Charles E. G. Pease Pennyghael Isle of Mull 1-Moses Neave<sup>1,2,3</sup> died in 1698 in Alton, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clothier in Alton, Hampshire.

Moses married **Katherine**. <sup>1,2</sup> Katherine died on 31 Mar 1662 and was buried in FBG Bramshott, Hampshire.

Moses next married **Elizabeth Valler**<sup>1</sup> on 22 Apr 1664 in FMH Heathly, Hampshire. Elizabeth was born on 7 Oct 1642 in Heathly, Hampshire and died in 1709 in Headley, Hampshire at age 67. They had seven children: **Elizabeth, Katherine, Rebecca, Moses, Thomas, Jeremiah**, and **Samuel**.

- 2-Elizabeth Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 30 Aug 1666 in Alton, Hampshire, died on 28 Oct 1666 in Alton, Hampshire, and was buried in FBG Alton.
- 2-Katherine Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 20 Sep 1667 in Alton, Hampshire, died in Apr 1712 at age 44, and was buried on 25 Apr 1712 in FBG Ringwood, Hants.

Katherine married **Robbart Messer**<sup>1</sup> on 23 Jun 1686 in FMH Alton, Hampshire. Robbart was born on 7 May 1663 in Ringwood, Hampshire and died between 1719 and 1724. They had nine children: **Robert, Moses, Samuel, Katherine, Joseph, Rebekah, Jeremiah, John**, and **Josiah**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Druggist in Ringwood, Hampshire.
  - 3-Robert Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 9 Apr 1687, died in May 1712 at age 25, and was buried on 27 May 1712 in Ringwood, Hampshire.

Robert married Mary Flexney. They had one son: Moses.

- 4-Moses Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 9 Mar 1712 in Ringwood, Hampshire.
- 3-Moses Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 Mar 1689 in Ringwood, Hampshire, died on 3 Oct 1708 in Staines, Middlesex at age 19, and was buried on 5 Oct 1708 in Longford, Middlesex.
- 3-Samuel Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1690 in Ringwood, Hampshire.
- 3-Katherine Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 8 Jul 1692 in Ringwood, Hampshire.
- 3-Joseph Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 22 Oct 1695 in Ringwood, Hampshire.
- 3-**Rebekah Messer**<sup>1</sup> was born on 23 Oct 1696 in Ringwood, Hampshire.
- 3-Jeremiah Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 23 May 1698 in Ringwood, Hampshire, died on 17 Mar 1763 at age 64, and was buried on 23 Mar 1763 in Alton, Hampshire.

Jeremiah married Hannah Bence, daughter of James Bence and Mary, on 13 Mar 1725 in Ringwood, Hampshire. Hannah was born on 2 Sep 1703 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset.

- 3-**John Messer**<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 Jul 1704 in Ringwood, Hampshire.
- 3-Josiah Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 3 May 1706 in Alton, Hampshire, died on 1 Mar 1776 in Alton, Hampshire at age 69, and was buried on 8 Mar 1776 in FBG Alton.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Woolcomber in Alton, Hampshire.

Josiah married **Hannah Warner**, daughter of **Thomas Warner** and **Sarah Trimmer**, on 20 Apr 1749 in FMH Basingstoke. Hannah was born in 1730 in Froyle, Alton, Hampshire, died on 1 Sep 1787 in Alton, Hampshire at age 57, and was buried on 4 Sep 1787 in FBG Alton. They had two children: **Josiah** and **Hannah**.

4-Josiah Messer<sup>1,4,5</sup> was born on 19 Oct 1753 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 19 Nov 1830 in Hampstead, London at age 77.

• He worked as a Pharmaceutical chemist in 300 Holborn, London.

Josiah married **Elizabeth Wilson**, <sup>1,4,5</sup> daughter of **Isaac Wilson**, <sup>4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15</sup> and **Rachel Wilson**, <sup>4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15</sup> on 11 Aug 1786 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. Elizabeth was born on 8 Apr 1753 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 10 Nov 1821 in Hampstead, London at age 68. They had seven children: **Hannah**, **Rachel Maria**, **Josiah**, **Elizabeth**, **Isaac Wilson**, **Robert**, and **Sarah**.

5-Hannah Messer<sup>1,5</sup> was born on 31 Jul 1787 in St. Andrew Holborn, London and died on 16 Sep 1845 in Upper Clapton, London at age 58.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Hampstead Hill, London.
- 5-Rachel Maria Messer<sup>1,5</sup> was born on 10 May 1789 in East Street, St. George the Martyr, London and died on 29 Jan 1837 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 47.

Rachel married **James Ireland Wright**, <sup>1,5</sup> son of **Mathew Wright**, <sup>1,4,5,16,17</sup> and **Mary Fry**, <sup>1,4,5,17</sup> on 15 Jan 1813 in FMH Westminster. James was born on 6 Mar 1785 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 26 Feb 1842 in Frederick Place, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 56. They had six children: **Wilson, Mary, Rachel Messer, Elizabeth, James**, and **Sarah Hannah**.

General Notes: There is a connection here somewhere, with the Ouaker Fry family of Bristol.

This private bank was established in 1794 as James Ireland, Phillip Protheroe, Henry Bengough, Joseph Haythorne & Matthew Wright, trading from All Saints Passage, Bristol. Ireland was a sugar refiner and wine merchant, Protheroe a West India merchant, Bengough an attorney, Haythorne a skinner and Wright a sugar refiner. William Gore joined the partnership in 1799 and Philip Protheroe left in 1803. The firm was also known as Bristol City Bank. In 1834, when it was known as Joseph Haythorne & George Wright, the bank was taken over by Northern & Central Bank of England. James Ireland, Phillip Protheroe, Henry Bengough, Joseph Haythorne & Matthew Wright in 1794

James Ireland, Henry Bengough, Joseph Haythorne, Matthew Wright & William Gore from 1803.

James Ireland, Henry Bengough, Joseph Haythorne, George Wright & William Gore from 1812.

James Ireland, Henry Bengough, Joseph Haythorne & George Wright from 1814.

Henry Bengough, Joseph Haythorne & George Wright from 1815.

Joseph Haythorne & George Wright from 1818.

Also known as Bristol City Bank..

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Tea dealer in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
  - 6-Wilson Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 25 Jan 1814 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Jan 1835 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 20.
  - 6-Mary Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 26 Sep 1815 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 27 Apr 1886 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 70.

Mary married **John Withy**, son of **George Withy**, and **Lydia Harwood**, 4,5,18,19 on 14 Jul 1840 in London. John was born on 2 Oct 1809 in Downend, Mangotsfield, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 26 Dec 1895 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 86. They had seven children: **Mary Elizabeth, Frances Louisa, Lydia Harwood, Eleanor Rachel, Anna Maria, Emily Harwood, and <b>Lydia Caroline**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 13 Charlotte Street, Park Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 7-Mary Elizabeth Withy<sup>5</sup> was born on 11 Jul 1846 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 2 Oct 1888 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 42.
- 7-Frances Louisa Withy<sup>5</sup> was born on 20 Jun 1848 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 7 Sep 1928 in Park House, Combe Down, Bath, Somerset at age 80. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 7-Lydia Harwood Withy<sup>5</sup> was born on 28 Nov 1849 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 24 Dec 1849 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 7-Eleanor Rachel Withy<sup>5</sup> was born on 8 Dec 1851 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 7-Anna Maria Withv<sup>5</sup> was born on 16 Apr 1853 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Jul 1927 in 13 Charlotte Street, Park Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 74. She had no known

marriage and no known children.

- 7-Emily Harwood Withy<sup>5</sup> was born on 23 Oct 1854 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1937 at age 83. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 7-Lydia Caroline Withy<sup>5</sup> was born on 18 Mar 1856 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1936 at age 80.
- 6-Rachel Messer Wright was born on 25 Dec 1818 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 26 Dec 1818 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 6-Elizabeth Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 7 Jun 1822 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 29 Apr 1829 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 6.
- 6-James Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 16 Mar 1826 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 29 Jan 1905 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at John Moxham's School in Thornbury, Gloucestershire.
- He was a Quaker until his resignation in 1845.
- He worked as a Travelling salesman for Wright & Hunt.
- He worked as a Clerk for Lury & Hoyland in 1854 in London.
- He worked as a Clerk for Tregelles and Taylor in London.
- He worked as an Orphanage worker in 1859 in Ashley Down, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

James married **Ann Willington Hitchins**, <sup>5</sup> daughter of **William Hitchins**, on 18 Sep 1851. Ann was born in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 22 May 1870 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

James next married **Lydia Müller**, <sup>5</sup> daughter of **George Müller**. Lydia was born in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Jan 1890 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

- 6-Sarah Hannah Wright was born on 24 Jun 1828 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 7 Nov 1886 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 58.
- 5-Josiah Messer<sup>4,5,20,21</sup> was born on 24 Apr 1791 in Holborn, London and died on 4 Oct 1864 in Ramsgate, Kent at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist and partner in Thomas Corbyn's business. In Holborn, London.

Josiah married **Catherine Hannam**,<sup>5,20,21</sup> daughter of **Josiah Hannam**<sup>5,22</sup> and **Mary Rutty**,<sup>5,22,23</sup> on 7 Aug 1817 in FMH Shaftesbury. Catherine was born on 30 May 1793 in Gillingham, Dorset and died on 27 Mar 1885 in Esher, Surrey at age 91. They had nine children: **Josiah, Mary Hannam, Josiah, Catherine, Elizabeth, Edward, Harriet, Isaac Wilson**, and **Frederick**.

- 6-Josiah Messer<sup>1,5</sup> was born on 28 Jun 1818 in Charlotte Street, Bloomsbury, London and died on 27 Dec 1818 in London.
- 6-Mary Hannam Messer<sup>1,5</sup> was born on 29 Dec 1819 in Charlotte Street, Bloomsbury, London and died on 31 Oct 1892 in Shortlands, Kent at age 72.

Noted events in her life were:

• She resided at The Birches in 1881 in Upper Beulah Hill, Croydon.

Mary married **John Thompson Fletcher**, <sup>1,5</sup> son of **Joseph Fletcher** and **Rachel Thompson**, on 31 Jul 1845 in Tottenham, London. John was born on 27 Feb 1817 in Shadwell, London and died on 31 May 1891 in Upper Norwood, London at age 74. They had five children: **Catherine Mary, Walter John, Isabel Gertrude, Evelyn**, and **Harold Seymer**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Ship builder in Kent.
- He worked as a JP for Kent.
- He had a residence in Woodlands, Shortlands, Kent.

- 7-Catherine Mary Fletcher was born on 13 Nov 1846 in Tottenham, London and died in 1928 in Bromley at age 82.
- 7-Walter John Fletcher<sup>5</sup> was born on 3 Nov 1848 in Poplar, London and died on 1 Dec 1935 in Southsea, Hampshire at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 12 Bessborough Gardens, London.

Walter married **Heather Parnell**, daughter of **Walter George Parnell** and **Elizabeth Springett**, on 25 Apr 1891 in St. Mark's, Kensington, London. Heather was born on 24 Feb 1874 in St. John's, New Cross, London. They had one daughter: **Heather Maud Marion**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She resided at No. 69 In 1950 in Festing Road, Southsea, Hampshire.
  - 8-Heather Maud Marion Fletcher<sup>1,5</sup> was born on 12 Oct 1906 in St. John's, Westminster, London.

Heather married **Capt. Howard Francis Bone**, son of **Admiral Howard Bone** and **Annie Stewart Wyatt**, on 2 Apr 1932 in Southsea, Hampshire. Howard was born on 20 Oct 1908 in Chatham, Kent and died on 12 Aug 1981 in Combe Hay, Somerset at age 72. They had one daughter: **Caroline Frances Fletcher**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE, DSO & Bar, DSC & Bar.
- He was educated at Felsted School in Felsted, Essex.
- He was educated at Britannia Royal Naval Collage.
- He worked as an officer HMS Frobisher in China.
- He worked as a Commander of the Naval Yard in 1954-1957 in Simonstown, South Africa.
- He worked as an ADC to HM The Queen in 1956-1957.
  - 9-Caroline Frances Fletcher Bone
- 7-**Isabel Gertrude Fletcher** was born on 31 Dec 1851 in Poplar, London and died on 27 Feb 1915 in Shortlands, Kent at age 63.
- 7-Evelyn Fletcher was born on 13 Mar 1857 in Kilburn, London and died in 1933 in Bromley, Kent at age 76.
- 7-Harold Seymer Fletcher<sup>1</sup> was born on 22 Aug 1858 in Kilburn, London and died on 8 Sep 1915 in Shortlands, Kent at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Commercial Clerk. Bank of England in 1881 in London.
- 6-**Josiah Messer**<sup>1,5</sup> was born on 8 Apr 1821 in Charlotte Street, Bloomsbury, London and died on 11 Jan 1889 in London at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist in 1881 in 80 Carlton Hill, Marylebone, London.

Josiah married Margaret Coxe McIlvaine,<sup>5</sup> daughter of Rt. Rev. Charles Petit McIlvaine and Emily Coxe, on 10 Jun 1868 in Clifton, Cincinatti, Ohio, U.S.A. Margaret was born on 10 May 1834 in Gambier, Knox County, Ohio and died on 19 Jun 1902 in London at age 68. They had five children: Charles McIlvaine, Emily Mcilvaine, Margaret Eleanor Mcilvaine, Catherine Mcilvaine, and Charles McIlvaine.

- 7-Charles Mcilvaine Messer<sup>5</sup> was born on 30 Mar 1869 in London and died on 30 Mar 1869 in London.
- 7-Emily Mcilvaine Messer<sup>5</sup> was born on 2 Apr 1870 in London and died on 8 Aug 1917 in Surbiton, Surrey at age 47.

7-Margaret Eleanor Mcilvaine Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 8 Aug 1871 in London.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in The Orchard, Cotterill Road, Surbiton, Surrey.
- 7-Catherine Mcilvaine Messer<sup>5</sup> was born on 8 Apr 1873 in Hampstead, London and died on 8 Apr 1874 in Esher, Surrey at age 1.
- 7-Charles McIlvaine Messer<sup>1,5</sup> was born on 11 Oct 1874 in Marylebone, London and died on 26 Jul 1938 in Iffley, Oxford at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE.
- He was educated at Merchant Taylor's School.
- He was educated at Emmanuel College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Colonial Treasurer. Hong Kong Civil Service 1918 To 1931.

Charles married **Mary Bain**, <sup>1,5</sup> daughter of **James Bain** and **Mariana Isabella Farrow Old**, on 8 Aug 1906 in Great Crosby, Liverpool. Mary was born on 4 Dec 1877 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 16 Sep 1920 in Iffley, Oxford at age 42. They had two children: **James Bain McIlvaine** and **Charles Heathcoate Wilson**.

8-James Bain McIlvaine Messer<sup>5</sup> was born on 14 Jun 1907 in Hong Kong, China.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineeer with the Shell Petroleum Company.

James married **Edith Johnson**. They had two children: **Michael Mcilvaine** and **David**.

- 9-Michael Mcilvaine Messer
- 9-David Messer
- 8-Charles Heathcoate Wilson Messer<sup>5</sup> was born on 12 Nov 1910 in Hong Kong, China.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Assistant Solicitor to the Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police.

Charles married **Elsebe Grethe Carstensen**, daughter of **Carl Villhelm Edvard Carstensen** and **Mary Louise Lorange**, on 11 Sep 1945 in Copenhagen, Denmark. Elsebe was born on 10 Mar 1915 in Copenhagen, Denmark and died on 23 Aug 1949 in Copenhagen, Denmark at age 34. They had two children: **Mary Susan** and **Lawrence Peter**.

- 9-Mary Susan Messer
- 9-Lawrence Peter Messer
- 6-Catherine Messer was born on 26 Dec 1822 in London and died on 28 Mar 1893 in Esher, Surrey at age 70.
- 6-Elizabeth Messer was born on 22 Nov 1824 in Hampstead, London and died on 19 Mar 1899 in Esher, Surrey at age 74.
- 6-Edward Messer was born on 22 Apr 1826 in Hampstead, London and died on 28 Sep 1866 in Aberystwyth, Wales. (26th also given) at age 40. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Underwriter.

- He resided at No. 24 In Carlton Hill, St. John's Wood, London.
- 6-Harriet Messer<sup>21</sup> was born on 10 Dec 1828 in London and died on 21 May 1849 in Tottenham, London at age 20.
- 6-Isaac Wilson Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1830 in London and died on 18 Nov 1901 in Surbiton, Surrey at age 71.

- He worked as a Clerk to Wholesale Drug company.
- 6-Frederick Messer was born on 10 Sep 1832 in London and died on 1 Jan 1915 in Surbiton, Surrey at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Secretary to Wholesale Drug company.
- 5-Elizabeth Messer<sup>5</sup> was born on 28 Nov 1792 in Hampstead, London and died on 31 Jul 1851 in Stoke Newington, London at age 58.

Elizabeth married **Mathew Wright**, son of **Mathew Wright**, and **Mary Fry**, 4,5,17 on 29 Sep 1814 in FMH Westminster. Mathew was born on 5 Sep 1786 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 13 Apr 1863 in Stoke Newington, London at age 76. They had seven children: **Elizabeth Messer**, **Josiah Messer**, **Hannah**, **Charles**, **Matthew**, **George**, and **Frederick**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant.
  - 6-Elizabeth Messer Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 26 Nov 1815 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 7 May 1892 in Hackney, London at age 76.

Elizabeth married **John Jewell Penstone**,<sup>5</sup> son of **John Penstone** and **Ann Jewell**, on 12 Jan 1881 in FMH Westminster. John was born in 1817 in Clerkenwell, London and died on 12 May 1902 in Hackney, London at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Stanford in the Vale, Berkshire.
- He resided at Willow House in The Terrace, Stoke Newington.
- He worked as a Portrait Painter and engraver.
- 6-Josiah Messer Wright was born on 13 Oct 1816 in London or Bristol and died on 16 Sep 1868 in Stoke Newington, London at age 51.
- 6-Hannah Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 5 Jan 1819 in London and died on 23 May 1882 in Staincliffe, Dewsbury, Yorkshire at age 63.

Hannah married **Thomas Carr**<sup>5</sup> on 5 Apr 1865. Thomas died on 9 Dec 1884 in Staincliffe, Dewsbury, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Stoke Newington, London.
- 6-Charles Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 9 Oct 1820 in London or Bristol and died on 24 Oct 1902 in Hawthorn, Victoria, Australia at age 82.

Charles married Sarah Mary Smith, daughter of George Smith. They had four children: Kathleen Emily, Nellie, Caroline Mary, and Charles Ernest.

- 7-Kathleen Emily Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 20 Feb 1858 in London and died on 1 Sep 1920 in Hawthorn, Victoria, Australia at age 62.
- 7-Nellie Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 29 Mar 1859 in London and died on 28 Dec 1891 in Hawthorn, Victoria, Australia at age 32.
- 7-Caroline Mary Wright<sup>5</sup> was born on 4 Jun 1860 in London and died on 18 Dec 1932 in Croydon, Victoria, Australia at age 72.

Descendants of Moses Neave
7-Charles Ernest Wright <sup>5</sup> was born on 28 Sep 1865 in London and died on 2 Sep 1944 in Box Hill, Victoria, Australia at age 78.
6-Matthew Wright <sup>5</sup> was born on 27 Jan 1823 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 19 Jul 1905 in Kew, Victoria, Australia at age 82.
Matthew married <b>Isabella Gladstones</b> , <sup>5</sup> daughter of <b>James Gladstones</b> , on 2 Apr 1851 in Stoke Newington, London. Isabella was born on 31 Dec 1822 in Shoreditch, London and died in 1911 in Victoria, Australia at age 89. They had six children: <b>Mathew James, Isabella Elizabeth, Ada Marion, George Gladstones, John Gladstones</b> , and <b>Agnes Emily</b> .
7-Mathew James Wright <sup>5</sup> was born on 14 Nov 1852 in Atherstone, Warwickshire and died on 6 Jun 1911 in Geelong, Australia at age 58.
Mathew married Unknown. They had six children: Mathew Herbert, Leo Gladstone, Edith Rota, Archibald Latham, Ernest Everard, and Vera Lilian.
8-Mathew Herbert Wright
8-Leo Gladstone Wright
8-Edith Rota Wright
Edith married <b>Breen</b> .
8-Archibald Latham Wright
8-Ernest Everard Wright
8-Vera Lilian Wright
Vera married <b>Bechervaise</b> .
7-Isabella Elizabeth Wright <sup>5</sup> was born on 30 Apr 1854 in Stoke Newington, London and died on 14 Sep 1939 in Kew, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 85.
Isabella married Charles Henry Holmes, son of James Holmes and Caroline Catherine Walters. They had eight children: Charles Henry, Ada Caroline, Theodore James, Mathew Frederick, Harold Gordon, Alice Mary, Aubrey, and Dorothy Jean.
8-Charles Henry Holmes
8-Ada Caroline Holmes
9 Theodore James Holmes

- 8-Theodore James Holmes
- **8-Mathew Frederick Holmes**
- 8-Harold Gordon Holmes
- 8-Alice Mary Holmes
- 8-Aubrey Holmes
- 8-Dorothy Jean Holmes

Dorothy married Cooper.

- 7-Ada Marion Wright was born on 23 Apr 1855 in Stoke Newington, London and died on 12 Oct 1866 at age 11.
- 7-George Gladstones Wright was born on 11 Oct 1856 in London and died in 1857 at age 1.
- 7-John Gladstones Wright was born on 11 Aug 1858 in Stoke Newington, London and died on 8 Dec 1897 in Geelong, Victoria, Australia at age 39.

John married Unknown. They had four children: Claudine Isabel, Florence St George, Leoni Marion, and Nina Nightingale.

- 8-Claudine Isabel Wright
- 8-Florence St George Wright

Florence married Wells.

8-Leoni Marion Wright

Leoni married McDermott.

8-Nina Nightingale Wright

Nina married **Robinson**.

7-Agnes Emily Wright was born on 10 Jun 1861 in Stoke Newington, London and died on 4 Mar 1924 in Kew, Victoria, Australia at age 62.

Agnes married George Ecclestone McDowell.

- 6-George Wright was born on 20 Sep 1829 in London and died on 2 Mar 1831 at age 1.
- 6-Frederick Wright was born on 14 Mar 1832 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 May 1832 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- 5-Isaac Wilson Messer was born on 17 Nov 1793 in Holborn, London and died on 14 Feb 1818 in London at age 24.
- 5-Robert Messer was born on 6 Mar 1795 in London and died on 27 Mar 1878 in London at age 83.

General Notes: Foster gives married with a son.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1809-1810 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He resided at No. 4 In Throgmorton St., London.
- 5-Sarah Messer was born on 5 May 1796 in London and died on 22 Jul 1867 in London at age 71.
- 4-Hannah Messer<sup>1</sup> was born on 11 May 1756 in Basingstoke, Hampshire, died on 15 Jun 1831 at age 75, and was buried on 22 Jun 1831.

Hannah married **Josiah (or Joseph) Jeffrey**, 1,2 son of **William Jeffrey**, and **Elizabeth Neave**, on 17 Mar 1790 in FMH Alton, Hampshire. Josiah was born on 30 May 1763 in Isington, Hampshire, died on 30 Mar 1810 at age 46, and was buried on 4 Apr 1810 in FBG Alton.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bookseller.
- 2-Rebecca Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 14 Aug 1669 in Alton, Hampshire.

Rebecca married Martin Bence.

2-Moses Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 3 Jul 1671 in Alton, Hampshire, died on 6 Mar 1730 in Heathly, Hampshire at age 58, and was buried on 9 Mar 1730 in Heathly, Hampshire.

Moses married Sarah Braman.

Moses next married **Ann Warner**, daughter of **Henry Warner** and **Ellinor**, on 4 Jan 1698 in FMH Longford. Ann was born about 1672, died on 30 Mar 1749 about age 77, and was buried on 2 Apr 1749 in FBG Reading. They had eight children: **Moses, John, William, Josiah, Joseph, Benjamin, Jeremiah**, and **Valler**.

- 3-Moses Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 26 Feb 1699 in Alton, Hampshire.
- 3-John Neave was buried on 1 Sep 1727 in FBG Reading.

- He had a residence in Ampthill, Bedfordshire.
- 3-William Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 13 Sep 1702, died on 4 Aug 1754 at age 51, and was buried on 7 Aug 1754 in FBG Reading.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Woollen Draper.

William married **Lydia Hawkins**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **James Hawkins** and **Deborah Gates**, on 4 May 1725 in FMH Alton, Hampshire. Lydia was born about 1705, died on 26 Apr 1768 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire about age 63, and was buried on 2 May 1768 in FBG Reading. They had seven children: **Ann, Deborah, Moses, William, Lydia, Elizabeth**, and **Mary**.

- 4-Ann Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 8 Sep 1726, died on 29 May 1756 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire at age 29, and was buried on 3 Jun 1756 in FBG Reading.
- 4-**Deborah Neave** was born on 2 May 1728 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire and died in Reading, Berkshire.

Deborah married **Routledge**.

- 4-Moses Neave was born 25 Juj 1730, died on 25 Apr 1731 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire, and was buried on 28 Apr 1731 in FBG Reading.
- 4-William Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 26 Jan 1733 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire and died on 10 Feb 1733 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire.
- 4-**Lydia Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 23 Aug 1737 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire.

Lydia married Nicholas.

- 4-Elizabeth Neave was born on 25 Oct 1739 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire, died on 30 Oct 1739 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire, and was buried on 2 Nov 1739 in FBG Reading.
- 4-Mary Neave was born on 25 Oct 1739 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire, died on 31 Oct 1739 in St. Lawrence, Reading, Berkshire, and was buried on 2 Nov 1739 in FBG Reading.
- 3-Josiah Neave<sup>2,4</sup> was born on 24 Jun 1704 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 12 Jan 1785 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 80, and was buried on 19 Jan 1785.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Mealman in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Josiah married **Elizabeth Bence**, <sup>2,4</sup> daughter of **James Bence** and **Mary**, on 15 May 1725 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire (15 July also given). Elizabeth was born in 1707 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire (1697 also given) and died on 25 Jun 1771 in (26Th Also Given) at age 64. They had eight children: **Joseph, Mark, Martin, Josiah, Moses, Elizabeth, Mary**, and **Alexander**.

4-Joseph Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 13 Jul 1726 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 22 Apr 1806 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset at age 79, and was buried on 30 Apr 1806 in FBG Poole.

Joseph married **Elizabeth Russell**, <sup>1,2,4</sup> daughter of **Andrew Russell** and **Mary Rolles**, on 9 Aug 1748 in FMH Poole. Elizabeth was born on 20 Aug 1726 in Holybourne, Hampshire, died on 18 Mar 1780 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset at age 53, and was buried on 24 Mar 1780 in FBG Poole. They had nine children: **Elizabeth, Joseph, Josiah, Martin, Samuel, Mary, Sarah, John**, and **Rebecca**.

General Notes: The Brayshaw pedigree, by Alfred Joseph Brayshaw, gives that elizabeth was the grand-daughter of Lord William Russell, who was executed for his part in the Rye House Plot. This far, I cannot make the connection. CEGP 5July2012

5-Elizabeth Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born in 1748, died on 22 Sep 1824 at age 76, and was buried on 29 Sep 1824 in Poole, Dorset.

Elizabeth married **John Rolles**, 1,2,4 son of **John Rolles** and **Sarah White**, 1,4 on 14 Dec 1780 in FMH Ringwood. John was born on 11 Oct 1742, died on 11 Jul 1809 at age 66, and was buried on 15 Jul 1809 in Poole, Dorset. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth**.

• He worked as a Mariner in Poole, Dorset.

6-Elizabeth Rolles was born in 1785.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

Elizabeth married **Waring Biddle**, <sup>24,25,26,27</sup> son of **John Biddle** and **Rebecca Waring**, on 27 Feb 1806 in FMH Poole. Waring was born on 24 Nov 1780 in Esher, Surrey and died on 12 Apr 1852 in Poole, Dorset at age 71. They had seven children: **Elizabeth Rolles, Rolles, Anna Maria, John, Louisa, Augusta Ross**, and **Waring Alexander**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Poole, Dorset.
- · He was a Quaker.
  - 7-Elizabeth Rolles Biddle was born on 18 Apr 1809 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and died on 10 Jul 1861 at age 52.
  - 7-Rolles Biddle<sup>25,26,29</sup> was born on 7 Jul 1812 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and died on 29 Mar 1842 in Tod River, Port Lincoln, Australia. Killed by Aborigines at age 29.

General Notes: He had travelled on board a Navy cutter from Kangaroo Island to Port Lincoln, where he met Charles Stubbs (*sometimes recorded as Tubbs*) and his wife and James Fastings. They were attacked by aboriginals who had murdered some settlers some several years beforehand. Biddle and Fastings were killed. Charles Stubbs was wounded but his wife died. Curiously, the newly appointed Government Resident was Charles Driver (a member of Rolles Biddle's family??? Probably not, through the names are associated elsewhere in Ouaker genealogy), who

immediately raised a party of seven armed men on horseback and who set out on the 2nd April. They were accompanied by the Rev. Schurmann. They shot and wounded a couple of suspected aboriginals and recovered stolen property, before burning their camp. In the space of one month, five settlers were killed by aborigines.

Governor Grey despatched Lt. Hugonin and 15 men of the 96th Regiment, who in the space of several months failed to accomplish anything and were later withdrawn.

A year later, Charles Driver brought a further search to a conclusion with the arrest of two people of whom Naltia was hanged on the 6th April 1843 at the scene of Rolles Biddle's murder. An accomplice, Merltalla, had his death sentence commuted to life imprisonment. Less than a month later, Ngarbi was captured, he likewise having been party to Biddle's murder and others. He stood trial at the Supreme Court in July 1843 and was found guilty of murdering Elizabeth Stubbs..... he plead guilty. He was hanged at Adelaide Jail on the 1st August 1843

7-Anna Maria Biddle was born on 27 Jan 1814 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset.

Anna married Charles Francis Albert Houdant, son of Pierre Charles Nicholas Victor Houdant.

7-**John Biddle** was born on 2 Jul 1815 in Poole, Dorset.

7-Louisa Biddle<sup>26</sup> was born on 30 Aug 1816 in Poole, Dorset and died on 7 Jul 1844 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset at age 27.

7-Augusta Ross Biddle was born on 15 Sep 1819 in Poole, Dorset and died on 28 Jan 1879 in Boulogne, Pas de Calais, France at age 59.

Augusta married **Cmdr. Russell Patey,** son of **Capt. George Edward Patey RN** and **Lucinda Russell,** on 20 Nov 1850 in Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset. Russell was born on 24 Dec 1817 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and died on 15 Feb 1898 in Wimbourne, Dorset at age 80. They had one daughter: **Louisa Russell**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Navy officer.
  - 8-Louisa Russell Patey was born on 21 Sep 1851 in Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset.
- 7-Capt. Waring Alexander Biddle was born on 17 Sep 1820 in Poole, Dorset and died in 1911 at age 91.

Waring married Caroline Emma Gilliatt, daughter of Alfred Gallego Gilliatt. They had four children: Waring Alfred Rolles, Alexander Ross, Horace Henry, and Elizabeth Caroline Mary.

8-Waring Alfred Rolles Biddle was born on 25 Jun 1862 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and was christened on 15 Aug 1862 in Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset.

· He worked as a School teacher.

Waring married Emmeline Maconochie in 1893. Emmeline was born in 1871 in Wimbledom. They had two children: Helen E. and Dorothy.

- 9-**Helen E. Biddle** was born in 1894.
- 9-**Dorothy Biddle** was born in 1899.

8-**Rev.** Alexander Ross Biddle was born on 22 Apr 1864 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, was christened on 21 Jun 1864 in Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, and died on 5 Dec 1927 at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Temple Hill, East Budleigh, Devon.

Alexander married **Margaret Louise Allfrey**, daughter of **Walter Mortimer Allfrey** and **Louisa Allfrey**, about 1907. Margaret was born on 14 Nov 1875 and died on 4 Jul 1957 at age 81. They had one daughter: **Auriol Lilian Evelyn**.

## 9-Auriol Lilian Evelyn Biddle

Auriol married Col. Richard Shirley Butler, son of Charles Walter Butler and Vivien Eleanor Bowen, on 30 Apr 1940. Richard was born on 28 May 1907 and died in 1988 at age 81. They had two children: Penelope Eve and Patrick James Richard.

## 10-Penelope Eve Butler

Penelope married Lt. Col. Thomas Christopher Peter Brooke, son of Peter Maurice Hewlett Brooke. They had one son: James Richard Henry Ormonde.

- 11-James Richard Henry Ormonde Brooke
- 10-Patrick James Richard Butler
- 8-Horace Henry Biddle was born on 11 Dec 1865, was christened on 7 Jan 1866 in St. Nicholas, Brighton, East Sussex, and died in 1873 at age 8.
- 8-Elizabeth Caroline Mary Biddle was born on 6 Feb 1869 and was christened on 18 Mar 1869 in St. Nicholas, Brighton, East Sussex.

Waring next married Mary Anne Elizabeth Stanley, daughter of Maj. Gen. William Dacres Stanley and Jane Ann Cox, on 21 Oct 1890 in Bath, Somerset. Mary was born in 1857 in Penang, Malaya.

5-Joseph Neave<sup>2,4</sup> was born on 15 May 1749 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset. (July also given), died on 28 Oct 1800 in Poole, Dorset at age 51, and was buried on 2 Nov 1800 in Poole, Dorset.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Merchant in Poole, Dorset.

Joseph married **Jane Hannam** (or **Hanham**), 1,2,4 daughter of **John Hannam** and **Elizabeth**, on 2 Apr 1776 in FMH Shaftesbury. Jane was born in 1752 in Gillingham, Dorset and died on 12 Mar 1785 in Poole, Dorset at age 33. They had four children: **Edward**, **Elizabeth**, **Jane**, and **Josiah**.

6-Edward Neave<sup>1,2,4,30</sup> was born on 21 Jan 1779 in Poole, Dorset (1777 also given) and died on 1 Nov 1861 in Gillingham, Dorset at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Mercer & Draper in Gillingham, Dorset..

Edward married **Mary Harrison Penney**, <sup>1,2,4,30</sup> daughter of **George Penney**, <sup>1,2,4,30</sup> and **Katherine Harrison**, <sup>1,4,30</sup> on 27 Nov 1806 in FMH Poole. Mary was born on 22 Oct 1785 in Poole, Dorset and died in 1809 at age 24. They had two children: **Maria** and **Letitia**.

7-Maria Neave<sup>4,30</sup> was born on 7 Jan 1808 in Gillingham, Dorset and died in 1846 at age 38.

Maria married **Richard Clarence**, <sup>30</sup> son of **Richard Clarence** and **Elizabeth**, on 1 Nov 1842 in Gillingham, Dorset. Richard was born on 13 Jan 1804 in Minories, Aldgate and died in 1896 at age 92. They had one child: (**No Given Name**).

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as a Merchant.

8-Clarence

7-Letitia Neave<sup>1,4,31</sup> was born on 13 Aug 1809 in Gillingham, Dorset and died in 1897 at age 88.

Letitia married **Samuel Thompson**, 1,4,31,32 son of **Thomas Thompson**, and **Ann Gregory**, 1,4,32,33 on 21 Apr 1836 in FMH Shaftesbury. Samuel was born on 5 Jan 1793 in Nether Compton, Sherborne, Dorset and died on 8 Jun 1867 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 74. They had eight children: **Mary Anne, Charles Edward, Henry, Emily, Mary Maria, Maria Neave, Edward Neave**, and **Eileen**.

General Notes: Of Fordingbridge

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Linen manufacturer & Farmer in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

8-Mary Anne Thompson<sup>35</sup> was born in 1838 in Gillingham, Dorset, died on 14 Aug 1880 in Darlington, County Durham at age 42, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. Mary married **Arthur Lucas**,<sup>35,36</sup> son of **William Lucas**<sup>4,36,37,38</sup> and **Elizabeth Clay**,<sup>4,36,37,39</sup> on 23 Apr 1862 in FMH Fordingbridge. Arthur was born on 16 Mar 1837 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire. They had seven children: **Arthur, Edward, Mary, William Henry, Ellen, Francis John**, and **Geoffrey**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor in Darlington, County Durham.

9-Arthur Lucas was born on 24 Jan 1863.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College & Trinity College, Oxford.
- He worked as an official in the Indian Civil Service.

Arthur married Mary Margaret Bullock, daughter of Frederick Shore Bullock.

9-Capt. Edward Lucas was born on 7 Jun 1864 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire and died on 7 Aug 1900 in Durban, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa at age 36. The cause of his death was Enteric fever.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Richmond, Natal.
- He worked as an officer of the Natal Carbineers.

Edward married Maude Hart. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

10-Lucas

10-Lucas

9-Mary Lucas<sup>1,30,36</sup> was born in 1865 and died on 19 Aug 1934 at age 69.

• She resided at No. 10 In Parsonage Road, Bournemouth.

Mary married **Henry Backhouse**, 1,30,33,36,40 son of **William Backhouse** 30,36,41,42,43,44 and **Katharine Aldam Aldam**, 30,36,41,44 on 29 Aug 1893 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Henry was born on 29 Jun 1849 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Jun 1936 in Cavendish Nursing Home, Bournemouth, Dorset (7 Jun 1926 also given) at age 86. They had one daughter: **Katharine Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Darlington, County Durham.
- He resided at The Red House in Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Bournemouth, Dorset.
  - 10-**Katharine Mary Backhouse**<sup>30</sup> was born on 5 May 1895 in Darlington, County Durham.

Katharine married **Maj. Philip Thomas Blanford** in 1920. Philip was born in 1883 and died in 1944 at age 61. They had four children: **Anne Rachel, Janet Mary, David Thomas**, and **Alan Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 84th Punjabis.
- He had a residence in Bournemouth, Dorset.

### 11-Anne Rachel Blanford

## 11-Janet Mary Blanford

Janet married **Richard George Milstead**,<sup>33</sup> son of **Herbert Ernest George Milstead** and **Doris May**, in 1950 in Kenya. Richard was born in 1922 and died on 5 Aug 1995 at age 73. They had two children: **Alan Richard** and **Una Jane**.

#### 12-Alan Richard Milstead

Alan married **Alyson Marjory MacRae**, <sup>33</sup> daughter of **Ian MacRae** and **Marjorie Polson**, on 28 Oct 1976 in Aberdeen, Scotland. Alyson was born on 15 Feb 1955 and died on 7 Apr 2017 in Oban, Argyll at age 62. They had three children: **Robert Alan Duncan, Dian Richard Philip**, and **Lauren Gillian Polson**.

General Notes: A neice to Ian and Rena Grainger of Bunessan and a grand-daughter of Margaret Polson

- 13-Robert Alan Duncan Milstead
- 13-Dian Richard Philip Milstead
- 13-Lauren Gillian Polson Milstead

Lauren married Paul McAllister.

## 12-Una Jane Milstead

Una married Denis Paul Dunford. They had two children: Michelle Janet Una and Emily Louise Helen.

- 13-Michelle Janet Una Dunford
- 13-Emily Louise Helen Dunford

Emily married Chris Baker. They had one daughter: Darcy.

14-Darcy Baker

### 11-David Thomas Blanford

David married Florence Mary J. Hay-Currie. They had three children: Jeremy Hay, Susan Mary, and Christopher William Backhouse.

- 12-Jeremy Hay Blanford
- 12-Susan Mary Blanford
- 12-Christopher William Backhouse Blanford
- 11-Lieut. Col. Alan Henry Blanford was born in 1927 in Ashby de la Zouche, Leicestershire and died in 1977 in Crete, Greece at age 50.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers.

9-William Henry Lucas was born on 18 Feb 1867 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He worked as a Commissioner of Sind Province. Indian Civil Service 1912 To 1916.
- 9-Ellen Lucas was born in 1869 and died on 14 Oct 1944 at age 75.

Ellen married **Ernest Edwin Meek**, son of **Sir James Meek**. Ernest died on 16 Dec 1906 and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham. They had three children: **James, Tony**, and **Guy**.

General Notes: On Sunday 16 Meek, the solicitor died - a sad event He did not behave well to my father & us in our troubles when he should have stood by us being our solicitor, but went over to our creditors & used as far as he could the information he has as our confidential advisor to prejudice us - but still I never disliked the man & believe he was a good solicitor - though no more to be trusted than any other of that vile fraternity - I tried to go to the funeral but missed the connection for Darlington at Middlesbro' *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.* 

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He worked as a Solicitor in 1891 in Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in 6 Stanhope Road, Darlington, County Durham.

## 10-Rev. James Meek

James married **Patience**. They had no children.

### 10-Tony Meek

Tony married Mona. They had three children: Anthony, Geoffrey, and Roger.

## 11-Anthony Meek

Anthony married **Bunty**. They had no children.

## 11-Geoffrey Meek

Geoffrey married **Daphne**. They had two children: **James** and **Laura**.

# 12-James Meek

- 12-Laura Meek
- 11-Roger Meek
- 10-Guy Meek
- 9-Francis John Lucas was born on 27 May 1873 and died on 18 Jun 1873.
- 9-Dr. Geoffrey Lucas was born on 7 May 1875 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.
- 8-Charles Edward Thompson<sup>31,33</sup> was born in 1839 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 27 Dec 1845 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 6.
- 8-Henry Thompson<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 9 Jul 1840 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1932 at age 92.

- He worked as a Canvas manufacturer.
- He resided at Riverside House in 1881 in Avondale, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He resided at Bridge House in 1901 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Henry married **Emily Mary Westlake**, <sup>1,4</sup> daughter of **Edward Westlake** <sup>1,4</sup> and **Caroline Capper**, <sup>1,4</sup> on 10 Sep 1863. Emily was born on 24 Jun 1840 in Southampton, Hampshire. They had 16 children: **Walter Henry, Charles Edward, Edith Mary, Samuel, Emily Florence, John Bernard, Henry, Herbert Westlake, Ada Margaret, George William, Albert Philip, Thomas Christopher, Stephen Godfrey, (No Given Name), Michael H., and Ellen Maria.** 

- 9-Walter Henry Thompson was born on 27 Jul 1864 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Charles Edward Thompson was born on 15 Aug 1865 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Edith Mary Thompson<sup>1</sup> was born on 12 Nov 1866 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Samuel Thompson<sup>1</sup> was born on 23 Apr 1868 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Emily Florence Thompson was born on 5 Jun 1869 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire. Another name for Emily was Emily Hanna Thompson.<sup>1</sup>

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1881 in Bournemouth, Dorset.
- 9-**John Bernard Thompson**<sup>1</sup> was born on 31 Dec 1870 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-**Henry Thompson**<sup>1</sup> was born on 26 Jan 1872 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-**Herbert Westlake Thompson**<sup>1</sup> was born on 20 May 1873 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant's Clerk.
- 9-Ada Margaret Thompson<sup>1</sup> was born on 2 Sep 1874 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-George William Thompson<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Sep 1875 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

- He worked as a Merchant's Clerk.
- 9-Albert Philip Thompson
- 9-Thomas Christopher Thompson
- 9-Stephen Godfrey Thompson
- 9-Thompson
- 9-Michael H. Thompson
- 9-Ellen Maria Thompson
- 8-**Emily Thompson**<sup>33</sup> was born in 1844 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 8-Mary Maria Thompson<sup>33</sup> was born in 1845 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 8-Maria Neave Thompson was born in 1847 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 8-Edward Neave Thompson<sup>33</sup> was born in 1851 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 8-Eileen Thompson

Edward next married Esther Moon, daughter of John Moon and Esther. They had seven children: Mary, Charles, Eliza, Jane Hannam, George, Emma, and Ellen.

7-Mary Neave<sup>4</sup> was born on 2 Jan 1813 in Gillingham, Dorset.

Mary married William Hunt, son of William Hunt. They had five children: Sarah, William Alfred, Elizabeth Ada, Frances E., and Susanna Letitia.

- 8-Sarah Hunt
- 8-William Alfred Hunt
- 8-Elizabeth Ada Hunt
- 8-Frances E. Hunt
- 8-Susanna Letitia Hunt
- 7-Charles Neave<sup>4</sup> was born on 12 Mar 1814 in Gillingham, Dorset.
- 7-Eliza Neave<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 9 Dec 1816 in Gillingham, Dorset and died on 12 Dec 1906 in Cranbrook House, Henrietta Street, Bath at age 90.

Noted events in her life were:

- She resided at No. 12 In 1901 in Lambridge Place, Walcot, Bath.
- 7-Jane Hannam Neave<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 30 Jan 1818 in Gillingham, Dorset and died about 1915 in Cranbrook House, Henrietta Street, Bath about age 97.
- 7-George Neave<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 18 Feb 1819 in Gillingham, Dorset, died on 26 May 1820 at age 1, and was buried on 31 May 1820 in St. James, Shaftesbury.

7-Emma Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 30 Jun 1821 in Gillingham, Dorset.

Emma married **Rev. Henry Broadway Miles**, son of **Dr. Henry Miles** and **Anna Hall**, on 24 Oct 1854 in Gillingham, Dorset. Henry was born about 1827, was christened on 9 Aug 1827 in Gillingham, Dorset, and died on 3 Jun 1899 in Owermoigne, Dorset about age 72. They had one son: **Edward Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Rector of Owermoigne in Owermoigne, Dorset.
  - **8-Edward Henry Miles**
- 7-Ellen Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 29 Dec 1822 in Gillingham, Dorset, died on 21 Apr 1828 in Gillingham, Dorset at age 5, and was buried on 25 Apr 1828 in St. James, Shaftesbury.
- 6-Elizabeth Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 26 Dec 1780 in Poole, Dorset, died on 14 Apr 1794 in Gillingham, Dorset at age 13, and was buried on 20 Apr 1794 in St. James, Shaftesbury.
- 6-Jane Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 26 Jul 1782 in Poole, Dorset.
- 6-Josiah Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 23 Dec 1783 in Poole, Dorset, died on 15 Dec 1836 at age 52, and was buried on 21 Dec 1836 in Southampton, Hampshire.

Josiah married Elizabeth Gundry, daughter of Arthur Gundry and Sarah.

Joseph next married **Brandling Glover**<sup>45</sup> on 19 May 1791 in Poole, Dorset. Brandling was born in 1752 and was christened on 2 Oct 1752.

5-Josiah Neave<sup>45</sup> was born on 13 Mar 1752 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 19 Sep 1777 in Canford Magna, Dorset at age 25, and was buried on 23 Sep 1777 in Poole, Dorset.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller in Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset.

Josiah married Mary Mills.

5-Martin Neave<sup>45</sup> was born on 4 Feb 1754 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 18 Oct 1813 in Canford Magna, Dorset at age 59, and was buried on 21 Oct 1813 in Poole, Dorset.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as a Mealman.

Martin married Sarah Barfoot.

5-Samuel Neave<sup>2,45</sup> was born on 3 May 1755 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 13 Oct 1789 at age 34, and was buried on 16 Oct 1789 in Poole, Dorset.

Samuel married **Elizabeth Parker**<sup>2,45</sup> on 2 Feb 1778 in Shaston, Dorset. Elizabeth died on 28 Feb 1786 and was buried on 6 Mar 1786 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire. They had two children: **Elizabeth** and **Joseph**.

- 6-Elizabeth Neave<sup>2</sup> was born in 1779 and died in 1829 at age 50.
- 6-Joseph Neave was born in 1784.
- 5-Mary Neave<sup>45</sup> was born on 22 Oct 1756 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 13 Mar 1780 at age 23, and was buried on 17 Mar 1780 in Poole, Dorset.
- 5-Sarah Neave<sup>45</sup> was born on 17 Nov 1758 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 30 Nov 1826 at age 68, and was buried on 3 Dec 1826 in Poole, Dorset.

Sarah married **Thomas Hooper**. They had three children: **Thomas, Martin**, and **Sarah**.

- 6-Thomas Hooper<sup>45</sup> was christened on 23 Apr 1781 in Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 4 Feb 1825 in Parkstone, Dorset at age 43, and was buried on 13 Feb 1825 in Poole, Dorset.
- 6-Martin Hooper<sup>45</sup> was born in 1786, died on 12 Jul 1798 in Canford Magna, Dorset at age 12, and was buried on 22 Jul 1798 in Poole, Dorset.

6-Sarah Hooper<sup>45</sup> was born in 1789, died on 10 Mar 1805 in Canford Magna, Dorset at age 16, and was buried on 19 Mar 1805 in Poole.

5-John Neave<sup>2,4,21,45</sup> was born on 12 Jun 1764 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 29 May 1832 in Poole, Dorset at age 67, and was buried on 6 Jun 1832 in Poole, Dorset.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset.

John married **Ann Williams**. <sup>2,45</sup> Ann was born in 1761 in (1759-1793 Also Given), died on 14 Sep 1795 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset at age 34, and was buried on 18 Sep 1795 in Ringwood, Hampshire. They had four children: **Joseph, Mary Williams, Nathaniel Williams**, and **Fidelity Stark**.

6-Joseph Neave<sup>2,45</sup> was born on 5 Nov 1788 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Cape Province in South Africa.

Joseph married Un-named.

6-Mary Williams Neave<sup>2,45</sup> was born on 10 Aug 1790 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and died on 17 Apr 1808 at age 17.

6-Nathaniel Williams Neave<sup>2,45</sup> was born on 13 Jan 1792 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and died in 1828 at age 36.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller.

Nathaniel married Maria. They had four children: John, Alfred, Thomas, and Ann.

7-**John Neave**<sup>45</sup> was born on 26 Oct 1821 in Wraysbury.

7-Alfred Neave

7-**Thomas Neave**<sup>45</sup> was born on 21 May 1826 in Shepperton on Thames, Surrey.

7-Ann Neave<sup>45</sup> was born on 26 Jul 1827 in Sunning Hill, Middlesex.

6-Fidelity Stark Neave<sup>2,45</sup> was born on 24 Nov 1793 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset. (24 Feb 1793 also given) and died in 1829 at age 36.

Fidelity married John Baker<sup>2,45</sup> on 13 May 1817 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. John was born in 1793 and died on 20 Nov 1869 in 7 Hampton Park, Cotham, Bristol at age 76. They had one son: John Fell.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Accountant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.

### 7-John Fell Baker

John married Sarah. They had one son: John L..

### 8-John L. Baker

John next married **Hannah Shipley**, 2,4,21,45 daughter of **Thomas Shipley**, and **Jane Dearman**, on 9 Feb 1797 in FMH Shaftesbury. Hannah was born on 22 Nov 1772 in Ashmore, Dorset, died on 29 Dec 1848 in Manchester at age 76, and was buried in FBG Mount Street, Manchester. They had eight children: **Shipley**, **Jane Eliza**, **Rebecca**, **Sophia**, **Elizabeth**, **Mary Ann**, **John**, and **Hannah**.

Noted events in her life were:

· She worked as a School teacher.

6-**Shipley Neave**<sup>2,4,47,48,49</sup> was born on 14 Sep 1798 in Hampreston, Wimborne Minster. (14 Apr also given), died on 15 Oct 1881 in Manchester at age 83, and was buried in FBG Ashton-on-Mersey, Manchester.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Hat manufacturer and agent. In Manchester.
- He resided at No. 5 In Lime Grove, Oxford Street, Chorlton on Medlock.

Shipley married **Elizabeth Stephenson**, 2,4,47,48 daughter of **Isaac Stephenson**, and **Hannah Masterman**, 2,4,47,52 on 18 Aug 1836 in Manchester. Elizabeth was born on 13 Aug 1804 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 10 Jun 1865 in High Street, Southampton, Hampshire at age 60. They had seven children: **Isaac Stephenson, Jane Eliza, Sarah, John Henry, Hannah Mary, Elizabeth**, and **Charles**.

7-Isaac Stephenson Neave<sup>2,53</sup> was born on 31 Aug 1837, died on 14 Jul 1867 in 11 Hyde Road, Chorlton at age 29, and was buried in FBG Ashton-on-Mersey, Manchester.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commission agent.

7-Jane Eliza Neave<sup>1,2,4,45,47,48</sup> was born on 19 Nov 1839 in Manchester, died on 27 May 1914 in Whalley Range, Manchester at age 74, and was buried in FBG Ashton-on-Mersey, Manchester.

General Notes: Jane Eliza Brayshaw ..74 27 5 1914 Manchester. Wife of Alfred Brayshaw. A Minister and Elder. Jane Eliza Brayshaw was the eldest daughter and the second of the seven children of Shipley and Elizabeth Neave (nee Stephenson), of Manchester. Brought up by parents who were concerned to live in the right way of the Lord, she early imbibed a reverent acceptance of the Holy Scriptures as the outward authority on life and doctrine, and without going so far as to assent to the verbal inspiration of them, she unreservedly accepted the words of our Saviour: - "They are they which testify of Me." For many years she was a diligent searcher of them, making use of the Bible Searching Almanac, in which she invariably found the text for the day without using the Concordance. For many years she filled a useful place amongst her friends, both in her own Meeting and as Clerk to the Women's Yearly Meeting, and, though not possessed of large outward means, she endeavoured to be a faithful steward of the little, and her compassion and sympathy were much with the poor and those who were afflicted in various ways. Her faith was shown by her works, and, though often labouring beyond her strength, it was never upon these that she rested her hope and trust, but on the mercy and merits of her Redeemer, given to believers through the one offering of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. The last illness was not of very long duration, and largely free from outward suffering, commencing with heart failure and ending in cerebral hemorrhage, which produced unconsciousness; but whilst conscious, she was sustained by her faith and trust in her Saviour, and on the 27th of 5mo., 1914, her loving spirit (three years after celebrating the Golden Wedding) left the out- ward tenement, we reverently trust "to be with Christ, which is far better." Her knowledge of religious hymnology was exceptionally wide: the hymns of the late Jane Crewdson were very dear to her, and she often repeated the one entitled: - Wondrous Love. Oh Saviour, I have n

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1857-Jun 1858 in York, Yorkshire.
- She resided at No 26 in Cecil Street, Chorlton upon Medlock.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder and Minister.

