sep 1908 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 72.

8-Joel Cadbury<sup>4,9,100</sup> was born on 12 Jan 1838 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 22 Nov 1916 in Sutton Coldfield, Warwickshire, (20 Dec 1916 given in AM) at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Button Manufacturer trading as Green & Cadbury in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Joel married Maria Hotham,<sup>4</sup> daughter of James Hotham<sup>4,77,101,102</sup> and Sarah Mallinson,<sup>4,77,101</sup> on 20 Apr 1865. Maria was born in 1841 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1928 at age 87. They had four children: Henrietta Julia, Friede Louise, Joel Hotham, and Margaret Christobel.

Noted events in their marriage were:

Miscellaneous: Adopted children.

9-Henrietta Julia Grylls<sup>52</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1864 in Salford Manor, Bedfordshire and died on 11 Feb 1941 in Charlton Kings, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 76.

General Notes: Adopted in 1868 by Joel Cadbury and Maria Hotham. Her father died when she was 3 years old but there is evidence to suggest that her mother, through circumstance unknown, was compelled to place her daughter/children in an orphanage thereafter.

Henrietta married **Rev. John Jowitt Wilson**,<sup>52,103</sup> son of **Isaac Whitwell Wilson**<sup>52</sup> and **Anne Bagster**,<sup>52</sup> on 7 Feb 1889 in FMH Birmingham. John was born on 9 Apr 1861 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Feb 1928 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 66. They had four children: Isaac Gabriel, Stephen Grylls, Eunice Bagster Grylls, and Humphrey Whitwell.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a County Councillor for Westmorland 1894 To 1901.

- He was educated at Queen's College, Birmingham.
- Miscellaneous: Ordained, 14 Jun 1908, Manchester.
- He worked as a Curate in Charge, Blackley in Blackley, Manchester.
- He had a residence in Blackley, Manchester.

10-Isaac Gabriel Wilson<sup>52</sup> was born on 5 Feb 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Mar 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria.

10-Stephen Grvlls Wilson<sup>52</sup> was born on 24 Feb 1892 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 Oct 1973 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Church of England.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1919.
- He worked as a School teacher.

Stephen married Amy Dorothea Newlove, daughter of William Newlove and Amy Willoughby, on 22 May 1925 in Manchester. Amy was born on 2 May 1888 in Manchester and died on 9 Mar 1938 in Learnington Spa, Warwickshire at age 49. They had one daughter: Ursula Jean Grylls.

11-Ursula Jean Grylls Wilson

Ursula married Erwin Paul Engler, son of Emil Ludvig Engler and Berta Katherina Kirtowski. They had three children: Peter Frederick Wilson, Anne Elizabeth, and Pamela Mary.

12-Peter Frederick Wilson Engler

12-Anne Elizabeth Engler

12-Pamela Mary Engler

Stephen next married Marjorie Crouch on 2 Oct 1945 in Oxford. Marjorie was born on 25 Jun 1890 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

10-Eunice Bagster Grylls Wilson<sup>52</sup> was born on 27 Feb 1894 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 25 Oct 1976 at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1909-Aug 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Humphrey Whitwell Wilson<sup>52</sup> was born on 27 Feb 1898 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 4 Jul 1899 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 1.

9- Friede Louise<sup>94,103</sup> was born in 1870 in Switzerland and died in 1942 at age 72.

General Notes: She was adopted by Joel and Maria in 1872

Friede married William Thomas Stubbs<sup>94,103</sup> on 20 Oct 1897. William was born in 1856. They had one son: William Norman Talbot.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

10-William Norman Talbot Stubbs<sup>94,103</sup> was born on 3 Nov 1898 and died on 24 Oct 1915 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 16.

9-Joel Hotham Cadbury<sup>4,7,51</sup> was born on 11 Jun 1878 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 16 Jan 1946 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Button manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Joel married Margery Patching,<sup>4,7</sup> daughter of Alexander Wheeler Patching<sup>4</sup> and Amy Louisa Binns,<sup>4</sup> on 5 Feb 1913. Margery was born in 1886 and died in 1960 at age 74. They had five children: Anthony William, Michael Hotham, Margaret Hotham, Kenneth Hotham, and Yvonne Hotham.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

10-Anthony William Cadbury was born on 1 Sep 1914 in Northfield, Birmingham, Worcestershire.

10-Michael Hotham Cadbury was born on 16 Dec 1915 in Northfield, Birmingham, Worcestershire.

10-Margaret Hotham Cadbury<sup>7</sup> was born on 13 Oct 1917 in Northfield, Birmingham, Worcestershire and died on 7 Dec 1917 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

10-Maj. Kenneth Hotham Cadbury<sup>51,84,104,105,106,107</sup> was born on 25 Feb 1919 in Northfield, Birmingham, Worcestershire and died on 9 Jun 1991 at age 72.

General Notes: CADBURY, Kenneth Hotham

CBE 1974; MC 1944

Born 25 Feb. 1919; s of J. Hotham Cadbury, manufacturer, Birmingham; m 1st, 1947, Margaret R. King (marr. diss. 1955); one s one d; 2nd, 1955, Marjorie I. Lilley; three d; died 9 June 1991 Assistant Managing Director, 1975–77, Deputy Managing Director, 1978–79, Telecommunications, Post Office

EDUCATION Bootham Sch., York; Univ. of Birmingham (BCom 1940); Open Univ. (BA Hons 1986)

CAREER Served in Royal Artillery in Middle East and Italy, 1939–46 (despatches; MC; Major). Joined Foreign Service, 1946; transferred to GPO, 1947; served in Personnel Dept and Inland Telecommunications Dept; Cabinet Office, 1952-55; PPS to PMG, 1956-57; Dep. Director, 1960, Director, 1962, Wales and Border Counties GPO; Director: Clerical Mechanisation and Buildings, GPO, 1964–65; Inland Telecommunications, GPO, 1965–67; Purchasing and Supply, GPO, 1967–69; Sen. Dir, Planning and Purchasing, PO, 1969–75. Trustee, PO Staff Superannuation Fund, 1969–75

**RECREATION** Gardening

'CADBURY, Kenneth Hotham', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U171492 \_\_\_\_\_

# **KENNETH CADBURY**

Kenneth Cadbury, the former deputy managing director of Telecommunications at the Post Office who has died aged 72, won an M.C. in the Ital ian campaign of the Second World War, when, in company with his Brigade Major, he bluffed 24,000 Germans into surrendering. He did not know he had been gazetted for the M.C. until 1946, when he was on leave and read it in his local paper, "The Birmingham Post". With characteristic modesty he wrote: "I never found out what it was for as the Colonel had been demobilised by the time I got back to Italy, but I regarded it as a tribute to the good work firstly of the Troop and then of the Battery of which I had taken over command." On April 29, 1945 Cadbury had received orders to use his gunner battery then numbering about 200, as infantry and to intercept a force of 12,000 Germans who were reported to be advancing to Bergamo. Armed with rifles, Brens and Tommy guns, they captured a number of German trucks but when they reached interception point were told to return to their guns. "It can hardly be denied," he recalled, "that this order was received with a certain amount of relief." Cadbury was then told that, since the campaign was now reaching its final stages, the Germans might be amenable to persuasion. He duly set off with even smaller numbers and, after liberating a village, was informed that there were 1,000 Germans half a mile away, well dug in and in a defensive position. Two British officers, of whom Cadbury was one, approached them with a white flag. "We walked the last 200 yards up to a farm covered by a Spandau, whic gave us an empty feeling." They told the German commander that he would be wise to surrender as he was about to receive a full tank and infantry assault. He refused, so they told him how the Allies were advancing in Austria and Germany. "He was interested but adamant," recalled Cadbury. "As a last resort we told him that the Russians were on the Brenner and any of his men who escaped our massive, (but non-existent) attack would be assassinated by the Partisans or captured by the Russians. This caused considerable anxiety among his other officers, and the commander withdrew to consult them. "While they were away, I wandered about lowering the morale of his troops by telling them of the situation. The German commander then returned and said he would allow any men who wished to surrender, but he needed time. He was bluntly informed that the attack would begin in half an hour." Cadbury's C.O. then "scrounged about 100 infantry and a few tanks and brought them up only a few minutes after the time we had named for our non- existent attack to begin. On seeing them the Germans decided to surrender." Cadbury was also mentioned in despatches without knowing quite what for; but it seems to have been when he was a forward observation officer in a Sherman tank, supporting the 17th/21st Lancers and the Rifle Brigade. In continuous rain they established observation posts on 2,000 ft high peaks: when the weather cleared they were able to shell the German positions round Portico with great accuracy. The Germans used their mortars to good effect, but Cadbury's men were greatly assisted by the Partisans, who accurately reported on the location and strength of the German positions. Cadbury's battery assisted the evacuation of some wounded Rifle Brigade troups along a German patrol road by diverting attention with a heavy and accurate barrage.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE MC.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1932-1936 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Birmingham.
- He worked as a Deputy Managing Director, Telecommunications, Post Office in 1978-1979.

Kenneth married R. Margaret King. They had two children: Jonathan Humphrey and Rosalind Anne Hotham.

# 11-Jonathan Humphrey Cadbury

### 11-Rosalind Anne Hotham Cadbury

Kenneth next married Marjorie I. Lilley. They had three children: Deborah, Stephanie, and Corinne.

### 11-Deborah Cadbury

- 11-Stephanie Cadbury
- 11-Corinne Cadbury

10-Yvonne Hotham Cadbury was born on 27 Jul 1921 in Northfield, Birmingham, Worcestershire, died on 21 Sep 2016 at age 95, and was buried in FBG Spiceland.

General Notes: **Yvonne Hotham Fox obituary** Yvonne Fox, who has died aged 95, had a remarkable positive energy and optimism and spent her life joyfully serving others. She had a wonderful zest for life that she shared with others through her work as a physiotherapist and through her dedication to many community causes. Having trained and worked as a physiotherapist she went on to volunteer with St John Ambulance, Meals on Wheels, and Inner Wheel Club (part of Rotary International). She also served on the management committee at Tone Vale Psychiatric Hospital at Cotford St Luke, and she was a Governor at both Sidcot School and Wellington School. Yvonne was an early advocate of the natural childbirth movement, which went against the norm of the time. Instead of being made to lie flat on their backs with their feet in stirrups, as was the standard practice of the time, she believed that women deserved to have a more active role in giving birth to their children. She was able to combine her healthcare training with her ability to build confidence in others to empower more women to do this. She was greatly valued for her work with the Natural Childbirth Trust. As an enthusiastic member of St John Ambulance Brigade Yvonne regularly ran first aid courses, helped with home nursing and did lots of fundraising. Her concern for others led her to set up St John Car Outings, organising drivers to pick up lonely older people and take them to country houses for tea. Her open welcoming nature put others at ease and made these outings fun. The generosity of local people in opening their homes was rewarded by the heartfelt appreciation of people who were becoming side-lined by society. Yvonne was a committed member of Wellington Society of Friends (Quakers), playing an active role inspiring newer members. Her Christian faith was expressed practically in her love and care, and in seeing the best in everyone. It was not only what she did, it was how she did it that inspired those around her. Everything she undertook from the biggest endeavour to the smallest chore was carried out with joy, fun and a profound sense of gratitude. She was a source of wisdom and eternal optimism for her many friends and family. Yvonne was born at Selly Oak, Birmingham on 27<sup>th</sup> July 1921 into the Cadbury family of chocolate-making fame. Her own parents Margery and Joel Cadbury owned a button manufacturing company. Together with her three elder brothers she was brought up in a Quaker (Society of Friends) family. She attended the Friends schools at Sidcot near Bristol and the Mount School, York. When the second world war broke out she was studying English at Leeds University, but her contribution to the war effort was to train as a Physiotherapist at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Birmingham in order to be of practical assistance to those in need. She was happily married to Michael Pease Fox, director of Fox Brothers of Wellington, who she met through her school friend Angela Fox of Gerbestone Manor. Michael spent the war with the Friends Ambulance Unit in China before studying Engineering at Cambridge University, and then joining the family textile business. They married in 1948 and moved into Legglands on Wellington Hill, where they spent their whole married life together. They went on to have four children, seven grandchildren and ten great grandchildren to whom Yvonne was a source of love, inspiration and fun. Yvonne loved being outdoors, regularly ate her breakfast in the fresh air, and welcomed friends and family to share the fruit and veg from her garden. She and Michael enjoyed going on picnics, walks and mountaineering together until well into their 80s. Yvonne had an amazing ability to make everyone feel welcome and special. She was always really pleased to see you and shared her time and energy generously. She will be remembered by her family as someone who was perennially optimistic and whose presence could transform the most mundane occasion into something special. Her family are grateful for the loving care she received these last few months as a resident of Popham Court and for the friends and family who brightened her days with chats, visits and outings. A service in celebration of Yvonne's life will be held at 11am on Friday 7th October at Taunton Deane Crematorium. A reception will follow at Langford Budville Village Hall. All are warmly welcome to attend both parts of the day. Memorial gifts may be made in Yvonne Fox's name to St John Ambulance (give address and link to Granny's online donation site for St John Ambulance). Emily Samways and Bryony Fox.

Yvonne married Michael Pease Fox, son of Julian Pease Fox<sup>52</sup> and Marjorie Ellis Gibbins, on 24 Jul 1948 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Michael was born on 21 Aug 1921 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 10 Feb 2010 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Spiceland. They had four children: Julian Hotham, Patricia Jean, Roger Cadbury, and Diana Frances.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chairman Fox Brothers & Co. Ltd.

11-Julian Hotham Fox

Julian married Susan Lamb. They had three children: Jethron Pease, Emily Jane Tamarin, and Bryony Claire.

12-Jethron Pease Fox

12-Emily Jane Tamarin Fox

Emily married Jeremy Malcolm Samways. They had one son: George Louis Fox.

13-George Louis Fox Samways

12-Bryony Claire Fox

Julian next married Louise Perrin.

# 11-Patricia Jean Fox

Patricia married Prof. Christopher Frank Dowrick, son of Prof. Frank Dowrick and (Mabel) Cherry (Barbara) Burberry. They had two children: Elizabeth Rachel and Clare Christine.

# 12-Elizabeth Rachel Dowrick

Elizabeth married **Dr. Malcolm Philip Savage**. They had one daughter: **Hannah Joy**.

13-Hannah Joy Savage

12-Clare Christine Dowrick

# 11-Roger Cadbury Fox

Roger married Gordana Milijasevic. They had two children: Alexandra Yvonne and Victor James.

# 12-Alexandra Yvonne Fox

12-Victor James Fox was born on 3 Mar 1994, died on 12 May 2016 in Dharasu, Nalupani, Uttarakashi, India at age 22, and was buried on 23 May 2016 in Marylebone Crematorium, London. The cause of his death was in a tragic motorcycle accident.

General Notes: DEHRADUN: A 22-year-old British biker, who was with a four-member expedition team riding from Rishikesh to Gangotri, lost balance and fell into a deep gorge along with his bike in Nalupani area of Uttarakashi district. After a three-hour operation by the State Disaster Response Force (SDRF) and the local police, he was rescued but died on the way to hospital.

Ravindra Yadav, station officer, Dharasu, told TOI, "The four were on different motor-cycles. They had started the expedition from Rishikesh and were on their way to Gangotri Dham." Around 7.30pm on Thursday, Victor James Fox lost control of his two-wheeler and fell into a 200-metre-deep gorge near Dharasu bend in Nalupani, about 30km from Uttarakashi. With no help in sight at the spot, his three friends went ahead and informed policemen at Chinayalisaund about the accident and sought their assistance. On receiving the information, a team from Dharasu police station and personnel of SDRF along with rescue equipment rushed to the spot.

"We heard his cries for help and despite the cover of darkness, a sincere effort was made to rescue the British national. We could not even see Fox and our team worked hard to find him in the deep gorge," Yadav said. After the rescue operation that lasted nearly three hours, the police personnel were successful in bringing him out of the gorge at about 10.30pm. "Fox was rushed to the district hospital at Uttarakashi, where doctors declared him dead," Yadav added.

A post-mortem was conducted on Friday, after which the victim's body was brought to Himalayan Hospital at Jolly Grant, Dehradun. "On Saturday, Fox's family members are expected to arrive in the state capital. They will take a call on the location where his last rites will be performed," the police officer said.

The Times of India. 13 May 2016

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I am sorry that my first post here for a long time has to be a sad one. I am writing to let the wider family know of the loss of Victor J Fox, son of Roger and Goga Fox and sister to Sasha, who live in North London. Roger is my first cousin and from the Wellington Foxes i.e. the third child of Michael (last Chairman of the family owned Fox Brothers; d.2010) and Yvonne Fox of Legglands.

Victor was 22 years old and "in the starting blocks" of a full and successful life when last Thursday, he suffered a dreadful and fatal accident as his motorbike plunged down a 200' ravine in Northern India.

He had gained a first class honours degree in Philosophy and then spent five months travelling and working on his own in Colombia. An experience which led some family to notice on his recent brief return to England, an increasing maturity in this already very likeable, able and serious young man. He then flew out to India to meet other friends who had been trekking further east and they explored Southern India before heading North. Here they hired motorbikes in order to visit the temple at the source of the Ganges. Somehow he became separated from his friends and when they caught up with him, he was being tended by paramedics having fallen down the ravine. It is unclear why this tragedy occurred but that it is a tragedy is in no doubt.

There will be a cremation at Marylebone Crematorium (small venue) on Monday 23rd May at 11.00 a.m. followed by a humanist service in the dining room at Highgate Junior School (Bishopswood Rd N6 4PP - entrance opposite Mallinsons sports centre) at 4.30 p.m. and then a wake at 6.30p.m. in The Wrestler Pub nearby. Judy Fox (JudyFox@lds.co.uk) via Lordsmeade group. 20 May 2016

### 11-Diana Frances Fox

9-Margaret Christobel Cadbury<sup>103</sup> was born on 18 Dec 1881 and died in 1950 at age 69.

8-Mary Cadbury<sup>9,99</sup> was born on 9 Sep 1839 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 1 Sep 1896 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 56, and was buried in FBG Witton, Birmingham. The cause of her death was Acute meningitis.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Miriam, Mary & Josephine Dymond's school in Lewes, East Sussex.
- Miscellaneous: Visited cousins in Philadelphia, 1871-1872, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.
- She worked as a Probationer Nurse, the Nightingale Home, St. Thomas's Hospital on 4 Jul 1873 in London.
- She worked as a District Nurse in 1876 in Manchester.
- She worked as a Lady Superintendent of the Brownlow Hill Infirmary in Liverpool.
- She worked as a Matron of the Sheffield Hospital and Dispensary in Sheffield, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Nursing Superintendent, Queen's Hospital in 1890 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

8-Caroline Cadbury<sup>9</sup> was born in 1842 and died on 29 Jul 1928 at age 86.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Missionary in Brummana, Lebanon.

8-Emma Cadbury<sup>9</sup> was born in 1844 and died on 23 Dec 1928 at age 84.

8-Lucy Ann Cadbury<sup>8,9,71</sup> was born in 1848, died on 10 Apr 1852 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 4, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham.

7-Joel Cadbury<sup>6,7</sup> was born on 19 Jun 1799 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 23 Mar 1870 in Pennsylvania, USA at age 70, and was buried in FBG Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated Pennsylvania, USA in 1814.

8-Mary Ann Cadbury was born on 7 Sep 1823 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 11 Oct 1861 at age 38.

8-Richard Cadbury<sup>11</sup> was born on 18 Sep 1825 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 13 Mar 1897 at age 71.

9-Caroline Cadbury<sup>11</sup> was born on 23 Sep 1851 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 22 Mar 1914 in Upper Darby, Pennsylvania, USA at age 62, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-**Richard Cadbury Brown**<sup>11</sup> was born on 28 Jul 1877 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 15 Mar 1939 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA at age 61, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Schoolmaster, Bootham School in 1903-1904 in York, Yorkshire.

11-Emma Perry Brown was born on 21 Jul 1906.

12-Edward Lawrence Richie

12-Priscilla Bailey Richie

11-Clarissa Browning Brown was born on 28 Mar 1909.

10-Mary Anna Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 26 Apr 1879 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Aug 1879 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Bertha Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 4 Jun 1880 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Oct 1959 at age 79.

10-Shipley Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 23 Oct 1881 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 31 Dec 1941 at age 60.

11-Alice Deborah Brown was born on 22 Apr 1907 and died on 8 Apr 1994 at age 86.

11-Thomas Shipley Brown was born on 5 Feb 1912 and died on 5 Jan 2011 at age 98.

10-Clement Brown<sup>11</sup> was born on 15 Mar 1884 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Mar 1884 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-**Prof. Thomas Kite Brown Jr.**<sup>11</sup> was born on 19 Mar 1885 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 5 Jun 1944 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 59, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

11-Thomas Kite Brown III was born in 1916.

11-Arthur Ellis Brown was born on 19 Jun 1918.

10-Carroll Thornton Brown was born on 12 May 1887 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 19 May 1970 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA at age 83.

11-Caroline Cadbury Brown was born on 1 May 1916.

11-Carroll Thornton Brown Jr. was born on 1 Oct 1917 and died on 27 Dec 1996 at age 79.

10-Lydia Caroline Brown was born on 8 Oct 1889 in Westtown, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 7 Aug 1978 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

11-Elizabeth Cadbury was born on 14 Jun 1917.

11-Christopher Joel Cadbury was born on 5 Sep 1921 in Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA and died on 1 Oct 2010 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Clinical Psychologist.

12-Vivian C. Cadbury

**11-Prof. Warder Henry Cadbury** 

**12-Joel Cadbury** 

12-Adrianne Cadbury

11-Winifred C. Cadbury

9-Richard Tapper Cadbury was born on 11 Oct 1853 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1929 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania at age 76.

10-Richard Cadbury was born on 8 Jun 1885 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 11 May 1966 at age 80, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-Helen Cadbury was born on 13 Jul 1886 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA, died in 1974 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Haverford.

11-Virginia Helen Bush was born on 25 Apr 1915 in New York, New York, USA, was christened on 26 Apr 1915, and died in New York, New York, USA.

11-DeBlois Bush was born on 24 Dec 1916 in New York, New York, USA and died on 2 Aug 1980 at age 63.

11-Ann Head Bush was born on 26 Mar 1918 in New York, New York, USA and died on 3 Jan 2013 at age 94.

12-Richard Cadbury Robbins was born in 1944 and died on 3 Apr 2001 in St. Croix at age 57.

12-Wilson Brown Reynolds III

**12-Robin Reynolds** 

11-Arthur Phillips Bush was born on 18 Sep 1921.

11-Martha Comfort Bush was born on 10 Feb 1923.

10-Earl Shinn Cadbury was born on 16 Dec 1888 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 19 Feb 1970 in hendersonville, Henderson County, North Carolina, USA at age 81, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-Leah Tapper Cadbury was born on 27 Sep 1892 in Haverford Township, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Joseph Tapper Cadbury was born on 11 Oct 1853 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Sarah Shinn Cadbury was born on 31 May 1855 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 19 Sep 1876 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 21.

9-Lydia Comfort Cadbury was born on 23 Oct 1856 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 4 May 1858 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 1.

8-John Cadbury was born on 8 May 1827 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 28 Apr 1832 at age 4.

8-Elizabeth Cadbury was born on 22 May 1829 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 5 Mar 1915 at age 85.

8-Joel Cadbury was born on 15 Jan 1831 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 16 Sep 1836 at age 5.

8-William Warder Cadbury was born on 13 Oct 1832 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 28 Oct 1859 at age 27.

8-Caroline Warder Cadbury was born on 11 Oct 1834 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 27 Jun 1867 at age 32.

9-Caroline Carter was born on 9 Apr 1863 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Elizabeth Carter Warren was born on 16 Mar 1901 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Jean Craige Warren was born on 1 Jan 1903 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Sarah Cadbury Carter was born on 15 Apr 1865 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Aug 1930 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA at age 65.

10-Faith Borton was born on 24 Aug 1899 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA.

10-John Carter Borton was born on 12 Jan 1901 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA.

10-Hugh Borton was born on 14 May 1903 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA.

9-Elizabeth Cadbury Carter was born on 11 Dec 1866 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

8-John Warder Cadbury was born on 29 Sep 1836 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 4 Jun 1925 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 88.

9-Hannah Warner Cadbury was born on 19 Oct 1872 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Mar 1952 in Frankford, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 79.

9-Caroline Warder Cadbury was born on 7 Nov 1873 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 21 Mar 1962 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 88.

10-Dorothea Caroline Shipley was born on 14 Feb 1903 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died in 1976 in Plainfield, New Jersey, USA at age 73.

10-Beatrice Shipley was born on 28 May 1907 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Jeanette Shipley was born on 24 Jan 1909 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 3 Jan 1998 in Newtown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 88.

11-Martin Cadbury Michener

11-James Cope Michener

9-Eleanor Anne Cadbury was born on 24 Feb 1875 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 6 Jun 1952 at age 77.

9-William Edward Cadbury was born on 25 Jun 1881 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 26 Oct 1967 at age 86.

10-Elizabeth Willetts Cadbury was born on 6 Jul 1906 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-William Edward Cadbury was born on 19 Apr 1909 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

10-Eleanor Cadbury was born on 16 Jan 1912 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Esther Head Cadbury was born on 15 Apr 1888 and died on 6 Dec 1962 in West Palm Beach, Florida, USA at age 74.

10-John Warder Schoonmaker was born on 19 Jul 1911 in Quincy, Norfolk County, Massachusetts, USA, died on 25 Jan 1996 in Logan, Cache County, Utah, USA at age 84, and was buried in Smithfield City Cemetery, Smithfield, Utah, USA.

10-Robert Selleck Schoonmaker Jr. was born on 7 Jan 1913 and died on 18 Jan 1993 in Black Mountain, North Carolina, USA at age 80.

11-Robert Selleck Schoonmaker III

11-Marilyn Schoonmaker

10-Esther Rebecca Schoonmaker was born on 8 Jan 1915 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA.

10-Richard Cadbury Schoonmaker was born on 7 Nov 1916 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA.

10-Prof. Norman James Schoonmaker was born on 24 Dec 1918 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA.

10-Theodore Carpenter Schoonmaker was born on 27 Aug 1921 in Amherst, Massachusetts, USA, died on 19 Mar 2003 at age 81, and was buried in Siloam Cemetery, North Carolina, USA.

11-Sara Jean Schoonmaker

11-Susan Lynn Schoonmaker

10-Ruth Anne Schoonmaker

8-Joel Cadbury was born on 31 Oct 1838 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 25 Jan 1923 in Burlington, New Jersey, USA at age 84.

9-Elizabeth Bartram Cadbury was born on 15 Aug 1871 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 26 Oct 1952 in Haverford, Pennsylvania, USA at age 81, and was buried in FBG Haverford.

10-Mary Hoxie Jones was born on 27 Jul 1904.

9-Benjamin Cadbury was born on 14 Oct 1873 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 24 Jun 1955 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA at age 81.

10-Joseph Moore Cadbury was born on 25 Aug 1910, died in 1983 at age 73, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-Benjamin Bartram Cadbury was born on 8 Sep 1913, died in 2005 at age 92, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

9-Emma Cadbury was born on 24 Feb 1875 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

9-Dr. William Warder Cadbury was born in 1877 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 15 Oct 1959 in Frankford, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 82, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Quaker Medical Missionary in China.

10-Jane Balderston Cadbury was born on 30 May 1918 in Canton, China.

10-Emma Cadbury was born on 9 Mar 1920.

10-Catharine Cadbury was born on 6 Dec 1922.

9-John Warder Cadbury<sup>15</sup> was born on 29 Jun 1880 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 10 Sep 1948 at age 68, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

10-John Warder Cadbury was born on 9 May 1912 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA and died on 13 Feb 1989 at age 76.

11-Alison Harvey Cadbury

10-Thomas Lloyd Cadbury was born on 24 May 1920 in Moorestown, Burlington County, New Jersey, USA and died on 23 Mar 1990 in San Francisco, California, USA at age 69.

9-Prof. Henry Joel Cadbury was born on 1 Dec 1883 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA, died on 7 Oct 1974 at age 90, and was buried in FBG Upper Darby, Pennsylvania.

General Notes: He delivered the Nobel lecture on behalf of the AFSC when it accepted the Nobel Peace Prize in 1947 on behalf of the Religious Society of Friends. CADBURY, Henry Joel

Born 1 Dec. 1883; s of Joel Cadbury and Anna Kaighn Lowry; m 1916, Lydia Caroline Brown; two s two d; died 7 Oct. 1974

Professor Emeritus, Harvard Divinity School, 1954 (Hollis Professor Divinity, 1934–54); Lecturer, Pendle Hill, 1954–72, and Temple University, 1962–66 **EDUCATION** 

William Penn Charter Sch.; Haverford Coll.; Harvard Univ

CAREER

Teacher, Haverford Coll., 1910–19, Lecturer, 1955–64; Harvard Divinity Sch., 1919–26; Andover Theological Seminary, 1919–26; Prof., Bryn Mawr Coll., 1926–34. Mem. Translation Cttee of Revised Standard Version of the Bible, 1929–70; Dir, Andover-Harvard Theol. Library, 1938–54. Chm., American Friends Service Cttee, 1928–34 and 1944–60, Hon. Chm. 1960–; Chm., Board of Directors of Bryn Mawr Coll., 1956–68. Mem. several learned societies; Mem. Studiorum Novi Testamenti Societas (Pres. 1958); Fellow American Academy of Arts and Sciences. Hon. degrees: LittD Haverford Coll., 1933; DD Glasgow Univ., 1937; LLD Whittier Coll., 1951, Swarthmore Coll., 1954; LHD Howard Univ., 1959, Earlham Coll., 1967 PUBLICATIONS

The Style and Literary Method of Luke, 1920; National Ideals in the Old Testament, 1920; The Making of Luke-Acts, 1927 (and 1958); (with K. Lake) Beginnings of Christianity, Vols IV and V, 1933 (and 1966); The Peril of Modernizing Jesus, 1937 (and 1962); Jesus What Manner of Man, 1947 (and 1962); George Fox's Book of Miracles, 1948, 1972; The Book of Acts in History, 1955; Quakerism and Early Christianity, 1957; The Eclipse of the Historical Jesus, 1964; John Woolman in England, 1971; Friendly Heritage, 1972; Narrative Papers of George Fox, 1972 RECREATIONS

Ouaker history, camping ADDRESS 774 Millbrook Lane, Haverford, Pa 19041, USA

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Hollis Professor of Divinity at Harvard University. Social Activist.

10-Elizabeth Cadbury was born on 14 Jun 1917.

10-Christopher Joel Cadbury was born on 5 Sep 1921 in Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA and died on 1 Oct 2010 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Clinical Psychologist.

11-Vivian C. Cadbury

**10-Prof. Warder Henry Cadbury** 

**11-Joel Cadbury** 

**11-Adrianne Cadbury** 

10-Winifred C. Cadbury

8-Sarah Cadbury<sup>7</sup> was born on 5 Nov 1840 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 16 Aug 1918 in Moorestown, New Jersey, USA at age 77.

8-Emma Cadbury was born on 4 Jan 1843 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 15 Aug 1923 at age 80.

7-Maria Cadbury<sup>71</sup> was born on 12 Aug 1800, died on 6 Apr 1887 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 86, and was buried on 12 Apr 1887 in FBG Witton, Birmingham.

7-John Cadbury<sup>4,6,9,37,62,63,101</sup> was born on 12 Aug 1801 in 92 Bull Street, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 11 May 1889 in 10 Harborne Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 87, and was buried in FBG Witton, Birmingham.

General Notes: Cadbury, John (1801–1889), cocoa and chocolate manufacturer, was born on 12 August 1801, at 92 Bull Street, Birmingham, into a family of four generations of Quakers, the fifth child and third son in the family of five sons and five daughters of Richard Tapper Cadbury (1768–1860), draper, and his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of John Head of Ipswich. He was educated from 1810 to 1815 at Joseph Crosfield's Quaker school at Hartshill.

In 1816 Cadbury was apprenticed to John Cudworth, a Quaker, of the firm Broadhead and Cudworth, Leeds, to learn the retail tea trade. After six years his father sent him to work in the bonded tea house of Sanderson Fox in London, to broaden his experience. In 1824 he was given a sum of money, and was able to set up his own business as a tea dealer and coffee roaster at 93 Bull Street, Birmingham. On 9 March 1826 Cadbury married Priscilla Ann (1799–1828), daughter of John Dymond of Exeter, a draper and Quaker minister. She died two years later. In 1832 he married Candia (1805–1855), eldest daughter of George Barrow, merchant and shipping-fleet owner, of Lancaster. They had five sons and one daughter.

Cocoa powder for making an instant drink was first marketed about 1830. John Cadbury saw the potential for the product, and with his experience in roasting beans and preparing nib (crushed cocoa beans) for his shop, decided to open a factory. He purchased a former malthouse at Crooked Lane in 1831, and this is considered the founding date of the Cadbury manufacturing firm. During the first ten years he developed many new lines, and the earliest existing price list (1842) offered sixteen varieties of drinking chocolate and eleven cocoas. In 1846 he took his brother Benjamin (1798– 1880) into partnership and changed the name of the firm to Cadbury Brothers, moving it in 1847 to larger premises at Bridge Street. In 1853 Cadbury Brothers were appointed cocoa manufacturers to Queen Victoria. Convinced that there were practical solutions to the social evils of his day, Cadbury devoted himself particularly to the temperance movement. His campaigns for total abstinence were based on appeals to reason. The abstainer, he pointed out, could afford a good joint of beef on a Sunday. He was appointed to the Birmingham board of commissions in 1829 and in 1851 was chairman of the committee which steered through parliament the bill to transfer the board's powers to the elected council. He also served as an overseer and guardian of the poor (1830– 41). He was prominent in the movement to replace 'climbing boys' with machines to sweep chimneys.

Cadbury's second wife, Candia, died from tuberculosis in 1855, and later that year Cadbury suffered a severe attack of rheumatic fever. This was a double blow from which he never fully recovered. The business declined seriously and in 1861 Cadbury retired, handing over to two of his sons, Richard and George Cadbury. He died on 11 May 1889 at his home, 10 Harborne Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, and was buried at Witton cemetery, Birmingham.

### H. M. Davies, rev. Christine Clark

Sources J. F. Crosfield, A history of the Cadbury family, 1 (1985) · I. A. Williams, The firm of Cadbury, 1831–1931 (1931) · H. C. Alexander, Richard Cadbury of Birmingham (1906) · T. Insull, John Cadbury, 1801–1889 (privately printed, Birmingham, 1979) · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1899)

Archives Library of Birmingham, MSS · RS Friends, Lond.

Likenesses photographs, RS Friends, Lond., Richard Cadbury's 'family book' · portrait, RS Friends, Lond., Richard Cadbury's 'family book' · portraits, repro. in W. A. Cadbury, Family letters and portraits, 2–4 (1910) · portraits, repro. in Crosfield, History of the Cadbury family, 1

Wealth at death £43,773: probate, 20 June 1889, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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H. M. Davies, 'Cadbury, John (1801–1889)', rev. Christine Clark, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Sept 2013 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/37254

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an apprentice to Broadhead & Cudworth in 1817 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Grocer and Cocoa Manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a member of the Board of Commissioners in 1829 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- Miscellaneous: Fought to bring and end to the business of employing children as Chimney-sweeps.
- He worked as a Governor of the Birmingham General Hospital.

John married **Priscilla Ann Dymond**,<sup>9,37,63</sup> daughter of **John Dymond**<sup>4,37,108</sup> and **Olive Hitchcock**,<sup>4,37,108</sup> on 9 Mar 1826 in FMH Exeter, Devon. Priscilla was born on 11 Aug 1799 in Bridge House, Bridge Street, Exeter, Devon, died on 8 Mar 1828 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 28, and was buried in FBG Exeter. They had no children.

John next married **Candia Barrow**,<sup>4,9,37,62,63,101</sup> daughter of **George Barrow**<sup>4,37,62,63,64</sup> and **Elizabeth Pumphrey**,<sup>64</sup> on 24 Jul 1832 in FMH Lancaster. Candia was born in 1805 in Lancaster, Lancashire, died on 5 Mar 1855 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 50, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham. The cause of her death was Tuberculosis. They had seven children: **John, Richard, Maria, George, Joseph, Edward**, and **Henry**.

8-John Cadbury<sup>9</sup> was born on 23 Feb 1834 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 28 May 1866 in Brisbane, Queensland, Australia at age 32.

8-**Richard Cadbury**<sup>4,9,26,67</sup> was born on 29 Aug 1835 in Frederick Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, died on 21 Mar 1899 in Jerusalem at age 63, and was buried on 8 Apr 1899 in Lodge Hill Cemetery, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

• He worked as a Cocoa & Chocolate manufacturer of Birmingham.

Richard married Elizabeth Adlington,<sup>4,67</sup> daughter of William Adlington<sup>64,69,109</sup> and Dorothy Sampson,<sup>64,109</sup> on 24 Jul 1861 in FMH Mansfield. Elizabeth was born on 13 Nov 1838 in King's Mill, Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, died on 31 Dec 1868 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 30, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham. They had five children: Barrow, Alice, Jessie, William Adlington, and Richard.

9-Barrow Cadbury<sup>4</sup> was born on 27 Sep 1862 in 17 Wheeley's Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 9 Mar 1958 in 73 Wellington Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham at age 95.

General Notes: She was survived by her husband, Barrow Cadbury (1862-1958), cocoa and chocolate manufacturer and social reformer, who was born in Edgbaston, Birmingham, on 27 September 1862, the son of Richard Cadbury (1835-1899), cocoa manufacturer, and his first wife, Elizabeth Adlington (1838-1868). His mother died when he was six years old. After schooling locally, at the age of eleven he was sent to a Realschule in Stuttgart, before attending a Quaker school at Hitchin from the age of fourteen. This was followed by two years at Owens College, Manchester, and an apprenticeship in London. In 1882 he completed a two-month tour of Canada and the USA, investigating American chocolate manufacture, before joining the family firm. On his father's death he became one of four directors of a new limited company under the chairmanship of his uncle, George Cadbury. From 1914 Barrow was vice-chairman of Cadbury Brothers Ltd. In 1918 he negotiated a merger, against his uncle's wishes, with J. S. Fry & Sons of Bristol to form a new holding company, the British Cocoa and Chocolate Company. On George Cadbury's death in 1922 Barrow became chairman of Cadbury Brothers Ltd until his retirement in 1932.

Ouiet and reserved, Barrow Cadbury's Ouaker faith and pacifist principles were central to his life. He was active in his local meeting at George Road and from 1898 at Highgate Mission. In the same year he was made an elder of the Warwickshire monthly meeting and later served as clerk to the quarterly meeting. Nationally he was a regular attender at yearly meeting and a member of the meeting for sufferings. In 1923 he played a key role in the building of Friends' House in Euston Road, London, raising much of the necessary funds as treasurer of the building committee. Like his father, he had a lifelong interest in adult education and taught a working men's class throughout his life. Following his father's death he inherited the management of his recently built Moseley Road Institute for adult education. He served on the council of the National Adult School Union and was its treasurer (1907-22), and president (1926-7). Before the First World War, Barrow Cadbury was involved in Anglo-German friendship initiatives, hosting visits by German peace delegations in 1906 and 1911, and participating in several return delegations to Germany, the last shortly before the outbreak of war in 1914. During the war he was an early member of the Fellowship of Reconciliation in 1915, and supported the work of the Friends' War Victims Relief Committee, the Friends' Emergency Committee for the Relief of Enemy Aliens, and the Friends' Ambulance Unit in which his son, Paul, served. He maintained his witness for peace during the 1930s when he supported George Lansbury's Embassies of Reconciliation initiative. After the Second World War he collaborated with a fellow Quaker, Kathleen Lonsdale, on a series of letters to world leaders pressing for peace and disarmament, the last of which was written in 1957 a few months before his death. Barrow Cadbury shared his wife's interest in penal reform and served as a magistrate from 1906 to 1940, often presiding in the children's court. Following Geraldine's death Barrow Cadbury continued to support the causes she espoused, and purchased Forhill House intending to establish an observation home for young offenders in her memory. However, delays with Forhill prompted him to begin experimental work at Fircroft College, Selly Oak, where her Moseley Road Remand Home had been evacuated following bomb damage, and which in effect became the first British observation home. He persevered with Forhill, which was officially opened on 30 May 1947 as a Senior Boys' Remand and Observation Home and presented to the city in Geraldine Cadbury's memory.

In 1920 the couple had converted a large proportion of their fortune into the charitable Barrow Cadbury Trust. Birmingham Civic Society awarded its gold medal to them in 1931 in recognition of their contribution to the city. Although he never coveted public honour and often worked anonymously, Barrow Cadbury was granted the freedom of the city of Birmingham in 1932. He died at his home, 73 Wellington Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, on 9 March 1958.

# Siân Roberts

Sources

J. Whitney, Geraldine S. Cadbury, 1865-1941: a biography (1948) · P. S. Cadbury, 'Geraldine S. Cadbury, 1865-1941', The Friends Quarterly Examiner (April 1941) · P. W. Bartlett, Barrow Cadbury: a memoir (1960) · J. F. Crosfield, A history of the Cadbury family, 2 (1985) · G. Cadbury, 'Interview and presidential message', The Sunday School Chronicle and Christian Outlook (4 Jan 1917) · V. Bailey, Delinquency and citizenship: reclaiming the young offender, 1914-48 (1987) · A. Logan, Feminism and criminal justice: a historical perspective (2008) · M. D'Hoker, 'Contribution de Maurice Rouvroy (1879-1954) aux soins en résidence de la jeunesse à problèmes psycho-sociaux pendant l'entre-deux-guerres', Paedagogica Historica, 26/2 (1990), 211-22 · Towards permanent peace: a record of the Women's International Congress held at The Hague, April 28th - May 1st 1915 (1915) · S. Oldfield, Women humanitarians: a biographical dictionary of British women active between 1900 and 1950 (2001) · The Times (31 Jan 1941); (10 March 1958) · b. cert. · m. cert.

Archives

Library of Birmingham, Cadbury family papers, MS 466A · Library of Birmingham, records of Birmingham city council's education committee · U. Birm., Cadbury Research Library, Westhill College archive

Likenesses

T. B. Garvie, oils, 1912, Birmingham Museums and Art Gallery [see illus.] · postcard print, c.1937, NPG · photographs, Library of Birmingham, Cadbury family papers · photographs, Library of Birmingham, photographic portraits collection

Wealth at death

£136,157 15s. 3d.: probate, 2 April 1941, CGPLA Eng. & Wales · £152,007 8s. 10d.-Barrow Cadbury: probate, 18 April 1958, CGPLA Eng. & Wales © Oxford University Press 2004-16

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Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Cocoa & Chocolate Manufacturer of Birmingham.

Barrow married **Geraldine Southall**,<sup>4</sup> daughter of **Alfred Southall**<sup>4,26,84,110</sup> and **Anna Strangman Grubb**,<sup>4,26,84,110</sup> on 8 Sep 1891 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Geraldine was born on 29 Jun 1865 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 30 Jan 1941 at age 75. They had three children: **Dorothy Adlington, Paul Strangman**, and **Geraldine Mary**.

General Notes: Cadbury, Dame Geraldine Southall (1865-1941), social and penal reformer, was born Geraldine Southall at 5 Highfield Road, Edgbaston, on 29 June 1865, the daughter of Alfred Southall (1838-1931), chemist, and his wife, Anna Strangman, née Grubb (1841-1912). She inherited a propensity for social activism from her Quaker parents; her father was a temperance worker who taught a working men's adult school class, while her Irish mother was a supporter of women's suffrage. She was educated at Edgbaston High School for Girls, and briefly at the Quaker school, The Mount, in York. On 8 September 1891, at the Friends' meeting house, Birmingham, she married Barrow Cadbury [see below]. They had three children: Dorothy Adlington (1892-1987), Paul Strangman (1895-1984), and Geraldine Mary (1900-1999).

A committed Quaker, Geraldine Southall Cadbury reconciled her faith with the couple's increasing wealth by engaging in social reform; throughout her life, her activism was motivated by her Quaker faith. In 1904 she began a lifelong connection with the Birmingham Lying-in Charity and its services to poor mothers, officially opening its new maternity hospital buildings in Loveday Street in November 1907. She and her husband donated a nurses' hostel in 1933, and shortly before her death she was planning the hospital's new premises. Among her educational interests were the Birmingham People's Free Kindergarten established by Julia Lloyd in 1904, and the provision of open-air schools for inner-city children, the latter drawing on her own maternal experience. The health of her elder son as a child had caused concern and in 1907 the couple built a family home, Cropwood, in the Lickey Hills, designed on open-air principles. Seeing the beneficial effects on their own child, the Cadburys donated two open-air schools to Birmingham, Uffculme in 1911, and Cropwood itself in 1922.

Cadbury's other educational concerns were the Sunday school class where she taught from 1905, and her women's adult school class at Moseley Road which she led from 1907. In 1907 she and Barrow Cadbury founded Westhill Training College for Sunday School Workers, providing the building and most of the project's financial support. Her part in its establishment was recognized in 1917 by the National Sunday School Union when she was elected as its first woman president. In her presidential address, 'Stand by the children', she announced her campaign for the year, the 'difficult boy and girl' and the Sunday school's role in their reclamation for society, thereby uniting her interest in Sunday schools with the cause for which she is best remembered, the reform of the treatment of young offenders.

On 1 April 1905 at the instigation of a local justice, J. Courtney Lord, Birmingham established the first separate court for children in England. Modelled on American children's courts, the experiment led to the provision of juvenile courts in the Children's Act of 1908. In the same year as the court's inception Cadbury was invited by a fellow Quaker, Ellen Sturge, to accompany her on her regular visits to the courts. Together with Marian Priestman, another local Friend, she became a volunteer probation worker, supervising the case of every girl offender, investigating her home circumstances, and advising the appropriate course of action. She followed this up after sentencing by corresponding with every girl, always enclosing a stamped addressed envelope for a reply. Her work convinced her of the need for a safe home where children could be accommodated while on remand, and in 1910 she and Barrow Cadbury provided Birmingham with the first purpose-built children's remand home in Britain. They donated the site on the Moseley Road, established a voluntary management committee under their direction, and paid for the erection and furnishing of the building, which was largely designed by her. As for other buildings donated by the couple she drew detailed sketches of what she required, which were then handed to the architect to work up into building plans.

During the First World War, Cadbury organized temporary accommodation for hundreds of Belgian refugees at the Friends' Institute in Moseley Road and ran a Belgian maternity home at 19 Carpenter Road, receiving the medal of Queen Elisabeth of Belgium in 1918 in recognition of her services. A committed pacifist, she was one of the 156 members of the British committee of the Women's International Congress at The Hague (28 April - 1 May 1915), to which she and her daughter Dorothy had intended to travel but were refused passports. In the post-war period Cadbury was increasingly recognized as an expert on juvenile justice policy locally and nationally. Between 1911 and 1927 she was co-opted onto Birmingham education committee's special school sub-committee. In 1920, following the Sex Disqualification (Removal) Act of 1919, her position in Birmingham children's court was formalized when she and Marian Priestman became the city's first two women magistrates, and from 1923 she chaired the justices' panel in the children's court. In 1922 she was appointed to the Home Office's advisory committee on probation, and in 1925 to the Home Office departmental committee on the treatment of young offenders, the committee that laid the ground for the Children's Act of 1933. As part of her investigations for the young offenders community where young offenders were psychologically assessed. Cadbury had a long-standing interest in psychology; Dr George Auden acted as psychological adviser to her Moseley Road Remand Home from its establishment, and from the early 1920s the Birmingham children's court used two local doctors, W. A. Potts and Hamblin Smith, as experts in child psychology. The visit to Moll convinced her of the value of observation homes and when the young offenders committee reported in 1927 it recommended that at least three British observation centres should be established to provide psychological reports on all offenders under the age of twenty-one. Much to her disappointment, and that of the Howard League, financial

During the 1920s Cadbury took part in campaigns against the death penalty, and from 1923 supported the work of what later became the National Council for the Abolition of the Death Penalty. She also travelled widely, investigating juvenile justice provision in Europe, America, New Zealand, and Australia, often combining her interests with Barrow's business travels and visits to Quaker international gatherings. In 1928 the fruits of her travels fed into her designs for a new children's court complex in Steelhouse Lane, Birmingham, only the second purpose-built juvenile court in England. Presented to the city by the couple, the court was officially opened by the home secretary, Sir William Joynson-Hicks, on 17 July 1928. Her beliefs were incorporated into its fabric in the form of the ceremonial key which showed Justice unveiled and without a sword, symbolizing justice with understanding.

Cadbury was instrumental in the establishment of the Birmingham Child Guidance Clinic, founded by Birmingham city council's education committee in 1931, initially for an experimental period of three years. It was funded by the Commonwealth Fund of New York supplemented by an anonymous local donation of £1500, which may well have come from her. In 1935 she and Barrow

# Descendants of John Head

Cadbury founded Copeley Hill Hostel for boys and Carpenter House Probation Hostel for girls. She also continued to be appointed to Home Office committees, including the committee to inquire into juvenile courts in the Metropolitan Police district (1930-41), the juvenile court rules committee (1932), the conference on girls aged 15-17 appearing before London juvenile courts (1934), and the committee to consider observation centres (1938). From 1935 she was vice-president of the International Association of Children's Court Judges. Her book Young Offenders Yesterday and To-day (1938) stressed the transformative power of education and personal intervention in the lives of the young, and articulated her long-held belief that the juvenile court was there to protect rather than to punish, and that child offenders were not intrinsically flawed but were reacting to their environment, poverty, poor parenting, and a lack of alternative role models. In May 1937 Geraldine Cadbury was appointed DBE 'for public and philanthropic services in Birmingham' (London Gazette, 11 May 1937, 3089), a worldly honour that as a Quaker she seriously considered declining. She rarely used the title, preferring to be known as Mrs Barrow Cadbury. She died at her home, 40 Edgbaston Park Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, on 30 January 1941.

Siân Roberts

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J. Whitney, Geraldine S. Cadbury, 1865-1941: a biography (1948)  $\cdot$  P. S. Cadbury, 'Geraldine S. Cadbury, 1865-1941', The Friends Quarterly Examiner (April 1941)  $\cdot$  P. W. Bartlett, Barrow Cadbury: a memoir (1960)  $\cdot$  J. F. Crosfield, A history of the Cadbury family, 2 (1985)  $\cdot$  G. Cadbury, 'Interview and presidential message', The Sunday School Chronicle and Christian Outlook (4 Jan 1917)  $\cdot$  V. Bailey, Delinquency and citizenship: reclaiming the young offender, 1914-48 (1987)  $\cdot$  A. Logan, Feminism and criminal justice: a historical perspective (2008)  $\cdot$  M. D'Hoker, 'Contribution de Maurice Rouvroy (1879-1954) aux soins en résidence de la jeunesse à problèmes psycho-sociaux pendant l'entre-deux-guerres', Paedagogica Historica, 26/2 (1990), 211-22  $\cdot$  Towards permanent peace: a record of the Women's International Congress held at The Hague, April 28th - May 1st 1915 (1915)  $\cdot$  S. Oldfield, Women humanitarians: a biographical dictionary of British women active between 1900 and 1950 (2001)  $\cdot$  The Times (31 Jan 1941); (10 March 1958)  $\cdot$  b. cert.  $\cdot$  m. cert.

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Likenesses

T. B. Garvie, oils, 1912, Birmingham Museums and Art Gallery [see illus.] · postcard print, c.1937, NPG · photographs, Library of Birmingham, Cadbury family papers · photographs, Library of Birmingham, photographic portraits collection

Wealth at death

£136,157 15s. 3d.: probate, 2 April 1941, CGPLA Eng. & Wales · £152,007 8s. 10d.-Barrow Cadbury: probate, 18 April 1958, CGPLA Eng. & Wales © Oxford University Press 2004-16

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Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Feb 1883-Dec 1883 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Dorothy Adlington Cadbury was born on 14 Oct 1892 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 21 Aug 1987 at age 94.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Botanist. Director of Cadbury's.

10-Paul Strangman Cadbury was born on 3 Nov 1895 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 24 Oct 1984 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 88.

Paul married Rachel Evelyn Wilson,<sup>52</sup> daughter of George Edward Wilson<sup>52</sup> and Henrietta Rachel Pease,<sup>52,69,111,112</sup> on 24 Jun 1919 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Rachel was born on 19 Dec 1894 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died in Dec 1993 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 99. They had six children: Catherine Rachel, Edward Paul, Philippa Helen, Charles Lloyd, Roger, and Henrietta Margaret.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1918.

# 11-Catherine Rachel Cadbury

Catherine married **Dr. Paul Frederick John Hickinbotham**,<sup>113</sup> son of **Frederick John Long Hickinbotham** and **Gertrude Ball**, on 26 Sep 1942 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Paul was born on 21 Mar 1917 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 22 Sep 2006 in Leicester, Leicestershire at age 89, and was buried on 29 Sep 2006. They had two children: **Margaret Claire** and **Roger Paul**.

General Notes: Hickinbotham, Paul Frederick John (1917 - 2006)

MRCS 1939; FRCS 1942; MB ChB Birmingham 1939; ChM 1947; LRCP 1939. Born 21 March 1917 Birmingham, UK Died 22 September 2006 Leicester, UK **Occupation** General surgeon Details Paul Hickinbotham was a consultant surgeon in Leicester. He was born in Birmingham on 21 March 1917, the second son of Frederick John Long Hickinbotham, an export merchant and JP, and Gertrude née Ball. He was educated at West House School, Birmingham, and Rugby, and went on to Birmingham to do his medical training, qualifying in 1939. There he was much influenced by H H Sampson, a charismatic general surgeon from the Queen Elizabeth Hospital. Hickinbotham went on to specialise in surgery, becoming resident surgical officer at Bradford Royal Infirmary from 1941 to 1942, when he passed the FRCS.

He joined the RAMC in 1942 and served in North Africa and Italy. After the war he returned to the Leicester group of hospitals, where he served as a general surgeon on the staff until he retired in 1982.

He married Catherine Cadbury in 1942. They had one son, Roger, and one daughter, Claire, neither of whom went into medicine. They had eight grandchildren. His extra-curricular interests included forestry and Welsh hill walking. He died at his home in Leicester on 22 September 2006.

Sources used to compile this entry: [Information from Catherine Hickinbotham].

THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND

Created: 8 June 2007

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB ChM LRCP FRCS.
- He was educated at West House School in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He worked as a resident surgical officer at Bradford Royal Infirmary in 1941-1942.
- He worked as a General Surgeon at the Leicester group of hospitals in 1945-1982.

## 12-Margaret Claire Hickinbotham

# 12-Roger Paul Hickinbotham

11-Dr. Edward Paul Cadbury was born on 10 Nov 1921 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Apr 2000 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BCh.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He worked as a Liberal Parliamentary candidate in 1970 in Oswestry, Shropshire.

Edward married Mary Caroline Smith, daughter of Leslie Arthur Smith and Rachel Jane Gibbins. They had four children: Richard Geoffrey, James Edward, Philip Timothy, and Erica Rachel.

# 12-Richard Geoffrey Cadbury

# **12-James Edward Cadbury**

12-Philip Timothy Cadbury<sup>114,115</sup> was born on 16 Dec 1953 in Oswestry, Shropshire and died on 15 Aug 1981 at age 27.

General Notes: PHILIP T. CADBURY, 28 Hampton Road, Oswestry, Salop. Entered: September, 1965. 10 'O' Levels. 'A' Levels in History, French and Maths. Debating society, essay society, radio society. York Maths Association, Committee for Abolition of Compulsory Games. To do 1 year's voluntary service then to University College, London, to read Economics and Philosophy.

CADBURY.— On 15th August, 1981, Philip Timothy Cadbury (1965-72), aged 27 years.

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1965-1972 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University College, London.

12-Erica Rachel Cadbury

### **11-Philippa Helen Cadbury**

Philippa married Stephen Readhead Southall, son of Christopher Southall<sup>84,116,117</sup> and Elsie Readhead,<sup>84,116</sup> on 19 Jul 1947 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Stephen was born on 10 Jun 1916 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 21 Dec 2011 at age 95, and was buried on 6 Jan 2012 in Hereford, Herefordshire. (Cremated). They had three children: Anna Catherine, Mark Stephen, and Candia Helen.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Hereford Times, 29 Dec 2011.
- He worked as a Farmer in Clent, Stourbridge, Worcestershire.

12-Anna Catherine Southall

Anna married Christoper Richard Serle, son of Frank Raymond Serle and Winifred Mary Pugsley. They had two children: Harry and Jack.

13-Harry Serle

13-Jack Serle

12-Mark Stephen Southall was born on 22 Apr 1950 in Hereford, Herefordshire and died before 2011.

12-Candia Helen Southall

Candia married Compton.

11-Charles Lloyd Cadbury was born on 3 Nov 1926 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jan 2000 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73. Charles married Jillian Stafford Ransome, daughter of Edwin Oakes Ransome<sup>84,89,118,119,120,121,122,123,124,125</sup> and Hilda Stafford Allen.<sup>84,120,121,122,123,124,125,126,127</sup> They had four children: Ruth Margaret, Helen, David, and Thomas Stephen.

**12-Ruth Margaret Cadbury** 

12-Helen Cadbury

12-David Cadbury

**12-Thomas Stephen Cadbury** 

11-Roger Cadbury was born on 19 Jun 1929 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 23 Jun 1929 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

11-Henrietta Margaret Cadbury was born on 20 Jul 1930 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 11 Dec 1950 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 20.

10-Geraldine Mary Cadbury was born on 19 Sep 1900 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 7 Feb 1999 at age 98.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Headmistress.

- She had a residence in 35 Maidenhead Road, Stratford-upon-Avon, Warwickshire.
- 9-Alice Cadbury was born on 6 Feb 1864 in 17 Wheeley's Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, died on 2 Sep 1864 in Leominster, Herefordshire, and was buried in FBG Leominster.

9-Jessie Cadbury<sup>4</sup> was born on 7 Oct 1865 in 17 Wheeley's Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 6 Dec 1956 at age 91.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1881-Jun 1884 in York, Yorkshire.

Jessie married Rev Thomas George Clarke on 21 Apr 1896. Thomas died in Aug 1922. They had two children: Richard Thomas Victor and Irene Beatrice.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Corby, Northamptonshire.

10-Richard Thomas Victor Clarke was born on 25 May 1897.

10-Irene Beatrice Clarke was born on 8 Sep 1899.

Irene married Leonard Carl Voke in Sep 1922. Leonard was born on 1 Aug 1899 in Brighton, East Sussex and died on 15 May 1955 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Evangelist, Hymnist and Pianist.

9-William Adlington Cadbury<sup>4</sup> was born on 17 Feb 1867 in 17 Wheeley's Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 8 Jul 1957 in "Wast Hills", Kings Norton, Birmingham at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Cocoa & Chocolate manufacturer of Birmingham.
- He worked as a Chairman of Cadburys in 1922-1937.
- He worked as an Alderman of Birmingham in 1919.
- He worked as a Lord Mayor of Birmingham in 1919-1921.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

William married Emmeline Hannah Wilson,<sup>4</sup> daughter of Dr. William Wilson<sup>4,69</sup> and Hannah Henderson,<sup>4,69</sup> on 11 Sep 1902 in London. Emmeline was born in 1883 and died in 1966 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 83. They had six children: Hannah Henderson, John, Alan, Constance, Richard Tapper, and Brandon.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1898-Dec 1900 in York, Yorkshire.
- She had a residence in Winchmore Hill, London.

10-Hannah Henderson Cadbury was born on 21 Aug 1903 and died in Jan 1999 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 95.

Hannah married Christopher Beech Taylor in 1931. Christopher was born on 28 Oct 1904 in Hampstead, London and died in Feb 1984 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 79. They had four children: Elizabeth J., John A. B., William James Beech, and Clare H.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Trustee of the Bournville Village Trust.

11-Elizabeth J. Taylor

11-John A. B. Taylor

11-William James Beech Taylor

William married Audrey Smart. They had two children: Simon Beech and Janine Emma.

12-Simon Beech Taylor

12-Janine Emma Taylor

11-Clare H. Taylor

10-John Cadbury<sup>52</sup> was born on 18 Mar 1905 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jun 1985 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 80.

John married Lucy Agatha Tangye,<sup>52</sup> daughter of Allan Tangye<sup>52</sup> and Anna Deborah Wilson,<sup>52</sup> on 8 Apr 1937 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire. Lucy was born on 17 Apr 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Aug 1999 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 88.

10-Alan Cadbury was born on 26 Jun 1907 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Sep 1994 in Malvern, Worcestershire at age 87.

Alan married Janet Mary M. Walker in 1932 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Janet was born on 22 Jun 1909 and died in Oct 2001 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire at age 92. They had five children: Sarah, Christina Stanfeld, Belinda Juliet, Joanna Jane, and Amanda.

11-Sarah Cadbury

11-Christina Stanfeld Cadbury

11-Belinda Juliet Cadbury

Belinda married John Graham Carter.

11-Joanna Jane Cadbury

Joanna married Rear-Admiral Sir John Garnier, son of Rev. Thomas Vernon Garnier and Helen Stenhouse. They had three children: Thomas Julian, (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

12-Thomas Julian Garnier

12-Garnier

12-Garnier

11-Amanda Cadbury

Amanda married Robin Thomas Littleton Salmon. They had two children: Benjamin Alan Cadbury and Matilda Hyacinth.

12-Benjamin Alan Cadbury Salmon

12-Matilda Hyacinth Salmon

10-Constance Cadbury<sup>52</sup> was born on 20 Mar 1910 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jan 1988 in Worcester, Worcestershire at age 77.

Constance married **Christopher George Tangye**,<sup>52</sup> son of **Allan Tangye**<sup>52</sup> and **Anna Deborah Wilson**,<sup>52</sup> on 29 Sep 1949 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Christopher was born on 11 Aug 1908 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. They had two children: **Catriona Margaret** and **Hugh John**.

ge 80. Lucy was born on 17 Apr 1911 in Edgbaston,

• He worked as an Engineer. Director of Tangye Bros.

**11-Catriona Margaret Tangye** 

Catriona married Frank Julian Even Salmon, son of Lt. Col. Frank Robert Salmon and Patricia Jean Even Painton. They had four children: Christopher Tangye Robert, Victoria Emmeline, Abigail Lucy, and Imogen Eleanor.

12-Christopher Tangye Robert Salmon

12-Victoria Emmeline Salmon

12-Abigail Lucy Salmon

12-Imogen Eleanor Salmon

11-Hugh John Tangye

Hugh married Jacqueline S. Pountney.

10-Richard Tapper Cadbury<sup>83,128,129,130,131</sup> was born on 17 Jul 1911 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Oct 1948 in Died in a hunting accident at age 37. General Notes: Cadbury.-On 19th October, 1948, while hunting, Richard Tapper Cadbury (1925-30), aged 36 years.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1925-1930 in York, Yorkshire.

Richard married Mary Lavinia Dean. They had three children: Anne C., William G., and Katherine Mary.

11-Anne C. Cadbury

11-William G. Cadbury

**11-Katherine Mary Cadbury** 

10-Brandon Cadbury<sup>23,84,105,132,133,134</sup> was born on 31 Jan 1915 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 2011 at age 96.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1928-1932 in York, Yorkshire.

Brandon married Flavia Freeman<sup>23,105,132,133,134</sup> on 1 Nov 1946 in Holy Trinity Church, Llandrindod Wells, Powys. Flavia was born in 1922 and died in Aug 2013 at age 91. They had four children: Rupert Adlington, Francis Bruce, Olivia Hannah, and Rebecca Candia.

Marriage Notes: Cadbury-Freeman.-On 1st November, at Holy Trinity Church, Llandrindod Wells Brandon Cadbury (1928-32), to Flavia Freeman.

**11-Rupert Adlington Cadbury** 

**11-Francis Bruce Cadbury** 

11-Olivia Hannah Cadbury

Olivia married Gerald Duncan Tatton-Brown. Gerald was born in 1951 and died in 1988 at age 37. They had three children: Jessica Flavia, Hannah Mary, and Alice Geraldine.

12-Jessica Flavia Tatton-Brown

12-Hannah Mary Tatton-Brown

12-Alice Geraldine Tatton-Brown

11-Rebecca Candia Cadbury

9-Richard Cadbury<sup>4</sup> was born on 21 Dec 1868.

Richard married Agnes Caroline Senior. They had four children: Arthur Richard, Eveline Agnes, David Charles, and Elizabeth Caroline.

10-Arthur Richard Cadbury was born on 20 May 1901 in South Africa and died on 5 Nov 1911 at age 10.

10-Eveline Agnes Cadbury was born on 7 Jan 1903.

10-David Charles Cadbury was born on 3 May 1904.

10-Elizabeth Caroline Cadbury was born on 20 Feb 1907.

Richard next married **Emma Jane Wilson**,<sup>26</sup> daughter of **John Ashlin Wilson** and **Emma Smith**, on 25 Jul 1871. Emma was born on 25 Jul 1846 and died on 21 May 1907 in Pacific Ocean, on a voyage. at age 60. They had four children: **Edith, Helen, Margaret**, and **Beatrice**.

9-Edith Cadbury<sup>135,136</sup> was born on 6 Nov 1872 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Jun 1951 at age 78.

Edith married Arnold Ernest Butler,<sup>84,135,136</sup> son of Cephas Butler and Elizabeth Baber,<sup>93</sup> on 15 Jun 1897. Arnold was born on 6 Nov 1872 in Birchfields and died on 28 Sep 1949 at age 76. They had four children: Richard Cadbury, Arnold William Cadbury, Elizabeth Edith Cadbury, and Christine Winifred Cadbury.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1884-1890 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Richard Cadbury Butler was born on 13 Apr 1898.

Richard married Mary Hall on 29 Nov 1931. Mary was born on 7 Jun 1895.

10-Arnold William Cadbury Butler<sup>135</sup> was born on 3 Apr 1902.

Arnold married Rhona Catherine Burgess Webb on 12 Dec 1923 in St. Martin's-in-the-Fields, London. Rhona was born on 24 Mar 1902.

10-Elizabeth Edith Cadbury Butler was born on 9 Nov 1903 and died on 10 Nov 1959 at age 56.

