Charles E. G. Pease Pennyghael Isle of Mull

1-Henry Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born on 2 Jun 1639 in Chippenham, Wiltshire and died in 1723 at age 84.

Henry married Jane<sup>1</sup> about 1671. Jane was born about 1645 and died in 1712 about age 67. They had four children: Henry, Richard, Thomas, and George.

- 2-Henry Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1673 and died in 1712 at age 39.
- 2-Richard Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1675 and died in 1745 at age 70.

Richard married Anne Adams. They had one daughter: Mariah.

- 3-Mariah Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born on 29 Mar 1715 and died in 1715.
- 2-Thomas Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born about 1677 in Southwark, London and died about 1755 in Southwark, London about age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as a Colour maker.

Thomas married Susannah Cowley<sup>1</sup> on 22 Apr 1710 in FMH Southwark. Susannah was born in 1683 and died in 1743 at age 60. They had three children: Thomas, Thomas, and Rachel.

- 3-Thomas Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1712 and died in 1713 at age 1.
- 3-Thomas Reynolds<sup>1,2,3</sup> was born on 22 May 1714 in Southwark, London and died on 22 Mar 1771 in Westminster, London at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper.
- He worked as a Clothworker in London.

Thomas married **Mary Foster**, <sup>1,2</sup> daughter of **William Foster** and **Sarah**, on 16 Oct 1733 in Southwark, London. Mary was born on 20 Oct 1712 in Southwark, London and died on 23 Jul 1741 in London at age 28. They had five children: **Foster**, **Foster**, **Susannah**, **James**, and **William**.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Date of birth corrected from OS to NS.
  - 4-**Foster Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1735 and died in 1735.
  - 4-Foster Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 14 Aug 1736 in Mitcham, Surrey and died in 1797 in Carshalton, Surrey at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Linen Bleacher in Beddington, Croydon, Surrey.

Foster married Elizabeth Hayes<sup>1,4</sup> about 1750. Elizabeth was born in 1730 and died in 1772 at age 42. They had six children: Mary, Elizabeth, Thomas, Susannah, Ann, and William Foster.

- 5-Mary Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 14 Aug 1759 in Mitcham, Surrey and died in 1807 at age 48.
- 5-Elizabeth Reynolds<sup>1,4,5</sup> was born on 20 Oct 1760 in Mitcham, Surrey, died on 27 Jan 1787 in Bermondsey, London at age 26, and was buried in FBG Long Lane, Southwark, London.

Elizabeth married **Anthony Horne**, <sup>1,4,5,6</sup> son of **Thomas Horne**<sup>4,7</sup> and **Mary Hill**, <sup>4,5,7</sup> on 13 Mar 1781 in FMH Wandsworth. Anthony was born on 17 Feb 1758 in Southwark, London, died on 28 Mar 1816 in Bankside, Southwark, London at age 58, and was buried in FBG Long Lane, Southwark, London. They had three children: **Thomas, Reynolds**, and **William**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.
- He worked as a Coal Merchant in 1825 in 44 Bankside, Southwark, London.

6-Thomas Horne<sup>4,6,8</sup> was born on 10 Jan 1782 in Southwark, London, died in Mar 1864 in Islington at age 82, and was buried in Highgate Cemetery, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was A Quaker but resigned membership. In 1823.
- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.
- He worked as a Coal Merchant in 1825 in 47 Bankside, Southwark, London.
- He had a residence in Stamford Street, Blackfriars, London.

Thomas married **Ann Jane Driver**,<sup>4,9</sup> daughter of **Abraham Purshouse Driver**,<sup>4,9</sup> and **Ann Neale**,<sup>4,10</sup> on 30 Sep 1802 in FMH Kingston upon Thames. Ann was born in 1781 and was buried in Highgate Cemetery, London. They had 11 children: **Ann, Abraham, Elizabeth, Thomas, Alfred Neale, Louisa, Maria, Neale, Henry, George**, and **Emma**.

- 7-Ann Horne<sup>9</sup> was born on 23 Jan 1803 in Bankside, Southwark, London, died in 1886 at age 83, and was buried in Highgate Cemetery, London.
- 7-**Abraham Horne**<sup>5,9</sup> was born on 14 Mar 1806 in Bankside, Southwark, London and died on 4 Jun 1867 at age 61.

Abraham married Mary Ann. They had five children: Edward Lawson, Mary Jane, Emma, Harriet Elizabeth, and Julia Truman.

8-Edward Lawson Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 20 Nov 1834 in Kennington, Surrey, was christened on 23 Dec 1834 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington, died on 15 Mar 1912 in Brixton, London at age 77, and was buried in Norwood Cemetery, London.

Edward married Elizabeth Denziloe, daughter of Matthew Denziloe. They had four children: Lawson le Gros, Charles Denziloe, Mabel, and Maud Mary.

- 9-Lawson le Gros Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 25 Feb 1869 and died in 1915 in West Ham, London at age 46.
- 9-Charles Denziloe Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 1 Aug 1871.

Charles married Annie Jane Carling, daughter of John Carling. They had two children: John Denziloe and Elizabeth Anne.

- 10-**John Denziloe Horne**<sup>5</sup> was born on 8 Jan 1908.
- 10-Elizabeth Anne Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 4 Aug 1911.
- 9-Mabel Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 6 Feb 1876.
- 9-Maud Mary Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 8 Jul 1880.

Maud married Albert Howard Fox.

- 8-Mary Jane Horne was born on 3 May 1836 and was christened on 31 May 1836 in St. Mary's, Stoke Newington.
- 8-Emma Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 8 Aug 1837 and died on 7 Aug 1911 at age 73.
- 8-Harriet Elizabeth Horne<sup>5</sup> was born in 1839 in Kennington, Surrey, was christened on 5 Apr 1839 in Kennington, Surrey, and died in Dec 1868 in Kensington, London at age 29.

Harriet married **Charles Augustus Wright**, son of **John Wright**, in 1864 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex. Charles was born in 1834 and died in 1907 in Kew, London at age 73. They had three children: **Emma Lawson, Charles Edward William**, and **Lawson Sant**.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Solicitor.
- He worked as a Botanist.
  - 9-Emma Lawson Wright was born on 12 Jul 1865 in Sliema, Malta.

- 9-Charles Edward William Wright was born on 6 Feb 1867 in Sliema, Malta and died on 8 Apr 1870 at age 3.
- 9-Rev. Lawson Sant Wright was born on 19 Aug 1868 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died on 1 Dec 1918 in Stockport, Cheshire at age 50.

Lawson married **Ethel Violet Lockyer**, daughter of **John Lockyer**.

- 8-**Julia Truman Horne**<sup>5</sup> was born on 24 Oct 1840 in Kennington, Surrey, was christened on 27 Nov 1840 in Kennington, Surrey, died in Oct 1880 in Croydon, Surrey at age 40, and was buried in Norwood Cemetery, London. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 7-Elizabeth Horne<sup>9</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1808 in Bankside, Southwark, London.

Elizabeth married **Price**.

7-**Thomas Horne**<sup>9</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1809 in Bankside, Southwark, London.

Thomas married Harriot Amy Bennett. They had two children: Thomas and Bessy Anne.

- 8-Thomas Horne
- 8-Bessy Anne Horne was born on 22 Jan 1849.
- 7-Alfred Neale Horne<sup>9</sup> was born on 12 Jan 1811 in Bankside, Southwark, London. (10 November also given).
- 7-Louisa Horne<sup>9</sup> was born on 13 Jan 1812 in Bankside, Southwark, London, died in 1855 at age 43, and was buried in Highgate Cemetery, London.
- 7-Maria Horne<sup>9</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1813 in Bankside, Southwark, London and died in 1890 at age 77.

Maria married George Edward Shuttleworth. They had one daughter: Maria.

- 8-Maria Shuttleworth
- 7-Neale Horne<sup>5,9</sup> was born on 17 Jun 1815 in Bankside, Southwark, London, died in Dec 1863 at age 48, and was buried in Norwood Cemetery, London.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Coal merchant in Southwark, London.

Neale married Louisa Flower,<sup>5</sup> daughter of William Flower and Susanna Hennell, on 21 Dec 1844 in Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire. Louisa was born on 12 Apr 1818, died in 1894 at age 76, and was buried in Norwood Cemetery, London. They had eight children: Neale Flower, Robert, Alfred, William, Louisa Flower, Charles, Frank, and Walter.

8-Neale Flower Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 21 Oct 1844, died on 19 May 1899 in Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Hampshire at age 54, and was buried in Norwood Cemetery, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal Merchant in Upper Norwood, London.
- He worked as a Deputy Chairman of the Royal Ventnor Consumption Hospital.
- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.

Neale married Mary Pike, daughter of Thomas Pike and Jane Pike. They had eight children: Sidney Neale, Laura May Flower, Arthur Charles, Jessie Agnes, Percy Walter, Ethel Maud, Harry Bertram, and Florence Mary.

9-Sidney Neale Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 30 May 1873.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal merchant in Blackheath, London.
- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.

Sidney married Ida Frances Cox, daughter of Henry Ramsay Cox. They had four children: Lester Neale, Geoffrey Cyril, Marjorie Avis, and Muriel Joan.

10-Lester Neale Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 17 Sep 1899 in Woodside, Surrey.

Lester married Dorotheas L. Tester.

- 10-Geoffrey Cyril Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 2 Apr 1901 in Woodside, Surrey and died in Sep 1901.
- 10-Marjorie Avis Horne was born on 19 Jun 1902 in Blackheath, London.
- 10-Muriel Joan Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 5 May 1906 in Blackheath, London.
- 9-Laura May Flower Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 15 May 1874 in Upper Norwood, London.
- 9-Arthur Charles Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 22 Aug 1875 in Upper Norwood, London.

Arthur married Marguerite Annie Bridges, daughter of Frederick Bridges. They had two children: Barbara Annie and Margaret Mary.

- 10-Barbara Annie Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 11 Apr 1907 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London.
- 10-Margaret Mary Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 1 Oct 1909 in Tulse Hill, Lambeth, London.
- 9-**Jessie Agnes Horne**<sup>5</sup> was born on 6 Jan 1877 in Upper Norwood, London.
- 9-Percy Walter Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 14 Feb 1878 in Upper Norwood, London.
- 9-Ethel Maud Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 28 Mar 1879 in Upper Norwood, London.

Ethel married Edgar Cecil Ramsay Cox.

9-Rev. Harry Bertram Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 21 Apr 1880 in Anerley, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

Harry married Lena Alice Porteous, daughter of James Edward Porteous.

- 9-Florence Mary Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 26 Jun 1881 in Anerley, Surrey.
- 8-**Robert Horne**<sup>5</sup> was born in 1846 and died in 1868 at age 22.
- 8-Alfred Horne<sup>5</sup> was born in 1848, died in 1870 at age 22, and was buried in Norwood Cemetery, London.
- 8-William Horne<sup>5</sup> was born in 1850, died in 1875 at age 25, and was buried in Norwood Cemetery, London.
- 8-Louisa Flower Horne<sup>5</sup> was born in 1852.
- 8-Charles Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 23 Dec 1854.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea Merchant in London.

Charles married Alice France, daughter of Frederick Spencer Adolphus France. They had two children: Violet Louisa and Charles Walter.

9-Violet Louisa Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 10 Mar 1880 in Stockwell, Lambeth, London and died in 1969 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 89.

Violet married **Rev. Arthur Carruthers Stratton**<sup>5</sup> on 29 Apr 1911 in St. Bride's, Fleet Street, London. Arthur was born on 19 Feb 1871 in Newport, Isle of Wight, Hampshire and died on 3 Mar 1941 in The Avenue, Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 70. They had one daughter: **P. D.**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Carisbrooke in Carisbrooke, Isle of Wight, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Vicar of Clifton in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

10-P. D. Stratton

- 9-Charles Walter Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 30 Nov 1882 in Stockwell, Lambeth, London.
- 8-Frank Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 6 Aug 1856, died in Dec 1903 at age 47, and was buried in Norwood Cemetery, London.

Frank married **Laura Prowse**, daughter of **Thomas Prowse**, on 10 May 1883 in North Brixton. Laura was born in 1857 and died on 28 Jun 1908 at age 51. They had six children: **Alfred, Stanley, Ruby, Daisy, Olive**, and **Doris**.

- 9-Alfred Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 4 Mar 1884 in Brixton, London.
- 9-Stanley Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 9 Aug 1885 in Brixton, London.
- 9-**Ruby Horne**<sup>5</sup> was born on 4 Jul 1887 in Brixton, London.
- 9-**Daisy Horne**<sup>5</sup> was born on 24 Feb 1889 in Brixton, London.
- 9-Olive Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 23 Sep 1892 in Norwood, London.
- 9-**Doris Horne**<sup>5</sup> was born on 10 Jun 1895 in Norwood, London.
- 8-Rev. Walter Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 29 May 1858, died in 1941 in Felixstowe, Suffolk at age 83, and was buried in St. Peter and St. Paul's, Felixstowe, Suffolk.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of St. Saviour's in Brixton, London.
- He worked as a Vicar of Felixstowe in Felixstowe, Suffolk.

Walter married Katherine Heinekey, daughter of Robert Heinekey.

7-Henry Horne was born on 25 Aug 1816 in Bankside, Southwark, London and died on 1 Apr 1896 in 9 Selbourne Road, Hove, Brighton, East Sussex at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.
- He worked as a Manager of the London & County Bank in Horsham, West Sussex.

Henry married Marian Walters.

Henry next married Lavinia Wells. They had three children: Lavinia, Henry Napper, and Emily.

- 8-Lavinia Horne was born in 1847.
- 8-Henry Napper Horne was born on 4 Oct 1848, was christened on 8 Aug 1849 in Horsham, West Sussex, and died on 21 Jun 1918 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 69.

Henry married **Emily Mansell** on 29 Apr 1887 in St. Peter's church, Brighton, East Sussex. Emily was born in 1859 and died on 27 Apr 1937 at age 78. They had three children: **Edith Emily, Bernard**, and **Horace**.

- 9-Edith Emily Horne was born on 4 Sep 1887 in Reading, Berkshire.
- 9-Bernard Horne was born in 1891 in Reading, Berkshire.
- 9-Horace Horne was born in 1893.
- 8-Emily Horne was born in 1850 in Horsham, West Sussex.

Emily married Joseph William Hall. They had one daughter: Ethel Mary M.

- 9-Ethel Mary M. Hall was born in 1884 in Steyning, West Sussex.
- 7-George Horne<sup>9</sup> was born on 15 Aug 1819, died in 1878 at age 59, and was buried in Brooklands, Manchester.

George married Harriet Kitchin. Harriet died in 1912 and was buried in Parkstone, Dorset. They had four children: Alice, Jessie, Adeline, and Albert.

8-Alice Horne<sup>5</sup> was born in 1858.

Alice married George Pitt.

- 8-Jessie Horne was born in 1859.
- 8-Adeline Horne was born in 1868 and died in 1887 at age 19.
- 8-Albert Horne<sup>5</sup> was born in 1873 and died in 1901 at age 28.

Albert married Edith Warden.

- 7-Emma Horne<sup>9</sup> was born on 21 Jul 1821 in Devon and died in 1826 at age 5.
- 6-Reynolds Horne<sup>4,5</sup> was born on 5 Nov 1783 in Bankside, Southwark, London, died on 29 Nov 1838 in Edmonton, Surrey at age 55, and was buried in FBG Croydon.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.

Reynolds married Caroline Mary. They had three children: Anthony, Mary, and Eliza Emma.

- 7-Anthony Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 23 Mar 1807 in Edmonton, Surrey.
- 7-Mary Horne<sup>5</sup> was born in 1817 in Edmonton, Surrey and died in 1817 in Edmonton, Surrey.
- 7-Eliza Emma Horne

Eliza married David Tyrie.

6-William Horne<sup>4,5,6</sup> was born on 29 Nov 1785 in Bankside, Southwark, London, died on 17 Nov 1848 in Camberwell, London at age 62, and was buried in The Lady Chapel, St. Saviour's Cathedral.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Coal merchant in Southwark, London.
- He was a Quaker but resigned membership in 1816.
- He worked as a Citizen and Cloth Worker.

William married **Mary Hooper**, 4,5 daughter of **James Hill Hooper** and **Ann**, on 1 Jan 1807 in FMH Wandsworth. Mary was born on 18 Jun 1786 in Tooley Street, Southwark, London, died on 15 Apr 1881 in Carshalton, Surrey at age 94, and was buried in Great Bookham Churchyard. They had nine children: **Elizabeth, Mary Anne, Henry, Ellen, Frederick, Laura, Arthur, Edgar**, and **Rosina**.

- 7-Elizabeth Horne was born on 2 Nov 1807 and died in 1808 at age 1.
- 7-Mary Anne Horne was born on 2 Dec 1808 and died on 21 Sep 1856 at age 47.
- 7-Henry Horne was born on 30 Oct 1810 and died in 1811 at age 1.
- 7-Ellen Horne was born on 18 Oct 1812 and died on 26 Dec 1899 at age 87.
- 7-Frederick Horne was born on 7 Feb 1814.
- 7-Laura Horne was born in 1816 and died on 8 Mar 1909 at age 93.
- 7-Arthur Horne<sup>5</sup> was born in 1818 and died in 1891 in Australia at age 73.
- 7-Edgar Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 17 Apr 1820 in Clapham, London, died on 18 Dec 1905 in Seven Gables, Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 85, and was buried in Witley, Godalming, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.
- He worked as a Founder and Director of the Prudential Assurance Company.

Edgar married **Maria Burrell**, daughter of **William Burrell** and **Mary Bennett**, in 1855. Maria was born in 1817 in Flitcham, Norfolk, was christened on 21 Sep 1817 in Flitcham, Norfolk, and was buried in Eastbourne, East Sussex. They had three children: **William Edgar, Ellen Elizabeth**, and **Alderson Burrell**.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Her first husband was Thomas Eversfield.
  - 8-Sir William Edgar Horne 1st Bt.<sup>5</sup> was born on 21 Jan 1856 in 10 Woburn Square, Bloomsbury, London and died on 26 Sep 1941 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.
- He worked as an Auctioneer and Surveyor.
- He worked as a Director of the Prudential Assurance Company.
- He worked as a President of the Surveyors Institute in 1911.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for South West Surrey in 1910-1922.
- He worked as a Mayor of Westminster in 1923-1924.

William married **Margery May**, <sup>5</sup> daughter of **George Anderson May** and **Edith Frances Flavel**, on 7 Oct 1886 in Harthill, Yorkshire. Margery was born on 14 Jul 1861 in Elford, Staffordshire and died in 1939 at age 78. They had three children: **Phyllis Margery**, **Allan Edgar**, and **William Guy**.

9-Phyllis Margery Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 26 Aug 1888 in Shackleford, Guildford, Surrey and died on 3 May 1970 at age 81. She had no known marriage and no known children.

9-Lt. Col. Sir Allan Edgar Horne 2nd Bt.<sup>5</sup> was born on 19 Sep 1889 in Shackleford, Guildford, Surrey and died on 4 Feb 1984 at age 94.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC Croix de Guerre.
- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.

Allan married Florence Etty Kelly, daughter of Arthur Wolseley Kelly, on 27 Aug 1915. Florence died on 4 Nov 1918. They had one daughter: Edith Margery Jay.

### 10-Edith Margery Jay Horne

Edith married **Prof. Thomas Fiddian Reddaway** on 20 May 1944. Thomas died on 26 Oct 1967. They had seven children: **Edgar James Fiddian, William Thomas, Susan Mary, Henry Sills, Richard Alan, Mark Andrew**, and **Michael Jay**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRHistS FSA.
- He worked as a Major, serving in the Royal Artillery.
- He worked as a Professor of History, University of London.
  - 11-Edgar James Fiddian Reddaway
  - 11-William Thomas Reddaway
  - 11-Susan Mary Reddaway
  - 11-Henry Sills Reddaway

Henry married Susan Elizabeth Leslie on 29 Aug 1981. Susan was born on 1 Nov 1953 and died on 29 Nov 1990 at age 37. They had three children: Alexander Thomas, Elizabeth Claire, and Anne May.

- 12-Alexander Thomas Reddaway
- 12-Elizabeth Claire Reddaway was born on 27 Jan 1988 and died on 29 Mar 1988.
- 12-Anne May Reddaway
- 11-Richard Alan Reddaway
- 11-Mark Andrew Reddaway was born on 16 Nov 1954 and died on 13 Dec 1954.
- 11-Michael Jay Reddaway

Allan next married **Roslyn Robinson** on 21 Jul 1924. Roslyn died on 15 May 1961. They had one son: **Antony Edgar Alan**.

10-Antony Edgar Alan Horne was born on 19 May 1925 and died on 20 Nov 1954 at age 29.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ampleforth.
- He was educated at Oriel College, Oxford.

Antony married Valentine Antonia Dudensing, daughter of Valentine Dudensing, on 28 Jun 1945. Valentine died in 1981. They had one son: Alan Gray Anthony.

## 11-Sir Alan Gray Anthony Horne 3rd Bt.

Alan married Cecile Rose Desplanche, daughter of Jacques Desplanche.

9-Maj. William Guy Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 19 Sep 1889 in Shackleford, Guildford, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.
- He worked as a Director of the Prudential Assurance Co.

William married Louisa Carey Hardy, daughter of Herbert Carey Hardy and Adela Louisa Cassandra Knight, in 1920. The marriage ended in divorce in 1949. Louisa died in 1961.

William next married Hortese Barbiton.

8-Ellen Elizabeth Horne was born on 5 Nov 1857 in 10 Woburn Square, Bloomsbury, London and died on 29 Oct 1933 at age 75.

Ellen married **Dr. John Irvine Boswell**, son of **John Alexander Corrie Boswell** and **Amelia Minchin**, in 1884 in Bloomsbury, London. John was born on 10 Apr 1858 and died in 1923 at age 65. They had one son: **John Irvine Corrie**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Crawley Grange, Buckinghamshire.
  - 9-John Irvine Corrie Boswell was born on 2 Dec 1889, died on 2 Nov 1917 in Palestine. Killed in action at age 27, and was buried in Gaza War Cemetery Grave XXIV.D.12.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Radley.
- He worked as a Tea Planter in Ceylon.
- He worked as a Gunner with the Tank Corps.

John married Alfreda Mary Hurley. Alfreda was born in 1898 in Droxford, Hampshire and died in 1930 at age 32. They had one son: Ian Irvine.

10-Ian Irvine Boswell was born in 1917 in Crawley Grange, Newport Pagnell, Buckinghamshire.

## General Notes: £365.000 LEFT FOR A 17-YEAR OLD ORPHAN "IT WILL NOT CHANGE MV LIFE."

LONDON, Dec. 23.-

About £365,000 has been left to Ian Irvine Boswell, a 17-year-old orphan who is a pupil at Winchester College, under the will of his grandmother, Mrs. Ellen Elisabeth Boswell, of Crawley Grange, Newport Pagnell, Buckinghamshire, and of Buckingham-gate, S.W. Mrs. Boswell. who died on October 29 last, left estate of the gross value of £967,333, with net personalty £907,676. She was the daughter of the late Mr. Edgar Horne, of Witley, Surrey, who founded the Prudential Assurance Company in 1848, and a sister of Sir Edgar Horne, the present chairman of the company.

### HOLIDAYS WITH HER.

Ian Boswell's father, Mr. Corrle Boswell, was killed in Palestine during the war, and his mother died four years ago. He has since spent his holidays from Winchester at Crawley Grange or at his grandmother's London house. To him has been left £66,000 in trust and three-fifths of the residue of the property. He arrived at Crawley Grange yesterday, with a school friend to spend his holiday there. He told a Dally Mail reporter laat night: '"I have no plans, except that I shall endeavour to keep up the Grange as my grandmother would have wished." His voice was cool, decisive, and businesslike. "None of my interests or hobbies is of the sort that requires money, and I do not expect to make any changes in my life because of the bequest," he said. Mrs. Boswell's husband. Dr. John Irvine Boswell, died in 1923. Kingston Gleaner. 16 January 1934

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.
- 8-Alderson Burrell Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 22 Nov 1863 and died in 1953 at age 90. Another name for Alderson was Anmer Hall.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Ditton Place, Balcombe, Surrey.
- He worked as a Citizen and Clothworker.
- He worked as a Stage actor and Theatrical Director.

Alderson married Maud Porter, daughter of Frederick William Porter. They had two children: Janet Maud and David Edgar Anderson.

- 9-Janet Maud Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 22 Feb 1894.
- 9-David Edgar Anderson Horne<sup>5</sup> was born on 14 Jul 1898 and died in 1970 in Marylebone, London at age 72.

David married Sophie Johanna Kruse. They had one daughter: Antonina.

10-Antonina Horne was born on 28 Oct 1935 in London.

Antonina married **Prince Paul Otto Charles Odescalchi**, son of **Prince Károly Odescalchi** and **Princess Klára Andrássy de Csíkszentkirály et Krasznahorka**, in 1963 in London. The marriage ended in divorce in 1995. Paul was born on 28 Sep 1923 in Budapest, Hungary and died on 17 Apr 2014 in Arles, France at age 90. They had one daughter: **Cristina Gabriella Clara Eleanora**.

General Notes: Prince Paul Odescalchi, who has died aged 90, was one of the last surviving links with "old Hungary" – that dominated by a handful of great families, the Eszterházy, Andrássy, Apponyi, Széchenyi and Odescalchi dynasties among them.

The power of this aristocracy, based on the ownership of vast estates, was broken by Austria-Hungary's defeat in the First World War and the resulting Treaty of Trianon, which deprived Hungary of two-thirds of her territory, including many noble estates which became part of the successor states — Czechoslovakia, Romania and Yugoslavia.

Paul Otto Charles Odescalchi was born in Budapest on September 28 1923. His family were comparative latecomers to the ranks of the Hungarian aristocracy – although the Odescalchis had been prominent in the nobility of northern Italy since the 11th century. Benedetto Odescalchi, as Pope Innocent XI from 1676, inspired the formation of the Holy League (consisting of Austria, Poland and Venice) which relieved the siege of Vienna by the Turks in 1683 and expelled them from Buda three years later.

In recognition of Benedetto's role, Leopold I, as Holy Roman Emperor, honoured the Odescalchi family by making the Pope's brother, Livio, a Prince of the Empire and Duke of Szeremség, a title which carried with it huge estates in northern Croatia, then part of Hungary. His descendant and namesake, Prince Livio Odescalchi, who was Empress Maria Theresa's Marshal of Court, took over these estates in the late 18th century and married a Hungarian heiress, thus founding the Hungarian branch of the Odescalchi family which held a distinguished place in Hungarian society until 1948.

Paul Odescalchi's mother, Princess Klara (Kaja) Odescalchi, was the youngest granddaughter of Count Gyula Andrássy, a celebrated Foreign Minister of the Dual Monarchy of Austria-Hungary from 1871 to 1879 and chief architect of the 1879 Dual Alliance with Germany – a defensive alliance against Russia.

More importantly, perhaps, Paul Odescalchi was also the last surviving link with the small but heroic anti-Nazi resistance movement in Hungary during the Second World War. When the Trianon Treaty swept away the family estates, Paul's father, Károly ("Carlo") Odescalchi took up a career in business, becoming in 1935 a member of the board of Ganz, Hungary's largest industrial enterprise.

In 1940, in return for Adolf Hitler's assistance in recovering a large slice of Slovakian territory, Hungary joined Germany, Italy and Japan in the Tripartite Pact and was thereby committed to the Axis cause.

The board and management of Ganz was, with the sole exception of Carlo Odescalchi, entirely Jewish and consequently vulnerable. When, in 1941, Hungary entered the Second World War by sending 40,000 troops to join German forces in the invasion of the Soviet Union, the Ministry of War planted agents in all defence-related enterprises, including Ganz, to weed out "unreliable elements" and assign them to duties at, or just behind, the front line, in which their life expectancies would be short.

When the agent assigned to Ganz demanded the removal of a Jewish engineer, a decorated veteran of the First World War who had been overheard making anti-German remarks, Carlo Odescalchi protested strongly and announced that he was himself no friend of Germany. Although threatened with arrest, he mobilised personal contacts to secure the intervention of the Hungarian "Regent" Mikos Horthy, who ordered the transfer of the Ministry's agent to another enterprise.

After the German occupation of Hungary in March 1944, Carlo found that his name was at the top of a Nazi blacklist; he consequently kept a low profile, working from home and moving frequently, until the war was over.

He and Princess Klara had divorced before the war. But she too had become involved in helping enemies of Nazism. In particular she aided refugees who had fled to Hungary after Hitler's invasion of Poland in 1939 but before Hungary entered the war on the side of Germany. Polish soldiers who wished to continue the fight were allowed to make their way to western Europe; by 1941, nearly 50,000 had done so. Poles who elected to remain in Hungary were well cared for and Princess Klara served as Vice-President of the Hungarian-Polish Committee for Refugee Care. She gave the Committee office space in her home and supplied the British Ambassador of the time, Owen O'Malley, with valuable political intelligence.

When, in 1941, Hungary's entry into the war caused the rupture of British-Hungarian relations and a surge of Nazi influence in Budapest, O'Malley warned Princess Klara that she was in imminent danger of arrest. Armed with an exit permit signed personally by Horthy, she was driven by the British Naval Attaché to Dubrovnik.

The plan was that the Royal Navy would arrange her onward journey to Greece by submarine and thence to Cairo. She never made it, being killed in Dubrovnik by an Italian bombing raid on the port – the only such raid of the war.

At the time of his mother's death Paul was 17 years old and a pupil at the Ferenc Jozsef Catholic gymnasium in Budapest. From there he enrolled in the city's Jozsef Nádor Technical University to study Engineering Science. After the German invasion, however, he became increasingly impatient to do something, as he put it "to stop us from being Hitler's last collaborators". His search for kindred spirits brought him into contact with two young Hungarian Army officers, Jeno de Thassy and Guido Görgey, who had evaded service at the front and were involved in sporadic acts of resistance.

Despite their youthful enthusiasm, the anti-fascist resistance movement in occupied Hungary was too small and too divided to make much of a dent in Nazi and Arrow Cross (Hungarian fascist) power. Two of the movement's most effective leaders, the radical democrat Endre Bajcsy-Zsilinszky and the Communist László Rajk, attempted to unite its various factions under a "Committee of Liberation"; but the Committee was betrayed almost as soon as it had been formed and its members — with the exception of Rajk — were hunted down and shot or hanged.

Odescalchi, as well as carrying out useful work as a courier between resistance groups and in arranging the transfer of Jews and other potential victims of the Gestapo from one safe house to another, was involved in several ill-conceived schemes that were doomed to failure.

He did, however, play a leading role in one successful resistance operation. Having gravitated to a resistance group led by a Staff Captain László Sólyom, he set off, disguised as a workman and carrying explosives in a toolbox. Having made his way to the Gellért Hill, he successfully destroyed four German military trucks in their parking place.

When the siege and bombardment of Budapest began in December 1944, Odescalchi, with de Thassy and Görgey, joined many other members of the capital's former haut monde in taking refuge in the cellars of the Wagons Lits building on Vörösmarty Square. He remained there, chafing at the enforced inactivity, until, in mid-January 1945, Russian troops burst in and ordered the inhabitants to clear the rubble and debris from the square outside while they, the "liberators", looted the building.

Word reached Odescalchi and his two colleagues that they should meet László Sólyom who, at the Budapest Committee of the Hungarian Communist Party (HCP), introduced them to János Kádár, who was to be installed as leader of communist Hungary in the wake of the 1956 uprising. Kádár offered his aristocratic guests the opportunity to join the HCP, with the distinction of low membership numbers, in recognition of their resistance activities.

Odescalchi rejected the offer outright; de Thassy and Görgey temporised. Sólyom then offered them the opportunity of serving under him in the newly-formed police force; Odescalchi again declined, "gently but firmly" as de Thassy later recalled, although his comrades accepted the offer. On leaving the building, however, all three were arrested by Soviet soldiers and incarcerated in a nearby cellar. De Thassy and Görgey eventually succeeded in escaping from the cellar, leaving Odescalchi to his fate.

This turned out to be imprisonment, as a "class enemy", in a Soviet concentration camp near Gödöllö, outside Budapest. Typhus was endemic in the camp and the majority of its inmates died as a result. Odescalchi contracted the disease but survived; he was released in 1946, though he was so physically diminished that his father failed to recognise him.

In 1947 Odescalchi succeeded in securing an exit permit and fled to England, where he read Engineering at Liverpool University and, in 1948, married Zsuzsanna Tamassy, who had followed him from Budapest. He transferred from Liverpool to Bristol University in order to read Psychology and Philosophy.

After graduating, he pursued a career in industrial psychology, working, first, for IBM, for whom he ran a training centre in the Netherlands, and then in Cheltenham, as a consultant. He had in the meantime divorced Zsuzsanna and in 1963 remarried, to Antonina Horne.

In retirement Odescalchi actively supported several charities related to Hungary and Transylvania, work which continued after his second divorce in 1995, and his move to Arles, in southern France, where he lived in partnership with Anne-Charlotte DuChastel.

He was a regular visitor to Budapest and to the village of Tiszadob, where the Andrássy family had owned an estate. As deputy president of Transylvania Direct, he helped to provide transport for Magyar-speaking children in Transylvania so that they could be bussed to Magyar-speaking schools. In 2005 he founded the Gyula Andrassy Foundation to promote the legacy of his great-grandfather.

Paul Odescalchi is survived by a son from his first marriage and by a daughter from his second.

Prince Paul Odescalchi, born September 28 1923, died April 17 2014

Noted events in his life were:

• His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 30 Jun 2014.

### 11-Princess Cristina Gabriella Clara Eleanora Odescalchi

Cristina married Ivan Henry Havelock Kinsman, son of Anthony Henry Ivor Kinsman and Daphne Maureen "Bunty" Graham.

Cristina next married Alexander G. T. Heath.

Edgar next married **Anna Maria Coles**, daughter of **Charles Coles**, on 21 Oct 1893 in St. Thomas's, Lewes, Sussex. Anna died on 24 Jan 1906 in The Hall, Witley, Godalming, Surrey and was buried in Witley, Godalming, Surrey.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Her first husband was called James Boyd, who she had married in 1849.

7-**Rosina Horne**<sup>11</sup> was born on 15 Dec 1823 in Clapham, London, was christened on 9 Jan 1824 in Holy Trinity, Clapham, London, died on 20 Oct 1899 in Epsom, Surrey at age 75, and was buried in Ashley Road Municipal Cemetery, Epsom, Surrey.

Rosina married **John Aldam Phillips**, 11,12 son of **John Phillips**, and **Ann Hooper**, 4,11,13 on 30 Apr 1863 in Great Bookham, Surrey. John was born on 26 Jul 1814 in Southwark, London, was

christened on 30 Apr 1863 in Adult Christening before his wedding, died on 22 Nov 1887 in Grove Road, Sutton, Surrey at age 73, and was buried in Ashley Road Municipal Cemetery, Epsom, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Australian Merchant in Riches Court, Lime Street, London.
- He was a Quaker before 1863.
- 5-Thomas Reynolds<sup>4</sup> was born on 21 Nov 1761 in Mitcham, Surrey and died in 1819 at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Linen Bleacher in Beddington, Croydon, Surrey.

Thomas married **Hannah Wilson Forbes**<sup>4</sup> about 1795. Hannah was born in 1763 in Also Given 1769 and died in 1799 at age 36. They had one son: **Thomas Forbes**.

6-**Dr. Thomas Forbes Reynolds**<sup>4</sup> was born in 1799.

General Notes: He made a run away marriage with Frances.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Of Wallington, Surrey.

Thomas married Frances Daniell.<sup>4</sup> Frances was born in 1799 and died in 1831 at age 32. They had two children: Frances Mary Anne and Elizabeth.

### 7-Frances Mary Anne Reynolds

Frances married **Rev. George Knox**. They had one son: **Edmund Arbuthnott**.

8-**Rt. Rev. Edmund Arbuthnott Knox**<sup>14,15</sup> was born on 6 Dec 1847 in Bangalore, Madras, India, died on 16 Jan 1937 in 18 Beckenham Grove, Shortlands, Kent at age 89, and was buried on 19 Jan 1937 in Elmers End Cemetery, Beckenham, Kent.

General Notes: Knox, Edmund Arbuthnott (1847–1937), bishop of Manchester, was born at Bangalore, India, on 6 December 1847, the second son and second child of the four sons and four daughters of George Francis Knox (1814–1891) and his wife, Frances Mary Anne, elder daughter of Thomas Forbes Reynolds MD of Wallington, Surrey. The eldest son was Sir George Edward Knox. The father was one of the last chaplains in the East India Company's service, returning to England in 1855 and becoming a secretary of the Church Missionary Society in 1858. Although the connection with India remained a close one throughout Edmund Knox's early years, his own work lay entirely in England.

Knox was initially educated at home before going on to St Paul's School (1857–65), and had a distinguished career from 1865 as a scholar of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, and later as fellow (1868), dean (1872), tutor (1875), and chaplain (1879) of Merton College, Oxford, posts which he held until 1885. His academic ability was shown by his first classes in classical moderations (1867), literae humaniores (1868), and in jurisprudence and modern history (1869), and his versatility as a scholar by his election to the Boden Sanskrit scholarship (1867). His intellectual aptitude was matched by his pragmatism and his strong call to evangelism and pastoral work. He was considered one of the most effective disciplinarians of his day as dean of Merton, and in his year of office as proctor earned the inevitable nickname, Hard Knox. However, his firm belief in discipline, as proctor and later as a father and diocesan bishop, did not in any way conflict with his sense of spiritual responsibility for those under his pastoral care.

Ordained deacon in 1870 and priest in 1872, it was in 1884 that Knox's career began in earnest with his appointment as rector of Kibworth Beauchamp, near Leicester. Seven years later, in 1891, he was appointed vicar of Aston, Birmingham, where his skills as an administrator showed themselves fully. In 1878 he had married Ellen Penelope (b. 1854), eldest daughter of Thomas Valpy French, bishop of Lahore. Her death in 1892 left him with a family of two daughters and four sons, Edmund George Valpy Knox (1881–1971), afterwards editor of Punch, (Alfred) Dillwyn Knox (1884–1943), cryptographer, Wilfred Lawrence Knox (1886–1950), Anglo-Catholic priest, and Ronald Arbuthnott Knox (1888–1957), Catholic chaplain at Oxford University and translator of the Bible. In 1895 he married Ethel Mary, eldest daughter of Canon Horace Newton, vicar of Redditch, to whose quiet support he owed much both in Birmingham and in Manchester. For twelve years he exercised a wide influence in Birmingham, becoming in 1894 suffragan bishop of Coventry and archdeacon of Birmingham, and in 1895 rector of St Philip's Church (afterwards Cathedral) in Birmingham, where he laid effective foundations for the new diocesan see of Birmingham.

In 1903 Knox was appointed bishop of Manchester and was quickly recognized as the de facto leader of the evangelical party within the Anglican church. He took a prominent part especially in the controversies over both the church schools in the 1906 Education Act and the Church of England Assembly (Powers) Act (1919), commonly called the Enabling Act which he criticized vigorously. He was adamant that pastoral and evangelistic work should not be neglected, however, and personally founded an annual mission to holidaymakers at Blackpool. Several of his charges, including Sacrifice or Sacrament? (1914) and On What Authority? (1922), which dealt mainly with evangelical doctrines, were published, but his greatest strength was in organization rather than theological controversy. It was said of him by a Manchester layman that he was worth any six business men on a committee. Yet throughout his career he was always a pastor and always found time for personal and individual work. Knox retired in 1920 and spent a long old age at the house at Shortlands, Kent, bought for him by the diocese of Manchester, but kept in touch with theological developments and church affairs. He was a determined opponent of the revised prayer book (rejected by parliament in 1927 and 1928) and gave his views of Anglo-Catholic errors in The Tractarian Movement, 1833–1845 (1933). His

Reminiscences of an Octogenarian, 1847–1934 (1935) cast many illuminating sidelights upon nearly a century of the history of the Church of England. He was in his ninetieth year when he died at 18 Beckenham Grove, Shortlands, on 16 January 1937, survived by his second wife. He was buried on 19 January at Elmers End cemetery, Beckenham.

Stephen Gregory

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Wealth at death £8052 13s. 8d.: probate, 27 Feb 1937, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Stephen Gregory, 'Knox, Edmund Arbuthnott (1847–1937)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 Edmund Arbuthnott Knox (1847–1937): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/34354

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Bishop of Manchester.

Edmund married **Ellen Penelope French**, <sup>14</sup> daughter of **Rt. Rev. Thomas Valpy French** <sup>14,16</sup> and **Mary Anne Janson**, <sup>16</sup> in 1878. Ellen was born on 29 Jan 1854 in Agra, Bengal, India, was christened on 19 Feb 1854 in Agra, Bengal, India, and died in 1892 at age 38. They had six children: **Ethel Marion, Edmund George Valpy, Winifred Frances, Alfred Dillwyn, Wilfred Lawrence**, and **Ronald Arbuthnott**.

9-Ethel Marion Knox<sup>17</sup> was born in 1879 and died in 1958 at age 79.

9-**Edmund George Valpy Knox**<sup>14,17</sup> was born on 10 May 1881 in Oxford, Oxfordshire, died on 2 Jan 1971 in 110 Frognal, Hampstead, London at age 89, and was buried in Hampstead Parish Church. (Cremated at Golders Green).

General Notes: Knox, Edmund George Valpy [pseud. Evoe] (1881–1971), writer and magazine editor, was born in Oxford on 10 May 1881, the second child and eldest son in the family of two daughters and four sons of Edmund Arbuthnott Knox (1847–1937), a fellow of Merton College, Oxford, and later bishop of Manchester, and his wife, Ellen Penelope French (1854–1892), daughter of Thomas Valpy French (1825–1891), later bishop of Lahore. His father later remarried; his stepmother was Ethel Newton. Knox won a scholarship to Rugby School in 1896, and then in 1900 went to his father's old college, Corpus Christi, Oxford, with every expectation that he would likewise distinguish himself there as a scholar. However, he obtained a second class in classical honour moderations in 1902 and left without taking his degree.

The four Knox brothers were in their different ways remarkable. Dillwyn (or Dilly) Knox was a classical scholar, mathematician, and fellow of King's College, Cambridge, who in both world wars distinguished himself as a cryptographer; Wilfred Knox was an Anglican priest, biblical scholar, and an authority on the Apostle Paul; and Ronald Knox translated the Bible and became a Roman Catholic and a monsignor.

Lacking the clerical or scholarly leanings of his brothers, Edmund Knox spent a year teaching at North Manchester preparatory school. There he decided to become a writer and, after several attempts, finally got a poem printed in Punch in 1905. In the autumn of 1906 he moved to London, determined to pursue a career in journalism, and he made a precarious living as a freelance contributor to Punch, the Evening Standard, and The Tribune. After a year he gained his first job as sub-editor on the Pall Mall Magazine, where he had responsibilities for commissioning fiction. In 1908 he met Christina Frances Hicks (1886–1935), the daughter of Edward Lee Hicks, appointed bishop of Lincoln in 1910. Hicks, a committed suffragette, was reading English at Somerville College, Oxford, and before long the couple were engaged. Their marriage was delayed until 20 September 1912, to permit her to take her degree and to allow Knox time to improve his prospects. The couple had a son and a daughter, who became well known, under her married name, as the novelist Penelope Fitzgerald (1916–2000).

In 1911 Knox published a volume of poems, The Brazen Lyre, which set the tone for his later collections of comic verse, yet did not anticipate the popularity of his later writings. He began to consolidate his working relationship with Sir Owen Seaman, editor of Punch from 1906 to 1932, contributing more regularly to the magazine and often deputizing in the office when the regular staff were sick or on holiday. To distinguish himself from another well-known Punch journalist, E. V. Lucas, he adopted the pen-name Evoe, meaning 'a cry of rejoicing uttered by the followers of the wine-god'.

At the outbreak of the First World War, Knox joined the Territorial Army, and by Christmas was a second lieutenant in the Lincolnshire regiment. He was first sent to Ireland, and then in 1917 to France. Although Seaman had invited him to send light-hearted articles to Punch from the front line, Knox found the realities of trench warfare incompatible with his brand of comic writing, and so failed to contribute for four years. In September 1917 he was wounded at Passchendaele. After being demobilized in April 1919 he worked for eighteen months at the Ministry of Labour in order to support his wife and small children, and moved with his family to Balcolme, Sussex.

In 1920 Knox was invited to join the table of Punch—the weekly gatherings to decide the subject of the issue's cartoon—and a year later he was admitted to the salaried staff and moved with his family back to Hampstead, London. In 1931 he edited an anthology of comic verse for the Phoenix Library. He was a skilful parodist, whose work drew comparisons with that of Charles Stuart

Calverley and J. K. Stephen. In 1932 he took over the editorship of Punch from Seaman, who had retired. He was a quiet modernizer, and over several years he tactfully shortened the pictorial jokes and weeded out the mass of explanatory material in brackets which Seaman had inserted with the fear that his readers might miss the point. Knox's gentle innovations tightened up the magazine without doing violence to its middlebrow respectability. He saw Punch as a national institution, and colleagues remarked that 'working with him was a little like helping to edit the Journal of Hellenic Studies' (Price, 255). His own political views, once Liberal, had become Churchillian tory, and during the thirties, when many on the right favoured appearsement, he was a vociferous critic of Hitler and Mussolini. However, under Knox's leadership, Punch became much less directly political. His dislike of public relations and the limelight meant that he was reluctant to meet people in his official capacity, and his belief in 'choosing good men and giving them their heads' (ibid., 254) made him an aloof, distant editor, loath to criticize or praise.

In 1935 Knox's wife died and on 2 October 1937 he married Mary Eleanor Jessy Shepard (1909–2000), daughter of Ernest Howard Shepard, A. A. Milne's illustrator and a Punch artist; the couple had no children. In 1943 Knox was awarded the honorary degree of MA at Oxford, and in 1951 he gave the Leslie Stephen lecture at Cambridge; his title was 'The mechanism of satire'. During his later years he took a lively interest in local affairs in Hampstead, and during the Second World War displayed an eccentric form of courage in wandering about London where the bombs fell thickest with a bottle of whisky in his pocket, looking for people who needed it. Although for the greater part of his life an agnostic, he gradually drifted back into the Church of England. Knox died at his home, 110 Frognal, Hampstead, on 2 January 1971. Three years later In my Old Days, a selection of his verse, was published.

### Katherine Mullin

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Likenesses H. Coster, photographs, 1933, NPG · photographs, repro. in Fitzgerald, The Knox brothers

Wealth at death £7686: administration, 4 Feb 1971, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Katherine Mullin, 'Knox, Edmund George Valpy (1881–1971)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004

Edmund George Valpy Knox (1881–1971): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/31323

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Editor of Punch Magazine.
- He worked as a Poet and Satirist.

Edmund married **Christina Frances Hicks**, <sup>17</sup> daughter of **Rt. Rev. Edward Lee Hicks** <sup>17</sup> and **Agnes Mary Trevelyan Smith**, in 1912. Christina was born in 1885 in Southam, Warwickshire and died on 30 May 1935 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 50. They had two children: **Penelope Mary** and **Edmund Rawle Valpy**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Teacher, St. Felix School in Southwold, Suffolk.

10-**Penelope Mary Knox**<sup>14,17</sup> was born on 17 Dec 1916 in The Old Palace, Lincoln, Lincolnshire, died on 28 Apr 2000 in London at age 83, and was buried on 5 May 2000 in Hampstead Parish Church. (Cremated at Golders Green).

General Notes: Fitzgerald [née Knox], Penelope Mary (1916-2000), novelist and biographer, was born at the Old Palace, Lincoln, on 17 December 1916, the only daughter (there was also a son) of Edmund George Valpy Knox (1881-1971), writer, and Christina Frances (1886-1935), daughter of Edward Lee Hicks (1843-1919), bishop of Lincoln. In The Knox Brothers (1977) Penelope Fitzgerald paints a group portrait that reflects the individuality of the sitters: her uncles Ronald Knox (1888-1957), Dillwyn Knox (1884-1943), and Wilfred Knox (1886-1950), her father, and her grandfather Edmund Arbuthnot Knox (1847-1937), bishop of Manchester, and his second wife, Ethel Newton, whose love and encouragement warmed an otherwise somewhat severe evangelical household.

A happy early childhood at Balcombe, Sussex, from 1919 to 1921 was followed by a move to Hampstead in 1921, necessitated by Edmund Knox's promotion leading to the editorship of Punch. Penelope Knox's girlhood was saddened by the long illness and premature death of her mother. From Wycombe Abbey she won the senior scholarship to Somerville College, Oxford, in 1935 and earned a congratulatory first in English in 1938. She contemplated, without enthusiasm, an academic career, but the war was imminent, and in 1939 she joined the BBC where she performed mainly portering tasks such as carting the very heavy discs on which various broadcasts were recorded.

On 15 August 1942 Penelope Knox married Desmond John Lyons Fitzgerald (1917-1976), then serving in the Irish Guards. The birth and upbringing of their son and two daughters left little time for writing, the more so as neither she nor her husband had any money. His attempts at earning, though adventurous and enterprising, were dogged by bad luck, leaving the task of financial provision largely to her. She did a little journalism (it is said that when her father was editor of Punch she had pseudonymous contributions typed and posted by a friend) but teaching was the economic mainstay. The great part of her teaching career from the mid-1960s to about 1980 was divided between Westminster Tutors and Queen's Gate School in Kensington, where her alertness and quickness of sympathy endeared her to her pupils.

It was not until 1975, at fifty-eight, that Penelope Fitzgerald published her first book. She made her literary début with a biography of a Victorian artist, Edward Burne-Jones. Herself a talented draughtswoman, she responded to the instinct for craftsmanship that underlay all the activities of Morris & Co. Like The Knox Brothers which followed in 1977, it is a masterly composition in

collective biography since a number of characters, among them Burne-Jones's wife Georgiana and William Morris himself, are portrayed with no less fidelity and sympathy than the eponymous subject.

For her fiction Penelope Fitzgerald drew largely on her early experiences. The Golden Child (1977), alight with high spirits and humour, was written to amuse the husband she knew to be dying. Inspired by the Tutankhamun exhibition at the British Museum, it pokes fun at the learned world and at the unscrupulous operators who often dominate it. Describing it as a 'mystery story', Fitzgerald did not count it among her novels and, as a conspicuously spare and economical writer, always regretted cutting it at the insistence of her first publisher. Her spell as a bookseller in Southwold in the late 1950s gave her the material for The Bookshop (1978). Its shortlisting for the Booker prize (the first of four such nominations) gave her the encouragement to write Offshore (1979) which won it. Set in the early 1960s among boat-dwellers moored on Chelsea Reach, Offshore draws on the time Fitzgerald and her family spent living on a perilously decrepit barge to which they had moved from Southwold. The deftness with which a large cast of sharply drawn characters is manoeuvred through a plot that keeps the reader alert and expectant is a triumph of technique. But cleverness is almost the last praise to be given to a book whose strength and solidity commands confidence in its entire humanity. Her experiences at the BBC were hilariously transmuted into her fourth novel, Human Voices (1980). Its comic skill distracted reviewers from Fitzgerald's central perception that the BBC, against all the odds in wartime, was determined to tell the truth-in her view, among the highest of virtues. At Freddie's (1982) was inspired by her time teaching at the Italia Conti theatrical school. In 1982 Penelope Fitzgerald edited and introduced William Morris's unfinished The Novel on Blue Paper for the Journeyman Press. Another biography, Charlotte Mew and her Friends, appeared in 1984. The world of Harold Monro and the Poetry Bookshop had fascinated her since childhood. Her deepest convictions, to borrow her own words, drew her 'to the courage of those who were born to be defeated, the weakness of the strong and the tragedies of misunderstandings and missed opportunities' (New York Times). In 1986, with her novel Innocence, Fitzgerald moved into new imaginative territory. The setting of post-war Italy is counterpointed with the story of the Ridolfi family in the Renaissance, who tried to protect their daughter, born a dwarf, from the knowledge of her deformity. Fitzgerald loved Italy and travelled there when she could afford to. She also paid several winter visits to Moscow, the setting of her next novel, The Beginning of Spring (1989). Her precision in describing that city in 1913 was widely noticed, and was achieved by a diligent study of the eleventh edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica (1911) in the British Library. Her last two books, The Gate of Angels (1990), set in Cambridge before the First World War, and The Blue Flower (1995), set in the Germany of the Romantic movement, were received with equal applause. Here she combined the authenticity of material detail with the perception of a mental and spiritual world wholly foreign in the late twentieth century. The Blue Flower, in particular, is characteristic of the painstaking research that went into her later novels and that underpins the polished, easy performances that delighted her public. Fitzgerald spent two years translating the correspondence of Friedrich von Hardenberg in the London Library. The poet known as 'Novalis' provides the inspiration for the novel's central character. Although nominated for the Booker prize, it inexplicably failed to win it but secured the far greater distinction of being the first book by a British author to win the US National Book Critics Circle award. Serious, yet enchantingly amusing, there was nothing cloudy or diffuse about Fitzgerald's opinions or her conversation. Her gentleness, her kindness, and her humour anaesthetized the incisiveness of what she might have to say. Partly, no doubt, this sprang from the humility that led her to reckon other people's intelligence equal to her own: 'it's just so insulting to explain

In 1996 Fitzgerald was awarded the Heywood Hill prize for a lifetime's contribution to literature. She was exemplary in discharging her duties to her profession, serving on the literature panel of the Arts Council and on the council of PEN, addressing congresses and literary festivals. Incapable of vanity or pretentiousness, she was as much admired as she was loved in the world of letters.

Penelope Fitzgerald died in London on 28 April 2000. A collection of her short stories, a form which she confessed to finding uncongenial, The Means of Escape, was published posthumously and enthusiastically received.

#### Richard Ollard

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Richard Ollard, 'Fitzgerald', Penelope Mary (1916-2000)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Sept 2012 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/74141

### Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Wycombe Abbey.
- She was educated at Somerville College, Oxford.
- She worked as a Novelist and Biographer.

everything', she once said in a BBC interview.

Penelope married **Maj. Desmond John Lyon Fitzgerald**, <sup>14,17</sup> son of **Thomas Fitzgerald**, on 15 Aug 1942 in St. Thomas More church, Frognal, Hampstead, London. Desmond was born in 1917, died on 19 Aug 1976 at age 59, and was buried in Putney Vale Cemetery, London. They had three children: **Edmund Valpy Knox, Christina R.**, and **Maria**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an officer of the Irish Guards.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Middle Temple.

## 11-Prof. Edmund Valpy Knox Fitzgerald

Edmund married María de los Angeles Fernández Serrano. They had three children: Valpy Gregory Fernández, Laurence, and Camilo.

12-Valpy Gregory Fernández Fitzgerald

Valpy married Lidia.

- 12-Laurence Fitzgerald
- 12-Camilo Fitzgerald

## 11-Christina R. Fitzgerald

Christina married **Terence Dooley**. They had four children: **Fergus, Luke, Paschal**, and **Jemima**.

- 12-**Fergus Dooley**<sup>17</sup> was born on 15 May 1981, died in Mar 1982, and was buried in Theale, Somerset.
- 12-Luke Dooley
- 12-Paschal Dooley
- 12-Jemima Dooley

## 11-Prof. Maria Fitzgerald

Maria married John Lake. They had three children: Thomas, Sophie, and Alfred.

- 12-Thomas Lake
- 12-Sophie Lake
- 12-Alfred Lake

10-Edmund Rawle Valpy Knox<sup>17</sup> was born on 6 Aug 1913 in Lincoln, Lincolnshire, died on 5 Jun 1994 in Marlborough, Wiltshire at age 80, and was buried on 14 Jun 1994.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Permanent correspondent in Asia, for The Observer newspaper. In 1948-1961.

Edmund married **Helen Maureen Roantree**<sup>17</sup> in 1946. Helen was born in 1921 in Highfield Residential Home, Marlborough, Wiltshire and died on 20 Apr 2010 at age 89. They had two children: **William** and **Belinda**.

- 11-William Knox
- 11-Belinda Knox

Belinda married Robert Hunt.

Edmund next married Mary Eleanor Jessie Shepard, daughter of Ernest Howard Shepard and Florence Eleanor Chaplin, in 1937. Mary was born on 25 Dec 1909, died on 4 Sep 2000 in London

at age 90, and was buried in Hampstead Parish Church. (Cremated at Golders Green).

General Notes: Mary Shepard, the modest illustrator whose line drawings of Mary Poppins brought to life the ultimate British nanny in a series of seven books by P. L. Travers published from 1933 to 1988, died in London on Sept. 4. She was 90.

Her father was E. H. Shepard, the illustrator of "Winnie-the-Pooh" and "The Wind in the Willows." When "Mary Poppins" was being readied for publication, Pamela Travers wanted him to do the pictures.

He was too busy, but, as Miss Travers wrote almost a half-century later, on a friend's mantle she saw a Christmas card that had "a happy imperfection, a sense of wonder." It was done by Mary Shepard, then 23 and just out of the Slade School of Art.

Travers's editor, Peter Llewelyn Davis (in the tight British literary world he was one of the Lost Boys befriended by J. M. Barrie, and Mr. and Mrs. Banks, the parents in "Mary Poppins," bore more than a passing resemblance to the Darlings of "Peter Pan"), worried about Miss Shepard's inexperience, but their collaboration had begun.

And it was a collaboration. In an attic, Travers said, she found a wooden peg Dutch doll with painted coal- black hair, a turned-up nose and small, bright blue eyes that became the model.

That doll was later sent to the Donnell Library in Manhattan. But Miss Shepard bought a similar one to use as she drew. She wanted the nanny to stand in the fifth ballet position, with feet turned out and nearly parallel, but Travers insisted on the more comfortable fourth position, with the feet at right angles. Travers died in 1996 at the age of 96.

In the 1964 Walt Disney movie starring Julie Andrews, the time period and décor were pushed back from the 1930's of the book illustrations to a plush Edwardian era, but Ms. Andrews's costume and bearing stayed true to Miss Shepard's drawings (with her feet back to the fifth position), and Miss Shepard received a payment from the filmmakers.

Mary Eleanor Jessie Shepard was born on Christmas Day 1909. She had an idyllic Edwardian childhood and an artistic education.

In 1937 she married E. V. Knox, a friend and colleague of her father's, and outside publishing was known as Mary Knox. Her husband, who had been a widower, was the editor of Punch, the humor magazine. She was only seven years older than Knox's daughter, Penelope, who as Penelope Fitzgerald began publishing novels in her late 50's and died last spring at the age of 83. Knox died in 1971.

As they grew older, the two women became more like sisters. They lived near each other, talked every day and took care of each other, especially after Knox's death.

Miss Shepard was Auntie Mary to Fitzgerald's three children and had only one other relative, Minette Hunt, the daughter of her brother, who was killed in World War II. Her last drawings were made for a Fitzgerald grandchild, shortly after she entered the nursing home where she spent her last years. She did not know that Penelope had died.

A family memorial service was held at the Hampstead Parish Church on Sept. 14, where Miss Shepard worshiped daily as long as she was able. She was so modest that she said she did not wish to be buried with her husband in the pretty Hampstead cemetery because her name would add clutter to his stone.

Instead, the Fitzgerald children, Maria Fitzgerald, Tina Dooley and Balphy Fitzgerald, have arranged that twin stones be placed next to Knox's. They will be side by side above the cremated remains of Penelope and Mary, one showing a hand with a pen, the other, a hand with a paintbrush.

The New York Times. 2 October 2000

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Slade School of Art.
- She worked as an Illustrator.
- Death Notice: The New York Times, 2 Oct 2000.
- 9-Winifred Frances Knox<sup>17</sup> was born in 1882 and died on 20 Nov 1962 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as an Author.

Winifred married **Sir James Wallace Peck** in 1911. James was born on 3 May 1875 and died on 3 Feb 1964 at age 88. They had three children: **Antony Dillwyn, Ronald Charles Laurence**, and **Julian Forbes Arbuthnott**.

General Notes: CB.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CB FRSE.
- He worked as a Civil Servant.

10-Antony Dillwyn Peck<sup>17</sup> was born on 10 Apr 1914 and died on 10 Nov 1987 at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Deputy Under-Secretary of State (Programs and Budget), Ministry of Defence.
- He was awarded with MBE CBE.

Antony married **Sylvia W. Glenister**, <sup>17</sup> daughter of **Frederick Amos Glenister** and **Henrietta Stacey**, in 1956 in Kensington, London. Sylvia was born in 1925. They had two children: **Sophie F.** and **Jennifer K.** 

- 11-Sophie F. Peck
- 11-Jennifer K. Peck

10-Capt. Ronald Charles Laurence Peck was born in 1916, died on 19 Dec 1944 at age 28, and was buried in Aberdeen Crematorium, Aberdeen, Scotland.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

10-Julian Forbes Arbuthnott Peck<sup>17</sup> was born on 15 Apr 1920 in Kingston, London and died in 2001 at age 81.

Julian married **Carola Mary Elizabeth Titcomb**<sup>17</sup> in 1954 in Chelsea, London. Carola was born on 31 Jul 1921, died on 1 Aug 2014 at age 93, and was buried on 8 Aug 2014 in Glendermott, Londonderry, Ireland. They had three children: **Colin Charles Titcomb, Rory Forbes Arbuthnott**, and **Julia**.

11-Colin Charles Titcomb Peck<sup>17</sup> died on 26 Aug 2015 and was buried in Glendermott, Londonderry, Ireland.

General Notes: It was with the utmost shock that news spread of the untimely and totally unexpected death of Colin Peck of Prehen House. Colin and his partner, Alison, and their two children, Beatrix and Rawle, frequently attended the Cathedral. Colin, the son of the late Julian and Carola Peck, educated at Eton, was a journalist and lawyer, based at various times in Moscow, Paris and Cologne. Colin freelanced for most major networks as a producer, cameraman and print journalist, working extensively on conflicts in Russia, Nagorno Karabakh, Abkhazia, Chechenya, Tajikistan, Afghanistan and Iraq. He spent five years in Russia, working with his brother Rory Peck, before his death in 1993, and was interim Director of Afghan Aid. Colin's involvement with the Rory Peck Trust began soon after the Trust was founded and continued to this day. Described as "always a delight to spend time with," he was a warm and engaging companion, a source of facts, fable and fun who understood the freelance world, cared deeply about the Trust, and gave meaning to its link with his brother Rory. In recent years, Colin strove to care for his elderly mother, while working extensively on the restoration and maintenance of the family home, Prehen House. Dean Morton was asked by Alison to officiate at the committal of Colin's earthly remains to their resting place in the family vault at Glendermott Parish Churchyard following which there was a Celebration of Colin's life in word and music, in St Columb's Cathedral. The various components of the service were chosen by Alison. As the congregation assembled, the Billy Doherty Band played a selection of Irish traditional airs after which Dean Morton led the Bidding: "As we remember Colin in all the different aspects of his life we thank Almighty God for his many fine Christian qualities - his love for his family, his good nature, his kindness and sincerity, his humour and sense of fun, his congeniality, his breadth of vision, his intellectual capacity in relation to his contribution to the fields of law, journalism and history, his love of nature, his openness to new perspectives, insights, diversity and experimentation, and his powers of creativity." "As we celebrate all Colin's gifts and attributes, we rejoice that, called from this world's scene, he now continues on the journey from the uncertainty and randomness of this world, to the peace, tranquillity and order of things to come." "Opportunity is also afforded to offer sympathy to Colin's partner Alison and their children, Beatrix and Rawle; to Colin's daughter, Virginia, and his ex-wife Rose Jane; to Alison's son, Xavier; to Colin's sister, Julia; to the family of his late brother Rory - Alexander, Jamie and Fionn, and their sister, Lettice, Colin's nephews and niece, respectively." The address was given by a life-long friend of Colin, the Honourable Patrick Guinness while there were moving reflections about Colin's life from Brendan Rohan, Comdt (Retd.) of the Irish Army, and the poet, playwright and prose writer from Donegal, Cathal O Searcaigh, who also read Patrick Kavanagh's poem, "Epic." There was a musical tribute in the form of "The Coolin", an ancient Irish air thought to date back to the 17th century. A very innovative and moving dimension of the service was an improvisation on the organ by Ian Mills, portraying the journey from the uncertainty and randomness of this world, to the peace, tranquility and order of things to come. Dean Morton led the prayers which included the words of the Russian Contakion of the Departed in which images of the uncertainty of this life and the darkness of grief are sharply contrasted with the Eternal Light of Christ. The service concluded with Imperial march, Op. 32, by Sir Edward Elgar, played on the organ by Ian Mills.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Lawyer.
- He worked as a News cameraman.
- He had a residence in Prehen House, Londonderry, Ireland.