Jane married **Alfred Brayshaw**, 12,45,48,54 son of **Benjamin Brayshaw**, 2,17,45,47,55 and **Jane Park**, 2,17,47 on 3 Jan 1861 in Manchester. Alfred was born on 11 Jan 1831 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 29 Apr 1915 in Whalley Range, Manchester at age 84. They had six children: **Alfred Neave**, **Elizabeth**, **Stephenson**, **Edith Jane**, **Shipley Neave**, and **Edmund Russell**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Grocer in Manchester.

8-Alfred Neave Brayshaw<sup>1,2,56,57</sup> was born on 26 Dec 1861 in Manchester and died on 3 Feb 1940 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 78.

General Notes: It was in 1900, towards the close of his teaching days, that I first met Neave Brayshaw. Bootham School had just moved for five months to Oliver's Mount, Scarborough, and A. N. B. and I shared quarters with a number of boys in the Filey Road. There were many things he had to give to a young master just learning his way round. In dealing with boys as a community he never lost sight of them as individuals. He would take endless pains to present his material with clearness and precision, and he would think out illustrations that lingered in the memory; nor was he satisfied till he "got across" what he wanted to impart. He liked to argue and discuss, in class and out of it. I wish-he would say-we could impress on boys the importance of thinking for themselves, while finding the way to show them how unimportant are their conclusions till tested by fuller knowledge and riper experience. It was later, however, that I came to know him better. I went to listen to his Old Testament lectures at Woodbrooke with a feeling of surprise that what I thought was dull material could come so much alive. I remember an Old Testament scholar of repute once saying how he envied A. N. B's power of presenting a subject. Many readers of Bootham can recall days in Normandy under his leadership. He seemed to know in detail the architecture of those famous churches

in Caen as intimately as he knew the Minster in York. But the noteworthy thing about the tours was the way he gave himself utterly to the fellows who made up his large party. Nothing was too much trouble. The carelessness of a boy that involved him for a week in letters and telegrams he took without murmur or rebuke. His memory for "Punch," his recitations and stories, his aptitude for crosswords, and many other accomplishments, brought him into an easy and unembarrassed companionship with younger people that might open the way for a deeper understanding and friendship. But Neave Brayshaw had ever in his thoughts the Society of Friends-not, I think, in a narrow, sectarian spirit, for he read widely in religious literature, and would often quote from the "Church Times "and from religious reviews. But he wanted Friends to become worthy to bear their part in the witness and work of the Christian Church. In such pamphlets as his "Be as good as men think you are," in his Swarthmore lecture "The things that are before us," and especially in his "The Quakers: their story and message," he put his very best. One of his friends writes of "his love of fellowship and good talk, his reverence and reputation for scholarship, his devotion to the life of God." I often find myself in thought or word reflecting something that I realise afterwards came from him. I saw much of him in his closing years, when he was getting lonely, and I know how Bootham School and the friendship it offered him brought fresh hope and joy into his life. F. L. P. S.

There must be many who like myself have constantly had Neave in our minds and on our lips since he slipped away from us in February. We can, indeed, be thankful that for him there was no lingering illness; it was this that we had so dreaded for him; but he had become so much a part of our life that it is difficult to realise that we shall not see him again. We depended so much on him for guidance and counsel; he was so faithful in his correspondence, so thoughtful always of the help that he could render in this way, and it is a joy to know that he was happy at the last in the loving thought of his friends. Yet he has not left us. I have in front of me a letter which he wrote to me at Bootham when his mother died. "When we get on the other side of death and look back, we shall find that the change has been less violent, more natural I would say, than it seems to be as we see it from this side. We shall see that the life goes on, even though the body cannot show it forth; just as the wireless waves are still there even if the receiver is broken; "and his life still goes on in the hearts of those of us, past and present Bootham boys, who love him. For us, especially, there must be many memories like my own; a visit of a little group to his home in Scarborough, quiet talks together, visits to neighbouring churches, his spontaneous fun; then there were his frequent visits to the school, his archaology excursions and his teas. And then the Normandy tours. He originally had two, one to St. Malo and Mont St. Michel (and I doubt if anything quite equalled the Mount, "St. Michael's on his Mount in the sea roads of the north"), and the other which he continued to the last, to Caudebec and Les Andelys. He would begin his arrangements for these trips early in the year; he began inviting boys from one school or another (latterly he had spread his net rather more widely), putting out feelers for some older men to help him; gradually the plans would crystallize, the unique and comprehensive instructions would come round, and no one lived for the great day of departure more eagerly than Neave himself. How anxiously he shepherded us to the boat, and how relieved he was when we were all safely accommodated. The steamer's officials always welcomed him, and "a member of Mr. Brayshaw's party "was an all-sufficient password. But he was not really care-free till he had safely landed us under the hospitable roof of the Hotel de la Marine at Caudebec. Then he was only too happy to "roost" and watch the steady intermingling of the schools. Of more recent years he had such delight in his day excursion from Les Andelys to Paris; he trusted the "laddies" in their exploration of the new city, but only some of the older ones, I think, realised how much of a strain on him this day was. Like a parent, he wanted the boys to feel their feet, but he bore his own cross in this service. It was wonderful how free he left the boys on these trips, but here, as in other ways, he strove to bring out the best by appealing to the best in his friends. For him, too, these trips, full of fun and happiness, rich in beauty of sun and sea and river, of church and chateau, were part of a great plan for bringing "the young ones" into the Kingdom of God, and, as we think of the Sunday worship, the memory of his earnest message and grey bowed head comes back to stir us once again to "be as good as men think you are." So it was also at his Woodbrooke gathering. He longed intensely "to bring others with us into a deeper place than we have yet known," to get us to share with one another what of good we have. Constantly he laid stress on this thought of "one another," "knowing one another in that which is eternal." These gatherings were perhaps the high- water mark of his year, the culmination of his own effort and prayer, the opening up of new visions of service for those who came. These were special times of thought that he always stressed; the need for preparation for these gatherings in his preliminary letter; the readiness to take part in a ministry which should rise naturally from the deep places of worship together; the wonder of the call to serve the Kingdom of God in the ways that might open up to each one of us, and the longing that we might each be people through whom healing can come into the world. Constantly he spoke of these things and yet we accepted his repetitions, knowing how deeply his own spiritual life was based. It was fitting that his last service was a New Year gathering, for which he was so thankful. He has sometimes expressed his conviction that in our schools we do not sufficiently realise the good thing that is ours; he felt that we are too apt to be satisfied with the second best, not fully appreciating the spiritual powers latent in ourselves and in others. His love of the schools was rooted in the vision of the possibilities in those who compose them, and for him the difficulty of getting to Ampleforth (as compared with York) was a minor tragedy of the war. How much the Society of Friends owes to Heave's service among generations of "laddies" we cannot estimate; truly the debt is great. But he is still with us, lovingly pleading with us to begin with what experience of God we have, trusting that His way will be increasingly opened up to us as we are loyal to the best we know. He calls us still, in his own words, to "a calm strenuousness, active, keen and unhurried." Philip Radley Bootham magazine - March 1940

Brayshaw. On 3rd February, at Scarborough, Alfred Neave Brayshaw (Master 1892-1903), aged 78 years.

## Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1870 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Owen's College in Manchester.
- He worked as a Lecturer in Owen's College, Manchester.
- He worked as a Solicitor in 1885-1889 in Manchester.
- He worked as an Assistant Teacher, Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Teacher, Bootham School in 1892-1903 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Lecturer in 1903-1906 in Woodbrooke College, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

8-Elizabeth Brayshaw<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 10 Jul 1864 in Manchester and died on 11 Sep 1952 in 14, Birch Grove, Manchester at age 88.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1880-Dec 1880 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-Stephenson Brayshaw<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 9 May 1866 in Manchester, died on 12 Sep 1902 at age 36, and was buried in FBG Ashton-on-Mersey, Manchester.
- 8-Edith Jane Brayshaw<sup>1,14</sup> was born on 19 Jul 1869 in Manchester and died on 30 Sep 1953 in 8 Erskine Hill, Hampstead Garden, London at age 84.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Hostel Warden in Geneva, Switzerland.

Edith married **Alexander Cowan Wilson**, 1,14 son of **Henry Joseph Wilson** and **Charlotte Cowan**, 1,14 on 11 Jan 1902. Alexander was born on 5 Jun 1866 in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire and died on 2 Mar 1955 in (3 Mar 1955 also given) at age 88. They had four children: **Stephen Shipley, Roger Cowan, Elizabeth Margaret**, and **Geoffrey Masterman**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil engineer in 26 Village Street, Everton, Liverpool.
- · He worked as a Quaker minister.
  - 9-Stephen Shipley Wilson<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 4 Aug 1904 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 16 Sep 1989 at age 85.

Stephen married **Martha Mott Kelley**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **Albert Bertram Kelley** and **Mariana Parrish**, on 26 Apr 1933. Martha was born on 30 Apr 1906 and died on 17 Nov 1989 at age 83. They had three children: **Sarah Mott, Alexander Parrish**, and **Guy Neave**.

- 10-Sarah Mott Wilson
- 10-Alexander Parrish Wilson

Alexander married Margaret Watson.

10-Guv Neave Wilson

Guy married Annabel Alexandra Crone, daughter of R. A. Crone and Vivien Marwood. They had three children: Lucy Charlotte, Catherine Eleanor, and Robert Alexander.

- 11-Lucy Charlotte Wilson
- 11-Catherine Eleanor Wilson
- 11-Robert Alexander Wilson
- 9-**Prof. Roger Cowan Wilson**<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 3 Aug 1906 and died on 31 Jul 1991 at age 84.

General Notes: WILSON, Prof. Roger Cowan

Born 3 Aug. 1906; 2nd s of Alexander Cowan Wilson and Edith Jane Brayshaw; m 1931, Margery Lilian, y d of late Rev. C. W. Emmet, Fellow of University College,

Oxford, and Gertrude (née Weir); one s one d; died 31 July 1991

Professor of Education, University of Bristol, 1951–71, Emeritus 1971; Visiting Professor: University of Malawi, 1966; Harvard University, 1968

**Education** 

Manchester Grammar School; The Queen's College, Oxford (Exhibitioner); Manchester College of Technology

Career

Chairman, OU Labour Club, 1927; President, Oxford Union, 1929; First Cl. in Philosophy, Politics and Economics, 1929. Apprentice in cotton industry, 1929–35; Talks Staff of BBC, 1935–40; dismissed from BBC as conscientious objector; General Secretary, Friends Relief Service, 1940–46; head of Dept of Social Studies, University College, Hull, 1946–51. Mem., Colonial Office and Min. of Overseas Develt adv. cttees and consultative missions, 1957–71. Senior Adviser on Social Affairs, United Nations Operation in the Congo, 1961–62. Chairman: Bd of Visitors, Shepton Mallet Prison, 1966–70; Council for Voluntary Action, South Lakeland, 1974–79; Cumbria Council on Alcoholism, 1979–81; Pres., Friends Historical Society, 1988; Clerk, London Yearly

Meeting of Society of Friends, 1975–78. JP Bristol, 1954–67. Médaille de la Reconnaisance Française, 1948

### **Publications**

Frank Lenwood, a biography, 1936; Authority, Leadership and Concern, a study of motive and administration in Quaker relief work, 1948; Quaker Relief, 1940–48, 1952; The Teacher: instructor or educator, 1952; (with Kuenstler and others) Social Group Work in Great Britain, 1955; Difficult Housing Estates, 1963; (jtly) Social Aspects of Urban Development, 1966; Jesus the Liberator, 1981; Manchester, Manchester and Manchester Again, 1990

### **Recreations**

Walking, Quaker history

#### Address

Peter Hill House, Yealand Conyers, near Carnforth, Lancs LA5 9SG Carnforth (0524) 733519

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Professor of Education, University of Bristol in 1951-1971.

Roger married **Margery Lilian Emmet**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **Rev. Cyril Emmet** and **Gertrude Weir**, on 4 Aug 1931. Margery was born on 21 Nov 1905. They had two children: **Anthony Emmet** and **Elizabeth Lenwood**.

### 10-Anthony Emmet Wilson

Anthony married Anne Deirdre Brockington, daughter of Fraser Brockington and Joyce Furze. They had three children: Kenneth Brockington, Frances Ruth, and Martin Emmet.

## 11-Kenneth Brockington Wilson

Kenneth married Florence Shumba. They had one daughter: Louise Thandiwe.

- 12-Louise Thandiwe Wilson
- 11-Frances Ruth Wilson
- 11-Martin Emmet Wilson

#### 10-Elizabeth Lenwood Wilson

Elizabeth married Olav Arnold.

# 9-Elizabeth Margaret Wilson

Elizabeth married **Prof. James Edward Meade**, <sup>1,2,58</sup> son of **Charles Hippisley Meade** and **Kathleen Cotton-Stapleton**, on 14 Mar 1933. James was born on 23 Jun 1907 in Broome, Swanage, Dorset, died on 22 Dec 1995 in 40 High Street, Little Shelford, Cambridgeshire at age 88, and was buried on 29 Dec 1995 in Cambridge Crematorium. Cremated. They had four children: **Thomas Wilson, Charlotte Eliabeth, Bridget Ariane**, and **Carol Margaret**.

General Notes: Meade, James Edward (1907-1995), economist, was born on 23 June 1907 at Broome, Swanage, Dorset, the second child and only son of Charles Hippisley Meade (b. 1866/7?) and his wife, Kathleen Cotton (Kitty), née Stapleton (b. 1884), daughter of George Cotton Stapleton. He was brought up at 6 Lansdown Crescent, Bath, Somerset, where his father, an Oxford graduate and the descendant of a long line of country parsons, lived the quiet and unostentatious life of a gentleman. Socially, religiously, and politically conservative, he was not an encouraging role model for his son, but, a fine woodworker, he did teach him carpentry. He sent his son at the age of ten to Lambrook School, a preparatory school, and four years later to Malvern College. Meade disliked the emphasis on games at Malvern but two masters, the left-wing classics master and the music master, who took some of his pupils to the Salzburg festival, 'kept [him] sane'. Another element of sanity was provided by his paternal aunt Sybil, an eccentric in a family with more than its fair share of eccentrics, whom he visited often during his holidays from school. He left Malvern in 1926 with a love of music, many prizes, for English verse and Latin prose among others, and a classical scholarship to Oriel College, Oxford. He switched from Greats to the newly established course in philosophy, politics, and economics at the end of his second year. In the summer of 1930 he gained an outstanding first-class degree and was elected to a fellowship in economics at Hertford College.

# A young economist

Oxford was a welcome liberation from Bath society. Meade joined the Labour Club and became a member of the 'Cole group' of young socialists (gathered around G. D. H. Cole, then a fellow of University College). His switch to economics was motivated by concern with the serious unemployment problem in Britain in the 1920s; in 1928 he also thought it could easily be cured, his aunt Sybil having introduced him to the writings of the monetary crank Clifford (Hugh) Douglas. He soon shed this belief but throughout his career his main concern was with the contribution which economic analysis had to make to the solution of problems of practical economic policy. He was one of several young Oxford economists advising the Labour Party in the 1930s; then and later he

described himself as a liberal socialist, who believed in using the market mechanism for egalitarian ends. A convinced internationalist, he was also active in the League of Nations Union. Meade spent the academic year 1930-31 in Cambridge. Hertford had allowed him a postgraduate year to learn more economics (and some mathematics); Dennis Robertson, whom he had met in Bath through Robertson's aunts, who were neighbours in Lansdown Crescent, had invited him to Trinity College. Meade was both a pupil of Robertson and a member of the 'Cambridge circus', the group of young economists including Richard Kahn, Piero Sraffa, Austin Robinson, and Joan Robinson, who gathered together to analyse and criticize the recently published Treatise on Money (1930) of John Maynard Keynes. He worked closely with Kahn, whose employment multiplier showed that an exogenous increase in investment would lead to successive increase in aggregate demand and so in incomes; Kahn gave the name 'Mr Meade's relation' to Meade's finding that these increases in income would bring desired savings into equality with the initial exogenous increase in investment. These relations, which implied that adjustments in aggregate demand and income would bring about macroeconomic equilibrium, were essential ingredients of the theoretical system of Keynes's General Theory of Employment, Interest and Money (1936). Meade, having fallen under the spell of the 'magician' Keynes, returned to Oxford already a Keynesian in the modern (post-1936) sense.

Back in Oxford in the Michaelmas term 1931, Meade set his first students to read Keynes's work. They remembered him as a dry but lucid lecturer and an excellent tutor whose enthusiasm for his subject was contagious. He continued his research in monetary theory, publishing his first book, The Rate of Interest in a Progressive State, in 1933. At the same time, in a Fabian pamphlet, Public Works in their International Aspect, he used the idea of the multiplier (and his 'relation') to argue for countercyclical government expenditure on public works, accompanied by the appropriate monetary policy, to prevent unemployment in slumps and inflation in booms, and for international monetary co-operation to avert the balance-of-payments problems of domestically orientated macroeconomic policies. Advising Hugh Dalton, a future Labour chancellor of the exchequer, he advocated the removal of barriers to trade, a flexible (but managed) exchange rate for sterling, and the use of exchange controls to regulate the capital account of the balance of payments, in order to permit the adoption of a macroeconomic employment policy by a Labour government. In the spring of 1932 Albert Einstein visited Oxford. Gilbert Murray asked the new secretary of the Oxford branch of the League of Nations Union, (Elizabeth) Margaret Wilson (b. 1908), daughter of Alexander Cowan Wilson, a civil engineer, to get together a group of young dons to meet him. She invited Meade, whom she had met once before through her younger brother, who had rowed in the same Oriel boat as Meade when an undergraduate. They married on 14 March 1933, setting up house at 11 Holywell Street. In their long and happy life together they were to have a son and three daughters.

Meade wrote the first modern Keynesian textbook, An Introduction to Economic Analysis and Policy, in 1936. He tried 'to expound the whole corpus of Economic Theory without taking any knowledge of technical terms for granted and with full use of the more recent developments' (Preface) and to include every piece of theory with an application to current economic problems, beginning with the problem of unemployment. The book was immediately successful and had gone into a third, American edition and a French translation by 1939.

By 1937 Meade was looking for the opportunity to devote more time to (policy-orientated) research. When he and Margaret took a holiday on the Riviera they disliked it so much that Margaret suggested they go on to Geneva, which she knew well from her parents living there and her work for the League of Nations Union. In Geneva they met Dennis Robertson, who introduced them to Alexander Loveday, director of the financial section and economic intelligence service of the League of Nations. Loveday invited Meade to join the economic intelligence service to write its World Economic Survey, and Meade's college gave him leave of absence for four years from December 1937. Meade wrote two excellent surveys but he did not return to Oxford because of the Second World War.

#### War service

was included as an appendix to the white paper Employment Policy in May 1944.

In 1940 Meade was offered wartime employment with the British government. He and his wife with their three small children undertook a nightmare journey by car across France in May, arriving exhausted at Nantes only to find themselves stranded on board ship without an escort: all available craft were evacuating the British army from Dunkirk. When they reached England in June they had no home; soon after Meade took up his job in Whitehall, Margaret and the children very reluctantly sailed to America. Fortunately they were able to return in November 1942. Meade's first assignment in what was to become the economic section of the war cabinet offices in 1941 was to prepare estimates of national income and expenditure as part of a survey of resources available for the war effort. He drew up a complicated and comprehensive system of balancing tables; a young Cambridge graduate in the Ministry of Economic Warfare, Richard Stone, was sent over to help him with the statistics. Meade's description of what happened next characteristically downplays his own initial contribution: Stone joined Meade in his tiny room with its single desk, established himself on a corner of the desk with a quill pen and a hand calculator, and gradually moved from the corner of the desk to the centre, while Meade turned the handle of the calculator. With the active encouragement of Keynes in the Treasury, their calculations, the first modern double-entry social accounts for any country, were utilized in the 'Keynesian' budget of April 1941 and published with it; they also published, jointly, academic and popular accounts of their methods (notably National Income and Expenditure, 1944).

In February 1941 Meade wrote the first of a long series of memoranda on the subject of post-war reconstruction, identifying four problems: unemployment, the standard of living and the distribution of income, the form of industrial structure, and the re-establishment of international trade and finance. His proposals for post-war employment, the standard of living

Meade wrote the first draft, in March 1943, of what eventually became the employment white paper. Adverse Treasury reaction meant it had a long and circuitous route to travel. Keynes, less pessimistic than Meade about the possibility of post-war depression, was not entirely sympathetic either, but he endeavoured to educate his Treasury colleagues to the necessity of a macroeconomic employment policy. When a small steering committee, including the permanent secretary of the Treasury, Sir Richard Hopkins, and the director of the economic section, Lionel Robbins, managed at last to produce an agreed report, Keynes commented that it was 'indeed an outstanding State Paper which, if one casts one's mind back ten years or so, represents a revolution in official opinion' (The Collected Writings of John Maynard Keynes, 27, 1980, 364).

out first on Keynes, who had sympathetically reviewed his book in the Economic Journal, before submitting it to the committee. Although Meade's scheme did not appear in the Beveridge report, it

Meade was also a founding father of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (later the World Trade Organization). Early in the war, before he left Geneva, he had written a short book, The Economic Basis of a Durable Peace (1940), dedicating it at Christmas 1939 to his children. Believing that a satisfactory peace settlement would require the existence of an international organization, he considered the economic role that such an organization would need to play in the post-war world. He favoured an international bank with the power to issue an international currency against which individual countries would peg their exchange rates but be able to adjust the pegs if the pursuit of high employment policies threatened persistent losses of reserves. The

countries adhering to these international arrangements would have to commit themselves to multilateral free trade and payments arrangements. Hence when Keynes produced his 'clearing union' plan for the post-war international currency system, Meade proposed a complementary 'international commercial union' to restore multilateral trade and remove trade restrictions after the war. Dalton, now president of the Board of Trade in the wartime coalition government, took this up enthusiastically, and arranged for Meade to be seconded part-time to his department. The Keynes and the Meade plans formed the basis of the British contributions to the wartime Anglo-American discussions on the post-war international economic order; Meade crossed the Atlantic for the first time to take part in the talks in Washington in September-October 1943.

Further discussions led to the Anglo-American Proposals for Consideration by an International Conference on Trade and Employment, published in December 1945. Meade served as a British representative on the preparatory commission for the conference, which met in London in 1946 and in Geneva in 1947 to produce a draft charter for an International Trade Organization. The ITO Charter adopted at the Havana conference in March 1948 was not ratified, but its main principles were incorporated in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade negotiated in Geneva in 1947. In November 1944 Meade had been persuaded to succeed Robbins as director of the economic section at the end of the war; he took over officially in January 1946. When he agreed to serve, he had high hopes of what government economists could achieve on both domestic and international economic policy fronts; he also thought he might be able to pursue his academic ambitions by writing a new edition of his Economic Analysis and Policy. But in the event his position did not give him the chance to influence domestic economic policy in the directions he wished it to go. Dalton, chancellor of the exchequer in the first majority Labour government, decided to pursue a policy of low interest rates much further than Meade thought safe. This was only one of several issues on which they disagreed-and on which Dalton did not heed Meade's advice. Meade's macroeconomic conception of 'economic planning', which was essentially the use of financial policy to influence aggregate demand, was adopted by Dalton's successor Stafford Cripps, several months after Meade had resigned in frustration and ill health in the spring of 1947. As two of his former colleagues put it, Meade

was advising the wrong minister at the wrong time. ... Moreover, he was uncomfortable in a world of physical controls when his vision was of a world of financial controls. ... Meade, more than any man-more than Keynes-was the prophet of demand management when the world was not yet ready for demand management. (Cairncross and Watts, 130)

#### **London School of Economics**

Meade returned to academic life, this time to the London School of Economics (LSE), where Lionel Robbins had suggested he take the Cassel professorship of commerce with special reference to international trade. Here, as a direct result of his wartime work on economic policy, he was to make his most lasting contributions to economic *theory*. His plan was to produce a "Treatise on Economic Policy" (probably in five or six volumes)' which would cover much the same ground as his pre-war textbook but reflect his experience in government (Meade to Robbins, 3 June 1947, BPLES, Robbins MSS). Since he had been hired to teach international economics, he began on his planned last volume, on international economic policy.

Meade did not follow the conventional order of writing on trade before finance. He began by constructing a general-equilibrium comparative static model for an economy open to trade and capital flows, synthesizing Keynesian and classical theory and extending it in order to analyse the effects of different policy instruments and other variables on internal and external balance. Since his 'method of work ... [was] to make a simple mathematical model of most of the problems before writing about them' in simple prose, the result appeared in a book, The Theory of International Economic Policy, Volume 1, The Balance of Payments (1951), with a separate mathematical supplement containing the model, which also appeared in journal articles. The first systematic exploration of the relationship between domestic and international equilibrium, Meade's model became 'part of the baggage of every economist' (Corden and Atkinson, 529), the most important single influence behind the development of open economy macroeconomics in the next four decades.

The Theory of International Economic Policy, Volume 2: Trade and Welfare (1955) was equally pathbreaking. It made at least three major and lasting contributions to economics: a fundamental reformulation of the theory of economic welfare to make it both operational and more widely applicable; the use of this new theory to analyse controls on factor movements as well as controls on trade; and the extension of the analysis from two-country models to a many-country world, including its application to the theory of customs unions. Meade originally drafted much of the book on the basis of the 'new welfare economics' of the late 1930s but he rewrote it to utilize (and expand on) the method of his former wartime colleague Marcus Fleming's 'On making the best of balance of payments restrictions on imports' (published in the Economic Journal, 1951).

It was a brilliant feat of imagination ... to realize ... [Fleming's method] was capable of large-scale generalization into a powerful tool for welfare analysis of practical policy problems, and an act of great intellectual honesty and courage for him to scrap his existing draft and rework the whole problem on the new approach. (Johnson, 73)

Meade was awarded the Nobel memorial prize in 1977, jointly with the Swedish international economist Bertil Ohlin, for the work in the two volumes.

Throughout his LSE years Meade wrote extensively on topical issues of economic policy. To the public debate in England on planning he contributed Planning and the Price Mechanism: the Liberal-Socialist Solution (1948): he argued persuasively for the restoration of the market system and the use of financial policy instruments which work through the price mechanism for the control of inflation and deflation. He also urged the use of taxation, including if necessary and feasible a capital levy, to promote a more egalitarian distribution of income and wealth. In several papers on current international economic arrangements he made clear his then unfashionable preference for flexible exchange rates as the best way to reconcile free trade, domestic full employment, and external balance.

# **Cambridge and retirement**

In 1957 Meade succeeded Dennis Robertson as professor of political economy in Cambridge. He and his family now made their home in a Cambridgeshire village, first Hauxton and then Little Shelford. In his first Cambridge decade, as well as making important contributions to the theory of economic growth and income distribution, he recommenced his ambitious project of a multivolume treatise on economic policy. He had completed two volumes of his Principles of Political Economy (1965 and 1968) before he decided to resign the chair in 1968. He had not been made welcome by the Cambridge Keynesians, for whom he was too 'neo-classical'-being prepared, as he told students, to use 'Classical and Keynesian analysis and any old tools which seem to be relevant' to economic problems (personal knowledge). With a research fellowship from his college, Christ's, and the continuing intellectual support of younger Cambridge colleagues, he produced two more volumes of Principles (1972 and 1976) before the temptations of policy-orientated collaborative research made him less single-minded about the theoretical project. What might have formed the fifth volume appeared as a political tract, The Intelligent Radical's Guide to Economic Policy (1975), dedicated like Planning and the Price Mechanism to his wife.

Meade returned to macroeconomics in 1978 to lead a major research project on 'stagflation' in the department of applied economics at Cambridge. He had long been concerned with the inflation problem in a fully employed economy (his well-known Cambridge inaugural lecture had been on the subject), and had reconsidered the concept of internal balance he had used in The Balance of Payments. He now had three policy targets in mind: the balance of payments, full employment, and price stability. He proposed a 'New Keynesian' assignment of policy instruments to these targets:

monetary and fiscal policy to maintaining total money expenditure (nominal GDP [gross domestic product]), reform of wage-fixing arrangements to full employment, and exchange rate policies to the balance of payments. While his younger collaborators worked on the design of the appropriate demand-management policies, he concentrated on the reform of wage-fixing arrangements. On the wage-fixing front Meade explored several avenues over two decades. From the outset he rejected the extreme 'solutions' of incomes policies and union bashing. He came eventually to advocate the system he found in Agathotopia. As he explained:

I recently set sail to visit the island of Utopia ... But, alas, I could find the island Nowhere. However on my way home I chanced to visit the island of Agathotopia. The inhabitants made no claim for perfection in their social arrangements, but they did claim the island to be a Good Place to live in. I studied their institutions closely, came to the conclusion that their social arrangements were indeed about as good as one could hope to achieve in this wicked world, and returned home to recommend Agathotopian arrangements for my own country. (Meade, Liberty, Equality and Efficiency, 1993, 104)

Agathotopia had a widespread structure of labour-capital partnerships rather than capitalist firms; it also had a government committed to maintaining the desirable rate of growth of money GDP; and an ingenious set of arrangements for encouraging a more equal distribution of income and wealth. As Meade had realized at least thirty years earlier, the use of flexible factor prices to ensure efficient employment of all resources could lead to unacceptably low wages; it was necessary deliberately to separate the problem of employment from the problem of distribution by providing, for instance, a basic income or 'social dividend' to all citizens, as well as a more equal distribution of property. Agathotopia was the closest Meade came to the solution of the problem of the dual function of the price mechanism, which means that the prices of goods and factors of production that promote the most efficient use of resources might well produce an unacceptably unequal distribution of income from those resources. His concern for both efficiency and equality, spelt out most clearly in Efficiency, Equality and the Ownership of Property (1964), was a feature of the two 'Meade reports', The Economic and Social Structure of Mauritius (1961) and The Structure and Reform of Direct Taxation (1978).

Meade was always youthful in appearance as well as in spirit. In old age he looked more youthful than in photographs of his middle age: the abandoning of thick-rimmed glasses meant that the eyes sparkling with intelligence, good humour, and tolerance were more readily seen. He was a man of integrity and optimism, and cynicism was foreign to his nature; in spite of his experiences in Whitehall he never abandoned his belief in the ability of men and women to make for themselves a better society. A modest man-though justifiably proud of his achievements-he disliked honours and declined a knighthood on leaving government service; he was made a companion of the Bath in 1947. Elected a fellow of the British Academy in 1951, he served as chairman of section F in 1957, and as president of the Royal Economic Society in 1964-6. Among his many talents were a fine baritone singing voice and his woodworking skills, which he put to good effect in making ingenious mechanical toys for his children and grandchildren. He died at his home, 40 High Street, Little Shelford, Cambridgeshire, on 22 December 1995, of multiple myeloma, and was cremated at Cambridge on 29 December. He was survived by his wife and four children.

### Susan Howson

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#### SOUND

BL NSA, recorded lecture

### Likenesses

W. Stoneman, photograph, 1951, NPG [see illus.] · L. Woon, cibachrome print, 1990, NPG · photograph, repro. in *The Times* · photograph, repro. in *The Times* · photograph, repro. in *The Independent* · photograph, repro. in *Daily Telegraph* · photographs, priv. coll.

### Wealth at death

£648,760: probate, 1996, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Susan Howson, 'Meade, James Edward (1907-1995)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2008

[http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/60333

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB.
- He worked as an Economist
- He worked as a Professor of Political Economy, Cambridge University.

### 10-Dr. Thomas Wilson Meade

Thomas married Helen Elizabeth Perks, daughter of James Richard Perks and Doris Grindyr. They had three children: Richard David, Helen Anna, and Rebecca Catherine.

- 11-Richard David Meade
- 11-Helen Anna Meade
- 11-Rebecca Catherine Meade

#### 10-Charlotte Eliabeth Meade

Charlotte married Gordon Lewis, son of Percy Lewis and Florence Emma Murrell.

### 10-Bridget Ariane Meade

Bridget married Edward Charles Dommen, son of John Henry Dommen and Sarah Hall. They had two children: Caroline Sarah and Virginia Margaret.

- 11-Caroline Sarah Dommen
- 11-Virginia Margaret Dommen

Virginia married **Denis Mermod**. They had two children: **Jennifer Brigitte** and **Allan Philippe**.

- 12-Jennifer Brigitte Mermod-Dommen
- 12-Allan Philippe Mermod-Dommen

# 10-Carol Margaret Meade

Carol married Partha Dasgupta, son of Prof. Amiya Kumar Dasgupta and Shanti Dasgupta. They had three children: Zubieda, Shamik, and Aisha Nandini Zoe.

- 11-Zubieda Dasgupta
- 11-Shamik Dasgupta
- 11-Aisha Nandini Zoe Dasgupta

9-Sir Geoffrey Masterman Wilson<sup>1,2,14</sup> was born on 7 Apr 1910 in Winterbourne, Storeton Road, Tranmere, Birkenhead and died on 11 Jul 2004 in St. Luke's Nursing Home, Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 94.

General Notes: Wilson, Sir Geoffrey Masterman (1910-2004), barrister, diplomatist, and public servant, was born at Winterbourne, Storeton Road, Tranmere, Birkenhead, on 7 April 1910, the third son and youngest child of Alexander Cowan Wilson, civil engineer, and his wife, Edith Jane, née Brayshaw. His parents were Quakers, his mother coming from a line of Quakers going back to the seventeenth century. They were deeply religious, lived frugally, and actively pursued a number of good causes. Their influence, except their austere mode of living, and the beliefs and principles of the Society of Friends remained with Wilson all his life. When Wilson was still young the family moved to Manchester, where he attended Manchester grammar school and won an exhibition in classics to Oriel College, Oxford. Like his elder brother Roger he became chairman of the Labour Club and president of the Union, skills he exercised as a member of the Oxford debating team that toured thirty colleges in the United States in 1932. Having graduated in 1932 with a second in literae humaniores, he won a Harmsworth scholarship to the Middle Temple, where he was called

to the bar in May 1934.

An enduring influence on Wilson's career was his friendship at Oxford with John Cripps, a fellow member of the Labour Club, which lasted until the latter's death in 1994. Cripps invited his friend to stay at Goodfellows, his family's country house near Burford in the Cotswolds, where he met John's father, Sir Stafford Cripps, a leading barrister and politician. Wilson visited Goodfellows often in the pre-war years and, as he later recounted, was more or less adopted by the family. When Wilson mentioned his plan to study for the bar, Sir Stafford offered him a seat in his chambers. On being called to the bar he joined the chambers of H. D. Samuels, and in the next five years appeared on common law cases at courts around London. But in 1934 Cripps retained Wilson as a junior in the inquiry into an explosion at the Gresford colliery in north Wales, which killed 266 miners. Cripps represented the National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) without fee. Armed with detailed figures and charts assembled by Wilson, Cripps was able to demonstrate that the owners had been negligent despite warnings, and they were severely censured. Another explosion in 1938 killed seventy-nine men at Markham colliery in Derbyshire. Cripps again represented the NUM at the inquiry but left the case largely to Wilson, who became something of an expert on mine safety and addressed meetings on the subject.

On the outbreak of the Second World War in 1939 Wilson resigned from chambers, unable as a Quaker to volunteer for the armed forces but unwilling to take on the work of colleagues who did. Once again Cripps made Wilson an offer that not only resolved his dilemma but set the direction of his future career. Cripps planned to visit India and China, and invited Wilson to go along as his secretary-companion. Judging that Indian independence was inevitable, Cripps foresaw the need for a constituent assembly and a constitution that would integrate British India and the princely states. In Delhi they stayed with Jawaharlal Nehru, who had been a frequent guest at Goodfellows, and also had talks with Gandhi, Jinnah, two important princes, and the viceroy. Nothing concrete emerged from the talks, however, largely because of the intransigent attitude of the viceroy and the India Office. From India, Cripps and Wilson left for China by the Burma Road. In Chungking (Chongqing), Chiang Kai-shek's headquarters, Wilson came down with jaundice and took no part in the discussions. But he recovered in time to accompany Cripps to Moscow for talks with Molotov, the foreign minister, on a proposal to set up a trade mission between the Soviet Union and Britain. They travelled on a hazardous route by way of Sinkiang (Xinjiang) without documents, directions, money, or knowledge of the local languages, and returned to Chungking after a month in Moscow.

No sooner had Cripps and Wilson returned to Britain in April 1940 via America, after five months abroad, than they were asked to go back to Moscow to pursue the trade mission proposal. The United Kingdom had withdrawn its ambassador to protest against the Soviet invasion of Finland, and in response to a demand by Molotov that he would discuss the matter only with an ambassador, Cripps was appointed ambassador and Wilson third secretary. There was not much to do until the German invasion of Russia, when delegations began to arrive from Britain. Wilson took lessons in Russian. When the Germans threatened Moscow the entire diplomatic corps was evacuated to Kuibyshev some 530 miles away. After ten weeks they were able to return to Moscow, and later to leave for London in a British cruiser from Murmansk.

In London Wilson was offered a post in the Russian department of the Foreign Office as a temporary third secretary, despite his decision to register as a conscientious objector. He worked in the department until VE-day and was the only member, apart from its head, Sir William Strang, who had ever visited Russia. One of his tasks was to translate Stalin's letters to Churchill: the Foreign Office had been receiving them in a bad English translation from the Soviet embassy and had requested the originals. Wilson made several more trips to Russia during those years, including one as a member of the British delegation to the Yalta conference. There Wilson sat behind Churchill in the plenary sessions and with Sir Edward Bridges took the minutes. He later recalled that his other main function was to empty Churchill's ashtray of his cigar butts. Wilson's last months with the Foreign Office were spent in the newly formed United Nations department. His main assignment was to act as secretary of an international group that toured cities on the American east coast exploring suitable sites for the UN headquarters. In personal terms the mission was notable for his meeting and in 1946 marrying Julie Stafford (Judy) Trowbridge in New York.

In 1946 Wilson returned to the bar. His first job was for the Foreign Office, preparing a draft of principles for the newly established United Nations commission on human rights. He accompanied the British delegation to the commission's first meeting in New York (chaired by Eleanor Roosevelt) as legal adviser. But one swallow did not make a summer. He found the work of chambers rather dull after his war-time adventures. After contacting the senior British officials he had worked with then, he was appointed an assistant secretary at the Treasury, seconded to the Cabinet Office. His most interesting assignment was as secretary of the India committee, which supervised the preparations for Indian independence. He was also secretary of the complex of committees that dealt with trade and related problems arising from the inconvertibility of sterling, and with the negotiations over Marshall aid.

In 1951 Wilson was appointed director of the Technical Co-operation Bureau newly set up by the Commonwealth in Colombo, Ceylon: not a major agency, but popular with the governments of the less developed members, which helped one another rather than seeking aid from rich countries. Wilson travelled extensively around the countries of south and south-east Asia and acquired an abiding interest in economic development. The family, which already had three children, added a fourth. Their two years in Colombo were among their most enjoyable. Recalled by the Treasury in August 1953, Wilson held a number of jobs during the next five years, including, on promotion to under-secretary, as head of the office of R. A. Butler, the lord privy seal.

In 1958 Wilson was appointed economic minister at the Washington embassy, a post that included acting as alternate director of the World Bank. This was normally a two-year appointment, but the Treasury asked him to stay for a third year. Before it ended the bank's president, Eugene Black, invited him to join the bank's staff as director of the Asia department. He accepted, so renewing his contacts with the countries he had served in Columbo. In 1962 Black promoted him to be vice-president, responsible for the administration, budget, and financing of the bank, including the marketing of bank bonds and the soliciting of periodic contributions from the rich governments to the bank's soft loan affiliate for the poorest countries, the International Development Association.

Wilson had expected to spend the rest of his career with the World Bank but did not get on with Black's successor, George Woods. Moreover, his Quaker conscience began to prick him. Life was too comfortable and his World Bank work did not sufficiently engage his inner drive to help the world's poor. So in 1966 he resigned and returned to England. After some searching he secured one of two posts as deputy secretary at the Ministry of Overseas Development. Two years later the permanent secretary, Sir Andrew Cohen, died and Wilson was promoted in his stead. He was knighted KCB in 1969, having been made CMG in 1962 and CB in 1968. He retired in 1970 on reaching the age of sixty.

Wilson continued to pursue an active career. After some months as deputy secretary-general (economic) at the Commonwealth Secretariat, he took a final paid job as chairman of the Race Relations Board, which gave him great personal satisfaction. He held the post for six years until 1977, when it merged with the Commission for Racial Equality. Wilson's voluntary activities thereafter were almost all connected with development, as chairman of Oxfam (1977-83), which had a strong Quaker element, and a member of the boards of the Overseas Development Institute in London, the Institute of Development Studies at Sussex University, and the International Development Research Centre in Ottawa, whose quarterly meetings he attended until the age of seventy-five. He also joined, and in some cases helped start, a number of charitable organizations. As he grew older these activities fell away, although his mind remained as keen as ever. His first

marriage was dissolved in 1979, but on 5 August 1989 he married Stephanie Adrienne (Steffi) Stainsby, a psychotherapist he had known at Oxfam; she was the widow of Charles Stainsby and the daughter of Harry Ross, a general practitioner. They settled in Oxford, where he died at St Luke's Nursing Home on 11 July 2004, of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. He was survived by his second wife, Steffi, and the four children of his first marriage, Susan, Catherine, Peter, and John.

Wilson had a hand in many of the leading events of the twentieth century. The leitmotif of his professional life after the Second World War was his dedication to improving the lot of the less fortunate. He pursued this impulse in a practical way through institutions devoted to that purpose. His wide experience, ability, and sometimes luck enabled him to serve at or near the top and thus help to shape their policies and practices. It also provided him and his family with a good living, a circumstance which did not escape his Quaker conscience. He had a keen sense of humour and looked on human foibles, including his own, with a quizzical eye. He was, in the words of a former civil service colleague, an 'unusual and thoughtful man, whose dry style and shrewd glance over those half-rimmed glasses masked ... inner warmth and deep humanity' (The Guardian, 22 July 2004).

## Raymond John Goodman

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### Likenesses

obituary photographs

### Wealth at death

£293,840: probate, 11 March 2005, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Raymond John Goodman, 'Wilson, Sir Geoffrey Masterman (1910-2004)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Jan 2008; online edn, Oct 2008 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/94084

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCB CMG CB.
- He was educated at Manchester grammar school.
- He was educated at Oriel College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law. Middle Temple. H. D. Samuels in 1934.
- He worked as a Secretary to Sir Stafford Cripps.
- He worked as a Third Secretary, Russian Section. The Foreign Office.
- He worked as a Barrister in 1946.
- He worked as an Economic minister, British Embassy in 1958 in Washington, D.C., USA.
- He worked as a Deputy Secretary-general (Economic) at the Commonwealth Secretariat.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Race Relations Board.
- He worked as a Chairman of Oxfam 1977 To 1983.

Geoffrey married Julie Stafford Trowbridge, daughter of Alexander Buel Trowbridge and Julie Chamberlain. They had four children: Susan Trowbridge, Catherine Neave, Peter Stafford, and John Cowan.

## 10-Susan Trowbridge Wilson

Susan married John Nicolson.

Susan next married Jeff Allen. They had two children: David Geoffrey and Kate Trowbridge.

- 11-David Geoffrey Allen
- 11-Kate Trowbridge Allen

#### 10-Catherine Neave Wilson

### 10-Peter Stafford Wilson

Peter married Elspeth Walker.

Peter next married Patricia Clare MacArthur Stanham, daughter of Quentin MacArthur Stanham and Andalucia Richardson. They had four children: Alexander, Timothy, Christopher Cowan, and Nicola.

- 11-Alexander Wilson
- 11-Timothy Wilson
- 11-Christopher Cowan Wilson<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 30 Apr 1987 and died on 22 May 1987.
- 11-Nicola Wilson

## 10-John Cowan Wilson

John married Pat Stroud, daughter of Karol Stroud and Elinor Dale. They had one daughter: Amelia Cassandra.

#### 11-Amelia Cassandra Wilson

Geoffrey next married **Stephanie Adrienne Ross**, daughter of **Dr. Harry Ross**.

8-Shipley Neave Brayshaw<sup>1,2,58</sup> was born on 7 Nov 1871 and died on 2 Jul 1957 in Manchester at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer.
- He resided at Coppice Lane Cottage in Disley, Stockport, Cheshire.

Shipley married **Ruth Cotterell Holmes**, <sup>1,2,58</sup> daughter of **Arthur Stansfield Holmes**<sup>2</sup> and **Lucy Beatrice Cotterell**, on 14 Dec 1911 in FMH Chester. Ruth was born on 1 Mar 1887 and died on 29 Jun 1979 at age 92. They had five children: **Alfred Joseph, Edith Eleanor, Christopher Neave, Beatrice Ruth**, and **Elizabeth Barbara**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Chairman of Cheshire County Council.

9-Alfred Joseph Brayshaw<sup>2,58</sup> was born on 20 Dec 1912 in Manchester and died on 20 May 1994 at age 81.

General Notes: BRAYSHAW, (Alfred) Joseph

CBE 1975 (OBE 1964)

Born Manchester, 20 Dec. 1912; er s of late Shipley Neave Brayshaw and Ruth Cotterell (née Holmes), JP; m 1st, Joan Hawkes (d 1940); 2nd, 1943, Marion Spencer, y d of late Spencer Johnson, Bury St Edmunds; three s; died 20 May 1994

JP; DL; Secretary, The Magistrates' Association, 1965–77

EDUCATION Sidcot Sch., Somerset; engineering factories; Dalton Hall, Univ. of Manchester

CAREER Brayshaw Furnaces & Tools Ltd, 1934–40; CBCO, 1941–46; Asst Sec., then Gen. Sec., Friends' Relief Service, 1946–48; Gen. Sec., Nat. Marriage Guidance Council, 1949–64 (a Vice-Pres., 1964–); Pres., Guildford and District Marriage Guidance Council, 1983–87. JP Surrey, 1958; DL Surrey, 1983; Chairman: Farnham Bench, 1979–82; Surrey Magistrates' Soc., 1979–83 PUBLICATIONS Public Policy and Family Life, 1980

**RECREATION Gardening** 

ADDRESS Apple Trees, Beech Road, Haslemere, Surrey GU27 2BX

Haslemere (0428) 642677

'BRAYSHAW, (Alfred) Joseph', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014

[http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U171308

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE JP DL.
- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1924.
- He worked as a Secretary to The Magistrates Association.
- He resided at Appletrees in Beech Road, Haslemere, Surrey.
- He worked as a member of Brayshaw \furnaces and Tools Ltd. In 1934-1940.

Alfred married **Joan Pauline Comely Hawkes**<sup>2</sup> on 20 Mar 1937. Joan was born on 20 Mar 1912<sup>1,58</sup> and died on 2 Oct 1940 at age 28.

Alfred next married **Marion Spencer Johnson**, 1,2,58 daughter of **John Spencer Curling Johnson**, and **Lily Hannah Mary Potts**, 1,2 on 30 Jan 1943. Marion was born on 2 May 1921 and died in 2001 at age 80. They had three children: **John Shipley, Michael Neave**, and **Roger Spencer**.

### 10-John Shipley Brayshaw

John married Mary Rowland, daughter of Henry Morton Rowland and Joyce Florence Wareham. They had two children: Samuel John and Andrew Toby.

11-Samuel John Brayshaw

Samuel married **Betty Simmons**. They had one daughter: **Emily Joyce**.

- 12-Emily Joyce Brayshaw
- 11-Andrew Toby Brayshaw

## 10-Michael Neave Brayshaw

Michael married Heather Margaret Barnes, daughter of William Edwin Barnes and Hazel Margaret Litten. They had three children: Lyn Hazel, Jan Maryon, and Paul Michael.

- 11-Lyn Hazel Brayshaw
- 11-Jan Maryon Brayshaw
- 11-Paul Michael Brayshaw

# 10-Roger Spencer Brayshaw

Roger married Ann Caffell, daughter of Ernest Caffell and Doris Birchmore. They had two children: Thomas Spencer and Helen Lucy.

- 11-Thomas Spencer Brayshaw
- 11-Helen Lucy Brayshaw

# 9-Edith Eleanor Brayshaw

Edith married **John Muschamp**, 1,2 son of **Samuel Muschamp** 1,2 and **Rebecca Beech**, 1,2 on 21 Jan 1937. John was born on 14 Dec 1910 and died on 11 May 1974 at age 63. They had three children: **Elizabeth Anne, Eleanor Clare**, and **David John**.

## 10-Elizabeth Anne Muschamp

Elizabeth married Scott Ross Donaldson, son of Maurice William Donaldson and Mons Frances Selina Robbins. They had two children: Sarah Elizabeth and Lucy Frances.

## 11-Sarah Elizabeth Donaldson

Sarah married <b>Ian Stephen Goodhew</b> . They had	d one son: <b>Donaid R</b> o	DSS.
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- 12-Donald Ross Goodhew
- 11-Lucy Frances Donaldson

Lucy married David Bate.

## 10-Eleanor Clare Muschamp

Eleanor married Walter Joseph Hogarth, son of Joseph Hogarth and Ellen Florence McCool. They had two children: David Scott and Fiona Clare.

- 11-David Scott Hogarth
- 11-Fiona Clare Hogarth

## 10-David John Muschamp

David married Rosemary June Revell, daughter of John Revell and Phyllis Honor Waine. They had two children: Simon John and Richard David.

- 11-Simon John Muschamp
- 11-Richard David Muschamp

# 9-Christopher Neave Brayshaw

Christopher married Avril Beda Mary Miller, daughter of Frederick William Miller and Kathleen Bowyer. They had one daughter: Jane Naomi Bowyer.

### 10-Jane Naomi Bowyer Brayshaw

Jane had a relationship with **Peter Entwistle**. They had two children: **Rebecca Elizabeth** and **Jennifer Anne**.

- 11-Rebecca Elizabeth Entwistle
- 11-Jennifer Anne Entwistle

Jane next had a relationship with **Anthony Mansfield**. They had one daughter: **Deborah Ann**.

11-Deborah Ann Brayshaw

# 9-Beatrice Ruth Brayshaw

Beatrice married **Alexander Rodger**, 1,2 son of **Alexander Rodger**, 2 and **Martha Alison Roger**, 2 on 29 Jul 1950. Alexander was born on 17 Jun 1923 and died on 12 Sep 1982 at age 59. They had two children: **Alison Ruth** and **Patricia Anne**.

## 10-Alison Ruth Rodger

Alison married James Morrice, son of James Aitken Morrice and Brulette Nancy Beane. They had two children: Maxwell Keiran and Ceri Ellen.

- 11-Maxwell Keiran Morrice
- 11-Ceri Ellen Morrice
- 10-Patricia Anne Rodger
- 9-Elizabeth Barbara Brayshaw

Elizabeth married **Francis Lionel Aynsley-Smith**, <sup>1,2</sup> son of **George Aynsley-Smith** <sup>1,2</sup> and **Jeanne Eugenie Mournetas**, <sup>1,2</sup> on 26 Mar 1946. Francis was born on 29 Dec 1915. They had three children: **Richard, Francis John**, and **Helen Ruth**.

## 10-Richard Aynsley-Smith

Richard married Patricia Ann Whitlock, daughter of Roy Whitlock and Audrey Phyllis Belam. They had three children: Rachel Sarah, Katherine Ruth, and Stephen Mark.

- 11-Rachel Sarah Aynsley-Smith
- 11-Katherine Ruth Aynsley-Smith
- 11-Stephen Mark Aynsley-Smith

## 10-Francis John Aynsley-Smith

Francis married Sheila Ross, daughter of Harry Ross and Mary Margaret Fraser. They had two children: Robin and Elizabeth Kirsty.

- 11-Robin Aynsley-Smith
- 11-Elizabeth Kirsty Aynsley-Smith

# 10-Helen Ruth Aynsley-Smith

Helen married **Richard William Mayne**, <sup>1,2</sup> son of **Richard Trevelyan Mayne** and **Kathleen Walker**, on 7 Apr 1979. Richard was born on 10 Nov 1951 and died on 5 Oct 1982 at age 30. They had one son: **David Trevelyan**.

- 11-David Trevelyan Mayne
- 8-Edmund Russell Brayshaw<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 14 Jan 1879 in Manchester and died on 5 Nov 1965 in York, Yorkshire at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer. Brayshaw Furnaces and Tools in Mulberry Street, Hulme.

Edmund married **Winifred Maude Barber**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **Jonathan Barber** <sup>1,2,59,60</sup> and **Constance Stainforth Siordet**, <sup>1,2,59</sup> on 10 Feb 1912 in FMH Sheffield (12th February also given). Winifred was born on 14 Dec 1890 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died on 19 Aug 1992 in York, Yorkshire at age 101. They had four children: **David Russell, Richard Neave, Martyn Henry**, and **John Derwent**.

# 9-David Russell Brayshaw

David married **Mary Josephine Wright**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **John Thomas Wright** and **Ada Grundy**, on 14 Aug 1937. Mary was born on 3 Dec 1908 and died on 11 Dec 1965 at age 57. They had two children: **Jennifer Lyn** and **Jonathan Russell**.

### 10-Jennifer Lyn Brayshaw

Jennifer married John Williams Evans, son of Robert Williams Evans and Barbara Nash. They had three children: Julia Lyn, Jonathan William, and Lucy Rebecca.

## 11-Julia Lyn Evans

Julia married Colin Alan Barrie. They had two children: Sara Lyn and Emma Louise.

- 12-Sara Lyn Barrie
- 12-Emma Louise Barrie
- 11-Jonathan William Evans

Jonathan married Janet May Benfield, daughter of Thomas Benfield and Jean.