Elizabeth married Col. Henry William Huggins on 8 Jul 1923. Henry was born on 26 Oct 1891 and died on 22 Apr 1965 at age 73. They had four children: John, Michael, Patrick, and Jeremy.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSO MC & Bar.

- 11-Rev. John Huggins
- 11-Michael Huggins
- 11-Patrick Huggins

11-Jeremy Brett was born on 3 Nov 1933 in Berkswell, Warwickshire and died on 12 Sep 1995 in Clapham Common, London at age 61. Another name for Jeremy was Peter Jeremy William Huggins.

• He worked as a Stage and Film actor.

Jeremy married Anna Raymond Massey, daughter of Raymond Hart Massey and Adrianne Allen, on 24 May 1958. The marriage ended in divorce in Nov 1962. Anna was born on 11 Aug 1937 in Thakeham, Sussex and died on 3 Jul 2011 in London at age 73. They had one son: David Raymond William.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with CBE.
- She worked as a Film and Stage actress.

# 12-David Raymond William Huggins

David married Madeleine Christie. They had two children: Dan and Iris.

13-Dan Huggins

13-Iris Huggins

Jeremy next married Joan Wilson on 22 Nov 1977. Joan died on 4 Jul 1985.

10-Christine Winifred Cadbury Butler<sup>136</sup> was born on 10 Dec 1907 in Barnt Green, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: BUTLER.-On the 10th December, 1907, at Barnt Green, Edith Cadbury, wife of Arnold E. Butler (1884-9), a daughter, who was named Christine Winifred Cadbury.

9-Helen Cadbury<sup>26</sup> was born on 10 Jan 1877 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 1 Mar 1969 in Tennessee, Moor Green Lane, Mosely, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 92.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Tennessee, Moor Green Lane, Mosely, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- She was a Quaker.
- She was educated at She was due to start at The Mount School in 1895 but did not attend.

Helen married **Charles McCallon Alexander** on 14 Jul 1904. Charles was born on 24 Oct 1867 in Meadow, Maryville, Tennessee, USA, died on 13 Oct 1920 in Tennessee, Moor Green Lane, Mosely, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 52, and was buried in Lodge Hill Cemetery, Selly Oak, Birmingham. They had one son: (**No Given Name**).

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Knoxville, Tennessee.
- He worked as a Gospel singer.

10-Alexander was born in 1911 and died in 1911.

Helen next married Dr. Amzi Clarence Dixon on 25 Jan 1924. Amzi was born in 1854 and died in Jul 1925 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Evangelist.

9-Margaret Cadbury was born on 19 Nov 1878 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 21 Jun 1972 in Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire at age 93.

Margaret married **Dr. Neville Bradley** on 6 Jul 1905. Neville was born on 19 May 1878 in Wolverley, Worcestershire and died on 7 Aug 1956 in Nether Wallop, Hampshire at age 78. They had six children: **Helen Marguerite, Frederic, James Wilson, Neville John, Malcolm**, and **Patrick**.

re at age 93. ner Wallop, Hampshire at age 78. They had six

- He was educated at Repton.
- He was educated at University of Liverpool.
- He worked as a Medical Missionary in China.

10-Helen Marguerite Bradley was born on 15 May 1906 in Pakhoi, China.

Helen married James Gibbons.

10-Frederic Bradley was born on 20 Nov 1907 in China and died in Apr 1986 in New Forest, Hampshire at age 78.

Frederic married Barbara Moon.

10-James Wilson Bradley was born on 25 Dec 1909 in China.

10-Neville John Bradley was born on 13 Sep 1912 in London.

Neville married Patricia Ann Deal.

10-Malcolm Bradley was born on 3 Apr 1915 in China.

10-Patrick Bradley was born on 6 Dec 1919 in China.

Patrick married Erica Appleton.

9-Beatrice Cadbury was born on 28 Apr 1884 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Feb 1976 in Abcoude, Utrecht, Netherlands at age 91.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1901-Jul 1903 in York, Yorkshire.

• She worked as a Quaker Missionary in 1914 in Syria.

Beatrice married Kees (Cornelis) Boeke on 19 Dec 1911. Kees was born on 25 Sep 1884 in Alkmaar, Noord-Holland, Netherlands and died on 3 Jul 1966 in Abcoude, Utrecht, Netherlands at age 81. They had eight children: Helen, Emma, Paula, Julia, Candia, Daniel, Theodora, and Marian.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Quaker Missionary in 1914 in Syria.
- He worked as an Educationalist in The Netherlands.

10-Helen Boeke was born on 11 Nov 1912.

10-Emma Boeke was born on 21 Nov 1914.

10-Paula Boeke was born on 18 Jan 1916.

10-Julia Boeke was born on 12 Jun 1917.

10-Candia Boeke was born in 1920 and died on 9 Sep 2011 at age 91.

10-Daniel Boeke

10-Theodora Boeke

10-Marian Boeke

8-Maria Cadbury was born on 13 Mar 1838 in 51 Calthorpe Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 18 Jun 1908 at age 70.

Maria married Joshua Fairfax on 14 Sep 1881. Joshua was born on 1 Feb 1840 and died on 5 Sep 1917 at age 77. They had no children.

8-George Cadbury<sup>4,37,52,71,137</sup> was born on 19 Sep 1839 in 51 Calthorpe Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 24 Oct 1922 in Northfield Manor, Birmingham at age 83.

General Notes: Cadbury, George (1839–1922), confectionery manufacturer and social reformer, was born at Edgbaston, Birmingham, on 19 September 1839, the third son and fourth child of John Cadbury (1801–1889), cocoa and chocolate manufacturer, and his wife, Candia (1805–1855), daughter of George Barrow, merchant and shipowner, of Lancaster. The Cadbury family, of west-country origin, had settled in Birmingham at the end of the eighteenth century. John Cadbury began as a tea and coffee dealer in 1824, and started to manufacture cocoa in 1831. The firm of Cadbury Brothers was established in 1847, when Benjamin Head Cadbury left the family drapery business to join his brother John. The Cadburys were long associated with the Society of Friends, and Quakerism was a powerful influence on the attitudes and actions of George Cadbury.

George Cadbury was educated at home and as a day-boy at Lean's Quaker school at Edgbaston. His mother, an ardent temperance worker, died in 1855, and soon afterwards his schooling ended. His original wish was to become a surgeon, but circumstances led him into commerce, and, in 1856, after a period of employment in the grocery business of Joseph Rowntree at York, he joined his father's cocoa factory in Bridge Street, Birmingham. His elder brother, Richard, had been at work there since 1850. John Cadbury's health failed after his wife's death, and the business declined to a position where its future was threatened. In April 1861 Richard and George, aged respectively twenty-five and twenty-one, took entire control. It was only after a hard struggle and great personal sacrifice on the part of the two young partners that in 1864 prosperity began to return. Richard had scientific and artistic interests, but George, it was said, channelled his energies into the creation of a strong business, which would reflect his religious ideals, his belief in thrift and hard work, worthy products, fair dealing, and good employment conditions.

The place of Cadbury Brothers as one of Victorian Britain's most notable businesses was achieved with the introduction of Cocoa Essence in 1866. Cadburys was the first British firm to employ the Van Houten press, which removed excess oils from the cocoa bean; its use enabled the firm to manufacture a finer powder, in large quantities. At a time when parliamentary attacks were being levelled at adulterated foodstuffs, Cocoa Essence benefited from the absence of additives traditionally used to counteract the taste of the excess oils, and the new product was effectively packaged, branded, and advertised. What distinguished George Cadbury from his competitors was his willingness to introduce innovations, and, by 1910, his firm had replaced Frys of Bristol as the country's largest cocoa and chocolate manufacturer.

By 1879 the Bridge Street building was inadequate to the firm's needs, and the partners took the opportunity of making their greatest social and economic experiment— the moving of their works into the healthier rural surroundings of Bournville, 4 miles from Birmingham. Here, they improved factory layout and the efficiency of their operation, and they were able to expand their industrial welfare work, improving employment conditions and creating a model housing estate. Benefit schemes, including sick pay and pensions, were eventually introduced. The Bournville experiment in housing and town planning was George Cadbury's own. However, the success of the new factory made it likely that slum conditions would, if allowed, grow up in its neighbourhood. To avoid this, he bought, between the years 1893 and 1900, some 300 acres of adjoining land, on which he had built about 30 houses by the time he founded the independent Bournville Village Trust, in December 1900. The trust could own land anywhere in Great Britain, and even the Bournville estate was never intended by George Cadbury to be solely for the benefit of employees of his own business. By 1931 the capital of the trust had increased from £170,000 to over £500,000, and it held more than 1000 acres of land.

Cadbury married, in 1873, Mary (d. 1887), daughter of Charles Tylor, writer and lecturer, of London; they had three sons and two daughters. After her death he married, in 1888, Elizabeth Mary Cadbury (1858–1951), daughter of John Taylor, a member of the London stock exchange and director of various City companies; three sons and three daughters were born of the second marriage. The oldest son of George and Elizabeth was Laurence Cadbury, who became managing director of Cadbury Brothers in 1919.

Richard Cadbury died in 1899, and Cadbury Brothers finally became a company, with George as its chairman. Innovation in product technology and marketing continued with the introduction of Cadbury's Dairy Milk in 1905 and Bournville cocoa in 1906. Under George's leadership, Cadbury Brothers had grown from an enterprise of 20 employees to one of about 8600. An important part of George Cadbury's social work was the adult school movement. As a young man he had begun as a teacher in an adult school in Birmingham, and he continued to teach until the age of seventy-two, riding or, in his later years, bicycling into the city at six o'clock on Sunday mornings to take his Bible class. Hundreds of Birmingham men learned from him how to read and write. The resulting insight which he gained into working-class conditions inspired his interest in housing and factory reform. His love of the country led him to attach special importance to the provision of gardens for working-class houses.

Cadbury's other social activities were many, and were mostly concerned with giving practical form to the opinions he held. In 1901 he acquired a controlling interest in the Daily News in order to give voice to Liberal Party, nonconformist views in general, and to oppose the South African War in particular. He also owned four newspapers in the Birmingham district, and he took a leading part in the campaign against sweated labour. Cadbury died at his home, the Manor House, Northfield, Birmingham, on 24 October 1922, survived by his second wife. In 2010 Cadbury plc was taken over by the American food company Kraft.

# I. A. Williams, rev. Robert Fitzgerald

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Likenesses F. Dodd, oils, c.1920–1922, Cadbury Schweppes Ltd, Birmingham [see illus.] · photographs, Cadbury Archives, Bournville Wealth at death £1,071,099 13s. 8d.: probate, 5 Feb 1923, CGPLA Eng. & Wales © Oxford University Press 2004–14 All rights reserved: see legal notice Oxford University Press I. A. Williams, 'Cadbury, George (1839–1922)', rev. Robert Fitzgerald, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Sept 2013 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/32232

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chocolate Manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in Northfield Manor, Birmingham.

George married Mary Tylor,<sup>4,37,52,71</sup> daughter of Charles Tylor<sup>4,113</sup> and Gulielma Maria Sparkes, on 14 Mar 1872. Mary was born in 1849 in Stoke Newington, London, died on 27 Apr 1887 in Northfield Manor, Birmingham at age 38, and was buried in FBG Witton, Birmingham. They had five children: Edward, George, Henry Tylor, Mary Isabel, and Eleanor.

9-Edward Cadbury<sup>4</sup> was born on 20 Mar 1873 in 32 George Road, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 21 Nov 1948 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount school in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Cocoa and Chocolate manufacturer. Chairman of Cadbuys in 1893-1943 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a chairman of the Daily News Ltd in 1911-1930.
- He worked as a Served on the committee of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1919.

Edward married **Dorothy Howitt**,<sup>4</sup> daughter of **Dr. Francis Howitt**<sup>4,64,77,138</sup> and **Ann Adlington**,<sup>4,77</sup> on 22 Oct 1896. Dorothy was born in 1872 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died in 1950 at age 78.

9-George Cadbury<sup>137</sup> was born on 7 Apr 1878 in 32 George Road, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 27 Sep 1954 in 34 Weobly Hill, Selly Oak, Birmingham at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harborne Vicarage School.
- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at University College, London.
- He worked as a Cocoa and Chocolate Manufacturer in 1898 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

George married Edith Caroline Woodall,<sup>4</sup> daughter of William Woodall and Caroline Tanner,<sup>4</sup> on 1 Jan 1902. Edith was born in Sep 1876 in Stafford, Staffordshire and died in 1935 at age 59. They had three children: George Woodall, John Christopher, and Mary.

10-George Woodall Cadbury was born on 19 Jan 1907 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 25 Feb 1995 in Oakville, Ontario, Canada at age 88.

General Notes: Born and raised in Birmingham, England, Cadbury was the eldest grandchild of the Quaker founder of the famous chocolate dynasty. In the 1920s, Cadbury attended King's College at Cambridge to study economics, where John Maynard Keynes was his supervisor. Afterwards, he studied at the Wharton School of Business at the University of Pennsylvania. Cadbury accumulated years of experience as a managing director of two sizeable food processing enterprises in England. He was lent to the Ministry of Aircraft Production where he was the deputy director of production for three years during WORLD WAR II. He then worked for the British Air Commission in Washington, DC. Cadbury had close links with the British Labour Party and was well known in Fabian Society circles. He got to know a number of Canadian socialists including David Lewis, the future leader of the NDP. Lewis suggested that Cadbury pay a visit to see the newly elected CCF government in Saskatchewan. In the summer of 1945, Cadbury met with officials in the Saskatchewan government, was invited to observe a Cabinet meeting, and was offered a job.

Cadbury arrived in December, soon joined by his wife Barbara, also a committed socialist with much experience in the co-operative movement, along with their two daughters. T.C. DOUGLAS needed Cadbury to bring order to the group of enterprises purchased or set up in its first few months of government. Douglas also wanted an effective system of long-term economic planning. Cadbury established the Economic Advisory and Planning Board, a committee of Cabinet with himself as chair, to provide advice to Cabinet on improving performance of government enterprises. With experts recruited from all over Canada, the Planning Board soon became the brains trust for the new government. Two additional central agencies were created which had a great impact on

# **Descendants of John Head**

the evolution of government in Saskatchewan. The Budget Bureau pioneered a more collective approach to expenditure control and acted as an advisory body on the machinery of government. The Government Finance Office, later known as Crown Investments Corporation, was a holding company and treasury board for the growing number of CROWN CORPORATIONS in the province. Through these agencies, Cadbury put Saskatchewan at the cutting edge of innovative government in the world. By the end of the decade, Cadbury felt that the creative part of his job had been completed and he left the province for a long career in the United Nations as an advisor to various developing countries. After retirement, he moved to Ontario and returned to political life as the chairman, and later president, of the national NDP. He was also active with his wife in the International Planned Parenthood Federation. He died on February 28, 1995.

Gregory P. Marchildon http://esask.uregina.ca/entry/cadbury\_george\_woodall\_1907-95.html

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He was educated at University of Pennsylvania.
- He worked as a Director of British Canners Ltd. In 1929-1935.
- He worked as a Director of Alfred Bird & Sons Ltd. In 1935-1945.

George married Barbara Pierce. They had two children: Lyndall Elizabeth and Caroline Ann.

### 11-Lyndall Elizabeth Cadbury

Lyndall married Richard Bradlee Boal in 1959. Richard died in 1986. They had two children: Jennifer C. and Peter Cadbury.

12-Jennifer C. Boal

Jennifer married Roland Goff.

**12-Peter Cadbury Boal** 

Peter married Kelly Cass, daughter of Richard Cass and Patricia. They had three children: Sebastian B., Oliver C., and Sara C.

13-Sebastian B. Boal

13-Oliver C. Boal

13-Sara C. Boal

11-Caroline Ann Cadbury

Caroline married Woodroffe.

10-John Christopher Cadbury was born on 28 Nov 1908 and died on 25 Jun 1995 at age 86.

John married Honor Mary Milward in 1934 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Honor died in 1957. They had one son: Peter Hugh George.

### **11-Peter Hugh George Cadbury**

Peter married Sally Strouvelle, daughter of Peter Frederick Strouvelle. They had two children: Eleanor Mary and Simon Charles.

12-Eleanor Mary Cadbury

Eleanor married Torquhil Ian Campbell 13th Duke Of Argyll, son of Ian Campbell 12th Duke Of Argyll and Iona Mary Colquhoun. They had three children: Archie Frederick, Rory James, and Charlotte Mary.

13-Archie Frederick Campbell Marquess Of Lorne

13-Lord Rory James Campbell

13-Lady Charlotte Mary Campbell

**12-Simon Charles Cadbury** 

Simon married Joanna C. Williams. They had two children: Hugo George and Oliver James.

13-Hugo George Cadbury

**13-Oliver James Cadbury** 

10-Mary Cadbury<sup>4</sup> was born on 16 Jan 1914.

9-Henry Tylor Cadbury was born on 10 Oct 1882 in Woodbrooke, Selly Oak, Birmingham and died on 25 Sep 1952 in Oak Tree Lane, Bournville at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Newspaper Proprietor.

Henry married Lucy Bellows, daughter of John Thomas Bellows<sup>37,139</sup> and Elizabeth Earnshaw,<sup>37,139</sup> on 10 Jan 1912. Lucy was born in 1881 and died in 1956 at age 75. They had five children: Elizabeth Mary, John Anthony, Ruth Candia, Katherine M., and Martin George.

10-Elizabeth Mary Cadbury was born on 7 Nov 1912.

Elizabeth married Dr. Edmund Henry Hambly on 20 May 1939. Edmund was born on 24 Mar 1914. They had one daughter: Elizabeth Cadbury.

Noted events in his life were:

He was awarded with MB BS FCS LRCP.

• He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.

11-Elizabeth Cadbury Hambly

Elizabeth married Dr. Michael David Rawlins, son of Rev. Jack Rawlins and Evelyn Daphne Douglas-Hamilton. They had two children: Victoria Jane and Lucy Sarah.

12-Victoria Jane Rawlins

**12-Lucy Sarah Rawlins** 

10-John Anthony Cadbury was born on 31 Jul 1914.

10-Ruth Candia Cadbury<sup>15,140</sup> was born on 2 Oct 1915 in London and died in 1988 at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Peace worker.

Ruth married Arthur Nicholas Gillett,<sup>15,140</sup> son of Arthur Bevington Gillett<sup>4,15,52,140</sup> and Margaret Clark,<sup>4,15,52,140</sup> on 20 Apr 1938 in Jordans. Arthur was born on 14 Dec 1914 in 102 Banbury Road, Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 23 Jun 2008 at age 93. They had six children: David Bright, Martin Bevis, Jean Elizabeth, Katharine Jane, Candia Margaret, and Jonathan Nicholas.

General Notes: Nicholas Gillett who died on 23 June was a worthy recipient of the International Gandhi Peace Award in 1999. In his acceptance speech he spoke about caterpillars, horse flies and bees to illustrate the need for fresh approaches to peace building. Had he been less self-effacing he might have spoken of his own background and achievements.

He was born into a Quaker family in 1915. His great grandfather on his mother's side was the radical, anti-war MP, John Bright. His mother went to South Africa in the aftermath of the Boer War

to teach Boer women, confined in concentration camps set up by the British, to spin and weave wool and generate a small income. Later on in 1931 his mother was introduced to Gandhi but as it was Gandhi's day for not speaking, they communed in silence.

Nicholas's father owned and ran a private bank. His uncle was Joseph Rowntree, founder of the charities from which many peace organisations have benefited. Both parents were active supporters of the League of Nations, set up after the First World War.

Nicholas went to the Quaker school, Leighton Park, and then to Oxford where he studied philosophy, politics and economics. One of his first friends there, Chandra Mal, had worked for Gandhi as a secretary and was a committed devotee. During the vacations, Nicholas went to a variety of work camps in this country and overseas. He helped Corder Catchpool in Berlin in his work for reconciliation and was appalled as he watched Hitler address a youth rally in Innsbruck.

At a work camp in Salford, Manchester, he met Ruth Cadbury and they were married in 1938. Ruth's grandfather was George Cadbury who had established the Bournville chocolate factory and estate for the workers. Her parents, Henry and Lucy Cadbury, were wardens of the Quaker Study Centre, Woodbrooke, where Gandhi stayed in 1931.

After initial training to be a teacher of physical education, Nicholas grew increasingly interested in educational psychology. He, Ruth and their growing family of six children managed two farms during the Second World War and from 1945 onwards Nicholas lectured at Teacher Training Colleges at Saltley, Cheltenham and Dudley while studying for an MA in education at Birmingham University in his spare time. He helped to found the first Parent-Teacher Associations in the country and served UNESCO in the Philippines, Thailand and Iran. The family moved to Bristol in 1965 where Nicholas lectured at the University and gave generously of his time and money to various peace and development groups and especially the UNA.

During this time, Nicholas withheld the part of his tax payment which would have gone to the Ministry of Defence and he and Ruth had their more valuable furniture and other possessions seized by bailiffs to make up the deficit. Some of the property was bought at auction by members of the family and returned to them but it showed their commitment to the pacifist cause.

From 1975 to 1977 Nicholas and Ruth represented Quaker Peace and Service in Northern Ireland where they supported the Peace People led by Mairead Corrigan, Betty Williams and Ciaran McKeowen. Ruth took the lead in setting up the means by which disaffected paramilitary men from both sides could disengage from their units, adopt new identities and live peaceful and useful lives.

Three years after their return to Bristol from Belfast, Nicholas and Ruth went off to serve QPS again in the Quaker UN office in Geneva. Ruth died suddenly two months after she and Nicholas had celebrated their golden wedding anniversary in Bristol in 1988.

Nicholas practised farming in his early adult life and he spent his last years helping his second wife, Mehr Fardoonji, manage an organic market garden near Chester. Mehr is a Parsee and had walked with Vinoba Bhave in the Land-Gift Movement. Nicholas continued to write and speak about peace, development and education.

Nicholas's parents had been close friends with Jan Christian Smuts who had been responsible for imprisoning Gandhi in South Africa. Each man had considerable respect for the other and while in prison, Gandhi made a pair of sandals as a present for Smuts. Later, Smuts gave them to Nicholas's mother. Nicholas found them in a cupboard one day and continued to wear them until they were worn out. He, more than most people, walked in the footsteps of Gandhi.

### Graham Davey

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at Carnegie Physical Training College.
- He worked as a Peace worker.
- He was awarded with International Gandhi Peace Award in 1999.

### **11-David Bright Gillett**

David married Marion B. Groom. They had two children: Nathan Peter and Benjamin James.

**12-Nathan Peter Gillett** 

### 12-Benjamin James Gillett

# **11-Martin Bevis Gillett**

11-Jean Elizabeth Gillett

Jean married Michael Barlow.

**11-Katharine Jane Gillett** 

Katharine married Malcolm Winter.

11-Candia Margaret Gillett

Candia married Philip Carolan.

**11-Jonathan Nicholas Gillett** 

10-Katherine M. Cadbury was born on 1 Feb 1920.

**10-Martin George Cadbury** 

9-Mary Isabel Cadbury<sup>51,52</sup> was born on 5 Apr 1884 in Woodbrooke, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1900-Jul 1902 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married Kenneth Henry Wilson,<sup>51,52</sup> son of George Edward Wilson<sup>52</sup> and Henrietta Rachel Pease,<sup>52,69,111,112</sup> on 26 Oct 1911 in FMH Bournville. Kenneth was born on 7 Sep 1885 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 2 Sep 1969 at age 83. They had five children: Ann Pease, Rachel Barbara, Henrietta Marion, Kenneth John, and Eleanor Mary.

General Notes: President of Albright & Wilson

Deputy Chairman Bryant & May

With Albright & Wilson, 1908; Dir, 1910; Man. Dir and Chm., 1932–58, Pres., 1958–. Mem. of Oldbury Urban District Council, 1919–58; Charter Mayor of Oldbury, 1935; Alderman of Borough of Oldbury, 1935–58; Worcestershire County Council, 1936, Alderman, 1941–; Chm. Oldbury Local Employment Cttee, 1925–62. Past Pres. and Member of Council Birmingham Chamber of Commerce; Governor, Birmingham Univ. (Mem. Council, 1933–68). High Sheriff of Worcs., 1948–49. Freeman, Borough of Oldbury, 1960

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Chairman and President of Albright & Wilson.
- He worked as a Chairman of Bryant & May. Match manufacturers.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 22 Priory Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Park Hall, Kidderminster.

10-Ann Pease Wilson<sup>51</sup> was born on 19 Oct 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jan 2001 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 87.

Ann married Sir Francis Wilfrid Fry 5th Bt.,<sup>51</sup> son of Sir John Pease Fry 2nd Bt.<sup>51,52,141</sup> and Margaret Theodora Fox,<sup>51,52</sup> on 19 Jun 1943 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire. Francis was born on 2 May 1904 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 26 Jul 1987 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 83.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire.

- He was awarded with MIME JP.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Mining area manager in County Durham.
- He worked as a Bomb disposal officer in 1940-1942.
- He worked as an Area General Manager, Mid-West Durham Area, Durham Division, National Coal Board.

10-Rachel Barbara Wilson<sup>129,142,143,144,145</sup> was born on 22 May 1915 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Mar 2000 in Dacorum, Hertfordshire at age 84.

Rachel married **Roger Kenneth Allen**, <sup>126,129,142,143,144,145,146,147</sup> son of **Kenneth Clarkson Allen**<sup>50,146,148,149,150,151,152</sup> and **Sybil Robson**, <sup>146,149,150,151</sup> on 22 Jun 1940 in FMH Bournville. Roger was born on 27 Feb 1913 in Waldenhurst, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire and died on 29 May 1966 at age 53. They had seven children: Gabriel Allen, Peter, Peter William, Christopher John, Adrian Roger, Charles Kenneth, and Caroline Isabel.

Marriage Notes: Allen-Wilson.-On 22nd June, 1940, at the Friends' Meeting House, Bournville, Roger Kenneth Allen (1926-31) to Rachel Barbara Wilson.

General Notes: ALLEN.-On the 27th February, 1913, at Waldenhurst, Broxbourne, Herts., Sybil (Robson), wife of Kenneth Clarkson Allen (1892-5), a son, who was named Roger Kenneth. ALLEN.— On 29th May, 1966, suddenly, Roger Kenneth Allen (1926-31), aged 53 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1931 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Stafford Allen & Sons in Cowper Street, Finsbury, London.
  - 11-Gabriel Allen Allen was born on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire and died on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

11-Peter Allen was born on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire and died on 22 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

- 11-Peter William Allen
- 11-Dr. Christopher John Allen
- 11-Adrian Roger Allen
- **11-Charles Kenneth Allen**
- **11-Caroline Isabel Allen**

Caroline married Andrew Ward.

10-Henrietta Marion Wilson was born on 9 Sep 1916 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 2005 in Towcester, Northamptonshire at age 88.

Henrietta married Rt. Rev. Sir Robert "Robin" Wilmer Woods, son of Rt. Rev. Edward Sydney Woods<sup>37,153</sup> and Clemence Rachel Barclay,<sup>37</sup> on 14 Aug 1942 in Churchill, Worcester. Robert was born on 15 Feb 1914 in Lausanne, Switzerland and died on 20 Oct 1997 at age 83. They had five children: Rachel Candia, Robert Barclay, Edward Wilson, Eleanor Priscilla, and Henrietta Mary.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO KCMG.
- He worked as an Archdeacon in Sheffield, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Dean of Windsor & Chaplain to HM The Queen.

• He worked as a Bishop of Worcester.

11-Rachel Candia Woods

11-Robert Barclay Woods

11-Edward Wilson Woods

11-Eleanor Priscilla Woods

11-Henrietta Mary Woods

Henrietta married James Michael Burnell-Nugent, son of Anthony Frank Burnell-Nugent and Gian Mary Alexander. They had four children: Henrietta Marie, Anthony James, Rupert Michael, and Thomas Alexander.

12-Henrietta Marie Burnell-Nugent

12-Anthony James Burnell-Nugent

12-Rupert Michael Burnell-Nugent

12-Thomas Alexander Burnell-Nugent

10-Kenneth John Wilson

Kenneth married Angela Mary Fenn, daughter of Arthur Alston Fenn and Dorothy Rose Constable Curtis. They had four children: Bridget Eleanor, Peter Kenneth Alston, Roger Edward, and Nigel John Cadbury.

11-Bridget Eleanor Wilson

11-Peter Kenneth Alston Wilson

- 11-Roger Edward Wilson
- 11-Nigel John Cadbury Wilson

10-Eleanor Mary Wilson was born on 28 Nov 1918 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Eleanor married **Dr. Christopher Lloyd Wharton**, son of **John Robert Wharton** and **Marjorie Haynes**. They had four children: **Marion Francesca Eleanor, Elizabeth Anne, Julia Catherine**, and **Richard Lloyd**.

- 11-Marion Francesca Eleanor Wharton
- 11-Elizabeth Anne Wharton
- 11-Julia Catherine Wharton
- 11-Richard Lloyd Wharton

9-Eleanor Cadbury was born on 28 Nov 1885 in Woodbrooke, Selly Oak, Birmingham, died on 8 Aug 1959 in Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire at age 73, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire.

Eleanor married **Bertram Fothergill Crosfield**,<sup>154</sup> son of **Albert Joseph Crosfield**<sup>84,99,151,154,155</sup> and **Gulielma Wallis**,<sup>84,99,154,155</sup> on 26 Apr 1910 in FMH Birmingham. Bertram was born on 14 Nov 1882 in Carr End, Oxford, died on 23 Aug 1951 in Thorpeness, Aldeburgh at age 68, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire. They had six children:

## George Bertram, Eleanor Margaret, John Fothergill, Edward Chorley, Michael Cadbury, and Rachel Mary.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Newspaper Proprietor.

10-George Bertram Crosfield<sup>4,15</sup> was born on 21 Nov 1911 in Hampstead, London and died on 23 Feb 1982 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Newspaper Proprietor.

George married Mary Sturge Rowntree,<sup>4,15,20</sup> daughter of Arnold Stephenson Rowntree<sup>4,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24</sup> and Mary Katharine Harvey,<sup>4,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,25,26</sup> on 4 Apr 1939. Mary was born on 16 Apr 1916 in Chalfonts, York, Yorkshire. They had five children: Michael Harvey, Eleanor Jane, Katherine Mary, Elizabeth Sarah, and Judith Margaret. General Notes: ROWNTREE.-On the 16th April, 1916, at Chalfonts, York, Mary K. (Harvey), wife of Arnold S. Rowntree (1883-9), a daughter, who was named Mary Sturge.

# 11-Michael Harvey Crosfield

Michael married Susan Perkins. They had two children: James and Elizabeth.

## **12-James Crosfield**

James married someone. He had four children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and Polly.

13-Crosfield

13-Crosfield

13-Crosfield

13-Polly Crosfield

12-Elizabeth Crosfield

**11-Eleanor Jane Crosfield** 

Eleanor married Dr. Charles Edward Peter Clarke. They had three children: Julia Caroline, Adrian Charles, and Mark Peter.

12-Julia Caroline Clarke

12-Adrian Charles Clarke

Adrian married Melissa Beth Marlowe. They had two children: Marlowe Elizabeth and Cameron Charles.

**13-Marlowe Elizabeth Clarke** 

13-Cameron Charles Clarke

12-Mark Peter Clarke

Mark married Amy Janel Clemmons.

**11-Katherine Mary Crosfield** 

Katherine married Nigel Bailey. They had three children: William, Christopher, and Nicholas.

### 12-William Bailey

William married Lucy. They had two children: Lottie and Ollie.

13-Lottie Bailey

13-Ollie Bailey

12-Christopher Bailey

Christopher married Rachel. They had two children: Emilia and Sam.

13-Emilia Bailey

13-Sam Bailey

12-Nicholas Bailey

11-Elizabeth Sarah Crosfield

Elizabeth married Gregory Archer. They had two children: Olivia Kate and Henry Charles.

12-Olivia Kate Archer

Olivia married John Radford. They had one son: Oliver James.

13-Oliver James Radford

12-Henry Charles Archer

Henry married Tori. They had one son: George Freddie.

13-George Freddie Archer

**11-Judith Margaret Crosfield** 

Judith married Shaun Michael Norman. They had two children: Thomas and Amelia Sorrel.

12-Thomas Norman

Thomas married Hollie Nicol King. They had two children: Arthur and Barnaby.

13-Arthur Norman

13-Barnaby Norman

12-Amelia Sorrel Norman

Amelia married Kenneth Reginald Rose. They had one son: Donovan.

13-Donovan Rose

10-Eleanor Margaret Crosfield was born on 7 Jul 1913 in Hampstead, London.

Eleanor married Roger Wilfred Tomkinson on 5 Jun 1948 in FMH Jordans, Buckinghamshire. Roger was born in 1916 and died 5 han 2000 at age 84.

• He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.

10-Dr. John Fothergill Crosfield was born on 22 Oct 1915 in Hampstead, London and died on 25 Mar 2012 in Hampstead, London at age 96.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE.
- He worked as an Electrical engineer.

John married Geraldine Fitzgerald in 1938. The marriage ended in divorce in 1945. Geraldine was born in 1915 and died in 1987 at age 72. They had one son: Robin Braden.

11-Robin Braden Crosfield

John next married Edythe Miriam Bertinet in 1945. Edythe was born in 1917 and died in 2009 at age 92. They had three children: Richard John, Eleanor Miriam, and James Michael.

- 11-Richard John Crosfield
- **11-Eleanor Miriam Crosfield**
- **11-James Michael Crosfield**

10-Edward Chorley Crosfield was born on 21 Sep 1918 in Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Leighton Park.

Edward married Joyce Isabel Leigh.

# **10-Michael Cadbury Crosfield**

Michael married McCarthy.

Michael next married Helen Nontando "Noni" Jabavu on 6 Sep 1951. Helen was born on 20 Aug 1919 in Middledrift, South Africa and died on 19 Jun 2008 at age 88.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as an Author and Journalist.

# **10-Rachel Mary Crosfield**

George next married **Dame Elizabeth Mary Taylor**,<sup>4,137</sup> daughter of **John Taylor**<sup>4,40,71</sup> and **Mary Jane Cash**,<sup>4,71</sup> on 19 Jun 1888. Elizabeth was born on 24 Jun 1858 in 3 Elm Place, Peckham Rye, London and died on 4 Dec 1951 in Northfield Manor, Birmingham at age 93. They had six children: Laurence John, George Norman, Elsie Dorothea, Egbert, Marion Janet, and Elizabeth Ursula.

General Notes: Cadbury [née Taylor], Dame Elizabeth Mary (1858-1951), welfare worker and philanthropist, was born at 3 Elm Place, Peckham Rye, London, on 24 June 1858; she was born into one Ouaker family and married into a second. One of ten children of John Taylor (d. 1894), a company director and stockbroker, and his wife, Mary Jane Cash (d. 1887), her family background was affluent. Her parents were active temperance crusaders, and enthusiasts for the adult education provided by mechanics' institutes. Elizabeth (or Elsie, as she was known) and her sister Margaret were educated privately in Germany, and Elizabeth then attended North London Collegiate School from 1874 to 1876 where Frances Mary Buss was the headmistress. In 1876 she passed the senior Cambridge examination in ten subjects, but did not enter higher education. As the second eldest of the ten children, in what was described as a 'large and boisterous family', Elizabeth taught her younger brothers and sisters. In her childhood and adolescence she loved music.

In the years after leaving school Elizabeth Taylor did social work in the London docks and in Paris. These activities, along with regular teaching in a Quaker Sunday school, show her religious and philanthropic energies. Her work in the London docks, where she started a boys' club in 1884 at the age of twenty-six, was a pioneering effort for a woman of her age, marital status, and class. She also used her musical talent to entertain seamen. Her Parisian experience from February to July 1885 was work with a protestant mission for the relief of victims of the Franco-Prussian War. From July 1885 she worked with women in the London slums.

In 1888 Elizabeth Taylor married George Cadbury (1839-1922), a widower with five children. George and his brother Richard were the founders of the Bournville works, and they rebuilt the Cadbury family fortune. George Cadbury's first marriage was in 1872 to Mary Tylor, who died in 1887, and his second wife became stepmother to the five children-his biographer wrote that she did this with 'skill and passion'. The Cadburys had a further six children: Laurence John Cadbury, born in 1889; George Norman, born in 1890; Elsie Dorothea (1892); Egbert (1893); Marion Janet (1894); and Ursula (1906). Laurence became, in his turn, chairman of Cadburys. Their family home until 1894 was Woodbrooke in Selly Oak, Birmingham, but in 1894 they moved to the Manor House, Northfield, Birmingham. They lived there together until George's death in 1922, and Elizabeth continued to live there until her own death in 1951. In 1948, at the family gathering to celebrate her ninetieth birthday, there were 150 relatives, and at her death she left thirty-seven grandchildren and forty-nine great-grandchildren.

Elizabeth Cadbury's central work, apart from the rearing of eleven children, was in three spheres: Bournville Village, education and youth work, and the welfare of women. In all these arenas, her efforts were suffused with her Quaker faith. Although it is extremely hard to recreate the religious belief of past generations, commentators on Elizabeth Cadbury are unanimous in their judgement that her Quaker faith was strong, practical, and active: a faith producing practical activity in this world. These activities were grounded in the philanthropic capitalism of the Cadburys in Bournville, working to create a new type of community. The factory was already established at Bournville when George and Elizabeth Cadbury married, but the task of establishing the village was carried through by the couple together. The idea of housing at several price levels mixed together to avoid a one-class community was an original one in the 1890s. Unlike at Port Sunlight, houses at Bournville were not 'tied' accommodation, so people who left their jobs with Cadburys did not lose their homes, and non-employees were able to live in Bournville among the Cadbury workers. The pioneering nature of Bournville was opened by the British Association, who held their annual conference there in 1914 and 1950, and by a royal visit from George V and Queen Mary in 1919. The 200th house at Bournville was opened by Elizabeth Cadbury herself in 1951, and her last public appearance before her death was at the Bournville Village jubilee. She succeeded her husband in chairing the Bournville Village Trust. Her educational work in Bournville included the opening to women of the adult classes (started by George Cadbury) and the establishment of infant schools in 1910. In 1899 she founded an athletic club for young women in Bournville, which opened with a bicycle gymkhana in which both the Cadburys took part.

Elizabeth Cadbury was particularly concerned with disabled and sick children, and in 1909 opened the Woodland Hospital, which became the Royal Orthopaedic Hospital. Later she built The Beeches, to give holidays for children from the Birmingham slums. She chaired the Birmingham school medical service committee and worked energetically to provide medical inspection in schools. From 1941 to 1948 she was president of the United Hospital in Birmingham. Throughout her life she campaigned for the education and welfare of women. She was a convinced non-militant suffragist. The founder in 1898 of the Birmingham Union of Girls' Clubs, she was active in the YWCA and in the National Council for Women from 1896 to her death. In 1936, at the age of seventy-eight, she led the UK delegation to the World Congress of the International Council of Women which was held in Calcutta.

Elizabeth Cadbury was an active pacifist. She was the first chair of the Peace and International Relations Committee of the National Council of Women, established in 1914. In 1916 she was elected to the National Peace Council, becoming its treasurer and then its vice-president. Along with Lady Aberdeen, Millicent Fawcett, and Mrs Corbett Ashby, she pressed for the inclusion of women's issues in the agenda of the Congress of Versailles. She chaired the Peace and Arbitration Committee of the International Council of Women, and was an energetic supporter of the League of Nations Union. In the Second World War, she worked with Belgian refugees, and after that war continued her efforts with the International Council of Women.

In national politics Elizabeth Cadbury's sympathies were similar to those usually associated with Christian socialism, and she was a pillar of the Liberal Party. She was a Birmingham city councillor, for King's Norton ward, from 1919 to 1924, as a Liberal, losing her seat to a Conservative. Her political platform was a reformist one: municipal action in housing improvement, a school health service, and equality of opportunity. Among her political successes were her co-option to the Birmingham education committee in 1919, and her services as a magistrate from 1926. For her public service Elizabeth Cadbury was made an OBE in 1918 and a DBE in 1934. The Belgian government honoured her in 1918 for her work with refugees, making her an officer of the order of the Crown, and she was decorated by Queen Elizabeth of the Belgians. The Red Cross organizations of Serbia, Greece, and Yugoslavia also made awards to her for her war work. The University of Birmingham made her an honorary MA in 1919 for her services to education and to the city.

Elizabeth Cadbury died at the Manor House, Northfield, Birmingham, on 4 December 1951, and was cremated in Birmingham on the 7th.

Sara Delamont

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Elliott & Fry, photograph, 1942, NPG [see illus.] Wealth at death

£102,129 13s. 2d.: probate, 28 Feb 1952, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Sara Delamont, 'Cadbury , Dame Elizabeth Mary (1858-1951)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004

9-Laurence John Cadbury<sup>37,137</sup> was born on 30 Mar 1889 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1982 at age 93.

General Notes: Cadbury, Laurence John (1889-1982), chocolate and food manufacturer, was born at Woodbrook, Northfield, King's Norton, Birmingham, on 30 March 1889, the first son of George Cadbury (1839-1922), chocolate and food manufacturer, and his second wife, Elizabeth Mary, née Taylor (1858-1951) [see Cadbury, Dame Elizabeth Mary]. He was educated at Leighton Park, Reading, a Quaker public school, and studied at Trinity College, Cambridge (1908-11), where he graduated with a degree in economics. As a young man his sporting interests included sculling, skiing, and motor racing. He then joined the family business in Birmingham, Cadbury Brothers, and three years later served in the Friends' Ambulance Unit in France; he was presented with the Croix de Guerre, as well as the Mons medal and the 1914 star. In 1919 he was appointed OBE, and was also appointed managing director of Cadbury Brothers and associated companies, with special responsibility for engineering, production, and factory development. It was a post he held for forty years.

Cadbury also oversaw wage and employment policies at the company. He actively supported the industry's National Joint Industrial Council, becoming a trustee of the firm's pension fund in 1920 and its chairman in 1932, a position he retained until his retirement. In 1921 he was appointed a director of the British Cocoa and Chocolate Company, the holding company which linked Cadburys and Frys until their formal merger in 1936; he was also active in the formation of overseas subsidiaries in Canada, Australia, Germany, New Zealand, Ireland, and South Africa between 1920 and 1937. On 10 November 1925 he married Joyce (b. 1905/6), the daughter of Lewis Oster Mathews, an estate agent of Birmingham; they had two daughters and four sons. Cadbury was a key figure in the expansion of the family business during the inter-war years, and improvements in production and work organization underpinned marketing and strategic objectives which successfully exploited the firm's competitive advantages. In response to the depressed conditions and falling sales prices of the time, improvements in machinery and plant layout, mostly implemented between 1926 and 1932, increased productivity. The company additionally accrued the returns to scale which were to be found in the rising popularity of milk chocolate bars, and specifically Cadbury's Dairy Milk. Alongside new power plant and other innovations, automatic chocolate moulding machines were introduced in 1927; larger buildings were erected, including the cocoa block in 1929; and throughput was improved. The per unit labour and overhead costs of milk chocolate fell by 56 per cent between 1924 and 1936, and the continuous reduction in the sales price of Cadbury's Dairy Milk, beginning in 1920, reached in 1933 the level of '20z for 2d', a competitive advantage that was turned into a famous advertising slogan. The brand was established as the industry's leader, and helped Cadburys achieve the powerful combination of efficiency, size, and consumer loyalty. Unrivalled positive cash flows created a virtuous circle of capital investment, heavy advertising, and price reductions. Output per employee grew significantly between 1922 and 1936; overall output even increased after 1928 and especially after 1933. Although the number of employees fell in the short term as a result of mechanization and enhanced factory organization, the upward trend in demand for confectionery had by 1934 restored employment levels at the company. In 1935 approximately 11,700 people worked for British Cocoa and Chocolate, making it the twenty-ninth largest manufacturing employer in Britain. During the Second World War parts of the main factory came under the control of the Ministry of Supply, and Cadbury chaired Bournville Utilities, which produced gas masks, aeroplane wings, petrol cans, and machine tools. He went with Lord Beaverbrook's mission to the USSR in 1941 as head of its economic section. In 1944 he succeeded his brother Edward as chairman of both Cadbury Brothers and British Cocoa and Chocolate; he resigned from the Cadbury board and as chairman of British Cocoa and Chocolate in 1959. He chaired the finance committee of the main company until 1962, when its ordinary shares were traded on the stock exchange for the first time, and he finally retired as a director of British Cocoa and Chocolate in 1964. From 1910 until 1978 Cadbury was a trustee of the Bournville Village Trust, which acquired responsibility for some 7000 dwellings, and he served as its chairman from 1954 to 1974. He was also a member of the University of Birmingham's council, which awarded him an honorary doctorate in law in 1970.

In 1922 Cadbury was appointed to the board of the Daily News Trust, established by his father to protect the independence of several Liberal, reforming newspapers, most of which were merged into a single title in 1930. He became its chairman in 1950, and between 1958 and 1967 he also served as a director of Tyne-Tees Television, part owned by the Daily News. In 1960 he was much criticized for secretly selling the News Chronicle to Associated Newspapers, owners of the Conservative-inclined Daily Mail, and for the subsequent loss of 3500 jobs. The circulation of the News Chronicle had declined for over a decade, and Cadbury was blamed for failing to appoint a successor more attuned to the requirements of modern journalism. In the inter-war period, Laurence and Edward Cadbury had effected a business policy which established their chocolate manufacturing business as the industry leader; and, as company chairman, Laurence Cadbury oversaw the end of rationing and the expansion of demand in the 1950s. The next generation of directors, in the 1960s, responded to a new market and new marketing demands and sought to convert Cadburys into a global food and drinks enterprise. Although not a key player in this transformation, Cadbury did employ his expertise within the City of London to supervise the associated conversion to a public company. In 1969, the business merged to form Cadbury Schweppes.

Although deeply involved in the confectionery business and the Daily News Trust for most of his life, Cadbury showed little commitment to his family's Quaker connections. He became concerned chiefly with matters of economics and finance and with issues of population, and regularly offered his views and analysis in a range of journals. He was a director of the Bank of England in 1936-8 and from 1941 to 1961, and high sheriff of the county of London in 1947-8 and 1959-60. He acted as treasurer of the populations investigation committee for forty years (1936-76), and he also served as a trustee of the historic churches preservation committee. In contrast to his background, Cadbury in the post-war years tended to support Conservative policies, although he was neither interested in politics nor directly associated with any political party. Reserved by nature, he had no inclination to enter public life, preferring his home, family, and collections of antique furniture, guns, and books. He died at his home, The Davids, Hole Lane, Northfield, Birmingham, on 5 November 1982, survived by his wife. Their eldest son, Sir Adrian Cadbury, was chairman of Cadbury Schweppes from 1975 to 1989.

## Robert Fitzgerald

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£1,046,801: probate, 30 Dec 1982, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Robert Fitzgerald, 'Cadbury, Laurence John (1889-1982)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004

Laurence married Joyce Mathews,<sup>37</sup> daughter of Lewis Oster Mathews, on 10 Nov 1925. Joyce was born in 1906 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. They had six children: Julian St. John, George Adrian Hayhurst, Veronica, Anthea Karen, Nicholas Dominic, and Jocelyn Benedict Laurence.

10-Julian St. John Cadbury was born in 1926 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1950 at age 24.

10-Sir George Adrian Hayhurst Cadbury was born on 15 Apr 1929 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 3 Sep 2015 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 86.

General Notes: Sir Adrian Cadbury, the former chairman of Cadbury Schweppes who has died aged 86, was once described as "the City's own social worker". Cadbury was rare among descendants of Britain's famous Quaker business dynasties in continuing to practice Quakerism and to apply its principles to the conduct of business. He became a leading expert on "corporate governance", and chaired a committee of inquiry whose findings, published in 1993, were universally known as the Cadbury Code. The inquiry was commissioned by the Bank of England (of which Cadbury was a director) in response to a series of scandals, including the Polly Peck and Maxwell affairs: its mission was to promote ways of curbing the excesses of corporate tyrants. Its recommendations included the division of power between chairmen and chief executives; the appointment of non-executive directors with stronger powers; and fuller disclosure of directors' pay, coupled with tighter limits on their contract terms.

Though criticised by politicians and journalists for not being prescriptive enough, and by some tycoons for being too interfering, the report provided an important focus for public debate. Cadbury himself was modest about its impact: "Codes will not catch rogues," he remarked. "We cannot be a corporate nanny". But leading companies made haste to declare that they were, as The Daily Telegraph put it, "Cadbuarially correct".

A lean, stooping figure, prone to holding his head in his hands as he grappled with weighty philosophical issues, Cadbury was sometimes lampooned for his babbling enthusiasm for ethical debate. His crusade against "old boy networks" sat uncomfortably with his own position as the dynastic inheritor of the chair of one of Britain's largest public companies - of which his family latterly owned less than five per cent. But the sincerity of his intentions was respected, and his record both as a businessman and in public service demonstrated a firmness belied by his earnest, softspoken manner.

George Adrian Hayhurst Cadbury was born on April 15 1929, the son of Laurence Cadbury, who was the proprietor of the News Chronicle (which campaigned for peace and social reform) and a director of the Bank of England as well as chairman of Cadbury Brothers in the post-war years. Laurence was in turn a grandson of John Cadbury, a Quaker who had started business as a tea and coffee merchant in Bull Street, Birmingham in 1824 and later manufactured cocoa powder.

John's sons, Richard and George, developed a formula for chocolate in 1866 and went on to build Bournville, the company village near Birmingham which pioneered decent working and housing conditions for employees - Bourn was a local name, but the addition of "ville" reflected the fact that most good chocolate at that time came from France. Cadbury Brothers' most famous brand, Dairy Milk, was introduced in 1905, and Bournville became the world's biggest chocolate factory.

Adrian was one of six children, three of whom died young - including his eldest brother Julian, who died in a road accident in 1950, and his youngest brother Jocelyn Cadbury MP, who committed suicide in 1982. Young Adrian was educated at Eton and completed his National Service in the Coldstream Guards before going up to King's College, Cambridge. There he read Economics under Lord Kaldor and gained a rowing blue. He was a member of the British Olympic rowing team at Helsinki in 1952, an experience which he described as "the greatest thing that ever happened to me'''.

He joined the family business straight from university, and became a director of Cadbury Bros in 1958. The firm's management style in that era was paternal and autocratic; succession was entirely dynastic, and remained so after the company went public in 1962. In 1969, when Adrian became managing director, the family still owned half the shares and occupied half the seats in the boardroom. But merger with the soft drinks manufacturer Schweppes in that year brought a change of style and a difficult period of adjustment, as well as a diversified product range. Adrian Cadbury recognised the need for a more professional management structure, capable of reacting swiftly to the challenges of an increasingly sophisticated industry. He grasped the science of brand management, and took tough decisions when necessary.

On becoming chairman of the enlarged group in 1975, he declared himself opposed to nepotism, letting it be known that if two equal candidates applied for a position in the firm, the non-Cadbury was more likely to be chosen. As it happened, his own brother Dominic overcame this hurdle to become chief executive in 1984, and the two of them - the elder cerebral, the younger more action-oriented - proved to be a formidable combination.

Partly because of the continuing family presence, however, Cadbury Schweppes was often thought vulnerable to takeover bids, particularly during the boom period of the 1980s when brand names became attractive financial commodities. A predatory American investor, General Cinema, held a large stake in the company for several years. But Cadbury retained its independence and prospered under Sir Adrian's leadership. When he retired from the chair at the end of 1989 it passed for the first time to a non-family member, Sir Graham Day, but he in turn was succeeded by Dominic Cadbury in 1993.

Sir Adrian remained close to the company after his retirement, and proud of its heritage despite successive cuts in workforce numbers. When it fell in January 2010 to a bid by Kraft, the US processed foods conglomerate, he described the takeover as a "tragedy" and told Kraft it had a "duty" to look after the company's people.

Cadbury joined the court of the Bank of England in 1970 and was one of its longest-serving directors in modern times. He was also chairman of ProNed, the Bank of England-sponsored agency which promotes the appointment of non-executive directors to public company boards - though he campaigned for the abolition of the title "non-executive", which he believed implied toothlessness.

His views on that subject were refined in practice by his own participation as a director of IBM UK, which suffered a sharp decline in the late 1980s, and DAF, the Dutch vehicle maker, which collapsed. The latter had a European-style two-tier board, and Cadbury noted studiously that the company's terminal difficulties "provided a useful opportunity to see how the structure coped with stress".

He published, in 1990, The Company Chairman, a handbook of good practice which laid some of the groundwork for his subsequent inquiry report, and in 2002, Corporate Governance and Chairmanship. He was proud of having typed the first draft of the Cadbury Code on his own word-processor.

Adrian Cadbury was Chancellor for 25 years of Aston University (whose business school lecture theatres are named after him and his wife Susan) and a patron of many trade associations and community projects in his home territory, ranging from the West Midlands Festival of Industry to the Bournville Village Trust. He was a deputy lieutenant and former High Sheriff of the West Midlands. During his corporate governance inquiry, he was observed to be wearing a tie which bore a map of the Birmingham National Exhibition Centre. He was knighted in 1977 and appointed Companion of Honour in January this year. He married first, in 1956, Gillian Skepper, who died in 1992; they had two sons and a daughter. He married

secondly, in 1994, Susan Sinclair. Sir Adrian Cadbury, born April 15 1929, died September 3 2015

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CH DL.
- He worked as a Chairman, Cadbury-Schweppes.
- He worked as a Director of the Bank of England.
- He was a Quaker.

George married Gillian Mary Skepper in 1956. Gillian was born on 23 Dec 1931 and died in May 1992 at age 60. They had three children: Benedict Edmund St. John, Matthew Jonathan, and Caroline E.

## 11-Benedict Edmund St. John Cadbury

11-Matthew Jonathan Cadbury

11-Caroline E. Cadbury

George next married Susan Jacqueline Sinclair.

10-Veronica Cadbury

Veronica married Richard A. Wootten.

10-Anthea Karen Cadbury was born in 1936 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1964 in Air Accident at age 28.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Biochemist.

Anthea married Alexander Lindsay Aitken Turner. They had two children: Catherine Frances and Laurence D.

11-Catherine Frances Turner

Catherine married Rt. Hon. Edward Peter Lawless Faulks Baron Faulks.

11-Laurence D. Turner

**10-Sir Nicholas Dominic Cadbury** 

Nicholas married Cecilia Sarah Symes. They had three children: Anna-Louise, Justine Dorothea, and Georgina Sarah.

11-Dr. Anna-Louise Cadbury

Anna-Louise married David Mackinnon. They had one son: James Robert.

12-James Robert Mackinnon

11-Justine Dorothea Cadbury

11-Georgina Sarah Cadbury

Georgina married Thomas Henry Randall Allison Allison. They had three children: Alfred George Randall, Benjamin George Randall, and Edward George Randall.

12-Alfred George Randall Allison

## 12-Benjamin George Randall Allison

12-Edward George Randall Allison

10-Jocelyn Benedict Laurence Cadbury was born on 3 Mar 1946 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 Jul 1982 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 36. The cause of his death was Suicide.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Birmingham Northfield 1979 To 1982.

9-George Norman Cadbury was born on 19 Jul 1890 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1980 at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer & Director of the Electrical Mechanical Brake Co.

George married Celia Jeanette Southall, daughter of Alfred William Southall<sup>4,7</sup> and Ethel Marion Evans,<sup>4,7</sup> on 19 Feb 1925. Celia was born on 6 Sep 1901 and died in 1981 at age 80. They had four children: Robin Norman, Celia J., George T. E., and Jeanette Elizabeth Bryony.

# **10-Robin Norman Cadbury**

Robin married Rosemary Jayne Easton. They had two children: Nigel Robin and Penelope J.

## 11-Nigel Robin Cadbury

Nigel married Julie Ann Dean. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and Claire Rebecca.

12-Cadbury

- 12-Cadbury
- 12-Claire Rebecca Cadbury

Claire married William Griffin Henry Freeman, son of John Glover Freeman and Alison Hilary Miller. They had one daughter: India Sophia.

13-India Sophia Freeman

# 11-Penelope J. Cadbury

Penelope married Colin Woodrow Richmond-Watson. They had two children: Mark William and Annabel Kirsty.

12-Mark William Richmond-Watson

12-Annabel Kirsty Richmond-Watson

# 10-Celia J. Cadbury

10-George T. E. Cadbury

# **10-Jeanette Elizabeth Bryony Cadbury**

Jeanette married Anthony John Yelloly. They had three children: Lucy Jeanette, Katherine Rose, and Julia Marianne.

11-Lucy Jeanette Yelloly

11-Katherine Rose Yelloly

11-Julia Marianne Yelloly

9-Elsie Dorothea Cadbury<sup>4,52,137</sup> was born on 12 Mar 1892 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 Jan 1971 at age 78.

Elsie married **Geoffrey Hoyland**,<sup>4,52</sup> son of **John William Hoyland**<sup>4,52</sup> and **Rachel Anna Somervell**,<sup>4,52</sup> on 28 Jul 1919 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Geoffrey was born on 15 Dec 1889 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 17 Dec 1965 at age 76. They had one son: **Hugh James**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Headmaster, The Downs School, Colwall.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1916-1919.
- He was a Quaker.

10-Dr. Hugh James Hoyland

Hugh married Gillian Elizabeth Jane Whittaker, daughter of Herbert Whittaker and Ruth Wilhelmina Jeffreys. They had five children: Richard Hugh, Philip John, Annabel Elizabeth, Sally Francis, and Clare.

11-Richard Hugh Hoyland

11-Philip John Hoyland

Philip married Hon. Henrietta Mary Vivian, daughter of Nicholas Crespigny Laurance Vivian 6th Baron Vivian and Joyce Hope. They had three children: Jack Nicholas Hope, Francesca Mary Jane, and George Hugh James Hope.

12-Jack Nicholas Hope Hoyland

12-Francesca Mary Jane Hoyland

Francesca married Joseph James Eeley, son of Douglas J. Eeley and Elizabeth A. Todd. They had one son: Hector James Vivian.

13-Hector James Vivian Eeley

12-George Hugh James Hope Hoyland

11-Annabel Elizabeth Hoyland

Annabel married **Jim Searight**.

11-Sally Francis Hoyland

Sally married Morgan.

11-Clare Hoyland

Clare married Lachlan Bower.

9-Air Commodore Sir Egbert Cadbury<sup>137</sup> was born on 20 Apr 1893 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 12 Jan 1967 at age 73.

- He was awarded with DSC DFC.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Cadburys.

Egbert married Mary Forbes Phillips. They had two children: Peter Egbert and George Patrick Lucas.

10-Peter Egbert Cadbury was born on 6 Feb 1918 in Great Yarmouth, Norfolk and died on 17 Apr 2006 at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Founder of Westward Television.

Peter married Eugenie Benedicta Bruce, daughter of Maj. Ewen Cameron Bruce and Eugenie Mary Alice Power. They had two children: Felicity Mary and George Justin Peter.

**11-Felicity Mary Cadbury** 

**11-George Justin Peter Cadbury** 

George married Michelle Pearson-Cooper. They had one son: Rupert Justin Egbert.

**12-Rupert Justin Egbert Cadbury** 

Rupert married Antonia Jane Kenning, daughter of Stephen J. D. Kenning and Janice M. V. Rogers. They had one daughter: Louella Poppy Honora.

13-Louella Poppy Honora Cadbury

Peter next married Jennifer Mary Victoria Hammond-Maude, daughter of Maj. Michael William Vernon Hammond-Maude and Rosamond Patrick, on 15 Apr 1970. Jennifer was born on 14 Aug 1945 and died on 30 Apr 2003 in France at age 57. They had one son: Joel Michael.

**11-Joel Michael Cadbury** 

Joel married Divia Lalvani, daughter of Gulu Lalvani. They had two children: Aryana Sophy Jennifer and Joel Cameron Dino.

12-Aryana Sophy Jennifer Cadbury

12-Joel Cameron Dino Cadbury

Peter next married Jane Mead. They had two children: James L. and (No Given Name).

11-Capt. James L. Cadbury

James married Claire Isabel Buchanan-Jardine, daughter of Charles James Buchanan-Jardine and Irmgard Margarethe Bormann.

11-Cadbury

10-George Patrick Lucas Cadbury was born on 22 May 1920 in Long Ashton, Somerset and died in 1941 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 21.

9-Marion Janet Cadbury<sup>4</sup> was born on 18 Jul 1894 and died on 4 Jul 1978 at age 83.

Marion married William Edward Greeves, son of Joseph Malcomson Greeves and Mary Margaretta Gribbon, on 14 Feb 1918 in FMH Bournville. William was born on 4 Feb 1890 and died on 28 Sep 1960 at age 70. They had five children: Elizabeth Marion, John Edward Brian, Rosemary Cadbury, George Malcomson, and Thomas William.

10-Elizabeth Marion Greeves was born on 17 Nov 1918 and died on 4 Sep 2006 at age 87.

Elizabeth married Christopher James McGregor on 28 Oct 1940. Christopher died on 5 Jul 1941. They had one daughter: Janet Elizabeth.

**11-Janet Elizabeth McGregor** 

Elizabeth next married George Alan Roskruge Wood on 18 Dec 1947. George was born on 15 Jun 1920 and died on 1 Aug 1995 at age 75. They had three children: Andrew, Frances Ann, and **Richard James William.** 

- 11-Andrew Wood
- 11-Frances Ann Wood
- 11-Richard James William Wood

10-John Edward Brian Greeves was born on 17 Apr 1920 and died in 1980 at age 60.

John married Jill Kathleen Ware. They had five children: Caroline Elizabeth, Virginia Jaqueline, Penelope Ann, Charlotte Ware, and William Harold.

- **11-Caroline Elizabeth Greeves**
- **11-Virginia Jaqueline Greeves**
- **11-Penelope Ann Greeves**
- **11-Charlotte Ware Greeves**
- **11-William Harold Greeves**

10-Rosemary Cadbury Greeves was born on 24 Sep 1923 and died on 15 Dec 2013 at age 90.

Rosemary married Thomas Alexander Dickson. They had three children: Christopher William, Elizabeth Mary, and Timothy George.

- 11-Christopher William Dickson
- **11-Elizabeth Mary Dickson**
- 11-Timothy George Dickson
- **10-George Malcomson Greeves**

George married Myra Warwick on 4 May 1951. Myra died on 30 Nov 1959. They had three children: Peter William, Margaret Jane, and Benjamin Walter.

- **11-Peter William Greeves**
- **11-Margaret Jane Greeves**
- **11-Benjamin Walter Greeves**

George next married Olive Oakman. They had one daughter: Myra Claire.

### 11-Myra Claire Greeves

10-Thomas William Greeves was born on 26 Apr 1930 in Portadown, County Armagh, Ireland and died on 3 Jun 2014 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 84.

General Notes: Thomas William Greeves

26 iv 1930 - 3 vi 2014

Tom lived his life in a spirit of abundance and joy. He worked to resolve challenges with enthusiasm and practical creativity. Tom was sensitive to others' needs and quick to ofer both emotional and practical help. His playful wit made many a dry Quaker committee pleasurable. He lived the Quaker testimony to simplicity with a quiet, persistent grace, never ostentatious in dress or lifestyle. Tom was a good and faithful Friend from childhood to his death aged 84 in 2014. Tom's lodestones were his family, Quakers, the environment and technological innovation. Tom once said of meeting: "In my younger days, the dominant reason [for my attendance] was to learn from the meeting - and to develop my understanding of life - physical, mental and spiritual - and my

# Descendants of John Head

values. I then found ways I could contribute as well as receive, and hence developed a feeling of being part of a community to which I owed a duty. Meeting has become a valued and central part of my life which I would feel deprived of if I lived out of reach of a Quaker meeting." In meetings Tom always spoke quietly, but with authority. Over his 57 years at Cotteridge Meeting he served in numerous capacities: overseer, elder, treasurer and clerk amongst others. Tom undertook what he called "a whole new career" when, in 1996, he became treasurer of Warwickshire Monthly Meeting. Tom had a rich baritone singing voice and derived much pleasure from music, enriching both Cotteridge Meeting's social and practical activities. Tom's rendition of "Right Said Fred" greatly sustained Cotteridge Friends' DIY revamping of the meeting house in 2006. Tom supported the Leaveners, singing in The Gates of Greenham, Cry of the Earth, Embracing the Tiger, and Woolman's Witness. Born in Portadown, Northern Ireland, Tom was the youngest of fve children in a Quaker family. Every morning after breakfast, joined by their domestic staff, the household read from the Bible. From a very young age he opted to sit through the whole of their Quaker meeting. The ideals of public service exemplifed by generations of his family took deep root in Tom's own character. Tom boarded very happily at Leighton Park School before studying Mechanical and Electrical Engineering at Queen's University, Belfast where he met Isabel. In 1955, having completed a graduate apprenticeship with Rolls Royce, Tom joined Cadbury Brothers Ltd and married. Cadburys seconded Tom to their factory in Tasmania for a year. Here he and Isabel took great joy from both Hobart Quaker Meeting and the natural beauty of Tasmania. On their return to England in 1957 the Greeves settled in Bournville, Birmingham, and became part of Cotteridge Quaker Meeting. Suzy, Geoff and Marion joined the family, and the meeting, in due course. In the mid 1970s, dawn of the digital age, Tom, constantly desiring to be at the cutting edge of technology, completed an Open University degree in Electronic Engineering. At Cadbury's, meanwhile, Tom developed the Systems Engineering Department. Tom had a 'conversion experience' when he read Limits to Growth in 1972, halfway through his life, leading to a passionate concern for the health of our earth. His response, which took much of his time in the second half of his life, was wide ranging and practical as well as intellectual. From 1971-2003 Tom served as a trustee of the Bournville Village Trust (BVT), acting as vice chairman for 14 years. Tom steered the BVT decisively towards sustainability. He was the catalyst for a growing commitment to the need for energy saving technology in buildings ranging from the innovative Solar Village of the 1980s to the Shenley Development launched in 2003. Tom co-authored several academic papers for the International Solar Energy Society based on this pioneering work. Tom quietly began work on reducing energy use at Cotteridge Meeting House in 2002 with donations of a solar thermal panel and, later, of double glazed window panels to replace the 'glass walls' (which had been cutting edge design in 1964). Tom's constancy supported the small Cotteridge Meeting Living Witness Group, which informed and encouraged meeting in its energy saving measures from 2004 through 2011, resulting in energy use reduction of over 90%. When issues afecting the environmental impact of the meeting or meeting house came before local business meeting. Tom invariably spoke clearly and movingly on their behalf. Central England Quakers agreed, in 2007, to create the Northfeld Ecocentre, a project which promotes sustainable living. Tom was deeply involved from its inception and planning. He contributed funding, time and practical ingenuity to make the Ecocentre, an old building, a demonstration of energy efficiency. Tom acted as Ecocentre treasurer for six years, a vital support to the new project. He was key to the success of the Ecocentre. Tom's deep commitment to peace and the protection of our environment is expressed in his own words in his contribution to Cotteridge Meeting's 2004 'Living Minutes' project: "...we are people trying to learn to live in harmony with one another and to care for a lovely planet...the meaning and purpose of life is therefore centred around that endeavour, lightened by beauty, joy and laughter. To succeed we need to develop the power of love, and not the love of power, and to open our hearts and minds to the leadings of the Spirit of Love". In the last year of his final illness Tom continued to show a quiet fortitude and good humour despite his decreasing physical strength. His was truly a life that spoke to all who knew him as one who walked "cheerfully over the world, answering that of God in every one". Signed in and on behalf of Central England Area Meeting, held at Bull Street on 6 January 2015 Claire Bowman, Clerk

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at Queen's University, Belfast.
- He worked as a Graduate appreentice with Rolls Royce.
- He worked as an Engineer with Cadbury Brothers Ltd. In 1955 in Tasmania, Australia.
- He worked as an Engineer with Cadbury Brothers Ltd. In 1957 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Trustee and sometime Vice-chairman of the Bournville Village Trust.