Colin married Rose Jane. They had one daughter: Virginia.

## 12-Virginia Peck

Colin next married **Alison**. They had two children: **Beatrix** and **Rawle**.

### 12-Beatrix Peck

#### 12-Rawle Peck

11-Rory Forbes Arbuthnott Peck was born on 13 Dec 1956 in Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA and died on 3 Oct 1993 in Ostankino TV Centre, Moscow, Russia at age 36. The cause of his death was Shot by members of the Vityaz special forces.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Freelance News-cameraman.

Rory married Elizabeth Jane Alexander, daughter of Denis James Alexander 6th Earl of Claredon and Baroness Anne Louise de Graevenitz. They had two children: James Julian and Alexander Nicholas de Graevenitz.

### 12-James Julian Peck

### 12-Alexander Nicholas de Graevenitz Peck

Rory next married **Juliet Elizabeth Crawley**, daughter of **Simon Crawley**, in 1991 in Moscow, Russia. Juliet was born on 25 Jan 1961 and died on 10 Jan 2007 at age 45. They had one daughter: **Lettice**.

General Notes: Juliet Peck, who has died aged 45, was a courageous foreign news reporter; both her husbands were war cameramen and both were killed by gunfire.

In memory of her second husband, Rory Peck, who was caught in crossfire as he filmed the storming of the Ostankino television station in Moscow in 1993, she established the Rory Peck Trust and Awards which offer support to freelance journalists in war zones and to their families in bereavement.

Born Juliet Elizabeth Crawley on January 25 1961, she was the third of four children of the Rev Simon Crawley, a highly inspirational clergyman, and was brought up in a succession of rectories; her grandfather, Leonard Crawley, was the amateur English golfing champion and cricketer.

A shy child who loved books and animals, Juliet Crawley was educated at Bedgebury Park School, Kent, and Marlborough before studying for a degree in History of Art at Edinburgh University. Whilst an undergraduate she rescued a fox terrier from the Edinburgh Dog and Cat Home whom she named Thatcher. He was popular in lectures and restaurants, but proved less so with the postmen and passing motorcyclists he encountered.

On leaving university, Juliet Crawley worked in a leper colony in southern India for the renowned missionary Mrs Webb. This experience, combined with the Christianity of her family upbringing, inspired in her a deep-rooted care for humanity and an abhorrence of cant.

In 1986 she joined Afghan Aid and went to live at Peshawar. Friends in London were not infrequently asked to put up injured Mujahideen warriors sent to England to receive treatment. Her dedication and abilities as an organiser earned her the admiration of Lord Salisbury, the former Tory MP Viscount Cranborne, then head of Afghan Aid.

While working as an assistant field officer for Afghan Aid in Afghanistan, Juliet Crawley met her first husband, the French photo-journalist Dominique Vergos. Not long afterwards he was shot dead by the chowkidar (night watchman) who was guarding their house, leaving her with a 14-month-old son, Finn.

Continuing to work in Afghanistan, Juliet then met the Northern Irish war cameraman Rory Peck, who was working for the independent newsgathering service Frontline. They were married in Russia in 1991 by the same Anglican priest who had conducted Dominique Vergos's memorial service.

On being assigned to Moscow, Rory and Juliet Peck continued reporting, and she was with her husband when he was killed during the storming of the White House in Moscow in 1993. Their daughter Lettice had been born a year earlier.

Juliet Peck continued to run an essential back-up and supply team for frontline reporters and cameramen, and more than once commandeered a tank to bring in supplies to Grozny in besieged Chechnya. In Nigeria she helped release a reporter who had been manacled in the public stocks.

But it is her work in establishing the Rory Peck Trust for which Juliet Peck will be chiefly remembered. The small charity regularly disburses more than £60,000 a year to assist freelance reporters who have been intimidated or imprisoned and their bereaved families.

On making her base in Yorkshire in 1995, she became a Conservative district councillor and hunted regularly with both the Middleton and York and Ainsty (South) foxhounds. When she lost the sight in one eye from the cancer which would claim her life, she saw no irony in hunting a one-eyed horse. She viewed her illness simply as a nuisance.

Her favourite hunter was Light Brownie, a stallion which she had brought back from Moscow after finding him starving and about to face the butcher's knife; he arrived at the stables in Yorkshire in full Muscovite headdress.

When once asked what she most disliked, Juliet Peck replied: "Adventure holidays."

Juliet Peck died on January 10. She is survived by her son from her first marriage (who was recently head boy at Marlborough) and her daughter from her second.

Noted events in her life were:

• Her obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 7 Feb 2007.

12-Lettice Peck

11-Julia Peck

9-Alfred Dillwyn Knox<sup>14,17,18</sup> was born on 23 Jul 1884 in Oxford, Oxfordshire and died on 27 Feb 1943 in Naphill, Hughenden, Buckinghamshire at age 58.

General Notes: Knox, (Alfred) Dillwyn (1884–1943), classical scholar and cryptographer, was born on 23 July 1884 in Oxford, the fourth of six children (four sons and two daughters) of the Revd Edmund Arbuthnott Knox (1847–1937), a tutor at Merton College (later bishop of Manchester), and his first wife, Ellen Penelope (1854–1892), daughter of Thomas Valpy French, bishop of Lahore. By any standards his family was remarkable, with the evangelical father and Dillwyn's three brothers: Edmund George Valpy Knox (Evoe), for seventeen years editor of Punch, Wilfred Lawrence Knox, an Anglo-Catholic priest, and Ronald Arbuthnott Knox, Roman Catholic priest and translator of the Bible. Three years after the death of Ellen Knox in 1892 Edmund Knox remarried. Dilly, as he was called, went to Summer Fields School, Oxford, at the age of eleven and after a year was first in his election to Eton College. He went to King's College, Cambridge, in 1903 as a scholar. He obtained a first class in part one (1906) and a second (division one) in part two (1907) of the classical tripos. A friend of Lytton Strachey and J. Maynard Keynes, he was not an Apostle himself, although his name was put forward for election to the society. He was greatly influenced by Walter Headlam and inspired by his great love and knowledge of Greek literature.

When Knox became a fellow of King's in 1909, he inherited the then deceased Headlam's work on Herodas and applied himself to the fragmentary texts of the Herodas papyri in the British Museum. The inconsequential and bawdy mimes proved difficult to unravel but Knox was determined to succeed, exercising on them the scholarship combined with inspired guesswork which was to be his forte in his future career. Like his brothers, he was addicted to puzzles and a devotee of Charles L. Dodgson (Lewis Carroll). The sort of question he was apt to ask, 'Which way does a clock go round?', was pure Carroll.

Soon after the First World War broke out Knox was asked to join ID 25, the department of naval intelligence known as Room 40, as a cryptographer. By 1917 he had succeeded in breaking much of the German admirals' flag code, detecting, with his ear for metre, lines of poetry in the repeated bigrams of a message, which provided a crib. Instead of returning to Cambridge, he decided to continue working in Room 40, renamed the Government Code and Cypher School. On 21 July 1920 he married his former secretary, Olive Margaret Rickman (b. 1884), daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Roddam John Roddam; they had two sons. He finally managed to get the Headlam– Knox Herodas published in 1922. Following German intervention in Spain he solved the Spanish military code and collaborated with the French on Italian naval codes used in Abyssinia.

Immediately before Hitler's invasion of Poland, Knox went with A. G. Denniston, the head of the Government Code and Cypher School, to a secret base at Pyry, where he was shown a reconstruction of the Enigma cipher machine, which was used by the Germans. The Polish replica moved the breaking of Enigma on from a theoretical exercise to a practical one and Knox always gave the Poles credit for the part they played. His own section, Intelligence Services Knox (ISK), which worked in 'the cottage' at Bletchley Park, achieved some notable cryptographic successes, including breaking the Italian naval code which enabled the Matapan signals to be read in March 1941. Although absorbed to the point of stuffing his pipe with sandwiches when obsessed with puzzle-solving, it would be wrong to see Knox's code-breaking as a detached intellectual exercise. It was he who insisted that, in order not to compromise Ultra (the breaking of the German high command codes), there should be an immediate press release that aerial reconnaissance had made possible the important naval victory off Cape Matapan in southern Greece (1941). Although ill with cancer, he worked tirelessly on breaking the Abwehr (a German secret service) traffic. A typical short cut was the successful assumption that some indicators set up by the operators in the four machine windows were not random but girls' names or four-letter dirty German words.

Knox worked from his bed to the last, only getting up and dressing in order to receive the CMG (1943) from the palace emissary appropriately. He died on 27 February 1943 at his home, Courns Wood House, Hughenden, near High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire.

Mavis Batev, rev.

Sources P. Fitzgerald, The Knox brothers (1977) · personal knowledge (1993) · private information (2004) · Burke, Gen. GB (1937) [Roddam of Roddam] · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1943) · R. Erskine and M. Smith, eds., Action this day (2001)

Likenesses G. Spencer, drawing, priv. coll.

Wealth at death £6678 15s. 1d.: probate, 5 May 1943, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Mavis Batey, 'Knox, (Alfred) Dillwyn (1884–1943)', rev. Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Oct 2006 (Alfred) Dillwyn Knox (1884–1943): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/37641

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During World War I, Knox was recruited to the Royal Navy's cryptological effort in Room 40 of the Admiralty Old Building.

In 1937 he cracked the code of the commercial Enigma machines used by Franco's Nationalists in the Spanish Civil War, but knowledge of this breakthrough was not passed on to the Republicans. Knox was one of the British participants in the Polish-French-British conference held on July 25, 1939, at the Polish Cipher Bureau facility at Pyry, south of Warsaw, Poland, in which the Poles disclosed to their French and British allies their achievements in Enigma decryption. Knox was chagrined - but grateful - to learn how simple was the solution of the Enigma's entry ring (standard alphabetical order). After the meeting, he sent the Polish cryptologists a very gracious note in Polish, on official British government stationery, thanking them for their assistance, and enclosing a beautiful scarf featuring a picture of a Derby race, and a set of paper 'batons' that he had presumably used in his attempts to break the German Enigma.

To break non-steckered Enigma machines (those without a plugboard), Knox used a system known as 'rodding', a linguistic as opposed to mathematical way of breaking codes. This technique worked on the Enigma used by the Italian Navy and the German Abwehr. Knox worked in 'the Cottage', next door to the Bletchley Park mansion, as head of a research section, which contributed significantly to cryptanalysis of the Enigma.

Knox's work was cut short when he fell ill with lymph cancer. When he became unable to travel to Bletchley Park, he continued his cryptographic work from his home in Hughenden, Buckinghamshire, where he received the CMG. He died on 27 February 1943. A biography of Knox, written by Mavis Batey, one of 'Dilly's girls', the female codebreakers who worked with him, was published in September 2009.

#### Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG.
- He was educated at Summer Fields Preparatory School in Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Classical Scholar and Papyrologist in King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Codebreaker WWI.
- He worked as a Chief Cryptographer in The Government Code and Cypher School.
- He worked as a Codebreaker WWII in Bletchley Park, Bletchley, Buckinghamshire.

Alfred married **Olive Margaret Rickman Roddam**, <sup>14</sup> daughter of **Lt. Col. Roddam John Roddam** <sup>14</sup> and **Helen Fredericka Goldie**, in 1920. Olive was born in 1884 in Addlestone, Surrey and was christened on 3 Aug 1884 in Addlestone, Surrey. They had two children: **Christopher Maynard** and **Oliver Arbuthnott**.

### Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1891 in Wooler, Northumberland.

## 10-Christopher Maynard Knox

10-**Oliver Arbuthnott Knox**<sup>14,17</sup> was born on 24 Dec 1923 in Courns Wood, Hughenden, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, died on 17 Jul 2002 in Chelsea and Westminster Hospital, London at age 78, and was buried in Courns Wood, Hughenden, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire. The cause of his death was Acute Renal failure.

General Notes: Knox, Oliver Arbuthnot (1923-2002), advertising agent, novelist, and political activist, was born on 24 December 1923 at Courns Wood, Hughenden, near High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, the elder son of (Alfred) Dillwyn Knox (1884-1943), classical scholar and cryptographer, and his wife, Olive Margaret Rickman, *née* Roddam (*b*. 1884), daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Roddam John Roddam. He was brought up in the cultivated world of the Knox family, whose brightest star was Oliver's uncle, the immensely influential Ronald Arbuthnott (Ronnie) Knox, Roman Catholic priest and wit. Another uncle was E. V. (Evoe) Knox, for many years editor of Punch. He was a first cousin of Penelope Fitzgerald, the novelist. Knox was educated at Summer Fields, Oxford, and at Eton College, where he was a scholar. He then went into the navy, spent a year on active service, and was commissioned. He then followed his father into code-breaking at Bletchley, where from 1942 to 1945 he worked on the Japanese naval code. In 1945 he was demobilized and went up to King's College, Cambridge, where he gained a first in part one of the classical tripos. He never took his degree, however, since in 1946 he met Patricia Polden (Patty) Leith (*b*. 1921/2), daughter of George Gordon Esslemonth Leith, architect. She was at that time working as a stage manager at the Arts Theatre. They married on 11 January 1947 at Marylebone register office, and lived for a year on the Greek island of Patmos.

In 1948 Knox returned to London, where he joined the advertising firm Coleman Prentice and Varley as a copywriter. In 1950 he moved as creative director to a smaller but dynamic similar undertaking, Robert Sharp Ltd, which, with Mark Ramage and Christopher Murray, he soon took over. He remained with Robert Sharp Ltd for the next thirty years, contributing imaginatively to the success of such companies as British European Airways, Imperial Tobacco, Players Cigarettes, and Spillers Pet Foods, and helping the early years of such literary stars as Salman Rushdie, Len Deighton, and Fay Maschler (all of whom worked for the agency). His own most successful slogan seems to have been what he wrote for Bonio dog biscuits: 'The bone-shaped biscuit for the dog-shaped dog'. 'A new dimension in excellence' was a slogan which he coined for Players Cigarettes.

Knox lived with Patty in a delightful house in Linden Gardens in Bayswater, where their four children (three sons and a daughter) were brought up. He later bought a house in Cork and another near Urbino. By that time he had acquired a small fortune and could entertain on a generous scale. He retired and for a while devoted his time to the literary activity which he had neglected when in advertising.

In the 1970s Knox published a series of satirical novels which caused Auberon Waugh to declare him to be 'the comic voice of his generation' (The Times, 20 July 2002). The best of these were An Italian Delusion (1973), about a man's attempt to revenge himself on a remote god-like eminence who had ousted him from his family business; and A Family Failing (1976), about the disputes between a retired general and his son. Other novels from this time were Asylum (1977) and Brothers at War (1979). He also wrote a history of the port firm Croft & Co. (1978), which was illustrated by his eldest son, Dillwyn. In 1982 he published an account of a walk in Italy, From Rome to San Marino in the Footsteps of Garibaldi.

In 1982 (at the invitation of Hugh Thomas, Lord Thomas of Swynnerton, chairman of the centre) Knox became director of publications for the Centre for Policy Studies, the Conservative think-tank founded in 1974 by Keith Joseph to try to convert the Conservative Party to free-market economics. With the chairman's enthusiastic support, Knox transformed the programme and, indeed, the entire centre. A brilliant series of pamphlets was issued. The annual meeting of the centre in the Hyde Park Hotel or the Institution of Civil Engineers, usually addressed by the prime

minister, Margaret Thatcher, became a rallying point for the true Thatcherites. Without in any way sacrificing the intellectual rigour which Mrs Thatcher desired in works sponsored by her, Knox contrived to bring a light touch to the work of the think-tank, recalling Alfred de Vigny's comment that wars are won by laughter as well as courage. When, in 1990, the centre fell into internal dispute as a result of the challenge of Europe, Knox maintained an equilibrium which helped the centre to survive and to continue to play a distinguished part throughout the 1990s.

Knox's later (mainly satirical) published works included The Wealthy Welfairs (1986), a pamphlet which showed how the middle class were gaining more from the welfare state than the poor, and Of Dukes and Dustmen (1987), a collection of sharp light verse which in the style of Belloc mocked modern bureaucracy. Finally, in 1997, there came Rebels and Informers, a study of the beginning of Irish nationalism in the eighteenth century.

Knox spent his life surrounded by charming and educated friends whom he both amused and informed. He was generous and open-minded. He loved classical literature, which he read easily until the end of his life. His feeling for the English language was deep and learned. He became a fellow of the Royal Society of Literature in 1982.

He died on 17 July 2002 in Chelsea and Westminster Hospital of acute renal failure and cancer of the bladder, and his ashes were scattered near his father's grave close to his childhood home at Courns Wood. He was survived by his wife, Patty, and their four children.

## Thomas of Swynnerton

### Sources

Daily Telegraph (19 July 2002) · The Times (20 July 2002); (24 July 2002); (25 July 2002); (9 Aug 2002) · The Independent (31 July 2002) · personal knowledge (2006) · private information (2006) · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert.

## **Archives**

**SOUND** 

BL NSA, documentary recording

#### Likenesses

obituary photographs

### Wealth at death

£1,127,902: probate, 17 Oct 2002, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Thomas of Swynnerton, 'Knox, Oliver Arbuthnot (1923-2002)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Jan 2006; online edn, Oct 2006 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/77059

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Codebreaker in Bletchley Park, Bletchley, Buckinghamshire.
- He worked as an Advertising Executive.

Oliver married Patricia. They had four children: Charlotte, Tim, Dilwyn, and (No Given Name).

- 11-Charlotte Knox
- 11-Tim Knox
- 11-Dilwyn Knox
- 11-Knox

9-Rev. Wilfred Lawrence Knox<sup>14,17</sup> was born on 21 May 1886 in Kibworth Rectory, Leicestershire and died on 9 Feb 1950 in Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge at age 63.

General Notes: Knox, Wilfred Lawrence (1886–1950), Church of England clergyman and theologian, was born on 21 May 1886 in Kibworth, Leicestershire, the third son and fourth of the six children of Edmund Arbuthnott Knox (1847–1937), suffragan bishop of Coventry and subsequently bishop of Manchester, and his wife, Ellen Penelope (1854–1892), daughter of Bishop Thomas French of Lahore (1825–1891) and his wife, Mary Anne. Knox was educated at Rugby School and Trinity College, Oxford, where he graduated with first-class honours in classical moderations (1907) and in literae humaniores (1909).

After working as a junior examiner at the Board of Education, Knox moved to London to be warden of Trinity College mission settlement in Stratford, east London. During this time his sympathies with the labour movement developed: Christianity, he felt, could work with and through the labour movement in order to alleviate the poverty in areas like London's East End. This conviction was closely connected to his growing Anglo-Catholic identity. In 1913 Knox proceeded to study theology at St Anselm's College, Cambridge; he was ordained deacon in 1914 and priest in 1915 to the title of St Mary's, Graham Street, London, where he was assistant curate. Despite his pacifist convictions, he attempted to join up as an army chaplain, but was rejected.

In his first pamphlet, At a Great Price Obtained I this Freedom (1918), Knox argued for the separation of church and state, and for the church to give up all property and patronage derived from its relationship with the state. In 1920 he joined the Oratory of the Good Shepherd (becoming its superior in 1941). In 1922 he moved to St Saviour's, Hoxton, as assistant priest. In an essay published in

1926 he combined his commitment and devotion to the Catholic tradition with an ardent quest for the truth. In his view,

the fear of 'Modernism' seems to suggest a lack of trust in the power of the Church to eliminate false teaching from her system ... but the Christian should have sufficient confidence in the inherent strength of the Catholic system to view with equanimity the exploration of every possible avenue of inquiry ... If his fears are unfounded, it can only lead to a fresh apprehension of the truth and the enrichment of Christian devotion. (Knox, 'The authority of the church', 116)

Knox believed that the proof of the Christian and Catholic faith could only be found in the person of Jesus as revealed in the gospels and in the sacraments of the church; it could not depend on the belief of individual human beings or the Christian church. From this, according to Knox, sprang the error of 'modernism'. He argued that 'The ultimate argument for Christianity must always be that of the disciple who brought his friend to Jesus with the argument "Come and See" (Knox, Catholic Movement, 29). Only this would convert those who refused to admit that human effort could produce any valuable result. 'To those who are honestly ready to "come and see" the divine gift of faith will not be lacking' (ibid., 29).

While his younger brother Ronald Arbuthnott Knox (1888–1957) converted to Roman Catholicism and became an influential priest and writer, Knox himself became an outspoken representative of the Anglo-Catholic movement in the Church of England. As a writer of popular and theological apologetics, he outlined the differences between Anglo-Catholicism and Roman Catholicism in The Catholic Movement in the Church of England (1923) and (with Alec Vidler) in The Development of Modern Catholicism (1933). Together with Eric Milner-White he responded to the convert Father Vernon Johnson in One God and Father of All (1929). He also wrote devotional texts, the best-known of which was Meditation and Mental Prayer (1927), an introduction for lay people to the spiritual life in the Catholic sacramental tradition.

As a New Testament scholar whose main interest lay in the Hellenistic background of the New Testament and the apostle Paul, Knox regarded the Hellenization of the gospel as inevitable; it had to be accommodated to the theological conceptions of the Greek world in which it was to be preached. His most important publications in this area were St Paul and the Church of Jerusalem (1925) and St Paul and the Church of the Gentiles (1939). In 1941 Knox became chaplain of Pembroke College, Cambridge, where he was elected to a fellowship after the war. In 1942 Knox delivered the British Academy Schweich lectures, which were published in 1944 as Some Hellenistic Elements in Primitive Christianity. He was awarded a doctorate of divinity in 1945 and was the Anglo-Catholic representative on the committee for Christian doctrine. He became a fellow of the British Academy in 1948. He died of cancer on 9 February 1950 in Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge. His funeral service was held in Pembroke College chapel. At the time of his death, Knox had been working on The Sources of the Synoptic Gospels which was edited by Henry Chadwick and published posthumously (1953–7).

### Natalie K. Watson

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Likenesses photograph, British Academy, London [see illus.]

Wealth at death £4576 4s. 4d.: administration, 4 May 1950, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Natalie K. Watson, 'Knox, Wilfred Lawrence (1886–1950)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2009 Wilfred Lawrence Knox (1886–1950): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/34359

### Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Theologian.

9-Monsignor Ronald Arbuthnott Knox<sup>14,17,18,19</sup> was born on 16 Feb 1888 in Kibworth Rectory, Leicestershire, died on 24 Aug 1957 in Manor House, Mells, Somerset at age 69, and was buried in Mells, Somerset.

General Notes: Knox, Ronald Arbuthnott (1888–1957), Roman Catholic priest and writer, was born on 17 February 1888 at Kibworth rectory, Leicestershire, the youngest of the four sons and two daughters of the strongly evangelical Edmund Arbuthnott Knox (1847–1937), later bishop of Manchester, and his wife, Ellen Penelope French (1854–1892), daughter of Thomas Valpy French (1825–1891), the heroic evangelical missionary bishop of Lahore. On his father's side Knox was of Scots–Irish Presbyterian descent, although his paternal grandfather, George Knox, had also been an Anglican clergyman. His three older brothers, Edmund George Valpy Knox, (Alfred) Dillwyn Knox, and Wilfred Lawrence Knox, were all to be distinguished, as was one of the daughters, Winifred, and the household culture was one of elaborate verbal games. Early life and education

Despite the early death of his mother from influenza when he was nearly four, Knox's childhood was an idyllic one made happy first by a clerical uncle, Lindsey Knox, and then by his father's second wife, Ethel Newton. Knox was famously precocious, declaring at the age of four that 'at night I think about the past' (Fitzgerald, 46), reading Virgil at six, and contributing a Latin serial, Publius et Amilla, to the family magazine. In 1896 Knox was sent to the preparatory school of Summer Fields, in north Oxford. In 1900 he entered Eton College, where he was a notable scholar and personality. He was elected to the self-selecting Eton Society, 'Pop', and became captain of the school, delegating his responsibility for corporal punishment to another boy. He won the first Balliol scholarship and Davies scholarship from Eton to Oxford, and was proxime accessit for the Newcastle scholarship taken by his friend and rival, Patrick Shaw-Stewart. In 1906 he joined Julian Grenfell and Charles Lister to found The Outsider, a magazine which tweaked the nose of authority. He also dedicated to his Eton master, Cyril Alington, Signa severa (1906), a collection of comic verses celebrating the Etonian ethos, most of them in English, but also in Latin and Greek.

In 1906 Knox went up to Balliol. He found the university an anticlimax after Eton, though his academic honours continued to accumulate, with the Hertford (1907), Ireland (1908), and Craven (1908) scholarships and the Gaisford Greek and chancellor's Latin verse prizes (1908 and 1910). For the Gaisford he translated Robert Browning into Theocritan hexameters. He edited Isis, was secretary,

junior librarian, and president of the Oxford Union (in Hilary term, 1909), and was reputed one of the finest speakers of his generation. He achieved only a second in classical moderations, having neglected to read the set commentaries, but took a first in Greats in 1910. He published a second volume of comic verse and prose, Juxta salices (1910), the oldest of them dating from his days at Eton, dedicated to Patrick Shaw-Stewart as the only man able to understand all his jokes.

Knox's interest in Anglo-Catholicism began at Eton, and was originally inspired by R. H. Benson's The Light Invisible (1903), on the near reality of the spiritual world, and H. O. Wakeman's Introduction to the History of the Church of England (1896), which canonized the Tractarians. When only seventeen, still at Eton, he made a private vow of celibacy. At Oxford he worshipped with the Cowley fathers and at Pusey House, went to confession, and cultivated a circle of Anglo-Catholic friends. Knox considered various careers, but decided to accept a fellowship at Trinity College, Oxford, with a view to ordination to the college chaplaincy. In 1910 he was private tutor to the young Harold Macmillan, but lost the post when he refused the nonconformist Mrs Macmillan's request not to discuss religion with her son. Macmillan recalled that Knox was 'the only man I have ever known who really was a saint ... and if you live with a saint, it's quite an experience, especially a humorous saint' (Horne, 18).

Knox was ordained priest in the Church of England on 22 September 1912, in St Giles's, Reading, and on 24 September he said his first mass in the fashionable London church of St Mary's, Graham Street. By 1912 he had won his reputation as an Anglo-Catholic enfant terrible by publishing in The Oxford Magazine 'Absolute and Abitofhell', a satire imitating Dryden's famous poem Absalom and Achitophel, on the forthcoming liberal Anglican volume of essays, Foundations (1912). The spoof had a greater success than its target. In a similar vein were the essay 'Studies in the literature of Sherlock Holmes' (The Blue Book, 1912), a satire on the German methods of biblical scholarship as well as a tribute to the great detective, and a more serious attack upon Foundations, Some Loose Stones (1913).

Knox was also associated with the Society of Saints Peter and Paul, a publishing house and seller of ecclesiastical furnishings founded by the Revd Maurice Child with the aim of converting Anglican high-churchmanship from a taste in Gothic to baroque. The society published in lavish seventeenth-century type Knox's Reunion All Round, or, Jael's Hammer Laid Aside (1914), a satire in Swift's manner on contemporary ecumenism, and Bread or Stone (1915), Knox's Holy Week addresses. His teaching methods as a don at Trinity College included ingenious mnemonics and a game of snakes and ladders illustrating the missionary journeys of St Paul. His collegiate circles included his 'Ronnie's Bar', serving port and bananas to undergraduates, 'Spike Teas' with honey sandwiches for Anglo-Catholics, and a smaller group of more intimate friends including Guy Lawrence and Harold Macmillan, who were to figure as B and C in Knox's A Spiritual Aeneid.

Knox did not share in the popular exultation at the outset of the war, reminding a friend that the Curé d'Ars had run away from conscription, though Knox's book of prayers, An Hour at the Front (1914), sold 70,000 copies on behalf of the Prince of Wales' Relief Fund. With Oxford almost empty in 1915 he joined Cyril Alington, now headmaster of Shrewsbury, as an assistant master at the school, succeeding his friend Evelyn Southwell, of whom he wrote 'one of the best memorial poems ever written' (C. A. Alington, A Dean's Apology, 1952, 63–4) when Southwell fell in battle. He taught Greek and Latin by verbal games and jigsaws and translated some of Belloc's Cautionary Tales and other verses for The Salopian.

Conversion to Catholicism and ordination, 1917–1919

Knox's Roman Catholic leanings caused great suffering to his sensitive but militantly anti-ritualist father, who struck him from his will, although he loved him and took pride in him. The bishop wrote of his sons, none of whom shared his evangelical protestantism, that in the number of their publications 'They cannot be far behind the illustrious family of Archbishop Benson' (Knox, Reminiscences, 300). Ronald's Anglo-Catholic brother Wilfred was more understanding. Knox was received into the Roman Catholic church on 22 September 1917 by the abbot at Farnborough Abbey. He was confirmed on 6 October by Cardinal Bourne. He justified his conversion theologically in The Essentials of Spiritual Unity (1918) and then in A Spiritual Aeneid (1918), an autobiographical account of his religious history which remains a literary classic; Knox felt bound to translate the quotations from Virgil which are the framework for the book when it was republished in 1950. On Bourne's wise advice he prepared for the priesthood by living at the Brompton Oratory during thirteen months when he seems to have had some experience of the higher states of prayer. The deaths of Edward Horner, Patrick Shaw-Stewart, and his dearest intimate, Guy Lawrence, completed the near total slaughter of his old Etonian and Oxonian friends. He wrote a memoir, Patrick Shaw-Stewart (1920). He was ordained a priest on 5 October 1919 'on his own patrimony', having received £3000 left him in his mother's will. His Meditations on the Psalms appeared in the same year. The wittiest young man in England, 1919–1926

In 1919 Bourne sent Knox as an assistant master to the college-seminary of St Edmund's, Ware, which the cardinal wanted to turn into a fashionable school and the nursery for a better educated clergy. Knox remained seven and a half years at St Edmund's. During these years he also wrote regularly for the Daily News, the Evening Standard, the Morning Post, and The Universe. In 1924 the Daily Mail called him 'the wittiest young man in England' (Fitzgerald, 173). However, the newspapers heavily criticized him for his spoof BBC news broadcast on 15 January 1926, entitled 'Broadcasting from the barricades', an account of a demonstration of the unemployed who were exhorted by Mr Popplebury, secretary of the National Movement for Abolishing Theatre Queues, to sack the National Gallery, and went on to roast alive the philanthropist Sir Theophilus Gooch, and to march on Broadcasting House: the broadcaster signed off as they approached his door. Chaplain and detective story writer, 1926–1938

Knox's detective stories (The Viaduct Murder, 1926; The Three Taps, 1927; The Footsteps at the Lock, 1928; The Body in the Silo, 1933; Still Dead, 1934; Double Cross Purposes, 1937) had as hero-detective Miles Bredon, employed by an insurance company, the Indescribable, which gave him an excuse for being at the scene of the crime. The books were written according to rules which Knox set out in his introduction to The Best Detective Stories of the Year (1928). These were rewritten as the oath of initiation of the Detection Club, founded in 1929, whose members met for harmless hilarity and included G. K. Chesterton, Agatha Christie, and Dorothy L. Sayers. His best stories have remained in print in collections of detective stories.

This literary activity had a purpose. In 1926 Knox was appointed chaplain to the small number of Catholic male students at Oxford; the detective stories were written during the vacation, brought in about £600, and paid his living expenses for a year. He delivered to his congregations the conferences revised for publication as In Soft Garments (1942). The talks in The Hidden Stream (1952) were given by invitation back to Oxford after his departure; the title refers to the underground waterway beside the Old Palace which houses the Catholic chaplaincy. Knox travelled tirelessly to preach and he was the church's star performer on great occasions, as well as for the requiems of friends like Chesterton (1936) and Hilaire Belloc (1953). He was also a tireless memorialist of friends.

Knox's apologetics included The Belief of Catholics (1927). At Frank Sheed's suggestion, Knox gently dissected the confusions in the attacks on Christianity by such literary luminaries as H. G. Wells, Arnold Bennett, Rebecca West, Hugh Walpole, and Conan Doyle in his Caliban in Grub Street (1930). His reply to the popular scientism also hostile to religion was Broadcast Minds (1932). Arnold Lunn, who had attacked him in Roman Converts (1924), suggested an exchange of letters about Roman Catholicism which was published as Difficulties (1932). Knox handled his opponent with intellectual delicacy and converted him: Lunn went on to become 'the most tireless Catholic apologist of his generation' (Waugh, 236).

Knox's duties in Oxford were undemanding, though he built a chapel and suffered moral anguish over the more wayward of his charges. He was much in demand for light papers on comic subjects, such as 'The Man who Tried to Convert the Pope'. His love of Trollope inspired his twentieth-century continuation of the Barchester novels with Barchester Pilgrimage (1935). Cardinal Bourne was said to disapprove of his detective stories, but Knox stood higher in the favour of Bourne's successor, the amiable Cardinal Hinsley, and of his own diocesan, Archbishop Williams in Birmingham. In 1936 Knox was appointed a domestic prelate to the pope, with the title of Monsignor, and in the same year became a member of a committee to revise the Westminster Hymnal, though he was tone-deaf, enriching it with four of his own hymns and forty-seven of his translations from the Latin. The new edition appeared in 1940. He also rewrote much of the vernacular Roman Catholic Manual of Prayers published in 1942. In 1943, after Hinsley's death, a number of Catholic bishops including Williams took exception to its alleged inaccuracies, and it was withdrawn from sale. The incident magnified Knox's sense of discouragement in translating the Bible.

Knox's own personal life, however, was rejuvenated by his platonic love affair with the young Daphne, Lady Acton. On a Hellenic cruise in 1937 the other passengers complained that Knox and Lady Acton kept exclusively together. He instructed her in the faith and received her into the church in 1938. Under her benign influence at the family home of Aldenham Park in Shropshire he wrote for her his secular masterpiece, Let Dons Delight (1939), the record, in an account of every fifty years from 1588, of the conversations of the senior common room of the imaginary Oxford college of Simon Magus, a junior member of one generation becoming the senior member of the next. The fellows are notable for wrong predictions: thus in 1788, 'I do not think we shall have much trouble with the Irish' (p. 167), and talk in comic ignorance of the storms of history about to break around their heads, but there is also a plangent running theme of the Roman Catholic exile from Oxford, and the ultimate failure of the successor Church of England. The debates are interspersed with biographies of the characters in pastiche styles from Anthony Wood to Mark Pattison. At Aldenham Park, 1938–1947

In 1938 Knox decided to resign from the Oxford chaplaincy, and having declined the offer of the presidency of St Edmund's, retired in 1939 to Aldenham Park to work on the replacement of the existing Douai—Challoner translation of the Vulgate Bible, beginning by learning Hebrew. The New Testament was published in 1945. The Old Testament received the Westminster archdiocesan imprimatur in 1948, was printed 'for private use' in 1949, and was subjected to minute criticism by outside experts before its publication in 1955, when Knox's Commentary on the New Testament also appeared.

This work was achieved despite the distractions of war. Knox wrote and broadcast some allied propaganda and did his ineffectual best to help Lady Acton with her farm, lending her the money to buy a tractor. Aldenham was also occupied by evacuee Assumptionist nuns and their schoolgirl charges from 1940. Knox liked the girls; he said mass for them, preached them retreats, and gave them talks after Sunday benediction. The talks became books— The Mass in Slow Motion (1948), The Creed in Slow Motion (1949), and The Gospel in Slow Motion (1950)— dedicated to three of his Aldenham favourites. His monthly 'lightning meditations' for the Sunday Times were later published as Stimuli (1951). He was one of a minority in feeling revulsion at the American nuclear bombing of Japan, but his God and the Atom (1946), on the implications of this Promethean atrocity, fell stillborn from the press.

Knox embodied his retreat addresses on Old Testament themes in A Retreat for Priests (1946), and published his lay addresses in A Retreat for Lay People (1955). A further volume on the daily round of priestly duties, The Priestly Life: a Retreat (1959), appeared after his death. He published a selection of his replies to correspondents on religious themes as Off the Record (1953), and his sermons on the Blessed Sacrament, preached at Corpus Christi, Maiden Lane, as The Window in the Wall (1956).

Later life and reputation, 1947–1957

Knox was uprooted in 1947 when the Actons decided to farm in Rhodesia, and was invited to board in Mells in Somerset by Mrs Katharine Asquith, the sister of his long dead friend Edward Horner. Knox had received her daughter, Lady Helen, into the church, and her son, Lord Oxford and Asquith, had lodged with Knox in the Old Palace. At Mells he completed his long meditated and favourite work, Enthusiasm (1950). The book was conceived polemically but was completed eirenically. It spans two thousand years of religious heroism and eccentricity: though the scholarship is dated, it still has some literary merit, as well as passages of great wisdom and wit.

Knox was honoured by his church. He was elected to membership of the Old Brotherhood of the English Secular Clergy in 1949. In 1951 he became a protonotary apostolic ad instar. In 1954 he was made an honorary DLitt by the National University of Ireland and, in 1956, a member of the Pontifical Academy. Balliol made him an honorary fellow in 1953. Rare new friends included the poet Siegfried Sassoon and the novelist Anthony Powell, with whom he bottled wine. He made a rare excursion abroad in 1954 to visit the Oxfords in Zanzibar and the Actons in Rhodesia, where he worked on his translation of The Imitation of Christ which he was to leave incomplete. In 1956 he began his translation of the original texts of the Autobiography of St Theresa of Lisieux (1958). In 1957 he was operated upon for cancer of the colon, which turned out to have spread into the liver. He delivered his Romanes lecture, On English Translation, at Oxford on 11 June, his face like a bright yellow stain against his white clerical collar. His audience knew he was dying. Speaking of his translation of St Theresa, he remarked with significant pauses that 'It is not a simple process to put yourself inside the skin of a young ... French ... female ... Saint' (Corbishley, 88). Knox went on to stay with the prime minister, Harold Macmillan, at 10 Downing Street, where Sir Horace Evans confirmed the diagnosis of fatal cancer. Macmillan accompanied Knox to Paddington in his official car. The pope sent him a commendation of his work on scripture and a relic of Innocent XI. He died on 24 August at the Manor House, Mells, Somerset. His body was taken to Westminster Cathedral, where a requiem mass was celebrated on 29 August; Cardinal Griffin presided and Father Martin D'Arcy preached. On 30 August he was buried at Mells.

Three volumes of Knox's sermons were published posthumously (1960–63), and there were published appreciations by Robert Speaight (1959 and 1966) and Thomas Corbishley (1964). A biography by Evelyn Waugh appeared in 1959. Yet despite these tributes to his significance, Knox's reputation rapidly waned. The Second Vatican Council and new theological fashions marked the eclipse of his type of Roman Catholicism, and modern popular culture has destroyed his own high culture, while more recent translations of the Bible have displaced his version among Roman Catholics. His style has an absolute clarity and simplicity which pass into the restraint and reserve of his devotional writings. A master of prose, he remains compulsively readable to those who read him, but he has yet to be rediscovered as a master of the spiritual life, and except among a discriminating clientele, it is not clear how much of his work will survive.

## Sheridan Gilley

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Likenesses P. Evans, pen-and-ink drawing, c.1926, NPG · H. Coster, photograph, 1938, NPG [see illus.] · S. Elwes, oils, c.1952, Catholic chaplaincy, Old Palace, Oxford · H. Coster, photographs, NPG · A. Pollen, terracotta head, Manor House, Mells; repro. in Waugh, Life · bronze cast (after A. Pollen), Trinity College, Oxford

Wealth at death £22,401 0s. 5d.: probate, 20 Dec 1957, CGPLA Eng. & Wales £7049: probate, 31 Jan 1958, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Sheridan Gilley, 'Knox, Ronald Arbuthnott (1888–1957)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Jan 2013 Ronald Arbuthnott Knox (1888–1957): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/34358

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Summer Fields Preparatory School in Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Roman Catholic Priest.

7-Elizabeth Reynolds was born in 1824 in Wallington, Surrey and died on 16 Jun 1913 at age 89.

Elizabeth married **Hon. David Arbuthnott**, son of **John Arbuthnott 8th Viscount Arbuthnott** and **Margaret Ogilvy**, on 8 Sep 1847 in Bellary, Madras, India. David was born on 13 Apr 1820 and died on 27 Jul 1901 at age 81. They had seven children: **Margaret Frances, Louisa Curzon, Eliza Clementina Mary, John Pelly, Lindsay George, David**, and **Donald Stuart**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Madras Civil Service.
  - 8-Margaret Frances Arbuthnott died on 11 Jan 1917.
  - 8-Louisa Curzon Arbuthnott died on 11 Jan 1919.
  - 8-Eliza Clementina Mary Arbuthnott died on 8 Feb 1940.
  - 8-John Pelly Arbuthnott was born on 1 Apr 1851 and died on 19 May 1878 at age 27.
  - 8-Lindsay George Arbuthnott was born on 14 Jan 1853 and died on 31 May 1927 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a Deputy-Inspector-General of the Madras Police.

Lindsay married Gertrude Forbes Nash on 3 Oct 1907. Gertrude died on 9 Jan 1924. They had two children: Bernard David Ogilvy and Margaret Wedderburn.

- 9-Bernard David Ogilvy Arbuthnott
- 9-Margaret Wedderburn Arbuthnott

Margaret married Lt. Col. Hew Angus Christopher Blair-Imrie on 30 Jun 1939. Hew died on 18 Aug 1944 in Killed In Action.. They had one daughter: Dorothy Margaret.

10-Dorothy Margaret Blair-Imrie

Dorothy married Charles Bruce-Gardyne 14th Of Middleton, son of Capt. Evan Bruce-Gardyne 13th Of Middleton and Joan McLaren. They had three children: Evan David, Diana Dorothy, and Hew Alan Charles.

11-Evan David Bruce-Gardyne

Evan married Elizabeth Prescott. They had two children: Alec and Emma Elizabeth.

Descendants of Henry Reynolds
12-Alec Bruce-Gardyne
12-Emma Elizabeth Bruce-Gardyne
11-Diana Dorothy Bruce-Gardyne
11-Hew Alan Charles Bruce-Gardyne
Hew married Lucinda Monbiot. They had three children: Angus, Robin, and Otto Philip Sebastian.
12-Angus Bruce-Gardyne
12-Robin Bruce-Gardyne
12-Otto Philip Sebastian Bruce-Gardyne
8-David Arbuthnott was born on 20 Mar 1856 and died on 6 Sep 1876 at age 20.
8-Donald Stuart Arbuthnott was born on 23 Dec 1860 and died on 29 Sep 1918 at age 57.
Noted events in his life were:
• He worked as a Civil Engineer.
Donald married Anne Elizabeth Brand, daughter of James Brand, on 2 Feb 1892. Anne died on 23 Oct 1944. They had 12 children: Eliza Mary, Mary Frances Clementina, David, James Gordon, Edith Gertrude, Margaret, Anne, John St. Clair, Donald Charles, Hugh Forbes, Charles Reynolds, and Edmund Stephen.
9-Eliza Mary Arbuthnott
9-Mary Frances Clementina Arbuthnott
Mary married Philip Adrian Flood. They had five children: Timothy Adrian, David Gybrian, Mary Ann Theresa, Philippa Mary, and John Charles Arbuthnott.
10-Timothy Adrian Flood
10-Maj. David Gybrian Flood
10-Mary Ann Theresa Flood
10-Philippa Mary Flood
Philippa married Clive Beck, son of Sir Edgar Charles Beck and Mary Agnes Sorapure. They had six children: Nicola Anne, David Clive, Andrew Philip, Simon Charles, Emma Louise, and Sarah Antonia.

11-David Clive Beck

11-Andrew Philip Beck

11-Simon Charles Beck

11-Emma Louise Beck

11-Sarah Antonia Beck

#### 10-John Charles Arbuthnott Flood

- 9-David Arbuthnott was born on 19 Nov 1892 and died on 18 Jun 1969 at age 76.
- 9-Cmdr. James Gordon Arbuthnott was born on 10 Mar 1894.
- 9-Edith Gertrude Arbuthnott was born on 11 Apr 1895 and died in 1967 at age 72.
- 9-Margaret Arbuthnott was born on 20 Apr 1896 and died in 1899 at age 3.
- 9-Anne Arbuthnott was born on 9 Jul 1897 and died in Dec 1981 at age 84.
- 9-S/Ldr. John St. Clair Arbuthnott was born on 27 Aug 1898.
- 9-Donald Charles Arbuthnott was born on 10 Dec 1901 and died on 6 Nov 1930 at age 28.
- 9-Hugh Forbes Arbuthnott was born on 17 Jan 1906 and died in 1982 at age 76.
- 9-Rev. Charles Reynolds Arbuthnott was born on 4 Mar 1908 and died on 29 Apr 1966 at age 58.
- 9-Very Rev. Edmund Stephen Arbuthnott was born on 9 Nov 1909 and died on 20 Dec 1998 at age 89.
- 5-Susannah Reynolds<sup>1,4,20</sup> was born on 14 Jun 1765 in Mitcham, Surrey, died on 5 Aug 1807 at age 42, and was buried on 13 Aug 1807 in Croydon, Surrey.

Susannah married **John Fothergill**, <sup>1,4,20</sup> son of **Alexander Fothergill** and **Margaret Thistlethwaite**, <sup>4,20</sup> in 1803. John was born on 7 May 1743 in Carr End, Bainbridge, Yorkshire, died on 13 Mar 1807 in York, Yorkshire at age 63, and was buried in York, Yorkshire. They had no children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironmonger of Leeds & Ivory and Comb manufacturer of York.
- 5-Ann Reynolds<sup>1,4,21,22</sup> was born on 29 Aug 1766 in Mitcham, Surrey, died on 17 Apr 1839 in Clapham, London (9th April also given) at age 72, and was buried in FBG Croydon.

Ann married **Thomas Woodruffe-Smith**, <sup>1,21,22</sup> son of **Robert Woodroffe** and **Anne Hill**, on 8 May 1789 in FMH Croydon. Thomas was born in 1747, died on 3 May 1811 in Teddington, London at age 64, and was buried in FBG Croydon. They had two children: **Ann Woodrouffe** and **Maria Woodrouffe**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Stockwell Park, London.
- He had a residence in Sprowston Hall, Norwich, Norfolk.
- He worked as a Merchant in Great St. Helens.
  - 6-Ann Woodrouffe Smith<sup>21,23</sup> was born in 1791, died on 24 Oct 1822 at age 31, and was buried in FBG Croydon.

Ann married **John Barton**, <sup>12,23</sup> son of **John Barton** <sup>4,5,14,22,23</sup> and **Elizabeth Horne**, <sup>4,5,14</sup> on 29 Aug 1811 in FMH Wandsworth. John was born on 4 Jun 1789 in Bankside, Southwark, London and died on 10 Mar 1852 in Hampshire at age 62. They had one daughter: **Ann**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Political Economist.

### 7-Ann Barton

Ann married Rev. William Harvey.

6-Maria Woodrouffe Smith<sup>24</sup> was born in 1795 and died on 8 Feb 1854 in Rickerby House, Carlisle, Cumbria at age 59.

Maria married **George Head Head**,<sup>24</sup> son of **Joseph Monkhouse Head**<sup>4,24</sup> and **Elizabeth**,<sup>4,24</sup> on 3 Oct 1833 in FMH Wandsworth. George was born on 26 Aug 1795 in Carlisle, Cumbria, died in Dec 1876 at age 81, and was buried on 18 Dec 1876 in Stanwix, Carlisle, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1809-1811 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Banker in Carlisle, Cumbria.
- He was a Quaker, then Church of England.
- He worked as a Slavery abolitionist.
- He had a residence in Rickerby Hall, Carlisle, Cumbria.
- 5-William Foster Reynolds<sup>1,4,21,25,26,27,28,29</sup> was born on 9 Dec 1767 in Mitcham, Surrey, died on 19 Nov 1838 in Carshalton, Surrey at age 70, and was buried in FBG Croydon.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Mealman of Wallington, Croydon.

William married **Esther Morris**, <sup>1,4,21,25,29</sup> daughter of **Joseph Morris** and **Anne Morris**, in 1794. Esther was born in 1773 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 28 Oct 1857 in Wanstead, Essex at age 84, and was buried on 3 Nov 1857 in FBG Croydon. They had ten children: **Foster, Anna, Elizabeth, Esther, Mary, Morris, Marianne, William, Charles**, and **Ellen**.

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous: Annual Monitor say she died 3 November 1857... Others, 28 October 1957.
  - 6-Foster Reynolds<sup>1,4,30,31,32</sup> was born on 26 Dec 1795 in Wallington and died on 15 Apr 1864 in Caen, Normandy, France at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant of Bishopsgate and Plaistow.
- He was a Quaker.

Foster married **Richenda Fry**, 1,4,26,32,33,34 daughter of **Joseph Fry** 4,14,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42 and **Elizabeth Gurney**, 4,14,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49 in Jun 1827 in Plashet, Essex. Richenda was born on 18 Feb 1808 in Norfolk, died on 19 Feb 1884 in Notting Hill, London at the home of her sister, Louisa Pelly. at age 76, and was buried in FBG Wanstead. They had five children: **William Foster, Elizabeth, Gurney, Esther Marianne**, and **Richenda Elizabeth**.

Marriage Notes: also 1828

Noted events in her life were:

- Miscellaneous:
- 7-William Foster Reynolds<sup>1,26</sup> was born in 1829 and died in 1864 at age 35.
- 7-Elizabeth Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1830 and died in 1830.
- 7-Gurney Reynolds<sup>1,26,32,33</sup> was born in 1832 and died on 18 Jul 1844 in Kensington, London at age 12.
- 7-Esther Marianne Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born on 19 Mar 1834 in Plashet, Essex.

Noted events in her life were:

• Miscellaneous: Married and lived in France, Caen, Normandy, France.

Esther married **Hippolyte Louis Antoine D'Arbour**.

7-Richenda Elizabeth Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1840.

6-**Anna Reynolds**<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1797.

6-Elizabeth Reynolds<sup>1,4,50</sup> was born in 1798.

Elizabeth married William Were Prideaux, 1,50 son of Walter Prideaux 30,51 and Sarah Were, 1 in 1822. William was born in 1796 and died in Feb 1825 at age 29. They had one son: William Reynolds.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Carshalton House, Carshalton, Surrey.

7-William Reynolds Prideaux<sup>50</sup> was born in Jul 1825 in Born posthumously to his father and died on 22 Jun 1873 at age 47.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor in Great Winchester Street, London.

William married Emma Alicia Sutherland.

6-Esther Reynolds<sup>1,4,27,38,52,53</sup> was born in 1799 in Clapham, London and died on 7 Mar 1889 in York Terrace, Regent's Park, London at age 90.

Esther married **Ford Barclay**, 1,4,27,38,52,53,54 son of **Robert Barclay** and **Anne Ford**, on 27 Oct 1824 in Croydon, Surrey. Ford was born in 1795 in Walthamstow, London and died on 20 Mar 1859 in West Ham, London at age 64. They had five children: **Henry Ford, Hugh Reynolds, Charles Reynolds, Frederick John**, and **Mary Anna 'Ford'**.

7-Henry Ford Barclay<sup>27,38,43,53,55,56,57,58,59</sup> was born on 9 Sep 1826 in Tooting, London, died on 12 Nov 1891 in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex at age 65, and was buried in Ilford Cemetery, Ilford, Essex.

Henry married **Richenda Louisa Gurney**, <sup>27,38,53,55,57</sup> daughter of **Samuel Gurney**, <sup>4,14,27,28,33,35,36,38,48,53,58,60,61,62,63</sup> and **Elizabeth Sheppard**, <sup>4,28,33,35,38,53,61</sup> on 13 Apr 1848 in West Ham, London. Richenda was born on 25 Nov 1827 in Ham House, Upton, West Ham, London, died on 12 Feb 1888 in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex at age 60, and was buried in Ilford Cemetery, Ilford, Essex. They had 11 children: **Edith Richenda, Hugh Gurney, Sarah Adelaide, Alice Esther, Anna Maud, Henry Ford Gurney, George Head, Cameron H., Edmund de Gournay, Charles Theodore**, and **Marion Alice De Gourney**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex.
- They were Quakers.

8-Edith Richenda Barclay<sup>27,55,58</sup> was born on 24 Apr 1849 in Leytonstone, London and died on 2 Dec 1910 in Inglethorpe Manor, Kings Lynn, Norfolk at age 61.

General Notes: Edith Richenda Bland, 61 2 12mo. 1910 Inglethorpe Manor, Norfolk. Wife of Francis M. Bland. Edith Richenda Bland was the eldest daughter of the late Henry Ford Barclay, and a grand-daughter of Samuel Gurney. A Friend by birth, she retained her membership until death in 1869, although she was admitted by baptism into the Church of England. The eldest of eleven brothers and sisters, fond of all intellectual pursuits, and having a great gift for music, her home hfe was fully-occupied until her marriage in 1872 with Francis Maltby Bland, who is also of Quaker ancestry. After her marriage she resided at Bury St. Edmunds' where her five children were born, and where her slight deafness and many family demands prevented her from taking up any outside interests beyond district visiting and Missionary work. In 1894 the family moved to Inglethorpe Manor, near Wisbech, where she was thrown more closely among Friends. Whenever able she attended the Wednesday Meeting for Worship in the town, and much enjoyed the ministrations of Priscilla Hannah Peckover, whose clear voice and helpful message she could always hear. During the drive home from Meeting she would frequently jot down any special thought that had struck her, to pass on to others as opportunity offered. In Wisbech her name was chiefly connected with the District Nursing Association for which for more than fifteen years she acted as Hon. Secretary, endearing herself to all, nurses and committee alike, by her wide sympathy and her keen interest in their work for the alleviation of suffering in the homes of the poor. It was her great pleasure to open the grounds of Inglethorpe Manor to members of the Railway Mission, the Young Women's Christian Association, the Girl's Friendly Society, the Society in Aid of Friendless Girls and other similar bodies, and many were the drawing-room meetings, entirely organised by herself, at the cost of no little time and strength, which, for various charitable purposes, were held at her house. Missionary work continued

deafness, her sphere of usefulness was in no way diminished until a serious illness in 1909 rendered it necessary for her to lead a very quiet life. For a few weeks in the summer of 1910 the neuritis almost ceased, enabling her to spend a very happy time with all her children and grand-children in the Isle of Wight, where many previous summers of her life had been passed. Two months before her death the pain returned, but she bore it as bravely as ever, and, until the 28th of November she continued to lead her usual quiet home life. On the afternoon of that day she became unconscious, and she passed peacefully away on Friday, December 2nd. This sudden call found her fully prepared. It was what for some years past she herself had anticipated. For her there was "no sadness of farewell," it was merely "to depart and be with Christ, which is far better."

Edith married **Francis Maltby Bland**, <sup>55,58</sup> son of **Francis Lawrence Bland** <sup>43,56</sup> and **Agatha Elizabeth Chapman**, <sup>43,56,64</sup> on 26 Jul 1872 in Walthamstow, London. Francis was born in 1845 in Southwark, London and died on 29 Nov 1940 in Inglethorpe Manor, Kings Lynn, Norfolk at age 95. They had five children: **Francis Lawrence**, **Hugh Michael**, **Esther Rosamund**, **Edith Richenda**, and **George Nevile Maltby**.

9-Francis Lawrence Bland was born on 7 Sep 1873 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.

Francis married **Mabel Barbara Gooch**<sup>55</sup> in Mar 1899 in Easthampstead, Berkshire. Mabel was born about 1877 in Richmond, Surrey. They had three children: **John Edward M., Evelyn**, and **Thomas**.

- 10-**John Edward M. Bland**<sup>55</sup> was born on 25 Oct 1899 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire and died about Mar 1976 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 76.
- 10-Evelyn Bland
- 10-Thomas Bland
- 9-Hugh Michael Bland<sup>55</sup> was born on 8 Oct 1874 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died about Sep 1956 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 81.
- 9-Esther Rosamund Bland<sup>55</sup> was born in Jun 1876 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died about Jun 1951 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 75.
- 9-**Edith Richenda Bland**<sup>55</sup> was born on 15 Feb 1878 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died about Dec 1945 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 67.
- 9-Sir George Nevile Maltby Bland<sup>55</sup> was born on 6 Dec 1886 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, died on 19 Aug 1972 at age 85, and was buried in Seaford, East Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCMG KCVO.
- He worked as an Ambassador to the Netherlands in 1942-1948.

George married Portia Christabel Irene Ottley. They had three children: David John Nevile, Corrina Catherine Rowena, and Simon Claud Michael.

10-Lt. David John Nevile Bland was born in 1921 and died on 24 Apr 1943 in Tunisia. Killed in action. at age 22.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Scots Guards.
- 10-Corrina Catherine Rowena Bland was born on 26 Apr 1922, died about Jun 1925 about age 3, and was buried in Seaford, East Sussex.
- 10-Lt. Col. Sir Simon Claud Michael Bland

Simon married Beatrice Olivia Blackett, daughter of Maj. Christopher William Stewart Burdett Blackett and Kathleen Charlotte Williams-Wynn. They had four children: Catherine Mary, Rachel Corinna, David Nevile William, and Henrietta Portia.

- 11-Catherine Mary Bland
- 11-Rachel Corinna Bland
- 11-David Nevile William Bland

### 11-Henrietta Portia Bland

8-Col. Hugh Gurney Barclay<sup>27,55,65</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1851 in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex and died on 9 Mar 1936 in Colney Hall, Henstead, Norfolk at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MVO JP.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Banker. Gurney, Birkbeck, Barclay & Buxton.
- He worked as a Partner in Gurneys' Bank in Norwich, Norfolk.
- He worked as a Vice-Chairman, Barclays Bank in 1909-1916.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1905.
- He had a residence in Colney Hall, Henstead, Norfolk.

Hugh married **Evelyn Louisa Hogg**,<sup>55</sup> daughter of **Sir Stuart Saunders Hogg** and **Selina Catherine Perry**, on 15 Apr 1880 in St. Stephen's, Hammersmith, London. Evelyn was born on 28 Jan 1862 in Burdwan, Bengal, India, was christened on 24 Feb 1862, and died on 22 Oct 1899 in Colney Hall, Henstead, Norfolk at age 37. They had eight children: **Terence Henry Ford, Ursula Mary, Evelyn Hugh, Phyllis Dorothy, Richenda Louisa, Cecil Lorna Ailwyn, David Stuart**, and **Rosamund Alice**.

9-**Lieut. Terence Henry Ford Barclay**<sup>55</sup> was born in Dec 1882 in Thorpe St. Andrews, Blofield, Norfolk, was christened on 14 Jan 1883 in Thorpe St Andrew, Norfolk, and died on 27 Dec 1911 in Colney Hall, Henstead, Norfolk at age 29. The cause of his death was Died from injuries sutained, when mauled by a pet lion.

### General Notes: MAULED BY A PET LION.

Mr. Terence Barclay, son of Mr. Hugh Barclay, the banker, of Norwich, died on December 27 at his father's house, Colnev Hall, near Norwich, from the wound's which (as reported at the. time) were inflicted on him by a pet lion on Sunday afternoon, December 17. For some 18 months two lion and lioness cubs had been kept in the park at Colney. They were confined in a den generally, but were allowed to run about an enclosure at times, and wore treated as harmless pets, members of tho family and even visitors going freely into the enclosure. On December 17, at about dusk, Mr. Terence Barclay entered the enclosure and liberated the lions from the den. They bounded round tho field, and suddenly the lion sprang at Mr. Barclay and knocked him down. He was afterwards found badly mauled. The lion was driven off with a shot-gun, and Miss Barclay, with assistance, removed her brother from the enclosure. The lions have been accustomed to drink milk from a vessel held by Miss Barclay. It is believed that on his first leap the lion intended to be playful rather than vicious.

The Dominion. (New Zealand), 5 Feb 1912. Vol. 5. Page 9.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 1st Battalion Irish Guards.
- Death Notice: The Dominion. Vol. 5. Page 9., 5 Feb 1912, New Zealand.
- 9-Ursula Mary Barclay<sup>55,65</sup> was born on 21 Jan 1884 in Thorpe St. Andrews, Blofield, Norfolk and died on 29 Jan 1915 in Chelsea, London at age 31.

Ursula married **Robert Alfred Hardcastle Collier 3rd Baron Monkswell**, <sup>55,65</sup> son of **Robert Collier 2nd Baron Monkswell** and **Mary Josephine Hardcastle**, <sup>14</sup> on 7 Oct 1908 in Henstead, Norfolk. Robert was born on 13 Dec 1875 in London and died on 14 Jan 1964 at age 88. They had one daughter: **Lorna Evelyn**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Writer on the subject of railways.
  - 10-Hon. Lorna Evelyn Collier<sup>55</sup> was born on 24 Jan 1915 in Chelsea, London and died about Dec 1977 in Norwich, Norfolk about age 62.
- 9-Capt. Evelyn Hugh Barclay<sup>55</sup> was born in 1885 in Thorpe St. Andrews, Blofield, Norfolk, was christened on 11 Oct 1885 in Thorpe St. Andrew, Norwich, and died in Sep 1956 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 71.

Evelyn married **Phyllis Patty Crossley** in Sep 1917 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Phyllis was born about Dec 1890 in Strand, London and died about Dec 1982 in Waveney, Wangford, Suffolk about age 92. They had three children: **Ursula E., Sonia**, and **Ione Jean**.

## 10-Ursula E. Barclay

Ursula married **Maj. Gen. David Lanyon Lloyd Owen**<sup>55</sup> in 1947. David was born on 10 Oct 1917 in Hampton, Middlesex and died on 5 Apr 2001 at age 83. They had three children: **Michael, Piers**, and **Christopher**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester and Sandhurst.
- He worked as a Queen's Royal Regiment and Long Range Desert Group.
  - 11-Michael Owen
  - 11-Piers Owen
  - 11-Christopher Owen

## 10-Sonia Barclay

Sonia married **Herbert A. Brittain**. Herbert was born about 1904 and died about Mar 1954 in Norwich, Norfolk about age 50.

Sonia next married Donald L. Smith.

## 10-Ione Jean Barclay

Ione married **Sir Harold Felix Cassel 3rd Bt.**, son of **Sir Felix Cassel 1st Bt.**<sup>14</sup> and **Lady Helen Grimston**, on 27 Apr 1940. Harold was born on 8 Nov 1916 and died on 17 Sep 2001 at age 84. They had four children: **Timothy Felix Harold, Miranda Phyllis, Jeremy James**, and **Evelyn Martin**.

## 11-Sir Timothy Felix Harold Cassel 4th Bt.

Timothy married Jennifer Puckle, daughter of Kenneth Bridge Puckle. They had two children: Natalia Hermione and Alexander James Felix.

#### 12-Natalia Hermione Cassel

Natalia married Ryan Thompson. They had one daughter: Amalia Avalon Cassel.