# 11-Lucy Rebecca Evans

# 10-Jonathan Russell Brayshaw

Jonathan married **Gillian Mary West**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **William West** and **Joan Deighton**, on 2 May 1970. Gillian was born on 12 Jan 1947 and died on 3 Apr 1975 at age 28. They had one daughter: **Joanna**.

### 11-Joanna Brayshaw

Jonathan next married Ruth Elfreda Singer, daughter of William Singer and Margaret Craig Johnson. They had one daughter: Joanna.

### 11-Joanna Brayshaw

9-Richard Neave Brayshaw<sup>2</sup> was born on 25 Mar 1917 and died on 6 May 1979 in Wilmslow, Cheshire (1st May also given) at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

He had a residence in Manchester.

Richard married **Kathleen Ann Shaw**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **William Shaw** and **Margaret Baxter**, on 22 Dec 1942 in FMH Jordans, Buckinghamshire. Kathleen was born on 5 Dec 1912 and died on 26 Apr 1979 at age 66. They had one daughter: **Deborah Ann Kinnear**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Housekeeper at Sidcot School in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.

# 10-Deborah Ann Kinnear Brayshaw

Deborah married **Stanley McGeagh**.

Deborah next married Christopher Merrick, son of Wilfred Merrick and Mavis Lowe. They had three children: Timothy Neave, Jamie Kinnear, and Leigh Paul.

- 11-Timothy Neave Merrick
- 11-Jamie Kinnear Merrick
- 11-Leigh Paul Merrick
- 9-Martyn Henry Brayshaw<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 7 Jan 1919 in Chorlton, Manchester and died on 30 Jul 1978 at age 59.

Martyn married **Mary Hey**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **Wilson Hey** and **Elsie Brown**, on 1 Sep 1945 in Manchester. Mary was born on 21 Nov 1919 and died on 8 Jan 1977 at age 57. They had five children: **Peter Martyn Wilson, Susan Mary, Anne Marguerite, Katharine Mary**, and **Michael David Henry**.

# 10-Peter Martyn Wilson Brayshaw

Peter married Linda Barlow, daughter of Gordon Barlow and Beryl Brown. They had two children: David Andrew and Susan Nicola.

- 11-David Andrew Brayshaw<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 12 Apr 1973 and died on 19 Jul 1989 at age 16.
- 11-Susan Nicola Brayshaw
- 10-Susan Mary Brayshaw<sup>1,2</sup> was born in 1950 and died in 1951 at age 1.

## 10-Anne Marguerite Brayshaw

Anne married Peter Reeves, son of Charles Reeves and Constance Spurr. They had two children: Natasha Frances Anne and Martyn Peter Russell.

- 11-Natasha Frances Anne Reeves
- 11-Martyn Peter Russell Reeves
- 10-Katharine Mary Brayshaw

Katharine married **Alasdair Nigel de Mouilpied Jelfs**, son of **Ernest Charles Groves Jelfs** and **Jean Valerie Hutchinson**. They had two children: **Rosalind Anna de Mouilpied** and **Christopher Martyn de Mouilpied**.

- 11-Rosalind Anna de Mouilpied Jelfs
- 11-Christopher Martyn de Mouilpied Jelfs
- 10-Michael David Henry Brayshaw
- 9-John Derwent Brayshaw<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 1 Sep 1922 and died on 31 Aug 1973 at age 50.

John married Beatrice Mary Lythgoe, daughter of James Lythgoe and Dorothy Ashworth. They had three children: Mary Elizabeth, Sarah Anne, and Simon Charles.

10-Mary Elizabeth Brayshaw

Mary married Michael David Phipps, son of Denis Phipps and Olive Askill. They had two children: Charlotte Ann Elizabeth and Rachelle Clare Helen.

- 11-Charlotte Ann Elizabeth Phipps
- 11-Rachelle Clare Helen Phipps
- 10-Sarah Anne Brayshaw

Sarah married Keith Beaumont West, son of Edward Beaumont West and Ada Brown.

10-Simon Charles Brayshaw

Simon married Janet Susan Turner, daughter of Anthony James Turner and Edith Mabel Travers. They had one son: Malcolm James.

11-Malcolm James Brayshaw

John next married Ann Crawford.

7-Sarah Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 6 Dec 1840 in Manchester, died on 24 Apr 1907 in Fairlea, Codnant Park at age 66, and was buried in Comnway, Caernarvon.

7-John Henry Neave<sup>1,2,4,54,61</sup> was born on 18 Apr 1842 in Cheetham, Manchester, died on 19 Jun 1925 in Wilmslow, Cheshire at age 83, and was buried in FBG Ashton-on-Mersey, Manchester.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth.
- He worked as a Wool dealer in Manchester.

John married **Anne Newman**, 1,2,4,54,61 daughter of **Josiah Newman**, and **Harriet** (**Hannah**) **Wood**, 2,4 on 17 Aug 1870 in FMH Leominster. Anne was born on 18 Feb 1841 in Deptford, Kent and died on 19 Aug 1915 in Died in the torpedo attack on the ship." SS Arabic" at age 74. They had four children: **Newman, Sophia, Basil**, and **Dearman**.

General Notes: Annie Neave . . . . 74 19 8 1915 Rainow, Macclesfield. Wife of John Henry Neave. Lost in the sinking of the Arabic. We regret to have to record in this year's Annual Monitor the deaths of two Friends who were victims of the German submarine activity in the late summer - J. Foster Stackhouse, who lost his life with many hundreds of other passengers in the sinking of the S.S. Lusitania, and Annie Neave, the subject of this sketch, who was lost by the torpedoing of the S.S. Arabic. She and her husband, John Henry Neave, were on their way to America to visit a married daughter. On the morning of the disaster they had gone on the upper deck for a walk after breakfast, when the Captain suddenly ordered all passengers below to prepare for taking to the boats. Immediately afterwards they heard a loud explosion, and all realized that the ship had been struck by a torpedo. Complete order and calmness reigned; Annie Neave's wonderful courage did not forsake her. Having put on their life -

belts they took their places in one of the boats, but almost at once it was capsized owing to the rapid sinking of the ship. All in their boat were thrown into the water, and many, including A.N., were not seen again. J. H. Neave was one of the survivors, who were picked up three or four hours later by a cruiser, and taken back to Queens- town. Annie Neave was the eldest daughter of Josiah Newman, and sister of Henry Stanley Newman, of Leominster. She was born in 1841, and spent her early days in Leominster. She married John Henry Neave, of Manchester, in 1870, and after about a year in that city they moved to Rainow, near Macclesfield, which was her home for practically the rest of her life. For brief periods her husband's business necessitated temporary residence at Louviers, in the North of France, and at Matteawan, on the Hudson River, near New York. But she would have made a home wherever she was - indeed she was herself a home - but it was in the out of the way little village among the Cheshire hills that her friends thought of her. During most of the years spent there she travelled but little, and was probably knowii to few outside her Monthly Meeting; but the influence she possessed, unconscious and unsought, was a power which many might envy. She belonged to the type of solid, conservative Friend, with broad sympathies that recognise a variety of gifts, means and ministrations. For more than forty years she was a loved and valued member of Cheshire Monthly Meeting, attending its Meetings for Discipline with a regularity that was seldom interfered with, and exercising a considerable influence on its corporate life. With unselfish devotion she bore a large share of the burden of keeping alive the Meeting at Bollington. The long walk in all weathers was a considerable effort to her, and the Meeting was always very small, but it was never missed if she could help it. Over a long period she took vocal part in the ministry. Her utterances were marked with wide sympathy and clear thinking, and were full of attractive power. Her quiet brave voice held her listeners as with a spell, her message was at times the means of their entering into a fuller, sweeter life, where love to God and love to their fellows became realities for them as they were for her." Annie Neave was a wonderful illustration of the wide influence a comparatively quiet life may have. She had the great mother-heart, which the perplexed children of earth so greatly need. Young eager souls in difficulty or trouble knew they could come to her, and that however impatient, stupid, narrow, bigoted or mistaken they might be, she would see through all mistakes and judge by the best that was in them. "The dear, kind, dark eyes would light up with love as she welcomed you, and there would be a little touch of the hand that brought you very close together." Those who knew her will recall many occasions of grief, distress or anxiety when to have her present made all the difference in the world. All her life she was active, but it was what she was far more than what she did that had effect and endured. She passed through many times of fierce testing, and at least one overwhelming sorrow, but the things that are eternal were never obscured. She had been in frail health most of the last year of her life, and it was hoped the change to America might do her good, but she had faced the possibility of not reaching the earthly destination, and was not unmindful of the risk. And so, on a beautiful morning, on the open sea, she passed at once from those she loved and served on earth to the fuller service beyond.

8-Newman Neave<sup>1,2,57,59,62,63,64,65,66</sup> was born on 15 Jun 1871 in Manchester and died on 22 Feb 1958 in The Clough, Rainow, Cheshire at age 86.

General Notes: NEAVE.-On 22nd February, 1958, at his home at Rainow, Macclesfield, Newman Neave (1886-88), aged 86 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1886-1888 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University of London.
- He worked as a Hat manufacturer.

Newman married **Caroline Murray Ferris**, <sup>2,57,59,62,63,64,65</sup> daughter of **Robert Murray Ferris** and **Mary Anna Taber**, on 17 May 1900 in Poughkeepsie, New York. Caroline was born on 20 Oct 1870. They had six children: **Ferris**, **Anna**, **Roger**, **Gerald Taber**, **Hugh Masterman**, and **Murray Newman**.

9-Ferris Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 22 Mar 1901 in The Clough, Rainow, Cheshire (23rd also given).

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Ferris married Marjorie Langdon Davis<sup>1,2</sup> on 12 Jul 1932. Marjorie was born on 5 Jun 1897. They had two children: Anne Elizabeth and Davis Colden.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Neepawa, Manitoba, Canada.
  - 10-Anne Elizabeth Neave
  - 10-Davis Colden Neave
- 9-**Anna Neave**<sup>1,2,62</sup> was born on 17 Jan 1903 in 287 Mill Street, Poughkeepsie, New York.

General Notes: NEAVE.-On the 17th January, 1903, at Poughkeepsie, New York, Caroline M., wife of Newman Neave (1886-8) a daughter.

Anna married **Stanislaw Kurc**<sup>1,2</sup> on 17 Apr 1947. Stanislaw was born in 1906.

9-Roger Neave<sup>1,2,59</sup> was born on 21 Jun 1906 in Rainow, Cheshire.

General Notes: NEAVE.-On the 21st June, 1906, at Rainow, Caroline Murray, wife of Newman Neave (1886-8), a son.

Roger married **Marjorie Kathleen MacLeod**<sup>1</sup> on 18 Jul 1936. Marjorie died on 27 Jul 1937.

Roger next married Frances Dennis. They had four children: Dennis Livingstone, Marjorie Kathleen, Kendal Gerard, and Vivien.

- 10-Dennis Livingstone Neave
- 10-Marjorie Kathleen Neave
- 10-Kendal Gerard Neave
- 10-Vivien Neave
- 9-Gerald Taber Neave<sup>1,2,63</sup> was born on 10 Aug 1908 in Rainow, Cheshire.

General Notes: NEAVE.-On the 10th August, 1908, at Rainow, near Macclesfield, Caroline Murray, wife of Newman Neave (1886-8), a son, who was named Gerald Taber.

Gerald married **Dorothy Gladys Lowe**. They had two children: **Michael** and **Stanley**.

- 10-Michael Neave
- 10-Stanley Neave
- 9-Hugh Masterman Neave<sup>1,2,64</sup> was born on 8 Oct 1909 in Rainow, Cheshire.

General Notes: NEAVE.-On the 8th October, 1909, at Rainow, near Macclesfield, Caroline Murray, wife of Newman Neave (1886-8), a son, who was named Hugh Masterman.

Hugh married Shirley Margaret Taylor. They had two children: Shirley Felicity Alexander and Rowland.

- 10-Shirley Felicity Alexander Neave
- **10-Rowland Neave**
- 9-Murray Newman Neave<sup>1,2,65</sup> was born on 12 Jan 1914 in Plungebrook, Rainow, Cheshire.

General Notes: NEAVE.-On the 12th January, 1914, at Plungebrook, Rainow, near Macclesfield, Caroline Murray (Ferris), wife of Newman Neave (1886-8), a son, who was named Murray Newman. Murray married Margery Priscilla Pilley. They had three children: Robin Lindley, Priscilla, and Christopher.

- 10-Robin Lindley Neave
- 10-Priscilla Neave
- 10-Christopher Neave

8-Sophia Neave<sup>1,2,67</sup> was born on 4 Apr 1873 in Rainow, Cheshire and died on 16 Aug 1916 in Dobbs Ferry, New York, USA at age 43.

Sophia married William Taber Ferris, 1.2.67 son of Robert Murray Ferris and Mary Anna Taber, on 1 Jun 1905 in 2 June 1905 also given. William was born on 16 Jul 1866. They had three children: **Phillip Livingston, Francesca**, and William Taber.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manager of The Provident Life & Trust Company in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.
  - 9-**Phillip Livingston Ferris**<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 28 Jul 1909.

• He had a residence in Dobbs Ferry, New York, USA.

Phillip married Jane Seiler.

9-Francesca Ferris<sup>2</sup> was born on 6 Apr 1912 in Dobbs Ferry, New York, USA.

Francesca married Lawrence B. Carey.

9-William Taber Ferris<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 30 Apr 1913 in 13 April also given.

William married Rose Viriano.

8-Basil Neave<sup>1,2,57,68,69</sup> was born on 26 Mar 1876 in Rainow, Cheshire and died on 12 Apr 1951 in Torquay, Devon at age 75.

General Notes: Neave.-On 12th April, 1951, at Torquay, Basil Neave (1891/93), aged 74 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1891-1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- He resided at No. 131 In Dorchester Road, Weymouth.

Basil married Ivy Sykes.

8-**Dearman Neave**<sup>1,2,57,61,70</sup> was born on 31 Dec 1878 in Rainow, Cheshire, died on 12 Mar 1906 at age 27, and was buried in Rochdale, Lancashire. The cause of his death was Died trying to save others in a Chemical works explosion at Rose Hill.

General Notes: Whilst fully recognising the heroic deed by which Dearman Neave so sadly lost his life, I should like to express some thoughts on the memorial it is proposed to erect to him. Let me say at the outset that I was a personal friend of his, and knew him very well while he lived in Croydon, so that my opinion must be seen to be one of principle and not in any way personal. Are not those who are making themselves responsible for this memorial taking too much on themselves in deciding who is worthy of one or not? After all, however brave one such deed may be, is not a life such as John Wilhelm Rowntree's, or Ernest Grace's, and many others who have devoted all their energy and time and talent for the welfare of their fellow men- is not this something even more worthy of a memorial than one heroic deed such as Dearman Neave's ? I am inclined to think, although I speak with extreme hesitation when I read the list of names at the end of the circular which I suppose all Old Scholars have received, that the whole idea is entirely opposed to the principles of the Society of Friends, who surely do not believe in too much outward recognition of such things as these. A life well spent, or a life nobly given, is its own memorial. Surely it is not ours to discriminate between one deed and another. "No good deed ever dies; be it a rejoicing, be it but a tiny rill of human nobleness, yet, so it be but pure and clear, never has it been lost in the poisonous marshes or choked in the muddy sands. It flows inevitably into that great river of the water of life, which is not lost, save-if that be to be lost-in the infinite ocean of God's eternal love." After all, was it not largely the chance of circumstances? Would not nine out of every ten, with his bringing up, have done the same thing? I hope, at least, most Old Bootham Boys would have done so. We have only to turn to our newspapers to see such acts of self sacrifice frequently recorded in time of war, of shipwreck, or mine disaster; and often to a complete stranger, whereas this was to his most intimate friend. Then, again, are we justified in spending as much as £100 to £150 on two memorials? Would not an enlarged photograph, with a silver plate beneath recording the act of heroism, be sufficient to record our appreciation of it? In our Adult School at Croydon we have a similar photograph of one of our members, who lost his life in saving someone else from drowning who was an absolute stranger; and the deed will never be forgotten. I think there is a growing tendency amongst us to do things so much more elaborately than there is any necessity to do; whereas the money might be put to much more useful purpose for our school. Are we justified, for instance, in spending 150 guineas, or so, on a painting, when the very best enlarged photograph could be got for a few pounds? I do not think we are. I do hope my letter will not be thought lacking in sympathy; I am sure I realise as much as anyone what a beautiful death Dearman Neave's was, but I do feel very strongly indeed about what I have said. CHARLES KNIGHT. Uphill, Purley, Surrey. 5th May, 1906.

Charles Knight died in 1959...... 53 years later. CEGP.

NEAVE On the 12th March, 1906, at Rochdale, as the result of an accident, Dearman Neave (1892-5), aged 27 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1892-1895 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Bleacher's manager.

John next married **Helen Margaret Pearson**,<sup>2,4</sup> daughter of **Edward Pearson**<sup>4,71,72,73</sup> and **Ellen Clare Miller**,<sup>4,54,71,72,73</sup> on 13 Apr 1916 in Knutsford, Cheshire. Helen was born on 26 Sep 1882 in Albert Park, Wilmslow, Cheshire and died on 2 Aug 1968 in York, Yorkshire at age 85.

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Jul 1900 in York, Yorkshire.

7-Hannah Mary Neave<sup>2,4,47,74</sup> was born on 17 Oct 1843 in Cheetham, Manchester, died on 25 Dec 1882 in Redlands Park, Bristol (25 Nov 1882 also given) at age 39, and was buried in St. Mary, Redcliffe, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

#### Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1860-Jun 1861 in York, Yorkshire.
- She resided at Cambourne House in 1881 in Exeter Road, Westbury upon Trym.
- She was a Quaker.

Hannah married **Henry Grace**, 1,2,4,9,47,74 son of **James Grace**, 1,2,4,9,47,75,76 on 6 May 1869 in Manchester (31 Aug 1869 also given). Henry was born on 29 Sep 1837 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. (31 Oct also given), died on 19 Dec 1916 in 20 Westfield Park, Redlands, Bristol at age 79, and was buried in St. Mary, Redcliffe, Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had six children: **Henry Ernest, Wilfrid, Isabel Mary, Augustine Neave, Wilhelmina**, and **Stephenson**.

### Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chartered Accountant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- · He was a Quaker.

8-**Henry Ernest Grace**<sup>2,9,57,78,79</sup> was born on 31 May 1870 in 8 Upper Berkeley Place, Bristol, died on 21 Nov 1904 in 7 Cotham Lawn Road, Bristol at age 34, and was buried in FBG Friars, Rosemary Street, Bristol.

General Notes: H. Ernest Grace, 34 21 llmo. 1904 Bristol. Henry Ernest Grace, the oldest son of Henry and Hannah Mary Grace, was born at Bristol, on May 31st, 1870. In January of 1881, he was sent to a private school, kept by Mrs. Boone, of Weston-super-Mare, and in 1882 moved to Brynmellyn, a school in the same town, taught by F. A. Knight and Jolin Lawrence. In 1885, he went to the Friends' School, Bootham, York, which he left at midsummer, 1887. In December of the same year, he passed the preliminary examination as accountant, and his final in December, 1892, taking ninth place in honours. He was admitted to the Institute of Chartered Accountants in 1893, and into partnership in the firm of James and Henry Grace, of Bristol, in January, 1894. In that year, he became engaged to Winifred Mary Naish, of Bristol, and was married on August 1st, 1895. During the next nine years he was much engaged in various social and religious work, and his call home came suddenly on November 21st, 1904, after a very short and painful illness, an operation for appendicitis being unsuccessful in saving his life. Such, in brief, is the bare outline of a life full of activity and earnest effort on behalf of others. From boyhood up he always threw himself zealoiisly into whatever he did. From his mother, who died when he was twelve years old, he learned to make the very most of all his time and opportimities, and to spend them in thought for others. This lesson learned so early in life characterised his after years, and no one could come in contact with him, without being impressed by this trait, so prominent and pronounced. At school he entered heartily into the best side of school life, taking especial interest in cricket and other games. He was captain of his cricket eleven at Brynmellyn, and afterwards at York he won the prize bat for the bast batting average. Directly after leaving York he joined in a cricket tour in the West, and his interest in the game was always maintained. It was in this and other societies at school that he first began to develop the organising abilities which he afterwards used to such piu-pose in Adult School work. Of these days he writes in after life to a friend: "Do you remember the old days, cricket? the ideal life to be captain of Surrey or Gloucester! How thoroughly healthy it was, I am glad I went through it, and know what it means to have the cricket fever. How small this seems to-day in comparison with the fight against evil, the desire to find out the truth, and help in remedying the chaos all round. What a little one can do in this, but however little let it be well done." As soon as he left school he was articled to his father, and threw himself thoroughly into the business of a chartered accountant which he enjoyed immensely. In his spare time, when not studying for examinations he was occupied in First-day School work (having a class in the junior school at the Friars), attending to Society affairs, and organising the Friends' Literary and Debating Society and Tennis Clubs. He was permanently influenced in the spring of 1889 by a visit to Bristol of Jno. T. Dorland, and thenceforward his settled purpose in life became that of loyal service to the cause of Christ's Kingdom. In the autumn of 1892, he first began to read the writings of Henry Drummond, which were a source of inspiration and stimulus, (continued throughout life) and closely following this in the spring of 1893 the visit of several Friends to Bristol, who held consecutive meetings for about a week, roused in him a desire for further work and usefulness. Though these times of special influence and impression are mentioned, his life was not marked by any unwholesome or violent changes, but it was rather a gradual development brought out by his activities, and an ever strong sense of the indwelling presence, and of the love and power of Jesus Christ. He was keenly interested in politics and in practical efforts to promote Temperance, working hard in 1892 in the Parliamentary elections. Later on he seriously thought of entering into active municipal work, being asked to stand as candidate for the City Council; but he felt he could not do this without giving up a good deal of his Adult School work, and he did not think it right to do so. There is not a dovibt that he would have been a most useful member of such a body; his hatred of shams and of anything underhand made him a keen critic, and the evil too often lying at the root of political and municipal life was abhorrent to his spirit of uprightness and unselfishness. He was wishful to see men of character and high ideals taking their places in public bodies, and would gladly work hard in the support of such men. In the spring of 1894, he felt a distinct call to assist others in the work of starting an Adult School at Barton Hill, an artisan district in East Bristol. There were considerable difficulties to be overcome, but he was, as usual in anything he took up, very enthusiastic, and carried others along with him. The school was started in September, 1894, and from this time forward, his chief energies were spent in this work. It is unnecessary here to record the success of Barton Hill Adult School with all the many varieties of religious and social activity that it embraces. The interest and attendance never went back, and after a few years a permanent building to accommodate the school became a pressing necessity. The work of raising more than £2,000 was successfully accomplished, largely through his energy and enthusiasm, and the excellent premises then erected have been

of great value to the district. In the last years of his life he was deeply interested in the formation of a branch school in St. Philip's Marsh, where considerable success was realised in drawing under Christian influence men of a very rough type. Perhaps the chief cause of the success of the work there was his personal visiting of the members, bringing always his cheerful presence and thought to their aid. He could and did speak directly, but never in such a way as was offensive, as his sincerity and sympathy were always evident. He was always interested in the younger Friends, finding out their interests and asking them to his home and seeking out and keeping in touch with strangers. He usefully occupied the post of clerk to his Preparative Meeting and sometimes, though not very freqiiently, he spoke helpfully in the meetings for worship. To his home he gave of his best, and was the kindest of hosts, throwing himself heartily into the entertaining of his guests. He always enjoyed planning out a day's excursion, and those whose privilege it was to spend either a day's tramp or a longer holiday with him found him an ideal companion. He was full of fun, a splendid walker, with a keen sense of the beautifyil in nature, and always interested in the various types of men and women he met with. When writing to friends of his travels, he had a wonderful gift of describing the scenery amidst which he was staying, and the impressions that the wonders of nature made upon him. To him was given the rare faculty of winning the regard and affection of men of all sorts, of every religious persuasion and of none, yet without any concealment of his own Christian principles which were known and respected by very many. His life is a remarkable example of how a man without the endowments of wealth, leisure or extended education, may by uprightness, kindliness and a sustained and joyous Christian enthusiasm, become a leader among his fellows, inspiring and stimulating men of all classes in society to labour' for the promotion of t

### Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MICA.
- He was educated at Mrs. Boone's School in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was educated at Brynmellyn School in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1885-1887 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Chartered Accountant. Partner in James & Henry Grace in 1894.
- He resided at No. 2 In Nursery Villas, White Ladies Road, Clifton, Bristol.

Henry married **Winifred Mary Naish**, <sup>2,9,57,78</sup> daughter of **Louis Edmund Naish** <sup>4,80,81,82</sup> and **Sarah Ann Fryer**, <sup>4,80,82</sup> on 1 Aug 1895 in FMH Friars, Bristol. Winifred was born on 16 Apr 1870 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1959 at age 89.

#### Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1885-Jun 1887 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Wilfrid Grace<sup>2,57,83,84,85,86,87</sup> was born on 22 Sep 1872 in Redland, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 10 Jul 1920 in 9 Redland Green, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 47, and was buried in Kings Weston, Henbury, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 10th July, 1920, Wilfrid Grace (1888), of 9 Redland Green, Bristol, aged 47 years.

### Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Chartered Accountant in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in 20 Westfield Park, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

Wilfrid married **Dorothea Grace Thorp**, <sup>2,9,57,74,83,84,85,86</sup> daughter of **William Henry Thorp** <sup>4,57,58,74,88,89,90,91</sup> and **Catharine Sarah Dymond**, <sup>4,57,58,74,88,89,90</sup> on 15 Jun 1905 in FMH Leeds. Dorothea was born on 28 May 1880 in Chapel House, Headingley, Leeds and died on 10 Oct 1979 in 27 Upper Belgrave Road, Bristol at age 99. They had four children: **Catherine Dymond, Helen Mary, Henry**, and **Wilfred Windsor**.

Marriage Notes: GRACE-THORP.-On the 15th June, 1905, at Leeds, Wilfrid Grace (1888), of Bristol, to Dorothea Grace Thorp, of Leeds.

### Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895-Dec 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.
  - 9-Catherine Dymond Grace<sup>2,83</sup> was born on 14 Jan 1907 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 2 Aug 1986 at age 79.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 14th January, 1907, at Bristol, Dorothea G., the wife of Wilfrid Grace (1888-88), a daughter, who was named Catherine Dymond.

9-Helen Mary Grace<sup>2,84</sup> was born on 28 Nov 1908 in 15 Fernbank Road, Redland, Bristol and died in Nov 2001 in Somerset at age 93.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 27th November, 1908, at Bristol, Dorothea G., wife of Wilfred Grace (1888), a daughter.

Helen married Hugh William Hubbard. They had one daughter: Susan.

### 10-Susan Hubbard

Susan married Ian Rogers. They had two children: Timothy and James.

- 11-Timothy Rogers
- 11-James Rogers

9-Henry Grace<sup>85</sup> was born on 14 Nov 1911 in 9 Redland Green, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 31 May 1994 at age 82.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 14th November, 1911, at Bristol, Dorothea G., wife of Wilfrid Grace (1888), a son, who was named Henry.

Henry married Ann Warren Handrahan, daughter of James Handrahan and Mary Murphy. They had four children: Christopher, Peter, Ann, and Siobhan.

- 10-Christopher Grace
- 10-Peter Grace
- 10-Ann Grace

Ann married Rainer Ackermann.

10-Siobhan Grace

Siobhan married **Stephen Waters**. They had two children: **Katherine** and **Nicholas**.

- 11-Katherine Waters
- 11-Nicholas Waters
- 9-Rev. Wilfred Windsor Grace<sup>1,2,86</sup> was born on 24 Jun 1915 in 9 Redland Green, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: GRACE.--On the 24th June, 1915, at 9 Redland Road, Bristol, Dorothea Grace (Thorp), wife of Wilfrid Grace (1888), a son, who was named Wilfrid Windsor.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Minety in Oaksey Rectory, Malmesbury, Wiltshire.

Wilfred married Joan Frances Bobbett. They had two children: John Windsor and Richard.

10-John Windsor Grace

John married Ann Penelope Thomas.

10-Richard Grace

Richard married Hazel Patrice Wilkins. They had two children: Hannah Frances Elizabeth and Harrison George Windsor.

11-Hannah Frances Elizabeth Grace

### 11-Harrison George Windsor Grace

8-Isabel Mary Grace<sup>1,2,74</sup> was born on 19 May 1874 in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 8 Jul 1961 at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1889-Dec 1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

8-Augustine Neave Grace<sup>1,2,4,57,70,89,92,93,94,95,96,97</sup> was born on 31 Aug 1875 in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 27 Feb 1953 in Lanoy Cottage, Dipper Road, Waddon, Croydon, Surrey at age 77.

General Notes: GRACE.-On 27th February, 1953, at his home at Croydon, Augustine Neave Grace (1890-91), aged 77 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1890-1891 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Builder and Contractor, Grace and Marsh (Builders) in 1904 in London.
- He resided at 12 Warrington Road in 1935 in Croydon, Surrey.

Augustine married **Margaret Sarah Morland**, 1,2,57,70,92,93 daughter of **Charles Coleby Morland**, and **Jane Fryer**, 4,5,14,28,57,63,74,80 on 18 Apr 1906 in FMH Croydon. Margaret was born on 1 Jan 1884 and died on 9 Jul 1922 in Croydon, Surrey at age 38. They had two children: **Ernest Neave** and **Elizabeth Morland**.

Marriage Notes: GRACE-MORLAND.-On the 18th April, 1906, at Croydon, Augustine N. Grace (1890-1), to Margaret S. Morland, both of Croydon.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1899-Mar 1901 in York, Yorkshire.
  - 9-Ernest Neave Grace<sup>1,2,92</sup> was born on 17 Dec 1907 in Caswell, Purley, Surrey and died on 10 Nov 1987 at age 79.

General Notes: GRACE.-On the 17th December, 1907, at Casswell, Purley, Margaret Sarah, wife of Augustine Neave Grace (1890-1), a son, who was named Ernest Neave.

Ernest married Bettine (Belle) Secker. They had three children: Maretta, Penelope, and Hilary.

### 10-Maretta Grace

Maretta married **Peter Stark**. They had two children: **Timothy** and **Nicola**.

- 11-Timothy Stark
- 11-Nicola Stark

## 10-Penelope Grace

Penelope married Reginald Carpanini. They had two children: Claire Isabel and Annabel.

- 11-Claire Isabel Carpanini
- 11-Annabel Carpanini

## 10-Hilary Grace

Hilary married **Anthony Pateman**. They had two children: **Emely** and **Sophie**.

11-Emely Pateman

## 11-Sophie Pateman

9-Elizabeth Morland Grace<sup>1,93</sup> was born on 4 Oct 1913 in Tamworth Road, Croydon, Surrey.

General Notes: GRACE.--On the 4th October, 1913, at Tamworth Road, Croydon, Margaret Sarah (Morland), wife of Augustine Neave Grace (1890-1), a daughter, who was named Elizabeth Morland.

Elizabeth married Jones.

Augustine next married **Monica Kathleen Marriage**, <sup>2,4,57,89,94,95,96</sup> daughter of **Herbert Marriage** and **Marianne Corder**, <sup>4,28</sup> on 24 Jan 1925 in FMH Bridgwater, Somerset. Monica was born on 26 Apr 1899 and died in 1960 in (1995 Also Given) at age 61. They had three children: **John Stephenson, Kathleen Mary**, and **Veronica Ann**.

## 9-John Stephenson Grace

John married Stephanie Thora Abrey. They had two children: Jennifer Christine and Michael John.

### 10-Jennifer Christine Grace

Jennifer married **Rodney Stace**. They had one daughter: **Deborah Josephine**.

### 11-Deborah Josephine Stace

### 10-Michael John Grace

Michael married Judith Mary Shirley Hart.

## 9-Kathleen Mary Grace

Kathleen married **Rex Cherrett**. They had four children: **Martin, Adrian, Quentin**, and **Timothy**.

### 10-Martin Cherrett

#### 10-Adrian Cherrett

Adrian married Lesley Adams. They had one son: Matthew J.

### 11-Matthew J. Cherrett

## 10-Quentin Cherrett

10-Timothy Cherrett

### 9-Veronica Ann Grace

Veronica married Norman Robertson. They had three children: Arlene, Marion, and Allison.

### 10-Arlene Robertson

Arlene married Bernard McNally. They had two children: Stuart Robertson and Kyle Alexander.

## 11-Stuart Robertson McNally

11-Kyle Alexander McNally

### 10-Marion Robertson

Marion married Philip Sharkey.

### 10-Allison Robertson

Allison married Gordon Geddes. They had two children: Laura Grace and Elenor Alexander.

- 11-Laura Grace Geddes
- 11-Elenor Alexander Geddes
- 8-Wilhelmina Grace was born on 4 Mar 1878 in Cotham, Bristol (June also given) and died in 1966<sup>1</sup> at age 88.

Wilhelmina married **Dr. Charles Alfred Marsh**, 1,4 son of **William Alfred Marsh**, 20,99 and **Caroline Haworth**, on 18 Jun 1908. Charles was born on 18 Mar 1878 in Dorking, Surrey and died on 9 Jul 1953 at age 75.

8-Stephenson Grace was born on 15 Jun 1881 in Cambourne House, Redland, Bristol and died in 1969 at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Chartered Accountant.

Stephenson married **Hilda Mary Dymond**, daughter of **Charles Joseph Dymond** and **Margaret Harris Alexander**, on 3 Sep 1912 in FMH Newcastle. Hilda was born on 12 Nov 1885 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1968 at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1901-Apr 1902 in York, Yorkshire.
- 7-Elizabeth Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 22 Jul 1845 in 26 Great Ducie Street, Cheetham, Manchester and died on 6 Apr 1932 in 6 Elgin Park, Redland, Bristol at age 86.
- 7-Charles Neave<sup>2,71</sup> was born on 10 Feb 1849 in 5 Lime Grove, Manchester, died on 18 May 1923 at age 74, and was buried in FBG Ashton-on-Mersey, Manchester.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Cashier.

Charles married **Emily Bryce**, <sup>1,2,71</sup> daughter of **James Bryce** <sup>1,44,100</sup> and **Eliza**, <sup>1,100</sup> on 26 Mar 1879 in Ashton upon Mersey, Manchester. Emily was born on 28 Apr 1849 and died on 3 May 1911 in Whitchurch, Hampshire at age 62. They had one daughter: **Robina Mary**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1865-Dec 1865 in York, Yorkshire.
  - 8-Robina Mary Neave was born on 31 Oct 1880 in 3 October 1880 also given.

6-Jane Eliza Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 5 Oct 1800 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 25 Jun 1820 in Poole, Dorset at age 19, and was buried on 29 Jun 1820 in FBG Andover, Hampshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a School teacher.
- 6-**Rebecca Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 21 Nov 1802 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 29 Jan 1830 in Poole, Dorset at age 27, and was buried on 7 Feb 1830 in FBG Poole.
- 6-Sophia Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 14 May 1805 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 16 Jan 1829 in Poole, Dorset at age 23, and was buried on 23 Jan 1829 in FBG Poole.
- 6-Elizabeth Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 26 May 1807 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 13 May 1829 in Poole, Dorset at age 21, and was buried on 19 May 1829 in FBG Poole.
- 6-Mary Ann Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 16 Aug 1809 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 26 Jan 1831 in Poole, Dorset at age 21, and was buried on 4 Feb 1831 in FBG Poole.

- 6-John Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 13 May 1811 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and died on 7 Jul 1811 in Poole, Dorset (1821 also given).
- 6-Hannah Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 18 May 1813 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and died on 25 Nov 1829 in Poole, Dorset at age 16.
- 5-**Rebecca Neave**<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 9 Apr 1771 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset, died on 15 Sep 1794 in Poole, Dorset at age 23, and was buried in FBG Poole.

Rebecca married **Joseph Evans**, <sup>1,2,4,77</sup> son of **William Evans**, <sup>1,4</sup> and **Catherine Scott**, <sup>1,4</sup> on 20 Mar 1794 in Ringwood, Hampshire. Joseph was born on 15 Apr 1768 in Whitechapel, London and died on 11 Nov 1856 in Southampton, Hampshire at age 88. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Sadler about 1791 in Poole, Dorset.
- He worked as a Sadler in 1805 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- 4-Mark Neave was born on 27 Aug 1727 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 4-Martin Neave<sup>2,4,23</sup> was born on 27 Oct 1727 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 22 Jul 1787 in West Harnham, Wiltshire at age 59, and was buried on 28 Jul 1787 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Martin married **Lydia Mildred**, <sup>2,4,23</sup> daughter of **John Mildred**, on 10 Jul 1753 in FMH Guildford. Lydia was born in 1727, died on 20 Apr 1799 in Salisbury, Wiltshire at age 72, and was buried on 26 Apr 1799 in FBG Melksham. They had two children: **Mary** and **Sarah**.

General Notes: The Brayshaw pedigree by Alfred Joseph Brayshhaw, gives a date of birth for Lydia as 1761 and death as 25 dec 1785. This must be wrong

- 5-Mary Neave<sup>1,2,23</sup> was born on 18 Feb 1755, died on 9 Nov 1788 at age 33, and was buried on 17 Nov 1788 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Sarah Neave<sup>1,23</sup> was born on 28 Sep 1756 in Salisbury, Wiltshire, died on 19 Jun 1796 in Fisherton Anger, Salisbury at age 39, and was buried on 23 Jun 1796 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

  Sarah married Samuel Williams, <sup>1,2</sup> son of Nathaniel Williams and Mary, on 25 Nov 1790 in FMH Salisbury. Samuel was born in 1758 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and died in Jun 1809 at age 51.
- 4-Josiah Neave<sup>1,2,4,22</sup> was born on 25 Jan 1729 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire (25 February also given), died on 28 Feb 1786 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 57, and was buried on 6 Mar 1786.

General Notes: Of Fordingbridge

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Woolstapler in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Josiah married **Elizabeth Shergold**, <sup>1,2,4,22</sup> daughter of **Thomas Shergold** and **Jane Osgood**, on 9 Nov 1752 in FMH Fordingbridge. Elizabeth was born in 1725, was christened on 20 Feb 1727 in St. Martin's, Salisbury, and died on 6 Jun 1809 at age 84. They had eight children: **John, Ann, William, James, Elizabeth, Lydia, Sophia**, and **Amy**.

- 5-John Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 13 Sep 1753 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 13 Jun 1802 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 48, and was buried on 17 Jun 1802 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Ann Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 15 Apr 1755 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 17 May 1780 at age 25, and was buried on 20 May 1780 in FBG Ringwood, Hants.

Ann married **John Merryweather**, <sup>1,2,4,10</sup> son of **James Merryweather** and **Sarah**, on 15 Jul 1779 in FMH Fordingbridge. John was born in 1757 and died on 27 May 1827 in Poole, Dorset at age 70. They had one son: **John**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer & Draper in Ringwood, Hampshire.
  - 6-John Merryweather<sup>1,4,24</sup> was born on 13 May 1780 in Ringwood, Hampshire and died on 6 Oct 1828 in Calne, Wiltshire at age 48.

• He worked as a Grocer and Draper in Ringwood, Hampshire.

John married **Harriot Pritchett**, <sup>1,4,23</sup> daughter of **James Pritchett** and **Mary Miller**, on 21 Oct 1802 in FMH Salisbury. Harriot was born on 16 Nov 1778 in Salisbury, Wiltshire and died on 18 Jul 1816 at age 37. They had eight children: **William**, **Henry**, **Charles**, **Maria**, **Lucy Ann**, **Samuel**, **James**, and (**No Given Name**).

- 7-William Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 4 Jul 1804 in Ringwood, Hampshire.
- 7-Henry Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 7 Aug 1805.
- 7-Charles Merryweather<sup>1,101</sup> was born on 10 Mar 1807 and died on 17 Nov 1885 in Penge, Surrey at age 78.
- 7-Maria Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 4 Dec 1808.
- 7-Lucy Ann Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 8 Nov 1810.
- 7-Samuel Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 8 May 1813.
- 7-James Merryweather<sup>1,102</sup> was born on 11 Dec 1814 and died on 5 Jun 1902 in Bolton, Lancashire at age 87.
- 7-Merryweather

John next married **Mildred King Good**<sup>24</sup> on 25 Jan 1818 in Ringwood, Hampshire. Mildred was born in 1794 and died in 1853 at age 59. They had six children: **John Simpson, Caroline, Priscilla Hannah, Mildred, Alfred Good**, and **George Neave**.

7-John Simpson Merryweather<sup>1,72</sup> was born on 27 Jul 1819 in Ringwood, Hampshire and died on 20 Jun 1899 in Gospel End, Sedgley, Sattfordshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Hosier in 57 Bull Street, Birmingham.

John married **Rebecca Isaac Churchus**, 1,72 daughter of **Robert Churchus** and **Ann**, on 6 Jul 1859 in FMH Claverham. Rebecca was born on 19 Jul 1824 in Yatton, Somerset and died on 17 Jan 1912 in Gospel End, Sedgley, Sattfordshire at age 87. They had three children: **John Henry, Maria**, and **Caroline**.

- 8-John Henry Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 7 Mar 1861 and died on 3 Sep 1861.
- 8-Maria Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 12 Dec 1863.

Maria married **Francis Edmund Radley**, son of **Joseph Radley**, and **Phoebe Jane Bentley**, and **Phoebe Jane Bentley**, on 25 Mar 1896 in FMH Bull Street, Birmingham. Francis was born on 21 Dec 1867 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 19 Apr 1927 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 59. They had one son: **Philip**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer's clerk in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.
  - 9-**Philip Radley**<sup>1,57,69,105</sup> was born on 28 Jan 1897 in Sedgley, Staffordshire and died on 5 Aug 1990 at age 93.

General Notes: Philip Radley (born 1897 - died 1990) Philip was born in Hampshire to a Quaker family that stretched back to the earliest years of Quakerism.

Philip was 17 at the outbreak of the First World War, not yet 20 when the Military Service Act came into operation. He took the abolitionists position at his tribunal and spent two and a half years in prison for his beliefs.

After the war was over Philip studied at Magdalene College, Cambridge and from 1944 - 1952 served as head master at the Quaker School, Ackworth, in the West Riding.

In 1924 he married Christine Southall. Tragically Christine died in 1926 leaving their small son Patrick aged only 7 months.

In 1951 Philip married Myrtle Wright, a renewal of a long-standing friendship, this partnership was to last all but 40 years. It was at this point that Philip and Myrtle set up the Radley Trust together with Philip's son Patrick and his wife Gwendoline.

From 1953 - 1956 Philip and Myrtle ran the Student Movement House in Gower Street, London and from 1958 until 1961 they were resident in South Africa living in the Friends (Quaker) Meeting

House in Cape Town. The Radley's saw their service here as essentially personal and pastoral - keeping in touch with scattered Quaker Meetings and with isolated members of the Yearly Meeting. Following their service in South Africa they settled in Watlington on the north scarp of the Chiltern Hills and were members of Reading Monthly Meeting for 18 years. By 1975 they had moved back to Myrtle's roots in Cambridge and Philip was clerk to Jesus Lane Quaker Preparative Meeting from 1975 - 1977.

Philip was active in Friends (Quakers) all his life serving as clerk and assistant clerk to many Meetings and Quaker committees, including London Yearly Meeting. He was committed to the Quaker Business Practice "So Friends are not to meet like a company of people about town or parish business .....but to wait upon the Lord". He was a man of great integrity and self-discipline, an absolutionist in his pacifism, a firm total abstainer, traditional in his moral attitudes and with a ready sympathy and compassion. During the last 18 months of his life he suffered the anxiety of watching the progression of Myrtle's Alzheimer's disease and his increasing deafness deprived him of the joy of easy conversing with friends.

The love and compassion and sense of justice, coupled with great humility, as displayed in the lives of these two people is the bedrock on which the Radley Trust stands and does its best to maintain their values to this day.

## https://radleycharitabletrust.wordpress.com/about/the-radleys/

PHILIP RADLEY Philip Radley was a pupil at Bootham between 1913 and 1915. Soon after he left the school came the Military Service Act: he took the absolutist position and suffered several imprisonments - he believed he was the first Quaker since William Penn to be imprisoned in the Tower of London (though only for one night). After his release he completed his degree course at Cambridge and entered the teaching profession, eventually becoming Headmaster of Ackworth School. In 1953 he had before him nearly 40 years of service directly or indirectly in the outreach of the Society of Friends - warden of Student Movement House, warden at Quaker House in Cape Town, as well as involvement in a wide range of Quaker committees. Edward Milligan says of him: "He was alert as aguardian of principles he held dear - freedom, integrity, the peace testimony, total abstinence ... But he was never a niggler: he was concerned about truth. Small of stature, wiry of frame, he was rock-like but never aggressive." Philip died on 5th August 1990, aged 93.

### Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School before 1913.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1913-1915 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Cambridge in 1919-1922.
- He worked as a Clerk to Wakefield PM in 1926-1928.
- He worked as a Headmaster of Ackworth School in 1944-1952 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- Miscellaneous: A Conscientous Objector and Absolutist.

Philip married **Agnes Christine Southall**,<sup>57,106</sup> daughter of **Wilfred Francis Southall**,<sup>4,61,107</sup> and **Mary Isabel Horsnaill**,<sup>4,61,107</sup> on 11 Jul 1924 in FMH Bewdley. Agnes was born in 1899 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1926 at age 27. They had one son: **Patrick Francis**.

Marriage Notes: RADLEY-SOUTHALL.-On July 11th, at Bewdley, Philip Radley (1913-15), of Bristol, to Agnes Christine Southall, of Birmingham.

### Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1914-Jul 1917 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Patrick Francis Radlev<sup>108,109,110</sup> was born on 6 Jul 1925 in Wakefield, Yorkshire and died in 2008 at age 83.

General Notes: RADLEY.-On July 6th, to Christine, wife of Philip Radley (1913-16), a son, who was named Patrick Francis.

Patrick Francis Radley, son of Philip Radley and Christine Radley, was born on the 6th July 1925 in Wakefield, Yorkshire. Patrick's mother died when he was seven months old and his father and paternal grandmother brought him up. At the age of 13 he went to Bootham Quaker boarding school in York.

Patrick was a Quaker and conscientious objector like his father. He worked for the Quaker Relief Service in 1943 and 1947, in the years immediately after the war driving trucks in Germany to distribute food (Quaker food parcels) to the German families in need.

In 1947 Patrick went to Manchester University studying English and French. He went on to Oxford for his BLitt in English finishing in 1955 and in the following years he had various teaching jobs finishing in 1974.

He married his first wife Clair in 1950 with whom he had two sons, now living in New Zealand, and a daughter, who lives in England. The couple were eventually divorced. In 1974 he met Helena, who is Dutch, and they lived and worked in Italy and later in Holland. They married in 1977 in a Welsh Chapel (a Quaker wedding) and lived in Wales for many years. They lived a life of self-sufficiency and Patrick formed a small cooperative of local craftsmen for making farm implements. He also discovered St Gounod's Well (Ffynnon Wnnod), the original Holy Well for the village, in his search for a better water supply for the house.

During this time Patrick formed an important relationship with his brother in law Fr Alexis Voogd who was a Russian Orthodox Priest. In 1982 Patrick was baptised and her brother received Helena into the Orthodox Church. Together they visited Moscow, Leningrad, the caves of Kiev and Pskov.

Moving to Brinkley, near Newmarket, to be nearer Patrick's father they attended occasional services at Walsingham and in 1986 decided to move there, attending Father David's congregation at Little Walsingham. In 1988 the church of the Holy Transfiguration was opened, a truly Orthodox church configured out of an old Methodist Chapel. Patrick became an active member of the local

community not only watching over the conversion of the chapel but also driving the Age Concern bus, organising poetry and fiction readings, leading tours of Walsingham and tending his organic garden, He visited lonely villagers and showed endless personal kindness.

On 28th November 1993 Patrick was ordained deacon and on the 20th November 1999 at the age of 74 he was ordained priest for the parish of the Holy Transfiguration where he continued to serve until his death. In 2005 Patrick was diagnosed with pancreatic cancer. He lived a further two and a half years following surgery. Until his last two weeks he continued to serve his church with love and steadfastness.

https://radleycharitabletrust.wordpress.com/about/the-radleys/

Patrick married Gwendoline Claire Watts, daughter of Watts. They had three children: Peter, (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

11-Peter Radley

11-Radley

11-Radley

Patrick next married Helena.

Philip next married **Myrtle Aldren Wright**<sup>69</sup> on 29 Mar 1951 in FMH Cambridge. Myrtle was born in 1903 and died in 1991 at age 88.

General Notes: Myrtle Aldren Wright Radley (born 1903 – died 1991) Myrtle was born and grew up in Cambridge in the UK and attended the Perse School for girls. She studied Natural Sciences at Newnham College. After completing her studies at Cambridge she spent a year at Woodbrooke Quaker Study Centre in Birmingham studying religious and international affairs and it was here that she became a Quaker. She served on many committees and continued to work for peace and international understanding through the Friends Service Council. In 1938/9 she was asked to visit India where she was introduced to Ghandi and in 1939 she also visited Lebanon and Palestine. In 1940 she went to Denmark to establish a new Quaker Centre. In April that same year she went to Norway intending to visit Friends she had met at Woodbrooke, arriving there three days before the German invasion, Diderich and Sigrid Lund invited her to stay "I came to tea and stayed for four years"- she used to say. Myrtles exact record of these years can be found in her book Norwegian Diary 1940-1945 published under her maiden name Myrtle Wright.

In 1944 Sigrid and Myrtle escaped to Sweden taking the same route that they had helped many Jews use. In 1945 Myrtle returned to Norway to help Norwegian Friends in reconciliation work and again in 1946 with the Friends Ambulance Unit. Myrtle was awarded the Haakon V11's Freedom Cross for Fremrakende – (The medal is awarded to Norwegian, foreign military or civilians for outstanding achievement during war).

In 1951 she married Philip Radley at Jesus Lane Meeting House in Cambridge.

https://radlevcharitabletrust.wordpress.com/about/the-radlevs/

8-Caroline Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 16 Dec 1863 and died in 1949 in Myton, Warwickshire at age 86.

Noted events in her life were:

• She resided at No. 17 In Lee Crescent, Edgbaston.

Caroline married **Harcourt Ashford**, son of **William Ashford** and **Ellen Sarah Harcourt**, on 8 May 1889 in FMH Bull Street, Birmingham. Harcourt was born about 1864 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 26 Oct 1936 in Maydencroft, Rowington, Warwickshire about age 72. They had two children: **Dorothy** and **Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Chartered Accountant.
- He resided at No. 31 In Wood Street, Ladywood, Birmingham.

9-Dorothy Ashford<sup>1,57,68,111,112,113</sup> was born on 25 Aug 1891 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1972 at age 81.

Dorothy married **Charles Bernard Clark**, <sup>1,57,68,111,112,113,114</sup> son of **Joseph Firth Clark** <sup>1,4,57,60,115,116</sup> and **Sarah Anne Barber**, <sup>1,4,57,115</sup> on 22 May 1919 in FMH Warwick, Birmingham. Charles was born on 11 Feb 1885 in Doncaster, Yorkshire and died on 14 Dec 1963 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire at age 78. They had three children: **Hilary, Joan**, and **Alan Harcourt**.

Marriage Notes: CLARK-ASHFORD.-On 22nd May, 1919, at the Friends' Meeting House, Warwick, Charles Bernard Clark (1899-1902), of Doncaster, to Dorothy Ashford, of Warwick.

General Notes: CLARK.-On 14th December, 1963, Charles Bernard Clark (1899-1902), of Wolverhampton, aged 78 years.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1899-1902 in York, Yorkshire.

- He worked as an Engineer in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder and Overseer.

10-**Hilary Clark**<sup>1,111</sup> was born on 22 Feb 1922 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: CLARK.-On February 22nd, 1922, at Birmingham, Dorothy, wife of C. Bernard Clark (1899-1902), a daughter, who was named Hilary.

10-Joan Clark

10-Alan Harcourt Clark

9-Mary Ashford<sup>1</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1895 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

7-Caroline Merryweather<sup>1,4,24</sup> was born on 4 Nov 1820, died on 12 Dec 1851 in Highland Place, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 31, and was buried on 19 Dec 1851.

Caroline married **Thomas Sanders Capper**, <sup>1,4,24,117</sup> son of **Samuel Capper** <sup>1,4,9,23,24,117,118,119,120,121</sup> and **Elizabeth Naish**, <sup>1,4,9,23,24,117,119,120,122</sup> on 16 Aug 1849 in FMH Calne. Thomas was born on 23 Aug 1825 in Castle Precincts, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 7 Aug 1852 in Cotham, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 26.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commission Agent in Wilson Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

7-Priscilla Hannah Merryweather<sup>1,4,72,98</sup> was born on 19 Jun 1822 and died on 29 Sep 1908 in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset at age 86.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Priscilla married **Samuel Baker Pumphrey**, 1,4,72,98,123 son of **Josiah Pumphrey** and **Rebecca Baker**, 1,100 on 6 Oct 1858 in FMH Bull Street, Birmingham. Samuel was born on 30 Mar 1826 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 30 Mar 1912 in Winscombe, Somerset at age 86.