Thomas married Isabel Kinkead. They had three children: Isabel Suzanne, Geoffrey John, and Marion Lucy.

### **11-Isabel Suzanne Greeves**

- **11-Geoffrey John Greeves**
- 11-Marion Lucy Greeves

9-Elizabeth Ursula Cadbury<sup>4</sup> was born on 20 Jun 1906.

Elizabeth married Lieut. Cmdr. Denis Malet Lambert. Denis was born on 8 Jan 1904 in Liverpool and died in May 1992 in Chelmsford, Essex at age 88. They had one daughter: Cicely Constance.

- He worked as an officer of the Royal Navy.
- He worked as a Fruit Farmer.
- He was awarded with DSC.

### **10-Cicely Constance Lambert**

Cicely married Field Marshal Sir John Wilfred Stanier,<sup>37</sup> son of Harold Allen Stanier and Penelope Rose Price, on 19 Nov 1955 in Danbury, Essex. John was born on 6 Oct 1925 and died on 10 Nov 2007 at age 82. They had four children: Emma Elizabeth, Harriet, Miranda, and Candia.

General Notes: Stanier, Sir John Wilfred (1925-2007), army officer, was born at Little Eden, The Heath, Hatfield Broad Oak, Essex, on 6 October 1925, the son of Harold Allan Stanier (1897-1932) and his wife, Penelope Rose, née Price (1896-1974). His father, badly wounded in the First World War, managed the farming interests of John Spedan Lewis, the founder of the John Lewis Partnership, at Stockbridge in Hampshire. Stanier was educated at Marlborough College. As a boy he suffered problems with his feet, being told by a consultant that his arches had collapsed and that he would never be able to run. While at Marlborough he was introduced to a Swedish chiropractor who gave him a three-month treatment that, although extremely painful, had the desired effect. By the end of the treatment he could run without pain, going on to captain the second rugby fifteen.

On leaving school Stanier took up a short wartime place at Merton College, Oxford, before volunteering for the army in 1943. Following training at the Royal Military Academy, Sandhurst, and at the Royal Tank Corps school, Bovington, he was commissioned into the 7th Queen's Own hussars in 1946. On joining his regiment in Italy, he attended courts martial of former members of the SS, and witnessed several executions; a traumatic experience, he observed later. Following a home posting he returned to Trieste in Italy, where he served as a general staff officer grade 3 in the intelligence branch. He then rejoined his regiment serving in Germany, before a posting as an instructor at the Mons officer cadet training unit at Aldershot. On 19 November 1955, at the parish church in Danbury, Essex, he married Cicely Constance Lambert (b. 1930), daughter of Denis Malet Lambert, fruit farmer, of Manor Farm, Danbury. They had four daughters. Stanier served with his regiment in Hong Kong before taking up a place at the Staff College, Camberley. Following graduation in 1957, he was appointed to the War Office as military assistant to the vice-chief of the imperial general staff. It was in this post that he first saw the cut and thrust of life in Whitehall, at a time when Britain's defence effort was evolving from post-imperial commitments to NATO deterrence on the central front in West Germany. The experience he gained was invaluable to his later career. During this tour he also demonstrated his formidable character. The vice-chief, Sir William Stratton, a Catholic, having written a critical report of a subordinate who had recently been divorced, was told directly by Stanier that he felt the comments to be unfair, being based on religious rather than military logic. 'When you are VCIGS ... I will ask your opinion' replied Stratton. Despite this rebuke it is clear that Stanier's first appointment at the ministry had been a success, since he was appointed MBE at its conclusion. In 1978, when he became vice-chief of the general st

Stanier returned to his regiment in 1962 to command C squadron, 7th Queen's Own hussars, in Germany. Promoted lieutenant-colonel in 1963, he returned to Camberley as a member of the directing staff. Five years earlier his regiment had been amalgamated with the 3rd King's Royal hussars, and it was a considerable disappointment to him that he was not selected to command the regiment. He resolved to leave the army, and applied, albeit unsuccessfully, for the vacant post of defence correspondent of The Times. In the event he was selected to command the Royal Scots Greys in 1966. Through this association in due course he met Tam Dalyell, who had served as a national serviceman in the Scots Greys in the early 1950s. Dalyell recalled that Stainer's arrival as commanding officer 'created a seismic shock throughout the regiment'. He described him as 'ferocious', observing with gentle amusement 'the awe in which mature ex-officers regarded' him and the respect he was afforded by successive regimental sergeant-majors and in the sergeants' mess (The Independent, 14 Nov 2007). Stanier himself said that his period of command of the regiment was one of the most challenging and rewarding periods of his life.

In 1968 Stanier attended the Imperial Defence College, and the following year he assumed command of 20th armoured brigade in Germany. This was followed by a return to the Ministry of Defence as director of public relations (army), where his plain talking and humour found its mark with journalists and reporters alike. Later, in 1997, he wrote a book with Miles Hudson as joint author, entitled War and the Media, covering the relationship between the media and the military, from the Crimea to the 1990s.

Meanwhile, in 1973 Stanier was promoted major-general and, as general officer commanding 1st armoured division, made an important contribution to the restructuring of the 1st British corps in Germany, a consequence of the 1975-6 defence review. His next appointment was as commandant of the Army Staff College, a role to which his forceful intellect, charisma, and energy were ideally suited. As commandant he led a delegation to the Frunze Military Academy in Moscow, the first visit of its kind. It was during this visit that he told the Russians that it was the British army's fate invariably to 'attack uphill ... and along the join between two maps' (private information).

In 1978 Stanier was promoted lieutenant-general on appointment as vice-chief of the general staff, overseeing the army's equipment programme and readjustments to some of the less successful changes following the earlier defence review (for example the replacement of the brigade level of command by a 'field force'). In 1981, in the rank of general, he was appointed commander-in-chief, United Kingdom land forces, and in 1982 he oversaw the preparation and deployment of the land element of the South Atlantic task force during the Falklands War. His last active appointment was as chief of the general staff, a post he assumed in the autumn of 1982. His tenure coincided with a period of retrenchment following the Falklands War, but was also a time when he fiercely fought the army's corner in order to obtain the next generation of equipment, including the Challenger 2 main battle tank. He was promoted field marshal in 1985 on his last day in office as chief of the general staff.

In retirement Stanier frequently wrote letters to national newspapers on a range of subjects (for example dealing with terrorism, and the Iraq war of 2003, which he opposed), was chairman of the Royal United Services Institution (1986-9), and constable of the Tower of London (1990-96). He listed his recreations in Who's Who as 'fishing, sailing, talking', and he was active in local affairs in Hampshire, where he lived. He served as aide-de-camp to the queen (1981-5) and was appointed KCB (1978), GCB (1982), and a deputy lieutenant of Hampshire (1987). He also served as colonel of the Royal Scots dragoon guards (1979-84) and colonel commandant of the Royal Armoured Corps (1982-5).

Stanier was a forceful and charismatic officer, with a sharp intellect and a sense of humour to match. He always spoke his mind, was never likely to suffer fools, and was capable of instilling fear

among those around him when he deemed it necessary. He stirred strong emotions among those officers and soldiers who knew or served with him, but he was certainly respected by many. He died at his home, the Old Farmhouse, Hazeley Bottom, Hartley Wintney, Hampshire, on 10 November 2007, of cancer, and was survived by his wife and their four daughters. A memorial service was held at the Guards' Chapel, Wellington Barracks, London, on 10 April 2008.

Simon Doughty

#### Sources

The Times (13 Nov 2007) · Daily Telegraph (13 Nov 2007) · The Independent (14 Nov 2007) · Army List · Burke, Peerage · WW (2007) · personal knowledge (2011) · private information  $(2011) \cdot b. cert. \cdot m. cert. \cdot d. cert.$ 

Likenesses

obituary photographs · portrait, Cavalry and Guards Club, London

Wealth at death

£374,363: probate, 11 Feb 2009, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

Oxford University Press 2004-15 < http://www.oxforddnb.com/oxforddnb/legal/>

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Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a GCB MBE.
- He worked as a Chief of the General Staff.
  - **11-Emma Elizabeth Stanier**

Emma married Simon John Buckmaster. They had four children: George John, Hugo Denis, Rachel May, and Toby Colin.

- **12-George John Buckmaster**
- 12-Hugo Denis Buckmaster
- 12-Rachel May Buckmaster
- 12-Toby Colin Buckmaster
- 11-Harriet Stanier
- 11-Miranda Stanier
- 11-Candia Stanier

8-Joseph Cadbury was born on 31 Jul 1841, died on 2 Aug 1841 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham.

8-Edward Cadbury was born on 31 Mar 1843, died on 24 Jan 1866 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 22, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham.

8-Henry Cadbury was born on 17 Jul 1845, died on 19 Oct 1875 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 30, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham. Henry married Margaret Agnes Adelaide Manning on 26 Mar 1873. Margaret was born on 26 Jan 1851 in Exeter, Devon. They had one daughter: Elsie.

9-Elsie Cadbury was born on 3 Jul 1875 and died in 1931 in Epping, Essex at age 56.

Elsie married Dr. Frederick Perthes Bremner on 25 Aug 1909 in st. Barnabas, Bethanl Green, London. Frederick was born in 1859 in Altrincham, Cheshire and died on 12 Jan 1930 in Epping, Essex at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician.

7-James Cadbury<sup>77,91</sup> was born on 16 Sep 1802 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 17 Feb 1888 in Grimsbury, Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 85, and was buried in FBG Sibford.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper, Grocer & Wine Merchant in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Linen Draper, Grocer & Wine Merchant in Banbury, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

James married Lucretia Sturge,<sup>77</sup> daughter of Joseph Sturge<sup>15,37,156,157,158</sup> and Mary Marshall,<sup>15,37,156,157</sup> in Aug 1838. Lucretia was born on 19 Aug 1806, died on 9 Jun 1875 in Grimsbury, Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 68, and was buried in FBG Sibford. They had no children.

General Notes: Lucretia Cadbury, 68 9 6 mo. 1875

Grimsbury, Banbury. Wife of James Cadbury, and a sister of the late Joseph Sturge of Birmingham.

Her removal was after a short illness, on returning home from attending the last week of London Yearly Meeting with her husband. Those who knew her best can testify to her gentleness and simplicity of life, and her sympathy with the poor, and the afflicted of every class. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord from henceforth, - yea, saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labours; - and their works do follow them." - Rev. xiv. 13.

7-Ann Cadbury was born on 27 Oct 1803 in 92 Bull Street, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 18 Aug 1866 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 62, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham.

7-Jesse Cadbury was born on 25 Aug 1805 in 92 Bull Street Birmingham (25 March also given), died on 19 Sep 1818 in 92 Bull Street, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 13, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham.

7-Emma Cadbury was born on 28 Sep 1806 in 92 Bull Street, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 25 Feb 1809 in 92 Bull Street, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 2, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham.

7-Emma Joel Cadbury<sup>4,6,159</sup> was born on 11 Jan 1811 in 92 Bull Street, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 26 Apr 1905 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 94.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Presented Selly Oak Park to the Council, 1899.

Emma married Thomas Gibbins,<sup>4,6,159,160</sup> son of Joseph Gibbins<sup>4,6,37,140,161</sup> and Martha Bevington,<sup>4,6,140,161</sup> on 15 Sep 1837. Thomas was born on 22 Apr 1796 in Prospect Row, Aston, Birmingham, died on 27 Dec 1863 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 67, and was buried in FBG Bull Street, Birmingham. They had seven children: Martha, William Cadbury, Thomas, Richard Cadbury, John, Benjamin, and Emma.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant 1818 To 1823 in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.
- He worked as a Partner in the Melincryddan Chemical Works with his brother Bevington 1825 To 1835 in Neath, Glamorgan, Wales.
- He worked as a Managing partner in the Birmingham Battery and Metal Co. In 1835.

8-Martha Gibbins<sup>4,61</sup> was born in 1838, died on 18 Sep 1900 in Brighton, East Sussex. In a carriage accident at age 62, and was buried in FBG Brighton.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Elder.

Martha married Daniel Hack,<sup>4,61</sup> son of Daniel Pryor Hack<sup>4,73,74,157,162,163,164</sup> and Eliza Carter,<sup>4,73,157,163,164</sup> in Apr 1861. Daniel was born on 5 Jan 1834 in Brighton, East Sussex, died on 4 Aug 1910 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 76, and was buried in FBG Brighton. They had no children.

General Notes: Daniel Hack, 76 4 8mo. 1910 Brighton. By the sudden death of Daniel Hack, on the 4th of August of this year, the Society of Friends lias lost a consistent and unselfish member. A

# Descendants of John Head

fellow-townsman, referring to the loss also sustained by his own town and neighbourhood, describes him as " a man upright in word and action, surpassingly generous of heart, and remembered also as one who had passed the sternest tests of manhood." He came of a stock which, both in principle and in practice, had proved itself unflinchingly true to Quaker ideals. Of such ancestors the subject of this memoir proved himself no unworthy descendant. Born in Brighton, 5th of January, 1834, Daniel Hack was the second son of Daniel 90 ANNUAL MONITOR. Pryor and Elizabeth Hack. Both he and his brother spent their schooldays under Isaac Brown at Hitchin and Dorking, and later under Bedford Gilkes, in their native town. Daniel Hack was then apprenticed to William Sparkes of Worcester, being made, as was the pleasant patriarchal custom of the time, a member of his employer's household. He here gave strong evidence of that love of learning which characterised him all his life; and although his business duties occupied him early and late, he yet found time, during his scanty leisure, to study languages, literature and social problems. The knowledge and love of art which he acquired in the Worcester "School of Design" were not only of great interest and value to him in the foreign travels of his later years, but were probably a chief factor in prompting those wise and generous schemes by which he strove to bring within the reach of the young people of Brighton the means of gaining similar knowledge. It has been well said of him that none knew better than he that there is no royal road to learning, and that none put forth a more willing hand to help others to follow the path up which he himself had toiled. After leaving Worcester, he spent a year in acquiring further business experience in London, and on returning home he was thrown for a short time into association with his future wife, between whom and himself a mutual attraction at once sprang up. And here we must try and give, however imperfectly, some idea of the beautiful character of the one who brought so much blessing into his life. Martha Gibbins was the eldest child of Thomas and Emma J. Gibbins, of Birmingham. She was at school at Lewes from 1852 till 1854, and she then entered upon a strenuous life as an elder daughter and sister. She was the right hand of her mother, and assisted in teaching and training the young ones of the family, while she was companion to the elder brothers. Besides a daughter's varied service in the home, her time was occupied with self-culture and social duties in a large family circle. She also undertook a Bible Class of young girls of the working class on the early morning of First-day. A schoolfellow greatly beloved by her, writes : " My recollections of Martha Gibbins as a schoolgirl, when we were together at Lewes in the years 1853-4, are those of a happy, highminded girl, eager to learn, steadfast in friend- ship, and beloved by all her schoolfellows. She and I, having similar tastes, used to read a good deal together, and one very ambitious piece of work we undertook was to translate into English Schiller's 'Song of the Bell,' in jingling enough rhymes, I am sure. This does not betoken any particular talent on the part of the youthful translators; it rather shows with how much enthusiasm our excellent teacher, Herr Lowenthal, inspired us. The Friends' School at Lewes was in the hands of three very capable and delightful women, Miriam, Mary, and Josephine Dymond; and few, if any, of their pupils can have left that school without having felt their gentle vet powerful influence, their loving and beautiful sympathy. They (the pupils) most surely brought away with them a recollection of many happy days spent in that beautiful country among the Sussex Downs, and of walks and glad converse with their girl friends. "Later, after we had both left school, I paid a little visit to Martha's home at Edgbaston, when pleasant intercourse in their family circle and excursions to Kenilworth and other places of interest, deepened the affection of schooldays. "In later years there were few opportunities of meeting, but I often heard of her activities, and of the useful place she filled, sharing her husband's educational and philanthropic work in Brighton." It was on a visit to Brighton two years after leaving Lewes that Martha Gibbins became acquainted with Daniel Hack, as already mentioned. It may have been their love of German which was the little link with which their intercourse commenced. Daniel Hack was an enthusiast over the study of the German language and literature, and always commended Herr Lowenthal's methods of teaching. But Daniel Hack and Martha Gibbins were drawn together by deeper and more lasting cords, unseen by those around. After this episode, Daniel Hack and his eldest sister paid a visit to their cousins, Charles and Gulielma Tylor, then residing at Veytaux, on the lake of Geneva : a memorable visit which gave also an opportunity for a delightful expedition to the Bernese Oberland. After his return home, an unexpected opening occurred which enabled him to settle in his native town, by joining the late Marriage Wallis as partner in a grocery and provision business, originally established by Isaac Bass. He threw himself into this new sphere with great energy, making himself thoroughly acquainted with all departments of a business which was new to him. Both partners aimed at a high standard of commercial morality, and at the promotion of the things which make for truth and righteousness in the earth ; and as time went on their unity of purpose and action gave them large influence among their fellow townsmen. When established in business, Daniel Hack sought the hand of her whom he had learned to love. Little did they foresee what was before them during thirty-nine years of married life. But faith in the wisdom and love of God was the foundation of their union, and subsequent events proved that the trials and disappointments which came to them were overruled to the building up of their Christian character. In 1861 Daniel Hack and Martha Gibbins were married, and in her he found, as we have already indicated, a true partner in all his best interests and in his practical work for the good of the community. As a girl Martha Gibbins seemed to have unusual physical strength, but shortly before her marriage she unwittingly taxed it so severely that it was greatly impaired during all the earlier years of her married life. But nothing impaired the activity of her mind or dimmed its brightness. This was shown in the way she fulfilled her domestic and social duties, and in her consideration of and participation in her husband's interests. In their daily life there was a beautiful comradeship and community of purpose, so that the home with its flowery garden seemed ever the expression of their united mind and taste; and it need hardly be said that it was not used for their own pleasure alone. They both loved children; and relatives, younger and older, came to share its unique rest and peace, and weary ones went forth from it braced up anew for the battle of life. There was a peculiar charm about the dear mistress of the home, and she always diffused a powerful influence on those around, not least upon her servants, who gave to her, with few exceptions, a joyful service seldom surpassed. One who lived at Fir Croft for more than twenty years thus writes : " I feel that heaven is richer, but we are poorer through the loss of those two loved ones, the dear master and mistress of Fir Croft. at least, have lost two of my best earthly friends.... The home life was beautiful, the love between the dear master and mistress so great, and the influence was felt though but few words were spoken. There was what was far better, the quiet, consistent Christian living, a noble example to us servants." Another, who came as an vmtutored girl, ready to be led in any direction, was so capti- vated by the noble character of her mistress, that she tried during thirteen years to follow as closely as she could in her footsteps, and it was this training which prepared her for a position of great usefulness in the Home Mission Field. Early on in their married life, Daniel and Martha Hack joined in founding and supporting a ragged school, which was only discontinued on the establishment of the Brighton School Board in 1871. The arrangements were very simple, and it might have been called a dame's school, the mistress being of that character. The infant teacher was a young girl who developed a wonderful gift for managing the little ones - a gift afterwards cultivated to the making of a good teacher. The school filled a useful place at that particular time. In, the winter of 1870, during the war between France and Germany, a number of Friends were sent out to administer the funds which had been collected for the relief of the noncombatant peasantry of Alsace and Lorraine. Daniel Hack was one of the number for some weeks; and in the series of letters to the Sussex Daily News, written at intervals snatched from his arduous toil, he drew moving pictures of the scenes of horror amid which he and his companions were laboiu-ing; pictures or burning villages and devastated fields; of homeless and starving women and children, - innocent victims of the pride, cruelty and ambition of man; pictures of famine and pestilence, of destitution and misery and despair. It is not easy for the present generation to realise the awful state of things in the districts where the relief-work was carried on. But to those who knew something of the conditions under which the work was done, and the pestilential air which the workers were breathing. there was no ground for wonder that, after a few weeks, Daniel Hack was struck down by maHgnant small-pox. In answer to the telegram announcing his illness, his wife and eldest sister immediately went out to nurse him, while " all Brighton" is said " to have waited anxiously for news." His progress towards recovery was slow, and it was many weeks before he was strong enough to bear the journey back to England. The following sketch, contributed by request by one of Daniel Hack's colleagues during that memorable time, will be read with interest, because of its

# Descendants of John Head

additional details and of its authorship : " Among the many labours and engage- ments into which our dear friend entered in the service of others, there was none, perhaps, of more interest or involving greater sacrifice than the part he took in the work of the Friends' War Victims' Fund, organised for the relief of the non-combatant sufferers in the Franco-German War of 1870. " Daniel Hack offered his services to the Committee very early on in the course of the work ; he left for Metz on the 19th of Eleventh month, 1870, to take the place of William Jones, who, with Thomas Whitwell, and Robert Spence Watson, had been the pioneers in the work. " Daniel Hack's great powers of organisation and admirable methods proved of the very greatest service, in putting upon a thoroughly sound system the relief which was being given in so many of the scattered villages round Metz; a number which was being constantly increased as the investigations and visits of our friends were extended. "Those who have access to the most interesting reports issued from time to time by the Committee will see how greatly these services were valued. "But a time of deeper anxiety was in store for the workers at Metz. Very shortly after Daniel Hack's arrival, small-pox, which was terribly rife in the suffering districts, claimed its victims among them. Henry John Allen was the first to develop the disease, and his sister, who went out at once to nurse him, was also attacked; and to the great loss of the work, Daniel Hack was laid low, and it was duty and privilege of the writer of these lines to make the somewhat difficult journey to Luxembourg to meet Daniel Hack's dear wife and sister, who at once came out to nurse him. From Metz to Thionville it was possible to go by rail, and thence to Luxembourg, twenty-two miles by road. In Thionville, one of the strongly fortified places bombarded by the Germans, it was difficult to get shelter for the night for our friends. The inn was wrecked by the bombardment, and on asking for a fire in the windowless room on a bitter cold night, we were told it was impossible, as a live shell was believed to be in the chimney. "Happily our friend was favoured to recover, and was spared for the valued public services he was able to render to his native town in later life. But the little party at Metz had to mourn the loss of Ellen Allen, and to stand around her grave in the cemetery at Metz far from home and friends." On the very day that the news of Daniel Hack's illness was made known in Brighton, he was elected a member of its first School Board. After his retvirn home, he took up, with characteristic ardour, the work of his new position, before he had really recovered from his illness; and consequently there was soon a serious breakdown in his health. A long rest having been declared absolutely necessary for him, his wife and he spent a year on the Continent, and it was not until 1881 that he once more joined the School Board. From that year he continued to serve upon it until the Board was superseded by the "Education Committee," of which latter he then became a member, continuing to work with it until last year, when failing health compelled him to resign. On that occasion the members of the Committee passed the following resolution : "Resolved - that the Committee has received with much regret a communication from Mr. Daniel Hack expressing a wisli to resign his membership in consequence of failing health. "The Committee feel that under the circumstances they have no option and must accept the resignation. They do so, however, with great reluctance, and desire to place on record their high appreciation of the long and exceptional services which IN'Ir. Daniel Hack has rendered to the cause of Public Education in the Town, both by personal effort and by munificent gifts, during the many years which have passed since he became a member of the first School Board of Brighton in December, 1870. "They refer especially to his keen interest in advanced and technical education, and to the leading part which he took in the establishment of the Higher Grade School and Technical School in York Place ; Institutions which have now been superseded by the Muncipal Secondary Schools for boys and girls, and the Technical College. "The Committee express the hope that Mr. Hack in his retirement will derive much pleasure in realising that by means of his work many boys and girls of his native town of Brighton have attained to positions of usefulness and honour which otherwise would have proved beyond their reach, and that education generally has been raised and improved in many ways." His interest in the children, the younger as well as the older, made his almost daily visits to the schools a delight to him, and the teachers welcomed him warmly. One of them, head teacher in a large infant school, has written since his death : "I have known him for thirty-six years, and am one of the very many who owe him a great debt of gratitude. Many opportunities were given me in connection with my teaching to see right into his great, tender heart; and to see him thus moved, perhaps by his feeUngs for Uttle children, or by suffering, was to love and revere him. I have simply wondered at him sometimes !" Testimonies of this description might be inultiplied, but we only add an extract from a letter from a friend who sometimes visited at Fir Croft, and was of course taken to York Place Schools. " I should like to express our sense of the value of Daniel Hack's life and labours. His life preaches more effectively than any words, and it seems to me to breathe the spirit of Jesus Christ. Jesus took a little child, and sat him in the midst and said, 'Whoso receiveth this little child in my name received me.' Daniel Hack received a great many little children in Jesus' name. Nor did he forget their teachers. He took us rovmd the York Place Girls' School, and the way in which he took care to greet every teacher by name and show sympathy in her work has been an example to me. Indeed, we find the fruits of the Spirit manifested in his life. I do not think one out of the catalogue given by Paul was absent." Daniel Hack was a member of the Brighton Town Council from 1881 to 1885; and later he was made a Justice of the Peace for the county of Sussex. He was also a Brighton Borough Magistrate. But his interests were not so much with ordinary municipal affairs. "Education," lie said on one occasion, " is my child." And yet, ardent educationalist as he was, he did much in other ways to benefit humanity. As a total abstainer, he embraced every fitting oppor- tunity for supporting the cause of Temperance. As a strong Liberal, he rendered valuable aid to the party of Progress and Reform. "His keen oversight of detail, his thorough knowledge of political opinion and of the trend of political feeling, his shrewd advice in times of difficulty, his quiet and impartial conduct in presiding over large political gatherings, made him a power in the ranks of Liberalism." Daniel Hack's were no careless or uncon-sidered acts of benevolence; his methods were wise and discriminating. But it was only necessary to bring to his notice any deserving case, and substantial and con-tinuous assistance was given. Some at least of his greater benefactions are well known. But until "the Books are opened" the full measure of his acts of generosity will never be revealed. Daniel and Martha Hack were attached members of the Society of Friends. They both filled the office of Elder, and though only very seldom taking any vocal part in meetings for worship, their judgment was valued in the business meetings, and Daniel Hack was for some years Clerk to the Monthly Meeting. Daniel and Martha Hack generally availed themselves of the summer recess in School Board and other work to spend some months on the continent of Europe, and twice extended their joLirney into North Africa. Daniel Hack carefully inquired into the progress of education in different coimtries, also into economic and fiscal questions ; and the letters home, besides conveying graphic word-pictures of people and places visited, contained much instructive information. Martha Hack was especially skilled in flower-painting, and brought back delightful sketches of places and flowers. These breaks were needful for husband and wife to get out of reach of the constant toil. For as time went on, the educational work grew in breadth and intenseness, and to one who sought completeness in all he set his hand to it was not always easy to influence others in authority, who might not see with him, so that each new school might be up-to-date in building arrangements and equipment. Amid sunshine and storm, joy and sorrow, these lives went on, till in the autumn of 1900 a great shadow fell upon Daniel Hack when his beloved and gifted wife was taken from him without warning by a carriage accident. Himself seriously injured at the same time, he was laid aside for a while ; but he was enabled, through Divine help mercifully given, to realise complete resignation, being preserved from questioning God's will in permitting the blow. Thus entering on the last decade of life's journey in a spirit of Christian submission, his life, though sorely stricken, was not gloomy. A cousin, who had often before paid helpful visits at Fir Croft, came to reside with him, and a little later his two surviving sisters also, so that he was lovingly cared for. He probably never recovered from the effects of the accident, yet for a few years he was able to resume some of the activities of earlier days. Then failing health obliged him to gradually give up all outside duties. He continued, however, to attend Meetings, both on Sundays and week-days, although latterly he cduld not walk without assistance. To the last he was in the habit of spending much time in his garden, and he usually drove out every day. It was while he was driving through the streets of Brighton, in company with his sisters and a friend, that, as the carriage stopped in Market Street, close to his old place of business, he drew a deep breath and passed painlessly and peacefully away. After the funeral a cousin wrote, "Sursum corda ! ' was the keynote of his life - mentally as well as morally. "Standing in

the little corner of the Downs, where he rests, I could not help thinking of the lines with which Browning ends his poem on the funeral of a scholar of the sixteenth century, 'Lofty designs must close in like effects ; Loftily lying Leave him - still loftier than the world suspects, Living and dying.'"

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Wholesale provision merchant of Brighton.

8-William Cadbury Gibbins<sup>4,7,109</sup> was born on 30 Oct 1840 in Digbeth, Birmingham and died on 26 May 1933 in "Hewletts", Cheltenham at age 92.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Metals manufacturer. Birmingham Battery & Metal Co. In Birmingham, Warwickshire.

William married Phoebe Waterhouse,<sup>4,7,109</sup> daughter of Octavius Waterhouse<sup>4,75,165</sup> and Elizabeth Crosfield,<sup>4,75</sup> on 26 Sep 1867 in FMH Swarthmoor, Ulverston, Cumbria. Phoebe was born in 1845 and died on 5 Nov 1917 in Hewletts, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 72. They had nine children: William Waterhouse, Mary Elizabeth, Thomas, Edith, Lucy, George, Dorothea Margaret, Edward Theodore, and Henry Chorley.

9-William Waterhouse Gibbins was born on 20 Apr 1869 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

William married Marian Bellows.

9-Mary Elizabeth Gibbins<sup>109</sup> was born on 26 Jun 1870 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 17 Dec 1884 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 14.

9-Thomas Gibbins was born on 28 Jun 1871 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Thomas married Evelyn Frances Carrington, daughter of Charles Carrington and Mary Hennet, on 2 Oct 1912 in Duncan, British Columbia, Canada. Evelyn was born in 1875 in Paddington, London.

9-Edith Gibbins<sup>15</sup> was born on 10 Aug 1873 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 5 Aug 1951 at age 77.

Edith married Ernest Augustus Salter Cotterell.<sup>15</sup> son of Frederick Fowler Cotterell<sup>15,97,166</sup> and Eleanor Mary Isaac..<sup>15</sup> Ernest was born on 12 Aug 1874.

9-Lucy Gibbins<sup>4,84,148,149,167,168,169</sup> was born on 13 Oct 1874 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 24 Dec 1956 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 82.

Lucy married Wilson Henry Sturge, <sup>4,84,148,149,167,168,169,170</sup> son of Wilson Sturge<sup>4,52,61,84,111</sup> and Sarah Lloyd, <sup>52,84,111,112</sup> on 24 Apr 1906 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Wilson was born on 12 Mar 1864 in Moseley, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 4 Mar 1935 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 70. They had three children: Monica Dorothea, Mary Teresa, and Wilson Waterhouse.

Marriage Notes: STURGE- GIBBINS.-On the 24th April, 1906, at Birmingham, Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-81), of Birmingham, to Lucy Gibbins, of Edgbaston.

General Notes: STURGE.-On March 4th, 1934, Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-81), aged 70 years. [Is this a year out?]

WILSON HARRY STURGE died on March 4th, at the age of seventy, after a few months of illness. After six years at Bootham, he left with a deep loyalty to the School, and frequently came back to the Whitsuntide gatherings. He possessed in an unusual measure creative power, tenacity of purpose, and energy. In his business of electrical engineering (Sturge and Baker Ltd.) these qualities showed themselves in his inventiveness, which brought forth a number of new devices. Many of these, such as bowl fires, have been universally adopted. His personality found perhaps even greater scope in social work. He saw plainly the evils of "this sorry scheme of things "-its drabness and its waste, moral and naaterial; and he also possessed the much rarer powers of seeing great possibilities in unpromising things, and of working tenaciously towards the ideal which he had seen. He felt deeply the dreariness of much of the Black Country, and laboured to win back some of that desert-by taking part in experimental schemes of tree-planting on slag-heaps, by helping to start the Midland Vacant Land Cultivation Society, by founding garden clubs, and by putting in hard manual work himself. From his early days he worked for the Adult School movement, giving unsparingly time, thought, and energy, and he took a house near Farm Street Adult School, in order that he might share the environment of those among whom he was working. He had a great gift for friendship, and many will miss his companionship and help - his friends in the Adult School, in the Society of Friends, in the causes for which he worked, in the business world, and not least in the O.Y.S.A. He was fond of games and of social life, founding the Swarthmoor Football Club and the Economic Reading Circle in Birmingham, planning and keenly enjoying musical evenings, at which he played the 'cello, river parties on Avon and Severn, and cycling excursions. He was a keen lover of flowers and birds, and in his younger days a good cricketer and oarsman. He was the originator of the O.Y.S.A. Branch Associations. In 1906 he married Lucy Gibbins, and he leaves two daughters and a son. "Service was the keynote of his full and active life. Truly it might be said that 'he went about doing good.' "Bootham magazine - July 1935

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1875-1881 in York, Yorkshire.

- He worked as a Managing Director of Sturge & Baker Ltd., Electrical accessories manufacturer.
- He resided at 35 Carpenter Road in 1935 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

10-Monica Dorothea Sturge<sup>149</sup> was born on 6 Jul 1908 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in May 2002 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 93. General Notes: STURGE.-On the 6th July, 1908, at Handsworth, Birmingham, Lucy, wife of Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-1881), a daughter, who was named Monica Dorothea.

**10-Mary Teresa Sturge** 

Mary married Joseph Russell Elkington, son of Joseph Passmore Elkington and Mary Russell Bucknell. They had four children: Judith, Mary Gwynneth, Joseph John, and Joseph Sturge.

- **11-Judith Elkington**
- 11-Mary Gwynneth Elkington
- **11-Joseph John Elkington**
- **11-Joseph Sturge Elkington**

10-Wilson Waterhouse Sturge<sup>84,142,143,168,171,172,173,174,175</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 10 Sep 1988 at age 77.

General Notes: STURGE.-On the 5th July, 1911, at Birmingham, Lucy, wife of Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-81), a son, who was named Wilson Waterhouse. STURGE - on 10th September, 1988, Wilson W. Sturge (1925-29), aged 77.

WILSON W. STURGE (Bootham 1925-29) Wilson Sturge went from Bootham to Dalton Hall, Manchester University where he gained a first class honours degree in 1932. He then joined the family firm of electrical engineers in Birmingham with which he was associated for the whole of his working life. While a boy at Bootham he was a keen cricketer and played for the 1st XI, eventually graduating to the Falcons. He was also Bootham Fives Champion, and his name can be found on the championship plaque that now graces the walls of the lecture room since its creation from the lower level of the old fives court. He played a major role in the Birmingham OYSA branch over many years, and recently transferred its minute books to the Bootham Archives: he also negotiated the transfer of the Birmingham Scholarship Funds into the general OYSA Scholarship Amalgamated Funds. A faithful and regular attender at Whit Reunions, he died on llth September, 1988, aged 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1925-1929 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Manufacturer.
- He had a residence in 90 Nursery Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at University of Manchester in 1929-1932.

Wilson married Catharine Mary Glaisver,<sup>142,143,171,172,173,176</sup> daughter of John Glaisver<sup>16,52,84,130,150,176,177,178</sup> and Anita Catharine Wilson,<sup>16,52,84,150,176,177,178</sup> on 3 Apr 1940 in FMH Bull Street, Birmingham. Catharine was born on 19 Jan 1914 in 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. They had three children: Jillian Mary, Catharine Anita, and Michael Wilson.

Marriage Notes: Sturge-Glaisyer.-On 3rd April, at the Friends' Meeting House, Bull Street, Birmingham, Wilson Waterhouse Sturge (1925-9), to Catharine Mary Glaisyer.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 19th January, 1914, at 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Anita Catharine (Wilson), wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a daughter .

# **11-Jillian Mary Sturge**

**11-Catharine Anita Sturge** 

### **11-Michael Wilson Sturge**

Michael married Lotti Gamler, daughter of Alfred Gamler and Margrit. They had two children: Nicholas Wilson and Christina Margrit.

12-Nicholas Wilson Sturge

12-Christina Margrit Sturge

9-George Gibbins was born on 8 Dec 1877 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1878 at age 1.

9-Dorothea Margaret Gibbins was born in 1879.

9-Edward Theodore Gibbins was born in 1883 and died in 1899 at age 16.

9-Henry Chorley Gibbins was born in 1888.

8-Thomas Gibbins<sup>4</sup> was born in 1842 and died on 23 Jan 1908 at age 66.

8-Richard Cadbury Gibbins<sup>4,7,52</sup> was born on 30 Jun 1846 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 14 Feb 1928 in "Favrestowe", Wellington Road, Edgbaston at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Metal Manufacturer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Richard married **Caroline Lloyd**,<sup>4,7,52</sup> daughter of **Dr. William Lloyd**<sup>4,77,95,163,179</sup> and **Caroline Ellis**,<sup>4,52,95,163</sup> on 23 Mar 1877 in Farm, Sparkbrook, Birmingham, Caroline was born on 16 Jan 1854 in Kings Mills, Castle Donington, Derbyshire and died on 20 Jun 1920 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 66. They had seven children: Robert Lloyd, Hugh, George Maurice, David, Roland Bevington, Rachel Jane, and Marjorie Ellis.

9-Robert Lloyd Gibbins<sup>4,84,105</sup> was born on 12 Dec 1877 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 May 1948 in Wickenford, Worcestershire at age 70. General Notes: Gibbins.-On 31st May, 1948, Robert Lloyd Gibbins (1892-95), aged 70 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1892-1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Heidelburg in 1898 in Heidelberg, Germany.
- He worked as a Managing Director of the Birmingham Battery & Metal Co. Ltd.

9-Hugh Gibbins<sup>16,19,21,52,84,150,180,181,182</sup> was born on 17 Feb 1879 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 7 Feb 1942 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 62.

General Notes: HUGH GIBBINS (1893—6) has obtained the M.Sc. degree of Victoria University, having gained Honours in Engineeering. Bootham magazine - September 1902 HUGH GIBBINS (1893-96) is in Dorchester Prison. His present two-year sentence will be up in May. He is reported as very well, we are glad to say. Bootham magazine - April 1919 Gibbins.— On 7th February, Hugh Gibbins (1893-96), aged 62 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1893-1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Dalton Hall, Manchester.
- He worked as a Manufacturer of Lifting equipment in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He was a Quaker.
- Miscellaneous: imprisoned for 2 years, as a Conscientious obejector in WWI.

Hugh married Nora Beatrice Mennell,<sup>16,19,52,84,150,181</sup> daughter of Henry Tuke Mennell<sup>4,17,26,37,84,110,183,184,185,186,187</sup> and Maria Bradley Newman,<sup>4,26,37,84,110,185</sup> on 9 Sep 1909 in FMH Croydon. Nora was born on 9 Mar 1884 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 17 Aug 1961 in Seaford, East Sussex at age 77. They had three children: Dearman Mennell, Margaret Caroline, and Peter Bevington.

Marriage Notes: GIBBINS-MENNELL.-On the 9th September, 1909, at Croydon, Hugh Gibbins (1893-6), of Birmingham, to Nora Beatrice Mennell, of Croydon.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1899-Dec 1901 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Dearman Mennell Gibbins<sup>52,150</sup> was born on 27 Jul 1910 in 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died in 1963 in St. Neots, Cambridgeshire at age 53.

General Notes: GIBBINS.-On the 27th July, 1910, at Birmingham, Nora Beatrice (Mennell), wife of Hugh Gibbins (1893-6), a son, who was named Dearman Mennell.

Dearman married Anne Margaret Aston, daughter of Hugh Cyrus Aston and Violet Maude Thomas, on 14 May 1938 in Wylde Green. Anne was born on 14 Mar 1913 in Erdington, Warwickshire. They had three children: Mary Patricia, Helen Margaret, and Catherine Anne.

11-Mary Patricia Gibbins

11-Helen Margaret Gibbins

11-Catherine Anne Gibbins

10-Margaret Caroline Gibbins<sup>19</sup> was born on 1 May 1912 in 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1981 in Richmond, Surrey at age 69.

General Notes: IBBINS.-On the 1st May, 1912, at 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Nora Beatrice (nee Mennell), the wife of Hugh Gibbins (1893-6), a daughter , who was named Margaret Caroline.

Margaret married Walter Leonard, son of Henry Lewey and Charlotte Levy, on 25 Jul 1942 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Walter was born on 3 Dec 1912 in Dresden, Germany and died in Jun 1999 in Kingston upon Thames, Surrey at age 86. They had two children: Roger Martin and Christina Ruth.

## 11-Roger Martin Leonard

## 11-Christina Ruth Leonard

10-Peter Bevington Gibbins<sup>181</sup> was born on 30 Oct 1913 in 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. (13th given in Bootham) and died on 3 Sep 1930 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. In an accident at age 16.

General Notes: GIBBINS.-On the 13th October, 1913, at 4 Pakenham Road, Edgbaston, Nora Beatrice (Mennell), wife of Hugh Gibbins (1893-6), a son, who was named Peter Bevington.

9-George Maurice Gibbins<sup>188</sup> was born on 11 May 1880 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 22 Apr 1933 in Luton, Bedfordshire at age 52.

General Notes: GIBBINS.'97On April 22nd, George Maurice Gibbins (1895-97), aged 52 years.

MAURICE GIBBINS (1895-7) was one of the most regular, loyal and helpful attenders at Whitsuntide. One felt instinctively that we had in him, a wise and understanding friend. He was a man of many quiet, unobtrusive acts of generosity. *Bootham magazine - July 1933* 

\_\_\_\_\_

Re GEORGE MAURICE GIBBINS, Deceased.

The Trustee Act, 1925.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of George Maurice Gibbins, late of Ludlow Avenue, Luton, in the county of Bedford, deceased (who died on the 22nd day of April, 1933, and whose Will was proved in the Birmingham District Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 20th day of July, 1933, by Robert Lloyd Gibbins, Hugh Gibbins and David Gibbins, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their claims to us, the undersigned, on or before the 16th day of October, 1933, after which date the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.'97Dated this 2nd day of August, 1933. MUSGROVE LEE and ARTHUR. SMITH, 18, Newhall Street, Birmingham 3, Solicitors for the Executors.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BSc (Hons) in London.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1895-1897 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an apprenticed to the Oerlikon Electrical Works in Zurich, Switzerland.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Hayward Tyler & Co. Ltd., Hydraulic Engineers.
- He worked as a Director of the Luton Water Co.

dgeshire at age 53. d Dearman Mennell. as born on 14 Mar 1913 in Erdington,

a daughter , who was named Margaret Caroline.3 Dec 1912 in Dresden, Germany and died in

9-David Gibbins<sup>52</sup> was born on 9 Dec 1882 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 9 May 1940 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sedbergh School in Sedbergh, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in 49 Stirling Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

David married Ethel Emilie Rohrbach,<sup>52</sup> daughter of Rev. Dr. Julius Rohrbach and Emma Bowman, on 12 Apr 1909 in Charlottenburg, Berlin, Germany. Ethel was born on 4 Jun 1883 in Moabit, Berlin, Germany and died on 18 Dec 1965 at age 82. They had four children: Richard Karl, Julius Bernard, Robert Ellis, and Wilfrid David.

10-Richard Karl Gibbins<sup>84,106,189,190,191,192</sup> was born on 4 Jan 1910 in 49 Stirling Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 8 Feb 1964 at age 54. General Notes: GIBBINS.-On 8th February, 1964, Richard Karl Gibbins (1923-27), aged 53 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1920-1923 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1923-1927 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge in 1928-1931.
- He worked as a member of the Birmingham Battery and Metal Co. Ltd. In Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Richard married Olive Mary Hunter, daughter of Frank Hunter and Freda Olive Wilson. They had three children: Rosemary Caroline, John Richard Hunter, and Catherine Mary.

### **11-Rosemary Caroline Gibbins**

Rosemary married Ernest Burden.

### **11-John Richard Hunter Gibbins**

John married Carolyn W. Free.

11-Catherine Mary Gibbins<sup>106</sup> was born on 27 May 1950 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 30 Jul 1957 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 7. General Notes: Gibbins.-On 27th May, 1950, to O. Mary and Richard K. Gibbins (1923-27), a daughter, Catherine Mary.

10-Julius Bernard Gibbins<sup>193</sup> was born on 18 Jun 1911 in 49 Stirling Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died in 1984 at age 73.

General Notes: Testimony of Thankfulness to the Grace of God for the life of

J. Bernard Gibbins 1911 - 1984

made by West Devon Monthly Meeting on 9<sup>th</sup> March 1985 was read [at Devon & Cornwall General Meeting held 15 June 1985 in St Austell and recorded as Minute 7].

Julius Bernard Gibbins (to be called Bernard) was the second son of David and Ettie Gibbins of Bull Street Meeting, Birmingham. His father's family were Quakers for generations past; his mother was the daughter of a Lutheran pastor; she joined Friends at Bull Street.

Bernard was educated at Downs School, Colwell, Malvern, where a third of the pupils came from Quaker families, and then at Sidcot School. Subsequently, he went to the Royal Agricultural College, Cirencester.

Bernard Gibbins' professional work was of much value to the West Country where he dealt, for over forty years, coming from Huntingdon where he had been Chief Executive Officer for that County.

He became a partner in the firm of Clutton and Drew of Exeter and was deeply involved with the management of the Church Commissioners agricultural estates in Devon, and, under Cluttons, Cornwall. He was for some years the Secretary of the Devon & Cornwall Branch of the Chartered Land Agents' Society.

Before he retired, Bernard joined the partnership of Stratton & Holborough of Exeter and remained for the rest of his life the consultant land agent for the Menabilly Estates in Cornwall . Bernard's detailed knowledge and wise decisions earned him great respect. He cared deeply for the conservation of the rural environment in which he lived and worked, and also for the many people from all walks of life who increasingly sought his advice and counsel.

For Bernard was a man to be wholly relied upon, firm and decisive, unfailingly courteous and compassionate, drawing spiritual strength from his religious faith. Bernard was a member of Newton Abbot Meeting; he supported the outreach that saw the beginnings of an allowed Meeting at Totnes. When Totnes became a Preparative Meeting, we were fortunate in the appointment of Bernard as an Elder, and later he became Treasurer. He made a steadfast commitment to any task he undertook and Totnes owes much to his quiet care, to his

ministry and that life of prayer.

With his wife, Kathleen, and his family, growing up in the village of Staverton, the needs of the church and parish were also much a part of that commitment. He had a sensitive understanding of the needs of the countryside and his keen appreciation of problems contained a gentle sense of humour that made divisions seem obsolete. Kathleen came to Meeting, he went to church, on occasion.

His beautiful garden and the fine craftsmanship of the furniture he made as a hobby were other facets of doing a task well for the God he tried to serve in his everyday life. When Bernard died, a "Service of Thanksgiving for Grandad" was held in the village church at Staverton where we heard the grandchildren reading Bernard's favourite words of devotion and playing music he had encouraged them to achieve.

The quality of love that he brought to everyday life in his family, in the community and so out to the wider world was here made witness to the faith in God that he tried to serve, steadfastly and devotedly.

<<<<>>>>>

1. Julius Bernard Gibbins was born 11/06/1911 Edgbaston, son of David and Ethel Emilie Gibbins, born Rohrbach. His parents married on 12 Apr 1909 at Charlottenburg, Berlin Source: Geneagraphie website. His mother's father was Julius Rohrbach. His parent's pictures are shown at http://archive.org/stream/photographicpedi00bens#page/156/mode/1up <http://archive.org/stream/photographicpedi00bens> page 157

2 Downs School = the Preparatory School for Malvern College Website: <a href="http://thedowns.malcol.org/"></a>

3.Sidcot School = a Quaker school in Somerset. Website <<u>http://www.sidcot.org.uk/></u>

4. Huntingdonshire = a former Administrative County. In 1974, under the Local Government Act 1972, Huntingdon and Peterborough merged with Cambridgeshire and Isle of Ely to form the new county of Cambridgeshire.

5. In June 1970 the Chartered Land Agents' Society and the Chartered Auctioneers' and Estate Agents' Institute, amalgamated with the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. 6.Stratton & Holborough website <<u>http://www.stratton-holborow.co.uk/</u>>

7. The Menabilly Estate is the family seat of the Rashleighs. It was leased by the author, Daphne du Maurier between 1943 and 1969.

8. David Butler Quaker Meeting Houses of Britain p. 144 : Totnes: "... a new meeting was settled in 1967. An advantageous offer allowed Friends to buy premises in Ticklemore Street for a meeting house for £30,000, opened in 1986..."

9. Staverton, Devon, village website <a href="http://www.staverton.com/staverton.church.html">http://www.staverton.com/staverton.church.html</a>

With grateful appreciation to Vernon White.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School.
- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He was educated at Royal Agricultural College in Cirencester, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Land Agent.

Julius married Kathleen Mary Phillips, daughter of Thomas Arthur Phillips and Evelyn Grundy. They had three children: Elizabeth Jane, David Phillips, and Richard Lloyd.

- **11-Elizabeth Jane Gibbins**
- **11-David Phillips Gibbins**
- **11-Richard Lloyd Gibbins**

10-Dr. Robert Ellis Gibbins<sup>84,106,194,195</sup> was born on 29 Jul 1914 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 Jul 1995 at age 81.

General Notes: Robert Ellis Gibbins, Consultant surgeon, Kidderminster general Hospital, 1949-1979. (b. 1914. q. Birmingham 1938; FRCS 1947), died ofheart failure on 31 July 1995. Starting his surgical training with the RAMC in Egypt and Italy, he founded the modern surgical services at both Kidderminster and Bromsgrove hospitals. At his retirement the surgical block was named after him, the wall plaque stating that "he devoted his energies to its advancement." After retirement from general surgery he provided an excellent service for rheumatoid hand surgery locally; he was also a skilful clock repairer. He leaves a wife, Pam, four children (two sons being GPs), and 11 grandchildren [Richard T Taylor]. Author:

Royal College of Surgeons of England Sources: BMJ 1995 311 943

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at West House School in 1923-1927 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1927-1929 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at University of Birmingham.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1929-1932 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Consultant General Surgeon, Kidderminster General Hospital in 1949-1979 in Kidderminster, Worcestershire.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 7 Oct 1995.

Robert married **Dr. Pamela Mary Aviss**, daughter of **Llewellyn Aviss** and **Jeannie Margaret Price**. They had four children: **Philippa Ann, Robert Llewellyn, Stephen Roland**, and **Emma Louise**.

11-Philippa Ann Gibbins

- 11-Dr. Robert Llewellyn Gibbins
- 11-Dr. Stephen Roland Gibbins
- 11-Emma Louise Gibbins

10-Wilfrid David Gibbins<sup>84,106,131,134</sup> was born on 28 Jan 1919 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 2009 at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1932-1937 in York, Yorkshire.

Wilfrid married Mary Constance Wallace, daughter of Charles Galbraith Wallace and Kathleen Mary Grumitt. They had two children: Caroline Jane and Felicity Mary.

- **11-Caroline Jane Gibbins**
- 11-Felicity Mary Gibbins

9-Capt. Roland Bevington Gibbins<sup>7</sup> was born on 19 Oct 1885 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 3 Dec 1917 in Cambrai, France. Killed in action. (AM gives 4th; CWGC gives 3rd) at age 32, and was buried in Listed on the Cambrai memorial. Body not found.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment.

Roland married Edith Grace Ritchie, daughter of Thomas Leitch Ritchie and Margaret Ann Rose, on 16 May 1916 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Edith was born on 20 Dec 1887 in Brechin, Angus, Scotland.

9-Rachel Jane Gibbins was born on 22 Jul 1889 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1981 at age 92.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1905-Jul 1907 in York, Yorkshire.

Rachel married Leslie Arthur Smith, son of William Arthur Smith and Annie Jane Phillip, on 27 Apr 1920 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Leslie was born on 3 Oct 1878 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 5 May 1956 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 77. They had three children: Geoffrey Arthur, Mary Caroline, and John Timothy Arthur.

10-Lieut. Geoffrey Arthur Smith was born on 8 Feb 1922 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 2 Nov 1944 in Netherlands. Killed in action at age 22, and was buried in Mierlo War Cemetery, Noord-Brabant, Eindhoven, Netherlands. Grave V.F.2.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Rugby in 1935-1940.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Artillery.
- **10-Mary Caroline Smith** 
  - 11-Richard Geoffrey Cadbury
  - **11-James Edward Cadbury**

11-Philip Timothy Cadbury<sup>114,115</sup> was born on 16 Dec 1953 in Oswestry, Shropshire and died on 15 Aug 1981 at age 27.

General Notes: PHILIP T. CADBURY, 28 Hampton Road, Oswestry, Salop. Entered: September, 1965. 10 'O' Levels. 'A' Levels in History, French and Maths. Debating society, essay society, radio society. York Maths Association, Committee for Abolition of Compulsory Games. To do 1 year's voluntary service then to University College, London, to read Economics and Philosophy. CADBURY.— On 15th August, 1981, Philip Timothy Cadbury (1965-72), aged 27 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1965-1972 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University College, London.
- 11-Erica Rachel Cadbury

#### **10-John Timothy Arthur Smith**

John married Elizabeth Howlett Waters, daughter of Thomas Richard Waters and Cecilie Bowyer Howlett. They had four children: Catherine Anna, Jane Elizabeth, Emma Judith, and Rebecca Mary.

- 11-Catherine Anna Smith
- 11-Jane Elizabeth Smith
- 11-Emma Judith Smith
- 11-Rebecca Mary Smith

9-Marjorie Ellis Gibbins was born on 28 Jan 1893 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 27 Mar 1981 at age 88.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

Marjorie married Julian Pease Fox,<sup>52</sup> son of John Howard Fox<sup>51,52</sup> and Marion Elizabeth Pease,<sup>51,111</sup> on 17 Jun 1920 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Julian was born on 2 Sep 1894 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 22 May 1979 in Wellington, Somerset at age 84. They had two children: Michael Pease and Ronald Howard.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit.
- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer. Fox Bros. In Wellington, Somerset.

10-Michael Pease Fox was born on 21 Aug 1921 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 10 Feb 2010 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Spiceland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman Fox Brothers & Co. Ltd.
  - 11-Julian Hotham Fox
    - 12-Jethron Pease Fox

12-Emily Jane Tamarin Fox

13-George Louis Fox Samways

12-Bryony Claire Fox

11-Patricia Jean Fox

12-Elizabeth Rachel Dowrick

13-Hannah Joy Savage

12-Clare Christine Dowrick

#### **11-Roger Cadbury Fox**

12-Alexandra Yvonne Fox

12-Victor James Fox was born on 3 Mar 1994, died on 12 May 2016 in Dharasu, Nalupani, Uttarakashi, India at age 22, and was buried on 23 May 2016 in Marylebone Crematorium, London. The cause of his death was in a tragic motorcycle accident.

General Notes: DEHRADUN: A 22-year-old British biker, who was with a four-member expedition team riding from Rishikesh to Gangotri, lost balance and fell into a deep gorge along with his bike in Nalupani area of Uttarakashi district. After a three-hour operation by the State Disaster Response Force (SDRF) and the local police, he was rescued but died on the way to hospital.

Ravindra Yadav, station officer, Dharasu, told TOI, "The four were on different motor-cycles. They had started the expedition from Rishikesh and were on their way to Gangotri Dham." Around 7.30pm on Thursday, Victor James Fox lost control of his two-wheeler and fell into a 200-metre-deep gorge near Dharasu bend in Nalupani, about 30km from Uttarakashi. With no help in sight at the spot, his three friends went ahead and informed policemen at Chinayalisaund about the accident and sought their assistance. On receiving the information, a team from Dharasu police station and personnel of SDRF along with rescue equipment rushed to the spot.

"We heard his cries for help and despite the cover of darkness, a sincere effort was made to rescue the British national. We could not even see Fox and our team worked hard to find him in the deep gorge," Yadav said. After the rescue operation that lasted nearly three hours, the police personnel were successful in bringing him out of the gorge at about 10.30pm. "Fox was rushed to the district hospital at Uttarakashi, where doctors declared him dead," Yadav added.

A post-mortem was conducted on Friday, after which the victim's body was brought to Himalayan Hospital at Jolly Grant, Dehradun. "On Saturday, Fox's family members are expected to arrive in the state capital. They will take a call on the location where his last rites will be performed," the police officer said. *The Times of India. 13 May 2016* 

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I am sorry that my first post here for a long time has to be a sad one. I am writing to let the wider family know of the loss of Victor J Fox, son of Roger and Goga Fox and sister to Sasha, who live in North London. Roger is my first cousin and from the Wellington Foxes i.e. the third child of Michael (last Chairman of the family owned Fox Brothers; d.2010) and Yvonne Fox of Legglands.

Victor was 22 years old and "in the starting blocks" of a full and successful life when last Thursday, he suffered a dreadful and fatal accident as his motorbike plunged down a 200' ravine in Northern India.

He had gained a first class honours degree in Philosophy and then spent five months travelling and working on his own in Colombia. An experience which led some family to notice on his recent brief return to England, an increasing maturity in this already very likeable, able and serious young man. He then flew out to India to meet other friends who had been trekking further east and they explored Southern India before heading North. Here they hired motorbikes in order to visit the temple at the source of the Ganges. Somehow he became separated from his friends and when they caught up with him, he was being tended by paramedics having fallen down the ravine. It is unclear why this tragedy occurred but that it is a tragedy is in no doubt.

There will be a cremation at Marylebone Crematorium (small venue) on Monday 23rd May at 11.00 a.m. followed by a humanist service in the dining room at Highgate Junior School (Bishopswood Rd N6 4PP - entrance opposite Mallinsons sports centre) at 4.30 p.m. and then a wake at 6.30p.m. in The Wrestler Pub nearby. Judy Fox (JudyFox@lds.co.uk) via Lordsmeade group. 20 May 2016

### 11-Diana Frances Fox

10-**Dr. Ronald Howard Fox** was born on 12 Feb 1923 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 9 Jul 2009 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 86. General Notes: Ph.D. MB. BS. MRCS. LRCP.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSC MRCS LRCP.
- He worked as a Physician.

Ronald married Agatha Ann Pocock. They had four children: Marion Judith, Christine Joanna, Susan Rachel, and Jonathan Howard.

### 11-Marion Judith Fox

Marion married Nicholas Jefferson Charles. They had three children: Alyssa Mary Fox, Gemma Ann Fox, and Josie Jane.

12-Alyssa Mary Fox Charles

12-Gemma Ann Fox Charles

12-Josie Jane Charles

11-Christine Joanna Fox

Christine married Richard James William Hewlett. They had two children: James Anthony and Martin Jonathan.

12-James Anthony Hewlett

12-Martin Jonathan Hewlett

11-Dr. Susan Rachel Fox

Susan married Dr. Martin Joseph John Beckers, son of Huub Beckers and Truus Vanderpi. They had four children: Matthew Lloyd, Joshua Howard, Kristian Eliot Maurice, and Daniel George.

12-Matthew Lloyd Beckers

12-Joshua Howard Beckers

12-Kristian Eliot Maurice Beckers

12-Daniel George Beckers

11-Jonathan Howard Fox

Jonathan married Ruth Ann Blake. They had three children: Anna May, Thomas Howard, and Maisie Joanna.

12-Anna May Fox

12-Thomas Howard Fox

12-Maisie Joanna Fox

8-John Gibbins<sup>4,26,164</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1848 in Digbeth, Birmingham and died on 22 Mar 1931 in Upwood, Barnt Green, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Metal Manufacturer. The Birmingham Battery & Metal Co. In Birmingham, Warwickshire.

John married **Bertha Robinson**,<sup>4,164</sup> daughter of **Martin Robinson**<sup>4</sup> and **Maria Elgar**,<sup>4</sup> in 1875 in Steyning, West Sussex. Bertha was born in 1852 in Newtimber, West Sussex and died on 23 Feb 1878 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 26. They had one daughter: **Ada**.

9-Ada Gibbins<sup>4</sup> was born on 14 Apr 1876 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1956 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- She had a residence in 1893 in Stratford House, 13 Arthur Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

John next married Martha Louise Welch,<sup>26</sup> daughter of William Welch, in 1881. Martha was born in 1855 in Lancashire and died in 1938 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 83. They had five children: Martha, John, Francis, (No Given Name), and Roger.

9-Martha Gibbins<sup>4,26</sup> was born on 12 May 1883 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1967 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 84.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1899 in York, Yorkshire.

9-John Gibbins<sup>4,84,196</sup> was born on 9 May 1888 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Feb 1973 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 84. General Notes: GIBBINS.-On 13th February, 1973, in hospital at Bromsgrove, John Gibbins (1901-05), aged 84 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1901-1905 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an apprenticed to the Coalbrookdale Iron Co. In 1906-1909 in Coalbrookdale, Shropshire.
- He worked as an Engineer in 1909-1910 in United States.
- He worked as an Engineer with the Birmingham Battery & Metal Co. In 1910-1914 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a member of the FWVRC building huts in 1914-1915 in France.
- He worked as a Garage proprietor and general engineer in 1919-1924 in Lewes, East Sussex.
- He worked as a Motor business proprietor in 1924-1926 in Pickering, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an engineer with United Automobile Services Ltd. In 1926-1931 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer in 1931-1933 in Bradford, Yorkshire.
- He resided at Upwood in 1935 in Barnt Green, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

9-**Francis Gibbins**<sup>4,84,89,197</sup> was born in 1890 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 18 Sep 1962 in Lewes, East Sussex at age 72. General Notes: GIBBINS.-On 18th September, 1962, at his home at Lewes, Sussex, Francis Gibbins (1903-07), aged 73 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1903-1907 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the FWVRC in both France and Serbia in 1914-1917.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He resided at Grey Walls in Lewes, East Sussex.

Francis married Ethel Ward.

9-Gibbins

9-Roger Gibbins<sup>4,84,197,198,199,200</sup> was born in 1891 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 4 Oct 1967 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1906-1909 in York, Yorkshire.
- He resided at Berryfield in 1935 in Hampton, Evesham, Worcestershire.
- He worked as a Fruit Grower in Evesham, Worcestershire.

Roger married **Hilda Mary Leather**<sup>84,198,199,200</sup> on 26 Aug 1928 in Howgills, Letchworth, Hertfordshire. Hilda was born on 1 Aug 1893 in Burnley, Lancashire and died in Dec 1993 in Kingsbridge, Devon at age 100. They had two children: **Deborah Mary** and **Michael John**.

## 10-Deborah Mary Gibbins

10-Michael John Gibbins

8-Benjamin Gibbins<sup>4</sup> was born in 1850, died in 1904 at age 54, and was buried in FBG Witton, Birmingham.

8-**Emma Gibbins**<sup>4</sup> was born in 1852.

5-Frances Head<sup>4,28,30,32</sup> was born on 14 Dec 1733 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, died about 13 Sep 1779 about age 45, and was buried on 16 Sep 1779.

Frances married **John Fry**,  $^{4,28,29,30,31,32,33}$  son of **John Fry**<sup>201,202,203</sup> and **Mary Storrs**,  $^{203}$  in 1755. John was born on 22 Jun 1733 in Sutton Benger, Wiltshire, died on 6 Sep 1803 in St. Andrew's Street, Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 70, and was buried on 11 Sep 1803 in FBG Hertford. They had four children: **Anne, Frances Brewster, John**, and **William Head**.

General Notes: Of Whitechapel

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clock & Watchmaker in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- He worked as a Cheesemonger in Whitechapel, London.
- He had a residence in Whitechapel, London.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in London.

6-Anne Fry<sup>4,8,28,31,32,66,70,154,204</sup> was born on 14 Aug 1756 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 19 Nov 1821 in Stoke Newington, London at age 65, and was buried in FBG Stoke Newington.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Anne married Jasper Capper, <sup>4,8,28,30,31,37,66,70,154,204</sup> son of William Capper<sup>29,30,31</sup> and Rebecca Smallwood, <sup>4,29,31</sup> on 21 Apr 1778 in FMH Whitechapel. Jasper was born on 19 May 1751 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, was christened on 9 Jun 1751 in Rugeley, Staffordshire, died on 24 Dec 1819 in Stoke Newington, London at age 68, and was buried on 31 Dec 1819 in FBG Stoke Newington. They had 13 children: William Smallwood, Frances, Samuel, Rebecca, Anne, Jasper, Jasper, Frances, John, George, Katherine, Mary, and Sarah.

General Notes: Birthplace suggested as Birmingham by Milligan.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper in Whitechapel, London.
- He was Church of England.
- He was a Quaker by Convincement in 1778 in Devonshire House MM.
  - 7-William Smallwood Capper<sup>30,205</sup> was born on 26 Feb 1779 in Parish of St. Mary, Whitechapel, London and died on 13 Dec 1790 at age 11.

7-Frances Capper<sup>4,30</sup> was born on 3 Nov 1780 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 2 Jul 1781.