## 13-Amalia Avalon Cassel Thompson

### 12-Alexander James Felix Cassel

Timothy next married Anne Mallalieu Baroness Mallalieu, daughter of Sir Joseph Percival William Mallalieu and Harriet R. Riddle. They had two children: Bathsheba Anna and Cosima Ione Harriet.

- 12-Bathsheba Anna Cassel
- 12-Cosima Ione Harriet Cassel

## 11-Miranda Phyllis Cassel

Miranda married **Ronald Ryer**. They had one daughter: **Sarah Elizabeth Jean**.

### 12-Sarah Elizabeth Jean Ryer

### 11-Jeremy James Cassel

Jeremy married Vivien Helen Hayter, daughter of John David Hayter. They had three children: Hugo Timothy, Chlöe Sieglinda, and Felix.

## 12-Hugo Timothy Cassel

## 12-Chlöe Sieglinda Cassel

12-Felix Cassel

## 11-Evelyn Martin Cassel

9-Phyllis Dorothy Barclay<sup>55,65</sup> was born on 28 Sep 1887 in Colney, Henstead, Norfolk and died in Dec 1976 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 89.

Phyllis married **Maj. Harry Cecil Johnson**<sup>55,65</sup> in Jun 1914 in Henstead, Norfolk. Harry was born before 17 Nov 1877 in Wandsworth, London, died on 1 Jan 1915 in Cambrai, France. From Wounds Whilst Pow., and was buried in Porte DE Paris Cemetery, Louveral, Cambrai. They had one son: **Stephen Cecil**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was baptized on 17 Nov 1877 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex.
- He was educated at Eton.

### 10-Maj. Stephen Cecil Johnson

Stephen married Margaret Trelawney Seaton on 23 Jul 1949. Margaret died on 17 Sep 1952.

Phyllis next married **Maj. Ivor Buxton**,<sup>55,65</sup> son of **Lt. Col. Geoffrey Fowell Buxton** and **Mary Harbord**, on 10 Jul 1918. Ivor was born on 10 Aug 1884 in Thorpe St. Andrews, Blofield, Norfolk and died on 23 Apr 1969 in Samford, Suffolk at age 84. They had two children: **Nancy** and **Felicity Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 28 Aug 1884.

10-Nancy Buxton<sup>55</sup> was born on 3 Apr 1919 in Kensington and died about Dec 2005 in Sudbury, Suffolk about age 86.

Nancy married **Lt. Col. John Noel Ronald Loveday** on 1 Jun 1940 in Sevenoaks, Kent. John was born about 1911 and died on 15 May 1944 in Monte Casssino, Italy. Killed in action about age 33. They had one daughter: **Tessa**.

### 11-Tessa Loveday

Tessa married **Andrew Henry Scott**.

Nancy next married **John Hallifax Weller-Poley** on 3 Feb 1947 in Samford, Suffolk. John was born on 22 Apr 1919 in Petworth, Sussex and died about Dec 1976 in Pancras, London about age 57. They had two children: **Richard Hallifax** and **Nicholas Toby**.

General Notes: MC JP

## 11-Richard Hallifax Weller-Poley

Richard married Sarah Francesca Gosling, daughter of John Valentine Gosling and Mary Francesca Pearson-Rogers.

Richard next married Isobel Muriel Reader, daughter of Maj. Douglas Wade Reader.

## 11-Nicholas Toby Weller-Poley

Nicholas married P. Sue Bond

10-Felicity Mary Buxton<sup>55</sup> was born on 22 Aug 1921 in Paddington, London and died in Jul 2005 at age 83.

Felicity married Maj. John Rew, <sup>55</sup> son of John Rew, in Aug 1942. John was born about 1914 in London and died on 4 Mar 1943 in Medjez-El-Bab, Tunisia about age 29.

Felicity next married **Gen. Sir Cecil Hugh Blacker**, <sup>55</sup> son of **Col. Norman Valentine Blacker** and **Olive Georgiana Hope**, on 26 Feb 1947 in Westminster, London. Cecil was born on 14 Jun 1916 in York, Yorkshire and died on 18 Oct 2002 in Oxford at age 86. They had two children: **Terence** and **Philip**.

General Notes: MC GCB OBE

### 11-Terence Blacker

Terence married Caroline Susan Dean Soper, daughter of Rev. Donald Oliver Soper and Marie Getrude Dean. They had two children: Alexander Ross Soper and Alice May Soper.

- 12-Alexander Ross Soper Blacker
- 12-Alice May Soper Blacker

### 11-Philip Blacker

Philip married Susan Davies, daughter of Colin Davies.

9-Richenda Louisa Barclay<sup>55</sup> was born about Mar 1890 in Colney, Henstead, Norfolk and died about Dec 1956 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 66.

Richenda married **Maj. Horace John Flower**, 55 son of **Arthur Flower** and **Isabel Margaretta Cockayne Pauncefort-Duncombe**, 66 in 1912. Horace was born about Jun 1883 in Luton, Bedfordshire and died on 31 Jan 1919 in Paddington, London about age 35. They had one daughter: **Rosemary Evelyn**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MC.
- He was educated at Horris Hill.
- He was educated at Winchester.
- He worked as an Officer of the King's Royal Rifle Corps.

## 10-Rosemary Evelyn Flower

Rosemary married **Lt. Col. Evelyn Roger Seymour**, son of **Brig. Gen. Archibald George Seymour** and **Ellen Mary Bucknall**, on 31 Mar 1936. Evelyn was born on 26 Feb 1908 and died in 1987 at age 79. They had two children: **Archibald John** and **Julian Roger**.

### 11-Archibald John Seymour

Archibald married Lavinia Mary Louise York. They had three children: Charlotte Louise, Susanna Clare, and Melinda Nell.

- 12-Charlotte Louise Seymour
- 12-Susanna Clare Seymour

Susanna married James E. Fletcher. They had three children: George Arthur John, Rosa, and Harry.

- 13-George Arthur John Fletcher
- 13-Rosa Fletcher
- 13-Harry Fletcher

## 12-Melinda Nell Seymour

Melinda married Edward Jonathan Lawrence Pumphrey, son of Maj. Christopher Jonathan Pumphrey and Joanna Jane Aykroyd. They had two children: Thomas and Louisa Rose.

- 13-Thomas Pumphrey
- 13-Louisa Rose Pumphrey

### 11-Julian Roger Seymour

Julian married Elizabeth Griffith. They had two children: Rose Elizabeth and Archie Christopher.

- 12-Rose Elizabeth Seymour
- 12-Archie Christopher Seymour

Richenda next married **John Elgee Gunning**<sup>55</sup> in 1926. John was born about Sep 1878 in Mutford, Suffolk.

9-Cecil Lorna Ailwyn Barclay<sup>55</sup> was born on 2 Feb 1891 in Colney Hall, Henstead, Norfolk and died about Sep 1976 in Blyth, Northumberland about age 85.

Cecil married **Col. Malise Graham**, son of **Sir Reginald Henry Graham 8th Bt.** and **Annie Mary Shiffner**, on 10 Aug 1915 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Malise was born on 12 Feb 1884 in London and died on 14 Aug 1929 in Carlisle, Cumbria at age 45. They had two children: **June** and **Nigel**.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as a 10th Hussars.

10-June Graham was born on 25 Jun 1917 in Chelsea, London and died on 2 Dec 1917 in Marylebone, London.

10-Lt. Nigel Graham was born on 19 Jun 1919 in Farnham, Surrey and died in Jan 1942 in Killed In Action. Libya at age 22.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Royal Armoured Corps.

Cecil next married Capt. Eric William Edward Fellowes 3rd Baron Ailwyn, son of Ailwyn Edward Fellowes 1st Baron Ailwyn and Hon. Agatha Eleanor Augusta Joliffe, on 5 Jun 1935 in Westminster, London. Eric was born on 24 Nov 1887 in Westminster, London and died on 23 Mar 1976 in Ipswich, Suffolk at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Royal Navy.
- 9-Lt. David Stuart Barclay<sup>55</sup> was born on 2 Feb 1897 in Colney Hall, Henstead, Norfolk and died on 24 Apr 1917 in Colney Hall, Henstead, Norfolk. War Wounds. at age 20.
- 9-Rosamund Alice Barclay<sup>55,65</sup> was born on 22 Jun 1899 in Colney Hall, Henstead, Norfolk and died on 19 Sep 1982 in Rippon, Norwich, Norfolk at age 83.

Rosamund married **Christopher Robert Birkbeck**, 55,65,67 son of **Henry Birkbeck** and **Ysabel Caroline Elwes**, on 1 Jul 1927 in Colney. Christopher was born on 26 Jan 1889 in Keswick Old Hall, Keswick, Norfolk and died on 23 Jan 1973 in Cromer, Norfolk at age 83. They had three children: **Jennifer June, Caroline Claire**, and **Diana Dawn**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an OBE JP Banker/Land Agent.

#### 10-Jennifer June Birkbeck

Jennifer married James Thomas Durrant Shaw. They had two children: Amanda Anne and Simon Durrant.

- 11-Amanda Anne Shaw
- 11-Simon Durrant Shaw
- 10-Caroline Claire Birkbeck

Caroline married **Peter Geoffrey Holmes**.

10-**Diana Dawn Birkbeck** was born on 19 Apr 1933 in Buxton, Norfolk and died on 8 Feb 2012 at age 78.

8-Sarah Adelaide Barclay<sup>27</sup> was born on 3 Mar 1853 in Upton, West Ham.

Sarah married **Charles Alfred Leatham**,<sup>27</sup> son of **William Henry Leatham**<sup>4,14,69,70</sup> and **Priscilla Gurney**,<sup>4,14,69,70</sup> in 1876. Charles was born on 11 Sep 1849 in Heath House, Wakefield, Yorkshire and died on 23 Nov 1934 in Pevensey, Eastbourne, Sussex at age 85. They had one son: **Ronald**.

- 9-Ronald Leatham was born in 1880 in Leytonstone, London.
- 8-Alice Esther Barclay<sup>38,53,55,57</sup> was born on 27 Sep 1854 in Upton, West Ham and died on 20 Jun 1867 in Upton, West Ham at age 12.
- 8-Anna Maud Barclay<sup>55</sup> was born in 1858 in Reigate, Surrey and died in 1891 in Upton, West Ham at age 33.
- 8-Henry Ford Gurney Barclay<sup>27,55,68</sup> was born on 5 Oct 1860 in Upton, West Ham and died on 23 Apr 1934 in 49, Blackwater Road, Eastbourne at age 73.

General Notes: Mon 23 April 1934 – Ford Barclay died aged 73 after an operation – I have known him since nursery days – he spent some years in the USA where he became rich - he did a great deal of big game shooting – then he lived in Japan with a Geisha - & then came home to London having married, a nice little thing, by whom he had a son - He was a great talker – after his wife's death very lonely – always warm & friendly to me – *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease*. *Bt*.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.

Henry married **Chiyo Tsukamoto**, <sup>55</sup> daughter of **Eishia Tsukamoto**, in 1914 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Chiyo was born in 1885 in Ono, Japan and died in 1919 in London at age 34. They had one son: **Harry Ford**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex.
- They had a residence in 14a Berkeley Street, London.
  - 9-Harry Ford Barclay died after 1955.
- 8-Sir George Head Barclay<sup>27,55</sup> was born on 23 Mar 1862 in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex and died on 26 Jan 1921 in 7 Bickendale Mansions, Westminster, London at age 58.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was awarded with CVO KCMG KCSI.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Attaché in 1886.
- He worked as an Attaché in 1888 in Washington, D.C., USA.
- He worked as a 3rd Secretary in 1891 in Rome, Italy.
- He worked as a Sometime Acting Chargé d'Affaires in 1894 in Madrid.
- He worked as a Secretary in 1898 in Constantinople, Turkey.
- He worked as a 1st Secretary of the Legation, Tokyo in 1902-1905 in Tokyo, Japan.
- He worked as a Councillor of Embassy in 1905 in Tokyo, Japan.
- He worked as a Councillor of Embassy in 1908 in Constantinople, Turkey.
- He worked as an Envoy Extraordianry and Minister Plenipotentiary to Iran 1908 To 1912 in Teheran, Iran.

• He worked as an Envoy Extraordianry and Minister Plenipotentiary in 1912-1916 in Bucharest, Romania.

George married **Beatrix Mary Jay Chapman**,<sup>55</sup> daughter of **Henry Grafton Chapman**, and **Eleanor Jay**,<sup>55</sup> before 1893. The marriage ended in divorce. Beatrix was born about 1872 in New York, New York, USA. They had one daughter: **Dorothy Katherine**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1919.
  - 9-Dorothy Katherine Barclay<sup>55</sup> was born in 1893 in Rome, Italy and died on 15 Jan 1953 in Battle, Sussex at age 60.

Dorothy married **Sir Coleridge Arthur Fitzroy Kennard 1st Bt.**, son of **Hugh Coleridge Downing Kennard** and **Helen Wyllie**, on 5 Apr 1911. The marriage ended in divorce. Coleridge was born on 15 May 1885 in London and died on 7 Oct 1948 in France at age 63. They had two children: **Laurence Charles Ury** and **George Arnold Ford**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1918.

10-Sir Laurence Charles Ury Kennard 2nd Bt.<sup>55</sup> was born on 6 Feb 1912 and died on 3 May 1967 at age 55.

Laurence married **Joan Liesl Perschke**<sup>55</sup> on 27 Apr 1940. Joan died in 1964.

10-Lt. Col. Sir George Arnold Ford Kennard 3rd Bt.<sup>55</sup> was born on 27 Apr 1915 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 13 Dec 1999 at age 84.

General Notes: Sir George Arnold Ford Kennard, 3rd baronet

Extracted from Sir George's obituary in 'The Times' of 22 December 1999:-

"Loopy" Kennard was regarded in the Army as an eccentric. He certainly behaved unusually on occasion, for example firing his revolver over the heads of his squadron sentries in Malaya to test their alertness (and receiving a fusillade in response). But it was his matter-of-fact way of regarding and describing the awful barbarity of war that marked him out. He came from a family which had made and lost huge wealth, and this may have contributed to the happy combination of his supreme self-confidence and his unfailing common touch. 'Kennard spent much of the war [WW2] as a prisoner of the Germans, but the manner of his capture was quite in keeping with his lifestyle. After Wavell's victory against the Italians in the Western Desert, the 4th Hussars were sent to Salonika in 1941 as part of the vain attempt to prevent Greece being overrun by the Axis forces. The Commonwealth divisions fought tenaciously but were critically short of air support and their tanks were outgunned by the German Panzers. After several unsuccessful encounters, Kennard and a handful of officers and men of the 4th Hussars found themselves in the Peloponnese with their backs to the Mediterranean. They

hoped to hold out long enough to be rescued, but while tending a wounded brother officer

Kennard was surprised to be addressed by someone speaking English in a German accent he recognised. It was Otto Herzog, the cousin of a German family he had known well before the war. Each fluent in the other's language, the pair then acted as go-betweens, arranging the surrender of some 10,000 Allied troops who would otherwise have been shelled to pieces on the beaches.

Kennard was subsequently involved in a number of escape attempts from Oflag VIB at Warburg in Westphalia. Having been dragged ignominiously heels-first from a narrow tunnel in which he and others were digging, he decided on an easier and less arduous route. Recovering in the prison hospital from dysentry, he and a companion enlisted the help of a foreman of a French forced-labour group to leave a plank behind at the end of their day's work. The plan was simple. The two laid the plank from the hospital window to the nearby perimeter fence, crawled across, jumped down and began walking westwards. 'They made good progress, travelling only by night, keeping away from roads and stealing food from farms. After six weeks on the run, an encounter with a German sentry in Holland forced the two to split up. Each sought help from Dutch civilians but so great was the risk of German reprisals for aiding Allied escapers that both were recaptured a few hours later. 'After being moved to a different camp, Kennard and Humphrey Luya of the Royal Artillery broke away from a marching column of prisoners and bolted into a wood. By this late stage of the war, the guards were either old men or mere boys, so no determined attempt was made to recapture them. Two days crouching in a thicket in the middle of a German defensive position until it was evacuated led to the pair's liberation by the American Army.'

George married Cecilia Violet Cockayne Maunsell. They had one daughter: Zandra.

#### 11-Zandra Kennard

Zandra married Maj. John Middleton Neilson Powell. They had two children: Edward Coleridge Cockayne and Louise Cecilia.

- 12-Edward Coleridge Cockayne Powell
- 12-Louise Cecilia Powell

George next married Mollie Jessica Rudd Wyllie.

George next married Nichola Carew, daughter of Capt. Peter Gawen Carew and Ruth Chamberlain.

8-Maj. Cameron H. Barclay<sup>27</sup> was born on 24 Nov 1865 in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex and died on 3 Aug 1954 at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- · He was educated at RMC Sandhurst.
- He worked as an officer of the 10th Royal Hussars.
- He worked as a Farmer in South Gate, Joise River, South Africa.

Cameron married Hon. Charlotte Ernestine Horsley-Beresford, daughter of William Robert John Horsley-Beresford 3rd Baron Decies and Catherine Anne Dent, on 8 Oct 1892 in St. George's, Hanover Square, London. Charlotte was born on 3 Sep 1871 and died on 28 Sep 1923 at age 52. They had one daughter: Violet Florence Catherine (Bridget).

9-Violet Florence Catherine (Bridget) Barclay was born on 6 Oct 1895 and died on 17 Mar 1926 at age 30.

Violet married Maj. Gen. Lord Edward Douglas John Hay, son of William Montagu Hay 10th Marquess Tweeddale and Candida Louise Bartolucci, on 18 Oct 1917. Edward was born on 2 Nov 1888 and died on 18 Jun 1944 in Wellington Barracks. Enemy Action. at age 55. They had two children: Marioth Christina and David George Montagu.

General Notes: Cited as Major General but with Lt. Col. on his headstone.

Killed when a German V1 bomb destroyed Guards Chapel, Wellington Barracks Westminster London. At this time he was Commanding Officer of the Grenadier Guards and he was walking back to his seat after reading the lesson, when the bomb hit. The funeral service was at his home at Hill Hall, Theydon Mount, Essex, where The Bishop of Barking, The Rev H G Barclay and the Rev E W Grevatt officiated. He is buried in Theydon Mount (St Michael) Churchyard.

10-Lady Marioth Christina Hay was born on 1 Sep 1918 and died on 29 Apr 2006 at age 87.

General Notes: In 1970 she was granted the rank of a marquess's daughter.

Marioth married Lt. Col. George Richard Trotter, son of Col. Algernon Richard Trotter and Lady Edith Mary Montgomerie, on 18 Dec 1940. The marriage ended in divorce. George was born on 26 Feb 1906 and died on 24 Sep 1970 at age 64. They had one son: Edward George.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1954.

#### 11-Edward George Trotter

Edward married Jemima Rachel McLay Mills, daughter of Neil McLay Mills and Rosamond Mary Kimpton.

Marioth next married Sir Gifford Wheaton Grey Fox 2nd Bt. on 2 Mar 1954. Gifford was born on 2 Feb 1903 and died on 11 Feb 1959 at age 56.

Marioth next married Sir John Hastings James. John died in 1980.

General Notes: KCVO. CB.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Deputy Master & Comptroller of The Royal Mint.

10-David George Montagu Hay 12th Marquess Tweeddale was born on 25 Oct 1921 and died on 23 Jan 1979 at age 57.

General Notes: He was awarded the Lloyds Medal and Albert medal for an act of bravery on 29 January 1941. Whilst he was a Cadet in the RNR serving onboard SS Eurylochus, which was sunk by German raider Kormoran (Detmers) on 29th Jan 1941 in the Central Atlantic in 08.19N, 25.01W with the loss of 11 crew. He dived into the shark-infested sea to save a shipmate.

David married Hon. Sonia Mary Peake, daughter of Osbert Peake 1st Viscount Ingleby and Lady Joan Rachel De Vere Capell, on 26 Oct 1946. The marriage ended in divorce. Sonia was born on 12 Dec 1924 and died on 30 Jul 2009 at age 84. They had three children: Edward Douglas John, Charles David Montagu, and Alistair James Montagu.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1958.
  - 11-Edward Douglas John Hay 13th Marquess Tweeddale was born on 6 Aug 1947 and died on 1 Feb 2005 at age 57.
  - 11-Charles David Montagu Hay 14th Marquess Tweeddale
  - 11-Lord Alistair James Montagu Hay Master Of Tweeddale

David next married **Nella Doreen Dutton** on 14 Jan 1959 in Doncaster, Yorkshire. Nella was born on 14 Dec 1920, died on 26 May 2004 at age 83, and was buried on 29 May 2004 in Suidhe Cemetery, Bunessan, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland. They had two children: **Andrew Arthur George** and **Hamish David Montagu**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a member of the WAAF in 1939-1945.

### 11-Lord Andrew Arthur George Hay

Andrew married Rosanna Meryl Booth, daughter of John Brabazon Booth and Meryl Susanna Guinness. They had two children: Angus D. G. and Rory.

12-Angus D. G. Hay

12-Rory Hay

Andrew next married S. Claire Rutland.

- 11-Lord Hamish David Montagu Hay
- 8-Edmund de Gournay Barclay<sup>38,53</sup> was born in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex and died in 1864.
- 8-Charles Theodore Barclay<sup>27</sup> was born on 17 Jul 1867 in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex, died on 30 Mar 1921 in Fanshaws, Brickendon, Hertfordshire at age 53, and was buried in Bayford Churchyard, Hertfordshire.

General Notes: He rowed for Cambridge in the Boat Race in 1886 and 1887, Cambridge winning in both years. In 1887, he won Silver Goblets at Henley Royal Regatta with Stanley Muttlebury.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Stockbroker and Senior partner. Shephards & Co. In London.
- He had a residence in Fanshaws, Brickendon, Hertfordshire.

Charles married **Josephine Lister Harrison**, daughter of **Smith Harrison**<sup>4,23,53,71</sup> and **Jane Lister**, and **Jane Lister**, under the specific of the specific

9-Margaret Emily Barclay died on 21 May 1967.

Margaret married Sir William Henry Dyke Acland 3rd Bt. on 26 Apr 1916. William was born on 18 May 1888 and died on 4 Dec 1970 at age 82. They had four children: Elizabeth Margaret, Juliet Mary, Sarah Josephine, and Emily Patricia.

10-Elizabeth Margaret Acland was born on 24 Jul 1919 and died on 18 Sep 1998 at age 79.

Elizabeth married Edward Cecil O'Brien. They had two children: Lucia Jane and Emily Maria Theresa.

11-Lucia Jane O'Brien

#### 11-Emily Maria Theresa O'Brien

### 10-Juliet Mary Acland

Juliet married Peter Robert Tabor, son of Harry Ernest Tabor and Madelaine Frances Abel-Smith. They had four children: Rosemary Jill, Theresa Mary, Robert Simon Dyke, and James Patrick.

#### 11-Rosemary Jill Tabor

Rosemary married Richard Hawkesworth Horton-Fawkes, son of Maj. Le Gendre George William Horton-Fawkes and Sylvia Louise Mabel Edina Duckworth. They had three children: David Hawkesworth, Katherine Elizabeth, and Jessica Mary.

- 12-David Hawkesworth Horton-Fawkes
- 12-Katherine Elizabeth Horton-Fawkes
- 12-Jessica Mary Horton-Fawkes

Rosemary next married Lt. Col. Lionel Colin Tremellen.

### 11-Theresa Mary Tabor

Theresa married Laurence Atherton Rawstorne, son of Richard Atherton Rawstorne. They had three children: Joanna, Patrick Richard Guy, and Amanda Juliet.

12-Joanna Rawstorne

Joanna married Gavan Murphy.

- 12-Patrick Richard Guy Rawstorne
- 12-Amanda Juliet Rawstorne

### 11-Robert Simon Dyke Tabor

Robert married **Brenda Frazer**.

#### 11-James Patrick Tabor

James married Jennifer Freeland. They had three children: Harriet Sonia, Juliet Blanche, and Veronica Joan.

- 12-Harriet Sonia Tabor
- 12-Juliet Blanche Tabor
- 12-Veronica Joan Tabor

10-Sarah Josephine Acland was born on 6 Mar 1930 and died on 18 Nov 1961 at age 31.

Sarah married George Edward Brown, son of Frederick William Brown. They had two children: Edward Nicholas William and Robin Christopher.

- 11-Edward Nicholas William Brown
- 11-Robin Christopher Brown

### 10-Emily Patricia Acland

Emily married **Kenneth John Coles**, son of **Ernest James Coles**. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth Ann**.

#### 11-Elizabeth Ann Coles

9-Christopher Gurney Barclay was born on 6 Apr 1897 in Waltham Abbey, Essex, died on 24 Jun 1962 at age 65, and was buried in Bayford Churchyard, Hertfordshire.

Christopher married **Phyllis**.

9-Juliet Richenda Barclay was born in 1901 in Hertfordshire and died in 1981 at age 80.

Juliet married John Kidston Swire, son of John Swire and Emily Hamilton Campbell Kidston. They had four children: John Anthony, Bridget Elizabeth, Adrian Christopher, and Gillian.

10-John Anthony Swire was born in 1881.

10-Bridget Elizabeth Swire was born in 1924 and died on 28 Dec 2009 at age 85.

### 10-Sir Adrian Christopher Swire

Adrian married Lady Judith Compton, daughter of William Bingham Compton 6th Marquess of Northampton and Virginia Lucy Heaton. They had three children: Martha Virginia, Merlin Bingham, and Samuel Compton.

### 11-Martha Virginia Swire

Martha married Alexander P. Allfrey, son of Peter Allfrey and Susannah G. Ormerod. They had five children: Jack Merlin Samuel, William Jude, Stanley Adrian, Frank Peter, and Rose Susanna.

- 12-Jack Merlin Samuel Allfrey
- 12-William Jude Allfrey
- 12-Stanley Adrian Allfrey
- 12-Frank Peter Allfrey
- 12-Rose Susanna Allfrey
- 11-Merlin Bingham Swire

Merlin married Hon, Laura Carlyn Chisholm. They had two children: Anna Carlyn and Jessica Judith.

- 12-Anna Carlyn Swire
- 12-Jessica Judith Swire
- 11-Samuel Compton Swire
- 10-Gillian Swire was born on 13 Oct 1934 in London and died on 12 Aug 2020 at age 85.

Gillian married Hon. Julian Charles Fane, son of Vere Anthony Francis St. Clair Fane 14th Earl of Westmorland and Hon. Diana Lister, on 7 Jan 1976. Julian was born on 25 May 1927 and died on 13 Dec 2009 at age 82.

9-Anthony Lister Barclay was born on 23 Nov 1903 and died in 1988 at age 85.

Anthony married Elizabeth Bryson. They had one daughter: Clare.

10-Clare Barclay was born in 1932 in Chelsea, London and died on 4 May 2020 at age 88.

Clare married James Ian Morrison 2nd Baron Margadale on 14 Oct 1952. James was born on 17 Jul 1930 and died on 6 Apr 2003 at age 72. They had three children: Fiona Elizabeth, Alastair

### John, and Hugh.

#### 11-Hon. Fiona Elizabeth Morrison

Fiona married Hugh Trenchard 3rd Viscount Trenchard, son of Thomas Trenchard 2nd Viscount Trenchard and Patricia Scott Bailey. They had four children: Alexander Thomas, Catherine Clare, William James, and Laura Mary.

#### 12-Hon. Alexander Thomas Trenchard

Alexander married Mira Popken. They had two children: Frederick Hugh Rainer and Theodore Thomas.

- 13-Frederick Hugh Rainer Trenchard
- 13-Theodore Thomas Trenchard
- 12-Hon. Catherine Clare Trenchard

Catherine married Thomas Edward Francis Burne, son of Capt. Simon Nicholas John Burne and Eugenie Nancy Vivian. They had two children: Matilda Eugénie and Martha Fiona.

- 13-Matilda Eugénie Burne
- 13-Martha Fiona Burne
- 12-Hon. William James Trenchard
- 12-Hon. Laura Mary Trenchard

Laura married Oliver Benjamin Birkbeck, son of John Oliver Charles Birkbeck and Hermione Anne Dawes.

#### 11-Alastair John Morrison 3rd Baron Margadale

Alastair married Lady Sophia Louise Sydney Cavendish, daughter of Andrew Robert Buxton Cavendish 11th Duke Of Devonshire and Hon. Deborah Vivien Freeman-Mitford. They had two children: Declan James and Nancy Lorna.

- 12-Hon. Declan James Morrison
- 12-Hon. Nancy Lorna Morrison
- 11-Hon. Hugh Morrison

Hugh married Jane Jenks. They had two children: Geordie Anthony and Amanda Belinda.

- 12-Geordie Anthony Morrison
- 12-Amanda Belinda Morrison
- 9-Theodora Mary Barclay was born in 1906, died in 1990 at age 84, and was buried in Bayford Churchyard, Hertfordshire. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 8-Marion Alice De Gourney Barclay<sup>27</sup> was born in 1868 in Monkhams, Woodford, Essex and died on 23 Aug 1961 at age 93.

Marion married Rt. Hon. Sir Lancelot Douglas Carnegie, son of James Carnegie 9th Earl Of Southesk and Lady Susan Catherine Mary Murray, on 2 Jan 1890. Lancelot was born on 26 Dec 1861 and died on 15 Oct 1933 at age 71. They had three children: Mariota Susan, Dorothea Helen, and James Murray.

9-Mariota Susan Carnegie<sup>72</sup> was born on 18 Dec 1892 and died in 1980 at age 88.

Mariota married Sir Hugh Gurney, 72,73 son of John Gurney 65,72,74 and Isabel Charlotte Blake-Humfrey, 72,74 on 3 Jul 1911. Hugh was born on 4 Feb 1878 and died on 7 Mar 1968 at age 90. They

had six children: Priscilla Laura, Alexander Hugh, David Hugh, Isabel Marion, Ronald Hugh, and Susan Richenda.

General Notes: GURNEY, Sir Hugh KCMG 1935 (CMG 1918); MVO 1913

Born 4 Feb. 1878; 3rd s of late John Gurney, Sprowston Hall, Norfolk; m 1911, Mariota, e d of late Rt Hon. Sir Lancelot D. Carnegie, GCVO, KCMG, and g d of 9th Earl of Southesk; two s three d

(and one s decd); died 7 March 1968

EDUCATION Eton; Trinity College, Oxford

CAREER Diplomatic Service, 1901; served at Vienna, Washington, The Hague, Paris, Berlin, Copenhagen, Brussels, Tokyo, Madrid, Tangier and Rio de Janeiro; Minister to Denmark, 1933–35; Ambassador to Brazil, 1935–39; retired from Diplomatic Service, 1940. A Director, National Provident Instn, 1944–59; a Governor, London Hosp., 1945–58; Chm., Incorp. Church Building Soc., 1951–54 and 1955–61; Chm., Metropolitan Drinking Fountain and Cattle Trough Assoc., 1947–64. Served in 5 Berks Bn Home Guard, 1940–44; JP Berks. 1942–46; Member of Berkshire County Council, 1941–46. Knight Grand Cross, Order of Dannebrog (Denmark)

CLUBS Brooks's, Turf; Norfolk (Norwich)

ADDRESS 1 Sloane Gardens, SW1

Sloane 4257

'GURNEY, Sir Hugh', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U51906

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCMG MVO.
- He worked as a Minister to Denmark in 1933-1935.
- He worked as an Ambassador to Brazil in 1935-1939.
  - 10-Priscilla Laura Gurney was born on 19 Jul 1912.

Priscilla married Lt. Col. Anthony Duncan Hunter.

10-Alexander Hugh Gurney was born on 7 Nov 1913 and died in 1975 at age 62.

Alexander married **Cynthia Averil Charrington**, daughter of **Brig. Harold Vincent Spencer Charrington** and **Eleanor Sophia Campbell**, on 6 Dec 1941. The marriage ended in divorce in 1948. Cynthia was born in 1916 and died on 30 Jan 2011 at age 95.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1948.
- 10-Capt. David Hugh Gurney was born on 2 Apr 1921 and died on 10 Oct 1951 in Killed in motor accident at age 30.
- 10-**Isabel Marion Gurney** was born on 10 Dec 1924 and died in 2015 at age 91.

Isabel married Lord John Andrew Christopher Kerr, son of Capt. Andrew William Kerr and Marie Constance Annabel Kerr. They had five children: William Walter Raleigh, David John, Andrew Peter Hugh, Marion Isabel, and Catherine Richenda Margaret.

11-William Walter Raleigh Kerr

William married Griselda Mary Hamilton-Baillie. They had three children: Robert John Edward, Cordelia Isabel Marie, and Walter William Raleigh.

- 12-Robert John Edward Kerr
- 12-Cordelia Isabel Marie Kerr
- 12-Walter William Raleigh Kerr
- 11-David John Kerr

David married Carol Prior. They had two children: John Andrew David and Andrew Christopher.

- 12-John Andrew David Kerr
- 12-Andrew Christopher Kerr
- 11-Andrew Peter Hugh Kerr
- 11-Marion Isabel Kerr

Marion married Simon David May. They had two children: Susannah Isabel Catherine and Rebecca Isabel Laura.

- 12-Susannah Isabel Catherine May
- 12-Rebecca Isabel Laura May
- 11-Catherine Richenda Margaret Kerr

Catherine married Alan McCallie. They had two children: Beau James and Matthew Ross.

- 12-Beau James McCallie
- 12-Matthew Ross McCallie

Catherine next married **Darren Williams**. They had one daughter: **Isabel Richenda Eileen**.

- 12-Isabel Richenda Eileen Williams
- 10-Ronald Hugh Gurney was born on 30 Oct 1931 and died on 2 Feb 2011 at age 79.
- 10-Dame Susan Richenda Gurney

Susan married Rodney Elton 2nd Baron Elton, son of Godfrey Elton 1st Baron Elton and Dedi Hartmann.

9-Dorothea Helen Carnegie was born on 6 Aug 1906 and died in 1985 at age 79.

Dorothea married Mungo David Malcolm Murray 7th Earl Of Mansfield, son of Alan David Murray 6th Earl Of Mansfield and Margaret Helen Mary Macgregor, on 19 Jul 1928. Mungo was born on 9 Aug 1900 and died in 1971 at age 71. They had three children: William David Mungo James, Malvina Dorothea, and Mariota Cecilia.

10-William David Mungo James Murray 8th Earl of Mansfield was born on 7 Jul 1930 and died on 21 Oct 2015 in Logie House, Logiealmond, Perthshire at age 85.

William married Pamela Joan Foster, daughter of Wilfred Neill Foster and Millicent Agnes Mary Duckham. They had three children: Alexander David Mungo, Georgina, and James William.

11-Alexander David Mungo Murray 9th Earl of Mansfield

Alexander married Sophia Mary Veronica Ashbrooke. They had three children: Isabella Mary Alexandra, William Philip David Mungo, and Iona Margaret Sophia.

- 12-Lady Isabella Mary Alexandra Murray
- 12-William Philip David Mungo Murray Viscount Stormont
- 12-Lady Iona Margaret Sophia Murray
- 11-Lady Georgina Murray

#### 11-Hon. James William Murray

### 10-Lady Malvina Dorothea Murray

Malvina married **Douglas John Moray Stuart 20th Earl Of Moray**, son of **Archibald John Morton Stuart 19th Earl Of Moray** and **Mabel Helen Maud Wilson**, on 27 Jan 1964. Douglas was born on 13 Feb 1928 and died on 23 Sep 2011 at age 83. They had two children: **John Douglas** and **Louisa Helena**.

#### 11-John Douglas Stuart 21st Earl of Moray

John married Catherine Jane Lawson, daughter of Prof. Alan Lawson. They had two children: James Douglas and Alexander Francis Alan.

- 12-James Douglas Stuart Lord Doune
- 12-Hon. Alexander Francis Alan Stuart

#### 11-Lady Louisa Helena Stuart

Louisa married David John Stewart Howitt, son of Capt. Michael J. Howitt and Nino Stewart. They had two children: Robert Douglas and Cleonie Malvina.

- 12-Robert Douglas Howitt
- 12-Cleonie Malvina Howitt

### 10-Lady Mariota Cecilia Murray

Mariota married Hon. Charles Malcolm Napier, son of Lt. Col. William Francis Cyril James Hamilton Napier 13th Baron Napier and Violet Muir Newson. They had three children: Eloise, Cecilia Frances Stephanie, and Maryel Cecilia.

- 11-Eloise Napier
- 11-Cecilia Frances Stephanie Napier
- 11-Maryel Cecilia Napier

Maryel married Robert George Wilmot Stansfield, son of John Raoul Wilmot Stansfield Of Dunninald and Rosalinde Rachel Buxton.

9-Capt. James Murray Carnegie was born on 29 Jan 1909 and died in 1985 at age 76.

James married **Diana Winifred Mary Renshaw**, daughter of **Henry Arthur Renshaw**, on 25 Apr 1939. Diana was born in 1914 and died on 30 Mar 1998 at age 84. They had five children: **Carolyn Mary, Susan Diana, Sarah Elizabeth, Charlotte Marion**, and **Sophie Winifred**.

- 10-Carolyn Mary Carnegie was born on 25 Jun 1940 and died on 27 Dec 1940.
- 10-Susan Diana Carnegie was born on 27 Jun 1943 and died in 2000 at age 57.
- 10-Sarah Elizabeth Carnegie was born on 10 Jul 1948 and died on 3 Oct 1948.
- 10-Charlotte Marion Carnegie
- 10-Sophie Winifred Carnegie

Henry next married Hannah Edith Chapman, 43,55,56,64 daughter of Abel Chapman<sup>64</sup> and Elizabeth Gurney Fry,<sup>64</sup> on 10 Jun 1890 in St. Peter's, Kensington. Hannah was born in 1854.

- 7-Hugh Reynolds Barclay was born on 3 Jun 1831 in Walthamstow, London.
- 7-Charles Reynolds Barclay<sup>27</sup> was born in 1833.

- 7-Frederick John Barclay<sup>27</sup> was born in 1839.
- 7-Mary Anna 'Ford' Barclay<sup>75</sup> was born on 3 Dec 1828 in Tottenham, London and died on 17 Apr 1916 in 41 York Terrace, Regent's Park, London at age 87.
- 6-Mary Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 14 Jul 1800 in Clapham, London and died in 1801 at age 1.
- 6-Morris Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 25 Oct 1803 in Clapham, London.
- 6-Marianne Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 26 Feb 1802 in Clapham, London.
- 6-William Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 22 Aug 1808 in Clapham, London.
- 6-Charles Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1812.
- 6-Ellen Reynolds<sup>4,28</sup> was born in 1814 and died in 1892 at age 78.

Ellen married **Samuel Gurney**, 14,28 son of **Samuel Gurney**, 14,28 son of **Samuel Gurney**, 14,27,28,33,35,36,38,48,53,58,60,61,62,63 and **Elizabeth Sheppard**, 1834. Samuel was born on 3 Feb 1816 in Ham House, Upton, West Ham, London, died on 4 Apr 1882 in Bishop's Down, Grove Spa, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 66, and was buried in FBG Wanstead. The cause of his death was Diabetes.

General Notes: Gurney, Samuel (1816–1882), philanthropist and banker, was born on 3 February 1816, at Upton, Essex, the second of three sons of Samuel Gurney (1786–1856), Quaker philanthropist and discount banker, and his wife, Elizabeth, née Sheppard (d. 1855). He had six sisters.

Educated at the Friends' school, Rochester, and at Grove House, Tottenham, Gurney married young in 1837. His wife was Ellen (1814–1892), daughter of William Foster Reynolds, of Carshalton House, Surrey. Gurney lived for many years at The Culvers, Carshalton, near the Reynolds property. He became a Surrey magistrate and was high sheriff of the county in 1861. Subsequently he moved to 20 Hanover Terrace, Regent's Park, and took a house at Brighton.

His father was a partner in Gurney's Bank of Norwich and in Overend, Gurney & Co., bill brokers of Lombard Street. When as a young man Gurney became a partner in the latter business it was already the leading discount house in the City of London. After his father's death in 1856 a new generation of partners made a series of bold and ill-judged investments before floating the business to the public in 1865. In the most notorious bankruptcy of the mid-Victorian period, Overend Gurney stopped payment on 10 May 1866, leaving debts of some £11 million. Other businesses were sunk in its wake and the limited liability company was temporarily discredited as a device. Samuel Gurney junior's reputation was less damaged by this fiasco than those of some colleagues: he remained on the board of companies interested in marine and life assurance, and in submarine telegraphy in the Mediterranean and elsewhere.

As befitted a Quaker, Gurney's chief contributions were public and philanthropic. The abolition of the slave trade in British colonies in 1833 had fissured the British anti-slavery movement. One new campaigning organization was the British and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society, formed in 1839 chiefly by whig radicals; Gurney joined its committee in 1846, and served as its president for eighteen years. Older generations of abolitionists considered that the society was antagonistic to anti-slavery's traditional religious and political ecumenicism. The society was riven by policy disputes. At its annual meeting in 1855, for example, Gurney left the chair in anger when speakers criticized Anthony Ashley Cooper, earl of Shaftesbury, and the Turkish Aid Mission Society of the USA for associating with slave owners. Gurney's relations with American merchants and financiers gave him a realistic sense of the prospects of American abolitionists. Like his father, Gurney was active in the peace movement, but felt alienated by the growing sectarian militancy of campaigners like Richard Cobden and John Bright.

From 1857 until 1865 Gurney was MP for the small borough of Penryn and Falmouth (which seat he represented jointly with the whig banker Thomas Baring, afterwards first earl of Northbrook). He was an independent Palmerstonian Liberal who supported religious liberty and the extension of free trade but made no parliamentary mark. He was one of a group of rich, influential Quakers nicknamed 'weighty Friends'

Gurney served on committees for penal reform and for public amenities in London, and against the opium trade. He was a founder of the Metropolitan Drinking Fountain and Cattle Trough Association in 1859 which relieved alike the thirst of Londoners and the suffering of dumb beasts. The Linnean and Royal Geographic societies elected him to fellowships. Gurney died from diabetes at Bishop's Down, Grove Spa, Tunbridge Wells, on 4 April 1882.

### **Richard Davenport-Hines**

Sources D. Turley, The culture of English anti-slavery, 1780–1860 (1991) · A. Tyrrell, Joseph Sturge and the 'moral radical party' in early Victorian Britain (c.1987) · H. L. Malchow, Gentlemen capitalists: the social and political world of the Victorian businessman (1991) · P. Lubbock, Earlham (1922) · d. cert. · CGPLA Eng. & Wales (1882) · Boase, Mod. Eng. biog. · ILN (24 July 1859) · DNB · Burke, Gen. GB (1965–72) · P. Davies, Troughs and drinking fountains (1989)

Archives Norfolk RO, journal and scrapbook relating to Quaker visit to Metz

Likenesses portrait, repro. in ILN, 92, 94 · portrait, repro. in Davies, Troughs and drinking fountains

Wealth at death £10,260 14s. 1d.: probate, 14 June 1882, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Richard Davenport-Hines, 'Gurney, Samuel (1816–1882)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004; online edn, Oct 2008

Samuel Gurney (1816–1882): doi:10.1093/ref:odnb/37498

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FLS FRGS.
- He was educated at Friend's School, Boley Hill in Rochester, Kent.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Partner in Gurney's Bank in Norwich, Norfolk.
- He worked as a Partner in Overend Gurney and Co., Bill Brokers in Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a Partner with Henry Bewley in founding The Gutta Percha Company in High Street, Stratford, London.
- He worked as a Chairman of the London and Provincial District Telegraph Co. Ltd. In 1859.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Penryn & Falmouth in 1857-1865.
- He worked as a Ouaker Elder.

Foster next married **Deborah Brady**, daughter of **Thomas Brady** and **Hannah Fisher**, on 3 May 1772 in Birchington, Kent. Deborah was born on 9 Dec 1742 in Thorne, Yorkshire and died on 3 Oct 1807 at age 64. They had two children: **Jacob Foster** and **Deborah**.

5-Jacob Foster Reynolds<sup>1,4,76</sup> was born on 18 Aug 1775 in Mitcham, Surrey and died on 28 Sep 1851 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Bleacher in Beddington, Croydon, Surrey.
- He was a Quaker but he resigned membership in 1847.

Jacob married **Anna Barclay**, <sup>1,4,76</sup> daughter of **Robert Barclay of Mathers & Urie** <sup>4,29,76,77,78</sup> and **Rachel Gurney**, <sup>4,29,76</sup> on 15 Aug 1799 in FMH Kingston. Anna was born on 21 Dec 1779 in Honey Lane, Cheapside, London and died on 26 May 1810 at age 30. They had seven children: **Robert Foster**, **Agatha**, **Anna Sophia**, **Rachel**, **Louisa**, **Maria Elizabeth**, and **Emma**.

6-Robert Foster Reynolds<sup>1,76</sup> was born on 17 Aug 1800 in Carshalton, Surrey and died on 7 Apr 1846 in Upton, West Ham, Essex at age 45.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Upton, Essex.

Robert married **Emma Eugenia Pelly**, <sup>76</sup> daughter of **Sir John Henry Pelly 1st Bt.** and **Emma Boulton**, on 1 May 1833. Emma was born on 24 Jun 1811 and died on 1 May 1893 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 81. They had five children: **Emma Louisa**, **Anna Maria**, **Robert Barclay**, **Charles Henry**, and **Juliana**.

- 7-Emma Louisa Reynolds<sup>76</sup> was born in 1836 in Upton, Essex and died in 1910 in West Ham, London at age 74.
- 7-Anna Maria Reynolds<sup>64,76</sup> was born in 1837 in Upton, Essex and died in 1916 at age 79.

Anna married **Capt. William Daniel Chapman**,<sup>64,76</sup> son of **William Chapman**,<sup>64</sup> and **Jane Chapman**,<sup>64</sup> on 5 Mar 1865 in Essex. (2 March also given). William was born on 17 Jan 1826 and died on 10 Nov 1911 at age 85. They had four children: **Percy Hugh, Aubrey Bertram, William Daniel**, and **Hubert**.

8-Rev. Canon Percy Hugh Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 13 Apr 1866 in Wanstead, Essex and died in 1953 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at The Grammar School in Felsted, Essex.

Percy married Katharine Margaret Knox. They had three children: Winifred Margaret, Janet Marion, and Kenneth Hugh.

9-Winifred Margaret Chapman was born on 28 Jan 1900 in Bareilly, Bengal, India and was christened on 14 Feb 1900 in Bareilly, Bengal, India.

### 9-Janet Marion Chapman

Janet married Capt. Alex Colin Chapman RN, son of Rev. Theodore Charles Chapman<sup>64</sup> and Eliza Alice Barr Keith, in 1929 in Upton on Severn, Worcestershire. Alex was born on 15 Sep 1897 in Barton Regis, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 Sep 1970 in Ravelston, The Marina, Deal, Kent at age 72.

General Notes: 09.1910 entered RN (08.1923) no appointment listed 27.09.1923-(01.1925) qualifying for gunnery duties, HMS Excellent (gunnery school, Portsmouth) Gunnery Officer, HMS Adventure 07.07.1926-(07.1927) 28.06.1929-(08.1929) RN Barracks, Portsmouth [HMS Victory] 21.12.1929-(04.1930) HMS Excellent (gunnery school, Portsmouth) 25.10.1930-(02.1931) Gunnery Officer, HMS Revenge (battleship) (Mediterranean) 12.01.1932-(09.1932) staff course, RN Staff College, Greenwich [HMS President] 22.12.1933-(02.1936) Squadron Gunnery Officer, 1st Battle Squadron [HMS Revenge (battleship), later (1936) HMS Valiant (battleship)] (Mediterranean) 17.11.1936-(07.1937) Commanding Officer, HMS Fleetwood (escort vessel) (Home Fleet) 22.02.1938-(04.1940) Executive Officer, HMS Barham (battleship) Staff Officer (Plans) to Commander-in-Chief Home Fleet [HMS Nelson (battleship)] 24.07.1940-(02.)1941 14.05.1941-(02.1943) Commanding Officer, HMS Arethusa (cruiser) 10.06.1943-(06.)1944 Captain of the Fleet, Home Fleet [HMS Duke of York (battleship)] 27.07.1944-31.07.1946 Director of Gunnery and Anti-Aircraft Warfare Division, Admiralty [HMS President] 12.04.1948-(07.1948) Head of Naval Branch Combined Services Division, Berlin [HMS Royal Albert] 08.01.1949-08.07.1949 Naval ADC to the King

#### Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Osborne.
- He was educated at Dartmouth.
- He worked as a Captain of the Fleet, Home Fleet.
- He worked as a Director of Gunnery and Anti-Aircraft Warfare Division, Admiralty.
- He worked as a Head of Naval Branch Combined Services Division, Berlin.
- He worked as a Naval ADC to the King.
- 9-Kenneth Hugh Chapman was born on 22 Oct 1909 in Bareilly, Bengal, India and was christened on 20 Nov 1909 in Bareilly, Bengal, India.
- 8-Aubrey Bertram Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 31 Aug 1869 in Wanstead, Essex and died in 1916 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 47.

#### Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1911 in Lipwood, Windermere, Cumbria.
- 8-William Daniel Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 27 Mar 1871 and died in 1871 in Kensington, London.
- 8-**Hubert Chapman**<sup>64</sup> was born on 28 Jul 1872 and died on 13 Sep 1872.
- 7-**Robert Barclay Reynolds**<sup>76</sup> was born on 5 Oct 1838 in Upton, Essex and died in 1910 in Worthing, Sussex at age 72.

#### Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Woodford, Essex.

• He worked as a Director of the London & Lancashire Life Assurance Co. In Cornhill, London.

Robert married **Evelyn Sarah Jane Davidson**, <sup>76</sup> daughter of **Capt. John Davidson**, on 14 Sep 1865. Evelyn was born on 6 Mar 1847 in Ifield, Crawley, Sussex and died on 8 May 1930 at age 83. They had eight children: **Evelyn Eugenia, Robert Alan Barclay, Alexander Harold, Ida Gertrude, Blanche Mabel, Hilda Louise, Clement Barclay**, and **Duncan Barclay**.

8-Evelyn Eugenia Reynolds<sup>76</sup> was born on 15 Sep 1866 in Woodford, Essex and died on 2 Jan 1965 in Bail Brook House, Batheaston, Somerset at age 98. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1901 in Egham, Surrey.
- She had a residence in Ellesborough, Soberton, Hampshire.
- She had a residence in Bail Brook House, Batheaston, Somerset.
- 8-Robert Alan Barclay Reynolds was born on 23 Oct 1867 in Woodford, Essex and died in 1956 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.

Robert married Isabel Beatrice Carlow Fetherstonhaugh, daughter of William Francis Fetherstonhaugh and Sarah Butt.

- 8-Alexander Harold Reynolds was born on 4 Feb 1869 in Woodford, Essex and died in 1871 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 2.
- 8-Ida Gertrude Reynolds<sup>76</sup> was born on 3 Jun 1870 in Woodford, Essex and died in 1957 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 87.

Ida married **Christopher Ritchie**, son of **Henry Scott Ritchie** and **Ann Elizabeth Burtt**, on 21 Jun 1899 in Englefield Green, Egham, Surrey. Christopher was born on 30 Oct 1870 in Clapham, London and died in 1936 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 66. They had two children: **Evelyn Dorothy** and **Brenda Augusta**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in 1901 in Abbots Langley, Hertfordshire.
- 9-Evelyn Dorothy Ritchie<sup>72</sup> was born on 24 Mar 1900 in Abbots Langley, Hertfordshire, was christened on 5 May 1900 in Abbots Langley, Hertfordshire, and died in 1984 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 84.

### General Notes: Mrs Evelyn Dorothy Carr 1900-1984

Evelyn Ritchie, with her sister Brenda, was already an experienced rock climber with several seasons in the Lake District when, a classics student at St Hilda's Hall, she met her future husband, Herbert Carr whom she married in 1927, at an OUMC lecture. In 1925 he introduced her to the Alps and from then until the outbreak of war she climbed in the Alps every season achieving an impressive record of first class climbs, many ofwhich she led, in addition to her climbs in Wales, the Lakes, Scotland and Skye. She resumed alpine climbing after the war but injuries sustained from a rock fall while she was leading near the top of the Trifthorn limited her later alpine visits to moderate glacier excursions. Sadly, the last few years of her life were under the shadow of a progressively disabling illness. We extend our sympathy to Herbert Carr and his daughter.

Frank Solari. The Alpine Journal 1986

**Evelyn Carr** *Tom Peacocke writes:* 

I did not know Evelyn Carr well, but met her in La Berarde in 1934 when she was with Herbert, Geoffrey Barrett, Miss Barrett and Brenda Ritchie, and I was with George Meade-King, David Hodgkinson and Tom Reed. We were all on the traverse of the Meije together. A violent thunderstorm the night before iced up the Grande Muraille and put fresh snow on the upper parts of the mountain. A guided party in the hut wisely said no, but it was our last two days and it was now or never. We were much delayed by the conditions and were out 20½ hours. The three girls went first, led by Brenda. Our descent into the Breche Zsigmondy almost resulted in a tragedy. We were roping down owing to the conditions and the girls had reached the Breche when a rock, the size of a door, was loosened near the summit by one member of our party. I was 'sheet anchor' on the top and had a full view of everything. My heart stood still as I saw this rock pursuing its mad career straight for the three girls. It could not have been falling for more than five seconds, but to me it was an eternity. I had time to ponder the possible consequences. It seemed that it must hit them. I thought 'If they are not killed how can we get an injured climber down from the Breche?' At that time no one had ever ascended or descended either side. And then a miracle happened. The rock hit another even larger rock and burst into fragments passing harmlessly over their heads! After this the rest of the expedition was comparatively uneventful. We climbed out of the Bteche up an icy chimney, traversed the arete and abseiled down a 60m ice-slope on the eastern side of the Pic Centrale by the light of a full moon, reaching the Refuge d'Aigle at lam.

The Alpine Journal 1987

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at St. Hilda's Hall, Oxford.
- She worked as a Mountaineer and Rock Climber.
- She worked as a member of The Alpine Club.

Evelyn married **Herbert Reginald Culling Carr**, <sup>72,79</sup> son of **Reginald Childers Culling Carr**, and **Enid Agnes Kenney-Herbert**, on 28 Jul 1927 in Great Berkhamsted, Hertfordshire. Herbert was born on 16 Jul 1896 in Madras, India, was christened on 17 Aug 1896 in Madras Cathedral, Madras, India, and died on 23 Apr 1986 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 89. They had one daughter: **Eirene B. M. P.**.

#### General Notes: Herbert Reginald Culling Carr 1896-1986

I was surprised early last year to receive a message from Herbert Carr saying he wished to see me. We had never met before, although over the years I had received a number of letters from him: some of the early ones, to be honest, quite peppery. All that was long forgotten, and I wasted no time in making the trip to Cheltenham to visit him. He was approaching 90, and I knew from David Cox that he had already looked frighteningly old and frail the year before, when he had been guest of honour at the Helyg Diamond Jubilee celebrations in N Wales. Nevertheless, he had delivered a spirited speech and enjoyed himself so much that he made the long journey north again a month later so that he could spend his birthday at Pen-y-Gwryd. Herbert was propped up in a chair when I arrived, several books and papers on a nearby table. The midday sun was streaming into the room and his lunch, he said, would be brought in at any minute. Had I remembered to bring some sandwiches? I had? Good. We shared a bottle of wine as we talked. Conversation was obviously a strain; sentences would hang half-finished in the air while he regrouped his thoughts, and he wasted no time getting to the point. 'I want you', he said, 'to write my obituary for the Alpine Journal'. True, I had been very curious to know why he had summoned me, but somehow this reason had not occurred to me. I protested. There were others, I said, who knew him and his climbing career far better than I. He waved a transparent hand. 'No matter', he said, 'I'll send you what notes you need.' So that was decided. We talked a little more over coffee; then it was time for his nap and I was shown out. It was the only time I saw him. Over the following weeks, there were a number of telephone calls and a few short notes arrived for the Carr-box he had instructed me to buy, plus an -invitation to attend his 90th birthday party in July, when, to satisfy an old man's vanity, would I mind writing a brief report for the local newspaper? Sadly, it was not to be. On 23 April, Herbert Carr died. What, then, to do? I had been right first time: from a bald list of facts and dates, there was no way I could contrive a reasoned assessment of Carr the mountaineer, even though his name had been familiar to me for as long as I had been interested in climbing. One of the first books I discovered in my early days of enthusiasm, when each week I rapaciously scoured the library for climbing books, was The Mountains of Snowdonia, which he had written with G A Lister in 1924. It was not long, either, before I heard the story of his accident in Cwm Glas in 1925 when his companion Stanley Van Noorden was killed. Herbert was severely injured, but, with no one to raise the alarm, he lay for two days and two nights out in the-open before being discovered, quite by chance, by a local shepherd. Almost 40 years later, when I began coming to Wales, Herbert's ordeal was still one of the legendary horror stories, frequently retailed. Later, I learned of the leading part he had played ip. rebuilding the Oxford University Mountaineering Club after the First World War; and how, by virtue of his success, he was promptly co-opted into the Climbers' Club to perform a similar miracle there. One of his first acts was to discover a near-derelict cottage, Helyg, and to persuade his fellow members of its potential. It became the first club hut in Wales. Raymond Greene told of alpine adventures with Herbert; Herbert himself related how he helped put together the first Oxford University arctic expedition-to Spitsbergen in 1922-but how he relin- quished his own place on it to Noel Odell, in order to accompany his father to the Alps. What became obvious, the more I learned, was that, whatever his climbing achievements, Herbert's greatest gift to the mountain world was as a social 'fixer'. He could come up with bright ideas and see them through to success on the streng.th of his talent for creating an atmosphere of comradeship and enthusiasm. He enjoyed organizing and was genero~s with his time and affections. His devotion to his family, too, was unstirited: he shared several alpine seasons with his father, who had taken up climbing in his retirement, and together they were elected to the Alpine Club in 1922. Herbert told of an epic traverse of the Matterhorn he and his father had made with the young Chamonix guide, Alfred Couttet, in 1924. Surprised by storm, he feared for his father's safety. The old man was utterly exhausted when finally shepherded into the Solvay Hut. It was on one of the alpine meets he organised for the CC that Herbert met his future wife-Evelyn. They, too, shared many climbs together in a 58-year marriage. Herbert's energy-persisted into old age. When he was 82 he set about editing the diaries of Andrew Irvine, who had died with Mallory on Everest in 1924 (see the review in AJ 85, 249, 1980). But in 1984 Evelyn Carr died, and Herbert sank into ill-health and depress- ion. It was then, fortuitously, that he received the invitation to take part in the Helyg celebrations. With a renewal of his characteristic vigour, he plunged into preparations and came up with the idea that a book be published to commemo- rate the occasion. After Herbert's death, his daughter confirmed that this last renewing of links with the climbing world, and all the many projects and enthusiasms it engendered, contributed enormously to the happiness of his last two years. Besides reviving old friendships, he had been able to make new friends among younger climbers, and he was inspired, largely by their interest, to start on an autobiographical work The Halcyon Days. It covered his early climbing years, up to the time of the Cwm Glas accident, after which, he said, his beloved mountains never seemed quite so halcyon again. Audrey Salkeld. The Alpine Journal 1987

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. Paul's School.
- He was educated at Pembroke College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Sub-Lieut. RNVR in 1915-1919.
- He worked as an Assistant Master, Alleyn's School in 1927-1931 in Dulwich, London.

- He worked as a Headmaster, Penrith Grammar School in 1931-1934 in Penrith, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Headmaster, Harrogate Grammar School in 1934-1960 in Harrogate, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Flight Lieut., RAFVR in 1940-1944.
- He worked as a Mountaineer and Rock Climber.
- He worked as a member of The Alpine Club.
  - 10-Eirene B. M. P. Carr
- 9-Brenda Augusta Ritchie was born on 20 Jul 1905 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire and died in Jun 1987 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Rock Climber and Mountaineer.
- 8-Blanche Mabel Reynolds<sup>76</sup> was born on 1 Feb 1872 in Woodford, Essex and died in 1935 in Droxford, Hampshire at age 63.
- 8-Hilda Louise Reynolds<sup>76</sup> was born on 13 Jul 1874 in Woodford, Essex and died in 1954 in Witney, Oxfordshire at age 80.

Hilda married **Charles Henry Falcon**, son of **Michael Falcon** and **Mary**, in 1904 in Exeter, Devon. Charles was born in 1870 in Briery Dale House, Stainburn, Workington, Cumbria, was christened on 27 Oct 1870 in Workington, Cumbria, died about 27 Sep 1916 in Loweswater, Cumbria about age 46, and was buried on 29 Sep 1916 in Loweswater, Cumbria. They had two children: **Gordon Barclay** and **Audrey Hilda**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in 1911 in Loweswater, Cumbria.
  - 9-Gordon Barclay Falcon was born in 1905 in Loweswater, Cumbria and died on 17 May 1927 in Karawinna, Victoria, Australia at age 22.
- 9-Audrey Hilda Falcon was born on 26 Jul 1908 in Loweswater, Cumbria and died on 22 Feb 1990 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

- She emigrated to the United States of America.
- She was naturalized as an American citizen in 1950 in Los Angeles, California, USA.

Audrey married John Henry Barton, son of Stanley Barton and Georgina Maller.

8-Clement Barclay Reynolds<sup>76</sup> was born on 11 Mar 1876 in Woodford, Essex and died in 1960 in Portsmouth, Hampshire at age 84.

Clement married Eleanor Rose Caldecott, daughter of Rev. William Shaw Wright Caldecott and Marion Hellier. They had two children: Evelyn Joyce and Valerie Faith.

9-Evelyn Joyce Reynolds was born on 10 Apr 1910 in Cape Town, South Africa and died on 5 Oct 1996 in Eastern Cape, South Africa at age 86.

Evelyn married **Edward Samuel Hawarden**. Edward was born on 21 Jan 1909 in Benoni, Transvaal, South Africa and died on 10 Oct 1973 in Johannesburg, South Africa at age 64. They had two children: (**No Given Name**) and **Diana E.** 

- 10-Hawarden
- 10-Diana E. Hawarden

Diana married John Lardner-Burke. They had one daughter: Susan Alexandra.

11-Susan Alexandra Lardner-Burke

9-Valerie Faith Reynolds was born on 1 Jul 1914.

8-Rev. Duncan Barclay Reynolds<sup>76</sup> was born on 18 Feb 1884 in Woodford, Essex and died in 1968 in Bath, Somerset at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of Asby in 1927-1935 in Asby, Appleby, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Perpetual Curate of Muggleswick on 13 Feb 1935 in Muggleswick, Consett, County Durham.

7-Charles Henry Reynolds<sup>76</sup> was born on 8 Oct 1841 in Upton, Essex, died on 20 Aug 1910 in The Paddocks, Thetford, Norfolk at age 68, and was buried in Thetford, Norfolk.

Charles married **Beatrice Anna Richardson**, <sup>76</sup> daughter of **Sir John Richardson** and **Mary Booth**, on 6 Apr 1866 in Grasmere, Cumbria. Beatrice was born on 31 May 1841 in Alverstoke, Hampshire and died on 12 Mar 1915 in High Barnet, London at age 73. They had six children: **Beatrice Margaret, Charles Percy Herbert, John Richardson, Willingham Franklin, Violet Eugenia**, and **Lilian Mary**.

8-Beatrice Margaret Reynolds<sup>14</sup> was born on 15 May 1867 in Malabar Hill, Bombay, India and died on 22 Dec 1907 in Colombo, Sri Lanka at age 40.