General Notes: Samuel Baker Pumphrey, 86 30 3mo. 1912 Winscombe. Samuel Baker Pumphrey, the son of Josiah and Rebecca Baker Pumphrey, was born in Birmingham on the 30th of March, 1826. By his death. Sidcot Meeting, to whose neighbourhood he removed a quarter of a century ago, has lost its oldest member, and will long miss the venerable and familiar figure of one of its most regular attenders. As, throughout the whole of his commercial career, his upright and consistent way of life had won the respect of all who came in contact with him, so the gentleness that characterized his closing days, and the sunshine that seemed to radiate from his serene and happy spirit - qualities that struck even the most casual acquaintance - endeared him to those who were privileged to count him on their list of friends. A severe attack of illness soon after leaving Ackworth School debarred him from joining in games and athletic exercises, but being clever with his hands, his leisure was early directed to mechanical pursuits, for which, in common with his brothers, he showed remarkable aptitude, especially as a skilful and ingenious worker in metal. Almost to the close of his long life he took a keen interest in the lathes and other appliances of his workshop, many of whose fittings had been not only devised but constructed by himself. His inventive faculty was of great service in improving the machinery employed in the two businesses in which he was engaged, the making of hooks and eyes, in partnership with his brother Charles, and the manufacture of rubber goods, in which he was associated with his friend Samuel Price. His business relations were invariably characterized by the strictest integrity. A Friend who knew him well, and who was closely connected with him in mercantile affairs, speaks of him as a man of unfaltering uprightness and straightforward dealing, who would prefer to suffer any pecuniary loss rather than consent to a course of action which did not seem to him to be perfectly fair and honourable; and who, in days when secret commissions were only too common in trade, resolutely set his face against what is now an illegal practice, and would always risk losing a good customer rather than soil his hands with what he rightly regarded as neither more nor less than bribery. He was twice married, first on April 6th, 1853, to Anne, daughter of William and Eliza King, who died four years later, leaving him with a baby-girl; and secondly, on October 6th, 1858, to Priscilla Hannah daughter of John and Mildred Merryweather. The early years of this second union were a time of much anxiety to Samuel Pumphrey, owing to his wife's serious and long-continued illness. But the trial was borne with patience and cheerfulness in the unshaken belief that the marriage was of the Divine ordering; and his tender solicitude for her comfort, throughout their long companionship of close on fifty years, was in turn rewarded by unstinted affection. Retiring from business in 1887, he left Birmingham and migrated to Somerset, settling first at Churchill, and later at Sidcot, where he continued to take - as from comparatively early manhood he always had taken - a warm interest in all that concerned the work of the Society, filling at various times the offices of Elder and Overseer, and diligently attending and taking part in Meetings for Discipline as they came in course. Between the years 1875 and 1890, he accompanied his wife in a series of religious visits to the Meetings comprised in several of the Quarterly Meetings in England, and to those throughout Ireland; and although he only very occasionally took any vocal part in Meetings for Worship, he entered fully with her into sympathy with the Friends with whom they were brought in contact. In happy freedom from business cares, yet active and vigorous until almost the very last, amid the mellowing influences of pleasant environment and quiet country life, and cheered by the bright companionship of a devoted daughter, Samuel Pumphrey spent the tranquil evening of his days. After an illness of some weeks' duration, borne with the patience and fortitude which had always characterized him, with words of prayer on his lips, even

in hours of semi-consciousness, and at times showing that he clearly foresaw the approaching end of his long life, he passed peacefully away on the evening of his eighty-sixth birthday.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as an India rubber products manufacturer. Hook & Eye manufacturer. In Aston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

7-Mildred Merryweather<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 16 Apr 1824 and died on 2 Nov 1915 in Winscombe, Somerset at age 91.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Headmistress, Friends' School, Croydon in Croydon, Surrey.
- She had a residence in Bruce Terrace, Tottenham.

Mildred married **Arthur Thomas Palmer**, 14,9 son of **Thomas Palmer**, and **Lydia Mallinson**, on 21 Jul 1886 in FMH Winchmore Hill. Arthur was born on 29 Nov 1822 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 12 Nov 1894 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 71.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

7-Alfred Good Merryweather<sup>1,124</sup> was born on 12 Mar 1826 and died on 28 Apr 1848 in Calne, Wiltshire at age 22.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Halstead, Essex.

7-George Neave Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Jun 1827 in Ringwood, Hampshire, died on 5 Mar 1910 in Avondale, Hamilton, Ohio at age 82, and was buried on 8 Mar 1910 in Cincinnati Crematorium.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Sidcot School in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset.

George married Elizabeth Morse<sup>1</sup> on 16 Oct 1855. Elizabeth died about 1866. They had five children: Amy, Edith, Alfred Charles, William Gundry, and Augustus Clissold.

- 8-Amy Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born in 1857.
- 8-Edith Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born in 1859.
- 8-Alfred Charles Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born in 1861.
- 8-William Gundry Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born in 1866.
- 8-Augustus Clissold Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born in Feb 1866 and died on 15 Aug 1866 in Newport, Kentucky.

George next married **Ellen Lusanna Beaman**, <sup>1</sup> daughter of **Rev. Edmund Addison Beaman**, in 1868 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA. Ellen was born on 1 Dec 1842 in Boston, Massachusetts, USA, died on 6 Mar 1923 in Cleveland Heights, Cuyahoga, Ohio at age 80, and was buried on 8 Mar 1923 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA. They had five children: **Mary Belle, Walter Guy, George Edmund, Mildred**, and **Hubert**.

- 8-Mary Belle Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 21 Feb 1869 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.
- 8-Walter Guy Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born on 13 Jan 1871 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA and died on 7 May 1955 in Spokane, Washington at age 84.
- 8-George Edmund Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born in 1872.

- 8-Mildred Merryweather<sup>1</sup> was born in 1878.
- 8-**Hubert Merryweather**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1882.
- 5-William Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 17 Nov 1756 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 3 Nov 1828 at age 71, and was buried on 9 Nov 1828 in FBG Poole.

• He worked as a Woolstapler in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

William married **Elizabeth James**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **Richard James** and **Sarah**, on 20 Feb 1783 in FMH Hammersmith. Elizabeth was born in 1758, died on 22 Nov 1829 at age 71, and was buried on 29 Nov 1829 in Poole, Dorset.

5-**James Neave**<sup>1,2,4,14,22,28,121,125,126,127</sup> was born on 10 Aug 1758 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 20 Apr 1834 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 75, and was buried on 24 Apr 1834 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Maltster and Yeoman in Old Manor, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

James married **Susannah Merryweather**,<sup>1,2,4</sup> daughter of **Joseph Merryweather**<sup>1,4,10</sup> and **Elizabeth Waring**,<sup>1,4,10</sup> on 19 Nov 1783 in FMH Alton, Hampshire. Susannah was born on 23 Jul 1762 and died on 19 Oct 1784 in Ringwood, Hampshire at age 22.

James next married **Hannah Gundry**, 1,2,4,22,23,28,121,122,125,126,127 daughter of **William Gundry** and **Katherine Fry**, 23,122,126 on 16 Jul 1788 in FMH Calne, Wiltshire. Hannah was born on 7 Jan 1766 in Calne, Wiltshire and died on 22 Nov 1845 in Melksham, Wiltshire. (27 April 1845 given in AM) at age 79. They had ten children: **Martha, Josiah, James, William, Catherine, Gundry, Amy, Susannah, Samuel**, and **Sophia**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Minister.
- She had a residence in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

6-Martha Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 17 Mar 1790 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died in 1853 in Ufford, Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 63, and was buried in FBG Woodbridge, Suffolk.

Martha married **John Beaumont**, son of **John Beaumont**, and **Mary Brown**, on 2 Oct 1811 in FMH Fordingbridge. John was born on 2 Jun 1785 in Holborn, London, died on 25 Oct 1862 in Ufford, Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 77, and was buried in FBG Woodbridge, Suffolk. They had one daughter: **Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as a Hatter in London.

7-Mary Beaumont<sup>1,2</sup> was born in 1814 in Ufford, Woodbridge, Suffolk and died in 1874 at age 60.

General Notes: Mary Beaumont RET 6/19/1/21 1853-1855

These documents are held at York University, Borthwick Institute for Archives

49 Items

Contents:

Letters, mostly by her, but some by her father, John, and one from George Cochrane, who originally sent her to Retreat. Most letters date from after her return home Patient no. 838, in Retreat 1851 - 1854 (discharged). Age 35 on admission, Quaker, single, tradesman's daughter, from Ufford, near Woodbridge, Suffolk. Delusions and excitement

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1853-1855 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York.

6-Josiah Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 24 May 1792 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire<sup>2,38,61,121,124</sup> and died in Oct 1852 in Bickton, Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 60.

• He worked as a Farmer & Miller in Bickton, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Josiah married **Mary Ann Reynolds**, <sup>1,2,61,124,129</sup> daughter of **James Reynolds** and **Ann Dendy**, <sup>4,21,129</sup> on 25 Oct 1824 in Canterbury, Kent. Mary was born on 25 Oct 1799 in Whitechapel, London and died on 18 Feb 1876 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 76. They had 13 children: **Jane Reynolds, Mary Ann, Josiah Reynolds, James Reynolds, William Reynolds, Ellen Reynolds, Hannah Sophia, Josiah Reynolds, Thomas, Agnes, Alexander, Emily, and Samuel Reynolds.** 

7-Jane Reynolds Neave was born on 1 Aug 1825 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 12 Jul 1866 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 40.

7-Mary Ann Neave<sup>1,130</sup> was born on 19 Aug 1826 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 7 Apr 1909 in London (Tunbridge Wells also given in AM) at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

• She resided at No. 12 In Albert Road, Brighton, Sussex.

7-Josiah Reynolds Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 3 Oct 1827 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 22 Mar 1831 at age 3, and was buried on 27 Mar 1831 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

7-James Reynolds Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 8 Dec 1828 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 30 Mar 1899 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commission Agent & Corn Miller in Upton House, Salisbury Road.

James married Jane Phelps, 1,2 daughter of Robert Phelps and Harriet, on 13 Aug 1853 in Victoria, Australia. Jane was born in 1832 in Ledbury, Herefordshire and died in 1894 at age 62. They had 13 children: Robert James, William Allen, Henry Edward, Charles, Alexander Francis Edward, Edith Jane, Alfred Ernest, Bernard, Agnes Stella, Louis Harold, Winifred Mary, Margaret, and Lilian Antoinette.

8-Robert James Neave was born on 8 Jul 1854 in Richmond, Victoria, Australia and died on 15 Apr 1934 in Inglenook, Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller in Criddlestyle, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Robert married **Marie Louise Mauger**, daughter of **Mauger**, on 28 Aug 1888. Marie was born on 24 May 1866 and died on 6 Jul 1894 at age 28. They had three children: **Lawrence James**, **Claude Harold**, and **Doris Mildred**.

9-Lawrence James Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 24 Sep 1889 and died after 1950.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller.

Lawrence married Georgina Bennett.

- 9-Claude Harold Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 22 Jul 1891 and died on 30 Jun 1894 at age 2.
- 9-**Doris Mildred Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 18 Mar 1893 in Totton, Hampshire and died in 1922 at age 29.

Doris married **Barlow**. They had one son: **Derek Neave**.

10-Derek Neave Barlow

8-William Allen Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 4 Jul 1856 in Richmond, Victoria, Australia and died on 1 Aug 1915 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 59.

• He worked as a Master Corn Miller in Redbridge, Southampton, Hampshire.

William married Mary Lizzie Anderson. They had three children: Mary Stella, Allen Ashton Phelps, and Kathleen Emily.

9-Mary Stella Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 6 Feb 1883 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1977 at age 94.

Mary married **Hugh John Turnley McIlveen**. Hugh was born in 1880 and died in 1939 at age 59. They had one daughter: **Joan**.

10-**Joan McIlveen**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1912.

Joan married Edward Kenelm Williamson<sup>1</sup> in 1939. Edward was born in 1914. They had three children: James Andrew, John Kenelm, and George Alan.

11-James Andrew Williamson

James married Janet Mary Newbigin. They had two children: Nicholas James and Alexander John.

- 12-Nicholas James Williamson
- 12-Alexander John Williamson
- 11-John Kenelm Williamson

John married Joy Ann Barbara Gonsiordowski. They had one son: Christopher Kim Kenelm.

- 12-Christopher Kim Kenelm Williamson
- 11-George Alan Williamson

George married Rosemary E. Buchanon-Dunlop. They had three children: Oliver Richard, Robert Charles, and Sam Jonathan.

- 12-Oliver Richard Williamson
- 12-Robert Charles Williamson
- 12-Sam Jonathan Williamson
- 9-Allen Ashton Phelps Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 29 Aug 1886 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 22 Oct 1970 in 4 Princess Avenue, Christchurch, Hampshire at age 84. Allen married **Dora Margaret Tebbutt**<sup>1</sup> on 29 May 1916. Dora was born on 30 Nov 1880 and died on 27 Mar 1961 at age 80. They had one daughter: **Nancy Mary**.
  - 10-Nancy Mary Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 22 Feb 1918.
- 9-**Kathleen Emily Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1895 in Millbrook, Hampshire.
- 8-Henry Edward Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 28 Mar 1858 in Richmond, Victoria, Australia and died on 7 Feb 1859.
- 8-Charles Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 16 Jan 1860 in Talbot, Victoria, Australia and died on 9 Jun 1928 in 233 Hinesman Road, Subraco, Western Australia at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master Miller in Horse Port, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Charles married Elise Marie Mauger, daughter of Mauger, on 14 Oct 1885. Elise was born on 7 Dec 1861 in St. Martin, Guernsey, Channel Islands. They had 12 children: Elise Violet, Charles Victor, Elise Constance, Gladys Mauger, Hilda Phelps, Douglas Reynold, Sylvia Madeline, Theodore Harold, Cecil Henry, Gordon Harold, Godfrey Mauger, and Leslie.

- 9-Elise Violet Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 14 Feb 1887 and died on 6 Mar 1887.
- 9-Charles Victor Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 21 Jul 1888 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Elise Constance Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Jul 1889 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 16 Jan 1977 in Royal Jubilee Hospital, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 87, and was buried on 19 Jan 1977 in St. Mary's Churchyard, Metchosin, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of her death was Cerebral thrombosis and generalised ateriosclerosis.

- She had a residence in British Columbia, Canada.
- She had a residence in 1977 in 3954 Cedar Hill Road, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

Elise married **George Beavan Middleton Gane**, son of **George Richard Gane** and **Mary Eliza Oaks**, on 20 Aug 1913 in Rock Creek, British Columbia, Canada. George was born on 4 Aug 1880 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 2 Aug 1944 in Kettle Valley, British Columbia, Canada at age 63. They had three children: **Victor Beavan Reynolds, Elise Beavan**, and **Theo**.

10-Victor Beavan Reynolds Gane was born on 11 Feb 1916 and died on 4 Mar 1965 in Gatooma, Zimbabwe at age 49.

Victor married Doreen Malan. Doreen was born on 16 Mar 1919 in Zimbabwe and died on 3 Apr 1994 at age 75. They had two children: Beavan and Stella L.

- 11-Beavan Gane
- 11-Stella L. Gane

Stella married Prof. Ian Gordon Murray.

10-Elise Beavan Gane

Elise married Edward Underhill. They had three children: (No Given Name), Joan, and Nancy.

- 11-Underhill
- 11-Joan Underhill

Joan married Steve Mann. They had three children: Elise, Colin, and Jordan.

- 12-Elise Mann
- 12-Colin Mann
- 12-Jordan Mann
- 11-Nancy Underhill

Nancy married Alan Kristensen.

- 10-Theo Gane
- 9-Gladys Mauger Neave was born on 17 Nov 1890 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-**Hilda Phelps Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 24 Jan 1892 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Hilda married **Gregory**. They had no children.

- 9-**Douglas Reynold Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 19 Dec 1893 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-**Sylvia Madeline Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1895 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

- 9-**Theodore Harold Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1899 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Cecil Henry Neave<sup>1</sup> was born in 1900 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-**Gordon Harold Neave** was born in 1903 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.<sup>1</sup>
- 9-**Godfrey Mauger Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1905 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Godfrey married Nell. They had one daughter: Dallas.

### 10-Dallas Neave

Dallas married Menzel. They had one daughter: Cindy Elise.

11-Cindy Elise Menzel

9-Leslie Neave

8-Alexander Francis Edward Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1862 in Victoria, Australia and died in 1947 at age 85.

Alexander married **Bella Mincher**. They had one son: **Albert Edward**.

- 9-Albert Edward Neave
- 8-**Edith Jane Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 14 Apr 1865 in McCallum's Creek, Victoria, Australia and died in 1946 at age 81.

Edith married **Adolphus Quertier**, 1,131 son of **Hellier Quertier** and **Marie Le Page**, on 26 Nov 1891. Adolphus was born on 18 Nov 1849 and died on 10 Dec 1896 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 47. They had three children: **Violet Neave**, **Marie Phelps**, and **Donald Neave**.

9-Violet Neave Quertier<sup>1</sup> was born on 13 Feb 1893 and died in 1980 at age 87.

Violet married Kennedy Bateman. They had four children: John, Joan, June, and Jennifer.

10-**John Bateman**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1919.

John married Wilhelmina Noble. They had one daughter: Sheila.

11-Sheila Bateman

Sheila married **John Bacopulos**. They had three children: **Sarah, Jessica**, and **Stephanie**.

- 12-Sarah Bacopulos
- 12-Jessica Bacopulos
- 12-Stephanie Bacopulos
- 10-Joan Bateman
- 10-June Bateman

June married David Steele. They had three children: Graham, Duncan, and Nigel.

11-Graham Steele

Graham married Jacqueline Hocking. They had two children: Jeremy and Peter.

12-Jeremy Steele
12-Peter Steele
11-Duncan Steele
11-Nigel Steele
Nigel married Gillian Dallinger. They had two children: Emma Katharine and Samantha Natalie.
12-Emma Katharine Steele
12-Samantha Natalie Steele
10-Jennifer Bateman
9-Marie Phelps Quertier <sup>1</sup> was born on 11 Jul 1894.
Marie married <b>Hubert Woods</b> .
9- <b>Donald Neave Quertier</b> <sup>1,2</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1896 and died in 1964 at age 68.
Donald married Molly Richards. They had three children: Jill, Jacqueline, and Priscilla.
10-Jill Quertier
Jill married <b>John Huxtable</b> .
10-Jacqueline Quertier
Jacqueline married <b>Desmond Clem-Murphy</b> . They had four children: <b>Stephen, Rachel, Tadje</b> , and <b>Jason</b> .
11-Stephen Clem-Murphy
11-Rachel Clem-Murphy
11-Tadje Clem-Murphy
11-Jason Clem-Murphy
10-Priscilla Quertier
Priscilla married Barry Ault. They had three children: Samantha, Stephen, and Tracy.
11-Samantha Ault
11-Stephen Ault
11-Tracy Ault

8-Alfred Ernest Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 30 Nov 1867 in McCallum's Creek, Victoria, Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller's traveller.

8-Bernard Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 28 Aug 1869 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1932 at age 63. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Flour milling engineer.
- He resided at Woodcroft Cottage in Sandle Heath.
- 8-Agnes Stella Neave was born on 25 Jan 1871.
- 8-Louis Harold Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 5 Feb 1872 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 29 Oct 1932 in (1930 Also Given) at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Gold prospector in Cauvery Erode, Salem district, Southern India.

Louis married Katherine.

8-Winifred Mary Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 28 Jan 1875 and died in 1947 at age 72.

Winifred married Frank Cochrane. They had five children: Marion, Barbara, Joyce, Fanny, and Francis Henry.

9-Marion Cochrane

Marion married George Sample. They had two children: Michael and Susan.

10-Michael Sample

Michael married Anne.

- 10-Susan Sample
- 9-Barbara Cochrane
- 9-Joyce Cochrane
- 9-Fanny Cochrane

Fanny married **D. Shaw**. They had two children: **Valerie** and **Simon**.

10-Valerie Shaw

Valerie married Hornsey. They had three children: Heather, Carol, and Peter.

- 11-Heather Hornsey
- 11-Carol Hornsey
- 11-Peter Hornsey
- 10-Simon Shaw

Simon married Lee. They had one daughter: Alexandra.

- 11-Alexandra Shaw
- 9-Francis Henry Cochrane

Francis married Cecily Oliver. They had four children: Jill, Richard, Bryan, and Philip H.

10-Jill Cochrane

Jill married Roy Green.

- 10-Richard Cochrane
- 10-Bryan Cochrane
- 10-**Philip H. Cochrane**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1955 and died in 1980 at age 25.
- 8-Margaret Neave was born in 1876.<sup>1</sup>
- 8-Lilian Antoinette Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 4 Feb 1877 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 26 Jul 1925 in 45 Woodstocvk Road, Witney at age 48.

Lilian married **Richard Gundry Neave**,<sup>1,2</sup> son of **Edward Gundry Neave**<sup>2,4,67,118,132,133</sup> and **Mary Ann Boyce Clark**,<sup>4,118,133</sup> in 1903 in Basingstoke, Hampshire. Richard was born on 5 Aug 1872 in Leiston, Suffolk, died on 15 Nov 1970 in 2 Minden Drive, Leiston, Suffolk at age 98, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk. They had two children: **Lilian Mary** and **Edith Bertha**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist.
  - 9-Lilian Mary Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 13 Oct 1904 and died on 21 Apr 1987 at age 82.
  - 9-Edith Bertha Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born in 1910 and died on 6 May 1958 in Hoades Court Farmhouse, Sturry, Kent at age 48.
- 7-William Reynolds Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 7 Jan 1830 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 2 Nov 1903 in Bickton, Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller & farmer in Bickton Mills, Hampshire.

William married **Elizabeth Anne Capper**, daughter of **Jasper Capper**<sup>4,12,26,134,135</sup> and **Mary Cawthorne**, on 8 May 1856 in FMH Fordingbridge. Elizabeth was born on 3 Apr 1822 in City Road, London (4 March also given) and died on 12 Apr 1892 at age 70.

William next married **Margaret Elizabeth Young**. Margaret was born in 1868 in Chetwynd, Shropshire and died on 15 Apr 1935 in 33 Charlton Road, Wantage, Berkshire at age 67. They had one son: **William Young**.

8-William Young Neave was born on 7 Dec 1900 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 22 Aug 1978 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Electrical engineer.

William married **Annie May Dyer**<sup>1</sup> on 2 Dec 1939. Annie was born on 3 May 1904. They had one son: **Andrew William**.

9-Andrew William Neave

Andrew married Audrey Josephine Holder. They had four children: Elizabeth Ann, Richard Andrew, Jonathan Anthony, and Caroline Alison.

- 10-Elizabeth Ann Neave
- 10-Richard Andrew Neave
- 10-Jonathan Anthony Neave

#### 10-Caroline Alison Neave

7-**Ellen Reynolds Neave**<sup>1,49,136</sup> was born on 18 May 1831 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 30 Sep 1881 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 50, and was buried on 4 Oct 1881 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Ellen married **Dr. Thomas Beaven Rake**, 1,20,49,136,137,138</sup> son of **Beaven Rake** 1,19,138,139 and **Fanny Stansfield**, 1,138,139 on 23 Jul 1857 in FMH Fordingbridge. Thomas was born on 25 Apr 1826 in Shaftesbury, Dorset, died on 10 Aug 1894 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire (AM gives 11th) at age 68, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire. They had 11 children: **Beaven Neave, Ellen Mary, Stansfield Reynolds, Aubrey William, Herbert Vaughan, Sidney Beaven, Eustace Cooper, Alfred Theodore, Aimée Constance, Francis Stansfield, and Beatrice Ellen.** 

General Notes: THOMAS BEAVEN RAKE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Law of Property Amendment Act, 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Thomas Beaven Bake, late of Fordingbridge, Hants, Surgeon (who died at Fordingbridge aforesaid, on the 10th August, 1894, and whose will was proved by Robert Horne Penney, of Brighton, Sussex, Shipowner, Aubrey William Rake, of 22, Chancery-lane, London, Solicitor, Herbert Vaughan Rake, Surgeon, and Sidney Beaven Rake, Inspector of Advertisements, both of Fordingbridge aforesaid, and Alfred Theodore Rake, of 13, Shakespeare-road, Herne Hill, Surrey, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, in the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice, on the 29th October, 1894), are required to send the particulars thereof to the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said executors, on or before the 10th day of December, 1894; after which date the latter will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having

regard only to the claims or demands of which the executors have then notice; and the executors will not be liable for the assets, so distributed, to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not have had notice at the time of distribution.— Dated this 7th day of

November, 1894.

HOWE and RAKE, 22, Chancery-lane, London,

Solicitors.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.

8-**Dr. Beaven Neave Rake**<sup>2</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1858 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 24 Aug 1894 in Le Chalet Mucurapo, Trinidad, West Indies at age 36. The cause of his death was Yellow Fever.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in The Old House, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He had a residence in Le Chalet Mucurapo, Trinidad, West Indies.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He worked as a Director of the Leper Hospital in Port of Spain, Trinidad, West Indies.

Beaven married Margaret Crawford<sup>2</sup> on 20 May 1884 in Port of Spain, Trinidad, West Indies. Margaret was born in 1861 and died in 1924 at age 63. They had four children: Beaven Crawford, Eustace Olpherts, Ormod Elsa, and Theodore Stansfield.

9-Beaven Crawford Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 11 Apr 1885 and died in 1948 at age 63.

Beaven married **Kathleen Farrell**.

- 9-Eustace Olpherts Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1886 and died in 1960 at age 74.
- 9-**Ormod Elsa Rake**<sup>2</sup> was born on 5 Oct 1887 and died in May 1888.
- 9-Theodore Stansfield Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 23 Dec 1888 and died in 1917 at age 29.
- 8-Ellen Mary Rake<sup>2,136</sup> was born in 1859 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 4 Aug 1862 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 3.
- 8-Stansfield Reynolds Rake<sup>2,57,137</sup> was born on 30 Sep 1860 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 12 Feb 1888 in Auckland, New Zealand at age 27.

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1872-1876 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Kauri-gum manufacturer in Auckland, New Zealand.

Stansfield married Sarah Jane Smith.

8-Aubrey William Rake<sup>2,57</sup> was born on 3 Aug 1862 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1934 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1874-1878 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Basinghall Street, London.
- He resided at 45 Philbeach Gardens in 1934 in Earls Court, London.

Aubrey married Sophia Adams.

8-Dr. Herbert Vaughan Rake<sup>2,57</sup> was born on 29 May 1864 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 10 Apr 1925 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS LSA.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1877-1880 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He resided at The Old House in 1925 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Herbert married **Emma Louisa Shannon**<sup>2,57</sup> on 30 Aug 1888. Emma was born in 1861 in Ireland and died in 1899 at age 38. They had six children: **Dorothy Anne, Herbert Thomas Shannon, Francis Beaven, Louis Stansfield Reynolds, Marjorie Eileen**, and **Cicely Louise Vaughan**.

- 9-Dorothy Anne Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 3 Jun 1889 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 22 Mar 1942 in Sturminster, Dorset at age 52.
- 9-Herbert Thomas Shannon Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 4 Jan 1891 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 18 Dec 1951 in Christchurch, Hampshire at age 60.

Herbert married **Margaret Emily Elizabeth Hussey**. Margaret was born in 1896 and died in 1948 at age 52. They had three children: **Derek Shannon Vaughan, Margaret Winifred L.**, and **Dorothy Jean**.

- 10-Derek Shannon Vaughan Rake
- 10-Margaret Winifred L. Rake
- 10-Dorothy Jean Rake
- 9-Francis Beaven Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 22 Sep 1892 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 7 Dec 1948 in Dorset at age 56.
- 9-Louis Stansfield Reynolds Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 29 Sep 1894 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 25 Oct 1932 in Dorset at age 38.
- 9-Marjorie Eileen Rake<sup>2</sup> was born in 1896 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1974 at age 78.

Marjorie married John Dow.

9-Cicely Louise Vaughan Rake<sup>2</sup> was born in 1899 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 25 May 1937 in Dorset at age 38.

Herbert next married **Rosemary Satchell**<sup>57</sup> in 1900. Rosemary was born on 8 Oct 1865 in London and died on 25 Jan 1944 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 78. They had three children: **John Satchell, Geoffrey William**, and **Alfred Mordey**.

9-**Dr. John Satchell Rake**<sup>57</sup> was born on 27 Aug 1901 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in Jun 1986 in Canterbury, Kent at age 84.

John married Violette Amelie Vivat. Violette died in 1981.

9-**Dr. Geoffrey William Rake**<sup>57</sup> was born on 18 Oct 1904 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1958 at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to America in 1928.

Geoffrey married **Orpha May McNutt**, daughter of **Harry Havelock McNutt** and **Flora Tupper**, on 1 Jul 1932 in Lower Truro, Colchester, Nova Scotia, Canada. Orpha was born on 21 May 1893 in Colchester, Nova Scotia, Canada and died in 1963 at age 70. They had one son: **Adrian Vaughan**.

10-Dr. Adrian Vaughan Rake was born on 27 Mar 1934 in New York, New York, USA and died on 13 Nov 2010 in St. Croix, US Virgin Islands at age 76.

General Notes: Dr. Adrian V. Rake, who came to Saint Croix in 1989 as part of the relief effort following the devastating Hurricane Hugo, died Saturday morning at Gov. Juan F. Luis Hospital. Dr. Rake, who was 76, was a researcher and teacher in biology and related disciplines over four decades. Following U.S. Army service, Dr. Rake used the GI Bill to attend Swarthmore College and the University of Pennsylvania, where he received his doctoral degree. In 1975, Dr. Rake was hired at the then-new Biology Department at Wright State University in Dayton, Ohio, where he mentored dozens of undergraduate and graduate students, many of whom have gone on to do important research and medicine around the world. He was a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Dr. Rake, who received an additional degree and certification as a registered nurse while teaching at Pennsylvania State University in the early 1970s, was a volunteer with the International Red Cross. He and wife, Constance, provided assistance after natural disasters throughout the United States, and Rake also served in the war-torn nation of Chad, in Central Africa, in the 1980s. Adrian, known as "Dean" to his family, and Constance came to Saint Croix to provide similar medical and social services for the Red Cross after Hurricane Hugo. They immediately fell in love with the Virgin Islands and its people and made Saint Croix their adopted second home. Following the death of Constance in 1997, Dr. Rake relocated permanently to the island. He re-met and married a high school friend, Felicia Gomes, in 2006, and both of them made their home near Great Pond until Felicia's death late last year. Dr. Rake suffered several medical setbacks this year following Felicia's death. He is survived by his sons: Kirk, who is a Saint Croix resident, and Launce, who lives in Las Vegas, Nev.; daughter, Elizabeth Swedburg, of Tampa, Fla.: three sisters and two brothers.

Tax-deductible contributions in Dr. Rake's name can be made to the Wright State University Foundation, School of Science and Mathematics, at WSU Foundation, 3640 Colonel Glenn Hwy., Dayton, Ohio 45435 or online at wright.edu/cgi-bin/wsufoundation/gift/give.cgi.

Adrian married **Constance Anne Clark**. Constance was born on 17 Apr 1935 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 10 Nov 1998 in Springfield, Ohio, USA at age 63. They had three children: **Kirk, Launce**, and **Elizabeth**.

- 11-Kirk Rake
- 11-Launce Rake
- 11-Elizabeth Rake

Adrian next married Felicia Gomez in 2006.

Geoffrey next married **Helen Palmer Jones**. Helen was born on 6 Aug 1916 in Media, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 17 Dec 1999 in Portland, Oregon, USA at age 83.

9-Alfred Mordey Rake was born on 27 Mar 1906 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1978 in Exeter, Devon at age 72.

8-**Sidney Beaven Rake**<sup>2,57,140</sup> was born on 2 Dec 1865 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1951 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1878-1882 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Inspector of Advertisements in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He resided at Oaklands in 1935 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

8-**Eustace Cooper Rake**<sup>2,20,57</sup> was born on 13 Mar 1867 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 3 Jun 1885 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 18. The cause of his death was From injuries sustained in a cycling accident. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1879-1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-**Dr.** Alfred Theodore Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 6 Mar 1869 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1946 in Surrey at age 77.

General Notes: Papers of Alfred Theodore Rake comprising including fourteen testimonials to Rake's character and ability from staff of Guy's Hospital Medical School, relating to application for post of pathologist and registrar, Shadwell Hospital, Feb 1894; print of Rake's crest and coat of arms; eighteen certificates including Guy's Hospital Medical School certificates for the open scholarship in science, Sep 1887; first place on list of candidates who obtained honours at the examination of First Years students and was awarded and exhibition of £25, [1888]; first place on list of candidates who obtained honours at the examination of second year students and the award of an exhibition of £25, Jul 1889; first place on list of candidates for honours in third year examinations, and exhibition of £25, Jun 1890; first in list of candidates who obtained honours in the exam of fourth year students, and exhibition of £17.10 [1891]; the Michael Harris Prize in Anatomy, Jul 1889; Sands Cox Scholarship, Jul 1889; Golding Bird Prize and Gold Medal for Surgical diagnosis, Jul 1891; proxime accessit for the treasurers Gold Medal in Medicine, Jul 1892; Treasurers Gold Medal in Clinical Surgery, Jul 1892; and University of London certificates of honour as fourth in the list of candidates who obtained honour in Medicine at the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Medicine, 1891, and placed in the second class, 16 Dec 1891; ninth in the list of candidates who obtained honour in Medicine at the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Medicine, 1891 and placed in the third class, 27 Jan 1892; Bachelor of Surgery, First Division, Dec 1891; Degree of Bachelor of Surgery, 1891 and placed in the third class, 27 Jan 1892; Bachelor of Medicine, 25 Nov 1891.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BS FRCS.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1880-1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He worked as a Bibliophile.
- He had a residence in 13 Shakespeare Road, Herne Hill, Surrey.
- 8-Aimée Constance Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 9 Dec 1870 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 8-Francis Stansfield Rake<sup>2</sup> was born in 1872 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in Died in Infancy.
- 8-Beatrice Ellen Rake<sup>2</sup> was born on 30 Aug 1873 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 7-Hannah Sophia Neave<sup>1,4,123</sup> was born on 16 Nov 1832 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 22 Feb 1857 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 24, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Hannah married **Thomas Westlake**, <sup>1,4,54,61,123,141</sup> son of **William Colson Westlake** <sup>4,34</sup> and **Mary Thompson**, <sup>4,32,34</sup> on 15 Jun 1854 in FMH Fordingbridge. Thomas was born on 8 Oct 1826 in Southampton, Hampshire, died on 23 Jan 1892 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 65, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire. The cause of his death was Influenza. They had one son: **Ernest**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Isaac Brown's school in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.
- He had a residence in 1844 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Sail cloth manufacturer. Business partner with his uncle, Samuel in 1844 in Southampton, Hampshire.
  - 8-Ernest Westlake<sup>1,142</sup> was born on 16 Nov 1855 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 29 Nov 1922 at age 67, and was buried in Woodling Point, Godshill, Isle of Wight, Hampshire.

General Notes: The Forest School: 1929-38

Much of the rottenness of modern life arises from the fact that civilisation has, from the point of-view of youth, made everything 'too damned comfortable'. Dr Ernest Westlake, The Future Mirrored in the Past, 1921

A few miles east of Fordingbridge, skirting the Hampshire New Forest, and cloaked in a mantle of soaring Scots pines, there rise a number of curious, round prominence: mounds of earth packed

around cores of ironstone. These are the Sandy Balls, a collective name they have carried at least since the seventeenth century. But the mounds also have individual names, and one, Woodling Point, bears a grave.

It is a curious grave. There is no stone. Stone would look out of place among the pine and bracken. Instead, there is a wooden fence, knee-high, and a neat carved board, covered with a sloping roof and carrying a Greek inscription from Sappho's 'Ode to the Even Star'.

THETA EPSILON RHO EPSILON IOTA SIGMA -space- MU ALPHA TAU EPSILON RHO IOTA -space- PI ALPHA IOTA DELTA ALPHA

Here,

on Woodling Point,

overlooking his native town,

lies the body of Ernest Westlake,

1856-1922,

founder of the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry,

its first British Chieftain

and honoured as Father of the Order.

His foresight and public spirit

preserved Sandy Balls for lovers of natural beauty and for the training of youth

in his great inspiration,

the Forest School

Sappho's words, 'Thou bringest the child back to its mother', are appropriate. More than forty years ago, when Westlake's body was brought to this spot, educational ideas were in ferment. The First World War had created an idealism for a new order, a revolutionary movement which, for many, was inextricably linked with a return to Nature. The cities, and the capitalistic industrial complexes that bred them, were seen not only as evil in themselves, but as distorting and stunting the development of young people. To escape, to start again, to build anew: these ambitions sparked off a score of movements, some drawing on the thinking of Emerson and Thoreau and Tolstoy, others on Marx, still others on the American Indian. If we want a symbol of that time, we need only look at Edgar Rice Burroughs' famous creation, Tarzan. The king of the jungle was first published in 1914, and popularised the philosophy that nature, with its simple power ethic, embodied a nobility that was debased by modern civilisation. At Whiteway in the Cotswolds, a colony of Tolstoyans started a community by buying land, burning the title deeds and living a communist existence, in which each man gave of his talents for the common good. There was a group called the Woodcraft Folk, which sought to propagate the ideals of outdoor life. There was the green-shirted Douglas Social Credit movement, and a pacifist band called the Hargreaves Group. Above all, there were the hiking and camping movements, seeking to bring young children, and people out of the city slums and into the quiet and beauty of the English countryside.

It was in that countryside, among the pines of the New Forest, in 1922, that the dramatic scenes accompanying Westlake's funeral took place. Someone who was there described it like this: 'The mortal remains of the Chieftain were placed in a coffin made of the outer slabs of fir with the bark still on, and with no furniture of any kind, the usual brass handles being replaced by leather straps. In place of the ordinary coffin plate, the name ERNEST WESTLAKE was carved on the lid of the coffin, which was conveyed to Sandy Balls in an ordinary farmer's cart with no flowers covering it, but simply the orange flag - the life-giving colour - and the bright colours of his insignia of office - the Shield and Axes of the English Order.

'At the entrance to the wood all the many mourners were sent on in front, the farmer's cart with the coffin coming last, except for the close relatives and friends who followed on foot. The procession wound its way through the wonderful scenery of the wood down to the foot of the burial mount - Woodling Point - and there the coffin was unlashed and borne by six past and present members of the Order to the top of the little hillock amid the silent reverence of the large assembly.'

The occasion was full of irony. Westlake, the man of nature, died in a motor accident, one of the early victims of the age of technology. Although hailed as the father of the Forest School, the school did not take its first pupils until six years after his own funeral. And the crowds who gathered in that beautiful wood to pay their last respects to him were honouring a man who had spent a good part of his life as a recluse. He was the only child of a Quaker sailcloth manufacturer, whose wife died when Ernest was only eighteen months old. 'As soon as I got out of the nursery, I began by making platforms in trees, like the nests of the higher anthropoids, and here, high above the earth, I spent long hours swaying in the sum- mer breezes, "the world forgetting, by the world forgot", meditating upon I do not know what, but at any rate in perfect contentment, and disdaining the grown-ups who could find happiness on the ground. This habit of tree meditation lasted throughout adolescence in the sense that, whenever I felt bored, I would run up some tree, which from long practice 1 could mount as quickly as a ladder; and there, sitting high up in the leafy crown and looking over the landscape, I found peace and contentment.

I also dug out caves in the chalk, and in the sand cliffs at Bournemouth, where I suspect everything is now altogether too proper for children to have this freedom. The fascination of a cave was even greater than that of a tree, coming later and lasting longer: indeed, all through the adolescent age I felt in a cave an irresistible attraction. To explore one was, up to the age of manhood, my nearest conception of paradise . . . Once, as I was sliding down from one of the platforms by means of a insecurely fastened rope, it came untied and I fell many feet on my nose, reducing it from a fair Roman feature to a merely Socratic one. I was carried home insensible upon a hurdle, and then my father expressed doubts about tree habitations - even though I explained that the tree was in no way at fault, but the rope which my dawning civilised proclivities had introduced.'

The young Ernest Westlake grew up in an age of immense Scientific debate. Darwin's Origin of the Species had been published when he was a baby, and the young man revelled in the controversy that raged about its author's head. Quiet, shy and introspective, he read widely in the scientific literature, without, coming to any decision about his own failure. Suddenly, in 1891, he married and had two children, but this new life as a family man was shattered when, nine years later, his wife died. It was in 1904 that Westlake decided to take his elder child, a girl, and her governess on a cycling tour of France. It was a typically unconventional idea which he thought would improve her education, but it got no further than Aurillac in the Cantal, where Westlake found a large site of eolithic stone implements. Enthusiastic about his find, he immediately settled down to work the site, and what had started as a cycling holiday became a two-year stay in France, at the end of which he had a collection of stones so large that the French Government stepped in to prevent him moving them all to England and, as officials put it, 'removing the soil of France.'

But Westlake was not to be put off so easily. He had now found his subject: palaeontology. He briefly returned to England, he set off once more, this time for Tasmania, to make yet another collection of extinct aboriginal implements to be shipped to England. Two years later he was digging in the river gravel of the Hampshire Avon as it flows around the feet of the hills that form Sandy Balls. With this collection from France, Tasmania and the Avon, he near settled down to the life of am amateur scientist, sorting and classifying, measuring and cataloguing. At fifty-eight, it looked as if he had found his life's work.

And then, in 1914, war broke out. Suddenly the solitary field scientist absorbed in his rocks and flints, was confronted with a global challenge to the whole nineteenth century world in which he had grown up and which he had largely accepted as representing the permanence of all things. From his studies of early man - the aborigines and the early Eolithic man in France - he found himself diverted by the presence of modern man, armed with machines and guns and paper treaties, tearing himself to pieces in the mud of Flanders. What had caused this disaster? Where should one look for an explanation?

Westlake turned to the subject he knew, and thought that he saw, in primitive life's concern with the earth, with nature, with elemental forces, certain virtues that had been abandoned by the twentieth century. Man, he considered, had moved too fast and too far away from the roots that fostered him. He no longer understood his role, and in this confused state had become diseased and turned upon himself. What men should do was to return, in a sense, to the primitive, to re-educate him- self into his basic humanity. Had not Darwin shown how man had emerged, as a child of nature, from the woods and the lakes? Had he not demonstrated how through natural selection, through a dynamic dialogue between nature and man, humans had refined their unique qualities and gradually won their distinctiveness? The tragedy was that this new creature had become alienated from its origins. Each succeeding generation, Westlake felt, driven onwards by ever more powerful tools, became further removed from the original concept of being, until an imbalance occurred in which man lost himself, adrift in a sea of technology.

Westlake was to live only another eight years, but during that time he transformed himself from a scientific recluse into an educationist, publisher and propagandist, heading a movement whose followers could be counted in thousands, many of them to come to Sandy Balls on that day of his funeral, to mourn someone they recognised as their leader.

He seized upon the biological theory of 'recapitulation' as expounded by the influential American psychologist Stanley Hall, in his book Adolescence. This claimed, among-other things, that 'before birth, development is expressed in abridged series of the main ancestral forms; and though after birth this is less obvious, the recapitulation of the racial growth and experience holds true. In its growth to maturity the child recapitulates the great stages of social development in the history of the race. One after another the instinctive demands which belong to these past stages of human development arise in succession in the growing child.

From this arises an important educational principle, i.e. that the child must be provided with the means to satisfy these primitive instinctive demands as they arise.'

Hall's theories do not bear much examination, but they had about them an attractive, superficial logic, Westlake recalled his own youth, climbing trees, digging caves, searching for flints, carving with stone and wood, and yes, there he saw exactly what Hall was talking about, and as he had seen it in his own intense studies of primitive man - the call of the wild, and the gradual emergence of the human spirit from its arboreal climbings to the study of Euclid and Socrates. And if this were true, if within the adolescent body of every youngster there were these yearnings to return to the origins of existence, what was to happen to them, locked away in their dingy holes in the slums of Manchester or London, oppressed by factory taskmasters and breathing the fumes of the Industrial Revolution? Westlake remembered that Darwin had commented on the iguanas of the Galapagos, fierce-looking in their natural armour, who performed ritualistic patterns of threat and counter-threat, but seldom came to physical violence. Man, on the other hand, was slaughtering himself by the millions in an apparently insane battle. The lesson was clear.

Westlake's own growing convictions were strengthened by the writings of the sociologist Professor Patrick Geddes. Geddes was disturbed by the practice - at a time of growing universality in education - of watering down the classical and academic tuition provided for a minority to the mass of children in the elementary and secondary schools. He saw these children, the sons and daughters of tradesmen, craftsmen and factory workers, losing touch with the crafts of the land and being forced to bend the knee to the academic conventions and book learning of the few. The three Rs, which before had been the creed of a small elite destined for scholarship and a life of aesthetic ease, was being offered to the masses, in which the learning of useless knowledge was superseding the natural acquisition of skills and wisdom.

The argument that Geddes used against this trend can be found today in the pages of the Newsom Committee report, and the spirit of Geddes, to make learning more relevant to the needs of the community, and of the children, has inspired every modern innovation in teaching. To redress the balance, he called for an educational programme based on the three Hs - Heart, Hand and Head. Westlake seized upon this call as a way of turning his own ideas into an all-embracing educational philosophy, in which the concept of 'recapitulation' could underpin a new approach to teaching. 'If we now ask of what that recapitulation should consist, we see that it is obviously that of the seven primitive and basic occupations. Lack of this recapitulation gives the clue to what is amiss with modern life. This recapitulatory first-hand contact with nature; this simple open-air life; the life of the wilderness, the forest, the hills and the sea, which together with his social life was the chief factor in the formation of early man, is what we know as Woodcraft.'

To bring these ideas into activity, a third element was required, and here Westlake's son, Aubrey, provided the initiative. While at Cambridge, he had taken up the new Scouting movement inspired by Baden-Powell after his experiences in the Boer War. But the idea of Scouting originally sprang from America, where Ernest Thompson Seton sought to revive the skills of the American Indian tribes by gathering young people into groups called Woodcraft Indians, and later the Woodcraft League of America. Westlake contacted Seton, studied the ideas of his movement, saw that it held all the elements associated with his own theories, and only needed adapting to British conditions to make it a fit medium for this particular crusade. Seton agreed, and the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry, with Seton as its first Grand Chieftain, was born.

Driven on by the zest of the elderly Westlake's feverish activity, this movement now emerged as a popular but rather bizarre creation. It took aboard a whole shipful of mock ritual and synthetic folklore. It had its own emblem (the Red Cross of St George, and two crossed axes on a white shield), its own legend ('Thou bringest the child back to its mother') and its own watchword ('Blue Sky' - taken from the American Woodcraft League). Its members were divided into troops of elves (from four to eight years old), packs of "woodlings (eight to twelve), tribes of trackers (twelve to fifteen), companies of pathfinders (fifteen to eighteen) and fellowships of wayfarers (adults), grouped into Lodges and presided over by a Chief, a gleeman, a herald, a recorder, a Keeper of the Honours Tally and a Keeper of the Purse. It had its own salute - The extended right arm is raised slowly from its normal position at the side to a position slightly inclined from the perpendicular, the palm being to the front when in that position' - - and its own affirmative oath - To respond to the call of the world of Nature, seeking from it simplicity, good sense and fortitude. To pursue bravely and gaily the adventure of life, cherishing whatever it holds of beauty, wonder and romance; and endeavouring to carry the chivalrous spirit into daily life.'

Each group had its own uniforms, its own colour, its own set of badges. A whole language was woven around the special colour, size and complexity of shoulder knots worn on special occasions, and the rank of each member was carefully plotted according to the trials and grades which that member had undertaken and passed. Woodlings had trials of lissomness ('some suitable dance, or a bout of

wrestling'), nimbleness and cleanliness. Pathfinders were faced with the Trial of Fitness, the Trial of the Thinking Hand ('Find some wild flower, make a sketch, picture or model, and from this evolve a symbolic or natural design. Then make some article on which those design can be carved, worked or painted'), the Trial of the Adventurous Rover and the Trial of the Homeland Guide. But, as in the Scouting movement to which it played rival, there were also proficiency degrees, in cooking, craftsmanship, travelling, stargazing, boating, fishing, pet-keeping, forestry, pottery and every other conceivable activity. Westlake's enthusiasm for ritual was limitless. In a series of publications which nearly all bore his unmistakable stamp, a torrent of explanatory texts, diagrams and instructions poured out to the members of the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry. There were drawings, including instructions for making the uniforms and ceremonial dress, with approximate measurements. There were laws and instructions on how to run common councils, how to administer finances, how to deal with records, how to cope with a troop of young elves. There were even detailed suggestions on the kind of ceremonial language that should be used when a new initiate was introduced to the Pack.

Pack Leader: 'Are all assembled here?'

Keeper of the Log: 'O Leader, I will take the roll.'

Pack Leader: 'Now is the time to decide who shall be of our Pack. there is, who would run with us. Would ye see him?'

Pack: 'Let him be shown.'

Behind all this childish but innocent nonsense, the Order was fulfilling a serious function. At the Order's Folkmoots, the Annual General Assemblies, in January 1920 and 1921, held at Shearns Restaurant, Tottenham Court Road, London (now demolished), it became obvious that a further step ahead was required. For Westlake, in his series of publications, had by now clarified the real issues. 'At a time when the voices of the prophets of the open-air life are loud in its praise as the one thing needful to combat the vices of civilisation, it may seem ill-timed to insist on the fact that civilisation has also its virtues. If we do so, it is not from any lack of sympathy with or underrating of savage virtue, but because we think that to point out the normal ideal of education and of life is more important than to take part in a reaction. In so far as civilisation is merely something comfortable, we are very willing to throw it aside, but in so far as it has created greatness and grace in the arts and learning in the sciences, in so far as the crafts have liberated the higher energies of man, in so far as a more complex society has procured a higher morality - then to that extent we conceive the craft revolution begun in the Neolithic age to have been sound, and that the clock can never be put back,' he wrote.

'We believe that the child who has been rooted and grounded in Woodcraft will be able to use the higher crafts without injury, and books without pedantry. In this way traditional learning and social culture will have full opportunity to complete the wisdom and refinement necessary to his highest functioning.'

Here one sees how Westlake conceived the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry as a particular amalgam of religion, ritual, tradition, discipline and mystical expression, all coming together in a radical movement opposed to the given social structure. This is how his son, Aubrey, interpreted it:

The word "Order" was no accident; it was deliberately chosen to signify an organisation with a very definite religious outlook, indeed Christian outlook. The Order was for him a religious movement in a profound sense. Similarly, the double title "Woodcraft Chivalry" was again no accident; while not ideal, it was the nearest he could get to expressing the essential elements in the educational programme and also the sense of balance or polarity, and indeed of wholeness, which runs through the whole of the practical expression of the Order. For example, the Order was for him not simply a children's movement, it had a place and a message for adults; it required and embraced the vigour and enthusiasm of youth, as well as the wisdom and experience of age. It was all-embracing in its age range. It included both boys and girls, men and women; both sexes being essential for balanced social and communal expression. It laid as much stress on the importance of the individual as of the group, in that they are the complementary necessity of the other. For Ernest Westlake it was the realisation and enrichment of full and unique individuality which constituted the essential aristocratic counterpart of the democracy of the group, and that aristocratic reality must, he felt, have as full expression as the democratic'

But although the theory was now complete, the reality was still far away. Westlake saw clearly that if his ideas were going to have a genuine impact, he must translate them into practice. That meant an arena, ultimately a school. But where? He combed England for a suitable site. It was just as he was despairing of finding such a place that he learnt that the family that owned some forty acres at Sandy Balls were selling the land. Westlake pounced. He had virtually no money, but to those who asked how he could possibly consider such a purchase he merely waved a scornful hand. But Westlake found himself against a powerful opponent, a local builder, who saw in the pine-covered forest a rich source of timber. The merchant offered a sum, which Westlake could not contemplate, and apparently bought the property. Westlake refused to accept defeat. He drove over to the home of the builder, and by a process of charm, persuasion, and pleadings talked him into releasing his bid. The man was later to complain to Aubrey Westlake that he had no idea how he could have agreed to what he did; he was utterly unable to remember what it was that persuaded him to give up a profitable transaction of this kind. But that is what he did, and Westlake was the owner of Sandy Balls and a huge debt, something that did not deter him in the least.

And then, with this triumph behind him, with the theory of Woodcraft Chivalry laid, with four volumes of the Woodcraft Way series of books published, he returned one night from a Folkmoot, crashed, and was killed.

But the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry was by now well established, and able to survive his loss. In his death, in fact, he had given the movement its first father figure. Now it needed another, and up from its ranks it found just the man.

Cuthbert Rutter was a teacher, a man who had learnt about children in the harshest of worlds - Borstal and the London East End. He began his professional career in one of the earliest "Borstals" near Rochester where, for about two and a half years, he was an assistant house master -one of the first of a new breed of men brought into the prison service to educate rather than to punish. With these young offenders, Rutter tried his first innovations in teaching techniques, and with a mixture of instinctive sympathy, aversion to force, and a natural talent for simplifying and dramatising essentials he introduced them to Shakespeare and writing, to books and music and debate. After three years, Rutter was considered for a permanent and therefore pensionable position in the Borstal service, only to find his application turned down because of a weak heart.

To make his own way in his chosen profession, he left and did three weeks' trial teaching in the London East End with the object of being accepted for full training at the London Day Training College run by Professor Percy Nunn. His school was Teesdale Street Senior Boys' School in Bethnal Green. 'It seemed to me that, above all things, these boys needed action and adventure. No doubt they had not starved utterly. There are good families in Bethnal Green. Some of them are even said to possess the remarkable hereditary power of manufacturing antique furniture in their back kitchens. In Bethnal Green the rain falls, the sun shines, and the sun sets. A boy can drop his isolation; he can lose himself; he can be his gang. ... I thought that these boys should be camping, possibly hunting for some of their food, working to make their shelter, enjoying wild games of warfare in the woods. What could we do in the school room?'