7-Samuel Capper<sup>4,8,31,32,40,56,112,160,164,166</sup> was born on 2 Mar 1782 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 29 Aug 1852 in FMH Weston-super-Mare (Collapsed and died at Meeting) at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Apprentice shopkeeper to Joseph Naish 1750-1782 in Congresbury, Somerset.
- He worked as a Linen Draper in Gracechurch Street, London.
- He worked as a Draper in 1810 in Corn Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in Potterne Farm. Devizes. Wiltshire.
- He worked as a Farmer in Potterne Farm, Devizes, Wiltshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1813.
- He had a residence in 1821 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Soapmaker in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Samuel married Elizabeth Naish,<sup>4,8,31,32,40,112,160,166,206</sup> daughter of Joseph Naish<sup>4,8,40,206,207</sup> and Betty Wilmott,<sup>4,206,207</sup> on 2 Feb 1803. Elizabeth was born on 22 Nov 1781 in Congresbury, Somerset and died on 1 Mar 1864 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 82. They had 13 children: Clement, Catherine, Joseph, Jasper, Ann, Rebecca, Samuel, John, Elizabeth Naish, Martha Gundry, William Smallwood, Sarah, and Thomas Sanders.

8-Clement Capper<sup>208</sup> was born on 25 Dec 1803 in Corn Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 1 Jan 1804 in Corn Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire,

8-Catherine Capper<sup>4,164,209</sup> was born on 25 Jun 1805 in Corn Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 11 May 1878 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 72.

Catherine married Henry Hunt,<sup>4,164,209</sup> son of Henry Hunt<sup>4,10,138,209,210,211,212</sup> and Ann Marshall,<sup>4,138,210</sup> on 13 Apr 1830 in FMH Friars, Bristol. Henry was born on 23 May 1806 in Union Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 24 Jul 1881 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 75. They had 13 children: Henry Jasper, Catherine, Anne Marshall, Henry, Elizabeth, Theodore, Sylvanus, Rebecca, Basil, Nathan, Kenneth, Octavius, and Matilda.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in 1830-1833 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- They had a residence in 1833-1836 in Royal Fort, St. Michael's Hill, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- They had a residence in 1837 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea Dealer in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

9-Henry Jasper Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 26 Dec 1830 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Jan 1832 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 1.

9-Catherine Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 22 Dec 1831 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Oct 1891 at age 59. The cause of her death was Asthma and Bronchitis. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Anne Marshall Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 28 Jan 1833 in James Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Jan 1905 at age 71.

9-Henry Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 5 May 1834 in Royal Fort, St. Michael's Hill, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 8 Oct 1883 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 49, and was buried in FBG Friars, Rosemary Street, Bristol.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Poet.
- He was a Quaker until he married-out, when he was presumably dis-owned.

Henry married Amelia Guiatt, daughter of John Guiatt and Mary Ann, on 7 May 1867. Amelia was born on 9 Jun 1850 and was christened on 7 Jul 1850 in St. Philip's & St. Jacob's church, Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had eight children: Catherine Amelia, Anne Elizabeth, Catherine Amelia, Henry, Jasper Capper, Samuel Capper, Amelia, and Rebecca Mary.

General Notes: After her husband Henry died, she abandoned her children and went to Australia.

10-Catherine Amelia Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born on 16 Feb 1868 and died on 27 Jun 1869 at age 1.

10-Anne Elizabeth Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born on 18 May 1869, died in 1948 in Berwick, Victoria, Australia at age 79, and was buried in Berwick, Victoria, Australia.

Anne married **Richard Henry Bunt**,<sup>208</sup> son of **Richard Bunt**, on 12 May 1896 in FMH Bristol. Richard was born in May 1868, died on 24 Jun 1944 in Berwick, Victoria, Australia at age 76, and was buried in Berwick, Victoria, Australia. They had one daughter: **Catherine Marshall ''Kitty''**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They emigrated to Australia, on board the Oroya, bound for Melbourne in 1898.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Newent, Gloucestershire.
- He was a Quaker.

11-Catherine Marshall "Kitty" Bunt was born on 24 Jun 1897 in Newent, Gloucestershire.

10-Catherine Amelia Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born on 8 Aug 1872 and died on 19 Mar 1908 at age 35.

10-Henry Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born on 22 Feb 1874.

Henry married Mary Bray on 9 Sep 1897. Mary was born on 8 Apr 1871. They had one daughter: Anne Elizabeth.

11-Anne Elizabeth Hunt was born on 7 Dec 1898.

10-Jasper Capper Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born on 22 Jan 1876.

10-Samuel Capper Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born on 26 Mar 1878.

10-Amelia Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born on 23 Nov 1879.

10-**Rebecca Mary Hunt**<sup>208</sup> was born on 24 Aug 1881.

9-Elizabeth Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 1 Oct 1835 in Royal Fort, St. Michael's Hill, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1923 at age 88.

Noted events in her life were:

She was educated at Sidcot School.

9-Theodore Hunt<sup>4,26,73,98</sup> was born on 3 Oct 1837 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 26 Oct 1926 in 12 Victoria Road, Cotham, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 89, and was buried in FBG Bristol.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He worked as a Leather factor in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He was a Quaker.

Theodore married Louisa Bobbett,<sup>4,26,73,98,208</sup> daughter of John Winter Bobbett<sup>4,56,70,77,213,214</sup> and Frances Doubting,<sup>4,56,70,77,213,214</sup> on 15 May 1866. Louisa was born on 31 May 1840 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 19 Nov 1883 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 43, and was buried in FBG Bristol. They had seven children: Theodora Louisa, Mary Ann, Frederick John, Frances Ethel, (No Given Name), Gertrude Emily, and Walter Theodore.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Ouaker.

10-Theodora Louisa Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 27 Feb 1867 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-Marv Ann Hunt<sup>4,98</sup> was born on 26 Dec 1868 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 1 Mar 1880 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 11, and was buried in FBG Bristol.

General Notes: Mary Ann Hunt, Bristol, 111/4 1 3 mo. 1880

Daughter of Theodore and Louisa Hunt.

This dear child was born on the 26th of Twelfth month, 1868. With the exception of childish ailments, her health had been very good up to the time of her last illness, and her life was an unusually bright and happy one. She delighted in open-air amusements ; liked working in her little garden, and was always intensely fond of flowers, never coming home from a country ramble without flowers, ferns, or a few choice ivy-leaves. Her love for dumb animals was frequently noticed, and any cruelty shown to them was a real trouble to her At one time she was not very diligent in her lessons, but latterly she made good progress, taking special interest in history. She early showed a taste for drawing and often said, "I mean to be an artist when I grow lip, and paint beautiful pictures and flowers." An excellent memory was a source of pleasure to her, enabling her to learn readily many passages of Scripture and hymns. During the last summer she greatly enjoyed a visit to Ilfracombe, where she learnt a new hymn from Mr. Spiers, of the "Children's Special Service Mission," who was holding a series of meetings there. It was particularly applicable to her and the surrounding circumstances, commencing, "The world is very beautiful and full of joy to me." Her sweet voice was often heard, trilling out the simple melody, but her friends little realised how soon she was to experience the truth of the concluding lines : -

"Then trials cannot vex me, And pain I need not fear, For when I'm close by Jesus, Grief cannot come too near; Not: even death can harm me, When death I meet one day, For I will follow Jesus All the way," Her happy disposition made her always willing to give way to her companions in their little games, and she was a great favourite with her relations. How far the work of grace had progressed in her soul we cannot say; but we think there is abundant evidence that she had early given her heart to her Saviour, and endeavoured to work for Him, of which the following incidents are illustrations.

When not much more than four years old she spent a few days at the house of an uncle in the country. A member of the household, who was engaged in the distribution of tracts in the neighbourhood, took the child with her when laking a round of visits. Whilst calling on an old woman, the dear child, who fully undertood the object of the visit, put this question to her, "Do you love Jesus?" but did not obtain a satisfactory answer. An impression was howver made, and the little questioner was not forgotten, but eagerly inquired for on subsequent occasions. The old woman, who has now gone to her eternal rest, confessed that this simple question had by the divine blessing, been a means of help to her soul; and her gratitude was evinced by small presents occasionally sent as tokens of remembrance. From the same person we hear that one evening, when putting her to bed, she felt a hot tear fall on her hand, and asked what she was crying for. She replied, "I forgot to ask God to take care of papa and mamma when I knelt down. Will God forgive me?"

When she was about six years old, her parents received a visit of a few days from Robert Douglas, of Indiana, United States. One day he was telling them of his own little girl, who, when eight years old, in one of their meet- ings said, "I love Jesus, and I want you all to love Jesus." This little anecdote made a considerable impression on her, and she said, "That's what I shall do when I am eight years old."

Her devotion to her younger brothers and sisters was very strong. Her parents always felt safe in leaving them in her charge, and she was very patient and laborious in teaching her next brother and sister to learn short texts. With her older sister she spent a good deal of leisure time in printing and colouring appropriate texts on slips of paper. These they would take with them when out

# Descendants of John Head

for their daily walk, and give them to other j children they met with, or place them about in the hedges, hoping that they might prove a blessing to those who found them. The same was done with small books or tracts, which she was always pleased to purchase with her own pocket-money. A reference will be found further on to this mode of showing love to her Saviour, in the words addressed to her sister, "Don't forget the texts and tracts." It is a source of consolation to remember that her love to Jesus was thus manifested, while at the same time there were failings to be seen. Of these she was also fully conscious, and she thought grace to overcome them. On one occasion not long before her last ilhiess, she exclaimed "Oh, I do try to be good, but it is no use; the more I try the worse I am : sometimes everything seems to go wrong." She was reminded that it was useless to try in her own strength alone ; to which she replied, "But indeed I did ask God to help me." She was always very sorry for wrong- doing, and ever ready to ask forgiveness of those around, not being able to sleep until her peace was made. These evidences of the state of her heart and of her love to Christ, explain the calm beautiful faith wdth which she resigned herself to her Saviour when laid on a bed of suffering. She seemed to have no wish inconsistent with His will; and young as she was, with life opening out before her, she never expressed any desire to recover, unless God had some work for her to do. She had done with earth at once, never doubting that there was a happy home ready for her; but she was evidently anxious that those she loved should follow her there. The dear child attended Bristol Meeting on First day morning, Second month 8th, 1880, apparently in perfect health. In the evening she was engaged, as was so frequently her practice while her parents were away, in showing and explaining picture-books to the little ones, but every now and then spoke to the servant of not feeling well, and went to be earlier than usual. She continued poorly through the night, and next morning, the pain becoming worse, the medical man who attended the family was sent for, and remedies were applied. As her disease did not yield to the treatment which had been used, a physician was called in on Sixth day, who considered recovery very uncertain, though not absolutely hopeless. This day she seemed to realise how ill she was; but she was perfectly calm, telling her nurse she was " thinking what she had to tell mamma if she should die." The same day she said, " Don't cry, mamma ; I'm not afraid to die." After this, she never alluded to death except as "going home," "going there," " being with Jesus," &c. The pain was so continuous and severe that there was little opportunity for conversation or even thinking. One day her father asked if she found comfort in thinking of the Psalms and other passages of Scripture tliat she had committed to memory. "No, papa," she replied, "I can't think, for these pains ;" but on being asked if Jesus was helping her to bear them, she said, "Oh yes," without any hesitation. Sometimes she would say, "I can't bear it, dear mamma; pray for me." For quite a week she had sleep beyond a few minutes at a time, and the exhaustion was very great, so that only a few words could be spoken at once. In the 17th, the doctor found her in a sinking condition, and prescribed brandy and sal volatile. With, great earnestness she exclaimed, "I must not take brandy; you know I'm pledged not." Being assured that it was quite right and necessary, she took it; but seemed uneasy until both her parents had satisfied her that she had not broken her pledge. The physician saw her again that day, after which she asked what the doctors thought of her. Being told that they considered her very ill, she replied, "Yes, but I'm very happy." She was asked if she did not want to Be well, and answered, after a pause, "Yes, if God has any work for me to do for Him." Again, a seeing her mother crying, she said, "Why do you cry Mamma?" The answer was, "Oh, my darling, you have been such a good little girl, it is hard to give you up : " when she replied solemnly, "No, mamma; I'm not good at all." Another day she said, "Mamma, I want to tell you I've been naughty, and done things you never knew." She then mentioned some things, small in themselves, but evidencing a very tender conscience. Being asked if she told Jesus, she said, "Oh, yes, long ago." Once, when in severe pain, she said, "Won't somebody pray for me? I can't; " and at another time, after great suffering " I hav'n't had my chapter read." She was very solicitous for those around her, saying, "You will get quite worn out," and, " I am sure you must be tired," &c. She bore all with great patience, sometimes saying, "Oh dear, it is hard to bear this pain." When the fever was very high, it greatly soothed her to have her hands and arms well sponged constantly; and one day she said, "Oh, mamma, will there be nice large beautiful baths in heaven?" She was reminded of the "pure river of water of life, clear as crystal, proceeding out of the throne of God and of the Lamb" (Rev. xxii. 1). The last two chapters of Revelation were read very frequently; she evidently loved to think of the "holy city," the "New Jerusalem." At one time, speaking of heaven and the loved ones already there, she said, "I shall know Auntie A., but I can't remember Auntie M. A.; perhaps Jesus will take me to her." So simple, so childlike, so unques- tioning was her trust.

During the last few days reading aloud appeared to soothe her, whilst she lay with closed eyes. Whenever a pause was made, the attendant thinking she was asleep, she would open her eyes and say, " Please go on ; " and that she was perfectly conscious of all was evident by her saying to any fresh reader (when such was the case), " That has been read before," and mentioning where the read- ing had been left off. Several of A. L. 0. E.'s books were read through in this way.

On the 24th the terrible pain ceased, and some faint hopes were entertained of her recovery. About this time she said, "I almost think I shall get better." The exhaustion and weakness, however, increased daily, though at times she seemed to rally a little. On the 28th, she took leave of two of her sisters and one brother separately, telling them each to meet her in heaven. To her eldest sister she said on parting, "Don't forget The texts and tracts ; " while the last words to her brother were, " Never break your pledge, Freddie." She mentioned some of her little treasures, asking her mother to put clown on paper whom she wished them given to ; adding, '^ You must choose something for each of my nurses."

On the morning of First day, the 29th, she was very weak and sinking ; but at four o'clock in the afternoon she suddenly exclaimed, " I'm going, mamma ; I'm going." " Where, my darling ? " " To Jesus ; Oh ! I m so happy, so happy, so happy "Being asked why, she replied, " Because I am going to heaven ; Jesus has come for me ; I'm so happy. The suffering and extreme weakness had previously prevented anything like a smile, but now her face was radiant with joy She went on to say she could hear " the singing ;' " We're almost there ; " " Now we're there J Then, shaking her head, she added "No, no quite, but we are very near." Her father return ing from his Bible class soon after the commence ment of this ecstasy, hastened upstairs, as it wa thought she Avould very soon be gone ; and on his entering the room she exclaimed, " Come quick papa, I'm going." She held the hand of each of her parents, entreating them, her aunt and the servants, not to go away, or they would not " see her go ;" continually breaking into such exclamations as, "Oh, I'm so happy;" "Tell every body to love Jesus ;" " Tell the children to love Jesus ;" " Oh, I am so happy ; we are all going." Her mother, thinking she might be wandering, said " My darling, it is you who are going, not we ; " to which she replied, " Yes, we are all going - you in a little while ;" in which she meant to include a reference to the two servants, whose Christian character she well knew. Her youngest sister (\* Gertrude. ) being brought into the room, she said, with a bright fixed as on some object far away, she cried, " Oh, I'm so happy ; it's lovely." On being asked what she saw, she said "bright," "beautiful," "Jesus," "splendid," drawing her parents close to her, as though anxious that they might see the glory which she was per- mitted to behold. The radiant expression, the clear voice, the beaming yes, all told of perfect happiness. This never-to-be-forgotten time lasted rather more than an hour, and ended by her asking us to sing the hymn, " Safe in the arms of J

morning, her purified spirit was released, to enter into the fulness of that heavenly bliss of which such a glorious foretaste had been permitted her while still with us.

10-Frederick John Hunt<sup>4,98</sup> was born on 9 Jun 1871 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Frederick married Ada Emily Rust<sup>208</sup> on 2 Sep 1896. Ada was born on 26 Oct 1866. They had one daughter: Theodora Alice.

11-Theodora Alice Hunt was born on 4 Jul 1897.

10-Frances Ethel Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 4 Jan 1873 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-**Hunt** 

10-Gertrude Emily Hunt<sup>4,26,98</sup> was born on 23 Nov 1874 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1893-Jun 1895 in York, Yorkshire.

• She was a Quaker.

Gertrude married Thomas Petchell Stackhouse,<sup>84</sup> son of Thomas Joseph Foster Petchell Stackhouse<sup>84,96</sup> and Martha Bowden,<sup>84,96</sup> on 7 Feb 1911. Thomas was born on 1 Dec 1875 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1957 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He worked as a member of the Friends Ambulance Unit in 1915-1919 in France.

10-Walter Theodore Hunt<sup>4,98</sup> was born on 26 Mar 1878 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Theodore next married Lucy Bessell,<sup>4</sup> daughter of John Bessell and Elizabeth, on 23 Feb 1885. Lucy was born on 22 Mar 1840 and died in 1929 at age 89.

9-Sylvanus Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 9 Sep 1839 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 25 Sep 1918 in 45 Filton Avenue, Horfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 79. General Notes: A record has been shown to give his date of death as 1908; this is wrong. He died 25 Sept. 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School.
- He worked as a Commercial Traveller, Accountant.
- He worked as a Commission Agent in 1869-1873.
- He worked as a Corn Merchant in 1880-1904.

Sylvanus married Frances Louise Lockwood,<sup>4</sup> daughter of William Lockwood<sup>4</sup> and Elizabeth Buckmaster,<sup>4</sup> on 9 May 1866 in FMH Woodbridge. Frances was born on 9 Jul 1838 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 15 Oct 1924 in 44 Wellington Hill, Horfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 86. They had five children: Lilian, Ernest Lockwood, Harold Capper, William Cowper, and Leonard Philip.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1850-1853.
- She worked as a Teacher. Penketh School in Penketh, Warrington, Cheshire.

10-Lilian Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 17 Mar 1867 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1955 at age 88.

Lilian married Thomas Howard Ferris on 25 Dec 1898. Thomas was born on 26 Nov 1870 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-Ernest Lockwood Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 3 Mar 1869 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 7 Apr 1932 in 5 Eastholme, Letchworth, Hertfordshire at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Sidcot School.

• He worked as a Boot and Shoe dealer in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Ernest married Alice Eva Morley,<sup>4</sup> daughter of Walter Muskett Morley<sup>4</sup> and Ellen Mary Lockwood, in 1904. Alice was born in 1879 in Norwich, Norfolk. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

11-Hunt

11-**Hunt**<sup>4</sup> died in Died in Infancy.

10-Harold Capper Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 16 Mar 1871 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Hospital Secretary in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York.

Harold married Jessie Mabel Clements.

10-William Cowper Hunt<sup>4,208</sup> was born on 7 Jul 1873 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 25 Jul 1873.

10-Leonard Philip Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 4 Jan 1880 in 3 Albert Villas, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

9-Rebecca Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 16 Apr 1841 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Sep 1902 at age 61.

Noted events in her life were:

She was educated at Sidcot School.

• She worked as a Quaker missionary in Syria.

Rebecca married William Gandoor Zaytoon<sup>210</sup> on 16 Jul 1878 in London. (15th Also Given). William was born on 28 Jul 1852. They had three children: Mary Katharine, Henry William, and William Capper.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Beirut, Lebanon.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Missionary.

10-Mary Katharine Zaytoon was born on 27 Apr 1879 and died on 22 Aug 1879.

10-Henry William Zaytoon was born on 9 Jan 1881 and died on 20 Apr 1881.

10-William Capper Zaytoon was born on 2 Dec 1882 and died on 15 Jun 1883.

9-Basil Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 20 May 1842 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Aug 1842 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

9-Nathan Hunt<sup>4,26,208</sup> was born on 5 Jun 1843 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 5 Jan 1897 in 329 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, USA at age 53, and was buried on 6 Jan 1897 in Forest Home Cemetery, Chicago, Illinois, USA. The cause of his death was Bright's Disease.

General Notes: Following his wife's death, he entrusted his children to his siblings and went to America

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1852-1857.
- He worked as a Tallow Chandler's Clerk in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Clerk to the Bristol Waterworks in 1865.
- He was a Quaker until he married out, when he was disowned.
- He emigrated to Chicago, Illinois, USA about 1882.

Nathan married Jane Inch,<sup>4,26,208</sup> daughter of Thomas Inch and Jane, on 5 Jul 1865 in St. George's, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Jane was born in Bristol, Gloucestershire, was christened on 13 Oct 1839 in St. Augustine's, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 13 May 1880 in Godetia Villa, Gloucester Road, Horfield, Gloucestershire at age 40, and was buried in Horfield Churchyard, Horfield, Gloucestershire. The cause of her death was Pneumonia. They had ten children: Katharine Janet, Matthew, Mark, Arthur Wallace, Henry Lionel, Elsie Matilda, Frances Beatrice, Sydney Gibbons, William Percival, and Margaret Eveline.

10-Katharine Janet Hunt<sup>4,84,208</sup> was born on 10 Feb 1866 in 21 Elton Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Jun 1955 at age 89.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Ayton School in 1882-1883.

Katharine married Samuel Henry Wright,<sup>4,84</sup> son of Samuel Williams Wright<sup>4,94,99,208,215</sup> and Alice Eliza(beth) Burtt,<sup>4,94,208,215</sup> on 14 Sep 1892 in FMH Bristol. Samuel was born on 24 Feb 1860 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 20 Mar 1939 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 79. The cause of his death was Parkinson's disease. They had eight children: Herbert, Winifred Alice, Elsie Louise, Janet Kathleen, Henry Lionel, Lilian, Thomas Burtt, and Kenneth Capper.

General Notes: 1880 - Samuel Henry Wright, apprenticed at Pavement in 1880, aged 19, looks back on his apprenticeship: We considered 28 Pavement to be the finest grocery shop in the city. My bedroom looked across Lady Peckitt's Yard. A big bell hung on the wall outside my room, and it was rung every Saturday morning at fi ve o'clock by old Shean, a veteran warehouseman of seventy years, who had worked for the firm since 'old Mr Joseph's days' i.e. the father of the present head of the Cocoa Works. Shean used to come at that unearthly hour to light the engine fire and a coke fire for coffee and chicory roasting and I, when youngest apprentice, had to turn out to let him in. Behind the office, which was quite a fair size, was the 'back office' where tea tasting, sugar and fruit sampling and buying was done....On market days Joseph Rowntree used to stand at the Despatch Counter for hours sending porters, errand boys, and van men with parcels and cases to the country carriers' waggons, to the station or to private houses. I can hear him now calling out, 'Two, Bean: to the White Swan by Bean,' Bean was the old carrier, who delivered to some village nearby.'

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He was educated at The Woodlands School in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Seedsman in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire.
- He had a residence in Brighton, East Sussex.
- He worked as an apprentice Grocer to Joseph Rowntree before 1881 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Grocer and seedsman in 1881-1908 in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire.
- He worked as a Grocer in 1908-1931 in 89, Western Road, Brighton, East Sussex.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- He had a residence in 1931-1938 in Aumitts, Brandsby, Easingwold, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1939 in York, Yorkshire.

11-Herbert Wright<sup>208</sup> was born on 18 Mar 1894 and died in 1967 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1919.
- He worked as a Grocer.

Herbert married **Evelyn Farrer**,<sup>208</sup> daughter of **Joseph Farrer**<sup>216</sup> and **Helen Southall**, in 1923. Evelyn was born in 1894 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1958 at age 64. They had two children: **Margaret Isobel** and **Martin Farrer**.

12-Margaret Isobel Wright

Margaret married Kenneth C. Morley<sup>208</sup> in 1949. Kenneth was born in 1927 and died in 2014 at age 87. They had two children: Linda Jean and Peter Kenneth.

13-Linda Jean Morley

Linda married Keith Rice.

Linda next married Paul Jauncey. They had two children: Simon Paul and Daniel Nicholas Ryan.

14-Simon Paul Jauncey

14-Daniel Nicholas Ryan Jauncey

13-Peter Kenneth Morley

Peter married Lani Kahn. They had two children: Michael Stephen and David Kenneth.

14-Michael Stephen Morley

14-David Kenneth Morley

12-Martin Farrer Wright<sup>208</sup> was born on 1 Dec 1930 and died in 1972 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 42.

11-Winifred Alice Wright<sup>208</sup> was born on 2 Jan 1896 and died on 10 Sep 1983 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an Art teacher.

11-Elsie Louise Wright<sup>208</sup> was born on 9 Dec 1897 and died on 29 Jun 1970 at age 72.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Domestic Science teacher.

Elsie married Sidney Gibbon. They had two children: Alan Wilfred and Janet Winifred.

12-Alan Wilfred Gibbon

Alan married June Hind. They had three children: Steven, John, and Beryl "Beth".

13-Steven Gibbon

Steven married Juliet Haynes. They had two children: Nicolas James and Jennifer Sarah.

14-Nicolas James Gibbon

14-Jennifer Sarah Gibbon

13-John Gibbon

John married Marjorie. They had three children: Katherine, Sarah, and Rachel.

14-Katherine Gibbon

14-Sarah Gibbon

14-Rachel Gibbon

13-Beryl "Beth" Gibbon

Beryl married Julian Wellbank. They had two children: Anna Claire and Sam.

14-Anna Claire Wellbank

14-Sam Wellbank

12-Janet Winifred Gibbon

Janet married Walter Schönbeck. They had four children: Barbara, Hilary, Andrew, and Martin.

13-Barbara Schönbeck

Barbara married Ross Corder Wallis, son of Edward Oscar Wallis<sup>217</sup> and Annette Christine Catchpool.

Barbara next married Simon Dicketts.

13-Hilary Schönbeck

13-Andrew Schönbeck

Andrew married Dawn Smales. They had one daughter: Jessica.

14-Jessica Schönbeck

13-Martin Schönbeck

11-Janet Kathleen Wright<sup>51,84,120,151,198,208,218</sup> was born on 14 Apr 1899 in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire and died on 19 Feb 1963 in York, Yorkshire at age 63. Another name for Janet was J. Kathleen Wright.

General Notes: Only a headmaster's wife is likely to know what it is like to be the wife of a headmaster. Undoubtedly she counts for much more than she knows. Kathleen Gray matched Donald exactly in those qualities of complete genuineness and absence of all pretention or pomposity which were the essence of his leadership. If Kathleen was quiet she was never negative. With her, a family life had to go along with the school life touching it at the fringe and elsewhere-the young hungry family with all the rest of us at breakfast every day, and her own home; one thinks of it rather as quarters; a part of the school; invaded by us all at one time or another. Though as headmaster's wife she was constantly a cement between the domestic side, the parents and the School, yet her family seemed always the real nucleus. She could always fling off gaily any sense of her own importance to the School and would love to think ahead of a long weekend off, setting out on Friday night by car, in Scotland by Saturday morning and heading West. 'Just leave it all' she would say. The cottage at Brandsby must also have been precious to her though the time she spent in it was often so short; but it was a chance to get Donald away from School for a time and have the family together in a proper domestic setting where she could indulge a taste for cottage wallpaper. She loved the country and a bit of gardening, and in her delightful amateurish way she went in for a little livestock now and again. One remembers the bees and how regularly they swarmed on hot Sunday afternoons in the garden of 49-the hast, the veils, the ladders, the stirrup pumps, and how poor Kathleen suffered. Having launched her family she turned her hand to all manner of tasks, not all equally congenial: Committeee work stoically born, teaching polio children, teaching at Ashham Open Prison and at The Retreat, and what must be numberless acts of rescue unknown to most of us. Despite the acuteness of what she suffered she leaves only the memory of a patient smiling person

what she must have experienced of sadness and bewilderment and upheaval and illness she remained perfectly in tune. There must be some people who never know a 'good' person. Kathleen was one. It was her natural way of living to put good into the world, to redeem unpromising situations quite modestly and without sentimentality; and those of us who knew her must have felt the warmth and steadiness of this. *AUSTIN WRIGHT*.

GRAY.— On 19th February, 1963, at York, Janet Kathleen Gray, wife of the late Donald Gray, aged 63 years.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Froebel Institute qualified teacher in Polam Hall, Darlington, County Durham.
- She worked as a Teacher, The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Teacher, Sidcot School in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.

Janet married **Donald Gray**,<sup>21,22,51,84,119,120,151,171,198,219</sup> son of **Dr. Albert Alexander Gray**<sup>4,51,84,220</sup> and **Mabel Henderson**, in 1927. Donald was born in 1893 in Blackburn, Lancashire and died on 2 Aug 1943 in York, Yorkshire at age 50. They had three children: **John Henderson, David Burtt**, and **Roger Woodville**.

General Notes: GRAY, Donald MA. Born 5 May 1893; s of late Albert A. Gray, MD, Glasgow, and Mabel Henderson; m 1st, Esther S. Henderson (d 1922); 2nd, J. Kathleen Wright; three s; died 2 Aug. 1943

Headmaster Bootham School, York, since 1927

EDUCATION Glasgow Academy; Bootham School, York; Glasgow University; Merton College, Oxford

ADDRESS Bootham School, York

'GRAY, Donald', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U226094

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DONALD GRAY (1906-09) is at Malta on the Intelligence Staff of the British Commander-in-Chief in the Mediterranean. " The work is plentiful, or rather was so, and very fascinating, but I am glad to say that I think it is now a thing of the past. It all depends on what Foch says to the plenipots at Guise to-morrow." D. G. has met G. Rowland Dobrashian (1905-07) and Cedric Holmes (1907-08), and has hopes of being back at Bootham for Charades. *Bootham magazine - December 1918* 

DONALD GRAY (1906-09) has joined the Bootham staff. He was still at Merton College, Oxford, when the war broke out, whereupon he at once joined the F.A.U., and held important positions under Philip Baker both in France and with the Italian Unit. Finally, he accepted a commission in the Naval Intelligence, and was on the staff of the British Commander-in-Chief in the Mediterranean at Malta. His subjects are History and Modern Languages. Like all the Grays he is a fine football player. *Bootham magazine - April 1919* 

To do a mighty labour : we arc one

With heaven and the stars when it is spent

To serve God's aim : else die we with the sun." B. S.

We remember Donald Gray as our leader and friend, modest, courageous and courteous. He belonged to Bootham, and he embodied all that was best in its tradition. And in loyalty to him, all of us— boys and masters— came to belong to Bootham, and Bootham became a family, a society of friends. His was a vital buoyant personality, fearless in danger, prompt in emergency, happy in action. His friends tell each other stories of his personal bravery, but never a word would he tell himself, and generations of boys know nothing of his record in the Great War. But we can speak of his fearlessness during the blitz, of his care for those at " The Lodge " ; he would not take cover. He revelled in emergencies : the sudden and swift removal to Ampleforth was almost a picnic with Donald planning for us and busy with us. Happy in action, himself, he was happier still to see boys showing zest and vigour— in the workshop on a busy winter evening, in csmp with Bootham or York boys, in a hard-fought football match. And with what enthusiasm did he play the game himself, determined that the School should get that winning goal even if he had to come from full-back to get it ! For him Geography was the moving colourful pageant of human activity, a rich and diverse pattern of human achievement. His Geography became History, Art and Literature. His spirit especially thrilled to American history, to the story of the evermoving frontier, of the continent of opportunity. There was in him the spirit of Jefferson and of Lincoln, the love of the little man and a passion for right and justice. It was fitting that such a lover of men should possess the gift of friendship ; indeed he possessed it in a rare and excellent measure. He was most at home with the Staff in the Common Room : probably no headmaster was so unfeignedly welcome among his colleagues or spent so much time with them, knit with them in a sincere mutual affection. Donald, indeed, solved the problem of combining leadership with liberty. His unfailing courtesy was one secret of

this friendliness. His relations with everyone—boys, masters, house-staff— were so sincere and so naturally humble that he evoked from all a response of loyalty and love. Yet his loyalty was ever the stronger, because he was the most unselfish of us all. It was his lot to be Head of Bootham at a time of rapidly changing standards, when the future of the residential Public School was in doubt, when many men thought such schools should have no place in a democratic country. No one hated privilege more than Donald; it was his wish that Bootham should be open to all, regardless of the income of their parents, and he made a notable contribution to that end. He did not care about the future of the Public School, but rather of the boarding school, and of the independent Christian school in particular. He knew that England needed public-spirited Christian citizens, and he longed that Bootham should inspire such citizens. And in these war years he was particularly anxious to set up a Service Unit in which older boys could be thoroughly trained for the work of reconstruction, and that the Unit should be such as could be carried over into peace time as part of a scheme of national service. None of us will forget his ministry at Clifford Street, or in the Library. His words were simple and dignified, his diction was beautiful. Underlying all was his moral sincerity. Yet his life exemplified his speech, and his Christianity was always practical. His unconquerable spirit lives in the lives of those who lived with him; it will endure in the continuing life of the School. And we, his colleagues, are men greatly blessed in that we worked with him and were his friends. L. H. G. From the Headmaster of Ampleforth College

We will always look back with pleasure to the year when, from September, 1939, to July, 1940, Bootham were at Ampleforth in our Junior House building. During the arrangements for the move, and still more during the School year which followed, we happily saw a great deal of Donald Gray; and the impression which his lovable character made upon us will be remembered for a long time by the Ampleforth community. What 1 came to appreciate most vividly in Donald Gray was his serenity of mind and his continual thoughtfulness for others. In transplanting a school with individual traditions so closely bound up with its own buildings and environment there were inevitably many trials and discomforts to be overcome. But one who saw him daily tells me that he can never remember seeing him ruffled or put out. He always seemed so genuinely grateful for any of the small things we could do to help. In his humility he did not realise what a pleasure it was to help such a man, or how much his own personality contributed to make it a pleasure. Donald Gray was a man who saw good wherever he looked. He had, it seemed to me, a great respect for human personality. Each man was for him an individual; and it never seemed to occur to him to interfere or to try to impose his own views and ideas upon those he met. One got the impression that he respected those he dealt with as individuals. And yet this forbearance did not prevent him from inspiring others. His enthusiasm for the beauties of nature and of art, especially music, and still more, his example of self-effacing thoughtfulness, must have been an inspiration to the generations of boys who came under his guidance. And not only to those, for his good work seemed to extend far beyond his immediate sphere as a school-master, and his interests reached out to many good causes. He will be missed by many, and by none so sincerely as by the many friends he made at Ampleforth, who count it as a privilege to have known him.

### From G. M. Trevelyan, O.M., Master of Trinity College, Cambridge

During the last war Donald Gray was the youthful Adjutant of the First British Ambulance Unit for Italy, of which I was Commandant. Efficient, active, cheerful, friendly, impetuous, he had all the best characteristics of youth. And whenever in later years I met the Headmaster at Bootham he seemed still to retain all the delightful qualities of youth, without the deficiencies. And now we must say of him: "He will not grow old, as we that are left grow old."

#### Part of an Address given by Roger Clark at the Memorial Meeting at the Friends' House on August 10th, 1943

As a member of the York Schools' Committee at the time of Donald Gray's appointment as Headmaster, as a parent grateful to him for his care of boys whom he taught, as a not infrequent visitor at York during the years since, his life and career have naturally been of the greatest interest to me, and it is difficult to express the shock and grief which, in common with many others, I felt on hearing the news of his death soon after reaching London last Wednesday.

An intimate friend of his said to me, in speaking of the tragedy, " There isn't a single redeeming feature about it"— and, of course, there isn't. But still we are met here to-day to think gratefully of his life— so soon cut short,— of the sweetness of his nature and the integrity of his character, of the quality of his service to Bootham School and to Friends' education generally; and in so meeting we are drawn closely together.

I have one very special picture of him in my memory, of arriving at Ampleforth to a meeting on the Whit-Sunday of the year that Bootham was there; it was the day of the great sweep of hysterical internment of German and Austrian refugees over the age of sixteen, and one promising German boy, who should have gone in for his examination, had just been carried off by the police. We came upon Donald, standing in the drive, so obviously anxious, perturbed, distressed, we could sense his relation to boys in his care; we knew it, indeed, in the case of our own boys. He has gone from us, at fifty, in the plenitude of his gifts and powers. He will not grow old, as we shall grow old— as we have grown old, but we shall retain for vears to come the vision of that slim boyish figure, of that smile of radiant and welcoming friendship: to us he will be of those written of by the poet— " Who die in their glory

And never grow old."

Gray.— On 2nd August, at York, Donald Gray (1906-09, Master at Bootham 1920-27, and Headmaster since 1927), aged 50 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Glasgow Academy.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1906-1909 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1915 in Flanders, Belgium.
- He worked as a member of the Intelligence Staff the British Commander-in-Chief, Mediterranean in 1916-1918 in Malta.
- He was educated at Merton College, Oxford in 1919-1920.
- He worked as a Teacher, Bootham School in 1920-1927 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Bootham School, York in 1927-1943.

#### 12-John Henderson Gray

John married Janet Mary Wilson,<sup>50,88,194,221,222</sup> daughter of William John Wilson and Olive Crawley, on 7 Aug 1954 in St. Botolph's Church, Aspley Guise, Bedfordshire. Janet was born in 1931 in Woburn Sands, Buckinghamshire and died on 21 May 2013 at age 82. They had three children: Adrian Christopher, Patrick John, and Bridget Kathleen.

### 13-Adrian Christopher Gray

Adrian married Eileen C. Gale. They had two children: Christopher Michael and Elisabeth Ann.

14-Christopher Michael Gray

14-Elisabeth Ann Gray

13-Dr. Patrick John Gray

Patrick married Catherine Rosemary Green. They had three children: Duncan James, Simon Oliver, and Jack A.

14-Dr. Duncan James Gray

14-Simon Oliver Gray

14-Jack A. Gray

13-Bridget Kathleen Gray

Bridget married Dominic Henry Schneiders.

12-David Burtt Gray<sup>50,89,151,173,195,208,223,224</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1931 in York, Yorkshire and died on 9 Jan 2015 at age 83.

General Notes: GRAY.-On 10th October, to Kathleen and Donald Gray (1906-09), a son, who was named David Burtt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1944-1950 in York, Yorkshire.

David married Anna Margaret Ward. They had four children: Peter Jeremy, Alison Clare, Katherine Judith, and John David.

13-Peter Jeremy Gray

Peter married Sue Parkinson. They had two children: Benjamin Jacob and Emily.

14-Benjamin Jacob Gray

14-Emily Gray

13-Alison Clare Gray

13-Katherine Judith Gray

13-John David Gray

12-Roger Woodville Gray<sup>50,120,147,189,208,225</sup> was born on 30 Aug 1934 in York, Yorkshire.

General Notes: GRAY.-On August 30th, to Kathleen and Donald Gray (1906-9), a son, who was named Roger Woodville.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1947-1952 in York, Yorkshire.

• He had a residence in 1964 in P.O. Box 523, Kisii, Kenya.

Roger married Johanna Elizabeth Ursula Margaret Ehrhardt. They had three children: Ruth Esther, Colin Donald, and Duncan Edward.

13-Ruth Esther Gray

13-Maj. Colin Donald Gray

Colin married Gail Jane Monroe. They had three children: Jack Duncan, Oliver James, and Alexander Edward.

14-Jack Duncan Gray

14-Oliver James Gray

14-Alexander Edward Gray

13-Duncan Edward Gray<sup>50,147</sup> was born on 12 Mar 1966 in Nairobi, Kenya and died in 1992 at age 26.

General Notes: GRAY.-On 12th March, 1966, to Margarete (Ehrhardt) and Roger W. Gray (1947-52), a second son, Duncan Edward.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1978-1983 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of Nottingham, Loughborough.
- He was educated at Cranfield College.
- He worked as an Assistant Estate Manager.
- He worked as a Manager, General Farming Company in Lilongwe, Malawi.

11-Henry Lionel Wright<sup>208</sup> was born on 22 Mar 1902 and died on 5 Feb 1984 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Saffron Walden.
- He was educated at Agricultural College.
- He worked as a Farmer.

Henry married Dorothy Kate Emson<sup>208</sup> on 28 Jul 1932. Dorothy was born on 24 Feb 1902 and died on 31 Oct 1994 at age 92. They had two children: Heather Emson and Stephen.

12-Heather Emson Wright

Heather married Michael John Randall. They had two children: Catherine Judith and Emma Charlotte.

13-Catherine Judith Randall

Catherine married David Graham. They had two children: Dorothy Hannah and Mary Jemima.

14-Dorothy Hannah Graham

14-Mary Jemima Graham

13-Emma Charlotte Randall

Emma married Matthew Richard Anwyl. They had two children: Benjmain Luke and Oliver James.

14-Benjmain Luke Anwyl

14-Oliver James Anwyl

12-Stephen Wright

Stephen married Susan Adsett.

Stephen next married Kathleen Johnson. They had three children: Jason Ewan, Trevor, and Theresa-Marie.

13-Jason Ewan Wright

13-Trevor Wright

13-Theresa-Marie Wright

11-Lilian Wright<sup>208</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1904 and died on 6 May 1905 at age 1. The cause of her death was Whooping cough & Measles.

11-Thomas Burtt Wright<sup>50,84,208</sup> was born on 5 May 1907 in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire and died in 1993 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1919-1923 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1923-1925 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Brighton Technical College in 1926-1929 in Brighton, East Sussex.
- He worked as an Experimental Chemist with Rowntrees Cocoa Works in York, Yorkshire.
- He resided at 1 Mill Lane in 1935 in York, Yorkshire.

Thomas married Kathleen Arnett. They had one daughter: Jane Louise.

12-Jane Louise Wright

Jane married Richard Kirkham.

Jane next married Richard Szwejkowski. They had two children: David and Eoin.

13-David Szwejkowski

13-Eoin Szwejkowski

11-Kenneth Capper Wright<sup>208</sup> was born on 23 Aug 1909 in 89, Western Road, Brighton, East Sussex and died on 6 Oct 2006 at age 97.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Ackworth School.

• He worked as an Advertising company director.

Kenneth married Madeline Mary Johnson. They had two children: Anne Janet and Caroline Mary.

12-Anne Janet Wright

Anne married David Egglestone. They had two children: Stephen David and Juliet.

13-Stephen David Egglestone

Stephen married Connie Coechal.

13-Juliet Egglestone

Juliet married Randal May.

12-Caroline Mary Wright

Caroline married Fergus Ramsey.

Caroline next married David Hunt. They had one daughter: Elizabeth.

13-Elizabeth Hunt

Kenneth next married Jill Westmoreland,<sup>208</sup> daughter of Joshua "Jock" Westmoreland and Florence Marie Sinden,<sup>208</sup> on 22 Apr 1952 in Wandsworth, London. Jill was born on 16 Mar 1931 in Rangoon, Burma and died on 11 Jan 2006 at age 74. They had one son: Paul Vernon.

12-Paul Vernon Wright

Paul married Janet Myatt. They had two children: James Paul and Edward.

13-James Paul Wright

13-Edward Wright

10-Matthew Hunt was born in 1867 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1867 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-Mark Hunt was born in 1867 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1867 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-Arthur Wallace Hunt was born on 12 Mar 1868 in Belgrave Place, Ashley Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 30 Mar 1890 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 22. The cause of his death was Tuberculosis.

10-Henry Lionel Hunt was born on 28 Mar 1870 in 11, Belmont Terrace, Lower Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 May 1940 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Apprentice Homeopathic pharmacist to Edmund Capper in Bath, Somerset.
- He worked as a Homeopathic Pharmacist in 107 London Street, Reading, Berkshire.
- He had a residence in 104 London Street, Reading, Berkshire.

- He had a residence in 1908 in Chiswick, London.
- He worked as a Homeopathic Pharmacist in 1910 in Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada.

Henry married Clara Andrews on 15 Apr 1902 in Holy Trinity Church, Coalbrookdale, Shropshire. Clara was born in Coalbrookdale, Shropshire and died in 1971. They had two children: Eric Capper and Lionel "Leo" Andrews.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They emigrated to Alberta, Canada in Oct 1909.
- They had a residence in Nov 1909 in Edmonton, Alberta, Canada.
- They had a residence in 1917 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

11-Eric Capper Hunt was born in Mar 1903 in 104 London Street, Reading, Berkshire and died in 1961 at age 58.

Eric married Gertrude Emily Norris. They had one daughter: Lorraine.

#### **12-Lorraine Hunt**

11-Lionel "Leo" Andrews Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born in Nov 1904 in 104 London Street, Reading, Berkshire and died in 1966 at age 62. Lionel married someone. He had two children: Claire and Mary.

### 12-Claire Hunt

Claire married Alexander. They had one daughter: Sharon.

13-Sharon Alexander

Sharon married Campbell. They had one daughter: Shelby.

14-Shelby Campbell

#### 12-Mary Hunt

Mary married Ross Reid. They had one son: Jeffrey.

13-Jeffrey Reid

10-Elsie Matilda Hunt was born on 13 Nov 1871 in 12 Shadwell Road, Horfield, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Missionary with the FFMA in 1904 in Chunking, China.

Elsie married John Stenhouse. They had four children: John, Helen, Nicol, and Beatrice.

11-John Stenhouse was born on 22 Jan 1909.

John married Louise Chandless.

11-Helen Stenhouse was born on 11 Apr 1909 and died in 1993 at age 84.

Helen married Rev. Thomas Vernon Garnier, son of Rev. Canon Thomas Parry Garnier and Hon. Louisa Warren Vernon, on 30 Aug 1930. Thomas was born on 18 Jul 1875 and died in 1939 at age 64. They had three children: Anne, Thomas Stenhouse, and John.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He was educated at Winchester in 1889-1894.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Military Chaplain.
- He worked as a Rector of Colkirk in 1930-1939 in Colkirk, Norfolk.

12-Anne Garnier was born on 13 Jun 1931 and died on 27 Jan 2004 at age 72.

Anne married Robert Pollak in 1953. Robert died on 30 Jul 2004 in Bampton, Oxfordshire. They had three children: Joanna, Emma, and Harriet.

13-Joanna Pollak

13-Emma Pollak

13-Harriet Pollak

Anne next married Maj. Benjamin Alexander Frederick Hervey-Bathurst in 1992. Benjamin was born on 27 Mar 1920 and died on 18 Oct 1997 at age 77.

12-Thomas Stenhouse Garnier

Thomas married Heather Colquhoun Grant. They had one son: Edward.

13-Edward Garnier

12-Rear-Admiral Sir John Garnier

13-Thomas Julian Garnier

13-Garnier

13-Garnier

11-Nicol Stenhouse was born on 14 Feb 1911.

Nicol married someone. He had one son: Nicol.

12-Nicol Stenhouse

11-Beatrice Stenhouse was born on 11 Jan 1913.

10-Frances Beatrice Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born on 2 Sep 1873 in 12 Shadwell Road, Horfield, Gloucestershire and died in 1958 at age 85.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

Frances married **Fred Pane**.

10-**Sydney Gibbons Hunt** was born on 11 Dec 1874 in Woodbine Cottage, Ashley Down, Horfield, Gloucestershire and died in 1944 at age 70. Sydney married **Florence Moon**. They had three children: **Gladstone Eileen, Isambard Capper**, and **Russell Watson**.

11-Gladstone Eileen Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born in 1907 and died in 1983 at age 76.

11-Isambard Capper Hunt

11-Russell Watson Hunt died in 1980.

Russell married Hilda. They had two children: Kenneth and Alan.

12-Kenneth Hunt

12-Alan Hunt

10-William Percival Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born on 22 Jul 1876 in Woodbine Cottage, Ashley Down, Horfield, Gloucestershire and died in 1958 at age 82. William married Florence Kate German. They had four children: Kingsley, Barbara Eveline, Percival Kenneth, and Hazel Florence Patricia.

11-Kingsley Hunt was born in 1907 and died in 1927 at age 20.

11-Barbara Eveline Hunt<sup>208</sup> was born in 1908.

Barbara married Leonard Mealand. They had one son: David.

12-David Mealand

David married Prue. They had two children: Jane and Anne.

13-Jane MealandJane married Hale. They had one daughter: Ann.

14-Ann Hale

13-Anne Mealand Anne married Palumbo. They had one son: Marco.

14-Marco Palumbo

11-**Percival Kenneth Hunt**<sup>208</sup> was born in 1909.

Percival married Margaret Box. They had one son: Peter.

12-Peter Hunt

11-Hazel Florence Patricia Hunt was born in 1911.

Hazel married Leslie Howe. They had one daughter: Mary.

12-Mary Howe

10-Margaret Eveline Hunt<sup>26</sup> was born on 30 Sep 1878 in Woodbine Cottage, Ashley Down, Horfield, Gloucestershire and died on 20 Jun 1938 at age 59.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1894 in York, Yorkshire.

• She was She was not a Quaker at the time she was admitted to The Mount School.

9-Kenneth Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 4 Feb 1846 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1918 at age 72.

9-Octavius Hunt<sup>4</sup> was born on 12 Nov 1847 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 4 Aug 1915 in Harrogate, Yorkshire. (4 Aug 1908 also given) at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1859-1864.
- He worked as a Merchant's Clerk in 1877 in 16 St. James Square, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Founder of Octavius Hunt & Co., Match Manufacturers in 1880 in Dove Lane, Redfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Octavius married Harriet Lydia Lockwood, daughter of William Lockwood<sup>4</sup> and Elizabeth Buckmaster,<sup>4</sup> on 12 Dec 1877 in FMH Woodbridge. Harriet was born on 12 May 1849 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 8 Feb 1912 in Long Ashton, Somerset at age 62. They had three children: Agnes Lockwood, Mabel Catherine, and Violet.

10-Agnes Lockwood Hunt was born on 23 Jan 1879 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 24 Apr 1940 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 61. Agnes married Fergus Ferguson Clarke.

10-Mabel Catherine Hunt was born on 2 May 1882 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She emigrated to New Zealand about 1914.
- She had a residence in Wellington, New Zealand.

Mabel married John Critchley. They had two children: Octavius Hunt and Violet Hunt.

11-Dr. Octavius Hunt Critchley was born on 6 Jun 1914 in New Zealand and died on 27 Feb 1998 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physicist and Engineer.

Octavius married Peggy Hall. They had three children: Julian Arthur John Hall, Hilary O. D., and Lester A. H.

12-Prof. Julian Arthur John Hall Critchley<sup>113</sup> was born on 4 Aug 1950 in Beckenham, Kent and died on 13 Jul 2001 at age 50.

### General Notes: Julian Arthur John Hall Critchley

b.4 Aug 1950 d.13 July 2001

BSc Edin(1971) PhD(1976) MB ChB(1977) MRCP(1979) FRCP Edin (1991) FRCP(1994)

Julian Arthur John Hall Critchley, professor of clinical pharmacology at the Chinese University of Hong Kong, died tragically following a road accident. He was born in Beckenham, Kent. His father, Dr Octavius Hunt Critchley, was a physicist and engineer, and a consultant in nuclear safety. His mother Peggy Critchley was a maths teacher. His sister, Hilary, went on to become a senior lecturer and consultant obstetrician and gynaecologist at Edinburgh University and the Royal Infirmary. His brother, Lester, is an anaesthetist at the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He was educated at Latymer Upper School in Hammersmith, London, and went on to study medicine at Edinburgh Following house appointments, he was appointed lecturer and honorary registrar at the department of therapeutics and clinical pharmacology at Edinburgh Royal Infirmary in 1979. He

became an honorary senior registrar there in 1983.

In 1989 Julian Critchley emigrated to Hong Kong, and took up an appointment as reader and chairman of the clinical pharmacology department at the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He also held the appointment of consultant physician and clinical pharmacologist at the Prince of Wales Hospital in Hong Kong.

He became increasingly aware of the growing epidemic of diabetes, hypertension, and obesity in Hong Kong, and played a key role in the establishment of the Hong Kong Foundation for Research and Development in Diabetes. He established links with many overseas institutions, including mainland China. He was an honorary professor of clinical pharmacology at the Chinese People's Liberation Army General Hospital (301 Hospital).

He married Christine Parry West, a consultant obstetrician and gynaecologist, in 1979. They had two sons and a daughter. The Chinese University of Hong Kong will be establishing an endowment fund for diabetes research in his honour.

Sarah Jane Gillam

[References: Proc.R. Coll. Physicians. Edinb, 2001:31:369, Brit.med. J., 2002, 324, 430]

(Volume XI, page 132)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BSc PhD MB ChB MRCP FRCP.
- He emigrated to Hong Kong in 1989.
- He worked as a Professor of Clinical Pharmacology at the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Julian married Dr. Christine Parry West. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

13-Critchley

13-Critchley

13-Critchley

12-Prof. Hilary O. D. Critchley

12-Prof. Lester A. H. Critchley

11-Violet Hunt Critchley

10-Violet Hunt was born on 2 Sep 1886 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

9-Matilda Hunt was born on 19 Mar 1849 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 30 Mar 1907 at age 58.

8-Joseph Capper<sup>56,112,208</sup> was born on 23 Mar 1807 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Dec 1844 in Queen's Square, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 37.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Druggist in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Joseph married Sarah Anne Dancer Jones,<sup>112,208</sup> daughter of Isaac Jones and Sarah, on 16 Dec 1833. Sarah was born on 16 Dec 1811 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, was christened on 12 Jan 1812 in St. Paul's, Bristol, Gloucestershire, and died on 9 Aug 1842 at age 30. They had three children: Mary Eliza, Joseph Bevan, and Sarah Elizabeth.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Worcester, Worcestershire.

9-Mary Eliza Capper<sup>4,10,112,226</sup> was born on 30 Dec 1834 in Stokes Croft, North Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 Aug 1860 in Kingsdown Parade, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 25.

Mary married **James Grace**,<sup>4,10,69,112,226</sup> son of **James Grace**<sup>4,112,227,228,229,230</sup> and **Ellen Thirnbeck**,<sup>4,112,227,228,229</sup> on 30 Aug 1859 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. James was born on 11 Nov 1833 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Oct 1908 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 74. They had no children.

General Notes: Founder of Grace & Co. Accountants

James Grace, 74 9 IOmo. 1908 Weston-super-Mare. An Elder. James Grace late of the firm of James and Henry Grace, Accountants, of Bristol, was one of those quiet, unobtrusive, sterling characters to whom, perhaps quite unconsciously to itself, the Society of Friends owes much. He faithfully filled the office of Elder for many years ; and not a few members of Bristol Meeting will remember his tender dealings with them, and his loving counsel and advice. As a regular attender at Monthly and Quarterly Meetings, his ripe experience often brought to bear on business matters, was highly valued ; and in various ways, probably to a large extent unnoticed by those among whom he moved, he did much useful work for the Society. In private life his help was frequently sought by those in difficulty, who found in him a kind and sympathetic adviser, always ready to devote time and care and thought to the assistance of others. A most conscientious and thorough man of business himself, his office, where young men were really taught how to work, was an excellent training school ; and he was, at the same time, regarded by his subordinates not merely with respect but with affection. After long residence in Bristol, he retired from business in 1901 and settled in Weston- super-Mare, where, soon after returning from the Yearly Meeting in Birmingham, he was

n Parade, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 25. tershire. James was born on 11 Nov 1833 taken ill; and where, after much suffering, borne with characteristic fortitude and patience, he passed peacefully away.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant. Grace & Co. In Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- Miscellaneous: Did James Re-Marry :?????.

9-Joseph Bevan Capper<sup>208</sup> was born on 10 Jun 1836 in Stokes Croft, North Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in Aug 1837 at age 1.

9-Sarah Elizabeth Capper<sup>226,231</sup> was born on 16 Dec 1841 in Stokes Croft, North Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 25 Dec 1891 at age 50.

8-Jasper Capper<sup>4,42,63,78,98,232,233,234</sup> was born on 1 Mar 1809 in West Town, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Mar 1880 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Commercial Traveller in 1835 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- He worked as a Metal Refiner in Bootle, Liverpool.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.
- He worked as a Metal refiner in 1846-1850 in Burnley, Lancashire.
- He worked as a Metal refiner in 1850-1853 in Manchester.
- He worked as an Accountant in 1853-1857 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.
- He was a Quaker but disowned in 1866 in Hardshaw West MM.
- He worked as a Blacking manufacturer before 1880 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.

Jasper married Jane Fryer Gilpin,<sup>4,42,63,78,232,233,234</sup> daughter of James Gilpin<sup>4,15,101,138,235</sup> and Mary Sturge,<sup>4,138,235</sup> on 27 Feb 1835. Jane was born on 18 Dec 1811 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Aug 1873 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 61. They had nine children: James, Jasper, Mary Anne, Samuel James, Matilda Jane, John, Katharine, Thomas, and Elizabeth Jane.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.

9-James Capper<sup>208</sup> was born on 8 Feb 1836 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Feb 1836 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

9-Jasper Capper<sup>229,234</sup> was born on 13 Feb 1837 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 May 1866 in Hastings, Sussex at age 29.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.

Jasper married Margaret Waterhouse, daughter of Octavius Waterhouse<sup>4,75,165</sup> and Elizabeth Crosfield,<sup>4,75</sup> on 23 Aug 1862. Margaret was born on 16 Oct 1839 and died in 1908 at age 69. They had two children: Elizabeth Ada and Edith.

10-Elizabeth Ada Capper was born on 8 Jan 1864 in (7Th Also Given) and died on 20 Apr 1864.

10-Edith Capper<sup>229</sup> was born on 3 Oct 1865 in Hastings, Sussex and died on 4 May 1866 in Hastings, Sussex (5th also given).

9-Mary Anne Capper<sup>26,208,234</sup> was born on 16 Apr 1838 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. (16 Nov also given) and died on 1 Apr 1883 at age 44.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.
- She was a Quaker.

Mary married George William Johnson<sup>26,208</sup> on 25 Nov 1868. George was born on 2 Mar 1840 and died on 16 Jan 1880 at age 39. They had four children: Daisy Elizabeth, Violet Helen Sophia, Lionel, and Ethel Sturge.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was a Quaker.

10-Daisy Elizabeth Johnson<sup>208</sup> was born on 3 Nov 1870 in Aughton, Ormskirk, Lancashire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1887-Feb 1888 in York, Yorkshire.

Daisy married Frederick Bowen Burtt,<sup>208</sup> son of John Bowen Burtt<sup>4,64,139</sup> and Ann Bevington Brown,<sup>4,64</sup> on 25 Aug 1898 in North Bierley, Yorkshire. Frederick was born on 2 Mar 1864 in Kettering, Northamptonshire. They had one daughter: Doris Katharine.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Printer in Hull, Yorkshire.

11-Doris Katharine Burtt was born on 29 May 1899 in Sculcoates, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire.

10-Violet Helen Sophia Johnson was born on 11 May 1872 in Aughton, Ormskirk, Lancashire and died on 8 Jun 1878 at age 6.

10-Dr. Lionel Capper-Johnson<sup>84,208,236,237</sup> was born on 10 Aug 1874 in Aughton, Ormskirk, Lancashire, died on 1 Mar 1954 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 79, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire. Another name for Lionel was Lionel Capper-Johnson.

General Notes: CAPPER-JOHNSON.-On 1st March, 1954, at his home at Bournemouth, Lionel Capper-Johnson (1889-91), aged 79 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1889-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician in general practice in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Lionel married Mary Caroline Menzies<sup>236,237</sup> on 27 Jul 1897 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Mary was born on 3 Jul 1874, died on 18 Mar 1939 at age 64, and was buried in FBG Jordans, Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire. They had three children: Karlin Menzies, Dorothy Gladys, and Olive Mary.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: She was a cousin to Mary Katherine Rowntree (née Harvey).

# **Descendants of John Head**

11-Prof. Karlin Menzies Capper-Johnson<sup>236</sup> was born on 26 Jun 1903 in Kentmere, Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 26 Feb 1988 in Multnomah, Oregon, USA at age 84. General Notes: JOHNSON.-On the 26th June, 1903, at Kentmere, Roundhay, Leeds, Caroline, wife of Lionel Capper Johnson, (1889-91), a son.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Christian pacifist.

• He worked as a Professor of International Affairs, Lewis & Clark College in Portland, Oregon, USA.

Karlin married Sybil Curtis Selby Green in 1928 in St. Pancras, London. Sybil was born in 1901 in Norwich, Norfolk and died in 1961 in Dartford, Kent at age 60. Karlin next married Maria. Maria was born on 26 Jun 1903 and died on 26 Feb 1908 in Multnomah, Oregon, USA at age 4.

11-Dorothy Gladys Capper-Johnson was born on 1 Apr 1904 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died in 1975 in Dorset at age 71, and was buried on 23 Jan 1975 in Haselbury Bryan, Dorset.

11-Olive Mary Capper-Johnson<sup>237</sup> was born on 15 Sep 1905 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died in Jul 1994 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 88, and was buried in FBG Kendal. General Notes: JOHNSON.-On the 15th September, 1905, at Leeds, Caroline, wife of Lionel Capper Johnson (1889-91), a daughter.

10-Ethel Sturge Johnson<sup>26,208</sup> was born on 26 Dec 1877 in Aughton, Ormskirk, Lancashire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School.
- She was educated at The Mount School in Jul 1895-Jan 1904 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

9-Samuel James Capper<sup>4,66,67,97,234</sup> was born on 7 Jun 1840 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 8 Apr 1904 in Weimar, Saxony, Germany at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in London.
- He had a residence in 1904 in Villa Concordia, Lilienfeldstrasse, Libau, Kurland, Russia.
- Miscellaneous: Place of death.

Samuel married Helen Pitt,<sup>4,66,67,208</sup> daughter of Isaac Pitt<sup>232</sup> and Caroline Long,<sup>4</sup> on 28 Feb 1866. Helen was born on 8 Oct 1841 and died on 20 May 1870 in New Brighton, Liverpool at age 28. They had three children: Caroline Jane, Jasper, and (No Given Name).

10-Caroline Jane Capper<sup>67</sup> was born on 16 Dec 1866 and died on 28 Feb 1869 in Claughton, Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 2.

10-Jasper Capper<sup>208</sup> was born on 14 Nov 1868 and died on 30 Jun 1869.

10-Capper died in Died in Infancy.

Samuel next married Elizabeth Hunter Healey<sup>208</sup> on 30 Jan 1873. Elizabeth was born on 19 Jan 1842 and died on 17 Nov 1886 at age 44. They had three children: Helen Mosley, Olive Elizabeth, and Jasper Healey Bewiss.

10-Helen Mosley Capper<sup>208</sup> was born on 11 Mar 1874.

10-Olive Elizabeth Capper<sup>51,208</sup> was born on 30 Oct 1876 and died in 1967 at age 91.

Olive married Sir Edmund Henry Gilpin,<sup>15,51</sup> son of Edmund Octavius Gilpin<sup>4,15,69,160</sup> and Margaret Ann Binns,<sup>4,15,69</sup> in 1901. Edmund was born on 4 Feb 1876 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 24 Jul 1950 in London at age 74. They had two children: (No Given Name) and Anthony Capper.

General Notes: GILPIN. Sir Harry (Edmund Henry) Kt 1949 Born 4 Feb. 1876; s of Edmund and Margaret Ann Gilpin; m 1901, Olive Elizabeth Capper; two s; died 24 July 1950 Commander, Order of the Crown of Italy, 1920; Director, Baker Perkins Ltd, since 1912 **Education** Friends' School, Ackworth Career Contested Finsbury (L.), 1922; Chairman Liberal Party National Executive, 1943–46. Chairman Industrial Co-partnership Assoc., 1946–; Member Board of Trade Advisory Council on Export Credits, 1931-**Recreations** Reading, snooker **Clubs** Reform, National Liberal, Omar Khayyam Address Kentmere House, Castor, Peterborough Castor 269

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Bakery Machinery Manufacturer. Baker-Perkins in Willesden.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Liberal Party 1943-1946.

## 11-Gilpin

11-Anthony Capper Gilpin<sup>130,133,192,238,239</sup> was born on 2 Jan 1913 in Golders Green, London and died on 15 Sep 2006 at age 93.