Beatrice married **Rev. Sidney Mainwaring Simmons**<sup>14,81</sup> in 1897 in Thetford, Norfolk. Sidney was born on 21 Oct 1870 in Tinnevelli, India and died in 1955 in Stifford, Essex at age 85. They had three children: **Agatha Mainwaring, Reynolds Mainwaring**, and **John Richardson Mainwaring**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Church Missionary Society minister in Ceylon.
  - 9-Agatha Mainwaring Simmons<sup>82</sup> was born on 23 Jul 1898 in Colombo, Sri Lanka and died on 24 Jul 1986 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 88.

Agatha married **Alfred Cecil Smith**<sup>81</sup> on 10 Dec 1921 in Penang, Malaya. The marriage ended in divorce in 1935. Alfred was born on 31 Aug 1893 in Hadlow Down, East Sussex and died on 27 Dec 1955 in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia at age 62. They had two children: **Pamela Margaret Mainwaring** and **Michael Cecil Mainwaring**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a General Manager for the Straits Plantations Ltd., Rubber planters.
  - 10-**Pamela Margaret Mainwaring Smith**<sup>81</sup> was born on 24 May 1923 in Batu Gajah, Perak, Malaysia, died on 3 Apr 1989 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk at age 65, and was buried in Walsham le Willows, Suffolk.

Pamela married Col. John Grenville Hanson. John was born on 19 Jan 1918, died in 2002 at age 84, and was buried in Walsham le Willows, Suffolk.

10-Michael Cecil Mainwaring Smith<sup>81</sup> was born on 6 Feb 1928 in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia and died on 18 May 2000 in Horam, Sussex at age 72.

Michael married **Kathleen May Hynard**, <sup>81</sup> daughter of **Frederick Charles Hynard** and **Anna Emma Louise Coucher**, on 5 Jan 1952 in Sevenoaks, Kent. Kathleen was born on 5 Apr 1929 in Eynsford, Kent and died on 27 Oct 1980 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 51. They had three children: **Helen Patricia, Jennifer Ann**, and **Julia**.

- 11-Helen Patricia Smith
- 11-Jennifer Ann Smith

Jennifer married Michael John Vince. They had four children: Eleanin Louise, Alexander John, Catherine Richenda, and Rohesia Anne Rachel.

- 12-Eleanin Louise Vince
- 12-Alexander John Vince
- 12-Catherine Richenda Vince
- 12-Rohesia Anne Rachel Vince

11-Julia Smith was born on 18 Mar 1962 in Havant, Hampshire and died on 21 Mar 1962 in Havant, Hampshire.

Agatha next married **Oliver Francis Conoley**<sup>81</sup> in 1935. Oliver was born on 22 Feb 1893 in Islington, London and died on 1 Jul 1962 in Princes Risborough at age 69. They had one daughter: (**No Given Name**).

10-Conoley

- 9-Reynolds Mainwaring Simmons was born on 21 Oct 1900 in Colombo, Sri Lanka and died in 1952 at age 52.
- 9-**John Richardson Mainwaring Simmons**<sup>14</sup> was born on 18 Mar 1902 in 52 Ward Place, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo, Ceylon, died on 14 Jan 1985 in St Mary's Hospital, Praed Street, London at age 82, and was buried in Mortlake, Surrey, Cremated.

General Notes: Simmons, John Richardson Mainwaring (1902–1985), office systems pioneer and company director, was born on 18 March 1902 at 52 Ward Place, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo, Ceylon, the third child of Sydney Mainwaring Simmons (1870–1955), clerk in holy orders, and his first wife, Beatrice Margaret Reynolds (1869–1907). He had an elder sister, Agatha, and brother, Reynolds, known as Rennie. His mother died on 22 December 1907; in December 1909 his father married Helene Elsie Marion Walker and they had a daughter, Margaret Theodora. His father, mother, and stepmother were all members of the Church Missionary Society; his father was himself born in India of missionary parents. Like Sir Nevill Mott, who was his maternal first cousin, John Simmons was the great-grandson of the Arctic explorer and naturalist Sir John Richardson, after whom he was named.

Simmons was sent home to England to a private preparatory school, entering Windlesham House in Sussex in 1910. In 1916 he obtained a scholarship to Brighton College, as had his brother previously, where he captained the second eleven at cricket. In 1920 he went up to St John's College, Cambridge, to read mathematics, supported by a Bell scholarship. He graduated as a wrangler (first class honours) in 1923. On graduation Simmons immediately accepted the post of statistician and management trainee at J. Lyons & Co. He remained with Lyons for forty-five years, rising to the position of director and chief comptroller, in which post he was head of administration for the company. During that time he pioneered scientific methods of office management, and his drive for efficiency led to the development of the first computer in the world to run a program for business rather than scientific use.

J. Lyons & Co. was best known for its chain of 250 high street teashops and its flagship London restaurants, the Lyons Corner Houses. Managing the paperwork for the hundreds of thousands of small transactions on which the company depended required an administrative establishment of several hundred clerks. Simmons's task was to increase the efficiency of the company's office procedures. Within a few years he had introduced to Lyons the concept of scientific management, based on the principle that there was 'one best way' of doing any task, and that offices should be designed and managed accordingly. To find the 'one best way', Simmons established a systems research office at Lyons (later called the organization and methods department), and some of his lieutenants published books on office management that were influential well beyond Lyons.

In 1925 Simmons became engaged to Muriel Hare (d. c.1992), the daughter of Herbert Sydney Hare, a jeweller from Devon; she had come to London to study Margaret Morris movement, the dance and exercise system named after its founder. They were married by Simmons's father on 10 June 1926 at St George's, Wilton, Somerset. Simmons adored his wife, whom he nicknamed Ariel; there were no children.

A national organization, the Office Management Association (from 1934 the Institute of Administrative Management), had been founded after the First World War. Simmons joined it in 1933, was on its governing council a year later, and in 1938 became its chairman, a post he held until 1950. He was simultaneously its president from 1944 until 1950, and held the title of honorary vice-president until his death. Through this organization he was in regular touch with other influential management figures such as Sir James Pitman. He was an early advocate of decimalization. Among his achievements at the Office Management Association was the introduction of a job grading scheme for office workers based on the system he had introduced at Lyons, which in turn led to the publication from 1942 of a biennial survey, the Clerical Salaries Analysis.

Soon after the Second World War Simmons sent two of his staff, Oliver Standingford and Raymond Thompson, on a lengthy visit to the USA to study developments in office practice. At their request, the visit included meetings with those who had been involved in the development of ENIAC, the so-called 'electronic brain' based on almost 18,000 thermionic valves that had been developed by the US army during the war to calculate firing tables for heavy artillery. By the time they returned, Thompson and Standingford had sketched out a realistic proposal for the development and use of an electronic calculator for routine office work such as invoicing, payroll, and form letters. They had also discovered that Maurice Wilkes at Cambridge University was already building such a machine: EDSAC, the electronic delay storage automatic calculator.

Simmons enthusiastically endorsed their report—he had long dreamed of mechanizing the drudgery of much clerical work. On his recommendation Lyons invested £3000 in EDSAC in return for the right to build its own copy of the machine if it worked. EDSAC, a 3000-valve machine, ran its first programs in 1949. By that time Lyons had already recruited a team of engineers led by John Pinkerton to build its computer, and had created a cadre of systems designers and programmers under David Caminer, then manager of systems research, to develop the first office applications. Simmons himself came up with the name: Lyons Electronic Office, or LEO I ran its first program, known as bakery valuations, in November 1951, becoming the first electronic computer in the world to run a routine office job. LEO subsequently took on many other jobs, including the Lyons payroll and teashops distribution. The latter, an innovative suite of programs that greatly streamlined the ordering and delivery of goods for the teashops, began to come into use in November 1954.

By this time Lyons was also selling time on the computer to other organizations, from the Ford Motor Company to the Ministry of Defence. Simmons urged the company to spread the computer development costs by making additional units for sale, and Leo Computers Ltd was founded in 1954. The company built eleven of its improved (but still valve-based) LEO II models, before introducing the highly advanced LEO III, with transistor electronics, in 1962. But the level of investment was never sufficient to compete with American manufacturers, particularly IBM. Despite the successful sales of around 60 LEO IIIs, Lyons sold Leo Computers Ltd to English Electric in 1964.

For Simmons the computer was always a means to an end, not an end in itself. In 1962 he published LEO and the Managers, which set out his vision of the computer as a management tool at the heart of a business. In it he wrote:

LEO is to the thinking of a manager as a grammar book is to the words of a speaker ... The use of LEO brings a new freedom and power to managerial thinking and decision making and ... a means

of unambiguous communication.

He had drawn up a 'master plan' for Lyons, neatly encapsulated in a flow chart that showed how information would stream between autonomous divisions and the board via the computer. But it was never fully implemented: Simmons never succeeded in persuading board members to make full use of LEO's powers of analysis. By the time he retired from Lyons in 1968, minicomputers were becoming available and divisional managers were acquiring their own. After retirement he wrote The Management of Change (1970).

While unfailingly courteous, Simmons was perceived by his juniors as austere and exacting, demanding precision in speech and writing and a clear sense of purpose. He dressed formally in double-breasted suits until his retirement, after which he rather surprisingly grew a beard and favoured bow ties and velvet jackets. Throughout their marriage he and Muriel moved between addresses in west London, finally settling in Hyde Park Gardens. Between 1965 and 1974 they also owned a flat in Ospedaletti on the Italian riviera. Simmons was not a regular churchgoer but retained a deep personal belief. He died in St Mary's Hospital, Praed Street, London on 14 January 1985, following a stroke, and was cremated at Mortlake. His wife survived him for a further seven years. Since 1968 an annual lecture has been given in his honour under the auspices of the Institute of Administrative Management.

#### **GEORGINA FERRY**

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Likenesses photograph, priv. coll. [see illus.]

Wealth at death £103,363: probate, 17 May 1985, CGPLA Eng. & Wales

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Georgina Ferry, 'Simmons, John Richardson Mainwaring (1902–1985)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, Oct 2005 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/57059]

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Statistician for J. Lyons.
- He worked as a Director and chief comptroller for J. Lyons.

John married Muriel Hare, <sup>14</sup> daughter of Herbert Sydney Hare, on 10 Jun 1926 in St George's, Wilton, Somerset. Muriel was born in 1905 and died about 1992 about age 87. They had no children.

8-Rev. Charles Percy Herbert Reynolds was born on 24 Jun 1869 in Malabar Hill, Bombay, India and died on 3 Nov 1943 at age 74.

Charles married **Reeta Fenwich Blount**, daughter of **Clavell William Simpson Blount** and **Elizabeth**, on 27 Apr 1898 in Belfast, Ireland. Reeta was born in 1872 in Suffolk and died in 1957 in Bath, Somerset at age 85. They had one son: **Charles Clavell Richardson**.

9-Maj. Charles Clavell Richardson Reynolds<sup>83</sup> was born on 3 May 1899 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire, was christened on 24 Jun 1899 in St. Mary's, Hitchin, Hertfordshire, and died in 1964 in Newbury, Berkshire at age 65.

Charles married Nancy Cecil Bull, 83 daughter of Joseph Cecil Bull, in 1937 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire. Nancy was born about 1915.

8-Lt. Col. John Richardson Reynolds was born on 8 Aug 1873 in West Ham, London and died on 2 Jul 1934 in 52 St. John's Park, Blackheath, London at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CIE VD.
- He worked as a Manager of the Bomabay Port Trust Railway.

John married **Beryl Margaret Reinold** on 11 Apr 1901 in Ahmedabad, Bombay, India. Beryl was born on 22 Feb 1878, died on 17 Oct 1967 in Buckinghamshire at age 89, and was buried in Chilterns Crematorium, Amersham, Buckinghamshire. They had one son: **Kenneth Richardson**.

9-Kenneth Richardson Reynolds was born on 1 Feb 1907 and died on 14 Mar 1953 at age 46.

Kenneth married **Margaret Cuerdon** on 5 Apr 1933 in St. Helier, Jersey, Channel Islands. Margaret died in 1941. They had one daughter: **Marilyn Judy**.

10-Marilyn Judy Reynolds was born in 1935 and died in 1935.

- 8-Willingham Franklin Reynolds was born on 8 Jun 1875 in Rock Ferry, Birkenhead, Cheshire, died on 7 Mar 1934 in Abbots Langley, Hertfordshire at age 58, and was buried in Thetford, Norfolk.
- 8-Violet Eugenia Reynolds was born on 22 Dec 1877 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 26 Jul 1966 at age 88. She had no known marriage and no known children.

8-Lilian Mary Reynolds<sup>84</sup> was born on 10 Apr 1879 in Thetford, Norfolk and died on 11 Nov 1952 in Bath, Somerset at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Thetford Grammar School in Thetford, Norfolk.
- She was educated at Cheltenham Ladies College.
- She was educated at Newnam College, Cambridge.
- She worked as a Mathematician at the Cavendish Laboratory in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire.

Lilian married **Charles Francis Mott**<sup>84</sup> on 22 Dec 1904 in Hampstead. Charles was born in 1877 in Reigate, Surrey and died in 1967 at age 90. They had two children: **Nevill Francis** and **Margaret Joan**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Reigate Grammar School in Reigate, Surrey.
- He was educated at King's College, London.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Physicist at the Cavendish Laboratory in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire.
- He worked as a Teacher at Giggleswick School in Giggleswick, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Director of Education for Cheshire in 1918.
- He worked as a Director of Education for Liverpool in 1922 in Liverpool.

9-**Prof. Sir Nevill Francis Mott**<sup>14,84</sup> was born on 30 Sep 1905 in 20 Clarendon Road, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 8 Aug 1996 in Milton Keynes Hospital, Milton Keynes, Buckinghamshire at age

General Notes: Mott, Sir Nevill Francis (1905–1996), theoretical physicist, was born on 30 September 1905 in a nursing home at 20 Clarendon Road, Leeds, the elder child of (Charles) Francis Mott, senior science master at Giggleswick School, and his wife, Lilian Mary, née Reynolds. A daughter, Joan, was born two years later. Mott's father, who later became director of education for Liverpool, was originally a physicist, and his mother had been the best female mathematician of her year at Cambridge; they had met while working in the Cavendish Laboratory at Cambridge. Mott's early childhood was spent in Giggleswick, and then in Brocton, on the edge of Cannock Chase, being taught at home by his mother until he was ten. He was then sent as a boarder to Baswich House preparatory school where he recalled that the headmaster, G. F. A. Osborne, 'was an excellent teacher, taking me well on in algebra and Latin before I left, and, as far as I can remember, even introducing me to calculus' (Mott, 5). In 1918 Mott won a scholarship to Clifton College, where he spent five unhappy years. Clifton had very good laboratories, but it was a superb mathematics teacher, H. C. Beaven, who made most impression on Mott and turned him towards mathematical physics.

Mott won a major scholarship to St John's College, Cambridge, in December 1923, and began in mathematics in 1924. He compressed the course into two years, and obtained first-class honours with a distinction in 1926. He spent his third year struggling to master the new theories of quantum mechanics, with which no one in Cambridge except Paul Dirac, who was too reticent to help much, was familiar. His first significant paper, using Schrodinger's wave mechanics to prove the scattering law that underpinned Rutherford's deduction of the nuclear atom, was published early in 1928, by which time Mott was officially a research student at the Cavendish, working under R. H. Fowler's supervision. Mott never begrudged the intellectual effort spent on learning German in order to follow quantum mechanics, and he later developed strong views about the desirability of scientists learning foreign languages. He became president of the Modern Languages Association in 1954–5.

Mott spent the autumn of 1928 at Niels Bohr's Institute in Copenhagen. There, for the first time, he found a lively and stimulating community of theoreticians and realized 'how [physics] was a social activity and how a teacher should be with students and how beautiful physics could be' (Mott, 25), a realization which had a profound effect on the way that he was to run his own laboratories and the collaboration he promoted between experimentalists and theoreticians. While in Copenhagen he continued to investigate the implications of quantum mechanics for Rutherford's scattering law, applying Dirac's new theory of electron spin to the scattering of electrons by nuclei and deducing that their spins would be polarized in the process. Stimulated by J. R. Oppenheimer's experiments on electron scattering, Mott looked, on his return to Cambridge, at the effect of symmetry in the collisions of two identical Fermi-Dirac particles, such as electrons or alpha particles, predicting anomalous scattering at 45° which was later verified by Chadwick.

Chadwick took me along to see Rutherford, who said 'if you think of anything else like this, come and tell me.' This certainly made my day. In fact I think it was on this day that I gained complete confidence in my ability to make a career in theoretical physics. (Mott, 30–31)

Mott subsequently spent a term at Göttingen before returning to England to take up a lectureship at Manchester under W. L. Bragg in autumn 1929. His first book, An Outline of Wave Mechanics (1930), was based on the lecture course he gave there, and his interest in the properties of materials dates from this time, no doubt stimulated by contact with Bragg and his crystallography group.

Mott remained in Manchester for only a year, before returning to Cambridge as a fellow of Gonville and Caius College. He had married Ruth Eleanor Horder (1906–2000), daughter of Gerald Morley Horder, architect's quantity surveyor, on 24 March 1930; she was a classics student at Newnham College to whom he had been engaged for two years, and they bought a house in Sedley Taylor Road. Ruth later taught classics part-time, and gave harpsichord concerts. Through their sixty-six years of marriage, Mott gave Ruth credit for being a 'marvellous understanding wife who creates the conditions in which I can operate' (Independent, 12 Aug 1996). Mott was ill at ease with Caius, which he thought over-traditional, but found the Cavendish rather more theory-friendly than previously. At Fowler's suggestion, in collaboration with an experimental physicist, Harrie Massey, he wrote The Theory of Atomic Collisions (1933), the first of thirteen authoritative, coauthored books.

**Bristol** 

In 1933 Mott succeeded Sir John Lennard-Jones as professor of theoretical physics at Bristol University. He was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1936. He went to Bristol determined to build a close collaboration with experimentalists, and found suitable topics in research that Harry Jones, Herbert Skinner, and Clarence Zener were conducting into the structure of metals. Following up Skinner's experiments, they showed in an article published in the Physical Review of 1934 that the soft X-ray spectra from light metallic elements demonstrate the existence of a sharp Fermi surface (a theoretical concept introduced by Jones and Zener in 1934 to describe the limit to the energy that metallic electrons can have when the metal is in its ground state). Mott recorded: 'It was a revelation to me that quantum mechanics could penetrate into the business of the metals industry' (Mott, 48). He pursued this insight and, with Jones, published The Theory of the Properties of Metals and Alloys in 1936.

Influenced by the work of R. Pohl on colour centres in crystals, Mott next turned his attention to semiconductors, showing, in an article published in the Proceedings of the Royal Society of London in 1939, that the process involved in rectifying junctions between semiconductors and metals was one of thermal excitation, rather than tunnelling, as had previously been believed. In another article, written with R. W. Gurney and published in the Proceedings of the Royal Society of London the previous year, he had elucidated the theory of the photographic latent image—how light, absorbed all over a grain of silver bromide in a photographic plate, produces a speck of silver somewhere on the surface—which remains the foundation of photographic theory today. Together with Gurney he published Electronic Processes in Ionic Crystals in 1940. Mott and his group opened up the subject of solid-state physics (as it became called) worldwide; the books are notable for their reliance on physical principles and intuitive approximations, and their avoidance of sophisticated mathematics, which horrified some of Mott's continental colleagues; but 'slowly, slowly ... the success of their approach became so evident that no-one questioned seriously their value' (R. Smoluchowski, 101).

In Bristol the Motts lived initially in a flat at 4 Caledonia Place, Clifton; they moved in 1939 to 6 Princes Buildings, where they had superb views over the Avon Gorge and the docks. They had two daughters, Elizabeth (Libby) and Alice, born in 1941 and 1943 respectively. Through childhood Libby developed a severe mental handicap and reluctantly they decided in the 1950s that she needed residential care. Alice later married the mathematician Michael Crampin.

During the Second World War, Mott worked first on the propagation of radio waves, and later, from 1943, as superintendent of theory at the armaments research department, where he contributed to the theory of the explosive fragmentation of shell and bomb cases. At the end of the war he was offered professorships at both Oxford and Cambridge. However, he was reluctant to leave Bristol, where he had outstanding support from the university, was assured that he would succeed Arthur Tyndall as head of department, and had just been offered a beautiful Georgian residence, Stuart House, on Royal Fort, right next to the laboratory.

The war stimulated Mott's desire to strengthen physicists' links with industry, and to this end the post-war group he recruited to Bristol had strong interests in the mechanical properties of metals: Charles Frank, Frank Nabarro, J. Mitchell, and Jaques Friedel (who married Ruth Mott's sister, Mary Horder) became world leaders in investigations of dislocations, work-hardening, and fatigue. Mott's own contribution, though impressive, was not as outstanding as his earlier (and later) work on solid-state physics, for he was becoming increasingly involved in university administration. He was also concerned to revive the fortunes of British scientific publishing: '[Since the war] English had become the language of science and the American journals ... had cashed in on it. I felt that we should have our share' (Mott, 76). His increasing involvement with the Philosophical Magazine dated from this time, as did an interest in science policy. In 1946 he became the first president of the Atomic Scientists' Association, which aimed to investigate proposals for the control of nuclear energy and to put the true facts before the public; he became one of the few British scientists to argue against the UK developing its own atomic bomb, and later, in 1962, he hosted a 'Pugwash' conference on arms control.

Cambridge

In 1954 W. L. Bragg resigned the Cavendish professorship at Cambridge, and Mott was elected to succeed him and moved his family to 31 Sedley Taylor Road, Cambridge. In contrast to Bristol he found that 'The Cavendish ... was a going concern with little opportunity to start new things; on the research side it took me some time to find a role' (Mott, 102). Among these going concerns was the nuclear research programme, a relic of Rutherford's tenure at the laboratory; one of Mott's first, difficult, decisions was to cancel ambitious plans for a linear accelerator which, he believed, would still not be adequate to rival the American lead in nuclear physics. He continued Bragg's policy of diversification at the Cavendish, and favoured a very open administration, regularly consulting the heads of research groups. He strongly encouraged the molecular biology group, recently successful in their search for the double-helix structure of DNA, in their search for an identity and site independent of the Cavendish, for he foresaw that they would grow out of all proportion to the rest of the laboratory. Into the space thus created he transferred Bowden's group on surface science from the physical chemistry department, providing a nucleus of solid-state physics in the Cavendish. He was able to promote these moves by his membership of the general board, a committee of twelve that made most of the decisions in Cambridge. Despite this position he constantly felt frustrated by the lack of any central policy-making body for the university.

While still seeking a research role Mott threw himself into education policy, at Cambridge and in schools. He argued strenuously for fundamental changes to the Cambridge natural sciences tripos, and also to the scholarship exam which, he thought, encouraged overspecialization in schools. He became chairman of the education committee of the Institute of Physics, and of the Nuffield advisory committee on physical science which was seeking to modernize science teaching in schools; he sat on the government committee on education between the ages of sixteen and eighteen and the Ministry of Education's standing committee on the supply of teachers; and from 1965 to 1975 he served on the education committee of the Royal Society. In 1962 he received a knighthood.

In 1959 Mott was elected master of his college, Gonville and Caius, on the resignation of James Chadwick. The college at the time was very divided between conservative and progressive parties, and Mott was seen as a unifying candidate. He succeeded in his new role, which he enjoyed for several years. Caius gave him an excellent venue for the meetings and conferences he was so fond of organizing, bringing scientists or policy-makers together to stimulate and progress their views. However, the old divisions surfaced again and Mott in turn resigned in 1966.

Semiconductors

The origins of Mott's work on amorphous, or glassy, semiconductors, for which he (together with P. W. Anderson and J. H. Van Vleck) received the Nobel prize in 1977, go back to the 1930s, but Mott took the subject up strongly on resigning from the mastership. In a paper published in the Proceedings of the Physical Society of London in 1949 he had shown theoretically that certain non-metallic materials would become metals under extreme pressure as the electrons got closer together, and that this 'Mott transition' would be a sharp, rather than gradual one. The required pressure was too high for an experimental test to be practicable, but in 1958 Fritzsche showed experimentally that a comparable effect was seen in the semiconductor germanium as the concentration of impurities (and hence of electrons) increased. In the same year P. W. Anderson suggested that a similar, sharp, metal-insulator transition would occur if solids became disordered (that is, non-crystalline or amorphous), as the randomness localized the electrons, preventing them from moving freely.

These results introduced Mott to the problems of disordered solids, and he introduced new concepts: the 'mobility edge', which separated the localized and unlocalized states in Anderson's theory, the '8-N rule'; and 'minimum metallic conductivity', to describe their behaviour. He gave a comprehensive account of what was by then a vast literature on this subject in Metal-Insulator Transitions (1974). In an article published in the Philosophical Magazine in 1969 he considered electrical conduction on the insulating side of the transition, formulating the Mott T-¼ law, which strikingly displays his intuitive genius and describes the 'variable range hopping' of electrons between localized states over a distance that is temperature dependent. Mott's collaborator, E. A. Davis, recalled: At the time, few groups showed any interest in them. Although the Xerox Corporation in America achieved great success with their first 'dry' photocopying machine, which used amorphous selenium as the photoreceptor, the physics behind the process was not understood. In the Soviet Union, Kolomiets had been working on the properties of glasses; in Germany, Stuke had a small group; and, in the United Kingdom, Spear was studying transport in thin films of germanium and silicon. What Mott did was to bring together these disparate activities using his by now well-tested methods. Pouncing eagerly on new results, he formulated his ideas and communicated them to interested parties. He organized mini-conferences (in the way he had done at Bristol), visited laboratories for personal discussions, suggested PhD topics, and wrote draft papers for wide circulation and comment. Thereby he rapidly became the father figure of a growing community. (Davis, xxii–xxiii)

Mott's understanding that amorphous materials could act as semiconductors ushered in the age of the truly cheap electronic device, for they were much easier to prepare than the crystalline materials used in most previous electronic systems, as they did not need to be anything like as pure. 'These discoveries quite simply ended the notion of the computer as the preserve of aerospace and defence agencies, big industries and scientific research institutes, and added it to the list of household utensils' (The Times, 12 Aug 1996).

Mott retired from the Cavendish professorship in 1971, but remained active within the department. Although eighty-one when high-temperature superconductors were discovered in 1986, he plunged into a new area of research, co-authoring two books on the subject with A. S. Alexandrov—High-Temperature Superconductors and other Superfluids (1994) and Polarons and Bipolarons (1995)—in which they outlined the idea of 'bipolarons', a virtual particle consisting of two electrons and the associated lattice polarization, as the superconducting mechanism. This remained one of a number of competing theories, unresolved at the time of Mott's death in 1996.

Mott had been brought up as an atheist, but Ruth was an Anglican and Mott was attracted by that tradition as evinced in the beauty of church architecture and of traditional services. However, it was not until the 1950s that he began to think deeply about the relationship between science and Christian faith, impelled largely by Mervyn Stockwood, then vicar of Great St Mary's, the Cambridge University church, who persuaded him to talk on 'Science and belief' in 1957. He began to attend his parish church, occasionally preached, and was eventually baptized and confirmed in the mid-1980s, being admitted to the church on a simple statement of his own rather unorthodox beliefs. Mott rejected a substantial fraction of the creed and refused to believe in an omnipotent God who could perform miracles. He did believe, however, that human consciousness could not be explained or understood through the laws of physics and chemistry, but was a God-given gift that allowed man to understand natural beauty. He outlined his beliefs in 1991 when he edited Can Scientists Believe?:

To give meaning to consciousness, a belief in God who is outside us is necessary to me. Without Him life can seem a tale told by an idiot. I believe in God because I wish to do so, to give meaning to human life. (Davis, 323)

In 1980 the Motts left Cambridge to live at Aspley Guise in Bedfordshire, near their daughter Alice and their grandchildren. From there Mott still visited Cambridge for several days a week. Eventually Ruth became too frail to live alone and went to live in a residential home in Cambridge, where Mott would visit her, staying overnight with his sister Joan.

A tall man, Mott was often described as stork-like. He had a wide variety of interests, possessed great charm and friendliness, and loved entertaining. He received many honours, including the Copley, royal, and Hughes medals of the Royal Society, the French Chevalier de l'ordre national du mérite, and numerous honorary degrees. He was made a Companion of Honour in 1995. He died of heart failure in Milton Keynes General Hospital on 8 August 1996, and was survived by his wife, Ruth, and both his daughters.

#### Isobel Falconer

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CH MA DSC FInstP FRS.
- He was awarded with the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1977.
- He was educated at Clifton College 1918 To 1923.

- He worked as a Theoretical Physicist.
- He was educated at St John's College, Cambridge in 1924-1926.

Nevill married **Ruth Eleanor Horder**, 14,84 daughter of **Gerald Morley Horder** and **Emma Ruth Plaistowe**, on 24 Mar 1930. Ruth was born on 31 Dec 1906 in Brentford, Middlesex and died in Apr 2000 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 93. They had two children: **Mary Anne Elizabeth** and **Alice Frances**.

- 10-Mary Anne Elizabeth Mott
- **10-Alice Frances Mott**

Alice married Prof. Michael Crampin. They had three children: Emma Frances, Edmund John, and Cecily Mary.

- 11-Emma Frances Crampin
- 11-Edmund John Crampin
- 11-Cecily Mary Crampin

9-Margaret Joan Mott<sup>84</sup> was born on 20 Aug 1907 in Giggleswick, Yorkshire and died on 10 Jul 2001 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 93.

General Notes: Joan lived through her passions. A rich inner life was sustained by her deep love of nature, especially the Lake District, music, poetry, and Shakespeare...and cats! When she won a mathematics scholarship to Newnham and switched to Economics, the 'Dismal Science', finding a piano in the Old Lab in the Newnham garden meant that she could play Bach and Beethoven sonatas to lift her spirits. In the role of Prospero in her last year at school, it was said that 'very few girls could have sustained the part as she did'. Joan played many parts in her long life, which encompassed work in housing, on committees when young such as the Wirral Society and the Merseyside YHA, and later in life as Liberal Councillor Fitch on Cambridge City and County Councils, and on the committees of the Cambridge HousingCommittee, the Cambridgeshire Cottage Improvement Society, Storey's Charity and Cambridge Central Aid. For her voluntary work on Housing Associations Joan was awarded the OBE. Although Joan doubted she had the necessary faith to become a member of the Society of Friends, she joined Jesus Lane Meeting in 1967 and was happy there. Later she was a founder member of Hartington Grove Meeting. Although Joan says in her Autobiography that she 'was never a career girl', her life-long interest in housing began when in 1928 aged 21 she trained in the methods of Octavia Hill in South London. She lived in the Mary Ward Settlement and from there she could walk to the Queens Hall where the Proms were held and Sir Henry Wood was still the conductor. Soon she took the opportunity to return to Chester, where she had lived as a girl, and was to see life in the slums. There was no National Health, nor any of the benefits we know today and she was acutely conscious of the bad teeth of the young mothers who looked old before their time. Joan Mott first met Arthur Fitch when she was 15 and he was a 35 year old GP in Liverpool. Sixteen years later they married. Their honeymoon was in Patterdale and they climbed Helvellyn. They shared a love of music, literature and art but Joan writes that she could not follow him in his deep knowledge of religion and philosophy. It was a great sadness to Joan that they were childless, especially when Arthur's son, from his first marriage, had a family of six, though Louis was tragically drowned when his youngest child was a baby. Her step-daughter, Olive, Louis's sister, became one of Joan's dearest friends. Joan's home life was centred in the school, now known as Breckenbrough, which Arthur had founded and ran on Quaker principles. During the war as school staff were called up, they were replaced with conscientious objectors. This would have been familiar to Joan whose mother, from a long line of Quakers, had been a non-militant suffragist. Arthur was given leave to reclaim an ancient meeting house in Newton-in-Bowland where the school spent a quiet hour every Sunday in Meeting for Worship. Joan taught folk dancing at the school and to a group in Leeds and also founded a Women's Institute in the village. The school became the Arthur Fitch Educational Trust and he a salaried employee at £1000 a year. He had put all his money into the school but was no longer 'monarch of all he surveyed'. It ended unhappily when Arthur's frustration with the Trustees brought him to resignation. Joan writes that he thought Yorkshire Quarterly Meeting treated him very unquakerly and he never attended Meeting again. With sadness they left Yorkshire and moved to Bath to be near Joan's parents and her brother Nevill. They lived by taking lodgers. Soon Joan's mother was to die and then Arthur became ill with lung cancer. They spent his last months in Ambleside where his widowed daughter-in-law could help look after him and Joan would walk alone on the fells. Two sources of happiness for Joan in that sad time in Bath were canoeing othe canal, where Joan writes that one day she was privileged to save a drowning cat. The other joy was the recorder quintet. Playing Dowland's 'Lachrymae' and 'Semper Dowland Semper Dolens' stayed with her. Joan and her father moved to Cambridge, to Sedley Taylor Road, where her brother Nevill, who was Cavendish Professor of Physics, lived with his wife and daughters. Their parents had met at the Cavendish Laboratory. Joan and Nevill had been keen mountaineers together as teenagers. Before that when she was eight and he ten, she had wandered about the house 'like a bereaved cat' when he had been sent away to boarding school. Joan's second visit to see the Queen was with Nevill when he was made a Companion of Honour. She writes about 'an even more impressive episode, when she wen to Stockholm for Nevill to receive the Nobel Prize for Physics, and adds, 'It was agreeable to be treated as a VIP for a while, even though it was basking in his reflected glory'. Joan was back in Cambridge after twenty-eight years and her generous voluntary contribution to many housing associations began, as well as her work as a councillor. Although Joan appeared self-effacing, her accomplishments and good works were many, varied and formidable. She would talk fearlessly and openly about any topic. As she writes in her Autobiography of her offer of an OBE, "A really good Quaker would perhaps have said 'No, thank-you' but it was much too much fun for me to refuse". It was after the death of her father and aunt, when her Sunday mornings were now free, that Joan found her way to Meeting at Jesus Lane. She had been an attender for many years but was agreeably surprised when visited by two weighty Friends to discuss membership that the word 'God' had not been mentioned. Later Joan was one of the founder members of Hartington Grove Meeting, and with her independent spirit drove herself to meeting until she died aged 93 in 2001. She was also a founder member of the poetry group where her sense of humour and ability to quote from memory, especially Wordsworth, was much valued. For her memorial Meeting at Hartington Grove the room was packed withpeople who seemed to represent all the voluntary agencies of Cambridge, mostly women. Many of them spoke movingly of Joan's contribution to the work. Hers was a life that spoke in deeds. We give thanks for the life of Joan Fitch. A sonnet: on being asked

'What do Quakers believe? 'Oh yes it's true that Quakers have no creed No form of words to offer day by day. 'Let your life speak' is what they like to say, And speak it must, tho' not in word but deed. But there's another saying which they heed: Their Founder bade them walk beneath the sun, 'Answering that of God in everyone', And that's a faith on which the soul may feed. *In everyone the Holy Spirit dwells!* This is faith, the truth of which impels Them to the Quaker testament of Peace, And they can neither hate, nor kill, nor fight, But try to live forever in the light By grace of which all war and strife must cease. Signed in and on behalf of Cambridgeshire Area Meetingheld on 13 October, 2007 Jan Arriens, Clerk Yearly Meeting 2008 Testimonies

#### Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with OBE.
- She was educated at Newnham College, Oxford.
- She worked as a Councillor for Cambridge.
- She worked as a Councillore for Cambridge County Council.
- She was a Quaker.

Margaret married **Dr. Arthur Fitch**<sup>84</sup> in 1938. Arthur was born on 5 Oct 1887 in Braintree, Essex and died in 1978 in Uttlesford, Essex at age 91. They had no children.

General Notes: In 1934 Dr. Arthur Fitch, a Psychiatrist with great enthusiasm and few funds procured Dunnow Hall at Newton-in-Bowland, a stonebuilt Victorian mansion, to provide a 'controlled environment and regular life' for maladjusted children. For sometime previously he had felt that the only way to treat some disturbed children was to take them away from the environment that had caused their problems and to educate them in an atmosphere of peace and tranquility. He persuaded the Squire of Slaidburn to allow him tenancy of the older wing of Dunnow Hall for his own residence and to make the rest of the house habitable for the staff and children. In September 1934, after great problems, firstly in finding suitable children and then with accepting educationally subnormal children the school was opened. Dr. Fitch was gradually able to increase the number of suitable clients when the School Medical Services came to his aid.

Arthur Fitch gathered round him teachers and relations with varying qualifications and expertise, but mostly with drive and vision and a dedication which led them to take part in whatever was

needed to keep the establishment running effectively. Not only were potential teachers asked about their qualifications, but whether they could milk a cow or service a boiler! His own daughter Olive acted as an assistant matron for a time and his mother, the beloved Grannie of the family, was an indefatigable darner of everyone's socks. Several young teachers, trained at Charlotte Mason College at Ambleside, joined the staff, one of whom married Louis, Arthur Fitch's son, in 1938. Daughter-in-law Joan remembers that farming interests and involvements for the children were quite as important as the academic schooling. She also recalls a great mix of children at the time, some normal, some maladjusted and some with mental handicap, with ages ranging from 5 to 19, and that the children themselves adjusted to each other in a family way, making allowances for the less able in whichever way became apparent.

Also in 1938 Arthur Fitch remarried and his wife Joan was able to make much needed contacts with village people, and as the war clouds gathered, helped to dispel some of the rumours of the 'queer folk up at the Hall'. During rumours of war and the war itself, many refugees came for sanctuary to Dunnow. Some were pupils, to help them adjust in a strange country without their parents, and some were staff to assist with domestic or agricultural duties. As the refugee adults were whisked away to internment, so they were replaced by Conscientious Objectors directed into teaching and agriculture.

Arthur Fitch had long held to the Quaker Peace Testimony and now he joined the Religious Society of Friends. As a consequence of this he was now keen to provide a Quaker Meeting for his household. In Newton-on-Bowland was a small ancient Meeting House not used for many years, and leave was granted for the school to use this building. Thither the congregation made their way each Sunday morning for a Meeting for Worship often with a Sunday School flavour. Members of staff took it in turn to recall Quaker historical figures and events, and other religious landmarks in the Christian calendar. As much of the Meeting was held in silence as is the tradition of Friends, the staff were amazed at the ability of the children to sit quietly during this time, given the restless nature of many of them. The situation of the Meeting House with its views across a patchwork of fields, fells and moor was contributory to this vision of peace in a war-torn world. Sidney Hill, with his wife Kate, went to Dunnow Hall in 1942, staying until 1947, and remembers 'being met by our employer at Clitheroe Station and being driven over Waddington Fell to see the splendid valley through which the River Hodder runs'. They recall being members of an interesting group of staff who included amongst them people who later became a Cambridge graduate, a

Clinical Psychologist, a Chartered Civil Engineer, and a Headmaster of a Local Authority School, whilst Sidney Hill himslef moved on to Special School education in Scotland and eventually to the

Scottish Inspectorate of Schools. Arthur Fitch laid down general guidelines but on the whole left the implementation of policy to other members of staff. He ran study seminars on Psychology and Psychopathology of Children, which were both enlightening and stimulating. It was a time of transformation and development in the treatment and education of the maladjusted child in the average and above average intelligence range. Kate Hill recalls that their salary was £70 per annum, plus board and lodging, but hours of work and conditions of service were not of importance and it was a happy time. Other memories include impromptu free days out, walking on the fells with a picnic, a successful if noisy percussion band, a large workshop and an enthusiastic choir.

The beginning of the war caused problems by a large increase in numbers of children, some of the noral I.Q. categories as evacuees from the cities, although at the same time the staff decreased in number. The school survived when it was reorganised under an Educational Trust in 1945, in accordance with the provisions of the Education Act. The Society of Friends in Yorkshire was represented on the Board together with the Local Education Authority Representatives and Dr. Fitch became the Director, a role not easy for him to accept.

In June 1948 the school was moved to Ledston Hall near Castleford in West Yorkshire, an ancient Elizabethan mansion with a long history, and this was required to house 60 children with ten teaching staff. At Ledston it was deemed necessary to smarten the children up and so from casual, comfortable boiler suits the boys were put into grey flannel suits with the girls in grey pinafore dresses. Their blazers sported the badge of the Arthur Fitch Educational Trust and the school became more formal. Meeting for Worship was now held in the Great Hall of the house where 45 or so of the children plus the staff could be comfortably seated.

Although Arthur Fitch was a Psychiatrist he did not practise intensive Psychotherapy with the children. In the words of his wife 'treatment was an apparently casual affair given as they needed it without their knowledge'. As an administrator and organiser Dr. Fitch must have had considerable ability, although he did not suffer fools gladly. Looking beyond his time and its limitations he saw the needs of maladjusted children as:

- 1. more such schools,
- 2. more teachers,
- 3. psychologists trained in remedial techniques,
- 4. more facilities and
- 5. a clear distinction between the needs of the maladjusted and the subnormal.

Dr. Fitch dealt with children of both sexes, but talks were held about a single sex school for boys as being a more viable proposition, which led to some dissention at the time. When Arthur Fitch retired in 1952 a schoolmaster was appointed as Head of the school.

http://www.users.globalnet.co.uk/~breck/breckenbrough/shchapter1.html

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Psychiatrist and Educationalist.
- He worked as a Founder of (the later) Breckenbrough School in 1934 in Dunnow Hall, Newton in Bowland, Clitheroe, Lancashire.
- He was a Quaker.

7-Juliana Revnolds<sup>76</sup> was born in 1844 in Upton, Essex and died in 1924 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80.

6-Agatha Revnolds<sup>1,64,76</sup> was born on 7 Nov 1801 in Carshalton, Surrey and died on 27 Jul 1840 at age 38.

Agatha married **Rev. Jonathan Chapman**, of Abel Chapman, and Rebecca Bell, 39,43,64,85 on 31 Oct 1819 in Carshalton, Surrey. Jonathan was born on 13 Apr 1795 in Tottenham, London and died on 4 Feb 1882 at age 86. They had 12 children: **Agatha Elizabeth, Catherine Rachel, Mary, Anna Rebecca, Emma, Robert Barclay, William Henry, Charles Edward, Jane, Abel Henry, Louisa Frances**, and Ellen.

7-Agatha Elizabeth Chapman<sup>43,56,64</sup> was born in 1823.

Agatha married **Francis Lawrence Bland**, 43,56 son of **Michael Bland** 33,43,56,86 and **Sophia Maltby**, 43,86 on 27 Jul 1842 in West Ham, London. Francis was born on 24 May 1814 in London 4 Jan 1869 at age 54. They had two children: **Francis Maltby** and **Edward Michael**.

- 8-Francis Maltby Bland<sup>55,58</sup> was born in 1845 in Southwark, London and died on 29 Nov 1940 in Inglethorpe Manor, Kings Lynn, Norfolk at age 95.
  - 9-Francis Lawrence Bland was born on 7 Sep 1873 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.
    - 10-John Edward M. Bland<sup>55</sup> was born on 25 Oct 1899 in Wisbech, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire and died about Mar 1976 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 76.
    - 10-Evelyn Bland
    - 10-Thomas Bland
  - 9-Hugh Michael Bland<sup>55</sup> was born on 8 Oct 1874 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died about Sep 1956 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 81.

- 9-Esther Rosamund Bland<sup>55</sup> was born in Jun 1876 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died about Jun 1951 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 75.
- 9-Edith Richenda Bland<sup>55</sup> was born on 15 Feb 1878 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died about Dec 1945 in Ipswich, Suffolk about age 67.
- 9-Sir George Nevile Maltby Bland<sup>55</sup> was born on 6 Dec 1886 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, died on 19 Aug 1972 at age 85, and was buried in Seaford, East Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCMG KCVO.
- He worked as an Ambassador to the Netherlands in 1942-1948.
  - 10-Lt. David John Nevile Bland was born in 1921 and died on 24 Apr 1943 in Tunisia. Killed in action. at age 22.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Scots Guards.
- 10-Corrina Catherine Rowena Bland was born on 26 Apr 1922, died about Jun 1925 about age 3, and was buried in Seaford, East Sussex.
- 10-Lt. Col. Sir Simon Claud Michael Bland
  - 11-Catherine Mary Bland
  - 11-Rachel Corinna Bland
  - 11-David Nevile William Bland
  - 11-Henrietta Portia Bland
- **8-Edward Michael Bland**

Edward married someone. He had two children: Marie and (No Given Name).

- 9-Marie Bland
- 9-Bland
- 7-Catherine Rachel Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born in 1824 and died in Sep 1867 at age 43. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 7-Mary Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born about 1825.
- 7-Anna Rebecca Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born about 1826 and died on 25 Dec 1907 about age 81.

Anna married Edmund Pelly, 64 son of Sir John Henry Pelly 1st Bt. and Emma Boulton, on 5 Mar 1846. Edmund was born on 18 Jul 1816 and died on 19 May 1856 at age 39.

7-Emma Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 9 Nov 1827 in Wanstead, Essex and died on 6 Oct 1917 in Worthing, Sussex at age 89.

Emma married Col. Alexander Tod<sup>64</sup> in 1862. Alexander was born on 3 Jan 1813 and died on 17 Mar 1866 at age 53. They had two children: Alexander George William and John Kelso.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Madras Army Staff Corps.
  - 8-Maj. Alexander George William Tod was born on 7 Mar 1863 in Akola, (Berar) Maharashtra, India and died in 1920 in Farnham, Surrey at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Argyll & Sutherland Highlanders.

Alexander married **Ethel Anna Chapman**,<sup>64</sup> daughter of **Capt. Abel Henry Chapman**<sup>64</sup> and **Mary Fraser**, in 1894 in Gateshead, County Durham. Ethel was born in 1871 in Canterbury, Kent and died in 1958 in Farnham, Surrey at age 87. They had two children: **Alexander Norman** and **Colin Fraser**.

9-Alexander Norman Tod was born on 8 Mar 1895.

Alexander married **Margaret A. Chrystie** in 1926 in Farnham, Surrey. Margaret was born in 1898 and died in 1949 in Wokingham, Berkshire at age 51. They had two children: **Alexander** and **Anne R**.

10-Alexander Tod

10-Anne R. Tod

9-Colin Fraser Tod was born on 13 Jun 1898 in Mallow, County Cork, Ireland and died in 1973 in Surrey at age 75.

Colin married **Elizabeth Dora Carew**, daughter of **Charles Robert Sydenham Carew** and **Muriel Mary Heathcoat-Amory**, on 16 May 1959 in Tiverton, Devon. Elizabeth was born on 16 Aug 1897 in Tiverton, Devon and died in 1980 in Bullingdon, Oxfordshire at age 83.

8-John Kelso Tod was born on 3 Jul 1864 in Kamptee, Nagpur, India and died on 24 Jul 1864 in Kamptee, Nagpur, India.

7-**Robert Barclay Chapman**<sup>64,87</sup> was born on 28 Nov 1829 and died in 1909 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a CSI Financial Secretary to the Government of India in India.

Robert married Louisa Lowis, daughter of John Lowis. They had seven children: Lowis Barclay, Eric, Elliot Ross, Edmund Pelly, Robert Barclay, Agatha Louisa, and Mary.

- 8-Lowis Barclay Chapman<sup>64,87</sup> was born on 1 Jan 1856 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and was christened on 22 Jun 1856 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.
- 8-Eric Chapman<sup>64,87</sup> was born on 22 Oct 1864 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and was christened on 11 Dec 1864 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India.

Eric married Lucy Isabella Davidson, daughter of Col. G. M. Davidson.

- 8-Elliot Ross Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1857 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, was christened on 2 Aug 1857 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, and died in Mar 1858.
- 8-Edmund Pelly Chapman<sup>64,72</sup> was born on 16 Aug 1867 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, was christened on 15 Mar 1868 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India, and died on 31 Jan 1923 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
- He worked as a Member of the Indian Civil Service.

Edmund married **Mary Tupper Cameron**<sup>72</sup> on 13 Oct 1903 in St. Jude's Church, South Kensington, London. Mary was born on 1 Mar 1875 in Emmadale, Manitoba, Canada and died on 29 Jan 1957 in Vernon, British Columbia, Canada at age 81. They had one daughter: **Agatha Louisa**.

9-**Agatha Louisa Chapman**<sup>88</sup> was born on 6 May 1907 in Bexleyheath, London and died on 17 Oct 1963 in Bishop Street, Montreal, Canada at age 56. The cause of her death was Suicide. Threw herself down a stairwell in her apartment block.

General Notes: Agatha Chapman (1907-1963)

Short Biography by Judith Alexander

Recently, a friend suggested to me that Agatha Chapman is one of the more interesting Canadian economists of the forties. He was right, but unfortunately there is very little work attributed to her. Agatha Chapman was born in 1907 in England to a Canadian mother and a father who spent many years as a Judge of the High Court of India. She came from a patrician background. Her great-grandfather was Sir Charles Tupper and one of her great-uncles a lieutenant governor of Manitoba. After the death of her father, her family moved to Vernon, B.C. in 1918. She attended

Cheltenham Ladies College and the University of Toronto, where she received a masters degree in economics in 1931. She joined the federal government in 1940, first at the Bank of Canada and then at Dominion Bureau of Statistics. A newspaper photograph from that time shows an elegant woman in her thirties, slim and spectacled.

In the early forties Canada was overhauling its national income accounts, following reforms made in Great Britain under Meade and Stone. Agatha Chapman worked on these under the supervision of Claude Isbister. She travelled with Isbister to the League of Nations' Subcommittee on National Income Statistics meeting at Princeton in 1945. There she met Richard Stone who, amongst his other duties, was recruiting for the newly established Department of Applied Economics at Cambridge. She receives an acknowledgement in the publication that came out of that conference. In 1947, on the strength of that encounter with Professor Stone, she moved to Cambridge, England, where she remained until 1949. During her tenure there, she produced a study on national income in Great Britain. This was favourably reviewed in the AER, although it received no mention in the CJE. Professor Stone's widow, in a letter, said that Agatha Chapman had been well thought of at Cambridge and had been one of her husband's most successful choices for the new department.

She returned to Montreal in the early fifties, married a refugee from the McCarthy investigations in the United States, Richard Edsall, and joined a consulting firm specialising in labour economics. She died in the sixties in a fall from her apartment window, an apparent suicide. She was still on the sunny side of sixty.

That brief synopsis omits what was probably the defining event of her life. In 1946 Mackenzie King set up a Royal Commission (the Kellock-Taschereau Commission) to investigate Igor Gouzenko's allegations about widespread spy rings in Canada. She was implicated. As for others, this altered irrevocably the course of her days and arguably contributed to her early death. Many of those named by the Commission suffered untimely deaths, not necessarily suicides, but from causes such as alcoholism and illness.

Miss Chapman had, for many years, belonged to left wing organizations and had held study groups at her home. Professor Rosenbluth wrote that she was "probably a communist sympathiser...a not unreasonable position for a progressive person" at that time. Many of those involved in the affair had, at one time or another, crossed her threshold at 282 Somerset Street, in Ottawa, (the house still stands and is now the Embassy of Madagascar). Agatha Chapman was not named in Gouzenko's documents. The immediate link was made by another woman, ultimately convicted of espionage, who belonged to Miss Chapman's study group and who claimed that she received information about her contacts directly from Miss Chapman.

Miss Chapman was first interviewed by the Commission, then tried for espionage and acquitted. she had been suspended from her job at the Dominion Bureau of Statistics as soon as the affair became public and after the acquittal she announced in a press release that she did not feel comfortable going back to work. She may well have been pressured to resign. Several months later, in April 1947, she left for England.

There are many unanswered questions about her life. There are two compelling reasons for her obscurity. The first is the general lack of information about government employees of that era, much of whose work was not attributed. The second was the disinclination of people to talk about the Gouzenko affair, and also the secrecy surrounding the case. Many of the documents in the case, and the transcript itself, were not made public until the 1980s. This point was made by John Sawatsky who tried to interview the survivors thirty years after the event and found that most were not willing to speak and that those who did were still visibly upset by its memories.

One wonders just how far she might have gone in the civil service if she had not been connected to the Gouzenko case. At no time was she ever accused of spying, it washer association with others involved in spying that was incriminating. If her study groups provided a place where people could meet, then she may have been an unwitting dupe, although that theory is inconsistent with her apparent character and intelligence. Her career seemed to hold so much promise and in her photographs she appears serene and blessed. One cannot escape the feeling that her life was blighted. Agatha Chapman is still remembered amongst the older economists I know but neither the Bank of Canada nor Statistics Canada retain a corporate memory of her. Soon, all those who knew her will have died and her story will be lost.

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Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Cheltenham Ladies College.
- She was educated at University of Toronto.
- She worked as an Economist with the Bank of Canada.
- She worked as an Economist with the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Agatha married **Richard Edsall**.

8-Robert Barclay Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 18 Apr 1872.

- 8-Agatha Louisa Chapman
- 8-Mary Chapman
- 7-William Henry Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born in Sep 1831 and died in Oct 1831.
- 7-Charles Edward Chapman was born on 5 Dec 1832 in Wanstead, Essex and was christened on 9 Dec 1832 in Wanstead, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Accountant-General, Allahabad in Allahabad, Bengal, India.

Charles married Louisa Boswell, <sup>64</sup> daughter of Rev. Robert Bruce Boswell and Susan Ann, in 1864. Louisa was born on 26 Dec 1839 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and was christened on 2 Feb 1840 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India. They had six children: Robert Alexander Boswell, Cyril Herbert, Philip Francis, John Boswell, Susan Agatha, and Katherine Mary.

8-Robert Alexander Boswell Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 28 Mar 1866 and died on 19 Jul 1951 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Kaisar-i-Hind Medal in 1918.
- He worked as a Commissioner on 15 Jul 1910-15 Oct 1910 in Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh, India.
- He worked as a Deputy Commissioner, Indian Civil Service in Yavatmal, Maharashtra, India.

Robert married **Constance Ellen Martha Crawford**, daughter of **Robert D. Crawford** and **Caroline A.**, in 1901 in Axbridge, Somerset. Constance was born in 1873 in Stoke Bishop, Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had four children: **Violet Marion, Henry Charles Alfred, Maurice Boswell**, and **Robert Geoffrey**.

- 9-Violet Marion Chapman was born on 22 Nov 1902, was christened on 1 Jan 1903 in Sagar, Madhya Pradesh, India, and died in Mar 1988 in Northampton, Northamptonshire at age 85. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 9-Henry Charles Alfred Chapman was born on 22 Apr 1905 in Seoni Chhapara, Madhya Pradesh, India, was christened on 24 Jun 1905, died on 29 Jul 1944 in France. Killed in action at age 39, and was buried in Choloy War Cemetery, Meurthe et Moselle, France. Grave 4. I. 18-20.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Air Force Volunteer Reserve.

Henry married Lily Hislop.

9-Maurice Boswell Chapman was born on 25 May 1907 in Seoni Chhapara, Madhya Pradesh, India, was christened on 27 Jul 1907 in Seoni Chhapara, Madhya Pradesh, India, and died in Oct 1988 in Northampton, Northamptonshire at age 81.

General Notes: **CHAPMAN, Maurice Boswell (1927)** Born 25 May 1907, Seonee, Chappala, Central Provinces, India; son of Robert Alexander Boswell Chapman, Indian Civil Service, and Constance Martha Crawford. *Subject(s):* Mechanical Sciences; BA 1930. *Tutor(s):* J M Wordie. *Johnian Relatives:* brother of Robert Geoffrey Chapman (1927). *Educ:* St Peter's Preparatory School, Weston-Super-Mare; Sherborne School; RMA, Woolwich; SMF, Chatham. *Career:* Second Lieutenant, RE 1927. Died October 1988. *Fiona Colbert. Biographical Librarian. St. John's College, Cambridge.* 

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. Peter's Preparatory School in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was educated at Sherborne School.
- He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge.
- He was educated at Royal Military College in Woolwich, Kent.
- 9-Robert Geoffrey Chapman was born on 30 Jun 1909 in 9 Pembridge Gardens, Kensington, London and died in Oct 1990 in Northampton, Northamptonshire at age 81.

General Notes: **CHAPMAN**, **Robert Geoffrey** (1927) Born 30 June 1909, 9 Pembridge Gardens, Kensington, London; son of Robert Alexander Boswell Chapman, Indian Civil Service, and Constance Martha Crawford. *Subject(s)*: Classics/Economics; BA 1930. *Tutor(s)*: M P Charlesworth. *Johnian Relatives*: brother of Maurice Boswell Chapman (1927). *Educ*: St Peter's School, Weston-Super-Mare; Sherborne School.

Fiona Colbert. Biographical Librarian. St. John's College, Cambridge.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at St. Peter's Preparatory School in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He was educated at Sherborne School.
- He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge.
- 8-Cyril Herbert Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 22 Jul 1867 in Bombay, India and was christened on 28 Aug 1867 in Bombay, India.
- 8-Philip Francis Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 11 Feb 1870.
- 8-**John Boswell Chapman** was born on 23 Apr 1872 in Speldhurst, Kent, was christened on 6 Jun 1872 in Speldhurst, Kent, and died on 3 Aug 1911 in Hardraw Scar, Hawes, Yorkshire at age 39. The cause of his death was He died falling from the rocks at Hardrow Scaur.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AICE.
- He worked as a Civil Engineer.

John married Marie Anna Isler. They had one daughter: Vera Dorothea Boswell.

- 9-Vera Dorothea Boswell Chapman was born on 15 Oct 1906 in Kharwar, Bombay, India and was christened on 24 Nov 1906 in Kharwar, Bombay, India.
- 8-Susan Agatha Chapman
- 8-Katherine Mary Chapman
- 7-Jane Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 22 Aug 1833.

Jane married **Henry Cockburn Richardson**<sup>64</sup> on 12 Dec 1855 in Bhagalpur, Bihar, India. Henry was born on 18 Aug 1827 and was christened on 14 Nov 1827 in St. Cuthbert's, Edinburgh. They had ten children: **Roland, Agatha, Helen Louisa, George Dundas, Herbert Lance, Cecil, Hope Mary, Kate, Hugh**, and **Frank Cockburn**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Bengal Civil Service.
  - 8-Roland Richardson was born on 8 Mar 1857 in Mozufferpore, Bengal, India and was christened on 13 Apr 1857.
  - 8-Agatha Richardson was born on 22 Sep 1858 in Bardhaman, (Burdwan), West Bengal, India and was christened on 5 Dec 1858 in Bardhaman, (Burdwan), West Bengal, India.
  - 8-**Helen Louisa Richardson** was born on 24 Feb 1859 in Danapur, Patna, Bihar, India and was christened on 1 Apr 1860 in Danapur, Patna, Bihar, India.
  - 8-George Dundas Richardson was born on 11 Nov 1863 in Saint Boswell's, Roxburghshire, Scotland and died on 1 Jun 1868 at age 4.
  - 8-Herbert Lance Richardson was born on 6 Sep 1865 in Jessore, Bangladesh and was christened on 15 Oct 1865 in Jessore, Bangladesh.
  - 8-Cecil Richardson was born on 4 Jan 1867 in Chittagong, Bangladesh and was christened on 22 Jan 1867 in Chittagong, Bangladesh.
  - 8-Hope Mary Richardson was born on 23 Oct 1868 in Comilla, Bangladesh and was christened on 29 Nov 1868 in Comilla, Bangladesh.

- 8-**Kate Richardson** was born on 15 Oct 1871 in Jessore, Bangladesh and was christened on 26 Aug 1876 in Jessore, Bangladesh.
- 8-Hugh Richardson was born on 6 Jul 1873 in Kishnagur, Bengal, India and was christened on 10 Aug 1873 in Kishnagur, Bengal, India.
- 8-Frank Cockburn Richardson was born on 31 Oct 1874 in Kishnagur, Bengal, India and was christened on 27 Dec 1874 in Kishnagur, Bengal, India.
- 7-Capt. Abel Henry Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 10 May 1836 in Wanstead, Essex and was christened on 7 Jul 1836 in Wanstead, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 19th Hussars.
- He worked as a Chairman-director of Messrs Clark Chapman & Co., engineers in Gateshead, County Durham.

Abel married Mary Fraser, daughter of John Fraser. They had six children: Agatha Mary, Harry Reynolds, Francis Abel, Ethel Anna, Hugh Abel, and Helena Catherine.

- 8-Agatha Mary Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 30 Dec 1866 in Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India and was christened on 13 Feb 1867 in Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India.
- 8-Maj. Harry Reynolds Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 27 Apr 1868 in Benares, Uttar Pradesh, India, died on 27 Jun 1915 in France. Killed in action at age 47, and was buried in Ypres Memorial, Belgium. General Notes: Chapman, H.R., Maj., 1915

On the Ypres Menin Gate Memorial is the name of Major Harry Reynolds Chapman, 10th Battalion (Service), Durham Light Infantry who died 27/06/1915. Harry Reynolds Chapman was the eldest son of (the late) Captain Abel Henry Chapman, formerly 19th Hussars, and chairman-director of Messrs Clark Chapman & Co's Works (Gateshead), and his wife Mary (Colinton, Midlothian), daughter of John Fraser, born at Benares, India on the 27th April 1868. He was educated at Uppingham. On leaving school in 1891, he entered his father's works and became a director in 1893. Harry was married to Ellinore Phyllis (daughter of John Larkin), of Wingfield, Eagle Lane, Snaresbrook, Essex. They had three daughters, Ellinore Mary born 15th February 1899, Dorothy Harriet born 5th August 1900 and Phyllis Agatha born 8th May 1904. Harry was keenly interested in a volunteer corps of Royal Engineers raised in the works, of which he became a Major. On the outbreak of war he offered his services and received a commission in the 10th Battal ion (Service) Durham Light Infantry. He was killled in action in France on the 27th June 1915.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Uppingham.
- He worked as an apprentice engineer to the Wallsend Slipway & Engineering Co. Ltd. On 9 Nov 1887.
- He worked as a Director of Messrs Clark Chapman & Co., engineers in 1893 in Gateshead, County Durham.
- He worked as an officer of the 10th Battalion, Durham Light Infantry.

Harry married Ellinore Phyllis Larkin, daughter of John Larkin. They had three children: Ellinore Mary, Dorothy Harriet, and Phyllis Agatha.

- 9-Ellinore Mary Chapman was born on 15 Feb 1899 in Gateshead, County Durham.
- 9-Dorothy Harriet Chapman was born on 5 Aug 1900 in Gateshead, County Durham.
- 9-Phyllis Agatha Chapman was born on 8 May 1904 in Gateshead, County Durham and was christened on 7 Jun 1904 in Christ Church, Gateshead, County Durham.
- 8-Francis Abel Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born on 12 Oct 1869 in Benares, Uttar Pradesh, India, was christened on 22 Dec 1869 in Benares, Uttar Pradesh, India, and died in Jul 1870 in Canterbury, Kent.
- 8-Ethel Anna Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born in 1871 in Canterbury, Kent and died in 1958 in Farnham, Surrey at age 87.
  - 9-Alexander Norman Tod was born on 8 Mar 1895.
    - 10-Alexander Tod
    - 10-Anne R. Tod

- 9-Colin Fraser Tod was born on 13 Jun 1898 in Mallow, County Cork, Ireland and died in 1973 in Surrey at age 75.
- 8-**Hugh Abel Chapman**<sup>64</sup> was born in Aug 1872 and died in 1874 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 2.
- 8-Helena Catherine Chapman
- 7-Louisa Frances Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born about 1839.

Louisa married H. E. Perkins.

7-Ellen Chapman was born about 1840 and died in 1840.<sup>64</sup>

6-Anna Sophia Reynolds<sup>1,4,76</sup> was born on 21 Apr 1803 in Carshalton, Surrey and died on 16 Nov 1877 at age 74.