Here, in the streets of Bethnal Green, was a teacher seeing and thinking about the very people who to Ernest Westlake, digging in the soils of France and Tasmania and the Avon in Hampshire, had been at the other end of theory. Rutter was little interested in 'recapitulation'. What he saw were ragged children, bullied into learning. He did not stay long. He was accepted by the college for full-

time training and for the rest of his time taught some days each week at a central school for boys and girls. I cannot think of this school without thinking of cotton wool - not white, but grey.' On top of this already heavy workload, Rutter also took evening classes at Toynbee Hall. 'I thought at the time that as long as I could, by any means, keep awake, I could also be sufficiently alive'. At the end of his year of training, he became sub-warden at Toynbee Hall, a move which was to shape his future life. Rutter himself described what happened:

'Members of the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry made full use of the hall for meetings, dances and "wassail". The organisation with this high-sounding title talked and talked about starting Forest Schools. Some of us made a committee, bought an army hut and sat down solemnly in London to "have a school" in Hampshire.' It didn't seem to go very well. In a residents' meeting I told of my own ideas of Forest School. Somebody remarked: "It's dreams you're dreaming - and they don't come true."

'"Very often dreams evaporate," I said, "but if we never dream anything, then nothing would happen or come true." I told the rest of the committee that I would, if they wished, give up my other ambitions and be the first headmaster of the first Forest School, The others thought that might be the best possible way of cutting out some of the talk and getting something started. The Warden, Council and residents of Toynbee said very kind things, but I didn't feel the regret which I had felt in leaving Borstal, I had been in residence for two and a half years when, in the spring of 1930, 1 took up life in the army hut. We had three pupils, aged six, nine and eleven. Our chief educational facilities were access to a wood and a river.'

Just before the school began, Aubrey Westlake, Cuthbert Rutter, Norman Glaister, a friend of Westlake's and a schoolmaster, Maurice Littleboy, launched the company which was to own the school. Its deeds were filed on 25th September 1928, with the four men as joint shareholders in the venture. Almost immediately afterwards, they produced the first prospectus:

The Forest School is inspired by the educational ideals of the late Ernest Westlake and is situated on the Sandy Balls estate in pine and beech woods on the western edge of the New Forest, overlooking the Avon valley.

The school seeks to prepare the minds and bodies of its children -girls and boys - so that they may be equipped for contact with every phase of experience of modern life.

At the Forest School the child is brought into touch with realities and is helped by a practical pursuit of the primitive arts to realize that he can learn by doing. The teaching of subjects required for an examination is not neglected, but is made subsidiary to the development of a healthy grasp of real life.

There were to be no formal classes, no standard discipline. Life in the early army hut was crude and harsh. Latrines had to be emptied by hand, a job that Rutter insisted upon doing himself. The children could attend classes if they wished, but if they were not interested in the subject, or in any school work on a particular day, there was plenty of farm work to be done on the estate, and no pressure was put on them to attend lessons. The school staff, who were labourers as much as teachers, were looked upon as group leaders, encouraging adventures and activities rather than presenting prescribed courses of study. The children had their own council, and formulated many of the rules of the community. There were no prizes for school-work, but 'deeds', 'honours' and 'adventures', on the Woodcraft Way principle for work well done, be it in school or on the land. The emphasis was as much on the crafts and on manual work as on the mental disciplines. A child doing music would be expected to make his own instrument. A report on one child by Rutter said of his music studies: 'Took part in percussion band and made a pipe on which he is trying to learn a tune.'

It was, in many ways, an idyllic life. The discipline could all be summarised under the headings of the three Rs: pupils must not, without permission, go on the road, the roof or the river. Apart from that, about the only point on which the school was insistent was that the children should get plenty of sleep.

It was an outdoor life, inspired by the beauty and changing seasons of the New Forest. In the autumn they saw the scarlet berries of spindlewood and butcher's broom sparkling in the soft sunlight. There were puffballs to jump in, twigs to crack and gather up, pillows of dying leaves to roil in, and mushrooms to pick, In winter, they were surrounded by the stark outlines of trees bent by strong winds, with the fresh green of the hedge parsley pushing itself through the roadside banks. But it was in spring that the world really came alight. After the carpets of snowdrops and aconites, there were the wild geraniums, ground ivy and toadflax, and with them a cascade of colour from cuckoo flowers, fumitory, wood avens and water avens, betony, pale blue scabious, agrimony, valerian, lady's mantle, soapwort vetches, angelica, hawksweed and hawkbit, goatsbeard and coltsfoot. Each one of these provided a botany lesson; together they created a classroom unparalleled in its riches, Roman pottery could be dug up near the schoolhouse. Adders could be found in the woods. There were anthills in the pinewoods into which the body of a small bird or animal could be stuffed, to be picked clean and ready for skeletal observation the following day. Local farmers and villagers provided the research material for study. One market gardener revealed that the reason for the success of his prize-winning tomatoes lay in his feeding them with buckets of blood from the nearby slaughterhouse.

With such an environment, the school was able to combine the beliefs and many of the practices of the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry with the ideas of the New Education which were also inspiring other ventures like Bedales, Dartington, and Bertrand Russell's Beacon Hill School near Petersfield. The children were divided in the Order's groupings of Elves, Woodlings, Trackers and Pathfinders. The tests which Westlake had devised, or taken from Thompson Seton were retained and used, but they were also adapted to the special needs of the school. So, for example, they might include doing sums by long division, or writing an essay on one of the Arthur Ransome books (not surprisingly, the Order's favourite author), or swimming the Avon fully clothed and righting an upturned canoe. To get into the Tracker groups, a boy had to climb an especially difficult tree in the forest called the Tracker Tree. To enter an older group a pupil had to spend a night alone in the woods, beside a fire, and write an essay describing the experience and his thoughts during the lone vigil. One boy, at the end of this particular test reported that ants began their day at 2 a.m.

It was, as somebody once remarked, a mixture of Red Indians and Freud. The children were not always impressed by the tribal dress, the solemn oath-taking, the slightly ludicrous ritual of the Order. One little girl, writing an essay about the ceremony of Lighting the Fire, put it this way:

Then Mary said, "Behold the fire. It leaps, it glows, it burns.' What the heck would you expect, with a gallon of paraffin thrown over it!'

The staff of Forest School were poor; they were paid only £30 a year and their keep. For this they were expected not merely to teach, to encourage their young charges to dance, sing, camp out, make music and paint, but to clean the wooden schoolrooms and living quarters, help with the farm work, do washing and sewing and virtually any job that needed to be done. Yet they subscribed to Rutter's view that 'to education we ought to bring the freshness of the morning. A teacher is one who enjoys a good thing and wants to share in it. A pupil is one who has an appetite and wants to satisfy it. But by the time we have organised schools, we are fortunate if such simplicities have not evaded us.'

Sometimes the school, in its zeal for reform, was led into absurdities. Following the methods designed for the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry, some of the teachers re- baptized themselves with Red Indian names like Great Bear, Rising Sun, Laughing Water, Otter and Golden Eagle. The bank manager in the neighbouring village of Fordingbridge, asked to meet payment on cheques signed 'Great Bear' and 'Otter', sighed: 'what have you got up there? A menagerie!'

But the school itself was a serious attempt at educational reform. It was partly inspired by the points raised by Professor Findlay in a book called The Children of England. In this he emphasised that schooling, which had previously been given to embryo priests and professional men, had only been extended to the mass of children as a means of escape from work. Having accepted that factories

were no place for children, they had been put into school instead, without any thought being given to what school was supposed to do for them, or they at school. Forced to define their terms, authorities had assumed that schooling meant the acquisition of knowledge, just as had always been the case, and that for those who now found themselves 'being educated' hard work and fact-learning was imperative.

'And so we come to the revolt of the modern educationists against the appalling waste of physical and mental energy amongst children compelled to spend their time upon occupations in which they have no interest. It is again to rescue them from work, this time the work of the schools instead of the factory, that the zeal of the reformer is kindled,' wrote one Forest School enthusiast.

Inspired by a kind of missionary fervour, the Forest School staff tried to provide for their charges an environment that was a kind of amalgam between a camp, a school and a Scout jamboree. It is fair to say that the mixture never truly set. In some way, ambitions overran resources. In another sense, one might ask how much the enterprise was for the benefit of the children, and how much of it was of therapeutic value to the staff. Probably it was intended to be both. But in the character of Cuthbert Rutter, these contradictions were clearly apparent. Privately, he was a very introspective man. All his life he kept small black diaries in which he analysed his own feelings, and came back, again and again, to significant episodes in his own childhood that caused him distress or doubt. His insistence upon doing the most menial and unpleasant chores himself -like the latrine dudes - was partly inspired by a selfless devotion to his responsibilities. But they were also more than that, a sort of spiritual purging not unlike that which T. E. Lawrence inflicted upon himself after Deraa.

One mother of two children who went to the school described her own impressions with great clarity and honesty. She was hardly an unbiased witness, for she was the wife of Aubrey Westlake, the school's chairman. 'One of its main disadvantages as far as my two children were concerned was its size. A handful of boarders of all ages, all individualists, and some of them problem children, cared for by too small a staff, who had to be jacks of all trades, although I do not mean to imply that they were master of none. The change from large classes of the same age group to almost individual age grouping was keenly felt. The woods, and the more adventurous and hardy outlook on life, partly compensated for this loss, but I know my daughter was lonely and eventually we took her away because of this. But not before it was evident that the Forest School, with its insistence on learning by doing, its encouragement of initiative, hardihood and self-reliance, had a very real and constructive lesson to teach sincere and forward-thinking educationists.

For one whole summer term I was at the school as housemother, doing the cooking, washing and looking after the younger children, so I had first-hand experience of the life. Its keynote was simplicity and a deep belief in the importance of learning by doing. There was very little equipment, so the fullest possible use was made of the natural resources of the place. The children climbed trees, made houses in them, using bracken and boughs. They played in a large, natural sandpit at the back of the house, and dug clay from a seam in the back, from which they made elementary pots and persuaded me to bake them in the oven. They never tired of the streams and the river or of exploring the wood and the edge of the New Forest Lessons and meals were out of doors whenever possible.' This mixture of the open-air life, at once school and camp, played tricks on memory. One former pupil, writing in the Forest School Camps magazine, admitted as much: 'I find it difficult now to separate school from the camp, and the memories of one from memories of the other. Some are easy, of course. The midnight battle between two bands creeping through the bracken of the New Forest that belongs to the camp. Latin taught by Leslie England in a bathroom because it was the most peaceful place in the school (I learnt it reluctantly and alone, but necessarily for Common Entrance), that belongs to the school. But did we ride New Forest ponies through the woods at night at camp as well as at school? If not, who looked after them?

'It is the kindliness and the laughter and the tolerance that principally remain in the memory. Somewhere along the line one learnt to read a map and pitch a tent and cook on a wood fire in the rain. These skills could have been learnt elsewhere, I suppose, but what Forest School had to offer was in those days unique.'

Mrs Westlake's own conclusion was similar. 'Life today is becoming increasingly uncertain and insecure and particularly difficult for the young. Victorian education - to which we still largely adhere - was education for a stable future. What is urgently needed now is education for an uncertain, unstable, sometimes almost hypothetical future, and this cannot be acquired or superimposed in a day. The aim of educationists should be to fit children for anything they may have to meet, not coerce them into a stereotyped pattern.'

Sadly enough, the school which set out to provide this kind of training was itself not destined to survive change. It became increasingly obvious that, as the danger of war, came nearer, the site of the school would have to be changed. By 1938, the New Forest site had been given up in favour of an apparently better school building at Whitwell, near Reepham in Norfolk, some twelve miles from Norwich. Cuthbert Rutter was still the head master, and his wife, Helen, remained the house mother, but a number of other staff failed to make the transition from Hampshire to Norfolk, and it was obvious to everyone that the coming war would soon end the Woodcraft experiment. By 1940 the school was closed, and its buildings taken over for the war effort.

Rutter, although he was by this time a weak, sick man, continued to teach, first at the Nottingham High School, and then in Kent at a senior elementary school. 'I helped my boys to feel that life in the classroom was really life and that it was theirs, "Good Heavens!" you may think, "if you can't do such a simple thing you can't begin to teach.' Quite true. But you would cry if you knew how often this elementary thing is not achieved. For sometimes it is hardly attempted. Not infrequently it is despised.'

In a letter to a friend in 1945, he described his war effort: In three short paragraphs. It is a remarkable document for its brevity in no way dims the essential driving force that had founded Forest School. Characteristically, he undervalued himself. 'I had far too little understanding of the special problems and wartime lives of my pupils,' he wrote. 'Nevertheless I did help them quite a lot to live and grow. I was richly blessed. Also I was worn out. I easily get worn out.'

Then he added a postscript, in which his enthusiasm for the original project swept back again. 'And yet I know that I have something to contribute and I hope that my little strength will thus be best used. Forest School has been evacuated by the army. When it re-opens I hope to help on committee and in work behind the scenes.'

But soon after, Rutter was dead. When the doctors operated on him, they found that his weak heart was almost twice the size of a normal one. To his friends, it seemed, somehow, a biological verification of the mail.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Hydro-geologist in Portwood, Southampton, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Founder of The Order of Woodcraft Chivalry.

Ernest married **Lucy Anne Rutter**, daughter of **John Farley Rutter** and **Hannah Player Tanner**, on 1 May 1891. Lucy was born on 6 Oct 1864 in Dewes House, Mere, Wiltshire and died on 5 Feb 1901 at age 36. They had two children: **Aubrey Thomas** and **Margaret Agnes**.

9-Aubrey Thomas Westlake<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 Jul 1893 in Redhill, Reigate, Surrey and died on 30 Sep 1985 at age 92.

Aubrey married Marjorie Gladys Harrod<sup>1</sup> on 28 Apr 1923. Marjorie was born on 27 Mar 1901 and died on 10 Dec 1975 at age 74. They had five children: Ernest Keith, Audrey Jean, Martin Neave, Marjorie Carol, and Richard Piers.

10-Ernest Keith Westlake<sup>1</sup> was born on 21 Nov 1924 and died on 18 Jun 1958 at age 33.

Ernest married Nora Whitton. They had two children: Carol Anne and Diana Elizabeth.

11-Carol Anne Westlake

Carol married Jonathan William Philip Sargent. They had three children: Thomas Keith, Phillip James, and Helen Elizabeth.

- 12-Thomas Keith Sargent
- 12-Phillip James Sargent
- 12-Helen Elizabeth Sargent
- 11-Diana Elizabeth Westlake

### 10-Audrey Jean Westlake

Audrey married William Cormack. They had two children: Eden Richard Chisholm and Ashley Keith.

- 11-Eden Richard Chisholm Cormack
- 11-Ashley Keith Cormack

### 10-Martin Neave Westlake

Martin married Valerie Mary Pike. They had six children: Geraldine Lynden Virginia, Leigh Ernest John, Fern Bridget Hannah, Clive Martin Russell, Jacqueline Margis Faith, and Rowan Beverley Sylvia.

11-Geraldine Lynden Virginia Westlake

Geraldine married Clive Bowen.

- 11-Leigh Ernest John Westlake
- 11-Fern Bridget Hannah Westlake
- 11-Clive Martin Russell Westlake
- 11-Jacqueline Margis Faith Westlake
- 11-Rowan Beverley Sylvia Westlake

## 10-Marjorie Carol Westlake

Marjorie married Peter Haig Stammers. They had four children: Helen Dawn, Vincent Ashley, Sonia Haig, and Robert Leslie.

11-Helen Dawn Stammers

Helen married Lawrence Paul Hornet. They had two children: Adrian Jason Travers and Jason Travers Peter.

12-Adrian Jason Travers Hornet
12-Jason Travers Peter Hornet
11-Vincent Ashley Stammers
11-Sonia Haig Stammers
Sonia married Ian Read.
11-Robert Leslie Stammers
Marjorie next married David Michael Harry Roy Burton.
10-Richard Piers Westlake
Richard married Patricia. They had three children: Emma Catherine, Piers Martin, and Sarah Louise.
11-Emma Catherine Westlake
11-Piers Martin Westlake
11-Sarah Louise Westlake
-Margaret Agnes Westlake <sup>1</sup> was born on 16 Oct 1896 in Hampstead Heath, London and died on 23 Apr 1986 at age 89.
Margaret married <b>Thomas Charman</b> , son of <b>Michael Charman</b> and <b>Sarah Stone</b> , in 1920. Thomas was born on 14 Mar 1863 and died on 11 Jan 1939 at age 75. They had two children: <b>Christopher Pan</b> and <b>Danae Margaret</b> .
10-Christopher Pan Charman
Christopher married Katharine Lucy Duthie. They had two children: Ellen Mary and Tom Edward.
11-Ellen Mary Charman
11-Tom Edward Charman
10-Danae Margaret Charman
Danae married Ernest John Harris. They had three children: Laindsay Margaret, Teresa Ann, and Tamzin Jennifer.
11-Laindsay Margaret Harris
11-Teresa Ann Harris
11-Tamzin Jennifer Harris
Tamzin married Raymond Pearson. They had one son: Ryan Carl.
12-Ryan Carl Pearson
Danae next married <b>Peter Haig Stammers</b> .

7-Josiah Reynolds Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1834 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 2 Mar 1879 in Highfield House, Boward at age 44.

• He worked as a Farinaceous Food Manufacturer.

Josiah married **Emily Harding**, daughter of **Robert Harding**, on 22 Jun 1864 in FBG Henbury, Gloucestershire. Emily was born in 1827 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Jan 1889 in Hardwick House, Malvern, Worcestershire at age 62. They had eight children: **Emily Mabel, Josiah Percy, Agnes Mary, Helena Maud, Digby Howard, Kathleen, Margaret**, and **Wilfred Stanley**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1849-Jun 1852 in York, Yorkshire.

8-**Emily Mabel Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 12 Jul 1865.

Emily married William Kelly Cornish.

8-Josiah Percy Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 25 Aug 1867 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 11 Jan 1943 in 20 Madeira Road, Bournemouth, Hampshire at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farinaceous Food Manufacturer in Highfield, Sandle Heath.

8-Agnes Mary Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 9 Jan 1869.

Agnes married **Albert Westlake**, 1,57 son of **William Colson Westlake** 4,12,34,52,54,57,143 and **Elizabeth Coventry**, 4,34,52,57,143 in 1890 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire. Albert was born in 1863 in Southampton, Hampshire. They had four children: **Violet, Albert Neave, Agnes Maud**, and **Kathleen Iris**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 1918 in Wayside, Waleham, Dorset.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1875-1879 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Surveyor and Architect in Southampton, Hampshire.
- He resided at Grosvenor House in Southampton, Hampshire.
  - 9-Violet Westlake<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Feb 1892 in South Stoneham, Southampton, Hampshire and died in 1978 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 86.

Violet married John Charles Hill Fowler.

9-Lieut. Albert Neave Westlake RFC<sup>1</sup> was born in 1893 in South Stoneham, Southampton, Hampshire, died on 4 Jan 1918 in France. Killed in action at age 25, and was buried in Niergnies Communal Cemetery, Cambrai, France.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an Officer of the North Staffordshire Regiment, attached to the 27th Squadron, Royal Flying Corps.
- His obituary was published in the Flight magazine on 4 Apr 1918.
- He was educated at Shrewsbury.
- 9-Agnes Maud Westlake was born in 1895 in Wandsworth, London.
- 9-Kathleen Iris Westlake<sup>1</sup> was born on 28 May 1897 in Wandsworth, London and died in Aug 1977 in Taunton Deane, Somerset at age 80.

Kathleen married **Andrew Knowlman**<sup>1</sup> on 13 Sep 1919. Andrew was born on 19 Jun 1884 in Islington, London and died on 13 Mar 1960 in Taunton Deane, Somerset at age 75. They had three

children: Iris Barbara, Kathleen Elizabeth, and Brian W. C.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper in North Finchley, London.
  - 10-Iris Barbara Knowlman was born on 31 Dec 1921 in Barnet, London.

Iris married **Thomas Kimber** on 17 Sep 1949 in Westminster, London. Thomas was born on 16 Jul 1900 in Reading, Berkshire and died on 17 Jul 1990 in Taunton, Somerset at age 90. They had two children: **Jane C.** and **Paul**.

- 11-Jane C. Kimber
- 11-Paul Kimber

Paul married Ann McFenton. They had two children: Thomas James and Henry Joseph.

- 12-Thomas James Kimber
- 12-Henry Joseph Kimber
- 10-Kathleen Elizabeth Knowlman was born on 29 Jul 1924 in Barnet, London and died on 4 Feb 2004 at age 79.

Kathleen married Robert Sylvester De Ropp on 11 Jun 1948. Robert was born on 1 Feb 1913 in Bath, Somerset and died on 19 Sep 1987 in Sonoma, Sonoma County, California, USA at age 74.

10-Brian W. C. Knowlman

Brian married **Pat Hales**. They had one son: **Andrew**.

11-Andrew Knowlman was born on 27 Jun 1967 and died on 4 Oct 2018 at age 51.

Andrew married Jane Frances Bowers. They had two children: Valentina Rose and Sebastian.

- 12-Valentina Rose Knowlman
- 12-Sebastian Knowlman
- 8-**Helena Maud Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 2 Mar 1871 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 8-**Digby Howard Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1872 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 5 May 1935 in Highfield, Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Infant's food manufacturer.

Digby married Ellen Teresa Mackintosh. They had one son: Digby Percy Cornwall.

9-**Digby Percy Cornwall Neave**<sup>1,2</sup> was born in Feb 1904 and died on 14 Oct 1991 at age 87.

Digby married Elizabeth Brightman.<sup>1,2</sup> Elizabeth was born in Mar 1908. They had two children: Caroline and Charlotte Elizabeth.

- 10-Caroline Neave
- 10-Charlotte Elizabeth Neave

Charlotte married Francis Robert Baden-Powell. They had two children: Edward James and Matthew Toby.

- 11-Edward James Baden-Powell
- 11-Matthew Toby Baden-Powell

Digby next married Peggy.

- 8-**Kathleen Neave** was born on 20 Dec 1873 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 8-Margaret Neave was born on 20 Dec 1873 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1876 at age 3.
- 8-Wilfred Stanley Neave was born on 14 Jun 1875 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 10 Aug 1932 in Homestead Nursing Home, Seaton Devon at age 57.
- 7-**Thomas Neave**<sup>124</sup> was born on 27 Nov 1835 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 4 Jun 1848 in Reading, Berkshire at age 12.
- 7-Agnes Neave<sup>1,4,61</sup> was born on 31 Jul 1837 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 23 Aug 1906 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 69, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

General Notes: Agnes Westlake 69 23 8mo. 1906 Fordingbridge. Widow of Thomas Westlake. Agnes Westlake was the tenth of the thirteen children of Josiah and Mary Ann Neave, but two of whom now survive. She was born at Fordinghridge on the 31st of Seventh Month, 1837, and continued to reside there throughout her life. When quite young she began to take active interest in works of benevolence and philanthropy, being only seventeen years old when she became a collector for the Bible Society; a service which she continued faithfully for more than fifty years, and for upwards of thirty years was Secretary to the local branch of the Society. For nearly forty years she entertained the "deputation" who came to address the Annual Meeting, at which time she made a practice of giving a "Bible Tea" at her home to those who were interested in the work. In 1863 she was married to Thomas Westlake, and for twenty-eight years she shared with him in the many good works and kindly deeds which he loved to do for the betterment of his fellow to vnspeople. Amongst these was the establishment in 1867 of an Adult Sunday School, which was successfully carried on for sixteen years; also the holding of periodical evangelistic missions, for which and other good purposes, T. Westlake, in 1879 built the" Victoria Rooms." Agnes Westlake was ever ready to help the poor and needy, ministering to their needs both temporal and spiritual. She visited them in their homes, in the workhouse and in the Nursing Home, and her evenings were often devoted, Dorcas like, to the making of "coats and garments" for them. Many a poor body will sorely miss her kindly visits and help now that she is no longer among them. She was a life-long total abstainer, and there were few causes in which she took a deeper interest than in that of Temperance. Evangelical Mission work at home and abroad had her near sympathy. She was a lover of hospitality, welcoming all sorts of good people to her house, whether they were ministers, missionaries or evangelists, and the beautiful grounds of her home were often thrown open for the holding of Sunday School fetes and other similar gatherings. In this way she sought during the fourteen years of her widowhood to carry out the wishes of her departed husband, and faithfully to serve the Lord whom she loved. A. Westlake was of a retiring spirit, but she did not neglect the responsibities of citizenship, and was deeply interested in all that concerns the social welfare of her country and fellow townspeople. Her political attitude was decidedly Liberal, but was not that of a party politician merely, but was the result of sincere conviction. For more than a year she had been in failing health, and at length found it needful to consult a medical man. Though suffering from a distressing malady, with much consequent weakness and suffering, she bore up patiently and bravely, until compelled to take to her bed, but a few days before the end. All through her illness she rested in the redeeming love of her Saviour, and even at times of severe suffering was kept in perfect peace. Her remains were interred in the ground adjoining the Meeting-house, which was built by her father, where she had joined in the quiet Friends' worship throughout her life, and amongst the friends and neighbours whom she has left behind "she, being dead, yet speaketh."

Agnes married **Thomas Westlake**, 1,4,54,61,123,141 son of **William Colson Westlake**, and **Mary Thompson**, 4,32,34 in 1863 in Neuchâtel, Switzerland. Thomas was born on 8 Oct 1826 in Southampton, Hampshire, died on 23 Jan 1892 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 65, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire. The cause of his death was Influenza.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Isaac Brown's school in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.
- He had a residence in 1844 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Sail cloth manufacturer. Business partner with his uncle, Samuel in 1844 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 7-Alexander Neave<sup>121</sup> was born on 15 Sep 1839 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 5 Sep 1845 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 5.
- 7-**Emily Neave**<sup>38</sup> was born on 28 Jan 1841 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 5 Mar 1861 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 20.
- 7-Samuel Reynolds Neave was born on 12 Nov 1842 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 12 Sep 1929 at age 86.

Samuel married Lillias Aiken Haviland, daughter of Daniel P. Haviland and Lilian Akin, on 10 Apr 1878 in FMH Hughesville, Maryland. Lillias was born on 15 Mar 1847 in South Dover, New York and died on 29 Mar 1935 at age 88. They had four children: Agnes Westlake, Charles Edward, Richard Ernest, and Allen Josiah.

8-Agnes Westlake Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 18 May 1879 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 10 Apr 1912 at age 32.

8-Charles Edward Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 Jun 1882 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 17 May 1967 at age 84.

Charles married Verlinda "Linnie" Raiford, daughter of Maiils Raiford and Anna Babb, on 18 Jan 1910. Verlinda was born on 21 Jan 1881 and died on 1 Nov 1950 at age 69. They had three children: William Rufus, Walter Haviland, and Charles Edward.

- 9-William Rufus Neave was born on 9 Dec 1913 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 20 Jan 1960 at age 46.
- 9-Walter Haviland Neave was born on 6 Jun 1916 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 8 Sep 1983 at age 67.
- 9-Charles Edward Neave was born on 30 May 1922 and died on 19 Jul 1991 at age 69.
- 8-Richard Ernest Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 23 Dec 1884 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 19 Jul 1964 in Maryland, USA at age 79.

Richard married Mary Thornton. Mary was born on 2 Nov 1903. They had five children: Allen Jay, Hazel, Mary Ann, Evangeline, and Robert Ernest.

- 9-Allen Jay Neave
- 9-Hazel Neave
- 9-Mary Ann Neave
- 9-Evangeline Neave
- 9-Robert Ernest Neave
- 8-Allen Josiah Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 May 1887 in Hughesville, Maryland, died on 28 Jul 1974 in Humble, Texas at age 87, and was buried in FBG Deep River, North Carolina.

Allen married **Ethel Raiford**, daughter of **George Raiford** and **Almedia Bowden**, on 28 Jun 1911. Ethel was born on 15 Feb 1883 and died on 5 Jun 1956 at age 73. They had five children: **Margeurite Virgina**, **George Reynolds**, **Richard Ernest**, **Lilias Almedia**, and **David Grigg**.

9-Margeurite Virgina Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 5 May 1912 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 9 Jun 1992 in High Point, North Carolina, USA at age 80.

Margeurite married Ratterman.

- 9-George Reynolds Neave was born on 2 Oct 1913 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 22 Oct 1991 in North Carolina, USA at age 78.
- 9-Richard Ernest Neave was born on 1 Feb 1916 and died on 31 May 1976 at age 60.
- 9-Lilias Almedia Neave was born on 28 Nov 1918 and died on 17 Oct 1983 at age 64.
- 9-David Grigg Neave was born on 20 Sep 1924 in Roanoke, Virginia, USA and died on 12 Oct 1984 at age 60.

David married Elsie Faye Foster on 1 Jan 1944 in Chesterfield, South Carolina, USA. Elsie was born on 3 Nov 1923 and died on 27 May 1996 at age 72. They had five children: **David Eugene, Janet Gray, Robbin Lynn, Starr**, and **Josiah Reynolds**.

- 10-David Eugene Neave
- 10-Janet Gray Neave
- 10-Robbin Lynn Neave
- 10-Starr Neave
- 10-Josiah Reynolds Neave

6-James Neave<sup>1,2,4,78</sup> was born on 30 Jul 1793 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 16 Apr 1862 in Southwark, London at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Grocer in Spalding, Lincolnshire.

James married **Mary Burtt**, <sup>1,2,4,78</sup> daughter of **Thomas Burtt** <sup>1,4</sup> and **Mary Hutchinson**, on 12 Jun 1823 in FMH Broughton, Lincolnshire. Mary was born on 7 Jul 1798 in Welbourn, Lincolnshire, died on 20 Feb 1833 in Spalding, Lincolnshire at age 34, and was buried on 24 Feb 1833 in FBG Spalding, Lincolnshire. They had five children: **James, Alfred, William, Mary Elizabeth**, and **Margaret**.

- 7-James Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 28 May 1824 in Southwark, London, died on 28 May 1824 in Southwark, London, and was buried on 3 Jun 1824 in FBG Spalding, Lincolnshire.
- 7-Alfred Neave<sup>1,2,4,17</sup> was born on 2 Jul 1825 in Spalding, Lincolnshire and died on 4 May 1871 in King's Lynn, Norfolk at age 45.
- 7-William Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 21 Feb 1827 in Spalding, Lincolnshire.
- 7-Mary Elizabeth Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 10 Apr 1829 in Spalding, Lincolnshire, died on 2 Mar 1833 in Spalding, Lincolnshire at age 3, and was buried in FBG Spalding, Lincolnshire.
- 7-Margaret Neave<sup>1,2,4,78</sup> was born on 31 Mar 1832 in Spalding, Lincolnshire (31 March 1830 also given) and died on 17 Oct 1904 in Ashton upon Mersey, Manchester at age 72.

General Notes: Margaret Fellows, 72 17 IOmo. 1904 Ashton-on-Mersey. Widow of James Fellows. Margaret Fellows was the daughter of James and Mary Burtt Neave, of Spalding, Lincolnshire. She married, in 1859, James Fellows, of Manchester, residing for thirty-eight years at Ashton-on-Mersey. She became gradually incapacitated for active work during the latter twenty-eight years of her hfe. For the last eleven years she was confined to her bed in complete bodily helplessness, unable to raise her hand to her mouth. By divine grace, the sad bodily limitations which were her lot were not allowed to result in repining or mental inertia; her active mind sought for opportunities of service, however small such service might seem to be, and thus she was one of whom it may be truly said: "She hath done what she could." "Hers was the pen of the ready writer," and whilst she possessed the ability, her clear and well written letters were prized by her friends, to whom she was ever ready to extend loving sympathy, counsel and encouragement. The gift of expressing herself in often beautiful poetry was a great solace in many lonely hours, and as she told a friend who visited her, verses were often composed during the sleepless hours of the night. She delighted in the visits of her friends. They were of all sorts and conditions: rich and poor, Dissenters and Church people, Captains of the Salvation Army, and the Church Army - all had a welcome, and from her pleasant room there often arose the voice of prayer or hymn-singing. Her sympathies were wide, and she took an interest in all that had for its object the uplifting of humanity and the extending of the liingdom of God on earth. She felt it her mission to distribute tracts and books of an improving and religious character, epecially those on Peace and Temperance, and during a year would give some hundreds away, and lend if she could not give. A good number of her own poems were printed, and of these she published three little booklets entitled "Lumen Cordis." The funeral was a qu

MORNING CONSECRATION.

Before the golden sivnrise

Shall bathe the eastern sky

When night's last watch is ended.

And dawn is drawing nigh.

Look forth from Thy soul's casement.

To see who waiteth there.

With heavy locks all wet with dew.

In attitude of prayer.

'Tis He! thy soul's Beloved,

Who standeth till the dawn.

That ere thou cross thy threshold

Thou mayst greet Him in the morn

That thy first words of converse

May unto Him be given;

Thy first steps, taken by His side,

May turn the way to Heaven.

Before the pain of conflict

The weariness of toil,

The wearmess of ton,

Ere yet the day's white record

Thou canst by sin assail.

Oh, ask Him for His blessing,

His staff to be Thy stay.

And crave a word or two with Him

On the perils of the way.

Tell Him thy heart is willing,

Thy flesh but faint and weak;

Ask Him to meet thee often, And words of comfort speak:

Ask Him to give thee nourishment.

For love and kindness sake,

And with thee now, ere He depart

The bread of hfe to break.

Ask Huu to watch thy footsteps.

And signal on the road.

For fear thy feet should wander

From the upward path to God;

Aye, ask e'en greater favour,

That His presence with thee go;

And thus beside the King's highway

Shall peace and blessing flow.

O blessed time and holy!

The night's sad watch is o'er,

Fresh breezes of the morning

Are floating round the door;

All others may be sleeping.

And silence reign around.

As the watchful stars grow paler

In the heaven's deep profound.

Awake! arise, O Christian;

Await, and watch and pray;

And open thy soul's portals

For thy Heavenly Guest to-day;

He stands, for thee He waiteth,

Waiteth to answer prayer;

Since thou art His and He is thine,

Oh, cast on Him thy care!

#### Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Letter writer and Poet.

Margaret married James Fellows. They had two children: Samuel and Marian.

#### **8-Samuel Fellows**

8-Marian Fellows<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 16 Feb 1865 and died on 31 Mar 1934 at age 69.

Marian married George Hodson.

Marian next married **Vernon Brayshaw**, <sup>1,2</sup> son of **Benjamin Brayshaw** <sup>1,2,48,55,144</sup> and **Rachel Ann Bowman**, <sup>1,2,144</sup> on 22 May 1907. Vernon was born on 23 Dec 1862 in Witney, Oxfordshire and died on 12 Apr 1949 in The Elms, Ashford, Derbyshire at age 86. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Dealer in Machinery in Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire.

James next married **Marian Reynolds**, 1,2,4 daughter of **George Reynolds** and **Deborah Horsnaill**, 1,2,4 on 20 Oct 1836 in FMH Rochester, Kent. Marian was born on 12 Jul 1809 in Rochester, Kent and died on 16 Oct 1851 in Spalding, Lincolnshire at age 42. They had six children: **Ellen, George, Reynolds, Henry Reynolds, Edmund**, and **Arthur Reynolds**.

- 7-**Ellen Neave**<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 28 Sep 1837.
- 7-George Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 11 Aug 1841 in Spalding, Lincolnshire and died on 30 Nov 1911 in Caple Villa, Uppleby Road, Upper Parkstone, Dorset at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at No. 65 In Clifton Street, Stretford, Lincolnshire.
- · He worked as a Grocer.

George married **Anna Maria Hall**. Anna was born in 1847 in Windsor, Berkshire and died on 22 Feb 1922 in 5 Westgate Buildings, Bath, Somerset at age 75.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1901 in Melcombe Regis, Dorset.
- 7-**Reynolds Neave**<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 13 Aug 1844 and died in 1845 at age 1.
- 7-**Henry Reynolds Neave**<sup>1,2,4,57,145</sup> was born on 6 Jul 1846 in Spalding, Lincolnshire and died on 13 Aug 1864 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire at age 18. The cause of his death was Pole Vaulting Accident at Ackworth School.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1862 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Apprentice Teacher, Ackworth School in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- 7-Edmund Neave<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 4 Apr 1848 in Spalding, Lincolnshire and died in 1849 in Spalding, Lincolnshire at age 1.
- 7-Arthur Reynolds Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 17 Nov 1849 in Spalding, Lincolnshire and died on 21 May 1923 in 3 Beaufort West, Welcot, Bath, Somerset at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Homeopathic Chemist in Cavendish Street, Salford, Manchester.

Arthur married **Emily Sinclair**. <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **Joseph P. Sinclair** and **Mary**, in 1892 in Bath, Somerset, Emily was born in Bath, Somerset and died on 23 Apr 1901.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a School teacher.

Arthur next married **Naomi**. Naomi was born in 1863 and died on 6 Jan 1942 in 3 Beaufort West, Welcot, Bath, Somerset at age 79.

- 6-William Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 21 May 1795 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1824 at age 29.
- 6-Catherine Neave<sup>1,2,14,28,127</sup> was born on 3 Jan 1797 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 17 Apr 1868 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 71, and was buried on 20 Apr 1868 in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk.

Catherine married **James Allen Ransome**, 1,2,14,28,146 son of **James Ransome**, 1,2,14,28,146 son of **James Ransome**, and **Hannah Hunton**, 4,14,15,28,127,137 on 4 Sep 1829 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire. James was born on 6 Jul 1806 in Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, died on 29 Apr 1875 in Old House, Carr Street, Ipswich, Suffolk at age 68, and was buried on 3 May 1875 in FBG Ipswich, Suffolk. They had five children: **Robert James, Catherine, Allen, Hannah**, and **Mary Ann**.

General Notes: JAMES ALLEN RANSOME (1806-1875), the eldest son, born in 1806, was, after being educated at Colchester, apprenticed to the firm of Ransome & Sons; he became a partner in 1829. For several years from that date he resided at Yoxford, Suffolk, where a branch of the business was established. He started a farmers' club there which was the precursor of many similar institutions, notably the Farmers' Club of London, of which Ransome was one of the founders. In 1839 he moved permanently to Ipswich, and under his direction the business assumed huge proportions. In 1843 he published an excellent history of 'The Implements of Agriculture,' part of which had been pre- pared as a prize essay for the Royal Agricultural Society. He had joined the society in 1838, served on its council, and was one of the most popular figures at its annual shows (cf. Farmers' Magazine, 1857, with portrait). He was alderman of Ipswich from 1865 until his death, which took place on 29 April 1875 at his house in Carr Street, Ipswich. By his wife Catherine (d. 17 April 1868), daughter of James Neave of Fordingbridge, Hampshire, whom he married on 4 Sept. 1829, he left two sons, Robert James and Allen Ransome, and three daughters, one of whom married J. R. Jefferies, an active member of the present firm (Suffolk Chronicle for 1 and 8 May 1875; Journals of Royal Agricultural Society, 1st ser. passim, 3rd ser. vol. v.

(1894); Annual Monitor, 1869 p. 147, 1876 p. 146). [Bacon's Agriculture of Norfolk, 1 844; Biographical Cat. of Portraits at Devonshire House, pp. 545-58; J. Allen Ransome's Implements of Agriculture, p. 17; J. E. Ransome's Ploughs and Ploughing, publ. in 'Practice with Science,' a series of agricultural papers, 1867, pp. 54, 55, 59; Ransome and May's Catalogue, 1848, p. 5; Bennet Woodcroft's Titles of Patents of Invention, 1617-185'?, 15 and 16 Viet. cap. 83. sec. xxxii. pp. 256, 270, 564, 712; Journals of the Royal Agric. Soc. i. 145; Suffolk Chronicle, '13 March 1830; Raynbird's Agriculture of Suffolk, pp. 188, 198; Annual Monitor for 1828 p. 28, 1851 p. 51, 1865 p. 149, 1866 p. 148; Registers at Devonshire House; useful information has been kindly supplied by Mr. Ernest Clarke, secretary of the Royal Agricultural Society.]

His date of birth is also given 6 Jul 1807 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AMinstCE.
- He was educated at Colchester.
- He worked as an Iron Founder and Engineer in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Councillor & Alderman in Ipswich, Suffolk.
  - 7-Robert James Ransome<sup>1,14,28,127</sup> was born on 27 Jun 1830 in Rushmere, Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 3 Jun 1891 in Stoke Hall, Ipswich, Suffolk at age 60, and was buried in Ipswich Cemetery.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Railway Engineer of Stoke Hall, Ipswich.

Robert married **Charlotte Louisa Taylor**, 1,28,127 daughter of **William Taylor** and **Mary Louisa**, in 1854. Charlotte was born on 27 Sep 1832 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, died on 6 Jun 1911 in Homesdale, Ipswich at age 78, and was buried on 8 Jun 1911 in Ipswich Cemetery. They had nine children: **William Allen, Francis, Alfred, Louisa Kate, Edith, Helen Charlotte, Rose, Jane**, and **Robert Stanley**.

General Notes: First part of her burial service was at St. Matthews Church, Ipswich.

- 8-William Allen Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born in Jul 1855 in Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 26 Apr 1872 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 16, and was buried in Ipswich Cemetery.
- 8-Francis Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 3 Mar 1857 in Duke Street, Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 3 Jun 1902 in Blackheath, London at age 45, and was buried in Ipswich Cemetery.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Stoke Hall, Ipswich, Suffolk.

Francis married **Marian Deane**, <sup>28,127</sup> daughter of **Arthur John Deane** and **Anne Elizabeth Dorman**, on 17 Jul 1883 in St. Giles, Cripplegate, London. Marian was born on 6 Aug 1860 in Derby. They had five children: **Allen Arthur, Frank Deane**, **Enid Marian, Sibil Dorothea**, and **Elizabeth Blake**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Of 20 Chatsworth Gardens, Acton Hill.
  - 9-Allen Arthur Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 21 May 1884 in Stoke Hall, Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 20 Sep 1885 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 1, and was buried in Ipswich Cemetery.
  - 9-Frank Deane Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 6 Oct 1885 in Stoke Hall, Ipswich, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a member of the Machine Gun Corps Cavalry.

Frank married Celia Noel Sandeman,<sup>28</sup> daughter of Col. William Sandeman and Janet Vaughan, on 26 Oct 1914 in St. Martin's, Acton Hill. Celia was born on 30 Dec 1887 in The Chestnuts, Church, Lancashire. They had one son: John Sandeman Deane.

### 10-John Sandeman Deane Ransome

9-Enid Marian Ransome<sup>28</sup> was born on 22 Dec 1891 in Claydon, Suffolk,<sup>127</sup> died on 23 Nov 1918 in 20 Chatsworth Gardens, Acton at age 26, and was buried on 28 Nov 1918 in Acton.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Ambulance Driver for Red Cross in WW1.
- 9-**Sibil Dorothea Ransome**<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 25 Nov 1892 in Clapham, Surrey.

Sibil married **Capt. Francis Wise Burgoyne Johnson**, <sup>28</sup> son of **Lt. Col. John Burgoyne Johnson** and **Matilda Mangles**, on 25 Sep 1916 in St. Peter's, Eaton Square, Belgravia, London. Francis was born on 9 May 1892 in Hamsteels, Co Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Caius College, Cambridge.
- 9-Elizabeth Blake Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 9 Dec 1894 in Gyppeswick, Staines, Middlesex.
- 8-Alfred Ransome<sup>127</sup> was born in 1858 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died before 31 Mar 1901.
- 8-Louisa Kate Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 25 Feb 1860 in 45 Duke Street, Ipswich, Suffolk.

Louisa married **Charles Edward Barry**, <sup>28,127</sup> son of **Charles Barry** and **Harriett Gardner Pitman May**, on 18 Sep 1890 in St. Mary Stoke, Ipswich, Suffolk. Charles was born on 12 Jul 1855 in Manor Road, Forest Hill and died in 1937 at age 82. They had three children: **Caryl Arthur Ransome**, **Noel Viele**, and **Hilary Cope**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with ARIBA.
- He was educated at Uppingham.
- He worked as an Architect in Kingscote, Tadworth, Surrey.
  - 9-Capt. Caryl Arthur Ransome Barry<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 29 Aug 1891 in 714 Nineteenth Street, Washington DC.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Architect.

Caryl married Crichton May Perigal.

- 9-Noel Viele Barry was born on 5 Feb 1894 in Washington, D.C., USA, died on 26 Mar 1894 in Washington, D.C., USA, and was buried in Rock Creek Cemetery, Washington.
- 9-Hilary Cope Barry<sup>127</sup> was born on 10 Jan 1900 in Lewisham, London.

Hilary married **Sybil Margaret Osborne**, daughter of **Edward Osborne** and **Phyllis Eliza Whitley**, on 14 Jun 1927. Sybil was born on 28 Nov 1895 and died on 23 Feb 1973 at age 77. They had two children: **Michael Ransome** and **Joan Mavis**.

### 10-Michael Ransome Barry

Michael married Evelyn Winifred Oxford.

# 10-Joan Mavis Barry

Joan married Martyn Oliver Rudkin. They had three children: Catherine Ann, Deborah Louise, and Sally Maria Joan.

- 11-Catherine Ann Rudkin
- 11-Deborah Louise Rudkin

### 11-Sally Maria Joan Rudkin

8-Edith Ransome<sup>99,127</sup> was born on 30 Jul 1861 in Duke Street, Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 29 May 1919 in Nutley Sussex at age 57.

Edith married **Edward Gibson Midgley**, son of **James Howarth Midgley**<sup>4,57,77,148</sup> and **Elizabeth Gibson**,<sup>4,57,148</sup> on 11 May 1881 in St. Mary Stoke, Ipswich. Edward was born in 1848 in Saffron Walden, Essex, died on 19 Jul 1881 in Cauldwell House, Ipswich, Suffolk at age 33, and was buried in St. Andrew's Church, Rushmere, Suffolk.

Edith next married **Llewellyn Midgley**, 99,127 son of **James Howarth Midgley**, and **Elizabeth Gibson**, 4,57,148 on 15 Aug 1883 in Collegiate Church, Neuchatel, Switzerland. Llewellyn was born in 1856 in Saffron Walden, Essex. They had two children: **Edith Muriel** and **Kathleen Ransome**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Stramongate School in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Lower Court, Chadlington, Oxford.
  - 9-Edith Muriel Midgley
  - 9-Kathleen Ransome Midgley

Kathleen married John Hill Morrison-Scott. They had one daughter: Helen Midgley.

10-Helen Midgley Morrison-Scott was born in 1919.

Helen married Leslie Brittain. They had one son: Mark Filmer.

11-Mark Filmer Brittain

Mark married Sarah Ann Cohen. They had two children: Edward James and Alexander Thomas Ransome.

- 12-Edward James Brittain
- 12-Alexander Thomas Ransome Brittain
- 8-Helen Charlotte Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 27 Mar 1863 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

General Notes: Date of Birth also give as 1862 at Wroughton in Wiltshire.

Helen married **George Frost Sexton**, <sup>28,127</sup> son of **George Mumford Sexton** and **Ellen Matilda Frost**, <sup>28</sup> on 11 Jan 1888 in St. Mary Stoke, Ipswich. George was born on 1 Dec 1858 in Earl Hall, Cockfield, Suffolk. They had four children: **Osyth Ransome**, **Gertrude**, **Jane**, and **Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Of Wherstead Hall, Ipswich.
  - 9-Osyth Ransome Sexton<sup>28</sup> was born on 7 Dec 1888 in Maple Hill, Kansas, USA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Received into the church 31 August 1894, St. Mary Stoke, Ipswich.
- 9-**Gertrude Sexton**<sup>127</sup> was born in 1884-1885 in Swindon, Wiltshire.
- 9-Jane Sexton<sup>127</sup> was born in 1888-1889 in Swindon, Wiltshire.
- 9-**Henry Sexton**<sup>127</sup> was born in 1891-1892 in Swindon, Wiltshire.
- 8-Rose Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 21 Jul 1864 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 20 Oct 1940 in Priors Wood, Compton, Guildford, Surrey at age 76.

Rose married **Norman Child Graham**, <sup>28,127</sup> son of **Christoper North Graham** and **Isabella McAndrew**, on 1 Jun 1887 in St. Mary's at Stoke, Ipswich, Suffolk. Norman was born on 21 Jul 1859 and died in 1931 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Tonbridge.
- He had a residence in Rockwoods Brook, Godalming, Surrey.
- 8-Jane Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 30 Aug 1866 in Duke Street, Ipswich, Suffolk.

General Notes: Married by her uncle Rev. Henry Footman.

Jane married **Edgar Turner**, <sup>28,127</sup> son of **William Turner** and **Rosa Garrod**, on 27 Feb 1889 in St. Mary Stoke, Ipswich. Edgar was born on 12 Mar 1861 in Ipswich, Suffolk. They had three children: **Monia G., Joan R.**, and **Mitas R.** 

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Of Hewahetta, Sri Lanka (Ceylon).
- 9-**Monia G. Turner**<sup>127</sup> was born about 1890 in Ceylon.
- 9-**Joan R. Turner**<sup>127</sup> was born about 1895 in Hewchate, Ceylon.
- 9-Mitas R. Turner<sup>127</sup> was born about 1899 in Hewchate, Ceylon.
- 8-Robert Stanley Ransome<sup>127</sup> was born about 1870 in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- 7-Catherine Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 23 Aug 1831 in Rushmere, Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 16 Nov 1903 in Nocton House, Lincoln, Lincolnshire at age 72, and was buried in Nocton, Lincolnshire.

Catherine married **Rev. Henry Footman**, <sup>28</sup> son of **John Footman** and **Harriet Susanna Wall**. Henry was born on 10 Feb 1831 in Cornhill, Ipswich, died on 13 Dec 1902 in The Vicarage, Nocton, Lincolnshire at age 71, and was buried on 16 Dec 1902 in Nocton, Lincolnshire. They had one son: **Maurice Henry**.

General Notes: Will dated 16 Nov 1900. Proved at Lincoln 29 April 1903 by William Cleverley Alexander and Maurice Henry Footman.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon of Lincoln.
  - 8-Maurice Henry Footman<sup>28</sup> was born in 1859 and was buried on 19 Nov 1923 in Lincoln, Lincolnshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor.

Maurice married someone. He had one daughter: Rachel Lily.

### 9-Rachel Lily Footman

Rachel married **Charles Grosvenor Varcoe**, son of **Richard Grosvenor Varcoe** and **Margaret Jones**, on 11 Apr 1928 in St. Peter's, Lincoln, Lincolnshire. Charles was born on 23 Jan 1904 in Stone, Staffordshire and died on 2 Feb 1955 in Cobham, Surrey at age 51. They had two children: **Susan Rachel Grosvenor** and **Myles Grosvenor**.

10-Susan Rachel Grosevnor Varcoe

Susan married **Timothy Leader**.

10-Myles Grosvenor Varcoe

Myles married Joanna Kemsley Cook.

7-**Allen Ransome**<sup>14,28,127</sup> was born on 15 Jan 1833 in Rushmere Lodge, Ipswich, Suffolk, died on 28 Jun 1913 in Retford, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 80, and was buried on 1 Jul 1913 in Newark on Trent, Nottinghamshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Civil Engineer of Bembridge, Isle of Wight.

Allen married Jane Bedford Browning, daughter of Jonathan Samuel Browning. They had 11 children: Samuel Allen, Allen Walter, James Stafford, Lewis Henry, Hester, James, Geoffrey, Christopher Hugh, Janet Mary, Gilbert Holland, and Emily Greaves.

- 8-Samuel Allen Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 10 Aug 1857 in 3 Priory Grove, West Brompton and died on 25 Feb 1859 in 3 Priory Grove, West Brompton at age 1.
- 8-Allen Walter Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 24 Apr 1859 in 24 Drayton Grove, Brompton, died on 7 Sep 1915 in Lewisham, London at age 56, and was buried in Hither Green Cemetery, Kent. Allen married **Maude Agnes Roe**, <sup>28,127</sup> daughter of **Charles William Roe**, on 26 Feb 1884 in St. George's, Parry Hill, Catford, Kent. Maude died on 1 Jul 1910 in Stonelands, Catford, Kent.
- 8-James Stafford Ransome<sup>1,28,127</sup> was born on 6 Dec 1860 in 24 Drayton Grove, Brompton and died on 26 Aug 1931 at age 70.

General Notes: MICE. Founder of The British Engineer's Association.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Of 3a Seymour Place, West Brompton. Founder of British Press Ltd.

James married Helena Grace Cooke, daughter of Maj. Thomas Cooke. They had three children: Lewis Stafford, Violet Grace, and John Edward Geoffrey.

- 9-Lewis Stafford Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 5 Nov 1887 in 34 Drayton Gardens, West Brompton and died on 25 Dec 1887 in 34 Drayton Gardens, West Brompton.
- 9-Violet Grace Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 29 Jun 1889 in Claremont Cottage, Datchet, Berkshire.
- 9-John Edward Geoffrey Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1891 in 34 Drayton Gardens, West Brompton.
- 8-Lewis Henry Ransome<sup>28</sup> was born on 21 Jun 1862 in 2 Andover Place, Camberwell Grove, Surrey and died on 22 May 1922 in London at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Fardon, Newark on Trent.

Lewis married **Jessie Charlotte Bond**, <sup>28,127</sup> daughter of **John Bond** and **Elizabeth Simpson**, on 20 May 1897 in St. Mary's, The Boltons, South Kensington. Jessie was born on 10 Jan 1854 in High Street, Camden Town.

8-**Hester Ransome**<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 10 Apr 1864 in 14 The Grove, The Boltons, South Kensington.

Hester married Dr. William Henry Frome Young, son of Henry Young.

8-James Ransome<sup>28</sup> was born on 6 Jul 1865 in 14 The Grove, The Boltons, South Kensington.

General Notes: FRIBA.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Architect of Beaconsfield, Bucks. & Kensington, London.

James married **Beatrice Marshall**, <sup>28</sup> daughter of **Frederic Marshall** and **Anna Maria Evans**, on 4 Mar 1905 in All Souls', Langham Place, London. Beatrice was born on 23 Jun 1873. They had one daughter: **Hiria Mary**.

9-Hiria Mary Ransome<sup>28</sup> was born on 4 Feb 1906 in Ridgewood Place, Simla, India.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was baptized in Christ Church, Simla, India.
- 8-Geoffrey Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 24 Aug 1867 in 14 The Grove, The Boltons, South Kensington.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Of Lindum House, Newark on Trent.