General Notes: Anthony Capper (Tony) Gilpin 2 i 1913 - 15 ix 2006 Some years before his death, Tony Gilpin wrote a memoir entitled "In pursuit of peace" and there can be no better epitaph to describe his extraordinarily full and adventurous life. Tony Gilpin was born in Golders Green, London, both parents being Quakers. His mother took children's classes at Golders Green Meeting. His father left school at 15 and was determined that both Tony and his brother should have a full and proper education. Tony was sent to Bootham ("rather than the Quaker Eton, Leighton Park", as he records) and from there went to Cambridge. At Bootham, indicating something of the initiative he was to show in later life, Tony made frequent visits to the out-of-bounds local cinemas, pretending he was taking photographs of steam trains in York Station. Whilst at Bootham he also organised a Quaker sweepstake. The "horses" were regular speakers at meeting and the "course" was the length of time that the Friends spoke. Money would be gathered before Meeting and dispersed to the most accurate forecaster. He attended many meetings for worship but remembers very little of what was said. One exception was from a disturbed Friend from The Retreat, the mental hospital in York, who opened her ministry with "oh for a bubbling up, oh for a bubbling up, oh for a bubbling up (pause) of raspberry jam, jam, jam, jam, jam". His father was keen for him to join a firm where he was a director, Baker Perkins, and perhaps because of this Tony studied economics. He was taught by John Maynard Keynes and learnt an important lesson - that all established wisdom is open to question; he observed eminent, scholarly and wellinformed professors in profound disagreement. Attending Quaker meetings whilst at Cambridge confronted him with the need to think deeply about the peace testimony. Thereafter, his commitment to non-violence did not waver, although often challenged, in his later work in Africa with the military. After a year in Germany to increase his knowledge of the language and culture, he joined his father's firm as assistant secretary, but never really took to the work. As the war approached it became increasingly obvious that the firm would be involved in some way with the production of armaments. He became active in the Peace Pledge Union and helping Jewish and political refugees from Germany and Czechoslovakia. His commitment to this work led him to leave Baker Perkins (and a job where he would have been exempt from military service) and work in Paris with Spanish refugees who had gone there during the civil war in Spain. After the Germans seized Paris in 1940 he drove a bus of about 30 Basque children from Paris to Bordeaux as part of the flood of refugees. This was the second time these children's lives had been disrupted, yet despite occasional crying and wailing he felt their acceptance of their fate was truly remarkable and was something he never forgot. It was a factor which impelled him later towards a career with the United Nations, where he felt lay the best chance of avoiding some of the terrible things he had witnessed in Paris. He managed to escape from France and continued working with refugees in London. It was at this time that he met Eirene Douglas who came from an Irish Quaker family, and worked with him at the International Commission for War Refugees. They married in the Small Meeting House at Friends House on 19th April 1941. Two nights before, the building had been damaged by a bomb and he and Eirene learnt that they had been sitting directly under windows that were hanging precariously "by a few threads". He said later in a typically laconic way, "Fortunately the quiet of a Quaker Meeting did not set up physical vibrations sufficient to dislodge them". Meanwhile he had to appear before a tribunal: obtaining unconditional exemption from military service enabled him to work where he wished. He felt led to learn more about post-war reconstruction and joined a research organisation "Political and Economic Planning". This was a gruelling time; academic papers on Britain's post-war trade had to be produced for discussion with senior civil servants, and at the same time his pacifist and humanitarian beliefs led him to be active in the Famine Relief Committee which was attempting to persuade the British Government to lift the blockade on food in Germanoccupied territories. He also was addressing meetings all over the country, attempting to gain support for this cause. When the United Nations (UN) was formed in 1946 he joined it, feeling that his concern for peace would best be forwarded in this way. His experience as a member of the Society's Peace Committee helped to cement his resolve to pursue his concern for peace. Both Eirene and he knew that working for the United Nations would involve considerable sacrifices on both their parts, with periods of separation from each other and their children and frequent moves to different parts of the world. One of the children later said of Eirene, "You enabled him

# Descendants of John Head

to fulfil his destiny". The memoir referred to at the beginning of the testimony makes many references to Eirene and his four children and his family life - vitally important in sustaining his witness in the world. He relates both amusing and serious incidents: just one is included here. It is a conversation overheard by Eirene and himself between their children. Sylvia: All people are sheep, and the only shepherds are God, Jesus and the Holy Ghost. Jean: Yes, all peoples is sheep - even Americans. Felicity: And are all animals sheeps? Jean: Yes, mouses is sheep and cats and dogs and everything is sheeps. Felicity (closing the subject): And sheeps are sheep. Tony Gilpin spent the rest of his working life in the service of the UN, always retaining Quaker links and attending Quaker meetings in many different parts of the world. He initially was involved in early international trade agreements, firstly in New York, later in Havana, China, Asia and the Far East. When in New York he had contact with Sidney and Brenda Bailey when they were wardens of Quaker House New York. Sometimes critical of the UN, describing their efforts as heavy-handed, he became increasingly respected for his sensitive but firm approach. His main contribution was in Africa, particularly in the Congo where the UN sent a peace-keeping force after the withdrawal of the Belgians, where he undertook three spells of duty in the early 60s, and later for 10 years he was the UN representative for their development programme in Southern Africa, and in the 80s he was also chairperson of the Ouaker South Africa Committee and member of Ouaker Peace and Service (OP&S) Central Committee. During the course of his service Tony met many interesting people, from prime ministers and presidents to ordinary working people of all kinds. He came across huge variations of views and disparate interests, often finding it extraordinarily complex to achieve any effective agreements. He occasionally would find himself in situations of personal danger with the possibility of being kidnapped or injured. He lived in situations sometimes of extreme hardship, sometimes of untold luxury. At various times in his career, his task was to edit the reports of specialist agencies, another task that required much diplomacy and it was not uncommon for him to have to explain tactfully to the author that what he had written was "totally meaningless". Sometimes this diplomacy was needed when undertaking ecumenical activities, e.g. when at a Baptist service there was a hearty rendering of the hymn "When the Son of God goes forth to war". In the treatment of his colleagues he was not always so tactful. He was made angry by administrative muddle and inequity. One letter was returned to him by a Friend who said, "I do not wish to have such unQuakerly language in my files". At times he felt defeated, reflecting that the vastness of the problems sometimes made them feel unreal. Nevertheless his faith in humanity and belief in the inner light never prevented him from sensing an overflowing store of idealism and goodwill in those striving for a better world. Tony left the employ of the United Nations in 1977. He undertook various assignments for the UN and OP&S including a Peace Mission to Zimbabwe in 1980 with Adam Curle and Walter Martin, as well as being active in the local meeting in Hampstead. His life became constrained after a major stroke and the death of his beloved Eirene in 1985. Nevertheless his benign and loving presence continued to be felt in Hampstead Meeting. Tony Gilpin will be remembered for his imposing presence (he was over 6'4"), his intellectual rigour and his faithful adherence to his Quaker beliefs. A person who could find social conversation difficult, particularly with reserved people, Tony Gilpin exemplified the Society's commitment to that which takes away the occasion for war. Signed in and on behalf of North West London Area Meetingheld at Edgware 14 May 2008Rod Harper, Clerk

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1923-1926 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1930 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Tübingen University in 1930-1931 in Würtemberg.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge in 1931-1934.
- He worked as an Assisant Secretary at Baker, Perkins.
- He worked as a member of staff for the United Nations.

Anthony married Eirene Claire Douglas,<sup>130,133,192,238,239</sup> daughter of Sinton Douglas and Anne Elizabeth Chapman, on 19 Apr 1941 in FMH Friends' House, London. Eirene died in 1985. They had four children: Sylvia Margaret, Felicity Eve, Jean Elizabeth, and Mark Edmund Michael.

Marriage Notes: Gilpin-Douglas.-On 19th April, at Friends House, London, Antony Capper Gilpin (1926-30), to Eirene Claire Douglas.

12-Sylvia Margaret Gilpin

12-Felicity Eve Gilpin

12-Jean Elizabeth Gilpin

## 12-Mark Edmund Michael Gilpin

10-Jasper Healey Bewiss Capper was born on 17 Aug 1880 and died on 18 Jun 1882 at age 1.

Samuel next married **Baroness Isabella Henriette Von Behr-Nolde**, daughter of **Baron Ferdinand Von Behr-Nolde**<sup>240</sup> and **Olga Isabella Horrocks**, <sup>240</sup> Isabella was born on 15 Jan 1881 in Kaleti, (Kalleten), Latvia.

General Notes: The Baroness was a descendant, through her mother (Olga Isabella Horrocks), of the Quaker Horrocks family of Edgworth, Lancashire. When her husband Samuel James Capper died, she became the second wife of Arthur Winsloe (1849-1928), whose family had taken up residence in Germany in the 19th century. Her maternal grandfather, John Horrocks, was born 3rd

January 1794 in Preston and died 28th December 1870 in London. His marriage to Mary Scott MacIntosh, (1 October 1813), produced several children, of whom, the eldest son John, (abt 1815-abt 1870), took German residence and by his second marriage (abt 1847), to Isabella Sweirlein, became father to Olga Isabella, who married Der Bar. Frederick von Behr-Nolde. This pedigree is outlined in Sir Bernard Burke's *Genealogical & Heraldic History of the Colonial Gentry* (1895), Volume II, p735.

9-Matilda Jane Capper<sup>233,234</sup> was born in 1842 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 4 Oct 1913 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 71.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.

9-John Capper<sup>208,234</sup> was born on 3 Jul 1845 in Bootle, Liverpool and died on 2 Aug 1890 at age 45.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Bristol MM, 26 Jun 1845, Hardshaw West MM.
- Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Hardshaw West, 29 Oct 1846, Marsden MM.

John married **Emma Hand**,<sup>208</sup> daughter of **Stephen Hand** and **Mary Greaves**, on 8 Jun 1873 in (4th May 1873 also given). Emma was born on 3 Oct 1844, was christened on 24 Oct 1844 in St. Peter's, Liverpool, Lancashire, and died on 31 Dec 1881 at age 37. They had four children: **Emma Constance, Jane Hilda, Jasper Stephen**, and **Mary Frances**.

10-Emma Constance Capper<sup>208</sup> was born on 27 Apr 1874 in Litherland, Liverpool.

Emma married William Arthur Marrison<sup>208</sup> on 30 Apr 1894 in West Derby, Liverpool. William was born on 31 Aug 1866 in Waterloo, Liverpool. They had four children: Jasper William, Charles Capper, Eric John, and Ruth Frances.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 1911 in Mont le Grand, Heavitree, Exeter, Devon.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Fruit merchant and Drysalter, trading as Whiteley Marrison & Co. In 25 Cumberland Street, Liverpool.

11-Jasper William Marrison<sup>208</sup> was born on 14 May 1896.

Jasper married someone. He had one son: Richard.

12-Richard Marrison died on 25 Feb 2005.

11-Charles Capper Marrison<sup>208</sup> was born on 7 Nov 1897 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire and died in Jan 1985 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1911 in Mont le Grand, Heavitree, Exeter, Devon.
- 11-Eric John Marrison was born in 1899 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire.

11-Ruth Frances Marrison was born in 1904 in Barton Regis, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Ruth married Frederick John Parkin. They had one son: Hugh Capper.

12-Hugh Capper Parkin<sup>241</sup> was born in 1935 and died on 21 Jun 2018 at age 83.

10-Jane Hilda Capper<sup>208</sup> was born on 3 Oct 1875 in West Derby, Liverpool.

10-Jasper Stephen Capper<sup>42,208</sup> was born on 9 Apr 1877 in West Derby, Liverpool and died in 1945 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Jasper married someone. He had one son: Noel John.

11-Wing Cmdr. Noel John Capper<sup>42</sup> was born on 25 Dec 1907 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1985 at age 78.

General Notes: Wing Commander Noel John Capper had a long career in aviation. He first flew solo in 1929 with the RAF and served until 1934. He flew as an airline pilot with Hillman's Airways and Imperial Airways before joining Scottish Aviation, returning to them after 5 years war service as a Chief Flying Instructor at various European Flight Training schools. He became Flight Manager and Chief Test Pilot of Scottish Aviation and in 1947, he flew the maiden flight of the Scottish Aviation Pioneer Mk1. This was the first wholly designed and built aircraft in Scotland to be accepted into RAF service.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AFC OBE.
- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Air Force.
- He worked as a Pilot for Hillman's Airways.
- He worked as a Pilot for Imperial Airways.
- He worked as a Chief Flying Instructor at European Flight Training schools.
- He worked as a Flight Manager and Chief Test Pilot for Scottish Aviation.
- He resided at West View in Bardsey, Leeds, Yorkshire.

Noel married Helen Ruth Turner.

10-Mary Frances Capper was born on 16 Apr 1881 in West Derby, Liverpool and died on 26 Apr 1889 at age 8.

9-Katharine Capper<sup>63</sup> was born in 1849 in Burnley, Lancashire, died on 28 Jan 1889 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 40, and was buried on 31 Jan 1889 in FBG Adel, Leeds.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: She went to live with her uncle and aunt, 1880, Leeds, Yorkshire.

9-Hon. Thomas Capper<sup>42,100,208</sup> was born on 15 Oct 1853 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 15 Aug 1917 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Superintendent Inspector of Schools in Jamaica, West Indies.
- He resided at Cassia Grove in Kingston, Jamaica.
- He worked as a Commissioner of Education in Jamaica, West Indies.

Thomas married Alice Jane Whitfield,<sup>42,208</sup> daughter of William Whitfield, on 29 Aug 1881. Alice was born on 6 Mar 1855. They had two children: Dorothy Whitfield and Ruth.

10-Dorothy Whitfield Capper<sup>42</sup> was born on 19 Dec 1882 and died in 1936 at age 54.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Girton College, Cambridge in 1904.

Dorothy married Lieut. Col. Samuel Henry Hingley. They had one son: Anthony Capper Moore.

11-Anthony Capper Moore Hingley was born on 28 Nov 1908 and died in 1983 in Taunton Deane, Somerset at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Assistant Secretary to the Secretariat on 28 Nov 1947 in Kenya.
- He worked as an Establishment Officer to the Secretariat on 1 Jan 1948 in Kenya.
- Miscellaneous: Transferred to Nyasaland, 21 Jan 1949.

Anthony married Ruth Andrews, daughter of Charles Percy Andrews and Gladys Augusta Perowne, on 8 Nov 1947 in Colombo, Sri Lanka. Ruth was born on 2 Nov 1918. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

12-Hingley

12-Hingley

12-Hingley

10-Ruth Capper<sup>42</sup> was born on 13 Oct 1885 in Jamaica, West Indies.

9-Elizabeth Jane Capper<sup>78</sup> was born in 1858 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 17 Jan 1872 in Birkenhead, Cheshire at age 14.

8-Ann Capper<sup>4,32,40</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1810 in Nursteed, Bishop's Cannings, Wiltshire and died on 21 Jan 1874 in Clevedon, Somerset at age 63.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Superintendent of Sidcot school 1847 To 1852 in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister in 1847.
- Miscellaneous: 1852.

Ann married John Frank,<sup>4,7,40,61,242</sup> son of Arnee Frank<sup>4,9,40,61,230,242,243</sup> and Hannah Benwell,<sup>4,9,40,61,230,242</sup> on 9 Aug 1838 in FMH Friars, Bristol. John was born on 9 Sep 1809 in Upper Easton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 15 Apr 1900 in Clevedon, Somerset at age 90. They had no children.

General Notes: John Frank, 91 15 4mo. 1900 Clevedon. A Minister. John Frank was the son of Arnee and Hannah Frank, both of them ministers in the Society of Friends, and was born at Upper Easton, Bristol. His death removes a Friend who in past years took a considerable part in the affairs of the Society. It was his lot to outlive almost all his contemporaries, so that the active portion of his life belongs to a past generation; but forty years ago or more he was very well known in Bristol and the west of England, while his connection with the various Friends' Schools brought him into contact with a very wide circle. During part of his earlier life he carried on a chemist's business in Bristol, and he always retained a lively interest in natural science; but his studious and scholarly tastes found their most congenial sphere in the teaching profession, in which he was engaged, first at Tottenham, and afterwards as proprietor of a school at Thornbury, near Bristol, where he remained ten years. In 1847 he relinquished this to take the post of Superintendent of Sidcot School. He did not hold this position very long owing to his wife's indisposition, and in 1852 returned to Bristol, where he continued to reside until his removal to Clevedon in 1873. It was during this period that for twelve years he held the editorship of The Friend. The extreme reserve of John Frank's temperament caused his natural abilities to be much less generally known than they might have been; but he was a man of varied powers, and of extensive and accurate knowledge, which it was a delight to him to impart to others who sought his assistance. To the love of natural science he added considerable ability as a linguist, and he was a good classical scholar; but Biblical and Theological subjects were what he most delighted in, and he was a good deal occupied at times with literary work. His mind was characterised by great precision and love of order. Those most acquainted with his daily life knew best how earnest was his desire to do the will of his Heavenly Father. He was a most diligent tract distributor, always carrying a packet in his pocket to hand to those he met in his walks. It was not until somewhat late in life that John Frank felt called to engage much in the public ministry of the Gospel, but he has long been much valued in the meeting at Clevedon. Until within the last few years he frequently attended the small meeting at Portishead, about six miles from his home, walking the whole distance both ways. He had a very humble opinion of his own attainments, both mental and spiritual; but those who knew him best could not but observe his great conscientiousness, and his simple but firm trust in the love and mercy of God through his Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Writing respecting one who was laid on a bed of sickness, he said, "At such a time the feelings and trangressions of a whole life are sure to come vividly before the view of every awakened soul. The feeling of utter unworthiness which is felt in the retrospect is graciously given and permitted, in order that, renouncing all dependence in our own doings, we may put our whole trust for salvation in the loving mercy of God in Jesus Christ, a mercy only bounded by our willingness to accept it. "Him that cometh unto Me I will in no wise cast out," is an assurance or promise of our Lord, which should suffice to prevent despondency in all who are willing to trust His word and throw themselves on His mercy. Hymns were a great pleasure to John Frank with these his mind was richly stored, and he often committed them to memory in advanced life; and he sometimes liked to embody his own ideas of Scripture truth in verse, as in the following : - "This Do in Remembrance of Me." When we take our meat and drink,

Let us of His mercy think,

Who, that we lost sheep might live, Did Himself, the Shepherd, give.

Let the guiltless creature slain For our meals, His word proclaim, As your spirit's life and food, Eat My flesh, and drink My blood.

Let the daily broken bread Call to memory how He said, "Bread, the true bread out of Heaven, By my Father here is given."

Let the water that we take Thoughts of His blest word awake, " Of the water I shall pour, He that drinks shall thirst no more."

Saviour, thus would we fulfil, Joyfully, Thy loving will ; " Thus, from ritual bondage free, Eat and drink remembering Thee."

John Frank's bodily powers decreased rather rapidly during the last two years of his life, but his mental faculties were clear and bright to the end. He often spoke of death, and thought the call might come to him suddenly, which proved to be the case. He attended the mid-week meeting within ten days of his decease ; and although he was unable to express much during his last illness, we can rejoicingly believe that for him, through the saving grace of his Lord and Saviour, an entrance has been granted into that " city that hath no need of the sun to lighten it, for the Lord God and the Lamb are the light thereof."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot school.
- He worked as a Chemist and Druggist in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence about 1839 in Thornbury, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Schoolteacher 1839 To 1847 in Thornbury, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Superintendent of Sidcot school 1847 To 1852 in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.
- He had a residence in 1852 in Gloucester Street, Brunswick Square, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as an Editor of "The Friend" 1859 To 1871.
- He had a residence in 1873 in Clevedon, Somerset.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

8-**Rebecca Capper**<sup>31,32,40</sup> was born on 16 Jun 1812 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 11 Jul 1837 at age 25.

Rebecca married **Edward Kidd**,<sup>31</sup> son of **Edward Kidd**<sup>31,230,244</sup> and **Mary Briant**,<sup>31,244</sup> on 20 Jun 1834. Edward was born on 9 Jan 1808 in Godalming, Surrey, died on 17 Mar 1838 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 30, and was buried on 23 Mar 1838. They had three children: **Mary Elizabeth, Katharine**, and **Rebecca Anne**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Merchant and Shipbuilder in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

9-Mary Elizabeth Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 29 Jul 1835 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

9-Katharine Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 9 Aug 1836 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 26 Mar 1838 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 1, and was buried on 1 Apr 1838.

9-Rebecca Anne Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 3 Jul 1837 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 29 Mar 1838 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, and was buried on 1 Apr 1838.

8-Samuel Capper<sup>32,163,206</sup> was born on 8 Aug 1814 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 6 Jun 1886 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 71.

Samuel married Octavia Gundry,<sup>4,32,206</sup> daughter of Joseph Fry Gundry<sup>4,32,56,202,206</sup> and Martha Naish,<sup>4,56,202,206</sup> on 22 Jun 1858. Octavia was born on 13 Feb 1816 in Calne, Wiltshire and died on 6 Nov 1885 at age 69.

8-John Capper<sup>32</sup> was born on 30 Jun 1816 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 6 Mar 1841 at age 24.

8-Elizabeth Naish Capper<sup>32,208</sup> was born on 24 Apr 1818 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 20 Jan 1907 at age 88.

General Notes: Elizabeth Naish Capper RET 6/19/1/34 1892-1965 These documents are held at York University, Borthwick Institute for Archives 3 Items Contents: Notebook containing a copy, made by her in 1892, of an extensive letter written by her for her friend in 1878, with a critique of the care given to her by Retreat; with a later typescript transcript and bundle of correspondence and notes, 1960s (Notebook was given to The Retreat in 1965 by her descendent) Patient no. 1279, in Retreat 1876 (discharged). Age 59 on admission, Quaker, single, no occupation, from Clifton. Melancholia

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York.
- She had a residence in 13 Cowper Road, Redlands, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- Miscellaneous: Elizabeth Naish Capper's Record Cards, 1899.

8-Martha Gundry Capper<sup>31,32,40,211</sup> was born on 15 Dec 1819 in Potterne Farm, Potterne, Wiltshire and died on 27 Jun 1863 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 43. Martha married Richard Kidd,<sup>31,40,211</sup> son of Edward Kidd<sup>31,230,244</sup> and Mary Briant,<sup>31,244</sup> on 13 Mar 1849. Richard was born on 6 May 1811 in Godalming, Surrey and died on 6 Apr 1897 at age 85. They had five children: Edward, Elizabeth, Samuel Capper, Martha, and Alice Rebecca.

9-Edward Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 24 Jan 1850 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 2 Jan 1923 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 72.

Edward married Jane Filer<sup>31</sup> on 25 Jan 1881. Jane was born on 6 Sep 1851 and died on 1 Mar 1917 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 65. They had four children: Charles Edward, Richard Compton, Alice Muriel, and May Isabel.

10-Charles Edward Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 23 Nov 1881.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Iron and Steel merchant in 1933 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in 1933 in The Down House, Portishead, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Charles married Mary Sarah Scarlett Stutchbury. They had three children: Anthony Stutchbury, Mary Elizabeth, and Edward Hilary.

11-Anthony Stutchbury Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 30 Nov 1912.

11-Mary Elizabeth Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 1 Jan 1917.

11-Edward Hilary Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 12 Feb 1920.

10-Richard Compton Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 26 Jun 1885 and died in May 1928 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 42. He had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Alice Muriel Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 29 Nov 1889 and died in May 1926 at age 36.

Alice married H. W. C. Culverwell. They had one daughter: Margaret Jean.

11-Margaret Jean Culverwell<sup>31</sup> was born on 28 Jul 1916.

10-May Isabel Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 5 Dec 1891.

May married Ernest Dennis. They had no children.

9-Elizabeth Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 4 Mar 1851 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in Nov 1922 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 71. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Samuel Capper Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 30 Mar 1852 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 29 Jan 1866 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 13.

9-Martha Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 28 Nov 1853 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in Aug 1920 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 66. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Alice Rebecca Kidd<sup>31</sup> was born on 17 May 1858 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 28 Feb 1932 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire at age 73.

Alice married Charles Ernest Naish,<sup>31</sup> son of Arthur John Naish<sup>4,31,37,63,98</sup> and Margaret Prideaux Paull,<sup>4,31,63,98</sup> on 10 Sep 1879. Charles was born on 12 Oct 1853. They had eight children: Samuel Capper, John Paull, Christofer Garrison, Mary Prideaux, Richard Bryant, Rhoda Elizabeth, Frances Waring, and Martha Katherine.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist with Southall Brothers & Barclay in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1933 in Potterne, Wiltshire.

10-Samuel Capper Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 28 Dec 1881 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Commercial traveller in 1933.
- He had a residence in 1933 in 3 Constance Road, Birmingham.

Samuel married Ada Hines. They had three children: Esther Elizabeth, Peter Christopher David, and Ruth Mercy.

11-Esther Elizabeth Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1908 and died in 1913 at age 5.

11-Peter Christopher David Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1913.

11-Ruth Mercy Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1920.

10-Dr. John Paull Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 24 Feb 1883 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Apr 1964 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at King Edward's High School, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Pemberley, Beech Road, Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Chief Oriental Reader, University Press, Oxford.

John married Jessie Evelyn Hall, daughter of Arthur Hall. They had one son: Theodore.

**11-Theodore Naish** 

10-Christofer Garrison Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 6 Apr 1885 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Schoolmaster with the Friends' Serrvice Council in 1933 in Syria.

Christofer married Edith Amy Aitchison<sup>31</sup> in 1916. Edith died in 1929. They had three children: Stephen, Laurence, and Geoffrey.

11-Stephen Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1917.

11-Laurence Naish

**11-Geoffrey Naish** 

Christofer next married Gladys Tebbutt.

10-Mary Prideaux Naish<sup>31,245</sup> was born on 17 Mar 1888 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1933 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

10-Richard Bryant Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 1 Feb 1891 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Civil Servant in 1933 in Columbo, Sri Lanka.

Richard married Jane Ross Murray. They had two children: Audrey Cameron and Hester.

11-Audrey Cameron Naish

11-Hester Naish

10-Rhoda Elizabeth Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 2 Sep 1893 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jan 1895 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 1.

10-Frances Waring Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 30 Mar 1896 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1912-Jul 1913 in York, Yorkshire.
- She had a residence in 1933 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.

10-Martha Katherine Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1900.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1933 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.

8-William Smallwood Capper<sup>112</sup> was born on 8 Mar 1822 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Aug 1915 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 93. William married Sarah Mercy Grace,<sup>112</sup> daughter of James Grace<sup>4,112,227,228,229,230</sup> and Ellen Thirnbeck,<sup>4,112,227,228,229</sup> on 9 Sep 1851 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Sarah was born on 23 Apr 1830 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

8-Sarah Capper<sup>208</sup> was born on 15 Apr 1824 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 15 Apr 1824.

8-Thomas Sanders Capper<sup>4,8,40,166</sup> was born on 23 Aug 1825 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 7 Aug 1852 in Cotham, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 26.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commission Agent in Wilson Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Thomas married Caroline Merryweather, 4,8,166 daughter of John Merryweather 4,8,166 and Mildred King Good, 8 on 16 Aug 1849 in FMH Calne. Caroline was born on 4 Nov 1820, died on 12 Dec 1851 in Highland Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 31, and was buried on 19 Dec 1851.

7-Rebecca Capper<sup>28,31,204,244</sup> was born on 11 May 1783 in Gracechurch Street, London, died on 9 Nov 1817 in Swansea, Glamorgan, Wales at age 34, and was buried on 13 Nov 1817 in FBG Tottenham.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an A Quaker Minister.

Rebecca married Paul Bevan,<sup>40,204,244</sup> son of Silvanus Bevan<sup>204,244</sup> and Mary Fox,<sup>204,244</sup> on 24 Oct 1804. Paul was born on 30 Aug 1783 in Swansea, Glamorgan, Wales, died on 12 Jun 1868 in Tottenham, London at age 84, and was buried in FBG Tottenham. They had six children: Mary, Joseph, Sylvanus, Edward, William, and Samuel.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Coal Trader.

8-Mary Bevan<sup>31,37,40,204</sup> was born on 25 Oct 1805 in Enfield and died on 7 Nov 1880 at age 75.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1810-1814 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married Alfred Waterhouse,<sup>31,37,40,204</sup> son of Nicholas Waterhouse<sup>4,40</sup> and Ann Rogers,<sup>4,40</sup> on 16 Jul 1829 in FMH Tottenham. Alfred was born on 15 Jun 1798 in Liverpool and died on 27 Dec 1873 in White Knight's Park, Reading, Berkshire at age 75. They had eight children: Alfred, Ellen, Maria, Katherine, Theodore, William, Edwin, and Sylvanus Bevan.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Cotton Broker of Liverpool & then Bristol.
- He had a residence in 1849 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in London.
- He had a residence in 1858 in White Knight's Park, Reading, Berkshire.

9-Alfred Waterhouse<sup>31,37,49,159,246,247</sup> was born on 19 Jul 1830 in Aigburth, Liverpool, died on 22 Aug 1905 in Yattendon Court, Berkshire at age 75, and was buried in St. Peter & St. Paul, Yattendon. Berkshire.

General Notes: Waterhouse, Alfred (1830–1905), architect, was born on 19 July 1830 in Aigburth, Liverpool, the eldest of seven children of Alfred Waterhouse (1798–1873), cotton broker of Liverpool (later of Whiteknights, Reading), and his wife, Mary Bevan (1805–1880).

Early years

Both parents belonged to the Society of Friends and the young Alfred's upbringing was strictly Quaker. He was educated at Grove House School, Tottenham, where he mixed with the sons of influential Quaker families, many of whom were later to become clients. He showed an early aptitude for drawing, which he learned from the books of J. D. Harding and Samuel Prout. In 1848 he was articled to the staunchly Quaker P. B. Alley, then in partnership with Richard Lane, the leading neo-classical architect of Manchester. In 1853 his education was completed with a ten-month tour of France, Italy, and Germany, after which he set up in practice as an architect in Manchester. His first commissions came from relatives, from Quaker connections, and from the local body of nonconformist (mainly Congregationalist) businessmen; but he soon had quite a substantial practice, and was himself training a few pupils, among them G. T. Redmayne (1840–1912), who was later to become his brother-in-law, and Ernest Geldart (1848–1929). National acclaim came with his design for the Manchester assize courts, won in competition in 1859. In 1860 he married Elizabeth (1834–1918), daughter of John Hodgkin of Tottenham, with whom he had three sons and two daughters, the eldest of whom married the poet Robert Bridges. In 1865 Waterhouse opened a London office on the basis of several promising commissions and secure family connections. His brother Theodore (1838–1891) was already in practice there as a solicitor and developer, while another brother. Edwin Waterhouse (1841–1917), was in practice as an accountant. From his office and home at 8 (later 20) New Cavendish Street he built up a large and highly successful practice that made him the most widely employed British architect in the years from c.1865 to c.1885. On 24 February 1877 he was baptized into the Church of England. In 1878 he purchased the manor of Yattendon in Berkshire, where he lived as the squire in a new house of his own design. He continued to work until 1901, taking his eldest son, Paul Waterhouse (1861– 1924), into partnership in 1891, and by the end of his career had been responsible for almost 650 separate works. Professional practice

Waterhouse's huge success as an architect (probate records reveal that he left a fortune of £215,036) was founded on a thoroughly professional approach rather than on brilliance or innovation as a stylist. His approach is characterized by a great ingenuity in both planning and designing; and he was always ready to offer alternative solutions to his clients' problems. He was meticulous in his attention to detail, and throughout his career did not scorn the smallest commissions, designing such things as prize book-plates for Girton College, Cambridge (while engaged on much larger commissions there), or letter-headings and an inn sign for the marguess of Westminster (for whom he later rebuilt Eaton Hall). However, like most young architects of the mid-century he was greatly influenced by A. W. N. Pugin, and espoused Gothic as the most exciting style for the times. Yet he was always ready to modify the style in order to produce workable buildings, claiming that he had 'not endeavoured slavishly to copy the Gothic of any particular period or country' (Manchester Guardian, 19 April 1859). It was this approach, coupled with his skill as a planner, that won him the

competition for the new assize courts for Salford (dem.) with a design that was described as 'one of the remarkable experiences of our time' (The Builder, 30 April 1859) and second only to those for the government offices in Whitehall by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott, which had caused such controversy in the battle of the styles. His efficient planning set the standard for future court buildings, and its Gothic style, with sculpture by the O'Shea brothers, was described by Ruskin as 'much beyond anything yet done in England on [his] principles' ('On traffic', lecture delivered at Bradford, 21 April 1864).

Major works

Once established in this way Waterhouse was able to win major public commissions such as that for Strangeways gaol (1861–9). His Manchester connections were still strong enough in 1868 for him to win the competition to design the new town hall. This, which is probably his masterpiece, displays all his mastery of planning on an awkward triangular site. It is also, with its steep roofs, and three spires at different angles, a demonstration of the potential of picturesque composition in the Gothic style. However, it was also thoroughly modern in the adoption of fireproof construction and the lining of its interior walls with terracotta, the architect's first extensive use of the material. The building was fully fitted with furniture designed by the architect, and he remained engaged with this one structure until 1894. Waterhouse's ability to work amicably with committees and to modify his designs to suit the needs of large groups made him well suited to undertake such commissions, and allowed him to create another classic in the Natural History Museum (1866 and 1870–80). This is chiefly known as the first building completely faced in terracotta, with an array of moulded creatures, all designed by Waterhouse. Yet the building is important in other ways. It has an internal iron frame and the clear planning, the product of close collaboration with Richard Owen, the first director, is striking. That the building was achieved in spite of changes of government and perpetual parsimony is also a considerable tribute to Waterhouse's determination and tact. The Natural History Museum was Waterhouse's first major work in the capital. He had initially been commissioned in 1866 to carry out the design by Captain Fowke, but had taken the opportunity to redesign that scheme, retaining only the two-light Italianate windows of the South Kensington style in his Romanesque revival design. The achievement of so important a building was some compensation for his failure in the competition for the law courts in 1867, which he had enter

This was in fact precisely what Waterhouse advocated in his presidential address to RIBA students (presidential address, repr. in Building News, 1 Feb 1889), and was probably one of the reasons why he was given his third great commission of the 1870s— the rebuilding of Eaton Hall. This, the most expensive country house of the century, was essentially a flawed masterpiece, in that its design appears to have developed slowly round the client's desire to retain features of the old house, which had already been reworked by W. Porden (c.1803–1812) and by W. Burn (1845–54). As a result the house has been much reviled by later critics who blamed Waterhouse for its incoherence. Changes in taste in the twenty-five years it took to complete, as well as the death of the client's first wife, and his remarriage, led to considerable adjustments in the course of the work, even to the removal and replacement of substantial elements. The grounds contain one of Waterhouse's few classical designs in the shape of a circular Ionic 'parrot house' in golden terracotta, complete with caryatids.

Waterhouse's Victorian clients seemed to like what he offered, and Eaton Hall was by no means his only domestic commission, merely the largest. Waterhouse built or substantially altered some ninety houses for clients of varying means. The earliest of these were for relatives, such as his cousin Sebastian Waterhouse in Liverpool; but these were soon followed by a range of mansions for industrialists on the urban fringes and several houses in the Lake District, among which was Fawe Park (1858), for James Bell MP. This last was the subject of the first watercolour Waterhouse exhibited at the Royal Academy. At the peak of his career he also designed a number of substantial country houses. Among these were: Blackmoor House, Hampshire (1865–73), for Roundell Palmer (Lord Selborne); Hutton Hall, Yorkshire (1864–71), for Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease; Town Thorns, near Rugby (1871–6), for the American Washington Jackson; and Iwerne Minster, Dorset (1877–82), for Lord Wolverton.

Waterhouse's domestic work linked him to the successful establishment in a conventional way, as did the design and restoration of churches. However, he did comparatively little in this line, though he did produce convincing Gothic churches at Penmaen-mawr (St Seiriol's, 1865–9), where the Gladstone family were involved, at Blackmoor (St Matthew's, 1866–70), for Lord Selborne, and at Twyford, Hampshire (St Mary's, 1876–8), where Sir Thomas Fairbairn was the principal donor. His most successful church was probably the urban St Elisabeth's, Reddish, Lancashire (1883–5), for the local industrialist William Houldsworth. However, it is not surprising that Waterhouse was also involved in building for the nonconformists, such as the church at Besses o' th' Barn, Manchester (1863), for the Congregationalists, for whom he also enlarged the Lancashire Independent Theological College (1876–80). There was less scope for architectural employment by the Society of Friends, though his early commissions did include designing or enlarging meeting-houses. Among the later chapels the King's Weigh-house Chapel in Mayfair (1889–93) and the Lyndhurst Road Congregational Chapel, London (1883–7), are particularly striking.

Institutional designs

However, Waterhouse is better known as a designer of large institutional buildings. Where some would say Eaton Hall should be classed as such, his skill as a planner was shown in a wide range of town halls, such as those at Darlington (1861– 3), Hove (1880– 83), and Reading (1871– 6), institutions such as the Turner Memorial Home (1882– 5) or the Seamen's Orphans' Institution in Liverpool (1870– 75), or hospitals such as Liverpool Royal Infirmary (1886– 92) or St Mary's Hospital, Manchester (1889– 1901). This was a type of designing in which he excelled, from early beginnings with the Bingley Institute (1863) right up to University College Hospital, London (1894– 1903), the first vertically planned hospital in Britain. Perhaps his most complex and effective planning exercise was in the National Liberal Club in London (1884– 7), where he combined three floors of large public rooms with four of bedrooms and service rooms on an awkward triangular site off Whitehall. Though distinctly conventional in its Italianate classical decoration, this building was extremely up to date in its steel and concrete fireproof structure, and in its servicing and electric lighting. It was one of the two designs (the other being the Natural History Museum) which Waterhouse selected to represent his work at the Chicago World Fair of 1893. Partly for his fame and his planning skills, but partly also for his reputation as an economical designer, Waterhouse was extensively employed by the two universities of Oxford and Cambridge, having work in one or other city continuously from 1865 until his retirement. He began with the Cambridge Union Society, and continued with extensive work at Balliol College, Oxford (the college that his son Paul attended), but declined an invitation to design a block of rooms to replace William Wilkins's King's College screen in Cambridge. His buildings for Gonville and Caius College still provide a terminal feature for King's Parade; but his wish to provide a complete new set of buildings for Pembroke College

a series of commissions from 1860 until his retirement. He also designed the first buildings for the Yorkshire College (later Leeds University) and for Liverpool University, using in the latter the red brick and terracotta for which he was famous, and which gave rise to the term 'red brick' universities. He was further involved in education with Leighton Park School in Reading (1890–95), the Quaker foundation that absorbed the trust of the Grove House School of Tottenham, and, among others, with Reading grammar school (1868–72 and 1873–4), Middlesbrough grammar school (1885–6 and 1888–90), St Paul's School, Hammersmith (1881–7), and the City and Guilds of London Institute (1881–6), the last two being closely connected with the Clothworkers' Company, who had also been involved with Leeds University.

Planning skills, practicality, and business efficiency also made Waterhouse an attractive proposition in industry. He designed structures as varied as the Binyon and Fryer warehouse in Manchester and Lime Street Hotel in Liverpool. The National Provincial Bank in Piccadilly and Foster's Bank in Cambridge are only two of several banks he designed, and later in his career he designed the Hotel Metropole in Brighton. However his best-known commercial work was in the form of offices and investment property. One of his first commercial works was the Royal Insurance office in Manchester (1861), in which for a while he had his own office. He and his brother were personally involved in the development of sets of chambers as a commercial venture in Carey Street (1872) and 1879–95). Later he built for the Pearl Insurance Company in Liverpool (1896–8) and the headquarters of the Refuge Insurance Company in Manchester (1891–6). But by far the most extensive set of such commissions came from the Prudential Assurance Company, for whom he designed some twenty-seven buildings in the years between 1877 and 1904, establishing what is probably the first example of an architectural house style.

In all these buildings great attention was paid, in addition to practical and structural matters, to the picturesque massing and the skyline, which were so important in the developing streetscape of late nineteenth-century cities. Waterhouse's eclectic approach to style allowed him to create degrees of richness that could accurately reflect status or meet a variety of cost constraints. His general preference for Gothic forms was combined with a structural logic that matched richly articulated facades with straightforward steel skeletons. Although he used a variety of stones, particularly early in his career, he was concerned at the problems of supplying large quantities of evenly coloured stone, and also at the problems of pollution. He was an early member of the Smoke Abatement Society, and this was a major factor in his adoption of the supposedly self-washing terracotta for which he is so famous. This moulded material also had the advantage of allowing rich ornament at an economical price, but required a good understanding and close co-operation between manufacturer and architect, something on which Waterhouse justifiably prided himself. From the 1880s his terracotta exteriors were matched by similar material inside in the form of moulded and glazed faience, mostly manufactured by the Leeds Fireclay Company. He also regularly designed furniture, including a grand piano for his own use, fittings, and even decorative items such as pen-rests. He produced designs for floor tiles, and evidently had close enough relations with suppliers of such things as door furniture and sanitary ware for the manufacturers to supply items of 'Mr Waterhouse's design'. His work therefore had a consistency that is thoroughly Victorian in its use of high-quality materials, attention to practical details, and its general solidity.

## Death and reputation

During his lifetime Waterhouse's work was only ever criticized with respect, and generally highly praised. However, it was seldom bold or formally avant-garde, and his preference for a safe conservative taste meant that by 1900 his work was little valued. In the first half of the twentieth century it was widely reviled; and his fondness for tiled interiors led one critic to rhyme his name with 'municipal slaughterhouse'. However, some historians took him seriously, and Kenneth Clark rated him superior to George Gilbert Scott (K. Clark, The Gothic Revival, 2nd edn, 1950, 262). For all the odium heaped on his designs by a modernist generation, it is significant that his obituary commented 'even those who did not like his architecture liked the man' (Architectural Record, 30 Aug 1905). This characteristic made him an excellent professional colleague. He was involved in adjudications on a number of occasions, but was also very widely in demand as a competition assessor. He assessed no fewer than sixty competitions between 1864 and 1899, and thus had a hand in the selection of the design of many of the major public buildings of the latter half of the nineteenth century. He also acted as a trustee of Sir John Soane's Museum and as treasurer of the Royal Academy and of the Artists' General Benevolent Institution. The respect of his colleagues was shown in his election as president of the RIBA from 1888 to 1891. He had already won a grand prix at the Paris Universal Exhibition in 1867, with a rappel in 1878, and the coveted RIBA gold medal (1878) for his Manchester town hall design. He was awarded diplomas from Vienna (1869), Brussels (1886), Antwerp (1887), Milan (1888), and Berlin (1889), as well as an honorary LLD from Manchester University in 1895, the year it became the Victoria University. To this professional success was added recognition as a watercolourist. He exhibited a total of eighty watercolours at the Royal Academy, exhibiting first in 1857 and regularly from 1868; and was praised in 1884 for producing 'beyond question the most brilliant' (Building News, 1884, 817) watercolour in the show. He was elected ARA in 1878 and RA in 1885. The majority of his paintings were architectural, but he produced a significant number of picturesque landscapes both for exhibition and for private pleasure. These were mostly given to family members or friends and remain in private hands; but the Victoria and Albert Museum and the RIBA have several of his fine architectural watercolours. Waterhouse suffered a major stroke in 1901, and retired from business; but the practice was continued by his son Paul and subsequently by his grandson and great-grandson. He lived in retirement at Yattendon Court, Yattendon, until his death there on 22 August 1905; he was buried at Yattendon six days later, in the parish church of Sts Peter and Paul, which he had restored and improved. His productive capacity was enormous, but he trained few architects of note. However, he had a large artistic and literary circle of friends, which included Frederic Leighton, Frederic Shields, and Frank Dicksee, and the sculptor Hamo Thornycroft was a particular protégé. His portrait by William Quiller Orchardson hangs in the RIBA, while another, by Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema, was until recently retained by the family. Corbels in the shape of portrait busts of himself and his wife, made for his first house at Barcombe Cottage in Manchester, survive in Manchester City Galleries.

# Colin Cunningham

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PRIBA RA.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a President of the Royal Institute of British Architects in 1888-1890.

Alfred married Elizabeth Hodgkin,<sup>31,49,247</sup> daughter of John Hodgkin<sup>36,37,40,77,154,157,159,246,247,248</sup> and Elizabeth Howard,<sup>36,37,157,246,247,248</sup> on 8 Mar 1860 in FMH

Lewes. Elizabeth was born on 16 Jul 1834 in Tottenham, London, died on 2 Apr 1918 in Yattendon Court, Berkshire at age 83, and was buried in St. Peter & St. Paul, Yattendon, Berkshire. They had five children: Paul, Mary Monica, Florence Eliot, Alfred Maurice, and Amyas Theodore.

10-Paul Waterhouse was born on 29 Oct 1861 in Manchester and died on 19 Dec 1924 in Yattendon Court, Berkshire at age 63.

General Notes: **3 June 1872, Mon**: Sauntered about in the sun chatting to little Paul, then by the 10.10 train from Reading to London; travelled with Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin. Home; *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.* 

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRIBA.
- He worked as an Architect.

Paul married Lucy Grace Palgrave, daughter of Sir Reginald Francis Douce Palgrave and Grace Battley, on 16 Jul 1887. Lucy was born on 18 Sep 1861. They had three children: Michael Theodore, Rachel Howard, and Ursula Margaret.

11-Capt. Michael Theodore Waterhouse<sup>249,250,251</sup> was born on 31 Aug 1888 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 24 May 1968 in The Close, Yattendon, Newbury, Berkshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC CBE PRIBA.
- He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a President of the Royal Institute of British Architects in 1948-1950.

Michael married **Rissa Edith Barclay**,<sup>251</sup> daughter of **Lt. Col. Hubert Frederick Barclay**<sup>252</sup> and **Edith Noel Daniell**, on 16 Nov 1920 in Norwich, Norfolk. Rissa was born on 23 Mar 1896 in Norwich, Norfolk. They had four children: **David Barclay**, **Elizabeth, Prudence**, and **Caroline**.

12-David Barclay Waterhouse<sup>251</sup> was born on 17 Aug 1921 and died on 22 Feb 1998 in Searles at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Architect.

David married Diana Gray. They had three children: Davina Margaret, Paul Alexander, and Elizabeth Catherine.

13-Davina Margaret Waterhouse

13-Paul Alexander Waterhouse<sup>251</sup> was born in 1952 and died in 1996 at age 44.

13-Elizabeth Catherine Waterhouse

David next married Jessie Faber. They had four children: Nicholas, Rupert, Humphrey, and Sarah.

13-Nicholas Waterhouse

13-Rupert Waterhouse

13-Humphrey Waterhouse

13-Sarah Waterhouse

# 12-Elizabeth Waterhouse

12-Prudence Waterhouse

**12-Caroline Waterhouse** 

11-Rachel Howard Waterhouse<sup>205</sup> was born on 19 Dec 1895.

Rachel married Capt. James Paton Younger,<sup>205</sup> son of James Younger<sup>205</sup> and Annie T. Paton, on 30 Apr 1921. James was born on 11 Jun 1891 and died on 17 Sep 1974 at age 83. They had four children: Mary Elizabeth, James Andrew, Robert Paul, and Stephen John.

12-Mary Elizabeth Younger was born on 27 Mar 1922 and died on 18 Dec 2017 at age 95.

Mary married Cmdr. Denis Handcock Mackay. They had three children: Lionel James, Mariel Grace, and Rachel Jane.

**13-Lionel James Mackay** 

**13-Mariel Grace Mackay** 

13-Rachel Jane Mackay

**12-James Andrew Younger** 

James married Portia Mary Ottley. They had two children: Elizabeth Rachel and Mary Clare.

13-Elizabeth Rachel Younger

**13-Mary Clare Younger** 

12-Robert Paul Younger was born on 20 Aug 1928.

Robert married Gillian Mary Savory. They had two children: Katherine Mary and Lorna Louise.

13-Katherine Mary Younger

13-Lorna Louise Younger

12-Stephen John Younger

Stephen married Jean Maxwell Brickman, daughter of Brig. Eric Brickman. They had two children: Michael James and Alastair Stephen Eric.

13-Michael James Younger

13-Alastair Stephen Eric Younger

11-Ursula Margaret Waterhouse was born on 19 Oct 1902 and died in Aug 1990 in Dorset at age 87.

10-Mary Monica Waterhouse was born on 31 Aug 1863 in Victoria Park, Manchester, died on 9 Nov 1949 in London at age 86, and was buried in St. Peter & St. Paul, Yattendon, Berkshire. Mary married Dr. Robert Seymour Bridges,<sup>253</sup> son of John Thomas Bridges and Harriett Elizabeth Affleck, on 3 Sep 1884. Robert was born on 23 Oct 1844 in Walmer, Kent, died on 21 Apr 1930 in Boar's Hill, Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 85, and was buried in St. Peter & St. Paul, Yattendon, Berkshire. They had three children: Elizabeth, Margaret, and Edward Ettingdeane. General Notes: MA. MB. LL.D. FRCP. D.Litt. OM.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Eton & Corpus Christi College, Oxford.

• He worked as a Poet Laureate 1913-1930.

11-Elizabeth Bridges was born on 5 Dec 1887 and died on 7 Apr 1977 at age 89.

Elizabeth married Ali Alcbar Daryaish.

11-Margaret Bridges was born on 10 Oct 1889 and died on 25 Apr 1926 at age 36.

Margaret married Horace William Brindley Joseph.

11-Rt. Hon. Sir Edward Ettingdeane Bridges 1st Baron Bridges<sup>254</sup> was born on 4 Aug 1892 in Yattendon Manor, Berkshire and died on 27 Aug 1969 in Winterfold Heath, Surrey at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KG GCB GCVO MC PC FRS.
- He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a Cabinet Secretary in 1938-1946.

Edward married Hon. Katharine Dianthe Farrer, daughter of Thomas Cecil Farrer 2nd Baron Farrer and Evelyn Mary Spring-Rice, on 1 Jun 1922. Katharine was born on 21 Aug 1896 and died in 1986 at age 90. They had four children: Shirley Frances, Thomas Edward, Robert Oliver, and Margaret Evelyn.

12-Hon. Shirley Frances Bridges was born on 23 Oct 1924 and died on 20 Dec 2015 at age 91.

Shirley married Hilary Topham Corke, son of Alfred Topham Corke, on 15 Jun 1957. Hilary was born on 12 Jul 1921 in Malvern, Worcestershire and died on 3 Sep 2001 in Abinger Hammer, Surrey at age 80. They had four children: Emma Lucy, Cicely Catharine, William Edward Orlando, and Georgina Phoebe.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Writer, composer and poet.

13-Emma Lucy Corke

**13-Cicely Catharine Corke** 

13-William Edward Orlando Corke

13-Georgina Phoebe Corke

12-Thomas Edward Bridges 2nd Baron Bridges was born on 27 Nov 1927 and died on 27 May 2017 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Diplomat. Ambassador to Italy 1983-87.

Thomas married Rachel Mary Bunbury, daughter of Sir Henry Noel Bunbury, on 1 Sep 1953. Rachel was born in 1926 and died in 2005 at age 79. They had three children: Mark Thomas, Nicholas Edward, and Harriet Elizabeth.

13-Mark Thomas Bridges 3rd Baron Bridges

Mark married Angela Margaret Collinson. They had four children: Venetia Rachel Lucy, Camilla Frances Iona, Drusilla Katharine Anne, and Miles Edmund Farrer.

14-Hon. Venetia Rachel Lucy Bridges

14-Hon. Camilla Frances Iona Bridges

14-Hon. Drusilla Katharine Anne Bridges

14-Hon. Miles Edmund Farrer Bridges

13-Hon. Nicholas Edward Bridges

Nicholas married Susan Guggenheim, daughter of Peter Guggenheim and Rae Pamela. They had two children: Alice Clementine and Matthew Orlando.

14-Alice Clementine Bridges

14-Matthew Orlando Bridges

13-Hon. Harriet Elizabeth Bridges

Harriet married John Charles Eells.

Harriet next married William J. Leonard.

12-Hon. Robert Oliver Bridges was born on 18 Aug 1930 and died on 17 Jan 2015 in Royal Marsden Hospital, London at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Architect.

• Death Notice: The Daily Telegraph, 21 Jan 2015.

Robert married Rosamund Theresa De Wesselow, daughter of Roger Christopher Vaughan De Wesselow and Rosamund Beatrice Silley. They had two children: John Edward and James George Robert.

# 13-John Edward Bridges

13-James George Robert Bridges Baron Bridges of Headley

James married Alice Mary Hickman. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

14-Bridges

14-Bridges

14-Bridges

12-Hon. Margaret Evelyn Bridges was born on 9 Oct 1932 and died on 22 Nov 2014 at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with DPhil CBE FBA.
- She worked as a Historian.

Margaret married **Paul William Jex Buxton**, son of **Wing Cmdr. Denis Alfred Jex Buxton** and **Emily Mary Hollins**, on 17 Sep 1971. Paul was born on 20 Sep 1925 and died in 2009 at age 84. They had two children: **Sophia Frances** and **Hero Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Under-secretary, Northern Ireland Office.

13-Sophia Frances Buxton

13-Hero Elizabeth Buxton

10-Florence Eliot Waterhouse was born on 11 Nov 1866.

10-Alfred Maurice Waterhouse<sup>95</sup> was born on 19 Apr 1868 and died on 24 Dec 1890 in Yattenden, Berkshire at age 22.

General Notes: Known as "Prissie".

10-Amyas Theodore Waterhouse was born on 19 Nov 1872 and died in 1956 at age 84.

Amyas married Florence Ruth Gamlen on 1 Jan 1907. Florence was born in 1882. They had four children: Ann Monica, Celia Mary, Maurice James, and Theodore.

- 11-Ann Monica Waterhouse
- 11-Celia Mary Waterhouse
- **11-Maurice James Waterhouse**
- **11-Theodore Waterhouse**

9-Ellen Waterhouse<sup>37,214,233,255,256</sup> was born on 14 Mar 1832 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died on 9 Sep 1876 in Coley Hurst, Reading, Berkshire at age 44.

Ellen married Wilson Crewdson,<sup>37,98,214,233,255,256</sup> son of Wilson Crewdson<sup>96,108,233,257,258,259</sup> and Margaret Robson,<sup>15,96,108,233,258</sup> on 9 May 1855 in FMH Lawrence Weston, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Wilson was born on 9 Dec 1832 in Chorlton upon Medlock, Manchester and died on 18 Jul 1880 in Brighton, East Sussex (AM gives 20 July) at age 47. They had five children: Wilson, Ethel Mary, Harold Bevan, Herbert Cecil, and Gertrude Gwendolen Bevan.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Cotton Manufacturer.
- He had a residence in Celey Hurst, Reading, Berkshire.

10-Wilson Crewdson<sup>7</sup> was born on 13 Apr 1856 in Manchester and died on 28 May 1918 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 62. The cause of his death was Became ill whilst cycling. Coronary?.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with FSA.

Wilson married Mary Frances Adelaide Bevan, daughter of William Bevan<sup>204</sup> and Marie Sofia Read, on 28 Jun 1883. Mary was born on 4 Dec 1863. They had two children: Wilson Theodore Oliver and Roger Bevan.

11-Brig. Wilson Theodore Oliver Crewdson was born on 8 Nov 1887 and died on 8 Dec 1961 at age 74.

Wilson married Albinia Joane Bacon, daughter of Sir Nicholas Henry Bacon 12th & 13th Bt.<sup>260</sup> and Constance Alice Leslie-Melville, on 9 Jan 1924. Albinia was born on 3 Jan 1897 and died on 5 Jul 1997 at age 100. They had two children: Wilson Peregrine Nicolas and Sarah Albinia.

12-Wilson Peregrine Nicolas Crewdson was born in 1927 and died on 5 Jan 2014 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• His obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph notices on 8 Jan 2014.

Wilson married Hon. Lucy Clare Beckett, daughter of Ralph William Ernest Beckett 3rd Baron Grimthorpe and Mary Alice Archdale. They had four children: Giles Wilson Mervyn, Diana Constance Mary, Elizabeth Ann Joan, and Virginia Clare.

13-Giles Wilson Mervyn Crewdson

Giles married Hon. Aurelia Margaret Amherst Cecil, daughter of William Hugh Amhurst Cecil 4th Baron Amhurst and Elizabeth Merriman. Giles next married Frances Mary Nunnely. They had three children: Minna Sophie Clare, Oliver, and Lara Catherine Rose.

14-Minna Sophie Clare Crewdson

14-Oliver Crewdson

14-Lara Catherine Rose Crewdson

13-Diana Constance Mary Crewdson

Diana married Christopher J. M. Langley, son of Lt. Col. James Langley. They had three children: Venetia Margaret Clare, Edwina Chantal Elizabeth, and Rose Katharine Lucy.

**14-Venetia Margaret Clare Langlev** 

14-Edwina Chantal Elizabeth Langley

14-Rose Katharine Lucy Langley

Rose married James Gordon Robert Dashwood, son of Robert Thomas Dashwood and Georgina M. Harris. They had one son: Peregrine 'Reggie' Christopher Gordon.

15-Peregrine 'Reggie' Christopher Gordon Dashwood

13-Elizabeth Ann Joan Crewdson was born on 20 Apr 1961 and died on 17 Sep 1963 at age 2.

13-Virginia Clare Crewdson

Virginia married Giles J. G. Appleton, son of Group/Capt. James Appleton.

# 12-Sarah Albinia Crewdson

Sarah married Sir Philip Henry Manning Dowson in 1950. Philip was born on 16 Aug 1924 in Johannesburg, South Africa and died on 22 Aug 2014 at age 90. They had three children: Anna Lucinda, Robert Charles Manning, and Aurea Katherine.

General Notes: Sir Philip Dowson, who has died aged 90, was one of Britain's most prominent post-war architects and, in later life, president of the Royal Academy of Arts (1993-99). A realist as much as a Modernist, he designed buildings with an eye on their proposed function. As a result he was to become the architect to whom Britain's universities, cultural institutions and blue-chip corporations turned when they required a new wing, library or headquarters.

Dowson was one of the driving forces — as chief architect — at Arup Associates, an innovative and collaborative team of influential architects, engineers and quantity surveyors. His aim was to maintain a scientific and rational approach; in addition to the function of a space, construction techniques and the character of materials were the foundation blocks of his designs. Dowson's projects ranged from the redevelopment of the Old Truman Brewery in Brick Lane, London, to new Oxbridge builds — including student rooms at St John's College, Oxford, and the Forbes Mellon Library at Clare College, his alma mater at Cambridge. In all of his work he followed the maxim of his boss Ove Arup: "signature thinking, not signature style". Philip Henry Manning Dowson was born on August 16 1924 in Johannesburg, South Africa. Educated at Gresham's School, Norfolk, he spent a year reading Mathematics at University College, Oxford, before joining the Royal Navy in 1943. He served in both the Atlantic and Pacific theatres during the Second World War. In 1947 he left the Navy and returned to his studies, this time reading Art History at Clare College, Cambridge, after which he trained at the Architectural Association.

In 1953 Dowson joined the engineering firm Ove Arup and Partners as an architect and, in 1963, with Sir Ove Arup, Ronald Hobbs and Derek Sugden, became a founding partner and later chief architect of Arup Associates.

Arup Associates was applauded for the "clarity, logic and elegance" with which they approached building design — a combination that proved popular among commissioning institutions such as universities (Dowson brought his practical Modernism to bear on large campus sites in Oxford and Cambridge).

Key to his approach was the "tartan grid" in which "thin bays of the tartan pattern provided a dedicated zone of structure and mechanical servicing, leaving the larger bays clear for functional use". It was the perfect fit for laboratories, offices, halls of residence and libraries.

However, one of his early successes was the conversion of an unusual 19th-century building. On commission from Benjamin Britten in 1965, he transformed a vast malthouse at Snape, Suffolk, into a concert hall — incorporating a foyer, stage and auditorium — for the Aldeburgh Festival. Sensitive to the risk of spoiling the building's character, Dowson succeeded in creating a 134-by-58-by-49ft hall with a new period-looking roof and ash and cane seating. The Maltings Concert Hall was opened by the Queen in 1967. In 1969 he designed The Modern House for Sir Jack Zunz, the British engineer responsible for the roof of the Sydney Opera House. The four-bedroom house on Drax Avenue in Wimbledon — described by English Heritage as "well-crafted, meticulously planned" — is now Grade II listed.

The following year, building work began on Dowson's design for a block of 156 study-bedrooms within the grounds of St John's College, Oxford. "It was a bold stroke," wrote Vaughan Grylls in Oxford Then and Now. The Thomas White Building took five years to build, with the final dormitory formed in "brutal bush-hammered concrete" with an ancient wall retained in its midst. It was a modern building which aimed to "reflect the mood of Oxford and the character of its surroundings and settle into the silhouette of a medieval city." It won both RIBA and

Concrete Society awards.

In the early Seventies Dowson was a mentor to Michael (later Sir Michael) Hopkins, who later recalled: "Working for IBM in Portsmouth on three buildings at the same time, he had one too many. I was working with Norman Foster at the time and Philip suggested that we should take on the design of their temporary offices, 250,000 square feet – a fantastic opportunity. Philip was always very generous with his time and energy in the support of younger architects, taking on the mantle of Hugh Casson, Robert Matthew and Leslie Martin — the architectural knights – as the patron of younger architectural practices."

Dowson's project on Brick Lane in the late Seventies — creating a new headquarters for Truman out of their old brewery and two listed Georgian houses — helped set in motion a wider interest in the reconfiguration of derelict historical buildings at the end of the 20th century.

There were frustrations along the way. In the early Nineties the reclusive Hong Kong developer Victor Hwang hired Dowson to realise his vision for the Battersea Power Station — a project which fell through after more than a decade which saw impenetrable planning problems. "I've seen three Prime Ministers come and go, and not a single brick has been laid on this project," Huang said in 2000.

Dowson was also left aggrieved in the early Nineties when Arup's scheme for the Paternoster Square development next to St Paul's Cathedral was dropped due to pressure from the Prince of Wales. "It is quite extraordinary what is happening at St Paul's," said Dowson.

Dowson retired as a senior partner at Ove Arup in 1990, and three years later was elected president of the Royal Academy of Arts. He had a long association with the Academy, having been elected to it in 1979. He was awarded its Royal Gold Medal for Architecture in 1981. As president of the RA, Dowson's tenure was notable for his steerage of its acquisition of the Burlington Gardens building behind the Piccadilly galleries (left vacant when the Museum of Mankind moved to Bloomsbury).

He drew up plans for how the two buildings might be joined, thus doubling the Academy's footprint. "Armed with these, using his reputation as an architect and his ability to be taken seriously by government, he prized the freehold out of them for a modest £5 million," noted Sir Michael Hopkins. "A bargain then, and the equivalent price today of a very small shoebox in Mayfair." Construction work to join the two buildings begins in 2015 (using designs by Sir David Chipperfield).

Dowson's personal interests reflected his professional pursuits: he was an honorary fellow of the Royal College of Art; a governor of St Martin's School of Art (1975-82); and a trustee of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, and of the National Portrait Gallery. He was also a keen sailor.

Among numerous awards and honours, Sir Philip Dowson was appointed CBE in 1969, and knighted in 1980.

He married, in 1950, Sarah Crewdson, who survives him with a son and two daughters.

Sir Philip Dowson, born August 16 1924, died August 22 2014

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE PRA RIBA.
- He worked as a Chief Architect, Arup Associates.
- His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 14 Sep 2014.

# 13-Anna Lucinda Dowson

Anna married Prof. Kim Ashley Nasmyth.

13-Robert Charles Manning Dowson

13-Aurea Katherine Dowson

Aurea married Hon. Richmond James Innys Colville, son of John Mark Alexander Colville 4th Viscount Colville of Culross and Mary Elizabeth Webb-Bowen. They had two children: Alexander and Oliver.

14-Alexander Colville

14-Oliver Colville

11-Capt. Roger Bevan Crewdson was born in 1893 in Reigate, Surrey and died on 16 Apr 1941 in Chelsea, London. Killed in enemy action at age 48.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: More than 1000 people lost their lives that night.

Roger married Gwendolen Georgiana Howard, daughter of Hon. Oliver Howard and Muriel Mary Temple Stephenson, on 5 Sep 1923. The marriage ended in divorce. Gwendolen was born on 5 Oct 1902 and died on 30 Mar 1936 at age 33.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1934.

10-Ethel Mary Crewdson<sup>256</sup> was born on 22 Dec 1859 in Manchester and died on 17 Jun 1876 in Manchester at age 16.

10-Harold Bevan Crewdson<sup>229</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1861 in Manchester and died on 7 Nov 1865 in Manchester at age 4.

10-Herbert Cecil Crewdson<sup>255</sup> was born on 22 Nov 1865 in Manchester and died on 7 Apr 1883 in Reading, Berkshire at age 17.

10-Gertrude Gwendolen Bevan Crewdson<sup>37</sup> was born on 28 Mar 1872 in Manchester and died on 14 Oct 1913 in Homewood, Aspley Heath, Woburn Sands, Bedfordshire at age 41. The cause of her death was Tuberculosis.