Anna married **General John Macinnes**<sup>76</sup> on 6 Sep 1828. John died on 12 Mar 1859. They had two children: **Miles** and **John Reynolds**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an East India Company service.
  - 7-Miles Macinnes<sup>76</sup> was born on 21 Feb 1830 and died on 28 Sep 1909 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a MP & Director of the LNWR railway.
- He had a residence in Rickerby, Carlisle, Cumbria.

Miles married Euphemia Johnston, daughter of Andrew Johnston. They had eight children: Grace, Henry, Neil, John, Campbell, Rennie, Dora, and Mary Eva.

- 8-Grace Macinnes<sup>76</sup> was born on 4 Oct 1860.
- 8-Henry Macinnes<sup>76</sup> was born on 16 Jun 1863.
- 8-Neil Macinnes<sup>76</sup> was born on 11 Jan 1865.
- 8-**John Macinnes**<sup>76</sup> was born on 4 Sep 1866.
- 8-Campbell Macinnes was born on 5 Apr 1868 and died on 4 Mar 1878 at age 9.
- 8-Rt. Rev. Rennie Macinnes<sup>76</sup> was born on 23 Jul 1870 and died on 24 Dec 1931 at age 61.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow & Trinty College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Bishop of Jerusalem. Spent his career in the Middle east.

Rennie married someone. He had one son: **Angus Campbell**.

9-Rt. Rev. Angus Campbell Macinnes was born on 8 Apr 1901 and died on 29 Apr 1977 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Archbishop of Jerusalem.

Angus married **Dr. Florence Isabella Joy Masterman**, daughter of **Dr. Ernest William Gurney Masterman** and **Louisa Maria Nazarine Zeller**, in 1928. Florence was born on 2 Jul 1902 and died on 9 Apr 1982 at age 79. They had two children: **Elizabeth** and **John**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Medical doctor.
  - 10-Elizabeth Macinnes
  - 10-John Macinnes
- 8-**Dora Macinnes**<sup>76</sup> was born on 8 Nov 1872 in Stanwix, Carlisle, Cumbria.
- 8-Mary Eva Macinnes<sup>76</sup> was born on 24 Sep 1875.
- 7-John Reynolds Macinnes<sup>89</sup> died in Nov 1865.

John married **Anna Maria Hoare**, <sup>89</sup> daughter of **John Gurney Hoare** <sup>65,89,90</sup> and **Caroline Barclay**, <sup>89</sup> on 6 Dec 1860. Anna was born on 24 May 1839.

6-Rachel Reynolds<sup>1,76</sup> was born on 22 Nov 1804 in Carshalton, Surrey and died in 1872 at age 68.

Rachel married **John Gurney Fry**, <sup>1,64,76</sup> son of **Joseph Fry**<sup>4,14,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42</sup> and **Elizabeth Gurney**, <sup>4,14,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,42,43,44,45,47,48,91,92</sup> on 4 Aug 1825 in Mitcham, Surrey. John was born in 1804 and died on 11 Jun 1872 at age 68. They had three children: **Elizabeth Gurney**, **Rachel Louisa**, and **Katherine Jane**.

General Notes: Emma Gurney, aft. Pease, at Wanstead, to her sister, Hannah C. Backhouse, at Darlington, "June 20, 1818": "Edward Chapman has just called here with an account that John Fry [1804-] had set fire to a pound of Gunpowder and blown up his face in a terrible manner. His hair was singed and his eyebrows and lashes off, which Astley Cooper says will not grow again. They say that had not the window been open the room would have been blown up where all the children were in bed. Rachel Fry dashed a bason of water into his face which they say was of the greatest use, as it prevented the Gunpowder from shrivelling up the skin. Edward says he is a most curious figure, his face entirely covered, with a slit for his mouth. They are fearful that he is feverish to day." (*The Gurneys of Lakenham Grove. Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*)

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Warley Lodge, Essex.
- He had a residence in Woodford, Essex.
  - 7-Elizabeth Gurney Fry<sup>64</sup> was born in 1826 and died on 24 Jan 1854 in Woodford, Essex at age 28.

Elizabeth married **Abel Chapman**,<sup>64</sup> son of **William Chapman**,<sup>64</sup> and **Jane Chapman**,<sup>64</sup> on 10 Jun 1846. Abel was born on 23 Mar 1817 in North Shields, Northumberland and died in 1885 at age 68. They had four children: **Constance Jane, Elizabeth Rachel, Helena Margaret**, and **Hannah Edith**.

- 8-Constance Jane Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born in 1848.
- 8-Elizabeth Rachel Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born in 1850.
- 8-Helena Margaret Chapman<sup>64</sup> was born in 1852.
- 8-Hannah Edith Chapman<sup>43,55,56,64</sup> was born in 1854.
- 7-Rachel Louisa Fry was born on 24 Mar 1829.
- 7-Katherine Jane Fry was born in 1831 in St. Mildred, Middlesex and died on 1 Nov 1901 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 70.

Katherine married **Capt. Richard Wilson Pelly**, <sup>60,65,93</sup> son of **Sir John Henry Pelly 1st Bt.** and **Emma Boulton**, in Jun 1851 in West Ham, London. Richard was born on 1 Nov 1814 in Upton, Essex and died on 25 May 1890 in West Ham, London at age 75. They had ten children: **John Richard Gurney, Edmund Neville Richard, Emma Marion (Maria), Richard Arnold, Edith Rachel, Alice Maud, Herbert Cecil, Alfred Digby, Henry Bertram, and Frederick Raymond**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Officer of the Royal Navy.
  - 8-John Richard Gurney Pelly<sup>94</sup> was born on 25 Mar 1855 in London and died on 4 Nov 1940 in Epping, Essex at age 85.

John married **Jane Gurney Leatham**, <sup>94</sup> daughter of **Charles Albert Leatham**, <sup>4,29,95</sup> and **Rachel Pease**, <sup>4,14,95,96</sup> on 27 Feb 1878 in Woodford Green. Jane was born on 16 Feb 1857 in Gunnergate Hall, Marton, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 10 Mar 1917 in Exeter, Devon at age 60. They had four children: **Elaine, Vivian Gurney, Kathleen**, and **Eustace Gurney**.

General Notes: **26 Feb 1878, Tues:** To Middlesbro' to try & settle the plan for John Dunning's conveyance - nearly lost my temper over him - pitched into him hard, got nothing done but we were to see Rocliffe and see how far they would be inclined to alter the boundary - attended to other matters at the Estate Office - then on to Darlington - where I went through financial arrangements with Charles R. Fry - then off to Town, travelled with Raylton Dixon to York, then on alone. At King's Cross found Alfred - he & I dined together & then took a trap to Forest House which we reached soon after nine o'clock - dinner had been in a tent where we found John Bright, William Fowler, Robert Fowler, Capt. Pelly, Jack Pelly (the bridegroom) &c &c &c - the evening was soon over and we went to bed.

27 Feb 1878, Wed: Jennie Leatham's wedding day - a few of us breakfasted in the tent - Bridesmaids and Bride had some difficulty in getting theirs in the billiard room. Walked most of the way to Woodford Church with Edward Leatham; the ceremony went off well and prettily - 5 maids in pink & 5 in blue; back to Forest House with Sam Howard; took Mrs Percy Pelly into breakfast - speeches from self, Pelly, William Fowler, John Bright & Richard Pelly. Then off to the House with Edward Leatham where we voted with E.H. Knatchbull-Hugessen (*Lib Sandwich*) on his Colonial Marriages Bill, majority against Government 15; back to Forest House to dinner, & then on to Monkhouse where there were some capital juvenile theatricals, very good & then a little dance; home by 11.40.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt..

- 9-Elaine Pelly was born on 22 Dec 1878 in Chigwell and died on 8 Aug 1956 in Sawbridgeworth, Hertfordshire at age 77.
- 9-Vivian Gurney Pelly was born on 5 Jun 1881 in Chigwell and died on 1 Dec 1949 in Lindfield, West Sussex at age 68.

Vivian married **Dorothy Penrose Sewell**,<sup>97</sup> daughter of **William Henry Sewell** and **Ellen Starbuck**, on 22 Jun 1907 in Epping, Essex. Dorothy was born on 12 Apr 1885 in Epping, Essex and died in 1972 at age 87. They had one son: **Douglas Gurney**.

10-Douglas Gurney Pelly was born on 30 Apr 1910 in North Weald, died on 5 Jan 2001 in Essex at age 90, and was buried on 16 Jan 2001 in St Marys, Widdington, Essex.

Douglas married **Monica Tate**, daughter of **Lt. Col. Arthur Wignall Tate** and **Violet Elaine Few**, on 14 May 1935 in London. Monica was born on 7 Feb 1912 in London and died on 18 Nov 2000 at age 88. They had three children: **John Gurney, Claire Rose**, and **William Henry**.

11-John Gurney Pelly was born on 3 Jun 1938 in Kensington, London and died on 20 Nov 2015 at age 77.

John married Vanda Joan Allfrey, daughter of Col. Hubert Mortimer Allfrey and Joan Bullock-Marsham. They had three children: Sam Gurney, Jamie Rupert, and Guy Wignall.

12-Sam Gurney Pelly

Sam married Susannah Lennox. They had three children: Melocina, Mirella Mary, and Juno Mary.

- 13-Melocina Pelly
- 13-Mirella Mary Pelly
- 13-Juno Mary Pelly
- 12-Jamie Rupert Pelly
- 12-Guy Wignall Pelly

Guy married Elizabeth Alleen Wilson, daughter of Charles Kemmons Wilson II and Norma Carruthers Thompson.

11-Claire Rose Pelly

Claire married Henry George Charles Alexander Herbert 17th Earl Pembroke, son of Sidney Charles Herbert 16th Earl of Pembroke and Lady Mary Dorothea Hope, on 20 Jan 1966. Henry was born on 19 May 1939 and died on 7 Oct 2003 at age 64. They had four children: Sophia Elizabeth, Emma Louise, Flora Katinka, and William Alexander Sidney.

### 12-Lady Sophia Elizabeth Herbert

Sophia married Alexander Patrick Murray-Threipland, son of Stuart Wyndham Murray-Threipland and Belinda Mary Musker. They had one son: Finnian Wyndham.

- 13-Finnian Wyndham Murray-Threipland
- 12-Lady Emma Louise Herbert
- 12-Lady Flora Katinka Herbert
- 12-William Alexander Sidney Herbert 18th Earl Of Pembroke

William married Victoria Bullough, daughter of Michael Bullough. They had two children: Alexandra Eloise Ekaterina and Reginald Henry Michael.

- 13-Lady Alexandra Eloise Ekaterina Herbert
- 13-Reginald Henry Michael Herbert Lord Herbert

Claire next married Stuart Wyndham Murray-Threipland.

### 11-William Henry Pelly

William married **Anne Byrne**, daughter of **Francis Byrne**. They had two children: **Henry Francis** and **Rupert Alexander**.

- 12-Henry Francis Pelly
- 12-Rupert Alexander Pelly

Vivian next married **Hilda Victoria Cole**, daughter of **John Henry Cole**, on 7 Sep 1946 in Haywards Heath, West Sussex. Hilda was born on 15 Nov 1899 in Wotton under Edge, Gloucestershire.

- 9-Kathleen Pelly was born on 8 Dec 1883 and died on 10 Jul 1957 at age 73.
- 9-Eustace Gurney Pelly was born on 3 Jul 1886 in Loughton and died on 13 Feb 1954 in Torquay, Devon at age 67.

Eustace married **Dulcibella Eden**, daughter of **Robert Hildyard Henley Eden** and **Maud Effie Mary Von Guttenburg**, on 1 Dec 1924 in Southampton, Hampshire. Dulcibella was born on 23 May 1891 in Alfreton, Derbyshire.

John next married Claire Emily Buxton, daughter of Edward North Buxton<sup>98,99</sup> and Emily Digby, on 9 Apr 1918. Claire was born on 28 Mar 1873 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 2 Jul 1959 at age 86.

8-**Edmund Neville Richard Pelly**<sup>95</sup> was born on 12 Dec 1858 in The Willows, Plaistow, Essex, died on 1 Oct 1931 in Witham Lodge, Witham, Newlands, Essex at age 72, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Edmund married **Emma Mary Fowler**, 94,95 daughter of **John Fowler**, 14,26,95,100,101,102 and **Elizabeth Lucy Pease**, 4,14,26,68,95,101,102 on 12 Jul 1887 in Harlow, Essex. Emma was born on 4 May 1858 in Tottenham, London, died on 13 Dec 1939 in Witham Lodge, Witham, Newlands, Essex at age 81, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex. They had five children: **John Noel, Edmund Godfrey, Cicely Edith, Hubert Richard**, and **Denis Edward**.

9-Capt. John Noel Pelly RN<sup>95</sup> was born on 15 Jun 1888 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, died on 6 Jun 1945 in HMS King Alfred, Hove. On Active Service. at age 56, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commanding officer, HMS King Alfred in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex.

John married **Rosalind Gatehouse**, daughter of **Richard George Gatehouse** and **Rose Stewart Lindsay Pelly**, on 22 Jan 1924 in Bebington, Cheshire. Rosalind was born on 28 Mar 1892 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 9 Sep 1957 at age 65. They had two children: **Rosemary Oenone** and **John Stewart Gatehouse**.

## 10-Rosemary Oenone Pelly

Rosemary married **Gordon Nelmes**, son of **Ernest Nelmes** and **Mary Black**, on 18 Jul 1956 in Little Braxted, Witham, Essex. Gordon was born on 11 May 1926 in Sculcoates, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire and died in Feb 1992 in Westminster, London at age 65. They had four children: **John Pelly, Godfrey Edward, Rosalind Jane**, and **Edmund Gordon**.

### 11-John Pelly Nelmes

John married Fiona Jane Nalder. They had three children: Flora Mary, Emma Rosemary, and Elizabeth Margaret.

- 12-Flora Mary Nelmes
- 12-Emma Rosemary Nelmes
- 12-Elizabeth Margaret Nelmes

#### 11-Godfrey Edward Nelmes

Godfrey married Judith Oliver, daughter of Norman. They had two children: Oliver Noel Ernest and Luke Godfrey Nicholas.

- 12-Oliver Noel Ernest Nelmes
- 12-Luke Godfrey Nicholas Nelmes

#### 11-Rosalind Jane Nelmes

Rosalind married Charles Richard Maurice Bishop, son of Brig. Richard John Bishop and Jane Margaret Chilton. They had three children: Rosanna Emily Margaret, Thomas Richard Chilton, and Victoria Great Oenone Jane.

- 12-Rosanna Emily Margaret Bishop
- 12-Thomas Richard Chilton Bishop
- 12-Victoria Great Oenone Jane Bishop

#### 11-Edmund Gordon Nelmes

Edmund married **Rebecca Stephenson**, daughter of **John Stephenson**.

10-**John Stewart Gatehouse Pelly**<sup>55</sup> was born on 10 Dec 1930 in Devonport and died on 10 Apr 2004 in Sudbury, Suffolk at age 73.

John married Helen Josephine Hirst, daughter of Denys H. Hirst. They had five children: Sarah Elizabeth, Jennifer Oenone, Catherine Alison, Rosemary Helen, and Isobel Serena.

- 11-Sarah Elizabeth Pelly was born in 1963 and died in 1963.
- 11-Jennifer Oenone Pelly
- 11-Catherine Alison Pelly
- 11-Rosemary Helen Pelly
- 11-Isobel Serena Pelly

9-Lt. Col. Edmund Godfrey Pelly was born on 10 Oct 1889 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, died on 28 Oct 1939 in London at age 50, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

General Notes: 2nd Lieutenant, DSO, MC. Born 19.10.1889, 2nd son of Edmund Neville Richard Pelly and Emma Mary Pelly, husband of Isabel Amy Pelly née Fowler. He was at Charterhouse [W] 1903 - 1907. In the Great War he served in the RASC, being mentioned in despatches four times, earning the DSO and the MC, and attaining the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. He rejoined the

RASC in 1939 but died in London on 28.10.39, aged 50, of illness contracted while serving with the BEF. His younger brother (q.v.) was killed in the Dardanelles in 1915, and his elder brother Captain John Noel Pelly, CBE, RN, commanding officer of the training establishment HMS King Alfred, died suddenly in June 1945. The two older brothers lie buried in a joint grave in the north-western corner of All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MC.
- Miscellaneous: He died of illness contracted whilst serving with the BEF.

Edmund married **Isabel Amy Fowler**, daughter of **Robert Henry Fowler**<sup>103</sup> and **Amy Isabel Ayres**, on 24 May 1919 in London. Isabel was born on 17 Oct 1893 in London and died in 1988 at age 95. They had two children: **Antoinette Joan** and **Robert Hubert**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Aug 1911 in York, Yorkshire.
  - 10-Antoinette Joan Pelly was born on 21 Apr 1920 in London and died in 1997 at age 77.

Antoinette married **Kenneth William MacLeod**, son of **Ebenezer Duncan MacLeod** and **Alice Dalrymple Cooper**, on 22 Jul 1942 in London. Kenneth was born on 6 Oct 1907 in London and died in 1983 at age 76. They had three children: **Alison Ann, Neil Godfrey**, and **Flora Margaret**.

#### 11-Alison Ann MacLeod

Alison married Robert Hellett, son of Henry Hellett. They had one son: Robert Henry.

#### 12-Robert Henry Hellett

Alison next married Geoffrey Hugh Fellows.

## 11-Neil Godfrey MacLeod

Neil married Sheila Anne Tyler. They had four children: Steven Kenneth, Amy, Diana, and Jeffrey.

- 12-Steven Kenneth MacLeod
- 12-Amy MacLeod
- 12-Diana MacLeod
- 12-Jeffrey MacLeod
- 11-Flora Margaret MacLeod

Flora married **Graham Gilbert**. They had two children: **Kris Graham** and **Rory Neil**.

- 12-Kris Graham Gilbert
- 12-Rory Neil Gilbert
- 10-**Robert Hubert Pelly** was born on 17 Aug 1923 in London, died on 24 Jan 2016 at age 92, and was buried in Apr 2016 in Leathley, Yorkshire.

Robert married Eirolys Elizabeth Horton-Fawkes, daughter of Maj. Le Gendre George William Horton-Fawkes and Sylvia Louise Mabel Edina Duckworth, on 17 Feb 1951 in Otley, Yorkshire. Eirolys was born on 13 Mar 1928 in Orchardleigh Park, Frome and died on 22 Aug 2009 at age 81. They had three children: Serena Louise, Richard Fowler, and Robert Simon Horton.

#### 11-Serena Louise Pelly

Serena married **Stephen John Richards**. They had two children: **Clare Lucy** and **Thomas Linton**.

- 12-Clare Lucy Richards
- 12-Thomas Linton Richards

Serena next married Michael Stevenson.

#### 11-Richard Fowler Pelly

Richard married Michelle Colette Bouteille, daughter of Dr. Henri Bouteille. They had three children: Isabelle, Victoria Sarah, and Mathilde.

- 12-Isabelle Pelly
- 12-Victoria Sarah Pelly
- 12-Mathilde Pelly

#### 11-Robert Simon Horton Pelly

Robert married Rachel M. Hamilton-Ely, daughter of Peter Hamilton-Ely. They had three children: Camilla, Hugh, and Rupert.

- 12-Camilla Pelly
- 12-Hugh Pelly
- 12-Rupert Pelly

9-Cicely Edith Pelly<sup>95</sup> was born on 16 Jun 1891 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, was christened on 24 Jul 1891 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, and died on 7 Jan 1969 at age 77. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with JP for Essex.
- 9-Lieut. Hubert Richard Pelly<sup>95</sup> was born on 7 Sep 1895 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire and died on 9 Oct 1915 in Gallipoli, Turkey. Killed in action at age 20.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 7th Battalion, the Essex Regiment.
- 9-Cmdr. Denis Edward Pelly<sup>95</sup> was born on 16 Feb 1898 in Twyord House, Bishops Stortford, Hertfordshire and died on 10 Jul 1970 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of The Royal Navy.

Denis married **Grace Olympia Laurence**, daughter of **Percy Edward Laurence** and **Mary Leigh**, on 30 Dec 1925 in London. Grace died on 27 Jan 1951 in Ipswich, Suffolk. They had no children. Denis next married **Margaret Mary Turnbull** on 19 Sep 1951 in London. Margaret was born on 4 Aug 1909 and died on 26 Aug 1999 at age 90. They had no children.

8-Emma Marion (Maria) Pelly<sup>60</sup> was born in 1852 and died on 22 Oct 1924 in Cromer, Norfolk at age 72.

General Notes: In accordance with a wish expressed by Mrs Buxton, the service was made as bright as possible. There was no tolling of the church bell, and no intoning by the clergy, whilst instead of the "Dead March" the organist played by special request of the family the "Hallelujah Chorus" from Handel's "Messiah". There was no choir, and it was the wish

of Mrs Buxton that the hymns chosen for the service should be heartily sung by the congregation... The clergy taking part were the Revs. Leonard and Arthur Buxton (sons), the Rev. E. L. McClintock (son-in-law), the Rev. Barclay F. Buxton (brother-in-law), the Rev. Canon R. A. Pelly (brother), Canon E. S. Woods [husband of her niece], Canon Harford [brother-in-law], the Revs. D. B. Barclay and G. A. Barclay [nephews], and the Rev. G. F. Grace (vicar of Stanstead Abbots.)

Emma married **John Henry Buxton**, 60,104 son of **Thomas Fowell Buxton** and **Rachel Jane Gurney**, on 19 Nov 1874. John was born on 15 Aug 1849 and died on 21 Mar 1934 in Easneye, Ware, Hertfordshire at age 84. They had seven children: **Henry Fowell, Leonard, Andrew Richard, Dorothy Rachel, Arthur, Margaret Katharine**, and **Lilian Rosamond**.

Marriage Notes: Are they buried at St. James's, Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire?

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Easneye, Ware, Hertfordshire.
  - 9-Capt. Henry Fowell Buxton<sup>60</sup> was born on 23 Jan 1876 and died on 16 Jan 1949 at age 72.

General Notes: He gained the rank of Captain in the service of the 4th Battalion, Suffolk Regiment. He fought in the First World War. He was a director of Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Company. He held the office of High Sheriff of Hertfordshire in 1938

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Truman Hanbury Buxton, Brewers.
- He resided at Smoo Lodge in Durness, Sutherland.
- He resided at Easeneye in Ware, Hertfordshire.

Henry married **Katharine Tayspel Round**, <sup>60</sup> daughter of **Rt. Hon. James Round** and **Sybilla Joanna Freeland**, on 24 Jul 1900. Katharine was born in 1881 and died on 4 Jul 1945 at age 64. They had five children: **John Fowell, Robert James, Joseph Gurney Fowell, Michael Auriol**, and **Henry Adrian**.

10-Maj. John Fowell Buxton<sup>60</sup> was born on 21 Jun 1902 and died on 27 Mar 1970 at age 67.

General Notes: John Fowell Buxton was educated at Harrow School, Harrow on the Hill, London, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1924 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) ). He lived at Sawbridge, Hertfordshire, England. He was decorated with the award of Territorial Decoration (T.D.). He gained the rank of Major in the service of the 86th (Hertfordshire Yeomanry) Field Regiment, Royal Artillery (Territorial Army). He became a Master in 1946, Brewers' Company. He was a director of Truman's Brewery. He held the office of High Sheriff of Hertfordshire in 1958

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow
- He worked as a Director of Truman's Brewery.

John married **Katherine Mary Bacon**, 60 daughter of **Sir Nicholas Henry Bacon 12th & 13th Bt.** 60 and **Constance Alice Leslie-Melville**, on 22 Jul 1930. Katherine was born on 15 Jul 1906 and died on 17 Aug 2000 at age 94. They had six children: **Bridget Jane, Anna Katharine**, **Henry Alexander Fowell**, **Penelope Mary Albinia**, **Elizabeth Priscilla**, and **Teresa Constance**.

11-Bridget Jane Buxton<sup>60</sup> was born on 13 Aug 1931 and died on 17 Oct 2018 at age 87.

Bridget married **Hon. Reuben Pleydell-Bouverie**, <sup>60</sup> son of **William Pleydell-Bouverie 7th Earl Of Radnor** <sup>60</sup> and **Helena Olivia Adeane**, on 28 Jan 1956. Reuben was born on 30 Dec 1930 and died on 19 Aug 2020 at age 89. They had three children: **Edward, Rosalind Mary**, and **Jasper**.

- 12-Edward Pleydell-Bouverie
- 12-Rosalind Mary Pleydell-Bouverie
- 12-Jasper Pleydell-Bouverie

Jasper married Katherine Jane Pelly, daughter of Richard Christopher Wordsworth Pelly and Ruth Elinor Askey. They had three children: Josiah, Rufus, and Honor Phoebe C.

- 13-Josiah Pleydell-Bouverie
- 13-Rufus Pleydell-Bouverie
- 13-Honor Phoebe C. Pleydell-Bouverie
- 11-Anna Katharine Buxton

Anna married George Watkin Myrddin-Evans, son of Sir Guildhaume Myrddin-Evans. They had one son: David Guildhaume.

- 12-David Guildhaume Myrddin-Evans
- 11-Henry Alexander Fowell Buxton

Henry married Victoria Bennett, daughter of Edward John Ronald Bennett and Rachel Constance Bazley. They had three children: Nicholas Fowell, Anthony John, and Katharine Louise.

12-Nicholas Fowell Buxton

Nicholas married Henrietta Louise Jewson, daughter of Richard Wilson Jewson. They had four children: Edward Arthur Fowell, Thomas Archie, Hugh Henry, and George William.

- 13-Edward Arthur Fowell Buxton
- 13-Thomas Archie Buxton
- 13-Hugh Henry Buxton
- 13-George William Buxton
- 12-Anthony John Buxton

Anthony married Lara Fleming. They had three children: Archie David, Oscar Henry, and Minda Rachel.

- 13-Archie David Buxton
- 13-Oscar Henry Buxton
- 13-Minda Rachel Buxton
- 12-Katharine Louise Buxton

Katharine married Edward Beckwith. They had two children: Emily Charlotte and Henry William M.

- 13-Emily Charlotte Beckwith
- 13-Henry William M. Beckwith
- 11-Penelope Mary Albinia Buxton

Penelope married Richard Christopher Naylor, son of Thomas Humphrey Naylor and Dorothy Isabel Durning. They had two children: Thomas Murray and Harriet Albinia.

- 12-Thomas Murray Naylor
- 12-Harriet Albinia Naylor

#### 11-Elizabeth Priscilla Buxton

Elizabeth married Maj. Thomas Tudor Riversdale Lort-Phillips. They had three children: Frances Katherine, Anna Elizabeth, and Hugh Thomas.

#### 12-Frances Katherine Lort-Phillips

Frances married Stephen Dawson. They had three children: Erin Katherine, Beth Annie, and Thomas Samuel.

- 13-Erin Katherine Dawson
- 13-Beth Annie Dawson
- 13-Thomas Samuel Dawson

#### 12-Anna Elizabeth Lort-Phillips

Anna married Giles Morland Adams. They had two children: Xanthe Teresa and Thalia Katharine.

- 13-Xanthe Teresa Adams
- 13-Thalia Katharine Adams
- 12-Hugh Thomas Lort-Phillips
- 11-Teresa Constance Buxton

10-Dr. Robert James Buxton<sup>60</sup> was born on 29 Apr 1908 and died on 5 Jun 1968 at age 60.

General Notes: Major Robert James Buxton was educated at Harrow School, Harrow on the Hill, London, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1929 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Bachelor of Medicine (M.B.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, with a Bachelor of Medicine (M.B.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1937 with a Bachelor of Surgery (B.Ch.). He graduated with a Diploma in Opthalmic Medicine and Surgery (D.O.M.S.). He gained the rank of Major in 1942 in the service of the Royal Army Medical Corps. He was registered as a Member, Royal College of Surgeons (M.R.C.S.). He was registered as a Licentiate, Royal College of Physicians, London (L.R.C.P.). He lived at Gallhampton Manor, North Cadbury, Yeovil, Somerset, England.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Opthalmic Surgeon.

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Robert married **Lilla Mary Alyson Pumphrey**, 60,95 daughter of **Charles Ernest Pumphrey** and **Iris Mary Bell**, on 12 Jun 1935 in Bywell, St Peters, Northumberland. Lilla was born on 8 Apr 1914 in Greenside, Ryton on Tyne, County Durham and died in 1979 at age 65. They had six children: **Victoria Mary Rose, Lavinia Hermione, Lettice Katharine, James Anthony Fowell, Rosamond Mary Alyson**, and **Richard Moberly**.

#### 11-Victoria Mary Rose Buxton

Victoria married **Maj. David James Faulkner**, <sup>60</sup> son of **Lt. Col. Walter Douglas Faulkner** and **Patricia Katharine Montagu-Douglas-Scott**, on 26 Apr 1958 in Cadbury, Tiverton, Devon. David was born on 8 Nov 1932 and died in 1993 at age 61. They had five children: **John Douglas, Katharine Rose, Thomas Patrick, Matthew James**, and **Robert David**.

- 12-John Douglas Faulkner
- 12-Katharine Rose Faulkner
- 12-Thomas Patrick Faulkner
- 12-Matthew James Faulkner

#### 12-Robert David Faulkner

Victoria next married Maj. Gen. Reginald Henry Whitworth, son of Aylmer William Whitworth and Alice Lucy Patience Hervey.

#### 11-Lavinia Hermione Buxton

Lavinia married Rt. Hon. (Mr Justice) Sir Mathew Alexander Thorpe, son of Michael Alexander Thorpe and Dorothea Margaret Lambert. They had three children: Gervase James Doncaster, Alexander Lambert, and Marcus Somerled.

- 12-Gervase James Doncaster Thorpe was born on 12 Oct 1967 and died in Apr 2008 at age 40.
- 12-Alexander Lambert Thorpe
- 12-Marcus Somerled Thorpe
- 11-Lettice Katharine Buxton
- 11-James Anthony Fowell Buxton

James married Margaret Elizabeth Russell, daughter of Admiral Hon. Sir Guy Herbrand Edward Russell<sup>60</sup> and Hon. Helen Elizabeth Blades. They had four children: Harriet Faith Alyson, Edward Guy Fowell, Meriel Lavinia Margaret, and Charles Robert James.

- 12-Harriet Faith Alyson Buxton
- 12-Edward Guy Fowell Buxton
- 12-Meriel Lavinia Margaret Buxton
- 12-Charles Robert James Buxton
- 11-Rosamond Mary Alyson Buxton

Rosamond married Ven. Anthony C. Foottit. They had three children: James Hugh Percival, Caroline Mary Alyson, and Georgina Rose.

- 12-James Hugh Percival Foottit
- 12-Caroline Mary Alyson Foottit
- 12-Georgina Rose Foottit
- 11-Richard Moberly Buxton

Richard married Julia Grace Elcock, daughter of Commodore Frank Dudley Elcock and Mary Grace Pitfield. They had three children: David Mark Reford, Simon Cosmo Robert, and Elinor Grace Alyson.

- 12-David Mark Reford Buxton
- 12-Simon Cosmo Robert Buxton
- 12-Elinor Grace Alyson Buxton

10-Capt. Joseph Gurney Fowell Buxton<sup>60,73</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1913 and died in May 1943 in Killed In Action Tunisia at age 29.

Joseph married Elizabeth Langley Barbour, daughter of Maj. Robert Barbour. They had three children: Andrew Robert Fowell, Meriel Rose, and Joseph William Henry.

#### 11-Andrew Robert Fowell Buxton

Andrew married Jane Margery Grant,<sup>60</sup> daughter of Lt. Col. John Peter Grant 15th Of Rothiemurchus and Lady Katherine Greaves Countess of Dysart, on 1 May 1965. Jane was born on 2 Feb 1943 and died on 13 Jun 2015 at age 72. They had two children: Tessa Rose and Veronica Mary.

#### 12-Tessa Rose Buxton

Tessa married Athanassios Deriziotis, son of Eustache Deriziotis.

#### 12-Veronica Mary Buxton

Veronica married Andrew Michael Kemp Barlow, son of Sir John Kemp Barlow 3rd Bt. and Susan Horsbrugh-Porter. They had three children: Cordelia, Lucia, and Edward.

- 13-Cordelia Barlow
- 13-Lucia Barlow
- 13-Edward Barlow

#### 11-Meriel Rose Buxton

Meriel married Robert Ivan Kenyon-Slaney, 60 son of Maj. Robert Orlando Rodolph Kenyon-Slaney and Lady Mary Cecilia Rhodesia Hamilton, on 7 Jan 1964. Robert was born in 1926 and died on 31 Jan 1984 at age 58. They had three children: Rupert David, Thomas Alexander, and Natasha Vivien.

#### 12-Rupert David Kenyon-Slaney

Rupert married Christina Macmillan. They had three children: Robert Duncan Thomas, Orlando William Percy, and Caspian John Aglionby.

- 13-Robert Duncan Thomas Kenyon-Slaney
- 13-Orlando William Percy Kenyon-Slaney
- 13-Caspian John Aglionby Kenyon-Slaney
- 12-Thomas Alexander Kenyon-Slaney
- 12-Natasha Vivien Kenyon-Slaney

Natasha married Barnabas Martin Henry Branston. They had one son: Oliver Robin Kenyon.

#### 13-Oliver Robin Kenyon Branston

Meriel next married **Peter Maurice Afia**.

#### 11-Capt. Joseph William Henry Buxton

Joseph married Sarah Louise Smyly, 60 daughter of Lt. Col. Richard Patrick Pilkington Smyly, in 1972. Sarah died in 1974.

Joseph next married Ann Boggis-Rolfe, daughter of Paul Boggis-Rolfe. They had three children: William Paul, Robert, and Laura Elizabeth Verena.

- 12-William Paul Buxton
- 12-Robert Buxton
- 12-Laura Elizabeth Verena Buxton
- 10-Lt. Cmdr. Michael Auriol Buxton<sup>60</sup> was born on 4 Sep 1914 and died in 1990 at age 76.

General Notes: High Sheriff of Rutland

Michael married Elizabeth Edith Millicent Elwes, 60 daughter of Capt. Robert Hamond Arthur Elwes 60 and Esterel Edith Philippa Louise Tillard, on 5 Feb 1938. Elizabeth was born on 14 Jun 1916 and died on 30 Dec 2003 at age 87. They had four children: Gervase Michael, Christopher Robert, Jonathon James, and Charles Joseph.

#### 11-Gervase Michael Buxton

Gervase married Susan Margaret McKenzie, daughter of Kenneth Malcolm McKenzie. They had four children: Lucy Jane, Matthew Thomas Gervase, Caragh Susan, and Jocelyn David.

- 12-Lucy Jane Buxton
- 12-Matthew Thomas Gervase Buxton
- 12-Caragh Susan Buxton
- 12-Jocelyn David Buxton
- 11-Christopher Robert Buxton was born on 1 Oct 1940 and died on 3 Jan 2021 at age 80.

Christopher married Judy Frances Dixon, daughter of Gordon Hollingsworth Dixon. They had two children: Timothy James and Richard Antony.

#### 12-Timothy James Buxton

Timothy married Rachel Jane Haldane, daughter of James Martin Haldane 26th Of Gleneagles and Petronella Victoria Scarlett. They had one daughter: Matilda Scarlett.

- 13-Matilda Scarlett Buxton
- 12-Richard Antony Buxton

Richard married Anna-Louise Reilly, daughter of Brian Reilly. They had two children: Dan and Lara Rose.

- 13-Dan Buxton
- 13-Lara Rose Buxton

Christopher next married Priscilla Gardner, daughter of Maj. John Gardner. They had three children: Alexandra Mary, Edward Robert, and Thomas Michael.

- 12-Alexandra Mary Buxton
- 12-Edward Robert Buxton
- 12-Thomas Michael Buxton

#### 11-Maj. Jonathon James Buxton

Jonathon married Rosaleen Pleasance Bagge, daughter of Sir John Alfred Picton Bagge 6th Bt. and Elizabeth Helena Davies. They had three children: Georgina Elizabeth, Victoria Rose, and Rosaleen Poppy.

- 12-Georgina Elizabeth Buxton
- 12-Victoria Rose Buxton

Victoria married Thomas Paton-Smith, son of Jonathan Paton-Smith. They had three children: Max Jonathan, Guy Oliver, and Emilia Rose.

13-Max Jonathan Paton-Smith

- 13-Guy Oliver Paton-Smith
- 13-Emilia Rose Paton-Smith
- 12-Rosaleen Poppy Buxton

Rosaleen married Patrick A. G. Dent, son of Alan Dent. They had one son: Ethan Jonathan Alan.

- 13-Ethan Jonathan Alan Dent
- 11-Lt. Col. Charles Joseph Buxton

Charles married Veronica Juliet Mary Paterson-Morgan, daughter of Francis David Paterson-Morgan. They had three children: Leonie Carinna Rose, Katriona Topaz Mary, and Sophie.

- 12-Leonie Carinna Rose Buxton
- 12-Katriona Topaz Mary Buxton
- 12-Sophie Buxton

10-Henry Adrian Buxton was born on 27 Apr 1916 in Bishop's Stortford, Hertfordshire and died in 1970 in Colchester, Essex at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Chillon College, Switzerland.

Henry next married **Mairi Milne**, <sup>60</sup> daughter of **James Milne**, on 25 Aug 1945. Mairi died on 29 Jul 1962.

9-Rev. Leonard Buxton<sup>60</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1877 in Southampton, Hampshire and died on 7 Jan 1946 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse & Cambridge. BA. MA.
- He worked as a Vicar of North Mymms.

Leonard married **Kathleen Wingfield-Digby**, daughter of **Capt. John Digby Wingfield-Digby** and **Maria Madan**, on 27 Jul 1903. Kathleen was born in 1870 and died on 24 Mar 1958 at age 88. They had six children: **Kathleen Hannah**, **Ruth Lydia**, **Edmund Digby**, **Kenneth Leonard**, **Daniel Richard**, and **Digby Hugh**.

- 10-Kathleen Hannah Buxton was born on 6 Nov 1905 and died on 14 Aug 1999 at age 93.
- 10-**Ruth Lydia Buxton** was born on 2 Oct 1906.

Ruth married John Willoughby Harris. They had two children: Elizabeth Hannah and Patrick John.

11-Elizabeth Hannah Harris

Elizabeth married Alfred Rudolph Berd Ehrhardt.

Elizabeth next married Frank Marlow.

11-Patrick John Harris

Patrick married Diana Harkness.

10-Rev. Edmund Digby Buxton was born on 1 Mar 1908 and died on 23 Nov 2001 at age 93.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of St Mary's Peckham 1939 To 1944.

Edmund married Katharine Monsarrat Hargreaves, daughter of John Arthur Hargreaves. They had four children: Edmund Francis, Mary Ethel, Lucy Jane, and Antony Leonard.

#### 11-Rev. Edmund Francis Buxton

Edmund married Jane Mary Jones, daughter of Rev. Leslie Arthur Jones. They had three children: Nicholas Andrew, Thomas Mark, and Asha Theresa.

- 12-Nicholas Andrew Buxton
- 12-Thomas Mark Buxton
- 12-Asha Theresa Buxton

#### 11-Mary Ethel Buxton

Mary married **David James Grundy**. They had two children: **Katharine Mary** and **Joanna Lucy**.

- 12-Katharine Mary Grundy
- 12-Joanna Lucy Grundy
- 11-Lucy Jane Buxton

#### 11-Antony Leonard Buxton

Antony married Heather Morwenna Marie Osborne, daughter of Surgeon Rear Admiral Leslie B. Osborne. They had one daughter: Laura Rose.

12-Laura Rose Buxton

10-Dr. Kenneth Leonard Buxton was born on 19 Jul 1909 and died in Nov 2001 at age 92.

General Notes: Kenneth Leonard Buxton was educated at Charterhouse School, Godalming, Surrey, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1930 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated with a Bachelor of Surgery (B.Ch.). He graduated with a Bachelor of Medicine (M.B.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1935 with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was the Medical Superintendent and Consultant at Mildmay Mission Hospital, London, England. He was registered as a Licentiate, Royal College of Physicians, London (L.R.C.P.).1 He was invested as a Fellow, Royal College of Surgeons (F.R.C.S.).

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCS LRCP DTM & H MB BCh.
- He worked as a Medical Superintendent and Consultant in Mildmay Mission Hospital, London.

Kenneth married **Agnes Josephine Bragg**, daughter of **Rev. Dr. Tom Bragg** and **Grace Josephine Wakefield**, in 1935 in Marylebone. Agnes was born on 18 Dec 1907 and died in Jan 1999 in Berkshire at age 91. They had four children: **Paul Kenneth**, **Andrew Wakefield**, **Angela Josephine**, and **Susanna Rachel**.

#### 11-Dr. Paul Kenneth Buxton

Paul married Heather Clive Edlmann, daughter of Lt. Col. Joseph Campbell Edlmann. They had two children: Jonathan Charles Fowell and Joanna Rachel.

#### 12-Jonathan Charles Fowell Buxton

Jonathan married Victoria Bottom, daughter of Seth Bottom. They had two children: Thaddeus Alexander Wolf and Ottillie Ines Rose.

### 13-Thaddeus Alexander Wolf Buxton

- 13-Ottillie Ines Rose Buxton
- 12-Joanna Rachel Buxton

Joanna married Lt. Col. Francis Hobbs.

- 11-Andrew Wakefield Buxton was born on 31 Jan 1939, died on 14 Jan 2006 at age 66, and was buried on 28 Jan 2006.
- 11-Angela Josephine Buxton

Angela married Simon Christopher Edward Kendall. They had three children: Benjamin Edward Buxton, Matthew Simon Digby, and Andrew Christopher Barclay.

- 12-Benjamin Edward Buxton Kendall
- 12-Matthew Simon Digby Kendall
- 12-Andrew Christopher Barclay Kendall
- 11-Susanna Rachel Buxton

Susanna married Terry Hookway.

10-Daniel Richard Buxton was born on 4 Mar 1913 and died in 2003 at age 90.

Daniel married Josephine Blake Burdekin, daughter of Hugh Burdekin. They had two children: Timothy Richard Blake and David Adrian Leonard.

11-Timothy Richard Blake Buxton

Timothy married Juliet Gaye Jex-Blake, daughter of Charles William Laurence Jex-Blake. They had two children: Darren Richard Blake and Shane Laurence Blake.

- 12-Darren Richard Blake Buxton
- 12-Shane Laurence Blake Buxton

Shane married Regina Yuet Mei, daughter of Yuen Song Wong. They had three children: Blake Mark Chee Meng, Jaeden Laurence Chee Kan, and Melissa Lae Wai Yee.

- 13-Blake Mark Chee Meng Buxton
- 13-Jaeden Laurence Chee Kan Buxton
- 13-Melissa Lae Wai Yee Buxton
- 11-David Adrian Leonard Buxton

David married Lynley Anne O'connor, daughter of John O'connor and Gladys Helen Lister. They had three children: Adrian David, Bruce John, and Greig Daniel.

- 12-Adrian David Buxton
- 12-Bruce John Buxton
- 12-Greig Daniel Buxton
- 10-Rev. Digby Hugh Buxton was born on 27 Jan 1916 and died on 9 Nov 1997 at age 81. He had no known marriage and no known children.

General Notes: Reverend Digby Hugh Buxton was educated at Stowe School, Buckingham, Buckinghamshire, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1938 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1941 with a Master of Arts

(M.A.). Between 1946 and 1950 at All Saints', Queensbury, Edgware, Middlesex, England, the Curate. He was the Curate in 1950 at St. Mary's Church, St. Johns, New Brunswick, Canada. He was the Rector between 1952 and 1954 at Hantsport, Nova Scotia, Canada. He was the Priest-in-charge between 1954 and 1964 at Saguenay Mission, Quebec, Canada. He was the Rector in 1964 at St. Barnabas Church, North hatley, Quebec, Canada.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Curate All Saints', Queensbury 1946 To 1950 in Edgware, London.

9-Capt. Andrew Richard Buxton<sup>104</sup> was born on 19 Aug 1879, died on 7 Jun 1917 in Battle of Messines. Belgium. In Action. at age 37, and was buried in Oosttaverne Wood Cemetery, Heuvelland, West-Vlaanderen, Belgium.

General Notes: CAPTAIN A. R. BUXTON

Rifle Brigade

Elmfield 93-97 Aged 37 June 7th, 1917

Third son of John Henry Buxton, of Easneye, Herts, and of Mrs. Buxton.

Trinity College, Cambridge. Local Director of Messrs. Barclays Bank,

Victoria Street, S.W. Was a successful trainer of Labrador Retrievers, winning, with Hunsdon Zulu, in 1910, the Championship in the International Gun-dog League Retriever Trials. When the War broke out Captain Buxton enlisted in the Public Schools Battalion, and in January, 1915, he was given a Commission in the Rifle Brigade and went out to France in the following July. His Battalion was in the salient of Ypres, and all through the winter he had many narrow escapes. In August, 1916, he led his Company into action at Guillemont. His health then broke down, and after a spell in a rest camp he was attached as a 'staff learner' to a Brigade Headquarters. He was, however, always anxious to return to his Battalion, and this he succeeded in doing, but only a few days before his death. He was killed in action during the first day of the Battle of Messines on June 7th, 1917. Lieut.-Colonel Pigot, D.S.O., M.C., commanding his Battalion, wrote: "He was just coming back from the front line after an attack yesterday when he was hit by a bullet and died almost at once. I can't tell you how much I deplore his loss. He had been with us a long time and on ever so many occasions had shown himself a very brave man. Everyone loved him, and all the men of his Company will, I know, regret his loss. He was always doing his best to make his men comfortable, and I can assure you he will be a very great loss to us all."

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**Buxton, Andrew Richard** Born Aug. 19, 1879, in London. 3rd son of John Henry Buxton (1866), of Easneye, Hunsdon Bury, Ware, Herts. Brother of Henry F. (1894). Harrow School. Admitted as pensioner at Trinity, June 25, 1898. Matric. Michs. 1898; BA 1901. Local Director of Barclay and Co., bankers, Westminster Branch, 1909-14. Enlisted as a private in the Public Schools and University Battalion, Royal Fusiliers, 1914; Captain, 6th Battalion (attached 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade). Killed in action, June 7, 1917, near Oosttaverne, at the battle of Messines. (Memoir by Edward S. Woods. MA. CF

College Cambridge Chapel. Roll of Honour WWI.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge in 1898-1901.
- He worked as a Local Director, Barclays Bank in Victoria Street, London.
- He worked as an Officer of the 3rd Rifle Brigade.
- 9-Dorothy Rachel Buxton was born in 1880 and died in 1972 at age 92.

Dorothy married **Sir Arthur Grey Hazlerigg 1st Baron Hazlerigg**, son of **Lt. Col. Arthur Grey Hazlerigg** and **Janet Edith Orr-Ewing**, on 14 Jul 1903. Arthur was born on 17 Nov 1878 and died on 25 May 1949 at age 70. They had six children: **Rachel Elizabeth, Dorothy Joan, Edith Bridget, Arthur Grey, Thomas Heron**, and **Robert Maynard**.

General Notes: 13th Bt.

10-**Hon. Rachel Elizabeth Hazlerigg** was born on 22 Jul 1904 and died in 1989 at age 85.

Rachel married Lt. Col. Anthony Charles Ward Kimpton. They had four children: Rosamond Mary, Anthony Andrew Ward, Diana Rachel, and Patricia Hazel.

#### 11-Rosamond Mary Kimpton

Rosamond married Neil McLay Mills. They had four children: Jemima Rachel McLay, Mark Oliver McLay, Rosamond Cornelia McLay, and Titus Neil Archibald McLay.

12-Jemima Rachel McLay Mills

## 12-Rev. Mark Oliver McLay Mills

Mark married **Dana Powell**. They had three children: **Bridget**, **Phoebe**, and **Rachel**.

- 13-Bridget Mills-Powell
- 13-Phoebe Mills-Powell
- 13-Rachel Mills-Powell

#### 12-Rosamond Cornelia McLay Mills

Rosamond married Peveril John Bruce, son of Lt. Cmdr. Henry Victor Bruce and Helen Vernon Wallop William-Powlett. They had three children: Otto Feilden, Finn Cardigan, and Todd Heron.

- 13-Otto Feilden Bruce
- 13-Finn Cardigan Bruce
- 13-Todd Heron Bruce

## 12-Titus Neil Archibald McLay Mills

Titus married Jemima Dyson. They had one son: Malachi Dyson Buxton.

- 13-Malachi Dyson Buxton Mills
- 11-Anthony Andrew Ward Kimpton was born on 15 Jul 1931 and died in 1989 at age 58.

Anthony married Kathleen Margaret Sinnott. They had two children: Emily Melissa and Archibald James Sinnott.

12-Emily Melissa Kimpton

Emily married Thomas David Bradwall Barlow, son of Sir John Kemp Barlow 3rd Bt. and Susan Horsbrugh-Porter.

- 12-Archibald James Sinnott Kimpton
- 11-Diana Rachel Kimpton

Diana married Rev. John Theodore Cameron Bucke Collins. They had two children: Andrew Dominic John Bucke Collins and Richenda Rachel.

- 12-Andrew Dominic John Bucke Collins Collins
- 12-Richenda Rachel Collins

Richenda married Sir Richard Herbert Paget 4th Bt., son of Sir John Starr Paget 3rd Bt. and Nancy Mary Parish. They had three children: Emma Rachel, Richenda Elizabeth, and Camilla Mary.

- 13-Emma Rachel Paget
- 13-Richenda Elizabeth Paget
- 13-Camilla Mary Paget
- 11-Patricia Hazel Kimpton was born on 9 Jan 1940 and died on 5 May 1965 at age 25. She had no known marriage and no known children.

10-Hon. Dorothy Joan Hazlerigg was born on 29 Aug 1905 and died on 10 Nov 1962 at age 57.

Dorothy married **James Nathaniel Bosanquet Alexander**, son of **Maj. Edward Bruce Alexander** and **Mabel Eleanor Bosanquet**, on 25 Oct 1930. James was born on 3 Aug 1902 and died on 21 Mar 1955 at age 52. They had three children: **Carolyn Bridget**, **Joanna Mary**, and **James Arthur Francis**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director of Stewarts and Lloyds Ltd.

#### 11-Carolyn Bridget Alexander

Carolyn married Richard John Cheney, son of Brig. John Norman Cheney. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 12-Cheney
- 12-Cheney
- 12-Cheney

## 11-Joanna Mary Alexander

Joanna married John Collingwood-Anstey. They had two children: Harold and Alexander.

- 12-Harold Collingwood-Anstey
- 12-Alexander Collingwood-Anstey
- 11-James Arthur Francis Alexander

James married Marguerite Mary Holland. They had two children: Rachel Martha and Chloe Beatrice.

- 12-Rachel Martha Alexander
- 12-Chloe Beatrice Alexander

10-**Hon. Edith Bridget Hazlerigg** was born on 30 Mar 1908.

10-Sir Arthur Grey Hazlerigg 2nd Baron Hazlerigg was born on 24 Feb 1910 and died on 30 Sep 2002 at age 92.

General Notes: 14th Bt.

Arthur married Patricia Pullar, daughter of John Pullar, on 19 Sep 1945. Patricia died on 29 Apr 1972. They had three children: Angela Christine, Arthur Grey, and Priscilla Frances.

#### 11-Hon. Angela Christine Hazlerigg

Angela married **Capt. Timothy Effingham MacDowel**, son of **Horace St. George Stopford MacDowel** and **Josephine Laurence Garton**, on 31 May 1969. Timothy was born on 16 Feb 1945 and died in 1978 at age 33. They had two children: **Benjamin St. George** and **Richard Arthur**.

#### 12-Benjamin St. George MacDowel

Benjamin married **Fiona Jane Forbes**. They had one son: **Robert Thomas**.

- 13-Robert Thomas MacDowel
- 12-Richard Arthur MacDowel

Richard married **Tara Lloyd Jones**. They had one daughter: **Isabella Poppy**.

## 13-Isabella Poppy MacDowel

## 11-Sir Arthur Grey Hazlerigg 3rd Baron Hazlerigg

Arthur married Laura Dugdale, daughter of Sir William Stratford Dugdale 2nd Bt. and Lady Belinda Pleydell-Bouverie. They had six children: Arthur William Grey, Eliza Patricia, Amelia Frances, Viola Camilla, (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 12-Hon. Arthur William Grey Hazlerigg
- 12-Hon. Eliza Patricia Hazlerigg
- 12-Hon. Amelia Frances Hazlerigg
- 12-Hon. Viola Camilla Hazlerigg
- 12-**Hon. Hazlerigg**
- 12-Hon. Hazlerigg

Arthur next married Shan McIndoe, daughter of Alastair Ross McIndoe.

### 11-Hon. Priscilla Frances Hazlerigg

Priscilla married Hon. Richard Arthur Louis Dillon, son of Lt. Col. Michael Eric Dillon 20th Viscount Dillon and Irène Marie France Merandon Du Plessis, on 24 May 1975. Richard was born on 23 Oct 1948 and died on 9 Oct 2014 at age 65. They had two children: Charlotte Frances and Thomas Arthur Lee.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fellow, Incorporated Society of Valuers and Auctioneers.
  - 12-Charlotte Frances Dillon
  - 12-Thomas Arthur Lee Dillon

10-Maj. Hon. Thomas Heron Hazlerigg was born on 17 Jan 1914 and died on 31 Jul 1998 at age 84.

Thomas married Audrey Cecil Bates. They had two children: Rupert Heron and Simon Martival.

### 11-Rupert Heron Hazlerigg

Rupert married Caroline Lavinia Fitzwilliams, daughter of John Burkinshaw Lloyd Fitzwilliams and Pamela Mia Beatrice Baldwin, in 1979. Caroline was born in 1944 and died on 5 Dec 2014 at age 70. They had two children: Cecilia and Alexandra Frances.

- 12-Cecilia Hazlerigg
- 12-Alexandra Frances Hazlerigg
- 11-Maj. Simon Martival Hazlerigg

Simon married Caroline Margaret Mary Ahlberg. They had two children: Antonia Margot and Alice Olivia.

- 12-Antonia Margot Hazlerigg
- 12-Alice Olivia Hazlerigg

Alice married **Paul Michael Beale**. They had one daughter: **Grace Cara Jane**.

#### 13-Grace Cara Jane Beale

Thomas next married Anne Frances Roden Buxton, daughter of Capt. Roden Henry Victor Buxton and Dorothy Alina St. John.

10-Maj. Hon. Robert Maynard Hazlerigg was born on 21 Jul 1916 and died on 12 Sep 1997 at age 81.

Robert married Rose Cox. They had two children: Rosemary Maynard and Gillian Henrietta Jean.

#### 11-Rosemary Maynard Hazlerigg

Rosemary married Malcolm John George Connell, son of Frank James Connell. They had one daughter: Emma Aridue Henrietta.

#### 12-Emma Aridue Henrietta Connell

#### 11-Gillian Henrietta Jean Hazlerigg

Gillian married Maurice Bradley. They had two children: Robert William and Jessica Mary.

- 12-Robert William Bradley
- 12-Jessica Mary Bradley

9-Rev. Arthur Buxton was born on 7 Aug 1882 and died on 6 Jan 1958 at age 75.

General Notes: Reverend Arthur Buxton was born on 7 August 1882.1 He was the son of John Henry Buxton and Emma Maria Pelly. He married Esme Caroline Pixley, daughter of Colonel Francis William Pixley, on 14 January 1908. He died on 6 January 1958 at age 75.

Reverend Arthur Buxton was educated at Harrow School, Harrow on the Hill, London, England. He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridge, England, in 1904 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1908 with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He fought in the First World War.1 He was the Rector between 1920 and 1936 at All Souls, Langham Place, Marylebone, London, England. He was the Rector at All Saints, Southport, Lancashire, England.

Arthur married Esme Caroline Pixley, daughter of Col. Francis William Pixley<sup>72</sup> and Elizabeth Mary Simpson, on 14 Jan 1908 in Kensington, London. Esme was born in 1883 in Kensington, London. They had four children: Nigel Arthur, Richenda Dorothy, Mary, and Priscilla Peronne.

10-Dr. Nigel Arthur Buxton<sup>106</sup> was born on 28 Jan 1909 and died on 15 Jun 1995 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to Canada.

Nigel married **Dr. Elmira Mary Richli**, <sup>106</sup> daughter of **Dr. William Richli** and **Christine**, on 23 Mar 1948. Elmira was born on 13 Dec 1915 and died on 6 Mar 2001 at age 85. They had three children: **David Edson, John Arthur**, and **Louise Elizabeth**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Seventh Day Adventists.

#### 11-David Edson Buxton

David married Terri Snyder, daughter of Gerald Snyder. They had two children: Daniel Elliott and Douglas Edward.

- 12-Daniel Elliott Buxton
- 12-Douglas Edward Buxton

#### 11-Dr. John Arthur Buxton

John married Susan Smith, daughter of Paul Smith. They had two children: Sara Ann and Ashley Elizabeth.

#### 12-Sara Ann Buxton

Sara married Michael Joseph Matus.

#### 12-Ashley Elizabeth Buxton

Ashley married Matthew Lyle Henderson.

#### 11-Dr. Louise Elizabeth Buxton

Louise married **Dr. Kimber Schneider**. They had two children: **Jonathan Karl** and **Richard Andrew**.

### 12-Jonathan Karl Schneider

#### 12-Richard Andrew Schneider

10-**Richenda Dorothy Buxton**<sup>72,106</sup> was born on 30 Nov 1911, died on 24 Apr 1987 at age 75, and was buried in Pyecombe Churchyard, Pyecombe, West Sussex.

Richenda married **George Blaker Blaker**,<sup>72,106</sup> son of **Col. William Frederick Blaker**<sup>106</sup> and **Helen Elizabeth Blaker**,<sup>106</sup> on 1 Jun 1938. George was born on 30 Sep 1912 in Simla, Himachal Pradesh, India, died on 28 Nov 2001 at age 89, and was buried in Pyecombe Churchyard, Pyecombe, West Sussex. They had one daughter: **Richenda Jennifer**.

General Notes: BLAKER, George Blaker

CMG 1963

Born Simla, India, 30 Sept. 1912; m 1938, Richenda Dorothy Buxton (d 1987); one d; died 28 Nov. 2001

Under-Secretary, HM Treasury, 1955–63, and Department of Education and Science, 1963–71 retired

**EDUCATION** Eton; Trinity Coll., Cambridge

**CAREER** Private Sec. to Ministers of State in the Middle East, 1941–43; Cabinet Office, 1943; Private Sec. to Sec. of War Cabinet, 1944; Principal Private Sec. to Minister of Production and Presidents of the Board of Trade, 1945–47; accompanied Cabinet Mission to India, 1946; Sec. of UK Trade Mission to China, 1946; HM Treasury, 1947; UK Treasury Representative in India, Ceylon and Burma, 1957–63. President: Surrey Trust for Nature Conservation, 1969–80; Scientific and Medical Network, 1986– (Hon. Sec., 1973–86). Gold Medal, Royal Soc. for the Protection of Birds, 1934

**ADDRESS** Lake House, Vann Lake Road, Ockley, Surrey, RH5 5NS

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Under-Secretary, HM Treasury in 1955-1963.
- He worked as an Under-Secretary, Department of Education and Science in 1963-1971.

#### 11-Richenda Jennifer Blaker

Richenda married Neil John Hancock.

#### 10-Mary Buxton

10-Priscilla Peronne Buxton was born on 9 Sep 1916 and died in 1979 in Worthing, Sussex at age 63.

General Notes: Priscilla Peronne Buxton was Detachment Officer BRCS. She was Licentiate, Royal Academy of Music.

#### 9-Margaret Katharine Buxton was born on 10 Sep 1885.

Margaret married Rev. Edward Louis Longfield McClintock, son of Lt. Col. Charles Edward McClintock.

9-Lilian Rosamond Buxton died on 19 Feb 1969.

8-Rev. Canon. Richard Arnold Pelly<sup>107</sup> was born on 25 Dec 1856 in Plaistow, Essex and died on 2 Dec 1949 in Hatfield Peverell, Essex at age 92.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was educated at Felstead.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Canon of St. Albans in St. Albans, Hertfordshire.

Richard married **Margaret Jane Buxton**, daughter of **Thomas Fowell Buxton**<sup>60,68</sup> and **Rachel Jane Gurney**, on 26 Apr 1882. Margaret was born in 1859 in Leytonstone, London and died on 23 Nov 1903 in West Ham, London at age 44. They had seven children: **Arnold Claude, Donald Geoffrey, Richard Lawrence, Francis Brian, Janet Catherine, Margaret Richards**, and **Arthur Roland**.

9-Rev. Arnold Claude Pelly was born on 21 Feb 1883 and died in 1972 at age 89.

General Notes: He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1904 with a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). He graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, England, in 1910 with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was decorated with the award of Kaisar-i-Hind Gold Medal. He was the Principal at St. Andrew's College, Gorakpur, India. He was the Vicar between 1935 and 1960 at St. Mary's, Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk, England. He held the office of Canon of St. Edmundsbury. He held the office of Canon of Ipswich in 1950.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He worked as a Canon of Ipswich.

Arnold married Constance Emily Stern, daughter of Rev. Henry Stern, on 25 Mar 1920. Constance died on 22 Mar 1976.

9-**Donald Geoffrey Pelly**<sup>55</sup> was born on 3 Aug 1884 in Ware, Hertfordshire and died on 7 Dec 1961 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Marlborough.

Donald married **Joan King Uhthoff**, daughter of **John Caldwell Uhthoff**, on 30 Jul 1913 in Steyning, West Sussex. Joan was born on 7 Apr 1885 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died on 19 Jun 1964 in New Forest, Hampshire at age 79.

9-Rev. Richard Lawrence Pelly was born on 18 Jul 1886 in Dorking, Surrey and died on 7 Apr 1976 at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Canon of Salisbury 1952 to 1976.

Richard married Rosa Salome Wordsworth, daughter of Rt. Rev. John Wordsworth and Mary Ann Frances Williams, in 1927. Rosa was born in Jul 1900 in Bishop's Cottage, West Lulworth, Dorset and died in Apr 1995 in Harnham, Wiltshire at age 94. They had six children: Elizabeth Mary, Rosa Jane, Juliet Rachel, Robina Catherine, Richard Christopher Wordsworth, and Hugh John Wordsworth.

#### 10-Elizabeth Mary Pelly

Elizabeth married Capt. Wyndham Mackay Jordan on 28 Jun 1952. Wyndham died on 27 Mar 1996. They had three children: Christopher Wyndham, Diana Salome, and Alison Faith.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Obstretician and Gynaecologist.

#### 11-Christopher Wyndham Jordan

Christopher married Gillian Smith. They had two children: Zhala Anne and Anthony Christopher.

#### 12-Zhala Anne Jordan

12-Anthony Christop	her J	ordan
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## 11-Diana Salome Jordan

Diana married **Timothy Benge-Abbott**. They had two children: **Daniel** and **Joel Matthew**.

- 12-Daniel Benge-Abbott
- 12-Joel Matthew Benge-Abbott

#### 11-Dr. Alison Faith Jordan

Alison married **Dr. Timothy Clarke**. They had two children: **Fiona** and **Alexander**.

- 12-Fiona Clarke
- 12-Alexander Clarke

## 10-Rosa Jane Pelly

### 10-Juliet Rachel Pelly

Juliet married William Gibbins Webb, son of Thomas Gibbins Webb. They had two children: Rachel Sally and Rhoda Jane.

## 11-Rachel Sally Webb

Rachel married **Matthew Bowns**. They had one daughter: **Unity**.

- 12-Unity Bowns
- 11-Rhoda Jane Webb

Rhoda married Andrew Thomas Agerbak. They had three children: Elinor, Isabelle, and Alice.