Geoffrey married Georgette Emma Brewer, daughter of Emile Brewer. They had two children: Marcel Geoffrey and Maurice Alfred.

- 9-Marcel Geoffrey Ransome<sup>28</sup> was born on 28 Sep 1903 in Paris, France.
- 9-Maurice Alfred Ransome
- 8-Christopher Hugh Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 26 Jun 1869 in 14 The Grove, The Boltons, South Kensington and died on 18 May 1870 in 14 The Grove, The Boltons, South Kensington.
- 8-Janet Mary Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1871 in The Eukestons, Clapham Common.
- 8-**Dr. Gilbert Holland Ransome**<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 5 Apr 1873 in The Eukestons, Clapham Common.

General Notes: MRCS. LRCP.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ipswich and St. George's Hospital, London.
- He worked as a Surgeon of All Hallows Hosp., Ditchingham. Of Bungay, Suffolk.

Gilbert married **Helen Louise Jones**, <sup>28,127</sup> daughter of **Henry Edward Jones** and **Louisa Horne**, on 24 Oct 1900 in High Ongar, Essex. Helen was born on 12 May 1872. They had two children: **Elizabeth Louisa Bedford** and **Margaret Ethel**.

- 9-Elizabeth Louisa Bedford Ransome<sup>28</sup> was born on 6 Apr 1902 in Bungay, Suffolk.
- 9-Margaret Ethel Ransome<sup>28</sup> was born on 19 May 1904 in Bungay, Suffolk.
- 8-Emily Greaves Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 6 Apr 1876 in The Eukestons, Clapham Common.
- 7-Hannah Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 21 Feb 1835 in Yoxford, Suffolk.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1850-Jun 1851 in York, Yorkshire.

Hannah married James Samuel Browning, son of Jonathan Samuel Browning.

7-Mary Ann Ransome<sup>28,127</sup> was born on 3 Sep 1838 in Yoxford, Suffolk, died on 9 Oct 1912 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 74, and was buried in Ipswich Cemetery.

Mary married **John Robert Jefferies**, <sup>14,28</sup> son of **William Robert Jefferies** and **Elizabeth Ayres**, in 1865. John was born on 22 Dec 1840 in Great Barford, Bedfordshire, <sup>127</sup> died on 12 Sep 1900 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 59, and was buried in Ipswich Cemetery. They had four children: **Mary, Harold Sellis, Elizabeth Lilian**, and **Marguerite**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Ipswich, Suffolk.
  - 8-Mary Jefferies<sup>127</sup> was born in 1868 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

- 8-Harold Sellis Jefferies<sup>127</sup> was born in 1871 in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- 8-Elizabeth Lilian Jefferies<sup>127</sup> was born in 1873 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

Elizabeth married **Dr. Francis Ward**. Francis was born in 1871 in Fatehgarh, Uttar Pradesh, India. They had one son: **Arthur Allen**.

- 9-Arthur Allen Ward was born in 1900 in Ipswich, Suffolk.
- 8-Marguerite Jefferies<sup>127</sup> was born in 1875 in Ipswich, Suffolk.

6-**Gundry Neave**<sup>2,4,17,125,146</sup> was born on 15 Sep 1799 in Old Manor House, Fordingbridge, died on 3 Feb 1871 in Woodbridge, Suffolk at age 71, and was buried on 8 Feb 1871 in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Grocer and Draper of Leiston & Woodbridge.

Gundry married **Lydia Hutchinson**, <sup>2,4</sup> daughter of **Jonathan Hutchinson** <sup>4,143,149</sup> and **Rachel Procter**, <sup>4</sup> on 6 Aug 1829 in Gedney, Lincolnshire. Lydia was born on 15 Mar 1804 in Gedney, Lincolnshire and died on 30 May 1830 in Leiston, Suffolk at age 26. They had one son: **Edward Gundry**.

7-Edward Gundry Neave<sup>2,4,67,118,132,133</sup> was born on 22 May 1830 in Leiston, Suffolk, died on 9 May 1916 in Billericay, Essex at age 85, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Grocer in Leiston, Suffolk.

Edward married Mary Ann Boyce Clark, 4,118,133 daughter of Richard Clark<sup>4,139</sup> and Isabella Brown, 4,139 on 13 Jun 1866 in FMH Leiston. Mary was born on 10 Mar 1846 in Minsmere, Suffolk, died on 18 Jul 1932 at age 86, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk. They had eight children: Lydia Mary, Bertha, Edward Gundry, Richard Gundry, William Gundry, Herbert Hutchinson, Winifred Marion, and Harold Hutchinson.

8-Lydia Mary Neave<sup>2,4</sup> was born on 28 Mar 1867 in Leiston, Suffolk and died in 1958 at age 91.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth.
- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1882-Jun 1883 in York, Yorkshire.

Lydia married **Alfred Henry Deane**, <sup>2,4</sup> son of **William Hack Deane** <sup>4,37,75,101,139</sup> and **Priscilla Salter**, <sup>4,101,139</sup> on 28 Sep 1892 in Ipswich, Suffolk. Alfred was born about 1855 in Reigate, Surrey and died on 18 Oct 1928 in "Haventhorpe", Ashford, Kent about age 73. They had one daughter: **Annie May**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Croydon School.
- He worked as a China and Glass dealer of Reigate.
  - 9-Annie May Deane was born in 1897 in Reigate, Surrey.
- 8-Bertha Neave<sup>2,4</sup> was born on 9 Mar 1869 in Leiston, Suffolk and died on 3 Feb 1951 at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Ackworth.

Bertha married **Burgess Henry Headley**, <sup>2,4</sup> son of **Henry Headley**, <sup>1,4,20,49,67,107,125,130,150</sup> and **Hannah Maria Burgess**, <sup>1,4,20,49,67,107,125,150</sup> on 21 Jun 1893 in FMH Leiston. Burgess was born on 7 Mar 1866 in Ashford, Kent and died on 17 Jan 1943 in 69 Oueen's Road, Ashford, Kent at age 76. They had four children: **Bertha Jovce, Mary Neave, Margaret Joan**, and **Esther Burgess**.

Marriage Notes: or Ashford

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Printer and Publisher, Headley Brothers. The Invicta Press in Ashford, Kent.
  - 9-Bertha Joyce Headley<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 23 Sep 1894 in Ashford, Kent and died on 14 Jun 1916 at age 21.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1910-Aug 1911 in York, Yorkshire.
- 9-Mary Neave Headley<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 3 Oct 1896 in Ashford, Kent and died on 7 Oct 1991 at age 95.

Mary married **Leonard Bell Pitt**, <sup>1,2,4</sup> son of **John Marsh Pitt** <sup>57</sup> and **Emily Hannah Davis Bell**, on 22 Feb 1928 in FMH Ashford, Kent. Leonard was born on 12 Dec 1901 in Ashford, Kent and died on 12 Dec 1979 in Summerville, Ulley Road, Kennington, Ashford, Kent at age 78. They had three children: **David Headley, Bertha Mary**, and **Henry Christopher**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Watercolour Artist.
- He worked as a Director of Headley Brothers, Publishers.

10-David Headley Pitt<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 25 Dec 1928 and died on 23 Jan 1998 at age 69.

David married Stella Diane Brothers. They had five children: Jonathan Ranger, Stephen Headley, Ann, Catherine Rachel, and Deborah Bell.

11-Jonathan Ranger Pitt

Jonathan married Jane E. Rees.

- 11-Stephen Headley Pitt
- 11-Ann RebeccaPitt
- 11-Catherine Rachel Pitt
- 11-Deborah Bell Pitt

# 10-Bertha Mary Pitt

Bertha married Arthur Carlton. They had three children: George Lance, Thomas Daniel, and Samuel Garth.

- 11-George Lance Carlton
- 11-Thomas Daniel Carlton
- 11-Samuel Garth Carlton

# 10-Henry Christopher Pitt

Henry married **Doreen Anne Gubbin**<sup>1,2</sup> in Apr 1959. Doreen was born on 14 Jan 1935 and died on 30 Jul 1972 in 44 Punch Croft, New Ash Green, Dartford, Kent at age 37. They had three children: **Nigel Gubbin, Roger William**, and **Timothy John**.

- 11-Nigel Gubbin Pitt
- 11-Roger William Pitt
- 11-Timothy John Pitt

9-Margaret Joan Headley<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 14 Mar 1900 in Ashford, Kent and died on 17 Aug 1982 in Webb Cottage, Saling, Braintree, Essex at age 82.

Margaret married **Joseph Quartus Smith**, son of **Joseph Tertius Smith** and **Matilda Rickman Horne**, on 6 Jun 1923 in FMH Ashford, Kent. Joseph was born on 5 Jun 1898 in Plaistow, Essex and died on 12 Nov 1971 in Woolpits, Saling, Braintree, Essex at age 73. They had three children: **Margaret Headley**, **Elizabeth Headley**, and **Angela Headley**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1916-1919.
- He was a Quaker.

10-Margaret Headley Smith<sup>1,2</sup> was born in 1925 and died about 1967 about age 42.

Margaret married George Dobry. They had two children: Josephine and Anthea.

- 11-Josephine Dobry
- 11-Anthea Dobry

#### 10-Elizabeth Headley Smith

Elizabeth married Alan Jordan. They had two children: Rebecca and Alison.

- 11-Rebecca Jordan
- 11-Alison Jordan

### 10-Angela Headley Smith

Angela married Ian Martin Howard.

9-**Esther Burgess Headley**<sup>1,2,57,151,152,153,154</sup> was born on 2 Feb 1903.

Esther married **Alan Harrison Penney**, 1,2,30,57,151,152,153,154,155 son of **Norman Penney**, 4,20,30,131,156 and **Mary Alice Collinson**, 1,4,30,131,156 on 10 Jul 1931 in FMH Ashford, Kent. Alan was born on 19 Jan 1901 in Tottenham, London and died on 2 Sep 1975 at age 74. They had two children: **Mary Burgess** and **Norman Headley**.

Marriage Notes: PENNEY-HEADLEY.-On 10th July, Alan Harrison Penney (1916-18), to Esther Burgess Headley.

PENNEY-HEADLEY.— On loth July, 1931, at the Friends Meeting House, Ashford, Kent, Alan Harrison Penney (1916-18), to Esther Burgess Headley.

General Notes: PENNEY.-On 2nd September, 1975, Alan Harrison Penney (1916-18), aged 74 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School in 1911-1915 in Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1916-1918 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University College, Lodnon in 1918-1920.
- He worked as an Accountant in 37 Parliament Street, Gloucester, Gloucestershire.
- He resided at 22 The Bridle Road in 1935 in Purley, Surrey.
- He worked as an One of the original Elders of Friends' House Meeting.

# 10-Mary Burgess Penney

Mary married **G. Maurice Pytches**. They had one son: **David M.**.

11-David M. Pytches

10-**Norman Headley Penney**<sup>2,153</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1937 and died in Jan 2004 in Croydon, Surrey at age 66.

General Notes: Penney.-On 10th October, to Esther B. and Alan H. Penney (1916-18), a son, who was named Norman Headley

Norman married Valerie Ann Martin. They had two children: Sarah Headley and Catherine Jane.

- 11-Sarah Headley Penney
- 11-Catherine Jane Penney
- 8-Edward Gundry Neave<sup>1,2,133</sup> was born on 5 Dec 1870 in Leiston, Suffolk and died on 27 Feb 1896 in Mere, Wiltshire at age 25.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Pharmacist in Oxford, Oxfordshire.

Edward married **Mary Eliza Walton**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **John Walton** and **Elizabeth Maidment**, on 26 Dec 1895 in Mere, Wiltshire. Mary was born in 1870 in Mere, Wiltshire. They had one son: **Edward John Walton**.

- 9-Edward John Walton Neave<sup>1</sup> was born in 1896 in Shaftesbury, Dorset and died on 23 Apr 1936 in Oakleigh, Gillingham, Dorset at age 40.
- 8-Richard Gundry Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 5 Aug 1872 in Leiston, Suffolk, died on 15 Nov 1970 in 2 Minden Drive, Leiston, Suffolk at age 98, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist.
  - 9-Lilian Mary Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 13 Oct 1904 and died on 21 Apr 1987 at age 82.
  - 9-Edith Bertha Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born in 1910 and died on 6 May 1958 in Hoades Court Farmhouse, Sturry, Kent at age 48.
- 8-William Gundry Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 7 Mar 1874 in Leiston, Suffolk, died on 10 Aug 1924 in Leiston, Suffolk at age 50, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk.

William married Gulielma Fryer<sup>1,2</sup> in 1903 in North Bierley, Yorkshire. Gulielma was born in 1879 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 11 Jul 1919 in Evesham, Saskatchewan, Canada at age 40.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Ackworth School in 1892.

William next married Ada Cullam.

8-Herbert Hutchinson Neave<sup>1,2,118</sup> was born on 27 May 1875 in Leiston, Suffolk, died on 15 Mar 1878 in Leiston, Suffolk at age 2, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk.

General Notes: Hubert is also given in the AM

8-Winifred Marion Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 21 Jan 1876 in Leiston, Suffolk and died on 9 Nov 1970 in 336 Canterbury Road, Kennington, Ashford, Kent at age 94.

Winifred married **Paul I'Anson Headley**, 1,2 son of **Henry Headley**, 1,4,20,49,67,107,125,130,150 and **Hannah Maria Burgess**, 1,4,20,49,67,107,125,150 on 5 Sep 1906 in FMH Leiston. Paul was born on 16 Feb 1873 in Ashford, Kent and died on 7 May 1943 in Hawcroft, Sturry, Canterbury, Kent at age 70. They had eight children: **Marion Hope, Paul Neave, (Bertha) Carol, (Winifred) Barbara, (Edward) Bertram, (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and Harold Mark.** 

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as an Ambulance manufacturer.
- 9-Marion Hope Headley<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 7 Jun 1908 and died on 5 Apr 1988 at age 79.

Marion married Kenneth Alexander Lee<sup>2</sup> on 28 Oct 1939. Kenneth was born in 1909 and died on 31 Mar 2001 at age 92. They had three children: Una Marion, Alison Hope, and Esme Joyce.

10-Una Marion Lee
Una married David Livingstone Newlands. They had three children: Joshua David Livingstone, Nathaniel Kenneth, and Marion Rebecca Anna Lee.
11-Joshua David Livingstone Newlands
11-Nathaniel Kenneth Newlands
11-Marion Rebecca Anna Lee Newlands
10-Alison Hope Lee
Alison married John Maxwell (David) Lamb. They had one daughter: Rosalind Isabella Hope.
11-Rosalind Isabella Hope Lamb
10-Esme Joyce Lee
Esme married Nicholas Harris. They had two children: Simon David Nicholas and Laurence Paul Alexander.
11-Simon David Nicholas Harris
11-Laurence Paul Alexander Harris
9- <b>Paul Neave Headley</b> <sup>1,2</sup> was born on 31 Mar 1911 and died on 21 Jul 1980 in 336 Canterbury Road, Kennington, Ashford, Kent at age 69. Paul married <b>Monica Risden Brown</b> . They had three children: <b>Faith Elizabeth, Paul Risden</b> , and <b>Edmund I'Anson</b> .
10-Faith Elizabeth Headley
Faith married Richard Chantler. They had four children: Ellen, Ashley, Rowena, and Crispen.
11-Ellen Chantler
11-Ashley Chantler
11-Rowena Chantler
11-Crispen Chantler
10-Paul Risden Headley
Paul married Kim Harrison. They had three children: Jessica Ruth, Amy Jo, and Euan Risden.
11-Jessica Ruth Headley
11-Amy Jo Headley
11-Euan Risden Headley
10-Edmund I'Anson Headley
Edmund married Vivienne Allnut. They had one son: Nolan James.

11-Nolan James Headley

Edmund next married Lorna Buckingham. They had two children: Matthew I'Anson and Pascal Stuart I'Anson.
11-Matthew I'Anson Headley
11-Pascal Stuart I'Anson Headley
9-(Bertha) Carol Headley <sup>1,2</sup> was born on 9 Mar 1913. (Bertha) married Robert Andreae <sup>1,2</sup> on 20 Jun 1942. Robert died in 1980. They had three children: Margaret Ellen, Francesca Winifred, and Veronica Barbara.
10-Margaret Ellen Andreae  Margaret married David Hillier. They had three children: Headley, Piers, and Kate.
11-Headley Hillier
11-Piers Hillier
11-Kate Hillier
10-Francesca Winifred Andreae Francesca married David Daniels <sup>1,2</sup> in Jul 1978. David died in Sep 1980.
10-Veronica Barbara Andreae Veronica married Chris Jones. They had three children: Ellen, Kirsten, and Edmund John.
11-Ellen Jones
11-Kirsten Jones
11-Edmund John Jones
9-(Winifred) Barbara Headley <sup>1,2</sup> was born on 28 Jul 1915. (Winifred) married Lawrence Rodenhuis <sup>1,2</sup> on 1 May 1943. Lawrence died in Nov 1958.
9-(Edward) Bertram Headley <sup>1,2</sup> was born on 12 Apr 1918. (Edward) married Jacqueline Booth. They had two children: Wilfred Mark and Morray Madeleine.
10-Wilfred Mark Headley Wilfred married Cristina De Cerezo Padellano. They had two children: Sarah Louisa Cerezo and Edward Henry I'Anson Cerezo.
11-Sarah Louisa Cerezo Headley
11-Edward Henry I'Anson Cerezo Headley
10-Morray Madeleine Headley  Morray married Kevin Charles Kerry. They had four children: John Edward, Robert Andrew, James Kevin, and Elizabeth Laura Anne.
11-John Edward Kerry

11-Robert Andrew Kerry
11-James Kevin Kerry
11-Elizabeth Laura Anne Kerry
9- <b>Headley</b> <sup>1</sup> was born on 4 Feb 1920 and died on 4 Feb 1920.
9- <b>Headley</b> <sup>1</sup> was born on 4 Feb 1920 and died on 4 Feb 1920.
9-Harold Mark Headley <sup>1,2</sup> was born on 28 Aug 1921 and died on 21 Jul 1937 at age 15.
Harold Hutchinson Neave <sup>1,2</sup> was born on 20 Dec 1883 in Leiston, Suffolk and died on 20 Nov 1967 in Canada at age 83. Harold married Agnes Creater. They had two children: Hugh and Peter Hutchinson.
9-Hugh Neave
Hugh married Josephine Marie Keefe. They had four children: Richard Hugh, Marie Colberg, Mark Vincent, and Kathleen Louise.
10-Richard Hugh Neave
Richard married Judy Anne Illingworth. They had two children: Karie Anne and Edward Richard.
11-Karie Anne Neave
11-Edward Richard Neave
10-Marie Colberg Neave
Marie married Richard Dean Hunter. They had three children: Aryn Michelle, Seth Andrew, and Marlee René.
11-Aryn Michelle Hunter
11-Seth Andrew Hunter
11-Marlee René Hunter
10-Mark Vincent Neave
Mark married Laurie Gaye Stewart. They had two children: Jennifer Marie and Heather Lynn.
11-Jennifer Marie Neave
11-Heather Lynn Neave
10-Kathleen Louise Neave
9-Peter Hutchinson Neave
Peter married Beulah Lois Bell. They had four children: Dwaina Lorraine, Harold Brent, Lori Lynn, and Michael Douglas.
10-Dwaina Lorraine Neave

10-Harold Brent Neave

#### 10-Lori Lynn Neave

### 10-Michael Douglas Neave

Peter next married Madeleine Marie Delia Paré.

Gundry next married **Susanna Green**, <sup>2,4,125,146</sup> daughter of **Joseph Markes Green** <sup>4,40,81,118,125,135,146</sup> and **Mercy Day**, <sup>4,40,81,118,125,135,146</sup> on 26 Sep 1833 in FMH Saffron Walden. Susanna was born on 27 Mar 1798, died on 18 May 1875 in Saffron Walden, Essex at age 77, and was buried on 23 May 1875 in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk. They had three children: **Joseph James**, **Henry**, and **George Gundry**.

General Notes: Susanna Neave, 77 18 5 mo. 1875 Woodbridge. An Elder. Widow of Gundry Neave.

In preparing an account of this meek and humble follower of the Lord Jesus, we are reminded of the declaration that "the memory of the just is blessed;" as the savour of her consistent walk, through a long course of years, and often through deep trials, arises with sweetness. It is not to exalt the creature that we write of her, but to magnify the grace and power by which she was what she was, in the hope that other pilgrims Zionward may be helped on their way, and our God and Saviour glorified.

She was the eldest daughter of Joseph Markes and Mercy Green, of Saffron Walden, and was born in 1798. In early life she had precious visitations of the Holy Spirit; but it would seem the conflicts through which she passed were deep and long, before she made that full surrender of heart and life that the Lord called for. In Third month, 1820, she writes in her journal - " My thoughts have too often been engaged in frivolous things, instead of those of high moment. When will the little temple of my heart be cleared of its idols, and become a fit place for the Lord Jesus to dwell in? Oh! what do I say? Is it possible that this wicked heart should ever become holy? With God all things are possible. I can only say, " Lord, be merciful to me, a sinner." So deeply sensible was she of the corrupt nature of her own heart, that it was difficult for her to realize her sufficiency to be of God; though the future proved that she had accepted Christ as her Saviour, and that He was precious to her soul.

In the year 1833, she was married to Gundry Neave, and went to reside at Leiston in Suffolk. Here, through a long course of years, her quiet consistent life bore much fruit to the glory and praise of God. Her poor neighbours found in her a warm friend and wise counsellor; whose steady light and loving spirit directed them to Jesus Christ as their Saviour and Helper, and whose sympathizing heart was ever ready to enter into their tales of woe. Placed at the head of a large and mixed family, she endeared herself to those under her care, and exerted an influence for good that cannot be fully estimated. And when it pleased our Heavenly Father to give her sons of her own, in addition to the motherless little one she had taken as hers, there was the earnest prayerful endeavour to train them up " in the nurture and admonition of the Lord." While her lot was one of much trial and responsibility, she was made a blessing to many; and in the little meeting to which she belonged, which for many years was held generally in silence, the i

She always felt herself to be one of the most unworthy of the Lord's flock, and often deplored her own short-comings. At the close of 1834 she writes "Oh! how have the cares of life, which have been earnestly attended to as duties through the present year, drawn me from the steady pursuit of the one thing needful; and though I trust I can still appeal to Him who seeth the heart, and say "Thou knowest that I love Thee," yet how little have I proved my love, by seeking to know His will, and endeavouring to obey it! Lord! I am all weakness, but Thou art strength. Be pleased to enable me to follow Thee in singleness of heart, and if another year is allotted me, oh! help me to spend it to Thy glory."

In 1857 she was appointed to the station of Elder by Woodbridge Monthly Meeting; respecting which she writes, "How awful for one so little spiritually minded as I am! like Martha, troubled about many things." A few years later - "Some six or seven years ago, I was often thinking of those words of our blessed Saviour- The harvest truty is plenteous, but the labourers are few, pray ye therefore,' and I did pray for more labourers; little thinking how the prayer might affect myself, - that my first-born son would be sent across the mighty deep to help to gather in the harvest. \* \* \* And shall I dare to detain him? oh! no. But wilt Thou, O God, who art of infinite compassion, enable me to bear the separation; or, if it be Thy holy will, prepare me to give up this mortal life, and for Jesus' sake grant a reunion where partings never come." For some years feebleness had increased upon her, especially after leaving the business house at Leiston, and settling at Woodbridge; but this became more decided on the occasion of her dear husband's illness and decease. At one time both lay prostrate, and it seemed doubtful which would be the survivor.\* As soon as she was able she left Woodbridge, never to return to it as a residence. She paid a long visit to her step-son and his wife at Leiston, and seemed much to enjoy being with them and her grandchildren; but finally accepted the offer of her dear sister Priscilla Green, and spent the last few years with her at Saffron Walden. Every year there was a marked decay of strength, and early in 1872 she had a serious illness: but was permitted to recover to some extent, and had the great comfort of welcoming home the son before alluded to, after an absence of nearly five years.

#### \* See Annual Monitor for 1872.

Near the close of 1874, she went upstairs for the last time, and the trial of her illness was greatly augmented by the increased failure of mental power. Prior to this time she had not been to meeting for more than three years. She often expressed a desire to have this privilege, when it was evident she was quite unequal to it; and for many months previously, it was painful to observe how great was the effort to come down stairs, and how much lessened her power for the quiet pursuits she had been wont to enjoy. But the mercy and goodness of God never failed, and His faithfulness was proved in the deep and dark waters through which she was permitted to pass. Many were the occasions of lively interest to her connections, when she would allude very humbly to her spiritual condition; often under some discouragement, in a sense of the holiness without which we are told u No man shall see the Lord." On the 13th of Second month, 1875, after hearing part of a letter from M. B. 13., she said that the promise quoted was a sweet one, "All things shall work together for good to them that love God: "but added, that these things were too good for her, she knew not how to be comforted by them, saying, "I want you to tell me of the blessed Saviour." She spoke of her want of assurance, and that some had so much joy. Passages of scripture were quoted to comfort her, and she asked for Jane Crewdson's last lines." Oh Saviour, I have nought to plead, In earth beneath or Heaven above, But just my own exceeding need, And Thy exceeding love. The need will soon be past and gone, Exceeding great, but quickly o'er; The love unbought is all Thy own, And lasts for evermore."

After they were repeated she said, "I have certainly no trust but in my Saviour. If I trusted in my own works, I don't know what would become of me. I hope I shall not be permitted to dishonour Him." The

difficulty of concentrating her thoughts troubled her; and on the promise being repeated, "Him that cometh unto Me I will in no wise cast out," she said, "sometimes I even doubt whether I have come to Him." On being reminded that though she might doubt her ov/n love to the Saviour, we were not saved by that, but by His exceeding love to us, she said "Yes! we love Him because He first loved us," and added that she "would not give up her hope of Heaven for anything," and, "I trust I have a well-grounded hope of Heaven." Her children and grandchildren were much on her mind, earnestly desiring their best welfare. She often liked to have a chapter or a hymn read to her; and once remarked that the Holy Scriptures were never before so striking to her, and that passages sometimes recurred with remarkable force. On the 21st of Third month, when sadly tried with confused ideas, she uttered the touching petition, "Most merciful and loving Father, oh! keep the things that belong to my peace for me, -I do not seem able to see them." Her nights were mostly very restless, and the anticipation of them very trying, and she would often pray for help: - once in these words, - " Gracious Father, Thou only canst help us through the night, we cannot help ourselves, - undertake for us. Most loving Father, give me patience." Again on the 20th of Fourth month, she said, - "Pray that I may be preserved in patience and submission, and enabled to bear all the suffering He lays on me." About this time, "Oh! if I could praise Him, if there was but the ability to render Him a little praise." On the 29th, "Oh Heavenly Father, grant me patience, that I may not be overcome by these trials, and so not enabled to glorify Thee in the fires." Nearer the end of life the seasons of delirium were longer, and the restlessness distressing both to herself and those around her, but times of consciousness were mercifully granted till within a few days of the close. When these appeared to have ceased, the soul, as from the border land, spoke to us through the wreck of mental and physical powers. Once she entreated, - "Oh! come, come, come!" - and then queried "who answers?" adding, "One who has passed through all the sorrows of humanity." More than fifty years before, the following lines, feelingly descriptive of her state at this time, were penned in her note book." When pain o'erclouds the speaking eye Where beams of intellect were bright, How sweet beyond the gloom to spy A ray of pure and peaceful light! Evincing that a Heavenly Guest Is dwelling in the sufferer's breast." Two days before she died, she repeatedly made allusion to "the Rock," and once said, "My oxen and my fatlings are killed, and all things are ready," adding "prepared!" On the 18th of Fifth month, about 5.40 p.m., we reverently believe she entered, arrayed in the wedding garment, into His presence whom she had loved and followed in the days of her pilgrimage. The language arose in some hearts, and was expressed before leaving the chamber, "Thanks be unto God who giveth us the victory, through our Lord Jesus Christ." The remains were interred at Leiston beside those of her husband.

Noted events in her life were:

· She worked as a Quaker Elder.

7-Joseph James Neave<sup>1,2,4,120,125,132,157,158,159,160</sup> was born on 27 May 1836 in Leiston, Suffolk and died on 14 Sep 1913 in Chatswood, Sydney, Australia at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Quaker Missionary.
- He worked as a Draper.
- He emigrated to Australia in 1876.

Joseph married **Eliza Appleton**, <sup>1,2,120,132</sup> daughter of **John Appleton** <sup>4,120,125,147</sup> and **Sophia Brown**, <sup>4,120,125,147</sup> on 20 Jun 1861 in FMH Winchmore Hill. Eliza was born in 1838 in Hounslow, Middlesex, died on 3 Apr 1864 in Leiston, Suffolk at age 26, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk. They had one son: **Joseph**.

8-Joseph Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 26 Mar 1864 in Westleton, Suffolk, died on 26 Mar 1864 in Westleton, Suffolk, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk.

Joseph next married **Helen Grace Davy**, 1,2,125,132 daughter of **Abraham Davy** and **Jane Dawson**, on 10 Sep 1872 in FMH Saffron Walden. Helen was born in 1839 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 5 Oct 1906 at age 67. They had four children: **Helen Susannah**, **Norton Joseph, Bevan Walter**, and **Stacey Arthur**.

8-Helen Susannah Neave<sup>1,125</sup> was born on 5 Oct 1873.

Helen married Thomas William Wardell. They had two children: Kathleen and Maynard.

9-Kathleen Wardell

Kathleen married Wallis Powell. They had three children: Margaret, Dorothy, and Susan.

- 10-Margaret Powell
- 10-Dorothy Powell
- 10-Susan Powell
- 9-Maynard Wardell

Maynard married Nicky Weir.

8-Norton Joseph Neave<sup>125</sup> was born on 6 Mar 1879 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 6 Jan 1937 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Friend's School, Hobart, Tasmania.

Norton married **Elsie May Kippax** on 14 May 1904. Elsie was born on 28 Jun 1874 and died in 1946 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 72. They had four children: **Alison Norton, Reginald Claydon, Helen Norton**, and **Patricia Mary**.

9-Alison Norton Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 12 Jul 1905 in Lindfield, West Sussex and died on 12 Dec 1991 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia at age 86.

Alison married Norbert George Baur<sup>2</sup> on 10 Jul 1929. Norbert was born on 4 Mar 1904 and died on 9 Oct 1958 at age 54. They had two children: George Norton and Rosemary Alison.

### 10-George Norton Baur

George married Margaret Ruth Moore<sup>1,2</sup> on 2 Sep 1955. Margaret was born on 9 Dec 1930 and died on 5 Mar 1993 at age 62. They had two children: Alison Louise and Angela Ruth.

11-Prof. Alison Louise Baur

Alison married Roderick Charles Best.

# 11-Angela Ruth Baur

Angela married **David Robert Bell**. They had two children: **Stephen Thomas** and **Lachlan David George**.

- 12-Stephen Thomas Bell
- 12-Lachlan David George Bell

#### 10-Rosemary Alison Baur

Rosemary married John L. Wood. They had three children: Sarah, Helen, and Elizabeth.

- 11-Sarah Wood
- 11-Helen Wood

Helen married **Steve Christie**. They had one son: **Lachlan**.

- 12-Lachlan Christie
- 11-Elizabeth Wood
- 9-Reginald Claydon Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 1 Nov 1907 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 9 Apr 1958 at age 50.

Reginald married Barbara Jean Park<sup>2</sup> on 23 Jul 1930. Barbara was born on 3 Nov 1906 and died on 10 Oct 1992 at age 85. They had two children: Barbara May and James William.

10-Barbara May Neave

Barbara married Ian McNulty. They had four children: Amanda Mary, Hamish Murray, Jane Elizabeth, and Penelope Anne.

11-Amanda Mary McNulty

Amanda married someone. She had one daughter: Emma Sara Jennifer.

- 12-Emma Sara Jennifer McNulty
- 11-Hamish Murray McNulty

Hamish married <b>Geraldine Ann Manning</b> .	The	y had two children:	Peter :	Murray	y and <b>Anthon</b>	y Murray
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- 12-Peter Murray McNulty
- 12-Anthony Murray McNulty
- 11-Jane Elizabeth McNulty
- 11-Penelope Anne McNulty

### 10-James William Neave

James married Cynthia Nicolay. They had four children: Fiona Robin, Patricia Jean, Christopher James, and Nicola Jane.

### 11-Fiona Robin Neave

Fiona married Iain Jeffery Stewart Duncan. They had three children: Katherine Ann, Emily Tracey, and Nicolas Alexander.

- 12-Katherine Ann Duncan
- 12-Emily Tracey Duncan
- 12-Nicolas Alexander Duncan

### 11-Patricia Jean Neave

Patricia married Stephen Mark Pearce. They had two children: Thomas James and Maximilian Philip.

- 12-Thomas James Pearce
- 12-Maximilian Philip Pearce
- 11-Christopher James Neave

Christopher married Keri Allen. They had one son: Alexander William.

- 12-Alexander William Neave
- 11-Nicola Jane Neave

Nicola married Bradley Troy Rockwell. They had one son: Conor William Douglas.

12-Conor William Douglas Rockwell

9-Helen Norton Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 30 Sep 1911 and died in 1994 at age 83.

Helen married Reginald Clive Arndell. They had three children: Andrew Clive, Judith, and Richard Norton.

- 10-Andrew Clive Arndell
- 10-Judith Arndell
- 10-Richard Norton Arndell

Richard married Vanessa Munroe. They had three children: Fiona, Felicity, and Angus.

- 11-Fiona Arndell
- 11-Felicity Arndell
- 11-Angus Arndell
- 9-Patricia Mary Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 7 Jan 1918 and died in 1962 at age 44.
- 8-Bevan Walter Neave<sup>1,2,125</sup> was born on 5 Sep 1880 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia and died on 12 Aug 1952 at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Dentist.
- 8-Stacey Arthur Neave<sup>1,2,125</sup> was born on 5 Aug 1883 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as an Architect.

Stacey married Mary Douglas Moore. Mary was born in 1890. They had three children: Mary Helen, Elizabeth Douglas, and John Bevan.

### 9-Mary Helen Neave

Mary married **Henry Tertius Headley**, son of **Lewis Percy Headley**, and **Amy Winifred Simpson Brereton**, Henry was born on 28 Mar 1917 in Ashford, Kent and died on 10 Feb 1996 at age 78. They had six children: **Amy Mary, Henry Neave, Stacey Alice, Bevan Michael, Frederic Adrian**, and **Susanna Joanne**.

# 10-Amy Mary Headley

Amy married someone. She had two children: **Pepper** and **Terra**.

- 11- Pepper
- 11- Terra
- 10-Henry Neave Headley
- 10-Stacey Alice Headley
- 10-Bevan Michael Headley
- 10-Frederic Adrian Headley

Frederic married **Dominique Kelly**.

10-Susanna Joanne Headley

Susanna married someone. She had one son: Joseph.

- 11-Joseph Headley
- 9-Elizabeth Douglas Neave
- 9-John Bevan Neave

John married Jocelyn Maddox. They had four children: Colin, Peter, Ian, and Helen.

- 10-Colin Neave
- 10-Peter Neave
- 10-Ian Neave
- 10-Helen Neave
- 7-Henry Neave<sup>2,4,125</sup> was born on 8 Nov 1839 in Leiston, Suffolk and died after 1893.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer of Barton on Humber & Cape Town, South Africa.

Henry married **Eliza Brown**, <sup>2,125</sup> daughter of **Robert Brown** and **Elizabeth**, on 24 Sep 1862 in FMH Kelvedon, Essex. Eliza was born in 1837 in Suffolk. They had five children: **Henry Charles, Alice, Henry Edward, Mary**, and **Mabel Susanna**.

8-Henry Charles Neave<sup>1,99</sup> was born in 1862 in Greenwich, Kent and died on 29 Dec 1932 in 53 Anlaby Park Road, Sculcoates, Kingston upon Hull at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Superintendent telephonist.

Henry married **Mary Fell Marriage**, 1,99 daughter of **James Botham Marriage** and **Beatrice Fell**, in 1893. Mary was born in 1867 and died on 10 Jul 1918 in Hull, Yorkshire at age 51. They had three children: **Henry James, Herbert Marriage**, and **Stanley Edward**.

9-**Henry James Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1894 in Cardiff, Wales.

Henry married Mabel Gertrude Addison. Mabel was born in 1896 in Sculcoates, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire. They had two children: Alan and Thelma.

- 10-Alan Neave
- 10-Thelma Neave
- 9-Herbert Marriage Neave<sup>1</sup> was born in 1895 in Cardiff, Wales.

Herbert married Gladys May Woodall. They had two children: Jean and Dennis.

- 10-Jean Neave
- 10-Dennis Neave
- 9-Stanley Edward Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 30 Jan 1902 in Newport, Monmouthshire, Wales and died on 12 Mar 1930 in Sutton, Surrey at age 28.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Heating engineer.

Stanley married **Edith Mary Brown**, daughter of **George William Brown** and **Edith Mary Birch**. Edith was born on 19 Feb 1904 in Hull, Yorkshire and died on 27 Nov 1995 in Wallington, Surrey at age 91. They had two children: **Sheila Mary** and **Bryan Edward**.

10-Sheila Mary Neave

Sheila married Arthur William Rook.

10-Bryan Edward Neave was born on 26 Jun 1930 in Sculcoates, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire and died on 29 Apr 1996 in Chilton Cantelo, Somerset at age 65.

Bryan married Roberta Jill Chippendale. They had three children: Christopher Bryan, Robert Graham, and Catherine Elizabeth.

- 11-Christopher Bryan Neave
- 11-Robert Graham Neave
- 11-Catherine Elizabeth Neave

Bryan next married Susan Elizabeth Wilson.

Henry next married Kate Alice Frazer.

8-Alice Neave<sup>125</sup> was born in 1863 in Shildon, County Durham.

Alice married **Leather**.

8-Henry Edward Neave<sup>125</sup> was born in 1866 and died on 12 Dec 1940 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Kyuquot, British Columbia, Canada.
- 8-Mary Neave was born in 1870 and died in 1870.
- 8-Mabel Susanna Neave<sup>125</sup> was born in 1875 in Lincolnshire.
- 7-George Gundry Neave<sup>2,4</sup> was born on 31 Jul 1842, died on 13 Sep 1842, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk.

6-Amy Neave<sup>1,2,25,35</sup> was born on 4 Sep 1801 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 5 Nov 1879 in Albert Terrace, Camberwell, London at age 78.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Annual Monitor calls her Ann, not Amy.

Amy married **Edmund Candler**, <sup>1,2,4,25,35,52</sup> son of **Lawrence Candler**<sup>4,21</sup> and **Katherine Peckover**, <sup>4,21</sup> on 17 Jan 1833 in FMH Fordingbridge. Edmund was born on 18 Jun 1807 in Cringleford Mill, Norwich and died on 26 Jan 1888 in Victoria Terrace, Camberwell, London at age 80. They had five children: **Ellen, Louisa, Frederic, Maria**, and **Herbert**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Theberton, Suffolk.
- 7-Ellen Candler was born on 22 Nov 1833 in Theberton, Suffolk.

Ellen married Charles William Harris<sup>2</sup> in 1880. Charles died in 1891 in Drowned At Sea.

7-Louisa Candler<sup>2</sup> was born on 25 Oct 1834 in Theberton, Suffolk and died in 1885 at age 51.

Louisa married Capt. Horatio Kindred<sup>2</sup> on 3 Feb 1864. Horatio died in 1894 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. They had four children: Ellen L., Caroline, Horatio, and Frederic.

- 8-Ellen L. Kindred
- 8-Caroline Kindred
- 8-Horatio Kindred
- 8-Frederic Kindred

7-Frederic Candler was born on 7 Oct 1836 in Theberton, Suffolk.

Frederic married **E. Pierce**. They had one son: **Herbert**.

8-Herbert Candler

7-Maria Candler<sup>2</sup> was born on 20 Jan 1840 and died in 1885 at age 45.

Maria married H. Carmichael. They had one daughter: Ethel Amy.

8-Ethel Amy Carmichael

7-Herbert Candler<sup>25</sup> was born on 21 May 1841, died on 15 Feb 1843 in Theberton, Suffolk. (13th February given in AM) at age 1, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk.

6-Susannah Neave<sup>2,4,147</sup> was born on 17 Jan 1804 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 28 Dec 1849 in Oldswinford, Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 45.

Susannah married **John Reynolds**, <sup>2,77,129,147</sup> son of **James Reynolds**<sup>1,4,21,129</sup> and **Ann Dendy**, <sup>4,21,129</sup> in 1839 in FMH Spalding. John was born on 13 Jan 1805 in Whitechapel, London and died on 20 Feb 1858 in Sittingbourne, Kent at age 53. They had three children: **Walter, Susan Jane**, and **Emma**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Clock and watchmaker.
  - 7-Walter Reynolds<sup>4,139</sup> was born in 1840 and died on 4 Jan 1872 in Deptford, Kent at age 32.
  - 7-Susan Jane Reynolds<sup>4,12</sup> was born in 1842 and died on 27 Oct 1869 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 27.
- 7-Emma Reynolds<sup>2,4,48,72</sup> was born on 16 Dec 1846 in Southwark, London and died on 26 Aug 1912 in West Bridgford, Nottingham at age 65.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Ackworth School.

Emma married **Frederick Douglas Barritt**, <sup>2,4,48</sup> son of **James Barritt**, <sup>1,75,121</sup> and **Elizabeth Smith**, <sup>1</sup> in 1881 in Leiston, Suffolk. Frederick was born on 20 Mar 1851 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 22 Aug 1912 in Basford, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 61. They had four children: **Douglas Reynolds, Alice Elizabeth, Agnes Mary**, and **Constance Hannah**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Incandescent importer and Gas fitter merchant. Barritt & Wesson in 22 Mansfield Road, Nottingham.
  - 8-**Douglas Reynolds Barritt**<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 12 Nov 1881 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, died on 12 Feb 1920 in Novorossisk, Russia. Pushed under a train, while guarding prisoners at age 38, and was buried in Haida Pasha Memorial, Istanbul, Turkey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Seedsman in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He emigrated to Saskatchewan, Canada.

Douglas married **Annie Elizabeth Scott**. Annie was born on 23 Sep 1887 in Harpley, Freebridge Lynn, Norfolk and died on 10 Apr 1970 in Chester, Cheshire at age 82. They had one daughter: **Annie Jessie**.

9-Annie Jessie Barritt<sup>1</sup> was born on 27 Mar 1920 in 5 Tower Wharf, Chester, Cheshire and died on 19 Feb 2004 in Chester at age 83.

Annie married someone. She had two children: Son and Elizabeth.

10- **Son** 

10-Elizabeth Oliver

8-Alice Elizabeth Barritt<sup>2</sup> was born in 1883 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 8 Oct 1913 in Montreal, Canada. In a street accident. at age 30.

General Notes: She was engaged to Joseph Wake

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.
- She emigrated Montreal, Canada in 1913 from England.
- She had a residence in Saskatchewan, Canada.

#### **8-Agnes Mary Barritt**

Agnes married Joseph Wake, son of Henry Thomas Wake and Hannah Sadler.

#### **8-Constance Hannah Barritt**

Constance married John Sidney Skillings, son of Thomas Skillings and Emma.

6-Samuel Neave<sup>1,2,131</sup> was born on 27 Nov 1805 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 1 Aug 1865 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Wood merchant & Grocer in Leiston, Suffolk.

Samuel married Mary Kirkham. 1,2,131 Mary was born in 1809 and died on 29 Dec 1896 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 87.

6-Sophia Neave<sup>2,28,127</sup> was born on 30 May 1811 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 16 Feb 1886 in 12 Granville Place, Portman Square, London at age 74.

Sophia married **George Ransome**, <sup>2,28,127</sup> son of **James Ransome** <sup>4,14,15,28,127,137,147</sup> and **Hannah Hunton**, <sup>4,14,15,28,127,137</sup> on 5 Jul 1838 in FMH Fordingbridge. George was born on 2 Dec 1811 in St. Margaret's, Ipswich, died on 18 Jan 1876 in 19 Lancaster Road, Westbourne Park, London at age 64, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London. They had one daughter: **Sophia Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in The Groves, Chester, Cheshire.
- He worked as a Chemist in Chester, Cheshire.

7-Sophia Elizabeth Ransome<sup>2,28,127</sup> was born on 30 Aug 1843 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 28 Oct 1909 in Dunrobin, Pinner, Middlesex at age 66.

General Notes: "Bessie" Ransome

Sophia married **Dr. George Granville Bantock**, <sup>2,127</sup> son of **Benjamin Bantock** and **Janet Munro**, about 1864 in London. George was born on 20 Feb 1836 in Golspie, Sutherland, died on 15 Jan 1913 in 46 Elgin Mansions, Maida Vale, London at age 76, and was buried on 18 Jan 1913 in Kensal Green Cemetery, London. They had eight children: **Cullin, George Granville Ransome, Ernest Leedham Sutherland, Percy Lewis M., Claude Ronald, Sophia, Constance Sybil**, and **Annie Elizabeth Granville**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with M.D.Edin., F.R.C.S.Edin.
- He worked as a Surgeon & gynaecologist.
  - 8-Cullin Bantock<sup>127</sup> was born in 1864-1867 in Golspie, Sutherland.
  - 8-Sir George Granville Ransome Bantock<sup>2,14,127</sup> was born on 7 Aug 1868 in 44 Cromwell Road, Notting Hill, London and died on 16 Oct 1946 in London at age 78.

General Notes: Source BMJ 1913.

Note: Studied with Frederick Corder... see database.

Edward Elgar dedicated the second of his Pomp and Circumstance Marches to Bantock.

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Bantock, Sir Granville Ransome (1868–1946), composer, was born on 7 August 1868 at 44 Cornwall Road, Notting Hill, London, the eldest son of an eminent surgeon and gynaecologist, George Granville Bantock (1837–1913), and his wife, Sophia Elizabeth (Bessie) Ransome (1843–1909). George Bantock had been born in Sutherland, where his father became gamekeeper for the infamous second duke on his Dunrobin estate. Granville Bantock's mother, from an East Anglian entrepreneurial Quaker family, was a munificent and vivacious theatre-loving woman. Bantock was educated privately in London. It was not until his mid-teens that he acquired the all-abiding musical intent that led him to clash with his father over a career in the Indian Civil Service. He was then sent to the London City and Guilds Institute to study chemical engineering, but was eventually permitted private lessons in harmony and counterpoint at Trinity College of Music and on 22 September 1888 entered the Royal Academy of Music, where his primary subjects were composition and harmony under Frederick Corder. Notwithstanding a flagrant musical naïvety, he was the first recipient of the Macfarren scholarship, and was eventually appointed sub-professor in harmony. On leaving, he was given the unprecedented privilege of a complete concert of his music. On leaving the Royal Academy in 1893 Bantock founded the periodical New Quarterly Musical Review, which ran for three years. In 1893 he conducted a burlesque, Bonnie Boy Blue, around the country. He then began a more lasting association with the Gaiety Company, run by George Edwardes: first on two provincial tours with A Gaiety Girl by O. Hall and In Town by A. Russell and J. T. Tanner in 1894; then abroad, with dates in the USA and Australia into 1894–5— characteristically, he returned with multifarious mementos, including a monkey. Over the next few years he continued to work in musical comedy, and even produced a couple of 'hit' music hall songs. The following year he toured with Stanford's Shamus O'Brien around north-west England and Ireland. Still unsuccessful at obtaining an academic appointment, Bantock organized two London concerts of works by himself and other young British composers—the first on 15 December 1896 to some furore. There followed a stint conducting incidental music for French plays at the Royalty Theatre, London, during May and into June 1897. Then at the beginning of June he took up an appointment as musical director at the Tower Gardens, New Brighton, Cheshire. This period proved to be a turning point in his life. First, on 9 March 1898, he married Helen Francesca Maude (1868–1961), daughter of Carl Adolph Herman Schweitzer. Bantock's wife was a poet and artist and was to provide numerous texts for songs and vocal works. The couple set up home at Liscard: two sons, Angus and Raymond, were born during their stay on the Wirral. Second, Bantock quickly transformed the military band at New Brighton into an orchestra of national reputation with programmes to rival those of Dan Godfrey in Bournemouth and August Manns at the Crystal Palace. He not only performed major orchestral works, but also devoted whole concerts to contemporary, often British, composers (invariably with them as guest conductors). He formed his own local choral society and took up an appointment with the Runcorn Choral Society in September 1897. He now too began to mature as a composer, escaping the dominating influence of Wagner in particular. The first of six sets of Songs of the East was begun just weeks after his meeting with Helen in March 1896, and Elegiac Poem (1898) and Helena Variations (1899) were highlights amid continuing, more sprawling conceptions like Christus (1900).

In 1900, backed with prestigious recommendations, Bantock became principal of the Birmingham and Midland Institute School of Music. The midlands were to become his musical home for most of his remaining career: another son, Hamilton, and a daughter, Myrrha, were born soon after the family's move south. (There was also to be another son from a later love affair with the singer Denne Parker, and it is thought there were other extra-marital liaisons.) He soon transformed the school into a vibrant musical centre, and also took up appointments with orchestral and choral societies in Liverpool, Wolverhampton, Birmingham, and Worcester. In 1908 Bantock replaced Elgar as Peyton professor of music at Birmingham University and began intertwining the teaching of the two establishments into one enterprising, broad-based system of education, with many prominent figures becoming associated with their work. Conspicuously active in the musical life of his adopted city, he was instrumental in the early establishment of a city orchestra. His involvement in the competitive festivals movement as a composer and arranger of test pieces and as a much travelled judge now also became a major aspect of his work. Though Bantock's personality possessed a strong streak of conservatism (he loathed jazz), this, like his later concern with brass bands, partly reflected his evolved political inclinations and commitment to the labour movement, which included work for the Workers' Educational Association and writing, at Keir Hardie's request, Labour March and other compositions for the Trades Union Congress.

Despite all his academic responsibilities, it was during his years in Birmingham that Bantock composed the body of work that constitutes the core of his reputation, including his best-known pieces, the tone-poem Fifine at the Fair (1911) and the overture The Pierrot of the Minute (1908). His music revealed an abiding fascination with world literature. This was manifest in orchestral works like The Witch of Atlas (1902) and Dante and Beatrice (1910), as well as in his many settings of poetry, of the Romantics in particular. From student days he had been drawn to the culture and philosophy of the East: Omar Khayyam, a setting of Edward FitzGerald's poem, is often regarded as his finest work. Its three parts were at first performed separately: the first at Birmingham (1906), the second at Cardiff (1907), and the final part at Birmingham again (1909). There were subsequently complete performances, notably at the Queen's Hall, London, and in Vienna.

Bantock also made fruitful use of oriental and Near Eastern literature, as in the charming if less ambitious string quartet In a Chinese Mirror (1933), and in his many settings of Chinese poets. Classical antiquity was the inspiration of some of his other excellent works, notably the Pagan Symphony (1923–8) and Sappho (1906). Though fascinated by more arcane spiritualities, he turned to biblical material for his Song of Songs and the second of his three innovative choral 'symphonies', Vanity of Vanities (1913). He involved himself with English, Welsh, and Irish song, but his Scottish ancestral

by Marjory Kennedy-Fraser.

Although Bantock's works had long been out of favour, he was knighted in 1930. He retired from Birmingham in 1934 and moved to London to continue work and touring for Trinity College. He recorded a set of 'mood' pieces plus a couple of more weighty works such as Four Chinese Landscapes (1936); the glory of his last years, the twenty-minute Celtic Symphony (1940), was also recorded on disc.

connection especially engendered a number of major scores. The most important of these were the enchanting Hebridean Symphony (1915) and the folk opera The Seal-Woman (1924), with a libretto

'GB', as he was known, was bearded and of broad bearing; a charismatic and much loved figure, genial and kindly, open-minded and full-hearted, energetic and enthusiastic, and known for his engaging sense of humour, eccentricities, and all-consuming fads. Cultured and linguistic, he corresponded with and befriended many of the most significant artistic figures of the period. He was conspicuously generous in his support of fellow composers at home and abroad. He was one of the first advocates of Sibelius, to whom he played host on his visits to England; and in gratitude, Sibelius dedicated his third symphony to Bantock and happily accepted the first presidency of the Bantock Society.

A prolific composer, noted for his commanding orchestration, Bantock left behind a wide-ranging œuvre, essentially Romantic, sometimes of grand conception, often expressly programmatic and inspired by poetic, heroic, and exotic themes. For some, his work was composed with an all-too-easy facility, lacking both self-critical restraint and an individual voice, and was too much steeped in late

Victorian and Edwardian Romanticism to survive beyond its time. For others, he left behind a fascinating range of music, including works to rival even the best of his more illustrious compatriots. He arguably remains one of the most unfairly neglected figures in twentieth-century British music.

Bantock died in All Saints' Hospital in London on 16 October 1946, after a fall following a minor operation. His ashes were later scattered on Moelwyn above Coed-y-bleiddiau, where the family had spent so many happy holidays. In 1972 his daughter Myrrha published Granville Bantock: a Personal Portrait.