General Notes: Gertrude Gwendolen Bevan Crewdson . . 41 14 10 1913 Wohurn Sands. On the 14th of October, 1913, there passed away at the early age of forty -one, at her own residence, Homewood, Woburn Sands, one whose quiet, unobtrusive nature prevented her from being much known beyond the sphere in which she moved, but whose sweet, unselfish life for others well deserves a record. Gwendolen Crewdson was the second daughter of the late Wilson and Ellen Crewdson, from whom she inherited names well-known in the Society of Friends. Her mother died soon after her birth in 1872, and her early childhood was clouded by the death of her father, to whom she was much attached, and also by the death of one of her brothers. During her earlier years, she and her only surviving brother, Wilson Crewdson, lived together in a house at Reading, the household being under the care of a lady. Miss Loader, who also supervised Gwendolen Crewdson's studies, and herself took a direct part in her education. Under the careful training of this lady her character unfolded in beauty and symmetry, expanding afterwards into wide circles of influence. At this early period of her life there was a freshness and originality in her nature which helped to form that striking personality felt by all who came into contact with her. After a time the home was removed to Bournemouth, the climate of which was thought to be better for her health, which was never robust. It was there, when she was approaching her twenty-first year, that she and her brother began to consider the possiblity of her going for a course of study to Girton College, Cambridge. Before doing so, and in order to prepare for the entrance examination of the College, as her education had hitherto been carried out entirely at home, she was advised to go for a time to a good preparatory school. At her age, most ladies' schools would have been to some extent unsuitable, but her friends found for her one which admirably met all her requirements. This was St. Leonards School, St. Andrews, where she took up her residence in a house for mistresses; and it was very striking how soon she adapted herself to her novel surroundings, and made rapid progress in the studies which were essential to her taking the Cambridge course, and of which she had no previous knowledge. She had always had a taste for Natural History, and on entering Girton, in 1894, she took the Natural Science Tripos, her subjects being Chemistry, Physiology, and Botany; and she afterwards spent a fourth year of Post-Graduate study in Geology, for which she had a great liking. She "went down " for two years, after completing her course, and then, in 1900, returned to Girton as Librarian and Registrar, offices which she held till she became Junior Bursar in 1902. Her brother in the meantime had removed to Reigate, and the question arose whether she should continue to make his house her home for the holidays, or make a home of her own. She characteristically decided in favour of the latter, saying : - " I wish to make something of my life." This resolve was most fruitful in its results. While at Girton she had conceived the idea of providing a House of Rest in the holidays for gentlewomen engaged in earning their own living, whose homes did not provide, and whose limited means did not permit of their otherwise obtaining a restful and inexpensive holiday. With this end in view, and being herself possessed of ample means, she purchased "Homewood"- a house with a large garden, situated close to pine woods on a spur of the Chiltern Hills, near Woburn Sands, and at a height of some five hundred feet above the sea-level. After becoming established at Homewood, and finding it increasingly difficult to combine attention to her responsibilities there with her work at Girton, she resigned her post as Bursar in 1905. At Homewood her guests were invited for a few weeks' stay, seven or eight being received into the house at a time, and many were found to benefit by a longer stay. It was of the essence of her scheme that a small charge should be made to those of her guests who could afford to pay it; and after her decease it was found that the money she had left in her will to the "Frances Mary Buss Loan Fund " for students, consisted of the accumulated fees of the inmates who had been received at Homewood, which she had regularly deposited in a bank for the purpose. For many years she had made a hobby of picking up pieces of valuable old furniture, and these, with her numerous Japanese pictures, and curios from many countries, made the interior of the house extremely quaint and interesting; and at the same time nothing demanded by modern ideas of comfort was lacking. She altered and enlarged the house, and added to the garden again and again, till the place became really charming; and to the tired guests, whose work in most cases lay in cramped and dingy surroundings, it must have appeared a veritable earthly paradise. We can readily believe that it required no small amount of self-denial to sacrifice, thus deliberately, the privacy of her home life, but she had her reward in the marked success of her beneficent undertaking. It is interesting in this connexion to learn that her family have decided to continue "Homewood " as a Rest House for ladies engaged in teaching. This has been done tentatively, but we hear that the results are so far encouraging. Gwendolen Crewdson was fond of travelling, and one of the great interests of her life was a visit to Khartoum, with all the incidents of a Nile expedition. It was undertaken in the true spirit of a student. She visited the most recent excavations in Egypt, and read extensively on Egyptian topics in the best works on the subject, with the same painstaking care that she gave to other branches of study. She also paid similar visits to Crete and Greece, in which her determination to leave no stone unturned and no point of interest unvisited drew forth, not infrequently, despairing protests from her less energetic fellow-travellers. She was all her life a consistent member of the Society of Friends. Although a strict teetotaler she did not exalt total abstinence into a fetish, and she never obtruded her opinions on those about her. She was a strong advocate of women's suffrage, but the methods of "militancy" were abhorrent to her. In matters of education Gwendolen Crewdson took a keen interest, and as a member of the Committee for re-organizing Sibford School she found scope for the exercise of her powers not only in re-arranging the curriculum, but also in all the practical details of the School. She had gathered large experience in matters of sanitation, and when the premises had to be altered and enlarged she went into all the details, and where she saw a weak point would, with quiet, reasoning pertinacity, see that it was put right. Her outlook was broad, but she was insistent upon detail. Her interest in the School continued to the last, as shown by a letter written for her within a week of her death. The sudden close to this beautiful life was unexpected by her doctors and friends. A near relative writes : - " She became rapidly worse as the autumn advanced, but none of us expected that the end was so near. In the memoranda she has left we read how she fully recognised that before long she might be called upon to put aside the life-work in which she had taken such a great interest, and how she calmly faced the future with full confidence. It must have been a great giving up, but there was no word of complaint, nothing but rejoicing. She left the written message to her friends, to be opened after her departure : - ' Rejoice with my spirit when

all is over, and do not mourn over my worn-out body.' " This brief record of a true and unselfish life, all too short to fulfil its ideals, may be supplemented by a few extracts from the tributes received from Gwendolen Crewdson's intimate friends. " It was good to know her, she was so highminded, so absolutely truthful and accurate in all her ways. Her strong scientific mind probably accounted for the thoroughness with which she did every piece of work which she attempted. She had a kindly, sympathetic nature, and with it combined a very wise judgment. I have come across many who, for having known her, have thanked God and taken courage. " Throughout her College life, I think I can truthfully say, she was universally loved and feared : everyone who met her felt the charm and attraction of her nature, and at the same time was conscious of a high standard of conduct up to which she lived, and expected that others should also live." A college tutor sums up tersely some of the sources from which her influence was drawn : " Her charm of manner was a striking note in her character, and this was enhanced by her natural reserve ; it was a most attractive blend of humour and modesty. I do not remember hearing her speak of the deeper things of life, yet you could be quite sure they were there ; they crystallized into life instead of words. I have no special recollection of what she did, only a vivid remembrance of what she was. The singleness of vision and aim, the strenuousness and persistence of purpose which were characteristic of her, and might have led her to disregard the feelings or opinions of others, were tempered by her kindness of disposition, and a saving sense of humour. She could not have done a mean or petty action to save her Hfe. I have never known anyone to whom the language of the fifteenth Psalm was more applicable. \*' She has been cut off in the midst of her days ; but that is not the last word. She once wrote, in a letter of sympathy to a friend who was suffering from bereavement :- ' When someon

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Crewdson, Gertrude Gwendolen Bevan (1872–1913), college administrator and benefactor, was born on 28 March 1872, in Manchester, the second daughter among the four children of William Crewdson, a manufacturer and a member of the Society of Friends, and his wife, Ellen Waterhouse, sister of Alfred Waterhouse, the architect. She was left an orphan in 1881 and was thereafter brought up by a housekeeper, Miss Loader, who was also a governess with considerable experience of preparing students for Cambridge. At first they lived in Reading, and then at Bournemouth, in the hope of improving Gertrude's health: she had a tendency to consumption all her life. Her formal education began late. Because of its bracing air, and on the advice of Elizabeth Welsh, mistress of Girton College, Cambridge, she chose to go to St Leonard's School, St Andrews, at the age of twenty-one. She went as a by-pupil in a house which then trained teachers, to prepare herself for university entrance. She made rapid progress there and in 1894 entered Girton, whose buildings had been designed by her uncle. Mistrusting woolly abstractions, she had a penchant for expressing ideas in diagrammatic form, and she chose to read for the natural sciences tripos part I. She then took a fourth year at the college to study geology. Her beauty and charming personality, together with great talent as a pianist, ensured the respect and affection of her fellow students, who elected her senior student during her final year (1897– 8), to represent them in college affairs.

When she left Cambridge, Gertrude Crewdson was elected by the former students who had received certificates that they had fulfilled the conditions necessary for a Cambridge degree, as their representative on the governing body of Girton College. In 1906 she graduated MA, taking advantage of the offer of Trinity College, Dublin, between 1904 and 1907, to confer degrees on women with appropriate qualifications. She had returned to Girton in 1900 as librarian and registrar, becoming junior bursar in 1902. A woman of means, she was a quiet and generous donor, providing the college with small requisites of plants and books. She resigned in 1905 to live in her own home.

From 1892 to 1899, Miss Crewdson had her permanent home with her older brother, Wilson Crewdson (1856–1918) and his wife, Mary Bevan, in Reigate, Surrey. In 1899, she bought her own house, Homewood, Aspley Heath, near Woburn Sands in Bedfordshire. She furnished it with great taste and care, buying antique furniture, Japanese pictures and ornaments, some of these being curios from her travels abroad. She opened the house and its extensive garden during the summer months as an inexpensive holiday home for professional women, putting aside the small sums raised. On her death these amounted to £250, which she left to Girton College, resulting in the Frances Buss Loan Fund. Among her other benefactions to the college was a large piece of land to the north of the buildings, which she had purchased in 1902 to save it from housing development.

Her Quaker upbringing had instilled in Gertrude Crewdson a high sense of purpose and service. A teetotaller, she had firm principles, but never obtruded them on her associates. She supported the non-militant women's suffrage movement. She took a particular interest in the Quaker School for Artisans at Sibford, near Banbury. She travelled widely in Greece, Crete, Sweden, and Norway, but her first love was for Egypt and its ancient past. Characteristically, she took a course in Egyptology before spending a winter and spring in Khartoum. On her death, Girton was the recipient of her collection of Egyptian antiquities.

Gertrude Crewdson was active, to the point of being restless, all her life, an attribute consonant with her lifelong battle with tuberculosis, of which she died, at home, on 14 October 1913, at the early age of forty-one. A memorial brass was unveiled in her memory in the chapel at Girton College. Her successor as bursar, Eleanor Allen, when she died in 1929, bequeathed money to the college to found the Crewdson memorial prize for natural sciences.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a College administrator and benefactor.

9-Maria Waterhouse<sup>159</sup> was born on 21 Feb 1834 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died on 11 Aug 1905 in Hastings, Sussex at age 71.

9-Katherine Waterhouse was born on 20 Apr 1836 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died in 1898 at age 62.

Katherine married George Tunstal Redmayne on 30 Jun 1870. George was born on 27 Dec 1840. They had two children: Martin and Leonard.

10-Martin Redmayne was born on 13 Nov 1871.

10-Leonard Redmayne was born in 1877.

Leonard married Mildred Jackson. Mildred was born in 1877. They had two children: Dorothy and Geoffrey Brian.

11-Dorothy Redmayne was born in 1904.

11-Geoffrey Brian Redmayne was born in 1906.

9-Theodore Waterhouse<sup>49</sup> was born on 12 Apr 1838 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died in 1891 at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor and founder of Waterhouse & Co. In London.

9-William Waterhouse<sup>40</sup> was born on 29 Oct 1839 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died on 1 Oct 1869 at age 29.

William married **Mary Janet Burges**.<sup>40</sup> Mary was born in 1845 and died on 1 Oct 1868 at age 23.

9-Edwin Waterhouse<sup>31,37</sup> was born on 4 Jun 1841 in Oakfield, Aigburth, Liverpool, died on 17 Sep 1917 in Feldemore at age 76, and was buried in Holmbury St Mary.

General Notes: Waterhouse, Edwin (1841'961917), accountant, was born on 4 June 1841 at Oakfield, Aigburth, Liverpool, the seventh and youngest child of Alfred Waterhouse senior (1798'961873), a partner in the firm of Nicholas Waterhouse & Sons, merchants and brokers of Liverpool, and his wife, Mary, née Bevan (1805'961880). He spent most of his childhood in the south of England at several family homes, including Sneyd Park, near Bristol, and various addresses in central London.

Having been taught by private tutors, and because his parents were committed members of the Society of Friends, in September 1855 Waterhouse entered University College School, a leading academy for dissenters. A diligent student, he won prizes in French and geometry, and two years later joined his elder brother Theodore (1838'961891) at University College, London, where he attended classes in mathematics, Greek, Latin, and English. He graduated in 1860 with second-class honours, but had made no decision about a future career. His elder brother Alfred Waterhouse (1830'961905) was already established as an architect, Theodore was to take articles as a solicitor, and Edwin, as he later recalled,

had allowed this important matter to be in abeyance. I knew nothing of business, and felt a dislike of the 'city' and ... the pale and anxious faces which I saw on my infrequent visits there. A doctor's career might have suited me, but I had no special bent in that way, and I feared a failure. (Memoirs, 68)

A chance introduction to William Turquand, a leading accountant, led to Waterhouse being articled to the City firm of Coleman, Turquand, Youngs & Co. in January 1861. There he learned the rudiments of bookkeeping and assisted with insolvencies and audits, but after three years of what he described as an 'apprenticeship' decided to set up on his own account. In February 1864 he took two rooms at 11 Old Jewry Chambers and wrote to business acquaintances of his father in order to seek employment. A major source of income during his first year in practice was the reorganization of the accounts of his brother, then a prominent architect in Manchester. While undertaking a cost-accounting assignment at John Fowler's steam plough works in Leeds, Waterhouse met William Holyland (1807'961882), a principal clerk of Turquand, who informed him that he was about to form a partnership with Samuel Lowell Price (1821'961887). Holyland suggested that he join them and, as Waterhouse wrote,

I had been doing very well for myself during the last few months, but the offer seemed to open out chances of quickly attaining a wider experience, whilst ensuring a more steady practice and affording me the advantages of assistance should I need it. (Memoirs, 81)

Thus, the firm of Price, Holyland, and Waterhouse was formed on 1 May 1865; Edwin, the youngest and least experienced, took a quarter-share in the profits. Having leased prestigious offices in the Queens Assurance Company building at the corner of Gresham Street (no. 13, later 44) and King Street, the firm flourished from the outset. Unlike the first generation of accountancy firms which prospered as insolvency specialists, Price, Holyland, and Waterhouse gained a reputation as auditors largely as a result of Waterhouse's work for railway companies, banks, and financial institutions. His probity and insistence upon prudent conventions won him important audits, including the London and North Western, South Eastern, Metropolitan, and London, Brighton and South Coast railways. Waterhouse was so busy with these tasks that in 1883 he declined to serve as the auditor of the Midland Railway. In addition, he was appointed joint auditor of the National Provincial Bank of England (from 1880) and of the London and Westminster Bank, while the firm audited Lloyds Bank, the Gresham Life Assurance Society, Atlas Assurance, the Equity and Law Life Assurance Company, and the Foreign and Colonial Government Trust Company from its foundation in 1868. The rising fee income of the partnership was a measure of its commercial success. In the first year of operation it earned £9138, increasing to an average of £14,450 between 1870 and 1885, with peaks in 1870 (£18,070), 1876 (£17,135), and 1877 (£17,749). Fees rose appreciably after 1889 and during the following decade were in excess of £40,000 per annum. In 1887, on the death of Price, Edwin Waterhouse became senior partner (Holyland having retired in 1874) and, as was customary, took a lion's share of the profits. In 1896'967, for example, when £35,897 was available for distribution among the four partners, he received £21,000 (59 per cent). This level of income enabled him to build a substantial home in the country, Feldemore, at Holmbury St Mary, Abinger, near Dorking, Surrey, which was designed by his brother-in-law George Redmayne, the Manchester architect; he occupied the house from 1880 and progressively extended it during the 1890s. At his death he left an estate worth £257,780 gross, and it appeared that the greater part of his fortune had been earned from professional fees rather than share dealing or other forms of financial speculation. Waterhouse was also called upon to undertake a number of investigations by companies, institutions, and government bodies. In 1877 he devised a sliding scale for the Consett Iron Company, by which wages could be related to the sale price of iron; in 1889 he assisted Lancashire county council in allocating receipts and expenditure between boroughs and urban districts under the new Local Government Act; and in 1908 he reorganized the finances of the Underground Electric Railway of London. In 1887'968 Waterhouse, together with Frederick Whinney (1829'961916), produced a report on the accounting organization of the Woolwich arsenal for a parliamentary committee chaired by Lord Randolph Churchill. He was subsequently asked to conduct similar investigations into the Admiralty's dockyards (1888'969) and the Royal Ordnance factories (1901). A member of the 1894'965 Davey departmental committee on joint-stock companies, he was responsible for representing the profession's views, and the report which followed formed the basis for the Companies Act of 1900. When further change was considered, Waterhouse was invited

to serve on the 1905'966 (Loreburn) committee, which, in turn, led to the Companies Act of 1907. However, despite these achievements, it would be wrong to view Waterhouse as one of the outstanding original thinkers of the profession. His talents lay not so much with the introduction of radical ideas as in the practical organization and running of a major City partnership. He had the social contacts to attract new clients, the ability to maintain established connections, and the judgement to select staff of youthful promise (he introduced a policy of recruiting prizewinners from the institute examinations).

Having been a founder member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) on its foundation in 1880, Waterhouse became active in its organization. Although he failed at the first attempt to be elected to the council, in 1887 he took the place formerly occupied by Price. In 1892, without having held the customary post of vice-president, he was elected president and served for two years. Not all of his presidential initiatives were successful, and his campaign to establish a professional monopoly, as exercised by legal and medical practitioners, did not meet with government approval. His presidency corresponded with the opening in 1893 of the ICAEW's purpose-built hall in Moorgate. He retired from the council in July 1915 after twenty-eight years' service.

Ernest Cooper (1848'961926), another eminent City accountant, reported that Waterhouse 'always showed me rather more courtesy than I deserved' (Cooper, 49), while Nicholas Waterhouse, Waterhouse's youngest son by his first marriage, observed that 'he never suffered a fool gladly but had a wonderful insight into character, and those who really knew him held him in the highest respect and affection' (Waterhouse, Reminiscences, 3). An inability to tolerate any behaviour that might pass for slackness and his ingrained Quaker mores led to a prohibition of smoking. If Waterhouse 'found a pipe or pouch lying around in the office or in the audit room of a client, he thought nothing of throwing them on the fire but, then relenting, would compensate the offender with the price of a new outfit' (ibid., 102). He periodically suffered from the depression that had afflicted his mother in her later life, and a devotion to Christianity, together with a thorough commitment to his professional duties, may have served as defence against its onset.

In 1868 Waterhouse married Georgina, née Thöl (1848'961896); they had four daughters and two sons, William and Nicholas. Both boys joined Price Waterhouse as articled clerks, but William died suddenly of pneumonia in 1900 before taking his final examination; Nicholas qualified, was admitted to the partnership in 1906 on his father's retirement, and became the senior partner in 1945. In 1898, two years after the death of his first wife, Waterhouse married Helen Caroline, née Weber (1855'961941); they had one son, Theodore (1907'961976), who also worked for Price Waterhouse. Edwin Waterhouse died, aged seventy-six, at Feldemore, on 17 September 1917 and was buried in the parish churchyard at Holmbury St Mary.

# Edgar Jones

Sources The memoirs of Edwin Waterhouse, ed. H. E. Jones (1988)  $\cdot$  E. Jones, True and fair: a history of Price Waterhouse (1995)  $\cdot$  J. R. Edwards, 'Waterhouse, Edwin', DBB  $\cdot$  E. Cooper, 'Fifty-seven years in an accountant's office', Proceedings of the Autumnal Meeting [Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales] (1921), 49  $\cdot$  N. Waterhouse, Reminiscences, 1899'961960 (1961),  $3 \cdot d$ . cert.

Archives Price Waterhouse archives, Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London | Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales archives, London Likenesses J. Kopf, bronze relief, c.1898, PricewaterhouseCoopers, Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London; on loan from Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales · photograph, c.1907, PricewaterhouseCoopers [see illus.]

Wealth at death £257,780 3s. 6d.: probate, 23 Jan 1918, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Edgar Jones, 'Waterhouse, Edwin (1841'961917)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/47873

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant and Partner in Price Waterhouse & Co. In London.
- He worked as a President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants.

Edwin married Georgine Emma Catharine Thöl,<sup>31,37</sup> daughter of Johann Philip Thöl and Agnes Augusta Popert, on 3 Apr 1869. Georgine was born on 30 Oct 1848 and died in 1896 at age 48. They had six children: Agnes Mary, Theresa, William, Nicholas Edwin, Ellen Penelope, and Gertrude Valentine.

10-Agnes Mary Waterhouse was born on 14 Jun 1870 and died in 1883 at age 13.

10-Theresa Waterhouse was born on 15 Oct 1872.

Theresa married Rev Jacob A. Forrest. Rev was born in 1861. They had four children: James, Andrew Bernard, John, and Jessie.

11-James Forrest was born in 1900.

11-Andrew Bernard Forrest was born in 1901.

11-John Forrest was born in 1903.

11-Jessie Forrest was born in 1905.

10-William Waterhouse<sup>37</sup> was born on 6 Dec 1874 and died in 1900 at age 26.

10-Sir Nicholas Edwin Waterhouse<sup>37</sup> was born on 24 Aug 1877 and died on 28 Dec 1964 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Accountant. Price Waterhouse & Co. In London.

• He worked as a President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants.

Nicholas married Audrey Hale Lewin. Audrey was born in 1883 and died in 1945 at age 62.

Nicholas next married Louise How.

10-Ellen Penelope Waterhouse was born in 1880.

10-Gertrude Valentine Waterhouse was born in 1884.

Edwin next married Helen Caroline Weber.<sup>37</sup> Helen was born in 1855 and died in 1941 at age 86. They had one son: Theodore.

10-**Theodore Waterhouse**<sup>37</sup> was born in 1907 and died in 1976 at age 69.

9-Sylvanus Bevan Waterhouse was born on 11 Apr 1844 in Aigburth, Liverpool and died on 14 Apr 1844.

8-Joseph Bevan was born on 10 Jan 1807 and died on 17 Aug 1833 at age 26.

8-Sylvanus Bevan was born on 8 May 1808 and died on 12 Feb 1826 at age 17.

8-Edward Bevan was born on 1 Nov 1809 and died on 12 Apr 1864 at age 54.

Edward married Maria Goodwin. Maria was born on 14 Dec 1818 and died on 21 May 1854 at age 35.

8-William Bevan<sup>204</sup> was born on 4 Oct 1812 and died on 11 Oct 1876 at age 64.

General Notes: Features in the painting of The Anti-Slavery Society Convention, 1840, by Benjamin Robert Haydon

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Old Jewry, London.
- He had a residence in St. Stephen's Square, Bayswater.

William married Marie Sofia Read. Marie was born on 25 Jan 1835. They had five children: John Henry Paul, Antonia Rebecca, Mary Frances Adelaide, Constance Sofia, and Christine Elsie.

9-John Henry Paul Bevan was born on 29 Aug 1860.

9-Antonia Rebecca Bevan was born on 5 Aug 1862.

9-Mary Frances Adelaide Bevan was born on 4 Dec 1863.

10-Brig. Wilson Theodore Oliver Crewdson was born on 8 Nov 1887 and died on 8 Dec 1961 at age 74.

11-Wilson Peregrine Nicolas Crewdson was born in 1927 and died on 5 Jan 2014 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- His obituary was published in the Daily Telegraph notices on 8 Jan 2014.
  - 12-Giles Wilson Mervyn Crewdson

13-Minna Sophie Clare Crewdson

13-Oliver Crewdson

13-Lara Catherine Rose Crewdson

12-Diana Constance Mary Crewdson

13-Venetia Margaret Clare Langley

13-Edwina Chantal Elizabeth Langley

13-Rose Katharine Lucy Langley

14-Peregrine 'Reggie' Christopher Gordon Dashwood

12-Elizabeth Ann Joan Crewdson was born on 20 Apr 1961 and died on 17 Sep 1963 at age 2.

12-Virginia Clare Crewdson

11-Sarah Albinia Crewdson

12-Anna Lucinda Dowson

12-Robert Charles Manning Dowson

12-Aurea Katherine Dowson

13-Alexander Colville

13-Oliver Colville

10-Capt. Roger Bevan Crewdson was born in 1893 in Reigate, Surrey and died on 16 Apr 1941 in Chelsea, London. Killed in enemy action at age 48.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: More than 1000 people lost their lives that night.

9-Constance Sofia Bevan was born on 25 Apr 1865.

9-Christine Elsie Bevan was born on 20 Apr 1867.

8-Samuel Bevan<sup>204</sup> was born on 12 May 1816 and died on 22 Oct 1868 at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Rosewood in Pangbourne, Berkshire.

Samuel married **Caroline Brooks**. Caroline was born on 28 Sep 1819.

7-Anne Capper<sup>4,12,31,47,102,184,261</sup> was born on 20 Sep 1784 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 20 Mar 1850 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 65.

Anne married Thomas Robson,<sup>4,12,31,47,102,184</sup> son of Stephen Robson<sup>37</sup> and Ann Awmack,<sup>37</sup> on 12 Oct 1803. Thomas was born on 20 Jan 1779 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 14 Apr 1853 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 74. They had nine children: Rebecca, Hannah, Anne, Edward Capper, Mary, Sarah, Katharine, Frances, and Octavia.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Draper in Sunderland, County Durham.

8-Rebecca Robson<sup>12</sup> was born on 31 Jul 1805 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 25 Apr 1868 at age 62.

Rebecca married Dearman Robson,<sup>12,101</sup> son of Edward Robson<sup>4,37,154,262</sup> and Elizabeth Dearman,<sup>4,154</sup> on 10 Aug 1826. Dearman was born on 13 May 1794 and died on 15 Dec 1854 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 60. They had three children: **Elizabeth Anne, Edward**, and **Katharine**.

9-Elizabeth Anne Robson<sup>216</sup> was born on 27 Jan 1829 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 14 Nov 1905 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria at age 76.

9-Edward Robson was born on 17 Aug 1830 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 19 Mar 1832 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 1.

9-Katharine Robson<sup>4,7</sup> was born on 30 Jan 1832 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 16 May 1919 in Easdale House, Grasmere, Cumbria at age 87.

Katharine married William Henry Hills,<sup>4,7</sup> son of John Hills<sup>4,73</sup> and Isabella Davy,<sup>73</sup> on 16 Aug 1860. William was born on 16 May 1831 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 29 Dec 1918 in Easdale House, Grasmere, Cumbria at age 87. They had two children: Christina Dearman and Mildred.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bookseller in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Easdale House, Grasmere, Cumbria.

10-Christina Dearman Hills was born on 28 Mar 1863 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

She had a residence in Ambleside, Cumbria.

10-Mildred Hills was born on 1 Feb 1866 and died on 2 Feb 1866.

8-Hannah Robson<sup>214</sup> was born on 2 Feb 1807 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 25 Feb 1877 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 70.

Hannah married Edward Dodshon,<sup>77,214</sup> son of John Dodshon<sup>4,77</sup> and Mary, on 27 Dec 1838. Edward was born on 16 Apr 1806 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 10 Apr 1869 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 62. They had two children: Frances and Edward.

9-Frances Dodshon<sup>84</sup> was born on 20 Feb 1841.

Frances married Frederick Williams,<sup>84</sup> son of John Williams<sup>84</sup> and Hannah Cooke,<sup>84</sup> on 21 May 1863. Frederick was born on 6 Jul 1835 in Dudley, Staffordshire and died in 1903 at age 68. They had four children: Constance, Reginald, Ada Mary, and Mabel.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1848-1850 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Metal Broker in Darlington, County Durham.

10-Constance Williams was born on 23 Mar 1864.

10-Reginald Williams was born on 25 May 1865.

10-Ada Mary Williams was born on 21 Jun 1867.

10-Mabel Williams was born on 27 Jan 1870.

9-Edward Dodshon was born on 20 Feb 1841.

Edward married Clara Cecilia Nicholson on 6 Dec 1874 in Galatz. Clara died on 15 Apr 1883 in Rouen, France.

8-Anne Robson<sup>67,154</sup> was born on 5 Oct 1810 and died on 16 Mar 1869 in West Hendon House, Sunderland at age 58.

Anne married **Thomas James Backhouse**,<sup>8,39,67,154,211,228,230,263</sup> son of **Edward Backhouse**<sup>10,154,157,264,265</sup> and **Mary Robson**,<sup>10,154,265</sup> on 22 Nov 1855 in Sunderland, County Durham. Thomas was born on 24 Apr 1810 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 29 Jul 1857 in Seaton Carew, County Durham at age 47.

General Notes: **29 July 1857, Wed:** ......heard that Thomas James Backhouse had died suddenly at Seaton this morning. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.* 

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Coal Owner.

8-Edward Capper Robson<sup>4,31,47,184,266</sup> was born on 12 Sep 1812 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 10 May 1893 in 2 The Esplanade, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham at age 80, and was buried on 13 May 1893 in FBG Sunderland.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Founder of E. C. Robson, Millers in 1844 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Edward married **Hannah Garbutt Mennell**,<sup>4,266</sup> daughter of **Isaac Mennell**<sup>4,10,47,78,184,185,228</sup> and **Martha Dearman**,<sup>4,10,47,78,184,185,228</sup> on 23 Mar 1842. Hannah was born on 27 Feb 1817 in Scarborough, Yorkshire, died on 7 Dec 1846 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 29, and was buried in FBG Sunderland. They had two children: **Thomas** and **Emma Dorothea**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1831-Jun 1832 in York, Yorkshire.

9-Thomas Robson was born on 28 Jan 1843 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 30 Jul 1868 at age 25.

9-Emma Dorothea Robson was born on 7 Jul 1844 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Apr 1854-Dec 1859 in York, Yorkshire.

Edward next married **Priscilla Tuke**,<sup>4,31,47,183,184</sup> daughter of **Samuel Tuke**<sup>4,12,31,37,47,57,99,101,154,183,184,230,255,263,267,268</sup> and **Priscilla Hack**,<sup>4,12,37,47,154,183,184,263,268</sup> on 15 Apr 1852 in FMH York. Priscilla was born on 31 Jan 1817 in York, Yorkshire, died on 23 Oct 1879 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 62, and was buried on 27 Oct 1879 in Sunderland, County Durham. They had five children: **Stephen Edward, Priscilla Maria, Florence, Frank**, and **Arnold Henry**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Mar 1831-Dec 1833 in York, Yorkshire.

9-Stephen Edward Robson was born on 11 May 1853 in 14 John Street, Sunderland, County Durham.

Stephen married Mary Louisa Trewhitt, daughter of John Trewhitt. They had one daughter: Mabel Awmack.

10-Mabel Awmack Robson was born on 16 Apr 1884.

9-Priscilla Maria Robson was born on 29 Jul 1854 in 14 John Street, Sunderland, County Durham and died after 1911 in Tormoham, Torquay, Devon.

9-Florence Robson was born on 15 Apr 1856 in 2 The Esplanade, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died on 14 Jan 1863 at age 6.

9-Frank Robson was born on 30 May 1857 in 2 The Esplanade, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham, died on 30 Mar 1908 in Faverdale Hall, Darlington, County Durham at age 50, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Flour Miller and Manager of E. C. Robson in Darlington, County Durham.

Frank married Hannah Isabella Watson. Hannah was born in 1864, died on 26 May 1936 at age 72, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: William, Dulcibel, Edward Capper, Francis Favell, and Roland Reginald.

10-William Robson was born in 1885.

10-Dulcibel Robson was born in 1886.

10-Edward Capper Robson was born in 1887.

10-Francis Favell Robson was born in 1889.

10-Roland Reginald Robson was born in 1890 and died after 1952.

General Notes: In the Sunderland County Court.No. 1 of 1952. In the Matter of BANQUET CATERING COMPANY Limited and in the Matter of the CompaniesAct, 1948. NOTICE is hereby given that a Petition for thewinding up of the above-named Company by theCounty Court of Sunderland was, on the 17th dayof January, 1952, presented to the said Court by E. C. Robson & Sons Limited whose registered office situate at 40, St. Mary Axe, London, E.C.2, byRoland Reginald Robson of 19, Thornhill ParkSunderland in the County of Durham a Directorin the said Company. And that the said Petitionis directed to be heard before the Court sitting atthe Court House, John Street, Sunderland on the Sixth day of February, 1952, and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to support oppose the making of an order on the said Peti-tion may appear at the time of hearing in personor by his Solicitor or Counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the Petition will be furnished by the undersigned to any creditor or contributory of thesaid Company requiring such copy on payment of the regulated charge for the same.— Dated this 18th day of January, 1952.McKENZIE BELL & SONS, 66, John Street, Sunderland, Solicitors.NOTE.— Any person who intends to appear on thehearing of the said Petition must serve on or sendby post to the above-named, notice in writing of hisintention so to do. The notice must state the nameand address of the person, or, if a firm, the nameand address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm, or his or their solicitor (if any), andmust be served, or if posted, must be sent by post insufficient time to reach the above-named not laterthan six o'clock in the afternoon of the Fifth dayof February, 1952

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1952 in 19, Thornhill Park, Sunderland.

9-Arnold Henry Robson was born on 31 Mar 1859 in 2 The Esplanade, Bishopwearmouth, County Durham and died in 1892 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 33.

General Notes: Was visiting GeorgeStacye Gibson & his wife Elizabeth in Saffron Walden at the time of the 1881 Census RG11/1818

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Law student in 1881.

8-Mary Robson was born on 4 Jul 1814.

Mary married William Harle Hargrave, son of Joseph Hargrave and Phoebe, on 13 Apr 1843. William was born on 11 Aug 1820 and died on 30 Nov 1888 in Maidstone, Kent at age 68. They had three children: Emily Swaine, Ellen, and Walter Harle.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Paper manufacturer in Tovil Upper Mills, Maidstone, Kent.

9-Emily Swaine Hargrave was born on 29 Jan 1844.

9-Ellen Hargrave was born in Sep 1845 and died on 9 Jan 1889 at age 43.

9-Walter Harle Hargrave was born on 30 Dec 1846.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Beer Retailer in 5 Montpelier Street, Walworth, London.

8-Sarah Robson was born on 19 Oct 1816 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 24 Apr 1883 in Charlottesville, Virginia, USA at age 66.

Sarah married William Thompson, son of Thomas Thompson<sup>4</sup> and Frances Phillips,<sup>4</sup> on 9 Feb 1843. William was born on 31 Jul 1813 in Liverpool and died on 23 Apr 1883 in Charlottesville, Virginia, USA at age 69. They had two children: Thomas Phillips and Theodore.

9-Thomas Phillips Thompson was born on 25 Nov 1843.

Thomas married Delia Florence Fisher. They had four children: Clara Florence, William Phillips, Laura Beatrice, and Edith Maud.

10-Clara Florence Thompson was born on 2 Feb 1873.

10-William Phillips Thompson was born on 4 Jan 1876 and died on 25 Feb 1880 at age 4.

10-Laura Beatrice Thompson was born on 13 Mar 1878.

10-Edith Maud Thompson was born on 31 Jan 1881.

9-Theodore Thompson was born on 2 Sep 1846 and died on 17 Jun 1874 at age 27.

Theodore married Harriet Groves. They had two children: William Theodore and Hatty Sarah.

10-William Theodore Thompson was born on 4 Jan 1873.

10-Hatty Sarah Thompson was born on 24 Jan 1875.

8-Katharine Robson was born on 15 Oct 1817 and died in Nov 1817.

8-Frances Robson was born on 15 Oct 1817 and died in Nov 1817.

8-Octavia Robson was born in 1828 and died in 1829 at age 1.

7-Jasper Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 8 Jan 1786 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 29 May 1786 in Gracechurch Street, London.

7-Jasper Capper<sup>4,30,66,101,269</sup> was born on 21 Apr 1787 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 4 Feb 1855 in Newington Common (Given as 1st February in the Annual Monitor) at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper & Warehouseman in Gracechurch Street, London.
- He had a residence in 1844 in Watling Street, All Hallows, London.

Jasper married Mary Cawthorne,<sup>4,30,66,269</sup> daughter of William Cawthorne and Elizabeth, on 20 Jul 1809 in FMH Westminster. Mary was born on 14 Mar 1785 in (1789 Also Given) and died on 17 Aug 1870 in Shirley, Southampton, Hampshire at age 85. They had 12 children: William Jasper, Mark, Cawthorne, Alfred, Henry, George, Caroline, Elizabeth Anne, Emily, Samuel James, Octavius, and Edmund.

8-William Jasper Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 11 May 1810 in York Place, Islington or Lombard St., London and died in 1891 in Hexham, Northumberland at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Linen & Canvas agent in 1871.
- He resided at 9 St Thomas Street in 1871 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

William married Jane Hall<sup>30</sup> on 3 Mar 1834. Jane was born about 1819 in South Shields, County Durham and died on 15 Jan 1858 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland about age 39. They had five children: Edward Hall, Jessie, Mary Elizabeth, Cawthorne Jasper, and Frank.

9-Edward Hall Capper was born on 5 Jun 1839 in Clerkenwell, London, died on 8 Apr 1883 in Rohallion, Newcastle, New South Wales, Australia at age 43, and was buried on 10 Apr 1883 in Sandgate Cemetery, Newcastle, New South Wales, Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Cardiff, Glamorgan, Wales.
- He worked as a Shipowner. E. H. Capper & Co. In 5 Mount Stuart Square, Cardiff, Glamorgan, Wales.
- He had a residence in 14 Buckland Crescent, Belsize Park, London.
- He worked as a Ship and Insurance broker in London.
- He emigrated to Sydney, New South Wales, Australia before 1867.
- He worked as a Ship broker and Commission agent, in partnership with Robert Barclay Wallace in 1867.
- Death Notice: Sydney Morning Herald, 16 Apr 1883, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

Edward married Emma Brooks.

9-Jessie Capper was born on 9 Jan 1841 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 26 Nov 1856 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 15.

9-Mary Elizabeth Capper was born on 18 May 1842 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Mary married William Jeffrey Elliott on 13 Aug 1872. William was born on 5 Jun 1842 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire. They had two children: Jessie Mary and Thomas Frank Capper.

10-Jessie Mary Elliott was born on 5 Jun 1873.

10-Thomas Frank Capper Elliott<sup>270</sup> was born on 26 May 1880 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 25 Jun 1963 in Pahiatua, New Zealand at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to New Zealand.

Thomas married Ethel Marie Knyvett in 1903. Ethel was born in 1885 and died on 27 Jan 1960 in Pahiatua, New Zealand at age 75. They had six children: Nancibell Mary Ida, Jessie Lorna Winifred, Frank Edward, Charles Cawthorne, Mildred, and Keith.

11-Nancibell Mary Ida Elliott was born on 16 Jun 1904 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand and died in 1939 in London at age 35.

11-Jessie Lorna Winifred Elliott was born on 8 Feb 1906 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand.

11-Frank Edward Elliott was born on 18 Dec 1907 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand.

11-Charles Cawthorne Elliott was born on 2 Jun 1909 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand and died on 22 Feb 1964 in Pahiatua, New Zealand at age 54.

11-Mildred Elliott was born on 13 Feb 1913 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand.

11-Rev. Keith Elliott VC<sup>270</sup> was born on 25 Apr 1916 in Apiti, Feilding, Manawatu, New Zealand and died on 7 Oct 1989 in Te Omanga Hospice, Lower Hutt, New Zealand at age 73.

General Notes: Keith Elliott was born (auspiciously) on 25 April 1916 in the backblocks settlement of Apiti, north-east of Feilding, the eighth of nine children of Thomas Frank Capper Elliott, a farmer, and his wife, Ethel Marie Knyvett. His first years were spent in Apiti; then the family lived in Feilding and on a succession of poor farms in the vicinity. Practical, keen on sport, but not academic, Keith was sent to Feilding Agricultural High School, where the headmaster, L. J. Wild, made a deep impression on him. Commencing farm work in 1933, in 1935 he became manager of a 96-acre family farm at Marima, near Pahiatua.

Four rough years, scraping out a living on the farm, were brought to an abrupt end with the outbreak of the Second World War. Elliott immediately enlisted in the Second New Zealand Expeditionary Force. He left New Zealand on 1 May 1940 with the 2nd Echelon as a private in the 22nd Battalion. After serving in England, he went with the battalion to the Middle East and took part in the fighting in Greece and Crete. Zest for life and a certain reckless jollity helped Elliott and his mates to survive in difficult conditions. Following the evacuation from Crete, he fought in the North African campaign. Now a sergeant, he was part of a group captured at Bardia (Al Bardi) on 27 November 1941, but was liberated early in January 1942. He then went with the division to Syria, where he was hospitalised with malaria.

On 15 July 1942, back in North Africa, his battalion was attacked by German tanks at Ruweisat. Elliott led his platoon to the cover of a ridge, where it re-formed. Under heavy fire, he then led seven men in a bayonet charge across open ground, seizing four machine-gun posts and an anti-tank gun. Coming under fire from another gun post, he charged and captured it on his own. Although badly wounded, he led his men to friendly lines and handed over 130 prisoners. For displaying 'great personal courage and leadership' during the action he was awarded the Victoria Cross.

Elliott was commissioned second lieutenant in May 1943. He was sent home in July that year and was discharged in December. Welcomed with great acclaim in the Pahiatua district, he remained modest and unassuming – a good Kiwi bloke. He resumed farming and on 2 February 1944, in Hastings, married Margaret Rachel Markham, whom he had met before the war. The couple began married life on a rehabilitation farm; they would have five children.

Elliott was an honest mix of toughness, hard drinking and earnest praying, but he now made a remarkable transition, becoming an Anglican clergyman. He was encouraged to enter the ministry by Michael Underhill, a former army chaplain, who assured him it was the best way to help his community. Elliott commenced training at College House, Christchurch, in February 1946; he was ordained deacon in 1947 and priest in 1948. His first curacy was at All Saints', Palmerston North, where he once stunned the congregation during a sermon by wheeling his bicycle into the church to illustrate his need for a car.

After serving as the first chaplain of the military training conscripts, he was sent in 1950 to assist Harry Squires at the Wellington City Mission. In 1952 he was appointed vicar of the isolated parochial district of Pongaroa, south-east of Pahiatua, where he was responsible for the building of a new church at Makuri. He became vicar of Pohangina (including Ashhurst and Bunnythorpe) in 1956. His idiosyncratic style of ministry included blunt remarks, preemptory decisions, and very practical aid – such as milking the cows of sick parishioners. His approach to fund-raising was also practical: using a trailer, he collected rags, dags and beer bottles from around the parish.

Elliott never grew accustomed to consultative decision-making and on the spur of the moment during one synod volunteered to join the Maori mission. In 1959 he was placed in the Wainui-arua pastorate, based at Raetihi, and in 1963 he was sent to the sprawling pastorate of Aotea– Kurahaupo, based in Putiki, Wanganui. Good nature and bluntness won him Maori friends despite his ignorance of the language.

In May 1966 Elliott returned to Wellington as assistant city missioner under Walter Arnold, a well-known pacifist. Although he made a significant contribution, he was eventually transferred out of the mission because of differences with the authorities over administering benefits. In 1973 he was appointed vicar of Makara and Karori West, and in 1977 he walked the length of New Zealand to raise money for a new church at Karori. He and his wife retired to Raumati in April 1981.

In 1967 Elliott wrote his autobiography, *From cowshed to dogcollar*, with the help of Rona Adshead. For some 40 years after the war he spent most of his birthdays away from home, speaking at Anzac Day services. He died of cancer on 7 October 1989 at the Te Omanga Hospice, Lower Hutt, survived by his wife and children. His down-to-earth honesty, modesty and no-nonsense faith impressed all who knew him.

Keith married Margaret Rachel Markham.

9-Cawthorne Jasper Capper<sup>30</sup> was born in 1844 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and was christened on 31 Jul 1844 in St. Andrew's, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ayton School 1856 To 1858 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

9-Frank Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 7 Aug 1847 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland, was christened on 6 Sep 1847 in St. Andrew's, Newcastle upon Tyne, and died in Mar 1872 in Drowned At Sea at age 24.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Ayton School 1857 To 1859 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.

• He worked as a 1st Mate, Merchant Seaman in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

William next married Jane Couper<sup>30</sup> on 17 Oct 1866. Jane was born on 24 Apr 1819 in South Shields, County Durham, was christened on 20 May 1819, and died in 1890 at age 71. They had no

children.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Her first husband was named James Ritchie.

8-Mark Capper<sup>30,40,100,214</sup> was born on 4 Nov 1811 in York Place, Islington and died on 28 Jul 1874 in Millbrook, Southampton, Hampshire at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.

Mark married Ellen Compton,<sup>30,40</sup> daughter of Samuel Compton<sup>4,25</sup> and Elizabeth Metford, on 14 Feb 1838. Ellen was born on 14 May 1819 and died on 23 Dec 1873 in Millbrook, Southampton, Hampshire (22nd also given) at age 54. They had 15 children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), (No Given Name), Ellen, Edith, Kate, Mark, Mary, Hugh, Ethel, Jasper, (No Given Name), Bertha, Mabel, and Paul.

9-Capper was born in 1838 and died in Still born.

9-Capper was born in 1839 and died in Still born.

9-Capper was born in 1840 and died in Still born.

9-Ellen Capper was born on 4 Sep 1841.

Ellen married William Wilks Waddington, son of John Waddington and Mary Abbott, on 20 Oct 1863. William was born on 27 Mar 1835. They had nine children: Ellen, Pomfrett, Hilda, Quintin, Hal, Jessie, John Jarl, Margaret, and Abbott Ralph.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Brasenose College, Oxford.

• He worked as a Schoolmaster.

10-Ellen Waddington was born on 20 Jun 1864.

10-Rev. Pomfrett Waddington was born on 14 May 1865 and was christened on 9 Apr 1871 in Eling, Hampshire.

10-Hilda Waddington was born on 27 Jun 1866 and was christened on 9 Apr 1871 in Eling, Hampshire.

10-Quintin Waddington was born on 2 Nov 1867 and was christened on 9 Apr 1871 in Eling, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FSA.
- He worked as a Curator of the Guildhall Museum in London.

Quintin married Maud Mary Hewitt, daughter of William Henry Hewitt and Mary, in 1902 in Samford, Suffolk. Maud was born in Copdock, Suffolk and was christened on 22 Jun 1870 in Holy Trinity, Paddington, London. They had one son: James Hilary Sheffield.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Ditchling, Sussex.

General Notes: Was she a sister to William Henry Hewitt (1884-1966) VC ?

11-James Hilary Sheffield Waddington was born on 21 Sep 1903 and died on 25 Jul 1989 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MBE FSA.
- He worked as an Archaeologist with the Department of Antiquities in 1932-1935 in Palestine.
- He worked as a Superintendent, Department of Archaeology North Western Circle in New Delhi, India.

James married **Ruth Elizabeth Florence Pollard**, daughter of **Evelyn Richard Hugh Pollard** and **Mary Emma Johnson**, on 30 Jul 1932. Ruth was born on 4 Aug 1905 and died on 10 Mar 1978 at age 72. They had three children: **Richard Hewitt Northcote**, **Martin Roger Capper**, and **Georgina Mary Fulton**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Viners Wood House, Painswick, Gloucestershire.

12-Richard Hewitt Northcote Waddington

Richard married Clare Leslie Stanhope Lovell. They had two children: Edward Martin Bain and Samantha Jaqueline Helen.

13-Edward Martin Bain Waddington

13-Samantha Jaqueline Helen Waddington

Richard next married Theresa Lord.

12-Martin Roger Capper Waddington was born on 5 Feb 1941 and died on 27 Jul 1949 at age 8.

12-Georgina Mary Fulton Waddington

Georgina married Göran Gabriel Malmström on 27 Sep 1963. Göran was born on 27 Jun 1936 and died on 17 Apr 2006 at age 69. They had four children: Bridget Kjerstin Mary, Ann Louise Fulton, Magnus Martin Gabriel Fulton, and Karl William Brooke.

13-Bridget Kjerstin Mary Malmström

Bridget married Jeffrey David Bickford. They had three children: William Jeffrey, Alexander Karl, and Elisabeth Mary Agneta.

14-William Jeffrey Bickford

14-Alexander Karl Bickford

14-Elisabeth Mary Agneta Bickford

13-Ann Louise Fulton Malmström

Ann married Philippe Fanac. They had two children: Tiffany and Charles Emile.

14-Tiffany Fanac

14-Charles Emile Fanac

13-Magnus Martin Gabriel Fulton Malmström

Magnus married Asa Margareta Lidman. They had two children: Mathilda Mary Louise and Viktoria Emma Georgina.

14-Mathilda Mary Louise Malmström

14-Viktoria Emma Georgina Malmström

#### 13-Karl William Brooke Malmström

10-Hal Waddington was born on 25 Mar 1869 in Southampton, Hampshire, was christened on 9 Apr 1871 in Eling, Hampshire, and died in 1933 in Chertsey, Surrey at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea Planter in Wayanad, Kerala, India.

Hal married Mary Ellen Warner,<sup>26</sup> daughter of Conrad Warner<sup>26,271</sup> and Mary Capper,<sup>26,271</sup> on 13 Sep 1901 in Bombay, India. Mary was born on 16 Jul 1879 in Winchmore Hill, London. They had two children: Conrad Hal and (No Given Name).

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895-Dec 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

11-Prof. Conrad Hal Waddington<sup>37</sup> was born on 8 Nov 1905 in Evesham, Worcestershire and died on 26 Sep 1975 in Newington Cottage, 15 Blacket Place, Edinburgh, Scotland at age 69.

General Notes: Waddington, Conrad Hal (1905-1975), geneticist and embryologist, was born in Evesham on 8 November 1905, the only son and elder child of Hal Waddington, a tea planter, and his wife, Mary Ellen Warner, who both came from long established Quaker families. Not only were they first cousins but so also were Mary Ellen's parents. Waddington spent his early years in India where his father was a tea planter in Madras. He returned to England at the age of four to live first with an aunt and uncle in the shadow of Bredon Hill, and then with his grandmother in Evesham. She and an elderly member of the Quaker meeting in Evesham, a Dr *[Thomas]* Doeg, were the main influences on him as a child. He describes the latter as 'almost the last surviving real ... scientist. By that I mean that he reckoned to deal with the whole of science' (cited in Robertson, 576).

From his preparatory school, Aymestrey House, Malvern Link, Waddington won a scholarship to Clifton College, followed by another to Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge, where he took a first class in part two of the natural sciences tripos in geology (1926). He chose geology 'because it seemed that becoming an oil geologist would be a good way of earning a living' (cited in Robertson, 578). However, his interests were many sided and he held at the same time an 1851 studentship in palaeontology and an Arnold Gerstenberg studentship in philosophy (1927). Gradually his interests moved towards evolutionary biology and genetics, partly due to the influence of his friend Gregory Bateson, son of William Bateson, who introduced genetics into Britain. Waddington worked for two years on the systematics of fossil ammonites but preferred to study living organisms and he published on the genetics of germination in stocks (1929) and a mathematical paper on genetics with J. B. S. Haldane (1931). In 1926 Waddington married Cecil Elizabeth (Lass), daughter of Cecil Henry Lascelles, sixth son of the fourth earl of Harewood. The couple had one son, Jake. In these early graduate years, Waddington, who was heavily built but light on his feet, was squire of the Cambridge Morris Men. He led the group on several tours and is said to have collected several morris dances which would otherwise have disappeared.

By 1930 Waddington had become interested in the work of Hans Spemann who had demonstrated induction in amphibia, that is, the ability of one group of cells in the embryo to influence the development of adjacent cells. Experimental grafts could lead to the development of a whole new nervous system. In 1930 Waddington approached Honor B. Fell, the director of the Strangeways Research Laboratory, Cambridge, with the aim of using chick embryos to study induction. His skills in operating on embryos were immediately evident and he soon demonstrated induction in the chick. He was a fellow of Christ's College, Cambridge, from 1934 to 1945.

Waddington's first marriage was dissolved in 1936. In the same year, on 8 August, he married (Margaret) Justin Blanco White (*b*. 1911/12), daughter of George Rivers Blanco White, recorder of Croydon. She was an architect, and through her Waddington's social circle grew to include figures from the contemporary arts, including Henry Moore, Ben Nicolson, Walter Gropius, and Laszlo Moholy-Nagy. Two daughters were born: Caroline became a social anthropologist, Dusa a mathematician.

In the mid-1930s Waddington, in collaboration with Joseph Needham, tried to identify the chemical nature of the inducing signal (work for which he was awarded the first Albert Brachet prize in 1936). He developed a number of concepts in relation to induction, the most significant being that of competence, which refers to the period during which cells can respond to an inducing signal. This interest eventually petered out, partly due to the coming of the Second World War and partly because it was discovered that many substances could mimic some of the properties of inducers.

Waddington was among the first in Britain to try to bring together embryology and genetics. He strongly supported the views of the American geneticist T. H. Morgan and stated that the fundamental agents that brought about embryonic development were the genes, and that the only satisfactory theory of embryology must be a theory of how the activities of genes were controlled. He summarized his views in his book Organisers and Genes (1940). He here defined epigenetics as the causal analysis of development and introduced a visual analogy of developmental pathways-the epigenetic landscape down which a developmental ball could run, being guided by the hills and valleys.

Waddington joined the operational research section at RAF Coastal Command during the war. In 1947 he was appointed to the chair of animal genetics at Edinburgh, which he combined with a post of geneticist for the Agricultural Research Council. He found there in 1947 an almost empty laboratory in which he created one of the largest genetics departments in the world. In addition to the animal breeding group, there were units with diverse financial support devoted to mutagenesis, protozoan genetics, and radiation mutagenesis in small animals. Waddington himself returned to his main interest in evolution and development. His book The Principles of Embryology (1956) was an essential text for a whole generation of young developmental biologists.

Waddington was convinced that the evolution of organisms must be regarded as the evolution of developmental systems. In this area he is particularly well known for his ideas on genetic assimilation and canalization which are summarized in The Strategy of the Genes (1957). Canalization is the buffering of developmental pathways, so that if development is perturbed slightly it will nevertheless regulate back to normality. Genetic assimilation refers to the situation in which an organism has a genetically determined adaptive response to an external stimulus, the

response then becoming established in the population in the absence of the external stimulus. He reported some remarkable experiments on the fruit fly *Drosophila* that supported these ideas.

Waddington played a major role in the organization of the International Biological Programme and it supported his four influential meetings on theoretical biology held in Bellagio, Italy. These brought together for the first time a diverse group of theoreticians and opened up new ways of thinking about development. The French mathematician René Thom tried, for example, to apply the mathematical concepts of catastrophe theory to developmental processes. Waddington was influenced by the philosopher Whitehead and was not persuaded that attempts to reduce biology to precise statements about molecules were the only true path to understanding. He remained interested in the arts and in philosophy and among his publications in 1969 was Behind Appearance, a study of modern art, in which he drew parallels between art and science. In 1972 he contributed to the Gifford lectures 'The nature of mind'. He tried to apply ideas about evolution to ethical issues. The fact that we are animals capable of thinking about ethics was for him itself a product of evolution. He argued that an examination of the direction of evolution could provide us with the criteria from which we could judge whether any ethical system was fulfilling its function. In his last years he was much interested in the future of human society and was a founder member of the Club of Rome.

Waddington became bald at the age of twenty-one and this, coupled with his erudition, caused many people to think that he was much older than he actually was. His interests remained wideranging and he loved both the visual arts and jazz. He was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1947 and of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, in 1948. He was appointed CBE in 1958. He held honorary degrees from Montreal (1958), Trinity College, Dublin (1965), Prague (1966), Aberdeen (1966), Geneva (1968), and Cincinnati (1971). Waddington died on 26 September 1975 outside his Edinburgh home, Newington Cottage, 15 Blacket Place. He was survived by his wife.

Alan Robertson, rev. L. Wolpert

Sources

A. Robertson, Memoirs FRS, 23 (1977), 575-622 · WWW · CCI (1976) · m. cert. (1936) Archives

Bodl. Oxf., corresp. with C. D. Darlington  $\cdot$  Rice University, Houston, Texas, Woodson Research Center, corresp. with Sir Julian Huxley  $\cdot$  RS, corresp. with Sir F. C. Bawden Likenesses

photograph, repro. in Robertson, Memoirs FRS

Wealth at death

£31,419.60: confirmation, 12 Jan 1976, CCI

© Oxford University Press 2004-14 All rights reserved: see legal notice Alan Robertson, 'Waddington, Conrad Hal (1905-1975)', rev. L. Wolpert, Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/31790

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE FRS FRSE.
- He worked as a Biologist, Paleontologist, Geneticist and Embryologist.
- He worked as a Professor of animal genetics at Edinburgh.

Conrad married Cecil Elizabeth Lascelles,<sup>37</sup> daughter of Cecil Henry Lascelles and Euphemia Carr Robinson, on 11 Jul 1927. The marriage ended in divorce in 1936. Cecil was born on 29 May 1894 and died on 6 Mar 1977 at age 82. They had one son: C. Jake.

# 12-Prof. C. Jake Waddington

Conrad next married Margaret Justin Blanco White,<sup>37</sup> daughter of George Rivers Blanco White and Amber Pember Reeves, on 8 Aug 1936. Margaret was born on 11 Dec 1911 and died on 1 Nov 2001 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 89. They had two children: Caroline and Margaret Dusa.

General Notes: Miss) Margaret Justin Blanco White was born on 11 December 1911. She came from an intellectually distinguished family. Her father, George Rivers Blanco White, was a lawyer who defended suffragettes and 'Irish conspirators'. He was called to the Bar in 1936. Her mother was the writer Amber Pember Reeves who had connections with New Zealand. From September 1929 she studied at the Architectural Association in London. In 1931 she was awarded a travelling scholarship by the AA with which she visited Austria. In 1932 she travelled in Russia and Germany and the following year, 1933, she was Henry Jarvis Student and she made a study tour of France. She sat the RIBA final examination in July 1934. It is not yet clear where she worked from 1934-38 but in 1936 she married Conrad Hal Waddington. He was a lecturer in Genetics and Fellow at Christs College Cambridge. The couple had two daughters. In the period 1938-39 she worked in an office in the United States. She was elected ARIBA in 1939, her proposers being Howard Robertson, E Maxwell Fry and C Dudley Harbron. At the time of her application she was working in an office in Hull. Her home address (perhaps she worked from there as well?) was Morton Hall, near Liberton. In the late 1940s (?) Margaret took post with the Civil Service post in Edinburgh.

In the Queen's Birthday Honours in June 1973 she was awarded the OBE for her work as superintending architect of the Scottish Office. She pioneered development work in standards for low-cost housing and contributed to the design of houses for old people. She wrote what was to become a definitive work on the design of hospital casualty and out-patient departments, a book later used all over the United Kingdom.

By 1987 she had retired and moved to Italy. She died on 1 November 2001 in Cambridge. Her husband had died in 1975. She was survived by her daughters, Dame Caroline Humphrey, an

anthropologist and Professor Margaret Dusa Waddington McDuff, a mathematician, both of whom are highly distinguished in their fields.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Architect.
- She was awarded with ARIBA OBE.

12-Dame Caroline Waddington

Caroline married Nicholas Humphrey. They had no children.

Caroline next married **Prof. Martin Rees Baron Rees of Ludlow**.

12-Prof. Margaret Dusa Waddington

Margaret married David W. McDuff. They had one daughter: (No Given Name).

13-**McDuff** 

Margaret next married John Willard Milnor. They had one son: (No Given Name).

13-Milnor

11-Waddington

10-Jessie Waddington was born on 31 Mar 1870.

10-John Jarl Waddington was born on 20 Nov 1871 and died in 1909 at age 38.

John married Margaret Muriel Stewart Helder.

10-Margaret Waddington was born on 22 Apr 1873.

10-Abbott Ralph Waddington was born on 19 May 1875.

9-Edith Capper<sup>100</sup> was born on 18 Jul 1844 and died on 25 May 1917 in Chiswick, London at age 72.

9-Kate Capper was born on 20 Mar 1846.

9-Mark Capper was born on 6 Nov 1847.

9-Mary Capper<sup>26,271</sup> was born on 1 Aug 1849.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

Mary married **Conrad Warner**,<sup>26,271</sup> son of **Charles Borham Warner**<sup>4</sup> and **Elizabeth Metford Compton**,<sup>4</sup> on 15 Oct 1873. Conrad was born on 14 Apr 1850 in Cripplegate, London and died on 10 Apr 1890 in Manhattan, New York, NY, USA at age 39. The cause of his death was Pneumonia. They had four children: **Conrad, Mark, Donald**, and **Mary Ellen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Footballer, playing for Upton Park.
- He worked as an English International football goal-keeper on 2 Mar 1878 in Hampden Park, Glasgow.

- He worked as a Stationer, with Partridge & Cooper in 191-192 Fleet Street, London.
- He had a residence in 1881 in Pritchard Villa, Manns Lane, Edmonton, London.
- He was a Quaker.

10-Conrad Warner<sup>271</sup> was born on 13 Oct 1874 in Pritchard Villa, Manns Lane, Edmonton, London and died on 30 Sep 1893 in Winchmore Hill, London at age 18.

10-Mark Warner was born in 1876 in Pritchard Villa, Manns Lane, Edmonton, London.

**10-Donald Warner** 

10-Mary Ellen Warner<sup>26</sup> was born on 16 Jul 1879 in Winchmore Hill, London.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895-Dec 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

11-Prof. Conrad Hal Waddington<sup>37</sup> was born on 8 Nov 1905 in Evesham, Worcestershire and died on 26 Sep 1975 in Newington Cottage, 15 Blacket Place, Edinburgh, Scotland at age 69.

General Notes: Waddington, Conrad Hal (1905-1975), geneticist and embryologist, was born in Evesham on 8 November 1905, the only son and elder child of Hal Waddington, a tea planter, and his wife, Mary Ellen Warner, who both came from long established Quaker families. Not only were they first cousins but so also were Mary Ellen's parents. Waddington spent his early years in India where his father was a tea planter in Madras. He returned to England at the age of four to live first with an aunt and uncle in the shadow of Bredon Hill, and then with his grandmother in Evesham. She and an elderly member of the Quaker meeting in Evesham, a Dr *[Thomas]* Doeg, were the main influences on him as a child. He describes the latter as 'almost the last surviving real ... scientist. By that I mean that he reckoned to deal with the whole of science' (cited in Robertson, 576).

From his preparatory school, Aymestrey House, Malvern Link, Waddington won a scholarship to Clifton College, followed by another to Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge, where he took a first class in part two of the natural sciences tripos in geology (1926). He chose geology 'because it seemed that becoming an oil geologist would be a good way of earning a living' (cited in Robertson, 578). However, his interests were many sided and he held at the same time an 1851 studentship in palaeontology and an Arnold Gerstenberg studentship in philosophy (1927). Gradually his interests moved towards evolutionary biology and genetics, partly due to the influence of his friend Gregory Bateson, son of William Bateson, who introduced genetics into Britain. Waddington worked for two years on the systematics of fossil ammonites but preferred to study living organisms and he published on the genetics of germination in stocks (1929) and a mathematical paper on genetics with J. B. S. Haldane (1931). In 1926 Waddington married Cecil Elizabeth (Lass), daughter of Cecil Henry Lascelles, sixth son of the fourth earl of Harewood. The couple had one son, Jake. In these early graduate years, Waddington, who was heavily built but light on his feet, was squire of the Cambridge Morris Men. He led the group on several tours and is said to have collected several morris dances which would otherwise have disappeared.

By 1930 Waddington had become interested in the work of Hans Spemann who had demonstrated induction in amphibia, that is, the ability of one group of cells in the embryo to influence the development of adjacent cells. Experimental grafts could lead to the development of a whole new nervous system. In 1930 Waddington approached Honor B. Fell, the director of the Strangeways Research Laboratory, Cambridge, with the aim of using chick embryos to study induction. His skills in operating on embryos were immediately evident and he soon demonstrated induction in the chick. He was a fellow of Christ's College, Cambridge, from 1934 to 1945.

Waddington's first marriage was dissolved in 1936. In the same year, on 8 August, he married (Margaret) Justin Blanco White (*b*. 1911/12), daughter of George Rivers Blanco White, recorder of Croydon. She was an architect, and through her Waddington's social circle grew to include figures from the contemporary arts, including Henry Moore, Ben Nicolson, Walter Gropius, and Laszlo Moholy-Nagy. Two daughters were born: Caroline became a social anthropologist, Dusa a mathematician.

In the mid-1930s Waddington, in collaboration with Joseph Needham, tried to identify the chemical nature of the inducing signal (work for which he was awarded the first Albert Brachet prize in 1936). He developed a number of concepts in relation to induction, the most significant being that of competence, which refers to the period during which cells can respond to an inducing signal. This interest eventually petered out, partly due to the coming of the Second World War and partly because it was discovered that many substances could mimic some of the properties of inducers.

Waddington was among the first in Britain to try to bring together embryology and genetics. He strongly supported the views of the American geneticist T. H. Morgan and stated that the fundamental agents that brought about embryonic development were the genes, and that the only satisfactory theory of embryology must be a theory of how the activities of genes were controlled. He summarized his views in his book Organisers and Genes (1940). He here defined epigenetics as the causal analysis of development and introduced a visual analogy of developmental pathways-the epigenetic landscape down which a developmental ball could run, being guided by the hills and valleys.

Waddington joined the operational research section at RAF Coastal Command during the war. In 1947 he was appointed to the chair of animal genetics at Edinburgh, which he combined with a post of geneticist for the Agricultural Research Council. He found there in 1947 an almost empty laboratory in which he created one of the largest genetics departments in the world. In addition to the animal breeding group, there were units with diverse financial support devoted to mutagenesis, protozoan genetics, and radiation mutagenesis in small animals. Waddington himself returned to his main interest in evolution and development. His book The Principles of Embryology (1956) was an essential text for a whole generation of young developmental biologists.

# Descendants of John Head

Waddington was convinced that the evolution of organisms must be regarded as the evolution of developmental systems. In this area he is particularly well known for his ideas on genetic assimilation and canalization which are summarized in The Strategy of the Genes (1957). Canalization is the buffering of developmental pathways, so that if development is perturbed slightly it will nevertheless regulate back to normality. Genetic assimilation refers to the situation in which an organism has a genetically determined adaptive response to an external stimulus, the response then becoming established in the population in the absence of the external stimulus. He reported some remarkable experiments on the fruit fly *Drosophila* that supported these ideas.

Waddington played a major role in the organization of the International Biological Programme and it supported his four influential meetings on theoretical biology held in Bellagio, Italy. These brought together for the first time a diverse group of theoreticians and opened up new ways of thinking about development. The French mathematician René Thom tried, for example, to apply the mathematical concepts of catastrophe theory to developmental processes. Waddington was influenced by the philosopher Whitehead and was not persuaded that attempts to reduce biology to precise statements about molecules were the only true path to understanding. He remained interested in the arts and in philosophy and among his publications in 1969 was Behind Appearance, a study of modern art, in which he drew parallels between art and science. In 1972 he contributed to the Gifford lectures 'The nature of mind'. He tried to apply ideas about evolution to ethical issues. The fact that we are animals capable of thinking about ethics was for him itself a product of evolution. He argued that an examination of the direction of evolution could provide us with the criteria from which we could judge whether any ethical system was fulfilling its function. In his last years he was much interested in the future of human society and was a founder member of the Club of Rome.

Waddington became bald at the age of twenty-one and this, coupled with his erudition, caused many people to think that he was much older than he actually was. His interests remained wideranging and he loved both the visual arts and jazz. He was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1947 and of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, in 1948. He was appointed CBE in 1958. He held honorary degrees from Montreal (1958), Trinity College, Dublin (1965), Prague (1966), Aberdeen (1966), Geneva (1968), and Cincinnati (1971). Waddington died on 26 September 1975 outside his Edinburgh home, Newington Cottage, 15 Blacket Place. He was survived by his wife.

Alan Robertson, rev. L. Wolpert

#### Sources

A. Robertson, Memoirs FRS, 23 (1977), 575-622 · WWW · CCI (1976) · m. cert. (1936)

Archives

Bodl. Oxf., corresp. with C. D. Darlington  $\cdot$  Rice University, Houston, Texas, Woodson Research Center, corresp. with Sir Julian Huxley  $\cdot$  RS, corresp. with Sir F. C. Bawden Likenesses

photograph, repro. in Robertson, Memoirs FRS

Wealth at death

£31,419.60: confirmation, 12 Jan 1976, CCI

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE FRS FRSE.
- He worked as a Biologist, Paleontologist, Geneticist and Embryologist.
- He worked as a Professor of animal genetics at Edinburgh.

12-Prof. C. Jake Waddington

12-Dame Caroline Waddington

12-Prof. Margaret Dusa Waddington

 $13\text{-}\mathbf{McDuff}$ 

13-Milnor

11-Waddington

9-Hugh Capper was born on 10 May 1851.

9-Ethel Capper was born on 2 May 1853.

9-Jasper Capper was born on 23 May 1855.

9-Capper was born on 23 May 1855 and died on 23 May 1855.

9-Bertha Capper was born on 28 Feb 1857.

9-Mabel Capper<sup>214</sup> was born on 15 Jan 1859 and died on 18 Oct 1876 in Southampton, Hampshire at age 17.

9-Paul Capper was born on 3 Mar 1861.

8-Capt. Cawthorne Capper<sup>269</sup> was born on 16 May 1813 in York Place, Islington, died on 14 Jan 1844 in Macao, China at age 30, and was buried in Gwulo-Macao Protestant Cemetery, Macao, China. General Notes: Power of attorney of Jasper Capper. A power of attorney (with a certificate of the Mayor of London) granted by Jasper Capper, Watling St, London, to Jardine, Matheson & Co., 23 December 1844, to pursue his claims on the estate of his son, Captain Cawthorne Capper, formerly of the schooner 'Pearl', who died at Macao. There are also four letters of January-September 1844 and an undated note.