- 12-Elinor Agerbak
- 12-Isabelle Agerbak
- 12-Alice Agerbak

## 10-Robina Catherine Pelly

Robina married Tymothy Sherwood Hattersley, son of Col. S. M. Hattersley. They had three children: Andrew Tym, William John, and Richard Wordsworth.

#### 11-Dr. Andrew Tym Hattersley

Andrew married Catherine Laura Dick, daughter of Dr. Donald Hugh Dick. They had three children: Ruth Salome, Rosie Jane, and Mark Andrew.

- 12-Ruth Salome Hattersley
- 12-Rosie Jane Hattersley
- 12-Mark Andrew Hattersley
- 11-William John Hattersley

Richard married Susan Herbert. They had two children: Emma and Katie.

- 12-Emma Hattersley
- 12-Katie Hattersley

### 10-Richard Christopher Wordsworth Pelly

Richard married Ruth Elinor Askey, daughter of Philip J. Askey. They had three children: Katherine Jane, Richard Hugh, and David John.

- 11-Katherine Jane Pelly
  - 12-Josiah Pleydell-Bouverie
  - 12-Rufus Pleydell-Bouverie
  - 12-Honor Phoebe C. Pleydell-Bouverie
- 11-Richard Hugh Pelly
- 11-David John Pelly

### 10-Dr. Hugh John Wordsworth Pelly

Hugh married Jane Mary Fergusson. They had five children: Tom Fergus, Matthew David, Adam, Christopher Hugh, and Claire Alexandra.

- 11-Tom Fergus Pelly
- 11-Matthew David Pelly
- 11-Adam Pelly
- 11-Christopher Hugh Pelly
- 11-Claire Alexandra Pelly

9-Francis Brian Pelly was born on 21 Apr 1889 and died in 1984 at age 95.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a General Secretary of the charity, Shaftesbury Homes and Arethusa.

Francis married **Edith Beatrice Packe**, daughter of **Rev. William James Packe** and **Margaret Lucy Pym**, on 3 Jun 1913. Edith was born on 16 Apr 1888 in Feering, Kelvedon, Essex and died in 1984 at age 96. They had three children: **Michael Brian, Peter Richard**, and **Margaret Beatrice**.

10-Michael Brian Pelly was born on 18 Jun 1915 and died in 1994 at age 79.

Michael married Mary Margaret Burn, daughter of Herbert Southerndern Burn. They had three children: Nicola Susan, Roger Brian, and David Arnold.

11-Nicola Susan Pelly

Nicola married Peter Charles Jeffery.

11-Roger Brian Pelly

Doggr	marriad	Monioo	Giovanna	Doorgolo
KOZCI	manneu	Midilica	Giuvaiilia	Deul Sula.

Roger next married Kiki Joyce McFarlane.

#### 11-David Arnold Pelly

David married **Deborah Susan Mattison**. They had three children: **Clara May, Henry Theodore**, and **Francis Michael**.

- 12-Clara May Pelly
- 12-Henry Theodore Pelly
- 12-Francis Michael Pelly

## 10-Peter Richard Pelly

Peter married Kathleen Irene Moorhouse. They had two children: Lynda Ann and Kathleen Georgina.

## 11-Lynda Ann Pelly

Lynda married **Edward Macalister-Smith**. They had two children: **Sam Henry** and **Mathilda Rose**.

- 12-Sam Henry Macalister-Smith
- 12-Mathilda Rose Macalister-Smith
- 11-Kathleen Georgina Pelly

Kathleen married E. V. Caldwell.

10-Margaret Beatrice Pelly was born on 25 Jan 1921 in Northwood, Middlesex and died in Jan 2001 at age 80.

Margaret married **Theodore Sanger**, son of **Dr. Frederick Sanger** and **Cicely Crewdson**, on 2 Oct 1943 in Jordans. Theodore was born on 28 Aug 1917 in Rendcomb, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. They had two children: **Melody** and **Katrina Scarlett**.

#### 11-Melody Sanger

Melody married Peter Wright. They had three children: Megan Jenett, Alice Rosamund, and Madelene Rose.

- 12-Megan Jenett Wright
- 12-Alice Rosamund Wright
- 12-Madelene Rose Wright

## 11-Katrina Scarlett Sanger

Katrina married Michael Power. They had three children: Katherine, Molly, and Ellen.

- 12-Katherine Power
- 12-Molly Power
- 12-Ellen Power

Margaret next married Jovan Ulic.

9-Janet Catherine Pelly was born on 16 Aug 1890 and died on 2 Jan 1970 at age 79.

Janet married Capt. Edward Randall Cubitt, son of Edward George Cubitt and Christabel mary Burroughes, on 14 Oct 1913. Edward was born on 11 Oct 1884 in Norfolk Crescent, Hyde Park, London and died on 12 Aug 1915 in Suvla Bay, Gallipoli, Turkey. Killed in action at age 30. They had three children: Thomas Randall, (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Honing, Norfolk.
  - 10-Thomas Randall Cubitt was born about 1914.

Thomas married Rachel Edith Capron, daughter of Lt. Col. George Theodore Herbert Capron and Hon. Edith Christian Hepburne-Scott. They had three children: Geoffrey Thomas, William George, and Robin Patrick.

- 11-Geoffrey Thomas Cubitt
- 11-William George Cubitt
- 11-Robin Patrick Cubitt
- 10-Cubitt
- 10-Cubitt
- 9-Margaret Richenda Pelly was born on 9 Dec 1892 and died on 16 Jan 1894 at age 1.
- 9-Capt. Arthur Roland Pelly was born on 14 Nov 1895 and died on 2 Jun 1966 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He worked as a Bursar, Cheltenham College. 1938-61.

Arthur married **Phyllis Elsie Henderson**, daughter of **Alexander Duff Henderson**, on 21 Apr 1920. Phyllis died in 1974. They had four children: **Mary Duff, John Gordon, Janet Elizabeth**, and **Derek Roland**.

10-Mary Duff Pelly was born on 25 Mar 1921 and died on 28 Jan 2015 at age 93.

Noted events in her life were:

• Death Notice: The Daily Telegraph, 31 Jan 2015.

Mary married **George Thomas Bridges Stevens**, son of **Col. George Bridges Stevens**, in 1945. George was born in 1922 and died in 2001 at age 79. They had three children: **Charles Bridges**, **David George**, and **Lucia Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor.
  - 11-Charles Bridges Stevens

Charles married Jeanette Macdonald Moore, daughter of Walter Moore. They had one son: Edward George Bridges.

- 12-Edward George Bridges Stevens
- 11-David George Stevens

David married Philippa Ma	av Steer, daughter of	Charles Richard	Pemberton Steer.	They had two children:	Hugh Richard and	d Alec Charles.

- 12-Hugh Richard Stevens
- 12-Alec Charles Stevens
- 11-Lucia Mary Stevens

Lucia married Philip Charles Dinkel, son of Prof. Michael Dinkel. They had three children: Charlotte Mary, Henry Michael George, and William Theodore John.

- 12-Charlotte Mary Dinkel
- 12-Henry Michael George Dinkel
- 12-William Theodore John Dinkel
- 10-John Gordon Pelly was born on 27 Nov 1923 and died in 2004 at age 81.

John married **Patricia Fuller**, daughter of **Maj. Hugh Clarence Fuller**, on 18 Jan 1947. Patricia was born in 1924 and died on 5 Sep 2020 at age 96. They had three children: **Priscilla Jane**, **Caroline Anne**, and **John Henry Patrick Fuller**.

## 11-Priscilla Jane Pelly

Priscilla married David Dalziel Mundell. They had four children: Sarah Richenda, Lucinda Clare, John Dalziel, and Andrew Hugh Dalziel.

- 12-Sarah Richenda Mundell
- 12-Lucinda Clare Mundell
- 12-John Dalziel Mundell
- 12-Andrew Hugh Dalziel Mundell
- 11-Caroline Anne Pelly

Caroline married Michael Eliot Howard, son of Eliot Charles Stewart Howard and Daphne Gladys Colville. They had three children: Joanna Clare, Nicholas Henry, and Harry Eliot.

12-Joanna Clare Howard

Joanna married Thomas Cross.

- 12-Nicholas Henry Howard
- 12-Lt. Harry Eliot Howard
- 11-John Henry Patrick Fuller Pelly

John married Susan Elizabeth Briggs. They had three children: Clare Elizabeth, Freddie John Fuller, and Serena Rose.

- 12-Clare Elizabeth Pelly
- 12-Freddie John Fuller Pelly
- 12-Serena Rose Pelly

#### 10-Janet Elizabeth Pelly

Janet married Dr. Michael Lindsay Fenwick. They had three children: Alison Jane, Anne Richenda, and Juliet Nicola.

- 11-Alison Jane Fenwick
- 11-Anne Richenda Fenwick
- 11-Juliet Nicola Fenwick

Juliet married **Derwin Nazarino**. They had two children: **Joel Fenwick** and **Sarah Nicola**.

- 12-Joel Fenwick Nazarino
- 12-Sarah Nicola Nazarino

10-Derek Roland Pelly was born on 12 Jun 1929 and died on 14 Feb 2015 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Deputy Chairman, Barclays Bank.
- He worked as a Chairman Barclays International.

Derek married Susan Roberts, daughter of John Malcolm Roberts. They had three children: Rosemary Jane, Catherine Susan, and Samuel Roland.

#### 11-Rosemary Jane Pelly

Rosemary married Mark C. Campbell. They had two children: Alexander Leo and Euan Henderson.

- 12-Alexander Leo Campbell
- 12-Euan Henderson Campbell
- 11-Catherine Susan Pelly

Catherine married Simon A W Osborn. They had three children: Cicley Mai Elsie, Anna Catherine Pelly, and George Ashby Arthur.

- 12-Cicley Mai Elsie Osborn
- 12-Anna Catherine Pelly Osborn
- 12-George Ashby Arthur Osborn
- 11-Samuel Roland Pelly

Richard next married **Dora Isobel Carlile**,<sup>55,107</sup> daughter of **Col. Sir Edward Hildred Carlile 1st Bt.**<sup>104,107</sup> and **Isabella Hanbury**,<sup>107</sup> in 1906. Dora was born on 9 Sep 1878 and died on 14 May 1915 at age 36.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Cliff, Eastbourne in Eastbourne, East Sussex.

8-Edith Rachel Pelly<sup>65,93</sup> died on 2 Nov 1925.

Edith married **Rev. John Battersby-Harford**,<sup>65,93</sup> son of **Rev. Canon Thomas Dundas Harford-Battersby**<sup>50,65,93</sup> and **Mary Forbes**,<sup>65,93</sup> on 5 Oct 1887. John was born in 1857 in Keswick, Cumbria and died on 7 Jan 1937 at age 80. They had four children: **Henry Dundas, Mary Katharine, Winifred Maud**, and **John Victor**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canon of Ripon Cathedral in Ripon, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in The Crescent, Ripon, Yorkshire.
  - 9-**Henry Dundas Battersby-Harford**<sup>65,93,108</sup> was born in 1888 and died in 1955 in India at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Teacher and Missionary in India.

Henry married **Agnes Phipps**.

- 9-Mary Katharine Battersby-Harford<sup>65,93</sup> was born in 1890.
- 9-Winifred Maud Battersby-Harford
- 9-John Victor Battersby-Harford<sup>65,93</sup> was born in 1897.
- 8-Alice Maud Pelly died on 10 Aug 1958.

Alice married Rev. Henry Theodore Cavell on 28 Sep 1897. Henry died in 1914.

8-Herbert Cecil Pelly was born on 27 Nov 1860 and died on 4 May 1935 at age 74.

Herbert married Mary Richenda Carter. They had four children: Gwynneth Mary, Humphrey Richard, Gilbert Cecil, and Kenneth Raymond.

9-Gwynneth Mary Pelly died on 18 Feb 1963.

Gwynneth married John Keble Guy. They had one daughter: Richenda Mary.

- 10-Richenda Mary Guy
- 9-Humphrey Richard Pelly was born on 31 Jul 1886 and died on 9 May 1955 at age 68.

Humphrey married **Barbara Vidal Scrutton**, daughter of **Frederick Scrutton** and **Maude Cunliffe Vidal**, on 8 Feb 1916 in Nutfield, Reigate, Surrey. Barbara was born on 1 Jan 1895 in Redhill, Reigate, Surrey and died on 17 Jun 1965 at age 70. They had two children: **Diana** and **Juliet**.

#### 10-Diana Pelly

Diana married Robert Arthur Byas Sheppard, son of Gerald Arthur Sheppard.

10-Juliet Pelly was born on 28 Jan 1920 and died on 12 Apr 2017 at age 97.

Juliet married Maj. George Ian Bray on 8 Oct 1946. George was born in 1918 and died in 1985 at age 67. They had two children: Rose Elizabeth and Annabel Lucy.

- 11-Rose Elizabeth Bray
- 11-Annabel Lucy Bray
- 9-Capt. Gilbert Cecil Pelly was born on 26 Jul 1892 and died on 23 Feb 1961 at age 68.

Gilbert married Constance Margery Glazebrook, daughter of Frederick Edward De Tweenbrook Glazebrook, on 15 Jan 1921. Constance died on 16 Mar 1952. They had three children: David Cecil, John Kenneth, and Peter Jeremy.

10-Lt. Cmdr. David Cecil Pelly

David married Angela Mary Gandell, daughter of Capt. Wildrid Pearse Gandell. They had five children: Richard Cecil, Nicholas John, Patrick David, Alexandra Helen, and Gilbert Ralph.

#### 11-Cmdre. Richard Cecil Pelly

Richard married Fleur Veronica Proctor, daughter of John Desmond Proctor. They had three children: Cecile, Victoria Clare, and Jonathan Henry.

- 12-Cecile Pelly
- 12-Victoria Clare Pelly
- 12-Jonathan Henry Pelly

### 11-Nicholas John Pelly

Nicholas married Elaine Margaret Illingworth, daughter of George G. Illingworth. They had two children: Alistair George and Catriona Marie.

- 12-Alistair George Pelly
- 12-Catriona Marie Pelly

Nicholas next married Sally Odell, daughter of Jack Odell. They had one son: James David.

12-James David Pelly

## 11-Patrick David Pelly

Patrick married Margaret Julie Gray, daughter of Scott Gray. They had two children: Ralph Jonathan and Christopher Scott.

- 12-Ralph Jonathan Pelly
- 12-Christopher Scott Pelly

#### 11-Alexandra Helen Pelly

Alexandra married Ian Mark Mclaren Pearson, son of Malcolm J. S. Pearson. They had two children: Hamish James Mclaren and Katherine Rose Mclaren.

- 12-Hamish James Mclaren Pearson
- 12-Katherine Rose Mclaren Pearson

## 11-Gilbert Ralph Pelly

Gilbert married Jane Anna Bagley, daughter of John Bagley.

#### 10-John Kenneth Pelly

John married Joan Campbell Fraser, daughter of John Campbell Fraser. They had three children: David Fraser, Elizabeth Gail, and Brian Gordon.

## 11-David Fraser Pelly

David married Sara Lynn Nicholson, daughter of Alan Nicholson.

David next married Laurie McGinnis, daughter of Joseph McGinnis.

#### 11-Elizabeth Gail Pelly

Elizabeth married John David Henry. They had three children: Kimberley Beth, Robyn Lynn, and Laura Louise.

- 12-Kimberley Beth Henry
- 12-Robyn Lynn Henry
- 12-Laura Louise Henry
- 11-Brian Gordon Pelly

Brian married Lynn Dorothy Pearson, daughter of Russell Henry Pearson. They had three children: Heather Kathryn, Kyle Russell John, and Coleen Leslie.

- 12-Heather Kathryn Pelly
- 12-Kyle Russell John Pelly
- 12-Coleen Leslie Pelly

## 10-Peter Jeremy Pelly

Peter married Dorothy Joan Hill, daughter of Capt. Thomas William Robert Hill. They had five children: Lindsay Madeleine, Anthony John, Elizabeth Joanna Clare, Nicolette Jane, and Ann Catherine.

11-Lindsay Madeleine Pelly

Lindsay married Peter St. L. Kyrke-Smith. They had four children: Laura Elizabeth, Hannah Sarah, Rebecca Lucy, and George Henry.

- 12-Laura Elizabeth Kyrke-Smith
- 12-Hannah Sarah Kyrke-Smith
- 12-Rebecca Lucy Kyrke-Smith
- 12-George Henry Kyrke-Smith
- 11-Anthony John Pelly

Anthony married Jane Chisholm Hair, daughter of Noel Hair. They had three children: Stephen Nicholas James, David Samuel Henry, and Joanna Elizabeth Chisholm.

- 12-Stephen Nicholas James Pelly
- 12-David Samuel Henry Pelly
- 12-Joanna Elizabeth Chisholm Pelly
- 11-Elizabeth Joanna Clare Pelly

Elizabeth married **Anthony John Fielding**. They had two children: **Molly Alexandra** and **Leo Anthony**.

- 12-Molly Alexandra Fielding
- 12-Leo Anthony Fielding

Elizabeth next married Adrian Portlock.

11-Nicolette Jane Pelly

Nicolette married Giovanni Jocolt. They had one son: Joshua.

#### 12-Joshua Jocolt

## 11-Ann Catherine Pelly

9-Sir Kenneth Raymond Pelly was born on 9 Nov 1893 and died on 30 Sep 1973 at age 79.

Kenneth married **Elspeth Norma Grant**, daughter of **Robert Campbell Grant** and **Beatrice Pelly**, on 15 Oct 1919. Elspeth was born in 1891 and died in 1978 at age 87. They had two children: **Ursula Elspeth** and **Andrew Desmond**.

## 10-Ursula Elspeth Pelly

Ursula married Robert George Malloch Brown, son of Robert W. Malloch Brown. They had one son: George Mark.

### 11-George Mark Brown

George married Patricia Anne Cronam. They had two children: Maddison Jane and Iabel Anne.

- 12-Maddison Jane Brown
- 12-**Iabel Anne Brown**

10-Andrew Desmond Pelly was born on 28 Aug 1923 and died on 9 Feb 2015 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DFC.

Andrew married Nancye Jean Tatham, daughter of Lt. Col. Eric Tilyer Tatham and Hon. Lettice Theresa Digby. They had four children: Angela Pauline, Ian Raymond, Christine Mary, and Fiona Elizabeth.

#### 11-Angela Pauline Pelly

Angela married **Douglas F. Wentzel**. They had three children: **Karla Juli-Anne, Alexandra Korin**, and **Kristian Douglas Andrew**.

- 12-Karla Juli-Anne Wentzel
- 12-Alexandra Korin Wentzel
- 12-Kristian Douglas Andrew Wentzel

## 11-Ian Raymond Pelly

Ian married Alana Murray.

#### 11-Christine Mary Pelly

Christine married Col. Timothy Cross. They had three children: Alexander Leigh, Gemma Charlotte, and Stephen David.

- 12-Alexander Leigh Cross
- 12-Gemma Charlotte Cross
- 12-Stephen David Cross
- 11-Fiona Elizabeth Pelly

8-Alfred Digby Pelly<sup>93</sup> was born on 7 Sep 1862 and died on 20 Jan 1940 at age 77.

Alfred married **Evelyn Sophia Harford**, adughter of **Rev. Canon Edward John Harford** and **Gertrude Emma Bridges**, on 5 Apr 1899. Evelyn died on 27 Mar 1970. They had two children: **Violet Evelyn** and **Richard Edward**.

9-Violet Evelyn Pelly was born on 11 Jun 1900 and died in 1996 at age 96.

Violet married Henry De Ruvigny Marquess De Ruvigny in Feb 1923. Henry was born on 22 Oct 1896 and died on 10 May 1941 at age 44. They had one son: Michael Francis Wriothesley.

10-Michael Francis Wriothesley De Ruvigny Marquess de Ruvigny was born on 11 Feb 1927 and died on 11 Oct 2016 in Eastbourne, East Sussex at age 89.

Michael married Patricia Kirkpatrick Pile. They had two children: Rupert Francis James Henry and Rachel Anne.

### 11-Rupert Francis James Henry De Ruvigny

Rupert married Kumudini Nelun Ratnatunga. They had one daughter: Anabelle.

12-Anabelle De Ruvigny

#### 11-Rachel Anne De Ruvigny

Rachel married Philip Alan Rubery. They had two children: Georgina Rachel Eugenie and Henry Philip Michael Nicholas.

- 12-Georgina Rachel Eugenie Rubery
- 12-Henry Philip Michael Nicholas Rubery
- 9-Richard Edward Pelly was born on 29 May 1905 and died on 28 Nov 2002 at age 97.

Richard married Diana Marthe Desgrand Mitchell on 21 Apr 1941. Diana died in 1991. They had two children: Louise Sophia and Harriet Elizabeth Annabel.

#### 10-Louise Sophia Pelly

Louise married someone. She had one daughter: Alexandra Caroline Diana.

- 11-Alexandra Caroline Diana Pelly
- 10-Harriet Elizabeth Annabel Pelly
- 8-Admiral Sir Henry Bertram Pelly was born on 9 Sep 1867 and died on 27 Dec 1942 at age 75.

Henry married Lilian Katherine Hawkshaw Vincent, daughter of Rev. Sir William Vincent 12th Bt. and Hester Clara Hawkshaw, on 14 Dec 1904. Lilian was born in 1883 and died on 20 Sep 1966 at age 83. They had four children: Esterel Alice Muriel, Douglas Charles Vincent, Andrea Evelyn, and Adrian Vincent.

9-Esterel Alice Muriel Pelly was born on 12 Jan 1906 and died on 30 Apr 1997 at age 91.

Esterel married **Brig. Philip Reginald Antrobus**, son of **Sir Reginald Laurence Antrobus**, on 7 Nov 1928. Philip died in 1986.

9-Douglas Charles Vincent Pelly was born on 24 Jun 1908 and died on 3 Oct 2001 at age 93.

Douglas married Catherine Lorraine Conran, daughter of Edwyn Conran. They had four children: Anne Lorraine, Gillian Esme, Catherine Elizabeth, and Douglas Edwayn Vincent.

#### 10-Anne Lorraine Pelly

Anne married Lachlan Nicholas Ferrar Forbes, son of Lachlan Maxwell Forbes. They had two children: Lachlan Pelly Ferrar and Angus Maxwell.

### 11-Lachlan Pelly Ferrar Forbes

Lachlan married Melanie Knights.	They had one son: <b>Lachlan</b> .
12-Lachlan Forbes	
11-Angus Maxwell Forbes	

## 10-Gillian Esme Pelly

Gillian married Timothy C. Caffell. They had one daughter: Anna Margaret Juliet.

11-Anna Margaret Juliet Caffell

Angus married Anne Kathrin Neumann.

## 10-Catherine Elizabeth Pelly

Catherine married Simon Maxwell. They had three children: Daniel, Oliver, and Dominic.

- 11-Daniel Maxwell
- 11-Oliver Maxwell
- 11-Dominic Maxwell

## 10-Douglas Edwayn Vincent Pelly

Douglas married Susan Margaret Hards. They had three children: Jessica, Samantha, and Matthew James.

- 11-Jessica Pelly
- 11-Samantha Pelly
- 11-Matthew James Pelly

9-Andrea Evelyn Pelly was born on 8 Aug 1917 and died on 23 Apr 1991 at age 73.

Andrea married Rev. John Algernon Peyton Hoskyns, son of Oswald Peyton Latham Hoskyns and Evelyn Mary Blacklock.

9-Adrian Vincent Pelly

Adrian married **Margaret Esterel Lambert**.

8-Frederick Raymond Pelly was born on 11 Aug 1869 and died on 16 Oct 1940 at age 71.

Frederick married Beatrice Alice Radcliffe, daughter of Rev. Arthur Henry Delme Radcliffe.

- 6-Louisa Reynolds<sup>1,4,76</sup> was born on 2 Jul 1806 in Carshalton, Surrey and died in 1865 at age 59.
- 6-Maria Elizabeth Reynolds<sup>1,4,76</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1808 in Carshalton, Surrey and died in 1827 at age 19.

General Notes: Also given as Mary by Foster but in error.

6-Emma Reynolds<sup>1,4,76</sup> was born on 3 Jan 1810 in Carshalton, Surrey and died on 24 Mar 1854 at age 44.

Emma married **Richard Fry**, <sup>76</sup> son of **William Fry**<sup>4,29,109</sup> and **Elizabeth Sybilla Bowser**, <sup>4</sup> on 28 Feb 1837 in Dorking, Surrey. Richard was born on 17 Nov 1807 in Upton, Essex and died on 12 Nov 1870 at age 62. They had three children: **Agatha Maria, Richard William**, and **Caroline Emma**.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Tea Broker.
  - 7-Agatha Maria Fry<sup>72,76</sup> was born about 1840 in Birkenhead, Cheshire.

Agatha married **Frank Newton Streatfeild**,<sup>72,76</sup> son of **Rev. William Champion Streatfeild**<sup>33</sup> and **Hannah Fry**,<sup>33</sup> on 2 Jun 1864 in Mitcham, Surrey. Frank was born on 2 Feb 1843 in Charts Edge, Westerham, Kent and died on 23 Jan 1916 in Hever Cottage, Edenbridge, Kent at age 72. They had five children: **Guy Edward, Richard Alexander, Frank Cyril, Evelyn Agatha**, and **Evelyn Agatha Gatayana**.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was awarded with CMG.
- He worked as a Commandant of Levies, South Africa War in 1877-1879 in South Africa.
- He worked as a Resident Magistrate in 1878-1884 in Transkei, South Africa.
- He worked as a Commissioner in 1887-1889 in British Bechuanaland.

8-**Guy Edward Streatfeild**<sup>76</sup> was born on 8 May 1865 in Edenbridge, Kent and died on 31 Dec 1897 in 12 King Street, Portman Square, London at age 32. The cause of his death was Suicide by shooting.

General Notes: Dr. George Danford Thomas held an inquest, on January 6, at the Marylebone Coroner's Court on the body of Guy Edward Streatfield (aged 32), a stockjobber, lately residing at 12, King-street, Portman square, who committed suicide by shooting him-self with a revolver,—Mr, Frank Newton Streatfield (the father) stated that he last saw deceased, who was a bachelor, on Christmas Day, when he was looking very ill. He had suffered lately from delusions, one of them being that his family did not want to see him, and he had not, therefore, visited them as frequently as formerly. The deceased had never threatened his life but had written some letters that showed him to be so desponding that they feared he might do himself some injury. On Friday the witness received a telegram, in consequence of which he went to his son's place and heard he had been found dead. The deceased had often told him he was in great business trouble and had lost a great deal of money,—Frank S. Streatfield, a brother, stated that he and the deceased lived together. On Thursday night when the deceased went to bed he appeared to be much better than usual. The following morning at ten o'clock he got up and found the de-ceased was not up, so he went into his bedroom and saw him lying dead on the bed fully dressed. He called a doctor, and subsequently he saw a revolver which had been found,— The Coroner said that the deceased, in the letter he had written to his mother and father, practically acknowleged that he was going to take his life, and said he was sorry to give them so much trouble He stated that all had been good to him. — The jury returned a verdict of suicide while of unsound mind. Thames Star Vol XXX, Issue 8993, 15 February 1898

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Stockjobber in London.
- 8-Richard Alexander Streatfeild<sup>72,76</sup> was born on 22 Jun 1866 in Edenbridge, Kent, was christened on 20 Jul 1866 in Carshalton, Surrey, and died on 6 Feb 1919 in London at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Assistant in the Department of Printed Books, British Museum.
- He worked as a Musical antiquarian.
- He had a residence in 26 Great Ormond Street, London.
- 8-Frank Cyril Streatfeild<sup>76</sup> was born on 12 Apr 1869 in Croydon, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was baptized on 15 May 1869 in Mitcham, Surrey.
- He had a residence in 1897 in 12 King Street, Portman Square, London.
- 8-Evelyn Agatha Streatfeild was born in 1869.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was baptized on 15 May 1869 in Mitcham, Surrey.
- 8-Evelyn Agatha Gatayana Streatfeild<sup>65</sup> was born in 1884 in Cape Colony, South Africa and died in 1975 at age 91.

Evelyn married **Alexander McNeill Streatfeild-Moore**, son of **Alexander Edward Champion Streatfeild-Moore** and **Helen McNeill**, on 24 Oct 1916 in London. Alexander was born on 17 Oct 1863 in Westerham, Kent, was christened on 16 Nov 1863 in Westerham, Kent, and died on 30 Dec 1940 in Oakhanger Park, Shefford Woodlands, Newbury, Berkshire at age 77. They had two children: **Frank Alexander** and **Thomas Edward**.

9-Frank Alexander Streatfeild-Moore<sup>65</sup> was born in 1918 in Stow on the Wold, Gloucestershire.

Frank married **Joan Winifred Shipway** in 1943 in Newbury, Berkshire. Joan was born on 23 Dec 1912 and died in Sep 2001 in Winchester, Hampshire at age 88. They had three children: **Joanna E., Diana Evelyn**, and **John E. A.** 

10-Joanna E. Streatfeild-Moore

Joanna married Keith C. Kirby. They had one son: Gavin Charles.

- 11-Gavin Charles Kirby
- 10-Diana Evelyn Streatfeild-Moore
- 10-John E. A. Streatfeild-Moore

John married Ursula A. Whiston. They had two children: Tom Alexander and Emily Leonora N.

- 11-Tom Alexander Streatfeild-Moore
- 11-Emily Leonora N. Streatfeild-Moore

9-**Lieut. Thomas Edward Streatfeild-Moore**<sup>65</sup> was born on 21 Apr 1921 in Witney, Oxfordshire, died on 5 Aug 1945 in Trieste, Italy at age 24, and was buried in Udine War Cemetery, Udine, Italy. Grave III.B.12. The cause of his death was on Active Service in a road accident near Trieste.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charterhouse.
- He worked as an officer of the 3rd Battalion, Grenadier Guards.
- 7-**Richard William Fry**<sup>76</sup> was born on 24 Apr 1846 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Liverpool.
- 7-Caroline Emma Fry was born on 17 Oct 1850 in London.
- 5-**Deborah Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1776 and died in 1874 at age 98.
- 4-Susannah Reynolds<sup>1</sup> died on 25 Aug 1768 in St. Botolph's, Bishopsgate, London and was buried on 30 Aug 1768 in FBG Bunhill Fields, London. The cause of her death was Dropsy. Susannah married James Greenwood.<sup>1</sup> son of James Greenwood.<sup>10</sup> and Anna Brightwen.<sup>10</sup> on 2 Oct 1760. James was born on 17 Sep 1731 in Halstead, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Brazier in Norton Falgate, Essex.

4-James Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1739 in Croydon, Surrey and died in 1803 at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

· He worked as a Cloth maker.

James married **Ann Greenwood**, and **Greenwood** and **Mary Kilber**, on 9 Aug 1763. Ann was born in 1737 and died in 1800 at age 63. They had seven children: **James, Joseph, Henry, George, Richard**, and **John**.

5-James Reynolds<sup>1,2,4,111</sup> was born on 21 Aug 1764 in Coventry Street, Westminster, London and died on 14 Jul 1806 in Whitechapel High Street, London at age 41.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Wine Merchant in High Street, Whitechapel, London.

James married **Ann Dendy**, <sup>1,4,111</sup> daughter of **Charles Dendy** and **Martha**, on 19 Sep 1793 in Barking, Essex. Ann was born in 1767 and died on 3 Oct 1848 in Halstead, Essex at age 81. They had eight children: **Charles James, James, James, James, Mary Ann, Samuel, Edward**, and **John**.

General Notes: Ted Milligan gives Ann Greenwodd which is clearly wrong. Maree Posthuma gives Ann Skegg. This is puzzling

- 6-Charles James Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1794 and died in 1795 at age 1.
- 6-James Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 17 Jun 1795 in Whitechapel, London and died in 1876 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 81.
- 6-Jane Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1796 and died about 1810 about age 14.
- 6-George Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1798 and died in 1798.
- 6-Mary Ann Reynolds<sup>1,2,112,113,114</sup> was born on 25 Oct 1799 in Whitechapel, London and died on 18 Feb 1876 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 76.

Mary married **Josiah Neave**, son of **James N** 

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer & Miller in Bickton, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 7-Jane Reynolds Neave was born on 1 Aug 1825 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 12 Jul 1866 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 40.
- 7-Mary Ann Neave<sup>2,119</sup> was born on 19 Aug 1826 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 7 Apr 1909 in London (Tunbridge Wells also given in AM) at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She resided at No. 12 In Albert Road, Brighton, Sussex.
- 7-Josiah Reynolds Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 3 Oct 1827 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 22 Mar 1831 at age 3, and was buried on 27 Mar 1831 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 7-James Reynolds Neave<sup>2,112</sup> was born on 8 Dec 1828 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 30 Mar 1899 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commission Agent & Corn Miller in Upton House, Salisbury Road.

James married Jane Phelps, <sup>2,112</sup> daughter of Robert Phelps and Harriet, on 13 Aug 1853 in Victoria, Australia. Jane was born in 1832 in Ledbury, Herefordshire and died in 1894 at age 62. They had 13 children: Robert James, William Allen, Henry Edward, Charles, Alexander Francis Edward, Edith Jane, Alfred Ernest, Bernard, Agnes Stella, Louis Harold, Winifred Mary, Margaret, and Lilian Antoinette.

8-**Robert James Neave** was born on 8 Jul 1854 in Richmond, Victoria, Australia and died on 15 Apr 1934 in Inglenook, Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller in Criddlestyle, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Robert married **Marie Louise Mauger**, <sup>2</sup> daughter of **Mauger**, on 28 Aug 1888. Marie was born on 24 May 1866 and died on 6 Jul 1894 at age 28. They had three children: **Lawrence James, Claude Harold**, and **Doris Mildred**.

9-Lawrence James Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 24 Sep 1889 and died after 1950.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller.

Lawrence married Georgina Bennett.

- 9-Claude Harold Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 22 Jul 1891 and died on 30 Jun 1894 at age 2.
- 9-Doris Mildred Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 18 Mar 1893 in Totton, Hampshire and died in 1922 at age 29.

Doris married Barlow. They had one son: Derek Neave.

10-Derek Neave Barlow

8-William Allen Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 4 Jul 1856 in Richmond, Victoria, Australia and died on 1 Aug 1915 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master Corn Miller in Redbridge, Southampton, Hampshire.

William married Mary Lizzie Anderson. They had three children: Mary Stella, Allen Ashton Phelps, and Kathleen Emily.

9-Mary Stella Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 6 Feb 1883 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1977 at age 94.

Mary married Hugh John Turnley McIlveen. Hugh was born in 1880 and died in 1939 at age 59. They had one daughter: Joan.

10-**Joan McIlveen**<sup>2</sup> was born in 1912.

Joan married Edward Kenelm Williamson<sup>2</sup> in 1939. Edward was born in 1914. They had three children: James Andrew, John Kenelm, and George Alan.

11-James Andrew Williamson

James married Janet Mary Newbigin. They had two children: Nicholas James and Alexander John.

- 12-Nicholas James Williamson
- 12-Alexander John Williamson
- 11-John Kenelm Williamson

John married Joy Ann Barbara Gonsiordowski. They had one son: Christopher Kim Kenelm.

- 12-Christopher Kim Kenelm Williamson
- 11-George Alan Williamson

George married Rosemary E. Buchanon-Dunlop. They had three children: Oliver Richard, Robert Charles, and Sam Jonathan.

- 12-Oliver Richard Williamson
- 12-Robert Charles Williamson
- 12-Sam Jonathan Williamson
- 9-Allen Ashton Phelps Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 29 Aug 1886 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 22 Oct 1970 in 4 Princess Avenue, Christchurch, Hampshire at age 84.
- Allen married **Dora Margaret Tebbutt**<sup>2</sup> on 29 May 1916. Dora was born on 30 Nov 1880 and died on 27 Mar 1961 at age 80. They had one daughter: **Nancy Mary**.
  - 10-Nancy Mary Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 22 Feb 1918.
- 9-Kathleen Emily Neave<sup>2</sup> was born in 1895 in Millbrook, Hampshire.
- 8-Henry Edward Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 28 Mar 1858 in Richmond, Victoria, Australia and died on 7 Feb 1859.
- 8-Charles Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 16 Jan 1860 in Talbot, Victoria, Australia and died on 9 Jun 1928 in 233 Hinesman Road, Subraco, Western Australia at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Master Miller in Horse Port, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Charles married Elise Marie Mauger, daughter of Mauger, on 14 Oct 1885. Elise was born on 7 Dec 1861 in St. Martin, Guernsey, Channel Islands. They had 12 children: Elise Violet, Charles Victor, Elise Constance, Gladys Mauger, Hilda Phelps, Douglas Reynold, Sylvia Madeline, Theodore Harold, Cecil Henry, Gordon Harold, Godfrey Mauger, and Leslie.

- 9-Elise Violet Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 14 Feb 1887 and died on 6 Mar 1887.
- 9-Charles Victor Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 21 Jul 1888 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Elise Constance Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 10 Jul 1889 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 16 Jan 1977 in Royal Jubilee Hospital, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 87, and was buried on 19 Jan 1977 in St. Mary's Churchyard, Metchosin, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of her death was Cerebral thrombosis and generalised ateriosclerosis.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in British Columbia, Canada.
- She had a residence in 1977 in 3954 Cedar Hill Road, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

Elise married **George Beavan Middleton Gane**, son of **George Richard Gane** and **Mary Eliza Oaks**, on 20 Aug 1913 in Rock Creek, British Columbia, Canada. George was born on 4 Aug 1880 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 2 Aug 1944 in Kettle Valley, British Columbia, Canada at age 63. They had three children: **Victor Beavan Reynolds**, **Elise Beavan**, and **Theo**.

10-Victor Beavan Reynolds Gane was born on 11 Feb 1916 and died on 4 Mar 1965 in Gatooma, Zimbabwe at age 49.

Victor married **Doreen Malan**. Doreen was born on 16 Mar 1919 in Zimbabwe and died on 3 Apr 1994 at age 75. They had two children: **Beavan** and **Stella L.** 

- 11-Beavan Gane
- 11-Stella L. Gane

Stella married Prof. Ian Gordon Murray.

10-Elise Beavan Gane

Elise married Edward Underhill. They had three children: (No Given Name), Joan, and Nancy.

11-Underhill

#### 11-Joan Underhill

Joan married Steve Mann. They had three children: Elise, Colin, and Jordan.

- 12-Elise Mann
- 12-Colin Mann
- 12-Jordan Mann

#### 11-Nancy Underhill

Nancy married Alan Kristensen.

- 10-Theo Gane
- 9-Gladys Mauger Neave was born on 17 Nov 1890 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Hilda Phelps Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 24 Jan 1892 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Hilda married **Gregory**. They had no children.

- 9-**Douglas Reynold Neave**<sup>2</sup> was born on 19 Dec 1893 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Sylvia Madeline Neave<sup>2</sup> was born in 1895 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-**Theodore Harold Neave**<sup>2</sup> was born in 1899 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-Cecil Henry Neave<sup>2</sup> was born in 1900 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 9-**Gordon Harold Neave** was born in 1903 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.<sup>2</sup>
- 9-Godfrey Mauger Neave<sup>2</sup> was born in 1905 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Godfrey married Nell. They had one daughter: Dallas.

#### 10-Dallas Neave

Dallas married **Menzel**. They had one daughter: **Cindy Elise**.

11-Cindy Elise Menzel

- 9-Leslie Neave
- 8-Alexander Francis Edward Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1862 in Victoria, Australia and died in 1947 at age 85.

Alexander married **Bella Mincher**. They had one son: **Albert Edward**.

- 9-Albert Edward Neave
- 8-Edith Jane Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 14 Apr 1865 in McCallum's Creek, Victoria, Australia and died in 1946 at age 81.

Edith married **Adolphus Quertier**, <sup>2,120</sup> son of **Hellier Quertier** and **Marie Le Page**, on 26 Nov 1891. Adolphus was born on 18 Nov 1849 and died on 10 Dec 1896 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 47. They had three children: **Violet Neave**, **Marie Phelps**, and **Donald Neave**.

9-Violet Neave Quertier<sup>2</sup> was born on 13 Feb 1893 and died in 1980 at age 87.

Violet married Kennedy Bateman. They had four children: John, Joan, June, and Jennifer.
10-John Bateman <sup>2</sup> was born in 1919.
John married Wilhelmina Noble. They had one daughter: Sheila.
11-Sheila Bateman
Sheila married John Bacopulos. They had three children: Sarah, Jessica, and Stephanie.
12-Sarah Bacopulos
12-Jessica Bacopulos
12-Stephanie Bacopulos
10-Joan Bateman
10-June Bateman
June married David Steele. They had three children: Graham, Duncan, and Nigel.
11-Graham Steele
Graham married <b>Jacqueline Hocking</b> . They had two children: <b>Jeremy</b> and <b>Peter</b> .
12-Jeremy Steele
12-Peter Steele
11-Duncan Steele
11-Nigel Steele
Nigel married Gillian Dallinger. They had two children: Emma Katharine and Samantha Natalie.
12-Emma Katharine Steele
12-Samantha Natalie Steele
10-Jennifer Bateman
9-Marie Phelps Quertier <sup>2</sup> was born on 11 Jul 1894.
Marie married <b>Hubert Woods</b> .
9- <b>Donald Neave Quertier</b> <sup>2,112</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1896 and died in 1964 at age 68.
Donald married Molly Richards. They had three children: Jill, Jacqueline, and Priscilla.
10-Jill Quertier
Jill married John Huxtable.
10-Jacqueline Quertier
Jacqueline married <b>Desmond Clem-Murphy</b> . They had four children: <b>Stephen, Rachel, Tadje</b> , and <b>Jason</b> .

11-Stephen Clem-Murphy
11-Rachel Clem-Murphy
11-Tadje Clem-Murphy
11-Jason Clem-Murphy
10-Priscilla Quertier
Priscilla married Barry Ault. They had three children: Samantha, Stephen, and Tracy.
11-Samantha Ault
11-Stephen Ault
11-Tracy Ault
8-Alfred Ernest Neave <sup>2</sup> was born on 30 Nov 1867 in McCallum's Creek, Victoria, Australia.
Noted events in his life were:
• He worked as a Miller's traveller.
8-Bernard Neave <sup>2</sup> was born on 28 Aug 1869 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1932 at age 63. He had no known marriage and no known children.
Noted events in his life were:
• He worked as a Flour milling engineer.
• He resided at Woodcroft Cottage in Sandle Heath.
8-Agnes Stella Neave was born on 25 Jan 1871.
8-Louis Harold Neave <sup>2</sup> was born on 5 Feb 1872 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 29 Oct 1932 in (1930 Also Given) at age 60.
Noted events in his life were:
• He worked as a Gold prospector in Cauvery Erode, Salem district, Southern India.
Louis married <b>Katherine</b> .
8-Winifred Mary Neave <sup>2</sup> was born on 28 Jan 1875 and died in 1947 at age 72.
Winifred married Frank Cochrane. They had five children: Marion, Barbara, Joyce, Fanny, and Francis Henry.
9-Marion Cochrane
Marion married George Sample. They had two children: Michael and Susan.
10-Michael Sample
Michael married Anne.

10-Susan Sample

9-Barbara Cochrane

#### 9-Joyce Cochrane

#### 9-Fanny Cochrane

Fanny married **D. Shaw**. They had two children: **Valerie** and **Simon**.

#### 10-Valerie Shaw

Valerie married Hornsey. They had three children: Heather, Carol, and Peter.

- 11-Heather Hornsey
- 11-Carol Hornsey
- 11-Peter Hornsey

#### 10-Simon Shaw

Simon married **Lee**. They had one daughter: **Alexandra**.

11-Alexandra Shaw

#### 9-Francis Henry Cochrane

Francis married Cecily Oliver. They had four children: Jill, Richard, Bryan, and Philip H.

10-Jill Cochrane

Jill married Roy Green.

- 10-Richard Cochrane
- 10-Bryan Cochrane
- 10-**Philip H. Cochrane**<sup>2</sup> was born in 1955 and died in 1980 at age 25.
- 8-Margaret Neave was born in 1876.<sup>2</sup>
- 8-Lilian Antoinette Neave<sup>2,112</sup> was born on 4 Feb 1877 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 26 Jul 1925 in 45 Woodstocvk Road, Witney at age 48.

Lilian married **Richard Gundry Neave**, 2,112 son of **Edward Gundry Neave** 4,75,92,102,112,121 and **Mary Ann Boyce Clark**, 4,102,121 in 1903 in Basingstoke, Hampshire. Richard was born on 5 Aug 1872 in Leiston, Suffolk, died on 15 Nov 1970 in 2 Minden Drive, Leiston, Suffolk at age 98, and was buried in FBG Leiston Cum Sizewell, Suffolk. They had two children: **Lilian Mary** and **Edith Bertha**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chemist.
  - 9-Lilian Mary Neave<sup>2,112</sup> was born on 13 Oct 1904 and died on 21 Apr 1987 at age 82.
  - 9-Edith Bertha Neave<sup>2,112</sup> was born in 1910 and died on 6 May 1958 in Hoades Court Farmhouse, Sturry, Kent at age 48.
- 7-William Reynolds Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 7 Jan 1830 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 2 Nov 1903 in Bickton, Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Miller & farmer in Bickton Mills, Hampshire.

William married **Elizabeth Anne Capper**,<sup>2</sup> daughter of **Jasper Capper**<sup>4,32,61,122,123</sup> and **Mary Cawthorne**,<sup>4,32,122,123</sup> on 8 May 1856 in FMH Fordingbridge. Elizabeth was born on 3 Apr 1822 in City Road, London (4 March also given) and died on 12 Apr 1892 at age 70.

William next married **Margaret Elizabeth Young**. Margaret was born in 1868 in Chetwynd, Shropshire and died on 15 Apr 1935 in 33 Charlton Road, Wantage, Berkshire at age 67. They had one son: **William Young**.

8-William Young Neave was born on 7 Dec 1900 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 22 Aug 1978 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Electrical engineer.

William married **Annie May Dyer**<sup>2</sup> on 2 Dec 1939. Annie was born on 3 May 1904. They had one son: **Andrew William**.

9-Andrew William Neave

Andrew married Audrey Josephine Holder. They had four children: Elizabeth Ann, Richard Andrew, Jonathan Anthony, and Caroline Alison.

- 10-Elizabeth Ann Neave
- 10-Richard Andrew Neave
- 10-Jonathan Anthony Neave
- 10-Caroline Alison Neave

7-**Ellen Reynolds Neave**<sup>2,28,124</sup> was born on 18 May 1831 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 30 Sep 1881 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 50, and was buried on 4 Oct 1881 in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Ellen married **Dr. Thomas Beaven Rake**, 2,28,52,124,125,126 son of **Beaven Rake** and **Fanny Stansfield**, 2,126,127 on 23 Jul 1857 in FMH Fordingbridge. Thomas was born on 25 Apr 1826 in Shaftesbury, Dorset, died on 10 Aug 1894 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire (AM gives 11th) at age 68, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire. They had 11 children: **Beaven Neave, Ellen Mary, Stansfield Reynolds, Aubrey William, Herbert Vaughan, Sidney Beaven, Eustace Cooper, Alfred Theodore, Aimée Constance, Francis Stansfield, and Beatrice Ellen.** 

General Notes: THOMAS BEAVEN RAKE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Law of Property Amendment Act. 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Thomas Beaven Bake, late of Fordingbridge, Hants, Surgeon (who died at Fordingbridge aforesaid, on the 10th August, 1894, and whose will was proved by Robert Horne Penney, of Brighton, Sussex, Shipowner, Aubrey William Rake, of 22, Chancery-lane, London, Solicitor, Herbert Vaughan Rake, Surgeon, and Sidney Beaven Rake, Inspector of Advertisements, both of Fordingbridge aforesaid, and Alfred Theodore Rake, of 13, Shakespeare-road, Herne Hill, Surrey, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, in the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice, on the 29th October, 1894), are required to send the particulars thereof to the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said executors, on or before the 10th day of December, 1894; after which date the latter will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having

regard only to the claims or demands of which the executors have then notice; and the executors will not be liable for the assets, so distributed, to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not have had notice at the time of distribution.— Dated this 7th day of

November, 1894.

HOWE and RAKE, 22, Chancery-lane, London, Solicitors.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.

8-**Dr. Beaven Neave Rake**<sup>112</sup> was born on 28 Apr 1858 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 24 Aug 1894 in Le Chalet Mucurapo, Trinidad, West Indies at age 36. The cause of his death was Yellow Fever.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

- He had a residence in The Old House, Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He had a residence in Le Chalet Mucurapo, Trinidad, West Indies.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He worked as a Director of the Leper Hospital in Port of Spain, Trinidad, West Indies.

Beaven married **Margaret Crawford**<sup>112</sup> on 20 May 1884 in Port of Spain, Trinidad, West Indies. Margaret was born in 1861 and died in 1924 at age 63. They had four children: **Beaven Crawford**, **Eustace Olpherts, Ormod Elsa**, and **Theodore Stansfield**.

9-Beaven Crawford Rake<sup>112</sup> was born on 11 Apr 1885 and died in 1948 at age 63.

Beaven married Kathleen Farrell.

- 9-Eustace Olpherts Rake<sup>112</sup> was born on 5 Jul 1886 and died in 1960 at age 74.
- 9-**Ormod Elsa Rake**<sup>112</sup> was born on 5 Oct 1887 and died in May 1888.
- 9-**Theodore Stansfield Rake**<sup>112</sup> was born on 23 Dec 1888 and died in 1917 at age 29.
- 8-Ellen Mary Rake<sup>112,124</sup> was born in 1859 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 4 Aug 1862 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 3.
- 8-Stansfield Reynolds Rake<sup>52,112,129</sup> was born on 30 Sep 1860 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 12 Feb 1888 in Auckland, New Zealand at age 27.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1872-1876 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Kauri-gum manufacturer in Auckland, New Zealand.

Stansfield married **Sarah Jane Smith**.

8-Aubrey William Rake<sup>112,129</sup> was born on 3 Aug 1862 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1934 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1874-1878 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Solicitor in Basinghall Street, London.
- He resided at 45 Philbeach Gardens in 1934 in Earls Court, London.

Aubrey married Sophia Adams.

8-Dr. Herbert Vaughan Rake<sup>112,129</sup> was born on 29 May 1864 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 10 Apr 1925 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 60.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS LSA.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1877-1880 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He resided at The Old House in 1925 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Herbert married **Emma Louisa Shannon**<sup>112,129</sup> on 30 Aug 1888. Emma was born in 1861 in Ireland and died in 1899 at age 38. They had six children: **Dorothy Anne, Herbert Thomas Shannon, Francis Beaven, Louis Stansfield Reynolds, Marjorie Eileen**, and **Cicely Louise Vaughan**.

- 9-**Dorothy Anne Rake**<sup>112</sup> was born on 3 Jun 1889 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 22 Mar 1942 in Sturminster, Dorset at age 52.
- 9-Herbert Thomas Shannon Rake<sup>112</sup> was born on 4 Jan 1891 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 18 Dec 1951 in Christchurch, Hampshire at age 60.

Herbert married **Margaret Emily Elizabeth Hussey**. Margaret was born in 1896 and died in 1948 at age 52. They had three children: **Derek Shannon Vaughan**, **Margaret Winifred L.**, and **Dorothy Jean**.

- 10-Derek Shannon Vaughan Rake
- 10-Margaret Winifred L. Rake
- 10-Dorothy Jean Rake
- 9-Francis Beaven Rake<sup>112</sup> was born on 22 Sep 1892 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 7 Dec 1948 in Dorset at age 56.
- 9-Louis Stansfield Reynolds Rake<sup>112</sup> was born on 29 Sep 1894 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 25 Oct 1932 in Dorset at age 38.
- 9-Marjorie Eileen Rake<sup>112</sup> was born in 1896 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1974 at age 78.

Marjorie married **John Dow**.

9-Cicely Louise Vaughan Rake<sup>112</sup> was born in 1899 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 25 May 1937 in Dorset at age 38.

Herbert next married **Rosemary Satchell**<sup>129</sup> in 1900. Rosemary was born on 8 Oct 1865 in London and died on 25 Jan 1944 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 78. They had three children: **John Satchell, Geoffrey William**, and **Alfred Mordey**.

9-**Dr. John Satchell Rake**<sup>129</sup> was born on 27 Aug 1901 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in Jun 1986 in Canterbury, Kent at age 84.

John married Violette Amelie Vivat. Violette died in 1981.

9-Dr. Geoffrey William Rake<sup>129</sup> was born on 18 Oct 1904 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1958 at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to America in 1928.

Geoffrey married **Orpha May McNutt**, daughter of **Harry Havelock McNutt** and **Flora Tupper**, on 1 Jul 1932 in Lower Truro, Colchester, Nova Scotia, Canada and died in 1963 at age 70. They had one son: **Adrian Vaughan**.

10-Dr. Adrian Vaughan Rake was born on 27 Mar 1934 in New York, New York, USA and died on 13 Nov 2010 in St. Croix, US Virgin Islands at age 76.

General Notes: Dr. Adrian V. Rake, who came to Saint Croix in 1989 as part of the relief effort following the devastating Hurricane Hugo, died Saturday morning at Gov. Juan F. Luis Hospital. Dr. Rake, who was 76, was a researcher and teacher in biology and related disciplines over four decades. Following U.S. Army service, Dr. Rake used the GI Bill to attend Swarthmore College and the University of Pennsylvania, where he received his doctoral degree. In 1975, Dr. Rake was hired at the then-new Biology Department at Wright State University in Dayton, Ohio, where he mentored dozens of undergraduate and graduate students, many of whom have gone on to do important research and medicine around the world. He was a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Dr. Rake, who received an additional degree and certification as a registered nurse while teaching at Pennsylvania State University in the early 1970s, was a volunteer with the International Red Cross. He and wife, Constance, provided assistance after natural disasters throughout the United States, and Rake also served in the war-torn nation of Chad, in Central Africa, in the 1980s. Adrian, known as "Dean" to his family, and Constance came to Saint Croix to provide similar medical and social services for the Red Cross after Hurricane Hugo. They immediately fell in love with the Virgin Islands and its people and made Saint Croix their adopted second home. Following the death of Constance in 1997, Dr. Rake relocated permanently to the island. He re-met and married a high school friend, Felicia Gomes, in 2006, and both of them made their home near Great Pond until Felicia's death late last year. Dr. Rake suffered several medical setbacks this year following Felicia's death. He is survived by his sons: Kirk, who is a Saint Croix resident, and Launce, who lives in Las Vegas, Nev.; daughter, Elizabeth Swedburg, of Tampa, Fla.; three sisters and two brothers.

Tax-deductible contributions in Dr. Rake's name can be made to the Wright State University Foundation, School of Science and Mathematics, at WSU Foundation, 3640 Colonel Glenn Hwy.,

Dayton, Ohio 45435 or online at wright.edu/cgi-bin/wsufoundation/gift/give.cgi.

Adrian married **Constance Anne Clark**. Constance was born on 17 Apr 1935 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 10 Nov 1998 in Springfield, Ohio, USA at age 63. They had three children: **Kirk, Launce**, and **Elizabeth**.

- 11-Kirk Rake
- 11-Launce Rake
- 11-Elizabeth Rake

Adrian next married Felicia Gomez in 2006.

Geoffrey next married Helen Palmer Jones. Helen was born on 6 Aug 1916 in Media, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 17 Dec 1999 in Portland, Oregon, USA at age 83.

- 9-Alfred Mordey Rake was born on 27 Mar 1906 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1978 in Exeter, Devon at age 72.
- 8-Sidney Beaven Rake<sup>112,129,130</sup> was born on 2 Dec 1865 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1951 at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1878-1882 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Inspector of Advertisements in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He resided at Oaklands in 1935 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 8-**Eustace Cooper Rake**<sup>112,125,129</sup> was born on 13 Mar 1867 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 3 Jun 1885 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 18. The cause of his death was From injuries sustained in a cycling accident. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1879-1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-Dr. Alfred Theodore Rake<sup>112</sup> was born on 6 Mar 1869 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1946 in Surrey at age 77.

General Notes: Papers of Alfred Theodore Rake comprising including fourteen testimonials to Rake's character and ability from staff of Guy's Hospital Medical School, relating to application for post of pathologist and registrar, Shadwell Hospital, Feb 1894; print of Rake's crest and coat of arms; eighteen certificates including Guy's Hospital Medical School certificates for the open scholarship in science, Sep 1887; first place on list of candidates who obtained honours at the examination of First Years students and was awarded and exhibition of £25, [1888]; first place on list of candidates who obtained honours at the examination of second year students and the award of an exhibition of £25, Jul 1889; first place on list of candidates for honours in third year examinations, and exhibition of £25, Jun 1890; first in list of candidates who obtained honours in the exam of fourth year students, and exhibition of £17.10 [1891]; the Michael Harris Prize in Anatomy, Jul 1889; Sands Cox Scholarship, Jul 1889; Golding Bird Prize and Gold Medal for Surgical diagnosis, Jul 1891; proxime accessit for the treasurers Gold Medal in Medicine, Jul 1892; and University of London certificates of honour as fourth in the list of candidates who obtained honours in Obstetric Medicine at the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Medicine, 1891, and placed in the second class, 16 Dec 1891; ninth in the list of candidates who obtained honour in Medicine at the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Medicine, 1891 and placed in the second class, 16 Dec 1891; thirteenth in the list of candidates who obtained honours in Forensic Medicine at the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Medicine, 1891 and placed in the third class, 27 Jan 1892; Bachelor of Surgery, First Division, Dec 1891; Degree of Bachelor of Surgery, 16 Dec 1891; Bachelor of Medicine, First Division, Nov 1891; Degree of Bachelor of Medicine, 25 Nov 1891.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BS FRCS.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1880-1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He worked as a Bibliophile.
- He had a residence in 13 Shakespeare Road, Herne Hill, Surrey.

- 8-Aimée Constance Rake<sup>112</sup> was born on 9 Dec 1870 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 8-Francis Stansfield Rake<sup>112</sup> was born in 1872 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in Died in Infancy.
- 8-Beatrice Ellen Rake<sup>112</sup> was born on 30 Aug 1873 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 7-Hannah Sophia Neave<sup>2,4,131</sup> was born on 16 Nov 1832 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 22 Feb 1857 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 24, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

Hannah married **Thomas Westlake**, <sup>2,4,113,131,132,133</sup> son of **William Colson Westlake** <sup>4,38</sup> and **Mary Thompson**, <sup>4,38,134</sup> on 15 Jun 1854 in FMH Fordingbridge. Thomas was born on 8 Oct 1826 in Southampton, Hampshire, died on 23 Jan 1892 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 65, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire. The cause of his death was Influenza. They had one son: **Ernest**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Isaac Brown's school in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.
- He had a residence in 1844 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Sail cloth manufacturer. Business partner with his uncle, Samuel in 1844 in Southampton, Hampshire.
  - 8-Ernest Westlake<sup>2,135</sup> was born on 16 Nov 1855 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 29 Nov 1922 at age 67, and was buried in Woodling Point, Godshill, Isle of Wight, Hampshire.

General Notes: The Forest School: 1929-38

Much of the rottenness of modern life arises from the fact that civilisation has, from the point of-view of youth, made everything 'too damned comfortable'. Dr Ernest Westlake, The Future Mirrored in the Past, 1921

A few miles east of Fordingbridge, skirting the Hampshire New Forest, and cloaked in a mantle of soaring Scots pines, there rise a number of curious, round prominence: mounds of earth packed around cores of ironstone. These are the Sandy Balls, a collective name they have carried at least since the seventeenth century. But the mounds also have individual names, and one, Woodling Point, bears a grave.

It is a curious grave. There is no stone. Stone would look out of place among the pine and bracken. Instead, there is a wooden fence, knee-high, and a neat carved board, covered with a sloping roof and carrying a Greek inscription from Sappho's 'Ode to the Even Star'.

THETA EPSILON RHO EPSILON IOTA SIGMA -space- MU ALPHA TAU EPSILON RHO IOTA -space- PI ALPHA IOTA DELTA ALPHA

Here,

on Woodling Point,

overlooking his native town,

lies the body of Ernest Westlake,

1856-1922,

founder of the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry,

its first British Chieftain

and honoured as Father of the Order.

His foresight and public spirit

preserved Sandy Balls for lovers of natural beauty and for the training of youth

in his great inspiration,

the Forest School

Sappho's words, 'Thou bringest the child back to its mother', are appropriate. More than forty years ago, when Westlake's body was brought to this spot, educational ideas were in ferment. The First World War had created an idealism for a new order, a revolutionary movement which, for many, was inextricably linked with a return to Nature. The cities, and the capitalistic industrial complexes that bred them, were seen not only as evil in themselves, but as distorting and stunting the development of young people. To escape, to start again, to build anew: these ambitions sparked off a score of movements, some drawing on the thinking of Emerson and Thoreau and Tolstoy, others on Marx, still others on the American Indian. If we want a symbol of that time, we need only look at Edgar Rice Burroughs' famous creation, Tarzan. The king of the jungle was first published in 1914, and popularised the philosophy that nature, with its simple power ethic, embodied a nobility that was debased by modern civilisation. At Whiteway in the Cotswolds, a colony of Tolstoyans started a community by buying land, burning the title deeds and living a communist existence, in which each man gave of his talents for the common good. There was a group called the Woodcraft Folk, which sought to propagate the ideals of outdoor life. There was the green-shirted Douglas Social Credit movement, and a pacifist band called the Hargreaves Group. Above all, there were the hiking and camping movements, seeking to bring young children, and people out of the city slums and into the quiet and beauty of the English countryside.

It was in that countryside, among the pines of the New Forest, in 1922, that the dramatic scenes accompanying Westlake's funeral took place. Someone who was there described it like this:

'The mortal remains of the Chieftain were placed in a coffin made of the outer slabs of fir with the bark still on, and with no furniture of any kind, the usual brass handles being replaced by leather straps. In place of the ordinary coffin plate, the name ERNEST WESTLAKE was carved on the lid of the coffin, which was conveyed to Sandy Balls in an ordinary farmer's cart with no flowers

covering it, but simply the orange flag - the life-giving colour - and the bright colours of his insignia of office - the Shield and Axes of the English Order.

'At the entrance to the wood all the many mourners were sent on in front, the farmer's cart with the coffin coming last, except for the close relatives and friends who followed on foot. The procession wound its way through the wonderful scenery of the wood down to the foot of the burial mount - Woodling Point - and there the coffin was unlashed and borne by six past and present members of the Order to the top of the little hillock amid the silent reverence of the large assembly.'

The occasion was full of irony. Westlake, the man of nature, died in a motor accident, one of the early victims of the age of technology. Although hailed as the father of the Forest School, the school did not take its first pupils until six years after his own funeral. And the crowds who gathered in that beautiful wood to pay their last respects to him were honouring a man who had spent a good part of his life as a recluse. He was the only child of a Quaker sailcloth manufacturer, whose wife died when Ernest was only eighteen months old. 'As soon as I got out of the nursery, I began by making platforms in trees, like the nests of the higher anthropoids, and here, high above the earth, I spent long hours swaying in the sum- mer breezes, "the world forgetting, by the world forgot", meditating upon I do not know what, but at any rate in perfect contentment, and disdaining the grown-ups who could find happiness on the ground. This habit of tree meditation lasted throughout adolescence in the sense that, whenever I felt bored, I would run up some tree, which from long practice 1 could mount as quickly as a ladder; and there, sitting high up in the leafy crown and looking over the landscape, I found peace and contentment.