### Vincent Budd

Sources Worcs. County RO, St Helen's branch, Fish Street, Worcester, Bantock archive · V. Budd, An introduction to the life and work of Sir Granville Bantock (2000) · M. Bantock, Granville Bantock: a personal portrait (1972) · H. Orsmond Anderton, Granville Bantock (1915) · T. Bray, 'Granville Bantock: his life and music', PhD diss., U. Cam., 1972 · Bantock Society Journal, new ser. (1996–9) · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1947) · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert. · P. J. Pirie, 'Bantock, Sir Granville', New Grove · private information (2004) [family]

Archives priv. coll., diaries, etc. · U. Birm. L., corresp. · Worcs. RO, corresp. and papers | BL, letters to his son Raymond; letters to Sir Henry Wood, Add. MS 69450; Add. MS 56419 · Bodl. Oxf., corresp. with Gilbert Murray · NL Scot., letters to William Wallace · U. Birm. L., letters to R. J. Buckley; letters to his son Raymond; corresp. with Ernst Newman · U. Edin. L., letters to Marjory Kennedy-Fraser SOUND BBC WAC · BL NSA, 'Granville Bantock', M1370R C1 · BL NSA, performance recordings

Likenesses J. B. Munns, oils, 1920, Barber Institute of Fine Arts, Birmingham · H. Lambert, photogravure, pubd 1923, NPG [see illus.] · G. H. Holland, oils, 1933, NPG · G. C. Hudson, oils, 1934, U. Birm. · G. H. Holland, oils, 1957–8 (after his earlier portrait), Royal Academy of Music, London · W. Stoneman, photograph, NPG · portrait, Trinity College, London Wealth at death £3562 2s. 5d.: probate, 6 Jan 1947, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Vincent Budd, 'Bantock, Sir Granville Ransome (1868–1946)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Oct 2009 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/30577

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Musician, Composer & Arranger.

George married **Helena Franceska Maude Von Schwietzer**, daughter of **Hermann Von Schwietzer**, on 9 Mar 1898 in Fulham, London. Helena was born in 1868 and died on 17 Dec 1961 at age 93. They had four children: **Julian Richard Granville**, **Raymond Robert Marcus**, **Hamilton George Francis**, and **Hermione M. S.** 

9-Julian Richard Granville Bantock<sup>1</sup> was born in 1898 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Prison Governor.

Julian married Marjorie Hurcombe.

9-Raymond Robert Marcus Bantock<sup>1</sup> was born in 1900 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.

Raymond married Margaret E. More. They had one son: Robin Granville.

10-Robin Granville Bantock<sup>1</sup> was born on 6 Sep 1931 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire and died on 26 Nov 1997 in 38 Bittell Road, Barnt Green, Birmingham at age 66.

9-Hamilton George Francis Bantock<sup>1</sup> was born about 1904.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chief Inspector of Police.
- 9-Hermione M. S. Bantock<sup>1</sup> was born in 1906 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 8-Ernest Leedham Sutherland Bantock<sup>2,127</sup> was born on 18 May 1870 in 12 Granville Place, Marylebone, London and died on 15 Oct 1928 in London at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Playwright.

Ernest married Laura May. They had one son: Paul Leedham.

- 9-Paul Leedham Bantock was born in 1921 and died on 20 Mar 1942 in Surrey at age 21.
- 8-Percy Lewis M. Bantock<sup>1</sup> was born in 1872 and died in 1874 at age 2.
- 8-Claude Ronald Bantock<sup>2,127</sup> was born in 1875 in 12 Granville Place, Marylebone, London.

General Notes: "Claude Ransome Bantock" also given

- 8-**Sophia Bantock**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1876 in Kensington.
- 8-Constance Sybil Bantock<sup>2,127</sup> was born in 1879 in 12 Granville Place, Marylebone, London.
- 8-Annie Elizabeth Granville Bantock<sup>127</sup> was born in 1884 in 12 Granville Place, Marylebone, London.
- 5-Elizabeth Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 31 Aug 1760 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in Jul 1789 at age 28.

Elizabeth married **Samuel Williams**, <sup>1,2</sup> son of **Nathaniel Williams** and **Mary**, on 8 Jul 1784 in FMH Fordingbridge. Samuel was born in 1758 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset and died in Jun 1809 at age 51. They had two children: **Samuel** and **Sophia**.

6-Samuel Williams<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 8 Apr 1785 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 24 Mar 1807 in London at age 21, and was buried on 30 Mar 1807 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-**Sophia Williams**<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 26 Nov 1786 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in Aug 1809 at age 22.
- 5-Lydia Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 6 Feb 1762 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 17 Dec 1785 at age 23, and was buried on 22 Dec 1785 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-**Sophia Neave**<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 9 Jun 1765 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire (January also given), died on 14 Jun 1783 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 18, and was buried on 18 Jun 1783 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Amy Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 19 Dec 1767 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 2 Jul 1790 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 22, and was buried on 8 Jul 1790 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 4-Moses Neave<sup>1,2,161</sup> was born on 7 May 1732 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire (6 May also given), died on 21 Dec 1794 in Poole, Dorset at age 62, and was buried on 28 Dec 1794 in FBG Poole.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Merchant & Draper in Poole, Dorset.

Moses married **Rebecca Futcher**,<sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **Michael Futcher** and **Hannah**. Rebecca was born in 1733 and died on 24 Apr 1760 in Poole, Dorset, (23rd at Fordingham, Hants. also given) at age 27. They had two children: **Michael** and **Esther** (**Hester**).

- 5-Michael Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Jun 1753 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Esther (Hester) Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 1 Nov 1757 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 6 Jan 1761 in Poole, Dorset at age 3.

Moses next married **Mary Moon**, <sup>1,161</sup> daughter of **James Moon** <sup>4,161</sup> and **Elizabeth Noble**, <sup>4,161</sup> on 28 May 1761 in FMH Bristol. Mary was born on 29 Sep 1732 in Philips Parish, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 5 Sep 1816 in Poole, Dorset at age 83, and was buried on 14 Sep 1816 in FBG Poole. (15th also given). They had seven children: **Priscilla, George, Martha, Moses, Catherine, Deborah**, and **Paul**.

- 5-Priscilla Neave<sup>1,2,161</sup> was born on 8 Mar 1762 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 5 Jul 1835 in Poole, Dorset at age 73, and was buried on 12 Jul 1835 in FBG Poole.
- 5-George Neave<sup>1,2,4,26,30,161</sup> was born on 17 Feb 1764 in Poole, Dorset, died on 18 May 1835 in Kinson, Bournemouth at age 71, and was buried on 25 May 1835 in FBG Poole.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Merchant in Poole, Dorset

George married **Sarah Kemp**, 1,2,4,26,30,161 daughter of **John Kemp**, 1,4,30,162 and **Elizabeth Horne**, 1,4,30,162 on 23 Mar 1813 in FMH Southwark. Sarah was born on 20 Oct 1775 in Grange Walk, Bermondsey, London and died on 16 Jul 1844 in Poole, Dorset at age 68. They had no children.

- 5-Martha Neave<sup>1,2,161</sup> was born on 11 Oct 1765 in Poole, Dorset, died on 5 Apr 1766 in Poole, Dorset, and was buried on 8 Apr 1766 in FBG Poole.
- 5-Moses Neave<sup>1,2,161</sup> was born on 11 Oct 1765 in Poole, Dorset, died on 20 Apr 1766 in Poole, Dorset, and was buried on 23 Apr 1766 in FBG Poole.
- 5-Catherine Neave<sup>1,2,161</sup> was born on 8 Jan 1767 in Poole, Dorset, died on 13 Feb 1768 in Poole, Dorset (12th also given) at age 1, and was buried on 17 Feb 1768 in FBG Poole.
- 5-**Deborah Neave**<sup>1,2,161</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1769 in Poole, Dorset and died in Mar 1839 in Poole, Dorset at age 69.

General Notes: Deborah was the last surviving child of Moses Neave and Mary Moon. None of Moses and Mary's children bore children. As a result Deborah who died a spinster was the last in the line. When she made her Will she bequeathed £5 to her cousin Elizabeth James. The rest was bequeather to her sister in law Sarah Neave. Sarah was the wife of George Neave Deborah's brother who died in 1835.

- 5-Paul Neave<sup>1,161</sup> was born on 10 Jan 1774 in Poole, Dorset, died on 19 May 1774 in Poole, Dorset, and was buried on 22 May 1774 in FBG Poole.
- 4-Elizabeth Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 22 Jan 1734 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 10 Apr 1810 in Alton, Hampshire at age 76, and was buried on 15 Apr 1810 in FBG Alton.

Elizabeth married **William Jeffrey**, <sup>1,2</sup> son of **William Jeffrey** and **Ann**, on 22 Jul 1756 in FMH Fordingbridge. William was born about 1733, died on 1 Apr 1799 in Alton, Hampshire about age 66, and was buried on 7 Apr 1799 in FBG Alton. They had four children: **William, Thomas, Josiah (or Joseph)**, and **Henry**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Yeoman and Miller in Alton, Hampshire.
  - 5-William Jeffrey<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 31 Mar 1757 in Isington, Hampshire, died on 9 Jul 1824 at age 67, and was buried on 14 Jul 1824 in FBG Salisbury.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Miller in Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- Miscellaneous: Discrepancy in detail for dates.

William married **Ann Rickman**, 1,4,30 daughter of **John Rickman** and **Elizabeth Peters**, 1,14 on 16 Jun 1785 in FMH Gardner Street, Sussex. Ann was born on 17 Mar 1757 in St. John Parish, Lewes, Sussex, died on 21 Mar 1793 at age 36, and was buried on 24 Mar 1793 in FBG Salisbury. They had three children: **Eliza, William Rickman**, and **John Frederick**.

General Notes: Between 1872 and 1880, he lived presumably with his family, in America. They then returned to live in Hastings.

- 6-Eliza Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born on 6 Feb 1788, died on 5 Nov 1819 at age 31, and was buried on 10 Nov 1819 in FBG Salisbury.
- 6-William Rickman Jeffrey<sup>1,123,124</sup> was born on 8 Jun 1790 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire and died on 10 Feb 1848 in Ashford, Kent at age 57.

William married Mary Ann Drewett<sup>1,123</sup> in 1840 in West Ashford, Kent. Mary was born in 1803 and died in 1872 at age 69. They had four children: William, Caroline, George, and Rachel.

- 7-William Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1841.
- 7-Caroline Jeffrey<sup>1,123</sup> was born in 1844 and died 2 mar 18571857 in Canterbury, Kent.
- 7-George Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1846.
- 7-Rachel Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1848.
- 6-John Frederick Jeffrey<sup>1,25</sup> was born on 4 Jul 1792 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire and died in Dec 1838 in Ashford, Kent at age 46.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as a Grocer.

John married **Elizabeth Wheeler**, <sup>1,25,124</sup> daughter of **John Wheeler** and **Ann**, on 6 Apr 1825 in FMH Kingston, Surrey. Elizabeth was born in 1798 and died in 1873 in Ashford, Kent at age 75. They had ten children: **Henry, Sarah Ann, John Wheeler, Mary, Thomas, William Rickman, Thomas, Anna Maria**, and **Emma**.

7-Henry Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1826 and died in 1848 at age 22.

7-Sarah Ann Jeffrey<sup>1,4,120</sup> was born on 22 Oct 1827 in Ashford, Kent and died on 13 Nov 1863 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 36.

Sarah married **Francis Wallis**, <sup>1,4,61,120,164</sup> son of **Abraham Wallis**<sup>1,4,38</sup> and **Mary Ann Marriage**, <sup>1,4</sup> on 24 Oct 1849 in FMH White Hart Court. Francis was born on 11 May 1826 in Pease's Hall, Springfield, Chelmsford, Essex and died on 25 Dec 1905 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 79. They had seven children: **Louisa** (**Laura**) **Maria**, **Edward**, **Richenda**, **Priscilla Gray**, **Elizabeth**, **Francis John**, and **William Jeffrey**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Croydon School 1836 To 1842.
- He worked as a Grocer & Corn Dealer in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 22 Newborough Street, Scarborough, Yorkshire.

8-Louisa (Laura) Maria Wallis<sup>1,14</sup> was born on 14 Oct 1850 and died in 1949 at age 99.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School 1861 To 1865.
- She was Quaker then Plymouth Brethren.

Louisa married **Robert Wilson**, 1,14 son of **William Wilson** and **Sarah Birkett**, on 14 Nov 1883 in FMH Scarborough. Robert was born on 23 Mar 1850 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 15 Feb 1933 in 16 Lynwood Avenue., Newcastle upon Tyne at age 82. They had four children: **Winifred Laura, Amy Muriel, Francesca Mary**, and **William Maurice**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at In Germany.
- He worked as a Hatter's Furrier in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He was a Quaker.
  - 9-Winifred Laura Wilson<sup>1</sup> was born on 27 Feb 1885 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1958 at age 73.
  - 9-Amy Muriel Wilson<sup>1,111,165</sup> was born on 2 Jun 1886 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was a Quaker.

Amy married **Pallister Barkas**, <sup>1,60,111,152,165</sup> son of **Charles Edward Barkas** and **Elizabeth Jane Watson**, on 12 Aug 1919 in FMH Newcastle. Pallister was born in 1889 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. They had two children: **Elizabeth Rosalind** and **Enid Laura**.

Marriage Notes: BARKAS-WILSON.-On the 12th August, 1919, at the Friends' Meeting House, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Pallister Barkas (1904-6) to Amy Muriel Wilson, of Lynwood Avenue, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

General Notes: PALLISTER BARKAS (1904-6) writes from the university at Gottingen, Germany:- "I fortunately am always well, so are the children; and Mrs. Barkas is now getting steadily stronger after a rather long illness. I am busy writing a book on the old bugbear of literary scholars. Metric. . . . The numbers of the University students have not yet declined. There is much difference of opinion as to whether they will, and whether they should. On the latter question, it should be remembered that German higher education is very much specialised on research, i.e., it is more a thorough preparation for a career in science or scholarship and less a general culture for the man of the world. On the former, families are very hard up, and students at the moment seem to

have no prospects; on the other hand, their prospects without a university education are as hopeless as with one; education is relatively cheap, say, £15-20 p.a. on the arts side, students can live for 100 mk. per month for the seven university months, or for less; about 20 per cent, or more get reductions and small subsidies of various kinds. My own impression is that the number of people with secondary education carried beyond 15 or 16 years of age will now be greatly reduced, but that the number with university education wiU be reduced less in pro- portion, though still somewhat reduced." *Bootham magazine - April 1933* 

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1904-1906 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an English teacher, the University of Göttingen before 1939 in Göttingen, Germany.
- He worked as a Schoolteacher after 1939 in Hartlepool, County Durham.
- He was a Quaker.

10-Elizabeth Rosalind Barkas<sup>111</sup> was born on 9 Nov 1921 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 31 Jan 2011 at age 89.

General Notes: Rosalind Priestman 9 xi 1921 – 31 i 2011

Rosalind Barkas was born in Newcastle but when she was only two years old her father was appointed to a position at Göttingen University and the family all soon moved to Germany. Although Rosalind often returned to England to spend time with her grandparents and later for education at Friends School Safron Walden, she was based in Göttingen until just before war was declared in 1939 and her early education was in German. The friends she made during her early life in Germany; her experience of growing up under a regime increasingly dominated by Nazi ideology; her difculties in coping with later schooling in English – which although she spoke she had rarely written: all shaped her character. She never lost her love of Germany and sympathised with what that country went through. And she also empathised with overseas students here who struggled to adjust to a different language and culture. Rosalind's Newcastle grandfather was a Quaker but her grandmother was a member of the Plymouth Brethren and the household was run according to her beliefs. Because of the increasingly diffcult political situation in Germany Rosalind and her sister were sent to school in Newcastle in 1935. This did not work out. They were mocked at school because they couldn't read or write in English and at home they struggled to accept the Plymouth Brethren restrictions – particularly on Sunday activities. After a year they were moved to Saffron Walden where they found a completely different atmosphere and Rosalind was soon reading voraciously. She also very much enjoyed the art classes. The girls continued to return to Germany for holidays although life there was becoming increasingly diffcult. Horrifed at what was happening to their Jewish friends, they tore down anti-Jewish posters and refused to use the greeting 'Heil Hitler'. During the next few years their parents helped between 50 and 100 Jews to leave the country. However, these activities and the fact that her father was on a Nazi black list meant that eventually in 1939 they all had to leave in a hurry with hardly any money or possessions and without a job to go to. Eventually he got a post teaching at a school in Hartlepool. Rosalind had started to go to Quaker Meetings when still at Saffron Walden and continued to do so while she was at Edinburgh University reading frst German and then an Arts degree which included History, Psychology and Philosophy. Afterwards she spent a year at Woodbrooke while studying for her Teaching Diploma and felt very much at home with the Quakerism she found there. She was infuenced by Friends such as Hugh Doncaster, Jack Hoyland and Konrad Braun. At the end of her course she was ofered the frst teaching job she applied for but found that the school did not accept conscientious objectors on the staff and therefore said she could not take the job. So she then joined Friends Relief Service (FRS) and taught FRS workers German in preparation for the reconstruction work to be done in Germany after the war. A young man called Eric Priestman was one of her students. In addition to her teaching duties she also helped in the FRS ofce and worked long hours in hospitals, shelters and evacuation hostels – often with Eric. She wrote later that she thought "of the momentous days at Woodbrooke and of my decision to join FRS as the foundation stones of my life." After her marriage to Eric in 1945 they became wardens of Gordon House, the then overseas assembly centre in London and where their frst child was born. Later they returned to Birmingham while Eric studied in Woodbrooke for a BA in social studies from Birmingham University and Rosalind helped to support the family by editing a major English-German dictionary. Their home in Birmingham saw the birth of their second and third children and a succession of German au pairs. After some years Eric's job took the family to Maidstone for eleven years (and the fnal addition to their family) and then, in 1967, he was appointed to the staff at Sheffield Polytechnic to teach management studies. Rosalind was delighted to move back to the north and later always spoke of Sheffield and its lively welcoming Meeting with great affection. She first taught at a small girls' grammar school and was able to arrange exchange visits for the girls with a school in Göttingen. As their children became more independent Rosalind increased and widened her work for Friends. As well as numerous local appointments, she served on Yearly Meeting Agenda Committee, clerked the Europe Committee and attended East Germany Yearly Meeting as our Yearly Meeting representative. Later she was to return to visit German Friends on many occasions and she was always welcomed. One seminar on clerkship she conducted is remembered for "combining both practical and inspirational aspects and was conducted with quiet humour and modesty". When their children had all left home, Rosalind and Eric felt it was time for a change. In 1976 they answered an advertisement for Woodbrooke wardens and were accepted. They both found the following six years rewarding and also full of challenges. A number of staff who had been at Woodbrooke for many years were leaving and therefore changes had to be made and managed. The Priestmans' combined experience enabled them to cope – even a complete change of diet was achieved, although not without diffculty. The college housed 70 term-time students and at any one time they could be from 20 different countries. Many of these found it diffcult to adjust to life in England and Rosalind from her own experience was able to help. Also a number of the UK students had come to Woodbrooke at a time of crisis in their lives and her counselling experience (gained through marriage guidance work in Sheffield) was useful. During this time Woodbrooke on the Road was initiated and Rosalind enjoyed taking part, visiting Meetings both in this country and in Europe. It has since gone from strength to strength. At the end of their time at Woodbrooke they were welcomed back to Sheffield and enjoyed a few richly rewarding years, taking a full part in the Meeting. Sadly this was not to last and in 1985, unexpectedly, Eric had a heart attack and died. Although the next few years were difcult for her, typically Rosalind turned her own experience into help for others and became a bereavement counsellor. Shefeld Friends remember "her gift of being able to listen quietly to others and her ability to empathise with them". "She was never intrusive or judgemental but ofered her time, her advice and her wisdom". And she always encouraged new members of the meeting to become familiar with the wider Quaker family. She was involved in the revision of Quaker faith & practice – particularly the chapter on personal relationships – and invited groups to her home to answer their often searching questions. In the nineties, Rosalind heard a talk at Yorkshire General Meeting about a new

retirement community which the Joseph Rowntree Foundation was building on the outskirts of York. She learnt that one member of Sheffield Meeting had decided to move to Hartrigg Oaks and since she was determined not to be a burden on her family, she visited the site and soon decided to put down her own deposit. She was one of the first to move into Hartrigg but before moving she had been asked to join a shadow committee to assist with helping new residents settle in. Again, Rosalind's experience and organising ability stood her in good stead. During the first nine months she spent many hours listening to the new residents' hopes and fears, chaired the Residents Meetings, and helped to lay the foundations of the committee structure that is still in place. She also hosted a University of the Third Age (U3A) course in her bungalow – teaching German. New Earswick Meeting welcomed Rosalind and she soon became an active member – serving as an overseer, joining in discussion groups, and fund-raising for the new extension to the meeting house. She was conscious that there could be difculties for the Meeting when large numbers of Hartrigg Friends came to join them and tried to make sure that this was approached sensitively. Rosalind had a gift for making lasting friendships and always kept in touch with friends she had made during each stage of her life. She carried on an extensive correspondence with friends from all over the world who all knew they would be welcomed into her home whenever they were anywhere near her. One note about her reads, "We always left her company refreshed in our friendship and faith." Part of William Blake's poem 'Auguries of Innocence' was read at her Memorial Meeting. It approopriately resonates with Rosalind's long life of service:

"Joy and woe are woven fne,

A clothing for the soul divine.

Under every grief and pine

Runs a joy with silken twine."

Signed in and on behalf of York Area Meeting,

Held at Acomb on 6 July 2011 Barbara Windle, Clerk -----

BARKAS.— On November 9th, 1921, at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Muriel, wife of Palliister Barkas (1904-6), a daughter, who was named Elizabeth Rosalind.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Friends' School Saffron Walden.
- She was educated at University of Edinburgh.
- She was educated at Woodbrooke College.
- She worked as a member of the Friends' Relief Service.
- She worked as a School teacher.

Elizabeth married Eric Priestman in 1945. Eric died in 1985.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They worked as a Wardens of Woodbrooke College.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Schoolmaster.

10-Enid Laura Barkas was born in 1924 and died on 3 Nov 1913 at age -11.

General Notes: Bloomfield, Enid Laura (nee Barkas) -

Passed away peacefully on Sunday 3rd November 2013 at Parkwood Lodge, Waikanae.

Much loved wife of the late Walter, dearly loved mother and Mutti of Rachel and Helen, Peter, Jeremy and Chris; and Oma to Max and Anna, and Tom.

A celebration of Enid's life will be held at the Waikanae Funeral Home Chapel, Kapanui Road, Waikanae on Friday 8th November at 2:00pm.

Please join us for afternoon tea at Parklands Social Centre, Sylvan Ave, Waikanae from 3pm.

Ninness Funeral Home (04) 237-4174

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Friends' School Saffron Walden.
- She worked as a Primary school teacher.

Enid married Walter Bloomfield.

9-Francesca Mary Wilson<sup>14,166</sup> was born on 1 Jan 1888 in 37 Holly Avenue, Newcastle upon Tyne and died on 4 Mar 1981 in Royal Free Hospital, London at age 93.

General Notes: Wilson, Francesca Mary (1888–1981), schoolteacher and refugee relief worker, was born into a Quaker family, at 37 Holly Avenue in Newcastle upon Tyne on 1 January 1888, the daughter of Robert Wilson (1850–1933), a hatter's furrier who owned a family concern of considerable size, and his wife, Laura Maria Wallis (1850–1949). In 1892 the family's standing within their Quaker community was compromised when Laura converted from the Society of Friends to the Plymouth Brethren, an event later described by Francesca as a 'cataclysm' (Horder, 4–5). Her father, a pacifist with an international outlook, was an influential presence in her life and he encouraged her educational aspirations. Following an education at the Central Newcastle High School for Girls and Armstrong College she entered Newnham College, Cambridge, in 1906, where she took honours in parts 1 and 2 of the historical tripos (1908, 1909). Qualifying with the Cambridge teachers' certificate in 1912, she became an assistant mistress at Bath high school before moving to Gravesend County School for Girls, where she taught from 1914 to 1916. While teaching in Gravesend in 1914, Wilson came into contact with Belgian refugees and decided temporarily to abandon her teaching career to undertake relief work abroad. In 1916 she worked with children at Samoëns, in the Haute Savoie, under the auspices of the Friends' War Victims Relief Committee. The following year she was sent to Corsica for the Serbian Relief Fund, providing occupational therapy for wounded and displaced Serbs, before joining her brother Maurice Wilson (1889–1925) undertaking similar work in north Africa. In February 1919 she moved to Serbia where she distributed food and clothing in Niš, Grdelica, and Belgrade. She developed a lifelong love of Serbia and her first book, Portraits and Sketches of Serbia, published in 1920 was motivated by a desire to raise awareness of Serbia's need for post-war relief and reconstruction.

In 1919 Wilson joined Dr Hilda Clark's Quaker Relief Mission in Vienna where she spent three years organizing food depots. While in Vienna she met the art educator Professor Franz Cižek and organized an exhibition of child art by his pupils which aimed to disseminate Cižek's pedagogical theories and raise money and awareness for the recently formed Save the Children Fund. The exhibition opened in London on 18 November 1920 and then toured the UK and Ireland. After undertaking famine relief with a Quaker team in Buzuluk, Russia, during 1922–3, she took the Cižek exhibition to the USA where it opened at the Metropolitan Museum, New York, on 10 December 1923, subsequently touring American cities, Canada, and Australia. The exhibition contributed to establishing Cižek's standing among progressive educators in the UK and America in this period.

In 1925 Wilson settled in Birmingham, where she taught history at the Edgbaston Church of England College for Girls. She opened her home in Duchess Road, Edgbaston, to a succession of Russian émigré children whom she 'adopted', and to Nicolai Bachtin (1896–1950) whom she met in Paris in 1928 where he was part of a white Russian émigré intellectual circle. Bachtin became one of the most influential people in her life, settling in Britain permanently in 1932, initially in Cambridge, before moving to the University of Southampton. In 1938 he moved to the University of Birmingham where he taught classics and linguistics until his death. They appear to have been romantically involved for the first year, after which their relationship evolved into an intense friendship. She also took in a number of lodgers including the Nobel laureate and DNA pioneer Maurice Wilkins.

Wilson maintained her interest in international affairs, travelling to the Balkans in 1929 at the request of Hilda Clark to investigate conditions in Macedonia for the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom (WILPF). Her subsequent report was delivered to the WILPF Sixth International Congress in Prague in August 1929 and published the following year as Yugoslavian Macedonia. In the 1930s she opened her home to refugees, including the art historian Nikolaus Pevsner whom she met in Göttingen in 1933 on a visit to her sister Muriel and brother-in-law Pallister Barkas. She was increasingly worried about fascism, and the outbreak of the Spanish Civil War prompted her return to active relief work. In March 1937 she travelled on behalf of the Friends to southern Spain where, based in Murcia, she ran feeding programmes, established a children's hospital, and founded occupational workshops for the displaced, travelling between there and Birmingham for the next two years. In 1939 she followed the Spanish refugees over the border into France and undertook similar relief schemes under the auspices of the Quakers in Perpignan. Shortly after the outbreak of war in October 1939 Wilson was sent by the Quakers and the Polish Relief Fund to Hungary to assist Polish refugees, but had to leave in May 1940 following her involvement with the refugee underground movement and her arrest by the Hungarian secret police. During the war she worked for refugee organizations in the UK until 1945 when she joined the newly formed United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration (UNRRA) as a senior welfare working with the displaced survivors of Dachau at Föhrenwald displaced persons' camp outside Munich (1945–6). After the Second World War she settled in London, where she lived at Fellows Road, Hampstead, and taught University of London adult education classes and for the Workers' Educational Association. In the 1940s and 1950s she toured Britain addressing public meetings on humanitarian aid and post-war reconstruction, and also broadcast on these issues. Wilson was a prolific author. While in Vienna she began writing articles, for the Manchester Guardian, the Birmingham Post, and The Friend among others, which drew on her experiences and often had the added benefit of raising money for her relief work. She published two autobiographical accounts of her relief work. In the Margins of Chaos (1944), covering the period from the First World War to her return to England from Hungary in May 1940, was intended to raise public awareness of humanitarian issues and contribute to the discourse surrounding government policy on the displaced and relief practice and training. Aftermath: France, Germany, Austria, Yugoslavia 1945 and 1946 (1947) was promoted as 'the first inside account' of UNRRA's work. In her pamphlet Displaced Persons—Whose Responsibility? (1947) she argued for the need to amend the over-restrictive aliens' legislation, and the benefits to Britain of accepting refugees, which was also a theme of They Came as Strangers: the Story of Refugees to Great Britain published as part of World Refugee Year (1959–60).

Wilson was also very aware of the educative potential not only of her own life story but of those of the women activists with whom she collaborated over the course of her long and active life. She published a biography of Eglantyne Jebb, founder of the Save the Children Fund, in 1967, and in her final years she was working on a group biography of three women whom she had known well, Dame Kathleen Courtney, the college principal Geraldine Jebb, and the relief worker Margaret McFie, which she intended to publish to mark the first United Nations International Women's Year in 1975 but which remained unfinished. She died of bronchopneumonia and cerebrovascular accident at the Royal Free Hospital, Camden, London, on 5 March 1981. A memorial service was held on 6 April at Hampstead meeting house, London.

#### Siân Roberts

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Wealth at death £65,336.57: probate, 17 July 1981, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Siân Roberts, 'Wilson, Francesca Mary (1888–1981)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Sept 2013 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/103379]

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Central Newcstle High School, Newnham College, Cambridge.
- She worked as a Relief Worker and Author.
- She was Quaker.
- 9-William Maurice Wilson 1,57,108,167,168,169,170 was born on 7 Jun 1890 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 28 Apr 1925 at age 34.

General Notes: WILSON.-On April 28th, William Maurice Wilson (1904-7), aged 35 years.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1904-1907 in York, Yorkshire.

William married **Dorothy Brown**. They had four children: **Bridget, Elizabeth June, Annette Mary**, and (**No Given Name**).

# 10-Bridget Wilson

10-**Dr. Elizabeth June Wilson**<sup>168</sup> was born on 25 Oct 1920 in 16 Beverley Terrace, Cullercoats, Northumberland.

General Notes: WILSON.-On the 25th October, at 16 Beverley Terrace, Cullercoats, Northumberland, to Dorothy (nee Brown), wife of Maurice Wilson, a daughter, who was named Elizabeth June.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Physician.

Elizabeth married **Prof. John Horder** in 1939. John was born in 1919 and died on 31 May 2012 at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCGP FRCP CBE.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He worked as a Founding President of the Cebtre for Advancement of Inter-Professional Development.
- He worked as a President of the Royal College of General Practitioners.

10-Annette Mary Wilson<sup>169</sup> was born on 13 Dec 1922.

General Notes: WILSON.-On December 13th, Dorothy, wife of Maurice Wilson (1904-7), a daughter who was named Annette Mary.

10-Wilson

8-Edward Wallis<sup>1,4,57,74,164</sup> was born on 13 May 1852 in Scarborough, Yorkshire and died on 25 Jun 1922 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School 1862 To 1867.
- He worked as a Grocer in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Springfield, West Parade Road, Scarborough, Yorkshire.

Edward married **Annie Johnson**, <sup>1,4,57,74,164</sup> daughter of **Francis Johnson**<sup>4</sup> and **Eleanor Thistlethwaite**, <sup>4</sup> on 10 Jan 1877 in FMH Holloway, London. Annie was born on 10 Apr 1852 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 7 Mar 1931 in Beckstones, Newby, Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 78. They had five children: **Eleanor Gray, Edward Arnold, Arthur Thistlethwaite, Dorothea**, and **Annie Mabel**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1867-Dec 1868 in York, Yorkshire.
  - 9-Eleanor Gray Wallis<sup>1,74</sup> was born on 14 Mar 1878 in Scarborough, Yorkshire. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at She was intended for admission to The Mount School, but did not take up her place in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.
- 9-Edward Arnold Wallis<sup>1,57,68,116,171,172,173</sup> was born on 22 Apr 1880 in Scarborough, Yorkshire and died on 18 Apr 1954 in Hull, Yorkshire at age 73.

General Notes: Edward Arnold Wallis (1896-98) of Scarborough died suddenly on April 18th, aged 73. His interest in natural history particularly in birds which remained his favourites, began at an early age, and his four years at Sidcot gave him an excellent chance to develop this interest. When he moved to Bootham he started to collect land and fresh-water shells. The collection which he has left contains nearly all the species on the British list, including two sinistral specimens of Helicella virgata which he found at Scarborough within a few yards of each other during the last year of his life. Shortly after leaving Bootham he joined the Scarborough Field Naturalists' Society of which he was an active member throughout his life, serving as President and Secretary. In 1898 he attended a lecture by the pioneer bird photographer, Richard Kearton, and afterwards he and his brother started to photograph birds themselves. They each lectured at Bootham showing their own slides. Arnold Wallis worked on dragon flies for some years, and was local recorder for wood lice. Apart from natural history, his favourite recreation was fly fishing. During the first world war he joined the Friends' Ambulance Unit and served on a hospital train in France and Belgium. His active interest in the Society of Friends continued until the end and he was an Elder of Scarborough Meeting. In a quiet way he did much for Scarborough for he took a leading part in securing for the town the original Museum; the beautiful Raincliffe and Forge Valley Woods (then owned by a firm of timber merchants who had started to fell the trees); and a Free Library which, to-day, is one of the most up-to-date in the country. After his retirement from business at the age of 65 he did valuable voluntary work at the offices of the Council of Social Service.

A. T. WALLIS

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1892-1896 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1896-1897 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Grocer. Wallis & Blakeley in Scarborough.
- He worked as a Naturalist and Ornithologist.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder and Overseer in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1915-1918 in Dunkirk, France.

Edward married **Gladys Gregson**, 1,57,68,116,171,172 daughter of **Rev. Gregson**, on 25 May 1918 in FMH Scarborough. Gladys was born in 1881 in Hornsea, Yorkshire. They had three children: **Athol Johnson**, **Edward Oscar**, and **Ruth**.

Marriage Notes: WALLIS-GREGSON.-On the 25th February, 1918, at the Friends' Meeting House, Scarborough, E. Arnold Wallis (1896-7), of Scarborough, to Gladys Gregson, of Hull.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Polam Hall School in Darlington, County Durham.

10-Athol Johnson Wallis<sup>68</sup> was born on 14 Apr 1919 in Fairfield, Newly, Scarborough, Yorkshire and died on 16 Dec 2002 at age 83.

General Notes: WALLIS.-On the 14th April, 1919, at Fairfield, Newly, Scarborough, Gladys G. (Gregson), wife of E. Arnold Wallis (1896-97), a son, who was named Athol Johnson.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School 1930 To 1936.
- He worked as a Company Secretary and Finance Director, William Rowntree & Sons Ltd. In Scarborough, Yorkshire.

Athol married **Hannah Thompson** in 1946 in Penrith, Cumbria. Hannah was born in Penrith, Cumbria and died in 1985. They had no children.

10-Edward Oscar Wallis<sup>171</sup> was born on 24 Feb 1921 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

General Notes: WALLIS.-On February 24th, at Scarborough, Gladys, wife of Edward Arnold Wallis (1896-7), a son, who was named Edwin Oscar.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Ackworth School in 1932-1937.

Edward married **Annette Christine Catchpool**, daughter of **Thomas Corder Pettifor Catchpool**<sup>4,57,110,112,113,168,174,175,176,177</sup> and **Gwendolen Mary Southall**,.<sup>4,57,107,110,112,113,168,176</sup> They had two children: **Thomas** and **Ross Corder**.

### 11-Thomas Wallis

Thomas married Jill. They had two children: Stanley and Owen.

- 12-Stanley Wallis
- 12-Owen Wallis
- 11-Ross Corder Wallis

Ross married Cheryl Westbury. They had one son: Laurence.

12-Laurence Wallis

Ross next married Barbara Schönbeck, daughter of Walter Schönbeck and Janet Winifred Gibbon.

#### 10-Ruth Wallis

Ruth married John Lidster. They had three children: Peter, Simon, and Susan.

- 11-Peter Lidster
- 11-Simon Lidster
- 11-Susan Lidster

9-Arthur Thistlethwaite Wallis<sup>1,57,165,178,179</sup> was born on 25 Jul 1881 in Scarborough, Yorkshire and died on 31 Aug 1961 in Erdington, Warwickshire at age 80.

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1892-1897 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1897-1898 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Lecturer on Natural History, Fircroft College in 1912-1915 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Grocer. Wallis & Blakeley in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Director of Wallis Bakery Ltd. In 1935 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was a Christian Scientist.
- He worked as a Director of Walroy Ltd. In Scarborough, Yorkshire.

Arthur married **Mary Dorothy Knight**, <sup>1,57,165,178,179</sup> daughter of **Howard Forrester Knight** and **Harriet Pearman**, <sup>4,180</sup> on 21 Apr 1909 in FMH Purley, Surrey (20th given in Bootham). Mary was born on 22 Jan 1883 in Dulwich, London and died on 4 Nov 1964 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 81. They had three children: **Mary Joyce, Marjorie**, and **Arthur Roger**.

Marriage Notes: WALLIS-KNIGHT.-On the 20th April, 1909, at Purley, Arthur Thistlethwaite Wallis (1897-8), of Selly Oak, to Mary Dorothy Knight, of Purley.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Dec 1900 in York, Yorkshire.

10-Mary Joyce Wallis was born on 30 Mar 1910 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Apr 1940 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 30.

Mary married **Tristram Frederick Betts**.

10-Marjorie Wallis<sup>179</sup> was born on 7 Sep 1912 in Selly Oak, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 6 Jul 1990 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 77. Another name for Marjorie was Margery Wallis.

General Notes: WALLIS.-On the 7th September, 1912, at Selly Oak, Birmingham, Mary Dorothy (Knight), wife of Arthur Thistlethwaite Wallis (1897-8), a daughter, who was named Margery.

Marjorie married **Ralph Roy Dixon** on 15 Aug 1941 in Solihull, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Ralph was born on 8 Aug 1910 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 1 Mar 1995 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 84. They had three children: **Paul, Fay Jennifer**, and **Phillipa Jane**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Photographer in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

#### 11-Paul Dixon

Paul married Judith Valance.

### 11-Fay Jennifer Dixon

Fay married Roger Turner. They had two children: Darryl Stephen and Nicholas Andrew.

- 12-Darryl Stephen Turner
- 12-Nicholas Andrew Turner

## 11-Phillipa Jane Dixon

Phillipa married Colin Thomas Davidson. They had two children: Thomas Matthew and Emily Elizabeth.

- 12-Thomas Matthew Davidson
- 12-Emily Elizabeth Davidson

10-Arthur Roger Wallis<sup>57,165,181</sup> was born on 24 Feb 1919 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 4 Jul 1973 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 54.

General Notes: WALLIS.-On the 24th February, 1919, at Bournville, M. Dorothy (Knight), wife of Arthur T. Wallis (1897-8), a son, who was named Arthur Roger. WALLIS.—On 4th July, 1973, in hospital, after a short illness, Arthur Roger Wallis (1933-36), aged 54 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Scarborough High School in 1928-1933 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School 1933 To 1936 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Mechanical engineer.

Arthur married Eileen Hilda Loach. They had two children: Ann and Jill.

#### 11-Ann Wallis

Ann married Nicholas James Humphreys Hall. They had two children: Jennifer Anne and Catherine Louise.

12-Jennifer Anne Hall

Jennifer married Mark Rose.

12-Catherine Louise Hall

Ann next married Philip Newton.

### 11-Jill Wallis

Jill married Richard Anthony Rutter. They had two children: Simon Richard and Emma Victoria.

- 12-Simon Richard Rutter
- 12-Emma Victoria Rutter

9-**Dorothea Wallis**<sup>1</sup> was born on 13 Apr 1883 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

Dorothea married **Herbert George Wood**<sup>1</sup> on 11 Jun 1907 in FMH Scarborough. Herbert was born on 2 Sep 1879. They had three children: **Audrey, John Duncan**, and **Ross**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an University lecturer.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1918-1919.
- He worked as a Director of Woodbrooke College.

10-Audrey Wood was born on 19 Aug 1908 and died in 1988 at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with BA SRN SCM MTD OBE.
- She worked as an Appointee to the World Health Organisation's Expert Committee on Maternity Care in 1965.
- She worked as a Vice-President and General Secretary of the Royal College of Midwives.

10-John Duncan Wood was born on 10 Nov 1910 and died on 24 Feb 2006 at age 95.

- He was educated at Leighton Park School.
- He was educated at Queen's College in 1929 in Oxford.
- He worked as a Schoolteacher, Leighton Park in 1934.
- He worked as a FSC appointee with Katharine, to QUNO input at the UN 1952 To 1977 in Geneva, Switzerland.
- He had a residence in 1977 in Arnside, Cumbria.

John married **Katharine Knight** about 1945. Katharine died in 2001. They had one daughter: **Rachel**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Lecturer at the Royal Holloway college.

### 11-Rachel Wood

Rachel married Andrew.

### 10-Ross Wood

9-Annie Mabel Wallis<sup>1</sup> was born on 21 May 1885 in Scarborough, Yorkshire. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Polam Hall in Darlington, County Durham.
- She worked as a Nursing sister. The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-Richenda Wallis<sup>1,30</sup> was born on 4 Oct 1853 in Scarborough, Yorkshire and died on 7 Dec 1936 at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1871-Jun 1872 in York, Yorkshire.

Richenda married **Robert Alfred Penney**, 130 son of **Robert Horne Penney** 17,30,99,104,120,139 and **Lucy Rickman Lucas**, 17,30,99,120,139 on 26 Aug 1896 in FMH Scarborough. Robert was born on 22 Feb 1863 in Southwick, Brighton, East Sussex and died on 14 Jan 1935 in Dyke Rd., Brighton at age 71. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Ship Owner. R. H. Penney & Sons in Brighton, East Sussex.
- 8-Priscilla Gray Wallis<sup>1,4,164</sup> was born on 7 Jul 1855 in Scarborough and died on 16 Dec 1933 at age 78.

Priscilla married **George Rowntree**, <sup>1,4,56,164</sup> son of **John Rowntree** and **Ann Webster**, <sup>4,164,184</sup> on 24 Jun 1885 in Scarborough. George was born on 20 Dec 1855 in Scarborough, Yorkshire and died on 1 Mar 1940 in 55 Esplanade Road, Scarborough at age 84. They had one son: **Malcolm**.

General Notes: Rowntree.-On 1st March, George Rowntree (1869-71), aged 84 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1869-1871 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Grocer in Scarborough.
  - 9-Malcolm Rowntree<sup>1,4,65,86,111,164,177,185,186</sup> was born on 17 Apr 1890 in Scarborough, Yorkshire and died on 21 Jun 1952 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 62.

General Notes: ROWNTREE.-On 21st June, 1952, at Scarborough, Malcolm Rowntree (1903/08), aged 62 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bedales School.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1903-1908 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College in Cambridge.
- He worked as a Schoolmaster & Hotel proprietor of Scarborough.

Malcolm married **Violet Hickman**, <sup>1,4,65,67,86,185</sup> daughter of **Walter Richard John Hickman**<sup>4</sup> and **Fanny Adamson**, on 1 Jan 1914 in Putney, London. Violet was born on 10 Jan 1891 and died on 4 Aug 1916 in Worcester, Worcestershire at age 25. They had two children: **Elizabeth** and **Catherine**.

Marriage Notes: ROWNTREE-HICKMAN.-On the 1st January, 1914, at Putney, Malcolm Rowntree (1903-8), of Scarborough, to Violet Hickman, of Putney.

10-Elizabeth Rowntree<sup>1,185</sup> was born on 9 Jan 1915 in 3 Field Terrace, Bath Road, Worcester, Worcestershire.

General Notes: ROWNTREE.— On the 9th January, 1915, at 3, Field Terrace, Bath Road, Worcester, Violet (Hickman), wife of Malcolm Rowntree (1903-8), a daughter.

Elizabeth married Allan Crawley Goodwin<sup>1</sup> on 17 Jun 1939. Allan was born on 23 Jun 1909. They had two children: Alan Peter and David.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Garage proprietor in Finchampstead.

### 11-Alan Peter Goodwin

Alan married Jacqueline Suzanne Winton. They had one son: Richard.

12-Richard Goodwin

#### 11-David Goodwin

David married Janet Smith. They had two children: Paul David and Keith Christopher.

12-Paul David Goodwin

### 12-Keith Christopher Goodwin

10-Catherine Rowntree<sup>1,2,86,187,188,189,190</sup> was born on 24 Jun 1916 in 3 Field Terrace, Bath Road, Worcester, Worcestershire.

General Notes: ROWNTREE. -On the 25th June, 1916, at 3, Field Terrace, Worcester, Violet (Hickman), wife of Malcolm Rowntree (1903-8), a daughter.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Her date of birth appears as the 25th in Bootham magazine.

Catherine married **Michael John Naish**, 1,2,57,187,188,189,190,191 son of **Arthur Duncan Naish**, 2,54,57,63,170,179,192,193,194 and **Winifred Rowntree**, 2,54,57,63,179,193 on 14 Jan 1938 in FMH Scarborough. Michael was born on 3 Mar 1915 in Rawcliffe Holt, York, Yorkshire and died in 2005 at age 90. They had four children: **Nicholas George, John Nigel, Roger Duncan**, and **Joan Felicity**.

Marriage Notes: Naish-Rowntree.-On 14th January, at the Friends' Meeting House, Scarborough, Michael John Naish (1928-34), to Catherine Rowntree.

General Notes: NAISH.-On the 3rd March, 1915, at Rawcliffe Holt, York, Winifred Rowntree, wife of A. Duncan Naish (1893-8), a son, who was named Michael John.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1928-1934 in York, Yorkshire.

- He was educated at University College, Oxford.
- He worked as an Advertising executive.

### 11-Nicholas George Naish

Nicholas married Ethel Molly Wood. They had three children: Richard Nicholas, Jane Catherine, and Lucy Helen.

### 12-Richard Nicholas Naish

Richard married Heather Russell.

- 12-Jane Catherine Naish
- 12-Lucy Helen Naish

Nicholas next married **Penelope Sargent**.

## 11-John Nigel Naish

John married Diana Helen Smith. They had two children: James Edward and Charlotte Helen Kate.

- 12-James Edward Naish
- 12-Charlotte Helen Kate Naish

### 11-Roger Duncan Naish

Roger married Rowena Ann Hudson. They had four children: Harriet Elizabeth Rowntree, Georgina Laura, Claudia Martha, and Giles Rowland Duncan.

- 12-Harriet Elizabeth Rowntree Naish
- 12-Georgina Laura Naish
- 12-Claudia Martha Naish
- 12-Giles Rowland Duncan Naish

## 11-Joan Felicity Naish

Joan married **Peter Waddington**. They had two children: **Nicola** and **Stuart**.

- 12-Nicola Waddington
- 12-Stuart Waddington

Malcolm next married **Elizabeth Juliana Tree**, <sup>1,111,186</sup> daughter of **Warren William Arrowsmith Tree** and **Juliana Bevan**, on 30 Dec 1921 in Worcester, Worcestershire. Elizabeth was born on 14 Feb 1887 and died on 11 Mar 1957 at age 70. They had one daughter: **Ann Priscilla**.

## 10-Ann Priscilla Rowntree

- 8-Elizabeth Wallis was born in 1857. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 8-Francis John Wallis was born in 1859 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

Francis married Alice Molenaar. They had two children: John Thistlethwaite and Jeffrey Molenaar.

- 9-John Thistlethwaite Wallis was born in 1894 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
- 9-Jeffrey Molenaar Wallis was born in 1897 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
- 8-William Jeffrey Wallis was born in 1861 in Scarborough, Yorkshire and died in 1862 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 1.
- 7-John Wheeler Jeffrey<sup>1,25</sup> was born in 1829 and died on 2 Jun 1843 in Ashford, Kent at age 14.
- 7-Mary Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1831.
- 7-**Thomas Jeffrey**<sup>1</sup> was born on 27 Dec 1832 and died in 1873 at age 41.

Thomas married Louisa Adams<sup>1</sup> in 1862. Louisa was born in 1833 and died in 1886 at age 53. They had four children: Emily, Fred, William, and Herbert.

- 8-**Emily Jeffrey**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1863.
- 8-**Fred Jeffrey**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1866.
- 8-William Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1864 and died in 1879 at age 15.
- 8-Herbert Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1867.

Herbert married Louisa Ashford.

- 7-William Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1835.
- 7-William Rickman Jeffrey<sup>1,20</sup> was born on 13 Apr 1836.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Ashford, Kent.

William married Eliza Smith<sup>1</sup> in 1861. Eliza died before 1870. They had three children: Thomas, John, and William.

- 8-**Thomas Jeffrey**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1865 and died on 8 Jan 1885 in Kingsland, Herefordshire at age 20.
- 8-**John Jeffrey**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1866.
- 8-William Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1868.

William next married Ellen Knowlden. They had three children: Elizabeth, Flora, and Ellen.

- 8-Elizabeth Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1872.
- 8-**Flora Jeffrey**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1877.
- 8-Ellen Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1878.
- 7-Thomas Jeffrey
- 7-Anna Maria Jeffrey<sup>1,124</sup> was born in 1836 and died on 14 Dec 1847 in Folkestone, Kent at age 11.
- 7-Emma Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born in 1838 and died in 1849 at age 11.

William next married Sarah Hayllar, daughter of Richard Hayllar and Sarah, on 3 Aug 1797 in FMH Chichester. Sarah was born in 1762, died on 23 Sep 1825 at age 63, and was buried on 28 Sep 1825 in

FBG Salisbury.

5-Thomas Jeffrey<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 4 Apr 1760 in Isington, Hampshire, died on 24 Jun 1834 at age 74, and was buried on 26 Jun 1834 in FBG Alton.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Linen Draper in Watling Street, All Hallows, London.

Thomas married someone. He had two children: **Thomas** and **Joseph**.

- 6-**Thomas Jeffrey**<sup>1</sup> was born on 5 Mar 1794 in Cannon Street, London.
- 6-Joseph Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born on 25 Apr 1796 in Cannon Street, London.

Thomas married **Mary Coleman**, daughter of **Robert Coleman** and **Elizabeth Decka**, on 3 Apr 1799 in FMH Wandsworth. Mary was born on 8 May 1770 in West Ham, London, died on 10 Oct 1829 in Basingstoke, Hampshire at age 59, and was buried on 15 Oct 1829 in FBG Alton. They had four children: **Eliza, Anna, Robert**, and **Russell**.

- 6-Eliza Jeffrey was born on 15 Jun 1800 in Watling Street, All Hallows, London, died on 10 Sep 1829 in Basingstoke, Hampshire at age 29, and was buried on 17 Sep 1829 in FBG Alton.
- 6-Anna Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born on 15 Mar 1802 in Richmond Place, Walworth, Newington and died on 22 Aug 1887 in 4 Eastrop Terrace, Basingstoke, Hampshire at age 85.

Anna married **David Bransby**, son of **Samuel Bransby**, and **Anna Maria Ransome**, on 14 Oct 1830 in FMH Basingstoke. David was born in 1804 in Norfolk and died on 21 Nov 1854 in Wole Street, Basingstoke, Hampshire at age 50. They had seven children: **Russell, Anna Maria, Samuel, Eliza, Mary, David**, and **Thomas Jeffrey**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Corn & Gypsum Dealer.
  - 7-Russell Bransby<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 Oct 1831 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 15 Jun 1887 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Auctioneer in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Russell married someone. He had three children: Annie, Stanley, and Mary.

- 8-Annie Bransby
- 8-Stanley Bransby
- 8-Mary Bransby
- 7-Anna Maria Bransby<sup>1</sup> was born on 21 May 1833 in Basingstoke, Hampshire.
- 7-Samuel Bransby<sup>1</sup> was born on 8 Feb 1835 in Basingstoke, Hampshire, died on 13 Feb 1837 in Basingstoke, Hampshire at age 2, and was buried on 19 Feb 1837 in FBG Basingstoke.
- 7-Eliza Bransby<sup>1</sup> was born on 9 Sep 1836 in Basingstoke, Hampshire, died on 15 Jun 1837 in Basingstoke, Hampshire, and was buried on 18 Jun 1837 in FBG Basingstoke.
- 7-Mary Bransby
- 7-David Bransby

David married Mary. They had three children: Herbert, Frank, and Edith M.

8-**Herbert Bransby**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1866 in London.

- 8-Frank Bransby<sup>1</sup> was born in 1867 in London.
- 8-Edith M. Bransby<sup>1</sup> was born in 1872 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 7-**Thomas Jeffrey Bransby**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1842 in Basingstoke, Hampshire and died in 1842 in Basingstoke, Hampshire.
- 6-Robert Jeffrey was born on 13 Jan 1804 in Red Lion Street, Clerkenwell and died in 1839 in Peckham, London at age 35. He had no known marriage and no known children.
- 6-Russell Jeffrey<sup>1,4,15,53,81,197</sup> was born on 4 May 1806 in Islington, London and died on 12 Jan 1867 in Learnington House, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 60.

- He worked as a Paper Stainer and Pharmaceutical chemist in Southwark, London.
- He worked as a Chemist in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.

Russell married **Elizabeth Stevens Ashby**, <sup>1,4,15,53,81,197</sup> daughter of **Thomas Ashby**, <sup>1,4,53,124,198</sup> and **Elizabeth Stevens**, <sup>1,4</sup> in 1831. Elizabeth was born on 17 Mar 1811 in Staines, Middlesex and died on 24 Aug 1899 in Newnham, Gloucestershire at age 88. They had six children: **Thomas Ashby**, **Mary Elizabeth**, **Caroline**, **Ellen**, **Russell**, and **Edith**.

- 7-**Thomas Ashby Jeffrey**<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 3 Jun 1836 in Elm Grove, Peckham.
- 7-Mary Elizabeth Jeffrey<sup>4,15,74</sup> was born on 16 Jan 1840 and died on 14 Apr 1929 at age 89.