6 items.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Captain of the schooner ship "Pearl".

8-Alfred Capper<sup>30,272</sup> was born on 5 Jan 1815 in York Place, Islington and died on 22 Jun 1861 in Unley, South Australia at age 46.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.

Alfred married Lucy Kekwick,<sup>30,272</sup> daughter of Daniel Kekwick<sup>30</sup> and Mary Ann Darton,<sup>30</sup> on 17 Jan 1844 in St. John's Church, Adelaide, Australia. Lucy was born on 27 Oct 1816 in London, died on 17 Jul 1908 in Unley, South Australia at age 91, and was buried on 18 Jul 1908 in Adelaide, South Australia. They had six children: Lucy Cawthorne, Henry Edmund, Ellen Mary, Alice, Alfred, and Grace Emily.

9-Lucy Cawthorne Capper was born on 5 Nov 1844 in Adelaide, South Australia, died on 7 Nov 1931 in Unley, South Australia at age 87, and was buried in Adelaide, South Australia.

9-Henry Edmund Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 27 Jul 1846 in Adelaide, South Australia, died on 16 Jun 1922 in Malvern, Victoria, Australia at age 75, and was buried in Mitchem, South Australia.

Henry married Emma Florence Townley<sup>30</sup> on 27 Jun 1880 in Adelaide, South Australia. Emma was born in 1857 and died on 2 Jul 1919 in Malvern, Victoria, Australia at age 62. They had five children: Ida Muriel, Theodora Beatrice, Florence Marjorie, Gertrude Evelyn, and Doris Elfreda.

10-Ida Muriel Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 26 Mar 1881.

10-Theodora Beatrice Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 29 Oct 1882 in Harrowville, South Australia.

10-Florence Marjorie Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 15 Mar 1884 in East Adelaide, South Australia.

10-Gertrude Evelyn Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 28 Jul 1886.

10-**Doris Elfreda Capper**<sup>30</sup> was born on 18 Aug 1890.

9-Ellen Mary Capper<sup>30,273</sup> was born on 25 May 1848 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 19 Nov 1917 in Lyndoch Valley, Adelaide, South Australia at age 69.

Ellen married Walter Barritt,<sup>30,273</sup> son of Joseph Barritt<sup>38,273,274</sup> and Hannah Sophia May,<sup>4,38,273</sup> on 28 Jan 1880 in Adelaide, South Australia. Walter was born on 23 Aug 1856 in Lyndoch Valley, Adelaide, South Australia and died on 3 Aug 1927 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia at age 70. They had six children: Natalie "Nancy" Lucy, Walter Reginald, Leighton Howard, Francis Cawthorne, Jasper Kenneth, and Clive Athelstan.

General Notes: BARRITT— CAPPER.— On the 28th January, at Unley, by the Rev. F. W. Cox, Walter, son of Joseph Barritt, Riverside, Lyndoch, to Ellen Mary, second daughter of the late Alfred Capper, Unley.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Riverside in Lyndoch Valley, Adelaide, South Australia.

10-Natalie "Nancy" Lucy Barritt<sup>273</sup> was born on 23 Mar 1881 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died in 1951 at age 70.

10-Walter Reginald Barritt<sup>30,273</sup> was born on 10 Nov 1882 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia, died on 10 Mar 1968 in 105 Maitland Road, Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia at age 85, and was buried on 12 Mar 1968 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia.

Walter married Lucie Gabrielle Tardent,<sup>30</sup> daughter of Henri Alexis Tardent<sup>30</sup> and Hortense Tardent,<sup>30</sup> on 28 Oct 1915 in Wynnum, Queensland, Australia. Lucie was born on 13 Aug 1895 in Bungeworgorai, Queensland, Australia, died on 28 Dec 1991 in Ipswich, Queensland, Australia at age 96, and was buried on 3 Jan 1992 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia. They had five children: Walter Jules, Joy Ethelwyn, Henry Clive, Letty Elaine, and Marjorie Ruth.

11-Walter Jules Barritt<sup>30</sup> was born about Jan 1917 in Tawah, Queensland, Australia, died on 18 Feb 1932 in Bundaberg, Queensland, Australia about age 15, and was buried in Booyal, Queensland, Australia.

11-Joy Ethelwyn Barritt<sup>30</sup> was born on 19 Sep 1919 between Cordalba and Childers, Queensland, Australia, died on 4 Dec 1997 near Booral, New South Wales, Australia at age 78, and was buried on 9 Dec 1997 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia.

Joy married Mervyn Stas Paxinos, son of Stas Paxinos and Grey. They had four children: Rhonda, Brenda, Kenneth Mervyn, and Leanda.

#### 12-Rhonda Paxinos

Rhonda married Stephen Gilbert. They had two children: Jodie Elise and Katrina Stacey.

13-Jodie Elise Gilbert

13-Katrina Stacey Gilbert

#### 12-Brenda Paxinos

Brenda married Peter Alan Wynstra in 1971. Peter was born in 1952 and died on 2 Oct 1984 in Mudgee, New South Wales, Australia at age 32. They had three children: Jason, Heidi, and Toni Anne.

13-Jason Wynstra

Jason married Annie.

13-Heidi Wynstra

Heidi married Rodney Gillett. They had three children: Darcy, Lydia, and Roy.

14-Darcy Gillett

14-Lydia Gillett

14-Roy Gillett

13-Toni Anne Wynstra

Toni married Warwick Behrens. They had one son: Ashen Jude.

14-Ashen Jude Behrens

Brenda next married David Levett.

## 12-Kenneth Mervyn Paxinos

Kenneth married Keryl Woollett. They had four children: Laura Jane, Andrew Kenneth, Timothy Allan, and Harriet Grace.

13-Laura Jane Paxinos

13-Andrew Kenneth Paxinos

13-Timothy Allan Paxinos

**13-Harriet Grace Paxinos** 

### 12-Leanda Paxinos

Leanda married Rodney Walter Lane. They had three children: Jessica Leigh Morgan, Meredith, and Benjamin.

13-Jessica Leigh Morgan Lane

13-Meredith Lane

13-Benjamin Lane

### **11-Henry Clive Barritt**

Henry married Lorna Annette Schumann,<sup>30</sup> daughter of Fredrick Wilhelm Schumann<sup>30</sup> and Ivy Amelia Coates,<sup>30</sup> on 3 Mar 1948 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia. Lorna was born on 30 Nov 1925 in Dulwich Hill, New South Wales, Australia, died on 5 Feb 2011 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia at age 85, and was buried on 11 Feb 2011 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia. They had three children: Wendy Joy, Ruth Annette, and Beverly June.

12-Wendy Joy Barritt

Wendy married Allan Gilbert Charles Morris, son of Rex Morris and Joyce Edna May Shugg. They had five children: Stephen Daniel James, Deborah Ruth, Peter John, Anna Jayne, and Kathryn Joy.

**13-Stephen Daniel James Morris** 

Stephen married Jacqueline Taylor.

13-Deborah Ruth Morris

Deborah married David Morrison, son of James Morrison and Debbie. They had two children: Joshua James and Lilli Grace.

14-Joshua James Morrison

14-Lilli Grace Morrison

13-Peter John Morris was born on 12 Apr 1981 in Dunedin, Otago, New Zealand, died on 20 Aug 1982 in Mount Druitt, New South Wales, Australia at age 1, and was buried in 1982 in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia.

### 13-Anna Jayne Morris

Anna married Matthew Paramor.

# 13-Kathryn Joy Morris

#### 12-Ruth Annette Barritt

Ruth married David John Webster, son of Leslie Allan James Webster<sup>30</sup> and Enid Margaret McLeod. They had three children: Mark Antony, Sharlene Gaye, and Luke Andre.

13-Mark Antony Webster

Mark married Chrysalma Macoto Albaciete, daughter of Romulo Bensorio Albaciete and Consorcian Suan Macoto. They had two children: Willem Henry and Lucas Alexei.

14-Willem Henry Webster

14-Lucas Alexei Webster

13-Sharlene Gaye Webster

Sharlene married Trevor Keith Mawer, son of Keith Mawer and Carol Irene Harvey.

13-Luke Andre Webster

### 12-Beverly June Barritt

Beverly married Alvin Frederick Christian, son of Harold Richard Christian and Carma Bernice Sudholz. They had two children: Jonathan Luke and Tiani Ruth.

13-Jonathan Luke Christian

13-Tiani Ruth Christian

Tiani married David Anthony Page, son of David Page and Irene Nubrich. They had one daughter: Kyrah Christiana.

14-Kyrah Christiana Page

### 11-Letty Elaine Barritt

Letty married **Raymond Walsh**. Raymond died on 29 Sep 2001 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and was buried in Cooranbong, New South Wales, Australia. They had four children: **Stanley, Rex, Lyndon Jay**, and **Colleen May**.

12-Stanley Walsh

Stanley married Linda Mercer.

Stanley next married Glynis Elizabeth Rowland. They had two children: Sarah Elizabeth and Gareth Lindsay.

13-Sarah Elizabeth Rowland

13-Gareth Lindsay Rowland

12-Rex Walsh

Rex married Marion Liggett. They had two children: Lisette Anne and Andrew Karl.

13-Lisette Anne Walsh

13-Andrew Karl Walsh

12-Lyndon Jay Walsh

Lyndon married Glenda Cowley. They had one daughter: Brittany Victoria.

13-Brittany Victoria Walsh

Lyndon next married Marshall Suzanne.

12-Colleen May Walsh

Colleen married Sandy Ting Ann Chang. They had two children: Jared Wei Yian and Jessica Seik Choo.

13-Jared Wei Yian Chang

13-Jessica Seik Choo Chang

# 11-Marjorie Ruth Barritt

Marjorie married Roy Entermann, son of Frederick James Christian Entermann and Isabella Farquhar Thomson. They had six children: David Roy, Calvin John, Gary Neil, Linda Jane, Alan Clive, and Sandra Joy.

12-David Roy Entermann

David married Lisa-Maree Landall. They had two children: Erin Lucie and Michaela Alice.

13-Erin Lucie Entermann

13-Michaela Alice Entermann

### 12-Calvin John Entermann

Calvin married Patricia (Partner) Anderson. They had three children: Ryan, Robert Wayne, and Andrew James.

13-Ryan Entermann

Ryan married Candina Wyles. They had two children: Zakiah Lily-Mae Gnutu and Jannali.

14-Zakiah Lily-Mae Gnutu Entermann

14-Jannali Entermann

13-Robert Wayne Entermann

13-Andrew James Entermann

Calvin next married Robyn-Maree Summergreene. They had one son: Bradley John.

13-Bradley John Entermann

### 12-Gary Neil Entermann

Gary married Leanne Gaye Wardrop. They had three children: Braedan Roy, Calum James, and Phoebe-Ann.

13-Braedan Roy Entermann

13-Calum James Entermann

13-Phoebe-Ann Entermann

12-Linda Jane Entermann

Linda married Patrick Reinhardt Shaw. They had two children: Talitha Amy and Anikah Bly.

13-Talitha Amy Shaw

13-Anikah Bly Shaw

12-Alan Clive Entermann

Alan married Kylie Jane Wardrop. They had two children: Jacob Levi and Bailey Samuel.

13-Jacob Levi Entermann

13-Bailey Samuel Entermann

Alan next married Elizabeth. They had one daughter: Isabella Ebee.

13-Isabella Ebee Entermann

12-Sandra Joy Entermann

10-Leighton Howard Barritt<sup>273</sup> was born on 12 Oct 1884 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died on 8 Feb 1902 in Mount Crawford, South Australia at age 17.

10-Francis Cawthorne Barritt<sup>273</sup> was born on 11 Feb 1886 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died in 1985 at age 99.

10-Jasper Kenneth Barritt<sup>273</sup> was born on 17 Aug 1888 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died in 1959 at age 71.

Jasper married someone. He had one daughter: Lola.

# 11-Lola Barritt

10-Clive Athelstan Barritt<sup>273</sup> was born on 14 May 1890 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia and died on 18 Mar 1896 in Lyndoch, Adelaide, South Australia at age 5.

9-Alice Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 27 May 1850 in Unley, South Australia, died on 8 Jul 1887 in Unley, South Australia at age 37, and was buried in Jul 1887 in Walkerville, South Australia.

Alice married Howard Gore,<sup>30</sup> son of Alfred Gore<sup>30</sup> and Mary Sophia,<sup>30</sup> on 19 Jan 1877 in Adelaide, South Australia. Howard was born on 9 Jan 1851 in Devon, died on 16 Nov 1903 at age 52, and was buried in Nov 1903 in Walkerville, South Australia. They had five children: Arnold, Roger, Dorothy Alice, Kathleen Marguerite, and Howard Palmerston.

10-Arnold Gore<sup>30</sup> was born on 17 Mar 1878 in North Adelaide, South Australia, died on 9 Aug 1884 in Unley, South Australia at age 6, and was buried in Aug 1884 in Walkerville, South Australia.

10-Roger Gore<sup>30</sup> was born on 20 Jan 1880 in North Adelaide, South Australia, died on 8 Feb 1884 in North Adelaide, South Australia at age 4, and was buried in Feb 1884 in Walkerville, South Australia.

10-Dorothy Alice Gore<sup>30</sup> was born on 2 Jun 1882 in North Unley, South Australia, died on 4 Feb 1885 in Unley, South Australia at age 2, and was buried in Feb 1885 in Walkerville, South Australia.

10-Kathleen Marguerite Gore<sup>30</sup> was born on 25 Feb 1885 in Unley, South Australia.

Kathleen married Matthew Henry Johnson.

10-Howard Palmerston Gore<sup>30</sup> was born on 26 Jun 1887 in Unley, South Australia, died on 10 Dec 1887 in Alberton, South Australia, and was buried in Dec 1887 in Walkerville, South Australia.

9-Alfred Capper was born on 10 Dec 1852 in Unley, South Australia and died on 20 Apr 1853 in Unley, South Australia.

9-Grace Emily Capper was born on 20 Apr 1854 in Adelaide, South Australia and died on 8 Nov 1865 in Unley, South Australia at age 11.

8-Henry Capper was born on 6 Sep 1816 in York Place, Islington and died on 9 Feb 1875 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.

Henry married Louise Dubé. They had two children: Louise Caroline Lillie and Edith.

9-Louise Caroline Lillie Capper was born in 1855.

9-Edith Capper

8-George Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 20 Jan 1818 in York Place, Islington.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.

8-Caroline Capper<sup>4,166</sup> was born on 17 Jan 1820.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker until she resigned in 1877.

Caroline married Edward Westlake,<sup>4,166</sup> son of William Colson Westlake<sup>4,157</sup> and Mary Thompson,<sup>4,157,275</sup> on 12 Sep 1839. Edward was born on 22 Jun 1818 in Southampton, Hampshire. They had 13 children: Emily Mary, Ada Caroline, Ellen, Clara, Caroline, Marion, Florence, Edward, Herbert, Dora, Juliet, Algernon, and Evelyn.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Corn merchant in Southampton, Hampshire.

• He was a Quaker until he resigned in 1877.

9-Emily Mary Westlake<sup>4,166</sup> was born on 24 Jun 1840 in Southampton, Hampshire.

Emily married Henry Thompson,<sup>4,166</sup> son of Samuel Thompson<sup>4,166,275,276</sup> and Letitia Neave,<sup>4,166,276</sup> on 10 Sep 1863. Henry was born on 9 Jul 1840 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1932 at age 92. They had 16 children: Walter Henry, Charles Edward, Edith Mary, Samuel, Emily Florence, John Bernard, Henry, Herbert Westlake, Ada Margaret, George William, Albert Philip, Thomas Christopher, Stephen Godfrey, (No Given Name), Michael H., and Ellen Maria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canvas manufacturer.
- He resided at Riverside House in 1881 in Avondale, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He resided at Bridge House in 1901 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

10-Walter Henry Thompson was born on 27 Jul 1864 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

10-Charles Edward Thompson was born on 15 Aug 1865 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

10-Edith Mary Thompson<sup>166</sup> was born on 12 Nov 1866 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

10-Samuel Thompson<sup>166</sup> was born on 23 Apr 1868 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

10-Emily Florence Thompson was born on 5 Jun 1869 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire. Another name for Emily was Emily Hanna Thompson.<sup>166</sup>

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1881 in Bournemouth, Dorset.

10-John Bernard Thompson<sup>166</sup> was born on 31 Dec 1870 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

10-Henry Thompson<sup>166</sup> was born on 26 Jan 1872 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

10-Herbert Westlake Thompson<sup>166</sup> was born on 20 May 1873 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Merchant's Clerk.

10-Ada Margaret Thompson<sup>166</sup> was born on 2 Sep 1874 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

10-George William Thompson<sup>166</sup> was born on 10 Sep 1875 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Merchant's Clerk.

**10-Albert Philip Thompson** 

**10-Thomas Christopher Thompson** 

**10-Stephen Godfrey Thompson** 

10-Thompson

10-Michael H. Thompson

10-Ellen Maria Thompson

9-Ada Caroline Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 30 Oct 1841 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Ellen Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 29 Mar 1843 in Southampton, Hampshire.

Ellen married **Rev. Albert Hudson**, son of **Robert Hudson**, on 10 Feb 1870. Albert was born on 4 Jan 1841 in Roundhay, Leeds, Yorkshire (July also given) and died on 11 Apr 1877 at age 36. They had five children: **Robert Sidney, Norman Westlake, Hilda Marion, Albert Wilfrid**, and **Arthur Cyril**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Bingley in Bingley, Yorkshire.

10-Robert Sidney Hudson was born on 18 Nov 1870.

Robert married Maude Murray Vesey, daughter of Rev. Thomas Agmondisham Vesey and Kathleen Hannah Murray Alexander.

10-Norman Westlake Hudson was born on 6 Feb 1872 and died in 1940 at age 68.

10-Hilda Marion Hudson was born on 4 Jul 1873.

10-Albert Wilfrid Hudson was born on 23 Aug 1874 in Bingley, Yorkshire and died on 25 Sep 1940 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Landscape painter.

10-Dr. Arthur Cyril Hudson was born on 30 Nov 1875 and died on 13 May 1962 at age 86.

General Notes: A. C. HUDSON, M.D., F.R.C.S. St. Thomas's Hospital has lost another senior member of its consultant staff with the death on May 13 of Mr. A. C. Hudson, who had been senior ophthalmic surgeon at St. Thomas's and also consulting surgeon to the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital (Moorfields). He was 86 years of age. Arthur Cyril Hudson, who was born on November 30, 1875, was the son of the Rev. Albert Hudson, of Bingley, Yorks. He was educated at Rugby and Trinity College, Cambridge, where besides distinguishing himself academically he gained his half-blue for lawn tennis and his place in the college rugby football team, a famous Trinity XV which was long remembered. He then came to St. Thomas's Hospital as university scholar. His distinguished sports career was continued at his hospital, whose lawn-tennis VI he captained and led to victory in the inter-hospitals cup. He was also captain of the hospital rugby XV in 1901-2, being one of the finest forwards of his day for his weight. After graduating M.B., B.Ch. in 1902 he was successively house-surgeon, junior and senior ophthalmic house - surgeon, and ophthalmic registrar before being appointed ophthalmic surgeon to the out-patient department in 1915. Some years before this he had been house-surgeon for three years and later curator of the museum at the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, joining the consultant staff there in 1913 as assistant surgeon. He remained on the Moorfields staff for fifteen years. He took the F.R.C.S. in 1905 and proceeded M.D. at Cambridge in the next year. At St. Thomas's Hudson moved up from ophthalmic surgeon to out-patients to ophthalmic surgeon in 1924, and he retired from the active staff on reaching the age of 60 in 1935. But during the second world war he returned to give active help, and up to 1945 he was still making the journey to the branch of St. Thomas's Hospital at Hydestile, near Godalming, to lecture to students evacuated from the parent hospital. Hudson was a past-president of the Ophthalmological Section of the Royal Society of, Medicine, and past vice-president of the Ophthalmological Society of the United Kingdom and of the Council of British Ophthalmologists. G. G. P. writes: Hudson's professional work was of the highest order and his powers of observation quite uncanny -the despair of the house-surgeon or registrar who thought that he had observed every point. He was a most skilled and painstaking operator and an acute diagnostician. Unfortunately he did not commit many of his very wise sayings on ophthalmology to publication. Because of his pronounced lack of the sense of time and the gentle melancholy with which he approached his patients (though nothing could have been kinder than his treatment of them), he figured frequently in the St. Thomas's Christmas shows of the post-1918 period, and "Huddy" stories are legion. He continued to take great interest in sport, being for many years president of the St. Thomas's Hospital lawn tennis club: and through his generosity the medical school obtained a hard tennis court and squash courts. His association with the rugby football club also lasted for a long time. A very skilful fisherman, he spent most of his holidays pursuing the salmon on the Oykel and Brora; and he was a very knowledgeable naturalist. He was a lover of antique furniture, carpets, and china, and his house in Queen Anne Street (where he entertained his friends and assistants so lavishly) was a museum of beautiful pieces. He was the most lovable character, so that even after a somewhat frustrating session, finishing with the extrication of patients lost or mislaid in the darkroom, his helpers would only smile and say, "Just like Huddy, as usual." Yet nothing could have been more methodical than his examination of a case. He retired from Moorfields in 1928 and from St. Thomas's in 1935, and shortly after this the illness that clouded his later years began to affect him. Through this he was really never able in his retirement to enjoy the many interests for which he would then have had more time. He was unmarried.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD FRCS.
- He worked as an Opthalmic Surgeon.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 26 May 1962.

9-Clara Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 29 May 1845 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Caroline Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 8 Mar 1847 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Marion Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 13 Nov 1848 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Florence Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 11 Sep 1851 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Edward Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 3 Aug 1853 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Herbert Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 30 Dec 1854 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Dora Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 29 Feb 1856 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Juliet Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 17 Oct 1857 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Algernon Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 5 May 1859 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Evelyn Westlake<sup>4</sup> was born on 20 Jan 1861 in Southampton, Hampshire.

8-Elizabeth Anne Capper<sup>166</sup> was born on 3 Apr 1822 in City Road, London (4 March also given) and died on 12 Apr 1892 at age 70.

Elizabeth married **William Reynolds Neave**,<sup>166</sup> son of **Josiah Neave**<sup>166</sup> and **Mary Ann Reynolds**,<sup>15,165,166,216,277</sup> on 8 May 1856 in FMH Fordingbridge. William was born on 7 Jan 1830 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 2 Nov 1903 in Bickton, Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller & farmer in Bickton Mills, Hampshire.

8-Emily Capper was born on 30 Nov 1823 in London and died on 27 Mar 1838 at age 14.

8-Dr. Samuel James Capper<sup>234,278</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1825 in Southampton, Hampshire and died in 1912 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: Certificate of Removal from Gracechurch Street MM, 25 Jun 1846, Hardshaw West MM.

• He worked as a Druggists assistant in 1846 in Liverpool.

• He worked as a Physician of Liverpool.

• He was A Quaker until his resignation on 29 Apr 1858 in Hardshaw West MM.

• He worked as a President of the Lancashire and Cheshire Entomological Society.

Samuel married Harriet Anna Turner<sup>279</sup> on 25 May 1858. Harriet was born on 23 Jun 1837. They had nine children: Emily, Henry, Edmund, Percy, Annie, Jessie, Ada, Lucy, and Arthur.

9-Emily Capper was born on 6 Mar 1859 in Liverpool.

9-Henry Capper was born on 1 Nov 1860 in Liverpool and died on 24 Feb 1940 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Homeopathic Chemist.

Henry married Amy Elizabeth Jaques. They had three children: Cawthorne, Joyce, and Jean.

10-Cawthorne Capper was born on 23 Jun 1892 in Liverpool and died on 11 Sep 1968 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada at age 76.

10-Joyce Capper was born on 11 Nov 1893 in Liverpool and died on 9 Mar 1984 in Lincolnshire at age 90.

Joyce married Frederick Bullen.

10-Jean Capper was born on 9 May 1895 in Liverpool and died on 13 Sep 1970 at age 75.

Jean married Robert Hugh Snape. Robert was born in 1886. They had one son: Martin Guy.

11-Dr. Martin Guy Snape was born on 6 Mar 1929 and died on 28 Mar 2010 at age 81.

General Notes: My colleague Martin Snape, who has died aged 81, arrived at Durham University in 1952 to study for a PhD, and lived in the city for the rest of his life, becoming an expert on the archives of Durham's medieval cathedral.

He was enormously generous in using his knowledge to help those who came to work on the archive, and was a careful and gentle trainer and mentor of younger colleagues. Although he was never given very much time for research, he wrote several articles and in 2002 published two volumes of Durham Episcopal Acta, the official documents issued by the bishops from 1153 to 1237. He sometimes gave talks to local organisations and was, just once, sufficiently irritated by a man who found it difficult to believe that Martin, an expert on English church history, was not an Anglican but an agnostic, to ask the man whether he would expect someone who lectured on zoology to be a gorilla.

He was the son of RH Snape, a schoolmaster and wartime civil servant who wrote the standard book on the finances of monasteries. Martin was educated at the Friends' school in Saffron Walden, Essex, then in Canada during the second world war, and later by his father for a short time, before reading history at Emmanuel College, Cambridge, where he rowed in one of the

college eights. From Cambridge he went to Durham to work on his PhD thesis, on Bishop Walter Skirlaw.

The following year, he became the first assistant keeper in palaeography and diplomatic; that is, he became an archivist in the record office that the university ran, before the northern county councils had their own offices. So he became involved in the acquisition and care of, literally, tonnes of documents from not only County Durham but also Northumberland and Cumbria. He became a member of St Cuthbert's society, one of the university's colleges, was for many years a tutor and for a smaller number of years coached some of its oarsmen; he was offered the post of senior tutor of St Cuthbert's in the 1960s, but in 1956 he had married Marjorie Graham, and their growing family and the archives he cared for might have suffered if he had accepted the job.

Among Martin's interests were church buildings and gardening. He knew a lot about both, and was a member of Durham Cathedral's fabric committee, advising the consultant architect about the maintenance of the building and its precious contents.

In recent years Martin had worked hard caring for Marjorie, who died in 2008. He is survived by their children Harriet, Alison, Guy and Kit. *Patrick Mussett* 

The Guardian, Tuesday 18 May 2010

Noted events in his life were:

- His obituary was published in The Guardian on 18 May 2010.
- He was educated at Friends' School, Saffron Walden.
- He was educated at Emmanuel College, Cambridge.
- He was educated at University of Durham.
- He worked as an Archivist in Durham, County Durham.

Martin married Marjorie Graham in 1956. Marjorie died in 2008. They had four children: Harriet, Alison, Guy, and Kit.

### 12-Harriet Snape

12-Alison Snape

12-Guy Snape

12-Kit Snape

9-Edmund Capper was born on 28 Feb 1862 in Liverpool.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Medical student.

9-Percy Capper<sup>279</sup> was born on 7 Feb 1864 in Liverpool and died in 1944 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Honorary Surgeon in Homeopathic Hospital, Tunbridge Wells, Kent.
- He worked as a Physician of St. Leonard's on Sea & Bexhill on Sea.

Percy married Margaret Sangster<sup>279</sup> in 1894. Margaret was born about 1863 and died in 1945 about age 82. They had one son: Percival Leonard.

10-Percival Leonard Capper<sup>279</sup> was born in 1895 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil Engineerand specialist in Soil mechanics.
- He worked as a Reader in Civil Engineering, University College, London.

Percival married Adria Kathleen Halford,<sup>279</sup> daughter of Robert Alexander Halford and Fanny Emma Dun, in 1927. Adria was born in 1897. They had two children: John and Brian.

11-Dr. John Capper

11-Brian Capper

Brian married Joscelyne Amy Stewart Monteith in 1958. Joscelyne died in Jul 2009.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence.

9-Annie Capper was born on 11 Jul 1865 in Liverpool.

9-Jessie Capper was born on 21 Oct 1866 in Liverpool.

Jessie married Herbert Henry Corbett, son of Edward Corbett and Margaret Bentham,<sup>268</sup> in 1892 in Prescot, Lancashire. Herbert was born in 1856 and died on 5 Jan 1921 in Doncaster, Yorkshire at age 65. They had three children: Jessie Capper, Emily Margaret, and Mary Bentham.

10-Jessie Capper Corbett was born in 1894 in Doncaster, Yorkshire, died in 1982 in Birdham, Chichester, West Sussex at age 88, and was buried in St. James' Cemetery, Birdham, Chichester, West Sussex. She had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Emily Margaret Corbett was born in 1895 in Doncaster, Yorkshire.

10-Mary Bentham Corbett was born in 1897 in Doncaster, Yorkshire, died in 1982 in Birdham, Chichester, West Sussex at age 85, and was buried in St. James' Cemetery, Birdham, Chichester, West Sussex. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Ada Capper was born on 2 Aug 1868 in Liverpool.

9-Lucy Capper was born on 4 Nov 1869 in Liverpool and died on 17 Mar 1871 in Liverpool at age 1.

9-Arthur Capper was born on 23 Nov 1870 in Liverpool.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Denstist in New Brighton, Liverpool.

Arthur married Nora Beatrice Kitchen on 4 Sep 1901 in St Mary the Virgin, West Derby, Liverpool. Nora was born in 1877.

8-Octavius Capper was born on 8 Jul 1827 in Southampton, Hampshire and died on 3 Jun 1885 at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Timber merchant in Southampton, Hampshire.

Octavius married Ellen Loader Fry, daughter of Capt. John Fry RN and Elizabeth Donnet, on 29 Oct 1857. Ellen was born on 7 Apr 1827 in Weymouth, Dorset, was christened on 2 May 1827 in St. Mary's, Melcombe Regis, Dorset, and died in 1900 in Windsor, Berkshire at age 73. They had five children: Alfred Octavius, George William, Henry Cawthorne, Margaret Eliza, and Charles Arthur.

9-Alfred Octavius Capper<sup>51</sup> was born on 8 Sep 1858 in Southampton, Hampshire and died in 1921 in Travelling from France back to England at age 63.

General Notes: Alfred Octavius Capper, writing of Rev. Dr. Samuel Rolles Driver, said. "My father had a partner - a Mr. Driver. It is a rather interesting and remarkable fact that the sons of the partners in this timber business, who were each intended to follow in their fathers' footsteps, should have adopted such very different professions. I became a thought-reader and Mr. Driver's son became the Rev. S. R. Driver, D.D., Canon of Christ Church, Oxford, and Regius Professor of Hebrew at the University, and one of the most famous Biblical critics of all time. He was also of Quaker descent."

**CAPPER, Alfred Octavius** s of late Octavius Capper of Southampton; m 1913, Bettina Maud, d of late W. B. Partridge, JP, and widow of late H. R. Trafford, JP, of Michaelchurch Court, Herefordshire; died 11 March 1921

demonstrator of thought transmission and other mysterious phenomena

Education Springhill School, Southampton

**Career** For 30 years presented his drawing-room entertainment and thought-reading-séance in most towns of the United Kingdom, also in France, Switzerland, and Italy; appeared by royal command at Windsor Castle and Marlborough House, and personally 'experimented' in thought-reading with King George V and Duke of Connaught, also with Madame Sarah Bernhardt at her residence in Paris; also appeared at 500 public and preparatory schools; his various performances yielded over £60,000 to charitable institutions. During 1912 travelled 50,000 miles and gave 200 séances throughout India, Burma, Malaya, and Ceylon; his entertainment realised £5000 for War Charities and was witnessed by 600,000 soldiers in England, France, and Germany **Publications** A Rambler's Recollections and Reflections

**Recreation** Sport generally

Address 15 Egerton Gardens, SW. Michaelchurch Court, Hereford

'CAPPER, Alfred Octavius', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc

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Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Entertainer and "Thought reader".

Alfred married **Bettina Maud Partridge**<sup>51</sup> in 1913. Bettina was born in 1874 in Abergavenny, Monmouth.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Michaelchurch Court, Eywas Lacy, Herefordshire.

9-Maj. George William Capper was born on 29 May 1860 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Henry Cawthorne Capper was born on 29 May 1860 in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Margaret Eliza Capper<sup>280</sup> was born on 13 Oct 1861 in Southampton, Hampshire.

Margaret married **Theodore Francis Gibson**,<sup>280</sup> son of **Edmund Birch Gibson**<sup>7,47,281</sup> and **Mary Marriage**,<sup>7</sup> on 9 May 1889 in Bassett, Southampton, Hampshire. Theodore was born on 3 Feb 1864 in Saffron Walden, Essex and died on 8 May 1900 in Clacton on Sea, Essex at age 36. They had three children: **Margaret Dora, Mary**, and **Phyllis Frances**.

10-Margaret Dora Gibson<sup>280</sup> was born on 14 Mar 1890 in Slough, Berkshire.

10-Mary Gibson<sup>280</sup> was born on 28 May 1891 in Slough, Berkshire.

10-Phyllis Frances Gibson<sup>280</sup> was born on 1 Mar 1895 in Slough, Berkshire.

9-Charles Arthur Capper was born on 18 Oct 1866.

8-Dr. Edmund Capper<sup>30,97,271,282</sup> was born on 12 Jul 1830 in London and died on 18 Oct 1903 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician & Homeopathic Chemist in 33 Gay Street, Walcot, Bath, Somerset.

Edmund married Hannah Naish,<sup>30,271,282</sup> daughter of William Naish<sup>4,8,10,31,37,63,72</sup> and Frances Capper,<sup>4,8,37,63,72</sup> on 20 Aug 1857 in FMH Bath. Hannah was born on 7 Jul 1820 in London and died on 13 Jul 1901 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 81. They had three children: Edmund, Jessie, and William.

9-Edmund Capper was born on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

9-Jessie Capper was born on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

9-William Capper<sup>271</sup> was born on 25 Nov 1860 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Mar 1893 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 32.

7-Frances Capper<sup>4,8,37,63,72</sup> was born on 4 Aug 1788 in Gracechurch Street, London<sup>31</sup> and died on 20 Jun 1862 at age 73.

Frances married William Naish,<sup>4,8,10,31,37,63,72</sup> son of Francis Naish<sup>4,37,206</sup> and Susannah Evill,<sup>4,37,206</sup> on 15 Dec 1813 in FMH Gracechurch Street, London. William was born on 9 Mar 1785 in High Street, Bath, Somerset, died on 3 Mar 1860 in 6 Great Widcombe Street, Walcot, Bath, Somerset. at age 74, and was buried in FBG Widcombe Hill, Bath. They had eight children: Clement, Arthur John, Katherine, Lucy, Hannah, Catherine, William Capper, and Ann Capper.

General Notes: NAISH, WILLIAM (1785-1860), Quaker writer, son of Francis Naish, silversmith, by Susanna, his wife, was born in High Street, Bath, on 9 March 1785. Coming to London, he opened a haberdasher's shop in Gracechurch Street. He interested himself in the anti-slavery movement, and published a large number of tracts and pamphlets in favour of that cause. During 1829 and 1830 he opened a depository at his shop in Gracechurch Street for the sale of these and other publications. He afterwards lived at Maidstone and) at Bath, where he died on 4 March 1860 aged 75. lie was buried in the Friends' burial-ground at Widcombe Hill, near Bath. He married Frances, daughter of Jasper Capper, and sister of Samuel Capper, author of 'The Acknowledged Doctrines of the Church of Rome, 'London, 1849. His son, Arthur John Naish (181(3-1889), was co- founder with Paul Bevan[see under BEVAN, JOSEPH GURNEY] of the valuable 'Bevan-Naish Library ' of Friends' books, now deposited in the library, Dr. Johnson Passage, Birmingham. Naish's chief publications, nearly all undated, are: 1. 'The Negro's Remembrancer,' in thirteen numbers; many of the later numbers ran to second and third editions. 2. 'The Negro's Friend,' in twenty-six numbers. 3. ' A Short History of the Poor Black Slaves who are employed in cultivating Sugar, Cotton, Coffee, &c. Intended to make little Children in England pity them, and use their Endeavours to relieve them from Bondage.' 4. 'Reasons for using East Indian Sugar,' 1828 : this proceeded to a fifth edition. 5. ' A Brief Description of the Toil and Sufferings of Slaves in the British Sugar Colonies . . . by several Eye-witnesses.' 6. ' The Negro Mother's Appeal' (in verse). 7. 1 A Comparison between Distressed English Labourers and the Coloured People and Slaves of the West Indies, from a Jamaica Paper.' 8. 'Plead the Cause of the Poor and Needy.' 9. ' The Advantages of Free Labour over the Labour of Slaves. Elucidated in the Cultivation of Pimento, Ginger, and Sugar.' 10. ' Biographical Anecdotes : Perso

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth.
- He worked as a Haberdasher. Writer. Publisher in London.
- He worked as a Grocer, Wine and Porter merchant in Bath, Somerset.
- He had a residence in 1847 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- Miscellaneous: Annual Monitor gives his death as, 4 Mar 1860.

8-Clement Naish was born on 12 Oct 1814 in Bath, Somerset.

8-Arthur John Naish<sup>4,31,37,63,98</sup> was born on 21 Jan 1816 in Bath, Somerset and died on 21 Mar 1889 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironfounder and Engineer in 1847 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

Arthur married Margaret Prideaux Paull,<sup>4,31,63,98</sup> daughter of John Paull<sup>4,63,73,283</sup> and Maria Prideaux,<sup>73</sup> on 7 Oct 1847 in FMH Tavistock, Devon. Margaret was born on 11 Jan 1825 in Tavistock, Devon and died on 25 Feb 1880 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 55. They had four children: William Prideaux, Charles Ernest, Theodore, and Margaret Prideaux.

9-William Prideaux Naish<sup>233</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1850 and died on 28 Oct 1913 in Glen Elmo, Manitoba, Canada at age 63.

William married someone. He had one son: Ralph Prideaux.

10-Ralph Prideaux Naish

9-Charles Ernest Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 12 Oct 1853.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist with Southall Brothers & Barclay in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1933 in Potterne, Wiltshire.

10-Samuel Capper Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 28 Dec 1881 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Commercial traveller in 1933.
- He had a residence in 1933 in 3 Constance Road, Birmingham.

11-Esther Elizabeth Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1908 and died in 1913 at age 5.

11-Peter Christopher David Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1913.

11-Ruth Mercy Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1920.

10-Dr. John Paull Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 24 Feb 1883 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Apr 1964 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at King Edward's High School, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Pemberley, Beech Road, Headington, Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Chief Oriental Reader, University Press, Oxford.

# 11-Theodore Naish

10-Christofer Garrison Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 6 Apr 1885 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Schoolmaster with the Friends' Serrvice Council in 1933 in Syria.

11-Stephen Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1917.

- 11-Laurence Naish
- 11-Geoffrey Naish

10-Mary Prideaux Naish<sup>31,245</sup> was born on 17 Mar 1888 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1933 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

10-Richard Bryant Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 1 Feb 1891 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Civil Servant in 1933 in Columbo, Sri Lanka.

11-Audrey Cameron Naish

11-Hester Naish

10-Rhoda Elizabeth Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 2 Sep 1893 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jan 1895 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 1.

10-Frances Waring Naish<sup>31</sup> was born on 30 Mar 1896 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1912-Jul 1913 in York, Yorkshire.
- She had a residence in 1933 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.

10-Martha Katherine Naish<sup>31</sup> was born in 1900.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1933 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.

9-Theodore Naish was born on 21 Jan 1856 in 2 Avon Place, Sparkbrook, Birmingham and died on 7 May 1915 in Drowned on RMS Lusitania at age 59.

General Notes: They were on a belated honeymoon, when the Lusitania was sunk by a German torpedo. Theodore's body was never found or identified. Belle donated their land in Edwardsville to the Boy Scouts and established Camp Theodore Naish as a memorial to him.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Kansas Ciry, Missouri, USA.
- He worked as an Engineer and Draughtsman for D. O. Flaherty in Kansas City, Missouri, USA.

Theodore married **Belle Saunders** on 19 Jun 1911. Belle was born on 22 Oct 1865 in Charlotte, Michigan, died on 25 Aug 1950 in Kansas City, Missouri at age 84, and was buried in Edwardsville Cemetery, Kansas.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Schoolteacher from Detroit, Michigan.

9-Margaret Prideaux Naish<sup>84</sup> was born in 1858 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Margaret married **Henry Harris**,<sup>84,132,228</sup> son of **Henry Harris**<sup>4,228,244,284</sup> and **Elizabeth Sewell**,<sup>228,244,284</sup> on 17 May 1899 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Henry was born in 1866 in Tottenham, London and died on 1 Jul 1946 in Letchworth, Hertfordshire at age 80. They had two children: **Henry Lyn** and **Edward Sewell**.

General Notes: Harris.-On 1st July, 1946, at Letchworth, Henry Harris (1881-83), aged 79 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1881-1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Junior Clerk in the Friends' Provident Institution in 1883.
- He worked as a member of the council of the Bradford Technical College in 1895-1900.
- He worked as a Clerk of Brighouse MM in 1897-1899.
- He worked as a Clerk to Rawdon School Committee in 1899-1902.
- He worked as a Chairman of Esholt Parish Council in 1902-1904.
- He worked as a London Manager for the Friends' Provident Institution in 1904.
- He worked as a Hon. Secretary for the Friends' Foreign Mission Association in 1911.
- He worked as a Chairman of the executive Committee of the Peace Society in 1916-1923.
- He worked as a Clerk of Large Committee (Yearly Meeting epistle) in 1917-1920.
- He worked as a Quaker Chaplain, mainly at Wormwood Scrubs prison in 1917-1919 in London.

e 59. d. Belle donated their land in Edwardsville to the

- He worked as a Clerk of Westminster and Longford Monthly Meeting in 1919-1923.
- He worked as a Represented the Friends' Service Council in Berlin and Warsaw in 1923-1928.
- He worked as a Clerk of Witney MM after 1931.
- He resided at Newton Cottage in 1935 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- Miscellaneous: Co-operated with Fred Rowntree in founding Jordans Village.

10-Henry Lyn Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1892 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died in 1964 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Principal of St Christopher School in Letchworth, Hertfordshire.

Henry married Eleanor Anne Baker, daughter of William King Baker and Carrie Leonora Hinman, in 1916 in FMH Acton. Eleanor was born on 11 Mar 1891 in Highbury, Islington, London.

Marriage Notes: At the Friends' Meeting House, Acton, Henry Lynn Harris, elder son of Henry and Margaret Prideaux Harris, to Eleanor Anne, third daughter of William King and Carrie Leonard Baker.

10-Edward Sewell Harris<sup>84</sup> was born on 29 Dec 1896 and died in 1983 in Tower Hamlets, London at age 87.

General Notes: Edward Sewell Harris (b. 1895) attended St John's College, Cambridge. A conscientious objector, he was initially exempt from war service because of heart trouble, but eventually court-martialled in Dec. 1916 and imprisoned at Wormwood Scrubs. He was court-martialled again in Apr. 1917 and imprisoned at Canterbury. He was court-martialled a third time and eventually released from Canterbury Prison circa June 1919.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at St John's College, Cambridge.

8-Katherine Naish<sup>4</sup> was born on 15 Apr 1817 in London and died in Died Aged 18.

8-Lucy Naish<sup>4</sup> was born on 24 Sep 1818 in London.

- 8-Hannah Naish<sup>30,271,282</sup> was born on 7 Jul 1820 in London and died on 13 Jul 1901 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 81.
  - 9-Edmund Capper was born on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
  - 9-Jessie Capper was born on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Sep 1858 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
  - 9-William Capper<sup>271</sup> was born on 25 Nov 1860 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Mar 1893 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 32.
- 8-Catherine Naish<sup>4</sup> was born on 23 Jan 1822 in London and died in Died Aged 32.

8-William Capper Naish<sup>4,8</sup> was born on 8 Dec 1823 in London and died on 10 Nov 1851 in Bath, Somerset at age 27.

8-Ann Capper Naish<sup>72</sup> was born on 13 Jul 1830 in London and died on 3 Oct 1848 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 18.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Jan 1845-Jun 1846 in York, Yorkshire.

7-John Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 2 Feb 1790 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 8 May 1860 at age 70.

John married Mary Henbest, daughter of George Henbest and Mary, on 3 Mar 1814 in FMH Tottenham. Mary was born on 18 Jan 1793 and died on 18 Feb 1859 at age 66. They had six children: Walter, Anne, Rebecca, Jasper John, Clara, and Mary Allen.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1806 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Walter Capper<sup>42</sup> was born on 20 Jan 1815 in Gracechurch Street, London and died in 1890 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Blackheath, London.
- He worked as a Draper in London.

Walter married Eliza Kent. They had four children: Eliza Theodora, Walter Kent, Harold Henbest, and Mary Ella.

9-Eliza Theodora Capper was born in 1841 and died in 1869 at age 28.

Eliza married Marmaduke Matthews.

9-Walter Kent Capper was born in 1842 and died before 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at The Priory in Shanklin, Isle of Wight.
- He worked as a Solicitor.

Walter married Caroline Adelaide Garrod. They had two children: Harry Kent and Rita Kent.

10-Lt. Harry Kent Capper<sup>42</sup> was born in 1898 in Warton, Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 4 Jun 1918 in Stamford, Lincolnshire at age 20. The cause of his death was Flying accident. General Notes: Lieut. Harry Kent Capper, R.A.F. and London who was killed on June 4th 1918, as the result of an accident while flying, was the eldest son of the late W. Kent Capper, of Putney, and of Mrs. Capper, 1. Emperor's Gate. SW7

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Blundell's School 1911 To 1915.
- He worked as a Royal Air Force officer.

10-Rita Kent Capper<sup>42</sup> was born on 13 Mar 1900 in Warton, Lancaster, Lancashire and died in 1970 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 70.

9-Harold Henbest Capper<sup>42</sup> was born in 1848.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Blackheath, London.

Harold married Emily Sophia Spalding.<sup>42</sup> Emily was born in 1852. They had three children: Ella Dorothy, Edith Marjory Kent, and Gladys Minola.

10-Ella Dorothy Capper<sup>42</sup> was born in 1875 in Woolwich, Kent.

Ella married Francis Henry Chambers.

10-Edith Marjory Kent Capper<sup>42</sup> was born in 1877 in Woolwich, Kent.

10-Gladys Minola Capper<sup>42</sup> was born in 1880 in Hastings, Sussex and died in 1946 in Wokingham, Berkshire at age 66.

Gladys married Francis Arthur Brodribb, son of Arthur Aiken Brodribb and Alice Crook, in 1908 in Paddington, London. Francis was born in 1880 in Kensington, London and died in 1962 at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Artist and Painter.

9-Mary Ella Capper was born about 1851.

Mary married Daniel Birt. Daniel was born about 1841 and died on 9 Jan 1930 in Shooter's Hill Road, Blackheath, London about age 89. They had four children: Ethelwyn Ella, Daniel Kenneth Capper, Roderick Harold Capper, and Guy Capper.

10-Ethelwyn Ella Birt was born in 1875.

**10-Daniel Kenneth Capper Birt** 

Daniel married Annie Violet Chadwick, daughter of Alfred Chadwick, on 6 Oct 1906 in Ore, Sussex. Annie was born on 25 Dec 1877 in London.

10-Rev. Canon Roderick Harold Capper Birt was born in 1882 in Caterham, Surrey.

General Notes: Roderick Harold Capper Birt was born at Caterham in 1882 the third son of Daniel Birt and Mary Ella (nee Capper) Birt of 54 Shooter's Hill, Blackheath. He left Hazelwood School, where he was Head of School, in the summer of 1896 for Wellington College where he was in Brougham's House until 1901. He was a school prefect and was Head of House. In the summer of 1901 he went on to New College Oxford where he won a cross country "blue" in 1902 and later obtained an MA. He was ordained in 1907, becoming a priest in 1908 and from 1914 to 1918 he was an assistant master, teaching science at Radley College as well as being Social Tutor. He served as a Captain in the Officer Training Corps but resigned his commission on the 30th of June 1918 when he left the school for South Africa. On leaving he founded the Birt Speech Prize, for the best speech in a set subject.

In 1919 he became Headmaster of the Diocesan College, Rondebosch in Cape Town where he served until 1943. A house at the college is named in his memory. He became Canon Emeritus of St George's Cathedral Cape Town in 1940 and Assistant Priest of St Saviour's, Claremont, Cape Town from 1944 to 1960. He was married on the 17th of April 1909 to Alice Sophie (nee Kidd) at All Saints Church in Blackheath; they lived at Radley College and from 1919 lived at 4 Glebe Road, Rondebosch, South Africa; they had no children. When Alice died in May 1942, he married again in 1944 to Mary (nee Le Mesurier), the widow of Frank Goch of the South African Air Force. He was a member of the Chemical Society, listed gardening as his main interest and gave his club as Leander. He lived at 14 Penrith Road, Wynberg, Cape Town. http://www.hambo.org/hazelwood/view\_man.php?id=40

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Hazelwood School in Limpsfield, Surrey.
- He was educated at Wellington College.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford
- He worked as an assistant master, Radley Collge.
- He was educated at Headmaster, Rondebosch Diocesan College in Cape Town, South Africa.
- He worked as a Canon Emeritus of St. George's Cathedral in Cape Town, South Africa.

Roderick married Alice Sophie Kidd on 17 Apr 1909 in All Saints church, Blackheath, London. Alice died in 1942. They had no children.

Roderick next married Mary Le Mesurier.

10-Guy Capper Birt was born on 6 Aug 1884 in Caterham, Surrey and died on 11 Jun 1972 at age 87.

General Notes: Guy Capper Birt was born at Caterham on the 6th of August 1884 the son of Daniel Birt, a solicitor, and Mary Ella (nee Capper) Birt of 54 Shooter's Hill, Blackheath. He left Hazelwood School in the summer of 1898 for Wellington College where he was in Brougham House, leaving in 1902. He trained at the medical school at St Thomas' in London and at the Royal Dental Hospital obtaining MRCS, LRCP and LDS in 1910 and was registered as a doctor in the Medical Register on the 11th of November that year. From 1910 to 1914 he was Assistant in the Dental Department at St Thomas' Hospital in London. In 1911 he became Dental Surgeon to the Metropolitan Police, a position he held until 1934. He was married to Roberta (nee Ross) on the 11th of October 1913 at St Stephen's Church, Comely Bank, Edinburgh and they bought "Loxwood", Rockwood Road, Merstham in Surrey for £1,850 in the same year. They also had two sons, Alan Beckett born on the 24th of June 1915 and a second son born on the 20th of July 1917. During the Great War he served as a plastic surgeon with the Royal Army Medical Corps and was promoted to Temporary Captain on the 25th of May 1918. He resigned his commission in 1919 and returned to practice at 37 Cavendish Square London.

In 1925 he was appointed as Surgeon Dentist to His Majesty a position he held until the King's death in 1936. He was also Surgeon Dentist to Queen Mary from 1925 to 1949. He ultimately

joined the Board of Governors of St Thomas' and was appointed as Honourable Consulting Dental Surgeon to the hospital. He was appointed as a Commander of the Victorian Order in the New Year's Honours List of the 1st of January 1935.

During the Second World War he returned to the Royal Army Medical Corps with the rank of Captain and carried out work as a plastic surgeon connected with facial and jaw injuries. He listed caravanning and yachting amongst his interests and was a member of the Cavendish Club and Lansdowne House. He lived latterly at Merlebank, Moulsford, Wallingford in Berkshire. *http://www.hambo.org/hazelwood/view\_man.php?id=41* 

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS LRCP LDS CVO.
- He was educated at Hazelwood School in Limpsfield, Surrey.
- He was educated at Wellington College.
- He worked as a Surgeon Dentist to King George V and Queen Mary.
- He worked as an officer surgeon of the RAMC.
- He had a residence in Merlebank, Moulsford, Wallingford, Berkshire.

Guy married Roberta Ross. They had two children: Alan Beckett and Geoffrey Guy.

11-Dr. Alan Beckett Birt was born on 24 Jun 1915 and died on 12 Aug 1993 at age 78.

General Notes: A B BIRT

CBE, FRCS

Alan Beckett Birt was a man of immense energy and great enthusiasm; at the Norfolk and Norwich Hospital he was known for his dedicated hard work and innovative approach. He was a true general surgeon with an extensive repertoire, including paediatric procedures, although his specialty interest remained vascular surgery. This encompassed cardiac surgery, and Norwich became the first provincial centre to do

such surgery; Alan continued this until the regional unit at Papworth Hospital was established. His interest in surgical training led to strong links with the Association of Surgeons of Great Britain and Ireland, of which he became president in 1979-the

first surgeon from a non-teaching provincial hospital to do so. Throughout the many reorganisations of the NHS he played an important part on committees of all levels, charing many of them. He enlivened the Norwich division of the BMA, and the Norwich Medico-Chirurgical Society as its president. In leisure moments Alan enjoyed Scottish country dancing as well as travelling abroad with his family for caravan or skiing holidays. Visiting medical centres overseas with the First Army Travelling Surgical Club furthered his international outlook. He gained great pleasure from his holiday house in Strathclyde. Alan retired early to Scotland to devote more time to his first wife, Joyce, caring for her during a distressing illness. After she died he married Peggy and returned to Norwich. He died of leukaemia and is survived by Peggy and his children, Christopher (also a doctor, who entered public health medicine), Rosemary, Alix, and Jenny.-N ALAN GREEN

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Surgeon.
- He worked as a President of the Association of Surgeons of Great Britain and Ireland in 1979.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 11 Dec 1993.

Alan married Joyce. They had four children: Christopher, Alix, Rosemary, and Jenny.

12-Dr Christopher Birt

12-Alix Birt

12-Rosemary Birt

12-Jenny Birt

Alan next married **Peggy**.

11-Geoffrey Guy Birt was born on 20 Jul 1917.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at 5 Kentish Mansions in 1975 in London Road, Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

8-Anne Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 16 Jan 1817 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 29 Sep 1882 in Hampstead, London at age 65.

Anne married John Hardcastle. John was born on 15 Jul 1821 in Abingdon, Oxfordshire and died on 8 Mar 1913 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire at age 91. They had five children: Bertha Maria, Wilfred John, Rosa Ann, Basil William, and Norman Capper.

9-Bertha Maria Hardcastle was born in 1852 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died in 1928 in Windsor, Berkshire at age 76.

9-Wilfred John Hardcastle was born in 1854 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died on 30 Aug 1930 in Woking, Surrey at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Architect.

Wilfred married Mary Theodora Matthews in 1895 in Lewisham, Kent. Mary was born in 1867 in Epsom, Surrey. They had two children: Elise Theodora Anne and Mary Gwynedd.

10-Elise Theodora Anne Hardcastle was born in 1896 in London.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1912-Jul 1914 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Mary Gwynedd Hardcastle was born in 1899 in London.

9-Rosa Ann Hardcastle was born on 26 Sep 1855 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died on 8 Jan 1946 at age 90.

9-Basil William Hardcastle was born in 1857 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died on 6 Jan 1915 in Sidmouth, Devon at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Accountant.

Basil married Emily Lee on 5 Sep 1894 in Hampstead, London. Emily was born in 1862 in Rock Ferry, Birkenhead, Cheshire. They had one daughter: Phoebe Mabel.

10-Phoebe Mabel Hardcastle was born on 8 Jan 1900 in Hampstead, London and died in 1976 in Chichester, West Sussex at age 76.

9-Norman Capper Hardcastle was born in 1859 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London and died on 14 Apr 1893 at age 34.

8-Rebecca Capper<sup>206,285</sup> was born on 27 Jul 1818 in Paradise Row, Stoke Newington, London, was christened on 28 Oct 1836 in The Old Gravel Pit Independent Church, Hackney, London, and died on 12 Oct 1892 at age 74.

General Notes: At the age of 18 she was christened, thus breaking with her Quaker upbringing.

Rebecca married Frederick Alexander,<sup>4,206,285</sup> son of William Alexander<sup>4,37,202,206,285,286</sup> and Ann Barber,<sup>4,37,202,206,285,286</sup> in 1839 in Hackney, London. Frederick was born on 13 Apr 1810 in (13 Apr 1811 Also Given) and died on 12 Jul 1893 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 83. They had nine children: Thomas Henbest, Frederick Harrison, John William, Mary Anne Helen, Clara Ruth, Isabelle Frances, Edward Percy, Emily Maud, and Catherine Mary.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Accountant in 1853 in Holloway, London.

9-Thomas Henbest Alexander<sup>206,285</sup> was born on 1 Feb 1842.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 105 Hopton Road, Streatham, London.
- He worked as a Shipowner, Merchant and Commission agent. Before 31 Mar 1876 in 5 Mount Stuart Square, Cardiff, Glamorgan, Wales.

9-Frederick Harrison Alexander<sup>206</sup> was born on 21 Jun 1844 and died on 29 Oct 1886 in Drowned at age 42.

9-John William Alexander<sup>206,285</sup> was born on 2 Mar 1846 in 11 Carlton Villas, Holloway, London and died in 1897 in New Brighton, Port Elizabeth, South Africa at age 51. The cause of his death was Drowned.

General Notes: Worked in Johannesburg, Durban and Cape Town between about 1884 and 1897, Alexander was articled to Thomas Goodchild, FRIBA, in London and was afterwards in the offices of Fred Preedy and of Mr Drew, both in London. In 1871 he set up independent practice on his own account in Stockton-on-Tees, Yorkshire where he practised until 1881. It was about this time that he left for South Africa where, by 1884, he had become a foundation member of the Engineering and Architectural Association of South Africa (Johnson 1987:360). The RIBA Kalendar (1887) listed his address as 'c/o The Standard Bank of SA, Jhb via Natal'. He was listed at the same address as Henry Thomas GRADON in Johannesburg from 1889 until around 1890 (cf ALEXANDER & GRADON). His address in 1890 was c/o the Colonial Institute, Northumberland Avenue, London. He returned to South Africa however, the following year where in 1891/1892 he was working for the East African Exploration Syndicate in Durban c/o Messrs Arbuckle. About 1893 he appears to have moved to Cape Town. One John William Alexander drowned at New Brighton, Port Elizabeth in 1897; it is not vet certain that he was the architect as his profession was not given; he was a widower with five children and was born in London. ARIBA 1882; Founder mem EAASA 1884; SASA 1902. (Afr Archt Jul 1911:33; ARIBA nom paper (1882); Brown 1969; Edward's General Dir Jhb 1889, 1890; Johnson 1979; CAD MOOC 6/9/365 no 1497; RIBA Kal 1890.

This entry has elicited the following response from Graham Potts. If you can help clarify the information we would be grateful.

He was born in Great Yarmouth which casts doubt on the death date that you have for JW Alexander who was born in London. This may be because several thousand miles away the distinction did not seem significant, especially as Alexander trained in London.

(Upon what authority was he born in Great Yarmouth? Mr. Potts is confusing two people of the same name, born in the same year. The John William Alexander born in Great Yarmouth that year, had a mother named Elizabeth. This John William Alexander's mother was named Rebecca and furthermore, on census returns, declares himself London born. CEGP) His practice in Stockton was in partnership with William Henman, FRIBA (1846-1917). They were busy designing schools and other public buildings when they won the competition for Handsworth Council Offices in Birmingham in 1878. Two further competitions were won in the West Midlands area - Aston Public Offices and Wednesbury Board School - both in 1879. Henman went to Birmingham to supervise the construction of these commissions and terminated the partnership to stay there. He became an authority on the design and ventilation of hospitals. His best known building is the Royal Victoria Hospital, Belfast.

Alexander continued in Stockton though he also had an office in London and served as Diocesan Surveyor for the Archdeaconry of Cleveland. In 1881 he was in partnership with Moses who later worked with Henry Weatherill in Stockton.

I had always assumed that his partnership with Gradon was in England as they were placed first in the competion for St Hilda, Bishopwearmouth, Sunderland in 1888. In the event the church was not built until 1890-94 when the architects were Hicks & Charlewood of Newcastle with a different design.

In 1889 he wrote to the Building News complaining about the restoration of St Alban's Cathedral by Lord Grimethorpe. This must have been when he was back in London. It is hard to know how much of the practice in Stockton was down to Alexander as Henman had better credentials as he had won the Pugin Scholarship in 1871 and seems to have been the more dynamic partner with an enthusiasm for competitions. It does seem odd that you can find no information about designs in South Africa when he was quite busy in Stockton. I do have one building from his time in South Africa:-

1888 Tilbury Dock, Doctor's House. [Building News, 54, 2 March 1888, p.321 + plate] Again this could have been when he returned to London, or it may have been designed for a family member.

Contact Artefacts (contact@artefacts.co.za) please if you have any comments or more information regarding this record. http://www.artefacts.co.za/main/Buildings/archframes.php?archid=16

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Architect of Stockton on Tees.
- He worked as an Architect situated at the Post Office Chambers, Middlesbrough.
- He worked as an Architect in practice with William Henman 1871 To 1879.
- He resided at Lidwells, Goudhurst, Kent.

John married Florence Templer,<sup>206,285</sup> daughter of Rev. William Christopher Templer<sup>285</sup> and Jane Warr-Pope, on 5 May 1874 in Burton Bradstock, Dorset. Florence was born on 7 Dec 1853 in Florence, Italy and died on 25 Oct 1925 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 71. They had six children: Elizabeth Florence, Frederick William Templer, Hebe Emily, Henry Lethbridge, John, and Guy Bevan.

10-Elizabeth Florence Alexander was born in 1874 in Camberwell, London and died in 1902 at age 28.

10-Frederick William Templer Alexander<sup>206,285</sup> was born on 14 Apr 1875 and died on 13 Jul 1946 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Served with Merchant Navy.
- He resided at Lived in Bruges, Belgium and then South America from 1908.
- He resided at 72 Harwood Road, Fulham.

Frederick married Kathleen.

10-Hebe Emily Alexander<sup>206,285</sup> was born on 1 May 1876 in Langbaurgh Hall, Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 9 Jan 1903 in Goudhurst, Kent at age 26.

Hebe married **Rev. Richard Ellis Marchant**,<sup>285</sup> son of **Stephen Walter Marchant** and **Elizabeth Lambe**, on 30 Apr 1901. Richard was born in 1865 in Matfield, Brenchley, Kent and was christened on 27 Oct 1865 in Brenchley, Kent. They had one daughter: Hebe Elizabeth Florence.

11-Hebe Elizabeth Florence Marchant was born on 6 Dec 1902.

10-Maj. Gen. Henry Lethbridge Alexander<sup>206,285</sup> was born on 9 Mar 1878 in Langbaurgh, Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 20 Jun 1944 in Old Hunstanton, Norfolk at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB CMG DSO Croix de Guerre.
- He worked as a Soldier. South African War: First World War. Lt. Col. Dorset Regt.
- He worked as a Temp. Maj. Gen. Deputy Adjutant and Quartermaster General British Forces Italy. In 1918.
- He worked as a Col. Director of Quartering, War Office in 1919.
- He worked as a Brig. Gen. Administration in 1920.
- He worked as a Temp. Col. Staff in 1921.
- He worked as a Col. QMG York & Durham Inf. Brigade in 1924.
- He resided at Carreg Felon. Portmadoc, North Wales.
- He resided at Mill House, Dersingham, Norfolk.

Henry married Annabel Angus, daughter of William Angus.

Henry next married Dorothy Mary Blanche Long on 17 Apr 1909 in Farnham, Surrey. Dorothy was born in 1884 in Dorking, Surrey. They had five children: Sylvia Blanche, Henry Templer, John Lionel, Joan Gertrude, and Carola Lethbridge.

11-Sylvia Blanche Alexander<sup>287</sup> was born in Feb 1910 in Farnham, Surrey and died on 10 Aug 1972 in West Compton, Bridport, Dorset at age 62.

Sylvia married Francis Ian Walter Stewart<sup>287</sup> in 1933. Francis was born on 25 Feb 1909 in Kensington, London and died in 1949 in Hailsham, Sussex at age 40. They had three children: Ian Malcolm Alexander, Angus, and Duncan.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Haileybury.

12-Ian Malcolm Alexander Stewart

**12-Angus Stewart** 

12-Duncan Stewart was born on 24 Aug 1942 in Buckinghamshire and died on 19 Aug 2007 at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer in West Compton Manor, West Compton, Bridport, Dorset.

Duncan married Sarah A. Nalder. They had one son: Ashley James Alexander.

**13-Ashley James Alexander Stewart** 

Ashley married Oonagh Richarda du Plessis Langrishe, daughter of Nicholas du Plessis Langrishe and Anna Victoria Airy Townsend.

11-Maj. Gen. Henry Templer Alexander<sup>51</sup> was born on 17 May 1911 in Farnham, Surrey and died on 16 Mar 1977 at age 65.

General Notes: Commissioned into Cameronians (Scottish Rifles) 1931; Instructor, Royal Military College Sandhurst 1938; World War II in North West Europe, North Africa, Italy, India and Burma 1939-1945; Commander, 2 Cameronians, Italy 1943; operations Staff, Second Chindit expedition, Burma 1944; Chief Instructor, School of Combined Operations 1946-1948; Officer Commanding 1 Cameronians (Scottish Rifles) 1954-1955; General Officer Commanding 26 Gurkha Bde 1955-1957; Senior Instructor, Staff College, Camberley 1958; Imperial Defence College 1959; Chief of Defence Staff Ghana 1960-1961; Commander, Ghana Contingent UN Forces, Belgian Congo 1960-1961; Chief of Staff Northern Command, Headquarters York 1962-1965; retired 1965; British Observer, International Observer Team on genocide, Nigeria 1968

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB CBE DSO.
- He was educated at Sedbergh.
- He was educated at RMC Sandhurst.

Henry married Maribel Joan Sedgwick Rough. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

12-Alexander

12-Alexander

12-Alexander

11-John Lionel Alexander was born on 17 Nov 1913 in Amersham, Buckinghamshire and died in Feb 1996 in Yeovil, Somerset at age 82.

11-Joan Gertrude Alexander<sup>287</sup> was born on 21 Jul 1915 in Southborough, Kent and died on 23 Sep 2014 in Fulham, London at age 99.

11-Carola Lethbridge Alexander<sup>288</sup> was born in Mar 1918 in Sherborne, Dorset and died in 2010 in Beaminster, Dorset at age 92.

Carola married Peter Durand Rawlins in 1940 in Yeovil, Somerset. Peter was born on 30 Apr 1917 and died on 16 Sep 2001 in Devon at age 84.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Silverleigh, Silver Street, Axminster, Devon. EX13 5AF.