I also dug out caves in the chalk, and in the sand cliffs at Bournemouth, where I suspect everything is now altogether too proper for children to have this freedom. The fascination of a cave was even greater than that of a tree, coming later and lasting longer: indeed, all through the adolescent age I felt in a cave an irresistible attraction. To explore one was, up to the age of manhood, my nearest conception of paradise . . . Once, as I was sliding down from one of the platforms by means of a insecurely fastened rope, it came untied and I fell many feet on my nose, reducing it from a fair Roman feature to a merely Socratic one. I was carried home insensible upon a hurdle, and then my father expressed doubts about tree habitations - even though I explained that the tree was in no way at fault, but the rope which my dawning civilised proclivities had introduced.'

The young Ernest Westlake grew up in an age of immense Scientific debate. Darwin's Origin of the Species had been published when he was a baby, and the young man revelled in the controversy that raged about its author's head. Quiet, shy and introspective, he read widely in the scientific literature, without, coming to any decision about his own failure. Suddenly, in 1891, he married and had two children, but this new life as a family man was shattered when, nine years later, his wife died. It was in 1904 that Westlake decided to take his elder child, a girl, and her governess on a cycling tour of France. It was a typically unconventional idea which he thought would improve her education, but it got no further than Aurillac in the Cantal, where Westlake found a large site of eolithic stone implements. Enthusiastic about his find, he immediately settled down to work the site, and what had started as a cycling holiday became a two-year stay in France, at the end of which he had a collection of stones so large that the French Government stepped in to prevent him moving them all to England and, as officials put it, 'removing the soil of France.'

But Westlake was not to be put off so easily. He had now found his subject: palaeontology. He briefly returned to England, he set off once more, this time for Tasmania, to make yet another collection of extinct aboriginal implements to be shipped to England. Two years later he was digging in the river gravel of the Hampshire Avon as it flows around the feet of the hills that form Sandy Balls. With this collection from France, Tasmania and the Avon, he near settled down to the life of am amateur scientist, sorting and classifying, measuring and cataloguing. At fifty-eight, it looked as if he had found his life's work.

And then, in 1914, war broke out. Suddenly the solitary field scientist absorbed in his rocks and flints, was confronted with a global challenge to the whole nineteenth century world in which he had grown up and which he had largely accepted as representing the permanence of all things. From his studies of early man - the aborigines and the early Eolithic man in France - he found himself diverted by the presence of modern man, armed with machines and guns and paper treaties, tearing himself to pieces in the mud of Flanders. What had caused this disaster? Where should one look for an explanation?

Westlake turned to the subject he knew, and thought that he saw, in primitive life's concern with the earth, with nature, with elemental forces, certain virtues that had been abandoned by the twentieth century. Man, he considered, had moved too fast and too far away from the roots that fostered him. He no longer understood his role, and in this confused state had become diseased and turned upon himself. What men should do was to return, in a sense, to the primitive, to re-educate him- self into his basic humanity. Had not Darwin shown how man had emerged, as a child of nature, from the woods and the lakes? Had he not demonstrated how through natural selection, through a dynamic dialogue between nature and man, humans had refined their unique qualities and gradually won their distinctiveness? The tragedy was that this new creature had become alienated from its origins. Each succeeding generation, Westlake felt, driven onwards by ever more powerful tools, became further removed from the original concept of being, until an imbalance occurred in which man lost himself, adrift in a sea of technology.

Westlake was to live only another eight years, but during that time he transformed himself from a scientific recluse into an educationist, publisher and propagandist, heading a movement whose followers could be counted in thousands, many of them to come to Sandy Balls on that day of his funeral, to mourn someone they recognised as their leader.

He seized upon the biological theory of 'recapitulation' as expounded by the influential American psychologist Stanley Hall, in his book Adolescence. This claimed, among-other things, that 'before birth, development is expressed in abridged series of the main ancestral forms; and though after birth this is less obvious, the recapitulation of the racial growth and experience holds true. In its growth to maturity the child recapitulates the great stages of social development in the history of the race. One after another the instinctive demands which belong to these past stages of human development arise in succession in the growing child.

From this arises an important educational principle, i.e. that the child must be provided with the means to satisfy these primitive instinctive demands as they arise.'

Hall's theories do not bear much examination, but they had about them an attractive, superficial logic, Westlake recalled his own youth, climbing trees, digging caves, searching for flints, carving with stone and wood, and yes, there he saw exactly what Hall was talking about, and as he had seen it in his own intense studies of primitive man - the call of the wild, and the gradual emergence of the human spirit from its arboreal climbings to the study of Euclid and Socrates. And if this were true, if within the adolescent body of every youngster there were these yearnings to return to the origins of existence, what was to happen to them, locked away in their dingy holes in the slums of Manchester or London, oppressed by factory taskmasters and breathing the fumes of the Industrial Revolution? Westlake remembered that Darwin had commented on the iguanas of the Galapagos, fierce-looking in their natural armour, who performed ritualistic patterns of threat and counter-threat, but seldom came to physical violence. Man, on the other hand, was slaughtering himself by the millions in an apparently insane battle. The lesson was clear.

Westlake's own growing convictions were strengthened by the writings of the sociologist Professor Patrick Geddes. Geddes was disturbed by the practice - at a time of growing universality in education - of watering down the classical and academic tuition provided for a minority to the mass of children in the elementary and secondary schools. He saw these children, the sons and daughters of tradesmen, craftsmen and factory workers, losing touch with the crafts of the land and being forced to bend the knee to the academic conventions and book learning of the few. The three Rs,

which before had been the creed of a small elite destined for scholarship and a life of aesthetic ease, was being offered to the masses, in which the learning of useless knowledge was superseding the natural acquisition of skills and wisdom.

The argument that Geddes used against this trend can be found today in the pages of the Newsom Committee report, and the spirit of Geddes, to make learning more relevant to the needs of the community, and of the children, has inspired every modern innovation in teaching. To redress the balance, he called for an educational programme based on the three Hs - Heart, Hand and Head. Westlake seized upon this call as a way of turning his own ideas into an all-embracing educational philosophy, in which the concept of 'recapitulation' could underpin a new approach to teaching. If we now ask of what that recapitulation should consist, we see that it is obviously that of the seven primitive and basic occupations. Lack of this recapitulation gives the clue to what is amiss with modern life. This recapitulatory first-hand contact with nature; this simple open-air life; the life of the wilderness, the forest, the hills and the sea, which together with his social life was the chief factor in the formation of early man, is what we know as Woodcraft.'

To bring these ideas into activity, a third element was required, and here Westlake's son, Aubrey, provided the initiative. While at Cambridge, he had taken up the new Scouting movement inspired by Baden-Powell after his experiences in the Boer War. But the idea of Scouting originally sprang from America, where Ernest Thompson Seton sought to revive the skills of the American Indian tribes by gathering young people into groups called Woodcraft Indians, and later the Woodcraft League of America. Westlake contacted Seton, studied the ideas of his movement, saw that it held all the elements associated with his own theories, and only needed adapting to British conditions to make it a fit medium for this particular crusade. Seton agreed, and the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry, with Seton as its first Grand Chieftain, was born.

Driven on by the zest of the elderly Westlake's feverish activity, this movement now emerged as a popular but rather bizarre creation. It took aboard a whole shipful of mock ritual and synthetic folklore. It had its own emblem (the Red Cross of St George, and two crossed axes on a white shield), its own legend ('Thou bringest the child back to its mother') and its own watchword ('Blue Sky' - taken from the American Woodcraft League). Its members were divided into troops of elves (from four to eight years old), packs of "woodlings (eight to twelve), tribes of trackers (twelve to fifteen), companies of pathfinders (fifteen to eighteen) and fellowships of wayfarers (adults), grouped into Lodges and presided over by a Chief, a gleeman, a herald, a recorder, a Keeper of the Honours Tally and a Keeper of the Purse. It had its own salute - The extended right arm is raised slowly from its normal position at the side to a position slightly inclined from the perpendicular, the palm being to the front when in that position' - - and its own affirmative oath - To respond to the call of the world of Nature, seeking from it simplicity, good sense and fortitude. To pursue bravely and gaily the adventure of life, cherishing whatever it holds of beauty, wonder and romance; and endeavouring to carry the chivalrous spirit into daily life.'

Each group had its own uniforms, its own colour, its own set of badges. A whole language was woven around the special colour, size and complexity of shoulder knots worn on special occasions, and the rank of each member was carefully plotted according to the trials and grades which that member had undertaken and passed. Woodlings had trials of lissomness ('some suitable dance, or a bout of wrestling'), nimbleness and cleanliness. Pathfinders were faced with the Trial of Fitness, the Trial of the Thinking Hand ('Find some wild flower, make a sketch, picture or model, and from this evolve a symbolic or natural design. Then make some article on which those design can be carved, worked or painted'), the Trial of the Adventurous Rover and the Trial of the Homeland Guide. But, as in the Scouting movement to which it played rival, there were also proficiency degrees, in cooking, craftsmanship, travelling, stargazing, boating, fishing, pet-keeping, forestry, pottery and every other conceivable activity. Westlake's enthusiasm for ritual was limitless. In a series of publications which nearly all bore his unmistakable stamp, a torrent of explanatory texts, diagrams and instructions poured out to the members of the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry. There were drawings, including instructions for making the uniforms and ceremonial dress, with approximate measurements. There were laws and instructions on how to run common councils, how to administer finances, how to deal with records, how to cope with a troop of young elves. There were even detailed suggestions on the kind of ceremonial language that should be used when a new initiate was introduced to the Pack.

Pack Leader: 'Are all assembled here?'

Keeper of the Log: 'O Leader, I will take the roll.'

Pack Leader: 'Now is the time to decide who shall be of our Pack. there is, who would run with us. Would ye see him?'

Pack: 'Let him be shown.'

Behind all this childish but innocent nonsense, the Order was fulfilling a serious function. At the Order's Folkmoots, the Annual General Assemblies, in January 1920 and 1921, held at Shearns Restaurant, Tottenham Court Road, London (now demolished), it became obvious that a further step ahead was required. For Westlake, in his series of publications, had by now clarified the real issues. 'At a time when the voices of the prophets of the open-air life are loud in its praise as the one thing needful to combat the vices of civilisation, it may seem ill-timed to insist on the fact that civilisation has also its virtues. If we do so, it is not from any lack of sympathy with or underrating of savage virtue, but because we think that to point out the normal ideal of education and of life is more important than to take part in a reaction. In so far as civilisation is merely something comfortable, we are very willing to throw it aside, but in so far as it has created greatness and grace in the arts and learning in the sciences, in so far as the crafts have liberated the higher energies of man, in so far as a more complex society has procured a higher morality - then to that extent we conceive the craft revolution begun in the Neolithic age to have been sound, and that the clock can never be put back,' he wrote.

'We believe that the child who has been rooted and grounded in Woodcraft will be able to use the higher crafts without injury, and books without pedantry. In this way traditional learning and social culture will have full opportunity to complete the wisdom and refinement necessary to his highest functioning.'

Here one sees how Westlake conceived the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry as a particular amalgam of religion, ritual, tradition, discipline and mystical expression, all coming together in a radical movement opposed to the given social structure. This is how his son, Aubrey, interpreted it:

'The word "Order" was no accident; it was deliberately chosen to signify an organisation with a very definite religious outlook, indeed Christian outlook. The Order was for him a religious movement in a profound sense. Similarly, the double title "Woodcraft Chivalry" was again no accident; while not ideal, it was the nearest he could get to expressing the essential elements in the educational programme and also the sense of balance or polarity, and indeed of wholeness, which runs through the whole of the practical expression of the Order. For example, the Order was for him not simply a children's movement, it had a place and a message for adults; it required and embraced the vigour and enthusiasm of youth, as well as the wisdom and experience of age. It was all-embracing in its age range. It included both boys and girls, men and women; both sexes being essential for balanced social and communal expression. It laid as much stress on the importance of the individual as of the group, in that they are the complementary necessity of the other. For Ernest Westlake it was the realisation and enrichment of full and unique individuality which constituted the essential aristocratic counterpart of the democracy of the group, and that aristocratic reality must, he felt, have as full expression as the democratic'

But although the theory was now complete, the reality was still far away. Westlake saw clearly that if his ideas were going to have a genuine impact, he must translate them into practice. That meant

crashed, and was killed.

an arena, ultimately a school. But where? He combed England for a suitable site. It was just as he was despairing of finding such a place that he learnt that the family that owned some forty acres at Sandy Balls were selling the land. Westlake pounced. He had virtually no money, but to those who asked how he could possibly consider such a purchase he merely waved a scornful hand. But Westlake found himself against a powerful opponent, a local builder, who saw in the pine-covered forest a rich source of timber. The merchant offered a sum, which Westlake could not contemplate, and apparently bought the property. Westlake refused to accept defeat. He drove over to the home of the builder, and by a process of charm, persuasion, and pleadings talked him into releasing his bid. The man was later to complain to Aubrey Westlake that he had no idea how he could have agreed to what he did; he was utterly unable to remember what it was that persuaded him to give up a profitable transaction of this kind. But that is what he did, and Westlake was the owner of Sandy Balls and a huge debt, something that did not deter him in the least.

And then, with this triumph behind him, with the theory of Woodcraft Chivalry laid, with four volumes of the Woodcraft Way series of books published, he returned one night from a Folkmoot,

But the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry was by now well established, and able to survive his loss. In his death, in fact, he had given the movement its first father figure. Now it needed another, and up from its ranks it found just the man.

Cuthbert Rutter was a teacher, a man who had learnt about children in the harshest of worlds - Borstal and the London East End. He began his professional career in one of the earliest "Borstals" near Rochester where, for about two and a half years, he was an assistant house master -one of the first of a new breed of men brought into the prison service to educate rather than to punish. With these young offenders, Rutter tried his first innovations in teaching techniques, and with a mixture of instinctive sympathy, aversion to force, and a natural talent for simplifying and dramatising essentials he introduced them to Shakespeare and writing, to books and music and debate. After three years, Rutter was considered for a permanent and therefore pensionable position in the Borstal service, only to find his application turned down because of a weak heart.

To make his own way in his chosen profession, he left and did three weeks' trial teaching in the London East End with the object of being accepted for full training at the London Day Training College run by Professor Percy Nunn. His school was Teesdale Street Senior Boys' School in Bethnal Green. 'It seemed to me that, above all things, these boys needed action and adventure. No doubt they had not starved utterly. There are good families in Bethnal Green. Some of them are even said to possess the remarkable hereditary power of manufacturing antique furniture in their back kitchens. In Bethnal Green the rain falls, the sun shines, and the sun sets. A boy can drop his isolation; he can lose himself; he can be his gang. ... I thought that these boys should be camping, possibly hunting for some of their food, working to make their shelter, enjoying wild games of warfare in the woods. What could we do in the school room?'

Here, in the streets of Bethnal Green, was a teacher seeing and thinking about the very people who to Ernest Westlake, digging in the soils of France and Tasmania and the Avon in Hampshire, had been at the other end of theory. Rutter was little interested in 'recapitulation'. What he saw were ragged children, bullied into learning. He did not stay long. He was accepted by the college for full-time training and for the rest of his time taught some days each week at a central school for boys and girls. I cannot think of this school without thinking of cotton wool - not white, but grey.' On top of this already heavy workload, Rutter also took evening classes at Toynbee Hall. I thought at the time that as long as I could, by any means, keep awake, I could also be sufficiently alive'. At the end of his year of training, he became sub-warden at Toynbee Hall, a move which was to shape his future life. Rutter himself described what happened:

'Members of the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry made full use of the hall for meetings, dances and "wassail". The organisation with this high-sounding title talked and talked and talked about starting Forest Schools. Some of us made a committee, bought an army hut and sat down solemnly in London to "have a school" in Hampshire.' It didn't seem to go very well. In a residents' meeting I told of my own ideas of Forest School. Somebody remarked: "It's dreams you're dreaming - and they don't come true."

'"Very often dreams evaporate," I said, "but if we never dream anything, then nothing would happen or come true." I told the rest of the committee that I would, if they wished, give up my other ambitions and be the first headmaster of the first Forest School, The others thought that might be the best possible way of cutting out some of the talk and getting something started. The Warden, Council and residents of Toynbee said very kind things, but I didn't feel the regret which I had felt in leaving Borstal, I had been in residence for two and a half years when, in the spring of 1930, 1 took up life in the army hut. We had three pupils, aged six, nine and eleven. Our chief educational facilities were access to a wood and a river.'

Just before the school began, Aubrey Westlake, Cuthbert Rutter, Norman Glaister, a friend of Westlake's and a schoolmaster, Maurice Littleboy, launched the company which was to own the school. Its deeds were filed on 25th September 1928, with the four men as joint shareholders in the venture. Almost immediately afterwards, they produced the first prospectus:

The Forest School is inspired by the educational ideals of the late Ernest Westlake and is situated on the Sandy Balls estate in pine and beech woods on the western edge of the New Forest,

overlooking the Avon valley.

The school seeks to prepare the minds and bodies of its children -girls and boys - so that they may be equipped for contact with every phase of experience of modern life.

At the Forest School the child is brought into touch with realities and is helped by a practical pursuit of the primitive arts to realize that he can learn by doing. The teaching of subjects required for an examination is not neglected, but is made subsidiary to the development of a healthy grasp of real life.

There were to be no formal classes, no standard discipline. Life in the early army hut was crude and harsh. Latrines had to be emptied by hand, a job that Rutter insisted upon doing himself. The children could attend classes if they wished, but if they were not interested in the subject, or in any school work on a particular day, there was plenty of farm work to be done on the estate, and no pressure was put on them to attend lessons. The school staff, who were labourers as much as teachers, were looked upon as group leaders, encouraging adventures and activities rather than presenting prescribed courses of study. The children had their own council, and formulated many of the rules of the community. There were no prizes for school-work, but 'deeds', 'honours' and 'adventures', on the Woodcraft Way principle for work well done, be it in school or on the land. The emphasis was as much on the crafts and on manual work as on the mental disciplines. A child doing music would be expected to make his own instrument. A report on one child by Rutter said of his music studies: 'Took part in percussion band and made a pipe on which he is trying to learn a tune.'

It was, in many ways, an idyllic life. The discipline could all be summarised under the headings of the three Rs: pupils must not, without permission, go on the road, the roof or the river. Apart from that, about the only point on which the school was insistent was that the children should get plenty of sleep.

It was an outdoor life, inspired by the beauty and changing seasons of the New Forest. In the autumn they saw the scarlet berries of spindlewood and butcher's broom sparkling in the soft sunlight. There were puffballs to jump in, twigs to crack and gather up, pillows of dying leaves to roil in, and mushrooms to pick, In winter, they were surrounded by the stark outlines of trees bent by strong winds, with the fresh green of the hedge parsley pushing itself through the roadside banks. But it was in spring that the world really came alight. After the carpets of snowdrops and aconites, there were the wild geraniums, ground ivy and toadflax, and with them a cascade of colour from cuckoo flowers, fumitory, wood avens and water avens, betony, pale blue scabious, agrimony, valerian,

lady's mantle, soapwort vetches, angelica, hawksweed and hawkbit, goatsbeard and coltsfoot. Each one of these provided a botany lesson; together they created a classroom unparalleled in its riches, Roman pottery could be dug up near the schoolhouse. Adders could be found in the woods. There were anthills in the pinewoods into which the body of a small bird or animal could be stuffed, to be picked clean and ready for skeletal observation the following day. Local farmers and villagers provided the research material for study. One market gardener revealed that the reason for the success of his prize-winning tomatoes lay in his feeding them with buckets of blood from the nearby slaughterhouse.

With such an environment, the school was able to combine the beliefs and many of the practices of the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry with the ideas of the New Education which were also inspiring other ventures like Bedales, Dartington, and Bertrand Russell's Beacon Hill School near Petersfield. The children were divided in the Order's groupings of Elves, Woodlings, Trackers and Pathfinders. The tests which Westlake had devised, or taken from Thompson Seton were retained and used, but they were also adapted to the special needs of the school. So, for example, they might include doing sums by long division, or writing an essay on one of the Arthur Ransome books (not surprisingly, the Order's favourite author), or swimming the Avon fully clothed and righting an upturned canoe. To get into the Tracker groups, a boy had to climb an especially difficult tree in the forest called the Tracker Tree. To enter an older group a pupil had to spend a night alone in the woods, beside a fire, and write an essay describing the experience and his thoughts during the lone vigil. One boy, at the end of this particular test reported that ants began their day at 2 a.m.

It was, as somebody once remarked, a mixture of Red Indians and Freud. The children were not always impressed by the tribal dress, the solemn oath-taking, the slightly ludicrous ritual of the Order. One little girl, writing an essay about the ceremony of Lighting the Fire, put it this way:

Then Mary said, "Behold the fire. It leaps, it glows, it burns.' What the heck would you expect, with a gallon of paraffin thrown over it!'

The staff of Forest School were poor; they were paid only £30 a year and their keep. For this they were expected not merely to teach, to encourage their young charges to dance, sing, camp out, make music and paint, but to clean the wooden schoolrooms and living quarters, help with the farm work, do washing and sewing and virtually any job that needed to be done. Yet they subscribed to Rutter's view that 'to education we ought to bring the freshness of the morning. A teacher is one who enjoys a good thing and wants to share in it. A pupil is one who has an appetite and wants to satisfy it. But by the time we have organised schools, we are fortunate if such simplicities have not evaded us.'

Sometimes the school, in its zeal for reform, was led into absurdities. Following the methods designed for the Order of Woodcraft Chivalry, some of the teachers re- baptized themselves with Red Indian names like Great Bear, Rising Sun, Laughing Water, Otter and Golden Eagle. The bank manager in the neighbouring village of Fordingbridge, asked to meet payment on cheques signed 'Great Bear' and 'Otter', sighed: 'what have you got up there? A menagerie!'

But the school itself was a serious attempt at educational reform. It was partly inspired by the points raised by Professor Findlay in a book called The Children of England. In this he emphasised that schooling, which had previously been given to embryo priests and professional men, had only been extended to the mass of children as a means of escape from work. Having accepted that factories were no place for children, they had been put into school instead, without any thought being given to what school was supposed to do for them, or they at school. Forced to define their terms, authorities had assumed that schooling meant the acquisition of knowledge, just as had always been the case, and that for those who now found themselves 'being educated' hard work and fact-learning was imperative.

'And so we come to the revolt of the modern educationists against the appalling waste of physical and mental energy amongst children compelled to spend their time upon occupations in which they have no interest. It is again to rescue them from work, this time the work of the schools instead of the factory, that the zeal of the reformer is kindled,' wrote one Forest School enthusiast.

Inspired by a kind of missionary fervour, the Forest School staff tried to provide for their charges an environment that was a kind of amalgam between a camp, a school and a Scout jamboree. It is fair to say that the mixture never truly set. In some way, ambitions overran resources. In another sense, one might ask how much the enterprise was for the benefit of the children, and how much of it was of therapeutic value to the staff. Probably it was intended to be both. But in the character of Cuthbert Rutter, these contradictions were clearly apparent. Privately, he was a very introspective man. All his life he kept small black diaries in which he analysed his own feelings, and came back, again and again, to significant episodes in his own childhood that caused him distress or doubt. His insistence upon doing the most menial and unpleasant chores himself -like the latrine dudes - was partly inspired by a selfless devotion to his responsibilities. But they were also more than that, a sort of spiritual purging not unlike that which T. E. Lawrence inflicted upon himself after Deraa.

One mother of two children who went to the school described her own impressions with great clarity and honesty. She was hardly an unbiased witness, for she was the wife of Aubrey Westlake, the school's chairman. 'One of its main disadvantages as far as my two children were concerned was its size. A handful of boarders of all ages, all individualists, and some of them problem children, cared for by too small a staff, who had to be jacks of all trades, although I do not mean to imply that they were master of none. The change from large classes of the same age group to almost individual age grouping was keenly felt. The woods, and the more adventurous and hardy outlook on life, partly compensated for this loss, but I know my daughter was lonely and eventually we took her away because of this. But not before it was evident that the Forest School, with its insistence on learning by doing, its encouragement of initiative, hardihood and self-reliance, had a very real and constructive lesson to teach sincere and forward-thinking educationists.

For one whole summer term I was at the school as housemother, doing the cooking, washing and looking after the younger children, so I had first-hand experience of the life. Its keynote was simplicity and a deep belief in the importance of learning by doing. There was very little equipment, so the fullest possible use was made of the natural resources of the place. The children climbed trees, made houses in them, using bracken and boughs. They played in a large, natural sandpit at the back of the house, and dug clay from a seam in the back, from which they made elementary pots and persuaded me to bake them in the oven. They never tired of the streams and the river or of exploring the wood and the edge of the New Forest Lessons and meals were out of doors whenever possible.' This mixture of the open-air life, at once school and camp, played tricks on memory. One former pupil, writing in the Forest School Camps magazine, admitted as much: 'I find it difficult now to separate school from the camp, and the memories of one from memories of the other. Some are easy, of course. The midnight battle between two bands creeping through the bracken of the New Forest that belongs to the camp. Latin taught by Leslie England in a bathroom because it was the most peaceful place in the school (I learnt it reluctantly and alone, but necessarily for Common Entrance), that belongs to the school. But did we ride New Forest ponies through the woods at night at camp as well as at school? If not, who looked after them?

'It is the kindliness and the laughter and the tolerance that principally remain in the memory. Somewhere along the line one learnt to read a map and pitch a tent and cook on a wood fire in the rain. These skills could have been learnt elsewhere, I suppose, but what Forest School had to offer was in those days unique.'

Mrs Westlake's own conclusion was similar. 'Life today is becoming increasingly uncertain and insecure and particularly difficult for the young. Victorian education - to which we still largely adhere - was education for a stable future. What is urgently needed now is education for an uncertain, unstable, sometimes almost hypothetical future, and this cannot be acquired or superimposed in a day. The aim of educationists should be to fit children for anything they may have to meet, not coerce them into a stereotyped pattern.'

Sadly enough, the school which set out to provide this kind of training was itself not destined to survive change. It became increasingly obvious that, as the danger of war, came nearer, the site of the school would have to be changed. By 1938, the New Forest site had been given up in favour of an apparently better school building at Whitwell, near Reepham in Norfolk, some twelve miles from Norwich. Cuthbert Rutter was still the head master, and his wife, Helen, remained the house mother, but a number of other staff failed to make the transition from Hampshire to Norfolk, and it was obvious to everyone that the coming war would soon end the Woodcraft experiment. By 1940 the school was closed, and its buildings taken over for the war effort.

Rutter, although he was by this time a weak, sick man, continued to teach, first at the Nottingham High School, and then in Kent at a senior elementary school. 'I helped my boys to feel that life in the classroom was really life and that it was theirs, "Good Heavens!" you may think, "if you can't do such a simple thing you can't begin to teach.' Quite true. But you would cry if you knew how often this elementary thing is not achieved. For sometimes it is hardly attempted. Not infrequently it is despised.'

In a letter to a friend in 1945, he described his war effort: In three short paragraphs. It is a remarkable document for its brevity in no way dims the essential driving force that had founded Forest School. Characteristically, he undervalued himself. 'I had far too little understanding of the special problems and wartime lives of my pupils,' he wrote. 'Nevertheless I did help them quite a lot to live and grow. I was richly blessed. Also I was worn out. I easily get worn out.'

Then he added a postscript, in which his enthusiasm for the original project swept back again. 'And yet I know that I have something to contribute and I hope that my little strength will thus be best used. Forest School has been evacuated by the army. When it re-opens I hope to help on committee and in work behind the scenes.'

But soon after, Rutter was dead. When the doctors operated on him, they found that his weak heart was almost twice the size of a normal one. To his friends, it seemed, somehow, a biological verification of the mail.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Hydro-geologist in Portwood, Southampton, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Founder of The Order of Woodcraft Chivalry.

Ernest married **Lucy Anne Rutter**, daughter of **John Farley Rutter** and **Hannah Player Tanner**, on 1 May 1891. Lucy was born on 6 Oct 1864 in Dewes House, Mere, Wiltshire and died on 5 Feb 1901 at age 36. They had two children: **Aubrey Thomas** and **Margaret Agnes**.

9-Aubrey Thomas Westlake<sup>2</sup> was born on 1 Jul 1893 in Redhill, Reigate, Surrey and died on 30 Sep 1985 at age 92.

Aubrey married Marjorie Gladys Harrod<sup>2</sup> on 28 Apr 1923. Marjorie was born on 27 Mar 1901 and died on 10 Dec 1975 at age 74. They had five children: Ernest Keith, Audrey Jean, Martin Neave, Marjorie Carol, and Richard Piers.

10-Ernest Keith Westlake<sup>2</sup> was born on 21 Nov 1924 and died on 18 Jun 1958 at age 33.

Ernest married Nora Whitton. They had two children: Carol Anne and Diana Elizabeth.

11-Carol Anne Westlake

Carol married Jonathan William Philip Sargent. They had three children: Thomas Keith, Phillip James, and Helen Elizabeth.

- 12-Thomas Keith Sargent
- 12-Phillip James Sargent
- 12-Helen Elizabeth Sargent
- 11-Diana Elizabeth Westlake
- 10-Audrey Jean Westlake

Audrey married William Cormack. They had two children: Eden Richard Chisholm and Ashley Keith.

- 11-Eden Richard Chisholm Cormack
- 11-Ashley Keith Cormack
- 10-Martin Neave Westlake

Martin married Valerie Mary Pike. They had six children: Geraldine Lynden Virginia, Leigh Ernest John, Fern Bridget Hannah, Clive Martin Russell, Jacqueline Margis Faith, and

Rowan Beverley Sylvia.
11-Geraldine Lynden Virginia Westlake
Geraldine married Clive Bowen.
11-Leigh Ernest John Westlake
11-Fern Bridget Hannah Westlake
11-Clive Martin Russell Westlake
11-Jacqueline Margis Faith Westlake
11-Rowan Beverley Sylvia Westlake
10-Marjorie Carol Westlake
Marjorie married Peter Haig Stammers. They had four children: Helen Dawn, Vincent Ashley, Sonia Haig, and Robert Leslie.
11-Helen Dawn Stammers
Helen married Lawrence Paul Hornet. They had two children: Adrian Jason Travers and Jason Travers Peter.
12-Adrian Jason Travers Hornet
12-Jason Travers Peter Hornet
11-Vincent Ashley Stammers
11-Sonia Haig Stammers
Sonia married Ian Read.
11-Robert Leslie Stammers
Marjorie next married David Michael Harry Roy Burton.
10-Richard Piers Westlake
Richard married Patricia. They had three children: Emma Catherine, Piers Martin, and Sarah Louise.
11-Emma Catherine Westlake
11-Piers Martin Westlake
11-Sarah Louise Westlake
9-Margaret Agnes Westlake <sup>2</sup> was born on 16 Oct 1896 in Hampstead Heath, London and died on 23 Apr 1986 at age 89.
Margaret married <b>Thomas Charman</b> , <sup>2</sup> son of <b>Michael Charman</b> and <b>Sarah Stone</b> , in 1920. Thomas was born on 14 Mar 1863 and died on 11 Jan 1939 at age 75. They had two children: <b>Christopher Pan</b> and <b>Danae Margaret</b> .

# 10-Christopher Pan Charman

Christopher married Katharine Lucy Duthie. They had two children: Ellen Mary and Tom Edward.

- 11-Ellen Mary Charman
- 11-Tom Edward Charman

#### 10-Danae Margaret Charman

Danae married Ernest John Harris. They had three children: Laindsay Margaret, Teresa Ann, and Tamzin Jennifer.

- 11-Laindsay Margaret Harris
- 11-Teresa Ann Harris
- 11-Tamzin Jennifer Harris

Tamzin married Raymond Pearson. They had one son: Ryan Carl.

12-Ryan Carl Pearson

Danae next married Peter Haig Stammers.

7-Josiah Reynolds Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1834 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 2 Mar 1879 in Highfield House, Boward at age 44.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farinaceous Food Manufacturer.

Josiah married **Emily Harding**, daughter of **Robert Harding** and **Mary**, on 22 Jun 1864 in FBG Henbury, Gloucestershire. Emily was born in 1827 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Jan 1889 in Hardwick House, Malvern, Worcestershire at age 62. They had eight children: **Emily Mabel, Josiah Percy, Agnes Mary, Helena Maud, Digby Howard, Kathleen, Margaret**, and **Wilfred Stanley**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1849-Jun 1852 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Emily Mabel Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 12 Jul 1865.

Emily married William Kelly Cornish.

8-Josiah Percy Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 25 Aug 1867 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 11 Jan 1943 in 20 Madeira Road, Bournemouth, Hampshire at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farinaceous Food Manufacturer in Highfield, Sandle Heath.

8-Agnes Mary Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 9 Jan 1869.

Agnes married **Albert Westlake**, son of **William Colson Westlake**, and **Elizabeth Coventry**, and **Elizabeth Coventry**, in 1890 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire. Albert was born in 1863 in Southampton, Hampshire. They had four children: **Violet, Albert Neave, Agnes Maud**, and **Kathleen Iris**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in 1918 in Wayside, Waleham, Dorset.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1875-1879 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Surveyor and Architect in Southampton, Hampshire.
- He resided at Grosvenor House in Southampton, Hampshire.

9-Violet Westlake<sup>2</sup> was born on 10 Feb 1892 in South Stoneham, Southampton, Hampshire and died in 1978 in Barnstaple, Devon at age 86.

Violet married John Charles Hill Fowler.

9-**Lieut.** Albert Neave Westlake RFC<sup>2</sup> was born in 1893 in South Stoneham, Southampton, Hampshire, died on 4 Jan 1918 in France. Killed in action at age 25, and was buried in Niergnies Communal Cemetery, Cambrai, France.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC.
- He worked as an Officer of the North Staffordshire Regiment, attached to the 27th Squadron, Royal Flying Corps.
- His obituary was published in the Flight magazine on 4 Apr 1918.
- He was educated at Shrewsbury.
- 9-Agnes Maud Westlake was born in 1895 in Wandsworth, London.
- 9-Kathleen Iris Westlake<sup>2</sup> was born on 28 May 1897 in Wandsworth, London and died in Aug 1977 in Taunton Deane, Somerset at age 80.

Kathleen married **Andrew Knowlman**<sup>2</sup> on 13 Sep 1919. Andrew was born on 19 Jun 1884 in Islington, London and died on 13 Mar 1960 in Taunton Deane, Somerset at age 75. They had three children: **Iris Barbara, Kathleen Elizabeth**, and **Brian W. C.** 

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Draper in North Finchley, London.
  - 10-**Iris Barbara Knowlman** was born on 31 Dec 1921 in Barnet, London.

Iris married **Thomas Kimber** on 17 Sep 1949 in Westminster, London. Thomas was born on 16 Jul 1900 in Reading, Berkshire and died on 17 Jul 1990 in Taunton, Somerset at age 90. They had two children: **Jane C.** and **Paul**.

- 11-Jane C. Kimber
- 11-Paul Kimber

Paul married Ann McFenton. They had two children: Thomas James and Henry Joseph.

- 12-Thomas James Kimber
- 12-Henry Joseph Kimber
- 10-Kathleen Elizabeth Knowlman was born on 29 Jul 1924 in Barnet, London and died on 4 Feb 2004 at age 79.

Kathleen married Robert Sylvester De Ropp on 11 Jun 1948. Robert was born on 1 Feb 1913 in Bath, Somerset and died on 19 Sep 1987 in Sonoma, Sonoma County, California, USA at age 74.

10-Brian W. C. Knowlman

Brian married **Pat Hales**. They had one son: **Andrew**.

11-Andrew Knowlman was born on 27 Jun 1967 and died on 4 Oct 2018 at age 51.

Andrew married Jane Frances Bowers. They had two children: Valentina Rose and Sebastian.

- 12-Valentina Rose Knowlman
- 12-Sebastian Knowlman

- 8-Helena Maud Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 2 Mar 1871 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- 8-**Digby Howard Neave**<sup>2</sup> was born on 10 Oct 1872 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 5 May 1935 in Highfield, Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Infant's food manufacturer.

Digby married Ellen Teresa Mackintosh. They had one son: Digby Percy Cornwall.

9-**Digby Percy Cornwall Neave**<sup>2,112</sup> was born in Feb 1904 and died on 14 Oct 1991 at age 87.

Digby married Elizabeth Brightman.<sup>2,112</sup> Elizabeth was born in Mar 1908. They had two children: Caroline and Charlotte Elizabeth.

- **10-Caroline Neave**
- 10-Charlotte Elizabeth Neave

Charlotte married Francis Robert Baden-Powell. They had two children: Edward James and Matthew Toby.

- 11-Edward James Baden-Powell
- 11-Matthew Toby Baden-Powell

Digby next married Peggy.

- 8-Kathleen Neave was born on 20 Dec 1873 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire. She had no known marriage and no known children.
- 8-Margaret Neave was born on 20 Dec 1873 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died in 1876 at age 3.
- 8-Wilfred Stanley Neave was born on 14 Jun 1875 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 10 Aug 1932 in Homestead Nursing Home, Seaton Devon at age 57.
- 7-**Thomas Neave**<sup>114</sup> was born on 27 Nov 1835 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 4 Jun 1848 in Reading, Berkshire at age 12.
- 7-Agnes Neave<sup>2,4,113</sup> was born on 31 Jul 1837 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire, died on 23 Aug 1906 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 69, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire.

General Notes: Agnes Westlake 69 23 8mo. 1906 Fordingbridge. Widow of Thomas Westlake. Agnes Westlake was the tenth of the thirteen children of Josiah and Mary Ann Neave, but two of whom now survive. She was born at Fordinghridge on the 31st of Seventh Month, 1837, and continued to reside there throughout her life. When quite young she began to take active interest in works of benevolence and philanthropy, being only seventeen years old when she became a collector for the Bible Society; a service which she continued faithfully for more than fifty years, and for upwards of thirty years was Secretary to the local branch of the Society. For nearly forty years she entertained the "deputation" who came to address the Annual Meeting, at which time she made a practice of giving a "Bible Tea" at her home to those who were interested in the work. In 1863 she was married to Thomas Westlake, and for twenty-eight years she shared with him in the many good works and kindly deeds which he loved to do for the betterment of his fellow to vnspeople. Amongst these was the establishment in 1867 of an Adult Sunday School, which was successfully carried on for sixteen years; also the holding of periodical evangelistic missions, for which and other good purposes, T. Westlake, in 1879 built the Victoria Rooms." Agnes Westlake was ever ready to help the poor and needy, ministering to their needs both temporal and spiritual. She visited them in their homes, in the workhouse and in the Nursing Home, and her evenings were often devoted, Dorcas like, to the making of "coats and garments" for them. Many a poor body will sorely miss her kindly visits and help now that she is no longer among them. She was a life-long total abstainer, and there were few causes in which she took a deeper interest than in that of Temperance. Evangelical Mission work at home and abroad had her near sympathy. She was a lover of hospitality, welcoming all sorts of good people to her house, whether they were ministers, missionaries or evangelists, and the beautiful grounds of her home were often thrown open for the holding of Sunday School fetes and other similar gatherings. In this way she sought during the fourteen years of her widowhood to carry out the wishes of her departed husband, and faithfully to serve the Lord whom she loved. A. Westlake was of a retiring spirit, but she did not neglect the responsibities of citizenship, and was deeply interested in all that concerns the social welfare of her country and fellow townspeople. Her political attitude was decidedly Liberal, but was not that of a party politician merely, but was the result of sincere conviction. For more than a year she had been in failing health, and at length found it needful to consult a medical man. Though suffering from a distressing malady, with much consequent weakness and suffering, she bore up patiently and bravely, until compelled to take to her bed, but a few days before the end. All through her illness she rested in the redeeming love of her Saviour, and even at times of severe suffering was kept in perfect peace. Her remains were interred in the ground adjoining the Meeting-house, which was built by her father, where she had joined in the quiet Friends' worship throughout her life, and amongst the friends and neighbours whom she has left behind " she, being dead, yet speaketh.'

Agnes married **Thomas Westlake**, <sup>2,4,113,131,132,133</sup> son of **William Colson Westlake** <sup>4,38</sup> and **Mary Thompson**, <sup>4,38,134</sup> in 1863 in Neuchâtel, Switzerland. Thomas was born on 8 Oct 1826 in Southampton, Hampshire, died on 23 Jan 1892 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 65, and was buried in FBG Fordingbridge, Hampshire. The cause of his death was Influenza.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Isaac Brown's school in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.
- He had a residence in 1844 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire.
- He worked as a Sail cloth manufacturer. Business partner with his uncle, Samuel in 1844 in Southampton, Hampshire.
- 7-Alexander Neave<sup>40</sup> was born on 15 Sep 1839 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 5 Sep 1845 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 5.
- 7-Emily Neave<sup>41</sup> was born on 28 Jan 1841 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 5 Mar 1861 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire at age 20.
- 7-Samuel Reynolds Neave was born on 12 Nov 1842 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 12 Sep 1929 at age 86.

Samuel married Lillias Aiken Haviland, daughter of Daniel P. Haviland and Lilian Akin, on 10 Apr 1878 in FMH Hughesville, Maryland. Lillias was born on 15 Mar 1847 in South Dover, New York and died on 29 Mar 1935 at age 88. They had four children: Agnes Westlake, Charles Edward, Richard Ernest, and Allen Josiah.

- 8-Agnes Westlake Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 18 May 1879 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 10 Apr 1912 at age 32.
- 8-Charles Edward Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 1 Jun 1882 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 17 May 1967 at age 84.

Charles married **Verlinda "Linnie" Raiford**, <sup>2</sup> daughter of **Maiils Raiford** and **Anna Babb**, on 18 Jan 1910. Verlinda was born on 21 Jan 1881 and died on 1 Nov 1950 at age 69. They had three children: **William Rufus**, **Walter Haviland**, and **Charles Edward**.

- 9-William Rufus Neave was born on 9 Dec 1913 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 20 Jan 1960 at age 46.
- 9-Walter Haviland Neave was born on 6 Jun 1916 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 8 Sep 1983 at age 67.
- 9-Charles Edward Neave was born on 30 May 1922 and died on 19 Jul 1991 at age 69.
- 8-Richard Ernest Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 23 Dec 1884 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 19 Jul 1964 in Maryland, USA at age 79.

Richard married Mary Thornton. Mary was born on 2 Nov 1903. They had five children: Allen Jay, Hazel, Mary Ann, Evangeline, and Robert Ernest.

- 9-Allen Jay Neave
- 9-Hazel Neave
- 9-Mary Ann Neave
- 9-Evangeline Neave
- 9-Robert Ernest Neave
- 8-Allen Josiah Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 1 May 1887 in Hughesville, Maryland, died on 28 Jul 1974 in Humble, Texas at age 87, and was buried in FBG Deep River, North Carolina.

Allen married **Ethel Raiford**, daughter of **George Raiford** and **Almedia Bowden**, on 28 Jun 1911. Ethel was born on 15 Feb 1883 and died on 5 Jun 1956 at age 73. They had five children: **Margeurite Virgina, George Reynolds, Richard Ernest, Lilias Almedia**, and **David Grigg**.

- 9-Margeurite Virgina Neave<sup>2</sup> was born on 5 May 1912 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 9 Jun 1992 in High Point, North Carolina, USA at age 80.
- Margeurite married Ratterman.
- 9-George Reynolds Neave was born on 2 Oct 1913 in Hughesville, Maryland and died on 22 Oct 1991 in North Carolina, USA at age 78.
- 9-Richard Ernest Neave was born on 1 Feb 1916 and died on 31 May 1976 at age 60.

- 9-Lilias Almedia Neave was born on 28 Nov 1918 and died on 17 Oct 1983 at age 64.
- 9-David Grigg Neave was born on 20 Sep 1924 in Roanoke, Virginia, USA and died on 12 Oct 1984 at age 60.

David married Elsie Faye Foster on 1 Jan 1944 in Chesterfield, South Carolina, USA. Elsie was born on 3 Nov 1923 and died on 27 May 1996 at age 72. They had five children: **David Eugene, Janet Gray, Robbin Lynn, Starr**, and **Josiah Reynolds**.

- 10-David Eugene Neave
- 10-Janet Gray Neave
- 10-Robbin Lynn Neave
- 10-Starr Neave
- 10-Josiah Reynolds Neave

6-Samuel Reynolds<sup>4,26,136</sup> was born on 3 Jan 1802 in Whitechapel, London and died on 15 Dec 1884 in York, Yorkshire at age 82.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Linen Draper in Coventry, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Tea Dealer in Canterbury, Kent.
- He worked as a Tea Dealer in Dover, Kent.
- He had a residence in Sittingbourne, Kent.

Samuel married **Maria Greenwood**, <sup>2,4,26,136</sup> daughter of **John Greenwood** <sup>4,136</sup> and **Mary Ann Horsnaill**, <sup>4,136</sup> on 3 Nov 1825 in FMH Rochester. Maria was born on 15 Jun 1800 in Rochester, Kent and died on 17 Apr 1884 in Manchester at age 83. They had 13 children: **Hannah Maria, Mary Ann, Arthur James, George, Frederic, Edwin Dendy, Silvanus, Osmond, Louisa, Samuel, Walter, Susan, and Catherine.** 

- 7-Hannah Maria Reynolds<sup>136</sup> was born on 13 Nov 1826 in Sun Street, St. Alphage, Kent.
- 7-Mary Ann Reynolds<sup>1,4,136</sup> was born on 4 Nov 1827 in Sun Street, St. Alphage, Kent.

Mary married John Chapman.

7-Arthur James Revnolds<sup>4,136,137</sup> was born on 15 Apr 1829 in Sun Street, St. Alphage, Kent and died on 15 Oct 1906 in 71 Shrewsbury Road, Forest Gate, London at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Tea Dealer of Dover & Maidstone, Kent.

Arthur married **Emma Woodward**, 4,137 daughter of **Thomas Rous Woodward** and **Elizabeth**, in 1857. Emma was born in 1832 and died on 6 Sep 1908 in 71 Shrewsbury Road, Forest Gate, London at age 76. They had four children: **Maria Elizabeth, Anna M., Herbert Woodward**, and **Mabel Sherwood**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1847-Dec 1848 in York, Yorkshire.
  - 8-Maria Elizabeth Reynolds<sup>4,110</sup> was born about 1859 in Maidstone, Kent.
  - 8-Anna M. Reynolds<sup>4,110</sup> was born about 1861 in Maidstone, Kent.
  - 8-Herbert Woodward Reynolds<sup>4,110</sup> was born about 1862 in Maidstone, Kent.

Herbert married Margaretta Louisa. They had one daughter: Kathleen Marjorie.

- 9-Kathleen Marjorie Reynolds<sup>110</sup> was born about 1905.
- 8-Mabel Sherwood Reynolds<sup>4,110</sup> was born about 1868 in Maidstone, Kent.
- 7-George Reynolds<sup>1,4,136,138</sup> was born on 23 Apr 1831 in Dover, Kent and died on 13 Jul 1869 in Rochester, Kent at age 38.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Grocer of Sittingbourne and Corn Merchant of Rochester, Kent.

George married **Jemima Dale**, <sup>1,4,138</sup> daughter of **John Dale**<sup>4,31</sup> and **Mary Sayers**, <sup>4,31</sup> in 1860. Jemima was born in 1835 in Aldhurst Farm, Capel, Surrey and died on 29 Oct 1909 in Reigate, Surrey at age 74. They had four children: **Samuel John, Sylvanus, Arthur Dale**, and **Mary Susan**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Elder.
  - 8-Samuel John Reynolds<sup>4</sup> was born on 9 Sep 1861 in Sittingbourne, Kent and died on 18 Dec 1930 in Reigate, Surrey at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Croydon School.
- He worked as a Millwright of Toxteth, Liverpool, (at the time of his marriage).

Samuel married Emma Isabel Heathcote, daughter of James Heathcote. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

- 9-Reynolds
- 9-Reynolds
- 8-**Sylvanus Reynolds**<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1868.
- 8-Arthur Dale Reynolds<sup>2,4</sup> was born on 1 Apr 1865 in Milton, Sittingbourne, Kent and died on 31 Oct 1946 in Los Angeles, California, USA at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer.
- 8-Mary Susan Reynolds

Mary married J. P. Petty.

- 7-Frederic Reynolds<sup>136</sup> was born on 15 Jun 1832 in Dover, Kent and died on 20 Mar 1835 in Dover, Kent at age 2.
- 7-Edwin Dendy Reynolds 136 was born on 16 Jun 1833 in Dover, Kent.
- 7-Silvanus Reynolds<sup>136</sup> was born on 7 Nov 1834 in Dover, Kent and died on 7 Apr 1835 in Dover, Kent.
- 7-Osmond Reynolds<sup>4,136</sup> was born on 17 Feb 1836 in Dover and died on 17 Apr 1922 in Saffron Walden, Essex at age 86.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Croydon & Ackworth Schools.

• He worked as a Watchmaker & Jeweller of Sittingbourne, Kent.

Osmond married Maria Rule<sup>4,55,133</sup> in 1861. Maria was born about 1838 in Marks Tey, Lexden, Colchester, Essex and died on 10 Mar 1915 in Saffron Walden, Essex about age 77.

7-Louisa Reynolds<sup>1,4,136</sup> was born in 1838 and died in 1924 at age 86.

Louisa married **Robert Dale**, <sup>1,4,133</sup> son of **John Dale**<sup>4,31</sup> and **Mary Sayers**, <sup>4,31</sup> in 1862. Robert was born in 1833 in Aldhurst Farm, Capel, Surrey and died on 4 Nov 1914 in "Aldhurst", Rochester, Kent at age 81. They had six children: **Maria Louisa, Amelia, Robert Wilfrid, Leonard, Lilian Mary**, and **Edith Catherine**.

General Notes: Robert Dale ....81 4 11 1914 Rochester. A Minister and Elder. Robert Dale, who for thirty years occupied the position of Clerk of Kent Quarterly Meeting, was born at Aldhurst Farm, Capel, Surrey. After his school-days at Croydon, he was apprenticed to Frederic Wheeler, grocer, of Strood, Rochester, and before he had attained his twenty-first year he took over the business on F. Wheeler's retirement, and conducted it with much success till near the close of his life. When he first entered Kent Quarterly Meeting there was still much of that Conservative element which questioned the wisdom of aggressive Christian work. In course of time, however, the opportunity came to R.D. of helping in the initiation of more energetic action, and he was foremost in encouraging the commencement of Adult School and other mission work throughout the Quarterly Meeting, which has resulted in such an accession of strength and union of effort during the past forty years. He was a keen Temperance advocate, and helped materially in establishing the People's Cafe Company in Rochester, of which he was chairman for many years. He took an active interest in the Free Church Council, being for some time President for the Rochester district. He was also, for long, secretary of the local branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society. It was, however, in connexion with onr own Society that some of his most important service was rendered. For more than two generations he was one of the most vahied members, and he filled the office of Clerk to his Quarterly Meeting with dignity and ability, retiring at the age of 72. It was a peculiar satisfaction to him that the pen then passed into the hands of his son, R. Wilfred Dale. R.D. was a faithful minister of the Gospel of Christ, and his utterances in prayer gave evidence of the closeness of his daily walk with God. The later years of his life were in close association with the mission work at Delce, a district of Rochester, which came under the care of Friends in 1906. Two street acci

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Croydon School.
- He worked as an apprentice Grocer to Frederic Wheeler in Strood, Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Grocer in Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Clerk of Kent QM for 30 years.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1880 in Rochester & Folkestone MM.
- 8-Maria Louisa Dale<sup>4,34</sup> was born in 1864 in Strood, Rochester, Kent and died on 12 Jun 1886 in Rochester, Kent at age 22.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1875.
- 8-Amelia Dale<sup>4</sup> was born in 1867 in Strood, Rochester, Kent.

Amelia married Horatio W. Lash.

8-Robert Wilfrid Dale was born in 1870 in Strood, Rochester, Kent.

Noted events in his life were:

· He was educated at Ackworth School.

Robert married **Ellen Florence Knight Headley**, daughter of **Henry Headley**<sup>2,4,28,37,75,119,125,136,139</sup> and **Hannah Maria Burgess**, <sup>2,4,28,37,75,125,136,139</sup> in 1897 in West Ashford, Kent. Ellen was born in 1870 in Ashford, Kent. They had two children: **Paul** and **Phyllis Headley**.

- 9-**Paul Dale** was born in 1898.
- 9-Phyllis Headley Dale 129,140,141,142,143,144,145,146 was born on 5 Sep 1901 in Strood, Rochester, Kent and died in Apr 1992 in Coventry, Warwickshire at age 90.
- Phyllis married **Dr. Kenneth Henry Southall**, <sup>129,139,140,141,142,143,144,145,146</sup> son of **Wilfred Francis Southall**, <sup>4,113,139</sup> and **Mary Isabel Horsnaill**, <sup>4,113,139</sup> on 3 Sep 1924 in

FMH Rochester. Kenneth was born on 8 May 1896 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jan 1993 in Coventry, Warwickshire at age 96. They had four children: **Martin Henry, Daphne Phyllis, Christopher Michael**, and **Donald Hilary Dale**.

Marriage Notes: SOUTHALL-DALE.-On September 3rd, at Rochester, Kenneth Henry Southall (1911-14), to Phyllis Headley Dale, of Rochester. Southall-Dale.-On 3rd September, 1924, at the Friends' Meeting House, Rochester, Kenneth Henry Southall (1911-14), to Phyllis Headley Dale. **GOLDEN WEDDINGS** 

SOUTHALL-DALE.-On 3rd September, 1924, at the Friends Meeting House, Rochester, Dr. Kenneth Henry Southall (1911-14) to Phyllis Headley Dale.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS LRCP MB BS.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1911-1914 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Rednal, Birmingham.
- He was educated at University College & Hospital, London in 1919-1925.
- He worked as a Physician in practice with Dr. G. J. W. McMichael in 1935 in Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He resided at Handeck, 32 Davenant Road in 1935 in Oxford, Oxfordshire.

#### 10-Martin Henry Southall

#### 10-Daphne Phyllis Southall

Daphne married **Hugh Waring Maw**,<sup>147</sup> son of **Geoffrey Waring Maw**<sup>75,129,147,148,149,150,151,152,153</sup> and **Mildred Amy Brison**,<sup>129,147,148,149,150,151,152,153,154</sup> in 1949 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Hugh was born on 2 Jun 1920 in Childers Lodge, Landowr, Mussoorie, Dehradun, Uttarakhand, India. They had three children: **David P., Alan R.**, and **Christine Daphne**.

General Notes: MAW.-On the 2nd June, 1920, at Childers Lodge, Landowr, Mussoorie, India, Mildred Amy (Brison), wife of Geoffrey W. Maw (1899-1902), a son, who was named Hugh Waring.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Headmaster of Sibford School in 1956-1961.
  - 11-David P. Maw
  - 11-Alan R. Maw
  - 11-Christine Daphne Maw
- 10-Christopher Michael Southall

#### 10-Donald Hilary Dale Southall

Donald married someone. He had one son: Nick Dickon Kaye.

- 11-Nick Dickon Kaye Southall
- 8-Leonard Dale<sup>4</sup> was born in 1873 in Rochester, Kent.
- 8-Lilian Mary Dale<sup>4,110</sup> was born in 1876 in Rochester, Kent.
- 8-Edith Catherine Dale<sup>4,110</sup> was born in 1880 in Rochester, Kent and died on 15 Apr 1956 in Surrey at age 76.
- 7-Samuel Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1839 and died in 1840 at age 1.

- 7-Walter Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1840 and died in Died in Infancy.
- 7-Susan Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1842 and died in 1869 at age 27.
- 7-Catherine Reynolds
- 6-Edward Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1803 and died in 1805 at age 2.
- 6-**John Reynolds**<sup>1,29,112,155</sup> was born on 13 Jan 1805 in Whitechapel, London and died on 20 Feb 1858 in Sittingbourne, Kent at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clock and watchmaker.

John married **Susannah Neave**, 4,112,155 daughter of **James Neave**2,3,4,14,37,40,112,115,116,117 and **Hannah Gundry**, 2,3,4,37,40,100,112,115,116,117,118 in 1839 in FMH Spalding. Susannah was born on 17 Jan 1804 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 28 Dec 1849 in Oldswinford, Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 45. They had three children: **Walter, Susan Jane**, and **Emma**.

- 7-Walter Reynolds<sup>4,127</sup> was born in 1840 and died on 4 Jan 1872 in Deptford, Kent at age 32.
- 7-Susan Jane Reynolds<sup>4,123</sup> was born in 1842 and died on 27 Oct 1869 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 27.
- 7-Emma Reynolds<sup>4,112,156,157</sup> was born on 16 Dec 1846 in Southwark, London and died on 26 Aug 1912 in West Bridgford, Nottingham at age 65.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Ackworth School.

Emma married **Frederick Douglas Barritt**, 4,112,157 son of **James Barritt**<sup>2,40,59</sup> and **Elizabeth Smith**, in 1881 in Leiston, Suffolk. Frederick was born on 20 Mar 1851 in Woodbridge, Suffolk and died on 22 Aug 1912 in Basford, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 61. They had four children: **Douglas Reynolds**, **Alice Elizabeth**, **Agnes Mary**, and **Constance Hannah**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Incandescent importer and Gas fitter merchant. Barritt & Wesson in 22 Mansfield Road, Nottingham.
  - 8-**Douglas Reynolds Barritt**<sup>2,112</sup> was born on 12 Nov 1881 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, died on 12 Feb 1920 in Novorossisk, Russia. Pushed under a train, while guarding prisoners at age 38, and was buried in Haida Pasha Memorial, Istanbul, Turkey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a Seedsman in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He emigrated to Saskatchewan, Canada.

Douglas married **Annie Elizabeth Scott**.<sup>2</sup> Annie was born on 23 Sep 1887 in Harpley, Freebridge Lynn, Norfolk and died on 10 Apr 1970 in Chester, Cheshire at age 82. They had one daughter: **Annie Jessie**.

9-Annie Jessie Barritt<sup>2</sup> was born on 27 Mar 1920 in 5 Tower Wharf, Chester, Cheshire and died on 19 Feb 2004 in Chester at age 83.

Annie married someone. She had two children: Son and Elizabeth.

- 10- **Son**
- 10-Elizabeth Oliver
- 8-Alice Elizabeth Barritt<sup>112</sup> was born in 1883 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 8 Oct 1913 in Montreal, Canada. In a street accident. at age 30.

General Notes: She was engaged to Joseph Wake

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.
- She emigrated Montreal, Canada in 1913 from England.
- She had a residence in Saskatchewan, Canada.

#### **8-Agnes Mary Barritt**

Agnes married Joseph Wake, son of Henry Thomas Wake and Hannah Sadler.

#### **8-Constance Hannah Barritt**

Constance married John Sidney Skillings, son of Thomas Skillings and Emma.

John next married **Hannah Beardmore**, daughter of **William Beardmore** and **Hannah Mountford**, on 27 Oct 1853 in FMH Stockport, Cheshire. Hannah was born on 22 Jan 1826. They had one daughter: **Mary Hannah**.

General Notes: Could be Potter

- 7-Mary Hannah Reynolds<sup>4</sup> was born on 31 Jan 1855 in Sittingbourne, Kent.
- 5-Joseph Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1765 and died in 1765.
- 5-Joseph Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1767 and died in 1859 at age 92.
- 5-Henry Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1768 and died in 1833 at age 65.
- 5-George Reynolds<sup>2,4,112</sup> was born in 1770 in Croydon, Surrey and died in 1826 in Rochester, Kent at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grocer in Rochester, Kent.
- He worked as a Grocer in Barking, Essex.

George married **Deborah Horsnaill**, <sup>2,4,112</sup> daughter of **Robert Horsnaill**<sup>4</sup> and **Mary Elgar**, on 11 Jun 1799 in Kent. Deborah was born on 15 Jun 1773 in Strood, Rochester, Kent and died in 1850 at age 77. They had two children: **Edmund** and **Marian**.

6-Edmund Revnolds<sup>1,121,136</sup> was born on 19 Jun 1804 in Rochester, Kent and died on 22 Jun 1867 in Rochester, Kent at age 63.

Edmund married **Eliza Horsnaill**, 1,4,121,136 daughter of **Thomas Horsnaill** 4,70,136,139 and **Mary Bassett Womersley**, 4,70,136,139 on 7 May 1835 in FMH Rochester. Eliza was born on 13 Apr 1813 in Strood, Rochester, Kent. They had five children: **William Henry**, **Alfred**, **Edmund**, **Theodore**, and **Ernest**.

7-William Henry Reynolds<sup>58,75,136,158</sup> was born on 19 Mar 1836 in Dover, Kent and died on 4 Apr 1911 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Seedsman and Corn dealer in Ashford, Kent.
- He worked as a Seedsman and Corn dealer in Strood, Rochester, Kent.
- He had a residence in 1881 in Esplanade, Strood, Kent.

William married **Caroline Horsnaill**,<sup>75,136,158</sup> daughter of **George Horsnaill**<sup>52,124,136,139,155,158</sup> and **Maria Pollard**,<sup>52,136,139,155,158</sup> on 8 Jul 1869 in Ashford, Kent. Caroline was born on 17 Feb 1842 in Rochester, Kent and died on 30 Mar 1916 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. In an accident at age 74.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Ackworth School in 1854-1856.
- She worked as a Bookseller's assistant.
- 7-Alfred Reynolds<sup>4</sup> was born in 1838.
- 7-Edmund Reynolds<sup>4,103,136</sup> was born in 1840 and died on 25 Dec 1918 in London at age 78.

Edmund married Maria.<sup>4</sup> Maria died in 1938. They had two children: Alfred and Elsie Maria.

8-Alfred Reynolds<sup>4</sup> was born in 1883.

Alfred married **Helen**.<sup>4</sup> Helen died in 1937.

- 8-Elsie Maria Reynolds<sup>4</sup> was born in 1889.
- 7-**Theodore Reynolds**<sup>4,121,136</sup> was born in 1843 and died on 26 Oct 1877 in South Africa at age 34.
- 7-Ernest Reynolds<sup>4,136</sup> was born in 1847 in Tottenham, London and died in 1873 in Clerkenwell, London at age 26.
- 6-Marian Reynolds<sup>2,4,112</sup> was born on 12 Jul 1809 in Rochester, Kent and died on 16 Oct 1851 in Spalding, Lincolnshire at age 42.

Marian married **James Neave**, 2,4,112,159 son of **James Neave** Neave Neave Neave, and **Hannah Gundry**, 2,3,4,37,40,100,112,115,116,117,118 on 20 Oct 1836 in FMH Rochester, Kent. James was born on 30 Jul 1793 in Fordingbridge, Hampshire and died on 16 Apr 1862 in Southwark, London at age 68. They had six children: **Ellen, George, Reynolds, Henry Reynolds, Edmund**, and **Arthur Reynolds**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grocer in Spalding, Lincolnshire.
  - 7-**Ellen Neave**<sup>2,4,112</sup> was born on 28 Sep 1837.
  - 7-George Neave<sup>2,4,112</sup> was born on 11 Aug 1841 in Spalding, Lincolnshire and died on 30 Nov 1911 in Caple Villa, Uppleby Road, Upper Parkstone, Dorset at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at No. 65 In Clifton Street, Stretford, Lincolnshire.
- He worked as a Grocer.

George married **Anna Maria Hall.** Anna was born in 1847 in Windsor, Berkshire and died on 22 Feb 1922 in 5 Westgate Buildings, Bath, Somerset at age 75.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 1901 in Melcombe Regis, Dorset.
- 7-Reynolds Neave<sup>2,4,112</sup> was born on 13 Aug 1844 and died in 1845 at age 1.
- 7-**Henry Reynolds Neave**<sup>2,4,112,129,160</sup> was born on 6 Jul 1846 in Spalding, Lincolnshire and died on 13 Aug 1864 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire at age 18. The cause of his death was Pole Vaulting Accident at Ackworth School.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1862 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Apprentice Teacher, Ackworth School in Pontefract, Yorkshire.