Mary married **Frederick Sessions**, 4,15,74 son of **Jesse Sessions**, 4,12,15,52,123,183 and **Eliza Shipley**, 4,12,15,52,123 on 14 May 1863. Frederick was born on 26 Mar 1836 in 160 Westgate Street, Gloucesters, Gloucestershire, died on 3 Dec 1920 in Ashfield, Farnworth, Lancashire at age 84, and was buried in Tonge Cemetery, Bolton, Lancashire. They had six children: **Harold, Wilfred, Walter, Frederick Leonard, Edgar**, and **Hilda Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant in 1863 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as a Timber and Slate merchant in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.
- He had a residence in 1903 in The Brant, Kendal, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in 1903-1916 in Rosenburg, Kendal, Cumbria.
  - 8-Harold Sessions<sup>15</sup> was born on 22 Jun 1866 and died on 10 Sep 1911 at age 45.

General Notes: Harold Sessionsb.22.6.1866; veterinary surgeon to the Commissionfor buying horses and mules for the Boer War, for which he travelled in Spain, The Argentine, U.S.A., and South Africa. Author of Two Years with the Remount.' d. 10.9.1911

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCVS.
- He worked as a Veterinary Surgeon in Brighton, East Sussex.

Harold married **Emma Sarah Belinda Gell**, <sup>15</sup> daughter of **Rev. Canon Francis Gell** <sup>15</sup> and **Clara Emma Southam**, on 28 Apr 1903 in Ripple Parish Church, Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire. Emma was born on 17 Jul 1877 and was christened on 7 Sep 1877 in South Bersted, Sussex. They had four children: **Harold Francis Eric, Margaret Clara Doris, Kathleen Honor Mary**, and **Philip Walter Dearman**.

- 9-Harold Francis Eric Sessions was born on 26 Jan 1904 and died on 7 Apr 1922 at age 18.
- 9-Margaret Clara Doris Sessions was born on 6 Jun 1906.
- 9-Kathleen Honor Mary Sessions was born on 6 Jun 1906.

### 9-Philip Walter Dearman Sessions

8-Wilfred Sessions was born on 17 Sep 1868 and died in Post-1929.

Wilfred married Margaret Beavan Stevens. They had four children: Evelyn Margaret, Donald Wilfred, Geoffrey Beavan, and Denys Hugh.

9-Evelyn Margaret Sessions was born on 19 Dec 1898.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1912-Jul 1916 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1918-1919.
- 9-**Donald Wilfred Sessions** was born on 3 Mar 1903.

Donald married Patricia Edith O'dowd.

- 9-Geoffrey Beavan Sessions was born on 18 Dec 1905.
- 9-Denys Hugh Sessions
- 8-Walter Sessions was born on 27 Sep 1870 and died in Post-1929.
- 8-Frederick Leonard Sessions was born on 22 Apr 1873 in Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

Frederick married **Ethel Mary Collinson**, daughter of **Joseph Collinson**<sup>4,67</sup> and **Emma Jane Whiteley**, 4,67 on 6 Jun 1900. Ethel was born in Feb 1873.

8-Edgar Sessions was born on 20 Sep 1876.

Edgar married Adelaide Elizabeth Hamett. They had one son: Gerald Scott.

- 9-Gerald Scott Sessions was born on 3 Feb 1905.
- 8-**Hilda Mary Sessions**<sup>74</sup> was born on 20 Jul 1878 and died in Post-1929.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Her Place at The Mount School does not appear to have been taken up in Aug 1894 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

Hilda married **Albert Hodge** on 3 Jun 1903. Albert died in 1907. They had two children: **Ralph Sessions** and **Gerald Sessions**.

- 9-Ralph Sessions Hodge was born in 1904.
- 9-Gerald Sessions Hodge

Hilda next married **E. Roland Thompson**.

7-**Caroline Jeffrey**<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 8 May 1842.

Caroline married **Henry Simpson**, 1,4,23 son of **Robert Simpson**, 21,23,36 and **Emma Tyler**, 4,21,23 on 9 Sep 1862 in Painswick, Gloucestershire. Henry was born on 21 Feb 1837 in Melksham, Wiltshire and died on 15 Sep 1912 in 10 Park Terrace, Whitby, Yorkshire at age 75. They had nine children: **Gertrude, Edith Mary, Isabel, Henry Jeffrey, Emma Tyler, Caroline Jeffrey, Elizabeth Ashby, Mabel Frances**, and **Florence**.

- He was educated at Sidcot.
- He worked as an Ironmonger in Melksham, Wiltshire.
  - 8-Gertrude Simpson<sup>1,4,115</sup> was born on 8 Jun 1863 and died in 1941 at age 78.

Gertrude married **Walter Peile**, <sup>1,115,130</sup> son of **William Peile**<sup>1,17,199</sup> and **Alice**, <sup>1,199</sup> on 15 May 1889 in FMH Cockermouth. Walter was born on 3 Oct 1862 in Mosser Gate, Pardshaw, Cockermouth, Cumbria and died on 6 Jan 1909 in 7 St James Road, Carlisle, Cumbria at age 46. They had two children: **Alice Muriel** and **Henry Allason**.

9-Alice Muriel Peile<sup>1</sup> was born on 11 Jan 1893 in Cockermouth, Cumbria and died on 10 Sep 1965 in Bristol Hospital, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 72.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1907-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Headmistress of Bishop Fox's School in Taunton, Somerset.
- 9-Henry Allason Peile<sup>1,115</sup> was born on 7 Jan 1896 in Carlisle, Cumbria and died on 1 Jul 1916 in Killed In Action at age 20.
- 8-Edith Mary Simpson<sup>4</sup> was born on 16 Dec 1864 and died on 12 May 1957 at age 92.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Cockermouth, Cumbria.

Edith married Arthur Frederic Brereton, son of William Brereton. They had five children: Norah Marjorie, Eileen Mary, Amy Winifred Simpson, Russell Jeffrey, and Shelagh Phyllis.

- 9-Norah Marjorie Brereton<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 May 1883 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- 9-Eileen Mary Brereton<sup>1</sup> was born on 16 Apr 1886 in Melksham, Wiltshire.
- 9-Amy Winifred Simpson Brereton<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 26 Mar 1890 in Cockermouth, Cumbria and died on 18 Feb 1981 at age 90.

Amy married **Lewis Percy Headley**, <sup>1,4</sup> son of **Henry Headley**, <sup>1,4</sup> son of **Henry Headley**, <sup>1,4</sup> son of **Henry Headley**, <sup>1,4</sup> and **Hannah Maria Burgess**, <sup>1,4,20,49,67,107,125,150</sup> on 12 Jul 1910 in FMH Westminster. Lewis was born on 21 Jun 1868 in Ashford, Kent and died on 15 Aug 1952 in Swinford Old Manor, Hothfield, Ashford, Kent at age 84. They had five children: **Patrick Brereton, Lewis** 

Westcott, Henry Tertius, Philip Russell, and Bridget Noel.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Wholesale Grocer in Ashford, Kent.
  - 10-Patrick Brereton Headley<sup>1</sup> was born on 6 Jul 1912 in Ashford, Kent.
  - 10-Lewis Westcott Headley<sup>4</sup> was born on 21 Jun 1914 in Ashford, Kent and died on 13 Apr 2006 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School.
- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He worked as a Grocer in Ashford, Kent.
- He worked as a Singer with the Royal Choral Society 1948 To 1967.
- He worked as a Singer with the Philharmonia Chorus 1968 To 1984.

Lewis married **Lesley Theodora Howe** in 1940. Lesley was born about 1916 and died on 14 Nov 2003 about age 87. They had one daughter: **Christine**.

<ul> <li>S1</li> </ul>	e worked a	s a Music	Teacher at	Ashford	School	in Ashford.	Kent.
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### 11-Christine Headley

Christine married Adrian Walker-Smith. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

- 12-Walker-Smith
- 12-Walker-Smith

10-Henry Tertius Headley<sup>2</sup> was born on 28 Mar 1917 in Ashford, Kent and died on 10 Feb 1996 at age 78.

- 11-Amy Mary Headley
  - 12- Pepper
  - 12- Terra
- 11-Henry Neave Headley
- 11-Stacey Alice Headley
- 11-Bevan Michael Headley
- 11-Frederic Adrian Headley
- 11-Susanna Joanne Headley
  - 12-Joseph Headley
- 10-**Philip Russell Headley** was born on 14 Aug 1919 in Ashford, Kent.<sup>1</sup>
- 10-Bridget Noel Headley
- 9-Russell Jeffrey Brereton<sup>1</sup> was born on 5 Feb 1892 in Campbeltown, Argyll.
- 9-Shelagh Phyllis Brereton<sup>1</sup> was born on 15 Jun 1901 in Ashford, Kent.

Shelagh married Allen W. L. Clarke.

8-Isabel Simpson<sup>4</sup> was born on 22 Oct 1866 in Cockermouth, Cumbria and died in 1951 at age 85.

Isabel married **William Clark Eddington**,<sup>1,4</sup> son of **William Clark Eddington**<sup>4,12,74,118,200</sup> and **Helen Pumphrey**,<sup>4,12,74,81,118,200</sup> in 1893. William was born on 27 Dec 1867 in Worcester and died in 1954 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 87. They had two children: **Isabel** and **Helen Caroline**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot.
- He worked as a Printer & Binder in Swindon.
  - 9-**Isabel Eddington**<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 24 Aug 1903.

- 9-Helen Caroline Eddington<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 20 Mar 1905.
- 8-Henry Jeffrey Simpson<sup>1,4,72</sup> was born on 2 Mar 1868 in Melksham, Wiltshire and died on 17 Oct 1938 in Greenmeadow, Jordans, Buckinghamshire at age 70.

- He worked as a Cement Works Clerk in Grays, Essex.
- He worked as a Partner in the same Cement Works.
- He resided at Ravenswood in Grays, Essex.

Henry married **Mabel Winifred Brooks**, <sup>1,4,72</sup> daughter of **Edmund Wright Brooks** <sup>1,4,40,74</sup> and **Lucy Ann Marsh**, <sup>40,74</sup> on 19 Aug 1897 in FMH Wanstead. Mabel was born on 11 Nov 1872 in Grays, Essex and died on 13 Dec 1911 in Grays, Essex at age 39. They had three children: **Robert Jeffrey, Edmund Oliver**, and **Richard Vivian**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1887-Dec 1887 in York, Yorkshire.
- 9-**Robert Jeffrey Simpson**<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1901.
- 9-Edmund Oliver Simpson<sup>1</sup> was born on 14 May 1902.
- 9-Richard Vivian Simpson<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Dec 1906.

Henry next married Gladys Mary Gibson<sup>1,4</sup> on 30 Sep 1913 in Penarth, Glamorgan, Wales. Gladys was born about 1893 and died on 29 Mar 1971 about age 78. They had one son: (No Given Name).

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Avenue House, Bristol, Gloucestershire.
  - 9-Simpson
- 8-Emma Tyler Simpson<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 27 Jan 1870.

Emma married James Hogg.

- 8-Caroline Jeffrey Simpson<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 31 Mar 1871 and died on 8 Aug 1939 at age 68. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 8-Elizabeth Ashby Simpson<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 31 Mar 1871.
- 8-Mabel Frances Simpson<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1872.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a School Governess.
- 8-Florence Simpson<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 25 Jul 1876.
- 7-Ellen Jeffrey<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 22 Feb 1847.
- 7-Russell Jeffrey<sup>1,4,57,81</sup> was born on 7 Dec 1848 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 30 Dec 1878 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 30.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1863-1865 in York, Yorkshire.

Russell married Frances Caroline Baker, daughter of Charles Baker.

7-**Edith Jeffrey**<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 14 Sep 1853 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire and died on 12 Nov 1885 in Basingstoke, Hampshire at age 32.

Edith married **Richard Sterry Wallis**, 1,201 son of **Richard Wallis**, 37,49,201 and **Sarah Sterry**, 4,37,201 on 31 Oct 1883 in FMH Melksham. Richard was born on 18 Aug 1855 in Eastlands, Basingstoke, Hampshire and died on 28 Jul 1924 in Nately Hill, Winchfield, Hook, Hampshire at age 68. They had one daughter: **Ruth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Surveyor, Corn & Seed merchant in Basingstoke, Hampshire.
- He worked as an Architect in Nately Hill, Winchfield, Hook, Hampshire.
  - 8-**Ruth Wallis**<sup>1</sup> was born on 6 Nov 1885 in Basingstoke, Hampshire and died on 10 Nov 1885 in Basingstoke, Hampshire.
- 5-Josiah (or Joseph) Jeffrey<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 30 May 1763 in Isington, Hampshire, died on 30 Mar 1810 at age 46, and was buried on 4 Apr 1810 in FBG Alton.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Bookseller.
- 5-Henry Jeffrey<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 21 Apr 1767 in Isington, Hampshire, died on 29 Mar 1819 at age 51, and was buried on 4 Apr 1819 in FBG Salisbury.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chemist & Druggist.

Henry married Mary. They had 11 children: Henry, Anna Maria, John, Charles, Edwin, Charles James, Emma, Sophia, Henrietta, Sydenham Jeffrey, and Sydenham Jeffrey.

- 6-Henry Jeffrey was born on 21 Mar 1790 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, died on 23 Mar 1790 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, and was buried on 27 Mar 1790 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-Anna Maria Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born on 26 Apr 1791 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-**John Jeffrey**<sup>1</sup> was born on 31 Dec 1792 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-Charles Jeffrey was born on 6 Oct 1794 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, died on 23 Feb 1795 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, and was buried on 25 Feb 1795 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-Edwin Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born on 28 Dec 1795 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-Charles James Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born on 8 Aug 1797 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, died on 25 May 1798 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, and was buried on 27 May 1798 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-Emma Jeffrey was born on 24 Nov 1798 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-Sophia Jeffrey was born on 11 Oct 1800 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, died on 10 Feb 1801 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, and was buried on 15 Feb 1801 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-Henrietta Jeffrey<sup>1</sup> was born on 14 Feb 1802 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-Sydenham Jeffrey Jeffrey was born on 22 Feb 1807 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire and was buried on 1 Mar 1807 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 6-**Sydenham Jeffrey Jeffrey**<sup>1</sup> was born on 13 Feb 1809 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, died on 31 May 1809 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire, and was buried on 4 Jun 1809 in St. Thomas, Salisbury, Wiltshire.
- 4-Mary Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 21 Jul 1738 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1795 at age 57.
- 4-Alexander Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 7 Nov 1740 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 6 Jun 1800 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 59, and was buried on 12 Jun 1800 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

• He worked as a Mealman of Fordingbridge.

Alexander married Sarah Merryweather<sup>1,2,4</sup> on 23 Jun 1763 in FMH Ringwood. Sarah died on 6 Oct 1763 in Ringwood, Hampshire.

Alexander next married **Sarah Thompson**, 1,2,4,32 daughter of **Jonah Thompson**, and **Mary Beaton**, 1,14,32,33 on 21 Mar 1765 in Nether Compton, Sherborne, Dorset. Sarah was born on 31 Oct 1742 in Nether Compton, Sherborne, Dorset and died on 13 Nov 1801 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 59. They had 11 children: **Jeremiah, Thomas, Jonah, Moses, Alexander, Josiah, Moses, Sarah, Thompson, Ann**, and **Maria**.

5-Jeremiah Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 4 Jan 1766 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 6 May 1824 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to Philadelphia, then to Cinicinatti, Ohio, USA.

Jeremiah married **Elizabeth Merryfield**,<sup>2</sup> daughter of **Joseph Merryfield** and **Hannah Pritchett**, on 13 Aug 1789 in FMH Ringwood. Elizabeth was born on 21 Oct 1766 and died on 11 Aug 1834 in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA at age 67. They had seven children: **Thompson, Hannah, Elizabeth Merryfield, Alexander, Hannah, Charles**, and **Sarah**.

6-**Thompson Neave**<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 22 Oct 1790 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 1 Jan 1870 at age 79.

Thompson married **Elizabeth Martin**<sup>1,2</sup> on 24 Oct 1816. Elizabeth was born on 7 Jan 1797 and died on 18 May 1873 at age 76. They had ten children: **Anna Elizabeth, Martin, Alexander, Charles, Thomas Jefferson, Susannah Mary, Thompson, Frances, Oliver M.**, and **Sarah**.

7-Anna Elizabeth Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 28 Aug 1817 and died in Mar 1894 at age 76.

Anna married David Lupton.

7-Martin Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born in 1819 and died on 25 Jun 1886 at age 67.

Martin married Mary Force.

7-Alexander Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 18 Feb 1822 and died on 25 Jan 1897 at age 74.

Alexander married **Anna Phillips**<sup>1,2</sup> on 15 Dec 1842. Anna was born on 12 Apr 1818 and died on 27 Dec 1900 at age 82. They had nine children: **Isaac P., William, Elizabeth M., Sarah, Edward Pratt, Frank M., Albert A., Emma**, and **Hattie Lupton**.

8-Isaac P. Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 28 Sep 1844 and died on 30 Oct 1864 at age 20.

8-William Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 11 Mar 1846.

William married Clementine Taylor.

8-Elizabeth M. Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 18 Dec 1848 and died on 7 Nov 1931 at age 82.

Elizabeth married Daniel Haydock.

8-Sarah Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 21 Jul 1850 and died on 27 Oct 1855 at age 5.

8-Edward Pratt Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 6 Aug 1852 and died on 25 Dec 1896 at age 44.

Edward married Cora McIntyre.<sup>2</sup> Cora was born on 18 Oct 1858 and died on 3 Feb 1932 at age 73. They had two children: Harold Edward and Arthur Stuart.

9-Harold Edward Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 31 Aug 1890 and died on 20 Feb 1975 at age 84.

Harold married Charlotte Eggers.

9-Arthur Stuart Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 19 Jan 1893 and died on 5 Apr 1975 at age 82.

Arthur married Elizabeth van Tyne<sup>2</sup> on 6 Oct 1921. Elizabeth was born on 23 Sep 1891 and died on 30 Sep 1983 at age 92. They had one son: Arthur Stuart.

### 10-Arthur Stuart Neave

Arthur married Virginia Lee Thompson. They had two children: Charles Thomson and Janet Ann.

11-Charles Thomson Neave

Charles married Joan Agard.

11-Janet Ann Neave

Janet married Steven Arrowsmith.

- 8-Frank M. Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 23 Jul 1854 and died on 26 Aug 1855 at age 1.
- 8-Albert A. Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 16 Jul 1856.

Albert married Annie Barbour Juliana Mayhew.

8-Emma Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 28 May 1857.

Emma married William Rutledge.

- 8-Hattie Lupton Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 28 May 1861 and died on 16 Apr 1964 at age 102.
- 7-Charles Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 5 Nov 1824 and died on 12 Dec 1857 at age 33.

Charles married Whipple.

- 7-**Thomas Jefferson Neave**<sup>2</sup> was born on 12 Mar 1827 and died on 28 Nov 1828 at age 1.
- 7-Susannah Mary Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 28 Aug 1832.
- 7-**Thompson Neave**<sup>2</sup> was born on 24 Feb 1835 and died in Nov 1919 at age 84.

Thompson married Elizabeth Medaris.

7-Frances Neave<sup>2</sup> was born in Jun 1837.

Frances married Lewis Aiken.

- 7-Oliver M. Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 30 May 1840 and died on 9 Feb 1841.
- 7-Sarah Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 10 Mar 1842 and died on 12 Apr 1843 at age 1.
- 6-**Hannah Neave**<sup>2</sup> was born on 14 Nov 1792 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 28 May 1799 at age 6.
- 6-Elizabeth Merryfield Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 17 Jan 1796 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 4 Feb 1844 at age 48.

Elizabeth married **Thomas Peirce**.

- 6-Alexander Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 22 Jan 1797 in Fish Street Hill, London and died on 1 Jan 1820 at age 22.
- 6-Hannah Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 22 Aug 1799 in London and died on 18 Jan 1828 at age 28.

Hannah married William Woolsey.

- 6-Charles Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 16 Aug 1802 in East Street, Walworth, Surrey and died on 13 Feb 1859 at age 56.
- Charles married Jane Caldwell.
- 6-Sarah Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 5 Jan 1804 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 28 Sep 1838 at age 34.
- Sarah married William Vawter.
- 5-**Thomas Neave**<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 27 Nov 1767 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 2 Jun 1830 in Bickton Mills, Hampshire at age 62, and was buried on 6 Jun 1830 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Jonah Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 6 Aug 1769 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 12 Jul 1775 in (7 Dec 1775 also given) at age 5, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Moses Neave<sup>2,4</sup> was born on 30 Apr 1771 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- Moses married **Betsey**. They had one son: **Thomas**.
  - 6-**Thomas Neave**<sup>1</sup> was born on 11 Oct 1813 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Alexander Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 9 Aug 1773 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 5 Feb 1795 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 21, and was buried on 12 Feb 1795 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Josiah Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 9 Aug 1773 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1775 at age 2.
- 5-Moses Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 30 Apr 1774 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Sarah Neave<sup>1,2,4</sup> was born on 15 Aug 1775 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1857 at age 82.

Sarah married **William Gundry**, 2,23,122,202 son of **William Gundry** 3,28,122,126 and **Katherine Fry**, 3,122,126 on 15 May 1804 in Painswick, Gloucestershire. William was born on 15 Apr 1777 in Calne, Wiltshire and died on 27 Apr 1851 in Field, Calne, Wiltshire at age 74. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grocer in Calne, Wiltshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
- 5-**Thompson Neave**<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 29 Jun 1777 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 5-Ann Neave<sup>1,4,19</sup> was born on 25 Jul 1779 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 18 Mar 1860 in Springfield, Calne, Wiltshire at age 80.
- 5-Maria Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 30 Jan 1782 and died in 1854 at age 72.
- 3-Joseph Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 15 Apr 1706 in Hanworth, died on 2 Apr 1707, and was buried on 6 Apr 1707.
- 3-Benjamin Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 3 Jul 1708 in Hanworth and died in 1761 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 53.

Benjamin married Elizabeth Baker, daughter of Robert Baker and Sarah. They had two children: John and William.

- 4-John Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 23 Mar 1740 in Alton, Hampshire, died on 24 Jun 1746 at age 6, and was buried on 29 Jun 1746 in Frensham, Surrey.
- 4-William Neave<sup>1</sup> was born in 1746, died on 24 Mar 1796 in Longham, Hampreston, Wimborne Minster, Dorset at age 50, and was buried on 27 Mar 1796 in FMH Ringwood.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Miller.
- 3-Jeremiah Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 22 Jul 1710 in Hanworth, died on 5 Aug 1771 in Staines, Middlesex at age 61, and was buried on 8 Aug 1771 in Longford.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Apothecary & Surgeon in Staines, Middlesex.

Jeremiah married **Mary Roake**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **John Roake** and **Mary North**, on 10 Apr 1735 in FMH Staines, Middlesex. Mary was born on 18 May 1714, died on 29 Jan 1773 in Staines, Middlesex at age 58, and was buried on 2 Feb 1773 in Longford. They had seven children: **John, Mary, Ann, Thomas, Elizabeth, Sarah**, and **Elizabeth**.

- 4-John Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 8 Jun 1736, died on 18 Jun 1737 in Staines, Middlesex at age 1, and was buried on 21 Jun 1737 in Longford.
- 4-Mary Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 17 Oct 1738, died on 8 Aug 1813 at age 74, and was buried on 15 Aug 1813 in FMH Staines, Middlesex.
- 4-Ann Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 26 Aug 1740, died on 26 Jun 1805 at age 64, and was buried on 30 Jun 1805 in FMH Staines, Middlesex.
- 4-Thomas Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 2 Sep 1742, died on 3 Jan 1766 in Staines, Middlesex at age 23, and was buried on 8 Jan 1766 in Longford.
- 4-Elizabeth Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 5 Oct 1745 in Staines, Middlesex (25th October also given) and died in Died in Infancy.
- 4-Sarah Neave<sup>1,2,4,14,203</sup> was born on 25 Sep 1747 in Staines, Middlesex and died on 14 Apr 1809 in The Cliffe, Lewes, East Sussex at age 61.

Sarah married **Dr. Joseph Peters Rickman**, <sup>2,4,14,146,203</sup> son of **John Rickman**<sup>1,14,163</sup> and **Elizabeth Peters**, <sup>1,14</sup> on 27 Oct 1772 in FMH Staines, Middlesex. Joseph was born on 8 Aug 1749 in St. John Parish, Lewes, Sussex, died on 5 Nov 1810 in Dublin, Ireland at age 61, and was buried on 7 Nov 1810 in Dublin, Ireland. They had 11 children: **Elizabeth**, (**No Given Name**), **Thomas, John, John, William, George Peters, Henry Neave, Mary Ann**, and **Edwin Swan**.

General Notes: Between 1872 and 1880, he lived presumably with his family, in America. They then returned to live in Hastings.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Surgeon & Apothecary.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister.
- He had a residence in Maidenhead, Berkshire.
  - 5-Elizabeth Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 30 Jul 1774, died on 2 Aug 1774 in Maidenhead, Berkshire, and was buried on 5 Aug 1774 in FBG Reading.
  - 5-Rickman was born on 8 Jun 1775, died on 10 Jun 1775 in Maidenhead, Berkshire, and was buried in Jun 1775 in FBG Reading.
  - 5-Thomas Rickman<sup>1,14</sup> was born on 8 Jun 1776 in Maidenhead, Berkshire, died on 4 Jan 1841 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 64, and was buried in St George's Church, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: Rickman, Thomas (1776–1841), architect, was born on 8 June 1776 in Maidenhead, Berkshire, the eldest surviving son and third of the eleven children of Joseph Rickman (1749–1810) and Sarah Neave Rickman (1747–1809), members of the Society of Friends. His diaries in the library of the Royal Institute of British Architects, London, suggest that he remained an active Quaker throughout his life except for two periods: 1804–c.1812, on the occasion of his first marriage, and late in 1836, when he joined the Catholic Apostolic (Irvingite) church. Correspondence preserved in Rickman's notebooks in the British Museum reveal that he used the Quaker forms of address, thee and thou, throughout his career. His nonconformism is significant in the context of his mature career—namely, as a builder of Anglican churches for the government panel of church commissioners, and as a pioneering author on medieval architecture. There is no evidence to suggest that he saw any conflict between his faith and his professional activities, but he noted in his diary for 13 January 1822 that two brethren at meeting had characterized his building of Anglican churches as inconsistent with his faith. His reply was simply to describe how he had become fascinated by Gothic architecture, in the hope that others would understand this fascination.

Thomas Rickman's early career was a chequered one. His father, a surgeon and apothecary, trained him for a career in medicine in London from 1797 to 1801, and from 1801 to 1803 Rickman practised medicine in Lewes, Sussex, where his father had moved and where there were a large number of his relations. Disinclined to follow a medical profession, Rickman entered into partnership with a London corn factor, Samuel Burns, from 1803 to 1807. Contrary to the rules of the Society of Friends, he had married his first cousin Lucy Rickman (c.1773–1807) in 1804, provoking his first break with the Friends. The year 1807 was disastrous for Rickman, as his business failed, leaving him heavily in debt, and his wife, Lucy, died on 12 December. He moved to Liverpool in 1808, and found employment as a clerk in an insurance firm.

To the depression arising from this extremely difficult period has been attributed Rickman's passion for Gothic architecture, initiated during frequent sketching visits to old churches (Colvin, Archs., 361). Rickman's son wrote that, 'from the time of his arrival in Liverpool he seems never to have missed a day or an hour which could be given to examining buildings' (T. M. Rickman, 6). By 1808 Rickman was collecting prints of Liverpool architecture, and the following year he met James Smith, the publisher. By 1812 Rickman had written an essay on Chester Cathedral (published posthumously in the Journal of the Archaeological, Architectural, and Historic Society for the County of Chester, 2, 1864), and he began writing an article on Gothic architecture for the first volume of Smith's A Panorama of Arts and Sciences (2 vols., Liverpool, 1815, copy in Liverpool Local History Library), which was to form the basis for his most important work, An Attempt to Discriminate the Styles of English Architecture, first published as a

book in 1817 (2nd edn, 1819; 3rd edn, 1825). Rickman made some modifications to the fourth edition (1835), the last he saw through to publication, and three further editions appeared after his death, ending with the seventh edition of 1881, all of these published by the firm of the Oxford antiquary John Henry Parker. In the preface, Rickman said he intended the book to be 'a text-book for the architectural student', for the lack of one 'is generally acknowledged'. His object was to 'supply at a price which shall not present an obstacle to extensive circulation' ('Preface' to An Attempt to Discriminate the Styles of English Architecture, 2nd edn, 1819, iii—iv) an overview of medieval styles of architecture for restorers of ancient buildings and architects working in revived styles. Such an aim had been pursued by architectural writers and Gothic enthusiasts throughout the eighteenth century, beginning with Batty Langley's Ancient Architecture Restored and Improved (1741), but Rickman's Attempt was nothing less than the first accurate account of the history of medieval architecture in the British Isles. By establishing the chronology of the different medieval styles Rickman's account was a landmark in the history of the Gothic revival. An Attempt remained the standard reference on the subject of Gothic architecture throughout the nineteenth century and the nomenclature Rickman developed— Norman, Early English, Decorated, and Perpendicular— has remained in use ever since.

In writing his Attempt, Rickman succeeded where many others had failed, partly owing to his avoidance of contemporary debate over the origins and meaning of Gothic. It could be argued that his position as an outsider to the Church of England allowed him to be more objective than many of his contemporaries. Indeed, it has been suggested that Rickman's lack of a classical education meant he could not read medieval documents in Latin and therefore had to develop a visual method of approach (Baily, 148). His systematic, empirical approach to the subdivision and classification of architectural detail, since described as 'comparative taxonomy', enabled him to analyse the thousands of medieval structures he visited personally. By means of copious sketches and notes taken on site, he succeeded in constructing a coherent chronology of medieval architecture from the round-headed arches of the Normans to the broad, ogee'd arches of the Perpendicular Gothic. (This last term represents Rickman's original contribution to the nomenclature of medieval styles.)

Like many aspiring architects and designers, Rickman was able to found a career as a result of the success of his publication. He had written his essay on Chester Cathedral partly in response to the encouragement he received from George Harrison, an iron-founder in that town; in 1812 he met John Cragg, the ambitious owner of the Merseyside Iron Foundry, who commissioned him to design several churches in the Liverpool area, using cast iron as a principal building material. The first of these was the church of St George, Everton (1812–14), which was followed by St Michael, Toxteth (1814–15), and St Philip, Hardman Street, Liverpool (1815–16; dem. 1882). Cragg was able to reuse Rickman's designs for lace-like window tracery, 'vaulting', and thin, columnar supports in these churches, as the elements had been prefabricated in cast iron. Cast iron was not without its proponents at this time— the prince of Wales endorsed its use at Carlton House, London, and at the Royal Pavilion, Brighton— but the overt use of such an industrial material did not find favour with the church commissioners until the 1820s. Rickman himself preferred detailing in stone, and this interesting experiment with modern materials was not continued in his later career.

Rickman's first major domestic commission came through a Liverpool architect, John Slater, who needed assistance with Gothic designs for Scarisbrick Hall, Lancashire, where A. W. N. Pugin was also to begin his career as a domestic architect. Between 1813 and 1816 Rickman and Slater redesigned the rambling Elizabethan house, and some of Rickman's traceried windows and architectural details survive today. There is evidence to suggest that he also designed some furniture in the Gothic style for Scarisbrick, and that this may have been made by the Lancaster firm Gillows. On 22 October 1813 Rickman married second, in Liverpool, Christiana Hornor (c.1780–1814) of Hull, a teacher in the Quaker day school in Liverpool. This marriage also ended tragically when his wife died of puerperal fever nine days after giving birth to a daughter, Lucy (d. 1816). This second marriage led, however, to Rickman's reconciliation with the Society of Friends.

By December 1817 Rickman's new career was progressing sufficiently well for him to open an architectural office in Liverpool, and in 1818 he took as his first pupil the talented Henry Hutchinson (1800–1831), who became Rickman's partner in 1821 but whose career was cut short by an early death. With Hutchinson's assistance, Rickman was to execute the major buildings of his architectural career, most notably the church of St Peter, Hampton Lucy, Warwickshire (1822–6), the church of St John, Oulton, Yorkshire (1827–9), and the New Court of St John's College, Cambridge (1826–31), traditionally built stone structures lavishly decorated with the crisp, accurate Gothic detailing that Rickman knew intimately, and that Hutchinson could translate into beautifully rendered drawings.

stone structures lavishly decorated with the crisp, accurate Gothic detailing that Rickman knew intimately, and that Hutchinson could translate into beautifully rendered drawings. Rickman's most reliable source of income during his architectural career was to come from the church commissioners, beginning with a commission for the church of St George, Birmingham (1819–22), which led to his opening an office at 5 Cannon Street in 1820, moved to 45 Ann Street in 1826. He moved to Birmingham in 1821 with Henry Hutchinson and Thomas Fuljames, while his brother Edwin Swan Rickman (1790–1873), assisted by John Broadbent, ran the Liverpool office. Just as St George's was finished, Rickman received the prestigious appointment of architect to Worcester Cathedral, as well as the commission for the church at Hampton Lucy, Warwickshire, his early masterpiece. The church, an exquisite jewel illustrating Rickman's Decorated Gothic, as defined in An Attempt, was built privately for the Revd George Lucy. It therefore received all the lavish detailing that the more economically built commissioners' churches were denied, and for which Rickman was sometimes unfairly criticized. Rickman's architectural career was well established during the 1820s. As well as receiving a number of church commissions, he undertook a diverse range of work, including a country house for Mr Shirley at Lough Fea, Ireland (begun 1825), the modest town hall of Clitheroe, Lancashire (1820–1), and Matfen Hall, Northumberland (1832–5), for Sir Edward Blackett, in the Elizabethan style. By 1822 Rickman had begun work on the design of his next masterpiece, the New Court of St John's College, Cambridge, his largest building. This important commission involved the building itself, the romantic 'Bridge of Sighs' over the River Cam, which is generally ascribed to Hutchinson, and even interior fittings for the rooms of the college. Together with his unsuccessful but acclaimed designs for the Fitzwilliam Museum, the university project brough him into close contact wi

The year 1830 was a watershed in Rickman's career. On 1 January he received notice of his election to the Society of Antiquaries of London, an indication of professional recognition by his colleagues. He had sufficient pupils and assistants to warrant building two houses for them on Islington Row, an indication of the size of his practice. Furthermore, in May that year he made the first of two visits to France, in the company of Henry Hutchinson. Rickman had long suspected that study of medieval buildings in France might illuminate the development of Gothic architecture, and this visit was to whet his appetite for a longer study tour of Picardy and Normandy in August 1832 in the company of William Whewell. The two met the eminent French antiquaries Auguste Le Prévost and Arcisse de Caumont, and Rickman sent back four letters to the president of the Society of Antiquaries, documenting their discoveries. His final letter contained careful sketches of French Flamboyant Gothic tracery.

Despite the fact that his health began to decline in 1834, Rickman was able to publish the fourth edition of An Attempt the following year, incorporating the results of his two visits to France. The existence of an extra-illustrated edition of his handbook in the Avery Library of Columbia University in New York suggests that, at the time of his death, he was working on a fifth edition. He also contributed in 1838 to the

text of John Sell Cotman's Specimens of Architectural Remains. Thomas Miller Rickman later suggested that his father's scholarly activities increased as a result of his confinement to bed during the last years of his life. His architectural practice was busy preparing designs for the Palace of Westminster competition under the able direction of Richard Charles Hussey, who joined the firm in 1831 and became a partner in 1835, replacing Edwin Swan Rickman, who had begun to show the signs of mental illness that troubled several family members. Hussey's practical approach and sparsely ornamented style of Gothic architecture became increasingly evident in the firm's output of the later 1830s, during Rickman's final illness. On 4 January 1841 Thomas Rickman died of liver disease. He was buried in the grounds of St George's Church, Birmingham.

The life and career of Thomas Rickman demonstrate the power of an individual to triumph in seemingly unpromising circumstances. As a self-taught nonconformist, born into a large family of slender financial means and with a marked strain of mental illness, he was all the more remarkable for the double career he forged as the leading scholar of Gothic architecture in his day and as one of the most successful British architects during the first half of the nineteenth century. Writing to his aunt during his visit to France with Rickman in 1832, the antiquary William Whewell left the following description of his companion:

He wears the Quaker dress, which of itself would draw some notice here, and being a little, round, fat man, with short, thick legs, and a large head, he sets off the dress to great advantage ... he is perpetually running from one side of the street to the other to peep into whatever catches his attention ... and we seldom move far without the honour of some special spectators ... Notwithstanding this I like my companion very much. He is very good-humoured, and very intelligent and active, and I see more by travelling with him than I should do alone, besides understanding the architecture much better. (Blamires, Greenwood, and Kerr, 120)

### Megan Aldrich

Sources Colvin, Archs. · J. Baily, 'Thomas Rickman, architect and Quaker: the early years to 1818', PhD diss., U. Leeds, 1977 · J. Turner, ed., The dictionary of art, 34 vols. (1996) · T. M. Rickman, Notes on the life and on the several imprints of the work of Thomas Rickman (1901) · M. Aldrich, 'Gothic architecture illustrated: the drawings of Thomas Rickman in New York', Antiquaries Journal, 65 (1985), 427–33 · A. Kerr, 'Thomas Rickman in France', A Quaker miscellany for Edward H. Milligan, ed. D. Blamires, J. Greenwood, and A. Kerr (1985) · J. S. B. S. [J. S. Boys Smith], 'Thomas Rickman, architect of the New Court', The Eagle, 67 (1974–7), 19–21 · M. Aldrich, 'Thomas Rickman (1776–1841) and architectural illustration of the Gothic revival', MPhil diss., Toronto University, 1983 · red catalogues, RS Friends, Lond.

Archives BL, drawings of churches and time books, Add. MSS 37793–37803 · BM, workbooks · Bodl. Oxf., notes and sketches of third edition of Styles of English architecture · Bodl. Oxf., sketches and drawings · RIBA BAL, diaries and architectural drawings · U. Birm. L., letters | BL, letters to Edward Blore, Add. MS 52587 · Northumbd RO, Newcastle upon Tyne, letters to Sir Edward Blackett · Trinity Cam., letters to William Whewell

Likenesses C. Barber, pen, ink, and wash caricature, c.1820 (with Henry Hutchinson), Athenaeum, Liverpool · Cruikshank, watercolour, 1826 · J. H. Beck, chalk sketch, 1888 (after Cruikshank), RS Friends, Lond.

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Megan Aldrich, 'Rickman, Thomas (1776–1841)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, May 2009 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/23607]

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a Surgeon in 1801-1803 in Lewes, East Sussex.

Thomas married **Lucy Rickman**, daughter of **Richard Peters Rickman**<sup>4,196,204</sup> and **Mary Verrall**,<sup>4,196,204</sup> in 1804. Lucy was born on 18 Jun 1772 in The Cliffe, Lewes, East Sussex, died on 13 Dec 1807 in Lewes, East Sussex at age 35, and was buried on 16 Dec 1807 in FBG, Lewes, Sussex.

General Notes: Between 1872 and 1880, he lived presumably with his family, in America. They then returned to live in Hastings.

Thomas next married **Christiana Hornor**, <sup>1,14</sup> daughter of **Edward Hornor** and **Jane Empson**, on 22 Oct 1813 in Liverpool. Christiana was born on 7 Mar 1773 in Lowgate, Hull, Yorkshire, died on 13 Aug 1814 in Liverpool at age 41, and was buried on 15 Aug 1814 in FBG Hunter Street, Liverpool. The cause of her death was Puerperal fever. They had one daughter: **Lucy Christiana**.

6-Lucy Christiana Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 4 Aug 1814 in Liverpool, died on 12 Jan 1816 in Liverpool at age 1, and was buried on 14 Jan 1816 in FBG Hunter Street, Liverpool.

Thomas next married **Elizabeth Miller**, <sup>14</sup> daughter of **George Miller** and **Ann Tweedie**, <sup>9,49</sup> in 1825. Elizabeth was born on 16 Apr 1800 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 17 Nov 1877 in 2 Alexandra Road, Croydon at age 77. They had five children: **Alfred, Thomas Miller, Christian, John**, and **Mary Anne**.

- 6-Alfred Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 7 Apr 1826 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1829 at age 3.
- 6-**Thomas Miller Rickman**<sup>1,14</sup> was born on 14 Nov 1827 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1912 at age 85.

• He worked as an Architect and Surveyor in Montague Street, Russell Square, London.

Thomas married **Mary Lynam**. Mary was born in Hanley, Stafford and died on 30 Sep 1881. They had one son: **Thomas Theodore**.

- 7-**Thomas Theodore Rickman**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1868 in London and died in 1868 in London.
- 6-Christian Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born in 1829 and died in 1829.
- 6-John Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 28 May 1830 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in 1831 at age 1.
- 6-Mary Anne Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 8 Apr 1833 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- 5-John Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 2 Mar 1778 in Maidenhead, Berkshire and died in Died Young.
- 5-**John Rickman**<sup>1</sup> was born on 18 Jan 1779 in Maidenhead, Berkshire and died in Died Young.
- 5-John Rickman<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 11 Feb 1780 in Maidenhead, Berkshire and died on 7 Aug 1835 in Lewes, East Sussex at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bill broker in 1802 in Birchin Lane, London.
- He worked as an Insurance Broker in 1821-1825 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.
- He worked as an Accountant in 1828-1830 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.
- He worked as an Accountant in 1830 in Lewes, East Sussex.

John married **Elizabeth Barnard**, <sup>1,4</sup> daughter of **Samuel Barnard** and **Elizabeth**, on 22 Oct 1811 in FMH Houndsditch. Elizabeth was born on 15 Feb 1785 in Camberwell, London and died in 1825 at age 40. They had four children: **Barnard**, **William Reynolds**, **Barnard**, and **Edward**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in 1810 in Leytonstone, London.
- They had a residence in 1812 in Barking, Essex.
- They had a residence in 1820 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.
  - 6-Barnard Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born in 1817 and died in Died Young.
  - 6-William Reynolds Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 16 Oct 1821 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 1878 in Lewisham, London at age 57.

William married Sarah Jane Wheeler<sup>1</sup> in 1843. Sarah died in Nov 1868. They had four children: Emily, Clara, Emily, and William.

- 7-Emily Rickman
- 7-Clara Rickman
- 7-Emily Rickman

Emily married **Edwin Davis**<sup>1</sup> in 1870. Edwin was born in Siston, Gloucestershire and died on 16 Oct 1884. They had five children: **Edwin Frith Rickman, Emily A. Lilian, William Reynolds, Florence Elsie**, and **Charles Laurence**.

- He worked as an Artist.
- He resided at No. 123 In Mount Pleasnt Road, Ore, Sussex.
  - 8-Edwin Frith Rickman Davis<sup>1</sup> was born on 27 Jan 1871 in Sydenham, Kent.
  - 8-Emily A. Lilian Davis<sup>1</sup> was born on 1 Sep 1872 in Wallington, Surrey.
  - 8-William Reynolds Davis<sup>1</sup> was born in 1875 in Wallington, Surrey.
  - 8-Florence Elsie Davis<sup>1</sup> was born in 1879 in Ore, Sussex.
  - 8-Charles Laurence Davis was born in 1881 in Ore, Sussex and died in 1881.
- 7-William Rickman

William married Elizabeth Louisa Lintoff. They had one daughter: Elsie Marion.

8-Elsie Marion Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born in 1878.

William next married **Kessie Agnes Brown**. They had one son: **John**.

- 8-John Rickman was born in Hackney and died in Died Young.
- 6-Barnard Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born in 1823 and died in Died Young.
- 6-Edward Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born in 1825 and died in 1828 at age 3.

John next married **Sarah Godlee**, 4,205 daughter of **John Godlee** 4,202 and **Mary Rickman**, 4,202 in 1828. Sarah was born on 1 Nov 1798 in Lewes, East Sussex and died on 20 Aug 1866 in Ryde, Isle of Wight at age 67. They had three children: **Elizabeth, Barbara**, and **Barnard**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 1830 in Lewes, East Sussex.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1808 in York, Yorkshire.
  - 6-Elizabeth Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Aug 1832 in Lewes, East Sussex and died in 1900 at age 68.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 6 Pembroke Gardens, Kensington.
- 6-Barbara Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born in 1834 and died in Died Young.
- 6-Barnard Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 16 Dec 1834 in Lewes, East Sussex and died in 1907 at age 73.

General Notes: Barnard Rickman RET 6/19/1/139 1861-1869

These documents are held at York University, Borthwick Institute for Archives

2 Items

Contents

Letter to him, and notes about him (written when he was living outside the Retreat)

Patient no. 852, 880, 905, 932, 959, 2151, in Retreat 1852, 1853 - 1854, 1855 - 1856, 1856 - 1857, 1858 - 1870, 1882 - 1883 (discharged). Age on first admission 17, Quaker, single, druggist's apprentice, from

Lewes, Sussex. Mania, depression, partial dementia

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York.

Barnard married Sarah Benson<sup>1</sup> on 1 Jun 1871. Sarah was born in 1839 in Ampleforth, Yorkshire and died in 1919 at age 80. They had four children: John Hall, William Godlee, Barnard, and Charles.

- 7-John Hall Rickman was born on 31 Jul 1872 in Fulford, York.
- 7-William Godlee Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 17 Feb 1874 in York, Yorkshire and died on 4 Aug 1918 in York, Yorkshire at age 44.
- 7-Barnard Rickman was born on 21 Jan 1876 in Fulford, York.
- 7-Charles Rickman was born on 3 Feb 1878 in Ampleforth, Yorkshire.
- 5-William Rickman was born on 8 Dec 1781 in Maidenhead, Berkshire and died on 5 Aug 1875 at age 93.
- 5-George Peters Rickman<sup>1,4,146</sup> was born on 8 Feb 1785 in Maidenhead, Berkshire. (Ted Milligan gives Lewes) and died on 1 May 1875 in Charlbury, Oxfordshire at age 90.

General Notes: George Peters Rickman, 90 1 5 mo. 1875

Charlbury - formerly of Reading.

Though this aged friend spent the last few years at Charlbury, it was but the short evening of a long and busy life, spent not in the pursuit of wealth and worldly honour, but in the humble yet practical walks of true benevolence. From 1784 to 1874 and even longer, is no mean span of life on earth, and during the most of that period, George Peters Rickman is said to have been as well known to the inhabitants of Reading as any one, and very generally esteemed.

He was the son of Joseph Rickman; a Minister in the Society of Friends, residing at Lewes in Sussex. After a course of school instruction at Ackworth, he went apprentice to a silk weaver in Reading. Fond of books he put by his youthful savings to procure them, and he was anxious to secure a double benefit by lending them to others for perusal. In this way, as his own tastes were on the side of religious truth and active philanthropy, he endeavoured to promote the cause of both. The time we speak of was prior to the age of tract societies, by which the same end is aimed at more economically, and of which he afterwards very largely availed himself. Not only in visiting from house to house, but the passengers by stage coaches and the humbler travellers by stage waggons, were the constant objects of his attention. During the interval of changing horses, a small book would be offered, "something that will interest thee:"- and as George Hickman was of a lively mind, some little act of kindness, or play of innocent humour, often accompanied the gift and secured its acceptance. In these attempts to do good he was most persevering: it was a part of his religion, of his Christianity, willing to work in small efforts, if he had not the field for larger ones.

And he was a man of tender and susceptible heart. It is related that his visits to the stage waggons which drew up at the Anchor public house, were stopped by the accident of a little girl losing her balance, as she reached too far for one of his tracts, by which she fell out of the waggon, and was taken up dead! He was so shocked that for some months he could not recover his usual cheerfulness; and for seven years after, he was never seen to pass the Anchor corner again.

His feelings were strongly enlisted in the Abolition of Negro Slavery. Besides dispersing all kinds of anti-slavery papers, and giving up the use of slave-grown sugar, he was very serviceable in organizing meetings, agitating the question, and standing conspicuously by those who were able to advocate the cause by public speaking.

But his perseverance and energy were for forty years largely spent in the cause of Temperance. He had been famous for his home-made grape wine, but having as early as 1836 been convinced of the necessity of total abstinence from fermented as well as distilled liquors, he gave up treating his friends; and as he poured out the whole of his favourite beverage into the garden, said, "he would wash his hands of the poisonous stuff for ever! "Being ridiculed by a doctor who told him this teetotal nonsense would bring him to his grave in six months, he replied- "If so, I shall die sober; - take care of thyself, and when thy Maker calls thee, die sober too." Unhappily the doctor was too fond of his glass, and not many months passed over before he was called away.

Abstinence however was not enough to satisfy his mind or conscience. Here was a fresh, opening to taste "the luxury of doing good." Especially did he set himself to watch over the reclaimed drunkards: visiting them, pleading with them in their homes, getting them to attend Divine worship. One of them, a foundry man, many times fined and imprisoned, declared he should have completely fallen away again and again, but for George Hickman's continual care of him: "he watched me almost by night and by day."

Thus did this Friend in his private and humble labours occupy the talents given him by God, who gives to all; - not the talents of wealth or genius, but those of generous sympathies, warm affections, love of truth and righteousness, and brisk activity governed by Christian principle. "For he that in these things serveth Christ is acceptable to God, and approved of men. (Rom. xiv. 18.)

One who has penned a sketch of this unostentatious philanthropist, (from which these facts have been gathered,) observes of his latter days: "Far into old age his natural energy and desire to do good never forsook him. Sometimes however as bodily weakness became more apparent, he was subject to occasional fits of depression; and taking a low view of his spiritual attainments, gave way to fears as to his eternal interests. But writing about four years since to an old friend, he said "I have been in a very low spot for a long time, but now I feel ashamed of myself, for having ever mistrusted the goodness and mercy of my gracious Saviour: may I be favoured to trust Him more fully in time to come. I am now very much confined to the house, but my friends are very kind, and I find great comfort from the best of books."

This was after the loss of his second wife, who was upwards of ninety. He withdrew to Charlbury, where much peace and comfort were his portion, with a calm conviction that "he was going to his home in

heaven."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as an apprentice Silk weaver in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Silk Weaver in Church Street, Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist in Church Street, Reading, Berkshire.
- · He worked as a Slavery abolitionist.

George married **Ann Mansell**, <sup>1,4</sup> daughter of **Henry Mansell** and **Martha**, on 23 Jan 1834 in Maidenhead, Berkshire. Ann was born in 1756 in Ropley, Alresford, Hampshire and died on 28 Sep 1835 in Maidenhead, Berkshire at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Her first husband's surname was Pink.

George next married **Mary Bissell**, 4,17 daughter of **James Bissell**, on 13 May 1841 in FMH Reading. Mary was born in 1778, died on 22 Jan 1871 in Reading, Berkshire at age 93, and was buried in FBG Reading. They had no children.

- 5-Henry Neave Rickman<sup>1,21</sup> was born on 11 Nov 1786 in Maidenhead, Berkshire and died on 22 Aug 1849 in London at age 62.
- 5-Mary Ann Rickman<sup>1</sup> was born on 16 Aug 1788 in Maidenhead, Berkshire and died on 2 Oct 1859 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 71.
- 5-Edwin Swan Rickman<sup>1,199</sup> was born on 10 Sep 1790 in Maidenhead, Berkshire and died on 3 Jan 1873 in Rhyl, Wales at age 82.

General Notes: Edwin Swan Rickman RET 6/19/1/140 1841-1865

These documents are held at York University, Borthwick Institute for Archives

16 Items

Related information: (See also RET 2/1/7/2 for plan by him)

Contents

Letters by him to Dr Kitching and to friend, letters to him from friends and from publishers Smith Elder and Co; notes on him by Dr Thurnham; 8 letters of introduction by the British Foreign Office to British representatives abroad in 1841 for his trip abroad to study education and the arts (these were procured by him while he was a patient at The Retreat, see details in case book)
Patient no. 233, 497, 627, 713, in Retreat 1820, 1834 - 1835, 1841, 1845 - 1846 (discharged). Age 31 on first admission, Quaker, single, farmer, architect, accountant, from London, later Birmingham, later York.
Mania

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer, Architect and Accountant.
- He had a residence in London.
- He had a residence in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in York, Yorkshire.

Edwin married Margaret Miller.

- 4-Elizabeth Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 19 Jul 1750 in Hanworth, died on 11 Nov 1767 at age 17, and was buried on 15 Nov 1767 in Longford.
- 3-Valler Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 29 Jul 1712 in Hanworth, died on 13 Sep 1712, and was buried on 17 Sep 1712 in Longford.
- 2-**Thomas Neave**<sup>2</sup> was born on 15 Dec 1674, died in Aug 1676 at age 1, and was buried on 26 Aug 1676 in FBG Alton.
- 2-Jeremiah Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 18 May 1677, died in Jun 1677, and was buried on 11 Jun 1677 in FBG Alton.

2-Samuel Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 28 Jun 1679 in Alton, Hampshire and died in 1718 at age 39.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clothier.

Samuel married Elizabeth Gates, daughter of Nicholas Gates and Mary. They had five children: Rebecca, Joseph, Samuel, Joel, and Elizabeth.

- 3-Rebecca Neave<sup>1,2</sup> was born on 24 Oct 1705 in Alton, Hampshire, died on 26 May 1772 in St. Giles at age 66, and was buried on 2 Jun 1772 in FBG Reading.
- Rebecca married Joseph Russell, son of Thomas Russell.
- 3-Joseph Neave<sup>2</sup> was born in 1706 and died in 1706.
- 3-Samuel Neave was born on 19 Oct 1707 in Alton, Hampshire.
- 3-Joel Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 9 Sep 1711 in Alton, Hampshire.

Joel married Rachel Stacy, daughter of Edward Stacy and Mary, on 3 Apr 1733 in FMH Staines, Middlesex. Rachel was born in 1711 and died in 1737 at age 26. They had two children: Mary and Samuel.

- 4-Mary Neave<sup>1</sup> was born in 1733, died on 21 Dec 1735 at age 2, and was buried on 28 Dec 1735 in Longford.
- 4-Samuel Neave<sup>1</sup> was born on 14 Apr 1737 in St. John's Lane, Clerkenwell, died on 7 Oct 1740 at age 3, and was buried on 10 Oct 1740 in FBG Reading.
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