Henry next married Emmeline Styleman Le Strange,<sup>285</sup> daughter of Hamon Le Strange<sup>285</sup> and Emmeline Austin, on 23 Jan 1933. Emmeline was born in 1872 in Mayfair, London and died on 26 Jul 1948 at age 76.

General Notes: Known as Lina

10-John Alexander<sup>206,285</sup> was born on 22 May 1880 and died on 15 May 1901 in Killed in action. Boer War at age 20.

10-Cmdr. Guy Bevan Alexander<sup>206,285</sup> was born on 22 Feb 1882 in Langbaurgh, Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 23 Sep 1948 in Worthing Hospital at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Naval Officer.
- He resided at 16 Wordsworth Road, Worthing.
- Guy married **Edith Symes**.

Guy next married Olive.

9-Mary Anne Helen Alexander<sup>206</sup> was born on 27 Sep 1847.

Mary married William Pearce. They had four children: William Sydney, Mary Helen, David J., and Agnes Mabel.

10-William Sydney Pearce

**10-Mary Helen Pearce** 

10-David J. Pearce

- 10-Agnes Mabel Pearce
- 9-Clara Ruth Alexander<sup>206</sup> was born on 24 Nov 1849.

9-Isabelle Frances Alexander<sup>285</sup> was born on 20 Sep 1852.

9-Edward Percy Alexander<sup>206,285</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1855 and was christened on 5 Sep 1873 in All Saints, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: Was he a clergyman and Vicar of All Saints, Wigan?

Edward married Annie Louisa Attree<sup>206</sup> on 30 Jul 1879 in Kent. Annie was born in 1859 in Erith, Kent and was christened on 24 Jul 1859. They had eight children: Mary Maude, Annie Ruth, Cyril Percy, Frederick Wilfrid, Stephen Arden, Basil Gregory, Phyllis Maude, and Ethel May Dorothy.

10-Mary Maude Alexander<sup>206</sup> was born on 20 May 1880, was christened on 13 Jun 1880 in Ashdon, Essex, and died in 1887 in Cheshire at age 7.

10-Annie Ruth Alexander<sup>206</sup> was born on 29 Apr 1882 in Wigan, Lancashire and was christened on 20 May 1882 in Wigan, Lancashire.

10-Cyril Percy Alexander<sup>206</sup> was christened on 24 Feb 1884 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.

Cyril married Gertrude Mary Torkington, daughter of Thomas Torkington and Hannah, on 20 Dec 1908 in St. George's, Stockport, Cheshire. Gertrude was christened on 4 Feb 1886 in Stockport, Cheshire.

10-Frederick Wilfrid Alexander<sup>206</sup> was christened on 10 Nov 1885 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.

10-Stephen Arden Alexander<sup>206</sup> was born in 1891, was christened on 26 Mar 1891 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire, and died in 1976 in Bolton, Lancashire at age 85.

10-Basil Gregory Alexander<sup>206</sup> was christened on 12 Jan 1890 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.

10-**Phyllis Maude Alexander**<sup>206</sup> was christened on 20 Sep 1892 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.

10-Ethel May Dorothy Alexander was christened on 15 Jan 1888 in St. John's church, Alvanley, Cheshire.

9-Emily Maud Alexander<sup>206</sup> was born on 13 Jun 1858, was christened on 16 Jan 1870 in All Saints, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, and died on 25 Jul 1870 in Drowned at age 12.

9-Catherine Mary Alexander was born on 28 Jan 1861 and was christened on 16 Jan 1870 in All Saints, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

8-Jasper John Capper<sup>42,51</sup> was born on 6 Jan 1820 in Paradise Row, Stoke Newington, London and died in 1895 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at 1 Beaufort Road in 1881 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland,
- He worked as an Engineer, Falcon Engineering in Loughborough, Leicestershire.

Jasper married Harriet Millington Jackson,<sup>42,51</sup> daughter of John Stanway Jackson, in 1854. Harriet died in 1871. They had three children: John Brainerd, Stewart Henbest, and David Sing.

9-John Brainerd Capper<sup>42,51</sup> was born on 4 Nov 1855 and died on 16 Jan 1936 at age 80.

General Notes: **CAPPER**, John Brainerd MA (Edin.), journalist and man of letters

Born Loughborough, 4 Nov. 1855; e s of late Jasper John Capper, of Upper Clapton and (later) of Edinburgh, and first wife, Harriet Millington Jackson, of Douglas, Isle of Man; m 1884, Emily Sophia, *widow* of his cousin, Harold Henbest Capper, and 4th d of late Henry Benjamin Spalding; *died* 16 Jan. 1936

Education Royal High School, Edinburgh (High School Club Prizeman); Edinburgh University (MA with first class honours in classics, 1877); Heidelberg University Career Entered the service of The Times as member of the Reporters' Gallery staff, 1878; transferred to the Editorial Department, 1880; Principal Assistant-Editor, 1884–1913; on the Board of Directors, 1912–13; in 1913 travelled round the world via Moscow, Trans-Siberian Railway, China and Japan, contributing letters to The Times **Publications** Edited, with introductory memoir of the author, Stories of Naples and the Camorra, by the late Charles Grant, 1896; Twenty-Five Trifles in Verse, 1918; Andrew Seth Pringle-Pattison (personal memoir), for Proceedings of the British Academy, Vol. xvii, 1932

**Recreations** Yachting, motoring, travel Address Monks Court, Reigate, Surrey Reigate 1383

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at 51 Victoria Street in Westminster, London.
- He resided at St. Michael's in Reigate, Surrey.

John married **Emily Sophia Spalding**<sup>42</sup> in 1884. Emily was born in 1852.

9-Prof. Stewart Henbest Capper<sup>42,51</sup> was born in 1860 in Upper Clapton, London and died on 8 Jan 1925 in Anglo-American Hospital, Cairo, Egypt at age 65.

General Notes: Stewart Henbest Capper was born in 1860 at Upper Clapton in Greater London. His parents moved to Edinburgh when he was nine and from then he and his two brothers were educated at the Royal High School where he was dux in 1875. He then matriculated at Edinburgh University at the age of sixteen where he gained a First Class Honours in Classics in 1880 after studying for a session at the University of Heidelberg. Having chosen architecture as his profession he joined the office of J Burnet & Son, Glasgow in 1884, but a serious health condition forced him to accept later that same year a position as tutor to the only son of Sir Robert Morier, then British minister to Portugal and subsequently in Madrid, a post which was soon combined with that of private secretary. There he learned Portuguese and Spanish, studied Spanish architecture and made many lasting friendships. Still in that same year, 1884, he resumed the study of architecture by attending the Ecole des Beaux-Arts, where he was a pupil of Jean-Louis Pascal for four years. There he became a lifelong friend of Alexander Nisbet Paterson. Together with Frank Worthington Simon and John Keppie, whose stays were more brief, they shared rooms and made 'jaunts together en province' for sketching or refreshment with the other students after 'strenuous days and nights at the atelier and en loge'. After further travelling in Europe, Capper returned to Edinburgh in 1887, working as assistant to Sir George Washington Browne. He continued to assist Washington Brown until 1891, but from 1888 he was also practising on his own account in partnership with his former fellow pupil at Pascal's, Frank Worthington Simon. The newly formed partnership of Simon & Capper won the competition for Hope Chapel, Wigan, in 1888. In 1890 Simon came into prominence as the architect of the Edinburgh International Exhibition of that year, working in collaboration with the artist-architect William Allan Carter who also had his own studio at 5 St Andrew Square; Capper does not seem to have had any involvement in this project. In that same year Rowand Anderson and David MacGibbon persuaded thirty well-off individuals to subscribe £1,200 for the formation of the Edinburgh School of Applied Art at the Royal Institution. When classes commenced on 17 October 1892 Simon was its first professor with George Mackie Watson as first assistant, quickly joined by his brother John who had run the Edinburgh Architectural Association classes and by Capper, the last giving the School as a whole a marked Ecole des Beaux-Arts bias in its teaching. All owed their appointments to Anderson's patronage, the Watson brothers also being ex-assistants of Anderson's while Capper was an ex-assistant of his former partner George Washington Browne. Prior to that, on 8 June 1891, Capper had been admitted ARIBA, his proposers being John James Burnet, William Leiper and Richard Phené Spiers.

By 1892 the Simon & Capper partnership had been dissolved and Capper was in independent practice. Sometime late in 1891 he had become associated with Professor Patrick Geddes - a biologist who had founded the Town & Gown University Settlement with the object of creating staff and student residences within the Old Town of Edinburgh. This resulted in the Ramsay Garden, Riddles Court, James Court and Blackie House development. Geddes hoped to extend the concept to Glasgow and, probably at Capper's suggestion, wrote to John James Burnet who asked to see the Settlement's accounts before taking the matter further. Whilst involved in this work, Capper also took part in the work of the university, acting as examiner in the History and Theory of the Arts. The association between Geddes and Capper ended in 1896 when a temporary breakdown in health induced Capper to accept the position of first professor of architecture at McGill University in Montreal for which he had been nominated by Professor G Baldwin Brown. It was believed his health could improve with the drier climate. A condition of his tenure was that he could not practise at

# **Descendants of John Head**

the same time, as the university was opposed to their professors operating in absentia. As professor he became a Royal Canadian Academician and urged university education for architects at a time when there were only three chairs in England and none in Europe. He returned to England in 1903 to take up the chair of architecture at Victoria University, Manchester; while his time there was academically successful the climate was not good for him. After Percy Erskine Nobbs withdrew from the Montreal chair in 1909, Capper expressed an interest in returning but on Baldwin Brown's recommendation the vacancy was eventually filled by Ramsay Traquair in 1913. Capper left Manchester in 1912, when another breakdown in his health obliged him to retire early and go abroad to recover his health.

When in Canada Capper had joined the Canadian Field Artillery reaching the rank of captain. When he moved to Manchester he secured a transfer of his commission to the volunteers there and organised the Officer Training Corps of the University with promotion to the rank of brevet major. When war came he joined his battalion and went to Egypt. Found unfit for the Gallipoli campaign, he was appointed military censor in Cairo for which purpose he learned Arabic. At the end of the war he was given a similar position in the European department of the Ministry of the Interior in Cairo, a post which he retained until his death from a heart attack in the Anglo-American Hospital in Cairo on 8 January 1925. His funeral was attended by Lord Allenby and representatives of the Egyptian Government.

CAPPER, Stewart Henbest MA (Edin. and Manc.); ARIBA 1891; RCA 1899 (ARCA 1897); FSA

Born 15 Dec. 1859; 3rd s of late Jasper John Capper, Upper Clapton, and Harriet Millington Jackson, Douglas, Isle of Man; unmarried; died 8 Jan. 1925 Temporary Egyptian Government Official

Education Royal High School; Edinburgh University; Heidelberg University; Ecole des Beaux Arts, Paris. Medallist and 'Dux', Royal High School, 1875; MA with first class honours (classics), 1880

**Career** Private tutor and (for part of the time) acting private secretary in household of the late Sir R. B. D. Morier, Lisbon and Madrid, 1879–83; examiner in Art History and Archaeology, Edinburgh University, 1895 and 1904; Macdonald Professor of Architecture, McGill University, Montreal, 1896–1903; Professor of Architecture, Victoria University, Manchester, 1903–12; late Capt. and Bt Major, 1/6th Batt. Manchester Regt, which he accompanied to Egypt on active service; Military Censor, Port Said, 1914–16, Alexandria, 1916–17, Cairo, 1917–18; Intelligence Corps, EEF, 1918; GSO, EEF, 1919 (despatches twice, TD); Chief Press Censor, Ministry of the Interior, Cairo, 1920–21; Major (local), commanding Manchester University Contingent Officers' Training Corps, 1908–12; formerly Captain Canadian Field Artillery (3rd Field Battery, Montreal)

**Publications** occasional papers

**Recreations** Member Royal St Lawrence Yacht Club; RNSYC Club Athenæum Address European Dept, Ministry of the Interior, Cairo St Michael's, Reigate, Surrey

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with ARIBA RCA FSA.
- He worked as a Professor of Architecture in University of Manchester.
- He worked as a Professor of Architecture in McGill University, Montreal, Canada.
- He resided at 337 Moss Lane East in Manchester.

9-Prof. David Sing Capper<sup>42,51</sup> was born in 1864 and died on 12 Feb 1926 in London at age 62.

# General Notes: Capper, David Sing

MA, MInstCE, MIMechE

y s of late Jasper John Capper (d 1895); m 1893, Lillian Grace, y d of late Dr A. R. Shaw, St Leonards-on-Sea (d 1899); one s; died 12 Feb. 1926 Professor of Engineering, University of London, King's College, 1902–21; and Member of Senate, 1905–07; Fellow, King's College, London, 1907 Education Royal High School, Edinburgh; Edinburgh University; University College, London

Career Messrs R. & W. Hawthorns; Messrs Humphrys, Tennant and Co., Deptford. Asst to Mr R. Humphrys, 1888–90. One of the Governors of Sir Roger Cholmeley's School, Highgate, 1905– 20; member of governing body of Imperial College of Science and Technology, South Kensington, 1908–09; Member of Delegacy of University of London, King's College, 1910–14; Lt-Col Commanding University of London Contingent of Officers' Training Corps to 1915; Major, 2/5 Royal Warwicks, BEF

**Publications** various professional papers in Proceedings of Engineering Institutions, Royal Agricultural Society, etc

- **Recreations** Gardening, philately
- **Clubs** Athenæum; St Stephen's

Address 38 West Heath Drive, Hampstead, NW8

Hampstead 2350

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA MInstCE MIMechE.
- He worked as a Professor of Engineering in King's College, London.
- He worked as a Member of the Senate in the University of London.
- He resided at Plas Gwyn, in Frognal, Hampstead, London.

David married Lilian Grace Shaw,<sup>42</sup> daughter of Dr. Archibald R. Shaw, in 1893. Lilian was born in 1865 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex. They had one son: Derick Jasper.

10-Lieut. Derick Jasper Capper was born on 20 May 1895 in Chiswick, London and died in 1979 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at 38 West Heath Drive in London NW11.

Jasper next married Anna Coventry Blyth.

8-Clara Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 24 Dec 1821 in Paradise Row, Stoke Newington, London, was christened on 28 Oct 1836 in Old Gravel Pit Independent, Hackney, London, and died on 23 Aug 1863 in Hackney, Dalston, London at age 41.

8-Mary Allen Capper<sup>30</sup> was born on 14 Jul 1823 in Paradise Row, Stoke Newington, London and was christened on 28 Oct 1836 in Old Gravel Pit Independent, Hackney, London. Mary married **Dr. Charles Joseph Tomkins**. They had six children: Alfred John, Alice Mary, Gertrude Emily, Charles Capper, Herbert William, and Harding Henbest.

9-Alfred John Tomkins was born in 1847 in London and died in 1922 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 75.

9-Alice Mary Tomkins was born in 1848 in London and was christened on 4 May 1868 in St. John's, Battersea, London.

9-Gertrude Emily Tomkins was born in 1850 and was christened on 22 Dec 1869 in St. John's, Battersea, London.

9-Charles Capper Tomkins was born in 1850 in London, was christened on 31 Mar 1877 in Odiham, Southampton, Hampshire, and died in 1922 in Petersfield, Hampshire at age 72.

9-Herbert William Tomkins was born in 1854 in London and died in 1926 in Edmonton, London at age 72.

Herbert married Alicia Bradshaw, daughter of Rev. Dr. George Bradshaw, in 1878 in Aston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Alicia was born in 1854 in Southampton, Hampshire and died in 1930 in Totnes, Devon at age 76.

9-Dr. Harding Henbest Tomkins was born in 1860, was christened on 15 Sep 1875 in Odiham, Southampton, Hampshire, and died in 1929 in Brentford, Middlesex at age 69. Harding married Annie Amelia. They had two children: Margery Allen and Eleanor H.

10-Margery Allen Tomkins was born in 1899, was christened on 12 Jul 1899 in St. Andrew's, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire, and died in 1926 at age 27.

10-Eleanor H. Tomkins

7-George Capper was born on 20 Sep 1791 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 5 Apr 1794 in Gracechurch Street, London at age 2.

7-Katherine Capper<sup>70,73,154,266</sup> was born on 16 Oct 1792 in Gracechurch Street, London, died on 16 Mar 1882 in Stoke Newington, London at age 89, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Katharine Backhouse, 89 16 3 mo. 1882 Darlington. A Minister. Widow of John Backhouse.

The readers of the Annual Monitor will be compartively few who remember the subject of the following memorial in the vigour of her days. Yet there is a value peculiar to itself, in the tes- timony of a long life, from early childhood to extreme old age, to the faithfulness of our God and Saviour.

K. Backhouse was the fourth daughter of Jasper and Ann Capper, of Stoke Newington, and was born in the year 1792.

Being one of a large family of children, nine of whom lived to grow up, her education was a very practical one, and her active powers were early called into requisition in the home circle. As she grew

older, visiting and nursing the sick poor was one of her special duties. This being at the period when vaccination for the small-pox had been recently introduced, she entered into it with so much interest that she undertook it on a large scale for the poor children of Stoke Newington, and received a medical diploma for vaccinating upwards of a thousand children. The energy of K. Capper was great, and her lively, active mind delighted in opportunities of helping or doing kindnesses to others. In Joseph Gurney Bevan, the family of young people had a most kind and improving friend, and at the age of seventeen, K. C. studied Greek that she might be able to read to him in the Greek Testament, he having become blind in his declining years; and in after-life she frequently referred to the benefit she had derived from his company and conversation. By their parents they were carefully watched over, and instructed in religious truth, and at the age of nineteen, K. C. first spoke in the ministry in Gracechurch Street Meeting, of which she was then a member, and by which she was afterwards acknowledged as a minister.

In 1823 she was married to John Backhouse, of Darlington. In reference to this event she writes in her journal : - "J. B. left me last evening, after being in town about ten days. During his visit my heart has been turned to the Lord for direction in this most important matter. Sometimes I have asked that if this is indeed the husband designed for me, I might feel him to be standing on Christ the immovable Bock; and I may, with humble gratitude record, that we have been mercifully condescended unto by being permitted unitedly to feel the presence of the Most High to be with us as we have waited upon Him together. He knows the integrity of our hearts in this business, and how earnestly we both desire not to take one step in it without His holy sanction. To Him do I commit myself and my cause, in a lowly confidence that He will preserve me from error. This evening, while retired in my room, with a sincere desire to see the Divine will in this concern, I was unexpectedly impressed with the belief that we should he given to each other as the Lord's precious gifts, and that He would bless us together; also that He would give me wisdom to go in and out before the dear children as I look to Him for it; and under the humbling prevalence of this feeling I have at this time desired afresh to dedicate my whole heart to Him who so graciously condescends to my unworthy soul. May I ever serve, honour, and obey Him."

Beautifully did she fill the place of step- mother to J. B.'s motherless children, whose warm affection she gained by her loving and judicious care. In the circle to which she belonged she was greatly valued; her clear and sound judgment often decided a point which might otherwise have been perplexing. Her ready sympathy and wise counsel were frequently sought by her friends. Especially in seasons of sickness and affliction were her visits most cordially welcomed, and will long be remembered by those iwho had the privilege of her acquaintance. Watchful- ness over herself and desire to be found doing her Master's work, were conspicuous in her cha- racter, and to her, in no common degree, might be applied the words, - she "visited the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and kept herself unspotted from the world."

During the years 1831 to 1840 K. B. travelled much as a minister of the Gospel, and, accom- panied by her husband or some other congenial companion, she visited the meetings in Scotland, and those in many parts of England. Service in her own Quarterly Meeting was not unfrequently called for, and her humility and devotedness of spirit and power of sympathy gained her ready access to those to whom her mind was drawn. Her ministry was concise and clear, and was much valued by her friends; yet we find in her journal the following entry, which may serve for the encouragement of those who, feeling that it is laid upon them to speak for their Master, may be discouraged by a sense of their inability to express what is in their hearts : - " When I com- pare the services of some of my beloved friends with my own poor performances, dry and barren as they sometimes appear to me, I am almost ready to be overwhelmed with discouragement, and to think I had better never again attempt to speak in the name of the Lord; and yet when the command seems to be given, how can I refrain? It may be that it is for my own humiliation, and from this 1 do not desire to shrink; but if it is because of anything wrong in me that so little life and power attend my speaking, oh be pleased gracious Lord to do it away for Thy name's sake and Thy honour's sake." Again: "I have been much humbled of late, or at least I trust so, under the sense of my great unprofitableness, now nearly entering my sixtieth year. I can look back and deeply deplore my profitless life, the little I have done or said for my good Master; for Him who has done, and is doing, all for me. I long to live to His praise, and, if I might be so permitted, to win souls to Him; yet I feel laid down, laid aside as it were, and dare not set myself to work in any way of my own desiring. I fear I am sometimes criminally backward in promoting His cause, and yet I do desire not to be so. Surely I do love my Saviour ; at least I earnestly wish to do so. and even this wish cannot originate in me. Lord, wilt Thou show me how, when, and where to serve Thee, and oh, strengthen me to maintain the watch, that I may know Thy will. Oh, give me power to obey even in the smallest requiring, and however humiliating."

In 1847 K. B. was deprived of her beloved husband, who died at Shull, a favourite moorland retreat of his. For six years previously he had been much of an invalid from an attack of partial paralysis. which came on suddenly, and was at first attended with severe suffering. This was greatly soothed by the unwearied attentions of his devoted wife; and in this deep trial they knew what it was to partake largely of the con- solations of Christ, as shown by the following extracts from memoranda made at this time : -

" He (J. B.) expressed his thankfulness that he had never had even one regret at the sudden loss of his powers, but that he had been enabled to say, 6 Thy will be done; ' that he believed we had both been enabled to take refuge under the shadow of the Almighty in this hour of great calamity. He was sweetly affectionate, and said if I was spared to him he should want for nothing as to nursing, and remarked that our love was founded on that which was not shaken by these storms - even on Christ." Again : "We had a sweet morning together, pouring out our souls in prayer that He who knows our need will be pleased to enable us so to sustain the in- firmities of flesh and spirit as to promote His glory, and that for His dear Son's sake He will, in the end, grant us an inheritance among the blessed." After so many years of the endearing de-pendence of suffering, K. B. most keenly felt the separation. She writes : - " How shall I recount my feelings on re-entering this clear abode (Beech- wood), doubly dear to me as the spot he so much liked, and where we have passed so many hours together ? No language could set forth all that my heart has endured, yet I am bound to add that mercy and love have upheld my drooping spirit, and that my solitary hours have been sweetened by a sense of heavenly goodness, and of the perfect happiness of my most precious one; indeed, his purified spirit seems to be about me. And now may the God of my life, who attracted my childish heart to Himself, and who accepted graciously the mid-day surrender, seeing He gave me a precious husband who was like a part of my own soul, and has been pleased to redeem and sanctify him and take him from all his earthly shackles- may He, my Lord and my God, also mercifully accept the sacrifice of my widowed heart, and make it His dwelling-place."

The death of her husband was followed after no long interval by another bereavement, which she keenly felt, in the death of her daughter-in- law, Anna Backhouse. She writes, Second month 2nd, 1848: "To-day came the following deeply affecting letter from my precious son, which has plunged us into sorrow indeed :-

On board the Bulldog War Steamer, off Palermo, First month 1st, 1848. "'My dearest Mother and Eliza. - I scarcely know how to find words to convey to you the dispensation with which it has pleased our Heavenly Father to visit me. My precious Anna is no more ! On account of the state of things here (an insurrection) we have never been able to inform you of our arrival here on the 12th ult., immediately after which disturbances commenced, and on Seventh-clay evening we were obliged to come on board this ship. ... We were, in fact, driven to come here, as she was evidently losing ground at Naples.... She found the air of this place suit her, and said she felt much more com-fortable. Yesterday she was quite nicely, and was on deck, which she much enjoyed; and this morning, after a good night, she again came on about eleven o'clock. Soon after this the courier, who with Mary Ann (her maid) was in another ship, came on board, and told us M. A. was not comfortable there. I went to the captain, and got leave for her to come on board; and my dearest followed me, unknown to me, to speak to him also. On going back to her chair she com- plained of shortness of breath.... She soon

became alarmingly ill. We laid her down on deck, and two medical men on board gave her every attention. She at once became aware of her situation, and said she was "going to Jesus, and to her dearest papa,\* and that she felt very comfortable." Kemedies revived her for a time. She begged to see J ohnny, kissed him, and told Sarah to take good care of him; and frequently said how very comfortable she felt, but that it was a strange place to die in, surrounded as she was by the strangers on board, who were very feeling and kind. At last she gradually became quiet, and sank most easily away. It was an awful time, and I can yet scarcely believe it is not a dream. ... I feel there is only one source to which I can look for comfort, and may I obtain it in my deep affliction.

" Your most affectionate,

### " John C. Backhouse.

" P.S. - I was unable to send this yesterday, so add that I have this morning followed her precious remains to the cemetery. . . . The captain and some of his officers accompanied me, and as we stood round the grave in our own simple manner, I could not but long that the feeling of her inexpressible happiness might enable me to bear with resignation this agonising stroke.' " Humility and submission to the will of God were conspicuous features of Katharine Back- house's character ; bereavement therefore did not induce her to yield herself to any weak indul- gence in grief, but rather to inquire what was the work left for her to do. Her executive activity enabled her in days of vigour, whilst acting upon her favourite motto, always to do the must-be's before the may-he's, to get through an amount of work, which to one of slower habits would seem impossible.

Surrounded by a large circle of relations, who looked up to her with loving affection, and often sought advice, her correspondence was necessarily extensive ; and even to those with whom she was but little acquainted, if she felt she could give a warning word she did it, often at much cost to herself ; and her faithfulness was at times re- warded by very sincere thanks. She loved to open her house to the messengers of the Lord, who found in her a true and sympathizing friend. Her bright and cheerful spirit always made her home especially attractive to the young. For several years K. B. acted as Clerk to the Women's Yearly Meeting, a position from which she exceedingly shrank, but in which her char- acter shone never more brightly, when her deep spiritual experience, her good judgment, and calm dignity, had a marked influence upon the meeting, and often gave a wise direction to the various deliberations that occupied it. She writes (*Fourth month 6th, 1850*) :- "I do intensely feel having to open the Yearly Meeting, with all which it involves this year ; and, oh ! how earnestly do I ask for wisdom and discretion according to my need. My soul would sink within me were it not for the promises from Him who has all power unto those who have none, which I truly feel to be my case." And again (*Fifth month 12th, 1851*) : "I have had such a baptism as regards the approaching Yearly Meeting as I have seldom known. My soul has indeed been cast down within me, but I have remembered Him in whom alone is my trust, and have desired to commit all to Him. Lord ! do Thou keep me, not only from wilful disobedience, but from any mistakes whereby dishonour might be l brought upon Thy precious truth. Oh, may this be exalted over all, and Thy great name glorified through Jesus Christ. I want, Thou knowest, to have no will but Thine, and that the little remainder of my day may be devoted unto Thee alone, who has the right to rule and reign within and over me."

Entire loneliness, as to outward companionship, was often her position; but, as we see by her memoranda, it was indeed cheered by the love of her Saviour, and almost to the last days of her life to be left alone with Him, to commune with Him, was her delight.

She writes (*Eleventh month 6th, 1850*): - " Much have I dwelt on the sweet memory of my precious husband, and have been afresh comforted in the belief that he would not have been dear to me but for his love to Christ; for the more I saw His image reflected in him, the more tenderly I loved him. Oh, then, do I not love my blessed Saviour, and, unworthy as I am, may I not believe that it is because He first loved me, and gave Himself for me; and now I am cast upon Him, have no one to lean on but Him. "Well, then, to Him I will joyfully go, for He will never turn me away. The poor lone widow He will shelter and befriend. Oh, how does this sweet confidence support me

"Many religious persons appear perplexed about the nature of the joys of eternity ; and at times distressed because they do not feel that assurance of partaking in them which would be fully satisfactory. It seerus to me that we have little to do with either. TVe ought to have no desire so earnest, no joy so great, as the accom- plishment of our Heavenly Fathers will, and if as we journey on through time this is our true experience, we may safely commit ourselves to Him both for time and for eternity. Possibly the joy of the latter may consist in the unobstructed fulfilment of the Lord's will, and in His holy presence. Is it not a state attainable even here, wherein this is so continually aspired after that it becomes the atmosphere in which the soul delights to live, patiently enduring suffering for the sake of that gracious Redeemer who gave Himself for us ] Secure in the wisdom and mercy of His appointments, and willing to rest therein with loving confidence, this is all the assurance which I dare ask, all that is needful for a Christian." *"Twelfth month 20th, 1855.-* My friends have been very kind in visiting me, and I am grateful to them ; but, unavoidably, much solitude is my lot, and I do not wish it otherwise. When shut- in alone with Jesus I sometimes feel a nearness to Him and dependence on Him that is more to me than the dearest, closest earthly tie."' *Second month 21st, 1856.-* It was said by an aged saint in New York, 1 I have been forty years living on the will of the Lord, and I find it love ; ' and similar may be my testimonj' to His mercy and His love. ! it is good to live upon His will, and I desire to have no life in anything contrary to it."

After a time of much conflict of spirit, she writes : - " I have mourned in secret while passing through this ordeal ; but ! the loving-kindness of my God to me this morning is not to be described, for I cannot fully set it forth. He has sweetly convinced me that I may leave the things that are behind, believe that all is washed away in the blood of Christ, and hide myself in Him. ! mercy infinite, indescribable ! Now I have only to lay aside every weight, and the sin which doth so easily beset me, and run with patience the race which is set before me, looking unto Jesus the Author and Finisher of my faith. ! blessed assurance, blessed Saviour ! To Thee may I henceforth look without perplexing myself about the past ; daily applying to the blood of sprinkling, patiently endeavouring each day to do Thy will - willing to be nothing, to appear so in the sight of others ; even to be despised, so that Thou art exalted, and Thy name glorified." *"Third month 22nd, 1859. -* How sweet is it, and how wholly undeserved, to be permitted to

refer my every need, temporal and spiritual, to my Heavenly Father, through Jesus, my adorable Kedeemer; I cannot fully describe the rest, the joy, which I have lately experienced in thus con-tinually committing myself and my all to Him, and it is wonderful to discover His tender mind- fulness of even my outward necessities and com- forts, so that external affairs and many minor things have been ordered marvellously for me.

! it is sweet to trust Him."

" *Fifth month 8th, 1864.*- I do long that Christ may so draw me to Himself, and keep me so near, that I may perfectly reflect His image, that all may see and know that I have been with Him, and learnt of Him, that He may be glorified by my being filled with love, gentleness, meekness, humility, and every Christian grace. To Jesus do I desire to consecrate body, soul, and spirit." "*Eleventh month 14th, 1870.* - Relieved in spirit by being, enabled, before the Scripture reading this morning, to express my desire for us all, that this might never sink into a mere form, but that our hearts might be lifted up in prayer for a blessing on the reading, that we might know the entrance of the words of Jesus to give life to our souls ; and that such times might prove times of refreshing from Him."

"Fourth month 10th, 1871. - I wish here to remark as regards myself, that in looking back upon my long life, I see that whenever I have trusted in myself, my good resolutions, my natural powers, &c, I have signally failed ; hut when my trust has been only in Jesus, even respecting small outward concerns, all has pros- pered ; if not in the expected way, still in the best possible way." "Ninth month 26th, 1871. - In my nature I believe there is much of what the French term empressemenl seems best to describe ; an earnestness in the pursuit of what it appears right should be accomplished, which, I believe, may have had its use in youth and middle age, when I had often much to engage my attention ; but it does not seem to comport with old age, and I very much desire to know deliverance from all that intercepts my dwelling in c the quiet habitation,' waiting to be taught my daily lessons in the Saviour's school. Especially it is my prayer that things may have their proper places, and that none of the daily affairs of life may be pursued too earnestly, but that all may be attended to in quietness and meekness, the heart being continually lifted up in perfect confidence to Him who does mercifully undertake for us even in secular things so as to bring about His own designs."

Toward the end of 1876 K. B.'s health re- ceived a severe shake from a sudden but short attack of loss of consciousness. From this she never fully recovered, and only twice during the five remaining years of her life was she able to unite with her friends in public worship. She much enjoyed her garden, and with cheerful sub- mission she reconciled herself to limited powers, always feeling that whatever was permitted by her Heavenly Father was sure to be the right discipline for her. Thankfulness for all His gifts was the clothing of her spirit, and words of praise from the psalms or hymns were often on her lips. *Under date 20th Sixth month, 1877*, K. B. says :- " Now after about eight months upstairs, much of the time in bed, I may write that I fell down insensible at my bedroom door on the 22nd of Tenth month, 1876, and have since experienced much of the goodness of my gracious God and Saviour. He has repeatedly laid me low, and again given me evidence of His loving-kindness. This day is the third on which I have come down to dinner, and I have been once at a week-day meeting." First-day. - " A one, and thankful to be so; although from some unknown cause there is little ability to cry availingly for help from Him who only knows the depth of my unworthiness, and the feebleness of my powers, both of body and of mind. But oh, how thankfully I remember that He graciously compassionates those who desire, however faintly, to love Him above all. Lord ! do with me as Thou wilt ! "

1878. - "And now what can I write but the praises of my gracious Heavenly Father, Jesus my Redeemer, and the Holy Spirit my Sanctifier !

! may the work be completed, and my unworthy soul prepared, ivhenever the summons may be sent, to enter His courts with joy and thanksgiving ! "

"Eleventh month 8th, 1880. - A truly touching letter from dear Edwin Waterhouse tells me of the death, yesterday, of his precious mother, my darling niece, Mary Waterhouse. She was like my own child from her very early years. She passed sweetly away to the Heavenly Kingdom. ! may I also, through infinite mercy, follow her there, when the call is sent." Prostration of mind and body gradually increased as age advanced. But her faith never failed- thankfulness for all her mercies washer constant theme. One especial mercy , to which she often referred, was the blessing of having such a faithful attendant as her maid, Mary, who, in the 56th year of her service, ably cared to the last for her beloved mistress with devoted and unwearied tenderness. In the Second month of 1882, K. B. took a slight cold, which yet did not prevent her coming down stairs even on the last day of her life. Soon after retiring to rest on the evening of the 16th the call she had so longed for came. Her prayer the night before had been that, "with the morning rays she might wake in Heaven." And so, in her 90th year, this loved and honoured one most gently passed away to be " for ever with the Lord."

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker minister.

Katherine married **John Backhouse**,<sup>4,70,73,154,262,264,266</sup> son of **Jonathan Backhouse**<sup>4,154,235,264,266,289,290,291</sup> and **Ann Pease**,<sup>4,154,235,264,266,289,290,291,292</sup> on 13 Aug 1823 in FMH Gracechurch Street, London. John was born on 20 Mar 1784 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 17 Aug 1847 in Shull, County Durham at age 63, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Banker.

7-Mary Capper<sup>12,66,265</sup> was born on 19 Jan 1795 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 9 Sep 1870 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 75.

Mary married **Thomas Mounsey**,<sup>12,154,265</sup> son of **John Mounsey**<sup>33</sup> and **Ann Robson**, on 17 Sep 1817 in FMH White Hart Court. Thomas was born on 19 Jan 1793 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 7 Dec 1850 in Hendon Hill, Sunderland at age 57. They had seven children: **Edward, Jasper Capper, Ann, John, Thomas, Octavia**, and **Katharine**.

General Notes: Of Sunderland

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer & Coal Owner.

8-Edward Mounsey<sup>12,66,154</sup> was born on 26 Sep 1818 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 27 Dec 1904 in Villa Mounsey, Montreux, Switzerland at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Penge, Surrey.
- He had a residence in Denham, Uxbridge, Middlesex.

• He had a residence in Villa Mounsey, Montreux, Switzerland.

Edward married Emily Backhouse,<sup>12,66,154</sup> daughter of Edward Backhouse<sup>10,154,157,264,265</sup> and Mary Robson,<sup>10,154,265</sup> on 29 Apr 1847 in Sunderland, County Durham. Emily was born on 29 Jul 1824 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 19 Mar 1869 in St. Leonards on Sea, Sussex at age 44. They had four children: Thomas Edward, Ada Mary, Elizabeth Laura, and (No Given Name).

9-Thomas Edward Mounsey<sup>12,50,84,154</sup> was born on 26 Jun 1848 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1933 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1860-1861 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Weston super Mare Agricultural College in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was a Quaker until he resigned his membership in 1868.
- He worked as a Bank Clerk before 1908 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- 9-Ada Mary Mounsey<sup>12,154</sup> was born on 24 Oct 1849 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 11 Mar 1903 in Villa Mounsey, Montreux, Switzerland at age 53.

9-Elizabeth Laura Mounsey<sup>12,154</sup> was born on 20 Sep 1852 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 19 Nov 1905 in Gravesend, Kent at age 53.

9-Mounsev<sup>154</sup> was born in 1851 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1851 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Edward next married Emilie Hoffherr,<sup>12,154</sup> daughter of Jean Hoffherr and Louise, on 20 Nov 1873 in Scarborough, Yorkshire. Emilie was born on 12 Aug 1842 in Shiltigheim, Germany and died on 3 Sep 1908 in Villa Mounsey, Montreux, Switzerland at age 66. They had one daughter: Aimee Louise.

9-Aimee Louise Mounsey<sup>12</sup> was born on 27 Aug 1875 in Penge, Surrey and died in 1939 at age 64.

8-Jasper Capper Mounsey<sup>4,12,108</sup> was born on 25 Feb 1820 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 20 Feb 1895 in London at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Iron merchant.
- He worked as a Co-partner in the Bedlington Iron works with John Dixon, trading as Mounsey & Dixon. In 1861.

Jasper married Elizabeth Waite,<sup>4,12,108</sup> daughter of John Robinson Waite<sup>12,39,154</sup> and Sarah Pryor,<sup>12,39,154,162</sup> on 16 Oct 1851. Elizabeth was born on 3 Nov 1823 in London and died on 31 Jan 1862 in Bedlington Ironworks, Blyth Dene, Northumberland at age 38. The cause of her death was Killed by machinery whilst visiting the ironworks. They had seven children: Ellen, Henry, Gulielma, Charles Herbert, Alfred, Frederick, and William Pryor.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Hollymount, Bedlington, . Newcastle upon Tyne.

9-Ellen Mounsey<sup>4</sup> was born on 2 Aug 1852 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1899 in Reigate, Surrey at age 47.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Founder of the Missionary Helpers Union.

Ellen married William Leatham Barclay,<sup>4,271</sup> son of Joseph Gurney Barclay<sup>4,102,159,165,244,293,294,295</sup> and Mary Walker Leatham,<sup>4,165,248</sup> on 19 Jul 1877 in FMH, Westminster. William was born on 26 Jun 1845 in Walthamstow, London and died on 6 Jan 1893 in The Briars, Reigate, Surrey at age 47.

Marriage Notes: 19 July 1877, Thurs: Letters and then off to William L. Barclay's wedding to Miss Mounsey at Westminster meeting, Margaret & Gurney, Alfred & Rachel Backhouse, Edward L & Katherine Backhouse, Jasper Mounsey &c &c - all went off pretty well. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Lincoln's Inn.
- He worked as a Banker. Partner in Barclay, Bevan, Tritton & Co. Before 1888 in 54 Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as an active member (Treasurer), of the Home Mission Committee.

9-Henry Mounsey was born on 7 Nov 1853 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1932 at age 79.

Henry married Katherine O'Neill.

9-Gulielma Mounsey was born on 2 Dec 1854 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1944 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 90.

Gulielma married **Thomas Wickham-Jones**, son of **Rev. Charles Powell Jones** and **Sophia Davies**, on 3 Nov 1880 in Croydon, Surrey. Thomas was born in 1847 and died in 1929 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey at age 82. Another name for Thomas was Thomas Wickham Jones. They had five children: **Lilian Mary, Ellen, Katharine, Charles Alfred**, and **Edward**.

General Notes: THOMAS WICKHAM JONES . I am in the service of Robert Warner, the proprietor of Brooks' Wharf-we have sixty or seventy thousand boxes of tea there-on the arrival of a ship the consignment gets a rotation number, and then the consecutive number of packages - that is sent to the broker, who puts it into the merchants' hands-the showroom is used for public sales and first merchants' samples-We have a couple of advance boxes up from every ship, and they are put in the tearoom

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Wharfinger and Warehouseman.

10-Lilian Mary Wickham-Jones was born on 30 Mar 1882 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey and was christened on 1 May 1882 in Croydon, Surrey.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Founder of the TWJ Foundation.

Lilian married **William Newman Higgs**. William was born in 1870 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

10-Ellen Wickham-Jones was born on 25 Mar 1883 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey and was christened on 25 Apr 1883 in Holy Trinity, Croydon, Surrey. Ellen married Edward Sidney George Malins. Edward was born in 1865. They had one son: Charles Wickham.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Compton, Berkshire.

11-Capt. Charles Wickham Malins RN was born on 15 May 1913 and died on 28 Jun 1998 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSO DSC and Bar.

Charles married Gillian Stockley, daughter of R. M. Stockley. They had one daughter: Penelope.

## 12-Penelope Malins

Penelope married Ian David Kinloch Wanklyn, son of Lt. Cmdr. Malcolm David Wanklyn VC and Elspeth Kinloch, in 1971. Ian was born on 31 Aug 1939. They had three children: Alastair David, Oliver Charles, and Catriona Louise.

13-Alastair David Wanklyn

13-Oliver Charles Wanklyn

## 13-Catriona Louise Wanklyn

10-Katharine Wickham-Jones was born in 1884 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey and was christened on 1 Nov 1884 in Holy Trinity, Croydon, Surrey.

10-Charles Alfred Wickham-Jones was born on 15 Jun 1886 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey, was christened on 20 Jul 1886 in Holy Trinity, Croydon, Surrey, and died in 1977 in Pulborough, Sussex at age 91.

General Notes: The Great War campaign group of four awarded to 2nd Lieutenant C. A. Wickham-Jones, Royal Army Service Corps, late Surrey Yeomanry British War and Victory Medals (2 Lieut. C. A. Wickham-Jones); Defence Medal 1939-45; Territorial Force Efficiency Medal, G.V.R. (703 L. Cpl. C. A. Wickham-Jones, Surrey Yeo.), together with a National Territorial Championship prize medal, 1911, silver-gilt, the reverse inscribed 'Tpr. C. A. Wickham Jones', and 'Blackheath Terriers' prize medals (3), silver, all named to the recipient and dated 1912-13, and a set of related miniature dress medals, good very fine and better (25) £1600-1800

10-Capt. Edward Wickham-Jones was born in 1888 in Selhurst Road, South Norwood, Surrey, was christened on 12 Jun 1888 in Holy Trinity, Croydon, Surrey, and died in 1973 in Hammersmith, London at age 85.

General Notes: T./Lt. Edward Wickham-Jones, R.F.A. For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When ammunition was required on one occasion at the battery position he went himself to ascertain the best way to bring it, knowing the enemy were on both flanks. He returned through a heavy artillery and machine-gun barrage with the limbers, and withdrew the six guns in spite of the heavy shelling. His energy and coolness alone enabled this to be done. He eventually took the guns to another position and brought up six wagon-loads of ammunition.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MC.

Edward married Agnes Rosa Dill on 22 Feb 1922. Agnes was born on 4 Jan 1887 and died on 4 Dec 1927 at age 40. They had one son: Charles.

### 11-Dr. Charles Wickham-Jones

Charles married **Dorothea Primrose Mary Baylis**, daughter of **Roderick Llewellyn Baylis** and **Dorothy Phyllis Baylis**, in 1954 in Lambeth, London. Dorothea was born on 21 Mar 1933 in Romford, Essex and died in Nov 2006 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham at age 73. They had three children: **Caroline Rosa, Charles Thomas**, and **Mark Edward**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with FSA.

12-Caroline Rosa Wickham-Jones

12-Dr. Charles Thomas Wickham-Jones

Charles married Clare Elizabeth S. Casey.

12-Prof. Mark Edward Wickham-Jones

9-Charles Herbert Mounsey was born on 18 Dec 1855 in Sunderland, County Durham.

Charles married Elizabeth Caroline Hutchinson, daughter of C. W. Hutchinson, on 27 Apr 1885 in Madras, India. Elizabeth was born in 1859 after 1859. They had one son: Jasper Percy.

10-Jasper Percy Mounsey was born on 22 Nov 1887 in Madras, India.

9-Alfred Mounsey was born on 26 Aug 1857 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in 1938 in Worthing, Sussex at age 81.

Alfred married Charlotte Ferrier, daughter of George Ferrier. They had three children: Kenneth, Vipont, and William.

- 10-Kenneth Mounsey
- 10-Vipont Mounsey
- **10-William Mounsey**

9-Frederick Mounsey was born on 17 May 1859 in Sunderland, County Durham and died in Jun 1877 in New Zealand at age 18.

9-William Prvor Mounsev<sup>108</sup> was born on 20 Jul 1860 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 25 Dec 1861 in Hollymount, Bedlington, Newcastle upon Tyne at age 1.

Jasper next married Elizabeth Stanton, daughter of Philip Holmes Stanton and Eliza Bolton, on 29 Apr 1869. Elizabeth was born on 24 Jun 1827 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1900 in Crovdon, Surrey at age 73. They had one daughter: Beatrice Emily.

9-Beatrice Emily Mounsey was born on 30 Sep 1871 in South Norwood, Surrey and died in 1950 in Croydon, Surrey at age 79.

Beatrice married Joseph Grant Priestley in 1904 in Croydon, Surrey. Joseph was born in 1853.

8-Ann Mounsey was born on 22 Jul 1821 and died on 10 Aug 1822 at age 1.

8-John Mounsey<sup>38,99</sup> was born on 7 Jul 1823 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 16 Jan 1896 in "Roborough", Bournemouth, Dorset at age 72, and was buried in Bournemouth Cemetery.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Bishopwearmouth.

• He had a residence in "Roborough", Bournemouth, Dorset.

John married Caroline May,<sup>38</sup> daughter of Dr. Edward Curtis May<sup>38,109,138,157,163,214,233</sup> and Caroline Hooper,<sup>38,109,138,163,214</sup> on 26 Mar 1857 in FMH Tottenham. Caroline was born on 18 Sep 1828 in Tottenham, London, died on 30 Jan 1899 at age 70, and was buried in Bournemouth Cemetery. They had two children: Gertrude Sophia and Rosamunde.

9-Gertrude Sophia Mounsey was born on 4 Jul 1858 in Sunderland, County Durham.

9-Rosamunde Mounsey was born on 27 Dec 1859 in Sunderland, County Durham.

8-Thomas Mounsey was born on 24 Aug 1824 and died on 25 Aug 1824.

8-Octavia Mounsey was born in 1828 and died in 1829 at age 1.

8-Katharine Mounsev<sup>37,154,157,216,265</sup> was born on 5 Oct 1831 and died on 5 Jun 1906 in Sunderland, County Durham at age 74.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Ouaker Minister.

Katharine married Edward Backhouse,<sup>37,154,157,216,228,265</sup> son of Edward Backhouse<sup>10,154,157,264,265</sup> and Mary Robson,<sup>10,154,265</sup> on 26 Mar 1856. Edward was born on 8 May 1808 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 22 May 1879 in Hastings, Sussex at age 71. They had no children.

General Notes: Of Ashburne, Sunderland. Author of 'Early Church History'. Minister in the Society of Friends.

BACKHOUSE, EDWARD (1808-1879), author of 'Early Church History,' was born at Darlington on 8 May 1808. He lived from early boyhood at Sunderland, where he was a partner in collieries and in the bank which his family had been connected many years. He took no active part in business, and was a man of cultivated taste fond of travel, a good amateur painter, as a student of natural history. He devoted himself chiefly to the promotion of philanthropic and religious purposes. He was most generous and judicious supporter of various institutions in Sunderland, and said to have spent over 10.000/. a year charities. In politics he was an energetic liberal, and especially interested in questions bearing directly upon morality. In later life he was a prominent opponent of the Contagious Diseases Acts. He was a devoted member of the Society of Friends, to which his family belonged. He began to preach 1852, and two years later was 'recognised as a minister. He married Katharine Mounsey in 1856. He had no family, but he always delighted in the society of children and the promotion of their happiness. In 1874 he was impressed by the belief that he ought devote himself to writing upon church history He laboured at this task till his death 22 May 1879. His manuscripts were entrusted to Mr. Charles Tylor, who published in 1884 'Early Church History to the Dee of Constantine; compiled by the late Edward Backhouse ; edited and enlarged by Charles Tylor.' The book, which makes no pretext to profound research, is interesting as an account of the early church by an intelligent writer from the Quaker point of view. [Preface to Early Church History by Charles Tylor; Northern Echo, 24 May 1879; Sunderland Daily Echo, 23 and 28 May 1879; information from the family.]

Backhouse, Edward (1808–1879), Quaker minister and historical writer, was born at Darlington on 8 May 1808, the son of Edward and Mary Backhouse. He lived from his youth at Sunderland, where he was partner in the collieries and the bank with which his family had been connected for many years, although he took no active part in the business. He was fond of travel, a good amateur painter, and a student of natural history. He devoted himself chiefly to the promotion of philanthropic and religious causes. He was a generous supporter of various institutions in Sunderland, including a mission hall which he founded in one of the poorer districts, and is said to have spent over £10,000 a year on charities. In politics he was an energetic Liberal, and especially interested in questions bearing directly

# Descendants of John Head

upon morality. In later life he was a prominent opponent of the Contagious Diseases Acts, providing significant financial support to the Ladies' National Association for their repeal. He was a devoted member of the Society of Friends, to which his family belonged. He began to preach in 1852, and two years later was recognized as a minister. In 1862 and 1863 he served as clerk to the yearly meeting of Friends in London. He married Katharine, daughter of Thomas and Mary Mounsey of Sunderland, in 1856. They had no children, but he always enjoyed the company of the young and the promotion of their happiness. From 1874 until his death he devoted himself to church history; his manuscript, edited by Charles Tylor, was published in 1884 as Early Church History to the Death of Constantine. The book, which makes no pretence to profound research, is interesting as an account of the early church from the Quaker point of view. Backhouse's health deteriorated in 1878; the following year he went to Hastings for a change of climate, and died there on 22 May 1879.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker and Philanthropist in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Quaker minister in 1854 in Newcastle MM.

7-Sarah Capper<sup>30,244</sup> was born on 31 Jan 1797 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 10 Jan 1868 in Tottenham, London at age 70.

Sarah married Anthony Harris,<sup>244</sup> son of Anthony Harris<sup>37,212,296</sup> and Isabella Bull,<sup>296</sup> on 17 Mar 1824 in FMH Gracechurch Street, London. Anthony was born on 24 Nov 1793 in Maryport, Cumbria and died on 3 Mar 1867 at age 73. They had five children: George, William, Sylvanus, Anthony Jasper, and Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Insurance Broker.

8-George Harris<sup>84</sup> was born on 4 Dec 1825 in Tottenham, London and died in 1841 at age 16.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1835-1841 in York, Yorkshire.

8-William Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1827 in Tottenham, London and died in 1841 at age 14.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1837-1841 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Dr. Sylvanus Harris<sup>84</sup> was born on 1 May 1829 in Highbury, Islington, London and died in 1907 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MD (Philadelphia).
- He worked as a Physician.
- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later became Bootham School) in 1839-1841 in York, Yorkshire.

Sylvanus married Marian Campbell. They had nine children: Julia Birkett, Anthony Capper, Isabella, Harry Campbell, William Guernsey, George, Mary Bertha, Philip, and Annie Maude.

9-Julia Birkett Harris was born in 1854.

9-Anthony Capper Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1855 and died in 1909 at age 54.

9-Isabella Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1857.

9-Harry Campbell Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1859.

9-William Guernsey Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1861 and died in 1876 at age 15.

9-George Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1863.

9-Mary Bertha Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1864 and died in 1875 at age 11.

9-**Philip Harris**<sup>84</sup> was born in 1866.

9-Annie Maude Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1869.

8-Anthony Jasper Harris was born on 24 Apr 1831 in White Hart Lane, Tottenham, London and died in 1900 in Hackney, London at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Insurance Broker in 4 George Yard, Lombard Street, London.

• He worked as an Insurance broker in 3 Sun Court, Cornhill, London.

Anthony married Annie Stuart Kelly in 1865 in Islington, London. Annie was born in 1836 in Ireland. They had five children: Stuart Henry, Margaret, Charles, Arthur Frederick, and Alice Mary.

9-Stuart Henry Harris was born in 1865 in Southwark, London.

9-Margaret Harris was born in 1867 in Islington, London.

9-Charles Harris was born in 1868 in Islington, London.

9-Arthur Frederick Harris was born in 1869 in Islington, London.

9-Alice Mary Harris was born in 1871 in Islington, London.

8-Henry Harris<sup>4,228,244,284</sup> was born on 28 Feb 1833 in White Hart Lane, Tottenham, London and died on 23 Apr 1873 in The Green, Tottenham, London at age 40.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Insurance Broker in 3 Sun Court, Cornhill, London.

Henry married Elizabeth Sewell,<sup>228,244,284</sup> daughter of Abraham Sewell<sup>4,228,276,282</sup> and Dorothy Stickney,<sup>4,228,282</sup> in 1859 in FMH Malton. Elizabeth was born on 28 Aug 1835 in Great Yarmouth, Norfolk and died on 17 Aug 1895 in Bradford, Yorkshire at age 59. They had six children: William Sewell, Mary Dorothy, Helen Maria, Henry, (No Given Name), and Joseph Theodore.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1849-Jun 1851 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

9-William Sewell Harris<sup>228</sup> was born in 1861 in Edmonton, London and died in 1861 in Edmonton, London.

9-Mary Dorothy Harris<sup>228</sup> was born in 1861 and died on 11 Apr 1868 in Tottenham, London at age 7.

9-Helen Maria Harris<sup>228</sup> was born in 1865.

9-Henry Harris<sup>84,132,228</sup> was born in 1866 in Tottenham, London and died on 1 Jul 1946 in Letchworth, Hertfordshire at age 80.

General Notes: Harris.-On 1st July, 1946, at Letchworth, Henry Harris (1881-83), aged 79 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1881-1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Junior Clerk in the Friends' Provident Institution in 1883.
- He worked as a member of the council of the Bradford Technical College in 1895-1900.

- He worked as a Clerk of Brighouse MM in 1897-1899.
- He worked as a Clerk to Rawdon School Committee in 1899-1902.
- He worked as a Chairman of Esholt Parish Council in 1902-1904.
- He worked as a London Manager for the Friends' Provident Institution in 1904.
- He worked as a Hon. Secretary for the Friends' Foreign Mission Association in 1911.
- He worked as a Chairman of the executive Committee of the Peace Society in 1916-1923.
- He worked as a Clerk of Large Committee (Yearly Meeting epistle) in 1917-1920.
- He worked as a Quaker Chaplain, mainly at Wormwood Scrubs prison in 1917-1919 in London.
- He worked as a Clerk of Westminster and Longford Monthly Meeting in 1919-1923.
- He worked as a Represented the Friends' Service Council in Berlin and Warsaw in 1923-1928.
- He worked as a Clerk of Witney MM after 1931.
- He resided at Newton Cottage in 1935 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- Miscellaneous: Co-operated with Fred Rowntree in founding Jordans Village.

10-Henry Lyn Harris<sup>84</sup> was born in 1892 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died in 1964 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Principal of St Christopher School in Letchworth, Hertfordshire.

10-Edward Sewell Harris<sup>84</sup> was born on 29 Dec 1896 and died in 1983 in Tower Hamlets, London at age 87.

General Notes: Edward Sewell Harris (b. 1895) attended St John's College, Cambridge. A conscientious objector, he was initially exempt from war service because of heart trouble, but eventually court-martialled in Dec. 1916 and imprisoned at Wormwood Scrubs. He was court-martialled again in Apr. 1917 and imprisoned at Canterbury. He was court-martialled a third time and eventually released from Canterbury Prison circa June 1919.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at St John's College, Cambridge.

## 9-Harris

9-Joseph Theodore Harris<sup>84,228,297,298</sup> was born in 1870 and died on 19 Aug 1958 in Epping, Essex at age 88.

General Notes: HARRIS.-On 19th August, 1958, at Epping, Essex, Joseph Theodore Harris (1884-87), aged 88 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with BA (Lond).
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1884-1887 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Flounders Institute in 1887 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Junior teacher at Sidcot School in 1888-1890 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Owen's College, Manchester in 1890-1892.
- He worked as a Master at Lexden School in 1893-1896 in Lexden, Essex.
- He worked as a member of the Peace Committe after 1931.

- He worked as a Founder and Secretary of the Socialist Quaker Society. (SQS).
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Clerk of Peel PM.

Joseph married Mary O'Brien<sup>297</sup> in 1901 in Liverpool. Mary was born in 1865 and died on 19 Apr 1938 at age 73. They had one daughter: Elsie Eileen.

General Notes: Mary O'Brien Harris (née O'Brien) (1865-19 April 1938) was a school teacher and local politician.

A member of the Society of Friends or "Quakers", she was one of the founders of the Socialist Quaker Society in 1898 along with Joseph Theodore Harris (1870-1958). The two married in 1901 and she adopted the surname "O'Brien Harris". She joined the Labour Party, she stood unsuccessfully for election to the London County Council in 1931 at Hackney Central. At the 1934 council election she was elected and was re-elected in

1937, dying in the following year aged 72.

Principal of Clapton Girls' Grammar School.

One of the founder members of the National Association of Labour Teachers (NALT). (Politics & People of London: London County Council, 1889-1965 edited by Andrew Saint)

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Ouaker.
- She worked as a founder of the Socialist Ouaker Society in 1898.
- She worked as a Principal of Clapton Girls' Grammar School.
- She worked as a member of London County Council in 1934-1938.
- She worked as a founder member of the National Association of Labour Teachers (NALT).

10-Elsie Eileen Harris was born in 1913.

6-Frances Brewster Fry<sup>4,9</sup> was born on 13 Apr 1759 in Melksham, Wiltshire and died on 8 Feb 1795 in Hartleford Place, Kennington, London at age 35.

Frances married Joel Cadbury,<sup>4,9</sup> son of Joel Cadbury<sup>4,9</sup> and Sarah Moon,<sup>4,9</sup> on 10 May 1792 in FMH Devonshire House. Joel was born on 7 Sep 1763 in Exeter, Devon (1 Nov 1763 also given), died on 12 Jan 1811 in Hartleford Place, Kennington, London at age 47, and was buried on 20 Jan 1811 in FBG Whitechapel. They had two children: Frances Caroline and Joel Fry.

General Notes: Notes for Joel Cadbury:

Will Proved Notes:

Joel left the whole of his estate and property to his mother Sarah Cadbury and his sister Sarah Moon Cadbury. Also leaves £50 per annum to his aunts in Bristol Martha Margaret and Ann Moon payable after the death of Sarah Moon Joel's mother.

The freehold property and furniture at Grace Church Street is given to Sarah Moon Cadbury; also the furniture and property at ?. Remaining property to be divided equally between Richard Tapper and Sarah Moon Cadbury.

£100 to his sister in law Mary Cadbury of Tiegmouth, my brother ? not having talents to acquire property or a disposition to make or preserve friends I think it very probable he may want a ?? him to my Executors without giving him the smallest claim on my Executors wise and humane and will do what right and ? improper behaviour and importunity this is my present him he living now in ?? by me Joel Cadbury ....

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bristol. Gloucestershire.
- He worked as an apprentice to Henry Finch (1737-1805), Wines and Sprits Merchant in Reading, Berkshire.
- He had a residence about 1783 in London.
- He worked as a Wines and Spirits merchant about 1792 in London.
- He worked as a Silk Mercer about 1794 in 22 Gracechurch Street, London.
- He had a residence about 1795 in Hartleford Place, Kennington, London.

7-Frances Caroline Cadbury<sup>4,9</sup> was born on 19 Oct 1793 in Philpot Lane, St Dionas, Backchurch, London and died on 7 Jul 1794 in Philpot Lane, St Dionas, Backchurch, London.

7-Joel Fry Cadbury<sup>4,9</sup> was born on 17 Jan 1795 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 14 Jun 1796 in Gracechurch Street, London at age 1.

6-John Fry was born on 24 Apr 1762 in Whitechapel, London and died in 1810 in London at age 48.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an American merchant in London.

7-Alfred Fry

6-William Head Fry was born on 23 Jun 1764 in Whitechapel, London, died about 5 Jul 1764 in Whitechapel, London, and was buried on 8 Jul 1764.

5-Mary Head<sup>4</sup> was born in 1736 and died in 1787 at age 51.

Mary married **Benjamin Lamb**,<sup>4</sup> son of **Benjamin Lamb** and **Elizabeth**, in 1756. Benjamin was born on 26 Jan 1725 in Little Rollright, Chipping Norton, Oxfordshire and died 17-19 Dec 1780 at age 55. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an apprenticed to John Gilkes, Clockmaker in Shipston on Stour, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a clock finisher with Thomas Wagstaffe in 1747 in London.
- He worked as a Watchmaker in Bishop's Court, Clerkenwell Green, London.
- He worked as a Watchmaker in 1759 in White Cross Street, Cripplegate, London.
- He worked as a Watchmaker in 1765 in St. John's Square, Clerkenwell, London.
- He worked as a Watchmaker in 1775 in Colebrook Row, Islington Green, London.

6-Elizabeth Lamb<sup>4</sup> was born in 1759 and died in 1806 at age 47.

Elizabeth married James Jenkins,<sup>4,299</sup> son of Zephaniah Fry<sup>4,9,299,300</sup> and Ann Jenkins, in 1780. James was born on 16 Aug 1753 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 1 Dec 1831 in Folkestone, Kent at age 78. They had eight children: James, Benjamin Lamb, Mary Ann, Eliza, William, Edward, Alfred, and Samuel.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: James was the illegitimate son of Zephaniah Fry, by his servant Ann Jenkins.
- He worked as an apprentice to John Fry (1733-1803) in 1763.
- He was educated at Joseph Shaw's school 1764 To 1767 in High Flatts, Huddersfield, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a grocer's apprentice to Hannah Jesup (1726-1773) in 1768 in Woodbridge.
- He worked as an apprentice ironmonger in Clonmel, Tipperary, Ireland.
- He worked as a Clerk for Strangman, Courtney and Ridgway in Waterford, Ireland.

7-James Jenkins<sup>4,91</sup> was born on 4 Jul 1781 in Colebrook Row, Islington Green, London, died on 19 Sep 1844 in New York, New York, USA at age 63, and was buried in FBG Houston Street, New York.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Stockbroker in London.
- He emigrated to New York, USA.

James married Sarah Bott,<sup>4,91</sup> daughter of Joseph Bott and Sarah, on 16 Sep 1807 in FMH Hertford, Hertfordshire. Sarah was born on 19 Aug 1784 in Great Coggeshall, Braintree, Essex and died in 1822 at age 38. They had nine children: Anna, Edward, Joseph Bott, James, William Levitt, Stephen, Sarah Matilda, Mary, and Louisa.

8-Anna Jenkins<sup>4,33</sup> was born on 19 Jun 1808 in London and died on 26 Dec 1831 in Hertford, Hertfordshire at age 23.

8-Edward Jenkins<sup>4</sup> was born on 4 Sep 1809 in London.

8-Joseph Bott Jenkins<sup>4</sup> was born on 19 Sep 1811 in London and was buried on 17 Jun 1849 in St. George's, Gravesend, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Stockbroker in Angel Court, Throgmorton Street, London.

Joseph married Mary Ann Rebecca Abel.

8-James Jenkins<sup>4</sup> was born on 16 Jul 1813 in London.

8-William Levitt Jenkins<sup>4</sup> was born on 2 Dec 1815 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Ackworth School.

8-Stephen Jenkins<sup>4</sup> was born on 2 Dec 1815 in London.

8-Sarah Matilda Jenkins<sup>4</sup> was born on 19 Aug 1817 in London.

8-Mary Jenkins<sup>4</sup> was born on 18 Dec 1818 in London.

Mary married James Hodgson,<sup>4</sup> son of Thomas Hodgson<sup>4</sup> and Martha Leicester,<sup>4</sup> in 1846. James was born on 28 Jul 1824 in Penketh, Warrington, Cheshire. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Cabinet maker in Manchester.

9-Hodgson

9-Hodgson

8-Louisa Jenkins<sup>34,91</sup> was born on 26 Sep 1822 in Hackney, Dalston, London and died on 1 Apr 1888 in Southampton, Hampshire at age 65.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Louisa married John Evens,<sup>34,91,227,282</sup> son of Benjamin Evens<sup>4,34,263</sup> and Christiana Dell,<sup>4,34,263</sup> on 8 Dec 1853. John was born on 17 Feb 1827 in Felsted, Essex and died on 8 Oct 1891 in Santos, Brazil at age 64. They had three children: Agnes M., Anna Louisa, and Latimer Morton.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Corn Dealer in Kingsland, Dalston, London.
- He worked as an Engineer about 1855 in Birchington, Margate, Kent.
- He worked as an Engineer in 1860 in Margate, Kent.
- He worked as an Engineer in 1869 in Southampton.
- He had a residence in 1877 in Millbrook, Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Agnes M. Evens

Agnes married J. Causfield. They had one son: (No Given Name).

10-Causfield

9-Anna Louisa Evens

9-Latimer Morton Evens

Latimer married **Rosa Bee**.

7-Benjamin Lamb Jenkins was born on 18 Aug 1782 in Coleman Street, London and died on 2 Sep 1823 at age 41.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Assistant in the Military Accountant General's Office.

7-Mary Ann Jenkins was born on 12 Mar 1784.

7-Eliza Jenkins was born on 22 May 1785.

7-William Jenkins<sup>4</sup> was born on 12 Jun 1786.

7-Edward Jenkins<sup>4</sup> was born on 19 Aug 1787.

7-Alfred Jenkins was born on 29 Sep 1788.

7-Samuel Jenkins was born on 4 Oct 1791 in Newbury, Berkshire.

5-Elizabeth Head was born in 1741.

**5-Anne Head** 

Anne married John Ainge. They had one daughter: Ann.

6-Ann Ainge

Ann married Samuel Atkinson.

**4-Jeremy Head** 

4-**Benjamin Head** was born in 1699. Benjamin married **Judith**.

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