7-**Edmund Neave**<sup>2,4</sup> was born on 4 Apr 1848 in Spalding, Lincolnshire and died in 1849 in Spalding, Lincolnshire at age 1.

7-Arthur Reynolds Neave<sup>2,4,112</sup> was born on 17 Nov 1849 in Spalding, Lincolnshire and died on 21 May 1923 in 3 Beaufort West, Welcot, Bath, Somerset at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Homeopathic Chemist in Cavendish Street, Salford, Manchester.

Arthur married Emily Sinclair, <sup>2,112</sup> daughter of Joseph P. Sinclair and Mary, in 1892 in Bath, Somerset. Emily was born in Bath, Somerset and died on 23 Apr 1901.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a School teacher.

Arthur next married **Naomi**. Naomi was born in 1863 and died on 6 Jan 1942 in 3 Beaufort West, Welcot, Bath, Somerset at age 79.

5-Richard Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 23 Jan 1772 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 19 Feb 1835 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Wine Merchant in London.

Richard married **Anna Maria Seaman**, <sup>1,4,161</sup> daughter of **Robert Seaman** and **Elizabeth Freshfield**, <sup>4</sup> on 20 Dec 1796 in Copford, Essex. Anna was born on 16 Aug 1776 in Norwich, Norfolk and died in 1814 at age 38. They had nine children: **Richard Freshfield**, **Robert Henry, Charles, Sarah, Catherine, Frederick, Elam, Francis Freshfield**, and **Anna Maria**.

6-Richard Freshfield Reynolds<sup>4,138,161,162</sup> was born on 13 Sep 1797 in Parish Of Christ Church, Spitalfields, and died on 10 May 1833 in Banbury, Oxfordshire at age 35.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Pharmacist and Chemist in Banbury, Oxfordshire.

Richard married **Maria Bassett**, 4,138 daughter of **Peter Bassett** and **Ann Dollin**, on 12 Jun 1828 in FMH Leighton Buzzard. Maria was born in 1797, died on 16 Feb 1880 at age 83, and was buried in FBG Adel, Leeds. They had four children: **Richard, Mary Jane, Bassett**, and **John Bassett**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1828 in Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire.

7-Richard Reynolds<sup>1,4,55,138</sup> was born on 12 May 1829 in Banbury, Oxfordshire, died on 5 Apr 1900 in Cliff Lodge, Leeds, Yorkshire at age 70, and was buried in FBG Adel, Leeds.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist and partner in Harvey & Reynolds, later Reynolds & Branson. In Leeds, Yorkshire.

Richard married **Frances Marshall**, 1,4,55 daughter of **Samuel Marshall**, 23,34,123,163,164,165 and **Hannah Tipping**, 4,23,123,165 on 15 Jul 1858. Frances was born on 27 Jul 1829 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 21 Apr 1900 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 70, and was buried in FBG Adel, Leeds. They had six children: **Marian, Richard Freshfield, Frances Mary, Emmeline, William Marshall**, and **Catherine Louisa**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School (Castlegate) in Aug 1844-Jun 1845 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Marian Reynolds<sup>1,55</sup> was born on 6 Jun 1859 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 2 May 1931 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 71, and was buried on 5 May 1931 in FBG Adel, Leeds.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1874-Dec 1875 in York, Yorkshire.

8-**Richard Freshfield Reynolds**<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 13 Jul 1860 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 1 Jun 1907 in Hill Carr, Ilkley at age 46, and was buried in FBG Adel, Leeds. Another name for Richard was Fred Reynolds.

General Notes: Ted Milligan gives him as being unmarried.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Manufacturing pharmaceutical chemist in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- · He was a Quaker.

Richard married **Amy Dora Percy**, daughter of **Sidney Richard Percy** and **Emily Charlotte Fairlam**, on 15 Sep 1886 in Bedford Park, Chiswick, London. Amy was born on 6 Oct 1860 in Wandsworth, London and died on 11 Jun 1957 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria at age 96. Another name for Amy was Amy Dora Percy Williams. They had three children: **Richard Frederick**, **Dora Eldrid**, and **Kenneth Richard**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Poet and Writer.
  - 9-Capt. Richard Frederick Reynolds was born in 1887 in Headingley, Leeds, Yorkshire, <sup>55</sup> died on 2 Oct 1918 in Flanders, Belgium. Died of wounds, in action at age 31, and was buried in Perth Cemetery (China Wall), Ypres, Belgium. Grave III.K.8.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the Hampshire Regiment.
- 9-Dora Eldrid Reynolds<sup>55</sup> was born in 1889 in Headingley, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 28 Sep 1958 in Isle of Wight, Hampshire at age 69.
- 9-Kenneth Richard Reynolds<sup>55</sup> was born in 1892 in Headingley, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 19 Jan 1960 in Chesterfield, Derbyshire at age 68.

Kenneth married **Sissie Jeanette Gray** in 1922 in Sheffield, Yorkshire. Sissie was born on 20 May 1894 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died about 1987 in Bakewell, Derbyshire about age 93. They had one daughter: **Elnora Jeanette**.

10-Elnora Jeanette Reynolds was born on 21 May 1925 in Letchworth, Hertfordshire and died on 1 Oct 2012 in Derbyshire at age 87.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Author of "The Williams Family of Painters" (1975), under the name Jan Reynolds.
- 8-Frances Mary Reynolds<sup>1,55</sup> was born on 15 Sep 1861.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1875-Oct 1878 in York, Yorkshire.

Frances married **Arthur Rosling Smee**, 1,55 son of **Sylvanus Smee** 4,53,55,123 and **Josiana Rosling**, 4,53,55 on 22 Apr 1885. Arthur was born in 1861 in Cripplegate, London and died on 6 Jul 1937 in 55 Lissenden Mansions, Kentish Town, London at age 76. They had six children: **Sylvia, Olive, Rosslyn, Eric Reynolds, Arthur Archibald**, and **Colin**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Furniture Manufacturer in London.
  - 9-**Sylvia Smee**<sup>55</sup> was born on 8 Feb 1886 in Edmonton, London.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1899-Jul 1904 in York, Yorkshire.
- 9-Olive Smee<sup>55</sup> was born in 1887 in Edmonton, London and died in Oct 1984 in Worthing at age 97.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1901-1905 in York, Yorkshire.

Olive married **Aubrey Mountain Palmer**<sup>55</sup> on 2 Aug 1919. Aubrey was born in 1891 in Gayton, Freebridge Lynn, Norfolk and died in 1955 in Hammersmith, London at age 64.

- 9-Rosslyn Smee<sup>55</sup> was born in 1889 in Edmonton, London and died in Sep 1931 in Prior Place, Camberley at age 42.
- 9-Eric Reynolds Smee<sup>55</sup> was born in 1892 in Edmonton, London and died on 15 Dec 1894 in Wyndcroft, Enfield, London at age 2.
- 9-Capt. Arthur Archibald Smee<sup>55,129,166</sup> was born on 14 Jul 1893 in Enfield, London and died in 1970 in Hillingdon, Uxbridge, Middlesex at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MC & Bar.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1908-1910 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an officer of the Suffolk Regiment in 1914-1919.
- He worked as a Representative of Messrs. Reckitt & Sons Ltd. (Hull & London) in 1935.

Arthur married **Edith Rosetta Goslee**<sup>55,129,166</sup> on 24 Jan 1923 in Hendon, Middlesex. Edith was born on 16 Oct 1889 in Bethnal Green, London and died in 1992 in Newton Abbot, Devon at age 103. They had one daughter: **Anna Rosamund**.

Marriage Notes: SMEE-GOSLEE.-On January 24th, at Hendon, Arthur A. Smee (1908-10), to Edith R. Goslee.

#### 10-Anna Rosamund Smee

Anna married **Reader Dennison Hanbury** in 1951 in Harrow, Middlesex. Reader was born on 21 Aug 1915 in Epsom, Surrey and died in Dec 1997 in Torbay, Devon at age 82. They had two children: **John C. J.** and **James R.** 

General Notes: The undermentioned are granted commissions for the duration of hostilities as Acting Pilot Officers on probation on the dates stated:'97 4th Feb. 1940.

Reader Dennison HANBURY (77686).

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Distinguished Service Order.

Acting Flight Lieutenant Reader Dennison HANBURY (77686), Royal Air Force Volunteer Reserve, No. 228 Squadron. - In July, 1943, whilst this officer was captain of an aircraft engaged on an anti-submarine patrol, a pack of three U. boats were observed on the surface of the water. Flight Lieutenant Han- - bury quickly reported the position and, whilst shadowing the pack, which were taking violent evasive action, he attacked one of the vessels. In spite of intense opposing fire he straddled the U. boat with depth charges which caused the vessel to sink almost immediately. Two weeks later, Flight Lieutenant Hanbury completed the destruction of a U. boat which had been damaged 'in a previous attack, by another aircraft. This officer has displayed skill, courage and determination of a high order.

The London Gazette TUESDAY, the 24th of AUGUST, 1943

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO.
- He worked as a Flight Lieutenant of the RAFVR No. 228 Squadron.

#### 11-John C. J. Hanbury

#### 11-James R. Hanbury

9-Capt. Colin Smee<sup>55,167</sup> was born in 1895 in Enfield, London and died on 17 Feb 1947 in Zomba, Malawi at age 52.

General Notes: Smee. On 17th February, at Zomba, Nyasaland, Colin Smee (1908-11), aged 51 years

#### Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with ARCS DIC FRES MBE MC.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1908-1911 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Leighton Park School in 1911-1913 in Reading, Berkshire.
- He was educated at Imperial College of Science and Technology in 1913-1915 in London.
- He worked as an officer of the 20th Middlesex Regiment in 1915-1919 in France.
- He was educated at Imperial College of Science and Technology in 1919-1921 in London.
- He worked as an Entomologist, Department of Agriculture in 1921-1947 in Zomba, Malawi.
- 8-Emmeline Reynolds<sup>1,55</sup> was born on 14 Apr 1863 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 12 Mar 1925 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 61, and was buried in FBG Adel, Leeds.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1877-Jun 1879 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-William Marshall Reynolds<sup>1,55,129</sup> was born on 16 Jul 1864 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 7 Oct 1899 in Thornville Hotel, Leeds, Yorkshire at age 35, and was buried in FBG Adel, Leeds.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1877-1880 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Natal, South Africa.
- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- 8-Catherine Louisa Reynolds was born in 1868 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 1 Apr 1869 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 1, and was buried in FBG Adel, Leeds.
- 7-Mary Jane Revnolds<sup>4</sup> was born in 1830 and died in 1831 at age 1.
- 7-Bassett Reynolds<sup>1,4,119,138</sup> was born in Nov 1831 in Banbury, Oxfordshire and died on 17 Mar 1910 in Leominster, Herefordshire at age 78.

General Notes: Sharples Bank became part of Barclays

Retired to Leominster to be nearer to his sons.

Bassett Reynolds, 78 17 3mo. 1910 Leominster. Formerly an Elder. The second son of Richard Freshfield and Maria Reynolds, of Banbury Bassett Reynolds was born in that town in November, 1831. On his mother's side he was the grandson of Peter Bassett, founder of the Bank of that name at Leighton Buzzard (now Barclay and Co.); and on his father's side, grandson of Anna Maria Reynolds nee Seaman), a descendant of the Gurney family. His father was a chemist, in a day when members of that profession were at times expected to visit patients. It was on a night-coach journey for that purpose that Richard F. Reynolds contracted a chill which soon carried him off, the child Bassett being then only a year-and-a-half old. Maria Reynolds was thus left with two boys; her brother John Dollin Bassett, often proving a stay to the widow. Her elder son, Richard Reynolds, in later years became a well-known and valued citizen of Leeds. Charlbury was the first boarding school, followed by Colchester, and thirdly, Hitchin (under Isaac Brown), moved to Dorking while Bassett Reynolds was a pupil, just two years before Isaac Brown was appointed principal of the Flounders Institute. After school days, for the next thirteen or fourteen years he had an unusually varied career, living successively in Manchester, at Ampthill in Bedfordshire, where he was apprenticed to a grocery and drapery firm, at a premium of 125 guineas, even that high figure being a reduction of twenty-five guineas in consideration of previous service; in York, where he lodged at Henry Hipsley's, and first took part in Adult School teaching; at Saffron Walden, and at South Shields. During his apprenticeship, he had the privilege of attending, with his mother and brother, the great Peace Conference held in Paris, at which Victor Hugo presided - a memorable experience for one so young, helping firmly to clinch his Peace principles. At last, a business was taken at Bury St. Edmunds; and in 1863, Bassett Reynolds married Julia, daughter of Edward Mills, of Finsbury Circus, London. Soon afterwards a business at Leeds Bridge (the retail part of Hotham and Whiting's) was purchased, and most of the family of seven (five surviving) were born in the northern city. The four-storey house (besides cellar) that remained the home for several years, rested on wooden piles on the bed of the inky river Aire; and though the family left it in response to the Corporation's warning at the time the present bridge was built, about forty years ago, the house still stands. In 1876, Bassett Reynolds moved to Luton, entering the bank of Sharples and Co. (now Barclay's), and there was his home for the next twenty-five years. Almost at once he took up work in the Adult School, then a comparatively small one, and he had the joy of seeing the steady rise in numbers and the abounding prosperity of the School in later years, prosperity in which his own class shared. In various little ways he proved his interest in the men, and though his gifts of exposition were not great, there was something in the manner and the personality that for twenty-five years gathered, kept, and held as loyal a body of men as any in the School. And when the time of retirement came, and with his wife he moved to Leominster, to be near their married sons, the class always lay near his heart, and was unfailingly remembered every night as he passed the fine group portrait that hung at the foot of the stairs. He rejoiced as he heard from one and another of his old scholars of the continued progress of the class, and how one of the old members had become the leader of another class. Bassett

Reynolds was not brought up as an abstainer; and letters written in the days soon after he had taken over the Leeds business indicate how much he felt, or thought he felt' the need of a stimulant at the end of a hard day's work. But as he saw a young family growing up around him, he decided that tec- totalism was the only right course, and from the day of decision to the end he continued a convinced abstainer. Similarly, though fond of tobacco, he laid aside, for the sake of the example to his children, the pipe and the cigar, and never reverted to those luxuries. One of " the quiet of the land," as he had been called, Bassett Reynolds exercised a gentle, kindly influence. He often expressed his sense of thankfulness for the gifts of life. Till within a little over a year of his own decease, he enjoyed the devoted care of his beloved wife, who did so much to ease his declining years. A few years ago, one who knew him well wrote: "I have often marvelled at his cheerful disposition and serene nature, notwithstanding the adverse circumstances, annoyances, disappointments, which come to each of us. I attribute his equable temperament partly to his good health, and also to a source of strength derived each day from a hidden spring, whose waters flow continually for all who choose to bathe in their cooling streams."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Charlbury School in Charlbury, Oxfordshire.
- He was educated at Colchester School in Colchester, Essex.
- He was educated at Isaac Brown's School in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.
- He worked as a Draper in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.
- He worked as a Draper in Leeds Bridge, Leeds.
- He worked as a Banker with Sharples & Co. 1876 To 1901 in Luton, Bedfordshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.

Bassett married **Julia Mills**, <sup>1,119,138</sup> daughter of **Edward Mills**, in 1863. Julia was born in 1833 and died on 28 Jan 1909 in Leominster, Herefordshire at age 76. They had seven children: **Edward Bassett**, **Hubert**, **Ernest Bassett**, **Richard Percy**, **Isabella Maud**, **Florence Bassett**, and **Harold Miles**.

8-Edward Bassett Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born on 18 Feb 1864 in Sudbury, Suffolk and died on 31 Mar 1934 in Hereford, Herefordshire at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as an Editor of "The Friend" in 1912-1931.

Edward married **Anna Clark Eddington**, daughter of **William Clark Eddington**, and **Helen Pumphrey**, 4,101,121,123,168,169 in 1900 in FMH Leominster. Anna was born on 17 Nov 1870 in Worcester, Worcestershire and died on 26 Jul 1944 in Leominster, Herefordshire at age 73. They had two children: **May Eddington** and **Joan Pumphrey**.

- 9-May Eddington Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born on 29 Jul 1905 in Leominster, Herefordshire.
- 9-**Joan Pumphrey Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born on 10 Jun 1910 in Leominster, Herefordshire.
- 8-**Hubert Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1865.

Hubert married Jane Coates<sup>1</sup> about 1894. Jane died in 1950. They had three children: Kathleen, Lucy, and Donald.

- 9-**Kathleen Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1895.
- 9-**Lucy Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1896.
- 9-**Donald Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1901.
- 8-Ernest Bassett Revnolds<sup>1,161</sup> was born in 1866 in Leeds Bridge, Leeds and died in 1866.
- 8-Richard Percy Reynolds<sup>1,161</sup> was born in 1867 in Leeds Bridge, Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1942 at age 75.
- 8-Isabella Maud Revnolds<sup>1,161</sup> was born in 1868 in Leeds Bridge, Leeds and died in 1956 at age 88.

- 8-Florence Bassett Reynolds<sup>1,161</sup> was born in 1871 in Leeds Bridge, Leeds and died in 1960 at age 89.
- 8-Harold Miles Reynolds<sup>1,161</sup> was born in 1873 in Leeds Bridge, Leeds and died in 1873 in Died in Infancy.
- 7-John Bassett Reynolds<sup>4</sup> was born in 1833 and died in 1833.
- 6-Robert Henry Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 21 Nov 1798 in London and died in 1837 at age 39.

Robert married Ann Matthews, daughter of Stephen Matthews and Sarah. They had four children: Ellen Amelia, Anna Maria Seaman, William Henry, and Bertram.

7-Ellen Amelia Reynolds<sup>4,26,34</sup> was born on 2 Dec 1821 in Gloucester Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 26 Dec 1885 in Stoke Newington, London at age 64.

Ellen married **Joseph Dell**, 4,26,34 son of **Joseph Hagen Dell** 4,59,155 and **Martha Smith**, 4,59,155 Joseph was born on 20 Mar 1816 in Chalkney Mill, Earls Colne, Essex and died on 9 Aug 1886 in Stoke Newington, London at age 70. They had six children: **Martha, Anna Maria, Amelia, Ada Mary, Emily Jane**, and **Ellen Josephine**.

8-Martha Dell was born on 7 May 1846 in Dudley, Staffordshire.

Martha married Godfrey Layton. They had five children: Ellen Mary, Emily, Fanny, Godfrey, and Ada Mary.

- 9-Ellen Mary Layton was born on 9 Nov 1872.
- 9-Emily Layton was born on 13 Jul 1875.
- 9-Fanny Layton was born on 14 Sep 1877.
- 9-Godfrey Layton was born on 26 Jul 1881.
- 9-Ada Mary Layton was born on 25 May 1883.
- 8-Anna Maria Dell was born on 17 Nov 1849 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire.
- 8-Amelia Dell<sup>4,170</sup> was born in 1851 and died on 14 May 1917 in Malton, Yorkshire at age 66.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jun 1869-Jun 1871 in York, Yorkshire.

Amelia married **William Rowntree**, 4,53,170,171 son of **William Rowntree** 4,26,159,171 and **Ann Cooke**, 4,26,159,171 on 18 Jun 1874 in FMH Winchmore Hill. William was born on 21 Jul 1843 in Kirkstall, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 24 May 1888 in Sheffield, Yorkshire at age 44. They had three children: **Joseph Dell, Albert**, and **Amy**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Grocer of York in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Commission agent in Sheffield, Yorkshire.
  - 9-Joseph Dell Rowntree<sup>4</sup> was born on 17 Jan 1880 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 16 Apr 1963 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He was educated at Master Grocer in Malton, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends Ambulance Unit in 1916-1918.

Joseph married **Elsie Maud Leefe**, daughter of **Benjamin Leefe**<sup>4</sup> and **Sarah Ann Good**, on 17 Jul 1913 in Malton, Yorkshire. Elsie was born on 26 Nov 1885 in Malton, Yorkshire. They had two children: **William Keith** and **Ruth Dell**.

#### 10-William Keith Rowntree

#### 10-Ruth Dell Rowntree

- 9-Albert Rowntree<sup>4</sup> was born on 6 Dec 1881 in Sheffield, Yorkshire.
- 9-Amy Rowntree<sup>4</sup> was born on 26 Oct 1883 and died in 1964 at age 81.

Amy married **Kenneth Mortimer Angus**, son of **Prof. John Mortimer Angus** and **Mabel Septima Harris**, on 12 Sep 1912 in FMH Malton. Kenneth was born in 1884 in Aberystwith, Cardiganshire and died in 1962 at age 78. They had four children: **Margaret Dell, Ralph Gurney, Martin**, and **Mabel**.

General Notes: NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, Henry Vigurs Harris, George Rende Harris, Leonard Harris and Kenneth Mortimer Angus, carrying on business as House Decorators Picture Dealers and Print Sellers, Artists' Colourmen, House Furnishers and Dealers in Fancy Goods, at 70, George Street, 2 and 3, George Lane and Kirkby Yard, Endsleigh Place, in the city

of Plymouth, under the style or firm of HARRIS & SONS, was dissolved .as and from the ninth day of May, 1935, by mutual consent so far as concerns the said Kenneth Mortimer Angus, who retires from the said firm. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid respectively by the said Henry Vigurs Harris

George Rendel Harris and Leonard Harris, by whom the business will in future be carried on.- Dated the eighteenth day of May, 1935.

H. VIGURS HARRIS.

G. RENDEL HARRIS.

LEONARD HARRIS.

KENNETH M. ANGUS.

- 10-Margaret Dell Angus
- 10-Ralph Gurney Angus was born on 6 Oct 1916 and died in 1973 in Lambeth, London at age 57.
- 10-Martin Angus
- 10-Mabel Angus
- 8-Ada Mary Dell<sup>26</sup> was born on 7 May 1854 and died on 16 May 1884 in Stoke Newington, London at age 30.
- 8-Emily Jane Dell was born on 13 Apr 1856 and died on 8 Dec 1945 in Folkestone, Kent at age 89.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1873-Jun 1874 in York, Yorkshire.

Emily married **Robert Henry Marsh,** son of **Robert Marsh**<sup>58,111,121,123,155</sup> and **Ann Robinson**, on 21 Jul 1880 in FMH Stoke Newington. Robert was born on 29 Jan 1856 in Luton, Bedfordshire. They had two children: **Robert Lawrence** and **Emily Beatrice**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated in 1891 in Theydon Garnon, Essex.
- 9-Robert Lawrence Marsh 149,150,172,173,174 was born on 28 May 1884 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire and died on 23 Sep 1955 at age 71.

General Notes: MARSH.-On 23rd September, 1955, Robert Lawrence Marsh (1889-1902), aged 71 years

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1899-1902 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Ingleside, Epping, Essex.
- He was educated at Victoria University, Manchester.

• He worked as an Accountant, Partner in R. H. Marsh & Co. In 1935 in Ethelburga House, 91-93 Bishopsgate Street, London.

Robert married **Kathleen Hamilton**<sup>149,150,172,173</sup> on 25 Apr 1911 in Hampstead, London. Kathleen was born in 1888 in Ambergate. They had three children: **Robert Edward, Richard Hamilton**, and **Barbara**.

Marriage Notes: MARSH-HAMILTON.-On the 25th April, 1911, at Hampstead, London, Robert Lawrence Marsh, M.Sc. (1899-1902), of Ingleside, Epping, to Kittie Hamilton, of Ambergate.

10-Robert Edward Marsh 129,167,173,175 was born on 10 Mar 1912 in Ingleside, Epping, Essex and died in 1970 at age 58.

General Notes: MARSH.-On the 10th March, 1912, at Ingleside, Epping, Kittie (the wife of R. Lawrence Marsh (1899-1902), a son, who was named Robert Edward.

Robert E. Marsh, 44 Northwold Drive, Saxonwold, Johannesburg—reports that he is continuously travelling around the Union in Portuguese East Africa and the Rhodesias in the capacity of Sales Director of A. J. North & Co. *Bootham. May 1951* 

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Friend's School Saffron Walden in 1923-1926 in Saffron Walden, Essex.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1929 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University Tutorial College in 1929-1930.
- He worked as a Company Director of Wholesale Chemists in 1935 in London.
- He resided at 4 Gordon House in 1935 in 37 Welbeck Street, London.

Robert married **Thera Olive North**. They had one son: **Robert Christie**.

#### 11-Robert Christie Marsh

10-Richard Hamilton Marsh<sup>129,149</sup> was born on 1 Jun 1914 in St. Ernan's, Fuller's Road, South Woodford, Essex.

General Notes: MARSH.-On the 1st June, 1914, at St. Ernan's, Fuller's Road, South Woodford, Essex, Kittie (Hamilton), wife of Robert Lawrence Marsh (1899-1902), a son, who was named Richard Hamilton.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Friends' School, Saffron Walden in 1925-1928 in Saffron Walden, Essex.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1928-1932 in York, Yorkshire.
- He resided at 4 Gordon House in 1935 in 37 Welbeck Street, London.
- He was educated at Student at British Launderers Research Laboratory.

10-Barbara Marsh<sup>150</sup> was born on 5 Aug 1915 in Bowlands Meadow, Theydon Bois, Essex.

General Notes: MARSH.-On the 5th August, 1915, at Bowlands Meadow, Theydon Bois, Kittie, wife of R. Lawrence Marsh (1889-1902), a daughter, who was named Barbara.

9-Emily Beatrice Marsh was born on 18 Aug 1887 in Epping, Essex and died on 7 May 1931 at age 43.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in 1901-1903 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-Ellen Josephine Dell<sup>170</sup> was born on 29 Sep 1860 and died on 6 Sep 1940 in Margate, Kent at age 79.

Ellen married **William Henry Brown**<sup>170,176</sup> on 9 Jun 1887 in FMH Epping. William was born on 24 May 1859 in Halstead, Essex and died on 11 Feb 1903 in York, Yorkshire at age 43. They had one son: **Edward Dell**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1872-1876 in York, Yorkshire.
  - 9-Edward Dell Brown<sup>170</sup> was born in 1896 and died on 18 Aug 1917 in Passchendaele. Killed in Action at age 21.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- 7-Anna Maria Seaman Reynolds was born on 30 Sep 1823 in London.
- 7-William Henry Reynolds was born on 2 Feb 1826 in London.
- 7-Bertram Reynolds was born on 14 Aug 1829 in London.
- 6-Charles Reynolds<sup>4,16,55,177</sup> was born on 9 Dec 1799 in Whitechapel, London and died on 3 Jan 1871 in The Terrace, Upper Clapton, London at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Wine Merchant in Henley on Thames, Oxfordshire.
- He worked as a Wine merchant and Commercial traveller in London.
- He was Ceased to be a Quaker before 1871.

Charles married **Lucy Smee**, 4,55,177 daughter of **William Smee** 4,55,177 and **Mary Atkinson**, 4,55 in 1824 in FMH White Hart Court, London. Lucy was born in 1801 and died on 5 Nov 1842 in Peckham, London at age 41. They had eight children: **Mary Jane, Lucy Anna, Charles Seaman, William Smee, Frederick, Arthur, Walter**, and **Freshfield**.

- 7-Mary Jane Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1825 and died in 1826 in Died in Infancy at age 1.
- 7-Lucy Anna Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1828 and died in 1828 in Died in Infancy.
- 7-Charles Seaman Reynolds<sup>1,4,55</sup> was born in 1829 in Reading, Berkshire.

Charles married Unnamed. They had one son: Herbert.

- 8-**Herbert Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1853 and died in 1860 at age 7.
- 7-William Smee Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1831 in Reading, Berkshire and died in 1874 at age 43.
- 7-Frederick Reynolds<sup>1,4,121,178</sup> was born on 4 Dec 1833 and died in 1900 at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Accountant & Metal broker of West Bromwich.

Frederick married **Gulielma Metford**, 1,178 daughter of **William Metford** and **Sarah Clark**, in 1866. Gulielma was born in 1832 and died on 4 Oct 1889 in Warwick, Warwickshire at age 57. They had four children: **Lucy Gwellian**, **Lancelot Metford**, **Joan Berenice**, and **Roland Exton**.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Of Bridgewater.
  - 8-Lucy Gwellian Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1867.
  - 8-Lancelot Metford Revnolds<sup>1,121</sup> was born in 1869 and died on 7 Feb 1878 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 9.

8-Joan Berenice Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1870 and died in 1950 in France at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Lecturer.
- 8-Roland Exton Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1871 and died in 1922 at age 51.
- 7-Arthur Reynolds<sup>1,4,26,120,179</sup> was born on 15 Dec 1835 in Peckham, London and died on 28 Aug 1884 in Bridport, Dorset at age 48.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Croydon School.
- He worked as a Draper in Bridport, Dorset.

Arthur married **Fanny Clark**, 4,120,179 daughter of **James Clark** 4,70,96,113,127,179 and **Eleanor Stephens**, 4,70,113,127,179 in 1862. Fanny was born in 1840 in Street, Somerset and died in 1930 at age 90. They had ten children: **Sylvanus Arthur**, **William**, **Eleanor**, **Margaret Smee**, **James Bryant**, **Edward Seaman**, **Harold Clark**, **Frances Player**, **Alfred Player**, and **Gilbert**.

8-Sylvanus Arthur Reynolds<sup>1,4,55,129,133,180,181</sup> was born on 23 Jul 1863 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 25 Mar 1953 at age 89.

General Notes: REYNOLDS.-On 25th March, 1953, Sylvanus Arthur Reynolds (1877-78), aged 89 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot School in 1872-1877 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1877-1878 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Street, Somerset.
- · He worked as a Chartered Accountant.
- He resided at Oakdene, 73 Northcourt Avenue in 1935 in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Hon. Secretary of Sidcot OSA for some years.

Sylvanus married **Florence Emily Awmack**, <sup>129,133,180</sup> daughter of **Edwin Awmack**, <sup>4,59,182</sup> and **Mary Barritt**, <sup>4,182</sup> about 1895. Florence was born on 9 May 1864 in Reading, Berkshire and died on 17 Feb 1950 in Reading, Berkshire at age 85. They had five children: **Eleanor Mary, Margaret Awmack, Elizabeth Barritt, Reginald**, and (**No Given Name**).

- 9-Eleanor Mary Reynolds<sup>1,4,55</sup> was born on 6 Aug 1896 in Reading, Berkshire and died on 10 Feb 1969 in West Bay, Bridport, Dorset at age 72.
- 9-Margaret Awmack Reynolds<sup>1,4,55</sup> was born on 5 Aug 1898 in Reading, Berkshire and died on 21 Nov 1969 in Rochester, Kent at age 71.

Margaret married Oliver Samson. They had two children: Elizabeth A. and Rosemary J.

- 10-Elizabeth A. Samson
- 10-Rosemary J. Samson
- 9-Elizabeth Barritt Reynolds<sup>1,4,133,180</sup> was born on 25 Mar 1903 in Reading, Berkshire and died on 6 Apr 1915 in Sidcot, Winscombe, Somerset at age 12.
- 9-**Reginald Reynolds**<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1905 and died in 1958 at age 53.
- 9-Revnolds
- 8-William Reynolds<sup>1,4,55</sup> was born in 1864 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 1 Dec 1918 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Architect & Surveyor of Wells, Somerset.

William married Winifred Alice Whetham<sup>55</sup> in 1899 in Bridport, Dorset. Winifred was born about 1872 in Bridport, Dorset.

- 8-Eleanor Reynolds<sup>1,179</sup> was born in 1866 and died on 28 May 1879 in Bridport, Dorset at age 13.
- 8-Margaret Smee Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1867 and died in Died in Infancy.
- 8-James Bryant Reynolds<sup>1,4,55</sup> was born on 1 Jul 1869 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 28 May 1938 in Street, Somerset at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Draper.

James married **Florence Hatcher Humphries**<sup>1</sup> on 10 Jul 1900 in Shaftesbury, Dorset. Florence was born in 1870 and died in 1940 at age 70. They had four children: **Mabel Bryant, Dorothy Florence, Reginald Arthur**, and **Roland**.

9-Mabel Bryant Reynolds<sup>1,55</sup> was born on 1 May 1901 in Wells, Somerset.

Mabel married Eric Christopher Flinn.

- 9-Dorothy Florence Reynolds
- 9-Reginald Arthur Reynolds
- 9-Roland Reynolds
- 8-Edward Seaman Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 23 Jan 1871 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 2 Jan 1953 in Bridport, Dorset at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Draper of Bridport.

Edward married **Mabel Armitage**, 1,4,55 daughter of **Joseph John Armitage**, and **Mary Rebecca Smith**, on 22 Aug 1901 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire. Mabel was born on 11 Aug 1881 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 20 May 1957 in Bridport, Dorset at age 75. They had eight children: **Frances Mary, Arthur Basil, Kathleen Mabel, Miriam Armitage, Ralph Edward, Celia Joan, William Anthony**, and **John Benjamin**.

- 9-Frances Mary Reynolds<sup>1,55</sup> was born in 1902 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 22 Jan 1995 in Bridport, Dorset at age 93.
- 9-Arthur Basil Reynolds<sup>1,4,55</sup> was born in 1903 in Bridport, Dorset, died on 30 Dec 1960 in Ludlow, Shropshire at age 57, and was buried in FBG Pales, Radnor.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Cabinet Maker of Ludlow, Shropshire.

Arthur married **Helen Macdonald Watson**<sup>1,55</sup> on 30 Mar 1932 in Bristol, Gloucestershire. Helen was born about 1907 in Ludlow, Shropshire, died in 1980 in Ludlow, Shropshire about age 73, and was buried in FBG Pales, Radnor. They had one son: **Christopher Seaman**.

- 10-Christopher Seaman Reynolds
- 9-Kathleen Mabel Reynolds<sup>1,4,55</sup> was born on 20 Feb 1905 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 8 Sep 1953 in Weymouth, Dorset at age 48.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Chairman of Bridport Public Health Committee.

- 9-Miriam Armitage Reynolds<sup>1,55</sup> was born in 1907 in Bridport, Dorset and died in 1962 in North Kesteven, Lincolnshire at age 55.
- 9-Ralph Edward Reynolds

Ralph married Margaret Ketteringham. They had one daughter: Diana M.

- 10-Diana M. Reynolds
- 9-Celia Joan Reynolds<sup>1,55</sup> was born on 8 May 1912 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 25 Mar 1966 in Southwark, London at age 53.

Celia married Henry C. Medlam. They had two children: Valerie J. and John W. N.

10-Valerie J. Medlam

10-John W. N. Medlam

9-**Prof. William Anthony Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born on 22 May 1919 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 16 Apr 2005 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mechanical Engineer in Tamworth in Arder.
- He worked as a Professor of Industrial Engineering, University of Hong Kong 1978 To 1981 in Hong Kong, China.

William married Kelty (Kitty) Johanne Madsen. They had one son: Paul Christian.

- 10-Paul Christian Reynolds
- 9-**John Benjamin Reynolds**<sup>1,55</sup> was born on 14 Feb 1922 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 22 Feb 2000 at age 78.

John married Marie S. Smith. They had two children: (No Given Name) and (No Given Name).

- 10-Reynolds
- 10-Reynolds
- 8-Harold Clark Reynolds<sup>4,120</sup> was born in 1873 and died on 4 Aug 1897 in Yokohama, Japan at age 24.
- 8-Frances Player Reynolds was born in 1874.
- 8-Alfred Player Reynolds<sup>4</sup> was born in 1876 and died in 1961 at age 85.
- 8-Gilbert Reynolds<sup>4,55,129,183,184,185</sup> was born in 1877 in Bridport, Dorset and died on 16 Dec 1959 in Kloof, Natal, South Africa at age 82.

General Notes: REYNOLDS.-On 16th December, 1959, at Kloof, Natal, South Africa, Gilbert Reynolds (1892-93), of Durban, aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sidcot in 1888-1892 in Sidcot, Somerset.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1892-1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was awarded with All England Medal for LIfe Saving in 1915.
- He worked as a Teacher of Swimming and Life Saving in Durban, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa.
- He worked as a President of the South African Amateur Swimming Union in 1925-1926.
- He worked as a Clerk of Natal MM in 1930-1935.

- He worked as a Life Governor of the Royal Life Saving Society in 1933.
- He resided at 12 Castle Arcade in 1935 in Durban, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa.

Gilbert married **Beatrice M. Purvis**. They had one son: **L. Norman**.

9-L. Norman Reynolds<sup>129,184</sup> was born on 12 Oct 1908 in Durban, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa.

General Notes: REYNOLDS.-On the 12th October, 1908, at Durban, Natal, Beatrice M., wife of Gilbert Reynolds (1892-3) a son.

7-Walter Reynolds<sup>1,4,179</sup> was born on 13 Apr 1837 and died on 12 Oct 1879 in Bath, Somerset at age 42.

7-Freshfield Reynolds<sup>4,103,129,186,187</sup> was born on 18 Sep 1840 in Hanover Street, Peckham and died on 15 Jun 1922 in Long Sutton, Somerset at age 81.

General Notes: Apprenticed to Walter Martin of Guildford. Though he served as an assistant for Allsop & Quillers, he later moved to Leeds to work with his cousin Richard Reynolds, who was a partner in the firm of Reynolds & Branson.

REYNOLDS.— On June 15th, Freshfield Reynolds (1850-5), at Long Sutton, Somerset, aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1850-1855 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Apprenticed to E. Walter Martin in 1855-1861 in Guildford, Surrey.
- He worked as an Assistant Pharmaceutical Chemist, Alsop & Quillers in 1862 in London.
- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist Reynolds & Branson in 1863-1886 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Pharmaceutical Chemist in 1887-1904 in Harrogate, Yorkshire.
- He resided at Mynd House in 1904-1922 in Barton Street, Gloucester, Gloucestershire.

Freshfield married **Louisa Colebrook**, 4,129,186 daughter of **William Colebrook** and **Mary Ann May**, on 27 Nov 1865 in Congregational Chapel, Guildford, Surrey. Louisa was born on 27 Nov 1839 in Guildford, Surrey and died on 9 Jun 1929 at age 89. They had eight children: **Lucy Marianne, Catherine Louisa, William Colebrook, Ernest Freshfield, Louisa Mary, Emily <b>Josephine, John Edwin**, and **Richard Frederic**.

Marriage Notes: REYNOLDS-COLEBROOK.-On the 21st September, 1865, at Guildford, Freshfield Reynolds, of Gloucester (1850-5), to Louisa Colebrook, of Gloucester.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- Miscellaneous: Bootham magazine gives 21/9/1865 as the date of the wedding.
  - 8-Lucy Marianne Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 27 Sep 1866 in Briggate, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 19 Mar 1950 in Long Sutton, Lincolnshire at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1881-Nov 1883 in York, Yorkshire.
- 8-Catherine Louisa Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1868 in Briggate, Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1869 in Briggate, Leeds, Yorkshire at age 1.
- 8-**Dr. William Colebrook Reynolds**<sup>4,14</sup> was born in 1870 in Briggate, Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1940 at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as a Bacteriologist.
- He worked as a The principal creator of Dettol disinfectant.

William married Florence Kate Hill<sup>1</sup> in 1901 in Wandsworth, London. Florence was born in 1883. They had three children: Gladys Miriam, Margaret, and John Colebrook.

9-Gladys Miriam Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1903 and died in 1979 at age 76.

Gladys married **Edward Charles Dudley Stanford**. Edward was born in 1903. They had two children: **Jean Dudley** and **Ann Hardie**.

#### 10-Jean Dudley Stanford

Jean married Raymond Anthony Airton. They had three children: Rosalind Ann, Julian Dudley, and Colin Anthony.

- 11-Rosalind Ann Airton
- 11-Julian Dudley Airton
- 11-Colin Anthony Airton

#### 10-Ann Hardie Stanford

Ann married Maxwell William Lawson-Smith.

- 9-Margaret Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1905.
- 9-John Colebrook Reynolds
- 8-Ernest Freshfield Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1871.

Ernest married Emily Raper.

- 8-Louisa Mary Reynolds<sup>1,4,103</sup> was born in 1873 and died on 15 Apr 1918 in Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire at age 45. Another name for Louisa was Louise May Reynolds.
- 8-Emily Josephine Reynolds was born in 1874.

Emily married **Cuthbert Wigham Ecroyd,** son of **Alfred Russell Ecroyd**<sup>129,187,188</sup> and **Hannah Maria Neild**, on 21 Aug 1907. Cuthbert was born on 4 May 1875 in Sheffield, Yorkshire and died in 1953 at age 78. They had two children: **Christine** and **Maurice Freshfield**.

#### 9-Christine Ecroyd

Christine married **Norman Francis Lock**. Norman was born in 1905. They had one daughter: **Lucy Belina**.

- 10-Lucy Belina Lock
- 9-Maurice Freshfield Ecroyd<sup>1,129</sup> was born in 1912 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School in 1925-1927 in York, Yorkshire.

Maurice married Isabel Ramsay Watson. They had one daughter: Rosemary Christine.

#### 10-Rosemary Christine Ecroyd

Rosemary married Clive Alexander Hammant.

- 8-**John Edwin Reynolds**<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1876 and died in 1920 at age 44.
- 8-Richard Frederic Reynolds<sup>103</sup> was born in 1887 in Briggate, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 2 Oct 1918 in Leeds, Yorkshire at age 31.

6-Sarah Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1801.

Sarah married George Hayrock.

6-Catherine Reynolds<sup>1,4,177</sup> was born in 1802 and died on 26 Jun 1843 in Peckham, London at age 41.

Catherine married **Thomas Rheam**, 1,4,177 son of **Edward Rheam**, and **Elizabeth Bowlt**, 4,40 on 25 Mar 1824 in FMH Peel Court, St John's Street, Clerkenwell, London. Thomas was born about 1800 in Sutton on Hull, Yorkshire, died on 9 Jun 1835 in Abbey Street, Bermondsey, London about age 35, and was buried on 14 Jun 1835. They had six children: **Frederick Seaman, John Reynolds, Thomas, Eliza, Sarah**, and **William**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Currier in Hull, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Currier in Bermondsey, London.
- He was Quaker.
  - 7-Frederick Seaman Rheam<sup>4</sup> was born on 22 Dec 1824 in Hull, Yorkshire, died on 5 May 1825 in Hull, Yorkshire, and was buried on 8 May 1825 in FBG Hull.
  - 7-John Reynolds Rheam<sup>4</sup> was born on 12 Oct 1826 in Hull, Yorkshire, died in 1828 in Southwark, London at age 2, and was buried on 27 Jul 1828.
  - 7-**Thomas Rheam**<sup>4</sup> was born on 31 Jul 1829 in Southwark, London.
  - 7-Eliza Rheam<sup>4</sup> was born on 7 Dec 1830 in Southwark, London.
  - 7-Sarah Rheam<sup>4</sup> was born on 4 May 1832 in Southwark, London.

Sarah married **Henry Hicks**, son of **Henry Hicks** and **Ann Sanders**, and **Ann Sanders**, in 1855 in London. Henry was born on 19 Jun 1831 in Springfield, Chelmsford, Essex, died on 3 Aug 1883 at age 52, and was buried in Springfield, Chelmsford, Essex.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Of their 12 children, only one survived to adulthood.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Miller in Springfield Mill, Springfield, Chelmsford, Essex.
- 7-William Rheam<sup>4</sup> was born on 23 Sep 1833 in Southwark, London.
- 6-Frederick Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1804.
- 6-Elam Revnolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 26 Aug 1807 in London, died about 17 Dec 1807 in London, and was buried on 20 Dec 1807.
- 6-Francis Freshfield Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born on 24 Oct 1808 in Kennington, Lambeth, London and died on 10 Aug 1868 in Jersey, Channel Islands at age 59.

Francis married Julia Wiglesworth.

Francis next married Mary F. Hill<sup>1</sup> about 1845 in St. Aubin, Jersey, Channel Islands. Mary was born in 1818 in Bridgwater, Somerset and died in 1893 at age 75. They had five children: Francis Freshfield, Richard Freshfield, Anna Maria, Mary Jane, and Sarah Anna Maria.

- 7-Francis Freshfield Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1846.
- 7-Richard Freshfield Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1847.
- 7-Anna Maria Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1850.
- 7-Mary Jane Reynolds<sup>1,189</sup> was born in 1852 in Jersey, Channel Islands and died in 1922 at age 70.

Mary married George Henry before 1870 in St. Brelade's, Jersey. George was born in 1846 in Jersey, Channel Islands. They had six children: George W., Francis F., Mary J., Bertha Mabel, Edgar

#### Ernest, and Alfred George.

- 8-George W. Henry<sup>1</sup> was born in 1870 in Jersey, Channel Islands.
- 8-Francis F. Henry<sup>1</sup> was born in 1872 in Jersey, Channel Islands.
- 8-Mary J. Henry<sup>1</sup> was born in 1873 in Jersey, Channel Islands.
- 8-Bertha Mabel Henry<sup>1</sup> was born about 1875 in Jersey, Channel Islands.

Bertha married Frank Queree.

8-Edgar Ernest Henry<sup>1,189</sup> was born in 1879 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 3 Dec 1931 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 52.

Edgar married **Nelly Irene Giles**<sup>1,189</sup> in 1900 in St. John's, Guernsey. Nelly was born on 22 Dec 1878 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 4 Apr 1917 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 38. They had eight children: **Walter E., Elsie May, Francis George, Harry W., Bertha Mabel, Ethel M., Nellie Florence**, and **Lilian Mary**.

- 9-Walter E. Henry<sup>1</sup> was born on 23 Dec 1900 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 2 Jun 1911 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 10.
- 9-Elsie May Henry<sup>1</sup> was born on 17 Dec 1901 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 12 Mar 1980 in Princess Elizabeth Hospital, Guernsey at age 78.

Elsie married **Wilfred Thomas Le Patourel**. Wilfred was born on 21 Nov 1897 in St. Martin, Guernsey, Channel Islands and died in 1980 in St, Andrew, Guernsey at age 83. They had two children: **Sylvia Mae** and **Thelma Anne**.

General Notes: Service no. 91739, Rank Driver, Royal Field Artillery. After evacuation, WW11 spent in exile in Halifax, Yorks, living in Gibbet Street.

On return to Guernsey 1946 Mum believes that they visited Cousin Carre and Cousin Mauger, one married and one unmarried sister, at the Hostel of St John, Saumarez Park. She also recalls an old lady at the end of Collings Rd pre-war who she thinks was a distant relative.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was baptized on 5 Dec 1897 in St. Martin, Guernsey, Channel Islands.

#### 10-Sylvia Mae Le Patourel

Sylvia married Cyril Frederick Smith. They had one son: Andrew Mark.

- 11-Andrew Mark Smith
- 10-Thelma Anne Le Patourel<sup>1</sup> was born in 1935 and died on 4 Jul 2002 at age 67.
- 9-Francis George Henry<sup>1</sup> was born on 14 Mar 1903 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 11 Oct 1977 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 74.

General Notes: Service No. J91109

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Served as Lieutenant in the Royal Navy.

Francis married Mary Josephine Hewlett. Mary was born about 1905 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 17 May 1991 about age 86. They had two children: Mary Valentine and Joyce.

- 10-Mary Valentine Henry
- 10-Jovce Henry

Joyce married **David Townley**.

9-Harry W. Henry was born on 27 Jun 1905 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 20 Apr 1979 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 73.

Harry	married <b>Amelie Jouan</b> .	They had the	ree children:	: Patricia	, Michael	and Alistair.
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- 10-Patricia Henry
- 10-Michael Henry
- 10-Alistair Henry
- 9-Bertha Mabel Henry<sup>1</sup> was born on 5 Dec 1906 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 20 Dec 1977 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 71.

Bertha married **James Le Cheminant**. They had two children: **David** and **Peter**.

10-David Le Cheminant<sup>1</sup> was born about 1935 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died about 1983 in Le Bourgs Hospice, Guernsey about age 48.

General Notes: Died aged 58 yrs. Never married. Evacuated to Scotland in 1940 and spent time with Aunt Millie there before moving to Halifax, whilst Millie pregnant, and lodging with Wilf and Elsie. Prior to death was a sailor on board ship 'Helmsman' for Rowbotham Tanker Ships.

#### 10-Peter Le Cheminant

Peter married **Susan Stonebridge**. They had two children: **Deborah** and **Anne**.

- 11-Deborah Le Cheminant
- 11-Anne Le Cheminant
- 9-Ethel M. Henry<sup>1</sup> was born on 25 Jun 1908 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 3 Sep 2002 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 94.

Ethel married **Anthony R. Le Sauvage**. Anthony was born in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died in Guernsey, Channel Islands. They had one son: **Terence Anthony**.

10-Terence Anthony Le Sauvage

Terence married Augustine.

Terence next married Janine.

Terence next married Jacqueline.

9-Nellie Florence Henry<sup>1</sup> was born on 5 Feb 1911 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 11 Dec 1940 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 29.

Nellie married **Sidney Edward Till**. Sidney was born on 23 Dec 1906 and died on 6 Mar 1984 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 77.

9-Lilian Mary Henry<sup>1,189</sup> was born on 7 Mar 1913 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 17 Dec 1993 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 80.

General Notes: 10 dec 1979 0r 16 jun 1982

Lilian married Albert Edwin Windsor. They had four children: Brian, (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

- 10-Brian Windsor
- 10-Windsor
- 10-Windsor
- 10-Windsor

Edgar next married Alice Dorey. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).

9-Henry

- 9-Henry
- 9-Henry
- 8-**Alfred George Henry**<sup>1</sup> was born on 18 Oct 1895 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands.
- 7-Sarah Anna Maria Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born on 7 May 1861 in St. Aubin, Jersey, Channel Islands and died in 1929 in Hamilton, Ontario, Canada at age 68.

Sarah married **Joseph Burt**, son of **John Burt** and **Elizabeth Wellstead**, about 1881 in Guernsey, Channel Islands. Joseph was born in 1859 in Swanage, Dorset, was christened on 27 Feb 1859 in Swanage, Dorset, died on 28 May 1894 in Chelsea North, London at age 35, and was buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, London. They had eight children: **Herbert William Webber, Edith Annie, Florence Ada, Lilian Maud, Francis Freshfield, Arthur Joseph, Donald, and <b>Mabel Gertrude**.

8-Herbert William Webber Burt<sup>1</sup> was born in 1882 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 16 Dec 1910 in St. Sampson, Guernsey at age 28.

Herbert married Unnamed.

8-Edith Annie Burt<sup>1</sup> was born in 1884 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died in 1931 at age 47.

Edith married **Alfred Pulsford**. They had one daughter: **Marjory**.

- 9-Marjory Pulsford
- 8-Florence Ada Burt¹ was born on 21 Feb 1884 in Guernsey, Channel Islands, died in 1965 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada at age 81, and was buried in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

Florence married William John Abrahams, son of Harry Abrahams and Annie, in Dec 1900 in Redruth, Cornwall. William was born about Dec 1878 in Helston, Cornwall. They had three children: Gertrude, Gladys, and Bertha.

- 9-Gertrude Abrahams<sup>1</sup> was born on 16 Nov 1906 and died on 16 Jul 1981 at age 74.
- 9-Gladys Abrahams

Gladys married Cecil Butland. They had one son: Ian.

10-Ian Butland

Ian married Pauline.

9-Bertha Abrahams

Bertha married **Richard Pearson**. They had two children: **Florence** and **Vivian**.

**10-Florence Pearson** 

Florence married **Al Benedek**. They had one son: **Alex**.

11-Alex Benedek

Alex married someone. He had three children: Paul, Alexis, and Unnamed.

- 12- Paul
- 12- Alexis
- 12- Unnamed
- 10-Vivian Pearson

Vivian married Sam Sacco. They had one daughter: Sally Ann.
11-Sally Ann Sacco
Sally married Robert Schwiekert. They had two children: Christopher and Eric.
12-Christopher Schwiekert
12-Eric Schwiekert
Bertha next married Earl Ringleben. They had three children: Barbara, Earlene, and Diana.
10-Barbara Ringleben
Barbara married John Weatherup. They had three children: Jennie, Cathy, and Shawn.
11-Jennie Weatherup
11-Cathy Weatherup
11-Shawn Weatherup
Shawn married <b>Unnamed</b> . They had one son: <b>Brady</b> .
12-Brady Weatherup
Shawn next married Susan. They had two children: Brenden and Preston.
12-Brenden Weatherup
12-Preston Weatherup
10-Earlene Ringleben
Earlene married <b>Darryl Propheter</b> . They had five children: <b>Daniel, Jamie, Danette, Dana</b> , and <b>Jason</b> .
11-Daniel Propheter
11-Jamie Propheter
Jamie married Terry Dennis Smith. They had two children: Genevieve Lauren and Lincoln Sawyer
12-Genevieve Lauren Smith
12-Lincoln Sawyer Smith
11-Danette Propheter
Danette married Gary Battle. They had four children: Natasha, Felicia, Mariah, and Angelia.
12-Natasha Battle
12-Felicia Battle

12-Mariah Battle

- 12-Angelia Battle
- 11-Dana Propheter

Dana married **Andrew Barberis**. They had two children: **Jillian** and **Angela**.

- 12-Jillian Barberis
- 12-Angela Barberis
- 11-Jason Propheter
- 10-Diana Ringleben

Florence next married **William Laurie Greenidge**<sup>1</sup> about 1917. William was born on 25 Dec 1889 in St. Philip's Parish, Barbados, died on 14 May 1941 in Timmins at age 51, and was buried in Woodlawn Cemetery, Hamilton, Onatrio. They had one son: **Herbert William**.

9-**Dr. Herbert William Greenidge**<sup>1</sup> was born on 12 Mar 1918 in Creighton Mines, Ontario, Canada, died on 21 Feb 1996 in Ottawa Riverside Hospital, Ottawa, Canada at age 77, and was buried on 25 Mar 1996 in St. Mary's Anglican Cemetery, Navan, Ontario, Canada.

Herbert married **Muriel Agertha Smith**, daughter of **George Maynard Smith** and **Mary Ann Adams**, on 10 Nov 1945 in St Luke's Anglican Church, Ottawa. Muriel was born on 19 May 1922 in Navan, Ontario, Canada, died on 11 May 1989 in 148 Fentiman Avenue, Ottawa, Canada at age 66, and was buried in St. Mary's Anglican Cemetery, Navan, Ontario, Canada. They had four children: **Sheila Anne, Laurie William, Geoffrey George Shane**, and **Herbert Allen**.

General Notes: Notes from Sheila Corke. Muriel Agertha Smith was my Mother. She was born of Mary Adams and George Smith May 19, 1922 in Cumberland Township. She was the second born of five children. She graduated from Lisgar High School and then went to Ottawa Normal School (Teacher's College). Her first job may have been Portland Public School which was a one-room school. She met Herbert at summer school for Queen's where she continued to work towards her B.A. They married Nov 10, 1945 at St. Luke's Anglican Church, on Somerset St in Ottawa. She had four children and travelled around Canada and USA taking in postings to Brandon, Calgary, Toronto, Kingston, Texas. Daughter Sheila moved to 13 different schools in her first 10 years of school. Muriel worked as a supply teacher- enough to earn herself a small teacher pension. In 1973, she had the proud honour to graduate with her two older children from Queen's University. She got a B.A., Laurie and Sheila got a B.Ed. The last army posting was Toronto about 1960-1963. The next move was to Kingston about 1963-1981. University and student life were central to all. In the late 70s Muriel took on the new career of realtor and property manager. She excelled at making a business of putting little money down and making a business of renting property. Next was Bible school in Florida for 2 years with a graduation in 1981. Her final eight years were in Ottawa. She died suddenly May 11, in 1989 at the age of 67.

#### 10-Sheila Anne Greenidge

Sheila married Graham Francis Corke.

#### 10-Laurie William Greenidge

Laurie married Mary Wilson. They had five children: Elizabeth, Sarah, Christine, John, and David Michael Laurie.

#### 11-Elizabeth Greenidge

Elizabeth married Jordon Otis Sacrey.

#### 11-Sarah Greenidge

Sarah married someone. She had one daughter: Alysa Taylor.

- 12-Alysa Taylor Greenidge
- 11-Christine Greenidge
- 11-John Greenidge
- 11-David Michael Laurie Greenidge

#### 10-Geoffrey George Shane Greenidge

Geoffrey married Dianna Baird. They had four children: Matthew, Rebecca Dianna, Rachel, and Mark.

#### 11-Matthew Greenidge

Matthew married Amanda Low.

#### 11-Rebecca Dianna Greenidge

Rebecca married Toomas Kuutan Emery. They had one child: (No Given Name).

12-Emery

#### 11-Rachel Greenidge

Rachel married Gregory Grieb. They had one daughter: Grace Rachel Ella.

12-Grace Rachel Ella Grieb

#### 11-Mark Greenidge

#### 10-Herbert Allen Greenidge

Herbert married Karen Schokking. They had one daughter: Samantha.

#### 11-Samantha Greenidge

Herbert next married May Bennett South.

Florence next married William Shane.

- 8-Lilian Maud Burt<sup>1</sup> was born in 1887 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands and died about 1889 about age 2.
- 8-Francis Freshfield Burt<sup>1</sup> was born in 1890 in Guernsey, Channel Islands and died in 1937 at age 47.

Francis married Emmy.

- 8-Arthur Joseph Burt<sup>1</sup> was born in 1892 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands and died in 1892 in Guernsey, Channel Islands.
- 8-**Donald Burt**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1892 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands and died in 1893 in Guernsey, Channel Islands at age 1.
- 8-Mabel Gertrude Burt<sup>1</sup> was born on 14 May 1893 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands and died on 30 Nov 1983 in Hamilton, Ontario at age 90.

Mabel married **Thomas William Morgan**, son of **Thomas Morgan** and **Ann Rees**, on 14 Jun 1913 in Hamilton, Ontario. Thomas was born on 9 Oct 1890 in Cardiff, Wales and died on 15 Oct 1954 in Murray Street, Hamilton, Ontario at age 64. They had eight children: **Herbert, Ernest Rees, Francis Burt, William Laurie, David Joseph, Gladys May, Gertrude**, and **Florence June**.

- 9-Herbert Morgan<sup>1</sup> was born in 1913 and died in 1913.
- 9-Ernest Rees Morgan<sup>1</sup> was born in 1914 and died on 6 Aug 1997 in Hamilton, Ontario at age 83.

Ernest married Kathleen Prior. They had five children: Barbara Jean, William Ernest David, Doreen Mabel, Irene Florence, and Lois Kathleen.

#### 10-Barbara Jean Morgan

Barbara married Peter Addison.

#### 10-William Ernest David Morgan

William married Marylee Healy.
10-Doreen Mabel Morgan  Doreen married Roy McMahon.
10-Irene Florence Morgan Irene married Gary Zdnuik.
10-Lois Kathleen Morgan Lois married Dan Deck. They had three children: William, (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).
11-William Deck
11 <b>-Deck</b>
11 <b>-Deck</b>
Ernest next married Unnamed. They had three children: (No Given Name), (No Given Name), and (No Given Name).
10-Morgan
10-Morgan
10-Morgan
9-Francis Burt Morgan
Francis married Kathleen Taylor. They had three children: Beverley, Frank, and Edward.
10-Beverley Morgan
10-Frank Morgan
10-Edward Morgan
9-William Laurie Morgan
William married <b>Marguerite Elizabeth Waddell</b> <sup>1</sup> on 20 Nov 1937 in Hamilton, Ontario. Marguerite was born on 13 Jun 1916 in Hamilton, Ontario and died on 24 Jan 1975 in Hamilton, Ontario age 58.
William next married <b>Audrey Blanche Brazenor</b> <sup>1</sup> on 6 May 1981 in Uxbridge, Middlesex. Audrey was born in 1919 and died in 1989 at age 70.
9- <b>David Joseph Morgan</b> <sup>1</sup> was born in 1918 and died in 1955 at age 37.
David married Lorraine Leslie. They had four children: Joan, David, Donald, and Denise.
10-Joan Morgan
10-David Morgan
10-Donald Morgan
Donald married <b>Joan</b> .

10- <b>Denise Morgan</b>	1(	)-	D	enise	Mo	organ
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#### 9-Gladys May Morgan

Gladys married Norman Leslie. Norman was born in 1922 and died in 1964 at age 42. They had five children: Norman, Dorothy Ann, Larry, Nancy, and Norine.

- 10-Norman Leslie
- 10-Dorothy Ann Leslie

Dorothy married William Rosart.

- 10-Larry Leslie
- 10-Nancy Leslie<sup>1</sup> was born in 1953 and died in 1954 at age 1.
- 10-Norine Leslie

#### 9-Gertrude Morgan

Gertrude married George Prowse. George was born in 1917 and died in 1993 at age 76. They had three children: George, Linda, and Thomas.

10-George Prowse Jr. was born in 1946 and died in 2000 at age 54.

George married Anne Godrey.

- 10-Linda Prowse
- 10-Thomas Prowse
- 9-Florence June Morgan<sup>1</sup> was born in 1930 and died in 1979 at age 49.

Florence married Charles Cramm. Charles was born in 1928 and died in 1996 at age 68. They had five children: David, Brian, Diane, Donna, and Douglas.

- 10-David Cramm
- 10-Brian Cramm
- 10-Diane Cramm
- 10-Donna Cramm
- 10-Douglas Cramm

Sarah next married **Frederick Bartlett**<sup>1</sup> on 16 Aug 1896 in St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands. Frederick was born about 1863 in St. Germans, Cornwall and died about 1942 in Hamilton, Ontario about age 79. They had five children: **Elsie May, Jessie, Elizabeth Sarah, (No Given Name)**, and **(No Given Name)**.

8-Elsie May Bartlett<sup>1</sup> was born in 1900 in Redruth, Cornwall and died in 1945 in Hamilton, Ontario at age 45.

Elsie married **Tomkins**. They had two children: **Elsie** and **Albert**.

9-Elsie Tomkins

Elsie married Godson.

9-Albert Tomkins

- **8-Jessie Bartlett**
- 8-Elizabeth Sarah Bartlett
- 8-Bartlett
- 8-Bartlett
- 6-Anna Maria Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born on 15 Mar 1811 in Southwark, London and died in 1816 at age 5.
- 5-John Reynolds<sup>1,4</sup> was born in 1773 and died in 1819 at age 46.
- 4-William Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1740 and died in 1742 at age 2.

Thomas next married **Susannah Findlay**<sup>1,3</sup> on 24 Dec 1742 in FMH Corsham. Susannah was born in 1710 in Winterbourne Mounkton, Wiltshire and died in 1747 at age 37. They had two children: **Thomas** and **Robert Abby**.

4-**Thomas Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1743 and died in 1743.

General Notes: According to Sheila Corke, he had other parents.

- 4-**Robert Abby Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1747 and died in 1747.
- 3-Rachel Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1714 and died in 1715 at age 1.

Thomas next married **Mary Clutton**<sup>1</sup> in 1747. Mary was born in 1696 and died in 1756 at age 60.

2-George Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1684 and died in 1753 at age 69.

George married **Ruth Bulton**<sup>1</sup> in 1708. Ruth was born in 1679 and died in 1720 at age 41. They had five children: **George, Thomas, Mary, Henry**, and **Thomas**.

3-George Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1709.

George married **Mary Godfrey**<sup>1</sup> in 1724. Mary was born in 1681 and died in 1752 at age 71.

- 3-**Thomas Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1711 and died in 1711.
- 3-Mary Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1714.
- 3-Henry Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1717 and died in 1717.
- 3-**Thomas Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1712.

Thomas married **Unnamed**. They had three children: **Ruth, Elizabeth**, and **Thomas**.

- 4-**Ruth Reynolds**<sup>1</sup> was born in 1738 and died in 1740 at age 2.
- 4-Elizabeth Reynolds<sup>1</sup> was born in 1740 and died in 1740.
- **4-Thomas Reynolds**

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